

M0007544: Display of early dental prosthesis models

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EARLY DENTAL PROSTHESIS: Egyptian, Greek, Etruscan and Roman (contin.)

1. Ancient Egyptian artificial teeth, ca. 1200 B.C., set of five artificial teeth, consisting of two canines and three incisors, joined with gold wire. Excavated by Gaster at a grave with other Egyptian remains in the necropolis of Thebes, Egypt, in 1902.
2. Ancient Greek artificial teeth, found together with gold wire.
3. Ancient Greek artificial appliance, with gold-plate for adjusting to existing teeth.
4. Ancient Etruscan artificial teeth.
5. Ancient Etruscan appliance for supporting two human teeth.
6. Ancient Etruscan artificial appliance for supporting one missing tooth.
7. Ancient Etruscan artificial appliance, thought to be about contemporary.
8. Ancient Etruscan artificial appliance.
9. Ancient Etruscan appliance, excavated near Tarquinia.
10. Ancient Roman denture, excavated at Ostia, showing a crown made of gold for a lower incisor.



ANCIENT ETRUSCAN ARTIFICIAL
DENTURES IN GOLD.
Found at a tomb.
From the Museo Civico, Etruscan Museum.

