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May 9th, 1932.

Nr. 9.

### WEEKLY LIST

OF

## EARLY MEDICAL BOOKS

AT

## GREATLY REDUCED PRICES

offered for sale by

## R. LIER & C.

Via dei Bardi, 32

Telegraphic and Cable Address: Lierco=Firenze.

- 434. ABBATIUS, B. A. De admirabili viperae natura. 8 leaves, 133 pp., 5 leaves. With engraved title, two full page engravings showing the anatomy of vipers and another engraving (medaillon).

  4to. Modern half vellum. Nuremberg, 1603.

  Swiss Frs. 36.—
  This Italian work on snake-poisons run through many editions.— Nice copy.
- 435. (ANATOMY). Anonymi introductio anatomica Graeca et Latina. Item Hypatus de partibus corporis, cum notis D. W. Trilleri et J. St. Bernard. 1 leaf, 16 leaves, 158 pp., 15 leaves. With fine, large engraving on the title showing a dissection, engraved by v. d. Meer and three anatomical full-page engravings. Greek-Latin text. Large 8vo. Original wrappers. Leyden, 1744.

Rare. The only edition to contain the anatomical figures. "In J. St. Bernard's edition of the introductio anatomica, by an unnamed author of the fourth or fifth century (Leyden, 1744), we find two reproductions of a naked body seen from the front and back, and of a human head. The reproductions are taken from a Leyden MS of indefinite date" (Ch.-Frk.). — This anatomical work by an anonymus, represents a compendium on human anatomy, divided into 60 chapters.

- 436. ARETAEUS CAPPADOX. Libri septem, a J. P. Crasso in latinum versi. 8 leaves, 286 pp., 25 leaves. 8vo. Old half vellum. Strassburg, 1768.

  Choulant, Handbuch, p. 86. "Aretaeus is the most important source for the Pneumatic school. He is easily the most attractive medical author of his time" (Garrison).
- 437. ARISTOTELES. De animalibus. De natura animalium. De partibus animalium. De generatione animalium. Roman letter. 62 lines. 95 leaves. With many nice woodcut initials. Printer's device on black ground at the end. Folio. Half calf. Venice, Bartholomaeus de Zanis for Octavianus Scotus, 1498.

Hain-Copinger 1703. Pellechet 1208. Proctor 5341. Brit. Mus. Cat. V, p. 433. Gesamtkatalog 2353. Vouilliéme, Berlin 4259.

Berlin 4259.

"In his three great biological works, the 'History of animals', the 'Parts of animals', and the 'Generation of animals', Aristoteles discusses many biological problems current to this very day. He laid the basis of the doctrine of organic evolution in his teaching concerning the 'scala naturae', he developed coherent theories of generation and heredity, and he founded comparative anatomy. Aristoteles' most extraordinary anatomical feat is his account of the placental development of the dogfish 'Mustelus laevis'. This would in itself be sufficient to establish the claim of Aristoteles in the front rank of observing naturalists" (Singer, Anatomy).

438. ASSALINI, P. Essai médicale sur les vaisseaux lymphatiques. — Desgenettes. Analyse du système absorbant ou lymphatique. Two different works. 2 leaves, 156 pp., 4 leaves, 50 pp. Small 8vo. Half calf. Turino, 1787. — Paris, 1792. Frs. 25. —

Two interesting works on lymphatics by these well known authors. Desgenettes wrote different works on the lymphatic system.

Prices in Swiss Francs including all incidental export expenses.



Our clients are requested to remit their payments by cheque either in Swiss Francs or in the currency of their respective countries, calculated at the rate of exchange on Zürich prevalent at the time. - 2 -

439. (AUENBRUGGER). — CORVISART, J. N. Essai sur les maladies et les lésions organiques du coeur et des gros vaisseaux. 36 pp., 489 pp. 8vo. Original wrappers. Paris, 1818. Frs. 100. —

"The most important French treatise on cardioc diseases after Senac's" (Garrison). This edition is of particular interest as containing for the first time some simplifications and improvements of Auenbrugger's method.

440. BATH, G. Pharmacopoeia Bateana. Acc. Arcana Goddardiana, item orthotonia medicorum observata et tabula posologica. 4 leaves, 280 pp., 3 leaves. 8vo. Original calf. London, 1700.
Frs. 22. —

Bates was physician in ordinary to Charles I, Charles II, and Cromwell. This publication formed the basis for later pharmacopeia.

- 441. BATSCH, A. Botanique. 16 and 198 pp. With four large folding plates showing 101 neatly coloured figures of plants. 8vo. Old half calf. Paris, 1797.

  Pritzel 484. Nice copy.
- 442. BELLINI, L. Discorsi di anatomia. Two vols., containing three parts. 42 pp., 296 pp.; 20 pp., 386 and 155 pp. 8vo. Old half vellum. Florence, 1741-44. Frs. 32. —

  First edition published after the manuscript in the Library Pandolfini, containing Bellini's anatomical treatises pronounced about 1696 before the Accademia de la Crusca.
- 443. CARDANUS, H. Somniorum synesiorum. De libris propriis. Geometriae encomium. De uno. Actio in Thessalicum medicum. De secretis. De gemmis et coloribus. Etc. 22 leaves, 278 pp.; 18 leaves, 414 pp., 1 leaf. With a few small cuts. 4to. Vellum. Basilea, 1585.

Contains e. g. the celebrated "Encomium geometriae", the "De secretis" (dealing with alchemy, physics, etc.), De gemmis etc. The "De libris propriis" contains an interesting mention of Vesalius. — Browned as usual, but a good copy.

- 444. CASTAIGNE, G. de. L'or potable qui guarit de tous maux. 146 pp. Small 8vo. Boards. Paris, 1660.

  This edition is not quoted by Caillet. Dedicated to Maria de Medici. Rare edition of that interesting French alchemistical work which relates mainly to medicine. Treats also of the "Pierre philosophale"...—A couple of tiny wormholes.
- 445. CIUCCIO, A. F. Filo d'Arianna o vero fedelissima scorta alli esercenti di chirurgia. E la dichiarazione del sito delle parti e alcune figure anatomiche. Agg. un trattato della circulazione del sangue. 214 pp., 32 leaves. With 10 full-page anatomical woodcuts. 12mo. Old vellum. Macerata, 1681.

Frs 48 -

First edition. Rere.

The first part of this even in Italy uncommon work treats of surgery. Of more importance and interest is the second part which contains a treatise on Harvey's discovery of the circulation of the blood. Follows a series of ten slightly crude anatomical fullpage woodcuts (front and back-views of the man, skeletons, brain, heart, abdomen, etc.). Frontispiece missing.—See reproduction hereby.

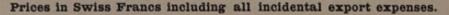
446. CONRING, H. De hermetica medicina: De medicina, pariterque de sapientia veterum Aegyptiorum; altero non tantum Paracelsi, sed etiam chemicorum doctrina examinatur. 11 leaves, 448 pp., index. 4to. Half vellum. Helmstedt, 1669.

Caillet 2555. "As was to be expected from an Aristotelian and a Galenist, he was opposed to Paracelsists, and refused to acknowledge the existence of an Egyptian Herman or of Egyptian medicine and chemistry. He was in

refused to acknowledge the existence of an Egyptian Hermes or of Egyptian medicine and chemistry. He was in turn critized by Borrichius, who believed in the antiquity of chemistry on the ground of the Greek manuscripts" (Ferguson).

447. DEIDIER, A. Dissertatio medica de morbis venereis. Acc. de tumoribus. 3 leaves, 129 pp. 8vo. Modern boards. London, 1724. Frs. 18. —

Proksch I, p. 29. This work ran through seven editions in twenty years.





### BERENGARIUS, ANATOMIA, (1530), THE COPY OF ONE OF VESALIUS' PUPILS AT PADOVA. SHOWING IMPORTANT HANDWRITTEN REFERENCES TO VESALIUS' LECTURES.

BERENGARIO, Jacobo, da Carpi. Isagogae breves et exactissimae in anatomiam humani corporis, per illustrem medicum Carpum, in inclyto Bononiensi gymnasio, ordinarium Chyrurgiae professorem. 1 blank leaf, 136 leaves. With 24 partly full page woodcuts of anatomical interest. 8vo. There are bound at the end of the book about hundred blank leaves, most apparently for annotations by the book's owner. Original vellum. (Strassburg, H. Sybold, 1530). Swiss Frs. 1.550 .-

Choulant-Frank, p. 140 (Without having seen a copy citing this very edition only from

Our copy of this extremely rare and most interesting work offers a special point of attraction of quite unique interest as being a copy which belonged to one of Vesalius' pupils showing numerous important annotations by the hand of this student. The fact that the former owner of this copy was one of Vesalius' pupils, is clearly shown from the following

handwritten annotation which is to be found on folio N 3 where there is the chapter on the "sutura sagittalis" (De anatomia ventris supremi), reading as follows: "Mense jannuario MDXLIJ uidj patauij, cranium cui deerat oino sutura sagittalis, qd rarissimu e visu, Vesalio id ostendente: - ". This important annotation of one of Vesalius' pupils proves to us that Vesalius in the month of January 1542 lectured on the anatomy of the skull before the School of Medicine at Padova. Therefore we are glad to offer here a copy of a book of such importance as Berengarius' Anatomy which was formerly in the possession of a medical student who was a pupil of the first modern anatomist and better still one which contains handwritten references. and fully dated observations by an eye-witness who actually saw Vesalius dissecting a skull. According to Singer, Evolution of Anatomy, Vesalius' studies on the anatomy of the skull and the brain were of an "absolutely pioneer character". The numerous medical annotations are written in nice, clear handwriting.

Berengario's Isagoge is one of the rarest and undoubtedly the most important of the very few pre-vesalian anatomical works. It is an anatomic compendium intended to take the place of Mundinus' Compendium (published in 1521). The only two

Mense Januario MD x Lij uidj.
paranij, cranvum
anj dverat oino, gat rarissimu e uisu, Vafaho id

editions preceding the above 1530-edition, were published at
Bologne in 1522, 1523. Both editions are of outstanding rarity.

The first six plates represent the abdominal muscles. They are full page plates. Plate 7 represents the figure of a sitting woman. Her abdominal cavity is cut open and shows the spermatic vessels, the ovaries, etc. Plate 8 shows the schematic uteri. Plates 9, 10, 11 five, partly full page figures of the heart. Plates 12 and 13 show the 'Dura mater' and the 'centrum medulae cerebri'. Plates 14 and 15 represent the spinal column. Figure 16 and 17 show the anatomy of the arm; figure 18 that of the leg and the foot. Figures 19, 20 and 21 show a man with a rop in the hand, the side view of a man and the back of a man. Figures 22 and 23 represent the front and back view of a skeleton. Figure 24 shows the bones of the hand and the foot.

A most careful comparison of the 1530-edition with a copy of the 1523 Bologna-edition, now in our possession, proves undoubtedly that Sybold's edition has been printed from the augmented 1523-edition and not from that of 1522 as says Choulant-Frank.

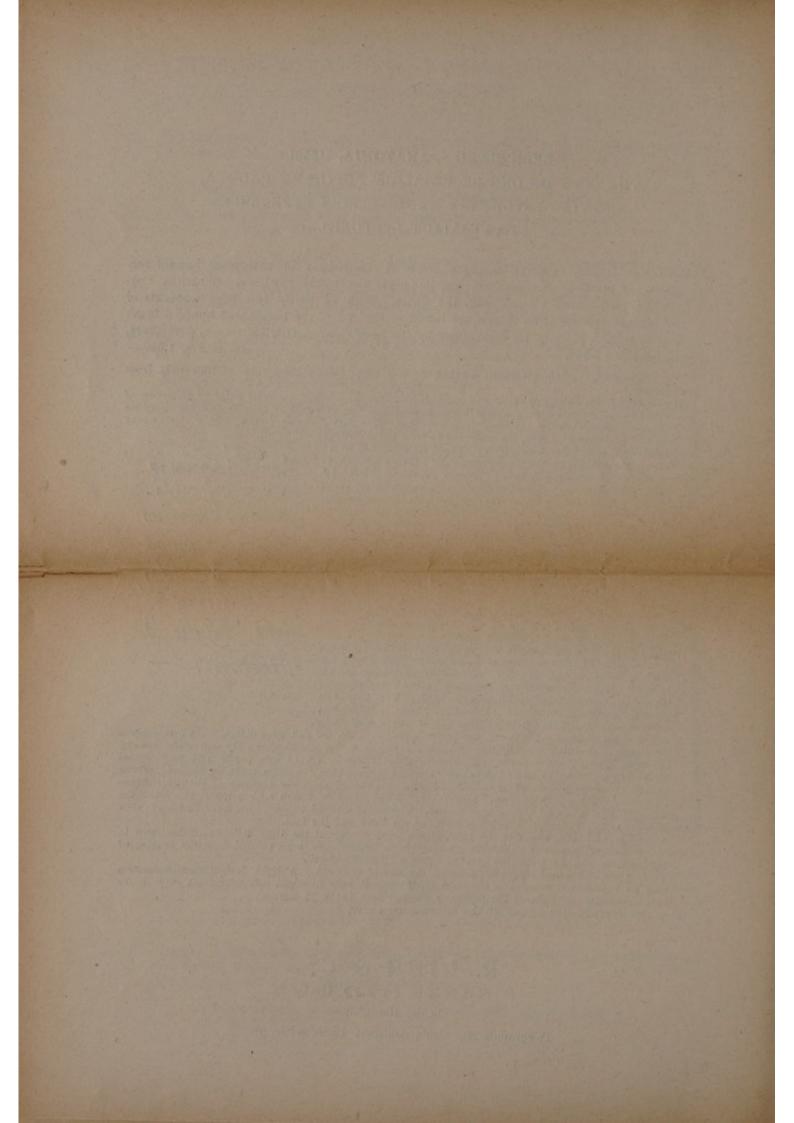
There are a few quires browned towards the end of the book. A light, insignificant waterstain only on the bottom margins of the first six leaves. A very fine and unusually fresh copy in the best untouched condition of the following unusual size: 151 × 98 mm.—

- See reproduction of one of the annotations above.

### R. LIER & C. FIRENZE (125) Italy

Via dei Bardi, 32

Telegraphic and Cable Address: Lierco-Firenze.



- 448. DESCARTES, R. Tractatus de homine et formatione foetus. Cum notis Ludovici de La Forge. Auctoris vita. Annotationes. Opera philosophica: Meditationes de prima philosophia, principia philosophiae; dissertationes de methodo dioptrice, meteora et tractatus de passionibus animae. Five parts. 52 leaves, 384 pp.; 16 leaves, 168 pp.; 8 leaves, 200 pp.; 12 leaves, 74 pp., 3 leaves; 18 leaves, 188 pp. With frontispiece, 6 folding plates and numerous woodcuts, engravings and diagrams in the text. Stout 4to. Old vellum. Frankfurt, 1692.
  - "The 'De homine' is usually regarded as the first European text-book on physiology" (Garrison). Collection of Descartes' principal works. In the 'Dioptrica' the eye is compared to a camera obscura, and its accommodation is shown to be due to changes in the form of the lens. In his 'De methodo', Descartes was one of the first converts to announce his adhesion to Harvey's new doctrine.
- 449. DIGBY, Sir Kenelm. Discours touchant la guerison des playes par la poudre de sympathie.

  160 pp. 12mo. Calf. Paris, 1666.

  Caillet 3124. Good French edition of this celebrated discourse which caused quite a sensation at the time of its publication. This sympathetic powder consisted of nothing more than green vitriol, dissolved in water and recrystallized or calcined in the sun. Digby claimed to have got the secret remedy from a Carmelite monk in Florence, and attributed its power to the fact that the sun's rays extracted spirits from the blood.
- 450. DIOSCORIDES. De medica materia libri sex. Jo. Ruellio interprete. 16 leaves, 617 pp., 24 leaves. 16mo. Old limp vellum. Lyons, Frellonius, 1543.

  Pritzel 2306. Nice handsome edition with Ruellius's excellent commentaries.
- 451. DODONAEUS, R. Purgantium aliarumque eo facientium et radicum, convolvulorum ac deleteriarum herbarum historiae. 505 pp., 3 leaves. With 221 fine full page cuts of plants. 8vo. Modern vellum. Antwerp, Plantin, 1574.

  Pritzel 2348. First edition. This treatise on purgative plants is of great medical interest giving a full account of these medical plants, illustrated by a great number of really remarkable figures, designed by an artist's hand. According to Funck the cuts are engraved by van Kampen. Somewhat browned, but very good copy.
- 452. DONZELLI, G. Teatro farmaceutico, dogmatico e spagirico. 26 leaves, 599 pp. With a few woodcuts of plants. Stout folio. Boards. Venice, 1728.

  Donzelli's exhaustive pharmaceutical work ran through numerous editions. The present edition is augmented by some additions by N. Ferrara and new pharmaceutical prescriptions from the 'Collegio de' Farmacopei di Napoli'.
- 453. FABRE, P. Traité des maladies vénériennes. 16 and 562 pp. Large 8vo. Original calf.
  Paris, 1782.
  Frs. 10. —
  Proksch I, 34. Good work on venereal diseases. Deals also mainly with small pox.
- 454. FALLOPPI, G. Observationes anatomicae. 136 leaves, including the last two blank leaves. 8vo. Old limp vellum. Paris, B. Turrisanus, 1562.

  A very important anatomical textbook from one of Vesalius' pupils. "Gabriel Fallopius' (1532-62) Anatomical Observations' contain descriptions of the tubes named after him, and of the ovaries and of the round ligaments. Fallopius gave the scientific names that they now bear to the vagina and placenta. His descriptions of the trigeminal auditory, and glosso-pharyngeal nerves were the best up to their time" (Singer, Evolution of Anatomy). Vesalius' name appears on nearly each page of the book. On the first leaf, Fallopi, says as follows: "Ad quod quidem (anatomes) genus instituti non levi impellebat ratione, dum absolutissimum Andreae Vesalii opus anatomicum legerem; in quo mihi videbatur nihil posse desiderari". Upper margins of some leaves waterstained. Good copy of this rare Paris-edition of this work.
- 455. FIORAVANTI, L. La cirurgia con Secreti nuovi. 24 and 182 leaves. 8vo. Vellum. Venice, 1595.
  Frs. 24. —
  One of the most popular Italian works on surgery and anatomy. The last part of this work deals with pharmaceutics and also alchemy. Some waterstains.
- 456. FOESIUS, A. Occonomia Hippocratis, in qua dictionum apud Hippocratem omnium, usus explicatur. 4 leaves, 694 pp., 1 leaf. With fine portrait of Foesius by P. Woeiriot. Folio. Original calf. Frankfurt, 1588.

  Choulant, Handbuch, p. 37: "A work of lasting value, indispensable for the comprehension of Hippocrates' writings, and for etymological studies dealing with them". First edition of this excellent exegesis of Hippocrates. "Foesius was the most learned, industrious and able of the Hippocratic commentators before the time of Littré" (Garrison). Browned as usual.
- 457. FRACASTORO, H. Opera omnia. 20, 213 leaves, 1 leaf. With the author's portrait and numerous diagrams. 4to. Half vellum. Venice, Giunta, 1574.

  Besides the "Syphilis" and the "De contagione", are also contained in the "Opera omnia": Homo centricorum, de anima, de vini temperatura sentenția, de sympathia et antipathia, etc. At the beginning a "Vita Fracastorii". "Fracastoro's medical fame rests on that most celebrated of medical poems, Syphilis, sive morbus Gallicus, which sums up the contemporary dietetic and therapeutic knowledge of the time, recognized a venereal cause, and gave the disease its present name" (Garrison). Margins of some leaves waterstained.

# On these already reduced prices we allow a special discount of 15 % on cash payment only.

- 4 -

- 458. (FUCHS, L.). Hippocratis aphorismorum sectiones septem. Per L. Fuchs. Greek and Latin text. 8 leaves, 559 pp., 22 leaves. 8vo. Original limp vellum. Paris, 1545. Frs. 25.—

  One of the best editions of the Aphorismi with Fuchs' commentaries.

  Fuchs' name struck out with ink as usual. Bottom margin of the title mounted, otherwise nice copy.
- 459. GALENUS.—SYLVIUS, J. and Gregorius, M. De usu partium corporis humani libri XVII. Acc. J. Sylvii Isagoge. 12 leaves, 470 pp., 1 leaf. Stout folio. Modern half vellum. Paris, Chr. Wechel, 1 5 3 8.

THE VERY FIRST ANATOMICAL WORK.

"In that remarkable work (Uses of the parts of the body of man), vastly influential in the ages which followed, Galen seeks to prove that the organs are so well constructed, and in such perfect relation to the functions to which they minister, that it is impossible to imagine anything better...." (Singer, Anatomy). — This early edition of Galen's anatomical work is edited by Sylvius (1478-1555). — Finely printed by Wechel's early Paris-press. — A few insignificant brownstains, but a tall copy of that early edition. Some interesting marginal annotations by a very early hand. Scarce.

- 460. (GALVANI). IZARN, J. Manuel du galvanisme ou description et usage des divers appareils galvaniques employés pour les recherches physiques et chimiques, et les applications médicales. 2 leaves, 22 pp., 304 pp. With 6 folding copper-plates. Large 8vo. Wrappers. Paris, 1804.
  Frs. 52.
  - A painstaking account of all that was then known of galvanic electricity, including an interesting sketch of the researches of Sulzer, Cotugno and Galvani.
- 461. GEIGER, M. Kelegraphia sive descriptio herniarum. 20 leaves, 288 pp., 8 leaves. With nice engraved title, the author's full page portrait, three copper plates (hernial bandages) and a few engravings in the text (instruments). 8vo. Original vellum. Munich, Nicolaus Henricus, 1631.
  Frs. 45. —
  Uncommon work on hernia, with interesting illustrations. A few slight waterstains.
- 462. GLISSON, Fr. Anatomia hepatis. Acc. nonnulla de lymphae ductibus. 24 leaves, 423 pp., 9 leaves. With engraved frontisp., two folding plates and a few small cuts in the text. 16mo. Original vellum. Amsterdam, 1665.

  "Glisson, in his Anatomia hepatis gave the first accurate description of the capsule of the liver investing the portal vein (Glisson's capsule) and its blood-supply" (Garrison).
- 463. GORIS, G. Mercurius triumphator, continens, argenti vivi historiam in morbo-chronicorum, praesertim in luis venereae curatione. Acc. de curationibus sympatheticis. 12 leaves, 252 pp., 10 leaves. 8vo. Old vellum. Leyden, 1717.

  Frs. 18.—

  Proksch III, 603. Treats of healing of syphilis with quicksilver. At the end an interesting treatise on magnetic healing.— Last leaves browned.
- 464. GREMBS, Fr. Arbor integra et ruinosa hominis. Ac simul de usu humani corporis, et de rimediis Paracelsicis, etc. 6 leaves, 1 leaf, 4 leaves, 512 pp., 16 leaves. With allegorical frontispiece. 4to. Original vellum. Muenchen, 1657.

  Grembs was adherent of Helmont's theories. We mention: De usu partium, de cerebri et nervorum defectibus, de lue veneris, de defectibus intestinorum, hepatis, etc. Three leaves stained, but good copy. First edition.
- 465. HALLER, A. BOERHAAVE, H. Praelectiones academicae in proprias institutiones rei medicae. 8 vols. 4to. Wrappers. Venice, 1751. Frs. 20. —
- 466. (HARVEY). LINDEN, J. A. Medicina physiologica. 4 leaves, 884 pp. 4to. Modern half calf. Amsterdam, 1653. Frs. 30. —

  First edition. Of great anatomical interest. Based principally on Vesalius' and Harvey's works. Several leaves very stained. A very early contribution to the history of Harvey's discovery.
- 467. (HARVEY). PLEMPIUS, V. F. Fundamenta medicinae. Iudicia de philosophia cartesiana. 2 leaves, 427 pp. With two large anatomical woodcuts. Folio. Half vellum. Louvain, 1654.

Plempius was one of the earliest adherents of Harvey's discoveries and the present work is of special interest for the study of the history of circulation of the blood. On pp. 124-142 we will find the following chapters relative to Harvey: De corde. De sanguinis circulatione. De pulmone. Etc. Besides the work is of great anatomical interest. We only mention: Anatomica dissectio cerebri, spinslis medullae, oculi, auris, nasi, cordis, pulmonis, etc.

468. HIPPOCRATES. Aphorismi, N. Leoniceno interprete. Praesagia. De ratione victus in morbis acutis. 175 leaves. 24mo. Vellum. Venice, H. Paulucius, 1530. Frs. 35. — Published and translated by Nicolaus Leonicenus, Guil. Copus, A. Brentius, etc. Several translations appear to be printed here for the first time. — Contemporary marginal annotations. Nice copy.

Prices in Swiss Francs including all incidental export expenses.

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- 469. HIPPOCRATES. Aphorismi. G. Plantio interprete. 238 leaves, 2 leaves. Venice, 1582. Hippocrates. Aphorismi. N. Leoniceno interprete. 237 leaves, 17 leaves. Venice, 1583. Two works. Half calf. 16mo.
  Frs. 20. —
  Some waterstains.
- 470. HORNE, J. Microtechne seu methodica ad chirurgiam introductio. 6 leaves, 204 pp. With engraved frontispiece showing an amputation. Small 16mo. Modern half vellum. Leyde, 1675.

  Frs. 18.—

Contains interesting observations on the Caesarean section, criticism on famous contemporary surgeons, etc.

471. HUGO SENENSIS (Benzi). Expositio super libros Tegni Galieni. Black letter. Two cols. 66 lines. 94 leaves, last blank. Nice woodcut initials. Printer's device on black ground at the end. Folio. Half vellum. Venice, Bonetus Locatellus for Octavianus Scotus, 1498.

Frs. 475.—

Hain-Copinger 9015. Proctor 5090. Brit. Mus. V, p. 450. Vouill. Berl. 4206. Only one copy in U. S. A. according to Copans.

ding to Census.

Hugo Senensis (died c. 1439) was perhaps the best interpreter of the ancient medical writers amongst his contemporaries. He taught as professor at Pavia, Piacenza, Florence, Bologna, Parma and Perugia, enjoying a great reputation as philosopher and physician. He also taught anatomy. His consilia are of interest on account of their clinical reports.

Margins of some leaves slightly foxed, but fine copy.

- 472. JOUBERT, L. Medicinae practicae priores libri tres. Acc. Isagoge therapeutices metodi: de pilorum et cutis affectibus et de cephalalgia; de thoracis partium affectibus internis. Two parts. 250 pp., 8 leaves, 336 pp., 4 leaves. 8vo. Lyons, 1577. Frs. 30.—

  The two works are rarely to be found together. Remarkable the book "De affectibus pilorum et cutis et de Cophalalgia"; we mention: "De pilorum curtatione, de pilorum tinctura adversus canitiem, de pediculari morbo, de pustulis" etc.— First leaves slightly waterstained.
- 473. LAMY, M. Explication méchanique et physique des fonctions de l'âme sensitive, où l'on traite des organes des sens. Avec un discours sur la generation du laict, etc. 20 leaves, 460 pp., 6 leaves. With 2 engraved plates. 12mo. Calf. Paris, 1687. Frs. 12.—

  Remarkable on account of the interesting treatise on the senses.
- 474. LANZONI, J. Tractatus de balsamatione cadaverum. 92 pp., 12 leaves. 12mo. Old calf. Geneva, 1696.

  Frs. 22. —

  Interesting treatise on embalming. We mention: De balsamationis utilitate et duratione, de mortuorum unctione, de mumia, de recentibus balsamandi cadavera modis, etc. Lanzoni (1663-1730), was a well-known Italian physician.
- 475. (DE LIGNAC). De l'homme et de la femme, considérés physiquement dans l'état du mariage.

  1 leaf, 10 pp., 384 pp., 1 leaf, 485 pp., 2 leaves. With 12 copper-plates (genital organs, etc.).

  8vo. Old calf. Paris, 1772.

  We mention: "Des remèdes qui excitent à l'amour. De l'impuissance. De la stérilité. De la puberté. Des parties de l'homme et de la femme qui servent à la génération. Etc.".
- 476. LINACRE, Th. Galenus. Introductio in pulsus ad Teuthram. De pulsum usu, Thoma Linacro interprete. 32 pp. Folio. Modern half vellum. Paris, Chr. Wechel, 1537. Frs. 50. Early edition with Linacre's famous translation and commentary. Finely printed by Wechel's early Paris-press. A few waterstains on inner margins. Tall copy. Interesting marginal annotations by a very early hand.
- 477. LORRY, A. Ch. Tractatus de morbis cutaneis. 2 leaves, 16 pp., 704 pp., 2 leaves. Large 4to. Original calf. Paris, 1777.

  Proksch III, p. 135. First edition of the author's principal work, one of the best works on cutaneous diseases in the 18th century.
- 478. MARINELLO, G. Gli ornamenti delle donne (Ornaments of Women). 8 and 319 leaves. 8vo. Half calf. Venice, 1562.

  Frs. 75. —

  Brunet III, 1431: "Ouvrage qui traite de la toilette des dames et de la conservation de leur beauté". First edition of one of the earliest works on cosmetics. One of the most copious 16th century works on this subject. It contains full-accounts of cosmetics for the skin, hairdressing, manicure, pedicure, detailed receipts for dentistry, perfumery, to paint the face, hair-dye etc. etc. Few slight stains on the lower margins of first and last leaves, but fine conv.
- 479. MARCHETTIS, P. Observationum medico-chirurgicarum rariorum sylloge. 8 leaves, 142 pp. With engraved title showing a dissection. 8vo. Boards. Padova, 1675. Frs. 24.—

  "Marchetti's (1589-1673) 'Observationum sylloge' resembles the Consilia and the collections of Benivieni, Amatus Lusitanus, and Peter Forest, containing many strange case-histories and valuable surgical observations" (Garrison). The last part: "De ulceribus et fistulis urethrae" deals with syphilis.

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- 480. (MANUSCRIPT). ROSSI, G. B. Medicina empyrica restituenda seu empyrica adversus dogmaticismum vindicata. Three volumes in Folio. Manuscript written on paper, by a well legible hand, in Latin. 15 leaves, 103 pp., 47 leaves; 5, 142 and 210 leaves; 3, 78 and 120 leaves. Original boards. Italy, End of 18th century.

  A very exhaustive medical manuscript written by a very erudite Italian physician. The first book deals with fevers, sterility, syphilis, sweating sickness, etc. The second book contains detailed and interesting chapters on anatomy, etc.
- 481. MACER FLORIDUS. De materia medica. Per J. Cornarium. (I. and II. De herbis ac plantis vulgaribus. III: De plantis peregrinis. IV: De quibusdam plantis ac animalium partibus. V: De lapidibus ac gemmis. 12 and 132 leaves. 8vo. Modern half vellum. Frankfurt, 1540.

  Frs. 80.—

Choulant, Handbuch, p. 242. Pritzel 5711. Good edition of this classical work on medical botany. The first three books contain the De viribus herbarum; the fourth book contains 20 additional chapters, printed here for the first time. The fifth book is Marbod's celebrated tract "De lapidibus pretiosis". — Partly waterstained.

- 482. MACCHELLI, N. Tractatus de morbo Gallico. 56 leaves. Small 8vo. Modern half vellum.

  Venice, 1555.

  Frs. 45. —

  Proksch I, p. 16. First edition of a rare book on syphilis.
- 483. MELICHIO, G. Avertimenti nelle compositioni dei medicamenti. Agg. un trattato della theriaca. 16 and 202 leaves, 24 pp. With frontispiece. Quarto. Old limp vellum. Venice, 1605.

  Frs. 28.—

  This Italian work on pharmaceutics and alchemy contains several hundred receipts. At the end a treatise on theriacs. Describes also many exotic drugs.
- 484. MERCURIALIS, H. De venenis et morbis venenosis. Ex voce H. Mercurialis opera A. Scheligii. 8 and 44 leaves. Quarto. Modern half vellum. Venice, 1584. Frs. 30. —
  First edition of this treatise on toxicology.
- 485. Mesue, Junior. De re medica libri tres. Jac. Sylvio interprete. 8 and 200 leaves. Small 4to.

  Wrappers. Paris, 1561.

  Choulant, Handbuch, p. 356. This edition is valuable on account of the commentary of Jacobus Sylvius. Nice copy.
- 486. NUCK, A. Sialographia et ductuum acquosorum anatome, acc. defensio ductuum acquosorum.

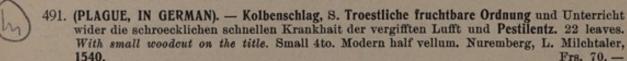
  12 leaves, 158 pp., 8 leaves. With nice engraved title and 6 folding plates showing glands,
  etc. 8vo. Half vellum. Leyden, 1722.

  Devoted to the author's investigations on glands and ducts and gives the description of some of his discoveries
  (on salivary ducts and glands; on orbitary glands of the dog, etc.).
- 487. ORIBASIUS. Euporista. 256 pp., 24 leaves. Small 8vo. Modern vellum. Venice, 1558.

  Frs. 40. —

  Choulant, Handbuch, p. 124. Rare. Apparently first Latin edition. "Oribasius' Euporista, or popular treatise on medicine, had the rare merit of avoiding any current superstitions and inculcating sound therapeutic doctrine" (Garrison).
- 488. PAYVA, R. Epicrisis de affectu atrabilario, Mirachiali: sive de morbis cerebri, et mentis, qui extra cerebrum originem ducunt. 4 leaves, 40 pp. 4to. Boards. Rome, 1751. Frs. 20. —
- 489. PECHLIN, J. N. De habitu et colore Aethiopum qui vulgo Nigritae, liber. 208 pp. With large folding plate with four figures. 8vo. Unbound. Kiel, 1677. Frs. 10. —

  Interesting treatise on the physiological conditions of the Ethiopians. Pechlin was author of an important anatomical work.
- 490. PETRUS DE ABANO. Expositio in librum problematum Aristotelis. Alexandri Aphrodisaei problemata. Plutarchi problemata. Black letter. 296 leaves. Folio. Modern half vellum. Venice, Bonetus Locatellus, 1501. Frs. 55. Valuable edition of this compendious work which is of exclusively greatest medical interest. "A stricking figure in the literature of the period is Peter of Abano, who shares with Arnold of Villanova the medical honours of the thirteenth century" (Osler). The upper part of the last ten leaves oilstained without offecting the text, repairs on last leaf therefore the very low price. Besides complete copy.



Early German tract on plague. - Somewhat waterstained.

- 492. PLATNER, J. Z. De iis, qui ex tuberculis gibberosi fiunt. 12 pp. With two copper-plates. Quarto. Not bound. Leipzig, 1744.
- 493. PLENCK, J. J. Doctrina de morbis oculorum. 236 pp., 2 leaves. Vignette on title. 8vo. Original boards. Vienna, 1783.
- 494. POTERIUS, P. Opera Ommia practica et chymica. 620 pp. 4to. Original vellum. Venice, 1741. Divided as follows: Curationum et observationum centuriae; pharmacopea spagyrica (200 pp.); de febribus. "Poterius was one of the first to describe the method of making the Bologna stone" (Ferguson).
- 495. RAULIN, J. Traité des maladies des femmes en couche. 20 pp., 384 pp. With portrait of the author. Small 8vo. Old calf. Paris, 1771. Frs. 12. -Raulin (1708-84) was body-physician to the King of France.
- 496. REDI, Fr. Esperienze intorno a diverse cose naturali e particolarmente a quelle che ci son portate dalle Indic. 3 leaves, 152 pp. With 6 engraved plates. 4to. Vellum. Florence, 1686. Gamba, 816. Very interesting treatise of this celebrated naturalist, dealing especially with exotic plants. The plates represent the peppertree, vanilla, Chinachina, etc.
- 497. DE REYNAL, M. Méthode de guérir la vérole, et les gonorrhées virulentes. 80 pp. 8vo. Wrappers. Paris, 1763. Treats of small-pox and venereal diseases. "Cure de la vérole unique, bubons vénériens, ou poulains, chancres vénériens, poireaux, verruess et condilomes des parties génitales, crêtes, fics, ragades ou fentes de l'anus" etc.
- 498. RIOLAN, J. Manuel anatomique. 24 leaves, 779 pp. 8vo. Old half calf. Lyons, 1662. Good, greatly enlarged edition of one of the best anatomic text-books of the time. "Riolan gave a good description of the mesentery, he described the appendices epiploicae, he improved the knowledge of the spermatic vessels, and discovered the embryonic gill slits" (Singer. Anatomy). Riolan is remembered as the opponent of Harvey's theories. Confer the appendix of the present work: "Discours du mouvement du sang". — A few short margins.
- 499. RUDIUS, E. De ulceribus libri tres. 6 and 90 leaves. 4to. Vellum. Padua, 1602. Frs. 12. -« De ulceris differentiis, de ulcerum causis, de mali-gnorum ulceris », etc. — First leaves slightly waterstained, but good copy.
- 500. RUELLIUS, J. De natura stirpium libri tres. 46 leaves, 666 pp., 1 leaf. Folio. 18th cent. calf (binding worn in places). Basel, Froben,

Pritzel 7885. "Ruellius was an able botanist who had the courage to accept all of Leonicenus' corrections of Pliny, made the first Latin translation of Dioscorides, with a good commentary, and in his De natura stirpium was the first to give a full description of each plant, adding many new species and giving to each the popular French names" (Garrison). — First and last leaves waterstained in places, wormhole through the upper margins of some leaves.

501. RYFF, G. H. New grosz Distillierbuch. Underweisung kostliche aquas vitae, quintam essentiam .... Von Kreuttern, Blumen, Gethier unnd anderen Stucken abzuziehen oder separieren. 4 and 198 leaves, including the last blank leaf. With several hundred nice woodcuts in the text showing plants and flowers, fruits, etc. (also stills); woodcut of stills on the title, all woodcuts entirely free of colour. Folio. Old stamped vellum. Frankfurt, Chr. Egenolph's heirs, 1556.



One of the rarest of the numerous works by Ryff.
Ryff's famous great work on distillation is really
a beautifully illustrated herbal. The first part treats of
distillation, aqua vitae, quinta essentia, etc. illustrated by numerous figures of stills, furnaces, etc. The second and
third part deals with distillation and preparation of medicaments made with plants. This part comprises about
120 leaves and is profusely illustrated by hundreds of fine woodcuts showing plants. The last part treats with the
preparation of oils, balsams, etc. — Our copy of this very rare work shows the woodcuts entirely free of colour.
The first leaves are slightly wormholed, otherwise a very fine and spottess copy. — See reproduction above.

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502. SOEMMERING, S. Th. von. (Anatomy of the eye). Abbildungen des menschlichen Auges. 10 and 110 pp. With 16 excellent copperplates. Folio. Boards. Frankfurt, 1801. Frs. 45 .-Choulant-Frank p. 309. First edition. "This is Soemmering's most perfect work, and has, after Zinn's monograph, become the foundation for all modern researches on the structure of this organ. The first plate contains representations of the living eye in its perfect form reproduced from living models. The other plates are anatomic and partly microscopic " (Ch.-Frk.).

503. SCOTUS, M. De procreatione et hominis phisionomia. 32 leaves, last blank. With nice large woodcut. Quarto. Modern vellum. Venice, Melchior Sessa, 1508. Frs. 275. —

> Essling, Livres à figures vénitiens, III, p. 161: "Adam et Eve après le péché dans le paradies terrestre"

> This work deals with generation, embryology, obstetrics and physiognomy. The work has been divided into three parts. The first part (20 chapters) treats of generation, embryology and obstetrics. We mention the following headings: "Forma matricis in muliere, modo nascentis infantis, de conditione lactis, signa in femina gravida, etc. The second part is of general medical interest. The third and last part contains Scotus' studies on physiognomy and includes about 50 chapters. Sir William Osler says on our work: "The physiognomy is interesting, and has some observations on the temperaments and on the significance of dreams in persons of different complexions, with which Freud and the modern advocates of incubation sleep would sympatize". -- Former owner's name on the title. Fine and fresh copy. - See reproduction hereby.

Liber Phisionomie Magistri 4Dichaelis Scoti. +



Scotus, Venice, 1508, nr. 503.

504. SYLVIUS, J. In Hippocratis elementa commentarius. 10 leaves. With fine woodcut initial. Folio. Modern half vellum. Paris, Gasellus, 1542.

Rare first edition. Sylvius was famous for his learning, especially in the works of Galenus and Hippocrates. - Very fine and tall copy.

505. VERGILIUS, P. De inventoribus rerum. Roman letter. 6 and 68 leaves. With a few nice woodcut initials. 4to. Modern vellum. Venice, J. de Tridino, 1516. Vergilius (1470-1555), an Italian historian, was sent by the Pope Alexander VI to England and was later bishop at Wells. This work relates mainly to medicine and other sciences. We only mention: "Quis primus medicinam invenerit, de herbariae et medicamentariae atque mellae medicinae inventoribus et quod homines ab animalibus remedia quaedam dedicerunt". Etc. — Some brownstains.

506. VESALIUS, A. Anatomia. Addita nunc: Universa antiquorum anatome, ex Rufo Ephesio explicata per F. Paulinum, ut fragmentum Sorani de matrice. 3 leaves, 510 pp., 23 and 10 leaves. With fine historiated frontispiece by F. Valegio, about 20 full page woodcuts and numerous cuts of anatomical figures by J. Criegher. Folio. Original vellum. Venice, 1604.

Choulant-Frank, p. 182-83. - Rare. This edition corresponds with the edition of 1568, but is really a new edition, enlarged by an appendix, which contains an extract from Rufus Ephesius and Soranus, compiled in four tables by Fabius Paulinus. The beautiful woodcuts, copies after those of the 1543 and 1555 edition, are executed by Johann Criegher (Krueger) of Pommern. — The first blank leaf (before the engraved title) bearing only five words, (the verso being entirely blank), missing, otherwise a very fine and complete copy.

507. Victorius, L. Practica medicinalis cum scholiis Joannis Kufneri. De aegritudinibus infantium tractatus. - G. Kufner. De tractatione aegritudinum infantium. 748 pp., 2 leaves, 156 pp., 10 leaves. Printer's device. 24mo. Old calf (back damaged). Lyons, 1547.

Ruhrach, Pediatrics of the Past, pp. 139-141. Early book on **pediatrics.** 

"Leonelli's book consists of 33 chapters mostly on common diseases such as diarrhea, constipation, earache, abscesses of the head, weak stomach, disturbed sleep. His method is simple. He names the disease, gives its cause and then proceeds to its cure. It is really a handbook of pediatric therapeutics and he makes much of fomentations, inunctions, and the external use of oils " (Ruhrach).

Leonelli's work is followed by another treatise on pediatrics by Kufner. Both pediatrical treatises are contained in the second part of the book (156 pp.). — Small piece of one leaf gone with loss of a few words. Short upper margins. Scarce.