

A catalogue of the shells contained in the collection of the late Earl of Tankerville arranged according to the Lamarckian conchological system ; together with an appendix containing descriptions of many new species / by G.B. Sowerby ; illustrated with several coloured plates.

Contributors

Sowerby, George Brettingham, 1788-1854.

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SOWERBY, G.B.

INTRODUCTION
OBSERVATIONS

The first object of this work is to present a series of
observations on the habits of the human mind, and to
show how they are affected by the various circumstances
of life. The second object is to show how the mind
is affected by the various circumstances of life, and to
show how the mind is affected by the various circumstances
of life.

The third object of this work is to show how the mind
is affected by the various circumstances of life, and to
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of life.

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INTRODUCTORY

OBSERVATIONS.

ON the occasion of opening for public inspection the matchless and celebrated Collection of Shells formed with such exquisite judgment and taste by the late Earl of Tankerville, and now confided to me by his Lordship's executors, for sale, some explanation of the particular object in view, and of the manner in which we intend to proceed, may appear to be necessary.

This Collection having been left by his Lordship to his executors for sale, it became a subject of regret to many who in common with ourselves are well-wishers to science, (and who see a greater probability of its being made scientifically useful by its being preserved entire than if sold in detail) that so noble a collection should be ultimately dispersed. Several plans have therefore been devised for preserving at least the important part of the Collection entire, none of which have, however, as yet been fortunate in their issue. I have therefore determined, having first made a Catalogue, to open the Collection for public inspection, in order that a just estimate may be formed of its real merits; in the mean time the duplicates are offered to the Public at

prices fixed in a copy of the Catalogue to be kept in the room; and after two months shall have elapsed from the time of the first opening, the Shells forming the principal Collection will be also offered to the Public, unless an eligible offer should previously be made for them by private contract; and it is hoped that the opportunity thus afforded to any public institution to enrich their museum by the addition of so valuable a collection will not be neglected.

This Catalogue is necessarily incomplete, because the actual state of our knowledge in Conchology would not permit us to make it such as we could have wished it to be to meet the public eye. It will be observed, that this Collection consists of nearly 2500 species, many of which are only known by imperfect descriptions, and many others, if they be described at all, are with difficulty recognizable by the published descriptions, so that in many instances we have been compelled to leave blanks, to be filled up as future acquirements in this branch of science will permit, at the end of each genus. In order to make this little work more interesting than a mere Catalogue would be, we have ventured to add in an Appendix a short description of some of the shells which we have good reason to believe have not been previously published by any author. We have also added a few coloured plates, in general representing some of the Shells we have so described, and in one or two instances these plates are of well known but extremely rare species. Among the latter is the *Conus Gloria-Maris*, of which shell we have never

seen more than two specimens, namely, that which is in Mr. Saulier's Collection in Paris, and that which adorns the present Collection. The faithful representation we have given of it will prove to all who have seen the specimen in Mr. Saulier's Collection, that ours is by far the finer, both in respect of size and colour.

In making the Catalogue we have frequently been puzzled by the discrepancies between Lamarck's descriptions and the figures to which he has referred, and sometimes by his referring to figures of two very different shells for the same species; we have, however, endeavoured to ascertain, by a comparison of his description with the figures cited, which of the shells he meant: in some cases this has enabled us to decide; in others, where we could not decide, we have expressed our doubt. It will be obvious to every conchological student that Lamarck's work is very incomplete, and that many species that have been long well known are not to be found there; to these we have given the specific names which we have ascertained in other authors, joining them to their proper Lamarckian Genera. Some of the obvious modern improvements have also been adopted, particularly several new genera, of which the characters have been published since the appearance of Lamarck's *Hist. Nat. des Anim. sans Vert.* In a few instances, also, we have ventured to change the places of some of the species from genera in which they have been placed by mistake, to others with which they accord perfectly.

In order to prevent as far as possible any misconception of the plan upon which we mean to proceed in the sale of this splendid Collection, we request that it may be particularly observed, that for the first two months from the opening of the Collection for public inspection, *the duplicates alone can be disposed of*, and that they may be paid for and taken away as soon as the purchasers please; the principal Collection, however, that is, the best specimen of every species, together with the varieties, are retained for the whole of the season; and in order to allow time for arranging any offer that may be made for the whole, they cannot be in any manner disposed of until after the 1st of April, or two months after the opening. It is also requested to be clearly understood that no pledge can be given for the disposal of any specimen from the principal Collection until that time, when those who are desirous of securing any specimen or part of the Collection will take care to bring or send their lists, ready marked, together with the amount according to the priced Catalogue. This plan of proceeding, which is the only one we can devise for securing to ourselves the means of disposing of the entire Collection, and for giving to every one a fair opportunity of inspecting it, and making their selection, is obviously open to one inconvenience; viz. that of several persons desiring to secure the same article: in such cases the preference must be given to that person who has first expressed his desire and performed the conditions: but if the right of priority cannot be decided, that

person shall have the preference who shall ultimately offer the higher advanced price.

In conclusion, we have first to acknowledge our obligation to W. Swainson, Esq. for his descriptions of four new species of the Genus *Mitra*; in the knowledge of which, having made it his particular study, every Conchologist will readily acknowledge his pre-eminence: secondly, to state that this Catalogue has been written under such numerous disadvantages, that we have reason to fear some important errors may have crept in, for which we trust every allowance will be made by the candid scientific reader.

156, *Regent Street*,

person shall have the preference who shall ultimately
offer the higher advanced price.

In conclusion, we have first to acknowledge our
obligation to Mr. Sturgeson, Esq. for his donation
of four new species of the genus *Altitia*; in
the knowledge of which, having made it his particu-
lar study, every Conchologist will readily acknow-
ledge his pre-eminence; secondly, to state that this
Catalogue has been written under such numerous
disadvantages, that we have reason to fear some
important errors may have crept in, the which we
trust every allow will be ready to forgive, and
acknowledge rather.

CATALOGUE

OF THE

SHELLS

IN THE COLLECTION

OF THE LATE

EARL OF TANKERVILLE.

SILIQUARIA.

- 1 *Siliquaria anguina*,—(a) A large specimen, perfect at both terminations: (b) a small rose-coloured specimen
- 2 ———— *muricata*

DENTALIUM.

- 3 *Dentalium elephantinum*
- 4 ———— *aprinum*
- 5 ———— *octogonum*
- 6 ———— *Dentalis*
- 7 ———— *Entalis*

SPIRORBIS.

- 8 *Spirorbis nautiloides*

SERPULA.

- 9 *Serpula vermicularis*
- 10 ——— *fascicularis*
- 11 ——— *Intestinum*
- 12 ——— *contortuplicata*
- 13 ——— *glomerata*
- 14 ——— *decussata*
- 15 ——— *Infundibulum*,—(a) with an *Ostrea*, upon
Avicula spinosa, Nob.—(b) upon a large *Serpula*
- 16 ——— *filograna*
- 17 ——— *Vermicella*
- 18 ——— *echinata*, — (a) with its operculum,
grouped upon *Chamæ*, &c.; two small specimens on *Lace Coral*
- 19 ——— *sulcata*
- 20 ——— *dentifera*, (a) var. upon a piece of *Coral*;
and with its opercula
- 21 ——— *lumbricalis*, Dillw. (a) a large group
attached to a *Chama*; (b) detached specimens
- 22 ——— *fuscata*
- 23 ——— *maxima*
- 24 ——— *tricuspidata*

VERMILIA.

- 25 *Vermilia triquetra*, on *Buccinum undatum*,
and on *Pecten obsoletus*; (a) ead. var. *testâ rubrâ*, on *Ostrea Crista-galli*

GALEOLARIA.

- 26 *Galeolaria decumbens*, *Sowerby*; (a) on *Emarginula aspera*; (b) on a *Buccinum*

MAGILUS.

- 27 *Magilus antiquus*

TUBICINELLA.

- 28 *Tubicinella Balænarum*; (*a*) a large specimen of Whale skin, containing many *Tubicinellæ*; (*b*) a separate specimen

CORONULA.

- 29 *Coronula Diadema*, two specimens; (*a*) a small and very perfect specimen upon a piece of Whale's skin
 30 ——— *balænaris*, several specimens; (*a*) a piece of Whale's skin containing two.
 31 ——— *testudinaria*

BALANUS.

- 32 *Balanus sulcatus*; (*a. b.*) adhering to *Modiola albicostata*? (*c*) var. of a lilac colour, with interrupted ribs; (*d*) upon *Pecten varius*
 33 ——— *Tintinnabulum*, (*a*) conical with a broad base; (*b*) conical, ventricose; (*c*) elongated, scarcely ventricose
 34 ——— *calycularis*; (*a. b.*) adhering to *Buccina*
 35 ——— *ovularis*; (*a*) upon the *Strobilus* of a Fir
 36 ——— *perforatus*, (*a*) on a *Patella*; (*b*) on a *Haliotis*
 37 ——— *spinosus*; (*a*) with the opercula detached; (*b*) attached to another *Balanus*; (*c*) adhering to a fragment of a *Balanus*
 38 ——— *radiatus*
 39 ——— *punctatus*
 40 ——— *balanoides*. *Lepas balanoides*, Dillw.
 41 ——— *crispatus*? of a dark violaceous colour
 42
 43
 44
 45

46 Balanus

47

CONIA, LEACH.

48 Conia Lyonsii, Leach

49 ———

50 ——— porosa, Sowerby

51 ——— purpurascens, Leach

ACASTA.

52 Acasta Glans, several individuals from a compact sponge, Ceylon

*ANATIFERA.**

53 Anatifera lævis; (a) on a reed

54 ——— striata

POLLICIPES.

55 Pollicipes Cornucopiæ, two fine groups

ASPERGILLUM.

56 Aspergillum Javanum

57 ——— vaginiferum, a magnificent specimen

58 ——— sparsum

FISTULANA.

59 Fistulana gregata, several groups and single specimens

SEPTARIA.

60 Septaria arenaria, one large tube

* Anatifa, Lam.

PHOLAS.

- 61 *Pholas Dactylus*
- 62 ——— *orientalis*
- 63 ——— *crispata*
- 64 ——— *costata*
- 65 ——— *clavata*

SOLEN.

- 66 *Solen Vagina*
- 67 ——— *truncatus*, Dillw. — (*a*) var. somewhat
tapering towards its rounded end
- 68 ——— *Siliqua*
- 69 ——— *Ensis*
- 70 ——— *ambiguus*
- 71 ——— *Cultellus*
- 72 ——— *planus*
- 73 ——— *Legumen*
- 74 ——— *Dombeyi*
- 75 ——— *constrictus?*
- 76 ——— *strigilatus*
- 77 ——— *radiatus*
- 78 ——— *violaceus*
- 79 ——— *rostratus*
- 80 ——— *Gigas*, Wood
- 81 ——— *minimus*, Gmel. probably the young shell
of *S. Gigas*
- 82 ——— *Gigas?* var. *anticè subattenuata*
- 83 ——— *truncatus*, var. *colore roseo marmorata*

PANOPÆA.

- 84 *Panopæa Aldrovandi*

GLYCYMERIS.

- 85 *Glycymeris Siliqua*

MYA.

- 86 *Mya truncata*
 87 ——— *arenaria*

ANATINA.

- 88 *Anatina truncata*
 89 ——— *subrostrata*
 90 ——— *globulosa*
 91 ——— *trapezoïdes*
 92 ——— *myalis*

LUTRARIA.

- 93 *Lutraria Solenoïdes*
 94 ——— *elliptica*
 95 ——— *rugosa*
 96 ——— *tellenoïdes?* *Tellina angulata*, Linn.;
 Chemn. vi. t. 9. f. 74 75
 97 ——— *papyracea*.—*Obs.* This shell accords
 with Lamarck's description, but not with
 either of the figures he cites

MACTRA.

- 98 *Mactra gigantea*, one large, and two small
 specimens
 99 ——— *Spengleri*
 100 ——— *striatella*
 101 ——— *carinata*
 102 ——— *helvacea*
 103 ——— *grandis*
 104 ——— *Stultorum*, and varieties
 105 ——— *Australis*
 106 ——— *violacea*
 107 ——— *turgida*
 108 ——— *plicataria*
 109 ——— *rufescens*

- 110 *Mactra maculata*
 111 ——— *subplicata*
 112 ——— *alba*
 113 ——— *solida*
 114 ——— *Brasiliana*
 115 ——— *depressa?*
 116 ——— *elegans*
 117 ——— *aspersa*
 117* ——— *solidissima? Say*

CRASSATELLA.

- 118 *Crassatella Kingicola*
 119 ——— *sulcata*
 120 ——— *rostrata*
 121 ——— *radiata*

ERYCINA, SOWERBY.

- 122 *Erycina*
 123 ———
 124 ———
 125 ———
 126 ———
 127 ———

SOLENIMYA.

- 128 *Solenimya Mediterranea*

AMPHIDESMA.

- 129 *Amphidesma cordiforme*, Nob.; *Tellina cordi-*
formis, Chemn. xi. t. 199, f. 1941 1942
 130 ——— *reticulatum*. *Tellina reticulata*,
 Dillw.

PANDORA.

- 131 *Pandora flexuosa*, *Sowerbys' Genera of Shells*

*SAXICAVA.*132 *Saxicava rugosa*

133 —————

134

*PETRICOLA.*135 *Petricola lamellosa?*136 ————— *monstrosa*, Nob.; *Venus monstrosa*,
Dillw.137 ————— *pholadiformis**VENERIRUPIS.*138 *Venerirupis perforans*139 ————— *exotica?**LITHODOMUS.*140 *Lithodomus Dactylus*, Sowerby141 ————— *caudigerus*, Id.*SANGUINOLARIA.*142 *Sanguinolaria occidens*143 ————— *rosea*144 ————— *livida*145 ————— *rugosa**PSAMMOBIA.*146 *Psammobia virgata*147 ————— *maculosa*148 ————— *cærulescens*149 ————— *Tellinella*

PSAMMOTÆA.

- 150 *Psammotæa carnea*

TELLINA.

- 151 *Tellina radiata*
 152 ——— *unimaculata*
 153 ——— *semizonalis?*
 154 ——— *maculosa*
 155 ——— *virgata*, numerous varieties
 156 ——— *Spengleri*
 157 ——— *rostrata*
 158 ——— *latirostrata* (*a*) var. *pallida*
 159 ——— *sulphurea*
 160 ——— *foliacea*
 161 ——— *operculata*
 162 ——— *punicea*
 163 ——— *depressa*
 164 ——— *pulchella*
 165 ——— *Fabula*
 166 ——— *tenuis*
 167 ——— *exilis*
 168 ——— *donacina*
 169 ——— *Remies*
 170 ——— *sulcata*
 171 ——— *striatula*
 172 ——— *scobinata*
 173 ——— *crassa*
 174 ——— *lævigata*; (*a*) *radiis aurantiis nullis*
 175 ——— *Lingua-felis*
 176 ——— *rugosa*
 177 ——— *lacunosa*.—*Obs.* This shell is not properly placed among the *Tellinæ*; it rather belongs to Lamarck's *Sanguinolariæ*, or *Psammobiæ*
 178 ——— *Gargadia*
 179 ——— *Brasiliana*

- 180 *Tellina bimaculata*, many varieties
 181 ——— *Pristis*
 182 ——— *sexradiata*; which is only a variety of
 bimaculata
 183 ——— *ostracea*
 183a ——— *carnaria auctorum*; restored to this place,
 because it accords better with *Tellina* than
 with *Lucina*, to which Lamarck has removed it
 184 ——— *pulcherrima*.
 185 ———
 186 ———
 187 ———
 188 ———
 189 ———
 190 ———
 191 ———
 192 ———
 193 ———
 194 ———
 195 ———
 196 ———

TELLINIDES.

- 197 *Tellinides Timorensis*
 198 ——— *ovalis*, (*Tellina ovalis*, Budgin M.S.)
 199 ——— *emarginata*
 200 ——— *truncatula*
 201 ——— *polita*

CORBIS.

- 202 *Corbis fimbriata*

LUCINA.

- 203 *Lucina Jamaicensis*
 204 ——— *Pensylvanica*

- 205 *Lucina edentula*; (*a*) var. *albida*, *gibbosior*
 206 ——— *Childreni* (*a. b.*) Gray, in *Annals of*
 Philosophy (1824) 2 specimens: one being the
 reverse of the other
 207 ——— *Tigerina*, *Cytherea tigerina*, *Lam.*
 207^a ——— ——— var. *three*, *subgranosa*, *Lam.*
 208 ——— *punctata*. *Cytherea punctata*, *Lam.*—
 Obs. The two last species are removed from
 the place which Lamarck assigned to them
 among his *Cythereæ*, on account of their strict
 accordance with the generic character of
 Lucina; at the same time we must here ex-
 press our intention of confining ourselves un-
 der circumstances of this kind to such cases
 as are indisputable
 209 ——— *divaricata*
 210 ——— *squamosa*
 211 ——— *globularis*

DONAX.

- 212 *Donax Scortum*
 213 ——— *pubescens*
 214 ——— *cuneata*, numerous specimens and va-
 rieties
 215 ——— *compressa*
 216 ——— *deltoides*; *lævigata*, *Dillw.* numerous va-
 rieties in colour
 217 ——— *radians*
 218 ——— *ringens*
 219 ——— *rugosa*
 220 ——— *elongata*
 221 ——— *denticulata*
 222 ——— *Meroe*
 223 ——— *scripta*
 223^a ——— ——— var. *tumidior*
 223^b ——— ——— var. *compressa*, *suborbicularis*
 224 ——— *Trunculus*

- 225 *Donax Fabagella*
 226 ——— *transversa*
 227 ——— *incarnata*, Chemn. vi. p. 265, tab. 26,
 f. 259
 228 ——— *æquilatera*. An *Venus donacina*, Chemn.
 xi. p. 231, t. 202, f. 1985 & 1986?

CAPSA.

- 229 *Capsa lævigata*
 230 ——— *Brasiliensis*

CRASSINA; Astarte, SOWERBY.

- 231 *Crassina sulcata*. *Venus sulcata*, Montagu.

CYRENA.

- 232 *Cyrena fuscata*
 233 ——— *fluminea*
 234 ——— *violacea*
 235 ——— *Caroliniensis*?
 236 ——— *Bengalensis*?
 236a ——— *Sumatrensis*, Sowerby
 237 ——— *Zeylanica*

GALATHEA (Megadesma, BOWDICH.)

- 238 *Galathea radiata*

CYPRINA.

- 239 *Cyprina Islandica*

CYTHEREA.

- 240 *Cytherea lusoria*
 241 ——— *petechialis*, several varieties
 242 ——— *impudica*, several varieties
 243 ——— *castanea*

244	Cytherea zonaria, many varieties	270
245	————— graphica?	280
246	————— morphina? several	281
247	————— purpurata?	282
248	————— casta	283
249	————— Corbicula	284
250	————— tripla	285
251	————— gigantea	286
252	————— Erycina	287
252a	————— var. two, Lam. an potius species distincta?	288
253	————— lilacina	289
254	————— Chione, numerous varieties, and many stages of growth	290
255	————— maculata, numerous varieties, and many stages of growth	291
256	————— læta, several varieties	292
257	————— impar	293
258	————— castrensis, several varieties	294
259	————— ornata	295
260	————— ornata var?	296
261	————— picta	297
262	————— tigrina	298
263	————— sulcatina?	299
264	————— juvenilis	300
265	————— rufa?	301
266	————— guineensis	302
267	————— Dione	303
268	————— Arabica	304
269	————— exoleta	305
270	————— lineta var.	306
271	————— concentrica	307
272	————— prostrata	308
274	————— scripta	309
275	————— muscaria	310
276	————— pulicaris	311
277	————— pectinata	312
278	————— gibbia	313

- 279 *Cytherea divaricata*
 280 ———— *rugifera*
 281 ———— *flexuosa*
 282 ———— *testudinalis*
 283 ———— *citrina?*
 284 ———— *aurantia*. The large Orange Venus,
 from the South Seas; two large and one young
 specimens
 285 ————
 286 ————
 287 ————
 288 ————
 289 ————
 290 ————
 291 ————
 292 ————
 293 ————
 294 ————
 295 ————
 296 ————
 297 ————
 298 ————
 299 ————
 300 ————
 301 ————
 302 ————
 303 ————
 304 ————
 305 ————

VENUS.

- 306 *Venus Puerpera* var.
 307 ———— ———— var.
 308 ———— *reticulata*
 309 ———— *Corbis*
 310 ———— *crenulata*
 311 ———— *verrucosa*

- 312 Venus rugosa
 313 ——— Casina
 314 ——— crebrisulca
 315 ——— plicata
 316 ——— cancellata, numerous varieties.
 316a ——— ——— var: 2 Lam.
 317 ——— granulata
 318 ——— Marica
 319 ——— cardioides
 320 ——— mercenaria
 321 ——— Lagopus
 322 ——— Gallina
 323 ——— lamellata
 324 ——— exalbida
 325 ——— Malabarica
 326 ——— ——— var. testâ posticè plicaturâ
 flexuosâ
 327 ——— papilionacea
 328 ——— adspersa
 329 ——— punctifera
 330 ——— turgida
 331 ——— litterata, three varieties and many specimens
 332 ——— sulcaria
 333 ——— Textile
 334 ——— texturata
 335 ——— decussata, many varieties
 336 ——— pullastra; (a) testâ monstrosâ
 337 ——— aurea var.
 338 ——— virginea
 339 ——— scalarina?
 340 ——— opima, several varieties in colour
 340a ——— nebulosa. An testa junior speciei præcedentis
 341 ——— laterisulca?
 342 ——— florida, several varieties
 343 ——— Paphia, Dillw.

- 344 *Venus fasciata*, Id.
 345 ——— *flammea*, Lam.
 346 ——— *chinensis*, Dillw.; *obesa*, Solander
 347 ——— *Tiara*, Dillw.
 348 ——— ——— *ætate ventricosius*
 349 ——— *lamellosa*, Chem. vi. p. 298, t. 28, f. 293
 and 294
 350 ———
 351 ———
 352 ———
 353 ———
 354 ———

VENERICARDIA.

- 354a *Venericardia australis*? one very large specimen
 354b ——— *crassicostata*

CARDIUM.

- 355 *Cardium costatum*
 356 ——— *ringens*
 357 ——— *Asiaticum*
 358 ——— *tenuicostatum*
 359 ——— *fimbriatum*
 360 ——— *bullatum*
 361 ——— *papyraceum*
 362 ——— *pseudo-lima*
 363 ——— *aculeatum*
 364 ——— *erinaceum*, four full grown and two
 young specimens
 365 ——— *ciliare*
 366 ——— *tuberculatum*, many of the varieties
 of this shell are *Card. rusticum* of wood
 367 ——— *Isocardia*
 368 ——— *muricatum*
 369 ——— *marmoreum*
 370 ——— *elongatum*

- 371 *Cardium ventricosum*
 372 ——— *rugosum*
 373 ——— *sulcatum*
 374 ——— *serratum*
 375 ——— *lævigatum*
 376 ——— *biradiatum*
 377 ——— *Æolicum*
 378 ——— *rusticum*, *Chemn.* vi. t. 19, f. 197
 379 ——— *Grœnlandicum*
 380 ——— *Islandicum*, *Chemn.* vi. t. 19, f. 195
 & 196, two very large and one small speci-
 men, probably *Card. crenulatum*, *Lam.*
 381 ——— *latum*, two varieties
 382 ——— *Unedo*
 383 ——— *medium*
 384 ——— *Fragum*
 385 ——— *retusum*
 386 ——— *hemicardium*
 387 ——— *Cardissa*
 388 ——— ——— var. *valvarum carinâ muticâ*
 389 ——— *inversum*
 390 ——— *Junonium*
 391 ——— *angulatum*?
 392 ——— *papyraceum*
 393 ———
 394 ———

CARDITA.

- 395 *Cardita sulcatus*
 396 ——— *ajar*, several varieties in colour; (a) a
 distorted specimen
 397 ——— *turgidus*
 398 ——— *phreniticus*
 396 ——— *crassicostatus*
 397 ——— *calyculatus*
 398 ——— *squamosus*

399 *Cardita squamiferus*

400 ——— *incrassatus*

CYPRICARDIA.

401 *Cypricardia Guinaica?* oblonga, Sowerby

402 ——— angulata? two beautiful specimens
and one very young

403 ——— rostrata?

403a ——— rostrata, var.

ISOCARDIA.

404 *Isocardia* Cor

405 ——— Moltkiana; two specimens, one of
which is white, the other spotted with pale
fulvous and rose colour; this latter differs in
shape from the other, and agrees precisely
with the figure in *Encycl. Meth.* t. 233, f. 1

CUCULLÆA.

406 *Cucullæa auriculifera*

ARCA.

407 *Arca tortuosa*, several specimens, various sizes

408 ——— *Noæ*, many specimens, several small groups

409 ——— *retusa*

410 ——— *ovata*

411 ——— *barbata*

412 ——— *fusca*

413 ——— *Helbingii*

414 ——— *Scapha (a) varietas?*

415 ——— *antiquata*; (*a. b.*) *varietates*

416 ——— *rhombea*, several specimens; (*a*) var. *trans-*
versè elongata

417 ——— *granosa*, three varieties mentioned by La-
marck

- 418 *Arca inaequalis*
 419 ——— *Indica*
 420 ——— *senilis*; several specimens, of which one is
 enormously large, and one small one a mon-
 strosity
 421 ——— *Brasiliensis*
 422 ——— *Corbicula*

PECTUNCULUS.

- 423 *Pectunculus Glycimeris*, several specimens
 424 ————— *pilosus*, several specimens
 425 ————— *marmoratus*
 426 ————— *scriptus*
 427 ————— *rubens*
 428 ————— *angulatus*
 429 ————— *pectiniformis*
 430 ————— *pectinatus*
 431 —————
 432 —————
 433 —————
 434 —————
 435 ————— *decussatus*, *Arca decussata*, Chemn.
 vii. t. 57, f. 561.

NUCULA.

- 436 *Nucula lanceolata*
 437 ————— *margaritacea*
 438 ————— *Nicobarica*
 439 ————— *Pella*
 440 ————— *minuta*, *auctorum*

CASTALIA.

- 441 *Castalia ambigua*

UNIO.

- 442 *Unio elongatus*
 442 α — *sinuosus*
 443 — *crassidens*
 444 — *Peruvianus*
 445 — *purpuratus*
 446 — *ovatus (a) var. radiis longitudinalibus*
 447 — *delodon?*
 448 — *Pictorum*
 449 — *corrugatus, two varieties*
 450 — *luteolus*
 451 — *marginalis*
 452 — *Ovalis, Mont.*
 453 —
 454 —
 455 —
 456 —
 457 —
 458 —
 459 —
 460 —

HYRIA.

- 461 *Hyria avicularis*
 462 — *corrugata*
 463 — *elongata, Swainson*

ANODON.

- 464 *Anodon sulcatus*
 465 — *anatinus*
 466 — *intermedius*
 467 — *trapezialis, a pair, one valve partly uncoated and polished*
 468 — *rubens, one valve*
 469 — *exoticus, different stages of growth*

DIPSAS, LEACH.

- 470 *Dipsas plicata*, Leach; different sizes, and a pearl taken from one

IRIDINA.

- 471 *Iridina exotica*, a pair, both valves polished

CHAMA.

- 472 *Chama Lazarus*, (*a*) a superb group, with an *Arca Noë*
 473 ——— *damicornis*
 474 ——— *gryphoides*
 475 ——— *crenulata*
 476 ——— *florida*
 477 ——— *Limbulus*
 478 ——— *asperella*
 479 ——— *æruginosa*
 480*a* ——— ——— var. *pallida*, *rugosa*
 480*b* ——— ——— the same variety, reverse
 481 ——— *Arcinella*, several specimens, superb varieties; (*a*) a specimen attached to a *Strombus*; (*b*) another adhering to a *Venus*
 482 ——— *Cristella*?

ÆTHERIA.

- 483 *Ætheria elliptica*

TRIDACNA.

- 484 *Tridacna Gigas*, several specimens
 484*a* ——— ——— var.
 485 ——— *elongata*, several specimens
 486 ——— *squamosa*, several specimens
 487 ——— *crocea*, (*a*) a young one, of an orange colour

HIPPOPUS.

- 488 *Hippopus maculatus*; a magnificent series of
nine specimens

MODIOLA.

- 489 *Modiola Papuana*
490 ——— *Tulipa*
491 ——— *albicostata*, varieties
492 ——— *picta*
493 ——— *sulcata*
494 ——— *plicatula*, (*a*) var. *incurva*
495 ——— *semi-fusca*? two specimens, each hav-
ing one valve polished
496 ——— *securis*
496*a* ——— ——— var.
497 ——— *discrepans*
498 ——— *discors*; several detached specimens,
and a large group in the byssus
499 ——— *trapezina*
500 ——— *plicata*
500*a* ——— ———

MYTILUS.

- 501 *Mytilus Magellanicus*
502 ——— *crenatus*, (an mere varietas præcedentis)
503 ——— *hirsutus*
504 ——— *bilocularis*, many varieties in shape
505 ——— *elongatus*, several specimens
506 ——— *latus*
507 ——— *zonarius*, both valves polished
508 ——— *ungulatus*
509 ——— *violaceus*
510 ——— *Opalus*
511 ——— *smaragdinus*
512 ——— *Afer*
513 ——— *achatinus*

- 514 *Mytilus unguularis*
 515 ——— *edulis*. (*a. b.*) distortions

PINNA.

- 516 *Pinna rudis*
 517 ——— *Flabellum*
 518 ——— *semi-nuda*
 519 ——— *nobilis*
 520 ——— *squamosa*
 521 ——— *muricata*
 522 ——— *marginata*
 523 ——— *pectinata*
 524 ——— *saccata*, several varieties
 525 ——— *dolabrata*, three strong varieties in form
 526 ——— *inflata*, Chemn. VIII. t. 87, f. 772
 527 ——— *nigrina*
 528 ——— *incurvata*, Chemn. VIII. t. 90, f. 778
 529 ——— *bicolor*, Chemn. VIII. t. 90, f. 780, *rotundata*, Lin.?
 530 ——— var.
 531 ——— *serrata* (Humphrey.)
 531a ——— *atro-purpurea*

CRENATULA.

- 532 *Crenatula avicularis*
 533 ——— *nigrina*?
 534 ——— *mytiloides*
 535 ——— *Phasianoptera*

PERNA.

- 536 *Perna Ehippium*
 536a ——— var. *albida*
 537 ——— *obliqua*
 538 ——— *Isognomum*
 539 ——— *femoralis*
 540 ——— *Marsupium*

541 *Perna sulcata* ?

542 ———

543 ———

544 ———

MALLEUS.

545 *Malleus albus*

546 ——— *vulgaris*

547 ——— *normalis*

548 ——— *anatinus*

549 ——— *vulsellatus*

550 ——— *decurtatus*

AVICULA.

551 *Avicula macroptera*

552 ——— *semi-sagitta*

553 ——— *heteroptera*

554 ——— *falcata*

555 ——— *crocea*

556 ——— *Atlantica* ?

557 ——— *squamulosa*, several varieties

558 ——— *papilionacea*, several varieties

559 ——— *costellata* ?

MELEAGRINA.

560 *Meleagrina margaritifera*

561 ——— *albina*

LIMA.

562 *Lima inflata*

563 ——— *squamosa*, several specimens

564 ——— *glacialis*

565 ——— *fragilis*

566 ——— *Linguatula*

PECTEN.

- | | | |
|-----|---|-----|
| 567 | <i>Pecten maximus</i> | 502 |
| 568 | —— <i>medius</i> | 503 |
| 569 | —— <i>Jacobæus</i> , many varieties | 504 |
| 570 | —— <i>bifrons</i> , two varieties | 505 |
| 571 | —— <i>Ziczac</i> | 506 |
| 572 | —— <i>Laurentii</i> | 507 |
| 573 | —— <i>Pleuronectes</i> , many varieties | 508 |
| 574 | —— <i>obliteratus</i> | 509 |
| 575 | —— <i>Japonicus</i> | 510 |
| 576 | —— <i>Magellanicus</i> | 511 |
| 577 | —— <i>Radula</i> | 512 |
| 571 | —— <i>Rastellum</i> ? | 513 |
| 579 | —— <i>turgidus</i> | 514 |
| 580 | —— <i>aspersus</i> | 515 |
| 581 | —— <i>flavidulus</i> | 516 |
| 582 | —— <i>Plica</i> | 517 |
| 583 | —— <i>glaber</i> | 518 |
| 584 | —— <i>sulcatus</i> | 519 |
| 585 | —— <i>Virgo</i> | 520 |
| 586 | —— <i>unicolor</i> | 521 |
| 587 | —— <i>griseus</i> | 522 |
| 588 | —— <i>distans</i> | 523 |
| 589 | —— <i>Isabella</i> | 524 |
| 590 | —— <i>nodosus</i> | 525 |
| 591 | —— <i>Pallium</i> , many varieties | 526 |
| 592 | —— <i>Pes-felis</i> | 527 |
| 593 | —— <i>Tigris</i> | 528 |
| 594 | —— <i>imbricatus</i> | 529 |
| 595 | —— <i>histrionicus</i> | 530 |
| 596 | —— <i>opercularis</i> | 531 |
| 597 | —— <i>Islandicus</i> | 532 |
| 598 | —— <i>asperrimus</i> | 533 |
| 599 | —— <i>senatorius</i> | 534 |
| 600 | —— <i>aurantius</i> | 535 |
| 601 | —— <i>varius</i> | 536 |

- 602 *Pecten sinuosus*
 603 ——— *Pusio*
 604 ——— *hybridus*
 605 ——— *pyxidatus*, *Ostr. pyxidata*, *Dillw.*
 606 ——— *ornatus*
 607 ——— *Tranquebaricus*
 608 ——— *sanguineus*
 609 ———
 610 ———
 611 ———
 612 ———
 613 ———
 614 ———

PLICATULA.

- 615 *Plicatula ramosa*
 616 ——— *cristata*

SPONDYLUS.

- 617 *Spondylus Gæderopus*, numerous varieties
 618 ——— *Americanus*, numerous and fine varieties
 619 ——— *arachnoides*
 620 ——— *multilamellatus*
 621 ——— *costatus*
 622 ——— *regius*
 623 ——— *coccineus*
 623a ——— *coccineus* var.?
 624 ——— *crassisquamatus*
 625 ——— *spathuliferus*
 626 ——— *crocus*
 627 ——— *aurantius*
 628 ——— *radians*
 629 ——— *ducalis* var.? *testâ croceâ*, *costis squamiferis*, *numerosis*, *squamis albis*

OSTREA.

- 630 *Ostrea Borealis*
- 631 ——— *Cochlear*
- 632 ——— *cristata*
- 633 ——— *Gallina*
- 634 ——— *parasitica*, one magnificent specimen
- 635 ——— *denticulata*
- 636 ——— *Ruscuriana*
- 637 ——— *Virginica*, several small specimens
- 638 ——— *Canadensis*?
- 639 ——— *edulis*
- 640 ——— *Cornucopiæ*
- 641 ——— *cucullata*
- 642 ——— *Limacella*
- 643 ——— *Folium*
- 644 ——— *Crista-Galli*
- 645 ——— *turbinata*?
- 646 ——— *imbricata*
- 647 ——— *Hyotis*
- 648 ———
- 649 ———
- 650 ———
- 651 ———
- 652 ———
- 653 ———
- 654 ———
- 655 ———
- 656 ———
- 657 ———
- 658 ———

VULSELLA.

- 659 *Vulsella lingulata*, four varieties

PLACUNA.

- 660 *Placuna Sella*, several specimens
 661 ———— *papyracea*
 662 ———— *Placenta*

ANOMIA.

- 663 *Anomia Ehippium*, one detached and several
 adhering to a stone
 664 ———— *patellaris*
 665 ———— *ænigmatica*, Chemn. XI. t. 199, f. 1949
 1950
 666 ———— *electrica*
 667 ———— *membranacea*

TEREBRATULA.

- 668 *Terebratula vitrea*
 669 ———— *dilatata*
 670 ———— *dorsata*
 671 ———— *Caput-serpentis*
 672 ———— *truncata*
 673 ———— *psittacea*
 674 ———— *dentata*
 675 ———— *rosea*, (nonnul.)
 676 ———— *picta*, (Humphrey)

LINGULA.

- 677 *Lingula anatina*, one specimen having its pe-
 duncle
 678 ———— *hians*, Swainson in Phil. Mag. vol. 62,
 p. 403

HYALÆA.

- 679 *Hyalæa tridentata*
 680 ———— *rostrata*. *Rheda rostrata*, Humphrey MS.

CHITON.

- 681 Chiton Gigas, two fine specimens
 682 ——— squamosus
 683 ——— aculeatus, Dillw.
 684 ——— fulvus, Id.
 685 ——— piceus, Id.
 686 ——— granulatus, Id.
 687 ——— fasciatus, Id.
 688 ——— *tuberculiferus*, (Nobis) *Aculeatus*, Barnes
 in Amer. Phil. Journal
 689 ——— marmoratus, Dillw.
 690 ——— sulcatus, Wood
 691 ——— amiculatus, Dillw. p. 6
 692 ——— *latus*
 693 ——— *rugulosus*

PATELLA.

- 694 Patella Granatum, many varieties in size and
 colour
 695 ——— Oculus, same observation
 697 ——— Barbara? several specimens, extremely
 variable in size, one very large
 698 ——— laciniosa
 699 ——— saccharina
 700 ——— longicostata, several specimens
 701 ——— spinifera
 702 ——— Umbella
 703 ——— cærulea, numerous varieties
 704 ——— testudinaria, several extremely fine spe-
 cimens
 705 ——— Cochlear
 706 ——— radians?
 707 ——— compressa, several beautiful varieties;
 (a) a specimen of extraordinary size, to
 which several Balani are adhering; (b) a
 specimen of remarkably fine colour; (c) a
 specimen showing the identity of *P. compressa*
 and *miniata*, its vertex being *P. miniata* and
 the remainder *P. compressa*

- 708 *Patella granularis*
 709 ——— *deaurata*, many varieties
 710 ——— *Magellanica*
 711 ——— *stellifera*
 712 ——— *vulgata*
 713 ——— *miniata*
 714 ——— *punctata*
 715 ——— *pectinata*
 716 ——— *puncturata*
 717 ——— *Galatea*?
 718 ——— *tricostata*
 719 ——— *tenuis*? Dillw.
 720 ——— *margaritacea*? Dillw.
 721 ——— *pellucida*, a large conical variety
 722 ——— *Cypria*, Dillw.
 723 ——— *ornata*, Dillw.
 724 ——— *Tramoserica*, Chemn. xi. t. 197, f. 1912,
 1913, many specimens
 725 ——— *melanogramma*, Dillw.
 726 ——— *tuberculata*? Dillw. The Gorgon Lim-
 pet from the coast of Barbary, *Budgin* MS.
 six specimens in different stages of growth
 727 ——— *radians*, Dillw.
 728 ——— *Rota*, Dillw.
 729 ——— *testudinalis*, Dillw. *Clealandi*, J. Sowerby
 730 ——— *flammea*, Dillw.
 731 ——— *lævigata*, Dillw.
 732 ——— *Surinamensis*, Dillw.
 733 to 738. These and some of the following can-
 not be referred with certainty to any de-
 scribed species: we have not, however, ven-
 tured to describe them, partly on account of
 the great variation to which every species is
 subject, and partly on account of the extreme
 ambiguity of many of the descriptions and
 figures already extant.
 739 ——— *nigra*, *Budgin* MS.
 740 ——— *plumbea*?

- 741 *Patella Cymbularia*
 742 ——— *Jamaicensis*? Dillw.
 743 ——— *octo-radiata*? Gmel.
 744 ——— *fragilis*, Chemn. xi. t. 197, f. 1921—
 745 to 772, unnamed for the reason above assigned.

UMBRELLA.

- 773 *Umbrella Indica*
 774 ——— *Mediterranea*?

PARMOPHORUS.

- 775 *Parmophorus Australis*, several fine specimens
 776 ——— *breviculus*?
 777 ——— *granulatus*?

EMARGINULA.

- 778 *Emarginula notata*, *Patella notata*, Linn. Chemn.
 x. Vign. 25, f. C. D.
 779 ——— *aspera*, *Patella aspera*, Humph. MS.
 780 ——— *tricostata*
 781 ——— *reticulata*

FISSURELLA.

- 782 *Fissurella picta*, many specimens
 783 ——— *nimbosa*
 784 ——— *Græca*
 785 ——— *nodosa*
 786 ——— *rosea*
 787 ——— *Barbadensis*
 788 ——— *viridula*
 789 ——— *hiantula*
 790 ——— *Pustula*
 791 ——— *fascicularis*
 792 ——— *Javana*?
 793 ——— *minuta*
 794 ——— *aperta*

- 795 *Fissurella clypeiformis*
 796 ——— *crenulata*
 797 ———
 798 ———
 799 ———
 800 ———
 801 ———
 802 ——— *cancellata, Solander*

SIPHONARIA, SOWERBYS' Genera of Shells.

- 803 *Siphonaria Sipho*, several varieties and many specimens
 804 ——— *Mouret; Mouret, Adanson*
 805 ——— *concinna*
 806 ——— *Tristensis?*
 807 ——— *exigua*
 808 ——— *Gigas*
 809 ——— *obliquata*

PILEOPSIS.

- 810 *Pileopsis Ungarica*
 811 ——— *Mitrula*
 812 ——— *subrufa*
 812 α ——— *Cassida, Patella Cassida, Dillw.*
 813 ——— *intorta?*
 813 α ——— *Calyptra, Patella Calyptra, Dillw.*

CALYPTRÆA.

- 814 *Calyptræa Extinctorium*, Sowerbys' Genera of Shells, No. 23
 815 ——— *spinosa, Id.*
 816 ——— *equestris*
 817 ——— *Chinensis*
 818 ——— *Pileus, Nobis; Trochus Pileus, Lam.*
 819 ——— *dilatata, Nobis*

- 820 *Calyptraea auriculata*, *Patella auriculata*, Dillw.
 many varieties
 821 ——— *Comma-notata*
 822 ——— radians. *Trochus radians*, Lam.

CREPIDULA.

- 823 *Crepidula fornicata*
 824 ——— *Porcellana*
 825 ——— *aculeata*
 826 ——— *unguiformis*
 827 ——— *dilatata*
 828 ——— *adunca*

BULLÆA.

- 829 *Bullæa aperta*

BULLA.

- 830 *Bulla lignaria*
 831 — *Ampulla*, a considerable series of fine varieties in colour and markings
 832 — *striata*
 833 — *Naucum*
 834 — *Physis*, several fine specimens
 835 — *fasciata*, several fine specimens, of which one is remarkable for being white with four fuscous, transverse bands
 836 — *Aplustre*, several fine specimens
 837 — *Hydatis*
 838 — *solida*
 839 — *nitidula*, Solander

DOLABELLA.

- 840 *Dolabella Rumphii*

OBSERVATION.—*From hence to the end of the Land Shells, we have followed as far as possible the arrangement of De Ferussac.*

HELICARION.

- 841 Helicarion Cuvieri

HELICOLIMAX.

- 842 Helicolimax Lamarckii

HELICOPHANTA.

- 843 Helicophanta Cornu-giganteum. Helix vesicallis, Lam.

COCHLOHYDRA.

- 844 Cochlohydra putris. Succinea amphibea, Lam.

HELICOGENA.

- 845 Helicogena naticoides, Helix naticoides, Lam.
 846 ——— picta, several beautiful varieties, Helix picta, Lam.
 847 ——— Jamaicensis. Helix pulla, Lam.
 848 ——— Cornu militare. Helix gigantea, Lam.
 849 ——— undulata. Helix lineolata, Lam.
 850 ——— crispata?
 851 ——— melanostoma. Helix, Lam.
 852 ——— cineta
 853 ——— ligata
 854 ——— Lucorum. Helix mutata, Lam.
 855 ——— Pomatia; (a) several reverse specimens; (b) one perfect var. scalaris. Helix scalaris, Mull.
 856 ——— Lucana, Helix, Lam.
 857 ——— Globulus, Helix, Lam.

- 858 *Helicogena Prunum*
 859 ———— *vittata, Helix, Lam.*
 860 ———— *argillacea, Helix, Lam.*
 861 ———— *Arbustorum, Helix, Lam.*
 862 ———— *maculosa, Helix, Lam.*
 863 ———— *Cœlatura, Helix, Lam.*
 864 ———— *Otaheitana*
 864a ———— ———— *var. superne pallidior*
 865 ———— *candidissima, Helix, Lam.*
 866 ———— *aspersa, Helix, Lam.*
 867 ———— *hæmastoma, Helix, Lam.*
 868 ———— *melanotragns, Helix, Lam.*
 869 ———— *nemoralis, Helix Lam.*
 870 ———— *hortensis, Id.*
 871 ———— *vermicularis, Id.*
 872 ———— *marmorata*
 873 ———— *serpentina? Id.*
 874 ———— *Pouchet*
 875 ———— *albilabris*
 876 ———— *aspera*
 877 ———— *lactea, Helix, Lam. many varieties*
 878 ———— *auricoma, Helix microstoma, Lam.*
 879 ———— *Lima, Helix punctifera, Lamarck,*
 (a) variety
 880 ———— *formosa*
 881 ———— *Carmelita*
 882 ———— *orbiculata*
 883 ———— *auriculata*

HELICODON.

- 884 *Helicodon Thyroidus*
 885 ———— *denotatus*
 886 ———— *septemvolutus. H. Septemvolva, De*
 Fer. Helix planorbula, Lam.
 886b ———— *Epistylum, Helix Cookiana, Lam.*
 887 ———— *ringens, Anostoma depressa, Lam.*
 888 ———— *ringiculus, ———— globulosa, Lam.*

- 889 *Helicodon Cepa*, *Helix*, *Lam.*
 890 ——— sinuatus et sinuosus, *Helix*, *Lam.*
 (*a, b, c*) different varieties
 891 ——— Soror
 892 ——— Lamarckii. (*a*) *Corocolla acutissima*,
 Lam. (*b*) *Helix heteroclites*, *Lam.*
 892a ———

HELICIGONA.

- 893 *Helicigona angistoma*, *Carocolla*, *Lam.*
 894 ——— *Carocolla*, *Carocolla albilabris*, *Lam.*
 895 ——— inversicolor, ——— *bicolor*, *Lam.*
 896 ——— obliterated, ——— *inflata*, *Lam.*
 897 ——— Gualteriana, *Carocolla*, *Lam.*
 898 ——— Lampas
 899 ——— pyrostoma
 900 ——— marginata, several varieties, *Carocolla*,
 Lam.
 901 ——— Pileus, *Helix*, *Lam.*
 902 ——— scabrosa

HELICELLA.

- 903 *Helicella zonata*
 904 ——— zonalis var.
 905 ——— Exceptiuncula var.
 906 ——— zonaria
 907 ——— Madecassina, *Helix Madagascariensis*,
 Lam.
 908 ——— sepulchralis, *Helix*, *Lam.*
 909 ——— zodiacus
 910 ——— Pellis-Serpentis, *Helix*, *Lam.*
 911 ——— Senegalensis, *Helix*, *Lam.* three young
 and three full grown specimens
 912 ——— Unguiculus, (*a, b*) distinct varieties
 913 ——— Ungulina, *Helix unguina*, *Lam.*
 914 ——— Algira, *Helix*, *Lam.*
 915 ——— lævipes, *Helix*, *Lam.*

- 916 *Helicella exilis*
 917 ——— *unizonalis*, *Helix monozonalis*, Lam.
 918 ——— *citrina*, *Helix*, Lam. numerous varieties
 919 ——— *Clairvillii*
 920 ——— *Carthusianella*, *Helix*, Lam.
 921 ——— *Fruticum*, Id.
 922 ——— *Ericetorum*, Id.
 923 ——— *Cespitum*, Id.
 924 ——— *Pisana*, Id.
 925 ——— *bipartita*
 926 ——— ———
 926a ——— ———
 927 ——— ———
 928 ——— ———
 929 ——— ———
 929a ——— ———
 930 ——— ———
 930a ——— ———
 931 ——— *Helix tessellata*, *Budgin* MS.
 932 ——— ———
 933 ——— ——— from New South Wales
 934 ——— *Helix producta*, *Budgin*, from Canton
 935 ——— *Helix pallida*, *Budgin*, from Virginia
 936 ——— ———

COCHLOSTYLA.

- 937 *Cochlostyla Pythagaster*, *Bulimus*, Lam.
 938 ——— *Dufresnii*
 939 ——— *Taunaisii*? one full grown and one
 young specimen
 940 ——— *Pardalis*
 941 ——— *Peruviana*, *Bulimus*, Lam.
 942 ——— *undata*, *Bulimus*, Lam. several spe-
 cimens
 943 ——— *Sultana*, *Bulimus Gallina Sultana*,
 Lam. two specimens of great beauty, one of
 them enormously large
 944 ——— ———
 945 ——— ———

COCHLITOMA.

- 946 Cochlitoma exarata
 947 ——— flammigera, two varieties
 948 ——— Regina; (a, b, c, d) Achatina melastoma, Sw. (e) the same reverse. *Achatina perversa*, Sw.
 949 ——— virginea, numerous and brilliant varieties
 950 ——— Vexillum; Achatina Vexillum, Lam.
 (a) Ach. fasciata, Sw. (b) Ach. crenata, Sw.
 (c) Ach. fasciata, Sw. but possessing the green lines of Ach. crenata, Sw. therefore intermediate. (d) Ach. pallida, Sw. (e) var. immaculata, fasciis luteis pallidis
 Obs. Of this species the Collection exhibits a numerous and magnificent series of varieties.
 951 ——— vittata, Nobis, *Achatina vittata*, Sw. one reverse specimen
 952 ——— Fulica?
 953 ——— bicarinata; (a) varietas, lineis tribus albidis, interruptis
 954 ——— purpurea, Achatina purpurea, Lam. several specimens and varieties
 955 ——— achatina, Achatina Perdix, Lam. six specimens with and six without the epidermis
 956 ——— Zebra, *Achatina*, Lam. several specimens
 957 ——— marginata, Achatina marginata, Sw. three specimens, of which one is extraordinarily large
 958 ——— purpurea, var.
 959 ——— Fulica, var.?

COCHLICOPA.

- 960 Cochlicopa Priamus, Achatina, Lam.
 961 ——— rosea, (a) var. elongata
 962 ——— Glans, Achatina, Lam.

- 963 *Cochlicopa leucozonias*, *Achatina albolineata*,
Lam.
964 ————— *Columna*, *Achatina*, Lam.
964a ————— *octona*

COCHLICELLA.

- 965 *Cochlicella decollata*, *Bulimus decollata*, Lam.

COCHLOGENA.

- 966 *Cochlogena flammata*
967 ————— *Kambeul*, *Bulimus*, Lam.
968 ————— *flammea*, *Achatina ustulata*? Lam.
969 ————— *radiata*, *Bulimus*, Lam.
970 ————— *Guadaloupensis*, *Bulimus*, Lamarek
(a) var. *monstrosa*
971 ————— *virgulata*, *Bulimus Caribæorum*,
Lam.
972 ————— *liliacea*?
973 ————— *maxima*
974 ————— *ovata*; (a) testâ junior; (b) var.
elongata; (c) var. *ovoidea*
975 ————— *oblonga*, *Bulimus hæmastomus*, Lam.
976 ————— *aurea*, *Bulimus citrinus et inversus*,
Lam.; (a) testâ sinistrorsâ, many varieties.
(b) testâ dextrâ, many varieties
977 ————— *interrupta*, (sinistrorsa) *Bulimus*,
Lam. many specimens
977a ————— *læva*
978 ————— *trizonalis*, *Bulimus zonatus*, Sw.
979 ————— *decora*
980 ————— *lugubris*
981 ————— *Auris-Leporis*
982 ————— *Auris-Sileni*, *Carychium undulatum*,
Leach.
983 ————— *goniostoma*
984 ————— *Auris-caprina*, *Auricula Auris-Sileni*,
Lam.

- 985 *Cochlogena distorta*
 986 ———— *Auris-vulpina*
 987 ———— *Auris-bovina*, two varieties

COCHLODON.

- 988 *Cochlodon Uva*
 989 ———— *Mumia*
 990 ———— *sulcatus*
 991 ———— *Lyonetianus*
 992 ———— *cinereus*

COCHLODINA.

- 993 *Cochlodina tortuosa*, from Tranquebar
 994 ———— *Cylindrus*
 995 ———— *Chemnitziana*
 996 ———— *papillaris*

PARTULA.

- 997 *Partula pudica*
 997a ———— *unindentata*
 998 ———— *Australis*
 999 ———— *Gibba?*
 1000 ———— *Otaheitana*
 1000a ———— ———— *var.*

SCARABUS.

- 1001 *Scarabus Imbrium*
 1002 ———— *plicatus*

AURICULA.

- 1003 *Auricula Midæ*, several specimens
 1004 ———— *Judæ*
 1005 ———— *Auricella*
 1006 ———— *Felis*
 1007 ———— *Nucleus*

Obs. From this place we resume the nomenclature of Lamarck.

CYCLOSTOMA.

- 1008 *Cyclostoma Volvulus*, many specimens
 1008a ————— an varietas? several specimens
 1009 ————— *unicarinatum*
 1010 ————— *ligatum*
 1011 ————— *elegans*
 1012 ————— *foliaceum*, *Turbo foliaceus*, Dillw.
 1013 ————— *Jamaicense*, *Turbo Jamaicensis*,
 Chemn. XI. t. 209, f. 2057, 2058
 1014 ————— *fimbriatum*, *Turbo fimbriatus*, Bud-
 gin MS. (not *Cyclost. fimbriata*, Lam.)
 1015 ————— *fimbriatulum*
 1016 ————— *unifasciatum*
 1017 ————— *striatum*, *Turbo striatus*, Budgin
 MS.
 1018 ————— *subrufum*, *Turbo subrufus*. Id.
 1019 —————
 1020 —————
 1021 —————

HELICINA, (Gray, in Zoological Journal.)

- 1022 *Helicina pulchella*
 1023 ————— *Brownii*
 1024 ————— *Maugerii*?
 1025 ————— *Tankervillii*, Gray, in Zool. Journal,
 vol. I.—*Obs.* In general form this species re-
 sembles *H. pulchella*, Gray; it is, however,
 much larger, and distinguished moreover by
 its strongly crenulated sharp keel. Locality
 not known.

PLANORBIS.

- 1026 *Planorbis corneus* var.? from Nova Scotia
 1027 ————— *carinatus*, from Tranquebar
 1028 ————— *Guadaloupensis*

PHYSA.

- 1029 *Physa castanea*
 1030 ——— *fontinalis* var.? from Canada
 1031 ——— *rivalis*, *Helix*, *Maton and Rackett*

LIMNÆA.

- 1032 *Limnæa stagnalis*
 1033 ——— *palustris* var.? from Canada. An *fortius*, L. *Virginiana*, *Lam.*?
 1034 ——— *rufescens*, *Gray*. See Sowerbys' *Genera of Shells*, an *L. acuminata*? *Lam.*
 1035 ——— *auricularia*
 1036 ——— *timorensis*
 1037 ——— *Pacifica*, *Helix Pacifica*, *Budgin MS.*
 From the South Sea Islands
 1038 ——— *corrugata*, *Helix corrugata*, *Budgin MS.*
 From Georgia
 1039 ——— *subglobosa*

MELANIA.

- 1040 *Melania punctata*
 1041 ——— *subulata*?
 1042 ——— *decollata*
 1043 ——— *lævigata*? From the Matavai River,
 Otaheite
 1044 ——— *amarula*, (*a*) *decorticata* (*b*) *spirâ*
 breviore, *spinis majusculis*, *paucis*
 1045 ——— *setosa*, *Sw.*
 1046 ——— *spinulosa*
 1047 ——— *carinifera*?
 1048 ——— *truncatula*?
 1048_a ——— *inermis*
 1049 ———
 1050 ———
 1051 ———
 1052 ———
 1053 ———
 1054 ———

MELANOPSIS.1055 *Melanopsis lævigata*1056 ————— *labiata***PIRENA.**1057 *Pirena terebralis*, several specimens, one of them young1058 ————— *spinosa*1059 ————— *aurita*1059a ————— an merè, *P. auritæ testæ juniores?* an species distincta?1060 ————— *sinuata*, *Buccinum sinuatum*, Dillw.**PALUDINA.**1061 *Paludina vivipara*1062 ————— an var. *P. viviparæ*, sine fasciis?
P. unicolor, Sw.1063 ————— *Bengalensis*, *P. elongata*, Sw. Zool.
Illus.1064 ————— *unicolor*1065 ————— *carinata*, Swainson Illus.1066 ————— *impura*1067 ————— *parva*, *Helix parva*, Budgin MS. from
Danes Island1068 ————— *viridis*, *Helix viridata*, Budgin MS.
from Virginia1069 ————— *olivacea*1070 ————— *bicolor***AMPULLARIA.**1071 *Ampullaria Cornu*—*Arietis*, Sowerbys' Genera
of Shells. *Planorbis*, Lam.1072 ————— *Guyanensis*, *A. globosa*, Sw. Illus.1073 ————— *rugosa*1074 ————— *fasciata*, Lam. and Sw. Zool. Ill.1074a ————— *fasciata* var. Sw. in Bligh Catalogue

- 1075 *Ampullaria fasciata* var. *monstrosa*
 1076a ————— *canaliculata?* *spirâ erosâ*
 1076 ————— *effusa*, many varieties
 1077 ————— *carinata*, Sw. (not of Lam.)
 1078 ————— *Avellana*; undoubtedly a marine
 snell, as Bruguière suspected, notwithstanding
 Lamarck's assertion that it is a river shell
 1079 ————— *intorta*
 1080 ————— *chlorostoma*, *A. luteostoma*, Swain.
 A. effusa, De Fer MS.
 1081 ————— *oblonga*, Swain. Zool. Ill.
 1082 ————— *reflexa*, Swain. Zool. Ill.
 1083 ————— *corrugata*, Swain. Zool. Ill.
 1084 ————— *sordida?* Swain. Zool. Ill.
 1085 —————
 1086 ————— ————— not umbilicated, it never-
 theless appears to be distinct from Swainson's
 A. crassa
 1087 —————
 1088 —————
 1089 ————— *megastoma*

NAVICELLA.

- 1090 *Navicella elliptica*
 1091 ————— *tessellata*, from Timor and Sumatra
 1092 ————— *suborbicularis*

NERITINA.

- 1093 *Neritina pulligera*, (*a*) from Tranquebar, (*b*)
 from the Nicobar Islands
 1094 ————— *Canalis*
 1095 ————— *dubia*
 1096 ————— *Zebra*
 1097 ————— *Zigzag*
 1098 ————— *Gagates*, from Sumatra
 1099 ————— *lugubris?*

- 1100 Neritina Corona
 1101 ————— brevispinosa
 1102 ————— spinosa Budgin MS. Species N. coronæ valdè affinis, sed magis elongata, spinis brevibus, epidermide viridi-fuscâ, strigis nigris. From Otaheite. An potius varietas N. Coronæ?
 1103 ————— crepidularia. Nerita purpurea, Budgin, from Tranquebar, (a) var. from Danes Island, Wampoa, N. gracilentia, Budgin
 1104 ————— auriculata, Sumatra
 1105 ————— Domingensis?
 1106 ————— fasciata, (a) varietates?
 1107 ————— semiconica
 1108 ————— strigilata; several specimens from Sumatra
 1109 ————— Meleagris
 1110 ————— Virginea
 1111 ————— viridis
 1112 ————— punctulata, De Ferussac, Nerita aperta, Budg.
 1113 ————— Pupa, Nerita Pupa, Dillw.
 1114 ————— reticulata, Nerita reticulata, Budgin. An varietas N. virgineæ
 1115 ————— granosa
 1116 —————
 1117 ————— from China
 1118 ————— from Tranquebar
 1119 —————

NERITA.

- 1120 Nerita Exuvia
 1121 ————— textilis
 1122 ————— ornatus
 1123 ————— Peloronta
 1124 ————— Chlorostoma?
 1125 ————— atratus

- 1126 *Nerita politus*, numerous varieties; (a) testâ transversim striatâ; (b) ore aurantiaco
 1127 ——— albicillus
 1128 ——— Chamæleon
 1129 ——— versicolor
 1130 ——— Ascensionis
 1131 ——— Malaccensis?
 1132 ——— scabricostatus
 1133 ——— plicatus
 1134 ——— tessellatus
 1135 ——— Antillarum, Dillw. (Chemn. v. t. 192. f. 1987.)
 1136 ——— undatus
 1136a ——— ——— var.
 1137 ——— maximus? Dillw.
 1138 ——— ——— I believe this to be undescribed, but the characters of most of the species are so vague that it cannot be ascertained at present. From the Nicobar Islands.
 1139 ———

NATICA.

- 1140 *Natica glaucina*
 1141 ——— Albumen
 1142 ——— mammillaris
 1143 ——— Mammilla
 1144 ——— melanostoma
 1145 ——— aurantiaca
 1146 ——— conica
 1147 ——— plumbea
 1148 ——— Canrena, many specimens and varieties
 1149 ——— cruentata
 1150 ——— millepunctata
 1151 ——— Vitellus
 1152 ——— helvacea, *N. spadicea*, Swainson
 1153 ——— rufa
 1154 ——— unifasciata?

- 1155 *Natica lineata*
 1156 ——— *fulminea*, and varieties
 1157 ——— *Marochiensis*
 1158 ——— *arachnoidea*
 1159 ——— *Zebra*
 1160 ——— *Chinensis*
 1161 ——— *cancellata*
 1162 ——— *Maura*, Encycl. 453, f. 4.
 1163 ——— *collaris*, *Nerita collari ornata*, &c.
 Chemn. v. t. 187, f. 1895, *a* and *b*
 1164 ——— *Orientalis* B. Dillw.; *eburnea*, Chemn. v.
 188, f. 1904,
 1165 ——— *Maroccana*, Chemn. v. t. 188, f. 1909,
 1910
 1166 ——— *glaucina* of British Authors
 1167 ——— an *varietas N. millepunctatæ?*
 1168 ——— *Forskälîi*, Chemn. xi. t. 197, f. 1901,
 1902
 1169 ——— *Say*
 1170 ——— *violacea*, Budgin MS.
 1171 ——— *effusa*, Swainson; *varietates absque*
 maculis castaneis
 1172 ——— ———
 1173 ——— ——— from Ceylon
 1174 ——— *nebulosa*, *Nerita nebulosa*, Budgin.
 The painted breast Snail from China
 1175 ——— *marmorata*, *Nerita marmorata*, Budg.
 1176 ——— *torquata*, *Nerita*, Budgin
 1177 ——— *maculata*, *Nerita*, *Ulysses*, according
 to Dillwyn, who ranks this as a var. of
 N. canrena, Chemn. v. t. 187, f. 1876 to 1880;
 (*a*) var. *notabilis*, *Nerita tessellata*, Budgin;
 (*b*) var. *lineato-maculata*
 1178 ——— *nigra*. *Nerita nigrata*, Budgin
 1179 ——— *fluctuata*
 1180 ——— ———
 1181 ——— ———
 1182 ——— ———

IANTHINA.

- 1183 *Ianthina communis*, many specimens
 1184 ————— *globosa*, Swain.
 1185 ————— *exigua*

SIGARETUS.

- 1186 *Sigaretus haliotoideus*
 1187 ————— *concavus*
 1188 ————— *Leachii*, *Cryptostoma Leachii*, De
 Blain.
 1189 ————— *cancellatus*

STOMATELLA.

- 1190 *Stomatella imbricata*
 1191 ————— *sulcifera*
 1192 ————— *auricula*
 1193 ————— *planulata*

STOMATIA.

- 1194 *Stomatia Phimotis*
 1195 ————— *duplicata*
 1196 ————— *obscurata*

HALIOTIS.

- 1197 *Haliotis Midæ*
 1198 ————— *Iris*
 1199 ————— *tubifera*
 1200 ————— *excavata*
 1201 ————— *Australis*
 1202 ————— *tuberculata*
 1203 ————— *striata?*
 1204 ————— *asinina*
 1205 ————— *glabra*
 1206 ————— *lamellosa*

- 1207 *Haliotis asinina*
 1208 ——— *tricostalis*, two remarkably fine specimens
 1209 ——— *pulcherrima*, Dillw.
 1210 ——— *virginea*, Dillw.
 1211 ——— *varia*, Dillw.
 1212 ——— *gigantea*, Dillw.
 1213 ——— *Cracherodii*, Leach
 1214 ——— *Californiensis*, Swains.
 1215 ———
 1216 ———
 1217 ———
 1218 ———
 1219 ———
 1220 ———
 1221 ———
 1222 ———
 1223 ———
 1224 ———
 1225 ———
 1226 ———

TORNATELLA.

- 1227 *Tornatella flammea*
 1228 ——— *solidula*
 1229 ——— *fasciata*
 1230 ——— *nitidula*
 1231 ——— *solidula* var.?

PYRAMIDELLA.

- 1232 *Pyramidella Terebellum*
 1233 ——— *dolabrata*
 1234 ——— *plicata*
 1235 ——— *maculosa*
 1235a ——— *maculosa* var. *nebulosa*
 1236 ——— *solida*

SCALARIA.

- 1237 *Scalaria pretiosa*
 1238 ——— *coronata*
 1239 ——— *varicosa*
 1240 ——— *communis*
 1241 ——— *raricostata*
 1242 ——— *principalis*, Turbo *principalis*,
 Chemn. iv. t. 152, f. 1428
 1243 ——— *Clathratulus*, Turbo *clathratulus*,
 auctorum
 1244 ———
 1245 ———
 1246 ———
 1247 ———

DELPHINULA.

- 1248 *Delphinula laciniata*, many fine specimens
 1248a ——— a singularly distorted
 specimen
 1249 ——— *distorta*
 1250 ——— *trigonostoma*

RISSEA.

De Blainv. Dict. des Sciences nat. article Mollusques.

- 1250 *Rissoa acuta*
 1251 ——— *labiosa*, Turbo *labiosus*, Mont.
 1252 ——— *parva*, Turbo *parvus*, Mont.
 1253 ——— *striata*, Turbo *striatus*, Mont.

SOLARIUM.

- 1254 *Solarium perspectivum*
 1255 ——— *granulatum*
 1256 ——— *laevigatum*
 1257 ——— *stramineum*
 1258 ——— *hybridum*
 1259 ——— *variegatum*

ROTELLA.

- 1260 *Rotella lineolata*, and *rosea*, very numerous varieties

TROCHUS.

- 1261 *Trochus imperialis*, several specimens
 1262 ———— *longispinosus*
 1263 ———— *solaris*
 1264 ———— *Indicus*
 1265 ———— *brevispinosus*?
 1266 ———— *stellaris*
 1267 ———— *rhodostomus*
 1268 ———— *inermis*
 1269 ———— *agglutinans*
 1270 ———— *cælatus*
 1271 ———— *Tuber*
 1272 ———— *Magus*
 1273 ———— *Merula*
 1274 ———— *argyrostomus*
 1275 ———— *Cookii*
 1276 ———— *Niloticus*
 1277 ———— *pyramidalis*
 1278 ———— *noduliferus*
 1279 ———— *cærulescens*
 1280 ———— *Obeliscus*
 1281 ———— *virgatus*
 1282 ———— *maculatus*
 1283 ———— *squarrosus*
 1284 ———— *incrassatus*
 1285 ———— *flammulatus*?
 1286 ———— *elatus*, *Trochus Conus*, *Dillw.*
 1287 ———— *Mauritianus*
 1288 ———— *imbricatus*
 1289 ———— *concavus*
 1290 ———— *ziziphinus*
 1291 ———— *Conulus*
 1292 ———— *jujubinus*

- 1293 *Trochus annulatus*
 1294 ——— *doliarius*; (a) a specimen with a
 Crepidula attached
 1295 ——— *granulatus*
 1296 ——— *Granatum*
 1297 ——— *Iris*
 1298 ——— *Calliferus*, from Ceylon
 1299 ——— *undatus*
 1300 ——— *Pharaonis*, several varieties
 1301 ——— *excavatus*
 1302 ——— *Carneolus*
 1303 ——— *erythroleucos*?
 1304 ——— *dentatus* var. Dillw.
 1305 ——— *undulatus*
 1306 ——— ——— New Zealand
 1307 ——— ——— Ditto
 1308 ——— ——— Tranquebar
 1309 ——— ——— King George's Sound
 1310 ———
 1311 ———
 1312 ———
 1313 ———
 1314 ———
 1315 ———
 1316 ——— *regius*, Dillw.
 1317 ———
 1318 ———
 1319 ———
 1320 ———
 1321 ———
 1322 ———
 1323 ———
 1324 ———
 1325 ———
 1326 ———
 1327 ———
 1328 ———
 1329 ———

- 1330 Trochus
 1331 ———
 1332 ———
 1333 ———
 1334 ———
 1335 ———
 1336 ———

ODONTIS*.

- 1337 Odontis Pagodus
 1338 ——— Tectum Persicum
 1339 ——— coronaria
 1340 ——— Ægyptiaca
 1341 ——— Modulus
 1342 ——— Tectum
 1343 ——— Labeo
 1344 ——— Australis
 1345 ——— fragarioides
 1346 ——— constricta
 1347 ——— canaliculata
 1348 ——— sulcata, Turbo sulcatus, Budgin
 1349 ———
 1350 ———
 1351 ———
 1352 ———
 1353 ——— nigra, Trochus niger, Budgin
 1354 ——— nigrescens, Trochus nigrescens, Id.
 1355 ——— reticulata, Trochus reticulatus, Id.
 1356 ——— marmorata, ——— marmoratus, Id.
 1357 ———
 1358 ——— maculosa, ——— maculosus, Id.
 1359 ———
 1360 ———
 1361 ——— variegata, ——— variegatus, Id.
 1362 ——— virescens, ——— virescens, Id.

* Altered from Monodonta, which every Greek Scholar will perceive to be inadmissible.

- ages of growth
ous stages and
ous and beauti-
es of growth
catus, umbilico
species distincta

- 1392 Turbo aculeatus, Dillw.
 1393 ——— zigzag, *Maton and Rackett*
 1394 ——— rugosus var.? *Cochlea lunaris rubi-*
 cunda, &c. *Chemn. v. t. 181, f. 1803, 1804*
 1395 ——— an varietas, *T. setosi*, No. 1374? an
 Turbo Cochlus, Dillw.?
 1396 ——— cærulescens, Lam.
 1397 ———
 1398 ———
 1399 ———
 1400 ———
 1401 ——— *bicarinatus*
 1402 ——— *tæniatus*
 1403 ———
 1404 ———
 1405 ———
 1406 ——— niger, *T. nigratus*, *Budgin MS.*
 1407 ———
 1408 ———
 1409 ———
 1410 ———
 1411 ———
 1412 ———

PLANAXIS.

- 1413 Planaxis undulatus, *Bucc. porphyrium*, *Solan-*
 der MS.
 1414 ——— semisulcatus, *Sowerbys' Genera of*
 Shells
 1415 ——— mollis, *Id.*
 1416 ——— sulcatus
 1417 ——— lineatus, *Bucc. lineatum auct.*
 1418 ——— *planicostatus*

PHASIANELLA.

- 1419 Phasianella bulimoides, about 50 magnificent
 varieties

- 1420 Phasianella rubens
 1421 ————— variegata, several remarkably beautiful varieties
 1422 ————— Pullus, *Turbo Pullus*, Lam.
 1423 ————— Peruviana
 1424 ————— angulifera, numerous varieties, *Turbo Porphyrius*, Solander MS.
 1425 —————
 1426 —————
 1427 —————
 1428 —————
 1429 —————
 1430 —————
 1431 —————
 1432 ————— *reticulata*, *Turbo reticulatus*, Budg. MS.

TURRITELLA.

- 1433 Turritella duplicata
 1434 ————— Terebra, (*Turbo Archimedis*, Dillw.) several fine specimens, of which one measures $6\frac{5}{8}$ inches in length: it has 33 volutions
 1435 ————— imbricata
 1436 ————— replicata
 1437 ————— bicingulata
 1438 ————— exoleta
 1439 ————— cingulata
 1440 ————— ————— *Turbo Terebra*, Dillw.
 1441 ————— obsoleta, *Turbo obsoletus*? Dillw.
 1442 ————— cingulifera
 1443 —————
 1444 —————
 1445 —————
 1446 —————
 1447 ————— striata, *Turbo striatus*, Budg. MS.
 1448 —————
 1449 ————— spirata

CERITHIUM.

- 1450 *Cerithium palustre*
 1451 ————— *sulcatum*
 1452 ————— *Telescopium*
 1453 ————— *ebeninum*
 1454 ————— *nodulosum*
 1455 ————— *vulgatum*
 1456 ————— *Obeliscus*
 1457 ————— *granulatum*, Martini, iv. t. 157,
 f. 1492
 1458 ————— *Aluco*
 1459 ————— *Erythræum?*
 1460 ————— *muricatum*
 1461 ————— *asperum*; (*a*) *varietas*
 1462 ————— *lineatum*
 1463 ————— *Vertagus*
 1463*a* ————— var. Martini, iv. t. 156,
 f. 1479
 1464 ————— *fasciatum*
 1465 ————— *tuberculatum*
 1466 ————— *Clava*, *Murex Clava*, Dillw.
 1467 —————
 1468 —————
 1469 ————— *granulatum*, Encycl. Meth. t. 442,
 f. 4
 1470 —————
 1471 —————
 1472 —————
 1473 —————
 1474 —————
 1475 —————
 1476 —————
 1477 —————
 1478 —————
 1479 —————
 1480 —————
 1481 —————

- 1482 Cerithium
 1483 _____
 1484 _____
 1485 _____
 1486 _____
 1487 _____
 1488 _____

PLEUROTOMA.

- 1489 Pleurotoma muricata
 1490 _____ interrupta?
 1491 _____ cincta?
 1492 _____ Virgo
 1493 _____ Babylonica
 1494 _____ undosa
 1495 _____ marmorata
 1496 _____ tigrina
 1497 _____ nodifera
 1498 _____ cingulifera
 1499 _____ Australis, Murex Turris australis,
 Chemn. x. t. 190, f. 1827 and 1828
 1500 _____ gibbosa, Murex gibbosus, Dillw.
 1501 _____ an P. muricatæ var.? an potius
 species distincta?
 1502 _____ fascialis
 1503 _____ cryptorrhaphe
 1504 _____ lineata, two pale coloured, but
 very large specimens
 1505 _____
 1506 _____
 1507 _____
 1508 _____
 1509 _____
 1510 _____ Taxus, Chemn. x. t. 162, f. 1550,
 1551.—*Obs.* There can be no doubt that Chem-
 nitz's shell is an accidental variety of this
 shell

- 1511 *Pleurotoma Javanus*, *Murex Javanus*, Linnæi,
Chemn. iv. t. 143, f. 1336 to 1338

TURBINELLA.

- 1512 *Turbinella Scolymus*
 1513 ————— *Rapa*; (*a*) *testa sinistrorsa*
 1514 ————— *Napus*
 1515 ————— *Pyrum*
 1516 ————— *pugillaris*
 1517 ————— *Rhinoceros*
 1518 ————— *cornigera*
 1519 ————— *Ceramica*
 1520 ————— *Capitellum*
 1521 ————— *Globulus*
 1522 ————— *rustica*
 1523 ————— *cingulifera*
 1524 ————— *polygona*
 1525 ————— *carinifera*
 1526 ————— *Infundibulum*
 1527 ————— *craticulata*
 1528 ————— *lineata*
 1529 ————— *Aplustre*, *Murex amplustre*, Chemn.
 xi. t. 191, f. 1841, 1842. *The American Flag*
 Buccinum, Martin.
 1530 ————— *prismatica*, *Murex prismaticus*,
 Dillw.
 1531 ————— *Nassatula*?
 1532 ————— *ocellata*
 1533 ————— *chlorostoma*
 1534 ————— *fasciata*, *Mur. fasciatus*, Budg. MS.
 1535 ————— *Fusus*
 1535a —————

CANCELLARIA.

- 1536 *Cancellaria reticulata*
 537 ————— *scalarina*
 1538 ————— *cancellata*

- 1539 *Cancellaria senticosa*
 1540 ————— *Citharella*, Bucc. *Alauda*, Soland.
 MS.
 1541 ————— *elegans*, *Sowerbys' Genera of Shells*
 1542 ————— an *varietas*?
 1543 ————— *oblonga*
 1544 ————— *nodulifera*

FASCIOLARIA.

- 1545 *Fasciolaria Tulipa*, many fine varieties
 1546 ————— *distans*
 1547 ————— *Trapezium*
 1548 ————— *aurantiaca*
 1549 ————— *filamentosa*
 1550 ————— *coronata*?
 1551 ————— an *varietas*, *F. Trapezii*? *lineis coloratis obsoletis, magnitudine giganteâ; (a) testa junior*
 1552 ————— *papillosa*
 1553 ————— *Princeps*
 1554 ————— an *varietas F. aurantiacæ*? an *species distincta*?

10 *Fasciolaria*

FUSUS.

- 1555 *Fusus colosseus*; (*a*) with its epidermis; (*b*) with its point accidentally distorted
 1556 ————— *longissimus*
 1957 ————— *Colus*; (*a*) with a singularly distorted canal
 1558 ————— *tuberculatus*
 1559 ————— *Nicobaricus*
 1660 ————— *distans*?
 1660 α ————— an *varietas*, *F. Nicobarici*? an *species distincta*?
 1661 ————— *torulosus*.—*Obs.* There are no specimens precisely according with the description or figure of this shell, in the collection; we sus-

pect, however, that the shells we have marked
1558, *Fusus tuberculatus*, belong rather to
this species, if indeed it be distinct.

- 1562 *Fusus incrassatus*
- 1563 ——— *carinatus*
- 1564 ——— *probosciferus*, *Fusus Aruanus*, Swains.
Exot. Conch.
- 1565 ——— *Islandicus*
- 1566 ——— *Morio*. This and the following shell are
obviously varieties of the same species, though
separated by Lamarck.
- 1567 ——— *coronatus*
- 1568 ——— *Corona*
- 1569 ——— *filosus*
- 1570 ——— *verruculatus*
- 1571 ——— *lignarius*
- 1572 ——— *Syracusanus*
- 1573 ——— *Cochlidium*
- 1574 ——— *Antiquus*
- 1575 ——— *Raphanus*
- 1576 ——— *sinistralis*
- 1577 ——— *Nifat*
- 1578 ——— *articulatus*
- 1579 ——— *contrarius*
- 1580 ———
- 1581 ———
- 1582 ——— *cariniferus*? Encycl. Meth. t. 423, f. 3
- 1583 ———
- 1584 ———
- 1585 ———
- 1586 ———
- 1587 ———
- 1588 ———
- 1589 ———
- 1590 ———
- 1591 ———
- 1592 ———
- 1593 ———

1594 *Fusus*

1595 ———

1596 ———

1597 ———

1598 ———

1599 ———

1600 ———

1601 ———

*PYRULA.*1602 *Pyrula canaliculata*1603 ——— *Carica*1604 ——— *perversa*1605 ——— *Candelabrum*1606 ——— *Tuba*, two varieties1607 ——— *bucephala*1608 ——— *Vespertilio*1609 ——— *Melongena*1610 ——— ——— var. *mutica*1611 ——— ——— ——— *fusco-nigricans*.

An species distincta?

1612 ——— *reticulata*1613 ——— *Ficus*1614 ——— *ventricosa*, Chemn. III, t. 66, f. 7331615 ——— *gracilis*1616 ——— *ficoides*1617 ——— *spirata*1618 ——— *Ternatana*1619 ——— *Bezoar*1620 ——— *Rapa*1621 ——— ——— var. *follacea*1622 ——— *papyracea*1623 ——— *Galeodes*1624 ——— *angulata*1625 ——— *nodosa*1626 ——— *citrina*1627 ——— *squamosa* var.?

- 1628 *Pyrula neritoidea*
 1628b ——— *Spirillus*
 1629 ——— *coarctata*, Nobis
 1630 ——— ——— testâ sinistrorsâ
 1631 ———

STRUTHIOLARIA.

- 1632 *Struthiolaria nodulosa*
 1633 ——— inermis, Sowerbys' Genera of
 Shells
 1634 ——— *oblita*

RANELLA.

- 1635 *Ranella gigantea*
 1636 ——— *leucostoma*, several specimens; one with
 its epidermis
 1636a ——— ——— var. ultimo anfractu tuber-
 culis seriebus duabus cincto
 1637 ——— *Argus*
 1638 ——— *Crumena*. One specimen only has the
 orange red aperture mentioned by Lam. We
 are strongly inclined to suspect that the others
 form a distinct species: they are marked
 1638 a.
 1638b ——— *Crumena*.—*Obs.* The two specimens
 bearing this number appear to be a distinct
 variety of the last, in which the tubercles on
 the varices are lengthened into spines: it has
 not the depressed appearance of *R. spinosa*.
 1639 ——— *spinosa*; (a) var. spinâ superiore varicis
 dichotomâ
 1640 ——— *bufonia*, (a) var. ore fusco
 1641 ——— *verrucosa*
 1642 ——— *granifera*
 1643 ——— *bitubercularis*
 1644 ——— *Gyrinus*, *Murex Gyrinus*, Linn. *Ranella*
 ranina, Lam.
 1645 ——— *pulchella*

MUREX.

- 1646 *Murex cornutus*; (*a*) triplici cornuum serie
 1647 ——— *Brandaris*
 1648 ——— *crassispinosus*
 1649 ——— *tenuispinosus*
 1650 ——— *rarispinosus*
 1651 ——— *ternispinosus*
 1652 ——— *brevispinosus*
 1653 ——— *Haustellum*
 1654 ——— *inflatus*. Notwithstanding Lamarek's
 opinion that this and the following are distinct,
 we cannot at present decide to which of them
 many specimens belong.
 1655 ——— *elongatus*
 1656 ——— *Palma-Rosæ*
 1657 ——— *Calcitraba*
 1658 ——— *adustus*
 1659 ——— *rufus*
 1660 ——— *Axicornis*
 1661 ——— *cervicornis*
 1662 ——— *microphyllus*
 1663 ——— *Capucinus*
 1664 ——— *asperrimus*
 1665 ——— *acanthopterus*
 1666 ——— *tripterus*
 1667 ——— *fimbriatus*, Swainson in Bligh Cata-
 logue
 1668 ——— *uncinarius*
 1669 ——— *gibbosus*
 1670 ——— *triqueter*
 1671 ——— *saxatilis*
 1672 ——— *Brassica*
 1673 ——— *regius*, Swainson's Exot. Conch.
 1674 ——— *Endivia*; (*a*) *varietas notabilis*
 1675 ——— *Radix*
 1676 ——— *an varietas M. saxatilis, Lam?*
 1677 ——— *melanamathos*

- 1678 *Murex hexagonus*
 1679 ——— *Scorpio*
 1680 ——— *secundus*
 1681 ——— *turbinatus*, numerous varieties
 1682 ——— *anguliferus*; (*a*) *tuberculis spinoso-*
 muricatis, *spinis recurvis*; (*b*) *spinis recur-*
 vis, *serratis*.
 1683 ——— *Melonulus*
 1684 ——— *Magellanicus*
 1685 ——— *lamellosus*
 1686 ——— *Erinaceus*
 1687 ——— *scaber*?
 1688 ——— *costularis*?
 1689 ——— *vitulinus*
 1690 ——— *crispatus*
 1691 ——— *fenestratus*
 1692 ——— *concatenatus*
 1693 ——— *Brandaris*, Dillw. var.
 1694 ——— *Scorpio*, var. *albus*; (*a*) *frondibus di-*
 latatis brevissimis; (*b*) *frondibus dilatatis*
 longioribus; (*c*) *frondibus dilatatis longis*,
 spirâ brevior; (*d*) *testa junior*.
 1695 ——— an varietas *M. brevispinosi*
 1696 ——— an varietas *M. Palma-Rosæ*
 1697 ———
 1698 ———
 1699 ———
 1700 ——— *Erinaceus*, Encycl. Meth. 421. f. 1?
 1701 ——— an var. *M. Trunculi*?
 1702 ——— an var. *M. Brassicæ*?
 1703 ——— *Monodon*, Martini, III. t. 105, f. 987-8
 1704 ——— *Monodon* var.
 1705 ——— an spec. nov. from the South Seas?
 1706 ——— an spec. nov. from Tranquebar?
 1707 ——— an var. *Muricis elongati*?

TRITON.

- 1708 Triton variegatus
 1709 ——— nodiferus
 1710 ——— Australis: (a) monstrum
 1711 ——— Lampas
 1712 ——— Scrobiculator
 1713 ——— Spengleri
 1714 ——— corrugatus, four specimens, two of
 which have their epidermis
 1715 ——— succinctus, several with the epidermis
 1716 ——— Pileare
 1717 ——— Lotorium
 1718 ——— Femorale
 1718a ——— Femorale, var. notabilis, latissima, aper-
 turâ expansâ
 1719 ——— Pyrum; (a) var. splendida, labio in-
 terno varicibusque nigro-maculatis
 1720 ——— cynocephalus
 1721 ——— Tripus
 1722 ——— canaliferus
 1723 ——— retusus
 1724 ——— Clavator
 1725 ——— tuberosus; (a) var, fusca, cingulo prope
 anfractûs basim albido
 1726 ——— chlorostoma
 1727 ——— Anus
 1728 ——— clathratus
 1729 ——— cancellatus
 1730 ——— maculosus
 1731 ——— clandestinus
 1732 ——— Rubecula
 1733 ——— cutaceus
 1734 ——— doliarius
 1735 ——— undosus
 1736 ——— affinis, Gmel.
 1737 ——— var. T. succincti, testâ albidâ, cingulis
 elevatis, fuscis

1738 Triton maculosus var. an potiùs species distincta, T. maculoso affinis?

1739 ———

1740 ———

1741 ———

1742 ———

ROSTELLARIA.

1744 Rostellaria curvirostris

1745 ——— rectirostris

1746 ——— Pes Pelecani

1747 ——— an varietas ejusdem? an potiùs species distincta?

PTEROCERAS.

1748 Pteroceras truncatum

1749 ——— Lambis; (a) var. digitis senis

1750 ——— elongatum, Pterocera elongata, Swains.

1751 ——— Millepeda

1752 ——— Scorpio

1753 ——— aurantiacum, Pt. Aurantia, Lam.

1754 ——— purpuratum, Pterocera purpurata, Swains.

1755 ——— Chiragra, and var.

1756 ——— an testa junior, Pt. truncati var.?

STROMBUS.

1757 Strombus Gigas

1758 ——— accipitrinus

1759 ——— latissimus

1760 ——— tricornis

1761 ——— Gallus; (a) var. spirâ brevi

1762 ——— bituberculatus, St. lobatus, Swains.

1763 ——— cristatus

1764 ——— bubonius

- 1763a *Strombus lentiginosus*
 1764a ——— *Auris-Dianæ*; (*a*) var. absque striis
 transversis
 1765 ——— *Pacificus*, Swains.; (*a*) labio externo
 supernè cristatim inciso
 1766 ——— *melanostomus*, *S. Melastomus*, Swains.
 in Bligh Catalogue
 1767 ——— *Pugilis*; (*a*) *Strombus Sloanii*, Leach.
 1768 ——— *pyrulatus*; (*a*) var. albicans
 1769 ——— *gibberulus*
 1770 ——— *Luhuanus*
 1771 ——— *Mauritanus*, *S. cylindricus*, Swains.
 1772 ——— *Canarium*
 1773 ——— *Isabella*
 1774 ——— *vittatus*
 1775 ——— *Epidromis*
 1776 ——— *Columba*? *St. Tankervillii*, Swains.
 1777 ——— *succinctus*
 1778 ——— *Froglodytes*, *St. minimus*, Swains.
 1779 ——— *tridentatus*
 1780 ——— *plicatus*
 1781 ——— *Urceus*, varieties; (*a*) an species dis-
 tincta?
 1782 ——— *floridus*, *St. mutabilis*, Swains. (*a*) var.
 minima
 1783 ——— *Papilio*, *Str. exustus*, Swains.
 1784 ——— *lineatus*
 1785 ——— *marginatus*; (*a*) var. testâ transversè
 sulcatâ
 1786 ——— *granulatus*, Swains.
 1787 ——— *variabilis*, Swains.
 1788 ——— *dilatatus*, Swains. but not of Lam.
 1789 ——— *crenatus*
 1790 ——— an *Str. Goliath*? Chemn. xi.
 1791 ——— *rugosus*
 1792 ——— *gracilior*

1793 *Strombus*, an *St. vittati* varietas? an potiùs species distincta?

1794 ——— an *gracilior* *St. Urcei* varietas, aperturâ angustâ

CASSIDARIA.

1795 *Cassidaria echinophora*

1796 ——— *Tyrrhena*

1797 ——— *Oniscus*, *Oniscia Oniscus*, Sowerby

1798 ——— *tuberculosa*, *Oniscia tuberculosa*, Sowerby

CASSIS.

1799 *Cassis Madagascariensis*

1800 ——— *cornuta*

1801 ——— *tuberosa*

1802 ——— *flammea*

1803 ——— *fasciata*

1804 ——— *glauca*; (*a*) var. *columellâ basi lævi*

1805 ——— *plicaria*

1806 ——— *Arcola*

1807 ——— *Zebra*

1808 ——— *decussata*, two varieties

1809 ——— *Crumena*?

1810 ——— *abbreviata*

1811 ——— *rufa*

1812 ——— *pennata*

1813 ——— *Testiculus*; (*a*) varietas *oblonga*, spirâ depressâ

1814 ——— *achatina*

1815 ——— *Zeylanica*

1816 ——— *sulcosa*; (*a*) var. *minor*, spirâ productâ; (*b*) var. *labio incrassato maximo*, basi *columellæ lævi*; (*c*) var. *testâ lævigatâ*

1817 ——— *granulosa*

1818 ——— *Saburon*

1819 ——— *canaliculata*

- 1820 *Cassis semigranosa*
 1821 ——— *Vibex*
 1822 ——— *Erinaceus*
 1823 ——— *coronulata*
 1824 ——— *ringens*, Swainson, in Bligh Catalogue.
 (*see Appendix*)
 1824a ——— *Pomum*, *Dolium Pomum*, Lam.
 1825 ——— *corrugata*, Id.
 1826 ——— *coarctata*

27 *Cassides*

RICINULA.

- 1827 *Ricinula horrida*
 1828 ——— *clathrata*
 1829 ——— *arachnoidea*
 1830 ——— *digitata*; (*a*) var. *fusca*
 1831 ——— *Morus*
 1832 ———
 1833 ———
 1834 ———
 1835 ———
 1836 ———
 1837 ———
 1838 ———
 1839 ———

PURPURA.

- 1840 *Purpura Persica*
 1841 ——— *Rudolphi*
 1842 ——— *patula*
 1843 ——— *columellaris*
 1844 ——— *succinta*; (*a*) var. *rugis costiformi-*
 bus paucis, latis, asperis
 1844a ——— *textilosa*
 1845 ——— *Consul*
 1846 ——— *hæmastoma*, *Buccinum hæmastoma*,
 Chemn. xi.
 1847 ——— *armigera*

- 1848 *Purpura bitubercularis*
 1849 ——— *Hippocastanum*
 1850 ——— undata
 1851 ——— hæmastoma? Lam. *query if P. Bufo.*
 several varieties
 1852 ——— *Mancinella*
 1853 ——— callosa
 1854 ——— neritoides
 1855 ——— planospira
 1856 ——— callifera
 1857 ——— coronata
 1858 ——— carinifera
 1859 ——— *Sacellum*
 1860 ——— squamosa
 1861 ——— rugosa
 1862 ——— *Sertum*
 1863 ——— *Francolinus*
 1864 ——— bicostalis
 1865 ——— *Lapillus*
 1866 ——— imbricata?
 1867 ——— *Catarrhacta*
 1868 ——— echinulata
 1869 ——— *Hystrix*
 1870 ——— *Trochlea*
 1871 ——— *Vexillum*
 1872 ———
 1873 ———
 1874 ——— an varietas *P. bitubercularis*?
 1875 ———
 1876 ———
 1877 ———
 1878 ———
 1879 ———
 1880 ———
 1881 ——— insignita, *Bucc. insignitum*, Sol.
 1882 ———
 1883 ———

MONOCEROS.

- 1884 *Monoceros imbricatum*
 1885 ———— *imbricatum*, varietas *spirâ brevissimâ*
 1886 ———— *glabratum*
 1887 ———— *crassilabrum*
 1888 ———— *cymatum*, Bucc. *cymatum*, Solan.

CONCHOLEPAS.

- 1889 *Concholepas Peruviana*. Of this shell there is one remarkably fine specimen partly covered with *Balani*

HARPA.

- 1890 *Harpa imperialis*
 1891 ———— *ventricosa*
 1892 ———— *conoidalis*
 1893 ———— *nobilis*
 1894 ———— *articularis*
 1895 ———— *rosea*
 1896 ———— *crenata*, Swains. in Bligh Catalogue
 1897 ———— *minor*
 1898 ———— *cancellata*, Chemn. x. t. 152, f. 1453
 1899 ———— *antiqua*, Bucc. *Harpa antiqua*, Chemn. x. t. 152, f. 1454
 1900 ———— an varietas *H. roseæ*?

DOLIUM.

- 1901 *Dolium Galea*; (*a*) varietas *costis confertis*; (*b*) *spirâ prominente*; (*c*) *costis interstitialibus duplicatis et triplicatis*; (*d*) *costis interstitialibus omnibus minoribus, castaneis*; *aperturâ intus castaneâ, labeo columellari expanso, castaneo-nigricante*
 1902 ———— *Olearium*; (*a*) var. *sulcis validioribus, maculis albidis, fuscisque variegata*

- 1903 *Dolium maculatum*
 1904 ——— fasciatum
 1905 ——— variegatum
 1906 ——— *Perdix*
 1907 ——— an varietas *D. maculati*? an species
 distincta?
 1908 ——— an varietas *D. maculati*, costis imma-
 culatis?

BUCCINUM.

- 1909 *Buccinum undatum*
 1910 ——— glaciale, see Chemn. x. 152, f. 1446-7
 1911 ——— *Anglicanum*
 1912 ——— papyraceum
 1913 ——— annulatum
 1914 ——— lævissimum
 1915 ——— testudineum
 1916 ——— achatinum
 1917 ——— *Glans*
 1918 ——— papillosum
 1920 ——— olivaceum
 1921 ——— canaliculatum
 1922 ——— reticulatum
 1923 ——— *Tranquebaricum*
 1924 ——— lineolatum
 1925 ——— maculosum
 1926 ——— politum
 1927 ——— suturale
 1928 ——— mutabile
 1929 ——— inflatum
 1930 ——— gemmulatum
 1931 ——— *Miga*
 1932 ——— *Ascanias*?
 1933 ——— *Arcularia*; (a) var. (b) *Lam.*
 1934 ——— coronatum
 1935 ——— *Thersites*; (a) var. minor
 1936 ——— gibbosulum

- 1937 *Buccinum Pullus* ?
 1938 ——— *neriteum*, three varieties, or perhaps
 distinct species
 1939 ——— *plumbeum*, Chemn. xi. t. 188, f. 1806,
 1807
 1940 ——— *Lima*, Chemn. xi. t. 188, f. 1808, 1809
 1941 ——— *lineatum*, *Murex lineatus*, Chemn. x.
 t. 164, f. 1572
 1942 ——— *varicosum*, ——— *varicosus*, Chemn. x.
 t. 162, f. 1546, 1547
 1943 ——— *turgidum*, Dillw.
 1944 ——— *Australe*, Chemn. x. t. 154, f. 1477
 1945 ——— *cassideum*, Chemn. x. t. 153, f. 1463,
 1464
 1946 ——— *Cochlidium* ? Dillw. and Chemn.
 1947 ———
 1948 ———
 1949 ———
 1950 ——— *Humphreysianum*, Bennet in Zool.
 Journ. vol. i.
 1951 ———
 1952 ———
 1953 ———
 1954 ———
 1955 ———
 1956 ———
 1957 ———
 1958 ——— *melanostoma*

EBURNA.

Obs. While we gladly adopt the improvement, suggested by ourselves and established by Mr. Swainson, of separating Lamarck's *Eburna glabrata* from the other shells included by Lamarck in his genus *Eburna* and placing it with *Ancilla*, to which it naturally belongs; we regret that we cannot approve his reasons

for continuing the generic name *Eburna* to the shells which he proposes to leave in the present genus, principally because it will be remembered that the typical species of the genus, and the only one to which the name could be properly applied, which species is commonly called "*L'Ivoire*" in French, is that which Mr. S. separates from it, actually taking away the species to which the name was originally applied and leaving those to which it is not applicable. Should it not be thought advisable to restore these to *Buccinum*, it appears to us proper to alter the name: because we think it better to give a name without any signification than to convey an erroneous idea.

- 1959 *Eburna Zeylanica*
 1960 ——— *spirata*
 1961 ——— *areolata*
 1962 ——— *Valentiana*, Swains.
 1963 ——— *papillaris*
 1964 ——— *Ambulacrum*

TEREBRA.

- 1965 *Terebra maculata*
 1966 ——— *flammea*
 1967 ——— *crenulata*
 1968 ——— *dimidiata*
 1969 ——— *muscaria*
 1970 ——— *subulata*
 1971 ——— *oculata*
 1972 ——— *duplicata*
 1973 ——— *striatula*
 1974 ——— *Myuros*
 1975 ——— *scabrella*
 1976 ——— *strigilata*
 1977 ——— *lanceata*

- 1978 *Terebra aciculina*
 1979 ——— *cærulescens*; (*a*) var. *major*, *albida*,
 superne maculis fuscis picta.
 1980 ——— *vittata*
 1981 ——— *hastata*, *Bucc. hastatum*, Dillw.
 1982 ——— *felina*, ——— *felinum*, Dillw.
 1983 ——— *lineolata*
 1984 ——— *strigata*
 1985 ——— *fusco-maculata*
 1986 ——— *punctulata*
 1987 ——— *tricolor*
 1988 ——— *pertusa*? Dillw.
 1989 ——— *nubeculata*
 1990 ——— *nebulosa*
 1991 ——— an *varietas T. fusco-maculatæ*?
 1992 ——— "The clouded and che-
 quered Needle," Budgin MS.
 1993 ——— an *varietas T. Myuri*?
 1994 ———
 1995 ———
 1996 ———
 1997 ———
 1998 ———
 1999 ———
 2000 ———
 2001 ———

COLUMBELLA.

- 2002 *Columbella strombiformis*
 2003 ——— *rustica*
 2004 ——— *mercatoria*
 2005 ——— *semipunctata*
 2006 ——— *bizonalis*; an *proprie ad Mitras*
 referenda?
 2007 ——— *reticulata*
 2008 ——— *ovulata*
 2009 ——— *fulgurans*

- 2010 *Columbella mendicaria*
 2011 ————— *punctata*
 2012 ————— *concinna*, Sowerbys' Genera
 2013 ————— *Terpsichore*, Id.
 2014 ————— *fasciata*, *Voluta fasciata*, Budg. MS.
 2015 —————
 2016 —————
 2017 —————
 2018 —————
 2019 ————— *guttata*, *Bucc. guttatum*, Soland.
 2020 —————
 2021 —————
 2022 —————
 2023 —————

MITRA.

- 2024 *Mitra episcopalis*
 2025 ————— *papalis*
 2026 ————— *pontificalis*
 2027 ————— *Millepora*
 2028 ————— *Diadema*, Swains. in Bligh Catalogue
 2029 ————— *Cardinalis*
 2030 ————— *nivosa*, Swains. Exot. Conch.
 2031 ————— *terebralis*
 2032 ————— *adusta*
 2033 ————— *granulosa*
 2034 ————— *crocata*
 2035 ————— *casta*
 2036 ————— *olivaria*
 2037 ————— *granatina*
 2038 ————— *scabriuscula*
 2039 ————— *crenifera*
 2040 ————— *serpentina*
 2041 ————— *tæniata*
 2042 ————— *Regina*, Swains.
 2043 ————— *plicaria*
 2044 ————— *corrugata*

- 2045 *Mitra costellaris*
 2046 ——— *lyrata*
 2047 ——— *Melongena*
 2048 ——— *Vulpecula*
 2049 ——— *Caffra*, *M. bifasciata*, Swains.
 2050 ——— *Sanguisuga*. This and the following
 are undoubtedly variations of the same spe-
 cies, only differing in the arrangement of
 their colours.
 2051 ——— *stigmataria*
 2052 ——— *filosa*, three distinct varieties
 2053 ——— *lactea*
 2054 ——— *cornicularis*
 2055 ——— *striatula* ?
 2056 ——— *Tringa* ?
 2057 ——— *melaniana*, an *Mitra carbonaria*, Sw.?
 2058 ——— *scutulata*
 2059 ——— *Dactylus*
 2060 ——— *crenulata*
 2061 ——— *texturata*
 2062 ——— *limbifera*
 2063 ——— *aurantiaca*
 2064 ——— *paupercula*
 2064_a ——— *retusa*, *Voluta Vacca*, Sol.
 2065 ——— *cucumerina*
 2066 ——— *torulosa* ? several varieties
 2067 ——— *Ebenus*
 2068 ——— *semifasciata* ?
 2069 ——— *microzonina*
 2070 ——— *dermestina*
 2071 ——— *pertusa* var. Swains. Zool. Ill.
 2072 ——— *rigida*, Swains. Zool. Ill.
 2073 ——— *vittata*, Swains. Zool. Ill.
 2074 ——— *contracta*, Swains. Zool. Ill.
 2075 ——— *scabricula*, Chemn. xi. t. 179, f. 1729-30
 2076 ——— *granosa*, Chemn. x. t. 151, f. 1442-3
 2077 ——— *cruentata*, Chemn. x. t. 151, f. 1438-9
 2078 ——— *subdivisa*, Chemn. x. t. 151, f. 1434-5

- 2079 *Mitra* ead. var. Chemn. x. t. 151, f. 1436-7
 2080 ——— *cancellata*? Swains. Zool. Ill.
 2081 ———
 2082 ———
 2083 ———
 2084 ——— *porcata*, *Vol. porcata*, Sol.
 2085 ———
 2086 ———
 2087 ———
 2088 ——— *inops*, *Voluta Inops*. Sol.
 2089 ——— *matronalis*, *Voluta matronalis*, Sol.
 2090 ———
 2091 ———
 2092 ———
 2093 ———
 2094 ——— *succincta*, Swains. see Appendix
 2095 ——— *sulcata*, Id.
 2096 ——— *leucostoma*, Id.
 2097 ——— *rugosa*, Id.
 2098 ——— an *M. tæniatæ* var.? Id.
 2099 ——— ——— remarkable for its resemblance
 to an *Oliva*.

CONOHELIX, Swains.

- 2100 *Conohelix marmorata*, Swains. Zool. Ill.
 2101 ——— *lineata*, Swains. Zool. Ill.

VOLUTA.

- 2102 *Voluta nautica*
 2103 ——— *Diadema*
 2104 ——— *armata*
 2105 ——— *ducalis*
 2106 ——— *Æthiopica*
 2107 ——— *Melo*, in several stages of growth and
 varieties
 2108 ——— *Neptuni*
 2109 ——— *Cymbium*

- 2110 Voluta Olla; (*a*) monstrosa
 2111 ——— proboscidalis
 2112 ——— porcina
 2113 ——— Scapha
 2114 ——— Brasiliana
 2115 ——— an testæ juniores Volutæ Neptuni
 2116 ——— testæ juniores, Vol. Cymbiolarum
 2117 ——— imperialis
 2118 ——— Pellis-Serpentis
 2119 ——— Vespertilio; (*a*) tuberculis obtusis; colore carneo, rubro-variegato
 2120 ——— mitis
 2121 ——— nivosa
 2122 ——— serpentina
 2123 ——— Hebræa
 2124 ——— Musica; (*a*) monstrosa.
 2125 ——— Thiarella
 2126 ——— polyzonalis
 2127 ——— Guinaica
 2128 ——— carneolata
 2129 ——— sulcata
 2130 ——— magnifica
 2131 ——— Ancilla
 2132 ——— Magellanica
 2133 ——— Pacifica
 2134 ——— fulminata
 2135 ——— undulata
 2136 ——— Lapponica
 2137 ——— Vexillum; (*a*) tuberculis obsoletis
 2138 ——— volvacea, *Mart. Conch.* III. t. 95. f. 922-3
 2139 ——— Nucleus
 2140 ——— lyrata, *Humphrey's MS.*?
 2141 ——— angulata, *Swains. Exot. Conch.*
 2142 ——— marmorata, *Swains. Exot. Conch.*
 2143 ——— Zebra, *Leach's Misc. Zool.* Marginella radiata, *Lam.*
 2144 ——— lineata, *Leach's Misc. Zool.*; (*a*) var. lineis aurantiacis pallidis

- 2145 *Voluta Cymbiola*, Chemn. x. t. 148, f. 1385, 1386,
Vol. calcarata, Sol. MS. —*Obs.* This fine shell
 was originally in the celebrated Portland
 Cabinet, No. 4036
- 2146 ——— *pulchra*
- 2147 ——— *fusiformis*, Swains. in Bligh Catalogue
- 2148 ——— *papillosa*, Swains. in Bligh Catalogue
- 2149 ——— *Fulgetrum*
- 2150 ——— *Aulica*, Solander.—*Obs.* An extremely
 scarce and fine shell; the only specimen we
 have seen

MARGINELLA.

- 2151 *Marginella glabella*
- 2152 ——— *amantiaca?*
- 2153 ——— *nuberculata*
- 2154 ——— *carulescens*, several varieties
- 2155 ——— *quinque-plicata*
- 2156 ——— *limbata*
- 2157 ——— *bifasciata*
- 2158 ——— *Faba*
- 2159 ——— *bivaricosa*
- 2160 ——— *longivaricosa*
- 2161 ——— *bullata*.—*Obs.* Lamarck refers to
 figures of two very distinct shells under this
 name; the specimens that exist in this collec-
 tion are the same as Chemnitz's, x. t. 150,
 f. 1409, 1410, and as the specimen referred to
 by Swainson in the Bligh Catalogue.
- 2162 ——— *Persicula*
- 2163 ——— *lineata*
- 2164 ——— *interrupta?*
- 2165 ——— *undulata*, *Voluta glabella undulata*,
Chemn. x. t. 150, f. 1423, 1424. *V. Strigata*,
Dillw.
- 2166 ——— *marginata*, *Vol. marginata*, *Chemn.*
 x. t. 150, f. 1421

- 2194 *Cypræa Mauritianæ*
 2195 ——— *stercoraria*
 2196 ——— *Scurra*
 2197 ——— *testudinaria*
 2198 ——— *Exanthema and cervina*
 2199 ——— *Argus*
 2200 ——— *Talpa*
 2201 ——— *Isabella*
 2202 ——— *lurida*
 2203 ——— *cinerea*
 2204 ——— *carneola*
 2205 ——— *arenosa*
 2206 ——— *sulcidentata*
 2207 ——— *achatina*
 2208 ——— *Aurora*
 2209 ——— *tessellata*
 2210 ——— *Vitellus*
 2211 ——— *Lynx*
 2212 ——— *Tigris*
 2213 ——— *pantherina*
 2214 ——— *Onyx*
 2215 ——— *Pyrum*
 2216 ——— *undata*
 2217 ——— *Zigzag*
 2218 ——— *clandestina*; (*a*) var. *cingulo transverso, elevato*
 2219 ——— *Asellus*
 2220 ——— *interrupta*
 2221 ——— *Hirundo*
 2222 ——— *stolida, C. rubiginosa vulgò*
 2223 ——— *punctata*
 2224 ——— *tabescens?*
 2225 ——— *cylindrica*
 2226 ——— *cribraria*
 2227 ——— *fimbriata*
 2228 ——— *felina*
 2229 ——— *erronea*
 2230 ——— *zonata*

- 2231 *Cypræa sanguinolenta*
 2232 ——— *cruenta*
 2233 ——— *Caurica*
 2234 ——— *Moneta*
 2235 ——— *obvelata*
 2236 ——— *Annulus*
 2237 ——— *Caput-Serpentis*
 2238 ——— *Mus*
 2239 ——— *angustata*
 2240 ——— *spadicea*
 2241 ——— *Turdus*
 2242 ——— *spurca*
 2243 ——— *gangrenosa*
 2244 ——— *erosa*
 2245 ——— an varietas *C. erosæ*? an species distincta? testâ subtus albidâ, fusco-purpureo lineatâ et punctatâ
 2246 ——— *ocellata*
 2247 ——— *Lamarckii*
 2248 ——— *Listeri*
 2249 ——— *Helvola*
 2250 ——— *poraria*
 2251 ——— *albuginosa*
 2252 ——— *staphylæa*, numerous specimens and varieties
 2253 ——— *pustulata*
 2254 ——— *Madagascariensis*
 2255 ——— *Nucleus*
 2256 ——— *Cicerula*
 2257 ——— *Globulus*
 2258 ——— *Childreni*
 2259 ——— *lentiginosa*, *C. sabulosa*, Sol. MS.
 2260 ——— *umbilicata*, Nobis, see Appendix
 2261 ——— *melanostoma*, Leathes MS. see Appendix
 2262 ——— *aperta*, Swainson, in Bligh Catalogue.

Obs. This shell accords perfectly with Lamarck's description of *C. Oniscus*, but it does not agree with the figure of Martini which he cites.

- 2263 *Cypræa radians*, Lam.
 2264 ——— *Pediculus*, Lam.
 2265 ——— *Oryza*, Lam. *nivea*, Leathes MS.
 2266 ——— *ovulata*, Lam,
 2267 ——— *Europea*, Mont.
 2268 ——— *Margarita*, Dillw.
 2269 ——— *exilis*, *Gmel.*
 2270 ———
 2271 ———
 2272 ——— *pellucida*, Leathes MS.
 2273 ——— *conspurcata*, Id.
 2274 ——— *Pulex*
 2275 ———
 2276 ——— *rosea*
 2277 ———
 2278 ———

TEREBELLUM.

- 2279 *Terebellum subulatum*

ANCILLARIA.

- 2280 *Ancillaria candida*, Swains. in Journ. of Science, Lit. and Arts, No. 36.
 2281 ——— *cinnamomea*, Id.
 2282 ——— *fulva*, Id.
 2283 ——— *ventricosa*, Id.
 2284 ——— *marginata*, Id. var. *immaculata*
 2285 ——— *Tankervillii*, Id.—*Obs.* Without entering into a particular description of this shell, we shall merely remark that there is a small tooth near the base of the outer lip; and that near the base of the body volution, and between it and the inner lip, are to be observed two grooves, of which the upper one is much the deeper, corresponding to the grooves formed by the lower part of the umbilicus in *A. glabrata*. Three specimens of

this shell were in Mr. G. Humphrey's collection.

- 2286 *Ancillaria balteata*, Id.
 2287 ——— *glabrata*, Id.
 2288 ——— *aperta*
 2289 ——— *albifasciata*?—*Obs.* This shell does not accord well with Swainson's description of *A. albifasciata*; we have not, however, ventured to describe it as distinct, because we have no authentic specimen of his *A. albifasciata* to compare it with.

OLIVA.

- 2290 *Oliva porphyria*
 2291 ——— *textilina*
 2292 ——— *erythrostoma*
 2293 ——— *Pica*
 2294 ——— *tremulina*
 2295 ——— *angulata*
 2296 ——— *Maura*
 2297 ——— *Sepulturalis*
 2298 ——— *fulminans*
 2299 ——— *elegans*
 2300 ——— *episcopalis*
 2301 ——— *venulata*?
 2302 ——— *guttata*; (*a*) var. *alba*
 2303 ——— *reticularis*
 2304 ——— *flammulata*
 2305 ——— *araneosa*
 2306 ——— *litterata*
 2307 ——— *tricolor*
 2308 ——— *sanguinolenta*
 2308_a ——— *mustelina*
 2308_b ——— *lugubris*
 2309 ——— *funeraria*?
 2310 ——— *Senegalensis*
 2311 ——— *fusiformis*

- 2312a *Oliva undata*
 2312b ——— *inflata*
 2312c ——— *bicincta*
 2313 ——— *harpularia*
 2314 ——— *ustulata*
 2315 ——— *tessellata*
 2316 ——— *carneola*
 2317 ——— *ispidula*
 2318 ——— *candida*
 2319 ——— *tigrina*
 2320 ——— *Brasiliana*
 2321 ——— *utriculus*
 2322 ——— *auricularia*
 2323 ——— *acuminata*
 2324 ——— *subulata?*
 2325 ——— *hiatula; (a) var. alba*
 2326 ——— *conoidalis*
 2327 ——— *eburnea*
 2328 ——— *nana*
 2329 ——— *Oryza*
 2330 ——— *splendidula*
 2331 ——— *patula, Voluta patula, Sol. MS.*
 2331a ——— *var.*
 2332 ——— *biplicata*
 2333 ——— *columellaris*
 2334 ——— *var. monstrosa, labio externo reflexo.*
 2335 ——— *var. O. Mauræ, monstrosa, anfractibus*
 supernè angulato-depressis, ambulacrum pla-
 num spirale efformante.
 2336 ——— *var. monstrosa, sulco suturali maximo,*
 marginibus subreflexis.
 2337 ——— *var. O. ispidulæ, testâ subfuscâ, cingulo*
 elevato, centrali, pallidiore. From Ceylon.

CONUS.

- 2338 *Conus marmoreus*
 2339 ——— *Bandanus*
 2340 ——— *nocturnus*

- 2341 *Conus Nicobaricus*
 2342 ——— *araneosus*
 2343 ——— *zonatus*, several fine varieties
 2344 ——— *imperialis*
 2345 ——— *fuscatus*
 2346 ——— *viridulus*
 2347 ——— *regius*, two remarkably fine specimens
 2348 ——— *Cedo-nulli*
 2349 ——— *aurantiaca*
 2350 ——— *nebulosa*
 2351 ——— *minimus*, two varieties
 2352 ——— *sulcatus*
 2353 ——— *Hebræus*
 2354 ——— *vermiculatus*; (*a*) var. *testâ longitudinaliter costata*, *costis granosis*
 2355 ——— *arenatus*; (*a*) var. [*b*] *Lam. punctis minutissimis, spirâ acutâ*; (*b*) var. [*c*] *Lam. granulosa*; (*c*) specimen with its epidermis
 2356 ——— *pulicarius*
 2357 ——— *fustigatus*
 2358 ——— *obesus*
 2359 ——— *varius*
 2360 ——— *Tulipa*
 2361 ——— *Geographus*; (*a*) specimen with its epidermis
 2362 ——— *punctatus*
 2363 ——— *tæniatus*
 2364 ——— *Ceylanensis*
 2365 ——— *miliaris*
 2366 ——— *Mus*
 2367 ——— *lividus*
 2368 ——— *Cardinalis*
 2369 ——— *Magellanicus* var.
 2370 ——— *distans*
 2371 ——— *sponsalis*
 2372 ——— *pusillus*
 2373 ——— *asper*

- 2374 *Conus millepunctatus*
 2375 ——— *litteratus*
 2376 ——— *eburneus*
 2377 ——— *tessellatus*
 2378 ——— *Generalis*, many varieties
 2379 ——— *Maldivus*
 2380 ——— *Malaccanus*
 2381 ——— *lineatus*
 2382 ——— *Monile*
 2383 ——— *Centurio*
 2384 ——— *vitulinus*
 2385 ——— *vulpinus*
 2386 ——— *flavidus*
 2387 ——— *Virgo*
 2388 ——— *Daucus*
 2389 ——— *Pastinaca*
 2390 ——— *Capitaneus*
 2391 ——— *Classiarius*
 2392 ——— *mustelinus*
 2393 ——— *Vexillum*
 2394 ——— *Sumatrensis*
 2395 ——— *Miles*
 2396 ——— *Ammiralis*.—*Obs.* It is needless to enumerate the varieties of this beautiful shell; it is sufficient to state that the series consists of several specimens of extraordinary size and brilliancy, together with three specimens of the granulated variety.
 2397 ——— *Genuanus*
 2398 ——— *papilionaceus*
 2399 ——— *Siamensis*
 2400 ——— *Prometheus*
 2401 ——— *glaucus*
 2402 ——— *Suratensis*
 2403 ——— *Monachus*
 2404 ——— *Achatinus*
 2405 ——— *cinereus*
 2406 ——— *stramineus*

- 2407 Conus Mercator
- 2408 ——— ochraceus
- 2409 ——— betulinus
- 2410 ——— figulinus, and varieties
- 2411 ——— quercinus
- 2412 ——— Proteus
- 2413 ——— leoninus
- 2414 ——— Augur
- 2415 ——— fulgurans
- 2416 ——— acuminatus; (a) monstrum
- 2417 ——— Amadis
- 2418 ——— Janus
- 2419 ——— Lithoglyphus
- 2420 ——— testudinarius
- 2421 ——— Quæstor? C. characteristicus, Chemn.
- 2422 ——— Mozambicus
- 2423 ——— guinaicus
- 2424 ——— Franciscanus
- 2425 ——— Rattus
- 2426 ——— Catus
- 2427 ——— puncticulatus
- 2428 ——— Mindanus
- 2429 ——— Columba
- 2430 ——— Tinianus
- 2431 ——— amabilis
- 2432 ——— Omaïcus
- 2433 ——— nobilis
- 2434 ——— nobilis var. b.
- 2435 ——— Aurisiacus
- 2436 ——— striatus
- 2437 ——— Gubernator
- 2438 ——— granulatus
- 2439 ——— Terebra
- 2440 ——— Raphanus
- 2441 ——— Magus
- 2442 ——— Spectrum; (a) var. fulvo nebulosa
- 2443 ——— bullatus
- 2444 ——— Cervus, testæ juniores

2445 *Conus Stercus muscarum*

2446 ——— *Timorensis?* *C. vespertinus*, tab. nost.—

Obs. This shell accords perfectly well with Lamarek's description of *Conus Timorensis*, but the figure to which he refers is far from exhibiting the elegant form of our shell, probably on account of its having been drawn from a bad specimen. This cone is named "*vespertinus, the Sun-set*," on a ticket in George Humphrey's hand-writing in the collection.

2447 ——— *nimbosus*

2448 ——— *Dux*

2449 ——— *tendineus*

2450 ——— *Glans*

2451 ——— *Nussatella*

2452 ——— *Aulicus*

2453 ——— *Auratus?*

2454 ——— *Clavus*

2455 ——— *auricomus*

2456 ——— *Omaria*

2457 ——— *rubiginosus*

2458 ——— *pennaceus*

2459 ——— *Archiepiscopus*

2460 ——— *Abbas*

2461 ——— *Legatus*

2462 ——— *Textile*, numerous varieties

2463 ——— *Gloria-Maris*

2464 ——— *Australis*

2464 ——— *Mediterraneus*

2466 ———

2467 ———

2468 ———

2469 ———

2470 ——— ————— *Encycl. Meth. t. 343, f. 5.*

2471 ———

2472 ———

2473 ———

- 2474 *Conus*
 2475 ———
 2476 ———
 2477 ———
 2478 ———
 2479 ———

SPIRULA.

- 2480 *Spirula Peronii*

NAUTILUS.

- 2481 *Nautilus Pompilius*
 2482 ——— *umbilicatus*
 2483 ———

ARGONAUTA.

- 2484 *Argonauta Argo*
 2485 ——— *tuberculosus*
 2486 ——— *nitidus*
 2487 ———

APPENDIX.



22. SERPULA FUSCATA.

S. testâ irregulariter contortâ; lineis elevatis, interruptis, obsoletiusculis; colore violaceo-fusco.

Obs. A specimen of this shell is named *Serpula fuscata* in Mr. Geo. Humphrey's collection. The tube is very large, being more than an inch wide in some parts.

23. SERPULA MAXIMA.

S. testâ irregulariter contortâ, læviusculâ, carinâ dorsali antice in spinam nonnunquam desinente: aperturâ expansâ, testarum juniorum subtrigonâ, operculo corneo.

Obs. Several specimens of this species exist in the collection; they are attached to, and some of them deeply imbedded in coral. It is a very large species, the tubes being almost an inch wide. The aperture in the older shells is round.

24. SERPULA TRICUSPIDATA.

S. testâ elongatâ, tenui, trigonâ, basi affixâ, demum porrectâ; carinâ dorsali primâ denticulatâ; aperturâ tricuspidatâ.

Obs. Two specimens of *Terebratula vitrea* in this collection are adorned with several of this singular species of *Serpula*, which does not appear to be noticed either by Lamarck or Dillwyn, although it has been long known to collectors.

58. ASPERGILLUM SPARSUM.

A. vaginâ lævi, disco postico fimbriâ radiatâ circumdato, tubulis fimbriæ majusculis, poris disci postici majusculis, sparsis.

Obs. It is rather doubtful which of the two species in this collection (leaving *A. vaginiferum* out of the question) ought to be considered as *A. Javanum* and which is undescribed by Lamarck. The great differences consist in the number and size of the tubes of which the radiated fringe is composed, and in the number and size of the perforations in the disk, both of which, in the species I have here called *A. sparsum*, are twice as large and not half so numerous as in that which I have considered as *A. Javanum*.

116. MACTRA ELEGANS.

M. testâ rotundato-trigonâ, tumidâ, tenui, anticè acutè carinatâ, superficie eleganter concentricè sulcatâ; sulcis rotundatis.

Obs. A much rounder and more tumid shell than *Macra plicataria*.

117. MACTRA ASPERSA.

M. testâ ellipticâ, inæquilaterali, antico latere postico duplò longiore, umbonibus subprominentibus, superficie sulcis transversis obsoletiusculis; colore albido, fusco asperso.

Obs. This shell resembles *Venus virginea* in general form, like that shell it is smooth and slightly grooved transversely; it is, however, of a whitish colour speckled with brown.

121. CRASSATELLA RADIATA.

C. testâ arcuatâ, anticè acutè rostratâ, carinatâ; superficie arcuato-sulcatâ, maculis spadiceis interruptis radiatâ.

Obs. An interesting and beautiful small shell, with whose locality we are not acquainted; it is, however, probably from New Holland.

150. PSAMMOTÆA CARNEA.

P. testâ ovali, subgibbosâ, carneâ, umbonibus profundioribus.

184. TELLINA PULCHERRIMA.

T. testâ transversim oblongâ, latere altero rotundato, altero acutangulo; pallidâ, roseo radiatâ, disco centrali læviusculo, obliquè striato, extremitatibus squamuloso-asperis: intus pallidè aurantiacâ.

198. TELLINIDES OVALIS.

T. testâ ovali, læviusculâ, subæquilaterali, latere altero rotundato, altero subangulato; roseâ, radiis exiguis albidis.

199. TELLINIDES EMARGINATUS.

T. testâ oblongâ, inæquilaterali, læviusculâ, latere antico brevior, subangulato et emarginato; plicaturâ in utrâque valvâ symmetricâ.

Obs.—The posterior side is rounded and double the length of the anterior: the umbones are pale orange colour, and within there are two darker oblong orange spots passing from the umbo to each muscular impression in each valve. From Brazil.

200. TELLINIDES TRUNCATULUS.

T. testâ oblongâ, inæquilaterali, lævi, latere antico brevior, rotundato-truncato, plicaturâ obsoletiusculâ in utrâque valvâ symmetricâ.

Obs.—In general form this nearly resembles the last, the anterior side is, however, proportionably rather longer: the fold in the anterior side does not

form a deep groove as in the last, nor is there an evident notch in the edge: the shell is white and its umbones are pale orange within and without. From the East Indies.

201. *TELLINIDES POLITUS*.

T. testâ obliquè subtrigonâ, politâ, latere postico breviorè, rotundato; antico prominente, lineis excentricis, elevatis, sparsis.

Obs.—Of a pale testaceous colour and with a shining surface: its locality is unknown to us.

226. *DONAX TRANSVERSA*.

D. testâ transversim elongatâ, lævi; latere postico brevi, biangulato, carinato, obliquè truncato, longitudinaliter sulcato; extus albidâ; fulvo obsolete radiatâ.

Obs.—This is longer in a transverse direction than any other species we know.

354*b*. *VENERICARDIA CRASSICOSTATA*.

V. testâ cordatâ, tumidâ, posticè angulatâ; costis 22 crassis, depressis, lateribus angulatis, irregulariter crenatis.

Obs. A single valve, white within, and varied on the outside with pink, orange, crimson, and dark brown.

398. *CARDITA SQUAMOSUS*.

C. testâ oblongâ, costis 16, squamosis, squamis albis.

Obs. A very pretty little shell, from Pulo Condore

399. *CARDITA SQUAMIFERUS*.

C. testâ oblongâ, anticè coarctatâ, costis 12 squamiferis; squamis latis.

Obs. Three of the ribs are [much larger and broader than the remaining nine, and the posterior part of the shell is rather flattened.

400. CARDITA INCRASSATUS.

C. testâ oblongâ, anticè brevi, costis 16 incrassatis, rotundatis, crenatis; interstitiis angustis.

Obs. There are two specimens of this shell, which do not accord with any of the representations of *Cardita sulcatus*, though it is commonly known by the name of *Chama antiquata*.

531. PINNA SERRATA.

P. testâ tenui, subpellucidâ, corneâ, costis radiantibus creberrimis, concinnè et minutissimè muricatis, latere altero acutissimo, altero retuso, margine cardinis recto, in utrâque valvâ serrifero.

Obs. A most elegant shell, somewhat resembling *P. pectinata* in appearance; its most remarkable character is its double row of spines on the hinge margin.

531a. PINNA ATRO-PURPUREA.

P. testâ atro-purpurea, costis radiantibus, muticis, distantibus; margine cardinali longitudinem lateralis æquante latere postico arcuato.

692. CHITON LATUS.

C. testâ latâ, valvis arcuatis, lævibus, creberrimè sulcatis, olivaceis, albido-punctulatis.

Obs. The locality is not known.

693. CHITON RUGULOSUS.

C. testâ, valvarum parte medianâ longitudinaliter rugulosâ, laterali concinnè radiatâ.

794. FISSURELLA APERTA.

F. testâ ovatâ, carneâ, fusco-radiatâ, margine integrâ, albâ, depressâ; foramine ovato, magno: long. 1 unc. lat. $\frac{1}{2}$ unc.

Obs. There are two specimens of this shell, which is easily distinguished by its large ovate, entire foramen, independently of the depressed white margin, which is probably caused by the mantle of the animal overlapping the edge of the shell.

795. FISSURELLA CLYPEIFORMIS.

F. testâ ovato-oblongâ, depressiusculâ, lævi, extus fuscâ; foramine elongato, intus integro, extus lateribus coarctatis, utrinque unidentatis; margine undulatâ; infrâ albidâ: long. $2\frac{8}{10}$ unc. lat. $1\frac{7}{8}$ unc.

796. FISSURELLA CRENULATA.

F. testâ oblongo-ovatâ, depressâ, albâ; foramine ovato, integro; superficie striis confertis, radiantibus, decussatis; margine crenulatâ; long. $3\frac{4}{10}$ unc. lat. $2\frac{1}{10}$ unc.

Obs. Besides these three undescribed species there are the six following, viz. Nos. 797 to 802, which do not appear to be mentioned by Lamarck, yet we have not ventured to describe them, on account of the extreme difficulty of ascertaining whether or not they are already noticed.

808. SIPHONARIA GIGAS.

S. testâ suborbiculari, conicâ, radiatim carinato-costatâ, costis distantibus; vertice recto, centrali: long. $2\frac{5}{10}$ unc. lat. 2 unc.

Obs. This is the largest species of the genus we have seen: from Panama.

809. SIPHONARIA OBLIQUATA.

S. testâ oblongâ, extus radiatim obtusè costatâ; vertice subobliquè et posticè inclinato: long. $1\frac{9}{10}$ unc. lat. $1\frac{1}{10}$ unc.

Obs. From Van Diemen's Land; we had not seen these two species when we first described the genus.

821. CALYPTRÆA COMMA-NOTATA.

C. testâ suborbiculari, depresso-conicâ, vertice centrali, maculâ fuscâ, subconvolutâ, a vertice ad marginem decurrente.

Obs. From the coast of Guinea.

828. CREPIDULA ADUNCA.

C. testâ subovali, vertice adunco, margine undatâ, labio interno septiformi.

Obs. The internal septiform lip divides the cavity nearly in the middle—the upper being the smaller portion; this is very deep.

973. COCHLOGENA MAXIMA.

C. testâ oblongo-ovatâ, spirâ productâ, anfractibus rotundato-ventricosis, ore albo: long. 6 unc. lat. $3\frac{1}{2}$ unc.

Obs. Two specimens of this shell are in the collection. It is principally distinguished from the two following, viz. 974 and 975, by its size, its ventricose volutions, and its white lip. Locality unknown.

997. PARTULA UNIDENTATA.

P. testâ oblongo-ovatâ, anfractibus 4 ad 5, rotundatis; aperturâ castaneâ, labio externo internè unidentato, dente valido, obtuso.

Obs. About two inches long and one broad, of a pale rose colour; edge of the aperture chesnut. Locality unknown.

1015. CYCLOSTOMA FIMBRIATULUM.

C. testâ obtusè conicâ, umbilicatâ, acfractibus 4, ventricosis, transversim sulcatis, creberrimè decussatis, suturis profundis; labii margine plicato-fimbriato: long. $\frac{5}{10}$ unc. lat. $\frac{6}{10}$ unc.

Obs. A very pretty little shell, bearing a considerable resemblance to No. 1014. From Jamaica.

1016. CYCLOSTOMA UNIFASCIATUM.

C. testâ ovato-conoideâ, apice truncatâ, lævi, umbilicatâ, anfractibus rotundatis; labio extus marginato: colore albido, fasciâ anfractuum fuscâ, unicâ. Long. $\frac{4}{10}$ unc. lat. $\frac{5}{20}$ unc.

Obs. From Guinea.

1024. HELICINA LENTICULARIS.

H. testâ globoso-lenticulari, carinatâ, lævi, supernè aurantiacâ, suturâ albâ; aperturâ extus angulatâ: subtus pallidâ, convexiusculâ; peristomate incrassato; columellâ basi callosâ, aurantiacâ.

Obs. This little shell approaches very near to *H. viridis*, *Gray*, in general form, but is easily distinguished. From the South Sea Islands: one specimen.

1036. LIMNÆA TIMORENSIS.

L. testâ sinistrorsâ, oblongâ, spirâ acuminatâ, lævi, tenuiter striatâ, anfractibus quinque rotundatis, ultimo majusculo: aperturâ oblongâ, labio interno minimè expanso. Long. $\frac{8}{10}$ unc. lat. $\frac{9}{20}$ unc.

Obs. From Timor.

1039. LIMNÆA SUBGLOBOSA.

L. testâ ovato-subglobosâ, spirâ brevissimâ, acutiusculâ; anfractu ultimo ventricosô; aperturâ amplâ.

Long. $\frac{7}{10}$ unc. lat. $\frac{5}{10}$ unc.

Obs. This is the roundest species of *Limnæa* I have seen, it is of a dirty black colour, the lips very thin, hornlike, and of a pale colour. Locality unknown.

1048a. MELANIA INERMIS.

M. testâ obovatâ, lævi, fuscâ, anfractibus 3 ad 4, ventricosis, suturâ validâ; aperturâ lacteâ, margine nigro: long. 1 unc. lat. $\frac{7}{10}$ unc.

Obs. If the characters of the aperture were not carefully observed, this shell would be ranked with the *Paludinæ*. Both the specimens in this collection are eroded at the apices. From Georgia. *Helix imperfecta*, Budgen MS. We have named it *inermis*, because, though nearly resembling *M. Amarula* in general appearance, it is destitute of spines.

1056. MELANOPSIS LABIATA.

M. testâ ellipticâ, tuberculato-tricarinatâ, spirâ brevi, acuminatâ, aperturâ ovatâ; labio columellari incrassato, expanso, infra calloso: intus albâ, castaneo-trifasciatâ. Long $\frac{5}{10}$ unc. lat. $\frac{7}{10}$ unc.

Obs. *Buccinum olivaceum*, Solander MS. The small knotted greenish *Buccinum*, Budgin MS.

1069. PALUDINA OLIVACEA.

P. testâ sinistrorsâ, oblongâ, lævi, olivaceâ, anfractibus 5 ad 6, ultimo maximo; umbilico parvo; aperturâ ovatâ, supernè acutâ: long. $2\frac{1}{10}$ unc. lat. $1\frac{5}{10}$ unc.

Obs. This is the only specimen of this fine shell we have ever seen. We have rather doubted whe-

ther it should be placed here or in Ampullaria, nevertheless in those few particulars in which the Paludinæ differ from the Ampullariæ, this shell accords more nearly with the Paludinæ. Locality unknown.

1070. PALUDINA BICOLOR.

P. testâ oblongo-conicâ, apice obtuso, anfractibus subquinis, convexiusculis, olivaceis, strigis quatuor vel quinque transversis, elevatis, fuscis ornata: long. $\frac{17}{20}$ unc. lat. $\frac{11}{20}$ unc.

Obs. From Canton. I have long known this shell, but do not find it described anywhere.

1089. AMPULLARIA MEGASTOMA.

A. testâ subglobosâ, longitudinaliter undulato-striatâ; spirâ brevissimâ, depressâ; anfractu ultimo maximo, superne rotundato-angulato; umbilico minimo, juxta labii columellaris medium posito; aperturâ amplissimâ, supernè subangulatâ, infra rotundatâ: latitudine longitudinem fere æquante.

Obs. The only specimen of this singular shell that we have seen; it is about three inches long, the same in breadth, and of a pale colour, with transverse fuscous bands; the inside is irregularly coloured with a brownish violaceous tinge. Locality unknown.

1092. NAVICELLA SUBORBICULARIS.

N. testâ suborbiculari, cavitate profundiore, vertice submarginali.

Obs. This species nearly resembles N. elliptica: its greater diameter is to its smaller as 5 to 4: its vertex is not quite marginal: it is white, with an orange spot within the vertex, and it is externally marked with triangular white spots, whose inter-

stices are finely reticulated with a dark violet colour. Epidermis of a light olivaceous brown. From Timor.

1094. NERITINA CANALIS.

N. testâ ovatâ, spirâ brevissimâ, obtectâ, labio externo in canalem ad sinistram inclinatam producto, labio columellari aurantiaco, obsoletè subdenticulato; epidermide nigerrimâ. Long. $\frac{8}{16}$, lat. 1 unc.

Obs. This shell very nearly resembles *N. pulligera*, we think, however, that it will be distinguished by the characters given above; its epidermis is very black, and its inner lip of a fine orange colour. All the specimens in this collection are rather smaller than the full grown *N. pulligera*. From the Islands of the South Seas.

1115. NERITINA GRANOSA.

N. testâ subrotundâ, compressiusculâ, subalatâ, albâ, epidermide nigrâ indutâ, extus granosâ, granis per series ordinatis; labii externi margine crenulato; subtus planulatâ, labio columellari lato, aurantiaco, margine interno sinuato, edentulo.

Obs. This singular "black tuberculated Nerite" is marked by Mr. Budgin "from a fresh-water stream in one of the South Sea Islands." There are several specimens in the collection, all of which have been pierced near the vertex, from which circumstance it is supposed that they have served as ornaments.

1170. NATICA VIOLACEA.

N. testâ conoideo-subglobulosâ, albâ, castaneo maculatâ et strigatâ; maculis per series quinque ordinatis; spirâ acutiusculâ, umbilico fere obtecto,

callo columellari roseo, operculo testaceo : long. $\frac{8}{10}$ unc. lat. $\frac{7}{10}$ unc.

Obs. A beautiful species from the East Indies.

1179. NATICA FLUCTUATA.

N. testâ subglobosâ, pallidâ, lineis albis longitudinalibus flexuosis angulatim pictâ; spirâ brevissimâ, acutâ; aperturâ magnâ, supernè acutâ, infra effusâ, rotundatâ; umbilico angusto, tecto; callo columellari expanso, infra albo, crasso, supernè castaneo, tenuiore : long. $1\frac{7}{10}$ unc. lat. $1\frac{5}{10}$ unc.

Obs. This is the finest specimen I have ever seen of this extremely rare shell. Besides the longitudinal white zigzag lines upon a fawn coloured ground, there are four transverse bands, very little darker than the ground colour itself. The dark chesnut edging to the expanded columellar callus is a principal character of this shell.

1236. PYRAMIDELLA SOLIDA.

P. testâ conico-turritâ, lævi, albidâ, maculis fuscis, oblongis conspersâ: anfractibus 9, breviusculis, supernè depressione angustissimâ; umbilico parvo, rimâ circumdato : long. $1\frac{1}{10}$ unc. lat. $\frac{1}{2}\frac{5}{10}$ unc.

Obs. Besides the dark brown blotches, the shell is mottled all over with brownish. From Tranquebar.

1401. TURBO BICARINATUS.

T. testâ subrhomboideâ, albâ, epidermide lutescente indutâ; anfractibus tribus, ultimo maximo, carinis duabus validis, setosis, setis per fasciculos minimos aggregatis; umbilico parvo, subtecto, extus carinato, carinâ setosâ; aperturâ subtrigonâ, magnâ, infra subcanaliferâ, labio columellari planulato,

columellæ basi angulatâ: long. $1\frac{4}{10}$ lat. $1\frac{4}{10}$ unc.

Obs. A very singular shell, which we have placed in Turbo, because it approaches nearer to it in general form than to any other genus with which we are acquainted. We do not as yet know any of its affinities, though we have some reason for thinking it may be related to Cancellaria. Having given two representations of the shell, we shall not here describe it. We are informed that it was brought from Newfoundland.

1402. TURBO TÆNIATUS.

T. testâ orbiculari-subconicâ, tenui, lævissimâ, imperforatâ, albidâ, transversim rufo-vittata; anfractibus quinque rotundatis, ultimo multò majore; aperturâ ferè orbiculari, intùs margaritaceâ; columellâ subincrassatâ, extùs depressiusculâ: long. $1\frac{7}{20}$ unc. lat. 1 unc.

Obs. A shell which approaches very nearly in general form to Lamarck's Turbo diaphanus: it is of a cream colour, with eight or nine reddish bands: the sutures are indistinct, and it is a very thin shell. Its locality is unknown to us.

1418. PLANAXIS PLANICOSTATUS.

P. testâ oblongo-conicâ, profundè transversim sulcatâ, costis inter sulcos planulatis: colore fusco-nigricante, aperturâ pallidiore, columellâ albâ: long. $\frac{9}{10}$ unc. lat. $\frac{1}{2}$ unc.

Obs. From the Gallipagos Islands.

1439. TURRITELLA CINGULATA.

T. testâ albidâ vel pallidè castaneâ, anfractibus tricingulatis, cingulis castaneis, crenulatis: long. $2\frac{1}{10}$ lat. $\frac{1\frac{3}{4}}{20}$ unc.

Obs. The three crenulated transverse ridges form the characteristic feature of this species.

1442. TURRITELLA CINGULIFERA.

T. testâ transversè striatâ, albidâ, suturâ profundè impressâ, fuscâ : long. $\frac{8}{10}$ unc. lat. $\frac{2}{10}$ unc.

Obs. From the East Indies: a very common species.

1449. TURRITELLA SPIRATA.

T. testâ turritâ, albidâ, apice obtuso, anfractibus transversè costellatis, longitudinaliter fusco-fasciatis, supernè ad suturam depressione complanatâ conspicuâ ; aperturâ subrotundâ, labio externo integro, recto ; interno incrassato, reflexo : long. $1\frac{7}{10}$ unc. lat. $\frac{1}{2}$ unc.

Obs. From the Island St. Thomas. The point has probably been worn off, it has nevertheless been closed by the animal, so that it may be termed decollated. Two circumstances are remarkable in this shell, the broad flat depression of the upper part of the volutions, and the straight edge of the outer lip. Aware that it is generically distinguished by this latter circumstance from Turritella, we would not have added it to this genus had there been any more convenient place for it. Two other specimens are among the shells which I bought from G. Humphrey.

1503. PLEUROTOMA CRYPTORRHAPHE.

P. testâ turritâ, transversè striatâ umbilicatâ ; anfractibus infra medium unicarinatis, lineâ supernè infra suturam profundè impressâ ; caudâ brevi : long. $2\frac{1}{2}$ unc. lat. $\frac{3}{4}$ unc.

Obs. The keel appears to be placed in the middle of each volution, because the impressed line beneath the suture is much more conspicuous than the suture itself.

1533. TURBINELLA CHLOROSTOMA.

T. testâ ovali, albidâ longitudinaliter costatâ, transverse striatâ, apice acutiusculo; aperturæ margine denticulatâ, parte internâ luteâ, canalis basi fusco maculatâ: long. $\frac{3}{4}$ lat. $\frac{1}{2}$ unc.

Obs. Two specimens of this shell are in the collection, one of which is without spots, and the other has a row of dark chesnut spots along the middle of the last volution, and a few spots of the same colour close to the suture: the row of spots in the middle of the last volution is so arranged that one spot comes between each longitudinal rib.

1535. TURBINELLA FUSUS.

T. testâ ovato-fusiformi, apice basique acuminatis, striatis, anfractibus supernè obsolete nodulosis, suturâ canaliculatâ, columellâ 5 seu 6 plicatâ; long. 7 unc. lat. 3 unc.

Obs. Of this shell, which is nearly related to T. Scolymus, there are two specimens, of which one has lost its epidermis and has only five folds on the columella; and the other, which has six folds, retains its epidermis: this species has not the large tubercles of the upper part of the whorls that characterize T. Scolymus.

1543. CANCELLARIA OBLONGA.

C. testâ oblongâ, apice acuminatâ, basi rotundatâ, anfractibus 5, leviter ventricosis, concinnè decussatis: long. $1\frac{2}{10}$ lat. $\frac{6}{10}$ unc.

1544. CANCELLARIA NODULIFERA.

C. testâ ovato-ventricosâ, apice acuminatâ, anfractibus 6, carinato-noduliferis, ultimo transversim costato-striatâ, costis noduliferis, seriè superiore

maiore: labio externo crenulato; long. $2\frac{1}{5}$ unc.
 $1\frac{3}{5}$ unc.

Obs. This shell is of a pale yellowish brown colour, with a white band near the base of the last volution.

1552. FASCIOLARIA PAPILLOSA.

F. testâ fusiformi, apice papilloso, anfractibus transversè striatis, medianè nodosis; aperturâ intus lævi, caudâ longâ; long. $3\frac{7}{10}$ lat. $1\frac{3}{10}$ unc.

1553. FASCIOLARIA PRINCEPS.

F. testâ fusiformi, aurantiacâ, anfractibus 7 superioribus nodulosis, sulcatis, ultimo ventricosus, sulcis validis, distantibus; aperturâ transversè et interruptè rufo-lineata: operculo bifariam sulcato, radiato; long. 8 unc. lat. $3\frac{1}{4}$ unc.

Obs. This handsome and exceedingly scarce shell is covered with a dark brown epidermis.

1614. PYRULA VENTRICOSA, Nobis.

Ficus tenuis, magna, cancellata, &c. Martini, III. t. 66, f. 733.

P. testâ ficiformi, tenui, supernè ventricosâ, tenuissimè cancellatâ; costis transversis, rotundatis, distantibus; spirâ depressâ; colore albido, brunneo-nebuloso; costis pallidis, brunneo articulatis maculatis; aperturâ intus violaccâ: long. $4\frac{1}{4}$ unc. lat. $2\frac{5}{8}$ unc.

Obs. This fine shell appears to us to be very distinct from Lamarck's *P. reticulata*, and to accord extremely well with Martini's figure above cited. It is one of those remarkable shells commonly known in this country under the name of Figs, but we believe it to be an extremely rare species, as we have never met with another specimen. Its locality is unknown to us.

1615. PYRULA GRACILIS, Nobis.

P. testâ elongato ficiformi, tenui, albidâ, brunneo-nebulosâ, striis, longitudinalibus exilissimis; transversis eminentioribus, planulatis; aperturâ intus brunneâ, labio externo albido; long. $4\frac{4}{10}$ unc. lat. $2\frac{3}{10}$ unc.

Obs. A shell of more slender proportions than the other Figs, and apparently very distinguishable by the characters given above. There are several specimens in this collection, but the locality has not been preserved with any of them.

1629. PYRULA COARCTATA.

P. testâ pyriformi, transversè striatâ, albidâ, longitudinaliter strigis aurantiaco-brunneis ornatâ; anfractu ultimo ventricosò, ad basim subitò coarctato, in canalem longam decurrente, supernè noduloso-carinato; spirâ depressiusculâ, apice mammillari; aperturâ intus sulcatâ; columellâ obliquissimè uniplicatâ: long. $3\frac{7}{10}$ unc. lat. $1\frac{5}{20}$ unc.

Obs. This elegant shell very nearly resembles the *Pyrula Spirillus*, *Lam.* in general form, the fold at the base of its columella is, however, much more oblique, and its mammillary point much smaller; it is, moreover, differently marked. A reverse specimen of the same species is numbered 1630.

1631. PYRULA BULBUS.

P. testâ subglobosâ, lævi, pallidâ, longitudinaliter fusco-strigatâ, aperturâ oblongâ, amplâ; columellâ incrassatâ, medianè emarginatâ, basi acutiusculâ; caudâ recurvâ, bicarinatâ: spirâ brevissimâ, productiusculâ; long. $1\frac{3}{10}$ unc. lat. $1\frac{7}{10}$ unc.

Obs. This specimen has the outer edge of the inner lip of a fine violaceous colour. Locality unknown.

1634. STRUTHIOLARIA OBLITA.

Str. testâ subturritâ, anfractibus 2 vel 3 superioribus noduloso-carinatis, inferioribus supernè subcarinatis, lævibus, quasi pallio incolæ reflexo oblitis; labio externo acutiusculo; long. $1\frac{8}{10}$ lat. $\frac{12}{20}$ unc.

Obs. A remarkable species, inasmuch as the outer lip is thin and rather sharp-edged, and the lower volutions are smooth, as if they had been covered over by the mantle of the animal, being turned back when in motion, and depositing a thin coat of testaceous matter. A rare species, from New Zealand.

1641. RANELLA VERRUCOSA.

R. testâ acuminato-ovatâ, verrucosa, albâ, ultimo anfractu seriebus tribus verrucarum; maculâ fuscâ in summitatem singularum: labio interno transverse aurantiaco-lineato; long. $1\frac{5}{10}$ lat. $1\frac{2}{10}$ unc.

Obs. A very singular specimen, in shape resembling *R. bufonia*; its white warts with a dark brown spot at the top of each form its principal character.

1645. RANELLA PULCHELLA.

R. testâ fusiformi, albâ, anfractibus 7, cancellato-granulosis; suturis validis, varicibus latissimis, radiatim striatis, alternis striarum apicibus rotundatis, caudâ longiusculâ; long. $\frac{7}{8}$ unc. lat. $\frac{5}{8}$ unc.

Obs. This very pretty little shell is ticketed in Mr. G. Humphrey's hand-writing "*The Finned Frog, from Japan?*" A figure, probably drawn from a specimen of the same species, is to be seen in Chemn. xi. t. 193, f. 1860-1861, which, however, is referred to by Dillwyn as a variety of *Murex Gyrinus*, and by Chemnitz himself is called "*Varietas notabilis Mur. Gyrini, Lin.*"

1703. MUREX MONODON.

M. testâ subfusiformi, tenui, anfractibus 6 seu 7, rotundato-ventricosis, transversim costato-striatis, asperis, irregulariter subquadrifariam varicosis: varicibus spinis longis, recurvis, dentatis armatis; suturâ validâ; aperturâ subrotundâ, labio externo infra medium dente valido instructo; caudâ longiusculâ, subrecurvâ.

Martini Conch. Cabin. III. t. 105, f. 987, 980.

Obs. This shell, of which there are two specimens in the collection, appears to have been reckoned among the varieties of *Murex ramosus*; we think, however, that it is perfectly distinguished by a strong tooth placed below the centre of the outer lip, which is evident in all ages of the shell; a longitudinal tuberculated rib is observable between the varices of the upper volutions.

1704. MUREX MONODON Var.

M. testâ crassiore, spinis varicum brevioribus, anfractibus omnibus interstitiis tuberculiferis, suturâ læviore.

1789. STROMBUS CRENATUS.

S. testâ subovatâ, ventricosâ, lævi, spirâ brevi, mucronatâ, anfractibus prope suturas elevatiusculis, demum latè depressis, parte inferiore et ventricosiore profundè transversim sulcatâ; aperturâ amplâ, labio externo expanso, margine plicato, crenato; long. $7\frac{1}{2}$ unc. lat. $5\frac{1}{2}$ unc.

Obs. Three specimens of this fine shell, in various stages of growth, adorn this collection; they are of a light chesnut colour, mottled with white, and are all covered with a strong slightly foliaceous epidermis. The largest specimen does not appear to be full grown, for it has not thickened its outer lip, which is white within.

1791. STROMBUS RUGOSUS.

S. testâ oblongâ, longitudinaliter plicatâ, transversè striatâ, apice acuminatâ, anfractibus supernè nodulosis; ultimo anfractu alterâ tuberculorum minimorum serie instructo; aperturâ oblongâ, labio externo intus striato, columellari valido, supernè infraque transversim striato; suturâ crenulatâ: long. $1\frac{8}{10}$ lat. $\frac{8}{10}$ unc.

Obs. This shell approaches nearer to *S. plicatus* than to any other species; from that it is, however, distinguished by the second row of tubercles on the last volution, by its longer spire, and by its rugosity. The specimens are of a rusty brown colour, a little mottled with white. From the East Indies.

1792. STROMBUS GRACILIOR.

S. testâ ovato-oblongâ, apice acuminato-pyramidalis, ad basim transversè striatâ, pallidè aurantiacâ; anfractibus supernè nodulosis; labio interno tenui, expanso, externo dilatato, intus transversè leviter sulcato: long. $2\frac{5}{8}$ unc. lat. $1\frac{4}{8}$ unc.

Obs. A general resemblance is observable between this and *Str. Pugilis*, from which it is principally distinguished by its smaller size, its acutely pyramidal spire, and its more slender shape. It may possibly prove to be only a variety of that species.

1823. CASSIS CORONULATA.

C. testâ ovato-turgidâ, apice acuminatâ, lævi, albidâ, pallidè rufo-subtessellatâ; anfractibus supernè serie unicâ tuberculis subacutis coronulata, superioribus cancellatis; varicibus duobus ad quatuor rufo-maculatis; aperturâ elongatâ, labii columellaris margine inferiore simplice; columellâ basi sulcatâ: labio externo intus denticulato, dentibus obsoletis duobus vel tribus ad basim marginis.

Obs. This bears a great general resemblance to *Cassis glauca*, Lam. and might easily be mistaken for that species: the following are the particular characters by which it may be distinguished: a more elongated general form, its light brown markings upon a lightish ground colour, and its wanting the sharp teeth at the basal margin of the outer lip, as well as a projecting appendage at the corresponding base of the inner lip.

1824. CASSIS RINGENS, Swainson.

Obs. This shell cannot properly be arranged with the *Cassides*: in our opinion it forms a good genus, to which also *Dolium Pomum* should be referred. In the present Catalogue we have transferred the latter to the genus *Cassis*, in order that the two species might be brought close to each other. In this respect we have followed Swainson, notwithstanding our own conviction that they approach nearer in natural affinity to *Dolium*.

1826. CASSIS COARCTATA.

C. testâ cylindraceo-oblonga, læviuscula, albidâ, castaneo-variegatâ et interrupte fasciatâ, spirâ brevi, subacuminatâ; dorso seriebus quatuor tuberculorum subobsoletorum; aperturâ elongatâ, supernè coarctatâ; labio externo margine acutiusculo, intus dentato; columellâ plicatâ; long. $2\frac{8}{10}$ lat. $1\frac{5}{10}$ unc.

Obs. Certainly not a common species, though we have met with it several times. We believe it to be a New Zealand shell.

1958. BUCCINUM MELANOSTOMA.

B. testâ ovato-oblongâ, aurantiaco-ferrugineâ, transversè sulcatâ et striatâ, longitudinaliter undatâ,

anfractibus convexis, suturâ validâ, aperturâ ovatâ, labio interno fusco-nigricante, externo intus sulcato, albo, margine denticulato, aurantiaco, dente quinto ab basim prominente.

Obs. Six specimens in the collection all accord perfectly in the characters above given: the longitudinal undulations, or folds, are very prominent, and the transverse ribs, or grooves, run over them. It is remarkable that the fifth tooth from the base of the outer lip is the largest, and that it corresponds to a groove that is more deeply marked on the outside than the others. This shell resembles *B. Tranquebaricum* in general form; in the latter remarkable character, however, it will be found to differ materially. There are some fuscous spots sprinkled over the ribs.

1963. EBURNA PAPILLARIS.

E. testâ oblongo-conoideâ, politâ, albâ, punctulis numerosissimis fuscis; spiræ apice papilloso; anfractibus rotundatis, supernè depressis; columellæ basi acutâ: long. $1\frac{7}{8}$ lat. 1 unc.

Obs. One specimen of this pretty shell adorns this collection, it is the second that has come under our observation, another, which was in the African Museum, being in Mr. Broderip's possession. The species has not the spiral channel within, that distinguishes others of the genus.

1694. EBURNA AMBULACRUM.

E. testâ ovali, apice acuminatâ, lævi, albidâ, maculis transversè oblongis, fulvis: spirâ brevi, anfractibus ventricosis, supernè canaliculatis, umbilico valido, intus lævi: long. $1\frac{4}{5}$ lat. 1 unc.

Obs. This shell approaches very nearly to *E. spirata*, from which, however, it may be distinguished

by the more ventricose volutions and the regularity and smoothness of the inside of the umbilicus. We are informed by Mrs. Mawe that it has been received from Java.

1983. TEREBRA LINEOLATA.

Chemn. iv. t. 155, f. 1463.

T. testâ oblongâ, turritâ, lævi, albâ, lineolis longitudinalibus, subundatis, flavidis pictâ; anfractibus 7 rotundatis, basi sulcatis, margine superiore sulco valido prope suturam: long. $1\frac{2}{10}$ lat. $\frac{5}{10}$ unc.

Obs. The figure of Chemn. above quoted is referred to by Dillwyn as a representation of *Buccinum vittatum*, which our shell resembles in general form; the sutures, however, are not crenulated, and it has only one groove, close to the upper edge of each volution. From Tranquebar.

1984. TEREBRA STRIGATA.

T. testâ turrito-subulatâ, pallidâ, strigis longitudinalibus, fuscis, irregulariter ornatâ, anfractibus obliquè longitudinaliter subplicatis, lineâ impressâ centrali divisâ: long. $5\frac{1}{5}$ lat. $1\frac{1}{5}$ unc.

Obs. The colours of this shell resemble those of the Zebra, for which reason it may be considered a very handsome shell; and it is extremely rare, only a few specimens having been brought from the Panama.

1985. TEREBRA-FUSCO MACULATA.

T. testâ turrito-subulatâ, acutissimâ, pallidè fuscâ, anfractibus non ventricosus, lineâ impressâ supernè divisâ, superioribus obliquè longitudinaliter sulcatis, inferioribus læviusculis, fusco-maculatis; areâ inter suturam et lineam impressam sulcatâ, fusco-maculatâ; long. 4 unc. lat. $\frac{1}{2}\frac{3}{5}$ unc.

Obs. We have formerly received this shell from Senegal, wherefore we at first supposed it might be Lamarek's *T. Senegalensis*; upon examination, however, it does not accord with his description. Our shell is of a light brown colour, the upper part of the volutions above the impressed line are regularly spotted with dark brown; the spots on the lower part of the volutions are arranged in rows, the upper of which is contiguous to the impressed line. The grooves of the upper volutions are interrupted by the impressed line. In the larger specimens the grooves become obsolete on the lower volutions.

1986. TEREBA PUNCTULATA.

T. testâ turrito-subulatâ, læviusculâ, pallidè aurantico-fulvâ, lineâ prope suturam impressâ; suturâ validâ, crenulatâ; anfractibus planulatis, medianè lineis punctatis, transversis, plerumque duplicatis impressis; long. $2\frac{5}{16}$ lat. $\frac{5}{16}$ unc.

Obs. This shell is of an uniform pale orange brown colour throughout. In one specimen there are two pairs of transverse dotted lines on each volution, and in the other there is a single dotted line between the two pairs.

1987. TEREBA TRICOLOR.

T. testâ turrito-subulatâ, longitudinaliter obliquè striatâ, anfractibus planulatis, supernè pallidè luteis, infrâ carneo-fuscis, lineis duabus impressis, alterâ prope suturam, alterâ carmesinâ, ad basim notatâ, ultimo lineâ tertiâ, impressâ, basali, rubrâ, labio columellari elevato; long. $2\frac{4}{16}$ lat. $\frac{4}{16}$ unc.

Obs. There are two specimens of this shell, from the Island of St. Thomas: the upper part of each volution, above the first impressed line, is of a pale yellowish colour, the remainder of each volu-

tion being of a dark brownish flesh colour, and the lower impressed line of a bright crimson; on the last volution is another impressed crimson line near the base.

1989. TEREBRA NUBECULATA.

T. testâ turrito-subulatâ, albo et aurantiaco-nebulosâ, anfractibus longitudinaliter sulcatis, sulcis confertis, interstitiis sulcorum crenulatis, lineâ prope suturam punctis impressis notatâ; basi aurantiacâ; long. $2\frac{4}{10}$ lat. $\frac{2}{10}$ unc.

1990. TEREBRA NEBULOSA.

T. testâ turrito-subulatâ, læviusculâ, transversè obsoletè striatâ, albo et aurantiaco-nebulosâ, anfractibus superioribus longitudinaliter sulcatis, lineâ impressâ prope suturam notatâ; basi aurantiacâ; long. $2\frac{7}{10}$ lat. $\frac{2}{10}$ unc.

Obs. The two species above described approach each other very nearly in general appearance: in the latter the longitudinal grooves are more distant from each other, they do not extend to the lower volutions, and the space between the impressed line and the suture is rounder.

2014. COLUMBELLA FASCIATA.

C. testâ oblongâ, lævi, apice obtusâ, basi transversè sulcatâ, anfractibus albido fulvoque variegatis, supernè albis, suturâ validâ, sulco subobsoleto prope suturam: columellâ lævi; long. $1\frac{3}{10}$ lat. $\frac{7}{10}$ unc.

Obs. This is the largest species of Columbella we have seen; on a ticket in Mr. Budgin's hand-writing it is called "The white banded and variegated large Olive nut, from the East Indies, V. fasciata."

2094. MITRA SUCCINCTA, Swainson.

M. testâ ovato-fusiformi, albâ fusco-variâ; costis transversis carinatis, interstitiis serie binâ punctis, spirâ gracili, brevior; labio crenato.

Shell ovate-fusiform, with transverse carinated striæ, the interstices with a double series of punctured dots, white varied with brown; spire slender, rather short, lip crenated.

Obs. The shape and habit of this shell is intermediate between *M. granatina*, Lam. and *M. texturata*, having the more slender form of the first, and the shorter spire of the second. The whole shell is crossed by elevated, well defined, and somewhat carinated striæ, or rather ribs, sufficiently apart to admit of two series of linear punctures, divided by an indented line, between each rib. The spire is slender, and shorter than the aperture; and the outer lip obtusely crenated. The ground colour of the shell is white, marked by broad and somewhat interrupted shades of brown, disposed longitudinally; pillar 5 plaited. In another specimen the brown shades assumed the appearance of bead-like dots on the ribs.

2095. MITRA SULCATA, Swainson.

M. testâ parvâ, subconiformi, transversim sulcatâ, albâ griseo-variâ; fauce fuscâ; labio crenato.

Shell small, subconical, transversely sulcated, white varied with grey, throat brown; lip crenated.

Obs. In shape nearly approaching to *M. carinata* (Sw. Ill. of Zool. pl. 2. ined.) but its shorter spire gives it something the appearance of a *Conœlix*. The whole shell is crossed by deeply sulcated striæ, or more properly grooves; the interstices being convex on the body whorl, but rather carinated on the shoulder and spire, which gives to these parts an angulated appearance; the base is contracted, and

not in the least recurved; the aperture is longer than the spire, and is brown within; the outer lip crenated, and the pillar five-plaited. The ground colour of the shell is white, with four or five longitudinal grey waved stripes, and transverse dotted bands of pale yellow between the grooves. Length nearly one inch.

2096. MITRA LEUCOSTOMA, Swainson.

M. testâ ovatâ, lævi, epidermide olivaceâ, lineis fuscis, capillaribus, transversis cinctâ: aperturâ effusâ albâ.

Shell ovate, smooth, epidermis olive with transverse, brown, capillary lines; aperture effuse, white.

Obs. Size and shape of *M. lugubris*, Swains. Length $1\frac{2}{6}$. Shell entirely smooth, white, but entirely covered by a thin olive epidermis, which forms a paler band adjoining the upper margin of each whorl: numerous, slender, and well defined brown lines encircle both the body whorl and spire, these lines are slightly indented, and, in some parts, appear as if minutely punctured. The base is without grooves, the outer lip is smooth, and the aperture pure white; suture uneven; pillar four-plaited; spire and aperture of equal length.

2097. MITRA RUGOSA, Swainson.

M. testâ subfusiformi, perforatâ, turritâ, rugosâ, decussatim sulcatâ; anfractibus angulatis, anfractu basali medio contracto; basi subrecurvâ.

Shell subfusiform, perforated, turreted; rough with decussated grooves, whorls angulated, basal whorl contracted in the middle, base sub-recurved.

Obs. The shape of this curious species comes nearest to that of *M. costellaris*, but the spire is longer in proportion, and the basal part less contracted. The whole shell is rendered very rough by

numerous deep grooves, which are decussated at nearly equal distances; the interstices resemble excavated hollows, and make the elevated parts granulated; the volutions are obtusely angulated, and the middle of the body whorl contracted. Throat striated; outer lip crenated, base slightly recurved, pillar five-plaited. Colour pale, slightly clouded with brown. Length $1\frac{4}{10}$.

2146. VOLUTA PULCHRA.

V. testâ oblongo-ovatâ, subfusiformi, lævi, nitidâ, carneâ, albido-maculatâ, maculis spadiceis triseriatim irregulariter dispositis, ornatâ; anfractibus supernè adpressis, tuberculis acutiusculis, subcompressis, coronatis: aperturâ supernè acutâ, columellâ 4-plicatâ. Long. $2\frac{4}{10}$ lat. $1\frac{1}{10}$ unc.

Obs. In general form this very beautiful shell resembles some of the elongated varieties of *Voluta Vespertilio*, the spire, however, is more acuminate, and appears as if contracted just above the first volution. The specimen before us is of a delicate flesh colour with snow white specks, and there are three bands formed of irregular spots of a rich chesnut colour. We have heard that another specimen of this extremely rare shell exists in the collection of Mr. Spurrett.

2149. VOLUTA FULGETRUM.

V. testâ oblongâ, lævi, spirâ acuminatâ, apice papillo-sâ, lævi; pallidè carneâ, spadiceo anguloso-stri-gatâ, (quasi fulguratâ) anfractu ultimo ventricosò, supernè subangulato; aperturâ oblongâ, supernè acutâ, labio columellari tenui, expansissimo: columella triplicatâ: long. 6 lat. 3 unc.

Obs. In size and form this shell approaches nearly to *Voluta magnifica*, it is, however, easily dis-

tinguished by its acuminate, papillose spire, by the obtuse angle on the upper part of the last volution, and by its markings, which consist of acutely angular broad streaks of a dark chesnut on a flesh coloured ground. The left lobe of the mantle of the animal must have been very large, since the columellar lip is extended so as to cover half of the lower volution. This is the only specimen we have seen.

2150. VOLUTA AULICA, Solander.

Obs. There can be no reason to doubt this being the identical specimen which was described by Dr. Solander from the Portland Collection. As any information [relating to the history of so beautiful and rare a shell may be interesting to our readers, we copy Dr. Solander's description, which has been communicated to us by W. J. Broderip, Esq. from the MS. in the late Sir Joseph Banks's library, together with the notices relating to it from the Catalogue of the Portland Collection and that from the Catalogue of the Calonne Collection.

I. *From Dr. Solander's MS.*

Spira apice mammillari.

Aulica. Voluta emarginata, oblonga, inermis, albo luteoque nebulosa, spirâ conicâ: anfractibus obliquè planis: mamillâ lævi; columella quadruplicata. Habitat in oceano I.

M. C. P.

II. *From the Catalogue of the Portland Collection.*

4021. A very fine specimen of Voluta Aulica, S. a beautiful red clouded species of the Wild Music kind, its country unknown, unique.

III. *From the Catalogue of the Calonne Collection.*

273. *Aulica*—le Courtisan ou le Nuage rouge.—
Courtier or Red clouded.—*Voluta aulica*, Soland.
This beautiful shell is unique. Its country is unknown, but presumed to be from some newly discovered Island in the South Seas. M. P. 4021.

2151a. *MARGINELLA GOODALLI*.

M. subovata, extremitatibus subacuminatis, flavido-carnea, albido guttata; spirâ brevi; anfractu ultimo maximo, supernè rotundato-angulato, suturâ inconspicuâ; aperturâ angustâ, columellâ quadruplicatâ, plicis validis; labii externi margine interno denticulato: long. $1\frac{3}{20}$ lat. $\frac{7}{40}$ unc.

Shell subovate, rather acuminate at each extremity, of a yellowish buff colour, with round white spots: spire short, last volution much the largest, with a rounded angle at its upper part; suture inconspicuous; aperture rather narrow, flesh-coloured within: four strong folds on the columella, of which the base is one: outer lip much thickened and reflected, its inner margin denticulated.

Obs. This is the only perfect specimen I have ever seen of this elegant little shell; there is, however, a single incomplete specimen among Mr. G. Humphrey's stores. I have the pleasure of naming it in honour of my excellent Friend the Rev. Joseph Goodall, D.D. Provost of Eton College, &c.

2260. *CYPRÆA UMBILICATA*.

C. testâ oblongo-ovatâ, basi acuminatâ, supernè subrostratâ, umbilicatâ, dorso ventricosus, pallido, fusco-maculato; ventre subrotundato, albido; marginibus rotundatis, albidis, fusco maculatis; aperturâ, dentibusque subdistantibus, pallidissimè subfuscis; long. $3\frac{8}{10}$ unc. lat. $2\frac{3}{10}$ unc.

Obs. This singular Cowry, of which we have only seen two specimens, neither of them in good condition, appears not to have been noticed by any author; it is principally distinguished by a deeply umbilicated spire, the upper part of the aperture being produced and rather reflected, and by its acuminate base: in general form it resembles a pear, and its colour and markings are like those of some varieties of *C. Tigris*. We are not acquainted with its native country. The other specimen is in our own collection.

2261. *CYPRÆA MELANOSTOMA*, Leathes MS.

C. testâ ovali, turgidâ, subfuscâ, transversè obsoletissimè brunneo-fasciatâ, guttulis elevatiusculis, niveis conspersâ; ventre convexiusculo, extremitatibusque albidis, lateribus dorsalibus subinerasatis, utrâque extremitate subfoveolatis; dentibus labii externi mediocribus, interni minoribus; interstitiis fusco-violascescentibus; long. $2\frac{3}{10}$ lat $1\frac{4}{10}$ unc.

Obs. This Cowry, which we understand to have been brought from the Red Sea, does not appear to be uncommon; we do not, however, find it described either by Dillwyn, Lamarck, or Gray. It has been mistaken for *C. Vitellus*, to which it approaches nearly in general appearance. It has, nevertheless, been long distinguished from that species, and may be known by its want of the arenaceous transverse lines so characteristic of *C. Vitellus*; the teeth on the inner lip are smaller than in that species, and their interstices are of a brownish violet colour: the teeth of the outer lip are larger than those of the inner; and the whole margin of the shell is whitish. In its incomplete state it is destitute of the pearly white specks on the back.

2288. ANCILLARIA APERTA.

A. testâ oblongâ, cylindraceo-ventricosâ, aurantiacâ; spirâ brevissimâ obtusâ; suturâ rotundato-impresâ; anfractu ultimo cingulo basali unico, sulco supra varicem instructo, varice albo, obliquè striato; aperturâ amplissimâ, pallidâ, supernè obtusâ, labio externo ad basim edentulo, lævi: long. $1\frac{5}{10}$ lat. $\frac{1}{2}\frac{5}{10}$ unc.

Obs. A beautiful species, and apparently very distinct from all those described by Mr. Swainson in the 36th Number of the Journal of Science, Literature and Arts. It differs from *A. effusa*, the only one with which, on account of its large aperture, it could be confounded, in the following particulars: it is a much less slender shell, it is not banded with white, it has not a deep groove above the varix of the columella, it has only a single belt above the said groove, nor has it any tooth at the base of the outer lip.

2330. OLIVA SPLENDIDULA.

O. testâ cylindraceo-oblongâ, albidâ, fasciis duabus, alterâ supra medium, alterâ basali, utrâque maculis trigonibus fuscis, confertis notatâ: interstitiis fasciarum maculis trigonibus fusco-nigris conspersis: spirâ brevi, mucronatâ; cingulo basali fusco maculato; aperturâ intus pallidè fulvâ; columellæ plicis regularibus, basi carneâ: long. $1\frac{8}{10}$ lat. $\frac{3}{10}$ unc.

Obs. A very beautiful Olive, and apparently very distinct; the pale ground colour is finely relieved by the two dark brown bands composed of triangular fuscous spots and larger intermediate rich dark brown blotches. We have never seen any other specimens of this Olive than those contained in this collection, nor are we acquainted with its locality.

2331. OLIVA PATULA.

Voluta patula, seu *aperta*, Sol. MS.

O. testâ oblongâ, depressiusculâ, subalatâ; griseo-lutescente, maculis fulvis pallidis adpersâ, spirâ brevi columellâque supernè callosis; callo incrassato, albo, lævi, columellâ albâ obliquè sulcatâ, plicâ majusculâ ad basim internam; cingulo basali griseo-lutescente, bipartito, pallidè fulvo maculato: aperturâ pallidâ, subfuscâ, patulâ, supernè subrotundatâ: long $1\frac{1}{2}$ lat. $\frac{8}{15}$ unc.

Obs. From the Brazils. This is certainly a very remarkable species, which we do not find noticed by any author: its depressed form, large expanded outer lip and consequently wide aperture, together with the depression at the base of the body volution above the varix and the large acute-edged fold at the base of the columella distinguish it at once from all others. The external colour of the body whorl above the double belt is greyish yellow, through which are sometimes seen pale markings of a fuscous colour, these are not, however, always observable. In one specimen, which appears to have been treated with acid or to have had its outer coat otherwise abraded, these angular fuscous markings are much more distinct. This is certainly not a common species; there are, however, several remarkably fine specimens of it in the collection of Mr. G. Humphrey. Two varieties may be distinguished, one of which is much broader than the other.

2332. OLIVA BIPLICATA.

O. testâ ovali, griseo-fulvescente, longitudinaliter substriatâ, lævi; spirâ subacuminatâ, suturâ subfuscâ; columellâ lævi, supernè callosâ, ad basim biplicatâ; aperturâ, columellæ basi, cinguloque basali violacco tinctis; long. 1 lat. $\frac{6}{10}$ unc.

Obs. A pretty little Olive, of a very regular oval form, from the west coast of North America; its smooth columella, callous at the upper part, and having two small folds at the base, is its principal characteristic mark.

2333. OLIVA COLUMELLARIS.

O. testâ oblongâ, depressâ, fuscâ, apice, basi, fasciisque duabus albidis; labio columellari albo, incrassato, calloso; callo supernè inter superiorem labii externi partem et spiram interposito; plicâ unicâ ad basim internam columellæ; aperturâ supernè acutâ, subtus effusâ, margine albido; operculo tenui, lanceolato, corneo. Long. $\frac{6}{10}$ lat. $\frac{3}{10}$ unc.

Obs. The singularly incrassated, callous upper part of the inner lip separating the spire from the upper part of the aperture, gives to this shell a very extraordinary appearance, and forms the characteristic feature of the species. The inside of the aperture is dark brown, with a single, nearly central yellowish band.

2467. CONUS CINGULATUS.

C. testâ subcylindræo-oblongâ, ventricosiusculâ, albâ, pallidè roseo nubeculatâ; spirâ sulcatâ, anfractuum marginibus elevatis: anfractu ultimo supra infraque sulcato, medio cingulo planato; columellâ basi subumbilicatâ; long. 2 unc. lat. $1\frac{1}{10}$ unc.

Obs. This is a very delicate Cone, which we do not find described by Lamarck nor figured in the Encyclopædia; it approaches nearly in shape to *Conus bullatus*, it is white with delicate rose-coloured irregular markings; its spire, as well as the upper and lower extremities of the last volution, is deeply grooved.

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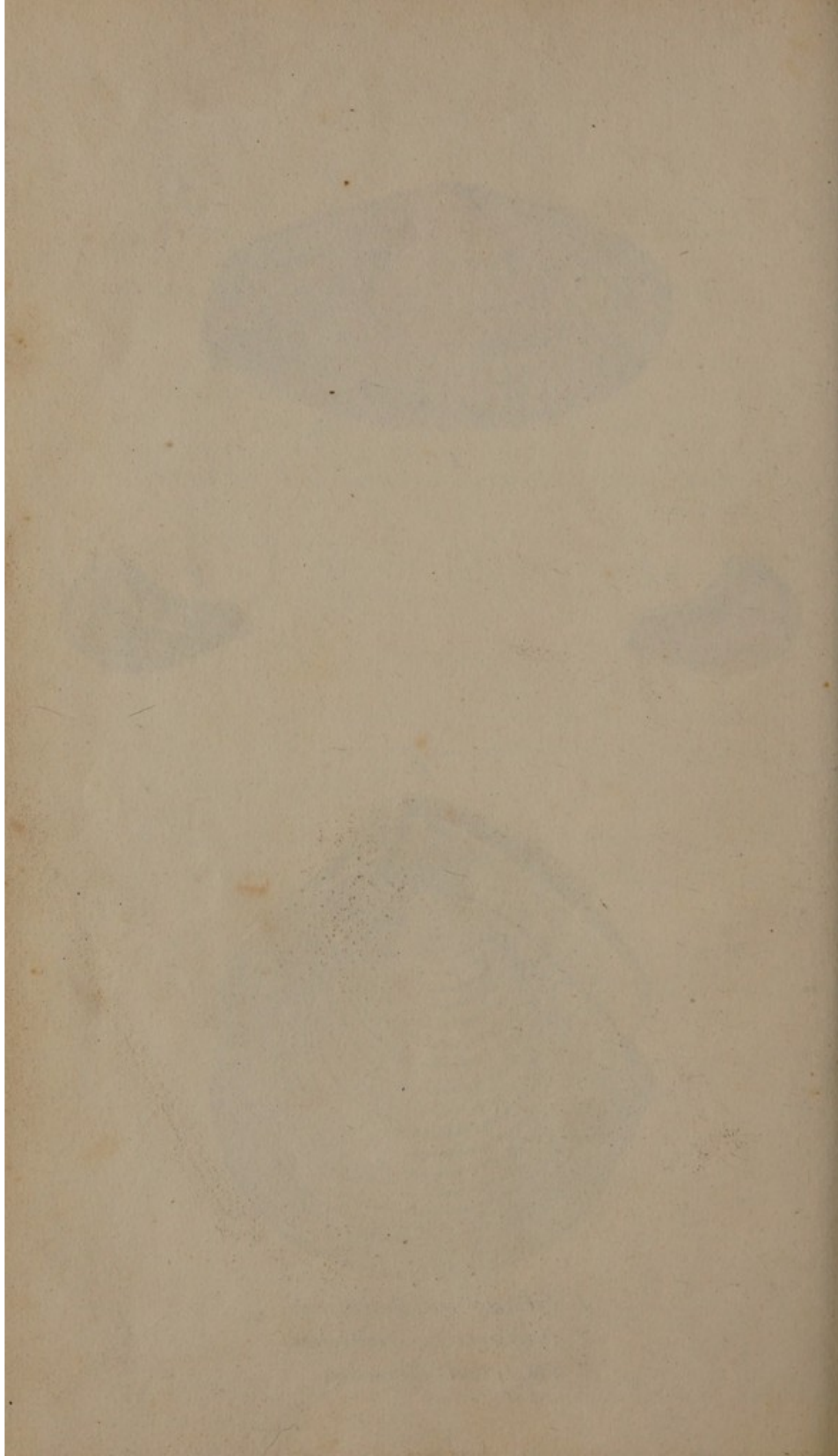


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- 1 *Tellina pulcherrima*
2 *Crassatella radiata*
3 *Mactra elegans*





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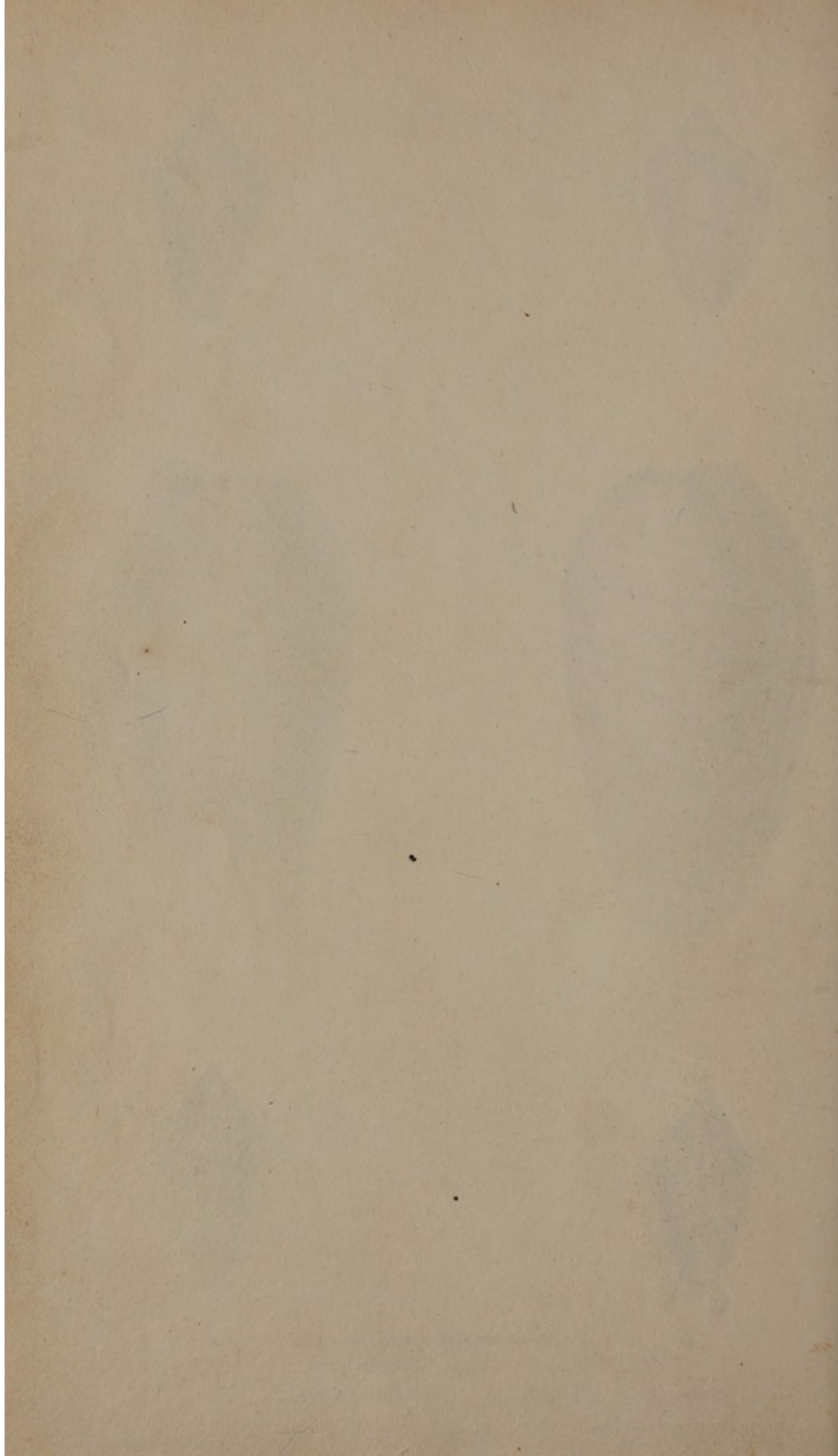


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1. *Marginella bullata*.
 2. *Goodalli*.
 3. 4. *bifasciata*.





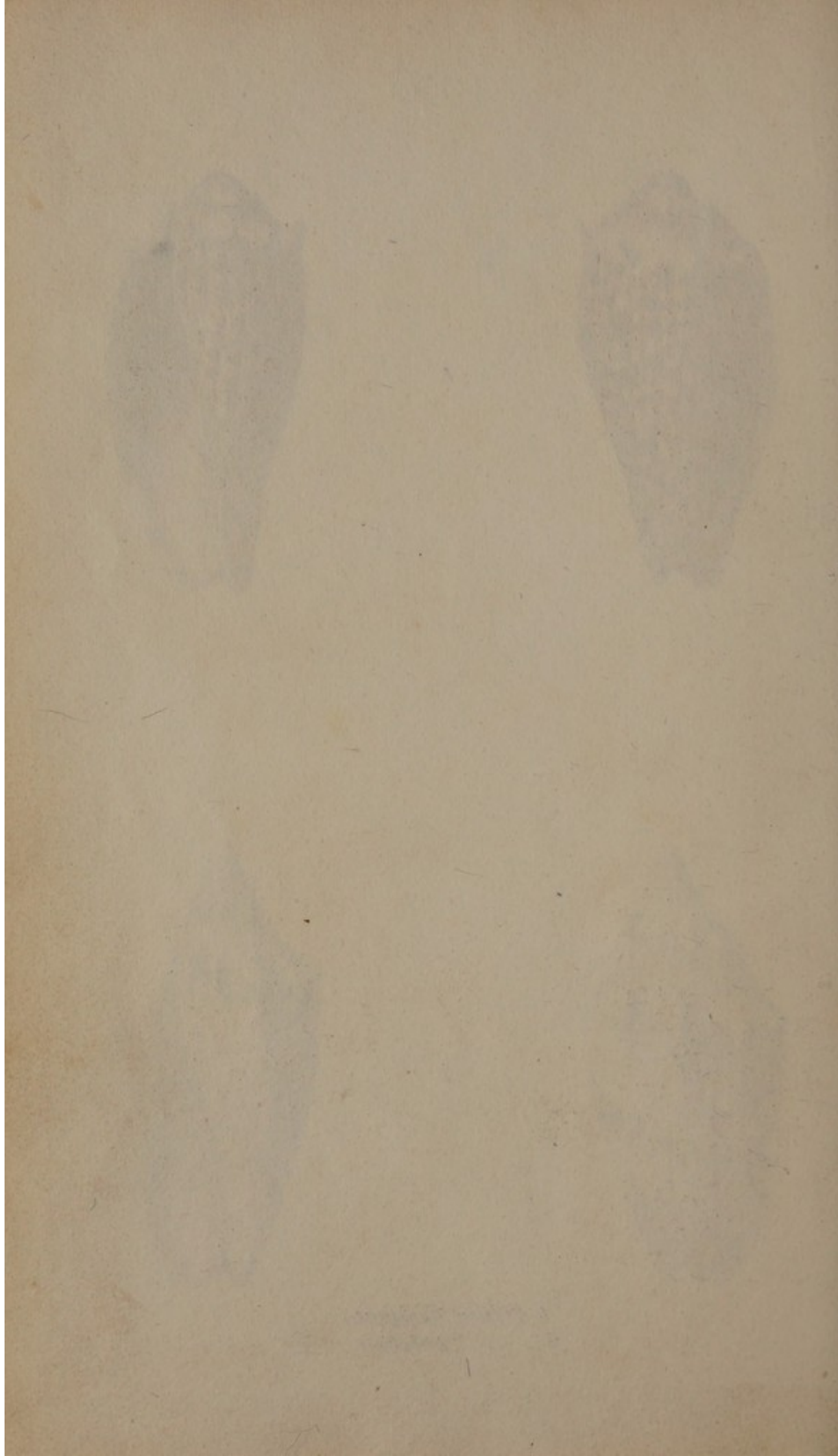
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1. *Voluta Cymbiola*.
2. *pulchra*.

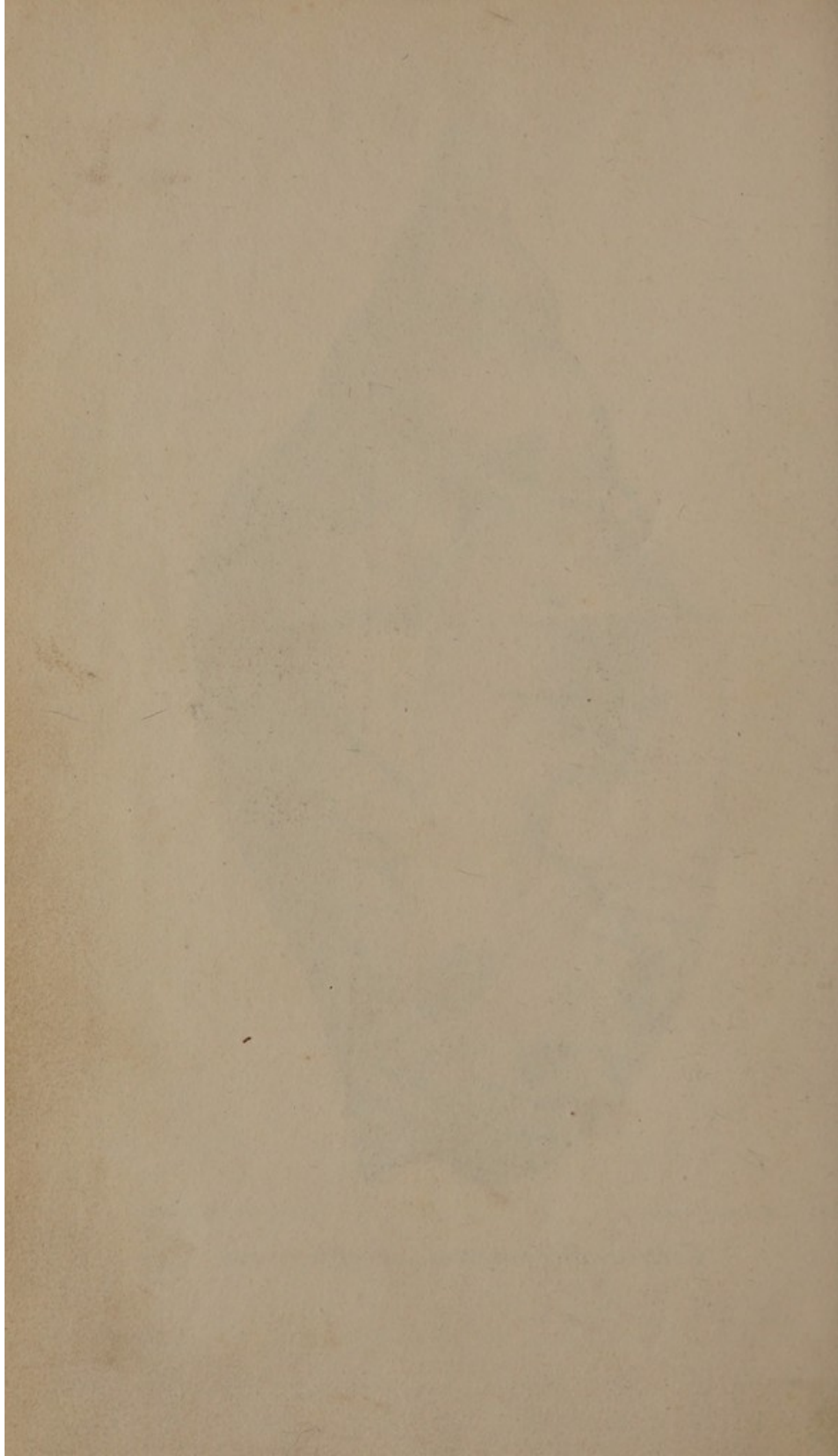


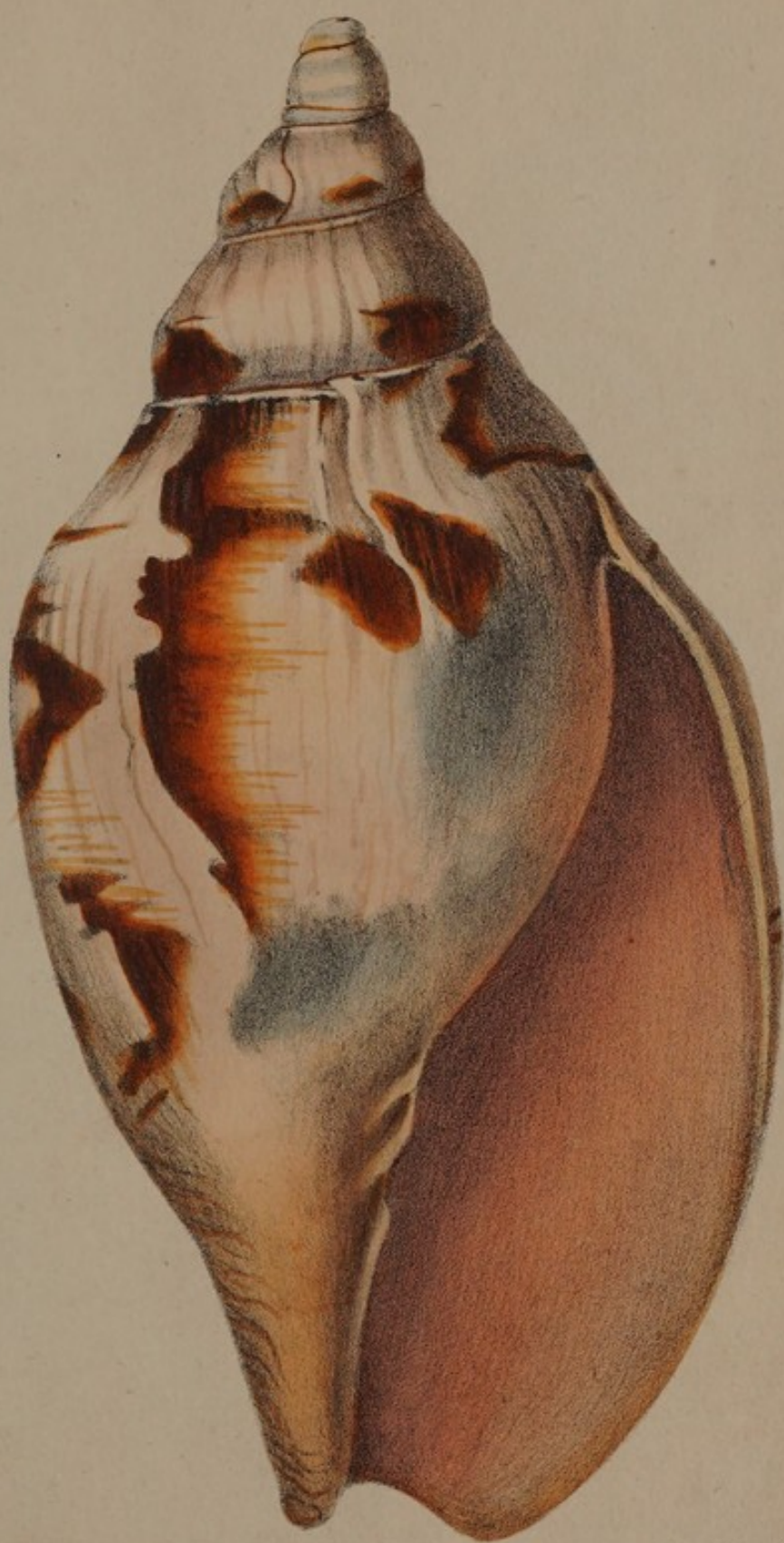


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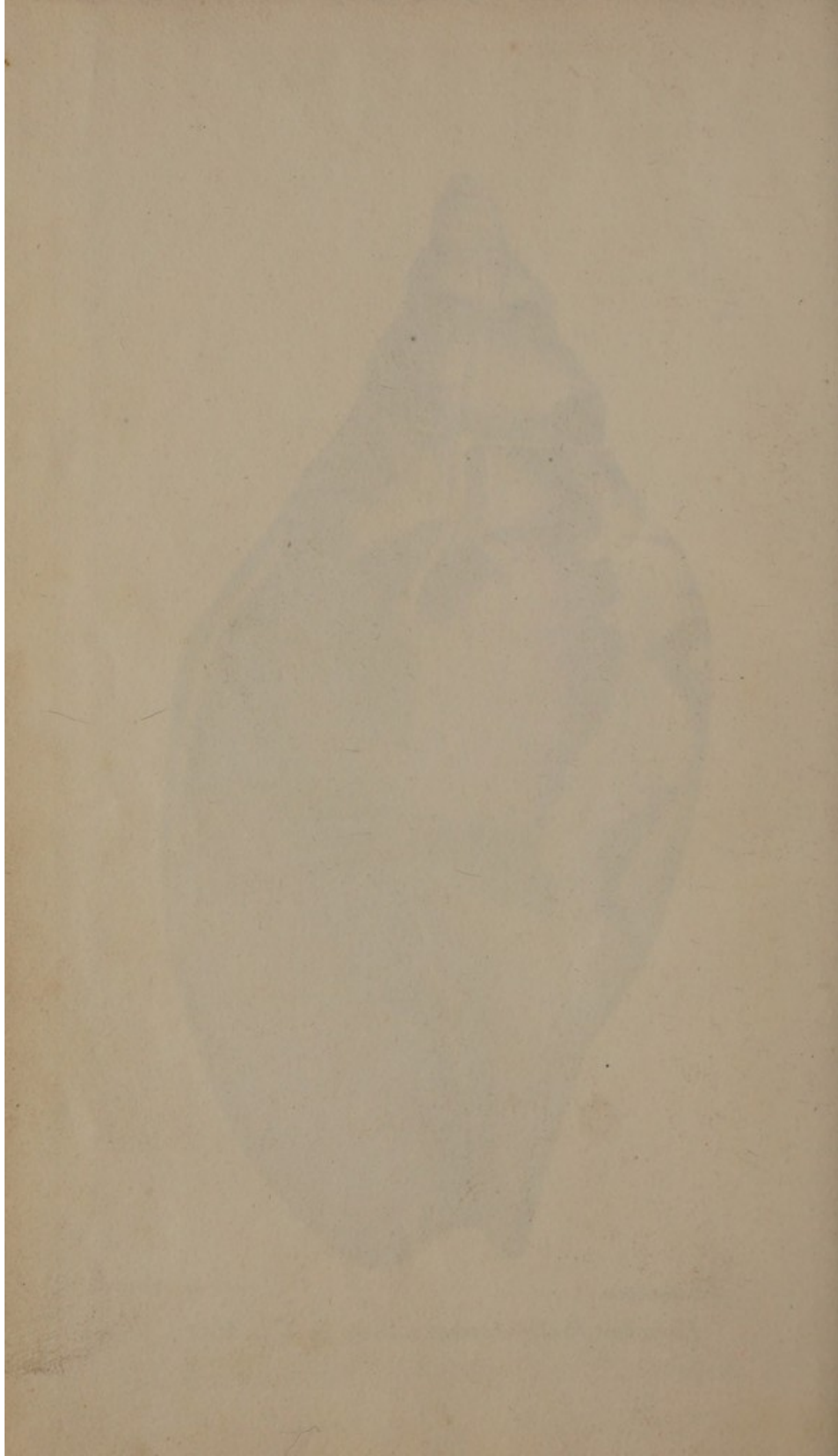




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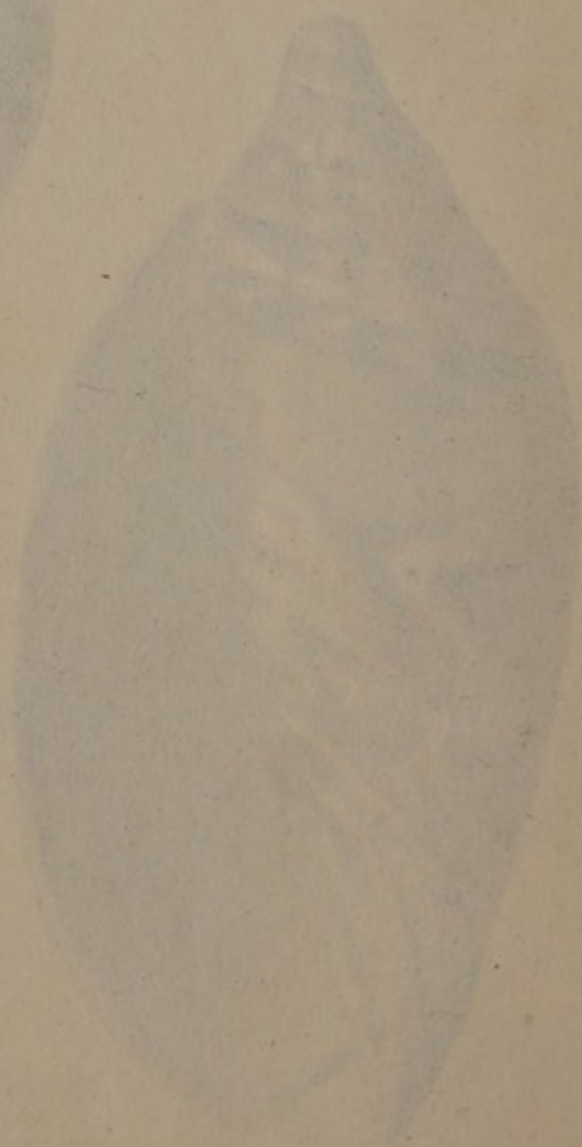
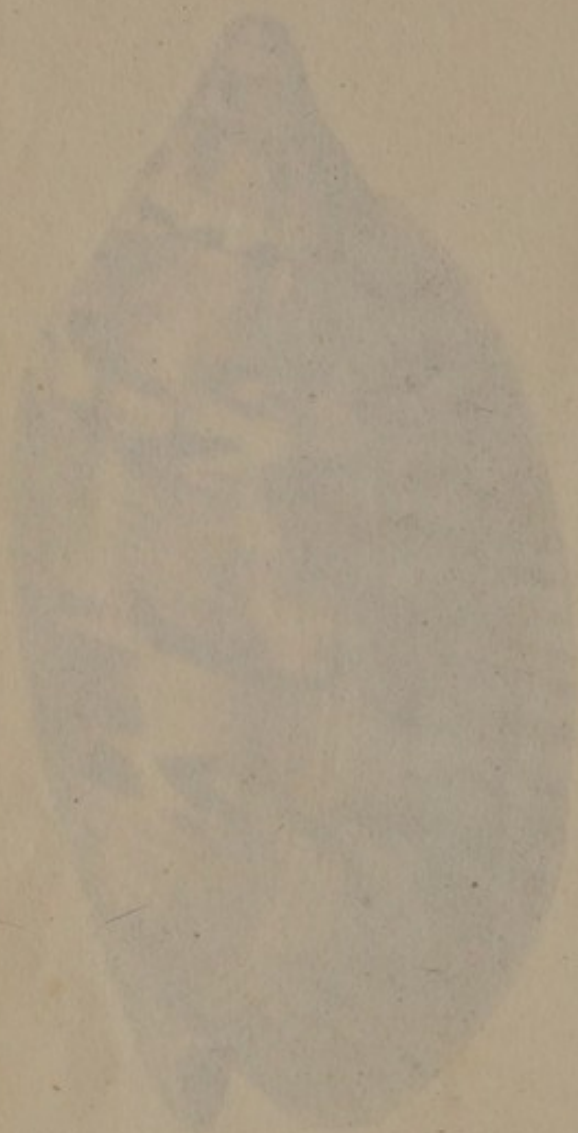
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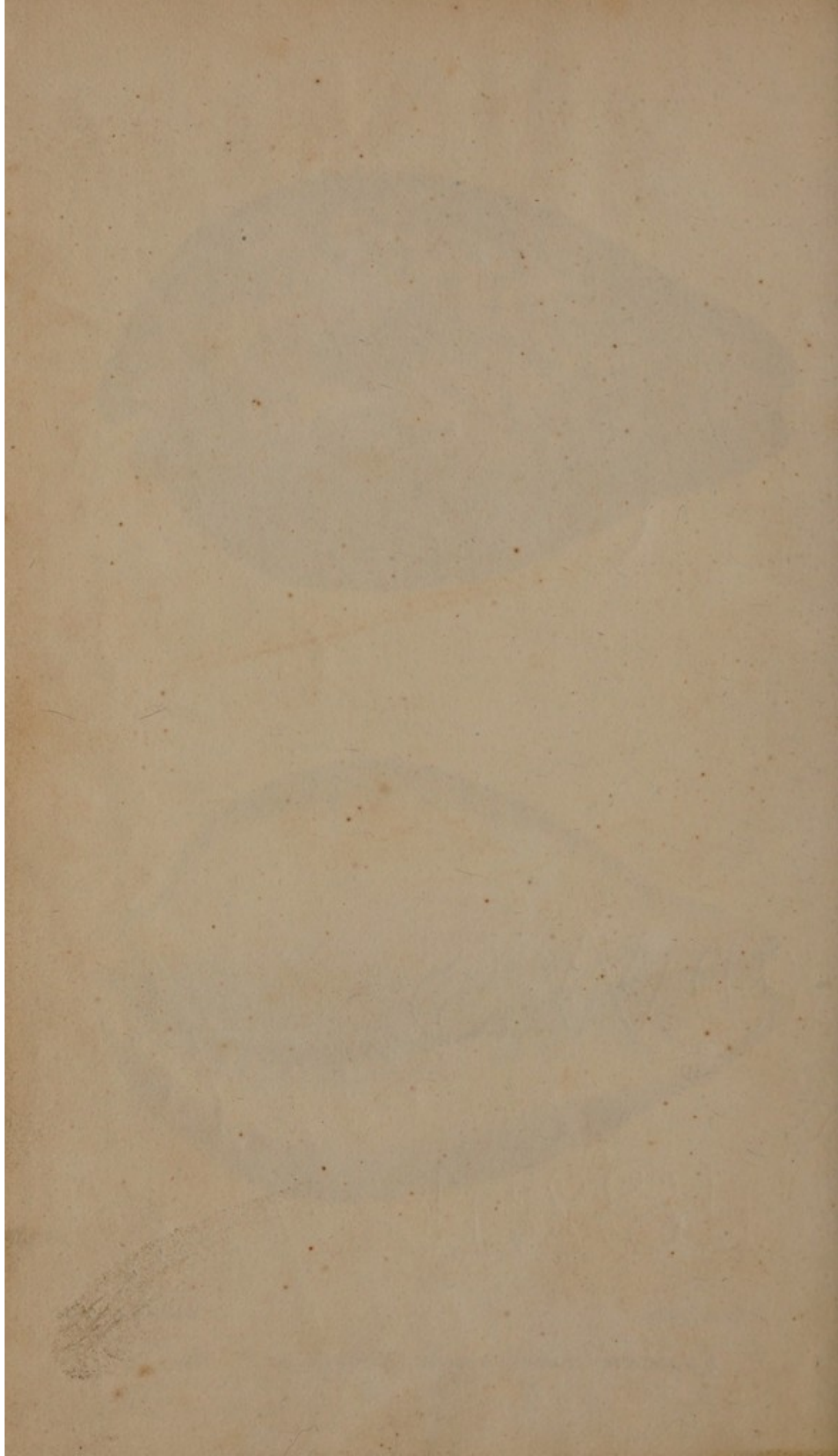




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Cypraea umbilicata Sowerby in P. C. 2260





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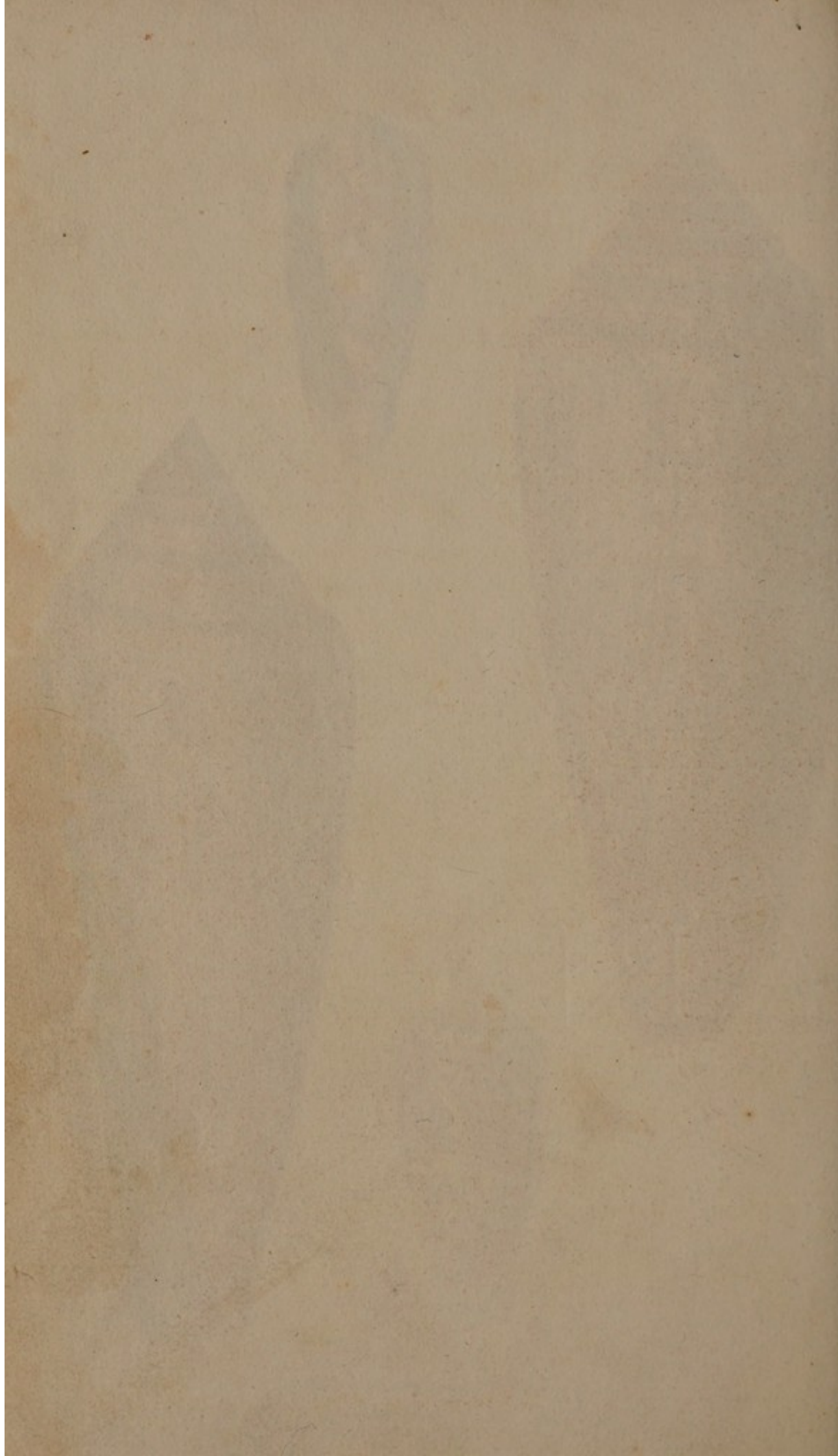


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1. 2. *Conus Gloria Maris.*
3. 4. *vespertinus.*



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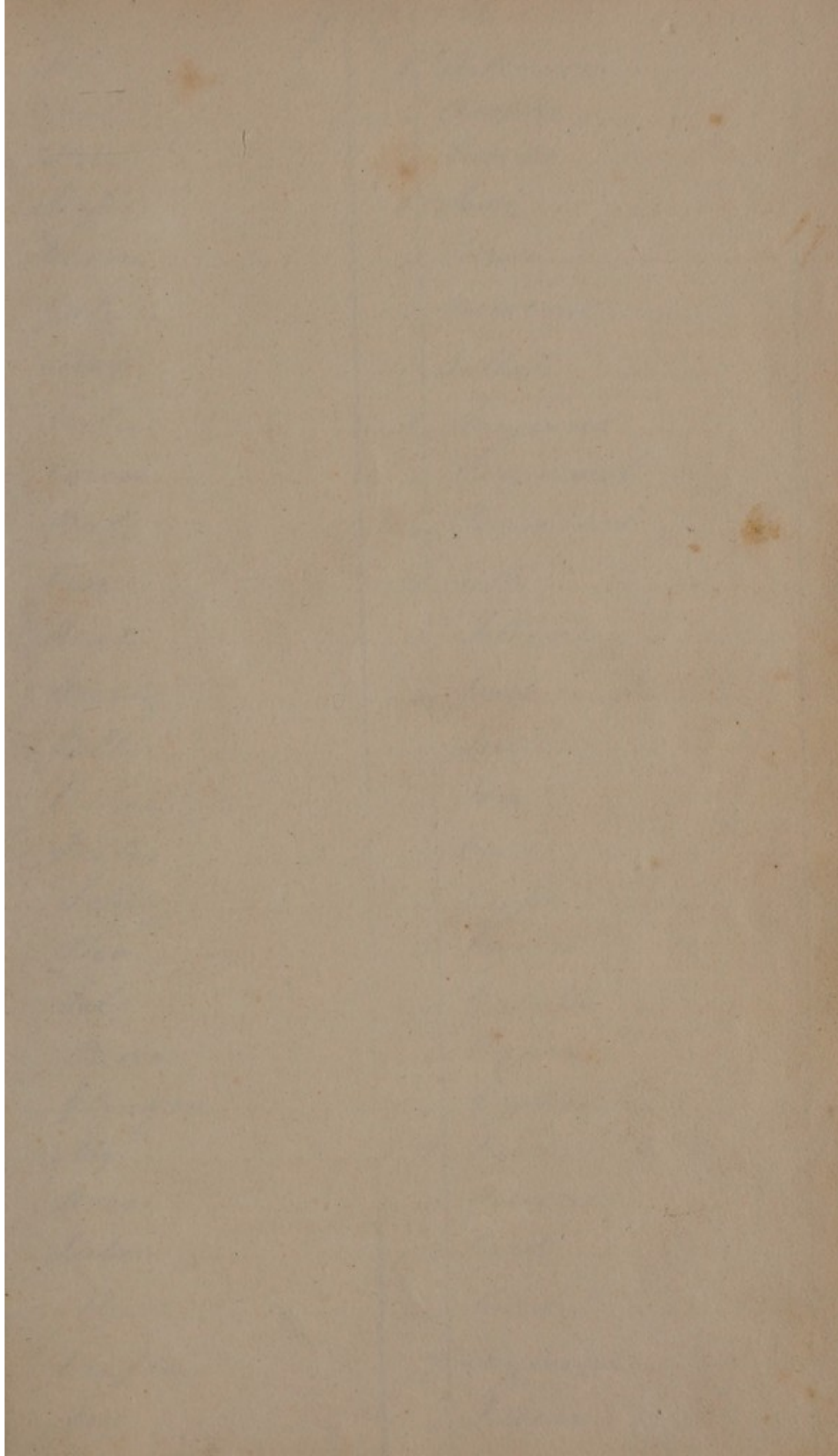
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