English housewifry. Exemplified in above four hundred and fifty receipts, giving directions in most parts of cookery, etc. With an appendix ... containing upwards of sixty receipts ... / communicated ... by several gentlewomen in the neighbourhood.

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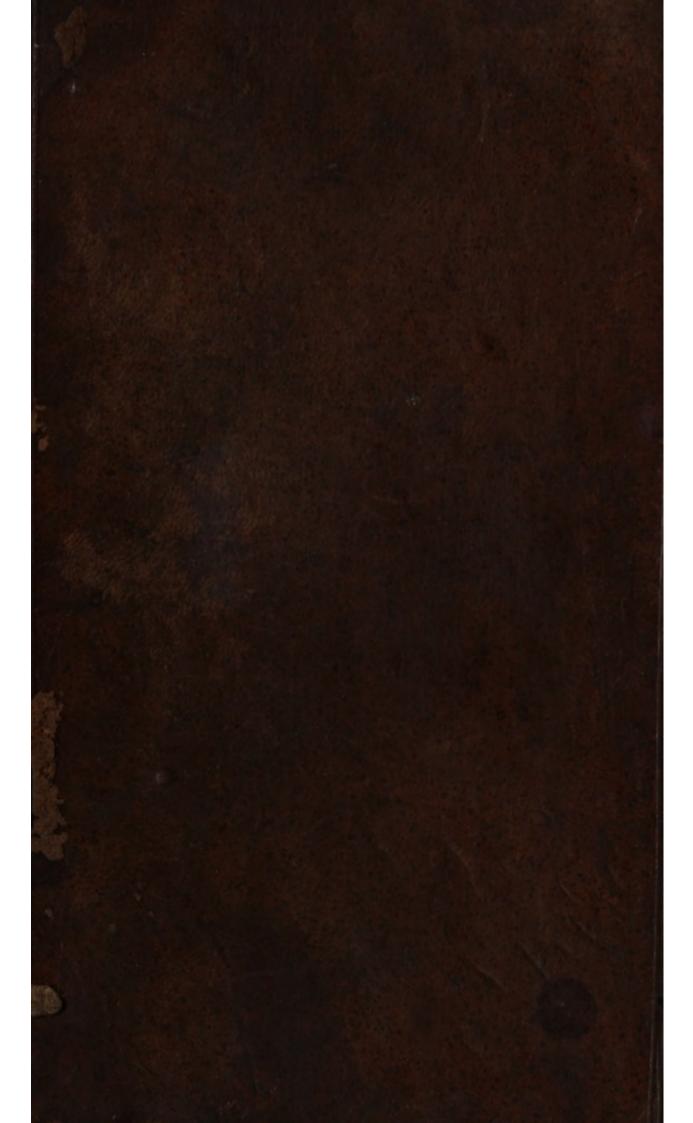
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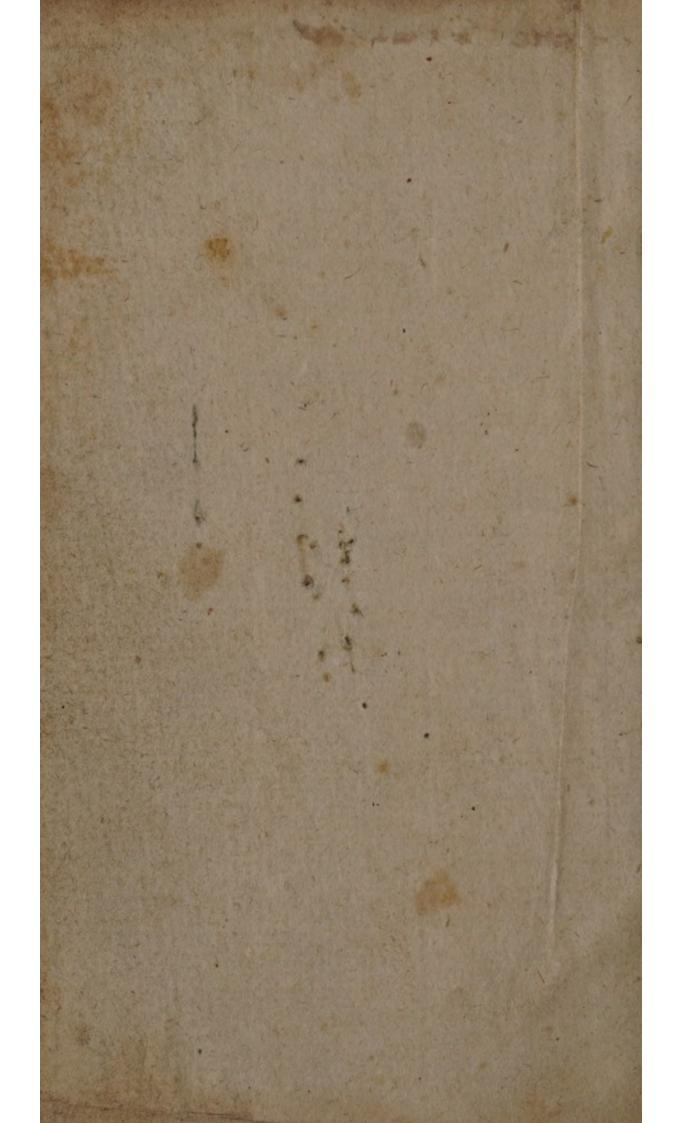


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English Housewifry.

EXEMPLIFIED
In above Four Hundred and Fifty

RECEIPTS,

Giving DIRECTIONS in most PARTS of

COOKERY;

And how to prepare various SORTS of

SOOPS, MADE-DISHES, PASTES, PICKLES, CAKES, CREAMS, JELLIES, MADE-WINES, &c.

With CUTS for the orderly placing the DISHES and COURSES; also Bills of Fare for every Month in the Year; and an alphabetical INDEX to the Whole.

A BOOK necessary for Mistresses of Families, higher and lower Women Servants, and confined to Things USEFUL, SUBSTANTIAL and SPLENDID, and calculated for the Preservation of HEALTH, and upon the Measures of Frugality, being the Result of thirty Years Practice and Experience.

By ELIZABETH MOXON.

WITH AN

APPENDIX,

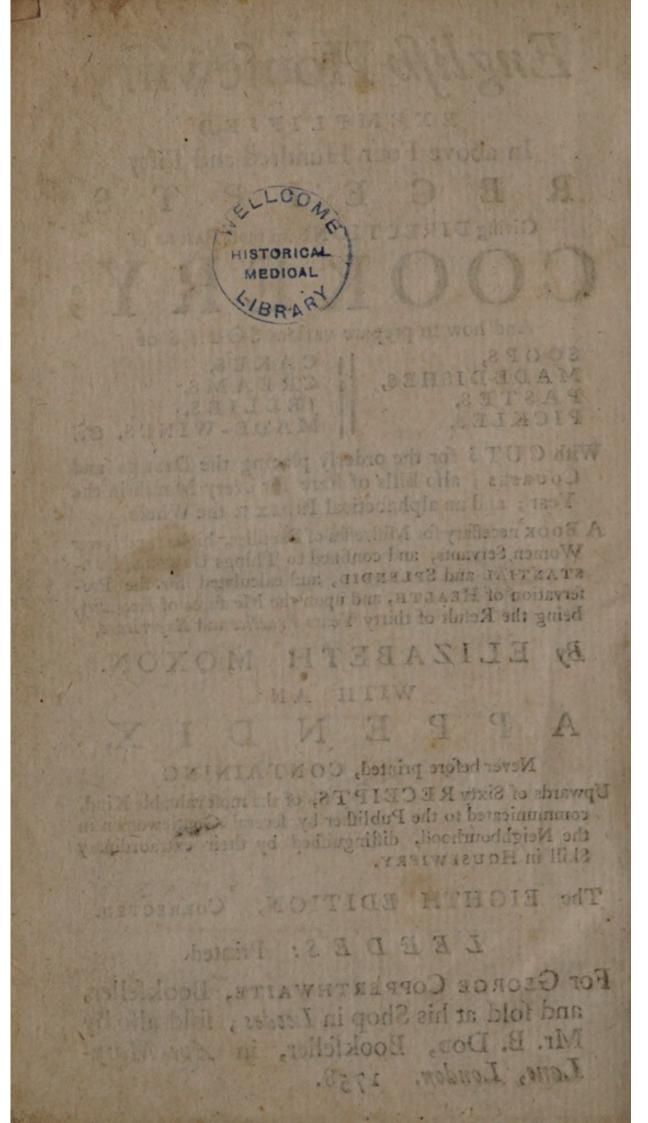
Never before printed, CONTAINING

Upwards of Sixty RECEIPTS, of the most valuable Kind, communicated to the Publisher by several Gentlewomen in the Neighbourhood, distinguished by their extraordinary Skill in Housewiffer.

The EIGHTH EDITION, CORRECTED.

LEEDES: Printed

For George Copperthwaite, Bookseller, and sold at his Shop in Leedes; sold also by Mr. B. Dod, Bookseller, in Ave-Mary-Leve, Levdon. 1758.



THE

PREFACE.

It is not doubted but the candid Reader will find the following BOOK in Correspondence with the Title, which will supersede the Necessity of any other Recommendation that might be given it.

As the Compiler of it engaged in the Undertaking at the Instance and Importunity of many Persons of eminent Account and Distinction, so she can truly assure them, and the World, that she has acquitted herself with the utmost Care and Fidelity.

And she entertains the greater Hopes that her Performance will meet with the kinder Acceptance, because of the good Opinion she has been held in by those, her ever honour'd Friends, who first excited her to the Publication of her BOOK, and who have been long Eye-Witnesses of her Skill and Behaviour in the Business of her Calling.

She has nothing to add, but her humblest Thanks to them, and to all others from whom she has received Favour and Encouragement.

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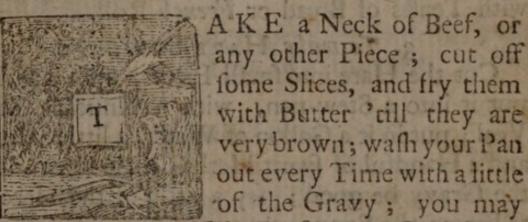
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ENGLISH HOUSEWIFRY.

1. To make VERMICELLY SOOP.



broil a few Slices of the Beef upon a Grid-Iron:
Put all together into a Pot, with a large Onion,
a little Salt, and a little whole Pepper; let it
stew 'till the Meat is tender, and skim off the
Fat in the boiling; then strain it into your
Dish, and boil tour Ounces of Vermicelly in
a little of the Gravy 'till it is soft: Add a little stew'd Spinage; then put all together into a Dish, with Toasts of Bread; laying a little
Vermicelly upon every Toast. Garnish your
A

Dish with creed Rice and boil'd Spinage, or Carrots slic'd thin.

2. CUCUMBER SOOP.

Take a Houghil of Beef, break it small and put it into a Stew-pan, with Part of a Neck of Mutton, a little whole Pepper, an Onion, and a little Salt; cover it with Water, and let it stand in the Oven all Night, then strain it and take off the Fat; pare six or eight middle siz'd Cucumbers, and slice them not very thin, stew them in a little Butter and a little whole Pepper; take them out of the Butter and put'em into the Gravy. Garnish your Dish with Raspings of Bread, and serve it up with Toasts of Bread or French Roll.

3. To make HARE SOOP.

Cut the Hare into small Pieces, wash it and put it into a Stew-pan, with a Knuckle of Veal; put in it a Gallon of Water, a little Salt, and a Handful of sweet Herbs; let it stew 'till the Gravy be good; fry a little of the Hare to brown the Soop; you may put in it some Crusts of white Bread among the Meat to thicken the Soop; put it into a Dish, with a little stew'd Spinage, crisp'd Bread, and a few forc'd-meat Balls. Garnish your Dish with boil'd Spinage and Turnips, cut it in thin square Slices.

4. To make Green PEAS Soop.

Take a Neck of Mutton, and a Knuckle of Veal, make of them a little good Gravy; then take Half a Peck of the greenest young Peas

Peas, boil and beat them to a Pulp in a Marble Mortar; then put to them a little of the Gravy; strain them through a Hair Sieve to take out all the Pulp; put all together, with a little Salt and whole Pepper; then boil it a little, and if you think the Soop not green enough, boil a Handful of Spinage very tender, rub it through a Hair Sieve, and put into the Soop with one Spoonful of Wheat-flour, to keep it from running: You must not let it boil after the Spinage is put in, it will difcolour it; then cut white Bread in little Diamonds, fry them in Butter while crisp, and put it into a Dish with a few whole Peas. Garnish your Dish with creed Rice, and red-Beet Root.

You may make Asparagus Soop the same Way, only add Tops of Asparagus, instead of whole Peas.

5. To make ONION SOOP

Take four or five large Onions, pill and boil them in Milk and Water whillt tender, (thisting them two or three times in the boiling) beat 'em in a Marble Mortar to a Pulp, and rub them through a Hair Sieve, and put them into a little sweet Gravy; then fry a few Slices of Veal, and two or three Slices of lean Bacon; beat them in a Marble Mortar as small as forc'd Meat; put it into your Stew-pan with the Gravy and Onions, and boil them; mix a Spoonful of Wheat-slour with a little Water, and put it into the Soop to keep it

from running; strain all through a Cullender, feason it to your Taste; then put into the Dish a little Spinage stew'd in Butter, and a little crisp Bread; so serve it up.

6. Common PEAS Soop in Winter.

Take a Quart of good boiling Peas which put into a Pot with a Gallon of foft Water whilft cold; add thereto a little Beef or Mutton, a little hung Beef or Bacon, and two or three large Onions; boil all together while your Soop is thick; falt it to your Tafte, and thicken it with a little Wheat-Flour; strain it thro' a Cullender, boil a little Sellery, cut it in small Pieces, with a little crisp Bread, and crisp a little Spinage as you would do Parsley, then put it in a Dish, and serve it up. Garnish your Dish with Raspings of Bread.

7. To make PEAS SOOP in Lent.

Take a Quart of Peas, put them into a Pot with a Gallon of Water, two or three large Onions, half a Dozen Anchovies, a little whole Pepper and Salt; boil all together whilst your Soop is thick; strain it into a Stew-pan through a Cullender, and put six Ounces of Butter (work'd in Flour) into the Soop to thicken it; also put in a little boil'd Sellery, stew'd Spinage, crisp Bread, and a little dry'd Mint powdered; so serve it up.

8. CRAW-FISH SOOP.

Take a Knuckle of Veal, and Part of a Neck of Mutton to make white Gravy, puting in an Onion, a little whole Pepper and Salt Salt to your Taste; then take twenty Crawfish, boil and beat them in a Marble Mortar,
adding thereto a little of the Gravy; strain
them and put them into the Gravy; also
two or three Pieces of white Bread to thicken
the Soop; boil twelve or fourteen of the
smallest Craw-fish, and put them whole into
the Dish, with a few Toasts, or French Roll,
which you please; so ferve it up.

You may make Lobster Soop the same Way, only add into the Soop the Seeds of the Lobster.

9. To make Scotch Soop.

Take an Houghil of Beef, cut it in Pieces, with Part of a Neck of Mutton, and a Pound of French Barley; put them all into your Pot, with fix Quarts of Water; let it boil 'till the Barley be foft, then put in a Fowl; as foon as 'tis enough put in a Handful of red Beet Leaves or Brocoli, a Handful of the Blades of Onions, a Handful of Spinage, washed and shred very small; only let them have a little boil, else it will spoil the Greenness. Serve it up with the Fowl in a Dish, garnish'd with Raspings of Bread.

10. To make Soop without Water.

Take a small Leg of Mutton, cut it in Slices, season it with a little Pepper and Salt; cut three middling Turneps in round Pieces, and three small Carrots scrap'd and cut in Pieces, a Handful of Spinage, a little Parsley, a Bunch of sweet Herbs, and two or three Cabbage Lettice; cut the Herbs pretty small, lay a Row of Meat and a Row of Herbs; put the

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Turneps and Carrots at the Bottom of the Pot, with an Onion, lay at the Top Half a Pound of fweet Butter, and close up the Pot with coarse Paste; then put the Pot into boiling Water, and let it boil for four Hours; or in a flow Oven, and let it stand all Night; when it is enough drain the Gravy from the Meat, skim off the Fat, then put it into your Dish with some Toatts of Bread, and a little stew'd Spinage; so serve it up.

11. To Stero a BRISKET OF BEEF.

Take the thin Part of a Brisket of Beef, score the Skin at the Top; cross and take off the under Skin, then take out the Bones, season it highly with Mace, a little Salt, and a little whole Pepper, rub it on both Sides, let it lay all Night, make Broth of the Bones, skim the Fat clean off, put in as much Water as will cover it well, let it stew over a flow Fire sour or five Hours, with a Bunch of sweet Herbs and an Onion cut in Quarters; turn the Beef over every Hour, and when you find it tender take it out of the Broth and drain it very well, having made a little good strong Gravy.

A Ragoo with Sweet-breads cut in Pieces, Pullets tenderly boil'd and cut in long Pieces; take Truffles and Morels, if you have any Mushrooms, with a little Claret, and throw in your Beef, let it stew a Quarter of an Hour in the Ragoo, turning it over sometimes, then take out your Beef, and thicken your Ragoo with a Lump of Butter and a little Flour. Garnish your Dish with Horse-Radish and Pickles,

Pickles, lay the Ragoo round your Beef, and a little upon the Top; fo serve it up.

12. To stew a RUMP OF BEEF.

Take a fat Rump of young Beef and cut off the Fag End, lard the low Part with fat Bacon, and stuff the other Part with shred Parsley; put it into your Pan with two or three Quarts of Water, a Quart of Claret, two or three Anchovies, an Onion, two or three Blades of Mace, a little whole Pepper, and a Bunch of fweet Herbs; stew it over a flow Fire five or fix Hours, turning it feveral Times in the flewing, and keep it close cover'd; when your Beef is enough take from it the Gravy, thicken Part of it with a Lump of Butter and Flour, and put it upon the Dish with the Beef. Garnish the Dish with Horse-Radish and red-beet Root. There must be no Salt upon the Beef, only falt the Gravy to your Tafte.

You may stew Part of a Brisket, or an Ox Cheek the same Way.

13. To make OLIVES OF BEEF.

Take some Slices of a Rump (or any other tender Piece) of Beef, and beat them with a Paste pin, season them with Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt, and rub them over with the Yolk of an Egg; make a little forc'd-meat of Veal, Beef-suet, a sew Bread-crumbs, sweet Herbs, a little shred Mace, Pepper, Salt, and two Eggs, mixed all together; take two or three Slices of the Beef, according as they are in Bigness,

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Bigness, and a Lump of forc'd-meat the Size of an Egg; lay your Beef round it, and roll it in Part of a Kell of Veal, put it into an earthen Dish, with a little Water, a Glass of Claret, and a little Onion shred small; lay upon them a little Butter, and bake them in an Oven about an Hour; when they come out take off the Fat, and thicken the Gravy with a little Butter and Flour; six of them is enough for a Side-Dish. Garnish the Dish with Horseradish and Pickles.

You may make Olives of Veal the same Way.

14. To fry BEEF STEAKS.

Take your Beef Steaks and beat them with the Back of a Knife, fry them in Butter over a quick Fire, that they may be brown before they be too much done; when they are enough put them into an earthen Pot whilst you have fry'd them all; pour out the Fat, and put them into your Pan with a little Gravy, an Onion shred very small, a Spoonful of Catchup and a little Salt; thicken it with a little Butter and Flour the Thickness of Cream. Garnish your Dish with Pickles.

Beef-Steaks are proper for a Side-dish.

15. BEEF-STEAKS another Way.

Take your Beef Steaks and beat them with the back of a Knife, strow them over with a little Pepper and Salt, lay them on a Grid-iron over a clear Fire, turning 'em whilst enough; set your Dish over a Chasing-dish of Coals, with with a little brown Gravy; chop an Onion or Shalot as small as Pulp, and put it amongst the Gravy; (if your Steaks be not over muchdone, Gravy will come therefrom;) put it on a Dish and shake it all together. Garnish your Dish with Shalots and Pickles.

16. A SHOULDER OF MUTTON forc'd.

Take a Pint of Oysters and chop them, put in a few bread-crumbs, a little Pepper, shred Mace, and an Onion, mix them all together, and stuff your Mutton on both Sides, then roast it at a flow Fire, and baste it with nothing but Butter; put into the Dripping-pan a little Water, two or three Spoonfuls of the Pickle of Oysters, a Glass of Claret, an Onion shred small, and an Anchovy; if your Liquor waste before your Mutton is enough put in a little more Water; when the Meat is enough, take up the Gravy, skim off the Fat, and thicken it with Flour and Butter; then ferve it up. Garnish your Dish with Horse-radish and Pickles.

17. To stew a FILLET OF MUTTON.

Take a Fillet of Mutton, stuff it the same as for a Shoulder, half roast it, and put it in to a Stew pan with a little Gravy, a Jill of Claret, an Anchovy, and a shred Onion; you may put in a little Horse-radish and some Mushrooms; stew it over a slow Fire while the Mutton is enough; take the Gravy, skim off the Fat, and thicken it with Flour and Butter; lay forc'd-meat Balls round the Mut-

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ron. Garnish your Dish with Horse-radish and Mushrooms.

It is proper either for a Side-dish or Bottom-dish; if you have it for a Bottom-dish, cut your Mutton into two Fillets.

18. To Collar a Breast of MUTTON.

Take a Breast of Mutton, bone it, and sea fon it with Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt, rub it over with the Yolk of an Egg; make a little, forc'd-meat of Veal or Mutton, chop it with a little Beef-fuet, a few Bread-crumbs, fweet Herbs, an Onion, Pepper and Salt, a little Nutmeg, two Eggs, and a Spoonful or two of Cream; mix all together and lay it over the Mutton, roll it up and bind it about with coarfe Inkle; put it into an earthern Dish with a little Water, dridge it over with Flour, and lay upon it a little Butter; it will require two Hours to bake it. When it is enough. take up the Gravy, skim off the Fat, put in an Anchovy and a Spoonful of Catchup, thicken it with Flour and Butter; take the Inkle from the Mutton and cut it into three or four Rolls; pour the Sauce upon the Dish, and lay about it forc'd-meat Balls. Garnish your Dish with Pickles.

It is either proper for a Side or Bottom-dish.

19. To Collar a Breast of Mutton another.
Way.

Take a Breast of Mutton, bone it, and seafon it with Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt; roll it up tight with coarse Inkle and roast it upon a Spit; when it is enough lay it whole upon the Dish. Then take sour or six Cucumbers, pare them and cut them in Slices, not very thin; likewise cut three or sour in Quarters length Way, stew them in a little brown Gravy and a little whole Pepper; when they are enough thicken them with Flour and Butter the Thickness of Cream; so serve it up. Garnish your Dish with Horse-radish.

20. To Carbonade a Breast of MUTTON.

Take a Breast of Mutton, half bone it, nick it cross, season it with Pepper and Salt; then broil it before the Fire whilst it be enough, strinkling it over with Bread-crumbs; let the Sauce be a little Gravy and Butter, and a few shred Capers; put it upon the Dish with the Mutton. Garnish it with Horse-radish and Pickles.

This is proper for a Side-dish at Noon, or a Bottom-dish at Night.

21. A Chine of MUTTON roasted, with stew'd Sellery.

Take a Loyn of Mutton, cut off the thin Part and both Ends, take off the Skin, and fcore it in the Roasting as you would do Pork; then take a little Sellery, boil it, and cut it in Pieces about an Inch long, put to it a little good Gravy, whole Pepper and Salt, two or three Spoonfuls of Cream and a Lump of Butter, so thicken it up, and pour it upon

your Dish with your Mutton.—This is proper for a Side-dish.

22. MUTTON CHOPS.

Take a Leg of Mutton half roafted, when it is cold cut it in thin Pieces as you would do any other Meat for Hashing, put it into a Stew-pan with a little Water or small Gravy, two or three Spoonfuls of Claret, two or three Shalots shred, or Onions, and two or three Spoonfuls of Oyster Pickle; thicken it up with a little Flour, and so ferve it up. Garnish your Dish with Horse-radish and Pickles.

You may do a Shoulder of Mutton the same Way, only boil the blade-bone, and lie in the

Middle.

23. A forc'd LEG OF MUTTON.

Take a Leg of Mutton, loofe the Skin from the Meat, be careful you do not cut the Skin as you loosen it; then cut the Meat from the Bone, and let the Bone and Skin hang together, chop the Meat small, with a little Beef-fuet, as you would do Saufages; feafon it with Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt, a few Breadcrumbs, two or three Eggs, a little dry'd Sage, fhred Parlley and Lemon-peel; then fill up the Skin with forc'd Meat, and lay it upon an earthern Dish; lay upon the Meat a little Flour and Butter, and a little Water in the Dish; it will take an Hour and a Half baking; when you dish it up lay about it either Mutton or Veal Collops, with brown Gravy Sauce. Garnish your Dish with Horseradish

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radish and Lemon. You may make a forc'd Leg of Lamb the same Way.

24. To make FRENCH CUTLETS of MUTTON.

Take a Neck of Mutton, cut it in Joints, cut off the Ends of the long Bones, then fcrape the Meat clean off the Bones about an Inch. take a little of the inpart of the Meat of the Cutlets, and make it into forc'd Meat; season it with Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt; then lay it upon your Cutlets, rub over them the Yolk of an Egg to make it stick; chop a few sweet Herbs, and put to them a few Bread-crumbs, a little Pepper and Salt, and strew it overthe Cutlets, and wrap them in double Writing-Paper; either broil them before the Fire or in an Oven, half an Hour will do them; when you dish them up, take off the Out-Paper, and fet in the midst of the Dish a little brown Gravy in a China-bason; you may broil them without Paper if you please.

25. To fry MUTTON STEAKS.

Take a Loyn of Mutton, cut off the thin Part, then cut the rest into Steaks, and slat them with a Bill, season them with a little Pepper and Salt, fry them in Butter over a quick Fire; as you fry them put them into a Stew-pan or earthern Pot, whilst you have fried them all; then pour the Fat out of the Pan, put in a little Gravy, and the Gravy that comes from the Steaks, with a Spoonful of Claret, an Anchovy, and an Onion or a Shalot

lot shred; shake up the Steaks in the Gravy, and thicken it with a little Flour; so serve them up. Garnish your Dish with Horse radish and Shalots.

26. To make artificial VENISON of MUTTON.

Take a large Shoulder of Mutton, or a middling fore Quarter, bone it, lay it in an earthen Dish, put upon it a Pint of Claret, and let it lie all Night; when you put it into your Pasty-pan or Dish, pour on the Claret that it lay in, with a little Water and Butter; before you put it into your Pasty-pan, season it with Pepper and Salt; when you make the Pasty lie no Paste in the Bottom of the Dish.

27. How to brown Ragoo a BREAST of VEAL.

Take a Breast of Veal, cut off both the Ends, and half roast it; then put it into a Stew-pan, with a Quart of brown Gravy, a Spoonful of Mushroom-powder, a Blade or two of Mace, and Lemon peel; fo let it stew over a flow Fire whilst your Veal is enough; then put in two or three shred Mushrooms or Oysters, two or three Spoonfuls of white Wine; thicken up your Sauce with Flour and Butter; you may lay round your Veal some stew'd Morels and Truffles; if you have none, some Pallets stew'd in Gravy, with Artichokebottoms cut in Quarters, dipt in Eggs and fry'd, and some Forc'd-meat Balls; you may fry the Sweet-bread cut in Pieces, and lay over the Veal, or fry'd Oysters; when you fry your Oysters you must dip them in Egg and Flour mixed. Garnish your Dish with Lemon and Pickles.

28. A Herico of a BREAST of VEAL, French Way.

Take a Breast of Veal, half roast it, then put it into a Stew-pan, with three Pints of brown Gravy; season your Veal with Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt; when your Veal is stew'd enough, you may put in a Pint of green Peas boil'd. Take six middling Cucumbers, pare and cut them in Quarters long Way, also two Cabbage-Lettices, and stew them in brown Gravy; so lay them round your Veal when you dish it up, with a few forc'd-meat-balls and some Slices of Bacon. Garnish your Dish with Pickles, Mushrooms, Oysters and Lemons.

29. To roll a BREAST of VEAL.

Take a Breast of Veal, and bone it, season it with Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt, rub it over with the Yolk of an Egg, then strew it over with sweet Herbs shred small, and some Slices of Bacon, cut thin to lie upon it, roll it up very tight, bind it with coarse Inkle, put it into an earthern Dish with a little Water, and lay upon it some Lumps of Butter; strew a little Seasoning on the Outside of your Veal, it will take two Hours baking; when it is baked take off the Inkle and cut it in sour Rolls, lay it upon the Dish with a good brown Gravy-sauce; lay about your Veal the Sweet-bread

fry'd, some forc'd-meat-balls, a little crisp Bacon, and a few fry'd Oysters if you have any; so serve it up. Garnish your Dish with Pickles and Lemon.

30. A stew'd BREAST of VEAL.

Take the fattest and whitest Breast of Veal you can get, cut off both Ends and boil them for a little Gravy; take the Veal and raise up the thin Part, make a forc'd-meat of the Sweet-bread boil'd, a few Bread-Crumbs, a little Beef-suet, two Eggs, Pepper and Salt, a Spoonful or two of Cream, and a little Nutmeg, mix'd all together; so stuff the Veal, fkewer the Skin close down, dridge it over with Flour, tie it up in a Cloth, and boil it in Milk and Water about an Hour. For the Sauce take a little Gravy, about a Jill of Oysters, a few Mushrooms shred, a little Lemon shred fine, and a little Juice of Lemon; so thicken it up with Flour and Butter; when you dish it up pour the same over it; lay over it a Sweet-bread or two cut in Slices and fry'd, and fry'd Oysters. Garnish your Dish with Lemon, Pickles and Mushrooms.

This is proper for a Top dish either at Noon

or Night.

31. To stew a FILLET of VEAL.

Take a Leg of the best Whye-Veal, cut off the Dug and the Knuckle, cut the rest into two Fillets, and take the fat Part and cut it in Pieces the Thickness of your Finger; you must stuff the Veal with the fat; make the

Hole

Hole with a Penknife, draw it thro' and skewer it round; feason it with Pepper, Salt, Nutmeg, and shred Parsley; then put it into your Stew-pan, with half a Pound of Butter, (without Water) and fet it on your Stove; let it boil very flow and cover it close up, turning it very often; it will take about two Hours in stewing; when it is enough pour the Gravy from it, take off the Fat, put into the Gravy a Pint of Oysters and a few Capers, a little Lemon-peel, a Spoonful or two of white Wine, and a little Juice of Lemon; thicken it with Butter and Flour the Thickness of Cream; lay round it forc'd-meat-balls and Oysters fry'd, and so serve it up. Garnish your Dish with a few Capers and flic'd Lemon.

32. To make Scotch Collops.

Take a Leg of Veal, take off the thick Part and cut in thin Slices for Collops, beat them with a Paste-pin 'till they be very thin; feafon them with Mace, Pepper and Salt; fry them over a quick Fire, not over brown; when they are fried put them into a Stew-pan with a little Gravy, two or three Spoonfuls of white Wine, two Spoonfuls of Oyster-pickle if you have it, and a little Lemon-peel; then shake them over a Stove in the Stew-pan, but don't let them boil over much, it only hardens your Collops; take the fat Part of your Veal, stuff it with forc'd Meat, and boil it; when it is boiled lay it in the middle of your Dish with the Collops; lay about your Col-B 3 lops

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lops Slices of crisp Bacon, and Forc'd-meat Balls. Garnish your Dish with Slices of Lemon and Oysters, or Mushrooms.

33. To make VEAL CUTLETS.

Take a Neck of Veal, cut it in Joints, and flatten them with a Bill; cut off the Ends of the Bones, and lard the thick Part of the Cutlets with four or five Bits of Bacon; feafon it with Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt; strew over them a few bread Crumbs and sweet Herbs shred fine; first dip the Cutlets in Egg to make the Crumbs stick, then broil them before the Fire, put to them a little brown Gravy-sauce, so serve it up. Garnish your Dish with Lemon.

34. VEAL CUTLETS another Way.

Take a Neck of Veal, cut it in Joints, and flat them as before, and cut off the Ends of the long bones; feafon them with a little Pepper, Salt and Nutmeg, broil them on a Gridiron over a flow Fire; when they are enough, ferve them up with brown Gravy-fauce and forc'd meat balls.

Garnish your Dish with Lemon.

35. VEAL CUTLETS another Way.

Take a Neck of Veal and cut it in Slices, flatten them as before, and cut off the Ends of the long Bones; season the Cutlets with Pepper and Salt, and dridge over them some Flour; fry them in Butter over a quick Fire; when they are enough put from them the Fat they were fried in, and put to them a little small.

small Gravy, a Spoonful of Catchup, a Spoonful of white Wine or Juice of Lemon, and grate in some Nutmeg; thicken them with Flour and Butter, so serve them up.

Garnish your Dish as before.

36. To Collar a CALF's HEAD to eat Hot.

Take a large fat Head, and lay it in Water to take out the Blood; boil it whilft the Bones will come out; season it with Nutmeg, Pep. per and Salt; then lap it up round with a large Lump of forc'd Meat made of Veal; after which lap it up tight in a Veal Kell before it is cold, and take great Care that you don't let the Head break in two Pieces; then bind it up with a coarse Inkle, lay it upon an earthern Dish, dridge it over with Flour, and lay over it a little Butter, with a little Water in the Dish; an Hour and a Half will bake it; when it is enough take off the Inkle, cut it in two length Ways, laying the Skinfide uppermost; when you lay it upon your Dish, you must lay round it stew'd Pallets and Artichoke-bottoms fry'dwith Forc'd-meat Balls; put to it brown Gravy Sauce; you may brown your Sauce with a few Truffles or Morels, and lay them about your Veal.

Garnish your Dish with Lemon and Pickle.

37. To Collar a CALF's HEAD to eat Cold.
You must get a Cals's Head with the Skin on, split it and lay it in Water, take out the Tongue and Eyes, cut off the Groin Ends, then tie it up in a Cloth and boil it whilst the

Bones

Bones come out; when it is enough lay it on a Table with the Skin-side uppermost, and pour upon it a little cold Water; then take off the Hair, and cut off the Ears; mind you do not break the Head in two, turn it over and take out the Bones; salt it very well and lap it round in a Cloth very tight, pin it with Pins, and tie it at both Ends, so bind it up with broad Inkle, then hang it up by one End, and when it is cold take it out; you must make for it brown Pickle, and it will keep half a Year; when you cut it, cut it at the Neck.

It is proper for a side or middle Dish, ei-

ther for Noon or Night.

38. To make a CALF's HEAD Hash.

Take a Calf's Head and boil it, when it is cold take one half of the Head and cut off the Meat in thin Slices, put it into a Stew-pan with a little brown Gravy, put to it a Spoon. ful or two of Walnut-pickle, a Spoonful of Catchup, a little Claret, a little shred Mace, a few Capers shred, or a little Mango; boil it over a Stove, and thicken it with Butter and Flour; take the other Part of the Head, cut off the bone Ends and score it with a Knife, feason it with a little Pepper and Salt, rub it over with the Yolk of an Egg, and strew over a few Bread-crumbs, and a little Parsley; then fet it before the Fire to broil whilst it is brown; and when you dish up the other Part lay this in the midst; lay about your Hash Braincakes, Forc'd-meat Balls and crifp Bacon.

To make Brain-cakes; take a Handful of Bread-crumbs, a little shred Lemon-peel, Pepper, Salt, Nutmeg, Sweet-marjoram, Parsley shred sine, and the Yolks of three Eggs; take the Brains and skin them, boil and chop them small, so mix them all together; take a little Butter in your Pan when you fry them, and drop them in as you do Fritters, and if they run in your Pan put in a Handful more of Bread-crumbs.

39. To bash a CALF's HEAD White.

Take a Calf's Head and boil it as much as you would do for eating, when it is cold cut it in thin Slices, and put it into a Stew-pan with a white Gravy; then put to it a little shred Mace, Salt, a Pint of Oysters, a few shred Mushrooms, Lemon-peel, three Spoonfuls of white Wine, and some Juice of Lemon, shake all together, and boil it over the Stove, thicken it up with a little Flour and Butter; when you put it on your Dish, you must put a boil'd Fowl in the midst, and a few Slices of crisp Bacon.

Garnish your Dish with Pickles and Lemon.

40. A Ragoo of a CALF'S HEAD.

Take two Calves' Heads and boil them as you do for eating, when they are cold cut off all the Lantern Part from the Flesh in Pieces about an Inch long, and about the Breadth of your little Finger; put it into your Stew-pan with a little white Gravy, twenty Oysters cut in two or three Pieces, a few shred Mush-

rooms, and a little Juice of Lemon; season it with shred Mace and Salt, let them all boil together over a Stove; take two or three Spoonfuls of Cream, the Yolks of two or three Eggs, and a little shred Parsley, then put it into a Stew-pan; after you have put the Cream in you may shake it all the while; if you let it boil it will curdle, so serve it up.

Garnish your Dish with Sippets, Lemon,

and a few pickled Mushrooms.

41. To roast a CALF's HEAD to eat like Pig.

Take a Calf's Head, wash it well, lay it in an earthern Dish, and cut out the Tongue, lay it loofe under the Head in the Dish with the Brains, and a little Sage and Parsley; rub the Head over with the Yolk of an Egg, then strew over them a few Bread-crumbs and shred Parsley, lay all over it Lumps of Butter and a little Salt, then fet it in the Oven; it will take about an Hour and a Half baking; when it is enough take the Brains, Sage and Parsley, and chop them together, put to them the Gravy that is in the Dish, a little Butter and a Spoonful of Vinegar, fo boil it up and put it in Cups, and fet them round the Head upon the Dish, take the Tongue and blanch it, cut it in two, and lay it on each Side the Head, and some Slices of crisp Bacon over the Head, fo ferve it up.

42. Sauce for a Neck of Veal.

Fry your Veal, and when fried put in a little Water, an Anchovy, a few sweet Herbs, a little

a little Onion, Nutmeg, a little Lemon-peel shred small, and a little white Wine or Ale, then shake it up with a little Butter and Flour, with some Cockles and Capers.

43. To boil a LEG of LAMB, with the LOYN

fry'd about it.

When your Lamb is boil'd lay it in the Dish, and pour upon it a little Parsley, Butter and green Gooseberries coddled, then lay your fried Lamb round it; take some small Asparagus and cut it small like Peas, and boil it green; when it is boil'd drain it in a Cullinder, and lay it round your Lamb in Spoonfuls.

Garnish your Dish with Gooseberries, and

Heads of Asparagus in Lumps.

This is proper for a bottom Dish.

44. A LEG of LAMB boil'd with CHICKENS round it.

When your Lamb is boil'd pour over it Parsley and Butter, with coddled Gooseberries, fo lay the Chickens round your Lamb, and pour over the Chickens a little white fricasfy Sauce. Garnish your Dish with Sippets and Lemon.

This is proper for a top Dish.

45. A Fricassy of LAMB White.

Take a Leg of Lamb, half roast it, when it is cold cut it in Slices, put it into a Stew-pan with a little white Gravy, a Shalot shred fine, a little Nutmeg, Salt, and a few shred Capers; let it boil over the Stove whilst the Lamb is enough; to thicken your Sauce, take three Spoonfuls [28]

Spoonfuls of Cream, the Yolks of two Eggs, a little shred Parsley, and beat them well together, then put it into your Stew-pan and shake it whilst it is thick, but don't let it boil; if this do not make it thick, put in a little Flour and Butter, so serve it up. Garnish your Dish with Mushrooms, Oysters and Lemon.

46. A brown Fricassy of LAMB.

Take a Leg of Lamb, cut it in thin Slices and season it with Pepper and Salt, then fry it brown with Butter, when it is fried put it into your Stew-pan, with a little brown Gravy, an Anchovy, a Spoonful or two of white Wine or Claret, grate in a little Nutmeg, and set it over the Stove; thicken your Sauce with Flour and Butter. Garnish your Dish with Mushrooms, Oysters and Lemon.

Take a Pig about a Month old and dress it, lay it down to the Fire, when the Skin begins to harden you must take it off by Pieces, and when you have taken all the Skin off, draw it, and when it is cold cut it in Quarters and lard it with Parsley; then roast it for Use.

48. How to Stew a HARE.

Take a young Hare, wash and wipe it well, cut the Legs into two or three Pieces, and all the other Parts the same Bigness, beat them all slat with a Paste-pin, season it with Nutmeg and Salt, then flour it over, and fry it in Butter over a quick Fire; when you have fried

it put it into a Stew-pan, with about a Pint of Gravy, two or three Spoonfuls of Claret and a small Anchovy, so shake it up with Butter and Flour, (you must not let it boil in the Stew-pan, for it will make it cut hard) then serve it up. Garnish your dish with crisp Parsley.

49. How to Jug a HARE.

Take a young Hare, cut her in Pieces as you did for Stewing, and beat it well, feafon it with the same Seasoning you did before, put it into a Pitcher or any other close Pot, with half a Pound of Butter, fet it in a Pot of hoil; ing Water, stop up the Pitcher close with a Cloth, and lay upon it some Weight for fear it should fall on one Side; it will take about two Hours in stewing; mind your Pot be full of Water, and keep it boiling all the Time; when it is enough take the Gravy from it, clear off the Fat, and put her into your Gravy in a Stew-pan, with a Spoonful or two of white Wine, a little Juice of Lemon, shred Lemon-peel and Mace; you must thicken it up as you would a white Fricassy.

Garnish your Dish with Sippets and Lemon.

50. To roast a HARE with a Pudding in the Belly.

When you have wash'd the Hare, nick the Legs thro' the Joints, and skewer them on both Sides, which will keep her from drying in the Roasting; when you have skewer'd her, put the Pudding into her Belly, baste her with nothing but Butter: put a little in the Drippingpan; you must not baste it with the Water at

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all: When your Hare is enough, take the Gravy out of the Dripping-pan, and thicken it up with a little Flour and Butter for the Sauce.

How to make a Pudding for the Hare.

Take the Liver, a little Beef-fuet, Sweetmarjoram and Parsley shred small, with Breadcrumbs and two Eggs; feafon it with Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt to your Taste, mix all together and if it be too stiff put in a Spoonful or two of Cream; You must not boil the Liver.

51. To make a brown Frically of RABBETS.

Take a Rabbet, cut the Legs in three Pieces, and the Remainder of the Rabbet the same Bigness, beat them thin, and fry them in Butter over a quick Fire; when they are fried put them into a Stew-pan with a little Gravy, a Spoonful of Catchup, and a little Nutmeg; then shake it up with a little Flour and Butter.

Garnish your Dish with crisp Parsley.

52. A white Fricassy of RABBETS.

Take a couple of young Rabbets and half roast them; when they are cold take off the Skin, and cut the Rabbets in small Pieces, (only take the white Part) when you have cut it in Pieces, put it into a Stew-pan with white Gravy, a small Anchovy, a little Onion, shred Mace and Lemon peel, set it over a Stove, and let it have one Boil, then take a little Cream, the Yolks of two Eggs, a Lump of Butter, a little Juice of Lemon and shred Parfley

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Parsley; put them all together into a Stewpan, and shake them over the Fire whilst they be as white as Cream; you must not let it boil, if you do it will curdle. Garnish your Dish with shred Lemon and Pickles.

53. How to make pulled RABBETS.

Take two young Rabbets, boil them very tender, and take off all the white Meat, and pull off the Skin, then pull it all in Shives, and put it into your Stew pan with a little white Gravy, a Spoonful of white Wine, a little Nutmeg and Salt to your Tafte; thicken it up as you would a white Fricassy, but put in no Parsley; when you serve it up lay the Heads in the Middle. Garnish your Dish with shred Lemon and Pickles.

54. To dress Rabbets to look like MOOR-GAME.

Take a young Rabbet. when it is cased cut off the Wings and the Head; leave the Neck of your Rabbet as long as you can; when you case it you must leave on the Feet, pull off the Skin, leave on the Claws, so double your Rabbet and skewer it like a Fowl; put a Skewer at the bottom through the Legs and Neck, and tie it with a String, it will prevent its slying open; when you dish it up make the same Sauce as you would do for Partridges. Three are enough for one Dish.

55. To make white Scotch Collops.

Take about four Pounds of a Fillet of Veal, cut it in small Pieces as thin as you can, then take a stew Pan, butter it well over, and shake

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a little Flour over it, then lay your Meat in Piece by Piece, whilst all your Pan be covered; take two or three Blades of Mace, and a little Nutmeg, set your Stew pan over the Fire, toss it up together 'till all your Meat be white, then take Half a Pint of strong Veal Broth, which must be ready made, a quarter of a Pint of Cream, and the Yolks of two Eggs, mix all these together, put it to your Meat, keeping it tossing all the Time 'till they just boil up, then they are enough; the last thing you do squeeze in a little Lemon: You may put in Oysters, Mushrooms, or what you will to make it Rich.

56. To boil Ducks with Onion SAUCE.

Take two fat Ducks, and season them with a little Pepper and Salt, and skewer them up at both Ends, and boil them whilst they are tender; take four or five large Onions and boil them in Milk and Water, change the Water two or three Times in the boiling, when they are enough chop them very small, and rub them through a Hair Sieve with the back of a Spoon, 'till you have rub'd them quite through, then melt a little Butter, put in your Onions and a little Salt, and pour it upon your Ducks. Garnish your Dish with Onions and Sippets.

57. To stew Ducks either wild or tame. Take two Ducks and half roast them, cut

Take two Ducks and half roaft them, cut them up as you would do for Eating, then put them into a Stew-pan with a little brown Gravy, [33]

Gravy, a Glass of Claret, two Anchovies, a small Onion shred very fine, and a little Salt; thicken it up with Flour and Butter, so serve it up. Garnish your Dish with a little raw Onion and Sippets.

58. Tomake a white Fricassy of CHICKENS.

Take two or more Chickens, half roast them, cut them up as you would do for Eating, and skin them; put them into a Stewpan with a little white Gravy, Juice of Lemon, two Anchovies, shred Mace and Nutmeg, then boil it; take the Yolks of three Eggs, a little sweet Cream and shred Parsley, put them into your stew Pan with a Lump of Butter and a little Salt; shake them all the while they are over the Stove, and be sure you do not let them boil lest they should curdle.

Garnish your Dish with Sippets and Lemon.

59. How tomake a brown Fricassy of CHICKENS.

Take two or more Chickens, as you would have your Dish in Bigness, cut them up as you do for Eating, and flat them a little with a Paste-Pin; fry them a light Brown, and put them into your stew Pan with a little Gravy, a Spoonful or two of white Wine, a little Nutmeg and Salt; thicken it up with Flour and Butter. Garnish your Dish with Sippets and crisp Parsley.

60. Chickens Surprise.

Take Half a Pound of Rice, set it over a Fire in soft Water, when it is half boiled put in two or three small Chickens truss'd, with

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two or three Blades of Mace, and a little Salt; take a Piece of Bacon about three Inches Square, and boil it in Water whilst almost enough, then take it out, pare off the out Sides, and put it into the Chickens and Rice to boil a little together; (you must not let the Broth be over thick with Rice) then take up your Chickens, lay them on a Dish, pour over them the Rice, cut your Bacon in thin Slices to lay round your Chickens, and upon the Breast of each a Slice.

This is proper for a Side-dish.

61. To boil CHICKENS.

Take four or five small Chickens, as you would have your Dish in Bigness; if they be small ones you may scald them, it will make them whiter; draw them, and take out the Breast bone before you scald them; when you have dress'd them, put them into Milk and Water, and wash them, truss them, and cut off the Heads and Necks; if you dress them the Night before you use them, dip a Cloth in Milk and wrap them in it, which will make them White; you must boil them in Milk and Water, with a little Salt; half an Hour or less will boil them.

To make Sauce for the CHICKENS.

Take the Necks, Gizzards and Livers, boil them in Water, when they are enough strain off the Gravy, and put to it a Spoonful of Oyster Pickle; take the Livers, break them small, mix a little Gravy, and rub them through through a Hair-sieve with the back of a Spoon then put to it a Spoonful of Cream, a little Lemon and Lemon peel grated; thicken it up with Butter and Flour. Let your Sauce be no thicker than Cream, which pour upon your Chickens. Garnish your Dish with Sippets, Mushrooms, and Slices of Lemon.

They are proper for a Side-dish or a Top-

dish either at Noon or Night.

62. How to boil a TURKEY.

When your Turkey is dress'd and drawn, truss her, cut off her Feet, take down the Breast-bone with a Knife, and sew up the Skin again; stuff the Breast with a white Stuffing.

How to make the Stuffing. Take the Sweet-bread of Veal, boil it, shred it fine, with a little Beef-suet, a Handsul of Bread-crumbs, a little Lemon-peel, Part of the Liver, a Spoonful or two of Cream, with Nutmeg, Pepper, Salt, and two Eggs, mix all together, and stuff your Turkey with Part of the Stuffing, (the rest you may either boil or fry to lay round it) dredge it with a little Flour, tie it up in a Cloth, and boil it with Milk and Water: If it be a young Turkey an Hour will boil it.

How to make Sauce for the Turkey. Take a little small white Gravy, a Pint of Oysters, two or three Spoonfuls of Cream, a little Juice of Lemon, and Salt to your Taste, thicken it up with Flour and Butter, then pour it over your Turkey, and serve it up; lay round your Turkey sry'd Oysters, and the Forc'd-meat.

Garnish

Garnish your Dish with Oysters, Mushrooms, and Slices of Lemon.

Take a little strong white Gravy, with some of the whitest Sellery you can get, cut it about an Inch long, boil it whilst it be tender, and put it into the Gravy, with two Anchovies, a little Lemon peel shred, two or three Spoonfuls of Cream, a little shred Mace, and a Spoonful of white Wine; thicken it up with Flour and Butter; if you dislike the Sellery you

64. How to roast a Turkey.

may put in the Liver as you did for Chickens.

Take a Turkey, dress and truss it, then take down the Breast bone. To make Stuffing for the Breast. Take Beef-suet, the Liver shred fine, and Bread-crumbs, a little Lemon-peel, Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt to your Taste, a little hred Parsley, a Spoonful or two of Cream. and two Eggs. Put her on a Spit and roaft her before a flow Fire; you may lard your Turkey with fat Bacon; if the Turkey be young an Hour and a Quarter will roaft it. For the Sauce take a little white Gravy, an Onion, a few Bread-crumbs, and a little whole Pepper, let them boil well together, put to them a little Flour and a Lump of Butter, which pour upon the Turkey; you may lay round your Turkey Forc'd-meat Balls.

Garnish your Dish with Slices of Lemon.

65. To make a rich Turkey Pie.

Take a young Turkey and bone her, only leave

leave in the Thigh Bones and short Pinions; take a large Fowl and Bone it, a little shred Mace, Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt, and feafon the Turkey and Fowl on the Inside; lay the Fowl in the Infide of the low Part of the Turkey, and stuff the Breast with a little white Stuffing (the fame white Stuffing as you made for the boiled Turkey) take a deep Dish, lay a Paste over it, and leave no Paste in the Bottom; lay in the Turkey, and lay round it a few Forc'd meat Balls, put in half a Pound of Butter, and a Jill of Water, then close up the Pie, an Hour and a Half will bake it; when it comes from the Oven take off the Lid, put in a Pint of stew'd Oysters, and the Yolks of fix or eight Eggs, lay them at an equal Distance round the Turkey; you must not stew your Oysters in Gravy but in Water, and pour them upon your Turkey's Breast; lay round fix or eight Artichoke-bottoms fry'd, so serve it up without the Lid; you must take the Fat out of the Pie before you put in the Oysters.

66. To make a TURKEY A-la-Daube.

Take a large Turkey and truss it; take down the Breast-bone, and stuff it in the Breast with some Stuffing, as you did the roast Turkey, lard it with Bacon, then rub the Skin of the Turkey with the Yolk of an Egg, and strow over it a little Nutmeg, Pepper, Salt, and a sew Bread-crumbs, then put it into a Copper-dish and send it to the Oven; when you dish it up make for the Turkey brown Gravy-sauce; shred

shred into your Sance a few Oysters and Mushrooms; lay round Artichoke-bottoms fry'd, stew'd Pallets, Forc'd-meat Balls, and a little crisp Bacon. Garnish your Dish with pickled Mushrooms, and Slices of Lemon.

This is a proper Dish for a Remove.

67. Potted Turkey.

Take a Turkey, bone her as you did for the Pie, and season it very well in the Inside and Outside with Mace, Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt, then put it into a Pot that you design to keep it in, put over it a Pound of Butter, when it is baked draw from it the Gravy, and take off the Fat, then squeeze it down very tight in the Pot; and to keep it down lay upon it a Weight; when it's cold take Part of the Butter that came from it, and clarify a little more with it to cover your Turkey, and keep it in a cool Place for Use; you may put a Fowl in the Belly if you please.

Ducks or Geese are potted the same Way.

68. How to Jugg Pigeons.

Take fix or eight Pigeons and truss them, season them with Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt. To make the Stuffing. Take the Livers and shred them with Beef-suet, Bread-crumbs, Parsley, Sweet marjoram, and two Eggs, mix all together, then stuff your Pigeons, sowing them up at both Ends, and put them into your Jugg with the Breast downwards, with half a Pound of Butter; stop up the Jugg close with a Cloth that no Steam can get out, then set them in

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a Pot of Water to boil; they will take above two Hours Stewing; mind you keep your Pot full of Water, and boiling all the Time; when they are enough clear from them the Gravy, and take the Fat clean off; put to your Gravy a Spoonful of Cream, a little Lemonpeel, an Anchovy shred, a few Mushrooms, and a little white Wine, thicken it with a little Flour and Butter, then dish up your Pigeons, and pour over them the Sauce. Garnish the Dish with Mushrooms and Slices of Lemon.

This is proper for a Side-dish.

69. Mirranaded PIGEONS.

Take fix Pigeons, and trus them as you would do for Baking, break the Breast-bones, season and stuff them as you did for Jugging, put them into a little deep Dish and lay over them half a Pound of Butter; put into your Dish a little Water. Take half a Pound of Rice, cree it soft as you would do for Eating, and pour it upon the Back of a Sieve, let it stand while it is cold, then take a Spoon and stat it like Paste on your Hand, and lay on the Breast of every Pigeon a Cake; lay round your Dish some Puff-paste not over thin, and send them to the Oven; about half an Hour will bake them.

This is proper at Noon for a Side-dish.

70. To Stew Pigeons.

Take your Pigeons, season and stuff them, flat the Breast-bone, and truss them up as you would

would do for Baking, dredge them over with a little Flour, and fry them in Butter, turning them round till all Sides be brown, then put them into a Stew-pan with as much brown Gravy as will cover them, and let them stew whilst your Pigeons be enough; then take Part of the Gravy, an Anchovy shred, a little Catchup, a small Onion or a Shalot, and a little Juice of Lemon for Sauce, pour it over your Pigeons, and lay round them Forc'd-meat Balls and crisp Bacon. Garnish your Dish with crisp Parsley and Lemon.

71. To broil PIGEONS whole.

Take your Pigeons, season and stuff them with the same Stuffing you did jugg'd Pigeons, broil them either before a Fire or in an Oven; when they are enough take the Gravy from them, and take off the Fat, then put to the Gravy two or three Spoonfuls of Water, a little boil'd Parsley shred, and thicken your Sauce. Garnish your Dish with crisp Parsley.

72. Boiled PIGEONS with fricassy Sauce.

Take your Pigeons, and when you have drawn and truss'd them up, break the Breastbone, and lay them in Milk and Water to make them White, tie them in a Cloth and boil them in Milk and Water; when you dish them up put to them white fricassy Sauce, only adding a few shred Mushrooms. Garnish with crisp Parsley and Sippets.

73. To Pot PIGEONS.

Take your Pigeons and skewer them with their

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their Feet cross over the Breast, to stand up; season them with Pepper and Salt, and roast them; so put them into your Pot, setting the Feet up; when they are cold cover them up with clarify'd Butter.

74. To stew PALLETS.

Take three or four large Beast Pallets and boil them very Tender, blanch and cut them in long Pieces the length of your Finger, then in small bits the cross Way; shake them up with a little good Gravy and a Lump of Butter; season them with a little Nutmeg and Salt, put in a Spoonful of white Wine, and thicken it with the Yolks of Eggs as you do a white Fricassy.

75. To make a Fricasty of Pig's Ears.

Take three or four Pig's Ears as large as you would have your Dish in Bigness, clean and boil them very tender, cut them in small Pieces the length of your Finger, and fry them with Butter till they be brown; so put them into a Stew-pan with a little brown Gravy, a Lump of Butter, a Spoonful of Vinegar, and a little Mustard and Salt, thicken'd with Flour; take two or three Pig's Feet and boil them very tender, sit for eating, then cut them in two and take out the large Bones, dip them in Egg, and strew over them a few Breadcrumbs, season them with Pepper and Salt; you may either fry or boil them, and lay them in the Middle of your Dish with the Pig's Ears.

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They are proper for a Side-dish.

76. To make a Fricassy of TRIPES.

Take the whitest seam Tripes you can get and cut them in long Pieces, put them into a Stew-pan with a little goodGravy, a few Breadcrumbs, a Lump of Butter, a little Vinegar to your Taste, and a little Multard if you like it; shake it up altogether with a little shred Parsley. Garnish your Dish with Sippets.

This is proper for a Side-dish.

77. To make a Fricassy of VEAL-SWEET-BREADS.

Take five or fix Veal-sweet-breads, according as you would have your Dish in Bigness, and boil them in Water, cut them in thin Slices the length Way, dip them in Egg, season them with Pepper and Salt, fry them a light Brown; then put them into a Stew-pan with a little brown Gravy, a Spoonful of white Wine or Juice of Lemon, whether you please; thicken it up with Flour and Butter; and ferve it up. Garnish your Dish with crisp Parfley.

78. To make a white Fricassy of TRIPES, to eat like Chickens.

Take the whitest and the thickest seam Tripe you can get, cut the white Part in thin Slices, put it into a Stew-pan with a little white Gravy, Juice of Lemon and Lemon-peel shred, also a Spoonful of white Wine; take the Yolks of two or three Eggs and beat them very well, put to them a little thick Cream, shred Parfley, and two or three Chives if you have any; shake altogether over the Stove while it be as thick as Cream, but don't let it boil for fear it curdle. Garnish your Dish with Sippets, slic'd Lemon or Mushrooms, and serve it up.

79. To make a brown Frically of Eggs.

Take eight or ten Eggs, according to the Bigness you design your Dish, boil them hard, put them in Water, take off the Shell, fry them in Butter whilst they be a deep Brown, put them into a Stew-pan with a little brown Gravy, and a Lump of Butter, fo thicken it up with Flour; take two or three Eggs, lay them in the middle of the Dish, then take the other, cut them in two, and fet them with the small Ends upwards round the Dish; fry fome Sippets and lay round them. Garnish your Dish with crifp Parsley.

This is proper for a Side-dish in Lent or

any other Time.

80. To make a white Fricassy of Eggs.

Take ten or twelve Eggs, boil them hard and pill them, put them in a Stew-pan with a little white Gravy; take the Yolks of two or three Eggs, beat them very well, and put to them two or three Spoonfuls of Cream, a Spoonful of white Wine, a little Juice of Lemon, shred Parsley, and Salt to your Taste; shake altogether over the Stove till it be as thick as Cream, but don't let it boil; take

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your

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your Eggs and lay one Part whole on the Dish, the rest cut in Halves and Quarters, and lay them round your Dish; you must not cut them till you lay them on the Dish. Garnish your Dish with Sippets, and serve it up.

81. To stew Eggs in Gravy.

Take a little Gravy, pour it into a little Pewter Dish, and set it over a Stove, when it is hot break in as many Eggs as will cover the Dish Bottom, keep pouring the Gravy over them with a Spoon 'till they are white at the Top, when they are enough strow over them a little Salt; fry some square Sippets of B read in Butter, prick them with the small Ends upward, and serve them up.

82. How to Collar a Piece of BEEF to eat Cold.

Take a Flank of Beef or Pale-board, which you can get, bone them and take off the inner Skin; nick your Beef about an Inch diftance, but mind you do not cut thro' the Skin of the Outfide; then take two Ounces of Salt. petre, and beat it small, and take a large Handful of common Salt and mix them together, first sprinkling your Beef over with a littleWater, and lay it in an earthern Dish, then strinkle over your Salt, so let it stand, four or five Days, then take a pretty large Quantity of all Sorts of mild sweet Herbs, pick and shred them very small, take some Bacon and cut it in long Pieces the Thickess of your Finger, then take your Beef and lay one Layer of Bacon

Bacon in every Nick; and another of the Greens; when you have done feafon your Beef with a little beat Mace, Pepper, Salt and Nutmeg; you may add a little Neat's Tongue, and an Anchovy in some of the Nicks; so roll it up tight, bind it in a Cloth with coarse Inkle round it, put it into a large Stew-pot and cover it with Water; let the Beef lie with the End downwards, put to it the Pickle that was in the Beef when it lay in Salt, fet it in a flow Oven all the Night, than take it out and bind it tight, and tie up both Ends, the next Day take it out of the Cloth, and put it into Pickle; you must take the same Pickle it was baked in; take off the Fat and boil the Pickle, put in a Handful of Salt, a few Bay Leaves, a litle whole Jamaica and black Pepper, a Quart of stale stronge Beer, a little Vinegar and Alegar; if you make the Pickle very good, it will keep five or fix Months very well; if your Beef be not too much baked it will cut all in Diamonds.

83. To roll a Breast of VEAL to eat cold

Take a large Breast of Veal, fat and white, bone it and cut it in two, feafon it with Mace, Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt, in one Part you may strinkle a few sweet Herbs shred fine, roll them tight up, bind them well with coarse Inkle, so boil it an Hour and a half; you may make the same Pickle as you did for the Beef, excepting the strong Beer; when it is enough take it up, and bind it as you did the Beef, so hang it up whilst it be cold.

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[46] 84. To pot Tongues.

Take your Tongues and falt them with Saltpetre, common Salt and bay Salt, let them lie ten Days, then take them out and boil them whilst they will blanch, cut off the lower Part of the Tongues, then season them with Mace, Pepper, Nutmeg and Salt, put them into a Pot and fend them to the Oven, and the low part of your Tongues that you cut off lay upon your Tongues, and one Pound of Butter, then let them bake whilst they are tender, then take them out of the Pot, throw over them a little more Seasoning, put them into the Pot you design to keep them in, press them down very tight, lay over them a Weight, and let them stand all Night, then cover them with clarified Butter: You must not salt your Tongues as you do for Hanging.

85. How to pot VENISON.

Take your Venison and cut it in thin Pieces, feason it with Pepper and Salt, put it into your Pot, lay over it some Butter and a little Beef-suet, let it stand all Night in the Oven; when it is baked beat them in a Marble Mortar or Wooden-Bowl, put in part of the Gravy, and all the Fat you take from it; when you have beat it put it into your Pot, then take the fat Lap of a Shoulder of Mutton, take off the Out-skin, and roast it, when it is roasted and cold, cut it in long Pieces the thickness of your Finger; when you put the Venifon into the Pot, put it in at three Times, betwixt every one lay the Mutton cross your Pot. E4. 90

Pot, at an equal Distance; if you cut it the right Way it will cut all in Diamonds; leave some of the Venison to lay on the Top, and coverit with clarified Butter; so keep it for Use.

86. To pot all Sorts of WILD-FOWL.

When the Wild-fowl are dreffed take a Pastepin, and beat them on the Breast 'till they are flat; before you roast them season them with Mace, Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt; you must not roast them over-much; when you draw them feafon them on the Out-fide, and fet them on one End to drain out the Gravy, and put them into your Pot; you may put in two Layers; if you press them very flat, cover them with clarified Butter when they are cold.

87. How to pot BEEF.

Take two Pounds of the Slice or Buttock, feafon it with about two Ounces of Saltpetre and a little common Salt, let it lie two or three Days, fend it to the Oven, and feason it with a little Pepper, Salt and Mace; lay over your Beef half a Pound of Butter or Beef fuet, and let it stand all Night in the Oven to stew; take from it the Gravy and the Butter, and beat them (with the Beef) in a Bowl, then take a quarter of a Pound of Anchovies, bone them, and beat them too with a little of the Gravy; if it be not seasoned enough to your Taste, put to it a little more Seasoning; put it close down in a Pot, and when it is cold cover it up with Butter, and keep it for Use.

88. To Ragoo a Rump of BEEF. Take a Rump of Beef, lard it with Bacon

and.

and Spices, betwixt the Larding, stuff it with forced Meat, made of a Pound of Veal, three Quarters of a Pound of Beef-fuet, a Quarter of a Pound of fat Bacon boiled and shred well by itself, a good Quantity of Parsley, Winter savoury, Thyme, Sweet-marjoram, and an Onion, mix all this together, season it with Mace Cloves, Cinamon, Salt, Jamaica and Black Pepper, and fome grated Bread, work the forc'd Meat up with three Whites and two Yolks of Eggs, then Stuff it, and lay some ruff Suet in a Stew pan with your Beef upon it, let it fry till it be brown then put in some Water, a bunch of sweet Herbs, a large Onion stuffed with Cloves, sliced Turneps, Carrots cut as large as the Yolk of an Egg, some whole Pepper and Salt, half a Pint of Claret, cover it close, and let it stew fix or seven Hours over a gentle Fire, turning it very often.

89. How to make Sauce for it.

Take Truffles, Morels, Sweet-breads, diced Pallets boiled tender, three Anchovies, and some Lemon-peel, put these into some brown Gravy and stew them; if you do not think it thick enough, dredge in a little Flour, and just before you pour it on your Beef put in a little white Wine and Vinegar, and serve it up hot.

90. Sauce for boiled RABBETS.

Take a few Onions, boil them throughly, shifting them in Water often, mix them well together with a little melted Butter and Water.

Some

Some add a little Pulp of Apple and Mustard.

91. To Salt a Leg of Mutton to eat like HAM.

Take a Leg of Mutton, an Ounce of Saltpetre, two Ounces of Bay-falt, rub it in very
well, take a Quarter of a Pound of coarse Sugar, mix it with two or three Handfuls of common Salt, then take and salt it very well, and
let it lie a Week, so hang it up, and keep it
for Use, after it is dry use it, the sooner the
better; it won't keep so long as Ham.

92. How to falt Ham or Tongues.

Take to a middling Ham, two Ounces of Saltpetre, a Quarter of a Pound of Bay-falt, beat them together, and rub them on your Ham very well, before you falt it on the Infide, fet your Salt before the Fire to warm; to every Ham take half a Pound of coarse Sugar, mix to it a little of the Salt, and rub it in very well, let it lie for a Week or ten Days, then salt it again very well, and let it lie another Week or ten Days, then hang it to dry, not very near the Fire, nor over much in the Air.

Take your Tongues and clean them, and cut off the Root, then take two Ounces of Saltpetre, a Quarter of a Pound of Bay-salt well beaten, three or four Tongues, according as they are in Bigness, lay them on a Thing by themselves, for if you lay them under your Bacon it slats your Tongues, and spoils them; salt them very well, and let them lie as long as the Hams with the Skin-side downwards: You

may do a Rump of Beef the same Way, only leave out the Sugar,

93. To boil a Knuckle of VEAL with Rice.

Take a Knuckle of Veal and a Scrag of Mutton, put them into a Kettle with as much Water as will cover them, and half a Pound of Rice; before you put in the Rice let the Kettle be skim'd very well, it will make the Rice the Whiter; put in a blade or two of Mace, and a little Salt, so let them boil all together till the Rice and Meat be thoroughly enough; you must not let the Broth be over thick; ferve it up with the Knuckle in the Middle of the Dish and Sippets round it.

94. Tostew Ducks whole.

Take Ducks, when they are drawn and clean wash'd, put them into a Stew-pan with strong Broth, Claret, Mace, whole Pepper, an Onion, an Anchovy and Lemon peel; when well stewed put in a Piece of Butter and some grated Bread to thicken it; lay round them crisp Bacon and Forced-meat Balls. Garnish

with Shalots. 65. To Pot a HARE.

Take a Hare, case, wash, and wipe her dry; cut her in Pieces, keep out all the bloody Parts and Skins, feafon it with Mace, Pepper and Salt, put it into a Pot, and lay over it a Pound of Beef-suet, let it stand all Night in a flow Oven; when it is baked take out all the Bones, and chop it all together in a Bowl with the Fat and Gravy that comes from it, put it right down into a Pot, and when cold cover it with clarified Butter: If you have no dislike to Bacon [51]

Bacon, you may put in two or three Slices when you fend them to the Oven.

96. How to make a HARE PIE.

Parboil the Hare, take out all the Bones, and beat the Meat in a Mortar with some fat Pork or new Bacon, then soak it in Claret all Night, the next Day take it out, season it with Pepper, Salt, and Nutmeg, then lay the Back bone into the Middle of the Pie, put the Meat about it with about three Quarters of a Pound of Butter, and bake it in Puff-paste, but lay no Paste in the Bottom of the Dish.

97. To make a HARE PIE another Way.

Take the Flesh of a Hare after it is skined, and string it: take a Pound of Beef-suet or Marrow sheed small, with Sweet-marjoram, Parsley and Shalots, take the Hare, cut it in Pieces, season it with Mace, Pepper, Salt and Nutmeg, then bake it either in cold or hot Paste, and when it is baked open it and put to it some melted Butter.

98. To make a Pig Royal.

Take a Pig and roast it the same Way as you did for Lamb, when you draw it you must not cut it up, when it is cold you must lard it with Bacon, cut not your Layers too small, if you do they will melt away, cut them about an Inch and a Quarter long; you must put one Row down the Back and one on either Side, then strinkle it over with a few Breadcrumbs and a little Salt, and set it in the Oven, an Hour will bake it, but mind your Oven be not too hot; you must take another Pig of a less

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less Size, roast it, cut it up, and lie it on each Side: The Sauce you make for a roast Pig will serve for both.

This is proper for a Bottom dish at a grand

Entertainment.

99. To roast VEAL a savoury Way.

When you have stuffed your Veal, strow some of the Ingredients over it; when it is roasted make your Sauce of what drops from the Meat, put an Anchovy in Water, and when dissolved pour it into the Dripping-pan, with a large Lump of Butter and Oysters; toss it up with Flour to thicken it.

100. To make a HAM PIE.

Cut the Ham round, and lay it in Water all Night, boil it tender as you would do for eating, take off the Skin, strew over it a little Pepper, and bake it in a deep Dish, put to it a Pint of Water, and half a Pound of Butter; you must bake it in Puss-paste, but lay no Paste in the Bottom of the Dish; when you send it to the Table send it without a Lid.

It is proper for a Top or Bottom Dish either

Summer or Winter.

101. To make a NEAT'S TONGUE PIE.

Take two or three Tongues, (according as you would have your Pie in Bigness) cut off the Roots and low Parts, take two Ounces of Salt-petre, a little Bay-salt, rub them very well lay them on an earthern Dish with the skin Side downwards, let them lie for a Week or ten Days, whilst they be very red, then boil them as tender as you would have them for Eating, blanch

planch and season with a little Pepper and Salt, flat them as much as you can, bake them in Puff paste in a deep Dish, but lay no Paste in the Bottom, put to them a little Gravy, and half a Pound of Butter; lay your Tongues with the wrong Side upwards, when they are baked turn them, and serve it up without a Lid.

102. To broil SHEEP or Hog's Tongues.

Boil, blanch, and split your Tongues, season them with a little Pepper and Salt, then dip them in Egg, strow over them a sew Breadcrumbs, and broil them whilst they be brown; serve they up with a little Gravy and Butter.

103. To pickle PORK.

Cut off the Leg, Shoulder Pieces, the bloody Neck and the Spare-Rib as bare as you can, then cut the middle Pieces as large as they can lie in the Tub, falt them with Saltpetre, Bayfalt, and white Salt; your Saltpetre must be beat small, and mix'd with the other Salts; half a Peck of white Salt, a Quart of Bay-falt, and half a Pound of Saltpetre, is enough for a large Hog; you must rub the Pork very well with your Salt, then lay a thick Layer of Salt all over the Tub, then a Piece of Pork, and do fo till all your Pork is in; lay the skin Side downwards, fill up all the Hollows and Sides of the Tub with little Pieces that are not bloody, press all down as close as possible, and lay on a good Layer of Salt on the Top, then lay on the Legs and Shoulder Pieces, which mult be used first, the rest will keep two Years if not pulled E

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pulled up, nor the Pickle poured from it. You must observe to see it be covered with Pickle.

104. To fricassy CALF's FEET white.

Drefs the Calt's Feet, boil them as you would do for Eating, take out the long Bones, cut them in two, and put them into a Stewpan with a little white Gravy, and a Spoonful or two of white Wine; take the Yolks of two or three Eggs, two or three Spoonfuls of Cream, grate in a little Nutmeg and Salt, and shake all together with a Lump of Butter. Garnish your Dish with Slices of Lemon and Currants, and so serve them up.

105. To roll a Pig's Head to eat like Brawn.

Take a large Pig's Head, cut off the Groin Ends, crack the Bones and put it in Water, shift it once or twice, cut off the Ears, then boil it so tender that the Bones will slip out, nick it with a Knife in the thick Part of the Head, throw over it a pretty large Handful of Salt; take half a Dozen of large Neat's Feet, boil them while they be fost, split them, and take out all the Bones and black Bits; take a strong coarse Cloth, and lay the Feet with the skin Side downwards, with all the loose Pieces on the Infide; press them with your Hand to make them of an equal Thickness, lay them at that Length that they will reach round the Head, and throw over them a Handful of Salt, then lay the Head across, one thick Part one Way and the other another, that the Lat may appear alike at both Ends; leave one

Foot

Foot out to lay at the Top to make a Lantern to reach round, bind it with Filleting as you would do Brawn, and tie it very close at both Ends; you may take it out of the Cloth the next Day, take off the Filletting and wash it, wrap it about again very tight, and keep it in Brawn-pickle.

This has been often taken for real Brawn. 106. How to fry CALF's FEET in Butter.

Take four Calf's Feet and blanch them, boil them as you wou'd do for Eating, take out the large Bones and cut them in two, beat a Spoonful of Wheat Flour and four Eggs together, put to it a little Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt, dip in your Calf's Feet, and fry them in Butter a light brown, and lay them upon your Dish with a little melted Butter over them. Garnish with Slices of Lemon and serve them up.

107. How to make Savoury PATTEES.

Take the Kidney of a Loyn of Veal before it be roafted, cut it in thin Slices, season it with Mace, Pepper and Salt, and make your Pattees; lay in every Patty a Slice, and either bake or fry them.

You may make Marrow Pattees the same Way.

108. To make Egg Pies.

Take and boil Half a Dozen Eggs, Half a Dozen Apples, a Pound and a Half of Beeffuet, a Pound of Currants, and shred them, fo feafon it with Mace, Nutmeg and Sugar to your Taste, a Spoonful or two of Brandy, and Sweet meats, if you pleafe.

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109. To make a sweet CHICKEN PIE.

Break the Chicken Bones, cut them in little Bits, feafon them lightly with Mace and Salt, take the Yolks of four Eggs boiled hard and quartered, five Artichoke-bottoms, half a Pound of Sun Raisins stoned, half a Pound of Citron, half a Pound of Lemon, half a Pound of Marrow, a few forc'd-meat Balls, and half a Pound of Currants well cleaned, fo make a light Puffpaste, but put no Paste in the Bottom; when it is baked take a little white Wine, a little Juice of either Orange or Lemon, the Yolk of an Egg well beat, and mix them together, make it hot and put it into your Pie; when you ferve it up take the same Ingredients you use for a Lamb or Veal Pie, only leave out the Artichokes.

110. To roast Tongues.

Cut off the Roots of two Tongues, take three Ounces of Saltpetre, a little Bay-falt and common Salt, rub them very well, let them lie a Week or ten Days to make them Red, but not Salt, so boil them tender as they will blanch, strow over them a few Bread crumbs, fet them before the Fire to brown, and turn them to make them brown on every Side.

To make SAUCE for the Tongues.

Take a few Bread crumbs, and as much Water as will wet them, then put in Claret till they be Red, and a little beat Cinnamon, fweeten it to your Taste, put a little Gravy on the Dish with your Tongues, and the sweet

Sauce

Sauce in two Basons, set them on each Side, so ferve them up.

III. To fry CALF's FEET in Eggs.

Boil your Calf's Feet as you would do for Eating, take out the long Bones and split them in two, when they are cold season 'em with a little Pepper, Salt and Nutmeg; take three Eggs, put to them a Spoonful of Flour, so dip the Feet in it and fry them in Butter; you must have a little Gravy and Butter for Sauce. Garnish with Currants, so serve them up.

112. To make a MINC'D PIE of Calf's Feet.

Take two or three Calf's Feet, and boil them as you would do for Eating, take out the long Bones, shred them very fine, put to them double their Weight of Beef-suet shred fine, and about a Pound of Currants well cleaned, a Quarter of a Pound of candid Orange and Citron cut in small Pieces, Half a Pound of Sugar, a little Salt, a Quarter of a Pound of Mace, and a large Nutmeg, beat them together, put in a little Juice of Lemon or Verjuice to your Taste, a Glass of Mountain Wine or Sack, which you please, so mix all together; bake them in Puff paste.

113. To roast a Woodcock.

When you have dress'd your Woodcock, and drawn it under the Leg, take out the bitter Bit, put in the Trales again; whilst the Woodcock is roasting set under it an earthen Dish with either Water in or small Gravy, let the Woodcock drop into it, take the Gravy

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and put to it a little Butter, and thicken it with Flour; your Woodcock will take about ten Minutes roasting if you have a brisk Fire; when you dish it up lay round it Wheat bread Toasts, and pour the Sauce over the Toasts, and serve it up.

You may roast a Partridge the same Way,

only add Crumb-fauce in a Bason.

114. To make a CALF'S HEAD PIE.

Take a Calf's Head and clean it, boil it as you would do for Hashing, when it is cold cut it in thin Slices, and feason it with a little black Pepper, Nutmeg, Salt, a few shred Capers, a few Oysters and Cockles, two or three Mushrooms, and green Lemon-peel, mix them all well together, put them into your Pie; it must be a standing Pie baked in a flat Pewter Dish, with a Rim of Puff-paste round the Edge; when you have filled the Pie with the Meat, lay on forc'd-meat Balls, and the Yolks of some hard Eggs, put in a little small Gravy and Butter; when it comes from the Oven take off the Lid, put into it a little white Wine to your Tafte, and shake up the Pie, so serve it up without Lid.

114. To make a CALF's FOOT Pre.

Take two or three Calf's Feet, according as you would have your Pie in Bigness, boil and bone them as you would do for Eating, and when cold cut them in thin Slices; take about three Quarters of a Pound of Beef-suet shred fine, half a Pound of Raisins stoned, half a Pound of cleaned Currants, a little Mace and

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Nutmeg, green Lemon-peel, Salt, Sugar, and candid Lemon or Orange, mix altogether, and put them into a Dish, make a good Puffpaste, but let there be no Paste in the Bottom of the Dish; when it is baked, take off the Lid, and squeeze in a little Lemon or Verjuice cut the Lid in Sippets and lay round.

116. To make a WOODCOCK PIE.

Take three or four Brace of Woodcocks, according as you would have the Pie in Bigness, dress and skewer them as you would do for Roafting, draw them, and feafon the Infide with a little Pepper, Salt and Mace, but don't wash them, put the Trales into the Belly again, but nothing else, for there is something in them that gives them a more bitterish Taste in the baking than in the roafting, when you put them into the Dish lay them with the Breast downwards, beat them upon the Breast as flat as you can; you must season them on the Outside as you do the Infide; bake them in Puff-pafte, but lay none in the Bottom of the Dish, put to them a Jill of Gravy and a little Butter; you must be very careful your Pie be not too much baked; when you serve it up take off the Lid and turn the Woodcocks with the Breast upwards.

You may bake Partridge the same Way.

117. To pickle Pigeons.

Take your Pigeons and bone them; you must begin to bone them at the Neck and turn the Skin downwards, when they are boned season them with Pepper, Salt and Nutmeg, sew up both Ends, and boil them in Water

and white Wine Vinegar, a few Bay Leaves, a little whole Pepper and Salt; when they are enough take them out of the Pickle, and boil it down with a little more Salt, when it is cold put in the Pigeons and keep them for Use.

118. To make a sweet VEAL PIE.

Take a Loin of Veal, cut off the thin Part length Ways, cut the rest in thin Slices, as much as you have occasion for, slat it with your Bill, and cut off the bone Ends next the Chine, season it with Nutmeg and Salt; take half a Pound of Raisins stoned, and half a Pound of Currants well cleaned, mix all together, and lay a few of them at the Bottom of the Dish, lay a Layer of Meat; and betwixt every Layer lay on your Fruit, but leave some for the Top; you must make a Puffpasse; but lay none in the Bottom of the Dish; when you have filled your Pie, put in a Jill of Water and a little Butter, when it is baked have a Caudle to put into it.

To make the Caudle, see in Receipt 177.

119. MINC'D PIES another Way.

Take a Pound of the finelt seam Tripes you can get, a Pound and a half of Currants well cleaned, two, three or four Apples pared and shred very fine, a little green Lemon-peel and Mace shred, a large Nutmeg, a Glass of Sack or Brandy, (which you please) half a Pound of Sugar, and a little Salt, so mix them well together, and fill your Petty-pans, then stick five or six Bits of candid Lemon or Orange in every

every Petty-pan, cover them, and when baked they are fit for Use.

120. To make a Savoury CHICKEN PIE.

Take half a Dozen small Chickens, season them with Mace, Pepper and Salt, both Infide and Out; then take three or four Veal Sweet breads, feafon them with the fame, and lay round them a few forc'd-meat Balls, put in a little Water and Butter; take a little white fweet Gravy not over strong, shred a few Oysters if you have any, and a little Lemonpeel, squeeze in a little Lemon juice, not to make it four; if you have no Oysters take the whitest of your Sweet-breads and boil them, cut them small, and put them into your Gravy, thicken it with a little Butter and Flour; when you open the Pie, if there be any Fat, skim it off, and pour the Sauce over the Chickens Breasts; so serve it up without Lid.

121. To roast a HANCH of VENISON.

Take a Hanch of Venison and spit it, then take a little Bread Meal, knead and roll it very thin, lay it over the fat Part of your Venison with a Paper over it, tye it round your Venison with a Pack-thread; if it be a large Hanch it will take four Hours roasting, and a midling Hanch three Hours; keep it basting all the Time you roast it; when you dish it up put a little Gravy in the Dish and sweet Sauce in a Bason; half an Hour before you draw your Venison take off the Paste, baste it, and let it be a light brown.

Take the Kidney of a Loin of Veal with the Fat when roafted shred it very fine, put to it a little shred Mace, Nutmeg and Salt, about half a Pound of Currants, the Juice of a Lemon, and Sugar to your Taste, then bake them in Puss-paste; you may either fry or bake them.

They are proper for a Side-dish.
123. To make BEEF ROLLS.

Cut your Beef thin as for Scotch Collops, beat it very well, and feafon it with Salt, Jamaica and white Pepper, Mace, Nutmeg, Sweet marjoram, Parsley, Thyme, and a little Onion shred small, rub them on the Collops on one Side, then take long Bits of Beef suet and roll in them, tying them up with a Thread; slour them well, and fry them in Butter very brown; then have ready some good Gravy and stew them an Hour and half, stirring them often, and keep them covered, when they are enough take off the Threads, and put in a little Flour, with a good Lump of Butter, and squeeze in some Lemon, then they are ready for Use.

124. To make a HERRING PIE of WHITE.
SALT HERRINGS.

Take five or fix falt Herrings, wash them very well, lay them in a pretty Quantity of Water all Night to take out the Saltness, sea fon them with a little black Pepper, three or four middling Onionspill'd and shred very fine, lay one Part of them at the Bottom of the Pie, and

and the other at the Top; to five or fix Herrings put in half a Pound of Butter, then lay in your Herrings whole, only take off the Heads; make them into a standing Pie with a thin Crust.

125. How to Collar Pig.

Take a large Pig that is fat, about a Month old, kill and dress it, cut off the Head, cut it in two down the Back and bone it, then cut it in three or four Pieces, wash it in a little Water to take out the Blood: take a little Milk and Water just warm, put in your Pig, let it lie about a Day and a Night, shift it two or three Times in that Time to make it white, then take it out and wipe it very well with a dry Cloth, and season it with Mace, Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt; take a little shred Parsley and strinkle over two of the Quarters, fo roll them up in a fine foft Cloth, tie it up at both Ends, bind it tight with a little Filleting or coarfe Inkle, and boil it in Milk and Water with a little Salt; it will take about an Hour and a half boiling; when it is enough bind it up tight in your Cloth again, hang it up whilst it be cold. For the Pickleboil a little Milk and Water, a few Bay Leaves and a little Salt; when it is cold take your Pig out of the Cloths and put it into the Pickle; you must shift it out of your Pickle two or three Times to make it White, the last Pickle make strong, and put in a little whole Pepper, a pretty large Handful of Salt, a few Bay-leaves, and so keep it for Ufe!

126. To Collar SALMON.

Take the Side of a middling Salmon, and cut off the Head, take out all the Bones and the Outfide, feafon it with Mace, Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt, roll it tight up in a Cloth, boil it, and bind it up with Inkle; it will take about an Hour boiling; when it is boiled bind it tight again, when cold take it very carefully out of the Cloth and bind it about with Filleting; you must not take off the Filleting but as it is eaten.

To make Pickle to keep it in.

Take two or three Quarts of Water, a Jill of Vinegar, a little Jamaica Pepper and whole Pepper, a large Handful of Salt, boil them altogether, and when it is cold put in your Salmon, so keep it for Use: If your Pickle don't keep you must renew it.

You may collar Pike the same Way. I 127. To make an OYSTER PIE.

Take a Pint of the largest Oysters you can get, clean them very well in their own Liquor, if you have not Liquor enough, add to them threee or four Spoonfuls of Water; take the Kidney of a Loin of Veal, cut it in thin Slices, and season it with a little Pepper and Salt, lay the Slices in the Bottom of the Dish, (but there must be no Paste in the Bottom of the Dish) cover them with the Oysters, strow over a little of the Seasoning as you did for the Veal; take the Marrow of one or two Bones, lay it over your Oysters and cover them with Pust paste; when it is baked take off the Lid, put into it a Spoonful

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a Spoonful or two of white Wine, shake it up altogether, and serve it up.

It is proper for a Side-dish, either for Noon

or Night.

128. To butter CRAB and LOBSTER.

Dress all the Meat out of the Belly and Claws of your Lobster, put it into a Stew-pan, with two or three Spoonfuls of Water, a Spoonful or two of white Wine Vinegar, a little Pepper, shred Mace, and a Lump of Butter, shake it over the Stove till it be very hot, but do not let it boil, if you do it will oil; put it into your Dish, and lay round it your small Claws:—

It is as proper to put it in Scallop Shells as on Dish.

129. To roast a LOBSTER.

If your Lobster be alive tie it to the Spit, roast and baste it for half an Hour; if it be boiled you must put it in boiling Water, and let it have one Boil, then lie it in a Drippingpan and baste it; when you lay it upon the Dish split the Tail, and lay it on each Side, so serve it up with a little melted Butter in a China Cup.

130. To make a QUAKING PUDDING.

Take eight Eggs and beat them very well, put to them three Spoonfuls of London Flour, a little Salt, three Jills of Cream, and boil it with a Stick of Cinnamon and a Blade of Mace; when it is cold mix it to your Eggs and Flour, butter your Cloth, and do not give it over much room in your Cloth; about half an Hour will boil it; you must turn it in the boiling or

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the Flour will settle, so serve it up with a little melted Butter.

131. A HUNTING PUDDING.

Take a Pound of fine Flour, a Pound of Beef-suet shred fine, three Quarters of a Pound of Currans well cleaned, a Quartern of Raisins stoned and shred, sive Eggs, a little Lemon-peel shred fine, half a Nutmeg grated, a Jill of Cream, a little Salt, about two Spoonfuls of Sugar, and a little Brandy, so mixall well together, and tie it up tight in your Cloath; it will take two Hours boiling; you must have a little white Wine and Butter for your Sauce.

132. A Calf's Foot Pudding.

Take two Calf's Feet, when they are clean'd boil them as you would for Eating; take out all the Bones; when they are cold shred them in a wooden Bowl as small as Bread crumbs; then take the Crumbs of a penny Loaf, three Quarters of a Pound of Beef-suet shred fine, grate in half a Nutmeg, take half a Pound of Currans well washed, half a Pound of Raisins stoned and shred, half a Pound of Sugar, fix Eggs, and a little Salt, mix them altogether very well, with as much Cream as will wet them, fo butter your Cloth and tie it up tight; it will take two Hours boiling; you must have a little Sack and Butter for the Sauce; you may if you please stick it with a little Orange, and serve it up.

Take three or four Ounces of Sagoo, and wash

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wash it in two or three Waters, set it on to boil in a Pint of Water, when you think it is enough take it up, fet it to cool, and take half of a candid Lemon shred fine, grate in half of a Nutmeg, mix two Ounces of Jordan Almonds blanched, grate in three Ounces of Bisket if you have it, if not a few Bread crumbs grated, a little Rose-water and half a Pint of Cream; then take fix Eggs, leave out two of the Whites, beat them with a Spoonful or two of Sack, put them to your Sagoo, with about half a Pound of clarified Butter, mix them all together, then fweeten it with fine Sugar, put in a little Salt, and bake it in a Dish with a little Puff-paste about the Dish Edge, when you ferve it up you may stick a little Citron or candid Orange, or any Sweetmeats you pleafe.

134. A Marrow Pudding.

Take a penny Loaf, take off the Outside, then cut one half in thin Slices; take the Marrow of two Bones, half a Pound of Currans well cleaned, shred your Marrow, and strinkle a little Marrow and Currans over the Dish; if you have not Marrow enough you may add to it a little Beef-suet shred sine; take sive Eggs and beat them very well, put to them three Jills of Milk, grate in half a Nutmeg, sweeten it to your Taste, mix all together, pour it over your Pudding, and save a little Marrow to strinkle over the Top of your Pudding; when you send it to the Oven lye a Pustpaste round the Dish Edge.

135. A. CAR-

135. A CARROT PUDDING.

Take three or four clear red Carrots, boil and peel them, take the red Part of the Carrot, beat it very fine in a Marble Mortar, put to it the Crumbs of a Penny Loaf, fix Eggs, half a Pound of clarified Butter, two or three Spoonfuls of Rose Water, a little Lemon-peel shred, grate in a little Nutmeg, mix them well together, bake it with a Puff-paste round your Dish, and have a little white Wine, Butter and Sugar, for the Sauce.

136. A GROUND RICE PUDDING.

Take half a Pound of ground Rice, half cree it in a Quart of Milk, when it is cold put to it five Eggs well beat, a Jill of Cream, a little Lemon-peel shred fine, half a Nutmeg grated, half a Pound of Butter, and half a Pound of Sugar, mix them well together, put them into your Dish with a little Salt, and bake it with a Puff paste round your Dish; have a little Rose-water, Butter and Sugar to pour over it, you may prick in it candid Lemon or Citron if you please.

Half of the above Quantity will make a

Pudding for a Side-dish.

137. A POTATOE PUDDING.

Take three or four large Potatoes, boil them as you would do for Eating, beat them with a little Rose-water and a Glass of Sack in a Marble Mortar, put to them half a Pound of Sugar, fix Eggs, half a Pound of melted Butter, half a Pound of Currans well cleaned, a little

little shred Lemon-peel, and candid Orange, mix altogether and serve it up.

138. An APPLE PUDDING.

Take half a dozen large Codlins, or Pippens, roast them and take out the Pulp; take eight Eggs, (leave out six of the Whites) half a Pound of sine Powder Sugar, beat your Eggs and Sugar well together, and put to them the Pulp of your Apples, half a Pound of clarified Butter, a little Lemon-peel shred sine, a Handful of Bread-crumbs or Bisket, sour Ounces of candid Orange or Citron, and bake it with a thin Paste under it.

139. An ORANGE PUDDING.

Take three large Seville Oranges, the clear-est Kind you can get, grate off all the Outrhine; take eight Eggs, (leave out six of the Whites) half a Pound of double refin'd Sugar, beat and put it to your Eggs, then beat them both together for half an Hour; take three Ounces of sweet Almonds blanch'd, beat them with a Spoonful or two of fair Water to keep them from oiling, half a Pound of Butter, melt it without Water, and the Juice of two Oranges, then put in the Rasping of your Oranges, and mix all together; lay a thin Paste over your Dish and bake it, but not in too hot an Oven.

140. An ORANGE PUDDING another Way.

Take half a Pound of candid Orange, cut them in thin Slices, and beat them in a Marble Mortar to a Pulp; take fix Eggs, (leave out Half of the Whites) half a Pound of But-

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ter, and the Juice of one Orange; mix them together, and sweeten it with fine powder Sugar, then bake it with thin Paste under it.

141. An ORANGE PUDDING another Way.

Take three or four Seville Oranges, the clearest Skins you can get, pare them very thin, boil the Peel in a pretty Quantity of Water, shift them two or three Times in the boiling to take out the bitter Taste; when it is boiled, you must beat it very fine in a Marble Mortar; take ten Eggs, (leave out six of the Whites) three Quarters of a Pound of Loaf-Sugar, beat it and put it to your Eggs, beat them together for half an Hour, put to them half a Pound of melted Butter, and the Juice of two or three Oranges, as they are of Goodness, mix all together, and bake it with a thin Paste over your Dish.

This will make Cheese-Cakes as well as a

Pudding.

142. An ORANGE PUDDING another Way.

Take five or fix Seville Oranges, gratethem and make a Hole in the Top, take out all the Meat, and boil the Skin very tender, shifting them in the boiling to take off the bitter Taste; take half a Pound of long Bisket, slice and scald them with a little Cream, beat six Eggs and put to your Bisket; take half a Pound of Currans, wash them clean, grate in half a Nutmeg, put in a little Salt and a Glass of Sack, beat all together, then put it into your Orange Skins, the them tight in a Piece of sine Cloth, every one separate; about three

Quarters

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Quarters of an Hour will boil them: You must have a little white Wine, Butter and Sugar for Sauce.

143. To make an ORANGE PIE.

Take half a Dozen Seville Oranges, chip them very fine, as you would do for preferving, make a little Hole in the Top, and scope out all the Meat, as you would do an Apple, you must boil them whilst they are tender, and shift them two or three Times to take off the bitter Taste; take six or eight Apples, according as they are in Bigness, pare and slice them, and put to them part of the Pulp of your Oranges, and pick out the Strings and Pippens, put to them half a Pound of fine Powder Sugar, so boil it up over a slow Fire, as you would do for Puffs, and fill your Oranges with it; they must be baked in a deep Delf Dish with no Paste under them; when you put them into your Dish put under them three Quarters of a Pound of fine Powder Sugar, put in as much Water as will wet your Sugar, and put your Oranges with the open Side uppermost; it will take about an Hour and a Half baking in a flow Oven; lie over them a light Puff-paste; when you dish it up take off the Lid, and turn the Oranges in the Pie, cut the Lid in Sippets, and fet them at an equal Distance, so serve it up.

Take a Pint of Cream, boil it with one Stick of Cinnamon, take out the Spice when it is boiled, then take the Yolks of eight Eggs, and

four

four Whites, beat them very well with some Sack, and mix your Eggs with the Cream, a little Sugar and Salt, half a penny Wheat Loaf, a Spoonful of Flour, a Quarter of a Pound of Almonds blanch'd and beat fine, beat them altogether, wet a thick Cloth, flour it, and put it in when the Pot boils; it must boil an Hour at least; melted Butter, Sack and Sugar is Sauce for it; stick blanch'd Almonds and candid Orange-peel on the Top, so serve it up.

145. To make PLUMB PORRIDGE.

Take two Shanks of Beef, and ten Quarts of Water, let it boil over a flow Fire till it be tender, and when the Broth is strong, strain it out, wipe the Pot and put in the Broth again, flice in two penny Loaves thin, cutting off the Top and Bottom, put some of the Liquor to it, cover it up and let it stand for a Quarter of an Hour, so put it into the Pot again, and let it boil a Quarter of an Hour, then put in four Pounds of Currans, and let them boil a little; then put in two Pounds of Raisins, and two Pounds of Prunes, let them boil till they fwell; then put in a Quarter of an Ounce of Mace, a few Cloves beat fine, mix it with a little Water, and put it into your Pot; also a Pound of Sugar, a little Salt, a Quart or better of Claret, and the Juice of two or three Lemons or Verjuice; thicken it with Sagoo instead of Bread; so put it in earthern Pots, and keep it for Use.

Take Mushrooms, Pallets, Oysters and Sweet-

Sweet-breads, fry them in Butter, put all these in a strong Gravy, heat them over the Fire, and thicken them up with an Egg and a little Butter; then take fix or eight Pigeons, truss them as you would for baking, feafon them with Pepper and Salt, and lay on them a Crust of forc'd Meat as follows, viz. a Pound of Veal cut in little Bits, and a Pound and a half of Marrow, beat it together in a Stone Mortar, after it is beat very fine, season it with Mace, Pepper and Salt, put in the Yolks of four Eggs, and two raw Eggs, mix altogether with a few Bread-crumbs to a Paste: Make the Sides and Lid of your Pie with it, then put your Ragoo into your Dish, and lay in your Pigeons with Butter; an Hour and a half will bake it.

147. To fry CUCUMBERS for Mutton Sauce. You must brown some Butter in a Pan, and cut fix middling Cucumbers, pare and flice them, but not over thin, drain them from the Water, then put them into the Pan, when they are fried brown put to them a little Pepper and Salt, a Lump of Butter, a Spoonful of Vinegar, a little shred Onion, and a little Gravy, not to make it too thin, so shake them well together with a little Flour.

You may lay them round your Mutton, or

they are proper for a Side-dish.

148. To force a FOWL.

Take a good Fowl, pull and draw it, then flit the Skin down the Back, take the Flesh from the Bones, and mince it very well, mix

it with a little Beef-suet, shred a Jill of large Oysters, chop a Shallot, a little grated Bread, and some sweet Herbs, mix all together, seafon it with Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt, make it up with Yolks of Eggs, put it on the Bones and draw the Skin over it, few up the Back, cut off the Legs, and put the Bones as you do a Fowl for boiling, the the Fowl up in a Cloth; an Hour will boil it. For Sauce take a few Oysters, shred them, and put them into a little Gravy, with a Lump of Butter, a little Lemon-peel shred and a little Juice, thicken it up with a little Flour, lie the Fow! on the Dish, and pour the Sauce upon it; you may fry a little of the forc'd Meat to lay round. Garnish your Dish with Lemon; you may set it in the Oven if you have Convenience, only rub over it the Yolk of an Egg and a few Bread-crumbs.

149. To make STRAWBERRY and RASBERRY FOOL.

Take a Pint of Rasberries, squeeze and strain the Juice, with a Spoonful of Orange Water, put to the Juice six Ounces of sine Sugar, and boil it over the Fire; then take a Pint of Cream and boil it, mix them all well together, and heat them over the Fire, but not to boil, if it do it will curdle; stir it till it be cold, put it into your Bason and keep it for Use.

150. To make a Posset with Almonds.

Blanch and beat three Quarters of a Pound of Almonds, so fine that they will spread betwixt your Fingers like Butter, put in Water

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as you beat them to keep them from Oiling; take a Pint of Sack, Cherry or Gooseberry Wine, and sweeten it to your Taste with double resin'd Sugar, make it boiling hot; take the Almonds, put to them a little Water, and boil the Wine and Almonds together; take the Yolks of four Eggs, and beat them very well, put to them three or four Spoonfuls of Wine, then put it into your Pan by Degrees, stirring it all the while; when it begins to thicken take it off, and stir it a little, put it into a China Dish, and serve it up.

151. To make DUTCH BEEF.

Take the lean Part of a Buttock of Beef raw, rub it well with brown Sugar all over, and let it lie in a Pan or Tray two or three Hours, turning it three or four Times, then falt it with common Salt, and two Ounces of Saltpetre; let it lie a Fortnight, turning it every Day, then roll it very straight, and put it into a Cheese Press Day and Night, then take off the Cloth and hang it up to dry in the Chimney; when you boil it let it be boiled very well, it will cut in Shivers like Dutch Beef.

You may do a Leg of Mutton the same Way.

152. To make PULLONY SAUSAGES.

Take Part of a Leg of Pork or Veal, pick it clean from the Skin or Fat, put to every Pound of lean Meat a Pound of Beef-suet, pick'd from the Skins, shred the Meat and Suet separate and very fine, mix them well together, add a large Handful of green Sage shred very small; season it with Pepper and Salt, mix it well

well, press it down hard in an earthern Pot, and keep it for Use.—When you use them roll them up with as much Egg as will make them roll smooth; in rolling them up make them about the length of your Fingers, and as thick as two Fingers; fry them in Butter, which must be boiled hot before you can put them in, and keep them rolling about in the Pan; when they are fried through they are enough.

153. To make an Amblet of Cockles.

Take four Whites and two Yolks of Eggs, a Pint of Cream, a little Flour, a Nutmeg grated, a little Salt, and a Jill of Cockles, mix all together, and fry it Brown.

This is proper for a Side-dish either for

Noon or Night.

154. To make a common quaking Pudding.

Take five Eggs, beat them well with a little Salt, put in three Spoonfuls of fine Flour, take a Pint of New Milk and beat them well together, then take a Cloth, butter and flour it, but do not give it over much Room in the Cloth; an Hour will boil it, give it a turn every now and then at the first putting in, or else the Meal will settle to the Bottom; have a little plain Butter for Sauce, and serve it up.

155. To make a boiled TANSEY.

Take an old penny Loaf, cut off the out Crust, slice it thin, put to it as much hot Crea m as will wet it, six Eggs well beaten, a little shred Lemon peel, grate in a little Nutmeg, and a little Salt; green it as you did your baked Tansey,

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Tansey, so tie it up in a Cloth and boil it; it will take an Hour and a Quarter boiling; when you dish it up stick it with candid Orange, and lay a Seville Orange cut in Quarters round the Dish; serve it up with melted Butter.

156. A TANSEY another Way.

Take an old Penny Loaf, cut off the out Crust, slice it very thin, and put to it as much hot Milk as will wet it; take fix Eggs, beat them very well, grate in half a Nutmeg, a little shred Lemon-peel, half a Pound of clarified Butter, half a Pound of Sugar, and a little Salt; mix them well together. To green your Tansey, Take a Handful or two of Spinage, a Handful of Tansey, and a Handful of Sorrel, clean them and beat them in a Marble Mortar, or grind it as you would do Greenfauce, strain it through a Linen Cloth into a Bason, and put into your Tansey as much of the Juice as will green it, pour over the Sauce a little white Wine, Butter and Sugar; lay a Rim of Paste round your Dish and bake it; when you serve it up cut a Seville Orange in Quarters, and lay it round the Edge of the Dish.

157. To make RICE PANCAKES.

Take half a Pound of Rice, wash and pick it clean, cree it in fair Water till it be a Jelly, when it is cold take a Pint of Cream and the Yolks of sour Eggs, beat them very well together, and put them to the Rice, with grated Nutmeg and some Salt, then put in half a Pound of Butter, and as much Flour as will make it thick enough to fry, with as little Butter as you can.

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158. To

[78] 158. To make FRUIT FRITTERS.

Take a penny Loaf, cut off the out Crust, flice it, put to it as much hot Milk as will wet it, beat five or fix Eggs, put to them a quarter of a Pound of Currans well cleaned, and a little candid Orange shred fine, so mix them well together, drop them with a Spoon into a Stew-pan in clarified Butter; have a little white Wine, Butter and Sugar for your Sauce, put it into a China Bason, lay your Fritters round, grate a little Sugar over them, and ferve them up.

159. To make WHITE PUDDINGS in Skins.

Take half a Pound of Rice, cree it in Milk while it be foft, when it is creed put it into a Cullinder to drain; take a penny Loaf, cut off the out Crust, then cut it in thin Slices, fcald it in a little Milk, but do not make it over wet; take fix Eggs and beat them very well, a Pound of Currans well cleaned, a Pound of Beef-fuet shred fine, two or three Spoonfuls of Rose-water, half a Pound of Powder Sugar, a little Salt, a Quarter of an Ounce of Mace, a large Nutmeg grated, and a small Stick of Cinnamon; beat them together, mix them very well, and put them into the Skins; if you find it be too thick put to it a little Cream; you may boil them near half an Hour, it will make them keep the better.

160. To make BLACK PUDDINGS.

Take two Quarts of whole Oatmeal, pick it and half boil it, give it room in your Cloth,

you must do it the Day before you use it) put it into the Blood while it is warm, with a Handful of Salt, stir it very well, beat eight or nine Eggs in about a Pint of Cream, and a Quart of Bread crumbs, a Handful or twoof Maslin Meal dress'd through a Hair Sieve, if you have it, if not put in Wheat flour; to this Quantity you may put an Ounce of Jamaica Pepper, an Ounce of Black Pepper, alarge Nutmeg, and a little more Salt, Sweetmarjoram and Thyme, if they be green shred them fine, if dry rub them to Powder, mix them well together, and if it be too thick put to it a little Milk; take four Pounds of Beeffuet, and four Pounds of Lard, skin and cut it in thin Pieces, put it into your Blood by Handfuls, as you fill your Puddings; when they are filled and tied prick them with a Pin, it will keep them from bursting in the boiling; (you must boil them twice) cover them close and it will make them Black.

161. An ORANGE PUDDING another Way.

Take two Seville Oranges, the largest and clearest you can get, grate off the outer Skin with a clean Grater; take eight Eggs, (leave out two of the Whites) half a Pound of Loaf Sugar, beat it very fine, put it to your Eggs, and beat them for an Hour, put to them Half a Pound of clarified Butter, and four Ounces of Almonds blanch'd, and beat them with a little Rose-water; put in the Juice of the Oranges, but mind you don't put in the Pippens, and mix altogether; bake it with a G 2

thin Paste over the Bottom of the Dish. It must be baked in a slow Oven.

162. To make APPLE FRITTERS.

Take four Eggs and beat them very well, put to them four Spoonfuls of fine Flour, a little Milk, about a Quarter of a Pound of Sugar, a little Nutmeg and Salt, so beat them very well together; you must not make it very thin, if you do it will not stick to the Apple; take a middling Apple and pare it, cut out the Core, and cut the rest in round Slices about the Thickness of a Shilling; (you may take out the Core after you have cut it with your Thimble) have ready a little Lard in a Stew-pan, or any other deep Pan; then take your Apple every Slice fingle, and dip it into your Blatter, let your Lard be very hot, so drop them in ; you must keep them turning whilst enough, and mind that they be not over brown; as you take them out lay them on a Pewter Dish before the Fire whilst you have done; have a little white Wine, Butter and Sugar for the Sauce; grate over them a little Loaf Sugar and ferve them up.

163. To make an HERB PUDDING.

Take a good Quantity of Spinage and Parfley, a little Sorrel and mild Thyme, put to them a Handful of great Oatmeal creed, shred them together till they be very small, put to them a Pound of Currans, well washed and cleaned, four Eggs well beaten in a Jill of good Cream; if you wou'd have it sweet, put in a quarter of a Pound of Sugar, a little Nutmeg, a lit[81]

a little Salt, and a Handful of grated Bread; then meal your Cloth and tie it close before you put it in to boil; it will take as much boiling as a Piece of Beef.

164. To make a PUDDING for a HARE.

Take the Liver and chop it small with some Thyme, Parsley, Suet, Crumbs of Bread mixt, with grated Nutmeg, Pepper, Salt, an Egg, a little fat Bacon and Lemon-peel; you must make the Composition very stiff, lest it should dissolve, and you loose your Pudding.

165. To make a BREAD PUDDING.

Take three Jills of Milk, when boiled, take a penny Loaf fliced thin, cut off the out Crust, put on the boiling Milk, let it stand close covered till it be cold, and beat it very well till all the Lumps be broke; take sive Eggs beat very well, grate in a little Nutmeg, shred some Lemon-peel, and a quarter of a Pound of Butter or Beef-suet, with as much Sugar as will sweeten it; and Currans as many as you please; let them be well cleaned; so put them into your Dish, and bake or boil it.

166. To make CLARE PANCAKES.

Take five or fix Eggs, and beat them very well with a little Salt, put to them two or three Spoonfuls of Cream, a Spoonful of fine Flour, mix it with a little Cream; take your Clare and wash it very clean, wipe it with a Cloth, put your Eggs into a Pan, just to cover your Pan Bottom, lay the Clare in Leaf by Leaf, whilst you have covered your Pan all over; take a Spoon, and pour over every Leaf till

they

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they are all covered; when it is done lay the brown Side upwards, and serve it up.

167. To make a LIVER PUDDING.

Take a Pound of grated Bread, a Pound of Currans, a Pound and a half of Marrow and Suet together cut small, three Quarters of a Pound of Sugar, half an Ounce of Cinnamon, a quarter of an Ounce of Mace, a Pint of grated Liver, and some Salt, mix all together; take twelve Eggs, (leave out half of the Whites) beat them well, put to them a Pint of Cream, make the Eggs and Cream warm, then put it to the Pudding, stuff and stir it well together, so still them in Skins; put to them a few blanch'd Almonds shred sine, and a Spoonful or two of Rose-water, so keep them for Use.

168. To make OATMEAL FRITTERS.

Boil a Quart of New Milk, steep a Pint of fine Flour or Oatmeal in it ten or twelve Hours, then beat four Eggs in a little Milk, so much as will make it like thick Blatter, drop them in by Spoonfuls into sresh Butter, a Spoonful of Butter in a Cake, and grate Sugar over them; have Sack, Butter and Sugar for Sauce.

169. To make APPLE DUMPLINGS.

Take half a Dozen Codlins, or any other good Apples, pare and core them, make a little cold Butter Paste, and roll it up about the Thickness of your Finger, so lap round every Apple, and tie them single in a fine Cloth, boil them in a little Salt and Water, and let the Water boil before you put them in; half

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an Hour will boil them; you must have for Sauce a little white Wine and Butter; grate some Sugar round the Dish, and serve them up.

170. To make HERB DUMPLINGS.

Take a Penny Loaf, cut off the out Crust, and the rest in Slices, put to it as much hor Milk as will just wet it, take the Yolks and Whites of fix Eggs, beat them with two Spoonfuls of Powder Sugar, half a Nutmeg, and a little Salt, fo put it to your Bread; take half a Pound of Currans well cleaned, put them to your Eggs, then take a Handful of the mildest Herbs you can get, gather them fo equal that the Tafte of one be not above the other, wash and chop them very small, put as many of them in as will make a deep Green, (don't put any Parsley among them, nor any other strong Herb) fo mix them altogether, and boil them in a Cloth, make them about the Bigness of middling Apples; about half an Hour will boil them; put them into your Dish, and have a little candid Orange, white Wine, Butter and Sugar for Sauce, fo serve them up.

171. To make MARROW TARTS.

To a Quart of Cream put the Yolks of twelve Eggs, half a Pound of Sugar, some beaten Mace and Cinnamon a little Salt and some Sack, set it on the Fire with half a Pound of Biskets, as much Marrow, a little Orange-peel and Lemon-peel; stir it on the Fire till it becomes thick, and when it is cold put it into a Dish with Puff-paste, then bake it gently in a slow Oven.

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172. To make PLAIN FRUIT DUMPLINGS.

Take as much Flour as you would have Dumplings in Quantity, put to it a Spoonful of Sugar, a little Salt, a little Nutmeg, a Spoonful of light Yeast, and half a Pound of Currans well washed and cleaned, so knead them the stiffness you do a common Dumpling, you must have white Wine, Sugar and Butter for Sauce; you may boil them either in a Cloth or without; so serve them up.

173. To make OYSTER LOAVES.

Take half a Dozen French Loaves, rasp them and make a Hole at the Top, take out all the Crumbs and fry them in Butter till they be Crisp; when your Oysters are stewed, put them into your Loaves, cover them up before the Fire to keep hot whilst you want them; so serve them up.

They are proper either for a Side-dish or

Midd dish.

You may make Cockle Loaves or Mushroom Loaves the same Way.

174. To make a Gooseberry Pudding.

Take a Quart of green Gooseberries, pick, coddle, bruise and rub them through a hair Sieve to take out the Pulp; take six Spoonsuls of the Pulp, six Eggs, three Quarters of a Pound of Sugar, halt a Pound of clarified Butter, a little Lemon-peel shred sine, a Handful of Bread-crumbs or Bisket, a Spoonsulof Rose. Water or Orange slower Water; mix these well together, and bake it with Paste round the Dish; you may add Sweetmeats if you please.

175. To make an EEL PIE.

Case and clean the Eels, season them with a little Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt, cut them in long Pieces; you must make your Pie with hot Butter Paste, let it be oval with a thin Crust; lay in your Eels length Way, putting over them a little fresh Butter; so bake them.

Eel Pies are good, and eat very well with Currans, but it you put in Currans you must not use any black Pepper, but a little Jamaica

Pepper.

176. To make a TURBOT-HEAD PIE.

Take a middling Turbot-Head, pretty well cut off, wash it clean, take out the Gills, seafon it pretty well with Mace, Pepper and Salt,
so put it into a deep Dish with half a Pound
of Butter, cover it with a light Puff-paste, but
lay none in the Bottom; when it is baked take
out the Liquor and the Butter that it was baked
in, put it into a Sauce-pan with a Lump of
fresh Butter and Flour to thicken it, with an
Anchovy and a Glass of white Wine, so pour
it into your Pie again over the Fish; you may
lie round half a Dozen Yolks of Eggs at an
equal Distance; when you have cut off the
Lid, lie it in Sippets round your Dish, and
ferve it up.

Take about a Jill of white Wine and Verjuice mixed, make it very hot, beat the Yolk of an Egg very well, and then mix them together as you would do mull'd Ale; you must sweeten it very well, because there is no Sugar in the Pie.

This

This Caudle will do for any other Sort of Pie that is fweet.

178. To make SWEET-MEAT TARTS.

Make a little Shell Paste, roll it, and line your Tins, prick them in the inside, and so bake them; when you serve em up put in any fort of Sweet meats, what you please.

You may have a different Sort every Day,

do but keep your Shells bak'd by you.

179. To make ORANGE TARTS.

Take two or three Seville Oranges and boil them, shift them in the boiling to take out the Bitter, cut them in two, take out the Pippens, and cut them in Slices; they must be baked in crisp Paste; when you fill the Petty-pans, lay in a Layer of Oranges and a Layer of Sugar, (a Pound will sweeten a Dozen of small Tins, if you do not put in too much Orange) bake them in a slow Oven, and Ice them over.

180. To make a TANSEY another Way.

Take a Pint of Cream, some Biskets without Seeds, two or three Spoonfuls of sine Flour, nine Eggs, leaving out two of the Whites, some Nutmeg, and Orange-flower Water, a little Juice of Tansey and Spinage, put it into a Pan till it be pretty thick, then fry or bake it, if fried take Care that you do not let it be over brown. Garnish with Orange and Sugar, so serveit up.

181. A good Paste for TARTS.

Take a Pint of Flour, and rub a Quarter of a Pound of Butter into it, beat two Eggs with a Spoonful of double refin'd Sugar, and

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two or three Spoonfuls of Cream to make it into Paste; work it as little as you can, roll it out thin; butter your Tins, dust on some Flour, then lay in your Paste, and do not fill them too full.

182. To make TRANSPARENT TARTS.

Take a Pound of Flour well dried, beat one Egg till it be very thin, then melt almost three Quarters of a Pound of Butter without Salt, and let it be cold enough to mix with an Egg, then put it into the Flour and make your Paste, roll it very thin, when you are setting them into the Oven wet them over with a little sair Water, and grate a little Sugar; if you bake them rightly they will be very fine.

183. To make a SHELL PASTE.

Take half a Pound of fine Flour, and a Quarter of a Pound of Butter, the Yolks of two Eggs and one White, two Ounces of Sugar finely fifted, mix all these together with a little Water, and roll it very thin whilst you can see through it; when you lid your Tarts prick them to keep them from Blistering; make sure to roll them even, and when you bake them Ice them.

184. To make Paste for TARTS.

Take the Yolks of five or fix Eggs, just as you would have Paste in Quantity; to the Yolks of Eggs put a Pound of Butter, work the Butter with your Hands whilst it take up all the Eggs, then take some London Flour and work it with your Butter whilst it comes to a Paste, put in about two Spoonfuls of Loaf

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Sugar beat and sifted, and about half a Jill of Water; when you have wrought it well together it is sit for Use.

This is a Paste that seldom runs if it be even roll'd; roll it thin but let your Lids be thiner than your Bottoms; when you have made your Tarts, prick them over with a Pin to keep them from Blistering; when you are going to put them into the Oven, wet them over with a Feather dipt in fair Water, and grate over them a little double refined Loaf Sugar, it will Ice them; but don't let them be bak'd in a hot Oven.

185. A short Paste for TARTS.

Take a Pound of Wheat-flour, and rub it very small, three Quarters of a Pound of Butter, rub it as small as the Flour, put to it three Spoonfuls of Loaf Sugar beat and fifted, take the Yolks of four Eggs, and beat them very well; put to them a Spoonful or two of Rosewater, and work them into a Paste, then roll them thin, and ice them over as you did the other if you please, and bake em in a slow Oven. 186. To make a LIGHT PASTE for a VENISON

PASTY, or other PIE.

Take a quarter of a Peck of fine Flour, or as much as you think you have Occasion for, and to every Quartern of Flour put a Pound and a Quarter of Butter, break the third Part of your Butter into the Flour; then take the Whites of three or four Eggs, beat them very well to a Froth, and put to them as much Water as will knead the Meal; do not knead

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it over Stiff, so then roll it in the rest of your Butter; you must roll it sive or six Times over at least, and strinkle a little Flour over your Butter every Time you roll it up, lap it up the cross Way, and it will be sit for Use.

187. To make a Paste for a STANDING PIF.

Take a Quartern of Flour or more if you have Occasion, and to every Quartern of Flour put a Pound of Butter and a little Salt, knead it with boiling Water, then work it very well, and let it lie whilst it is cold.

This Paste is good enough for a Goose Pie,

or any other standing Pie.

188. Alight Paste for a DISH PIE.

Take a Quartern of Flour, and break into it a Pound of Butter in large Pieces, knead it very Stiff, handle it as lightly as you can, and roll it once or twice, then it is fit for Use.

189. To make CHEESE CAKES.

Take a Gallon of New Milk, make of it a tender Curd, wring the Whey from it, put it into a Bason, and break three Quarters of a Pound of Butter into the Curd, then with a clean Hand work the Butter and Curd together till all the Butter be melted, and rub it in a Hair Sieve with the Back of a Spoon till all be through; then take six Eggs, beat them with a sew Spoonfuls of Rose-Water or Sack, put it into your Curd with halfa Pound of sine Sugar and a Nutmeg grated; mix them all together with a little Salt, some Currans and Almonds; then make up your Paste of sine Flour, with cold Butter and a little Sugar;

roll your Paste very thin, fill your Tins with the Curd, and set them in an Oven, when they are almost enough take them out, then take a Quarter of a Pound of Butter, with a little Rose-Water, and Part of a half Pound of Sugar, let it stand on the Coals till the Butter be melted, then pour into each Cake some of it, set them in the Oven again till they be brown; so keep them for Use.

190: To make Goofer WAFERS.

Take a Pound of fine Flour and fix Eggs, beat them very well, put to them about a Jill of Milk, mix it well with the Flour, put in half a Pound of clarified Butter, half a Pound of Powder Sugar, half of a Nutmeg, and a little Salt; you may add to it two or three Spoonfuls of Cream; then take your Goofer-Irons and put them into the Fire to heat, when they are hot rub them over the first Time with a little Butter in a Cloth, put your Blatter into one Side of your Goofer-Irons, put them into the Fire, and keep turning the Irons every now and then; (if your Irons be too hot they burn foon) make them a Day or two before you use them, only set them down before the Fire on a Pewter Dish-before you serve them up; have a little white Wine and Butter for your Sauce, grating some Sugar over them. 191. To make common Curd CHEESE CAKES.

Take a Pennyworth of Curds, mix them with a little Cream, beat four Eggs, put to them fix Ounces of clarified Butter, a Quarter of a Pound of Sugar, half a Pound of Currans

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well wash'd, and a little Lemon-peel shred, a little Nutmeg, a Spoonful of Rose-Water or Brandy, whether you please, and a little Salt, mix altogether, and bake them in small Petty-Pans.

192. Cheese Cakes without CURRANS.

Take five Quarts of New-Milk, run it to a tender Curd, then hang it in a Cloth to drain, rub into them a Pound of Butter that is well washed in Rose-Water, put to it the Yolks of seven or eight Eggs, and two of the Whites; feason it with Cinnamon, Nutmeg and Sugar.

193. To make a CURD PUDDING.

Take three Quarts of New-Milk, put to it a little Erning, as much as will break it when it is scumm'd break it down with your Hand, and when it is drained grind it with a Mustard Ball in a Bowl, or beat it in a Marble-Mortar; then take half a Pound of Butter and fix Eggs, leaving out three of the Whites; beat the Eggs well, and put them into the Curds and Butter, grate in half a Nutmeg, a little Lemon-peel shred fine, and Salt, sweeten it to your Taste, beat them all together, and bake them in little Petty-Pans with fait Bottoms; a Quarter of an Hour will bake them; you must butter the Tins very well before you put them in; when you dish them up you must lay them the wrong Side upwards on the Dish, and stick them with either blanch'd Almonds, candid Orange, or Citron cut in long Bits, and grate a little Loaf-Sugar over them.

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194. To make a SLIPCOAT CHEESE.

Take five Quarts of New-Milk, a Quart of Cream, and a Quart of Water, boil your Water, then put your Cream to it; when your Milk is New-Milk warm put in your Erning, take your Curd into the Strainer, break it as little as you can, and let it drain, then put it into your Vat, press it by Degrees, and lay it in Grafs.

195. To make CREAM CHEESE.

Take three Quarts of New-Milk, one Quart of Cream, and a Spoonful of Erning, put them together, let it stand till it comes to the Hardness of a strong Jelly, then put it into the Mould, shifting it often into dry Cloths, lay the Weight of three Pounds upon it, and about two Hours after you may lay fix or feven Pounds upon it; turn it often into dry Cloths till Night, then take the Weight off, and let it lie in the Mould without Weight and Cloth till Morning, and when it is fo dry that it doth not wet a Cloth, keep it in Greens till fit for Use; if you please you may put a little Salt into it.

196. To make PIKE eat like STURGEON.

Take the thick Part of a large Pike and scale it, set on two Quarts of Water to boil it in, put in a Jill of Vinegar, a large Handful of Salt, and when it boils put in your Pike, but first bind it about with coarseInkle; when it is boiled you must not take of the Inkle or Baifing, but it be on all the Time it is in Eating; it no be kept in the same Pickle it was boiled in, and if you think it be not strong [93]

Vinegar, so when it is cold put it upon your Pike, and keep it for Use; before you boil the Pike take out the Bone.

You may do Scate the same Way, and in

my Opinion it eats more like Sturgeon.

197. To Collar EELS.

Take the largest Eels you can get, skin and split them down the Belly, take out the Bones, season them with a little Mace, Nutmeg and Salt; begin at the Tail and roll them up very tight, so bind them up in a little coarse Inkle, boil it in Salt and Water, a sew Bay Leaves, a little whole Pepper, and a little Alegar or Vinegar; it will take an Hour boiling, according as your Roll is in Bigness; when it is boiled you must tie it and hang it up whilst it be cold, then put it into the Liquor that it was boiled in, and keep it for Use.

If your Eels be small you may robe two or

three of them together.

198. To Pot SMELTS.

Take the freshest and largest Smelts you can get, wipe them very well with a clean Cloth, take out the Guts with a Skewer, (but you must not take out the Milt and Roan) season them with a little Mace, Nutmeg and Salt, so lie them in a flat Pot; if you have two Score you must lay over them sive Ounces of Butter; tie over them a Paper, and set them in a slow Oven; if it be over hot it will burn them, and make them look black; ar Hour will bake them; when they are bak you must take H 3

them out and lay them on a Dish to drain, and when they are drained you must put them in long Pots about the Length of your Smelts; when you lay them in you must put betwixt every Layer the same Seasoning as you did before, to make them keep; when they are cold cover them over with clarified Butter, fo keep them for Use.

199. To Pickle SMELTS.

Take the best and largest Smelts you can get; gut, wash and wipe them, lie them in a flat Pot, cover them with a little white Wine Vinegar, two or three Blades of Mace and a little Pepper and Salt; bake them in a flow Oven, and keep them for Use.

200. To stew a PIKE.

Take a large Pike, scale and clean it, seafon it in the Belly with a little Mace and Salt; skewer it round, put it into a deep Stew-pan, with a Pint of small Gravy and a Pint of Claret, two or three Blades of Mace, set it over a Stove with a flow Fire, and cover it up close; when it is enough take Part of the Liquor, put to it two Anchovies, a little Lemon-peel shred fine, and thicken the Sauce with Flour and Butter; before you lie the Pike on the Dish turn it with the Back upwards, take off the Skin, and serve it up. Garnish your Dish with Lemon and Pickle.

Take a little of the Liquor that comes from the Pike when you take it out of the Oven, put to it two or three Anchovies, a little Lemon-peel

mon-peel shred, a Spoonful or two of White Wine, or a little Juice of Lemon, which you please, put to it some Butter and Flour, make your Sauce about the Thickness of Cream, put it into a Bason or Silver-boat, and set in your Dish with your Pike, you may lay round your Pike any Sort of fried Fish, or broiled, if you have it; you may have the same Sauce for a broiled Pike, only add a little good Gravy, a few shred Capers, a little Parsley, and a Spoonful or two of Oyster and Cockle Pickle if you have it.

202. How to roast a PIKE with a Pudding in the Belly.

Take a large Pike, scale and clean it, draw it at the Gills.—To make a Pudding for the Pike. Take a large Handful of Bread-crumbs, as much Beef-suet shred sine, two Eggs, a little Pepper and Salt, a little grated Nutmeg, a little Parsley, Sweet-marjoram and Lemonpeel shred sine; so mix altogether, put it into the Belly of your Pike, skewer it round and lie it in an earthern Dish with a Lump of Butter over it, a little Salt and Flour, so set it in the Oven; an Hour will roast it.

203. To dress a Cod's HEAD.

Take a Cod's Head, wash and clean it, take out the Gills, cut it open, and make it to lie stat; (if you have no Conveniency of boiling it you may do it in an Oven, and it will be as well or better) put it into a Copper-dish or Earthern one, lie upon it a little Butter, Salt,

and Flour, and when it is enough take off the Skin.

SAUCE for the Cod's Head.

Take a little white Gravy, about a Pint of Oysters or Cockles, a little shred Lemon peel, two or three Spoonfuls of white Wine, and about half a Pound of Butter thicken'd with Flour, and put it into your Boat or Bason.

Another Sauce for a Cod's Head.

Take a Pint of good Gravy, a Lobster or Crab, which you can get, dress and put it into your Gravy with a little Butter, Juice of Lemon, shred Lemon-peel, and a few Shrimps if you have them; thicken it with a little Flour, and put it into your Bason, set the Oysters on one Side of the Dish and this on the other; lay round the Head boiled Whitings, or any fried Fish; pour over the Head a little melted Butter. Garnish your Dish with Horse-radish, Slices of Lemon and Pickles.

204. To stew CARP or TENCH.

Take your Carp or Tench and wash them, scale the Carp but not the Tench, when you have cleaned them wipe them with a Cloth, and fry them in a Frying-pan with a little Butter to harden the Skin; before you put them into the Stew-pan, put to them a little good Gravy, the Quantity will be according to the Largeness of your Fish, with a Jill of Claret, three or four Anchovies at least, a little shred Lemon-peel, a Blade or two of Mace, let all stew together, till your Carp be enough, over a flow Fire; when it is enough take Part of the

he Liquor, put to it half a Pound of Butter, and thicken it with a little Flour; so serve them up. Garnish your Dish with crisp Parssey, Slices of Lemon and Pickles.

If you have not the Convenience of stewing them, you may broil them before a Fire, only

adding the fame Sauce.

205. How to make Sauce for a boiled SAL-MON or TURBOT.

Take a little mild white Gravy, two or three Anchovies, a Spoonful of Oyster or Cockle Pickle, a little shred Lemon-peel, half a Pound of Butter, a little Parsley and Fennel shred small, and a little Juice of Lemon, but not too much, for fear it should take off the Sweetness.

206. To make SAUCE for HADDOCK or COD, either broiled or boiled.

Take a little Gravy, a few Cockles, Oysters or Mushrooms, put to them a little of the Gravy that comes from the Fish, either broiled or boiled, it will do very well if you have no other Gravy, a little Catchup and a Lump of Butter; if you have neither Oysters nor Cockles you may put in an Anchovy or two, and thicken with Flour; you may put in a few shred Capers, or a little Mango if you have it.

207. To Stew EELS.

Take your Eels, case, clean, and skewer them round, put them into a Stew-pan with a little good Gravy, a little Claret to redden the Gravy, a Blade or two of Mace, an Anchovy, and a little Lemon-peel; when they are enough thicken them with a little Flour and Butter. Garnish your Dish with Parsley.

208. To pitch-cock EELS.

Take your Eels, case and clean them, season them with Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt,
skewer them round, broil them before the Fire,
and baste them with a little Butter; when they
are almost enough strinkle them over with a
little shred Parsley, and make your Sauce of a
little Gravy, Butter, Anchovy, and a little
Oyster Pickle if you have it; don't pour the
Sauce over your Eels, put it into a China
Bason, and set it in the Middle of your Dish.

Garnish with crisp Parsley, and serve them

up.

209. To boil HERRINGS.

Take your Herrings, scale and wash them, take out the Milt and Roan, skewer them round, and tie them with a String or else they will come loofe in the boiling and be spoiled; fet on a pretty broad Stew-pan, with as much Water as will cover them, put to it a little Salt, lie in your Herrings with the Backs downwards, boil with them the Milt and Roans to lie round them; they will boil in half a Quarter of an Hour over a flow Fire; when they are boiled take them up with an Egg Slice, fo turn them over and set them to drain. Make your Sauce of a little Gravy and Butter, an Anchovy and a little boiled Parsley shred; put it into the Bason, set it in the Middle of the Dish, lie the Herrings round with their Tails towards the Bason

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Bason, and lie the Milts and Roans between every Herring. Garnish with crisp Parsley and Lemon; so serve them up.

210. To fry HERRINGS.

Scale and wash your Herrings clean, strew over them a little Flour and Salt; let your Butter be very hot before you put your Herrings into the Pan, then shake them to keep them stirring, and fry them over a brisk Fire; when they are fried cut off the Heads and bruife them, put to them a Jill of Ale, (but the Ale must not be bitter) add a little Pepper and Salt, a small Onion or Shallot, if you have them, and boil them altogether; when they are boiled, strain them, and put them into your Sauce-pan again, thicken them with a little Flour and Butter, put it into a Bason, and fet it in the Middle of your Dish; fry the Milts and Roans together, and lay round your Herrings. Garnish your Dish with crisp Parfley, and ferve it up.

211. To pickle HERRINGS.

Scale and clean your Herrings, take out the Milts and Roans, and skewer them round, season them with a little Pepper and Salt, put them in a deep Pot, cover them with Alegar, put to them a little whole Jamaica Pepper, and two or three Bay Leaves; bake them and keep them for Use.

212. To Stew OYSTERS.

Take a Score or two of Oysters, according as you have Occasion, put them into a small Stew-pan, with a few Bread-crumbs, a little Water

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Water, shred Mace and Pepper, a Lump of Butter, and a Spoonful of Vinegar, (not to make it sour) boil them altogether but not over much, if you do it makes them hard. Garnish with Bread Sippets, and serve them up.

213. To fry OYSTERS

Take a Score or two of the largest Oysters you can get, and the Yolks of four or five Eggs, beat them very well, put to them a little Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt, a Spoonful of fine Flour, and a little raw Parsley shred, so dip in your Oysters, and fry them in Butter a light Brown.

They are very proper to lie about either stew'd Oysters, or any other Fish, or made

Dishes.

214. OYSTERS in Scallop Shells.

Take half a Dozen small Scallop Shells, lay in the Bottom of every Shell a Lump of Butter, a few Bread Crumbs, and then your Oysters; lying over them again a few more Breadcrumbs, a little Butter, and a little beat Pepper, so set them to crisp, either in the Oven or before the Fire, and serve them up.

They are proper for either a Side-dish or

Middle-dish.

215. To keep HERRINGS all the Year.

Take fresh Herrings, cut off their Heads, open and wash them very clean, season them with Salt, black Pepper, and Jamaica Pepper, put them into a Pot, cover them with white Wine Vinegar and Water, of each an equal Quantity,

Quantity, and set them in a slow Oven to bake; tie the Pot up close and they will keep a Year in the Pickle.

216. Tomake artificial STURGEON another Way.

Take out the Bones of a Turbot or Britt, lay it in Salt twenty four Hours, boil it with good Store of Salt; make your Pickle of white Wine Vinegar and three Quarts of Water, boil them, and put in a little Vinegar in the boiling; don't boil it over much, if you do it will make it foft; when 'tis enough take it out till it be cold, put the same Pickle to it, and keep it for Use.

217. To stew Mushrooms.

Take Mushrooms, and clean them, the Buttons you may wash, but the Flaps you must pill both inside and out; when you have cleaned them, pick out the little ones for pickling, and cut the rest in Pieces for stewing; wash them and put them into a little Water, give them a Boil and it will take off the Faintness, so drain from them all the Water, then put them into a Pan with a Lump of Butter, a little shred Mace, Pepper and Salt to your Taste (putting to them a little Water) hang them over a slow Fire for half an Hour, when they are enough thicken them with a little Flour; serve them up with Sippets.

218. To make ALMOND PUFFS.

Take a Pound of Almonds blanch'd, and beat them with Orange-flower Water, then take a Pound of Sugar, and boil them almost to a Candy height, put in your Almonds and

Stir them on the Fire, keep stirring them till they be stiff, then take them off the Fire and stir them till they be cold; beat them a quarter of an Hour in a Mortar, putting to them a Pound of Sugar sifted, and a little Lemon-peel grated, make it into a Paste with the Whites of three Eggs, and beat it into a Froth more or less as you think proper; bake them in an Oven almost cold, and keep them for Use.

219. To pot Mushrooms.

Take the largest Mushrooms, scrape and clean them, put them into your Pan with a Lump of Butter, and a little Salt, let them stew over a slow Fire whilst they are enough, put to them a little Mace and whole Pepper, then dry them with a Cloth, and put them down into a Pot as close as you can, and as you lie them down strinkle in a little Salt and Mace, when they are cold cover them over with Butter; when you use them toss them up with Gravy, a few Bread-crumbs and Butter; do not make your Pot over large, but rather put them into two Pots; they will keep the better if you take the Gravy from them when they are stewed.

They are good for Fish Sauce, or any other

whilft they are fresh.

220. To fry TROUT, or any other Sort of Fish.

Take two or three Eggs, more or less according as you have Fish to fry, take the Fish and cut it in thin Slices, lie it upon a Board, rub the Eggs over it with a Feather, and strow on a little Flour and Salt, fry it in fine Drip-

pings

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pings or Butter, let the Drippings be very hot before you put in the Fish, but do not let it burn, if you do it will make the Fish black; when the Fish is in the Pan, you may do the other Side with the Egg, and as you fry it lay it to drain before the Fire till all be fried, then it is ready for Use.

221. To make SAUCE for SALMON or TURBOT.

Boil your Turbot or Salmon, and set it to drain; take the Gravy that drains from the Salmon or Turbot, an Anchovy or two, a little Lemon-peel shred, a Spoonful of Catchup, and a little Butter, thicken it with Flour the Thickness of Cream, put to it a little shred Parsley and Fennel; but do not put in your Parsley and Fennel till you be just going to send it up, for it will take off the Green.

The Gravy of all Sorts of Fish is a great.

Addition to your Sauce if the Fish be sweet.

222. To dress Cop's Zoons.

Lie them in Water all Night, and then boil them, if they be Salt shift them once in the boiling, when they are tender cut them in long Pieces, dress them up with Eggs as you do Salt Fish, take one or two of them and cut into square Pieces, dip them in Egg and fry them to lay round your Dish.

It is proper to lie about any other Dish.
223. To make Solomon Gundy to eat in Lent.

Take five or fix white Herrings, lay them in Water all Night, boil them as foft as you would do for Eating, and shift them in the boiling to take out the Saltness; when they are

2 boiled

boiled take the Fish from the Bone, and mind you don't break the Bone in Pieces, leaving on the Head and Tail; take the white Part of the Herrings, a Quarter of a Pound of Anchovies, a large Apple, a little Onion shred fine, or Shallot, and a little Lemon-peel, shred them all together, and lie them over the Bones on both Sides, in the Shape of a Herring; then take off the Peel of a Lemon very thin, and cut it in long Bits, just as it will reach over the Herrings; you must lie this Peel over every Herring pretty thick. Garnish your Dish with a few pickled Oysters, Capers, and Mushrooms if you have any; so serve them up.

224. SOLOMON GUNDY another Way.

Take the white Part of a Turkey, or other Fowl, if you have neither, take a little white Veal and mince it pretty small; take a little hang Beeef or Tongues, scrape them very sine, a few shred Capers, and the Yolks of four or sive Eggs shred small; take a Delf Dish and lie a Delf Plate in the Dish with the wrong Side up, so lie on your Meat and other Ingredients, all single in Quarters, one to answer another; set in the Middle a large Lemon or Mango, so lie round your Dish Anchovies in Lumps, pickled Oysters or Cockles, and a few pickled Mushrooms, Slices of Lemon and Capers; so ferve it up.

This is proper for a Side-dish either at Noon or Night.

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225. To make LEMON CHEESE CAKES. Blanch half a Pound of Almonds, and beat them in a Stone Mortar very fine, with a little Rose-water; put in eight Eggs, leaving out five of the Whites; take three Quarters of a Pound of Sugar, and three Quarters of a Pound of melted Butter, beat all together, then take three Lemon Skins, boiled tender, the Rind and all, beat them very well, and mix them with the rest, then put them into your Paste.

You may make a Lemon Pudding the same Way, only add the Juice of half a Lemon: Before you fet them in the Oven, grate over

them a little fine Loaf Sugar.

226. To make white GINGER-BREAD.

Take a little Gum-Dragon, lay it in Rosewater all Night, then take a Pound of Jordan Almonds blanch'd with a little of the Gumwater, a Pound of double refined Sugar beat and fifted, an Ounce of Cinnamon beat with a little Rose-water, work it into a Paste and print it, then set it in a Stove to dry.

227. To make red GINGER-BREAD.

Take a Quart and a Jill of red Wine, a Jill and a half of Brandy, seven or eight Manshets," according to the Size the Bread is, grate them, (the Curst must be dried, beat and fifted) three Pounds and a half of Sugar beat and fifted, two Ounces of Cinnamon, and two Ounces of Ginger beat and sifted, a Pounds of Almonds blanched and beat with Rose-water, put the Bread into the Liquor by Degrees, stirring it alk

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all the Time, when the Bread is all well mix'd take it off the Fire; you must put the Sugar, Spices, and Almonds into it, when it is cold print it; keep some of the Spice to dust the Prints with.

228. To make a GREAT CAKE.

Take five Pounds of fine-Flour, (let it be dried very well before the Fire) and fix Pounds of Currans well dress'd and rub'd in Cloths after they are washed, set them in a Sieve before the Fire; you must weigh your Currans after they are cleaned, then take three Quarters of an Ounce of Mace, two large Nutmegs beaten and mix'd amongst the Flour, a Pound of Powder Sugar, a Pound of Citron, and a Pound of candid Orange, (cut your Citron and Orange in pretty large Pieces) and a Pound of Almonds cut in three or four Pieces long way; then take fixteen Eggs, leaving out half of the Whites, beat your Sugar and Eggs for half an Hour with a little Salt; take three Jills of Cream, and three Pounds and a half of Butter, melt your Butter with Part of the Cream for fear it should be too hot, put in between a Jack and a Jill of good Brandy, a Quart of light Yest, and the rest of the Cream, mix all your Liquors together about Blood-warm, make a Hole in the Middle of your Flour, and put in the Liquids, cover it half an Hour and let it stand to rife, then put in your Currans and mix all together; butter your Hoop, tie a Paper three fold, and put it at the Bottom in your Hoop; just when they are ready to let

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in the Oven, put the Cake into your Hoop at three Times; when you have laid a little Paste at the Bottom, lay in Part of your Sweet-meats and Almonds, then put in a little Paste over them again, and the rest of your Sweet-meats and Almonds, then lay on the rest of your Paste, and set it in a quick Oven; two Hours will bake it

229. To make Iceing for this CAKE.

Take two Pounds of double-refined Sugar, beat it, and fift it through a fine Sieve; put to it a Spoonful of fine Starch, a Pennyworth of Gum-Arabic, beat them all well together; take the Whites of four or five Eggs, beat them well, and put to them a Spoonful of Rose water, or Orange-flower Water, a Spoonful of the Juice of Lemon, beat them with the whites of your Eggs, and put in a little to your Sugar till you wet it, then beat them for two Hours whilft your Cake is baking; if you make it over thin it will run; when you lie it on your Cake you must lie it on with a Knife; if you would have the Iceing very thick, you mult add a little more Sugar; wipe off the loofe Currans before you put on the Iceing, and put it into the Oven to harden the Iceing.

230. To make a PLUMB CAKE.

Take five Pounds of Flour dried and cold, mix to it an Ounce of Mace, half an Ounce of Cinnamon, a Quarter of an Ounce of Nutmegs, half a Quarter of an Ounce of Lemon-peel grated, and a Pound of fine Sugar; take fifteen Eggs, leaving out feven of the whites,

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beat your Eggs with half a Jill of Brandy or Sack, a little Orange-flower Water, or Rose Water; then put to your Eggs near a Quart of light Yeast, set it on the Fire with a Quart of Cream, and three Pounds of Butter, let your Butter melt in the Cream, so let it stand till new Milk warm, then skim off all the Butter and most of the Milk, and mix it to your Eggs and Yeast; make a Hole in the middle of your Flour, and put in your Yeast, strinkle at the Top a little Flour, then mix to it a little Salt, fix Pounds of Currans well wash'd, clean'd, dry'd, pick'd, and plump'd by the Fire, a Pound of the best Raisins stoned, and beat them altogether whilst they leave the Bowl; put in a Pound of candid Orange, and half a Pound of Citron cut in long Pieces; then butter the Garth and fill it full; bake it in a quick Oven, against it be enough have an Iceing ready.

231. To make a CARRAWAY CAKE.

Take eighteen Eggs, leave out half of the Whites, and beat them; take two Pounds of Butter, wash the Butter clear from Milk and Salt, put to it a little Rose-water, and wash your Butter very well with your Hands till it take up all the Eggs, then mix them in half a Jack of Brandy and Sack; grate into your Eggs a Lemon Rind; put in by Degrees (a Spoonful at a Time) two Pounds of fine Flour, a Pound and a half of Loaf-Sugar, that is sifted and dry; when you have mixed them very well with your Hands, take a Thible and beat

beat it very well for half an Hour, till it look very white, then mix to it a few Seeds, fix Ounces of Carraway Comfits, and half a Pound of Citron and candid Orange; then beat it well, butter your Girth, and put it in a quick Oven.

232. To make CAKES to keep all the Year.

Have in readiness a Pound and four Ounces of Flour well dried, take a Pound of Butter unsalted, work it with a Pound of white Sugar till it cream, three Spoonfuls of Sack, and the Rind of an Orange, boil it till it is not bitter, and beat it with Sugar, work these together, then clean your Hands, and grate a Nutmeg into your Flour, put in three Eggs and two Whites, mix them well, then with a Paste-pin or Thible stir in your Flour to the Butter, make them up into little Cakes, wet the Top with Sack and strow on fine Sugar; bake them on buttered Papers, well floured, but not too much; you may add a Pound of Currans washed and warmed.

233. To make SHREWSBERRY CAKES.

. Take two Pounds of fine Flour, put to it a Pound and a Quarter of Butter (rub them very well) a Pound and a Quarter of fine Sugar fifted, grate in a Nutmeg, beat in three Whites of Eggs and two Yolks, with a little Rose-Water, and so knead your Paste with it, let it lay an Hour, then make it up into Cakes, prick them and lay them on Papers, wet them with a Feather dipt in Rose-Water, and grate over them

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Oven, either on Tins or Paper.

234. To make a fine CAKE.

Take five Pounds of fine Flour dried, and keep it warm; four Pounds of Loaf Sugar pounded, fifted and warmed; five Pounds of Currans well cleaned and warmed before the Fire; a Pound and a half of Almonds blanch'd, beat, dried, flit and kept warm; five Pounds of good Butter well wash'd and beat from the Water; then work it an Hour and a half till it comes to a fine Cream; put to the Butter all the Sugar, work it up, and then the Flourput in a Pint of Brandy, then all the Whites and Yolks of the Eggs, mix all the Currans and Almonds with the rest. There must be four Pounds of Eggs in Weight in the Shells, the Yolks and the Whites beat and separated, the Whites beat to a Froth; you must not cease beating till they are beat to a Curd, to prevent Oiling; to the Quantity of a Cake put a Pound and a half of Orange-peel and Citron shred, without Plumbs, and half a Pound of Carraway Seeds, it will require four Hours baking, and the Oven must be as hot as for Bread, but let it be well flaked when it has remained an Hour in the Oven, and stop it close; you may Ice it if you please.

235. To make SEED CAKE.

Take one Quartern of fine Flour well dried before the Fire, when it is cold rub in a Pound of Butter; take three Quarters of a Pound of Carraway Comfits, fix Spoonfuls of [111]

new Yeast, six Spoonfuls of Cream, the Yolks of six Eggs and two Whites, and a little Sack; mix all these together in a very light Paste, set it before the Fire till it rise, and so bake it in a Tin.

Take a Pound of Flour well dried before the Fire, a Pound of Currans, Two pennyworth of Mace and Cloves, two Eggs, four Spoonfuls of good new Yest, half a Pound of Butter, half a Pint of Cream, melt the Butter, warm the Cream, and mix altogether in a very light Paste, butter your Tin before you put it in; an Hour will bake it.

237. To make an ANGELICA CAKE.

Take the Stalks of Angelica boil and green them very well, put to every Pound of Pulp a Pound of Loaf Sugar beaten very well, and when you think it is beaten enough, lay them in what Fashion you please on Glasses, and as they Candy turn them.

238. To make KING CAKES.

Take a Pound of Flour, three Quarters of a Pound of Butter, half a Pound of Sugar and half a Pound of Currans, well cleaned; rub you Butter well into your Flour, and put in as many Yolks of Eggs as will lithe them, then put in your Sugar, Currans, and some Mace, shred in as much as will give them a Taste, so make them up in little round Cakes, and butter the Papers you lie them on.

Take a Pound of Currans well washed, (rub

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(rub them in a Cloth till dry) a Pound of Flour dried before a Fire, take three Eggs. leave our one of the Whites, four Spoonfuls of new Yeast, and four Spoonfuls of Sack or two of Brandy, beat the Yeast and Eggs well together; then take a Jill of Cream, and fomething above a Quarter of a Pound of Butter, fet them on a Fire, and stir them till the Butter be melted, (but do not let them boil) grate a large Nutmeg into the Flour, with Currans, and five Spoonfuls of Sugar; mix all together, beat it with your Hand till it leave the Bowl, then flour the Tins you put the Paste in, and let them stand a little to rife, then bake them an Hour and a Quarter.

240. To make MACCAROONS.

Take a Pound of blanched Almonds and beat them, put some Rose-water in while beating; (they must not be beaten too small) mix them with the Whites of sive Eggs, a Pound of Sugar sinely beaten and sisted, and a Handful of Flour, mix all these very well together, lay them on Wasers, and bake them in a very temperate Oven, (it must not be so hot as for Manchet) then they are fit for Use.

241. To make WHIGGS.

Take two Pounds of Flour, a Pound of Butter, a Pint of Cream, four Eggs, (leaving out two of the Whites) and two Spoonfuls of Yeast, set them to rise a little; when they are mixed add half a Pound of Sugar, and half a Pound of Carraway Comsts, make them up

with Sugar and bake them in a Drippingpan.

242. To make RASBERRY CREAM.

Take Rasberries, bruise them, put 'em in a Pan on a quick Fire whilst the Juice be dried up, then take the same Weight of Sugar as you have of Rasberries, and set them on a slow Fire, let them boil whilst they are pretty stiff; make them into Cakes, and dry them near the Fire or in the Sun.

243. To make QUEEN CAKES.

Take a Pound of London Flour dry'd well before the Fire, nine Eggs, a Pound of Loaf Sugar beaten and fifted, put one half to your Eggs and the other to your Butter; take a Pound of Butter and melt it without Water, put it into a Stone Bowl, when it is almost cold put in your Sugar and a Spoonful or two of Rose-water, beat it very quick, for half an Hour, till it be as white as Cream; beat the Eggs and Sugar as long and very quick, whilst they be white; when they are well beat mix them all together; than take half a Pound of Currans cleaned well, and a little shred Mace, fo you may fill one Part of your Tins before you put in your Currans; you may put a Quarter of a Pound of Almonds shred (if you please) into them that is without the Currans; you may ice them if you please, but do not let the Iceing be thicker than you may lie on with a little Brush.

Take a Pound of London Flour dry'd be-

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fore the Fire, a Pound of Loaf Sugar beaten and fifted, beat nine Eggs and a Spoonful or two of Rose water with the Sugar for two Hours, then put them to your Flour and mix them well together; put in an Ounce of Carraway Seeds, then put it into your Tin and bake it an Hour and a half in a pretty quick Oven.

245. To make CRACKNELS.

Take half a Pound of fine Flour, half a Pound of Sugar, two Ounces of Butter, two Eggs, and a few Carraway Seeds; (you must beat and sift the Sugar) then put it to your Flour and work it to Paste; roll them as thin as you can, and cut them out with Queen Cake Tins, lie them on Papers and bake them in a slow Oven.

They are proper to eat with Chocolate.

246. To make PORTUGAL CAKES.

Take a Pound of Flour, a Pound of Butter, a Pound of Sugar, a Pound of Currans well cleaned, and a Nutmeg grated; take half of the Flour and mix it with Sugar and Nutmeg, melt the Butter and put it into the Yolks of eight Eggs very well beat, and only four of the Whites, and as the Froth rifes put it into the Flour, and do so till all is in; then beat it together, still strowing some of the other half of the Flour, and then beat it till all the Flour be in, then butter the Pans and fill them, but do not bake them too much; you may ice them if you please, or you may strow Carraway Comfits of all Sorts on them when

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when they go into the Oven. The Currans must be plump'd in warm Water, and dried before the Fire, then put them into your Cakes.

247. To make Plumb-Cakes another Way. Take two Pounds of Butter, beat it with a little Rose water and Orange-flower-water till it be like Cream, two Pounds of Flour dried before the Fire, a Quarter of an Ounce of Mace, a Nutmeg, half a Pound of Loaf Sugar, beat and fifted, fifteen Eggs (beat the Whites by themselves and Tolks with your (a) r) a Jack of Brandy and as much Sack, two Pounds of Currans very well cleaned, and half a Found of Almonds blanch'd, and cut in two or three Pieces length-way, to mix all together, and put it into your leop of Tin; you may put in half a Pound of candid Orange and Citron if you please; about an Hour will bake it in a quick Oven; if you have a Mind to have it iced a Pound of Sugar will ice it.

248. To make a GINGER BREAD-CAKE.

Take two Pounds of Treakle, two Pounds and a Quartern of Flour, an Ounce of beat Ginger, three Quarters of a Pound of Sugar, two Ounces of Coriander Seeds, two Eggs, a Pennyworth of new Ale with the Yeast on it, a Glass of Brandy, and two Ounces of Lemonpeel, mix all these together in a Bowl, and set it to rise for half an Hour, then put it into a Tin to bake, and wet it with a little Treakle and Water; if you have a quick Oven an Hour and a half will bake it.

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249. To

249. To make CHOCOLATE CREAM.

Take four Ounces of Chocolate, more or less, according as you would have your Dish in Bigness, grate it and boil it in a Pint of Cream, then mill it very well with a Chocolate Stick; take the Yolks of two Eggs and beat them very well, leaving out the Strain, put to them three or four Spoonfuls of Cream, mix them all together, set it on the Fire, and keep stirring it till it thicken, but do not let it boil; you must sweeten it to your Taste, and keep stirring it till it be cold, so put it into your Glasses or China Dishes, which you please.

250. To make white LEMON CREAM.

Take a Jill of Spring Water and a Pound of fine Sugar, set it over a Fire till the Sugar and Water be dissolv'd, then put the Juice of sour good Lemons to your Sugar and Water, the Whites of sour Eggs well beat, set it on the Fire again, and keep it stirring one Way till it just simmers and does not boil, strain it thro' a fine Cloth, then put it on the Fire again, adding to it a Spoonful of Orange-slower Water, stir it till it thickens on a slow Fire, then strain into Basonsor Glasses for your Use; do not let it boil, if you do it will curdle.

251. To make CREAM CURDS.

Take a Gallon of Water, put to it a Quart of new Milk, a little Salt, a Pint of sweet Cream and eight Eggs, leaving out half the Whites and Strains, beat them very well, put to them a Pint of sour Cream, mix them very

well

well together, and when your Pan is just at boiling (but it must not boil) put in the sour Cream and your Eggs, stir it about and keep it from settling to the Bottom; let it stand whilst it begins to rise up, then have a little fair Water, and as they rife keep putting it in whilst they be well risen, then take them off the Fire, and let them stand a little to sadden; have ready a Sieve with a clean Cloth over it, and take up the Curds with a Laddle or Egg Slicer, whether you have; you must always make them the Night before you use them; this Quantity will make a large Dish if your Cream be good; if you think your Curds be too thick, mix to them two or three Spoonfuls of good Cream, lie them upon a China Dish in Lumps; so serve them up.

252. To make APPLE CREAM.

Take half a Dozen large Apples, (Codlings or any other Apples that will be foft) and coddle them; when they are cold take out the Pulp; then take the Whites of four or five Eggs, (leaving out the Strains,) three Quarters of a Pound of double refined Sugar beat and fifted, a Spoonful or two of Rose-water and grate in a little Lemon-peel, so beat all tegether for an Hour, whilst it be white, then lay it on a China Dish, so serve it up.

253. To fry CREAM to eat bot.

Take a Pint of Cream and boil it, three Spoonfuls of London Flour, mix'd with a little Milk, put in three Eggs, and beat them very well with the Flour, a little Salt, a

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Spoonful or two of fine Powder Sugar, mix them very well; then put your Cream to them on the Fire, and boil it; then beat two Eggs more very well, and when you take your Pan off the Fire stir them in, and pour them into a large Pewter Dish, about half an Inch thick; when it is quite cold cut it out in square Bits, and fry it in Butter, a light Brown; as you fry them set them before the Fire to keep hot and crisp, so dish them up with a little white Wine, Butter and Sugar for your Sauce, in a China Cup, set it in the midst, and grate over some Loaf Sugar.

254. To make RICE or ALMOND CREAM.

Take two Quarts of Cream, boil it with what Seasoning you please, then take it from the Fire and sweeten it, pick out the Seasoning and divide it into two Parts, take a Quarter of a Pound of blanch'd Almonds well beat with Orange-flower Water, set that on the Fire, and put to it the Yolks of sour Eggs well beat and strained, keep it stirring all the Time it is on the Fire, when it rises to boil take it off, stir it a little, then put it into your Bason, the other Half set on the Fire, and thicken it with Flour of Rice; when you take it off put to it the Juice of a Lemon, Orange-flower Water or Sack, and stir it till it be cold, then serve it up.

255. To make CALF'S FOOT JELLY.

Take four Calf's Feet and dress them, boil them in six Quarts of Water over a slow Fire, whilst all the Bones will come out, and half

the Water be boiled away, strain it into a Stone Bowl, then put to them two or three Quarts more Water, and let it boil away to one: If you want a large Quantity of Flummery or Jelly at one Time; take two Calf's Feet more, it will make your Stock the stronger; you must make your Stock the Day before you use it, and before you put your Stock into the Pan take off the Fat, and put it into your Pan to melt, take the Whites of eight or ten Eggs, just as you have Jelly in Quantity, (for the more Whites you have makes your Jelly the finer) beat your Whites to a Froth, and put to them five or fix Lemons, according as they are of Goodness, a little white Wine or Rhenish, mix them well together (but let not your Stock be too hot when you put them in) and sweeten it to your Taste; keep it stiring all the Time whilst it boil; take your Bag and dip it in hot Water, and wring it well out, then put in your Jelly, and keep it shifting whilst it comes clear; throw a Lemonpeel or two into your Bag as the Jelly is coming off, and put in some Bitsof Peel into your

You may make Hartshorn Jelly the same Way.

256. To make ORANGE CREAM.

Take two Seville Oranges and peel them very thin, put the Peel into a Pint of fair Water, and let it lie for an Hour or two; take four Eggs, and beat them very well, put to them the Juice of three or four Oranges, according

according as they are in Goodness, and sweeten them with double refin'd Sugar to your Taste, mix the Water and Sugar together, and strain them through a fine Cloth into your Tankard, and set it over the Fire as you did the Lemon Cream, and put it into your Glasses for Use.

257. To make yellow LEMON CREAM.

Take two or three Lemons, according as they are in Bigness, take off the Peel as thin as you can from the White, put it into a Pint of clear Water, and let it lie three or four Hours; take the Yolks of three or four Eggs, beat them very well, about eight Ounces of double refin'd Sugar, put it into your Water to dissolve, and a Spoonful or two of Rose. water or Orange-flower-water, which you can get, mix all together with the Juice of two of your Lemons, and if your Lemons prove not good, put in the Juice of three, fo ftrain them through a fine Cloth into a Silver Tankard, and fet it over a Stove or Chafing Dish, stirring it all the Time, and when it begins to be as thick as Cream take it off, but don't let it boil, if you do it will curdle, stir it whilst it be cold, and put it into your Glasses for Use. 258. To make white LEMON CREAM another Way.

Take a Pint of Spring Water, and the Whites of fix Eggs, beat them very well to a Froth, put them to your Water, adding to it half a Pound of double refin'd Sugar, a Spoonful of Orange-flower-water, and the Juice of three Lemons, so mixall together, and strain them

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them through a fine Cloth into your Silver Tankard, set it over a flow Fire in a Chasing Dish, and keep stirring it all the Time; as you see it thickens take it off, it will soon curdle then be Yellow, stir it whilst it be cold, and put it in small Jelly Glasses for Use.

259. To make SAGOO CUSTARDS.

Take two Ounces of Sagoo, wash it in a little Water, set it on to Cree in a Pint of Milk, and let it cree till it be tender, when it is cold put to it three Jills of Cream, boil it altogether with a Blade or two of Mace, or a Stick of Cinnamon; take fix Eggs, leave out the Strains, beat them very well, mix a little of your Cream amongst your Eggs, then mix altogether, keep stirring it as you put it in, so fet it over a flow Fire, and stir it about whilst it be the Thickness of a good Cream; you must not let it boil; when you take it off the Fire put in a Tea-cup full of Brandy, and fweeten it to your Taste, then put it into Pots or Glasfes for Use. You may have half the Quantity if you pleafe.

260. To make ALMOND CUSTARDS.

Boil two Quarts of sweet Cream with a Stick of Cinnamon; take eight Eggs, leaving out all the Whites but two, beat them very well; take six Ounces of Jordan Almonds, blanch and beat them with a little Rose-water, so give them a Boil in your Cream; put in half a Pound of powder Sugar, and a little of your Cream amongst your Eggs, mix altogether, and set them over a slow Fire, stir it all the Time whilst it be as thick as Cream, but don't

let it boil; when you take it off put in a little Brandy to your Taste, so put it into your Cups for Use.

You may make Rice Custard the same Way.

261. To make a SACK POSSET.

Take a Quart of Cream, boil it with two or three Blades of Mace, and grate in a long Bisket; take eight Eggs, leave out half the Whites, beat them very well, and a Pint of Goofeberry Wine, make it hot, fo mix it well with your Eggs, fet it over a flow Fire, and stir it about whilst it be as thick as Custard; set a Dish that is deep over a Stove, put in your Sack and Eggs, when your Cream is boiling hot, put it to your Sack by Degrees, and ftir it all the Time it stands over your Stove, whilst it be thoroughly hot, but don't let it boil; you must make it about half an Hour before you want it; set it upon a hot Harth, and then it will be as thick as Custard; make a little Froth of Cream, to lay over the Poffet; when you dish it up sweeten it to your Taste; you may make it without Bisket if you please, and don't lay on your Froth till you ierve it up.

262. To make a LEMON POSSET.

Take a Pint of good thick Cream, grate into it the outermost Skin of two Lemons, and squeeze the Juice into a Jack of white Wine, and sweeten it to your Taste; take the Whites of two Eggs without the Strains, beat them to a Froth, so whisk them altogether in a Stone Bowl for half an Hour, then put them into Glasses for Use.

[123] 263. To make whipt SILLABUBS.

Take two Porringers of Cream and one of white Wine, grate in the Skin of a Lemon, take the Whites of three Eggs, sweeten it to your Taste, then whip it with a Whisk, take off the Froth as it rises, and put it into your Sillabub-Glasses or Pots, whether you have, then they are fit for Use.

264. To make ALMOND BUTTER.

Take a Quart of Cream, and half a Pound of Almonds, beat them with the Cream, then strain it, and boil it with twelve Yolks of Eggs and two Whites, till it curdle, hang it up in a Cloth till Morning and then sweeten it; you may rub it through a Sieve with the Back of a Spoon, or strain it through a coarse Cloth.

265. To make BLACK CAPS.

Take a Dozen of middling Pippens and cut them in two, take out the Cores and black Ends, lay them with the flat Side downwards, fet them in the Oven, and when they are about half roafted take them out, wet them over with a little Rose water, and grate over them Loaf-Sugar pretty thick, set them into the Oven again, and let them stand till they are Black; when you serve them up, put them either into Cream or Custard, with the black Side upwards, and set them at an equal Distance.

266. To make SAUCE for tame DUCKS.

Take the Necks and Gizzards of your Ducks, a Scrag of Mutton if you have it, and make a little fweet Gravy, put to it a few

Bread-

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Bread-crumbs, a small Onion, and a little whole Pepper, boil them for half a Quarter of an Hour, put to them a Lump of Butter, and if it is not thick enough a little Flour, so salt it to your Taste.

267. To make SAUCE for a GREEN-GOOSE.

Take a little good Gravy, a little Butter, and a few scalded Gooseberries, mix all together, and put it on the Dish with your Goose.

268. To make another Sauce for a Green-Goose.

Take the Juice of Sorrel, a little Butter, and a few scalded Gooseberries, mix them together, and sweeten it to your Taste; you must not let it boil after you put in the Sorrel, if you do it will take off the Green.

You must put this Sauce into a Rason. 269. To make Almond Fummery.

Take a Pint of stiff Jelly made of Calf's Feet, put to it a Jill or better of good Cream, and four Ounces of Almouds, blanch and beat them fine with a little Rose-water, then put them to your Cream and Jelly, let them boil together for half a Quarter of an Hour, and sweeten it to your Taste; strain it through a fine Cloth, and keep it stirring till it be quite cold, put it in Cups and let it stand all Night, loosen it in warm Water and turn it out into your Dish, so serve it up, and prick it with blanch'd Almonds.

Take two Calf's Feet, when they are dress'd, put two Quarts of Water to them,

boil

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boil them over a flow Fire till half or better be confumed; when your Stock is cold, if it be too stiff, you may put to it as much Cream as Jelly, boil them together with a Blade or two of Mace, sweeten it to your Taste with Loaf-Sugar, strain it through a fine Cloth, stir it whilst it be cold, and turn it out, but first loosen it in warm Water, and put it into your Dish as you did the other Flummery.

271. Tostew Spinage with POACHED EGGS.

Take two or three Handfuls of young Spinage, pick it from the Stalks, wash and drain it very clean, put it into a Pan with a Lump of Butter, and a little Salt, keep stirring it all the Time whilst it be enough, then take it out and squeeze out the Water, chop it and stir in a little more Butter, lie it in your Dish in Quarters, and betwixt every Quarter a poached Egg, and lie one in the Middle; fry some Sippets of white Bread and prick them in your Spinage, so serve them up.

This is proper for a Side-dilli either for

Noon or Night.

272. To make RATIFIE DROPS.

Take half a Pound of the best Jordan Almonds, and sour Ounces of bitter Almonds, blanch and set them before the Fire to dry, beat them in a Marble Mortar with a little White of an Egg, then put to them half a Pound of powder Sugar, and beat them altogether to a pretty stiff Paste; you may beat your White of Egg very well before you put it in, so take it out, roll it with your Hand

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upon a Board with a little Sugar, then cut them in Pieces, and lie them on Sheets of Tin or on Paper, at an equal Distance, that they don't touch one another, and set them in a slow Oxen to bake.

273. To fry ARTICHOKE BOTTOMS.

Take Artichoke Bottoms when they are at the full Growth, and boil them as you would do for Eating, pull off the Leaves, and take out the Choke, cut off the Stalks as close as you can from the Bottom; take two or three Eggs, beat them very well, fo dip your Artichokes in them, and strow over them a little Pepper and Salt; fry them in Butter, some whole and some in Halves; serve them up with a little Butter in a China Cup, set it in the Middle of your Dish, lie your Artichokes round, and serve them up.

They are proper for a Side-dish either Noon

or Night.

274. To frically ARTICHOKES.

Take Artichokes, and order them the same Way as you did for frying, have ready in a Stew-pan a few Morels and Truffles, stewed in brown Gravy, so put in your Artichokes, and give them a shake altogether in your Stewpan, and serve them up hot, with Sippets round them.

275. To dry ARTICHOKE BOTTOMS.

Take the largest Artichokes you can get, when they are at their full Growth, boil them as you would do for Eating, pull off the Leaves and take out the Choke; cut off the Stalk

Stalk as close as you can, lie them on a Tin-Dripping-pan, or an earthern Dish, set them in a slow Oven, for if your Oven be too hot it will brown them; you may dry them befote the Fire if you have Conveniency; when they are dry put them in Paper Bags, and keep them for Use.

276. To stew APPLES.

Take a Pound of double refin'd Sugar, with a Pint of Water, boil and skim it, and put into it a Pound of the largest and clearest Pippens, pared and cut in Halves; if little, let them be whole; core them and boil them with a continual Froth, till they be as tender and clear as you would have them, put in the Juice of two Lemons, but first take out the Apples, a sittle Peel cut like Threads, boil down your Syrrup as thick as you would have it, then pour it over your Apples; when you dish them, stick them with long Bits of candid Orange, and some with Almords cut in long Bits, so serve them up.

You must stew them the Day before you use

them.

277. To Stew APPLES another Way.

Take Kentish Pippens or John Apples, pare and slice them into fair Water, set them on a clear Fire, and when they are boiled to mash, let the Liquor run through a Hair Sieve; boil as many Apples thus as will make the Quantity of Liquor you would have; to a Pint of this Liquor you must have a Pound of double refin'd Loaf Sugar in great Lumps, wet the L 2 Lumps

Lumps of Sugar with the Pippen Liquor, and set it over a gentle Fire, let it boil, and skim it well: Whilst you are making the Jelly, you must have your whole Pippens boiling at the fame Time; (they must be the fairest and best Pippens you can get) scoop out the Cores, and pare them neatly, put them into fair Water as you do them; you must likewise make a Syrrup ready to put them into, the Quantity as you think will boil them in clear; make the Syrrup with double refin'd Sugar and Water. Tie up your whole Pippens in a Piece of fine Cloth or Muslin feverally, when your Sugar and Water boils put them in, let them boil very fast, so fast that the Syrrup always boils over them; iometimes take them off, and then fet them on again, let them boil till they be clear and tender; then take off the Muslin they were tied up in, and put them into Glaffes that will hold but one in a Glass; then see if your Jelly of Apple-Johns be boiled to Jelly enough, if it be, squeeze in the Juice of two Lemons, and let it have a boil; then strain it through a Jelly-bag into the Glasses your Pippens were in; you must be sure that your Pippens be well drained from the Syrrup they were boiled in; before you put them into the Glasses, you may, if you please, boil little Pieces of Lemon-peel in Water till they be tender, and then boil them in the Syrrup your Pippens were boiled in; then take them out and lay them upon the Pippensbefore the Jelly is put in, and when they are cold Paper 278. To them up.

278. To make Plumb Gruel.

Take half a Pound of Pearl Barley, set it on to Cree; put to it three Quarts of Water; when it has boiled a while, shift it into another fresh Water, and put to it three or sour Blades of Mace, a little Lemon-peel cut in long Pieces, so let it boil whilst the Barley be very soft; if it be too thick you may add a little more Water; take half a Pound of Currans, wash them well and plump them, and put to them your Barley, half a Pound of Raisins and stone them; let them boil in the Gruel whilst they are Plump, when they are enough put to them a little white Wine, a little Juice of Lemon, grate in half a Nutmeg, and sweeten it to your Taste, so serve them up.

279. To make RICE GRUEL.

Boil half a Pound of Rice in two Quarts of foft Water, as foft as you would have it for Rice Milk, with some Slices of Lemon-peel, and a Stick of Cinnamon; add to it a little white Wineand Juice of Lemon to your Taste, put in a little candid Orange sliced thin, and sweeten it with sine Powder Sugar; don't let it boil after you put in your Wine and Lemon, put it in a China Dish, with sive or six Slices of Lemon, so serve it up.

280. To make Scotch Custard, to eat bot

for Supper.

Boil a Quart of Cream with a Stick of Cinnamon, and a Blade of Mace; take fix Eggs, both Yolks and Whites (leave out the Strains) and beat them very well, grate a long Bifket L 2 into

into your Cream, give it a boil before you put in your Eggs, mix a little of your Cream amongst your Eggs before you put 'em in, so set it over a flow Fire, stirring it about whilst it be thick, but don't let it boil; take half a Pound of Currans, wash them very well, and plump them, then put them to your Custard; you must let your Custard be as thick as will bear the Currans that they don't fink to the Bottom; when you are going to dish it up, put in a large Glass of Sack, thir it very well, and serve it up in a China Bason.

281. To make a Dish of MULL'D MILK.

Boil a Quart of New Milk with a Stick of Cinnamon, then put to it a Pint of Cream, and let them have one boil together, take eight Eggs, (leave out half of the Whites and all the Strains) beat them very well, put to them a Jill of Milk, mix all together, and fet it over a flow Fire, stir it whilst it begin to thicken like Custard, sweeten it to your Taste, and grate in half a Nutmeg; then put it into your Dish with a Toast of White Bread.

This is proper for a Supper. 282. To make LEATCH.

Take two Ounces of Ifinglass and break it into Bits, put it into hot Water, then put half a Pint of New Milk into the Pan with the Ifinglass, set it on the Fire to boil, and put into it three or four Sticks of good Cinnamon, two Blades of Mace, a Nutmeg quartered, and two or three Cloves, boilit till the Hinglass be dissolved, run it through a Hair Sieve into a large

large Pan, then put to it a Quart of Cream sweetened to your Taste with Loaf Sugar, and boil them a while together; take a Quarter of a Pound of blanch'd Almonds beaten in Rosewater, and strain out all the Juice of them into the Cream on the Fire, and warm it, then take it off and stir it well together; when it has cooled a little take a broad shallow Dish and put it into it through a Hair Sieve, when it is cold cut it in long Pieces, and lay it across whilst you have a pretty large Dish; so serve it up.

Sometimes a less Quantity of Isinglass will do, according to the Goodness: Let it be the

whitest and clearest you can get.

You must make it the Day before you want it for Use.

283. To make Scotch Oysters.

Take two Pounds of the thick Part of a Leg of Veal, cut it in little Bits clear from the Skins, and put it in a Marble Mortar, then shred a Pound of Beef-suet and put to it, and beat them well together till they be as fine as Paste; put to it a Handful of Bread-crumbs and two or three Eggs, season it with Mace, Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt, and work it well together; take one Part of your forc'd Mace and wrap it in the Kell, about the Bigness of a Pigeon, the rest make into little slat Cakes and fry them; the Rolls you may either broil in a Dripping pan, or set them in an Oven; three is enough in a Dish, set them in the Middle of the Dish and lay the Cakes round;

then take some strong Gravy, shred in a few Capers, and two or three Mushrooms or Oysters if you have any, so thicken it up with a Lump of Butter, and serve it up hot. Garnish your Dish with Pickles.

284. To boil BROCOLI.

Take Brocoli when it is feeded, or at any other Time; take off all the low Leaves of your Stalks and tie them up in Bunches as you do Afparagus, cut them the fame Length you peel your Stalks; cut them in little Pieces, and boil them in Salt and Water by them felves; you must let your Water boil before you put them in; boil the Heads in Salt and Water, and let the Water boil before you put in the Brocoli; put in a little Butter; it takes very little boiling, and if it boil too quick it will take off all the Heads; you must drain your Brocoli through a Sieve as you do Asparagus; lie Stalks in the middle, and the Bunches round it, as you would do Asparagus.

This is proper for either a Side dish or a

Middle-dish.

285. To boil SAVOY SPROUTS.

If your Savoys be Cabbag'd, dress off the out Leaves and cut them in Quarters; take off a little of the hard Ends, and boil them in a large Quantity of Water with a little Salt; when boiled drain them, lie them round your Meat, and pour over them a little Butter.

Any Thing will boil greener in a large

Quantity of Water than otherwise.

286. To boil CABBAGE SPROUTS.

Take your Sprouts, cut off the Leaf and the hard Ends, shred and boil them as you do other Greens, not forgetting a little Butter. 287. To fry PARSNIPS to look like TROUT.

Take a middling fort of Parsnips, not over thick, boil them as fort as you would do for Eating, peel and cut them in two the long Way; you must only fry the small Ends, not the thick ones; beat three or four Eggs, put to them a Spoonful of Flour, hip in your Parsnips, and fry them in Butter alight brown, have for your Sauce a little Vinegar and Butter; fry some Slices to lie round about the Dish, and so serve them up.

288. To make TANSEY another Way.

Take an old Penny Loaf and cut off the Crust, flice it thin, put to it as much hot Cream as will wet it, then put to it fix Eggs well beaten, a little shred Lemon-peel, a little Nutmeg, and Salt, and sweeten it to your Taste; green it as you did your baked Tanfey; so tie it up in a Cloth and boil it; (it will take an Hour and a Quarter boiling) when you dish it up stick it with a candid Orange, and lie a Seville Orange cut in Quarters round your Dish; serve it up with a little plain Butter.

289. To make Gooseberry CREAM.

Take a Quart of Gooseberries, pick, coddle, and bruife them very well in a Marble Mortar or wooden Bowl, and rub them with the back of a Spoon through a hair Sieve, till you take QUARTER

out all the Pulp from the Seeds; take a Pint of thick Cream, mix it well among your Pulp, grate in some Lemon-peel, and sweeten it to your Taste; serve it up either in a China Dish or an Earthern one.

290. To fry Parsnips another Way.

Boil your Parsnips, cut them in square long Pleces about the length of your Finger, dip them in Egg and a little Flour, and fry them a light Broy; when they are fried dish them up, and grate over them a little Sugar: You must have for the Sauce a little white Wine, Butter, and Sugar in a Bason, and set in the middle of your Dish.

291. To make APRICOCK PUDDING.

Take ten Apricocks, pare, stone, and cut them in two, put them into a Pan with a Quarter of a Pound of Loaf Sugar, boil them pretty quick whilst they look clear, so let them stand whilst they are cold; then take fix Eggs, (leave out half of the Whites) beat them very well, add to them a Pint of Cream, mix the Cream and Eggs well together with a Spoonful of Rose-Water, then put in your Apricocks, and beat them very well together, with four Ounces of clarified Butter, then put it into your Dish with a thin Paste under it; half an Hour will bake it.

292. To make APICOCK CUSTARD.

Take a Pint of Cream, boil it with a Stick of Cinnamon and fix Eggs, (leave out four of the Whites) when your Cream is a little cold mix your Eggs and Cream together, with a

Quarter

Quarter of a Pound of fine Sugar, set it over a flow Fire, stir it all one Way whilst it begin to be thick, than take it off and stir it whilst it be a little cold, and pour it into your Dish; take fix Apricocks, as you did for your Pudding, rather a little higher; when they are cold lie them upon your Custard at an equal Distance; if it be at the Time when you have no ripe Apricocks, you may lie preferv'd Apricocks.

293. To make JUMBALLS another Way.

Take a Pound of Meal and dry it, a Pound of Sugar finely beat, and mix these together; then take the Yolks of five or fix Eggs, halfa Jill of thick Cream, as much as will make it up to a Paste, and some Coriander Seeds, lay them on Tins and prick them; bake them in a quick Oven; before you fet them in the Oven wet them with a little Rose-Water and double refin'd Sugar to Ice them.

294. To make APRICOCK CHIPS or PEACHES.

Take a Pound of Chips to a Pound of Sugar, let not your Apricocks be too ripe, pare them and cut them into large Chips; take three Quarters of a Pound of fine Sugar, strow most of it upon the Chips, and let them stand till they be diffolv'd, fet them on the Fire, and boil them till they are tender and clear, strowing the remainder of the Sugar on as they boil, skim them clear, and lay them in Glasses or Pots fingle, with some Syrtup, cover them with double refin'd Sugar, set them in a Stove, and when they are crisp on one Side turn the other

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other on Glasses and parch them, then set them into the Stove again; when they are pretty dry, pour them on Hair Sieves till they are dry enough to put up.

295. To make SAGOO GRUEL.

Take four Ounces of Sagoo and wash it, set it over a slow Fire to cree, in two Quarts of Spring Water, let it boil whilst it be thickish and soft, put in a Blade or two of Mace, and a Stick of Cinnamon, let it boil in a while, and then put in a little more Water; take it off, put to it a Pint of Claret Wine, and a little candid Orange; shift them, then put in the Juice of a Lemon, and sweeten it to your Taste; so serve them up.

296. To make SPINAGE TOASTS.

Take a Handful or two of young Spinage and wash it, drain it from the Water, put it into a Pan with a Lump of Butter, and a little Salt, let it stew whilst it be tender, only turn it in the boiling, then take it up and squeeze out the Water, put in another Lump of Butter and chop it small, put to it a Handful of Currans plump'd, and a little Nutmeg; have three Toasts cut from a Penny Loaf well buttered, then lie on your Spinage.

This is proper for a Side-dish either for

Noon or Night.

297. To roast a BEAST KIDNEY.

Take a Beast Kidney with a little Fat on, and stuff it all round, season it with a little Pepper and Salt, wrap it in a Kell, and put it upon the Spit with a little Water in the Drip-

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ping-Pan; what drops from your Kidney thicken with a Lump of Butter and Flour for your Sauce.

To make your Stuffing.

Take a handful of sweet Herbs, a sew Breadcrumbs, a little Bee f-suet shred fine, and two Eggs, (leave out the Whites) mix altogether with a little Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt; stuff your Kidney with one Part of the Stuffing, and fry the other Part in little Cakes; so serve it up.

298. To Stew CUCUMBERS.

Take middling Cucumbers and cut them in Slices, but not too thin, strow over them a little Salt to bring out the Water, put them into a Stew-Pan or Sauce Pan, with a little Gravy, some whole Pepper, a Lump of Butter, and a spoonful or two of Vinegar to your Taste; let them boil all together; thicken them with Flour, and serve them up with Sippets.

299. To make an OATMEAL PUDDING.

Take three or four large Spoonfuls of Oatmeal done through a hair Sieve, and a Pint of
Milk, put it into a Pan and let it boil a little
whilst it be thick, add to it half a Pound of
Butter, a Spoonful of Rose-Water, a little
Lemon-peel shred, a little Nutmeg or beaten
Cinnamon, and a little Salt; take six Eggs,
(leave out two of the Whites) and put to them
a Quarter of a Pound of Sugar or better, beat
them very well, so mix them all together; put
it into your Dish with a Paste round your Dish

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Edge; have a little Rose-Water, Butter and Sugar for Sauce.

300. To make a CALF'S HEAD PIE another

Halfboil your Calf's Head, when it is cold cut it in Slices, rather thicker than you would do for Hashing, season it with a little Mace, Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt, lie Part of your Meat in the Bottom of your Pie, a Layer of one and a Layer of another; then put in half a Pound of Butter and a little Gravy; when your Pie comes from the Oven, have ready the Yolks of fix or eight Eggs boiled hard, and lie them round your Pie; put in a little melted Butter, and a Spoonful or two of white Wine, and give them a shake together before you lie in your Eggs; your Pie must be a standing Pie baked upon a Dish, with a Puff-paste round the Edge of the Dish, but leave no Paste in the Bottom of your Pie; when it is baked ferve it up without a Lid.

This is proper for either Top or Bottom

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301. To make ELDER WINE.

Take twenty Pounds of Malaga Raisins, pick and chop them, then put them into a Tub with twenty Quarts of Water, let the Water be boiled and stand till it be cold again before you put in your Raisins, let them remain together ten Days, stirring it twice a Day, then strain the Liquor very well from the Raisins, through a canvas Strainer or hair Sieve; add to it six Quarts of Elder Juice, five Pounds of Loaf Sugar, and a little Juice of Sloes to make [139]

it acid, just as you please; put it into a Vessels and let it stand in a pretty warm Place three Months, then bottle it; the Vessel must not be stopp'd up till it has done working; if your Raisins be very good you may leave out the Sugar.

302. To make Gooseberry Wine of ripe

GOOSEBERRIES.

Pick, clean and beat your Gooseberries in a Marble Mortar or Wooden Bowl, measure them in Quarts up-heap'd, add two Quarts of Spring Water, and let them stand all Night, or twelve Hours, then rub or press out the Husks very well, strain them through a wide Strainer, and to every Gallon put three Pounds of Sugar, and a Jill of Brandy, then put all into a sweet Vessel, not very full, and keep it very close for four Months, then decant it off till it comes clear, pour out the Grounds, and wash the Vessel clean with a little of the Wine; add to every Gallon a Pound more Sugar, let it stand a Month in the Vessel again, drop the Grounds thro' a Flannel Bag, and put it to theother in the Vessel; the tap Hole must not be over near the Bottom of the Cask, for fear of letting out the Grounds.

The same Receipt will serve for Curran Wine the same Way; let them be red Currans.

303. To make BALM WINE.

Take a Peck of Balm Leaves, put them in a Tub or large Pot, heat four Gallons of Water scalding hot, ready to boil, then pour it upon the Leaves, so let it stand all Night, then strain

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them

of Water two Pounds of fine Sugar, and stirit very well; take the Whites of four or five Eggs, beat them very well, put them into a Pan, and whisk it very well before it be over hot, when the Skim begins to rife take it off, and keep it skimming all the while it is boiling, let it boil three Quarters of an Hour, then put it into the Tub, when it is cold put a little new Yeast upon it, and beat it in every two Hours, that it may Head the better, so work it for two Days, then put it into a sweet Rundlet, bung it up close, and when it is fine bottle it.

304. To make RAISIN WINE.

Take ten Gallons of Water, and fifty Pounds of Malaga Raisins, pick out the large Stalks and boil them in your Water, when your Water is boiled, put it into a Tub; take the Raisins and chop them very small, when your Water is blood warm, put in your Raisins, and rub them very well with your Hand; when you put them into the Water, let them work for ten Days, stirring them twice a Day, then strain out the Raisins in a Hair Sieve, and put them into a clean harden Bag, and squeeze it in the Press to take out the Liquor, so put it into your Barrel; don't let it be over full, bung it up close, and let it stand whilst it is Fine; when you tap your Wine you must not tap it too near the Bottom, for fear of the Grounds; when it is drawn off, take the Grounds out of the Barrel, and wash it out with a little of your Wine, then put your Wine into

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into the Barrel again, draw your Grounds thro' a flannel Bag, and put them into the Barrel to the rest; add to it two Pounds of Loaf Sugar, then bung it up, and let it stand a Week or ten Days; if it be very sweet to your Taste, let it stand some time longer, and bottle it.

305 To make BIRCH WINE.

Take your Birch Water and boil it, clear it with whites of Eggs; to every Gallon of Water take two Pounds and a half of fine Sugar, boil it three Quarters of an Hour, and when it is almost cold, put in a little Yeast, work it two or three Days, then put it into the Barrel, and to every five Gallons put in a Quart of Brandy, and half a Pound of ston'd Raisins; before you put up your Wine burn a Brimstone Match in the Barrel.

306. To make WHITE CURRAN WINE.

Take the largest white Currans you can get, strip and break them in your Hand, whilst you. break all the Berries; to every Quart of Pulptake a Quart of Water, let the Water be boiled and cold again, mix them well together, let them stand all Night in your Tub, then strain them thro' a Hair Sieve, and to every Gallon put two Pounds and a half of Six-penny Sugar; when your Sugar is diffolved, put it into your Barrel, dissolve a little Isinglass, whisk it with Whites of Eggs, and put it in; to every four Gallons put in a Quart of Mountain Wine, fo bung up your Barrel; when it is fine draw it off, and take off the Grounds, (but don't tap the Barrel over low at the Bottom) wash out M 3 the.

the Barrel with a little of your Wine, and drop the Grounds thro' a Bag, then put it to the rest of your Wine, and put it all into your Barrel again, to every Gallon add half a Pound more Sugar, and let it stand another Week or two; if it be too Sweet let it stand a little longer, then bottle it, and it will keep two or three Years.

307. To make ORANGE ALE.

Take forty Seville Oranges, pare and cut them in Slices, the best coloured Seville you can get, put them all with the Juice and Seeds into half a Hogshead of Ale; when it is tunned up and working, put in the Oranges, and at the same Time a Pound and a half of Raisins of the Sun stoned; when it has done Working close up the Bung, and it will be ready to drink in a Month.

308. To make ORANGE BRANDY.

Take a Quart of Brandy, the Peels of eight Oranges thin pared, keep them in the Brandy forty-eight Hours in a close Pitcher, then take three Pints of Water, put into it three Quarters of a Pound of Loaf Sugar, boil it till half be confumed, and let it stand till cold, then mix it with the Brandy.

309. To make ORANGE WINE.

Take fix Gallons of Water, and fifteen Pounds of powder Sugar, the Whites of fix Eggs well beaten, boil them three Quarters of an Hour, and skim them while any Skim will rise; when it is cold enough for working, put to it six Quarters of the Syrrup of Citron or Lemons, and six Spoonfuls of Yeast, beat the Syrrup and

and Yeast well together, and put in the Peel and Juice of sifty Oranges, work it two Days and a Night, then tun it up into a Barrel, so bottle it at three or sour Months old.

310. To make COWSLIP WINE.

Take ten Gallons of Water, when it is almost at boiling, add to it twenty one Pounds of fine powder Sugar, let it boil half an Hour. and skim it very clean; when it is boiled put it in a Tub, let it stand till you think it be cold to set on the Yeast; take a Poringer of new Yeast off the Fat, and put to it a few Cowflips; when you put on the Yeast, put in a few every Time it is stirr'd, tillall the Cowslips be in, which must be fix Pecks, and let it work three or four Days; add to it fix Lemons, cut off the Peel, and the infides put into your Barrel, then add to it a Pint of Brandy; when you think it has done working, close up your Veffel, let it stand a Month, and then bottle it; you may let your Cowslips lie a Week or ten Days to dry before you make your Wine, for it makes it much finer; you may put in a Pint of white Wine that is good, instead of the Brandy.

311. To make ORANGE WINE another Way.

Take six Gallons of Water, and sisteen Pounds of Sugar, put your Sugar into the Water on the Fire, the Whites of six Eggs well beaten, and whisk them into the Water, when it is cold skim it very well whilst any Skim rises, and let it boil for half an Hour; take sisty Oranges, pare them very thin, put them into

into your Tub, pour the Water boiling hot upon your Oranges, and when it is Bloodwarm put on the Yeast, then put in your Juice, let it work two Days, and so tun it into your Barrel; at six Weeks or two Months old bottle it; you may put to it in the Barrel a Quart of Brandy.

312. To make BIRCH WINE another Way.

To a Gallon of Birch Water, put two Pounds of Loaf or very fine Lump Sugar, when you put it into the Pan whisk the Whites of four Eggs; (four Whites will serve for four Gallons) whisk them very well together before it be boiled, when it is cold put on a little Yeast, let it work a Night and a Day in the Tub, before you put it into your Barrel put in a Brimstone Match burning; take two Pounds of Isinglass cut in little Bits, put to it a little of your Wine, let it stand within the Air of the Fire all Night; take the Whites of two Eggs, beat it with your Isinglass, put them into your Barrel and stir them about with a Stick; this Quantity will do for four Gallons; to four Gallons you must have two Pounds of Raisins shred, put them into your Barrel, close it up, but not too close at the first, when it is fine, bottle it.

313. To make APRICOCK WINE.

Take twelve Pounds of Apricocks when full Ripe, stone and pare them, put the Paring into three Gallons of Water, with six Pounds of Powder Sugar, boil them together half an Hour, skim them well, and when it is Blood-

warm put it on the Fruit; it must be well bruised, cover it close, and let it stand three Days; skim it every Day as the Skim rises, and put it thro' a Hair Sieve, adding a Pound of Loaf Sugar; when you put it into the Vessel close it up, and when it is fine bottle it.

314. To make ORANGE SHRUB.

Take Seville Oranges when they are full ripe, to three Dozen of Oranges put half a Dozen of large Lemons, pare them very thin, the thinner the better, fqueeze the Lemons and Oranges together, flrain the Juice thro' a hair Sieve, to a Quart of the Juice put a Pound and a Quarter of Loaf Sugar; about three Dozen of Oranges (if they be good) will make a Quart of Juice, to every Quart of Juice, put a Gallon of Brandy, put it into a little Barrel with an open Bung with all the Chippings of your Oranges, and bung it up close; when it is fine bottle it

This is a pleasant Dram, and ready for Punch all the Year.

315. To make STRONG MEAD.

Taketwelve Gallons of Water, eight Pounds of Sugar, two Quarts of Honey, and a few Cloves, when your Pan boils take the Whites of eight or ten Eggs, beat them very well, put them into your Water before it be hot, and whifk them very well together; do not let it boil but skim it as it rises till it has done rising, then put it into your Tub; when it is about Blood-warm put to it three Spoonfuls of new Yeast; take eight or nine Lemons, pare

them and squeeze out the Juice, put them both together into your Tub, and let them work two or three Days, then put it into your Barrel, but it must not be too full; take two or three Pennyworth of Isinglass, cut it as small as you can, beat it in a Mortar about a quarter of an Hour, it will not make it small; but that it may dissolve sooner, draw out a little of the Mead into a Quart Mug, and let it stand within the Air of the Fire all Night; take the Whites of three Eggs, beat them very well, mix them with your Isinglass, whisk them together, and put them into your Barrel, bung it up, and when it is sine bottle it.

You may order Isinglass this Way to put

into any fort of made Wine.

316. To make MEAD another Way.

Take a Quart of Honey, three Quarts of Water, put your Honey into the Water, when it is dissolved, take the Whites of four or five Eggs, whisk and beat them very well together. and put them into your Pan; boil it while the Skim rifes, and skim it very clean; put it into your Tub, when it is warm put in two or three Spoonfuls of light Yeast, according to the Quantity of your-Mead, and let it work two Nights and a Day. To every Gallon put in a large Lemon, pare and strain it, put the Juice and Peel into your Tub, and when it is wrought put it into your Barrel; let it work for three or four Days, stir twice a Day with a Thible, so bung it up, and let it stand two or three Months, according to the Hotness of the Weather. You

You must try your Mead two or three times in the above Time, and if you find the Sweetness going off, you must take it sooner.

317. To make CYDER.

Draw off the Cyder when it hath been a Fortnight in the Barrel, put it into the fame Barrel again when you have cleaned it from the Grounds, and if your Apples were sharp, and that you find your Cyder hard, put into every Gallon of Cyder a Pound and half of Sixpenny or Five-penny Sugar; to twelve Gallons of this take half an Ounce of Isinglass, and put to it a Quart of Cyder; when your Isinglass is dissolved, put to it three Whites of Eggs, whisk them altogether, and put theminto your Barrel; keep it close for two Months and then bottle it.

318. To make CowsLIP WINE.

Take two Pecks of Peeps, and four Gallons of Water, put to every Gallon of Water two Pounds and a Quarter of Sugar, boil the Water and Sugar together a Quarter of an Hour, then put it into a Tub to cool, put in the Skins of four Lemons, when it is cold bruife your Peeps, and put into your Liquor, add to it a Jill of Yeast, and the Juice of four Lemons, let them be in the Tub a Night and a Day, then put it into your Barrel, and keep it four Days stirring, then clay it up close for three Weeks and bottle it. Put a Lump of Sugar in every Bottle.

319. To make RED CURRAN WINE. Let your Currans be the best and ripest you [148]

can get, pick and bruise them; to every Gallon of Juice add sive Pints of Water, put it to your Berries in a Stand for two Nights and a Day, then strain your Liquor through a hair Sieve; to every Gallon of Liquor put two Pounds of Sugar, stir it till it be well dissolved, put it into a Rundlet, and let it stand sour Days, then draw it off clean, put in a Pound and a half of Sugar, stirring it well, wash out the Rundlet with some of the Liquor, so tun it up close; if you put two or three Quarts of Rasps bruised among your Berries, it makes it taste the better.

You may make white Curran Wine the same Way, only leave out the Rasps.

320. To make CHERRY WINE.

Take eight Pounds of Cherries and stone them, four Quarts of Water, and two Pounds of Sugar, skim and boil the Water and Sugar, then put in the Cherries, let them have one boil, put them into an earthern Pot till the next Day, and set them to drain thro' a Sieve, then put your Wine into a Spigot Pot, clay it up close, and look at it every two or three Days after; if it does not work, throw into it a Handful of fresh Cherries, so let it stand six or eight Days, then if it be clear, bottle it up. 321. To make CHERRY WINE another Way.

Take the ripest and largest Kentish Cherries you can get, bruise them very well, Stones and Stalks altogether, put them into a Tub, having a Tap to it, let them stand fourteen Days, then pull out the Tap, let the Juice run

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from them and put it into a Barrel, let it work three or four Days, then stop it up close three or four Weeks and bottle it off.

This Wine will keep many Years and be

exceeding rich.

322. To make LEMON DROPS.

Take a Pound of Loaf Sugar, beat and fift it very fine, grate the Rind of a Lemon and put it to your Sugar; take the Whites of three Eggs and whifk them to a Froth, squeeze in some Lemon to your Taste, beat them for half an Hour, and drop them on white Paper; be sure you let the Paper be very dry, and sift a little fine Sugar on the Paper before you drop them. If you would have them Yellow, take a Pennyworth of Gumbouge, steep it in some Rose water, mix to it some Whites of Eggs and a little Sugar, so drop them, and bake them in a slow Oven.

323. Tomake GOOSEBERRY WINE another Way

Take twelve Quarts of good ripe Goofe-berries, stamp them, and put to them twelve Quarts of Water, let them stand three Days, stir them twice every Day, strain them, and put to your Liquor fourteen Pound's of Sugar; when it is dissolved strain it through a Flannel Bag, and put it into a Barrel, with half an Ounce of Isinglass; you must cut the Isinglass in Pieces, and beat it whilst it be soft, put to it a Pint of your Wine, and let it stand within the Air of the Fire; take the Whitesof sour Eggs and beat them very well to a Froth, put in the Isinglass, and whish the Wine and it together; put them into the Barrel, clay it N

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close, and let it stand whilst sine, then bottle it for Use.

324. To make Red CURRAN WINE another Way,

Take five Quarts of red Currans, full ripe, bruife them, and take from them all the Stalks, to every five Quarts of Fruit put a Gallon of Water; when you have your Quantity, strain them thro' a hair Sieve, and to every Gallon of Liquor put two Pounds and three Quarters of Sugar; when your Sugar is dissolved tun it into your Cask, and let it stand three Weeks, then draw it off, and put to every Gallon a Quarter of a Pound of Sugar; wash your Barrel with cold Water, tun it up, and let it stand about a Week; to every ten Gallons put an Ounce of Isinglass, dissolve it in some of the Wine, when it is dissolved put to it a Quart of your Wine, and beat them with a Whisk, then put it into the Cask, and stop it up close; when it is Fine bottle it.

If you would have it take of Rasps, put to every Gallon of Wine a Quart of Rasps; if there be any Grounds in the bottom of the Cask, when you draw of your Wine, drop them thro' a Flannel Bag, and then put it into your Cask.

325. To make MULBERRY WINE.

Gather your Mulberries when they are full ripe, beat them in a Marble Mortar, and to every Quart of Berries put a Quart of Water; when you put 'em into the Tub rub them very well with your Hands, and let them stand all Night, then strain 'em thro' a Sieve; to every Gallon of Water put three Pounds of Sugar,

and when the Sugar is dissolved put it into your Barrel; take two Pennyworth of Isinglass and clip it in Pieces, put to it a little Wine, and let it standall Night within the Air of the Fire; take the Whites of two or three Eggs, beat them very well, then put them to the Isinglass, mix them well together, and put them into your Barrel, stirring it about when it is put in; you must not let it be over full, nor bung it close up at first; set it in a cool Place and bottle it when sine.

326. To make BLACKBERRY WINE. Take Blackberries when they are full ripe, and fqueese them the same Way as you did the Mulberries. If you add a few Mulberries it will make your Wine have a much better Taste.

Take Mulberries when they are full ripe, break them very well with your Hand, and drop them through a Flannel Bag; to every Pound of Juice take a Pound of Loaf Sugar; beat it small, put it to your Juice, so boil and skim it very well; you must skim it all the Time it is boiling; when the Skim has done rising it is enough; when it is cold bottle it and keep it for Use.

You may make Rasberry Syrrup the same

Way.

328. To make RASBERRY BRANDY.

Take a Gallon of the best Brandy you can get, and gather your Rasberries when they are full ripe, and put them whole into your Bran-

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dy; to every Gallon of Brandy take three Quarts of Rasps, let them stand close covered for a Month, then clear it from Rasps, and put to it a Pound of Loaf Sugar; when your Sugar is dissolved and a little settled, boil it and keep it for Use.

329. To make Black CHERRY BRANDY.

Take a Gallon of the best Brandy, and eight Pounds of Black Cherries, stone and put 'em into your Brandy in an earthen Pot; bruise the Stones in a Mortar, then put them into your Brandy, and cover them up close, let them steep for a Month or six Weeks, so drain it and keep it for Use.

You may distil the Ingredients if you please.

330. To make RATIFIE BRANDY.

Take a Quart of the best Brandy, and about a Jill of Apricock Kernels, blanch and bruise them in a Mortar, with a Spoonful or two of Brandy, so put them into a large Bottle with your Brandy; put to it sour Ounces of Loaf Sugar, let it stand till you think it has got the Taste of the Kernels, then pour it out and put in a little more Brandy if you please.

331. To make CowsLIP SYRRUP.

Take a Quartern of fresh pick'd Cowslips, put to 'em a Quart of boiling Water, let 'em stand all Night, and the next Morning drain it from the Cowslips; to every Pint of Water put a Pound of sine Powder Sugar, and boil it over a slow Fire; skim it all the Time in the boiling whilst the Skim has done rising; then take it off, and when it is cold put it into a Bottle, and keep it for Use.

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332. To make LEMON BRANDY.

Take a Gallon of Brandy, Chip twenty five Lemons, (let them steep twenty-four Hours) the Juice of sixteen Lemons, a quarter of a Pound of Almonds blanched and beat, drop it thro' a Jelly beg twice, and when it is fine bottle it; sweeten it to your Taste with double refined Sugar before you put it into your Jelly Bag. You must make it with the best Brandy you can get.

333. To make CORDIAL WATER of COWSLIPS.

Take two Quarts of Cowslip Peeps, a Slip of Balm, two Sprigs of Rosemary, a Stick of Cinnamon, half an Orange peel, half a Lemon peel, a Pint of Brandy, and a Pint of Ale; lay all these to steep twelve Hours, then distil them on a cold Still.

324. To make MILK PUNCH.

Take two Quarts of old Milk, a Quart of good Brandy, the Juice of fix Lemons or Oranges, whether you please, and about fix Ounces of Loaf Sugar, mix them altogether and drop them thro' a Jelly bag; take off the Peel of two of the Lemons or Oranges, and put it into your Bag, when it is run off bottle it; 'twill keep as long as you please.

Take three Jills of Water, a Jill of old Milk, and a Jill of Brandy, sweeten it to your Taste; you must not put any Acid into this for it will make it curdle.

This is a cooling Punch to drink in a Morn-

ing.

356. To

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336. To make Punch another Way.

Take five Pints of boiling Water and one Quart of Brandy, add to it the Juice of four Lemons or Oranges, and about fix Ounces of Loaf Sugar; when you have mixed it together strain it thro' a hair Sieve or Cloth, and put into your Bowl the Peel of a Lemon or Orange.

337. To make Acid for Punch.

Take Gooseberries at their full Growth, pick and beat them in a Marble Mortar, and squeeze them in a harden Bag thro' a Press, when you have done run it thro' a Flannel Bag, and then bottle it in small Bottles; put a little Oil on every Bottle, so keep it for Use.

338. To bottle Gooseberries.

Gather your Gooseberries when they are young, pick and bottle them, put in the Cork loose, set them in a Pan of Water, with a little Hay in the Bottom, put them into the Pan when the Water is cold, let it stand on a slow Fire, and mind when they are codled; don't let the Pan boil, if you do it will break the Bottles; when they are cold fasten the Cork, and put on a little Rosin, so keep them for Use.

339. To bottle DAMSINS.

Take your Damfins before they are full ripe, and gather them when the Dew is off, pick of the Stalks, and put them into dry Bottles; don't fill your Bottles over full, and cork them as close as you would do for Ale, keep them in a Cellar, and cover them over with Sand.

340. To

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340. To preserve Orange Chips to put in Glasses. Take a Seville Orange with a clear Skin, pare it very thin from the White, than take a Pair of Sciffars and clip it very thin, and boil it in Water, shifting it two or three times in the boiling to take out the Bitter; then take half a Pound of double refined Sugar, boil it and skim it, then put in your Orange, so let it boil over a flow Fire whilst your Syrrup be thick, and your Orange look clear, then put it into Glasses, and cover it with Papers dipt in Brandy; if you have a Quantity of Peel you must have the larger Quantity of Sugar.

341. To preserve ORANGES or LEMONS.

Take Seville Oranges, the largest and roughest you can get, clear of Spots, chip them very fine, and put them in Water for two Days, shifting them twice or three times a Day, then boil them whilst they are soft; take and cut them in Quarters, and take out all the Pippens with a Penknife, fo weigh them, and to every Pound of Orange, take a Pound and half of Loaf Sugar; put your Sugar into a Pan, and to every Pound of Sugar a Pint of Water, set it over the Fire to melt, and when it boils skim it very well, then put in your Oranges; if you would have any of them whole, makea little hole at the Top, and take out the Meat with a Tea Spoon, set your Oranges over a flow Fire to boil, and keep them skiming all the while; keep your Oranges as much as you can with the Skin downwards; you may cover them with a Delf-plate, to bear them

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them down in the boiling; let them boil for three Quarters of an Hour, then put them into a Pot or Bason, and let them stand two Days covered, then boil them again whilst they look clear, and the Syrrup be thick, fo put them into a Pot, and lie close over them a Paper dip'd in Brandy, and tie a double Paper at the Top, fet them in a cool Place, and keep them for Use. If you would have your Oranges that are whole to look pale and clear, to put in Glasses, you must make a Syrrup of Pippen Jelly; then take ten or a Dozen Pippens, as they are of Bigness, pare and slice them, and boil them in as much Water as will cover them till they be thoroughly tender, fo strain your Water from the Pippins through a Hair Sieve, then strain it through a Flannel Bag; and to every Pint of Jelly take a Pound of double refined Sugar, fet it over a Fire to boil, and skim it, let it boil whilst it be thick, then put it into a Pot and cover it, but they will keep best if they be put every one in different Pots.

342. To make JELLY of CURRANS.

Take of Quartern of the largest and best Currans you can get, strip them from the Stalks, and put them in a Pot, stop them close up, and boil them in a Pot of Water over the Fire, till they be throughly coddled and begin to look Pale, then put them in a clear hair Sieve to drain, and run the Liquor thro' a Flannel Bag, to every Pint of your Liquor put in a Pound of your double resin'd Sugar; you

you must beat the Sugar sine, and put it in by Degrees, set it over the Fire, and boil it whilst any Skim will rise, then put it into Glasses for Use; the next Day clip a Paper round, and dip it in Brandy to lie on your Jelly; if you would have your Jelly a light Red, put in half of white Currans, and in my Opinion it looks much better.

343. To preserve Apricocks.

Take Apricocks before they be full ripe, stone and pare 'em, then weigh 'em, and to every Pound of Apricocks take a Pound of double refined Sugar, beat it very small, lie one part of your Sugar under the Apricocks, and the other Part at the Top, let them stand all Night, the next Day put them in a Stew-pan or Brass-pan; don't do over many at once in your pan, for fear of breaking, let them boil over a flow Fire, skim them very well, and turn them two or three times in the boiling; you must but about half do 'em at the first, and let them stand whilst they be cool, then let them boil whilst your Apricocks look clear, and the Syrrup thick, put them into your Pots or Glasses, when they are cold cover them with a Paper dipt in Brandy, then tie another Paper close over your Pot to keep out the Air.

344. To make MARMALADE of APRICOCKS.

Take what Quantity of Apricocks you shall think proper, stone them and put them immediately into a Skellet of boiling Water, keep them under Water on the Fire till they be soft, [158]

soft, then take them out of the Water and wipe them with a Cloth, weigh your Sugar with your Apricocks, weight for weight, then dissolve your Sugar in Water, and boil it to a candy Height, then put in your Apricocks, being a little bruised; let them boil but a Quarter of an Hour, then glass them up.

345. To know when your Sugar is at Candy

345. To know when your Sugar is at CANDY HEIGHT.

Take some Sugar and clarify it till it comes to a Candy-Height, and keep it still boiling 'till it becomes thick, then stir it with a Stick from you, and when it is at Candy-Height it will sly from your Stick like Flakes of Snow, or Feathers slying in the Air, and till it comes to that Height it will not sly, then you may use it as you please.

346. To make MARMALADE of Quinces white.

Take your Quinces and coddle them as you do Apples, when they are foft pare them and out them in Pieces, as if you would cut them for Apple Pies, then put your Cores, Parings, and the Waste of your Quinces in some Water, and boil them fast for fear of turning Red until it be a strong Jelly; when you see the Jelly pretty strong strain it, and be sure you boil them uncovered; add as much Sugar as the Weight of your Quinces unto your Jelly, till it be boiled to a Height, then put in your coddled Quinces, and boil them uncovered till they be enough, and set them near the Fire to harden.

347. To make QUIDDENY of Red Curranberries.
Put your Berries into a Pot with a Spoonfull

or two of Water, cover it close, and boil 'em in some Water, when you think they are enough strain them, and put to every Pint of Juice a Pound of Loaf Sugar, boil it up Jelly Height, and put them into Glasses for Use.

348. To preserve Gooseberries.

To a Pound of ston'd Gooseberries put a Pound and a quarter of sine Sugar, wet the Sugar with the Gooseberry Jelly; take a Quart of Gooseberries, and two or three Spoonfulls of Water, boil them very quick, let your Sugar be melted, and then put in your Gooseberries; boil them till clear, which will be very quickly.

349. To make little ALMOND CAKES.

Takea Pound of Sugar and eight Eggs, beat them well an Hour, then put them into a Pound of Flour, beat them together, blanch a quarter of a Pound of Almonds, and beat them with Rose-water to keep 'em from Oiling, mix all together, butter your Tins, and bake them half an Hour.

Half an Hour is rather too long for them to

stand in the Oven.

350. To preserve RED GOOSEBERRIES.

Take a Pound of Sixpenny Sugar, and a little Juice of Currans, put to it a Pound and a half of Gooseberries, and let them boil quick a quarter of an Hour; but if they be for Jam they must boil better than half an Hour.

They are very proper for Tarts, or to eat

as Sweet-Meats.

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351. To bottle BERRIES another Way.

Gather your Berries when they are full grown, pick and bottle them, tie a Paper over them, prick it with a Pin, and fet it in the Oven; after you have drawn, and when they are coddled, take 'em out and when they are cold cork them up; rosin the Cork over, and keep them for Use.

352. To keep BARBERRIES for TARTS all the Year.

Take Barberries when they are full ripe, and pick 'em from the Stalk, put them into dry Bottles, cork 'em up very close and keep 'em for Use.

You may do Cramberries the same Way.

353. To preserve BARBERRIES for TARTS.

Take Barberries when full Ripe, strip them, take their Weight in Sugar, and as much Water as will wet your Sugar, give it a boil and skim it; then put in your Berries, let them boil whilst they look clear and your Syrrup thick, so put them into a Pot, and when they are cold cover them up with a Paper dip'd in Brandy.

354. To preserve DAMSINS.

Take Damsins before they are full ripe, and pick them, take their Weight in Sugar, and as much Water as will wet your Sugar, give it a boil and skim it, then put in your Damsins, let them have one Scald, and set them by whilst cold, then scald them again, and continue scalding them twice a Day whilst your Syrrup looks thick, and the Damsins

clear; you must never let them boil; do 'em in a Brass Pan, and do not take them out in the Doing; when they are enough put them into a Pot, and cover them up with a Paper dip'd in Brandy.

355. How to keep Damsins for Taris.

Take Damsins before they are full ripe, to every Quart of Damfins put a Pound of Powder Sugar, put them into a pretty broad Pot, a Layer of Sugar and a Layer of Damfins, tie them close up, fet them in a flow Oven, and let them have a Heat every Diy whilft the Syrup be thick and the Damfins enough; render a little Sheep Suet and pour over them, so keep them for Use.

356. To keep DAMSINS another Way.

Take Damfins before they be quite ripe, pick off the Stalks, and put them into dry Bottles; cork them as you would do Ale, and keep them in a cool Place for Ufe.

357: To make MANGO of CODLINS.

Take Codlins when they are at their full Growth, and of the greenest Sort, take a little out of the End with the Stalk, and then take out the Core; lie them in a strong Salt and Water, let them lie ten Days or more, and fill them with the fame Ingredients as you do other Mango, only feald them oftner.

358. To pickle CURRANBERRIES.

Take Currans either red or white before they are thoroughly ripe; you must not take them from the Stalk, make a Pickle of Salt bus rooms of the Fulp of your Paperis, [162]

and Water and a little Vinegar, so keep them for Use.

They are proper for Garnishing.

359. To keep Barberries instead of preserving.

Take Barberries and lie them in a Pot, a Layer of Barberries and a Layer of Sugar, pick the Seeds out before for garnishing Sweetmeats; if for Sauces put some Vinegar to them.

360. To keep Asparagus or Green-Peas a Year.

Take Green-Peas, green them as you do Cucumbers, and scald them as you do other Pickles made of Salt and Water; let it be always new Pickle, and when you would use them boil them in fresh Water.

361. To make white Paste of PIPPENS.

Take some Pippens, pare and cut them in Halves, and take out the Cores, then boil 'em very tender in fair Water, and strain them thro' a Sieve, then clarify two Pounds of Sugar with two Whites of Eggs, and boil it to a candy Height, put two Pounds and a half of the Pulp to your Pippens into it, let it stand over a slow Fire drying, keeping it stirring till it comes clear from the Bottom of your Pan, then lie them upon Plates or Boards to dry.

362. To make green Paste of PIPPENS.

Take green Pippens, put them into a Pot and cover them, let them stand infusing over a slow Fire sive or six Hours, to draw the Redness or Sappiness from them and then strain them thro' a hair Sieve; take two Pounds of Sugar, boil it to a candy Height, put to it two Pounds of the Pulp of your Pippens, keep

it stirring over the Fire till it comes clean from the Bottom of your Pan, then lay it on Plates or Boards, and fet it in an Oven or Stove to dry.

363. To make red Paste of PIPPENS.

Take two Pounds of Sugar, clarify it, then take Rosset and temper it very well with fair Water, put it into your Syrup, let it boil till your Syrup is pretty red colour'd with it, then strain your Syrup thro' a fine Cloth, and boil it till it be at Candy-Height, then put to it two Pounds and a half of the Pulp of Pippens, keeping it stirring over the Fire till it comes clean from the Bottom of the Pan, thenlie it on Plates or Boards, so dry them.

364. To preserve FRUIT Green.

Take your Fruit when they are green, and some fair Water, set it on the Fire, and when it is hot put in the Apples, cover them close, but they must not boil, so let them stand till they be fost, and there will be a thin Skin on them, peel it off, and fet them to cool, then put them in again, let them boil till they be very green, and keep them as whole as you can; when you think them ready to take up, make your Syrup for them; take their Weight in Sugar, and when your Syrup is ready put the Apples into it, and boil them very well in it; they will keep all the Year near fome-

You may do green Plumbs or other Fruit. 365. To make ORANGE MARMALADE. Take three or four Seville Oranges, grate O 2. IU 101 1H sd all them [164]

them, take out the Meat, and boil the Rinds whilst they are tender; shift them three or four Times in the boiling to take out the Bitter, and beat them very fine in a Marble Mortar; to the Weight of your Pulp take a Pound of Loaf Sugar, and to a Pound of Sugar you may add a Pint of Water, boil and skim it before you put in your Oranges, let it boil half an Hour very quick, then put in your Meat, and to a Pint take a Pound and a half of Sugar, let it boil quick half an Hour, stir it all the Time, and when it is boiled to a Jelly, put it into Pots or Glasses; cover it with a Paper dipp'd in Brandy.

366. To make Quinces white another Way.

Coddle your Quinces, cut them in small Pieces, and to a Pound of Quinces take three Quarters of a Pound of Sugar, boil it to a candy Height, having ready a Quarter of a Pint of Quince Liquor boil'd and skim'd, put the Quinces and Liquor to your Sugar, boil them till it look clear, which will be very quickly, then close your Quince, and when cold cover it with Jelly of Pippens to keep the Colour.

367. To make Gooseberry Vinegar.

To every Gallon of Water take fix Pounds of ripe Gooseberries, bruise them, and pour the Water boiling hot upon your Berries, cover it close, and set it in a warm Place to somethem, till all the Berries come to the Top, then draw it off, and to every Gallon of Liquor put a Pound and a half of Sugar, then tun it into a Cask, set it in a warm Place, and in six Months it will be fit for Use.

368. To

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Take three Pounds of ripe Goofeberries to a Quart of Water, and a Pound of Sugar, stamp your Berries and throw them into your Water as you stamp them, it will make them strain the better; when it is strained put in your Sugar, beat it well with a Dish for half an Hour, then strain it thro' a finer Strainer than before into your Vessel, leaving it some room to work, and when it is clear bottle it; your Berries must be clean pick'd before you use them, and let them be at their sull Growth when you use them, rather changing Colour.

369. To make JAM of CHERRIES.

Take ten Pounds of Cherries, stone and boilthem till the Juice be wasted, then add to it three Pounds of Sugar, and give it three or four good Boils, then put it into your Pots.

370. To preserve CHERRIES.

To a Pound of Cherries take a Pound of Sugar finely sifted, with which strowthe Bottom of your Pan, having stoned the Cherries, lay a Layer of Cherries and a Layer of Sugar, strowing the Sugar very well over all, boil them over a quick Fire a good while, keeping them clean skim'd till they look clear, and the Syrup is thick and both of one Colour; when you think them half done, take them off the Fire for an Hour, after which set them on again, and to every Pound of Fruit put in a quarter of a Pint of the Juice of Cherries and red Currans, so boil them till enough, and the Syrup is jellied, then put them in a Por, and keep them close from the Air. 371. To

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371. To preserve CHERRIES for drying. Take two Pounds of Cherries and stone them, put to them a Pound of Sugar, and as much Water as will wet the Sugar, then fet them on the Fire, let them boil till they look clear, then take them off the Fire, and let them stand a while in the Syrup, and then take them up and lay them on Papers to dry. 372. To preserve FRUIT green all the Year.

Gather your Fruit when they are three Parts ripe, on a very dry Day, when the Sun shines on them, then take earthern Pots and put them in, cover the Pots with Cork, or bung them that no Air can get into them, dig a Place in the Earth a Yard deep, set the Pots therein and cover them with the Earth very close, and keep them for Use.

When you take any outcover themupagain,

as at the first.

373. How tokeep KIDNEY BEANS all Winter.

Take Kidney Beans when they are young, leave on both the Ends, lay a Layer of Salt at the Bottom of your Pot, and then a Layer of Beans, and so on till your Pot be full, cover them close at the Top that they get no Air and set them in a cool Place; before you boil them lay them in Water all Night, let your Water boil when you put them in, (without Salt) and put into it a Lump of Butter about the Bigness of a Walnut.

374. To candy ANGELICA.

Take Angelica when it is young and tender take off all the Leaves from the Stalks, boil it

in the Pan with some of the Leaves under, and fome at the Top, till it be fo tender that you can peel off all the Skin, then put it into some Water again, cover it over with some of the Leaves, let it simmer over a flow Fire till it be Green, when it is Green drain the Water from it, and then weigh it; to a Pound of Angelica take a Pound of Loaf Sugar, put a Pint of Water to every Pound of Sugar, boil and skim it, and then put in your Angelica; it will take a great deal of boiling in the Sugar, the longer you boil it and the Greener it will be, boil it whilst your Sugar be candy Height by the Side of your Pan; if you would have it nice and white, you must have a Pound of Sugar boiled candy Height in a Copperdish or Stew-pan, set it over a Chasing-dish, and put it into your Angelica, let it have a boil, and it will candy as you take it out.

evil of 375. Tordry PEARS.

Take half a Peck of good baking Pears, (or as many as you please) pare and put them in a Pot, and to a Peck of Pears put in two Pound of Sugar; you must put in no Water but lie the Parings on the Top of your Pears, tie them up close, and set them in a brown Bread Oven; when they are baked lay them in a Dripping pan, and flat them a little in your Pan; fet them in a flow Oven, and turn them every Day whilst they be throughly dry; fo keep them for Ufe.

You may dry Pippens the same Way, only as you turn them grate over them a little in. Sugar. 376. To

276. To preserve Currans in Bunches.

Boil your Sugar to the fourth Degree of boiling, tie your Currans up in Bunches, then place them in order in the Sugar, and give them feveral covered Boilings, skim them quick, and let them not have above two or three Seethings, then skim them again, and set them into the Stove in the preserving Pan, the next Day drain them, and dress them in Bunches, strow them with Sugar, and dry them in a Stove or in the Sun.

377. To dry APRICOCKS.

To a Pound of Apricocks put three Quarter of a Pound of Sugar, pare and stone them, to a Layer of Fruit lie a Layer of Sugar, let them stand till the next Day, then boil them again till they be clear, when cold take them out of the Syrup, and lay them upon Glaffes or China, and fift them over with double refin'd Sugar, fo fet them on a Stove to dry, next Day if they be dry enough turn them, and fift the other Side with Sugar; let the Stones be broke and the Kernels blanch'd, and give them a Boil in the Syrup, then put them into the Apricocks; you must not do too many at a Time, for fear of breaking them in the Syrup; do a great many, and the more you do in it the better they will tafte.

378. To make JUMBALLS another Way.

Take a Pound of Meal dry, a Pound of Sugar finely beat, mix them together; then take the Yolks of five or fix Eggs, as much thick Cream as will make it up to a Paste,

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and some Corriander Seeds; roll them and lay them on Tins, prick and bakethemin a quick Oven; before you set them in the Oven wet them with a little Rose-Water and double resin'd Sugar, and it will ice them.

370. To preserve ORANGES Whole.

Take what Quantity of Oranges you have a mind to preferve, chip off the Rind, the thiner and better, put them into Water twenty-four Hours, in that Time shift them in the Water (to take off the Bitter) three Times; you must shift them with boiling Water, cold Water makes them hard; put double the Weight of Sugar for Oranges, dissolve your Sugar in Water, skim it, and clarify it with the White of an Egg; before you put in your Oranges, boil them in Syrup three or four Times, three or four Days betwixt each Time; you must take out the Inmeat of the Oranges very clean, for star of mudding the Syrup.

380. To make JAM of DAMSINS.

Take Damsins when they are ripe, and to two Pounds of Damsins take a Pound of Sugar, put your Sugar into a Pan with a Jill of Water, when you have boiled it put in your Damsins, let them boil pretty quick, skim them all the Time they are boiling, when your Syrrup looks thick they are enough, put them into your Pots, and when they are cold cover them with a Paper dip'd in Brandy, tie them up close, and keep them for Use.

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Take a Pint of Jelly, a Pound and a Quarter of Sugar, make your Jelly with three or four Spoonfuls of Water, and put your Sugar and Jelly together, fet it over the Fire to heat, but don't let it boil, then put it into the Cake Pots, and fet it in a flow Oven till iced over.

382. To make Bullies Cheese.

Take half a Peck or a Quartern of Bullies, whether you please, pick off the Stalks, put them in a Pot, and stop them up very close, set them in a Pot of Water to boil for two Hours, and be sure your Pot be full of Water, and boil them whilst they be enough, then put them in a Hair Sieve to drain the Liquor from the Bullies; and to every Quart of Liquor put a Pound and a Quarter of Sugar, boil it over a slow Fire, keeping it stirring all the Time: You may know when it is boiled high enough by the parting from the Pan, and cover it with Papers dip'd in Brandy, so tie it up close, and keep it for Use.

383. To make JAM of BULLIES.

Take the Bullies that remained in the Sieve, to every Quart of it take a Pound of Sugar, and put it to your Jam, boil it over a flow Fire, put it in Pots, and keep it for Use.

384. To make Syrup of GILLIFLOWERS.

Take five Pints of clipt Gillislowers, two Pints of boiling Water and put to them, then put them in an earthern Pot to insuse a Night and a Day, take a Strainer and strain them [171]

out; to a Quart of your Liquor put a Pound and half of Loaf Sugar, boil it over a flow Fire, and skim it whilst any Skim rises; so when it is cold bottle it for Use.

385. To pickle GILLIFLOWERS.

Take Clove Gillislowers, when they are at full Growth, clip them and put them into a Pot, put them pretty sad down, and put to them some white Wine Vinegar, as much as will cover them; sweeten them with sine powder Sugar, or common Loaf; when you put in your Sugar stirthem up that your Sugar may go down to the Bottom; they must be very sweet; let them stand two or three Days, and then put in a little more Vinegar; so tie them up for Use.

386. To pickle Cucumbers sliced.

Pare thirty large Cucumbers, flice them into a Pewter Dish, take six Onions, slice and strow on them some Salt, so cover them and let them stand to drain twenty sour Hours; make your Pickle of white Wine Vinegar, Nutmeg, Pepper, Cloves and Mace, boil the Spices in the Pickle, drain the Liquor clean from the Cucumbers, put them into a deep Pot, pour the Liquor upon them boiling hot, and cover them very close; when they are cold drain the Liquor from them, give it another Boil, and when it is cold pour it on them again; so keep them for Use.

387. To make Cupid Hedge-Hogs.

Take a Quarter of a Pound of Jordan Almonds, and half a Pound of Loaf Sugar, put

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it into a Pan with as much Water as will just wet it, let it boil whilst it be so thick as will stick to your Almonds, then put in your Almonds and let them boil in it; have ready a Quarter of a Pound of small coloured Comfits; take your Almonds out of the Syrrup one by one, and turn them round whilst they be covered over, so lie them on a Pewter dish as you do them, and set them before the Fire, whilst you have done them all

They are pretty to put in Glasses, or to set

in a Defertion and que modulitars god mon ni

388. To make ALMOND HEDGE-Hogs.

Take half a Pound of the best Almonds, and blanch them, beat them with two or three Spoonfuls of Rose-water in a Marble-mortar very small, then take fix Eggs, (leave out two of the Whites) beat your Eggs very well, take half a Pound of Loaf Sugar beaten, and four Ounces of clarified Butter, mix them all well together, put them into a Pan, set them over the Fire, and keep it stirring whilst it be stiff, then put it into a China-dish, and when it is cold put it up into the Shape of an Hedge-Hog, put Currans for Eyes, and a Bit of candid Orange for Tongue; you may leave out Part of the Almonds unbeaten; take them and split them in two, then cut them in long Bits to stick into your Hedge Hog all over, then take two Pints of Cream Custard to pour over your Hedge Hog, according to the Bigness of your Dish; lie round your Dish Edge Slices of candid or preserved Orange, which you have, so serve it up. 389. To

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389. To Pot SALMON to keep balf a Year. Take a Side of fresh Salmon, take out the Bone, cut off the Head and scald it; you must not wash it but wipe it with a dry Cloth; cut it in three Pieces, season it with Mace, Pepper, Salt and Nutmeg, put it into a flat Pot with the skin Side downward, lie over it a Pound of Butter, tie a Paper over it, and fend it to the Oven, about an Hour and a half will bake it; if you have more Salmon in your Pot than three Pieces it will take more baking, and you must put in more Butter; when it is baked take it out of your Pot, and lie it on a Fish-Plate to drain, and take off the Skin, so feason it over again, for if it be not well seafoned it will not keep; put it into your Pot Piece by Piece; it will keep best in little Pots, when you put it into your Pots, press it well down with the back of your Hand, and when it is cold cover it with clarified Butter, and fet it in a cool Place; so keep it for Use.

390. To make a CODDLIN PIE.

Take Coddlins before they are over old, hang them over a flow Fire to coddle, when they are foft peel off the Skin, so put them into the Water again, then cover 'em up with Vine Leaves, and let them hang over the Fire whilst they be Green; be sure you don't let them boil; lie them whole in the Dish, and bake them in Pust-paste, but leave no Paste in the Bottom of the Dish; put to 'em a little shred Lemon-peel, a Spoonful of Verjuice or Juice of Lemon, and as much Sugar as you think

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think proper, according to the Largeness of

pour Pie.

Boil the Flowers in Milk, take the Tops and lay them in a Dish, then take three Jilis of Cream, the Yolks of eight Eggs, and the Whites of two, season it with Nutmeg, Cinnamon, Mace, Sugar, Sack or Orange-flower-Water, beat all well together, then pour it over the Collisiower, put it into the Oven, bake it as you would a Custard, and grate Sugar over it when it comes from the Oven.

Take Sugar, Sack and Butter for Sauce.
392. To make STOCK for HARTSHORN Felly.

Take five or fix Ounces of Hartshorn, put it into a Gallon of Water, hang it over a slow Fire, cover it close, and let it boil three or four Hours, so strain it; make it the Day before you use it, and then you may have it ready for your Jellies.

303. To make SYRUP of VIOLETS.

Take Violets and pick them; to every Pound of Violets put a Pint of Water, when the Water is just ready to boil put it to your Violets, and stir them well together, let them insuse twenty four Hours and strainthem; to every Pound of Syrup, take almost two Pounds of Sugar, beat the Sugar very well and put it into your Syrup, stir it that the Sugar may dissolve, let it stand a Day or two, stiring it two or three Times, then set it on the Fire, let it be but warm and it will be thick enough.

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You may make your Syrup either of Violets or Gilliflowers, only take the Weight of Sugar, let it stand on the Fire till it be very hot, and the Syrup of Violets must be only warm.

394. To pickle Cockles.

Take Cockles at a full Moon and wash 'em, then put them in a Pan, and cover them with a wet Cloth, when they are enough put them into a Stone Bowl, take them out of the Shells and wash them very well in their own Pickle; let the Pickle settle every time you wash them then clear it off; when you have cleaned 'em, put the Pickle into a Pan, with a Spoonful or two of white Wine and a little white Wine Vinegar, to your Taste, put in a little Jamaica and whole Pepper, boil it very well in the Pickle, then put in your Cockles, let 'em have a boil and skim 'em, when they are cold put them in a Bottle with a little Oil over them, fet 'em in a cool Place and keep 'em for Use. 395. Topreserve Quinces Whole or in Quarters.

Take the largest Quinces when they are at full Growth, pare them and throw them into Water, when you have pared them cut them in Quarters, and take out the Cores; if you would have any Whole you must take out the Cores with a Scope; save all the Cores and Parings, and put them in a Pot or Pan to coddle your Quinces in, with as much Water as will cover them, so put in your Quinces in the Middle of your Parings into the Pan, (be sure you cover them close up at the Top) so

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[176] let them hang over a flow Fire whilst they be thoroughly tender, then take them out and weigh them; to every Pound of Quince take a Pound of Loaf Sugar, and to every Pound of Sugar take a Pint of the same Water you coddled your Quinces in, let your Water and Sugar over the Fire, boil it and skim it, then put in your Quinces, and cover it close up, fet it over a flow Fire, and let it boil whilst your Quinces be red and the Syrup thick, then put them in Pots for Use, dipping a Paper in Brandy to lie over them.

396. To pickle SHRIMPS.

Take the largest Shrimps you can get, pick them out of the Shells, boil them in a Jill of Water, or as much Water as will cover them, according as you have a Quantity of Shrimps, strain them thro' a Hair Sieve, then put to the Liquor a little Spice, Mace, Cloves, whole Pepper, white Wine, white Wine Vinegar, and a little Salt to your Tafte; boil them very well together, when it is cold put in your Shrimps, they are fit for Use.

397. To pickle Muscles.

Wash your Muscles, put them into a Pan as you do your Cockles, pick them out of the Shells, and wash them in the Liquor; be fure you take off the Beards, fo boil them in the Liquor with Spices, as you do your Cockles, only put to them a little more Vinegar than you do to Cockles.

398. To pickle WALNUTS Green. Gather Walnuts when they are as you can run

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run a Pin through them, pare them and put them in Water, and let them lie four or five Days, stirring it twice a Day to take out the Bitter, then put them in strong Salt and Water, let them lie a Week or ten Days, stirring it once or twice a Day, then put them in fresh Salt and Water, and hang them over a Fire, put to them a little Allum, and cover them up close with Vine Leaves, let them hang over a slow Fire whilst they be Green, but be sure don't let them boil, when they are Green put them into a Sieve to drain the Water from them.

399. To make Pickle for them.

Take a little good Alegar, put to it a little long Pepper and Jamaica Pepper, a few Bay Leaves, a little Horse-radish, a Handful or two of Mustard-seed, a little Salt and a little Rockambol if you have any, if not a few Shalots; boil them altogether in the Alegar, which put to your Walnuts and let it stand three or four Days, giving them a Scald once a Day, then tie them up for Use.

A Spoonful of this Pickle is good for Fish-

fauce, or a Calf's Head Hash.

400. To pickle WALNUTS Black.

Gather Walnuts when they are so tender that you can run a Pin thro' them, prick them all with a Pin very well, lie them in fresh Water, and let them lie for a Week, shifting them once a Day; make for them a strong Salt and Water, and let them lie whilst they be Yellow, stirring them once a Day, then take 'em

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out of the Salt and Water, and boil it, put it on the Top of your Walnuts, and let your Pot stand in the Corner End, scald them once or twice a Day whilst they be black.

You may make the same Pickle for those,

as you did for the Green ones.

401. To pickle OYSTERS.

Take the largest Oysters you can get, pick them whole out of the Shell, and take off the Beards, wash them very well in their own Pickle, so let the Pickle settle, and clearit off, put it into a Stew-Pan, put to it two or three Spoonfuls of white Wine, and a little white Wine Vinegar; don't put in any Water, for if there be not Pickle enough of their own get a little Cockle-pickle and put to it, a little Jamaica Pepper, white Pepper and Mace, boil and skim them very well; you must skim it before you put in your Spices, then put in your Oysters, and boil them in the Pickle, when they are cold put them into a large Bottle, with a little Oil on the Top, set them in a cool Place and keep them for Use.

402. To pickle large Cucumbers.

Take Cucumbers and put them in astrong Salt and Water, let them lie whilst they be throughly Yellow, then scald them in the same Salt ann Water they lie in, set them on the Fire, and scald them once a Day whilst they are Green; take the best Alegar you can get, put to it a little Jamaica Pepper and Black Pepper, some Horse-raddish in Slices, a few Bay Leaves, and a little Dill and Salt, so scald

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your Cucumbers twice or thrice in this Pickle, then put them up for Use.

403. To pickle Onions.

Take the smallest Onions you can get, peel and put them into a large Quantity of fair Water, let them lie two Days, and shift them twice a Day; then drain them from the Water, take a little distill'd Vinegar, put to 'em two or three Blades of Mace, and a little white Pepper and Salt, boil it, and pour it upon your Onions, let them stand three Days, so put them into little Glasses, and tie a Bladder over them; they are very good done with Alegar; for common use, only put in Jamiaca Pepper instead of Mace.

404. To pickle ELDER BUDS.

Take Elder Buds when they are the Bigness of small Walnuts, lie them in a strong Salt and Water for ten Days, and then scald them in fresh Salt and Water, put in a Lump of Allum, let them stand in the Corner End close cover'd up, and scalded once a Day whilst Green.

You may do Radish Cods or Brown Buds

they same Way.

405. To make the PICKLE.

Take a little Alegar or white Wine Vinegar, and put to it two or three Blades of Mace, with a little whole Pepper and Jamaica Pepper, a few Bay Leaves and Salt, put to your Buds, and scald them two or three Times, then they are fit for Use.

406. To pickle Mushrooms.

Take Mushrooms when fresh gathered, fort the large ones from the Buttons, cut off the Stalks, [180]

Stalks, wash them in Water with a Flannel, have a Pan of Water ready on the Fire to boil 'em in, for the less they lie in the Water the better; let them have two or three Boils over the Fire, then put them into a Sieve, and when you have drained the Water from them put them into a Pot, throw over them a Handful of Salt, stop them up close with a Cloth, and let them stand two or three Hours on the hot Hearth or Range End, giving your Pot a shake now and then; then drain the Pickle from them, and lie them in a Cloth for an Hour or two, so put into them as much distill'd Vinegar as will cover them; let them lie a Week or ten Days, then take them out, and put them in dry Bottles; put to them a little white Pepper, Salt and Ginger fliced, fill them up with distill'd Vinegar, put over 'em a little sweet Oil, and cork them up close; if your Vinegar be good they will keep two or three Years: I know it by Experience.

You must be sure not to fill your Bottles above three Parts sull, if you do they will

not keep.

407. To pickle Mushrooms another Way.

Take Mushrooms and wash them with a Flannel, throw them into Water as you wash them, only pick the small from the large, put them into a Pot, throw over them a little Salt, stop up your Pot close with a Cloth, boil them in a Pot of Water as you do Currans when you make a Jelly, giving them a Shake now and then; you may guess when they are enough by the Quantity of Liquor that comes from

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from them; when you think they are enough strain from them the Liquor, put in a little white Wine Vinegar, and boil in it a little Mace, white Pepper, Jamaica Pepper, and slic'd Ginger; when it is cold put it to the Mushrooms, bottle em and keep em for Use.

They will keep this Way very well, and have more of the Taste of Mushrooms, but

they will not be altogether fo white.

408. To pickle POTATOE CRABS.

Gather your Crabs when they are young, and about the Bigness of a large Cherry, lie them in a strong Salt and Water as you do other Pickles, let them stand for a Week or ten Days, then scald them in the same Water they lie in twice a Day whilst Green; make the same Pickle for them as you do for Cucumbers; be sure you scald them twice or thrice in the Pickle and they will keep the better.

409. To pickle large Buttons.

Take your Buttons, clean 'em and cut 'em in three or four Pieces, put them into a large Sauce-pan to stew in their own Liquor, put to them a little Jamaica and whole Pepper, a Blade or two of Mace, and a little Salt, cover it up, let it stew over a slow Fire whilst you think they are enough, then strain from them their Liquor, and put to it a little white Wine Vinegar or Alegar, which you please, give it a Boil together, and when it is cold put it to your Mushrooms, and keep them for Use.

You may pickle Flaps the same Way.

[182] 410. To make CATCHUP.

Take large Mushrooms when they are fresh gathered, cut off the dirty Ends, break them fmall in your Hands, put them in a Stone-bowl with a Handful or two of Salt, and let them stand all Night; if you don't get Mushrooms enough at once, with a little Salt they will keep a Day or two whilst you get more, so put 'em in a Stew-pot, and set them in an Oven with Houshold Bread; when they are enough strain from 'em the Liquor, and let it stand to fettle, then boil it with a little Mace, Jamaica and whole black Pepper, two or three Shalots, boil it over a flow Fire for an Hour, when it is boiled let it stand to settle, and when it is cold bottle it; if you boil it well it will keep a Year or two; you must put in Spices according to the Quantity of your Catchup; you must not wash them, nor put to them any Water.

411. To make Mango of Cucumbers or small Melons.

Gather Cucumbers when they are Green, cut a Bit off the End and take out all the Meat; lie them in a large Salt and Water, let them lie for a Week or ten Days whilst they be Yellow, then scald them in the same Salt and Water they lie in whilst Green, then drain from them the Water; take a little Mustard-seed, a little Horse-radish, some scraped and some shred sine, a Handful of Shalots, a Claw or two of Garlick if you like the Taste, and a little shred Mace; take six or eight Cucum-

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bers shred sine, mix them amongst the rest of the Ingredients, then sill your Melons or Cucumbers with the Meat, and put in the Bits at the Ends, tie them on with a String, so take as much Alegar or white Wine Vinegar as will well cover them, and put into it a little Jamaica and whole Pepper, a little Horseradish and a Handful or two of Mustard-seed, then boil it, and pour it upon your Mango; let it stand in the Corner End two or three Days, scald them once a Day, and then tie them up for Use.

412. To pickle GARKINS.

Take Garkins of the first Growth, pick 'em clean, put 'em in a strong Salt and Water, let 'em lie a Week or ten Days whilst they be throughly Yellow, then scald them in the some Salt and Water they lie in, scald them once a Day, and let them lie whilst they are Green, then set them in the Corner End close cover'd.

413. To make Pickle for your Cucumbers.

Take a little Alegar, (the Quantity must be equal to the Quantity of your Cucumbers, and so must your Seasoning) a little Pepper, a little Jamaica Pepper and long Pepper, two or three Shalots, a little Horse-radish scraped or sliced, a little Salt and a Bit of Allum, boil them altogether, and scald your Cucumbers two or three Times with your Pickle, so tie them up for Use.

Take the whitest Collisiower you can get,

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break it in Pieces the Bigness of a Mushroom; take as much distill'd Vinegar as will cover it, and put to it a little white Pepper, two or three Blades of Mace, and a little Salt, then boil it and pour it on your Collissowers three Times, let it be cold, then put it into your Glasses or Pots, and wet a Bladder to tie over it to keep out the Air.

415. To pickle RED CABBAGE.

Take a Red Cabbage, chuse it a purple Red, for the light Red never proves a good Colour; so take your Cabbage and shred it in very thin Slices, season it with Pepper and Salt very well, let it lie all Night upon a broad Tin, or a Dripping-pan; take a little Alegar, put to it a little Jamaica Pepper, and two or three Rases of Ginger, boil them together, and when it is cold pour it upon your Cabbage, and in two or three Days Time it will be fit for Use.

You may throw a little Colliflower among it, and it will turn Red.

Take the Colliflower and break it in Pieces the Bigness of a Mushroom, but leave on a short Stalk with the Head; take some white Wine Vinegar, into a Quart of Vinegar put Six-penny worth of Cochineal beat well, also a little Jamaica and whole Pepper, and a little Salt, boil them in Vinegar, pour it over the Collislower hot, and let it stand two or three Days close covered up; you may scald it once in three Days whilst it be Red, when it is Red take

take it out of Pickle, and wash the Cochineal off in the Pickle, so strain it through a Hair Sieve, and let it stand a little to settle, then put it to your Collissower again, and tie it up for Use; the longer it lies in the Pickle the redder it will be.

417. To pickle WALNUTS White.

Take Walnuts when they are at full Growth and can thrust a Pin through them, the largest fort you can get, pare them, and cut a Bit off one End whilst you see the White, so you must pare off all the Green, if you cut through the White to the Kernel they will be spotred, and put them in Water as you pare them; you must boil them in Salt and Water as you do Mushrooms, and will take no more boiling than a Mushroom; when they are boiled lay them on a dry Cloth to drain out of the Water, then put them into a Pot, and put to them as much distill'd Vinegar as will cover them, let them lie two or three Days; then take a little more Vinegar, put to it a few Blades of Mace, a little white Pepper and Salt, boil 'em together, when it is cold take your Walnuts out of the other Pickle and put into that, let them lie two or three Days, pour it from them, give it another Boil and skim it, when it is cold put it to your Walnuts again, put them into a Bottle, and put over them a little sweet Oil, cork them up, and fet them in a cool Place; if your Vinegar be good they will keep as long as the Mushrooms."

Take Barberries when full ripe, put them

into a Pot, boil a strong Salt and Water, then pour it on them boiling hot.

419. To make BARLEY-SUGAR.

Boil Barley in Water, strain it through a Hair Sieve, then put the Decoction into clarified Sugar brought to a Candy-height, or the last Degree of boiling, then take it off the Fire, and let the Boiling settle, then pour it upon a Marble Stone rubb'd with the Oil of Olives, when it cools and begins to grow hard, cut it into Pieces, and rub it into Lengths as you please.

420. To pickle Purslain.

Take the thickest Stalks of Purslain, lay them in Salt and Water six Weeks, then take them out, put them into boiling Water, and cover them well; let them hang over a slow Fire till they be very Green, when they are cold put them into a Pot, and cover them well with Beer Vinegar, and keep them covered close.

421 To make Punch another Way.

Take a Quart or two of Sherbet before you put in your Brandy, and the Whites of four or five Eggs, beat them very well, and fet it over the Fire, let it have a Boil, then put it into a Jelly Bag, so mix the rest of your Acid and Brandy together, (the Quantity you design to make) heat it and run it all through your Jelly Bag, change it in the running off whilst it look sine; let the Peel of one or two Lemons lie in the Bag; you may make it the Day before you use it, and bottle it.

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Grate an old Penny Loaf, put to it a like Quantity of Suet shred, a Nutmeg grated, a little Salt and some Currans, then beat some Eggs in a little Sack and Sugar, mix all together, and knead it as stiff as for Manchet, and make it up in the Form and Size of a Turkey's Egg, but a little slatter; take a Pound of Sutter, put it in a Dish or Stew-pan, and set it over a clear Fire in a Chasing Dish, and rub your Butter about the Dish till it is melted, then put your Puddings in, and cover the Dish, but often turn your Puddings till they are brown alike, and when they are enough grate some Sugar over them, and serve them up hot.

For a Side-dish you must let the Paste lie for a Quarter of an Hour before you make up

your Puddings.

423. To make a Custard Pudding.

Take a Pint of Cream, mix with it fix Eggs well beat, two Spoonfuls of Flour, half a Nutmeg grated, a little Salt and Sugar to your Taste; butter your Cloth, put it in when the Pan boils, baste it just half an Hour, and melt Butter for the Sauce.

424. To make FRYED TOASTS.

Chip a Manchet very well, and cut it round ways in Toasts, then take Cream and eight Eggs seasoned with Sack, Sugar and Nutmeg, and let these Toasts steep in it about an Hour, then sry them in sweet Butter, serve them up with plain melted Butter, or with Butter, Sack and Sugar, as you please. Q 2 425. To

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Take a Quart of Vinegar or Alegar, put it into a Jug, then take Jamaica Pepper whole, some sliced Ginger and Mace; a sew Cloves, some Lemon-peel, Horse-radish sliced, sweet Herbs, six Shalots peeled, eight Anchovies, and two or three Spoonfuls of shred Capers, put all those in a Linen Bag, and put the Bag into your Alegar or Vinegar, stop the Jug close, and keep it for Use.

A Spoonful cold is an Addition to Sauce

for either Flesh or Fish.

426. To make a savoury Dish of VEAL.

Cut large Collops of a Leg of Veal, spread them abroad on a Dreffer, hack them with the Back of a Knife, and dip them in the Yolks of Eggs, feafon them with Nutmeg, Mace, Pepper and Salt, then make Forc'dmeat with some of your Veal, Beef-suet, Oysters chop'd, and sweet Herbs shred fine, and the above Spice, sfrow all these over your Colllops, roll and tie them up, put them on Skew. ers, tie them to a Spit and roast them; and to the rest of your Forc'd-meat add the Yolk of an Egg or two, and make it up in Balls and fry them, put them in a Dish with your Meat when roasted, put a little Water in the Dish under them, and when they are enough put to it an Anchovy, a little Gravy, a Spoonful of white Wine, and thicken it up with a little Flour and Butter, fo fry your Balls and lie round the Dish, and serve it up.

This is proper for a Side-dish either at Noon or Night.

427. To

427. To make FRENCH BREAD.

Take half a Peck of fine Flour, the Yolks of fix Eggs and four Whites, a little Salt, a Pint of Ale Yeast, and as much new Milk made warm as will make it a thin light Paste, stir it about with your Hand, but he sure you don't knead them; have ready six wooden Quarts or Pint Dishes, fill them with the Paste, (not over full) let them stand a Quarter of an Hour to rise, then turn them out into the Oven, and when they are baked rasp them. The Oven must be quick.

428. To make GINGER-BREAD another Way.

Take three Pounds of fine Flour, and the Rind of a Lemon dried and beaten to Powder, half a Pound of Sugar, or more if you like it, a little Butter, and an Ounce and a half of beaten Ginger, mix all these together, and wet it pretty Stiff with nothing but Treacle; make it into Rolls or Cakes which you please; if you please you may add candid Orange peel and Citron; butter your Paper to bake it on, and let it be baked hard.

429. To make QUINCE CREAM.

Take Quinces when they are full ripe, cut them in Quarters, scald them till they be soft, pare them, and mash the clear Part of them, and the Pulp, and put it through a Sieve, take an equal Weight of Quince and double refin'd Sugar beaten and sifted, and the Whites of Eggs beat till it is as white as Snow, then put it into Dishes.

You may do Apple Cream the same Way.

Q 3

430. To

[190] 430. To make CREAM of any preserved Fruit

Take half a Pound of the Pulp of any preferved Fruit, put it in a large Pan, put to it the Whites of two or three Eggs, beat them well together for an Hour, then with a Spoon take off, and lay it heaped up high on the Dish and Salver without Cream, or put it in the middle Bason.

Rasberries will not do this Way.

431. To dry PEARS or PIPPENS without Sugar.

Take Pears or Apples and wipe them clean, take a Bodkin and run it in at the Head, and out at the Stalk, put them in a flat earthen Pot and bake them, but not too much; you must put a Quart of strong new Ale to half a Peck of Pears, tie white Papers over the Pots that they are baked in, let them stand till cold then drain them, squeeze the Pears flat, and the Apples, the Eye to the Stalk, and lay 'em on Sieves with wide Holes to dry, either in a Stove or an Oven not too hot.

432. To preserve Mulberries whole.

Set some Mulberries over the Fire in a Skellet or preserving Pan, draw from them a Pint of Juice when it is strain'd; then take three Pounds of Sugar beaten very fine, wet the Sugar with the Pint of Juice, boil up your Sugar and skim it, put in two Pounds of ripe Mulberries, and let them stand in the Syrup till they are throughly warm, then fet them on the Fire, and let them boil very gently; do them but half enough, fo put them by in the Syrup till next Day, then boil them gently again; when

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when the Syrup is pretty thick and will stand in round drops when it is cold, they are enough, so put all in a Gally-Pot for Use.

433. To make ORANGE CAKES.

Cut your Oranges, pick out the Meat and Juice free from the Strings and Seeds, set it by, then boil it, and shift the Water till your Peels are tender, dry them with a Cloth, mince them small, and put them to the Juice; to a Pound of that weigh a Pound and a half of double refin'd Sugar; dip your Lumps of Sugar in Water, and boil it to a candy Height, take it off the Fire and put in your Juice and Peel, stir it well, when it is almost cold put it into a Bason, and set it in a Stove, then lay it thin on earthen Plates to dry, and as it candies sashion it with a Knife, and lay them on Glasses; when your Plate is empty, put more out of your Bason.

434. To dry APRICOCKS like PRUNELLOS.

Take a Pound of Apricocks before they be full ripe, cut them in Halves or Quarters, let them boil till they be very tender in a thin Syrup, and let them stand a Day or two in the Stove, then take them out of the Syrup, lay them to dry till they be as dry as Prunellos, then Box'em; if you please you may pare them.

You may make your Syrup Red with the

Juice of Red Plumbs.

435. To preserve great white Plumbs.

To a Pound of white Plumbs take three Quarters of a Pound of double refin'd Sugar in Lumps, dip your Sugar in Water, boil and fkim [192]

seam, and put them into the Syrup with the Slit downwards; let them stew over the Fire a Quarter of an Hour, skim them very well, then take them off, and when cold cover them up; turn them in the Syrup two or three times a Day for four or five Days, then put them into Pots and keep them for Use.

436. To make Gooseberry Wine another Way.

Take Gooseberries when they are full ripe, pick and beat them in a Marble Mortar; to every Quart of Berries put a Quart of Water, and put them into a Tub and let them stand all Night, then strain them through a hair Sieve, and press them very well with your Hand; to every Gallon of Juice put three Pounds of sourpenny Sugar; when your Sugar is melted put it into the Barrel, and to as many Gallons of Juice as you have, take as many Pounds of Malaga Raisins, chop them in a Bowl, and put them in the Barrel with the Wine; be sure let not your Barrel be over full, so close it up, let it stand three Months in the Barrel, and when it is sine bottle it, but not before.

437. To pickle NASTURTIUM BUDS.

Gather your little Nobs quickly after the Blossoms are off, put them in cold Water and Salt three Days, shifting them once a Day; then make a Pickle for them (but don't boil them at all) of some white Wine, and some white Wine Vinegar, Shalot, Horse-radish, whole Pepper and Salt, and a Blade or two of Mace; then put in your Seeds, and stop em close up. They are to be eaten as Capers.

438. To

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Take three or four Handfuls of dry'd Elder-flowers, and ten Gallons of Spring Water, boil the Water, and pour it scalding hot upon the Flowers, the next Day put to every Gallon of Water five Pounds of Malaga Raisins, the Stalks being first pick'd off, but not wash'd, chop them grosly with a chopping Knife, then put them into your boiled Water, stir the Water, Raisins and Flowers well together, and do so twice a Day for twelve Days, then pressout the Juice clear as long as you can get any Liquor; put it into a Barrel sit for it, stop it up two or three Days till it works, and in a

two or three Months, then bottle it.
439. To make PEARL BARLEY PUDDING.

few Days stop it up close, and let it stand

Take half a Pound of Pearl Barley, cree it in foft Water, and shift it once or twice in the boiling till it be soft; take sive Eggs, put to them a Pint of good Cream, and half a Pound of powder Sugar, grate in half a Nutmeg, a little Salt, a Spoonful or two of Rose water, and half a Pound of clarified Butter; when your Barley is cold mix them altogether, so bake it with a Puff-paste round your Dish-edge.

Serve it up with a little Rose-water, Sugar

and Butter for your Sauce.

440. To make Gooseberry Vinegar another Way.

Take Gooseberries when they are full ripe, bruise them in a Marble Mortar or Wooden Bowl, and to every unheap'd half Peck of Berries take a Gallon of Water, put it to them

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in the Barrel, let it stand in a warm Place for two Weeks, put a Paper on the Top of your Barrel, then draw it off, wash out the Barrel, put it in again, and to every Gallon add a Pound of coarse Sugar; set it in a warm Place by the Fire, and let it stand whilst Christmas.

441. To preserve Apricocks Green.

Take Apricocks when they are young and tender, coddle them a little, rub them with a coarfe Cloth to take off the Skin, and throw them into Water as you do them, and put them in the same Water they were coddled in, cover them with Vine Leaves, a white Paper, or fomething more at the Top, the closer you keep them the fooner they are green; be fure you don't let them boil; when they are green weigh them, and to every Pound of Apricocks take a Pound of Loaf Sugar, put it into a Pan, and to every Pound of Sugar a Jill of Water, boil your Sugar and Water a little, and skim it, then put in your Apricocks, let them boil together whilst your Apricocks look clear, and your Syrup thick, skim it all the Time it is boiling, and put them into a Pot covered with a Paper dip'd in Brandy.

442. To make ORANGE CHIPS another Way.

Pare your Oranges, not over thin but narrow, throw the Rinds into fair Water as you
pare them off, then boil them therein very fast
till they be tender, filling up the Pan with
boiling Water as it wastes away, then make a
thin Syrup with Part of the Water they are
boiled in, put in the Rinds, and just let them
boil,

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boil, then take them off, and let them lie in the Syrup three or four Days, then boil them again till you find the Syrup begin to draw between your Fingers, take them off from the Fire, and let them drain thro' your Cullender, take out but a few at a Time, because if they cool too fast it will be dissicult to get the Syrup from them, which must be done by passing every Piece of Peel through your Fingers, and lying them single on a Sieve with the Rind uppermost, the Sieve may be set in a Stove, or before the Fire; but in Summer the Sun is hot enough to dry them.

Three Quarters of a Pound of Sugar will make Syrup to do the Peels of twenty-five

Oranges.

443. To make Mushroom Powder.

Take about half a Peck of large Buttons or Flaps, clean them and fet them in an earthen Dish or Dripping-pan one by one, let them stand in a slow Oven to dry whilst they will beat to Powder, and when they are powdered sift them through a Sieve; take half a Quarter of an Ounce of Mace, and a Nutmeg, beat them very fine, and mix them with your Mushroom Powder, then put it into a Bottle, and it will be sit for Use.

You must not wash your Mushrooms.

444. To preserve Apricocks another Way.

Take your Apricocks before they are full ripe, pare them and stone them, and to every Pound of Apricocks take a Pound of Lump Loaf-Sugar, put it into your Pan with as much Water

Water as will wet it; to four Pounds of Sugar take the Whites of two Eggs beat them well to a Froth, mix them well with your Sugar whilst it be Cold, then set it over the Fire and let it have a Boil, take it off the Fire, and put in a Spoonful or two of Water, then take off the Skim, and do so three or four Times whilst any Skim rifes, then put in your Apricocks, and let them have a quick boil over the Fire, then take them off and turn them over, let them stand a little while covered, and then set them on again, let them have another Boil and skim them, then take them out one by one; fet on your Syrup again to boil down, and skim it, then put in your Apricocks again, and let them boil whilst they look clear, put them in Pots, when they are cold cover them over with a Paper dipt in Brandy, and tie another Paper at the Top, set them in a cool Place, and keep them for Use.

445. To pickle Mushrooms another Way.

When you have cleaned your Mushrooms put them into a Pot, and throw over them a Handful of Salt, and stop them very close with a Cloth, and set them in a Pan of Water to boil about an Hour, give them a Shake now and then in the Boiling, then take them out and drain the Liquor from them, wipe them dry with a Cloth, and put them up either in white Wine Vinegar or distill'd Vinegar, with Spices, and put a little Oil on the Top.

They don't look so white this Way, but they have more the Taste of Mushrooms.

446. How to fry Mushrooms.

Take the largest and freshest Flaps you can get, skin them and take out the Gills, boil them in a little Salt and Water, then wipe them dry with a Cloth; take two Eggs and beat them very well, half a Spoonful of Wheatslour, and a little Pepper and Salt, then dip in your Mushrooms and fry them in Butter.

They are proper to lie about stew'd Mush-

rooms or any made Dish.

447. How to make an ALE Posser.

Take a Quart of good Milk, set it on the Fire to boil, put in a Handful or two of Breadcrumbs, grate in a little Nutmeg, and sweeten it to your Taste; take three Jills of Ale and give it a Boil; take the Yolks of sour Eggs, beat them very well, then put to them a little of your Ale, and mix all your Ale and Eggs together; then set it on the Fire to heat, keep stirring it all the Time, but don't let it boil, if you do it will curdle; then put it into your Dish, heat the Milk and putit in by Degrees; so serve it up.

You may make it of any Sort of made Wine; make it half an Hour before you use it, and

keep it hot before the Fire.

448. To make minc'd PIEs another Way.

Take half a Pound of Jordan Almonds, blanch and beat them with a little Rose-water, but not over small; take a Pound of Beef-suet shred very fine, half a Pound of Apples shred small, a Pound of Currans well cleaned, half a Pound of Powder Sugar, a little Mace shred fine,

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fine, about a Quarter of a Pound of candid Orange cut in small Pieces, a Spoonful or two of Brandy, and a little Salt, so mix them well together, and bake it in a Puff-paste.

449. To make SACK POSSET another Way.

Take a Quart of good Cream, and boil it with a Blade or two of Mace, put in about a Quarter of a Pound of fine powder Sugar; take a Pint of Sack or better, fet it over the Fire to heat, but don't let it boil, then grate in a little Nutmeg, and about a Quarter of a Pound of powder Sugar; take nine Eggs, (leave out fix of the Whites and Strains) beat 'em very well, then put to them a little of your Sack mix the Sack and Eggs very well together, then put to 'em the rest of your Sack, stir it all the Time you are pouring it in, fet it over a flow Fire to thicken, and stir it till it be as thick as Custard; be fure you don't let it boil, if you do it will curdle, then pour it into your Difh or Bason; take your Cream boiling hot, and pour to your Sack by Degrees, stirring it all the Time you are pouring it in, then fet it on a hot Hearth-stone; you must make it half an Hour before you use it; before you fet it on the Hearth cover it close with a Pewter Difh.

To make a Froth for them.

Take a Pint of the thickest Cream you can get, and beat the Whites of two Eggs very well together, take off the Cream by Spoonfuls, and lie it in a Sieve to drain; when you dish up the Posset lie over it the Froth. [199]

450. To dry CHERRIES another Way. Take Cherries when full ripe, stone them, and break 'em as little as you can in the stoning; to fix Pounds of Cherries take three Pounds of Loaf Sugar, beat it, lie one Part of your Sugar under your Cherries, and the other at the Top, let them stand all Night, then put them into your Pan, and boil them pretty quick whilft your Cherries change and look clear, then let them stand in the Syrup all Night, pour the Syrup from them, and put them into a pretty large Sieve, and fet them either in the Sun or before the Fire; let them stand to dry a little, then lay them on white Papers one by one, let them stand in the Sun whilst they be thoroughly dry, in the drying turn them over, then put them into a little Box; betwixt every Layer of Cherries lie a Paper, and so do till all are in, then lie a Paper at the Top, and keep them for Use.

You must not boil them over long in the Syrup, for if it be over thick it will keep them from drying; you may boil two or three Pounds more Cherries in the Syrup

after.

451. How to order STURGEON.

If your Sturgeon be alive, keep it a Night and a Day before you use it; then cut off the Head and Tail, split it down the Back, and cut it into as many Pieces as you please; salt it with Bay Salt and common Salt, as you would do Beef for hanging, and let it lie 24 Hours; then tie it up very tight, and boil it in Salt and

and Water whilst it is tender; (you must not boil it over much) when it is boiled throw over it a little Salt, and set it by till it be cold. Take the Head and split it in two and tye it up very tight; you must boil it by itself, not so much as you did the rest, but salt it after the same Manner.

452. To make the Pickle.

Take a Gallon of foft Water, and make it into a strong Brine; take a Gallon of stale Beer, and a Gallon of the best Vinegar, and let all boil together, with a few Spices; when it is cold put in your Sturgeon; you may keep it (if close covered) three or four Months before you need to renew the Pickle.

453. To make Нотсн-Ротсн.

Take five or fix Pounds of fresh Beef, put it into a Kettle with fix Quarts of foft Water, and an Onion; set it on a slow Fire, and let it boil till your Beef be almost enough; then put in the Scrag of a Neck of Mutton, and let them boil together till the Broth be very good; put in two or three Handfuls of Breadcrumbs, two or three Carrots and Turnips cut small, (but boil the Carrrots in Water before you put them in, else they will give your Broth a Taste) with half a Peck of shill'd Peas, but take up the Meat before you put them in, when you put in the Peas take the other Part of your Mutton and cut it in Chops, (for it will take no more boiling than the Peas) and put it in with a few sweet Herbs shred very small, and Salt to your Taste.

You

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You must send up the Mutton Chops in the

Dish with the Hotch-potch.

When there are no Peas to be had, you may put in the Heads of Asparagus, and if there be neither of these to be had, you may shred in a green Savoy Cabbage.

This is a proper Dish instead of Soop.

454. To make MINC'D COLLOPS.

Take two or three Pounds of any tender Part of Beef, (according as you would have the Dish in Bigness) cut it small as you would do minc'd Veal; take an Onion, shred it small, and fry it a light Brown, in Butter seasoned with Nutmeg, Pepper and Salt, and put it into your Pan with your Onion, and fry it a little whilst it be a light Brown; then put to it a Jill of good Gravy, and a Spoonful of Walnut Pickle, or a little Catchup; put in a few shred Capers or Mushrooms, thicken it up with a little Flour and Butter; if you please you may put in a little Juice of Lemon; when you dish it up, garnish your Dish with Pickle, and a few Forc'd-meat Balls.

It is proper for either Side-dish or Top-dish. 455. To make white Scotch Collops another Way.

Take two Pounds of the solid Part of a Leg of Veal, cut it in pretty thin Slices, and seafon it with a little shred Mace and Salt, put it into your Stew-pan with a Lump of Butter, set it over the Fire, keep it stirring all the Time, but don't let it boil; when you are going to dish up the Collops, put to them the Yolks of two or three Eggs, three Spoonfuls of

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of Cream, a Spoonful or two of white Wine, and a little Juice of Lemon, shake it over the Fire whilst it be so thick that the Sauce stick to the Meat, be sure you don't let it boil.

Garnish your Dish with Lemon and Sippets,

and ferve it up hot.

This is proper for either Side-dish or Top-

dish, Noon or Night.

456. To make VINEGAR another Way.

Take as many Gallons of Water as you please, and to every Gallon of Water put in a Pound of Four-penny Sugar, boil it for half an Hour and skim it all the Time; when it is about Blood warm put to it about three or four Spoonfuls of light Yeast, let it work in the Tub a Night and a Day, put it into your Vessel, close up the Top with a Paper, and set it as near the Fire as you have Convenience, and in two or three Days it will be good Vinegar.

Take Quinces, pare and put them into Water, fave all the Parings and Cores, let 'em lie in the Water with the Quinces, fet them over the Fire with the Parings and Cores to coddle, cover them close up at the Top with the Parings, and lie over them either a Dishcover or Pewter Dish, and cover them close; let them hang over a very slow Fire whilst they be tender; but don't let them boil; when they are soft take them out of the Water, and weigh your Quinces, and to every Pound put a Pint of the same Water they were coddled in, (when strained) and put to your Quinces, and

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sugar; put them into a Pot or Pewter Flaggon, the Pewter makes them a much better Colour; close them up with a little coarse Paste, and set them in a Bread Oven all Night; if the Syrup be too thin boil it down, put it to your Quinces, and keep it for Use.

You may either do it with Powder Sugar

or Loaf Sugar.

458. To make Almond Cheefecakes another Way:

Take the Peel of two or three Lemons pared thick, boil them pretty foft, and change the Water two or three Times in the boiling : when they are boiled beat them very fine with a little Loaf Sugar, then take eight Eggs, (leave out fix of the Whites) half a Pound of Loaf or Powder Sugar, beat the Eggs and Sugar for half an Hour, or better; take a Quarter of a Pound of the best Almonds, blanch and beat them with three or four Spoonfuls of Rosewater, but not over small; take ten Ounces of fresh Butter, melt it without Water, and clear off from it the Buttermilk, then mix them altogether very well, and bake them in a flow Oven in a Puff-paste; before you put them into the Tins, put in the Juice of half a Lemon.

When you put them in the Oven grate over

them a little Loaf Sugar.

You may make them without Almonds, if

you please.

You may make a Pudding of the fame, only leave out the Almonds.

FINIS.

to every Pound of Quinces put a Pound of Sugar ; put them into a Pot or Pewer Hag-Colors, close them up with a little coarfe Patte. and her discretion a Bread Over all Nights if the sures, be too thin boil it down, put it to your Quinces, and keep it for Ufe, You may elder do it with Powder & is a . To use and lescond Checken less kent denty to. enemal devision of the language pand thick, buildiers or went fall, and change the Macer care to ancer Times in the bolling; tillen they are braid beat them yety fine with a little I and Burery, then take eight burer, segment to be the transfer of the section of Diagrap of terroral of the belief limonds. blanch and rest stem with thire on four the confidence that the property of the state of the can Dances of treffi Butter, melt it witha Wines and elect off from it the Butterdear Area astronomental nice and a and have them and a clow Own in a Rule paint is one you put then into the Tins, put in the tu co or ball a Lemon. When you put them in the Oven grate over to Almonta richiwin aliam vier un abnount our rue avail

A Grand Table in Winter.



- . Vermice Soon.
- Sweet Patties.
- A Fricasty of Beast Patties.
- Stew'd Crab.
- Olives of Veal.
- Preferv'd Damfins.
- Preserv'd Oranges.
- 8. Maronaded Pigeons.
- 9. A boil'd Turkey with Oyster Sauce.
- o. Cream Curds.
- 1. A Pyramid of dry'd Sweetmeats.
- z. Flummery.
- 3. A Ham.
- 4. A white Fricaffy of Chickens.
- Preferv'd Apricocks.
- 6. Preserv'd Quinces.
- 7. A brown Fricaffy of Rabbits.
- 8. A Fricaffy of Veal Sweetmeats.
- 9. Minc'd Pies.
- O Oyfler Loaves.
 Haunch of Venifos or Roaft Beef. Remove.
- Carp with Pheafantes Remove.
- Grapes.
 - Remove.
- 3. Collar'd Beef.
 - Remove.
- Cheefe-Cakes.
 - Remove.
 - Quails.
 - Remove.
 - Teal.
 - Remove.
 - Remove.

 - Woodcocks or Partridges.
 - - Remove:
- Artichokes or young
 - Peas.
 - Remove.
- , Snipes.
- Remove.
- Tarts.
 - Remove.
- Collar'd Pig.
 - Remove.
- 2): Fruit.
 - Remove.
- 24 Wild Ducks.



A DINNER in SUMMER.



- 1. Craw Fish Soop. 2. Moor Game.

- 2. Moor Game.
 3. A Granade.
 4. Apples stew'd green.
 5. Boil'd Partridges.
 6. Cherries.
 7. Stew'd Sweetbreads and Pallets.
 8. Jellies or Pine-apples.
 9. Roast Teal.
 10. Apricocks.
 11. Artichokes.
 12. Sweet-meat Tarts.
 13. Fry'd Soals.
 14. Turky Pout roasted and larded.
 15. AHaunch of Venison.



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OR, A

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M, DCC, L, VIII.

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The Back of the Shambles Monthenth BOOKSEI



SUPPLEMENT

TO

Moxon's Cookery.

I. A GRANADE.

AKE the Caul of a Leg of Veal, lie it into a round Pot; put a Layer of the Flitch Part of Bacon at the Bottom, then a Layer of forc'd Meat, and a Layer of the Leg Part of Veal cut as for Collops, 'till the Pot is fill'd up; which done, take the Part of the Caul that lies over the Edge of the Pot, close it up, tie a Paper over, and fend it to the Oven: When baked, turn it out into your Dish.——Sauce. A good light brown Gravy, with a few Mushrooms, Morels, or Truffles: Serve it up hot.

A 2. The

2. The fine Brown JELLY.

Boil four Calf's Feet in fix Quarts of Water 'till it is reduced to three Pints, take off the Feet and let the Stock cool, then melt it, and have ready in a Stew-pan, a Spoonful of Butter hot, add to it a Spoonful of fine Flour, stir it with a wood Spoon over a Stove-Fire, 'till it is very brown, but not burnt, then put the Jelly out, and let it boil; when cold take off the Fat, melt the Jelly again and put to it half a Pint of red Port, the Juice and Peel of half a Lemon, white Pepper, Mace, a little Jamaica Pepper, and a little Salt; then have ready the Whites of four Eggs, froth'd, and put them into the Jelly, (take care the Jelly be not too hot when the Whites are put in) stir it well together, and boil it over a quick Fire one Minute, run it thro' a Flannel Bag and turn it back till it is clear, and what Form you would have it, have that ready, pour a little of the Jelly in the Bottom, it will foon starken; then place what you please in it, either Pigeon or small Chicken, Sweet-bread larded, or pickled Smelt or Trout, place them in Order, and pour on the Remainder of the Jelly. You may fend it up in this Form, or turn it into another Dish, with holding it over hot Water; but not 'till it is thoroughly hardened.

3. To make a MELLON.

Make the leanest forc'd Meat that you can, green it as near the Colour of Mellon as posfible

fible with the Juice of Spinage, as little of the Juice as you can; put several Herbs in it, especially Parlley, shred fine, for that will help to green it; roll it an Inch and a Half thick, lay one Half in a large Mellon Mould, well buttered and floured, with the other Half the full Size of the Mould, Sides and all; then put into it as many stew'd Oysters as near fills it, with Liquor sufficient to keep them moist, and close the forc'd Meat well together; close the Mellon and boil it till you think it is enough; then make a small Hole (if possible not to be perceived) pour in a little more of the Liquor that the Oysters were stew'd in hot, and ferve it up with hot Sauce in the Dish. It must be boiled in a Cloth, and is either for a first or second Course.

4. Hot CHICKEN PIE.

Order the Chickens as for Fricassy, and form the Pie deep, lay in the Bottom a Mincemeat made of the Chicken's Livers, Ham, Parsley and Yolks of Eggs; season with white Pepper, Mace, and a little Salt; moisten with Butter, then lay the Chicken above the minc'd Meat, and a little more Butter; cover the Pie and bake it two Hours; when baked take off the Fat, and add to it white Gravy, with a little Juice of Lemon. Serve this up hot.

5. SHEEP'S RUMPS with Rice.

Stew the Rumps very tender, then take 'em out to cool, dip them in Egg and Bread-crumbs, and fry them a light Brown; have A 2 ready

ready half a Pound of Rice, well wash'd and pick'd, and half a Pound of Butter; let it stew ten Minutes in a little Pot; then add a Pint of good Gravy to the Rice and Butter, and let it stew half an Hour longer; have ready six Onions boil'd very tender, and six Yolks of boil'd Eggs, stick them with Cloves; then place the Sheep Rumps on the Dish, and put round them the Rice as neatly as you can; place the Onions and Eggs over the Rice, so serve it up hot.

6. Sheep Tongues Broil'd.

The Tongues being boil'd, put a Lump of Butter in a Stew-pan, with Parsley and green Onions cut small; then split the Tongues, but do not part them, and put them in the Pan; season them with Pepper, Herbs, Mace, and Nutmeg; set them a Moment on the Fire, and strow Crumbs of Bread on them; let them be broil'd and dish them up, with a high Gravy Sauce.

7. To Lard OYSTERS.

Make a strong Essence of Ham and Veal, with a little Mace; then lard the large Oysters with a fine larding Pin; put them, with as much Essence as will cover them, into a Stewpan; let them stew an Hour, or more, over a slow Fire. They are used for garnishing, but when you make a Dish of them, squeeze in a Seville Orange.

8. VEAL COULEY.
Take a little Lean Bacon and Veal, Onion,

and

and the Yellow Part of a Carrot, put it into a Stew-pan; fet it over a flow Fire, and let it fimmer till the Gravy is quite brown, then put in small Gravy, or boiling Water; boil it a Quarter of an Hour; and then it is ready for Use. Take two Necks of Mutton, bone them, lard one with Bacon, the other with Parsley; when larded, put a little Couley over a flow Stove, with a Slice of Lemon whilst the Mutton is set, then skewer it up like a Couple of Rabbits, put it on the Spit and roast it as you would any other Mutton; then serve it up with ragoo'd Cucumbers. This will do for a first Course; Bottom Dish.

9. The Mock TURTLE.

Take a fine large Calf's Head, cleans'd well and stew'd very tender, a Leg of Veal twelve Pounds Weight, leave out three Pounds of the finest Part of it; then take three fine large Fowls, (bone them, but leave the Meat as whole as possible,) and four Pounds of the finest Ham sliced; then boil the Veal, Fowls Bones, and the Ham in fix Quarts of Water, till it is reduced to two Quarts, put in the Fowl and the three Pounds of Veal, and let them boil half an Hour; take it off the Fire and strain the Gravy from it; add to the Gravy three Pints of the best White Wine, boil it up and thicken it; then put in the Calf's Head; have in Readiness twelve large Forc'd-meat Balls, as large as an Egg, and twelve Yolks of Eggs boil'd hard. Dith To it up hot in a Terreen.

10. To Dress Ox Lips.

Take three or four Ox Lips, boil them as tender as possible, dress them clean the Day before they are used; then make a rich forc'd Meat of Chicken or half-roasted Rabbits, and stuff the Lips with it; they will naturally turn round; tie them up with Pack-thread and put them into Gravy to stew; they must stew while the forc'd Meat be enough. Serve them up with Trussles, Morels, Mushrooms, Cockscombs, forc'd Meat Balls, and a little Lemon to your Taste.

This is a Top-dish for second, or Side-dish,

for first Course.

II. To make Pover ADE.

Take a Pint of good Gravy, half a Jill of Elder Vinegar, fix Shalots, a little Pepper and Salt, boil all these together a few Minutes, and strain it off. This is a proper Sauce for Turkey, or any other Sort of white Fowls.

12. To Pot PARTRIDGES.

Take the Partridges and season them well with Mace, Salt, and a little Pepper; lie 'em in the Pot with the Breasts downwards, to every Partridge put three Quarters of a Pound of Butter, send them to the Oven, when baked, drain them from the Butter and Gravy, and add a little more Seasoning, then put them close in the Pot with the Breasts upwards, and when cold, cover them well with the Butter, suit the Pot to the Number of the Partridges to have it full. You may Pot any Sort of Moor Game the same Way.

13. To

13. To Pot PARTRIDGES another Way. Put a little Thyme and Parsley in the Inside. of the Partridges, feason them with Mace, Pepper, and Salt; put them in the Pot, and cover them with Butter; when baked, take out the Partridges, and pick all the Meat from the Bones, lie the Meat in a Pot (without beating) skim all the Butter from the Gravy, and . cover the Pot well with the Butter.

14. To Pot CHARE.

Scrape and gut them, wash and dry them clean, season them with Pepper, Salt, Mace, and Nutmeg; let the two last Seasonings be higher than the other; put a little Butter at the Bottom of the Pot; then lie in the Fish, and put Butter at the Top, three Pounds of Butter to four Pounds of Chare; when they are baked (before they are cold) pour off the Gravy and Butter, put two or three Spoonfuls of Butter into the Pot you keep them in, then lie in the Fish; scum the Butter clean from the Gravy, and put the Butter over the Fish, fo keep it for Ufe.

15. SALMON en Maigre.

Cut some Slices of fresh Salmon the Thickness of your Thumb, put them in a Stew-pan with a little Onion, white Pepper and Mace, and a Bunch of sweet Herbs, pour over it half a Pint of White Wine, half a Jill of Water, and four Ounces of Butter (to a Pound and half of Salmon; cover the Stew-pan close, and stew it half an Hour; then take out the Salmon and place it on the Dish; strain off the Liquor, and have ready Craw-sish, pick'd from the Shell, or Lobster cut in small Pieces; pound the Shells of the Craw-sish, or the Seeds of the Lobster, and give it a Turn in the Liquor; thicken it, and serve it up hot with the Craw sish, or Lobster, over the Salmon.

Trouts may be done the same Way, only

cut off their Heads.

16. LOBSTER A'L'ITALIENNE.

Cut the Tail of the Lobster in square Pieces, take the Meat out of the Claws, bruise the Red Part of the Lobster very sine, stir it in a Pan with a little Butter, put some Gravy to it; strain it off while hot, then put in the Lobster with a little Salt; make it hot, and send it up with Sippets round your Dish.

Scald the Feet till the Skin will come off, then cut off the Nails; stew them in a Pot close cover'd set in Water, and some Pieces of sat Meat till they are very tender; when you set them on the Fire, put to them some whole Pepper, Onions, Salt, and some sweet Herbs; when they are taken out, wet them over with the Yolk of an Egg, and dridge them well with Bread-crumbs; so fry them crisp.

18. LARKS done in Jelly.

Boil a Knuckle of Veal in a Gallon of Water till it is reduced to three Pints, (it must not be cover'd but done over a clear Fire) scum it well and clarify it, then season the Larks with with Pepper and Salt, put them in a Pot with Butter, and fend them to the Oven; when baked take them out of the Butter whilst hot, take the Jelly and season it to your Taste with Pepper and Salt; then put the Jelly and Larks into a Pan together, and give them a Scald over the Fire; so lie them in Pots, and cover them well with Jelly. When you would use them, turn them out of the Pots, and serve them up.

19. The Fine CATCHUP.

Take three Quarts of Red Port, a Pint of Vinegar, one Pound of Anchovies unwash'd, Pickle and altogether, half an Ounce of Mace, ten Cloves, eight Races of Ginger, one Spoonful of black Pepper, eight Ounces of Horseradish, half a Lemon Peel, a Bunch of Wintersavoury, and four Shalots; stew these in a Pot, within a Kettle of Water, one full Hour, then strain it thro' a close Sieve, and when it is cold bottle it; shake it well before you bottle it, that the Sediment may mix. You may stew all the Ingredients over again, in a Quart of Wine for present Use.

20. WALLNUT CATCHUP.

Take the Wallnuts when they are ready for Pickling, beat them in a Mortar, and strain the Juice thro' a Flannel Bag; put to a Quart of Juice a Jill of White Wine, a Jill of Vinegar, twelve Shalots sliced, a Quarter of an Ounce of Mace, two Nutmegs sliced, one Quarce of Black Pepper, twenty-four Cloves,

and the Peels of two Seville Oranges, pared so thin that no White appears, boil it over a slow Fire very well, and scum it as it boils; let it stand a Week or ten Days cover'd very close, then pour it thro' the Bag, and bottle it

21. A very good White or Almond Soop.

Take Veal, Fowl, or any white Meat, boiled down with a little Mace, (or other Spice to your Taste) let these boil to Mash, then strain off the Gravy; take some of the white sleshy Part of the Meat and rub it thro' a Cullender; have ready two Ounces of Almonds beat sine, rub these thro' the Cullender, then put all into the Gravy, set it on the Fire to thicken a little, and stir in two or three Spoonfuls of Cream, and a little Butter work'd in Flour; then have ready a French Roll crisp'd for the Middle, and Slips of Bread cut long like Savoy Biskets. Serve it up hot.

22. ALMOND PUDDING.

Take one Pound of Almonds, blanch'd and beat fine, one Pint of Cream, the Yolks of twelve Eggs, two Ounces of grated Bread, half a Pound of Suet, Marrow, or melted Butter, three Quarters of a Pound of fine Sugar, a little Lemon-peel and Cinnamon; bake it in a flow Oven, in a Dish, or little Tins. The above are very good put in Skins.

23. ALMOND PUDDING another Way.

Boil a Quart of Cream, when cold, mix in the Whites of feven Eggs well beat; blanch five Ounces of Almonds, beat them with Rose or Orange-flower Water, mix in the Eggs and Cream; sweeten it to your Taste with fine Powder Sugar, then mix in a little Citron or Orange, put a thin Paste at the Bottom, and a thicker round the Edge of the Dish. Bake in a slow Oven. Sauce. Wine and Sugar.

24. ALMOND CHEESECAKES another Way. Six Ounces of Almonds, blanch'd and beat with Rose-water; six Ounces of Butter beat to Cream; half a Pound of sine Sugar; six Eggs well beat, and a little Mace. Bake these in little Tins, in cold Butter Paste.

25. A LEMON PUDDING another Way.

Take a Quarter of a Pound of Almonds, three Quarters of a Pound of Sugar, beat and fearc'd, half a Pound of Butter; beat the Almonds with a little Rosewater, grate the Rinds of two Lemons, beat eleven Eggs, leave out two Whites, melt the Butter and stir it in; when the Oven is ready mix all these well together, with the Juice of one or two Lemons to your Taste; put a thin Paste at the Bottom, and a thicker round the Edge of the Dish.

Sauce. Wine and Sugar.

26. POTATOE PUDDING another Way.

Take three Quarters of a Pound of Potatoes, when boil'd and peel'd, beat them in a Mortar with a Quarter of a Pound of Suet or Butter, (if Butter, melt it) a Quarter of a Pound of Powder Sugar, five Eggs well beat, a Pint of good Milk, one Spoonful of Flour, a little Mace or Cinnamon, and three Spoonfuls of Wine

Wine or Brandy; mix all these well together, and bake it in a pretty quick Oven.

Sauce. Wine and Butter.

Take half a Pound of Carrots, when boil'd and peel'd, beat them in a Mortar, two Ounces of grated Bread, a Pint of Cream, half a Pound of Suet or Marrow, a Glass of Sack, a little Cinnamon, half a Pound of Sugar, fix Eggs well beat, leaving out three of the Whites, and a Quarter of a Pound of Macaroons; mix all well together; Puff Paste round the Dish-edge. Sauce. Wine and Sugar.

28. WHITE POTT another Way.

A Layer of white Bread cut thin at the Bottom of the Dish, a Layer of Apples cut thin, a Layer of Marrow or Suet, Currans, Raisins, Sugar and Nutmeg, then the Bread, and so on, as above, till the Dish is fill'd up; beat four Eggs, and mix them with a Pint of good Milk, a little Sugar and Nutmeg, and pour it over the Top. This should be made three or four Hours before it is baked.

Sauce. Wine and Butter.

29. HUNTING PUDDING another Way.

Take a Pound of grated Bread, a Pound of Suet and a Pound of Currans, eight Eggs, a Glass of Brandy, a little Sugar, and a little beat Cinnamon; mix these well together, and boil it two Hours at the least.

Blanch a Pound of Almonds, lie them in Water

Water for three or four Hours, dry them with a Cloth, and beat them fine with eight Spoonfuls of Rose or Orange-flower Water; then boil a Pound of fine Sugar to Wire Height, and stir in the Almonds, mix them well over the Fire; but do not let them boil; pour them into a Bason, and beat them with a Spoon 'till quite cold; then beat six Whites of Eggs, a Quarter of a Pound of Starch, beat and searc'd, beat the Eggs and Starch together, 'till thick; stir in the Almonds, and put them in Queen-Cake Tins, half full, dust them over with a little searc'd Sugar; bake 'em in a slow Oven, and keep them dry.

31. To make ALMOND BUTTER another Way.

Take a Quart of Cream, fix Eggs well beat, mix them and strain them into a Pan, keep it stirring on the Fire whilst it be ready to boil; then add a Jack of Sack, keeping it stirring till it comes to a Curd; wrap it close in a Cloth till the Whey be run from it; then put the Curd into a Mortar, and beat it very fine, together with a Quarter of a Pound of blanch'd Almonds, beaten with Rose-water, and Half a Pound of Loaf Sugar: When all these are well beaten together, put it into Glasses.

This will keep a Fortnight.

32. APRICOCK JUMBALLS.

Take ripe Apricocks, pare, stone, and beat them small, then boil them till they are thick, and the Moisture dry'd up, then take them off the Fire, and beat them up with fearc'd Sugar, to make them into pretty stiff Paste, roll them, without Sugar, the Thickness of a Straw; make them up in little Knots in what Form you please; dry them in a Stove or in the Sun. You may make Jumballs of any Sort of Fruit the same Way.

33. BURNT CREAM.

Boil a Stick of Cinnamon in a Pint of Cream, four Eggs well beat, leaving out two Whites, boil the Cream and thicken it with the Eggs as for a Custard; then put it in your Dish, and put over it half a Pound of Loaf Sugar beat and searc'd; heat a Fire-shovel red hot, and hold it over the Top till the Sugar be brown. So serve it up.

34. Little PLUMB CAKES.

Take two Pounds of Flour dry'd, three Pounds of Currans well wash'd, pick'd and dry'd, four Eggs beaten with two Spoonfuls of Sack, half a Jack of Cream, and one Spoonful of Orange flower or Rose-water; two Nutmegs grated, one Pound of Butter wash'd in Rosewater and rub'd into the Flour, and one Pound of Loaf Sugar searc'd, mix all well together, and put in the Currans; butter the Tins and bake them in a quick Oven: half an Hour will bake them.

35. York GINGER-BREAD another Way.
Take two Pounds and a half of stale Bread
grated fine, (but not dry'd) two Pounds of fine
Powder Sugar, an Ounce of Cinnamon, half

an Ounce of Mace, half an Ounce of Ginger, a Quarter of an Ounce of Saunders, and a Quarter of a Pound of Almonds; boil the Sugar, Saunders, Ginger, and Mace in half a Pint of red Wine; then put in three Spoonfuls of Brandy, Cinnamon, and a Quarter of an Ounce of Cloves; stir in half the Bread on the Fire, but do not let it boil; pour it out, and work in the rest of the Bread with the Almonds; then smother it close half an Hour; print it with Cinnamon and Sugar searc'd, and keep it dry.

36. GINGER-BREAD in little Tins.

To three Quarters of a Pound of Flour, put half a Pound of Treacle, one Pound of Sugar, and a Quarter of a Pound of Butter; Mace, Cloves, and Nutmeg, in all a Quarter of an Ounce; a little Ginger, and a few Carraway Seeds; melt the Butter in a Glass of Brandy, mix altogether with one Egg; then butter the Tins, and bake them in a pretty quick Oven.

37. OAT-MEAL CAKES.

Take a Peck of fine Flour, half a Peck of Oat-meal, and mix it well together; put to it feven Eggs well beat, three Quarts of new Milk, a little warm Water, a Pint of Sack, and a Pint of new Yeast; mix all these well together, and let it stand to rise; then bake them. Butter the Stone every Time you lie on the Cakes, and make them rather thicker than a Pan-cake,

38. BATH

38. BATH CAKES.

Take two Pounds of Flour, a Pound of Sugar, and a Pound of Butter; wash the Butter in Orangeslower water, and dry the Flour; rub the Butter into the Flour as for Puff-paste, beat three Eggs fine in three Spoonfuls of Cream, and a little Mace and Salt, mix these well together with your Hand, and make them into little slat Cakes; rub them over with White of Egg, and grate Sugar upon them; a Quarter of an Hour will bake them in a slow Oven.

39. A Rich White PLUMB - CAKE.

Take four Pounds of Flour dry'd, two Pounds of Butter, one Pound and a half of double refin'd Sugar beat and fearc'd beat the Butter to Cream, then put in the Sugar and beat it well together; fixteen Eggs leaving. out four Yolks; a Pint of new Yeast; five Jills of good Cream, and one Ounce of Mace fhred; beat the Eggs well and mix them with the Butter and Sugar; put the Mace in the Flour; warm the Cream, mix it with the Yeaft, and run it thro' a Hair Sieve, mix all these into a Paste; then add one Pound of Almonds blanch'd and cut fmall, and fix Pounds of Currans well wash'd, pick'd and dry'd; when the Oven is ready, stir in the Currans, with one Pound of Citron, Lemonor Orange; then butter the Hoop and put it in,

This Cake will require two Hours and a

half baking in a quick Oven.

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40. An Ising for the CAKE.

One Pound and a Half of double-refin'd Sugar, beat and fearc'd; the Whites of four Eggs, the Bigness of a Wallnut of Gum-dragon, steep'd in Rose or Orange-flower Water; two Ounces of Starch, beat fine with a little Powder-blue (which adds to the Whiteness) while the Cake is baking beat the Ising and lie it on with a Knife as foon as the Cake is brought from the Oven.

41. LEMON BRANDY.

Pour a Gallon of Brandy into an earthen Pot, put to it the Yellow Peel of two Dozen Lemons, let it stand two Days and two Nights, then pour two Quarts of Spring-water into a Pan and dissolve in it two Pounds of refin'd Loaf Sugar, boil it a Quarter of an Hour, and put it to the Brandy; then boil and scum three Jills of blue Milk, and mix all together, let it stand two Days more, then run it through a Flannel Bag, or a Paper within a Tunnel, and bottle it.

42. To make RATIFEE another Way. Take a hundred Apricock Stones, break

them, and bruise the Kernels, then put them in a Quart of the best Brandy; let them stand a Fortnigh:; shake them every Day; put to them fix Ounces of white Sugar-Candy, and let them stand a Week longer; then put the Liquor thro' a Jelly Bag, and bottle it for Use.

43. To preserve GRAPES all Winter. Pull them when dry, dip the Stalks about an

an Inch in boiling Water, and seal the End with Wax; chop Wheat Straw and pura little at the Bottom of the Barrel, then a Layer of Grapes, and a Layer of Straw, 'till the Barrel is fill'd up; do not lie the Bunches too near one another; stop the Barrel close, and set it in a dry Place; but not any Way in the Sun.

44. To preserve GRAPES another Way.

Take ripe Grapes and stone them; to every Pound of Grapes take a Pound of double-refin'd Sugar; let them stand 'till the Sugar is dissolved; boil them pretty quick till clear; then strain out the Grapes, and add half a Pound of Pippen Jelly, and half a Pound more Sugar; boil and skim it till a Jelly; put in the Grapes to heat; afterwards strain them out, and give the Jelly a Boil; put it to the Grapes, and stir it till near cold; then glass it.

45. BARBERRY CAKES.

Draw off the Juice as for Curran Jelly, take the Weight of the Jelly in Sugar, boil the Sugar to Sugar again; then put in the Jelly, and keep it stirring till the Sugar is diffolved; let it be hot, but not boil; then pour it out, and stir it three or four Times; when it is near cold, drop it on Glasses in httle Cakes, and set them in the Stove. If you would have them in the Form of Jumballs, boil the Sugar to a high Candy, but not to Sugar again, and pour it on a Pie-plate; when it will part from the Plate cut it, and turn them in to what Form you please.

46. BAR-

46. BARBERRY DROPS.

When the Barberries are full ripe, pull 'emoff the Stalk, put them in a Pot, and boild them in a Pan of Water till they are foft, then pulp them thro' a Hair Sieve, beat and fearce the Sugar, and mix as much of the fearc'd Sugar with the Pulp, as will make it of the Confistance of a light Paste; then drop them with a Pen-knife on Paper (glaz'd with a slight Stone) and set them within the Air of the Fire for an Hour, then take them off the Paper and keep them dry.

47. To candy ORANGES whole another Way. Take the Seville Oranges, pare off the Red as thin as you can, then tie them in a thin Cloth (with a Lead Weight to keep the Cloth down) put them in a Lead, or Ciftern of River Water, let them lie five or fix Days, stirring'em about every Day, then boil them while they are very tender, that you may put a Straw thro' them; mark them at the Top with a Thimble, cut it out, and take out all the Infide very carefully, then wash the Skins clean in warm Water, and fet them to drainwith the Tops downwards; fine the Sugar very well, and when it is cold put in the Oranges; drain the Syrup from the Oranges, and boil it every Day till it be very thick, then once a Month : One Orange will take a Pound of Sugar.

Take the thickest Races of Ginger, put them

them in an earthen Pot, and cover them with River Water; put fresh Water to them every Day for a Fortnight; then tie the Ginger in a Cloth, and boil it an Hour in a large Pan of Water; scrape off the Brown Rind, and cut the Infide of the Races as broad and thin as you can, one Pound of Ginger will take three Pounds of Loaf Sugar; beat and fearce the Sugar, and put a Layer of the thin-flic'd Ginger, and a Layer of fearc'd Sugar into an earthen Bowl, having Sugar at the Top; stir it well every other Day for a Fortnight, then boil it over a little Charcoal; when it is Candy-height take it out of the Pan as quick as you can with a Spoon, and lie it in Cakes on a Board; when near cold take them off and keep them dry.

49. To preserve WINE-Sours.

Weight, wet the Sugar with Water; the White of one Egg will fine four Pounds of Sugar, and as the Scum rifes throw on a little Water; then take off the Pan, let it stand a little to settle, and skim it; boil it again while any Scum rifes; when it is clear, and a thick Syrup take it off, and let it stand till near cold; then nick the Plumbs down the Seam, and let them have a gentle Heat over the Fire; take the Plumbs and Syrup and let them stand a Day or two, but don't cover them; then give them another gentle Heat; let them stand a Day longer, and heat them again; take the Plumbs

out and drain them, boil the Syrup and skim it well, then put the Syrup on the Wine-Sours, and when cold, put them into Bottles or Pots, tie a Bladder close over the Top, so keep them for Use.

50. CURRAN JELLY.

Take eight Pounds of ripe, pick'd Fruit, put these into three Pounds of Sugar boil'd Candy-height, and so let these simmer till the Jelly will set; then run it off clear thro' a Flannel Bag, and glass it up for Use. This never looks blue, nor skims half so much, as the other Way.

51. To preserve Currans Red or White whole.

Pick two Pounds of Currans from the Stalks, then take a Pound and a half of Loaf Sugar, and wet it in half a Pint of Curran Juice, put in the Berries, and boil them over a flow Fire till they are clear; when cold put them in small Berry ottles with a little Mutton Suet over them.

52. SYRUP of POPPIES

Take two Pounds of Poppy Flowers, two Ounces of Raisins, shred them, and to every Pound of Poppies put a Quart of boiling Water, half an Ounce of shiced Liquorice, and a Quarter of an Ounce of Anniseeds; let these stand twelve Hours to insuse, then strain off the Liquor, and put it upon the same Quantity of Poppies, Raisins, Liquorice, and Anniseeds as before, and let this stand twelve Hours to insuse, which must be in a Pitcher, feet

set within a Pot or Pan of hot Water; then strain it, and take the Weight in Sugar, and boil it to a Syrup: When it is cold bottle it.

53. To make BLACK PAPER for drawing Patterns.

Take a Quarter of a Pound of Mutton Suet, and one Ounce of Bees Wax, melt both together and put in as much Lamp Black as will colour it dark enough; then spread it over your Paper with a Rag, and hold it to the the Fire to make it smooth.

54. GOOSEBERRY VINEGAR another Way.

To every Gallon of Water, put fix Pounds of ripe Gooseberries; boil the Water and let it be cold, squeeze the Berries, and then pour on the Water; let it stand cover'd three Days pretty warm to work, stirring it once a Day; then strain it off, and to every six Gallons put three Pounds of coarse Sugar, let it stand till it has done working, then bung it up, and keep it moderately warm: In nine Months it will be ready for Use.

55. To make bad Ale into good strong Bear.

Draw off the Ale into a clean Vessel, (supposing Half a Hogshead) only leave out eight or ten Quarts, to which put four Pounds of good Hops, boil this near an Hour; when quite cold, put the Ale and Hops into the Hogshead, with eight Pounds of Treacle, mix'd well with four or five Quarts of boil'd Ale; stir it well together, and bung it up close: Let it stand six Months, then bottle it for Use.

56. Green

56. Green Gooseberry Wine.

To every Quart of Goofeberries, takea Quart of spring Water, bruise them in a Mortar, put the Water to them and let them stand two or three Days, then strain it off, and to every Gallon of Liquor put three Pounds and a half of Sugar; then put it into the Barrel, and it will of itself rise to a Froth, which take off, and keep the Barrel full; when the Froth is all work'd off, bung it up for fix Weeks, then rack it off, and when the Lees are clean taken out, put the Wine into the same Barrel; and to every Gallon put Half a Pound of Sugar, made into Syrup, and when cold mix with the Wine; to every five Gallons, Half an Ounce of Isinglass, dissolv'd in a little of the Wine, and put in with the Syrup, fo bung it up; when fine, you may either bottle it or draw it out of the Vessel. Lisbon Sugar is thought the best. This Wine drinks like Sack.

57. GINGER WINE.

Take fourteen Quarts of Water, three Pounds of Loaf Sugar, and one Ounce of Gingersliced thin, boil these together half an Hour, fine it with the Whites of two Eggs; when new Milk warm put in three Lemons, a Quart of Brandy, and a white Bread Toast, covered on both Sides with Yeast; put all these together into a Stand, and work it one Day; then tun it: It will be ready to bottle in five Days, and ready to drink in a Week after it is bottled.

58. CowsLIP WINE another Way. To five Gallons of Water, put two Pecks of Cowslip Peeps, and thirteen Pounds of Loaf Sugar; boil the Sugar and Water with the Rinds of two Lemons, half an Hour, and fine it with the Whites of two Eggs; when it is near cold put in the Cowslips, and set on fix Spoonfuls of new Yeaft, work it two Days, stirring it twice a Day; when you squeeze out the Peeps to tun it, put in the Juice of fix Lemons, and when it has done working in the Vessel, put in a Quarter of an Ounce of Isinglass, dissolved in a little of the Wine till it is a Jelly; add a Pint of Brandy; bung it close up two Months, then bottle it. This is right good.

59. STRONG MEAD another Way.

To thirty Quarts of Water, put ten Quarts of Honey, let the Water be pretty warm, then break in the Honey, stirring it till it be all dissolved; boil it a full half Hour, when clean scum'd that no more will rise, put in half an Ounce of Hops, pick'd clean from the Stalks; a Quarter of an Ounce of Gingerslie'd (only put in half the Ginger) and boil it a Quarter of an Hour longer; then lade it out into the Stand thro' a Hair Tems, and put the Remainder of the Ginger in, when it is cold tun it into the Vessel, which must be full; but not clay'd up till near a Month: Make it the latter End of September, and keep it a Year in the Vessel after it is clayed up.

60. FRENCH

60. FRENCH BREAD.

To half a Peck of Flour, put a full Jill of new Yeast, and a little Salt, make it with new Milk (warmer than from the Cow) first put the Flour and Barm together, then pour in the Milk, make it a little stiffer than a Seed-cake, dust it and your Hands well with Flour, pull it in little Pieces, and mould it with Flour very quick; put it in the Dishes, and cover them with a warm Cloth (if the Weather requires it) and let them rise till they are half up, then set them in the Oven, (not in the Dishes, but turn them with the Tops down upon the Peel;) when baked rasp them.

61. The Fine Rush Cheese.

Take one Quart of Cream, and put to it a Gallon of new Milk, pretty warm, adding a good Spoonful of Earning; stir in a little Salt, and set it before the Fire till it be scum'd; then put it into a Vat in a Cloth; after a Day and Night turn it out of the Vat into a Ruh Box nine Inches in Length and five in Breadth. The Rushes must be wash'd every Time the Cheese is turn'd.

FINIS.

To bill a Fick of Floor, putta full fill of the Floor such Barns to getters then pour th the M. R., make it a lattle filler tirm a Sents Course the season of the state of the said the said 的社会等。 在是West,他们的时候是自己以后的对对了时间的执行 tall a fellow adjust to as yell to be not BELLEVINE BOY HE TO MO I FOUL TOLKY o'stan you have policy



BILL OF FARE

Every Season of the YEAR.

For JANUARY.

First Course.

T the Top Gravy Soop. Remove Fish.

At the Bottom a Ham.

In the middle flew'd Oysters or Brawn.

For the four Corners.

A Fricasiy of Rabits, Scotch Collops, boil'd Chickens, Calf Foot Pie, or Oyster Loaves. Second Courfe.

At the Top wild Ducks.

At the Bottom a Turkey.

In the Middle Jellies or Lemon Posset.

For the four Corners.

Lobster and Tarts, Cream Curds, stew'd Pears or preferv'd Quinces.

For FEBRUARY.

First Course.

At the Top a Soop remove.

At the Bottom Salmon or flew'd Breast of Veal.

For the four Corners.

A Couple of Fowls with Oyster Sauce, Pudding, Wutton Cutlets, a Fricassy of Pig's Ears.

Second

A BILL of FARE

Second Course.

At the Top Partridges.

At the Bottom a Couple of Ducks.

For the four Corners.

Stew'd Apples, preserv'd Quinces, Custards, Almond Cheese Cakes.

In the Middle Jellies.

For MARCH.

First Course.

At the Top a boil'd Turkey, with Oyster Sauce.

At the Bottom a Couple of roast Tongues, or roast Beef.

In the Middle Pickles.

Two Side-dishes, a Pigeon Pie, and Calf Head Hash.

For the four Corners.

Stew'd Crab or Oysters, Hunters Pudding, a brown Fricassy, stew'd Eels or broiled Whitings.

Second Course.

At the Top Woodcocks or wild Ducks.

At the Bottom Pig or Hare.

In the Middle Jellies or Sweetmeats.

For the four Corners.

Raspberry Cream, Tarts, stew'd Apples, and preserv'd

For APRIL.

First Course.

At the Top flew'd Fillet of Veal.

At the Bottom a roaft Leg of Mutton.

Two Side dishes, Salt Fish and Beef Steaks.

In the Middle a Hunters Pudding.

Second Course.

At the Top roaft Chickens and Asparagus.

At the Bottom Ducks.

In the Middle preserv'd Oranges.

For the four Corners.

Damasin Pie, Cream-Curds, Lobster, and cold Pot.

For MAY.

First Course

At the Top stew'd Carp or Tench.

At the Bottom a stew'd Rump of Beef.

In the Middle a Sallet.

For the four Corners

A Fricassy of Tripes, boil'd Chickens, a Pudding, Olives of Veal.

Second

For every Season of the YEAR. Second Course,

At the Top Rabbits or Turkey Pouts.

At the Bottom green Goofe or young Ducks

For the four Corners.

Lemon Cream, Quince Cream, Tarts, Almond Cuftards.

In the Middle Jellies.

JUNE. First Course.

At the Top roast Pike.

At the Bottom Scotch Collops.

In the Middle stew'd Crab.

For the four Corners.

Boil'd Chickens, Quaking Pudding, Roaft Tongue, with Venison Sauce, Beans and Bacon. Second Course.

At the Top a Turkey.

At the Bottom Ducks or Rabbits

In the Middle Strawberries.

Two Side-dishes, Roast Lobster and Peas.

For the four Corners.

Green Codlings, Apricock Cuftard, Sweetmeat Tarts preserv'd Damsins, or Flummery.

For TULY. First Course.

At the Top green Peas Soop, remove stew'd Breast of Veal white.

At the Bottom a Haunch of Venison.

In the Middle a Pudding.

Two Side-dishes, a Dish of Fish, and a Fricassy of Rabbits.

Second Course.

At the Top Partridges or Pheafants. At the Bottom Ducks or Turkey. In the Middle a Dish of Fruit.

For the four Corners.

Solomon Gundie, Lobster, Tarts, Chocolate Cream. For AUGUST.

First Courfe.

At the Top Fish. At the Bottom Venison Pasty. In the Middle Herb Dumplings.

A BILL of FARE

For the four Corners.

Fricassy of Rabbits, stew'd Pigeons, boil'd Chickens, Fricassy of Veal Sweetbreads with Artichoke Bottoms.

Second Course.

At the Top Pheafants or Partridges. At the Bottom wild Ducks or Teal. In the Middle Jellies or Syllabubs.

For the four Corners.

Preserv'd Apricocks, Almond Cheese-cakes, Custards, and Sturgeon.

For SEPTEMBER.

First Course.

At the Top collar'd Calf Head, with stew'd Pallets and Veal Sweetbreads, and forc'd Meat Balls.

At the Bottom Udder and Tongue or a Haunch of

Venison.

In the Middle an Amblet of Cockles, or roast Lobster. Two Side-dishes, Pigeon Pie and boil'd Chickens.

Second Course.

At the Top a roast Pheasant. At the Bottom a Turkey.

For the four Corners.

Partridges, Artichoke Bottoms fry'd, Oyster Loaves, and Teal.

For OCTOBER.

First Course.

At the Top stew'd Tench and Cod's Head.

At the Bottom roaft Pork or a Goofe.

Two Side-dishes, roast Fish, and boil'd Fowl and Ba-

For the four Corners.

Jug'd Pigeons, Mutton Collops, Beef Rolls, and Veal Sweetbreads fricassy'd.

In the Middle minc'd Pies or Oyster Loaves.

Second Course.

At the Top Wild Fowl. At the Bottom a Hare. In the Middle Jellies.

Two Side-dishes, roasted Lobster and fry'd Cream.

For the four Corners.

Preserv'd Quinces, or stew'd Pears, Sturgeon, cold Tongue, and Orange Cheese Cakes.

For

For every Season of the YEAR.

For NOVEMBER.
First Course.

At the Top a Dish of Fish.
At the Bottom a Turkey Pie.

Two Side-dishes, Scotch Collops, and boil'd Tongue, with Sprouts.

In the Middle scallop'd Oysters.

Second Course.

At the Top a Dish of Wild Fowl.

At the Bottom roaft Lobster.

In the Middle Lemon Cream.

For the four Corners.

Tarts, Curds. Apricocks, and Solomon-Gundie.

For DECEMBER.

First Course.

At the Bottom boil'd Fowls.

Two Side-dishes, Bacon and Greens, and a Dish of Scotch Collops.

In the Middle minc'd Pies or Pudding.

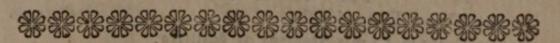
Second Course.

At the Top a Turkey.

In the Middle hot Apple Pie.

For the four Corners.

Custard, Raspberry Cream, cold Pot and Crabs.



A

SUPPER

FOR

JANUARY.

A T the Top a Dish of Plumb Gruel.

Remove, boil'd Fowls.

At the Bottom a Dish of Scotch Collops.

In the Middle Jellies.

A BILL of FARE

For the four Corners.

Lobster, Solomon Gundie, Custard, Tarts. FEBRUARY.

At the Top a Dish of Fish.

Remove, a Couple of roafted Fowls.

At the Bottom wild Ducks.

For the four Corners.

Collar'd Pig, Cheese Cakes, stew'd Apples and Curds.

In the Middle hot minc'd Pies.

MARCH. For

At the Top a Sack Posset. Remove, a Couple of Ducks.

At the Bottom a boil'd Turkey, with Oyster Sauce.

In the Middle Lemon Poffet.

Two Side Dishes, roasted Lobster, Oyster Pie.

For the four Corners.

Almond Custards, Flummery, Cheese. Cakes, and stew'd Apples.

For APRIL.

At the Top boiled Chickens.

At the Bottom a Breast of Veal.

In the Middle Jellies.

For the four Corners.

Orange Pudding, Custards, Tarts, and stew'd Oysters.

MAY For

At the Top a Dish of Fish.

At the Bottom Lamb Steakes or Mutton.

In the Middle Lemon Cream or Jellies.

Two Side Dishes, Tarts, Raspberry Cream.

For the four Corners.

Veal Sweetbreads, flew'd Spinage, with potched Eggs and Bacon, Oysters in scallop'd Shells, boiled Chickens.

At the Top boil'd Chickens.

At the Bottom a Tongue.

In the Middle Lemon Posset.

For

For the four Corners.

Cream Curds or Custards, potted Ducks, Tarts, Lobsters, Artichokes or Peas.

For 7 U L Y

At the Top Scotch Collops. At the Bottom roaft Chickens. For every Season of the YEAR.

In the Middle stew'd Mushroome

For the four Corners.

Custards, Lobster, split Tongue, and Solomon-Gundie.

For A U G U S T.

At the Top stewed Breast of Veal.

At the Bottom roaft Turkey.

In the Middle Pickles or Fruit. -

For the four Corners.

Cheese-Cakes and Flummery, preserv'd Apricocks, preserved Quinces.

For SEPTEMBER.

At the Top boil'd Chickens.

At the Bottom a carbonaded Breast of Mutton, with Caper Sauce.

In the Middle Oysters in scallop Shells, or stew'd Oys-

ters.

Tow Side Dishes, hot Apple Pie and Custard.

For OCTOBER.

At the Top Rice Gruel.

Remove, a Couple of Ducks.

At the Bottom a boil'd Turkey with Oyster Sauce.

In the Middle Jellies.

For the four Corners.

Lobster or Crab, Black Caps, Custard or Cream, Tarts or collar'd Pig.

For NOVEMBER.

At the Top Fish.

At the Bottom Ducks or Teal.

In the Middle Oyster Loaves.

Remove, a Dish of Fruit.

Two Side Dishes, minc'd Pies, Mutton Steaks, with Mushrooms and Balls.

For DECEMBER.

At the Top boil'd Chickens.

At the Bottom a Dish of Scotch Collops or Veal Cutlets.

In the Middle Brawn.

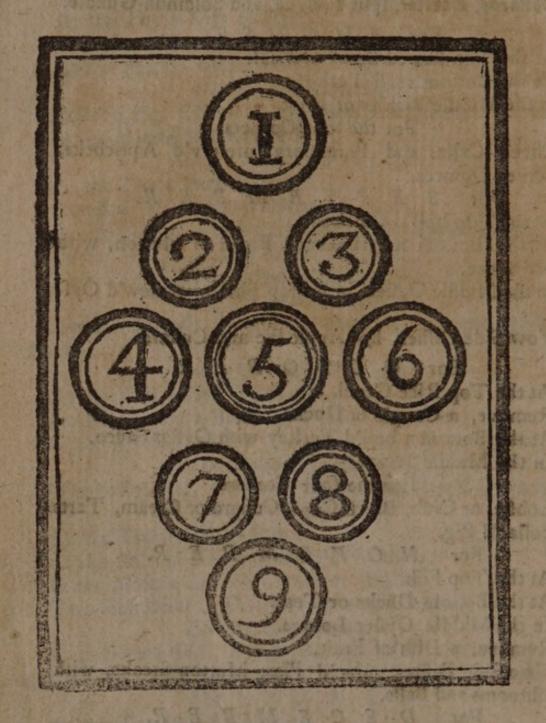
Remove, Tarts.

For the four Corners.

Boil'd Whitings or fry'd Soles, new College Puddings, Pullony Saufages, Scotch Custard.

A Supper

ASUPPER in SUMMER.



1. Boil'd Chickens.

2. Preserv'd Oranges or Apricocks.

3. Flummery.

4. Asparagus.
5. Lemon Posset.
6. Roast Lobster.

7. Stew'd Apples. 8. Almond Cheefe-Cakes.

9. Lamb.

A DINNER in SUMMER:



- 1. Cod's Head or Salmon.
- 2. Boil'd Chickens.
- 3. A fine Pudding or roafted Lobster.
- 4. Beans and Bacon.
- 5. Stew'd Breast of Veal.

SECOND COURSE.



1. Two young Turkeys or Ducklings.
2. Stew'd App es.
Custards.

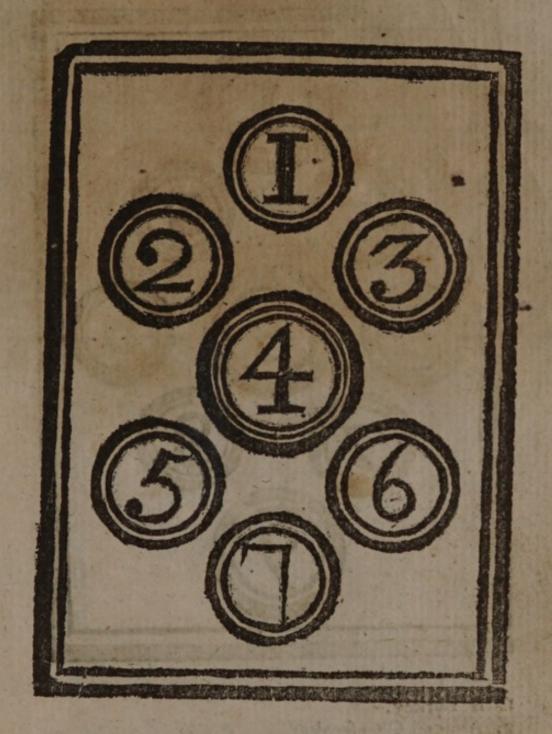
3. Custards.
4. Jellies or Lemon Posset.

5. Tarts.
6. Preserv'd Damsins.

7. Green Goole or young Rabbits.



A DINNER in WINTER.



2. Scotch Collops.
3. Boil'd Chickens.

4. Stew'd Oysters or roasted Lobster.
5. A Hunter's Pudding.
6. Roasted Tongue.
7. A Ham or Roast Beef.
Remove. 1 Fish.

SECOND COURSE.



1. A Turkey.
2. Almond Cheesecakes.

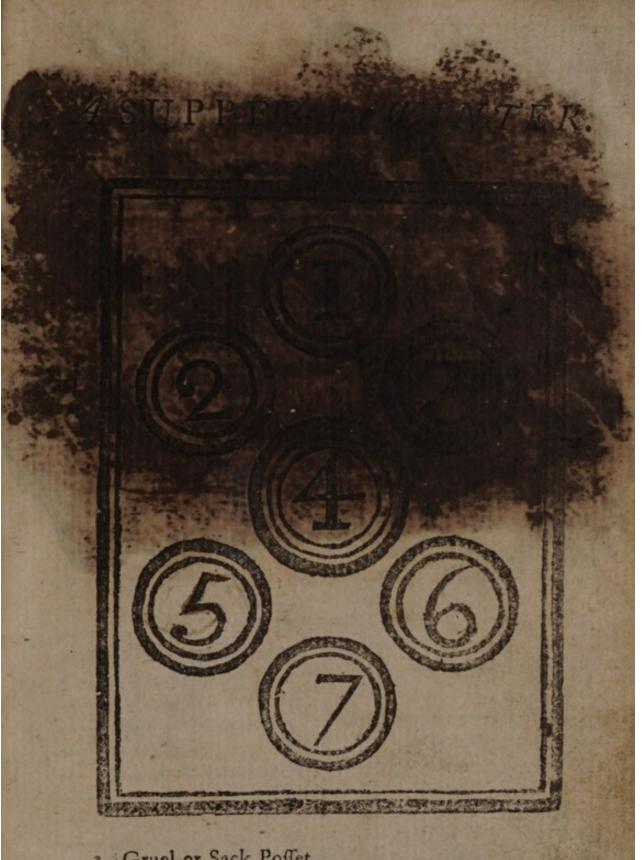
3. Sturgeon.
4. Partridges.
5. Jellies.

6. A Hare or Woodcocks.

7. Collar'd Beef.

8. Cream Curds.

9. Ducks or Pig.



- 1. Gruel or Sack Poffet.
- z. Tarts.
- 3. Lobster.
- 4. Jellies or Lemon Cream.
 5. Solomon Gundie.
 6, Custards.

- 7. Boil'd Turkey with Oyster Sauce.
 Remove. 1. Wild Duck. D 2



A C WAY

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