Prophetical observations occasion'd by the new comet: and by other signs in the heavens, as well lately past, as now approaching, viz. The late great conjunction of Jupiter, Saturn and Mars. The transit of Mercury in the disk of the sun. The northern phenomena. The total eclipse of the sun.

Publication/Creation

London: Printed for Samuel Harding ... and sold by J.Peele ..., 1723.

Persistent URL

https://wellcomecollection.org/works/euw4zsnz

License and attribution

This work has been identified as being free of known restrictions under copyright law, including all related and neighbouring rights and is being made available under the Creative Commons, Public Domain Mark.

You can copy, modify, distribute and perform the work, even for commercial purposes, without asking permission.



Wellcome Collection 183 Euston Road London NW1 2BE UK T +44 (0)20 7611 8722 E library@wellcomecollection.org https://wellcomecollection.org

Prophetical Observations

Occasion'd by

The New Comet:

And by other SIGNS in the HEAVENS, as well lately past, as now approaching, Viz.

The late great Conjunction of JUPITER, SATURN, and MARS.

The Transit of MERCURY in the Disk of the SUN.

The Northern PHOENOMENA.
The Total Eclipse of the SUN.

Ostendit terris & in aire multa sereno,
Irrita nequaquam signa futura Deus.
Signaque natura qua non imitantia leges,
Portendunt subitum non procul esse malum.
Vidimus hoc anno rapidum stagrare Cometen,
Sulcantem dubias multa per astra vias.
Quodque fuit mirum, vicino sole Cometa,
Cum soleant primas arripuisse faces.

a Philippo Melanchtone
de Comet. Mag.

LONDON:

Printed for SAMUEL HARDING, at the Post-House in St. Martin's-Lane, and sold by J. PEELE, at the Lock's-Head in Pater-Noster-Row. 1723. The New Comet:

And by other Signs in the Heaven's as

well fately paff, as now approachief, Mrs.

The late great Conjunction of TUPITEE,

The Transa of M.E.R.C.U.R.P. in the DR.L.

SATURN, and MARS.

Prophetical: Observations -

Digitized by the Internet Archive in 2020 with funding from Wellcome Library

LONDON

Marye in St. Marin's - Lord and lold by J. Press,

the 's off a stand of the Xon Xon and



Phophetical Observations

Occasion'd by the

The New Comet, &c.



HE Endeavours of the Learned Philosophers of this AGE, to rob their MAKER of his Honour, &c. by tying down all the *Phanomena* of the Heavenly Bodies to thir Natural Cau-

fes, and thereby denying the Agency of Providence in all those things, is now grown so scandalous, that they are justly contemn'd by Good Men, every way as knowing in those things, as themselves.

As they take Pains to exclude all portentous Significations from the Motions and Aipects of the Heavenly Bodies, so they would seem to make the Starry and Planetary World independent even of Heaven itself. As if the infinite Power that made all these vast Bodies, cou'd not as well have made them significant of things to come, as have directed the

Wonders of their Motions.

I shall not enter into a Dispute with these self-learn'd People at-all, but suiting myself to the more serious Part of the World, and without any Regard to these Atheistical Notions, I conclude what they cannot deny, thus, viz. That the Great Maker of the World has so appointed it, that before the coming of great and national Judgment, there are ordinarily Signs in the Heavens, and on the Earth; and that these Signs have in all Ages, been regarded by the wisest and best of Men, who have from thence taken Occasion to warn the World of what they may reasonably expest upon such Appearances.

As to the Contempt which some Men put upon all this; making a Jest of all the serious Part, and bantering the awful Regard that Good Men shew to them, I shall treat it as it deserves; that is to say, with the utmost Contempt, and so shall bring the World to a Ballance; for as they contemn us, we contemn them; and so we

may leave the Quarrel where we find it.

Before I suggest what may come to-pass, as the Consequence of these Appearances in the Heavens, which we expect to see, it seems very rational to to put the World in mind of what has happen'd in Consequence of such Phænomena as have been already seen.

It was the 27th of November last, that we had

a visible Eclipse of the Sun.

The 29th of December following, was a tripple Conjunction of the three great Planets, Saturn, Jupiter, and Mars; that Conjunction being in Sagitarius, the Sun being at the same time in Capricorn.

With-

Without entring into the Aftrological Calculations, with which we might amuse the World on that Subject, and the malignant Aspects of the several Planets upon that great Occasion, let us a little observe what has already been seen in the World, which may reasonably be supposed to be either the natural Consequences of those great Conjunctions, or portended and predicted by them.

That Eclipse of the Sun, as it is supposed by the Sons of Art, was greater, and more visible, in the Eastern Parts of the World, than it was here, and as it seem'd to portend great Changes and Consusions in that Part of the World; has it not been follow'd by two evident and remarkable Convulsions in those Eastern Countries?

I. The great and fatal Revolution in Persia, which has not only overturn'd the whole Government and Constitution of that ancient and vastly extended Empire; but, as we hear, has been fatal to the Royal Family, and to the poor People; and even besides a Sea of Blood already spilt in that Country, threatens the utter Overthrow of the Monarchy, and the Dissolution of Persia as a Kingdom; that vast Country being like to be divided between two powerful Neighbours, the Turks and the Muscovites; and the Persian Name to be lost in the World.

II. The Death of the Emperor of China, which, as we already hear, has been follow'd with great Confusions and Distractions in that vast Empire, which they tell us, is like to be broken in Pieces, by the Pretenders, (Sons to the late deceas'd Emperor,) who all claim a Right to the Succession; who are in the Field with

great Armies, every one seizing on what Part of the Monarchy they can lay-hold of.

Had any such extraordinary Events happen'd in this or any neighbouring Part of the World, subsequent to such eminent foregoing Incidents as these of the Eclipse, or the Conjunctions abovenam'd, we should have made no Scruple of saying that they, viz. the said Conjunction and Eclipse were evident Fore-runners of those Events, and plainly predicted them to the World, and that we had been in the Right to have warn'd the World of some extraordinary Event near at hand, and that some dreadful Judgment was to be expected.

And why are those terrible things the less to be observed by us, for their being remote, and for our having no Share in the Distress of those Nations? We may indeed, be thankful to Heaven that we are not involved in the Calamity, but it is not at all the less a Proof that those Appearances were predicting, and perhaps, influencing them, and consequently other such or such like Phanomena may in like manner be predicting, and even influencing upon us, when they happen in such Signs as this Part of the World are more

particularly concern'd in.

As I will not venture to affert how far Conjunctions of Planets or their Oppositions, or other Aspects may be either Causes or Procurers, or Fore-runners of such and such Eyents, and to such or such Parts of the World as they more particularly point at, so it is extremely arrogant to affirm, that they are no way concern'd either as Causes, or Fore-runners, and that no heed at-all is to be given to them; and those that have advanc'd such things positively, have sometimes found so strange

strange a Connection between the said Appearances, and the Events, that they have been confounded

even with the probabillity.

But to come nearer Home, with the faid Appearances of the past Year; it was faid by the most skillful Astrologers, that the Consequence of those Conjunctions would appear in unhealthy Air, unfeasonable Weather, excessive Heat or Cold, violent Storms, extreme Heat, long and fatal Drought, and other ordinary and extraordinary Convulsions in Nature, which would tend to the manifest Detriment of the Country to which these Aspects had a regard.

Now it is evident, that ever fince those Conjunctions happen'd, Nature has, as it were, suffer'd Violence; from what Causes, whether from that Conjunction itself, as the Cause, or from some previous Collection of poisonous Vapours which those Conjunctions might predict, that, I say, remains doubtful; but that it has been so, let that strange unnatural, or at best, unusual Concur-

rence of intemperate Seasons, teltifie.

At first, an uncommon continuance of Cold, and Northerly Winds always blowing from the North and North-West, or North-East Corners, not in the Spring only, but even beyond the Summer-Solstice; so that the vernal Influence was quite lost; not only cultivated Plants did not grow, or at least, did not thrive, but even the very Weeds in our Gardens did not grow as usual; the weather continued dry and cold, sterile and barren, bringing Vermin, and devouring every green thing; and sometimes so universal a Drought, as threatned Ruin to the Expestation of the Farmer; and in short, a general Drought, even to Barrenness and Famine.

Without doubt the Influence of those Planets, the most powerful Agents upon the Climate which we live in, might reach into this Country, attracting, and perhaps, consuming all the moist Vapours which Nature may have at first provided for fructifying the Earth; and for want of which, that Drought prevailed to such a height as we find it did.

If that unfeasonable Drought, which has been fo univerfally fatal to all this Island of Britain, and to the Northern Parts of Europe, for so far we find it has extended, has been occasion'd by a strong Attraction of Vapours from the Influence of that great Conjunction; then it may be true, that the Great Eclipse now approaching, may have Influences of like, or worfe, Confequence to the World: Note, that I say, may have, and tho' perhaps, I might fay, shall have it, and with good Authority too, yet I shall leave it to the World to judge of the Validity of those Conjectures, by the Consequences; only that I shall take upon me with the greatest Certainty, to say, that at leaft, these Appearances have as much probable Signification, as any that have happen'd within the Memory of the oldest Man living; and this I mention, fignifying at the same time, that there feems to be, very ftrong Impressions of fore-boding Circumstances, as well in those past, as in these now approaching.

Some are of Opinion, that the present Scene of publick Tranquility, which at present spreads the Face of Europe, foretels even of itself, a sudden Interruption; and that it has been often observ'd, that there never was a general Quiet that held so compleatly calm, above one Year at attime over so great a Part of the World

time, over so great a Part of the World.

JUDREWY.

May this general Observation be contradicted by the long-lasting Peace of Mankind; no honests meaning Person desires the Confusion of his Fellow-Creatures, in my Opinion; but this is certain, that there has not been for any Age within our Memory, or within the Reach of Hiftory, a Time when so many concurring Signs in the Heas vens, have come together, or within fo narrow a Compais of Time, and all of them fo fignificant, and fo portending things of Consequence to the World.

Eclipses themselves are not very frequent; Eclipses of the Sun are less frequent than of the Moon; but Total Eclipses of the Sun are yet more rare; and it is my Opinion, that none of those Eclipses come without an Errand; so when they are to very remarkable, no doubt but that they are loaded with the more Bufiness, and have Errands of so much the greater Consequence.

Let then the Pretenders to Art, endeavour in what Manner they please, to take off the Awe which those extraordinary Phænomena would justly imprint upon the Minds of the People, and oppose the honest Intentions of those that look higher than the meer Natural Causes of things: But 'tis impossible, while Heaven suffers such great Events to follow in the very Neck of these Phænomena, I fay, 'tis impossible for them to perswade the World, that Gob has no Hand in these things.

A great hax, or Fir-Torch, or Court, o

horrible Figure, appear'd over Africa,

·多来来来来来来来来。我来来来来来来来来来来。

SECT. II.

or within the

Aving made some Way in the former Sections for the Reasons which may be given for believing the Influence of these Appearances, I cannot but think it will confirm us in this Judgment, if from History and Antiquity I give some Account as far as the short Space of a Pamphlet will allow, of such Comets or Eclipses, as have appear'd in an extraordinary Manner, and have so immediately been follow'd by extraordinary Events, that it has been next to impossible to separate the Sign and the Thing signify'd; and as have particularly been allow'd by the concurrent Opinion of all Ages, to intimate those extraordinary Events.

1. Hiftory tells us, there was a terrible Comet appear'd before the ten Plagues in Egypt, and the drowning of Pharoah and his Army in the

Read-Sea, Anno Mundi, 2454.

2. It is also recorded, that a Comet appear'd in the Days of Abraham, immediately before the Promise given him that his Seed should posess the Land of Canaan; and some Historians intimate, that it was by that Comet that the Cities of Sodom and Gomorrah were set on sire, and destroy'd

3. A great Fax, or Fir-Torch, or Comet, of a horrible Figure, appear'd over Africa, and over all Spain, to the great Terror of the People, which was follow'd by the Ruin of the Carthaginian

Empire,

[11]

Empire, and after by the final Destruction of the City of Carthage, and the Conquest of all Spain by the Romans.

4. A great Comet was seen in Italy, which was follow'd by that surprising Attempt which destroy'd the common Liberty of Rome, and subjected the Roman Government to absolute Tyranny, when Julius Casar past the Rubicon, and seiz'd upon the Government of the whole Roman World; the same Comet appear'd again just before Casar's Death.

5. The Star or Comet in the East, immediately preceding the Birth of our Saviour, and which was so exceeding Bright, that it shone by Day, and stood over the City of Bethlehem, where the Wise Men came by that Direction, to worship our Lord.

6. A terrible Comet which appear'd at first in the shape of a burning Torch, afterwards in the usual figure of what is vulgarly call'd a Blazing-Star, shew'd itself Anno Dom. 17, in the Sign ?; this was follow'd, first by the Death of the Emperor Augustus, which then ruled the whole known World, which happen'd the very next Year; and next, by a terrible Earthquake in Asia, by which twelve confiderable Cities in that Quarter of the World were swallow'd up; and the same Year in another Earthquake, the three Cities of Ephefus, Sardis, and Magnesia, were almost buried alive, and an innumerable Multitude of People perish'd. N. B. with this Comet was said to be seen an Eclipse of the Moon for three Nights together.

7. That frightful Comet, in the Figure of a flaming Sword, which for a whole Year together hung over the whole Country of Judea, but efpecially over Jerusalem before the Roman's be-

B 2 fieg'd

fieg'd that City; and was immediately follow'd with the Destruction not only of that City, but of the whole Nation of the Jews and 1100000

People perish'd with it.

8. Anno 367. Julian the Apostate having in despight to the name of Christians, carefs'd the Jews, and given orders to rebuild the Temple of Jerusalem in a most magnificent Manner; a terrible Comet appear'd in the middle of the Day, which out-shone the Sun itself, during which, (and the Comet just then appearing very particularly Bright) a terrible Thunder breaking upon the new Work, or Building, the Flashes took hold of the Building, consum'd all that was combustible, and at the same time a violent horrible Earthquake overthrew the rest, and 17000 Jews perish'd, partly burnt with the Lightning, and partly swallow'd up alive in the Earth.

9. Anno 457. A frightful Comet of a vast Magnitude, appear'd over Great-Britain in particular, in the shape of a Fiery Dragon; out of the Head or Mouth of this Dragon, there came forth two Streams of Fire, one in the shape or likeness of a long Fiery or Flaming-Sword, pointing towards France; and the other a large and broader Flame, pointing towards Ireland; which last Flame branch'd itself out, and ended in seven smaller Streams of Fire, pointing the fame way; this terrible Comet was, besides the Calamities which follow'd in the Roman Empire, follow'd by a terrible Plague in this Country, and in all Ireland, as also spreading over all the Northern Part of Europe; which Plague this horrible Phenomenen was faid not only to predict, but also to le the Cause of

appear'd in England just before the landing of William the Norman, afterwards call'd William the Conqueror; of which the antient English Poets sung, as Follows,

A Thousand sixty-Six,

It was, as we do read,

When as a Comet did appear,

And English-Men lay Dead.

11. Anno. 1572. A horrible and frightful Comet appear'd before the Massacre of Paris, in which 30000 Protestants were murther'd in cold Blood in that and the other Cities of France,

and was follow'd by a Civil-War alfo.

impending mostly over England, and the City of London, but seen also over all the Northern Parts of Europe, and which were follow'd by that terrible Plague, which swept away inummerable Numbers of People in England, Holland, and the lower Germany; and even in the City of London, almost an hundred Thousand People died, besides more than as many in the other Parts of the Kingdom.

In singling out these twelve Comets, I would not have the Reader suppose there were no other Comets appearing in all that time; I might fill a large Book with an Account of them; but I single out these more remarkable Comets, because the Events which follow'd them, are more particularly remarkable in History, and known almost to all the reading Part of the World; and because they were more eminently observed to be portentous of those Events, which came so im-

mediately after them.

Thefe

These twelve therefore, may suffice to evidence, that our being able to assign Natural Causes for the Production and Appearance of all these things, does not at all hinder that God may think sit to order even those Natural Essects of Natural Causes to import Good or Evil approaching; as well as that in Thunder, Lightning; for which Natural Causes are always assign'd, and justly too, yet when Heaven pleases to make use of them to burn and destroy Houses, and Towns, or People, they are no less Judgments on those destroy'd Places than they were before.

Since then, there is so apparent a Connection between the extraordinary Motions and Aspects of the Heavenly Bodies, and the great Assairs, Revolutions, and Convulsions of this Lower World, let us see what Conclusions we may reasonably draw from the things of this Kind, which are be-

fore us at this time.

Placle

That there are so many concurring Signs in the Heavens, appearing at this time, fignifies, at first Sight, that something extraordinary may be expected from behind the dark Curtain of Futurity; the Fate of Kingdoms, and of Persons, is indeed, obscure; but even those Obscurities are, in a great measure, lin'd or mark'd out to us in these things: If Comets, Eclipses, Conjunctions of Planets, and the evil and malignant Aspects of Stars and Planets, are Messengers of good or bad Tidings; much more may we fuggest them to be so, when they come crowded together, one at the Heels of another, and when there are not only Signs in the Heavens, that is, in the Starry Heavens, and Signs on the Earth; but when the faid Starry Heavens may be faid to be full of Signs.

I have observ'd, that the late Tripple Conjunction of the Planets, Saturn, Jupiter, and Mars, hap-

pen d

pen'd in the Beginning of the present Year, that is to say, the 29th of December, which I call the Beginning of the Year, because the Influences of the Conjunction did not work here, till the Beginning of the Month of February following; I say, I have observed, that this Conjunction, which some call'd terrible, was spoken of, as threatning the Encrease of the Plague from the Southermost Parts of France, to these Parts of the World, and that it was to happen this past Summer: And those who delight in being the Messengers of evil Tidings, as most of the pretending Predictors love to do, fill'd us with Fears, that those Planets so conjoin'd, wou'd certainly forebode the Plague, as above.

I am confirm'd in it by many Tokens, that they not only did foretel that we shou'd not have the Plague break out among us, but that they were really merciful Instruments to prevent it: Now if we can once reason ourselves into a probable Certainty that these Phanomena are really instrumental to bring, or to prevent the Evil we speak of, we may much more easily grant, that they do so and so predict; for 'tis easie to believe, that a Planet, or Conjunction, or Aspelt of a Planet, is a Fore-runner of such a thing, if we can, previous to it, come to a Knowledge of its being the real Cause of it, or but partly the Cause of it.

Thus I think the great Conjunction just now mention'd, which happen'd on the said 29th of December last, was really a Sign to us for Good, as to the Insection in France, that it shou'd not spread itself this way; because, I believe, by its Attraction and Insuence, it drew off all the noxious Vapours, and those poisonous contagious Particles which the Air in the Southern Parts of France was

[16]

at that time full of, and carried them clear out of this Part of the World; like as I observe, it has drawn away the moist Vapours of another Kind, that us'd to supply the necessary Rains, and by which Means the Air has been left, as it were, vacant, and void, and not surnish'd with a sufficient Quantity of Humid to supply the Clouds; by which Means also the late Drought was occasion'd, which we at this Time feel the Effects of.

Conjunction, a great Drought has enfued, not in England only, but in all the Northern Part of Europe, as we see has been now the Case; why may not the same Attraction of the Planets so in Conjunction, as above, draw away the insectious Particles in the Air, and occasion the Healthiness of these Parts of the World, and so not only portend the Good to us. but be the real Natural Cause of it?

AGAIN come we from hence, to the present Signs now approaching in, and perhaps, already influencing the Affairs, or Constitution and Temperature of this Part of the World; whether as to the Health of the Seasons, or of Persons; the Fruitfulness, or Sterility of the the Earth; the Power of contagious Collections in the Air; their Encrease, or Decrease, and the like; the Case is

much the fame.

If it be possible that the Aspects of the Heavenly Bodies shou'd, by their approaching Position, intimate contagious Air, corrupted stagnated Vapours, &c. and that, according to the Rules of Astrology it were rational to conclude, that they were the Occasion of it; that they sill'd, or help'd to sill the Air with those corrupted Fumes, and contagious Vapours; Why shou'd it be thought criminal, to suggest, or to predict then, that

[17]

that those Positions shou'd be follow'd by Plague and Mortality? and why, notwithftanding, shou'd not those Plagues and Mortality, be call'd a Judgment, or the Judgments of GoD? feeing all the Contagions and Mortalities that attend Mankind, are at least, permitted, and I suppose, directed by the Hand of Heaven, and are very modeftly call'd the Judgments of GOD, from what Natural Caufes soever they may may be produc'd.

Thus 'tis evident, Comets and Eclipses, Conjun-Etions, Oppositions, and other Aspects of the Planets and Stars, may portend Goo's Judgments upon a Nation or Country, where they appear; and confequently, it is neither unreasonable, or illgrounded, to warn the Nations to prepare for fuch Judgments, in a Christian and serious Manner.

On the contrary then, to contemn these things; to ascribe all to Natural Causes; to exclude the Influences of the Stars, Comets, Planets, &c. from any Concern in such Events; and make Sport with, and ridicule the just Predictions of such Events, and all the Warnings that Good Men give on that Account, is Impious and Atheistical, and tends to leffening the Awe of the Supreme Power, and of Heaven's Judgment in the Minds of Men; and at the same time, it is afting contrary to the Reason and Nature of the thing; against Experience, and against evident Probabilities also; which, I venture to fay, no wife Man wou'd willingly be guilty of: Let those that act thus, confider of it, or not, as they think fit.

新教育教育教育教育教育教育教育教育教育

SECT. III.

Aving thus afferted the Reasonableness of Predicting Good or Evil, Heaven's Favours and Deliverances, or Plagues and Judgments, as impending over, or approaching to, a Nation, from the Aspects of the Stars, from the Conjunctions of Planets, &c. and especially, from the Appearance of Comets; I come next to speak of the present Appearances mention'd in my Title; and first, of the late great Conjunction of Saturn, Jupiter, and Mars, spoken of before.

FIRST, 'Tis evident, that as the late immoderate and unseasonable Weather, such as Cold in the Season of Heat, and Warmth in the Seafon of Cold, Drought continued in a manner, and for so long a Season, as has not been known for many Ages; Northerly and Easterly Winds, with very little Intermission, for above eight Months, even in the Summer; I say, as these have been certainly the Effects of that late Conjunction of the Planets, Jupiter, Saturn, and Mars, on the 29th of December last; so it is very evident, that the Operation of that Conjunction is not yet fully over: The uncommon Drought, with very little Intermission of Rain, has continued; the Fruits of the Earth, if common Fame may be credited, have had an unufual Mixture of Venom in them; the Juices which used to be of a cooling and nourishing, and refreshing Nature, have, this Year, been been Pernicious, I had almost said Poisonous, to humane Bodies; and have been, and still are, productive of Diseases, Gripings, Vomitings, Fluxes, &c. which have been Epidemick, thoughout this Nation in particular.

N. B. This intimates that those Influences have, so far as they do affect any Country, more particularly affected this Country; and consequently the other Signs, whose Influences are perhaps, now begun, may do the same.

In the Consequence of this Observation, I may venture to add, that, as I say, this Operation is not yet over, I expect, (Note, I say Expect) the Opposer may expect as he pleases, as intemperate a Season thro' the Winter, as we have had thro' the Summer, tho' not so fatal to the Health of the People.

If the Influence of the fatal Conjunction of Planets, has thus far shewn its Essects in our Country; I have Reason also to believe they have yet more Powerful Influences in other Parts of the World; and I do think it shall affect foreign Countries in that Kind, more than these Coun-

tries.

From hence it may probably come to pass, that tho' a Plague may not presently follow, or not atall, to those Countries; yet that several mortal Distempers may affect the Bodies of Men, especially, in the Beginning and Close of the Winter-Season, rather than in the Middle of it; and particularly, in Holland, Flanders, Spain, and Portugal, as well as, and more than, in England.

The Influence of this Conjunction feems to me to work Particularly in this Manner, namely, in affecting the Temperature of the Seafons; now no Man will be so void of Reason, as to argue,

C 2

that

that the Temperature of the Air does not affect Humane Bodies, who breathe in that Air; and consequently, the Diseases or Health to which those Bodies are subject, are govern'd, in a great measure, by the said Conjunction of Planets.

If any Man ask me then, what will be the Consequence thro' the coming Winter, of the Influence of this late Conjunction, and what Operation it may have had upon the Air? what Changes it may produce in the Scason? and the like; I shall say, It is probable, that as we have had long Northerly and Easterly Winds, even during the whole Continuance of the faid Conjun-Etion, occasion'd still by the strong Attraction Southward, that Conjunction falling out, as is faid, in Sagitarius, and affected by the Sun's being in Capricorn, I may be allow'd to fay, 'tis probable the fame Attraction may continue thro' the whole Influence of that Conjunction, which is yet for some time; and confequently this may bring long and fevere Cold from those North and North-Eastern Parts of the World which those Winds blow from.

And yet from the same Probable Causes a true Judgment will infer, that these long Colds may be interrupted with some moderate Weather; so that it may not be any long continued Severity of Frost, such as was felt here in 1684; but that there may be Intervals of thawing, warm Weather,

for eight or ten Days together.

All this I mention as under the Influence of the late Conjunction, and of that only; but if the Effects of the present Comet, which appears somewhat watry and slegmatick, shou'd concur with the other Influences to abate the Extremity of the Cold, then 'twill be very probable that we shall have an extraordinary Glut of Wet, long and heavy Rain:, and perhaps, destructive Floods; the

Consequence of which, is, in a few Words, an un-

healthy, fickly Spring Season.

On the other hand, there is room to judge by the Rules of right Reason, and of Astrological Calculations also, that the approaching Influences of the Eclipse may so far concur with those of the said Conjunction not yet over, as to continue the powerful Attractions mention'd above; and if this should be so, I shall expect another Blanket-Fair upon the Ice, and to see Hackney-Coaches plying again upon the Thames; as was the Case just Forty Years ago.

Thus much for the Appearances already past.

I come next to speak of the extraordinary Co-

met, which is an Appearance just now in Being.

The Accounts we have by Astronomers, of this Comer, are just sufficient to give us the following Idea of it, viz.

That it is a small Comet, that is to say, in its Appearance; for the Sight being yet uncertain, it may be in itself infinitely greater, than we at pre-

fent imagine.

The Tail, or Blaze of the Comet, is not Proportion'd to the usual Length of other such Stars, being extended not much more than one Diameter of the Star, or Body of the Comet itself. Mr. Whiston has Publish'd, among other things, a little Scheme, or Plan, of the Appearance itself, with a short View of the Curve, or Arch of its Motion, by which it appears to have pass'd by the Star, in the end of the Napkin, as they call it, of Aquarius, East; then by the Arm of Antinous, West; then sweeping towards the Eagle, it will pass by the middle Star in the Eagle Parallel to it, West.

By this Course of the Comet, if it came a little lower, we should have a very clear View of its whole Extent, from seven, to near ten a-Clock every Evening; from whence, without descending to any farther Enquires into the Signs in which it may apear, and its proper Aspects, I think 'tis sufficent to say, that this Comet being evidently plac'd in our Meridian, may claim to be in particular, regarded as a Signal to us, and that as much, as if its Course had been nearer to to us.

Thus having appropriated its Influences, and prov'd our Title to the Effects, let us see what by Reason or Philosophy, or by Revelation, impulse, or other Powers, we may think proper

to fay of it.

The little Presages which some People amuse us with upon this Subject, namely, that it portends strife of Parties, Quarrels at Court, long Speeches within Doors, libelling and lampooning in Print, and such triffles; as they are too mean to mention in a thing of this importance, I omit; I think verily when we concern the Stars in the Fatality of Ballad-singing, and making Verses upon Whores, Princes, great Courtiers, Ecclesiasticks, &c. we may be supposed to be very barren of just Observations; we might with much more Justice have expected a Comet or an Eclipse to have foretold the Ruin of the Harburg Lottery, and the expelling the L---d B---- out of the House of Commons.

Had a Comet appear'd just before the late Fall of South-Sea Stock, and the Catastrophe of the Family of the Cragge's and A---bies, or the downsal of the Directors, we might indeed, have thought it a Prognostick, that, being an Affair of National Importance; but to entitle the

Stars to prognosticate the Disappointment of a few Harburgh Cheats, and the Ectipse of an Irish Lord, would but make an universal His pass thro' the World at the Calculators of such things,

as there did at the People I fpeak of.

But we must look higher, much higher for the import of these Appearances; as this Comet is one of God's Messengers, so no doubt it comes on its Master's Errand; if it has a Message we may and ought to enquire what it is; and no wise Man will despise the Search; if it has none, we shall be not the worse for the Search, or regret the Disappointment.

The usual Judgments with which Heaven visits Mankind, are Wars, Plagues, contagious Diseases, Famine, Tempest, and Storms, of Lightning,

Thunder, Wind, and Rain, Earthquakes, &c.

The three first of these seem to be what the World, at this time, are most apprehensive of, and that not without great Reason; the rest in the ordinary Course of Nature are seldom so extensive as these, neither are the Consequences

fo fatal; for Example.

Famine, by the Interpolition of Commerce, is fo securely senc'd against, that unless G o p shou'd lock up the Windows of Heaven, or dry-up the Rivers and Springs, throughout all Europe, it wou'd be hardly possible that any Nation cou'd be disserted with a Famine, in such a manner, the Scarcity of one Country is now supply'd from the Plenty of another, and while Trade is open, and Navigation free, there is scarce any just Reason to sear a Scarcity of Bread: For Example, Poland and England by the ordinary Produce of the Earth, supposing all the other Maritime Countries of Europe had a Scarcity of Corn, are able to supply sufficient for all their Wants;

[24]

I mean with this Supposition only, viz. that with Poland we include the Countries adjoyning to Poland, fuch as Prusia, Courland, Livonia, and the Shores of the Baltick, from Pomerania, Eastward, which are all Corn-Countries; and that with England, we include Scotland and Ireland.

On the other-hand, the Coast of Barbary, how hot and barren soever it may be suggested to be, by reason of great Hears, yet is a Fund or Magazine of Corn for France, Italy, and other Parts of Europe on that fide, as Egypt is for Constantinople, and the like: Now, unless all these Countries fail together, no general Famine can oppress the Christian World; and 'tis for this Reason that I mention it; and let all those Astrologers who would fright the World with Apprehenfions of eating one another for want of Bread, examine this Part more strictly, and they will find that no Aspects of Planets will fortel any thing of that kind, sufficient, to make the World believe them, unless they will take upon them to affure us, that the Windows of Heaven shall be stopp'd, and that God shall break his Word with Mankind, wherein he has affur'd us all, that Seedtime, and Harvest should not fail, to the end of the World.

Since then Nature seems to forbid a Famine, except as above, by a general stop of the Fountain of our Supply; it would be preposterous and arrogant to the last Degree, if we should give heed to those who from their Astrological Calculations take upon them to threaten us with it; for Providence never, or very rarely, acts out of the ordinary Course of Natural Causes.

But to come nearer; neither does the Aspect of this Comet threaten the World with Earthquakes and Tempests, Blasts, Storms, and the

like,

Season in the Beginning of the Year, it may be very probable that such Excessive Rains will (as is usually the Case) be attended with very high Winds; but by the Tempests which I mention, I do not mean such desolating Tempests as make Havock of Houses, Fleets, and whole Towns, to the Ruin of Kingdoms and Nations, as were those violent Tempests in 1703, and the like.

But altho' this Comet should not immediately portend Famine, Earthquakes, Storms and Tempests, yet I see greater Calamities in view, wherewith the Northern Parts of the World may be visited, and that within the reach of a few Years; for Heaven is oftentimes fo merciful in the ordering such things as these, that it is but feldom that the World is all involv'd in Judgments together; nor do a Complication of fuch things always fall together; so that the People who can shift from Place to Place, always find room to make their Escapes, and fly from the Wrath to come; upon this Account Warnings are oftentimes chiefly fent, that as the Scripture fays, the Prudent Man foreseeing the Evil, may hide himself, so that the wifer Part of Mankind may guide themselves by that Rule.

But to wave all that Part, as a Dispute which does not at all concern the present Case, every Man must be lest to guide his own Assairs as he thinks sit; he that will open his Eyes, and look into the Events of things, may, and will have the Advantage in the ordinary Course of Providence; but they that will not, must take the other Part of the Text to themselves, viz.

the Simple pass on, and are punish'd.

As to directing People here to look into Futurity, by Astrological Calculations, that is not

D

the Intent of this Work, farther than this, that if those Astrologers concur with these Thoughts on this Subject, so be it, they are perhaps, so much nearer the Truth, and if just Conclusions are drawn by several Ways, and agree in the Substance, they are so much the more likely to be just Conclusions.

Some are able to predict from a whole View of Nature, with much greater Certainty in Events of the nicest Kind, than others are from the most exact Tables, which they call Rules of Art, and therefore, at the same time, leaving the Araists to talk in their own Way, I shall speak

of these things in a Dialect by itself.

The Appearance of a Comet I take to intimate, generally speaking, approaching Calamities, upon some or such particular Parts of the World, where such Comet is more especially directed; and it is because, it has been so, that the World expects surprising Revolutions on such Occasions; as also War, Devastation, and Blood, and other desolating Judgment from Heaven

upon the Bodies of Men.

The Appearance of Eclipses, and Conjunction of Planets, I take to intimate rather the supreme Hand by them Influencing the Seasons, the Weather, the Temperature of the Air, and the Bodies of Men; for by the Means of these, they may indeed, as by evident Natural Causes, affect the Bodies of Men, and bring Inflection and Contagion, raging Fevers, Apoplexies, and the like; by which Men are swept away as by a Plague.

We have seen this in England within a few Months past, and that in a very remarkable Manner, when the Inclement Seasons had so swift an Operation upon the Bodies of the People,

that

that Thousands were swept away, first by that overflowing kind of Plague, the Small-Pox, which rag'd in a most terrible Manner in the Beginning of the Year; when the Operation of the late Conjunction was in its first Progress; and afterwards in a general Diforder in the Intestines, attended with Convulsions in the Bowels, Gripings, Fluxes, and Vomitings, while the faid Operation of Planets was in its height; during which time the Bills of Mortallity in London were fo high, as the like had not been known fince the great Plague, in the Year 1665, being very near 800 per Week; tho' at a time when by the Absence of the Court, the recess of Parliament, Vacation of the Term, and the usual retreat of the People to their Country Seats and Lodgings for Pleasure, in the Summer Heats, the emptiness of the Town was more than ufually remarkable; so that had there been the usual Number of People in London then, as is about Christmass, or the Month of January and February, the Bills by a just Proportion, must have been suppos'd to be near 1100 each Week.

As these Distempers made such Havock among us, so France at this very Time, is under the Surprize of the like Visitation; and the Small-Pox makes such Ravages there, and especially among the Nobility, and Persons of Distinction,

that is terrible to relate.

The Kingdom of Portugal, and especially the great and Populous City of Lisbon is even new under the like Visitation, with a terrible and raging Fever, which carries off such Multitudes of People, and that in so sudden and so violent a Manner, that it has been greatly question'd whether it is not a Spice of a Pestilence, tho' we hope not.

While

While these things happen so openly in the World, and the Signal Appearances in the Heavens are so very remarkable also, how can we deny but that there is an Apparent Connection between the Causes and Essects? between the Sign and the Thing signified: The remote Conjunctions (which I have mention'd,) may have drawn off the Gross of these noxious Vapours, and Pestilential Particles, which would otherwise have spread an Universal Insection upon the World, and yet by the influencing the Seasons, as above, they may have rendred the Air unwholesome to a great Degree, tho' not contagious.

Let the very same Countries which just now begin, as it were, to seel the Essects of these Calestial Signals, be our farther Warning; they will have yet a greater Taste of the bitter Part, and I am perswaded to believe, a deeper Share in the Calamity, than they seem to be yet

apprehensive of.

France has drunk deep of the Visitation in the Southern Parts already; it seems to be with more than ordinary Difficulty, that the Judgment is kept off; it broke-out the other Day in the French new Conquests, the Province of Artois, and the Frontiers of Picardy; may I not say without Arrogance, that it will not go entirely off?

The Eclipse is not yet come; the Comet appears remote, and at a Distance, and Men put the Evil Day far off; may it be far off, and especially from our own Country, where I doubt we are but ill prepar'd for such a Calamity; but he that will undertake to assure us, that all these Signs in the Heavens shall have no Significations, and shall be attended with no uncommon Calamities in Europe, will, if I have

my

any Prophetick Judgment live to be asham'd

of it, or die very quickly.

And let such remember, that tho' the Eclipse is not yet come, the Comet is come, and the Evil predicted may be already begun among us; and who dare say, it is not already begun: The Seeds of Death are sometimes long sow'd before the Fruit (Mortality) appears; let us depend that where ever the Blow is to be given, the Hand is, or may be, already listed up to Strike.

Come we first then to consider those Signs that first present themselves to our Sight, as the Comet presaging bloody Wars breaking-out in the World, to the interrupting the Peace of Mankind; the Temple of Janus opens of itself; War breaks-out first in the East, but insensibly spreads itself Northmard; one Nation unwarily entangles and draws in another, till the Nations grow surious and enrag'd; for War is a Fever in the Blood of Nations, as the Plague is in the Blood of private Persons, and spreads like an Insection not much unlike a Plague in the Body; neither are Wars, and the Rivers of Blood that sollow them, less the Essets of Physical and Natural Causes, than Plagues and Insections.

I expect this Comet which advances to us from the South, from beyond the watery Sign Aquarius, Pours out an Innundation of Blood; first, in that Part of the World, where we see 'tis already begun viz. the Kingdom of Persia; and as the same Comet strikes its Path in the Arch of a monstrous Circle, from that Part of the Hemisphere North-West, I make no Question but it carries on the Innundation into the Countries, in that Manner situated

from its first Appearance.

Hence War is intimated upon the Frontiers of the Turkish, the German, and the Muscovite or Russian Empires; and I doubt not but it will be

very fwift, violent, and cruel.

After it has kindled in its own Flame, and encreas'd, according to the growing Nature of real Fire, I expect it to catch hold of neighbouring Kingdoms and Countries; the Tranquility of Europe, a Blessing too great in itself, and too much abus'd, to be of long Continuance, must meet with Interruptions from wicked Heads; and all the laudable Endeavours of Pious and Christian Powers to prevent it, will not so far succeed, but that

the Evil determin'd may break out.

War then being suppos'd; we are to expect it where Reason and Nature dictates it; for all these things run still in the Channel of Nature; the Czar of Muscovy has his Hands still in the South, Peace be thy happy Portion, O! Sweden, if possible, so long as the growing Power of that Monarch seels the Restraint of other Avocations, but expect it no longer; nor can it be conceal'd who breathes out War on that Side, with so eager a Desire that nothing but the Alliances of neighbouring Powers restrains him; and how unwillingly he is restrain'd, may be easily seen.

Let them not doubt, but that the dormant Claims of the Duke of Holftein as well to the Dominions of Sweden, which he esteems his Right, as to other Dominions really his own, will rest quiet so long as he cannot help, and perhaps no

longer.

In the Empire, Religion beats the Drum Ecclefiastick; the Pope studies a Church-War, and stands ready to publish his Cruisado, as soon as he can bring Bigots enough into his Alliance; that so he may embroil Europe in War, and keep himself out. What

[31]

What have the *Proetstants* to trust to, for preventing such a *Rupture* in the World? Truly, nothing that I see, but the keeping the Heads of such Catholick Powers as are most Potent, from engaging in such a bloody Consederacy; as it happens at present, it is not their Interest to do it, and while it is, we may expect they will keep off, but not longer; and how long it may be that their Interest shall so keep them back, who knows? 'Tis evident by their present Conduct, that they have Will enough to a Religious War, if they found it agreeable to their Temporal Prospects.

That such a War is within the Aspect of the Present Signs; especially that of the Comet, and of the Eclipse, the Astrologers particularly insist upon; I shall not contradict them; let the Protestant Princes, and Powers, in whose Hand the Ballance yet remains, and who are the Bulwarks of the Protestant Interest in the World, take care not to give it up, but concern themselves to prevent the Blow; and let them depend, that sooner or later, the Councils of Hell will so far prevail, as to make the Attempt; who shall pre-

vail, is for the Present, out of Sight.

Whoever confiders the State of Europe, and the Encroachments of the Papal Interests, how they have restlessly push'd at getting the Protestant Countries into the Hands of Popish Princes; what satal Success they have had; how the two most Potent Electorates, viz. of Saxony, and the Palatinate, and the Kingdom of Bohemia, (all three formerly Protestants) are now entirely in the Hands of the Papists, and how they are continually pushing at more; how France, notwithstanding the late War, possesses several Countries, formerly Protestant, and from whence the Protestant Religion

ligion is entirely extirpated; as Alfatia; the Imperial City of Strasburg; the Principality of Orange, and the like; and above all, the utter rooting out of the Protestant Religion from France itself: Whoever, I say, considers all this, will find the Protestant Interest sunk extremely, from what it has been, as to the Extent of Country where it was received; so that indeed, it hardly requires a Concurrence of Heavenly Signs to predict, that the Popish Powers will take hold of the first Occasion that presents itself, to attack the Protestants in the Quarrel of Religion; and will not fail also, to form the Occasion with the utmost Artifice.

War also will probably break out sooner or later among the Maritime People of the World; the Encroachments of the Austrians upon the Commerce of those Nations, who formerly spent their Blood and Treasure to procure those Countries to the House of Austria in which those Encroachments are set on foot; I say, those Encroachments are not the most unlikely (especially while haughtily insisted upon, and obstinately push'd on) to set this Part of the World in a Flame; the Commerce of the Indies is a tender Point, and so tender, that that Government, who at present have so great an Interest in it, cannot but be deeply sensible of any Wound in those Parts, and will certainly resent not the Thing only, but the Manner.

These are the Seeds of War, which seem to be already sow'd; the Pride and Ambition of Men plant or sow those Seeds every Day; but the governing Hand of Heaven directs the cultivating them, and ripening them up to the Maturity which they require for an Eruption; and while all this is preparing, and the Aparatus thus form'd, Heaven directs his Signs in the upper Regions, to warn us of the Approach, and prepare us for

[33]

what he intends to visit us with: And thus you have the fatal Climax of Causes, and Effects of Warning, and Signs in the Heavens plainly laid down; and 'tis easie to observe the Concur-

rence of the Signs with the Probabilities.

From the whole, I conclude, that a Bloody War will break-out in Europe in the enfuing Year. or within the Limits of the Influence of the Approaching Eclipse, or of the present Comet: That this War shall be attended with Rivers of Blood, or, as is mention'd above, with an Innundation of Blood, may, without much Art, be predicted: In particular, we may fee that the Tartars, who oftentimes have done so, and now wait an Opportunity to do it again, may now, by the Permission of Heaven, to break the way, begin the horrid Scene of Tragedy, by a dreadful Eruption into the Russian Dominions: If they make their retreat without an overthrow, they will, besides the Murther and Rapine they commit in the Attempt. carry away vast Numbers of miserable Christians into Slavery, to be fold to the Turks; and from thence 'tis very rational to expect, that Poland. may have its Share in the Miseries of a Turkish War, especially if the Turks are any-thing successful; and Poland may very probably engage the Imperial and German Armies in its Defence; and then the Turks will be driven Headlong out of the Christian Countries, and may be driven out of Europe, if the Christian Princes would heartily join together to bring it to pass.

I am loth to take upon me to predict any Evil to Great-Britain, to whom I wish nothing but Good; if the Comet goes away, or disappears without advancing any farther North, then the bright-

[34]

brightest of the three Stars in the Neck of Aquila; I mean, so as to be visible no farther North, I shall have hope that it shall be attended with no evil Events relating to us; nay, its difappearing in that Confiellation may betoken Good to us; for as Comets are Fore-runners of Evil, and give warning of Calamities to fome, fo they may be Fore-runners of good Tidings to others; as the Comet in 1066, which doubtless portended the Conquest of England by Duke William of Normandy, as on one hand it fore-boded Slaughter and Subjection, and miserable Sufferings to the English Nation, so it imported Joy and Victory to the Conqueror, crowning him with Glory, and his Posterity after him; and thus, it may be now: May all that is joyful, good and agreeable, all that we want, and all that we feek, be the happy Event of this appearing Comet to Great-Britain; to which end may we fee no more of it, or at least, may it come no farther North, than as above.

Some tell us, that in all probability this Comet may be more visible in America, than among us; and this is so remote from us, that I expect to be told, it is not worth mentioning, or worth reading, much less entertaining our Thoughts about it; but I hope these selfish Gentlemen will allow, that he who made the World, may think good to have an equal Regard to all the Parts of it, and may think it as much to the Purpose to warn them of approaching Calamities, as he does to warn us; nor let us laugh at the Suggestion, as if it were needless; because the Indian Nations who are Pagan, and have no Notion, either of a God, or of their own Crimes,

[35]

Crimes, can have none of Repentance, which, our religious People fay, is all the End that can be fuggested in the suppos'd Warnings, or Notices of things.

Hence we know a great many Sceptical Notions, and some Atheistical, are advanc'd; bantering the Opinions of those People, who think they ought to make Religious Uses of such things as these.

But all this, as not worth so much Notice, I shall give no Reply to in this Trast; only shall observe,

- 1. That we cannot judge absolutely how far these Appearances may or may not Influence the Pagan World; that Heaven may yet think fit to give them the same Intimations, as he does to us; so leaving them the more without Excuse, if they do not take them as Warnings.
- 2. As for Repentance of Pagans, it what we cannot judge of, nor is it the Business of this Paper; but suppose them as Notices of Plagues and Infections, so to hint to the People the timely escaping from the Contagion, by slying from one Place to another, or by other Precautions necessary on such Occasions; even in such Cases, they are significant, and not be slighted, either by them or us.

But to remove all the Foundations of Cavil at this Part of the Appearance of Comets, I E 2 mean

[36]

mean their appearing in those Countries, where no Religious Use can be suppos'd to be made of it, this may confirm the other Part of our Hypothesis, which relates to Comets being the Instruments of the Calamities themselves.

If then they carry with them the Arrows of Death, and that the Poisonous Darts of Plagues on Men and Beaft, Sterility on the Earth, and the like, are shot from these Quivers; we need fay no more, than that they are fent to those Parts as Messengers of Destruction, with Commission to spread the Mischiess they are big with, into fuch and fuch Parts, where by their Situation they are oblig'd to diffuse them: That if they do not warn the People of their approaching Ruin, they really bring the Ruin which we think they portend.

Nor is this Thought remote, or unworthy of our present Contemplation; for if Comets are vast Collections of Vapours from this Earth, and from ten Thousand more such Earths as ours are, which, for ought we know, are in Being, in their particular Orbits, and which may supply Vapours and other Substances for such Bodies as the Comets may be suppos'd to be; or if they are Bodies of Fire, feeding continually upon their own Substance, be that as it will, either way, the noxious Fumes of fuch an immense Flame, are more than sufficient, if Heaven directs, to poison the whole Atmosphere of this Globe, and twenty more such Globes as this, at one time; so that let the Atheistick World banter the ferious Part as much as they please; if Religion cannot confute them, Philosophy will; and the Argument may be fumm'd up in this fhort undeniable Conclusion; NAMELY, That

In the seem was the rest of

[37]

That Comets, whether they may be taken as Fore-runners of God's Judgments or no, may be, and we have reason to believe are, the Instruments and Natural Causes of them.

That they spread Poisonous and Infectious Particles in the Air, from the noxious Vapours and Exhalations which their vast Mass is compos'd of, or fill'd with; from whence comes Contagious Diseases, Plagues, &c. upon Man and Beast.

That by Attraction, and drawing from the Earth a great Quantity of the Humid Vapours within our Atmosphere, which would otherwise gather into Cloud, and distill again in Rain; they occasion terrible Droughts; Sterility of the Earth; Destruction of its Product; and consequently Famine, and Desolation.

That on the other-hand, by violent Exhalations from the Earth, and Emissions from themselves, they may load the Earth's Atmosphere with the contrary Extreme; so by pouring a Quantity of Rain upon the Earth, either too great for the Earth to bear; or at improper Seasons, may render the Earth useless to Mankind, and so starve the Inhabitants by over-much Wet. That it is not an improbable Opinion, that the Earth was Drown'd, An. Mund. 1656, by the breaking of a watry condens'd Comet upon the Surface of its Globe; and that it shall be at last, Anno 6000, be set on Fire by another.

[38]

That Come is may thus be Instruments for inflicting Plagues, Pestilence, Floods, Droughts, nay, even Conflagrations upon the Earth, cannot be deny'd; and why then we should not look upon them with Apprehensions, lest when they appear, they come charg'd with some Commission of that Kind, I cannot understand.

And why fuch Apprehensions should not put us in-mind of Nineveh, &c. will be very hard for any Man in his Sences, to give a Reason for.

Nulla atas vidit flagrantem impuné Cometen, Non leve venturum nunciat ille malum.

-since bus

