History of the royal malady : with variety of entertaining anecdotes, to which are added strictures on the declaration of Horne Tooke, Esq. respecting "Her Royal Highness the Princess of Wales," commonly called Mrs. Fitzherbert. With interesting remarks on a Regency / By a page of the presence [i.e. Philip Withers].

Contributors

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HISTORY

OFTHE

ROYAL MALADY,

WITH VARIETY OF ENTERTAINING ANECDOTES,

TO WHICH ARE ADDED

STRICTURES ON THE DECLARATION

OF

HORNE TOOKE, Esq.

RESPECTING

"Her Royal Highness the PRINCESS of WALES,"

(The Hon.) MRS. FITZHERBERT.

is a literal Copy.

WITH

INTERESTING REMARKS ON A REGENCY.

BY A PAGE OF THE PRESENCE.

———— Quæque ipfe miferrima vidi, Et quorum Pars magna fui. Quis talia fando Temperet a Lachrymis?

L O N D O N:

PRINTED FOR, AND SOLD BY THE AUTHOR, SLOAN-SQUARE. M,DCC,LXXXIX. This Book is entered at Stationers Hall, and whoever pirates all or any part of it, will be profecuted with the utmost Severity.

ADVERTISEMENT.

In a few Days will be Published,

A Circumftantial Narrative of the violent and illegal Meafures by which the Pamphlet was fupprefied of which this is a literal Copy.

SLOAN SQUARE. PHILIP WITHERS. Jan. 9th, 1789.



HISTORY

OF THE

ROYAL MALADY, &c.

CHAPTER I.

HE honorable Anxiety of every loyal bolom, refpecting the health of the beft of Princes and most amiable of Men, is the only apology I can offer for prefenting an artles Narrative to public view. An opinion prevails, that our gracious Sovereign is afflicted with an HEREDITARY complaint; and, injuftification of this Idea, the public Prints have advanced many bold affertions concerning a former Prince of Wales and his illuftrious father, which I hope are not entitled to belief. It has been urged, in particular, that the alliance with the Houfe of Saxe-Gotha drew down his Majefty's heavy difpleafure on the Heir Apparent, becaufe that alliance promifed, in it's confequences, to entail the EVIL and INSANITY on the royal blood.

But a people, who fo juffly idolize their Sovereign, will forbear to credit an opinion in which fomany innocent and amiable Children are interefed. Before they abandon themfelves to delpair, by rafhly concluding, that the Deity has devoted the Empire to a calamity beyond example dreadful, they will require REITERATED Proof of the perpetuity of the misfortune. I do not deny the poffible exiftence of hereditary difeafe. In all ages af the world, and among every complexion of men, the opinion has been corroborated by fact. But what forbids our hoping better things in the cafe before us? Who will have the temerity to aver on oath, that his Majefty's complaint is not the Gour, or fome kindred diforder, unhappily driven to the feat of intelligence? The cafe is not only poffible, but fo very probable that no phyfician of practice and repute would venture to commit his honor on the negative part of the queftion.

(7)

But admitting a derangement of intellect, admitting it in the current and most comprehensive acceptation of the phrase, does it follow that the MADNESS is HE-REDITARY? If, in the *ascending Line* of the Race of *Saxe-Gotha* an instance of similar derangement occur,

it

it is by no means a legitimate conclusion that the PROGENY of our prefent most gracious Sovereign will be affected.

I grant that a feries of corresponding Effects may be rationally deduced from a common Source; but I contend, at the fame time, that fuch Effects may be attributed to an accidental coincidence of unconnected Caufes. It refts folely on the feeble fupport of imagination, that the royal affliction flows from TRANS-MITTED principles. And when fo much beauty and lovelinefs is interefted in the decifion, when the perfonal Dignity of the Prince, and the popular attachment to the House of Hanover may be not only affected, but even annihilated by the refult, we ought to difmifs the apprehension of fo painful a deftiny, and to crush in it's birth every rumor tending to eftablish the melancholy perfuasion.

I am

(8)

I am under the fincereft convictions that the Royal Caufe fuffers from the conduct of those who have the management of domeftic Affairs. From the Page to the Kitchen Wench, we are commanded to be filent, and hence we are compelled to prevaricate. The Precaution, I chearfully acknowledge, originates in loyalty and zeal; but I am intimately perfuaded that TRUTH is most friendly to every purpose of Rectitude and Wifdom. How many abfurd Reports are at this moment in circulation! With what avidity are they received by interefted Men! In defiance of the illegal and ridiculous reftraints which have been imposed on my TONGUE, I am determined to have recourfe to my PEN. And in this refolve, I act in concert with the wifnes of the most illustrious Ranks, who are beyond measure diffressed at the effects.

(9)

effects of that timid policy, which gives existence to Falshood by suppressing Truth.

(10)

My Office places me at the fountain head of information. As fenior Page of the Prefence, my apartment is fituated between the grand Anti-chamber, and the Clofet of Private Audience. In each room there is a door of communication with my apartment, and I am conftantly prepared to execute commands.

The doors of my apartments open near the Fire-Places of the Clofet and Anti-chamber; and as there is a current of air paffing through the doors, (for they are oppofite to each other) the Fire-Places are defended by lofty, magnificent foreens, fo that either door may be left a little open without being noticed.

In the common course of things, I am accustomed to difregard both the company and conversation; and indeed it would be highly indecent, if not criminal, were I to liften to his Majefty's conferences with foreign Ministers, or the immediate servants of the crown. But in truth, as reverence forbad my prefumption on common occasions, affection prompted me to adopt the practice at this awful crifis; for, independent of the lofs of falary and confequence by the demife of the fovereignty, I should be deprived of the most humane, benevolent, and generous Mafter that ever fwayed the sceptre of thefe realms.

A curiofity that in the common events of life is criminal, lofes its name on this occasion, and ought to be termed *laudable anxiety* and *ardent affection*. When the Physicians were announced, it was natu-

(11)

ral for me to liften to their debates, and to collect fome ray of comfort to animate my drooping heart. And not only of Phyficians, I was eager to know the fentiments of illuftrious vifitors on the important occafion. Hence my doors were ever open, and my attention awake.

(12)

It is my defign to recur to fymptoms antecedent to the maturity of the complaint, and then to proceed methodically through the diverfified occurrences of fucceeding times. I have only to lament that my abilities are not adequate to my zeal. Unfkilled in the arts of composition, and overwhelmed with grief, I must folicit the indulgence of a generous Public. And as I do not profefs either promptitude of wit, or elegance of diction, I hope to be forgiven if I communicate important information in a homely, artlefs ftrain.

CHAP-

CHAPTER II.

CONTAINING

Curious and Entertaining Anecdotes

OE

HENRY IV. King of France.



SYMPTOMS OF

(15)

INSANITY.

SCENE — WINDSOR-PARK.

His Maielly now approached a vererable cale that

THE TREE:

THERE be is, faid his Majefty, and giving the reins to his illuftrious confort, defcended from the phæton. I was then on duty, and immediately ordered the attendants to face about, imagining that a circumftance to which even Kings are fubject, might D compel

a contraction 1 felt ille anoft painful apprehention

compel his Majefty to withdraw. The horfe on which I was mounted was young and reflive, and notwithftanding my utmost exertions, turned and ran towards the carriage. I was covered with confusion. But her Majefty, who faw my diffres, most graciously condefcended to relieve me, by a well-timed remark on the refliveness of my horse.

His Majefty now approached a venerable oak that had enlivened the folitude of that quarter of the park upwards of a century and a half. At the diftance of a few yards, he uncovered and advanced, bowing with the utmoft refpect, and then feizing one of the lower branches, he fhook it with the moft apparent cordiality and regard—juft as a man fhakes his friend by the hand.

The Queen turned pale with aftonishment. The reins dropped from her hands. Never was I in such a consternation. I felt the most painful apprehension

left

left the horfes in the carriage, finding themfelves under no controul, fhould run headlong to deftruction. Nor did I dare to call for affiftance, left the attendants fhould witnefs a fcene that I defired to keep from their view. At laft her Majefty became attentive to her fituation; and as the reins were happily within reach, they were recovered, and the Queen commanded me to difmount, and to go and intimate, in a foothing voice and fuppliant terms, that her Majefty wifhed for his company.

(17)

On my Approach, I perceived that the King was engaged in earneft conversation.

Perhaps the Learned may cenfure the term---Converfation---as properly implying alternate intercourfe of ideas. And yet I humbly conceive the Converfe of the Objection is in force against the term---Soliloquy; for his Majesty anticipated the anfwer of his royal royal Friend, and then made a reply. At all events, I defire to give fatisfaction to every man, and as I am not of fufficient importance to provoke the refentments of liberal criticifm, I hope I fhall be indulged with the negative recompence of efcaping reproach. Diffidence and modefty, I perceive, are troublefome companions when a man is compofing a book. At this rate, I fhall never conduct the narrative to a conclusion; every page will require apology; and therefore, once for all---pray remember it, gentle Reader-- once for all, I fubmit my untutored Mufe to mercy.

It was the KING of PRUSSIA with whom his Majefty enjoyed this rural interview. Continental politics were the fubject. What I heard, it would be unpardonable to divulge. I cannot, however, withhold a remark that must fill every loyal bofom with pleafure.---His Majefty, though under a momentary dereliction of reason, evinced the most cordial attachment to Freedom and the Protestant Faith.

I approached with reverence---May it please your Majesty-----

Dont you fee that I am engaged,---anfwered the King.

I bowed and withdrew. His Majefty is engaged, and _____

Go again, faid the Queen, interrupting me. I went. May I prefume to inform your Majefty that—

What is the matter? faid the King, in great furprife.

Her Majesty is in the carriage, and I am com-E manded manded to intimate her defire of your Majesty's company.

(20)

Good Lack-a-day! (faid the King,) that is true. Run on, and inform her Majesty that I am hastening to her.

which they is present to another the states

Add Had Protect ods at maker.

THE

THE COACH.

(21)

Do not pledge my reputation for the verbal authenticity of this Anecdote. The Incident is indifputably FACT. How far the detail of particulars are founded in truth, I cannot prefume to determine. I think it however my duty to notice it, for fome ladies have already *tittered* about the affair, as though fomething more was intended at the time than now meets the ear. I am confident I know the worft; for one of the Ladies in the coach related the circumflance to her maid, under the moft folemn injunction and promife of SECRECY. With fimilar reftrictions, it was communicated by this Abigail to * * * * Keeper of the Queen's robes. From her it defcended without diminution to fubordinate domeftics, and through the medium of the Old Woman, who cleans my apartment, it reached me.

22

Of Common Report, it is faid by Virgil,

Mobilitate viget, virefque acquirit eundo; Parva metu primo; mox fefe attolit in auras, Ingrediturque folo, & Caput inter nubila condit.

It rained. The Queen was indifposed; and the carriage was ordered to take the King, two Maids of Honor, and the Princess Royal to Richmond.

His Majefty was unufually abfent. He feemed loft in profound meditation, and actually ftept into the coach before the Ladies, regardless of the rules of politeness and decorum.

From

From an apprehension that the King was indifposed, or that affairs of moment engaged his mind, the ladies observed a respectful filence. But they had not proceeded far before they were rouzed from their lethargy.

(23)

Charlotte, will you give me leave to ******?

Were the Sun to fall from it's orbit and involve the World in darknefs; or were it to break forth at midnight in all it's glory, it would not caufe greater aftonifhment than this unfortunate requeft ----to one of the party efpecially.

The princefs and the junior maid of honor were fcarcely able to comprehend the terms. The unfullied purity of their minds preferved them from much confusion and diffrefs; but the other lady, fome how or fome how, was fensible to the utmost force of the phrafe. She blushed, and with great dexterity F fupprefied fupprefied the emotions of her bofom for upwards of two minutes; but at length the combination of ideas excited by the royal requeft became too powerful for reftraint, and fhe *laughed aloud*.

their lethargy

In

The Monarch, who had been hitherto looking out of the window, imagined probably, that only his illuftrious confort and himfelf were in the coach, for, on hearing the maid of honor laugh, he turned with great quicknefs, and fome degree of furprize.

---- to one of the party efpeciall

And, perhaps, that furprize increafed the delirium. The fequel of the excursion certainly justifies the conjecture; for the King, with a view to punish the lady for her intemperate mirth, attacked her with all the gallantry of twenty-one, and, without a metaphor, she was in a flame from stem to stern, during the whole engagement.

(8224)

In this verbal rencounter, the maid of honor was defervedly chaftized for her indifcretion; and I counfel the Fair Sex, in fuch painful predicaments, to fuftain the *appearance*, at leaft, of an untainted mind.

(25)

To blufh is, perhaps, unavoidable on fome emergencies; but to laugh, demonftrates an intimacy with the fubject unfavorable to Virgin dignity and perfonal fame.

May it hundly please your Majefty, it is the beft

hold in the flibles, feld the Groom; in all the

THT . Such a flabily Times, and fuch a rafally

THE KING OF PRUSSIA, AND THE

(26)

ROYAL HUNTSMAN.

SCENE ---- WINDSOR-PARK. I Will not mount that horfe, I tell you.

To bluffing perineps, unavoidable on fome enter-

May it humbly pleafe your Majefty, it is the beft horfe in the ftables, faid the Groom; in all the world an't pleafe your Majefty. But which does your Majefty's Honor pleafe to have?

I don't care which, provided it be a good one. This is fuch a fhabby Thing, and fuch a rafcally Bridle Bridle and Saddle that I won't mount it, I tell you once more.

I ventured to approach his Majefty, and with all humility and earneftnefs to affure him that it was his beft, his favorite horfe. But in vain. He confented, indeed, to mount it, but protefted, at the fame moment, that the KING of PRUSSIA fhould determine the affair, for he would not fubmit to fuch treatment any longer.

His Majefty's ufual pace is either a Canter, or a fmart Trot. But no fooner was he feated in the faddle, than he put his horfe on full fpeed, and left all his attendants far behind. As I had the honor of being in effimation with my gracious mafter, I was frequently called to the extra official duty of attending him in the park. I was with him to day. The horfe which I rode was a horfe of great power and of the firft blood, but as I had affifted the King in **G** mounting

GHAP.

(27)

mounting, I was diftanced beyond the poffibility of recovery.

The first and most natural conclusion was, that his Majefty's horfe was ungovernable; and perceiving that he gradually wheeled to the left, I pushed across the park to meet him and to afford him an opportunity of indicating his danger. On my approaching near enough to diffinguish founds, I heard him call out *Tallce Ho ! Miranda, Tallee Ho ! Halloo, Hestor !* Go forward, go forward, Jowler ! This way your Majefty of Pruffia, this way.

Convinced of the melancholy truth, I obeyed the dictates of duty and conficience, and imparted my belief to Sir G—. It is fearcely neceffary to add, that the Royal Sufferer became incapable of attend-ing to regal and domeflic concerns.

The public forrow, on the occasion, conveys a high opinion of the national character to every Court in Europe.

CHAP.

CHAPTER III.

(22).

CONTAINING

THE

History of what Passed

IN THE

ROYAL CHATEAU

During the painful Indifpolition

now floating on the fusting of the imagination ; and

MAJESTY OF FRANCE.

the subbilly of juvenile purfults.

ROYAL BED-CHAMBER.

ONTAING

APTER MI.

(30)

In popular phrafeology, a man in the fituation of our gracious fovereign is faid to be OUT OF HIS MIND. I think on the contrary, that the Royal Mind is INVERTED. The ideas of younger life are now floating on the furface of the imagination; and those principles of dignity and decorum, from the practice of which he has been deemed a paragon of virtue and domestic excellence, are now buried under the rubbish of juvenile pursuits. In Reference to civil fociety, his Majefty can incur no blame at any time. He is now beyond the reach of moral tranfgreffion.

The SONGS and TOASTS of Bacchanalians are now as inoffenfive to the Deity as the hymns of Angels. And it is a confolation.

SMANE - THE GRAND ANTI-CHAMBER.

addit to a special and the second states a

Hope, faid the Dactar, in a low tone of voicel it

will be a good long job. People hee cauch miftaken,

if they insuring physical man intentionally definey

upon them, and hill on dure at once. If they

DOCTOR

(31)

In Reference to civil fociety, his Majefly can incur no blame at any time. He is *now* heyond the reach of *moral* transgression.

DOCTOR * * * * Solus.

as inoffentive to the Deity as the hymna of Angels.

SCENE — THE GRAND ANTI-CHAMBER.

And it is a confolation.

Hope, faid the Doctor, in a low tone of voice, it will be a good long job. People are much miftaken, if they imagine phyfical men intentionally deftroy their patients. No, no. There are two things equally to be dreaded — DEATH and a RECOVERY. I mean the Death and Recovery of a *ricb* Patient. As to your *poor* Devils, the beft way is to try experiments upon them, and kill or cure at once. If they die die, your attendance dies with them; if they recover, you extend your reputation.

I have reafon to flatter myfelf that this good man will require a new medical eftablifhment for many years perhaps for life. Let me fee, fuppofe we reckon three Phyficians in regular attendance at five thoufand each; with five thoufand more for our own Apothecaries, Affiftants and Drugs. Why that will be only twenty thoufand per Annum — a mere *Bagatelle*. Good Pickings, though, for us; and we may contrive to keep nearly as much private practice as we have at prefent.

The Difficulty is to fecure a part. The other Phyficians are as full of intrigue as the Devil. Egad, every man is for himfelf in this world. I must mind my Ps and Qs with the Queen and the Chancellor. Aye, aye, my boy, that's the mark; they will certainly be the guardians of his person.

The

(33)

The Doctor now rubbed his hands, and fmiled; and precifely at that moment the bell was rung for my attendance in the

ROYAL BED-CHAMBER.

Symptoms of Recovery.

ARRY, faid the King, keep good Company. Methinks I am already dead, and

HENRY the Fifth is crowned. Up vanity! Down, royal flate! all you fage counfellors hence; And at the English Court affemble now, From every region, apes of idleness.

Now,

Now, Neighbour Confines, purge you of your fcum,
Have you a Ruffian that will fwear, drink, dance,
Revel the night, rob, murder, and commit
The oldeft fins the neweft kind of ways?
Be happy, he will trouble you no more,
England fhall give him Office, Honor, Might.
For the fifth Harry from curb'd Licence plucks
The muzzle of reftraint, and the wild dog
Shall flefth his tooth on every Innocent.
O my poor Kingdom, fick with Civil Blows !
When that my care could not withhold thy riots,
What wilt thou do when riot is thy care ?
O, thou wilt be a Wildernefs again,
Peopled with wolves, thy old inhabitants.

(35)

SHAKESPEAR.

I folemnly conjure thee, Harry, keep good company. Be a father to thy fifters, and a hufband to the Queen, thy mother. O, Harry, she well deferves thy tenderness and care.

I

Banish

Banish the Unworthy from thy prefence. They flatter thee, and call thee good and gracious; and so they would the man that had dethroned thee. Princes are always good and gracious to those who fatten on their favors, and from their smiles draw omens of still greater spoils.

Harry, let the Virtuous counfel thee. Study thy People's good. Their interefts are united with thy own. In their happiness thou wilt find thy truest glory.

And remember, Harry, thou art mortal. The vices of thy manhood will plant with thorns the pillow of reflecting age. Be wife in time, and let devotion to thy God obtain a glorious conquest—the conquest of THYSELF and DEATH.

Such was the fubstance of the Royal admonition. The Prince wept and retired. His bofom was convulsed with contending passions.

LADY

LADY HERBER'T and PRINCE HENRY:

SCENE-CLOSET OF AUDIENCE.

LATE IN THE EVENING.

Had just received the Prince's commands, when a confidential Page announced LADY HERBERT.

theurs dominat ? ... Blooming Magins ... preadly

Her Ladyship held a News-paper in her hand, which I afterwards discovered was the Morning Post.

The Prince advanced to meet her, and offered his hand to conduct her to a feat, but her Ladyship rejected
rejected it with difdain, and throwing herfelf on the Sofa, burft into a flood of tears.

Nothing could exceed the aftonishment of His Royal Highness. He entreated her in the most tender and engaging accents to disclose the cause of her uncafiness, that he might at least be allowed to share her distress, if it were beyond his power to remove it.

Apropos! Whence do *Widows* derive their influence over man? Does long experience in the arts of *pleafing* fecure dominion? Blooming *Virgins* proudly difdain the aid of artifice. They exact homage without reward, and attention without reciprocity. But Widows have more fagacity. They know that beauty is a fpecies of excellence that dies with enjoyment. Hence their fuperiority in management and addrefs; and hence they eafily captivate the heart, and detain it in perpetual bondage.

Lady

Lady Herbert is unquestionably a beautiful woman. Too much inclined, perhaps, to Fulness of Figure. And yet I do not know but her Ladyship is indebted to that prominence of habit for much of her personal lovelines and attraction.

(39)

It was an eafy tafk for Sir Joshua to place Garrickbetween Melpomene and Thalia, but to exhibit a countenance alternately expressive of the gaiety of Hope, and the horrors of Despair, was beyond the skill of Apelles. It would be eminently ridiculous, therefore, were I to attempt to delineate, in words, the aspect of Lady Herbert.

My Reader must be content with being told that Ambition, Love, Jealousy and Revenge had commenced hostilities in her breast. Though relieved by tears, the conflict was too fierce to be fustained by her tender frame. The contending passions triumphed, and she sunk into the Prince's arms.

K

Alarmed

Alarmed at her fituation, his Highnefs called for affiftance.—Water and Hartfborn in a moment. In a moment I returned with Hartfborn and Water, and affifted the Prince in this diffreffing event. On the firft fymptoms of returning life, I withdrew to my apartment. Curiofity, however, urged me to the forcen, that from a flight aperture I might view her Ladyfhip after her revival. She ftill appeared languid, and unable to fpeak: and how long fhe might have remained in that condition I cannot judge, had not the Prince preffed her lips with fervor and effect. It was not the cold embrace of compliment, the kifs of wedded indifference, but the feal of attachment, the impreffion of a youth who had kept a Lent of Love.

Sovereign Reftorative! it reaches the heart, and all it's fenfibilities are quickened by the touch. Her countenance brightens, her eyes dart their wonted fires, and Peace refumes it's dominion in her breaft.

And

And now, my deareft Herbert, faid the Prince, whence arofe this mighty commotion? My heart informs me that I merit not cold referve. If love and conftancy be virtues of effimation, I am entitled to a candid avowal, for indeed I love you with increasing ardor, and the power which terminates my attachment will ftop my breath.

The Prince again enfolded her Ladyship in his arms, and claimed an intercourse of wedded rites. And I withdrew.

Harmony thus reftored, the Lady put the Morningpost into his hand, and smiling asked him, whether the provocation was not sufficient? His Highness read, "We are informed that an offer has been made, to a certain Lady, of twenty thousand a year and a ducal coronet, provided she will retire to the continent, as the connection grows troublessome, and in the present state

of

of affairs will prove an infurmountable obstacle to the views

of a great perfonage and his party." *

(42)

And do you fuppofe that I am within the poffibility of countenancing an action fo infamous in it's principle, and difgraceful in it's confequences? Do you believe me to be fo fuperlatively wicked, continued the Prince, as to drive that woman, to whom I have been folemnly pledged at the altar, into a miferable exile? So barbarous, fo abandoned as to facrifice her to the wretched pageantry of a Court? What have you ever witneffed in my conduct, to juftify the bafe fuggeftion? I hope my heart is animated by nobler views, by more exalted fentiments. It is *I, Madam*, who have reafon to complain.

His Highness pronounced the last period with an emphasis that alarmed her Ladyship, and she instantly replied—Forgive the weakness of my fex; I dreaded lest approaching greatness should make my

Henry

6

^{*} I quote from memory, and therefore am not, perhaps, literally accurate: fuch, however, is the purport of the words.

Henry unmindful of his vows; I did not attribute the brutal outrage to your directions; there is no fuffering that I would not encounter, with fortitude, to ferve you —and of that I have given, I think, fufficient proof already.

The Prince, in a tone of dignity and tendernefs, requefted to be informed to what inftance of experienced fuffering her Ladyship alluded.

To my filent acquiefence in Falstaff's denial of our union.

My dear Herbert, faid the Prince, feizing her hand, muft I reiterate my folemn affeverations? Am I unworthy of credit? Once more, then, I proteft by all that is dear and facred, that *Falftaff's* denial of our union was without my concurrence, without even my KNOWLEDGE.

L

And

(44)

And did Sheridan and Edmund the Jesuit act without your authority?

On my honour they did, answered his Highness. Do you conceive that I would facrifice a defencelefs female, and that female the partner of my bed, and the fovereign of my affections, for MONEY? Perdition feize the idea. I informed you long ago of the true motives of Falftaff's conduct. I flood engaged for numerous fums-ten thoufand to _____ * thirty-fix thousand to _____ nine thousand to _____ besides seventy thousand on bond, innumerable leffer. fums, with weighty arrears to my Tradefmen and houfehold. Now Falstaff was apprized of the fcrupulous Economy of the Country Members; he was also alarmed at an opinion in circulation, that the Protestant caufe was in danger from my marriage with a Papift; and for fundry other reafons, which he stated in his apology at Charlton-house, he deemed it conducive to my interest

* I do not think myfelf justified in publishing the names mentioned by the Prince.

to

1

to declare, that the report of our marriage originated in treafon and falshood.

admitting; in candour, that he was influenced by the

(45))

And the *denial* of that marriage, rejoined the Lady, indifputably originated in the perfonal interefts of Falftaff and his Affociates. I am confounded at his affurance! May Heaven in Mercy protect the Kingdom from his intrigues. Illuftrious depravity! It is impoffible to pay a tribute to his abilities, without doing violence to his honor. Every compliment to his *bead*, is a tacit accumulation of infamy on his *beart*.

Give me leave, faid the Prince, to extenuate the criminality of the denial, as far as it refpects any intention of ultimate injuffice to you. Falftaff knew that the union had been properly folemnized. He was prefent, and fo was Edmund. He knew alfo that it was my determination, on acceding to the throne, to repeat the ceremony neceffary to your Coronation; hence he fancied it would be better, on the the whole, to take refuge in the expedient which has fo *juftly offended you*; I fay *juftly* offended you, for admitting, in candour, that he was influenced by the beft intentions in the world, he ought certainly to have confulted me on the occafion; and I truft you will do me the juffice to believe, that I should not have forgotten your happines and my own honor, on the occafion, if I had been doomed, in confequence, to the income of a private Gentleman for life.

I have never, faid Lady Herbert, given attention to a fingle thought unfavorable to your difinterested magnanimity; but I confess I have my fears of becoming an object of popular abhorrence on the ground of RELIGION.

It is impoffible, my dear Herbert, to controul the multitude by argument; I mean in matters of devotion. But it will be laughable enough if either you or I incur cenfure for a predelection to any particular (47)

ticular fystem of Faith; we might reasonably have expected, long ago, to be traduced by IMPIETY. For I believe, Herbert, you have not been at *Mass* fince our union?

No, replied her Ladyship, nor do I purpose to attend the celebration any more. The Catholic Faith was the Religion of my Anceftors, and of those men to whom I gave my hand, and I conceive it to be cruel in the extreme to reproach me for conformity to practices in which I was educated, and which coincided with the devotional fentiments of my dearest Friendships; I am now in a new relation of life, and difpofed to confult the honor and happinefs of my prefent connections; and on this occasion, I conceive my duty and interest flow in the fame channel. Not that Religion is a matter of indifference, far from it. It is the *heart* which conflitutes the effence of true Religion. Without it, ceremonies are abfurd; and with it, they are unneceffary; at least they form fo unimportant a part of public and private devotion, that I can confcientioufly conform - and I will conform to the eftablished

M

Modes

Modes of the Realm. Befides, I have no prefent objection to share my Henry's fate in future life. The idea of a separation, even there, is painful.

The Prince finiled, and returned the compliment with a kifs. And then—I entreat you, my love, make yourfelf perfectly eafy as to every thing elfe. I am at liberty to marry whom I pleafe, when Regent or Sovereign; and if I offer my hand to any other Woman on Earth, may the refentments of mankind record my infamy, and make it immortal.

REFLECTIONS. Confiderable time has efcaped fince Mr. Horne Tooke, a man not entirely unknown, published a pamphlet, charged the Heir apparent with contempt of the Act for the marriage restrictions of the Royal Family, and without apology, or referve, pronounced the Hon. Mrs. Fitz-Herbert confort of the Prince, and the legitimate PRINCESS OF WALES.

(48)

The-

The Chancellor, the Judges, and both Houfes of Parliament muft relinquifh all claim to Patriotifm and Common Senfe, if they permit the affertion to defcend unnoticed to pofterity.

Every inhabitant of the realm is more or lefs interefted in this myfterious bufinefs. Who can tell what diffentions may arife, what treafures may be expended, what blood may be fhed, in future days, from difputable pretenfions to the throne? Now is the time for legal inveftigation. It is a duty we owe to ourfelves and pofterity.

A man of noble birth, filly, and perhaps infane, * was once committed to prifon for a few idle quotations which no one could confute, and for repeating in print what all the world had heard, and all the world believed, the Queen of France is a WHORE. + And does it be-

> * Anno Domini 857. Gordon. + Anno Domini 854.

come

come the dignity of a mighty people to fuffer HIGH TREASON to pafs without cenfure, or legal animadversion?

ROYAL BED-CHAMBER.

blood may be Broth the future days. Com. dip faible pro-

enfaites to the term of Wow is the sime for setal in-

THE RELAPSE.

HARRY! Mind the Prerogatives of the Crown.

Aim to have only two degrees of people in the Rate-

Curb the infolence of purse-proud citizens. Reduce America to unconditional submission. Murray, and Bute, and Jenkinson will instruct thee. Harry! Let us have a fong, my lad. What fay you to fome *catches* and *glees*? Call the Chaplain and let him bear a part.

Tallee bo! Tallee bo! Hector and Miranda against the field.

ROYAL BED-CHAMBER.

beveral, familtones of commilchence had

Et quorum pars magna fui

IT was my fate to be on duty this morning in the King's apartment.

The attendants had been enjoined the profoundeft Silence. No anfwer was to be given to any queftion N proposed. proposed by his Majesty. I am unable to see the wisdom of this injunction. A discreet answer might frequently sooth the patient, and conciliate attachment.

I am confident the prohibition is productive of great mifchief. In evidence of this position, I beg leave to relate a memorable occurrence.

Several fymptoms of convalescence had made their appearance the preceeding day, and with a benevolent view to refresh the domestics, after long and severe attendance, they had leave of absence for three or four hours. Meanwhile I was commanded to remain in the Royal prefence, and to act according to exigencies.

****, faid the King, calling me by name, it is a fine morning, has there been a hunt?

I bowed.

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****, faid the King, again, has there been a hunt this morning?

I bowed.

His Majesty was obviously displeased, but I did not dare to transgress orders.

Give me the lemonade, faid the King.

I gave it, and bowed.

Take the glass, faid he.

I approached to take it. In a moment, he feized me by the collar, threw down the glafs, and then attacked me with fo much vigor and alacrity, that I was conftrained to call for affiftance.

A Phyfician was, happily, in the Anti-chamber and heard me. On feeing him enter the room, the King King defisted, asking me; whether I had found my tongue.

I bowed, and withdrew to change my cloaths, to wash the blood from my face, and to defire Mr. Dundas to give me a lotion proper for assuring my pains.

A Learned Consultation.

SIR LUCIUS AND DR. DUPLICATE.

SCENE-THE ANTI-CHAMBER.

Sir L. WELL, Reverend Sir, what fuccess? The King is convalescent, I suppose?

Dr. D. Don't be fo fanguine, Sir Lucius. We have an unexpected enemy to encounter, a twofold (55)

tempts have been made to oppose it's progress.

Sir L. Pray explain yourfelf. I am defirous of hearing in what refpect you can charge us with neglect.

Toramque hanc, fine fraules quantacunque eft,

Dr. D. Boerhaave fays, expressly, that the topics on which the patient delights to dwell, afford an infallible index of the state of the seminal regions. And it is a maxim of common sense, that a man of vigor is in danger of a *Furor Veneris*, when habitual propensities are checked by external controul. If a patient of confummate chassity, like the King, pronounce aloud, what I blush to repeat even in a whisper, we have reason to dread the refult.

He is now walking about the room, calling for the Queen, in a voice like thunder; and in a fituation, as to drefs, extremely diffreffing to behold. On my requesting O him

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him to go to bed, he answered in terms sufficiently understood from these verses of *Petronius Arbiter*:

En* quod sponte sua solet remitti, Cum mens est pathicæ memor Puellæ ! Prendam te * * *, et tenebo prensam ; Totamque hanc, sine sraude, quantacunque est, Ad costam tibi septimam recondam !

Sir L. And what remedy do you propose Doctor Duplicate? The Queen can administer no relief?

Dr. D. The thought is Blasphemy and Treason. But, as it is judiciously observed in the Aphorisms, there are only two modes of cure. One, by Abstinence and Medicine, termed Non-natural. The other by a more gentle method, termed n The ailias avaipeous di ndowns, xalaGanhowlos work Appodiln impera TH xapavoulos. Each mode is ultimately efficacious, for sublata causa tollitur Effectus. Some Female Nurfes must be immediately provided.

* Indufium Medico oftendens.

Sir

Sir L. You have my hearty concurrence, Doctor Duplicate, in whatever measures you may conceive necessary to the reftoration of our gracious Prince. Out-door Exercife, I acknowledge, is impracticable; the other part of the alternative must therefore be adopted.

(57)

SCANDAL.

other people, fo long will is the fabre to the fame habi-

Bit Innind, and the Gena manustice of Snint hier

LADY ***, and a MAID of HONOR:

ients reard long ago 4.

SCENE.——ANTI-CHAMBER.

per loui regard for your Ladythip, and I and fory your en-

Lady —. I HAT is the reafon, my dear Dy. of my coming fo early. I affure you I had little fleep the whole night, fuch was my anxiety to know the truth of this extraordinary report.

below balow fies hi had not and what and Hon.

Hon. Miss D. And do you really credit a tale, Madam, so improbable in it's origin, and cruel in it's tendency?

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Lady —. Improbable, child! Why they are only flefh and blood. As long as Royalty eats and drinks like other people, fo long will it be fubject to the fame habitudes of mind, and the fame propenfities of animal life. That Eliza is pregnant you will not deny, and I think I have heard you confers that Matilda made her royal parents grand long ago. +

Hon. Miss D. I am shocked, Lady —, at such barbarous infinuations. If it be true, no one shall have the fatisfaction of hearing it confirmed by me. I have great personal regard for your Ladyship, and I am forry your enquiry admits of no other answer. Adieu, my dear Madam, the Queen expects me at her toilette.

+ Take Lord Chefterfield's advice, courteous Reader, do not credit more than *balf* what you hear in this wicked world.

night, fuch was my ansiery to know the truth of shis ex-

Lady

(59) Lady ——. How is the King, Dy? Hon. Miss D. Better, my Lady.

ROYAL BED-CHAMBER.

tone pulte. The equilibrium is mole happily sellered.

and Sir George -midde of fin to windole the bandness

The KNIGHT of CLOACINA.

HIS Majefty was feated in an Arm-chair by the fire, fwaddled in fine *Linen*, like an Egyptian Mummy, when Sir George was announced.

(Gentle reader, *strait waistcoats* are for the Vulgar. If the Sovereign be disposed to be a little *outre* in his deportment, he is pinioned with an envelopement of *Lawn.*)

I am happy to fee your Majesty look fo well this morning. Will you do me the honor to let me feel your pulse?

P

Yes.

Yes, Sir George.

And Sir George made a fign to unloofe the bandage, and liberate an arm. And the attendants did fo.

I very fincerely rejoice, Sire, at the temperate state of your pulse. The equilibrium is most happily restored.

Of the pulse of my right hand, you mean, answered the Sovereign; but you ought to feel *both* hands to draw a just conclusion.

True, faid the Knight *Elect*; I will develop the other arm, and difrobe your Majefty of the whole Involucrum.

conground, its is pistened with an envelopment of

And as the Knight is employed in unfwathing the illustrious patient, permit me to embrace the opportunity of acquainting you, beloved reader, that his Majesty's indisposition indifpolition prevents his attendance in the public temple of CLOACINA. His devotions, however, are duly performed in a Sacellum, erected for the purpofe, in the royal bed-chamber. Here are the Patella, and the Incenfe, and the Linteola ad detergendum. His Majefty has lately propitiated the Goddels by a copious facrifice; and is now meditating a new Order of Knighthood of which Cloacina is to be the Patronels, and Sir George a Knight-companion; and this is the reafon he fits fo peaceably in his chair, fmiling from the anticipation of Sir George's furprize, at his unexpected dignity.

The bandage being removed, Sir George, with a fmile of fubmifion and refpect, drew near to indulge the whim of confulting the other pulfe; when, ob dire misfortune! his royal Patient faluted him with fo tremendous a blow on the Forehead, that he inftantly meafured his learned length on the floor, to the aftonifhment of the attendants, and the exultation of the King.

But

But this is not all. The Sovereign darts into the Sacellum, and in an inftant returns with the Patella, filled with the recent facrifice, and pours it on the vifage of the proftrate Knight.

What a fight! and what a fmell! We ran to fuccour Sir George, but our kind intentions were fruftrated by the Sovereign, who flood over the body of the new made Knight, brandifhed the Patella, and threatened immediate death to all who prefumed to move or fpeak.

It was the practice of our pious anceftors to adorn the monuments of Knights of renown with a full length figure of the deceased, supine, and in the act of supplicating mercy from Almighty God.

Such was the pious attitude of Sir George; an attitude in which he was compelled to remain till the Sovereign had recited the rules of the Order, and fubjoined

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an admonition to the Knight to vindicate, on all occasions, it's dignity and glory.

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He then retired peaceably to his chair, and in an audible voice exclaimed, Rife, Sir George, Knight of the most antient, most puissant, and most bonorable order of Cloacina, Goddess of the Golden Soil. And Sir George arose, and we led him to the pump, to wash off his fragrant honors. And the Sovereign, enraptured with the success of his enterprize, laughed bimself to sleep.

A Holy Conversation.

CANTERBURY and YORK.

SCENE—ANTI-CHAMBER.

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BROTHER Canterbury, how do you do? Here is a devilish piece of work on account of the Prayer for the King. I left it entirely to you.

What

What is the matter Brother York? For my part, I never read the Prayer. I ordered ***, my domeflic Chaplain to look for precedents, and he told me it was an exact Translation of a Prayer drawn up for Edward the Confeffor.

Nor did I give myfelf any trouble about the matter, Brother Canterbury, till I received this anonymous letter from fome *damned Methodift*, as I fuppofe, or *Prefbyterian Fanatic*. (READS.)

" May it please your Grace.

" I Have refolved to exercise the Privilege of an Englishman and a Protestant, and to impart to your Grace my detestation of the terms in which you have been pleased to command us to pray for the Restoration of the Health of our gracious Sovereign.

" I will not notice the composition as a verbal Critic; It is below the dignity of my views. I intend to confine my remarks to the very extraordinary Doctrine respecting the PROPITIATION of the Sovereign. for the fins of his People. And I presume, in the first place, to brand it with IGNORANCE. If we confider, *a priori*, the relation which man bears to his Creator, it is the quintessence of absurdity to imagine that

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any vicarious Sacrifice is neceffary. But if we confult the Pleasure of the Supreme Being, as it is revealed in Holy Scripture, we shall find that a twofold Atonement was offered and accepted.

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" I. The blood of irrational animals, under the Mofaic difpenfation, which was acceptable to the Deity, becaufe that blood was typical of a Sacrifice defined to be offered on the Crofs of Calvary.

" II. The voluntary Sacrifice of the Redeemer.

" In the first Instance, the victim was involuntary. The efficacy of the Sacrifice confisted in the FAITH of the Person by whom it was offered.

" In the fecond Inftance, the Victim ACQUIESCED in the Sacrifice. CHRIST WILLINGLY GAVE HIMSELF A RANSOM FOR HIS PEOPLE.

"To the Charge of Ignorance, I add that of IMPLETY. Impiety to the Son of God, for placing in competition with his infinite excellence, a weak, finful, Man---a Man of like passions with ourselves.

"If our gracious Prince be a propitiation for our fins, it is indifpenfably neceffary, either that he be offered up by the People, or that he devote himfelf, VOLUNTARILY devote himfelf---as an atonement for their offences. But it is false in both respects. He is not facrificed like CHARLES, nor has he devoted himfelf like CHRIST.

For

"For whom does our gracious Monarch fuffer ? For the fins of hise transfatlantic Subjects, who revolted from their Allegiance, or for the fins of the People of Britain who endeavoured to reduce them to obedience ?

"Will your Grace have the goodnels to inform me when the meafure of our Iniquities was full? Did they call for Divine Vengeance at the time we unfheathed the fword againft our Brethren in America? To this caufe are we to afcribe a difmembered Empire, defeated Fleets, captured Armies, and a ruined Commerce? Your Grace cannot be ignorant, that, on this fuppofition, it would have been happy if our crimes had provoked the Deity to afflict the Prince with Madnels, and his-Minifter with Blindnels, I mean corporeal Blindnels, twenty Years ago.

"With refpect to his Majefty's recovery, there ought to be onewish only in the Nation; but for the sake of decency expunge the Popery and Nonfense in our public Invocation.

" I remain,

ONE OF YOUR DIOCESE."

Why we fhall be curfedly laughed at, Brother Canterbury, if this man's ideas fpread among the People. He is up, you fee, to all we know—you underftand the Slang language?

Yes,

Yes, yes, Brother York, he is one upon our Tibby I wifh my Chaplain were at the Devil, for not

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minding what he was about. The truth is, the King was never greatly burdened with fenfe, and therefore fome flight derangement of body has overfet him. But what is that to you or me? We are fnug for life. Let who will fink, we are fure to fwim.

And fo we are, Brother Canterbury. Be fo kind as to pull the bell for the Page; we have been here half an hour, without refreshment; a Bottle of Claret will do us good; or do you prefer old Hock? *Cant.* Let us have both.

ROYAL BED-CHAMBER.

A Bad night, a very bad night. Nothing but Catches and Glees; Tallee ho! and Prerogative; the Queen and Mifs_____.

R

While

that damned Scotchnun flands in my

While on duty, I heard Sir Lucius speak of an admirable stroke of economy practiced by the Lady Mayorefs, and which I publish for the benefit of mankind. When a fowl is killed, the Barley is taken carefully out of the Crop, washed, dried, and given to the other poultry Bravo ! Mrs. Gill; a frugal wife is a treasure to her husband. Memorandum. Let this method be adopted in my own Poultry Yard-----. when I have one.

LORD CYNIC, Solus.

SCENE—ANTI-CHAMBER.

BOTH Parties may go to Hell, for me. I would punish Pitt's insolence by going over—but then that damned Scotchman stands in my way.

Pitt was a curfed Fool to oppose my power of Nomination to the Rolls. I will certainly return the courtefy as soon as I can.

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man A Barbara

No one has ever dared to take a liberty with me before, except that damned bitch Caffandra. I was advifed to move the Lords on that bufinefs, but what fhould I have gained by that? Why only have caufed her to pay the fees of cuftody, and that would have publifhed the Pamphlet all over Europe, and have made me ftill more ridiculous.

Befides, all the World knows that I live with Poll Edmonds, and that fhe is my Whore. And by G-d I am bleft with a very happy affurance, or I never could have put the great Seal to a Proclamation, expressly commanding those, who are near the Perfon of the Sovereign, not to WHORE, nor SWEAR, nor GET DRUNK! Commanding them, at the fame time, to KEEP HOLY the SABBATH DAY!

As to Religion, damme if I care one farthing about it. I am determined to eat, drink, and whore

as

as long as I can—and no longer. As to Politics, I am puzzled how to act. If Falftaff would make an overture, promifing the Seals, I would revolt directly. I do not care a damn for either Party. It was truly remarked, by *Lavater*, on feeing my Picture, "Whether this man is on Earth or in "Hell, I know not, but wherever he is, he is a "TYRANT and will REIGN—*if be can.*" That is

my Temper by G-d.

ROYAL BED-CHAMBER.

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Prayers.

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T was Sunday, and His Grace of Canterbury commanded prayers to be read in the royal apartment.

Dearly beloved brethren, faid the Chaplain.

The

Tallee bo! Tallee bo! faid the King.

The scripture moveth us in fundry places-

Go forward, Miranda, go forward. Tallee ho! Actaon, tallee ho!

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To the end that we may obtain-

Halloo! Ranger, and Swift; Tallee bo, tallee bo! 'Ware Fox, Miranda, 'ware Fox !

that he willight

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The Chaplain looked at Sir George, and Sir George looked at the Chaplain, and then——rifum teneatis amici?—they LAUGHED.

And the King laughed; and we all laughed; and Sir George faid, the prayers have done his Majefty a vaft deal of good; and Doctor Duplicate faid the fame; and that the King might eat his Potatoes with a Knife and Fork, for that he was a great deal better, and he hoped (as how that) his Majefty,

S

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And the King dined comfortably, and was very chearful, and he told Dr. Duplicate and Sir George, that he wished to see them *dance a hornpipe*.

We beg leave, to decline the honor of dancing in your Majefty's Presence.

Sic volo, fic jubeo, flet pro ratione voluntas, faid the Sovereign. Here is my Sceptre, faid he, holding the knife in a threatening posture, and by G—d the man, who prefumes to oppose my Will, shall be instantly——instantly impaled alive.

And the King called for his Flute, and Sir George and Dr. Duplicate danced 'till it was dark. And thus ended the Sabbath day.

REGENCY.

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REGENCY.

FALSTAFF, Solus.

SCENE-CLOSET OF CONFERENCE.

UNHAPPY Man! Curfed precipitance!! To what Supremacy of reputation he is now elevated! How abfurd to contradict my convictions! To that Title by which I have fo fuccefsfully led the Multitude captive, I must renounce every pretension. THE MAN OF THE PEOPLE! (here be ftampt, and wrung his bands in an agony of grief) instead of the Man of the People, I shall now be reviled as the Man of the PREROGATIVE, the Man of unlimited: Power!!!

ENTER EDMUND.

Perdition feize thee Falftaff !--We are ruined-ruined paft the poffibility of recovery ! Under what infernal infatuation were you prompted
prompted to commit the Party on a Doctrine, which no Arguments can fupport—no Sophiftry defend? All the arts of evafion are exhaufted. Prevarication can no longer avail—no Colouring will hide it's deformities—it's TREASON is obvious to all Ranks of men.—Treafon againft the MAJESTY of the PEOPLE, that Majefty which you profefs to vindicate and adore. And *cui bono*? To confirm the Minister's Popularity—to oppose our cause to abhorrence—to endanger even the Affections of the Prince—and

to provoke public Applause, not on cur Measures, but on those of a detested Rival. The City has already taken the Lead, and if some Means be not instantly adopted to stop the contagion, the die is cast for ever.

And now your emotion is fomewhat fubfided, give me leave to demand evidence of the Infallibility of your Judgment, Edmund. Have you not lately publifhed the moft ridiculous effufions of fancy that ever appeared in print? Your Picture of the Prince is fo grofsly overcharged, that, by God, I thought, at first view, it was a Satire on his Highnefs; but your customary exclamations and habitual Phrafes convinced me of the innocent intentions of the writer. I am under the most painful apprehension, less fome shrewd Fellow should favor the public with a delineation of the "PROSPECT behind us" my dcar Joy. The black Clouds that hung

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hung, pregnant with deftruction, over the Territories of the Eaft during our Ministry, will form an admirable contrast with the Indian Ocean, now covered with Fleets of Commerce. The Prospect before us, has no existence but in the imagination. No Mortal can, with certainty, predict the contigencies of human Life. To anticipate facts is the Prerogative of the Deity. But the Retrospect of affairs, the Prospect behind us, is REALIZED. It is on Record, Edmund, that the Pride of France is humbled—that our Commerce is enlarged—that the Finances are in excellent order—that the just Prerogatives of the Crown are inviolate the Liberties of the People fecure—that the Sovereign is revered for his Virtues, and the Minister for the Wisdom of his Head, and

the Patriotism of his Heart.

A Truce, Falstaff. This is not a time for us to quarrel. Humanum est errare. Let us endeavour to repair the mischief which our cause has suftained.

As to the Prince, I am of opinion we may turn the plea of ASSUMPTION to good account. We must tell him it was the refult of ferious deliberation, done folely with a view to afford his Highness an opportunity of displaying his MODERATION.

Good,

Good, by G-d. The Palm of Sagacity, Edmund, is your's. Proceed.

As to the People, we muft befiege them with Pamphlets and inflammatory Hand-bills. And for this purpole we muft draw upon the common fund. When we are in office, it can be eafily replaced under the Head of SECRET SERVICES. We muft alfo endeavour to conciliate confidence, by repealing the *fhop tax*. And you may make a Motion in the Houfe, to bring in a Bill to fhorten the duration of Parliaments. Lord *Boreas* and I will contrive to quafh it. Let me fee—what comes next? The *Slave Trade*—the Minifter, by acting with his ufual caution, has refigned the popularity of that meafure to us. After that; Sheridan thall make a long fpeech about the *Commutation AEt*. And we muft aim, by invective and well-timed infinuation, to deftroy the popular opinion of the ex-minifter's fkill in finance.

And then, Falftaff, we may attack the Company, and riot in the exquisite delights of Infult and Revenge. Afterwards— but I hear the Prince.

ENTER PRINCE HENRY.

Falstaff. I hope your Highness is well? Edmund. Your Highness, I hope, is well?

Prince

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Prince H. I thank you for your obliging enquiries. I am indifposed, and under a necessity of retiring early to bed.

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Edmund. I am very fincerely concerned at your Highness' indisposition. It will be inconvenient, I presume, to honor us with your commands, respecting the Regency?

Prince H. I have not made up my mind on the fubject. A Packet was put into my hands, this morning, containing the Creed of a great, cenflitutional Lawyer, and to confess the truth, I am almost a Proselyte to his Belief. Here it is—read it at your leifure, and favor me with your comments. At all events, the ideas of Alfumption must be abandoned. Adieu. To-morrow, at ten. (Exit. Prince Henry.)

I tell you, Falstaff, we are ruined.

By G-d, Edmund, you are very provoking. Did you ont agree to a truce? What will complaints and recriminations avail now? Read the damned paper, do. I have a Cold.

May it pleafe Your Royal Highness.

Your tender folicitude for an afflicted parent, and the dignity and moderation of your public conduct, at this important crifis,

afford afford

afford an encouraging hope of a mild and beneficent use of the power to which the *People*, in Parliament affembled, have deemed it *expedient* to exalt you.

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Though in habits of confidential intercourfe with men, profligate in principle, and daring in enterprize, Your Highnefs has evinced a laudable reverence for thofe maxims of the conflitution, which feated your anceftors on the Britifh Throne. Whether we are indebted for this forbearance to the legal intelligence, and intimate convictions of your own breaft, or whether we owe the bleffing to the immediate care of Heaven, I do not prefume to determine. To thofe who are honored with your political confidence, the people are certainly under no obligation; for, had their advice been adopted, the Kingdom had been deluged with Cival Blood.

I do not defire to engage the attention of your Highnefs, to an elaborate differtation on the fubject of a Regency, I only afk leave to ftate a few defultory maxims of common *Senfe* and common *Law*. It is not in the province of an honeft mind to confound the Underftanding by abstract fubtleties—to refort to Metaphysics, when common Senfe is repugnant—or to evade the force of truth, by the fophistry of the imagination. The practice I leave to that Man, who can BOAST of his HUMILITY in the fenate, and at

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the fame moment, evince his inordinate felf-efteem, by profefiing a willingnefs to accept a fubordinate employ, (PAX-MASTER of the FORCES,) the Salary of which is fcarcely fufficient for the drudgery, though quite fufficient for his poor abilities and perfonal merits. I am not prefumptuous enough to imagine Your Royal Highnefs fo deftitute of difcernment, as our figurative Declaimer does the Commons of Great Britain.

POSITION I.

Your Royal Highness has no claim, grounded on Constitutional Law, to the Regency of the British Empire.

REMARKS. I make no diffinction between RIGHT and CLAIM. They are convertible terms. A claim founded in law is a right. Parliament may recognize it, but it is folecifical to aver that Parliament adjudges the right.

A claim founded on a QUESTION of RIGHT, may certainly be profecuted by Your Highnefs, as well as by *any other Subject*; though your PRETENSIONS cannot be *legally* admitted, becaufe Your Highnefs and your Minifters are not CONSTITUTIONALLY RESPONSIBLE *.

* Becaufe alfo, if any Credit be due to the Rev. Horne Toole, Your Highnefs is difqualified by marrying a PAPIST.

POSITION

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POSITION II.

The King is not under any LEGAL Incapacity.

REMARKS. Confequently there can be no LEGAL transfer of the Crown, unlefs Parliament, in it's CONSTITUTIONAL OM-NIPOTENCE, reduce the Royal fufferer to a flate of fubjection.

The Alternative is, beyond expression, dreadful. But a SUB-JECT OF a SOVEREIGN is unavoidable.

Two Kings, two Supremacies in a State are a Solecifm.

Contrarieties cannot coexift. Your Highnefs cannot be, at once, SUBJECT and SUPREME, unlefs an OMNIPOTENT parliament new model the Conftitution; which I apprehend they are not difpofed to do,—on the prefent occafion. To your Highnefs, perhaps, they have no perfonal objection. From your private foibles, they are unwilling to predict public mifconduct. But your friendfhips, Sir, *have been* in Power; and the probability of their being reftored to a fituation of Influence and Controul fills the Kingdom with *Terror*.

 will foon awaken the dormant energies of SOCIETY. A voice may be heard PRIOR in the order of existence, SUPERIOR in point of dignity to every federal establishment; a voice that creates Prerogatives and Parliaments, and at pleasure can diffolve them. It is, indeed, most devoutly to be wished, that the VOICE of the PEOPLE, the GENIUS of ALBION may never be heard but in Parliament. And yet, were it not for my respect to Mr. Fox, Mr. BURKE,

Mr. SHERIDAN, and Lord NORTH, I could name the leaders of a Banditti, whofe measures of Rapacity and revenge will probably render an appeal to the RIGHTS of NATURE unavoidable.

POSITION III.

" The Power of the Grown never dies."

An intrepid Minister, whose name will be pronounced with reverence, as long as a Love of Freedom animates a British Heart, afferted, in his Place, that the Power of the Crown never dies. Give me leave, Sir, to affign the reason—The PEOPLE never die.

When the Executive Power is fufpended—when it's DELE-GATED energies ceafe to flow in that LEGAL Courfe, which the wifdom of the Conftitution has defined, *it reverts to the* PEOPLE.

I will dignify the language of the Schools, by using it in the Illustration of important Truth. The Executive Power is that energy

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energy by which the LEGAL RESOLUTIONS of the PEOPLE are carried into Effect. Its existence is two-fold. In the People it refides in *Potentia*; in the Sovereign, in *effe*.

POSITION IV.

When our Ancestors judged it EXPEDIENT to exalt one of the People to the EXECUTIVE Dignity, it was not in their Contemplation to present him with their Lives, Liberties, and Fortunes.

REMARKS. But had they thought proper to difpofe of *themfelves* in this manner, they had no Authority to make *Pofterity*, Slaves. A Man, in a ftate of Nature, has no Superior but the God who made him. He is under no Obligation to enter into Society, but on terms agreeable to himfelf; and if any man, or order of men, attempt to abridge him of his natural Rights, or to violate the compact under which he confented to the reftraints of Society, he is juftified in vindicating his Freedom by Force of Arms.

What is affirmed of an Individual, may be predicated of a community.

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POSITION

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POSITION V.

It is clearly deducible from the preceding Polition, that

The PEOPLE in Parliament may at all Times take into Confideration the State of the Commonwealth, and propose such Laws as may conduce to general Happines.

REMARKS. The EXECUTIVE Power was created for the PEO-PLE, and not the People for the executive Power.

It is effential to Civil Liberty, to separate the Power of making and executing the LAWS*.

Hence no Laws can originate with the Sovereign of these Kingdoms-no Laws can even be proposed by him.

For the Prefervation of his just Prerogatives, and to enable him to comply with the Prayers of the People in case an abandoned Faction should bring the Constitution into danger, he is armed with a NEGATIVE Power of Legislation +.

* Blackftone.

† This is the true conftruction of the act, *Charles* II. If it be fusceptible of any other interpretation, it ought to be repealed.

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POSITION

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POSITION VI.

Kings can do wrong.

REMARKS. The Attribute of Impeccability is fo effentially annexed to the Sovereign, that even Parliament cannot, confiftent with Reafon and Law, transfer it to your Highnefs, unlefs they either declare the Throne VACANT, or adopt the abfurdity of two Supremacies.

But without this PERSONAL PERFECTION of the Sovereign, your Highnels cannot LEGALLY enjoy the Regency ; for the Law knows of no RESPONSIBILITY which may be LEGALLY EVADED.

Such and fo great are the Privileges of a Prince of Wales, that the Law is unable to reach him for common abufes of Truft, and by his Acceffion to the Throne he efcapes its vengeance, even for the most enormous Offences *.

Your Ministry, Sir, meanwhile, would be precisely in the fituation of the fervants of the Crown of France. Under the fanction of your Authority, they are fafe. I challenge the Judges to name any LAW, USAGE, or PRECEDENT by which they can be brought to Justice. And if the Ministers elect attempted fo much when responsible, what will they not accomplish, unfettered by Responsibility?

* The wiklom of parliament may provide a remedy by a new law. POSITION

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POSITION VII.

The prefent confidential Servants of the Crown have the best claim to the Government of the Country, on grounds of LAW and EXPEDIENCY *.

REMARKS. Delicacy and, perhaps, an honeft Pride, may prevent the Minister from disclosing his real Sentiments. I am not in Office, and therefore speak without Restraint.

If Parliament cannot Legiflate, neither can it appoint another to affift them in Legiflation, 'till ROYAL AUTHORITY is obtained for that purpofe. In this view of things, fhould they addrefs your Royal Highnefs to affume the Sceptre, or pafs a Bill by a FICTION to create you Regent, there will be no Allegiance due from the Subjects of the Realm. Quod facis per alterum, facis per teipfum.

Further, is Parliament cannot legislate de Jure, neither can it legislate in conjunction with Your Highness, because the Crown

* They have a *legal* claim by the 38th of Henry VIII. But Mr. Pitt is a Patriot, , and wifely takes the fenfe of parliament. The claim of *expediency* is grounded on . the duty of parliament, to protect the *Perfon*, *Prerogatives*, and PRIVATE Fortune of a poor, afflicted Sovereign; as well as the *Privileges* and *Property* of the People.

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cannot devolve upon you, till the LEGAL demife of the Sovereign. And I dare affirm in the face of Day, if Parliament cannot legiflate, without the concurrence of the LEGAL Sovereign, no act of Government will be VALID, no Mutiny Bill will be of Force, till his Recovery or Demife. We cannot, I repeat it with an emphafis, have Two Sovereigns; and whatever may be the fuccedaneum of the Executive Power, it can only be a SUBORDINATE AGENCY, to which no Allegiance can be due, if Parliament cannot legiflate.

But if Parliament *can* legiflate—and in conftitutional Law, it is Blafphemy and Treafon to deny it—Parliament may appoint a remedy for the prefent evil, with wife precautions for the confervation of the PREROGATIVES of the Crown, and the PRIVILEGES of the People.

I have already remarked, and I dare the Partizans of Faction to fubvert the Polition, *Your Highnels is* INELIGIBLE, becaufe the Law has provided no RESPONSIBILITY, neither to the Sovereigu nor to the People.

The confidential Servants of the Crown should, therefore, be invested by Parliament, with Power sufficient to govern the 7 Country

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Country, till a Jury of Medical Men pronounce his Majesty's disorder INCURABLE *.

In all new cafes, the Sentiments of the People are to be regarded; and perhaps *ninety-nine* in a hundred, throughout the Realm, would rejoice were affairs to remain under the Management of the prefent Ministry.

Of Parliament there is not a shadow of doubt. The acqui- * escence of a respectable majority is certain.

But the moft important confideration, in the prefent cafe, is the RATIONAL WILL of the Sovereign. In the full and indifputable exercise of his reason, he chose the present Ministers of the Crown—they are in possession of his will, with regard to foreign powers—they are in possession of his will, with respect to domession of the will, with respect to domession of the will, with refon, policy, and law, his will, so far as it is confistent with the concurrence of his council, ought to be deemed SACRED. And I am fure Your Royal Highness would one day rejoice, were this maxim to become Law. It would be a confolation to reflect,

* This would be the wifeft measure; for the Act of Henry VIIIth mentions PRIVY council, not CABINET council only.

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that

that you are not in danger of being dethroned by a temporary indifpolition—that your confidential fervants will remain in office —and the meafures of your cabinet be carried into effect, 'till death, or a verdict unfavourable to your recovery, transfer the Royal Prerogatives to your Heir.

Your Father, Sir, may recover. It is the opinion of his Phyficians that he will recover; and I conjure you not to countenance measures, that must inevitably break his heart.

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