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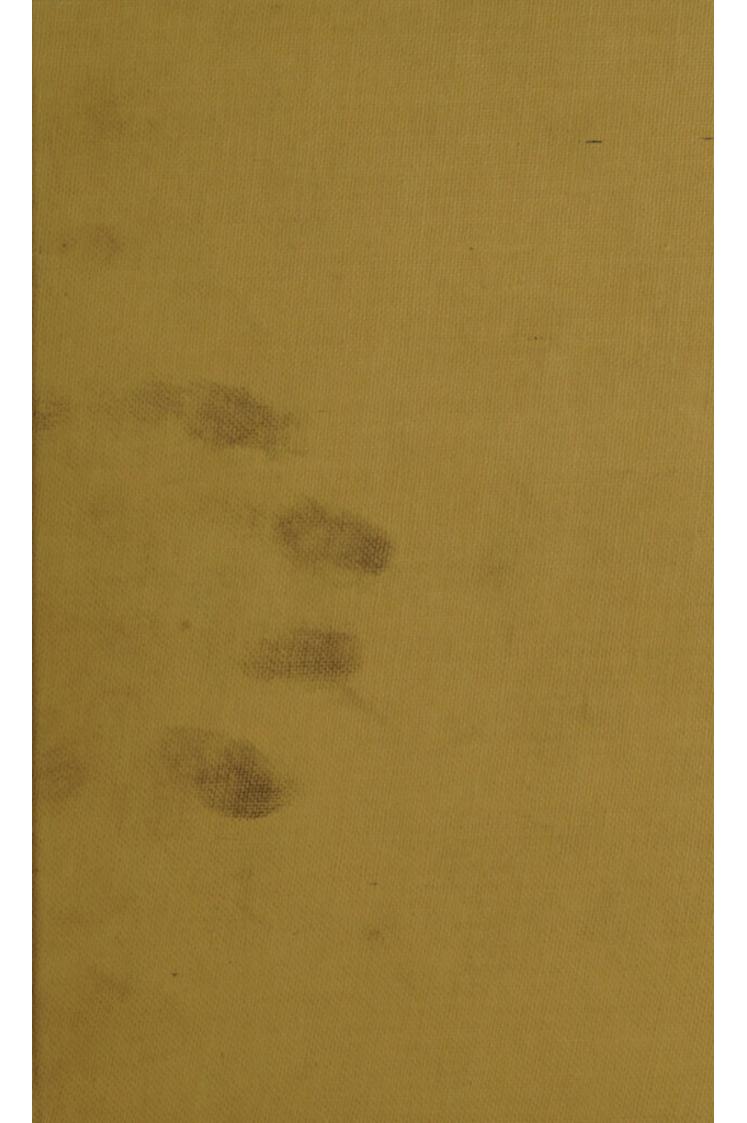
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Seventy-Second Annual Report of the Director of Public Health for the Government of Bombay

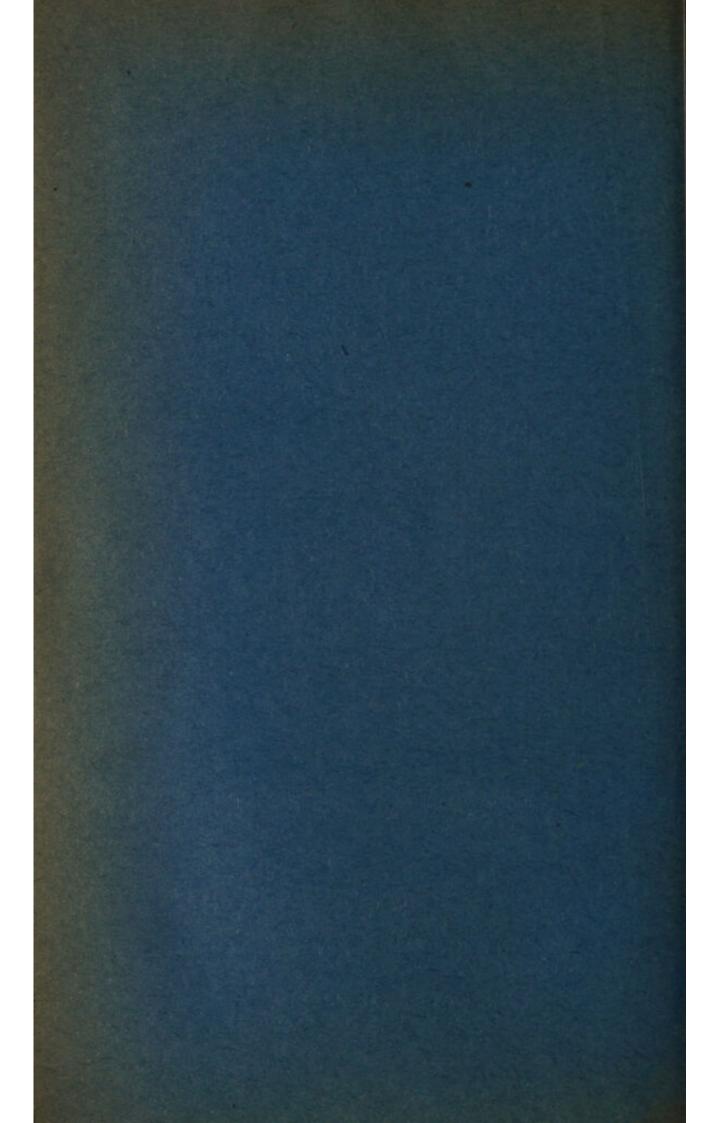
For the Year 1935

With Appendices

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ANNUAL REPORT ON PUBLIC HEALTH, 1935.

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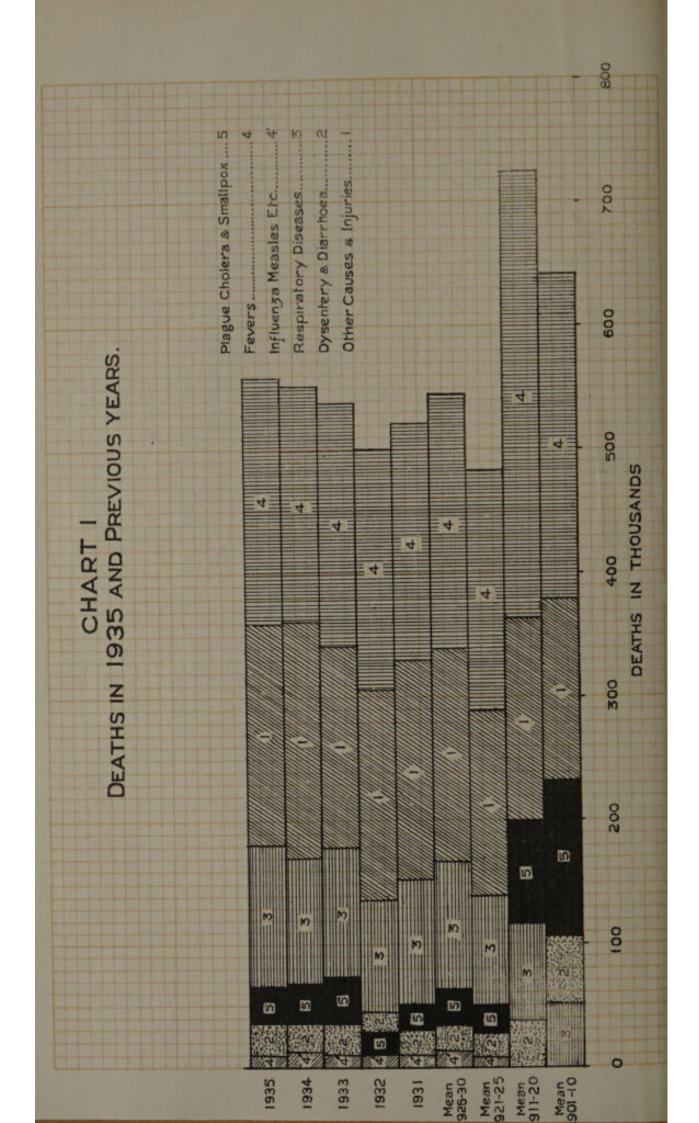
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ANNUAL REPORT ON PUBLIC HEALTH FOR 1935.

CHAPTER I.

METEOROLOGY : ECONOMIC CONDITIONS, *i.e.*, PRICES OF FOOD GRAINS, ETC.

1. Rainfall.—The rainfall during the month of June was in defect of the normal almost throughout the Presidency though the deficiency was not so marked in the Surat District and practically the whole of the Konkan. In July, good rain was received almost all over Gujarat, the Konkan, the East Khandesh District and the Mawal Tract in the Deccan. The rainfall of August was in excess of the normal in the South Deccan and the Karnatak, it being in defect of the usual amount elsewhere in the Presidency. The latter half of this month however brought good and general rain almost all over the Presidency. The month of September opened with good and widespread rain almost throughout the Presidency. The rainfall in October was in excess of the normal over most of the Deccan, the Karnatak and the Kanara District and in defect in the Presidency.

Sind.—The rainfall in Sind during the year was normal in most parts except in Hyderabad and Sukkur Districts where it was below normal. It was mostly limited to the months of July and August.

Gujarat.—In June the rainfall in Gujarat except the Surat District was far below the requirements. In July although it was well received almost all over Gujarat, it proved rather in excess of requirements in parts of South Gujarat in the latter half of the month. The deficiency of rainfall in August was not so marked in South Gujarat as it was elsewhere in the Presidency. The rainfall was rather heavy in September while it was light and scattered in October.

Konkan.—The rainfall in June though below the usual amount, was well distributed. It was good in July, rather deficient in August and widespread in September while it was up to the requirements during the month of October.

Karnatak and Deccan.—In June the rainfall was far below the requirements. In July it was generally inadequate in the Deccan (excluding the East Khandesh District and the Mawal) and the Karnatak. It was in excess in the first half of August while the latter half brought good rain. The rain was widespread during the month of September. In October it was in excess of the normal and was more substantial in the latter half of the month.

2. Prices of food grains.—The prices of food grains in the Gujarat were higher than those in the previous year by 2 per cent. but lower by 5 per cent. in the Deccan, 10 per cent. in the Karnatak and 5 per cent. in the Konkan. The prices in Bombay City were higher by 6 per cent. while those in Sind were not very much higher than in the previous year.

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CHAPTER II.

VITAL STATISTICS (INCLUDING POPULATION AND EMIGRATION AND IMMIGRATION).

3. The Presidency is divided into four Registration Districts comprising twenty-nine Collectorates (including Bombay City); two hundred and forty-four Rural Circles (Talukas and Mahals); one hundred and six Town Circles and eight Cantonments. These divisions are shown in Appendix III to this Report.

Population.—The birth and death ratios are calculated on the census population of 1931. According to this census the population of the Presidency including Sind is 21,808,756 and is distributed as follows :— Rural Circles 17,599,142; Town Circles 4,132,644 and Cantonments 76,970. This population includes the figures for Europeans and Anglo-Indians also. Separate information by localities for these communities is not available.

4. Estimated population.—In accordance with Government of India's letter, Department of Education, Health and Lands, No. F. 96-43/32-H, dated the 15th August 1932, printed in the preamble to Government Resolution, General Department, No. 9227, dated the 26th November 1932, the estimated population for the year 1935 for the Bombay Presidency and the birth and death-rates calculated thereon are given in the following table :—

Census population of 1931.	Estimated mid-year population of 1934.	Estimated mid-year population of 1935.	Number of births, 1935.	Birth-rate per mille of estimated popula- tion.	Number of deaths in 1935.	Death-rate per mille of estimated popula- tion.
21,808,756	22,670,283	22,893,058	806,989	35.25	557,519	24.34

The estimated mid-year population for the year 1931 excluding migration is calculated to be 21,906,147 according to the method of "natural increase". The mid-year population for subsequent years has been calculated by the same method. The figure for 1935 thus obtained is 22,893,058. The birth and death-rates per mille of estimated population for the year 1935 work out to $35 \cdot 25$ and $24 \cdot 35$ respectively as against $37 \cdot 00$ and $25 \cdot 56$ calculated on the census population of 1931. The birth and death-rates on estimated population for the year 1934 were $34 \cdot 43$ and $24 \cdot 45$ respectively.

5. Changes in Area.—There have been no changes in Area during the year.

European and Anglo-Indian Vital Statistics.

6. Europeans.—The European population according to the census of 1931 is 24,604. In 1935, the number of births recorded was 278 against 289 in the previous year giving a ratio of 11.30 per mille of population against 11.74 in 1934. Of the births, 143 were males and 135 females against 164 and 125 in the previous year. There were 100 deaths equal to a death-rate of 4.06 as compared with 101 and 4.11 respectively in the previous year. Of these deaths, 68 were males and 32 females against 72 and 29 respectively in 1934.

7. Anglo-Indians.—The population according to the census of 1931 is 16,106. The number of births registered was 293 against 266 in the previous year. The birth-rate per mille of population for the year under report was $18 \cdot 19$ as compared with $16 \cdot 51$ in 1934. Of the births 152 were males and 141 females against 142 and 124 in the previous year. There were 166 deaths as against 147 in 1934, the death-rate being $10 \cdot 31$ against $9 \cdot 13$ in 1934.

Deaths by Ages.—The age distribution of the deaths of Europeans and Anglo-Indians is as shown in the table below :—

1	The of the				1 69	Deaths, 1935.				
		Age I	periods.		1	Europeans.	Anglo-Indians.			
all it	1 per	and the			112 -					
Under 1 y	rear		· · ·			9	28			
1- 5 y	ears					4	18			
5-10						1	6			
10-15	33					** -	33			
15-20	22					1	3			
20-30	37					7	14			
30-40						11	21			
40-50	33 .					14	23			
50-60	37	1000				23	17			
					1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	30	33			
Over 60	39		1			50	00			
					1000		and and a state of the			
				Tota	1	100	166			

The cause of deaths among Europeans and Anglo-Indians is as shown below :---

		Year.	Cholera.	Smallpox.	Fever.	Dysentery and Diarrhosa.	Respir a to r y Diseases.	Injuries.	All other causes.	Total.
Europeans		1934 1935	•••		7 11	6 4	19 16	6 6	63 63	101 100
Anglo-Indians	••	1934 1935	1 1	2	15 17	12 13	41 46	$\frac{4}{12}$	74 75	147 166

Vital Statistics of Indians.

8. Births.—The total number of births registered during the year under report was 806,989 showing an increase of 26,468 over the figure for 1934 and also an increase over previous 3 decennial mean figures, viz. 1901-10, 617,736, 1911-20, 669,799; and 1921-30, 687,256.

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The number of births recorded in the previous years and the corresponding birth-rates were as follows :---

Years.				Births.	Birth-rate.
1901–10 mear	1		Marrie 1	617,736	33 · 42
1911-20 ,,				669,799	34.20
1921-30 ,,		ing beauting		687,256	35.86
1931				786,571	36.07
1932	144 126	6 Ma . 6 M .		782,917	35.90
1933				793,733	36.39
1934				780,521	35.79
1935				806,989	37:00

9. Provincial birth-rate compared with birth-rates of other Provinces.— The birth-rate for the year for the Presidency as a whole was $37 \cdot 00$ against $35 \cdot 79$ in the previous year. The rates recorded in the Provinces of India for the last two years show an increase in birth-rates in all the provinces except Assam and United Provinces as may be seen in the table below :—

				1934.	1935.
Madras				36.17	36.99
Bengal	14.1			29.34	32.74
Assam			2.	30.62	30.26
Burma				30.22	33.03
Bihar and (Drissa			33.66	34.65
United Prov	vinces			36.74	36.04
Punjab	1946			40.01	45.57
Central Pro	vinces			$44 \cdot 80$	44.93
Bombay				35.79	37.00

The birth-rate in the Bombay Presidency remains high as is also the case with other Provinces and is primarily responsible for the high maternal and infant mortality rates.

10. Birth-rates in Collectorates.—Of the 28 districts in the Presidency the highest birth-rate was recorded in West Khandesh $(51 \cdot 12)$ and the lowest $(14 \cdot 57)$ in Hyderabad. Eleven districts returned a birth-rate of 40 or more per mille of the population, eight between 30 and 40 and nine under 30. In the presidency as a whole the birth-rate for rural areas was $37 \cdot 35$ and for urban areas $35 \cdot 56$ against $36 \cdot 16$ and $34 \cdot 24$ in 1934.

11. Birth-rates in rural areas.—Of the one hundred and eighty-three talukas, petas and mahals in the Presidency proper, one hundred and fifty-four, *i.e.*, 84 per cent. returned rates over 35 per mille of the population; twenty-eight of these areas returned birth-rates over 50 per mille; eighty-one areas, birth-rates between 40 and 50 per mille and

forty-five areas, birth-rates between 35 and 40 per mille. Birth-rates between 30 and 35 per mille were returned by twenty-one areas and rates below 30 per mille were returned by eight areas comprising 4 per cent. of the total areas. The rates varied from $76 \cdot 35$ per mille in Mulshi Petha in Poona District and $58 \cdot 57$ per mille in Bardoli Taluka in Surat District to as low a figure $14 \cdot 15$ in Ambernath Taluka in Bombay Suburban District and $20 \cdot 52$ in Poona City Taluka. The low rate in Ambernath Taluka is due to preponderance of male population in the area and that of Poona City Taluka due to defective registration.

12. Birth-rates in urban areas.—Out of eighty-five urban areas in the Presidency proper, twenty-four returned birth-rates exceeding 40 per mille of population. The number of towns reporting birth-rates between 30 and 40 and 20 and 30 per mille of population were 27 each. The remaining 7 towns recorded birth-rates under 20 per mille of the population as follows :- Yeola 18.98; Mahad 18.71; Ratnagiri 16.27; Bassein 15.45; Poona Suburban 14.15; Sangamner 13.94 and Uran 13.52. Some improvement in registration of births has been noticed during the year. The number of towns reporting rates below 20 per mille has reduced from 12 in 1934 to 7 in 1935, and also the rates for towns, viz., Yeola, Mahad and Ratnagiri have shown an appreciable increase as compared with 1934. Much more improvement is however to be expected in this respect and this will be possible if the local bodies pay more attention to this vital question and the public shake off their apathy regarding notification of domestic occurrences. The officers of this Department during their tours lose no opportunity for stressing the importance of the correct registration of Vital Statistics and means are suggested for improving the system of registration. Registration of Vital Statistics forms the basis of all public health work and unless greater attention to their correct recording is paid, efforts to improve sanitation or public health will not meet with complete success.

13. Births in Bombay City.—The births recorded in Bombay City were 34,114 or 686 more than in the previous year equivalent to a birthrate of 29.37 per mille or an increase of .59.

14. Births in Sind.—The birth-rate for the Sind Registration District was 20.33 per mille of population against 19.53 in 1934. As compared with the previous year an increase of 3,114 births was recorded in the Registration District during the year. The birth-rate for rural areas was 16.81 per mille and for urban areas 37.80 as against 15.96 and 37.27 per mille respectively in the previous year. The urban birth-rate this year also greatly exceeds the rural birth-rate in contrast to the Presidency proper where the reverse is invariably the case. In both urban and rural areas there was an increase of 350 and 2,764 births respectively as compared with the previous year. In spite of the above increase the returns do not show any improvement in the registration of Vital Statistics as can be seen from the continued disparity between the figures recorded in rural and urban areas. During the year under report all the districts except Karachi, Nawabshah and Thar and Parkar showed an increase in births which was more marked in Sukkur and Larkana districts than in the rest. Thar and Parkar District recorded a fall of 976 births as compared with the preceding year. Of the sixtyone talukas and mahals in Sind not one returned a birth-rate above 40 per mille of population. One recorded rate between 30 and 35. Sixteen talukas had rates between 20 and 30, thirty-seven talukas between 10 and 20 and seven talukas below 10 per 1,000 of population. Among urban circles also the variations in birth-rates are marked and reflect rather adversely on the system of registration. Of the twenty town circles only one recorded a birth-rate of over 40 per mille of population, viz., Karachi (50.86). Five had birth-rates between 30 and 40, three between 20 and 30, nine between 10 and 20 and the remaining two below 10 per mille of population.

15. Births in Cantonments.—Of the eight Cantonments, Karachi $(59\cdot94)$, Ahmednagar $(29\cdot08)$, Kirkee $(27\cdot37)$, Poona $(15\cdot32)$, Ahmedabad $(15\cdot25)$ and Deolali $(14\cdot39)$ show high birth-rates while low rates were recorded in Hyderabad $(9\cdot48)$ and Belgaum $(5\cdot72)$.

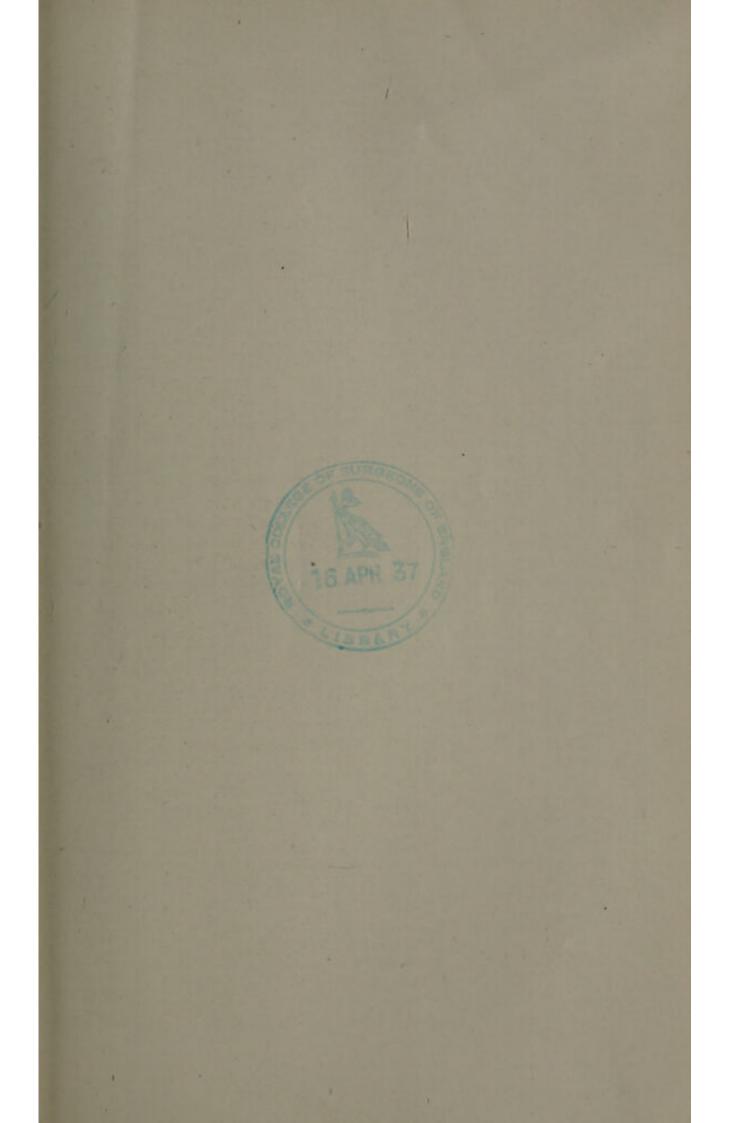
16. Births according to sex.—Out of the 806,989 births, 419,470 were males and 387,519 females equal to ratios of 19.23 and 17.77 per mille of population as compared with 404,571 and 375,950 and 18.55 and 17.24 respectively in the previous year. For every 100 female births there were 108.24 male births, the previous year's ratio being 100 to 107.61.

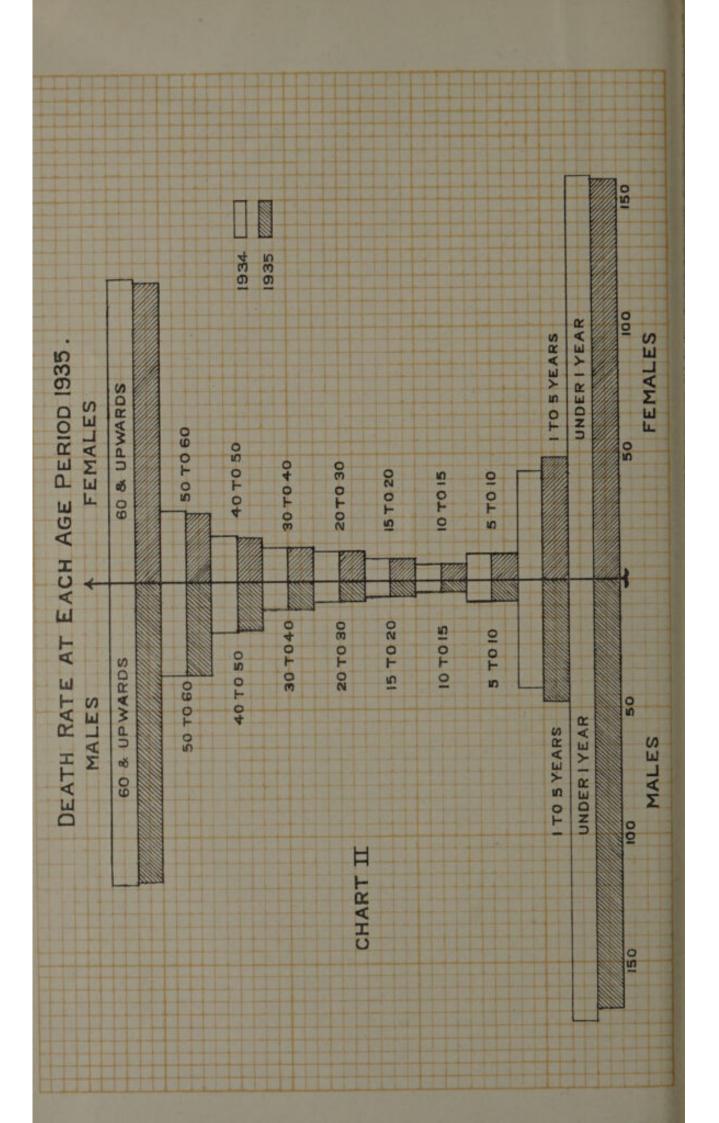
17. Still-births.—During the year, 13,738 still-births were registered, i.e., 1.70 for every 100 live-births. The percentage of still-births to live-births recorded varied from $\cdot 11$ for Thar and Parkar District to 6.86for the city of Bombay. Distribution by classes, sex and Collectorates is shown in Annual Form No. I-A.

18. Verification of Vital Statistics.—The Officers of the Public Health Department detected 567 births and 7 deaths in the Central Registration District, 796 births and 46 deaths in Northern Registration District, 631 births and 57 deaths in Southern Registration District and 206 births in Sind Registration District which had not been registered.

19. Deaths.—The year under report shows a slight increase in the recorded deaths as compared with those of the previous year. The total number of deaths registered was 557,519 in 1935; 554,311 in 1934, the quinquennial average being 536,568 (Graph No. I). The number of deaths recorded in previous years is given in the following table :—

Year.			Deaths.	Death-rate.
1901–10 m	ean	 	639,483	34.55
1011_90	,,	 10.8	722,331	36.86
1001 30	,,	 	514,420	26.73
1931		 	519,377	23.82
1932	0.3	 	502,474	23.04
1933		 In Taxar	540,677	24.79
1934	·		554,311	25.42
1935		 ·	557,519	25.56
1000	a second second second	 	Contraction of the second	





20. Death-rate compared with those of other Provinces.—The recorded death-rate for the whole Presidency works out to $25 \cdot 56$ per mille. The death-rate in 1934 was $25 \cdot 42$, the quinquennial mean being $25 \cdot 32$. The death-rates in the Provinces of India show a decline in all the provinces except Assam as may be seen in the table below :—

			1934.	1935.
Madras			 24.95	24.89
Bengal		100.000	 23.58	22.67
Assam			 19.64	21.41
Burma			 20.62	20.42
Bihar & Orissa		A Davis A.	 26.05/	$25 \cdot 13$
Punjab			 27.70	$24 \cdot 89$
Central Provin	ces	Inches and a	 $37 \cdot 22$	34.35
United Provine	ces	1. 1	 26.75	24.78
Bombay			 $25 \cdot 42$	25.56

21. Death-rates in Collectorates.—In the Presidency proper the districts of Nasik, West Khandesh, Sholapur, Kanara, Ahmednagar, Poona, Panch Mahals, Bombay Suburban, Thana and Surat showed an increase which was rather marked in Nasik (36.36), West Khandesh (35.95), Sholapur (35.69) and Kanara (28.61). The death-rates for rural and urban areas for the Presidency as a whole were 25.18 per mille and 27.22 per mille respectively against 25.16 and 26.47 in 1934.

22. Death-rates in rural areas.—Of the one hundred and eightythree talukas, petas and mahals in the Presidency proper no taluka recorded a death-rate above 50 per mille of population. Eleven returned death-rates between 40 and 50 per mille, twenty death-rates between 35 and 40 per mille, thirty-eight between 30 and 35 per mille, ninetyeight between 20 and 30 per mille and the remaining sixteen returned death-rates below 20 per mille. There is no material variation in these figures from that of last year's figures. The highest rate was reported in Malegaon Taluka of Nasik District which was due to higher incidence of cholera and fevers in the taluka during the year and lowest in Ambernath Taluka.

23. Death-rates in urban areas.—Out of the eighty-five urban registration circles in the Presidency proper three reported a death-rate over 50 per mille, 7 returned death-rates between 40 and 50 per mille of the population, eleven death-rates between 30 and 40 per mille, thirty-three death-rates between 20 and 30 per mille and the remaining thirty-one returned death-rates below 20 per mille. Death-rates in these groups of urban areas are practically the same as last year; the only differences are the number of urban registration circles reporting death rates between 30 and 40 has fallen from 18 to 11 but there is an increase from 27 to 33 in the group reporting death rates between 20 and 30. Death-rates varied from $55^{\circ}26$ per mille for Borsad town and $54^{\circ}36$ for Viramgaum town to $8^{\circ}70$ per mille for Uran and $10^{\circ}18$ for Honavar town. The death rates of towns in Gujarat are as a rule higher

than the death-rates of rural areas. The main causes of this high death rates are fevers and respiratory diseases among which tuberculosis may be taken to play an important role. The towns on the coast line are the healthiest in the Presidency and Uran which is a popular health resort returns the lowest death rate. The deaths recorded in Bombay City were 29,117 or 1,920 more than in the previous year the ratio being 25.07 per mille or an increase of 1.66.

24. Death-rates in Sind.-In Sind Registration District 47,249 deaths were registered as against 48,489 in 1934. The recorded death-rate for the whole province works out to 12.19 per mille in 1935 as against 12.51 in 1934 and 16.47 the decennial mean. The highest death-rate (15.31) was recorded in Karachi District and the lowest (7.18) in Upper Sind Frontier District. All the districts except Karachi, Hyderabad and Thar and Parkar districts show lower death-rates than in the previous year and all the districts except Hyderabad show lower death-rates than the mean of the previous 5 years. The urban death-rate in 1935 was 20.36 as compared with 18.68 in 1934. The urban death-rates varied from 28.92 per mille in Hyderabad town circle to 2.99 for Nawabshah town circle. Out of the twenty urban circles in Sind four recorded death-rates above 20 per mille and the remaining sixteen returned deathrates below 20 per mille. The rura¹ death-rate during 1935 was 10.53 as compared with 11.26 in 1934. It varied from 20.56 in Diplo rural circle of Thar and Parkar District to 5.38 in Tatta rural circle of Karachi District. Out of the sixty-one talukas and Mahals in Sind, only one returned a death-rate between 20 and 30 per mille of the population, thirty-two death-rates between 10 and 20 per mille and twenty-eight death-rates below 10 per mille. Registration of Vital Statistics in Sind is defective as is clear from some of the rates quoted above. For instance the death rates of 2.99 reported for 1935 and 2.56 reported for 1934 by Nawabshah Town are evidently due to many deaths being missed.

25. Death-rates in Cantonments.—The lowest death-rate (5.96) was recorded in Hyderabad cantonment and the highest (28.77) in Kirkee. The death-rates recorded in other Cantonments were Ahmednagar 18.58, Karachi 15.86, Poona 14.33, Ahmedabad 12.84, Deolali 11.94 and Belgaum 6.93 per mille of the population.

26. Excess of births over deaths.—During the year under report 806,989 births were recorded. Out of these 657,257 were in rural areas while 149,732 recorded in urban areas. The total number of deaths recorded in the Presidency was 557,519 of which 442,913 were reported from rural areas and 114,606 from urban areas. The excess of births over deaths was 249,470 against 226,210 in 1934.

27. Deaths according to sex.—During the year under report the deaths of 288,120 males and 269,399 females were recorded giving death-rates of $25 \cdot 14$ per mille and $26 \cdot 03$ per mille respectively against $24 \cdot 93$ and $25 \cdot 95$ per mille in 1934. In the Presidency the ratio of male to female deaths among the total deaths was $106 \cdot 95$ to 100 as compared with $106 \cdot 37$ to 100 in 1934. In Sind the ratio of male to female deaths was $129 \cdot 34$ to 100 as compared with $127 \cdot 21$ to 100 for 1934. In Bombay City the figure was $120 \cdot 28$ to 100 as compared with $119 \cdot 47$ in 1934.

28. Deaths by castes or classes and by sex are recorded in Annual Form No. V, Appendix III.

29. Deaths according to causes compared with previous years.—The following table shows the number of deaths in 1935 and the ratios per 1,000 of the population arranged according to causes and contrasted with the figures for 1934 and with the average for the preceding five years:—

Anna and an and a first		193	4.	193	5.	Mean for five years.	
and the second second		Number.	Ratio.	Number.	Ratio	Number	Ratio.
Cholera		11,362	· 52	11,235	•51	10,860	•51
Small-pox		5,516	•25	13,976	•64	7,834	• 39
Plague	••	13,307	•61	2,453	•11	12,169	•56
Fevers		201,405	9.24	204,752	9.39	202,319	9.56
Dysentery and Diarrhœa		26,301	1.20	26,130	1.19	25,025	1.18
Respiratory Diseases		106,568	4.89	115,262	5.28	99,588	4.70
Injuries		8,059	•37	8,036	• 36	8,001	•38
Other causes		181,793	8.34	175,675	8.05	170,772	8.04
All causes		554,311	24.42	557,519	25.56	536,568	25.32

Graphs showing the incidence of deaths under the chief causes for the year under report compared with the previous years are shown in Charts I and IV. Graphs showing the annual incidence of deaths under the chief epidemic diseases, Cholera, Small-pox and Plague are shown in Chart VII.

Infant Mortality.

30. There were 132,244 deaths under one year giving a ratio of $163 \cdot 87$ per 1,000 registered births as against 130,635 or a ratio of $167 \cdot 37$ in 1934. This rate is lower than that of 1934 but is still higher than ratios of three years prior to 1934. The male and female rates were $170 \cdot 27$ and $156 \cdot 95$ respectively as against $174 \cdot 82$ and $159 \cdot 35$ in 1934. Of the infants who died, 50,634 i.e., $38 \cdot 28$ per cent. of the total infant mortality died before they were one month old, 28,514 of these were under one week and 22,120 over one week. Of the remaining 45,800 i.e., $34 \cdot 63$ per cent. were over one month and under six months and 35,810 i.e., $27 \cdot 08$ per cent. were between six and twelve months old. In 1934 the percentages in these age groups were $38 \cdot 14, 35 \cdot 25$ and $25 \cdot 85$ respectively.

31. Infant Mortality in the Provinces.-In the provinces of India the infant death-rates are as under :--

Infant	deaths	Der	1.000	registered	births :
TTTTTTT	CLUDE DALLS	the second of	and the second	The second second second second	and the second of the second s

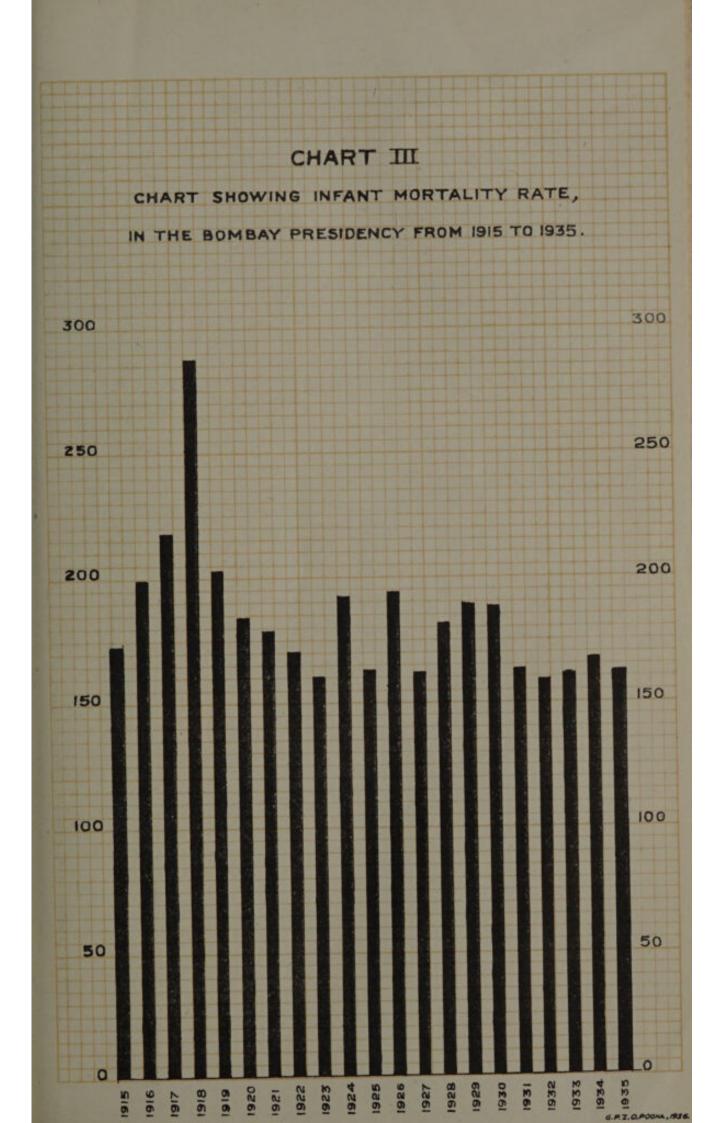
	1934.	1935.		1934.	1935.
Madras Bengal Assam Burma	 192.68189.2165.36219.39	$178.47 \\ 158.51 \\ 163.22 \\ 186.04$	Bihar and Orissa. Punjab United Provinces. Central Provinces. Bombay	149.95187.40184.64253.47167.37	129·20 155·19 157·20 223·54 163·87

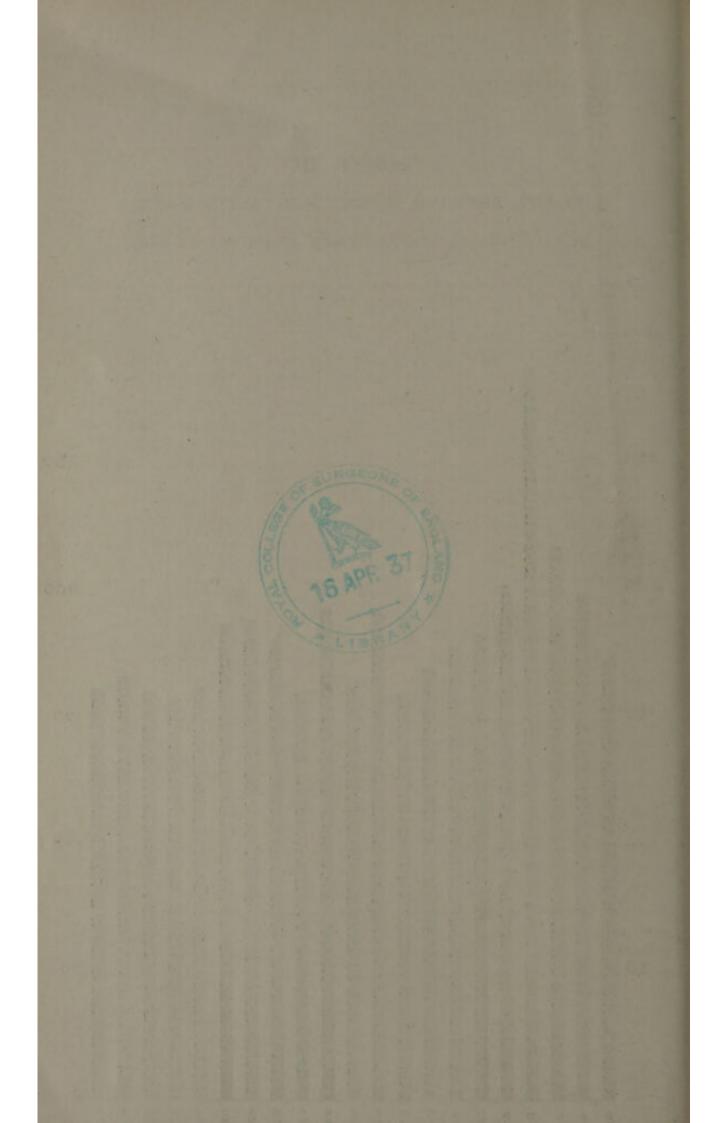
From the above table it will be seen that Central Provinces recorded the highest infant death-rate per 1,000 registered births and Bihar and Orissa recorded the lowest. There was a decrease in the infant deathrates over those of the previous year in all the Provinces of India, Bombay and Assam showing the smallest decrease.

32. Infant Mortality in urban and rural areas.—The urban and rural infant death-rates per 1,000 registered births for the Presidency as a whole were 213.95 and 152.43 respectively as compared with 218.98 and 155.70 in the previous year. Infant mortality in 1935 compared with previous years is shown in the table below :—

Year	r.	Deaths	under 12	months.	Births registered.			Infant death-rate per 1,000 births.			Infant deaths per 100 of total
		Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	deaths,
1935		71,423	60,821	132,244	419,470	387,519	806,989	170.27	156.95	163.87	23.72
1934		70,727	59,908	130,635	404,571	375,950	780,521	174.82	159.35	167.37	23-57
1933		69,270	58,257	127,527	412,227	\$\$1,506	793,733	168.04	152.70	160.67	23.69
1932		66,762	55,676	122,438	406,947	375,970	782,917	164.05	148.09	156.39	24.36
1931		69,644	57,499	127,143	409,100	377,471	786,571	170.23	152.32	161.64	24.48
1930		72,497	61,673	134,170	372,205	344,747	716,952	194.78	178.89	187.14	24.06
1929		74,793	63,809	138,602	379,817	351,997	731,814	196.92	181.27	189.39	23.69
1928		71,611	60,302	131,913	380,159	351,488	731,647	188.37	171.56	180:30	25.23
1927		61,564	52,445	114,009	366,694	339,591	706,285	167.89	154-43	161.42	23.13
1926		75,030	63,183	138,213	368,823	341,312	710,135	203-43	185.12	194.63	25.23
1925		58,083	49,551	107,634	346,373	318,011	664,384	167-69	155.81	162.01	23.73
1924		70,489	59,950	130,439	353,631	327,690	682,321	198.77	182.95	191.17	24.63
1923		59,228	49,684	108,912	354,890	327,020	681,910	166.89	151.93	159.76	21.93
1922		57,130	47,841	104,971	323,631	297,139	620,770	176-53	161.01	169:10	23-11
1921		60,231	51,023	111,254	325,751	298,889	624,640	184 .90	170.71	178.11	22.3
1920		59,236	49,440	108,676	309,463	283,712	593;175	191.42	174.26	183.21	19:30
1919		58,950	51,398	110,348	285,195	261,265	546,460	206.70	196.73	201.93	17.3
1918		94,553	83,124	177,677	322,546	296,678	619,224	293 14	280.17	286:93	10.35
1917		79,984	71,649	151,633	363,460	336,362	699,822	220.06	213.01	216.67	18-9
1916		75,328	65,304	140,632	365,057	339,615	704,672	206-34	192.29	199.57	21.5
1915	+ .	67,440	57,559	125,009	376,930	349,850	726,780	178-92	164.55	172.00	24.4

10





Among the towns the following recorded the very high rates :--Viramgaum (453.31), Yeola (446.54), Nadiad (386.17), Poona Suburban area (330.51), Pandharpur (323.45), Poona City (320.25), Dakore (304.34), Mehmedabad (294.92), Ahmedabad Cantonment (289.47), and Ahmedabad (280.19). The highest rural infantile death-rate was recorded in Kanara (202.77) and the lowest in Larkana (66.11).

Detailed figures are given in Annual Form No. VI (a).

33. As regards measures taken to reduce infant mortality, the Assistant Director of Public Health, Southern Registration District, Belgaum, writes :—

"Thirty midwives were entertained by 21 different municipalities during the year as compared with 25 by 18 municipalities during the previous year. Gokak and Bail Hongal Municipalities in Belgaum District and Ilkal town in Bijapur District entertained one midwife each during 1935. One more qualified midwife was newly engaged by each of the Municipalities of Hubli and Sirsi in addition to those already in their services. The midwives attended 1,806 confinements.

The Lady Health Visitor entertained by the Belgaum Infant Welfare Centre gave health talks to mothers with the help of posters. The number of visits of infants and toddlers to the centre was 1,166 and 10,160 respectively. Milk, suji, fruit juice, codliver oil, etc. were given to children free of charge according to their needs. The Lady Health Visitor also gave treatment for minor ailments such as sore eyes, constipation, indigestion, fever, cough, etc.

Eleven taluka midwives entertained by the Dharwar Red Cross Society were attached to different Taluka Dispensaries. Ante-natal and post-natal advice was given in rural areas and 386 normal and 58 abnormal cases were treated by them during the year.

Bijapur branch of the Bombay Infant Welfare Society carried on its work in the centre. 4,709 baths were given to babies and 5,695 babies were given milk. 7,673 babies were treated for ear, eyes and nose complaints. Médical treatment was given to 142 mothers.

Nineteen midwives attached to different institutions in Sholapur town gave ante-natal and post-natal advice to mothers. 1,541 confinements were attended by them. The four midwives in the Civil Hospital attended 103 confinements. Magic lantern lectures and demonstrations on different health subjects and general sanitation were arranged by the Municipality in different localities in the city.

Magic lantern lectures on child welfare, village sanitation, malaria and other infectious diseases were given by the Exhibition Assistant under the Baby Week Committee in Karnatak Division of Hubli, in Ranebennur, Haveri, Gadag and Hubli municipal areas and Gadag, Gokak and Bharat Mills of Hubli and in five different villages in the district. Health Week was celebrated from 28th September to 7th October 1935 in almost all the villages in Sholapur district under the auspices of the Village Improvement Committee. A number of magic lantern lectures were delivered by officials and non-officials on sanitation during the week."

The Assistant Director of Public Health, Sind Registration District, Karachi, reports :---

"In Hyderabad town, the Lady Health Visitor paid 2,415 visits to waiting, delivery and other cases after child birth. The municipal midwives conducted 692 labour cases. As usual the child welfare centre at Trans-Fuleli quarter was kept open twice a week. 876 children and infants attended the centre during the year. All the infants and children were weighed.

In Sukkur town the maternity home (opened in July 1931) is under the charge of a qualified lady doctor, besides two qualified nurses and one qualified dai are employed. 415 labour cases as compared with 370 in 1934 were conducted in the Maternity Home. The Maternity and Child Welfare Centre opened by the Red Cross Society in September 1931 continued to do excellent work under the able guidance of the Health Visitor. She supervised 22 labour cases in private homes conducted by dais, attended to 134 ante-natal cases and examined and advised 462 Gynæcological cases. Besides this she trained eleven dais eight of which passed in the test held by the Civil Surgeon. They are now employed at different places in Sind. The Health Visitor (Mrs. Herring) was sent to Dharampur for attending a six week's course on Tuberculosis.

In Rohri town also there is a maternity home under the charge of a qualified Lady Doctor.

In Larkana there are two maternity homes, one private and the other municipal. Propaganda was conducted by the Municipal Officers with the help of leaflets advising the mothers the importance of breast feeding for infants, the necessity of employing only trained and qualified dais for conducting deliveries, the proper ways of feeding children and protecting them and their food from flies.

In Shikarpur town, there are two maternity hospitals, the Lady Dufferin and Ishwari Bai Maternity Home. The former is under the charge of a Lady Doctor and the latter under a trained nurse. During the year the Ishwari Bai Maternity Home conducted in all 480 cases of delivery.

The Assistant Director of Public Health, Northern Registration District, Ahmedabad, reports :---

"The Medical Officers of Health, Ahmedabad, Nadiad and Surat Municipalities have remarked that the position with regard to midwifery was improving and people showed signs of appreciating methods of clean midwifery. More midwives are under training... In Ahmedabad the number of maternity homes had increased." The value of maternity homes is being realised in the mofussil and the requests for help were received by the Bombay Mofussil Maternity Child Welfare and Health Council from 25 centres. An important step in this movement is the establishment of Health Visitors' Institute in Bombay. This Institute is conducted by the Bombay Presidency Infant Welfare Society with the help of Government, Nagpada Neighbourhood House, medical practitioners and others. In 1935, six lady students were trained 4 of whom were awarded the diploma of Health Visitors.

Other activities regarding maternity and child welfare are given separately under Sanitary Associations and Health and Baby Week in Chapters IX and XI.

The following is a brief extract from the section that deals with infant mortality in the Annual report of the Executive Health Officer, Bombay Municipality :---

Bombay City.—The deaths among infants under one year of age numbered 3,455 being 202 more than in the preceding year and 981 more than the annual average in the decennium 1925–1934.

The infant mortality rate expressed as the number of deaths in infants per 1,000 registered births was 245 including Europeans and Anglo-Indians for the year 1935 the lowest rate was 218 registered in 1932.

Of the 8,455 infants who died within one year from their birth 6,906 cr 81.7 per cent. were born in Bombay City and 1,549 or 18.3 per cent. in the mofussil. The births of these 1,549 infants were thus not registered in the City register. If, therefore, the figure 1,549 be excluded from the total number of infants who died in the City during the year, the rate of infant deaths including Europeans and Anglo-Indians per 1,000 births registered would be 201 instead of the official figure 245 as shown above.

Cause of Death.—It will be seen that 6,319 or nearly 74.7 per cent. of the total deaths in infants were due to diseases of the Respiratory System, Infantile Debility and Premature Births, against 6,350 deaths or 77 per cent. in 1934. Diarrhœa and Enteritis caused 425 deaths, Malaria, Ague and Remittent Fever 155 deaths, Fever not defined 141 deaths and Convulsions 563 deaths. The deaths from Small-pox and Measles numbered 306 and 60 respectively.

Of the total deaths among infants, 1,828 or 21.6 per cent. took place in the first week of life and 1,397 or 16.5 per cent. in the age period of 1 to 4 weeks.

The mortality among infants who had not completed the first month of life was thus 3,225 or $38\cdot 1$ per cent. of the total infant deaths. The number of deaths in the groups 4 weeks to 6 months and 6 to 12 months was 2,199 and 3,031 being respectively $26\cdot 1$ and $35\cdot 8$ per cent. of the total infant mortality.

Infant Mortality by Races.—Infant mortality among the principal castes are Hindus, other castes, 264 per 1,000 registered births, Hindus

low caste 282, Mussalmans 208, Parsees 92, Jews 116, Indian Christians 217, Anglo-Indians 70 and Europeans 28.

Prevention of Infantile Mortality.—The work which is being done in Bombay for the reduction of infant mortality may be described under the following heads :—

(i) Visits by the Municipal District Nurses for the purpose of getting into touch with prospective mothers and for discovering cases of sickness especially among women and children and unvaccinated children; for enquiry into the condition of new born infants; and for giving instruction by homely talks as to the care and rearing of children.

(ii) Attendance on confinements.

(iii) Provision of necessaries and comforts during the lying-in period

(iv) Maternity Homes.

(v) Infant Welfare Centres and Infant Milk Depôts.

Municipal Maternity Homes.—There are now five Maternity Homes maintained by the Municipality.

The total number of women admitted during the year was 4,862 as against 5,050 in 1934. The number of cases confined in the Homes was 4,347 as against 4,384 in 1934. Of the women confined 896 were primiparæ.

It is interesting to note that out of 36,757 births (including 2,329 still-births) registered in the City in 1935, 25,433 or 69.2 per cent. took place in Maternity Homes, as against 68.3 per cent. in 1934.

Infant Welfare Society.—This Society has been doing good work. At the end of the year there were 7 centres, three Maternity Homes and one Creche at DeLisle Road. Each centre is in charge of a Lady Doctor (full time), graduate of the Bombay University, under whom there is a Supervisor and a Health Visitor; the former is a fully qualified, diplomaed nurse and the latter is a qualified Maternity Nurse.

34. Summary of Vital Statistics of the chief towns.—The Birth and Death Returns of the chief cities may be briefly noted as follows :—

Bombay.—Population, 1931 census—1,161,383. The registered births numbered 34,114, equal to a birth-rate of $29 \cdot 37$ as compared with 33,428 and $28 \cdot 78$ respectively in the previous year. The registered deaths numbered 29,117 as against 27,197 in 1934. The death-rate per mille of population was $25 \cdot 04$ against $23 \cdot 41$ in 1934. The number of infant deaths exclusive of Europeans and Anglo-Indians was 8,439 equal to a ratio of $247 \cdot 55$ per 1,000 registered births as against a ratio of $245 \cdot 93$ in 1934. The chief causes of deaths shown in the returns were respiratory diseases and all other causes. Pneumonia, as usual, was prevalent in the city throughout the year under report and claimed 8,734 deaths. Cholera caused only 13 deaths, Small-pox 1,248, Plague 1, while Influenza was responsible for 71 deaths as against 98 and Cerebro-spinal fever 134 deaths against 65 in 1934.

Ahmedabad .- Population, 1931 census-310,000. The number of births registered was 17,110 equal to a birth-rate of 55.19 as against 16.311 and 52.62 respectively in the previous year. The registered deaths were 13,941 corresponding to a death-rate of 44.97 as compared with 14,707 and 47.44 respectively in 1934. The number of infant deaths was 4,794 equal to a ratio of 280.19 per 1,000 registered births as against a ratio of 315.68 in the previous year. The chief causes of deaths shown in the returns were Respiratory Diseases, all other causes and Fevers. Cholera and Plague were absent. Small-pox recorded 481 deaths. Cerebro-spinal fever claimed 180 deaths during the year as against 344 in 1934. The incidence was not confined to any particular locality. The highest incidence was however, observed in the congested part of the city. The rise was noticed to be associated with cold weather while the remaining part of the year had only sporadic cases. Twenty-four deaths from Enteric fever, 138 from Measles, 156 from Malaria, 3 from Influenza, 729 from Pneumonia, 1,090 from Phthisis, 112 from Dysentery and 443 from Diarrhœa were reported during the year.

Poona.-Population, 1931 census-162,901. The total number of births registered was 6,342 equal to a birth-rate of 38.93 as against 5,611 and 34.44 respectively in the previous year. The total deaths registered numbered 6,328 equal to a death-rate of 38.85 as compared with 6,355 and 39.01 respectively in 1934. Poona City reported a higher death-rate than the birth-rate in previous years; the rates for 1935 are almost equal. This fallacy can only be accounted for by defective registration of births. The chief causes of deaths as shown in the returns were Respiratory Diseases, Fevers and all other causes. Plague was absent. Small-pox caused 550 deaths. Cholera claimed 15 deaths, Pneumonia 896, Phthisis 509, Influenza 3, Enteric 100, Measles 140, Malaria 435 and Dysentery and Diarrhœa 304 deaths. Sporadic cases of Cerebro-spinal fever occurred in the town during the year and 22 deaths were attributed to this cause against 87 in 1934. The number of infant deaths was 2,031 or a ratio of 320.25 per 1,000 registered births as against 1,874 and 333.98 respectively in 1934.

Karachi.—Population, 1931 census—247,791. The total number of births registered was 12,603 equal to a birth-rate of $50 \cdot 86$ as against 12,846 and $51 \cdot 83$ respectively in the previous year. 5,671 deaths were recorded showing an increase of 295 in the previous year's figure 5,376. The death-rate was $22 \cdot 89$ against $21 \cdot 75$ in the previous year. Respiratory Diseases and all other causes were among the chief causes of deaths. Pneumonia, Phthisis and Measles recorded 1,330, 515 and 41 deaths respectively equal to ratios of $5 \cdot 37$, $2 \cdot 08$ and $\cdot 17$. There were 43 deaths from enteric fever. The infant mortality rate per 1,000 births was $151 \cdot 23$ against $141 \cdot 60$ in 1934.

Surat.—Population, 1931 census—98,936. There were 5,898 births registered as against 5,575 in 1934. The birth-rate shows an increase from $56 \cdot 35$ to $59 \cdot 62$. The total deaths recorded were 4,657 equal to a death-rate of $47 \cdot 07$ as compared with 4,373 and $44 \cdot 20$ respectively

in the previous year. Respiratory Diseases, all other causes and fevers accounted for a large number of deaths. Cholera and Plague were absent. Small-pox claimed 212 deaths. Enteric fever caused 82 as against 60 deaths in 1934 and Measles 48 against 19 in 1934. Pneumonia was responsible for 773 deaths equal to a ratio of 7.3 per mille of population against 834 and 8.42 respectively in the previous year. Influenza recorded only 9 deaths during the year. The number of infant deaths was 1,606 or a ratio of 272.29 per 1,000 registered births as against a ratio of 290.76 in 1934.

Sholapur.—Population, 1931 census—144,654. The number of births registered during the year was 6,972 equal to a birth-rate of $48 \cdot 20$ as compared with 6,802 and $47 \cdot 02$ respectively in 1934. The chief causes of deaths shown in the returns were Respiratory Diseases, Fevers and all other causes. Cholera caused 103 deaths during the year, Small-pox 28 and Plague 72. Pneumonia claimed 804 deaths, Enteric Fever 123, Measles 432, Phthisis 386 while only one death was reported as due to Influenza. The infant mortality rate recorded a fall from 240 · 22 to 221 · 60. The total death-rate was $39 \cdot 88$ against $33 \cdot 97$ in 1934.

CHAPTER III.

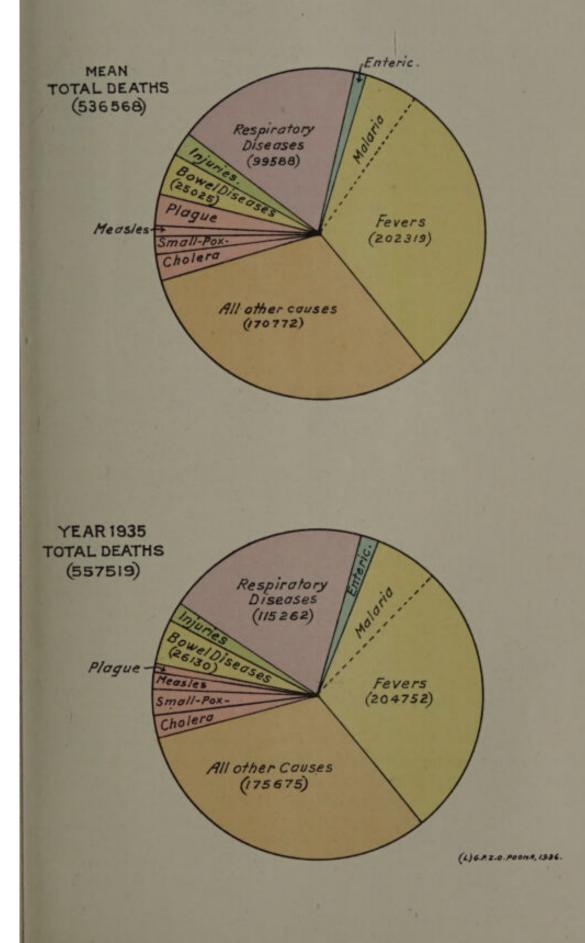
THE STATE OF PUBLIC HEALTH IN THE PROVINCE AND HISTORY OF CHIEF DISEASES.

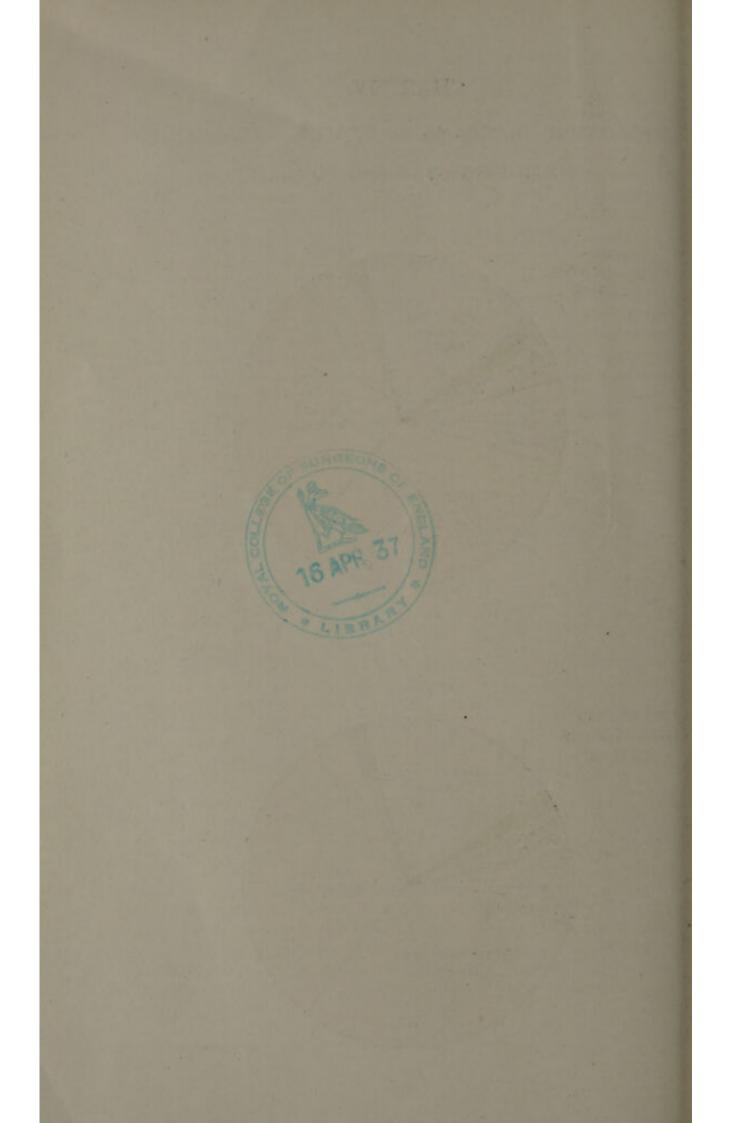
35. General remarks on the Health of the Presidency.—The deathrate of the Presidency $25 \cdot 56$ showed a slight increase as compared with that of the previous year $25 \cdot 42$ and the quinquennial average of $25 \cdot 32$. The cholera incidence was almost the same as in the previous year, viz. 11,235 deaths as against 11,362 deaths in 1934. Small-pox was severe during the year, 13,976 deaths being recorded as against 5,516 in 1934 and to that extent the year 1935 can be considered to be a peak year for that disease since 1930 (21,341 deaths). The year is noteworthy in respect of plague incidence (2,453 deaths against 13,307 in 1934) which was the lowest recorded since 1896—the year of its first appearance in this Presidency. As compared with the previous year cholera showed a decrease of 127 deaths, plague 10,854 deaths, Dysentery and Diarrhœa 171 deaths, Injuries 23 deaths and other causes 6,118 deaths. A rise was recorded in small-pox of 8,460 deaths, Fever 3,347 deaths and Respiratory diseases 8,694 deaths during 1935.

During the year under report somewhat severe epidemics of smallpox and cholera, higher incidence of respiratory diseases and the returns of deaths under the head of Fevers and other causes which are as high as have generally been in the past are responsible for keeping the deathrate at a high level. The year would appear to be less healthy than 1934 if the rates based on census population of 1931 are considered.

CHART IV.

COMPARATIVE DIAGRAMS OF DEATHS BY CAUSES FOR MEAN 1930-1934 AND FOR 1935.





The rates based on estimated population however show a slight improvement. The birth-rate is slightly higher and the death-rate is slightly lower than those of 1934 on estimated population, being $35 \cdot 25$ and $24 \cdot 34$ in 1935 against $34 \cdot 43$ and $24 \cdot 45$ in 1934 respectively. On comparison with the quinquennial average since 1930 to 1934, the year appears to be less healthy.

A comparison of the figures of deaths under several heads with the mean of the previous five years 1930 to 1934 shows that there was a decrease in mortality rates under Plague, Fevers and Injuries. Plague showed a decrease from $\cdot 56$ to $\cdot 11$. Fevers $9 \cdot 56$ to $9 \cdot 39$ and Injuries $\cdot 38$ to $\cdot 36$. Cholera death-rate of $\cdot 51$ during the year was the same as the quinquennial average for the disease. Dysentery and Diarrhœa recorded a rise from $1 \cdot 18$ to $1 \cdot 19$, small-pox $\cdot 39$ to $\cdot 64$, respiratory Diseases $4 \cdot 70$ to $5 \cdot 28$ and other causes $8 \cdot 04$ to $8 \cdot 05$.

Other features of the year were (a) an excess of births over deaths of 249,470 and (b) decrease in the Infant Mortality rate from $167 \cdot 37$ to $163 \cdot 87$ inspite of higher birth-rate during the year.

Details of various diseases as compared with the previous year and also with the quinquennial average are given under separate headings in paragraph 29 and further comparison is shown in graphic form in the charts inserted in the Report.

Fevers. (General Prevalence).

36. The number of deaths registered as due to fevers during the year 1935 was 204,752 against 201,405 in 1934 and 202,319 the mean of the previous five years. The death-rate was $9\cdot39$ against $9\cdot24$ in 1934. The urban death-rate was $5\cdot52$ and the rural $10\cdot31$ against $5\cdot23$ and $10\cdot19$ respectively in the previous year.

37. Fever mortality in previous years.—The mortality recorded under this heading in previous years is given below :—

Year.		Fever deaths.	Ratio per mille.
1901–10 mean	 19 18 18 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	 258,497	14.00
1911-20 ,,	 	 362,551	18.51
1921-30 ,,	 A Dard	 210,361	10.98
1931	 	 195,139	8.95
1932	 ····	 195,250	8.95
1933		 196,527	9.01
1934		 201,405	9.24
1935	 Argen P.	 204,752	9.39

Distribution of fever deaths is shown in Annual Form No. IX.

38. Death-rates from fevers in Collectorates.—High death-rates were recorded in the following Collectorates:—East Khandesh (16.83), West Khandesh (16.35), Panch Mahals (16.20), Ahmedabad (14.13), Broach (14.07), Nasik (13.49), Bijapur (10.96), Sholapur (10.91), Kaira (10.69), Surat (9.53), Poona (9.15) and Dharwar (9.13).

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39. Death-rates from fevers in Urban and rural areas.—High deathrates were recorded in the Presidency proper in the following towns :— Viramgaum (27.79), Nadiad (22.23), Mehmedabad (21.36), Ankleshwar (19.28), Umreth (18.34), Anand (17.07), Dohad (16.80), Borsad (15.16), Rander (15.06), and in Sind Ratodero (14.00), Garhi Yasin (12.62), Matiari (8.96), Kambar (8.95) and Umarkot (8.08). In rural circles high death-rates were recorded in Edlabad (23.07), Amalner (20.69), Parola (20.62), Jalgaon (20.56) and Mulshi (20.49).

Details of deaths from fevers are shown below :---

Malaria.-(Vide Chapter VIII).

40. Enteric Fever.—The number of deaths from fevers registered as due to enteric was 7,041 against 6,684 in 1934, the ratio being \cdot 32 and \cdot 31 respectively. Enteric Fever is increasing in the Presidency; the increase is due partially to better diagnosis of the disease but sharp outbreaks in several localities show the need of systematic investigation.

41. Deaths from Enteric fever in urban and rural areas.—The number of deaths recorded from enteric fever in urban areas where the disease was more prevalent is as follows :—Sholapur 123, Poona City 100, Surat 82, Hubli 71, Hyderabad 69, Nasik 46, Karachi 43, Larkana 39, Sukkur 34, Ilkal 31, Thana 30 and Bandra 28. In Bombay City 225 deaths were recorded as compared with 235 in 1934. In Karachi City anti-fly measures were adopted throughout the year and T. A. B. inoculations offered free of charge in the Municipal Dispensaries. The number of deaths recorded under this head for the rural areas in the districts where the disease was prevalent is as follows :—Kolaba 872, West Khandesh 853, Thana 588, Nasik 516, Ahmednagar 472, Dharwar 440, Kanara 417 and Belgaum 332.

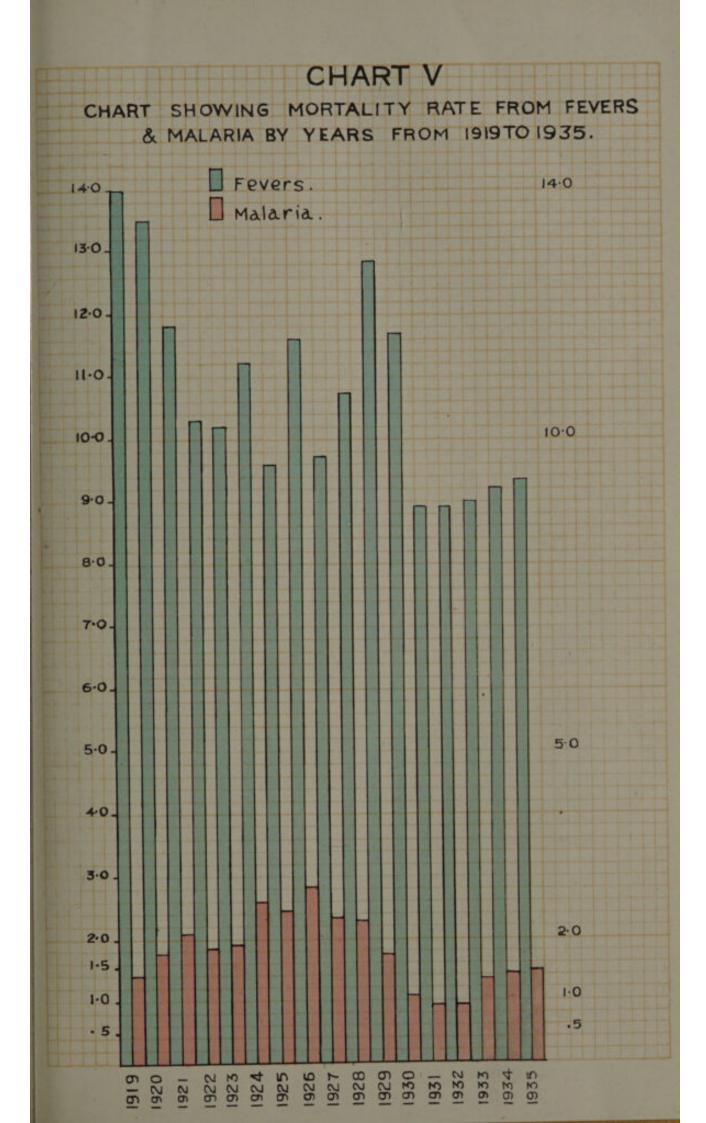
42. Measles.—The number of deaths registered as due to measles was 8,463 against 2,816 in 1934. The death-rate was \cdot 39 against \cdot 13 in the previous year. The urban death-rate was \cdot 61 and the rural \cdot 33.

43. Deaths from Measles in urban and rural areas.—High deathrates for urban areas were recorded in Bagalkot $(3 \cdot 64)$, Umreth $(3 \cdot 59)$, Nandurbar $(3 \cdot 43)$, Mehmedabad $(3 \cdot 37)$, Malegaon $(3 \cdot 33)$, Gadag $(3 \cdot 18)$, Parola $(3 \cdot 01)$, Sholapur $(2 \cdot 99)$, Chalisgaon $(2 \cdot 97)$ and Dharangaon $(2 \cdot 16)$. In Bombay City 264 deaths were recorded as against 158 in 1934.

The number of deaths from Measles in rural areas of the districts where the disease was most prevalent is as follows :—West Khandesh 1,637, Belgaum 834, Satara 625, Nasik 571, East Khandesh 532, Dharwar 324 and Bijapur 276. The disease was considerably severe during the year since 1929 when 8,853 deaths were recorded.

44. Relapsing fever.—No death was recorded under this head during the year.

45. Kala Azar.—One death from Kala Azar was reported from Bombay City during the year. The Executive Health Officer, Bombay Municipality, reports in connection with this case:—"The patient (male)





was 16 years old and was removed from road side. The case was an imported one having arrived from Cawnpore." It was reported in the month of April 1935.

46. Typhus.-No death due to this cause was reported during the year.

47. Cerebro-spinal Fever .- There were 396 deaths registered as due to Cerebro-spinal fever during the year, the ratio of deaths being .01 per 1,000 of population as against 555 and 0.02 respectively in 1934. The largest number of cases were reported from Ahmedabad town, viz., 306 attacks and 180 deaths against 738 attacks and 344 deaths in 1934. Bombay City had the next large share, viz., 211 attacks and 134 deaths. It prevailed only in a sporadic form in the other parts of the Presidency. There were 382 deaths recorded in urban areas giving a ratio of '09 per mille of population against 528 and ·13 respectively in 1934. The remaining 14 deaths were reported from rural areas. In the Northern Registration District 340 cases and 203 deaths were reported against 845 cases and 404 deaths in 1934. In Sind Registration District the disease prevailed in a sporadic form in 6 districts; Dadu and Upper Sind Frontier districts were free. 43 cases and 21 deaths occurred as against 81 cases and 63 deaths in 1934. Sind Convict Gang, Hyderabad, had 7 attacks and 6 deaths and one fatal case each was reported from Central Prison, Hyderabad, and Special Prison, Shikarpur. In the Central Registration District there were 32 deaths due to this cause. Three cases occurred in the Visapur Jail. The Assistant Director of Public Health, Central Registration District, investigated the cases and advised preventive measures. In Southern Registration District only 6 deaths occurred. Preventive inoculations were carried out wherever. possible. The data available so far are insufficient for estimating the protective value of this inoculation. All the necessary precautions were taken in the jails to prevent the spread of the disease. In the towns cases were isolated and treated in hospitals as far as possible and the houses of the patients disinfected.

Deaths from Cerebro-spinal fever in urban and rural areas.-Out of 396 total deaths from cerebro-spinal fever 180 were recorded in Ahmedabad town and 134 in Bombay City, the death-rates being .58 and .11 respectively. In Ahmedabad town the disease first started in November 1933 and after the severe epidemic in 1934 sporadic cases occurred now and again. Thus it would appear that Ahmedabad has become an endemic centre of this disease. The incidence is not confined to any particular locality; however the conjected parts have contributed the largest number of cases. The highest incidence was in the month from January to May. In Bombay City high number of deaths occurred in March (19) and October (20). Among other affected urban areas the following towns recorded deaths as shown against each :-- Poona City 22, Karachi City 8, Hyderabad 6, Kirkee 4, Ahmednagar 4, Nawabshah 4, Broach 4. Surat 3 and Bijapur 3. In rural areas out of the 14 deaths recorded Yawal Taluka in East Khandesh District had the highest number of deaths, viz. 11.

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Respiratory Diseases. (General Prevalence.)

48. During the year under report the mortality figures under the head Respiratory Diseases showed an increase, the total deaths recorded being 115,262 (62,796 males and 52,466 females), against 106,568 in 1934 and 99,588 the mean of the previous five years.

The progress of the mortality from Respiratory Diseases in the last few years is shown below :---

Year.				Deaths.	Ratio per mille.
1901–10 mean		z Talla any		57,723	3.12
1911-20		Second in the		79,625	4.06
1921-30 "		Ser al Dat		92,250	4.81
1931		5 . m 2 0 % fr	1	97,969	4.49
1932		erest Instre		93,524	$4 \cdot 29$
1933	and the second of	and have do	a. 11	100,200	4.59
1934	The Barrie	AL DEST	Ce	106,568	4.89
1935		control al		115,262	5.28

The death-rate was $5 \cdot 28$ against $4 \cdot 89$ in 1934 and $4 \cdot 70$ the quinquennial average. The urban death-rate (8.63) greatly exceeds the rural (4.48) as in the previous year which recorded $8 \cdot 41$ and $4 \cdot 05$ respectively. The reason for this cannot be anything but the over crowding which is so common in the towns and it emphasises the need for the relief of such congestion and also for better education in the methods of prevention of these diseases. The death-rate under this heading is still with the exception of "Fever" and "Other Causes" the highest in the Presidency.

49. Death-rates from Respiratory Diseases in Collectorates.—High death-rates were recorded in the Collectorates of Surat (10.16), Kaira (9.84), Ahmedabad (8.68), Nasik (7.20), Poona (6.75), West Khandesh (6.56), Broach (6.26), Thana (6.12), Ahmednagar (5.97) and Bombay Suburban (5.90).

50. Death-rates from Respiratory Diseases in urban and rural areas.— High death-rates for urban areas were recorded in Ahmedabad (18·21), Surat (16·45), Lonavla (15·53), Sholapur (14·10), Viramgaum (14·08), Dakore (14·01), Kirkee (11·83), Umreth (11·57), Poona City (10·64), Nasik (10·33), Hyderabad (10·07), and Karachi (9·81). Among the rural circles high death-rates were recorded in the talukas of Borsad (16·77), Bardoli (16·56), Mandvi (14·14), Matar (12·56), Valod (11·23), Nadiad (10·70), Mehmedabad (10·16), Yeola (9·97), Shahapur (9·56), Nasik (9·31), and Wagra (9·02).

51. Seasonal Mortality of Respiratory Diseases.—From the Annual, form No. XI in Appendix III it will be seen that respiratory diseases prevail almost equally throughout the year, cold weather months, i.e., January to March and September to December showing only a small increase.

52. Phthisis.—There were 24,778 deaths registered from this cause equal to a death-rate of 1.13 per mille of population for the Presidency

as a whole. The corresponding figures for 1934 were 23,249 and 1.06 respectively. This disease is showing a higher rate in recent years and it is reflected in the higher rate of mortality from all respiratory diseases. Although many of the deaths returned under this heading are not due to Phthisis, there are sufficient data to show that there is an actual increase. Measures for combating this menace are under consideration but the first step in the direction will have to be notification of the disease at least in the larger towns. There is at present a prejudice amongst notification mostly based on the mistaken idea that diagnosis of tuberculosis virtually amounts to signing the death warrant and much propaganda work is required to dispel this idea and explain the benefits of early diagnosis and early notification.

53. Death-rate from Phthisis in urban and rural areas.—The urban death-rate was 1.79 and the rural .97 against 1.76 and .90 respectively in the previous year. High death-rate for urban areas were recorded in Dharangaon (4.10), Ahmedabad (3.52), Panwel (3.32), Lonavla (3.27), Rander (3.18), Gokarn (3.17), Poona City (3.12), Nasik (3.06), Surat (3.04), Thana (2.93), Chalisgaon (2.86), Belgaum (2.84), Guledgud (2.68), and Viramgaon (2.64) and high death-rates for rural areas were recorded in the districts of Kolaba (3.00), Karia (2.23), Ratnagiri (2.05), Thana (1.80), Ahmedabad (1.34), Bombay Suburban (1.20) and Nasik (1.08). In rural circles the incidence of Phthisis continues to be high in the Konkan.

In the Municipal Tuberculosis Dispensary in Karachi City 67,795 patients were treated during the year of which 909 were cases of tuberculosis. The two Health Visitors attached to the Institute visited 23,790 houses and reported 779 suspicious cases of which 541 were found to be suffering from tuberculosis. The nurse attached to the dispensary visited 3,853 patients and the Medical Officer visited 1,341 patients in their homes. In Hyderabad town 1,261 cases were admitted in the K. T. Tuberculosis Dispensary for treatment during the year. The Health Visitor in charge of Anti-tuberculosis centre in Shikarpur town gave lectures and demonstrations in schools and other institutions and also visited houses and gave advice.

Pneumonia. (General Prevalence.)

54. There were 26,292 deaths from Pneumonia registered during the year. This is equivalent to a death-rate of 1.21 per mille of population for the Presidency as a whole, the corresponding figures for the year 1934 being 24,197 and 1.11 respectively.

55. Death-rates from Pneumonia in urban and rural areas.—The urban death-rate was 3.92 and the rural .56 against 3.80 and .47 respectively in 1934. Very high death-rates were recorded in the towns of Surat (7.83), Hyderabad (7.12), Umarkot (6.67), Kirkee (6.42), Sholapur (5.56), Poona City (5.50), Karachi (5.37), Hala (5.23), Nasik (5.15), Tando Adam (5.12), Bulsar (5.08), Mirpurkhas (4.24), Lonavla (4.12) and Ahmednagar (4.06). Bombay City recorded a death-rate of 7.52

*

against 6.94 in 1934. High death-rates in rural areas were recorded in the districts of Surat (2.68), Thar and Parkar (2.38), Bombay Suburban (2.00), Thana (1.75), Hyderabad (1.68), Broach (1.53) and Karachi (1.14).

Dysentery and Diarrhoea. (General Prevalence.)

56. During the year under report deaths from Dysentery and Diarrhoea showed a small decrease over the preceding year. The figure was 26,130 deaths (13,705 males and 12,425 females) against 26,301 in 1934 and 25,025 the quinquennial average. The death-rate was $1\cdot19$ against $1\cdot20$ in 1934 and $1\cdot18$ the quinquennial mean.

57. The number of deaths registered under Dysentery and Diarrhoea in the previous years is as follows :—

Year.				Number of deaths		
1901-10	Mean	 PROPERTY PARTY	-		52,919	
1911-15		 A ANY OWNO			39,455	
1916-20		 1 .			34,156	
1921-25		 Land			23,945	
1926-30		 		· · ·	26,924	
1931		 			26,517	
1932		 			22,610	
1933		 			23,162	
1934		 and the second second			26,301	
1935		 		11	26,103	

58. Dysentery.—Under this sub-heading 4,475 deaths were registered against 3,921 the death-rate being ·21 against ·18 in 1934. The urban death-rate was ·31 and the rural ·18 against ·32 and ·15 respectively in 1934.

59. Diarrhoea.—Under this heading 21,655 deaths were recorded against 22,380 in the previous year. The death-rate was \cdot 99 against $1\cdot02$ in 1934. The urban death-rate was $1\cdot09$ and the rural \cdot 97 as compared with $1\cdot10$ and $1\cdot01$ respectively in 1934.

60. Very high records of deaths from Dysentery in the urban areas were returned in the towns of Ahmedabad (112), Sholapur (99), Karachi (83), Pandharpur (58), Surat (55), Baramati (46), Nasik (43) and Hyderabad (40) and in rural areas in the districts of Poona (1,716), Kaira (225), Kolaba (176), Kanara (143), Thana (119) and Belgaum (108).

In case of Diarrhoea larger number of deaths in the urban areas were returned in the towns of Ahmedabad (443), Sholapur (396), Karachi (381), Poona City (288), Surat (238), Pandharpur (112), Malegaon (112) and Bijapur (104) and in rural areas in the districts of Belgaum (2,657), Ahmednagar (2,030), Nasik (1,717), Bijapur (1,665), Satara (1,456) and Sholapur (1,323).

In Appendix II a table is given showing the effect on the death-rate of the introduction of a piped water supply. It will be noticed that the mean death-rate for Cholera, Dysentery and Diarrhoea for the years succeeding installation of water works, ending with the year under report shows great improvement over that for the quinquennial mean preceding the introduction of a piped supply in almost all the towns. The improvement in the mean death-rate after the installation of piped water as compared with the years preceding the installation is marked in several towns.

Injuries.

61. There were 8,036 deaths recorded from injuries of which 4,456 were among males and 3,580 among females. The number registered in 1934 was 8,059 while the quinquennial mean was 8,001.

The annual mortality for previous years under this head is as follows :----

Year.			Number of deaths.
1901–10 Mean	 		 6,879
1911-20 ,,	 		 7,725
1921-30 ,,	 		 7,776
1931	 		 7,634
1932	 		 8,172
1933	 	in the lost of	 8,496
1934	 		 8,059
1935	 		 8,036
			Contraction and and a second

From the above table it will be seen that there is a slight decline in the number of deaths due to this cause during the year.

62. Details of deaths from injuries.—Further comparisons arranged under the various heads are set forth in the following table :—

			1934.		1935.		
		Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Drowning		 1,180	1,642	2,822	1,080	1,653	2,733
Poisoning		 126	34	160	132	37	169
Hanging		 213	76	289	216	* 80	296
Wounding		 1,127	596	1,723	1,324	614	1,938
Wild Beasts		 34	10	44	36	12	48
Snake-bite		 986	561	1,547	891	542	1,433
Rabies		 125	81	206	128	52	180
Railway accident		 88	22	110	87	. 19	106
Other causes		 560	598	1,158	562	571	1,133
	Total	 4,439	3,620	8,059	4,456	3,580	8,036

63. Deaths from Snake-bite.—There were 1,433 deaths due to snakebite against 1,547 in 1934. The highest number occurred in Ratnagiri district, viz., 212 against 216 in the previous year. Next in order were Thana 153, Satara 91, Nasik 71, Ahmedabad 63, Belgaum 63 and Poona 67.

64. Deaths from Rabies.—There were 180 deaths reported under this heading against 206 in the previous year. Kaira district reported the highest number of deaths 24, Ahmedabad 21, Bijapur 14, Thana 13, Dharwar 11, East Khandesh 9, Belgaum 9 and Sholapur 9.

65. Details of suicidal deaths.—Suicidal deaths show an increase—711 (427 males and 284 females) against 631 (381 males and 250 females) in the previous year. Details of districts showing larger number are as follows :—

Districts.		Drowning.	Poisoning.	Hanging.	Wounding.	Railway.	Total.
Belgaum Thana Dharwar Bijapur Satara		34 28 13 9 13	8 4 4 1 5	$47 \\ 34 \\ 52 \\ 44 \\ 15 \\ 6$	 5 1 1 2	·· 2 1	89 73 70 54 35 30
Nasik Bombay City	••	15 6	58	5	21	ii	101

66. Deaths from other Causes.—There were 175,675 deaths (89,181 males and 86,494 females) registered against 181,793 in 1934 and 170,772 the mean of the previous five years. The death-rate was 8.05 against 8.34 in 1934 and a quinquennial mean of 8.04.

The number of deaths recorded in previous years under this head is as follows :---

Year.			Number of deaths.	Ratio per mille.
1901-10	Mean		 140,618	7.61
1911-20	,,		 154,842	7.90
1921-30	** ••		 151,708	7.91
1931			 168,093	7.71
1932			 164,420	7.54
1933			 172,194	7.90
1934		- · ·	181,793	8.34
1935			175,675	8.05

67. Deaths from child-birth.—The number of deaths recorded under this head during 1935 was 5,026 as compared with 4,538 in 1934. For the Northern, Central, Southern and Sind Registration Districts, the deaths were 979, 1,261, 1,612 and 979 respectively. In Bombay City 195 deaths were registered during the year as against 249 in 1934. The maternal mortality per 1,000 births in the Presidency works out to $6\cdot 22$.

Maternal mortality rate is popularly supposed to be very high; in actual practice, however, it is found that many deaths due to tuberculosis and any other disease which supervenes confinement are ascribed to this cause. In Bombay City where nearly 70 per cent. of births take place in hospitals and maternity homes, the rate may be taken to be accurate and in spite of the fact that maternity service in rural areas is inefficient, the rate for the Presidency, high as it is, does not appear to be as alarming as the infant mortality.

The annual mortality for previous years since 1921 is as follows :---

Year.		Number of deaths.			-	Number of deaths.		
1921			4,501	1929				4,987
1922			4,203	1930				4,601
1923		•	4,400	1931				5,316
1924			4,059	1932				4,181
1925			3,509	1933				4,611
1926			4,392	1934				4,538
1927			3,814	1935			-	5,026
1928			4,265	e and				

Taking the Presidency as a whole this works out to the death of one woman in child-birth for every 161 live births as compared with 1 per 171 in 1934. The urban and rural figures were 1 per 127 and 171 respectively as compared with 110 and 196 in the previous year. By Registration Districts the rate of maternal mortality was highest in Sind where it was 1 to 81. It was 1 to 139 in Southern Registration District, 1 to 186 in the Central Registration District and 1 to 240 in Northern Registration District.

68. Deaths from child-birth in the Collectorates.—In the Collectorates the maternal mortality rate was highest in Kanara where it was 1 to 54. It was 1 to 88 in Dharwar. In Sind the highest number of maternal deaths was recorded in Sukkur district where the rate was 1 to 62 births. Hyderabad recorded a rate of 1 to 65, Nawabshah 1 to 69, Larkana 1 to 71 and Dadu 1 to 72.

69. Deaths from child-births in urban areas.—In Bombay City the rate of maternal mortality was 1 to 174 births against 1 to 134 in 1934. Among towns in the Presidency high rates were reported from Viramgaum 1 to 16, Junnar 1 to 22, Uran 1 to 22, Mahad 1 to 25, Shikarpur 1 to 34, Bassein 1 to 39, Satara 1 to 46, Dharwar 1 to 51, Pandharpur 1 to 56, Jalgaon 1 to 71, Surat 1 to 109, Nadiad 1 to 121 and Ahmedabad 1 to 127.

70. Diphtheria.—There were 67 deaths reported from this disease during the year. In Central Registration District 11 deaths were reported which were all recorded in the urban areas. Northern Registration District had 10 deaths and Sind Registration District 46 deaths. By the towns number of deaths recorded were Karachi (21), Ahmedabad (9), Hyderabad (7), Poona City (6), Nasik (3), Bandra (2), Jalgaon (1) and Larkana (1) and in rural areas the deaths recorded were Nawabshah District (8), Dadu (3), Thar and Parkar (2), Larkana (2), Karachi (1) and Hyderabad (1). In Karachi City 137 cases were admitted of which 16 died giving a case mortality rate of 11.68 per cent. Of the 137 cases 32 were adults (14 males and 18 females) and 105 children (66 males and 39 females). In Karachi, diphtheria is a notifiable disease. Measures were adopted by the Municipal Authorities to isolate as far as possible all cases and disinfect their houses and clothing. Immunisation against diphtheria was carried out among school going children and also among children in the vicinity of cases of diphtheria. In all 4,828 inoculations were performed during the year.

71. The number of deaths from chief causes for each Collectorate and by months is shown in Annual Form Nos. VII to XII.

CHAPTER IV.

EPIDEMIOLOGY.

Cholera. (General prevalence.)

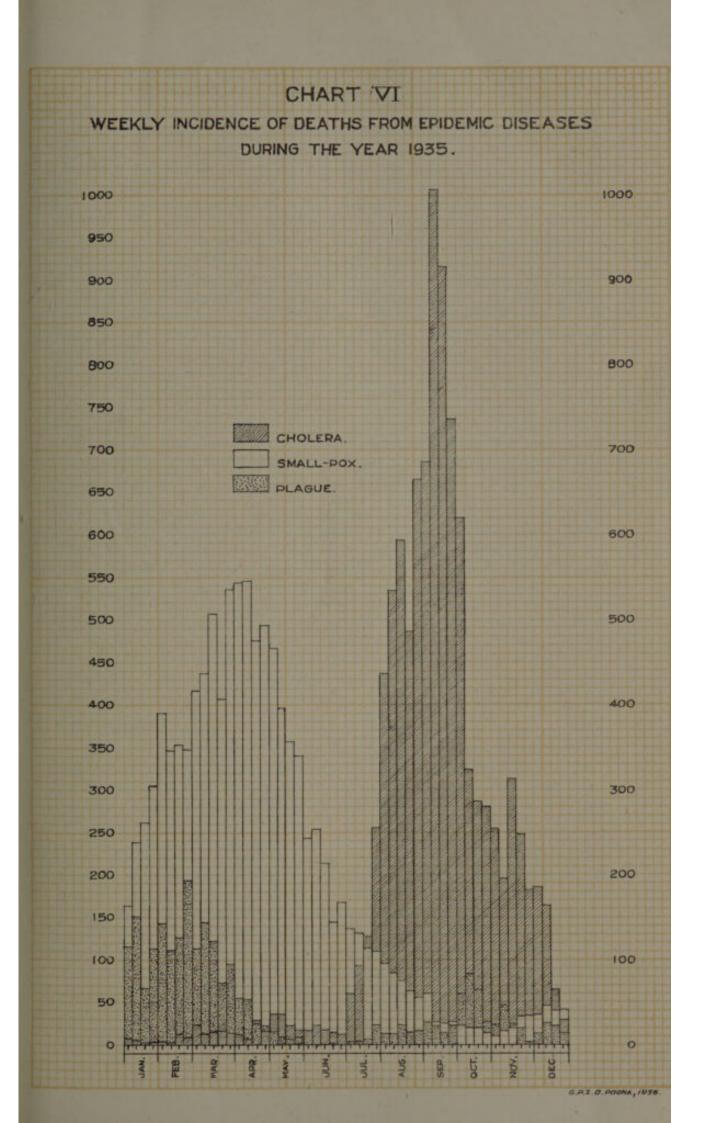
72. The intensity of the prevalence of cholera was almost the same as in the preceding year. The number of deaths recorded from the disease was 11,235 against 11,362 in 1934 and 10,860 the mean of the previous five years. The death-rate was \cdot 51 against \cdot 52 in 1934 and \cdot 51 the quinquennial mean. The urban and rural death-rates for the Presidency as a whole were \cdot 16 and \cdot 60 respectively against \cdot 23 and \cdot 59 in 1934.

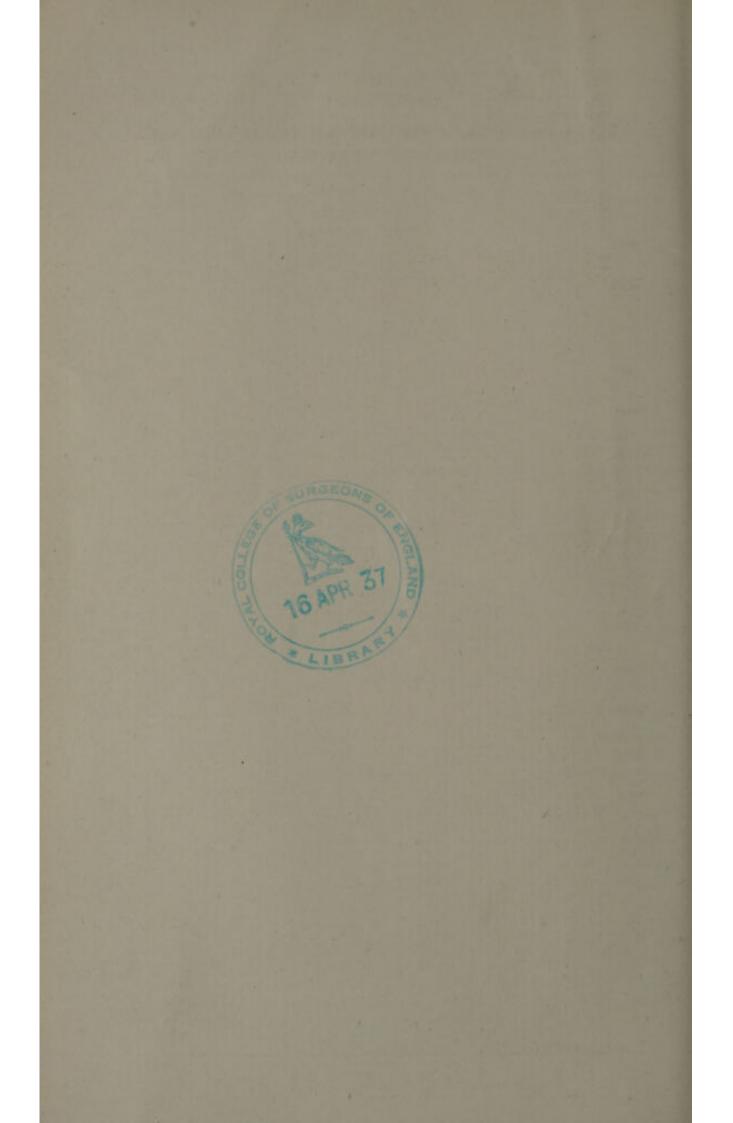
Cholera prevailed in 154 registration circles and 1,907 villages as compared with 165 and 1,756 respectively in 1934 and the ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population in affected towns and villages works out to $3 \cdot 40$. The case mortality rate during the year was 46.38 as against $42 \cdot 09$ in 1934.

	Year.	11-22.04	Number of deaths.	and Locard	Year.	5 1 × 4 × 4	Number of deaths.
1911	States		5,817	1924			8,236
1912			64,505	1925			57
1913		120	5,134	1926			73
1914			17,779	1927			26,153
1915			377	1928			6,881
1916			19,841	1929			9,084
1917			17,003	1930			15,142
1918			8,834	1931			18,646
1919	100	1	51,551	1932	1.		1,353
1920			2,047	1933		-	7,797
1921			3,521	1934			11,362
1922	Set all a set all	In the second	2,768	1935	1. 1. 1.	The set	11,235
1923	1. C		9,221	The second s	- strant	Ch. Com	Consider 18 1

The following table gives the deaths recorded in previous years since 1911 :--

Distribution-Vide Annual Form No. VII.





73. Deaths from cholera by Collectorates.—In the Presidency proper all the Collectorates except Broach, Kaira, Panch Mahals, Ahmedabad and Kanara, were more or less affected. The severity of the epidemic was confined to the districts of Nasik (2,599 deaths), Sholapur (2,120), Bijapur (1,918), Ahmednagar (812), Poona (799), Satara (672) and East Khandesh (667). Bombay City reported 13 deaths against the same number in 1934.

Out of the total 11,235 deaths, 469 were recorded during the first half of the year and 10,766 during the latter half. The epidemic was at its height from July to November and the highest number of deaths was recorded during September, viz. 3,901. The infection in Bijapur and Sholapur Districts was carried over from the year preceding and lasted throughout the year. Belgaum was infected in February and Satara in March. In June, Poona, Nasik, Thana and Bombay Suburban Districts got the infection while in July Ahmednagar, East Khandesh and West Khandesh Districts were infected. In July the total number of Districts reporting cases was eleven and this was the start of the epidemic.

74. Deaths from cholera in urban and rural areas.—In the Presidency as a whole the number of deaths recorded in urban areas was 679 and in rural areas 10,556 against 963 and 10,399 respectively in 1934.

Among towns the number of deaths was large in Malegaon (111), Sholapur (103), Bijapur (92), Pandharpur (75), Manmad (49), Athani (40), and Nasik (31) and in rural areas in the talukas of Indi (634), Bijapur (529), Sholapur (496), Barsi (453), Malegaon (422), Sangola (420), Athni (394) and Nasik (364).

In urban areas high death-rates were recorded in the towns of Manmad $(3\cdot99)$, Yeola $(3\cdot42)$, Athni $(2\cdot94)$, Pandharpur $(2\cdot55)$, Bijapur $(2\cdot31)$, Baramati $(1\cdot83)$ and Junnar $(1\cdot43)$ and in rural areas in the talukas of Indi $(6\cdot27)$, Bijapur $(5\cdot37)$, Sangola $(4\cdot63)$, Yeola $(4\cdot40)$, Nasik $(4\cdot28)$, Malegaon $(4\cdot24)$, Barsi $(3\cdot96)$, Sholapur $(3\cdot89)$ and Nandgaon $(3\cdot58)$.

75. Brief history of cholera epidemic by Registration Districts.—The heaviest incidence was in Southern Registration District in which 5,178 deaths occurred; the next came Central Registration District with 4,904 deaths, Northern Registration District had 1,096 deaths and Sind Registration District reported 44 deaths only.

Compared with the year preceding the incidence of cholera in Southern Registration District was very high particularly in the Districts of Sholapur and Bijapur. Satara and Belgaum came next in order of severity. Dharwar District had only five deaths while Kanara was entirely free. July to October was the period in which the epidemic was at its height. In Sholapur District cholera appeared in all the ten registration circles and was reported from 271 villages and towns. There were 4,668 attacks and 2,120 deaths. The intensity was the greatest from July to November. The first case was reported on 3rd January 1935 from Patkul village in Madha Taluka. This infection however subsided in the beginning of February while in Sholapur taluka village Bhandarkavtha was infected on 23rd February 1935. The river Bhima, the source of water supply, was reported to be responsible for this outbreak which resulted in 57 attacks and 24 deaths in the village till the epidemic subsided in the first week of April. This village reported infection again in the middle of June which was however not serious and subsided immediately. Regular epidemic in this district commenced in April which was not however serious till June. The river and nulla water and communication with the affected villages contributed to the quick spread of the disease in several villages. Sholapur, Barsi and Sangola talukas were badly affected. In Sholapur town cholera broke out in May and continued till November claiming 166 attacks and 103 deaths. Pandharpur town had 90 attacks and 69 deaths in all, distributed over the period from February to November. Of these 28 cases and 20 deaths were indigenous and the rest imported. In Bijapur District there were 4,098 attack and 1,918 deaths. Indi and Bijapur talukas reported the bulk of cases. The infection first appeared in this district on 23rd January 1935 at Indi and it quickly spread to three more villages in the same taluka within a week. River Bhima was responsible in some villages for the outbreak while in other cases the infection was either imported from the infected adjoining areas including Indian States or local. Bijapur town had 149 cases and 92 deaths which was infected on 7th May and reported cases up to 14th November 1935. Satara District had 1,448 attacks and 672 deaths from cholera. Sporadic cases occurred since March to June. Since July the epid-mic began to spread and the highest number of deaths 221 were recorded in September. Khanapur taluka was badly infected claiming 411 cases and 178 deaths. Belgaum district reported 1,012 attacks and 463 deaths the highest incidence being in Athni taluka, which alone recorded 879 cases and 394 deaths out of the total. September had the highest number of deaths, viz. 116. Athni town was infected on 21st February 1935 and had 71 attacks and 40 deaths in all. Dharwar District had only 5 deaths from cholera. In Central Registration District cholera was sporadic till June and from July onwards the real epidemic set in. 96 registration circles and 917 villages were affected. The highest number of deaths occurred in the month of September. Nasik District topped the list in respect of severity in this Registration District. It had 5,711 attacks and 2,599 deaths reported from 17 registration circles and 425 villages. July to November were the months of high incidence and the highest number of deaths (1,123) occurred in September. Malegaon rural circle was the worst affected in the District the number of attacks and deaths being 1,028 and 422 respectively. Among towns Malegaon claimed the highest number of attacks and deaths, viz. 205 and 111 respectively. Nasik town had 62 attacks and 31 deaths during the year. Ahmednagar district claimed 1,768 attacks and 812 deaths reported from 13 registration circles and 179 villages. The incidence was highest in the month of September. Sheogaon rural circle returned the highest number of cases and deaths, viz. 467 and 215 respectively. Among town circles Sangamner town topped the list

with 46 attacks and 32 deaths. Poona District which had 18 Registration circles and 177 villages affected, reported 1,699 attacks and 799 deaths. Haveli (165), Mawal (119), Indapur (100) and Purandhar (75) rural circles suffered most and reported deaths as shown against each. High number of deaths for town circles were reported from Baramati (26), Poona City (15) and Junnar town (12). The incidence was highest in the district during the month of September. In Thana District cholera appeared in 9 registration circles affecting 53 towns and villages. The infection was not very extensive. The rural circles of Vada (89 deaths), Bhiwandi (84), Shahapur (75) and Kalyan (72) had highest incidence. Among towns, Kalyan was the only town to report deaths, viz. (19). In Kolaba district also the infection was not very extensive, only 526 attacks and 297 deaths being reported from 67 villages of 6 registration circles. Karjat R.C. had the highest number of attacks and deaths, viz. 285 and 198 respectively. The town circles were all free. The incidence in Bombay Suburban and Ratnagiri District was very light. The former had 34 deaths distributed among eleven towns and villages. The rural circle of South Salsette was mainly affected and was responsible for 17 deaths. Among towns Bandra and Kurla only suffered reporting 14 and two deaths respectively. In Ratnagiri District all the 14 deaths were reported from Deogad and Rajapur talukas during the month of December. As compared with the year 1934 the incidence of cholera in Northern Registration District was lighter during the year under report. The number of villages infected was 238 in 30 registration circles and 1,096 deaths occurred as against 5,737 in 1934. The only districts affected were East Khandesh and West Khandesh and Surat had only 23 deaths on record. East Khandesh District which was the scene of the worst cholera epidemic during the year 1934 was again infected this year during the month of July. 1,533 cases and 667 deaths were reported from 182 towns and villages of 18 registration circles of East Khandesh District. The first case occurred in Nagardeola village of Pachora taluka on 7th May 1935. The source of infection could not be traced. Soon after two cases followed in Bhusawal town. The highest incidence in the district was in September in which month 483 deaths occurred. Pachora taluka had the highest number of deaths, viz. 143. In West Khandesh District 66 villages in 9 registration circles reported infection which caused \$45 attacks and 73 deaths. The tail end of the previous years epidemic claimed 4 deaths during January 1935 and thenceforward the district was free till July. Beginning was made by a doubtful case at Shirud village of Dhulia taluka on 13th July 1935. Padalda village of Shahada taluka was subsequently affected. As usual East Khandesh being affected first carried the infection to West Khandesh. The polution of Tapti river water was principally reported as the source of origin and spread of epidemic in this district. The highest number of deaths (161) was reported during the month of September. Sakri taluka was badly affected and had 261 deaths. Sind Registration District had 85 cases and 44 deaths during the year. 16 villages in 10 registration circles were affected. The highest number of deaths (17) was reported in July. The first case occurred in a village in Dokri taluka of Larkana District. Garhi Yasin taluka in Sukkur

District suffered most where 5 villages were affected. The highest number of deaths (29) occurred in this district. In Larkana District the disease was prevalent to a lesser extent and was mostly sporadic except in one village. Nawabshah, Thar and Parkar and Dadu Districts had one case each.

Bombay City recorded 13 deaths from cholera against the same number in 1934.

76. Preventive Measures.—The usual precautionary measures such as distribution of potash permanganate and cholera pills, permanganating water supplies, inoculation etc., were carried out in all the affected districts. In view of the heavy incidence of cholera in East Khandesh District during the year 1934, special precautions were taken this year to guard against emergency. Five special Medical Officers were appointed by the District Local Board to work in the affected areas. All taluka boards were supplied with potash permanganate crystals and pills and Kaolin. 112 lbs. of potassium permanganate, 5,000 cholera pills and 175 lbs. of Kaolin and 50 c.cs. of anti-cholera vaccine was also stocked at Jalgaon.

Inoculations.—During the year under report 9 Special Medical Officers were appointed on cholera inoculation duty in the Presidency, in addition to 14 appointed by the District Local Boards.

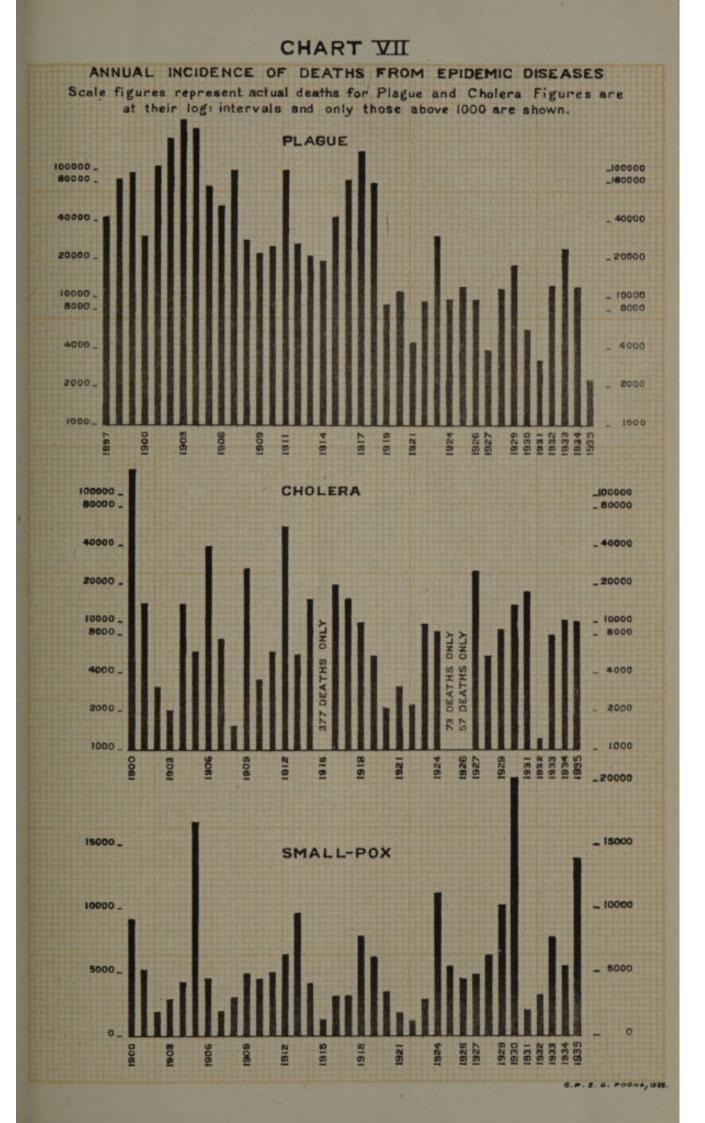
The total number of persons inoculated was 261,749 as against 248,289 in 1934.

The inoculations were performed by the special inoculators, Medical Officers in charge of Hospitals and Dispensaries and private practitioners. Out of the total number of 261,749 inoculations 129,289 were done in Southern Registration District, 87,413 in Central Registration District, 38,691 in Northern Registration District and 6,358 in Sind Registration District.

77. Expenditure on cholera outbreak and inoculation work.—During the year under report a grant of Rs. 4,000 was sanctioned by Government for measures against outbreaks of cholera *e.g.*, supply of potash permanganate for sterilization of village water supplies, cholera treatments and ingredients for Tomb's mixture. Out of this sum, 3,076 were spent. Expenditure on pay travelling allowance and contingencies of Government Inoculators on cholera duty amounted to Rs. 3,688 and that on cholera vaccine to Rs. 1,768.

Small-pox. (General Prevalence.)

78. The small pox epidemic of 1935 proved to be severest after 1930. The total deaths recorded during the year under report numbered 13,976 (6,957 males and 7,019 females) against 5,516 in 1934 and 7,834 the mean of the previous five years. As foreshadowed by the figures of the preceding three years, 1935 has been a peak year for small pox though lower as compared with the previous peak of 1930 during which year





21,341 deaths were recorded. The death-rate during 1935 was '64 per mille of population against '25 in 1934 and '39 the quinquennial mean. The annual mortality for previous years is given in the following table :—

1	Zear.			Nu	umber of dea	ths.
1901-10	mean	134m	man . in hards	14.00	4,962	
1911-20	22		1		5,074	
1921-30			!		6,881	
1931					1,873	
1932					2,699	
1933					7,741	
1934					5,516	
1935					13,976	

Smallpox was reported from 276 circles of Registration and 12,293 villages were infected during the year as compared with 219 and 2,225 respectively in the preceding year. The ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population in affected towns and villages in the Presidency proper works out 1.74. The disease was present throughout the year. The highest incidence however was during the hot weather, viz. March to May. As pointed out last year the tendency of earlier incidence continues and during the months of January and February 1,610 and 1,898 deaths were reported. The highest number of deaths 2,863 occurred in April.

The case mortality rate during the year was 22.51 as against 21.60 in 1934.

From the statistics of smallpox epidemics in this Presidency it seems that the type of smallpox is less virulent than it is generally supposed to be. A fatality rate in the neighbourhood of 40 is often quoted in support of the malignant type of smallpox in Eastern countries. A writer in the United States has calculated 42.3 as the case fatality rate for British India for the years 1926-30 from the reports of the League of Nations. In Bombay Presidency the fatality rate for the same period was 20.2 and for 1931–1935 it was 22.4. Registration of vital statistics has improved considerably in recent years but cannot be claimed to be perfect. Apart from births, the error, however, now and before has been greater in morbidity than in mortality and if this fact is kept in mind the case fatality rates would presumably be even lower than those quoted above.

It is reasonable therefore to deduce that the dreaded classical or malignant type of smallpox with a very high fatality rate has undergone a change during the last 10 years. It may be rash to base a forecast that this decrease of virulence may take the form of variola minor in near future in India but there is clear evidence to show that the increase of vaccination has a decided effect in lowering the virulence of the disease. The other effect of vaccination, i.e. prevention of smallpox, is also equally evident in this Presidency. During the 5 years' period 1926-1930 the total number of primary vaccinations and revaccinations was 821,666 and during the subsequent 5 years, i.e. 1931-35, the number was 1,082,585. The increase of 33 per cent. may naturally be expected to show some decrease in the attack rates which work out at 223 58 per 100,000 population for the 1st period and 124 51 for the second period showing a decrease of 45 per cent.

Although there is considerable reduction in the second of the two periods of all the years for which statistics are available, the attack rate in the Presidency is very high as compared to the rates of other countries. In countries like Bulgaria, Germany where social and economic conditions vary widely but vaccination is compulsorily required twice or oftener, the attack rate is 0°15 per 100,000 population whereas it is 124°51 in Bombay Presidency. At the present stage it may be said that majority of children are vaccinated during the 1st year of life but in spite of some increase in revaccinated. Smallpox which was supposed to be entirely a disease of children has shifted the age period and many adolescents and adults now contract the disease. The need of revaccination is thus apparent.

79. Deaths and attacks from Small-pox by Collectorates.—All the districts in the Presidency were more or less affected. High death-rates were recorded in the Collectorates of West Khandesh (2.62), Kanara (2.57) East Khandesh (1.49) and Nasik (.98) and lowest .01 in Upper Sind Frontier District.

Districts.	100	Attacks.	Deaths.	Districts.		Attacks.	Deaths.
East Khandesh		9,334	1,791	Dharwar		2,236	353
West Khandesh		9,499	1,933	Bijapur		1,773	344
Surat	1	825	326	Kanara		4,835	1,075
Broach		708	175	Sholapur		878	163
Kaira		1,801	657	Satara		1,830	343
Panch Mahals		273	92	Karachi		395	132
Ahmedabad		1,569	752	Dadu		133	27
Ahmednagar		2,303	462	Hyderabad		648	331
Poona		3,431	972	Nawabshah	• • •	169	23
Nasik		5,319	978	Thar and Parkar		206	46
Thana	1	2,812	368	Larkana		27	4
Bombay Suburban		340	50	Sukkur		26	5
Kolaba		1,406	114	Upper Sind Frontie	er	4	3
Ratnagiri		1,202	181	Bombay city		1,977	1,248
Belgaum		6,129	1,028	I and a dare of the			

The following table shows the number of attacks and deaths by Districts :---

80. Deaths from Small-pox in urban and rural areas.—Among towns high death-rates were recorded in Nadiad (8°30), Viramgaon (8°01), Gokarn (6°58), Amalner (4°34), Poona City (3°38), Anand (3°35), Umreth (3°32), and Hyderabad (3°17), and in rural areas in the talukas of Siddapur (7°49), Dhulia (5°92), Ankola (5°82), Sakri (4°46), Kumtha (4°33), Chalisgaon (4°03), Sirsi (3°48) and Baglan (2°90).

81. Brief history of Small-pox epidemic by Registration Districts.-The highest incidence was in the Northern Registration District where 24,009 attacks and 5,726 deaths equal to a death-rate of 1.11 were recorded. The case mortality rate per 100 registered cases in this Registration District was 23. The number of villages affected was 982 in 76 registration circles. The majority of the deaths (3,724) were reported from East and West Khandesh Districts ; the latter leading with 1,933 deaths on record. In this (West Khandesh) district all the rural circles (10) were affected and 389 villages reported infection. The period of severity was from January to May. Dhulia and Sakri Talukas were badly affected. In East Khandesh District 394 villages in 20 registration circles were affected reporting in all 1,791 deaths. The disease was present throughout the year as in West Khandesh but the severity was confined to the period between February to May. Chalisgaon and Pachora Talukas had higher incidence. Among other Districts Ahmedabad had 752 deaths reported from 39 villages, Kaira 657 deaths from 49 villages, Surat 326 deaths from 36 villages and Broach 175 deaths from 55 villages. In Panch Mahals district the disease was not intensive, 92 deaths being reported from 20 villages. In Southern Registration District 17,681 attacks and 3,306 deaths were reported from 994 villages in 84 registration circles. The majority of cases occurred during the period from January to July. The highest incidence was reported from Kanara and Belgaum districts viz., 1,075 and 1,028 deaths, recorded in 196 and 302 villages respectively. In Kanara district Ankola and Kumta Talukas and Gokarn town and in Belgaum District, Sampgaon and Hukeri talukas experienced severity of the disease. Among other districts Dharwar (353), Bijapur (344), Satara (343) and Sholapur (163) had small-pox deaths as shown against each. The Central Registration District recorded 16,813 attacks and 3,125 deaths during the year. All the Districts were more or less affected the highest number of deaths being reported from Nasik District (978) and Poona District (972), and the lowest in Bombay Suburban District (50). The total number of villages affected was 1,221 in 85 registration circles. The incidence was highest from January to May. In Nasik District Baglan and Nandgaon Talukas, Poona City in Poona District and Newasa Taluka in Ahmednagar District were rather severely affected. Sind reported 1,608 attacks and 571 deaths only as due to Small-pox. Hyderabad (331) and Karachi (132) districts reported the highest incidence. The disease was only sporadic in Larkana, Sukkur and Jacobabad districts and they had 12 deaths only between them.

In Bombay City 1,977 attacks and 1,248 deaths occurred giving a case mortality rate of 63 per 100 of recorded cases. The ratio of deaths per mille of population during the year was 1.07 against .13 in 1934 the number of deaths in that year being 152 only.

Of the 13,976 deaths from Small-pox in the Presidency 4,114 were of infants under one year, 6,839 of children between 1 to 10 years of age *i.e.* 78 per cent. of the deaths were in children. In case of small-pox it has been noticed that the bulk of deaths occur among infants and children below 10 years of age. During the year 1930 when the highest peak

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for recent years was recorded the number of deaths among children was 17,582 or 80 per cent. of the total deaths 21,341. The deaths among adults due to small-pox show only a slight variation year after year and the real epidemic rages among children. Though children are more susceptible to small-pox the conditions are more favourable and deaths more numerous when they are not protected by vaccination. This indicates the need for more thorough application of the protection which only vaccination can provide during this susceptible age period.

82. Vaccinal condition.—During the year under report 258 cases of small-pox were treated in the Civil Hospitals and Infectious Diseases Hospitals in the Presidency as against 187 in the previous year. Of the cases treated 113 had been vaccinated as against 91 in the previous year. 12 were stated to have been successfully vaccinated but no vaccination cicatrix could be seen, 120 were unvaccinated, 6 previously unvaccinated but vaccinated during incubation period and 7 were stated to have been successfully revaccinated.

Plague. (General Prevalence.)

83. The number of deaths 2,453 recorded during the year as due to plague is the lowest since 1896 which was the year of its first appearance in this Presidency. Deaths due to this cause during 1934 were 13,307. The ratio of deaths per mille of population during the year under report was '11 as against '61 in 1934 and '56 the quinquennial mean.

Cases were reported from 62 circles of Registration and 248 villages were infected during the year as compared with 105 and 1,084 respectively in the preceding year. The ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population in affected towns and villages works out to 2.41. The total number of attacks recorded was 4,070 giving a case mortality rate of 60.27 per cent. against 66.47 in 1934.

	Year.	Rei	Number of deaths.		Year.	-	Number of deaths.
1911	Sand Mar In		100,399	1924	Gara Care		9,214
1912	an 1		28,984	1925	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		12,601
1913			25,288	1926			9,866
1914			20,060	1927			4,076
1915			43,824	1928			13,563
1916			79,507	1929			18,014
1917	Part of the second second second		162,874	1930			5,026
1918			79,478	1931			3,506
1919		111	9,626	1932	The provide Line		14,446
1920			13,857	1933			24,560
1921			4,672	1934			13,307
1922			8,379	1935		1 1.2.	2,453
1923			33,741				

The total number of deaths recorded in each year since 1911 is given below :---

From the above statistics it will be seen that in spite of occasional epidemic waves the incidence of the disease has maintained a progressive decline during recent years. A tendency of the peaks to become lower and the epidemic curves shorter is also noticeable. However systematic and sustained anti-plague measures are necessary to bring the disease under complete control by its extermination from the epidemic centres.

84. Deaths from Plague by Collectorates.—The distribution of plague given in Annual Form No. XII shows that the more affected districts were Satara (710 deaths), Kaira (648), Sholapur (446), Dharwar (335) and Bijapur (120). Belgaum and Kanara Districts were only slightly affected recording 91 and 77 deaths respectively while Ratnagiri (18), Poona (4), Ahmednagar (2) and Thana (1) Districts had only a few deaths due to plague during the year.

Kaira the only affected district in Gujarat recorded the highest deathrate for the disease during the year viz., 87. The death-rates in other affected districts were Satara ('60), Sholapur ('51), Dharwar ('30) and Bijapur ('14). Bombay City had only one death due to plague against 31 in 1934. Sind remained free during the year successively for the 8th year since 1928. The infection in almost all the affected districts was carried over from the previous year.

85. Deaths from Plague in urban and rural areas.—For the urban and rural areas in the Presidency as a whole there were 501 and 1,952 deaths equal to a ratio of '12 and '11 respectively. High death-rates for urban areas were recorded in Borsad (23'96), Islampur (1'68), Kumta ('89), Sholapur ('50), Karwar ('50), Gadag Bettigeri ('48) and Hubli ('40) and among rural areas in the talukas of Borsad (3'03), Barsi (2'91), Khanapur (1'88), Walwa (1'59), Shirala (1'49), Ron ('95), Kalghatgi ('70) and Sirsi ('70).

86. Brief history of Plague outbreaks in the Registration Districts .--The majority of deaths from plague occurred in the Southern Registration District viz. 1,779 as against 12,276 in 1934. The death-rate was '32 as compared with 2'23 in the preceding year and 2'06 the quinquennial mean. The rural and urban death-rates were '33 and '26 respectively. Infection was reported from 217 villages in 53 circles of Registration against 962 and 73 respectively during 1934. As compared with the year preceding the incidence in the Registration District during the year was light. In Satara District 710 deaths were reported from 83 villages in 12 registration circles. In Sholapur District 446 deaths were reported from 20 villages in 4 registration circles. From the number of deaths and villages affected, it will be seen that the incidence in this district was rather intensive. Dharwar had 335 deaths recorded in 60 villages ; the lowest number was reported from Kanara District viz. 77 although the lowest ratio of plague deaths per mille of population was claimed by Belgaum District ('08). The town circles of Islampur, Kumta, Karwar and Gadag Bettigeri returned high death-rates viz. 1.68, .89, .50, and .40 respectively while the talukas with high deathrates were Barsi (2.91), Khanapur (1.88), Walva (1.59) and Shirala (1.49). The highest number of deaths (447) occurred in the month of

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January. The downward curve of the epidemic of 1934 reached its lowest point in June 1935 (9 deaths), showed a rise thence forward up to October and again took a downward course in November and December each month recording 92 deaths. Enquiry regarding 1,971 cases of plague in this Registration District by different Mamlatdars and Municipalities showed that among these cases there were 80 attacks and 28 deaths among the inoculated and the remaining 1,891 attacks and 1,186 deaths occurred among uninoculated giving case mortality rates of 35 per cent. and 63 per cent. respectively. In Northern Registration District 648 deaths occurred during the year. The Borsad Taluka in Kaira District was the only area affected, from which almost all the deaths were reported. One village (Sandesar) of Anand Taluka which borders on Borsad Taluka reported 4 deaths only. In Borsad town the number of deaths recorded was 316 and for the rest of the talukas 328. Three registration circles and 23 villages were affected. The epidemic in Borsad Taluka started in December 1934 and reached its maximum in March 1935 when 274 deaths were recorded. The infection in Borsad Taluka was of a severe nature.

Several matters in connection with the severity of this epidemic are noteworthy. It was found that late rains had caused a migration of field rats which showed a greater plague infectivity than ordinary house rats. The mortality of the epidemic was relatively greater amongst females than males and this may be ascribed to the fact that there were few inoculations of females. The mortality was found to be lower in the age periods one-to-ten years and over sixty years than in the intermediate age periods. One contributory factor to the continuance of a plague infective focus in Borsad taluka is certainly ascribable to the fact that the people themselves are averse to the destruction of animal life.

In Central Registration District only 25 deaths occurred during the year in 7 villages of five registration circles. Ratnagiri District claimed the majority of deaths (18), the infection being reported from 4 villages in two registration circles. Vengurla R. C. reported 14 deaths and Ratnagiri R. C. 4 deaths. Vengurla T. C. which was an endemic centre did not report any attacks or deaths. Poona District had only 4 deaths reported from Bhimthadi R. C. In Ahmednagar District 2 deaths occurred in Kharda village of Jamkhed Taluka while one death only occurred in village Milhe of Murbad Taluka in Thana District. In the Central Registration District no death was reported from urban areas during the year. Sind Registration District was totally free while Bombay City had only one solitary death reported during the month of January.

87. Ratting operations.—Ratting operations were carried out in 25 towns in Southern Registration District, 12 towns and 27 villages in Northern Registration District and 16 towns in Central Registration District. In the Presidency Proper excluding Bombay City, 989,629 rats were caught and destroyed of which 90,771 rats were examined and 62 were found infected. In Sind the number of rats caught and destroyed was 150,326. Regular ratting operations were carried out by Karachi, Hyderabad, Larkana, Tando Adam, Mirpurkhas and Sukkur Municipalities. In Bombay City ratting operations were carried out vigorously as usual and accounted for 759,618 rats caught and destroyed. 227,485 rats were also examined but no infection was found in any of them. In the city, daily average number of traps used was 1,078. Considering the important part played by rat in the spread of Plague infection and also the rate of natural increase of this race, greater efforts have to be concentrated on the destruction of rats by every known method if any real reduction in the rat population is to be achieved. The use of Hydrogen Cyanide in one or other of its several forms has now been introduced as a plague preventive measure and has been found to be more rapid and more certain weapon against rats. It has an advantage over trapping and baiting in that it takes the wily rat unawares and nothing is left to its choice. It can also be relied upon for the destruction of fleas which trapping and baiting cannot do. The measure has now emerged out of experimental stage and can be recommended with confidence to the local authorities.

88. Anti-plague measures.—During the year under report four medical officers were appointed for plague inoculation duty in the Presidency.

The anti-plague workers appointed by the District Local Boards of Belgaum, Satara and Sholapur Districts continued to work during the year. They visited 3,131 villages in those districts and carried out ratting operations and disinfection of infected houses. In Dharwar District the District Local Board Staff under the Medical Officer of Health visited 56 villages for carrying out such operations. The Inspectors of Sanitation and Vaccination also carried out the measures in affected areas.

Cyanogas and Calcid operations .- A special grant of Rs. 6,100 was sanctioned by Government under G. R., G. D., No. 293/33, dated 29th November 1935, for cyanogas fumigation work in selected villages in the districts of Karnatak as an educative propaganda. A few villages in Dharwar District in which plague infection was reported frequently during the last 3 or 4 years were selected for the operations. Mr. D. G. Mohile, M.B.B.S., D.P.H., was selected to be in charge of the operations which were started from 27th April 1935. The Medical Officer was given a fortnight's training in plague preventive measures including cyanide fumigation at the Haffkine Institute, Parel, Bombay, before he resumed duties. It was decided to take up the villages one by one and on account of various difficulties in obtaining the right type of staff one squad was entertained to begin with to be increased according to necessity. Two villages Abbigeri and Naregal in Ron Taluka were fumigated from 27th April to 14th June 1936 when the operations were suspended for the rainy season. They were again resumed on the 1st of December 1936 in the village Belwanki of the same taluka. Besides the Medical Officer the staff employed was one Mokadam and 5 coolies. They were all trained for their work by the Medical Officer and also inoculated against plague before the operations were started. At Abbigeri (population 3,813) 7,237 rat holes were fumigated in 935 houses during 44 actual days of working giving an average of 21 houses per day. At Naregal (population 7,976) 5,005 rat burrows were fumigated in 388 houses at an average of 11 houses per day. The work was slowed down on account of the advent of rainy season as sufficient number of houses could not be vacated. After the rains the operations were resumed in Belvanki village on 4th December 1935 and up to the end of the month 4,936 rat holes in 217 houses were fumigated. Baiting was done for two days in the fumigated houses. The number of baits laid was 19,947 out of which 3,780 were consumed and 764 rats were found killed. The number of rats killed in the burrows by fumigation could not be ascertained as it would have involved excavation of the burrows, which was not done. The District Local Board, Belgaum, carried out cyanogas operations in the villages Manjri and Ankli of Chikodi Taluka. 15,636 rat holes in 432 houses were fumigated. The District Local Board, Bijapur, also employed fumigation in Honuntgi village in Bijapur Taluka and 10,432 rat burrows in 271 houses were treated. Baiting was also done in those houses and out of 2,640 baits laid 270 were consumed and 29 rats were found dead. The operations were also systematically carried out in Bijapur town by the Municipality from 1st January to 1st February 1935 and 1st September to 4th December 1935 in the bazar locality. Attempt was also made to fumigate every rat burrow in every house, godown and shops and baiting was also employed. 29,860 rat burrows from 421 houses and godowns were fumigated. 331 rats were found to come out and die during the operations. 45,360 baits were fixed in the treated houses of which 2,848 were consumed and 556 rats were found to have died of poisoning. 50 loaded carts coming from affected villages were also fumigated under tarpaulins in Bijapur town. In Pandharpur and Sholapur towns fumigation on a small scale was carried out and 60 and 222 houses respectively were treated.

As per Government Resolutions, General Department, No. 138/33 dated 23rd April and 4th June 1935 Government made grants of Rs. 4,000 to the Borsad Municipality and Rs. 3,100 to Borsad Taluka for carrying out plague preventive measures. The grants were administered by the Mamlatdar of Borsad and the operations were carried out by the staff employed for the purpose under the directions of the Assistant Director of Public Health, Northern Registration District, Ahmedabad. In Borsad town sulpher fumigation was employed for a time but was soon replaced by calcid fumigation which was started from 1st June 1935. The operations were carried out in addition to trapping and baiting. In Borsad town 31,835 rat holes were fumigated and 8,999 rats destroyed in addition to those killed in the burrows during the period from June to December 1935. In Borsad Taluka during the same period 26,453 rat holes in all the 27 affected villages were treated and 17,152 rats came out to die during fumigation. The results of these operations will be closely watched by this department. It will be too early to form any deductions at so short an interval of time regarding the effect of the measure on plague incidence in those areas. Moreover Plague incidence

was less during the year throughout the whole of the Presidency. However, it may be mentioned that the places fumigated have not reported any cases during the year 1935 after fumigation though in the past 3 or 4 years they were invariably infected in plague season. Bijapur town which was fumigated in 1934 and 1935 has also escaped infection during the year although Bijapur district was slightly infected recording 120 deaths. Borsad taluka in Kaira District has reported no case since the end of May during the year.

Inoculations.—The total number of persons inoculated during the year under report was 113,418 as compared with 276,375 in 1934. These were performed by the special inoculators appointed for the purpose, Medical Officers in charge of Hospitals and Dispensaries and private practitioners. The number of inoculations performed in the Districts was Dharwar 25,964, Bijapur 23,306, Sholapur 38,259, Satara 9,318, Belgaum 2,211, Kanara 2,352, Kaira 10,356, Ratnagiri 1,216, Poona 214 and Bombay City 222. The expenditure on pay, travelling allowance and contingencies of inoculators on plague duty and cyanogas and calcid operations carried out under Government control amounted to Rs. 15,472 and that on purchase of plague vaccine to Rs. 372.

The number of inoculations is small because of less prevalence of plague. For complete protective value, immunization has to be done some days before the person is likely to be exposed to infection but it is found in practice that no person is willing to undergo inoculation in the absence of danger and many wait till the epidemic becomes severe. It is, however, to be noted that the response to offer of inoculation in the locality of an outbreak is becoming more and more gratifying in recent years and the public has come to appreciate the protection conferred by inoculation. The following figures are given in support of the remarks made above :—

Year		Number of attacks of plague.	Number of deaths from plague.	Number of inocula- tions.	Number of doses of plague vaccine issued within the Presidency.	Ratio of inoculations to number of deaths.
1928		19,583	13,563	132,340	255,789	9.7 to 1
1929		27,850	18,014	295,544	347,920	16.4 to 1
1930		7,796	5,026	109,400	123,206	21.7 to 1
1931	2.2	5,481	3,506	74,288	107,333	21.2 to 1
1932		21,861	14,446	246,146	272,510	17.1 to 1
1933		35,664	24,560	559,723	597,946	22.8 to 1
1934		20,020	13,307	276,375	299,208	20.8 to 1
1935		4,070	2,453	113,418	113,567	35.7 to 1

The quality of the vaccine supplied by the Haffkine Institute is satisfactory and the vaccine is far more potent than any other available in the market. In fact some of the imported vaccines are entirely useless for the purpose of immunizing human population.

Influenza.

89. There were 187 deaths from Influenza during the year as against 329 in 1934. Bombay City recorded 71 deaths against 98 in the preceding year.

90. Deaths from Influenza in previous years.—The following table shows the number of deaths from Influenza since its appearance :—

- Martin	Year.		Number of deaths.		Year.		Number of deaths.
		hereit	and a month of			2.1	
1918	1		1,041,481	1927	24.4	1.2	267
1919			39,786	1928			228
1920			16,690	1929			280
1921			3,679	1930			183
1922			1,222	1931			241
1923			991	1932			168
1924			578	1933			206
1925			192	1934			329
1926			362	1935			187

The disease as now prevalent is only of a mild nature as compared with the early years of its introduction.

91. Brief history of Influenza outbreaks in the Registration Districts and Collectorates .- The Northern Registration District recorded 39 deaths, the Southern 35, the Central 24 and Sind 18. In Northern Registration District there was an outbreak of Influenza among the mine population of Shivrajpur mines in Halol Taluka of Panch Mahals district where 232 cases and 21 deaths occurred till the end of December 1935. All the cases received treatment from the Hospital at Shivrajpur mines. The quarters of the mines were disinfected. Excluding the 21 deaths referred to above and 9 recorded in Surat town, no reports came in from any other area in the Northern Registration District. Out of the 35 deaths reported in Southern Registration District, 23 were from rural circles and the remaining 12 from urban areas. Among urban areas deaths were reported from Gadag (3), Dharwar (3), Ilkal (2), Hubli (2); Sholapur (1) and Belgaum (1) as shown against each. Of the 24 deaths recorded in Central Registration District 13 occurred in rural areas viz. Poona (7), Bombay Suburban (3), Kolaba (2) and Ahmednagar (1) and the remaining 11 in town circles i.e. Poona City (3), Nasik (2), Kalyan (2), Kurla (2), Ratnagiri (1) and Thana (1). In Sind Registration District 11 deaths were reported from the rural circles of Thar and Parkar District viz. Mithi (7) and Mirpurkhas (4). The remaining 7 occurred in Karachi City.

In Bombay City the disease was mild and sporadic only. One death was recorded in the European community and 71 among Indian population. The highest number of deaths (12) was recorded in the month of August.

CHAPTER V.

FAIRS AND FESTIVALS.

92. Pandharpur.—The chief day of the Ashadhi Fair fell on the 12th July 1935. The total number of pilgrims that attended the fair was 176,114 as against 162,768 in 1934, being the largest attendance since the year 1905. The amount of tax collected was Rs. 41,975-4-0 and there were about 8,213 exemptions. The medical arrangements for the pilgrims *en route* were made as usual. The total number of Palkhis that arrived at Pandharpur was 23 as against 21 of the last year. The three important Palkhis, viz. (1) Shiri Dnyaneshwar Maharaj from Alandi, (2) Nivrittinath Maharaj from Trimbak and (3) Tukaram Maharaj from Dehu were accompanied by one medical officer each with necessary staff and equipment. All the Palkhis arrived at Wakhari, the last camp, before entering Pandharpur on the evening of 11th July 1935. Arrangements were made by the G.I.P. Railway for pilgrims arriving at Kurduwadi station. The Civil Surgeon, Sholapur, made the usual sanitary and medical arrangements at Kurduwadi village.

Arrangements at Wakhari.—The followers of the Palkhis were supplied with alumed and permanganated water. Shallow trenches were also provided. The Sanitary Inspector deputed by the Pandharpur Municipality looked after the conservancy arrangements. As usual an emergency hospital with necessary staff and equipment was opened on the Palkhi camp site.

Arrangements at Pandharpur.—The usual medical arrangements were ready well before the pilgrims began to arrive. Six Sub-Assistant Surgeons, twenty-seven medical students and eleven Sanitary Inspectors were appointed. The incoming and out-going pilgrims were inspected at the Railway station and at the Octroi Nakas.

Health of Pilgrims.—There were ten admissions for cholera to the Hospital with seven deaths. There were also two admissions for small-pox. The persons admitted in the hospital were detected either before entering the town or soon after their entry. The spread of infection was thus effectually prevented.

Temple arrangements.—Darshan arrangements were satisfactory. There were 97,648 pilgrims who took Darshan as against 89,104 in 1934.

The principal day of the Kartiki festival at Alandi fell on the 21st November 1935. The sanitary arrangements made were satisfactory. There was no outbreak of any epidemic disease during the fair. Nine suspicious cases of cholera were detected at the Nakas and removed to the Infectious Diseases Hospital at Poona. The principal fairs at Nasik and Trimbak were Nivritti in January, the Mahashivratra in February, the Ram Navami in April and the Kartiki in November 1935. The number of pilgrims during these "Parvanis" varied considerably ranging from about 2,000 during the Kartiki Fair to 20,000 during the Nivritti Fair. The sanitary arrangements made at these fairs at Nasik and Trimbak were adequate and there was no outbreak of any epidemic disease. Saundatti-Yellamma Fair (January, February, March and December) in the Belgaum District and Gokarn (March) in the Kanara District are the fairs to which people from all parts of the Presidency are drawn. The total number of pilgrims attending the fairs is about 20,000 to 50,000 at the Yallamma fair and 15,000 at Gokarn. Owing to the prevalence of small-pox at Gokarn and in the Kanara District at the time of the fair about 5,000 pilgrims attended the fair. The fair at Yamnur which usually attracts 50,000 pilgrims and was due on the 22nd March 1935 was prohibited by Government as there was every possibility of cholera breaking out owing to scarcity of water at the place and round about villages. Sanitary arrangements were also provided at Shingnapur (30,000) and at Shirala (16,000 pilgrims). All other smaller fair centres in the Southern Registration District were free from any epidemic disease. The festival at Shukaltirth in Broach Taluka was held on 10th November 1935 at which about 30,000 pilgrims had gathered. The Kartiki Punam fair at Vautha in Dholka Taluka was held on 10th November 1935 at which about 75,000 pilgrims gathered. Manekthari Punam Fair at Dakore came off on 12th October 1935 the attendance being about 64,000 against 47,819 in 1934. Lal Shahbaz Fair was held at Sehwan from 16th to 18th November 1935 and was attended by about 12,000 pilgrims. The newly constituted Pilgrim Committee looked after the sanitary arrangements which were also supervised by the Inspector of Sanitation and Vaccination, Karachi and Dadu Districts.

CHAPTER VI.

URBAN SANITATION.

93. Number of Medical Officers of Health.-During the year under report Medical Officers of Health having British D.P.H. were employed in Karachi, Hyderabad, Ahmedabad, Surat, Poona, Sholapur, Pandharpur and Nasik. Two Assistant Health Officers and one Deputy Health Officer having British D.P.H. are also employed in Karachi and the Ahmedabad Municipality maintains a fully qualified Deputy Health Officer. Health Officers holding the medical degree of the Bombay University in addition to the Sanitary Inspectors' Certificate and the B.Hy. (Bombay) were employed at Broach, Bandra and Ahmednagar. Shikarpur and Sukkur employed Medical Officers of Health possessing qualifications necessary for a first class town but they were given the scale of pay prescribed for a second class town. Bijapur employed a Health Officer holding the medical degree of the Bombay University plus Junior Health Officers' Examination Certificate. Jalgaon, Dhulia and Kurla had Health Officers of the Sub-Assistant Surgeons' Class possessing Junior Health Officers' Examination Certificate while Dakor employed a Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons holding Sanitary Inspector's Certificate.

94. Number of Sanitary Inspectors.—One hundred and twelve qualified Sanitary Inspectors were employed in 52 towns. Ahmedabad 15, Poona 9, Sholapur and Karachi 8 each, Surat 6, Hyderabad 4, Hubli and Sukkur 3 each, and Ahmednagar, Broach, Belgaum, Bijapur, Bagalkot, Barsi, Dhulia, Gadag, Nasik, Pandharpur, Shikarpur and Tando Adam 2 each and the following had one each :—Larkana, Rohri, Jacobabad, Rander, Bulsar, Godhra, Viramgaum, Dholka, Amalner, Bhusawal, Chalisgaon, Chopda, Parola, Nandurbar, Thana, Malegaon, Manmad, Trimbak, Ghatkopar, Igatpuri, Kalyan, Bandra, Poona Suburban, Kurla, Mahableshwar, Saundatti, Dharwar, Ranebennur, Haliyal, Satara and Panchgani.

95. Municipal Sanitary Works.—There are in all 154 Municipalities with a total population of 2,988,328. Their total income excluding opening balance for the year was Rs. 2,22,74,376 of which Rs. 1,63,86,264 or 73 57 per cent. was raised by taxation, giving an incidence per head of population of Rs. 5-7-9. Taxation varied between Rs. 18-5-9 in Alandi and Re. 0-7-0 in the Municipality of Betawad in West Khandesh District. These figures include a special conservancy cess in the case of many municipalities.

The incidence of municipal income and taxation per head of population in the larger municipalities is as follows :---

				Income.	Taxation.	
				Rs.	· Rs.	
Bombay	mit. in			27	22	
Karachi				15	13	
Ahmedabad				12	11	
Poona				11	8	
Surat		in see but	••	12	9	
Sholapur				7	6	

During the year complete sanitary surveys of 19 towns were made and in addition 5 were visited for special inspection or reports. Advice was given in all these and in numerous other cases in matters of water supply, conservancy, prevention of spread of disease and in measures of a more general nature. Action was taken by many of the Municipalities on the suggestions of Assistant Directors of Public Health of which the following is a brief summary :-Belgaum, Hubli, Bijapur, Guledgud, Satara, Panchgani, Karmala, Chalisgaon, and Nandurbar constructed new latrines. Nipani, Hubli, Gadag, Mahableshwar and Jalgaon constructed and repaired gutters. Belgaum and Hyderabad constructed surface drains at a cost of Rs. 36,681 and Rs. 28,667 respectively. Bijapur and Sholapur spent Rs. 10,888 and Rs. 18,214

respectively on gutters. Dharwar, Bagalkot, Karwar, Barsi, Yawal and Tando Adam constructed drains. Sholapur spent Rs. 2,07,444 on 6" drains in different localities and Rs. 15,176 on storm water drains. Sanand constructed an incinerator for burning refuse. In Ahmedabad serious efforts are being made for the abolition of sand and hand cleaned punch latrines. Dakor, Dohad, Chopda, Amalner and Erandol introduced fly traps. In addition to the above, repairs to existing drains, markets, wells, free distribution of quinine and medicine for the prevention and cure of cholera and other works of public health utility were undertaken by many municipalities. The Nasik system of trenching night soil has been adopted by Nadiad, Surat, Mehmedabad, Dakor, Amalner, Erandol, Chalisgaon, Jalgaon, Chopda, Nandurbar, Broach and Dhulia Municipalities. This system has proved a great success in Amalner, Nadiad and Dhulia where the municipalities realised Rs. 21,86,804 and 1,400 respectively. The Assistant Director of Public Health, Northern Registration District demonstrated the composting system of disposal of night soil and refuse at Nandurbar, Taloda, Shahada, Sindkheda, Shirpur, Dhulia, Chopda, Erandol, Amalner, Parola and Dholka.

96. Expenditure on Public Health in Municipalities.—The expenditure on public health measures came to Rs. 3-7-0 approximately per head of population in Karachi City and averaged about Rs. 2-5-11 for all the remaining municipalities.

97. Municipal Water Supplies.—The municipal water supplies at Ahmedabad, Bijapur, Hubli, Hyderabad, Nasik, Poona, Sholapur and Sukkur were regularly sterilised and maintained their standard of purity. Improvements to drainage works at Ahmedabad, Amalner, Dhulia, Kapadwanj, Nandurbar, Shikarpur, Sukkur and Surat were carried out during the year.

98. Infectious Diseases Hospitals.—The Infectious Diseases Hospital, Poona, admitted 627 patients of which 133 died. The largest number of admissions for any single disease was 160 on account of small-pox. There was one case each of encephalitis, lethargica syphilis (secondary), enteric fever, influenza etc., and few more diseases.

An Infectious Disease, Hospital was opened at Pandharpur at the time of Ashadhi Fair which was held from 11th to 15th July 1935. Ten cases of cholera were admitted of which 7 died.

At the Karachi Infectious Diseases Hospital 440 cases for different diseases were treated of which 48 died.

CHAPTER VII.

RURAL SANITATION.

99. District Health Officers.—No new District Health Officers were appointed during the year. Only three districts, i.e., Satara and Dharwar in the Presidency proper and Larkana in Sind have District Health Officers. 100. Land Acquisition in villages for relieving overcrowding.—Progress in this direction may be summarised as under :—

Dharwar.—Five acres and 4 acres and 11 gunthas of land were acquired for Kasambi and Kurabgond villages of Kod and Karajgi Talukas respectively.

Nasik.—Six acres of land were acquired for Panhale State village, and 7 acres were transferred from waste to Gaothan in Kharwandi, both in Yeola Taluka.

Dadu.—One acre and 9 gunthas of Government land was added to the original village of Haroon Panwher of Sehwan Taluka.

101. Village water supply.—Government placed at the disposal of the Commissioners of Divisions the following grants for distribution among the District Local Boards of the Presidency and Sind for improvement of village water supply :—

		Rs.
Northern Division	Panels.	 30,000
Central Division		 25,000
Southern Division	H Williams	 25,000
Sind		 18,000
Reserve with Government		 2,000
	Total	 1,00,000

These grants were supplemented by allotments from local funds and popular contributions and were expended on constructing wells, tanks, troughs and cisterns, in repairing old wells and in boring operations.

Four hundred and seventy-two draw wells were constructed during the year. Seventy-two step wells were converted into draw wells.

102. District and Taluka Local Boards.—The aggregate income of 28 District Local Boards and 219 Taluka Local Boards amounted to Rs. 1,93,78,936. Income and taxation per head of population was Rs. 1-1-9 and Re. 0-4-9 respectively against Rs. 1-1-3 and Rs. 0-4-8. A total sum of Rs. 24,27,876 was spent by the Boards on communications while Rs. 8,08,399 were spent under the head of Public Health Works.

Government placed at the disposal of the Commissioners the following grants for distribution among District Local Boards of the Presidency and Sind. These grants are intended to be utilized primarily for expenditure for roads and buildings :---

		Rs.
Northern Division	and it is been	 2,39,150
Central Division		 2,64,850
Southern Division		 1,91,250
Sind		 2,04,750

103. Village Sanitary Boards.—The Sanitary Board at Siddapur in Kanara District did usual conservancy work during the year. The Sanitary Board at Shahpur Chakar in Nawabshah District worked during the year but no work of any importance was reported to have been carried out.

104. Sanitary Committees and Village Panchayats.—During the year seven hundred and fifty-five Sanitary Committees and Village Panchayats were reported to be functioning. The Assistant Directors of Public Health during their tours inspected sanitary arrangements of the villages where Committees and Panchayats existed and their recommendations were forwarded to the Revenue Officers. Examples of useful work done by Sanitary Committees and Village Panchayats are given below :—

Tandulwadi, Bedag, Jhalod, Kalol, Kosaman, Paldhi, Pimprale and Shirpur sterilised drinking water wells regularly. Jevur, Kave, Kurduwadi, Uplai Khurd, Sankeshwar, Havashabhavi, Hirekerur, Oplad and Adawad improved their conservancy. Mangoli, Kupwad, Madha and Kusumbe removed prickly pear. Umraj, Kasegaon, Hukkeri and Tigadi constructed new roads. Pimpalner provided dust bins. Koregaon, Itwade Khurd, Dhirol, Songir and Ranale built new latrines and Pahur, Shendurni, Neri Budruk and Nagardeole provided trench latrines. Nilgund, Zare, Shedbal, Shelwadi, Matar, Thasra, Kalsan and Nardana undertook repairs to their wells and tanks. Degaon, Bhadgaon, Wagli, Shirur and Nizampur repaired gutters. The Assistant Directors of Public Health, Sind Registration District, reports that no noticeable improvements were carried out.

CHAPTER VIII.

MALARIA.

105. Incidence.—During the year 31,221 deaths from Malaria were recorded against 30,895 in 1934. The death-rate from Malaria for the Presidency as a whole was 1.43 as against 1.42 in the previous year. The urban and rural death-rates were .63 and 1.62 as compared with .69 and 1.59 in the previous year. 106. Deaths from Malaria in the Presidency.—The Central Registration District recorded the largest number of deaths 17,382, the Southern 6,821, the Northern 4,747 and Sind 2,175. Bombay City recorded 96 deaths against 97 in 1934.

107. Deaths from Malaria in Collectorates.—The larger number of deaths from Malaria recorded in the Collectorates was, in Nasik 8,087, Poona 3,725, West Khandesh 2,567, Thana 2,334, Ahmednagar 2,293, Dharwar 2,002, East Khandesh 1,407 and Bijapur 1,197.

108. Relation of deaths from Malaria to deaths from Fevers.—During the year under report 204,752 deaths from Fevers were recorded out of which 31,221 were attributed to Malaria, the percentage of deaths from Malaria to those from Fevers was 15, as it was last year.

109. Seasonal mortality of Malaria.—The highest number of deaths from Malaria was recorded in the month of November and the lowest in June; mortality was higher from August to December and January than during the remaining months. During the first period 15,397 deaths occurred and during January the number of deaths was 2,734.

110. Deaths from Malaria in urban and rural areas.—High death rates from Malaria in urban areas were recorded in Dholka $(13\cdot32)$, Shikarpur $(7\cdot06)$, Rohri $(5\cdot98)$, Umarkot $(5\cdot20)$, Dakore $(2\cdot94)$, Bhiwandi $(2\cdot69)$, Poona City $(2\cdot67)$ and Sehwan $(2\cdot59)$, and in rural areas in the districts of Nasik $(9\cdot17)$, West Khandesh $(3\cdot72)$, Poona $(3\cdot56)$, Thana $(2\cdot98)$, Kanara $(2\cdot63)$, Ahmednagar $(2\cdot47)$ and Dharwar $(2\cdot47)$.

111. Anti-malaria measures and touring medical officers on malaria duty.—For the malaria season 54 subordinate Medical Service officers were appointed by the Director of Public Health for the Government of Bombay to visit the villages in the most malarious parts of the Presidency and to treat cases of fevers found in them. Their services were also utilised in emergencies in cholera and plague outbreaks to carry out inoculation and other anti-epidemic measures in their areas.

They visited 5,274 villages, treated 95,932 persons for malaria and 42,752 for other diseases and examined 125,954 children for enlarged spleens out of which 44,714 were found to have enlarged spleen (35 p.c.). In Sind during the year under report in all 208,664 malaria patients were treated at the various hospitals and dispensaries against 201,084 in the previous year. 172,800 five-grain quinine tablets and 39,200 two-grain tablets were supplied to the Inspectors of Sanitation and Vaccination and anti-malaria Officers in Sind during the year for free distribution. Besides this 490,000 five-grain tablets and 1,085,780 two-grain tablets were supplied to officers and various agencies in Sind by the Director of Public Health for free distribution. In the Southern Registration District, 340,050 five-grain and 326,550 two-grain quinine tablets were supplied by the Director of Public Health to officers and other agencies for free distribution out of which 322,014 and 293,478 tablets respectively. were distributed to the villagers. Also 96,253 five-grain tablets and 44,565 two-grain tablets were supplied to village officers by different Collectors for free distribution. 135,000 five-grain and 20,000 two-grain tablets and 32,000 and 24,000 tablets of 5 and 2 grains each respectively were also supplied to the Medical Officers of Health of the District Local Boards, Dharwar and Satara, for distribution during the year. The District School Boards of Dharwar, Bijapur, Kanara and Sholapur districts distributed 98,676 five-grain and 103,177 two-grain tablets. The stock of quinine with the village officers was replenished by the vaccinators wherever necessary. This work was also inspected by the Inspectors of Sanitation and Vaccination.

In the Central Registration District 157,996 five-grain tablets and 135,006 two-grain tablets were given to officers and agencies for free distribution. The Medical Officer in charge of the Municipal Dispensaries in Poona City treated 8,772 malaria patients during the year. The Medical Officer in charge of the Dispensary of the Reformatory School, Yeravda, examined 242 inmates of the School and members of the staff for malaria and found 19 out of them with enlarged spleen. Fourteen medical officers were appointed on anti-malaria duty in the 6 districts of the Central Registration District for varying periods during the year.

In the Northern Registration District 243,480 five-grain tablets and 329,425 two-grain tablets were distributed free through various official and non-official agencies. The Assistant Director of Public Health, Northern Registration District, visited Nawagam village of Matar taluka in Kaira district for malaria survey and the necessary measures to minimise the incidence were suggested to the Collector of Kaira. In the Northern Registration District 9 S. M. S. Officers on malaria duty were appointed by Government and 2 by the District Local Board, East Khandesh, during the year for treatment of cases of malaria by visiting villages in the most malarious areas. They visited 1,193 villages and treated 34,658 cases including 25,700 for malaria.

112. Distribution of Quinine .- During the period under report Government sanctioned (1) quinine sulphate worth Rs. 26,000 for free distribution, (2) quinine sulphate worth Rs. 26,000 for sale in Post Offices and (3) quinine hydrochloride worth Rs. 8,000 for sale in treatment packets. The expenditure against the first grant was Rs. 25,334. Quinine worth Rs. 42,360 (including previous stock and temporary loan) was distributed through Revenue and other officials, and the Administrative officers of District School Boards. Some of this quinine was also distributed by the Assistant Directors of Public Health, Inspectors of Sanitation and Vaccination and selected vaccinators. Under the second grant, increased by an additional grant, Rs. 26,918 were spent in supplying quinine tablets for sale at Post Offices and to certain officials and institutions on payment. The Superintendent, Yeravda Central Prison, credited a total amount of Rs. 37,060 realised from the sale during 1935 and previous years into the Government Treasury. Under the third grant, increased by an additional grant, Rs. 8,719 were spent in preparing and supplying quinine in the form of treatments. The price recovered including arrears amounted to Rs. 9,348.

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Serial No.	District.	and the second	School Boards.	Assistant Directors and Collectors.	inclusion anti-logi li dona silongues V li contra silongues V li contra silongues V
PRAN	the section of the section of the	1	Rs.	Rs.	a promoting states, 1
1	East Khandesh			188	the second states of the
2	West Khandesh		427	390	Marine College
3	Surat		225	133	
1 4	Broach and Panch Mahals		418	834	Contraction of the loss
5	Kaira		158	996	
6	Ahmedabad	••	369	2,511	Includes supply to Assistant Director for his Registration District.
- 7	Ahmednagar		112	97	They is not but
8	Poona		216	2,096	Do.
9	Nasik	**	315	776	NORTH CONTRACTOR
10	Thana		45	265	P/PS/LANCTION/54
11	Bombay Suburban			33	Marin Barriston
12	Kolaba		2	67	
13	Ratnagiri			11	
14	Belgaum			3,932	Do.
15	Dharwar		1,430	1,196	the state of the second
16	Bijapur		77	153	Contractor States
17	Kanara		225	1,667	Contraction of the
18	Sholapur		16	236	THE REAL PROPERTY AND INC.
19	Satara	••	918		and Level Level Lot
	Total for Presidency proper	**	4,953	- 15,581	
20	Karachi		540	2,470	Do.
21	Dadu		148	169	
22	Hyderabad		3,199	778	The Party of Party
23	Nawabshah		1,800	674	CONTRACTOR DAY
24	Thar and Parkar	2.	1,489		12 11 1 172 14 12
25	Larkana ··		2,731	2,632	And the second states
26	Sukkur		3,600	663	A REAL PROPERTY AND INC.
27	Upper Sind Frontier	• •	432	427	a galita besta
	Total for Sind		13,939	7,813	Sate aller
	Grand Total		18,892	23,394	Service Andrews

The distribution of free quinine through School Boards and through Assistant Directors and Collectors by districts was as under :---

113. Special enquiries and investigations.—The Assistant Director of Public Health, Central Registration District, surveyed areas round about Visapur Village and Jail during the year for suggesting anti-malaria measures. It was found that the disease was not severe. The Public Works Department staff housed near the dam suffered to some extent. They shifted to the villages of Visapur and Pimpalgaon Fisa when there was acute malaria and carried the infection with them. It was also found that in the Jail the

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infection was either brought in by new prisoners or by the Jail Staff who frequently visited the villages. Preventive measures were advised. A systematic treatment with quinine and plasmoquine was undertaken by the medical officer in charge Visapur Prison. For the villages of Visapur and Pimpalgaon Pisa an S. M. S. Officer was appointed on malaria duty and he was supplied with sufficient stock of quinine and plasmoquine tablets. He gave treatment to 444 persons at Visapur and 1,516 persons at Pimpalgaon Pisa. 15,000 tablets of quinine (5 grains each), 5,000 tablets of quinine (2 grains each) and 12,800 tablets of plasmoquine (²/₆th grain each) were used for treatment in those villages.

In Kod Taluka of Dharwar District, plasmoquine treatment was also employed for noting results. 300 people having enlarged spleen of three or four fingers breadth were treated with plasmoquine alone and about 1,500 with combined treatment of plasmoquine and quinine. Those treated with plasmoquine only were given 3 tablets each. One tablet was given every 4th day. For children tablet was given every 4th day up to 2 tablets. Combined treatment was given to those who were actually suffering from fever either every alternate day or daily. Each person was given 3 tablets of 5 grains each daily for 3 or 4 days and plasmoquine 4 tablets, one tablet to be taken every day after the fever subsided. Five villages were selected by the Medical Officer with the object of noting the results carefully and 145 persons were treated. Of these 70 suffered daily and 46 got fever every alternate day and 11 and 19 cases respectively had a relapse. The Medical Officer reported that of those who were suffering from fever daily very few got relapse. Of those who got fever every alternate day, 50 per cent. relapsed. But on re-treatment none of them had any relapse. Children with enlarged spleen showed reduction of spleen up to about 1 size during the period of observation. There were no untoward symptoms from this treatment except one case 55 years old with enlarged liver and spleen, who developed jaundice after he had received 4 tablets of th grain each, one tablet a day. It could not definitely be said whether the jaundice was due to plasmoquine or a complication of the disease he was suffering from.

CHAPTER IX.

MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE.

114. The Lady Wilson Village Maternity Association.—Nine branches of the Association, viz. Belgaum, Bijapur, Bombay Suburban, East Khandesh, Kanara, Kolaba, Satara, Sholapur and Thana worked during the year and 529 Dais were trained by them. Three meetings of the Executive Committee were held under the Chairmanship of the Commissioner, Central Division, Poona, and it was resolved that in addition to grants to District Branches, funds should be given to Maternity Homes if they undertook the training of village dais. The secondary training centre at Bombay was closed to minimise expenditure and in view of the fact that there were separate centres for secondary training for Satara and Kolaba Districts and that dais could also be trained at the King Edward Memorial Hospital, Poona. 115. Miss Piggot's Dais' Improvement Scheme, Hyderabad (Sind).— The training of "Dais" in maternity work under Miss Piggot has continued. During the year 27 dais were trained at Hyderabad, of these 13 appeared for examination and all passed. The work of 85 dais was regularly supervised. During her tours instructions were given to 18 new dais. During the year 45 towns and villages were visited and 220 lectures given which were attended by 9,845 women and children. A travelling dispensary with a lady doctor tours the districts in winter.

In Belgaum District two dais, in Bijapur District two and in Kanara District six were trained in the Civil Hospitals. The Infant Welfare Centre of the Health Association, Satara, has started training class for dais and there are 3 dais who are taking training. The District Local Board, Satara, carried out two schemes for training practising dais in villages, viz., (1) the Health Officer held classes at which 124 dais from 49 villages were present and (2) the Nurse and Midwife entertained by the Board imparted instructions to 82 practising dais in 41 villages in the talukas of Karad, Khanapur, Satara, Khatav and Man Petha in the matters of ante-natal and post-natal and other subjects of aseptic technique of midwifery. In addition to this 6 primary trained dais took advantage of the secondary training at the Wai Mission Hospital and the Hospital of the Satara Health Association. With a view to encouraging village practising dais trained in primary course in the districts 121 dai's outfits were distributed among the dais collected from 78 villages. Under the scheme of training midwives of the Red Cross Society, Dharwar, 3 pupils have been taken for training in the Civil Hospital.

116. The Bombay Presidency Baby and Health Week Association .-The Association helped 140 centres during the year under report. Of these, 65 centres were either helped with the loan of full set of models and health literature or with cinema and magic lantern units. 57 cinema demonstrations alone were arranged at different centres in the Presidency. Five centres were supplied with cinema films on health and child welfare topics. Slides on health subjects were sent to 13 centres for demonstration. Thirty-six popular talks were given with the aid of magic lantern slides and 21 without them. 659 reels of cinema films on public health and child welfare topics were projected. The Honorary Provincial Secretary of the Association received reports from different centres which showed that 614,800 persons attended the different functions. The Association is continuing its research work on cheap balanced diets. The Association sustained during the year a great loss in the death of Mr. G. K. Devdhar, C.I.E., M.A., who rendered very valuable services in furthering its cause in a variety of ways.

117. The Bombay Presidency Infant Welfare Society.—During the year 3,079 women were sent for confinement by the Society's nurses to maternity institutions other than the Homes maintained by the Society. The number of expectant mothers admitted in all centres was 5,510 and the total number of visits of expectant mothers to ante-natal clinics 21,382. The Society's nurses visited 7,597 new expectant mothers at

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their homes. The bulk of this work is carried out in Bombay City. The share of the Society in this work for the Presidency excluding Bombay City is represented by a grant of about Rs. 8,000 given to the Bombay mofussil Child Welfare and Health Council. As remarked last year this is totally inadequate as it is in the mofussil that the real need for maternity and infant welfare lies and not in the city, where it can very well be left to the care of the Municipality.

118. The Bombay Mofussil Maternity, child welfare and Health Council.—This Council came into existence during the year under report and the objects of the Council are :—(a) to promote co-operation and concerted action between different centres engaged in maternity, child welfare and health work in the Bombay Presidency excluding Bombay City and suburbs, (b) to consolidate and prevent over-lapping of centres in the same area, (c) to ensure that the work of each centre is being carried on efficiently, (d) to establish centres wherever required, and. (e) to do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects. The first meeting of the Council was held at Bombay on the 13th December 1935 at which constitution of the Council and its Local Committees was discussed. The Council started work on sound footing and the response from the mofussil is satisfactory.

CHAPTER X.

119. School Hygiene and Medical Inspection of School Children.— The scheme of medical inspection of schools remains in abeyance. The Inspectors of Sanitation and Vaccination in Sind visited 114 schools in rural areas to see the vaccinal condition of the children and inspect sanitation, ventilation and water supply. They gave 82 lectures on Tuberculosis and general hygiene. Out of 3,666 school children examined by them 265 were found with enlarged spleen. The Inspectors in other Registration Districts visited schools from time to time during the course of their tours, made remarks on general sanitation and brought the defects to the notice of the authorities concerned.

CHAPTER XI.

HEALTH PROPAGANDA.

120. Sanitary Associations.—The work done by the different Sanitary Associations is as shown below :—

Karachi Health Association.—The staff employed by this Association continued to do good work. The Association continued to maintain the Bherumal Thakurdas Maternity Home. The Lady Health Visitor visited 8,826 houses and talked to 20,260 women including 1,057 pregnant women. The number of pregnant women revisited was 1,024 while the number of post-natal cases visited was 1,571 and the number revisited was 1,740. The Lady Doctor of the Association visited 2,164 cases, conducted 4 normal cases and 19 abnormal cases. In the Bherumal Thakurdas Maternity Home, 520 mothers availed themselves of the facilities provided. Of the 520 labour cases 423 were normal and the remaining abnormal. 680 other cases were treated.

The Broach Sanitary Association organised 30 magic lantern lectures on personal hygiene, malaria, cholera, school hygiene, village sar itation and maternity and child welfare in the schools of the city, at the Shukaltirth annual fair and other public institutions. 18 demonstration lectures were delivered by the Medical Officer of the Association on Tuberculosis in the schools in the District. 2 Health Shows in the city at the annual fairs and 3 in the District at Zadeshwar, Umalla, and Shakultirth were held and posters and exhibits of the Association were displayed. Cinema films on the subjects of child welfare and compaign against tuberculosis were shown in the different parts of the city. Leaflets on flies, mosquitoes and cholera were distributed freely at the time of fairs. Posters on causes and prevention of tuberculosis were circulated among the schools of the city and district and also in the two local mills. The village medical aid work was continued in 80 villages and 65,117 patients took advantage thereof.

The Ahmedabad Sanitary Association.—The Association arranged magic lantern shows, baby shows, health exhibitions and magic lantern demonstrations in connection with village uplift scheme in various villages in the Talukas of North and South Daskroi, Viramgaon, Dholka and Modasa. At the request of the Praja Hitechhu Mandal, Prantij and Praja Mandal, Viramgaon, four lectures on health subjects were given in different parts of the cities. The Association arranged lectures on plague with the aid of magic lantern ir Borsad town and 6 villages of the Taluka. The Health Visitor of the Association brought several nuisances to the notice of the Ahmedabad Municipality.

The Bombay Sanitary Association arranged lectures in hygiene to the occupants of the insanitary chawls in the city with the aid of magic lantern slides. The Health Visitor of the Association was deputed to do health propoganda in Public Institutions, High Schools and chawls in the city.

121. Red Cross Society Branches—Sind Provincial Branch.—The Provincial Organizer visited 72 towns and villages, gave 223 lectures and visited 35 Junior Red Cross Groups. She also toured 3 desert talukas of Thar and Parkar District. A Health Exhibition was organized at Hala. She worked for nearly two months in connection with the Quetta Earthquake Relief Work at Karachi and Shikarpur. The Society has now in the mofussil four maternity homes, two child welfare centres and is employing one Health Visitor, 4 nurses and 6 trained dais. Besides this, maternity homes at Gheralo and Shahdadkot were partly financed by the Society. The number of cases attended by these employees was 6,437 while the number of lectures given to ladies, school boys and girls was 1,484; 7,897 house to house visits were conducted by them. As regards the District Branches, the Shikarpur Branch continued to do good work. A nurse is employed to do propaganda work under the supervision of Dr. Sonpar, Tuberculosis specialist. She visited 2,579 houses and detected 38 cases of tuberculosis.

The District Branches of the Red Cross Society at Broach and Ahmedabad worked in full co-operation with the Sanitary Associations at Broach and Ahmedabad. The District Branch at Broach gave medical relief such as free supply of eye-drop bottles, distribution of stock mixtures and quinine tablets. The Health Visitor of the Ahmedabad Branch attended to 587 ante-natal and 726 post-natal cases, 3,860 infants and 3,118 toddlers. Expectant mothers were explained the advantages of calling a trained midwife for delivery instead of untrained dai.

The Red Cross Society Branches in Belgaum, Dharwar and Bijapur carried on public health propaganda work. At the Belgaum Infant Welfare Centre under the Red Cross Society infants and toddlers were given milk, suji, fruit, juice, codliver oil, etc., free according to their needs. Home nursing class was newly opened by the Centre during the year. Educative propaganda, in addition to medical aid, was carried on by two travelling dispensaries—one in Belgaum and the other in Kanara District—by means of magic lantern demonstrations.

The maternity ward in the Civil Hospital, Dharwar, admitted 196 maternity cases. 386 normal and 58 abnormal cases were treated by the Taluka Midwives. In Bijapur District health propaganda was carried on by Dr. Mone and the medical officer in charge Red Cross Travelling Dispensary. The latter officer visited 99 villages, gave 201 lectures, treated 1,164 patients and examined school boys.

The midwives of the Sholapur Municipality and the Sholapur Maternity and Infant Welfare Association attended 1,054 confinements.

The Satara Health Association has started maternity and women's and children's Hospitals. 31 normal labours, 7 abortions and 22 other diseases were treated in the maternity hospital. The Association also started an Infant Welfare Centre under a Health Visitor. On an average 297 children attended the Centre every month.

The clinic for women of the village started by the Child Welfare Institute at Nipani under Dr. Miss Duming, M.D., is doing very useful and humanitarian work.

122. Health and Baby Week.—The Health and Baby Week movement continues to function satisfactorily in the Presidency. The Assistant Directors of Public Health helped in the work of organizing and gave lectures and demonstrations where possible. The Sanitary Association, Broach, arranged Baby Shows at Zadeshwar and Umalla. 92 babies under 2 years of age at the former place and 22 at the latter were weighed and medically examined. 6 and 8 prizes were given to the healthy babies at the two places respectively. The Sanitary Association, Ahmedabad, held a Baby and Health Week in Ahmedabad for four days. Preliminary examination of babies was held at 14 different places in the city and prizes to selected babies were awarded. The Red Cross Society celebrated Baby and Health Weeks in several towns in Sind. Health Week was celebrated throughout the district of Sholapur during the Navaratra holidays.

123. Village Improvement Scheme.—Village Improvement Committees have been formed in all the Districts in the Presidency proper, and in each district a certain number of villages were selected for work. The Assistant Directors of Public Health attended meetings of these Committees and helped them with their advice. The Assistant Director of Public Health, S. R. D., Belgaum, gave demonstrations in Satara District on making manure heaps and rendering wells safe against guineaworm. The Inspectors of Sanitation and Vaccination during the course of their tours delivered lectures to the villagers on general sanitation, personal hygiene, etc. The District Committee of Nasik provided the Inspector of Sanitation and Vaccination, Nasik S. D. with a magic lantern and sets of slides. The vaccinators as usual impressed upon the villagers the necessity of getting their childern vaccinated. Village uplift work, from the public health point of view, in different districts was as follows :—

Ahmedabad.—Village committees have been formed in almost all the talukas and mahals. Earth augers have been supplied to each Prant Officer and Taluka Officers for making bore-hole latrines. A trained nurse has been engaged for the purpose of training village dais. Baby Shows and Sanitary exhibitions have been held in several villages. Manure heaps were removed outside the village.

Broach and Panch Mahals.—Committees have been formed in 106 villages. Prickly pear was removed in Tralsa in Broach Taluka. Pits of stagnant water were filled in. The villagers paid attention to cleaning of houses and sweeping of roads. Tanning pits at Kalak and manure heaps at Obha were removed outside the gaothan. Public gardens were opened at Kalak and Dalol.

Surat.—A clean week was observed in the district during Divali holidays. 7 villages have employed sweepers for scavenging the whole villages. Filling in pits of stagnant water, sweeping of roads and removal of manure heaps outside the gaothan were attended to in several villages. The Taluka Committee of Jalalpore has employed a part-time midwife and nurse for free treatment and advice to the cultivators. There are 61 running table dispensaries. 18 magic lantern shows were held.

Kaira.-68 village Improvement Committees have been formed. A cleaning day was observed in all the villages in Anand Taluka. Manure pits have been constructed in 3 villages of Matar Taluka and leaflets on their use were freely distributed. Instructions were issued to mamlatdars and Circle Inspectors to sterilize wells in the course of their touring. Table dispensaries have been opened at 15 villages. Leaflets on different subjects were distributed and slides shown. Classes for training village dais had been opened at Borsad, Anand, Nadiad and Kapadvanj and several dais took advantage of the classses. A village uplift motor van has been purchased and equipped with cinema machine and films, models of insanitary village, trench latrines, manure pits, outfits of a trained dai and posters.

East Khandesh.—10 new village Panchayats were started. A trained labourer was engaged for demonstrating the method of preparing compost manure. The scheme of trench latrines for women was inaugarated in 2 Talukas. 204 latrines i.e. 408 trenches of an average length of 20', 2' wide and 5' deep were excavated in 92 villages. Cleanliness campaign was started in several villages and destruction of prickly pear was also attended to. Steps were taken to close step wells or to convert them into draw wells in Chalisgaon and Erandol Talukas.

West Khandesh.—There are 49 village uplift committees. Removal of prickly pear and provision of iron or stone dust bins were attended to in many villages. Wells were sterilized. At Morane in Dhulia Taluka some bore-hole latrines have been constructed.

Kolaba.—A doctor has been appointed at Chowk in Karjat Taluka for giving medical relief to the surrounding villages. Trained dais have been appointed at Khalapur, Chowk and Gulsunde to attend to labour cases. They also train the village dais. An intensive campaign is proposed to be taken in hand for eradication of guinea worm in Alibag Taluka at an estimated cost of Rs. 4,150.

Ahmednagar.—The filling of pits and puddles around the village wells used for drinking purposes was done in Kopergaon, Sangamner, and Nagar Talukas and Pathardi, Jamkhed and Karjat Mahals. Gutters to drain off sullage water around such wells were constructed in Jeur in Nagar Taluka, Arangaon in Jamkhed Mahal, Vadgaon Pan in Sangamner and Brahmanwada and Thergaon in Akola Taluka. Besides, all such wells are being periodically treated with permanganate of Potash. Trench latrines have been constructed in some villages. Five bore latrines, one trench latrine for women and one moveable latrine at Jeur in Nagar Taluka, one model moveable latrine at Vadgaon Pan in Sangamner Taluka, have been prepared as an experimental measure. Pamphlets and leaflets regarding sanitation and guinea-worm were read and distributed by the District Secretary. He held magic lantern demonstrations in 38 villages.

Ratnagiri.—178 villages have been selected for village uplift work. Manure heaps were removed outside the gaothan in many villages.

Poona.—Village Committees have been formed in 50 villages. Clearing campaign was observed in Divali holidays. Removal of prickly pear, provision of trench latrines, sterilization of wells, etc., were attended to. Magic lantern lectures on sanitation were arranged in some villages. Maternity centres have been provided at Mundhwa, Chinchwad, Walha, Sirur, Baramati, Khed, Shivapur, Saswad and Talegaon Dabhade. Thana.—There are 34 village committees. Attention is paid to the improvement of sanitation and water supply.

Nasik.—Rural uplift work has been started in 44 villages. Moveable as well as trench latrines have been provided in many villages. 4 village dais were trained. Magic lantern lectures were delivered.

Bombay Suburban District.—44 wells were sterilized before the rains. 14 bore wells for private individuals were sunk. A nurse and midwife has been engaged and she attended 25 cases.

Satara.—Prickly pear has been removed in many villages. Improvements in the interiors of houses are taught and preached incessantly. Clean method of taking out water from the pots without dipping the fingers are taught. 14 augers have been purchased for making bore hole latrines. 10 villages have constructed bore hole and trench latrines. Septic tanks have been working satisfactorily at Wai, Islampur Chikurde and Satara. Bore wells are gaining popularity. The Village Improvement Committee has been able to give primary training to 800 women in dai's work.

Sholapur.—Taluka Village Improvement Committees have been formed in all the Talukas. The Secretary appointed by the District Committee carries on propaganda work with the help of magic lantern and slides. Health week was observed in all the villages in the District. Two nurses have been appointed at Kumbhari and Degaon.

Belgaum.—There are 45 village committees. Gutters have been provided to streets. Filling in of pits of stagnant water and sweeping of roads were attended to. Manure heaps were removed out of Gaothan. Wells were sterilized. 8 earth augers have been purchased. In a few villages bore hole latrines have been provided.

Dharwar.—Filling in pits of stagnant water, sweeping of roads, removing manure heaps outside the gaothan and sterilization of wells were attended to. Slides on public health and infectious diseases were shown to the villagers. Step wells were converted into draw-wells.

Kanara.—Village Committees have been working in 21 villages. Pits of stagnant water were filled in. Wells were sunk in a number of villages. 5 dais have been trained.

Bijapur.—Cleaning of roads and filling in pits of stagnant water were attended to. 10 fieldsmen have been appointed. When outbreak of cholera is apprehended wells are sterilized. Gutters to roads are provided by Village Panchayats and Sanitary Committees. 10 trained dais are doing useful work in different villages.

CHAPTER XII.

PUBLIC HEALTH ADMINISTRATION.

124. The Public Health Department consists of the Director of Public Health as the Head of the Department and of four Assistant Directors of Public Health, the Director of the Vaccine Institute at Belgaum and two officers in charge of the Public Health Laboratories at Poona and Karachi. These officers are of equal status and officiate for each other in leave vacancies and other emergencies. The Assistant Directors of Public Health in addition to Public Health duties are in charge of vaccination in British Territory, excluding Bombay and Karachi Municipalities and the Cantonments. There are 31 Inspectors of Sanitation and Vaccination and 420 vaccinators, who constitute the subordinate staff.

125. Selected Districts.—The system introduced in the year 1910 by which the control of vaccination in one district of each Registration District is exercised by the Local Board of that district was continued throughout the year.

126. Changes in the strength of the establishment.—In accordance with Government Resolution, General Department, No. 9083, dated 8th February 1935, the supervision of vaccination work in the Khairpur State in political relation with the Punjab States Agency was transferred to that State with effect from 1st April 1935.

Owing to increase in analytical work, both as regards water and foodstuffs, Government sanctioned the following staff for the Public Health Laboratory, Poona, viz. 1 Chemical Assistant, 1 clerk, 1 Laboratory Attendant and 1 peon (Government Resolution, General Department, No. 2289, dated 16th October 1935).

The Municipalities employed 17 Medical Officers of Health and 112 Sanitary Inspectors. So far only three District Local Boards have appointed District Medical Officers of Health. These Officers are subsidised by Government.

Appendix II-A and II-B of this report shows particulars of the Health services in rural and ubran areas, and particulars of maternity and child welfare centres, health visitors and trained midwives in rural and urban areas respectively.

Appendix II-C will show the annual income and expenditure of Institution under the Public Health Department in the Bombay Presidency including Sind during the year 1935-36.

127. Training of Sanitary Officers.—There were 114 students on the class roll in Bombay of whom 108 together with 49 students from previous year's class, making a total of 151 appeared for the examination. Out of this number, 88 passed and obtained certificates from the Royal Sanitary Institute, London. Mr. Ghevarghese Mathew, a private student, who led the list of successful candidates, won the prize.

At the instance of this Department, the Director, Haffkine Institute, Parel, Bombay, arranged for a course of instruction in anti-plague measures. The Executive Officer, Karad Municipality and 3 Sanitary Inspectors from the Municipalities of Surat, Nasik and Vile Parle attended this course.

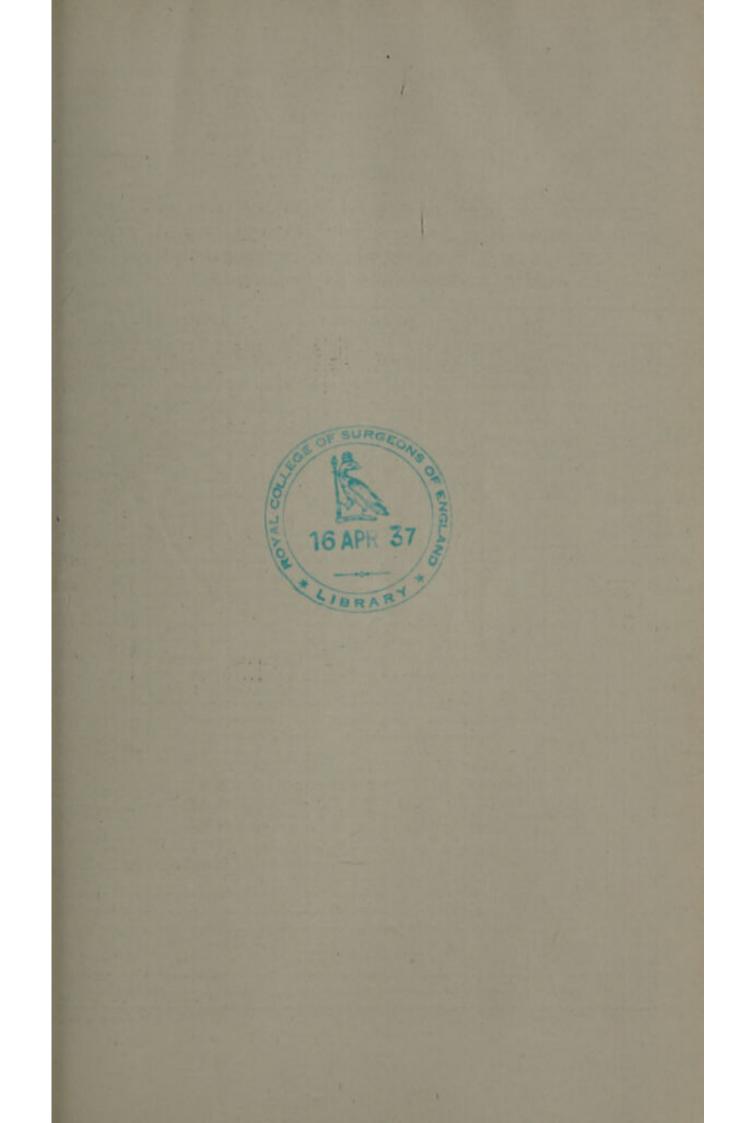
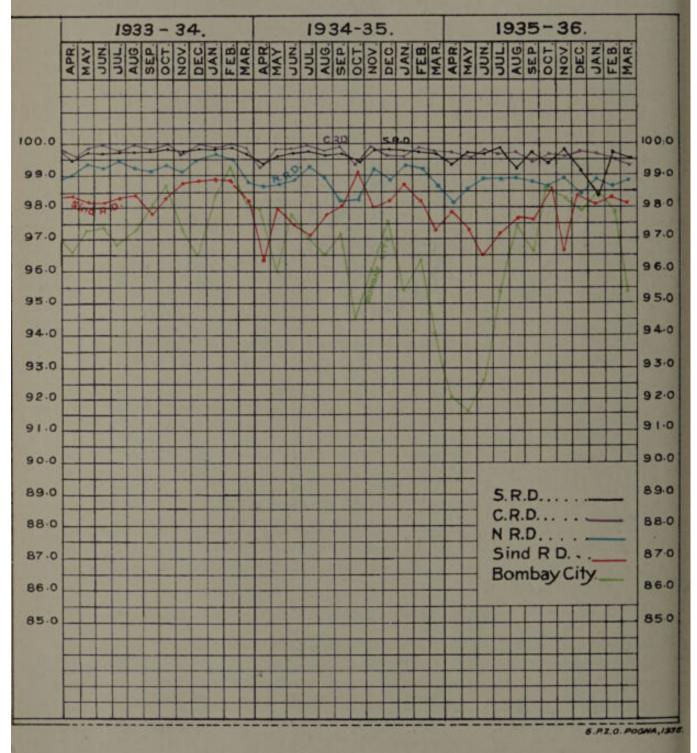


CHART VIII

INSERTION SUCCESS RATES OF PRIMARY VACCINATIONS WITH GLYCERINATED LYMPH IN THE SEVERAL REGISTRATION DISTRICTS OF THE PRESIDENCY & BOMBAY CITY FOR THE YEARS 1933-34,34-35 & 35-36.



CHAPTER XIII.

VACCINATION.

(This chapter and all statistical tables connected therewith refer to the period 1st April 1935 to 31st March 1936.)

The changes in the strength of the vaccination establishment have been enumerated in the preceding chapter Public Health Administration.

128. Primary Vaccination (Appendix IV, Statement I).—During the year 1935–36, 728,662 persons were primarily vaccinated against 733,784 in the previous year. There is a decrease of 5,122 which is shared by all the Registration Districts except the Sind Registration District.

Results.—Out of 728,662 primary vaccinations performed 678,515 or 93°11 per cent. were successful and 3,712 or '50 per cent. unsuccessful. In the remaining 6°39 per cent. of cases the result could not be ascertained. The percentage of success excluding unknown was 99°43.

One hundred and thirty-nine infants were vaccinated a second time owing to failure of the first operation.

Age and Sex.—Of the primary vaccinations 373,676 were males and 354,986 females equal to a proportion of 105.26 to 100. 521,041 or 71.50 per cent. were infants under one year and 190,400 or 26.13 per cent. children between the ages of one and six years.

129. Re-vaccination (Appendix IV, Statement I).—498,700 persons were re-vaccinated against 482,986 in the previous year. The percentage of successful cases in which results were known was $41^{\circ}66$. Results could not be ascertained in $48^{\circ}75$ per cent. of cases.

130. Vaccination of Pilgrims at Karachi.—A temporary vaccination establishment was entertained in Karachi town as usual for vaccination of pilgrims proceeding to Hedjaz. From 1st November 1935 to 20th February 1936 4,924 pilgrims were re-vaccinated of whom 3,941 were males and 983 females. The total expenditure incurred on the vaccination of these pilgrims amounted to Rs. 638-7-0 and was defrayed by Government. In the preceding year 5,509 pilgrims were re-vaccinated at a total expenditure of Rs. 696-3-0.

Vaccination in Police Lines and outposts is being carried out regularly.

The vaccinators in charge of important fair centres were directed to push on primary and re-vaccinations well in advance of the fairs.

131. Cost of Vaccination.—The cost of vaccination came to Rs. 549,620-9-8 against Rs. 542,365-7-6 in the previous year, the increase being partly due to increments earned by the vaccinators and partly to the entertainment of extra candidate vaccinators during the epidemic of smallpox. The average cost of each successful case of vaccination was Re. 0-11-4 against Re. 0-11-2 in the previous year.

132. Vaccine Institute, Belgaum.—During the year 1,974,935 doses of lymph were manufactured. Compared with 1,713,630 during the previous year, 1,729,920 doses of lymph were issued this year. Besides the vaccinators of the Presidency, including Indian States, lymph was supplied to Baroda, Kathiawar, Portuguese India and Civil and Military Medical Officers. Lymph was also sent to Somaliland, Africa.

Owing to prevalence of smallpox very heavy demands for lymph were made on the Institute and every order whether large or small was promptly and carefully complied with.

Results of primary vaccinations performed by vaccinators were scrutinised by the Director of the Institute. A chart showing the results of monthly primary vaccinations for 3 years in the four Registration Districts and in Bombay City is attached.

During the year, the purity and potency of all lymphs were tested as usual. The Cold Room has continued giving satisfactory service. Experimental work on the cultivation of vaccine virus on chick embryonic membrane is being carried out.

Calves.—There were 25 cow calves in stock at the commencement of the year. 914 cow calves and 2 buffalo calves were hired as compared with 748 cow calves during the previous year. At the close of the year 14 cow calves and one buffalo calf remained in stock. Of the 925 cow calves vaccinated, 20 calves were rejected being unfit for collection of vaccine lymph and 10 calves proved unsuccessful.

Cattle disease.—Cattle disease prevailed throughout the year in the District and round about. Preventive measures were adopted at the time of admission of the calves. However, one case of Foot and Mouth disease was detected amongst the vaccinated calves and the lymph therefrom was not issued.

Expenditure.—The expenditure for the year amounted to Rs. 67,424–9–8 excluding the amount spent for current repairs to the buildings, interest on capital outlay and pension contribution against Rs. 71,205–7–7. Thus there was a decrease in expenditure of Rs. 3,780–13–11. The cost of lymph per dose manufactured came to 8.39 pies.

133. Compulsory Vaccination.—Excluding Bombay and the seven cantonments of Ahmedabad, Ahmednagar, Poona, Kirkee, Hyderabad, Belgaum and Deolali, the Vaccination Act is in force in 42 towns and 10 villages of the Presidency. During the year 234 prosecutions were instituted under the Act in Karachi, Hyderabad, Sukkur, Rohri, Larkana and Shikarpur towns. Fines were inflicted in 4 cases. Eleven cases were pending at the end of the year.

The bye-laws regarding registration of births are not properly enforced in some municipalities with the result that many births escape registration and the number of children vaccinated is in consequence smaller than it should be. Such children provide a potential source of danger to the community and it is for local bodies to realise this and to see that all births which occur in their areas are registered and the children vaccinated.

During the year under report no cases of inoculation with smallpox virus were reported. No ill-effects were reported to have occurred after vaccination. 134. General Remarks.—A training class for vaccinators was held as usual at the Vaccine Institute, Belgaum. There were in all 27 candidates, all of whom passed the final examination. Five Medical Officers of Health, 1 Sub-Inspector of Sanitation, 1 Inspector of Sanitation and Vaccination, 1 Chief Sanitary Inspector and 2 clerks of this Department were given special training in the preparation and preservation of lymph and in the theory and practice of vaccination. Major-General Ernest William Charles Bradfield, C.I.E., O.B.E., M.B.B.S. (Lond.), F.R.C.S. (Edin.), K.H.S., I.M.S., Surgeon General with the Government of Bombay, paid a visit to the Institute. The Institute was also visited by Dr. M. A. Majid, M.B., D.T.M., D.P.H., etc., Superintendent, Bengal Vaccine Institute.

CHAPTER XIV.

OTHER PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICES.

Public Health Laboratories.

135. The Poona and Karachi Public Health Laboratories worked throughout the year. The Municipal Laboratory, Ahmedabad, also worked during the year.

Poona Laboratory.—Dr. F. Barretto, D.P.H., was in charge of the Laboratory throughout the year except for the period from 15th January to 5th April when he was on leave and Dr. N. T. Advani, D.P.H., officiated for him. The following table shows the number of different samples examined bacteriologically for the Water Works at Poona :—

	Number of samples.									
Name.	Raw water.	Filtered water.	Settled water.	Alumed water.	Chlorinat- ed water.	Tap water.				
Cantonment Water Works	271	311	22	92	503	999				
Poona City Municipality Water Works	11			90	337	285				
Holkar's Bridge Water Works Lloyd Swimming Bath,	175	279		23	593	286				
Poona		**			261					

Various Municipalities and other bodies sent 774 samples and 210 were examined in the course of experiments. The total for the year was 5,584 samples examined bacteriologically, and 8,040 chemically. Chemical work for Poona Cantonment Water Works included examination of 266 samples of raw water, 100 filtered water and 275 chlorinated water ; for Kirkee Water Works 149 raw water and 276 chlorinated water. One hundred and fifty samples from outstations were also examined. Besides these 3,003 water samples were examined for free chlorine. Tests for turbidity of water in 270 samples sent by the Executive Engineer, Irrigation Research Division, Poona, were carried out to estimate the dose of alum required. The Laboratory examined 167 samples of sewage effluent from Bahiroba Pumping Station, 24 from Ammunition Factory, Kirkee, 4 from Belgaum Central Prison and one each from Bombay and Dadar. The dose for chlorination was determined for 261 samples from Lloyd Swimming Bath sent to the Laboratory. One thousand, four hundred and sixteen tintometer tests were conducted for water works in the whole of Poona. 485 samples of food, drugs, chemicals, etc., were examined during the year the bulk of work being for Broach and Surat towns under the Bombay Prevention of Adulteration Act.

Chlorination of Poona Water Supplies.-The Poona Cantonment Water Works continued to function efficiently as in previous years. The average number of total colonies grown on Nutrient Agar and Bile Salt Agar for the chlorinated water was 1.70 and 0.01 against 1,302.05 and 321.69 on raw canal water, the percentage reduction thus being 99.87 and 100.00 respectively during the year. The chlorinated water samples tested for Lactose Fermenters showed their absence in an average of 96 per cent. of samples in 500 c.c. and nearly 100 per cent. those in 100 c.c. The water was sterilised with bleaching powder (highly concentrated) till the middle of May and with Maxoclor for the remaining part of the year at an average dose of 3.21 lbs. per million gallons or 0.235 parts of chlorine per million. Alum treatment was given to this supply during the rainy season in the Settling Tanks from 4th July to 10th November. When the canal water presented a green colour potassium permanganate treatment was given at the Settling Tank as during the preceding two years. The distributory system which consists of 5 service reservoirs and one elevated tank continued to work satisfactorily as in previous years with the exception of the middle and upper service reservoirs. The Holkar's Bridge Water Works, Kirkee, consisting of Paterson's rapid filters continues to be the source of supply to Kirkee and Ganeshkhind, the daily average consumption being 800,000 gallons. The raw water was taken from the Pashan Lake for most of the year except from 27th April to 11th August 1935 when it was received from the Mutha Right Bank Canal. Alum was used in the settling tanks of this water supply from 15th July to 11th August 1935 while for the remaining part of the year potassium permanganate was used. The same chemical treatment as at the Poona Cantonment Water Works, was used here to sterilise the water. The average dose used was 4:54 lbs. per million gallons or 0.326 parts of chlorine per million. The bacteriological examination of chlorinated water resulted in giving an average of 3.40 colonies on Nutrient Agar and 0.03 on Bile Salt Agar the percentage reduction being 99.59 and nearly 100.00 respectively. The supply taps disclosed a slight falling-off as compared with the last. year and yielded results which were not quite satisfactory. As regards Poona City water supply, the bacteriological results of chlorinated tap water at the Water Works and various house taps in the City showed an average of 23.95 and 74.16 colonies on Nutrient Agar and 0.31 and 1.29 on Bile Salt Agar, the percentage reduction against canal water being 98.17 and 94.30 on Nutrient Agar and 99.90 and 99.6 on Bile Salt Agar respectively. The test of these samples on Lactose Fermenters in 100 c.c.

yielded negative results in an average of 81.47 and 65.97 of samples tested. The Water Works compound taps examined for 500 c.c. showed absence of Lactose Fermenters in 74.51 per cent. of samples examined. The results were not so satisfactory as compared with the previous year. The water was sterilised with bleaching powder at an average rate of 13.47 lbs. per million gallons the strength of available chlorine being on an average 34.32 per cent.

Water supplies at Alandi and Ambernath were chlorinated and samples were received for examination once every week. Investigation regarding Powai Lake was continued in 1935 and bacteriological and chemical examinations were done on both raw and treated water.

Sterilising action of chlorine and potassium permanganate.—Experiments showed that potassium permanganate treatment even at the rate of $\frac{1}{2}$ grain per gallon as compared with chlorine did not yield as satisfactory results. It was noticed that chlorine was effective with $\frac{1}{2}$ hour's contact while Potassium Permanganate at $\frac{1}{4}$ grain per gallon took 3 hours contact in the Laboratory to attain the same result. The latter dose as tried on the well at Mundhwa showed that samples taken 12 hours after treatment gave satisfactory results but those after 36 hours showed deterioration. Water treated with Potassium Permanganate at the rate of $\frac{1}{2}$ grain per gallon in the Laboratory was coloured too deep. 80 samples were done in these series.

Tests were also made to compare the sterilising action of chloramine (Ammonia Chlorine) with chlorine. The proportions of Ammonia to Chlorine tried, were 1:2, 1:4, 1:8, and 1:10. It was noticed that higher quantities of Ammonia as 1:2, 1:4, the sterilising action of the mixture was delayed beyond half an hour. But the effect lasted for about 10 days i.e. residual chlorine could be detected up to 10 days.

The Officer in charge of the Public Health Laboratory, Poona, paid special visits to Mahableshwar, Matheran, Pandharpur, Shingnapur, Poona City and Alandi in connection with water supplies there. He was appointed Public Analyst for Broach town under the Bombay Prevention of Adulteration Act, 1925. He delivered a course of lectures to the students of the Local Self-Government Institute, Poona.

An Industrial Exhibition was held by the Board of Trustees of the Lord Reay Industrial Museum, Poona. The Laboratory put up a Public Health Stall there from 3rd to 24th February 1935.

Instructions in connection with chlorination of water were given to an Officer of the Criminal Tribes Settlement Department and two Municipal Officers. Demonstrations were given to the students from nine different institutions.

136. Karachi Laboratory.—Dr. B. Bhujanga Rao was in charge of the Chemico-Bacteriological Laboratory, Karachi, throughout the year.

Karachi Water-supply.—The water supply of the Karachi Municipality continues to be maintained at a high standard of purity. Besides the routine examination of the water supply, special examinations were done in consequence of reports of contamination of water in certain quarters. Accordingly 1,002 special samples were examined. As a result of investigations based on these examinations, leaky service pipes, faculty household pumps and mains laid along the sewers and dead ends were found to be the causes of contamination. All the defects were removed by the Municipality. During the year 281 samples of raw water, 1,521 chlorinated and 1,002 extra samples were examined bacteriologically ; while 284 of raw water, 286 chlorinated and 15 extra samples were examined chemically. Besides these, 286 samples were analysed for estimation of the dose of chlorine.

Sukkur Water Supply.—Samples of raw, settled, filtered and chlorinated water were sent regularly every week to the Laboratory for chemical and bacteriological examination. In all 160 samples were examined bacteriologically and 163 chemically.

Hyderabad water supply.—Nineteen samples of water were examined bacteriologically.

The Health Officer of the Port of Karachi sent 84 samples of ghee and 1 of condensed milk required for supply to the Asiatic crews on board ships under the Indian Merchant Shipping Act.

The Assistant Director of Public Health, Sind Registration District, sent 442 blood slides for examination of malarial parasites. At his request the senior medical students from the Hyderabad Medical School, were given demonstrations at the Laboratory, regarding chlorination of water supplies, analysis of water and food stuffs.

In addition to the work briefly described above, the Laboratory deals with medico-legal, Excise, Government miscellaneous and general analytical work.

137. The Municipal Laboratory at Ahmedabad.—Dr. Sane, Officerin-charge of the Laboratory, examined in all 1,352 samples out of which 1,007 were chemical, 197 bacteriological and 148 pathological.

138. Public Analyst (Food Adulteration).—The Bombay Prevention of Adulteration Act, 1925, is in force in the following towns and the number of samples of food stuffs examined by the Public Analysts concerned during the year are shown against them, viz., Karachi 2,216, Ahmedabad 871, Surat 252, Broach 149 and Shikarpur 133.

139. Sanitary Works (Civil).—New works and improvements to existing sanitary works are fully described in the Annual Report of the Board of Public Health Works, Bombay Presidency.

140. Industrial Hygiene including Hygiene of Mines.—The Assistant Directors of Public Health continued their inspection of factories (under the Factory Act of 1911) in the course of their tours submitting copies of their reports to the Managers and Chief Inspectors of Factories. The Assistant Director of Public Health, Sind Registration District, inspected 3 factories in Karachi District and 3 in Sukkur District. The Assistant Director of Public Health, Northern Registration District, inspected 17 factories including gins and presses. The Assistant Director of Public Health, Southern and Central Registration Districts, did not inspect any factories during the course of their tours. The statutory limewashing and painting of factories had generally been observed except in a few cases in respect of sanitation of mills. Owing to the rapid industrial development of Ahmedabad the existing municipal arrangements do not permit of a suitable disposal of trade waste. The problem is however being tackled and satisfactorily solved in the near future. As regards ventilation, two mills in the mofussil have agreed to install air conditioning plants. Ventilation, both general and local, in several other factories has been improved, and improved methods of dust removal in the metal polishing factories are being adopted. The Labour Union, Ahmedabad, spent Rs. 23,000 in completing 20 more tenements on the tenant-ownership basis during the year. 435 tenements have been built by the Ahmedabad Mills Housing Society in the last two years, and 304 of these are occupied. Five creches were started in Bombay, two in Ahmedabad and two in other mofussil centres. This form of welfare work is becoming increasingly popular. The average attendance in the Bombay Mill creches was 573 and the opium drugging of 337 infants was either stopped or prevented.

No mines were inspected during the year by the Assistant Directors of Public Health as *ex-officio* Inspectors of Mines.

Port Health.

141. Port of Bombay.—During the year 1935 eight hundred and seventy-eight vessels of all classes with 141,070 crew and passengers were examined. The bedding and baggage of 43,207 crew and passengers were disinfected; of these 42,907 were Asiatic and African crews, third class or deck European and Indian passengers and 300 were members of the crews and passengers who arrived by vessels in which cases of infectious diseases had occurred during the voyage or whilst in port. In addition 36,881 coolies and stevedores were inspected to enable certain vessels to work cargo for a few hours after medical inspection and disinfection of crew and passengers.

Out-going vessels.—In accordance with Government Notification, General Department, No. 1713, dated the 15th March 1917, the medical examination of all vessels, crews and passengers proceeding to ports beyond India, and disinfection of the clothing etc. was carried out prior to departure as shown below :—

(a) Of 26,143 Asiatic and African crews i.e. an increase of 606 on last year.

(b) Of passengers travelling third class who were not provided with cabin accommodation, of fourth class and deck passengers, and of all Asiatic and African servants, numbering 19,764, i.e. an increase of 5,466 on last year.

Seven hundred and fifty-five outward bound vessels with 54,928 crew and 48,621 passengers, or a total of 103,549 persons (exclusive of troops who were examined by the Military embarkation staff) were inspected as against 701 vessels with 51,101 crew and 46,420 persons during 1934.

Six vessels having cases of chickenpox and measles on board among their crew or passengers arrived in this port and departed again within

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12 days of their arrival. The Bills of Health granted to these vessels were endorsed to show the diseases which had occurred on board as well as the measures which had been taken before their departure for the prevention of the spread of infection on board or of its introduction into other ports.

International code wireless messages from arriving ships were received as usual which greatly facilitated Port Health Administration though certain vessels still neglect to make full use thereof.

The system of advance medical examination of passengers of large vessels was introduced during the year. Though this has resulted in additional work for the Port Health Staff, the system has proved of great assistance to the passengers who desire to board the steamers earlier and also by way of preventing last minute rush. Improvement has also been effected in the system of inspection, so that no passenger can now board a vessel without being inspected, as it sometimes happened in the past.

Infectious diseases in vessels arriving, departing or in the harbour or docks.—In accordance with Government Notification No. 1713, dated 15th March 1917, medical inspection and disinfection of vessels which were actually infected or suspected of being infected were carried out. All pilgrim ships, and African Mail ships were also inspected on arrival.

One hundred and seventeen incoming vessels with 13,487 crew and 23,893 passengers including pilgrims were inspected during the year. Of these 117 vessels, 22 (excluding intercoastal vessels but including Hired Transports and the 6 vessels with cases of infectious diseases mentioned above) were found to have or have had cases of infectious diseases on board at the time of arrival or during the voyage respectively. In these vessels on arrival there were 12 cases of measles, 24 of chickenpox, 2 of jigger, 3 of scarlet fever and 5 of mumps. The cases which occurred in Hired Transports were dealt with by the Military Authorities on landing in Bombay and those among the crews of Transports or of other vessels by the Port Health Department. Such cases among troops were removed to the Military Hospital on shore for treatment those among European crews and passengers to St. George's and Arthur Road Fever Hospitals, and those among the Asiatic and African members of crews and passengers to the Jumsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Gokuldas Tejpal, Arthur Road or Maratha Hospitals.

One case of measles and 5 of chickenpox occurred in vessels in the harbour or decks. The clothing and bedding of the crews of these aggregating 141 persons were disinfected.

Forty-three cases of infectious diseases were reported to have been landed at overseas ports from 5 ships which sailed from Bombay during the year 1935; they were chickenpox 16, measles 7, scarlet fever 2 and cerebro spinal fever 2. The cases of smallpox occurred during the period from February to July when Bombay was declared infected with epidemic smallpox. Disinfection and fumigation of ships.—During the year under report 26 vessels were disinfected on account of infectious diseases.

Under article 28 of the International Sanitary Convention, 62 deratisation and deratisation exemption certificates were issued, the number of ships deratised by sulpher fumigation being 45, while the number of ships that qualified for exemption certificates was 17.

During the year under report 7,458 rats were destroyed in the docks, none of which was found to be plague infected; also 1,056 rats were destroyed on board 50 ships both by trapping and fumigation out of which 542 were examined but none was found to be plague infected. 3,048 baited traps were placed on board ships by the Port Health Department and 67 rats were caught, i.e. 2 · 19 rats per 100 traps. The type used was the wire wonder trap with counter-balanced drop.

Seven thousand one hundred and eleven such bundles of clothing and bedding received from various hospitals were disinfected as against 3,076 in 1934. No deaths due to mephitic gas poising as the result of cleansing the bilges of ships occurred during the year but there were 385 accidents on board vessels which were lying in the harbour or docks of which 15 proved fatal as against 328 and 8 respectively in 1934.

Red Sea Pilgrim Traffic.

The Outward Pilgrim Traffic.—Traffic began on 12th November 1934. Preparatory to each pilgrim embarkation all ships were thoroughly cleansed and freed from rats by the Clayton process at the time of the first voyage and on subsequent voyages such vessels were exempted from further deratisation if on inspection it was found that they were free from rats. All pilgrims were medically inspected and all bedding and clothing likely to have been exposed to infection were disinfected before embarkation. During the year 5,931 pilgrims left for Jeddah as against 4,169 in 1934, in 12 ships between the period from 12th November 1934 to 28th February 1935. Before embarkation all these pilgrims were vaccinated against smallpox and inoculated against cholera.

Inward Pilgrim Traffic.—During the year 5,009 pilgrims arrived from Jeddah in 10 vessels between the period from 5th April 1935 to 8th August 1935. Of the 10 vessels 3 ships arrived with cases of infectious diseases (10 cases of chickenpox) on board.

Inspection of provisions of Lascar crews.—As per Government of India, Department of Commerce, No. 5/M-11 (4), dated 26th September 1931, the Department carried out 397 inspections of lascar provisions, during the year as a result of which 38 samples of ghee, 2 of flour and 2 of lime juice were condemned and replaced. However the marked improvement in these stores noted in the last year's report has been maintained but the necessity for a regulation Ghee Standard commensurate with the high prices paid by shipping companies in all Indian Ports continues to be felt.

Cases of infectious diseases.—From amongst the crew and passengers of departing vessels 42 cases of various infectious diseases were picked out and with 43 passenger contacts were not allowed to sail,

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During the year the Port of Bombay was declared to be infected with epidemic smallpox from 2nd February to 6th July. During this period 1,661 cases with 1,052 deaths were reported in the City giving a case mortality rate of 63 per cent. This high percentage may be due to the fact that several of the cases go unreported. According to the Health Officer of the Port of Bombay, there are therefore strong grounds for the introduction of a Revaccination Act in the Bombay Port as recommended in Article 43 of the International Sanitary Convention more especially as the Port has now been epidemically infected not less than 15 times in the past 20 years.

During the epidemic period persons required to board ships working in quarantine were previously inspected, crew etc. vaccinated and their clothing disinfected. Visitors were required to produce evidence of vaccition within the past three years before being allowed to board ships.

Vaccinal state of passengers and crews.-Among 10,109 Europeans crew of 382 cargo ships 583 or a percentage of 5.76 were found to be either unprotected or insufficiently protected while the inspection of 68 passenger ships showed that all the 7,641 such erew on them were properly protected. Among through passengers the percentage of unprotected or insufficiently protected to the total number of passengers was 13.6 among women and children. As regards local passengers the number of ships in which all were found to be protected within the past three years was 54 while the number in which some were found to be unprotected within the past three years was 133. The percentage of unprotected in the latter case, among male, was 4.5 while in case of women and children it was 2.74. The total percentage of unprotected local passengers in all ships works out to 3.3 among males and 2 among females. All pilgrims and African bound passengers were fully protected against smallpox and thus have not been reckoned in the above statistics which apply therefore only to East and West bound traffic. Among 1,064 male passengers and 698 female passengers who embarked in Bombay during the year 9.98 per cent. in the former and 7.78 per cent. in the latter failed to produce vaccination certificates though advised to be in possession of such certificates in their own interest. The percentage of the unprotected or insufficiently protected persons amongst crew on board the cargo ships (382) referred to above was found to be only 2.22. The above statistics represent a great improvement over last year's figures; the improvement has also been more marked among women and children. During the year under report a Black List was maintained recording statistics of ships wherein 50 per cent. of the total European and other foreign crew were either unprotected or insufficiently protected against smallpox. A summary of 20 such ships showed that of the 535 European crew 370 were insufficiently protected, i.e. 28 were unvaccinated, 75 vaccinated in childhood, 87 vaccinated more than 10 years ago and 180 vaccinated more than 3 years ago but within 10 years.

During the year Administrative Medical Officer, Bombay Port Trust, continued to carry out mosquito survey in native crafts. He examined 11,989 crafts, 4,080 of which were found to be breeding mosquitoes, 70 refused to be examined, 3,946 water tanks were emptied, 134 crafts refused emptying of water tanks. Among ocean-going ships 63 complained about mosquitoes in the docks while no such complaint was received from 504 ships.

With the co-operation of the Haffkine Institute, an investigation was carried out during 1934-35 to determine whether the rat and flea population of steamers visiting the harbour was of the same species as that in the dock area. It was noted that while the rat species on ship and on shore are much the same the shore rats are more infested with fleas. Rat fleas in the dock area show a slight predominance of the Asiatic species whilst on board cheopis predominates. Owing to the difficulty of obtaining a sufficiency of ship rats a comparison had to be drawn between fleas on 2,662 dock rats and only 112 ship rats respectively.

The sanitary state of the harbour and of the various bunders and docks generally was good throughout the year. Anti-rat and anti-mosquito measures etc. remained as hitherto in charge of the Administratives Medical Officer, Bombay Port Trust, the Port Health Department making recommendations when rat breeding etc. was noted within Dock limits.

Lieut.-Col. C. L. Bilderbeck, I.M.S., was in charge of the Port Health Department throughout the year who reports that the members of the Medical, clerical and Sanitary Police Staff performed their duties to his entire satisfaction.

Port of Karachi.

142. No epidemic of any serious nature had occurred on any vessel entering the Karachi Port or during its stay in the harbour and the port and the city of Karachi were completely free from plague and cholera.

Seven hundred and one vessels (282 steam ships and 419 country crafts) sailing for ports beyond India were granted Bills of Health during the year under report.

In all 70 vessels including 11 pilgrim ships and 3 country erafts entered the Port under the "Quarantine" flag. Of these 54 arrived from Red Sea, European and African Ports, 2 from Persian Gulf Ports and 14 from other Ports. All these vessels were boarded and necessary measures were taken in respect of each one of them. During the year under report medical inspection of 73,054 persons (passengers and crew) on board 771 vessels (outgoing and incoming) was carried out.

Air Port of Karachi.—The Karachi Air Port continued to expand at a very rapid space and during the year under report, it had well passed the limit at which the Health Officer of the Port of Karachi could attend to its health duties in addition to his at the sea Port. The distance between Keemari and Drigh Road is nearly seventeen miles and this drawback seriously handicapped the Health Officer of Karachi Port in this additional charge. Government of India realising the situation relieved him of the additional Air Port Health duties from 5th August 1935 and put Dr. E. P. Hicks, M.D., Malaria Research Officer in charge of the health of the Air Port in addition to his work of the aedes inquiry in Drigh Road Aerodrome and its surroundings. The charge again reverted to the Health Officer of the Port of Karachi on 3rd November 1935 when Dr. Hicks returned to his headquarters on completion of his aedes survey and remained with him till Captain C. J. H. Brink, I.M.S., was appointed as a full time Air Port Health Officer from 23rd December 1935, by the Government of India.

In this Air Port 183 air craft including regular outward bound Air Mails, Service Air-craft and private planes were granted Bills of Health. Of these 79 belonged to the Imperial Airways Limited (British), 51 belonged to Royal Dutch Air Mail, 39 to the French Air Mail and 19 were private air-crafts, viz. 11 British, 2 French and 1 Egyptian. In all 648 crew and 743 passengers were medically examined.

Plague and Cholera.—No case of these diseases was detected among the passengers or crew in the Port nor was any case reported to have occurred on vessels lying in the harbour or entering or departing from this Port during the year.

Smallpox.—One case of smallpox among deck passengers occurred on board the S.S. Varsova which arrived from Bombay on the 30th March 1935. The patient, an Indian Soldier and contacts were taken charge of by the Embarkation Medical Officer. The necessary measures regarding disinfection of the crew, the part of the ships occupied by the patient and the contacts were carried out. One passenger who was still in infective state of smallpox was detected at the time of Medical Inspection at the disinfection station on the 2nd June 1935 and was prevented from embarking on S.S. Bamora.

Chicken-pox.—The disease occurred in the following vessels :—S.S. Vita which arrived from Bombay on 6th April 1935 (one case among crew). Pilgrim Ships "Islami" and "Abkar" which arrived from Jeddah on 1st and 9th May 1935 (one and four cases respectively) S.S. Vita and Vasna which arrived from Basrah on 30th May and 11th December 1935 (one case each). H. T. Karanja sailed for Southampton on the 19th June 1935 with Quetta earth-quake refugees. Seven cases of chicken-pox among the families of British Troops were permitted to embark on the ship on the special permission granted by the Secretary of State for India. A passenger to be embarked on S.S. Versova was found to be suffering from chicken-pox and was prevented from embarking and sent to the Epidemic Diseases Hospital for treatment. The necessary precautionary measures were carried out in all the cases.

Acute Pneumonia.—Two deaths from Pneumonia occurred on the Pilgrim ship "Akbar" during voyage from Jeddah on 29th March and 4th May 1935. Two deaths also occurred due to this cause on Pilgrim ship "Rahmani" during voyage from Jeddah on the 11th April 1935.

Measles.—One case among passengers occurred on S.S. Vita during the voyage from Busrah. The vessel arrived in Karachi Port on 28th March 1935. The patient was allowed to continue his voyage to Bombay well segregated on board. One case among the crew was detected on board S.S. "Golcunda" on 11th May 1935. The patient was sent to the Epidemic Diseases Hospital for treatment. The necessary disinfection was carried out. At the time of medical inspection of passengers to be embarked on board the S.S. Varsova on 31st March 1935 a deck passenger was found to be suffering from Measles. This passenger was prevented from embarking and sent to the Epidemic Diseases Hospital for treatment.

Mumps.—One case of Mumps was detected during the inspection of passengers to be embarked on S.S. Bandra on the 27th January 1935. The passenger was prevented from embarking.

No case of Beri Beri, Scarlet Fever, Yellow Fever, Sleeping Sickness, Jigger and Cerebro-spinal Fever occurred during the year.

Cases of non-notifiable diseases on vessels other than pilgrim ships at sea or in harbour.—Three deaths from heart failure occurred one each on S.S. Varsova, Ellora and Bandra among deck passengers on 5th February, 13th April and 28th April 1935 respectively. Out of these one was a male adult, one female adult and the third a male child.

The Red Sea Pilgrim Traffic.—(a) Outward Pilgrim Traffic started at Karachi Port with the first ship "Alavi" sailing on 16th November 1934 and ended on 1st March 1935 with the departure of the last Pilgrim ship "Rizwani". Of the 11 ships, 10 had arrived from Bombay and embarked additional pilgrims at Karachi Port while one ship sailed direct from Karachi. The total number of pilgrims embarked at Karachi was 6,792. The importance of Karachi as a Pilgrim Port is increasing as is evident from the increase in the number of pilgrims embarking from this port year by year.

(b) The inward pilgrim traffic began with the arrival of P. S. "Jehangir" at Karachi on 3rd April 1935 and ended with the arrival of the 11th ship P. S. "Alavi" on 24th July 1935. Out of the total number of 11,568 pilgrims on board the different ships 8,226 disembarked at Karachi and the remaining continued their voyage to Bombay. 27 deaths, all from non-infectious diseases, occurred on board among the returning pilgrims on 9 different ships giving a percentage death-rate of '22.

There were 60 patients in the hospitals of the different ships. The only infectious disease which reported cases was chicken-pox. There was a suspicious case of leprosy also on board P. S. Alavi. Four cases of chicken-pox occurred on board P. S. Abkar and one on P. S. Islami.

Clayton Apparatus.—No ship was fumigated by this apparatus during the year.

Inspection of Crews, Stores and Provisions.—Provision and stores for the use of the Asiatic crews of 31 vessels were inspected during the year as required under Section 91 of the Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1923 (XXI of 1923). Eighty-five samples of ghee were sent for analysis to the Chemico-Bacteriological Laboratory, Karachi, during the year out of which 17 were pronounced as not genuine or unfit for human consumption as against 69 out of 197 samples sent in 1934. The strict inspection of crew's rations has resulted in the supply of genuine ghee to ships' crew and serious endeavour is now being made by stevedores in obtaining genuine ghee. Anti-rat campaign in the harbour area.—Ratting operations were continued throughout the year and 3,159 rats were destroyed by trapping and baiting. The average number of rats trapped per day per 100 traps set was 5.5. Twice a week a few rats were regularly sent to the Government Chemico-Bacteriological Laboratory for examination and none was found infected with plague.

The sanitary condition of the harbour during the year under report was quite satisfactory. During the year Karachi City reported no case or death from plague or cholera. Smallpox recorded 94 deaths, Acute Pneumonic 1,039 deaths, Measles 38 deaths while chicken-pox had 4 deaths only.

Staff.—Dr. B. F. Khambatta, M.B.B.S., D.P.H., was in charge of the Port Health Department throughout the year under report. He reports "the whole staff performed their duties with relentless zeal and maintained as usual a very high standard of efficiency".

CHAPTER XV.

GENERAL REMARKS.

143. Public Health Acts.—The framing of the Public Health Act for the Presidency is under the consideration of Government.

144. Public Health Essays.-No remarks.

145. Personal Proceedings and Office.—The activities of the Officer in charge of the Public Health Laboratories are given in Chapter XIV.

Supervising Staff.—The following table shows the various officers who held the appointments of Director and Assistant Directors of Public Health and the Director, Vaccine Institute, Belgaum, during the year under report :—

Appointment.	Name.	Period.	Remarks.
Director of Publie Health.	Lieut-Col. A. Y. Dabholkar, M.C., I.M.S., D.P.H.	lst January 1935 to 5th April 1935.	
		6th April 1935 to 10th November 1935.	
		11th November 1935 to 31st December 1935.	and Roman self
Assistant Director of Public Health, Cen- tral Registration District, Poona.	M.B.B.S., D.P.H.	1st January 1935 to 14th January 1935.	
District, Foona.	Major A. M. V. Hesterlow, B.Sc. (P. L. Edin.), I.M.S.		

Appointment.	Name.	Period.	Remarks.
nediation II - Anna namesipation sold Io network of the second	Mr. N. T. Advani, M.B.B.S., D.P.H.	6th April 1935 to 10th November 1935.	
alle dein solos	Major A. M. V. Hesterlow, B.Sc. (P.L.Edin), I.M.S.	11th November 1935 to 19th December 1935.	
n holisionali. to 21 main dition 23 /1	Mr. F. Barretto, D.P.H.	20th December 1935 to 31st December 1935.	
Assistant Director of Public Health, Northern Registra- tion District, Ahmedabad.	B.S., D.P.H. &	4th October 1935.	
Anter State States	Lieut-Col. A. H. Harty, I.M.S.	5th October 1935 to 14th October 1935.	
and a series of the series of	Mr. N. T. Advani, M.B.B.S., D.P.H.	15th October 1935 to 31st December 1935.	
Assistant Director of Public Health, Southern Registra- tion District, Belgaum.		lst January 1935 to 26th July 1935.	
Part and data with	Mr. J. L. Pinto, D.P.H.	27th July 1935 to 20th August 1935.	Died on 20th August 1935.
station of South	Mr. K. A. Gandhi, D.P.H.	21st August 1935 to 10th December 1935.	
name pilot (nala) name pilot (To a) him na To walling	Dr. R. V. Shivesh- warkar, D.P.H.	11th October 1935 to 31st December 1935.	
Assistant Director of Public Health, Sind Registration Dis- trict, Karachi.	D.P.H.	1st January 1935 to 31st December 1935.	
Director, Vaccine Institute, Belgaum.	Mr. J. L. Pinto, L.M. & S., D.P.H.	1st January 1935 to 20th August 1935.	
anh an an Al Lin	Mr. K. A. Gandhi, M.B.B.S., D.P.H., D.T.M. & H.	21st August 1935 to 31st December 1935.	

The Assistant Director of Public Health, Northern Registration District, Ahmedabad, made a complete survey of 14 towns and 7 villages having village Panchayats. Eight towns and villages were visited for general advice and 46 towns and villages were visited for vaccination purposes. He visited 15 dispensaries, 9 rain gauges, 13 Police Lines, 3 lockups, 3 slaughter houses, 3 sites for school buildings. He inspected sites for play ground, cattle Bazar, Settling Tank, cremation ground, Police Lines, Dispensaries, public latrins and Chambhar's kunds. He visited Nandurbar and Nadiad for the inspection of working of the composting method of disposal of night soil and gave a demonstration of the same at Chopda.

He visited two villages in Yawal taluka in connection with village uplift. Trench latrines were advised and several other suggestions were made. He attended the meeting called by the Collector of Ahmedabad in connection with Village Uplift and at his suggestion 12 earth augers for bore hole latrines were ordered for. He visited Lambhwad village of Anand Taluka in connection with Village Uplift. Bore hole latrines instead of surface latrines were suggested.

He attended quarterly meetings of the Sabarmati Jail. The Superintendent of Sabarmati Jail reported that sullage water near Sabarmati Railway Station was responsible for malaria in the Central Prison. He therefore inspected the place and suggested measures for its proper disposal. He visited Borsad in connection with plague. While encamping at Kapadvanj a pit privy was inspected by him against which a complaint was received. He recommended its closure and suggested to the Municipality that no permission be granted in future for constructing such privies. He visited Nawgam village of Matar Taluka for malaria survey. He inspected the area in Vastrapur village which was used for flaying of dead animals and storage of bones. It was suggested to the Collector that similar other site not on any high road not very distant from the present one and such as would not be ordinarily accessible to other cattle be selected for the purpose. He supervised the sanitary arrangements made in connection with Rath Jatra Fair at Dakor. He gave necessary advice to the Executive Officer, Ahmedabad Cantonment in connection with malaria survey of the Cantonment. The inspectors of Sanitation and Vaccination conducted classes for village officers and delivered lectures on Vital Statistics and Public Health.

The Assistant Director of Public Health, Central Registration District, gave advice on public health matters in 15 towns and 12 Village Panchayats and Sanitary Committees. He visited 74 towns and villages for sanitary purposes and for vaccination. The Inspectors of Sanitation and Vaccination wrote in 10 Sanitary Instruction Books. He visited Vengurla and Shiroda in connection with plague and 16 towns and villages for cholera. He inspected 4 dispensaries, 1 school, 2 sites for schools, 4 sites for trenching night soil, latrines and night soil depôt, and the burial grounds for Lingayats at Poona and Dapori. He visited Shankar Shet Street, Poona, Kothrud, Vadgaon Bk., Vadgaon Kd., Visapur, Kolhar Bk., Kolhar Kd., and Mental Hospital at Thana in connection with malaria and Ahmednagar and Belvandi for cerebrospinal fever. He inspected wells at Bhosai and Moshi in connection with guinea worm and Lonavla in connection with typhoid cases. He visited Vile Parle in connection with the development of the town. He visited Saswad, Akurli, Alandi and Poona to supervise the Sanitary arrangements for Palkhis and attended fairs at Vithalwadi and Alandi. He attended meetings of the Lady Wilson Village Maternity Association at Poona, Central Council of Health, Maternity and Child Welfare Association at Bombay and District Village Improvement Committee, Poona. He inspected sanitary condition of the Kedgaon Mission House. He visited Panwel in connection with training of dais. He delivered lectures in Hygiene to the students of the B. J. Medical School. The Inspectors of Sanitation and Vaccination held classes for village officers at 41 centres during the monsoon. 2,142 Police Patils and 585 Talatis attended these classes.

The Assistant Director of Public Health, Southern Registration District, Belgaum, visited 76 villages and towns for various purposes. He entered remarks in 4 Village Sanitary Inspection Books and the Inspectors of Sanitation and Vaccination in 11. He inspected 4 sites of Gaothan, 11 for burial and cremation grounds, 4 for latrines, 1 for night soil depôt, 3 for wells and water works, 2 for markets, 1 for hospital, 1 for maternity home, 4 for fairs, 1 for school. He visited 16 villages for cholera, 8 for smallpox, 3 for plague, 2 for cerebro-spinal fever and 1 for typhoid fever and 7 Police Lines for malaria and gave advice about preventive measures to local authorities concerned. He visited Gokarn, Kudla, Shirala and Saundatti-Yellamma for fairs and inspected sanitary arrangements for Ashadhi and Kartiki fairs at Pandharpur. He gave fly-trap demonstrations in Sholapur, Pandharpur and Barsi towns and in the villages of Nanadi and Nad Buzaruk in Chikodi and Indi Talukas respectively. He inspected the dirty water from Pandharpur town which was let into the Bhima river near Gopalpur polluting the river water used by the villages downstream for drinking purposes and agreed to the proposal of constructing a sand dam across the nulla to allow the drain water to percolate leaving the solid matter behind as a temporary measure. He visited Unkal Tank Water-supply at the request of the President, Hubli Municipality as there was some offensive smell emitted therefrom. The reported offensive smell was probably caused by a buffalo calf having strayed in the water and being sunk in the mud and drowned. He therefore recommended that access to the tank by cattle and man should be preventd by proper fencing. He visited water works at Pandharpur and suggested desirability of shifting the chloronome installed at the reservoir to water works to ensure thorough mixing of chlorine with water and also explained to the Chief Officer and the Medical Officer of Health of the Municipality flush and flood scheme for bathing of pilgrims in the river during dry season fairs. He visited the Borstal School at Dharwar and suggested that contacts of the patients who died of cerebro-spinal fever should be segregated. He visited 9 villages in Belgaum District and 2 in Dharwar for village improvement work. He attended the Red Cross Meeting at Belgaum. He visited Ankali, Manjri,

Naregal, Belvanki, Mallapur, Barsi and Sholapur when cyanogas operations were being carried on. He gave opinion on reports of analysis of water samples from Bijapur and Pandharpur towns and the Police Lines and Karnatak College at Dharwar.

The Assistant Director of Public Health, Sind Registration District, inspected Sanitary condition of 29 towns and villages. 27 towns and villages were visited for other sanitary purposes and 37 villages for inspection of vaccination. He inspected 12 Schools, 3 Police Lines, 5 Dispensaries and 6 Factories. He gave opinion on 12 school sites from site plans. He inspected the proposed site for Infectious Diseases Hospital, Hyderabad and also one for Rice Factory at Badin. He visited Hyderabad, Pithro and Shadipatti in connection with malaria and Gaha Village in Shahdadpur Taluka in connection with cerebro-spinal fever. He visited Quetta Refugee Camp at Karachi, Sukkur, Shikarpur and Rohri. He gave opinion on 36 samples of water. He performed cholera inoculations personally in some of the villages where no doctor or inoculator was available. He identified mosquitoes and examined some of the blood slides sent by the Touring Medical Officers. He attended meetings of the Board of Health and Karachi Sanitary Board. He also attended the conference of all Collectors in Sind and other Heads of Departments at Karachi for discussing a programme of Rural Uplift, and one at Sukkur for the same purpose. He delivered lectures on Hygiene to the students of the B. J. Medical School at Hyderabad. The services of the Inspectors of Sanitation and Vaccination were utilized for free distribution of quinine in malarious tracts and also carrying out preventive measures against cholera.

The Director of Public Health for the Government of Bombay visited 38 towns and villages in connection with water supply, drainage, investigation into the causes of epidemics and general sanitation. He inspected water supply of Powai Lake Mahad, Damboti (proposed for Karachi) Dharwar, Gokak, Shinganapur and Matheran. He attended the Ashadhi Fair at Pandharpur and inspected the site for camping ground at Lonand for Dnyaneshwar Maharaj Palkhi. He attended the meetings of the Central Jail, Yeravda, and of the Infectious Diseases Hospital, Poona. He also attended the meetings of the Bombay Mofussil Maternity, Child Welfare and Health Council, the Bombay Presidency Baby and Health Week Association, British Empire Leprosy Relief Association, Bombay Presidency Branch and the Bombay Nurses, Midwives and Health Visitors Council. He delivered a lecture on the importance of Preventive medicines under the auspices of the Public Health Committee of the Bombay Presidency Women's Council. He attended the medical Research Workers Conference in Calcutta. He visited Borsad, Naregal, Abbigeri, Belavanki, Mallapur and Gadag in connection with cyanogas operations.

146. The Board of Public Health Works!-During the year 1935-36 two meetings of the Board were held. In addition, matters that came up before the Board subsequently were also dealt with by circularizing the members.

The Board accorded approval to the undertaking of preparation of the following projects :--

Surat Drainage.

Ghatkopar Drainage.

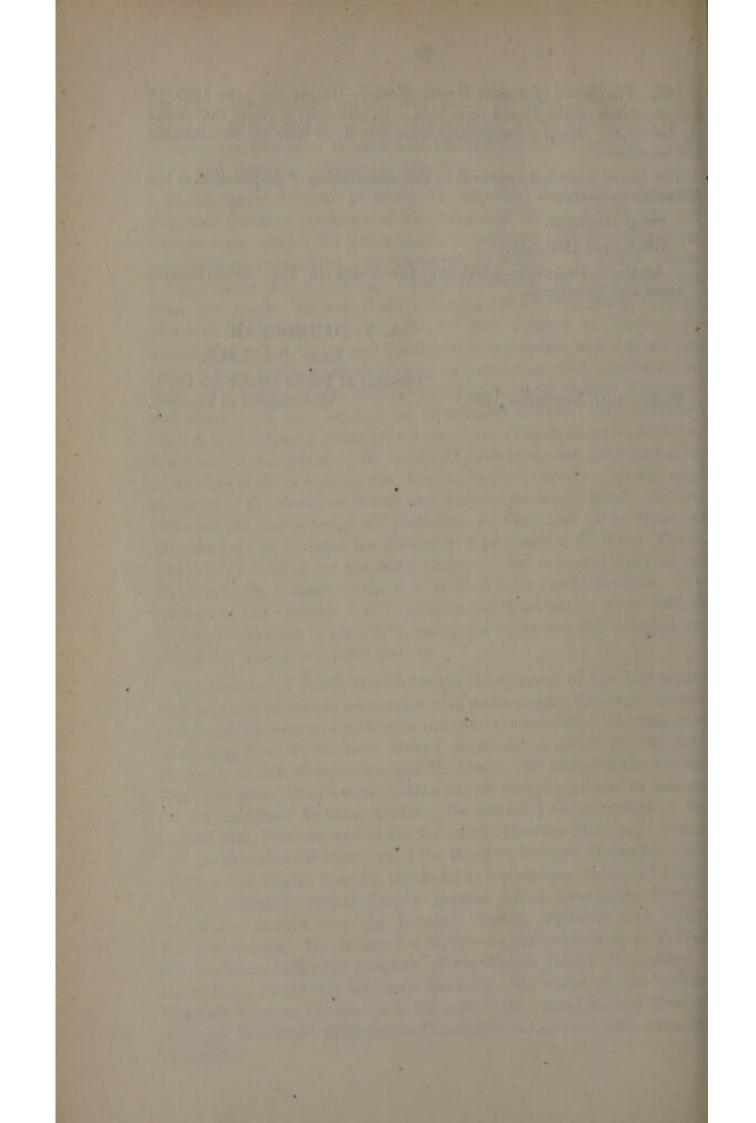
Amalner Drainage—providing sub-drains in the townplanning areas and Baherpura.

A. Y. DABHOLKAR,

Lieut.-Col., I.M.S., Director of Public Health for the Government of Bombay.

Poona, 10th November 1936.

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APPENDIX II.

The following table shows year of completion of drainage or water-works and a comparison of mean death-rate in the towns concerned for periods preceding and subsequent to installation.

In column 7 is given for comparison the death-rate of the adjoining rural circle for the year under report :---

District.			Date of completion of works of		Mean desth-rate. (a)		rural circle	choles dysent	death- from ra plus ery and rhœa.		
		Towns.	Drainage.	Water supply.	For years preceding the installation.	For the years (succeed- ing installation) end- ing 1935.	Death-rate in adjoining (a).	For years preceding works.	For the years (following the works) ending 1985.	Remarks.	
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
Sholapur		Sholapur		1917	61.01	34-51	34-29	14-05	3.40	in the second	
Do.	***	Pandharpur.		1911	49-98	48-31	34.56	19.60	4-42		
Nasik		Nasik		1913	52-73	32-63	35-77	11.33	2.71	Sampenal A.	
Bijapur		Bijapur		1913	30-08	21-07	31-36	1.77	1-81		
oona		Lonavia		1915	13.68	20-98	29-40	1.12	-84		
Do.		Poons City .	1916*		36-47	35-98	18-42	10.18	1.85	* Chlorination of water sup ply began in	
Satara		Karad		1916	18.58	14.89	24-12	7.10	1.36	1916.	
holapur		Barsi		1917	44-41	38-89	36-51	5-83	i-92		
lasik	+++	Trimbak	***	1921	43.88	26-16	35-77	2.85	2-07		
oona		Poona Can- tonment.†		1916	23.49	12.30	18-42	2.07	-92 (+ Change in type of in-	
ukkur		Sukkur		1924	21-48	18.52	13.86	-48	1.01	stallation.	

(a) Exclusive of Plague and Influenza.

	1000	Rural areas.									
	T	Medica	al Office	rs of He	alth.		Inpectors.	Vaccinators.			
Districts.	-	Hold D.P.	ing H.	Licen (L.P.)		Epidemic staff.	ary alth Inpe		le.		
		Whole time.	Part time.	Whole time.	Part time.	Epide	Sanitary Health	Male.	Female.		
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
Service 1 4 2	1	1	1				1.0.00	1			
Sombay City								1	•••		
Cast Khandesh					[19			
West Khandesh	***					3		14	***		
urat		***				2		13			
Broach								6	1		
Panch Mahals			***					8			
Caira		***				1	•••	11			
Ahmedabad					***			13	***		
Ahmednagar						2		18			
200na						3		16	•••		
Nasik	***					6		19			
Thana	***					1		19	•••		
Bombay Suburban		***						2			
Kolaba		***				1		15			
Ratnagiri		***	***			1		22			
Belgaum			***			13		19	***		
Dharwar		1	493.				3	21	***		
Bijapur		***						18			
Kanara							/aas 25	17	***		
Sholapur						7		12			
Satara				1		11	1	21			
Karachi								9	***		
Dađu								8			
Hyderabad								11			
Nawabshah			***					10			
Thar Parkar								18			
Larkana				1		11	1	10			
Sukkur						1		9			
Upper Sind Frontier								6			
		_	_						-		
	al	1	1 1 1	5		61	5	379			

Table showing Health Services in Rural and Urban

II-A.

		and.				Urban	areas.				
Medical	staff.	Medic	al Office	ers of He	alth.	and Inspee-	Vacci	nators.	f Vac-	Medical	Health
rs.	Health	Hold D.P	ling .H.	Licen (L.P.)	tintes H.S.).	The second second		le.	Inspectors of cination.	1000	
School Officers.	Other 1	Whole time.	Part time.	Whole time.	Part time.	Sanitary Health tors.	Male.	Female.	Inspe	School Officers.	Other staff.
10	11	19	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
							10				
(217)		6	***	38		16	10	***	1	5	200
***	1	***	***	1	***	6	5		***		***
***	2	***		1	***	3	3	***		***	
	1	1	***		***	8	3	***	400	***	
	1	***	***	1	***	2	1		***		***
	1	***			***	1	***	***	***	***	***
	***	***	***	2		•••	1		***		
***	1	2	+++			17	5	***	***	4	3
	***	***	-	1		2	1				
	11	1	***	1	***	9	3		***	***	8
***		1	***			6	3				
***	-		***	***		2	8		***		***
		2			***	3	2	***	***		
					***	1			311		
	5	*			***						-
			***			3	1				9
					***	7	3				1
***	3	***	***	1		4	2				2
				A STATE		1			***		
	***		***	***							
	23	3				12	4	+++	***		00
	3		+++	***	***	3	1	-112		***	***
		6	***	***		8	4	2		***	***
***	***	***	***		***			***		***	**.
***	***	1	***	***	***	3	2	***	1	***	•••
	***		***	***		2	***	***	***		
			***		***	***					***
	415	***			***	1	1	***	***		***
	***	2	-		***	6	3		***		
			***			1	1		***		•••
	51	99	***	46	***	127	51	2	2	9	259

areas in the Bombay Presidency during 1935.

BP Bk P 4-6

APPENDIX

							Materni
				P Au			Centres ma
Dist	tricts.			Gover	ament.	Loca Municipa	l and l bodies.
				' Rural.	Urban.	Bural.	Urban.
Sombay City							5
Cast Khandesh	***	***					
Vest Khandesh	***						******
urat							******
Broach				******			*****
Panch Mahals	***						*****
Laira					******		1
hmedabad	***						1
hmednagar	***		***				
Poons							
Nasik						******	
Chana						1	
Bombay Suburban			***		******	1	
Colaba							
Ratnagiri	***						
Belgaum					++++++		
Dharwar				-			1
Bijapur	***						-
Sanara	***	-					
						18	. 9
Sholapur	***					******	10
Satara						2	
Karachi						4	1
Dadu							1
Hyderabad	***						
Nawabshah	•••						
Thar Parkar	***					10	100
Larkana	****					2	122
Sukkur	***					1	
Upper Sind Frontie	r		***			1 2 31	T. Com
					Contraction (1 and		10

Table showing maternity and child welfare centres, health Bombay Presidency

II-B.

visitors and trained midwives in rural and urban areas in the during 1935.

ned by	may 3-							
Other ag	encies.	Trained	visitors.	Trained n	aidwives,	Trained dais.		
Rural.	Urban.	Rural.	Urban.	Rural.	Urban.	Rural.	Urban.	
1000	11	ALC: N	5		21			
					1	and the second second		
					1			
				1	and a second of		***	

			*****	******	1 Action of the local division of the local	******		
			******		3			
*****	- 1		5	2	. 9		3	
	9		1	1	25		5	
	3		1		*****			
			*****	*****	3			
			*****		1		******	
1						·		
	2	*		1	4			
	9				9			
2		******		1	*****			
	1		1		5	2		
	2			3	12	7		
	1			2	4	2		
				8	3	4	g	
	3		1	11	23	and the second se	14	
			1000	1	4	919	69	
1	*****			6	4	2	6	
1			and the second s	3	S- Cart			

******	*****	*****	1				4	
******				*****	1	the second second		
							4	
	2			3		14	*****	
2	3		3	4	14		27	
	3 ,			1	8			
			-		100000000000000000000000000000000000000	Contraction of the local division of the loc	the second s	

APPENDIX

				Income.		
No.	Name of Institution.	Sale proceeds of sera vaccine, etc.	Contributions.	Miscellaneous.	Recoveries of over payment.	Total.
	Presidency Proper.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1	Directors and Assistant Directors.	35,000		5,000		40,00
9	Public Health Laboratory, Poona.		14,325	250	*****	14,57
8	Belgaum Vaccine Institute	1,05,906		2,621		1,08,55
4	Local Vaccination Establish-	*****	1,17,510			1,17,51
5	Infectious Diseases Hospital. Poona.		26,902			26,80
	Total	1,40,906	1,58,637	7,871		3.07,41
	and the second	- and and	Preside and			
	Sind.		Server and	the second		3-
1	Assistant Director of Public Health, Sind R. D., Karachi.					
2	Chemico-Bact e r i o l o g i c a l Laboratory, Karachi.		2,200	200		2,40
3	Local Vaccination Establish- ment.		28,701			28,7
	Total		30,901	200		31,1
	Grand Total	1,40,906	1,89,538	8,071		3,38,5

Statement showing the annual Income and Expenditure of Bombay Presidency including

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II-C.

			Expe	nditure		
Pay of officers.	Pay of establish- ment including monials.	Allowancea.	Contingencies.	Crants-in-aid.	Other charges including expenditure on Medical Officer's appointed on Malaris and inceulation duties and quitine etc.	Total.
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
<pre>{ 35,230 26,051</pre>	} 92,872	3,135 21,122 3	} 14,686	74,206	1,05,256	38,365 Non-voted. 3,34,193 Voted.
13,359	11,607	1,063	7,782			83,811
12,113	20,286	3,976	33,485			69,160
*****	1,17,714	37,300	113	17,488		1,72,610
10,755	13,865		10,191			34,811
85,930 62,978	}- 2,56,344	3,135 62,761	} 66,257	91,689	1,05,256	\$8,365 Non-voted. 6,44,585 Voted.
	Park or					
7,472	18,561	7,415	4,001	12,215	7,287	56,951
7,528	10,738	1,361	3,714			23,341
	30,249	10,854		15,455		56,551
15,000	59,541	19,630	7,715	27,670	7,287	1,36,843
35,930 77,978	} 3,15,885	{ 3,135 82,391	73,972	1,19,359	1,19,543	{ 38,365 Non-voted. 7,81,428 Voted.

Institutions under the Public Health Department in the Sind during the year 1935-36.

APPENDIX

ANNUAL FORM NO. I.-Showing the BIRTHS registered in the

1	2	-		3		ALTER DE	4	D Prince	
Number.	Districts	Toldy.		TION ACCOI		NUMBER OF BIRTHS REGISTERED.			
Nu			Male.	Female.	Total,	Male.	Female.	Total.	
1	Bombay City		747,381	414,002	1,161,383	17,675	16,439	84,114	
	Northern Regis District								
2	East Khåndesh		612,693	593,349	1,206,035	29,978	27,967	57,945	
8	West Khandesh		373,971	363,141	737,112	19,141	18,540	37,681	
4	Surat		348,983	345,330	693,613	16,825	15,905	31,530	
5	Broach		174,894	159,275	334,170	8,447	7,912	16,359	
6	Kaira		395,104	846,546	741,650	16,048	14,250	30,296	
7	Panch Mahals		236,622	. 217,904	454,526	8,536	7,810	16,346	
8	Ahmedabad		5:17,102	471,369	998,471	- 23,550	21,808	45,358	
	Central Registratio	on District.		- Car	THE REAL PROPERTY.				
9	Ahmednagar		497,796	485,912	983,708	23,428	21,679	45.10	
10	Poona		590,756	565,166	1,165,922	23,675	22,105	45,750	
11	Násik		507,673	490,684	998,857	23,188	21,685	44,87	
12	Thána		430,533	406,092	835,625	13,770	13,253	27,02	
13	Bombay Suburba	.n	102,847	76,246	179,093	2,275	2,165	4,44	
14	Kolába		815,017	313,704	628,791	12,651	11,784	24,43	
15	Ratnágiri		609,309	693,918	1,302,527	22,079	21,017	43,09	
-	Southern Regi								
16	District		549,782	523,709	1,073,491	21,564	20,351	41,91	
17	Dhàrwàr		205.041	587,036	1,102,677	21,447	20,335	41,78	
18	Bijápur		440 570	428,641	869,220	17,965	17,447	35,41	
19	Kánara		390 110	203,750	417,835	7,419	6,984	14,40	
20	Sholapur		452 5/0	424,011	877,520	20,852	19,782	40,63	
21	Sátára		500 900	587,409	1,179,712	25,433	24.182	49,61	
-1	Total of the prov			8,646,448	17,932,368	375,446	352,700	728,14	
	Sind Registratio	n District.		-			THE R. S.		
-	Karáchi		328,679	250,753	579,482	8,817	7,901	16,71	
28	Dadu		107 071	147,911	334,982	3,506	2,566	6,07	
24	Hyderabad		000 000	290,679	661,776	5,890	4,263	9,64	
25	Thar and Parkar		001 045	906,095	468,040	4,753	3,640	8,39	
26	Nawabshah		070 020	217,580	496,612	5,057	8,690	8,74	
20	Lárkána		000 100	201,963	452,141	5,446	4,114	9,55	
28	Sukkur		840.910	274,467	623,779	8,629	A CONTRACT	15,50	
29	Upper Sind From		145 500	114,738	260,326	2,436		4,20	
	Total for the including Sin	Presidenc	v	13,349,974	21,808,756	419,470	1	806,98	

III. Margara CI		not seen to	
A.L.A.+			

DISTRICTS of the BOMBAY PRESIDENCY during the year 1935.

	5		6	7	8		9	
	OF BIRTHS F POPULAT		Number of males born to every 100 females	Excess of Births over Deaths per 1,000	Excess of Deaths over Births per 1.000	MEAN E 1,000	LATIO OF BI DURING PR FIVE TEAR	EVIOUS
Male.	Female.	Total.	born.	of Popu- lation.	of Popu- lation.	Male.	Female.	Total.
15-22	14.15	20-37	107-59	4-30		12-84	12-11	21-95
24-86	23.19	48-05	107-19	15-23		24-25	22.81	47-06
26.00	25-12	51-12	103-84	15.17		25-15	23-94	49-09
23.54	91-92	45-46	107.37	17-19		21-23	90-09	41.32
25-28	23-68	48-95	106-76	19-56		23-67	22-52	46-39
21-64	19-21	40-85	112.61	8.88	******	21.24	18-81	40.05
15.78	17-18	35-96	109-29	9.71		19-59	18-07	37-66
23-59	91-84	45-43	107-99	11-89		22-40	20-66	43.06
23-81	22.04	45-85	108-07	17-06		23-41	22-00	45-40
20.48	19-19	39-60	107-10	11.73		19.70	18-29	87-92
23-23	21-72	44-95	106-93	8-59		92-84	21.30	44-14
16-46	15.84	32-30	108-90	9-91		17-39	16-26	38-65
12.70	12.09	24-79	105-08	7-47		11-30	10-32	21-62
20-19	18-74	38-86	107.35	15-72		19-98	19-20	39-18
16-95	16-13	33·05	105-05	13-97		17-67	16-57	34-25
		100		10 E 10			100	
20.09	18-96	32.05	105-96	11.88		20.65	19-87	40-53
19-45	18-44	37.89	105-47	11-26		19-50	18.85	38-35
20.67	90.07	40-74	102.96	10-01		21-22	20-40	41.62
17.76	16.71	34.47	106-23	5-78		18-25	17-40	35-65
23-76	22.54	46.31	105-41	10-62		22-96	91-47	44-43
21.56	20-50	42.05	105-17	17.10		20-69	19-63	40-32
20-94	19.67	40.61	106-45	12-14		19-95	18-65	38-60
15-22	13.65	28-85	111-59	13.55		12-36	11.06	23-42
10.48	7.49	17-97	136-63	8.31		10.22	7.67	17.89
8.13	6-44	14.57	126-20	1.47		8-80	6-60	15-46
10.15	7.78	17-93	130-58	4-98		19-20	9-58	21-78
10.18	7-43	17-61	137-05	7-45		11-58	10-82	22-40
12.04	9-09	21-18	182.44	10-53		11-70	9.16	20-86
13-53	11.02	24-86	125.49	11.08		12.38	9.09	22-36
9-35	6-80	16-35	137-55	8.98		9-92	6-85	16-07
10-23	17.77	37.00	108-24	11-44		18-86	17.45	36-81

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ANNUAL FORM NO. I (a)—Showing the STILL-BIRTHS registered BOMBAY PRESIDENCY

Serial Number.	A STATE				-	-			STILI
Nut	Distric	sta.		Muham	madans.	Hir	idus,	Ja	ins.
Serial	"Daly and		- ACCA	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
1	Bombay City			204	201	990	664	-92	20
	Northern Rey Distri				E ADRES		1.5%		
2	East Khandesh			45	19	314	226		1
3	West Khandesh			9	11	267	193	1 51 1	
4	Surat			41	25	356	278	10	1
5	Broach	***		81	16	58	54		2
6	Kaira			92	9	82	45	440	***
7	Panch Mahals			2	***	97	14		1
8	Ahmedabad			50	39	203	155	18	25
	Central Registra	tion Distr	ict.		Al and				
9	Ahmednagar			20	11	245	178		
10	Poona		***	17	12	455	327	2	1
11	Nasik			22	13	397	270		
12	Thana			2	5	61	36		
13	Bombay Suburb	мп	122	2	1	14	16	-	
14	Kolaba			6	6	149	115	1	***
15	Ratnagiri	***	***	7	7	61	49	***	
	Southern Registre	tion Dist	rict.						
16	Belgaum	***	***	55	85	533	418	12	23
17	Dharwar			125	85	795	621	4	9
18	Bijapur	***	***	57	52	422	324		
19	Kanara		+++	17	94	346	296	1	1
20	Sholapur		***	30	15	295	217	1	
21	Satara			11	4	211	154	1	1
	Total for the pro ing Sind	vince exc	luđ-	775	590	6,274	4,670	. 72	84
22	Karachi	***	+++	93	88	98	81	***	***
23	Dadu	Canal State	***	15	5	7	2	***	
24	Hyderabad			17	13	84	50		
25	Thar and Parkar	-	+++	2	3	4			***
26	Nawabshah	in and		3	1	10	13		
27	Larkana	-	+++	18	10	94	20		***
28	Sukkur			81	21	93	84		
29	Upper Sind Fron	tier	+++	1	2	3	6	***	
	Total for the cluding Sind	province	in-	960	733	6,597	4,926	72	84

according to Classes and Sex in the DISTRICTS of the during the year 1935.

Chri	stians.	Pa	rais.	Other (Classes.		TOTAL.		tage ratio to live- births.
Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Total.	
78	54	19	19	35	23	1,348	981	2,329	6-62
							-		
-	3				5	361	251	612	1.06
***	***			Tanin 1	***	277	204	481	1.28
-	***	1	14 A.	***	1.944	411	308	719	2.28
+++					***	89	72	161	-98 .
6	1000 BC4.74			1000		110	58	168	*55
	***			In the second	***	29	14	43	*26
5	n				2	277	282	509	1.13
6	2	•				271	191	462	1.02
8	3				***	478	343	821	1.80
	***	***	+++	-	***	419	283	702	1.56
1	5				449	64	46	110	•40
. 3	2	1	Con Sea	-	1	20	20	40	-90
2						151	121	272	1.11
***		***		434		68	56	124	0.25
2	1			17(max)		603	477	1,079	2.57
3	1 .		and the	1944	***	927	716	1,643	3.93
	***		1	-	++*	479	376	855	2.41
13	19	-	***		1	377	324	701	4.87
1	1			arra4	12	331	245	576	1-42
1	***			1		225	189	414	0-83
124	99	24	23	45	41	7.314	5,507	12,821	1.76
-	2	1			2	197	173	370	2-21
	***	***			***	22	7	-29	•48
1	***			8	1	104	64	168	1.74
***				***		6	3	9	-11
***			-	***		13	14	27	-31
						42	30	72	.75
***				1	***	125	105	230	1.48
			Then -		***	4	8	19	-29
		21 1 1 1				-			

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1	9		3	4		5
Number,	Districts.		Area in square	Average popula- tion per	POPULATIO	N (CENSUS,
Num		ale of	miles.	square mile.	Male.	Female.
1	Bombay City		30	88,719	747,381	414,003
	Northern Registration District.	9. T			1.12	
2	East Khandesh		4,598	262	612,693	593,342
3	West Khandesh	***	5,320	188	378,971	363,141
4	Surat	-	1,695-	409	348,283	345,330
- 5	Broach	-	1,582	211	174,894	159,276
6	Kaira	***	1,617	459	395,104	346,546
7	Panch Mahals		1,616	282	236,622	217,904
8	Ahmedabad		3,879	257	527,102	471,369
	Central Registration Distric	t.		2		
9	Ahmednagar		6,646	148	497,796	485,912
10	Poona	-	5,347	212	590,756	565,166
11	Nasik		5,922	169	507,673	490,684
12	Thana		3,515	238	430,533	406,092
13	Bombay Suburban		164	1,092	102,847	76,246
14	Kolaba		2,212	284	315,017	313,704
15	Ratnagiri		4,069	320	609,309	693,218
	Southern Registration Distric	t.	Non-con			and a state of the
16	Belgaum		4,497	239	549,782	528,709
17	Dharwar		4,582	241	565,641	537,036
18	Bijapur		5,670	153	440,579	428,641
19	Kanara	1	3,965	105	214,085	203,750
20	Sholapur		4,579	192	453,509	424,011
21	Satara		4,891	241	592,303	587.409
	Total for the Province excluding Si		767,3:9	146	9,285,880	8,646,488
		100				
	Sind Registration District.				Burner	
22	Karachi	***	8,089	72	328,679	250,753
23	Dadu	***	6,439	- 51	187,071	147,211
24	Hyderabad	***	4,437	150	371,097	290,679
25	Thar and Parkar		13,633	34	261,945	206,095
26	Nawabshah		3,888	128	279,032	217,580
27	Larkana ·		2,477	150	50, 178,	201,963
28	Sukkur		5,608	111	349,312	274,487
29	Upper Sind Frontier	***	2,109	123	145,588	114,738
	Total for the Presidency including	Sind.	123,069	177	11,458,782	10,849,974

ANNUAL FORM NO. II.—Showing the BIRTHS and DEATHS during the

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registered in	the	DISTRICTS	of the	BOMBAY	PRESIDENCY
year 1935.					

		6			7		8
1931).	BIR	THS.		Nun	HS	Number of Deaths of males	
Total.	Total Number.	per	rth-rate 1,000 of alation	Male.	Female,	Total.	to every 100 deaths of females.
1,161,883	34,114	101	29-37	15,999	13,218	29,117	120-28
1,206,035	57,945	1	48-05	90,415	19,178	39,571	106-44
787,112	37,681	and the	51-12	13,521	12,963	25,503	104-15
693,613	31,530	1	45-46	10,129	9,474	19,613	107-02
334,170	16,859	14	48-96	5,050	4,776	9,895	105-74
741,650	20,298	10	40-85	12,619	11,460	24,089	110-02
454,526	16,346	10	35-96	6,111	5,821	11,932 -	104-91
998,471	45,358	F	45-49	17,397	16,091	33,488	108-19
953,708	45,107	1	45-85	14,720	13,602	28,322	108-22
1,155,992	45,750	100	39-60	16,999	15,992	32,214	102-86
998,857	44,873	18	44-95	18,287	17,999	36,286	151-86
836,625	27,023	12	82-30	9,600	9,130	18,730	105-11
179,093	4,440	1 and	24-79	1,651	1,472	3,103	110-92
628,721	24,435	100	88-56	7,422	7,127	14,549	104-14
1.302,527	45,0.6		33-08	12,197	19,718	94,915	95-9(
1,073,491	41,915	the l	39-05	14,710	14,456	29,166	101-70
1,102,677	41,782		37-89	14,958	14,411	99,369	103-80
869,220	85,412	The second	40-74	13,539	18,173	25,712	103-78
417,835	14,403	in al	34-47	6,048	5,938	11,986	101-8
877,590	40,634	14	46-31	16,045	15,972	\$1,317	105-0
1,179,712	49,615	100	42-06	34.875	14,568	29,443	102-1
17,932,368	728,146		40-81	261,473	248,797	510,970	105-0
	10 120		28.85	4.884	3,962	8,865	122-6
579,432	16,718	-	17.97	1,881	1,418	3,294	133-1
334,252	6,072		14-57	4,985	3,681	8,666	135-4
661,775	9,643		17-93	3,557	2,498	6,085	143-5
468,040	8,393	-		2,891	2,155	5,046	115-5
496,619	8,747		21.13	2,665	2,131	4,796	195-0
452,141	9,558		24-86	4,669	3,957	8.625	118-9
623,779	15,805	1		1.085	756	1,870	138+4
260,326	4,207		16·35 37·00	288,120	269,399	557.519	106-9

the second s

							Con Con		
JT.					and the second	Artiker	D	EATHS PI	ER 1,000 o
Number.	Dist	ricts.		-	Cholera.	Small- pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysen- tery and Diar- rhoga.
		11							
1	Bombay City				-01	1-07	-00	1.99	1.05
-	Northern Regis	ination 1	***		01				100
2	East Khandesh				•55	1.49		16-83	1.01
3	West Khandesh	***		***	•55	2.62		16-35	-91
4	Surat	ALL BOTH	***	***	-03	-47		9-53	-69
5	Brosch	***				+52		14-07	-49
6	Kaira	***		***		-89	-57	10-69	.77
7	and the second s			***		-20		16-20	-48
8	Panch Mahals				*****	+75	A state	14.13	-81
0	Ahmedabad	are at an ar	***	***	******		***	13 10	04
0	Central Regist	ration D	ristrict		-83	-47	-00	6-85	2.17
9	Ahmednagar	***		***	1000	-84	-00	9.18	6-75
10	Poona	***	***	***	-69		1.000		
11	Nasik		***	***	2.61	-98		13-49	2-08
12	Thana	***	***	***	-49	-44	-00-	7.83	1.15
13	Bombay Suburban	+++	***	***	-19	+28	***	2.65	2.14
14	Kolaba	***	•••	•••	-47	+18	44.0	7.46	1.54
15	Ratnagiri	***	***	•••	-01	•14	•01	5.44	0-51
	Southern Regist	ration I	Distric	t.			1		
16	Belgaum	***	***	***	•43	-96	:08	7.48	2.70
17	Dharwar			***	-00	-36	•30	9-18	1.14
18	Bijapur	***		***	2.21	-40	-14	10-96	2.17
19	Kanara		***	***		9-57	•18	8-94	1.87
20	Sholapur	***	-	***	2-42	-19	-51	10-91	2.34
91	Satara				•57	•29	+60	8.89	1.34
	Total for the Provin	ce exclu	ding 8	ind	.62	-75	•14	9.81	1.41
	Sind Registra	tion Dis	trict.						
22	Karnehi			1		+23	100.00	3.61	-87
23	Dadu			100	-00	+08		7.81	-04
24	Hyderabad		***			•50		6-68	-20
25	Thar and Parkar	-			•00	.08		8.33	*08
26	Nawabshah			***	-00	04		8-03	.04
27	Larkana	***			-03	-00		8-82	•09
28	Sukkur		***		-05	-01		9*69	-24
55		***				-01	Contraction of the	6.31	-02
44	Upper Sind Frontier			***		UL .		9-39	1.19

No. II—contd.

9							30	
OPULATIO:	N FROM	1	1	1			O OF DEATHS REVIOUS FIVE	
Respira-	Ange	AII		All Causes	-			
tory Diseases,	Injuries.	other causes.	Male.	Female,	Total.	Malo.	Female.	Total,
10-67	-59	9*66	21.27	31-93	95+07	18.75	28-76	<u>92-29</u>
4-98	-23	7-73	33-32	32-32	32-82	32-20	32.17	32-18
6-56	-94	8.92	36-16	35-75	35-95	29.95	29-23	29-39
10-16	-31	7-08	29-11	97-43	28-27	28.47	27-54	28-01
6.26	-32	7.81	-28-88	29-99	29*40	32.10	33-67	33-02
9.84	-51	8-90	31-94	33-10	32-47	30-27	30-67	30-45
4-24	-31	4-82	25-82	26-71	96-95	22-36	23.13	22.73
8-68	•40	8-77	33.01	34-14	33-54	. 31.46	33-30	32-31
	and and the	1		En land	11 2212		1	Section 20
5-97	-32	12.18	29-57	27.99	28-79	29.91	27-92	25-94
1.94	-37	8.10	27-58	28.17	27.87	27.81	27+06	27-46
7:20	-34	9-66	36.02	36-68	35-36	29-06	28-61	28-82
6-12	-53	6-40	22-30	22-48	22-59	91-97	20-70	20.97
5-90	-38	5.78	15-86	19-28	17-32	14-95	18-11	16-33
5.54	*96	7.59	23.56	22.71	23.14	25-91	24-92	25:42
3.85	-32	8-53	20-01	18-34	19.13	21-63	19-74	20.61
4.13	-53	10-87	96-76	27.60	27-17	27-54	29-25	28-40
3 60	.39	11.75	96-44	96-83	26.63	99-07	30-99	30-00
3.59	•45	10-51	30-73	30-73	30-73	31-03	31-57	81-33
2*48	-43	12-21	14.47	14.21	28-68	26-61	26-93	26-76
5-16	-51	13-66	35-38	36-09	35-60	83-25	33-35	\$3-51
2:95	-4	9-90	25.11	24-80	24-96	23.01	22-70	9 <u>9</u> -85
5-94	-40	9.38	28.16	28-78	28-45	26-60	27-35	26-94
	THE REAL		175	1				
5-78	-39	4-43	14.85	15.87	15.31	16.06	17-41	16-64
+77	-21	-94	10.05	9-65	9-85	12.69	12.94	12-81
3.31	-15	2-25	13-43	12-75	13-09	12.26	13.30	12-30
8.99	-25	1:26	13-88	12.12	13-00	14.11	13.60	13-80
1.05	-91	-79	10.36	9-96	10.16	11.87	11.71	11-80
-50	-22	-94	10.64	10.58	10-61	14.91	15-31	15-09
1.13	.18	2.52	18.27	14:41	13-83	17.12	17.91	17-47
-25	-21	-38	7.45	6-91	7.18	11-61	12.06	11-7
5-28	-37	8.07	25-14	26-03	25+56	24.86	25-83	25-3

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-								
1	2							3
-	NAME AND ADDRESS OF TAXABLE	THE RESID		(I Company				
Number.	Distri	ets.	*	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.
Aun					and the second line			
-			-			144	2000 122	
-	ADISTRIC		×-				1-1-1-1	
15%	ING TO							
	Northern Registr	Atton Disti	-8ct.	2.944	0.194	3,710	4,004	3,903
10	East Khåndesh West Khåndesh		***	2,344 2,161	2,134 2,067	2,616	2,963	2,433
3 4	Surat Broach			1,467 787	1,233 647	1,500 873	1,245	1,186 651
5 6	Kaira Pauch Mabáls	100 mar		1,504	1,411 879	2,527 1,107	2,153 1,223	1,812 805
T	Ahmedabad	***		1,704	1,583	2,054	1,668	1,479
	Central Registry	ation Distr	ict.				10	
8	Ahmednagar			1,641	1,295	1,619	1,849	2,367
9	Poona			1,549	1,440	1.658	1,738	2,071
10	Násik	*** *	***	2,069	1,897	2,144	2,485	2,577
11	Thàna			1,737	1,304	1,679	1,672	1,547
12	Bombay Suburb	an		160	194	155	126	139
13	Kolaba			1,858	1,119	1,265	1,045	1,020
14	Ratnágiri *			2,210	2,044	9,180	1,904	1,772
	Southern Registr	ration Dist	rict.		an anna		1	
15	Belgaum			1,891	1,694	2,526	2,449	2,209
16	Dhårwår			2,374	1,891	2,245	1,896	1,807
17	Bijápur			1,604	1,400	1,829	1,761	2,072
18	Kánara	***		1,090	863	1,004	896	780
19	Sholápur			1,329	1,147	1,349	1,921	2,039
20	Sátára	10.57		1,905	1,709	1,922	1,884	2,409
	Total for Dista	ricts exclu	nding	31,879	27,761	34,843	84,917	84,197
	Sin 1. Ratio per mille o	of population	on	26.17	19.68	28-60	29-55	28.07
	Riva Dagistaga	tion Thistal		10110	1 1 (L 2)	100-00	and in such	
01	Sind Registrat			616	344	336	243	197
21 92	Karáchi Dadu		***	494	971	257	290	270
23	Hyderabad		+++	913	821	647	484	384
24	Nawabshah				547	467	379	355
25	Thar and Parka	-		953	929	793	559	480
	and the second s		***		326	339	305	293
26	Lárkána			486		499	311 378	456
27	Sukkur	***	***	003	505		133	151
, 28	Upper Sind From	nsier		231	144	123	193	TOX
	Total for Dist Sind.	ricts inclu	iding	36,996	31,649	38,304	37,633	36,783
	Ratio per mille	of populati	ion	24.81	23-38	25-68	25-03	26-66

ANNUAL FORM NO. III.--DEATHS registered in the DIST during each month

16

RICTS (Rural Circles) and in the Towns of the BOMBAY PRESIDENCY of the year 1935.

							4	5
June.	July.	August.	Septem- ber.	October.	November.	Decem- ber.	Total Deaths registered during the year.	Number.
	1					NOT OF		
and the							Automatical Carlo	
1,972 1,540 981 514 1,419 679 964	2,072 1,570 936 545 1,345 678 938	3,360 2,077 1,089 590 1,613 806 1,388	$\begin{array}{r} 4,335\\ 2,043\\ 1,034\\ 608\\ 1,532\\ 876\\ 1,463\end{array}$	3,061 1,745 1,041 641 1,505 886 1,487	$\begin{array}{c} 3,053\\ 2,007\\ 1,204\\ 6:2\\ 1,301\\ 1,043\\ 1,516\end{array}$	2,481 1,875 1,360 677 1,318 936 1,603	85,729 25,097 14,256 7,593 19,433 10,923 17,797	
							Constant dates	
2,129	2,861	3,243	3,123	2,466	2,393	1,992	26,871	
1,721	2,046	2,516	2,386	2,303	2,508	2,133	24,064	
2,244	9,999	4,258	8,998	2,465	2,848	2,490	32,392	1
1,184	1,175	1,539	1,339	1,911	1,525	1,684	17,396	1
121	143	180	175	187	179	174	1,863	1
885	1,141	1,182	1,296	1,180	- 1,263	1,325	14,079	1
1,615	1,904	1,976	1,914	1,787	2,003	2,173	23,482	1
2,049	2,397	2,467	2,436	2,274	2,520	2,259	97,171	1
1,560	1,740	1,920	1.864	1,958	2,474	2,790	24,519	1
1,668	2,412	2,476	2,638	2,176	2,097	1,767	23,960	1
846	922	843	867	818	928	1,300	11,151	1
1,363	1,971	2,615	3,069	9,551	2,486	1,799	92,932	1
2,034	9,502	9,891	2,839	2,541	9,873	2,389	97,998	-
27,481	32,293	39,024	39,895	35,278	35,823	34,525	408,916	
23-14	96-57	80.88	33-30	28-96	31-02	28.35	28-45	
-	100	1. Cu . FA	1 2 54	Carlos and	1		- and the second	
146	149	153	145	182	203	267	2,982	-
163	153	199	181	312	281	282	3,118	-
301	301	288	264	315	381	549	5,648	
292	979	311	252	334	399	394	4,778	5
280	250	288	281	403	375	333	5,904	4
177	289	253	290	378	531	430	4,103	-
398	382	• 353	362	524	659	481	5,733	-
141	99	124	m	168	172	140	1,736	-
29,379	84,225	40,993	41,782	37,894	39,824	37.401	442,913	
20-30	22-94	97-48	28-92	25-41	27-51	25-07	25.16	

1	2	-	-	(bayest -		3
Number.	Towns.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.
	BTOWNS.					
1	Bombay City	2,603	2,306	2,812	2,683	2,615
	East Khandesh District.	and the				
2	Jalgaon	41	46	81	84	84
3	Nasirabad	21	17	31	82	23
4	Yawal	4	15	35	24	12
5	Dharangaon	22	25	37	41	38
6	Erandol	. 22	15	38	53	47
7	Amalner	25	42	.99	79	41
8	Parola	15	17	26	46	49
9	Chalisgaon	29	43	59	44	47
10	Chopda	14	14	- 44	29	17
11	Bhusawal	- 21	19	36	27	35
			LIRE		and a	
	West Khandesh District.					
12	Dhulia	1. A State	79	101	103	63
13	Nandurbar	. 54	32	37	45	63
	Surat District.	STERA	-			
14	Surat	1000	358	491	480	501
15	Rander	10	25	32	98	18
16	Bulsar	20	- 25	37	41	28
	Broach District.				Str. M	- annalise
17	Broach	. 119	98	, 136	121	107
18	Jambusar		25	40	37	32
19	Ankleshwar	-	30	33	24	25
				in the second	-	
	Kaira District.					
20	Kaira		18	21		23
21	Mehmedabad		17	38	94	40
22	Nadiad		144	233	155	119
23	Borsad		160	171	. 50	40
24	Anand		34	50	61	64
25	Umreth	. 56	51	105	84	46
26	Dakore	n in in its in i	21	33	39	32
27	Tamedanul		29	43	51	57
	Kapadvanj	1	20	40	01	
	the second second second					

No. III-contd.

							4	5
June.	July.	August.	Septem- ber.	October.	November,	Decem- ber.	Total Deaths registered during the year.	Number.
					Serve			
2,326	2,344	2,377	2,252	2,250	2,201	2,319	29,117	1
		-		10 -				
46	60	86	74	46	47	55	750	21
22	24	36	34	26	23	25	314	3
15	15	17	92	26	31	16	230	4
25	28	87	48	92	31	20	372	5
17	21	25	34	31	13	25	341	6
19	23	32	57	23	26	28	480	7
27	26	34	43	83	92	21	359	8
22	22	40	44	31	34	19	434	9
13	19	16	23	27	29	11	256	10
21	25	40	22	27	27	25	326	11
		10 14						
49	70	82	75	67	73	63	933	12
22	44	36	43	25	37	35	473	13
	100			-				
	410	410	289	344	286	365	4,657	14
347	416 38	310	20	21	20	23	301	15
25			20	32	36	30	389	16
34	30	32	- 20	02		00	000	10
85	93	120	127	113	83	96	1,291	17
25	19	33	21	21	25	23	322	18
21	31	31	21	90	91	34	320	19
	14						Infrance .	
		10		10			Anna and a	
16	16	15	18	22	19	21	216	20
18	15	16	18	17	19	19	270	21
95	93	114	106	83	78	96	1,545	22
22	37	48	35	35	21	40	729	23
36	33	42	31	34	25	29	471	94
83	29	52	45	39	32	87	609	25
31	28	29	30	24	25	32	344	26
37	29	40	80	34	40	41	471	27
10-			12 10 10 10					

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1	9							3
Number.	Towns,	-		January.	February.	March.	Apríl.	May.
	B-TOWNS-0	ontd.		119089				
	Panch Mahals D	vistrict.			arrests 1			
28	Godhra	***		47	37	47	79	63
29	Dohad			62	43	41	43	53
	Ahmedabad Li	admint			-	1000		-
30	Ahmedabad			1,328	1.076	1,387	1,565	1,960
31	Dhandhuka	***		1,020	25	42	25	1,000
32	Viramgam		***	19	132	116	99	10
-83	Dholka			49	27	46	34	85
34	Ahmedabad Canton		***	4	4	4	4	5
-						-	-	
	Ahmednagar D	istrict.			March 1 and 1			
35	Ahmednagar			80	> 73	102	84	80
36	Sangamner		***	15	17	94	24	21
37	Ahmednagar Canton	nment		21	22	23	12	13
	Poona Distr	ict.			12.14			14 10 20
38	Poons City			787	614	658	595	529
39	Poona Suburban		and and	23	25	26	0	11
40	Junnar			11	11	11	14	15
41	Baramati			14	22	27	23	34
42	Lonavala			31	19	34	28	38
43	Poona Cantonment		***	48	42	38	30	36
44	Kirkee do.			24	19	22	32	28
	Nasik Distr				111	Con and		
45	Nasik			110	103	145	161	128
46	Trimbak		***	11	10	14	12	10
47	Igatpuri				14	18	18	19
48	Manmad			10	10	15	21	14
49	Yeola		***	40	83	60	60	65
50	Malegaon		***	83	68	59	84	123
51	Deolali Cantonment		***	6	2	at 4	7	10
	Thana Dist		-	16. ml		THE R. P.		100
52	Bassein			11	12	90	13	11
53	Bhiwandi		0	26	24	20	27	30
54	Thana				30	40	42	40
.55	Kalyan	1000	1	26	24	36	49	- 44

No. III-contd.

	-						27					4	5
Ju	ine.	Ju	aly.	Au	gust.	Ser	er.	Oc	tober.	November.	Decem- ber,	Total Deaths registered during the year.	Number.
	47		46		49		36		31	45	28	555	28
	27		31		32		26		29	35	32	454	29
	924		922		1,293		1,072		1,051	909	1,084	13,941	30
	16		18		19		16		24	24	31	278	31
	44		40		73		64		99	79	81	1,031	32
	22		24		51		39		25	29	35	409	33
	1		2		2		2		2	2		32	34
	76		84		95		73		72	86	113	1,018	35
	19		18		19		18	120	19	11	21	226	36
	10		16		16		12		12	18	39	207	37
							0 42555			1			
	366		459		515		475		458	489	433	6,328	38
	20 13		21		31		34		23	27	37	287	39
	29		15		6		n		19	22	26	167	40
	23		32		29		60		-38	55	-22	385	41
	27		26		21 32		24 31		16 32	19	- 24	291	42
	18		38		26		94		16	34 95		405	43
							24		10	20	20	201	44
	143		163		155		123		92	116	155	1,595	45
	10		6		9		6		8	8	10	114	46
	16		6		20		12		.10	19	9	182	47
	14		34		34	Date:	67		9	19	13	242	48
	44		60	100	35		49	10	82	33	40	547	49
	116		96		98		151	25	.87	96	80	1,141	50
	8		13		5		5		3	8	2	73	51
										Joips		100.00	
	17	12	16	100	9	-	. 13	-	8	7	9	146	52
	21	100	18	11	25	100	10	100	17	82	22	262	53
	42	100	58	1	41	15	44	17	48	26	25	476	64
	27	17	34	221	53	100	57	100	30	40	30	450	55
		1		1				1		1			

т Bk P 4-7a

*		2												3
Number.	Anna and an and an and an	Towns.	-		Janu	tary.	Febr	mary.	Ma	reh.	Ap	oril.	M	ay.
	B-T	OWNS-0	ontd.											
	Bombay	Suburban	Distri	et.										
56	Bandra		***			46	100	53		46		54		43
57	Kurla		•••			51	10	38		83		58		45
	Ko	laba Distr	rict.				1				2002			
58	Alibag					10	1.11	8		7		6		7
59	Mahad			***		11	1.18	6		13		3		6
60	Panwel			***		16	1794	11		17		13		22
61	Uran					9		7		12		3		3
		agiri Dis	trict.				12							
62	Vengurla		***	***		36	10	24		49	100	40		31
63	Batnagiri			+++		35	14	30		49		35		18
64	Malwan			***		42		38		44		36		84
65	Chiplun		**			16		15		20		19		8
							1.00							
	Bel	aum Dist	triot.				110							
66	Belgaum			22		109	15	69		93	12	100		106
67	Gokak		****	***		19	100	21		25	10	24	- 12	36
68	Athani		***			17	1.20	29		. 33	- 44	17	100	14
69	Nipani		***	***		17	14	24		27	179	26	100	21
70	Belgaum C	antonme	nt			7	10	1		2	34	5	10	4
	Dha	rwar Dis	trict.				10		100		-01		ine a	
71	Dharwar		***			75		83	1	94	1	123	24	94
72	Hubli		***			146	2.0	152	100	166		105	-	82
73	Gadag-Bet	tigery -	***	•••		165	120	180	15	240	10	119	100	131
74	Ranebennu	ır	***	***		36	10	27	12	27		36	-	39
75	Nawalgund	1	+++2	***		14	a lite	14	100	15		6	122	10
							A		6		1.88			
	Bij	apur Dist	rict.						-					
76	Bijapur			***		58	12	- 67	10	59		69	11	62
77	Bagalkot		***			89	ac.	E8	100	66	10	53	12	65
78	Guledgud					35	1.00	34	24	37	12	28	100	36
79	Ilkal					28	100	60	10	114	122	78	-	87

No. III-contd.

												4	5
June	».	Ju	ıly.	Au	gust.	Sep	tem- er.	Oct	ober.	November.	Decem- ber.	Total Deaths registered during the year.	Number.
										-			
	49		64	10	59		66		64	57	55	656	56
	56		48	100	76		55		55	49	20	584	57
				11		1.00				Sec. Par		Constant of	
				3-		1				1. 1. 1.		in some of	
	9		4	100	7		7		8	5	5	83	58
	5		18		6		15		17	9	16	125	59
	11		20	120	9		14		16	14	14	177	60
	8		3	100	9		7		5	11	8	85	61
												and the second	-
										1			
	29		25	10	40		32		23	40	45	414	62
	15		94	12	27		23		25	34	27	342	63
12 13	30		34	12	50		33		38	47	51	477	64
	14		17	1	15		15		22	17	22	200	65
		-		And a second								- States	
				1						San and San		Part and	
ter Sel	70		93	100	101		88		76	99	90	1,094	66
1	10		19		19		24		26	33	25	280	67
3	19		22	1000	22		41		57	31	93	325	68
	12		18		23		15		14	21	21	239	69
			13	1	9		4		3	5	4	57	70
				11 -								and the second second	
	1						110			Section and		a size	
	66		85		99		95		88	86	108	1,089	71
	82		115	-	105		126		118	114	111	1,422	73
	26		144		132		132		117	134	97	1,797	73
	24		36	2.20	45		35		32	38	47	415	74
1	12		9	100	6		11		11	10	9	127	75
										-		analigna -	
	00		105		200		91		68	91	60	1.012	76
	82 46		56	-	200 69		50		40	48	55	615	70
	19		35		43		25		35	40 52	41	423	78
	65		47	102	58		67		33	36	29	702	79
				1						00	20		-

1		2		1										1
Serial No.	Antoria Antoria Antoria Antoria Antoria	Towns.	-		Janu	ary.	Feb	ruary.	Ma	arch.	A	pril.	м	ay.
	в.—т	OWNS-	contd.	1										
	Kan	ara Dist	riot.											
80	Karwar					25		10		20		15		22
81	Kumta		***			19		15		18		16		13
82	Gokarn		***	***		45	-	38		14		10		7
88	Honawar		***			Б	-	3		б		5		12
34	Bhatkal					15		16		10		11		10
-	Shol	apur Dis	strict				14							
85	Sholapur	apar are				482	142	444		550		438		571
86	Barsi					58	1	81		88		72	-	104
87	Pandharpu	-	***			96		92		96		103		148
	1.	ara Dist	rict.									100		
88	Satara					86	100	57		78		63		51
69 90	Wai Karad		***	***		28 15	100	13 18		24 23		10		31
91 92	Ashta		***	***		9	100	5 17		15 14		15		29
92	Islampur		***		1		and a	**				D		- 14
	Total for T	'owns exe	cluding	Sind.	5	8,980		8,066	1	10,194		9,601		9,102
	Ratio per excludir	mille ng Sind.	for T	owns	5	29.77		29-46		28-78		39-75		30.17
	Total for ing Sind		ince ex	clud-	40	0,859		\$5,827	100	46,037	1	44,518		3,290
	Ratio per 1 excludio	nille for ng Sind.	the Prov	vince	10.5	25-89	1	25-97	-	30-29	-	30-19	121	28-44
	Kan	rachi Dis	trict.			2	100		-20-		-		12	
93	Karachi					641	1	475		541		470		458
94 95	Karachi Ca Tatta	ntonmen	at	***		11 12		14 12		18 7		3 14		16
	De	ıdu Dist	rict.				1							
96	Dadu					3	1	4	100			2	1	9
97 98	Kotri Sehwan		***	***		10	-	93		3 4		17 3		16
	Hyde	rabad D	istrict.				1.00		1		-			
99	Hyderabad					296	1	929		302	-	328	-	264
100	Hyderabad Hala	Canton	ment	***		5 16	1000	2 14	1	10		1 5		18
102	Matiari		***	***		20		12		25		9		14
	17-10 H 18-16	abshah D	nstrict.			-	2 22			-				1
103	Nawabsha Tando Ada			***		1 58		 96		6 16				2
		d Parka												
105	Mirpurkha	LE				17		16		10	-	13		7
106	Umerkote		-			12		21		5	100		1	3

No. III-contd.

							4	
June.	July.	August.	Septem- ber.	October.	November.	Decem- ber.	Total Deaths registered during the year.	Number
					-		in an	
in the second	1.10				1			
16	14	7	16	13	8	-90	186	80
12	10	15	20	15	12	18	183	8
12	9	13	10	23	15	24	220	8
10	8	5	6	7	9	6	81	8
10	14	19	14	. 14	18	14	165	8
345	388	577	518	508	523	426	5,769	8
53	67	108	94	96	116	93	1,029	8
73	164	211	142	139	193	131	1,587	8
51 16 25 13 15	51 17 35 26 14	57 18 20 29 18	52 12 23 13 11	48 25 16 17 13	44 16 19 18 26	55 94 28 18 15	693 234 263 200 • 165	20000000000000000000000000000000000000
7,097	7,791	8,989	8,143	7,729	7,805	7,857	101,854	
24-26	25-76	29.80	27-82	25.62	26-67	26-05	28-47	
84,677	40,084	48,013	48,038	42,007	44,628	42,382	510,970	
23-45	26-38	31-59	32-57	27.64	30-26	28.74	28.46	
	Loros -	-	1.000	(ware	-	all and the	alur service	
453 5 4	435 9 6	475 9 8	406 5 9	418 11 8	385 5 5	514 10 13	5,671 99 114	93.94
4 7 4	3 4 3	1 6 9	9 1 5	1 9 4	5 19 5	5 11 4	89 104 45	96 97 98
183 1 9 5	151 8 1 9	203 2 4	179 9 6 4	181 7 5 9	190 <u>9</u> 4 12	262 3 7 18	9,777 97 80 134	99 100 101 102
3 10	1 9	1 17	9 9	3 14	9 13	1 25	91 947	103 104
3	33	10 2	83	83	7 9	15 3	117 64	105

1	2						
Number.	Towns.		January.	February.	March.	April.	May.
	B-TOWNS-concld	1.					
	Larkana District.			1.01			
107	Larkana		40	30	89	36	47
108	Kambar		12	8	6	9	1
109	Ratodero	494	12	14	6	4	15
	Phillips Barris						
	Sukkur District.			1.11.11. 24			
110	Sukkur		93	82	99	125	80
111	Shikarpur		155	119	138	119	137
112	Rohri	***	24	18	20	15	23
113	Garhi Yasin	***	12	10	6	11	11
	Upper Sind Frontier Dis	trict.		1			
114	Jacobabad		14	13	12	13	8
	Total for Towns includin	g Sind.	10,454	9,197	11,462	10,828	10,244
	Ratio per mille* for Toy cluding Sind.	vns in-	29-30	30-77	32-12	31-97	28-72
	Total for the Province in Sind.	luding	47,450	40,846	50,766	49,511	47,027
	Ratio per mille* for the Pr including Sind.	ovince	25-67	25-85	27-49	27.04	25.44

* The ratios should be calculated with reference

No. III-concld.

(and the second							4	5
June.	July.	August.	Septem- ber.	October.	November.	Decem- ber.	Total Deaths registered during the year.	Number.
					1.122		and the second	
27	49	36	29	40	59	47	479	107
8	9	4	12	8	14	12	103	108
13	6	3	5	9	17	7	111	109
							antitation of	
140	135	60	55	80	77	70	1,099	110
140	113	70	76	124	125	157	1,473	111
25	14	8	7	9	12	17	197	112
02	6	7	11	8	12	19	124	113
- 12	Ŧ	9	13	13	10	9	134	114
8,166	8,763	9,926	8,992	8,701	8,796	9,077	114,606	
23-59	24-56	27-82	25-50	24-66	28-02	25-44	27-22	
37,545	42,988	50,919	50,774	45,595	48,620	46,478	557,519	
20-93	22-14	27.55	28-31	24-68	27.12	25-14	25.56	

to the number of days in each month.

27

ANNUAL FORM NO. IV.—DEATHS registered according to AGE in the during the

				Not exceeding one month.								
					Not e	sceeding	g one me	onth.				
No.	Districts and '	Fowns.			Male.			Female		Total.		
				Under one week.	Over one week.	Total.	Under one week.	Over one week.	fotal			
1	3			3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
	A- DISTRICTS (E. TOWNS).	SCLUDING					2			-		
	Northern Registrat		ict.				-			-		
1934	East Khåndesh West Khåndesh Surat Broach	 		1,218 641 441 263	876 548 354 213	2,094 1,189 825 481	1,004 478 378 228	769 451 286 197	1,773 929 664 425	3,867 2,118 1,485 900		
557	Kaira Panch Maháls Ahmedabad		***	195 159 330	318 247 354	643 406 684	309 151 258	340 195 320	649 346 578	1,295 755 1,265		
	Central Registrati			1,061	649	1,710	758	528	1,286	2,990		
8	Ahmednagar			572	515	1,087	422	436	858	1,94		
9	Poona Násik	***		896	691	1,587	697	554	1,251	2,83		
10	Thána		484	432	338	770	390	345	735	1,50		
11		***	-	79	15	94	43	14	57	15		
12	Bombay Suburban		***	610	844	954	468	262	730	1,68		
13	Kolába				397	956	438	343	781	1,73		
14	Ratnágiri Cauthana Davistant	Me Proprietoria	and .	000		0.0	300	010	TOT	1,10		
	Southern Registrat Belgaum	60% L/1317		753	589	1,342	559	459	1,011	2,35		
15	Dhårwår			753	636	1,389	563	489	1,051	2,44		
16				505	531	1,116	479	394	873	1,99		
17	Bijápur Kánara			548	299	\$47	391	278	664	1,51		
19	Sholápur			758	540	1,298	582	472	1,054	2,355		
20	Sátára			700	574	1,373	607	419	1,056	2,42		
20	Total of Districts ex				9,023	20,845	9,202	7,569	16,771	37,61		
	Sind Registratio	n District										
21	Karaohi		1000	86	40	125	64	25	- 89	21		
22	Dadu			04	59	143	61	48	109	25		
23	Hyderabad		***	100	92	227	107	63	170	39/		
23	Nawabshah			123	96	219	81	78	159	578		
25	Thar and Parkar			111	91	202	109	72	181	38		
25	Larkana				83	157	63	66	121	278		
20	Sukkur			100	195	258	143	113	256	544		
28	Upper Sind Frontie			10	36	76	25	21	46	125		
	Total for distric				9,645	22,283	9,855	8,047	17,902	40,180		
	Sind.	per mille			-					availabl		

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DISTRICTS (RURAL CIRCLES) AND TOWNS of the BOMBAY PRESIDENCY year 1935.

	one mor exceeding months	ng six	di Ti c	er six me l not exc velve mo	eeding	1	Tota	1.	unde	and r five ars.
Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
1,643 1,168 670 419 683 416 813	1,382 971 603 396 662 431 798	3,025 9,129 1,273 815 1,345 847 1,611	1,199 1,158 325 308 764 255 595	1,148 1,056 298 968 670 239 561	2,847 2,214 623 576 1,434 494 1,156	4,936 3,515 1,820 1,208 2,090 1,077 2,092	$\begin{array}{r} 4,303\\ 2,956\\ 1,565\\ 1,089\\ 1,981\\ 1,016\\ 1,937\end{array}$	9,239 6,471 3,385 9,297 4,071 2,093 4,029	4,865 4,197 1,870 1,077 2,546 1,905 1,939	4,91 4,54 1,31 94 2,18 1,28 1,89
1,556	1,961	2,827	1,018	865	1,883	4,294	3,412	7,706	2,847	2,84
1,417	1,173	2,590	869	699	1,568	3,373	2,730	6,103	2,668	2,54
1,609	1,424	8,038	1,068	1,011	3,069	4,254	3,686	7,940	4,478	4,78
639	587	1,219	218	225	443	1,620	1,547	3,167	1,760	1,76
58	47	105	59	49	108	211	153	364	156	17
393	372	765	302	246	548	1,649	1,348	2,997	1,372	1,42
628	564	1,192	379	345	724	1,963	1,600	3,653	1,849	1,85
1,215	1,065	2,250	638	577	1,215	3,195	2,653	5,848	3,297	3,48
916	817	1,733	555	593	1,078	9,860	2,391	5,251	2,604	2,74
1,013	874	1,887	535	468	1,003	2,664	2,215	4,879	2,652	2,94
416	365	781	180	177	357	1,443	1,206	2,649	710	72
1,971	1,037	9,308	668	585	1,953	3,237	2,676	5,913	2,477	2,51
1,137	990	2,127	1,455	1,189	2,644	8,965	3,235	7,200	3,110	3,21
18,083	15,819	\$3,909	19,538	11,199	23,737	51,466	43,789	95,255	47,167	48,09
73	50	193	81	26	57	230	165	395	168	19
74	63	137	24	23	47	241	195	436	206	18
- 131	83	214	57	84	91	415	287	702	291	24
128	103	231	51	41	99	398	303	701	334	30
165	190	285	50	39	69	.417	340	757	327	21
104	98	202	35	31	66	296	260	546	281	24
914	172	356	107	97	204	609	525	1,134	485	41
60	48	109	28	24	52	164	118	282	178	14
19,032	16,556	35,588	12,921	11,514	24,435	54,236	45,972	1,00,208	49,447	49,97

	Catholic I I I I				nd under years.		d under ears.		d under years.
No.	Districts and T	'owns.			-	and the		- A di serie	-
	. and here			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female
1	2			21	22	23	24	25	26
	A-DISTRICTS (EX TOWNS)-con								
	Northern Registrati	ion Distr	rict.				100		100
1934567	East Khåndesh West Khåndesh Surat Broach Kaira Panch Mahåls Ahmedabad		11111	1,060 999 349 184 392 321 353	1,001 934 325 156 325 333 375	435 254 174 72 223 130 222	423 285 187 84 237 117 217	296 198 144 60 255 156 237	399 255 156 88 217 116 226
8	Central Registratio			616	504	022	005	050	0.0
9	Ahmednagar Poona	***	***	484	594	266 240	285 236	250 209	342 299
10	Násik	***	***	1.086	1,065	872	382	247	411
11	Thána			452	426	219	189	270	368
12	Bombay Suburban			30	31	31	27	26	41
13	Kolába		1	271	357	180	174	163	2.58
14	Ratnágiri		***	301	348	221	224	291	272
	Southern Registrati	on Distr	iot.						
15	Belgaum		+++	767	885	818	373	289	373
16	Dhårwår		400	703	743	349	331	241	348
17	Bijápur			867	933	324	355	253	316
18	Kånara		***	195	250	114	122	147	212
19	Sholápur			663	624	263	278	222	323
20	Sátára		+++	583	647	292	817	242	398
	Total of Districts exc	eluding S	sind.	10,676	10,880	4,699	4.849	4,195	5,418
	Sind Registration	Distric	t						
21	Karachi		100	87	69	77	62	95	91
22	Dadu		***	105	84	90	57	102	70
23	Hyderabad		***	186	158	197	153	230	195
24	Nawabshah	***		146	144	99	69	119	92
25	Thar and Párkar			148	101	141	102	153	112
26	Lårkåna			160	117	85	85	104	86
27	Sukkur			175	151	190	132	181	147
28	Upper Sind Frontier	r	***	81	48	41	20	33	20
	Total for district Sind.	s inclus	ling	11,764	11.747	5,559	5,599	5,212	6,231

No. IV-contd.

und	and er 30 ars,	und	and er 40 ars.	und	and er 50 ars.	und	and er 60 ars.		rs and ards.		'ctal ages).	No.
Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male,	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	
27	28	29	30	31	82	33	34	35	36	87	38	39
				1 7/2	1				-			
711 432 370 168 697 396 660	1,078 641 587 258 683 379 666	882 521 450 181 611 892 666	919 525 645 919 590 356 552	1,106 597 505 217 759 423 850	803 421 386 211 604 323 596	1,163 623 700 985 887 584 950	785 441 449 196 662 870 863	9,928 1,444 1,498 600 1,850 1,078 1,362	2,722 1,315 1,374 597 1,709 1,003 1,843	18,382 12,780 7,381 4,053 10,240 5,641 9,531	17,347 12,317 6,885 3,841 9,193 5,282 8,466	1 23 4 5 5 7
600	875	723	739	805	644	173	712	2,567	2,485	13,941	12,930	8
605	969	804	792	788	674	854	661	2,238	9,357	19,963	11,801	9
697	1,052	866	839	945	711	1,069	768	2,337	2,346	16,345	16,047	10
807	1,090	933	766	955	649	941	721	979	941	8,936	8,460	11
84	104	89	68	90	49	110	72	163	156	990	873	12
443	588	524	455	615	402	685	535	1,273	1,363	7,175	6,904	13
851	1,091	789	974	901	815	1,045	941	3,251	3,814	11,455	19,027	14
680	941	746	784	1,044	692	1,015	708	2,360	2,563	13,711	13,460	15
658	1,048	890	914	1,045	718	974	659	2,125	9,176	12,449	12,070	16
766	959	786	734	1,018	598	875	644	1,923	2,131	12,128	11,832	17
428	620	558	554	670	422	551	439	784	1,000	5,600	5,551	18
592	861	698	714	741	585	717	546	2,183	2,021	11,793	11,139	19
653	958	715	803	827	628	852	690	9,819	2,959	14,051	13,847	20
11,158	15,437	12,824	12,842	14,902	10,931	15,80%	11,662	85,755	36,375	208,644	200,272	
in a start											CARGON C	
176	166	220	189	223	180	169	110	219	159	1,664	1,318	21
165	178	195	164	199	160	206	85	270	160	1,779	1,334	22
309	277	415	304	426	243	882	185	495	260	3,346	2,302	23
243	266	346	273	302	183	304	137	443	261	2,744	2,034	24
417	359	478	340	436	257	373	189	600	397	3,490	2,414	25
225	228	298	286	263	164	199	110	889	233	2,300	1,803	26
249	287	270	311	266	223	272	182	439	291	3,069	2,664	27
75	105	89	94	98	53	91	43	161	79	1,011	725	28
13,017	17,308	15,135	14,803	17,115	12,394	17,798	12,703	38,764	38,216	228,047	214,866	

T THE

				1- Dire	Not	exceedin	ng one m	onth.		
No.	Districts and	Towns.			Male.			Female.		Total.
	They want I			Under one week.	Over one week.	Total.	Under one week.	Over one week.	Total.	
1	2 E		1	8	4	5	6	7	8	9
	B-Tow:	NS.			·					
1	City of Bombay			1,078	764	1,842	748	630	1,378	3,220
	East Khandesh	District.								
2	Jalgaon		***	23	14	37	10	16	26	61
3	Nasirabad		-	3	7	10	7	2	9	19
4	Yawal		-	8	1	9	8	1	9	1
5	Dharangaon	***	+++	9	6	8	2	7	9	1
6	Erandol		-	14	8	22	8	4	12	3
7	Amalner	***		6	7	13	3	2	5	1
8	Parola		-	6	6	12	5	1	6	I
9	Chalisgaon			8	6	14	8	4	12	2
10	Chopda		-	3	7	10	1	4	5	1
11	Bhusawal		+++	6	5	11	5	5	10	2
	and the state of the									
	West Khandes	h District.								
12	Dhulia	***	1.000	11	17	28	8	13	21	41
13	Nandurbar	***		16	14	30	7	7	14	
	Surat Dist	rict.		1235300		1.000				
14	Surat		***	198	104	302	157	107	264	564
15	Rander	***	***	8	4	12	9	4	13	2
16	Bulsar	***		7	8	15	5	5	10	2
	Broach Dis			12.000						
17	Broach			18	32	50	17	24	41	91
18	Jambusar		+++		17	23	4	6	10	3,
19	Ankleshwar		-	12	2	14	10	10	20	3
	Kaira Dis			1.00	1		120- 1			
20	Kaira		***		5	13	4	2	6	1
21	Mehmedabad	***	***	3	7	10		4	7	1
23	Nadiad	•••		21	20	61		29	52	9
23	Borsad	(***)		19	7	19	8	4	12	3.
24	Anand	***	***	7	1	8	4	2	6	1
25	Umreth	***		19	13	32	9	11	20	5
25	Dakore			7	7	14	2	• 3	5	19
97	Kapadvanj			17	9	26	4	13	17	4

No. IV-contd.

	one mor exceeding months	ng six	and	ver six m 1 not exc welve mo	eeding		Total	L.	unde	and or five ars.
Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Male,	Fe- male.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male
10	11	12	13	. 14	15	16	17	18	19	20
1,176	1,018	2,194	1,614	1.411	8,025	4,633	3,807	8,439	2,675	2,84
55	35	90	60	43	103	159	104	256	74	8
15	19	34	17	9	25	42	37	79	49	3
6	6	12	12	5	17	27	20	47	19	1
22	11	33	94	19	36	54	82	86	36	4
17	17	34	25	27	52	64	56	120	37	3
18	13	31	34	27	61	65	45	110	76	6
19	16	35	19	18	37	50	40	90	70	5
33	16	48	35	32	67	81	60	141	47	5
10	11	21	8	6	14	28	22	50	80	3
11	8	19	32	38	70	54	56	110	42	2
				1			anno?			
39	37	75	70	70	140	137	128	265	94	10
16	16	32	26	20	46	79	50	199	69	4
		1.1					(Jak	toto haven		
210	219	429	303	306	611	815	791	1,606	359	39
17	15	32	14	18	32	43	46	89	27	2
14	11	25	13	15	28	42	36	78	36	3
					123 200		220			
61	52	113	67	60	127	178	153	331	122	100
17	14	31	18	24	43	58	48	106	35	30
9	17	26	16	12	- 28	39	49	58	29	25
		- 10					Ander	and and the		
8	8	16	9	9	18	30	23	- 53	21	10
13	17	30	19	21	40	42	45	87	25	82
103	87	190	144	189	396	988	321	609	166	176
19	22	41	31	39	70	69	73	142	56	53
15	7	22	95	25	53	51	38	89	61	54
39	30	69	38	81	69	109	81	190	89	76
12	13	25	20	27	47	46	45	91	38	40
16	13	29	20	-30	50	69	60	122	43	45

	The balance of the	Later			d under ears.		d under ears.		d under /ears.
No.	Districts and	LOMUS.	-	1		_	Part Part		The lot
in the second	And Sugar			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
1	2	- 15		21	22	23	94	25	26
	B-Town	8.							
1	City of Bombay			415	463	210	268	365	419
1	East Khandesh Dis	trict.		10	10	0		5	15
2	Jalgaon			18	16 7	2	5	5	15
3	Nasirabad			3		7		3	
4	Yawal			1	3	9	4	2 5	3
5	Dharangaon	***			0	1	3	2	20
6	Erandol	***	***	15	7	-		7	7
7	Amalner	***		8	7	5	5		
8	Parola			15	1	5	6	5	9
9	Chalisgaon	***	•••	7	5	7		1	
10	Chopda			8	8	6		- 4	5
11	Bhusawal			5	4	0	1		
	West Khandesh	Distric	t.						
12	Dhulia			32	20	16	16	10	14
13	Nandurbar	***		10	7	8	3	5	11
	Surat Dist	trict.							
14	Surat	***		59	53	26	45	44	89
15	Rander	***		3	12	2	2	3	2
16	Bulsar		***	5	7	8	1	4	10
	Broach Dis	strict.			1000	1			100
17	Broach	***		11	20	14	12	13	21
18	Jambusar			5	2	2	5	4	1 8
19	Ankleshwar	***		11	1	4	3	4	10
	Kaira Dis	trict.							
20	Kaira			3	6	2	1	8	6
21	Mehmedabad			8	12	3	1	4	1 1 4
22	Nadiad			23	13	11	12	14	21
23	Borsad			22	30	9	19	28	40
24	Anand			11	12	5	4	13	1 11 1
25	Umreth			9	16	4	7	4	1. 1
26	Dakore	***		3	3	3	4	7	1 22 1
27	Kapadvanj			7	7	4	3	7	

No. IV-contd.

und	and ier 30 ars.	und	and er 40 ars.	und	and ter 50 ars.	und	and ler 60 ars.	60 yes upw	ars and ard*.	all i	otal ages).	No
Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	. Fe- male.	
27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	87	38	39
1,478	1,572	1,659	990	1,414	592	1,176	596	1,875	1,665	15,899	13,218	1
27	42	15	17	28	18	22	14	51	44	394	356	9
6	19	9	11	8	9	6	5	35	34	161	153	3
9	10	8	4	11	7	12	б	88	38	123	107	4
10	11	6	10	10	5	17	10	47	42	196	176	- 5
2	13	11	7	10	6	13	4	94	27	179	162	6
12	24	15	19	17	8	16	10	36	37	257	223	7
3	10	7	3	7	2	13	4	34	27	206	153	8
12	12	10	14	7	9	13	11	33	29	220	214	\$
4	13	7	15	9	3	10	7	18	31	117	139	10
9	19	9	7	13	11	10	8	25	10	178	148	11
24	34	36	26	25	15	37	17	75	69	487	446	19
10	28	15	12	11	6	17	8	37	47	254	219	13
129	208	181	123	241	121	945	138	816	282	2,415	2,242	14
6	15	4	9	8	8	12	6	30	35	138	163	10
15	20	15	18	20	14	24	9	36	41	205	184	16
42	63	40	48	56	36	60	36	125	136	661	630	17
13	6	19	9	11	9	6	15	94	25	171	151	18
7	13	9	7	15	11	11	6	87	29	166	154	19
9	9	7	6	9	5	11	5	23	23	118	98	20
8	8	8	7	6	8	7	8	13	21	124	146	21
40	53	39	25	45	27	59	42	104	61	789	756	25
30	67	36	34	21	36	28	28	25	35	324	405	22
29	26	28	13	18	8	21	4	47	19	284	187	2
10	22	16	11	18	11	20	20	39	44	318	291	2
12	7	13	8	19	8	21	8	94	94	186	158	9
18	23	12	19	20	7	31	16	37	49	236	235	2

130			Same a		- Anne		-	1000	Inder on
	Andre Lag		No. of Concession, Name	Note	exceedin	g one me	onth.		
No.	Districts and Towns.			Male.			Female.		Total.
		-	Under one week.	Over one week.	Total.	Under one week.	Over one week.	Total.	
1	3		3	4	Б	6	7	8	9
	B-Towns-contd.								
	Panch Mahals District								
28	Godhra	***	23	6	29	25	8	33	6
29	Dohad		11	4	15	6	4	9	2
	Ahmedabad District.					000	034		
30	Ahmedabad		405	324	729	323	224	547	1.27
81	Dhandhuka	***	5	8	13	4	1	5	I
82	Viramgaon	***		10	32	15	17	52	6
33	Dholka	•••		8	16	11		99	3
34	Ahmedabad Cantonment	•••	9		2	***	***		1. 1. P.
	4 24 14 4			-					
	Ahmednagar District.				-	36	18		10
85	Ahmednagar		65	14	79		1	54	13
36	Sangamner	***		3	5	3	2	5	
37	Ahmednagar Cantonment	***	1		1				
	Poona District.							1	100
38	Poona City		238	108	346	183	91	274	62
39	Poona Suburban		10	9	19	5	6	11	3
40	Baramati		14	7	91	8	5	13	3
41	Lonavla		7	2	9	5	3	8	1
42	Junnar	•••		2	2	1	2	3	
43	Poona Cantonment		10	4	14	4	5	9	2
44	Kirkee Cantonment	***	. 8	1	9	5	4	9	1
	Nasik District.			1					1
45	Nasik	•••	. 34	16	and the second	1.000	15	1	
46	Trimbak	-	. 6	1		4	***	4	1
47	Igatpuri		. 6	2	1 1 2	2	2	4	1
48	Manmad		. 5	1	1	5	1	6	1
49	Yeola		. 3	9	and the second	1 234	7	13	9
50	Malegaon		. 31	22	53	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	16	46	9
51	Deolali Cantonment		1	+++	1 1	1	***	1	1

No. IV-contd.

ear.		thand	0-	er six m	onths	1.1		and and a second	unde	and r five ars.
not	one mon exceedin months	Bg six	and	i not exc velve mo	eeding		Total	-	yei	
Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.
10	11	19	13	14 .	15	16	17	18	19	20
23	-84	57	25	48	73	77	115	192	40	154
20	24	24	25	23	48	60	56	116	35	45
765	739	1,504	997	1,017	2,014	2,491	2,303	4,794	1,487	1,62
12	12	24	19	9	91	- 37	26	63	33	24
50	76	126	42	35	77	194	143	267	130	115
18	22	40	25	18	43	59	60	119	38	31
3		3	3	3	6	8	3	11	3	1
				121						
75	56	128	28	27	55	179	137	316	95	B
9	3	12	11	5	16	25	9	34	24	1
9	12	91	10	19	22	20	29	49	24	2
845	329	674	400	337	737	1,091	940	2,081	696	76
20	14	34	5	9	14	44	34	78	41	3
16	91	37	15	13	28	5%	47	99	42	3
12	11	23	9	6	15	30	25	55	31	2
7	3	10	4	1	5	13	7	20	19	1
15	14	29	12	7	19	41	30	71	26	2
13	19	32	10	10	20	32	38	70	45	3
						1.1200	1100	South West Harry	100	
82	72	154	. 58	87	95	190	140	330	140	15
6	1	7	6	4	10	19	9	28	12	1
10	1	11	5	3	- 8	23	8	81 40	19 32	1
12	4	16	9	3	12	27	68	142	69	5
34	32	66	28	23	51 80	74 150	142	292	195	18
55	58	113	42	38	5	3	195	9	130	-
1	1	2	1					-	A REAL PROPERTY	1 20

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So.	Dist	ricts and '	Towne.			d under 'ears.	Ten and under 15 years.		15 and under 20 years.		
					Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male,	Female	
1	6.4	2		1	21	22 1	23	24	25	26	
	B-4	rowns-c	onta.	1						1 1	
	Panch	Mahals)	District.					11.1			
28	Godhra		2		7	14	9	7	5	14	
29	Dohad	111			9	16	2	3	4	13	
	Ahm	edabad D	istrict.								
30	Ahmedaba	b.			226	191	133	149	175	225	
81	Dhandhuk	a			7	4	4	6	7	4	
32	Viramgaon				25	26	8	9	14	1	
33	Dholka		***		3	7	2		4	1	
34	Ahmedaba	d Cantor	ment		2	9	1	***	9		
	1 martine the										
	Ahma	dnagar 1	District.								
35	Ahmednag	ar	***	***	15	22	- 8	9	13	20	
36	Sangamne	r		***	4	4	8	3	1	1	
37	Ahmednag	ar Canto	nment	***	5	5	3	6	4	1	
	P	oona Dist	rict.					-			
38	Poona City		***		70	130	74	91	82	131	
39	Poona Sub				10	6	5	***	1	1	
40	Baramati			***	5	9	3	4	2	. 0	
41	Lonavla	•••	***		8	11	4	7	2	8	
42	Junnar	***	***	***	2	2	5	3	2	1	
48	Poona Can			***	4	9	1	5	2	6	
44	Kirkee Car	atonment	***	***	8	5	4	3	1	2	
				1							
		ısık Distr	rict.		-			-			
45	Nasik				28	35	11	27	17	53	
46	Trimbak	•••	***		8	1			1	1	
47	Igatpuri			***	2	3	1	3	1	7	
48	Manmad	***	***	***	11	8	1	4	2	***	
49	Yeola	***	***	***	9	13	4	9	4	15	
50	Malegaon Deolali Ca	***	***	499	38 2	29	4	11	4	11	

No. IV-contd.

No	Total (all ages).		60 years and upwards.		und ar 60 ars,		40 and under 50 years.		30 and under 40 years.		20 and under 30 years.	
	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe. male.	Male.
39	38	87	36	35	84	33	32	31	30	29	28	27
100	000	010	0.7	20						05	00	-
2	295	259	27	39	7	22	13 9	24 16	17	25 12	23 20	18
21	243	*11	-67	40	10	25		10	10	12	20	0
		13.99					1	112	19		1	
3(6,792	7,149	764	715	247	444	258	473	383	468	646	537
31	121	157	25	23	7	12	19	19	4	s	10	+14
39	510	521	76	66	31	50	26	45	26	31	48	, 28
_33	189	220	34	89	11 .	24	8	26	14	14	13	12
84	18	19	1	2	1	1	1	***	***	***	2	***
				34					1			
	MULK . L. M.			10		1.3	10.0		100	1	100	
35	472	546	79	79	19	44	21	38	44	41	41	.34
36	96	130	35	35	2	15	6	4	19	15	8	5
37	104	103	21	25	2	7	5	6	4	4	10	5
	2			100			1	1100				
	2.055	8,073	452	435	141	163	139	143	147	129	317	191
38	3,255	164	21	430	5	103	2	143 B	5	12	7	11
89 40	194	191	34	31	12	14	n	14	21	17	17	11
41	145	146	23	18	7	7	7	15	14	16	14	15
49	69	98	17	26	4	15	7	8	7	3	8	5
43	194	211	51	54	8	19	18	91	16	22	24	21
44	141	146	91	28	5	8	4	9	4	10	22	6
										-		
	ATT IN	1.0					6	415			8.8	
45	812	788	172	170	45	56	58	70	68	57	87	44
46	55	59	12	9	4	3	1	6	2	8	11	3
47	94	.88	22	-17	5	4	6	19	12	3	11	6
48	109	134	22	30	4	5	13	10	10	7	11	9
49	286	261	53	54	21	13	11	11	8	13	33	10
50	567	574	74	\$1	23	21	28	26	36	26	34	19
51	30	43	4	5		7	***	4	2	4	7	3

-				1						υ	nder one
1					-	1	Notexce	eding on	e mont	h.	
No.	Distric	cts and 7	l'owns.	1		Male.		I	'emale.	-	
				1	Under one week.	Over one week.	Total.	Under one week.	Over one week.	Total.	Total.
1		2	1 25		3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	B-T	OWNS-	contd.								
6	Th	ana Dist	trict.				1	1		10	35
52	Thana		***		10	9	19	10	6	16	23
53	Bhiwandi	•••	•••		8	5	13	6	4	10	36
54	Kalyan	***			8	8	16	6	14	90	
55	Bassein	***			2	2	4	4	***	4	8
	Bombay	Suburba	n District	-			1 1 1	1		40	
56	Bandra			-	30	20	60	24	11	35	85
57	Kurla	***			23	8	31	25	9	34	65
-						100		1		-	
	Ko	laba Di	strict.				1	12.0		121.0	
58	Alibag				3	3	6	3		3	9
59	Mahad				4	3	7	1	2	3	10
60	Panwel				5	1	6	10	6	16	26
61	Uran			-	2	1	8	5	1	6	9
	Rat	magiri I	District.			1.0		-			
62	Ratnagiri	***			1	1	2	3	1	4	6
63	Vengurla				10	11	21	6	8	14	35
64	Malwan	***			14	6	20	10	8	870	38
65	Chiplun			-	3	. 4	7	4	1	5	12
					- 7		1		1	100	
	and a second second	lgaum D	nstrict.		. 18	11	29	10	5	15	44
66	Belgaum	***							6	9	91
67	Gokak	•••		**	1 .	a stre	1		1	3	4
68	Athni				1 .			L	1	1	2
69	Nipani		***		1 .	1					2
70	Belgaum	Cantoni	nene			***	1		1		
	Dh	arwar 1	District.			1	-				-
71	Dharwar			4	. 8	8 8	5 1			1	93
72	Hubli	***		-	1	19 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1			-	1
73	Gadag-Be	tigeri		12	. 4			Contraction of the second	10	120	
74	Raneberr	nur				4 3	8 1	1 million		s 13	
75	Nawalgu	ba	***	-	. 3	3	4	6 1	1	1 2	
-			-		1	1	1	1	1	-	

No. IV-contd.

Over not	one mon exceedin months	ag six	and	ver six m d not ex- velve mo	ceeding		Total	in the second	unde yea	r five ars.
Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Male,	Fe- male.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male
10	11	19	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
19	13	32	6	13	19	44	42	86	42	8
7	11	18	6	9	15	26	30	56	31	2
13	13	25	12	13	25	41	46	87	43	
6	2	8	4	3	7	14	9	23	5	
24	25	49	9	99	28	, 83	89	172	55	
22	* 16	38	89	25	54	82	75	157	70	8
2	8	5		9	9	8	8	16	4	
2	1	8		1	3	11	5	16	10	
5	5	10	6	4	10	17	25	42	8	
9	2	4	3		8	8	8	16	2	
8	5	13	9	7	16	19	16	35	33	3
11	6	17	3	1	4	35	21	56	24	1
9	8	17	6	8	9	35	27	64	21	4
6	4	10	3	6	9	16	15	31	15	-
50	87	96	25	34	62	116	86	202	100	10
8	17	25	8	6	14	28	32	60	26	3
10	5	15	2	5	7	13	13	26	20	1
6	8	14	12	10	22	19	19	38	40	1
3	1	.4	2	1	3	7	2	9	5	-
34	23	57	15	20	. 35	62	53	115	89	1
44	87	81	46	25	71	126	82	208	127	1
66	59	125	58	44	102	187	164	851	266	2
27	21	48	12	7	19	51	41	92	38	

No.	Districts and	Towns.			d under ears.		d under ears.		l under years.
	and the second		1	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female
1	2			91	22	23	24	25	25
	BTowns-	-contd.	1			all			
	Thana Di	strict.			1 st				
52	Thana			8	9	2	11	8	18
53	Bhiwandi			7	5	2	5	2	1
54	Kalyan	***	-	8	13	7	4	6	25
55	Bassein		***	4	9	2	1	2	1.5
	Bombay Suburb	an Distric	t.		- 19- 1- 1			377	
56	Bandra	an Distric	***	. 17	13	10	8	14	15
57	Kurla			9	12	9	6	6	1 15
	Rutia				100.00		The sea		
	Kolaba Di	strict.			13.00				
68	Alibag			2				4	
59	Mahad			1	2	1		2	1
60	Panwel			5	4	4	4	4	1
61	Uran			2	2	1		3	1
	Ratnagiri	District.							
69	Ratnagiri			5	5	8	5	8	
63	Vengurla			4	2	4	6	1	10
64	Malwan			1	1	3	2	4	3
65	Chiplun		44.	4	4	1	3	1	5
	Belgaum I		- all	10	17	10	21	10	20
66	Belgaum			17 5	6	19 2	21 5	17	
67	Gokak		***	9	19	8	6	9	1
68	Athni	***	***	11	7	4	3		
69	Nipani Release Cantonn	aant		4	3		1 and the second	- 3	
70	Belgaum Cantonn	Long			-			-	1
	Dharwar 1	District.			1000				
71	Dharwar	***	***	29		13	18	13	22
72	Hubli		••••	85	a second	18	20	29	45
75	Gadag-Betigeri	***	***	47	a second second	23	- 22	16	22
74	Ranebennur		+++	10	1	6	2	7	
75	Nawalgund			5	2	1	1	1	1

No. IV-contd.

und	and er 30 ars.	30 z und yer	er 40	und	and er 50 ars.	und	and er 60 ars.	60 yea upw	ards.	To (all a	tal ges).	Nr.
Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- maie.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	
27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	39	39
									and the second	in the		
20	45	26	23	24	15	20	17	38	30	232	244	59
8	24	12	12	12	16	14	8	17	8	131	131	53
18	30	20	19	20	12	22	14	34	36	219	231	54
7	9	4	4	. 10	n	10	2	94	13	82	64	55
29	32	19	21	28	14	34	16	63	58	352	804	**
23	29	7	13	22	12	16	14	45	49	289	295	56
										209	290	57
1	6	2	7	3	1	8	44.0	8	13	40	43	58
	13	3	4	8	2	11	6	21	9	73	59	59
5	5	7	7	4	4	16	5	20	21	90	87	60
	4	5	5	8	9	4	1	- 11	13	44	41	61
									a states			
22	20	12	13	18	14	19	6	40	53	184	158	62
27	25	26	20	24	16	25	10	63	59	233	181	63
22	24	17	15	19	16	37	35	69	98	228	249	64
9	11	6	11	7	7	4	9	34	26	97	103	65
					- 3				-			
45	67	45	43	- 58	44	40	27	99	101	557	637	66
5	15	7	8	16	11	15	10	24	31	128	152	67
5	26	13	14	16	11	12	8	41	38	149	176	68
2	11	7	5	5	5	15	1	21	30	196	113	69
8	1	3	2	4	3	3	2	9	3	89	18	70
								1	A abester			
46	56	47	36	58	29	56	24	135	148	548	541	71
57	93	72	44	67	33	77	43	145	130	753	669	72
57	60	71	72	74	46	63	33	141	123	935	862	73
13	22	10	12	12	11	12	7	47	34	206	209	74
	5	1	1	8	6	6	6	15	21	67	60	75
	-					-		-			-	

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	- International -				Note	xceedin	g one m	onth.		
No.	. Districts	and Towns.			Male.			Female		Total.
				Under one week.	Over one week.	Total.	Under one week.	Over one week.	Total.	
1		2	1	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	BTow	NS-contd.								
	Bijapur	District.								
76	Bijapur			19	10	29	10	7	17	46
77	Bagalkot		***	16	11	97	5	5	10	87
78	Gnledgud		***	9	1	10	9	5	14	24
79	Ilkal			8	7	15	2	1	3	18
		2 District.					1			
80	Karwar			4	2	6	1	2	3	5
81	Kumta			2	5	7	1	***	1	8
82	Gokarn			5	5	10	6		6	16
83	Honawar			9	8	4	1		1	0
84	Bhatkal			2	1	3		3	3	6
	Sholapu								14/1	
85				188	184	822	147	192	269	691
86	States and the			21	23	44	- 93	28	48	99
87				56	27	83	48	37	85	168
01	Panáharpur			00		.00				
		District.		10	7	25	10	3	13	39
88 89	Satara Wai		***	18 6	2	8 5	20	4 9	6	14
90 91	Karad			94	8 6	10	2	ĩ	4 8	13
92	Islampur		***	3	1		1	***		
	Total of Town	excluding Si	nd	8,032	2,062	5,094	2,238	1,708	3,946	9,040
	R	latio per mill					Popula	tion be	ing not	availabl
	Total for excluding Sin		vince	14,854	11,085	25,939	11,440	9,977	20,717	46,656
		tatio per mill	e	12			-	-	Not	to b
				-		1		-	-	
	Karach	i District.								
93 94	Karachi Tatta		***	200 3	156 1	856 4	161 3	123 1	284 4	640 8
95	Karachi Canto	nment		4	9	6	Ť	8	9	15
	Dadu.	District.								
96 97	Dadu Kotri		***		4		01 03	3	26	2 17
98	Sehwan			i	1	2				3
	Hyderab	ad District.								
99	Hyderabad			100	67 2	150	75	79	154	304 G
100	Halla Matiari		***	2 3		43	21	***	21	4

No. IV-contd.

Over o	ene mont exceedin months	g six	and	er six me not exce elve moi	eding	1	Total.		One under yea	five
Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	90
	184						-			
35	40	75	22	12	34	86	69	155	75	87
36	21	57	92	19	41	85	50	135	101	91
99	17	39	14	6	20	46	87	\$3	44	5L
32	25	57	15	19	34	62	47	109	181	151
- 4	2	6	4	1	5	14	6	20	10	
5	4	9	2	3	5	14	8	22	11	1
9	2	11	8	5	13	27	13	40	18	15
1	2	3	3	1	4	8	4	12	6	
7	8	10	4	2	6	14	8	22	10	2
313	248	561	211	182	393	846	699	1,545	816	81
90	79	169	54	39	93	188	165	354	102	19
115	81	196	47	48	\$5	245	214	459	147	15
31 5 6 9 4	51	54 10 11 3 8	23 9 7 4	31 3 19 6 1	54 12 19 10 5	79 92 18 16 11	67 14 91 10 6	148 36 39 26 17	67 38 21 92 13	5 9 1 1
4,712	4,192	8,904	5,234	4,870	10,104	15,040	13,009	28,049	10,425	10,69
and a state	1	ratios ca	nnot be	worked	out,				-	
22,795	20,012	42,807	17,772	16,069	33,841	66,506	56,798	123,304	57,592	58,78
given.						177-18	161-03	169-33	55.10	54-9
878 4 5	22	662 6 10	826 5 5	278 1 2	604 6 7	1,060 13 16	846 7 16	1,906 20 32	494 9 5	43
 3 1		5 2	9 1 9	g	9	9 15 5	10 10 1	4 25 6	5 1	102
149 7 8	190 5	262 19 3	147	163 1 1 1	310 2 1 1	439 19 6 3	437 8 2 3	876 90 8 6	1 1	X

No.	Distr	icts and '	rowns.			d under vears.		d under ears.		d under years.
	-				Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
1	12-1	2			21	99	23	24	25	26
	В	TOWNS-	contd.	1						1141
	Bij	apur Dis	trict.	1.0						1.00
76	Bijapur		***	244	31	34	18	20	5	29
77	Bagalkot				22	15	4	8	4	12
78	Guledgud	***	***		8	6	4	4	4	1
79	Ilkal				18	22	11	3	13	14
	Ka	nara Dis	trict.							1
80	Karwar				7	6	1	4	3	4
81	Kumta	***			3	5	3	1	3	5
82	Gokarn		1.		7	8	3	8		2
83	Honawar				4	5		2		2
84	Bhatkal				5	2	1	1	2	6
	and the second second	tapur Di		-			-		-	
85	Sholapur				139	162	54	72	61	111
86	Barsi	***	***	***	17	18	12	4	5	
87	Pandharpu		***	***	28	20	12	17		14
01		r ara Dist:	***	***			12	73	15	18
	Martin Carlos	ara Dist.	rict.		10	140	-	-		1
88 89	Satara Wai	***	***	***	17	13	2 4	7 4	8	14 2 5
90 91	Karad Ashta			***	7 2	6 8	8	21	4	56
92	Islampur	•••	e***	***	7	5		8	3	1
	Total of To	wns excl	nding S	ind .	1,790	1,104	945	1,113	1,213	1,795
		Ratio	per mile	e			Populati	on not be	ing ava	ilable
	Total fo excluding	r the ; Sind,	Prov	ince	12,466	12,784	5,644	5,955	5,408	7,213
		Ratio	per mill	e]	10-38	11-51	5-20	6.13	6.65	8.99
	Kar	achi Dist	rict.							1.00
98 94	Karachi Tatta			***	78	83	58	53	72	125
95	Karachi Ca	ntonmen	t		1	2	9 4	1	1	3
	Da	du Distr	ict.			13				
96	Dadu Kotri				1 2	4	1			1
98	Sehwan				***	2	2			î
	Hyder	abad Di	strict.			-		1		
99	Hyderabad Halla				44	44 3	40 8	24	62	52
01 02	Matiari Hyderabad			***	9 5 9	7	1	3		1 2

No. IV-contd.

und	and ler 30 ears.	und	and lor 40 ars.	nnd	and ler 50 ars.	und	and er 60 ars.	60 yea	ars and ards.		otal agos).	No.
Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	
97	28	29	30	81	* 39	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
										-	1	
57	62	41	44	50	35	38	0.0			1000		
15	19	20	23	22	13	17	25 5	97	109	498	514	76
11	21	15	19	18	11	17	6	45	43	336	279	77
19	28	17	26					58	45	995	198	78
19	20	11	20	21	12	17	4	43	43	352	350	79
10	11	14	7	16	2	11	10	21	23	107	79	80
8	9	8	7	15	13	10	5	24	22	99	84	81
10	4	10	9	10	13	11	9	23	19	119	101	89
4	6	-000	6	3	3	2	4	10	6	39	42	83
6	10	7	7	9	7	6	5	24	14	84	81	84
150	260	. 131	154	165	106	124	104	401	365	2,917	9,852	85
16	85	25	28	27	17	25	25	94	84	513	517	96
41	61	46	53	55	-44	62	38	172	146	823	764	87
23 6 8 3 11	39 15 14 4 12	18 11 10 7 7	96 5 7 9	25 11 6 3 12	91 4 9 6 6	33 11 20 8 7	20 9 8 9 5 5	85 35 43 34 17	79 19 24 32 23	357 140 140 99 88	836 94 113 101 77	88 89 90 91 92
3,842	5,018	3,997	3,173	4.066	2,320	3,866	2,257	7,645	7,945	52,829	48,525	
Ser.			ratios	cannot	be wor	kedout.		stiller	Call In Links			
15,000	20,455	16,821	16,015	18,968	13,251	19,668	13,919	43,400	43,620	261,473	248,797	
8.92	12-72	11-73	13-46	90-77	1.68	38.11	29-61	129.88	128.48	28.16	28.78	
					-			(and the lot	-			
269	308	235	178	255	121	221	109	352	320	3,094	9,577	93
95	34	74	0133	10 6	5 1	13 4	51	9 6	320 9 16	74 52	40 47	94 95
4 4 4	01 15 01	3 6 4	1 6 9	1 5 8	2112	6 4 3	2 9 1	9 13 4	01.010	19 57 96	13 47 19	96 97 98
132 2 6 3	148 4 9 2	140 3 11 2	80 4 12 1	176 3 10 1	61 3 8 	122 4 4 1	77 97 7 7	136 6 18 	197 6 11 9	1,514 41 67 17	1,963 39 67 10	99 100 101 102

	- any ites				Note	xceedin	g one m	onth.		
No.	Districts and T	owns.			Male.			Female	-	Total.
	25			Under one week.	Over one week.	Total.	Under one week.	Over one week.	Total.	
1	11 Q 10			3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	BTOWNS-CO	nold.		1		-				
	Nawabshah Di	strict.								
103	Nawabshah			1	***	1		***		1
104	Tando Adam		***	8	7	15	8	9	17	32
	Thar and Parkar	District					24.17			
105	Mirpurkhas			2		2				2
106	Umerkot	***		***	2	2	***		***	2
	Larkana Dist	rict.					1000		1	
107	Larkana	***	***	11	16	27	13	14	27	54
108	Kambar		-	'	4	4	2	3	5	9
109	Ratodero			1	5	6		4	4	10
	Sukkur Dist	riot.					11.5.6			
110	Sukkur			31	37	68	14	19	33	101
111	Shikarpur			31	89	70	48	39	87	157
112	Rohri			5	5	10	4	7	11	21
113	Garhi Yasin			Б	2	7		3	2	9
	Upper Sind Frontie	er Distri	ct.			100	1000			
114	Jacobabad			5	2	7	1	1	2	9
	Total for towns Sind.	inelu	ding	3,437	2,414	5,851	2,584	2,014	4,598	10,449
	Ratio	per mille	e		Call of a	P	opulat	ion bei	ng not	availabl
	Total for the Provir Sind,	ice inclu	ding	16,075	12,059	28,134	12,439	10,061	22,500	50,634
	Ratio per mille of p	onulatio	-	19.1				1	Not	to b

Over	one mon exceedin months	ng six	and	er six m not exc elve me	eeding		Total		One under yea	r five
Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.	Total.	Male.	Fe- male.
10	u	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	90
							1000	and a straight of the		
				***		1		1	***	
3	8	11	2	8		4 90	27	47	18	9
3	4	7	1	4	100	5 6	8	14	9	7
	1	1	2	1	4	3 4	2	6	8	1
21	8	29	202	25	4	7 70	60	130	87	33
3	2	Đ	9			9 9	7	16	7	7
3	8	6	2	2	No. of Concession, Name	4 11	9	20	19	7
54	44	98	39	44	1	3 161	121	282	166	116
85	70	155	82	80	16	237	237	474	110	79
10	4	14	19	6	1 7 61	5 32	21	53	17	16
6	4	10	***	2		2 13	8	21	6	10
3	5	8	2	1		3 12	8	. 20	15	1
5,447	4,765	10,912	5,889	5,486	11,3	15 17,187	14,849	32,036	11,586	11.65
ratios	cannot	be work	ed out.				- West	a alterit		
24,479	21,321	45,800	18,810	17,000	35,8	10 71,423	60,821	132,244	61,033	61,63
given.	1	-	100	1 11	the second	170-27	156-95	163-97	47-17	47-2

No.	Distr	icts and	Towns.			nd under years.		d under ears.		id under years.
	- and				Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male	Female
1	110	2			21	92	23	24	25	26
1	в.—	Towns-	concld.		1.1.19					
	Nawa	ibshah D	istrict.					12. 11		
103	Nawabshah	1				1	3		- 1	1
104	Tando Ada	m			8	5	2	5	9	5
	Thar an	d Parka	r Distric	t.					-	
105	Mirpurkha	8	***		***	4	4	1	3	3
105	Umerkot			***			2		3	2
	Lar	kana Di	strict.	1				1. 1. 11.	1.1.1	
107	Larkana		***	120	5	17	5	7	13	14
108	Kambar		***			2	1		1	1
109	Ratodero	-	-	100	9	***	3	1	***	3
	Suk	kur Dist	trict							
110	Sukkur				27	21	10	15	15	25
111	Shikarpur				32	22	16	25	22	43
112	Rohri			***	3	5	8	4	Б	8
113	Garhi Yasi	n		-	9	3	5	5	6	5
	Upper Sin	d Fronti	er Distr	iot.						
114	Jacobabad			***	•••	2		3		1
	Total for Sind,	town	s inclu	ding	2,007	2,131	1,100	1,261	1,431	9,096
		Ratio	per mill	e			Popu	lation be	ing not	available
	Total for the	ne Provin	nce inclu	ding	13,771	13,878	6,659	6,783	6,643	8,327
	Ratio per m	ille of pr	nulation		9.39	10-41	5.00	5-92	6-62	8-78

No. IV-concld.

No	otal ages).	(all a	ers and ards.		and der 60 ears.	un	and or 50 ars.	und	and der 40 Bars.	un) and der 30 ears.	u
	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe- male.	Male.	Fe-male	Male
89	39	37	36	35	34	33	32	31	30	29	28	. 27
			town bally						1			
103	10	11	1	2	1	1	2	2	2	***	2	1
10	111	136	11	17	7	13	9	13	13	21	20	20
100	54	63	3	6	6	6	6	15	6	4	10	10
106	30	24	8	5	1	6	4	5	4	9	8	4
107	224	255	24	22	9	25	11	24	14	26	36	\$9
108	52	51	9	13	3	5	6	10	7	4	10	2
109	58	59	7	16	3	3	2	6	10	. 3	10	3
119	457	649	44	60	82	53	19	49	26	53	48	49
111	687	786	120	157	12	57	30	71	42	20	77	34
119	88	109	15	. 9	4	13	3	11	5	8	7	8
113	61	63	4	6	6	4	7	2	7	3	6	9
114	60	74	14	16	4	9	5	10	3	6	n	6
	54,533	60,073	8,019	8,519	2,541	4,443	2,628	4,754	3,601	4,599	5,750	1,454
- 14	or a sk	-						out.	worked	not be	s can	ratio
	and a state of the	88,120 2	46,235	47,283	15,944	22,241	15,022	21,869	18,404	19,727	23,053	7,471
	26-03	25-14	116.72	117-66	27.45	35-85	16-13	19-48	12-81	11-07	11.80	8-28

and the second s

ANNUAL FORM NO. V.—DEATHS registered according PRESIDENCY during

	sagest Brann		1				
Te	Contraction and Service		-		The	and a	POPULATION
No.	Districts.		-	Muhamm	adans.	Hind	lus.
	and alloca and			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
1	Bombay City		1	143,918	65,328	505,588	284,273
1	Northern Registratio	n District			Calific States		1000
2	East Khandesh			65,478	61,624	540,079	525,562
8	West Khandesh		-	20,606	18,998	363,082	353,714
4	Surat	a		29,541	29,516	305,040	304,895
5	Broach		***	41,971	38,531	128,458	116,595
6	Kaira			39,115	35,367	338,488	294,753
7	Panch Mahals	4 1	***	18,854	16,632	157,106	140,655
8	Ahmedabad			64,985	50,583	415,932	361,794
°	Central Registration			03,000	portana.		0011104
9	Ahmednagar			25,569	24,159	446,750	437,402
	Poona		***	28,907	23,400	544,913	526,216
10	Nasik	***	***	23,639	26,584	469,169	456,502
11	and the second second second		***	23,005	16,635	389,888	371,418
12	Thana	-	***			70,555	51,034
13	Bombay Suburban		***	13,109	8,100	a states	
14	Kolaba	A *** - 1	***	15,483	15,523	296,630	296,027
15	Ratnagiri			37,779	48,967	567,009	639,486
	Southern Registrati	on Distric	t.	19		100.000	11 9
16	Belgaum		***	47,665	45,132	473,236	459,027
17	Dharwar	***	***	81,816	76,615	473,250	451,315
18	Bijapur			53,699	51,800	384,542	374,689
19	Kanara		***	15,040	15,597	189,550	178,838
20	Sholapur		***	37,700	34,783	409,690	383,744
21	Satara		***	21,978	20,787	559,579	556,943
	Total of Province excl	ading Sind	L. ++	855,628	794,981	8,026,631	7,555,302
	Sind Registration	District.	1000	the states	and a second		COLLARS OF
22 23	Karachi		***	230,962 153,442	189,106 193,914	89,148 28,310	60,894 23,004
24	Dadu Hyderabad			259,967	200,714 163,872	109,258 63,409	88,760 52,490
25 96 97 98 99	Nawabshah Thar and Parkar			213,874 138,349	107,615	121,710	97,140
27 28	Larkana Sukkur		***	204,586 248,484	164,907 191,664	45,176 97,029	36,797 80,438
29	Upper Sind Frontier	•••		130,579	104,190	14,989	10,612
	Total for the Preside	ney inclu	ding	2,440,869	1,964,873	8,595,660	8,005,437

5

N.B.-This and all the other Statements refer to Indians only and not to Europeans. Hindus

to CLASSES and SEX in the Districts of the BOMBAY the year 1935.

Accor	DING TO T	HE CEN	sus of 193	31.					Ha I		
Je	ins.	Chr	istians.	· P	arsis.	Other	Classes.	Total.			
Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Male. Female. Ma		Male. Female.		Male. Female.		
8,995	3,426	51,466	29,262	30,595	27,170	6,816	4,543	747,381	414,002	1,161,355	
	12 1	AND AND	1 100						al al al a	Team and	
5,179	4,442	1,201	1,039	202	158	554	517	612,693	593,342	1,206,033	
2,725	9,154	874	760	191	60	4,392	4,308	391,800	379,994	771,79	
4,553	4,075	1,213	1,154	4,893	5,654	43	36	348,283	345,330	693,61	
1,538	1,284	1,568	1,358	950	1,140	409	367	174,894	159,276	334,170	
3,064	2,943	13,981	13,107	44	81	419	345	395,104	345,546	741,650	
974	975	1,985	1,958	144	106	57,559	57,578	235,622	217,904	454,526	
11,187	10,483	8,855	2,604	773	621	196	153	496,428	426,308	922,736	
7,977	7,081	17,040	16,862	78	67	382	341	497,795	485,912	983,708	
6,844	5,156	7.774	S,109	1,725	1,736	593	549	590,755	565,165	1,155,929	
4,385	3,640	2,978	9,660	610	396	809	902	507,673	490,684	998,857	
1,680	768	16,124	15,399	1,426	1,594	300	279	430,533	405,002	836,620	
1,150	487	15,756	14,504	1,920	1,895	357	226	102,847	76,246	179,093	
1,188	440	648	579	119	123	949	1,019	815,017	813,704	628,721	
1,079	1,045	3,408	3,713	19	141.7	15		609,309	693,215	1,302,527	
		The Aller									
25,009	22,651	3,745	3,820	78	71	49	8	549,782	523,709	1.073,491	
5,823	4,893	4,455	3,954	115	110	182	149	565,641	537,036	1,102,677	
1,716	1,453	593	668	25	23	4	8	440,579	428,641	869,220	
605	488	8,883	8,891	7	6			214,085	203,750	417,835	
4,947	3,640	1,678	1,682	174	156	90	6	453,509	424,011	877,520	
9,082	8,140	1,870	1,297	269	230	25	19	592,363	587,409	1,179,712	
9,000	89,660	160,101		44,287	41,354	77,390	73,605	9,273,037		17,891,811	
-		-					-				
360 1 89 1 179 8 9 2	260 	5,742 200 314 75 74 18 480 16	4,288 129 234 55 38 11 347 4	1,753 10 21 5 3 8 70 2	1,597 5 9 3 2 53	714 108 1,448 1,668 1,637 992 3,247 	608 149 864 1,160 1,154 242 1,965	828,679 187,071 371,697 279,039 261,945 250,178 349,319 145,588	250,753 147,911 990,679 217,580 906,095 901,963 974,467 114,738	879,439 334,289 661,776 496,612 468,040 452,141 623,779 260,326	
9,630	90,172	167,020	138,514	46,154	200	86,604			-	21,767,703	

include Hindus of all castes. "Other Classes" include Buddhists, Sikhs, Jews and all others. AP Bk P 4-9a

1						
No.	Districts.		Muhami	madans.	Hin	dus.
	Anter Contraction of Street		Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
1	Bombay City		2,946	2,256	11,275	9,502
	Northern Registration Distric	t.		and the second second		
2	East Khandesh		1,495	1,432	18,896	17,782
8	West Khandesh		521	538	12,968	12,497
4	Surat		834	837	9,073	8,429
5	Broach	-	. 1,007	976	3,986	3,738
6	Kaira		1,224	1,135	11,118	10,056
7	Panch Mahals		0.01	246	5,821	5,540
8	Ahmedabad		1,890	1,801	14,917	13,709
	Central Registration District		The art was			-
9	Ahmednagar		£87	610	13,862	12,842
10	Poona		210	697	15,462	15,126
11	Nasik		800	- 560	17,361	17,109
12	Thana		9359	352	8,982	8,495
13	Bombay Suburban		197	121	1,293	1,183
14	Kolaba		202	311	7,058	6,750
15	Ratnagiri		ent	930	11,324	11,734
	Southern Registration Distric		and and			
16	Belgaum		1,114	1,160	12,951	12,718
17	Dharwar		1 063	1,924	12,773	12,275
18	Dilanus		1.573	1,609	11,925	11,529
19	Tanana		967	859	5,455	5,379
20	Chalanna	-	1 196	1,169	14,814	14,085
21	Satara	***	465	465	14,250	13,951
-	Total of Province excluding Sind		00.000	19,781	235,584	2/4,289
	Section and the		and see	100 7000		21.2 14
	Sind Registration District.		914	0.401	1 677	1,499
22	Karachi		314 1,465	2,421	1,677	345
23	Dadu		9.097	2,101	1,945	1,579
24	Hyderabad		1 000	1,412	598	743
25	Nawabshah		2019	Terrical a	1,574	1,131
26	Thar and Parkar		River 1	1,367	1,514	548
27	Larkana		Contractor II	1,583		1,672
28	Sukkur	***		2,281	1,907	1
29	Upper Sind Frontier			634	185	151
	Total for the Presidency inclu Sind	ding	37,982	32,648	244,830	231,957

No. V-contd.

NUMBER OF DEATHS REGISTERED.

- 3	Jains.	Chri	stians.	Pa	vrsis.	Other	r Classes.	ALC: COMMING	Total.	
Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Total
319	947	800	668	466	433	100	112	15,899	13,218	29,11
10	9	6	3	3	1	3	1	20,413	19,178	39,59
5	5	5	- 9			2	8	13,521	12,982	26,50
123	108	18	11	91	89			10,139	9,474	19,61
21	28	16	11	20	23		***	5,050	4,776	9,82
49	• 63	228	214	***	***		1	12,619	11,469	24,08
17	20	10	13	2	1		1	6,111	5.821	. 11,93
439	492	119	70	19	10	4	9	17,397	16,091	33,48
9	7	151	132	1	. 2	10	9	14,720	13,602	28,32
20	13	73	68	10	6	17	12	16,299	15,922	32,21
15	11	17	14	4	3		2	18,287	17,999	36,28
12	13	260	251	11	15	6	4	9,600	9,130	18,730
11	14	175	146	11	6	4	2	1,631	1,472	3,105
4	1	14	17	3	2	15	16	7,422	7,197	14,545
7	3	59	51	***				12,197	12,718	24,915
571	523	70	48		2	4		14,710	14,456	29,166
129	156	80	53	1		12	3	14,958	14,411	29,369
31	26	9	8			1	• 1	13,539	13,173	26,712
20	20	205	187			1	***	6,048	5,938	11,986
67	53	11	11	1	1	16	3	16,045	15,979	81,817
136	189	14	9	1	1	9	3	14,875	14,565	29,443
008	1,956	2,340	1,994	644	595	204	182	261,473	248,797	510,270
		1	1				Pictures .	state of the local division of	all a side	
1	1	63	41	14	6	15	14	4,884	3,982	8,866
				***		1		1,881	1,413	3,294
		3	1			***		4,985	3,681	8,666
		3			***			2,891	2,155	5,046
						***	1 200	3,587	2,498	6,085
*								2,665	2,131	4,796
		6	1	1		5	3	4,669	8,957	8,626
				***				1,085	785	1,870
09	1,557	9,415	2,037	659	601	925	199	288,190		557,519

1		2				×.,			
						anter	NAME AND	ANCE. NO	aven
No.	Dist	ricts.		Muban	madans,	Hi	ndus.	Ja	ins.
				Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
1	Bombay City			20-47	84.54	22-30	33-43	84.67	72.05
	Northern Regis	tration Distric	t.						
2	East Khandesh			22.82	23-24	84-99	83-74	1.93	2.03
3	West Khandesh	***		25.28	28-32	85-77	35.16	1.83	2.32
4	Surat			28-82	28-30	29-45	27.65	27.07	26:50
5	Broach			23-99	25-33	81.03	32-59	13.65	21-51
6	Kaira			31-29	82.09	32.84	84-11	15.99	21.41
7	Panch Mahals			13.84	14.79	87.05	89-39	17-45	20.51
8	Ahmedabad			29-22	85-60	35-86	37:89	39-24	46-93
	Central Regist	ration District		1			1		
9	Ahmednagar			26.87	25.25	31-03	29-56	1.13	0-99
10	Poona			24.53	29-79	28.37	28-74	2.92	2.52
11	Nasik			30.03	32-35	37.00	37.48	3.42	3.02
12	Thana			15.59	21-16	23.04	22-87	7.14	16-93
13	Bombay Suburba			9.58	14-93	18-43	23.16	9.57	28-84
14	Kolaba		**	21.18	20.09	23-79	22.85	8.37	2-27
15	Batnagiri			21.38	18.99	19-97	18.85	6.48	2.87
	Southern Regis	tration Distric	st.						1
16	Belgaum			23.37	25.70	27.37	28.14	22.83	23.31
17	Dharwar		-	23-99	25-11	26-99	27-20	22.15	31-88
18	Bijapur			29-29	31-06	31.01	30-77	18:07	17-87
19	Kanara			24.40	22.57	28-78	30.08	33-06	40-95
20	Sholapur			. 30-13	33-61	36.16	36.57	15-78	14.56
21	Satara			02.10	22.37	25-47	25:05	14.97	17.00
	Total of Province	excluding Sine	a	23.18	27.24	29-35	. 28 89	18.42	21.8
	Sind Registr	ation District.				1	1		
23	Karachi			19.10	13.22	18.71	24.62	2.78	3.6
23	Dadu	100		0.04	8.62	14.65	15-00		
24	Hyderahad			11.00	10.47	17:80	17.79		
25	Nawabshah	***		0.90	8.62	14.01	14-15		
26	Thar and Parkar			14.00	1 marine	12.11	and the second		
27	Larkana			0.00	9.54	14.28			
28	Sukkur			11.06	11.90	19.65	11 20123	- costa	
29	Upper Sind From			0.00	6.03	12.34	14.23		
1	Total for the Pr			- 28000				-	
	Sind	in in the second s		10.00	16.62	28.48	28.97	18-35	21.70

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Chris	stians.	Pa	rais.	Other (Classes.	ANT A	. Total.	
Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Total
15.56	92-83	15-23	15-94	14-67	24-65	21-27	31-92	25-01
5-00	2.89	14-35	6-33	5-41	1.93	83-32	32-32	39-55
6.72	11.84			46	-69	34-51	34-17	34-34
14.08	9-58	18-60	15-74			29-11	97.43	28-91
10.20	8.10	21.05	20-17			28.87	29-99	29.40
16-31	16-32				2.89	31-94	33-10	32.4
5-04	6.64	13-89	9-43		-02	25-82	26-71	26-22
35-47	25-98	24.58	16.10	20-41	67-67	35-04	87-75	36-25
8.86	7.83	12-82	29-85	26-18	26-40	29-57	27-99	28-79
9-39	8-39	5-80	3.46	28-67	21.86	27.58	28.17	27-8
5.71	5-26	6.56	7.58	***	2-22	36-02	36-68	36+36
16-13	16-30	7.71	9.41	19-42	14.34	22-30	22-48	22-39
11.09	9-93	5.73	3.17	9-35	8.85	15.86	19-28	17-35
21.60	29.35	25-21	16-26	14.76	14.72	23-56	22.71	23-13
1.73	1.33					20.01	18.34	19-15
18.69	12-57		28.17	81-63		26.76	27.00	27-17
17.96	13.40	8.70		65-93	20.13	26.44	26-83	26-63
15-18	11.98		***	£50·00	125-00	30-73	30 73	30-73
23-09	21-20		11/10	-00		14.47	14.21	28-68
6-56	6.54	5-75	6.41	800-00	500-00	35-88	36-02	35-69
10.22	6-94	3.72	4-35	360-00	250-00	25.11	24.80	24-96
14.62	14.95	14-54	14.38	2.64	2.47	28-29	28.75	28-65
								20 00
10-97	9.56	7.98	3.76	21.00	23-02	14.85	15.87	15-31
			4	9-26		10.05	9.65	9-85
9-55	1000	1000				13.43	12.75	13.09
40.00						10.36	9-96	10.16
mar 1	100	1000	***			13.88	12.12	
***		a series of				10.64	10.58	13-00
12.50			***	1.54	1.52	13.37		
	2.88	1 2000 12		1.54		7.45	14·41 6·91	13-82
						1 40	0.04	1.18

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ANNUAL FORM NO. VI.—DEATHS registered from BOMBAY PRESIDENCY Details regarding Births

No.							3 4							
No.					and a company		Birth	8.	alla a					
	Districts a	nd Town	5. 10-14 10-14	A N N N N	Population according to Census of 1931.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Birth- rate.					
-	A DISTRICTS (EX	CLUDING	Towns).			-		AD DEL	-					
	Northern Regist								-					
1	East Khåndesh	***	***		1,014,233	26,493	25,002	51,495	50-77					
2	West Khandesh			***	680,254	17,911	17,456	35,367	51-99					
3	Surat	***	***		562,852	12,575	11,793	24,369	43-29					
4	Broach			***	276,125	6,772	6,379	13,151	47-63					
5	Kâira				626,955	13,400	11,878	25,278	40.32					
6	Panch Mahals			**	397,323	7,711	7,108	14,819	87-29					
7	Abmedabad				644,195	13,861	12,574	26,435	41.03					
	Central Registr	ation Di	strict.		5777227		00.000	10.110	40.00					
8	Ahmednagar	***				22,025	20,423	42,448	46-37					
9	Poona			***	En enterner	19,383	18,131	37,514	41.46					
10	Násik			-	868,103	21,296	20,050	41,3+6	47-63					
11	Thána			***	760,210	12,574	12,428	25,302	33-28					
12	Bombay Suburban				103,463	1,292	1,245	2,537	24.52					
13	Kolába			-	595,760	12,213	11,376	23,589	39-42					
14	Ratnágiri				1,915,590	20,953	19,974	40,932	33-67					
	Southern Regist	ration D	istrict.		980,783	20,135	19,129	89,264	40-03					
15	Belgåum	******				18,260	17,258	35,518	39-37					
16	Dhárwár		***				10000	De Marie	41-12					
17	Bijápur	***		***		16,290	15,909	32,199	and the second					
18	Kanara	***	*** 60.000	-	A CONTRACTOR	6,686	6,378	13,064	30-61					
19	Sholápur	***	***		ALC: NOT THE OWNER OF	15,788	14,994	30,782	45.56					
20	Sátára					24,417	23,197	47,614	43.08					
	Total of Distric	cts, exclu	iding Sind	++	. 14,873,511	310,341	292,682	603,023	41.26					
21	Sind Registr Karáchi	ation Di	strict.		. 815,766	2,038	1,558	3,596	11-39					
22	Dadu	110-11		-	311,892	. 3,327	2,444	5,771	18.50					
23	Hyderabad				* + 17 000	3,242	2,863	5,605	10-24					
24	Nawabshah					. 4,860	3,494	8,854	17.53					
25	Thar and Parkar				454 000	4,659	3,554	8,213	18.05					
26	and the second second second second				100 000	4,728	3,530	8,258	20.21					
27	Sukkur					5,859		10,472	\$2:39					
28				••	044 500	2,285	1,670	3,965	16.50					
20	Total of Distri		m .			341,359		657,257	37.85					

different causes in the DISTRICTS and TOWNS of the during the year 1935. also shown, column 4.

5	6	7	8	9	10	11	-
	and a state	111		Terin .	E. S. Law	INJU	RIES.
Cholera.	Small- pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa,	Respira- tory Diseases.	Suic	ide.
					A STRACTOR OF STRACT	Male.	Female
STATIN LYA	R.A. Long T	1	-	14.8		Part allow W	frank and
					es pain		100 100
626	1,559	***	18,632	1,033	5,307	11	15
309	1,857	1	11,462	618	4,612	3	and the
23	107		5,763	179	5,216	7	2000 100
	154		- 4,037	113	1,631	3	2
	197	332	5,976	497	6,413	8	1
*****	85		6,513	191	1,862	4	8
	104	a	11,030	239	9,601	9	10
810	421	- 2	6,527	2,038	5,491	12	
741	406	4	8,932	1,759	5,428	11	
2,404	879		12,418	1,781	6,200	5	19
330	314	1	5,936	843	4,698	30	51
18	45		364	198	2,428	5	0
297	113		4,537	949	3,379	4	8
14	164	18	6,768	610	4,775	8	9
						20000	No. 8 1 100
422	982	91	7,514	2,765	3,978	41	40
5	273	267	8,815	960	3,091	40	19
1,826	886	120	8,846	1,756	3,017	33	18
	961	53	3,522	712	936	17	6
1,931	127	374	7,546	1,334	2,179	7	10
667	293	690	10,105	1,480	3,249	18	14
10,513	9,377	1,952	155,246	20,055	74.721	271	238
-	33		1,730	33	827		
1	22		2,507	13	218		2
	25		3,970	43	1,147		
1	23		3,925	16	388	3	2
1	46		3,825	28	1,316	2	2
11	4		3,686	23	85	4	1
29	5	*****	5,066	36	178	2	A DIE LOT
and the second second	3		1,526	6	59	3	
10,656	9,538	1,952	181,481	20,253	78,939	285	247

and the loss

2540 %

1		2			D	11 NJURIES-	contd.		12	13
No.	District	is and To	owns.		Wound- ing or Acci- dent.	Snake- bite, or killed by wild	Rabies.	Total.	All other causes.	Total deaths from all causes
						beasts.			R (7	
					-	1	-	1	1	
	ADISTRICTS	and the second second		(8).		100	100			
	Northern Reg				185	28	7	243	8,299	35,729
1	East Khandesh		***		111	41	6	165	5,984	25.097
2	West Khandesh				131	24	6	176	2,802	14,266
3	Surat	***				15	- 1	72	1,886	7,893
4	Broach				224	57	24	327	5,691	19,433
b	Kaira	***		-4.8.9		1	1.000	138	2,134	10,923
6	Panch Mahals	***		***	88	- 35	8			
4	Ahmedabad	***		***	138	56	11	224	8,699	17,797
	Central Reg	istration	District.							0.0 0 ma
8	Ahmednagar	***			214	59	3	294	11,258	26,871
9	Poona	***		***	264	63	5	350	6,444	24,064
10	Nasik	***			178	75	6	283	8,427	32,392
11	Thana			***	183	160	11	421	4,853	17,396
12	Bombay Subur	ban			34	2	1	47	563	1,863
13	Kolaba		***		142	55	3	212	4,592	14,079
14	Ratnagiri				172	212	2	391	10,742	23,492
	Southern Rea	gistratio	n District.		-	il in		1 mer	1	-
15	Belgaum .	***			370	63	6	520	10,899	27,171
16	Dharwar				238	49	7	346	10,762	24,519
17	Bijapur		009		232	55	13	851	7,708	23,960
18	Kanara				130	15	1	169	4,798	11,151
19	Sholapur		117		254	50	7	328	9,113	92,932
20	Satara				828	92	7	459	10,952	27,898
	Total of Distr	icts, excl	uding Sind		3,666	1,206	135	5,516	131,535	408,916
						10.000	N.L. IS	1000	1	The later of the
	Sind Regi	stration.	District.		and and			1	1000	
23	Karachi	***			1000	32	***	61		2,982
222	Dadu		•••			21	1	67	285	3,113
23	Hyderabad	***	*** **		28	30		58	405	5,648
24	Nawabshah	***			59	34	***	98	327	4,778
25	Thar and Parks	Ar			56	56	***	116	572	5,904
26	Larkana	***			55	22	6	88	206	4,103
27	Sukkur				55	18	1	76	343	5,733
28	Upper Sind Fre	ntier		-	40	9		54	88	1,736
	Total of Distr	inte inel	nding Sind	i	4,031	1,428	143	6.134	134,060	442,913

No. VI-contd.

				La company of	1 3 3	100	Start?	From a	ll causes.
Cholera.	Small- pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa.	tory	In- juries.	All other causes.	For the year.	Mean of previous five years.
1000		1		(and the second	-				
-62	1.54		18-37	1.02	5-26	-24	8-18	35-23	84-21
+59	2.73	-00	16.85	-91	6.77	+24	8.80	36-59	29-84
-04	•19	•00	10-25	-31	9-27	-31	4.98	25-35	25.63
	-56	•00	14.62	-41	5.91	-26	6-83	28.59	33-26
	+81	•53	9-53	-79	10-23	•52	9-08	80.99	29.77
***	-21	-00	16-39	*48	4.69	+35	5.97	27.49	23.14
	-16	-00	17.11	-37	4.04	+35	5-59	27-62	25-05
	10	00					0.08	21 Va	20 00
-88	•46	-00	7.14	2.23	6.00	-88	12.33	29-86	34-49
-82	-45	-00	9-87	1.95	6.00	-39	7.12	25.60	29.00
2.77	1.01		14.30	2.06	7.15	-33	9.69	37-31	34.00
-43	-41		7.81	1.11	6-19	.55	6-38	22-58	23-95
•17	-43	1	3-52	1.03	6-07	-44	5.43	17-98	18-15
			7.51	1.60	5-67				
• •05	·19		5.20	*50	3.86	*36	7-70	28.63	97-79
-01	-13	•01	0.00	.00	3.00	-03	S-83	19.32	22.97
	1.00	10	7-66	2.82	1.00		17.17	07.73	00-04
•43	1.00	-09	The state of the s		4.06	*53	11.11	27.71	28-96
-01	-30	•30	9.77	1.06	3-43	•38	11.93	27:18	51-24
2.38	•43	•15	11.30	9-24	3-85	•45	9.85	30.66	31-27
	2.66	-14	9.74	1-97	2.59	*47	13-25	30.82	28.62
2.86	•18	•55	11-17	1.97	3-94	-49	13-48	33-94	31.79
•60	•26	-62	9.15	1.84	2.94	•42	9.91	25-24	27-86
•70	•65	•14	10.80	1.39	5.20	*38	. 9.19	28.45	27.09
***	-10		5.48	•10	2-62	-19	-94	9-43	11.03
-00	-07		8.05	-04	-68	+22	-92	9.98	13-12
	-05		7.27	-07	2.09	-11	-73	10.32	10-33
-00	-04		8.24	-03	-83	-20	•70	10-03	11.67
.00	-11		8.42	*05	9.93	•25	1.26	13.01	13-89
-03	-01		9.01	•06	•21	-21	-51	10-04	14-44
-06	-01		10-83	-08	*38	.16	-73	12-26	16-55
	-01		6.22	-02	-23	-23	-35	7-05	11-83
-61			10.31	1.15	4.49	*85	7-61	25.17	27.01

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1		8			3	Characterial 4				
	and the lower				1		Birth	hs.		
No.	Distr	icts and T	cwns.		Population	2	10000	Course		
	and with other				to Census of 1981,	Male,	Female.	Total.	Birth rate.	
	and services in	BTowns								
1	City of Bombay				1,161,383	17,675	16,439	34,114	29-31	
	the Party Street of the	rándesh D			100		10-1 -0	-		
2	Jalgaon				34,375	780	651	1,431	41.63	
3	Nasirabad	C1.0			14,753	296	265	561	38-00	
4	Yawal	-		-	10 751	281	210	441	34-58	
5	Dharangaon	10.6		-	18,549	337	270	607	32-74	
6	Erandol			***	12,382	282	263	545	44-01	
7	Amalner				00.401	278	214	492	20.94	
8	Párola	-		12.50	12,277	298	313	611	49.76	
9	Chalisgaon	200.			16,808	371	286	657	39.09	
10	Chopda	-		41TT	18,434	235	177	412	22-35	
11	Bhusáwal	1999		CI-0-	27,989	877	816	693	24-76	
-		handesh D		¥19-	1.22.5	-		000	23.10	
12	Dhulia				39,939	828	724	1,552	39.86	
13	Nandurbár	10 mm			16,919	402	360	762	45.04	
		rat Distri		1				102	10.03	
14	Surat	194		82%	98,936	3,058	2,840	5,898	59-62	
15	Rander			414.	12,344	253	237	490	39.69	
16	Bulsar				19,481	438	335	773	39.68	
		ach Distri	int		10,401	1.19	HE -	110	09.09	
17	Broach			No.	34,976	1,140	1,039	2,179	69.67	
18	Jambusar	me			11,734	270	250	590	63:57	
19	Ankleshwar	arts in,			12,035	265	244	509	44-32	
	THE COLUMN				12,000	200		000	42.29	
1	Kaira	District.		100						
20 21	Kaira Mehmedabad				8,316 7,116	163 152	152 143	315 295	37.88	
22	Nadiad				34,584	830	747	1,577	41-46 45-60	
24	Borsad Anand		***		13,191 11,660	332 257	312 209	644 466	48·82 39·96	
25 26	Umreth Dakore		***		14,779 8,493	385 153	818 143	703	47-57 35-20	
27	Kapadvanj				16,556	376	345	721	43-55	
14	Panch M	ahals Dist	rict	Starting	1.000					
	Godhra				35,110	437	364	801	22.81	
29	Dohad		and a state of the		22,093	388	338	726	32-86	

3.7	TTT		100
NO	VI-	CO311	11
110.	CONC.	cont	1100

5	6	7	8	9	10	11 וסנאו	
Cholera.	Small- pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa.	Respira- tory Diseases,	Suic	ide.
			and the			Male.	Female.
					-Towner,	AL	
13	1,215	1	2,321	1,923	12,401	Eß	15
	10		291	23	110		
			161	20	78		
			95	10	46		
	***		154	28	78		
4	15		119	14	57		
11	102		164	20	93	***	***
3	23	***	150	45	62		
	36		256	13	67		
11	37	Tere	135	2	28		***
19	9	***	145	18	50		***
					and the second of	a same	1200
6	75		400	. 30	145		***
1	1	***	188	33	75	1	
-	212		623	293	1,628	3	AND AND A
1	2		185	7	66		
			38	1	138	CO MARK	
***	5		00		Lainta C. A		
	11		278	21	316	1	***
	10	***	154	3	98		
			232	3	47		
	3	-	49	10	66		-
	16		159 769	55	50 252		1
	287 20 39	316	200 199	21 9	55 69		
	49 19		271 103	8	171 119		
	27	=	209	8	104		
	1		480	14	36		
The second	6		371	11	30		
	a la					11 TH. 1	

1	LE	2		-			1 s—contd.		12	13
ŧo.	District	s and Tow	ns.	And a state of the	Wound- ing or Acci- dent.	Snake bite, o killed h wild beasts	r ^{yy} Rabies	s. Total.	All other causes.	Total deaths from all causes
-	1					1	1	-		
	B,-	-Towns.				100		1		
1	City of Bombay	· ···	***	*	680	2000 - 13	3 9	686	11,224	29,117
	East Kh	andesh Dis	strict.				1.0	-		
3	Jalgaon				15		1	16	300	750
*3	Nasirabad				***				55	314
4	Yawal			***					79	230
5	Dharangaon				3	2		3	109	379
6	Erandol						1	4	128	341
7	Amalner				2			2	88	450
5	Parola				3	1 and 1	2	5	71	359
9	Chalisgaon			+++			1	3	59	434
10	Chopda				-			1	42	256
11	Bhusawal								92	326
-	Contraction of the second	andesh Die					1000	1	1	
12	Dhulia				9			9	268	933
13	Nandurbar							9	166	473
10	Construction of the second	at District			1000			1 200		
14	Surat				83		1 1	1 38	1.863	4,657
15	Rander				1 1 1 1 1 1 1			1	39	301
	Bulsar			***		and the second	- 15	3		. 389
16	The second se	h District.	***	***	-					
	210000000		2		22	1 and	and the second	23	642	1,291
17	Broach Jambusar						1	4	53	320
	Ankleshwar							7	1 32	320
19	Anktesnwar			***	1000			1000		024
	Kai	ra Districi	l.		13/50			1.		
20	Kaira			***	6	1	1	7	81	216
91 99	Mehmedabad Nadiad				12	***		112		270
23 24	Borsad Anand				12			12	115 143	129
25 26	Umreth Dakore			***	12		1	6 19	104 80	605 344
27	Kapadvanj				0	***		2	121	471
	Panch M	lahals Dis	trict.							
28	Godhra			***					24	550
29	Dohad				1	1 12	1	2	34	454

No. VI-contd.

	inseries	RAS	TIO OF I	EATHS PER	1,000 of 1	POPULAT	TON.			
		1		Contraction of St		TANK NT	Constanting of the	From a	ll cat	ises.
Cholera.	Small- pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa.	tory	In- juries.	All other causes.	For the year.	pre f	an of svious ive tars.
			19	2001				1000		
-01	1.07	-00	1.99	1.02	10-67	-59	9-66	25-07		22-29
1110 ALL	-20		8-47	-67	3.20	•46	8.73	21-82		22-34
	-00	***	10-91	1.35	5-29		3.73	21-28		34-65
	-00		7.45	-78	3.61		6.19	18.03		12.80
10 L 10	.00		8.30	1.51	4-21	.16	5.88	90.06		27.07
-32	1.21		9.61	1.13	4.60	•32	10.34	27-53		28-78
-47	4.34		6-98	-85	3-96	•08	3.75	20-43		17.60
-25	1.87		19-99	3.67	5.05	-40	5.78	20-24		25.61
	2.14		15-23	.77	3.09	.18	3.51	25-82		28-50
•60	2.01		7-32	•10	1.52	•05	2-28	13-88		13.54
-43	-82		5.18	•64	1.79		3-29	11-65		14.59
	340	1	14	TROPE TAI	-			CALCE AND		
•15	1.88		10-01	-75	3.63	-23	6-71	23.36		23-48
•06	-06		11-11	1.95	4.43	*53	9-81	27-95		28-98
	0.000	1 1	-	A. MART		100		the case		-Th
	2.14		6.31	2-95	16-45	-38	18-84	47-07		42.83
and the second	-16		15.06	-56	5-36	-08	3-16	24.38		25-25
***	-25		1.95	-05	7.08	.15	10.48	19-96		20-41
							Peterse In			
	-33		8.11	+62	9-21	-67	18.73	37-66		33-79
	-85		13.12	-26	8.35	-34	4-52	97-44		28-67
			19.28	-25	3-90	•58	2.58	26.59		30-47
		- 0	a services							
				and a	-			1.1.1.1		
	·96 2-25	***	£-89 21-36	1+20 *70	7·94 7·03	·84 •14	9·74 6·46	25-97 37-94		28-33 35-79
	8·30 1·52	23.96	22-23 15-16	·14 1·59	7.29	*35 *15	6-36 8-71	44*67 55*98		36-80 35-01
	3-35 3-32	***	17-07	·77 •54	5-92	1.02	12-26 7-04	40-39 41-21		29.53 34.51
	2.24		12-13 12-62	1.29	14.01 6-28	1.41	9-42 7-81	40.50 28.44		38.64
	105	***	1.02	I. I. C.	0.20	10		20.22		31.18
	+03-		13.67	•40	1-03	***	+68	15-81		19-08
***	-27		16-80	-50	1.36	-09	1.53	20.55		91.00
and the state	1		-		-			1. and	AD BAR	

.

65

		. Number and			3		4 Birth	15.	
No.	Distric	ts and To	wns.		Population according to Census of 1931.	Male.	Female.	Total	Birth
									1
		NS-contd			and a little		1 Dies		22
30	Ahmedabad	ad Distri	ct.		010.000	0.000	0.041		
31	Dhandhuka				a start a starting	8,769	8,341	17,110	55-19
32	Viramgaon				A REAL PROPERTY.	236	203	439	48.37
33	Dholka			••••	and the second second	311 351	278	589	31-06
34	Ahmedabad Cant	mant		•••	and the second second	22	396	747	54:3/
	Ahmednagar				2,492	22	16	35	15-94
35	Ahmednagar				41,890	1,123	998	2,121	50-62
36	Sangamner			-44	15,355	133	81	214	13.94
37	Ahmednagar Cant	tonment			11,141	147	177	324	20.08
	Poona	District.			Contraction of the				
38	Poona City				162,901	3,298	3,044	6,342	38-9
39	Poona Suburban				16,676	125	111	236	14-10
40	Junnár			+++	8,421	98	74	172	20-43
41	Bárámati				14,170	243	254	497	85-07
42	Lonávla				10,694	163	150	313	29-27
43	Poona Cantonmer	1t			28,257	238	195	433	15-35
44	Kirkee do.				9,976	127	146	278	27.37
	Nasik 1	District.							
45	Násik			***	48,703	659	544	1,903	24.70
46	Trimbak				4,334	96	62	158	36-46
47	Igatpuri			***	9,627	133	138	271	28.15
48	Manmåd				12,263	158	183	291	23-73
49	Yeola	7"			16,751	184	134	318	18-98
50	Málegaon				32,462	625	573	1,198	36-90
51	Deoláli Cantonme	nt a District			6,114	37	51	88	14.39
59	Thána			1	01.014	0.2.0			
53	Bassein				21,816	266	259	525	24.05
54	Bhiwandi		***		12,689	100	96	196	15.45
55	Kalyán			***	15,619	174	160	334	21.38
-	Bombay S		 District	***	26,291	355	310	666	25-33
56	Bándra	.ouroan 1	Sistrict.		45,320	583	566	1,149	25-19

No. VI-contd.

Cholera.						INJI	TRIES.
	holera. Small- pox. Plague,		Fevers.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa.	Respira- tory Discases.	Sui	cide.
		-				Male.	Female.
					abore-server 1		
						Sara 1	
110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110	481	144 and 14	2,926	555	5,645	4	
***	15		124	3	72		
***	153		527	6	267		
***	***	and the	183	6	71		
			21	4	6		
						and the state	
2	94		99	. 61	311	2	
	16		55	17	31		
	1		67	15	46		
		and the second			Carlor and a second		
15	550		1,875	304	1,734	2	1
1	7		. 100	29	61		
19	***		48	2	44		***
• 26			106	47	106	1	***
1			24	25	166	***	•••
1	9		16	23	140		
2			14	52	118	***	•••
	200						
31	24		178	127	804	3	1
***	***		32	6	34	1	
	3		70	6	54	1	
49	16		98	6	39		
3	20		214	15	140		***
111	35		445	122	190	***	
1	1		12	T	29		***
The survey Party	13	-	64	39	and the second	1	2
***	1.00	***	23	39	143	1	
	8 19	***	65		40	10 miles	1
			53	29 40		1	•••
19	21	***	00	100	158	and the second	
14	2		44	66	204	-	***

AP Bk P 4-10

1		2			1	NJURI	11			12	13
No.		içts and To	wns.		Wound- ing or Acci- dent	bite, o	by	Rabies.		All other causes.	Total death from all causes
	В	TOWNS-con	ıtā.						1		
	Ahm	edabad Dis	trict.								
30	Ahmedabad	-	***		144		4	10	163	4,871	13,941
31	Dhandhuka	1.1.1			3	1	8	***	5	59	278
32	Viramgaon			+++	2				2	77	1,033
33	Dholka	11			- 4		1	***	5	144	409
34	Ahmedabad	Cantonmen	t							1	35
	Ahme	dnagar Dis	trict.								
35	Ahmednagan		***		12				14	507	1,018
36	Sangamner				4	1	1		5	102	226
37	Ahmednagar	Cantonme	nt		3				3	75	201
	P	oona Distri	ct.								
35	Poona City			444	44	1 and 1	1	***	48	2,302	6,325
39	Poona Subu	rban			2			***	2	87	281
40	Junnar	***			1		1		2	59	167
41	Baramati		***		8			1	10	90	388
42	Lonavla	-	***	***	11				11	64	291
43	Poons Canto	onment	***		5				5	911	403
44	Kirkee d	lo			1	+++			1	100	25
	N	asik Distri	ct.								
45	Nasik				- 26	***		***	30	702	1,590
46	Trimbak	10.000			9				3	39	11
47	Igatpuri		***		5				6	43	18
48	Manmad	***	***		3			***	3	38	24
49	Yeola				9			***	9	146	54
50	Malegaon				5	1000	1	1	7	231	1,14
51	Deolali Can	tonment			2				2	21	7
	T	hana Distr	ict.			1. 20			1-1-1-1-1	1 81	1 pros
52	Thana			•••	7	1			10	207	476
53	Bassein				1			1	4	62	14
54	Bhiwandi	17. ***			2				2	80	265
56	Kalyan				7	ANT ANT	1	1	10	149	456
	Bombay	Suburban.	District.			1				1	
56	Bandra				19			415	19	307	656

No. VI-contd.

				14					
		RA	TIO OF I	DEATHS PER	1,000 OF 1	POPULA	TION.		
	6915 -			-	and and	1 China	1	From a	ll causes
Choler	a, Small- pox,	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa.	Lower	Inju- ries,	All other causes.	For the year.	Mean of previous five years,
	1000	1						-	
		1					in a		
	and the second second								
***	1.55	+++	7.18	1.79	18-21	+53	15-71	14-97	49-29
	1.65	***	13.66	•33	7-94	•55	6.50	80.63	28-37
•••	8-01		27.79	•31	14.08	.11	4.06	54-36	43-98
***	***		18-32	•14	5.16	•36	10.48	29-76	30-30
			8.43	1.60	2-41		•40	12.84	15.42
	and was		244				- 10		
-0	and the second second	***	2.36	1.45	7-48	*33	12.11	24-30	96-55
***	1.04	***	3.20	1.11	2.03	•32	6.64	14-72	17-21
***	-09		6-01	1.35	4.13	-27	6-73	18.58	22-81
-				ALL DI			-		
.0	198		8.44	1.87	10.64	+29	14-14	7.8-85	39-91
-0	-		6.00	1.74	3.66	12	5-21	17.21	17-70
1.4	and the second second	***	5-70	-94	5-22	-24	7-00	19-83	18-59
1.8	0.00	***	7.48	8-32	7-49	-70	6-35	27-17	30-21
-01		***	2.24	2.34	15.53	1.03	5.98	27-21	20*45
•0	111 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11		-57	-81	4-94	.18	7-47	14-33	12.43
-2			1.40	5-21	11.83	·10	10-03	28-77	25-78
10							10021		
-64	-49	***	3.65	2-61	10.33	•62	14-41	32.75	33-12
•••	***		7.38	1.35	7.85	-69	9-00	25+80	95-50
	-21		7.28	-62	5.61	-62	4.47	18.91	15-57
3-90		***	8-00	-49	2.61	-24	3-10	19-78	9*52
-18	1000		12-78	-89	7-36	-54	8-72	32.66	29.84
3.45			13-79	3.76	5.85	-21	7-11	85-15	23.74
•16	•16	***	1.97	1.14	4.75	-32	3-44	11.94	10.06
	1		and	14. A		in t			
***	•59		2-94	1-79	6-55	-46	9-49	21.85	19-84
***	* •63		1.82	-71	3.15	-82	4.88	11.51	14.55
	•77	***	- 4.16	1.86	4.74	-13 -	5-12	16.78	23-81
-72	*80		2-03	1.25	6-01	*38	5.67	17-12	18.51
-81	1		1.00			the state		and the second second	
-01	•04		1.10	1.45	4.47	•42	6-69	14-39	13.05
	1 de la constante de la consta		_					1000	

AP Bk P 4-10a

1			2		-	3		4 Dist	he	
								Birt	ins.	-
No.	Di	stricts s	and Town	15,	B	opulation ccording o Census of 1931.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Birth rate.
	1	B.—Tow	INS-cont	a.	1					
-	Bombay S	iuburba	n Distrii	t-contd.	1					
57	Kurla			HIT		30,311	400	354	754	24-87
-	Auris		101	an-AL						
-		Kolaba	District.	1 0.6 m	1	and the second		-	070	41-18
58	Alibág				***	6,653	138	132	270	18-71
69	Mahád			•••	***	8,123	87	65 149	292	34.67
60	Panwel			***	***	8,423	143	62	132	13.55
61	Uran				***	9,762	70		100	10.0.
1497	Re	atnagir	i Distric	st.	100					
62	Ratnágiri					23,906	203	186	389	16-22
63	Vongurla				***	20,158	376	341	717	35-38
64	Málwan					29,817	351	322	673	92-51
65	Chiplun					13,056	191	194	385	29-41
	T	alaaum	Distric							
66	Belgaum	*Ceyum				41,204	699	590	1,289	31-28
67	Gokak					11,866	251	210	470	39-6
68	Athni					13,561	244	214	458	33-77
69	Nipani					. 17,857	204	183	387	21.67
70	Belgaum C	antonn			***	8,220	31	16	47	5-7
	WINGS !!									-
	and and a second	Dharwa	r Distric	ot.			201	550	1,171	28.10
71	Dharwar				***	41,671	621 1,190		2,266	25-1
72	Hubli	Lawrence .	***		***	89,992	891	931	1,822	39-7
73	Gadag-Bet					45,852 16,967	376	33.5	789	46-5
74	Ranebenny					6,203	109		216	34-9
75	Nawalgund	1 card	***		***	at at a start		1	M	and and
	1010 2	Bijapur	District	L'age				1 - 200	14	100
76	Bijapur					39,747	751	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1,458	1 martin
77	Bagalkot				***	15,597	396		785	50.3
78	Guledgud		***			16,756	283		535	31.5
79	Ilkal		***		1	14,267	245	190	435	30-4

No. VI-contd.

5	6	7	8	9	10	11 INJU	
bolera.	Small- pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa.	Respira- tory Diseases.	Suleid	le.
			Alexand			Male.	Female.
			Ser Al		33400 - 00	and the second	
	-			1			
						and the second second	
2	3		66	118	223	1	
			16	9	14	al shall	
	***	***	42	1	34		
	1		90	10	33		
			6	5	81		-
	3	***	114	26	48		
	5		52	7	96		
***			99	16	70		
	9		63	8	28		
1	34		219	67	929	9	1
	4		95	27	71		
40	7		100	14	80	2	1
			86	18	63	2	
	1		22	4	10	ernati mare	
	4	10	222	85	217	1	1
	36	36	359	66	360	3	1
-	38	92	594	107	198	5	2
	1		53	33	86	3	
	1		30	1	20	mily	-
92	6	***	182	105	132	1	
	2		271	17	76		
***	-	+++	49	5	87	1	
		***	180	4	70	1	

71 /

1		2						11			12	13
							INJURI	ES-	contd.			
0	Districts	and Tow	ms.		i	ound- ng or acci- lent.	Snak bite, killed wile beas	or by	Rabies,	Total.	All other causes.	Total deaths from all causes
	B.—Tow	NS-con	ta.				*					
	Bombay Suburbo	an Distr	rict-c	onta.								
57	Kurla					1		2		3	169	534
1	Kolaba	Distric	t.						10.223			
58	Alibag					1				1	50	83
59	Mahad	(Ma				4		1		5	53	125
60	Panwel					6		1		7	36	177
61	Uran .	10						14	1	1	42	85
	Ratnag	iri Dist	rict.									1
62	Ratnagiri					5		1	***	6	145	849
63	Vengurla	100				5		1		6	248	414
64	Malwan					8		67		8	- 284	477
65	Chiplun					3				3	89	900
	Belgau	m Distr	jet.									
66	Belgaum					18		1	3	25	533	1,094
67	Gokak	12				5		*:	***	5	78	-280
68	Athni					5	-			12	72	320
69	Nipani					-				9	63	239
70	Belgaum Cantor		***			14.	-			-	20	57
	Dharw	ar Dist	rict.									1
71	Dharwar		***		***	1			1	22	530	1,08
79	Hubli		***			1		2	1	16	555	1,42
78	Gadag-Bottigeri		***			10	5	1	1	26	812	1,79
74	Ranebennur					-	3	1		13	929	41
75	Nawalgund				***	3	2 .		1	4	71	12
	Bijapı	ur Distr	ict.									
76	Bijapur	***				2	3 .	i.		24	471	1,01
77	Bagalkot		***				9	1	. 1	10	239	61
78	Guledgud						4 .			0	277	42
79	Ilkal					. 3	3 .			4	444	20

No. VI-contd.

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0.5	-	
	6	

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RATIO OF DEATHS	PER 1,000	OF POPULATION.
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14

-	•07	Small- pox. -09	Plague.	Fevers. 2.18	Diarrhœa.	tory	In-	All othor causes.	For the year.	Mean of previous five years.
	•07	-09		2.18						
	•07	-09		2-18	141.04 A					
	•07	-09		2-18	141.44 S					
			1	2.18	2.02				1000	
10-10 10-10					3.80	7:35	-09	5.57	19-25	39.00
An orall in	***					and the second			month	10 100
1		Contraction of the second		2.40	-30	2.10		-	Samerer.	
				5.16	•12	3.07	15	7.52	12.48	15-73
	1	-19	***	10-69	1.19	3-92	•49	6-52	15-37	- 15-93
Sec. 1				+60	+51	3.47	*83	4-97	21.01	18.65
an an	285.5	***			OUR, THE OIL	0.41	.10	4.30	8-70	8-23
								- 24	e proces de	
		-12	***	4.68	1.08	2.01	-24	6.06	14-31	12-40
State		-25		2.57	-34	4.77	-29	12.30	20.53	26-31
- 47			1 1	8.33	•54	2.35	-27	9-58	15-99	15.58
		*69		4.81	-61	2.24	-24	6-82	15-32	19-97
		ALC.							-	
	-02	-83		5.15	1+63	5.89	-61	12-94	THE REAL	1. 28
		-34		8.01	2.28	5.98	•42	6-57	25.55	19.76
	2.94	•52	***	7.37	1.03	5-90	-88	5-31	23-60 23-97	25-83
	and and and			4.82	1-01	3.23	-50	3.58	and the	20.27
		-12	***	2.68	+49	1.22		2:45	13-38	13.34
	200.00								0.20	11.33
	100		100				12	-	-	
in the second	-	•10	-24	5-83	2.04	5.01	-53	12-71	26-13	25*76
	-	-40	-40	3-91	•73	4.00	•18	6.17	15.80	17.49
1000	in the	•83	148	12.95	2.33	4.82	*57	17-71	39-19	34.16
	THE	-06		3.12	1.95	5.07	-78	13-50	24.46	26-66
		•16	***	4-84	•16	3.22	*64	11.45	20-47	29*43
							40.00	adveraged	1920	
	2.91	-15		4.58	2.64	3.93	•60	11.85	25+46	23.71
-	1000	•13		17-38	1.09	4.87	-64	15-37	39-42	41.62
-		***			•30	5-18	-30	16.53	25-24	33-05
					28	4.91	-28	31-12	49-20	40-97

....

1	2					3	4 Births.				
No.	Di	stricts	and Tor	ms.		Population according to Census of 1981.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Birth rate.	
	В	-Towns	s-contd		1						
	R	anara	District			-					
80	Karwar					16,122	180	144	324	20-01	
81	Kumta					14,554	161	141	302	20.75	
52	Gokarn					8,505	122	107	229	26-92	
83	Honawar					7,955	106	88	194	24.39	
84	Bhatkal					8,938	164	125	290	32-44	
anolisi			vistrict.	1000				- 21			
85	Sholapur	Sea.				144,654	3,620	3,352	6,972	48-20	
86	Barsi					27,610	738	723	1,461	52-92	
87	Paudharpu					29,460	706	713	1,419	48-17	
		ara Di	istrict.			here a		100			
88	Satara					26,379	269	288	557	21-12	
89	Wai					11,760	295	291	585	49-83	
90	Karad					14,479	169	155	324	22.38	
91	Ashta					11,251	172	144	316	28.09	
92	Islampur					10,737	111	107	218	20.30	
	and the second								105 100		
	Total for t					3,558,857	65,105	67,018	125,123	35-15	
	Total for Sind	the	Provinc	e exclui	ling	17,932,368	375,446	352,700	728,146	40.60	
	ALC: NO. OF										
# 2.5 m	A CONTRACTOR OF THE OWNER OWNER OF THE OWNER OWNE OWNER OWNE	arachi	Distri	08.		017 501	6,499	6,104	12,603	50-86	
93	Karachi					247,791 9,635	0,400	71	12,005	15-05	
94	Tatta	IT IT	-		-	0.010	206	168	374	50.94	
96	Karachi Ca					0,240	200	103	ora	00.04	
Seren a	The Bar	Daau .	District			6,562	30	27	66	10-05	
96	Dadu		***		***	10.000	108		187	18.63	
97	Kotri		··· //			F TOF	32	-	48	8-22	
98	Sehwan	and an all	 ad Distr		***	0,190		10	*0	0.40	
			xii 1) (36)			96,021	1,977	1,807	3,784	39-3	
99	Hyderabad				-		73	5	118	1000	
100					**	0.000	62		93		
	and the second second					4 205	26	1 1 1 1 1	43	and a	
102	Hyderabad	Canto	nment		**	14,030	20	1,	40	9.9	

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No. VI-contd. .

5	6	7	8	9	10	11 Injuries.		
Cholera.	Small- pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa,	Respira- tory Diseases.	Suicide.		
			La provente		-	Male.	Female.	
···· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ·	26	8	35	10	17		1	
		13	63	15	20			
	56	3	27	18	33	***		
	17		. 25	12	4			
***	6		64	14	27			
103	98	72	1,257	495	2,040	5		
11	4		354	56	99			
75	4		407	170	214	3	2	
-	45	1	169	34	107	2		
***	1		65	19	41	***		
4	3	1	64	13	29	***	***	
1			39	.24	32	1		
	1	18	42	7	18	***		
678	4,028	501	20,798	5,163	31,887	140	38	
11,191	13,405	2,458	176,039	25,918	106,608	411	271	
	97		283	464	2,454	1	1	
***	2		46	1	50	***	***	
			32	5	14			
4?	· · · ·		21		4		1	
	5		59	1	19	***		
	***		22	1	15			
-	304		392	98	969	Undarge by	1 1 1	
			57		19		***	
	2		60	-	47			
1			13		in the second	Con Langeller	11 200	

1		*				11 Injurirs-	-contd.		12	13
No.	Dist	ricts and Tow			The state				All	Total
	Dist.	riets and 10w			Wound- ing or acci- dent.	Snake- bite, or killed by wild beasts.		Total.	other causes.	from all cause
	в	-Towns-con	tā.							
	Ke	inara Distric	ot.							
80	Karwar		***	***	1		***	1	89	18
81	Kumta			***	3	1		4	. 59	18
82	Gokarn		***	***	5	***		5	78	20
83	Honawar				•••				28	8
84	Bhatkal		***	***	1			1	58	16
	Sh	olapur Distri	ict.							
85	Sholapur	2			71	6	1	83	1,691	5,76
86	Barsi				16	1	- 1	18	484	1,02
57	Pandharpur			***	13			18	699	1,58
	Se	atara Distric	t.							
88	Satara			***	17		1	20	317	69
89	Wai		***	44.0	3			3	105	23
90	Karad	***	***		9			9	130	25
91	Ashta				3			4	100	20
92	Islampur			***	3	1		4	75	16
	Total for the	towns exclusion	ding Sind		1.387	45	- 31	1.636	36.668	101.32
		the Provinc			5,053	1,251	166		168,204	
		Karachi Dist	rist		-	- Carlona	-			
93		***	***		158	3	4	167	2,206	5,67
94	Tatta				***				15	11
95	Karachi Car								48	9
7 764		Dadu Distric							-	-
96	The Ave	+++				1		1	6	S
97	Kotri				6			3	17	10
98				***				1	6	4
		yderabad Di								
99	Hyderabad		***		36	44		37	1,047	9,77
100	Halla		***	**					4	E
100							T			
101	Matiari	See.			2	1		3	0.0	13

		in the					T-Loss of	From a	ll causes.
Cholera.	Small- pox.	Plague	Fevers.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa.	tory	Inju- ries.	All other causes.	For the year.	Mean of previous five years.
			1		1	1.8.7		- 191	
									1
			1						1990 - 100
	1.61	-50	2.17	-69	1.05	•06	5-52	16-54	12.5
	-62	-89	4.33	1.03	1.37	+27	4.05	12.57	14-9
	6-58	*85	8.17	2.13	3.88	•59	9-17	25-86	20-40
	2.14		3.14	1.51	•50	***	2-89	10.18	10-3
	-67		7-16	1.57	3.05	•11	5-93	18-46	16.1
.71	-10	-50	8.69	3-42	14.10	-57	11.69	39-88	33-7
-40	-14		18-18	2.03	3.33	*66	17.53	37-97	41.5
2-55	•14		13.82	6-77	7-96	61	23-73	53-87	48-5
·	1.71	-04	6.41	1-29	4-05	-76	12-02	28-27	25-7
	-09		5:58	1.62	8-49	-21	8-93	19-90	21-2
+28	-21	.07	4.42	.90	8.00	-62	8.98	17-47	15-0
-09			3.47	2.13	2.84	•36	8.89	17.78	19.5
	-09	1.68	3-91	*65	1.68	•37	6-99	15.37	21.4
-19	1.13	•14	5.84	1.46	8-96	-46	10-30	28-48	26 2
-69	•75	-14	9.81	1.41	5-94	•40	0.38	28-45	26-0
		1 the	-	1.88	9.81	-67	8-90	22-89	24-3
*****	-39	***	1.14		1. 200		1.55	11.82	13.5
	*21		4.77	·10 ·80		498	7.69	· 15.86	154
	1				-60	.15	.90	4.87	
			8-32			-15	1.68	10.26	10.9
	-49	***	5-94	•09	1.87		1	7+76	
	***	***	3.79	-17	2.20	. 17	1.04	1-10	12:
	3.17		3-34	1.03		-39	10-92	28-94	23-1
			7.81		2.60	***	•54	10-95	Ş+
	-29		8-96		7.03	•45	3-29	20-02	13
			2.87			***	3.09	5-96	23*

14

1		a		3		4 Birth	18.	
No.	Distri	cts and Towns.	antique	Population according to Census of 1931.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Birth rate.
			1 Carlot and					
-	B!	Fowns-concid.						
-	Naw	abshah District.						
103	Nawabshah			7,023	28	32	60	8.53
104	Tando Adam			13,469	169	164	333	94-79
1.19	Thar an	d Parkar Distric	at.			1.1.1		
105	Mirpurkhas	THE SHE		10,178	58	49	107	10-50
106	Umarkot		***	3,841	36	37	73	19-00
	and the second	and the second		Mr.				
		kana District.		26,841	491	403	894	33-30
107	Larkana Kambar			0 717	116	91	907	21-92
100	Ratodero			T OUT	111	88	199	27-32
105	Habbuero							
	Su	kkur District.						
110	Sukkur				1,233	1,059	9,293	33-07
m	Shikarpur			The second	1,188	956	2,144	34-30
119	Rohri	any men	in .		194	140	260	35-21
113	Garhi Yasin			7,370	145	140	200]
	Upper Siz	nd Frontier Distr	riot.	1				
114	Jacobabad			15,748	141	101	242	15-34
	Total of	Towns including	Sind	4,209,614	78,111	71,621	149,732	35-54
	Total for the	e Presidency	including	21,808,756	419,470	287,619	806,989	37-0

No. VI-concld.

5	6	7	8	9	10	11 ווענאו	RIES.
Cholers.	Small- pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa.	Respira- tory Diseases.	Suie	iđe.
						Male.	Female.
					NAME AND	an an	
			19		6		
			65	7	91		
				The states	A Partition I		
			51	1	47	-	
			31		30		***
				15 15 10	- in mark		12
1			118	19	134		1
******	*****		87		4		
			102		1		
					anding		
			290	99	372	1	Car 1
		******	484	11	98		1
***			117	6	46		
		******	93	1	10		
					-		
			115		6		
679	4,438	501	93,271	5,877	36,323	142	37
11,235	13,976	8,453	904,752	26,130	115,262	427	284

79

1		8			11 Injuries-	-contd.		19	18
No.		icts and Tow	ns. there	Wound- ing or acci- dent.	Snake- bite, or killed by wild beasts.	Rabies.	Total.	All other causes.	Total deaths from all causes
	B.—	Towns-conc	ıa.	1	1	1			
	Naw	abshah Distr	ict.		1.1		1 10.00		
103	Nawabshah		•••					3	21
104	Tando Adam			5	1	1	-7	77	247
	Thar an	d Parkar D	istrict.						
105	Mirpurkhas							18	117
105	Umerkot				1		1	2	64
	Lar	kana Distric	t.		100				
107	Larkana		4	6		1	8	199	479
108	Kambar			1			1	11	103
109	Ratodero			1 1.11			1	7	111
	Su	kur Distrie							
110	Sukkur			24	1	-	- 27	311	1,090
m	Shikarpur		n	9			g	878	1,473
119	Rohri —			111 5	***	***	5	28	197
113	Garhi Yasin			2			2	18	124
	Unner Siz	d Frontier	District			19			
114	Jacobabad			100	***			15	134
	and the second	owns includi		1,633	- 53	87	1,903	1 CALVAS	114,600
	Total for th	e Presidency	including	5,664	1,481	180	8,036	175,675	567,519

No. VI-concld.

*

RATIO OF DEATHS PER 1,000 OF POPULATION.

								From al	I cat	1865.
Cholera.	Small- pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and Diarrhœa.	tory	In- juries.	All other causes.	For the year.	pre	ean of evious five sars.
	-				1	muno	R. STON	Citerat-		1
			1.70		-85	and Tard	-44	2-99		7-27
			4.86	•53	6-76	-52	5-68	18-34		18.02
				- fellows	-	The state		State of the lot		
		12 million								
	in the second		5-10	+09	4-62	***	1.68	11.40		12.69
			8.08	******	7.80	-26	-52	16-66		24-02
		1 March								
		1. Carlos								
-04	***	***	4.36	*70	5-03	•29	. 7.48	17-84		22-01
			8-95		-42	+10	1.12	10-59		18-07
			14.00		-14	-14	*95	15*23		23.03
		A COLONE								
					-	-				100
	1		4.18	1.43	5-37	-39	4+49	15-87		14-58
******	***	***	7-74	•18	1.57	+03	14-05	\$3.57		26-41
*****		***	6-92	135	2.72	-29	1.36	11-65		16-52
		***	12.62	*13	1.36	•27	2.44	16-82		26-35
			7-20		-87	-62	-31	8.50		11-85
•16	1.05	-12	5.52	1.30	8.63	4.52	9.89	27-22	110	29-11
•51	-64	-11	9-39	1.19	5-28	-37	8-07	25-56	in b	25-32

							cores	reneg	vinc
1	. 2		8 .	4			5		
	De mart	P	opulation	Ente		Mea	sles.		bro- nal ver.
No.	Districts and Towns		to Census of 1931.	hs.		hs.	0.	ha.	
100	Contraction of the second seco			Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
	ADISTRICTS (EXCLUDING TOWNS).								
_	Northern Registration District.			1 mail					
1	East Khåndesh	***	1,014,933	282	-28	532	•53	11	.01
2	West Khándesh		680,254	853	1-25	1,637	2.41	***	
3	Surat		562,852	15	-02	6	-01	***	
4	Broach		276,125		•00	42	.15	***	
5	Kaira		626,955		-00	72	.19		
6	Panch Mahals		* 397, 323		-00	23	-06	***	
7	Ahmedabad		644,195		-00	118	•18		
	Contral Registration District.	1							
8	Ahmednagar		915,392	472	•52	199	•23		***
9	Poona		904,827	3.48	-16	128	-14		***
10	Násik		868,103	516	+59	571	•66		
11	Thàna		760,210	588	-77	49	*05		***
15	Bombay Suburban		103,462	46	*44	11	•11		***
13	Kolaba		595,760	872	1.36	124	-91		
14	Ratnågiri		1,915,590	97	-08	137	•11		
	Southern Registration District.								
15	Belgaum		980,783	332	-34	834	•85		
16	Dhårwår		902,002	440	•49	324	•36	1	-00
17	Bijápur		782,853	970	*35	276	-35		***
18	Kánara		361,760	417	1.15	19	•05		
19	Sholápur		675,796	45	.04	113	•17		
20	Sátára		1,105,106	74	•07	625	57	***	
	Total of Districts excluding Sind		14,878,511	5,467	-38	5,833	•41	12	-00
	Sind Registration District.	-							
21	Karáchi		315,766	5	-03	***	443		***
-22	Dadu		311,892	38	.15	11	-04		***
23	Hyderabad		547,229	19	•04	3	•01		***
24	Nawabshah		476,120	10	-02	9	•01		
25	Thar and Párkar		454,021	41	•09	2	-01	1	-00
26	Lárkana		408,298	24	•05	5	-01	1	00
27	Sukkur		467,727	53	-11	17	•64		
28	Upper Sind Frontier		244,578	7	-02	15	•06	***	
	Total of Districts including Sind		17,599,149	5,684	-32	5,895	•33	14	-00
+					1	the second second			I THE OWNER WHEN

ANNUAL FORM NO. VI (a)-DEATHS registered from certain during the

7		1	8	Large !!	9	1	10	1	11	1	12		13
Mala	ria.	Other I	čevers.	Inf	luenza.		ticken- pox.	M	amps.	Dip	htheria	Wh	ooping bugh.
Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths,	Ratio.	Douths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
		-	-			1		1000		124	- Mark		
1,372	1.35	16,434	16-20	1	-00							***	
2,528	3.72	6,444	9.47								***		
29	-05	5,713	10-17										
2	-01	3,991	14.45	2	•01					+++		***	
52	•08	5,852	9.33	***								***	
17	-04	6,452	16-24	21	-05	1							
106	-16	10,806	16-77		-00								
		224 100											
2,262	2-47	3,593	3.93	1	•00								***
8,994	3.56	5,425	6 00	7	•01					***		***	
7,960	9-17	3,371	3.88	*** .			200						
2,268	2.08	3,038	4.00				***		***				
194	1.88	110	1.06	3	•03						***		
654	1.10	2,885	4.84	2	-00					+11	***	***	***
- 77	•06	6,457	5-31			1.00		-	-	***	Case 1		
Ten in	1		1				and the						1
1,736	1.77	4,607	4.70	5	.01	***							
1,924	2.13	6,124	6-79	2	•00					+++			
1,142	1.46	7,147	9-13	11	-01			***		-		***	***
953	2.63	2,129	5.89	4	-01	***	***	***	***	***			
477	-71	6,910	10.23	1	-00	***							***
301	•27	9,108	8-24		***							***	The
27,278	1.89	116,596	8.11	60	-00	+++	***						
Contraction of the		1.00		1.41				1		1000			1
185	-58	1,540	4.88			***				1	+00		
81	•26	9,377	7-63		***	б	-02		***	3	-01	-	***
134	•25	3,814	6-97			1	-00			1	•00		
63	•13	3,843	8.08		***	9	-01			ġ	-03		***
465	1.02	3,305	7-29	11	*02	***		3	-01	2	•00	8	•01
132	•32	3,524	8-63			***	***			2	-01	***	
137	•29	4,859	10.39		***			***					***
51	•20	1,453	5.94			3	-01					5	-09
28,596	1.62	1:1,311	8.03	71	•00	19	•00	3	+00	17	-00	8	-00

RP Bk P 4-11

+ 1	9			1	4	15	5	16		17	
			-	Can	cer.	Ka Aza		Pneumo	nia.	Phthis	is.
No.	Districts and To	wns.	100.00	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
1	ADISTRICTS (EXCL	UDING			-	1				1	
	TOWNS). Northern Registra	tion							1		
1	District. East Khandesh							88	-09	875	- 86
2	West Khandesh							77	-11	625	-92
3	Surat							1,508	2-68	470	-83
4	Broach	***	***					423	1.53	234	-81
5	Kaira	***			***			458	.73	1,396	2.23
6	Panch Maháls				***			83	-21	278	-70
7	Ahmedabad				***			418	-65	861	1.3
	Central Registration	District	***	***				The second		11.	
8	Ahmednagar							152	-17	641	-70
9	Poona		***	Trans.				153	-17	888	-91
. 10	Nasik	***		++*	***			768	-69	936	1.0
11	Thana		***	***				.1,326	1.75	1,367	1.8
12	Bombay Suburban	***	***		***			207	2.00	124	1.9
13	Kolaba				***			423	.71	1,786	3-0
14	Ratnágiri		***					44	-03	2,486	2.0
**	Southern Registration	District	***	1		-		1	-		
15	Belgaum							176	.18	720	-7
16	Dhárwár	***	***		***			59	-07	632	-7
17	Bijápur				***	125		9	.01	694	•8
18	Kánara		***	120				86	.10	193	+5
19	Sholapur		***					60	-09	- 450	-6
20	Satara		***	100	***			121	.11	1,032	-9
20	Total of Districts exclu	ding Sind	***					6,589	-45	16,694	1.1
	Sind Registration D						1				-
21	Karáchi					1		675	2.14	101	-3
22	Dadu					1		124	.39	66	-2
23	Hyderabad		***					920	1.68	127	-9
23	Nawábshah				117			265	-58	42	.0
29	Ther and Párkar		***	1000	***			1,074	2.38	80	-1
25	Lárkana							29	-07	37	-0
20	Sukkur		***		 5		1-1	86	-18	48	-1
28	Upper Sind Frontier		***					30	.12	13	-0
20	Total of Districts inclu			-				9,792		17,208	-9

No. VI (a)—contd.

18		19	1	2	0	21		23		23	24
Oth Respire disea	atory	Dysen	tery.	Diarr	hœa.	Deaths	Deatl	ns under 1	year.	Infant morta-	
Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	from child birth.	Male.	Female.	Total.	lity rate per 1,000 births.	No
								Carros.			-
	-			22						an to and	
4,374	4-31	57	-06	976	-95	157	4,936	4,303	9,239	179-41	:
3,910	5.74	75	-11	543	-80	137	3,515	2,955	6,471	182-96	1
3,235	5-76	88	-06	141	-81	63	1,820	1,565	3,385	138-90	
974	3-53	14	+05	99	-36	53	1,908	1,099	2,297	174-66	
4,559	7-27	225	+36	272	-43	116	2,090	1,981	4,071	161-05	- 1
1,501	3-78	16	-04	175	-44	81	1,077	1,016	2,093	141-24	(
1,322	2.05	61	-09	178	-28	42	2,092	1,637	4,029	152.45	1
						100					
4,698	5.13	S	-01	2,030	2-22	188	4,994	3,412	7,706	181-54	8
4,387	4.85	1,716	1.70	43	-05	347	3,373	2,790	6,103	162-69	8
4,496	5-18	64	-07	1,717	1.99	146	4,254	3,686	7,940	192-04	10
2,005	2.64	119	-16	724	-95	152	1,620	1,547	3,167	125-17	11
297	9.87	43	•42	155	1.20	23	211	153	364	143-48	19
1,170	1.96	176	•30	773	1.30	181	1,649	1,348	2,997	125-91	13
2,245	1.84	45	-04	565	•46	91	1,963	1,690	3,653	87-04	14
-											
3,076	3.14	108	•11	9,657	2.71	169	8,195	2,653	5,848	148-94	10
9,400	2-66	71	•08	889	-99	395	2,860	2,391	5,251	147-84	16
2,314	3.00	91	-12	1,665	2.13	159	2,664	2,215	4,877	152-75	17
707	1.95	143	•39	567	1.57	252	1,443	1,206	2,649	202-77	18
1,669	2.47	11	-03	1,323	1.96	214	3,237	2,676	5,913	192-09	19
2,096	1.89	24	-02	1,456	1-32	172	3,965	3,235	7,200	151-22	20
51,438	3-57	3,105	-21	16,950	1.17	3,138	51,466	43,789	95,255	157-13	
and a	1 and		120 M	1	11.2					100.04	-
51	-16	13	•04	20	-06	45	230	165	395	109-84	21 22
29	*08	5	•01	8	•03	76	241	195	436	75-57	22
100	•18	18	-03	25	-04	117	415	287 303	702	88-79	20
81	-17	8	•01	8	-01		398	303	757	92-17	25
159	-36	6	•01	22	-04	106 85	417 296	250	546	66-11	26
19	*05	5	•01	18	•05 •06	141	609	525	1,134	108-29	27
44	-09	9	-02	27 6	•02	35	164	118	252	71-12	28
11	-04 2-95	3,169	•18	17,084		3,849	54,236	45,972	100.2.8	153-43	

RP Bk P 4-11a

10		2		3	4		5		Cere	
-	Control	and Thermon		Popula- tion	Enter		Meas	des.	spir Fev	lal
0.	Districts	and Towns.		according to Census of 1931.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
	P	TOWNS.								
1	City of Bombay	***	***	1,161,383	225	.19	264	-23	134	-11
	East Khan	desh District.								
2	Jalgaon			34,875	11	•32	28	-81		+++
3	Nasirabad			14,753			3	•20		
4	Yawal			19,751	***		2	•16	***	***
5	Dharangaon			18,542	***		40	2.16		
6	Erandol			19,382	1	-08			***	
7	Amálner			23,491	1	+04	36	1.23		***
8	Parola -			12,277	3	-25	37	3.01		
9	Chálisgaon			15,808	2	-12	50	2-97	***	***
10	Chopda			18,434	4	-22	13	-70		
11	Bhusáwal			27,989		***	18	•64		
								1		
	and an an an and a second	idesh District.		00.000		.10				
12	Dhulia			1 . To be	4	·10	79	1.98	1	•0
13	Nandurbar		***	16,919	п	-00	58	3.43		
	Surat	t District.		1. 1. 1. 1.				1.5		
14	Surat			98,936	82	-88	48	•49	3	-0
15	Rander			12,344			1	.08		
16	Bulsar	***		19,481	7	•35	4	0.20		
		1 Distantia								
	and the second se	h District.		D.4 0472			6	-23		1
17	Broach		**			***	8	1.11	4	-1
18	and the second se		***		***	***	1	*08	***	
19	Ankleshwar			12,035			1	.00		***
	Fair	a District.		1			1	1	100	
20	Kaira			. 8,316		-			1	.1
20	Mehmedabad		**	P				3.37	1	•1
21	Nadiád			24.504			56	1.62		
23	Borsad	-	**	10.101			8	-60		
20	Anand			11 000			1	+09	1	***
25	Umreth			14 880			53	3-59		-1
20	Dåkore			0.000	4	-47	10	1.18	-	
-	Kapadvanj		**	16,556		1	6	*36	***	

No. VI (a)-contd.

1	1	1			9		-	1	11	1	12	1	18
Male	aria.	Other F	evers.	Influ	ienza.		cken- ox,	Mu	mps.	Diph	theria.	Who	ooping ough.
Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
96	•08	1,530	1.32	71	-06							***	
9	-27	943	7.07							1	-03		
	***	158	10.71					***		***		***	
4	*31	89	6.98	***	***							***	
***		114	6.14		***	***						***	
1	-08	117	9.45			***	-++	***				***	
1	+04	126	5.36			***						***	
***	***	110	8-96	***	***	***		***		***	***		***
20	1.19	184	10.95	***	***		•••		***				
	***	118	6.40	***	***			***	++*		***		
***	***	127	4.54	***	•••			in	***		***	***	
													1.22
81	-78	284	7-11	1	-02		***	***					***
8	-47	111	6-56	***		***				***		***	***
154	1.55	-	0.00		and a								
	1.55	327	3-32	8	•09	***	***	***	***		***		***
11 2	0.59	174	14-09		***	***	***	***	***		***	***	
	0-10	24	1.25	1	•05				***	***		***	***
									in a l	10000	1000		
11	0.32	254	7-41	1	•03							***	***
6	0-51	135	11.50		***	-		***	-		***	***	***
		231	19-20								-		
	2.13		and the		The state of the	-		an	and I	31.0 10.	2.6		
1	•12	47	5-65	***		***		***	***		***	***	***
***	***		17-85			***	***	***		***	***	***	***
1	-03		20-58		***	***		***			***	***	
1	•08		14-48	***		***		***	***		***	***	***
11	•94		16-04		***	***							
1	-07		14.55	***	***	***	***			***	***	***	***
25	2.94	64	7-54			***		***	***	***	***	***	
	***	203	12.26	*** *		***	•••	***		***	***	***	***
			1				1	1	1	1	1	1	

Sewa D. think

1	2			1	4	15	1	16		17	-
-			-	Can	cer.	Ka Aza		Pneumo	nia.	Phthis	is.
No.	Districts and	Towns.	Annual I	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deatns.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
	A CONTRACTOR		1	. [1	
	BTOW						-00		8.50	1 019	1.04
1	City of Bombay	The fact at	***		***	1-	-00	8,734	7-52	1,913	1.64
2	East Khandesh Jalgaon							12	-35	31	-90
3	Nasirabad			***	***	***					
4	Yawal	***	***	***		***	***		-24		
5	Dharangaon				***	***				76	4-10
6	Erandol							8	-24	4	-32
7	Amálner							8	-34	18	.77
8	Parola									8	-25
9	Chálisgaon		***					6	•36	48	2.86
10	Chopda			***				3	-16	9	•49
11	Bhusawal							13	-47	19	-68
	West Khandesh	District.									
12	Dhulia		***	•••	***	***	***	20	-50	35	*88
18	Nandurbar		-	-	***			7	-41	22	1.30
	Surat Dis	triot.									
14	Surat							773	7.83	301	3.04
15					***			6	-48	39	3.18
16	Bulsar			***				99	5.08	17	.87
	Broach Di	strict.					2	-			1.00
17	Broach		***	***		***		43	1.25	42	1-22
18			***	***	•••	***	1	4	-34	13	1.11
19	Ankleshwar	***		***	***			11	-91	7	.00
	T. I. D.										
	Kaira Di			10			1	15 . 10	1	15	1.80
20		***	***			***	***	2	-28	15	1.97
21		•••	***		***			130	1	73	2.11
25		***						130	1313	14	1.06
20								34	100	14	1.20
24				1000		***	***	7		9	-61
20					***			32		14	1.66
20			-					10		32	1.93
2	Kapadvanj		***		***			10		-	

* Imported from Cawnpore.

No. VI (a)—contd.

		19		90		91		22		23	24
ry	y J	Dysen	tory.	Diarr	hœa,	Deaths	Death	s under 1	year.	Infant morta-	
		Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	child birth.	Male.	Female.	Total.	lity rate per 1,000 births.	No.
	1					1					
11		846	-29	877	.76	195	4,632	3,807	8,439	247.55	1
	-	1		-		16.					
15	5	***	***	23	-67	20	152	104	256	178.89	2
19	2		***	20	1.35	2	42	37	79	140-82	3
6	5			10	•78		27	90	47	105-57	4
1	-	***	***	28	1.51	3	54	32	86	141-68	5
14	•	1		13	1.02	5	64	56	120	220.18	6
15	5	2	•08	18	-77	8	65	45	110	223.58	7
0	1		•00	45	3-67		60	40	90	147.30	8
7	1	1	+06	12	-71	***	81	60	141	214-61	9
7		1	*05	1	*05	1	28	22	50	121.36	10
14	1	16	-57	2	•07	8	54	56	110	158-78	11
			1 200			14	1 Sugar			and the second second	
15	5	1	-02	29	-73	12	137	128	265	170-75	19
2		13	-77	20	1.18	3	72	50	199	160-10	13
					100			- Care	A PROPERTY.		
							1	14		1	
0		55	•55	238	2.40	54	815	791	1,606	272-22	14
O		5	•40	2	•16		43	46	89	181-63	15
3	1	1	•05	***		2	49	36	78	100-90	16
4		5	•15	16	•47	15	178	153	381	151-90	17
0		3	-26				58	48	106	203-85	18
I		1	*08	2	-17		39	49	88	172-89	19
		100				In Station				COLUMN T	
						the start				1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
4	1			10	1.20	3	30	23	53	168-25	20
8		1	-14	4	•56		42	45	87	294-92	21
2	2	4	•11	1	-03	13	288	321	609	386-17	22
13	3	20	1.52	1	.07	1	69	73	142	220-50	23
0		3	+26	6	•51	2	51	88	89	190.99	24
19	,	7	-47	1	-07		109	81	190	270-27	25
9	,	3	•35	8	-94	1	46	45	91	304-34	26
15	5			8	-48	2	62	60	123	169-21	27

1		2			3	4	2	5		(
		I trans			Popula-	Enter Feve		Meas	les.	Cereb spin Feve	al
io.	Districts (ind Town	ns.		of 1931.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
1	BTOW	NS-con	tā.	1							
	Panch Mah				1. 1. 1. 1.	1000	100	1.0		25.00	
28	Godhra				35,110			27	-77		-
29	Dohad				22,093			24	1.09		
- 11	The loss of the second	. Thinks	1.41								
	Ahmedab	ad Distr		-	310,000	24	+08	138	-45	180	•5
30	Ahmedabad Dhandhuka				9,076		-00	11	1-21		
32	Viramgam				18,965		***	10	•53		
33	Dholka		***		13,743				-00		
34	Ahmedabad Canto	onment			9,492				-00		
				-	and the second	-					
	• Ahmedna	gar Dist	rict.	100	41 000				.04		-
35	Ahmednagar		***	***	41,890 15,355	24 7	•57 •46	35	. •84 •59	4	
36	Sangamner			***	11,141	-		- Same			
37	Ahmednagar Can	tonment			11,121				***		
1	Poona	District	15 7		100		1				
38	Poona City			***	162,901	100	-61	140	*86	22	-1
39	Poona Suburban			***	16,676	1	•06	3	•18		**
40	Junnar		****		8,421	***					
41	Baramati		•••	***		2	-14	12	-85		
42	Lonávla	1000	•••	***	10,694	3	+28	13	1.22		
43	Poona Cantonme	nt		***		4	•14	1	-04	1	-
44	Kirkee do.		***	***	9,976		***		***		
	Nasil	Distric	t.		1. The				1	1	
45	Násik				48,703	46	• 94	35	.72	1	4
46	Trimbak		•••		14650	7	1.62	8	1.84		
47	Igatpuri			***		4	-42	2	-21		•
48	Manmad				1 2 2 2 2 2	2	•16	1	-08		*
49	Yeola		•••			3	-18	4	-24		
50		UL.	***	•••	and the second	23	-71	108	3.33		-
51	Deolali Cantonm	ent	•••	***	6,114	3	-33			***	
	Than	a Distric	ot.		- 12	11.1	1 to Bar	1983	1.0	14/2	
52	Thana		***		21,816	30	1.38	5	-23		
53	Bassein				12,689	4	•32				

No. VI (a)—contd.

7.		8	3	9	N.	10		1	1	. 15	2		13
Malar	ia.	Other H	evers.	Influ	ienza.	Chie		Mur	nps.	Dipht	heria.	Who Co	oping ugh.
Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Batio.	Deaths.	Batio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
						-				1			
	***	453	12-90										-
1	*05	346	15-66										
156	-50	1,725	5-56	3	-01					9	-03		
		113	12.45			***	+++		***	***			
2	-11	515	27.15	***									***
183	13-32					***		***	***		***		
1	-40	20	8-03		•••								
19	-29	24	*55										
9	-59	30	1.95	***		-						***	
10	•90	67	5-11						•••			***	
435	2.67	675	4-14	3	•02					6	•04		
31	1.86	65	3-90				***				***	-	-
8	-95	40	4.75	***		***				-	***	1000	
16	1.13	76	5-36		***				***	***	***	***	
7	•65	1	-09		***	***	***		***	***	***	***	-
2	-07	8	-28	***	***		4++	-					***
2	-20	8	-80			***		***	***	***	***	***	
69	1.42	25	.51	2	-04		-			3	-06		-
.8	1.84	9	2.08								***	***	
1	:-11	63	6-54			***		***					
3	į-24	92	7.52	***	***			***					
	***	207	12.36			***			***			***	
46	1.42	268	8-26		***		***	***			***	-	
		10	1.64			***		•••		***			
													1.0
22	.1.01	6	-27	1	•05		***				***	***	***
		19	1.20			***	***	***		***	***		***

1	. 9	78 - 1.		1	4	1	5		16		17	
	and an encount in			Cas	icer.		ala ar.	Pne	umo	nia.	Phthi	sis.
No.	Districts an	d Towns.		Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	-	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
_			,						1			
	BTOWNS										1.216	
	Panch Mahals								16	-46	7	-20
28	Godhra Dohad	***		***			***	7	17	-77	3	-14
29	Donad			***		***	***		**			
	Ahmedabad I	vistrict.										
30	Ahmedabad			***	-	***	***	1000	729	2.35	1,090	3-52
31	Dhandhuka	***		***	***	•••	***		16	1.76	19	2.10
32	Viramgam	***				***			42	2.21	50	2.64
33	Dholka	***		***			***		13	+95	31	2-25
34	Ahmedabad Cantonme	ent		•••	***	***			3	1.21	3	1-20
	Ahmednagar :	District										
95	Ahmednagar								170	4.06	54	1-29
35	Sangamner		***	10		***			2	•13	9	•59
36	Ahmednagar Cantonn	ant		***		•••			4	*36	5	-45
01	Anmeanagar Cantonn	ient		***			***					1
	Poona Dist	rict.								1.10		
38	Poona City			***					896	5*50	509	3-12
39	Poona Suburban			***	***	***	***	100	18	1+08	9	-64
40	Junnar .		***	***	***			74	9	1.07	11	1.30
41	Baramati						-	100	28	1-98	33	2.33
42	Lonávia		***	***	***		***	1000	44	4.18	35	8-27
43	Poona Cantonment					***		6	58	2.05	40	1.41
44	Kirkee do.				***	***	***	1	64	6-42	20	2.00
	Nasik Dis	trict										
45	Násik								251	5.15	149	3.06
46	Trimbak								3	-69	9	2.08
47	Igatpuri							-	26	2-70	8	-83
48	Manmad							-71	4	-33	9	•16
49	Yeola								14	-84	26	1.55
50	Málegaon								29	-89	73	2.25
51	Deolali Cantonment								10	1.64	11	1.80
-			,									
	Thana Dis	trict.										
52	Thána	***	***	***		***	***	152 84	53	2.43	64	2-93
53	Bassein	***	***	***			-	138	26	2*05	9	-71

No. VI (a)—contd.

18 -	Ratio.	otery. otte	Deaths.	hœa. Rațio.	Deaths from child birth.	Death 	Female.	Total.	Infant morta- lity rate per 1,000 births.	No.
18 -	-37		Deaths.	Ratio.	child	Male.	smale.	tal.	per 1,000	No.
10 .	2.2	s -09				1111111	F	To		
10 .	2.2	•09	1.		1000		a sum ha			
10 .	2.2	.09	10.00						1	
	-40		11	-31	3	77	115	199	239-70	28
3,826 12-		•14	8	*36		60	56	116	159.78	29
	-34 11	-36	443	1-43	135	2,491	2,303	4,794	280-19	30
37 41	•05		3	•33	2	37	26	63	143-51	31
175 9-	-23	-10	4	.21	37	124	143	267	453-31	39
27 14	96		6	-44		59	60	119	159-30	33
		1.60		***		8	3	11	289.47	34
13.35					2					
87 24	-03	. 14	55	1.31	25	179	137	316	148-99	35
20 1-	-30	.13	15	-98	4	25	9	34	158-83	36
37 3.	-32 1	1.08	3	-27	4	20	29	49	151-24	37
	100				1.0					
329 24	02 1	-10	288	1.77	19	1,091	940	2,031	320-25	38
34 24	-04 25	1-32	7	-42	3	44	34	78	330-51	39
24 2-1	-85 9	-24			8	13	7	20	116-28	40
45 3-1	18 40	3-25	1	-07	7	52	47	99	199-20	41
87 8-	14 2	2.15	2	•19	6	30	25	55	175-72	49
42 1.	48 1	*46	10	*85	1	41	30	71	163-97	43
34 3	41 9	2.00	82	3-21	2	32	38	70	256-41	44
103 2.1	-12 4	•88	84	1.73	4	190	140	330	274-31	45
	-08		6	1.38	2	19	9	28	177-22	46
and the	-08		6	-62	2	23	8	31	114-39	47
1000	-12 5		4	-33		27	13	40	137-46	48
	70		15	-89	4	74	68	142	446-54	49
100	-71 10	and the second	112	3-45	1	150	142	292	243-75	50
8 14	-31	-98	1	-16		8	6	9	102-27	51
1	- ales	-			BRIL .			10-11	(solitest	
26 1.	-19 23	-96	18	-83		44	42	86	163-81	62
5 1	-39 :	-24	6	-47	5	14	9	23	117-35	53

1	a 2 an			8 Population	Ente	eric	-	sles.	Core	bro- nal ver.
No.	Districts and To	wns.		according to Census of 1931.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
	BTOWNS-co	ontā.								
	Thana District-	contd.								
54	Bhiwandi			15,619	4	*25	12	-77		***
55	Kalyán			26,291	19	•72	3	•11	***	***
	Bombay Suburban	District								
56	Bandra			45,320	28	-61				
57	Kurla			30,311	11	+36	29	+96		
				116-22 13				-	-	
-	Kolaba Distri	ict.			0			-	and it	
58 59	Alibág Mahád		***	6,653	2	·30	1	·15 ·49		***
60	Panvel			8,123	13	*24			***	
61	Uran			8,423 9,762	4	-40			***	***
	Ratnagiri Di		-	0,102			1996	19		
62	Ratnágiri			23,906	4	•17	10	-42		
63	Vengurla			00 - + 0	3	.15	***		***	
64	Målwan		***	29,817		***	2	-07		
65	Chiplun			13,056	2	•16	1	-07		
	Belgaum Distr	ict.		- 10 Mar			. 12			
66	Belgaum			41,204	25	•61	61	1.48		
67	Gokák			11,866	3	+25	4	-84		
68	Athni		•••	13,561		***	2	.15		
69	Nipáni		-	17,857	1	•06	26	1.46		
70	Belgaum Cantonment		•••	8,220	***	***	***	***	•••	•••
-	Dharwar Dist	rict.				100		.20	10.31	
71	Dhàrwár Hubli	•••		and the second second	16 71	·38	16 66	•38 •73	1	-05
72	and the second se			15.050	19	-41	146	3.18		
74	Gadag-Bettigeri Ránebennur			16,967	15	-18	15	-88	•••	
75	Nawalgund			e 000			1	-16		
	Bijapur Distr	ict.			-	19	1-			
76	Bijápur			39,747	19	-18	14	-35	3	-08
77	Bágalkot			35 200	17	1.09	67	3.64		
78	Guledgud			16,756	2	-12	1	•06		
79	Ilkal			14,267	31	2.17	***			

No. VI (a)-contd.

		7	1	8		12-16	9	1	10		11	1	19		13
	Mala	aria.	- (Other 1	Pevers.	Influ	ienza.		cken-	Mu	mps.	Diph	theria.	Who	ooping bogh.
	Deaths.	Ratio.		Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
				1						-	-	07-			
	42	2.69		7	-45				4.0		***				
	2	•08		27	1.03	2	-08								
		- 1							1000						
	6	•13		10	-22							2	-04		
	1	•03		23	-76	2	-07			-	***	***			
			1		100						100				
	***	***	100	13	1.95			***				***			
			-	25	3.07	-	***	***	***		***	***			
	***		2	88	10.45		•••	***							***
	***	***		9	*20	•••		***	****	***	A+++	***		***	
	3	•12	Carlo I	96	3-93	1	•04						-		
	8	-39		41	2.03			***							
				97	8.25										
				60	- 4.58	***		+++							1000
	20	-49		105	2.52	1	•01	***	***	***				-	-
	5	•42		.83	6.99							•••	1.772	***	
	11	-81		87	6-49		***	•••	***					***	***
	3	•17		56	3-14			***	***	***	•••			***	***
	***			20	2.68			***	***		***	***	***	***	***
	26	•62		160	8-84	3	•06								Ven
	38	-42		175	1.94	2	-02	***				***		***	
	10	-22		416	9.07	3	-06	-	140		***	***	-		
	4	-24		31	1.83	***	***		***	***		***	***		
	***	•••		29	4.68	-		***		***	***	***	1.000		-
	Der	-		and a	a line and		11						No. 1		The second
	20	*50		126	3.17	***	***	***	***	***				***	
	3	·19		194	12.44	***		***	***	***	***			***	***
	1 31	-06 2-17		45 116	2.68 8.13		 •14		***			***	***	***	***
	or			110	0.10	-	19	***		***		***	***	***	
-				-						-				-	

					14	1	5	1	6	17	
	in indiana sector			Car	icer.		ar.	Pneum	onia.	Phthi	sis.
No.	Districts and To	wns.		-	-	-	-		-		
Aller			N.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deathe.	Ratio.	. Deaths.	Ratio.
	BTOWNS-cor	ıtā.									
1	Thana District-0	contd.									
54	Bhiwandi		***					16	1.02	39	2.50
55	Kalyan			***		***		38	1.45	65	2.47
	Bombay Suburban I	Vistoriat									
56	Bandra	***		***				136	2.98	41	-90
57	Kurla						and a	117	3-86	51	1.68
No.C.	a service a service			0.00							
-	Kolaba Distric	ot.								-	
58	Alibág			***	***	***		8	1-20	5	·75
59	Mahád				***			3	•36	25	3.32
60	Panvel		***	***	***		***	9	•20	15	1.64
61	Uran Batugaini Dista	***		***	***	***		-	-20	10	1.04
100	Ratnagiri Distr							10	-42	30	1.96
62	Ratnágiri			324	***	***	***	29	1.43	31	1.55
63	Vengurla Málwan	***		***	***	***		4	-14	37	1-24
64	Chiplun			***	***	***	***	3	-94	20	1.53
65	Belgaum Distr	int		***			***	-			
	Belgaum			-				41	-99	117	2-84
66 67	Gokák				***			2	-17	27	2.27
68	Athani				***					13	-96
69	Nipáni				***			1	*06	13	-73
70	Belgaum Cantonment							4	-49	***	
10	Dharwar Distr					*					
71	Dhárwár							18	•43	85	2.04
79	Hubli				***		***	25	-28	142	1.55
73	Gadag-Bettigeri				***			28	•61	79	1.79
74	Ranebennur							2	-19	20	1.18
75	Nawalgund				***		***			7	1-18
	Bijapur Distri	ct.			-						
76	Bijåpur							9	•23	39	-93
77	Bågalkot				***			2	•13	25	1.00
78	Guledgud		***		4++	***				45	2.68
79	Ilkal							***	***	24	1.68

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No. VI (a)-contd.

Ot	18 her	1	9	20		21		22		23	24
Respi	ases.	Dysen	tery.	Diarr	hœa.	Deaths	Deat	ths under	1 year.	Infant morta- lity rate	
Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	from child birth.	Male.	Female.	Total.	per 1,000 births,	No
								-			
19	1.92	***		29	1.86	3	26	30	56	167-66	5
55	2-09	9	*34	31	1.18	6	41	46	87	130-63	5
						-				Constant of the local division of the local	
27	•59	26	.57	40	-83	4	83	88	171	149-69	5
55	1.81	29	-96	89	2.94	4	82	76	158	909-55	5
	199.6				119	and the second				and the second	
1	•15		***	2	+30	2	8	8	16	58.39	5
11	1.85		***	1	-12	6	11	5	16	105-26	5
2	-24	3	-36	7	-83	2	17	25	41	140-41	6
13	1.33		***	5	-51	6	8	8	16	121-21	6.
8	•33	1	-04	25	1.04		19	16	35	82+26	6
36	1.79	2	-09	5	-25	1	35	21	56	78-10	6
29	-97	•••		16	•54		85	29	64	95-09	6
5	•38			8	•61	8	16	15	31	80-00	6
64	1.55	в	-07	64	1.55	3	116	86	202	156-71	64
49	3-54			27	2.27	23	28	32	60	127-66	61
67	4.94	7	-52	7	-52		13	13	26	56.77	-68
49	2.74			18	1.01	4	19	19	38	98-19	65
6	-73	3	*86	1	-12		7	2	9	191-48	70
114	2.74	5	·14	80	1.92	23	62	58	115	98-91	73
193	2.14	-		66	-73	39	126	82	-208	91-79	75
91	1-98	17	-37	90	1.96	11	187	164	351	192-65	73
64	3-77	2	-12	31	1.83	6	51	41	99	116-60	74
13	2.10			1	•16		12	6	18	83-33	75
86	2.16	1	-03	104	2.62		86	69	155	106-81	76
49	3.14	1	-07	16	1-03	5	85	.50	135	171-97	77
42	2.51		+++	5	-30	2	46	37	83	155-14	78
46	3.22	1	-07	3	•21	1	62	47	109	250-57	79

1		2			3	4		5			6
					Population	Ente		Mea	slos.	Cere spir Fev	nal
No.	Distri	ets and To	WIIS.		to Census of 1931.	Desths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
1	В.—Т	OWNS-co	ntđ.								
	Ean	ara Distri	ot.		100						
80	Karwar				16,193	9	•56			- 1	-06
81	Kumta				14,554	7	-48				
89	Gokarna				8,505	2	-23			***	***
83	Honawar	***			7,955	2	-25				
84	Bhatkal				8,938			***	***	and and	
	Shou	apur Distr	iot.		10		1 Marson	1.14		10.0	
85	Sholapur		***		144,654	123	-85	432	2-99		
86	Barsi				27,610	4	.15	11	-40		
87	Pandharpur				29,460	10	-34	19	•64		***
	Sat	ara Dist <mark>r</mark> i	ot.								
88	Satara				26,379	8	•30	14	•53		
89	Wai				.11,760	4	•34	6	•51		
90	Karad			***	14,479	3	-21	3	-21		
91	Ashta			-	11,251	1	-09	4	-36		***
92	Islampur				10,737						
	Total of	Fowns excl	uding Sind		3,558,857	1,113	-31	2,407	-68	363	.10
	Total of the Pr	ovince excl	uding Sind		17,939,368	6,580	·36	8,940	-46	375	.02
	Tan	ichi Distri					19				
-00	Manager and the				247,791	43	+18	41	.17	8	+03
98	Karáchi Tatta				0.000	5	-52	1203			
94	Karáchi Canto				0.000						***
00	and the second s	du Distric	,	•••	0,010			1			
96	Dadu				6,562	4	+60				
97	Kotri				10.000		-19	and a			
98	Sehwan			***		4	-69				1000
90	Hyder		rict	***	0,100		-			***	
99	Hyderabad				96,021	69	.71	35	-37	6	*06
100	Halla			***							
	Matiari								***		
	Hyderabad Car			***	1 ****		-23				
101	LAYGOLADBU CE	asonmens		***	3,000		-		***	***	
102	a second second second second	heheh Diel	wint								
	a second second second second	bshah Dist	trict.		7,023	1	-14			4	-57

No. VI (a)-contd.

	r-	1	-	8	Bee	9 10	11	10	1	11	1.	12	1	13
Mala	ria.	ot	her I	evers.	Infl	uenza,		icken-	36	imps.	Dini	theria.	wh	poping
		E					1	oox.	-	ani ya.	Dipi	inneria,	Co	ugh.
ths.			hs.	1	hs.		hs.		b8.	1.	18.	T	's	1
Deaths.	Radio.	1	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Doaths.	Ratio.
1.	1	1	11	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	-	-
						1 1			-	1	27/02	1		
25	1.55					***								
1	-07		55	3.78										
		100	25	2-94		***								
		-	23	2.89	***							***		
1	11		63	7.05				***					***	
		1						12.1	1 200	Derie	to prove the	est.		19-1
74	•51		627	4.33	- 1	•01			***	***			-	***
2	•07	12	847	12.57		***			1.44		14			
7	+94	100	371	12.60	***							***		
	1			1		10 4		1	1. 1	20.00		10.00		
		-	147	5.57		***	***						***	2
2	•17	100.0	53	4.51			***		***			***		
2	.14	12	56	3.86		1000								***
		- EP-	34	3.02			***			***		***		
2	•18	Carlos Carlos	40	8.73				***			(see	***		
1,705	0-50	15	,033	4-23	109	•03			***					
29,046	1.61	131	,628	7-34	169	•00	***		1.00	nko po	See. 1	1.4400		
	-				18-1		1.1			La la	The state			
25	-10		159	-64	7	-02	1	-00			21	.00	10	
1	-10			4.15								*09	10	•04
	***		32	5.13			***			***	***		***	
						***			***	***		***	-+++	***
2	-30		15	2.32						440			Alexand	1100
15	1-87		38	3.79		***				***			***	
15	2.59		3	-51					· · · ·				***	
				1 2212			1		.delay	non			1100	
161	1.67		51	.53							7		3	+03
14	1.92		43	5-89	***	***		***	***		***			1.976
1914	-59		55	8-27	***	-			4					
			12	2.64		-			***	11				
				and a					2010		Excas			
			7	-99					***					
	***		44	3-25	-		***		***		***	in		1000
										1				
	- 3450132								t					and the second se

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· 21-52 01 m

. [2 21			-	14		15		16	-	17	
-					-	Can	er,	Kal Aza		Pneumo	aia.	Phthis	is.
0.	Distri	icts and Tor	wns,			T		1	-			. [
		and a				Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths	Batio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
1	- вт	OWNS-con	ta.			1			1	TEL			
	Kan	ara Distric	t.					1.15			101		
80	Karwar								***			10	-65
81	Kamta		***		***	***	-	***		-		5	-3
82	Gokarna						***			3	-85	27	3.1
83	Honawar											3	•3
84	Bhatkal							***				12. 3	-3
	Shol	apur Distri	ict.										
85	Sholapur					-	-	***		804	5.56	386	2.6
86	Barsi									4	•15	22	•8
87	Pandharpur						***			65	2-21	50	1.7
	Sa	tara Distric	t.						11				
88	Satara								***	18	-68	52	1.9
89	Wai						***			12	1:02	13	1.1
90	Karad									3	-21	12	-8
91	Ashta		***			***	****	***	***	8	-71	3	-2
92	Islampur	***			***					2	-18	12	1-1
		Towns excl	uding	Sind				1	-00	13,926	3-91	6,670	1.8
	Total of the Pr							1	-00	20,515	1.14	23,864	19
		rachi Distri				-					10	100	
00	the second second second	and all second second s				1	-01			1,330	5-37	515	2.1
93	Karachi				***				1.000	34	725	8	-
94	Tatta					***				14	2.24		
95	Karachi Cant					***		-	100		1		
-	Carriero and	adu Distric					-	- and	an	2	-30	1	
96	Dadu		***			1	***			-	A CONTRACT	5	
97	Contraction of the	***			-				1.000	8	Carlos a	6	1-
93	Sehwan				***	***							1
-		erabad Dist				29	-31		-	683	7.19	189	1.
99	and the second second				***				100	17		4.0	
100					***			***		-	5-23	7	1.
101	The Photo Sugar				***					1 and a	0 20	in the second	-
102	a come a descension of the second					***				***			-
ame	Nau							1	-		-57	9	1.
103										4	5.12		1.
104	Tando Adam				***					69	0.32	10	1

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No. VI (a)-contd.

18	3	19		20)	21		22		23	24
Oth		Dysen	terr	Diarr	born		Denti	ns under 1	Vour	1 and	
Dise		27004		Diori	IICOU.	Deaths	Lycisti	is ander i	year.	Infant morta-	
Deaths.	Ratio.	Desths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	from child birth.	Male.	Female.	Total.	lity rate per 1,000 births.	No
								the start	work.u		
7	•43	6	•37			5		6		61.73	8
				4	-25		14	Ser Wale	20	The second second	8
15	1*03	4	+28	11	-76	2	14	8	22	72.85	85
3	*35	10	1.18	8		1	27	18	40	174.67	8
1	-13	1	-13	11	1.38	2	8	4	12	and the factor of	8
24	2.68	***	***	14	-57	4	14	8.	23	75-86	0
850	5.88	99	-69	396	2.74	91	846	699	1,545	221-60	8
66	2.39	1	+04	55	1.99	8	189	166	354	949-30	8
. 99	3.36	58	1.97	119	3-80	25	245	214	459	823-45	.81
37	1.40	2	+08	32	1-91	19	79	67	146	262-12	8
16	1-36	2	.17	17	1:45	1	92	14	36	61.43	8
14	-95			13	.90	5	18	21	39	120.37	90
21	1.57	***	***	24	.2.13		16	10	26	82-28	93
4	-37	***	***	7	-65	1	11	6	17	77-98	96
11.291	3.17	1,108		4,010	1.13		15,040	13,009	28,049	224-17	
62,729	3.49	4,258	+23	20,960	1.16	4.047	66,506	55,798	123,304	169-33	
02,128	9.49	003,8	62.	20,000							
599	2-42	83	-34	381	1.54	47	1,050	846	1,906	151-93	93
8	-83			1	•10	1	13	7	20	137-93	94
		4	•64	1	+16		16	16	82	85-56	96
							2	2	4	60.60	96
1	•15	***	***			2 5	15	10	25	133-69	97
7	-69			1	•09	D 1	15	10	6	104-16	98
1	-17	***	***	1	-17	T					
94	-97	40	-42	58	•61	92	439	437	876	231-50	99
2	-27			***	***	. 8	12	8	20	169-50	100
5	-75					5	6	2	8	86-02	101
					•••	1	3	3	6	189-53	109
		2452		***			1	0	1	16-66	103
				100000	a contraction of	A CONTRACT OF				The second states of the	

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1	te state			2 Population	4 Ente Feve		5 Moas	les.	6 Cerel spir Feve	Int
No.	Districts and	Towns.		according to Census of 1931.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Batio.	Denths.	Ratio.
	BTOWNS-		1			1				
	Thar and Parks	ur District.		-		10	1			~
105	Mirpurkhas		-	10,178	2	-19	5	-49	1	.03
106	Umarkot	+**	***	3,841	1	•26	***			
27	Larkana D	istrict.					100			
107	Lárkána		***	26,841	39	1.45	14	-52		
108	Kambar		***	9,717				***		***
109	Ratodero	***	-	7,285						
-	Sukkur Di	strict							-	
110	Sukkur			69,277	24	-49	36	•53		
111	Shikárpur			62,505	21	-38	92	+85		
119	Bohri			16,900	16	-94				
113	Garhi Yasin			7,370	3	-41				
	79.23	an alathar					1000			
	Upper Sind From	tier District,		-	- 10		150		12.3	
114	Jacobabad	-71	+++	15,748	6	•38		***		
	Total of Towns	including Sind		4,909,614	1,377	-32	2,568	•61	389	-09
	Total of the Province	including Sind		21,808,756	7,041	-83	8,463	-39	396	-01

n

No. VI (a)-contd.

7 Mala	ria.	8 Other F	evers.	Influ	9 enza.	Chie	ken-	1 Mur		1 Dipht	2 heria.	1 Who Cou	oping
Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
								-					
												6	
		43	4.24		***	1	-09						***
20	5-20	10	2.62			24			-	-	***		***
28	1.02	37	1.37		-					1	.10		
		87	8-95										
		102	14.00					***			***		
			1										
	+												
90	1.29	130	1.80		***	***	***		***	-00	***	42	-62
441	7-06				***	***				***	***	-	***
101	5.99				***	***	***		***	***	***	***	***
6	-82	84	11-39	***		***							***
		107	6.83										
2,695	•63	16,132	87.40	116	-00	2	•00			60	-00	55	-00
31,221	1.43	157,443	7.22	187	•00	21	.00	3	•00	67	•00	63	-00

1		2 14 10000 (00000			1 Can	e	15 Ka Aza	la	15 Pneumor	ala,	17 Phthis	iis.
No.	Distr	icts and Town	15.		Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
	B,1	FOWNS-cone	ıa.									1
	Thar an	nd Parkar Dis	strict.							2.0		
105	Mirpurkhas		***				***		43	4-24	. 2	:19
106	Umarkot		***						26	6-76	4	1.04
	La	rkana Distric	t.				1					
107	Lårkåna			***	5	-18			73	2.72	32	1.19
108	Kambar		***	***		***					2	-21
109	Ratodero			***				***	P			•••
	Si	ikkur Distric	t.		16a							
110	Sukkur		***			-			165	2.37	51	•70
111	Shikárpur		***		***	-		+++	34	-84	45	-70
112	Rohri	·	***				***	***	22	1.30	9	•58
113	Gàrhi Yasin		***				***		3	-41	5	•68
	Upper St	ind Frontier 1	District					-	17 1			
114	Jacobabad							***	5	-31	1	-05
	Total o	f Towns inclu	ding Si	nd	37	•00	1	-00	16,500	3-92	7,570	1.80
	Total of the l	Province inclu	ding Si	nd	37	-00	1	-00	26,292	1.21	24,778	1.14

No. VI (a)-concld.

18		19	-	20	10	21		22		23	24
Othe Respire Diseas	tory	Dysent	ery.	Diarrh	œs.	Deaths	Death	s under 1 3	ear.	Infant morta-	No
Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Batio.	child birth.	Male.	Female.	Total.	lity rate per 1,000 births.	No.
		1	- Aliner			1		32.5			
2	-19	***		1	•09	1	6	8	14	191.78	10
				***	***	1	4	2	6	55-07	10
- 3			-			29		15 100		1 be miD	
29	1.08	6	+22	13	-48	35	70	60	180	145-41	10
2	.21					7	9	7	16	77-60	10
1	-14					5	11	9	20	100.50	10
6 1 m		1	20	- 1		205		Par			
114	1.65	19	.17	87	1-26	30	161	121	282	123.04	11
19	-30	4	-06	7	-12	63	237	237	471	221-09	11
15	-89			6	-85	9	82	21	63	157-27	U
2	-27			1	-13	5	13	. 8	91	80.76	11
						-		115 - 25			1
***	***	***	***			5	12	8	20	46.63	11
12,198	2.89	1,806	-31	4,571	1.09	1,177	17,187	14,849	32,036	213-95	ALC IN
64,129	2.99	4,475	-91	91,655	-99	5,026	71,423	60,821	132,244	163-87	11

the state in the second state

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ANNUAL FORM NO. VII.—DEATHS registered from during each month

1	2	-		8	t. I	4					Takin	5
-	all print and the second	Re	Circ	les of tration.	ville	ages.						AL T
No.	Districts.	each		Number from which deaths from Cholera were reported.	t each	Number from which deaths from Cholera were reported.	Acture	They			and and	
		ler in	.105.		oer in riot.	ber fron hs from reporte	ury.	tary.	·i			-
-	of the soldier	Number	District.	Number deaths f were rej	Number District.	Num deatl were	January	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.
1	City of Bombay		1	1	1	1			*3	1		
	Northern Registration District.	on			-						1.00	
2	East Khandesh	44	23	18	1,491	165	1 444			***		***
3	West Khandesh	1	10	9	1,293	66	4	***	***			***
4	Surat	3	11 \$	8	785	7	***	***	***	1		•••
5	Broach		7	***	409		***	***	***		***	
6	Kaira	3	15	***	580		***	***				***
7	Panch Mahals		7		653	-	***	***			***	
8	Ahmedabad		13		881			***		***	***	
	Central Registratio District.	175 =										
9	Ahmednagar	***	15	13	1,357	179		***	***	1		
10	Poona		19	18	1,157	177	3		1		***	1
11	Nasik		19	17	1,646	425	1			***	2	4
12	Thana		15	9	1,552	53	***	***	***	***	***	4
13 14 15	Bombay Suburban Kolaba Ratnagiri		5 12 15	4 6 2	95 1,476 1,805	11 67 5	***					
	Southern Registrati District.	ion			-		-					-
16	Belgaum	1000	14 18	9 5	1,089	55 5		16 1	10 1	8	8	34
17 18	Dharwar Bijapur		13 16	8	1,120	262	5	26	24	77	40	37
19 20	Kanara Sholapur		10 10 18	10 12	717	971 142	3	ii	17 3	25	50 3	27
21	Satara Total for the Pre dency excludi	ng		-	The lot			-	-			
	Sind Sind	20-	275	144	91,455	1,890	16	54	59	116	104	112
	Sind Registration District.		-		-					1	1	
92 23	Karachi Dadu	***	12 10	··· 1	1,041 1,047	1	***	***				***
94 95	Hyderabad Nawabshah	***	11 9	··· 1	870 734	1						ï
26 27	Thar and Parkar Larkana	***	13 10	16	· 948 2,118	18	***	***	ï	ï	***	***
28 29	Sukkur Upper Sind Frontie		12 6	1	685 1,652	5	***	***	***			5
	Total for the Pre dency includi Sind	ing	358	154	30,550	1,906	16	54	60	117	104	118

CHOLEBA in the DISTRICTS of the BOMBAY PRESIDENCY of the year 1935.

-							6			7	1	8	9
							Total.	- Frank	pe	o of Dea r 1,000 c pulation	1	1,000 of s.	
July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Malo.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total	Mean ratio per 1,000 previous five years.	No.
3	3	3		1		8	5	13	-01	•01	•01	-02	1
5 2	103 8	483 161	62 143	14 63	 25	813 200	354 206	667 405	·51 ·53	-60 -57	-55 -53	1-27 -8	9
•••		***			1 1	9 	14 	93 	-09 	-04	•03	-20 -04 -07	4 5 6
							-	-				•30 	7
27	261 135	33 <u>9</u> 171	82 154	50 249	59 78	417 416	395 - 383	81 <u>2</u> 799	·84 ·70	-81 -68	-83 -69	1.59	9 10
237 45	1.020 185	1,123 70	119 13	79 23	14 9	1,287 169	1,362 180	2,599 349	2-44 -39	9.78 -44	2-61 -42	1·30 ·17	11 12
8	3 83 	13 73 	6 48 	 	52 14	15 152 5	19 145 9	84 297 14	15 -47 -01	-24 -45 -01	+19 -47 -01	*05 •30 •05	13 14 15
92 453 196 13	92 1 501 396 57	116 1 482 641 221	46 174 409 117	28 77 267 203	13 16 58 51	232 5 1,017 1,126 351	231 901 994 821	468 5 1,915 2,190 672	-42 -01 2-31 2-48 -59	-44 9-10 9-84 -55	+43 +00 9-91 * 9-49 +57	*90 *60 *86 *02 1*22 1*27	16 17 18 19 20 91
1,090	2,800	3,896	1,389	1,172	384	5.672	5,519	11,191	-61	-61	-69	-60	
1 cont 1 : 1 :	 1 1 11 			111111	1111111	" 1 " 1 1 1 5 19 	::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	··· 1 ··· 1 12 29 ···	***00 ***00 *00 *03 ***	 	***00 ***00 *00 *03 *05	:: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: ::	933 4 55 57 8 9
1,107	2,814	3,901	1,388	1,172	384	5,692	5,543	11,235	-49	-53	-51	+52	

1	2		3		-	_				-	5
-	The surface of the second seco	Circ Regis	les of tration.	Villa	iges.						
No.	Districts.	Number, in each District.	Number from which deaths from Small- pox were reported.	Number in each District.	Number from which deaths from Small- pox were reported.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.
-	Gits at Romban	1	11	1	1	71	118	263	278	203	140
1	City of Bombay Northern Registration District.										
2	East Khandesh	23	20	1,491	394	93	207	531	461	310	100
3	West Khandesh	10	10	1,293	389	359	407	448	348	194	80
4	Surat	11	11	785	36	2	12	28	80	80	41
5	Broach	7	6	408	55	26	15	31	39	21	14
6	Kaira	15	13	580	49	136	82	110	163	110	42
7	Panch Mahals	7	6	653	- 20	4	3	9	26	11	4
8	Ahmedabad	13	10	881	39	61	111	154	257	109	34
	Central Registration District.	and a		and the					-		
9	Ahmednagar	15	• 15	1,357	197	60	. 81	67	88	68	42
10	Poona	19	15	1,157	156	294	256	171	112	58	32
11	Nasik	19	18	1,646	561	138	137	213	925	120	72
12 13 14 15	Thana Bombay Suburban Kolaba Batnagiri	12	15 1 9 12	1,552 95 1,476 1,305	134 26 351 65	90 4 14 4	39 10 12	32 3 14 20	81 9 32	69 15 10 34	85 6 8 20
	Southern Registration District.										
16 17 18 19 20 91	Belgaum Dharwar Bijapur Kanara Sholapur Satara	18 13 16 10	13 18 11 16 10 16	1,089 1,296 1,120 1,233 717 1,341	302 140 162 196 53 141	81 27 15 75 32 54	114 56 83 73 25 48	200 80 87 120 36 45	171 45 49 161 20 59	159 41 52 183 12 42	94 30 29 177 71 25
	Total for the Presi dency excluding Sind	075	246	21,455	8,198	1,570	1,839	5,610	2,707	1,901	1,036
	Sind Registration District.					-				00	
22 23 24 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	Karachi Dadu Hyderabad Nawabshah Thar and Parkar Larkana Sukkur Upper Sind Frontier	10 11 9 13 10 19	5 5 4 7 9 1 1	1,041 1,047 870 734 948 2,118 685 1,652	11 7 11 10 16 2 1 1	812335	13 36 6 2 	19 68 4 7 	41 22 103 10 	22 2 79 15 2	6 11 9 4 1
	Total for the Press dency includin Sind		276	30,550	12,293	1,610	1,898	2,709	2,863	2,021	1,060

SMALL-POX in the DISTRICTS of the BOMBAY PRESIDENCY of the year 1935.

							6	-	7			8		9	10
				1			Total.		Numb these D amo Child	eaths	oi	tal ra Deau r 1,000 pulati	of	1,000 for	
July	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Under 1 year.	Under 10 years.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Mean ratio per previous five years.	No.
79	40	15	6	ш	24	639	609	1,248	306	554	-85	1.46	1.07	-53	1
53	93	6	2	4	2	906	885	1,791	631	1,089	1.48	149	1.49	1.06	2
49	94	7	3	8	6	949	984	1,938	598	1 234	2.53	2.71	2-62	-89	. 3
34	21	1	2	7	23	152	174	326	123	167	-43	-53	-47	-44	4
11	5		+++	6	7	86	89	175	42	109	-49	•56	+58	-67	5
7	2	1	***	1	3	322	385	657	268	346	-81	-56	-89	-26	6
2	1	4		6	92	42	50	92	33	53	-18	-23	•20	-27	7
19	3	1		1	2	369	383	759	303	403	-70	-81	-75	-47	8
26	6	3	6	2	13	230	232	462	182	120	-16	-48	-47	-34	9
17	15	5	6	***	6	142	524	979	317	457	-76	-93	-84	1-50	10
38	21	6	3	1	3	487	491	978	355	547	-96	1.00	-98	-61	11
25 9 19 19	25 9 3 #	19 1 8 5	8 1 6	16 1 2 3	5 12	178 25 55 98	190 25 59 88	368 50 114 181	94 15 26 43	151 27 59 45	+41 -24 -16 -16	*47 *28 *19 *12	·44 ·28 ·18 ·14	-42 -18 -48 -91	1 <u>9</u> 13 14 15
77	33	23	10	17 9	69 14	492 175	536 178	1,028	268 74	395 123	- <u>89</u> -31	1.02	+93 -82	·19 ·15	16 17
91 48 112 3 99	19 13 50 2 19	4 13 32 3 5	7 6 23 4	90 30 4 8	27 40 15 11	169 546 89 179	175 529 74 164	844 1,075 163 343	97 155 54 89	143 366 78 161	-38 9-55 -19 -30	·41 2·59 ·19 ·28	40 2.57 19 27	·16 ·73 ·32 ·25	18 19 20 21
690	358	155	92	157	290	6,636	6,769	13,405	4,079	6,757	.71	•78	-75	•39	
7961114	5 5 3 8 1 1 	19 	gi : : : : : : :	9 1 8 9 	63111	85 15 176 14 95 9 9	47 12 155 9 21 2 3 1	139 97 331 23 46 4 5 3	93 5 3 4 6 1 	30 4 7 11 20 3 5 2	-25 -08 -47 -05 -09 -01 -01 -01	+18 +08 +53 +04 +10 +01 +01 +01	-23 -08 -50 -04 -09 -01 -01 -01	·25 ·19 ·03 ·28 ·19 ·02 ·14 ·05	223 233 24 25 26 27 28 29
719	376	159	94	165	302	6,957	7,019	13,976	4,114	6,839	-61	+68	•64	•38	

-

1	9		3			4						5
-	and the last of			les of tration.	viii	ages,						
No	Districts.	The second second	Number in each District.	Number from which deaths from fevers were reported.	Number in each District.	Number from which deaths from fevers were reported.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May	June
1	City of Bombay	***	1	1	1	1	210	201	231	202	198	195
	Northern Registrat District.	ion			1 100							
2	East Khandesh		23	23	1,491	1,418	1,163	1,103	2,006	2,518	2,138	1,211
3	West Khandesh		10	10	1,993	1,140	941	874	1,266	1,617	1,349	770
4	Surat		11	11	785	683	602	492	690	604	579	493
Б	Broach		7	7	408	395	448	371	533	456	384	279
6	Kaira		15	15	680	554	596	593	1,903	968	786	566
7	Panch Mahals		7	7	653	645	671	590	690	882	588	433
8	Ahmedabad		13	13	881	856	1,253	1,161	1,593	1,365	1,287	850
	Central Registrati District.	on										
9	Ahmednagar		15	15	1,357	1,128	857	297	305	560	742	617
10	Poona		19	19	1,157	1,058	715	659	782	870	1,137	815
11	Nasik		19	19	1,646	1,511	885	735	991	1,150	1,364	1,128
12	Thana		15	15	1,552	1,254	636	498	553	678	492	408
18	Bombay Suburba	n	4	4	95	57	39	30	26	81	39	28
14	Kolaba		19	12	1,476	1,141	493	890	482	406	346	265
15	Batnagiri	-	15	15	1,305,	1,106	596	597	720	651	580	533
	Southern Registre tion District.	a-			ALT	10 100-0	15	1		-	175	-
16 17 18 19 20 21	Belgaum Dharwar Bijapur Kanara Sholapur Satara		14 18 13 16 10 18	14 18 13 16 10 18	1,089 1,296 1,190 1,933 717 1,341	979 1,137 1,057 859 693 1,222	476 919 685 878 516 577	811 516 267 507	962 873 318	793 256 650	698 1,073 218 1,153	617 744 238 643
	Total for the Provi excluding Sind	nce	275	275	21,455	18,894	13,106	11,688	16,424	17,079	17,004	12,366
	Sind Registratio District.	175	-					1 de				
23 23 24 25 26 27 28 99	Karachi Dadu Hyderabad Nawabshah Thar and Parkar Larkana Sukkur Upper Sind Front	 tier.	12 10 11 9 13 10 12 6	12 10 11 9 13 10 12 6	1,041 1,047 870 734 948 2,118 685 1,652	662 505 870 734 948 800 685 434	929 370 644 684 554 489 746 919	217 671 419 548 322 545	222 458 357 429 334 532	238 421 351 382 303 447	546	161 986 960 908 189 492
-	Total for the l sidency includ Sind			358	30,550	24,532	17,121	14,692	19,077	19,527	19,440	14,941

FEVERS in the DISTRICTS of the BOMBAY PRESIDENCY of the year 1935.

						6			7		8	9	
July.	August.	September.	Oetober.	November.	December.	Total.			Ratio of Deaths per 1,000 of population.			,000 of	
						Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Femalo.	Total.	Mean ratio per 1,000 previous five years.	No.
178	156	909	185	164	169	1,929	1,099	2,321	1-63	2.65	1-99	1.76	1
1,178	1,956	2,226	1.717	1,730	1,856	10,170	10,132	20,302	16-63	17-07	16-83	15-97	2
751	947	839	783	1,017	896	5,883	6,167	12,050	15.73	16-98	16-35	12-28	3
471	542	519	502	584	589	3,267	3,343	6,610	9-87	9-87	9.67	9-53	4
318	330	387	404	344	417	9,846	9,855	4,701	13-49	14.78	14.07	16.96	5
500	599	553	601	486	474	4,002	3,926	7,928	10.13	11-32	10.69	10.49	6
434	490	555	589	807	635	3,667	3,697	7,364	15-50	16-96	16-20	14-26	7
774	1,118	1,157	1,955	1,190	1,178	7,186	6,925	14,111	18.63	34-69	14-13	18.00	8
										-	and a state of	- California	
717	759	656	594	699	455	5,587	3,221	6,748	7.09	6-63	6-85	7-34	9
944	1.043	936	592	985	847	5,406	5,209	10,615	9.17	9-22	9.18	11.22	10
1,244	1,364	1,213	929	1,352	1,182	6,607	6,860	13,467	13-01	13-98	18-49	13-19	11
405	469	385	298	562	664	3,053	3,058	6,141	7-09	7-60	7.33	8-98	12
88	57	37	65	30	44	247	997	474	2.41	8-00	2.65	3.18	13
323	348	346	405	448	444	2,845	9,346	4,691	1-87	7.45	7.46	9-54	14
548	605	539	518	605	603	8,291	3,905	360,7	5-40	5-48	5-44	7-33	15
693 631 792 975 746 1,090	682 663 871 967 1,063 1,087	644 705 895 377 991 981	666 741 794 809 898 906	610 1,163 873 839 984 999	635 1.997 799 494 736 855	4,025 5,060 4,704 1,754 4,877 5,287	4.004 5,006 4,824 1,962 4,697 5,200	8,029 10,066 9,528 3,736 9,574 10,487	7-39 8-94 10-68 8-19 10-75 8-93	7-64 9-32 11-25 9-73 11-08 8-85	7-48 9-18 10-96 8-94 10-91 8-89	6-60 9-40 10-29 8-87 11-53 9-23	17 18 19 20
12,980	15,469	15,146	14,139	15,946	14,698	87,925	88,113	1,76,039	9-47	10-20	9.81	9-25	
190 159 257 234 191 264 434 94	137 158 257 252 214 297 324 104	127 194 990 199 904 273 269 102	272 306 365 516	232 289 315 301 518 625	278 415 474	1,148 1,499 9,595 9,323 9,382 9,382 9,384 3,299 968	943 1,110 1,896 1,679 1,625 1,749 2,751 676	2,609 4,422 4,002 3,907 3,993 6,050	3-49 7-01 8-99 8-32 8-71 8-96 9-45 6-61	3-84 7-84 3-84 7-71 7-77 8-65 10-02 5-89	3-61 7-81 3-61 8-03 8-33 8-82 9-69 6-31	4-97 10-35 4-97 9-57 9-67 13-01 13-41 13-41 10-08	23 24 25 25 25 27 28
14,733	17,142	16,764	16,441	18,499	17,075	1,04,280	1,00,472	2,04,752	9.11	9-71	9-39	9.56	

ANNUAL FORM NO. X. - DEATHS registered from Dysentery during each month

1	2 1		3	a	4	-					5
	the sectors	Ci Regi	reles of istration.	vi	Ilages.						
No.	Districts.	Number in each District.	Number from which deaths from Dysen- tery and Diarrhora were reported.	Number in each District.	Number from which deaths from Dysen- tery and Diarrhora were reported.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.
1	City of Bombay Northern Registration District.	1	1	1	1	68	66	113	117	117	89
9	East Khandesh	23	23	1,491	365	43	38	59	74	71	42
3	West Khandesh	10	10	1,293	260	29	27	32	30	37	39
4	Surat	11	11	785	111	32	34	33	37	34	22
5	Broach	7	7	408	69	7	10	13	7	12	16
6	Kaira	15	15	580	197	24	18	33	50	44	45
7	Panch Mahals	7	7	653	108	10	6	14	11	8	18
8	Ahmedabad	13	13	881	125	73	54	65	44	40	49
	Central Registration District.										
9	Ahmednagar	15	15	1,357	635	82	88	70	94	149	130
10	Poona	19	19	1,157	491	95	99	111	102	129	134
11	Nasik	19	19	1,646	528	81	73	85	83	128	137
12	Thana	15	15	1,252	894	100	63	78	67	55	49
13	Bombay Suburban	4	4	95	39	16	9	11	28	28	35
14	Kolaba	12	12	1,476	418	104	52	78	55	67	49
15	Ratnagiri	15	15	1,305	263	60	39	46	44	45	36
	Southern Registration District.									110	1
16 17 18 19 20 21	Belgaum Dharwar Bljapur Kanara Sholapur Satara	14 18 13 16 10 18	14 18 13 16 10 18	${ \begin{array}{c} 1,089\\ 1,296\\ 1,190\\ 1,233\\ 717\\ 1,341 \end{array} } }$	606 314 515 961 410 511	190 195 94 79 93 51	113 68 77 51 90 51	$ \begin{array}{r} 145 \\ 107 \\ 98 \\ 44 \\ 62 \\ 63 \\ 63 \end{array} $	168 79 81 36 65 56	219 75 79 36 112 77	218 57 100 36 92 91
	Total for the Province excluding Sind	275	275	21,455	7,113	1,379	1,125	1,355	1,328	1,562	1,484
	Sind Registration District.	17		1					-		
22 23 24 25 26 27 28 28 28 28 28	Karachi Dadu Hyderabad Nawabshah Thar and Parkar Larkana Sukkur Upper Sind Frontier.	12 10 11 9 18 10 12 6	11 6 7 7 8 6 11 9	1,041 1,047 870 734 948 2,118 685 1,652	92 6 95 11 91 18 14 5	39 9 	84 16 18 17 	59 7 4 4 1 9 	27 1 9 1 8 13 	49 ; 2 2 ; 3 16 2 9	46 8 1 6 18
	Total for the Pre- sidency including Sind	and.	833	30,550	7,235	1,449	1,183	1,432	1,382	1,636	1,563

5.80

and DIARRHEA in the DISTRICTS of the BOMBAY PRESIDENCY of the year 1935.

-							6		1	7		8	9
T						1	Total.		Eatic pe Po	o of Deat r 1,000 of pulation	ths f	1,000 of	
July.	August.	September.	October.	Novembeř.	December.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Mean ratio per previous five years.	No.
119	173	101	93	65	103	717	506	1,223	-95	1.22	1.05	1.03	1
										1 100	and a superior	(*erentler	
107	238	274	195	88	67	625	601	1,926	1.02	1.01	1-01	1.97	2
93	158	129	49	31	27	363	318	681	-97	-87	•91	-81	3
68	82	51	36	27	24	269	211	≰ 80	•77	-61	-60	-76	4
10	19	12	11	13	10	78	62	140	-15	-39	-42	-59	5
55	99	83	63	41	19	302	272	574	-76	+78	-17	-97	6
23	48	42	26	5	5	112	104	216	-47	•48	-47	+40	7
75	168	78	68	51	48	475	338	813	•90	-72	-81	•99	8
										100		1 and the	
308	381	307	204	188	130	1,158	978	2,133	9-33	2.00	2.17	2.35	9
268	351	300	263	196	173	1,172	1.069	9,941	1.98	1.89	1-94	1.88	10
285	446	324	157	155	117	1,071	999	2,070	9-11	2.04	2-08	1-58	11
84	140	102	59	63	97	484	476	960	1-12	1.17	1.15	. 1.08	12
33	67	36	40	40.	40	203	179	382	1.97	2.35	2.14	2/12	13
115	127	116	63	50	96	514	453	967	1-63	1.44	1.54	2.15	14
72	87	91	45	41	61	364	305	667	•59	-44	-51	-92	15
										1000			1
336 113 223 73 230 205	365 153 290 77 396 295	358 133 270 86 328 230	308 133 244 84 244 175	313 133 197 93 944 158	232 95 125 93 99 125	1,436 652 889 404 1,109 790	1,459 600 998 377 946 787	2,895 1,252 1,887 781 2,055 1,677	2.61 1.15 2.02 1.89 2.44 1.33	9.78 1.19 9.83 1.85 9.33 1.84	9.70 1.14 2.17 1.87 9.34 1.34	2:44 1:03 1:88 1:87 2:17 1:68	16 17 18 19 20 21
9,914	4,163	3,451	2,490	8,175	1,787	13,187	12,031	25,218	1.49	- 1.39	1.41	1.38	
35 10 11 11 16	50 19 4 8 1 9 1	67 14 9 5 10 1	40 48 18 22 4 14 ::	34 4 91 3 3 1 29 1	29 5 17 3 1 3 10 1	274 8 87 13 18 31 86 9	9220 7 54 11 11 11 67 4	503 15 141 23 42 153 6	-83 -04 -23 -04 -06 -13 -24 -01	-91 -04 -18 -05 -05 -05 -05 -05 -05 -05 -05 -05 -05	· · ·87 ·04 ·20 ·04 ·05 ·09 ·24 ·03	-99 +96 +17 -05 -05 -02 +18 -03	9334555789 9394555789
2,959	4,255	3,550	2,575	2,261	1,855	13,705	12,425	26,130	1.90	1-20	1.19	1-18	

ANNUAL FORM NO. XI. - DEATHS registered from RESPIRATORY each month of

1	<u>D</u> ,			3		4						5
	1 1 1 1 1 1			rcles of stration.	vii	lages.						
No.	Districts.		Number in each District.	Number from which deaths from Respiratory Diseases were reported.	Number in each District.	Number from which deaths from Respiratory Diseases were reported.	January.	February.	March.	ch,	y.	·0
_			Did	Nut det Re We	Nui Di	Nur de Re	Jat	Fel	Ma	April,	May.	June.
1	City of Bombay		1	1	1	1	986	1,005	1,239	1,158	1,175	984
	Northern Registrat District.	ton										
2	East Khandesh		23	23	1,491	1,081	470	407	690	603	354	243
3	West Khandesh		10	10	1,293	917	309	289	340	353	233	164
4	Surat		11	11	785	713	698	681	829	678	629	510
б	Broach	***	7	7	408	280	215	219	265	190	148	171
6	Kaira	***	15	15	580	549	642	581	1,045	827	726	568
7	Panch Mahals	***	7	7	653	452	236	223	295	201	93	116
8	Ahmedabad		13	13	881	585	991	776	1,020	935	715	465
	Central Registrati District,	074				-						
9	Ahmednagar		15	15	1,357	1,096	442	325	369	421	525	463
10	Poona	***	19	19	1,157	888	610	551	649	647	689	537
11	Nasik	***	19	19	1,646	1,218	564	508	551	614	585	467
12	Thana		15	15	1,552	1,110	520	422	572	492	370	319
13	Bombay Suburban	1	4	4	95	67	94	71	103	86	75	83
14	Kolaba		12	12	1,476	900	342	297	341	236	276	215
15	Ratnagiri	***	15	15	1,805	1,006	405	345	456	433	369	329
16	Southern Registrati District. Belgaum	a de la calega	14	14	1,089	967	363	324	494	445	330	263
17 18	Dharwar	***	18 13	18 13	1,296 1,120	787 754	456 284	345 266	440	339 272	293 283	232
19	Bijapur Kanara	***	16 10	16 10	1,233	402 492	109 387	86 372	103	73	48 428	64
20 21	Sholapur Satara		18	18	1,841	787	294	209	248	274	284	224
	Total for the Provis excluding Sind		275	275	21,455	14,752	9,417	8,902	10,768	9,593	8,621	6,858
23 24 25 25 7 8 99	Sind Registratio District. Karachi Dadu Hyderabad Nawabshah Thar and Parkar Larkana Sukkur Upper Sind Front	1 . 1 . 1 1 1	12 10 11 9 13 10 12 6	19 10 11 9 13 10 12 6	1,041 1,047 870 734 948 2,118 685 1,652	293 67 294 155 91 38 70 5	581 377 82 313 29 89 10	371 42 305 114 319 25 81 14	573 30 381 94 305 23 80 19	257 36 198 33 143 29 71 5	236 13 115 29 67 18 51 4	210 8 79 15 26 8 53
	Total for the F sidency includ Sind		358	358	30,550	15,695	10,935	9,473	12,016	10,358	9,154	7,258

and the second

DISEASES in the	DISTRICTS of	the	BOMBAY	PRESIDENCY	during
the year 1935.	10				anning

	-			-		1	6		12	7		8	9
	-						Tota	1.	p	to of De or 1,000 opulatio	of	0 of pre-	1
July.	August.	September.	October,	November,	December.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Mean ratio per 1,000 vious five years.	No.
995	1,014	960	953	916	986	6,523	5,578	12,401	9-12	13-47	10-67	9-30	1
320	460	616	585	621	637	3,391	2,615	6,006	5-53	4-41	4-98	4-25	2
194	254	688	607	681	720	2,652	2,180	a contra	7-09	6-00	6-56	4.33	3
456	401	425	473	574	694	3,867	3,181	and the second	11-10	9-21	10-16	10-16	4
152	123	112	1 149	188	160	1,155	937	2,092	6-60	5.88	6-26	6.83	5
593	616	305	549	556	291	4,135	3,164	7,299	10.47	9.13	9.84	9-16	6
118	144	136	146	98	196	1,166	769	1,928	4-93	3-50	4-94	9.78	7
462	639	588	568	686	825	4,794	3,868	8,662	9-04	8-21	8.65	8.00	8
	15									(make	- Lines	A second	
524	566	605	514	578	515	3,008	2,871	5,879	6-05	5-90	5-97	6.65	9
564	656	702	667	771	761	8,870	8,927	7,797	6.55	6-95	6.75	5-96	10
607	693	677	615	614	687	3,719	3,470	7,182	7.30	7.07	7.20	6-45	11
205	360	494	397	461	481	2,806	2,307	5,118	6-59	5-68	6.12	5-63	19
64	83	112	94	106	84	532	523	1,055	5.17	6.87	5-90	4-83	13
253	263	354	283	288	333	1,861	1,621	3,481	5-91	5-17	5-54	6-07	14
402	408	457	406	481	533	2,703	2,314	5,017	4-43	3.34	3.85	3-79	15
338 977 258 78 346 976	355 322 243 69 392 314	335 280 305 93 359 310	268 285 293 89 350 325	449 335 343 80 465 357	369 368 322 115 447 361	2,488 2,189 1,892 567 2,255 1,748	1,936 1,783 1,490 470 9,959 1,728	4,424 3,972 3,382 1,037 4,525 3,476	4-52 8-87 4-29 2-65 4-97 2-95	8-70 3-32 3-48 9-81 5-35 9-94	4·12 3·60 3·89 9·48 5·16 2·95	3.75 3.71 4.12 2.21 4.10 2.67	16 17 18 19 20 21
7,572	8,395	8,838	8,786	9,643	9,815	57,614	48,994	1,06,608	6-90	5-66	5.94	5-14	
210 5 69 19 19 15 47 3	212 16 91 16 28 12 39 5	165 9 78 16 39 13 26 3	190 15 104 22 25 13 48 1	213 17 170 29 38 25 49 3	327 28 265 16 71 21 75 4	1,896 164 1,328 293 875 140 444 42	1,449 92 894 192 518 84 260 23	3,345 256 9,183 485 1,393 224 704 65	5-78 -87 3-57 1-05 3-34 -55 1-97 -28	5-73 -62 2-90 -88 2-51 -41 -95 -20	5-78 +77 3-31 1-05 2-99 -50 1-13 -25	-54 -96 -24 1-41 2-03 -38 -67 -88	22 23 24 25 25 27 28 29 29
7,959	8,804	9,187	9,199	10,187	10,622	62,796	52,466	1,15,962	ō+48	5.06	5-28	4-69	

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ANNUAL FORM NO. XII.—DEATHS registered from during each month

1	2	-		8	1	4					5	
-	-		Circ Regis	tration.	Ville	ages.	1					
No.	Districts.	1	in each	from which from Plague ported.	in each	from which from Plague ported.						
		MON	Number District.	Number from I deaths from I were reported.	Number District.	Number from deaths from I were reported.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.
1	City of Bombay		1	1	1	1	1					
	Northern Registrat District.	tion										
2	East Khandesh		23		1,491		***	***		***		***
3	West Khandesh	***	10		1,293					122	112	***
4	Surat		11		785	***	***		***	***	***	
5	Broach		7		408			***				***
6	Kaira		15	3	580	23	69	223	274	73	9	+++
7	Panch Mahals		7		653					***	***	***
8	Ahmedabad		13		881	-	***					***
	Central Registrati District.	ion					1					
9	Ahmednagar	***	15	1	1,357	1						***
10	Poona		19	1	1,157	1	4	***	***	***	***	***
u	Nasik	-	19	•••	1,646		***			200	***	
12	Thana		15	1	1,552	1	1			***	***	***
13	Bombay Suburba	n	4	***	95							***
14	Kolaba		12	***	1,476	***	***	-		***	***	
15	Ratnagiri		15	2	1,305	4	1	3	2	6	4	***
16 17 18 19 20	Southern Registrat District. Belgaum Dharwar Bijapur Kanara Sholapur	tion 	14 18 13 16	8 14 7 8 4	1.089 1.296 1,120 1,233 717	91 60 93 11 90	38 135 23 5 68	25 82 3 13 37	25 45 23 8 12	9918 136	··· 4 35	
21	Satara		18	12	1,341	83	178	171	100	53	5	
	Total for the Provi excluding Sind	ince 	975	62	21,455	248	523	557	489	163	30	9
22 23 24 25 25 27 25 27 25 27	Sind Registratio District. Karachi Dadu Hyderabad Nawabshah Thar and Parkar Larkana Sukkur Upper Sind Front		12 10 11 9 13 10 12 6		1,041 1,047 870 734 948 2,118 685 1,652			1111111		111111		1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	Total for the sidency includ Sind		858	62	30,550	248	523	557	489	163	30	9

14 Vit m

PLAGUE in	the DISTRICTS	of the	BOMBAY	PRESIDENCY
of the year	1935.			

			1	1	1								
							Total		Rat	tio of Deper 1,000 Populati	eaths of on.	of pre-	
July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Mean ratio per 1,000 vious five years.	No.
						1		1	-00		•00	•03	1
							part of	Part Lands	1 220				
-77	***	***				•••			***				3
		***	***							***			3
					***	***	***	***	•••		***	-06	4
	***				***	***	***	***		***	***	***	5
***	***		***	***	***	273	375	648	-69	1.08	-87	.14	6
			***			***	***	***				•••	7
	***		***	***	***	•••	***	***		***			8
												Baltro	
	***			2	***		2	2	444	-00	-00	.01	9
***	***	-				2	2	4	-00	•00	-00	-07	10
***	***	***	***	1.44	***	***			1444	***		•36	11
	***		-	***	***	1		1	•00		-00	-17	19
***	***	***	***	***				***	***	***		-05	13
	***		***	***	***							-05	14
2		***	***	***		8	10	18	•01	-01	-01	•08	15
 	1 13 1 3 34 34 34	24 9 83 82	 21 25 11 127 32	 6 3 27 50	; 39 3 5 2 52	83 143 54 82 225 281	58 193 66 45 221 429	91 335 120 77 446 710	-06 -25 -12 -15 -50 -47	-11 -86 -15 -22 -52 -73	-08 -30 -14 -18 -51 -60	2-95 2-44 3-28 41 60 1-56	16 17 18 19 90 21
46	86	148	216	94	92	1,053	1,400	2,453	-11	-17	-14	•68	
													92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99
46	86	148	216	94	93	1,053	1,400	2,453	-09	•13	-11	•56	

вм Bk P 4-18a

APPENDIX

STATEMENT

Showing the Particulars of Vaccination in the

No.	Distr	icts or Tov	vns.			Population of District according to census of 1981.	Average number of Vaccinator employed throughou the year.
1	H.E.F.	9		and a	-	3	4
	A-DISTRIC	TS (exclud	ling Town	151			
1	Ahmednagar					915,322	15
2	Poona				***	904,827	14
3	Nasik		***		***	894,827	15
4	Thana	***		***		788,518	15
5	Bombay Suburban				***	101,432	-
6	Kolaba		-			605,522	10
7	Ratnagiri					1,215,590	21
8	Belgaum		***	***		1,001,850	13
9	Dharwar	***			***	908,205	11
10	Bijapur			***		813,876	11
11	Kanara	***				387,159	1
12	Setara			***		1,105,106	19
13	Sholapur					675,796	1
14	Surat			***		562,852	1
15	Broach					276,125	1
16	Kaira			***		626,955	1
17	Panch Mahals	***				397,323	
18	Ahmedabad					644,195	1
19	East Khandesh					1,018,466	1
20	West Khandesh			***		677,196	1
21	Karachi					315,413	1
22	Hyderabad		***			562,373	1
28	Nawabshah	***				496,612	
24	Thar and Parkar	***				464,199	19
25	Dađu	***				336,693	
26	Larkana				- 1 4	438,558	
27	Sukkur	***			100	475,097	1
28	Upper Sind Frontier			***		238,796	1

No. I.

Bombay Presidency during the year 1935-36.

				Average		Prim	ary Vaccin	ation.	
	Total nun vad	aber of pers peinated.	ons	number of persons vaccinated		1	Successfu	L.	
	Male.	Female.	Total.	by each Vaccina- tor.	Total.	Under one year.	One and under six years.	Total of all ages.	Un- known
	5	6	7			1			
-		0		8	9	10	11	19	13
201									
P. R.	17,311 8,593	17,110 2,049	84,421 10.642	} 2,651	34,421	26,795	6,025	33,001	1,40
P. R.	14,799 4,760	14,964 780	29,763 5,540	2,354	29,763	21,565	6,688	28,452	1,30
P. R.	15,881 9,783	15,389 1,446	31,220 11,229	} 2,497	31,230	22,598	6,410	29,250	1,92
P. B.	12,848 4,822	19,935 1,633	25,783 6,455	} 1,896	25,783	15,518	8,729	24,542	1,20
P. R.	1,758 1,428	1,631 470	3,389 1,898	} 2,643	3,389	2,274	850	3,158	92
P. R.	9,578 2,596	9,388 816	18,966 3,712	1,620	18,966	13,915	5,116	18,442	51
P. R.	20,331 4,847	18,991 2,937	39,399 7,084	\$ 2,210	39,392	26,361	9,945	37,240	1
P. R.	15,930 45,845	15,730 20,654	\$1,660 65,999	} 5,745	31,660	21,447	7,677	29,596	2,02
P. R.	13,790 38,201	13,803 16,799	27,598 55,000	} 4,847	27,593	19,837	6,099	26,254	1,33
Р. В.	14,365 33,118	14,363 14,839	28,728 47,957	5,112	28,728	20,678	6,663	27,640	1,07
P. R.	6,157 15,964	5,323 7,835	11,480 23,799	} 2,352	11,480	2,335	6,928	10,967	49
P.	18,438 16,992	17,627 4,441	36,065 21,433	3,026	36,065	27,976	5,412	33,579	2,467
P. B.	12,310 11,058	11,813 1,491	24,123 12,549	3,334	24,123	17,190	4,537	21,858	2,250
P. Ber	10,297	9,849	20,146 2,635	1,898	20,146	12,135	6,048	18,674	1,445
P R.	4,488	4,236	8,794 475	1,839	8,725	6,036	2,081	8,273	430
P. B.	10,735 2,049	9,579 398	20,314	2,276	20,318	14,115	4,695	18,875	1,317
2.	6,915 593	6,573 272	2,447 13,487	2,050	13,489	9,897	2,845	13,276	1,196
P.	11,734 2,103	10,777	865 29,511	9,109	29,516	15,030	5,114	20,227	2,153
P.	18,040	704 17,864	2,807 35,404	2,491	35,405	25,710	6,448	32,418	
P B	12,468	400 19,414	6,956 24,882	2,256	24,882	18,630	3,163	21,912	2,947 2,860
2. 2.	4,925	265 3,637	2,194	1,240	7,862	2,868	4,248	7,628	
A. 2. 3.	1,436 7,395 1,317	629 6,060	2,065 13,455	1,501	13,455	5,064	7,083	19,513	234
2.	7,847	243 6,874	1.560 14,721	1,739	14,722	8,188	5,391	13,825	940
	789 7,561	137 6,481	926 14,042	1,348	14,043	6,660	6,407	13,366	881
2	1,717 5,526	417 4,644	9,134 10,170	1,673	10,171				635
	1,085 7,513	460 6,798	1,545	Contraction of the	Carlo State	5,414	3,748	9,529	641
R. P.	4,113 7,351	673 6,728	4.786	2,728	14,340	8,292	4,384	19,997	1,285
· · ·	612 4,033 327	74 3,789 84	686 7,779 411	1,848	14,079 7,772	9,913 4,553	3,358 2,571	12,636 7,274	1,442
P.	299,624 294,738	284,769 81,049	584,993 305,787	2,512	584,438	389,524	148,153	546,402	35,166

IV.

						Re-vaccination.	_
No.	Districts of	r Towns			a bayer	of the support	
10.	21041040				Total.	Successful.	Unknown.
1	2				14	15	16
1	A TRACT TRACTOR	States -	1 Martin	1	and and and	-	
						The Designation of the	
					1.000	1. 1. 1.	
	A-DISTRICTS (e	xeludin	g Towns))-			
1	Ahmednagar				10,642	6,323	2,3
2	Poona	***	***	***	5,540	1,280	3,90
3	Nasik	***		***	11,229	4,364	3,0
4	Thana	***			6,455	2,564	1,80
Б	Bombay Suburban			***	1,898	569	80
6	Kolaba				3,712	1,205	1,0
7	Ratnagiri		***	***	7,084	3,098	2,5
8	Belgaum		***		65,999	13,353	24,3
9	Dharwar	***	***		55,000	11,695	20,2
10	Bijapur		***		47,975	13,691	16,7
11	Kanara	***	***		23,799	7,896	6,4
12	Satara		***		21,433	2,775	10,8
13	Sholapur	•••			12,550	8,491	2,3
14	Surat	***	***	***	2,635	786	8
15	Broach		***		478	112	
16	Kaira	***			2,447	371	7
17	Panch Mahals				865	219	2
18	Ahmedabad	***	***		2,807	- 600	5
19	East Khandesh		•••		6,956	2,448	1,3
20	West Khandesh	***	***		2,194	639	6
21	Karachi	***	***		2,065	.82	6
22	Hyderabad				1,560	101	6
23	Nawabshah	***	***	***	926	156	2
24	Thar and Parkar				2,134	177	5
25	Dađu	***	***		1,545	220	2
26	Larkana				4,786	902	1,7
27	Sukkur	-			686	41	3
28	Upper Sind Frontier				411	- 70	1
	Total of District	s (oxeln	Aing tow	DS)	305,806	84,228	104.9

120

* Includes cost of Inspectors of Sanitation and Vaccination in Southern, Northern and Sind

successf in whi result	tage of ul cases ich the s were own.		Persons success- fully vaccinated per 1,000	Total cos Vaccinat Departm	ion	Number of all successful vaccinations and re-vaccina- tions per- formed by the	formed by	ul r-
Primary.		-vac- ation.	of popula- tion.	Departm	ent	vaccination staff only.	vaccinati staff.	on
17		18	19	20		21	22	
12.11				Rs. a.	p.	- manual an	Rs. a.	p.
1				1.44		All and the second second		
			0.287					
99-96		76-25	42-96	15,504 (39,324	0 6	4
99-99 99-83		54.70	32:66	18,747 14		29,732	0 7	5
99-83		53·46 55·71	37-59 34-37	15,735 10		33,614	0 7	6
99-91		51.52	36.74	15,898 1 2,072 8		27,106	0 9	6
99-95		45.11	82.44	12,806 5		3,727	0 8	
94-73		67-80	28.08	17,543 13		19,647 40,338	0 10	
99.87		33-09	42.87	16,706 0		42,949	0 6	
99-97		33-68	41-78	17,496 15		37,949	0 6 7	
99-96		43.81	50-78	15,446 3		41,331		4
99-82		45-53	48.72	13,298 1		18,863	0 11	
99-94		25-14	32-53	19,849 1	9	36,354		8
99-96		83-11	44-99	11,271 3	0	30,349	0 5	
99-84		44-81	34-57	11,965 4	0	19,460	0 9	9
99-73		28-50	30-37	4,681 15	C	8,385	0 8	8
99-34		21-77	30.70	9,294 6	0	19,246	0 6 1	11
70-99		34-00	30.57	6,496 5	3	12,495	0 7	
99-33		26-79	32.33	10,849 2	8	20,827	0 7	9
99-88		44-05	34.23	16,573 5	3	34,866	0 7	7
99-64		40-91	33-30	14,431 9	0	22,551	0 10	1
100-00		5-84	24-44	10,340 10	6	7,710	1 5	5
99-98		9-54	22-43	10,853 5		12,614	0 13	9
99-88		24.04	28.15	9,618 10	7	13,981	0 11	0
99-69		11-08	29.17	12,276 4	5	13,543	0 14	6
99-99		17-39	28.96	7,153 8	6	9,749	0 11	9
99-56		30-12	31-19	8,166 8	6	13,899	0 9	5
99-99		13.71	26.68		6	12,677	0 11	1
100-00	inis -	30.57	80-75	5,801 0	4	7,344	0 12	8
99-47	and the	41-93	32.49	*3,51,803 8	0	630,630	0 9	-

121

Registration Districts which has not been shown separately against the respective districts.

so.	B Towns.			Dis	tion of trict ding to us of 31,	Average number Vaccinate employe througho the year	of ors ed
1	2				8	4.	
-			21				
1	AHMEDNAGAR DISTRICT-						
1	Sangamner Town (Local Fund)			1000	15,355		
2	Ahmednagar Town (Municipal)				41,890		1
3	Ahmednagar Cantonment	***			11,141	M. O.	1
200							
	POORA DISTRICT						
-	Junnar Town (Local Fund)				8,421		
4 5	Baramati do. (do.)				14.170	10-00	
6	Lonavla do. (do.)			1.0	10,694		
7	Poons City (Municipal)				162,901	No. of Lot of Lo	94
8	Poona Suburban (Municipal)		***	1000	16,676	- max	1
9	Poons Cantonment	a lugar	1	12	28,257	Cherthe La	1
10	Kirkee Cantonment			1.0.00	9,976	M. O.	3
	A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL PROPERTY.			10.00		1100 -	
	NASIK DISTRICT-			12.00		No. 10	
11	Nasik Town (Municipal)	Contrast .		100	48,703	April	1
12	Yeola do. (do.)	Treasure		0.00	16,751	1.19-00	3
13	Malegaon do. (do.)	Tran		500	32,462	11-11	1
14	Deolali Cantonment	00-07au		12.51	6,114	M. O.	1
	1 2			10-mil		and .	
	THANA DISTRICT-			1002		terms 1	
15	Thana Town (Municipal)		**	10.00	21,816	(second as	1
16	Kalyan do. (do.)		-	12.00	26,291	Pages -	1
	To present they are at succes			Pro. K		Paster .	
	BOMBAY SUBURBAN DISTRICT-			164		100.00	
17	Bandra Town (Municipal)	41 Qin		100 12	43,290	Page 1	1
18	Kurla do. (do.)	TI Tim		1011	30,311	(and	3
19	Santa Cruz Cantonment		***		2,030	10-01	
	A THINK AND A TOWN			100		and the	
	KOLABA DISTRICT-			1000	8,423	199.00	
				All and	Ostano		
20 21	Panwel Town (Local Fund) Alibag do. (do.)			1	6,653		

122

				Average		Prima	ry Vaccin	ation.	
1	otal nnr vad	nber of pers coinated.	ions	number of persons vaccinated by each		-	Successful		Un-
-	fale.	Female.	Total.	Vaccina- tor.	Total.	Under one year.	One and under six years.	Total of all ages.	known.
1	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
(P.	287	237	524	1			in the second		
P.R.P.R. P.R.P.R. P.R.	187	89 1,077	276 2,167	1	524	318	179	502	22
R.	34 146	822 108	356 254	2,523	2,167	1,837	329	2,152 253	3
(R.	63	11	74	} 328	254	238	10	200	
/P.	46	57	103	}	103	69	30	100	3
}P.	153	167 167	6 319	}	319	265	36	304	15
}P.	8 63	63	3 126	1	126	83	36	119	7
} .	3 2,629	5 2,548	5,177	\$ 2,906	5,177	4,680	471	5,167	8
12.	874 257 57	261 922 32	635 479 89	568	479	424	51	477	2
IP.	385 229	362 177	747 406	1,153	747	699	44	744	8
P. R. P.	203 25	208 6	411 31	} 442	411	329	79	411	
(P.	1,027	1,033	2,060	} 9,314	2,060	1,625	340	1,978	78
P. R. P. R. P.	156 360	.98 345	254 708	\$ 709	708	547	125	675	33
} R.	1 591	544	1,136	1,962	1,135	880	101	981	146
} R.	122 207 308	189 115	197 396 423	} 819	396	147	117	396	
(P.	382	388	770	} 921	770	524	216	747	16
P.R.P.R.	389 119 441	39 455	770 151 896 117	1,013	896	492	286	806	76
JR.	65	52	117	5			1.		
{ P. R.	916 475	876 511	1,792 986 1,034 668 143	} 2,778	1,792	1,257	488	1,787	4
P.R.P.R.P.R.	475 508 409	526 259 65	1,034 668	1,702	1,034	713	155	871	161
{P. R.	409 78 26	65 23	143 49	} 192	143	95	25	123	20
{P. B.	133 12	112 6	245 18 181	}	245	176	67	244	1
P.R.P.R.P.R.	105 15	76	33	§	181	119	49	170	10
ER.	99	18 92 3	191	}	191	102	74	178	12

		-		Re-vaccination	l.
io.	B Towns.	т	otal.	Successful.	Unknown.
1	91 II g III I		14	15	16
	AHMEDNAGAR DISTRICT-			2 1 1 1 1	
1	Sangamner Town (Local Fund)		276	200	49
2	Ahmednagar Town (Municipal)		356	166	78
3	Ahmednagar Cantonment		74	74	
	POONA DISTRICT-	1			
4	Junnar Town (Local Fund)		6	3	
5	Baramati do. (do.)		3		2
6	Lonavla do. (do.)	***	8	2	
7	Poona City (Municipal)		635	25	452
8	Poona Suburban (Municipal)		89	5	81
9	Poona Cantonment	in the second	406	17	388
10	Kirkee Cantonment		81	31	
	NASIK DISTRICT-			La lore	
11	Nasik Town (Municipal)		254	112	95
12	Yeola do. (do.)	***	1		
13	Malegaon do. (do.)		127	20	42
14	Deolali Cantonment		423	263	40
	THANA DISTRICT-	1		1 m	See
15	Thans Town (Municipal)		151	72	29
16	Kalyan do. (do.)		117	65	28
	BOMBAY SUBURBAN DISTRICT-	1			The second second
17	Bandra Town (Municipal)		986	47	527
18	Kurla do. (do.)		668	. 216	250
19	Santa Cruz Cantonment		49	26	23
	KOLABA DISTRICT-	4		te - Las	1 Jan
20	Panwel Town (Local Fund)		18	10	1
21	Alibag do. (do.)		33	9	***
22	Mahad do. (do.)		7	1	3

No. I-contd.

success in whi result	tage of ful cases ich the is were wn.	Persons success- fully vaccinated per 1,000 of	Total cost of Vaccination Department.	Number of all successful vaccinations and re-vaccina- tions per- formed by the	Average cost of each successful case per- formed by the
Primary.	Re-vacci- nation.	popula- tion.	Department.	vaccination staff only.	vaccination staff.
17	18	19	20	21	22
	1351	-	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
100-00	<u>88-11</u>	45-79		702	
99-45	58.66	55-34	1,252 9 6	2,318	0 8 8
99-61	100-00	29-35	145 9 0	327	071
99-01	100 00		1 2	8 1 MI	
	and the second se		1 22 3	and the second	
100-00	50-00	12-23		108	
100-00		21-45		304	
100-00	25-00	11-32		121	
99-96	13-66	31-87	4,231 4 8	5,192	0 13 3
100.00	62-50	28.90	1,099 8 3	489	2 4 6
100.00	99-44	26-93	809 2 0	761	11(
100.00	100-00	44-31		442	
100.00					
	PTLAN !!	and the second	A COLORED IN COLORED		
		a series			A REAL STR.
99-50	70-44	42-91	848 0 0	2,090	0 6 1
100.00		40.36	504 0 9	675	0 11 11
99-19	23.53	30-84	785 1 0		0 12 1
100.00	68 ·61	107.79	96 0 0	669	0 2 4
	TITATE A		10.2 1.1		Spirit a
	Company of the local				a line a
99-07	59-01	37-54	893 4 0	819	111
98-29	73-03	33-13	1,012 4 0	871	1 2 1
	sizes - all	1	-	10000	Analan.
99-94	10-24	49.37	1,089 5 0	1,834	096
99-77	51-68	35*86	1,267 8 6	1,087	1 2 8
100-00	100-00	73-40		149	
100 00	Arman and			and and	and and a
100.00	58-82	30.16		254	
99-42	27-27	26-91		179	
99-44	25-00	22.03		179	

No.	A REAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF	B Towns.				Dis	ation of trict ling to sus of 31.	Average number o Vaccinato employe througho the year	of ors od ut
1	· · · ·	2					8	4	
-					1		and and		
	RATNAGIRI DISTRICT-						-		
23	Ratnagiri Town (Loca	I Fund)					23,906		
24		10.)					13,056		
25	and the second s	lo.)			***		29,817		
25	Vengurla do. (d	10.)	***		***		20,158		
	BELGAUM DISTRICT-				30		24.		
27	Belgaum		***	***			41,204		1
28	Gokak						11,866	******	
53	Athani		***	***	***		13,561		
30	Belgaum Cantonment		•••		***		8,220	S. A. S.	1
	Sala and Station				164				
	DHARWAR DISTRICT-						and the second		
31	Dharwar		***		***		41,671		1
32	Hubli		***		***		89,982		1
33	Gadag-Betigeri		***	• •••			45,852		1
34	Ranebennur			***	•••		16,967		
							-		
	BIJAPUR DISTRICT-								
35	Bijapur		***	***			39,747		1
26	Bagalkot		•••		***		15,597		1
	and the second								
0.7	KANABA DISTRICT-						10 100		
37	Karwar						16,122		1
20	Kumtha						131003		
	Samana Dremotor				-		1000		
39	SATARA DISTRICT-			Contra -	1		26,379		1
40	Wai		***				11,760	and the second	
41	Karad						14,479		
42	Ashta			194	***		11,251		
43	Islampur		***				10,737		

						Prime	ary Vaccina	tion.	
T	otal nur vac	nber of pers scinated.	ons	Average number of persons vaccinated by each Vaccina-	Total.	Under	Successful	Total	Un- known.
M	ale.	Female.	Total.	tor,		one year.	under six years.	of all ages.	AHOWH.
	δ.	6	7	8	9	10	11	19	13
P. R.	278 214	276 61	554 275	} {	554	251	210	492	69
P.R.P.R.P.R.P.R.	146 102	138 55	284 157	}	284	141	128	273	10
P. B.	351 68	328 44	679 112	}	679	422	- 225	678	1
(P. R.	172 163	190 195	852 358	}	852	168	145	338	14
P. R.	1,218 13,713	1,131 6,142	9,349 19,855	} 22,204	2,349	1,689	439	2,137	20(
P. R.	237 455	249 167	486 622	} 1,108	496	274	164	444	45
P. R.	228 2,699	209 1,255	437 3,954	} 4,391	437	298	124	436	1
(P. R.	112 301	107 417	219 718	} 937	219	150	40	190	21
(P. R.	715 2,250	718 1,346	1,433 3,596	} 5,029	1,433	1,116	300	1,428	-
P.	1,239 2,323	1,267	2,506 4,156	6,662	2,506	2,206	159	2,382	12
R. P. R.	732 2,484	723	1,455 4,097	5,559	1,455	833	165	999	450
(P. R.	263 99	281 12	544 111	} 655	544	431	93	525	11
P.	1,069	1,005 2,654	2,074	} 8,490	2,074	1,501	511	2,044	2
(P. (R. (P. (R.	1,069 3,752 540 4,024	537 1,978	2,074 6,406 1,077 6,002	} 7,079	1,077	728	322	1,074	1
P.	308 1,312	298 896	606 9,208	} 2,904	606	133	396	581	2
(P. (R. (P. (R.	92 64	73	165 76	\$ 241	165	32	110	165	
(P.	397 300	414	811 344	} 1,155	811	615	117	742	6
P.R.P.R.P.R.P.R.P.R.	177 58	204	381 67	448	381	288	75	365	1 1
P. R.	277 1,473	261 560	538 2,033	\$ 2,571	538	401	108	510	2
(P. R.	157 15	145 2	302 17	319	302	213	61	281	2
(P. R.	110	95	205	3 205	205	161	31	192	1

	ALTERNATION OF A DESCRIPTION			_	Re-vaccination.					
τo.	B Town	15.			Total.	Successful.	Unknown.			
1		-			14	15	16			
28	RATNAGIRI DISTRICT- Ratnagiri Town (Loc	al Fund		-	275		275			
24	Chiplun do. ()		157		102			
25	Malwan do. ()		112	109	3			
26	Vengurla do. ()		358	145	n			
	BELGAUM DISTRICT-					24.1				
27	Belgaum			***	19,855	1,613	9,163			
28	Gokak				622	66	125			
29	Athani			***	3,954	1,528	1,188			
30	Belgaum Cantonment			•••	718	116	215			
	DHARWAR DISTRICT-			-		- 1200 B	-			
31	Dharwar				3,596	1,090	902			
32	Hubli			••••	4,156	1	4,148			
53	Gadag-Betigeri			***	4.097	173	3,207			
34	Ranebennur				111	17	52			
	BIJAPUR DISTRICT-			1		and and	1000			
35	Bijapur				5,406	1,087	3,440			
36	Bagalkot				6,002	2,662	2,161			
	KANABA DISTRICT-			1 1000			TTAL			
37	Karwar		••••	***	2,208	712	280			
38	Kumtha				76	16	27			
	SATABA DISTRICT-			7 23			1 million			
39	Satara			***	344	22	295			
40	Wai		•••		67	3	1			
41	Karad		•••	••••	2,033		1,820			
42	Ashta		***	•••	17	6	2			
43	Islampur			••••	***					

Success in wh result	ntage of ful cases ich the s were own.	Persons success- fully vaccinated per 1,000 of	Total cost of Vaccination Department.	Number of all successful vaccinations and re-vaccina- tions per- formed by the	Average cost of each successful case per- formed by the	
Primary.	Re-vac- cination.	popula- tion.		vaccination staff only.	vaccination staff.	
17	18	19	20	21	22	
	1. 6 40		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	
	1 minute			and the second second		
100.00		20-58	****	492		
99-63	76-36	24.12		315		
100-00	100-00	19-08		787		
100-00	41-78	9-57		483		
	ALC: NO.			Acres and the		
		and the second	E State	COLOR DI SONT		
99-81	15.09	91.01	703 5 1	3,750	0 3 0	
100-00	13.28	42-98		510		
100-00	55-24	144.97		1,964		
98-96	23.06	87-23	120 0 0	306	0 6 3	
	in al		There	Latin and		
	pillar a	11/11/1		and I wanted		
99-93	41.86	62-11	746 14 0	2,518	0 4 9	
100-00	12.50	32.04	960 15 0	2,383	0 6 6	
99-90	19-46	27.74	800 9 0	1,172	0 11 11	
100-00	28.81	82-39		543		
	and the second second		and the second	Contraction of the		
	00.00	78.17	1,078 2 9	3,131	054	
99-95	36·65 69·30	239-53	656 5 0	3,736	0 3 3	
99-91	00.00	200 00				
99-49	36-93	80-20	919 2 0	1,293	0 11 5	
100.00	32-65	12-44		181		
	idea -		all light	to it haven't served		
99-46	44-90	28-96	615 6 0	764	0 12 11	
100-00	4.55	31.29		368		
100.00		35-22		510		
100.00	40-00	25·51	******	287		
100.00		17.88		193		

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No.	B Towns.				Population of District according to census of 1931.	Average number Vaccinate employe througho the yea	of ors
1	2		" they "		3	4	
4	a section of the sect						
	SHOLAPUR DISTRICT-						
44	Sholapur	***		***	144,654		2
45	Barsi			***	29,460		1
46	Pandharpur			***	27,610		1
	my man and an and						
	SURAT DISTRICT-						
47	Surat Town (Municipal)	***	***		98,986		3
48	Rander Town (Local Fund)	***	***		12,344		
49	Bulsar do. (do.)	***			19,481	*****	
	UNIX .						
	BROACH DISTRICT-					-	
50	Broach Town (Municipal)	***		-++4	34,276		1
51	Jambusar Town (Local Fund)	***	***	-	11,734	******	
52	Ankleshwar do. (do.)	***			12,035		
	ALL MARKED AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN						
	RAIBA DISTRICT-						
53	Kaira Town (Local Fund)	***	10000		8,316		
54	Mehmedabad Town (do.)	***	· · · ·		7,116	******	
55	Nadiad Town (Municipal)						1
56	Borsad Town (Local Fund)	***	***		1		
57	Anand do. (do.)		***		BARRA LAND	*** **	
59	Umreth do. (do.)	•••	***	**	14,779	*****	
59	Dakore do. (do.)		***				
60	Kapadvanj do. (do.)	***		2000	16,556		
	During Million Deserves				and the second s		
	PANCH MAHALS DISTRICT-				75.110	and the second s	
61	Godhra Town (Local Fund) Dohad do. (do.)	***			19230		
62	Dohad do. (do.)		100		22,093	*****	
	AHMEDABAD DISTRICT-				they are	in the second	
	The second se					100 Barris	
63	Ahmedabad Town (Municipal)		10.2**		310,000	1 1000	
64	Dhandhuka Town (Local Fund)	***	1000		9,076		

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				-			Prim	ary Vaccin	ation.	
	otal num vac	iber of perso cinated.	ns	nun pe vace by	verage nber of ersons cinated v each	Total.	Under	Successful.	Total	Un-
	ale.	Female.	Total.		tor.	LUcal.	one year.	under six years.	of all ages.	known.
	5	6	7		8	9	10	11	12	13
			THE							
{ P. R.	4,002	2,860	7,862 3,713	1	5,757	7,862	5,167	2,155	7,499	863
(P.	2,482 792	1,231 812	1,004	{	1,763	1,604	1,065	277	1,854	247
{ P. R. { P. R.	113 674 1,174	46 696 276	159 1,370 1,450	}	2,890	1,370	1,030	79	1,113	257
(P.	2,663	9,453	5,115 3,045	1	0 700	5,115	5 807	888	4.776	295
R. (P.	2,066 240	979 243	483	3	2,720 625	483	3,867	132	3,710	161
{ P. R. F. R. R. R.	124 311	18 255	142 566	1	574	566	309	234	550	16
(R.	6	2	8	5	511	500	000	201	000	10
(P. B.	1,092	1,105	2,197 520	}	2,717	2,197	1,753	401	9,153	3(
P. R.	198 9	207 7	405 16	1	491	405	193	184	880	24
(P. (P. (P. (P. R.	241 5	189	430 7	1	437	430	318	70	391	39
		-			-	1 5 1		1-shirts		1 92
{ P. R.	96 33	83 5	179 38	3	217	179	132	43	177	1
{P. R.	96 49	91 1	187	13	230	187	136	140	176	1 1
	590 758	438 325	1,028	13	2,111	1,028	812	127	941	7
P.R.P.R.P.R.P.R.P.R.	297 140	249 89	539 229	13	768	539	293	181	479	6
{ P. R.	225 300	190 180	415 480	13	495	416	258	104	363	4
{ P. R.	277 60	249 14	596 74 223	}	600	527	411	61	473	-4
{ P. R.	129 74	94 97	101	}	324	223	148	48	196	2
{ P. R.	277 115	284 31	561 145	}	707	561	390	132	524	3
		- 14			-	-	1 4) Alter	a start and	19
{P.	681	634 6	1,315	}	1,348	1,315	919	115	1,034	97
{ P. R. { P. R.	27 348 23	324 30	672 53	1	725	672	542	78	617	1.5
(20			1			5 18	1 2 - 10	Derived	- 23
{ P. R,	6,561 1,954	6,167 811	12,798 2,765	}	3,099	12,789	11,129	931	12,067	47
{ P. R.	202 9	181 4	383 13	}	396	353	270	78	359	2
				1		the second	1 martin	and the second second		1

5M Bk P 4-14

				and the	Re-vaccination	1.
	B Towns.					72
No.	B Towns.			Total.	Successful.	Unknown.
-				TOBRIT	Directoria	
1	2			14	15	16
	SHOLAPUR DISTRICT-					
44	Sholapur			3,718	455	669
45	Barsi			159	60	62
46	Pandharpur			1,450	438	266
47	SUBAT DISTRICT- Surat Town (Municipal)	112.55"		3,045	82	2,882
48	Rander Town (Local Fund)		0.00	142	30	- 37
49	Bulsar do. (do.)			8	5	2
		3				
	BROACH DISTRICT-		170		and the second	State of State
50	Broach Town (Municipal)			590	143	275
51	Jambusar Town (Local Fund)			16	2	7
52	Ankleshwar do. (do.)			7		2
			1.10		1	8 733
	KAIRA DISTRICT-		Tak		Lines -	
53	Kaira Town (Local Fu	und)		33	12	10
54	Mehmedabad Town (do.)		43	8	8
55	Nadiad Town (Municipal)	•••		1,083	68	605
56	Borsad Town (Local Fund)			229	26	161
57	Anand do. (do.)	***	***	480	16	100
58	Umreth do. (do.)	***		74	9	21
59	Dakor do. (do.)	***	***	101	1	56
60	Kapadvanj do. (do.)	***		146	40	43
	PANCH MAHALS DISTRICT-		Frid		1-11-1-	12
61	Godhra Town (Local Fund)			33	10	90
62	Dohad do. (do.)			53	20	12
	AHMEDABAD DISTRICT-		1 als		a men	Inter the
63	Ahmedabad Town (Municipal			2,765	5	2,744
64	Dhandhuka Town (Local Fun	a)		13		

in wh result	ntage of ful cases ich the swere own.	Persons success- fully vaccinated per 1,000 of	Total cost of Vaccination Department.	Number of all successful vaccinations and re-vaccina- tions per-	Average cost of each successful case per- formed by the
Primary.	Re-vac- cination.	popula- tion.		formed by the vaccination staff only.	vaccination staff.
17	18	19	20	91	23
			Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
100-00	21.52	54-99	2,496 12 3	7,954	053
99-78	61.86	48-00	952 0 0	1,414	0 10 10
100-00	36-99	56-18	1,066 15 10	1,551	0 11 0
	4. 25 199	- 1		Same and Long	
99-15	50-31	24-42	2,249 8 9	4,858	075
99-69	28.57	28-43		351	
100-00	82-22	28-49		555	
	THE R. LANS				
	And the lot of			1 and a second	
99-63	58.37	66-99	S23 8 0	2,296	050
99-74	22-22	32-55	******	362	
100-00		32-49		391	
	ing to		A REAL	The section	
99-44	42-86	22-73		189	9410
98.32	22-86	25.85		184	
98.74	14-23	29-18	852 15 0	1,009	0 13 6
100-00	38-24	38-94		505	
· 96-80	4-21	58-23	*****	379	
97-93	16-98	32.61	*****	482	
98-00	2-22	23-20		197	
98-87	38-83	34-07		564	
			-		
99-23	76-92	29-73		1,044	*****
100-00	48.78	28-83		637	
98-02	23-81	38-94	5,598 5 0	12,972	075
98-67		38-78		353	

sm Bk P 4-14a

io.	B Towns.			D accor col	lation of istrict ording to nsus of 1931.	Average number of Vaccinato employe throughou the year	of ors d ut
1	9		EL	1	3	17.4	
-	the seal						
				1. 1.			
10				5000		-	
LOR	AHMEDABAD DISTRICT-contd.			1818		-	
65	Viramgam Town (Local Fund)	**** 84			18,965		
66	Ahmedabad Cantonment				2,492		1
67	Dholka Town (Local Fund)				13,743		
3							
	EAST KHANDESH DISTRICT-			1000		andia	
68	Jalgaon Town (Municipal)	***			84,875		1
69	Bhusawal do. (do.)	***			27,980	1000	3
	All other Towns (do.)	•••	***		125,205		10
	annual an with a bight a state			No. A		- 22.400	
	WEST KHANDESH DISTRICT-			1 1 1000		A Dest of	
70	Dhulia Town (Municipal)	***			39,989	COMPLEX.	1
71	Nandurbar Town (do.)		***		16,919		1
72	All other Towns (do.)		***		37,740		
	and a second second			i heres		PERS I	
	KABACHI DISTRICT-			-		A Posting	
73	Karachi Town (Municipal)				254,031	100-401	1
74	Tatta Town (do.)		***	***	9,635		
	and the second second			1 20.00		- ESTRE S	
	HYDERABAD DISTRICT-			1.		(C) MARCE	
75	Hyderabad Town (Municipal)	•••			96,021	The Real Property lies	1
76	Do. Cantonment				4,530		100
	THAR AND PARKAR DISTRICT-			1.000		-	
77	Umarkote Town (Municipal)				3,841		
	and the second s						
	LARKANA DISTRICT-			the second	and the second second	a second	
78	Larkana Town (Municipal)		***	-+++	26,841	town in	

				Amongo		Primary Vaccination.					
т		ber of perso cinated.	ns	Average number of persons vaccinated by each		1	Successful.		Un-		
M	ale.	Female.	Total.	Vaccina- tor.	Total.	Under one year.	One and under six years.	Total of all ages.	known.		
-	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13		
			1								
	1				1		Hill				
							in Diversity				
{ P. R ,	349 270	824 102	673 872	} 1,045	673	352	166	525	141		
{P. R.	79 742	51 650	130 1,392	} 1,522	130	79	30	109	1		
{ P. R.	319 15	344 6	663 21	} 684	663	446	95	541	125		
{ P .	1,036 29	913 13	1,949	} 1,991	1,949	1,583	266	1,850	94		
{ P. R. P. R. P. R. P.	618 224	623 85	1,941 309	} 1,550	1,241	752	177	931	307		
{Р. К.	2,419 882	9,335 84	4,747 966	} 1,904	4,747	3,467	961	4,438	304		
{P. R.	748 1,613	714 1,743	1,462 3,356	} 4,818	1,469	1,168	161	1,837	19		
{P. R.	293 1	278	571 2	1	571	434	78	512	5		
{P. R.	694 44	540 6	1,234	5 928	1,234	742	899	1,141	9		
							marin				
(P. R.	7,461 17,815	6,969 8,510	14,430 25,825 180	} 6,708	14,459	7,711	3,078	11,630	2,71		
P. R. P. R.	7,461 17,315 90 2	90 5	180 7	3	190	56	108	175	-		
					The second		and in	and the second			
{ P. R. P. R.	1,464 6,510 39	1,464 4,020	2,928 10,530	} 13,458	2,930	1,240	1,052	2,317	56		
(P. R.	32 2	28	60 2	} 60	60	34	23	60			
(P	35	30	65			20	24	63	1		
{ P. R.	35 94	+	65 24	}	65	39	1	03	-		
			1000		in the second	-		a reason of the			
{P. R.	364 52	316 9	680 61	} 741	690	394	285	679	1		

	and the second s	1		Re-vaccinatio	n.
No.	B Towns.		Total.	Successful.	Unknown.
1	2 4 4		14	15	10
	AHMEDABAD DISTRICT-contd.				
65	Viramgam Town (Local Fund)		372	8	128
66	Ahmedabad Cantonment	***	1,392	36	
67	Dholka Town (Local Fund)		21	1	10
	EAST KHANDESH DISTRICT-			10	18
68	Jalgaon Town (Municipal)		42 309	19 64	10
69	Bhusawal do. (do.) All other Towns (do.)		966	247	331
	WEST KHANDESH DISTRICT-	in a		122.1	12. 13
70	Dhulia Town (Municipal)		3,356	13	3,295
71	Nandurbar Town (Municipal)		2		1
72	All other Towns (Municipal)		50	8	17
	KARACHI DISTRICT-	NIL.S	25,825		25,825
73	Karachi Town (Municipal)	***	20,020		1
74	Tatta Town (Municipal)				
	HYDERABAD DISTRICT-				
75	Hyderabad Town (Municipal)		10,530	115	9,328
76	Do. Cantonment		g	2	
	THAR AND PARKAR DISTRICT-				E I
77	Umarkot Town (Municipal)	•••	94	3	
-	LARRANA DISTRICT-			1 12 12	
78	Larkana Town (Municipal)	12.2	61	1	60

in whi result	Percentage of successful cases in which the results were known.		Total cost of Vaccination Department.	Number of all successful vaccinations and re-vaccina- tions per-	Average cost of each successful case per- formed by the
Primary.	Re-vac- cination.	of popula- tion.	Department.	formed by the vaccination staff only.	vaccination staff.
17	18	19	20	21	22
			Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
98-68	3-28	28.10		533	
85-83	2.58	58-25		145	
100-00	9.10	39-43		542	
			- State State	and deter	and
99-84	79.17	54-37	683 13 0	1,869	0 5 10
99-68	38-02	35-54	685 13 0	995	0 11 0
99-89	38-90	37-42	2,833 10 6	4,685	091
100-00	21-13	83-90	895 1 3	1,350	0 10 7
100.00	•00	30-28	1	519	1
100-00	24-24	30-45	} 1,845 13 6	1,149	} 115
99-02		45.78	10,157 1 6	11,630	0 13 11
100.00	3-04	31-25		179	
97-85	9-57	25-38	5,359 9 0	2,432	935
100-00	100-00	13-69		62	
100-00	12-50	17-18		66	
100-00	100-00	25-33	622 0 0	680	0 14 10

No.	B Towns,		Population of District according to census of 1981.	Average number of Vaccinators employed throughout the year.
1	2 W 2		3	1
4				
79	Sukkur Town (Municipal)		69,277	1
80	Shikarpur do. (do.)		62,505	1
81	Rohri do. (do.)	***	10 000	1
	UPPER SIND FRONTIER DISTRICT-			
82	Jacobabad Town (Municipal)		15,748	. 1
83	Bombay City		1,161,393	9
	Total of To	owns	4,006,917	{ 64 M. O. 4
	Total of Dispensary	Staff		10
	Total of Private Medical Practitio	mers	00	
	Total of Railway Dispens	aries		19
	Grand	Total	. 21,855,300	{ 404 M. O. 33

						Prim	ary Vaccin	ation.	
	fotal num vac				1	1.	Successful.		1
			-	by each Vaccina- tor.	Total.	Under	One and under six	Total of all	Un- known.
1	Male.	Female,	Total.		1.20	year.	years.	ages.	
-	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
					-				
(P.	851	727	1,578	1 1 000			International State		-
(P. R.	83	27	110	} 1,698	1,578	1,020	534	1,654	24
{ P. R.	957 122	877 19	1,884	} 1,975	1,834	(1,216	606	1,894	10
{ P. R.	193 4	171 1	364 5	} 869	364	201	152	354	10
						in and			
{P. R.	190 28	156 3	336 31	} 367	336	917	110	330	
{ P. R.	15,590 41,457	15,108 17,753	30,698 59,210	} 9,990	30,698	20,926	7,964	28,273	2,255
P. R.	72,680	69,246 58,631	141,926 176,456	} 4,682	142,020	99,070	29,161	130,041	11,180
(P.	332	104	436	1					
(R.	11,829	656	12,485	} 1,292	436	157	45	426	5
f P.	16	12	28	1	28	17	8	27	***
R.	19	16	35	<u>} </u>					_
{ P.	1,024	855	1,879	306	1,879	988	473	1,619	8
R.	2,999	938	8,937	1				-	-
Р.	373,676	354,986	728,662	2,808	728,801	489,756	177,840	678,515	46,48
R.	357,410	141,290	498,700	P					1.

	- marine				_	1	Re-vaccination.	
Nc.	•	вто	wns.			Total.	Successful.	Unknown.
	at the				-		-	1000
11		-	2	14	1	14	15	16
79	SURKUR DIS Sukkur		(unicipal)			110	13	31
80	Shikarpur		do.)			141	48	44
81	Rohri	do. (do.)			5]		1
	1 Souri	us. (,	-				-
	UPPER SINI	FRONTI	ER DISTRI	ICT-				1. 1. 1.
82	Jacobabad	l Town (N	(unicipal)			31	7	20
83	Bombay C	lity				59,210	2.00	59,210
	- Lande		Tota	l of Towns		176,456	19,791	136,009
	100	Tota	l of Dispe	nsary Staff		12,485	7,986	921
	Total of	Private M	fedical Pr	actitioners		35	19	14
	anke -	Fotal of J	Railway D	ispensaries		3,937	1,482	1,229
	a lunger		G	rand Total	I	498,719	106,499	243,130

* Cost of Vaccine Institute, Belgaum, excluding profit made by sale of

success in whi result	Percentage of successful cases in which the results were known.		Total cost of Vaccination	Number of all successful vaccinations and re-vaccina-	Average cost of each successful case per-	
Primary.	Re-vac- cination.	of popula- tion.	Department.	tions per- formed by the vaccination staff only.	formed by the vaccination staff.	
17	18	19	20	21	22	
			Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p	
100-00	16-46	22-62	1,034 4 0	1,567	0 10 7	
100-00	49-48	29-95	831 6 6	1,872	0 7 10	
100-00		20-95	456 0 0	354	1 4 7	
	Tena (19 100		- me	- martine		
100-00	63-64	21.40	558 0 0	337	1 10 6	
99-42		24-34	55,385 9 11	28,973	1 15 4	
99-38	31-59	85-64	1,16,024 8 6	142,882	0 13 4	
98.15	69-05					
96-49	57.14					
90-34	54-72		*51,792 8 8			
99-43	41.66	31-52	5,49,620 9 8	773,462	0 11	

lymph to persons outside the Bombay Presidency.

1 1 1			
1.5	21		
		ю.	
	1.1		
1.00			

	Total nu persons vi		Total number of operations performed.		Percentage of suc cessful cases in which results were known.	
	Primary.	Re-vacci- nation.	Primary.	Re-vacci- nation.	Primary.	Re-vacci nation.
Districts excluding Towns	584,393	305,787	584,438	305,906	99-47	41.93
Towns	141,926	176,456	142,020	176,456	99-38	31-59
By Dispensary Staff	436	12,485	436	12,485	98-15	69-06
By Private Medical Practi- tioners.	28	35	28	35	96-42	57-16
By Railway Dispensaries	1,879	3,937	1,879	3,937	90.34	54-75
Total	728,662	498,700	728,801	498,719	99-43	41.66

No. I-concld.

mary.

Average number of persons vacci- nated by each Vaccinator.		Number of children successfully vaccinated.		Ratio of success-		Number of all success-	Average
Vacci- nators employ- ed.	Persons vaccinat- ed by each vaccina- tor.	Under one year.	One and under six years,	ful vaccinations per 1,000 of population.	Total cost of Department.	ful vaccina- tions per- formed.	cost of each success- ful case.
840	2,512	389,524	* 148,133	32-49	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
68	4,682	99,070	20,161	35-64			
10	1,292	157	45				
		17	8				
19	306	988	473				
437	2,808	489,756	177,840	31-52	549,620 9 8	773,462	0 11 4

143

Comparative Statement showing the number of persons successfully vaccinated in each

		PERSONS PRIMARIL						
Establishmen		 Total Number,	Number success- fully vacci- nated.	Total Number.	Number success- fully vacci- nated.			
		YEARS END						
		1926-1	927.	1927-1	928.			
Districts excluding Towns	-	 504,967	449,538	508,298	451,750			
Fowns (Municipalities and Cant	onment)	 116,422	79,511	102,218	78,887			
Dispensaries and Medical Officer	rs	 773	514	808	609			
	Total	 622,182	529,568	611,324	531,246			

Thursday in some	PRIMABILY
FERSONS	I PUBLA BURN

	-				
Establishment.		Fotal amber.	Number success- fully vacci- nated.	Total Number.	Number success- fully vacci- nated.
				Yı	ARS ENDER
	-	1931	-1932,	1932-	1933.
Districts excluding Towns		623,779	485,528	571,173	534,066
Fowns (Municipalities and Cantonment) .		115,488	93,034	135,399	121,154
Dispensaries and Medical Officers		766	751	3,561	8,191
Total .		640,033	579,313	710,123	658,341

No. II.

primarily vaccinated and the number of those persons who were of the undermentioned official years.

Total Number.	Number success- fully vacci- nated.	Total Number.	Number success- fully vacci- nated.	Total Number.	Number success- fully vacci- nated.
N 31ST MARCE	I	ALC: NO.		100 25	
1925-1	1929.	1929	-1930.	1930-1	931.
509,413	453,556	507,869	452,716	497,071	451,603
99,865	81,075	151,621	104,816	95,819	78,811
1,348	1,229	9,791	2,457	1,902	1,677
610,126	535,860	662,281	559,983	594,793	581,991
COINATED-CO	mtinued.				
Total	mtinued. Number success- fully vacci- nated.	Total Number.	Number success- fully vacci- nated.	Total Number.	Number success- fully vacci- nated.
Total Number.	Number success- fully vacci- nated.		success- fully vacci-		success- fully vacci-
Total Number.	Number success- fully vacci- nated.		success- fully vacci- nated.		success- fully vacci- nated.
Total Number.	Number success- fully vacci- nated.	Number.	success- fully vacci- nated.	Number.	success- fully vacci- nated.
Total Number. 31st Marcu- 1933-	Number success- fully vacci- nated. -continued. 1934.	Number. 1934-19	success- fully vacci- nated. 035. 537,301 140,390	Number. 1935-1	success- fully vacci- nated.
Number. 31sr Marcu- 1933- 569,019	Number success- fully vacci- nated. -continued. 1934.	Number. 1934-19 577,037	success- fully vacci- nated.	Number. 1935-1 584,393	success- fully vacci- nated. 935 545,402

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