Annual medical and sanitary report / Saint Vincent.

Contributors

Saint Vincent. Chief Medical Officer's Office.

Publication/Creation

Kingstown : Govt. Printers., [1931]

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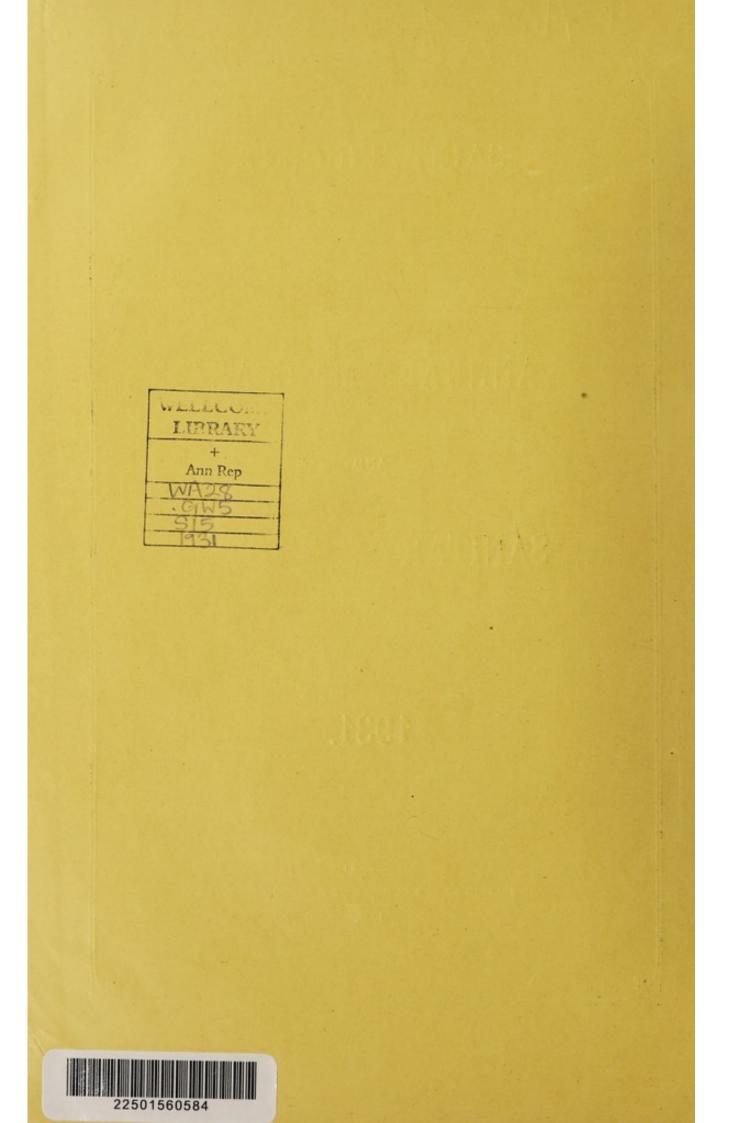
SANITARY REPORT

1931.

KINGSTOWN :

PRINTED AT THE GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE.

1932.



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ANNUAL MEDICAL

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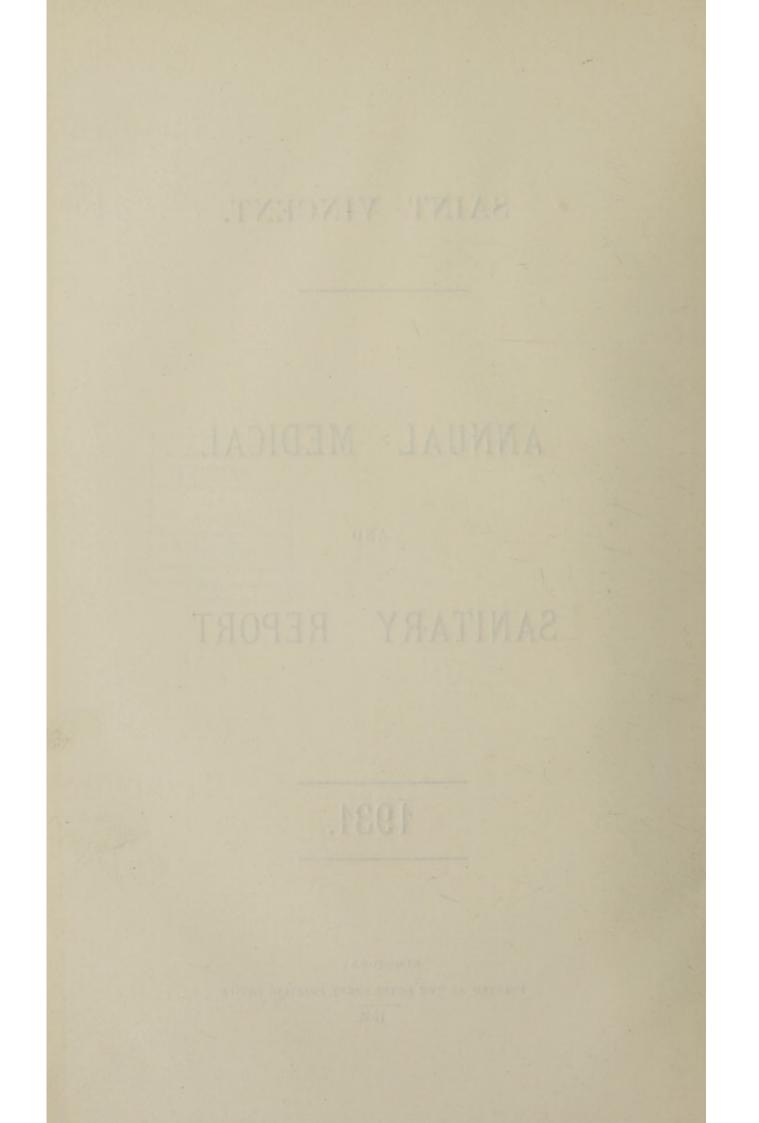
SANITARY REPORT

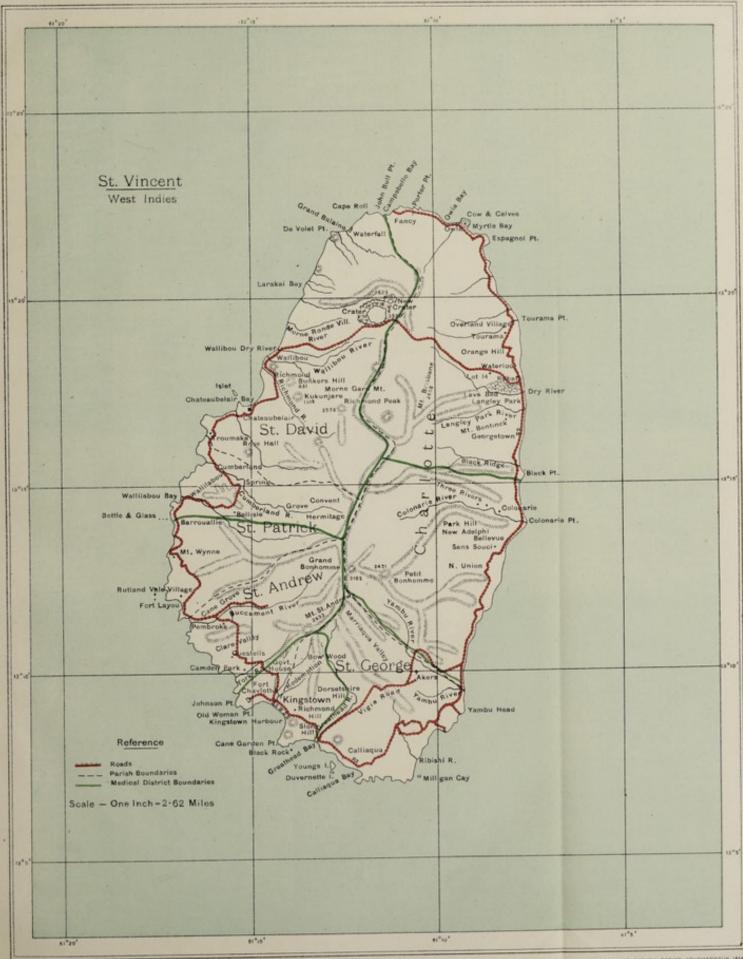
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CHIEF MEDICAL OFFICER'S OFFICE,

KINGSTOWN, 7th April, 1932.

Sir,

I have the honour to submit for the information of Your Honour and His Excellency the Governor and for transmission to the Right Honourable the Secretary of State, the Medical Report on the Health and Sanitary Conditions of St. Vincent for the year 1931 with the returns etc., appended thereto.

I have, etc.,

STANLEY BRANCH, Chief Medical & Health Officer.

His Honour The Administrator. (501/1932).

REPORT OF THE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1931.

I. Administration.

(a) STAFF.

Dr. Branch, Chief Medical and Health Officer was granted 5 months and 7 days' vacation leave from 1. 7. 31. He left the Colony on 16. 6. 31.

During his absence Dr. Slinger was by direction of His Excellency transferred from District 3 to District 1 and appointed to act as Chief Medical and Health Officer in conjunction with the duties of his substantive post except the attendance at the daily central dispensary which was performed by Dr. Lai Kiow, the Resident Surgeon, who was granted the privilege of private practice in Kingstown.

Dr. Gregory was transferred to District 3.

Dr. Charles, Medical Officer, District 4 was granted 7 days' departmental followed by 14 days' casual leave from 1. 7. 31.

He was transferred by direction of the Administrator to District 2 (South) on November 1st, and the office filled by Dr. Bonello.

Dr. Stewart, Medical Officer, District 2 (North), gained a well merited promotion to the Trinidad Medical Service. He left the Colony on December 4th. Dr. Brereton, acting District Medical Officer in the Island of Dominica was selected to act in place of Dr. Stewart. He arrived in the Colony on December 18th and forthwith assumed his duties.

Many and various departmental changes and periods of leave were arranged for among the Junior Staff of Dispensers, Sanitary Inspectors, and District Nurse-Midwives.

(b) ORDINANCES AFFECTING THE PUBLIC HEALTH ENACTED DURING THE YEAR 1931. None.

Four sets of regulations were submitted for Legislative sanction which have not yet been granted:----

1. Food Vendors and Food Vending Establishments.

2. Bakehouses.

3. Sale of Milk.

4. Mosquitoes.

(c) FINANCIAL.

REVENUE.	193	30.		193	31.		
joint on the Health and Sanitary Conditions of	£	8.	d.	±.	s.	d.	
Receipts from Hospital and Graham Wing	1	8	5	85		11	
", ", Dispensaries		3	11	230	14	10	
", ", Police and Prison …	16	9	8	22	19	4	
	316	2	0	339	4	1	
Chief Medical de Health Officer,							
EXPENDITURE.	193	30.		1931.			
		017.0	121261	ADMAN S	n P		
	£	8.	d.	£	s.	d.	
Personal Emoluments	6,942	0	3	7,009		9	
Other Charges	6,076	10	7	6,176	17	6	
	DICAL D	IN.	310	30 180	938		
	13,018	10	10	13,186	16	3	
	13,018 76,602	10 6	10 2	13,186 102,803	16		
	-					3	
Revenue of the Colony	-	6			1		
Revenue of the Colony	76,602	6		102,803	1		
Revenue of the Colony Expenditure due solely to Sanitation:—	76,602 193 £ 682	6	2	102,803	1	8	
Revenue of the Colony Expenditure due solely to Sanitation:	76,602 193 £ 682 120	6 0.	2 d.	102,803 193 £	1 1.	8 d. 0	
Revenue of the Colony Expenditure due solely to Sanitation:—	76,602 193 £ 682 120	6 0. s. 0	2 d. 0	102,803 193 £ 699	1 1. s. 10	8 d.	

The allocation of the Expenditure "Sanitary Measures" was arranged under the following sub-heads.

Stewart. He arrived in the Colony on Decomber	10	193	ю.		1931.			
 Small Towns Anti-Mosquito Work Rat Destruction Public and School Latrines Vaccines and Serums (including refrigeration) Disinfection of Premises Rent of Office Miscellaneous (including Publicity and Propaganda) Uncinerator 			s.7089331897	d. 789991074424	10000	24 16 58	21708708	
Totals .		1,391	0	4	1,386	16	10	

For the scavenging and cleaning of Kingstown, another mule was purchased and the stables enlarged. There are now 2 mules, 1 horse and 2 carts.

Increased expenditure was incurred by the purchase of supplies of Typhoid para typhoid vaccine required for mass inoculations during the outbreak of Enteric Fever in the Buccament Valley.

II. Public Health.

1. General Remarks. The sickness recorded in the districts by the various Medical Officers, as well as the numbers treated in the Institutions are shewn in the following table with the corresponding figures for 1930.

0.02

	1930.	1931.
Attendances at Dispensaries	30,556	34,997
Colonial HospitalIn patients	1,081	1,191
0	316	304
Casualty Hospitals (2) In patients	103	73
Pauper, Lunatic and Leper Asylums	179	184
Totals	32,235	36,749

The attendances at the district dispensaries continue to show considerable increase. The above are exclusive of persons attended by the resident dispensers at Sandy Bay, Bequia and Union Island.

Epidemics of Enteric Fever and Whooping Cough occurred during the year. The number of deaths exclusive of still-births was \$99 as compared with 692 in 1930. Deaths of children under 1 year 281; deaths of children from 1 to 5 years 174.

Diarrhœa in children under 2 years of age was prevalent in every district throughout the year. The District Medical Officers report 1,129 cases and there were 104 deaths. In persons over 2 years of age there were 271 with 35 deaths.

The year 1931 was definitely unhealthy. There is an increase in both morbidity and mortality returns, and with a decreased population as shewn by the Census taken on April 26th, 1931. The death rate rises to 21.23 per 1000.

2. Communicable Diseases—

Mosquito or Insect borne.-Malaria.

The District returns show 532 cases with 9 deaths, of which 288 with 7 deaths occurred in District 2 (South). No deaths occurred of cases admitted to Hospital.

Distribution.		Cases.	Death
Kingstown	here Letters	2	intel Lotte
No. 1 District ,, 2 ,, (South) ,, 2 ,, (North)	····	$\begin{array}{c}1\\72\\6\end{array}$	$\overline{\begin{array}{c}16\\1\end{array}}$
., 3 ., Grenadines, Bequia		1 1	in ten soli
Totals		83	17
1st Quarter	als looking a	$\frac{1}{27}$	di bon <u>bi</u>
2nd ,, 3rd ,,	10000000000000000000000000000000000000	47	7
4th ,,	Jours manal	8	110111 2 <u>012</u>
Totals		83	17

Infec

3

A serious outbreak occurred in the Buccament Valley in District 2 (South) on the Leeward side of the island. The first case was brought into Hospital on the 30th May from the village of Vermont at the head of the Valley. Thereafter, case after case, and all the suspects were brought in; the last arriving on October 28th. Altogether 77 cases with 16 deaths were definitely attributed to the epidemic, either as permanent residents in the infected area or persons who had spent one or more days in that area before returning to their own homes. In spite of inoculation, one nurse at the Hospital became infected, but I am glad to say, recovered. The case mortality of the Epidemic was 20.5 %. The case mortality of this class of infection for the year was 20.48 %. Apart from the Epidemic, only 6 cases were notified throughout the Colony with one death. A labourer died at Vermont on March 27th. He was seen only once by the District Medical Officer a short time before his disease. The death was attributed to Broncho-pneumonia. It is now known that the deceased returned from Curacao. and was taken ill soon after ; he remained ill with a fever and diarrhea for several weeks and died with pulmonary symtoms attributed to the cause entered on his death certificate. There does not appear to be any doubt that this was the original source of infection.

Vermont is the village at the top of the Buccament Valley, its sanitation is primitive; latrines are not generally provided by the householders, and when so provided, only occasionally used. The water supply is derived from the river where washing, and the morning and evening toilet is performed, when drawing the water supply. As soon as the rains set in all surface deposits would find their way into the river.

From the accompanying plan it can be observed that the Buccament River and its tributaries are the only water supply of the Valley, and the numerous villages along its course depend entirely on this supply.

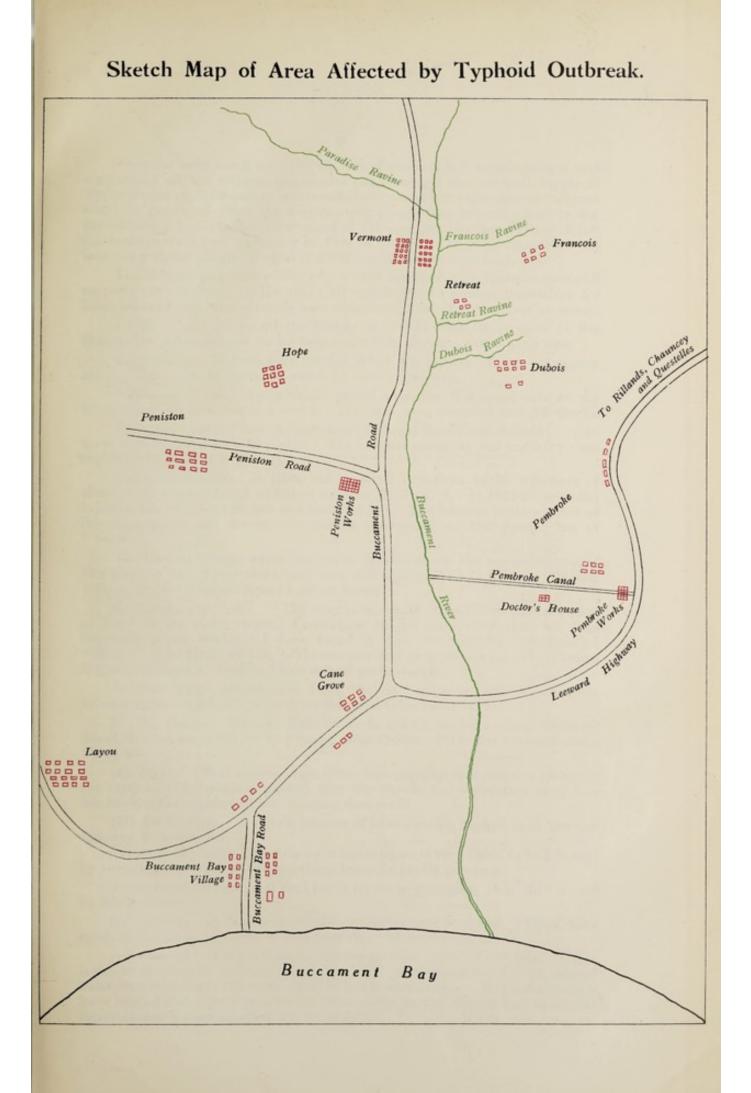
The roads are only to a limited extent adapted for wheeled or motor traffic. The ambulance is only allowed to go as far as Peniston Works on the Main Highway. Stretchers and other forms of transport had to be requisitioned to bring the cases from the hillsides to the ambulance.

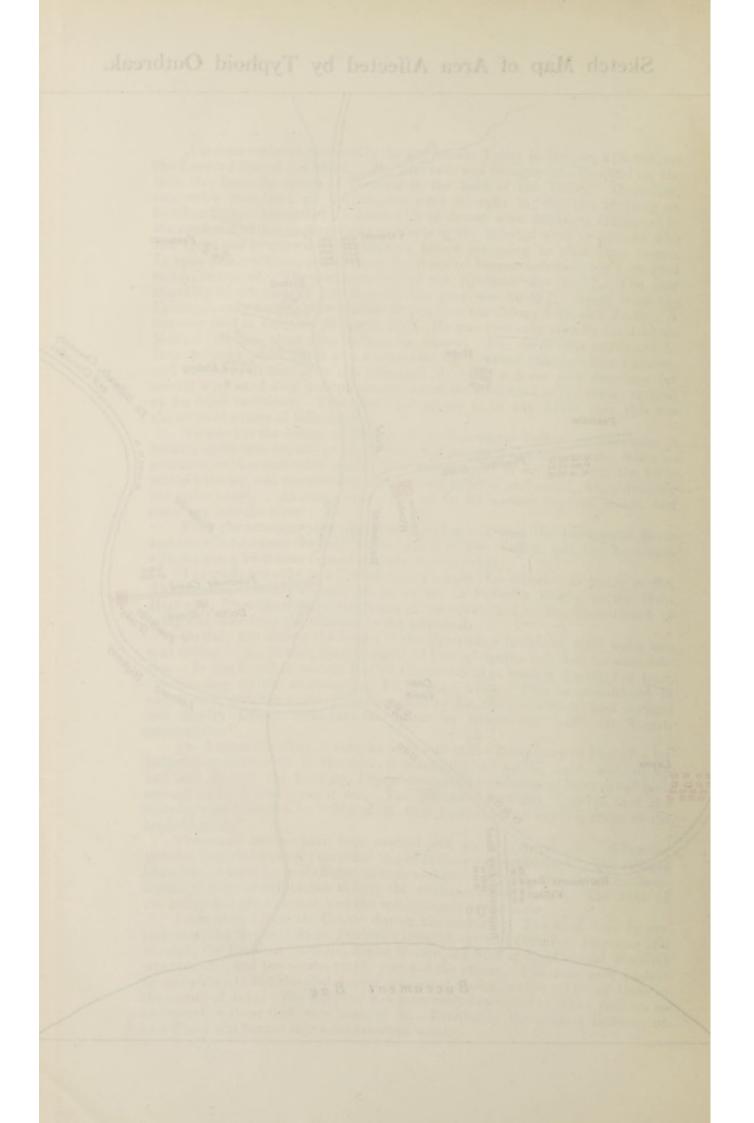
On July 6th during the height of the Epidemic a sample of river water was sent to Dr. J. L. Pawan, Bacteriologist of Port of Spain, Trinidad, for examination. It was found to contain B. Coli Communis in as small a quantity as 1 c.c. Commenting on the examination, Dr. Fawan wrote "This fact considered in conjunction with the sanitary data supplied by Dr. Slinger, acting Chief Medical and Health Officer condemns the water as unsafe and unfit for human consumption".

On August the 22nd, 2 samples were sent to the Laboratory in Barbades for bacteriological report. In the interval much rain had fallen, much cleaning up had been done by the Sanitary Department, and two communal latrines had been erected and put into general use. The Barbados authority reported that the samples were found to be "free of B. Coli Communis or any organism of the typhoid group".

Communal latrines have been crected and are in general use. Wherever possible householders are persuaded to put in their own pit latrines. The villages have been cleaned up and cleared of over and under growth, and there has been a general wave of enthusiasm to have the settlement look cleaner. The habit of the native has not changed, and the water supply is the same.

I was absent from the Colony during the outbreak. The work done by my successor, the Medical Officer, District 2 (South), the Chief Sanitary Inspector and his staff, the Resident Surgeon, Nurse Matron and Staff at the Colonial Hospital was splendid, and the results amply justified the efforts. 200 cases were rushed by ambulance to the Hospital during the period under review; 119 of these in the month of July. The Hospital was practically evacuated of other patients to accommodate those that were brought in. Eventually the disused building at Low Point was turned into a convalescent ward.





From the early onset, mass inoculations of contacts and school children and residents in all the villages was carried out. I regret that our local supply of Typhoid para typhoid vaccine was insufficient to meet our requirements; all that could be purchased from the neighbouring islands was secured; but we are particularly grateful to the Government of Trinidad for the liberal gift of 2,100 c.c. made in their own laboratory in Port of Spain. The cases inoculated ran into many thousands and altogether 2,807 c.c. of vaccine were used.

The villages were combed daily by a staff equipped with thermometers; all suspects were removed to Hospital; all encouraged to present themselves for inoculation; houses and premises were disinfected with Izal wherever necessary.

I wish to put on record the thanks of the Medical Department to His Honour the Administrator for his help and advice during a very trying time.

Tuberculosis. 71 cases were notified, 63 of whom were of the pulmonary type. There were 54 deaths of which 53 were pulmonary.

Whooping Cough. An epidemic passed over the Windward side of the island especially Districts 3, 4, and 5. 757 cases were recorded and 22 deaths.

Influenza. Febrile catarrhal infections occurred throughout the year. 1,596 cases were recorded with 30 deaths. The heaviest morbidity and mortality were registered in District 2 (South).

Yaws and Syphilis. In 1930 the recorded injections in the treatment of these conditions numbered 18,383 at a cost of £357, 7, 2. In 1931 the recorded injections amounted to 28,368 at a cost of £500. The increase in the number of injections given and decrease in cost is consequent on the general use of "Sobita".

The Medical Officers write favourable comments on the continued use of this preparation. These views have been well expressed by Dr. Slinger, Medical Officer, District 1 whose report I attach hereto.

(i) Therapeutic Value. "The drug is especially valuable in the treatment of Yaws in its early stages. Cases show clinical cure after three or four injections given weekly. I have found it most essential for injections of "Sobita" to be given weekly. Whereas arsenical preparations are only effective if given fortnightly, "Sobita" acts only if given weekly.

In treating the later stages of Yaws "Sobita" is in my opinion distinctly inferior to the arsenicals, but is of considerable value nevertheless.

(ii) (a) Dosage. Weekly, doses of from 0.5 c.c. to 5.0 c.c. are tolerated. Small children are given 0.5 to 1.0 c.c.; older children 1.0 to 3.0 c.c. and adults 3.0 to 5.0 c.c.

(b) Method. Most injections are given into the deep subcutaneous tissues of the buttock. The needle is pushed into the muscle and withdrawn until it is felt to clear the muscle and the injection then made.

(iii) Local effects. A certain number of cases develop marked local reaction followed by induration.

Injection of another dose into an indurated area is very liable to be followed by annoying and persistent hæmorrhage from the needle puncture.

Pain caused varies a great deal but is no worse generally, than that caused by Kharsulphan.

(iv) *Toxicity*. A few cases of mild stomatitis have been seen. These have resolved readily on cessation of injections Pot. (hlorat, by the month.

(v) General. It is my opinion that the greatest value of "Sobita" is that it can be supplied in unlimited quantity. All cases presenting can be effered immediate treatment; the moral effect of this is considerable. When the patients have learned that injections must be taken early in the disease and at regular intervals, much more progress will be made".

Vital Statistics.	1930.	1931.
Estimated Population	 53,228	47,961 (Census returns).
Births excluding still-births	 1,771	1,852
Birth rate per 1,000	 35.34	41.09
Still-births	 110	119
Percentage of live to still-births	 5.85	6.04
Death rate per 1,000	 15.07	21.23
Deaths of children under 1 year		
(excluding still-births)	 166	281
Mortality per 1,000 births	 94	152

The estimated population 47,961 is the actual return of the census taken on April 26th, 1931. In 1930 the Registrar's returns estimated the population at 53,228. The Birth and Death rates based on the figures of the last few years are not reliable. I have ventured to make a new start based on the figures of the 1931 Census.

CAU	SES	OF	DEA	TH.

reperied injections in the freatment of and of 2367, 7 2 Is 1951 the requele- of 2.200. The means in the member of	nd ing	1 District.	2 (South) District.	2 (North) District.	3 District.	4 District.	5 District.	Total.
. General Diseases.								
1. Enteric Fever		16	11.75	1	2())	1000	16.1	17
5. Malaria		1	7			1	1000	9
9. Whooping Cough		1			11	7	3	22
11. Influenza		4	14	1	9	2		30
16. Dysentery		2		100	100.04	1.00	11/10	2
20. Leprosy		1	don 14			10	al.	1
25. Yaws		1	4	124	177.2	172	1 74	5
29. Tetanus		2	111	4	8	4	7	.25
31. Pulmonary Tuberculosis		21	6	8	12	2	4	53
35. Tuberculosis of Joints			10000		1		1.122.0	1
38. Syphilis		24	1	2	5	4	4	40
41. Purulent Infection			104			14.51	4	4
I. General Diseases not included above.			1. Salada	71.2		S. S.	100	
43. Cancer of Tongue		1	0.40	D.Pi		11.133	1 80	1
44. " " Stomach &c.		3	1	3	1	2	1	11
45. " " Intestines &c.			2	1. 20				2
46. " " Female Genital Organs		1	100	3	2		1	7
47. " Breast		3	1	0.112	1	2	1.000	6
48. " Skin		1	1.1		10.111.0	1	"INTEL	1
49. " other and unspecified organs					1	1		2
50. Tumors not Malignant		1		1	1.00	1.00	100	$\frac{1}{3}$
52. Chronic Rheumatism			3	11	1.11.2	111111		3
56. Rickets		1		1001	1100	10.0	1100	1
57. Diabetes		3	11 11	1.00	1	trac	2017	4
66. Alcoholism		1	1					1
II. Diseases of the Nervous System.						nni	alter	
70. Eucephalitis		1				1	20	1
71. Meningitis		3		10 10				3
72. Tabes Dorsalis				1				1
74. Cerebral Hæmorrhage		6	4	1	4	1.177	1	16
75. Paralysis of unstated Grigin		5	hin	1		sili	TTAN	.5
78. Epilepsy				1	1720	1	-	2
80. Infantile Convulsions		2			2			4
consist in our second and or first abs							-	1000
Carried forward		105	42	25	58	26	25	281

6

		1 District.	2 (South) District.	2 (North) District.	3 District.	4 District.	5 District.	Total.
Brought forward		105	42	25	58	26	25	281
II.—Diseases of the Nervous System (contd.)	1.00				COLLEGE ST	1.1.4	1.1.1.	
84. Other diseases of Nervous System		3	0107	1		2.79		4
86. Diseases of the Mastoid					1	114	1	2
V. Diseases of the Circulatory System.			114	293	(a)	C Gib	-	
87. Pericarditis		2						2 1 28
88. Acute Endocarditis		1				-		1
90. Other Diseases of the Heart		8	6	1	7	2	4	28
91. Diseases of the Arteries			1			2		3
7. Diseases of the Respiratory System.			have				ALC: N	
99. Bronchitis		9	10	6	10	12	7	54
00. Broncho-pneumonia		7	3	3	4	1	6	24
01. Pneumonia Lobar		4	1	1.1.1.1	mil	alm	1	6
02. Pleurisy	••••	1	3			2		1
05. Asthma					1000	-		
Diseases of the Digestive System.				1.800		il n	and in	AT INT
11. Ulcer of Stomach			1		$\begin{vmatrix} 1\\1 \end{vmatrix}$			
12. Other diseases of the Stomach		16	$\frac{1}{20}$	7	37	15	1 9	10
14. Diarrhœa under 2 years		10	6	i	6	15	7	35
14. " over 2 years	••••	11	1	1	1			
15. Ankylostomiasis 16. Ascariasis		2	6	1	10	29	7	50 51 1
17. Appendicitis				1	1000	1	1	1
118. Hernia and Obstruction		2		1	1			4
122. Cirrhosis of Liver			10.0	1				
123. Biliary Calculi		1	104		1995	611	1100	2
124. Other Diseases of the Liver		1	1.00	1112	R.L.	1.72.1	1.35	in a start
VII. Non-Venereal Diseases of the Genilo-Urin System.	ary		100		11		10	
128. Acute Nephritis		2	3	1	4	4	1	1
129. Chronic Nephritis	••••	5	3		2	124.54	1	1
133. Diseases of the Bladder		1					1	
135. Diseases of the Prostate		1		1.81			The second	
VIII. Puerperal State.								
144. Puerperal Hæmorrhage					1		100	
146. Puerperal Sepsis		2		1			1	
148. Puerperal Convulsions	•••	2		Bell		1	1	
IX. Diseases of the Skin.		1	-	100	linh	- Lite		-10.07
151. Gangrene		1	10.00	1	3	1	1	
152. Carbuncle				1	1	12.11	1220	
154. Other diseases of the Skin		3						3
XII. Diseases of Early Infancy.				1				
160. Congenital Debility		3	4	11	14	21	6	5
161. Premature Birth		3	3		2		5	1.
162. Other Diseases		1			3	1		
162. Other Diseases		and the second sec						
XIII. 164. Old Age		33	6	13	16	18	2	8

CAUSES OF DEATH .- Continued.

CAUSES OF DEATH .- Continued.

a Doubort		1 District.	2 (South) District.	2 (North) District.	3 District.	4 District.	5 District.	Total.
Brought forward		230	120	74	183	139	86	832
XIV. External Causes.		nest	NO. IN				- L LYCON	
171. Suicide by cutting Instruments	•••	1	3 and	in ?	14	are top	10,20	1
177. Accidental Poisoning 179. Accidental Burns		1		rds) Page	12.4	1 20	17142.19	1
185. Accidental Injury by fall		1	1.32	s.6.15.		13.16		1
188. Accidental Injury by crushing 198. Homicide by cutting Instrument		2				1	1	4
XV. Cause III defined		2	2	neli else	3	2	3	12
Total		237	122	74	187	143	90	853
12 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1st	Qr.	2nd (Qr.	3rd Q	r. 4	th Qr.	Totals
Deaths recorded in the Grenadines	15		4		12	Caria	15	46
till-births in St. Vincent	3 26		25		$\frac{1}{24}$		3 37	112
			~ ~		~1			
otal Deaths in the Colony and its dependencie					_			1,018

I am entirely responsible for the above classification. It will not be found to agree with the classification made by the Registrar. It has been made as carefully and accurately as circumstances allow. I have had to omit any effort toclassify deaths in the Southern Grenadines as very few are certified by a Medical Officer; they appear to fall under three groups, still, old age, and ill defined.

III. General Measures of Sanitation.

Sewage Disposal. The deep pit with box seat and fly proof cover is the prevailing type of latrine in rural districts. The prejudice against this type as a source of danger to water supplies has now been largely discountenanced.

The modern view is well expressed by B. E. Washburn, Field Director of the International Health Division of the Rockfeller Foundation. "It has been proved, through numerous tests that the germs found in human bowel filth are scattered upon the surface of the ground and not from pits. The fermentation taking place in pits liquefies most of the bowel filth. The soil is an excellent disinfectant, and, as a rule, there need be no fear that springs and streams will be contaminated through percolation from latrine pits".

Sanitary Inspectors had 347 new pit latrines built during the year. In no case is a pit less than 6 ft. deep accepted. Where the depth of the soil permits peasants are encouraged to dig their pits 10 feet deep or more. Latrines constructed by this department for the Primary Schools have pits between 14 ft. and 17 feet deep. Pits are not emptied. When the contents get within 18 inches of the surface of the ground the privies are shifted to new sites and the old pit filled in.

The maintenance of latrines in a sanitary condition calls for the unremitting attention of the Sanitary Staff.

The fallacy of putting liquid disinfectants, wood ash, charcoal, white lime and other antiseptics into cesspits for the purpose of "disinfecting" them still prevails to a large extent. Sanitary Inspectors are instructed to advise householders to add horse manure to their pits whenever they are offensive and thereby increase bacterial action in the pits instead of destroying the germ life with antiseptics. 252 pit latrines were repaired on instructions from Sanitary Inspectors. The pail latrine still obtains in Kingstown and in parts of the Small Towns near to the sea. The subsoil water in Kingstown is so near to the surface that no other form of conservancy is possible. We are well aware of the embarrassment that is occasioned to visitors who are not accustomed to this type of latrine. For the present, however, a general sewerage system is not within the range of practical polities.

45 pail latrines were built and 77 repaired.

Septic Tanks. This type of latrine is becoming a feature of the better class house in and around Kingstown where there is sufficient yard space for laying the subsoil drains. Such tanks were installed in four premises including the new premier hotel of the Colony.

With the lighting of Kingstown by electricity it was feared that careless night soil carriers would prove a fruitful source of nuisance to the public. Thanks however to an appreciation on their part of the changed order of things, and to the enforcement of the regulations, these fears have not been realised.

Public Latrines. There is a public latrine over the sea in each Small Town and three such latrines in Kingstown. They were all maintained in proper repair. The latrines in Kingstown are cleansed and disinfected daily in the early hours of the merning and those in the Small Towns are cleansed twice a week.

As a part of the campaign in stamping out the Typhoid Epidemic in the Buccament Valley, 2 deep pit communal latrines were put up at Vermont Village, and another at Peniston.

Scavenging and Refuse Disposal. 1,456 tons of house refuse and street sweepings were collected in Kingstown and destroyed by Incineration. The refuse collected amounted to 3, 018 cart loads.

In Kingstown a daily house to house collection of refuse is made. Each householder is required to provide a metal covered dust bin.

In the Small Towns of Georgetown, Layou, Barrouallie, Calliaqua and Chateaubelair, 8,623 donkey cart loads of house refuse and street sweepings were removed and partially burnt on the foreshores of the respective Small Towns. Each Small Town is provided with a donkey cart and a permanent scavenging gang.

Drainage. Under the Colonial Development Scheme provision has been made for extensive improvements in the surface drains in Kingstown and the Small Towns.

Work on the drains in Calliaqua, Barrouallie and Georgetown was started towards the end of the year. In Calliaqua barrel-shaped concrete surface drains have already been laid down in the most swampy section. These drains have a decided effect in improving the living conditions in that area.

The annual flooding to which Georgetown was subjected from storm water from Grand Sable Estate is now a thing of the past. A large concrete drain running along the entire length of the town and cutting it off from the Grand Sable Estate is all but completed. The laying down of this drain is a definite improvement to the Sanitary condition, and to the security of property in the Town.

In Barrouallie a barrel-shaped drain has been laid between Reversion Estate and a section of the Leeward Main Road. Old stone drains are being repaired and crossings and culverts made secure.

Water Supplies. In no department of public health measures has the beneficent effect of the Colonial Development Fund been greater felt than in the provision of Water supplies for new areas, and the improvement of existing supplies. It is now possible to walk from Coull's Hill to Chatcaubelair and meet stand pipes all along the route.

On the Windward side of the Island two new supplies have been laid down. That at Colonarie is drawn from the river above the highest settlement and serves Park Hill, South Rivers and Friendly Villages. At Stubbs the supply serves the Villages of Upper and Lower Stubbs and Victoria.

Children attending the Stubbs Government School had formerly to lose between ten and fifteen minutes in going to and from the spring for water. They now have two water taps and a shower bath laid on to the premises.

In Kingstown the Town Board was presented with the spectacle of having a water famine while the rains were falling regularly. Consideration of the question led to the discovery that the air valves on the main line had not been cleaned for over twenty years. When these were rectified the danger passed.

To the local lay mind the fact that the water supply is pipe borne carries with it a sense of security in its purity. This is a danger. All sources of supply should be carefully protected from trespassers; storage reservoirs and filtration should form a part of every scheme that is laid out.

Clearance of Bush and Overgrowth. There is a gradual appreciation of the harmfulness of overcrowding ones' home with trees. In Kingstown where a breadfrait tree was a feature of nearly every back yard, householders have in many instances, and of their own accord, cleared their premises of quite a number of these trees. In Paul's Lot there has been a marked reduction of both breadfruit trees and banana clumps.

At the instance of Sanitary Inspectors 898 trees were cut down, 1,562 trees trimmed and 671 premises cleared of bush.

Sanitary Inspections and Work. 59,595 visits of inspection were made; 14,174 notices and verbal orders given; 398 latrines were built and 331 repaired; 6,020 yards and 379 hog swamps were cleaned; 391 drains were cleaned and 115 repaired; 834 accumulations of manure were removed; 173 dust bins were provided by householders and 19 repaired; 168 shops were scrubbed, 216 cobwebbed, 61 lime washed; 24 cake trays were made fly proof; 10 dwelling houses and 8 eaves of gutters were repaired; 120 boats were emptied of stagnant water. 60 premises were disinfected for infectious diseases.

Direct Anti-Mosquito Work involved the oiling of 76 drains and 1,884 pools. Larvæ were found in 82 boats and on 777 premises.

Deratisation. Trapping and poisoning were maintained throughout the year. 923 rats were destroyed. The Department uses the "5 inch Jaw Shave Trap" for trapping, and "Rat Nip" for poisoning.

Housing and Town Planning.

Under the provisions of the newly made "Dwelling House Regulations" 192 notices for the erection of dwelling houses were approved. Returns to the end of the year disclosed that 120 of these bouses had been completed.

In country villages the wattle-and-daub house is the prevailing type. In the absence of jalousies, which the peasant-builder finds difficult to construct, ventilation is provided by allowing an open area of about six inches between the top of the sides and the eaves. The overhanging thatch keeps out the rain.

The proposal to build peasants' houses at Chateaubelair with funds provided by the Colonial Development Fund is still under consideration. A cottage 20 feet by 10 feet built of concrete, representing the type of house intended to be built was erected during the latter part of the year.

Labour Conditions.

Comparatively speaking, the general world depression has touched but lightly the living conditions of the labouring classes.

This relative immunity from privation might be attributed to the growing of their own food (including the famous breadfruit) on their holdings or on the mountain lands of the estates. The expenditure of Colonial Development Funds has afforded employment on the roads and on other constructional work throughout the year.

This Colony prefers a system of short to one of standing crops. There are no cocoa, cocoanut or spice trees to be cut down when these crops are unremunera-

tive. While the estate owner in some of the other islands, remains in a state of indecision whether he should destroy a cocoa estate on which he was losing money, but which had sustained him and his forbears formerly, the local proprietor changes his crops from cotton to arrowroot or from arrowroot to sugar cane, or adopts a mixed cultivation with a facility which the system of standing crops does not permit. Money is scarce but there is no evidence of actual want.

Food in relation to Health.

Bread. It is pleasing to note that a pious hope expressed in 1928 received fulfilment during the period under review.

In the 1928 report the observation was made that "in some of the larger countries the insistent demand of the public for 'clean bread ? has resulted in the disappearance of the hand made article in favour of the machine made product the loaf in some cases leaving the machine wrapped in paper or put up in bags. Now that there is a likelihood of electric power becoming available in Kingstown, who knows, but that some enterprising business man may one day confer this boon upon the island." That the public have so regarded it is evidenced by the ready patronage that has been accorded the "Sanitary Bakery" which opened its doors in November.

This bakery, carried on in commodious, well lighted and ventilated premises, is provided with two electrically driven dough mixers and a cutting machine. The process of bread and cake making is as satisfactory as one could wish.

The standard of cleanliness in the other bakeries was well maintained; many of them however, suffer from structural defects which can be remedied only at great cost.

There were 46 licensed bakeries and 76 registered bakers.

Meat. The animals slaughtered in the Kingstown abattoir included 573 cattle, 298 pigs, 143 goats, and 198 sheep. No animals are imported for slaughter.

Milk. Licensed milk vendors and dairymen numbered 254. Routine milk testing was carried on throughout the year. Anyone wanting to have a sample of milk tested can bring it to the Department and have it done. There were two convictions for selling adulterated milk.

Retail Shops, etc. Registered premises other than "Bakehouses" engaged in the preparation and sale of food included 204 retail shops, 17 parlours, 15 aerated water factories and 8 cook shops.

1,034 medical certificates were issued to persons engaged on these premises.

Unsound Food. Articles of food seized and condemned as unfit for human consumption included a half cask of salted herrings.

School Hygiene.

The District Medical Officers paid 98 quarterly inspection to the various primary schools; 438 pupils were recommended for treatment for yaws, ulcers and skin diseases. There is not at present the personnel nor the facilities for a fully fledged scheme of School Medical Inspection including dental treatment. The Sanitary Department is wholly responsible for the erection and main-

tenance of the School Latrines.

During 1931 the following new latrines were erected :--

1.	Paget Farm, Bequia, Anglican 3 compartments, 3 pails Free transport was provided by the Govern ment Sloop "Carib"	-	£17	7	3	
2.			12	17	8	
3.	Evesham Wesleyan		13	1	3	
	3 compartments, privy cesspit. Carried forward		£43	6	2	

Brought fo	rward		£43	6	2	
Reconditioned L	atrines.					
1. King 2. Trou	gstown Anglican unaca Governme	ent		11 6	$\begin{array}{c} 0\\ 11 \end{array}$	
Minor Repairs.						
	ng Wesleyan			15	10	
2. Sout	h Rivers Wesle	yan		3	0	
3. Gom		•	 1	9	0	
4. Belai			 2	2	2	
5. Wes	twood "		 2	21 23	2	
6. Biab				3	0	
7. Marr	iaqua Governme	ent		17	8	
8. Laye	.,, ¹ ,		 2	3	7	
		Totals	 £60	0	6	

Measures taken to spread the knowledge of Hygiene and Sanitation.

Sanitary Inspectors are encouraged to invite discussions of sanitary problems during periods of house to house inspection, and on occasions of special visits to carry out concurrent and terminal disinfection of premises. This is thought to be productive of good results. At any rate it has led to an increased number of complaints of nuisances by private householders.

The "Dwelling House Regulation" passed in October 1930 has brought the Sanitary Department into closer touch with the people. Under the provisions of this regulation anyone wanting to build a house has to get in touch with the District Sanitary Inspector who helps the applicant to fill in the necessary form. The Inspector has also to go to the proposed site and measure the land, etc. These occasions never fail to produce opportunities for friendly discussions on health matters.

The Chief Sanitary Inspector gave lectures at several schools and to a body of school teachers. Lantern lectures were given at the Layou "Sun Ray" Cluband on Victoria Park, Kingstown.

Training of Sanitary Fersonnel. Owing to the necessity of concentrating the efforts of the Department on stamping out the outbreak of Enteric Fever the annual course of lectures and demonstrations to persons intending to qualify as Sanitary Inspectors was not started till the month of September. The course was still being carried on at the end of the year.

Prosecutions. For various breaches of the Public Health Ordinances 106 complaints were laid; 13 were withdrawn; 90 were convicted.

The fines imposed amounted to £15. 19. 0.

I desire to express my thanks to the Chief Sanitary Inspector for his work and the help I have received from him during the year. I am also indebted to him for copious notes and tables prepared for me for this section of the report.

TABLE 1.

STATISTICAL RECORD OF SANITARY WORK.

Inspections of Premises &c., by Sanitary Inspectors.

Months.	0 1	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov,	Dec.	Total.
Visits to dwellings : other premises		5,149	5,556	4,673	4,603	4,732	5,311	4,654	5,126	4,167	4,799	5,700	5,125	59,595
No. of Shops, stores, b houses etc., inspected	ake- l.	Jan	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Average per month.
Retail shops		178			120			108	135	127	116	142	132	135
Bakehouses		39			35		37	25	41	38	38	44	31	36
Markets		21	24	14	8	9	4	4	3	3	4	6	5	8
Fish trays		142	149	96	26.61	58	77	56	68	77	57	97	82	90
Cake "		112		106		61	56	63	50	51	61	54	52	68
Bread shops		16		13	3	8	7	5	12	6	3	4	4	8
Cook "		19	19	8		2	3	4	3	4	2	3	2	5
Parlours		32	- 30	20	2	4	4	3	4	8	4	2	5	9
Fry shops		. 9	15	3	4	6	1		4	- 3		2	1	4
Hotels		4	4	3	1	1	1	2	4	3	1	2		2
Public latrines		34		- 33	19	22	16	16	20	22	20		15	23
Estate "			12		8	2	9	4	8	2	2	3	2	4
Aerated factories		17	11	_13	6	9	7	12	13	12	10	11	11	11
Other "	••••	18	21	16	23	17	21	9	15	2	18	9	16	15
Tanneries		4	4	3	3	4	6	2	2	2	3	2	4	3
Schools		21	31	23	28	18	21	17	13	17	15	18		19
Dumping grounds		30	34	27	19	20	25		11	39	27	- 31	32	26
Cemeteries		17	11	13	16	14	11	10	12	13	11	11	8	12
Church yards		14	13	12	10	8	6	8	13	13	10	11	8	10
Slaughteries		20	21	20	4	7	5	-8	4	5	6	6	5	9
Dairies and cowshed	s	1	1	1				1	1				1	5
Boats		163	75	85	82	- 93	71	67	127	131	122	105	71	99
Garages		18	16	- 31	10	- 9	12	16	13	17	14	14	11	15
Milk vendors' utensi	ls	62	135	30	18	28	27	24	34	29	16	25	24	37

TABLE 2.

Results of Notices and Verbal Directions.

	2			
Yards filled in	57	Parlours cobwebbed		20
,, cleaned	6,020	Bakehouses		50
, paved	2	Cook shops		13
Drains cleaned	391	Bakehouses scrubbed		47
Concrete Drains constructed	4	Retail shops		91
repaired	17	Dalar		5
Paultan constants	202	Out 1 and		23
wanningd	98			
		Dustbins provided		173
Privy-cesspits built	347	" repaired		- 19
repaired	252	Uncovered dustbins covered		21 .
Pail closets constructed	45	Concrete floor of shops repaired		10
., repaired	77	", ", Bakehouses "		13
Accumulations of manure removed	834	Public latrine cleansed		91
Trees cut down	898	Eaves gutters repaired		8
trimmed	1,562	Cesspits deodorised		320
Premises cleared of bush	671	amuliad		23
Dwelling Houses repaired	10	filled in		99
Privies limewashed	5	Cintown concerned		6
Bakehouses limewashed	23	How amount alannood	- 11	379
Datail shaws	32	Desta emutical of stoement motor		120
	8			
Outbarren	9	D 111		24
Outhonses				2
Retail shops cobwebbed	142	Building Notices approved		192

14

TABLE 3.

DER	AT	ISA	TI	ON.

Rats caught by Dept.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total.
(a) Poisoned (b) Trapped (c) Mice	00		$\frac{1}{69}$			$\begin{array}{c}12\\67\\5\end{array}$	11 84 —	$\frac{-}{46}$ 11	15 85 —	83	9 42 7		$52 \\ 862 \\ 64$
Total	73	75	75	60	117	84	95	57	100	83	58	101	978

TABLE 4.

Registration of persons engaged in the preparation and sale of Food.

Sanitary District.	Shop (lerks.	Milk Vendors.	Dairymen.	Bread Vendors.	Parlour Keepers.	Hucksters,	Bakers.	Aerated water Makers.	Cook Shop Employees.	Fry Shop Employees.	Butchers and Slaughtermen.	Totals.
No. 1 . No. 2 (North) . No. 2 (South) . No. 3 . No. 4 . No. 5 .	 $\begin{array}{r} 86\\19\\29\\48\\24\\27\\36\\13\end{array}$				$ \begin{array}{c} 15 \\ 1 \\ - \\ 1 \\ - \\ 1 \\ - \\ 1 \end{array} $	$27 \\ 8 \\ 37 \\ 29 \\ 10 \\ 2 \\ 15 \\ 14$	$ \begin{array}{r} 19 \\ 4 \\ 8 \\ 10 \\ - \\ 13 \\ 17 \\ 5 \end{array} $	9 6 1 	6	1111111	10 4 7 	$227 \\ 65 \\ 126 \\ 199 \\ 46 \\ 44 \\ 86 \\ 44 \\ 44$
Totals .	 282	159	95	19	18	142	76	19	6	-	21	837

TABLE 5.

Medical examination of persons engaged in the preparation and sale of Food.

in a second second	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Λug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Totals.
Shop Clerks	56	39	56	30	29	29	31	46	26	22	17	13	394
Milk Vendors	-33	32	21	7	13	16	34	6	11	8	5	5	181
Dairymen	5	5	5	1	3	5	8	3	1			-	36
Bread Vendors	3	12	5	2	1	-	-	3	-	2	3	1	32
Parlour Keepers	7	10	11	1			-	-	-	4	1		34
Hucksters	43	24	26	14	10	6	25	15	12	8	4	9	196
Bakers	11	23	7	6	1	10	3	15	4	5	14	7	107
Aerated Water Makers	2	3	7	6	9	6	2	2			6	1/200	43
Cook Shop Employees	3	3	5	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-		11
Totals	163	141	143	67	67	72	103	90	54	49	50	35	1,034

n		\mathbf{D}	1.1.2	10
1	A	151	LE	D.
-				

Register of establishments engaged in the preparation and sa	sale of Food.	sale of Food.
--	---------------	---------------

			1	Description	of Establ	lishments	i.				
Sanitary Distri	ct.	Aerated Water Factories.	Provision Shops.	Parlours.	Bakeries.	Dairies.	Groe- eries.	Fry Shops.	Cook Shops.	Hotels'	Totals.
Kingstown No. 1 No. 2 (North) No. 2 (South) No. 3 No. 4 No. 5 Bequia		5 1 1 4 3	$37 \\ 16 \\ 25 \\ 33 \\ 22 \\ 32 \\ 30 \\ 9$	14 1 1 1	8 2 8 8 2 5 8 5	2	10 2 	6 2		111111	$ \begin{array}{r} 80 \\ 22 \\ 35 \\ 44 \\ 26 \\ 41 \\ 43 \\ 14 \\ \end{array} $
Totals		15	204	17	46	2	13	8	-	-	305

TABLE 7.

Disinfection.

	Concurrent.	Terminal.	Sanitary District.
1	27	7	Kingstown
	9	4	No. 1
	137	7	No. 2 (North)
	91	21	No. 2 (South)
	17	14	No. 3
	5	3	No. 4
	5	4	No. 5
	357	1	Bequia
	648	61	Totals

TABLE 8.

				D		
·	112	10	s	151	iil	E
 - A-	8.8	1.0	9	1.0.1	***	N # 1

Sanitary Dist		cesspits Built.	No. of Pail closets Built.	No. of Septic Tanks Built.	Total No. Built.
Kingstown	o haind	D form a	14	4	18
No. 1		75	3	2	80
No. 2 (South)		55	6		61
No. 2 (North)		36	8		44
No. 3		50			50
No. 4		104	1.10	-	104
No. 5		15	1.11	-	15
Bequia		12	14		- 26
Union		No ret	arn submit	ted.	19 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
Totals	- 1.	347	45	6	398

TABLE 9.

Sanitary District.	No. of Privy cesspits repaired.	No. of Pail closets repaired.	No. of Septic Tanks re- paired.	Total No. of Privies repaired.
Kingstown	 _	24	A STREET	24
No. 1	 47			47
No. 2 (North)	 39	17	2	58
No. 2 (South)	 13	1		14
No. 3	 21			21
No. 4	 118	1		118
No. 5	 4			4
Bequia	 10	35		45
Totals	 252	77	2	331

Privies Repaired.

TABLE 10.

New Buildings Erected.

Sanitary D	istrict.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Λpr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Totals.
No. 1 No. 2 (North) No. 2 (South) No. 3 No. 4 No. 5 Bequia	SELL AND			-3 -2 -1	2 - 1 + 4		10 1 		1 0 0 0 1	7 	1 1 1	92 42	1	$20 \\ 14 \\ 5 \\ 18 \\ 44 \\ 12 \\ 7$
Totals	54.0	 	2	- <u>-</u> 6	7		20		- 9	34	6	17	5 6	7

TABLE 11.

Scavenging and Cleansing of Towns.

Names of Tow	ns.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	No. of Loads.	No. o cubic Yards
Kingstown		268	281	268	233	241	224	259	249	238	255	269	233	3018	3642
Chateaubelair		60	54	64	71	86					79				408
Barrouallie		128	182	230	145	199	150	250	190	149	126			1941	976
Layou		132	156	236	155	126	174	150		120			120		877
Oalliaqua		112	193	112	116	117	122		1000	162				1624	815
Georgetown		214	198	195	156	165	174	180						2486	124:
		914	1064	1105	876	934	908	1030	941	962	1020	938	9.19	11641	7955

TABLE 12.

PROSECUTIONS.

Cases d	etermined	i and pe	nalties	imposed.
---------	-----------	----------	---------	----------

Offences.	No. of	No. of Convie-	1	Fine	58.	0	Cost	8.	т	otal.	
Onencex,	Cases.	tions.	£	8.	d.	£	8.	d.	£	. 8.	d
Failing to comply with Notices	17	16	2	2	6		2	6	2	5	1
Having human excreta on premises	14	13	2	22	6		11	6	ĩ	14	
Obstructing Sanitary Inspector in the				1			-				
exercise of his duties	2	2		5	0		2	0		7	3
Failing to provide Privy accommodation	3	3		6	0			1000		6	3
Refusing to disclose names of owners											
of premises	5	5		7	0		3	6		10	3
Failing to take out a Food Vendor's											
Medical Certificate	1	1		5	0		2	0		7	4
Throwing Cane peelings and Mango	1024113										
skins on streets	1	1		2	6					2	
Selling cakes in trays not properly pro-											
tected from flies	4	4		10	0					10	
Keeping pigs within 200 yards of towns	17	17	1	15	6		4	6	2	0	
Keeping pigs in a town	4	4		19	0		3	9	1	02	
Keeping pigs within 20 feet of Dwelling											
Houses	2	2		2	6					2	
Depositing human excreta in a place	P. 1997										
other than that provided for the											
purpose	8	8	1	13	6		11	0	2	4	
Erecting a Dwelling house without pre-	1421111	0.640.7						1.1.1			
viously giving notice to the Sanitary											
Authority	3	3		10	0					10	
Failing to be present for Yaws injections	5	5		18	6					18	
Carrying human fæcal matter through					100						
the streets of Kingstown before the											
prescribed hour	1	1		10	0		3	0		13	3
Selling adulterated milk	2	2	1	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	
Erecting a Dwelling house without	11111										
Privy accommodation	2	2		3	0		1	3		4	
Selling Decomposed Fish	1										
ausing waste of water by leaving Pub-		1000000									
lic stand pipe open	1	1					1	6		1	
Totals	93	90	12	12	6	3	6	6	15	19	1

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IV. Port Health Work.

a. Place	es under Quarantine at Decem	ber 31st 1930.	
	Colon	- Small	Pox.
	Haiti	- >>	,,
	St. Martin	- ,,	"
	St. Bartholomew	- ,,	"
	Florida-Tampa	- ,,	,,
	Guatemala	- ,,	"
	Venezuela	- 2	"
	Brazil		ew Fever.
b. Place	s Quarantined during the year None.	r 1931.	
	s from which Quarantine was None.	raised during the y	vear 1931.
		hon 21st 1021	
a. Flace	s under Quarantine at Decem Colon	- Small	Dow
	Haiti	- oman	rox.
	St. Martin		to, an example the
	St. Bartholomew	Service to che Party	"
	Florida-Tampa	"	"
	Guatemala	Gallicord, to be the open	Meaning place and
	Venezuela	;;	" esenal!
	Brazil	- Yellow	Fever.
e Port	of Kingstown-Total Arrival		3,330.
	D		2,676.
f Davis			
from Vouoru	ig the year 6 passengers arriv ela via Trinidad.	ed under surveillan	ce for Small Pox
from venezuo	en via irmitaat.		
	V. Maternity and	Child Welfare.	
			1021
	Colonial Hospital Returns		
	Colonial Hospital Returns Total Number of Cases		206
	Colonial Hospital Returns Total Number of Cases Babies born alive		206 162
	Colonial Hospital Returns Total Number of Cases Babies born alive ,, Still-born full term		206 162 18 (macerated 9)
	Colonial Hospital Returns Total Number of Cases Babies born alive ,, Still-born full term ,, ,, Premature		206 162 18 (macerated 9) 14 (macerated 3)
8 25 19 0 8 2 0 0 8 3 3 4 3 8 3 5 19 0	Colonial Hospital Returns Total Number of Cases Babies born alive ,, Still-born full term ,, Premature ,, B.B.A. alive		206 162 18 (macerated 9) 14 (macerated 3) 5
	Colonial Hospital Returns Total Number of Cases Babies born alive ,, Still-born full term ,, ,, Premature ,, B.B.A. alive ,, ,, still-born		206 162 18 (macerated 9) 14 (macerated 3) 5 1
	Colonial Hospital Returns Total Number of Cases Babies born alive ,, Still-born full term ,, B.B.A. alive ,, ,, still-born Miscarriages B.B.A		206 162 18 (macerated 9) 14 (macerated 3) 5 1 11
	Colonial Hospital Returns Total Number of Cases Babies born alive ,, Still-born full term ,, B.B.A. alive ,, still-born Miscarriages ,, B.B.A.		206 162 18 (macerated 9) 14 (macerated 3) 5 1 11 3
	Colonial Hospital Returns Total Number of Cases Babies born alive ,, Still-born full term ,, ,, ,, Premature ,, B.B.A. alive ,, ,, still-born Miscarriages ,, B.B.A. Normal Births		206 162 18 (macerated 9) 14 (macerated 3) 5 1 11 3 193
	Colonial Hospital Returns Total Number of Cases Babies born alive , Still-born full term , B.B.A. alive , B.B.A. alive , still-born Miscarriages , B.B.A. Normal Births Twins		206 162 18 (macerated 9) 14 (macerated 3) 5 1 1 11 3 193 5 pairs
	Colonial Hospital Returns Total Number of Cases Babies born alive ,, Still-born full term ,, g, Premature ,, B.B.A. alive ,, still-born Miscarriages ,, B.B.A. Normal Births Twins Breech Presentations		206 162 18 (macerated 9) 14 (macerated 3) 5 1 1 11 3 193 5 pairs 3
0 0 0 0 0 8 8 8 8 0 0 0 0 8 8 8 0	Colonial Hospital Returns Total Number of Cases Babies born alive , Still-born full term , B.B.A. alive , B.B.A. alive , still-born Miscarriages , B.B.A. Normal Births Twins		206 162 18 (macerated 9) 14 (macerated 3) 5 1 1 11 3 193 5 pairs
	Colonial Hospital Returns Total Number of Cases Babies born alive ,, Still-born full term ,, ,, Premature ,, B.B.A. alive ,, ,, still-born Miscarriages ,, B.B.A. Normal Births Twins Breech Presentations Transverse ,, es under general anaesthesia.		206 162 18 (macerated 9) 14 (macerated 3) 5 1 11 3 193 5 pairs 3 2
	Colonial Hospital Returns Total Number of Cases Babies born alive ,, Still-born full term ,, ,, ,, Premature ,, B.B.A. alive ,, ,, still-born Miscarriages ,, B.B.A. Normal Births Twins Breech Presentations Transverse ,, es under general anaesthesia. Forceps deliveries		206 162 18 (macerated 9) 14 (macerated 3) 5 1 11 3 193 5 pairs 3 2 3
	Colonial Hospital Returns Total Number of Cases Babies born alive ,, Still-born full term ,, B.B.A. alive ,, ,, still-born Miscarriages ,, B.B.A. Normal Births Twins Breech Presentations Transverse ,, sunder general anaesthesia. Forceps deliveries Manual		206 162 18 (macerated 9) 14 (macerated 3) 5 1 11 3 193 5 pairs 3 2 3
	Colonial Hospital Returns Total Number of Cases Babies born alive ,, Still-born full term ,, J. Premature ,, B.B.A. alive ,, ,, still-born Miscarriages ,, still-born Miscarriages ,, B.B.A. Normal Births Twins Breech Presentations Transverse ,, es under general anaesthesia. Forceps deliveries Manual Eclampsia		206 162 18 (macerated 9) 14 (macerated 3) 5 1 11 3 193 5 pairs 3 2 3
	Colonial Hospital Returns Total Number of Cases Babies born alive ,, Still-born full term ,, J. Premature ,, B.B.A. alive ,, ,, Premature ,, B.B.A. alive ,, ,, still-born Miscarriages ,, still-born Miscarriages ,, B.B.A. Normal Births Twins Breech Presentations Transverse ,, s under general anaesthesia. Forceps deliveries Manual Eckmpsia Induction for Albumenuria		206 162 18 (macerated 9) 14 (macerated 3) 5 1 11 3 193 5 pairs 3 2 3
	Colonial Hospital Returns Total Number of Cases Babies born alive ,, Still-born full term ,, J. Premature ,, B.B.A. alive ,, ,, still-born Miscarriages ,, still-born Miscarriages ,, B.B.A. Normal Births Twins Breech Presentations Transverse ,, es under general anaesthesia. Forceps deliveries Manual Eclampsia		206 162 18 (macerated 9) 14 (macerated 3) 5 1 11 3 193 5 pairs 3 2
Deliverie	Colonial Hospital Returns Total Number of Cases Babies born alive , Still-born full term , Premature , B.B.A. alive , still-born Miscarriages , B.B.A. Mormal Births Twins Breech Presentations Transverse , es under general anaesthesia. Forceps deliveries Manual Eckmpsia Induction for Albumenuria Retained Placenta		206 162 18 (macerated 9) 14 (macerated 3) 5 1 11 3 193 5 pairs 3 2 3
	Colonial Hospital Returns Total Number of Cases Babies born alive , Still-born full term , Premature , B.B.A. slive , B.B.A. slive , still-born Miscarriages , B.B.A. Normal Births Twins Breech Presentations Transverse , es under general anaesthesia. Forceps deliveries Manual Eclampsia Induction for Albumenuria Retained Placenta		206 162 18 (macerated 9) 14 (macerated 3) 5 1 11 3 193 5 pairs 3 2 3 2 2
Deliverie	Colonial Hospital Returns Total Number of Cases Babies born alive , Still-born full term , Premature , B.B.A. alive , still-born Miscarriages , B.B.A. Mormal Births Twins Breech Presentations Transverse , es under general anaesthesia. Forceps deliveries Manual Eckmpsia Induction for Albumenuria Retained Placenta		206 162 18 (macerated 9) 14 (macerated 3) 5 1 11 3 193 5 pairs 3 2 3

Neither of these colamptic patients attended the ante-natal clinic.

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Notes on Still-born Babies.

Of the 32 cases, 12 were macerated.

Of the remaining 20.

- 1. Congenitally malformed.
- 2. Mother jaundiced and suffering from malaria.

3 & 4. Transverse presentations.

5 & 6. Mothers eclamptic.

7-11. Prolonged labours.

12-13. Difficult labour-forceps delivery.

14-15. Premature at 6 months. History of a fall.

16-20. No definite cause ascertained.

These notes are kindly submitted for this return by the Nurse Matron of the Hospital.

The Ante-natal Clinic was carried on during the year. The Resident Surgeon records that "the work is progressing satisfactorily and the benefit derived considerable. 91 patients attended, the number would have been greater had it not been for the Typhoid Epidemic which caused a suspension for about 3 months. The patients are now returning in increasing numbers".

The total still-births for the Colony including the Southern Grenadines was 119, 9 more than in 1930. "Apart from the ravages of disease as shewn by the Hospital returns of macerated babies there still continues sufficient evidence to guarantee the assertion that the type of attendance practised by the "grannies" in the Colony is far from satisfactory".

Of 25 deaths from Tetanus, 21 occurred in the newly born, 4 in No. 2 District (North), 8 in No. 3 District, 2 in No. 4 District, and 7 in No. 5 District.

I have addressed a circular to the District Medical Officers on this subject inviting their views and recommendations in the hope of stamping out or reducing this type of infant mortality.

VI. Hospitals and Dispensaries.

The statistical returns of the work performed during the year are appended. At the Colonial Hospital the male and female blocks were painted and various minor repairs and improvements executed. The whole institution was supplied with electric lighting from the town mains. A garage was built for the new ambulance and a room for the Chauffeur added.

The new Motor Ambulance of the Federal type was purchased by the Government to replace the Ford, a gift by an esteemed citizen, Mr. Haywood. A chauffeur-mechanic who also does duty as an attendant warder for venereal cases in the male wards was appointed.

The first call for duty was on March 16th. To the end of the year it had made 196 trips, a distance of 2,183 miles and brought 308 patients to Hospital at a cost of £35. 7. 8 exclusive of the wages of the chauffeur.

Its services were most valuable during the Typhoid Epidemic. The driver has proved himself careful and efficient. The Ambulance is in good running order.

With the assistance of Colonial Development Funds a Dispensary was built on Government lands adjoining the Police Station at Colonarie. This is a great improvement on the pre-existing accommodation and a distinct asset to District 4. This Dispensary is well equipped and stocked with drugs. A similar building is being erected at Troumaca in District 2 (North). This subsidiary dispensary will be equipped and stocked with drugs and brought into general use early in 1932.

A subsidiary dispensary was provided in the Police Station at Mesopotamia in District 3, and brought into use in January 1931. These subsidiary dispensaries are of great assistance to the labouring population of the different districts and saves time and labour in getting the prescriptions compounded. It is probable that in consequence of such additional dispensaries that more people attend to see the doctors and certainly more medicines are issued and used. The Medical Officer of Carriacou paid 23 visits to Union Island, 9 to

The Medical Officer of Carriacou paid 23 visits to Union Island, 9 to Mayreau and 8 to Canouan, he writes, "the present existing means of transportation to the Grenadines is uncertain. Too much time is wasted on the voyage to and from the Islets by the slow sailing craft which is occasionally put at his disposal if she happens to be in the Grenadines on the day arranged for visiting".

The Medical Officer No. 1 District, St. Vincent, paid 26 visits to Bequia.

The Resident Dispensers at Sandy Bay, Bequia and Union Island rendered first aid and attended respectively 970, 577, and 200 cases, a total of 1,747.

VII. Prisons and Asylums. (a) Prisons.

AND READYER	Remaining from 1930.	Admitted 1931.	Discharged.	Died.	Sent to Hospital.	Remaining 31. 12. 31.
Males	 24	152	149	-	11	27
Females	 3	59	58		2	4

The Prison Surgeon reports that the general health of the prisoners has been fair. The diseases most prevalent were ulcers, common colds, constipation, anæmia and venereal conditions.

One prisoner was transferred to the Lunatic Asylum.

Pauper Asylum.

diduct and a	Remaining from 1930.	Admitted 1931.	Discharged.	Died.	Daily Average.	Remaining 31, 12, 31,
Males	 34	11	6	10	30	29
Females	 30	24	9	12	30	33
Total	 64	35	15	22	60	62

Considerable improvements and alterations at the Lunatic Asylum were effected during the year.

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-	x.

Lunatic Asylum.

	interest for	Remaining from 1930.	Admitted 1931.	Discharged.	Died.	Daily Average.	Remaining 31, 12, 31,	
Males		20	15	6	3	24	26	
Females		25	7	4	3	24	25	
Total		45	22	10	6	48	51	

Leper Asylum.

	Remaining from 1930.	Admitted 1931.	. Discharged.	Died.	Remaining 31, 12, 31,	
Males	 6	2	_	- in tabl	8	
Females	 10		-	1	9	
Total	 16	2			17	

Paupers.

Total cases treated during the year shewing districts from which they have been admitted.

	No. 1.	No. 2 (South).	No. 2 (North).	No. 3.	No. 4.	No. 5.	Grenndines.	Total.
Males	 21	5	5	6	3	4	1	45
Females	 31	6	8	4	2	3	-	54
Total	 52	11	13	10	5	7	1	99

TABLE V.

COLONIAL HOSPITAL.

Return of Diseases and Deaths (In-Patients) for the Year 1931.

			Hos- 1930.	Yearly	Total.	ted.	Hos- 1931.	
	Diseases.		Remaining in H pital at end of 15	Admissions.	Deaths	Total Cases Treated	Remaining in H pital at end of 19	Remarks,
J	1.—Epidemic. Endemic, and Infec-							
-	tions Diseases.							
1.	Enteric Group-			81	16	81	1. 1. 1. 1	
	(a) Typhoid Fever(b) Paratyphoid A.			01	10	01		
	(c) Paratyphoid B.							
	(d) Type not defined							
2.	Typhus							
	Relapsing Fever							
	Undulant Fever	•••						
э.	Malaria— (a) Tertian							
	(b) Quartan			(3.)				
	(c) Aestivo-autumnal		1	29		-30		all and the second s
	(d) Cachexia							
	(e) Blackwater							
6.	Smallpox-							
-	Alastrim							a los and have been seen
	Measles							
	Scarlet Fever Whooping Cough							
	Diphtheria							
	Influenza			19	1	19		
	Miliary Fever			1.0		10		Server.
	Mumps							
	Cholera							
	Epidemic diarrhœa							100,000
16.	Dysentery-				0	10		
	(a) Amœbie	••••		12	. 2	12		
	(b) Bacillary			1.4-3	dest.			
	(c) Undefined or due to oth causes			7		7		
17	Plague					1		
	(a) Bubonic							
	(b) Pneumonic							
	(c) Septicæmic						-	
	(d) Undefined							
	Yellow Fever							1
	Spirochætosis ictero-hæmorrhagic:	a						
	Leprosy Erysipelas				Cont :	DALER	Team	
22.	Acute Poliomyelitis				1 20 20			
23.								
	Epidemic Cerebro-spinal Fever				1 11 11			
	Other Epidemic Diseases-				1211	1.1 -1 1		N
	(a) Rubeola (German Measles))			100			20
	(b) Varicella (Chicken Pox)	••••						
	(c) Kala-azar	••••					4.774	and a first
	(d) Phiebotomus Fever (e) Dengue							-
	(f) Epidemic Dropsy					1		Common 2
	(g) Yaws		23	145	1	168	22	
	(h) Trypanosomiasis		2.0		27.1			in lands
26.	Glanders			1.1.1				
	Anthrax							
	Rabies						1	
29.	Tetanus			5	2	5	1	
	Total carried forward			000				
	Total carried forward		24	298	21	322	23	

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Return of Diseases and Deaths (In-Patients) for the Year 1931.

		Trans a la	2.2	rearry	Total.	õ	Hos- 1931.		
Administ	Diseases.		Remaining in Hos- pital at end of 1930.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Total Cases Treated	Remaining in He pital at end of 19	Rema	iks.
В	cought forward	125	24	298	21	322	23		
I.—Epider	nic, Endemic, and In	fections				-			
	Diseases (contd.).								
0. Myeosi 1 Tubere	s alosis, Pulmonary an	d Laryn-				11 111			
geal			2	13	5	15	1		
	ulosis of the Mening	es or Cen-							
tral N 3 Tubore	ervous System ulosis of the Intest	ines or		States	farel and				
Perito	neum			2		2			
	ulosis of the Vertebra			1	S tank a	1			
	ulosis of Bones and J ulosis of other organs				off reals	A ISTOR			
	Skin or Subcutaneou					COLUMN ST			
	(Lupus)								
	Bones Lymphatic System			2		2			
	Genito-urinary			Present C		- Arta Part		Distant	
(e)	Other organs			hand	1.1.1.1				
	alosis disseminated.							Director	
	Acute Chronic				1 8				
8. Syphil								144	
	Primary		2	32		32	2	donts .	
	Secondary Tertiary		~	7	allen h	7	2		
	Hereditary			5	1	5		portante.	
(e) 19. Soft C.	Period not indicated				. antania	J		ATEN S	
0. AG	onorrhœa and its con	plications	2	18		20		Sugar,	
BGo	norrheal Ophthalmi:	a	1	11	1 million	. 12		14	
	norrhœal Arthritis anuloma Venereum							11	
1. Septica	emia			1 2		rist-gimber		0	
	Infectious Diseases—	-		per la participation de la	ana an	S 640 3	a she was	h.h 11	
	vpanosomiasis ueral Discases not mer	ational				AL NU PA		in the	
11	above.	teronece.		Real-ado	ampol	201 10 19		Europ	
	or other malignant '	Tumours		in the	1 within			Sine M.	
	e Buccal Cavity	P		2	1	2		bind	
	or other malignant ' Stomach or Liver	rumours		1		1		pake.	
15. Cancer	or other malignant '			1	and a second		1	136 3	
of th tum	e Peritoneum Intesti	nes, Rec-		9		0		angh .	
	or other malignant	Tumours		~		2	1 Cold I		
of th	e Female Genital Org	ans	1	4		5	1	1.	
	r or other malignant ' e Breast	rumours		1		1	-sk	dianet .	
	or other malignant '	Tumours		1		1			
of the	e Skin			- ner	and mail		and the	turner -	
19. Cancer	or other malignant ' gans not specified			3	101.00	3		Foul PCL 2	
50. Tumo	ars non-Malignant			10		10		int report	
51. Acute	Rheumatism			1		1		and the set	
52. Chroni	ie Rhenmatism		-	10		10	Pre mi	turing ;	11/2-
			-	1			29		

Return of Diseases and Deaths (In-Patients) for the Year 1931.

		Yearly	Total.	fed	Hos- 1931.		
Discases,	Remaining in Hos- pital at end of 1930.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Total Cases Treated	Remaining in H pital at end of 19	Remarks.	
Brought forward	32	424	28	456	29		
11.—General Diseases not mentioned above (contd.)		All and you	-16 Sam			I. April	
53. Scurvy (including Barlow's Disease						ionell blind	
54. Pellagra						THE REAL PROPERTY AND	
						and and the	
 56. Rickets 57. Diabetes (not including Insipidus) 		1					
58. Anæmia—		1	1	1			
(a) Dominiona		2		2			
(b) Other Anæmias and Chloros	is 1	6		7	2		
50. Diseases of the Thyroid Gland—		Manual Providence					
 (a) Exophthalmic Goitre (b) Other diseases of the Thyroi 	a				int and		
Gland, Myxœdema							
51. Diseases of the Para-Thyroid Gland	ls						
52. Diseases of the Thymus							
53. Diseases of the Supra-Renal Glands							
 Diseases of the Spleen Leukaemia— 							
(a) Loubsonio					ionne?		
(b) Hodalin's Disease							
56. Alcoholism		3	6	3			
57. Chronic poisoning by mineral sub-	-						
stances (lead, mercury, &c.)					1	111	
 Chronic poisoning by organic sub stances (Morphia, Cocaine, &c.) 	Sec. 19. 19. 19. 19.						
59. Other General Diseases—						12. 500	
Auto interlection		1 Carriero				1. 19 14	
Purpura Hæmorrhagica						1.1.1	
					anining	D11	
Diabetes Insipidus							
111.—Affections of the Nervous System and Organs of the Senses.					in the second	1980 A.	
70. Encephalitis (not including Encepha						all the	
litis Lethargica)							
71. Meningitis (not including Tubereu		in marine				marth Lib	
lous Meningitis or Cerebro-spinal	1				i lla	Co des	
Meningitis)		3	2	3		The state	
		1		1			
 Other affections of the Spinal Cord. Apoplexy— 						110	
(a) Homevaluera		7	3	7		Territo 1	
(b) Embolism		promit.	0	lana si	(in the second	AL ENGLA	
(c) Thrombosis		1.11.2			and a first	10.1	
15. Paralysis-						A STREET STREET	
		1	1	1		and the second	
(b) Other Paralyses 76. General Paralysis of the Insane						11.24	
77 Oil of france of Mondal Allowettan		101101	S ALTERNATION OF	Saler of		Acres 128	
9 Pollonge		$\frac{1}{4}$	2	1 4			
79. Eclampsia, Convulsions (non-puer-		Ŧ	-	4		NO. TIME	
						and the	
30. Infantile Convulsions .	[the second second	
Total carried forward	. 33	453	37	486	31		

Return of Diseases and Deaths (In-Patients) for the Year 1931.

		Hos- 1930.	Yearly	Total.	ited.	Hos- 1931.	
Diseases.		1.1	sions.	ths.	sos Trea		Remarks.
- Annual - Contraction - Contr		Remaining i pital at end o	Admissions	Deaths.	Total Cases Treated	Remaining i	
Brought forward		33	453	37	486	31	
III.—Affections of the Nervous Syst and Organs of the Senses (con			12	in the second			
81. Chorea							
82. AHysteria			1		1	1	
B.—Neuritis C.—Neurasthenia			2		2		10.1
83. Cerebral Softening							
84. Other affections of the Nervous S						Same	
tem, such as Paralysis Agitans							M. Remelu
 Affections of the Organs of Visio (a) Diseases of the Eye 	12.1		12		12		
(b) Conjunctivitis		1	1.4		1.4		
(c) Trachoma							
(d) Tumours of the Eye				1.1.152			
(c) Other affections of the Ey 86. Affections of the Ear or Maste		1	4		5		
Sinus			4	1	4		
IV A fections of the Circulatory				anne (
System.			in				
87. Pericarditis			2		2		
 Acute Endocarditis or Myocarditi Angina Pectoris 	1		2	1	2		
90. Other Diseases of the Heart-		1	3	t had a	3	1	
(a) Valvular—						Collinson of	
Mitral		2	16	1	18		
Aortic Tricuspid			5	2	5		
Pulmonary							
(b) Myocarditis			2	1	2	1	
91. Diseases of the Arteries-			~	-	~		
(a) Aneurism (b) Arterio-Sclerosis		1	2		2		
(c) Other diseases			5		5	hink	
92. Embolism or Thrombosis (non-			1		1		
cerebral)				1			
93. Diseases of the Veins— Hæmorrhoids			1		1		
Varicose Veins		-	1	2.4	1	mane of	
Phlebitis			-	1		C. S. P. P. L.	
94. Diseases of the Lymphatic System							Section 110
Lymphangitis Lymphadenitis, Bubo (non-			2		2	in the second	
specific)]	2	16	A long	18	2	
95. Hæmorrhage of undetermined cau	se			1.10	10	1000	
96. Other affections of the Circulatory							
System V. Affections of the Respiratory			+				
System.		1					
97. Diseases of the Nasal Passages— Adenoids			10	100	10	1	
Polypus		1	19		19	1	
Rhinitis							
Coryza			1		1		
' Total carried forward		38	554	42	592	37	

Return of Diseases and Deaths (In-Patients) for the Year 1931.

	35 1 1			Yearly Total.		ted	Hos- 1931.		
	Diseases.	in the second se	Remaining in Hos- pital at end of 1930.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Total Cases Treated	Remaining in H pital at end of 15	Remarks.	
	Brought forward		38	554	42	592	37		
v. —A	flections of the Respira System (contd.)	tory		Litinus	-	-21 10-			
	ions of the Larynx— aryngitis							11-1.55	
99. Brone								172-27	
) Acute			$\frac{3}{4}$		3 4	2		
) Chronic ho-Pneumonia			6	1	6		Ph. Other of	
101. Pneur					-				
) Lobar			7	4	7		100	
) Unclassified			1		2011		121	
	isy, Empyema estion of the Lungs			1		1		(a)	
	rene of the Lungs				1.0				
105. Asthn				4	6	4		STA NO	
106. Pulme	onary Emphysema		1			1		country.	
	affections of the Lungs ulmonary Spirochaetosi				Aures	in line		1	
VIDi	seases of the Digestive S	System.							
	Diseases of Teeth or Gur	and the second sec		1	L			Mr. Person	
	Caries, Pyorrhœa, &c.							and the second	
S	other affections of the M tomatitis	louth—			-neili			295. O.Lee	
109. Affect	lossitis, &c. tions of the Pharynx or	Tonsils_					inne.		
	onsillitis haryngitis					1544	ALC: NO		
	tions of the Esophagus					2100	Sale's		
111. AU	Jlcer of the Stomach			1		Lange 1	1.	and the second	
	llcer of the Duodenum				-	0.0		Call S	
	affections of the Stoma	ich-	1	1	1 1.6	2	Nump	1.65	
	lastritis)yspepsia, &c.		1	1 1		2	1 1 1 1 1 1	(6)	
	hea and Enteritis-			1	1000 C	C. P. C. W. R.		P2. Reabally	
τ	Inder two years			1		1		and the second	
	hœa and Enteritis—				2			ALL AND	
	'wo years and over			9	2	9	C	Trail Company	
	olitis Ilceration			1				ALL CONTRACTOR	
114a Sprue							VLE NO	Di Islava	
115. Anky	lostomiasis			25		25		- Cal	
	ises due to Intestinal Pa	rasites							
	a) Cestoda (Tænia) b) Trematoda (Flukes)			-	-	in the second		to comit .20	
	c) Nematoda (other that	n		-	-	All & Tex &		Diff. Other	
	Ankylostoma)-					5		and a company	
	Ascaris			27	1	27	A market	All IT	
	Trichocephalus di	ispar				1000222			
	Trichina Dracunculus				Tanten I	1.000		Insider . The	
	Strongylus							142	
	Oxyuris		1.00					and the second s	
	d) Coccidia							10	
	 Other parasites O Undessified 						1		
(f) Unclassified				-				
	Total carried forward		40	642	50	682	39		

Return of Diseases and Deaths (In-Patients) for the Year 1931.

			Hos- 1930.	Yearly Total.		uted	Hos- 1931.		
Renatidae	Diseases.		Remaining in H pital at end of 15	Admissions.	Deaths.	Total Cases Treated	Remaining in E pital at end of 11	Remarks.	
Bre	ought forward		40	642	50	682	39		
	iseases of the Digest System (contd.)	ive			(apple)	Changelin	en lain		
117. Appendic	titis			2	907 3	2			
118. Hernia	ctions of the Anus, 1		1	19	and the second	19	1		
	a, &c.					- 199	od man-		
	r affections of the I					A STATE	The line		
	tines			3	2	3			
	Enteroptosis			3 9		3 9			
	Constipation flow Atrophy of the	e Liver				3	i sint		
121. Hydatid						Carona B	The prove		
122. Cirrhosis	of the Liver-						1		
	leoholie								
	ther forms					1011 20	and a		
123. Biliary C 124. Other affe	ections of the Liver						draws /		
Abse						1.1-13	Superior State		
Hepa	titis			1	101 30	- 1	a male		
	eystitis		1	1	and and	2			
Jaune						al marks			
	of the Pancreas is (of unknown caus	(00					Al sheet		
	ections of the Digest					1000	4.4.6.4		
System	0				· · · · ·		41.10		
VII - Diser	uses of the Genito-un	rinary							
	em (non-Venereal)				1965 1997				
128. Acute Ne				1		1			
129. Chronic	Pinno			4	2	4			
130. AChyl				1			a delegand		
	stosomiasis								
	ections of the Kidne	ys-					profile		
132. Urinary	tis, &c. Calenlus								
	of the Bladder-								
Cysti	tis		1	10	- nite	11			
	of the Urethra-					8	and the second		
(a) S(b) O(b) O(b)	tricture			8		1	1		
	of the Prostate			-		-			
	rtrophy								
Prost	atitis			3		3	1		
136. Diseases	(non-Venereal) of the	he Geni-							
fai Orga	uns of Man- dymitis			5		5			
Orchi				12		12	2		
Hydr	ocele		- And	5	D. Hora	5	1		
	of Penis		2	9		11	1		
	ther non-malignant	Tumours					1128		
of the 0 138. Salpingit				3		3	1		
Abse	ess of the Pelvis			2		2			
139. Uterine	fumours (non-malig	nant)		6		ő	2		
140. Uterine I	Iæmorrhage (non-p	uerperal)	-						
	59 1,000 1 1 68	C10.1 8							
То	tal carried forward		44	749	54	793	48		

		Hos- 1930.	Yearly	Total.	ited.	Hos- 1931.	
Diseases.		Remaining in H pital at end of 1:	Admissions.	Deaths.	Total Cases Treated	Remaining in F pital at end of 1	Remarks.
Brought forward		44	749	54	793	48	
VII.—Diseases of the Ge	nito-urinary	0.6					
System (non-Venereal) (S. Same			
141. A.—Metritis B.—Other affections of			2		2		
Genital Organs-							
Displacements of Amenorrhoea	uterus		1		1		
Dysmenorrhœa							
Leucorrhœa 142. Diseases of the Brea	st (non-puer-						
peral)— Mastitis			7		7		
Abscess of Breast			1-10 -0.2	1			
VIII.—Puerperal Sta	ite.						
143. A.—Normal Labour B.—Accidents of Preg	nancy	4	193		197	4	
(a) Abortion			7		7		Contraction Al
(b) Ectopic Gestati (c) Other accidents		2	8		2 8		
144. Puerperal Hæmorrhag			0		0		
145. Other accidents of Par	turition		3		3		
146. Puerperal Septicæmia 147. Phlegmasia Dolens			2	1	2		
148. Puerperal Eclampsia			2	2	2		
 Sequelæ of Labour Puerperal affections of 	the Breast						
IX.—Affections of a			(makes)	in said			123.387
Cellular Tissu				Same	and they		
151. Gangrene			1	1	1		
152. Boil— Carbuncle			2 10		2 10		The A and
153. Abscess—			10		10		in market
Whitlow		1			and the second	philosoff,	SL. Other, of
Cellulitis ' 154. A.—Tinea		3	9		12	hote	TR. Ushing
B.—Scabies					distantich (G. Blanch
155. Other Diseases of the S Brythema			1		tinte	in the	Contra an
Urticaria		1000	6		6	a balance	(0)
Eczema			8	1.00	8	pand	(4)
Herpes Psoriasis			1	1.0	1	11.10 4	The Dissure
Elephantiasis			2		2	Ellent	125
Myiasis				1 30 (6	and the state of the	state) &	SG. Dimon
Chigoes Cutaneous Leishm	aniasis				- 411	(dy bab	194
X.—Diseases of Bones of Locomotion (other than	nd Organs of Tuberculous)						
156. Diseases of Bones-				Laure			AT. Owner
Osteitis						(DE ITE	11.30
157. Diseases of Joints- Arthritis						a alter	38. chulptin
Synovitis			Heno	eiten i		DOWNY !	amit Pr
			-		1.000		
Total carried for	ward	53	1,013	58	1,066	52	

COLONIAL HOSPITAL.

29

COLONIAL HOSPITAL.

Return of Diseases and Deaths (In-Patients) for the Year 1931.

	Hos- 1930.	Yearly	Total.	eated.	Hos- 1931.	116
Diseases.	Remaining in pital at end of	Admissions.	Deaths.	Total Cases Treated	Remaining in pital at end of	Remarks.
. Brought forward		1,013	58	1,066	52	
X.—Diseases of Bones and Organs of Locomotion (other than Tubercu-				alaren)		
louis (contd). 158. Other Diseases of Bones or Organs of Locomotion	t l				Smal.	
XI.—Malformations,					dia and	
159. Malformations— Hydrocephalus Hypospadias				and at		
Spina Bifida, &c XII.—Diseases of Infancy.		2		2		
160. Congenital Debility						
161. Premature Birth 162. Other affections of Infancy	3	1		2		
163. Infant neglect (infants of three months or over)		6		6		
XIII Affections of Old Age.	1			0		
164. Senility— Senile Dementia						
XIV.—Affections produced by Ex- ternal Causes.		8	1	8	1	
165. Suicide by Poisoning						
166. Corrosive Poisoning (intentional) 167. Suicide by Gas Poisoning						
168. Suicide by Hanging or Strangulation 169. Suicide by Drowning						
170. Suicide by Firearms						
171. Suicide by cutting or stabbing In- struments						
172. Suicide by jumping from a height 173. Suicide by crushing						
174. Other Suicides 175. Food Poisoning-						
Botulism		Partier	-			
176. Attacks of poisonous animals— Snake Bite		1.111	19. 24			
Insect Bite 177. Other accidental Poisonings						
178. Burns (by Fire)	• 1	4	1	5		
180. Suffocation (accidental)		3		3		
181. Poisoning by Gas (accidental) 182. Drowning (accidental)			10.14			
183. Wounds (by Firearms, war excepted 184. Wounds (by cutting or stabbing In-)					
struments)		12		12		
185. Wounds (by Fall)	1	15		15	1	
 Wounds (by Machinery) Wounds (crushing, e.g. railway accidents, &c.) 		6		6		
Total carried forward	. 55	1,070	60	1,125	54	

COLONIAL	HOSPITAL.
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Return of Diseases and Deaths (In-Patients) for the Year 1931.

	Hos- 1930.	Yearly	Total.	ted.	Hos- 1931.	
Diseases.	Remaining in H pital at end of 19	Admissions.	Deaths.	Total Cases Treated	Remaining in H pital at end of 19	Remarks.
Brought forward	55	1,070	60	1,125	54	
XIV.—Affections produced by External Causes (contd.)			141 hours			
89. Injuries inflicted by Animals, Bites,						
Kicks, &c						
90 Wounds inflicted on Active Service		ALC: NUMBER	1			
91. Executions of civilians by belligerents						
192. A.—Over fatigue …			1 2.3			
B.—Hunger or Thirst			1.			
93. Exposure to Cold, Frost bite, &c						
94. Exposure to Heat-						
Heatstroke Sunstroke						
195. Lightning Stroke						
196. Electric Shock			1.000			
197. Murder by Firearms		1			Contraction of the second	
198. Murder by cutting or stabbing In-			And the second sec			
struments			1.			
199. Murder by other means		- States	1.00			
200. Infanticide (Murder of an infant		1000	1			
under one year) ····			Ser Ser	2	1.1	
201. ADislocation		2		~		
B.—Sprain ····		21	2	21	3	
C.—Fracture … 202. Other external Injuries …		16	-	16		via
203. Deaths by Violence of unknown		10	13			1.1.1.
cause	1000		1			
		1		(and the set	1011.00	
XV.—Ill-Defined Diseases.		A. Cross	A CONTRACTOR OF	1. 2		A Laborat 100
204. Sudden Death (cause unknown)		the second	10.15		1.11	24 10 83
205. ADiseases not already specified		- and a second	1 and 1	and the second second	ALL THE	detailing the
or ill-defined-		1	1	Same	1. 2. 2.1	III. Suichday
Ascites		10	1 and and	10	las mi	
Ædema Asthenia		15		15		in prela
Asthenia Shock		10	pit a pro	11	and su	Superior 1
Hyperpyrexia		1		1 million	10000	and the Al
B.—Malingering ····		2		2	California and	
					11111	25
XVIDiseases, the total of which		1	all and		a think have	Alberto a
have not caused 10 Deaths.				Salar .	- Tim	and a
Total	55	1,136	62	1,191	57	STAT STATES
Total	00	1,100	0.4	1,131	01	A REAL PROPERTY AND

Operations.	+	No.	Deaths.	Operations.	No.	Deaths
Amputations :	Ī			Brought forward	138	1
Pingen		8		Hernia :	200	
Hand		1		Radical Cure	13	1
		5	1	Strangulated	2	1000
77		3	1117	Hydrocele :		
T		3		Radical Cure	4	1 m
A		1	her .	Hysterectomy	6	
10		1	anr -	Incision and drainage :	ALC: NO	
Appendicectomy .		1	1779.81	Abscesses	63	day:
		22	111	Incised wound Stitching	10	
Cataract :			14.1	Laparotomy :	1	22
Excision .		2	1.21	Acute intestinal		
Cauterization :-				obstruction	2	2
Ulcer .		1	223	Cancer of uterus	1	
Circumcision .		55	1712 -1	Peritonitis	1	
Curettage .		2		Ovarian Tumour	1	
Enucleation of eye		6	121 1	Pterygium :		105
Extraction of Foreign Body :-	_			Excision	1	US VIC
Eve .		1	2.1	Scraping of ulcer	11	
Nose .		4	105.000	Sequestrectomy	3	30
Hand .		5		Tendon repair	1	12.2.
Chest .		1	BOE 1	Tonsillectomy	11	1 17
Extraction of teeth .		2	1.970	Tumours Simple :-		1
Fracture :	1		phone It	Excision	18	STT.
Reduction .		11		Tumours Malignant :		
Glands :				Excision	4	211
Excision .		3		Vasotomy-Suprapubic	1	
Carried forward .		138		Total	291	2

Classification of Operations at the Colonial Hospital 1931.

CHATEAUBELAIR HOSPITAL.

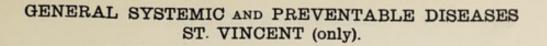
Return of Diseases and Deaths for the year 1931.

Diseases.		No. of Deaths.	Diseases.		No. of Deaths.
I. Epidemic, Endemic and Infectious Diseases :	2	1	Brought forward VI. Diseases of the Disgestive System :	15	3
5. Malaria 40. Gonorrhœa and its	2		127. Other affections	2	1
complications II. General Diseases not men- tioned above :	2		VIII. Puerperal State : 143. Normal Labour	9	
57. Diabetes (not includ- ing Insipidus) III. Affections of the Nervous System and Organs	2		IX. Affections of the Skin and Cellular Tissues:	2 2	
of the Senses :— 74. Apoplexy 84. Other affections of the	1		X. Diseases of the Bones and Organs of Locomo-	~	
Nervous System V. Affections of the Respira- tory System :	3		tion :— 158	2	
99. Bronchitis 105. Asthma	1	1	XIV. Affections produced by external causes :		
107. Other affections of the Lungs	1	1	184. Wounds by cutting Instruments 201. Fracture	$\frac{3}{1}$	
Carried forward	15	3	Total	36	4

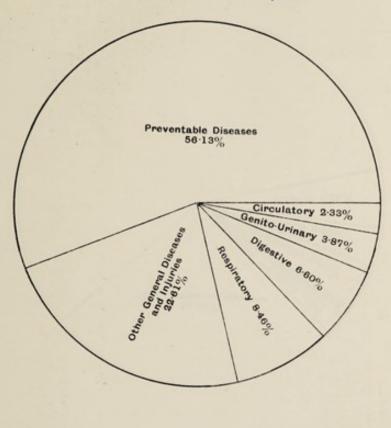
GEORGETOWN HOSPITAL.

Return of Diseases and Deaths for the year 1931.

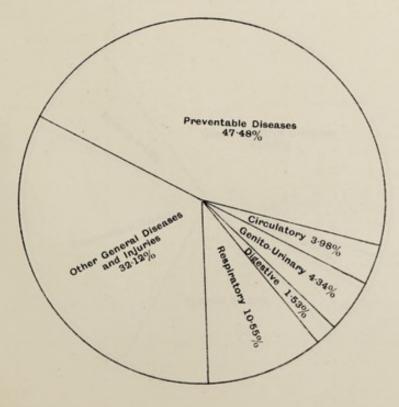
Diseases.		No.of Deaths.	Diseases.		No. of Deaths.
1. Epidemic, Endemic and			Brought forward	10	
Infectious Diseases :		Lives 1	VII. Diseases of the Genito-	1,6	
25. Yaws, Laryngeal	1		Urinary System :		
31. Tuberculosis, Pul-	ALC: H		133. Cystitis	3	
monary	4	Honly 1	134. (a) Stricture	2	
35. Tuberculosis of hip-			VIII. Puerperal State :		
joint	1	danil 3	146. Puerperal Septicæmia		1
38. Syphilis-	(COURSE)	1444	148. Puerperal Eclampsia	1	(Cato)
(b) Secondary	1		IX. Affections of the Skin		
III. Affections of the Ner-		1 5 6	and Cellular Tissues :		
vous System and	19482		155. Ulcer	3	
Organs of Special	196		XIV. Affections produced by		That was
Senses :	10.11		external causes :		Provent in
72. Locomotor Ataxia	1	1000	184. Wounds (by cutting		
IV. Affections of the Circu-	125	1.	or stabbing instru-		
latory System :			ments)		
90, (b) Myocarditis			201. (a) Dislocation	1.11	
91. (a) Aneurysm	1	1 1	(c) Fracture		
VI. Diseases of the Digestive	1.	Line I	202. Other External Injuries XV. Ill-defined diseases :		1
System :			1 007 / 3 1 11	1	
111. (a) Ulcer of the Stom-	1	Lord B	1 205. (a) Ascites	1	
112. Gastritis	1 1				
11.4. Odstritts		A	G Los L such	1	
Carried forward	12		Total	37	2

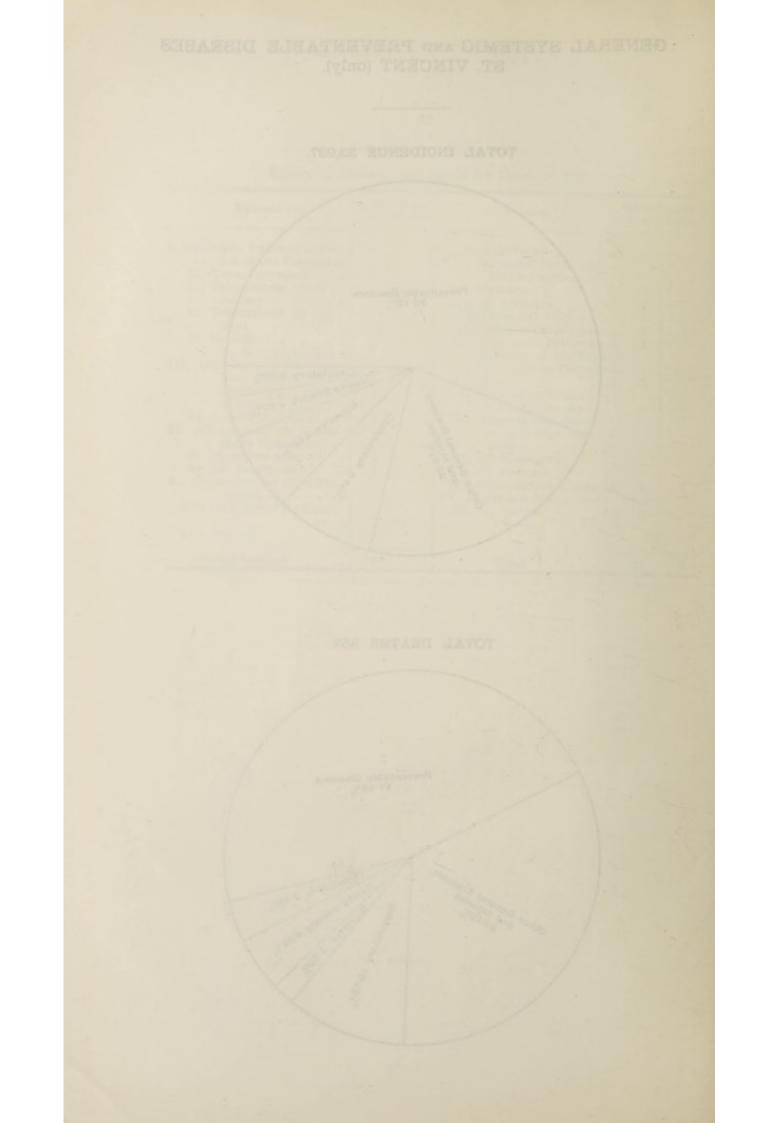


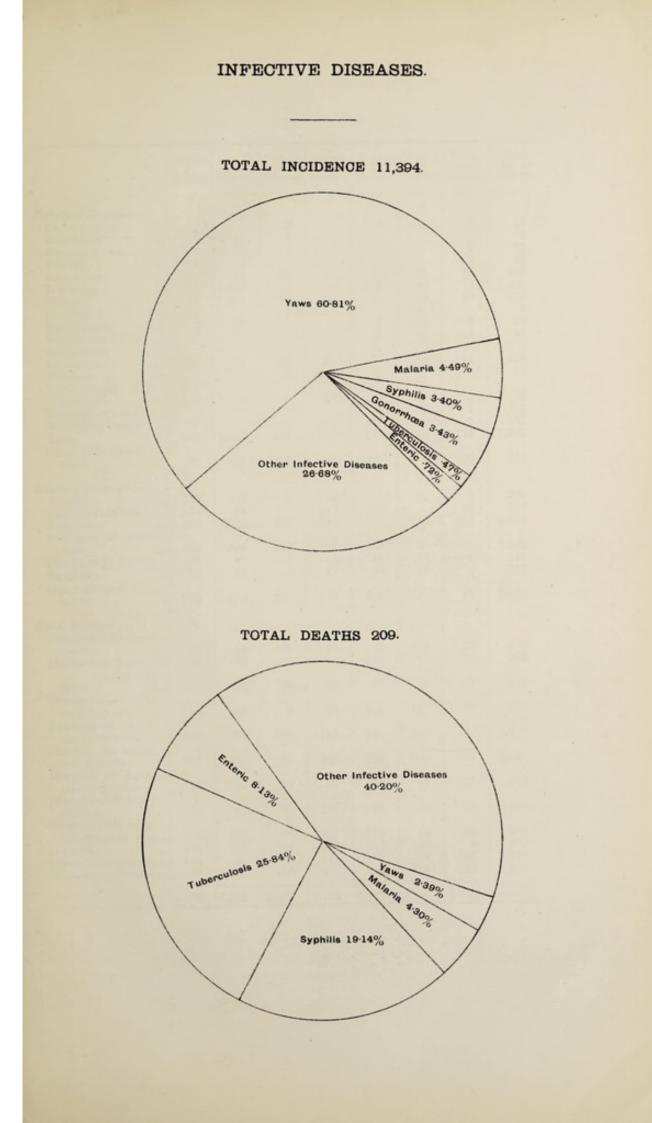
TOTAL INCIDENCE 33,937.

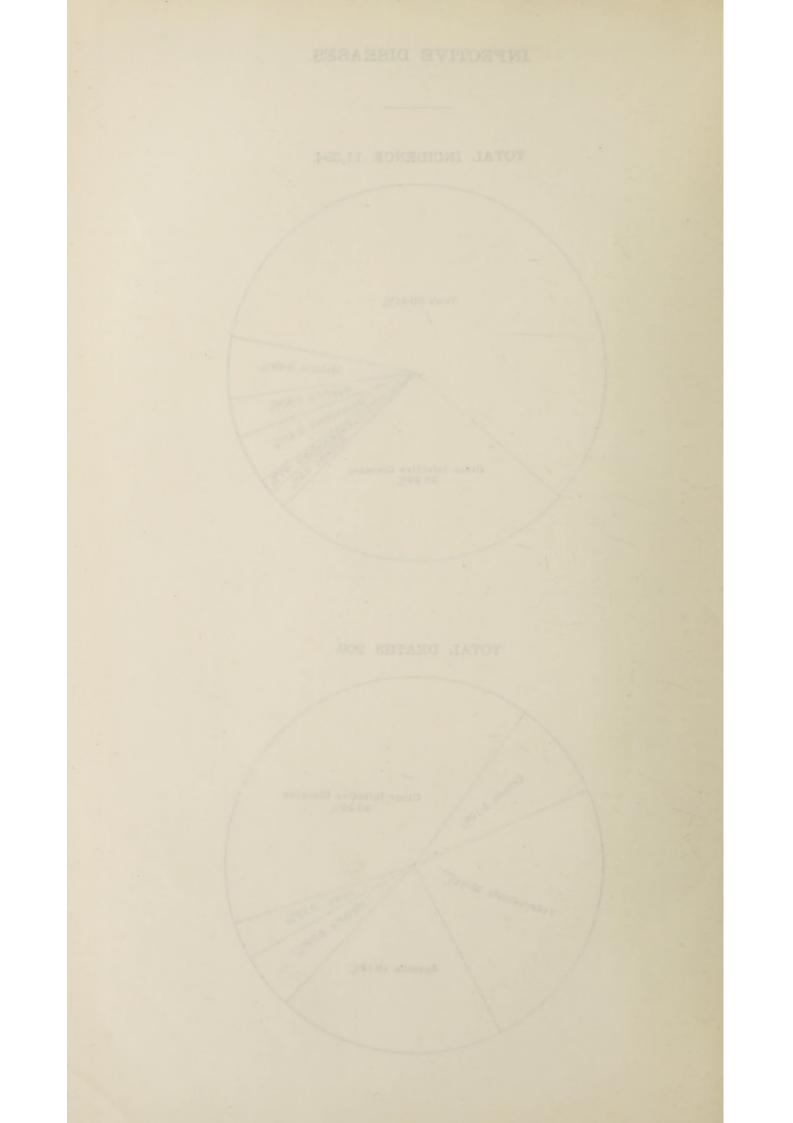


TOTAL DEATHS 853.









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	District I Diseases	Dist, II (South) Discases.	Dist. II (North) Diseases	District 111 Diseases	IV	District V Diseases	Grena- dines. Diseases	Total No, o Disease
Infective Diseases :					1			
Chicken Pox	. 1		9		1	1	2	14
Dysentery	1		1	2.10	-		-	2
Enteric Fever	1	70	7	1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1	81
Filaria		2		2	2		ĩ	13
Gonorrhea	1 1 1	44	59	61	52	31	14	405
Influenza	217	612	76	230	199	43	19	1,396
Malaria		288	72	27	40	8	20	532
Measles			1					. 1
Pneumonia	2	42			7	14	2	67
Rheumatic Fever	2	1			4	26	14	47
Septicæmia					N. Carrows	5		5
Syphilis	220	17	31	56	27	36	41	428
Tetanus			2	7	2	7		18
Tuberculosis Pul-								
monary	9	6	9	12	5	10	2	53
Tuberculosis Other					1	1	1	3
Whooping Cough	87			. 350	226	93	1	757
Yaws	675	2,621	277	1,548	1,203	605	78	7,007
Other Infective Dis-								
eases	37	212	1	52	398	61	50	811
General Diseases :						2		
Anæmia	130	2	5	77	9	26	9	258
Ankylostomiasis	44	11		215	18		26	314
Ascariasis	660	1,676	797	1.147	1,239	498	207	6,224
Diarrhœa in Chil-								
dren	162	266	130	296	166	66	43	1,129
Diarrhœa in Adults	54	82	4	61	41	23	6	271
Tumours	15	12	20	22	45	11	6	131
Other general Dis-						in the second		
eases	265	610	206	324	459	185	61	2,110
Local Diseases :								
Diseases of Nervous	1-1-1-1			-		8		
System	84	57	22	41	105	104	23	436
Diseases of Eye	132	74	69	83	116	60	18	552
Panand	102	12	0.9	0.0	110	00	10	002
Nose	165	54	59	92	67	39	12	488
Diseases of Circula-	105	JA	0.0	0.4	0.		14	100
tory System	115	88	9	93	102	136	99	565
Diseases of Respi-	1.1.0	00			10.4	100	~~	000
	1,106	198	365	792	228	180	67	2,936
Diseases of Diges-	1,100	100	000		~~0	100		4,200
tive System	627	337	151	505	420	200	88	2,328
Diseases of Lym-	0	001	101	000	3.40	-00	00	21020
phatic System	48	. 37	39	81	56	21	21	303
Diseases of Urinary	10			0.	00	7.	~ 1	0.0
System	96	61	23	121	79	79	19	478
Diseases of Genera-								
tive System	262	154	66	145	194	34	46	901
Injuries	174	135	80	159	211	110	8	877
Ulcers Non-specific	153	50	295	241	177	214	44	1.174
Other Local Diseases	603	133	152	355	313	238	88	1,882
-		7,952				3,165	1,060	34,997

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PRESCRIPTIONS. PRESCRIPTIONS. I (North) 1 (South) 7,492 1,381 1 (South) 5,715 592 5,715 1,381 1 (South) 5,715 592 5,715 1,381 1 (South) 5,715 1,381 1 (South) 1,433 1,435 1,137 1,137 1,147 1,147 1,147 1,138 1,147 1,147 1,147 1,147 1,147 1,147 1,147 1,147 1,147 1,147 1,147 1,147 1,147 1,147 1,147 1,147 1,147 1,147 1,148 <td< td=""><td>ON CASES</td><td></td><td>731 101 11 12 12 12 11 12</td><td>764</td></td<>	ON CASES		731 101 11 12 12 12 11 12	764
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PRESCRIPTIONS. PRESCRIPTIONS. Prescriptions. I (North) 7.492 1.381 I (South) 5.715 592 V 5.715 1.012 V 5.715 1.012 S 3023 643 1.475 V 5.715 1.012 S 3023 1.417 1.012 V 5.715 1.012 S 1.667 1.012 S 1.612 1.012 S 1.612 1.012 S 1.612 1.012 S 1.613 2.611		Pauper.	3,349 443 1,441 945 1,387 1,387 1,387 109	7,674
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I (South) (South) V Ss	PRI	Free.	7,492 3,093 5,715 6,145 5,017 1,675 832	29,969
rict I II (North) II (South) II (South) IV V adines				and a
Dist			District I II (Nerth) II (South) IV Grenadines	

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Total No. of Prescriptions 36,123. Total attendances in Districts 37,450.

YAWS RETURN, 1931.

	On list from 1930.	from 30.	Cases added during 1931.	nddod 1931.	Total cases Treated.	cases ed.	Cases discharged	scharged	Defaulters at 31, 12, 31,	ters at 2. 31.	Remaining at 31. 12. 31.	ing at	No. of Injections.	No. of tubes K.P.N. used.	No. of e. c. "Sobita" used
	Adult.	Child.	Child. Adult. Child.	child.	Adult.	child.	Adult.	Child.	Adult.	Child.	Adult.	Child.	1. It.		-104
	3,793	8,889	382	609	793	1,573	333	780	140	235	600	1.028	2.343	193	4.716
Pebruary	1	1	215	497	614	1.183	190	334	201	342	625	1.191	2.201	142	5.032
March	1	1	210	440	642	1,450	313	568	193	181	522	1,063	2,383	114	5.700
April	+	1	221	417	651	1,196	243	475	93	284	500	1,005	1,975	129	5.704
	1	1	201	416	620	1.211	167	363	87	210	540	1,058	-2,241	195	4.806
	1	1	253	352	661	1.196	233	445	132	214	560	965	2,022	155	4.184
	1	1	283	461	212	1.245	256	300	126	181	589	1.126	2.188	109	4.919
st	1	1	383	515	816	1,381	144	279	155	260	827	1.362	2,591	116	5.036
September	1	1	359	528	902	1,484	192	304	283	406	166	1,586	3.022	120	5.581
Detaher	1	1	307	430	1,048	1,690	374	522	253	326	927	1.494	2.482	178	4.945
November	1	1	231	372	879	1,564	300	337	279	302	858	1,529	2.418	46	5.640
December	1	1	185	239	1,043	1,768	1,013	1.768	1		1	1	1,586	11	3,640
Total	3,793	8,889		5,276	9.389	16,941	3.788	6,475	1,941	2,941	7,542	13.407	27.452	1.541	59.903
														wante	matan

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Month.	¥ .	Temperature.			Rainfall.		Winds.	
		Shade Max.	Shade Min.	Mean Range.	Inches.	Degree of Humidity.		Average force Miles per hour.
January February March April May June July August September October November December		$\begin{array}{c} 83.8\\ 85.3\\ 85.3\\ 85.7\\ 86.3\\ 85.0\\ 85.1\\ 86.4\\ 86.4\\ 85.5\\ 84.5\\$	73.1 74-2 76-1 77-2 77-7 77-1 77-3 77-7 77-4 77-4 77-4	9·1 9·6 9·2 8·5 8·6 7·9 7·8 8·3 12·0 8·1 —	$5 \cdot 44 \\ 1 \cdot 43 \\ 2 \cdot 37 \\ 3 \cdot 53 \\ 5 \cdot 30 \\ 10 \cdot 85 \\ 13 \cdot 24 \\ 10 \cdot 03 \\ 8 \cdot 56 \\ 14 \cdot 82 \\ 14 \cdot 75 \\ 5 \cdot 45 \\ 14 \cdot 75 \\ 5 \cdot 45 \\ 95 \cdot 77 \\ 10 \cdot 77 \\ 10$	$\begin{array}{c} 71.0\\ 69.0\\ 71.4\\ 71.6\\ 72.0\\ 75.7\\ 74.5\\ 77.6\\ 73.2\\ 75.8\\ 74.6\\ 73.2\\ 75.8\\ 74.6\\ 70.4\end{array}$	E. & S.E. N.E. S.E. & E. E. & S.E. E. & S.E. E. & S.E. E. & S.E. E. & S.E. E. & N.E. E. & N.E. E.	542 844 11.08 9.38 10.26 11.24 8.17 7.5 7.8 7.72 -6.08

METEOROLOGICAL RETURN FOR THE YEAR 1931.



