## Contributors

Bihar and Orissa (India)

## **Publication/Creation**

Ranchi : Government Branch Press, [1914]

### **Persistent URL**

https://wellcomecollection.org/works/bwmtntr2

### License and attribution

This work has been identified as being free of known restrictions under copyright law, including all related and neighbouring rights and is being made available under the Creative Commons, Public Domain Mark.

You can copy, modify, distribute and perform the work, even for commercial purposes, without asking permission.



Wellcome Collection 183 Euston Road London NW1 2BE UK T +44 (0)20 7611 8722 E library@wellcomecollection.org https://wellcomecollection.org

# TRIENNIAL REPORT

.Ac. 233

ON

## VACCINATION,

## BIHAR AND ORISSA,

FOR THE YEARS

1911-12, 1912-13 & 1913-14.

BY

Lieutenant-Colonel E. C. HARE, I.M.S., Sanitary Commissioner, Bihar & Orissa.



RANCHI: PRINTED AT THE BIHAR AND ORISSA GOVERNMENT BRANCH PRESS. 1914.



## TRIENNIAL REPORT

ON

## VACCINATION,

## BIHAR AND ORISSA,

FOR THE YEARS

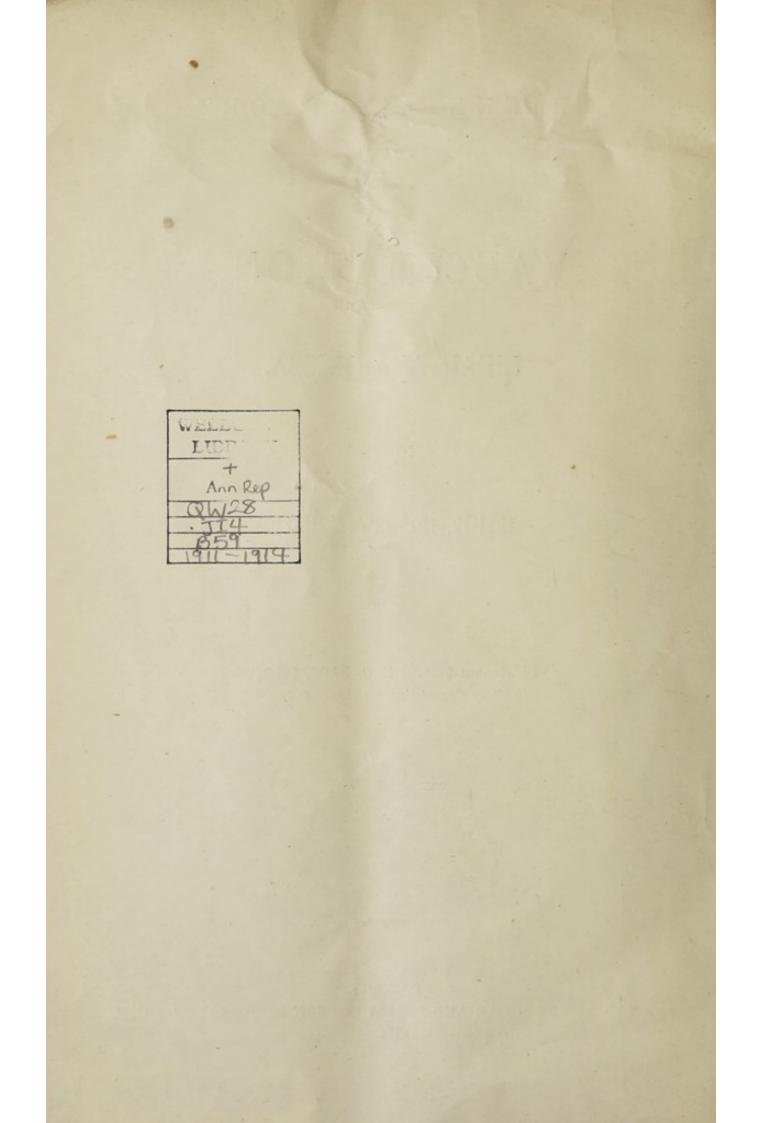
## 1911-12, 1912-13 & 1913-14.

BY

Lieutenant-Colonel E. C. HARE, I.M.S., Sanilary Commissioner, Bihar & Orissa.



RANCHI : PRINTED AT THE BIHAR AND ORISSA GOVERNMENT BRANCH PRESS. 1914.



No. 4065.

FROM

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL E. C. HARE, I.M.S., SANITARY COMMISSIONER FOR BIHAR AND ORISSA,

To

## THE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNMENT OF BIHAR AND ORISSA, MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT.

Dated Ranchi, the 29th June 1911.

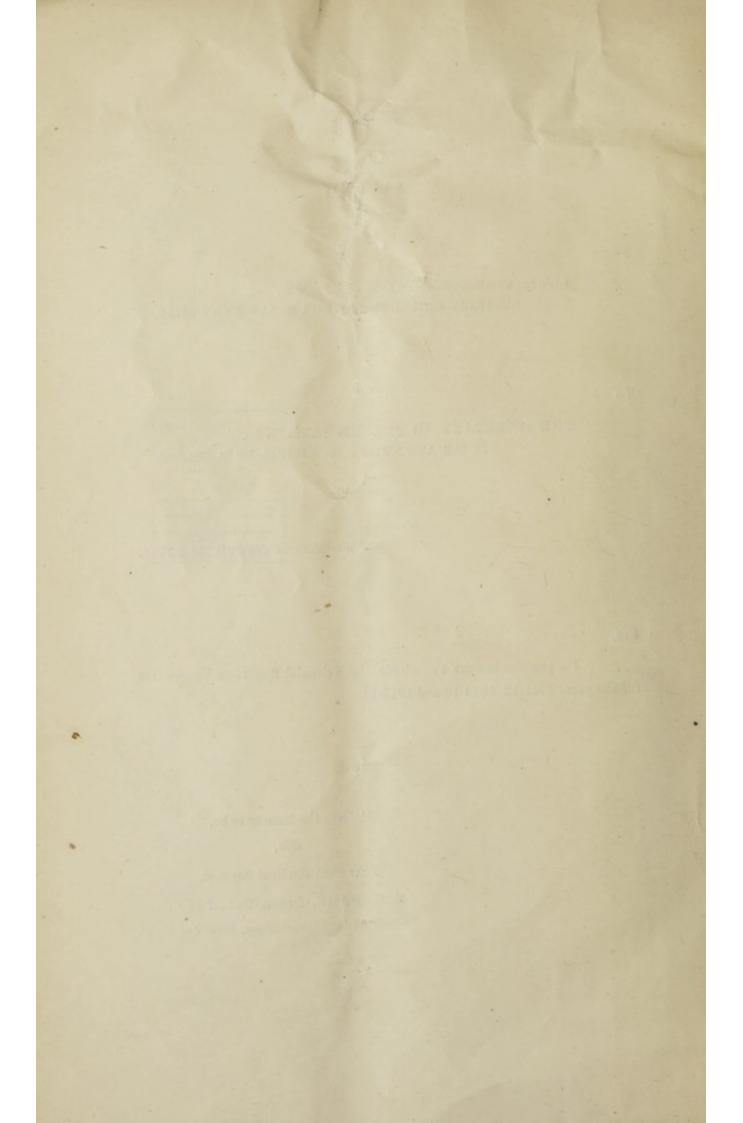
SIR,

I HAVE the honour to submit the Triennial Report on Vaccination for the years 1911-12, J912-13 and 1913-14.

> I have the honour to be, SIR,

Your most obedient Servant,

E. C. HARE, LIEUT.-COL., I.M.S., Sanitary Commissioner, Bihar and Orissa-



## TRIENNIAL REPORT

ON

## VACCINATION, BIHAR AND ORISSA,

#### FOR THE YEARS

#### 1911-12, 1912-13 and 1913-14.

#### 1. TH VACCINATION STAFF.

Vaccination in the Province of Bihar and Orissa is carried on chiefly by a special Vaccination staff, the members of which are either licensed or paid. Licensed Vaccinators are employed throughout the *mufassil* in the Patna, Tirhut, Bhagalpur and Chota Nagpur Divisions and in some parts of the Orissa Division. Paid Vaccinators are employed in all Municipal towns and in the Puri and Sambalpur districts of Orissa. In some instances also the District Boards employ a certain number of paid Vaccinators throughout the year for emergent work in the *mufassil* at times when licensed Vaccinators are not available.

The average number of Vaccinators employed each year during the three years 1912-14 was 1,154. This number is slightly in excess of the average number employed during the previous three years 1909-11. Of these Vaccinators 1,022 were licensed and 132 were paid.

#### 2. OPERATIONS PERFORMED BY THE VACCINATION STAFF.

The average number of operations performed each year between 1912-14 was 1,311,674, while between 1909-11 the average number was 1,276,949. Of these operations 97.48 per cent. were primary and 2.51 re-vaccinations.

There was a remarkable and unexplained fall of 92,152 in the number of re-vaccinations performed. The fall was shared by every district in the Province except the Santal Parganas, and in that district the increase was under 300. It was greatest in Cuttack in which district the number of revaccinations fell short by 26,755 and in the three hill districts.

The average number of operations performed annually by each Vaccinator was 1,137.

#### 3. HIGH RATES OF MORTALITY FROM SMALL-POX IN THE DISTRICTS AND THEIR RELATION TO VACCINATION.

The provincial death rate from small-pox during the last five years was 27. It was highest in the districts of the Patna Division (\*66). In the districts of the Tirhut Division it was 12, in those of the Bhagalpur Division \*24, in the Chota Nagpur Division \*27 and in the Orissa Division \*16.

#### Patna Division.

In the *Patna district* the rate of mortality from small-pox during the last five years (1.26) was double that of any other district in the Province, and the number of vaccinations performed there during the last three years fell by 6,734 in comparison with the number performed in the previous period. Captain Brown, the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Bihar Circle, inspected vaccination work in some of the villages of this district in the neighbourhood of Bankipore in November 1913, and reported that he found a large proportion of the children under six years of age to be unvaccinated. Other information which has been obtained about the state of vaccination in this area shows that the villagers are assuming an active opposition to the operation, and that conditions are springing up which will be a source of danger in future years to the inhabitants of the Capital unless they are dealt with and it is possible that the compulsory Vaccination Act may have to be introduced.

In the Gaya and Shahabad districts also vaccination work is not satisfactory. The rate of mortality from small-pox in the Gaya district for the last five years ( $\cdot$ 62) is higher than that of any other district in the Province except Patna and the number of operations has decreased by 15,414. In Shahabad also there was a decrease of 5,323. In both the Gaya and Shahabad districts the Civil Surgeons report great difficulty in getting the higher castes, especially the Rajputs, to accept vaccination and in Shahabad the difficulty is increased by having to employ as Vaccinators men of the Mali caste who in this district are said to be particularly dirty and incompetent, and it seems that no men of a better class can be found to replace them at present.

#### Tirhut Division.

Judging by the increase in the number of operations reported and by the low rate of mortality from small-pox during the last five years (12), vaccination in the districts of the Tirhut Division appears on the whole to have made progress.

In Saran, the number of operations increased by 11,342, and this increase occurred in spite of the heavy annual mortality from plague. In *Muzaffarpur*, an increase of 2,859 is reported and in *Durbhanga* 24,818. On the other hand, in *Champaran* the number of vaccinations performed during the last three years fell short of the number performed in the previous period by 3,200, but the Civil Surgeon reports that the work improved very much during the last year and that the staff performed 7,766 operations in excess of the number recorded in 1912-13.

#### Bhagalpur Division.

The rate of mortality from small-pox in all the districts of the Bhagalpur Division is rather high ('24) and is due to the persistence of the disease in certain areas which include the *diaras* of the Ganges and Kosi, in which it seems difficult to get the people vaccinated.

In Monghyr an increase of 18,000 operations is recorded which is said to have been due to "the unflinching exertions on the part of the Vaccinators and to the strict supervisions exercised by the Inspecting staff." In Bhagalpur, though there was on the whole an increase of 5,515 operations over the record of the previous period, vaccination work during the last year has suffered very severely, especially in Bhagalpur town and the Sadr subdivision, from the presence of plague and cholera and by high floods in the Kosi river.

In the Santal Parganas a heavy fall of 13,618 operations is reported. The Civil Surgoon has not given any explanation of the defect.

#### Orissa Divisino.

The ratio of mortality from small-pox in this Division ('16) for the last five years is not high and vaccination work on the whole seems to be making fair progress.

The number of operations in *Cuttack* and *Balasore* have increased during the last three years by 31,000 and 63,000, respectively, while in *Puri* and in *Sambalpur* the number has decreased. In *Puri* the fall was over 11,000 and the Civil Surgeon reports that vaccination in the Khurda subdivision is unsatisfactory. Vaccination in *Sambalpur* is carried on with vaccine taken from calves which are vaccinated by the Vaccinators in the villages according to the system which is in force in the Central Provinces. The system is well suited to the habits of the people and the results appear to be satisfactory. Glycerinated vaccine made in the Central Depôt which is preferable in many ways to that prepared by the local Vaccinators will be gradually introduced.

#### Chota Nagpur Division.

The rate of mortality from small-pox in this Division during the last five years was '27. In each of the five districts the number of operations performed during the last three years has decreased in comparison with that of the previous period.

The decrease was most marked in *Palamau* (-16,141) where the work is said to be carried on under great difficulties owing to the hilly nature of the country and the scanty population, but the Deputy Sanitary Commissioner who inspected the work reports that the Vaccination staff is not properly supervised and that the quality of their work is very poor.

In Singhbhum small-pox is becoming endemic in an area round the Tata Steel and Iron Company's works at Sakchi. This place has sprung into existence very rapidly during the last six years and a miscellaneous collection of some 12,000 people of various nationalities has settled there. It is difficult to get them vaccinated under the voluntary system and a recommendation has been made to Government to extend the provisions of the Bengal Vaccination Act to this area.

The Jheria Coal Field in the *Manbhum* district is another densely populated area in which vaccination work is not satisfactory and in which outbreaks of small-pox are of frequent occurrence. The vaccination of the people living in this area will be supervised by the Medical Officer to the Mincs Board of Health when that body comes into existence.

#### 4. THE INSPECTING STAFF.

There were 20 Inspectors and 59 Sub-Inspectors in permanent employment on the staff during the period under report, *viz.*, one Inspector for each district (except in Angul, in which the Inspector of Vaccination is a Sub-Assistant Surgeon) and one Sub-Inspector for each subdivision except in Sambalpur in which there was no Sub-Inspector for the Sadr subdivision. An additional officer for this area has been appointed since the close of the year.

Difficulty is experienced at the present time in finding officers who are suitable for District Inspectorships. Many of the senior grade Sub-Inspectors are unfit for promotion by reason of their age and of their inability to understand English which is an essential qualification for the post, and those of the junior grade are still too young and inexperienced for promotion. It is probable that some direct appointments to the Inspectors' grade will have to be made.

As soon as the Vaccine Depôt, which is now under construction, has been opened for work, arrangements will be made to put all Sub-Inspectors and a certain number of selected Vaccinators from each district through a course of training in vaccination which should go far towards increasing their efficiency. At the present time there are no facilities for training them.

#### 5. PERCENTAGE OF SUCCESSFUL OPERATIONS PERFORMED BY THE VACCINATORS AND ITS VERIFICATION BY THE INSPECTING STAFF.

The percentage of successful operations reported by the Vaccinators during the last three years was 99.25 in primary vaccinations and 61.74 in re-vaccinations.

The Deputy Sanitary Commissioner of the Bihar Circle inspected 4.25 per cent. of the total operations, the District Inspectors 30.27 per cent. and Sub-Inspectors 50.46 per cent.

The Deputy Sanitary Commissioner reported the percentage of success to be 94.48 in primary operations and 12.85 in re-vaccinations and the Inspectors reported it to be 97.59 in primary operations and 70.99 in revaccinations. The Deputy Sanitary Commissioner's inspections during the last two years have had to be confined to a large extent to operations in compulsory areas owing to the pressure of other sanitary work.

#### 6. VACCINATION IN COMPULSORY AREAS.

Bengal Act V of 1880 which provides for compulsory vaccination in Municipal towns was extended to the Forbesganj Municipality in the Purnea district and to the Civil Station of Doranda in the Ranchi district in 1913; and it is now in force throughout the Province except in Sambalpur in which the Central Provinces Municipal Act is in force.

Statement VII shows that during the year 1913-14 out of 30,314 children under one year of age available for vaccination 23,578 or 77.70 per cent. were successfully vaccinated. The number of successful vaccinations as compared with the number of children available varies very considerably in different areas. On the one hand, in *Patna*, *Gaya* and *Darbhanga*, three of the most important towns in the Province, only about half the children available appear to have been vaccinated and in the town of *Bhagalpur* the proportion is as low as one-fifth. On the other hand, in *Muzaffarpur*, *Bettiah* and *Monglyr* more children were vaccinated than were recorded as being available. In the absence of any information to show the basis on which the calculations have been made it is impossible to criticise these figures to any purpose; but judging from the absence of small-pox generally in Municipal areas, and from the inspection notes on vaccination which the Deputy Sanitary Commissioners make in their municipal reports, I believe that Municipal vaccination is on the whole fairly well performed, though of course there is much room for improvement.

In future Health Officers will be responsible for the supervision of vaccination in the towns to which they have been appointed.

#### 7. COST OF THE DEPARTMENT.

The cost of the Department during the year 1913-14 was Rs. 93,373 of which Rs. 82,541 was paid from the Provincial funds, Rs. 6,383 from Local funds, Rs. 4,557 from Municipal funds and Rs. 192 by Native States.

#### S. VACCINATION IN THE ORISSA FEUDATORY STATES.

For many years past, vaccination has been quietly developing in the Feudatory States under the direction and encouragement of the Political Officer, though no mention appears to have been made of the work in any of the previous vaccination reports. The following figures which are taken from the administration report of the Feudatory States of Orissa and Chota Nagpur for the year 1912-13 give some idea of the progress which has been made during the last eight years :--

		Total number of vaccinations.	Total number of re-vaccinations.	
1905-06	 	 117,619		
1908-07	 	 165,967	43,498	
1907-08	 	 187,150	69,685	
1908-09	 	 226,042	97,078	
1909-10	 	 269,728	142,911	
1910-11	 	 310,962	163,162	
1911-12	 	 341,701	179,688	
1912-13	 	 387,190	215,438	

This is a remarkable record, especially as regards the number of the revaccinations. An important feature of vaccination work in some of the States is the employment of female Vaccinators to vaccinate the women of the upper classes, and they are said to have proved a great success. The example of these States might with advantage be followed by Municipal Bodies throughout the Province; and the attention of the local authorities will be invited to the matter. In some of the States low caste Vaccinators are specially employed for the lower classes, who cannot be vaccinated by the ordinary Vaccinators.

Great interest is said to be taken in the spread of vaccination by the Chiefs, and the Political Officer estimates that 52 per cent. of the entire population of the States is protected. Chief among the States in vaccination work is Patna in which 58,193 operations were performed in 1912-13. This State is followed on the list by Keonjhar (56,258), Gangpur (44,719) and Kalahandi (44,130) in the order mentioned.

#### 9. SUPPLY OF VACCINE.

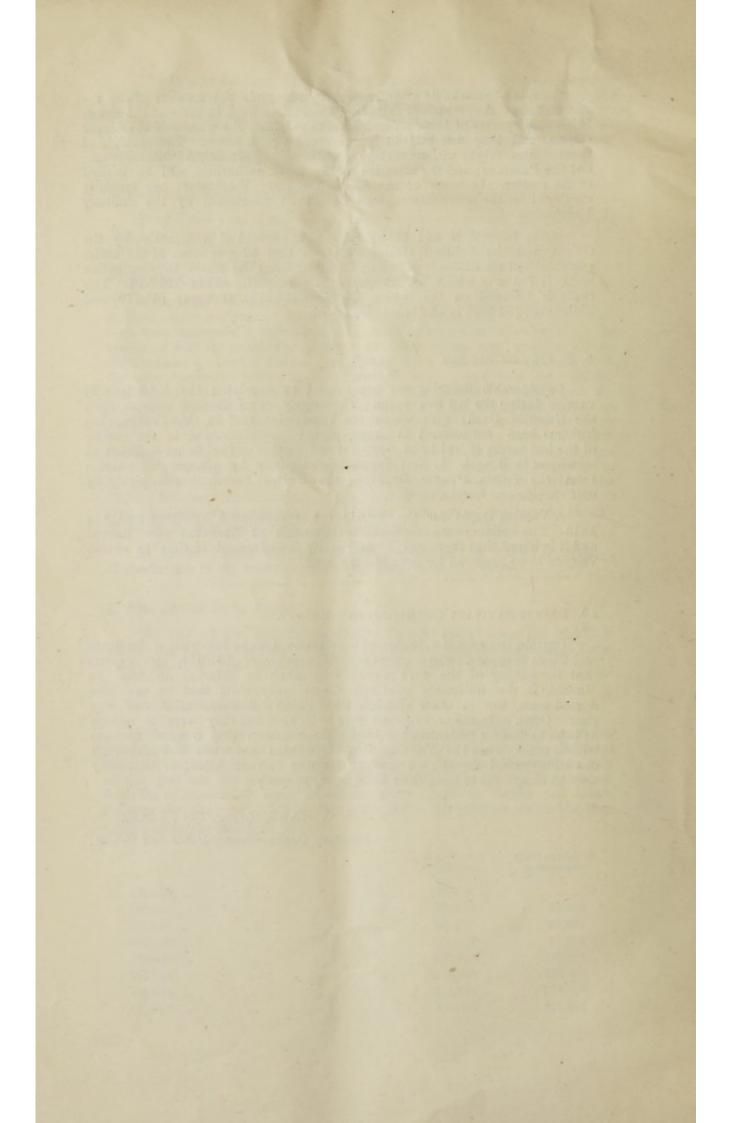
Considerable difficulty was experienced in supplying the districts with vaccine during the last two years. The supply of lanolinated vaccine from the Calcutta Depôt with which the Vaccination staff in this Province has hitherto been accustomed to work, proved insufficient, and in the middle of the last season it had to be curtailed still further owing to an outbreak of small-pox in Bengal. It was supplemented partly by glycerinated vaccine from the Patwa Dangar Depôt in the United Provinces and partly by calf vaccine and human vaccine.

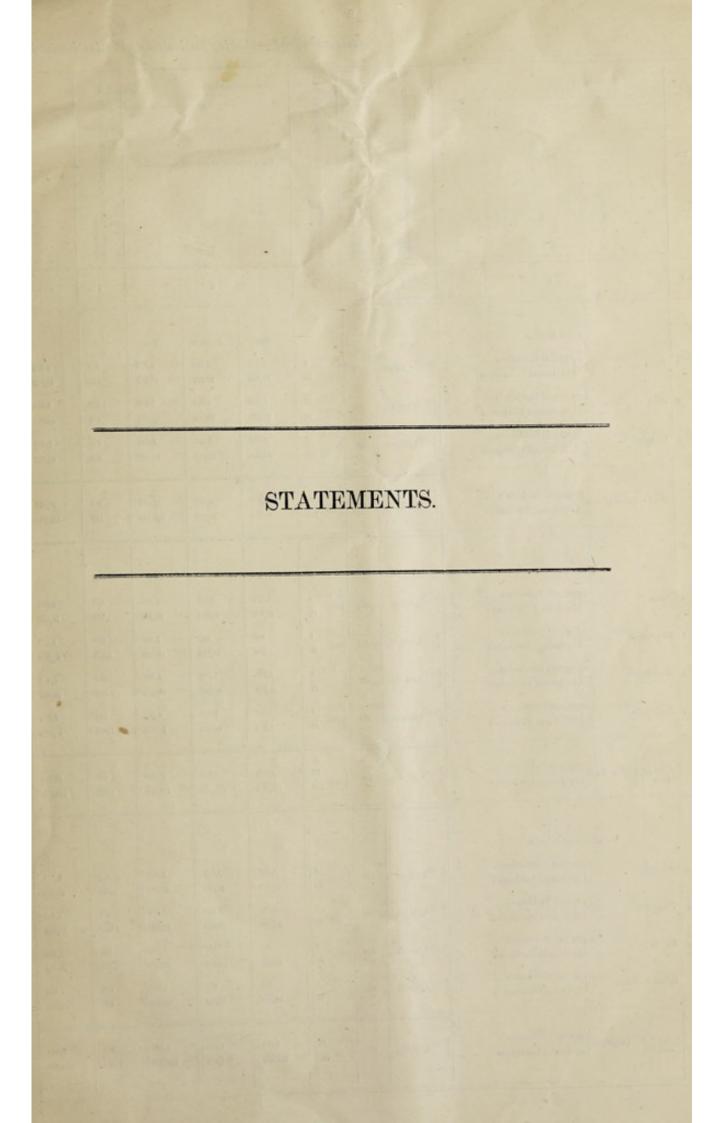
A Vaccine Depôt for the Province was sanctioned by Government in 1913. The buildings are now under construction at Namkum near Ranchi and it is hoped that they will be sufficiently far advanced in time to enable vaccine to be prepared for the coming season.

#### 10. DEPUTY SANITARY COMMISSIONER'S REPORT.

Captain Brown, I.M.S., inspected vaccination work in 5 districts of the Bihar and Chota Nagpur Circles during the cold weather of 1913-14. He reports that the quality of the work varied very much in different districts. In *Ranchi*, it was uniformly good and almost every child that he saw bore 4 good scars, but in other districts like *Patna* and *Shahabad*, it was very poor. Often only one or two scars were to be seen and they were so minute as to be useless for protective purposes. He considers that a great advance will be made when the Vaccine Depôt is opened and when Sub-Inspectors can all be passed through a course of training in vaccination, so that they may be competent to train their Vaccinators properly.

> E. C. HARE, LIEUT.-COL., I.M.S., Sanitary Commissioner, Bihar and Orissa,





Statement No. I .- Showing particulars of Faccination in the

						10000					
No.	District.		Percelation of district accerding to the commune of 1911.	Average population per square mile.	and manhow of suscinations complexed through-	Average mumors or successors sugged as out the scatofic.	Total numbe	r of persons va	orimated.	Average number of persons vaccinated by cach vaccinator.	Total.
1	2		5 10	4		5		6		7	8
	Form Division.	- >	1,009.631		5	9	Male. 3,073	Female. 2,724	Total. 5.797	644	5.675
1	Paina	- 2	2,159,498	458	(	69 13 76	22,065 3,725 30,229	20,727 3.818 30,162	42.812 7.543 60,391	1,213	7,482
3	Gaya "{By licensed Vaccinators Shahabad{By paid Vaccinators By licensed Vaccinators		1,865,600	426	52	9 100	2,043 26,414	1,653 23,773	3.696 50,197	400 501	3,401 80,155
	Total of Patna Division By paid Vaccinators By licensed Vaccinators	-	5,634,799	505	5	30 245	8,811 78,728	8,135 74,662	17,038 153,399	567 626	10,553 153,288
	Tirbut District, .										
4	Saran By paid Vaccinators By licensed Vaccinators		} 2,250,775	853	5	5 68	1,578 43,574	1,107 36,293	2.085 79,807	537 1,174	2,085 79,965
5	(By licensed Vaccinators		} 1,909,385	540	52	3 50	509 1.600	552 30,028	1,151 61,628	875 1,232 602	1,151 61,606 3,816
	(By hernsed vaccinators	-	2,945,514	907	1	7 61 7	2.245 50,536 1,430	1.973 48,158 1,992	4,218 98,694 2,763	1.618	98,677
1	Darbhanga {Dy yald Vaccinators By licensed Vaccinators	1 1	} 2,929,652	875	2	60	6,338	48,474	90,812	<i>₽</i> 1,513	90,985
	Total of Tichut Divi- { By Internations		} 9,973,359	791	52	23 239	5,953 172,048	4,964 158,953	10,816 331,001	401 1,354	10,410 331,013
	Bhagalpur Division.										
	8 Monghyr {By paid Vaccinators By licensed Vaccinators	10	} 2,132,833	543	5	4 20	1,807 42,190	1,643 43,008	3,540 85.288	895 4,961	3,511 85,289
	9 Bhagalpur{By paid Vaccinators By licensed Vaccinators		} 2,139,318	505	5	2 53	1,957 36,819	616 35,813	1,673 72,633	836 1,396	1,505 - 72,348
	10 Purnea By paid Vaccinators By Received Vaccinators	• •••	} 1,969,637	308	52	40	897 30,033	817 28,372	1,714 58,403	428 1,191	1,505 58,546
	11 Santal Parganas { By Borned Vaccinators By licensed Vaccinators		15 appearance	344	52	4 65	763 34,091	677 31,316	1,439 65,407	359 901	1,303 60,325
	Total of Bhagalpur By paid Vaccinators Division. Bhagalpur By licensed Vaccinators		8,199,04	1 437		14	and the second second	8,733 138,509	8,306 291,731	508 1,505	7,944 276,407

## districts of Bihar and Orissa during the year 1913-14.

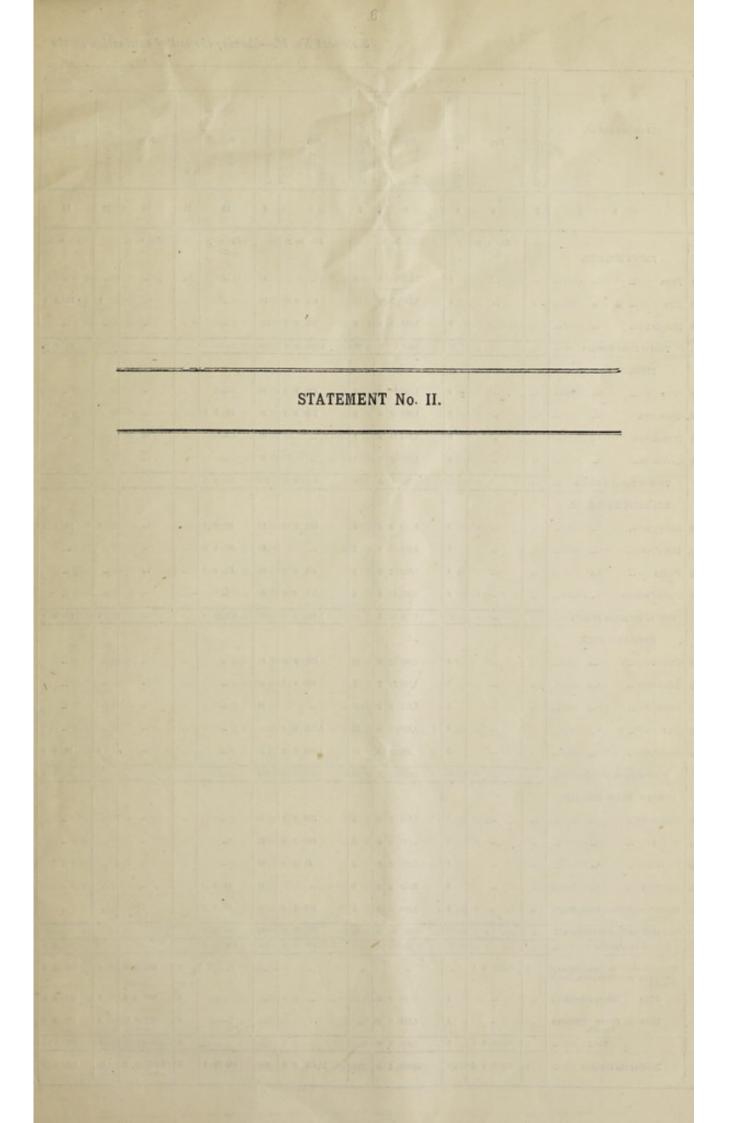
-		Primary v	accination.		Ro-	raccination	n	Present spece safal which the	cases in	00 of popula-	Percentage cases to to	of unknown stal cases.	of persons	ated during	Av erage numb de aths small-por previou	er of from during
1		Suc	cersíul.			-data -	her f	were a	LDOWD.	per 1,0			prentouen	ie Jones		
	Utalor cao year.	Over one and under six yours.	Total of all ages.	Unknown.	Total.	Sarconstal.	Unknown.	Primary.	Re-ractination.	Persons successfully vaccinated per 1,000 of pepula- tion.	Primay.	Be-vaccination.	Number.	Ration per 1,000.	Number.	Ratio per 1,000.
	9	10	11	12	13	18	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
	anget Frankl		-					4	-	-			22	-		-
	2,906 12,154	2,613 29,273	5,433 42,374	128 171	- 122 70	122		97-92 90-53	100-00 48-93	} 20 79	{ 2.25 40	 32-85	} 48,214	29-95	2,039	1-26
	3.596 17,733	3,808 41,370	7,402 60,111	58 163	61	28	32	99-70 99-60	90.55	\$ \$1.27	28	53-43	} 67,681	31-3	1,853	-62
	2.545 29,655	781 15,581	8,877 49,859	9 45	205 32	228		90-55 93-49	87°02 	} 28.67	{ '26 '08		} 42,659	24-18	\$30	-28
-	8,907 50,543	7,902 80,223	10,211 152,344	195 379	478 102	379 55	65 23	99-67 99-63	91-52 69-62	} 29-00	{ 1·17 24	13°59 22-54	} 158,523	28.13	3,722	*86
			-10.										1			
-	1,964 35,375	706 41,907	2,542 78,857	120 629	2	 2	1 1	99·10 99·54	 100*	} 35-54	{ 4·40 ·82		} 79.512	34-72	609	*26 *
	605 35,611	335 35,404	1,151 61,385	100	22	 21		106* 99:60	95-45	} 32.77	{		} 50,767	30766	227	-11
	2,061 67,763 1,611	1,041 40,346 1,143	2,740 95,308 2,755	57 309 1	412 17 1	313 11 1	89 6 	100° 100° 99°56	100- 100- 100-	} 26-33	{ 1.49 37	24-02 35-29	} 101,981	36.41	95	105
	55 <sub>1</sub> 117	34,465	90,631	8	83	13		10-75	40.62	\$ \$1.87	-008		\$ 80,800	29-66	300	-12
	6,911 37,983	3.225 153,202	10.197 829.199	178 1,196	4'3 73	314 47	50 6	90°65 99°78	100° 70°14	} 34'00	{ 1.70 34	23 97 8 21	} 228,150	32-90	1,221	12
					100											
	2,339 \$1,017	1,163 54,222	8.562 65,250	9 49	29 	22	7	100* 100*	100*	} 41.61	{ "25 105	99-13 	} \$3,572	39-18	513	-24
	394 40,501	901 31,914	1,435 72,171	14 15	168 . 381	72 235		97-58 59-91	45-85 57-65	} 33.46	83°- 102	6·54 	} 7,622	35-61	542	-25
	950 37,583	590 20,498	1,510	- 3 16	461	61 591	12	90°10 90°74	37-89 45*23	} 30.42	{ -12 -02 	 -91 2-63	} +1,828	81-07	477	'23
	893 \$8,435	418	1,327	11	70 5,082 C	46 8,195	1,002	98-15 99-77	62-16 82-58	34.30	25	21.48	64,370	34.18	431	*22
	4,576	3,052 127,717	7,833 275,836	36 / 206	431	201 4,724	29 (1.104	99°05 99'87	49°55 74'43	}	- 45 - 708	4.60 16-28	} \$17,590	26.40	1,970	·24
				+							1		5			12

			94		and the second		-		
No.	District.	Population of district according to the cenara of 1911.	Average population per square mile.	Arenage number of vaccinators employed through- out the season.	Total number	r of persons the	winated.	Average number of persons vuccinated by each vuccinator.	Total.
1	- 8	3	4	6				7	8
11	Oriesa Division.	2,109,139	677	< 10 63	Male. 7.483	Female. 6,377	Total. 13.800	1,390	12,404
	(By Ideemsed Vaccinators	} 1,055,568	505	5 1	64,063 556	58,133 356	1,22,196	1,940 912	123,101
13	Balasore	199,450	118	L 47.	37,327	32,433	60,759 8,903	1,484	68,585
15	Puri By paid Vaccinators	1,023,402	409	29	28,650	20,797	47,447	1,636	1 46,724
36	Sambalpur By paid Vaccinators	744,193	194	19	12,634	12,416	25,050	2,067	24,436
	Total of Orista Division By licensed Vaccinators By licensed Vaccinators	<pre>} 8,131.752</pre>	373	{ 52 124	47,323 106,940	39.946 94,818	87,369 200,758	1,678 1,619	84,338 196,538
	Chota Nagpur Division.								
17	Hataribagh {By paid Vaccinators By licensed Vaccinators	} 1,288,609	183	{ 3 40	738 22,406	712 21,211	1,450 43,617	463 1,090	1,396
19	Ranchi	\$ 1,387,516	194	{ 3 44	1,168	904 23,351	2,072	090 1,079	1,961
19	Palaman	687,267	130	{ 5 50	1,220	743 9,637	1,963	303 780	643
20	Manbhun: By paid Vaccinators	1,547,576	873	3	768	681 29,161	1,449	483	1,315
21	( By raid Vaccinators		178	5- 1	20,357	279	706	766	58,945 241
22	(By licensed Vaccinators	. ,	248	1 18	3,176	10,973	23,297 5,720	1,295	21,778
24	Political States of Singhbhum-By licensed Vaccinators Total of Chota Nagpur (By Jaid Vaccinators		1	( 16	4,391	3,319	7,700	513	8,587 8,258
	Division. (By licensed Vaccinators	\$ 5,750,296	207	2 173	100,285	96,877	200,162	1,157	197,349
	Total Vaccine Depart- ment, Total	h	304	{ 133 068 1,101	71,010 000,133 674,143	60,177 563,009 624,096	131,187 1,167,042 1,298,229	986 1,805 1,179	154,500 1.156,594 1.281,109
	Ţojal Dispensary Department				92	94	195		196
	Total Railwaya .				6,114	3,913	10,025		405
	Total Cooly Depot .			-	1,646	730	2,405		185
	Total Jails and Cantonments			11	10,852	639	11,522		1,591
	GRAND TOTAL	. 34,635,017	305	1,101	69 2,887	629,503	1,322,389	1,201	1,283,557
-		the second second							

			•					•	5	•						
-	Prin	nary Vaccis			Row	uccipation.		Percent successful - which the were kr	results	ed per 1,000 of	Percentage o cases to case	f unknown total	Average anno of persons i vaccinated previous fi	during	Average of numb deaths small-p-or previce yea	er of from (during is five
	Under one year.	Over one and under six years.	Total of all ages,	Unknown.	Total.	Successful.	Unknown-	Primary.	Re-racelastica.	Persons successfully vactnated population.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Number.	Eatio per 1,000.	Number.	liatio per 1,000.
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	10	17	18	19	20	21	22	23 .	24
	8,063 50,398 253	6,013 55,175 529	19,352 121,599 781	72 381 13	1,456 25 118	512 35 85	246 26 33	90°44 50°60 300°	42°31 5071) 100°)	63-55	-58 -31 1-63	10-94 27-96 27-90	} 134,491	61-13	179	18
	23,837 3,246	43,517 3,079	67,344 7.225	1,341 225	1,176	656 720	518 64	100* 91*73	100- Š 81-17	· 65-21 { 39-63	1.99 2.96	44-12 6-72	53,553	50°76 39°11		-37
	16,543	24,912 6,320	45,308 24,251	189	635	537 589	18 22	99-55 99-78	76-17 91-17	45 63 83-37	-91 -45	2-48 8-47	53,453 29,496	52-23 33-63	212	-20 -03
	39.767 77.471	3,709 102,671	63,653 195.809	346 1,817	2,931 2,230	1,722 1,411	319 605	90-59 99-55	65-10 67-53	55-05	{ ·41 -93	10-88 27-28	} 277,995	54.10	812	-16
	700	005	1,359	3	54	81	3	99-64	60-78)		-14	,		1007		
	25,005 919	17.385 703	43,564 1,659	20 2 11	12 411 -94	12 309 74	 102 20	99-95 100- 100-	100° }	39-91 { 35-63 {	-04 -12 -02	5 5 55 24 81 21 27	45,541 } 50,811	35-34	417	-25
	87,721 225 16,123	9,534 290 3,171	47,383 434 10,294	17	1,320	1,007 412	81 32	67-73 90'56	90'11 90'16	30755 {	2.61	e-13 6 61	} 25,153	36-60	339	-57
	510 53,007	753 25,358	1.304 68,865	10 44 15	134 573 525	79 383 187	17 27 .9	99-73 99-93 95-90	67-53 70-14) 30 24)	89-34	-76 -07 6-23	12-69 4-71 1-71	} 00,558	3948	192	-12
	159 13,118	63 8,900	919 91,717	8	3,519	1,170	27	99-75	78-613	23-54 ) 39-01	43	1.77	} 21,519 4,854	31-43	05	-15
	3,008 2,518 129,043	2,459 2,383 60,116	5,578 4,905 196,400	3 40 145	133 2,444 2,514	76 1,673 2,137	 219 106	99-89 99-89 99-59	57:15 78:95 18:91		-05 -87 -07	8.67 3.76	3,000	36.51	1,505	-127
	62,679 587,459 650,133	53,067 534,929 589,596	122,588 1;149,519 1;272,447	901 3,733 4,535	6,700 11,999 18,699	3,268 7,874 12,162	715 1,847 9,563	99-33 99-71 90-67	71-64 77-64 75-61	87-08 { 	-64 -32 -35	19759 69701 1370	} 1,220,308	 35-23		
	135	50	156	-	-			·100						120		
	206	165	403	8	9,531	5,193	370	96-39	65-47		1-61	3.88				
				195	2,241		2,261	- *	100-		100*	100*			-	
	218	\$10	1.363	105	9.031	5,976	1,274	93:00	69-03		6-50	12-83				=
	650,788	599,330	1,274,483	4,833	40,891	24,136	6,447	-90-65	71-10	37-40	•37	15-96	=	=	1	-

## Summary.

	Total nun persons vac		Total num operation forms		Percentage cessful co which the were kn	results	Average of person nated by vaccin	y each	Number of successfull cinate	y vac-			
-	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Primary.	Re-vaceination.	Vaccinators employed.	Persons vaccinated by each vaccinator.	Under 1 year.	Oue and under 6 years.	Batio of successful vaccina- tions per 1.000 of population.	Total cost of Department.	Average cost of each successful case,
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	18
EY SPECIAL STAFF. Licensed BY DISPENSARY STAFF. Municipalities, Jails, Canton- ments, Dispensaries and Eallways.	1,155.084 41,353	11,868 25,504	1,156,594 44,371	11,969 25,535	99-71 95-88	77-64 67-05	908	1,205		534,029 18,115		Es. a. p.	Es. a. p.
BY OTHER AGENCIES. District Board	83,502	2,808	82.593	2,808	90-44	78-87	53	1,525	39,654	35,28		1	
Total	. 1,281,999	40,390	1,253,557	40,391	1 59-66	71-10	1,101	1,200	650,768	589,33		19%	



## Statement No. II .- Showing the cost of vaccination in the

-		6		_	100	-				-	1		Expendi
Number,	Circle and District.	European supervising officers.	Pay.	Native supervising officers.	Fay.	Paid vaccinatees.	Pay.	Licensed vaccinators.	Pay.	Cierka.	Pay.	Peons, etc.	Pay.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	PATNA DIVISION.		Rs. a, p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Ra. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
1	Patna 🖬			5	1,723 0 0	9		69					
2	Gaya	-		5	1,783 5 8	12	930 8 0	76				1	72 0 0
э	Shahabad			5	2,048 5 4	9	634 0 0	100		***			
1	Total of Patna Division			15	5,564 11 0	30	1,564 8 0	245					72 0 0.
	TIRHUT DIVISION.										-	-	
4	Saran	-		4	1,965 10 4	5	660 0 0	05				***	
δ	Champaran			3	1.200 0 0	3	240 0 0	50	53 5 0			-	-
6	Mazaffarpur			5	2,075 11 9	7		61				-	
7	Darbhanga			4	1,585 10 0	7.		60		*	1911		
	Total of Tirbut Division			16	5,816 0 3		909 0 0	239	58 8 0				
	BHAGALPUR DIVISION.												
8	Monghyr			4	1,419 9 4	4	239 0 0	20	59 0 0			1	36 0 0
Ð	Bhagalpur	-		5	2,274 6 4	3	• •••	52	86 8 0	-			
10	Parnea			4	1,500 0 0	4	449 0 0	49	71 4 0				
11	Sontal Parganas		***	7	2,435 13 6	4	365 4 3	65					
	Total of Bhagalpar Division			20	7,720 13 2	14	1,161 4 3	187	216 12 0			1	36 0 0
	ORISSA DIVISION.											13	
12	Cattack			4	1,439 12 3	10	595 0 0	63					
13	Dalasore			3	1,139 15 9	1	120 0 0	47		***			
34	Angui			3	2,272 2 5			15					
35	Pari			3	1,200 0 0	29	3,755 9 4		***				
. 16	Sambalpur	-	'	2	900 0 0	11	1,410 3 2	12				2	50 0 0
	Total of Orista Division			15	6,951 14 5	51	5,871 12 6	136				2	50 0 0
	CHOTA NAGPUR DIVISION.												
317	Hazaribagh			4	1,525 0 0	. 3	250 0 0	40				-	
18	Ranchi			4	1,880 0 0	3	516 0 0	-5.5					
19	Palaman			3	1,153 6 2	5	61 10 8	26		***		-	
:20	Manbhum			3	1.517 8 6	3		-61	40 0 0				
:21	Singhbhum (Political State, Singh-			3	1,200 0 0	1	102 0 0	23	64 8 0		text		-
	bhum.) Total of Chota Nagpur Division			17	8,575 11 8	15	938 10 8	173	105 8 0				
	Total of Vaccine Circle			83	33,659 5 6	132	10.445 3 5	990	379 12 0			4	158 0 0
	ESTABLEMENT OF THE DESUTT SANTARY COMMISSIONES, BIRAR CIRCLE,	1	9,216 0 1		**	-				2	906 6 6	3	280 10 9
	Ditto ORTERA CIRCLE			1	5,000 0 0	-	-			2	607 9 3	2	178 0 0
	Ditto CROTA NASTUS CIRCER,		-	1	_ 3,346 0 6	-				2	739 10 10	2	172 6 1
	Total	1	9,216 8 1	1	8,346 0 6					6	2,593 10 7	7	621 0 10
	Total of the Province	1	9,216 8 1	-85	-62,005 6 -0	133	10,645 3 5	980	379 13 0	6	2,593 10 7	11	799 0 10
-	1	1										-	

#### Districts of Bihar and Orissa during the year 1913-1914.

t	ure.	nis dia	Nº Sain	NO LOR	ulia ver	1	in in	Paid	from	1 ANNIA	11111	ł	stal
1	-					-	1 3 3 1					I vace	successial
	Total pay of establish- ment,	Travelling Allowance.	Coat of lymph.	Other centlin- grueties.	al cost.	Imperial Fund.	Provincial Fund.	Local Fund.	Municipality.	Native States.	al.	Number of successful vaccina- tion and revaccination.	Arerago cost of cach
			C	00 80	Total	- I	i da	* Loc	Mu	Na	Total.	Ne	An
	15	16	17	19	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	20	27
	Es. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Es. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	No.	Es. a. p.
1	1,733 0 0	831 9 2		73 14 6	2,03 7 8		2,638 7 8				2,659 7 8	49,480	0 0 10
-	2,785 13 8	972 12 0		104 8 8	3,053 2 4		2,920 10 4	655 0 0	375_8 0		3,953 2 4	67.817	_ 0 0 11
	2,682 5 4	1,000 15 6		267 6 6	3,080 11 4		3,319 4 10		651 6 6		3,080 11 4	53,812	0 1 2
	7.201 3 0	2,835 4 8		535 13 8	10,572 5 4		8.558 6.10	635 0 0	1,027 14 6		10,572 5 4	1,70,100	0 1 0
1													
	2,645 10 4	445 1 6		234 0 0	3,334 11 10		2,305 11 10	-	519 0 0		3,324 11 10	61,630	<sup>6</sup> 007
	1,507 8 0	700 10 6		61 2 6	2,273 5 0		2,019 5 0		253 0 0		2,272 5 0	63,100	0 0 6
	2,075 11 2	303 15 0		100 0 0	2,569 10 2		2,568 10 2		-		2.508 10 2	1,03.052	0.0.4
	1,584 10 9	798 11 10		82 13 6	2,466 4 1		2,408 4 1		1 ( m		2,405 4 1	93,735	0 0 5
	7,813 8 3	2,337 6 10		481 0 0	10,031 15 1	- 100	0,539 15 1		1,072 0 0		10,631 15 1	3,41,588	0 0 5
		-											
	1,902 9 4	794 14 9		160 15 0	2,808 7 1		2,309 10 1		488 13 0		2,858 7 1	\$9,02 <b>k</b>	005
	2,380 14 4	708 9 0		128 12 6	3,195 3 10		3,198.3 10			-	3,195 3 10	75,244	0 0 8
	2,009 4 0	993 14 6		60 0 0	3,116 2 6		.2,618 2 6		405 0 0		3,115 2 6	00,587	008
	2,502 1 9	1,982 3 7		139 8 5	4.923 13 9		4,625 \$ 1		205 8 8		4,923 13 9	61,815	0 1 2
	9,134 13 5	4,472 9 10		482 3 11	14,006 11 2		12,811 5 6		1,285 5 8		14,006 11 2	2,99,670	0.0.9
					-								
	2,025 12 3	890 12 1		135 0 0	3,051 8 4		2,445 8 4	- eos o o			3,051 8 4	1,34,227	0 0 4
	1,259 15 9	258 4 6		75 0 0	1,591 4 3		1,471 4 3		120 0 0		1,591 4 3	69,059	0 0 3
	2,272 2 5	1,240 3 0		74 14 6	3,587 3 11		3,587 3 11				3,587 3 11	7,945	072
	4,955 9 4	1,013 3 0		163 12 3	6,151 8 7		2,388 2 6	3,509 9 4	163 12 9	140	6.151 8 7	47,200	0 2 1
	2,300. 3 2	180 0 0	-	31 0 6	2,571 3 8		1,111 0 6	1,000 3 2			2,571 3 8	25,063	0 1 8
	12,873 10 11			498 11 3	10,952 12 9		11,003 3 6	5,003 12 6	283 12 9		10,952 12 9	2,53,503	0 0 11
											-		
1	1,784 0 0	778 9 7		90 11 3	2,053 4 10		2,583 9 7		209 11 3	. ende	2,653 4 10	51,777	0 0.100
	1,596 0 0			51 14 0	2,681 6 0		2,368 6 0		516 0 0		2,594 6 0	40,980	0 0.11
	1,215 0 10			45 0 0	1,955 7 6		1,902 12 10	61 10 8			1,905 7 6	21,459	0 1 5
	1,357 8 6			45 0 0	1.843 9 0		1,813 0 0				1,8:3 9 0.	61,316	0 0 5
	1,000 8 0	1		71 0 0		1	1.713 1 1	-	102 0 0	192 3 0	2,007 4 1	29,150	0 1 1
				310 2 9			10,211 6 6	61 10 8	867 11 3	193 3 0	11,352 15 5	2,13,691	0 0 10
	7,619 1 4			2,314 15 7	63,006 11 9		52,474 5 5	6,353 7 2	4,553 12 2	192 3 0	(3,606 11 9	12,98,619	0 0 9
	10,453 9 4	2,554 8 9		573-13 0	13,590 15 1		13,590 15 1				13,580 15 1		
	6,075 9 3	1,855 3 9		745 10 10	8,707 7 10		8,707 7 10				8,707 7 10		-1
	4,259 1 5	2,319 14 0		900 0 0	7,477 15 5		7,477 15 5				7,477 15 5		
	20,787 4 0	e,750 10 6		2,219 7 10	29,765 6 4		29,785 6 4				23,766 6 4		
	65,429 8 11	23,409 1 0		4,534 7 5	93,373 2 1		(2,240 11 9	0,083 7 2	4,558 12 2	192 3 0	93,873 2 1	12,99,619	0 1 1
		1	1		1	1							

## B.-DISPENSARY VACCINATION.

Statement No. III .--- Showing Dispensary Vaccination in the Districts of Bihar and Orissa during the year 1913-14.

				strict to	attached to		ated by		Prima	ary vaccin	ation.		Re-	vaccinati	on.	Percents successful in which results v known	the were	Percent unknown to total o	case #
				a in each district to attached.	instors att	s vaccinated.	persons vaccinated		8	accessful									
	District.			Number of dispersaries which a vaccinator is a	Average number of vaceinators dispensivies during the year.	Total number of persons	Avera ge nemober of per- each vaccinator.	Total.	Under one year.	Over one and under six yea rs.	Total of all ages.	Unknown.	Total.	Successful.	Unknown.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Primary.	Re-vaccination,
	1		1	.2	3	4	5	6	7 .	8	9	10	щ	12	13	14	15	16	17
Palas						- 140.													
Gaya													-						-
Shahabad									415									1	
Faran /							-									-			-
Champaran			***								-		,						11
Muzaffarpur	_				***										-				
Darbhanga				1	1	186	185	196	106	50	196					100		-	11
Monghyr			-					-						-			-		
Ghagalpur		-				-			-				-		-			-	
Parnes		•••				-			-		***		-						=
Santal Pargan	88	141	***		,		a+1							-				-	
Cuttack				-	***	1.00						***							
Dalasore				-									-			1.			
Angul				-			211					***					***	-	1
Pari	-	114									***	,					m		
Samhalpur	-					***					v			+**					
Hazaribugh	***					***		-			-		***				179		T
Ranchi	i										-					-			
Palaman			***						-		-							-	-
Manbhum						-	-		-					-				The local data	1 1
Singhbhum			411)						-										R
	т	dal		1	1	185	196	196	136	50	186					100			

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT No. IV.

Comparative Statement No. IV .- Showing the number of persons primarily vaccinated, and the number undermentioned

										P	ezoons primaril
	Establishmen	at.		1904	F05.	1005	-06.	190	5-07.	100	7-08.
				Total 1 number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total number.	Number successfully vaccinated,
-	1			2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Government	•										
Dispensaries				2,155	2,007	1,735	1,565	1,107	1,088	961	806
Municipal			• "	40,851	37,280	45,590	41,683	42,540	38,555	44,882	40,850
Local Funds				78,047	76,298	75,156	73,423	76,148	74,194	93,113	92,340
Licensed Vaccina	tors			980,109	1,018,930	1,009,268	1,012,355	974,710	983,054	985,176	088,384
Apprentices		·									
Native States				5,363	5,832	5,676	\$,633	4,920	4,903	4,080	3,997
		Total		1,106,505	1,139,847	1,137,795	1,134,659	1,099,425	1,101,794	3,128,212	1,126,367

of those persons who were successfully vaccinated, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa in each of the official years.

1908	-00,	1909	-10.	1910	0-11.	191	1-12.	191	8-13,	1913	3-14,
Total number,	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total number,	Number successfully vaccinate d,	Total number.	N umber successfully vaccinated.	Total number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total number.	Number successful ly vaccinated.	Total number,	Number successfully vaccinated.
10	11	12	13	16	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
										π.	
689	591	586	472	516	415	384	<b>3</b> €3	188	185	186	18
48,330	44,769	46,047	43,550	44,961	43,522	45,282	43,212	43,379	42,311	44,167	42,48
96,959	97,104	92,291	91,182	97,189	95,788	96,690	95,323	86,551	85,965	82,592	81,79
1,005,512	994,418	1,053,044	1,052,100	1,102,620	1,110,231	1,111,968	1,123,171	1,133,310	1,126,927	1,149,467	1,143,92
					•						
5,581	5,377	4,269	4,245	4,970	4,956	4,964	4,943	4,641	4,581	5,587	(5,57)
1,157,071	1,142,259	1,196,237	1,191,549	1,250,356	1,254,962	1,259,288	1,266,952	1,268,069	1,259,969	1,281,999	1,273,94

.

									Total numbe	r inspected.			
					umber of accinated.	Dy I	Deputy Sanits or Civil S	ry Commissie Surgeons,	opers	By No	ative Superin Inspectio	tendents or a ig Officers,	ther
	District.					Pepaty Conumis	Sanitary clouers.	Civil Su	irgeons.	District I	nspectors,	Sub-Inc	pectors.
				Primary.	Re-vaceination.	Primary.	Re-racelnation.	Primary.	Re-va ecination.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.
1 Lac	1	ar	-	2	3		5	6	7	8	9	10	11
14.5	IN AN	1.05	1.7	0 8	17/3-1	Series .	(cun)	100.05	(657,9		10	12.8	12/2
Patna				48,740	575	5,276	***	202	465	9,105		21,488	
Gaya				67,873	499			7,761	287	20,173	Const 6	33,939	
Shahabad	<b>.</b>			53,638	888	6,316		3,001		14,301		35,599	
Saran				82,550	430			3,794	349	38,865		57,296	
Champaran			1	62,907	633	506		8,338		30,339		26,210	
Mazaffarpur	t			102,494	1,321			10,925	893	20,380	43	\$2,708	1
Darbhanga				93,728	271	1,045	-	6,819	227	23,505		43,901	
Monghyr				89,799	340			2,872	311	20,539		48,505	
Bhagalpur				73,790	2,728	507		1,929		21,151	60	37,842	1
Purnea				58,644	1,474			3,180	15	11,676	581	17,409	
Santal Parganas				61,688	5,460	10,589		6,203	629	17,967	1,278	26,762	6
Cuttack				134,871	3,923	7,103		6,023	59	42,379	35	69,596	
Balasore				69,501	1,377	4,506		2,434		2,457		12,452	1
Angul				7,812	951			1,583	173	3,565	310	5,444	8
Pari				46,852	1,179	3,290		2,692	285	18,048		23,788	
Sambalpur				24,424	1,037			4,203	348	19,167		6,109	1
				10000	10,375		589	2,530	758	6,107	5	13,791	
Hamaribag h			***	45,499		8,192		7,825		9,632	19	26,870	
Ranchi		• ••		49,421	709							12,459	
Palaman				20,749	2,174	4,228		4,280	150	7,167	405		
Manbhum			***	60,342	1,482	. In the second s		3,148	602	25,432	827	35,469	5
Singhbhum Political States of	Singhbhum			5,587	2,392			3,084	392	2,717		3,204	
	Tota	I	•••	12,81,909	40,390	40,558	389	\$3,208	5,912	3,66,917	3,231	6,20,526	4.5

## Inspecting Officers during the year 1913-14.

	Percen	tage of Ins		Per	contage of	cases foun	sl.										
By Der	or Civil 2	ry Counciliss argeons,	iomers	By Nat	ive Saperia Inspecting	tendents of Officers,	r oth <b>er</b>	Bý Depa	ty Sanitary Civil Su	y Commissi rgeons,	oners or	By Na othe	tive Super	erintende Ing Office	nts or ors.	Percentage of success reported by vaccinators,	
Deputy : Commiss	Sanitary sioners.	Civil Su	rg cons.		riet ctors.	Sub-Insp	ectors.	Deraty 8 Conmission	Sanitary sioners,	Civil Su	rgeons.	Dist: Inspect	rict tors,	Sub-I ns	pectors.		
Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Primary.	Re-raccination.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Primary.	Re-raccination.
19	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	20	27	28	29
	(and)	1363	105	1		124.00	30	1						-			
10-83	1	-11	89.57	18-08		44'08	-	93-14		10.20	80.43	99-84		90-21		99-37	84-87
	1	11-43	\$7-51	20-89		50.00	 10			90-40	96.00	99 60		99-8		99-4	60-3
11-77		5.59		26-63		66-36		93.10	-	97-40		96-96		98-42	***	00-37	57-31
	-	4.50	81-16	47-09	-	69-50		-		99-57	83-38	90-24		98-97		98-60	69-76
·80		18.24		48.20		41-64		\$9750		99-91		90-06		99-59			
	-	10.62	67-64	19788	3:25	51 68	8.70			100-00	73.00	90-43	79-07	98-21	67-00	99:57	66.12
1.11		7-27	85-45	25-16	***	46:63		100.00		9976	65-63	\$9-58		99,22		99-73	59-92
	-	3*23	91-47	23.46		54-72				99-61	83-93	99-53		99-67		99-93	75-88
-63		2-61	-	28.81	2-20	51-29	4-47	96.02		99: 47		99-91	71.68	99-00	81.06	99-82	73-73
**		5-42	1.01	19:00	30.41	29-53	2.01			99-13	100-00	99-51	61-83	99-13	33-56	99-78	44-44
17.16		10.62	11.23	29-12	231/6	43-38	16-44			95-46	51-35	08-03	73-70	90*18	82.73	99-48	63-27
5-26		4.45	1.20	31-42	-80	51-60	-96	97-90		95-55	55-93	\$9-63	100.00	99.64	100-	80-09	15-01
6-49	1	3.20	rad (198	8.43	1 - 1 - 1 - 1	17-01		97-53		97-78		95-07		98.40	***	98-18	59 25
I	1043	20.14	18-19	45.40	22.20	69/33	98°74			93-11	54-01	92-51	60-00	04.21	60-54	92-01	75-70
7-02	1.14	5.31	25-62	39.79	10.00	50.26	10.00	08-99		97.11	77-54	98:79		99-23	78-23	99-15	66-03
	10.77 h	17:20	\$3.55	40.89	10-70	25.00	14:17	-	12.85	99-84	64-94 39-18	97-97	89.18	90-34	92-51	99:31	77-72
	3.24	5-56	7.30	13-55	-04 2-47	54-36	76.60	97-30	10 00	100.00		99.09	57-89	09*61	50-76	99°59 99°07	84-84
6-65	0.524	20:67	6-89	34.54	18:64	60-04	31-37			100.00	100:00	90-72	83-04	99:74	79-96	99:29	79-72
20-37	oleito.	5-21	41.17	40.48	22-36	65-46	26.47	-		98-73	53-31	98-01	51-69	93-03	52-45	50'64	72-16
	13,mr	14:00	10.38	30-21	2.24	51-08	8-19	-		89'80	66.23	29.08	99-21	98.75	31.63	99-62	65-13
		10-27	10.35	49*63		57'84				100-00		\$9.88		99-93		99:83	57.14
3-63	.96	7:27	1471	28-62	8100	48.40	11-15	97.07	12:85	28:20	71-31	98-89	92-62	98-80	92.62	99'10	68-05
	-												-				

+

				1904-	1905.	1905-1	1906,	1906-	1907.	1907-1908.			
	District,			Batio of deaths from small-pox.	"Namber, of successful raccinations,	Ratio of deaths from small-por.	Number of successful vaccinations.	Ratio of deaths from small-pox.	Number of successful raccinations.	Eatio of deaths from small-por.	Number of saccessful vaccinations.		
	1			2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
Patna				-25	37,699	•32	46,470	•58	50,407	1.69	52,260		
Gaya				-24	61,724	•07	66,671	•28	72,720	1.93	73,980		
Shahabad				·10	41,784	-06	52,679	•11	52,483	•71	50,939		
Saran				•20	53,626	°06	78,502	-11	74,338	-29	65,785		
Champaran				-29	51,071	-13	52,610	•10	49,019	-38	57,722		
Muzaffarpur				•27	91,137	.13	95,914	-05	90,054	•09	1,01,292		
Darbhanga				-26	91,019	•10	87,559	•09	80,126	•11	89,884		
Monghyr				-20	78,834	.15	86,390	•46	83,081	1.00	80,846		
Bhagalpur				•16	76,681	•35	78,539	-93	79,717	1.25	76,312		
Purnea				-35	63,913	.18	60,070	•55	59,430	-41	52,054		
Santal Pargan	as			.11	77,781	•19	68,024	·51	63,023	-66	58,350		
Cuttack				•07	93,806	-01	93,420	.14	77,025	-29	95,087		
Balasore				•09	45,018	-36	\$1,835	*80	37,841	1.25	29,806		
Angul	<b></b>				5,275		10,041		8,886		8,283		
Puri			·	1.19	39,884	2.84	43,080	4.72	40,682	2-24	55,483		
Sambalpur			·	-11	35,750	-06	26,000	·004	25,024	.14	27,441		
Hazaribagh				•01	48,291	-01	48,825	-04	43,816	-23	48,899		
Ranchi	·			•03	46,208	.0008	46,295	.02	46,315	-23	53,933		
Palamau				•08	16,976	•009	16,713	.03	17,615	.15	16,241		
Manbhum	·			-009	46,896	·007	51,297	·08	54,690	•31	63,508		
Singhbhum			<b>.</b>	•01	18,734	-02	21,041	•009	19,007	.13	18,527		
Political State		hbhum			5,332		5,633		4,903		3,987		
		Total	5	.19	127,439	•24	167,608	'39	139,207	*67	1,174,618		

number of	successful	vaccinations	during the	10 years et	uding -	1913-1914.
-----------	------------	--------------	------------	-------------	---------	------------

1		0.1000	100	9-1910.	101	0-1911.	1011	1-1912,	- 191	1913.	-	1913-1914.	
		s-1900.	1100	-1010.	100					-10101			
	of deaths from small-pox.	Nu mher of successful fraction land	Ratio of deaths from small-pox.	Number of successful valetantions.	small-por.	of mercessful vaccinations.	Ratio of deaths from small-po x.	vaccinations.	deaths from small-pot.	vaceinations.	Ratio of deaths from small-por.	Number of successful yactions.	
	tin êtha	sful va	ota stra	aful ra	from sm	sful va	SOIN MAR	sful va	un in	stul va	un sun	of of ya	
	ths fre	FREE	dills fr	saeces	aths fr	meees	aths f:	Namber of successful	aths fr	Number of successful	aths fo	anccess	
	of der	her of	of dea	ber of	liatio of deaths		s ef de	ber of	o ól de	ther of	o of do	ber of	
	Ratio	Num	Eutlo	Nam	Rafie	Number	Rath	Num	Eatio of	Nun	Ratio	Num	
	10	11	• 12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	
	2.91	53,570	1 23	51,589	- '30	45,635	-03	48,637	-08	48,768	•1	4 48,480	
	2.68	72,305	.63	74,725	-07	68,104	.07	69,923	-003	66,965	•0	3 67,817	
	1.76	53,759	•67	46,311	-0.4	39,800	-02	\$6,809	- 1006	47,086	.0	0 53,813	100
20	-96	74,035	-84	76,930	.07	88,741	-03	\$3,221	•006	85,339	.0	6 81,690	
	·80	56,143		63,172	-02	59,987	<u>L</u> 3	60,354	•07	55,486		63,100	
	•23	101,612	-22	98,808	-06	101,395	-05	102,535	.01	101,405	-0	1 103,052	
	.13	75,833	-29	83,005	.07	84,025	•06	83,313	•01	13,546	-0	6 93,735	
	·61	78,958	•30	79,969	-11	85, 197	.09	89,123	08	84,475	-4	8 89,024	1.1.1
	.15	71,382	-24	17,682	-26	74,438		80,294	-41	77,274	-3	1 75,244	
	. 08	50,937	-36	61,098	-89	63,167	-24	59,109	-14	56,953	5	2 60,557	
	.71	65,500	38	67,015	-07	67,443	-08	61,900	-19	60,236	-2	64,815	
	-28	107,434	.12	134,160	.007	139,487	:002	153,747	-01	137,175		1 134,297	
	•64	35,811	.56	44,310	41	53,052		63,287	800°	68,271	1	1 69,039	
	10000	9,022		7,602		9,353		8,207		5,906		7,945	
	-83	63,930	16	52,438	-007	63,733	300	53,619	•02	53,612		47,269	an2
	17	28,205	•04	27,124	108	33,399		38,153	. '04	25,933	•	5 25,063	
	1.27	42,294	-42	42,659	.01	50,075	*003	46,544	-02	46,150	-(	51,777	
	1 48	41,656	-81	46,968	-07	57,541	•02	43,913	:004	51,003	ineast of	49,989	
	1.19	27,936	1:42	\$1,133	-11	21,059	008	24,782		23,683	. Engl	7 21,459	
	-46	62,937	-21	58,167	01	60,085	•0006	60,420	-005	61,191	•(	61,316	
	-92	22,781	-42	17,469	-08	23,598	:001	22, '41	.02	20,251	1	9 23,406	
2	al grand	5,377		4,393		4,953		4,967	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4,581		5,654	
				100							103		-
	83	1,194,561	-45	1,246,390	.10	1,288,594	08	1,299,587	**06	1,275,419	-1	1 1,208,610	
				1 1042	-	Long.	-	Las T					

Districts.			Towns.		1	Number of births during the year.	Number of deaths amongst children under one year during the year.	Number of success- ful vaccinations on children under one year during the year ending 31st March 1914.	Date of extension of Vaccination Act to town
1			2		7.	3	4	5	6
	ſ	Patna				3,045	831	1,212	1st October 1884.
		Bihar		•••		1,462	244	1,060	1st April 1887.
atua		Dinapur				1,042	179	325	28th January 1891.
		Barh				251	67	,221	1st April 1887.
	il	Khagole				163	32	72	12th July 1910.
	141			Total		5,963	1,353	2,890	
	٢	Gaya				2,260	723	739	1st January 1883.
Jaya	{	Tikari				285	35	161	3rd " 1891.
	l	Daudnagar				387	91	235	3rd " 1891.
.5 %	12			Total		2,932	849	1,135	
	Ir	Arrah				1,007	150	861	20th July 1885.
	- 1	Buxar				408	CS	347	Ist April 1887.
	- 1	Dumraon				531	80	323	1st April 1887.
Shahabad	··· 1	Jagadeshpur				321	39	255	20th December 189
		Sasaram				866	151	463	1st April 1887.
	l	Bhabua				230	47	296	1st April 1887.
				Total		3,363	535	2,545	
		Total of t	he Patna I	Division	•••	12,256	2,737	6,570	al al sin
	IC	Chapra				1,603	377	1,092	1st April 1887.
Saran	= {	Revelganj				336	63	352	12th December 185
	l	Siwan				530	103	360	1st April 1887.
			Total			2,469	543	1,804	
Thamparan	={	Motihari Bettiah				464	120	419	1st April 1887.
	. (	Bettiah				707	114	733	1st April 1887.
				Total	<b>.</b>	1,171	234	1,151	4.99
	Ir	Muzaffarpur				1,496	283	1,576	1st January 1886.
Mana	-	Sitamarhi			·	370	67	217	1st April 1887.
Muzaffarpur		Hajipur				811	164	634	1st May 1890.
	il	Lalganj	11	<b></b>		385	80	264	1st April 1887.

Statement No. VII.-Showing the protection afforded to infants in each town in the Province of Bihar and Orissa during the year 1913-14.

anring the year 1910-12-continued.													
Districts.		Towns.			Number of births during the year.	Number of deaths amongst childreu udner one year during the year.	Number of success- ful vaccinations on children under one year daring the year ending 31st March 1914.	Date of extension of Vaccimation Act to town,					
1	. ,	3			3	4	5	6					
C	Darbhanga				2,440	413	1,003	24th May 1884.					
. Same and the second	Roserah				393	91	145	3rd January 1891.					
Darbhanga {	Samastipur				255	35	173	25th July 1910.					
	Madhubani				606	111	290	1st April 1887.					
. Half and	100		Total		3,693	650	1,611						
	Total of t	the Tirhut l	Division		10,395	2,020	7,257						
	Moughyr				1,605	306	1,703	15th November 1882.					
Monghyr {	Jamalpur				1,059	195	636	15th November 1882.					
			To'al		2,664	501	2,339						
Bhagalpur{	Bhagaljur				2,134	309	383	15th February 1884 withdrawn on 16th October 1895 re- extended on 18th August 1898.					
i	Colgong				163	27	11	15th February 1884 withdrawn on 16th October 1895 re-					
			Total		2,297	_336	394	extended on 19th December 1991.					
C	Purnea				357	56	313	1st Ju'y 1887.					
	Kissenganj				147	17	132	12th November 1892.					
Purnea {	Katihar				298	33	315	Sth August 1910.					
and the l	Forbesganj				123	5	160	19th August 1912.					
			Total		925	111	950						
ſ	Sahibganj				529	91	399	1st May 1884.					
	Deoghar				295	80	183	1st May 1884.					
Santal Parganas {	Malhupur				263	68	129	22nd August 1910.					
L	Dumka				268	37	184	Notification dated the 9th April 1884 and 92rd April 1884					
	(HEM		Total		1,355	276	893	23rd August 1910.					
	Total of	the Bhagal	pur Division	۰	7,241	1,224	4,576						
	Cuttack			-	1,436	274	1,157	1st September 1884.					
Culler	Kendrapara				555	123	482	7th February 1888.					
Cuttack {	Jajpur		····		366	70	201	7th February 1888.					
			Total	<b></b>	2,357	467	1,843						

Statement No. VII.-Showing the protection afforded to infants in each town in the Province of Bihar and Orissa during the year 1913-14-continued.

auring the year 1010-11-Constants.													
· Disfricts.		Touns.		2	iamber of during the	birihs year.	Number of deaths amongst children under one year during the year.	Number of success- fai vaccitations on children under one year during the year enling 31st March 1914.	Pate of extension of Vaccination Act to town,				
1		2			3		4	5	6				
	Jan				1								
Balasore	Balasore	12		•••		555	108	209	7th February 1883.				
				-					511 P. Lans on 1600				
Puri	Furi	12.00				003	183	295	7th February 1888.				
Sambalpur	Sambalpur	e.				348	£2	190	. 7th March 1895,				
	Total of t	he Crisa Div	ision			8,850	809	2,587					
	TT					703	119	318	1st January 1885.				
Turk	Hazaritagh Chatra					390	68	133	1st August 1885.				
Hazaribagh {	Giridih					128	24	225	8th September 1910,				
		103	Total		-	1,256	211	703					
	Ranchi	đ 		***		1,200	127	926	1st April 1837.				
Ranchi	Lohardaga					251	33	116	25th June 1892,				
			Total	•••		1,511	160	1,042					
Palamau	Daltonganj					192	18	171	9th October 1890.				
. Mar	Porulia					358	40	266	1st January 1887.				
Manbhum	Raghunathpur					208	20	134	19th February 1894.				
· para Changad	Jhalda					166	18	110	9th July 1892.				
	-		Total			732	78	510					
Singhbhum	. Chalbassa					239	33	159	20th June 1892,				
	Total of the	Chota Nag	r Division			3,890	500	2,588	-				
	Total for the 1	Province				37,634	7,290	23,57§					

Statement No. VII.-Showing the protection afforded to infants in each town in the Province of Bihar and Orissa during the year 1913-14-concluded.

ANNEXURE II.

#### ANNEX

					•						Primary		
				D	irect f on the c	alf.	ŀ			With lan	oline or glyetri	ne lymph.	
Distri	et.		Total.	Surversafal. Ulsenceestal.		Unk nown.		Percentage of successful eases.	Total.	Suecess ful.	Unsuccessful.	Unknown.	Percentage of successful cases.
1			2	3	4	5		G	7	8	9	10	11
Patna	5			448					17,305	10,982	264	53	96-13
Gaya 🗔									67,973	67,513	139	221	50-55
Shahabad		-							38,810	38,594	175	51	99-42
Faran	Baran in			8,427	58	1	95	98-21	22,934	22,560	- 121	223	98-45
Champaran	The second			***		-			62,937	62,666	129	142	99-53
Mezaffarpur									11.800	11,799		91	99.23
Darbhanga									93,819	\$3,572	238	9	99-73
Monghyr		-			***			·	6,293	6,283		4	99 93
Bhagalpur	÷							1.04	38,467	38,307	75	22	99-74
Parnea	5	-	• 176	173	3	**		98-29	4,916	4,822	87	7	91-98
Santal Parganas	148					·		***	61,688	61,350	161	167	50 46
Cuttack		• •••			•	-			1,94,971	1,33,638	563	650	\$9-68
Balasore	<b></b>								69,501	68,243		1,258	98'19
Angul									7,652	7,235	402	\$25	93701
Puri 🗔									46,662	46.467	216	179	99.15
Sambalpur			23,605	23,533	64		88	99-55	750	728	11	24	05:29
Hazaribagh									42,500	42.528	40	23	89.85
Eanchi		• 1				210			40,421	49,409	- 100	13	99-97
Palaman			-		-	-			19,635	17,623	834	79	90°17
Manbhum	Manbhum							-	60,342	60,249	37	56	\$9785
Singhblum	Singhbium				*				22,021	21,008	co	23	25-00
Political States	of Singh	bhum							5,557	8,578	6	3	97.63
	Total		32,421	32,133	305	1	153	99-11	895,378	879,123	\$,081	3,511	99'18

## Provincial Statement .- Showing the different kinds of lymph

- - - •

## used and their rates of success during the year 1913-14.

	vaccinatio	n.,				-	-					Re-vac	eination.												
-	2	Azm-to-ar	m vaccinat	ion.		1	Direct fro	m the	calf.		w	ith Iauolius	or glyceri	ne lymph.		A	rm-60-1	arto val	e e Inati	011.					
	Total.	Successful.	Unsuccessful.	Unknown.	Percentage of successful cases.	Total.	Successful.	Unsuccessful.	Unknown.	Percentage of successful cases.	Total.	Surcessfal.	Unsuccessful.	Unknown.	Percentage of successful cases,	Total.	Successfull.	Unsuccessfal.	Unknown,	Percentage of successful cases.					
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	2)	21	22	. 23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31					
	31,435	31,142	69	245	99.06						570	355	129	63	62-28	5	1	3	1	23.00					
				-				·			4:99	304	12	183	60"32		-								
	14,828	14,719	98	11	99.11			***	-		868	500	313	61	57-81					1					
	51,036	50,301	203	441	98 73	182	143	11	28	78.73	218	157	40	51	63-30					a					
											633	434	93	106	68-50										
-	20,001	90,309	-	\$35	99-63						1,293	956		330	74-53	25	18		7	72100					
	-		.at							-	272	163	87	19	50-92		-	-							
	82,507	62,453		54	99-93						540	283		57	67-23										
	35,313	35,286	20	7	90-52				1-1		2,718	1,5)1	1,013	124	58-32										
	55,019	51,937	71	n	90-85						1,474	655	837	12	44-43										
	+										5,400	3,455	877	1,128	63-27										
	-		-	-				-10			3,923	580	769	2,585	15-01										
		-								-	1,377	816		571	59-26					7					
			- int								951	720	167	61	75-70					1					
				-					-	-	1,179	602	281	96	68 03										
	843					630	583	15	22	94103	417	223	131	63	\$3.47										
	2,502	2,895	5	2	99-75						10,375	6,351	3,648	373	61-24		-								
							-				768	581		187	75-65				-	4					
	2.114	2,105	10		99-52				1		3,174	1,733	290	161	79 71					1,1					
				-					-	-	1,402	1,017	290	- 96	72-98	-									
					-						2,793	558	761	53	65-13					12					
				-							133	76	57		57-14										
	3,65.758	3,64,157	456	1,105	99-57	208-	726	28	50	99-55	29,550	23,391	9.779	6,599	50-12	30	19	3	8	63-23					



#### GOVERNMENT OF BIHAR AND ORISSA.

#### MUNICIPAL DEPARTMENT.

#### RESOLUTION.

#### No. 9426M.

#### Ranchi, the 7th September 1914.

READ --

The Report of the Sanitary Commissioner, Bihar and Orissa, for the year 1913.

Read also the Triennial Report on Vaccination, B har and Orissa, for the years 1911-12 to 1912-14.

Lt.-Col. E. C. Hare, I.M.S., was in charge of the Sanitary Department for the whole of the year under review.

2. Rainfall.—The year's rainfall was heavy in Western Bihar and in most of the Chota Nagpur Division. In spite of floods in the districts of Patna, Gaya, Muzaffarpur, Balasore and Cuttack which caused considerable temporary distress, particularly in Patna and Gaya, the crops were not seriously affected and the agricultural out-turn was up to the average.

3. Vital Statistics.—The year was very healthy. Though some of the figures are not altogether convincing, particularly those of the Monaharpur and Palkot Circles (93.79 and 90.02, respectively), the birth rate (42.10) reported was considerably above the average of the last few years, and the death rate (29.14) was the lowest recorded since 1899. The rate of infant mortality during the year was the lowest recorded in any province in India.

4. Registration of Vital Occurrences.—The accurate registration of vital occurrences is essential to a scientific investigation of the incidence of diseases and of the success of the measures taken to combat them. The system obtaining in rural areas depends on the sense of responsibility and the intelligence of the village chaukidar and is therefore admittedly primitive and capable of great improvement, which however can only be carried out at a prohibitive cost. It is more disappointing to find that in certain areas where registration is compulsory the figures are inaccurate and incomplete, and the Lieutenant-Governor in Council will be glad if the Sanitary Commissioner will take in consultation with the local authorities such measures as will ensure more correct returns. The Government of India have recently suggested the desirability of maintaining for a term of years a complete and accurate record of the vital occurrences of a selected population living in an area where conditions are more or less stable, and it is hoped that arrangements will be shortly completed to bring the experiment into operation.

5. The following account shows briefly the incidence of the chief diseases during the year under report.

(i) Cholera.—The mortality from this disease was still below the average of the last 10 years. It was most severe in the districts of Puri and Champaran. The former station suffers every year on account of the large concourse of pilgrims, but the mortality in Champaran could not be ascribed to any definite cause. An outbreak in the Jharia Coal Fields was due to the use of polluted water by the coolies employed in the mines. A scheme to supply filtered water throughout the Jharia field has been administratively approved by Government and a Mines Board of Health has been constituted for the area. It is hoped that these measures will result in a great improvement in the local sanitary conditions and in the public health. His Honour in Council observes with pleasure that the use of permanganate of potash as a preventive measure for disinfecting wells has generally become popular, and he trusts that the use of this simple and effective remedy will continue to be encouraged.

(ii) Sma'l-pox.--The rate of mortality from small-pox in 1913 was slightly higher than in the previous year, but considerably below the average of the last decade. The rise was more noticeable in urban than in rural areas, the town which suffered most being Bhagalpur. The death rate was highest in the Monghyr district ('49).

The triennial report on vaccination for the years 1911-12, 1912-13, 1913-14 shows that, in spite of a large and unexplained decrease in the number of revaccinations, which only represented 2.51 of the total number of operations, the average number of operations performed in each year was 13,11,674 against an average of 12,76,909 in the three preceding years.

Bengal Act V of 1880, which provides for compulsory vaccination, is now in force in the municipal towns of all districts in the province except Sambalpur, where the Central Provinces Municipal Act gives the necessary powers of compulsion. The Lieutenant-Governor in Council has announced his intention of extending the Act to Sakchi, the settlement of the Tata Steel and Iron Works Company in the Singhbhum District, and he will also be glad to receive a further report from the Sanitary Commissioner on the advisability of extending it to the Jharia Coal-field and to raral tracts in the Patna Division. His Honour in Council notices with much pleasure the remarkable progress in vaccination reported from the Orissa Feudatory States, and he endorses the suggestions of the Sanitary Commissioner that the attention of local bodies should be drawn to the success attending the employment in some of the states of female vaccinators to vaccinate women of the upper classes.

The buildings of the new Vaccine Depô) at Nankum near Ranchi are now nearing completion, and it is hoped that the supply of vaccine for use in Bihar and Orissa next season will be prepared there.

(*iii*) Fever.—The number of deaths from fever during 1913 was 6,23,556 or 18:18 per mille of the population, which is below the average of the previous year and of the previous decade. Although no doubt credited with a large number of deaths due to other causes, "Fever" still claims a larger number of victims in Bihar and Orissa every year than any other of the chief causes of mortality. The highest death rate (25:51) was in Purnea, followed by Bhagalpur with 24:65. Gaya headed the list of towns with a death rate of 27:22 in the thousand.

During the year two Sub-Assistant Surgeons, who had been specially trained to deliver lectures in simple language on the etiology and treatment of malaria, were deputed to Purnea and Shahabad respectively. The Sanitary Commissioner reports that they met with a very favourable reception, and he anticipates that much good will result from the deputation. The sales of quinine showed a considerable increase and it is hoped that the new system of selling the drug in "treatments" instead of in pice-packets and bottles of tablets will further advance its popularity.

The experiment of distributing quinine to Government servants drawing less than Rs. 10 a month in Purnea has been discontinued in its original form, because the absence of any serious attempt to supervise the distribution or to co-ordinate the results obtained rendered it impossible to deduce conclusions of any value as to the success of the system.

(iv) Plague.-The mortality from this cause fell during 1913 and the disease showed no sign of establishing itself in new areas. The number of deaths recorded was 36,383 as compared with 58,324 during the previous year. The disease as usual was most severe in Saran, but it also assumed serious proportions in Shahabad, Patna and Monghyr. The increase in the number of inoculations performed was inconsiderable, and it is clear that the operation is generally still regarded with disfavour. The only exception to this remark is furnished by the Bhagalpur District, where indications are not wanting that the people are beginning to realize the protection which they can secure at the cost of very trifling inconvenience. This gratifying develop-ment is principally due to the perseverance and sympathetic policy of the local Civil Surgeon, Lieutenant-Colonel Vaughan, I.M.S., and the Lieutenant-Governor in Council takes this opportunity to record his high appreciation of that officer's invaluable services in the matter. Nine itinerant Assistant Surgeons were employed during the year for inoculation work and for the treatment of plague cases. In Saran the evacuation of infected houses continues to be the most popular method of protection, and it proved efficacious wherever it was adopted in time and the people kept strictly aloof from the abandoned houses. A Plague Manual has lately been issued by the Local Government for the guidance of its officers and for the information of the public generally.

(v) Dysentery and Diarrhæa.—The number of deaths in 1913 was 25,549 or 74 per mille, as compared with 26,022 or 75 per mille in 1912. The Orissa Division as usual suffered most, and the Lieutenant-Governor in Council would be glad if the Sanitary Commissioner would institute enquiries into the causes underlying the persistent predisposition of the residents of this Division to the disease.

(vi) Respiratory diseases.—A slight decrease in mortality is observable under this heading. A special ward for the treatment of tuberculosis has lately been opened in the Bhagalpur Hospital, and His Honour in Council is now considering the advisability of instituting a Sanatorium for the treatment of this disease within the Province.

6. Travelling dispensaries.—Six travelling dispensaries modelled on the lines which have proved so successful in the United Provinces were established during the year under report. Four of them worked in the plague-infected areas of Saran and Shahabad, and two in the malarial area of the Kishenganj subdivision of the Purace district. Much success attended those instituted in the Saran and Shahabad districts. The Purner dispensaries on the other hand achieved little or nothing, and it has been decided to remove them to other areas where they are likely to be more efficiently conducted and more popular. The officers in charge of the dispensaries are qualified to perform anti-plague inoculations, but in view of the great distrust of inoculation that prevails in the rural areas in which they tour the Lientenant-Governor in Council is disposed to think that for the present at any rate it would be better to keep them entirely distinct from the inoculating agency.

7. Sanitary Improvements.—The total expenditure on sanitation by Municipalities during the year 1912-13 was Rs. 8,68,190 against Rs. 8,29,345 in 1911-12. This included an increase in expenditure under conservancy of Rs. 48,808, of which Rs. 14,941 was spent by the Puri Municipality in connection with the great Naba Kalabar festival of 1912. During the year water-works were opened at Gaya and Monghyr. The sketch projects of many important water-works and drainage schemes were completed or were in course of preparation, details of which are given in Section XI of the Report. In this important sphere of activity Government has been greatly handicapped by the inadequacy of the existing engineering staff, but it is hoped that the services of a fully qualified Assistant Sanitary Engineer will soon be available.

8. Conferences.—A Sanitary Conference of officials and non-officials was held at Ranchi in August 1913 to discuss the problems of urban and rural sanitation and to advise Government as to the conditions, if any, to be attached to the assignment of the Public Works Cess to the District Boards as well as to the system of distributing the augmentation grants. Another Conference was held at Bankipore under the Chairmanship of the Sanitary Commissioner to discuss questions relating to school hygiene. The report of this Committee is under consideration by Government. An influential Committee, presided over by the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India, visited the chief centres of pilgrimage in the Province in July last year to inspect and advise on their sanitation. Unfortunately their report has been much delayed and its non-receipt has involved the postponement of a number of schemes in course of execution or in contemplation by the Local Government. In view of the large concourse of pilgrims which visits Puri every year and of the outbreaks of sickness which are at present an annual occurrence and a source of danger not only to Bihar and Orissa but to India as a whole, it is hoped that it may be possible to place the Lieutenant-Governor in Council in a position to deal with this very important matter.

9. Staff.—There are now three Deputy Sanitary Commissioners, the full complement of the Province. Two first class Health Officers were sanctioned in the course of the year for the Patna and Gaya Municipalities and eight Health Officers of the second class were appointed for the Bhagalpur, Cuttack, Monghyr, Ranchi, Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga, Chapra and Arrah Municipalities. A school for Sanitary Inspectors was opened at Bankipur in charge of one of the Deputy Sanitary Commissioners, and was attended by twenty nominees of various Municipalities.

10. The Sanitary Board.—The Sanitary Board was reconstituted in May 1913. The circulation of files having proved a cumbrous and slow method of business, a system of more or less frequent meetings was substituted for it. Five meetings were held before the end of the year 1913, and the reorganization of the Board has been amply justified by results.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor in Council-

S. R. HIGNELL, Offg. Secretary to Government.

