# Medical Officer's annual report [to] Durban Corporation.

#### **Contributors**

Durban (South Africa). Public Health Department.

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# CITY OF DURBAN.

# FORTIETH

ANNUAL REPORT

OF

CITY MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

FOR THE

YEAR ENDING BOTH JUNE, 1941.

\* \* \* \*

# PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE

Councillor Mrs. E.A. Benson.

" A.M.G. Mayton.

" Mr. J.W. Wragge.

" Mr. G.F. Westgate.

The Mayor (ex-officio - Mr. Ellis Brown).

\* \* \* \* \* \*



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CITY HEALTH DEPARTMENT, GALE STREET, DURBAN.

TO HIS WORSHIP THE MAYOR AND CITY COUNCILLORS OF THE CITY OF DURBAN.

Mr. Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present the Fortieth Annual
Report of the activities of the City Health Department during the
year ended 30th June, 1941.

I am,

Your obedient servant,

G.H. GUNN, M.D., Ch.B., D.P.H., CITY MEDICAL OF FICER OF HEALTH.

# CLIMATIC DATA.

Latitudo : 30 degrees,

Longitude : 31 degrees.

Temperature : (Statistics kindly supplied by the City Engineer).

1940	Temperature Average	Humidity Maximum	Rainfall,
	Par.		0.70
July	73	94	0,19
August	73.1	95	2.09
September	73,6	96	1. 73
October	74.5	95	2.24
November	75.1	95	8.16
December	83.1	92	2.26
1941			
January	83	90	1.53
February	84.9	96	0,92
March	82,1	91	6.44
April	81.4	96	4.57
	78.6	85	0 35
June	73.5	90	1.65

# AREA OF MUNICIPALITY:

The area of Durban and Suburbs inclusive of Townlands is 43,050 acres (67.26 sq. miles). The City is built on ground rising from sea level, being backed by hills running north and south, the soil of the valleys being very fertile.

# ANNUAL RATEABLE VALUES:

1939 - 1940.	1940 - 1941.
£48,100,100	£51,283,080

For the year under review, the rates imposed were 6d. on land and 3d. on buildings (including water rate).

# REPORT "A".

# 1. VITAL STATISTICS:

POPULATION:	no process	Census May, 1936.	Estimated at 31st July, 1941.
	European Coloureds	88,065	93,313
	Natives	7,336 63,762	8.264 71.382
	Asiatics	80.384 239,547	89,806 262,765
		- Comments	-

The principal Vital Statistics for the year, corrected for outward transfer are:

(saligi (eso sie	European	Coloured	Natives	Asiatics	Total
Population	93,313	8,264	72, 382	89,806	262,765
Birth Rates	20.7	46,8	15.4	44.8	28.3
Death Rates	10.9	25.7	24.2	21.5	18.9
Infnatile Mortality -					
rates per 1000 Live birth	50,69	1.37.8	469.2	114.6	150.2
ercentage of illegitimate		AND THE PERSON	die state		
to live births	3,4	29,9	53,3	0,8	10.8
Death rates from T.B. all					
forms per 1000 population	0.43	4.3	3.6	2.5	2.1

## BIRTHS:

The following births were registered in Durban during the year (figures for previous year in brackets):

	1 European .	Coloured .	Nativa	Asiatic	Total.
The state of the s		387 (379)	1104 (1012)	4020 (4150)	7444 (7420
Local illegi- timate births Still Births	The state of the s	116 (109) 21 (20)	589 (518) 121 (77)	34 (19) 151 (148)	805 (706) 353 (286)

#### BIRTH RATES:

Duropean	Coloured	Native	Asiatic
20,7 (20,3)	6,8 (46,9)	25.4 (14.4)*	44.8 (46.2)

<sup>\*</sup> This figure is inaccurate and unreliable owing to incomplete registration of births.

Rates of natural increase, being the excess of births over deaths in proportion to population are as follows:

European 10.1 (9.7) per 1,000 Coloured 26.7 (23.1) " " Asiatic 29.8 (23.2) " "

European births, 29.9 for Coloureds, 53.3 for Natives and 0.8 for Asiatics.

DEATHS: (Figures for 1939-40 in brackets).

	European	Coloured	Native	Asiatic	Total.
Local deaths all ages. Non-local		196 (163)	1730 (1537)		The same of the same of
residents.	212 (147)	20 (16)	1082 (948)	84 (73)	1398 (1184)
DEATH RATES:	European	Coloured	Native	Asiatic	
	10,9 (10,2)	23.7 (20.2)	24.2 (21.9)	21.5 (17.	5)
TATEL METER MODELT	TMV-				The state of the s

# INFANTILE MORTALITY:

	E	uropean	_0	oloured	Na	tive	As	latic	Tota	1.
Local deaths Deaths of infants	98	(89)	51	(54)	518	(517)	461	(459)	1128	(1119)
whose mothers came to Durban for con- finement or were brought in suffer- ing from illness which caused death	19	(16)	7	(2)	248	(252)	19	(24)	293	(294)

Europeans: The infantile mortality rate per 1,000 for the year is 50.69 as compared with 47.3 in the previous year.

Causes of Death were as follows:

All Santaking and the	E	uropean	Col	oured	Na	ative	As	iatic	To	tal
		Rate		Rate				Rate	No	Rate
Congenital Causes Prematurity	22	2.8	5	1.3	61	4.4 8.1	62	7.7 8.3	118 154	15.8
Diarrhoea, etc. Bronchitis and	18	2.4	14	1.8	180	24.1	83	11.1	295	39,6
Pneumonia Other	21		17 5			15.7 17.05			345 216	46.3 29.01
	98		51		518		461		1128	
Many Many Day	E	ropean	Co	loured	Ne	tive	Asi	atic	2	Cotal
Births, Male Female	989 944	(979) (900)	187	(198) (181)	540 564	(521)	205	2 (2150) 8 (2000)	3768 3676	(3848) (3572)
Infantile Deaths Male Female	52 46	(56) (33)	21 30	(31)	256	(273)	22	3 (245) 8 (214)	552 576	(605) (514)
Notification of Still births:										
Local Imported	60	(41) (16)	21	(20)	121	(77) (151)	25	1 (148)	353 181	(286) (189)
Illegitimate Births:			1226		0000	, .				1
Local Imported	66	(60) (2)	116	(109)	589 712	(518) (638)	3	4 (19)		(706) (646)
				NO STREET						

The following tables show the percentage of Deaths at various age periods for Europeans (Figures for 1939-40 in brackets).

-Age Period	No. of Deaths	Percentage of Total Deaths
Under 1 year 1 - 2 years 2 - 5 years	98 (95) 29 (13) 17 (9)	9.6 (10.09) 2.8 (1.38) 1.6 (0.96)
1 - 5 years	144 (117)	14.09 (12.43)
5 - 15 years 15 - 25 " 25 - 45 " 45 - 65 " 65 years and ove	16 (11) 28 (36) 96 (103) 299 (304) 439 (370)	1.5 (1.16) 2.7 (3.82) 9.4 (10.95) 29.2 (32.3) 42.9 (39.32)
Total:	1022 (941)	and minima.

Deaths from Certain Main Causes - Europeans.

Disease.	No. of Deaths	Percentage of Total Deaths			
Infective Intestinal Diseases ) Enteric Fever, Dysentery, Diarrhoea and Enteritis	40 (65)	3.9 (6.91)			
Cancer	118 (113)	11.5 (12.2)			
Heart & Circulatory System	259 (238)	25.3 (25.29)			
Diseases of the Nervous System	78 (97)	7.6 (10.4)			
Diseases of Birth and Early Infancy	44 (51)	4.3 (5.31)			
Pneumonia and Bronchitis	88 (117)	8.6 (12.43)			
Pulmonary Tuberculosis	41 (31)	4.01 (3.29)			
Other Tuberculosis	- (7)	- (.75)			
Urinary & Genital Systems	82 (80)	8.02 (8.5)			

# MAIN CAUSES OF DEATH : CITY CASES ONLY.

# (Figures for 1939-40 in brackets)

	1000	Eu	ropean	Col	oured	Na	tive	Asia	atic.
1.	Cancer: Site of Disease. Buccal Cavity & Pharynx Digestive Organs & Peritoneum Lung Uterus Other Female Genital Organs Breast Male & Female Urinary Organs Other & Unspecified Organs Non-Malignant Tumours Tumours of Undetermined nature	10 58 7 8 2 7 7 19	(7) (53) (5) (3) (9) (12) (8) (15) (113)	1 1 2 - 1 1 - 5	(1) (3) (1) (5)	8212 231	(7) (1) (1) (14)	2 22 1 4 3 7 1 - 40	(2) (14) (1) (4) (1) (-) (10) (1)
2.	Diseases of the Heart.	137	(179)	8	(15)	82	(42)	168	(144)
3.	Bronchitis, Pneumonia.	88	(82)	34	(28)	132	(285)	558	(453)
4.	Influenza.	4	(5)	-	(-)	4	(4)	4	(11)
5.	Typhoid.	2	(5)	-		23	(12)	6	(7)
6.	Appendicitis.	3	(3)	2	(-)		(5)	5	(7)
7.	Tuberculosis.	41	(38)	36	(29)	262	(187)	231	(157)
8.	Diabetes.	16	(7)	2	(-)	-	(1)	15	(9)
9.	Apoplexy.	35	(47)	2	(7)	13	(21)	50	(38)
10.	Diseases of the Arteries.	120	(55)	5	(1)	9	(12)	26	(5)
ii.	Diseases of the Kidneys. Nephritis Other diseases of Kidneys	69	(64) (10)	9 3	(7) (1)	53	(34)	79	(81)
12	Diseases of the Liver.	16	(10)	1	(-)	15	(5)	8	(12)
13.	Accidents of Parturition.	13	(4)	2	(1)	19	(6)	8	(5)
14.	Old Age.	33	(19)	5	(-)	8	(3)	14	(18)
15.	Suicide. Poisoning Hanging or Strangulation Drowning Firearms	7 1 -	(-) (2) (2) (5)		(2)	111-	(1) (2) -	6 6 -	(6) (5)

		1 2	uropean	Col	oured	Na	tive	Asi	atic
	Cutting or Piercing Instrument Other Means	2 -	-	1	(1)	5 -	(1) (1)	10	(1) (4)
16.	Accident. Railways Motor vehicles Motor cycles Absorption of Poisonous Gas Other Poisoning Burns Mechanical Suffocation Drowning Injury by Firearms Injury by Cutting or Piercing Instruments Injury by Fall Injury by Other Crushing Injury in Quarries	1711451	(2) (1) (3) (4) (9) (1)	3	141111111111111111111111111111111111111	5 2 3 1 1 5 6 1 4 1 1 1 2 1 2	(11) (25) (1) (12) (2) (4) (1) (9) (4) (1)	1 14 3 24 1 11 3 1	(1) (4) (22) (7) (1) (8)

# CAUSES OF DEATH. 1940-1941.

		-					T	-	-
0 1		Bo	rough		1	-	Impo		
Code	Discase.	E	C	L.N.	-	E	C	N	-
1	Infectious & Parasitic Diseases.				1		3700		1
001	Typhoid Fever	2	-	25	16	2	-	28	1
007	Undulant Fever	-	-	100			1000	1	
008	Cerebro Spinal Meningitis	1	2	2	1 .	-	1	-	1
010	Scarlet Fever	2	60	000	1				1
				4.15	09	-	0.000		1
011	Whooping Cough	2	1	1	679	-	1	1	1
SIO	Diphtheria	5	440	7	11	3	-	4	1
014	Tetanus	7	tra	6	2	-	-	2	
015	Tuberculosis of Respiratory System	41	35	256	212	17	7	303	18
016	do. of Central Nervous "	00	No.	-	-	-	-	1	1
017	ods of Intestines &				-3-3		1000	3 100	1
	Peritoneum	8.0	1	1	14		700	7	1 9
018	do, " Vertebral Column	-	-	4	2			4	1
023	do. " Other Organs			-1	3	100	-	i	
027	Continue (Continue 2)	7	-		3		1	-	1
	Septicaemia (non-puerperal)	1	40	-	1	-	70.00	9 1000	
028	Gonococcal Infections (all sites)	-	**	4	tra	-	-	1	1
032	Dysentery : Bacillary	7	1	29	8	1	2	13	
033	do. & Amoebic	2	3	94	9	1	1	58	
035	do. : Other	-	615	5	1	-	-	3	1
036	Malaria	14	(=)	1	1	2	-	2	
040	Locombo Linustes	1	-						1
043	Congenital Syphilis	5	5	58	13	ī	-	43	-
048	Influenza	4	~	4	4	î	400	The state of	1
052	CALL THE COURT OF COU				1 1 1 1	100	HE STATE	- a	
	Measles	1	04	CM	~	-	2.5	4	1
054	Acute Encephalitis	1	644	-	No.		-	-	
071	Bilhargia	cm .	¢i3	1	1	-	-	-	1
675	Hodgkins Disease	do		61	1	-			
	Cancer & Other Tumouna.	10		-	-		3/3/3	200	
100	Cancer of Buccal Cavity & Pharynx	10	1	63	2	-	-	-	
102	of Stomach & Duodenum	040	119	2	- 60	~		-	
106	of Digestive Organs &		1200	1	-		-	1900	
	Peritoneum	58	1	8	22	10	4-3	11	
109	e of Lung	7	-	2	1	1000 mg	25	1	
110	N of Uterus	0		î		to	0603	1970	
	or contrib	8	2	1	4	1	1500	18.0	
111	of Other remain denital					15.50	1 7	3	
	Organs	2	948	2	800	~	-	1900	
112	N of Breast	7	in	-	3	-	-	-	
114	of Other Male Genital Organ	5 -	tes	-	1 445	-	-	120	1
115	of Male & Female Urinary				1-19-19	300	112	THE !	1
	- Organs	7	~	2	-	1	-	1	
119	" of Other & unspecified	0		-	75	10000	L. Lind	0200	
	Organs	19	1	3	7	7	444	2	
131	Non-malignant tumours : Other	19	-	0	1	1	100	2	
				-	2 4	3	1334	2.75	
	Organs	~	7967	1	1	1	-	1	
	Rheumatism, Diseases of			1	100	100	32395		
	Mutrition & other General Diseases			1000			123	2000	
1.49	Rheumatic Fover	3	~		11	1	1	1	
1.50	Chronic Rheumatism	76	-	-	-	-5	38-	1	
152	Diabetes	19	2		15	3	2 2	STORY !	- 3
158	Diseases of Parathyroid Glands						25	130	
	(Tetany)	1		1	-4	1 100	25 20	8335	
2.64	Other General Diseases	-	-			***	KOL	3 11	100
1.65		-	***	-	-	-	-	1993	- 2
	Scurvy	(m	100	5	6	-	-	G- 50	100
167	Beri-beri	64.		3	C19	64	-	3	-
168	Pellagra	91	*	22	-	-	-	30	
169	Rickets	7		619	2	-	-	-	

1	William College Washington	1	Boro	ngh		1-	Tmn	orted	
Code		E	I C	IN	TA	E	1 C	IN	10
	"Diseases of the Blood & Blood-			1	T	1	1	-	1-4
- :	forming Organs.	100	1	1	1		1	1	1
203	Pernicious Anaemia	7	1	3	5	1	1 4	1 0	1
207	Leucaemia	li		1 0	1 0	-	-	2	-
100000	Diseases of the Nervous System &		-	-	1 -	1 -	-	1 +	-
1	Sense Organs.	1		1	1	1	1		1
301	Encephalitis: Other Forms	1 .	1	1 -	1 -	1	1 :	1.	1
303	Meningitis: Other Forms	2	-	2	3	-	-	2	-
304		5	3	20	24	2	1 4	12	-
305	Diseases of the Spinal Cord	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
	Cerebral Haemorrhage	35	2	13	50	8	1	111	4
306	Cerebral Embolism & Thrombosis	25		-	4	3	11	1	1
307	Hemiplegia	4	2	1	12	1 1	12-	-	-
309	Epilepsy	-	-	3	2	-	ě-	1	-
310	Infantile Convulsions	2	-	4	7	-	-	-	-
315	Other Diseases of Nervous System	1 4	-	2	1 1	1	-	5	-
317	Diseases of Ear & Mastoid Sinus	120		15	11 4	lī	-	-	_
12 4	Diseases of the Circulatory System			-	1	1 -			
350	Pericarditis	-	-	6	1	1	1	3	
352	Acute Endocarditis	-	1	1	1	lī	-	0	-
353	Chronic - " & Valvular		-	1 1	1	1 -		1 -	-
	Disease	77	1 -	-	100	1 -			
355	Acute Myocarditis	13	1	7	22	3	-	1	tre
357	Other Myocarditis	20	1	1	26	3	-	5	LA
		45	1 - 11 m	8	39	7	-	8	
358	Diseases of the coronary arteries	213	of a	120	1	1	1	1 . 12	
750	& angina pectoris	6	1.1	1	4	2	-	1	-
359	Other Diseases of the Heart	53	5	57	76	11	-	33	3
362	Arteries Selecosis	56	3	5	5	8	- 1	116:	
364	Other Diseases of the Arteries	64	2	4	21	9	-	-	-
365	Diseases of the Veins	1	-	1	-	1 1	-1	-	-
368	Other Diseases of Circulatory					-			
	System	1	1	1	3	1	-	2	_
	Diseases of Respiratory System.		-	1 -	"	-		~	
400	Diseases of Nasal Fossac & Annexa	-	_	1 -	6	-	- /		
401	" " Larynx				0	-		1	
402	Acute Bronchitis	. 6	4	60	111	-		8	7
403	Chronic Bronchitis	The second			-	-		0	+
404	Broncho Pneumonia	6	07	16	38	1	-	700	3
405	Lobar Pneumonia	55	21	177	345	10	1	102	5
406		20	9	38	59	1	1	19	4
200	Pneumonia, Unspecified & conges			- 3				CONT E	-
100	tion of the Lungs	1	-	1	5	ad .	**		-
407	Empyema	-	18.	3	2	1	1		
408	Other forms of Pleurisy	-	-	-	ĩ	ī	-	2	-
410	Chronic Congestion of Lungs	22	2	29	19	6		7	-
411	Asthma	14	ĩ	9	24	1	-		1
412	Pulmonary Emphysema	7.2	300	6		1	-	3	1
413	Miners' Phthisis (without T.B.)	1	7		1 7	1000	049	-	-
414	Miners' Phthisis (with T.B.)	1	7 3	-	3	24	ties	-	-
418	Other Diseases of Respiratory	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
I	System System								1
	Diseases of the Digestive System.	4	2	5	3	3	60	1	C4
452	Diseases of the Phase of the Ph		100 100	-					1
455	Diseases of the Pharynx & Tonsils	2	=	1	-		-	201	5.0
456	Ulcer of Stomach	1	-	-	-	2	-	- 1	
	Ulcer of Duodenum -	9	-	2	5	5	-	2	-
457	Other Diseases of the Stomach	2	-	2	7	-	- 1	-	-
458	Diarrhoea & Enteritis (under 2 yrs)	27		291	127	1	2	107	1
459	Diarrhoea & Enteritis (over 2 yrs)	2	1	22	48	-	-	11	3
	Appendicitis	2 3	2	-	5	3	_	1	3
	Hernia	1	-	-	1	-	_	-	-
463	Intestinal obstruction	1 2	1	3	î	5	-	4	_
		~	1		-			*	-1

1-			Boro	ugh			Impor	ted	
1 Co	ode Diseases.	E	C	N	A	E	C	N	TI
465				4	1	1	-	4	
466		3 7		4	3	-	-	-	
467		-	-	2	3	1	4	-	2 2
468		1	-	3	-	-	-	3	1
469	Other Diseases of the Liver	8	1	- 6	2	5	1	9	1
470		2	-	-	-	-	-	-	
472		1	-	-	2	1	-	-	1
473	Peritonitis without stated cause	2		1	2	-	-	3	
	Diseases of the Urinary & Genital	1	1	3, 7	500		200	700	13
1	Systems.	,		10000	1		1313	1976	1 3
500		14		24	35	1 2	1	4	1
501	The second of th	28	3	15	31	2	-	10	1. 1
502		27		14	13	6		5	2
504	The state of the s	5	3	3	- 3	1	-	1	
507	The second of the second	2	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
510		. 2	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
512	Diseases of the Ovaries		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
513		3	-	1	-	-	-		-
550	Diseases of Prognancy.			100	1000	133	1	The state of	10
562	The state of the s	-	-	-	0 . 2		-	1	-
570	Diseases & Accidents of Pregnancy	4	1	2	5	1	Tite !	1	
573	Puerperal Eclampsia	-	-		2	-	-	-	-
574	Other Puerperal Toxacmias	1	1	19	6	-	-	- 6	1
01.2	Other Accidents of Childbirth	13	2	190	8	1	1	014	1
	Diseases of the Skin & Cellular	1 3	27	7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	227	1		2
601	Colludition courts		-	-		-	0.71	1	
602	Other Diseases of the Skin	1	1	1	2 3	-	-	-	. 7
100%	Diseases of the Bones.	1 1	-	-	3	-	-	1	-
650		1 5		115				1	3
651	Ostcomyclitis & Periostitis Other Diseases of the Bones	-	-	1	7	-	-	1-	-
652	Diseases of the Joints	-	-	-	2	-	-	2	-
1002	Congenital Malformations.	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
700	Congenital Hydrocephalus						12.0	-	i
702	" Malformation of Heart	-	1	-	7	- 42	-	1	1.0
	Diseases Peculiar to First Year	-	1		100	-	-	-	-
	df Life.				rate.	-			
750	Congenital Debility	5	2	33	40	4			
751	Premature Birth	23	12	85	49 73	1 3	- 1	26	-
753	Other Birth Injuries -	2	12	3	1	0			-
758	Other Diseases peculiar to first	-		0	1	-	1	2	
	year of life.	14	7	33	37	4	1	07	
	Senility.			00	31	4	+:-	23	2
800	Senility	33	5	8	14	4		8	3
	Violent or Accidental Deaths.					-	199/1	0	
852	Puicide by Poisoning	7	-	1	6	**	14	-	1
856	by Hanging or Strangulation	1	-	1	6	2	I	113	1
858	by Firearms & Explosives	-	-	-	-	î			- 3
859	by Cutting or Piercing	2	-	3	-	-		1	
863	Instruments		1		7.		1.		
866	by other means	-	1		10				
000	conocide by Cutting or Piercing	3		1		19	77.7		-
867	Instruments	1	-	6	2	-	-	9	-
868	Dy Other means	1	- 1	6	2	-	-	1	-
871	Accidents on Railways	1		5	2	-	-	1	1
874	Dy motor-vehicles	17	3	23	14	8	-	8	1
884	Injury by Motor cycles	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
	Accidents consists	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
000	Accidents caused by machinery	-	-	1	-	-	-		-
								4	1
					Sur mark	100	Boats		
							-		

Alle and

- 4			Box	rough			Impo	orted	
Code	Diseases.	E	C	N	A	E	C	N	A
887	Food Poisoning	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-
889	Other Acute Accidental Poisoning	-	-	3	3	-	***	-	-
891	Accidental Burns	4	-	6	24	1	-	-9	5
892	" Mechanical Suffocation	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-
893	" Drowning	5	-	4	11	6	-	4	3
894	" Injury by Firearms.	1	-	-	-	-		-	-
895	" by Cutting of	1		- 400					
10 3	Piercing Instrument	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
896	" by Fall	11	1	12	3	-	1	4	-
897	" by Other Crushing	3	1	1	1	1	-	1	
904	by Electric Currents	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
107 1 19	Ill-defined Causes of Death.	13	65				-		
950	Sudden Death	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	**
951	Ill-defined causes	25	3	31	75	3	-	25	6
Barrie I				1		17			
		1022	196	1730	1934	212	20	1082	84
		11							

# 2. INFECTIOUS DISEASES NOTIFIED DURING THE YEAR:

(Figures for 1939-40 in brackets).

1, Typhoid Fever.	European	Coloured	Native	A Latic.
Local Cases Imported Cases	-24 (52) 5 (1)	1 (4)	9 (5)	15 (23) 4 (5)

There were 2 European and 29 non-European deaths amongst residents during the year and the attack - and death-rates per 1,000 of the population are:

2.	Cerebro-Spinal Ment Local Cases Imported Cases Deaths Local	ingitis.	34 16 1	(3) (2) (-)	3 - 2	{ <del>-</del> }	8 1 2	(10) (2) (8)	3 -	{ <del>-</del> }
3	Scarlet Fever. Local Cases Imported Cases		87	(97) (5)	1 -	(1) (-)	1.1	<del>{-</del> }	1 2	(2)
	There were 2 I	European	deat	hs repo	rted	during t	he ye	ar,	1	
4.	Diphtheria. Local Cases Imported Cases Deaths (Local) Deaths (Imported)		228 43 5 5	(194) (15) (3) (-)	18	(21.) · (-)	: : 42 : 35 : 7 4	(16) (4) (2) (-)	8111.8	(25) (2) (1) (-)

		European	Coloured 1	Native	Asiatiq
5.	Ervsipelas. Local Cases Imported Cases No deaths recorded.	18 (18)	5 (1)	<u>-</u> ( <u>-</u> )	- (-)
6.	Poliomyelitis. Local Cases Imported Cases	3 (3) - (1)	<u>- (-)</u>	<u> </u>	<del>-</del> ( <del>-</del> )
7.	Ophthalmia Neonatorum. Local Cases Imported Cases No deaths recorded.	2 (1)	1 (2)	1 (3)	3 (10)
8.	Leprosy. Local Cases Imported Cases No deaths recorded.	<u> </u>	1 (1)	3 (2)	= (:)
9.	Puerperal Sepsis.  Local Cases Imported Cases Deaths (Local) Deaths (Imported)	4 (4) 1 (-) - (-)	1 (1) - (-) 1 (-) - (-)	4 (5) 1 (-) 4 (1) 6 (3)	1 (6) 5 (2) 1 (-)

Infectious Diseases Admitted to City Fever Hospital, Congella, during the Year.

				7.50 2 X	
	European	Collegated	Native	Asiatic	Total
Diphtheria	195	23	89	-	000
Scarlet Fever	89	1	-	9	266
Chicken Pox	62	4	80		90
Measles	322	24	187	3	146
Mumps	66	3	59	4	536 132
Pertussis	126	7	54	8	108
German Measles	113		1	0	-
C.S. Meningitis	30	1	6	3	114
Typhus	2		0	0	2
Measles & Pertussis	5		3		3
Measles & Mumps	1		3		3
Ophthalmia	1	SAN THE COLUMN	COLUMN TO		1
Observation	1 2	*1	1		
Diphtheria & Chicken Pox	1	-	18 11 145 N		5
Scabies	111	-			î
? Erysipelas	1	_	21	0 00	-
Measles & Diphtheria	\-	-	1	and a	-
Trachoma	100 J	-	1	2	2
Observation : Diphtheria	34	1 00	14		49
" : Pertussis	18	3	11	4	36
* Measles	8	3 1	10	i	20
* Humps	2	-	4777		
: U.S.M.	6 :	-	1	1	231
" : Chicken Pox	1	-	1		1 17
* Scarlet Fever	4 2	-	-	_	4
Diphtheria Contact	2	-	3	- 1	4 5
	7007	101/252	The second of	2	
	1091	68	471	35	1665

# Ambulance Removals:

The following table sets out the number of cases conveyed in the Infectious Diseases Ambulances:

97,487,78 (8.1 (8.1 3.1 6.1	European	Coloured	Native	Asiatic	Total
City Fever Hospital Government Hospital Other Hospitals	954 92 25	72 48 28	18 31 11	43 35 5	1087 206 69
- b- c.s. (v.)	1071	148	60	83	1362

# Disinfecting Station & Laundry.

# Municipal Departments.

City Fever Hospital Disinfections City Fever Hospital City Baths Ocean Beach Other Departments	106,191 184,478 68,225 102,504 110,161
To	tal: 571,559
Articles from Private Premises Rooms Disinfected	75,383 1,662
King Edward VIII Hospital " " Disinfections	1,247,828 48,604
King George V Hospital	224,441
Entabeni Nursing Home	214,216
Durban Turf Club	2,346
Chronic Sick Hospital	201,531
Indian Depot Hospital (February '41)	14,609
S.A.W.A.S. Residential Club (March 141)	64,058

VACCINATION (Courtesy, Deputy Chief Health Officer).
The following vaccinations of local residents were carried on during the year.

one year.	Infant Vaccination	12 Year Old Vaccination
Successfully vaccinated Insusceptible to Vaccination Postponed owing to illness Exempted under Act 15 of 1938	1003 91 214 132	65 14 5

# 3. TUBERCULOSIS.

			European		Coloured		Native /		Asiatic.	
(a)	Notificatio Pulmonary:	ns.								
	Local Imported		18	(70)	34	(51) (4)	424	(375)	235	(256) (13)
	Non-Pulmona	ry:	-	(20)		(0)	-	(50)		/
. 60	Local Imported		5 2	(19)	-	(9)	3	(52)	42	(2)
(b)	Deaths:									
	Pulmonary: Local Imported		41 17	(31) (6)	35 7	(27) (4)	256 303	(175) (276)	212	(145) (15)
	Non-Pulmona Local Imported	ry.	:	<del>(7)</del>	1 -	(2)	6	(12) (14)	19	(12) (2)

# SPECIAL REPORT BY ACTING TUBERCULOSIS OFFICER.

#### Appointment of Tuberculosis Officer.

In February 1940 an assurance was given by the City Council to the Minister of Public Health that a Tuberculosis Officer would be appointed for the City of Durban. The respective duties of the Medical Officer of the Public Health Department were investigated by a special sub-committee appointed for the purpose, and in May 1940, the Deputy Medical Officer of Health, Dr. English, was appointed Tuberculosis Officer for Durban. At the same time the City Council resolved to establish a non-European Tuberculosis Clinic, equipped with an X-Ray apparatus at the City Fever Hospital, Congella.

Dr. English was called up on full-time military duties shortly afterwards, in May 1940. The question of appointing a Tuberculosis Officer was then left in abeyance until September 1940, when the Assistant Medical Officer of Health, Dr. Hooper, was released from military service in order to fill this post.

A detailed analysis of the tuberculosis position in Durban was forthwith undertaken to serve as the bases for working out a satisfactory Tuberculosis Control Scheme.

# Analysis of Tuberculosis Position (January 1941)

(a) Incidence:

The following statistics, regarding all forms of tuberculosis occurring within the City, refer to the year 1939-40:

Race.	Popu- lation	Death	Regist	ered Deaths.	Notif	ications	Estim- ated	Beds in Durban
	(nearest 1,000).	(per 1,000)	City.	Imported.	City.	Imported.	cases in Durban.	for City Cases.
European	92,000	0.41	38	6	89	3	342	75
Coloured	8,000	3.59	29	4	60	5	261	28
Native	70,000	2.67	187	289	427	13	1,683	123
Asiatie	88,000	1.78	157	17	293	15	1,413	74
All Races	258,000	1.60	411	316	869	36	3,699	300

These statistics reveal, inter alia :-

The large number of deaths from Tuberculosis occurring annually, and the relatively high incidence and mortality rates amongst non-Europeans. The large number of cases (3699) estimated to be in Durban at present, although approximate, is not considered to be an over-statement of the position. The hospital accommodation (300 beds) for treating and isolating these cases is obviously inadequate.

# Available facilities for combating the disease :

Hospital Accommodation: All the 300 available beds in Durban being at present occupied, there is a constant waiting-list for admission to hospital. The problem is most acute in the case of Natives and Indians. It is estimated that approximately 800 beds are required in Durban.

Clinic Facilities: Anti-tuberculosis clinics are held, once weekly for Europeans and Coloureds at Addington Hospital, and for Native and Asiatics at King Edward VIII Hospital. The scope of work is very limited at both these clinics, very little essential out-patient treatment being given. Their function is consequently mainly diagnostic in nature. The non-European Clinic is unable to cope with even the limited number of patients now being referred there.

During recent months an artificial pneumothorax (treatment) clinic has been held at King George V Hospital, entirely voluntarily on the part of the Hospital Authorities.

The above-mentioned clinical facilities are totally inadequate. They are run as independent units by each hospital concerned. They do not fulfil all the necessary functions of a clinic,
and are not equipped to cope with any future increase in the amount of
work.

# Summary of Present Position :

The opening of King George V Hospital two years ago provided Durban with sufficient beds to accommodate the majority of European and Coloured cases of tuberculosis, although there is still a "waiting-list" for this institution. Apart from this, the position regarding hospitalization for tuberculosis in Durban is just as inadequate as before. The population has increased tremendously. The last six years show an increase of 35,000; and immediately before that, in 1933, the outer areas were incorporated into the In spite of this we still have the same hopeless shortage of beds, especially for non-Europeans, and the same inadequate Clinic facilities which we had many years ago. We have some idea as to how many cases there are in Durban, and how many infected Natives enter and leave Durban each year, and yet we are making little or no attempt to find, isolate and treat these cases. a City we are completely unequipped to tackle the problem, and unless we are prepared now to build up the necessary organisation the position will deteriorate still further, particularly as the result of the war years. It will cost a large sum initially but will represent a considerable saving eventually. expenditure on tuberculosis has been relatively extremely low. Experience has shown that it is cheaper to prevent than to treat tuberculosis.

Special Consideration of the various factors influencing the incidence of tuberculosis amongst Natives.

Population: The Native population in Durban is about 70,000 each Native remaining in the City roughly on an average for about one year. As regards Natives therefore the population is a shifting one, whereas in the case of the other three races the population is more or less stationary.

The proportion of a less is approximately four to one; and of adults to children about nine to two.

Registrations. Approximately 20,000 new arrivals are registered annually, whereas about 60,000 Natives are re-examined every year.

Estimate of number of tuberculosis cases. It is estimated that the total number of Native cases in Durban at present is between 1,400 and 1,800.

It is further estimated that of the 20,000 new arrivals each year about 200 are infected with tuberculosis; and that about 1,200 of the 60,000 already living in Durban who are re-examined annually at the Registration Offices are suffering from this disease.

Notifications of City cases are increasing in number probably indicating an increasing spread of infection during the last few years.

The number of deaths amongst 'City' Natives has also increased slightly although it is considered that the figure for City deaths is probably higher than indicated. East year 187 'City' Natives and 289 'imported' Natives died from tuberculosis. The term 'Imported cases' should, from the point of view of this investigation, refer only to those patients who come from cutside the City boundaries directly into hospital, whereas it is almost certain that very many of these imported cases, who have given ex-borough addresses only, have resided for short periods, at least, within the City before being admitted to hospital, and in so doing have constituted additional sources of infection in Durban.

Native Females: There are about 14,000 Native females in Durban and nearly 300 of these must be tuberculosis cases. Unless and until there is some system of registration it will be quite impossible to exercise any proper control and isolation of Native women infected with tuberculosis (this also applies to female cases of venereal disease). It is almost always possible to locate European, Coloured and Indian female cases at the addresses given, but Native women move into and out of Durban at irregular intervals and whilst in Durban frequently change their addresses. The experience of this Department is that much time is wasted on fruitless searches for Native female cases who have absconded from the wards or who have refused admission into hospital, even when this department has been supplied with their addresses.

Once it is understood by the Native race that registration of Native women is advocated solely for the welfare of the race as a whole, it is thought unlikely that any objection would be raised to this principle. Registration alone would be of immense value, although periodic medical examination in addition is desirable.

General remarks regarding incidence. The incidence rates per 1,000 population for the four different races in Durban are not known, but the Death-Rates per 1,000 population give a fair comparison of the relative rates of incidence and of the degrees of immunity possessed by the different races. These are :

Race.	Population.	Death Rates per 1,000.
European Coloured Native Asiatic	92,000 8,000 70,000 88,000	0.41 3.59.36 2.67

Thus it will be seen that tuberculosis kills a far larger proportion of our Native population than of any of the other races, with the exception of Coloureds. This is mainly because the Native possesses a very low degree of racial immunity or resistance to infection as compared with the European and the Asiatic.

For the same reason, once a Native becomes infected with tuberculosis, the disease in the majority of cases advances rapidly. To quote from the last annual report of the Medical Superintendent of King Edward VIII Hospital: "By far the majority of cases go downhill at an alarming rate and die within a few months..... of the 914 cases of pulmonary and miliary tuberculosis admitted to hospital in 1939, 349 died within a few months. All these cases were, of course, virulently infective". Assuming that there are about 1,500 Native cases of tuberculosis in Durban at the present moment, most of whom are in an infectious condition, it is not difficult to visualise the rate at which healthy Natives (and to a lesser extent other races too) are daily becoming infected from this large and mobile reservoir of infection.

Although the low degree of racial immunity mainly accounts for the relatively high incidence rate amongst Natives, two other factors - malnutrition and bad housing - also play a large part. In fact the removal of these two factors would in itself tend to increase the degree of racial immunity to tuberculosis, and lower the rate of spread of the disease.

# Proposed Tuberculosis Control Scheme for Durban.

The following are essential requirements :-

A Central Tuberculosis Clinic centrally situated; adequately provided with medical, health-visiting and clerical staffs; and equipped with a modern X-Ray apparatus capable of undertaking mass radiography on miniature films, as well as radiography on full-sized plates, and fluoroscopic screening.

The Clinic would function as the administrative centre for all matters relating to tuberculosis in the City, and would undertake routine and special diagnostic surveys as well as "outpatient" treatment of walking cases.

A Second & Similar X-Ray Apparatus to be situated at the Municipal Native Administration Department and used for the purpose of diagnosis only. Each year about 80,000 Native males - one-quarter of whom are new arrivals in the City - are medically examined by the Municipal Native Administration Department. It is obviously necessary that the medical examinations should be supplemented by chest X-Rays, and that all Natives found to be suffering from tuberculosis should be referred to the Central Clinic for disposal. Such an arrangement would leave the Central Clinic itself largely free to tackle the problem amongst the other three races who are permanently domiciled within the City.

Additional Hospital Accommodation for 200 non-European patients and possibly of a temporary nature until such time as other anticipated accommodation becomes available after the termination of the war.

A Tuberculosis Colony. Organisation of a Colony will become necessary at an early stage in the development of the Control Scheme.

The above-mentioned items of the proposed Tuberculosis Control Scheme entail questions involving highly technical consideration, such as the choice of suitable sites for the proposed Clinic and wards, the design of these buildings, specifications for X-Ray apparatus, etc. A Sub-Committee was therefore formed in May 1941, consisting of representatives of the Union Health Department and various Municipal Departments for the purpose of framing recommendations thereon. I wish to express my appreciation of the very valuable help and advice afforded by members of this Sub-Committee.

Organisation of the various details of the Tuberculosis Scheme is now in its final stages, and it is hoped that in the very near future the complete scheme will be ready for consideration by the City Council.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

# 4. VENEREAL DISEASES:

(a) Number of treatments at Out-patient departments.

	*European	Coloured	Native	Asiatic	Total
Addington Hospital King Edward VIII Hospital Indian African Clearing Station McCord's Zulu Hospital	4704	704 87	16983 1409	193 93	4704 19384 193 1588
TOTAL:	4704	891	18392	1983	25870
Year 1939-40	8682	684	18,947	3,719	32,032

(b) Cases admitted to Hospital.

Com exchange now as a second contract of	King Edward VIII	(1939-40)
Syphilis, Primary, Secondary "Tertiary "Congenital Gonorrhoea Others	2,510 61 199 1853 71	2,548 2 127 1480 99
Deaths Absconders Discharged Operations Performed	4694 12 20 2825 111	4256 9 15 4176 119

\* Only Europeans are now being treated at Addington Hospital.

European population inasmuch as a large proportion of patients attending the European Clinics are merchant sailors of various nationalities. During last six months 400 cases of V.D. have been treated at the Clinic. Whilst the numbers show nearly an equal proportion of Syphilis and Gonorrhoea cases, the M.O. in charge of the Clinic estimates that the real proportion of Gonorrhoea to Syphilis in Durban is about 5 to 1.

#### Non-European Clinics.

During the year ending 30th June 1941, there were 14000 new cases of V.D. arriving at the Clinics and the total number of attendances was over 44000. Gonorrhoea and Syphilis numbers were about equal, although the tendency throughout the last three years has been for an increase of Gonorrhoea ormerly Syphilis was much the more common disease

and Gonorrhoea relatively infrequent. Men and women now attend in about equal numbers, formerly the proportion was 4 men to 1 woman until gradually the numbers have become equal.

The causes of spread of V.D. in Durban are, subject to modifications caused by local and racial conditions, the same causes that operate everywhere else, bad housing, alcoholism, prostitution, lack of wholesome recreation facilities, lack of sexual education, etc. etc.

The statistics given below is not a correct estimate of the proportion of Gonorrhoea to Syphilis in Durban. It includes numerous merchant navy seamen of many nationalities.

Number of cases treated recently (about 6 months).

Gonorrhoea			 211
Syphilis			 152
Ulcus Molle	(soft	sores)	 39

It is my opinion that the proportion of Gonorrhoea to Syphilis is much higher in Durban than seen in statistics. Most probably about 5 to 1.

A great majority of Gonorrhoea cases are treated privately either by Doctors or Chemists. The expense of treating Syphilis privately increases the numbers at Clinic. A high proportion of Gonorrhoea cases sent to the clinic for treatment are those that do not respond to M.B. 693 treatment.

During the year under review, the campaign against Venereal Diseases in Durban continued to make steady progress. European cases are seen at the special clinics daily at addington Hospital, Indians have a special weekly clinic at the Anglo-African Clearing Station in Beatrice Street and Coloured and Natives are seen at the King Edward Hospital, Congella, where seven clinics are held weekly. Progress during the year has been mainly on the preventive side, a qualified Native doctor and six Native and Indian Health Assistants having been employed in propaganda work in tracing "contacts" and in rounding up "defaulters". hundred lectures and demonstrations have been given at the various compounds, locations, wards, factories and business premises. Progress has been hindered by the inadequate accommodation both for in-patients and out-patients at Addington and King Edward Hospitals but with the plans now approved for new and up-to-date accommodation at both hospitals it is hoped that better results will later be The Council has approved of the appointment of a wholeachieved. time Venereologist instead of the part-time basis whereon Dr. G.D.H. Wallace has administered the clinical side of the work for the past three years.

Venereal diseases cause an enormous amount of illhealth among the non-European population, to combat which intensive efforts will be required over a considerable period of time. Before results commensurate with those obtained in Europe and America can be expected, a sustained compaign of health education among non-Europeans will have to be undertaken.

# - 5. PLAGUE PRECAUTIONS.

The appointment of temporary employees has enabled the personnel of this Section to be maintained at approximately pre-war strength, consequently the rodent problem has received due attention and can be regarded as quite satisfactory. Routine anti-rodent measures are regularly being taken in respect of Municipal premises such as refuse tips, markets and drains etc. in the beach area where rodent infestation is prevalent.

Systematic inspection also continues in regard to private and trading premises within the City, and the occupiers, when deemed necessary encouraged to co-operate and avail themselves of the departmental facilities in the constant war against rodents.

Total number of visits to private business. Number of complaints investigated Number of premises corrected of harbourage Premises referred to District Inspectors	e & in	festat		12,132 407 424
action				118
Number of rodent baits laid			1	.02,230
Number of traps set				9,236
Rodents caught by trapping				
Suspect premises trapped for plague index				42
Rodents sent to Government Laboratory for			11	
examination				180

# HARBOUR CONTROL (MAYDON WHARF).

		1 1100	- 10		12.4		-
Rate caught (brown)				•••			796
" " (black)							539
Mice caught						•••	1,037
Carcasses examined at Go	overn	ment La	borate	ory			
(Mice and ra							668

No plague-infected rats were discovered on ships or in the Harbour areas during the year under review.

This information supplied by Port Health Authority.

#### 6. ENDEMIC CONTROL.

- (a) Dysentery and Enteric Fever increased in prevalence among non-Europeans, both Borough and Imported, which was only to be expected in view of the persistence of slums and the absence of essential services, water and sewerage in most non-European dwelling-areas.
- (b) Diphtheria more than doubled in prevalence and mortality. It is high time that public facilities for Immunisation were organised.
- (c) Pulmonary Tuberculosis, Borough and Imported increased in mortality by almost one-third, the increase being confined to non-Europeans. The situation as regards non-European is indescribably bad and virtually beyond control by present methods.

THE STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF T - Maria 12 Maria 12 Anno 12 An The second secon CEL ... CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY AS . C. and the Control of the Control Maria Million of appropriate the fact of annually secure as Contract to the contract of th

# Bacteriological Examination.

Regular bacteriological and chemical examinations are made in the laboratory situated at Northdene Filters and weekly tests are made at the Government Laboratory in Durban, yielding results comparable with those of any water supply in the world. The Durban standard of negative Bacillus Coli in 100 c.c. is a standard set by the Metropolitan Water Board and is the highest sought anywhere.

188 Samples were taken and submitted to Government Laboratory for bacteriological examination plus 52 samples submitted to City Analyst for chemical examination.

All samples were certified to be satisfactory.

\* \* \* \*

# CLEANSING SECTION :

## CEMETERIES.

All Municipal cemeteries have been maintained in good order. Close supervision is kept over all private cemeteries which have been generally maintained in a satisfactory condition.

Returns of deaths are carefully checked and compared with the Burial Returns of all cemeteries thereby ensuring that the method and place of disposal of every dead body is known.

## INTERNMENTS.

5178 burials took place in the various Municipal Cemeteries, and 1140 in private cemeteries,

#### CREMATIONS.

There were 326 Cremations being an increase of 79 over the previous year. 209 were Europeans and 117 Asiatics,

#### FREE BURLALS.

The Department authorised 215 free burials compared with 202 in the year 1939-40, 176 of the total were natives.

## CLEANSING SERVICES.

. ......

All cleansing services were carried out regularly and efficiently although at times there was considerable difficulty in maintaining a full staff of drivers.

#### CONSERVANCY.

This service is carried out departmentally in Greenwood Park, Sydenham, Umhlatuzana and South Coast Areas, but in Mayville the Contract for the service has been continued owing to the continuation of the War.

The total number of buckets in use was 9679 compared with 9189 in the previous year. The increase of 490 was mostly to individual premises spread over all the outer areas.

## REFUSE REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL.

Routine collection and removal services operated regularly and efficiently throughout the year, 268784 cubic yards were removed and disposed of, 13203 cubic yards by incineration in the Point Destructor, and the balance as in previous years by tipping on lowlying and swampy areas of land.

There are 15 tipping sites and at all the same precautions are carefully observed viz: Continuous spraying of the rubbish with an insecticide as it is deposited, and the complete sealing of each days deposit with a covering of earth. These measures were completely successful in controlling fly development and not a single complaint of the prevalence of flies in the vicinity of any of the tips was received during the year.

## DEAD ANIMALS.

285 dead animals were removed and buried,

# STREET CLEANING.

The usual high standard of cleanliness of the streets and roads was maintained by regular street sweeping, 44,447 cubic yards of sweepings were collected and removed to the various rubbish tips.

#### PUBLIC CONVENIENCES.

The following new public conveniences were completed and brought into use:-

## European

Glenwood Bus Terminus Tollgate Sutton Park.

#### Non-European.

Chamberlain Rd., Jacobs Dalton Road Beach - Amphitheatre City Market Concourse.

Extensive additions were made to the central block at the corner of West and Gardiner Streets, and to the Non-European block in Chettiah Road.

## FLY DESTRUCTION.

Continuous precautions are taken to prevent fly breeding in the deposits.

#### SALVAGE.

Shortly after the outbreak of war a start was made to recover from the refuse such articles as might be of value to the community. To the end of the year the following quantities of goods were collected and disposed of:

10 tons Rags. 3220 doz. bottles. 2000 lbs. bones. 273 metal drums.

## 9. MEAT SUPPLIES.

The number of animals slaughtered during the year was as follows:

IOTTOMS :			Maria de la comparta	The state of the s	
THE WALLS	Bovines.	Swine.	Sheep.	Goats.	
1940/41.	42,999	50,019	318,519	16,135.	
Carcases, Organs	or Parts Con	demned.			
No. of Carcases.	926	2,089	1,702	146	

No. of Carcases. 926 2,089 1,702 146
Portion of carcases
weight in pounds. 326,950 2,737 599,622 15 lbs.

Routine health supervision over butchers' shops, cold storages, markets, meat transport vehicles etc. continues to be maintained at high level of efficiency.

# 10. MILK SUPPLY.

There are 62 dairies situated within the City boundaries and 17 permit holders situated outside the City which supply the town with raw milk. In addition there are four dairies - Model Dairy, Baynesfield, Child Protection and Royal and Regent which distribute pasteurized milk. Raw milk is retailed at 3½d. per pint, pasteurized at 3d. per pint.

# System of Supervision & Control:

During the period under review, 243 samples of milk were taken for chemical examination, 234 were found satisfactory, whilst 9 were unsatisfactory. In each case the deficiency was investigated and dairymen concerned were warned.

Some 399 samples of milk were taken and tested for dirt by means of the Disc Sediment Test. Each unsatisfactory result was followed up and the dairymen concerned were advised and instructed in correct methods of milking.

A record is kept of all discs, examination whereof will disclose that the town's milk is very clean.

# System of Registration & Inspection of Dairies :

All dairies situated within the City boundaries are licensed by the Municipality and no license is granted unless the dairy conforms in every respect with the Public Health Bye-laws relating to Dairies & Cow Sheds.

Premises situated outside the City are likewise inspected and a permit is granted only when buildings, plant and equipment conform with similar requirements

Some 619 inspections of dairies were carried out during the year.

#### Distribution System :

Milk is delivered twice daily in  $\frac{1}{2}$ , 1 and and 2 pint bottles, larger quantities being delivered in sealed cans.

# Milk in relation to Infectious Diseases including T.B.

No notification of infectious disease in connection with a dairy was received during the year.

100 Samples of milk were taken and subjected to a biological test for T.B. One positive result was obtained, the responsible cow being destroyed.

#### BOVINE TUBERCULOSIS.

In one instance only during the year was a positive result obtained from the biological test of milk samples.

A clinical examination of the animals of the dairy concerned - 19 in number - was made and no evidence of disease could be observed. Four samples of milk were taken from cows showing slight symptoms of mastitis. Upon microscopical examination these proved to be negative for T.B.

There was a history of one cow having died about a month previously and it is possible that this animal may have been responsible for the infected sample.

In the course of routine examination of dairy herds, three animals were slaughtered as showing clinical evidence of tuberculosis. Post mortem examination disclosed generalized losions. A further 5 cows which had been sent to the Abattoir for slaughter as having become unprofitable from various reasons, also showed generalised T.B. lesions. In none of these animals, however was tuberculous mastitis evident.

It is however, satisfactory that cows in this condition should be removed from the herds as they may be looked upon as potential conveyors of T.B. infection in milk.

#### MASTITIS.

This condition is still somewhat prevalent. Regarding the pathogenesis of the complaint, I stated in last year's report that the Str. Agalactiae - which has usually been regarded as chiefly responsible - had been demonstrated here in only a very small percentage of cases. It is of interest to note that in a recent veterinary publication it is stated - "studies have not proved beyond doubt that the Str. Agalactiae is alone responsible or that the means by which it gains access to the tissues naturally are thoroughly understood."

A further note states - "the view that Str. Agalactiae produce a disease which is highly contagious and that other organisms do not, receives no support from these results....the micrococcus has been the most infective, the staphylococcus next and the Str. Agalactiae the least infective".

#### BACTERIAL TESTING OF MILK.

For a considerable time milk samples have been subjected to both the bacterial test and the methylene-blue test to determine the amount of bacteria present, including the Bacillus Coli. This year, however, these tests have been replaced by the Sediment Test.

The reasons for the change are that the bacterial test, from the practical standpoint, is of little value in that results are only approximate, coupled with a large margin of error, as much as 80+ and probably more in samples of high bacterial content. The usual result of heavy bacterial infection of milk is 'souring' particularly in warm weather, which condition is not regarded as detrimental to health. Such milk is, however, unpalatable to the majority and any producer who disposes of such milk suffers economically from loss of business. Further, the bacterial test gives no indication of the presence of any pathogenic bacteria should they be present. The object of the test is only to give an indication as to the methods employed in milk production.

The disc sediment test is considered more satisfactory for this purpose than the alternatives, as the presence of any visible dirt in the milk can be detected immediately thereby disclosing carelessness or improper supervision in dairy management. Moreover, the results can be shown to the producer which is of far greater value than endeavouring to explain the presence of so many thousand of bacteria, of which he knows nothing and cares less.

The results of this method of testing have so far proved quite satisfactory and all discs are preserved and filed for future comparison.

# 11. OTHER FOOD SUPPLIES.

Through faulty and clumsy packing, the use of unclean containers and the careless dressing of poultry, the foodstuffs sent for sale at the City Market require constant attention as evidenced by the list of condemnations.

Dressed Turkeys	26	Dressed Fo	owls.	1518
" geese	24	# di	icks.	158
Partridges	2	Guinea for	wls.	27
Venison (lbs)	1298	Hares.		16
Green beans (bags)	. 58	Buck (care	cases)	4
Rhubarb (crates)	4	Eggs (doz)		28
Oranges (pockets)	2	Cabbages	(crate)	1
Pickles (bottles)	67	Tomatoes	(boxes)	1
Potatoes (bags)	7	Raisins	(packets)	48
Giblits (packets)	64	Cream	(cartons)	846
Mutton (lbs)	21/2	Cheese	(cartons)	62
Beef (lbs)	95		(milk - lbs)	96
Pomogranates (cases)	2		(cream - lbs)	6
Grapes (baskets)	10	Green peas	s (bags)	32
Nectarines (dried -	pkt)24	Mushrooms	(box)	1

#### OTHER CONDEMNED.

25 Boxes dates.

1 Bundle skins.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

metals .

12. CHILD HEALTH (by Dr. K. McNeill, Medical Officer, Child Health Section).

The figures in the accompanying report show the work done by this Section of the Public Health Department during the year 1940-41 and reflect the increasing popularity of Child Health work.

Owing to the war, no new branches have been opened up.

I should like to draw attention to the unavoidable inaccuracy of the figures dealing with non-European statistics. Out of a total of 766 Native infants who died before reaching one year, 147 cases had no doctor in attendance. The cause of death had been diagnosed by a member of the Police Force or by a clerk in the Registration Office. The same inaccuracy applies to Asiatics.

Until more accurate certification can be obtained, the tables dealing with causes of death in mon-Europeans cannot be considered to reflect the real state of affairs.

\* \* \* \* \* \* \* \* \*

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S   BROOK STREET AND GALE STREET   TOTAL					20						
MOBILE CLINICS   BROOK STREET AND GALE STREET   TOTAL   CENTRES   CENTRES   AND GALE STREET   CENTRES   CE	1927:		With the second		No. of nursing nothers attending	No. of expectant mothers attending	H 60	Total attendance of clinic mothers	of of	nent of minor allments	tions given and demonstra-
S BROOK STREET AND GALE STREET CLINICS.    TOTAL   MOBILE CLINICS   TOTAL	DIS	GILE STREET	200 36 15455	834 6958 :	886	680 : 1	:	34	684	1078: ⊣ :	2394
HROOK STREET AND GALE STREET  CENTRES  and  MOSILE CLINICS.  TOTAL  TOTAL  C. N. A.  761 36 36 37 38 28380 2480 2550 1465 28380 2480 257 718 779 1254 227 1552 3866 3625 2480 217 618 772 1145 217 618 772 1015 1047 191 58 77 191 58 77 191 58 77 191 58 77 193 581 594 111 121 582 5818 5195 488 1356 1272 5116 5116 5116	EUROPEAN CLINICS.	MOBILE CLINICS Caravan and Vans.	463 12925 884	583	644				220	1 535	2801
STREET AND GALE STREET  CENTRES  and  MOBILE CLINICS.  (Vans)  112  214  251  112  9401  10689  1465  2595  1465  3625  3686  3625  3686  3625  3685  4610  718  779  1015  1047  - 1015  1121  121  1356  1272  316			761 36 28380 2480	1417	1530	1145		3 6	106	16113 —	5195
TOTAL.  559 125 24096 4610 1774 9023 958 1557 1047 1047 1546 7 1546 329 329		BROOK	055 3007 2T 76	277 1532	191	217	58	7	97		488
TOTAL.  559 125 24096 4610 1774 9023 958 1557 1047 1047 1546 7 1546 329 329	NON-EU	STREET ALL CENTRES and (OBILE CL)					-	1.51	-		7 2
10TAL 559 125 24096 4610 1774 9023 958 1557 1047 1047 1546 7 7 1546 7 1546 7 1546 7 1546 7	ROPELN CLINICS	ND GALE STREET		779	201	722	188	875	1		72
GRANI TOTAL 1520 152476 7090 3191 21365 2488 2702 2142 1737 23 4231 8311		TOTAL	559 125 24096 4610	1774-	958	1557	1546	3 7	329	2618	3116
		GRAND TOTAL	1520 161 52476 7090	3191 21365	2488	2702	1737	g 23	1233	4231	8311

NO. OF CASES:-	E.	C.	N.		PHYSICAL CULTURE.	c.
Referred to Doctors		-	-	4	No. of postures assessed 300	57
" Hospital	93	32	181	103	No. attending classes 355	24
" District Nurses	15	3	1	3	Total attendance758	47
Passed for Dary Nursery	85	13	11	-	1011年1月1日本中的日本的	

# EXAMINATION OF ENTRANTS TO SERVICE.

162 Fenale entrants to the Municipal Service were medically examined.

As a matter of interest the condition of the teeth of these entrants is noted below.

			Ages in	years.		57
Condition of Teeth.	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55 :+	TOTAL
Teeth in order - regular attention by dentists  Needing dental attention for bad caries.  Untreated pyorrhoea.  Few false teeth  One set of false teeth (upper or lower)  All false teeth		39 7 - 3 7	11 - 1 9	1 2 1 - 1 4	1 11 14	109 18 2 4 5 24

# FOOD DISTRIBUTED.

	GALE STREET and MOBILE CLINICS (Caravan & Vans) Europeans.	BROOK ST. & GALE S  CENTRES  and  MOBILE CLINICS.  (V.ns)  C. N. A.		
Number of cases receiving dried -	Dat Opeans.			
milk free	37	17	3	31
Amount of dried milk given free in lbs.	651	563	57	803
Number of cases receiving dried milk at cost & reduced prices	7	12	25	29
Amount of dried milk sold at		16	25	20
cost & reduced prices in lbs.	76 1 1	72	368	428
Number of cases receiving cow's anilk free	188 Mary 1886 Ma	18	1	7
Amount of cow's milk given free in pints	20943	3183	61	1415
Number of cases receiving		14:00		Part of the
condensed milk free	2	-	1	-
Amount of condensed milk given free in tins	43	-	2	-

	ATIONS.	E.	C.	N.	4.	TOTAL
	DURBAN	1366	212	561	1002	3143
	GREENWOOD PARK	186	13	78	265	543
	SYDENHAM	66	64	118	603	853
	MAYVILLE	46	30	298	727	110
	UMHLATUZANA	149	11	53	242	45
	SOUTH COAST JUNCTION	120	55	190	479	844
	Part Barrell Control of the Control		18			11111111
	IMPORTED	1933 341		1298 1764	3318 250	693- 237-
	TOTAL:	2274	404	3062	3568	930
ISTR	ATIONS.			,,		m'ore.
	A TO STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE	E.	C.	N.		TOTA
	DURBAN	1429	213	466	973	308
	GREENWOOD PARK	166	14	52	421	05
	SYDENHAM	37	41	85	704	86
	MAYVILLE,	28	37	307	796	116
	UMHLATUZANA	149	21	54	287	50
-	SOUTH COAST JUNCTION	124	71	140	839	117
	IMPORTED	1933 334	387 16	1104 1752	4020 246	744 234
-in-	The same of the sa					
	TOTAL	2267	403	2856	4266	979
	nowing ILLEGITIMATE BIRTHS occurring		sident	s in I	urban (	luring
				-	urban (	luring
	nowing ILLEGITIMATE BIRTHS occurring		sident C.	s in I	Ourban o	during TOTAL
	nowing ILLEGITIMATE BIRTHS occurringer.  DURBAN	ng among re	c.	s in I	durban o	during TOTAL
	nowing ILLEGITIMATE BIRTHS occurring year.  DURBAN	ng among re	c.	s in I	Durban o	during TOTAL
	DURBAN. GREENWOOD PARK. SYDENHAM.	ng among re	69 6	293 28	Ourban o	during TOTAL
	DURBAN GREENWOOD PARK SYDENHAM MAYVILLE.	among re	69 6 10	293 28 40 158	0urban 0	during TOTA
	DURBAN. GREENWOOD PARK. SYDENHAM.	among re	69 6 10 10	N. 293	A. A. S. 12 B. 2 C. 2 B. 8 B. 5 -	during TOTAL
	DURBAN  GREENWOOD PARK  SYDENHAM  MAYVILLE  UMHLATUZANA	58 3 1 3 1	69 6 10 10 4	293 28 40 158 15	Ourban of A	during TOTAL
	DURBAN. GREENWOOD PARK. SYDENHAM, MAYVILLE. UMHLATUZANA. SOUTH COAST JUNCTION.	58 3 1 - 66	69 6 10 10 4 17	293 28 40 158 15	0urban 0 4. 3 12 3 2 0 2 8 8 5 10	turing TOTAL
	DURBAN  GREENWOOD PARK  SYDENHAM  MAYVILLE  UMHLATUZANA	58 3 1 3 1	69 6 10 10 4 17	293 28 40 158 15	0urban 0 4. 3 12 3 2 0 2 8 8 5 10	turing TOTAL
	DURBAN. GREENWOOD PARK. SYDENHAM, MAYVILLE. UMHLATUZANA. SOUTH COAST JUNCTION.	58 3 1 3 1 666 5	69 6 10 10 4 17	293 28 40 158 15	A. A	turing  TOTAL  43
the y	DURBAN GREENWOOD PARK SYDENHAM MAYVILLE UMHLATUZANA SOUTH COAST JUNCTION	58 3 1 3 1 666 5 71 E.	69 6 10 10 4 17	293 28 40 158 13 58 71:	A. A. A. A.	turing  TOTAL  43  M  81  71  15
the y	DURBAN  GREENWOOD PARK  SYDENHAM  MAYVILLE  UMHLATUZANA  SOUTH COAST JUNCTION  TOTAL  RTHS - NOTIFICATIONS.	58 3 1 3 1 666 5 71 E. 47	69 6 10 10 4 17 116 5	293 28 40 158 13 58 71 130	A. A. 37	turing  TOTAL  43  38  80  73  15  TOTAL
the y	DURBAN. GREENWOOD PARK. SYDENHAM. MAYVILLE. UMHLATUZANA. SOUTH COAST JUNCTION.  IMPORTED.	58 3 1 3 1 666 5 5 71 E. 47	69 6 10 10 4 17 116 5	293 28 40 158 13 58 71 130	0urban 0 3 12 2 2 2 3 8 5 10 9 34 2 3 1 37 46 9 12	turing  TOTAL  43  34  45  TOTAL
the y	DURBAN.  GREENWOOD PARK.  SYDENHAM.  MAYVILLE.  UMHLATUZANA.  SOUTH COAST JUNCTION.  TOTAL  RTHS - NOTIFICATIONS.  DURBAN.  GREENWOOD PARK.	58 3 1 3 1 666 5 5 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47 47	69 6 10 10 4 17 116 5	293 28 40 158 13 53 71:	0urban 0 3 12 2 2 3 8 8 5 10 9 34 2 3 1 37 46 9 12 9 33	turing  TOTAL  43  No. 15  TOTAL  TOTAL
the y	DURBAN. GREENWOOD PARK. SYDENHAM. MAYVILLE. UMHLATUZANA SOUTH COAST JUNCTION.  IMPORTED.  TOTAL  RTHS - NOTIFICATIONS. DURBAN. GREENWOOD PARK. SYDENHAM.	58 3 1 3 1 666 5 5 47 4 47 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	116 5 121 2 2 2 1	293 28 40 158 18 59 71:	0urban 0 3 12 2 2 3 8 8 5 10 9 34 2 3 1 37 26	turing  TOTAL  43  No.  15  TOTAL  1
the y	DURBAN. GREENWOOD PARK. SYDENHAM. MAYVILLE. UMHLATUZANA. SOUTH COAST JUNCTION.  IMPORTED.  TOTAL  RTHS - NOTIFICATIONS. DURBAN. GREENWOOD PARK. SYDENHAM. MAYVILLE.	58 3 1 3 1 666 5 71 E. 47	69 6 10 10 4 17 116 5	293 28 40 158 15 58 71:	0urban 0 3 12 2 2 3 2 8 8 5 10 9 34 2 3 7 26 5 7	turing  TOTAL  43  No. 15  TOTAL  1
the y	DURBAN. GREENWOOD PARK. SYDENHAM. MAYVILLE. UMHLATUZANA SOUTH COAST JUNCTION.  IMPORTED.  TOTAL  RTHS - NOTIFICATIONS. DURBAN. GREENWOOD PARK. SYDENHAM.	58 3 1 3 1 666 5 5 47 4 47 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	69 6 10 10 4 17 116 5	293 28 40 158 18 59 71:	0urban 0 3 12 2 2 3 2 8 8 5 10 9 34 2 3 7 26 5 7	turing  TOTAL  43  S  N  80  73  15
the y	DURBAN. GREENWOOD PARK. SYDENHAM. MAYVILLE. UMHLATUZANA SOUTH COAST JUNCTION.  TOTAL  RTHS - NOTIFICATIONS. DURBAN. GREENWOOD PARK. SYDENHAM. MAYVILLE. UMHLATUZANA. SOUTH GOAST JUNCTION.	58 3 1 3 1 66 5 5 47 4 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	116 5 121 121 2 2 114 14	293 28 40 158 13 50 130 N 5	Durban of A. A. S.	turing  TOTAL  43  5  No. 2  15  TOTAL  3
the y	DURBAN. GREENWOOD PARK. SYDENHAM. MAYVILLE. UMHLATUZANA. SOUTH COAST JUNCTION.  TOTAL  RTHS - NOTIFICATIONS. DURBAN. GREENWOOD PARK. SYDENHAM. MAYVILLE. UMHLATUZANA.	58 3 1 3 1 66 5 5 47 4 4 2 2 2 4 1 1	116 5 121 121 2 2 114 14	293 28 40 158 13 53 71 130 N 5	Durban of A. A. S.	979 during  TOTAL  43 3 5 N 2 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43

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STILLBIRTHS - REGISTRATIONS.	. Ex.		N.	<u>A</u> .	TOTAL.
DURBAN	. 48 . 5 . 5 . 1 . 5 2	A HOO HE			61 4 5 8 6 7
IMPORTED,	62	24 2	20	(*)	86 10
fooa Total:	70	26	7		96

STILLBIRTH RATE or number of stillbirths per 1000 births.

1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	NUMBER OF STILLBIRTHS.	MANUER OF BIRTHS.	STILLBIRTH RATE.
EUROPEANS COLQUREDS	62 84 Ve. 84	1995 411	31,07 · 58,39

INFANTILE DEATHS.

a and the sale of	Es.		Ne	_di-	TOTAL.
DURBANGREENWOOD PARK	64	26	141 29 42	20 20 90	355 39 141
UMHLATUZANA	-2 12 V	4 5 1 5 9	17,205: . 21 30	95 26 98	307 54 1.94
ÍMPORTED	98	51.	518 248	461	1123
TOTAL:	17	58	766	480	1421

INFANTILE MORTALITY RATE or number of infant deaths per 1000 births.

1	- NU	BER OF DE	MORTALIT					
100 - 100 -	Male	Female.	Total	Male	Female	Total	1000	RATE.
EUROPEAN COLOURED NATIVE ASIATIC	21 256 223	46 30 868 238	98 51 513 463	989 187 • 540 • 2053	944 200 564 1963	1933 387 1104. 4020	ATGUE!	50,69 131,78 469,20 114,67

Number of Infants who died, who had previously attended clinic or had been visited by a Health Visitor:

4	-	-	- mail reconstruction	-
ı	E.	C.	N.	A.
ı			To the State of State of	1
J	21	9	32	. 22
	-			

# LECTURES AND DEMONSTRATIONS.

fà.

Demonstrations and talks to Domestic Science students from Natal Technical College	50 fed
Demonstrations and talks to Domestic Science students at	40
Demonstrations and talks to students from Durban Girls!	Round SE
Lectures and demonstrations to Native Medical Aid students.  Lectures and demonstrations to Girl Guide Detachment	
Midwifery lectures to Red Cross Detachment,	14
Midwifery lectures to St. John's Detachment,	6
TOTAL:	180

# CAUSES OF INFANTILE DEATHS.

_ EUROPEANS,					3		
OS CAUSE.	1	leeks.	4	6 1 1 1 1 1	Month	₫•	TOTAL.
	0-1	1-2	2-4	1-3	3-6	6-12	
Premature Birth	26 5 1 4 7 2 2 5 1 7 7 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 7 7 1	2445112111111111111111	2181111111111211111111111	17114142511154111411111	11111138213611111	1111114 113122111111	21 26 15 15 7 18 2 2 13 4 2 1 1 1
TOTAL:	36	8	6	13	21	14	98

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V

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COLOUREDS.

CAUSE.	Weeks.			240			
0	0-3.	1-2	2-4	1-3	3-6	6-12	TOTAL.
Premature Birth,	71111:1::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	1	3 2 3 3 3 3 4 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	S. I. I. S. INTI. I. I. S.	11:1:6:2133111	1 1 1 1 1 5 1 1 1 1	10 2 1 1 13 1 2 3 8 4 1 1 3
TOTAL:	10	2	•	10	16	13	51

Months Weeks. CAUSE. TOTAL 1-3 6-12 南 Premature Pirth..... Congenital Debility Atelectasic......... 8. Tetanus Mechatorum..... Congenital Malformations ... Gastro Enteritis..... Bacillary Dysentery..... -Amoebic Dysentery..... Nutritional Oedema. ..... Malnutrition...... 2 . -Infantile Pellagra...... Hronchitis..... .1 Broncho Pneumonia...... .1 Lobar Pneumonia..... Pulmonary Congestion ..... Influenza..... -Empyema..... -Whooping Cough..... Measles..... . Diphtheria..... Pulmonary T.B.... T.B. Meningitis..... Meningococcal Meningitis.... Meningitis (other forms) .... Convulsions, ..... Mental Disorders & Deficien-Nephritis..... Congenital Syphilis ..... Pyaemia.... Myocardial Failure ..... Accidental Burns,.... Other Diseases of Infancy ... ī Natural Causes,..... TOTAL: 

ASTATICS.

ASIATICS.	-						The second second
CAUSE	Weak	S.	1000	Mo	nths.	Desired Same	TOTAL.
	0-1	1 1-2	2-4	1-3	1.3-6.	1.6-12	The second second
Premature birth	49 22 4 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 2 2 1 2	7772 - 3	314-119-11-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	361 - 41 - 61 20 24 22 11 2 2	18	35 213 : 455 4 : : 2 2 1 1 1 3 2 1 1 : : : 1 1 2	62 50 5 1 80 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1
TOTAL:	100	28	48	87	67	131	461

# . FREDING OF INFANTS WHO DIED FROM:-

PHOPPITATO		200				
PNIBRILID.	E.	C.	N.	An	· T	OTAL
Breast Fed	1	3	11	10		25
Breast Fed with cowis milk	:	-	3	1		4
Breast Fed with condensed milk Breast Fed with Cereal		1	3	-		3 0
Breast Fed with condensed milk	Tuesto de	21/19		10-10-0		
and dried milk		-	1 5	-	*25	1
Cow's milk and cereal	3	i	8	3		15
Cow's milk and Peptonising mixture	ĭ	-	-	-	. 161	1
Dried milk	3	3	3	7 9		1.6
Condensed milk,	2 2	2010	5	-	- 100 49	7
Cereal	480 mg		2	-	100	2
Mixed Feeding	3	5	130	48		186
Unable to trace	0	0	130	40		200
the second section of the	-		7.7.4	00		DOE
TOTAL:	15	13	174	80		285
	-	T. P. Phys. Lett.				

# FEEDING OF INFANTS WHO DIED FROM:-

PEDDING OF INTENTO MILO DIED I	- Const				
MALNUTRITION AND STARVATION.	E.	C.	N.	A	TOTAL.
				4	4
Breast Fed	-	-		2	2
Dried milk and condensed milk	-	1	-	- 19	1
Unable to trace	1	1	6	8	16
		2010		1000	
TOTALS	1	2	6	14	25
RICKETS.					199
MANUAL .					
Breast Fed	1000	-		1	-
	100		1000	100	The sales
TOTAL:	-	-	-	1	1
					- Total
NUTRITIONAL OEDEMA.					
	17-11-1				
Breast Fed and cereal		-	i		î
Unable to trace	-		7	-	7
TOTAL:		1000	9		9
		44.00		* 12 2	100
					1
INFANTILE PELLAGRA.					10126
Breast fed and cereal		1	2	-	2
Unable to trace			4	1	4
					The second secon
2 7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			1 2.3	1 000	
TOTAL:		-	6	-	6
TOTAL:	::	•	6	-	6
TOTAL:		•	6	-	6
*****	•		6		6
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	E		6 N.	-	TOTAL.
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	E.	C. 32	6 N.	A.	TOTAL
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *		C. 32 58	6 N.	A. 1015 1488	TOTAL . 2142 1737
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	. 191		6 N.		TOTAL. 2142
No. of expectant mothers attending clinic. Total number of attendances	. 191	58	6 N.	1488	TOTAL . 2142 1737
No. of expectant mothers attending clinic. Total number of attendances	. 191	58	6 N.	1488	TOTAL . 2142 1737
No. of expectant mothers attending clinic. Total number of attendances	. 191	58	6 N.	1488	TOTAL. 2142 1737 129
No. of expectant mothers attending clinic. Total number of attendances No. of ante-natal clinics  SUPERVISION OF MIDWIL	191 37 	58	6 N	1488	TOTAL. 2142 1737 129
No. of expectant mothers attending clinic. Total number of attendances. No. of ante-natal clinics.  SUPERVISION OF MIDWIL  NUMBER OF PRACTISING MIDWIVES.  No. of trained midwives practising in Durbance of trained midwives who have resigned	191 37 E.	58 11 C.	6 N.	1488	TOTAL. 2142 1737 129 TOTAL.
No. of expectant mothers attending clinic. Total number of attendances. No. of ante-natal clinics.  SUPERVISION OF MIDWIL  NUMBER OF PRACTISING MIDWIVES.  No. of trained midwives practising in Durbance of trained midwives who have resigned from the List of Practising Midwives.	E. 191 37 E. 26	58 11 C.	6 N	1488	TOTAL . 2142 1737 129 TOTAL .
No. of expectant mothers attending clinic. Total number of attendances. No. of ante-natal clinics.  SUPERVISION OF MIDWIL  NUMBER OF PRACTISING MIDWIVES.  No. of trained midwives practising in Durbs No. of trained midwives who have resigned from the List of Practising Midwives. No. of trained midwives deceased.	E. 191 37 E. 26 14	58 11 C.	6 N. N.	1488	TOTAL. 2142 1737 129 TOTAL. 30 14 1
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	E.	C.	N.	<u>k</u> .	TOTAL.	
NSPECTION OF BAGS, EQUIPMENT, REGISTERS,				TO SECON		
THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY				15		
lo. of inspections of trained midwives!	72	14 .	4	-	90	
No. of inspections of untrained midwives'	42	- 19	7	959	1027	
VISITS.	100	3 4				
to midwives in their homes	71	37		119	227	
No. of confinements addended by		-	-	9	9 .	
No. of false alarms	621	323	1 9	18	963 179	
No. of visits to post-hatal cassisted		1.	17	15	36	
No. of cases of Puerperal Sepsis Visited	3	1	49	26 50	79 51	
No. of cases of Venereal Disease visited No. of cases of Stillbirth visited		24	150	152 95	363 95	1
No. of other visits		-		30		
TUITION. No. of lectures and demonstrations given to				81	105	4)
	24	m 05.44		5	7	
No. of times maternity film shown to middlesses.	1	-	100	22	22	
No. of untrained midwives examined			-	21	21	
No. of untrained plawives lailed same			- 4	774	787	
a ministrat bage rantanished	4 4	9,	11	4	. 6.	1 1 11
No. of midwives bags sterilized at Child No. of midwives bags sterilized at Child Health Centres after septic cases	• 72	2		3 217	225	
No. of midwives dressings sterilized at Child Health Centres	A TANK	. 5	14	_ 31	400	
No. of midwives new bags equipped at Child Health Centres	1	100	100		T THE	
			. 3	mir three	oe months	

Trained practising midwives' registers are examined every three months and their appliances every six months.

Untrained practising European and Coloured midwives' registers and appliances are examined every three months.

Untrained practising Indian midwives' appliances are examined every month.

Maternity bags are equipped and sold to untrained midwives who have attended the full course of lectures and demonstrations and passed the examination set by the Child Health Section at 12/6d. each (less than cost price).

Takings for maternity bags during the year amounted to £13, 7, 6.

SUPERVISION OF NURSING I	TOMES				
SUPERVISION TO NORMAN	E.	C.	N.	Ae	TOTAL.
No. of Nursing Homes inspected No. of times Nursing Homes inspected	11 73		2 6	1 6	14 85

\* \* \* \* \*

Mak.	00 · 6 · 6 · 6 · 6 · 6 · 6 · 6 · 6 · 6 ·	THSPECTION OF BE ONLINE TO SET TO
	ES OF CREEK MALE VICENCE OF SERVICE SERVICES	No. of inspectio
(	s of notes is additional 72 15 . 1	No. of inspect.
	Cream Ice Cream Ice Cream Ice Cream Coffee & Chitor Honey Lard Dripping Rice Brown Sausages Sweets Curry Powder Lentils White Papper (white Papper (white Person Cheese Heat Rose Line Dried Fruit Pureen Gheese Heat Rose Line Dried Fruit Pureen Gheese Heat Rose Line Dried Fruit Pureen Gheese Polony Onions, Pickled	action of the second
	Ted the city of th	
103	- Ha. in an oir a graph and a graph of the g	JULY IST.  JULY IST.  Number of samples taken
91.	ביי בייני פור	1940 TO JUNE 30TH. 1 Number of samples satisfactory
12	Bing to be ging aged	1941.  No. of a samples not satisfactory
	rosecuted ined £7.10.0. Ined £7.10.0. Warning Letters arned.	ruon Han est belia- cutation of market  Taking to market  Taking t
i .	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	the of the second

13. PROSECUTIONS.

Cases Convictions Dismissals

Fines £. s..d.

Foodstuffs below standard 2

2

15. 0. 0.

# 14. OTHER MATTERS OF HEALTH AND SANITATION.

Inspections by District Inspectors.

Hotels, boarding & loding houses	1274 2707
Bakeries	103 1857
Dairies & Milk Depots	1240 423
Markets. Offensive Trades. General.	120
Might .Inspections	on . In I
Dr. (dassa)	Control of the same

# (NATIVE ADMINISTRATION)

Native Administration Department:

No.	of	Natives examined	84,011
		Natives vaccinated	1,976
No.	of	Natives rejected	1,025

of the total number of rejections, 718 were on account of Venereal Disease.

# REPORT BY PLANS INSPECTOR.

(att. - )

During the year under review this Department examined 1,480 building plans referred here by the City Engineer's Department for that purpose.

Amendments of varying nature were necessary in a fairly large number of cases and ultimately 1,278 plans to the value of £1,126,103 were approved by Council. These figures were made up as follows:

Flat blocks	356 plans. To stand facili £3	SRT 912"
Offices, factories,	870 : Window 2   nonewages	512,887.
the second second to		10.000.000.000

1,278

£1,126,103

Inspections of premises and sites concerned, together with other sites where plans were either not submitted or approved, totalled 1,600 and covered every section of the City.

Attention was mainly directed to matters pertaining to design, structure and equipment, lighting and ventilation, drainage, damp-proofing and elimination of pest and rodent harbourages.

· Sigifunaco. q 15. 0. 0. " Co-operation with other Departments, architects and the public has been maintained with mutual benefit.

In addition to the foregoing, and in view of the depletion of staff and falling off of building activity, general inspectional work i.e. complaints, licensing matters and routine inspections; together with supervisory duties were voluntarily undertaken covering the whole of the South Coast Junction and Unhlatuzana areas respectively, resulting in a considerable increase in the number of inspections.

Fines

# Administration and Inspectional.

the nondestant Markette Land.

1 Madical Officer of Health Dr. G.D. English, M.B. Ch.B. D.P.H. D.T.M 1 Deputy Medical Officer of Health
1 Asst. Medical Officer of Health
1 Medical Officer
2 Venereologist (part-time)
2 Native Medical Officer
3 Depth Dr. C.N. Dhlamini, L.R.C.P. (Ed.) L.R.C.S. (Eng.) L.R.C.S. (Ed.) L.R.C.S. (Ed.) L.R.C.S. (Ed.) L.R.C.S. (Ed.) L.R.C.S. (Ed.) L.R.C.S.

181FKets......

1 Veterinary Officer
1 Acting Administrative Officer
2 Glerks
3 Juniors
4 Juniors
5 Typists
5 Lady Health Visitors

Lt.Coll A.F. Harber, M.R.C.V.S.
R.E. Boutle, Cert. R.S.I.
9 Divisional Inspectors.
11 District Inspectors.
4 Probationer Inspectors.
1 Interpretere.
4 Messengers.

# Inc. 4 Messengers. City Fever Hospital.

3 Clinic Assistants.

1 Matron
1 Senior Sister
2 Night Superintendent
2 Typiste
3 Miss E.M. Ewels.
4 Staff Nurses
4 Ward Sisters
14 Ward Nurses
1 Housekeeper.
6 Oct.

1 Night Superintendent
1 Typiste
1 Housekeeper.
2 Indian Sirdar
2 Orderlies (Indian)
2 Messenger.
3 Housekeeper.
4 Housekeeper.
5 Housekeeper.
5 Housekeeper.
5 Housekeeper.
5 Housekeeper.
5 Housekeeper.
6 Housekeeper.
7 Housekeeper I Medical Officer

1 Asst. Medical Officer

1 Clinic Matron (Acting)

1 Supervisor of Midwives

1 Asst. Supervisor of Midwives

1 Asst. Supervisor of Midwives

1 Mative Health Visitors

2 " " (part-time)

3 Indian messengers.

# Laundry and Disinfecting Station.

1 Superintendent
3 Disinfectors
1 Laundryman
1 Assistant Laundryman
2 Junior
3 Indian Sorters
3 C.D. Morning.
16 Ironers.
30 Wash boys etc.
4 Boiler boys etc.
3 Van boys.

# Pest Control.

1 Supervisor

1 Assistant Supervisor

1 Field Supervisor

1 Senior Overseer

R.O. Stewart, Cert. R.S.I. C. (

7 Overseers

17 Patrolmen

3 Sprayers

4 Relief Workers.

The staff has been considerably reduced temporarily owing to a large number having enlisted for war services.

## Non-European:

Native:

6 Native Health Assistants. Indian : 2 Sirdars

2 Indunas

20 Labourers.

26 Labourers.

# T.B. & V.D.

3 Indian Health Assistants

6 Native Health Assistants.

# REPORT "B".

# HOUSING.

During 1940/41 the work of Slum Clearance was restricted by the heavy enlistment of staff for military purposes and by the City Council's Resolution dated 30th September 1940 intermitting demolition of dwellings as far as possible.

The statistics fall under 3 categories viz:-

- Action taken in regard to individual premises in various parts of the City.
- Action taken in selected defined areas.
- Action taken in zones proclaimed in terms of Regulations under Section 32 of the Act;

# UNDER "A".

Demolitions	orders issued	120
Demolitions	orders executed	97
Demolitions	held over	23

#### UNDER "B".

Jacobs Road Area, South Coast Junction Suburban Scheme of acquisition of road and drainage servitudes necessary 1. for replanning whole area and for its re-development by private enterprise within the scope of existing building bye-laws. The character of the Area is almost exclusively Indian occupied with a sprinkling of Coloureds.

Promises listed for acquisition	. 16
Transfers effected	15
Transfers pending	1
Premises listed for demolition	156

2. Kirkwood Avenue Area. Greyville (Old Borough) exclusively European occupied Area to be wholly acquired for European (Municipal) re-housing on family flat block basis).

Premises for acquisition and dem	olition 68
Transfers effected	5
Transfers pending	63

3. Madras Road and G le Street area, central Old Borough exclusively Indian and Coloured occupation, the latter being a mixed industrial residential area.

Denolition orders issued	108
Demolition orders executed	39
Demolition orders unexpired	28
Demolition orders postponed	- 41
Reconstruction and Repair orders	6
Reconstruction and Repairs executed	3
Reconstruction and Repairs pending	3

## Summary of Totals.

A. Statemen

A.	Under Slums Act Proper.	
1	Demolition orders	228
	Demolitions executed	- 136
	Denolitions pending	92
	Premises listed for Acquisition &	. 1
	demolition	84
	Premises acquired but not yet demolished	20
	Premises acquisition pending	64
	Premises listed for denolition after	
	acquisition of servitudes & replanning	
	of area	156

В.	Under Zonal Regulations (Section 32	
	Sluns Act)	
	Total premises dealt with	540
	Total premises complying with regulations	130
	Total premises demolished and rebuilt	43
	Total premises demolished leaving vacant	
	sites	34
	Premises whereof demolition postponed	- 404
	in terms of Council's Resolution 30/9/40	151
	Premises reconstructed and repaired	88
	Premises repaired and renovated	94

The figures for premises reconstructed, repaired or renovated do not include numerous improvements effected under Bye-laws or Statutes other than the Slums Act and Regulations thereunder.

Attention is drawn to the useful results obtained in the first year of application of the Zonal Regulations under adverse conditions and to the fact that this Department was responsible for suggesting this section of the enabling statute.

\* \* \* \* \*

#### APPRECIATION:

I wish to express my appreciation of the loyal service of each member of the staff of the Department, and my thanks to you, Sir, and to the other members of the City Council for courtesy and assistance extended to me throughout the past year.



