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Contributors

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CORPORATION OF MADRAS

ANNUAL REPORT

OF

THE HEALTH DEPARTMENT

FOR

1941

PRINTED AT
THE MODEL PRESS, MADRAS
1942

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SUMMARY OF VITAL STATISTICS FOR 1941

Area			29.396 s	sq. miles.	
Population (Census 1941)			7,77,481		
Population (estimated to the midd	le of				
the year 1941)			7,81,823	3	
Average density per acre			41.6		
Births			32,770		
Birth-rate			41.91 pe	er 1,000 of esti-	
				d population	
Birth-rate (average for the prev	vious				
5 years, 1936-40)			41.80	do.	
Still-births			1,237		
Deaths			27,710		
Death-rate				er 1,000 of esti-	
				d population	
Death-rate (average for the pre	vious				
5 years, 1936-40)			35.12	do.	
Natural increase			5,060		
Infantile deaths		***	6,847		
Infantile mortality rate				per 1,000 of	
				oirths	
Infantile mortality rate (average for	the				
previous 5 years, 1936-40)			221.34	do.	
Maternal mortality			285		
Maternal mortality rate				r 1,000 of live-	
material mortanty rate			birth		
Maternal mortality rate (average for	r the				
previous 5 years, 1936-40)			8.84	do.	
		-			

DEATHS FROM PRINCIPAL DISEASES

Diseases	Number of deaths	Rate per 1,000 of estimated population
Diarrhoea and dysentery	 3,838	4.910
Small-pox	 5	0.006
Malaria	 30	0.040
Enteric fever	 206	0.260
Tuberculosis	 572	0.730
Respiratory diseases	 6,523	8.340

INTRODUCTION

Commissioner,

Sir,

Population:—The decennial census enumeration which took place early in the year revealed the highest increase in the population so far recorded. For the first time in the annals of the city a substantial addition (47,367) to the population was recorded during the decade by natural growth, i.e., excess of births over deaths. The statement on page 1 is evidence of the relentless work of the public health services of the city in reducing mortality under all major heads during a decade.

The mid-year population of the city was 7,81,823.

Births:—There were 32,770 births as against 33,238 in the previous year, giving a birth-rate of 41'91. The excess of births over deaths was 5,060 which was the natural increase for the year.

Deaths:—The total of 27,710 deaths shows an increase of 1,585 deaths with a death-rate of 35.44 as against 33.98 in the previous year and includes 1,954 deaths of non-residents. In the absence of any system of transference of deaths no attempt has been made to correct the death-rate. The infantile mortality rate was 208.94 as against 205.7 in the previous year which was the lowest on record. The average quinquennial rate was 221.34.

Epidemics:—The year under report was completely free from epidemics. There was no death from cholera as in the previous year. Indeed the city has been practically free from this terrible disease for the last 4 years and 9 months (vide statement on page 7). Imported infection does occasionally take place but it is always nipped in the bud. The city can be considered to be fairly safe from cholera and the disease regarded as having been effectively prevented.

There were only 5 deaths from small-pox during the year under report as against 31 deaths during the previous year. There were 12 imported cases of which 2 died. 1,92,483 vaccinations were performed in 1941 as against 1,92,278 in 1940. 38,032 houses were inspected. Unprotected persons were vaccinated. That the population of Madras had acquired a high degree of immunity against small-pox was clearly demonstrated by the fact that of those who came in contact with the large number of virulent cases of small-pox which arrived in the city from Burma as evacuees none developed the disease.

Despite the fact that during the last 4 years over a million vaccinations have been performed, the steady migration of people from the mofussil, especially from rural areas, accounts for the existence of unprotected persons in the city. There has been a great reduction in the incidence of small-pox in

the urban areas of the province but it should not be forgotten that there are large areas in the rural parts of the country where periodical re-vaccinations are meagre.

The decline in the mortality from malaria noted last year has been kept up. Only 30 persons died of malaria as against 29 in the previous year. 206 persons died of typhoid, of which 43 were amongst cases brought for treatment to the city hospitals from St. Thomas Mount, Saidapet, Sembiam and other adjoining parts of the city. Every case of typhoid notified was registered and preventive measures were taken immediately. 17,798 persons were given anti-typhoid inoculations. There was better notification during the year. Control of typhoid in large cities under existing conditions has been recognised to be a very difficult problem chiefly on account of the difficulty of controlling the carriers of the disease. 163 deaths for a population of nearly 8 lakhs cannot be regarded as anything abnormal especially when compared with the incidence in other large cities of India. Extension of underground drainage to every nook and corner of the city and complete replacement of the dry latrines by flush-out latrines will bring about an appreciable reduction in mortality from this disease.

The most outstanding feature of the vital statistics of the year was the reduction in the mortality under tuberculosis. 572 deaths occurred under this head as against 1,064 in the previous year, the quinquennial average being 1,240. There was a reduction in the number of deaths under tuberculosis in 1940 by 336 and during the year under report there had been a further reduction of 492 deaths. The reduction of mortality from tuberculosis is an unfailing measure of improved general sanitation.

Hospitals, dispensaries and clinics:—The hospitals, dispensaries and clinics continued to function efficiently as in the previous year. 29 lakhs of cases were attended to. 9,317 injections were administered in the leprosy clinics. Increased attendance was seen at the venereal clinic where 2,852 injections were administered and 959 blood smears were examined. 1,230 specimens of blood were taken for serological examination. 942 patients were admitted for treatment at the infectious diseases hospitals. The bulk of the cases—412—was for chicken-pox.

The laundry attached to the Infectious Diseases Hospital at Tondiarpet was improved. Improvements were effected to 3 dispensary buildings. The wards of Raja Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar's Lying-in-hospital were provided with mosaic surface at a cost of Rs. 15,000. The construction of 3 more dispensaries was completed and the buildings were occupied during the year.

Medical inspection of Corporation schools:—The report on the medical inspection of schools relates as usual to the school year beginning from June 1941 and ending with May 1942. There was a fall in attendance in the schools from January 1942 onwards on account of war scare, which accounts for the reduction in the number of pupils examined by the Medical Inspectors.

But no school was left out without medical inspection and every child present at the schools during the visits of the Inspectors was examined in detail. In addition 218 re-visits were paid to the schools. 7,934 re-examinations were conducted. 670 children had their skin affection cured. Tonsilectomy was performed in 70 children. 184 pupils had their carious teeth extracted. 478 cases of stomatitis were cured. 419 early cases of leprosy were detected and treated. Special attention was directed towards improvement of the sanitation of the schools. 120 schools are now fitted with modern latrines. 53 schools are provided with bathing facilities. 6,450 school children were given mid-day meals at 99 schools.

Food analysis:—1,990 food samples were analysed by the Public Analyst as against 1,871 in 1940. This is the highest number dealt with during any year. There was a reduction in the percentage of adulterated samples. It was 24'3 as against 31 in the previous year. Ghee and butter improved considerably in quality. The quality of coffee powder and tea continued to be good as in the previous year. Hawkers of ghee continued to sell-only adulterated stuff. The Public Analyst repeats his complaint against the inadequacy of fines imposed. Convictions during the year included several second and third offences. While greater efforts are being made to increase the number of samples, the quality of food-stuffs in the city will improve considerably if guilty vendors are awarded adequate punishment particularly in repeated offences.

Conservancy:—Conservancy was maintained throughout the year at a high degree of efficiency. Every street was cleaned at least twice daily. There was a remarkable reduction in syphon obstructions.

Sanitation:- The year under report witnessed a large number of permanent sanitary improvements. 5 ponds and 155 dirty wells were filled up. The programme for reclamation of low-lands was continued throughout the year as in the past. Low-lands in Perambore, Mylapore, Kakathope, Otteri and Vyasarpady were reclaimed. 45,829 ft. of sewers were laid as against 43,599 ft. of sewers in the previous year. 2,968 flush-out latrines were constructed in dwelling houses as against 3,049 in the previous year. 15 new public conveniences were constructed. 890 new houses came into existence. 24,894 houses were inspected and the sanitation of 4,001 houses was improved. Construction of 56 tenements in Narasingapuram was completed. Lodging houses in the city were improved and registered during the year. 805 cattle yards were improved. A new dhobikhana at Perambore was brought into use and another at Venkatatheri Naicken Street was completed and also brought into use. The drive to prevent the sale of noxious food in streets was maintained throughout the year. As an anti-rabic measure 13,814 dogs were destroyed.

Two sanitary works under progress during the year deserve special mention. They are the new crematorium at Nungambakkam—the best of

its kind in the province—and the pail depot at Korukkupet. The former has done away with an old nuisance and an old controversy while the latter will stop the trenching of night-soil in that developing area.

Markets:—The private and public markets received the greatest possible attention. Elaborate notices were served on all owners. There was bitter opposition at the beginning. The owners started an agitation both individually and collectively to thwart the efforts of the executive. A strenuous drive was immediately organised and was kept up vigorously until the owners realised their responsibility to the Corporation and to the public. All the essential requirements were insisted upon to enable the vendors to expose their articles under sanitary conditions, such as, the provision of impervious and unbroken surface for the stalls, efficient drains, pathways with unbroken and impervious surface, periodical limewashing, clean latrines, washing and scrubbing of stalls, passages, planks and utensils at least twice daily, adequate water supply and lighting. Most of the owners took up the improvements towards the close of the year and have since completed them.

Extensive improvements were effected to the beef stalls in Moore Market and to the poultry shed. All old platforms were replaced by new masonry platforms with mosaic surface. The floorings and drains were redone. Repairs were also effected to Smithfield Market and other Corporation markets.

Improvements to slums:—Slums are the homes of poverty, squalor and disease. Every effort was made to keep them in a clean condition and to attend to the wants of slum dwellers. During the year under report two of the worst slums in the city, viz., Kakathope and Parthasarathy Kuppam, were improved by the extension of sewers to the main streets and lanes. Additional water fountains were provided. The work of laying water mains and fixing electric posts was in progress. The construction of the new tenements in Angalamman Koil Street was also in progress.

In conclusion, I have to state that the year under report was particularly a strenuous one. The large volume of work noted in the following pages would not have been possible without the hard and loyal services of my assistants and staff.

C. S. GOVINDA PILLAI,

M.B. CH. B., L. R. C. P. & S., D. P. H. (Edin.),

Health Officer.

FORWARDED TO THE COUNCIL.

The decennial census taken in 1941 disclosed a population of 7,77,481 against 6,47,230 in 1931. This striking increase of 1,30,251 or 201% must be attributed partly to migration of people into the city from outside and partly to the reduction in mortality compared with the previous decades. The year under report was completely free from epidemics. There was no death from cholera and imported infection was effectively controlled. There were only 5 deaths from small-pox against 31 in the previous year. That Madras City has acquired a high degree of immunity is evident from the fact that of the many people who came in contact with the large number of virulent cases of small-pox, which arrived from Burmah side, practically none developed the disease. During the last four years, over a million vaccinations including re-vaccinations have been made and if, in spite of it, unprotected persons are found in the city, it is due to migration of people from the mofussil, especially from the rural areas, to the city in search of employment. 30 persons died of malaria against 29 in the previous year. If laterly mosquitoes are observed to be on the increase in certain areas in the city, it is due largely to stagnation in the Cooum as a result of certain military measures undertaken, conversion of certain drains into reservoirs for storing water, construction of a large number of static reservoirs and sumps for fire fighting purposes. The Health Department should take note of these special conditions and redouble their efforts to control the multiplication of mosquitoes. There is an increase in mortality from typhoid. The Health Officer explains that the large number of cases reported is due to better notification and admission of cases from neighbouring districts in the city hospitals. 17,798 persons were given anti-typhoid inoculations. Extension of underground drainage to every part of the city and the replacement of dry latrines by flush-out latrines will certainly help to reduce mortality. Definite progress is being made in providing flush-out latrines for the use of the public, but the progress in the extension of underground drainage is necessarily limited on account of war time conditions now prevailing and the difficulties experienced in securing necessary materials for the purpose. The outstanding feature of the year was the reduction in mortality under tuberculosis - 572 deaths against 1,064 in the previous year - the quinquennial average being 1,240. 29 lakhs of cases of all ailments were attended to in the Corporation hospitals, dispensaries and clinics.

1,990 food samples were analysed by the Public Analyst as against 1,871 in 1940. This is the highest number dealt with during any year. There was reduction in the percentage of adulterated samples—24.3 against 31 in the previous year. The Health Officer repeats his complaint against inadequacy of fines imposed. There is no doubt that punishment would have more deterrent effect, if the fines

imposed in the cases of persons found guilty of repeated offences are made a little more stiff. Conservancy of the city throughout the year was satisfactory. A large number of permanent sanitary improvements was made during the year. 45,829 ft. of sewers were laid as against 43,599 ft. in the previous year. 2,968 flush-out latrines were constructed in dwelling houses and 15 new public conveniences were provided. The drive compelling private houseowners to provide flush-out latrines wherever necessary was relaxed during the year because of the difficulties noticed in securing materials. With the construction of 56 new tenements, Narasingapuram-an area, which was notoriously insanitary-has been vastly improved. As an anti-rabic measure, 13.814 dogs were destroyed. Two sanitary improvements deserve special mention, viz., a modern crematorium in Nungambakkam and a new pail depot at Korukkupet now nearing completion. The latter when completed will help to abolish the two pail depots in Ice House Road and DeMellows Road. During the later part of the year, attention was drawn to the unsatisfactory conditions prevailing in certain markets of the city. A vigorous drive was launched to improve the markets and the action taken, mostly in the beginning of 1942, is reported in my Administration Report. As a result, many markets to-day are vastly better and there is no doubt that most markets would have been improved beyond recognition but for the difficulties experienced in securing necessary materials at reasonable rates. During the year under report, two very bad slums in the city, viz., Kakathope and Parthasarathy Kuppam, were improved by the extension of sewers and the provision of additional water fountains, &c. The work here, as in many other directions, is handicapped because of high prices of certain materials and non-availability of certain other materials. Construction of a limited number of tenements for Corporation menials was in progress in Angalamman Koil Street.

The Health Department will have to pay a little more attention to the sale of unwholesome food in the streets and by hawkers and to the suppression of enteric. While not denying that there is room for improvement in some directions, a fair measure of progress is evident in many other directions.

O. PULLA REDDI.

14-x-1942.

Commissioner.

VITAL STATISTICS

Population:—In the year 1941 the enumeration of the decennial census was conducted. According to this census the population of the city of Madras was 7,77,481 as against 6,47,230 in 1931. The population of the city enumerated decennially since 1871 is as follows:—

Census.	Population.	Census.	Population.
1871	3,97,552	1911	5,18,660
1881	4,05,848	1921	5,26,911
1891	4,52,518	1931	6,47,230
1901	5,09,346	1941	7,77,481

The following statement shows the absolute increase and percentage of increase decennially.

Decennium.	Absolute decennial increase of population.	Percentage decennial increase of population.
1871-1881	8,296	2.1
1881-1891	46,670	11.5
1891-1901	56,828	12.6
1901-1911	9,314	1.8
1911-1921	8,251	1.6
1921-1931	1,20,319	22.8
1931-1941	1,30,251	20.1

It will be seen from the above statement that an increase of 1,30,251 persons or 201 per cent has been recorded during the decennium 1931-1941. This increase has been chiefly due to the migration of people into the city from outside. The natural increase of the population for intercensal periods from 1871 is furnished below.

Intercensal period	Births registered in each intercensal period.	Deaths registered in each intercensal period.	Increase or decrease.
1871 - 1881	1,18,548	1,80,589	-62,041
1881 - 1891	1,60,830	1,61,196	-366
1891 - 1901	1,84,112	1,88,521	-4,409
1901 - 1911	1,96,864	2,24,334	-27,470
1911 - 1921	2,01,076	2,23,096	-22,020
1921 - 1931	2,29,432	2,27,745	+1,687
1931 - 1941	2,97,482	2,50,115	+47,367
H R-1			

Among 7,77,481 persons enumerated 4,07,502 or 52.4% were males and 3,69,979 or 47.6% females as against 52.7% and 47.3% respectively in the previous census. The ratio of males to 100 females was 110.1 as compared with 111.5 in 1931.

Details of the census enumeration relating to the population in the various municipal divisions according to age-periods, sexes and communities are not yet available.

The vital statistical rates given in the Statements are based on the census return of the population. Certain important rates worked out on the estimated mid-year population are also furnished. The mid-year population for 1941 has been estimated to be 7,81,823.

120 unregistered births and 130 unregistered deaths were detected by the staff and subsequently registered.

• Births:—The number of births registered during the year was 32,770 giving a rate of 41.91 per mille of the estimated population, the births and birth-rate in 1940 being 33,238 and 43.23 respectively.

The birth-rate calculated on the census population was 42·15 as against 51·35 in the preceding year, the quinquennial (1936–40) average being 48·21 (Statement No. I in the Appendix). The large difference is due to the variation in the census population between 1931 to 1941.

Of the total births, 16,852 were males and 15,918 were females. The proportion of male births to female births was 106:100.

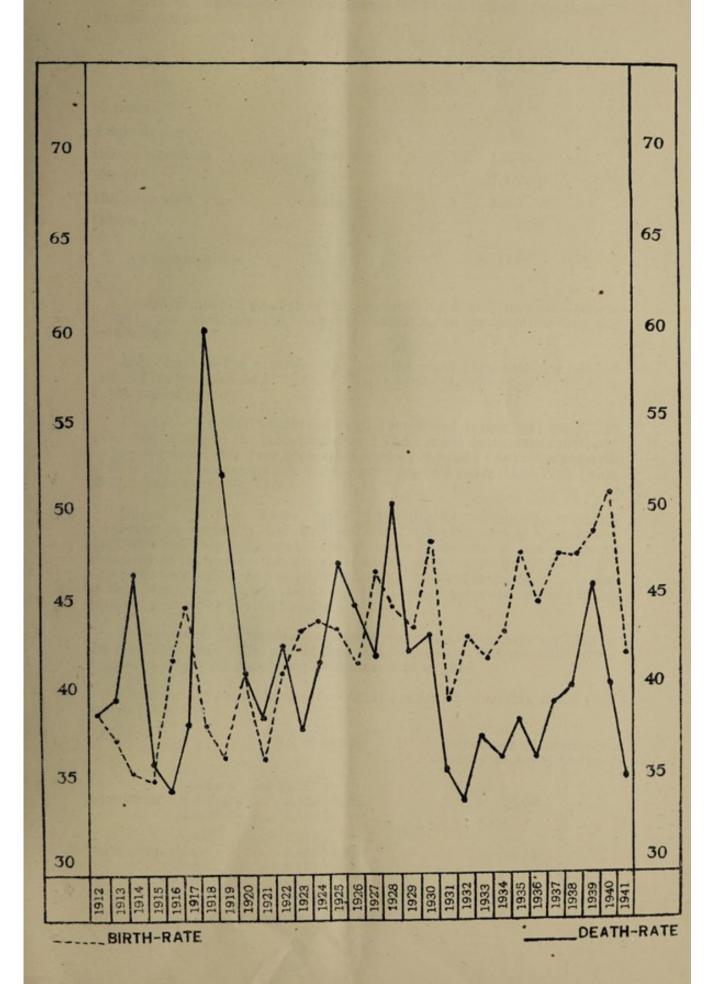
The seasonal distribution of births during the year was as follows:-

		F	Births.		Percentage of quarterly births to total births.
1st quarter	January February March		$2,212 \\ 2,011 \\ 2,094$	6,317	19.28
2nd quarter	April May June		$2,493 \\ 2,845 \\ 2,760 $	8,098	24.71
3rd quarter	July August September		$2,988 \\ 3 007 \\ 2,904$	8,899	27.15
4th quarter	October November December		3,327 2,898 3,231	9,456	28.86
	Tot	al	. 35	2,770	100.00

CITY OF MADRAS

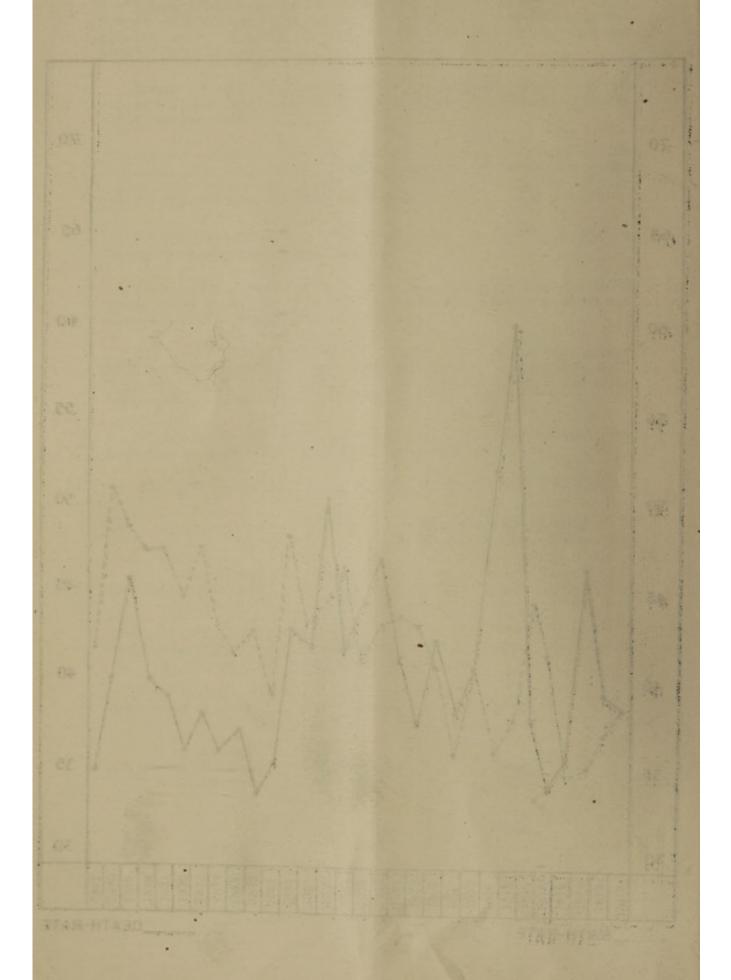
BIRTH AND DEATH-RATES 1912-41

RATE PER 1,000 POPULATION (CENSUS)



CITY OF WADRAS

SHRTH AND DEATH RATES (1912-41



Births in communities:—The number of births in each community is furnished below:—

Communities.		No. of births igistered in 1940.	No. of births registered in 1941.
European		34	47
Anglo-Indian		386	387
Indian Christian		1,559	1,534
Hindu		28,115	27,473
Muhammadan		3,144	3,326
Others			3
All communities	١	33,238	32,770

As the number of persons in each community according to the census of 1941 is not available, the birth-rates according to communities have not been worked out.

Still-births:—The number of still-births was 1,237 as against 1,403 in 1940. This represented 37.75 for 1000 live-births as compared with 42.18 in the preceding year.

Deaths:—The total number of deaths registered during 1941 was 27,710 as against 26,125 in the preceding year. The annual death-rate calculated on the estimated mid-year population works out to 35.44 as compared with 33.98 in 1940, the average rate for the previous five years (1936-1940) being 35.12. (Statement No. III)

During the year under report 1,185 deaths among non-residents occurring in hospitals and divisions and 769 deaths among beggars and destitutes had been registered. The inclusion of deaths of non-residents occurring in the various hospitals and clinics in the city affects the death-rate adversely and is, as has been rightly pointed out in the annual report of the Director of Public Health for 1940, one of the main causes for the high rates in cities having hospitals.

An excess of 5,060 births over deaths was recorded as against 7,113 in the preceding year. The rate of natural increase was 6.47 per mille of the estimated mid-year population as against 9.25 in 1940.

The distribution of deaths during the different quarters of the year was as follows:-

		No. of deaths.	Percentage of quarterly deaths to total deaths.
1st quarter	January February March	$\begin{array}{ccc} & 2,727 \\ & 2,120 \\ & 2,104 \end{array} \} 6,951$	25.08
2nd quarter	April May June	2,178 2,448 2,178	24.55

		No. of deaths.	Percentage of quarterly deaths to total deaths.
3rd quarter	July August September	$ \begin{array}{ccc} & 2,352 \\ & 2,083 \\ & 1,919 \end{array} \} 6,354 $	22.93
4th quarter	October November December	$ \begin{array}{ccc} & 2,331 \\ & 2,315 \\ & 2,955 \end{array} 7,601 $	27-44
		Total 27,710	100.00

Deaths in communities:--The principal communities recorded the following deaths as compared with 1940.

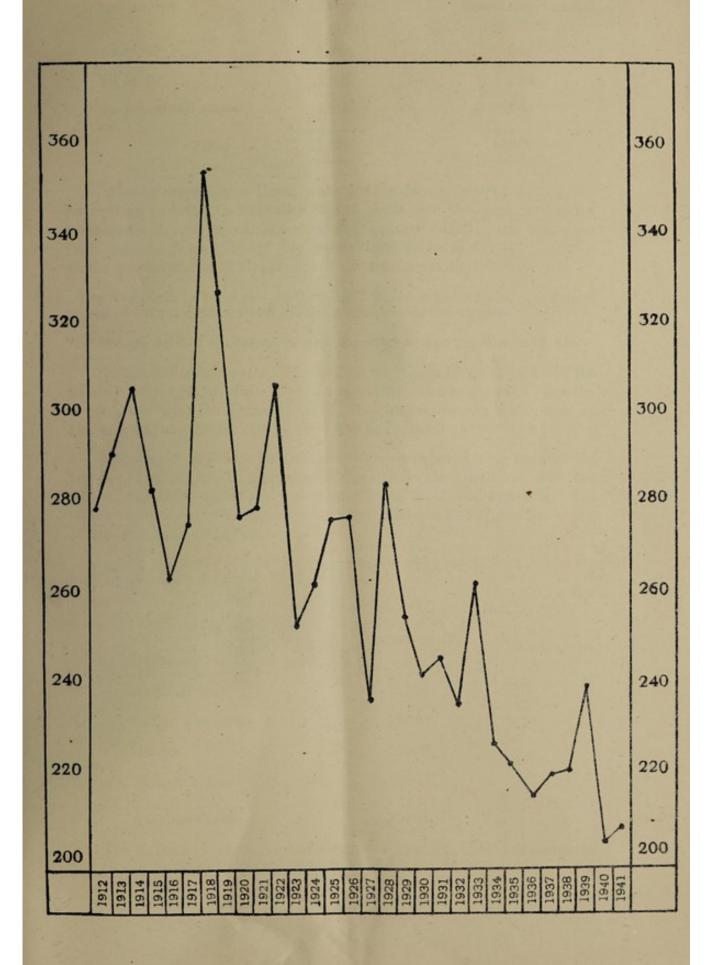
Communities	-	No. of deaths registered in 1940.	o. of deaths egistered in 1941.
European		20	25
Anglo-Indian		231	225
Indian Christian		1,144	1,222
Hindu		21,803	23,083
Muhammadan		2,922	3,151
Others		5	4
All communities		26,125	27,710

Age and sex distribution of deaths:—Of the total deaths registered during the year, 14,169 deaths were among males and 13,541 deaths among females. There were 105 male deaths for every 100 female deaths as compared with 102 in the preceding year. The specific death-rates of males and females were 34.74 and 36.59 per mille of the census population respectively.

The statement furnished below gives the number of deaths and the percentage of deaths to the total mortality in the various age-periods.

Age-periods.	No. of deaths.	Percentage to total deaths.
Under 1 year	 6,847	24.71
1 to 5 years	 5,308	19.12
5 to 10 ,,	 1,012	3.65
10 to 15 ,,	 454	1.64
15 to 20 "	 703	2.54
20 to 30 ,,	 2,274	8.27
30 to 40 ,,	 1.982	7.15

CITY OF MADRAS INFANTILE MORTALITY RATES 1912-41



BARRAM NO YTH

Age-periods.	No. of deaths.	Percentage to total deaths.
40 to 50 "	 2,088	7.54
50 to 60 ,,	 1,926	6.95
60 years and above	 5,116	18:43
Total	 27,710	100.00

Infantile mortality:—There were 6,847 infantile deaths during the year giving an infantile mortality rate of 208.94 per thousand live-births compared with 6,837 infantile deaths with a rate of 205.70 in the preceding year, the rate for the past five years (1936-40) being 221.34. Infantile deaths accounted for 24.71 per cent of the total [mortality.]

Age and cause of infantile deaths:—In Table G in the Appendix, principal causes of infant deaths under different age-periods are shown.

34.8 per cent of the infant deaths occurred within one month of life.

Infant deaths by months:—Table D in the Appendix gives in detail the number of infant deaths and infant mortality rates according to months as compared with the figures for 1940. The highest rate of 301.9 was in January and the lowest rate of 170.5 was in September.

Infant mortality rates in divisions:—The number of births and the number of infant deaths registered in the 40 municipal divisions with the infant mortality rates are given in Table E in the Appendix. The highest infant mortality rate was in the 6th division (275.3) and the lowest in the 31st division (107.0).

Infant mortality rates in communities:—Infant mortality rates in the principal communities were as follows:—

Community.	Rate per 1000 live-births registered in each community.
European	 mind and the state of the state
Anglo-Indian	 87.86
Indian Christian	 172.09
Hindu	 209.58
Muhammadan	 238.12
All communities	 208.94

The births and infant mortality rates in the principal sub-castes of the Hindu community are set forth in the table below:—

HR—2

Caste.	Births in each caste.	Infant deaths in each caste.	Rate per 1000 births in each caste.
Brahmin	2,686	401	149.3
Chetty	 2,067	406	196.4
Vellala or Mudaliar	 3,573	699	195.6
Balija or Naidu	 2,942	557	189:3
Vanniar or Naicker	 3,886	900	231.6
Adi-Dravida	 4,649	967	208.0
Patnavar	 347	131	377.5
Yadaval or Edayar	 832	197	236.8
Viswakarına Brahmin or Kammalar	 738	181	245.3
Others	 5,753	1,318	229.1
Total	 27,473	5,757	209.6

Principal causes of deaths:—The following table gives the number of deaths from various causes together with the death-rates per 1000 of the estimated mid-year popultion and the percentage to the total number of deaths registered during the year.

Causes of death.		No. of deaths registered.	Rate per 1000 estimated population.	Percentage to total deaths.
Cholera				
Diarrhoea and dysentery		3,838	4.91	13.850
Small-pox		5	0.006	0.018
Measles		1	0.001	0.003
Malaria		30	0.04	0.109
Other fevers		2,302	2.94	8:310
Enteric fever		206	0.26	0.740
General respiratory disease	8	6,523	8.34	23.540
Tuberculosis		572	0.73	2:060
Deaths from child-birth		285	0.36	1.030
All other causes including deaths from injuries		13,948	17.84	50*340
Total		27,710	35.44	100.000

Cholera:—There were only 3 imported cases of cholera. These cases were isolated and treated in the Infectious Diseases Hospital. In the preceding year there was only one attack and no death. 532 persons were inoculated against cholera during the year.

The mortality from cholera for a period of ten years from 1932 is given below:—

Year.	Deaths.	Year	Deaths.
1932	5	1937	232
1933	62	1938	36
1934	166	1939	2
1935	145	1940	
1936	140	1941	

Diarrhoea and Dysentery:—Diarrhoea and dysentery accounted for 3,838 deaths as compared with 3,352 deaths in the preceding year. The death-rate was 4.91 per mille of the estimated population as against 4.36 in 1940 and 3.64 which is quinquennial (1936-40) average.

Diarrhoea and dysentery accounted for 13.85 per cent of the total mortality. The incidence of diarrhoea and dysentery during the different quarters of the year was as follows:—

	Deaths.		Deaths.
1st quarter	967	3rd quarter	889
2nd "	849	4th ,,	1,133
	Total	3,838	

Statement No. XI furnishes the number of deaths registered in the various municipal divisions. Congested divisions returned greater number of deaths.

Small-pox.—28 attacks and 5 deaths were recorded during the year as against 98 attacks and 31 deaths in the preceding year. One case was removed to the Corporation Infectious Diseases Hospital for isolation and treatment from the Chingleput district. 12 were imported cases of which 2 died.

Calculated on the estimated population, the death-rate from small-pox during the year under report was '006 per mille as compared with '04 in 1940, the quinquennial (1936-40) average being '27. The number of deaths from small-pox accounted for '018 percentage of the total mortality.

The incidence of small-pox for a period of ten years is given below :-

Year.	Attacks.	Deaths.
1932	842	176
1933	3503	837
1934	638	131
1935	295	59

Year.	Attacks.	Deaths.
1936	37	3
1937	756	196
1938	2,110	561
1939	992	268
1940	98	31
1941	28	5

All the cases were hospitalised. Necessary preventive measures were adopted.

Statement No. VII-gives the number of deaths in the various divisions.

Vaccinations and re-vaccinations performed during the year are dealt with in a separate report. The number of cases isolated and treated is given in the report on the Infectious Diseases Hospital.

Malaria:—30 deaths were registered from malaria as compared with 29 deaths in the preceding year. The death-rate per mille of the estimated population was '04 which is the same as in the previous year, the average rate for the previous 5 years (1936-40) being 0.10. The deaths from malaria accounted for '109 per cent of the total mortality.

Statement No. IX gives the number of deaths registered in the various municipal divisions.

Enteric fever:—825 attacks and 206 deaths were registered during the year as against 476 attacks and 125 deaths in the preceding year. Of these, 109 cases were admitted from the adjoining district into the various hospitals in the city for treatment. Among these 109 cases 43 died. Of the remaining 716 cases, 163 proved fatal. The death-rate was 0.26 per mille of the estimated population as compared with 0.16 in the preceding year, the quinquennial (1936-40) average being 0.18. Deaths from enteric fever accounted for 0.74 per cent of the total mortality.

Mortality from enteric fever for a period of 10 years from 1932 is furnished below:—

Year.	Deaths.	Year.	Deaths.
1932	101	1937	96
1933	90	1938	119
1934	145	1939	187
1935	186	1940	125
1936	163	1941	206

The incidence of enteric fever during the different quarters of the year was as follows:-

Quarter.	Attacks.	Deaths.
1st quarter	184	41
2nd "	158	59
3rd "	191	38
4th	292	68

Cases were reported during all the months of the year and by all the municipal divisions excepting the 6th division.

Statement No. VIII furnishes the number of deaths recorded in the various divisions.

Better notification of cases of this disease in recent years is the cause of the apparent increased incidence. 825 cases stated in the report were bacteriologically proved. Other cases, in the absence of bacteriological test results, have not been taken into account. But necessary preventive measures were adopted in all cases, suspected or otherwise.

17,798 persons were inoculated with anti-typhoid vaccine. Prompt action was taken to adopt other preventive measures in every case that was notified.

Other fevers:—Under this head are included deaths from causes other than malaria, enteric fever, respiratory diseases, tuberculosis with fever as the predominant symptom. 2,302 such deaths were registered as against 1,918 deaths in the preceding year. The death-rate was 2.94 per mille of the estimated population as against 2.49 in 1940 and 2.69 for the previous five years (1936-40). (Statement No X.)

The deaths under this group accounted for 8.31 percentage of the total mortality.

General respiratory diseases:—6,523 deaths were registered with a death-rate of 8:34 per mille of the estimated population as against 6,016 deaths with a death-rate of 7:83 in the preceding year. The average rate for the quinquennium (1936-40) was 8:66.

These deaths represented 23.54 percentage of the total mortality.

The number of deaths registered in each division is given in Statement No. XIII.

Tuberculosis:—572 deaths were recorded as against 1,064 deaths in 1940. The death-rate calculated on the estimated population was 0.73 per mille in 1941 as against 1.38 per mille in 1940 and 1.62 per mille which is the average rate for the past five years (1936-40). The deaths from tuberculosis accounted for 2.06 percentage of the total mortality.

The number of deaths due to tuberculosis of lungs was 443 or 0.57 per mille of the estimated population as compared with 866 deaths or 1.13 in 1940.

There were 20 deaths in the Government Tuberculosis Hospital, Royapettah, during the whole of the year 1941.

Mortality from tuberculosis for the past ten years is furnished below:—

Year.	Deaths.	Year.	Deaths.
1932	917	1937	1,155
1933	1,011	1938	1,301
1934	1,122	1939	1,400
1935	1,209	1940	1,064
1936	1,136	1941	572

Statement No. XII gives the number of deaths registered in each of the municipal divisions.

Deaths from child-birth:—285 mothers died after child-birth as against 264 in 1940. The maternal mortality rate was 8.69 per thousand live-births as compared with 7.94 in the preceding year. The average rate for the quinquennium (1936-40) was 8.84. Deaths from child-birth accounted for 1.03 percentage of the total mortality.

Statement No. XV gives the maternal deaths and death-rates in the various divisions. High rates were as usual noticed in the divisions containing a large percentage of poorer classes.

The statistics relating to the deaths of mothers who came under the care of the various clinics of the Corporation Child Welfare Scheme are given in a separate report by the Lady Superintendent, Corporation Maternity and Child Welfare Scheme.

Deaths from other causes:—13,709 deaths were registered under this group of causes as against 13,090 deaths in the preceding year. The death-rate was 17.53 per mille of the estimated population as against 17.03 in 1940, the average rate for the previous five years (1936-40) being 17.22. (Statement No. XVI.)

Certified deaths:—5,323 deaths were certified by the various hospitals in the city and 729 deaths by private medical practitioners as to the causes of deaths. The certified deaths represented 21'8 per cent of the total deaths as compared with 22'1 per cent in 1940. The Medical Officers in charge of the registration of births and deaths verified the causes of the other deaths.

Burial and burning grounds:—The divisional Sanitary Inspectors supervised the burial and burning grounds in the city. Out of 27,710 deaths 21,432 corpses were buried and 6,278 burnt.

The Nungumbakkam burning ghat at the Tank Bund Road was closed with effect from 1-9-1941 provision having been made for the disposal of the dead bodies in the new crematorium constructed in the Hindu burial ground in Sterling Road.

VACCINATION

Staff:—17 Medical Officers, 58 vaccinators and 5 lady vaccinators were in charge of vaccination during the year. Of these, six vaccinators were formed into a special squad to vaccinate the floating population, homeless persons, etc. Medical Officers in charge of dispensaries, Medical Inspectors of schools and Sanitary Inspectors also performed vaccinations in addition to their usual duties.

Consequent on the appointment of an additional Assistant Health Officer sanctioned in the budget for 1941-42, Dr. P. Sadasivan, L.M. & S., B.S.Sc., Senior Assistant Health Officer, was placed in charge of registration of births and deaths, vaccination, and medical relief. He took charge of this work on 5-7-1941.

Operations:—1,92,483 vaccinations were performed during the year as against 1.92,278 in 1940. The total number of vaccinations comes to 24.8% of the population as per 1941 Census. Primary vaccinations and re-vaccinations performed during the year were 31,995 and 1,60,488 respectively as compared with 33,292 and 1,58,986 in the previous year. A comparative statement of vaccination statistics for a period of 10 years from 1932 is furnished below. It will be seen therefrom that 5 lakhs of vaccinations were done in 1939 when there was a severe epidemic of small-pox—when large numbers of homeless people and those residing temporarily in the city at the time were vaccinated. Since then re-vaccination is being carried on systematically by house-to-house visits and the unprotected persons register maintained.

Year.	Primary vaccinations.	Re-vaccinations.	Total.
1932	27,076	21,757	48,833
1933	30,851	1,68,601	1,99,152
1934	28,233	19,805	48,038
1935	26,414	35,505	61,919
1936	27,286	15,893	43,179
1937	28,192	52,058	80,250
1938	34,363	1,17,141	1,51,504
1939	36,311	5,04,837	5,41,148
1940	33,292	1,58,986	1,92,278
1941	31,995	1,60,488	1,92,483

During the year 23,620 houses were visited by the vaccinators and 78,097 persons were found unprotected and 46,834 persons were re-vaccinated as compared with 51,794 persons in the preceding year. The Sanitary Inspectors visited 14,412 houses and detected 39,282 unprotected persons and re-vaccinated 31,662 persons as against 46,718 persons in the previous year.

No. of successful vaccinations:—The number of successful primary vaccinations was 31,400 and successful re-vaccinations 6,878 as compared with 32,893 primary vaccinations and 8,657 re-vaccinations in the preceding year.

Success-rate:—The success-rate in primary vaccinations was 99.4 per cent as compared with 99.5 per cent in 1940. The success-rate in the municipal divisions varied from 96.4 per cent to 100 per cent. 24 municipal divisions recorded rates above the rate of 99.4 per cent for the whole city. Of these, 11 divisions showed a success-rate of 100 per cent. 2 divisions recorded the same rate as that for the whole city. The success-rate in revaccinations was 6.5 per cent as against 7.9 per cent in 1940.

No. of persons successfully vaccinated per 1000 of population:—The number of persons successfully vaccinated per mille of the population was 49.3 as compared with 64.2 in the preceding year.

Infantile vaccinations:—24,304 infants under one year of age were vaccinated as against 25,080 infants in 1940. Of these, 23,932 were successfully vaccinated as compared with 24,827 in 1940.

Verification of births:—30.251 births were verified for the purpose of vaccination as compared with 32,922 in 1940. 4,348 children died and 5,890 children left the city before attaining the age of one year and without being vaccinated; the number of children available for vaccination was 20,013. Of these, 15,667 or 78.3 per cent were vaccinated as against 80.6 per cent in 1940.

Postponement of vaccination of children:—The vaccination of 624 children beyond one year of age was postponed for medical reasons.

Inspection of vaccinated persons:—The results of vaccinations were verified by the Health Officer, Assistant Health Officers and the Medical Officers. The results of 28,391 or 88.7 per cent of the total primary vaccinations and of 80,316 or 50.0 per cent of the total re-vaccinations were verified by them.

Prosecutions:—A statement of prosecutions conducted for refusals of vaccination during 1941 is furnished below:—

Primary	No. Pro- secuted.	No. con- victed.	No. with- drawn.	No. pend- ing.	No. vaccina- ted after prosecution.
vaccination	 106	91	14	1	97
Re-vaccination	 22	8	6	8	14

Cost of vaccination:—The cost of each successful vaccination in 1941 was Rs. 1-5-9 as compared with Rs. 1-4-2 in 1940. Vaccine lymph was supplied by the King Institute of Preventive Medicine, Guindy.

SANITATION

The year opened with two Assistant Health Officers in charge of sanitation and other activities of the Health Department. The post of an additional Assistant Health Officer was sanctioned by the Council in the budget for 1941-42 and Dr. G. Srinivasan, B.A., M.B.B.S., B.S.Sc., was appointed on 4-7-1941 to this post. Consequent on the creation of this new post, the Senior Assistant Health Officer, Dr. P. Sadasivan, L. M. & S., B.S.Sc.. was put in charge of the work relating to medical relief, vaccination and registration of births and deaths. The other two Assistant Health Officers were in charge of the general sanitation and conservancy of the city.

Rao Bahadur Dr. C. S. Govinda Pillai, M.B.CH.B., L.R.C.P. & S., D.P.H., (Edin.), officiated as Commissioner from 1-6-1941 to 21-6-1941. Dr. P. Sadasivan, L.M. & S., B.S.Sc., acted as Health Officer during the above period and again from 15-10-1941 to 14-12-1941 when the permanent Health Officer was on leave on average salary.

Mr. V. Venkatachalam, M.A., A.I.C., and Mr. S. V. Ganapati, B. A., M. Sc., A.I.C., continued to be the Public Analyst and Water Analyst of the Corporation respectively.

Water supply:—As there was copious rainfall in 1940 and during the year under report the supply of water to the city was abundant. The bacteriological quality of water was found to be safe throughout the year. The proposal for installing rapid filters was still pending. A report on the analysis of water will be found on page 30. 46 public fountains were erected during the year.

Sewerage:—The length of new sewers laid during the year under report was 45,829 ft. as against 43,599 ft. in the previous year, In Royapettah (including Thyagarayanagar) 32,929 ft. of sewers were laid bringing the percentage of sewered portion in this area to 92. The total length of sewers laid up to the end of the year was 15,50,554 ft.

2,968 flush-out latrines were installed in private houses as against 3,049 in 1940. The rise in prices of building materials impeded the progress in this direction. But a steady progress was maintained in the provision of modernised public conveniences by the construction of 15 public conveniences during the year. The number of public conveniences opened to the public will be found in the report on conservancy.

Housing:—890 houses were newly constructed during the year. Of these, 679 houses were provided with flush-out latrines, the rest being built in unsewered areas. 2,982 plans for the construction and reconstruction of buildings were received as against 2,963 in the preceding year. Of these, 800 were rejected for sanitary reasons. In the case of 1,530 plans of buildings in sewered areas the provision of flush-out type of latrines was insisted upon.

24,894 houses were inspected as a routine measure and the following defects were noticed:—

- (1) Want of proper drainage in 876 houses.
- (2) Want of sufficient latrine accommodation in 1,775 houses.
- (3) Defective water supply in 464 houses. HR -4

- (4) Bad ventilation in 1,124 houses.
- (5) Miscellaneous defects in 2,178 houses.

6,124 notices were issued to have these defects rectified and 354 prosecutions launched for non-compliance. 4,001 houses came to be improved as a result of action taken by the staff. 694 houses had to be inspected on account of complaints received. The number of houses inspected for detecting cases of infectious diseases and unportected persons will be found in the reports on vital statistics and vaccination.

The construction of 56 tenements in Nariangadu was completed. The proposals for the construction of tenements in Cemetery Road and near Kodambakkam were under consideration. Construction of tenements for scavengers in Angalamman Koil Street was taken up and was under progress. The proposal to construct tenements in Palmyra Kuppam had to be kept in abeyance as the area was under constant use by the military.

Factories:—144 factories existed in the city during the year. The two Assistant Health Officers, as Additional Inspectors of factories under the Factory Act, inspected them. Their reports were forwarded to the Chief Inspector of Factories for taking necessary action.

Offensive trades:—7,853 applications were received and dealt with during the year. 7,364 were sanctioned, 483 refused and 6 were pending at the end of the year. The statement relating to these trades will be found in the Appendix. 642 persons were prosecuted for carrying on offensive trades without licence and 370 licencees were prosecuted for contravening the licence conditions.

Lodging houses:—The number of lodging houses registered under the Public Health Act was 41.

Cattle yards:—The number of private cattle yards found fit for licensing at the beginning of the year was 1,260. As a result of action taken by the sanitary staff 805 were improved and rendered fit for licensing. 370 were found unfit for licensing. Of these, 129 cattle yards were vacated by the owners who were prosecuted.

The model cattle yards at Basin Road, Purasawalkam, Chintadripet and Triplicane were kept in a sanitary condition. The number of animals housed in these yards was 280.

Dhobykhanas:—The Dhobykhanas at Robinson Park and Chetput continued to function satisfactorily throughout the year. The new dhobykhana at Conran Smith nagar was thrown open for use during the year under report. The construction of the dhobykhana at Venkatathri Naick Street was completed and this was also opened for use.

Food control:—7 public and 42 private markets existed in the city. Six big private markets continued to be under the supervision of Superintendents. Expanded metal enclosure was provided to the evening bazaar in Mcore Market. Improvements to the beef stalls in Moore Market were under progress.

The drive to prevent the sale of articles of food unfit for human consumption was kept up. The motor lorry put on this work went round the various divisions regularly and systematically. The list of unwholesome articles of food destroyed is appended to this report.

The report of the Public Analyst on the working of the Food Adulteration Act will be found on page 32.

Meat supply:—In the three Corporation slaughter houses which functioned satisfactorily throughout the year 4,61,751 sheep and goats, 19,489 cows and bullocks and 1,369 pigs were slaughtered. The Veterinary Superintendent who is in charge of the slaughter houses examined the animals and the carcasses. During the course of the year he rejected 9,299 unhealthy animals, 25 carcasses and 27,910 organs which were found unfit for human consumption. The sanitary staff frequently inspected all the mutton stalls in and outside the markets to prevent the sale of unwholesome meat as well as the sale of flesh of animals slaughtered outside the city otherwise than in an authorised slaughter house. The quantity of unwholesome meat destroyed during the year is given in the list of unwholesome articles of food destroyed. Collection of fees at the pig slaughter house was made departmentally from 1-4-1941 as no satisfactory offer for taking the right on lease was forthcoming. Cycle stands were provided in November 1941 and a fee of Re. 0-0-6 per cycle was levied and collected departmentally. 429 Sheep were permitted to be slaughtered in private places for religious and festival purposes.

Weights and measures:—The two Inspectors of Weights and Measures, who were in charge of the two ranges of the city, looked after the work relating to the enforcement of the by-laws prescribing standard weights, measures and scales. A periodical and systematic inspection of all the private and public markets was made by them to check the weights, measures and scales used by the vendors and traders therein. Similarly the weights, measures and scales used in shops, bazaars, depots, godowns and stalls were also examined and tested constantly. Scales, weights and measures used by street hawkers were also thoroughly examined. Defective scales, weights and measures were seized and confiscated. Vendors found using defective ones at the time of seizure were prosecuted. 899 scales, weights and measures which were found defective were seized and confiscated during the year under report and 18 vendors were prosecuted and convicted.

Anti-rabic measures:—The Superintendent of Lethal Chamber, with the assistance of seven licensed dog catchers working under him, caught during the year 13,814 dogs as against 15,907 in the previous year. They were taken to the Lethal Chamber for destruction by electrocution. Of these, 5,986 dogs and 7,554 bitches were destroyed, 186 were claimed by owners and 114 were given to the Medical College. It is gratifying to note that 1,322 bitches were caught in excess of dogs. Sixteen licensed pig catchers caught 37 stray pigs. Of these, 10 were auctioned and the remaining 27 released for slaughter at the pig slaughter house.

Poor House:—There were 222 inmates at the beginning of the year in this institution 445 admissions were made during the year. Fifty four inmates absconded and there were 137 deaths of which 100 took place in the Government hospital at Royapuram and 37 in the institution itself due to natural causes. The strength of the house at the end of the year was 254. The rest were discharged.

Besides the usual annual repairs such as white-washing and re-tiling, the roads in the compound of the house were metalled during the year. Fourteen feasts were given to the inmates during the year including that given on the birthday of H. H. the Maharaja of Travancore. The Deputy Mayor, Mr. C. Subramaniam Chetty, visited the institution and gave a donation of Rs. 20/- for a special treat to be given to the inmates.

The loan of Rs. 35,000/-sanctioned by the Government for erecting an Industrial Home was surrendered on account of the enormous rise in prices of building materials due to war conditions.

Zoological Gardens:—The post of an Assistant Superintendent was sanctioned by the Council and a zoology graduate who received training in the zoo was appointed. Major improvements programmed for 1941 were not proceeded with on account of the rise in prices of the building materials. Minor improvements such as providing each electric lamp with separate switch, raising the level of a portion of the animal enclosures to prevent stagnation of water, providing the western compound wall with a layer of glass pieces, etc., were attended to. Though the Government have approved the proposal of the Corporation to extend the zoo compound, the matter has been kept in abeyance on account of the prevailing war conditions.

A cafe was opened during the year and leased to the proprietor of the Hotel Everest for Rs. 250/- for 1941-42. The collection of entrance fees was made departmentally from 1-4-1941. A separate ingress with turnstile recorder was provided at the main entrance. The right of plying pleasure boats was auctioned for Rs. 480/- for 1941-42.

Facilities for car drives, moon light parties and picnics were provided to augment the sources of revenue. A detailed report on the zoo will be found in the Commissioner's Report for 1941-42.

Swimming bath: The swimming bath which was closed to the public for over two years due to scarcity of water supply was re-opened to the public on 12-5-1941. The necessary staff was appointed. The bath worked satisfactorily. Being the only bath available to the public in the city it attracted a number of bathers. During 1941-42 pupils of recognised schools were allowed concession rates.

The collections amounted to Rs. 993/- from the sale of season tickets and Rs. 2,372-6-0 from the sale of casual tickets for 1941-42. This institution received a set back on account of the war conditions and the wholesale evacuation of the city towards the close of the official year.

Health propaganda:—Health propaganda was continued to be carried on by the distribution of hand-bills and leaflets, by conducting talks on health subjects and by cinema and magic lantern shows. During the year under report there were 3,790 lectures of which 726 were accompanied by magic lantern demonstrations and 113 by cinema shows. 1,727 talks were also held besides 3 health dramas and one exhibition. About 2,68,700 persons were present at the lectures.

THE REPORT OF THE PORT HEALTH OFFICER ON THE WORKING OF THE QUARANTINE REGULATIONS

All the vessels which arrived in the Port of Madras in 1941-42, totalling 417, were inspected. The numbers of passengers and crew inspected were 31,925 and 33,908 respectively. Only two cases of chicken-pox were landed in Madras from Troop-ships which touched at this port including two contacts and were sent to the Infectious Diseases Hospital, Tondiarpet, for treatment. They were isolated on board and necessary sanitary measures were also taken. No deaths took place among these patients.



Public Convenience near the Law College in Esplanade



Tenements in Angalammen Koil Hutting Ground



The Dispensary Building in Pulianthope



The Dispensary Building in Thyagarayanagar

Outgoing vessels numbering 196 were inspected. A total of 7,133 passengers and 13,483 members of the crew were inspected. 12 cases of undiagnosed fevers amongst passengers were rejected by the ships' surgeons.

Inspection of provisions for lascars crew was carried out in respect of 23 vessels in 1941-42. 20 samples of ghee and one sample of lime-juice were sent for analysis. Of these, three samples of ghee and the sample of lime-juice were found to be adulterated and below the standard and so; those consignments were replaced. Other provisions were found to be good in quality and sufficient in quantity in all cases.

The sanitation of the Port area was maintained by the Madras Port Trust and was satisfactory during 1941-42. The mosquito nuisance has been considerably lessened since the Trust took up anti-mosquito work. The highest mosquito larvae index during the year was 0.6 and the lowest 0.2.

During the year 1941-42, 15 lots of consignments were inspected by this department at the request of the Madras Port Trust and of these, 6 lots found unfit for human consumption were condemned.

PUBLIC HEALTH ACTIVITIES OF AIDED INSTITUTIONS

Ambal Siddha Vaidya Free Dispensary, 2/48, St. Xavier Street, George Town, rendered medical aid to 17,908 persons

Arya Vaisya Maternity and Child Welfare Centre, 27, Govindappa Naick Street, treated 3,675 out-patients and 159 maternity cases of which 84 were in-patients.

Chengalroya Naicker's Free Dispensary, Rundalls Road, Vepery, treated 2,22,175 cases.

Chennapuri Annadana Samajam, 9, Nainiappa Naick Street, Park Town, provided boarding and lodging for 80 persons besides feeding 560 school boys daily on all school days. Many poor persons were also fed and clothed.

Free Unani Dispensary, 31, Hussain Mulk Street, Royapettah, treated 25,141 cases.

Friend-in-Need Society, 3, Poonamallee High Road, Periamet, maintained a home for the aged, infirm and destitute. The number of inmates averaged 55 throughout the year.

Kalyani Hospital, Edward Elliots Road, Mylapore, rendered medical aid to 2,899 in-patients and 10,451 out-patients.

Marwari Free Ayurvedic dispensary, 419, Mint Street, Sowcarpet, treated 2,40,861 cases.

Madras Siddha Ayurvedic Free Dispensary, 1/130 Royapettah High Road, Mylapore, treated 17,578 cases during 1941-42.

Monegar and Raja of Venkatagiri Choultries, Monegar Choultry Road, dieted daily an average number of 89 in-door paupers and 255 out-door paupers.

Oddarpalayam Free Dispensary, 123, Lloyds Road, Mylapore, treated 12,272 cases in 1941-42.

Osmania Shafa Khana, Thayar Sahib Street, Tiruvateeswaranpet, treated 7,535 cases.

Pandurauga Free Dispensary, 66, Monegar Choultry Road, treated 6,961 cases.

Saraswathi Sangam Free Dispensary, 28 Pedariar Koil Street, George Town, rendered medical aid to 32,017 cases.

Saraswathi Sangam Free Dispensary, Olagappa Maistry Street, Chintadripet, treated 13,281 cases.

Siddhananda Free Dispensary, 46, Ammen Koil Street, treated 21,223 cases.

Sri Kanyaka Parameswari Devasthanam Dispensary, Anna Pillai Street, George Town, treated 59.469 cases.

Sri Ramakrishna Mutt Charitable Dispensary, Brodies Road, Mylapore, treated 48,329 cases in the allopathic section and 21,866 in the homeopathic section.

Triplicane Annadana Samajam, 95, Pilliar Koil Street, Thiruvatees-waranpet, fed 43,347 poor persons.

Unani Darush Shifa Free Dispensary, 515, Triplicane High Road, treated 1,03,097 cases.

Trivarnika Maha Sanga Free Dispensary, 169, Devaraja Mudali Street, treated 72,890 cases.

Venkataramana Dispensary, Kutcheri Road, Mylapore, treated, 2,03,553 cases and 15,786 surgical cases. In its branch at George Town 43,703 cases have been treated. The branches at Triplicane, Thyagarayanagar and Sowcarpet treated 4,624, 1,952 and 1,952 cases respectively.

Vupputhur Alwar Chetty Garu's Free Ayurvedic Dispensary, 3/6, Tholasinga Perumal Koil Street, Triplicane, treated 1,35,855 cases.

MEDICAL RELIEF

There were 20 allopathic, 4 unani, 2 siddha and 1 ayurvedic dispensaries, two infectious diseases hospitals one leprosy and one venereal clinic rendering free medical aid during the year under review. The dispensaries located in 32, Gantz Road, Vyasarpady, 40 Mannarswami Koil Street, Pulainthope, and 23, Vinaithirtha Vinayagar Koil Street, Kosapet, were shifted to the newly constructed Corporation buildings at 17, Gantz Road, 17, Pulianthope High Road, and 21, Chellappa Mudali Street, respectively from 4-8-1942. The construction of buildings for the dispensaries at Teynampet and Thyagarayanagar was under progress. The total number of cases treated at the 27 out-patient dispensaries was 29,18,691 as against 30,47,161 in 1940. The total number of skin cases and early cases of leprosy treated in them was 1,35,693. The out-turn of work in these dispensaries is furnished in a separate statement in the Appendix.

The Ice House Road Skin & Leprosy Clinic recorded a total of 43.177 cases of which 329 were new cases of leprosy and 11,470 new cases of skin and other diseases. The injections performed for leprosy and skin diseases totalled 6,681 and 450 respectively. 30 cases suspected of leprosy and skin disease were examined at the clinic and certified. Infective cases were made to stay away from their occupation till rendered non-infective. Cases requiring institutional treatment were recommended for admission in the Lady Willingdon Leper Settlement.

In the leprosy clinic attached to the Vyasarpady dispensary 5,090 skin and leprosy cases were treated. Of these 116 were new cases of leprosy and 1,454 were new cases of skin disease. The number of injections given was 3,636. Treatment of leprous pupils of Corporation schools is dealt with in the report on the Medical Inspection of Corporation schools. A statement of the out-turn of work in the two clinics is given in the Appendix.

The Venereal Clinic completed another year of its useful existence. The clinic was shifted on 1-1-1941 from 55, Pulianthope High Road, to 82 & 83, Strahans Road. The attendance which totalled 12,368 in 1938 rose to 23, 441 in 1941. The posts of a Lady Medical Officer and a trained nurse created in September 1940 as an experimental measure were discontinued from April 1941. 2,852 injections were given and 959 smears were examined in the clinic.—1,230 specimens of blood were taken for serological examination.

In the two infectious diseases hospitals 942 patients were admitted for treatment. Of these, 412 suffered from chicken-pox, 28 from small-pox and one only from cholera. Statements of cases treated in the two hospitals are appended. Improvements were made to the laundry attached to the hospital at Tondiarpet.

Raja Sir Ramaswami Mudaliar's Lying-in-hospital:—This is a maternity hospital in the northern part of the city. A detailed report on the working of this institution will be found in the Commissioner's Report for 1941-42.

CONSERVANCY

General:—Two Asst. Health Officers continued to be in charge of the conservancy work. They were assisted by two Conservancy Supervisors, Mr. J. Muthia and Mr. M. Dharmarajulu Naidu who are qualified Second Class Health Officers. Mr. V. J. Balasundara Doss, G. M. V.C., Veterinary Officer, was in charge of the veterinary work of the cattle depots.

The total expenditure on conservancy for the year 1941-42 was Rs. 11,60,177-7-0 against Rs. 11,61,734-6-7 for 1940-41.

Cleaning staff:—There were 2,054 coolies for the cleaning of streets, drains, latrines and water-tables. The following carts were engaged for the removal of rubbish, filth, sewage and silt from the divisions:—

- (1) Number of trollies, double and single draught carts
 for the removal of rubbish ... 494
 (2) Number of night-soil carts ... 71
- (3) Number of sewage and silt carts ... 26

Motor lorries:—All the lorries intended for the removal of rubbish and filth were under the control of the Mechanical Engineer. Motor lorries

required for the removal of rubbish and filth in the city were marched out daily from the Lorry Station. The charges incurred for the supply of these lorries were debited to the Health Department. The total amount so debited during 1941-42 was Rs. 1,86,630-5-6.

Tipping platform:—The tipping platforms at Basin Bridge, Langs Garden and Krishnampet continued to serve satisfactorily.

Disposal of rubbish:—About 6,50,636 cart-loads of rubbish were removed during the year as against 7,45,794 in the previous year. Of these, 20,462 cart-loads of rubbish were sold and 1,64,863 were dumped in Railway land, Korukupet, Railway land near Wall-tax Road, Slaughter House, ponds in Perambur, northern side of Ponnau lane, ponds in Conran Smith Nagar and Lodd Govindoss Nagar, and 57,731 cart-loads were used for raising low-lands.

Disposal of filth.—81,279 cart-loads of filth were removed as against 69,817 cart-loads removed during the previous year. Of these 28,658 cart-loads were flushed into the sewers at the Pail Depots at De'mellows Road and Ice House Road and the rest trenched in the dumping grounds at Otteri and Korukupet.

The amount realised by the sale of manure and cow dung during 1941-42 was Rs. 5.757-15-4.

Public latrines:—327 public latrines existed in the city during the year under report. Of these, 282 were of the flush-out type and 24 were of the masonry type and the rest were sanded latrines. 12 public conveniences were opened for public use during the year at the following places:—

- (1) Old Slaughter House Road, 3rd division.
- (2) North Wall Road, 13th division.
- (3) Vettianpuram, 21st division.
- (4) Western end of Kumbalamman Coil Street, 22nd division.
- (5) Marina, 33rd division.
- (6) Gangamman Coil Street, 36th division.
- (7) Sundara Rao Street, 38th division.
- (8) Brodies Road, 39th division.
- (9) Mada Church Road, 40th division.
- (10) Venkatesapuram, Gantz Road, 17th division.
- (11) do de
- (12) Hope Lodge, Gantz Road, 17th division.

All the public latrines were-white washed. 1,772 gallons of disinfectants were utilised during the course of the year for the disinfection of the latrines, drains, etc. 3,296 parahs of chunam were used near dust-bins, road sides, street corners and other places rendered untidy by the committal of nuisance.

Festivals:—The conservancy of the S. I. A. A. grounds during the annual Park Fair and Exhibition was as usual undertaken on payment of charges.

Frivate scavenging:—The removel of rubbish and filth from several public institutions in the city was carried out by the Department as per Section 197 of the City Municipal Act. The total amount realised by way of fees during 1941-42 was Rs. 24,173-8-9.

Nuisance:—The conservancy staff paid particular attention to the cleaning and disinfecting of places where there was frequent committal of nuisance. The Police authorities also prosecuted a few of the offenders with a view to abate this nuisance in the areas most affected. To warn the public against the committal of nuisance notice-boards were put up in several parts of the city.

Labour:—In pursuance of G. O. No. 4942 L. & M. dated 22-12-1931 the coolies who retired on account of old age and infirmity were granted bonus. 305 coolies were provided with tenements in the Corporation model lines and 115 coolies in huts on Corporation land. The labourers had their needs well attended to. Cases of grievances brought to the notice of the Health Officer and the Commissioner received utmost consideration and were personally enquired into.

Conservancy depots:—There were six conservancy cattle depots situated in different parts of the city. Each depot was in charge of a veterinary graduate designated as the Depot Superintendent.

Animals:—The number of bullocks on hand on 1-1-1941 was 853 as against 976 on 1-1-1940. 77 bullocks were purchased during the course of the year. 132 bullocks died during the year as against 161 in the year 1940. 2 unserviceable bullocks were permanently transferred to the Superintendent of Parks. There were thus 796 bullocks on 31-12-1941.

Of the 132 casualities, 75 bullocks died of old age and general debility, 6 of anthrax, 16 of tuberculosis, 4 of piroplasmosis, 1 of foot and mouth disease, 3 of bovine lymphangitis, 12 of respiratory diseases, 3 of cardiac diseases, 7 of digestive troubles and 5 from other causes.

Rinderpest:—There were no deaths from rinderpest as the depot bullocks were permanently protected against rinderpest by the sero-virus method.

Anthrax:—There were 6 deaths from anthrax—2 cases at "A" Depot 1 at "C" Depot, 2 at "E" Depot and 1 at "F" Depot Preventive measures were immediately adopted and all the depot bullocks were promptly protected with anti-anthrax serum.

Tuberculosis:—There were 16 deaths from tuberculosis as against 30 in 1940. Conservancy bullocks are easily exposed to tubercular infection. All possible preventive measures were adopted. Every animal showing clinical symptoms of tuberculosis was immediately destroyed. Bullocks suspected for tuberculosis were immediately segregated at the Corporation Isolation Hospital, Vyasarpady, and tested with tuberculin and all positive reactors were immediately destroyed.

Piroplasmosis:—There were 4 deaths from piroplasmosis during the year.

Bovine lymphangitis:—There were 3 deaths from bovine lymphangitis during the year.

Foot and mouth disease:—Foot and mouth disease was prevalent almost throughout the year in one or other of the cattle depots. The first attack was in January 1941 at "F" Depot where 87 bullocks were affected. "C" Depot was affected in February and 117 bullocks suffered from the disease. It spread to "D" Depot in April where there were 3 cases. "A" Depot was also affected in April with 87 cases. "E" Depot was affected in May with 30 cases and again in October with 51 cases. The total number of bullocks affected was 434, of which there was only one death in "F" Depot. There is no preventive inoculation against foot and mouth disease. Casualities are minimised by careful nursing and treatment.

Animals treated at the conservancy cattle depots and at the Veterinary Isolation Hospital at Vyasarpady:—1,927 cases were treated for various diseases in the conservancy cattle depots. 1,607 cases which either suffered from contagious diseases or required special care and attention were taken to the veterinary hospital and treated there.

MOSQUITO CONTROL

The staff for this work continued to be the same as in previous years. The three supervisors, eight stegomyia overseers, 36 maistries, one laboratory attendant and 144 coolies were all distributed as in the previous years and worked under the guidance of the Medical Officer in charge of the operation. The activities of the house-inspection squad were confined to the divisions without underground sewers and other sanitary facilities. As stated in the previous reports, the above staff is scarcely adequate to provide regular weekly or even fortnightly rounds in all the divisions of the city.

The various aspects of the anti-mosquito activities are dealt with below:-

Tanks and ponds:-401 ponds and tanks existed at the beginning of the year. 138 ponds and tanks were attended to departmentally and the charges collected from the owners amounted to Rs. 1,601-14-0. 168 ponds and tanks were attended to by the owners themselves. 5 private ponds were cleaned free of charge on account of their receiving storm water from the surroundings. 9 Corporation owned tanks received periodical attention from the staff. The remaining ponds and tanks were found clean and free from mosquito larvae. 5 ponds were reclaimed during the year. All the tanks and ponds were invariably stocked with larvicidal fish.

Wells:—About 16,500 wells existed in the city. The staff examined these wells for mosquito larvae and stocked them with larvicidal fish after removing floating matters such as leaves, rags of cloth, paper, etc., falling accidentally or otherwise into these wells. The statement of the results of the inspections made by the staff during the year is given below:—

EN Jones	Percentage of wells with fish alive.					we	lls v	ntage vith	mos	-	We	erce ells v	with	and)-
	1941	1940	1939	1938	1937	1941	1940	1939	1938	1937	1941	940	1939	938	1937
1st round 2nd ,, 3rd ,, 4th	39.19	91.71	88.53	83·5 83·3 85·0	75.6 85.3	1.25	1.42	2.00 1.78 1.73	2·9 2·4 3·0	8·7 6·3 5·3	0.34 0.23 0.39	0.30	0.38 0.38	0.8	5.2

During the year, 155 wells were filled up. 1,705 wells were found to be covered with Cuddapah slabs and 4,709 wells provided with trap-doors. 272 wells were found neglected. These wells were oiled with kerosene and after 10 days stocked with larvicidal fish. The staff detected 515 wells including those newly sunk.

As pointed out in the previous years' reports, wells formed the permanent breeding places of anopheles stephensi (malaria carrier). Few wells bred aedes aegypti (vector of yellow fever) and culex fatigans (vector of filariasis). Wells breeding anopheles stephensi were more frequently inspected to prevent any further breeding in them. The fish gangs stocked these wells with fish. They and the house-inspection squads detected mosquito breeding in broken vessels, tins, cisterns, tubs, drums, etc. 7,444 such receptacles were removed by them from houses to prevent the breeding of mosquitoes in them.

Anti-stegomyia service:—The stegomyia control measures were, as in previous years, carried on within half a mile around the Madras Port. This area was inspected 17 times during the year under report and 85 times from the time of the commencement of the stegomyia survey in 1936. The stegomyia house-index was furnished to the Director of Public Health every month.

The mosquito house-index for the 17 rounds made during the year under report ranged from 0.34 to 1.19, the index at the time of the commencement of the survey in 1936 being 14.0. Similarly the stegomyia house-index of the year under report varied from 0.19 to 0.93 as against 9.9 in 1936.

The graph illustrates the trend of stegomyia house-index from the beginning of the survey in 1936 up to the end of 1941. It also shows that the Port area is having a stegomyia control sufficient to keep the index far below the international danger zone of index 2 for yellow fever.

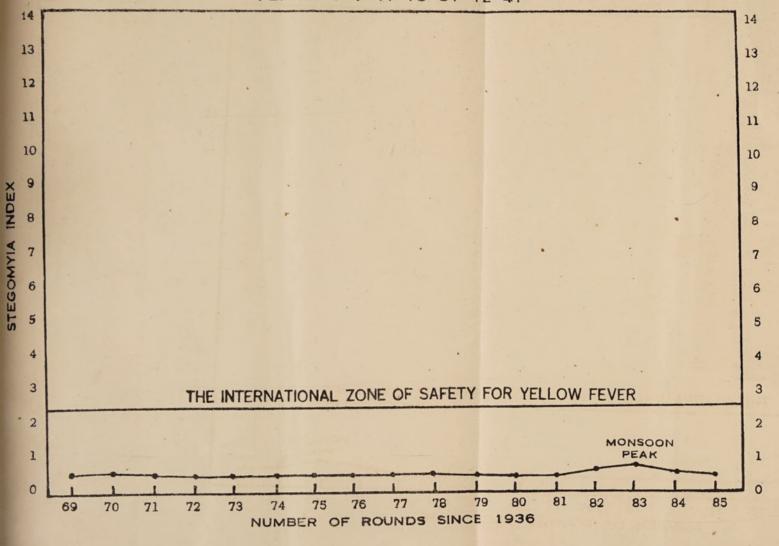
The anti-stegomyia operation consisted in inspecting every premises within the specified area for mosquito larvae, collecting samples of larvae from breeding places, breeding them in the laboratory into adult mosquitoes for ascertaining the species to which they belonged and issuing printed advice memoes regarding the nature of the breeding places and the methods of their control. 382 such memoes were issued to owners or occupiers to prevent such breeding in future. Action was taken to enforce permanent measures wherever necessary. Public offices, firms, etc., were addressed to carry out preventive measures whenever breeding was noticed in wells, fire-buckets, overhead cisterns, flush-out tanks, wells, etc., within their premises. To prevent the breeding in storages of water in brass and earthen vessels, instructions were issued to renew the water once in 2 or 3 days and to keep such receptacles always covered with lids. Water stored in pots, tubs, drums or cisterns and kept near flush-out or dry latrines for the purposes of flushing-out or washing the latrines was a common breeding ground of stegomyia mosquitoes. Special efforts were made to prevent this practice. In many instances, such pots, tubs, drums, etc., were removed with the permission of the owners to whom the advisability of supplying water directly to the scavenger was pointed out. In other instances instructions were given to cover the receptacles with lids and to empty them completely once in 2 or 3 days.

The anti-mosquito campaign conducted in divisions 19, 20, 21, 22, 26, 27 28, 29, 36, 37, 38, 40 was similar to the anti-stegomyia operations described above. The staff paid periodical visits to all the private and public places, inspected the wells, cisterns, cess-pools stagnation in pits, drains, culverts, etc., and prevented the breeding of mosquitoes in these places. The mosquito house-index for the 26 rounds made by the staff in these divisions ranged from 6.8 to 1.3 and the stegomyia house-index from 0.2 to 0.5. Compared with the mosquito house-index of 9.5 at the beginning of survey of these divisions in 1937, the improvement effected in controlling mosquito nuisance in these divisions during the year under report has been considerable.

The number of mosquito breeding places that were destroyed during the 26 rounds is given below :-

No. of rounds.	No. of mosquito breeding places (including stegomy	
1	265	61
2	257	69
3	245	86
4	248	59
5	224	62
6	212	79
7	182	64
8 -	183	76
9	192	57
10	166	66
11	164	67
12	185	81
13	212	77
14	222	79
15	232	68
16	181	63
17	198	69
18	189	48
19	253	74
20	224	97
21	136	42
22	167	62
23	177	69
24	. 171	61
25	138	54
26	125	35

GRAPH
SHOWING STEGOMYIA HOUSE INDEX IN THE AREA 1/2 MILE AROUND THE MADRAS PORT
PERIOD 1-1-41 TO 31-12-41



During the course of work the staff cleared away from the premises 94,792 old and unserviceable articles which would otherwise have become breeding places of mosquitoes after the rains.

Public drains, cess-pools, etc:—All covered and open drains ditch drains, cess-pools, gully traps, stagnant pits, low-lands, etc., in public places were petrolised once in a week. It may be mentioned that the new extension of storm water drains to relieve flooding of low-lands has considerably increased the petrolising work of the oil gangs. A mixture of liquid fuel and kerosene was used as a larvicide. Pyrocide mixture was also used where the larvicidal effect of the oil mixture was not great.

River Cooum and Buckingham Canal:—The Cooum river and the Buckingham Canal were looked after by a separate staff for removing all the weeds and moss. This helped the larvicidal fish to flourish and effectively control mosquito breeding. The pools and puddles on the edges of both the waterways were also oiled wherever necessary. Piris-green mixture was dusted to prevent the breeding of anopheline larvae.

Low-lands:—In addition to the reclamation of 5 ponds during the year, portions of low-lands next to Record Office, near Conran Smith Nagar, in Perambore tank, next to the slaughter houses and at the Mylapore burial ground, Kakathope, Kosapet Dispensary, Chaklipalayam, Ottery Dumping Ground Cheri, Vyasarpady Dispensary, Bunder Rama Naicken Garden and Ruthsundarapuram were also reclaimed.

Malaria cases treated in Corporation dispensaries:—During the year 9,001 malaria cases were treated in the several Corporation dispensaries as against 8,933 in 1940, 6,521 in 1939 and 17,697 in 1936 when the antimalarial operations were commenced.

Cases of enlarged spleen among Corporation school children:—During the school year 1941-42, the medical inspection staff attached to the Corporation schools detected 6 cases of enlarged spleen due to malaria among children attending Corporation schools as against 9 in the previous year and 118 at the commencement of the anti-malarial operations in 1936.

The spleen rates amongst the children attending Corporation schools for 13 years from 1929-30 are given below:—

Years	No. of children examined.	No. of children with enlarged spleen.	Spleen rate per cent.
1929-30	21,113	371	1.8
1930-31	25,342	327	1.3
1931-32	28,342	133	0.5
1932-33	27,506	96	0.4
1933-34	28,578	274	1.0
1934-35	29,737	229	0.8
1935-36	30,705	173	0.6
1936-37	29,376	118	0.4
1937-38	31,187	49	0.5
HI	R.—7	the team and too letter	

Years.	No. of children examined.	No. of children with enlarged spleen.	Spleen rate per cent.
1938-39	30,352	38	0.13
1939-40	29,142	27	0.09
1940-41	29,083	9	0.03
1941-42	23,310	6	0.03

The spleen rates above would show the utility of the anti-malarial operations. A close study of the return of positive malarial cases from hospitals and dispensaries in the city for paying particular attention to those divisions wherefrom cases were reported, the periodical inspection of the breeding places of anopheles stephensi and the preventive measures taken by the staff to control the breeding have all contributed to the effective control of mosquitoes in general and of the malaria carriers in particular in the city.

MEDICAL INSPECTION OF CORPORATION SCHOOLS, 1941-42.

Staff:—Four Medical Inspectors and two Medical Inspectresses continued to work during the year. The two ear, nose and throat clinics, at Mint Street and Chintadripet worked till the end of March 1942 after which they were abolished. Due to war scare, attendance in the schools began to fall gradually and the schools had to be closed on the 13th April 1942.

Findings of medical inspection:—The total number on rolls as it stood on 31-3-1942 in all the Corporation schools was 23,160 boys and 18,387 girls. 11,663 boys and 11,647 girls were examined during the year. The average attendance in the schools during the time of inspections was 10,451 boys and 10,712 girls. The percentage of children examined to the total number on rolls was 56:11. As stated before, the low percentage was due to a large number of children having left the city.

During the year under review 6,108 boys (52.37%) and 4,338 girls (37.25%) were ailing and required treatment. During the previous year the percentages of defectives were 52.47 among boys and 39.38 among girls. As the danger that threatened the city made many of the children leave the schools, no satisfactory comment regarding the improvement or otherwise on the health of the school children can be made.

Cleanliness and condition of the scalp, body and nails:—1,330 boys (11.40%) and 487 girls (4.18%) were found wanting in personal cleanliness. The school staff continued to pay attention to this and instructed the dirty children to bathe in the school premises.

Malnutrition:—1,658 boys (14·22%) and 157 girls (1·35%) were undernourished as against 12·15% and 1·04% respectively in the previous year. Undernourishment was due to the poor quality of the food and ill-balanced nature of the diet. On the advice of the nutrition expert calcium lactate was added to the meals supplied to children in certain selected schools with a view to improve their nutritional condition. As an experimental measure 300 ill-nourished children were selected for this purpose and their weights and general condition noted periodically. Another group of a similar number of children was kept as control for purposes of comparison. The results should have been apprised after a period of 6 months at the first instance, but unfortunately conditions in the city became such that most of the children under investigation left the city and the investigation could not be completed.

Teeth and mouth:—2,221 boys (19.04%) and 1,013 girls (8.70%) had dental and oral complaints. The percentages for the previous year were 16.54 among boys and 9.07 among girls. 1,538 children had stomatitis and were treated at the dispensaries. 157 of the children having tartar teeth were advised scaling of tartar at the dental sections of hospitals. 1,071 were referred to the same sections for extraction of carious teeth or filling-up of cavities.

Nose and throat:—1,770 boys (15·18%) and 2,018 girls (17·33%) had diseases of the nose and throat. The corresponding percentages for the previous year were 15·04 among boys and 20·64 among girls. 2,391 children who had simple enlargement of tonsils without other complications were treated at the Corporation dispensaries. 894 had the same defect with complications and were advised removal early. 36 children having adenoids were also advised removal early. 199 children had enlarged glands of the neck and 281 had nasal catarrh. Suitable treatment was given to them.

Eye diseases:—374 boys (3.21%) and 344 girls (2.95%) had defects and diseases of the eyes. During the previous year the percentages of defectives were 3.57 among boys and 2.15 among girls. All the minor complaints of the eyes were treated at the Corporation dispensaries. 168 had conjunctivitis. 41 children having squint were referred to the eye hospital for correcting errors of refraction.

Defective vision:—24 boys (0.21%) and 15 girls (0.13%) had defects of vision, the corresponding percentages for the previous year being 0.44 and 0.25 respectively. 7 children having defects of a minor degree were advised to improve the general health and were given cod liver oil or other tonics. 32 were referred to the Ophthalmic hospital or eye sections of other hospitals for correction of vision.

Ear diseases:—178 boys (1.53%) and 133 girls (1.14%) had otitis, otorrhoea and other ear diseases, the corresponding percentages for the previous year being 2.46 among boys and 1.09 among girls. 83 children had otitis and 158 had otorrhoea. All except simple otitis cases were sent to the Honorary Medical Officers in charge of the E. N. T. clinics and to the Government hospitals when the clinics were abolished.

Hearing:—6 boys (0.05%) and 7 girls (0.06%) were short of hearing. The percentages for the previous year were 0.08 among boys and 0.08 among girls.

Speech:—20 boys (0.17%) and 12 girls (0.10%) had defects of speech as against 0.32% and 0.11% respectively in the previous year. 25 were stammerers and 6 had defects of articulation. One was dumb.

Circulatory system:—95 boys (0.81%) and 42 girls (0.36%) had diseases relating to heart and blood. The corresponding percentages during the previous year were 0.91 among boys and 0.26 among girls. Organic diseases of the heart were detected in 23 children while 21 had functional disorders. 83 had anaemia and were treated at the Corporation dispensaries.

Tuberculosis:—5 boys (0.04%) and 2 girls (0.02%) had signs and symptoms of early tuberculosis. The percentages during the previous year were 0.07 among boys and 0.08 among girls. Lectures and talks with the parents were continued during the year. Necessary treatment was given to them.

Respiratory diseases:—201 boys (1.72%) and 102 girls (0.88%) had bronchitis and other non-tubercular diseases of the lungs as against 2.02% and 0.95% respectively in the previous year. 285 children had bronchitis and 18 had bronchial asthma. They were treated at the local dispensaries with benefit.

Abdominal organs:—136 boys (1.17%) and 32 girls (0.27%) were found defective under this head. During the previous year 1.33% among boys and 0.11% among girls were defective. Only 8 children had enlarged spleen this year. Suitable treatment was given to them. The results are shown in the following-up statement. Cases of inguinal and umbilical hernia requiring operative treatment were directed to the Government hospitals.

Bones and joints:—498 boys (4.27%) and 35 girls (0.38%) had diseases of bones and joints. The corresponding percentages during the previous year were 3.23 among boys and 0.28 among girls. 513 had deformed chest of varying degrees. The details of defects are shown in a separate table.

Nervous and psychic systems:—35 boys (0.30%) and 11 girls (0.09%) had defects under this head. 0.18% of boys and 0.11% of girls were defective during the previous year. 15 children had infantile palsies while the rest had functional disorders.

Infectious and contagious diseases:—1,255 boys (10.78%) and 871 girls (7.48%) had infectious diseases including skin conditions. The corresponding percentages during the previous year were 9.21 among boys and 7.59 among girls. 1,108 children had scabies and 419 had signs of leprosy. 140 of the latter were new admissions and the rest were old cases already under treatment. The details of the work done in regard to this are given under a separate head. Children suffering from skin complaints were advised frequent baths at the schools.

Other diseases and defects:—650 boys (5.57%) and 320 girls (2.75%) had diseases and defects not included in the other items. The percentages for the previous year were 7.76 among boys and 2.51 among girls. 194 children had worms. 208 had phimosis and were advised circumcision.

Deformities: -40 boys (0.34%) and 35 girls (0.30%) had deformities. During the previous year the percentages of defectives were 0.32 among boys and 0.24 among girls. The details of the deformities are shown in the table.

Number without marks of vaccination:—174 boys (1.49%) and 44 girls (0.38%) had no visible marks of vaccination. They were subsequently vaccinated. In addition the Medical Inspectors re-vaccinated 3,137 children in the schools. 4,608 children were given protection against typhoid by inoculation.

Medical treatment:—Minor ailments were treated at the Corporation dispensaries while more serious cases were referred to the Government hospitals for institutional treatment. As many children as were within the reach of the E. N. T. clinics were sent to the Honorary Medical Officers. In other cases they were directly sent to the E. N. T. sections of Government hospitals. 8,146 children were treated at the Corporation dispensaries and their proper attendance was supervised by the school staff. The details of the number of children sent to other institutions are shown in the treatment table. As mentioned in previous years' reports leper children were treated at the local dispensaries and the Royapuram skin clinic after examination at the skin clinic, Ice House Road.

Leprosy:-419 children having signs and symptoms of leprosy were detected and treated during the year. The decrease is due to a large number of children having evacuated the city. The percentage of defectives was 1.80 as against 1.63 in the previous year. 140 were entrants and 279 were old cases already under treatment. Their parents have been advised. The scheme adopted last year for affording treatment was continued during the year under report.

The distribution of the disease according to sex was as follows:-

Group.		No.	Defective.	Percentage to the total examined.	Percentage to the total of leprosy cases.	Remarks
Boys Girls			345 74	2·96 0·64	82:34 17:66	
Total			419	1.80	100.00	

Subsequent following-up revealed the following results. In 3 children the disease was arrested after a prolonged course of treatment. There was considerable improvement in 30 children. 22 were indifferent in spite of repeated advice and persuasion. One of the cases was a lepromatous case and has been admitted in the Lady Wellingdon Leprosy Sanatorium, Chingleput. 116 left the schools after detection and could not be traced. Children who passed out and joined other institutions were advised to continue the treatment.

Re-inspection and following-up work:—218 re-visits were paid to the schools in addition to the routine annual visits to find out the improvements effected in the health of the children and also to make the school staff continue the follow-up work. 7,934 re-examinations of children were conducted. Most of the children were found to have left the city. The details of the results are given in the form of a statement, a summary of which is given below.

331 children regained normal health after treatment. 184 children had their carious teeth extracted while 478 having stomatitis were cured. 70 children had their tonsils and adenoids removed by operation. 8 children had their vision corrected by wearing glasses. 670 children having skin affections such as scabies, eczema, etc., were cured after treatment and attention to personal hygiene. 33 children underwent circumcision operation for phimosis.

Co-operation of parents:—3,678 parents were present during or after the examination of their children to receive advice.

Co-operation of teachers:—The school staff continued to co-operate with the Medical Inspectors in following up the inspection work. A separate list of the leper children was maintained in the schools and the attendance at the centres checked.

School sanitation:—Special attention was directed towards the improvements of the sanitary condition of the school buildings and their surroundings. Suggestions were given for suitable improvements. In 11 schools change of premises was suggested as no improvement was possible.

School latrines:—120 of the schools inspected had flush-out type of latrines. In 17 schools the latrines were of the hand conserved type. Recommendations were made to have these converted to the flush-out type where it was possible.

Play ground:-39 schools required playground accommodation.

Water supply:—Sufficient water supply has been ensured for the schools. Strained tap water was supplied to the children for drinking.

School equipment:—Every school had adequate furniture and equipment.

School baths:—53 of the schools inspected had bathing facilities for the children. Dirty children utilised them during the recess hours.

Mid-day meals:—In 99 schools, 6,450 children were provided with meals every day. The Medical Inspectors supervised the arrangements made for the preparation and distribution of meals.

Propaganda:—136 lectures and 130 talks on health subjects were conducted in the schools by the Medical Inspectors. The total attendance at these was about 11,911.

REPORT OF THE WATER ANALYST FOR 1941

I. Introduction

The water supply to the city, though unsatisfactory from the aesthetic point of view, continued to be safe epidemiologically. No change in the system of filtration, about which reference has been made in the report for last year, was effected during the year due to the great world war.

II. Scientific

- A. The number of samples examined for various purposes is shown in Table No. II. This year's total compared with that of the previous year would show an increase due to increased work for war purposes.
- B. Observations on the physical, chemical, and bacteriological conditions of the sources of the city water supply:—
- (a) Sholavaram Lake:—The total rainfall in this region was 59.93 inches as against 58.84 inches in 1940. The depth of water was found to be maximum in November and lowest in September.

The organic content as represented by Tidy's test was found to vary from a minimum of 0.102 part in February to a maximum of 0.331 part per 100,000 in August.

The bacterial quality of the lake water was poor almost throughout the year, coliform bacteria being present in quantities varying from 10 c.c. to 60 c.c.

(b) Red Hills Reservoir (Jones Tower):—The total rainfall recorded in the catchment area of this reservoir was 74.02 inches as against 51.27 inches in 1940.

The level of water was found to decrease gradually from January to September when it was lowest and thereafter to increase till the maximum was reached in December.

The figures for oxidisable organic matter varied from a minimum of 0.096 part in January to a maximum of 0.219 part per 100,000 in May (Table No. III).

Bacteriologically, the lake water was of highest purity in February and of very poor quality in July (Table No. IV).

- (c) Raw water after rough filtration at Red Hills:—Samples collected from this place represent the water just before its entry into the covered conduit which carries the water to the works at Kilpauk. They resembled generally the samples drawn from the lake near Jones Tower.
- (d) Raw water, Kilpauk end of the raw water conduit (prior to sand filtration.):—The seasonal variations in some of the important chemical constituents of the raw water are shown in Table No. III. Ammonical nitrogen was highest in June and lowest in March and April. Albuminoid nitrogen was found to be highest in September and lowest in November.

Bacteriologically the raw water was of varying quality being of highest purity in July.

III. Works efficiency

- (a) Filtration:—As in last year, there were 17 sand filters, each filter containing only a few inches of sand. Of these 9 to 10 beds were working at a time with no fixed rate of filtration. A maximum of 27.0 m. g. d. was filtered in October and a minimum of 20.16 m. g. d. in February (Table No. V).
- (b) Bacteriological and chemical examination of filtered water:—Table No. III contains some of the important chemical results of the mixture of unchlorinated filtered water. It will be seen therefrom that the organic content (Tidy's) was highest in August and lowest in December. The percentage reduction of organic matter over raw water was found to be highest in January and lowest in September (Table No. VI).

Bacteriologically, the mixture of filtrates was of very poor quality (Table No. 1V).

- (c) Chlorination.—The maximum, minimum and mean dose of chlorine applied to the mixture of filtrates are shown in Table No. V. The dosage of chlorine was found to vary during different seasons of the year. A maximum of 1.37 p. p. m. was added in September and a minimum of 0.92 p. p. m. was added in March and April. The quantity of chlorine used and its cost are also shown in the above table.
- (d) Bacteriological and chemical examination of filtered water after chlorination (Test tap samples):—The percentage of samples containing

no coliform bacteria in 60 c.cs. was highest in February. March and November and lowest in August (Table No. IV).

The figure for oxygen absorbed was highest in July and lowest in November (Table No. III).

(e) Distribution system:—Coliform bacteria were absent in 100 per cent of the samples in February (Table No. IV).

Chemically the figures for oxygen absorbed were found to be highest in July and lowest in January (Table No. III).

The percentage reduction of organic matter (Tidy's) over raw water was found to be maximum in January and minimum in July (Table No. VI).

S. V. GANAPATI, B.A., M.Sc., A.I.C., Water Analyst, C. M.

REPORT OF THE PUBLIC ANALYST FOR THE CITY OF MADRAS FOR 1941

During the year ended 31st December 1941, I continued as the Public Analyst for the city of Madras for the whole year except for one month from 6th October 1941 to 5th November 1941, during which period I was on leave. During my absence on leave, my assistant, Mr. S. Sundaram, B. Sc. (Hons.), officiated as the Public Analyst for the city. Mr. S. Sundaram continued as my assistant for the year except during the period when he officiated as the Public Analyst.

The main work in the Public Analyst's Laboratory, as in previous years, consisted of the analysis of samples of food under the Madras Prevention of Adulteration Act, 1918.

During the year ended 31st December 1941, the number of samples analysed in the laboratory under the Madras Prevention of Adulteration Act, 1918, was 1,990 as compared with 1,871 in the previous year. The number of samples analysed in the laboratory during the year under report exceeded the number of samples analysed in any previous year since 1930, when the Corporation began to take samples. Of the 1,990 samples analysed, 1,506 samples were found to be genuine and the remaining 484 samples were reported as adulterated. The percentage of adulterated samples calculated on the total number of samples analysed was 24·3 against 31·0 in the previous year.

The samples consisted of ghee, butter, milk, gingelly oil, ground-nut oil, cocoanut oil, coffee powder, tea, ghee substitutes, coffee seeds, chicory and other articles. A statement of the samples analysed and of the results of analysis during the year under report and seven previous years is given in Table No. I in the Appendix.

It would be seen from the table that the percentage of adulterated samples during the year under report was 24.3 against 31.0 in 1940, 30.1 in 1939 and 30.4 in 1938. For three years prior to the year under report the percentage of adulteration had been maintained at about 30. During the

year under report a comparatively low figure of 24·3 has been recorded, showing that there has been a marked improvement in the quality of food-stuffs sold in the city. Ghee and butter have improved considerably in quality and the adulteration in the case of milk and gingelly oil has been maintained at about the previous year's level. The adulteration of gingelly oil continues to be low and the quality of coffee powder and tea continues to be good. The adulteration in the case of ground-nut oil invariably consists in the sale of mixtures of gingelly oil and ground-nut oil to Food Inspectors as ground-nut oil probably under the mistaken belief that the vendors could escape prosecution thereby. There is no doubt that such mixtures are intended to be sold to the general public as gingelly oil, which is costlier than ground-nut oil. The position with regard to this kind of offence has also shown some improvement.

The position relating to ghee calls for special comment. Table No. I shows the percentage of adulteration of ghee during 1941 to be 39.3. The following table shows the results of analysis of ghee samples taken from established shops and street hawkers:

S	No. of amples.	No. adulterated.	Percentage of adulterated samples.	Average degree of adulteration in the adulterated samples.
I, Established shops	s 476	-48	10.1	50.4 per cent
II. Street hawkers	230	230	100.0	86.4 ,,

It will be seen from the above that only 101 per cent of the ghee samples taken from the shops were adulterated, whereas the hawkers did not sell even a single genuine sample of ghee. The average degree of adulteration of the hawkers' samples was 864 per cent.

The details regarding the various articles analysed during the year under report are given below:—

Ghee:—706 samples were analysed, of which 492 were declared by vendors as ghee and 214 as low quality ghee or adulterated ghee. Of the 492 samples sold as ghee, 64 were adulterated and of the other 214 samples, all were adulterated, most of these having been bought or seized from street hawkers. Sale of adulterated ghee is prohibited even if declared so by the vendors.

The adulterants used were almost entirely hydrogenated oils of varying degrees of hardening and the degree of adulteration varied from 10 to 100 per cent.

Butter:—94 samples were analysed and 32 were certified as adulterated. Of the adulterated samples, 27 contained water in excess of the prescribed limit of 20 per cent but no foreign fat, 3 samples contained both excess water and foreign fat and the remaining 2 contained water within the prescribed limit but were adulterated with foreign fat.

Milk:-283 samples were analysed. Of these, 212 were declared as cow's milk, 67 as buffalo's milk and 4 as mixtures of the two.

Of the 212 samples of cow's milk, 59 contained added water. Of these 59, 40 samples were certified on the basis of deficiency in solids-not-fat

(limit 8.5 per cent) and in the case of 19 samples having solids-not-fat in the neighbourhood of or above 8.5 per cent, added water was certified on the basis of the freezing point (Hortvet).

1 sample was deficient in milk-fat, but contained no added water.

Of 67 samples of buffalo's milk, 25 were certified to contain added water, of which 10 were certified on the basis of deficiency in solids-not-fat (limit 9.0 per cent) and the remaining 15 on the basis of freezing point (Hortvet).

4 samples declared as mixtures of cow's and buffalo's milk were examined. 3 samples were genuine and 1 sample was certified to contain added water on the freezing point test.

Gingelly oil:—657 samples were analysed. 51 samples were certified to be adulterated with ground-nut oil. Of these, 1 sample was 100 per cent ground-nut oil and the extent of adulteration in the remaining adulterated samples varied from 10 to 98 per cent.

Ground-nut oil:—153 samples declared by vendors as ground-nut oil were analysed. Of these, 4 samples were 100 per cent gingelly oil, 24 samples contained gingelly oil, varying from 10 to 90 per cent and the remaining 125 samples were genuine ground-nut oil.

Cocoanut oil:—One sample was examined and was found to be adulterated with 25 per cent of ground-nut oil.

Coffee powder:—48 samples were examined and one sample was found to be adulterated with roasted and powdered Bengal gram.

Tea: -29 samples were analysed and all were found to be genuine.

Ghee substitutes:—8 samples of ghee substitutes were analysed. 5 of these consisted of 100 per cent hardened vegetable oils. The remaining three contained butter-fat varying from 10 to 40 per cent and hence certified as adulterated since the sale of mixtures of ghee and foreign fat is prohibited.

Other articles:—4 coffee seeds were examined for artificial colouring matter and glazing substances and were found to be free from these.

1 sample of chicory was examined and was found to be genuine.

3 samples of Kusumba (Safflower) oil were examined. One of these was genuine, one was adulterated with 95 per cent gingelly oil and the third with 95 per cent ground-nut oil.

One sample described as mattam mixed oil consisted of 55 per cent gingelly oil and 45 per cent ground-nut oil, one sample described as mattam oil proved to be 100 per cent gingelly oil and another sample described as mixture of gingelly oil and ground-nut oil consisted of a mixture of 15 per cent gingelly oil and 85 per cent ground-nut oil.

Besides the samples dealt with above, 12 informal samples were examined in the laboratory during the year under report. The articles examined and the reports made thereon are given below: -

Articles examined.

Report.

Three samples of ghee sent by the Health Department. Department.

All genuine.

One sample of gingelly oil from the Corporation General Stores.

Genuine.

One sample of curd from the Corporation Education Department suspected present.

One sample of wheat bran from the Health \ Department.

Genuine.

One sample of peas from the Health Infested with insects and unfit Department.

Two samples described as 10 Vol. sol. of Both samples contained only Hydrogen Peroxide. Hydrogen Peroxide.

Two samples of mineral oil from the Reported free from fixed oils.

One tender sample of cod liver oil from Adulterated with 65 per cent the Health Department.

A statement of the adulterated samples of 1941 and the adulterated samples of the previous year pending disposal on 1st January 1941 is given in Table No. II.

The total number of adulterated samples dealt with during the year under report was 532, of which 484 samples had been analysed during 1941 and remaining 48 were samples of the previous year pending disposal on 1st January 1941. Out of 532 adulterated samples, in the case of 230 samples the articles were seized and forfeited to the Corporation under Sections 9 to 12 of the Act without prosecution of the vendors. The bulk of these samples was from street hawkers of ghee. In the case of 8 samples, the vendors were not prosecuted, prosecutions were withdrawn or vendors were acquitted. In the case of 53 samples action was pending on 31st December 1941. In the case of the remaining 241 samples, the vendors were convicted.

The total number of convictions during 1941 was 241 as compared with 260 in the previous year. The total fines imposed in 1941 amounted to Rs. 6,124 against Rs. 6,888 in 1940. The average fine per conviction during 1941 was Rs. 25 against Rs. 26 during 1940

The Act provides for a maximum fine of Rs.100 for the first conviction and a maximum fine of Rs. 500 for subsequent convictions. The convictions during the year include several second or subsequent convictions

and therefore the average fine of Rs. 25 should be considered extraordinarily low. When it is remembered that the Act has been in force for the last 12 years, such low fines as have been imposed by the Magistrates during the year 1941 are to be considered far from deterrent.

It is needless to add that unless sufficiently deterrent fines are imposed, adulteration of such vital articles of food as milk, butter, ghee, etc., cannot be supressed effectively. The public do not generally understand what this reprehensible practice of adulteration of vital foods means to them. Apart from the illicit profits of the vendors, the necessity of maintaining good and wholesome quality of vital foods is of paramount importance.

Before concluding this report, mention should be made of an important decision by the Madras High Court in an appeal preferred by a milk vendor of Madras City against his conviction by the Magistrate for sale of milk containing added water. The vendor sold what he described as cow's milk. The milk on analysis satisfied the presumptive standards laid down by the Act for milk-fat and milk-solids other than milk-fat, namely, 3.0 and 8.5 per cent respectively. The sample, however, gave a freezing point of—0.470 degree Centigrade, on the basis of which it was certified to contain 11 per cent added water by the Public Analyst for the Corporation of Madras. It was contended on appeal that there was no standard for freezing point in the Act and since the sample satisfied the presumptive standards laid down in the Act, the Public Analyst ought to have certified the sample genuine. The High Court upheld the procedure adopted by the Public Analyst on the ground that a Public Analyst was within his rights in having recourse to a direct analytical evidence of added water in milk such as the one provided by a determination of the freezing point even though the sample satisfied the presumptive standards laid down in the Act and confirmed the conviction of the vendor by the lower court.

V. VENKATACHALAM, M.A., A.1.C.,

Public Analyst, C.M.

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STATEMENT No. I.

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10	Still-Births.		#18481888888888888888888888888888888888	1,237
	Births ing ears.	Total.		18-31
6	ean Ratio of Bir per 1000 during revious five year	Lemsles.		19-73
	ulation.	Males.		18.91
00	of deaths over per 1000 of ulation.	Excess of pop		1:
-	of births over per 1000 of ulation.	Excess of pop		6.21
9	of Males born nrod selame of	Number 1 yann or	1001 1001 1001 1001 1001 1001 1001 100	105-9
1	sq.	Total		42.15
10	Ratio of Births per 1000 of population.	Females.		43.05
	Rati	Males.		41-11
	8.	Total	674 603 338 338 338 338 338 338 343 343 343 34	32,770
-	No. of Births registered.	Femsles.	6553886 655386 6553886 65538 655386 65538 655386 655386 655386 655386 655386 65538	15,918
	No	Males.	252 252 252 252 253 253 253 253 253 253	16,852
	rding 1941.	Total.		777,481
60	Population according to the Census of 1941.	Femsles.		369,979
1	Popula to the C	Males.		407,502
64	ricts.			Total
-	HS-1	BRIDE		

STATEMENT NO. II.

Showing births registered during each month in 1941.

	1	1		1
		Total Births regis- tered in 1941.	- 1288 1288 1288 1288 1288 1288 1288 128	32,770
		December	85.888856866666666666666666666666666666	3,231
		November	**************************************	2,898
		October.	585288888852528245282452828888888888888	3,327
		Septr.	\$	2,904
		August	58888888484848888888888888888888888888	3,007
		July.	######################################	2,988
	60	June.	######################################	2,760
		May.	######################################	2,845
		April.	**************************************	2,493
		March.	ERSESSESSESSESSESSESSESSESSESSESSESSESSE	2,094
		February.	822823 232444444444444444444444444444444	2,011
7		January.	***************************************	2,212
				Total
The same	03	Districts		-
		ions.		-
1	-	Divisions.		1

STATEMENT No. III.

-	1000 1000 ious	Total.		19-01
10	Mean Ratio of deaths per 1000 during previous 5 years.	Females.		10.21
	Mear death durin	Males.		39-36
		Total.		19.5
6	Causes.	Females.		17.63,34.74,36.59,35.64
	All C	Males.		34-74
6	-	All other causes.		17.63
120		Deaths from child		69.8
101	om.	Injuries.		
133	population from.	Other Respira- tory Diseases.		8.39 0.31
	latio	Tuberculosis.	The state of the s	0.74
183	ndod	Dysentery and Diarrhoea.		16-1
00		Other fevers.	The state of the s	2-96
	1000	Enteric.		0.010-27
1	for	Malaria.		10.0
333	Deaths for 1000 of	Plague.		1:
	De	Measles.		100-0 9-000
4		Small-pox.		9.000
93		Cholera.		1:
7	lo sd	No, of Deaths of a corry 100 Death females.	106.7 1111.1.1 1111.1.1 1111.1.1 1111	
		Total.	740 1120 1120 1120 1120 1120 1120 1120 11	27,710
9	of deaths gistered.	Femsles.	258 258 268 268 268 268 268 268 268 268 268 26	1 000
	No.	Males,	286 213 223 223 234 234 235 235 235 235 235 235 235 235 235 235	14,169
	to the	Total		7,77,481
10	Population according to the Census of 1941.	Females.	ANNEUROPERATE PRESIDENTE PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NA	3,69,979
	Population	Males.		4,07,502
7	re.	Density per sc		41.3
63		Area in acres.	284.42 283.52 285.52 285.52 285.06 98.94 65.70 65.70 65.70 149.25 65.70 149.25 65.70 149.25 149.25 126.72 88.58 20.06 20	18813-14
-				-
03		Districts.		Total
1		Divisions.	-000400-00-0111111111111111111111111111	-

VITAL STATISTICS.

Showing deaths registered by divisions during each month in 1941.

######################################	1	Divisions.		
######################################	61	Districts.		Total
28		January.	2645125442555745161444557557455574448	2,727
25		February.	888821444689888888888888444888888484144888	2,120
28		March.	8%5552525258888888888888888888888888888	2,104
28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 2		.litqA	+282248814888288888888888888888888888888	2,178
28 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25		May.	22211112222222222222222222222222222222	2,448
28273	60	.ount	**************************************	2,178
######################################		July.	**************************************	2,352
2882821528825252525252525252525252525252		August.	83878888888888888888888888888888888888	2,083
19dmovoX		September	#8188888888811488488888888888888888	1,919
Settessesstatessessessessessessessessessesses		October.	**************************************	2,331
		мочетьег		2,315
70tal Deaths registered duri 1941. 1,081 1,081 1,277 1,085 1,277 1,277 1,005 1,005 1,182 1,20 1,182 1,20 1,182 1,20 1,20 1,20 1,187 1,20 1,20 1,20 1,20 1,20 1,20 1,20 1,20		December.	\$	2,955
¥ 1	4	Total Deaths registered during 1941.	1,055 1,055 1,055 1,055 1,055 1,188	27,710

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		pulati	Others.	STRENGT TO THE SERVICE DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON OF THE PE	
THEMENT		Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of populati	-smmsdvM .sasb	STATE OF THE PROPERTY LANGE TO SERVICE STATE OF THE PERSON	
1	10	per 1,00	Hindus.	DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PERSON OF	
910		leaths	Indian Obristians.	ESE TRESIDENCE DE LA COMPANSE DEL COMPANSE DEL COMPANSE DE LA COMP	
		tio of	Anglo- Indians.	THE SHEET PROPERTY OF THE PARTY	***
-		Ra	Europeans.		
1941.			Total.	1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100	27,710
ns in		among	Others.		7
divisio		gistered	Muhamma- sans.	88888148111441114848888488888888888888	3,151
ss by	7	Number of deaths registered among	Hindus.	1969 1969 1969 1969 1969 1969 1969 1969	23,083
cla		er of d	Indian Christians.	88848 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 12 - 1	1,222
ing to		Numb	Anglo- Indians.	1815 188 0 1 1 18 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	222
cordi		-	Europeans.	[25
red ac			Total.		7,77,481
gis te		1941.	Others.		
deaths registered according to class by divisions in 1941.		Census of 19	-smmsduM dans.		
	62	per	Hindus.		
Showing		Population as	Indian Obristians.		
		Popul	-ofgarA. Indians.		
ġ			Entopeans.		
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SIATISTICS.	03		Districts.		Total
HAL S			Die		
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STATEMENT No. VI.

Showing deaths registered according to age by divisions in 1941.

	-snoisiv			-	-
03	Districts.			F	D. 11 - Day 1000
				Total	2000
63	Under 1 year.	Males.	28252588888888888888888888888888888888	3665	1
M	h si	Females.	55888888888888888888888888888888888888	3182	İ
7	1 year and under 5 years.	Males.	**************************************	2634	
	and s.	Females.	25825252888888555555888855588888555888885558	2674	-
10	5 years and under 10 years.	Males.	1.000000000000000000000000000000000000	514	
	and r. srs.	Femules.	8088820cvvcv0v8o5v8rb3101+250o6303r31330o80	498	
9	10 years and under 15 years.	Males.		218	
	s and	Females.	@@@prencesessessessessessessessessessessessesse	236	
7	15 years and under 20 years.	Males.		241	
101	s and	Females.	**************************************	462	
90	20 years and under 30 years.	Males.	######################################	928	
	s and or irs.	Females.	PILIESS SERVINE AGE 214 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	1346	
6	30 years and under 40 years.	Males.	######################################	963	
		Females.	######################################	1019	
10	40 years and under 50 years.	Females.	0212828282828282828282828282828282828282	1290 798	
	50 years and under 60 years.	Males.	# * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	3 1148	
11	50 years nd under 60 years.	Lemales.	2018411103082333300325838922327773218853239	778	
1	60 years and upwards	Males.	21222222222222222222222222222222222222	2568	
12	ars rds	Femules.	28 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2548	

Showing deaths from Small-pox registered by divisions during each month in 1941.

STATEMENT No. VII.

9		Mean Ratio 1000 durin revious 5 ye	4																																	0.33
	Ratio of deaths pe 1000 of populatio r	Total																		*											-				1	900.0
10	of dea	Lemales.																																	Ì	900-0
	Ratio 1000 o	Males.																																	-	200.0
		Total.	:	:	:0	. :			: :		:		:-		1	:	:				:	:	::	::					: :	:	::	:		. :	***	10
1	Total.	Females.	:		17				!!				-		:		: :		:	***						:	:	: :	:	:	:	:	:	: :	-	03
		Males.		***	-			:			:			1	1		: :				:	: :	:		:	:			:	:	:	:	-	100	::	60
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63		Districts.																																		Total
1		Divisions	100	200	7	0 9	-10	000	101	11	12	13	14	16	17	18	610	22	103	53	750	25	27	88	530	30	39	33	34	35	36	36	38	40		

VITAL STATISTICS.

Showing deaths registered from Enteric fever registered by divisions during each month in 1941.

9	Saitu	Mean Raper 1000 depressions		0.56
	ation.	LetoT.		0-27
10	Ratio of deaths per 1000 of population.	Females.		0.52
	Ratio 1000 of	Males.		0-28
	110	Total.	nuann ianuadanudunanaanuudanen ian iudanusuuu	206
,	Total.	Females.	מ מעט מען במעמן בעמטבן בעמשבן מען	95
		Males.	21-1-4 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	114
		December.		36
		мочетьег		16
		October.		16
	-3	September		6
		August		16
		July.		13
63		June.		24
		May.		15
		April.	[] (0] [] [] [[[[]] [20
		.doтаМ	4	03
		February.	8 H H	14
		.vannast.		10
03		Districts.		Total
369	200	Shasas	Cheanotaer Bernardese	11.19
-	'sı	Division	100 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	1

Showing deaths from Malaria registered by divisions during each month in 1941.

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April		d	.fal.	oT							-		7										200				The state of							10.0
April		pulatio	nales.	Rei																					135	-					-	-		0.03
Abruary. Pebruary. Pebrua		bol	Jea.	eM.																						7	1000						1	0.02
January.			.lal.	ToT	03	:-	103	1	-	::			100	:40	1	1	-	1	: :	10				:	:-	:	:		1	:	:-	:		30
Tebruary. Tebr	LOSGE	TOROL	.səlem	Ee.	0.5	-	:	1		: :	:	1	:05	:-		-		1	: :	05	:	: :		:	: :		:	:				:		10
January. Tebruary. Tebrua			les.	eM.	:	: :	65	1	-	::	-1-	-		:*	1		1		: :	00		: :	:	:	: =	:	:	:	-	:		9		20
. Tanuary. . Tanuary. . Tanuary. . Tania			.19dm90	Dec			-	:	11	11		-	:-	1 :	-	:		:	1 :	: :		:			3 3	:	:	:			:-			02
Tonuary. Pobruary. Pobrua			vember.	oN		:	1	:	::	::		::	: :	::	:	:	::	:	: :	1				:	: :	:				:	: :	:		1
Tennary.			tober.	100	:	:	::	:	::	: :			:::		:		::	:	::	: :	:		::	::	: :				-		: :		100	1
			tember	deg	:	:	H	:	::	1	:	-	::	1			::	:	: :	-	:	:	::	:	: :	:			::	:	::	:		1
			tsu2	ny	:	:	::		::	11	:		: :	:-	1	:		:	: :	:			:	:	:-	-	:	:	:		::	:		63
January.			3.	lut	:				: :	: :	:		::	:-		:	::	:	::	-		: :	:	:	: :		:	:			::	:		03
			*81	mt	1	:	::	1	-	: 1		:	:-	::	::	:	::	:	: :	-		:	:	:	: :	:	:	:	: :			:		10
			۸.	Ma	1	:	::	:	::	: :			: :	-			::	1	: :	1		:					:	:	: :	:	::	:		-#
- Tanuary - Townsery -			-fil.	dA	:	:	-	:	::	:		-	: :	:-	:		:-	-	: :	: :	;		:	:				:	: :		: :	:		4
-Arenary			.doz	Ma	1			:	::	: :		-	1:	1	:	17				: :		:		:	: :	:	:	:	: :		: :			*
			.Vieni	E.e.	1	:	::		::	:	1	-			::	-	::			: :			::		: :		:		::		:::			03
Districts.			.Kleni	ast		:			::	:	1		: :	:	: :		: :	-	: :		:		::	-			:	:		:	: :		***	
			Districts.																															Total
A SECURIOR DIVISION - DIVISION - DIVISIONS. P. DIVISIONS.			.snoisi	DIA	-	03 01	7	100	-10	90 0	10	111	13	15	16	170	19	20	103	500	25.0	26	22	2000	30	31	0 00	34	300	36	38	39	90	

Showing deaths from other fevers registered by divisions during each month in 1941.

9	Bu	Mean Ratio 1000 duri previous 5 y	A STATE STATE OF	3.10
	hs per ation.	Total.		3.36
ro	Ratio of Deaths per 1000 of population.	Kemales.		3.56
	Ratio 1000 o	Males.		69.8
		Total.	2825272888252525252525252525252525252525	2,302
-	Total.	Lemales.	21288888281282521228128128128484888488488	1,205
		Males.	**************************************	1,097
	1	December.	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	180
		November.	- : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	143
		October,	:	169
		September		160
		August.	**************************************	174
60		July.	ымиейг-й-4лима-гомомилом. : маномаличной виги	192
		June.	**************************************	194
		May.	9492500r484888668888888884884608 8412889 88r8	280
		April.	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	- 216
		March.	пидабато до поравод на неселения в неселе	199
		February.	-0000 510 500000000000000000000000000000	180
		. Jennety.	400 CUTTO CO	215
		ž		Total
63		Districts.		1
1		Divisions.	+08848888888888888888888888888888888888	

Showing deaths from Dysentery and Diarrhoea registered by divisions during each month in 1941.

VITAL STATISTICS.

STATEMENT No. XI.

9	St	Mean Hatio 1000 durin previous i		12.3
	hs per ation.	Total		16.1
10	Ratio of deaths per 1000 of population.	Females.		541
	Ratio of	Males.		4.49
		Total.	88881188888888888888888888888888888888	3,838
	Total.	Lemsles.	23.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55.55	2,001
		Males.	85555455455555555555555555555555555555	1,837
	,	Тесешрет.	#####################################	430
		Хочешьет	202222400043410141022211403000010204823440	372
		October.	+2000000000000000000000000000000000000	331
		September		247
		August.	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	297
3		July.	+0000000000000000000000000000000000000	345
		-aung	**************************************	256
	N .	May.	84400000004004000000000000000000000000	306
		April.	-4800000-000000000000000000000000000000	287
		March.	おおめ口ののひには : 1725-たのしおお話を記しまでのアンジャルのののとしただまでのの	246
		February.	21-20172-1-1220-11-209-21-12-2-21-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2-2	296
		January.	50000000000000000000000000000000000000	425
63		Districts.		Total
-	-			17
-	-	Divisions	+69889888888888888888888888888888888888	

VITAL STATISTICS.

Showing deaths from Tube-cle including Tubercle of lungs registered during each month in 1941.

	1			1
9	31	Mean Ratio 1000 durin previous fi years.	the state of the s	1.87
	ation.	.fatoT		0.74
10	f death popul	Lemales.		0.73
	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population.	Males.		0.15
		.latoT	2 . 0 2 2 5 5 5 3 4 7 1 4 5 7 8 5 3 2 5 7 1 1 1 7 1 7 5 2 3 3 4 7 2 7 2 7 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	57.9
7	Total.	Femsles.	できるはらたらにはなるとはまち : するははしてまたようのもののできますのであるはないす	268
		Males.	0	304
		December.	os [400004054050 [u]os [00000] [uosu [uuu] [ou [uuosuuu	09
1		November.		95
		October.	00 4 00 - - 00 1 1 10 10 1	32
		September.	8-8	35
-		August.	os -	34
-		July.	-	46
60		'eung	[[4 0 4] 4 4 0 4 4 1 6 1 4 4 4 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	38
		May.		34
		April.		45
		March.	-	22
		February.		11
		January.	4 H4H H4H NHOHON H400 NO NHOH NHOH NHOH NHOHON NHOHON NHOH 68	
01		Districts.		Total
1	1	.anoisivid	-0004400000000000000000000000000000000	TANK.

Showing deaths from Respiratory Diseases excluding Tubercle of Lungs registered by divisions during each month in 1941.

	,		xiii	
9	aning o	Mean Rati 1,000 d previous years.		66-6
	f deaths per population.	Total.		8*39
2	of deat	Females.		8.69
	Ratio of 1,000 of 1	Males.		8-13
		Total.	125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	6,523
7	Total.	Females.	8251254132553251413833251453335513253	3,214
		Males.	522525428545854585458545585545545545545545545545	3,309
		December.	\$458500000000000000000000000000000000000	670
		November.	@128%830400803801433811285551800380074555	557
		October.	8888837508757651587851508868760578855160::	570
		September	**************************************	458
	1	August	1.00001.0.00101200010101000100000000000	483
		July.	8798968484848589888388888888888888888888888888	590
69	199	June.	Fe8880	509
	133	May.	100000-0000000000000000000000000000000	638
100		April.	912887 - 0 0 2 0 2 1 1 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	527
		March.	3,0000000000000000000000000000000000000	164
		February.	138280000201052048058555250101401501000000	471
		.Yannaty.	100001-0-1-0-1-0-100000000000000000000	586
03		Districts.		Total
1	E S	Divisions.	-08838888888888888888888888888888888888	
H S	-4			

VITAL STATISTICS.

Showing deaths from Injuries registered by divisions during each month in 1941.

			XiV	
9	Sui	Mean Rati 1000 dur previous years		0.34
	of of	Total.		0.31
10	Ratio of deaths per 1000 of population.	Lemujes.		0.51
	Ratio per pop	Males.		0.39
		Total.	でいることのとよ 12 g 1 p 25 g 2 g 2 g 2 g 1	239
-	Total.	Females.	store i le i la la inuducesse i la i i lass les lessaces i i	11
		Males.	**************************************	162
		Бесешрет	111-111111161-1101111011-1111-11	21
	**	иометре		17
		.төбогоО	144	15
	-2	September	0,000 0,	23
		August.		23
		July.	[17
65		June.	-	63
	41.0	May.	o,	18
7		April.	[40	31
		March.	- - - - - - - - - - - - -	18
		February.		17
		January.		17
62		Districts.		Total
1	1 1221	Divisions.	-08848888888888888888888888888888888888	

STATEMENT No. XV.

VITAL STATISTICS.

Showing deaths from Child Birth registered by divisions during each month in 1941.

9	Su	Mean Rati 1000 duri previous years.		8.84
	aths of on	.lstoT		8.69
10	Ratio of deaths per 1000 of population	Lemujes.		69.8
	Ratio	Males.		1:
		Total.	**************************************	285
-	Total.	Lemsles	**************************************	285
1		Males.		:
		December	-	31
100		иолешрен Молешрен	HH	16
		October.		18
	.7	Septembe		27
16-		August.	os [wos	30
63		July.	- - - - -	19
1-1		June.	HH [HH] 03 [HHH00HHH00HHH00 H00 100 100 H 100	34
-		May.		36
100		April.		20
		March.		36
		February.		16
1		January.		24
				Total
94		Districts.		
1	-	Divisions.		

VITAL STATISTICS.

Showing deaths registered from other Causes by divisions during each month in 1941.

				XVI	
-	9	Buj	Mean Rati 1000 dur previous 5		19.92
l		of of	Total.		17.63
	10	Ratio of Deaths per 1000 of population,	Femules.		17-26
1		Ratio pe pop	Males.		17-97
-			Total.	50000000000000000000000000000000000000	13,709
1	4	Total.	Lemales.	251288125115111111111111111111111111111	6,386
			Males.	83553555555555555555555555555555555555	7,323
-			December	48885422554845588685888888468888884444444444	1,524
-			November	**************************************	1,158
-			October.	######################################	1,176
1		-	September	15698288888888888888888888888888888888888	962
		34	August.	0.000 0.0000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.0000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.00000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.	1,032
1			July.	1693642288888888888888888888888888888888888	1,128
	63		.sunf	83544388828888444488884444888844448888444488844448884444	1,096
			May.	286223222222222222222222222222222222222	1,126
-			April.	1828250000000000000000000000000000000000	1,025
			March.	66488488688888888888888888888888888888	1,070
			February.	5857888648886488888888888888888888888888	1,047
			January.	-	1,365
					1
			riets.		Total
	0.5		Districts		311
		1			THE
1	1		Divisions.	+68833888888888888888888888888888888888	7

VITAL STATISTICS.

Showing deaths during 1941 compared with deaths during the previous 5 years.

			xv	rii					
	Total Deaths.	Ratio per 1,000	9.98	39-7	40.6	46.05	7.94 13090 20.22 26125 40.36	40.66	35.64
	De	Desths.	23660	25674	26282	29808	26125		27710
2140	ll er ses.	Ratio per 1,000			20.5	25.45	20.55	19.91 26309	17.63
23	All other causes.	Desths.	11157 17-2	12605 19-5	13102 20.2 26282	14511 22.42 29808	13090	12893	13709 17.63 27710 35.64
Deaths	from Child Birth.	Ratio per 1,000	10.1	9.3	6.6	7.74	7-94	8 86 12893	69.8
Des	社の語	Deaths.	294	586	284			275	285
	ries.	Ratio per 1,000	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.39 245	0.36 264	0.35	0.31
3	Injuries.	Deaths.	232	170	215		234	221	539
A	14404	Ratio per 1,000				716611.07254	9-29	66-6	6523 8-39 239
ator	Resp rator Dises	Deaths.	64109.9	6676 10-3	60889.4	7166	60169-29	6471 9-99	6523
Respiratory Diseases.	Tuber- culosis I'ulmo- rary.	Ratio per 1,000					8661.33		443 0.57
B.	Tul culc I'ul ra	Deaths.	1010	11041.8	1193 2.8	1216	866	10781.88	443
Tuber-	other than Pulmo- nary.	Ratio per 1,000	9.10101 61.0	80.0	0.17	0.28 12161.88	0.31	0.51	0.17
Tul	other than Pulmo nary.	Desths.	126	51	108	The second second		133	129
-	Dysen- tery and Diar- rhoea.	Ratio per 1,000		3.3		36245-60 184	33525-18 198	4.22	4.94
10 14	Dysen- tery and Diar- rhoea.	Desths.	22083.4	213333-3	23083.6	3624	3352	2725 4-22	3838
	ers.	Ratio per 1,000	8.8	3.1	3.4	21083-26	5.96	2009 3-10	2302 2-96 3838 4-94 129
1	Other Fevers.	Desths.	17992.8	20363.1	21833.4	2108	19182-96	2009	2302
5000	eric er.	Ratio per 1,000	0.52	0.15	2.0	0.59	0.19	0.55	0.57
	Enteric Fever.	Deaths.	163	96	119	187	125		206
2.	ria.	Ratio per 1,000	0.18	0.13	80.0	20-0	0.04	0.10 138	0.04
1	Mala	Deaths.	113	78	20	43	59	63	30
No.	ne. I	Ratio per 1,000	:	:	1	:	:	* *	1,
	Plag	Deaths.	1	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Small- Measles. Plague. Malaria.	Ratio per 1,000	0.01	0.10	0.01	:	0.003	0.03	0.001
A CO	Meas	Deaths.	2	00	00	:	63	52	1 1
1	c. Lill- I	Ratio per 1,000	0.002	0.3	0.87	0.41	0.02	0.33	0.000
	Small Pox.	Deaths.	65	196	561	268	31	212	5
1		Ratio per 1,000	0.55	0.36	90.0	0.003	:	0.13	:
-	Cholera.	Deaths.	140 (535	36	63	:	85	:
1	Years, C		1936 1	1937	1938	1939	1940	Mean of the last 5 years.	1941
1	H							Sto	

VITAL STATISTICS.

Table of Deaths for 1941 arranged in accordance with the international list of causes of Deaths adopted by the Fifth International Conference for Revision, Paris, 1938.

Total.	206	20 38	103	395	13	35	33
December.	36	930	15:	40	:	4	es :
Мочетрег	16	es es	10	16	:	63	
October.	16	:0	50	23	:	65	eo :
September	6	- :	7.0	18	:	60	-:
August.	16	6-1	.6	21	:	63	
July.	13	400	:10	58	:	2	- ::
June.	24	- :-	42	23		63	9 ::
May.	15	4	13	19	:	5	-:
April.	20	1 2	∞	31	:	2	4 ::
Матсh.	55	2000	9	45	:	63	٠٠ : '
February.	14	24-	4	0.2	1.	1	eo :
January.	10	911	4	19	12	1	00
Causes of Death.	I. INFECTIVE AND PARA- SITIC DISEASES (1 to 44) Diseases due to Bacteria.	Whooping-cough Diphtheria	Tetanus Tuberculosis of the respiratory	tinal glands) a. With mention of occupational disease of lung. b. Without mention of	occupational disease of lung Cuberculosis of unspeci-	T no	a. Meninges b. Other sites
Classifica- tion Number.	1	601				14	

913	33	9	-	4 50	es	3	8 2 2 4 45 4	20 20 2	984
	03 00	-	-		:	:	141	4%:	124
		1		::	:	-	100	100	16
in the	4-	- 2		: :	:	:	1 :9	6 : :	94
1	98	:	-	::	:	-	:-6	965 :	09
	03 60	63	-	::	:	:	:05 00	on :	200
-1.	900	-	-	::	:	1	es :w	910 :	83
Figure 1	9 ::	:		::	-	:	: :00	000 :	89
	200	:	-		:	:	es : es	61:	99
	e -	:		-	:	:	: :03	4::	62
	- :	:		::	-	:	:00	403 :	89
		:		: :	:	:	: :03	4::	69
	° 4	:		1	:	:	: :-	4	105
Tuberculosis of the intestines and peritoneum (including mesenteric and retroperitoneal glands).	a. Intestines. b. Other sites.	Column Tuberculosis of t joints (exclu	a. Bones (except vertebral	b. Tuber	b. Dissemin	a. Acute generalised inin- ary tuberculosis b. Chronic generalised tuber-	c. Leprosy Purulen	cæmia (not associated with pregnancy, childbirth or the puerperium) a. Septicæmia b. Pyæmia c. Gas gangrene	Dysentery. a. Bacillary dysentery
15	16	17		21	55		82		63

VITAL STATISTICS.

Classifica tion No.

Table of Deaths for 1941 arranged in accordance with the International List (Fifth Revision, 1938)

STATEMENT No. XVIII.

(Contd.)

Total. 103 : 13 on December. 03 : : : 6 . November. . October. September. August. July. 63 CO June. :09 : 60 May. 03 03 91 :88 03 April. CS :: March. 03 :-85 : ... : 1 1 : :-February. 150 *** January. : : :03 Other protozoal dysentery or unspecified Tropical (malignant) tertian (including black-Other or unspecified Other diseases due to parasitic General paralysis of the protozoa (except spirochætes) a. Locomotor ataxia (tabes-Other forms of syphilis Diseases due to Spirochaetes. Aneurysm of the aorta da. Congenital syphilis. forms of dysentery.

Diseases due to protozoa Amoebic dysentery. Causes of Death. Benign tertian water fever) dorsalis) malaria. Quartan Other Syphilis. Malaria. de o 8000 d. 50

29

88

30

4	70	65	9 72-	# # #	1 13
-		-			80
1 17	-	-	: :	Dag inhor	: 63
	11:		: ::	65	: T
-	1	:	- ::	6	: "
-	:		1	di di manibor	- T
1	-		∞ ⊣:	4	Ĭ: :
1	-		65 ::	60	: -
- 1	-	17	: ::	6	: :
7 7:	:	i	: :-	63	1 1
1	-	:	: " " :	4	: -
:	1		- ;;	Tiples .	: -
-	1		: ::	9	: :
1	:	011	: -:	63	: 62
db. Syphilis of nervous system (except tabes and general paralysis of the insane) dc. Syphilis of the circu.	la all	Influenza a. With respiratory complications specified. b. Without respiratory com-	Small-pox a. Variola major b. Variola minor (alasrtim) c. Unspecified.	Other diseases due or attributed to viruses. a. Yellow fever b. Rabies Diseases due or attributed to Rickettsia. Typhus and typhus-like diseases (Rickettsioses)	c. Other and unspecified typhus-like diseases Diseases due to Helminths. Ankylostomiasis
		33	34	38	40

Table of Deaths for 1941 arranged in accordance with the International List (Fifth Revision, 1938)

Total.	-	1		2.1	33	2.42	65 00	14
December.	:	:		::	∞	e :	::	:
почетрет		:		::	25	::	:03	1
October.	:	:			1		::	63
September		:		::	1	H 4	::	:
August.	:	1		::	3	:03	::	23
July.	:	:			4	:6		:
June.	1	: 5	-	::	1	3.1	:-	-
May.	:	:			4	18		2
.lirqA	:	:	3 3 %	:02	60	: 60	7:	1
March.	:	-		::	6	- 10		1
February.		:		::	:	:03	:-	63
January.	:	:		::	:			1
Causes of Death.	Hydatid disease a. Hydatid disease of liver b. Hydatid disease of other and unspecified organs	Other diseases due to helminths. II. CANCER AND OTHER TUMOURS (45 to 57).	Cancer and other malignant tumours of the buccal cavity and pharynx	Lips	Sites Cancer and unspecified sites	E 20	duodenum or rectum d. Rectum	sages
Olassifica- rion Mumber	41	43	45		46			
-softisss[D								

87	2		~	:	1	25	23	1	19		030		12	1	
63 :	1		3	:	:	65	:	:	-		1.	-	65	:	
::	1		-	:	:	65	:	:	4		:	:	:		
::	:		:	:	:	63	:	:	-		:		:	:	
			:	:	:	1	cs.	:	4		:	:	-		
::	::		65	:	:	4	:	1	23		:		:	1	
::	1		:	:	:	63	:	:	63		1		63	:	
::	:		:	:		65	:	:	es		:	:	60	1	
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::	63		:	:	:	:	:	:	65		:	:	63	1	
::			1	:		1	:	:	::		:	:	1	:	
-	digestive organs	Cancer and other mangnant tumours of the respiratory	system. a. Larynx and trachea b. Bronchi lungs and	pleura. Unspecified respira	Cancer and other malignant	tumours of the uterus.	b. Other or unspecified sites Cancer and other malignant		tumours of the breast	Cancer and other malignatum	organs a. Scrotum.		Cancer and other malignant	Can	tumours of the brain and other parts of the nervous system.
	-	4.1			48		49	N.	90	51			52	54	-

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Other and unspecified

organs.

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the nervous system ... Other and unspecified

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Tumours of undetermined nature

57

organs

Ovaries Uterus

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Classifi-cation Number.

Table of Deaths for 1941 arranged in accordance with the International List (Fifth Revision, 1938)

STATEMENT No. XVIII.

(Contd.)

Total.

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*	Dесешре ₁ .			***						1					
	Лочетрег.			-			-							1	
	October.			-				:							
	September			****				1		***	100				
	August.			1						1					
	July.										7		::	1	
	June.	::								1					
	May.	:		1				:						3	
	·lirqA	:		1			2	::						1	
	March.	1		1				:		::		40			
	February.	1								***					
	January.	1											1		
	Causes of Death.	b. Sarcoma.	c. Other and unspecified	malignant tumours	Cancer and other malignant	tumours of other or unspe-	cified organs.	b. Bones,	d. Other and unspecified	organs	Non-malignant tumours (inclu-	ding dermoid cysts)	a. Ovaries	b. Uterus	d. Brain and other parts of
	Number.														

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	75	:	:	Ser.	1	4	1	:6	Окторога	56	6
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		4	1		:	1	:	100	7107	46	8
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		1	:		:	-:	:	-350		40	15
DISEASES OF NUTRITION AND OF THE ENDOCRINE GLANDS, OTHER GENERAL DISEASES AND VITAMIN DEFICIENCY DEFICIENCY (58 to 71)	Rheumatic fever a. Acute rheumatic pericar-			000	Chronic rheumatism and other	a. Rheumatoid arthritis b. Other forms of chronic	c. Other forms of chronic	Diabetes mellitus	Scurvy a. Infantile Scurvy (Barlow's disease)		diseases
	28				59			19	29	27	

STATEMENT No. XVIII.

(Contd.)

Table of Deaths for 1941 arranged in accordance with the International List (Fifth Revision, 1938)

		XXVI						
Total.		e	16	288	6	23	35	65
December.		1	:	18	1	:	62	
November.			:	22	:	1	-	;
October.		:	3	42	62	:	က	
September.		:	63	30	:	:	63	:
August		:	1	22	1	:	4	:
July.	Tal.		1	22	:		:	·
June.		::	63	25	:	:	5	
May.		1	1	19	63	1	4	:
.lirqA	=	:	60	19	:	:	8	:
March.	=		-	16	:	:	69	-
February.		:	1	56	3	1	cs	
January.		-	65	22	:	:	က	-
Causes of Death.	IV. DISEASES OF THE BLOOD AND BLOOD—FORMING ORGANS (72 to 76).	Haemorrhagic conditions a. Primary purpura Anaemias (excluding splenic	a. Pernicious anaemia	anaemias	Leukaemias and aleukaemias a. Leukaemia	a. Splenic anaemia	spleen SPIEONIC POISONIN	Chronic or acute alcoholism (ethylism) a. Acute alcoholism
Classifica- tion No.		72 73		2	47 77	2		11

isoning Specified as occupational
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63
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VITAL STATISTICS.

STATEMENT No. XVIII, (Contd.) Table of Deaths for 1941 arranged in accordance with the International List (Fifth Revision, 1938)

100000000000000000000000000000000000000	Total.	21	200	200	35	20	1	4	,	4						14	*	77								9
1	Лесешрег.	4	00	00		::		1								22		2								
	Мочетbег		00	99		1											,	T								
	October.	4	0,7	93		:										?		1								
	September		,,	44		:	:	:		-		3				2		-								
	4sugust.	:	10	48			::											2		-						-
	July.	63	202	20		1	:	2						-												:
1000	June.	1	0.4	93		:	1	::		-					,	-	,	2								
-	May.	1	02	20		1	:									-										**
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The state of the s	March.	4	-	41		:		1	-		1				2000			.2								cs '
	February.	1	10	34		63	::		0	25					100	I										63
	.Vrsunst	1	I	Te		:										4							-			-
	Causes of Death.		Convulsions in children under	5 years of age	Other diseases of the nervous	b. Neuritis (non-rheumatic)	(Parkinson's disease)	e. Others	Diseases of the organs of vision	(including trachoma)	Diseases of the ear and of the	mastoid process	d other	ear,	mention of mastoid		b. Diseases of the mastoid		CIRCITTATORY SYSTEM	(90 to 103)	Acute endocarditis (excluding	umatic endoc	c. Other forms of acute or	sub-acute endocarditis	(excluding arteriosclero-	tic endocarditis)
	Classifica- tion Vumber.	85	98	. 40	10				88		89										91					

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		23		17	26			33	-	191			0	2	25			200	2		4			11	
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- 10	13000	1		2	oc	,		3		14			-	1	2	9		10		DES	***	1	and a second	:	100
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36	325	1	-	1	10			3	0	12			0		:			-	-		:		contract	63	7000
8	16	63	17	23	oc	,		3		13				:	1			1	100		1		the Property	1	
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-	No.	1		63	14			4	0,	13				:.	3			167			63		T. Secon	23	
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800	602	62	200		0			5		18				:	3			1			1	1	The same	63	
ic affections of the	a. Aortic valvular disease unassociated with mitral		b. Other specified valvular disease (including seque-	læ of rheumatic fever)	c. Unspecified valvular	the myocardium,	heart.		b. Chronic myocarditis spe-	cined as rheumatic		and other chronic myo-	cardins, not specified as	d. Mvocarditis not speci-	fied as acute or chronic	Dise	and angina pectoris	000	b. Angina pectoris without	mention of coronary		Other d	b. Heart diseases specified	wise undefined	
92						93										94					100	95			

VITAL STATISTICS.

(Contd.) Table of Deaths for 1941 arranged in accordance with the International List (Fifth Revision, 1938.)

1 4	~	100	0	10	7 4			1	2	-		~
Total	557	200	Ñ	7	7				115	79	422	1073
December.	7.1	63.5	-	63	1 2				00	102	416	119
лочетрет.	48		0	1	1				11	86	360	89
October.	49	:	:	:	-165	,			13	87	356	88
September	42	:	4	60	: 07	,		:	5	83	276	89
August.	40	:0	N	63	-				11	48	321	78
July.	50	:0	0	1		•		:	13	62	395	96
June.	- 43			1	- :			:	16	11	322	80
May.	52	:*	-	:				-	00	29	415	107
.lirq A	36	:	:	2	:67			:	9	45	356	96
March.	51		2	62	::				5	20	305	78
February	40	:-	-	:	:-			:	6	34	311	87
.Visunsty.	35	:0	0	1	:-				7	47	399	108
Causes of Death.	c. Other and unspecified diseases of the heart	Aneurism, except of heart (93) and aorta (30)	Diseases of the veins (varices, haemorrhoids, phlebitis,	etc.)	Diseases of the lymphatic system (lymphangitis, etc.) High blood pressure (idiopathic)	VIII DISEASES OF THE RESPIRATORY SYSTEM	(NOT SPECIFIED AS TUBER- CULOUS) (104 to 114)	Diseases of the larynx	a. Acute		capillary bronchitis	Lobar (pneumococcal) pneu- monia
Classifica- tion Number.	-	96	100		101			105	700	100	101	108

÷.	er er	13	28			6	4 220		1	20	19			63
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	:	-	1			1	: 22		1	:	65			
6	2	1	3			65	16		:	:	1	yelou		:
	:	63	1			1	20		:	-	:		in a	:
-		:	65			1	50.		:	1	:	VIII.		
6	,	4	1			:	13		:	-	63	,		1
-	,	63	1			-	12:		-:	1	1	Teves		:
6	•	:	5			1	27.		:	-	4			1
6	2	:	3	*		:	15		:	:	65			:
6	2	1	63			:			1	:	Т.			:
-	-	:	62			1			:	:	63	1610		:
0	2	:	cs			:	: 82		:	:	63			1
Pneumonia (unspecified) including acute congestion of the	Pleurisy (not specified as tuber-	a. Empyema.	forms of pleurisy.	Congestion (chromic or unspecified), oedema, embolism, hæ- morrhagie, infarction and	0	of the lung (including pulmonary embolism	c. Chronic or unspecified congestion of the lung	Other diseases of the respiratory system (except tuberculosis	-	d. Abscess of the lung e. Other diseases of the	respiratory system not specified as occupational. IX. DISEASES OF THE DI-	GESTIVE SYSTEM (115 to 129) Diseases of the buccal cavity and	and tonsils (including adenoid vegetations).	b. Septic sore throat
109	110	9	***	=======================================			112	114				115		

	Total.	94	225	55	589	1127	45	63
Contd.)	Dесешре г.	!!	24 10	-	62	102	∞ :	65
(886)	Моvеmber	11	15	00	28	101	60 YO	65
rision, 1	October.		21 10	00	43	95	5-10	:
fth Rev	September		500	00	35	78	963	-
List (Fi	4ugust.		13	-	34	114	1 9	4
nged in accordance with the International List (Fifth Revision, 1938)	July.	٠٠ :	21	20	99	117	10 00	69
Interna	June.	- ;	12	67	44	22.52	44	-
th the	May.	-1	5.5	:	55	93	400	:
ınce wi	April.	::	88	1	40	81 4	400	63
accords	Матећ.	::	88	cs	40	72	950	65
ged in	February.	::	15	9	53	68	41-	1
arran	January.			1	62	103	2020	4
Table of Deaths for 1941 arra	Causes of Death.	c. Other diseases of the pharynx and tonsils Diseases of the oesophagus Ulcer of the stomach or duodenum	a. Stomach b. Duodenum Other diseases of the st	Dian	2 years of age) Diarrhoea, enteritis and ulceration of the intestines (2 years of age and over)	App	Othe	b. Other diseases of the intestines
	Classifica- tion Vumber.	116	118	119	120	121	123	

17	112		26	300		63	1	4	98	3			149		198	101	60
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-:	7		7	21		::	:	1	10	2			11		100	0	2
:	5		∞	33		:		:	4				13		10	-	
:	5		60	21		::		:	00	,			9		14	10	
-	9		65	56		:			1		10		15	081	13	7.	
60	H		2	20				::	10				~		14	61	1
1	11		2	25		:	1	::	70	,			6		14	0	
-	6		1	17		:		:	00	,			11		18	07	
1	10		23	23		1		8	65	,			П		24	cr	10000
63	12		4	27		:	:	:	70	,			14		21	07	
1	3		3	24		:	:	:	10	,			18	Lipp	16	02	
20	16		00	28.		1	:	:	10				17		200		
With mention of alc	b. Without mention of alcoholism Other diseases of the liver	ei.	pregnancy (144 c.) or one puerperium (148 c.) b. Other diseases of the	200	and bile-ducts			Diseases of the pancreas than diabetes-61)	Peritonitis without stated	X. DISEASES OF THE URINARY AND GENTTAL	SYSTEMS (NOT VENEREAL, OR CONNECTED WITH	PREGNANCY OR THE PUERPERIUM) (130 to 139)	AC.		nephritis h Arteriosclematic Kidner	c. Chronic nephritis not	
124	125			197	101		190	140	129				130	101			

VITAL STATISTICS.

(Contd.) Table of Deaths for 1941 arranged in accordance with the International List (Fifth Revision, 1938)

Total.	49	15	63	1	6	2	40	1,
Dесешрег.	13	60	:	:	3	1	- :	:
Мочетрег	7.0	63	:	-	:	1	::	1
October.	65	-		:	1	:	- :	:
September	1	:	1	:	:	:	::	:
August.	65	:	:	:	:	:	::	ï
July.	9	:	:	:	1	1	:-	:
June.	:	65	. :	:	:	1	03 H	:
.veM	4	-	-	:	es	3	::	:
April.	10	1	:	:	1	:	::-	:
March.	4	-	1.	:	:	:	::	
Febraury.	60	60	:	:	:	:	::	:
January.	4	1		:	-	:	11	7:
Causes of Death.	132 Nephritis not stated to be acute or chronic	th pregnancy) Others of the urinary	a. Calcun or the Kidneys and ureters Diseases of the bladder (except	a. Cystitis b. Other diseases of the	bladder es of the urethra, urin	abscess, etc. a. Stricture of the urethra Diseases of the prostate	a. Hypertrophy of the prostate b. Others Diseases of other male genital	organs (not specified as venereal)
Classifica- tion TedmuN	132	134 (135 1		136 1	137 I	138 I	

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	· ·	: 63	::	1
139 Diseases of the female genital organs (not specified as venereal, or connected with pregnancy or the puerperal state) a. Diseases of the ovaries, Fallopian tubes and	ia seases of seases of seases of seases of shift organital organit	140 Post-abortive infection a. Spontaneous, therapeutic or of unspecified origin ab. Without mention of pyelitis.	Septic conditions aa. With record of haemorrhage, trauma or shock. 142 Ectopic gestation. c. Other cases	a. Haemorrhage from placenta proevia b. Haemorrhage from premature separation of placenta and other accidental haemorrhage during pregnancy (except with abortion—141)

STATEMENT No. XVIII. (Contd.)

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Total,	ĸ	9	24	9	32			19		1		2	15				127
December.		; '	0	-	2			9		:	,	I	1				10
November.	-	٠ ،	9	:	:			65	,	:			1				13
October.		: "	2	:	:				:			::	:				12
September.		: '	9	1	-1			6	>				4				10
August.	0	5 1	1	:	4				:			1	:				4
July.		: '	25	1	5				:				3				7
June.		:	4	:	3			~									21
May.	,			:	23			*	+				1				13
April.		: '	65		3				:				1			-	10
March.		:	-	1	2				:	-			3				13
February.		:	25	1	82			6	2			::					9
.vanuaty.		-	00	1	60			0	,				1				00
Causes of Death.	c. Other and unspecified haemorrhages of preg-	nancy 144 Toxaemias of pregnancy.	a. Eclampsia of pregnancy d Other toxaemias of preg-			H	the puerperium. a. Haemorrhage from pla-	centa proevia during child-	b. Haemorrhage from prema-	ture separation of pla-			d. Other naemorrnages after childbirth	hild birth a	the puerpernum. b. General or local puerperal		mention of pyetitis
Classifica- tion Number.		144		1	145	146								147			
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-		:	16	60		9	-	1
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149 Other accidents of childbirth a. Other accidents of childbirth 150 Other or unspecified diseases of	childbirth and the puer- perium	diseases ISEASES OF CELLULAR	Carbuncle, boils Cellulitis, acute abscess Other diseases of the skin and	tissue XIII. DISEASES OF THE BONES AND ORGANS OF	MOVEMENT (15- Osteomyelitis and per b. Chronic c. Unspecified	Othe	a. Diseases of the joints (except tuberculosis-17 b, and rheumatism-58, 59).	FORMATIONS (157) Congenital malformations a. Congenital hydroce- phalus
149	3	38	151 152 153			156	Constitute of the same of the	157

(Contd.)

Table of Deaths for 1941 arranged in accordance with the International List (Fifth Revision, 1938)

Total.	110	9			25	2043	14
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Мочетьег.	-:-	:			:	182	-
October.	: ! : 62	60			4	202	-
September	:::"	:			5	158	
August.	:::	1			:	144	1
July.	1 :: 8	1				171	:
June.	111	:		,	∞	171	7.0
May.	::128	:			9	146	:
April.	.::	:			65	154	-
March.	: -:				3	139	:
February.	1111	1,			14	125	1
January.	: 1 : 63	1			2	194	cs
Causes of Death.	ma ma	j. Unspecined congenitations malformations	XV. DISEASES PECULIAR TO THE FIRST YEAR OF LIFE (158 to 161)	(See other causes of infantile mortality e.g., Nos. 119, 157, etc.)	Congenital debility Still - hirths	d) birth	a. Intra-cranial or spinal haemorrhage due to injury at birth
Olassifi- cation Number.					158	160	

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: -	- :: ÷	62 63	es —	152
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11	. : :	97 ::	- :	125
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:::	111	25 65	- :	210
With mention of opertion Without mention operation	b. Other intra-cramal or spinal injuries at birth bb. Without mention of operation c. Other birth injuries Other diseases peculiar to the first year of life a. Asphyxia during or after	birth, atelectasis b. Intoxication due to maternal toxaemia c Infections of the new-born including non-syphilitic	d. Melaena neonatorum e. Other specified diseases (including gangrene or haemorrhage of umbilicus, icterus neonatorum, acute catarrhal hepatitis)	XVI. SENILITY, OLD AGE. (162) Senility, old age a. Old age b. Senility with mention of senile dementia
	161	1		162

VITAL STATISTICS.

STATEMENT No. XVIII. (Contd.)

Table of Deaths for 1941 arranged in accordance with the International List (Fifth Revision, 1938)

Total.				7		3	06	200	1	1	cs.
December.				65		-	1	9	:	:	:
Мочетрег				:		-		4 00	1	:	:
October.				:		1	c	2 70			:
September				-				9	:		:
August.				:		:		22.20			1
July.			24	:	THE PERSON NAMED IN			9		-	:
June.		4		:				5			:
May.				63			,				:
LirqA.				:				16			:
March.				1				1 9			:
February.				1		:	,	1 20			-
January.				:				55 70			:
Causes of Death.	XVII. VIOLENT OR ACCI- DENTAL DEATHS (163 to 198)	Suicide.	Suicide by poisoning a. Suicide by solid or liquid	toxic or corrosive sub-	ad. By other or unspecified	solid or liquid poisons	Other forms of suicide a. Suicide by hanging or	b. Suicide by drowning	Suicide by fire-arms a	fb. Other suicide by	Homicide by other or unspecified means (ages 1 year and over)
Classifica- tion tion Vumber-			163				164	100			168

	es	r 0	2000	6
	1.	63	: 4- :	1
	-	- :	7::	:
		-	7 ::	1
	1	:	. 4 ::	cs.
	-	1 8	. ∞- :	1
	1	:	: 2:	1
	1	:	-	:
-	1	-	:	65
	1	:	: " : :	8
	1	1		:
		:	. ∞ ⊢ ∞	:
	1	:	: :	:
Accidental Deaths. (Or deaths not known to be due to suicide or homicide) (As far as possible deaths due to occupational accidents should be stated apart under each heading) 169 Accidents on railways (and on tramways circulating on special tracks not on roads or streets), including pedestrians killed by trains and victims of collisions between trains	vehicles excepted—170 a) 170 Automobile accidents (all accidents in which motor-driven road vehicles are involved alone or in collision with trains, tramcars, other road vehicles or all other users of	Oth		piercing instruments
691	170	179	181 183	601

VITAL STATISTICS.

Table of Deaths for 1941 arranged in accordance with the International List (Fifth Revision, 1938.)

12 9									
Total.	=======================================	-	1	00	63	13	1		3926
December.	- :	:	:	:	:	:	:		284
лофшото И	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		307
October	:	:	:		:	:	:		307
September	3	:	:	60	1	3	:		271
August.	-	:	:	:	;	:	:		293
July.	:	1	.:	:	:	:	:		350
June.	65	:	:	2	1	62	-		331
May.	-	:	:	:	:	;	:		410
.lirq.A	1	:	:	63	:	4	:		345
Матсh.	-	:	:	1	:	:	:		311
February.	:	:	1	:	:	3	:		297
January.	1	:		:		1	:		420
Causes of Death.	186 Accidental injury by 'fall, crush- ing, landslide, etc	Excessive heat	currents and to electric	Attack by venomous animals	accide		198 Legal executions	XVIII. ILL-DEFINED CAUSES OF DEATH (199 and 200)	Causes of death unstated or ill-defined.
Classifica- tion Mumber.	186	191		194			198	FILER	200

VITAL STATISTICS.

Showing births and deaths from some of the principal diseases during the past 12 years.

1	Still-births.	1260	1318	1326	1380	1378	1414	1415	1400	1321	1402	1403	1237
Deathsof Children between 1 & 5 years.	Death-rate.	88.1	61.3	8.89	7.19	63.4	71.3	0.29	74.9	72.9	2.98	F6.99	100
Deaths dren b	Deaths.	3633	3767	3609	4154	3893	4380	3990	4611	4476	5325	4110	5,308
H.	Death-rate.	243.9	248.3	236.5	264.4	228.2	223.9	216.5	8.022	222.1	241.62	205.70	508.84
Infantile mortality under 1 year	Deaths.	6258	6391	6622	7540	6424	6948	6318	6836	1889	7651 2	6837 2	6,847
	Death-rate.	13.0	6.8	8.2	6.5	9.01	9.11	11.7	12.1	11.4	13.5	10-94	9.13
Respira- tory Diseases.	Deaths.	6331	5743	5509	5967	6905	7463	7546	7831	7389	8566	0802	7,095
tery oea.	Death-rate.	8.9	4.5	4.1	4.1	3.1	3.6	3.4	3.3	3.6	2.60	5.18	4.64
Dysentery and Diarrhoea.	Deaths.	3056	2746	2644	2670	2008	2320	2208	2133	2308	3624	3352	3,838
ine.	Death-rate.	:	:	0.003	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:
Plague.	Deaths.	-		-	:	:	:	1	=:	:		:	:
er ious ses,	Death-rate.	8.0	2.1	2.5	8.0	1.8	6.0	6.0	8.0	2.0	89.0	0.74	0.53
Other infectious diseases.	Deaths.	411	1347	1403	519	1163	607	601	538	455	441	481	411
rs.	Death-rate.	3.6	3.0	2.7	3.3	3.4	3.89	8.7	3.1	3.4	3.56	2.96	2.96
Other Fevers.	Deaths.	2097	1914	1747	2185	2242	2491	1799	2036	2183	2108	1918	2,302
uria.	Death-rate.	0.2	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.56	0.18	0.12	80.0	10.0	0.04	0.04
Mala	Desths.	283	277	165	140	193	167	113	78	50	43	29	30
= :	Death-rate.	0.4	0.04	0.3	60	0.5	0.00	0.002	0.3	561 0.87	0.41	0.02	900.0
Small.	Deaths.	188	24	176	137	131	59	60	196		268	31	5
era.	Death-rate.	80.0	0.5	80.0	0.1	0.3	0.55	0.55	0.36	90.0	2 0.003	:	1
Cholera.	Deaths.	43	153	10	9 62	3, 166	3 145	9 140	7 232	36			-
	Death-rate.	43.2	35.8	34.4	37	36.6	38.6	36.6	39.7	40.6	46.05	10.36	35-64
Deaths.	Registered exclusive of still-births.	22,839	23,162	22,290	24,500	23,659	24,955	23,660	25,674	26,282	29,808	26,125	27,710
	Birth-rate.	48.2	8.68	43.3	44.1	43.5	6.14	45.1	47.8	47.9	48.92	51-35	42.15
Births.	Registered exclusive of still-births.	25,662	25,738	27,996	28,533	28,149	31,031	29,189	30,958	30,985	31,665	33,238	32,770
	Years.	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937	1938	1939	1940	1941

TABLE B.

Showing births, deaths and infantile deaths and rates for different communities in 1940 and 1941

	1 2							4
TOTAL PARTY	Death Infantile Death Peath rate	29.41	106-22	164.85	205-34	243-32		205-70
	Infantile Deaths	Table 1	41	257	5,773	765	2	6,837
40	Death	5.59	21.68	28.65	41-91	41-72	1.72	40.36
1940	Total number of Deaths	30	231	1,144	21,803	2,922	5	26,125
	Birth	9.49	36-22	39.09	54.05	44.80	-:	51-35
	Total number or Births	34	386	1,559	38,115	3,144		13,238
	Death Infantile Infantile rate rate		87.86	172.09	209-58	238-12		208-94
	Infantile Deaths	27 - 48 I	34	264	5,757	792		6,847
41	Death	:		:	:		:	35.64
1941	Total number of Deaths	25	225	1,222	23,083	3,151	4	27,710
	Birth	1	9:	:		:	:	42.15
	Total number of Births	47	387	1,534	27,473	3,326	3	32,770
Donnlotion	according to the census of 1941.		.9[dslisvA	40N			7,77,481
	Race or caste	Europeans	Anglo-Indians	Indian Christians	Hindus	Muhammadans	Others	Total

VITAL STATISTICS.

TABLE C.

Brahmins Chetties Vellala or Mudaliars									
Brahmins Chetties			1941.	1.		1000	16	1940.	
Mudaliars	ation.	Total Births.	Birth Rate.	Total Deaths.	Death Rate.	Total Births.	Birth Rate.	Total Deaths.	Death Rate.
or Mudaliars		2,686	:	1,667		2,397	40.8	1,285	.81.8
Vellala or Mudaliars		2,067	-	1,648		1,874	49.4	1,467	38-7
		3,573	:	3,073	3 :2	3,388	39-1	2,492	28-7
Balija or Naidus	abie.	2,942	:	2,410		2,317	38.4	1,853	30-7
Vanniar or Naickers	lisva t	3,886	:	3,445	1	4,149	59.6	3,250	46-7
Harijans or Adi- Dravidas	ONT	4,649	:	4,029	:	3,794	51.5	3,281	43.2
Patnavars		347	:	360	:	494	43-7	374	33.1
Yadaval or Idayers		832		765	:	880	51.7	292	45:1
Viswakarma Brahmins or Kammalars		738	:	744	:	727	46.4	581	37.1

VITAL STATISTICS.

Showing births, deaths and infantile deaths with rates by months in 1940 and 1941.

	1			16	1941					1940	40		
Months.		Total No. of Births.	Birth Rate.	Total No. of Deaths.	Death Rate.	Infantile Deaths.	Infantile Death rate Deaths. on 1000 live Births.	Total No. of Births.	Birth Rate.	Total No. of Deaths.	Death Rate.	Infantile Deaths.	Infantile Death rate on 1000 live-Births
January.	1	2,212	34.1	2,727	42.1	899	301-9	2,379	44.1	2,334	43.3	581	244-2
February.	:	2,011	31.0	2,120	32.7	428	212.8	2,281	42.3	2,055	38.1	480	210.4
March.	:	2,094	32.3	2,104	32.4	426	203.4	2,585	47-9	1,858	34.5	393	152.0
April.	:	2,493	38.5	2,178	33.6	495	9.861	2,929	54.3	2,066	38-3	527	180.0
May.	:	2,845	43.9	2,448	8.48	603	6-112	2,783	51.6	2,116	39-3	298	215.0
June.	:	2,760	42.6	2,178	33.6	564	204.4	2,596	48.1	1,982	36-8	292	218.4
July.	:	2,988	46.1	2,352	36-3	631	211-2	2,776	51.5	2,207	41.0	583	210-1
August.	:	3,007	46.4	2,083	32.1	556	184-9	3,097	57.4	2,144	39-8	999	182-8
September.	:	2,904	44.8	1,919	9.62	495	170.5	2,917	54.1	1,795	33-3	498	170-7
October.		3,327	51.5	2,331	35.9	634	9.061	2,656	49.5	1,939	35-9	493	185.6
November.	:	2,898 -	44.7	2,315	35.7	612	211.2	3,340	62.0	2,397	44.4	999	199.4
December.		3,231	49.9	2,955	45.6	735	227.5	2,899	53.8	3,232	29-9	885	305-3
Total.	:	32,770	42.15	27,710	35.64	6,847	208-94	33,238	51.35	26,125	40.36	6,837	205.0

Showing deaths among children under 1 year of age with death-rates per 1,000 live-births registered in 1940 and 1941.

	- 6 3 1			
ons.		1941	19	40
Divisions.	Infantile Mortality.	Infantile Death-rates.	Infantile Mortality.	Infantile Death-Rates.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 33 34 35 36 36 37 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38	160 115 287 316 312 98 147 54 128 100 143 85 266 161 101 104 348 174 309 199 208 96 205 97 165 165 133 163 99 166 220 183 113 170 395 158 209 109 101 85	237·4 190·1 181·2 229·0 224·6 275·3 206·2 178·2 210·5 231·0 192·7 247·8 247·0 225·8 273·0 209·3 262·6 197·5 216·8 204·5 219·2 146·1 230·1 177·7 204·2 182·1 117·0 248·5 201·6 209·1 107·0 170·9 185·6 233·2 237·2 179·4 231·9 173·3 184·0 218·5	171 111 321 340 324 103 156 58 137 79 150 69 236 153 81 121 306 204 305 188 226 105 190 101 206 169 129 136 84 162 227 157 152 152 376 147 190 109 104 102	248·2 169·5 194·9 238·4 228·9 245·8 227·1 193·3 228·3 197·0 200·5 202·9 204·7 206·2 231·4 260·7 227·7 238·9 216·7 217·8 238·0 145·2 195·7 187·7 227·8 194·4 127·2 184·8 161·9 198·8 211·4 153·5 218·4 225·2 216·7 174·2 202·9 163·2 175·4 225·7
Total.	6,847	208.94	6,837	205.70

TABLE F.

Showing infantile mortality from principal causes by months in 1941.

	BAD	Total of 1940.	581	480	393	527	298	567	583	999	498	493	999	885	6,837
	11.	Total	899	428	426	495	603	564	631	556	495	634	612	735	6,847
	lotal of 1941	Females.	320	194	182	237	267	267	898	270	233	320	279	345	3,182
	Po	Males.	348	234	244	258	336	297	363	586	262	314	333	390	3,665
		All off	132	83	7.5	62	109	105	1115	100	7.4	107	66	16	1,152
		despirat references	171	128	132	171	198	164	192	169	157	197	204	237	2,120
-		Nervo System	40	33	28	38	46	39	35	43	38	28	25	43	415
	ean:	Premat Birth	194	125	139	154	146	171	171	144	158	202	182	257	2,043
	y and	Dysenter	901	19	43	59	11	62	87	92	20	82	68	16	876
	Revers.	Other I	25	6	10	20	33	22	31	24	18	18	13	15	238
	7.	sitslsM		:	:			1	:	:		::		1	3
	*8	Measles		:		:		:	:	:	:	:	:		:
	.xog	I-llsm2		:	:	1	1	:	:	:	:	:	:		1
-		×i	:					:	:	:			:		Total
-		Months.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	

VITAL STATISTICS.

Showing percentage of infantile deaths from principal causes in 1941.

Total	.oitsA	8.02	14.0	33-9	31.3	100.0
I-4-TI	Total.	1,429	959	2,317	2,142	6,847
All other causes	Ratio.	5.7	6.4	18.6	14:5	12.9
204+0 II V	Total	85	19	431	310	884
tory system.	.oiteA	5.8	7.5	38-7	51.9	30-9
-sriqsəA	Total	41	72	968	1,111	2,120
system.	Ratio.	2.7	5.0	10-2	4.3	6.1
Nervous	Total.	38	48	236	93	415
debility & malforma- tion.		8.98	2-92	13.6	1:1	33.8
Premature birth, congenital	Total.	1,240	731	316	24	2,311
and Diarrhoea.	Ratio.	1.7	3.5	14.9	22.0	12.8
Dysentery	Total	24	34	346	472	928
Fevers.	Ratio.	0.3	1.4	3.9	6.1	3.5
Other	Total.	4	13	16	130	238
.siralaM	Ratio.	:	:	:	0.1	0.03
oiroloM	Total.	:	:	:	65	65
Measles.	Ratio.	:	:	:	:	:
Sologoy	Total.	:	:	:	:	:
-yod-monic	Ratio.	:	:	0.04	:	0.01
Small-pox.	Total.	:	:	-	:	1
Age-periods.		Under 7 days	Over 7 days and under one month	Over one month and under 6 months	Over 6 months and under	Total

		100	to the				l Num	ber of cinated.	vaccina-	Tribus.	F	Primary
			ding		ators.	Tersor	is vac	anated.			Total	
Divisions.	Distr	icts.	Population according census of 1941.	Number of Depots.	Number of Vaccinators	Males.	Females.	Total.	Average No. of Persons ted by each Vaccinato	Males.	Females.	Total.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 36 37 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38		Total				3,088 1,260 2,474 2,262 3,632 2,597 1,592 5,275 1,495 3,486 1,564 1,804 2,246 3,241 2,408 2,094 4,814 4,493 4,306 2,384 2,444 2,026 3,189 2,487 2,233 3,009 2,519 2,141 1,887 2,798 3,310 2,579 2,421 1,956 4,890 3,573 2,675 2,498 1,917 1,714	2,427 1,500 2,170 2,424 3,466 1,528 875 1,556 1,512 1,368 1,116 1,220 2,015 2,986 1,272 1,439 3,904 2,752 4,591 2,284 2,338 1,975 2,357 1,682 1,964 2,139 2,320 2,856 2,461 1,657 1,982 1,	5,515 2,760 4,644 4,686 7,098 4,125 2,467 6,831 3,007 4,854 2,680 3,024 4,261 6,227 3,680 3,533 8,718 7,245 8,897 4,668 4,782 4,001 5,546 4,077 5,496 3,594 4,105 4,026 5,118 6,166 5,040 4,078 3,341 8,576 6,294 4,480 2,983 2,835		390 273 606 580 737 232 363 176 304 211 398 183 500 376 222 309 718 422 579 418 380 321 547 287 400 486 213 324 315 371 645 379 742 788 521 375 320 278	395 288 602 543 751 243 351 196 274 208 330 190 539 428 243 299 586 422 604 412 351 322 506 256 369 466 187 321 288 384 611 293 283 338 709 648 476 380 263 246	785 561 1,208 1,123 1,488 475 714 372 578 419 728 373 1,039 804 465 608 1,304 844 1,183 830 731 643 1,053 543 769 952 400 645 603 755 1,256 642 639 717 1,451 1,436 997 755 583 524
		Total	7,77,481	17	80	1,08,781	83,702	1,92,483	2406	16,394	15,601	31,995

Vaccin	ations.				Re-va	accinat	tions.	Percei of su ful ca which results kno	ntage ccess- ses in h the	1 40	Annual persons cessfully nated the pre-	No. of s suc- vacci- during vious	Annu of d from pox the p	erage al No. eaths Small- during revious years.	ful vaccination.
Under one year.	One year and under six years.	Six years and above.	Total.	Unknown.	Total.	Successful.	Unknown.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.	Persons successfully vac per 1,000 of population.	Number.	Ratio per 1,000 of population.	Number.	Ratio per 1,000 of population.	Average cost of each successful vaccination.
527 377 939 900 1,072 324 543 239 419 272 517 242 747 582 317 382 1,006 680 1,009 699 638 478 789 441 654 744 302 530 460 491 936 508 482 557 1,129 1,115 656 507 355 367	232 163 232 192 372 125 163 103 159 113 211 131 289 188 119 176 224 140 173 125 87 160 203 60 63 116 52 90 103 255 298 118 146 143 312 315 322 221 169 126	14 18 24 21 33 8 6 9 3 17 19 23 4 15 15 15 14 4 28 14 15 16 6 6 17 27 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	773 558 1,195 1,113 1,477 457 706 348 578 394 728 373 1,039 787 455 581 1,234 835 1,183 829 730 642 1,049 506 731 875 368 624 565 754 1,248 641 636 715 1,447 1,436 995 755 542 498	9 26 17 319 25 12 7 18 48 8 1 1 3 29 18 64 23 15 30 21 16 21 16 21 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 1	4,730 2,199 3,436 3,563 5,610 3,650 1,753 6,459 2,429 4,435 1,952 2,651 3,222 5,423 3,215 2,925 7,414 6,401 7,714 3,838 4,051 3,358 4,493 3,626 3,308 4,544 3,194 3,460 3,423 4,363 4,363 4,910 4,398 3,439 2,624 7,125 4,858 3,859 3,725 2,400 2,311	122 116 61 98 178 213 77 216 35 213 93 117 70 399 131 230 251 212 266 202 232 139 254 142 151 225 242 102 95 241 369 324 168 98 267 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 18	2,126 755 1,472 504 1,168 1,606 428 4,721 289 2,615 69 118 553 2,519 1,658 868 2,761 3,136 1,352 707 871 888 733 2,543 1,831 2,975 1,719 1,205 1,347 1,200 634 1,156 856 697 1,579 842 2,109 669 912 996	97·3 98·5	4·7 8·0 3·1 3·2 4·0 10·4 5·8 12·4 1·7 11·7 5·0 4·6 2·6 13·7 8·4 11·2 5·4 6·0 4·2 6·5 7·3 5·7 7·0 13·1 10·2 14·4 14·4 16·4 16·5				The state of the s		Rs. 1-5-9
23,932	6,989	479	31,400	409	1,60,488	6,878	55,187	99.4	6.5	49.3	49,725	64.0	212	0.27	

VACCINATION.

Showing vaccinations performed in the city of Madras by months during 1941.

STATEMENT NO. II.

or medias by months during 1941.	Revaccinations.	Males. Females. Total. Success Un- Un- ful. ful.	9,746 6,760 16,506 608 10,127 5,771	8,814 7,237 16,051 568 9,092 6,391	9,194 7,011 16,205 630 8,847 6,728	7,752 6,271 14,023 571 7,840 5,612	7,158 5,357 12,515 542 7,725 4,248	6,758 5,153 11,911 557 7,469 3,885	7,800 5,703 13,503 764 8,657 4,082	8,065 5,449 13,514 721 8,573 4,220	7,339 5,357 12,696 588 8,551 3,557	7,513 5,645 13.158 557 8,336 4,265	7,229 4,201 11,430 420 7,245 3,765	5,019 3,957 8,976 352 5,961 2,663	92,387 68,101 1.60,488 6.878 98,423 55,187	
for our manner of	Primary Vaccinations.		Un- success- ful. Un- known.	19	50	13	31	55	23	6	11	12	-	6	10	186
		Total. Success-ful.	2,601 2,561	2,724 2,683	2,955 2,909	2,747 2,682	2,209 2,098	2,610 2,551	2,641 2,600	2,643 2,604	2,433 2,410	2,786 2,761	2,746 2,730	2,900 2,811	31,995 31,400	
Dilowing vaccinations	Primar	Females. To	1,241	1,356	1,422	1,378	1,056	1,328	1,287	1,273	1,192	1,337	1,323	1,408	15,601 3	
		Males.	1,360	1,368	1,533	1,369	1,153	1,282	1,354	1,370	1,241	1,449	1,423	1,492	16,394	
		Months.	January	February	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Total	

VACCINATION.

STATEMENT No. III.

Showing the number of births (divisional and hospital) verified and the number of infants vaccinated under one year of age during 1941.

	Total Births excluding still-births.		Deaths under one year of age without being vaccinated.		Numl	per of	Numbinfa vacci under	per of ants nated r one	Perce vacci to l	ntage of nations pirths stered.
Divisions.	Divisional.	Hospital.	Divisional.	Hospital.	Divisional.	Hospital.	Divisional.	Hospital.	Divisional.	Hospital.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33 33	349 306 769 924 1105 291 501 165 378 245 493 272 712 413 213 319 949 669 1008 604 615 215 472 259 445 318 208 260 292 521 599 385 341	271 277 424 420 218 111 212 131 243 163 259 88 383 251 139 144 268 169 371 305 336 506 459 246 375 490 118 432 165 282 412 341 279	39 41 114 95 112 59 83 33 51 38 69 40 83 69 28 49 168 81 133 86 103 30 46 37 108 70 37 40 43 84 102 41 40	48 21 61 77 18 14 25 21 36 32 50 16 35 41 11 15 50 24 79 47 38 58 69 23 21 47 10 69 20 56 55 56 55	310 265 655 829 993 232 418 132 327 207 424 232 629 344 185 270 781 588 875 518 512 185 426 222 337 248 171 220 249 437 497 344 301	223 256 363 343 200 97 187 110 207 131 209 72 348 210 128 129 218 145 292 258 298 448 390 223 354 443 108 363 145 231 323 285 224	175 180 403 716 598 153 274 89 189 125 262 126 343 172 104 182 583 421 693 344 374 100 330 163 261 188 114 172 193 301 275 219 164	106 102 116 199 56 63 138 67 95 59 95 30 186 108 64 53 113 81 150 121 189 158 263 131 215 363 50 273 94 121 155 109 82	50·1 59·0 52·4 77·5 54·1 52·6 54·7 54·0 50·0 51·0 53·2 46·3 48·2 41·6 48·8 57·1 61·4 63·0 68·7 57·0 61·0 46·5 70·0 63·0 58·7 59·1 54·8 66·2 66·1 57·0 48·1	39·1 37·0 27·0 48·0 25·6 57·0 65·1 51·1 39·1 36·2 36·7 34·1 48·6 43·0 46·0 36·8 42·2 50·0 40·5 40·0 56·3 31·2 57·3 57·3 74·1 42·4 63·2 57·0 43·0 30·0 30·0
34 35 36 37 38 39	451 754 369 589 521 365	224 656 407 295 149 184	82 80 52 86 44 67	37 85 43 58 15 34	369 674 317 503 477 298	187 571 364 237 134 150	259 373 193 333 210 173	93 238 213 113 54 70	57·4 49·5 52·3 56·5 40·3 47·4	41.5 36.3 52.3 38.3 36.2 38.1
40 Total	247 18,911	137 11,340	2,714	35 1,634	196 16,197	9,706	108	5,032	44·0 56·2	33.6

VACCINATION.

Showing the number of Births verified and the number of infants vaccinated under one year of age during 1939, 1940 and 1941.

STATEMENT No. IV.

	LiV		,	
Number of children in column 5 whose vaccination was postponed beyond one year of age for medical reasons.	8	397	720	466
Percentage of column 6 to column 5	7	85.7	9.4.8	82.5
Number of children in column 5 who were vaccinated before they attained the age of one year.	9	4,510	11,981	10,635
Number of children in column 2 who were available for vaccination (column 2 minus columns 3 & 4)	22	12,990	13,674	12,898
Number of children in column 2 who left the City before attaining the age of one year and without being vaccinated.	4	2,979	3,938	3,299
Number of children in column 2 who died who left the before attain- ling the age of attaining the one year without being vaccinated.	60	2,788	3,000	2,714
Total number of Births excluding still-births	63	18,757	20,612	18,911
Year.	1	Divisional	1940 Divisional	Divisional
		8661	1940	1941

SANITATION.

STATEMENT No. I.

Showing areas sewered and yet to be sewered.

Division No. (old.)	Name of Areas.		Length of sewers in ft. laid during 1941	Length of sewers laid upto 31-12-1941	Percentage of sewered portion upto 31-12-41	Percentage yet to be sewered.	Remarks.
1	Royapuram		4	48,127	93	% 7	
2	Tondiarpet		687	47,646	86	14	
3	Washermanpet		2,177	59,460	98	14 2	
4	Korrukkupet			30,459	73	27	
5	Harbour			30,771	94	6	
6	Muthialpet			27,001	97	6 3 8	
7	Katchaleeswaranpet			35,920	92	8	
8	Kothwal Bazaar			23,345	100		
9	Amman Koil			27,687	100		
10	Seven Wells			29,305	100		
11	Sowcarpet			18,379	100		
12	Peddu Naickenpet			33,171	99	1	
13	Trevelyan Basin			32,171	97	3	
14	Esplanade			10,586	90	10	
15	Park Town			21,534	95	5	
16	Perambur			51,149	71	29	
17	Choolai		2,202	51,331	77	23	
18	Purasawalkam			54,659	99	1 7	
19	Vepery		1,748	49,992	93	7	
20	Egmore			1,03,176	991	4	
21	Kilpauk		327	83,666	921	74	
22	Nungambakkam	***	2,860	1,31,866	91	9	
23	Chintadripet			42,392	90	10	
24	Thiruvateeswaranpet			56,379	91	9 9	
25	Chepauk		2 100	22,506	91	6	
26	Triplicane		2,460	33,384	94	10	
27	Amir Mahal		0.0	29,899	90	10	
28	Mirsahibpet		. 83	1,01,464	99½ 92	8	
29	Royapettah	*	32,929	1,39,698	92 95	5	
30	Mylapore			1,23,431	90	3	
	Tota	1	. 45,829	15,50,554	92.63	7:37	

Showing the disposal of applications relating to licences.

-		42		-		-
Serial Number.	Description.	No. of cases dealt with.	No. Sanctioned.	No. Refused.	No. Pending.	Remarks.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	Aerated Water and Ice Factories Baker, Sweet-meat and Coffee hotels. Candles and Soaps Cocoanut fibre, Flax, Hemp & Jute Cattle Yards Bones, Hoofs, Hairs, Wool and Horns. Cart Stand Dairy Produce Flour Gilding and Condiments Hack-stables Dyeing Onion and Garlie Oil, Oil Mills Lodging Houses Markets Meat Spirits, Turpentine, Chemicals and Rosin Laundries Fish and Fins Skins, Hides, and Leather Paddy Boiling Sugar Catgut, Offal and Tallow Snuff Cotton Eating Houses Swine Lime Kilns Beedy manufacturing Manufacturing of Cigars & Cigarettes Camphor, storage and boiling Shaving Saloons Husking of paddy Groundnut storage Grain storage Gold refining Poultry	176 47 14 180 3 23 10 110 34 1,976 41 191 79 25 755 30 57		1 107 2 4 91 1 3 4 5 18 1 7 8 1 16 2 4 9 16 2 121 13 222 7 1 14 3 3	4	
- 19	Total	7,853	7,364	483	6	

SANITATION.

STATEMENT No. III.

Showing unwholesome articles of food destroyed.

Appams, Idlies and other rice pr	eparations		2,091	Basket
Beef			902	lbs.
Bread			1,123	Nos.
Butter			128	lbs.
Butter-milk			178	Pots.
Coffee and tea			3,116	Kettles
Curd			131	Pots.
Eggs			2,726	Nos.
Fish (dried)			560	Basket
Fish (raw)			576	Basket
Fruits	***		9,557	Nos.
			700	Basket
			93	Trays.
Ghee			54	Tins.
Goat-heads			176	Nos.
Goat-legs '			576	Nos.
Grains			180	Basket
Greens			415	Basket
Milk		***	250	Measu
Mutton (raw)	,		863	Seers.
Mutton (cooked)			1,830	Plates.
Pork			461	lbs.
Prawns			310	Basket
Preserved food-stuffs			360	Tins.
Sweet meat			133	Visses
			544	Trays.
Syrup and aerated waters			2,339	Bottle
Trash			1,034	Basket
Trust	The part of the last		1,154	Trays.
			2,934	Nos.
Vegetables			2,248	Basket
• egetables	THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T	1000	850	Nos.

MEDICAL RELIEF.

STATEMENT No. I.

Showing cases treated in Corporation Dispensaries in 1941.

Serial No.	Name of Dispensary.		New	Total cases t	Total No. of Operations Performed.		Remarks.	
Seria	20 Mile \$	Year in which the Dispensary was opened.	cases	1941	1940	1941	1940	Ren
1	Royapuram Dispy.	1924	43,411	1,36,220	1,24,884	498	308	
2	Washermanpet ,	1019		1,44,695	1,35,440	131	479	
3	Hanhoun			1,97,564	1,92,398	443	393	
4	Manualer IInoni			91,629	1,27,523	43	67	
5	Mafralaham			1,07,576	1,13,157	276	318	
6	Mint Obmost			1,51,976	1,64,818	892	711	
7	m. Danin	, 1919	78,500	1 60,234	1,58,923	544	552	
8	Donombun	, 1928	39,323	89,780	98,345	445	655	
9	Warney and dry	, 1929	35,159		78,432	682	654	
10	Kosapet ,		44,854		82.272		1138	
11	Baliah Naidu ,			1,05,029	1,11.267	555	581	
12	Kilpauk		49,881		89,976	215	182	
13		,, 1923			74,796	81	78	
14		,, 1909		1,49,126	1,45,312	612	727	
15	Pudupakkam			1,15,778	1,24,036	1617		
16				1,11,428	1,14,348	465	425	
17		,, 1927			66,062	482	574	
18	Thyagarayanagar		31,024		88.060	208		Shifted from Pulianthope.
19	Mylapore			1,24,256	1,78,433	733	1015	
20	Pulianthope Unani	,, 1930	40,454	1,03,689	1,05,897	186	160	
21	Choolai Siddha	,, 1931	68,478	1,57,683	1.60,124	199	188	
22	Thousandlights	The same		100000000000000000000000000000000000000		100000		
	Ayurvedic	,, 1930	26,899	59,285	56,718	316	217	
23	Thayar Sahib					1		
			52,085		1,43,304	139	112	
24	Egmore	,, 1923	23,866		56,493	137	233	Shifted from
25	Perambur Siddha	,, 1938			1.00,364	119	113	Mannady.
26	Krishnampet	,, 1938			73,991	136	177	
27	Pudunot	,, 1939	29,870	72,112	81,788	54	89	

STATEMENT No. II.

Shawing skin and leprosy work done at the Ice House Road Skin and Leprosy Clinic and other

MEDICAL RELIEF.

Corporation Dispensaries during 1941.

1			TB 1				LATRO						
	10.7	N	Averag dinom attendar	3,598	424	11,308	15,330						
	Well	ni ass	Yearly T attendance & old sk leprosy c	43,177	2,090	1,35,693	450 1,83,960						
	Skin Diseases.		No. of injections for skin cases.	450	910	1	450						
	Skin D		No. of new skin cases.	11,470	1,454	89,032	12,2901,01,956						
1			No. of injections performed	6,681	3,636	1,973	12,290						
		ţ.	Number "other- wise".	129	52		:						
	k.	Results of Treatment.	Number in "Arrested Stage."	ro	24	:	:						
	y Wor	of Tre	Number symptom- free.	15	65	: 1	:						
	Lepros	Results	Number improved.	180	37	:	:						
	Details of Leprosy Work	R	Number cured.	le più	191	:							
	Det	pes.	ypes.	ypes.	Types.	ypes.	ypes.	ypes.	No.of non- infective cases.	:37	41	: .	,
		Tyl	No of infective cases.	92	7.5	i i	1						
		Y8	New lepros	329	116	103	548						
		Date of opening.		ad sy 2-2-1934	4-8-1931	1935							
	12.3		Name of the Institution.	Ice House Road Skin & Leprosy Clinic	Vysarpady Clinic	Other Corporation Dispensaries	Grand Total						

MEDICAL RELIEF.

STATEMENT No. III A.

Showing new cases treated in the venereal clinic.

Year.	Males.	Females.	Children.	Total.
1938	632	138		770
1939	930	151		1,081
1940	1,276	259	·	1,535
1941	1,302	400	38	1,740

STATEMENT No. III B.

Showing total cases with daily averages in the venereal clinic.

Year.	Males.	Females.	Children.	Total.	Daily Average.
1938	10,436	1,932		12,368	33.9
1939	16,242	1,666		17,908	49.0
1940	21,517	2,433		23,950	65.6
1941	19,181	4,071	189	23,441	64.2

STATEMENT No. III C. Showing clinical work done at the venereal clinic.

Year.	Bloods taken & examined.	Swears examined.	Injections given.	
1938	338	884	1,634	171.3
1939	770	959	2,359	
1940	1,161	981	2,848	
1941	1,230	959	2,852	

Showing the number of cases admitted, discharged and died under various diseases in the Infectious Diseases Hospital, Tondiarpet, during 1941.

	Total	10	643	629	18	653 2-8	9
	Other Diseases	60	49	48	3	5.8	1
	Vaccinia	:	65	63	:	65 :	:
	ogiteqmI	:	65	60	:	eo :	:
	Gastro Entritis	:	56	51	5	56	:
	Diphtheria		3	63	-	33.3	:
	Meningitis	:	:	:	:	:	:
1341.	Secondary syphilis	:	50	5		, ro :	:
	Influenza	(:	-	-		-:	:
gurma	B. Dysentery	:	6	2	63	9 22.23	:
hon'	Pyrexia of unkown origin	:	60	60		eo :	
Tomara	airalaM	:	-	:	-	100	;
	Enteric Fever	:		-	:	-:	:
	Pneumonia	:	4	60	1	4 25.0	:
Hospital,	Whooping cough	:	:	:	:	::	:
	sduny	:	17	17	:	17	:
case	Diarrhoea	:	11	11	:	= :	;
	Dysentery	:	:	:	:	::	:
ano.	Cholera	:	:	:	:	::	:
-	Measles	-	152	152	-	153	:
-	Оріскеп-рох	9	298	599	:	304	5
	Small-pox	:	28	24	4	lst 28 304 14·3	
	Details	Patients remaining in the hospital on 31st December 1940	from 1st Jan. 1941 to 31st Dec. 1941	Total number discharged from 1st Jan. 1941 to 31st Dec. 1941	Total number died from 1st Jan. 1941 to 31st Dec. 1941	Total number treated from 1st Jan. 1941 to 31st Dec. 1941 Mortality (per cent) Patients remaining in the hosni-	tal on 31st December 1941

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STATEMENT No. V.

MEDICAL RELIEF.

Showing the number of cases admitted, discharged and died under various diseases in the Krishnampet Infectious Diseases Hospital during 1941.

			- 1.				
Total.	9	299	305	258	56	8.52	21
Other diseases.	69	68	92	02	20	21-74	65
Diphtheria.	:		1	1	:	:	. :
Oerebro Spinal Meningitis.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Secondary syphilis.	:	60	3	3	:	:	:
Pulmonary tuber-		50	5	2	2	40.00	-
Kala Azar	:	:	:	:	1	:	
Pyrexia of unknown origin.	:	- 4	:	:	:	:	40:
Malaria.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Enteric fever.	:	es	63	1	:	:	-
Pneumonia.	:	- 41 :	:	:	:	:	
Whooping cough.		65	2	23	:	:	:
Mumps.	:	15	15	15	:	:	:
Diarrhoea.	:			-	:	:	
Dysentery.	:	10	10	9	4	40.00	
Cholera.	:	-	1	1	:	:	
Measles.	:	57	57	51	:	:	9
Chicken-pox.	60	114	117	106		:	11
Small-pox.			:	:	:	:	
Details.	Patients remaining in the hospital on 31st December 1940	Patients admitted from 1st January 1941 to 31st Dec. 1941	Total number treated	Total number discharged	Total number died	Mortality rate per cent	Patients remaining in the hospital on 31st December 1941

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MEDICAL RELIEF.

STATEMENT No. VI.

Showing the Vaccinal Conditions of Small-pox patients treated in the Infectious Diseases Hospital, Tondiarpet.

Age.	Vaccinated as evidenced by the pre- sence of one or more vaccination cicatrix.	Stated to have been successfully vaccinated but no vaccination cicatrix present.	Stated to be un- vaccinated or vacci- nated unsuccess- fully and no vacci- nation cicatrix present.	Previously unvaccinated but vaccinated during incubation period.	Stated to have been successfully re-vaccinated.
Under 1 year 2 years 3 " 4 " 5 "		ïi	1 	1 	
6 " 7 " 8 " 9 " 10 " 11 " 12 "	2 1	 	ï i 		
13 ", 14 ", 15 ", 20 ", 25 ",	 5 3 6 2		ï		
35 ,, 40 ,, 50 ,, 60 ,, 70 ,,	1 	i i 			
80 ,, & upwards. Total	20	3	4	1	

MEDICAL RELIEF.

STATEMENT No. VII.

Showing the number of admissions in the Infectious Diseases Hospital.

Tondiarpet, according to nationality and sex during 1941

Nationality	Males	Females
Hindus	 362	169
Muhammadans	 9	3
Europeans and Anglo-Indians	 20	16
Others	 41	23
Total	 432	211

MEDICAL RELIEF.

STATEMENT No. VIII.

Showing the number of admissions in the Krishnampet Infectious Diseases Hospital according to nationality and sex during 1941

Nationality			Males	Females
Europeans			 15	3
Hindus			 119	68
Muhammadans			 15	5
Others	-		 51	23
		Total	 200	99

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FUICAL INSPECT	TOTAL TOTAL
TEDICAL INSPECT	TOTAL TOTAL
TEDICAL INSPECT	TOTAL TOTAL
MEDICAL INSPECT	TOTAL TOTAL
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MEDICAL INSPECT	TOTAL TOTAL
MEDICAL INSPECT	TOTAL TOTAL

	rks.	Кета																
	Total of entrants & regulars.	ntage.	Perce	1.35	8.70	2.95	0.13	1:14	0.00	0.36	0.05	0.88	0.30	60.0	7.48	2.75	0.38	0.30
	Tot entra regr	o. ctive.	Defe	157	2018	344	133	1001	12	42	100	32	35	1100	1/0	44	35	
	ė		1940-41	1.28			0.35	1.58	0.12	0.55	60.0	0.77	0.31	0.11	8.33	5.69		0.58
rls.	Regulars	Percentage.	1941-42	3.59								0.25			7.40	5.89		0.38
Girls.		o. ctive.	Defe	78	579	188	12	282	2	280	:	45	15	7	464	181	: 3	24
	ž,	ntage.	1940-41	3.80	7.93	2.51	0.17	0.87	0.03	0.31	0.02	1:15	0.54	0.12	82.9	2.31	1.23	0.19
	Entrants	Percentage	1941-42	1.47	8.07	2.90	90.0	1.05	0.04	0.56	1.04	1.06	0.37	20.0	7.57	2.59	28.0	0.50
		o. ctive.	Defe	79	434	156	3	55	25.0	14	0,5	57	20	4	407	139	44	11
1	Total of ntrants & regulars.		Регсе	14-22 11-40	15.18	3.21	0.51	1.53	0.05	0.81	0.04	1.72	4.27	0.30	10.76	5.57	1.49	0.34
100	Total centrants regular		No. Defective.		2221	374	- 24	178	900	95	5	201	498	35	1255	650	174	40
			1940-41	10.97	17.07	3.65	0.58	2.33	0.08	0.00	0.07	1.58	3.00	0.16	9.36	6.85	::	0.34
Boys.	Regulars	Percentage	1941-42	12.03			0.56	1.69	0.09									0.38
Bo		.evite.	Nefec	792	1268	214	17	11	4.	59	23	105	974	16	694	344	:	25
	sć.	1000	1940-41	13.67	15.86	3.47	0.56	2.64	000	0.95	20.0	2.57	3.53	0.55	9.03	8-93	2.17	0.30
	Entrants.	Percentage.	1941-42	17.05	15.82	3.15	0.14	1.35	0.04	0.71	90-0	1.89	4.41	0.37	11.04	6.02	3.42	0.30
		o. o.	Defec	866	953	_	~	9		0.0			224		45.0	306	-	. 15
	Defects.		Malnutrition Dirty head, body & nails	Nose & Throat	sease	:	seases	:	Circulatory System	sisolu	Respiratory System	Bones and Joints	nic systems	Infectious & contagious diseases	Other diseases and defects	ation		
				Malnutrition Dirty head,	Teeth &	Eye disease	Vision	Ear diseases	Hearing	Circula	Tuberculosis	Respir	Bones	Nervot	Infecti	Other o	Vaccination	Detormities
-	No.			100	€ 4	120	9	7	000	10	11	12	14	15	16	17	18	19

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APPENDIX TO STATEMENT No. I.

Group	No. on Roll.		Average daily attendance.		No. examined.		defed	o. etive.	Percentage.		
	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	
Entrants }	23,160	18,387	10,451	10,712	5,082 6,581	5,377 6,270	2,753 3,355	1,948 2,390	54·17 50·98	36·23 38·12	
Total	23,160	18,387	10,451	10,712	11,663	11,647	6,108	4,338	52.37	37.25	

MEDICAL INSPECTION.

STATEMENT No. II.

Height and Weight Table.

	Во	ys.	Gi	rls.	
Age.	Average height in inches.	Average weight in pounds.	Average height in inches.	Average weight in pounds.	Remarks
5 Years.	39.70	32.51	39.32	30.49	
6 ,,	41.03	33.24	41.06	31.49	
7 ,,	43.42	37.51	41.99	35.40	
6 ", 8 ", 9 ",	45.55	40.22	45.93	38.83	
9 ,,	46.95	44.23	46.95	42.12	
10 ,,	49.37	46.20	49.23	48.13	
11 "	51.08	49.49	50.91	52.59	
12 ,,	52.10	56.01	53.22	57.77	
13 ,,	52.92	57.99	54.88	63.38	
14 ,,	55.14	60.06	57.34	74.16	
15 ,,	56.62	68:30	58.05	79.04	
16 ,,	58.56	72.11	58.42	80.48	
17 "	62.25	91.25	60.20	87.25	
18 "	65.20	97.00	61.40	86.80	
19 ,.			61.18	87.25	
20 .,			57.85	88.60	
21 "			62.25	97.50	
22 ,,			-:::-		
23 ,,			61.50	103.00	

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MEDICAL INSPECTION.

STATEMENT No. III.

Quinquennial average of heights and weights of boys and girls.

27			e height ches.	Average weight in pounds.			
No.	Age.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.		
1	5 Years.	40.21	39.62	32.73	31.27		
2	6 ,,	41.58	41.13	34.72	33.12		
3	7 ,,	43.71	42.96	35.71	35.41		
4	8 "	45.49	45.01	40.72	39.65		
5	9 ,,	47.42	46.64	44.79	42.84		
6	10 ;,	49:36	49.22	4:91	47.62		
7	11 "	51.05	50.94	51:35	52.28		
8	12 "	52.32	52.91	55.25	56.09		
9	13 "	54.56	54.98	58-90	62-22		
10	14 . ,,	56.99	56.98	64.78	69.10		
11	15 ,,	57.44	57:57	69.66	71.51		

MEDICAL INSPECTION.

STATEMENT No. IV.

Treatment Table.

Group	No. sent to Corpora- tion Dispensaries.	No. referred to Government Hospitals.	No. referred to Oph- thalmic Hospital and eye sections of other Hospitals.	No. referred to Tuber- culosis Institute and sanatorium	No. of parents met.	No. of revisits paid to schools.	No. of re-examinations of children.	Remarks.
Boys	4,505	2,061	51	5	2,326	96	4,848	188
Girls	3,641	424	52	8	1,350	122	3,086	
Total	8,146	2,485	103	13	3,676	218	7,934	

Teeth and Mouth Table.

pue su	od lo	Total defectives girls.	215	1519	1538	14	1	37
		No. referred to Government hospitals.	13	16	7	1	:	::
	Girls.	No. sent to Corporation dispensaries.	:	:	324	:	1	
lars.		No. defective	36	553	331	1	1	
Regulars.		No. referred to Government hospitals.	95	499	:	7		3
1.8	Boys.	No. sent to Corporation dispensaries.	9	126	552	:	:	20
		No. defective	116	625	552	2	:	24
		No. referred to Government hospitals.	4	62	9	4		
*	Girls.	No. sent to Corporation dispensaries.	:	:	232		:	
ants.		No. defective	10	183	238	4	:	
Entra		No. referred to Government hospitals.	46	403		3		1
	Boys.	No. sent to Corporation dispensaries.	∞	08	417			12
		No. defective.	63	482	417	103	:	13
			:	:	:		:	-
		Defects.	Dirty teeth	Dental caries	Stomatitis	Tongue Tie	Oral Sepsis	Other conditions
		No.	-	63	3	4	25	9

N.B.—Cases not amenable to or not requiring treatment have been omitted in the treatment column.

Nose and Throat Table.

pue s.A	of bo	Total defectives girls.	281	:	3285	3	36	199	22 18
		No. referred to Government hospitals.	:		104		13	1	:"
	Girls.	No. sent to Corporation dispensaries.			866	1	:	103	
Regulars.		No. defective.	:	::	1102	1	13	104	400
Regu		No. referred to Government hospitals.	1	;:	46 3	:	7	:	10
	Boys.	No. sent to Corporation dispensaries.	118	:	344	1	:	10	15
		No. defective.	119	:	807	1	7	10	113
		No. referred to Government hospitals.	:		28	:	2		::
	Girls.	No. sent to Corporation dispensaries.	7	:	691	:	:	29	11
rants.		No. defective.	7	:	749	:	2	0.2	€ :
Entre		No. referred to Government hospitals.	:	:	269	:	6		: :
	Boys.	No. sent to Corporation dispensaries.	155	:	358	1	:	15	::
		No. defective.	155	:	627	-	6	15	e :
		Defects.	Nasal Catarrh	Nasal Polypus	Enlarged Tonsils	Granular Pharynx	Adenoids	Enlarged cervical glands	Other conditions
		No.	-	82	3	4	5	9 2	-

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N.B.—Cases not amenable to or not requiring treatment have been omitted in the treatment column,

	sá	Total defectives of bog	168 111 120 120 130 130 130 130 130 130 130 130 130 13
	ils.	No. referred to Ophthalmic hospital and Ophthalmic sections of other hospitals.	[6,∞ru-: 1-1: 1∞:: 1.6 6: 1: 1 ∞: 1 1: 1 ∞ 1: 1.6
	Girls.	No. sent to Corporation dispensaries.	24 98 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
lars	B	No. Defective	54 8 45 5 1 1 1 1 1 2 5 6 5 1 1 4 5 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Regulars.	rs.	No. referred to Ophthalmic hospital and Ophthalmic sections of other hospitals,	4 : 6 2 : : : 1 4 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
1 5	Boys.	No. sent to Corporation dispensaries.	46 : : : : : : <u>‡</u>
1	180	No. Defective.	88 : 5 : 5 : 5 : 4 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1 : 1
	Girls.	No. referred to Ophthalmic hospital and Ophthalmic sections of other hospitals.	: - 4 cs : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
	No. sent to Corporation Dispensaries.		4861 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
20	,	No. Defective.	4.827 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
Entrants		No. referred to Ophthalmic hospital and Ophthalmic sections of other hospitals.	
	Boys.	No. sent to Corporation dispensaries,	4 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
		No. Defective.	4 : 1 2 : 1 6 : 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
		Defects.	Conjunctivitis Blephiritis Granular lids Corneal opacity Corneal ulcer Staphyloma Dacryocystitis Cataract Xerosis Stye Squint Keratitis Ptosis Other conditions Defective vision
1		.o.V	10004000000000000000000000000000000000

N.B.-Cases not amenable to or not requiring treatment have been omitted in the treatment column.

Infectious Diseases Table.

sA	poi	lo	Total defective	1108 102 206 171 101 39 39 39 39 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	
			No. referred to special secs. of hospitals.	r. ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	
10000		Girls.	No. sent to Corporation dispensaries.	88. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1
-	ars.		No. Defective.	58. 44	- total
1	Kegulars		No. referred to special secs. of hospitals.		The two
		Boys.	No. sent to Corporation dispensaries.	235 488 488 211 213 111 118 111 118	1 17
-			No. defective	235 488 70 70 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71 71	
1	-		No. referred to special secs. of hospitals.	-:-::::: :: 4 :::::	
-		Girls.	No. sent to Corporation dispensaries.	320 32 26 14 1 14 1 14 1 14 1 14 1 14 1 1 1 1 1 1	
-	ants.		No. Defective.	32	
-	Entrants		No. referred to special Secs. of hospitals.	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	
-		Boys.	Oorporation Corporation dispensaries	215 327 328 328 329 321 126 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	
1		100	No. Defective.	215 326 126 127 128 118 119 119 119 119 119	
-					:
The state of the s			Defects.	07-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-	Other conditions
			No.	1004005000 10040050	0

N.B.—Cases not amenable to or not requiring treatment have been omitted in the treatment column.

Other Diseases Table,

bns and	of boy	Total defectives girls.	248 248 208 208 208 208 208 208 208 208 208 20
		No. referred to Government hospitals.	igs : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
	Girls.	No. sent to Corporation dispensaries.	17 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
lars.		No. defective.	200 :: 120 50 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Regulars		No. referred to Government hospitals.	:: L
	Boys.	No. sent to Corporation dispensaries.	T1 ::: 56 ::::: 36 :::: 11
0		No. defective.	36 131 131 131 131 131 131 131 131 131 1
1	3	No. referred to Government hospitals.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Girls.	No. sent to Corporation dispensaries.	325 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
ants.	No. defective.		217 : 1218 : 22 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
Entrants		No. referred to Government hospitals.	:: 27 :: 27 11 :: 8
	or the or strict or or strict or or strict or or strict or		8:::31333
		No. defective.	33 33 13 38 1
		Defects,	Worms Wounds, cuts, ulcers, etc. Thimosis Enlarged groin glands Pyrexia Boils and abscesses Keloids Warts Tumours Desity Whitlow Xero-derma Burns and scalds Burns and scalds Thimosis Substitute The conditions The state of t
		Д	Norms Wounds, cuts, ulce Judescended testis Judescended testis Shlarged groin gla Syrexia Soils and abscesses Keloids Varts Lumours Desity Whitlow Kero-derma Jog bite iinus Surns and scalds Juher conditions
			Worms Wounds, cuts, ulcers, of Undescended testis Phimosis Enlarged groin glands Pyrexia Boils and abscesses Keloids Warts Leuco-dermic patches Tumours Obesity Whitlow Xero-derma Dog bite Sinus Burms and scalds Other conditions
		No.	-0x247.05 x 20 0 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

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N.B.—Cases not amenable to or not requiring treatment have been omitted in the treatment column.

STATEMENT No. X.

Details of defects found on Medical Inspection of Schools, 1941-42.

		200 Sept. 157		No. De	fective		ves of irls.	
No.	Systems or Organs.	Diseases.	Entr	ants.	Regu	lars.	Total defectives boys and girls.	arks.
- Arean			Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Total	Remarks
1	Ear.	1. Otorrhoea 2. Otitis 3. Other ear diseases 4. Defective hearing	18 21 28 2	41 14 ₂	39 30 42 4	60 18 ₅	158 83 70 13	
2	Speech.	1. Stammering 2. Lisping 3. Dumb	6	3 3	13 ₁	3 3 	25 6 1	
3	Heart and Circulation	(1) Heart Diseases:— (a) Organic (b) Functional 2. Anaemia 3. Other conditions	3 5 23 5	5 9	10 · 11 33 5	5 5 18 	23 21 83 10	
4	Lungs.	1. Bronchitis (acute and chronic) 2. Other non-tubercular diseases (Asthma, etc.)	92 4	55 2	95 10	43	285 18	
5	Tuber- culosis.	1. Pulmonary (a) Definite (b) Suspected 2 Non-Pulmonary (a) Glands (b) Spine (c) Hip (d) Bones & Joints (e) Skin (f) Other forms		₂			₆ 1	
6	Abdominal Organs.	1. Enlarged Spleen 2. " Liver 3. " and Spleen 4. Hydrocele (a) Vaginal (b) Cord (c) Infantile 5. Hernia (a) Inguinal (b) Umbilical (c) Femoral 6. Stomach conditions 7. Bowel conditions 8. Other conditions 9. Generative disorders in	30 12 7 4	1 2 1 9 	1 1 4 3 30 13 12 6 4	1 1 2 14	6 3 2 7 4 60 25 21 33 6	

STATEMENT No. X..

Details of defects found on Medical Inspection of Schools, 1941-1942—(Contd.)

				No. De	efective		ves of irls.	
No.	Systems or Organs.	Diseases.	Enti	rants.	Regu	ılars.	Total defectives boys and girls.	rks.
- 1881		THE REAL PROPERTY.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Total	Remarks
7	Bones and Joints.	(b) Caries (c) Deformities (d) Diseases 2. Joints (a) Dislocations & Sprains (b) Diseases (c) Deformities 3. Rickets (a) General	1	 1 3 2	1 	 2 2 1 	1 3 5 2 3 6 1	H C.
		(b) Deformed chest	201	14	268	10	513	
8	Nervous System.	 Organic disease (Palsies, etc.). Functional disorders Other conditions 	-	4	1 4 5	6	15 7 8	
9	Psychic System.	1. Mentally defective	9		6	1	16	
10	Deformities.	1. General Deformities:— (a) Spinal deformities (b) Talepes (c) Shortened limbs (d) Congenital dislocation	₇	2 5	1 12	4 2	4 4 26	
		hip (e) Ankylosis of joint (f) Amputated limbs (g) Genu varum and	1		1 5 1	5 1 	8 7 1	
		valgum	1	1	2		4	
		fingers (i) Flat foot (j) Syndactily (k) Dwarf (l) Other conditions	1 1	₁ ₂	1 2	5 2 5	2 7 2 10	
		valgum (h) Super-numerary fingers (i) Flat foot (j) Syndactily (k) Dwarf	1 1 	₁	 	5		2 7 2

"Following up" work done showing the results of medical advice, 1941-42.

Number.	Systems or Organs.	Diseases.	Operations performed after medical advice.	No. of cases cured after treatment.	No. of cases improved & continued treatment.	No. of cases not improved but treatment continued.	Remarks.
1		Malnutrition		331	221	405	150 22
2	Teeth & Mouth.	Dental Caries	18+ 184*	16× 94	31 21	30 539	+Scaled × Cleaned *Extracted
		Gum boil Stomatitis Glossitis		478	237	204	
		Tongue tie	1				
3	Nose & Throat.	Nasal catarrah and Rhinitis		59	95	109	
		Enlarged tonsils and adenoids	70	288	546	1094	
		Enlarged cerrical glands Granular pharynx		6	74	24	
		Nasal polypus Elongated uvula			6	6	
4	Eye Disease.	Conjunctivitis Xerosis		115 37	9 67	90	S-Major
		Stye Granular lids		2 3	1 4	1	
		Blepharitis Staphyloma	100000		1	27 5 1	
		Dacryo-cystitis Corneal opacity Keratitis				2	The public
	Tithat 1	Squint Other conditions	. 2	4	3	16	
5	Defective		6		5		
6	Vision. Ear Diseases.	Otitis Otorrhoea	1955	20 24	33 33	13 38	
		Wax ear Defective hearing		66			
7	Circulatory System.	Anaemia Functional diseases Organic diseases		14	20 7 1	18 14 15	
		Other conditions			5		Maria .
8	Tuberculosis.	Pulmonary (a) Definite (b) Suspected				4	Tools I
		Other forms			1		

STATEMENT No. XI.

"Following up" work done showing the results of medical advice, 1941-42-(contd.)

Number.	Systems or Organs.	Diseases.	The later of the l	Operations performed after medical advice.	No. of cases cured after treatment.	No. of cases improved & treatment continued.	No. of cases not improved but treatment continued.	Remarks.
9	Respiratory System.	Aathma			179	6 4	13 9	
10	Abdominal Organs.	" Liver " Liver and			2 1	1 1	3-1	
		Diarrhoea			1 7 4			
		Dyspepsia Chronic constipation			12 6 2	5	1	
		Hydrocele Inguinal hernia				8	4×	× Wearing truss.
		Colitis Generative disorder	s		9			u uss.
11	Bones & Joints.	Rickety chest and	•••		50	149	143	Con our b
		Fracture Sprains and dislo-		ï				
		Diseases		:::	2			
12	Infectious and Contagious Diseases.	Foromo			553 63	109	101	{ Indifferent 29
		ringworm Leprosy			12 3* 10	42 30 57	49 241 48	(left 116 * arrested
		Pruritis Urticaria			10	21	5	
		Dermatitis Impetigo			18 2	2 1 1	3	
		Mumps Whooping cough			3 2 8			med or the
		Congenital Syphilis						
13	Nervous and Psychic Systems.	Incontinence of urine			2	3		
		Epilepsy					1	

STATEMENT No. XI.

"Following up" work done showing the results of medical advice, 1941-42--(contd.)

Number.	Systems or Organs.	Diseases.	Operations performed after medical advice.	No. of cases cured after treatment.	No. of cases improved & treatment continued.	No. of cases not improved but treatment continued.	Remarks.
14	Other diseases and defects.	Worms Wounds, cuts, ulcers,		160	5	1	
	and derects.	etc		139	12	4	
		Boils and abscesses		75			
		Pyrexia		35			
		Phimosis	33				
	The second	Undescended testis					
		Leuco dermic					
	3 11 11 11 11	patches	***			1	
		Burns and scalds		3		1	
		Whitlow	3	2	10	18	
		Xero-derna	***	2	19	10	
		Enlarged groin			100	2	
		glands		***			
	2 . 1 3 20 2	Warts		2		***	
		Dog-bite	ï	2			
		Tumours	1	•••		***	
		Hyperidrosis		***		***	
		Ganglion					
		Cellulitis			***		1 20
	- hadre	Fistula		7	2		
	E STATE OF THE STA	Other conditions	***	1	~		1 2 1

			Sholavaram.	ıram.		Red	Red Hills Lake.		
Months.		Total l	Total Rainfall in inches.	Lake level	Total in ii	Total Rainfall in inches.	Average	Level	
		1940	1941	in feet with date.	1940	1941	level (in feet)	in feet with date.	Remarks.
January	:	:	:	42.14 on 24-1-41	80-0	0.04	45.50	45·52 on 24-1-41	
February	:			40.97 on 25-2-41	0.52	0.13	44-93	44.51 on 25-2-41	
March	:		:	39-7 on 29-3-41			43.67	43.07 on 29-3-41	
April	:	1.75	2.51	38.67 on 26-4-41	0.49		42.17	41.64 on 26-4-41	
May	:	4.49	4.97	38·03 on 30-5-41			38-58	39·19 on 30-5-41	
June	•	1.85	4.14	37.34 on 27-6-41	4.32	4.19	38.28	38·20 on 27-6-41	
July	:	3.63	3.37	36·3 on 29-7-41	1.16	4.23	37-29	36.75 on 29-7-41	
August	:	2.21	5.12	35·13 on 30-8-41	12.4	7.12	35-99	35·39 on 30-8-41	
September	:	3.67	7.04	34.94 on 26-9-41	10.8	10 25	35-59	35·80 on 26-9-41	
October	:	5.93	8.61	35.28 on 25-10-41	6-63	15 52	39-87	41-74 on 25-10-41	
November	::	22-91	22.48	46.09 on 29-11-41	19-36	22-20	45.88	45.87 on 29-11-41	
December	:	5.87	1.99	45:90 on 22-12-41	8-73	10.35	45.88	45.83 on 99.19 41	

WATER ANALYSIS.

TABLE No. II.

Showing the examination of water samples during 1941

Serial No.	Description.	Number examined.
1	Complete bacteriological and chemical examination for water samples	904
2	Partial bacteriological and chemical examination for water samples.	421
3	Water for microscopical examination from different places in the water supply system	25
4	Identification of algae	- 72
5	Culture media, etc., for determination and adjustment of pH.	.73
6	Samples of water tested for the presence of free chlorine, interfering substances, etc.	9,409
7	Examination for the presence of H ₂ S in filtered waters.	3,300
	Total	14,204

WATER ANALYSIS.

Important Chemical Results for each month of the year, 1941.

(Expressed in parts per 100,000).

			L	XX	X									
sm.	Absorbed Oxygen.	0-057	0.110	960-0	:	0.131	0.005	0.147	0.127	0-113	0.101	0.072	0.028	
Syste	Albuminoid Mitrogen.	920.0	:		1	:	:	:	0.032	0.038	0.018	0.012	800-0	
Distribution System.	Ammoniacal Nitrogen.	Trace	:	-	:	:	:	:	0.004	0.0ct	0.000	Trace	:	
Distr	No. of Samples.	25	7	0	:	п	10	4	30	33	93	34	13	-
	Absorbed Oxygen.	0.083	0.103	811.0	0.110	0.130	0.118	0.137	0.136	0.128	0.117	0.083	0.084	
K.P.S	Albuminoid Mitrogen.	0.034	1	:	:	-	:	:	0.033	0.034	0.033	0.012	0.021	
Test-Tap, K.P.S.	Ammoniacal Nitrogen.	100.0	-	-	-	-	1	-	0.000	0.001	0.005	Frace	:	-
Tes	No. of Samples.	19	30	17	18	107	100	533	03	21	45	202	16	
Vater	Absorbed Oxygen.	0.003	0.108	0.118	0.124	0.130	0.120	0.150	0.148	0.110	0.144	260.0	0.003	
Chlorinated filtered Water Mixture.	Albuminoid Nitrogen.	. :	:	:	1	;	:		0.034	0.043	0.031	0.012	0.055	
ated filter Mixture.	Ammoniscal Nitrogen.		1	:	:	:	1	:	0.0031	0.005	0.005	Trace	1	
Chlorin	No. of Samples.	10	6	6	00	=	11	13	10	6	9	6	8	
	Absorbed Oxygen,	0.105	0.127	0.137	0.132	0.145	0.144	0.163	0.166	0.161	0.152	0.113	0.103	
ed filte	Albuminoid Nitrogen.	0.033	:	:		:	:	:	0.037	0.032	0.019	910-0	0-020	
Unchlorinated filtered Water Mixture.	Ammoniacal Mitrogen.	0.003	:	1	+	:	i	:	0.005	0.001	0.001	Trace		
Unch	No. of Samples.	17	20	16	18	03	21	17	18	18	11	21	16	
Raw-	Absorbed Oxygen.	0.139	0.157	0.167	0.168	0.184	0-166	0.191	0.199	0.177	0.177	0.147	0.128	
the	Albuminoid Mitrogen.	0.040	:	0.040	0.052	0.041	0.048	-	0-043	0-053	0.037	0.031	0.031	
Kilpauk end of the	Ammoniacal Nitrogen.	0.003	:	:	;	0.003	0.039	:	0.001	Trace	:	:	:	
Kilpau	No. of Samples.	30	30	18	18	05	21	65	119	139	15	12	18	
	Absorbed Oxygen.	960.0	0.137	0.143	0.171	0-219	0.193	0 192	0.192	0.165	0.116	0.104	0.103	
Red Hills Lake.	Albuminoid Aitrogen.	0.055		820-0	0.032	0-033	0.035	0.014	0.034	0.035	0.018	0.014	100.0	
ed Hill	Ammoniscal Nitrogen.	Trace		1	0.001	0.001	0.036	0.010	0.008	0.000	:	:	:	
R	No. of Samples.	9	9	-	+	7	9	9	9	7	7	7	9	
	sth.					:		***	:	:	:			
	Month	fanuary	February	March	April	May	Tune	fuly	August	September	Detober	November	Secember	

TABLE No. IV.

Showing the results of Bacteriological Examination for each month of the year 1941-Percentage Results. WATER ANALYSIS.

	-		1	Red	Hills	Red Hills Lake.	1		100	1		Raw	Water, Kilpauk.	Kilpa	ak.			D	Un-Chlorinated Mixture of Filtrates.	rinate	d Mix	ture of	Filtre	tes.	
		-		Lac	tose E	Lactose Fermenters in	ters in	-		,		La	Lactose Fermenters in	ermen	ters in			s	-	Lac	Lactose Fermenters	ermen	ters in		
Month.		No. of Samples	-60	+ 60 + 60	- 20	+10 +	+ 0	6.0	+ 0.1	No. of Samples	09 00	+60+	+ 30 +	+10 +	+0	+0	+ 0.1	No. of Sample	+ ° ° ° ° ° +	99 %	+ 20 +	+10 +	+ 0	6.0.1	+0.1
January		9	:			:	9.99	16-7	16.7	19	-	:	:	65.50	47.3	12.1	:	17	-	1	6.9	8.11	8.82	23.2	:
February			20.0	:	16-7	-	:	16.7	:	10	:	:	-	:	20.0	20.0	1	10	:	20.0	10.0	:	20.0	:	:
March	:	10	20-0	40-0	20.0	1	:	20.0	:	1	1	1	:		100.0	:	:	:	-	1	:	:	:		1
April	:	7	:	:	75.0	25.0	:	:	:	1	:	1	:		0.001	-	:	:	:	1	:	1	1	1	:
May		7	:	1.		20.0	25.0	25.0		-	:	- 1	:	:		100.0	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:
June	:	9	:	:	:	16.7	20.0	33.3	:	1	:	:	:	16-7	20.0	33.3	:	:	-	1	:	:	1	:	
July		9	:		:	16-7	15-7	9.99	:	10	:	:	10.0	-	0.02	20-0	1	9	1	:	20.0	33.3	1.91	-	:
August	1	10	:	20.0	:	20.0	0.02	20.0	20.0	19	:	:	62:50	-	1.14	1.2.4	:	12		:	:	16.7	15.0	33.3	
September	:	00	12.2	-	-	25.0	25.0	25.0	12.5	15	:	:	2.9	33.3	10.0	0.08	:	11	:	1	1	36.4	12.4	18.3	:
October	:	r-	1	:	:	14.3	8.24	9.82	14.3	13	1	:	:	15.4	30.8	53.8	:	t-	:	9.82	14.3	14.3	9.88	14.5	:
November	:	E-	:	:	1	:	28.6	57.1	14.3	19	1	:	2.8	10.2	26.3	52.6	5.3	19		10.2	10.5	26.3	21.1	31.6	:
December	1	9	:	:	16-7	20-0	33.0	:	1	14	1	:	:	;	35.7	64.0	1	12	:		7.00	33.3	33.3	25.0	
												-	-	-		-			-	1	A.	-	1		

WATER ANALYSIS.

TABLE No. IV. Showing the results of Bacteriological Examination for each month of the year 1941-Percentage Results.-((ontd.)

1														
		+0.1	1	:	:	:	1	:		:		-		1
	in	+ 1	1	-	:	1	:	25.0	i	1.9	-	-1	00	:
em.		+ 00	1	-	:	:	:	:	20.0	6.4	2.3	1.5	:	8.3
g Syst	Fermenters	+10	1	:	:	:	0.6	:	95-0	2-6	65	65	1	16.7
Distributing System.	Lactose	+ 30	1	:	20.0	:	18-2	25.0	25.0	9.22	65	10.5	11.1	1
Dist	La	+60	33.4		0.08	1	36.4	25.0	:	25.8	27.3	26.7	13.9	1
		09 00	9.99	100.0	:	:	36.4	25.0	1	29.1	8.29	58.1	20.00	75.0
	'8	No. of Sample	9	+	10	:	11	4	+	31	11	28	36	12
		+ 0.1	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:			:	1
ation.	ii	+ 6.0	1	:	:			:	,:	:	-	:	:	1
ing St	Lactose Fermenters i	+ 6 6 5		:	***	:	:	***	-	30.7	:	:	:	-
Pump		+ 10	:		:	8.0		:	:	10.4	2:5			1
ilpauk		+ 20	:	:	:		:	:	8.3	10.4		6.1	-	1
Test-Tap, Kilpauk Pumping Station.		+ 60	4,65	:	:	:	8.3	1.97	29.5	31.0	7.5	12.1	-	1
1.4														
Tes	-	09 '0	85.8	100.0	10000	0.36	91-7	73-9	62.2	34.2	90.0	81.8	1000	92.0
Tes	.8	Mo. of Sample	\$4 85.8	21 100.0	23 100-0	25 92.0	24 91-7	23 73-9	24 62.5	29 34.2	40 90-0	33 81-8	24 100.0	45 95.0
Tes	.8	16		1			24				-			0.00
		No. of Sample	11	21	53	10.05	24	233	24	53	40	33	24	53
		0 + 0 + 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0	12	21			24		24	65	07	.:.	24	
		+ 0, 1 0, 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		21	::		24			29	9 10	33	24	
		+ 5. + 7. + 9. + 9. + 9. + 9. - 9.	# :		:: ::	250	78			11.1 29	07 :		77 57	9
	Lactose Fermenters in	+ 10 + 5. + 5. + 1 + 6. 1 + 6.1 + 6. 1 + 6.1 No. of Sample	72		: :		76			111 29	07 :			9
Chlorinated Mixture of Filtrates.		+20 +10 + 5. + 1 + 0.1 c.	14						22	11.1 11.1 29	40	33	75	9
	Lactose Fermenters in	+60 +20 +10 +5. + 1 +0.1 Sample c.	20.0			26	***************************************		75.0 24	222.2 11.1 11.1 29	40		25.52	9
	Lactose Fermenters in	-60 +60 +20 +10 +5. + 1 +0.1 Sample	80.0 20.0 24			268	76		75.0 24	55.6 22.2 11.1 11.1 29	100-0 40	100-0 33	77.8 22.2 24	100.0 45

WATER ANALYSIS.:

Chlorination data for 1941.

rks	Кета		
Average No. of beds worked	per day during the month.	9 Nos.	-
Total cost.	Rs. A. P.	3,438 1 10½ 3,547 15 8 6 3,547 15 8 3,762 13 6 3,882 6 0 4,047 5 3 4,312 8 4½ 3,957 0 3 3,864 5 0 3,943 11 9	
Cost of chlorine	per lb. Rs. A. P.	0 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
f e	per month.	6471.75 5953:00 6678:50 7308:00 7159:00 7159:00 7159:00 7159:00 7159:00 7159:00 7448:50 7274:00	
ine in	Mean.	0.99 0.99 1.03 1.06 1.10 1.10 1.08	o III
Dose of chlorine in p. p. m.	Min.	0.93 0.93 0.93 0.93 0.93 0.98 0.98 0.98 0.99 0.99	
Dose	Mean. Max.	1.01 1.02 1.13 1.05 1.12 1.12 1.28 1.37 1.15 1.15	
water llion day.	Mean.	21.50 21.51 22.74 23.09 23.04 23.04 23.04 23.04 23.04 23.04 23.04 23.04	
Quantity of water filtered in million gallons per day.	Min.	20.32 20.16 20.16 21.32 22.66 21.66 22.66 22.66 22.66 21.66 21.66 21.66 21.66	
Quant filtere gallo	Max.	22.66 22.66 23.66 23.67 24.00 24.00 24.00 24.00 23.66 23.66 23.66	
No. of sam- ples of water tested for free chlorine	and for inter- fering sub- stances.	780 656 771 771 852 885 808 832 832 838	
Month.		ry	
		anuary February March April May July August September October November December	

WATER ANALYSIS.

TABLE No. VI.

Percentage reduction of organic matter (Tidy's 4 hours Test) at different stages of the Water Purification System for each month of the year 1941.

	Raw water Kilpauk end.	from bef	rates beds fore nation.	K. 1	Tap P. S.	Distrib	em	rks.
Month.	O. A.	o. A.	Reduction over R. W.	o. A.	Reduction over R. W.	o. A.	Reduction over K. W.	Remarks
January	 0.139	0.105	24.4	0.083	40.3	0.057	59.0	
February	 0.157	0.127	19.1	0.103	34.4	0.120	23.5	
March	 0.167	0.137	17.9	0.118	29.3	0.096	42.5	
April	 0.168	0.132	21.4	0.110	34.5			
May	 0.184	0.145	21.2	0.120	34.8	0.131	28.8	
June	 0.166	0.144	13.2	0.118	28.9	0.092	44.6	
July	 0.191	0.163	14.6	0.137	28.3	0.147	23.0	
August	 0.199	0.166	16.6	0.136	31.7	0.127	36.2	
September	 0.177	0.161	9.0	0.128	27.8	0.113	36.1	
October	 0.177	0.152	14.1	0.117	33.9	0.101	42.9	
November	 0.147	0.113	23.1	0.082	44.2	0.072	51.0	
December	 0.128	0.103	19.5	0.084	34.4	0.058	54.6	3 1

^{*} Oxygen absorbed.

H. 1		bles.	8 1010 8 90 1	0
No.	1940	Percentage of adulterated sam-	48:3 44:1 31:1 6:5 21:5 9:3 69:6	31.0
TABLE		Number of samples analysed.	773 102 2888 2888 2888 93 11 11 43 37 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 24 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	1871
TA	1939	Percentage of adulterated sam- ples,	37.0 26.2 36.4 20.0 41.9 25.0 21.1	30.1
		Number of samples analysed.	573 65 107 118 119 119 119	1246
	~	adulterated sam-	17.8 32.8 32.8 111.4 42.6 	30.4
	1938	Number of samples analysed. Percentage of	715 715 716 717 717 718 719 719 719 719 719 719 719 719 719 719	1451
	1937	adulterated sam- ples.	31.6 19.7 33.8 9.1 23.9 10.0	22.5
	. 16	Number of sam- ples analysed. Percentage of	263 263 263 263 20 20 113 10 10	1094
	1936	Percentage of adulterated samples.	28.9 28.4 37.1 33.3 33.3	23.9
	1	Number of sam- ples analysed.	523 988 246 62 88 122 88	1028
	1935	Percentage of adulterated sam- ples.	29.5 29.5 50.0 18.0 5.6	32.0
1	15	Number of sam- ples analysed.	340 444 305 305 905 905 905	908
	4	Percentage of adulterated sam- ples.	27.2 27.3 27.8 27.8	35-7
	1934	-mas to redmuN besylens selq.	460 1114 105 259 259 21 21 	986
		Percentage of adulterated sam- ples.	39.3 34.1 30.4 7.8 18.3 100.0 2.1 37.5 36.4	24.3
	194i	Number of adul- terated samples.	278 332 86 11 11 12 11 14	484
		Number of sam- ples analysed.	706 283 657 153 111 88 88 111	. 1990
			1111111111	
				Total
FOOD ANALYSIS.			Ghee & Ghee Mixtures Butter Milk Gingelly Oil Ground-nut Oil Coccanut Oil Coffee Powder Tea Ghee Substitutes Other Articles	
FOOD	TT (1	29	Ghee & Butter Milk Gingel Groum Cocoau Coffee Tea Ghee & Other	

Includes two samples convicted and also articles forfeited includes one sample convicted and also article forfeited. Includes one sample where article was forfeited 100

A & & O & &

792

0000

Rs. 1921

525

2022

398

151

: 97

00

81

: 53

12

12:

00

::89

0 8889

260

25

0

6124

53

.0491 ni

Average fine per conviction

Total fines levied in 1940

1940.

Number of convictions in Average fine per conviction in 1941.

Total fines levied in 1941.

Aumber pending dis-posal on 31-12-1941.

TABLE No. II.

LXXXVii

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE SCHEME, CORPORATION OF MADRAS, 1941.

The year under report shows steady progress in all its branches and some expansion as well. The prenatal work which forms an important part of the activities of the Child Welfare Scheme has met with success and adequate response. There was a remarkable increase in the number of prenatal cases. The infantile mortality rate also has been considerably reduced and, in fact, it is the lowest recorded since the inauguration of the Scheme.

A new centre at Mirsaibpet, a backward locality, was opened on 25-10-41 for the residents of Mirsaibpet. To some extent this relieved the congestion noticed in Triplicane centre. The centre continued to be popular. Including this centre there are now 15 Child Welfare Centres. Provision was also made during the year to open a maternity ward with two beds at Chetput Centre, which was opened on 2-2-42.

Staff:—During the year under report, the Lady Superintendent continued to be in charge of the Scheme assisted by 15 Lady Doctors and one relieving Lady Doctor, 32 Health Visitors and 110 Midwives.

Two batches of six midwives each were sent for Refresher course to Rajah Sir Ramasawmy Mudaliar Lying-in-hospital for a period of three months at a time from 1-7-41 and 1-10-41 respectively. One Lady Doctor was also sent for post graduate course in maternity and child welfare under the Director of Public Health for a period of 8 weeks from 4-2-41.

There was a marked increase in the number of Booked cases. 19,643 new booked cases attended the prenatal clinics held in the various centres as against 18,508 for the year 1940 and 15,745 for the year 1939. During the year, 2,140 prenatal clinics were conducted in all the centres by the Lady Doctors and the total attendance was 87,283. The Lady Doctors continued to do useful work as will be seen from the report (vide Statements III & IV).

Maternity Service:—Out of a total of 32,770 births in the city, 14,984 labour cases including 125 twins came under the care of the Scheme which is 45.7 % as against 14,489 in 1940 (41%) and 14,201 in 1939 (44.8%).

13,215 labour cases were conducted by the midwives of the Scheme, 105 cases were taken over after the labour was conducted by barber women and 1,064 cases were sent to various maternity hospitals in the city before delivery as some of them were complicated and others were destitutes. 11,629 were Hindus and Non-Muslims and 3,355 were Muslims (vide Statement I).

The midwives paid 1,75,605 visits during the year as against 1,68,015 during 1940 and 1.62,759 in 1939. The total number of visits paid by Health Visitors was 1,57,351 as against 1,55,894 for the year 1940 and 1,27,739 for the year 1939. The Lady Doctors paid 15,671 visits as against 14,577 for 1940 and also treated 4,472 morbid cases (vide Statements II & V).

The amount realised during the year by way of maternity service on payment system to persons whose income exceeded Rs. 50/- and below Rs. 200/- per mensem was Rs. 1,138-8-0 as against Rs. 1,050-8-0 of the preceding year.

Maternal Mortality:—During the year, 14,984 cases of labour came under the care of the Scheme for which there were only 40 cases of maternal mortality which were as follows:—

Hospital	 31	
Private doctor	 1	40
Vaidiyan C.W.S.	 5	-
U. W.D.	 U)	

This works out a maternal mortality rate of 2.6 per mille as against 2.5 per mille for 1940 and 3.0 per mille for 1939.

Infantile Mortality:—This is the lowest on record. 14,489 babies who were born during the year 1940 were kept under observation during their first year of life. The number of still births was 383. The mortality among live births was 1,458 as against 1,596 in 1940. This works out an infantile mortality rate of 103.4 as against 115.8 per mille in 1940 and 114.8 for the year 1939 (vide Statements VII & VIII).

Out Patient Clinic:—An out-patient clinic was conducted in all the centres by the Lady Doctors, where infants, pre-school children, expectant and nursing mothers were examined, advised, and treated for minor ailments. The total number of new cases that were treated and advised was 89,996 as against 76,738 for 1940. The new and old cases came to 3,17,922. 2,888 clinics were held for infants and toddlers. The total attendance was 39,143 as against 32,841 for 1940. 24,313 were new infants and 14,830 were new toddlers. 1,444 clinics were held for nursing mothers and the total attendance was 84,213. 689 mothers' classes were held and the attendance was 10,017 (vide Statement XI).

Milk Supply:—Cow's milk was supplied to 581 deserving babies during 1941 as against 609 in 1940 and 468 in 1939. The total attendance was 1,31,429 as against 1,57,650 for 1940 and 1,09,036 for 1939. 3,242 expectant mothers also were given cow's milk during the year as against 2,052 for 1940 and 1,303 for 1939 (vide Statement IX).

LXXXiX

Baths:—1,027 babies were given warm bath during the year as against 811 babies for 1940 and 652 for 1939 (vide Statement X).

Ambulance:—The Scheme maintained an Ambulance car to convey emergency labour cases to various hospitals in the city. 1,223 requisitions were made for the Ambulance car during 1941 as against 870 during 1940 and 897 during 1939. After the retirement of the permanent Ambulance car driver on 16-4-41 from service, two drivers were appointed in accordance with the sanction of the Council dated 23-4-41 to work by shifts during day and night.

Health Propaganda:—858 lectures on matters of health were delivered during the year as against 628 for 1940 and 615 for the year 1939. Out of these 346 were out-door lectures, 281 were conducted with the aid of Magic lantern and 22 were cinema shows. The total attendance was 25,216. 281 health talks were also given by the Lady Doctors in all the Corporation Girls' Schools. The total attendance was 45,137 (vide Statement XII).

Conclusion:—There has been an appreciable increase in the work during the year under review which is an indication of the increasing confidence of the public in the Corporation Maternity Service.

H. V. KAMALAMMAL,

Lady Superintendent,
Maternity & Child Welfare Scheme,
Corporation of Madras.

Madras,) 30-6-42.

STATEMENT No. I.

Statement showing the cases of labour which came under the observation of the Child Welfare Scheme from 1st January to 31st December 1941.

	Hov	v conduct	ed	w	Ca	ste	σô
CENTRES	By Nurses of Child Welfare Scheme.	Taken over after barber women conducted labour.	Taken to Hospital	Total Cases	Muslims	Non- Muslims	Remarks
D	1000		CI	1000	7.40	1100	Twin
Royapuram	1209	59	64	1332	142	1190	15
Washermanpet	1396	64	63	1523	1230	293	21
Muthialpet	1030	66	69	1165	323	842	12
George Town	1045	35	135	1215	59	1156	10
Park Town	619	29	74	722	3	719	4
Pulianthope	904	36	53	993	234	759	17
N. Perambur	504	54	44	602	102	500	4
Choolai	1212	56	107	1375	48	1327	6
Purasawalkam	986	- 70	110	1166	58	1108	10
Egmore	744	48	75	867	102	765	6
Chetput	180	15	81	276	15	261	2
Triplicane	1548	30	71	1649	726	923	6
Mirsaibpet	155	7	10	172	63	109	
Royapettah	720	57	44	821	78	743	3
Mylapore	963	79	64	1106	172	934	9
Total	13,215	705	1,064	14,984	3,355	11,629	125

STATEMENT No. II.

Number of visits paid by the staff of Child Welfare Scheme during the year 1941.

		Vi	sits paid l	ру	
CENTRES		Mid- wives	Health Visitors	Lady Doctors	Total
Royapuram		13487	11652	1221	26360
Washermanpet		17301	11129	1159	29589
Muthialpet		12826	12865	988	26679
George Town		16453	11316	1120	28889
Park Town		10294	10124	1075	21493
Pulianthope		13930	11422	1118	26470
N. Perambur	A	6167	7353	1018	14538
Choolai		14846	16798	1151	32795
Purasawalkam		15643	10835	1026	27504
Egmore		10570	12116	1214	23900
Chetput		3011	6848	1007	10866
Triplicane		17313	14726	1152	33191
Mirsaibpet		1759	1596	197	3552
Royapettah		9635	8989	1164	19788
Mylapore		12370	9582	1061	23013
	Total	1,75,605	1,57,351	15,671	3,48,627

STATEMENT No. III.

Statement showing the number of Pre-Natal cases registered and number of Booked cases conducted by Child Welfare Scheme during 1941

	register- H. Vs.	d cases attended	N		er of		ked cas	ses	1.
Centres.	Number cases reg	Number booked ca which atte the P.N. Cl	C. W. Staff.		Hospital.	Private Doctors.	Cases not tra- ceable.	Cases not confined	Total.
1 3 3 3 3									
Royapuram	 1766	1706			442	5	147	223	1706
Washermanpet		2021			402	1	111	273	2021
Muthialpet		1417	687		56	71	300	271	1417
George Town		1863			258	18	446	206	1863
Park Town	 1111	959	455		224	7	77	106	959
Pulianthope		1137		150	158	12	110	194	1137
N. Perambur		857	360		42	13	174	231	857
Choolai	 100000000000000000000000000000000000000	1704		159	206	9	241	208	1704
Purasawalkam		1561		139	228	21	328	200	1561
Egmore		1293		123	378	7	112	132	1293
Chetput		362	112		107	17	47	56	362
Triplicane		2078	1260		334	22	262	110	2078
Mirsaibpet		180	69		24	4	35	35	180
Royapettah		960	400		205	10	90	107	960
Mylapore	 . 884	1545	791	201	249	4	188	112	1545
Total	 14,438	19,643	9,261	1,716	3,313	221	2,668	2,464	19,643

STATEMENT No. IV.

Pre-Natal cases registered and diseases and ailments of pregnancy diagnosed and patients advised for treatment.

			2	XCi	i											
Total.	1706	2021	1417	1863	959	1137	857	1704	1561	1293	362	2078	180	096	1545	1961
1940 but subsequently	206	320	139	253	1112	183	86	202	244	911	22	199		107	16	5329
Oedema. Cases not confined in	21	:	355	10	55	18	65	39	00	27		22	10	:	3	202
Pyrexia.	:	1	1	-	1	-		12	1	1	1	8 11	1	1	1	100
Enteritis.	4 6	1	1	:	:	.18	1	-	:	:	1		:	:		432
Paralysis.	1	-	1	:	-	1	-	-	1	1	-	10	+	÷	1	-
Other Diseases.	129	0.5	191	33	10	12	00	7	36	78	1	99	:	33	3	899
General Anasarca.	10	:	35.	1	00	1	14 2	15	:	:	-	32 1	1	1	:	5 20
Influenza,		03		:	-	:	-	-			1		-			125
-Janiahine-	=	136	655	133	301	242	194	979	217	00	74	443 10	26	316	434	341012
Normal.	05	=	95	=	8	0.5	1 18	90	0.5			10			1 4	2 34
Retention of Urine.	4	-	1	:	:	1	-	1	-	:	1	15	:	1	1	19 12
Morning Sickness.	9	-	4	63	:	:	129	0.5	-	01	:	05	-	:	1	51
Worms.	:	:	4	1	1	60	-	1	1	:	:	10	1	1	:	118
Scables.	5 6	161	6.5	16	.:	18	1	60	:	35	-	03	-	2 1	-	27634
Gastritis.	-	-					:	-	1	00	-	:	:		:	6 27
Ulcerated Valva.	4	:_	:	1	-	1	:		:	-		:	:	1	:	
Giddiness.	45 9	70	6	4 5	9	12 19	10	1 8	1	1 2	05	130	1	310	:	97.83
V. D. H.	7	No.		30	-				-		773	-			1	
Eclampsia.		-	65	:	-	95	01-	4 3	1	-	+	-	-	. 05	1	8 26
Malaria.	114	31	65	1	1	1	-	01	1	1	1	65	1	1		53
Asthma. Varioose Veins.		60	60	-	09	1	65	10	1	01		00	1	-	1	40 4
Skin affection.	1711	:	4	:	:	1	01	10	:	-	:	1	-	00	1	37
Swelling.		:	-	-	1	6.0	00	3 1	1	-	1	3 30	01	10	-	65
Ring Worm.	8 10	110	10	:	-	14	:	-	-	:	-	98	-	:	-	170 26
Neuritis.	- 16	124 1	115	21	57	:	53	9	144	40	-	156	£-	67	42	929 1
Depility.	-00	85 1	20 1	18	21	60	10	98	27 1	-	-	31 1	60	9	6	285 9
Diarrhoes.	383	222	16	165	92	20	64	39	168	56	36	295	10	99	88	39
Ansemia,	79 3	125 2	2 1	3 1	34	:	12 1	14	4 1			0,	***	11	03	297 19
Leucorrhoea. Albuminuria.	40	-	-		*	-	:	9 12	4	1	:	:	0.5	1	. :	
Fever.	16	1	25	-	533	00	3	6	27	10	1	20	1	9	12	171 34
Stomatatis.	48	80	200	75	75	43	19	36	:	44	10	34	18	36	84	999
A. P. H.	00	1	65	-	1	1	:	:	1	:	1	1	1	1	1	592 12
Bronchitis.	95	55	99	47	41	45	22	48	51	00	10	44	1	17	12	10000
Dysentery.	91	89	-	18	12	17	0.5	17	23	11	10	31	01	13	11	294
Scanty Urine.	118	121	65	30	28	102	17	85	137	7.9	53	23	12	105	127	1129
Dyspepsia.	51	10	67	86	-	194	0	15	63	09	1	7.4	10	10	255	912
Constipation.	262	306	204	943	98	159	115	368	410	999	130	358	55	140	344	4546
CENTRES.					-										1	Total
OEN	Rovapuram	Washermanpet	Muthialpet	George Town	Park Town	Pulianthope	N. Perambur	Choolai	Parasawalkam	Egmore	Chetput	Triplicane	Mirsaibpet	Royapettah	Mylapore	

STATEMENT No. V.

Maternal Morbidity (Puerperal) 1941.

				X	Ciii											
Total	652	170	21.5	316	253	202	180	355	333	412	37	537	73	132	264	4,472
Other Diseases.	71	1	255	:	1	:	92	6	13	1	7	40		13	233	217
Indigestion.	11	i	10	1	:	14	-	14	11	:	1	0.5	:	:	:	84
L.P.	0.5	03	1	:	:	05	-	:	1	-	9	:	3	63	:	20
Eczema.	*	1	:	1	:	10.	1	-		1	1	:	:	-	1	12
Oedema.	-	:	-3	21	1	-15	1	9	4	1	:	1	:	:	1	54
Perinium Tear.	51	13	60	-	-	6	63	£-	00	:	60	65	:	:	1	95
Swelling,	1	1	1	1	-	17	-	-	-	:	-	20.7	60	:	1	98
Debility.	65	:	6	0.5	:	10	18	255	150	13	:	46	10	02	23	240
General Anasarca.	1	1	:	:	:	6	-	10	4	1	-	:	1	-	1	90
After Pains.	14	20	18	39	48	56	=	39	14	100	9	02 20	13	00	:	365
Hyperpyrexia.	8	-	17	-	:	833	:	-	-		-	1.5	-	-		135
Ulcerated Vulva.	-	1	1	1	-	65	0.5	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	10
Sepsis.	02	1	:	-	:	03	:	65	:	:	-	15	1	:	1	95
Stomatitis.	11	1	*	20	36	21	14	17	14	34	1	19	6	15	37	281
P. P. H. Skin Disease.	-	1	:	-	1	2.24	*	9		1		03	1	*	1 4	12 57
Abscess.	- 00	1	:	1		1 3		4	03	1 1	1	1	1	03	99	19 10 12
Mastitis and Breast				93	65	20	18	355	98	0	9	:	130	15	0.5	
Constipation.	42	31	5-	6	95		1	6 3	1 8	119		6 118	-	9 1		2 683
Jaundice. Gastritis.	- 00	-	-	-	:	4 28	1	:	03	=	-	1	-	1	:	14 72
Diarrhosa.	£-	18	90	13	22	25	9	17	6	12	-	\$00 \$00	79	4	200	199
	0.5	1	=	:	:	10	03	10	4	:	:	:	1	;	:	10
Kever.	:		:	10	44	-	1	£=	-	-	:	-	63	-	23	132
	-40		1	:	:	40		-				1			1	8
Syphilis.		1700	-	:		36	-	10	0.5	-	-			-	-	288
Retention of Urine.	-	:	63	-		=	-	11	60	05	:	60			9	39
T. B. Ulcerated Vagina,		:	-	-		19	-	-	1	1	-	05	-	-	:	924
Pnuemonia.		01	65	1	-	65		1	1	1	1	***	1	:	:	2 0
Retained Placenta.	-	1	1	1	1	03	1	0.5	1	1	60	1	1	1		4
Adherent Placenta.	-	-	-	1	-	00	-	1	1	+	T	-	1	-	.:	9
Influenza. Retained Membrane.	1	-	0,5	1	-	0.5	9	20	19	=	1	22	-	8	17	109
	7	18	£=	9	1	7	E-	18	4	16	:	15	*	-	9	156
Dysentery.	-1	*	14	10	36	02	-	H	38	15	-	12	*	=	25	202
V. D. H. Bronchitis.	-	1	0.5	1	:	710	:	0.5	30	1	1	-	1	1	-	7917
Malaria.	-	19	-3	1	:			- 1/1		1	:	9	1	:	:	
Albuminudia.	01	10	11	:	:	05	-	16	15	:	1	10	0.5	60	15	105
Ansemis.	202	33	30	92	98	95	34	29	48	82	0.5	104	17	253	48	818
The second second	1	1		:		-		:	-	:	1	1			-	-
																Total
-83									-							-
CENTRES.		pet		2		0	nr		kan							
CE	ram	man	pet	Tow	nwc	hop	amp	-	wal		+	ane	pet	stta	P.	
	Royapuram	Washermanpet	Muthialpet	George Town	Park Town	Pullanthope	N. Perambur	Choolai	Purasawalkam	Egmore	Chetput	Triplicane	Mirsaibpet	Royapettah	Mylapore	
	h	65	77	9	Bel	200	-	- m	-	200	-	1000	100	0	24	

XCiV

STATEMENT No. VI A.

Maternal Mortality (Puerperal) among cases treated by Child Welfare Scheme for 1941.

Centres.	Mahawanlagia	Dysentery.	V. D. H.	Adherent Placenta.	Eclampsia.	Sepsis.	P. P. H.	Advanced	Heart Failure	Shock.	Pulmanary	Embolism.	S.C.S. Throat	affection	Total.
Royapuram							 								
Washermanpet					1		 	,							1
Muthialpet							 								
George Town							 								
Park Town							 								
Pulianthope						1	 								1
N. Perambur							 			. 1					1
Choolai							 								
Purasawalkam							 								
Egmore							 								
Chetput							 					-			
Triplicane							 								***
Mirsaibpet							 								
Royapettah							 								
Mylapore							 								
Total.					1	1				1		_	7	_	3

STATEMENT No. VI B.

Statement showing deaths among cases brought to notice of the Child Welfare Scheme in 1941 but not under treatment.

Centres.	Royapuram.	Wahermanpet	Muthialpet.	George Town.	Park Town.	Pulianthope.	N. Perambur.	Choolai.	Purasawalkam	Egmore.	Chetput.	Triplicane.	Mirsaibput.	Royapettah.	Mylapore.	Total
In Hospitals	 7	2	3		2	4		4	2		2	4		1		31
Under Private Doctors	 													1		1
Under Vydians treatment	 		1					3				1				5
Under Barber Women	 															
Total	 7	2	4		2	4		7	2		2	5		2		37

STATEMENT No. VI. C.

Statement showing the causes of deaths among cases brought to the notice of the Child Welfare Scheme but not under our treatment in 1941.

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	1	-	:	7	:	37	7	:	:	:	25	1	:	:	9
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2	:	:	:	:	:	:	.2	:	:	:	-	*	:	:	5
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-	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:
	1	uthialpet	eorge Town	ark Town	ulianthope			valkam	gmore	netput	riplicane	irsaibpet	oyapettah		Total .
	2	2 1 1	n pet 2 2 1 2 1 1	t	t	3::::15 1:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	2 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	t 2 2 2 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	t 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	t 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	t 2 2 2 3 3 5 5 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	2 1 1 3 1 2 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1	n	n n n n n n n n n n n n n	n

XCV

STATEMENT No. VII.

Ages at deaths of Infants born during 1940 and kept under observation during the 1st year of life.

		born	n		Died	within		is exclud-	or other- traceable	chil- when
From 1st Janu 1940 to 31st December 194	t	Total infants in 1940	Still born	10 days	1 to 3 Months	3 to 6 Months	6 to 12 Mon- ths	Total deaths exclud- ing still births	ity or	No. of living dren traceable one year old
			1							
Royapuram		1311	34	52	23	21	21	117	190	970
Washermanpet		1472	34	35	13	10	17	75		1315
Muthialpet		1147	40	32	27	27	54	140		796
George Town		1318	47	53	29	29	43	154		934
Park Town		407	10	9	9	9	16	43		270
Pulianthope		1132	31	25	43	41	39	148		733
N. Perambur		326	15	13	8	8	3	32		196
Choolai		1369	23	33	39	37	83	192		1024
Purasawalkam		1120	34	13	21	19	49	102		793
Egmore		945	20	14	31	30	43	118		703
Chetput		297	5	10	8	5	20	43		190
Triplicane		1544	24	31	23	34	53	141	409	970
Mirsaibpet		010	000	100	10	***	***			****
Royapettah		816	27	17	16	16	16	65		641
Mylapore		1285	39	27	19	18	24	88	196	962
Total		14,489	383	364	309	304	481	1458	2,151	10,497

STATEMENT No. VIII.

Causes of death among infants born in 1940 and kept under observation during the first year of life.

No. of living children trace-	970	1315	796	934	270	630	196	1024	793	708	190	970	:	641	362	10,394
Left city or not traceable.	190	48	171	183	84	156	8	130	161	104	59	409	:,	88	196	2,087
Total deaths.	111	75	140	153	63	148	36	192	100	118	43	141	:	65	88	1,460
Vaccination.	1	:	:	1		:	1	1	1	:	1	:	;	1	1	1
Swelling.	-	:	1	1	:	:	1	:	05	1	1	1	:	1	03	10
Vomitting.	1	:	03	:	1	:	- 1	1	:	:	1	:	:	:	10	60
Influenza.	-	:	1	:	:	:	1	63	4	1	:	:	1	:	1	00
Indigestion.	:	1	1	:	1	1	1	1	1	1	:	1	:	1	:	1
Diatrhoea.	9	15	12	03	15	30	:	21	36	10	0.5	95	:	12	16	217
Causes unknown.	10	:	13	00	9	16	:	6	60	0.5		9	1	9	1	7.5
Janudice.	1	:	-	:	1	-	:	1	-	:	1		-	1	:	0.5
Scabies.	0.5	1	4	:	1	-	-	1	0.5	-	1	-	1	1	:	4 9
Rickets.	10	-	00	:	:	1	1	0.5	-	1		60	:	:	:	14
Constipation,	0.5	-	03		1	-	-	-	:	-	-	-	-	;	-	1-
Skin disease.	10000	-	1500	•	112	-	-		750		-			-	-	1
Syphilitie Eruptions.		:	-		1	:	-	-	:	1	-	:	-		05	
Abscess.	*	i	:	1	-		1	7	:	-			:	:		. 16
Measles.	:	1	:	1	:	1		:	-		•	1	-	1	:	:
Depility.	9	1	H	*	1	-	-	15	1	1	-	-	:	3	.,	43
Dysentery.	64	60	-	4	-	9	4	05	10	4	-	4	1	1	-	65
Drugged with native medi- cine.	:	i	63	4	03	:	1	o,	-	:	:	1	1	:	-	13
Whooping cough.	60	:	63	1	1	1	-	0.5	-	0.5	1	-	:	:	63	16
Convulsions.	03	1	00	10	1	13	-	00	63	17	0.5	*	1	0.5	60	69
Malnutrition.	10	:	4	1	1	-	1	0.5	:	1	1	:	:	:		=======================================
Bronchitis.	60	:	00	1	1	10	60	0,5	6	7	05	15	1	-	1	94
Small-pox.	:	:	:	:	:	1	:	:	:	:	1	:	1	:	:	:
Enteritis.	0.5	1	10	120	1	16	-	90	1	=	4	ю	1	1	1	53
Fever.	14	0.5	30	03 50	120	355	1	280	17	54	18	47	:	30	18	378
Pneumonia.	0.5	:	-	6	00	-	-	:	*	63	1	-	1	03	1	53
Died within 10 days.	520	355	30	53	6	22	13	33	13	14	10	31		17	22	364
Still born.	34	34	40	47	10	31	15	23	34	20	10	77	:	22	39	383
.0161 ni nrod stanini letoT	1311	1472	1117	1318	407	1132	326	1369	1120	945	297	1544	;	816	1285	14,489
PATE OF THE PARTY	:	1	:	1	:	:	:	1	:	:	1	:	1	:		-
THE RESERVE !																Total
CENTRES.	Royapuram	Washermanpet	Muthialpet	George Town	Park Town	Pulianthope	N. Perambur	Choolai	Purasawalkam	Egmore	Chetput	Triplicane	Mirsaibpet	Royapettah	Mylapore	-

XCVIII
STATEMENT No. IX.

Statement Childr-n Suppl		for Mill		expecta	nt Mothe	ng the No. of ers taken on during 1941.
Centres.	No. taken on for Milk Supply.	Yearly attendance.	Average daily attendance.	No. taken on for Milk Supply.	Yearly attendance.	Average daily attendance.
Royapuram	40	6405	17.5	147	681	1.8
Washermanpet .	32	7304	20.0	213	1131	3.0
Muthialpet	34	9695	26.5	150	1116	3.0
George Town	34	9235	25.3	199	1892	5.1
Park Town	45	.9866	26.1	267	1569	4.3
Pulianthope	46	10486	28.7	- 420	916	2.2
N. Perambur	37	9185	25.1	127	2164	5.9
Choolai	59	15743	43.1	196	917	2.2
Purasawalkam .	37	9005	24.6	218	1413	3.8
Egmore		7367	20.1	250	2267	6.2
Chetput		7548	20.6	94	1167	3.1
Triplicane		12443	34.0	444	2316	6.4
Mirsaibpet	. 8	796	2.1	60	258	0.7
Royapettah		9995	27.3	155	1324	3.6
Mylapore	50	6356	17.4	302	2432	6.6
Total	581	1,31,429	358.4	3,242	21,563	57.9

STATEMENT No. X.

Statement showing the No. of Children who were given free baths during 1941

Centres.	A	New dmission.	No. of baths given to babies.	Average daily attendance.
Royapuram		37	2258	6.1
Washermanpet		161	5458	14.9
Muthialpet		23	3387	9.2
George Town		34	3995	10.9
Park Town		42	4123	11.2
Pulianthope		42	3980	10.9
N. Perambur		37	4692	12.8
Choolai		59	5691	15.5
Purasawalkam		57	7413	20.3
Egmore		349	5153	14.1
Chetput		48	3943	10.8
Triplicane		47	6408	17.5
Mirsaibpet		8	368	1.0
Royapettah		38	4552	12.4
Mylapore		45	3627	9.9
Tota	al	1,027	65,048	177.5

STATEMENT No. XI.

Statement showing total attendance at the Out-Patient Clinic wherein, Expectant & Nursing Mothers, Infants & Children

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CENTRES.		Infants.	-	Pre School.	lool.	Expectant Mothers.	ant fis.	Nursing Mothers.	1	new ad	toT bn		u		Eye ses.	.aili	.sim	.nin	19	ful.	
Contract of the second	N	ew.	New. Old. New. Old.	Tew.	-	New. C	Old. N	New.	Old.	,	100	Respira	Ski	Influe	Ear &	Syph	Anaei	Mala	Oth	oT	
Royapuram	-	2458	7683	1508	2556	1500	5517	3106	8158	8572 32	32486 2	-	1952 360	0 743	158	33	723	154	2309	8572	-
Washermanpet	:	2299	4711	292	722	2542	4933	1700	4985	7136 25	22487	1777 2	2050 215	53	54	10	361	297	2314	7136	
Muthialpet	1	1513	7603	867	433	1278	5324	2077	1061	5396 23	23657 1	1470 1	1857 186	5 392	74	-	620	148	648	5396	-
George Town	:	1551	3913	1204	3043	1610	10247	1966	2896	6331 29	29430 1	1 1191	1681 154	1 957	43	:	1037	16	826	6331	KCI
Park Town	1	1332	4983	682	1159	206	5191	1867	3524	4788 19	19645	999	837 188	8 135	000	9	344	96	2485	4788	Α.
Pullanthope	1	2508	2550	2933	3680	922	2031	3652	7224	10048 25	25533	1983	929 932	1365	199	:	66	:	3073	10048	
N. Perambur	-	1239	1409	1554	2017	759	4457	3568	6009	7120 21	21012	1225 1	1698 607	263	329	1	417	203	8578	7120	
Choolai	i	2514	4975	1267	1652	1497	3520	3382	9847	8660 28	28654 1	1014 2	2675 326	5 773	130	4	155	93	3490	8660	
Purasawalkam.	1	16:8	2832	827	1043	1669	4621	2216	5193	6340 20	20029	189	998 208	8 659	253	=	657	176	2589	6340	
Egmore	1	1136	4829	47.5	642	1177	2019	2155	5178	5240 22	22025	1121	198	8 599	48	4	308	14	1321	5240	
Chetput	-	765	977	794	892	307	1106	542	777	2408	6163	340	211 392	3 216	59	:	118	16	1156	2408	
Triplicane	:	1709	5780	191	1486	1879	7507	2066	6714	6118 27	27605	895 1	1187 254	1 895	65	*	1089	15	1730	6118	
Mirsalbpet	-	309	769	250	251	184	733	986	786	1003	3542	267	400 75	5 87	16	:	75	7	79	1003	
Royapettah	-	1326	2880	839	928	853	3688	1509	3126	4527 15	5179 1	9671	941 338	359	88	9	462	45	992	4527	
Mylapore	-	1726	3976	935	1359	1454	3730	2194	2100	6309 20	20474	1320 1	1914 215	5 333	40	00	231	63	2245	6309	
To	Total 24,313 59,900 14,830 21,896	24,313	29,900	14,830	21,896	18,571 6	68,713 3	32,282 7	77,418 8	89,996 317	317922 17,	12,919 21,	21,957 4.648	8 7.939	2,070	828	6,596	1,980	27,505	89,996	

STATEMENT No. XII.

Statement showing the details of Health Propaganda work done by C. W. S. Staff in 1941.

				(7					1							
	Preventing from diseases.	1 :	:	:	-	:	:	:	:	:	:			;	:	:	-
	Guinea worms.	:	1	:	:	-	:	:	:	1	:	:	:	:	:	-	03
	Other diseases.	1	-	-	:	-	:	:	00	:	:	;		:	:	0.5	1-
	Better late than never.	1	:	:	:	:	3	04	:	:	-	-			-	- :	0.5
	Vaccination,	1 1	- 1	:	65	:	:		01	- :	:	:	-	-	:	1	1-
	Skin diseases.	-	-	-:	:	:	:		:	:	-	-	1	:	:	05	112
	Nagamma.	0.5	-	:	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	:	:	-	05	=
	Gnowing the Knome. Story of Seethamma &	1		:	:	-	1	:	:	:	:	-	-	:	:	1	-
	Your mouth.	- 1	-	:	1		:	:	:		1	:	:	:	:	:	1:
	Dental Care. Evils of having pacifiers.	:	0.5	-	0.5	-	:	:	-	:	:	:	:	-	-	-	9
	Pre-Astal Care.	1 1	05	6 6	*	:	:		65	:	-	-	1 1	- :	4	1	12
	Child Welfare. Care of infants.	:	-	-	:	:	-	01	-	-	-	:	-	-	0.5	:	918
4	Infant feeding.	65	1	100	65	-	.:	1 2	10		1	:	-	-	- OS	6.0	01
	Breast fed Baby. General Sanitation.	1	-	:	:	-	:	:	1	- 1	:	:	-	-	:	-	124
00	Insects and diseases.	1	-	:	10	05	.:	3 1	1	- 1	1	:	2 1	1		.:	9
CI	Ventilation & Housing.	05	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	01	-	-	-	938
JE	Plague.	-		:	-	-	-	-	-	-	. !	-	1 1	-	:	04	7
UB	Water-supply.	1	1 1	:	-	0.5	3 1	-	65	:	:	:	1 1	-	1 20	1 1	110
S	Mosquitoes.	-	-	03		1		-	-	:	:	-	03	-	-	-	9 19
	Leprosy.	-:	52	-	05	03		08	-	-	-	-	60	.:	02	0.5	1 88
	Hook Worm.		-	10000	-	-	1		-	-	-	-	1000				1
	Cholera.	-	03		03	0.5	3	65	03	-	:	:	60	:	7	65	30
	Domestic Hygiene.	:	-	0.5	:	05	:	60	:	:	1	:	0.5	-	0.5	-	13
	Personal Hygiene.	65	05	*	:	63	52	4	9	1	1	:	10	-	01	-	18
	Materalty and Child	1	:	:	1	-	:	:	1	-	-	:	60	:	1	1	-
	Tuberculosis,	*	09	60	*	63	*	4	-	:	:	:	60	1	-	65	65
	Typhoid.	:	-	-	-	:		:	1	:	:	:	-	:	-	03	1
	Malaria.	7	13	03	63	05	4	63	63	60	63	9	05	:	65	03	46
	Saving the Race.	:	:	:	:	:	1	:	:	:	1	1	1	:	:	-	1
	Story of Jani Bi and Chandi- Bi.	:	1	1	1	1	:	1	1	1	-	:	:	1	1	1	1
	Small-pox.	0.5	5	7	63	9	9	7	*	*	10	13	7	1	*	63	59
	Total attendance at the lectures.	1355	1670	1391	2102	1128	2547	2196	1459	3200	-1461	1570	2412	155	1204	1366	25,216
	of Magic Lantern.	18	18	16	17	16	17	17	15	14	17	14	15	-	13	14	221
	of Cinema Shows.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1	-	1	1	05	:	0.5	05	10 2
in o	No. of lectures with th	-	1	-	-							119	-	-	1		
ep i	No. of out-door lectures vered.	17	23	24	25	0.5	22	255	24	30	24	29	98	4	25	250	346
	Attendance.	3284	3770	1	7714	1801	1925	1199	5349	2973	3036	1274	2762	370	1969	4875	45,137
	School Lectures.	19	25	:	350	-	20	-	36	25	34	14	28	63	255	26	281
		-	1	:	1	1	:	:	1		. :	1	-:	:	1	1	:
																	Total
																	Te
	RES									0							
	CENTRES	-	Washermanpe	+	WII		96	ur		Purasawalkam			-		4		1
	5	Iran	rma	lpe	To	OWI	thop	umb		wal	0	+	ane	phe	otta	010	
	18 35 0 5	Royapuram	sher	Muthialpet	George Town	Park Town	Pulianthope	N. Perambur	Choolai	rasa	Egmore	Chetput	Triplicane	Mirsaibpe	Royapettah	Mylapore	
	8 9 5 6 2 5	Roy	Wa	Mu	Geo	Par	Pul	Z.	Che	Pu	Eg	5	Tri	Mii	Ro	My	-

CI STATEMENT No. XIII.

		,	Total No. of births	No. of cases	Percent-
Centres.		Municipal Divisions	from 1-1-41 to 31-12-41	conducted by Corporation Midwives	ama aftatal
Royapuram		\int_{2}^{1}	674 605	362 258	53·7 42·6
Moyapuram		3	1584	589	42.6
Washermanpet		$ \begin{cases} 1\\2\\3\\4\\5 \end{cases} $	1380 1389	683 713	49·4 51·3
		CA	356	170	47.7
		\[\begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 7 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}	713	352	49.3
Muthialpet		3	303	112	36.9
		9	608 433	259 137	42·5 31·6
		(11	742	423	57.0
George Town		12	343	77	22.4
Goorgo Town		13	1077	545	50.0
		14	713	300	42.0
Park Town		15	370	144	38.9
		16	497 1325	175 904	35·2 68·2
Pulianthope N. Perambur		18	881	504	57.2
		5 19	1425	823	57.7
Choolai	***	23	891	389	43.6
		20	973	437	44.9
Purasawalkam		21 22	949 657	429 120	45·2 18·2
		(24	546	169	30.9
P		j 25	808	250	30.9
Egmore		26	906 1137	289	31·8 3·1
		27 28 part	656	36 152	23.1
Chetput	•••	28 part 29	491	108	21.9
		(30	794	366	46.0
Triplicane		31	1121	539	48.0
		32	1071	280	26.1
Minnelland		$\begin{cases} 33 \\ 34 \end{cases}$	609 729	102 358	16·4 49·1
Mirsaibpet		35 part		300	43 1
		36	881	300	34.0
Royapettah		37 38	901 629	269	29.8
		28 part	029	71	11.2
		35 part	1665	657	39.4
Mylapore		39	549	235	42.8
and the second		1 40	389	129	33.7
Total			32,770	13,215	40.3



