

Annual report of the National Association for Supplying Medical Aid by Women to the Women of India.

Contributors

National Association for Supplying Medical Aid by Women to the Women of India.

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Col. Craddock

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1923

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

*National Association for Supplying
Medical Aid by Women to the
Women of India*

(Countess of Dufferin's Fund)

WOMEN'S MEDICAL SERVICE INDIA

VICTORIA MEMORIAL SCHOLARSHIPS FUND

LADY READING WOMEN OF INDIA FUND

AND

**Lady Chelmsford All-India League
for Maternity and Child Welfare**

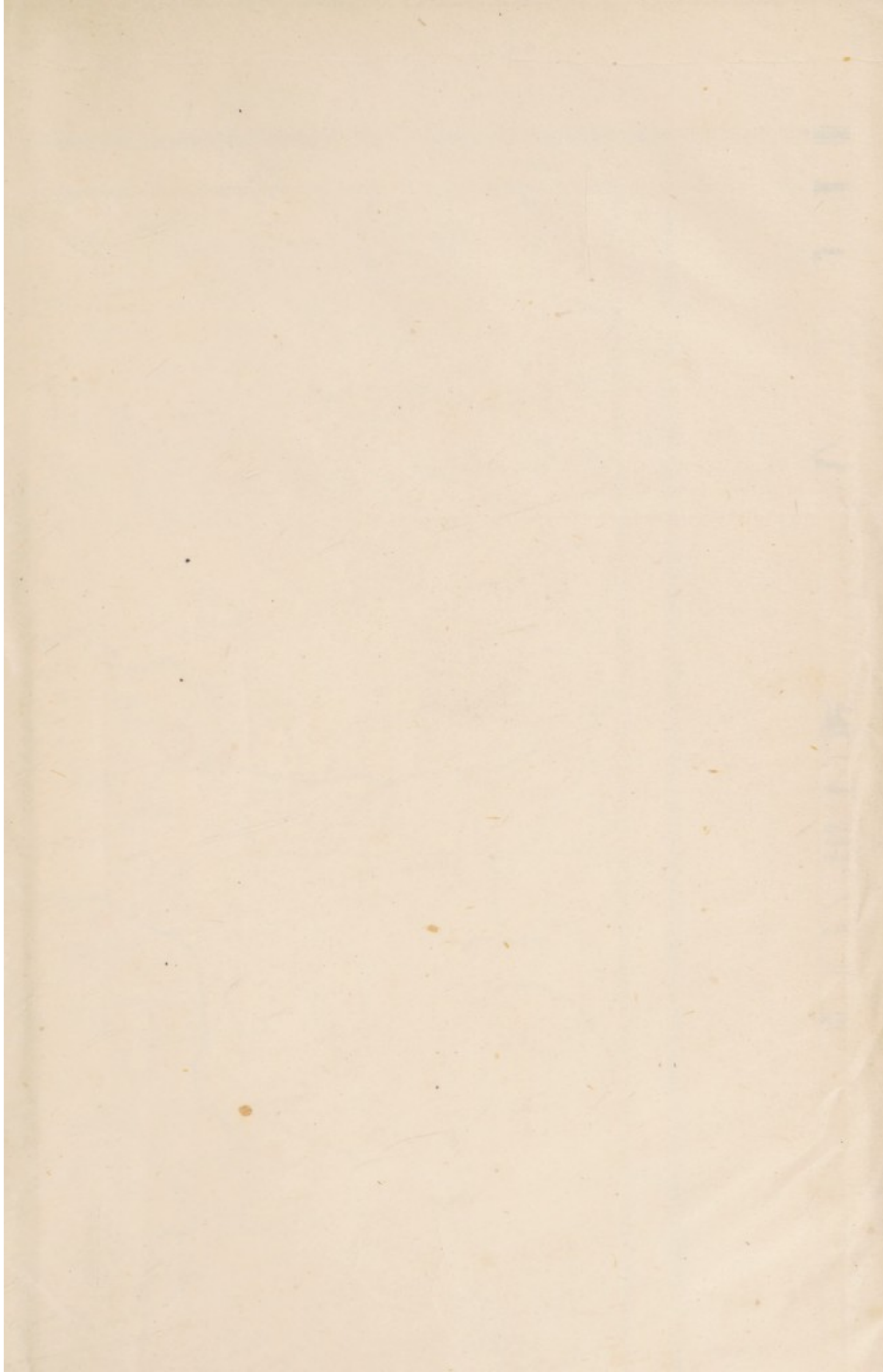
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INDIA

SHOWING THE
PROVINCIAL CENTRES OF THE COUNTESS OF DUFFERIN'S FUND,
AND LOCALITIES ENGAGED IN FURTHERING THE
OBJECTS OF THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION.

Scale: Inch=125 Miles or 200 Kilometres



REFERENCES.

- Hind Provincial Centres
- Hospitals staffed by members of the Women's Medical Service
- Medical Missionaries
- All other Hospitals staffed by women doctors only



*Thirty-Ninth Annual Report
of the National Association
for Supplying Medical Aid by
Women in India for the year
1923*



INCLUDING

*The Tenth Annual Report of the
Women's Medical Service for India,
the Twenty-Second Annual Report of
the Victoria Memorial Scholarships
Fund, the First Annual Report of the
Lady Reading Women of India
Fund and the Third Annual Report
of the Lady Chelmsford All-India
League for Maternity and Child
Welfare.*

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In the matter of Act XXI of 1860 of the Acts of the Viceroy and Governor-General of India in Council, being an Act for the Registration of Literary, Scientific, and Charitable Societies

AND

In the matter of "The National Association for Supplying Female Medical Aid to the Women of India."

Memorandum of Association.

1. The name of the Association is "The National Association for Supplying Female Medical Aid to the Women of India."

2. The objects for which the Association is established are—

- (1) *Medical tuition*, including the teaching and training in India of women as doctors, hospital assistants, nurses, and midwives.
- (2) *Medical relief*, including—
 - (a) the establishment under female superintendence of dispensaries and cottage hospitals for the treatment of women and children ;
 - (b) the opening of female wards under female superintendence in existing hospitals and dispensaries ;
 - (c) the provision of female medical officers and attendants for existing female wards ; and
 - (d) the founding of hospitals for women where special funds or endowments are forthcoming.
- (3) The supply of trained female nurses and midwives for women and children in hospitals and private houses.
- (4) The management of the Fund raised for the above objects, and which is known as "The Countess of Dufferin's Fund."
- (5) The purchase or acquisition on lease, or in exchange, or on hire or otherwise, of any real or personal property, and any rights or privileges necessary or convenient for the purposes of the Association.
- (6) The erection, construction, alteration, and maintenance of any buildings necessary or convenient for the purposes of the Association.
- (7) The sale, improvement, management, and development of all or any part of the property of the Association.
- (8) The promotion and establishment of Branches and of other Societies or Associations with similar objects, and the affiliation or amalgamation of such Societies or Associations with this Association.
- (9) The doing of all such things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.

3. The names, addresses, and occupations of the persons who are members of and form the Central Committee or governing body of the said Association are as follows :—

1st—Her Excellency the Right Honourable the Countess of Dufferin and Ava, C.I. Lady President, whose address is—Viceroy's Camp, India.

2nd—The Hon'ble Mr. A. R. Scoble, Q.C., Member of the Viceroy's Council.

3rd—The Hon'ble Sir Charles Aitchison, K.C.S.I., Member of the Viceroy's Council.

4th—The Hon'ble Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Kt., of Bombay, Additional Member of the Viceroy's Council.

- 5th—A. P. MacDonnell, Esq., C.S., Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department.
- 6th—The Hon'ble Mr. C. H. Moore (Messrs. Gillanders, Arbuthnot & Co.), Calcutta, Member of the Council of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.
- 7th—The Hon'ble Sir Syed Ahmad, Khan Bahadur, K.C.S.I., of Aligarh, Member of the Council of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-West Provinces.
- 8th—Surgeon-General Sir Benjamin Simpson, M.D., K.C.I.E., Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India.
- 9th—Maharaja Sir Jotendra Mohun Tagore, Bahadur, K.C.S.I., Calcutta.
- 10th—Sir Alexander Wilson, Kt. (Messrs. Jardine, Skinner & Co.), Calcutta, President, Bank of Bengal.

4. A copy of the Rules and Regulations of the said National Association is filed with this Memorandum of Association, and the undersigned, being seven of the members of the governing body of the said National Association, do hereby certify that such copy of such Rules and Regulations is a correct copy of the Rules and Regulations of the said National Association.

As witness our several and respective hands and signatures this 29th day of February 1888.

WITNESS.

HARRY COOPER, Major,
Loyal North Lancashire Regiment.

SIGNATURES.

HARRIOT DUFFERIN.
ANDREW R. SCOBLE.
C. U. AITCHISON.
JOTENDRA MOHUN TAGORE.
B. SIMPSON.
DINSHAW MANECKJEE PETIT.
CHARLES H. MOORE.

Revised Rules and Regulations of the National Association for supplying Medical Aid by Women in India Lady Chelmsford All-India League for Maternity and Child Welfare as amended by the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Amalgamated Funds on July 20th, 1923.

Chapter I—Membership.

1. There shall be the following grades of members of the Association League :—
- (a) Patrons.
 - (b) Vice-Patrons.
 - (c) President.
 - (d) Vice-Presidents.
 - (e) Life Councillors.
 - (f) Life Members.
 - (g) Ordinary Members.
2. The Patrons, the Vice-Patrons and the Vice-Presidents shall be the persons holding these offices at the time these rules are made and such persons as may from time to time be nominated by the President on the advice of the Council.

3. The President shall be the wife of His Excellency the Viceroy. In her absence the power of filling the vacancy shall rest with His Excellency the Viceroy.

4. Life Councillors and Life Members shall be the persons holding these offices at the time these rules were made, and all donors of sums amounting in the aggregate to Rs. 5,000 and Rs. 500 respectively.

5. Ordinary members shall be the persons who hold office in the $\frac{\text{Association}}{\text{League}}$ or pay an actual subscription of not less than five rupees.

6. The Council may elect any person to Honorary Membership of any grade in recognition of services rendered to the $\frac{\text{Association}}{\text{League}}$.

7. The Secretary of the $\frac{\text{Association}}{\text{League}}$ shall maintain a register of members of the $\frac{\text{Association}}{\text{League}}$ and this register shall be open to inspection.

Chapter II—General Meeting.

8. (a) The General Meeting of the $\frac{\text{Association}}{\text{League}}$ shall be held once a year at the Headquarters of the Government of India upon a date to be fixed by the President. Notices of such annual meetings shall be given at least one month before the date fixed, and such notice shall specify the business to be transacted. Members of all grades shall be entitled to attend and to vote on any question that may be submitted to the meeting for determination.

(b) At such annual Meeting eight members shall be elected to serve on the Council, an Auditor, who shall be a Chartered Accountant or other person skilled in accounts, shall be appointed, and the Annual Report and balance sheet for the past year, and Budget for the next year, shall be presented. Any other business may be brought forward with the assent of the President.

9. (a) An extraordinary meeting of the $\frac{\text{Association}}{\text{League}}$ may be convened at any time by the President for any purpose connected with the $\frac{\text{Association}}{\text{League}}$ and shall be convened on the written requisition of at least thirty members stating the object of such meeting.

(b) At least fourteen days' notice shall be given of such meeting, with the agenda to be brought before it, and no business other than that specified in such agenda shall be transacted.

10. (a) All General Meetings shall be presided over by the President, or in her absence by the Chairman of the Council or some other person appointed by the Chairman.

(b) All questions shall be decided by the votes of the members present, taken by show of hands, but any one present may demand a poll which shall forthwith be taken and the result declared by the officer presiding.

(c) In case of equality of votes the officer presiding shall have a second or casting vote.

Chapter III—The Governing Body.

11. The Governing Body of the $\frac{\text{Association}}{\text{League}}$ for the purposes of the Act XXI of 1860 shall be the Council.

12. (1) The Council shall consist ordinarily of the President, a Chairman to be nominated by the President, who will preside in the absence of the President, the Treasurer, or Treasurers, the Secretary and Joint Secretaries, and 25 members of whom

(a) 12 shall be chosen by the committees of the provincial branches or of their equivalents in local administrations or Indian States in such manner as the Council, or, until the Council has been constituted, the President may determine:

- (b) 8 shall be elected by the $\frac{\text{Association}}{\text{League}}$ at its annual general meeting from among the members of the $\frac{\text{Association}}{\text{League}}$ and
- (c) 5 shall be nominated by the President.
- (2) The Council shall have power to co-opt persons having expert knowledge in some branch of the $\frac{\text{Association's}}{\text{League's}}$ work, either as regular members of the Council, or *ad hoc* for the consideration of some particular matter specially affecting the $\frac{\text{Association's}}{\text{League's}}$ work. The number of persons so co-opted shall not at any one time exceed five. Any co-option shall cease at the will of the Council.
- (3) Vacancies among elected members occurring between two annual General meetings shall be filled by the Council. An absence of six months out of India shall constitute a vacancy.
13. The Council shall at the first meeting held after the Annual General Meeting in each year elect from among themselves a Vice-Chairman who in the absence of the Chairman shall conduct the duties of the Chairman and exercise his powers. In the absence of both at any meeting, such meeting may elect its own Chairman from those present.
14. An ordinary meeting of the Council shall be held at least once a year at such time and at such place as may be fixed by the President. The Annual Budget of the $\frac{\text{Association}}{\text{League}}$ shall be considered at one such meeting in each year.
15. An extraordinary meeting of the Council may be called at any time by the President.
16. Upon a requisition in writing made by any five members of the Council stating the object, the President shall call an extraordinary meeting.
17. Fourteen days' clear notice of any meeting of the Council, specifying the place, day and hour of the meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted shall be given to every member of the Council by notice sent by post, provided that the accidental omission to give such notice to any of the members shall not invalidate any resolution passed at such meeting.
18. At a meeting of the Council eight members must be present in person to form a quorum.
19. If no quorum is present within half an hour of the time fixed for a meeting of the Council, the meeting shall be adjourned for at least one week to the same time and place and notice given again. At such adjourned meeting the business for which the meeting was called may be transacted whether a quorum is present or not.
20. In the event of an equality of votes at any meeting the presiding officer shall have a second or casting vote.
21. (1) The President shall appoint the Secretary and Joint Secretaries.
 (2) The Council shall appoint the Treasurer or Treasurers.
 (3) All other appointments shall be made by the Chairman, subject to the control of the Council.
22. The Council, subject to these rules, shall have general control of the affairs of the $\frac{\text{Association}}{\text{League}}$ with authority to make standing orders, regulating its own procedure, the procedure of the Executive Committee, and the powers and duties of its officers. In particular it shall provide for a proper record of all proceedings, and for an accurate account of all receipts and payments to be open to the inspection of the auditor.

Chapter IV—Committees.

23. The Council shall from among the members of the $\frac{\text{Association}}{\text{League}}$ appoint an Executive Committee to perform the current duties of the $\frac{\text{Association}}{\text{League}}$ and such other duties as the Council may prescribe. The transactions of the Executive Committee shall be duly recorded and laid before the Council at its next meeting

for information or confirmation. In case of emergency the Executive Committee may perform any duty and exercise any power of the Council. With the concurrence of the President the Executive Committee may appoint any sub-Committee and delegate to it any powers which may be necessary, but the proceedings of such sub-Committees shall in every case be reported for information or confirmation to the Executive Committee. The President and the Chairman of the Council shall be *ex-officio* members of all sub-Committees.

24. The Executive Committee shall consist of the President, the Chairman and Vice-Chairman of the Council, a Treasurer, the Secretary and Joint Secretary, the Director-General, Indian Medical Service, if he is willing to serve, and one member elected by the Council.

25. (1) All matters affecting the finances of the $\frac{\text{Association}}{\text{League}}$ shall be referred to the Executive Committee before being determined by the Council.

(2) The Executive Committee shall, scrutinise the accounts of the $\frac{\text{Association}}{\text{League}}$ and shall consider the Report of the Auditor. It shall also prepare the annual budget and submit it through the Council to the general meeting of the $\frac{\text{Association}}{\text{League}}$.

25A.* The Executive Committee of the Association shall administer (a) the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund and (b) the Lady Reading Women of India Fund in accordance with the objects of those funds as defined on their inauguration by Her Excellency Lady Curzon in 1903, and Her Excellency the Countess of Reading in 1922 respectively, and shall keep separate accounts of all moneys received into or expended from the Funds. Separate reports or sections of a report shall be devoted annually to the working of these funds.

26. When a branch of the $\frac{\text{Association}}{\text{League}}$ is formed, or any other body having for its objects the purposes for which the $\frac{\text{Association}}{\text{League}}$ is established, desires affiliation, the case shall be examined by the Executive Committee, before being submitted to the Council, and no such branch shall be recognized or body affiliated without the vote of the Council. It shall be a condition of recognition or affiliation that each such branch or body shall have a regularly constituted committee.

27. Unless otherwise desired by them branches and affiliated bodies shall remain independent in the administration of their funds and in the conduct of their operations, but they shall furnish to the Council such reports and information as may be agreed upon mutually, and shall assist by correspondence and conference in the furtherance of their common objects. The Council shall have power, subject to the rules, to assist branches and affiliated bodies in such manner and to such an extent as it may consider to be conducive to the objects of the $\frac{\text{Association}}{\text{League}}$.

General.

28. All moneys at any time standing to the credit of the general account which shall not be required for current expenses, and which the Council shall not determine to transfer to the Building or any other account, shall be invested by the Treasurer or Treasurers in securities authorised by law for the investment of trust funds.

29. The Bankers of the $\frac{\text{Association}}{\text{League}}$ in India shall be the Imperial Bank of India.

30. If any corporation or firm or body of trustees shall make any subscription or donations to the $\frac{\text{Association}}{\text{League}}$ the privileges which it carries shall be exercised by such persons as they shall nominate and in the case of a legacy the first-named Executor, unless the Testator has made other provisions.

31. None of these rules shall be repealed or altered and no new rules shall be made except by resolution passed by a majority of the Council present at an ordinary meeting and confirmed by a resolution passed by a subsequent general meeting of the $\frac{\text{Association}}{\text{League}}$.

COUNCIL OF THE FUNDS UNDER HER EXCEL- LENCY'S PRESIDENCY.

President.

HER EXCELLENCY THE COUNTESS OF READING, C.I., G.B.E.

Vice-Presidents.

<p>Rani Lady HARNAM SINGH. The Hon'ble Sir Mian Mohd. SHAFI, K.C.S.I., C.I.E. The Hon'ble Sir MALCOLM HAILEY, K.C.S.I., I.C.S.</p>	<p>E. J. BUCK, Esq., C.I.E. Lady DADABHOY. Rai Bahadur Sir ONKAR MAL JATIA</p>
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Elected Members.

<p>M. S. D. BUTLER, Esq., C.B., C.I.E., C.V.O., C.B.E., I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Education, Health and Lands. Major-General R. C. MACWATT, C.I.E., Director-General, Indian Medical Service. Mr. MOHAN LAL. Lady SHAFI.</p>	<p>Colonel DUNLOP, C.I.E., D.S.O., Solicitor to the Government. K. C. ROY, Esq., C.I.E. Lieut.-Col. HUTCHINSON, C.I.E., I.M.S., Sanitary Commissioner. Lady WHYTE.</p>
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Nominated Members.

<p>Miss HODGSON, Chief Lady Superin- tendent, Lady Minto Nursing Association. Dr. HOULTON, M.D., W.M.S. Mrs. HOWELL.</p>	<p>Lady BLACKETT. Raja Sir HARNAM SINGH, K.C.I.B., Alhuwalia of Karpurthala.</p>
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Provincial Branches.

Rajputna—Chief Medical Officer.

United Provinces—Colonel A. W. R. COCHRANE, I.M.S., Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, United Provinces.

Assam—Member of the Legislative Assembly for the Province of Assam.

Delhi—Chief Medical Officer.

Bengal—The Hon'ble Khan Bahadur AMIN-UL-ISLAM.

Central Provinces—The Hon'ble Sir MANEKJI DADABHOY.

North-West Frontier Province—Nawab Sir Sahibzada ABDUL QAYYUM KHAN.

Punjab—Dr. D. F. CURJEL, M.D., W.M.S., Assistant to the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Punjab.

Madras—Lieutenant-Colonel T. H. SYMONS, O.B.E., I.M.S., Officiating Surgeon-General with the Government.

Sir M. Ct. MUTHIAH CHETTYAR AVERGAL, M.L.A.

Honorary Joint Secretary.

Lieut.-Col. T. J. CAREY EVANS, M.C., F.R.C.S., I.M.S.

Secretary.

Dr. MARGARET I. BALFOUR, M.B., C.M.O., W.M.S.

Assistant Secretary.

Mrs. D. A. PITTAR.

Honorary Treasurer.

Sir M. F. GAUNTLETT, K.B.E., I.C.S., Auditor General.

Deputy Treasurer.

S. C. GUPTA, Esq.

Auditors.

Messrs. PRICE, WATERHOUSE, PEAT & Co., Cawnpore.

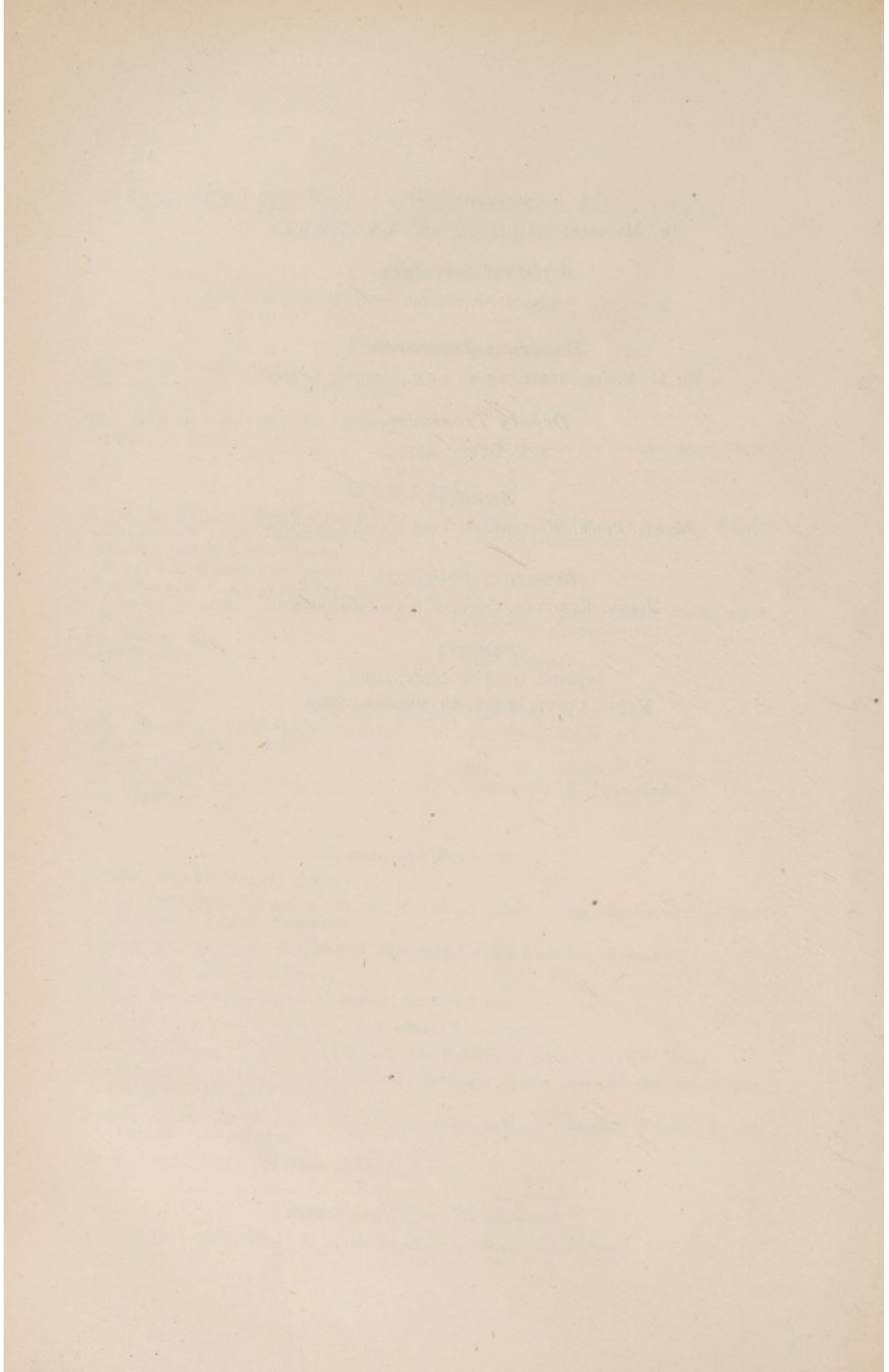
Honorary Solicitors.

Messrs. KESTEVEN, GOODING & Co., Calcutta.

Bankers.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA, Delhi.

Messrs. COUTTS & Co., 59, Strand, London.





Dr. MARGARET BALFOUR.

Chief Medical Officer, Women's Medical Service and Secretary of the Countess of
Dufferin's Fund and Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund
from 1916 to February 1924.

SECTION I.

COUNTESS OF DUFFERIN'S FUND.

Annual Report of the Council for the year 1923.

The work of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund and its affiliated institutions has continued in a satisfactory manner throughout the year.

The event of greatest importance from an administrative point of view has been the co-ordination of the Governing Bodies of the various Funds for the physical welfare of Indian women which are under the Presidency of the Viceroy's wife. These consist of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund (in which is included the management of the Women's Medical Service), the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund, the Lady Chelmsford All-India League for Maternity and Child Welfare and the Lady Reading Women of India Fund. These organisations had been successively originated as the needs of the time seemed to indicate, and although the objects in some cases are very similar, each had its separate Committee of management, with a personnel sometimes the same and sometimes different from that of the other Funds. Separate meetings were held and the lines of action taken and the propaganda issued by one Fund were not always understood by the others. This not only caused confusion in the minds of the public with which the Committees dealt, but led to a lack of concentration of effort and sometimes to an overlapping of the different spheres of work. The various Governing Bodies have been in communication for some time and have discussed several possible methods of amalgamation or co-ordination of their work. Those which required the sanction of legal proceedings have been dismissed, at least in the meantime; and the present arrangement has been undertaken after submitting the proposed scheme to extraordinary general meetings of the National Association (the Countess of Dufferin's Fund) and the Lady Chelmsford All-India League. The existing Governing Bodies ceased to act, and the new Councils came into being with effect from the 20th July 1923, the date of the general meetings of the Association and League. Under the new arrangement the constitution and objects of the different Funds remain unaltered. The Rules and Regulations have been altered so as to be identical for all the Funds. The personnel of the Councils and of the Executive Committees is the same for the different Funds; while the incomes of each are kept strictly apart and are devoted to the objects originally intended, as laid down in the Constitutions. These arrangements worked satisfactorily during the later months of the year.

Her Excellency the Countess of Reading continued to act as President of the National Association throughout the year. At Her Excellency's request Mr. M. S. D. Butler undertook the office of Chairman of the Council under the new constitution. Sir B. N. Mitra resigned the

office of Honorary Treasurer with effect from 20th July, and Sir M. F. Gauntlett became Honorary Treasurer of the amalgamated Funds, with Colonel Daldy as Deputy Honorary Treasurer. As Colonel Daldy was obliged to remain in Simla during the winter he resigned the office in the autumn and has been succeeded by Mr. S. C. Gupta. The thanks of Her Excellency and the Council are due to Sir B. N. Mitra for the attention paid to the affairs of the Funds during his five years' office as Honorary Treasurer—attention which could only be spared with difficulty from his multitudinous other tasks—and also to Colonel Daldy for his shorter period of office.

The usual subsidy was received from the Government of India for the working of the Women's Medical Service, of which the report will be found at page 7.

Assistance for medical study in the United Kingdom was given to Miss A. O'Neill, and two United Kingdom scholarships were awarded respectively to Mrs. Sivakamu and Miss K. Halloran, of whom the former proceeded to England in May and the latter in September.

The Gilchrist scholarships were held by the following students at the Lady Hardinge College, Delhi:—Miss C. Christi, Miss K. Kaksar, Miss Karta Devi Nair, Miss S. Choudhri, Miss Jiwan Latta. In addition other scholarships were awarded to students at the Lady Hardinge College.

Two Muir scholarships were paid to students at the Campbell Medical School, Calcutta. Three Council scholarships were paid to students at the Grant Medical College, Bombay, and two Council scholarships to students at the Medical College, Calcutta.

The Madras post-graduate scholarships was held by Miss Thayalamma up to 3rd July and thereafter by Miss M. Hughes.

Post-graduate courses for medical women on recent methods of diagnosis and treatment of venereal diseases were held in Poona during March 1923. Seventeen medical women attended.

The first students who joined the Lady Hardinge Medical College in 1916 completed their seven years' course in science and medicine and appeared for the final examination for the M.B., B.S. degree, Lahore. Of nine who appeared eight passed. The successful candidates included Miss G. R. Marshall and Miss D. M. Jacob, both Council scholars, of whom the former passed first of all the women candidates. A silver Queen-Empress medal was awarded to her.

A silver Queen-Empress medal was also awarded to Miss P. C. Daruwala, student at the Grant Medical College, Bombay.

A Viceroy's silver medal was awarded to Sub-assistant Surgeon Tara Kunwar Seth of the Women's Medical School, Agra.

A prize competition for Indian school girls for essays on "The Care of the Baby" was again held, and 13 prizes were awarded.

The Junior Women's Medical Service was carried on as before. No new admissions were made.

Grants-in-aid were given as in previous years. The headquarters of all the Provincial Branches except Burma and the North-West Frontier Province, were visited during the year.

In conclusion we wish to thank all those who have assisted the work of the Dufferin Fund and its allied institutions during the past year. Mr. J. J. Meikle, Superintendent of the Government Printing Press, Calcutta, has again largely contributed to our success in publications and propaganda.

T. J. CAREY EVANS, LT.-COL., I.M.S.,

Honorary Joint Secretary.

M. I. BALFOUR, C.M.O., W.M.S.,

Secretary.

6th February 1924.

Annual Account of the Countess

	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Receipts:—						
1. Opening Balance . . . . .	..			70,097	0	11
2. Interest on Investments:—						
(a) Gross Receipts	38,325	0	10			
(b) Deduct amount transferred to Provident Fund.	350	15	6	37,974	1	4
3. Contributions:—						
(a) Annual Subscriptions by Their Excellencies	500	0	0			
(b) From Branches	1,229	2	0			
(c) From Government for V. D. Course (through V. M. S. Fund).	24,000	0	0	25,729	2	0
4. Junior Women's Medical Service:—						
(a) Contribution from Branches	23,850	0	0			
(b) Unremitted Income-tax	640	5	6	24,490	5	6
5. Provident Fund:—						
(a) Contribution from Members of the Junior W. M. S. and office staff.	1,958	8	0			
(b) Contribution from Dufferin Fund	1,765	15	5			
(c) Interest for the year	350	15	6	4,075	6	11
6. Miscellaneous:—						
(a) Sundry Receipts	333	5	4			
(b) Repayment of Loans of Court of Wards	10,600	0	0			
(c) Recovery of share of cost of office building	5,340	0	0			
(d) Unremitted Income-tax	417	9	0	16,690	14	4
TOTAL . . . . .	...			1,79,056	15	0

of Dufferin Fund, 1923.

	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
Expenditure :—				
1. Central . . . . .	...		6,400	0 0
2. Junior Women's Medical Service . . . . .	...		31,777	7 11
3. Contribution to Provident Fund . . . . .	...		1,765	15 5
4. Scholarships . . . . .	...		14,072	2 5
5. Grants-in-Aid :—				
(a) United Provinces	6,000	0 0		
(b) Central Provinces	600	0 0		
(c) Assam	4,402	13 6		
(d) N.-W. F. Province	1,200	0 0		
(e) Baluchistan	600	0 0		
(f) Burma	2,400	0 0		
(g) Miscellaneous	50	0 0	15,252	13 6
6. Provident Fund . . . . .	...		91	15 11
7. Investments . . . . .	...		48,000	0 0
8. Miscellaneous . . . . .	...		2,231	0 10
Balance in hand . . . . .	...		59,465	7 0
TOTAL . . . . .	...		1,79,056	15 0

M. F. GAUNTLETT.

The 16th February 1924.

As this is the first year in which the accounts of all the Viceregal Funds have been maintained by one agency, it may be desirable to present a brief picture of the financial transactions of the year.

The Countess of Dufferin Fund reduced its cash balance by about Rs. 11,000. Its liabilities on account of Provident Fund increased by about four thousand rupees. The amounts due to Government on account of Income Tax increased by Rs. 1,000. Its assets were reduced by about Rs. 11,000 owing to repayment of loans to Court of Wards. On the other hand the investments were increased by about Rs. 48,000. Thus the financial condition of this fund improved during the year by about Rs. 21,000.

A reference to the note below regarding Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund will show however that expenditure amounting to approximately Rs. 24,000 has to be transferred from that fund to the Dufferin Fund, thus reducing to this extent the real improvement of the fund during the year.

The Women Medical Service showed a reduction of cash balance of about Rs. 2,60,000 (two lacs sixty thousand). Its liabilities for the Provident Fund increased by about Rs. 57,000. The amount due to the Government on account of Income Tax increased by over Rs. 4,000. On the other hand the investments increased by Rs. 4,05,000 (four lacs and five thousand). Thus the position of the Women Medical Service increased by about Rs. 83,000 (eighty-three thousand).

The Lady Chelmsford League reduced its cash balance by about Rs. 2,000 (two thousand). On the other hand it realised a Treasury Bill for Rs. 50,000 (fifty thousand) and purchased another for Rs. 60,000 (sixty thousand). Thus the League improved its financial position by about Rs. 8,000 (eight thousand) during the year.

The Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund reduced its cash balance by about Rs. 24,000 (twenty-four thousand), but this is accounted for entirely by the transfer of a sum of Rs. 24,000 (twenty-four thousand) from this fund to the Dufferin Fund as it was given by the Government for objects which could appropriately be undertaken by the Dufferin Fund and not by the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund. It is, of course, necessary to transfer to the Dufferin Fund all the expenditure which has been incurred from the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund which will be approximately equal to the sum received from the Government, *i.e.*, Rs. 24,000 (twenty-four thousand). It has not yet been possible to ascertain the exact amount and make the transfer.

M. F. GAUNTLETT.

16th February 1924.

SECTION II.

Report of the Women's Medical Service for India for the year 1923.

On January 1st, 1923, there were 38 medical officers on the cadre; of these the following has since resigned:—

Dr. M. Cuthbert.

The following new officers have been admitted on probation:—

Miss Trouton.

Miss Walker.

Miss Mucadam.

Miss Patel.

Miss McMillan.

The following proceeded on furlough out of India:—

Dr. Agnes Scott.

Dr. F. D. Barnes.

Dr. Hilda Lazarus.

The following postings and transfers were effected during the year:—

Dr. Olivera, from Agra to Benares, *vice* Dr. Glancey resigned, with effect from 5th January 1923.

Dr. Mohd. Ali, from Calcutta to Shegaon, from the 20th November, to act for Miss Lobo.

Dr. B. Thungamma, on relief at Rawalpindi, to act as Reserve Medical Officer, Agra, with effect from 6th February.

Dr. B. Thungamma, to act as Medical Officer, Dufferin Hospital, Nagpur, in place of Dr. Kamalakar.

Dr. D. F. Curjel, to relieve Dr. A. C. Scott as Assistant to I. G. C. H., Punjab, with effect from April 4th, 1923.

Dr. C. L. Houlton, to act as Medical Officer in Charge, Dufferin Block, Ripon Hospital, Simla, with effect from June 5th, 1923.

Dr. B. Thungamma, to act at Vizagapatam in place of Dr. Lazarus, on furlough from September 1st.

Dr. G. Mohd. Ali, to take charge of the Dufferin Hospital, Hyderabad, Sind, with effect from June 29th, 1923.

Dr. Ruby Carr, to act as 2nd medical woman, Agra, in place of Dr. Cuthbert, resigned, 24th May.

Dr. Mucadam, on first appointment to officiate at the Hardinge Hospital, Akola, in place of Dr. Barnes on furlough, 12th July.

Dr. N. Trouton, on first appointment as R. M. O., Calcutta, in place of Dr. Carr, transferred 28th April.

Dr. E. Walker, on temporary duty, Jubbulpore, 27th April.

Dr. Franklin, from Lady Hardinge College, Delhi, to Lady Aitchison Hospital, Lahore, to relieve Dr. Walker, with effect from 24th November 1923.

Dr. Walker, from Lady Hardinge College, Delhi, to Lady Aitchison Hospital, Lahore, with effect from 6th August 1923.

A Sub-Committee was appointed by the Council at its meeting in March 1923 to consider certain questions connected with the cadre and the number of medical officers which it was possible to retain with the present Government subsidy. The Sub-Committee met in Simla in June and recommended that the number of medical officers retained should not exceed 40.

During the year the Chief Medical Officer visited hospitals under officers of the service at Calcutta, Gaya, Bettiah, Akola, Nagpur, Jubulpore, Simla, Bombay, Surat, Madras, Karachi, Hyderabad, Delhi, Lahore and Agra.

Of these the hospital at Hyderabad, Sind, was taken on in May last as a service hospital, and Dr. G. Mohd. Ali was appointed as Medical Officer-in-Charge. The Committee has a considerable sum in hand towards the building of a new hospital.

During the year the Women's Medical School, Agra, which is financed mainly by the United Provinces Government, had been formed into a self-contained Women's School with women lecturers. The Principal (1st medical woman) is as before seconded from the W. M. S., and the 2nd medical woman is lent from the W. M. S.

The foundation stone of the new Lady Reading Hospital for Indian women and children was laid at Simla in June. The hospital which fulfils a long-felt want in Simla has been made possible by the initiative of Her Excellency Lady Reading, who has collected the funds and has personally interested herself in the construction. Dr. Charlotte Houlton, who has rejoined the service after the expiration of two years' extraordinary leave, was appointed to Simla in June.

The standard of work done has on the whole been good, although some of the medical officers have been hampered by want of funds and poor-ness of staff. The training of midwives is a great feature in all the hospitals, and the amount of gynæcological surgery done continues to increase.

M. I. BALFOUR,
Chief Medical Officer,
Women's Medical Service.

The 6th February 1924.

Medical Service, 1923.

THE OFFICE OF THE SURGEON GENERAL

10

Annual Report of the

Category	Number of Cases	Number of Deaths	Number of Recoveries
General	1,234	56	1,178
Special	567	23	544
Total	1,801	79	1,722

Annual Account of Women's Medical Services, 1923.

Medical Service, 1923.

EXPENDITURE—	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1. Share of Central Office . . . . .	...	25,300 0 0
2. Pay and Allowances—		
(a) Pay	2,27,927 12 7	
(b) Leave Allowances	16,232 4 4	
(c) Travelling Allowances	6,387 9 2	
(d) House Allowances	748 6 6	
		2,51,296 0 7
3. Investments . . . . .	...	4,05,075 0 0
4. Payments into Provident Fund . . . . .	...	25,745 5 0
5. Miscellaneous—		
(a) Motor Car Advance	2,943 14 10	
(b) Preparation of Standard Plans for Women's Hospital.	100 0 0	
(c) Grant to U. K. Committee	2,035 1 7	
(d) Propaganda and Examiner's fee	506 0 0	
		5,585 0 5
6. Provident Fund—		
(a) Advance from	4,000 0 0	
(b) Repayment of	1,566 6 3	
		5,566 6 3
Closing balance . . . . .	...	97,233 3 3
TOTAL . . . . .	...	8,15,800 15 6

M. F. GAUNILETT,
16th February 1924.

(2) Reports from Officers of the Service.

**Report by Dr. Dagmar F. Curjel, M.D., D.P.H., S.M.O.,
W.M.S., Assistant to the Inspector-General of Civil
Hospitals, Punjab, for the year 1923.**

Dr. Agnes Scott held the above post till the 2nd of March 1923 when she went on furlough. At this time owing to the financial position the post was in abeyance by the Punjab Government.

Realizing that the cessation of this work would necessarily lead to considerable curtailment of the facilities for medical relief among the women and children in the Punjab, the Dufferin Fund Council offered to lend the services of one of their members for a period of one year, while the retention of the post might further be considered by the Punjab Government, and I was sent to Lahore on the 3rd April 1923.

At present my duties are as follows:—

(1) I am concerned with the Women's Department in the Office of the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Punjab, and visit various hospitals and dispensaries where medical women are employed. After reading former Inspection Reports it is encouraging to see that a number of reports have been carried out in spite of financial stringency during the recent years. In this connection it is interesting to note that the last Triennial Report of the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Punjab, states that while in the last triennium, for a variety of reasons, the number of male patients attending hospitals and dispensaries in the Punjab has decreased, there is a marked increase in the number of women and children seeking medical aid, both in the indoor and outdoor departments. Financial stringency has been the complaint at each place I have visited, and my time has largely been occupied with discussing with various medical women and their assistants how to make the best of the conditions that are now prevailing in order to maintain a good standard of work. There is a satisfactory increase in the trained female medical personnel in the Punjab. While formerly many posts of Sub-Assistant Surgeons, Women Compounders and Nurse-Dais were vacant, it is now often possible to recommend a candidate when a vacancy does occur. This is partly due to the fact that the Office of the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals is increasingly being used as an agency by medical women and nurses seeking employment.

(2) *Honorary Secretary, Countess of Dufferin's Fund, Punjab Branch.*

(3) *Honorary Secretary, Lady Aitchison Hospital Committee, Lahore.*

By means of these duties the holder of this post comes into direct contact with many of the problems of female medical relief with which it is her duty to be concerned. Reports received from the Dufferin Block, Simla, and the Lady Aitchison Hospital, Lahore, show every endeavour is now being made by members of the Women's Medical Service in charge to maintain a high standard of work in these two important hospitals. The new Lady Reading Hospital, Simla, will, when completed, be a model for women's medical work generally. The Lady Aitchison Hospital, Lahore, is an old fashioned building, but it is proposed during

1924 to spend a considerable amount of money in bringing it up to date.

(4) *Honorary Secretary, Punjab Central Midwives' Board.*

In March 1923 after Dr. Scott left Lahore, Dr. Brown very kindly undertook to hold the spring examinations at Ludhiana. It was found, however, that many candidates were not able to travel to this centre, and in the autumn when I acted as President of the Examining Board, assisted by a nurse and a doctor appointed locally, many candidates attended the examinations held at Delhi, Lahore and Kangra as well as at Ludhiana.

The Punjab Central Midwives' Board is further increasing its utility by establishing Local Supervising Committees at various centres in the Province.

(5) *Honorary Secretary, All-India Lady Chelmsford League for Maternity and Child Welfare, Punjab.*

Considerable effort is being made to extend the activity of the League in this Province. Health Visitors are at present at Simla, Karnal, Rawalpindi and Lahore. Two pupils passed from the Punjab Health School in May 1923 and the second year of the school was successfully started with five candidates in October. The Lady Health Visitors in charge of the Health School do not confine their activities to the school alone but are responsible for a very successful welfare Centre in Qilla Gujjar Singh (which is supported financially and managed by a Committee of Indian ladies) and also give Health talks and lectures in various girls' schools in Lahore, and also in public institutions such as the Y. W. C. A. and Y. M. C. A.

(6) *Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund.*

While the League concerns itself with the provision of the trained personnel, the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund, of which the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals is the Honorary Secretary, and with which in his office I am concerned, provides more especially for the teaching of the indigenous dai, the provision of the wherewithal for cleanly work and for after the supervision work of the trained dai. Dais' classes are held in the Punjab at Ambala, Asrapur, Bhiwani, Ferozepore, Kangra, Karnal, Ludhiana, Mehang (Lahore), Qilla Gujjar Singh (Lahore), Rawalpindi and Simla, and an increasing number of indigenous dais are being trained. During the closing months of the year I have been concerned under the Director of Public Health with preparations for the Punjab Health and Baby Week to be held in January 1924.

DAGMAR F. CURJEL.

**Annual Report of Lady Dufferin Victoria Hospital,
Calcutta, 1923.**

The year has been one of change in the Junior Medical and Senior Nursing Staff. There have been several changes of House Surgeons and three members of the W. M. S. have held the post of R. M. O., the latest

being Dr. A. O'Reilly, transferred from Lahore. A new Nursing Superintendent was appointed in August and the personnel of the Sisters' posts, with the exception of Theatre Sister, has changed three times, the reason alleged being the insufficient pay of the posts. However, this difficulty has now been partially met and budget provisions made for an increase. In spite of these changes very little difference has appeared in the hospital work, some sections having increased in numbers and others slightly decreased. On the whole, the work has progressed favourably, and I feel grateful to Miss Lewis, the new Nursing Superintendent, for the increasing interest and devotion to duty she has shown since her appointment.

Much interesting surgical work has been done and the obstetric work has maintained a high standard. There has been no outbreak of Sepsis.

During the bad epidemic of Dengue that occurred in Calcutta in the summer, most of the nurses went down and were warded and isolated. However, we weathered the storm safely.

Owing to the new regulation of the State Medical Faculty of Bengal for registration of nurses and midwives, all the senior nursing staff has been registered and also during the year the following pupils passed the Hospital examinations and were registered, *viz.* :—

Senior Nursing	. . . . .	1 nurse.
Senior Midwifery	. . . . .	5 nurses.
Junior Nursing	. . . . .	4 nurses.
Junior Midwifery	. . . . .	4 nurses.

After the expiration of the time limit for registration the State Examinations were held in October, and of the three pupils who sat for the Senior Obstetric examination all passed, one with honours, making in all seventeen pupils passed during the year.

There were no candidates from this hospital for the General Nursing examination. One of the special class of Hindu caste nurses finished her training, was registered and almost immediately obtained a responsible post as Staff nurse in the General Hospital in Burdwan on very good pay.

One compounder pupil passed the final examination in Pharmacy and administration of anæsthetics.

During March and April a special post-graduate class for female Sub-Assistant Surgeons was held. Three medical women practitioners of this class from Hospitals in Assam and Eastern Bengal attended and acquitted themselves satisfactorily. During the year official visits were paid to the Hospital by Her Excellency the Countess of Reading, who opened the new Indian Nurses' Recreation Room named after her, and Her Excellency very kindly presented two carpets and a photograph of herself to the room.

The Director-General of Medical Services, the Surgeon-General of Bengal and Dr. Balfour also paid official visits.

I have to thank the Red Cross for a generous donation of Rs. 1,000 for hospital equipment. As linen was most urgently needed, the money was spent in providing sheets and clothing for the patients. The Lady Hardinge Linen League was sent a welcome donation. Owing to the increasing number of injections being given for specific disease and

Kala-azar the Red Cross very generously increased their donation of Rs. 50 per month to Rs. 100 per month, and this has been a great boon to the poorer patients.

I have also to thank the Manager of Glaxo Co. for monthly donations of Glaxo to the Hospital.

A promise has been given by the Lady Reading Women of India Fund to support two Hindu caste nurses during their training, who will be known as the "Lady Reading Nurses."

E. HAMILTON-BROWNE, M.B., Ch.B., W.M.S.,
Supdt., Dufferin Hospital, Calcutta.

Report from the Superintendent, Medical Aid to Women, United Provinces.

During the year under review I inspected all the women's Hospitals and Dispensaries, sixty-one in number, situated throughout the length and breadth of the United Provinces, and had occasions of discussing matters with people of various shades of opinion during these visits. Two things stood out most conspicuously and struck me almost invariably wherever I went, firstly, I rarely left any hospital without the feeling that the medical women in sub and sole charge are not what one would wish them to be; they are generally ill-equipped in training and poor in qualifications. There is, I believe, yet room for improvement in the method of imparting training to these officers, which fact, I am sure, would undoubtedly be looked to in no distant future by professional experts at the helm of affairs—but what suggests to me as rather an important factor for the better training of these officers is that recruitment to the Women's Medical Service College and School should be restricted to those who have attained to a certain prescribed educational test, *e.g.*, who have passed the intermediate examination for college and school leaving as an equivalent examination for the school. The new scheme of the Agra Medical School for women is expected to go some way in straightening matters, but with the introduction of some other necessary reforms in the method of teaching (which will have to be proposed in time) and the raising of the education standard for the admission to the medical schools and colleges things are bound to improve and our future medical women will not make such a poor show as they do to-day and there would be fewer occasions for their compeers of the other sex to jeer, laugh and scoff at.

The *second thing* that invariably drew my attention was the deplorable lack of interest displayed by the public in general towards the amelioration of their women folk in matters relating to their health. This, I think, is mainly due to ignorance. If the importance of the subject in relation to national growth were once brought home to and realised by the understanding section of the public, it would not take long to wipe off this almost universal indifference or apathy that exists

to-day. Such institutions as the Chelmsford League with its branches and numerous sub-branches will have to be encouraged and multiplied to increase further the interest which they have so far in some measure helped to rouse. The eyes of the public were closed till now to the appalling infant mortality in India and it required a great deal of propaganda work to dispel ignorance and wake people up to their very serious responsibility in this matter. The literature on the subject prepared by the Central Chelmsford League and the Publicity Branch of the Public Health Department of the United Provinces and published under the auspices of the charitable and philanthropic institutions like the Red Cross for distribution broadcast is a sure means of disseminating the requisite knowledge, but a great lot more will have to be done before anything like appreciable success will be in view. I trust that, with the advance of time, the work undertaken by the Red Cross and other similar institutions will expand and there would be a complete re-awakening in a very few years.

Of the 61 Hospitals in the Provinces, there are at least half a dozen which looking to them outwardly (at their structural achievement) or inwardly (at their medical equipment) fully deserve to be raised to a higher status, but as long as "financial stringency" continues to be the stumbling-block in the way, nothing much can be done in the matter of providing them with a staff of superior grade or with higher qualifications. These are Gorakhpur, Aligarh, Meerut, Moradabad, etc.

As you are aware to the post of the Assistant to the Inspector-General, Civil Hospitals, United Provinces (now called Superintendent, Medical Aid to Women, United Provinces), are tacked on the post of the Secretary of the Provincial Committee of the Countess of Dufferin Fund and of the Organising Secretary, All-India Lady Chelmsford League, United Provinces Branch, and the work is heavy enough to keep one person of no mean capabilities fully engaged. But when one is constantly hearing of the pruning knife of the retrenchment advocates directed to this post, one cannot help wondering at the extreme unappreciativeness of our work and its magnitude by these people. Sir Harcourt Butler, the late Governor of the Provinces, was fully aware of the difficulties of the situation and firmly believed in the inspection of the women's hospitals by one of our sex, but now the matter being a transferred subject, the grant is a votable item altogether at the mercy of the Legislative Council. Once a former Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals remarked that it was easy enough for him to manage 500 men, but it was rather difficult to manage 50 women. This apparently casual remark endorsed more than once by his successors has its own meaning and it goes to support our theory that a woman can manage her own sex better than a man can. With the rapid strides that the country is making in all other directions, I so much wish that the men in authority realised the importance of this question also and made this post permanent in the interest of their own women folk. I am not yet in a position to speak with any degree of confidence, but would like to state that very many of the members of the Council whom I interviewed in this connection have now come to understand the actual need for the maintenance of the post.

I lay these thoughts that came uppermost to me before you. I have refrained from repeating facts and figures which find place in the formal report. I have tried my honest best to justify your selection of me and I will continue to do all that yet lies in my power to get the post made permanent, but I may be allowed to state that all that I have been able to achieve is in no small measure due to the constant kind advice and active support of the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals and last but not least of yourself who have always taken such great interest in every individual member of the Women's Medical Service.

S. H. COMMISSARIAT, F.R.C.S.I., S.M.O., W.M.S.,

Supdt., Medical Aid to Women, United Provinces.

Report on the working of the Dufferin Hospital, Lucknow, for 12 months ending 30th November 1923.

During the year under report the work of the hospital has gone on as usual. As compared with the previous year there has been a slight decrease in the number of patients, but an increase in the number of surgical operations and midwifery cases.

Staff.—Sub-Assistant Surgeon Miss Flora Gideon has been in sub-charge throughout the year and has worked very satisfactorily. She appeared for the grade examination held in October 1923 which she passed and she has been promoted from IV to III grade. Sub-Assistant Surgeon Miss L. Cornelius was deputed on training duty from 1st July 1923 to 3rd August 1923. Sub-Assistant Surgeon Miss A. E. Dayal was placed on reserve duty from 20th August 1923 to 23rd September 1923. Mrs. Lang and Miss Carson continued throughout the year as Matron and staff nurse respectively and have done good work and given great satisfaction.

Mrs. Jacob continues as Compounder.

Pandit Prithu Nath, clerk, continues as usual to do very good work.

Training Compounders.—At the beginning of the year there was an apprentice compounder who passed out in January 1923.

At present there are no compounders under training.

Probationer Nurses.—At the beginning of the year there were 5 probationer nurses under training. Three of these completed their course and passed the State Board Examination held in March 1923. Two others passed the State Board Examination in midwifery and are continuing to take the training in sick nursing. Two new probationers were admitted in March 1923. At present there are 4 probationers besides one who is not receiving a stipend. She is taking a course of midwifery at her own cost.

Indian midwives.—At the beginning of the year there were six under training; of these five completed the course and passed the modified midwifery examination held during the year and one was discharged. Six

new admissions were subsequently made. Of these three after a short probation were discharged as unsuitable and there are at present three under training.

The three Gurkha women mentioned in last year's report completed their training and left in April 1923.

Buildings.—Some alterations long suggested have been made, *viz.*, two partitions in the nurses' dormitory, dividing it into three rooms, enlarging the nurses' duty room and enlarging a bathroom. Efforts are being made to provide electric lights and fans and it is hoped that they may be provided early next year.

Finance.—Same as last year.

A. M. WATTS, W.M.S.,

*Medical Officer-in-charge,
Dufferin Hospital, Lucknow.*

Brief report of the Dufferin Hospital, Cawnpore, during the year 1923-

The work of the Dufferin Hospital has gone on steadily during the year. There is a slight decrease in the number of indoor and outdoor patients, due to the many changes in the Sub-Assistant Surgeon staff. The number of major and minor operations performed is the same as last year, but more abdominal operations have been done.

Mrs. M. Deen, Miss M. I. Deen and Miss A. E. Dayal have all been in sub-charge during the year.

Three pupil midwives, one Municipal dai, and two pupil compounders are being trained. During the year two pupil midwives sat for their State Board examination and passed.

The Victoria Memorial Wards have been pulled down and are now being rebuilt. An office and peons' quarters are also being built. Most of the money necessary for the above work has been subscribed by Indian gentlemen, and it is hoped that all will be collected locally.

A grant of Rs. 200 was received from the Provincial Committee, Countess of Dufferin's Fund, United Provinces, for the purchase of necessary instruments.

Lack of funds hampers the working of the Hospital very much, and we are to be still worse off next year as the Municipal Board is reducing their grant to the hospital by 15 per cent.

A. R. H. GREIG, W.M.S.,

*Medical Officer and Hon. Secretary,
Countess of Dufferin's Fund Asscn.,
Local Branch, Cawnpore.*

Report on the working of the Dufferin Hospital, Allahabad, for the period ending 30th November 1923.

Dr. A. L. Mackenzie, M.D., W.M.S., Medical Officer-in-charge, Dufferin Hospital, Allahabad, has gone on 6 months' furlough with effect from 21st October 1923, since then I am acting as Medical Officer-in-charge in addition to my own duties.

Staff.—The Assistant Surgeon, Miss E. M. Lal, was transferred to Bulandshahr on the 12th February 1923, and Miss M. Dhawle, M.B., B.S., appointed.

Mrs. M. Buck, Sub-Assistant Surgeon, was placed on reserve duty from 18th June to 11th July 1923 and was transferred to Benares.

The hospital continues to maintain class A for English-speaking nurses and class B for Indian nurses. There are 4 nurses in class A and 8 in class B; 1 from class B passed out during 1923.

There is a decrease in the number of out-patients treated during the year, but the number of in-patients show a slight increase. The hospital continues its popularity.

The rent realized from the cottages is Rs. 2,516. It is much more than the last year.

Improvements.—The electric installation has been fitted during the year.

The Red Cross Society has kindly given a sum of Rs. 1,000 for the purchase of a high pressure sterilizer. It has been purchased from Messrs. Down Bros., London, also few more instruments for Gynæcological surgery have been purchased during the year.

There have been no new additions or alterations to the buildings.

M. DHAWLE, M.B., B.S.,

*Acting Medical Officer-in-charge,
Dufferin Hospital, Allahabad.*

Brief Report of the Ishwari Memorial Hospital, Benares, for the year 1923.

Staff.—The work of the hospital has gone on steadily during the year 1923, in spite of several changes in the staff.

Dr. Glancy, W.M.S., gave over charge to the Civil Surgeon, Benares, on the 24th December 1922, and I took over from him on the 5th January 1923.

The House Surgeons for 1923 have been Mrs. Luke, Sub-Assistant Surgeon, till March, Miss Bux, Assistant Surgeon, till May, and Miss Hector, Sub-Assistant Surgeon, since May 1923.

Previous to 1923, this hospital had an Assistant Surgeon and a Sub-Assistant Surgeon to help the Medical Officer. During 1923, I have had one Sub-Assistant Surgeon only, excepting for 2 months when Miss Bux, Assistant Surgeon, was sent in sub-charge, and the Sub-Assistant Surgeon was transferred.

Mrs. Staines, the Matron, resigned on March 19th, Miss Roberts, the Senior staff nurse, succeeded her as Matron. There has been a great improvement in the atmosphere of the hospital since March when some of the old employees, who were unsatisfactory, were weeded out. The Nursing staff consists of a Matron, 2 European nurses, and 2 Indian staff dais. We have not had the full complement of staff nurses throughout the year. Owing to the inadequate pay, no board allowance being given, I find great difficulty in getting well-trained nurses. In a station like Benares one must offer some inducement in the way of an adequate salary with allowances to attract a good standard of nurses. As my efforts to get board allowance from the Local District Board failed, I applied to the Provincial Committee to sanction the appointment of 3 better paid and better qualified workers instead of 4 inefficiently trained nurses. This would not incur any extra expenditure, but would in my opinion improve the status of the hospital. This appeal has also failed.

At present we have the full staff of nurses and dais, but during the greater part of the year we have been very under-staffed, the work having fallen rather heavily on the Matron and the probationer Nursing staff.

Probationer Nurses.—This hospital trains Indian nurses only. We had 3 at the commencement of the year, one passed out, one was dismissed for misconduct, two joined during the year, so that we have 3 under training at present. There is a great dearth of applications for admission as stipendiary pupils. This may be attributed partly to the poor scale of pay as midwives, and partly to the inadequate scholarship which they get while under training. Lectures are given by the Medical Officer, the House Surgeon and the Matron.

Apprentice Compounders.—There were two apprentice compounders at the beginning of the year; one passed out in April and the other in November 1923. There are none under training at present.

Work done.—The figures show an increase in both indoor and outdoor attendances as well as in the number of maternity cases and operations.

Buildings and Equipment.—From a grant of Rs. 800 given by the Inspector-General, United Provinces, the boundary wall has been heightened by 18 inches. This was very necessary as the hospital is situated in a populated part of the city and was easily overlooked. A latrine is under construction for the servants' use, this obviates the necessity of the patients' latrine being used by the menial staff. Some alterations have been made in the dais' quarters, the bath place has been covered over, and better ventilation provided for the rooms. Much has been done in the way of furniture and repairs, making staff and patients more comfortable. From a balance of Rs. 1,000 out of a grant of Rs. 1,500 given by the Inspector-General, Civil Hospitals, United Provinces, in 1922, a high pressure linen sterilizer, bowl sterilizer, and water boiler have been purchased.

Without an efficient sterilizer the number of abdominal operations had to be restricted. Now the theatre is better equipped I am looking forward to doing more major operative work.

We have had visits from the Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, United Provinces, and Dr. S. H. Commissariat, S.M.O., W.M.S., during the year.

Finance.—The financial condition of the hospital is far from satisfactory. The District Board, Benares, has reduced the annual subscription by $\frac{1}{3}$ (*i.e.*, Rs. 1,220 to Rs. 827). A special appeal has been made by the Local Committee and unless the reduction is cancelled, it will be very difficult to raise or even to maintain the efficiency of the hospital.

General remarks.—In conclusion, I must thank Colonel Illius, I.M.S., the Civil Surgeon of Benares, for the keen interest he has taken as member of the Local Committee in helping to promote the welfare of the hospital, Miss Roberts and Miss Hector for their loyal co-operation and hard work.

The D. F. Clerk and Accountant, S. Y. Husain, has worked steadily and has been of great help to me in matters relating to the office. He teaches the nurses and the apprentice compounders elementary English in addition to his other duties.

M. OLIVERA, W.M.S.,

*Honorary Treasurer and Secretary,
Dufferin Fund Committee, Benares Branch,
and Medical Officer-in-charge,
Ishwari Memorial Hospital.*

Report by Dr. Ruby Carr for the year 1923.

I started my work in India as Resident Surgical Officer at the Dufferin Hospital in Calcutta on November 11th, 1922. Then I took charge of two wards, the Purdah ward and the Children's ward, and of the private cases in the Cottages. Part of my duty also was to attend the out-patient department every morning.

I found the work very interesting, especially as a large proportion of the patients were suffering from tropical diseases, Kala-azar being particularly common. I also had the opportunity of doing a fairly large number of operations in the well-equipped operating theatre which the Hospital possesses.

On May 3rd, 1923, I was transferred to the Agra Medical School, as 2nd Medical Woman under Dr. Webb. My work here consists in running the Surgical wards, and in teaching Surgery and Ophthalmology to the 3rd and 4th year medical students.

Now that I am teaching myself I have begun to understand and sympathise with the Professors, under whom I studied in Edinburgh and elsewhere. Never before did I realise the amount of creative and dynamic power that it is necessary to expend in teaching. However, I am keenly interested in the work and thoroughly enjoy it.

I also appreciate very much my good fortune in working under Dr. Webb, whom I always find to be a most helpful and understanding Chief.

RUBY F. CARR, M.B., Ch.B., W.M.S.,

2nd Medical Woman, Agra.

WOMEN'S MEDICAL SCHOOL, AGRA.

Report for 1923.

The outstanding event of 1923 has been the re-organisation of the Women's Medical School, making it a self-contained School with a staff consisting entirely of women. This arrangement recommended by all my predecessors has been carried through at last after many years.

The staff consists of 2 members of the W. M. S., *i.e.*, the Principal and the Professor of Surgery; and four members of the Provincial Medical Service. For the first six months of the Session we had Dr. A. Murphy as a reserve, on loan from the W. M. S., to organise the Pathology Department. I feel that Agra and the United Provinces and I personally owe a great debt of gratitude to the Dufferin Council for their most generous help and sympathy, and especially to Dr. Balfour for her untiring efforts in this cause. In July the School was visited by His Excellency the Governor, and the Honourable Minister for Education and Local Self-Government; and on August 1st, the opening day of the Session, I received a wire conveying the sanction of Government to the separation.

This was too late for all the lecturers to be here, but we began with all senior subjects except Medicine being given by our own staff; Chemistry among the junior subjects was given by Miss Singham, M.B., B.S., and the lecturers of the Men's School came over to our compound for all other subjects.

From October 1st our own full staff has been in residence and all lectures given by women. It has meant hard uphill work, with two subjects for each of us and the very minimum of equipment to begin with; and I must thank the members of the staff who have borne so patiently with my cutting down their indents for the barest necessities of laboratory life.

It is too soon to say anything about results, but we know that the change must be for the real good of the students, and the improvement of the Women Sub-Assistant Surgeons of these Provinces.

Dr. Olivera, W.M.S., was transferred on January 1st and Dr. Cuthbert, W.M.S., took her place as 2nd Medical Woman till May when she resigned from the Service. Dr. Thungamma, W.M.S., and Dr. Walker, W.M.S., have been here for short periods as reserves.

We have been very fortunate in securing Junior staff. Dr. Agnes Walters, a trained teacher before she took up Medicine, and an experienced lecturer in medical subjects since, as Professor of Medicine and

Materia Medica. Dr. Hilda Brown, M.B., B.S., Bristol (again through the generosity of the Dufferin Council), had the advantage of special post-graduate work at Kasauli as Professor of Pathology, Medical Jurisprudence and Hygiene. Dr. G. Butt, who has been assistant to the Professor of Anatomy and Physiology.

Dr. Singham as Professor of Chemistry and Physics.

The work of the hospital has increased during the year and we feel confident that the clinical work in Medicine and Surgery will be sufficient for our needs.

The operating theatres of the Lady Lyall Hospital has been given up for use as a Physiology and Pathology laboratory, with accommodation for about 20 students.

The old Dispensary has been converted into a Chemistry and Physics laboratory with accommodation for 24 students.

As students take all their practical classes in separate years this is sufficient.

As regards hospital staff Dr. Carr has been here since May in charge of surgical wards of the Lady Lyall Hospital.

The Medical wards have been under Dr. Cuthbert, Dr. Singham and Dr. Walters. I have as usual had the Obstetric and Gynæcological wards.

The new nursing arrangements work well and the staff has been practically complete throughout the year, the results of the last examination are not yet out.

Mrs. Connell has been Assistant Superintendent and since May Superintendent of the Hostel.

Eight students have qualified during the year of whom four are now working here as House Surgeons; the others have all been appointed to posts in various parts of the Provinces. One who was a private student has gone to Dholpur.

It is a striking fact that during the short time the Pathology laboratory has been open two students have shown marked aptitude for the work, and expressed a wish to go on with it after qualifying.

This shows that we may hope in future to train our own Pathology Demonstrators, and perhaps even lecturers.

M. V. WEBB, W.M.S.,

Principal, Women's Medical School, Agra.

Agra, U. P.

The following is a brief account of my work since joining the Women's Medical Service, India, in November 1922.

I served for the first six months at the Lady Hardinge Medical College, Delhi, where I worked in the Pathological Department. During that time I went to the R. A. M. C. Station Hospital, Poona, on a ten days' course of study in Venereal diseases. Left Delhi in May to act for the Medical Superintendent of the Lady Elgin Hospital, Gaya, for a period of six weeks, after which time I proceeded to the Central Research Institute at Kasauli to study Bacteriological technique for six weeks previous

to coming to the Women's Medical School to organise the new Pathology Department, lecture on Pathology, Medical Jurisprudence and Hygiene and to do the Medico-legal work.

On the 25th November 1923 I took over charge of the Surgical wards during the absence of the lecturer on Surgery which work I am continuing up to date.

M. A. B. MURPHY.

Report of the Government Victoria Hospital, Vizagapatam, for the year 1923.

Staff.—Dr. H. M. Lazarus, W.M.S., was in charge of the hospital up to 31st August, when I relieved her. Assistant Surgeon Miss A. John has been here throughout the year, and has been doing good work. There is no Matron here as yet. There are only 2 women on the nursing staff, one of them is a certificated midwife and the other a passed compounder, officiating as nurse. Want of nursing staff is a serious handicap to work. We have 2 women compounders who are useful and do work most willingly in spite of heavy out-patients sometimes numbering 200.

Finance.—The proposal to take over the hospital from the Government to the Countess of Dufferin's Fund will take effect soon. Her Highness The Rani Sahiba of Wadhwan has most generously come forward and made an endowment of Rs. 2 lakhs towards that object. This has been vested with the Treasurer of Charitable Endowments, Madras Government. The interest accruing from this is to be spent on the maintenance of the hospital after it is taken over by the Dufferin Fund. We should have taken over in December, but for the recent terrible cyclone of the 17th November which has set us back. The loss to our buildings is about a thousand rupees. The Government is helping us on with these repairs now.

Buildings.—The present hospital is an old Dutch house. The munificent gift from His Highness The Maharajah Cajapt Rao, the father of Her Highness The Rani Sahiba of Wadhwan. Here we house all our patients. We very badly require a separate out-patient block and a separate ward for dirty septic cases. The Public Works Department have not got far with the operation block of the hospital.

Improvements.—We have received a new stock of aseptic operation room furniture, viz., (1) Aseptic operation table, (2) Aseptic glass almirah, (3) 2 small glass tables. We have also got a suction system of lavatory basin sanctioned which is an improvement on the tank we possess.

Work done.—We have had an unusual number of labour cases during the last few months. The out-patients number almost the same as before making allowance for some fall in number due to the unsettling of families through the cyclone. In the in-patients there is a slight fall, partly because of the change of medical officer.

Gifts.—(1) As usual Her Highness The Rani Sahiba has helped us with various gifts for the comfort of our hospital.

(2) As yet we are without a water-tap in our hospital. The Chairman of the Municipality has very kindly promised to supply our want in that respect, one for our labour room and another for the operation room. He would have supplied us with the above, but for the losses caused by the cyclone.

(3) Mr. Akela Suryanarayanamurthi Pantulu Garu, B.A., B.L., has made a donation of Rs. 300 for providing our patients with a gramophone and some records to keep them happy with music.

(4) Two gasolene lamps have been generously given us last month by Rao Sahib Sri Ramasastry, the Public Prosecutor of Vizagapatam. This is a good and thoughtful gift.

(5) Mr. R. R. Y. A. V. Bhanoji Rao, the Zemindar of Madalavalam, has promised a donation of Rs. 300 this month. This will go for providing basins for the water-taps.

(6) In October last the Red Cross Society, Madras, gave us a good supply of clothing for our hospital patients. This goes a great way towards their comforts in the present season. We are very thankful for them and also to those gentle people who have so generously helped us with their promises and money.

B. THUNGAMMA, F.R.C.S.E., W.M.S.

Report of Government Victoria Hospital for Women, Madras, for the year 1923.

The work of the hospital has gone on steadily throughout the year. There is again a notable increase in the number of obstetric cases, there were 1,175 cases up to November 30th this year as compared with 1,065 to the same date last year.

The Radiant heat appliance mentioned in last year's report has been in constant use and has given great satisfaction, especially in cases of pelvic inflammation. Some of the recent exudates have disappeared as if by magic under radiant heat treatment. It is not so successful in the chronic inflammations, but in some cases it has been found to diminish the pain considerably, although the bulk of the exudate has not markedly lessened. It is much used here after abdominal sections, especially in cases where there have been extensive separation of adhesions and is found greatly to relieve post operation pain. Four cases of blood transfusion have been performed, with highly successful result in three; in one of these the hæmoglobin rose from 18 per cent. the day before, to 35 per cent. the day after transfusion.

The Venereal Disease Post-graduate classes were held beginning respectively on February 5th and 21st, 1923, the first for Assistant and the second for Sub-Assistant Surgeons. Both classes were well attended and were greatly appreciative. The Government has sanctioned the continuance of training of Anglo-Indian pupil nurses, and six probationers

have been under training since March 1923. These are to have 18 months training in this hospital and 18 months in the hospital at Royapuram, which is a general hospital, at the end of their training they sit for examination by a Board of Examiners and if successful are granted a Madras Government Diploma.

The surgical work done remains mostly gynæcological in character. It is seldom that general surgical cases are seen here. The number of major operations remain about the same as last year.

MARY O'BRIEN BEADON, M.B., B.S. (LOND.), W.M.S.I.,
Supdt., Govt. Victoria Hospital for Women, Madras.

Lady Aitchison Hospital, Lahore, for the year 1923.

Dr. O'Reilly was in charge of the Lady Aitchison Hospital from January 1923 to September 1923. Dr. Curjel assisted by Dr. Walker very kindly carried on till Dr. Franklin's appointment in November.

Miss O'Neil, the Nursing Superintendent, has worked untiringly with a very inadequate staff throughout the year, her nurses having been cut down owing to shortage of funds.

There are now no staff nurses. Nurse Brookes will sit for her medical and surgical nursing examination in February.

One compounder has been in charge of the dispensary.

Dr. Barlow and Dr. Vincent are the two House Surgeons, they have worked well against many difficulties throughout the year.

There has been a slight increase in the indoor, midwifery, general surgical and medical cases. The out-patients are somewhat lower than they were last year.

Repairs and cleaning are now being taken in hand.

Her Excellency Lady Reading's visit to the hospital on 25th October was much appreciated and her very kind gift of Rs. 400 will help in the erection of an open air ward for tuberculosis patients, which is much needed.

H. M. FRANKLIN.

Report on the Dufferin Block, Ripon Hospital, Simla, for the year 1923.

The work of the hospital has gone on steadily throughout the year.

I took over charge of the hospital in June 1923. Dr. Lee, who was in charge during the winter months, has been a most zealous and enthusiastic colleague.

A fair amount of interesting surgical work has been performed, including 18 abdominal operations.

Throughout the season the hospital has been greatly overcrowded. It has accommodation for 25 beds, but on more than one occasion there have been 45 patients. This has meant a severe strain on the hospital and nursing staff, but Miss Rosevare, the Matron, and the nurses have co-operated most loyally in carrying on the work under very trying conditions. Largely owing to Miss Rosevare's good administration and devotion, the hospital is now clean and well ordered. It is hoped that the new Lady Reading Hospital will be opened in May 1924, when the in-patients from the Dufferin Hospital will be transferred there, but owing to the more central position of the Dufferin, it has been decided that the work of the out-patient department shall be continued there as formerly.

During the season unofficial visits were paid to the hospital by Her Excellency the Countess of Reading, Lady Maclagan, Lady Rawlinson, Mrs. Abraham, Mrs. Butler, and various members of the Municipal Committee, and an official visit from Dr. Curjel.

I have to acknowledge with much gratitude, the valuable help given in the hospital by several ladies during the summer. Mrs. Howell, Mrs. Teasdale, Mrs. Chamier and Mrs. Wilson especially have given ungrudgingly of their time and service. Many welcome gifts of old linen, babies clothes, etc., have been received. The Lady Reading Needlework Guild gave a grant of Rs. 300 for linen and also sent a valuable parcel of linen and blankets.

CHARLOTTE L. HOULTON, M.D., B.S. (Lond.), W.M.S.

The 12th December 1923.

Women's Hospita', Hyderabad, Sind, for the year 1923.

I took over charge of the hospital in May 1923. This hospital has only recently been taken up as one of the posts of the Women's Medical Service. Miss Alfred who is a member of the Junior Branch of the Women's Medical Service has only been a year and a half at Hyderabad.

The building is old fashioned and poor, but the local Committee are earnest in their efforts to build a new hospital soon.

There has been no change in the staff which consists of Dr. Alfred (Assistant Surgeon) two qualified nurses, one matron, one compounder and two ward women.

Majority of the obstetrical work is conducted by the dais who are being trained in this hospital; there are three passed and seven pupil dais.

All the members of the staff are working very satisfactorily.

There has been a considerable increase in the number of in and out-door patients.

G. MAHOMED ALI, W.M.S.

The 14th December 1923.

LADY ELGIN ZENANA HOSPITAL, GAYA.

Annual Report, 1923.

The year 1923 has witnessed many changes both in the hospital and in the surrounding districts, to both of which I shall refer later.

The work has gone on steadily, the operations showing the biggest increase, and the other departments have more than maintained their level of previous years.

There is a small increase in the attendance of out-patients. We are pleased about this, as we thought that the establishment in June last of a net work of 40 new dispensaries in the district would diminish our numbers on account of patients obtaining medical relief nearer home.

The in-patient department continues to be popular. Many patients come in from miles around, and even from beyond the district to avail themselves of the operating facilities. The abdominals show a gratifying increase, the number of 24 being already reached by the end of November as compared with 16 for the whole of 1922—the highest total till this year. One particularly interesting case was the largest Ovarian Cyst I have ever seen. Even the ureters were involved in the adhesions created, and were almost indistinct from the wall of the Cyst itself.

The maternity department is the one fly in our ointment. With so many babies coming yearly into Gaya it is heart-rending to note that the two main hospitals in the town fail to get more than about 70 cases a year, the dais securing a vast majority of confinements. Many of these who come, however, are abnormal cases, and in the course of the year we run through the whole list of Obstetric Operations.

The venereal department is progressing favourably, 26 patients having received treatment so far.

The rents obtained from the paying quarters have reached high-water mark this year. The cottages have mostly been occupied, and on many occasions reserved by the patients on the waiting list.

Staff.—On the completion of her 6 months' probation Miss Nascar's resignation was accepted. I was pleased to see the last of her, as she was incapable of carrying out many of the duties usually assigned to a House Surgeon.

Dr. Murphy, W.M.S., acted for me for 5 weeks during my absence on holiday.

The Indian Matron, Mrs. Annapurna Roy, resigned in March and was replaced by Mrs. A. Carroll, an Anglo-Indian Matron, who has been with us since September. By doing so we have reverted to the old order of having an European or Anglo-Indian Matron.

A new compounder has been in the service of the hospital since July, and is giving satisfaction in her work.

Of the 5 probationers, one Alice Dosh, was suspended for flagrant breach of rules and discipline, and her services subsequently dispensed with. Her sister, Eva Dosh, resigned later.

One new probationer, Mrs. Mohibala Das, has been accepted for training.

The nurses entered into occupation of the new nurses' quarters in April, so adequate accommodation has now been secured them.

Visitors.—Dr. Balfour, Chief Medical Officer, Women's Medical Service, paid her yearly visit in January, and Colonel Ainsworth, the new Inspector-General, in May.

We had the pleasure of welcoming Her Excellency Lady Wheeler to the hospital early in November. She went through the whole place very carefully, and expressed herself very sympathetically. She has promised such help as she can give us from the authorities at Patna. Among her suggestions she gave prominence to a Drainage Scheme, a wall enclosing the compound and later on a better operating theatre. We hope to secure all these in due time.

Our financial position continues to be entirely satisfactory.

L. DE MENEZES, F.R.C.S., W.M.S.,
Medical Superintendent.

Report of the Raj Dufferin Hospital, Bettiah, for the year 1923.

In October 1923 I took over temporary charge of the Hospital from Dr. E. B. Hollway, who was transferred for temporary duty to Bombay.

This year there have been no changes in the staff, which consists of Dr. Bede (House Surgeon), Sister Ida (Matron), one qualified compounder, two qualified nurses and thirteen dais. Three of these have lately been examined by Major Howlett, I.M.S., and received their certificates.

The hospital work has been much as usual. There has been a slight decrease in the number of in-patients, but a noticeable increase in the number of maternity cases and some increase in the number of out-patients. The number of operations has been about the same as last year.

Several improvements have been made this year in the Hospital buildings:—

- (1) The new maternity block is almost completed, and we hope to move into it within a month. In addition to the labour ward there will be accommodation for six maternity cases. The old maternity and labour wards will be used as small wards, so providing eight more beds in the hospital, or if needed they will be used as private wards for better class Indian patients.
- (2) The whole hospital has been refloored with patent stone.
- (3) The walls of the wards have been tiled for three feet above the ground.
- (4) New bathrooms and latrines have been made for both the big wards.

- (5) Additional sky-lights have been put into the out-patients department, the office, the dispensary and two small wards.
- (6) The purdah wards, the kitchen and two godowns have been re-floored, and the walls cemented for three feet above the ground.

N. E. TROUTON, M.B., B.S.,

Acting Medical Superintendent.

Report of the Lady Hardinge Hospital, Akola, for the year 1923.

I took over charge of the Hospital on 13th July 1923 from Dr. A. Paul, Assistant Surgeon, who in her turn took charge from Dr. F. D. Barnes, who went home on leave on 23rd May 1923.

The principal points which I think it worthwhile mentioning in this report are (1) a critical inspection of the Hospital accounts and affairs by the local Deputy Commissioner, Mr. A. K. Smith, many of whose valuable suggestions were carried out by the Hospital Committee.

(2) Dr. M. I. Balfour, Joint Secretary, paid a visit to this hospital and took this opportunity to deliver a lecture to the Akola public on Infant mortality and Maternity and Child Welfare, illustrated by magic lantern slides. She also urged the necessity of establishing at Akola a centre for the infant welfare work. The idea was steadily taken up and an Association called "Infant Welfare" came to be established with Mr. Cama as Secretary and Mr. Shriram Surjamal as President. This Association is doing excellent work through the generous help of the local people.

(3) As popular subscriptions have ceased to come in, the income of the Hospital falls short of the necessary expenditure and no ingenuity can cope with the difficult problem. By arranging to spread the repayment of a loan taken from the Building Fund Account, over a period of ten years, a temporary relief is gained and a budget is kept with a closing balance of Rs. 4,292 the expenditure side being curtailed to the utmost limit possible. A full time and highly paid clerk is replaced by a clerk in the Deputy Commissioner's Office who lends his time to the Hospital work about three hours a day for a monthly allowance of Rs. 15.

(4) With a view to supplement the resources of the Hospital, which are showing signs of weakening as the Municipal Committee at Karanja has flatly declined to continue its annual grant of Rs. 150 and no serious endeavours are made to appeal to the philanthropic public to make donations, the Hospital Committee levied a general fee of three annas per head per day for the medical help rendered to visitors at the outdoor dispensary and slightly enhanced the scale of donations from indoor patients using family wards. This sudden levy of a fee took the people by surprise, the number of outdoor patients instantaneously dropped down and during the period of more than four months of the levy this number never regained its normal figure. Prior to the levy of the fee

the average daily attendance was over 60 and from the day of the levy it dropped down to 4 or 5 and it has not gone over 11 or 12. This adverse effect is being anxiously thought over by the members of the Hospital Committee.

(5) The general programme of necessary buildings for the Hospital underwent a thorough revision at the hands of the late Lieutenant-Colonel Young, Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Central Provinces and Berar, and the Hospital Committee has decided to adhere to it and to carry it out as funds at its disposal permit. The most urgent requirements are an operation theatre and a labour room, for which the requisite plans and estimates have been got prepared but the work of execution has not yet been commenced. For want of these essential rooms, Family ward rooms are encroached upon as operation and dispensary room, an examination room and quarters for the Matron.

The staff remained unchanged. The number of in-patients as well as out-patients has been steadily increasing. The number of operations has considerably increased. This means that the quality of the work done has improved and that the institution is assuredly gaining in popularity. With the progress of time, the institution is winning the confidence of the people and there is great hope in the future for the institution as a centre of medical relief controlled by the Countess of Dufferin's Fund.

The number of operations performed during the year 1923 was 384 against 193 of the last year. The selected operations are similarly increased from 34 to 74 including abdominals and eye operations.

The number of in-patients rose from 447 in 1922 to 624 in 1923.

Miss A. Paul has been at Akola for the last ten years and she is well known to the people of Akola.

Nursing staff consists of one Matron, 2 staff nurses and 7 probationer nurses of whom two hold Government scholarships and two are honorary workers. Several applications were received in the Hospital for probationer training and for appointments of staff nurses, which had to be refused for two reasons, one, for want of funds, and second, want of accommodation in nurses quarters.

During the year under report a branch outdoor dispensary was opened on the 1st December at the Indoor Department for administration of medicines to the people residing in Jathar, Peth, Umri and Akot File. The Doctor in charge is allowed free discretion to charge fees according to their means, the actual paupers being admitted free. The number attending this branch dispensary is steadily increasing and it is expected that this branch will, in course of time, gain the confidence of the public and prove a success.

N. R. MUCADAM,
Lady Superintendent.

Report of the Lady Dufferin Hospital, Karachi, for the year 1923.

The Hospital has been under my charge throughout the year under review, while there have been several changes in staff we have almost always had our full number both of trained staff and probationers.

Two senior Indian nurses passed the Final Hospital Examination and several pupil midwives passed the B. P. N. A. examination in midwifery during the year. Six nurses passed the first year examination in Anatomy and Physiology and we have now 5 European or Anglo-Indian nurses all doing the 3 years' training.

We now have our full number of Ward Sisters (4) and as there has been so much night work lately one of these has been appointed permanent night Sister.

I have had two House Surgeons throughout the year.

Work in Hospital.—The work in Hospital shows no large change, the figures remaining about the same as last year. There has, however, been a steady increase in the normal midwifery cases while the abnormal midwifery cases remain the same. It is gratifying to find that old patients of the Hospital are returning more and more especially those who have already had Cæsarean Section or difficult labour before.

The private rooms have been fairly full throughout the year, more and more high caste Indian women are coming into them for their confinements and have actually been booking them in advance lately.

The following is a brief summary of the work of the Hospital during 1923:—

Total number of new out-patients to date (Dec. 8th)	8,934
„ „ „ new in-patients to date	1,656
„ „ „ labour cases to date	496
„ „ „ normal labour cases to date	420
„ „ „ abnormal labour cases to date	76
„ „ „ operations (in-door only)	366
„ „ „ abdominal operations	54

The major operations included the following:—

Cæsarean Section	10
Salpingectomy or Ovariectomy or both	17
unilateral	7
bilateral	10
Suprapubic Cystotomy	2
Laparotomy for abdominal pregnancy	2
Appendicectomy	2
Gilliams operation	3
Irreducible femoral or ventral hernia	3
Pan-hysterectomy	1
Strangulated ovarian with Cæsarean Section	1

Dr. Balfour, C.M.O., W.M.S., was unable to visit the Hospital during the year but is expected in January next.

C. HART, W.M.S.I.,
Physician in charge

(3) List of Officers.

1. BALFOUR, Miss M. I., M.B., C.M. (Edin.), Cert. T.M. (Lond.), Simla and Delhi.
2. MACKENZIE, Miss A. L., L.R.C.P. & s. (Edin.), L.F.P. & s. (Glas.), M.D. (Brux.), Allahabad.
3. CAMPBELL, Miss G. J., M.D., ch.B. (Glas.), Cert. T.M. (Lond.), Delhi.
4. SCOTT, Miss A. C., M.B., B.S. (Lond.), on furlough.
5. BARNES, Mrs. F. D., L.R.C.P. & s. (Edin.), L.F.P. & s. (Glas.), M.D. (Brux.), Akola.
6. WATTS, Miss E. TURNER, M.D., B.S. (Lond.), Bombay.
7. WATTS, Miss A.M., L.R.C.P. & s. (Edin.), L.F.P. & s. (Glas.), L.M. (Rot.), Lucknow.
8. O'BRIEN BEADON, Mrs. M., M.B., B.S. (Lond.), L.S.A., Madras.
9. NAOROJI, Miss M. A. D., M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.), Cutch Bhuj.
10. WEBB, Miss M. V., L.R.C.P. & s. (Edin.), L.F.P. & s. (Glas.), Agra.
11. COMMISSARIAT, Miss S. H., F.R.C.S. (Ire.), L.M. (Rot.), Cert. T.M. (Lond.), L.M.S., (Bombay), Lucknow.
12. FRANKLIN, Miss H. M., M.B., B.S. (Lond.), Delhi.
13. HOULTON, Miss C. L., M.D., B.S. (Lond.), Cert. T.M. (Lond.), Simla.
14. MURPHY, Miss M. C., M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), M.B. (Calcutta), Delhi.
15. BOSE, Mrs. L. M., F.R.C.S.I., L.M. (Rot.), Shikarpur.
16. KAMALAKAR, Mrs. D., L.R.C.P. & s. (Edin.), L.F.P. & s. (Glas.), L.M.S. (Madras), L.M. (Rot.), Nagpur.
17. CURJEL, Miss D. F., M.D. (Glas.), D.P.H. (Camb.), Simla and Lahore.
18. LAZARUS, Miss H., M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), M.B., B.S. (Madras), L.M. (Rot.), Vizagapatam.
19. BROWNE, Miss HAMILTON, M.B., ch.M. (Syd.), Calcutta.
20. OLIVERA, Miss M., M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), L.M.S. (Bombay), Benares.
21. STAPLETON, Miss G., M.D., B.S. (Lond.), Delhi.
22. HART, Miss C., M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), M.D. (U.S.A.), Karachi.
23. MENEZES, Miss L. DE, M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), Gaya.
24. KEESS, Miss I., M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), L.M. & s. (Bombay), Quetta.
25. O'REILLY, Miss A., L.R.C.P. (Lond.), M.R.C.S. (Eng.), Lahore.
26. McILROY, Miss J. H., M.B., ch.B., D.Sc. (Glas.), Delhi.
27. STEWART, Miss M., M.B., ch.B. (Edin.), Madras.
28. LIVINGSTONE, Mrs., M.A., M.B., ch.B., D.P.H. (St. Andrew's), Delhi.
29. MATTHAI, Miss E., M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), Surat.
30. HOLLWAY, Miss E. B., M.B., B.S. (Lond.), Bettiah.
31. GREIG, Miss A. R. H., M.B., ch.B. (Edin.), Cawnpore.
32. THUNGAMMA, Miss B., F.R.C.S. (Edin.), L.R.C.S. (Edin.), L.M. & s. (Madras), Agra.
33. MOHAMMED ALI, Miss G., M.B., B.S. (Allahabad), D.O.M.S. (London), L.M. (Dublin), Hyderabad (Sind).
34. DAVIDSON, Miss G. E. M., M.B., ch.B. (Edin.), Simla and Delhi.
35. CARR, Miss R. T., M.B., ch.B. (Edin.), Agra.
36. MURPHY, Miss M. A., M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O. (Dublin), D.P.H. (Edin.), Delhi.
37. PATEL, Miss G. P., M.B., B.S. (Lond.), Delhi.
38. TROUTON, Miss N., M.B., B.S. (Lond.), M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., Calcutta.
39. WALKER, Miss E. S., M.B., B.Ch. (Belfast), D.P.H. (Lond.), Lahore.
40. McMILLAN, Miss H., M.B., ch.B. (Edin.), F.R.C.S. (Edin.), Delhi.
41. MUCADAM, Miss N. R., M.B.C.S., L.R.C.P. (Lond.), Akola.

(4) Return of Patients treated in Hospitals staffed by Officers of the Women's Medical Service.

Station.	Name of Hospital.	Number of in-patients.	Number of new out-patients.	Total attendance of out-patients (old and new).
Bengal.				
Calcutta	Lady Dufferin Victoria Hospital.	2,217	4,926	11,678
Berar.				
Akola	Lady Hardinge Hospital .	624	4,073	15,802
Bihar and Orissa.				
Bettiah	Raj Dufferin Hospital .	1,292	22,796	35,006
Gaya	Lady Elgin Zenana Hospital.	464	6,402	27,206
Bombay.				
Hyderabad (Sind) .	Lady Dufferin Hospital .	676	9,204	39,302
Karachi	Lady Dufferin Hospital .	1,737	9,363	24,523
Surat	Seth Morarbhaji Vrijbhukhandas Hospital for Women and Children.	517	5,282	29,971
Bombay	Cama and Albles Hospital and Toffer S. Dispensary.	2,812	8,220	26,600
Central Provinces.				
Jubbulpore	Elgin Hospital	433	3,179	10,901
"	Crump Dispensary (children)	...	3,470	11,270
Nagpur	{ Dufferin Hospital	805	7,125	17,863
	{ Bupurao Dada Dispensary	7	4,666	11,764

**Returns of Patients treated in Hospitals staffed by Officers
of the Women's Medical Service—continued.**

Station.	Name of Hospital.	Number of in-patients.	Number of new out-patients.	Total attendance of out-patients (old and new).
Delhi.				
Delhi . . .	Lady Hardinge Hospital .	1,891	9,400	26,025
Madras.				
Madras . . .	Victoria Hospital for Caste and Gosha Women.	3,064	12,344	34,430
Vizagapatam . . .	Victoria Hospital for Women and Children.	405	12,041	40,256
Punjab.				
Lahore . . .	Lady Aitchison Hospital .	968	7,377	19,696
Simla . . .	Dufferin Block, Ripon Hospital.	498	5,231	11,819
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.				
Allahabad . . .	Dufferin Hospital . . .	918	7,305	21,056
Benares . . .	Ishwari Memorial Hospital	957	11,262	31,962
Cawnpore . . .	Dufferin Hospital . . .	466	4,754	18,469
Lucknow . . .	Dufferin Hospital . . .	849	9,351	26,301
Agra . . .	Women's Medical School Hospital.	2,594	15,683	23,014
Baluchistan.				
Quetta . . .	Lady Dufferin Sandeman Hospital.	178	8,949	21,687
Fort Sandeman . . .	Lady Dufferin Zenana Hospital.	122	3,882	6,923
Sibi . . .	McIvor Zenana Hospital .	219	5,599	17,957

Particulars of Hospitals under officers

Names of Hospitals and Towns.	INCOME.								EXPENDITURE.																	
	Imperial Government.	Countess of Dufferin's Fund (Central Committee).	Interest from investments.	Local Government.	Countess of Dufferin's Fund (Provincial Committee).	Municipal Committee.	District Board.	Subscriptions.	Fees or room rent.	Superior.	Menial.	Uniforma.	Total.	Medicines.	Instruments or Hospital requisites.	Rent.	Daily cost per head.	DIETS.	Total.	Repairs or buildings.	Miscellaneous.	Assistant Surgeons.	Sub-Assistant Surgeons.	Matron or Nursing Superintendent.		
BALUCHISTAN																										
Lady Sandeman Hospital, Quetta.																										
Lady Dufferin Zenana Hospital, Fort Sandeman.																										
McIvor Female Hospital, Sibi, Ziarat.																										
BENGAL.																										
Dufferin Hospital, Calcutta.	15,000 0 0	1,800 0 0	9,000 0 0	3,000 0 0	11,000 0 0	...	...	4,800 0 0	18,000 0 0	17,500 0 6	6,150 0 0	240 0 0	33,800 0 0	4,800 0 0	1,000 0 0	12,500 0 0	1 13 0	44 1 3	1,300 0 0	5,810 0 0	1	1	1	1	1
Victoria Hospital, Calcutta.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
BERAR.																										
Lady Hardinge Hospital, Akola.	3,619 6 2	3,017 15 0	...	3,424 0 0	3,000 0 0	250 0 0	1,348 0 0	3,000 0 0	764 0 0	2,066 0 0	3,851 0 9	2,423 0 0	...	1,421 0 0	127 0 0	964 0 0	0 4 0	406 0 0	159 0 0	4,030 0 0	1	...	1	1	1	
BIHAR AND ORISSA.																										
Raj Dufferin Hospital, Bettiah.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,316 0 0	3,924 0 0	60 0 0	60 0 0	3,566 0 0	...	...	0 5 6	125 7 6	...	1,097 0 0	...	...	1	1	1
Lady Elgin Hospital, Gaya.	1	3,619 6 2	3,017 15 0	...	1,425 0 0	600 0 0	6,000 0 0	...	2,063 0 0	3,174 0 0	1,685 0 0	...	1,056 0 0	1,094 0 0	686 0 0	...	...	...	...	497 0 0	...	...	1	1	1

of the Women's Medical Service.

STAFF.				WORK DONE IN HOSPITAL.							WORK DONE (IF ANY) OUTSIDE HOSPITAL.	REMARKS.			
Sisters.	STAFF NURSES.		PROBATIONERS.	COM-FOUNDERS.	Number of new in-patients.	Number of new out-patients.	GYNECOLOGICAL CASES.		MID-WIFERY.		OPERATIONS.		This should include work among dais, Infant Welfare work for St. John Ambulance Association.		
	Anglo-Indian.	Indian.	Anglo-Indian.				Indian.	Indoor.	Outdoor.	Abortions.		Normal labour.		Abnormal labour.	Abdominal.	Under general Anæsthesia.	Total.
...
...
1	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...
4	3	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...
464	...	...	...	...	624	1,930	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6,40	...	...	...	...	4,073	4,794	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
160	...	...	...	...	94	638	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,014	...	...	...	...	565	2,854	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	6	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	43	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	20	59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25	5	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
271	121	98	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
836	...	384	...	...	...	673	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

The senior Hospital Surgeon conducts the St. John Ambulance Anglo-Indian Baby Clinic on Bow Bazar.

One Municipal midwife and some dais under control of the Lady Superintendent Lectures.

10 normal Labour cases, several other cases, dressings for abscesses, minor Gynaecological treatment. Number not recorded.

Figures, approximate.

(5) Particulars of Hospitals under officers

Names of Hospitals and Towns.	INCOME.								EXPENDITURE.														
	Imperial Government.	Countess of Dufferin's Fund (Central Committee).	Interest from investments.	Local Government.	Countess of Dufferin's Fund (Provincial Committee).	Municipal Committee.	District Board.	Subscriptions.	Fees or room rent.	STAFF (EXCLUDING W. M. S.)			MEDICINES.	Instruments or Hospital requisites.	Rent.	DIETS.		Repairs or buildings.	Miscellaneous.	Assistant Surgeons.	Sub-Assistant Surgeons.	Matron or Nursing Superintendent.	
										Superior.	Menial.	Uniform.				Total.	Daily cost per head.						Total.
BOMBAY.																							
Cama and Allbless Hospital, Bombay.																							
Lady Dufferin Hospital, Karachi.																							
M. V. Hospital for Women and Children, Surat.																						9 1/2	5 1/2
CENTRAL PROVINCES.																							
Elgin Hospital, Jubbulpore.	1,864 0 0	5,100 0 0	3,685 0 6	1,100 0 0	...	797 0 0	1,070 0 0	3,121 0 0	2,801 0 0	...	661 0 0	1,008 0 0	...	332 0 0	0 13 3	338 0 0	623 0 0	2,514 0 0	...	1	1
Dufferin Hospital, Nagpur.	7,010 0 0	3,000 0 0	3,500 0 0	...	...	381 0 0	2,573 0 0	3,373 0 0	2,522 0 0	...	3,108 0 0	1,332 0 0	144 0 0	...	0 4 3	286 0 0	558 0 0	1,800 0 0	1	...	1

of the Women's Medical Service—contd.

STAFF.						WORK DONE IN HOSPITAL.							WORK DONE (IF ANY) OUTSIDE HOSPITAL.	REMARKS.			
Sisters.	STAFF NURSES.		PROBATIONERS.	COMPOUNDERS.		Number of new in-patients.	Number of new out-patients.	GYNECOLOGICAL CASES.		MIDWIFERY.		OPERATIONS.					
	Anglo-Indian.	Indian.	Anglo-Indian.	Indian	Trained.			Probationers.	Indoor.	Outdoor.	Abortions.	Normal labour.	Abnormal labour.	Abdominal.	Under general Anæsthesia.	Total.	
..	..	2	..	4	1	..	433	3,179	108	412	12	35	15	16	260	276	<p>This should include work among dais, Infant Welfare week, work for St. John Ambulance Association.</p> <p>A few outside visited made and lectures to mothers given during February by Sub-Asst. Surgeon in charge, Crump Dispensary.</p> <p>28 maternity cases attended outside.</p>
..	..	2	..	15	..	..	895	7,125	224	1,239	12	116	28	12	94	240
..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..	
..	
..	
..	
..	
..	
..	

(5) Particulars of Hospitals under officers

Names of Hospitals Cities and Towns.	INCOME.							EXPENDITURE.														
	Imperial Government.	Countess of Dufferin's Fund (Central Committee).	Interest from investments.	Local Government.	Countess of Dufferin's Fund (Provincial Committee).	Municipal Committee.	District Board.	Subscriptions.	Fees or room rent.	STAFF (EX- CLUD- ING W. M. S.).	CON- TINGEN- CIES.	Medicines.	Instruments or Hospital requisites.	Rent.	Daily cost per head.	DIETS.	Repairs or buildings.	Miscellaneous.	Assistant Surgeons.	Sub-Assistant Surgeons.	Matron or Nursing Superin- tendent.	
DELHI.																						
Lady Hardinge Hos- pital, Delhi.																						
MADRAS.																						
Government Victoria Hospital for Women and Children, Vizaga- patam.	...	6,750 0 0	...	6,750 0 0	...	...	...	857 0 0	1,800 0 0	2,580 0 0	...	4,380 0 0	2,142 0 0	...	...	1 12 9	553 0 0	171 0 0	...	1	...
Government Victoria Hospital for Women, Madras.	...	...	...	85,987 0 0	...	...	...	1,358 0 0	23,017 0 0	11,961 0 0	183 0 0	66,305 2 4	5,045 0 0	6,895 2 6	...	0 6 8	10,619 0 0	728 0 0	10,083 13 6	2	1
PUNJAB.																						
Dufferin Block, Ripon Hospital, Simla.	...	...	...	...	15,002 11 3	...	...	505 2 0	6,160 11 0	1,464 7 4	203 15 11	7,809 2 3	2,843 5 0	624 12 3	...	6 0 0	3,225 13 0	370 13 10	1,438 0 0	1	1
Lady Aitchison Hos- pital, Lahore.	5,622 4 9	...	2,627 2 1	10,000 0 0	3,900 0 0	15,800 0 0	2,074 0 0	2,197 12 0	6,212 12 6	14,913 11 2	4,272 2 1*	4,485 6 7	19,671 3 10	1,816 5 3	1,200 0 0	...	42,358 12 8	2,854 2 6	4,366 9 0	1	1	

(5) Particulars of Hospitals under officers

Names of Hospitals and Towns.	INCOME.										EXPENDITURE.												
	Imperial Government.	Countess of Dufferin's Fund (Central Committee).	Interest from investments.	Local Government.	Countess of Dufferin's Fund (Provincial Committee).	Municipal Committee.	District Board.	Subscriptions.	Fees or room rent.	STAFF (EX-CLUD-ING W. M. S.)	CON-INGEN-CIES.	Medicines.	Instruments or Hospital requisites.	Rent.	Daily cost per head.	DIETS.	Repairs or buildings.	Miscellaneous.	Assistant Surgeons.	Sub-Assistant Surgeons.	Matron or Nursing Superintendent.		
UNITED PROVINCES.																							
Dufferin Hospital, Allahabad.	1,613 0 0	...	2,693 0 0	600 0 0	5,360 0 0	345 0 0	4,488 0 0	8,416 0 0	3,117 0 0	62 0 0	430 0 0	1,133 0 0	1,485 0 0	...	0 3 6	733 0 0	513 0 0	6,802 0 0	1	1	1
Ishwari Memorial Hospital, Benares.	2,065 0 0	...	6,963 0 0	1,613 0 0	1,240 0 0	4,007 0 0	1,644 0 0	6,042 0 0	4,067 0 0	120 0 0	10,219 0 0	1,440 0 0	...	120 0 0	0 3 9	427 0 0	900 0 0	3,683 0 0	...	1	1
Dufferin Hospital, Cawnpore.	1,411 0 0	...	200 0 0	1,900 0 0	1,543 0 0	3,540 0 0	2,347 0 0	1,800 0 0	4,016 0 0	60 0 0	5,876 0 0	978 0 0	708 0 0	...	0 3 4	465 0 0	276 0 0	2,329 0 0	...	1	1
Dufferin Hospital, Lucknow.	5,760 13 9	...	34,563 5 2	2,400 0 0	1,710 0 0	549 8 0	3,504 9 0	9,831 7 3	3,647 7 0	60 0 0	2,051 11 7	681 0 11	611 3 0	...	0 12 10	631 9 7	671 15 0	4,170 4 5	...	1	1
Dufferin Hospital, Agra.	214 0 0	...	15,337 0 0	...	...	...	4,718 0 0	12,208 0 0	9,680 0 0	6,392 0 0	28,200 0 0	700 0 0	3,750 0 0	...	...	4,450 0 0	...	23,013 0 0	4	6	1

Rules and Regulations of Service as revised by the Council in 1923.

Pro. Meeting
of Council,
20th Sept.
1919, Item
No. 2.

1. THIS Service shall be called "The Women's Medical Service for India." It shall be **Constitution.** included in the National Association for supplying female medical aid to the women of India, hereinafter called the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, and shall, subject to the provisions of the following rules, be under the direction and control of the Council of that Association, hereinafter called the Council.

2. Recruitment for the Service shall be made—

- (a) in *India* by a sub-committee of the Council which shall include the Director-General, Indian Medical Service, the Honorary and Joint Secretaries to the Council;
- (b) in the *United Kingdom* by a sub-committee consisting of a medical man and two medical women who (of whom at least 2) shall be conversant with India conditions.

Such sub-committees shall perform the duties of a medical board, examine candidates for physical fitness, and give permission to return to duty after periods of invaliding; provided that in India the sub-committee may, by general or by special order, delegate their powers to temporary boards of local medical officers, medical women being included, in cases of recruitment, invaliding and return to duty after sick leave.

3. The Council shall decide what proportion of the officers of the Service shall be recruited in England and in India, respectively. In the original constitution of the Service duly qualified medical women who are in the service of, or who have rendered approved service to, the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, shall have first claim to appointment, and thereafter special consideration shall be paid to the claims of candidates who have qualified in local institutions and of those who are natives of India.

4. No one shall be an officer of this Service who—

- (a) is not a British subject resident in the United Kingdom or in a British Colony or **Qualifications.** in British India or who is not a person resident in any territory of any Native Prince or Chief under the suzerainty of His Majesty exercised through the Governor-General of India or through any Governor or other officer subordinate to the Governor-General of India;
- (b) is less than 24 or more than 30 years of age: provided that this condition shall not be enforced in the case of qualified medical women who are in the service of, or who have rendered approved service to, the Countess of Dufferin's Fund;
- (c) is not a first class medical woman, *i.e.*, does not possess a medical qualification registrable in the United Kingdom under the Medical Act or an Indian or Colonial qualification registrable in the United Kingdom under that Act;
- (d) cannot produce a certificate of health and character.

Provided that the Council shall, at any time, have power to promote to the Service ladies not possessing the above qualifications, but who have shown marked ability.

5. Officers of the Service shall be appointed by the Council to serve in the several **Conditions of service.** provinces.

6. Officers of the Service on appointment shall engage for general service anywhere in India and Burma and shall serve a probationary period of one year.

At the end of such period of probation their appointment shall be confirmed or terminated, as the case may be, by order of the Council on the report of the Provincial Committee

of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, hereinafter called the Provincial Committee, after consultation with the authority or authorities financially concerned. (*Vide* rule 7 *infra*.)

After confirmation, service shall, at any time, be terminable on six months' notice on either side and the Council shall have power to dispense with the services of any officer of the Service on the payment of six months' salary in lieu of notice.

7. Officers of the Service shall receive their pay and allowances from the Council or Provincial Committees of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund, unless their services are lent to Government, or to local or Municipal bodies, or to special institutions on the condition that the whole or part of their pay be met by such employers. The Committee, Government or body from which the pay is received shall be hereinafter called the authority or authorities financially concerned.

8. The rates of pay * shall be as follows :—

	Rs.		Rs.
1—3 years	450 per mensem.	13—15 years	650 per mensem.
4—6 "	500 " "	16—18 "	700 " "
7—9 "	550 " "	19—21 "	750 " "
10—12 "	600 " "	22—24 "	800 " "
		24 years and after	850 " "

Pro. Meeting
of Council,
18th Sept.
1920, Item
No. 6.

In addition an overseas allowance is paid to officers with British qualifications, Rs. 150 per mensem to those with 12 years' service and over, and Rs. 100 per mensem to those with less than 12 years' service.

In certain cases charge allowances shall also be given.

In addition suitable quarters furnished shall be provided free of rent; or, a house-rent allowance to be determined by the Provincial Committee after consultation with the authority or authorities financially concerned (*vide* rule 7 *supra*), shall be granted in lieu of it.

No officer of the Service shall be eligible for the Rs. 500 per mensem grade until she has passed an examination in such vernacular as the Provincial Committee shall appoint. The Rules for Vernacular examinations can be obtained from the Council offices.

Where a medical woman who has previously served in India is admitted into the Women's Medical Service the Council may, if they consider it necessary, grade her for purposes of pay and promotion as if the whole or any part of her previous medical work had been carried out in the Women's Medical Service.

9. Officers of the Service shall be entitled to travelling allowance on the scale and subject to the conditions set out in Appendix I to those rules.

10. Officers of the Service shall be entitled to leave according to the regulations set out in Appendix II to these rules.

11. Officers of the Service shall join a Provident Fund on the terms and subject to the conditions set out in Appendix III to these rules.

* At the present rate of exchange (1s. 4d.) this will be equivalent to—

Rs. 450 per mensem	or	£ 360 per annum.
" 500 "	"	" 400 "
" 550 "	"	" 440 "
" 600 "	"	" 480 "
" 650 "	"	" 520 "
" 700 "	"	" 560 "
" 750 "	"	" 600 "
" 800 "	"	" 640 "
" 850 "	"	" 680 "

The salaries will, however, be paid in rupees and the Association is not responsible for any variation which may from time to time occur in the rate of exchange.

12. Officers of the Service shall be permitted to engage in private practice provided that such private practice does not interfere with the performance of their official duties.

The Provincial Committee shall have power to decide in any case, after consultation with the authority or authorities financially concerned (*vide* rule 7 *supra*), whether private practice does in fact interfere with the performance of official duties.

13. Officers of the Service shall retire on attaining the age of 55 years unless the Council, on the recommendation of the Provincial Committee, after consultation with the authority or authorities financially concerned (*vide* rule 7 *supra*), desire to retain their services for a further period to be determined by them.

14. When appointed to a province, officers of the Service shall forthwith become subordinate to the Provincial Committee in all matters, and they shall not correspond with the Council except through the Provincial Committee.

15. The Provincial Committee shall have powers of disciplinary control over officers of the Service, including suspension, but powers of removal or dismissal for inefficiency, misconduct or other valid cause shall be vested in the Council only.

16. An officer of the Service, who has been recruited in England, shall, in the event of notice under rule 6 or removal or dismissal under rule 15 *supra*, receive a sum sufficient to cover her return journey to England.

17. Every hospital shall be in charge of a Local Committee, and an officer of the Service in independent charge of such hospital shall be entitled to attend all meetings of the Local Committee: provided that if her own action or conduct is called in question she shall retire from the meeting after stating her case.

18. Officers of the Service shall be in independent charge and shall have full professional control of the hospitals or institutions to which they are attached, except in cases where the Provincial Committee, after consultation with the Council, shall direct otherwise. Where two or more officers of the Service are attached to one institution the status of each shall ordinarily be decided by seniority, but in special cases the Council in consultation with the Provincial Committee shall decide the status of each officer.

Officers of the Service shall ordinarily have the same amount of executive control as a Civil Surgeon in charge of a Civil Hospital: any departure from this arrangement shall require the previous sanction of the Central and Provincial Committees.

The following titles and grading have been sanctioned by the Council for the Women's Medical Service:—

Class 1.—The Joint Secretary to the Council who shall have the title of Chief Medical Officer, Women's Medical Service, India.

Class 2.—The Assistants to Inspectors-General and Surgeons-General who shall have the title "Senior Medical Officer" followed by the name of the Province or Presidency to which they are attached.

The status of these officers as regards each other shall be determined by their seniority in the class. Should any of these revert to executive rank they shall lose their title of Senior Medical Officer and shall revert to the grading according to seniority.

Class 3.—The Principals of Medical Colleges within their own Colleges.

Class 4.—Executive officers in 4 grades including Principals of Medical Schools and Professors of Colleges. The status of these officers as regards each other shall be determined by their seniority in the service except in cases provided for as above.

19. Officers of the Service and the hospitals or other institutions under their charge shall be subject to such inspection as the Local Government, after consultation with the

Position in respect of Council, the Provincial and Local Committees, etc.

Pro. Meeting of Council, 9th Oct. 1917, Item No. 5.

Pro. Meeting of Council, 12th Mar. 1921, Item No. 7.

Provincial Committee and the authority or authorities financially concerned (*vide* rule 7 *supra*), may determine, due regard being paid to purdah. The Provincial Committee shall have power to depute an officer of the Service to inspect hospitals or other institutions within their jurisdiction, reporting to the Provincial Committee.

20. The Council shall have power, in communication with the Provincial Committee, to depute any qualified person or persons to inspect officers of the Service and the hospitals or other institutions under their charge.

21. The decision of the Council shall be final in all cases.

22. The Council reserve power to alter these rules from time to time in consultation, where necessary, with Local Governments and Provincial Committees.

APPENDICES.

NOTE.—The following Travelling Allowance, Leave and Provident Fund rules have been framed for the officers of the Women's Medical Service for India, and shall be binding on the Provincial or Local Committees who will have no power to exceed them without the sanction of the Council. That body, while reserving to itself the right to alter the rules from time to time, as experience may show the advisability, or to vary them in cases of individual hardship, desires it to be understood that the rules shall in general be adhered to and that applications for exceptional treatment will only be entertained for very special reasons.

APPENDIX I.

Travelling Allowance Rules.

1. An officer of the Women's Medical Service appointed in England shall receive a sum of £100 to cover her passage and incidental expenses; and shall receive travelling allowance from the port of disembarkation to the station to which she is first appointed, under the rules which follow.

Pro. Meeting
of Council,
17th Sept.
1921, Item
No. 4.

She shall agree to refund the grant at the rate of £25 for each year not served if she resigns the Service for any cause other than ill-health before the conclusion of 4 years' service.

2. Officers of the Service about to be transferred can, if desired, claim an advance of salary equal to the estimated cost of the journey to be taken. This advance is to be repaid from the salary in 3 equal instalments during the 3 succeeding months (*vide* Resolution No. 7 of the Minutes of Proceedings of the Council, dated 20th September 1919).

3. In cases of transfer travelling allowance shall not be met by the Council unless the member is transferred from one station to another for the public convenience and is entitled to pay during the period occupied by the journey. A transfer at her own request or in consequence unless the authority sanctioning the transfer, for special reasons which should be recorded, otherwise direct.

4. In other respects travelling allowance shall be given according to the Civil Service Regulations for 1st Class Officers.

APPENDIX II.

Leave Rules.

1. All officers of the Women's Medical Service shall be subject to the same leave rules. The following are the varieties of leave admissible :—

- (a) Casual Leave.
- (b) Privilege Leave.
- (c) Furlough.
- (d) Study Leave.
- (e) Sick Leave.
- (f) Extraordinary Leave.

2. Casual leave is occasional leave for a few days, and may be granted at the discretion of the Provincial or Local Committee. Such leave cannot be combined with any other kind of leave.

Pro. Meeting
of Council,
20th Sept.
1921, Item
No. 6.

3. Privilege leave is earned at the rate of one month for each calendar year of service but may be granted during the year in which it is being earned. It may be accumulated up to 4 months in accordance with the Civil Service Regulations. It may be granted by the Provincial or Local Committees unless assistance is required from the reserve of the Women's Medical Service to carry on the work in which case the application must be made to the Council.

4. Furlough is earned at the rate of two months for each year's presence on duty—in which is included privilege and casual leave—and furlough earned and not taken remains at credit throughout a member's service. More than eight months' furlough shall not, however, be granted at one time, and first furlough shall not be granted until after four years' active service from the date of joining. Furlough, moreover, shall not be granted until after three years' active service from the date of the last return from furlough, sick leave or extraordinary leave exceeding one month. Any privilege leave which is due during the year or which has accumulated in accordance with rule 3 may be prefixed to furlough.

Pro. Meeting
of Council,
12th Mar. 1921,
Item No. 3.

Under special circumstances furlough may be sanctioned even when not due provided it is not for more than six months, and shall be deducted from the next furlough earned.

Study leave shall not exceed twelve months in the total service of any officer. It shall not be sanctioned in excess of one-twelfth of the total service at the time of application. It shall not be sanctioned for less than two months at any one time.

It may be combined with any other kind of leave.

An officer on study leave shall receive furlough pay and lodging allowance at the rate of 12 shillings per day.

It is to be understood that in order to qualify for the grant of study leave or the receipt of lodging allowance a definite course of study at a recognised institution which will occupy the time of the officer for 5 or 6 days a week must be pursued. Lodging allowance will be admissible up to 14 days for any period of vacation.

Study leave shall count for service for promotion, but not for furlough unless taken during privilege leave.

On completion of study leave a certificate in the proper form, signed by the head of the institution in which study has been taken, should be forwarded to the Council's office.

5. Sick leave can be granted at any time on the production of a medical certificate from a Civil Surgeon or a registered medical woman. Where the leave required is for a longer period than 1 month, the officer must appear before a medical board nominated by the Selection Committee. Such leave cannot be taken in excess of 1 year at a time, and the total period taken during the whole service must not exceed 2 years. Privilege leave may be prefixed to sick leave.

6. Extraordinary leave may be granted at any time at the discretion of the Council provided no other kind of leave is at the time admissible. It may also be granted in continuation of any other kind of leave. It does not count as service for leave, furlough or promotion, nor is any pay or allowance admissible, during the period of its tenure.

Under exceptional circumstances extraordinary leave may be granted by Provincial and Local Committees even when other leave is admissible for a period not exceeding one month.

Such leave shall not count as active service, but shall not be held to interrupt the 3 years' active service required for furlough.

7. Furlough or sick leave may be extended by the grant of extraordinary leave; and furlough may be extended by the grant of sick leave, on production of a medical certificate to the satisfaction of the Council, but shall be subject to the proviso that the

period of extension shall not cause the limit of two years admissible as sick leave to be exceeded.

8. The allowances during leave shall be as follows :—

During casual and privilege leave, the full pay which is being drawn at the time the leave is taken.

During furlough and sick leave, one-half of the average monthly pay of the six months preceding the leave (see also rule 4). Where such leave is combined with privilege, the six months shall be that immediately preceding the departure on combined leave.

Furlough on half average salary may be commuted into furlough on average salary to be granted for a total period not exceeding 1 year in an officer's whole service and not exceeding 4 months in any one period of leave. An officer taking such furlough will be treated as having taken furlough on half average salary for twice the period actually taken on average salary.

Study leave half pay and lodging allowance at the rate of 12 shillings per day.

Extraordinary leave, no allowances.

All leave allowances shall be paid in India, and officers proceeding out of India must make their own arrangements to draw their allowances in India.

9. Except in the case of casual leave, privilege leave or extraordinary leave not exceeding one month, leave shall be granted by the Council to whom applications should be submitted through the Provincial or Local Committee.

Example.—A joined the service on 1st April, 1915. She takes one month's privilege leave in the summers of 1915, 1916 and 1917. In 1918 she cannot be spared and in 1919 only two weeks' privilege can be granted. On 15th April, 1920, she takes 2½ months' privilege leave combined with 8 months' furlough, returning to duty on 1st March, 1921. In the summer of 1921 she takes one month's privilege leave combined with one month's extraordinary leave and does the same in the summer of 1922. In 1923 she cannot be granted privilege leave, and she desires to go on combined leave in 1924. She will have completed three years' active service from her last return from furlough on 1st May, 1924, as the two months extraordinary leave does not count as active service and the total amount of furlough earned by her will be 1/6th of the period—1st April 1915 to 1st July 1920—the date of completion of her privilege leave—(5½ years) plus 1/6th of the three years completed on 1st May, 1924, i.e., 1/6th of 8½ years, or one year 4½ months. She has, therefore, 16½—8 months=8½ months' furlough to her credit and can take 8 months' furlough from 1st May 1924, and as she is entitled to 2 months' privilege leave which counts as active service, she can actually depart on combined leave on 1st March, 1924.

APPENDIX III.

Provident Fund Rules.

1. Every officer of the Service is required to contribute monthly to the Provident Fund a sum equivalent to 10 per cent. of her salary. Subscription on leave of any kind shall be optional. The amount of subscription shall be 10 per cent. of the leave allowances admissible during the leave. The contribution shall be deducted from each month's salary or leave allowances and credited to the officer's account in the Provident Fund.

2. The Association shall contribute to each subscriber's account on the 1st April and 1st October of each year a sum equivalent to the amount of the contributions of the subscriber during the six months immediately preceding.

3. Each subscriber's account shall be credited with interest on the amount standing at its credit at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum or at such rate as the Council can invest without risk to the funds of the Association.

Pro. Meeting
of Council,
12th Mar. 1921,
Item No. 3.

Pro. Meeting
of Council,
12th Mar. 1921
Item No. 6.

4. The sum which accumulates to the credit of a subscriber shall be repayable to her—
 (1) on retirement after approved service ;
 (2) on resignation on account of ill-health.

Provided that no subscriber shall be paid the amount of the contribution made to her account by the Association with the interest thereon, unless she has rendered not less than 5 years' approved service, or unless she is incapacitated by disease contracted in and by the service.

5. The dismissal from the Service, by the Council, of any subscriber shall involve forfeiture of the contributions by the Association and the interest thereon.

6. In the event of the death of a subscriber before retirement or after retirement, but before the money has been handed over, it shall be paid to the legal representative of the estate.

7. Absolutely necessary advances against the sum to the subscriber's credit and ordinarily not exceeding three months' pay, may be made to meet emergent expenditure, at the discretion of the Council. Such advances shall be repayable by instalments to be fixed by the Council in each case.

8. Each subscriber shall be furnished once a year with a statement of her account.

9. The Council may revise these rules as it considers necessary.

***National Association for Supplying Medical Aid by Women
to the Women of India.***

COUNTESS OF DUFFERIN'S FUND

COUNCIL.

*Form to be filled in by Ladies who desire to become candidates for admission
to the "Women's Medical Service for India" under the National Association
for Supplying Medical Aid by Women to the Women of India.*

Question.	Answer in candidate's hand-writing.
1. Name in full ?	
2. Date of Birth ?	
3. Nationality ?	
4. Religion ?	
5. Single, married or widow ?	
6. What languages does the candidate speak ?	

Question.	Answer in candidate's hand-writing.
7. What languages does the candidate read and write ?	
8. In what medical college or school was the candidate trained ?	
9. What degree, diploma, or certificate does the candidate hold and when were they obtained ?	
10. How employed since leaving medical college, school or hospital ? Please give full particulars with dates.	
11. State pay and allowances of present appointment ?	
12. Has the candidate preference for any special Province, if she is elected for the Service ?	
13. Does candidate agree to join Provident Fund ?	
14. Has she seen and does she accept all regulations ?	

Question.	Answer in candidate's hand-writing.
15. For any remarks the candidate desires to make ?	
16. Address in full.	
	<i>Dated</i> <i>Signature.</i>

Report of the Junior Branch of the Women's Medical Service for India.

REVISED SCHEME.

Sanctioned for the Junior Women's Medical Service by the Council with effect from January 1st, 1923.

1. The grade pay and time-scale of the Junior Women's Medical Service should remain as at present.

	Per mensem.
	Rs.
1-5 years	130
6-10 years	165
11-15 years	200
16 and over	250

with some special posts at Rs. 300 per mensem.

2. The Council should pay Rs. 50 per mensem, to each certified practitioner and Rs. 100 per mensem, to each University Graduate in the service, and should meet Provident Fund contribution for all at the rate of 5 per cent. (as at present).

3. The service should include the present 13 posts but excluding the posts at the Lady Hardinge College and the Ripon Hospital, Simla, for which suitable provision has been made locally, 11 in all. No leave reserve will be kept, or travelling allowance will be met, but when possible local bodies will be assisted by the provision of *locum tenens*.

4. The Council will accept no responsibility for meeting increment of pay. When increments become due the local Committees must meet them, failing that the medical officer will be transferred. If no other post offers, she will be given 3 months' notice of dismissal.

5. Local Committees will be asked to pay the exact salary only, not a fixed contribution as at present.

Report of the Junior Branch of the Women's Medical Service for India.

(2) List of Officers of the Junior Branch.

- Alfred, Miss A., L.M.S. (Lahore), Hyderabad, Sind.
 Lobo, Miss U. M., L.M.S. (Bombay), Shegaon.
 Franklin, Miss M. E., Cert. Prac. (Lahore), Rawalpindi.
 Roberts, Miss A. C. P., Cert. Prac. (Ludhiana), Fort Sandeman.
 Paul, Miss A., L.M.S. (Bombay), Akola.
 Joseph, Miss M. M., Apoth. (Madras), Nagpur.
 Barlow, Miss M., Apoth. (Madras), Lahore.
 Collins, Miss E., Apoth. (Madras), Surat.
 Lewin, Mrs., M.D. (Brux.), Rawalpindi.
 Singha, Miss A., L.B.C.P. & S.E., Quetta.
 Jamaluddin, Miss B., Cert. Prac. (Lahore), Delhi.
 Basil, Miss E., Cert. Prac. (Lahore), Hoshiarpur.
 Lee, Miss M., Cert. Prac. (Lahore), Simla.

INDIAN STATES.

Return of Patients treated in Hospitals.

Station.	Name of Hospital.	No. of In-Patients.	No. of New Out-Patients.	Total attendance of Out-Patients, Old and New.
Bhopal.	Lady Lansdowne Hospital.	882	8,013	23,462
Hyderabad	Victoria Zenana Hospital.	3,188	16,503	34,780
Hyderabad	Female Department of Doodboul Dispensary.	...	6,993	19,570
Hyderabad	Female Department, Police Hospital.	20	2,777	6,108
Aurangabad	Female Department, District Hospital.	38	3,344	5,198
Gulburga	Rani Sharapalli Hospital.	18	872	1,926
Warangal	Female Department, of Hanamkonda Civil Hospital.	3	2,479	6,585
Parbhoni	Female Department, District Hospital.	13	2,278	6,322
Jammu	King Edward Memorial Zenana Hospital.	59	6,477	15,897
Srinagar	Diamond Jubilee Zenana Hospital.	331	7,357	19,892
Kapurthala	Victoria Jubilee Hospital.	568	24,212	51,921
Mattancherry . . .	Women's Hospital . .	1,283	20,306	39,152
Trichur	Maternity Hospital . .	1,070	19,559	31,752
Patiala State	Lady Dufferin Hospital.	...	...	...
Ditto	Hendley Female Dispensary.	...	...	...
Nahan	S. Z. Hospital	44	3,613	11,747
Rajkot, C. S.	Rasulkhanji Zenana Hospital, Rajkot.	446	3,263	8,109
Bhavnagar	Shri Gopinathji Maternity Hospital.	92	...	...
Porbandar	Hancock Memorial Hospital for Women.	296	4,619	19,133
Dhrangadra	Shree Prankunvarba Zenana Hospital.	2,035	3,317	15,436
Rampur State	Zenana Hospital . . .	211	3,311	4,472
Gwalior, Lashkar . .	J. A. Hospital for Women and Children.	1,090	1,046	35,904
" "	Branch Dispensary, Janakganj.	...	8,137	31,564
" Ujjain	Civil Hospital for Women.	210	5,251	5,281
Darbhanga	Raj Dufferin Hospital.	608	16,428	19,969
Junagadh	Coronation Memorial Zenana Hospital.	251	10,755	25,993

Return of Patients treated in Hospitals—*contd.*

Station.	Name of Hospital.	No. of In-Patients.	No. of New Out-Patients.	Total attendance of Out-Patients, Old and New.
Jammu	King Edward Memorial Zenana Hospital.	80	5,317	17,002
Trivandrum	Women's and Children's Hospital.	2,734	27,393	67,312
Quilon	Victoria Jubilee Hospital.	1,512	20,150	52,632
Kottayam	District Hospital	169	16,525	35,765
Alleppey	District Hospital	557	22,460	48,927
Rewa	Zenana Hospital . . . . .	...	11,215	29,684
Baroda	Jamnabai Dispensary	237	28,826	29,063
Do.	State General Hospital	1,451	14,182	15,133
Patan	Duyarabai Maternity Hospital.	69	4,255	4,324
Tonk, Rajputana	Walter Female Hospital, Tonk.	140	8,354	28,328
Bharatpur	Srimati Dadiji Sahiba Daryab Kaur Hospital for Women.	267	6,435	30,970
Alwar	Lady Dufferin	137	20,335	39,812
Jaipur	Mayo Hospital	1,030	12,859	51,476
Kishangarh	General Hospital	19	4,648	12,391
Beawar	Female Dispensary, Beawar.	70	5,803	16,440
Dholpur	Lady Hardinge	233	2,906	7,855
Jodhpur	Jaswant Female Hospital.	338	12,876	44,929
Kota State, Rajputana	Victoria Hospital	204	7,440	...
Bikanir	Zenana Hospital	354	3,402	14,065
Bahawalpur	Jubilee Female Hospital.	6,713	13,762	88,090
Sangrur (Jind State),	Victoria Female Hospital.	61	7,316	17,713
Udaipur	Walter Zenana Hospital	293	3,331	8,092

APPENDIX II.

United Kingdom Scholarships.

"A scholarship of £200 p. a. is offered annually to medical women graduates of Indian Universities for further study in the United Kingdom. Applications must be submitted before 30th April each year, and each candidate must produce evidence that she has sufficient means to meet the cost of return passage to England and to provide an additional income of £150 p.a."

Application for a United Kingdom Scholarship.

The National Association for supplying Female Medical Aid to the Women of India.

SUPPORTED BY "THE COUNTESS OF DUFFERIN'S FUND."

-
1. Name in full _____
 2. Home address _____
 3. Name and address of Guardian
or nearest relative _____
 4. Date of birth _____
 5. Nationality _____
 6. Religion _____
 7. In what University, College
or Medical School trained _____
 8. What Medical degree, diploma
or other qualification does the
candidate now hold, and on
what date was it obtained _____
 9. Particulars as to post-collegiate
practice and present appoint-
ment (if any) _____
-

10. What courses of study or qualifications she proposes to take

11. Where candidate proposes to study, the names of town and Institution. (These scholarships are not available for students studying outside the United Kingdom)

12. When candidate expects to leave for England

13. How long candidate desires to remain in England

14. Names and addresses of three references in addition to the name of the Principal of the Medical College where candidate was trained. One reference must be a lady, one, if possible, a clergyman

15. Has candidate sufficient means to meet cost of passage to and from England and £150 per annum while there ?

16. Can candidate give guarantee from a parent, guardian, or some responsible person to the effect that if granted a £200 scholarship she will have the sum referred to at No. 15 (above) at her command, and that she will not apply to the Central Committee in India or the United Kingdom Branch in London for further assistance

17. Does candidate agree to the subjoined rules ?

Rules for Candidates.

- I.—She must report herself (by appointment) to Miss Brooks, Honorary Secretary, Countess of Dufferin's Fund, United Kingdom Branch, London School of Medicine for Women, London, within seven days of arrival in England.
- II.—She must report herself each half year to the abovenamed, when she will be paid her scholarship money.
- III.—She must carry out the courses of study approved by the Council and must present to the Honorary Secretary, United Kingdom Committee, certificates from her teacher showing that her attendance has been regular, and her progress has been satisfactory. Failure in this may lead to the withdrawal of the scholarship.
- IV.—Each scholarship is awarded for one year only. If the holder desires its continuance she must apply 3 months before the scholarship terminates and state her reasons for desiring to remain longer in England. This must be accompanied by a letter from her former guarantor stating that she has sufficient funds to cover the period of study for which the extended scholarship is required.

Date _____

Signature _____

N.B.—The above to be filled in by the candidate in her own hand-writing, and returned to the Honorary Secretary, Countess of Dufferin's Fund Council, Viceregal Lodge, Simla
Delhi

Scholarships in India.

Applications from Students in India.

1. The Council offers a certain number of scholarships annually for women students commencing the study of medicine in the various medical colleges of India.
2. The scholarships are of the value of Rs. 25 per mensem and are open to women from all parts of India who intend to study for the M.B. or L.M.S. degrees.
3. Scholarship holders shall be bound to serve the Association for at least two years after qualification, if called upon to do so. This does not imply any obligation on the part of the Association to provide employment, although the effort will always be made to do so.
4. Applications should be accompanied by a recommendation from the Principal of the Medical College in which the applicant proposes to study.
The agreement which scholarship holders are required to sign will be found below.
5. Should a scholarship holder appear unlikely, from any cause, to become a useful member of the medical profession, her scholarship may be withdrawn. In such a case, or in case of any misconduct on the part of the student, the scholarship may be suspended by the Principal until the decision of the Council can be arrived at.

Form of Agreement for Scholarship.

An Agreement made this _____ day of _____ between the Council of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund or National Association for Supplying Female Medical Aid to the women of India (duly registered under Act XXI of 1860) hereinafter called the Council, and _____ residing at _____ thereinafter called the student.

Whereas the said student has produced a certificate of successfully passing the _____ and also a certificate signed by _____ a member of the Indian Medical Service, or of the Women's Medical Service for India showing that the said student is physically fit to study and practise medicine, and has also furnished a satisfactory certificate of good moral character.

It is hereby mutually agreed and declared by and between the parties hereto as following, viz. :—

- (i) The said Council shall at their option pay to the said student, or to the Principal of the Medical College _____ on account of the said student, a sum of Rupees _____ per mensem, for a period of _____ years on account of scholarship or stipend during the period of her study at the _____ Medical College.
- (ii) The said student shall diligently study the prescribed course of the Institution referred to in Article (i) of this agreement for a period of _____ years from the month of _____.
- (iii) The said student shall conform to the rules of the _____ Medical College, and obey the orders of the Principal of the aforesaid Institution during the course of her study.
- (iv) The said student shall, *if required* by them so to do, serve the said Council for a period of two years immediately after she has passed the final examination of the aforesaid Institution.
- (v) The said student shall refund the whole of the money received by her on account of scholarship if she leaves the said college without the permission of the Principal of the aforesaid Institution or if she neglects her studies or is discharged for misconduct, or does not comply with all the terms of this agreement, or fails to serve the Council, if required to do so, for two years.
- (vi) The said Council shall be at liberty to terminate this Agreement and discharge the said student from the _____ Medical College at any time during the course of her study if she does not in their opinion show sufficient aptitude for the profession she has undertaken, and for which she has been granted the scholarship referred to in this Agreement.

In witness whereof the said parties to this Agreement have hereunto set their hands this _____ day of _____ 19 _____.

For the Council of the Countess of
Dufferin's Fund.

*Joint Secretary to the
Council.*

Witness _____

Witness _____

Signature of the student.

Witness _____

Witness _____

Signature of guardian, if minor.

Witness _____

Witness _____

NOTE.—This form is not required until a scholarship has been sanctioned—when it is forwarded *direct* from the Council to the Principal of the Medical College, for completion and return.

Regulations for Prizes and Scholarships.

1. *Queen-Empress Medals.*

Four gold medals shall be offered annually to the Medical Colleges, Calcutta, Bombay, Madras and Delhi, for the woman student who passes highest in the first division of the final M.B. examination.

Should no woman student gain a place in the first division, a silver Queen-Empress medal shall be awarded to the one who passes with the highest number of marks in the second division.

These medals shall be awarded by the University authorities.

2. *Viceroy's Medals.*

Five silver medals shall be offered annually to the Medical Schools at Agra, Ludhiana, Poona, Calcutta and Madras, for the woman student (Sub-Assistant Surgeon) who passes highest in the final qualifying examination, provided she obtains at least 60 per cent. of the available marks.

These prizes shall be awarded by the Examining Boards.

3. *Dufferin Prizes.*

(a) A prize consisting of the interest of a sum of Rs. 500 given by Mrs. Behramjee Malabari of Bombay, to be awarded to the student at the Agra Women's Medical School, who, in the annual final examination, stands highest in Clinical Medicine and Surgery, provided she obtains two-thirds marks, and that her conduct during the past twelve months has been in every way satisfactory.

(b) A prize of the value of Rs. 30 shall be offered annually to the best woman student in the subjects of midwifery and gynæcology in the medical school at Ludhiana.

The prize shall be awarded by the Principal, on the results of the final examination and school work.

4. *Henry Fawcett Prize.*

The following prize is offered annually by Mrs. and Miss Fawcett in memory of the late Mr. Henry Fawcett :—

A prize of Rs. 240 to be called the "Henry Fawcett Prize" will be awarded annually for the best essay written by an Indian woman medical graduate within two years of qualifying. Preference will be given to those who show original thought on subjects connected with the conditions of childbirth, infant mortality and sanitary problems in India.

APPENDIX III.

Students studying in the Medical Colleges and Schools of Medicine in India.

Name of College.	Name of place.	University Course M.B. or L.M.S.	Apothecary or Certificated Practitioner.	L.M.P. or L.C.P. & S.
Lady Hardinge Medical College	Delhi	101	..	..
Medical College	Calcutta	17	..	..
Do.	Madras	38	18	..
Grant Medical College	Bombay	65	..	..
Punjab Medical School	Ludhiana . . . .	..	..	..
Medical School	Agra . . . . .	..	..	80
Do.	Indore . . . . .	..	2	..
Do.	Hyderabad (D.) . . . .	..	16	9
Do.	Ahmedabad . . . . .	..	..	7
Do.	Poona . . . . .	..	..	44
Do.	Cuttack . . . . .	..	..	2
Do.	Dacca . . . . .	..	..	15
Do.	Rangoon . . . . .	..	..	1
Do.	Hyderabad (S.) . . . . .	..	..	..
Campbell Medical School	Calcutta . . . . .	..	..	22
Royapuram Medical School	Madras . . . . .	..	..	..
Lady Willingdon Medical School for Women.	Madras . . . . .	..	..	20
Women's Medical School	Vellore . . . . .	..	..	70
King George's College	Lucknow . . . . .	..	..	..
TOTAL . . . . .	..	174	39	223

APPENDIX IV.
(TABLE A.)

Women's Hospitals in India staffed entirely by women.

Name of station.	Name of medical woman in charge.	Name of Hospital.	By whom supported.	Approximate value of buildings.	No. of beds.
Habiganj, South Sylhet, Assam		ASSAM.		Rs. A. P.	
Quetta	Miss I. Keess, M.B.C.S., L.R.C.P.	BALUCHISTAN. Lady Dufferin Sandeman Hos- pital.	Provincial Revenues, Municipal Funds, Subscriptions.	42,557 0 0 value of build- ings, value of land, Rs. 10,150	25
Quetta					
Loralai					
Fort Sandeman (Zhob)	Vacant	Lady Dufferin Zenana Hospital	Provincial Revenues, Interest on investments.	8,727 10 3	6
Sibi	Dr. A. Singha, L. R. C. P. & S. (Ed.).	Melvor Female Hospital . . . . .	....	....	Family Ward. 5 In-door . . . 5 10
Berhampore		BENGAL PRESIDENCY.			
Calcutta	Miss Hamilton Browne, M.B., Ch.M., W.M.S.	Lady Dufferin Victoria Hospital	1. Countess of Dufferin's Fund 2. Government grant. 3. Municipal grant. 4. Private Subscription.	7,90,883 0 0	105
Banaghat					

Ratnapur	N. Ethel Bleakley, M.B., Ch.B., D.T.M.H. (Lond.), M.R.S.I.	C. E. Z. Mission Hospital	Church of England Zenana Mis- sion.	15,000 0 0	35
Krishnagar	Doris L. Graham, B.A., M.B., B.Ch., B.A.O. (Dublin), L.M. (Rok).	C. E. Z. Mission Hospital	Church of England Zenana Mis- sion.	17,000 0 0	35
Mankar (Burdwan District)	Miss A. James	"Peace Cottage Hospital"	Friends in England	10,000 0 0	7
BIHAR AND ORISSA.					
Bhagalpur	Miss G. Sohan Lal	Rani Shibbarini and Victoria Memorial Hospital.	Investments, subscriptions and grants.	10,000 0 0 25,000 0 0	25
Gaya	Miss L. de Menezes, F.R.C.S.I.	Lady Elgin Zenana Hospital and Dispensary.	Local Dufferin Committee	1,35,000 0 0	59
Hazarlbagh	E. V. Adderley, M.B., B.Ch. (Dublin), M. A. Stowe, M.B., Ch.B. (Glasgow)	St. Columba Zenana Hospital.	D. U. Mission and Government grant.	60,000 0 0	52
Patna City	E. Stillwell, M.B., B.S. (Melb.).	Duchess of Teck Hospital	The Zenana Bible and Medical Mission.	1,00,000 0 0	40
BERAR.					
Amraoti	Dr. D'Abreu	Women's Hospital	Local Bodies, Government and the Public.	51,020 0 0	20
Akola	Dr. F. D. Barnes, M.D., W.M.S. Dr. Mucadam	Lady Hardinge Hospital	Local Bodies, Government and the Public.	93,000 0 0	20
Shegaon (Buldana District)	Dr. Lobo, L.M. & S. (Bom.)	Female Charitable Sal Bai Mote Hospital.	Mr. R. G. Mote, Local Bodies, Government and the Public.	60,000 0 0	18
Yectmal	Mrs. Kulkarni M.B., B.S. (Bom.)	Women's Hospital	Local Bodies and Government	43,452 0 0	12
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.					
Ahmedabad					

Women's Hospitals in India staffed entirely by women—continued.

Name of station.	Name of medical woman in charge.	Name of Hospital.	By whom supported.	Approximate value of buildings.	No. of beds.
				Rs. A. P.	
Ahmednagar	Ruth P. Hume, M.D. and Harriet J. Clark, M.D.	BOMBAY PRESIDENCY— contd. American Mission Hospital for Women and Children.	Women's Board of Missions, Boston, Mass., U. S. A.	65,000 0 0	60
Bombay	E. Turner Watts, M.B., B.S. (Lond.).	Cama and Abbess Hospital	Government of Bombay	3,00,000 0 0	120
Borsad	Miss S. L. McEldberry, M.B. & Miss S. Boyd, M.B. (Edin.).	Roberts Zenana Mission Hospital.	Irish Presbyterian Mission	30,000 0 0	39
Broach	Miss L. E. Dunn, M.B.	Zenana Mission Hospital	Women of the Irish Presbyterian Church.	1,00,000 0 0	30
Hyderabad, Sind	Dr. G. Mohd. Ali, W.M.S.	Women's Hospital	Countess of Dufferin's Fund Association, Hyderabad, Sind.	30,523 0 0	36
Karnachi	Dr. Constance Hart, W.M.S.	Lady Dufferin Hospital	Government grant. Grants from public bodies and public subscription.	2,54,232 0 0	76
Larkana	Dr. Millicent Jervis	Hospital of the Zenana Bible Medical Mission.	Chiefly by subscriptions from Canada to the Z.B.M.M.	87,500 0 0	40
Nasik	Dr. Greenfield, M.B., Ch.B. and Dr. Rankine, M.B., Ch.B.	St. Margaret's Hospital	Church of Scotland	1,00,000 0 0 (with site and equipment).	60 of which ten are for maternity.
Poona City					
Poona City					

Shikarpur				Government, Municipal and Local grants, also interest of endowments; and subscriptions.	1,35,545	0	0	28
Sukkur								
Surat	E. Matthal, L.M. & S. (Madras), M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.).		The Seth Morarbhaj Vrijbhukhandas Hospital for Women and Children.					
Rangoon, Burma			BURMA.					
Bilaspur, C. P.	Miss E. Khon, M.B., B.S.		Dufferin Maternity Hospital	Voluntary contributions, subscriptions and donations.	1,68,489	0	0	47
Damoh, C. P.	J. E. Crozier, M.D.		CENTRAL PROVINCES.					
Jubbulpore	Dr. C. Slater, M.B., B.S.		Women's and Children's Hospital	United Christian Missionary Society, U. S. A.	1,55,000	0	0	50
Nagpur	Mrs. D. Kamalakar, L.R.C.P. & S. (Eng.), W.M.S., L. M. (Ireland). Miss Stella Dodd, M.D.		Elgin Hospital	1. The late Raja Gokuldas of Jubbulpore. 2. Colonel Hector Mackenzie . 3. Mr. Krishnaji . 4. Sanctioned by Government .	20,000	0	0	30
Sironchar			Dufferin Hospital	Dufferin Fund	70,251	0	0	
Nagpur	Dr. Martin Dr. Hogg		Clason Memorial Hospital	Women's Forelgn Missionary Society of the American Methodist Episcopal Church.	8,000	0	0	15
Pendra Road, C. P.	M. C. London, M.D.; D.P.H. . I. S. Andrus, R.N.		Mure Memorial Hospital, United Free Church of Scotland Mission.	Partly by local fees Partly by grants from Scotland.	1,00,000	0	0	55
Hot Pipla, C. I.	Dr. M. Mackenzie		Nirmalendu Tuberculosis Sanatorium.	United Christian Missionary Society, St. Louis, Missouri; U. S. A.	52,000	0	0	66
Indore, C. I.	Dr. E. McMaster		CENTRAL INDIA.					
Neemuch, C. I.	M. MacKellar, M.D., C.M., M.C.P. & S.		Canadian Presbyterian Mission Hospital.	C. P. Mission	26,000	0	0	10
Banswara	Bele' Chomé Oliver, M.D., C.M. (on furlough).		C. P. Mission Hospital for Women.	Women's Missionary Society Presbyterian Church in Canada.				70
Dnar, G. I.	M. O'Hara, M.D., C.M.		As above	Women's Board of the Presbyterian Church in Canada.	32,000	0	0	45
			As above	As above	48,000	0	0	32

Women's Hospitals in India staffed entirely by women—continued.

Name of station.	Name of medical woman in charge.	Name of Hospital.	By whom supported.	Approximate value of buildings	No. of beds.
		DELHI.		Rs. A. P.	
Delhi	Dr. D. M. Scott, M.B., Ch.B.	St. Stephen's Hospital	Cambridge Mission and S. P. G., Government of India.	44,500 0 0	100
Delhi	Dr. G. J. Campbell, M.D., W.M.S.	Lady Hardinge Medical College Hospital.	Imperial and Provincial Governments.	15,00,000 0 0	160
Delhi	Dr. H. L. Keare, L.C.P.S. & S. (Edin.).	Victoria Zenana Hospital	Investments and Government Grants.	1,00,000 0 0	60
		INDIAN STATES.			
Alwar	Sugna Bai, Sub-Assistant Surgeon.	Lady Dufferin Hospital	Alwar State	38,000 0 0	60
Bahawalpur	Dr. Z. E. DaCosta	Jubilee Female Hospital.	His Highness the Nawab of Bahawalpur.	50,000 0 0	20
Jettiah	Dr. Hollway, M.B., B.S., W.M.S.	Raj Dufferin Hospital	Bettiah Raj	90,000 0 0	43
Bhopal State, Central India	Miss R. E. Thornton, M.B., B.S. Miss A. Reubens, M.B., B.T.M. (Lond.).	Lady Lansdowne Hospital	Her Highness Begum Sahiba, the Ruler of Bhopal, G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E., C.I., G.B.E.	60,392 0 0	40
Bharatpur	Poonabai, L.M. (Rot.), Sub-Assistant Surgeon.	Srimati Dadiji Sahiba Daryab Kaur Hospital for Women.	State	24	24
Bikanir	Dr. D. Fairbairn, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (Lond.), L.M. (Rot.), from 19th November 1922.	Zenana Hospital	H. H. the Maharaja of Bikanir.	50,413 11 10	24
Darbhanga	Miss M. Pitam	Raj Dufferin Hospital	Maharaja Sir Rameshwar Singh Bahadur, G.C.I.E., K.B.E., of Darbhanga.	33,000 0 0	36
Dhoipur, Rajputana	K. H. Parkinson, M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.).	Lady Hardinge Hospital	Baptist Missionary Society assisted by State grant of Rs. 1,500 p.a. and private fees.	18,000 0 0	16 and 2 cots.
Gwalior, Lashkar	Miss P. P. Dalal, L.M. & S.	J. & A. Hospital for Women and Children.	By the State	2,50,000 0 0	75

"	"	Miss M. Fede, Sub-Assistant Surgeon.	Branch Janaganj Dispensary	Ditto	8,000 0 0	..
Ujjain	"	Miss Vidvawati Kshirsagar, L.M. (Dublin).	Civil Hospital for Women	Ditto	20,000 0 0	24
Hyderabad, Deccan	"	Dr. Evans, L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin.)	Victoria Zenana Hospital	His Exalted Highness the Nizam's Government.	3,75,000 0 0	110
Gulbarga	"	Miss R. Faridunji	Gulbarga Zenana Hospital	Ditto	10,000 0 0	6
Baroda	"	Dr. Maya Das	State General Hospital	Baroda State.	..	82
Baroda	"	Dr. E. Smith	Zannabai Dispensary	Ditto	..	12
Baroda Residency	"	Phoebe A. Ferris	Mrs. Wm. Butler Memorial Hospital.	Women's Foreign Missionary Society of Methodist Episcopal Church, U. S. A.	65,000 0 0	50
Patan	"	Dr. Mrs. F. C. Baroachia	Dayanbris Maternity Hospital	Baroda State.	..	12
Beawar	"	Miss Q. Houlton, S.A.S.	Female Dispensary, Beawar	Municipality and District Board	6,700 0 0	15
Jaipur	"	Dr. Prem Pvari Burnea Sub-Assst. Surgeon.	Mayo Hospital	Jaipur Durbar	..	39
Jodhpur	"	Miss Lucie Gainsford, L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S. (Lond.)	Jaswant Female Hospital	Marwar Durbar	50,000 0 0	32
Kapurthala	"	Dr. G. M. Friend-Perets, M.D.	Victoria Jubilee Hospital	His Highness the Maharaja of Kapurthala.	40,000 0 0	26
Khammamett, His Highness the Nizam's Dominions.	"	Mary Longmire, M.B., Ch.B. (Glas.)	Khammamett C. E. Z. Mission Hospital.	1. By the C. E. Z. Missionary Society. 2. Fees and Donations.	20,000 0 0	24
Kishangarh	"	"	General Hospital	State	..	6
Kotah	"	Miss Jeanie Newton, L.R.C.P. (Edin.), L.F.P.S. (Glas.)	Victoria Hospital	Kotah Durbar	65,440 0 0	22
Matanchery	"	Mrs. Kothhoff, L. M. (Dublin)	Women's Hospital	Cochin Sarkar	..	62
Trichur	"	Miss G. M. D'Souza, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (Lond.)	Maternity Hospital	Ditto	..	60
Nawan	"	Mrs. L. Alemao, L.M.S.	Shamsheer Zenana Hospital	H. H. the Maharaja of Sirmur	13,643 0 0	22
Patiala State	"	Dr. Freany Cama, M.D.	Lady Dufferin Hospital	H. H. the Maharaja of Patiala	50,000 0 0	27
Rampur State	"	Mrs. E. Walker-Paul, M.D. Miss P. Isaacs, Assistant.	Female Hospital, Rampur State	State	..	20
Rajkot, C. S.	"	Dr. Rukhmabai, L.R.C.P.E., M.D. (Brux.)	Rasul Khanji Hospital	Kathiawar States, General Fund	80,000 0 0	14
Junagadh	"	Dr. R. Dewaji, L.M. & S. (Bombay).	Coronation Memorial Zenana Hospital.	H. H. the Nawab Saheb of Junagadh.	1,26,060 0 0	24
Bhavnagar	"	Mr. E. DeSouza, L.M. & S.	Shri Jyotnathi Maternity Hospital.	Bhavnagar State	50,000 0 0	12
Porbandar	"	Miss S. Kavi, L.C.P. & S.	Haveock Memorial Hospital for Women.	State	60,000 0 0	25
Dhrangadra	"	Dr. P. R. Vakil, M.B., B.S.	Shree Frankummaria Zenana Hospital.	Dhrangadra State	..	24

Women's Hospitals in India staffed entirely by women—continued.

Name of station.	Name of medical woman in charge.	Name of Hospital.	By whom supported.	Approximate value of buildings.	No. of beds.
		INDIAN STATES—contd.		RS. A. P.	
Āra	Jankal Bai, F.S.A.S.	Zaidana Hospital	State	4,500 0 0	16
Srinagar, Kashmir	Dr. A. L. McKenzie	Diamond Jubilee Zenana Hospital.	Kashmir State	95,720 0 0	50
Jammu	Dr. Rahim Bibi	King Edward Memorial Hospital.	Kashmir Durbar	The hospital is a hired one.	10
Tonk, Rajputana	Dr. Miss I. D'Sylva	Walter Female Hospital.	Tonk State	28,000 0 0	20
Sangur (Jind State)	Mrs. Grace Collins	Victoria Female Hospital	Jind Darbar	25,000 0 0	8
Udaipur	Miss P. D. Dube, L.M.S.	Walter Zenana Hospital	H. H. the Maharana Sahib of Udaipur.	27,003 0 0	24
Trivandrum	Mrs. M. Poonen Lukose, B.A., M.B., B.S. (Lond.), L.M.(Rot.)	Women and Children's Hospital	Travancore Durbar	2,49,500 0 0	91
Quilon	Miss E. Samuel, M.B., B.S.	Victoria Jubilee Hospital	As above	93,860 0 0	42
Calcut	Miss A. D'Cruz, Apothecary Miss Timothy, Sub-Assistant Surgeon. M. Baer, M.A., M.D.	MADRAS PRESIDENCY. Government Women's and Children's Hospital. American Evangelical Lutheran Mission Hospital.	Provincial Government	43,000 0 0	44
Chitrala, Guntur District	Mrs. M. Bradley, Apothecary	L. F. Lady Havelock Women's and Children's Hospital.	United Lutheran Church, U.S.A.	60,000 0 0	24
Cocanada	Miss A. D. Veliath, Sub-Assistant Surgeon.	Government Headquarters Hospital.	District Board	45,000 0 0	14
Conjeveram	Mrs. K. Thayyamma, Apothecary	Maternity Hospital attached to Municipal Hospital.	Municipal Committee	12,800 0 0	11
Cuddapah	Anna S. Kugler, M.D.	American Evangelical Lutheran Mission Hospital.	Government	No separate building. Part of Hospital.	36
Erode	M.S. Gnananathan, L.C.P. & S.	Rodfern Memorial Hospital	Board of Foreign Missions	2,00,000 0 0	109
Guntur			Wesleyan Mission		48

Women's Hospitals in India staffed entirely by women --continued.

Name of station.	Name of medical woman in charge.	Name of Hospital.	By whom supported.	Approximate value of buildings.	No. of beds.
Bangalore	J. Cave, M.R.C.S. & L.R.C.P.	MYSORE. C. E. Z. M. Hospital	1. Voluntary subscriptions 2. C.E.Z.M.S. 3. Private patients' fees.	Rs. A. P. 1,00,000 0 0	80
Bangalore	Miss J. Jhirad, M.B., B.S. (Lond.)	Maternity Hospital	Mysore Government	60,000 0 0	24
Kolar	M. D. Lewis, M.D.	Ellen Thorburn Conwen Hospital.	Women's Foreign Missionary Society and Me'h. Episcopal Church (America).	40,000 0 0	57
Mysore	A. H. Banks, M.B., B.S. (Lond.), M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.	Holdsworth Memorial	Wesleyan Mission plus grant from Mysore Government plus voluntary contributions.	1,50,000 0 0	80
Dera Ismail Khan	Mrs. Shmofin, M.D.	NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE. King Edward Memorial Municipal Zenana Hospital.	Local Body and Dufferin Fund	30,000 0 0	24
Peshawar					
Ambala City	J. R. Carleton, M.D. E. G. Lewis, M.D.	PUNJAB. Philadelphia Hospital for Women and Children.	Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions, New York.	50,000 0 0	40
Amritsar	Dr. I. G. Parsons (Lond.)	St. Catherine's Mission Hospital	Fees and Municipal grants	28,000 0 0	90
Amritsar	Miss F. M. Simmonds, M.B.	Municipal Female Hospital	Municipal Committee	12,000 0 0	20
Asrapur	Miss K. M. Bose	Zenana Mission Hospital	C. E. Z. M. S.	15,000 0 0	28
Bafala	Temporarily closed	Star Hospital	Funds from England	..	15
Bhiwani	Dr. E. M. Farrer, M.B., B.S. M. R. Bisset, M.B., Ch.B.	Farrer Hospital	Baptist Mission Medical Auxiliary and District Board grant and fees.	1,00,000 0 0	50
Ferozepore Cantonment	Miss M. Allen, M.D.	Frances Newton Hospital	American Presbyterian Mission Government grant.	50,000 0 0	40

Gujrat	Dr. Annie Smith	Dow Memorial Hospital	Endowed by Miss Dow, Montreal, Canada, for the Church of Scotland Women's Association for Foreign Missions.	58,000 0 0	30
Hoshiarpur	Dr. E. Basil	Female Civil Hospital	Municipal and District Branch.	..	..
Jandiala	Temporarily closed	Francis Henry Wright's Memorial Hospital.	Church of England Zenana Missionary Society. Private subscription, D. B. Grant and fees.	4,000 0 0	8
Jhelum	Miss F. M. Jones	" Good Samaritan "	By the women of the United Presbyterian Church of North America.	30,000 0 0	33
Karnal	Temporarily closed	St. Elizabeth's Hospital	S. P. G. Mission Society, Municipal Committee and Government.	1,22,325 0 0	25 & 2 cols.
Lahore	Dr. H. M. Franklin, M.B., B.S., W.M.S., L.R.C.P., W.M.S.	Lady Aitchison Hospital	1. Grants-in-aid from Punjab Government. 2. Local bodies. 3. Countess of Dufferin's Fund. 4. Local subscriptions.	1,29,430 0 0	50
Ladhiana	Miss E. M. Brown, M.D., with staff of 6 Doctors.	Memorial Hospital and Victoria Memorial Dispensary.	Missionary contributions, fees, rents of rooms by private patients, Grants-in-aid from Municipal Committees, District Board and Punjab Government.	2,50,000 0 0	188
Lyalpur	Dr. Lewin, M.D.	Women's and Children's Hospital	District Board, Lyallpur	30,000 0 0	16
Montgomery	Dr. Alexander	Nancy Fulwood Hospital	American Mission and Government grant.	20,000 0 0	25
Mal'an Cantonment	E. I. Dodson, L.S.A. (Lond.), M.D. (Brux.)	C. M. S. Z. Hospital	Church Missionary Society	50,000 0 0	60
Multan City	Miss Shaw, L.M.S.	Victoria Jubilee Zenana Hospital	Municipal Committee, Multan	..	30
Narawal	Dr. Shearburn, M.D.	C. E. Z. Mission Hospital.	C. E. Z. Mission and District Board, Stalkot.	..	12
Falwal	Dr. Edith L. Young, M.D., B.S. (Lond.), Dr. A. C. Fowser, M.B., B.S.	Rahmatpur Mission Hospital	Baptist Mission Society	Hospital and Subordinate Staff Buildings cost Rs. 27,000. Bungalow for Doctors and Nursing Sister cost Rs. 11,000.	36

Women's Hospitals in India staffed entirely by women—concluded.

Name of station.	Name of medical woman in charge.	Name of Hospital.	By whom supported.	Approximate value of buildings.	No. of beds.
Pasur	Dr. Maria White, M.D.	PUNJAB—continued. White Memorial Hospital for Women and Children.	United Presbyterian Church.	Rs. A. P. 40,000 0 0	28
Rawalpindi	Mrs. Cowie, L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin.).	St. Andrew's Mission Hospital.	S. P. G. Mission and Private subscriptions.	12,000 0 0	6
Rawalpindi	Dr. Anna Dengel	St. Catherine's Hospital.	(1) Dufferin Fund. (2) Voluntary contribution. (3) Mission.	50,000 0 0	35
Rawalpindi	Dr. M. E. Franklin, J.W.M.S.	Civil Hospital	Municipality, Rawalpindi	20,000 0 0	16
Rowari	Miss Francis, L.M.P.	Marie Elizabeth Hospital	S. P. G. and Cambridge Mission	15,000 0 0	22
Sialkot City	D. C. Hunsberger, M.D.	Memorial Hospital for Women and Children.	American United Presbyterian Church of North America, assisted by grants from various bodies.	25,000 0 0	55
Sialkot	Dr. Helen Lillie	Hay Memorial Hospital	Church of Scotland Mission	..	20
Simla	Dr. C. L. Houlton, W.M.S. Miss M. Lee, M.P., M.S.	Dufferin Block, Ripon Hospital	Countess of Dufferin's Fund and Municipal Committee, Simla.	..	25
Agra	Dr. M. V. Webb, L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin.).	UNITED PROVINCES. Lady Lyall and Maternity Hospital, attached Women's Medical School.	Provincial Government	2,51,047 0 0	76 Lady Lyall Hospital. 48 Maternity Hospital.
Allahabad	Dr. A. L. Mackenzie, M.D., W.M.S.	Dufferin Hospital	Allahabad Dufferin Fund	73,821 0 0 (Dufferin Hospital). 19,000 0 0 (Lady Doctor's quarters).	40 ..

Almora	Sub-Assistant Surgeon in charge.	Zenana Mission Hospital	London Missionary Society	4,000 0 0	16
A'mora	Miss E. C. Cousins, M.A. (Oxon), M.D., B. Sc. (Lond.).	Mission Sanitarium for Tuberculosis.	Private subscriptions, fees from patients, Government grant.	19,790 0 0	30
Faridly	E. Gimson Barc., M.D.	Clara Swain Hospital	Women's Foreign Society, U. S. A.	60,000 0 0	80
Brindaban	Dr. L. E. Huffmann D. R. B. Towers.	Sarah Creighton Hospital	American Methodist Episcopal Church Mission.	..	35
Benares	Dr. M. Olivera, M.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P. (Lond.), L.M. (Rot.), L.M.S. (Bomb.), W.M.S.	Ishward Memorial Hospital	Countess of Dufferin's Fund, Benares Branch, assisted by grants from various bodies.	1,61,351 0 0	56
Benares	Temporarily closed	Victoria Hospital	Zenana Bible and Medical Mission.	..	50
Bulandshahr	Mrs. R. Bajpal, Sub-Assistant Surgeon (Ludhiana).	Lady Porter Hospital	District Board	23,587 0 0	22
Khurja	Miss Irene Ferrera, M.B.	Lachman Das Jatia Zenana Hospital.	District Board	60,000 0 0	20
Cawnpore	Dr. K. R. H. Creig, M.B., Ch.B. (Edin.).	Dufferin Hospital	Local Fund	65,000 0 0	33
Cawnpore	C. B. Addenley, M.B., B.Ch.	St. Catherine's Hospital	S. P. G.	70,000 0 0	50
Fatehpur	Dr. G. Minthorn, Physician in charge. A. McEwan, M.D.	Broadwell Hospital and Memorial Dispensary.	Women's Union Missionary Society of America.	30,500 0 0	45
Jahanabad (Fatehpur District).	Dr. Minthorn	Murray Dispensary Hospital	Women's Union Missionary Society of America.	3,000 0 0	13
Jhansi	Alice L. Ernst, M.D.	Mary and Maria Ackerman-Hoyt Hospital.	Women's Union Missionary Society of America.	60,000 0 0	50
Lucknow	E. A. Douglas, M.B. B.S., (Lond.).	Lady Kinnaird Mem. Hospital.	Zenana Bible and Medical Mission.	..	50
Lucknow	Dr. A. M. Watts, L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin.), L.F.P.S. (Glas.), L.M.R.C.P. (Ireland), W.M.S.	Dufferin Hospital	Central Committee, Provincial Committee, Local Committee, District Board and Municipal Board.	1,09,125 0 0	40
Rasra, Ballia District					
Tharria	R. A. Riste	Mary Wilson Sanitarium	Methodist Episcopal Church	1,01,000 0 0	120

APPENDIX V.

List of Qualified Medical Women in India, Burma and Ceylon.

Readers are requested to inform the Honorary Secretary of omissions and mistakes in this list and to give all information in their power by which the list may be made full and correct next year.

For the correctness of entries the Secretary does not hold herself responsible.

A. = Members of Association. D. = Dufferin. M. = Missionary. S. = Native States.
W.M.S. = Women's Indian Medical Service. C. = Associate.

C.B.M.	Adam, Louise C.	.	.	.	.	M.B., B.S., Madras	.	.	C/o London and South Western Bk., Kilburn Rd., London.
	Addertey	.	.	.	.	M.B., B.CH. (Dub.)	.	.	St. Columba's Hospital, Hazaribagh.
M.	Addison, Gail (née Tallman)	.	.	.	.	M.D.	.	.	Friends Mission, Makoruga, Seoni Malwa, C. P.
M.A.	Alexander Mary	.	.	.	.	M.B., CH.B., 1910	.	.	Rainy Hospital, Royapuram, P. O. Madras.
M.A.	Alexander, Mrs. (née M'Kintosh)	.	.	.	.	M.B., CH.B.	.	.	Church of Scot. Mission, Jammu, Punjab.
A.	Alfred, A.	.	.	.	.	L.M. & S., 1903	.	.	McIvor Female Hospital, Sibi, Baluchistan.
M.A.	Allen, Maud	.	.	.	.	M.D., Mich., 1894	.	.	Am. Presb. Mission, Ferozepore, Punjab.
M.A.	Allen, Belle J.	.	.	.	.	M.D., Boston	.	.	Am. Meth. Epis. Mission, Baroda (on furlough).
M.A.	Allyn, Jessie.	.	.	.	.	M.D., Trin.	.	.	Canadian Bapt. Mission, Pithapuram.
M.A.	Almeida, Angela (née Gomes)	.	.	.	.	L.M. & S., Bomb., 1906	.	.	Mahomadi Mahol, Old Money School, Bombay.
	Ambrose, Ethel M. M.	.	.	.	.	M.B., B.S., Adelaide, 1903	.	.	Poona and Indian Village Mission, Pandharpur, <i>vid</i> Kurduwadi.
A.	Anderson, C. E.	.	.	.	.	M.B., CH.B., 1904 (Aberd.), D.T.M., 1905, Liver P. L.M., 1907, Dublin M.O. F.R.C.S.E., 1921.	.	.	Lady Havelock and Lady Ridgeway Hospital for Women, Colombo, Ceylon.
M.A.	Anderson, Mrs. (née E. D'Abreu)	.	.	.	.	M.B., C.M., 1888	.	.	Daneshpat, Salem District.
	Austin, Mrs.	.	.	.	.	M.B., CH.B.	.	.	C/o T. Austin, Esq., I.C.S., Bank of Madras, Madras.
M.A.	Bachelet, Mary Washington	.	.	.	.	M.D., Wom. Med. Col. New York, 1890	.	.	Balasure, Orissa.
M.A.	Bacr, Mary	.	.	.	.	A.M., M.D., Wom. Med. College, Philadelphia.	.	.	Am. Luth. Mission, Chirala, Guntur District, Madras.
A.	Bahadurji, Piroja Jamsotji	.	.	.	.	L.M. & S., Bomb., 1906	.	.	48, Soolu Pagoda Road, Rangoon.
	Bahadurji, Mrs. Manak D. (née Turkhud).	.	.	.	.	L.R.C.P. & S., Ed., L.M. & S., Bomb.	.	.	Ridge Road, Malabar Hill, Bombay.
W.M.S.A.	Balfour, M. I.	.	.	.	.	M.B., C.M., ED.	.	.	Joint Secy., Central Committee, Dufferin Fund, Delhi.
	Banajee, Mrs. Goolbai (née Pesikaka)	.	.	.	.	L.M. & S., Bombay	.	.	Hornby Road, Bombay.
	Banerji, K.	.	.	.	.	M.B., Calcutta.	.	.	Nagpur.
	Boyd, S.	.	.	.	.	(M.B., CH.B., Edin, 1901)	.	.	Z. M. Hosp. Borsid, Bombay.
	Buchanan, Mrs. J.	.	.	.	.	M.D., Toronto, M.C.P. and S., Ont., Can.	.	.	C. P. Mission, Mhow, C. I.

Batliboi, Mrs. Hilla Banajee	L.R.C.P. & S., Ed., L.M., Rot.	C/o Grindlay & Co., Army Agents & Bankers, Bombay.
Batten, Mrs. Graeme (née Wallace)	M.D., Brux.	St. Stephen's Hospital, Delhi.
Bazely, M. W.	M.D., Chicago	Am. Marathi Mission, Wai, Satara Dist. Nellore.
Beals, Rose Fairbank	M.D., Johns Hopk. Univ.	
Benjamin, Lena Adell	M.D., Michigan, 1899.	
Benjamin, Agnes	M.D., Brux., 1901, L.R.C.P. & S., Ed., L.M., Rot. L.M. & S., Punjab, 1895.	Elysium Lodge, Simla.
Bielby, E.	M.D., L.M.K., Q.C.P.L., 1885	C/o The Manager, National Bank of India, Madras.
Bilgrami Imad-ul-Mulk, Mrs.	L.S.A., Lond., 1890, M.D., Brux., 1891	Rocklands, Seifabad, Hyderabad, Deccan.
Bisset, Mary Ronald	M.B., CH. B., Aber., L.M., Dub.	Farrer Hospital, Bhiwani, Punjab.
Bolton, D.	M.B.	
Bose, Bindu	M.B., Calcutta, 1890	93 F. Hari Ghose St., Calcutta.
Bridge-Inspector, Manekbai	L.M. & S., Bombay	Ahmedabad.
Brooking, C.	L.M. & S., Calcutta	Burma Female Disp., Maung Tanlay, Rangoon.
Brown, Edith M.	M.A., Trin. Coll., Dub., M.D., Brux., L.R.C.P. & S., Ed., 1891.	Women's Christian Medical College, Ludhiana, Punjab.
Bryant, M. E. E. (née Smith).	M.B., S.S., Lond. D.T.M. & H., Cantab.	On furlough.
Butcher, Flora	L.S.A., 1895, L.M.S.S.A., 1908, M.D., Brux., 1896.	Tanakpur Medical Mission, Tanakpur, R. K. Ry., E. Kumaon, U. P.
Campbel, G. J.	M.D., Glasg.	Principal, Lady Hardinge Med. College, Delhi.
Campbell, Susan	L.R.C.P. & S., Ed.	United Free Church Mission, Ajmer.
Captain, Cooverbai S.	L.M. & S., Bomb., 1909	Palitana House, Bombay.
Captain, Phirozebai S.	L.M. & S., Bomb., 1909	
Cardozo, E. M.	L.R.C.P. & S., Ed., L.M., Rot.	C/o Messrs. Cox and Company, Charing Cross, London.
Carleton, Jessie R.	M.D., Wom. Med. Coll., Philadelphia, 1886.	Am. Pres. Mission, Umballa City, Punjab.
Carr, Ruby T.	M.B., CH.B., Ed., July 1918	Women's Medical School, Agra.
Chambers, Mrs. (née Saunders)	M.B., CH.B.	
Carlton	M.B., CH.E.	
Chase, E.	M.D.	Pleasant Villa, Cleveland Town.
Chute, Mrs. Pearl S.	M.D., C.M.	Can. Bapt. Mission, Akidu, Kistna District.
Commissariat, Shirin H.	L.M. & S., Bomb., 1904, F.R.C.S.I.	Asst. to I. G., C. H., U. P., Lucknow.
Frieson, Florence C.	M.D., Illinois	Jamgaon, Dist. Drug, C. P.
Cornbe, L. F.	L.R.C.P. & S.	Dufferin Hospital, Darbhanga.
Costa, Mrs. de	L.M. & S.	Gosha Hospital, Madras.
Cote, Marie Marguerite	M.D., Chicago, 1888	"Wisecote" Thandaung, Toungo Dist., Burma.
Cotinho, Matilda	L.R.C.P. & S.	Abdul Rehman St., Bombay.
Cottrell, Mrs. L.	M.D., Univ., Illinois	Bulsar.
Cowie, Mrs. (née Wynne Edwards)	L.R.C.P. & S., Ed.	St. Andrew's Hospital, Rawalpindi.
Crozier, Jenny English	B.A., M.D.	Bilaspur, C. P.
Curjel, Dagmar Florence	M.D., Glasg., D.F.H.	Asst. to I. G., C. H., Punjab.
Curr, I. Hardie	L.R.C.P. & S., Ed.	Macleod Hospital, Inuvil, P. O. Chunnakam, Ceylon.
DaCosta, Z. E.	L.R.C.P. & S., Ed., L.M., Rot., 1906	Jubilee Female Hospital, Bahawalpur.

List of Qualified Medical Women in India, Burma and Ceylon—continued.

	Dada Bhoy, Mrs. (née P. Patel)	M.D., M.R.C.S., Lond.	56, Cumballa Hill, Bombay.
	Dadina, Mrs. Manak H.	L.M. & S., Bomb., 1892, L.R.C.P. & S., Ed., 1897.	King Edward Memorial Hospital, Jammu.
	Dadysett, Shirin B.	L.M. & S., Bomb., 1905	Tardeo, Bombay.
A.	Dalal, Poroches Phirozeshaw	L.M. & S., Bomb.	Jaya Arogya Hospital, Lashkar, Gwalior.
M.A.	Daintree, D. T.	M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.	Baptist Mission Hospital, Berhampur, Ganjam Dist.
M.A.	Dart Dease, Mrs. J. M.	M.D., N. W. Univ., U. S. A.	Am. Meth. Mission, Naini Tal.
	Dastoor, Bachoobai	L.M. & S., Bomb., 1905	Grant Road, Bombay.
M.A.	Davidson, Mrs.	M.D., Toronto, E.M.	Cana. Pres. Mission, Indore, Amkhat.
W.M.S.	Davidson, G. E. M.	M.B., CH.B.	Personal Asstt. to C. M. O., W. M. S., Countess of Dufferin Fund, Simla & Delhi.
M.A.	Degeuning, A.	M.D., Penn.	Am. Bapt. Mission, Nellore (on furlough).
A.	De Joss, Isabel	L.M. & S., Bomb.	Hill Road, Bandra, Bombay.
	de Livera, M.	L.M.S., Ceylon	The Hospital Clodagh Estate, Matale, Ceylon.
A.	De Monte, Mrs. Cecilia	L.M. & S., Bomb.	Second Phys., Cama Hospital, Bombay.
A.	DeMonte, Cecilia	M.B., B.S., Bomb., 1918	Lady Hardinge Hospital, Delhi.
	DeSouza	M.B., B.S., Bomb., 1918	Zenana Hospital, Junagadh, Kathiawar.
M.	Devajee, Miss Ruth	L.M. & S., Bomb.	Princess St. Corner, Bombay.
A.	Dias, A. V.	L.M. & S., Bomb.	Christian Mission, Mahaba, U. P.
M.A.	Dill, Osee M.	M.D., B.A.	Lady Hardinge Hospital, Akola.
W.M.S.A.	Dissent Barnes, Mrs.	M.D., Brux., L.R.C.P. & S., Ed., 1894	Victoria Gardens, Byculla, Bombay.
A.	Doctor, Goolbai M.	L.M. & S., Bomb., 1905	On furlough.
	Dodhi, Avabai Jehangirji	M.B., B.S., Bomb., 1917	C. M. S. Hospital, Multan Cant.
M.A.	Dodson, Eleanor Isabel	M.D., Brux., L.S.A., Lond., 1894	Kinnaird Hospital, Lucknow.
M.A.	Douglas, E. A.	M.B., B.S., Lond.	Wesleyan Mission, Karimnagar, Nizam's Dominions.
M.F.	Drake, Joan	M.B., CH.B., D.T.M.	Zenana Mission Hospl., Broach.
M.	Dunn, Lillie E.	M.B., B. CH. R. U. I., D. T. M. H.	Srinagar.
M.	Eager, W.	M.D., Brux.	Hyderabad, Sind.
A.	Easdon, Mrs. (née Quanborough)	L.M. & S., Bomb., L.R.C.P. & S., Edin.	8, Slater Road, Bombay.
A.	Ellicot, Mrs.	L.S.A., M.D., Brux.	Jhansi, U. P.
	Engineer, J. B.	L.R.C.P. & S., Ed., 1906	Hyderabad, Deccan, Victoria Zenana Hospital.
A.	Ernst, Alice L.	M.D., Wom. Med. Coll. of Penn., 1888	Coonor.
S.A.	Evans, N.	L.R.C.P. & S., Ed., 1897	A. B. M., Mahbubnagar, Hyderabad.
	Evers		Farrer Hosp., Bhiwani, Punjab.
	Farbar, M. E.	M.D.	Bishop's Lodge, Singapore, Med. O. St. Andrew's Med. Mission Hospital, Singapore.
M.A.	Farrer, Ellen M.	M.B., B.S., Lond., 1890	553, Girgaum Rd., Bombay.
	Ferguson-Davie, Mrs. C. E.	M.D., B.S., Lond. B.A., R. N. I.	
	Ferreira, Mary	M.B., B.S., Bomb., 1917	

S.	Fellowes, Mrs. D.	. . . . .	L.M. & s., Madras	. . . . .	Sen. Surg., Victoria Zen. Hosp., Hyderabad, Deccan.
M.A.	Finch, Susan A.	. . . . .	M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., 1916, M.B., B.S., Lond., 1918.	. . . . .	The Kinnaid Hospital, Lucknow.
	Forbes, Honorine	. . . . .	M.D., Brux., 1901, L.R.C.P. & s., Ed., L.M., L.R.C.P.I., 1901, L.F.P. & s., Glas.	. . . . .	16A, Barr Street, Raungon.
	Foster, J.	. . . . .	L.M. & s., Lahore	. . . . .
M.A.	Franklin, H. M.	. . . . .	M.B., E.S., Lond.	. . . . .	Lady Hardinge College, Delhi.
	Freany, Cama	. . . . .	L.R.C.P., O.R.C.S., L.F.P.S., Ed., 1892, L.M. (Rot.) M.D. Brux. 1893, L.M. & s. Bombay.	. . . . .	Patiala State.
A.	Friend-Pereira, Mrs. (née Smith)	. . . . .	M.D., Brux., L.R.C.P. & s., Ed., Diph. Med. Col., Calc.	. . . . .	Deoghur, E. I. R.
S.A.	Friend-Pereira, G. M.	. . . . .	M.D., Brux., L.S.A., Lond.	. . . . .	Kapurthala.
	Ganguli, Mrs. Kadambini	. . . . .	L.R.C.P. & s., 1893	. . . . .	Guruprasad Chaudhri's Lane, Calcutta.
	George, J. E.	. . . . .	L.R.C.P. & s., Ed., L.M., Rot., Dub., 1902	. . . . .	L. W. M. S. (retired) M. O. i/c Victoria Zenana Hosp., Delhi.
G.	George, Mrs. T.	. . . . .	L.M.P., 1906	. . . . .	Madras Salt Depot, Vepery Post, Madras.
	Ghose, K. K.	. . . . .	L.M. & s., Calcutta	. . . . .	58, Cornwallis Street, Calcutta.
W.M.S.A.	Bose-Ghose, L.	. . . . .	L.R.C.S., L.M., Ireland	. . . . .	Dufferin Hospital, Shikarpur.
M.	Gilbalian, Agaynie	. . . . .	M.D., Penn. Women's Coll.	. . . . .
	Gilder, Mrs. (née H. Contractor)	. . . . .	L.M. & s., Bomb., 1906	. . . . .	Hughes Road, Bombay.
	Gimi, Mrs. Hirji D.	. . . . .	L.M. & s., Bomb., 1908	. . . . .	Tottie Terrace, Lamington Road, Grant Road, Bombay.
M.A.	Gimson, Esther	. . . . .	M.D., Chicago, 1904	. . . . .	Am. Meth. Mission, Bareilly (on furlough).
A.	Glancey, Norah	. . . . .	L.M. & s., Bombay	. . . . .
M.C.	Gnanamuthu, M. S.	. . . . .	L.R.C.P. & s., Bombay, 1917	. . . . .	C. E. Z. Mission Hospital, Bangalore Cant.
	Gomery, Minnie	. . . . .	M.D., C.M., Bishop's Univ., Montreal	. . . . .	C. M. S., Islamabad, Kashmir.
C.	Gopal Nath Tara (Miss)	. . . . .	L.R.C.P. & s., Bombay	. . . . .	Mission Hospital, Nasirabad.
M.	Gordon, Mrs. Ade. M.	. . . . .	M.D., Drake Univ., 1897	. . . . .	Claris, Mission, Garhiya Phatak, Jhansi.
	Graham Dorish, L.	. . . . .	B.A., M.B., B.CH., B.A.O (Dublin) L. M. (Rot).	. . . . .	C. E. Z. Mission Hospital, Krishnagar.
H.N.	Gould, Mrs. A. B.	. . . . .	M.D., Phil. U. S. A.	. . . . .	Am. Pres. Mission, 126A Staff Road, Ambala Cantt.
M.A.	Grant, J.	. . . . .	M.B., CH.B., 1898	. . . . .	W. O. S. Ch. of Scot., Seoni, Chhapara.
M.A.	Grey, Jessie M. C.	. . . . .	L.R.C.P. & s., Ed.	. . . . .	The Sanatorium, Almora.
A.	Hardy, Mrs. C. F. (née Cleophas)	. . . . .	L.M.S. (Calc., 1902)	. . . . .	Dufferin Hospital, Aligarh, U. P.
W.M.S.	Hart, E.	. . . . .	M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.	. . . . .	Dufferin Hospital, Karachi.
M.A.	Hart, Louisa H.	. . . . .	M.D., Wom. Med. Coll. of N. R. Infirmary, 1894.	. . . . .	Mary Lott Lyles Hospital, Madanpalle.
	Hardy Banks	. . . . .	M.B., B.S.	. . . . .	Wesleyan Mission, Mysore City.
M.A.	Hawker, Alice M.	. . . . .	M.B., B.S., Lond., 1897	. . . . .	L. M. S., Jiaganj, Bengal.
A.	Headwards, A.	. . . . .	L.R.C.P. & s., Ed.	. . . . .	Municipal Zenana Hospital, Peshawar.
M.A.	Henderson, Agnes E.	. . . . .	L.R.C.P. & s., Edin., M.D., Brux., 1890	. . . . .	Nagpur.
M.A.	Hoffman, J. E.	. . . . .	M.O., B.CH., Ed.	. . . . .	Danish Lutheran Mission, Teraekoilur, S. Arcot.

List of Qualified Medical Women in India, Burma and Ceylon—continued.

M.A.	Hogg, Jean						U. F. Ch. of Scot. Mission, Nagpur.
W.M.S.A.	Houlton, C. L.						Simla.
	Huffman, Loal E.						Am. Method. Mission Hosp., Bareilly.
	Hulet Jiwan Mal						Uvygura, Godavari District.
W.M.S.A.	Hamilton-Browne, E. I.						Vuyyurn. Kistna Dist.
M.	Hulet, G. W.						Bagnan, Howrah District.
M.	Hull, C. F.						Am. Mission, Ahmednagar, Deccan.
M.A.	Hume, Ruth Peabody						
D.	Hunt, H.						Magazine St., Karachi.
	Innes, F.						Australian Pres. Mission Sholinburg, S. India (on furlough).
A.	Jardine, N. R.						
M.A.	Jellet, Eva Josephine						D. U. Mission, Hazaribagh, Bihar and Orissa.
W.M.S.A.	Jervis, Millicent						Nasik.
	Jhirad, Jerusha J.						Bangalore.
A.	John, C. M.						32, Varghava Mudali St., Triplicane, Madras (on furlough).
A.	Jongewaard, W. J.						Memorial Hospital, Sialkot City.
	Joshi, Nagubai						Sandhurst Road, Bombay.
A.	Joyce, Edith L.						London Mission, Jiaganj, Bengal.
M.	Joyce, Mrs.						Berhampore, Bengal.
M.S.A.	Kamalakar, Mrs. D.						Dufferin Hospital, Nagpur.
	Kamlaker, Mrs.						Pursualkum, P. O. Vepery, Madras.
A.	Kanga, K. S.						Victoria Hospital, Hyderabad, Deccan.
A.	Kapadia, Motibai B.						Ahmedabad.
A.	Karani, Jerbannoo F.						Nagpur.
A.	Keane, H.						Victoria Hospital, Delhi.
A.	Karani, J.						The Empress Mills, Nagpur.
A.	Keskar, S. L. S.						The Empress Mills, Nagpur.
M.	Keislar, Mrs. Edna Beck						Am. Meth. Epis. Mission, Hissar.
W.M.S.	Keers, I. M.						Dufferin Hospital, Quetta.
A.	Kelavkar, Krishnabai						I/c Female Dept., Albert Edward Hospital, Kolhapur, Deccan.
M.	Kerr, Mrs. Isabel						Home for Lepers, Dichpalli, N. G. S. Ry., The Nizam's Dominions.
	Khambatta, Jerbai Pestonji						Khambatta Lane, Byculla, Bombay.

Khambatta, Mrs. (née N. Captain)	L.M. & s., Bomb., 1903	Hughes Road, Bombay.
Khambatta, Mithibai C.	L.M. & s., Bomb., 1908	Pedder Road, Bombay.
Khambatta, Shirin H.	L.M. & s., Bomb., 1905	Homaji St., Fort, Bombay.
Kharegat, Meherbai	L.M. & s., Bomb., 1909	
Kharegat, Dhanbai	L.M. & s., Bomb.	Khan Building, Girgaum, Bombay.
Kharegat, Sarosh	L.M. & s., Bomb., 1913.	Marine Lines, Bombay.
Kholoff, C.	L.R.C.P. & s., Ed.	Quilon, S. India.
A. Kingsley, M.	F.R.C.S., Eng.	Office 52, Barr Street, Rangoon, Burma.
A. Kipp, C.	M.D.	A. M. E., Tilaunia, Rajputana.
M.A. Kirtane, Mrs.	L.M. & s., Bombay	King Ed. Memorial Hospital, Poona City.
Kohen, Elizabeth	M.R.B.S., Cal.	
M.A. Kugler, A. S.	M.D., Wom. Med. Coll. of Penn., U.S.A.	Am. Ev. Luth. Mission, Guntur, Madras Pres. (on furlough).
M.A. Kukde Tungabhadra	M.S., M.D., 1915, W.M.C., of P.A.	Pudukottai.
Kya, Lit	M.B., E.S., Cal.	
Lamb, Jessie	M.B., B., Lond., 1903.	C. E. Z. M. S., Amritsar.
Landon, Ethel	M.B., CH. B., Ed., 1905	Z. B. M. M. Nasik, Deccan.
M.A. Larsen, Christine	L.M. & s., B.C.H., Ed.	Santal Mission, Dumka.
A. Lauder, Helen	L.M. & s., Bomb., L.R.C.P. & s., Ed.	On furlough.
W.M.S.A. Lazarus, H. M.	B.A., M.B., B.S., Madras, 1916, L.R.C.P., Lond., M.R.C.S., Eng., L.M., 1917.	Women's Hospital.
M.A. Levering, Mrs. Ida Faye	M.D., Wom. Med. Coll., Phil. Penn. U. S. A., 1891.	Am. Bap. Mission, Kotagiri, Nilgiris.
Lewin, Mrs. Blanche E.	Dipl. G. M. C. L.M. (Rot.), M.D. (Brux.)	Women's Hospital, Lyallpur.
A. Lewis, C. G.	B.S., M.D.	Philadelphia Hospital for Women, Ambala City.
M.A. Lewis, E. G.	B.S., M.D., California	Am. Presb. Mission, Ferozepore.
A. Lobo, U. M.	L.M. & s., Bomb., 1898	Caibai Moti Hospital, Shegaon, Berar.
Joan Cano	M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.	C. E. Z. M. S., Bangalore.
M.A. Longdon, Mary M. G.	M.D., D.P.H.	Chris. Mission, Pendra Rd., C. P. (on furlough).
M.A. Longmire, Mary	M.B., CH.B., Q. Marg. Coll., Gl., Un., 1898.	C. E. Z. M. S. Khammamet, Nizam's Dom.
M. MacArthur, Victoria	M.D.	Am. Pres. Mission, Kolhapur.
Machado, Myrtle	M.B., B.S., Bomb., 1917	Cama Hospital, Bombay.
A. Machhedo, Hazel	M.B., B.S., Bomb., 1917	Cama Hospital, Bombay.
M.A. MacKellar, Margaret	M.D.C.M., Q. Un., M.C.P. & s., Ont., Can.	Can. Pres. Mission, Neemuch.
M.A. MacKenzie, Mina	M.D., C.M., C. P. Mission	Hat Pipla.
W.M.S. MacKenzie, A. Learmouth	M.D., BRUX. L.R.C.P. & s., Ed., L.M. & s., Bomb., 1892.	
M.A. MacMillan, Helen	M.B., G.H.B., Ed.	Lady Hardinge Med. College, Delhi.
M.A. Macnair, Mrs. (née Wylie)	M.A., M.B., CH.B.	Saugor, C. P.
M.A. Macnicol, Mrs. (née Brodie)	L.R.C.P. & s., Ed., 1898	U. F. C. Mission, Poona.
M.A. Macphail, A. Matilda	L.R.C.P. & s., Ed.	U. F. C. Mission, Conjeeveram, Madras (on furlough).

List of Qualified Medical Women in India, Burma and Ceylon—continued.

W.M.S.	Mason, F. B.	. . . . .	M.B., CH.B., 1909, M.A., 1915, D.P.H., 1921	Lady Hardinge Coll., Delhi.
	Mankar, Lanibai Shamrao	. . . . .	M.B., B.S., Bomb., 1918	Corner of Mugbhat 581-583, Girgaum Rd., Bombay, No. 4.
A.	Merchant, H. G.	. . . . .	M.B., B.S. (Cal.)	
	Marinan, Biatried	. . . . .	M.A., B.S. Cal.	(On furlough).
M.A.	Marks, Edith A. B.	. . . . .	L.R.C.P. & S.I., L.M., Rot., 1900	Am. Pres. Mission, Kolhapur.
M.	Marshall, Mrs.	. . . . .	M.D.	Irish Pres. Mission, Ahmedabad.
M.	Martin, Mrs. (née I. C. Huston)	. . . . .	M.B., B.C.H., B.A.O.R.U.I.	Vani Vilas Hospital, Mysore (on leave).
	Mathurabai, Mrs. Nohgaokar	. . . . .	L.M. & S., Bomb., 1914	Trivandrum, S. India.
D.A.	Martin, A. T.	. . . . .	L.M. & S., Madras	M. V. Hospital, Surat.
W.M.S.	Matthai, Elizabeth	. . . . .	L.M. & S., Madras, L.R.C.P., Lond., M.R.C.S., Eng.	
M.	Mavadas, E. M.	. . . . .	M.D., Phil.	Baroda.
M.A.	McElderry, Sara Lyel	. . . . .	M.B., CH.B., Ed., 1900	Z. M. Hosp., Borsad, Bombay.
M.A.	McGavran, Mary T.	. . . . .	M.D.	Christian Mission, Damoh, C. P.
M.	McLeish, Mrs. Roberta (née Campbell)	. . . . .	M.B.	Ajmer.
	McMaster, Elizabeth	. . . . .	M.D., C.M.	Can. Pres. Mission, Indore (on furlough).
M.A.	McNeil	. . . . .	M.B., CH.B., 1898	Rainy Hospital, Tondiarpet, Madras.
	Mellroy, J. H.	. . . . .	M.B., CH.B., Univ. of Glas., 1904, D.P.H., R.C.P. & S.	Edin. Lady Hardinge Coll., Delhi.
A.	Medhora Gulbai Dhunjibhoy	. . . . .	M.B., B.S., Bomb.	Dhun House, Ahmedabad.
	Matilda, A.	. . . . .	L.R.C.P. & S., Ed.	U. F. C. Mission, Rainy Hosp., Madras.
	Mowat, M. Elizabeth	. . . . .	M.B., CH.B., Aber.	U. F. C. Mission, Jaipur.
A.	Metha Navazbai M.	. . . . .	L.M. & S., Bomb., 1899	119, Frere Road, Fort, Bombay.
A.	Metha, Avambai M.	. . . . .	L.M. & S., Bomb., 1901	House Surgeon, Cama Hospital, Bombay.
A.	Mendes, C. F.	. . . . .	L.M. & S., Bomb., 1908	Dufferin Hospital, Sitapur (Oudh).
W.M.S.	Menezes, L.	. . . . .	M.B., C. M., Madras	Lady Elgin Hosp., Gaya.
	Michael, D. K. F.	. . . . .	L.R.C.P. & S., Ed.	(On leave.)
	Milne, Mrs. C. (née Smith)	. . . . .	B.A., M.D.	Mussoorie.
M.A.	Minthorn, G.	. . . . .	L.M. & S., Bomb., 1902	I-c Fatchpur Hopital.
A.	Mistri, Jerbanoo E.	. . . . .	L.M. & S. Bomb., 1905	Bonny Buildings, New Charni Road, Girgaum, Bombay.
W.M.S.A.	Modi, Mrs. J. J.	. . . . .	M.B., B.S., 1918, D.O.M.S., 1921	56, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.
M.A.	Mohamad Ali Gulzar	. . . . .	M.D., B.S., Lond.	(On leave.)
A.	Monahan, Mrs. (née McDougall)	. . . . .	M.B., B.S., Bomb., 1918	Berhampore, Ganjam Dist.
W.M.S.	Mukadam, Naja	. . . . .	M.R.C.S., (Eng.) L.R.C.P., Lond., M.B., Calc.	Lady Hardinge Medical College, Delhi.
	Murphy, M. C.	. . . . .	M.D., Dub. Univ., D.P.H., Edin.	Women's Medical School, Agra.
W.M.S.	Murphy, M. Agnes B.	. . . . .	M.B. & C.M., 1912, Madras	"Amjud Lodge," Peter's Road, Royapettah
A.	Muthalakshmi, Sundram	. . . . .	

	Nandi, V. M.		M.B., Calc.		Marcus Square, Bara Bazar, Calcutta.
	Narange, Kasibai		B.A., L.M. & s., Bomb.		Cathedral Street, Bombay.
W.M.S.A.	Naraji, Meher Ardeshir	Dadabhai	M.B., CH.B., Ed.		Bhuj, Kutch.
A.	Nash, L. C.		L. i.C.P. & s., M.D., Brux.		Bhumavaran.
	Neudoerffer		M.C., Penn.		Rawalpindi.
M.	Newton, Mrs. A. M.		M.B., CH.B., Ed.		Victoria Hospital, Kotah.
	Newton, Jeanie		L.R.C.P. & s., Ed., 1901		Dahane, Thana District.
A.	Nickey, Barbara N.		M.D., (In.)		Am. Ev. Luth. Mission, Rajamundry.
M.A.	Nilsson, B. A.		M.D.		Victoria Hospital, Madras.
W.M.S.A.	O'Brien Beadon, Mary		M.B., B.S., Lond.		Can. Pres. Mission, Dhar, C. I.
M.A.	O'Hara, Margaret		M.D., C.M., Queen's Univ., Kingston, Canada.		
W.M.S.	Olivera, Edith		M.B., B.S., Bomb., 1915, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., Lond.		
W.M.S.	Olivera, M.		M.B., C.S., L.R.C.P., L.M. & s., Bomb.		Benares.
M.	Oliver, Belle Chone		M.B., Tor., M.D., C.M., Trin., M.C.S. & s., Ont., Can.		Banswara, S. Rajputana.
M.	Oliver, Edith		L.M. & s., Bomb., 1915		Hill Road, Bandra.
	Otto, A. M.		M.D.		W. C. M. College, Ludhiana.
	Ottmann, Nina Eleanor		L.M. & s., Mad.		B. Z. Mission, Berhampore, Ganjam District.
M.A.	Orr, Mrs. (née MacMichael)		M.B., CH.B., Glasg.		Mission House, Jaipur.
M.	Parker, H. E.		M.D.		Am. Mission Hospital, Madura.
	Patel, Dossibai R. C.		L.M. & s., Bomb., 1904		(On leave.)
	Patel, Gulbai		M.B., Bombay		Lady Hardinge Hospital, Akola.
	Paul, Angelica		L.M. & s., Bombay		Dufferin Hospital, Agra.
A.	Paul, Edith W.		M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., 1916		Female Dispensary, Mandalay.
	Pepper, G.		L.M. & s.		Mount Road, Mazagon, Bombay.
	Pereira, Mary		L.M. & s., Bomb., 1914		Pereira's Medical Fund, Hubli.
	Pereira, Mrs. A. A. X. (née Souza d'Regina).		L.M. & s., Bomb., 1913		24, Matharpacadi, Mazagon, Bombay.
	Pereria, Mary Mathilda.		M.B., B.S., Bomb., 1915		Lady Hardinge Hosp., Dholpur Raj.
	Perreira, Irene		M.B., B.S., Cal.		Dhrangadhra State, Kathiawar.
	Parkinson, K. H.		B.M.S.		M. O. 1/c King Edward Medical Memorial Hosp., Poona.
	Vakil, Putilibai, Mrs. R.		B.A., M.B., B.S., Bomb., 1918		Erode, S. India.
	Pesikaka, Tehmina		M.B., B.S., Bomb., 1918		Women's and Children's Hospital, Trivandrum, Travancore.
M.A.	Pollard, H.		M.B., B.S., Lond.		1/c Maternity Hospital, Patan, Baroda State.
A.	Poonen, Lukose, Mrs. M.		B.A., M.B., B.S., Lond., L.M., Rot.		Godavari Delta Mission, Narsapur, Kistna Dist.
	Broucha, Gulbai, Mrs.		M.B., B.S., Bomb., 1918		St. Margaret's Hospital, Poona.
M.A.	Pring, Charlotte		L.R.C.P. & s., Ed.		
M.A.	Rankine, Ara		M.B., CH.B.		

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List of Qualified Medical Women in India, Burma and Ceylon—continued.

M.A.	Ratnam, Mrs. (née Luther)	L.M. & s., Madras	Maternity Hospital, Egmore, Madras.
	Rawlence, Mrs. (née Mayfield)	M.D., B.S., Lond.	At Home.
	Reed, K.	L.R.C.P. & s., Edin., L.M.R.C.P.L.	Tonk.
	Reubens, Adeline	M.B., B.S., Bomb., 1915	Bhopal.
	R. A., Riste		Mary Wilson Sanitarium, Tilavna, U. P.
	Snowdon, Constance	M.R., CH.B., D.P.H.	Wesl. Mission, Medak, Nizam's Dom.
H.A.	Cartledge, Marjorie	M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.	Wesleyan Mission, Hassan, Mysore State.
	Roberts, M.	M.B.	Ludhiana.
M.A.	Robson, Mrs. Hilda Mallinson	M.B., Lond., 1901	Friends Mission, Itarsi, C. P.
	Rosario, D. G. M.	L.R.C.P. & s., Bomb., 1915.	"Ayrcliff," Simla.
A.	Rukhmabai	L.R.C.P. & s., Ed., M.D., Brux. 1894	Rajkot.
A.	Runciman, Mrs. J. (née Mac Glashan).	M.B., CH.B., Aberdeen	Udaipur, Rajputana.
A.	Rushforth, Mrs. (née Bartholomew).	M.B., CH.B., 1908	Messrs. Norman Bros., 1, Mission Row, Calcutta.
A.	Ma Saw Sa	F.P.C.S.I.	
	Saker, Rose	M.B., B.S., Cal.	
M.	Schellenberg, K. L.	M.D.	
M.A.	Schuyler, Mrs. B. T.	M.D.	A. M. B. Mission, Mulkapett, Deccan.
M.	Scott, Mrs. M. E. Macallum	M.D., N. York	A. P. Mission, Jullundur City.
A.W.M.S.	Scott, Agnes C.	M.B., Lond., 1901	A. B. C. F. M., Manepay, Ceylon.
M.A.	Scott, D.	M.B., CH.E., Edin.	Office of I. G. Civil Hospital, Lahore, Punjab.
A.	Scott, Mrs. M.	L.M. & s., Cal.	St. Stephen's Hospital, Delhi.
A.	Scott, F. A.	L.R.C.P. & s., Edin.	Sangrur, Jhind State.
A.	Scott-Reid, Sydney J.	M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., 1913	
M.A.	Scudder, Mrs. Ellen Bartholomew	M.D., Cornell Un. Med. Sch., N. Y. City, 1899.	Tindivanam, S. A. Dist., Madras Pres.
M.A.	Scudder, Ida Sophia	M.D., Cornell Un. Med. Sch., N. Y. City 1899.	Arcot Mission, Vellore.
A.	Shave, Mrs. (née d'Gama)	L.M. & s., Bomb.	Mayo College, Lahore.
A.	Shaw, Alice J.	M.B., B.S., Cal.	
A.	Shaw, Elaine	B.A., M.B., C.M., Mad.	Fem. Gov. Dispensary, Poozoondaung, Rangoon.
A.	Shaw, E.	M.L. & s., Bomb.	Multan.
A.	Sheldon, E. Glidys, Mrs. (née Ken- sington).	M.B., B.S., Lond., 1904	C/o D. M. O., Burma Railways, Burma, Rangoon.
M.A.	Shenton, Mrs. (née Dewey)	L.M. & s., Bomb.	
	Shepherd, Crina	M.B., B.S., Cal.	
A.	Simmonds, F. M.	M.E., 1915	Amritsar.
	Simonsen, Mrs. J. D. (née Hendrie)	M.B., CH.B., L.M.	Roderick House, Dehra Dun
	Singara, Shirin	M.B., B.S., Bomb., 1914	Slater Road, Bombay.

List of Qualified Medical Women in India, Burma and Ceylon—concluded.

M.A.	Virasinghe-Chinnappa, Lucia N.	M.B., B.S., 1916	Supdt., Child Welfare Scheme, Corporation of Madras, Mussoorie.
A.	Wagstaff, Mrs. J. E. (née Mathieson)	M.B., CH. 3.	Madanapalle (on furlough).
M.	Warnhuis, L.	M.B., B.S.	Kalimpong, Bengal.
A.	Warren, Elsie	L.R.C.P. & S., Ed., L.M.B., C.P., Irel.	Dufferin Hospital, Lucknow.
W.M.S.A.	Watts, A. M.	M.D., Lond., 1901, B.S., Lond., 1899	First Physician to the Cama Hospital, Bombay.
W.M.S.A.	Watts, Eliza Turner	M.B., B.S., Lond.	Clifton, Ootacamund, Nilgiris.
M.A.	Watts, Mrs. Slater	L.R.C.P. & S., Ed.	Women's Medical School, Agra.
W.M.S.A.	Webb, M. V.	L.M. & S., Mad., 1889, L.R.C.P. & S., Ed., 1891.	
D.	Wells, Florence G.	M.D.	Jodhpur.
	Wemyss-Grant, Mrs.	M.D., Lond., 1910, B.S., 1907	C. E. Z. M. S. Hospital, Sukkur, Sind.
A.	Western, R. H.	M.B., B.S., Durh.	Vani Vilas Hospital, Mysore City.
	Whale, Mrs. (née D'Vaz)	M.B., B.S., Lond.	Ceylon.
	Whitehead, Mrs. (née Morgan)	M.D., Wom. Un. of Med., Balt. U.S.A. 1886.	White Memorial Hospital, Pasrur.
M.A.	White, Maria	M.D., 1912	A. P. Mission Hospital, Montgomery, Punjab.
M.A.	Whiteside, Margaret	M.B., B.S., Lond., 1903	C. M. S., Bannu, N.-W. F. P.
M.A.	Wigram, Mrs. Marcus (née Townsend)	M.B., B.S., Cal.	(On furlough.)
	Wissham, Beryl	M.B., CH.B.	Fatehgarh.
	Witney, Mrs. (née Reece)	M.D.	
A.	Woodard, A.	F.R., F.P. & S., Glasgow	
A.	Yamini Sen	M.D., B.S., Lond., 1901	B. Z. Mission, Palwal, S. Punjab.
M.A.	Young, Edith L.	M.B., B.S. (Melb.), 1905	C. M. S., Ranghat 1910, Taljhari, 1917.
M.A.	Young, Ethel Mrs. (née Good)	M.B., CH.B.	I, Ludlow Castle Road, Delhi.
A.	Young, Mrs. R. (née Wilson)		

VICTORIA MEMORIAL SCHOLARSHIPS FUND.

CENTRES ALREADY ESTABLISHED.

Honorary Secretaries.

- Assam—Honorary Secretary Dufferin Fund, Shillong.
 Baluchistan—Agency Surgeon and C. M. O.
 Baroda—Chief Medical Officer.
 Bengal—Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal, Calcutta.
 Berar—Honorary Secretary, Dufferin Fund, Amraoti.
 Bhopal—Agency Surgeon.
 Bihar and Orissa—Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Ranchi.
 Burma—Honorary Secretary, Dufferin Fund, Rangoon.
 Central India—Agency Surgeon, Indore.
 Central Provinces—Honorary Secretary, Dufferin Fund, Nagpur.
 Gondal—Chief Medical Officer.
 Gwalior—Medical Officer to H. H. the Maharaja.
 Hathwa—Manager, Hathwa Raj.
 Hyderabad (Deccan)—The Director, Medical and Sanitation Department H. E. H. The Nizam's Dominion.
 Junagadh (Rajkot)—Political Agent, Kathiawar.
 Kashmir—Superintendent, Zenana Hospital, Srinagar.
 Mysore—Residency Surgeon.
 Punjab—Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals.
 Rajputana—Residency Surgeon and C. M. O.
 United Provinces—Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals.
 Hyderabad (Sind)—Miss Piggott.

The Victorial Memorial Scholarships Fund.

Rules and Regulations.

1. The sums raised in furtherance of the above object shall constitute the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund, shall be kept separate from the present investment of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund proper, and interest accruing therefrom shall be exclusively used for the object for which Lady Curzon instituted the said Fund.

2. For the local administration of the Fund there shall be formed a Local Committee in each centre of operations, consisting of—

- (a) the Civil Surgeon of the district,
- (b) the wife of a senior Civilian, and
- (c) a Secretary selected by the other two members.

The local Committee shall in each instance be in direct communication with, and immediately responsible to, the local Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals or Administrative Medical Officer, who shall be guided by such instructions as the Executive Committee may think fit to issue.

3. The Council shall issue the necessary formal instructions to the Provincial and Local Branches, it being distinctly understood—

- (a) that the interest of the subscriptions shall be, as far as possible, expended in the districts whence they have been received, and
- (b) that in all cases the *dais* shall be instructed in hospitals, training schools and dispensaries lying nearest to the localities in which they will ultimately be engaged.

4. The said Fund may be utilized not only for the provision of scholarships, but also for the payment of teachers, provision of models, books and such incidental expenses as the Council may consider to fall within the objects of the Fund.

5. The Council may call for special reports from the Local Branches regarding their administration of the said Fund, and the results shall be shown in a separate section of the ordinary annual report issued by the National Association for Supplying Female Medical Aid to the Women of India.

The Objects of the Fund as defined on its inauguration in 1903.

1. To train midwives in the female wards of hospitals and female training schools in such a manner as will enable them to carry on their hereditary calling in harmony with the religious feelings of the people, and gradually to improve their traditional methods in the light of modern sanitation and medical knowledge.

2. Scholarships to midwives will vary according to circumstances and locality.

3. When desirable qualified female teachers, who understand the vernacular, will be sent to outlying districts, and fees will be paid to midwives who attend a course of elementary instruction.

4. Funds for the above purpose will be granted, as far as possible, according to the interest received on the sums raised in each locality.

VICTORIA MEMORIAL SCHOLARSHIPS FUND.

Report for 1923.

The work has been carried on steadily, and the reports now coming in from Provincial and Local Committees show good work in many places and a continuing success in the warfare being carried on against ignorance, prejudice and suffering.

The need for the work of such an Association as the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund is emphasised by the tables published by the Commissioner for Public Health with the Government of India in his annual report for 1921, which show the estimated figures for maternal mortality in childbirth in various parts of India. It is stated that these cannot be taken as very reliable owing to the fact that they represent all deaths taking place among women within a fortnight of childbirth. But although some may no doubt be discounted as due to ordinary causes, many more must be added as occurring from puerperal sepsis prolonged beyond a fortnight after labour. The figures vary from 5 per 1,000 births to 59 per 1,000 births as compared with 3 per 1,000 births in England. If we make a rough calculation we find that about 57,000 women in India lose their lives annually through the danger of childbirth, that is, the deaths are more than 50,000 in excess of those which would occur if conditions were the same as in England.

During the year Dr. Balfour visited centres at Gwalior, Dacca, Hyderabad-Deccan and Hyderabad-Sind, Quetta, Patna, Bhopal, Baroda, Ajmere, Lahore and Simla.

The scheme for training local midwife supervisors at Gwalior is continuing. Two have been passed out and have been posted to the mufussil, but it is too early to pronounce an opinion on the result.

The Maternity Scheme started at Dacca in 1921 has met with very gratifying success. Two Sub-Assistant Surgeons and 6 midwives are now employed, 25 *dais* are under instruction and 1,113 cases attended by them have been supervised by the trained midwives employed. The further extension of this scheme is only retarded for want of funds, which may even necessitate the closing of some of the existing work. This would be a calamity, both for the city of Dacca and for all maternity work in Bengal, which benefits greatly by a successful scheme, the working of which local centres can study.

The work in Hyderabad Deccan, is old established and owes much to its connection with the Victoria Zenana Hospital, where large numbers of labour cases are received and where the training of dais, usually the young relatives of practising dais, is carried on very efficiently. The weak point of this work is the lack of supervision of the dais after they leave the hospital. The Director of Sanitation, Colonel Singh, has a scheme for an extensive system of supervision of midwives throughout the State, which he hopes may soon be in working order.

In Hyderabad, Sind, a completely different system is being carried on. Here the dais are not trained in hospital but in the homes of the people, and while it is evident that the same efficiency of teaching cannot be attained it is probable that the actual results do not fall short, as the dais are taught how to meet the difficulties that must inevitably meet them in the Indian home. Twelve dais were brought up for examination on the occasion of my visit and ten passed. A silver medal has been presented by an Indian gentleman, to be held by the best dai in the city. The dai to whom it was awarded last year came up for re-examination and was confirmed in its possession. Eight members of the dais class have been taught to read Sindi, which makes it easier to teach them. Miss Piggott receives many applications from the mufussil for trained midwives.

In Quetta the training and supervision of dais is still carried on by the friendly co-operation of the Mission and Dufferin Hospitals. An Infant Welfare Centre with a trained Health Visitor carries out the supervision of infants from 10 days onwards.

A midwife supervisor scheme has been established in Patna for nearly two years. Mrs. Duncan White, one of the trained Delhi workers, has had uphill work, partly owing to the difficulty of securing trained workers in Bihar and partly to the ignorance and superstition with which she had to contend. I was, however, very pleased to see the spirit of mingled patience and determination she has shown, which is gradually winning its way and securing the confidence of the people.

In Bhopal the training of the dais is carried on in the Lady Lansdowne Hospital, while the supervision of their after work is carried out by 4 women Supervisors working under the Health Officer. A complete set of rules for the practice of the city dais has been prepared, and the gradual enforcement of these is leading to much greater care and effort for improvement on the part of the dais. Every case of labour in the city is reported to the Supervisor and visited at least once.

At Baroda the training is carried out at the Jamnabai Maternity Home in the city. An Act has recently been introduced by the Darbar on the lines of the English Midwives Act of 1902, regulating the practice of midwives in Baroda. All dais are required to take a training, rules are drawn up and enforced concerning their work and midwife supervisors are appointed to see the provisions of the Act are carried out. The State is to be congratulated on its far-sighted and progressive action.

At Ajmere the little Maternity Home has moved into a larger building, which has allowed a little Infant Welfare Centre to be opened in connection with it. Dais from the various Rajputana states are resident at the Home for training. They also take turns at residing at the Mission Hospital and so have the great advantage of a training in general nursing.

The training of dais has been carried on at Lahore in connection with the Punjab Health School during the past two years. The work is done in a limited area of the city. All the dais belonging to that area attend the class, and their work is supervised. Excellent work is being done. Somewhat similar work is being done in other parts of Lahore by the Municipality.

The work at Simla under Mrs. Dales continues to progress.

The dais training class at the Kundewalla Centre, Delhi, continues to be financed by the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund. There are 23 dais on the roll. 125 midwifery cases were supervised. The improvement in the dais' work continues steadily. Many serious cases were taken to hospital and the doctors report that they were brought in good time. Three dais were sent up for the examination of the Punjab Central Midwives Board, of whom two passed. Lysol, soap, tow and thread have been supplied through the year. The people in the houses are beginning to demand dais with "bags."

Classes on First Aid in Childbirth have been carried on at the following centres :—
Lyalpur, Sambalpur, Quetta, Vizagapatam, Allahabad, Bareilly, Simla, Jhang, Quilon.

Part of the expenses of the Travelling Exhibition of the Lady Chelmsford League has been met by the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund, and propaganda among dais is made a feature of the tours.

The Fund also contributed to the donation given by the Lady Chelmsford League towards the expenses of the National Baby Week, on the condition that propaganda among dais should be included in the activities of Baby Week.

The thanks of the Committee are due to the many workers in all parts of the country who are co-operating in this difficult and yet very urgent task of improving the practising dais of India.

T. J. CAREY EVANS,

Honorary Joint Secretary.

M. I. BALFOUR,

Secretary.

The 9th February 1924.

**Annual Account of the Victoria Memorial
Scholarship Fund, 1923.**

Annual Account of the Victoria Memorial

	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
RECEIPTS—						
Opening Balance			70,726	4	2
Interest on Investments			38,377	8	0
Sale of Books, etc.			473	6	6
Sundry Receipts			189	3	0
Government Subvention			6,000	0	0
Refunds (Loans, Grants, etc.)			1,195	8	5
Miscellaneous			333	5	4
TOTAL			1,17,295	3	5

Scholarship Fund, 1923.

	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
EXPENDITURE—		
1. Central Office . . . . .	...	6,108 10 9
2. Propaganda—		
(a) Contribution on account of Travelling Exhibition to League.	2,000 0 0	
(b) Publications	829 7 0	2,829 7 0
3. Grants-in-aid—		
1. Hyderabad, Sind	1,200 0 0	
2. Bengal Dacca	2,000 0 0	
3. United Provinces	3,000 0 0	
4. Punjab	3,407 0 0	
5. Bihar and Orissa	3,600 0 0	
6. Central Provinces	772 0 0	
7. Delhi	600 0 0	
8. Baluchistan	960 0 0	
9. Hyderabad, Deccan	1,100 0 0	
10. Rajputana	3,742 0 0	
11. Gwalior	1,750 0 0	
12. Baroda	800 0 0	
13. Indore	1,450 0 0	
14. Gondal	300 0 0	
15. Dera Ismail Khan	300 0 0	
16. Bhopal	660 0 0	
17. Delhi Health School	6,000 0 0	
18. Pilibhit	300 0 0	
19. Miscellaneous	10 0 0	
20. Models	65 0 0	
		32,016 0 0
4. Miscellaneous—		
(a) Mother and Dais outfit and material for classes.	65 0 0	
(b) Unremitted Income Tax	13 0 4	
(c) Scholarships	216 7 3	
(d) Commission on Investments realizing interest, etc.	55 14 0	
(e) Post-Graduate Course on V. D.	5,337 8 0	
		5,687 13 7
5. Amount of Government Sabvention for V. D. work transferred to Dufferin Fund.	...	24,000 0 0
Closing Balance . . . . .	...	46,653 4 1
TOTAL . . . . .	...	1,17,295 3 5

M. F. GAUNTLETT.

The 9th February 1924.

REPORTS FROM CENTRES OF THE FUND.

Delhi.

The Health Officer forwards the following report :—

The class has been well attended during the year. There are 23 dais on the roll. Some new ones have been admitted and two have left on account of illness. They are lying ill at home and are not likely to work again.

The class was conducted by Miss Shanti Devi till April, when she left to get married. The work was then carried on by Mrs. Barrie, the matron of the Centre, till Miss Nasir was appointed in September. We visited the class at least once a month to see the progress made. We also periodically inspected the dais' bags, as if this is not done they do not always keep them clean.

125 midwifery cases were supervised during the year, this is less than last year but the decrease is due to there being no Health Visitor from April to September. The matron was not able to attend every case as she was often occupied with Centre work when the dai called her.

When Miss Nasir was appointed in September she had to get used to the district and the people, and as she is rather young the dais have not the same confidence in her. However, this will mend in time.

The improvement in the dais' work is being steadily maintained and the standard of work is good. Many cases requiring medical aid were taken to the hospitals by the dais. The Doctors report that the patients were brought in good time.

One death occurred, a case of hæmorrhage from placenta prævia, the patient's friends refused to get medical aid though the dai and the Health Visitor did their best to persuade them to do so. We visited the house afterwards and found a very orthodox mother-in-law who would not listen to reason. Nothing would make her believe that the case had not been quite normal, only the girl's time had come and she had to go. It was an exceptional case and not the dai's fault.

In October three dais were sent in for the examination of the Punjab Central Midwives Board, two passed, the one who failed will try again. However she is very old and very stupid so there is little hope that she will pass. She has improved in her work and conducts cases in a fairly clean manner, so we shall have to be content with that.

The dais have been supplied with Lysol, soap, tow and thread during the year. Several more outfits have been given, and by the end of next year we hope every dai will have a "bag." The people in the houses are beginning to demand dais with "bags" so that is a step in the right direction.

On the whole the class has done very well considering the changes of teachers.

Indore, C. I.

The Superintendent, King Edward Hospital, reports :—

I have the honour to enclose statistics of the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund for the year ending the 31st December 1923.

23 Nurses joined the class and 14 passed the examination. One Nurse appeared for examination only from the Mission Hospital and also passed. Two appeared from the State Hospital, but failed.

The Anup Bai Silver medal presented annually by Rai Bahadur Seth Kastoor Chand was gained by Radha Bai Rajput, who stood first in the examination.

BHOPAL.

Report of the State Surgeon.

The Countess of Dufferin's Fund (V. M. S. F.) grants scholarships to six Indian dais. The dais attend lectures regularly 5 days in a week and are interested in dai-gari.

They are impressed well about cleanliness and its importance in Midwives' cases. They are compelled to come to the hospital and learn practically from normal labour cases and thus they get practical lessons and fit themselves for work.

I am sure the Victoria Memorial dais have their part in the progress of infant and maternity welfare.

Baluchistan.

The Chief Medical Officer says:—

Quetta.—124 lectures with demonstrations were given by the Doctors of the Dufferin and Mission Zenana Hospitals, Quetta. Cases of 30 dais were visited by these Lady Doctors, the number of cases being 1,008 against 869 for the previous year.

Most of the dais are splendid in the way they diagnose an abnormal case and send for the Lady Doctor in charge, Dufferin Hospital, or the Zenana Mission Hospital, Quetta.

There is nothing of special interest to report about the indigenous dais this year. The chief thing is that there is a satisfactory increase in the number of cases shown, 1,008 as compared with 869 in 1922 and with 381 in the first year after the training began here. Of these cases only 49 were abnormal and the Doctor was called in. Four deaths occurred and none were due to any fault of the dais, which is very creditable. These results are really surprising when one realizes that the "trained indigenous dai" is still very fond of her old evil ways and often follows them. It is interesting to find that the women who employ these dais are beginning to criticise their methods and evidently expect them to attain a certain standard as to their work. This seems to be a very healthy sign of progress. Another is that it is not infrequent for a woman to come and arrange for her confinement beforehand, wishing to have an English doctor to look after her, with the dai engaged to do the daily work.

The teaching class remained very small, as all the dais who take many cases, with one exception, are already trained and report cases. This one exception and a few Pathan and Brahui dais still hold out and will not join the class. However, nearly all the cases are now taken by the trained dais, who are quite good now at reporting abnormalities or troubles, though at the same time one knows that they fall short of what one would wish, or often revert to their old customs.

Sibi.—All the 79 maternity cases attended by 5 dais under training were supervised by Mrs. David, the Maternity Supervisor.

Hyderabad, Deccan.

The Director, Medical and Sanitation Department, says:—

The Victoria Zenana Hospital, Hyderabad, continued to be the only centre of training for Indian Midwives.

When the year opened there were on the rolls 21 dais in receipt of scholarships from the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund and 16 were admitted during the year, making a total of 37. Of these 7 were either dismissed for different causes or absented themselves from the class after varying periods of study and 18 passed the Final Examination, while 12 remained under training at the close of the year.

The qualified dais are either employed in Government Hospitals or engaged in private practice.

During the year under report Rs. 1,314-13-11 were received from the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund and O. S., Rs. 3,048 from the Government of His Exalted Highness the Nizam. The amount received from the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund was spent in paying scholarships to indigenous dais, while the amount contributed by Government was expended towards the salaries, etc., of the teaching staff.

Hyderabad, Sind.

Miss Piggott reports:—

The class during the year ended 31st December 1923 has had an average of 22 on the roll and an average attendance of 15. It is always closed during the Ramzan for a short time, as all the dais are Mahomedans.

Dr. Balfour examined 12 dais on 31st December 1923, of whom 10 passed. Three old ones were re-examined and the same dai who won the silver medal last year has got it again. Including the 13 who passed last time 23 are now on the passed list. This will mean a good deal of superintendence for which we are providing in the New Year.

A trained dai has been asked for by the Municipality of a town 21 miles away. One of those who passed 2 years ago is being sent there. Many requests have been received from the Mofussil for trained women, but it is not easy to find those who are willing to leave their homes and go out.

In connection with this class 2 dais are receiving scholarships from the Khairpur State, where they are keen on having their nurses trained. As it is so difficult to get these women to leave their homes we must arrange for them to be trained in their own districts. We are trying to push on, and give special training to, two of the superior passed dais, who we hope will be useful in helping to teach others in the districts.

Eight of the pupils are now able to read. This enables us to provide them with literature. As one of them said: "I used sometimes to forget what you told me but now I read this book and remember everything."

Quite a nice number of young women are coming on, some of whom did best at the examination. It is the older ones that were so hard to get to move at the beginning. Only the other day they said: "How frightened we were at first and wondered what you could teach us!"

It is interesting to see their growing ambition. Now they are quite keen on learning. Their appearance has decidedly improved.

There are still a great many women practising in the city and not attending the class. Now we must aim at getting the trained women registered as it is too bad when they have taken the trouble to learn that there should be no recognition. I hope the Municipality will give the matter careful consideration.

Srinagar, Kashmir.

Dr. A. L. McKenzie says:—

There are six dais under training, and of these four are ready for examination. The Hospital Trained Dais have attended 100 cases in their own houses.

RAJKOT-KATHIAWAR.

Report by Dr. Rukhmabai.

The following is the brief report of the work done in 1923:—

It is a matter of great satisfaction that the Thakore Saheb of Rajkot has taken up the matter in his hands seriously in his limit of the town of Rajkot where the bulk of the population lives.

His medical officers have been giving regular courses of lectures to the dais and he has also engaged a lady doctor specially to instruct the dais and to supervise their work. So 1923 can be said to have been a most active year in Rajkot in our cause.

All the same I find the whole situation most discouraging, because our best efforts are mere patch work. As long as the municipalities and other executive higher authorities will not do their work efficiently and will not give facilities to the poor inhabitants of a town to enable them to lead a hygienic life it is a myth to expect the poor people to acquire cleanly habits and to keep their houses and streets in a sanitary condition.

Most of the towns in Kathiawar have no privies for the houses. People are expected either to go out into the fields on the river banks or the sea shore, or use the streets, the bye-lanes and back yards as privies. Sometimes there are a few public latrines. The sweeping of the refuse is left to the tender mercies of the enterprising mehter, who may collect it privately for selling it as manure to the farmer. Where such municipal arrangements exist, what is the good of the Health Visitor reminding the women not to soil their back yards or the lanes?

Then again, in Kathiawar though there is plenty of open space in the towns compared to large cities elsewhere, the authorities do not insist on having windows to every living room or hut, and in some cases even do not give permission to the house-holders to have windows.

Further, the poverty of the people makes them live crowded together with goats and cattle in the same hut-like houses. The system of using cowdung cakes as fuel necessitates the heaping up of cowdung in the back yard or the verandah, which in its turn breeds the flies and the flies in their turn breed diseases. So the vicious circle goes the merry-go-round.

I hope to continue the Health Visitor's work in 1924 and thereafter till the money in my hands lasts. The balance in the Imperial Savings Bank stands at Rs. 1,678-4-10 on the 2nd October 1923.

GONDAL.

The Chief Medical Officer says:—

I have the honour to state that two candidates are being trained who it is hoped will pass the examination this year.

The progress of these pupils is satisfactory. They attend cases under the supervision of the Medical Officer, Gondal.

PILIBHIT.

Report of the Civil Surgeon.

Weekly lectures were delivered as usual in the Hospital premises and the total number of these was 48 against 49 of the previous year, average attendance at each lecture being 16 against 15 of the previous year. As an inducement a reward of 4 annas is fixed for every dai attending the Midwife's weekly lectures. Most of the dais, however, still try to escape regular attendance. The instruction imparted to local dais has brought about good results as far as cleanliness is concerned and a further improvement is expected.

The total number of visits made by the Midwife during the year under report was 276 against 244 of the previous year.

Births and deaths.

There has been a marked improvement in births, 1,908 against 1,491 of the previous year, while the total infant mortality was 508 against 372 of the previous year. The death rate per mille of population was 15.76 as compared with 11.50 of the previous year. Conservatism and apathy of India being chiefly responsible for this high rate of mortality. The Midwife is gradually becoming popular among Indian families and is trying her best to overcome this obstacle by making the public understand at large the importance of cleanliness during the confinement period as is evident from her more frequent visits during the year under report.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS.

To be obtained from the Victoria Memorial
Scholarships Fund, Viceregal Lodge, Delhi and Simla.

- "Manual of Midwifery" by Sir Pardey Lukis, in English, Urdu, Hindi, Canarese, Bengali, Marathi, price Re. 1, and in Gujarati, As. 8. In Roman Urdu from the Chief Medical Adviser, Patiala State, and in Tamil, Telegu and Malayalam from the Honorary Secretary, Countess of Dufferin Fund, Madras Branch, Victoria Buildings, Egmore, Madras.
- "First Lessons to Country Dais" by Dr. M. I. Balfour, W.M.S., in English, Urdu, Roman Urdu, Gurmukhi, Marathi, Bengali, Hindi and Gujarati, price As. 8.
- "Care of the Baby" by Dr. M. I. Balfour in English and Roman Urdu, especially written for teachers in Girls Schools. Price As. 2, also in Kanarese from Miss Newlands, Women's Training College, Dharwar. (Hindi and Urdu translations are in preparation.)
- "Hukm Dey and her Baby" or how a mother learnt to care for her baby, a book for mothers and dais. In English, Hindi and Urdu, price As. 4.
- Pamphlets.*—Advice to Municipalities in English and Urdu.
Letter to the Women Sub-Assistant Surgeons in India.
Leaflet and Lecture on Improvement of the Conditions of Childbirth in India.
The Dai and the Mother in English, Hindi and Urdu.
- Rules for Classes under the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund.
- "First Aid in Childbirth" by Miss G. Campbell, M.D., in English, price Rs. 3.

Models for use in Dais' Classes.

The following models have been especially prepared for purposes of demonstration for classes for dais. They may be obtained from the office of the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund:—

	Rs. A. P.
Dais' Outfits for cleanly practice	5 0 0 each.
Maternity Packets for Accouchement	5 0 0 ,,
Model of internal organs (in gauze and flannel)	1 8 0 ,,
Diagram of external organs (printing in Roman Urdu)	0 8 0 ,,

The above are in stock and will be sent out V. P. P.

The following are made to order and usually take a few weeks:—

	Rs. A. P.
Model of Dummy in wood	15 0 0 each.
Model of Foetal Skull in wood	2 0 0 ,,
Model of Normal Pelvis in wood	21 8 0 ,,
Model of Abdomen and mannequin in wood covered chamois leather (Recommended)	65 0 0 ,,
Model of Dummy and mannequin in wood covered khaki drill	28 0 0 ,,

BARODA.

Report of the Chief Medical Officer on working of the Dai Class opened at Baroda with the aid of the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund from the 1st January 1923 to 31st December 1923.

This year we had 5 indigenous dais attending the Hospital for training, also 3 senior girls in the 2nd year. Besides this 4 midwives supervise cases conducted by the indigenous dais in each district. The Maternity Wards at the State General Hospital and the Jamnabai Dispensary are progressing favourably, even normal cases coming in increasing numbers of their own accord. Many of the indigenous dais have yet to be secured for training. They are given Rs. 5 per mensem, to attend practical classes twice a week.

Dr. (Mrs.) Emma Smith Acquina, L.M.&S., examined the class every month.

There was a balance of Rs. 1,536-0-10 in the Baroda Government Treasury on 31st December 1922. The amount of Rs. 800 was also received as the Baroda State's contribution to the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund for the year under report and a similar amount of Rs. 800 came from the Honorary Treasurer, Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund, as a donation for the year ending December 1923.

Out of the total receipt of Rs. 3,136-0-10 during the year under report Rs. 1,038-14-2 were spent towards the maintenance of the Dai class as shown in Statements A & B, leaving a balance of Rs. 2,097-2-8 on 31st December 1923.

The average monthly cost per dai was Rs. 10-13-0 against Rs. 6-12-0 in the preceding year as a smaller number of dais took advantage of the facilities for training this year, thus causing a relative increase in the cost of training per candidate.

BENGAL.

The Surgeon General, Bengal, says:—

Birbhum.—In the district of Birbhum only four pupils dais were under training under the auspices of the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund.

Bankura.—In Bankura a "Maternity and Child Welfare Committee" was formed in August 1923 and lectures were delivered to a batch of 11 indigenous dais. A letter from the Civil Surgeon, Bankura, is attached:—"During the year under review the class was discontinued due to the fact that pupils were not available. The difficulty in getting pupils for tuition arose from the fact that the District Board, Bankura, expressed their unwillingness to pay stipends to the pupils recruited from the Municipal area, while the indigenous dhais of the Moffusil could not be induced to attend the class in the headquarters' dispensary, leaving their family and children far away at their homes. The District Board was requested to continue scholarships as before, irrespective of the pupils being recruited from either Municipality or from rural areas but to no effect."

At the instance of Mrs. Dutt, the wife of Mr. Dutt, I.C.S., late District Magistrate of Bankura, "a Maternity and Child Welfare Committee" has been formed in this town since August last. Under this Committee a Sub-Committee comprised of local doctors and the Civil Surgeon as President has been convened to give elementary training to the indigenous dais in the town. The lady doctor of the Lady Dufferin Zenana Hospital, Bankura, has been appointed to give lectures to them and up to the end of 31st December 1923 eight lectures were delivered to a batch of 11 indigenous dais who were sent by the Municipality. These dais on being examined will be given badges.

Report on working of the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund, Punjab Branch 1923.

Ambala.—During the year under report 68 classes for dais were held, the average enrolment was 9, and an average attendance was 6. In March one candidate went up for the Dais Examination of the Punjab Central Midwives Board, and passed.

Aorapur.—The report received states 40 dais have been on the register of which 22 have received, after a course of training for a period of one-and-a-half to two years, certificates from the Punjab Central Midwives Board, either as indigenous dais or dai nurses. Dr. Bose writes that the field of training the indigenous dais is vast, and full of possibilities. Unless these women are got hold of, trained, and properly supervised, there seems no hope of supplying the needs of the rural population, for generations to come, which means immeasurable.

Bhiwani.—The work among the indigenous dais trained in Bhiwani goes on as they propose to commence a class for the daughters of these dais.

Ferozepore.—For the year under report the training of dais has continued as usual, the average attendance being 13. There is an increasing demand for retaining the services of a doctor and dai, some time before a case.

Kangra.—At an examination held in October 1923, six candidates who appeared, passed, and two secured the Nurse Dais Certificate. The V. M. S. Fund, Punjab Branch, provided a scholarship at Rs. 10 per month, for a pupil dai, and has supplied outfits to these indigenous dais who have passed their examinations.

Ludhiana.—There are two classes of dais, *viz.*, Nurse Dais and Indigenous Dais 15 and 5 pupils respectively at the end of the year. Sixteen candidates presented themselves for examination during the year and all passed. They are working at various places in the Punjab and United Provinces.

Lahore.—The number of dais attending the Infant Welfare Centre was 60. As orders had been given that no other than indigenous dais should be trained by Health Visitors the number of dais on the register is less. There were 25 dais on the register at the end of the year. One hundred and forty-two lectures were given during the year. Four hundred and forty-two cases were conducted by class dais, and 17 cases were taken to Hospital. One candidate appeared for the Indigenous

Dais Examination of the Punjab Central Midwives Board, and passed. In the Maternity and Child Welfare Centre the number of dais attending the class was 9. The number of classes held during the year was 51. Three dais appeared for and passed the P. C. M. B. Examination.

Simla.—The monthly average attendance throughout the year of dais attending the class at the Infant and Maternity Welfare Centre was 13, which included 3 dais sent from the surrounding hill states. There are 8 dais at present under training. The dais object to go to the plains for the examination, so as yet none have passed.

The Travelling Exhibition of the Central Committee of the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund and Lady Chelmsford League made an extensive visit through the province.

VICTORIA MEMORIAL SCHOLARSHIPS FUND.

Report on the training of Indian Midwives in the Central Provinces for the year ending the 31st December 1923.

During the year under report the work of training dais was confined to the Nagpur centre only. A grant of Rs. 340 was asked for the Jubbulpore Centre but the Central Committee did not sanction it on the ground that the reports received on the classes opened in the past were not encouraging. In February last the Civil Surgeon, Saugor, was given a grant of Rs. 75 for distribution of rewards to indigenous dais, but the money was not utilised during the year. At Nagpur, the work was conducted by a trained nurse under the supervision of the Secretary of the Maternity Centre. Two separate classes were held throughout the year, each class being taken once a week. The total number of dais so trained was 20. Another class was started in September by a Health Visitor trained in the Delhi Health School, where the attendance was 15. The training given in these classes was mostly theoretical, but arrangements are now being made for practical demonstration by means of dummies, etc. Each dai is paid 4 annas for every lecture attended and a special reward is given to a dai who calls a trained nurse to attend on a case of labour so that practical instruction may be given to her on the spot regarding the conduct of labour, cleanliness, etc. Rs. 173-6 were thus spent for attendance and Rs. 385-4 for reporting cases and calling out maternity nurses to their cases. The total number of cases reported was 1,541.

Report on the working of the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund, Bihar and Orissa, for the year ending 31st December 1923.

During the year under report there were seven dai classes at work in the Province, one each at Gaya, Motihari, Bettiah, Cuttack, Balasore, Hazaribagh and Purulia. Of these, the classes at Gaya, Cuttack and

Balasore continued throughout the year while the one at Hazaribagh for five months only. New classes were opened at Purulia in February and at Bettiah and Motihari at the close of the year. The classes were maintained solely by local subscriptions. Six pupils who received their training some years ago at the Bettiah Lady Dufferin Hospital were examined during the year and granted certificates. The total number of dais who were declared passed during the year 1923 was 16 against 13 in 1922 and the number of passed dais in the Province up to 31st December 1923 was 432.

The total receipts for the training of dais was Rs. 1,105-3-0 against Rs. 1,092-0-11, while the expenditure amounted to Rs. 1,113-6-5 against Rs. 1,381-1-8 in the previous year. The excess expenditure was met from the balance available from the previous year.

At the instance of Dr. Balfour, the Civil Surgeons in the Province were asked in 1922, to take steps in the matter of organization of courses of instruction among women based on the syllabus indicated in the book entitled "First Aid in Child Birth" by Dr. Gertrude Campbell. Very little has been done. It is difficult to obtain suitable students. Local officers have been again addressed and asked to interest themselves in the matter.

The maternity welfare scheme in the Patna City is being carried on satisfactorily by Mrs. Duncan White. It is a pleasure to note that she has made the scheme a decided success.

A similar scheme at Cuttack is being organised under the auspices of the Red Cross Society.

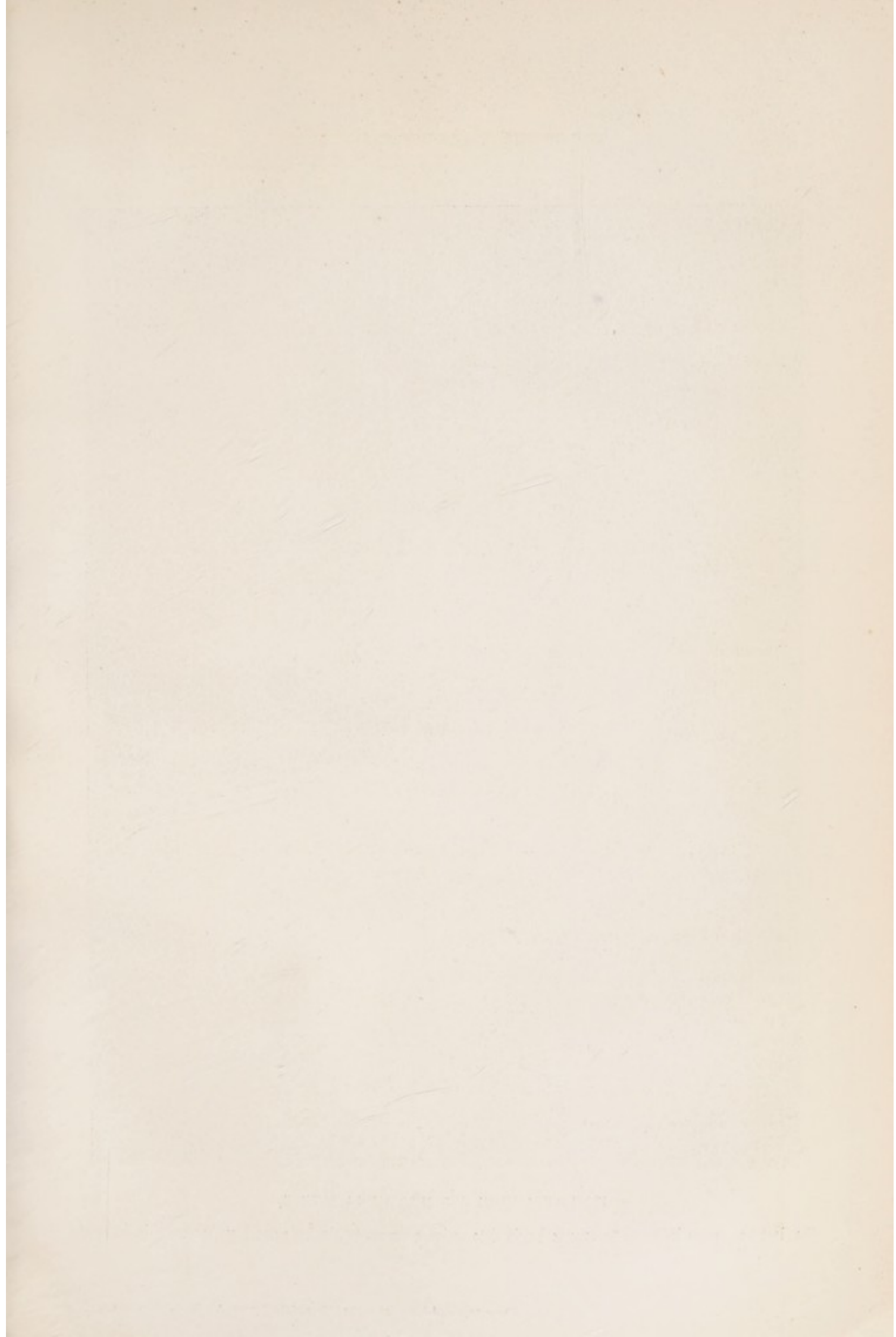
H. AINSWORTH, M.B., F.R.C.S., Col., I.M.S.,
*Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals,
Bihar and Orissa.*

Report of the Lady Superintendent, Lady Hardinge Hospital, Akola.

I have the honour to submit a brief report, in duplicate, as requested of the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund, Akola Branch, for the year 1923.

As Dr. Barnes said in her last report that the weekly attendance of dais for lectures and reporting of work done by them had entirely fallen off owing to the lapse of the Victoria Memorial Scholarship Funds locally collected in 1914, these women no longer received their two annas for attendance and they refused to attend.

In 1923 August I was able to get some money from Mr. S. D. Cama, the Secretary of Maternity and Infant Welfare Centre, Akola, and have started giving them lectures and also I am able to supervise their work to some extent. The Municipal midwife used to come very irregularly to give the account of her work and her work was found very unsatisfactory and therefore the Municipal Committee has dismissed her. Until the Municipal Committee is able to get a capable midwife I am not able to get the account of the midwifery work done in the Town.





MISS LAVINIA MEWA AND MISS MAULA BUKHSH.

The first two Indian ladies to be sent to England to train as nurses by the Lady Reading Women of India Fund.

Lady Reading Women of India Fund. Report for 1923.

The Lady Reading Women of India Fund came into existence in January 1922 under the Presidency of Her Excellency the Countess of Reading, C.I., G.B.E., when a special appeal was made to the People of India by Her Excellency.

A Committee was formed with the Hon'ble Sir Mahomed Shafi, K.C.I.E., as Chairman, and the following members:—

The Hon'ble Sir Malcolm Hailey, K.C.S.I., C.I.E.	} Joint Honorary Secretaries.
The late Major-General Sir W. R. Edwards, K.C.I.E.	
Mr. R. H. Sorabji.	
Dr. Balfour, Chief Medical Officer, Women's Medical Service.	
Kunwar Maharaj Singh, C.I.E.	
Mr. A. C. Gupta, O.B.E., Honorary Treasurer.	
Mr. K. C. Roy, C.I.E.	} Joint Honorary Secretaries.
Lieut.-Col. T. J. Carey Evans, M.C., I.M.S.	

The first Meeting of this Committee took place on March 15th, 1922. During this year the late Major-General Sir R. W. Edwards, Mr. R. H. Sorabji and Kunwar Maharaj Singh resigned on their departure for England, and the Hon'ble Major-General MacWatt and Mr. Webb Johnson joined the Committee, and on the Honorary Treasurer Mr. A. C. Gupta resigning, Mr. P. R. Rau became Honorary Treasurer. In addition Mr. Montagu Butler, Mr. Mohan Lal, M.L.C., Col. R. W. L. Dunlop and the Hon'ble Khan Bahadur Mian Fazl-i-Hussain joined the Committee during the year.

During 1923 the Administration of the Lady Reading Women of India Fund Committee was transferred to the Executive Committee of the National Association. A Sub-Committee was appointed to carry on the building of the new Lady Reading hospital. The Sub-Committee being—

Chairman—Mr. Montagu Butler, C.B., C.I.E., C.V.O., C.B.E., I.C.S.
 Mr. A. Brebner, C.I.E.
 Dr. Houlton.
 Mr. Mohan Lal, M.L.C.,
 Lt.-Col. Carey Evans, M.C., I.M.S.

The General Objects of the Fund being to supplement the good works being carried out by the existing charitable Funds connected with the welfare of the Women and Children of India, under the Presidency of Her Excellency.

The three special purposes to which the Women of India Fund has up to the present been devoted are as follows:—

- (i) The provision of a Hostel for the Nursing Staff of The Lady Hardinge Hospital, Delhi.
- (ii) The provision of a first class hospital for Indian Women and Children in Simla.
- (iii) The establishing of an Indian Nursing Association—with the intention of raising the status and the standard of training for Indian Nurses.

The first of these objects was completed in February 1923, when Her Excellency the Countess of Reading opened the Lady Reading Hostel for Nurses in the presence of His Excellency the Viceroy, and a distinguished company of onlookers.

This Hostel gives accommodation for 70 nurses and was erected at a cost of three lakhs of rupees.

The building of a new hospital for Indian Women and Children in Simla had been a matter of urgency for many years. Her Excellency took up this question immediately on arriving in Simla, and resolved to devote all her energies to this noble work, and after much trouble and consideration the "Mythe" estate was bought at the end of 1922. Later, however, a more suitable site was discovered at Bairdville, and arrangements were made for disposing of "The Mythe" estate and the purchase of Bairdville. Plans were made early in 1923 for the reconstruction of Bairdville House and for new wards and buildings on the site. The foundation stone was laid by Her Excellency on June 15th, 1923, in the presence of His Excellency the Viceroy and a large assembly of Government officials, citizens and visitors in Simla.

The new building has proceeded rapidly, and at the close of the year the buildings had been completed. It is now necessary to provide furniture and equipment, and to instal electric lighting, heating and sanitary arrangements throughout the buildings.

With regard to the third object—the first step taken was the opening of an institution in connection with the Lady Hardinge Hospital for providing Indian Nurses to nurse cases of illness in Indian homes. Several trained Indian nurses were engaged—rules were drawn up for the Institution with the help of the Principal, Lady Hardinge College. Shortly after the scheme had been formulated—a severe epidemic of plague broke out in Delhi during which the Lady Reading Nurses started on their own initiative a special hospital for Plague cases, and at the close of the epidemic it was noted that the mortality at this Hospital was 14 per cent. (compared with the general death rate of 90.32 in April and 54.66 in May for Plague in the city). This may be considered a favourable augury for the success of the Lady Reading Nursing Association.

Great difficulties eventually arose in obtaining trained Indian Nurses. This is only to be expected while Indian women look upon Nursing as a profession to be avoided, and it is hoped that in time with proper co-ordination of the terms and conditions of work the difficulty will be overcome.

The next step in connection with the Nurses Scheme was the offering of scholarships to suitable Indian ladies to proceed to England for training. Though extensively advertised the number of applications received were few and two very suitable ladies were selected—

Miss Lavina Mewa,
Miss Maula Bukhsh,

who sailed for England on November 10th, 1923, to join the Elizabeth Garrett Anderson Hospital, London, for their course of training. In addition two scholarships for the training of high caste Hindu nurses were granted to the Dufferin Hospital, Calcutta. Special rules for the training of these and other nurses who may later be granted scholarships are being formulated.

The financial statement is herewith attached.

T. J. CAREY EVANS,
Honorary Joint Secretary.

M. S. BALFOUR,
Secretary.

**Annual Account of the Lady Reading
Women of India Fund for the years
1922 and 1923.**

Annual Account of the Lady Reading Women

RECEIPTS.

Year.	Subscriptions.	Interest Realised.	Rent of the Mythe.	MISCELLANEOUS.		Total Receipts for the year.
				Refund of balance unspent in connection with Survey work of Mythe.	Sale of Photographs.	
1922	9,53,806 14 8	6,429 6 0	...	...	...	9,60,326 4 8
1923	3,38,867 3 9	31,908 12 3	1,126 0 0	42 3 0	270 0 0	3,72,304 2 3
TOTAL	12,92,764 1 8	38,428 2 3	1,126 0 0	42 3 0	270 0 0	13,32,630 6 11

of India Fund for the years 1922 and 1923.

EXPENDITURE.

Year.	BAIEDVILLE.										LADY READING INDIAN NURSING ASSOCIATION.	DONA- TIONS.	Total Expenditure for the year.												
	Bonds.	Government Promissory Notes.	Legal.	Earnest- money.	Miscellaneous.	Acquisition.	Improvements and alterations.	New construc- tion.	Equipment (ordi- nary).	Equipment (surgical and Medical).				Annual and special repairs.	INSURANCE.	MISCEL- LAN- EOUS.									
1922	5,25,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	...	2,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	1,52,229 0 0	1,000 0 0	1,00,000 0 0	...	4,212 3 0	8,02,441 3 0
1923	...	...	2,000 0 0	...	...	187 8 0	5,364 15 6	77,574 11 9	8,129 4 0	250 0 0	1,002 14 0	1,200 0 0	4,154 10 0	733 13 0	3,066 9 6	3,915 12 0	...	...	...	...	2,00,000 0 0	400 0 0	5,508 12 0	3,13,488 13 9
TOTAL	5,25,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	2,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	187 8 0	5,364 15 6	77,574 11 9	8,129 4 0	250 0 0	1,002 14 0	1,200 0 0	4,154 10 0	1,52,962 13 0	3,066 9 6	3,915 12 0	1,000 0 0	3,00,000 0 0	400 0 0	9,720 15 0	11,15,930 0 9	2,00,000 0 0	400 0 0	5,508 12 0	11,15,930 0 9	

1st March 1924.

M. F. GAUNTLETT,
Honorary Treasurer.

The Lady Chelmsford All-India League for Maternity and Child Welfare.

Royal Patron:

HER IMPERIAL MAJESTY THE QUEEN-EMPRESS.

Founder of the League:

THE VISCOUNTESS CHELMSFORD, C.I., G.B.E.

President:

HER EXCELLENCY THE COUNTESS OF READING, C.I., G.B.E.

Councillors:

DISTRICT BOARD, Allahabad.
EDWIN JOHN, C.B.E.

Patrons:

H. E. The Governor of Madras.
H. E. The Governor of Bombay.
H. E. The Governor of Bengal.
H. E. The Governor of United Provinces.
H. E. The Governor of Punjab.
H. E. The Governor of Burma.
H. E. The Governor of Bihar and Orissa.
H. E. The Governor of Central Provinces.
H. E. The Governor of Assam.
The Chief Commissioner of the North-West Frontier Province.
The Chief Commissioner of Coorg.
The Chief Commissioner of Delhi.
The Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara.
The Chief Commissioner of Baluchistan.
His Exalted Highness the Nizam of Hyderabad.
H. H. The Maharaja (Gaekwar) of Baroda.
H. H. The Maharaja (Scindia) of Gwalior.

H. H. The Maharaja of Mysore.
H. H. The Maharaja of Jammu and Kashmir.
H. H. The Maharaja of Sikkim.

Bombay:

H. H. The Maharaja of Kolhapur.
H. H. The Maharaja of Idar.
H. H. The Maharaja of Bhavnagar.
H. H. The Maharaja of Dhrangadhra.
H. H. The Maharaja of Rajpipla.
H. H. The Thakur Sahib of Morvi.
H. H. The Thakur Sahib of Gondal.
H. H. The Nawab of Janjira.
H. H. The Rai Sahib of Vankaner.
The Thakur Sahib of Limbdi.
The Thakur Sahib of Wadhwan.

United Provinces:

H. H. The Raja of Tehri.

Punjab:

H. H. The Maharaja of Patiala.
H. H. The Maharaja of Jind.

Patrons—continued

H. H. The Maharaja of Nabha.
 H. H. The Maharaja of Kapurthala.
 H. H. The Maharaja of Sirmur.
 H. H. The Nawab of Maler Kotla.
 H. H. The Raja of Faridkot.
 H. H. The Raja of Chamba.
 H. H. The Raja of Suket.
 The Nawab of Loharu.

Central India:

H. H. The Maharaja (Holkar) of Indore.
 H. H. The Begum of Bhopal.
 H. H. The Maharaja of Rewa.
 H. H. The Maharaja of Datia.
 H. H. The Maharaja of Dhar.
 H. H. The Maharaja of Samthar.
 H. H. The Nawab of Jaora.
 H. H. The Maharaja of Ratlam.
 H. H. The Maharaja of Panna.
 H. H. The Maharaja of Charkhari.
 H. H. The Maharaja of Ajaigarh.
 H. H. The Nawab of Baoni.
 H. H. The Maharaja of Chhatarpur.
 H. H. The Raja of Sitamau.

H. H. The Raja of Sailana.
 H. H. The Raja of Rajgarh.
 H. H. The Raja of Narsingarh.
 H. H. The Raja of Jhabua.
 H. H. The Raja of Alirajpur.
 The Raja of Khilchipur.

Rajputana:

H. H. The Maharaja of Udaipur.
 H. H. The Maharaja of Jaipur.
 H. H. The Maharaja of Jodhpur.
 H. H. The Maharao of Bundi.
 H. H. The Maharaja of Bikaner.
 H. H. The Maharaja-Regent of Jodhpur.
 H. H. The Maharao of Kotah.
 H. H. The Maharaja of Bharatpur.
 H. H. The Maharawal of Jaisalmer.
 H. H. The Nawab of Tonk.
 H. H. The Maharaj-Rana of Dholpur.
 H. H. The Maharawat of Partabgarh.
 H. H. The Maharaj-Rana of Jhalawar.

Madras:

H. H. The Maharaja of Travancore.
 H. H. The Maharaja of Cochin.

Lady Chelmsford All-India League for Maternity and Child Welfare.

Report for 1923.

The event of greatest importance from an administrative point of view has been the co-ordination of the Governing Bodies of the various Funds for the physical welfare of Indian women which are under the Presidency of the Viceroy's wife. These consist of the Countess of Dufferin's Fund (in which is included the management of the Women's Medical Service), the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund, the Lady Chelmsford All-India League for Maternity and Child Welfare and the Lady Reading Women of India Fund. These organisations had been successively originated as the needs of the time seemed to indicate, and although the objects in some cases are very similar each had its separate Committee of management, with a personnel sometimes the same and sometimes different from that of the other Funds. Separate meetings were held and the lines of action taken and the propaganda issued by one Fund were not always understood by the others. This not only caused confusion in the minds of the public with which the Committees dealt, but led to a lack of concentration of effort and sometimes to an overlapping of the different spheres of work. The various Governing Bodies have been in communication for some time and have discussed several possible methods of amalgamation or co-ordination of their work. Those which required the sanction of legal proceedings have been dismissed, at least in the meantime: and the present arrangement has been undertaken after submitting the proposed scheme to extraordinary general meetings of the National Association (The Countess of Dufferin's Fund) and the

Lady Chelmsford All-India League. The existing Governing Bodies ceased to act and the new Councils came into being with effect from the 20th July, the date of the general meetings of the Association and League. Under the new arrangement the constitutions and objects of the different Funds remain unaltered. The rules and Regulations have been re-written in order to be identical for all the Funds. The personnel of the Councils of the Executive Committees is the same for the different Funds; while the incomes of each are kept strictly apart and are devoted to the objects originally intended, as laid down in the Constitutions. These arrangements worked satisfactorily during the later months of the year.

Her Excellency the Countess of Reading continued to hold the office of President of the League throughout the year. At Her Excellency's request Mr. M. S. D. Butler became Chairman of the Council. Sir M. F. Gauntlett became Honorary Treasurer with Colonel Daldy as Deputy Honorary Treasurer. As Colonel Daldy was obliged to remain in Simla during the winter he resigned the office of Deputy Honorary Treasurer in November and has been succeeded by Mr. S. C. Gupta. Lieutenant-Colonel Carey Evans as Surgeon to the Viceroy became Honorary Joint Secretary of the Funds and the Chief Medical Officer, Women's Medical Service, became Secretary.

Grants-in-aid were paid during the year to Madras, Bengal, United Provinces, Punjab and Rajputana.

The Health School, Madras, entered on the 2nd year of its existence, five students passed out in 1923, and the new session commenced with six students. Posts were found for all the passed students.

In addition the grants enabled the Provincial Committees to aid Infant Welfare in 25 centres in Madras City and the mufussil.

The Bengal grant-in-aid was distributed to the Red Cross Infant Welfare Centre in Bow Bazaar Street and Indian National Association, Calcutta.

The Maternity and Infant Welfare centre at Pilibhit continued to do good work during the year.

The Punjab grant-in-aid was used entirely on the Health Training School opened in 1922. Two students passed out and obtained posts at once. The new session began in October with six students.

The Infant Welfare Centres at Ajmer and Jodhpur continued to do good work.

The Report of the Delhi Health School will be found at page 113.

**Delhi
Health School.**

The Travelling Exhibition has had a very successful year. It began early in January by a visit to Santiniketan, the home of the Indian poet, Dr. Rabindranath Tagore. It then proceeded to Calcutta where it was housed in the Red Cross Centre in Bow Bazaar Street, and thereafter to Cawnpore, Bareilly and Shahjahanpur. It ended at Lahore in April, after which Mrs. Bellew, the Health Visitor in Charge, was deputed to act for a time as Superintendent of the Crèche newly opened at Raisina. In May and June the Exhibition was sent on a six weeks' tour in the Simla Hills under the charge of Miss Simon and Miss Raynor kindly lent for the purpose by the Punjab Branch. In September, Mrs. Bellew having rejoined, it was shown at Simla successively at the Rama Picture Palace, the Infant Welfare Centre and the Phazli Dispensary. On October 1st, it started on a two months' tour in the Punjab, visiting Lahore, Sialkote, Ferozepore, Jhelum, Rawalpindi, Jullunder, Ludhiana and Amritsar. It then proceeded to Calcutta to take part in the large Industrial Exhibition opened on December 1st.

**Travelling
Exhibition.**

The Exhibition is an attempt to show the main facts of Maternity and Child Welfare by means of models, posters, etc., in a form which can be readily understood by the illiterate as well as the educated classes. The local reports sent to us state in nearly every case that the Exhibition had prove most attractive and popular. The best proof of that is the fact that many of the stations visited have asked that it may pay a second visit during the coming year.

The Quarterly Journal "Maternity and Child Welfare in India" has proved a financial success and in the middle of the year it was found possible to reduce the cost from 12 annas to 8 annas per copy. The number of subscribers continues to increase. The object of the Journal is to keep a record of work done in India and at the same time to keep the workers in touch with similar efforts being made in other countries.

In April a crèche was opened for the benefit of the children of coolie women engaged on the building of the new Secretariat at Raisina. The need for this had

long been felt and the Public Works Department offered to provide the necessary rooms for the purpose. The League, however, in sanctioning a grant of Rs. 2,500 for this purpose was not so much moved by the desire of providing for the comfort of a comparatively small number of children as by the desire of providing a model crèche which might be seen and studied by large employers of labour visiting Delhi. The question of child welfare in connection with Industry is one of great importance.

The opening of the crèche was looked on with suspicion at first among those who were intended to benefit. The rumour went about that the children would be poisoned, that they would be turned into Christians, and finally that the Sirkar meant to seize them for the army. The attendance began with one baby and it was only gradually that the numbers began to increase until at the end of the year they had reached a daily attendance of 22 babies.

In September Her Excellency Lady Reading having announced the intention of organising a National Baby Week throughout India, the Lady Chelmsford League joined the movement and has since, in conjunction with the Red Cross, been actively engaged in correspondence with local centres, in giving advice and in providing material to assist in the celebration of Baby Week. A grant of Rs. 10,000 from the Budgets of 1923 and 1924 has been given by the Council as a Baby Week Fund.

Thanks are due to many voluntary workers during the year and particularly to Lady Whyte who brought others with her, also to Mrs. Abraham for the trouble taken in organising the tour of the Travelling Exhibition in the Simla Hills. The League owes much for the careful attention given by the Superintendent, Government Printing, Calcutta, to its many publications, to Mrs. Tonkinson for the organisation of the Raisina Crèche and to Mrs. Parker for her valuable work as Honorary Secretary of the Crèche Committee.

T. J. CAREY EVANS,
Honorary Joint Secretary.

M. I. BALFOUR,
Secretary.

DELHI HEALTH SCHOOL.

Report, 5th Session, 1922-23.

Six students passed out from the Delhi Health School in July 1923, one was referred in one subject, and one failed altogether. Of the six who passed two were placed in grade A, and four in grade B. The class was up to the standard of former years.

There is still a demand for Health Visitors, though not so great as at first. It is, however, probable that as a result of the Baby Week campaign, a fresh stimulus may be given to Infant Welfare work throughout the country leading to a further demand for workers. The financial depression has also made it difficult to employ additional workers, and Health Visitors are asked for on a minimum salary. It is often difficult to send a worker with some experience who expects to have passed beyond the minimum salary, to a place where the Committee or Local Authority either are not able or are not willing to go beyond that sum. As the work progresses, however, the advantages of employing such workers will become more apparent and salaries may be more willingly given.

The reports from past students of the Health School are often extremely interesting. In some cases, they are full of hope and promise, in others the worker meets with considerable difficulty. In one frontier station the work made a favourable beginning but latterly the attendances have fallen off and the worker feels that her work is ill understood and not acceptable to the people. On the other hand, another frontier station has opened work which promises to be very successful. This is mainly due to the fact that a student of exceptional character and ability was sent to the place. She displayed great initiative and energy and has

a well attended child welfare centre and a dais' class after a very few months of work. This case shows clearly the advantages of character and education to the Health Worker especially in the initiation of such work. It is very doubtful if a less qualified Health Visitor could have made such an impression in such a short time.

Another student who was sent to organise work in two of the Jute Mills has also succeeded beyond our expectations. She had an unusually difficult task to face. The Mill Management were unused to the idea of the work and not fired with its possibilities. The mill population is a floating one and this remark applies even to the dais who are members of the same class which works in the Mills. Yet the centre is being well attended by mothers and babies and the Health Visitor feels she is trusted by the people and finds a welcome in their homes. A dais' class and a sewing class for mothers have also been started. In this case the visiting of people in their homes was facilitated by the fact that the Health Officer supplied the worker with lists of the houses where a birth had taken place. This is a great advantage to the Health Visitor. It gives her some authority to enter the house and, what is more important, it supplies her with information which she can with difficulty obtain otherwise. It is much more satisfactory to visit according to a definite plan than in a haphazard manner, and certainly much easier for the less experienced worker. If the work is carried on under the supervision of a Health Officer, who is keen, the initial stages are likely to be much less arduous for the Health Visitor. This is well exemplified in the case of a student who has gone to work in a town in the Deccan. The Health Officer is himself interested in the work and has facilitated it directly. The worker has also the advantage of the help of several voluntary workers. These ladies help in the centre and also undertake an amount of visiting in the homes of the people. It is a great pity that the system of voluntary workers cannot be used to a greater extent than is at present the case.

One of the recently passed students is managing a crèche at the works of the new Imperial Secretariat, another is doing similar work in South India, and others are scattered throughout various parts of India in work similar to the above.

One of the regrettable features of the work is the fact that there is constant leakage of workers through marriage, ill-health and for other reasons. This is, however, not peculiar to the members of this profession, but occurs in all kinds of women's work. It frequently means a lack of continuity in the work, and a lack of sense of permanent vocation in the workers.

The Health School has taken an important step this year with the sanction of the General Committee of the League. A vernacular class is to be taught in addition to the English course. The League has been led to this step by the fact that there is considerable demand for a less highly paid class of workers and also that many would-be candidates are unable to take advantage of the course in English through their lack of knowledge of that language. At one time it was thought that such students could be taught at the Lahore Health School, but as it does not seem probable that accommodation can be given for any considerable number of such students, it would seem advisable to hold such a class in Delhi at present. The opinion is, however, that Delhi should remain primarily a school of training for the highest class of workers.

Recruitment of suitable candidates is always difficult. Now that Health Schools have been established in Lahore and Madras, the possible sources of candidates have been still further reduced. It is, however, a step in the right direction that candidates of the vernacular class at any rate should be trained in their own provinces where they are familiar with the language and customs of the people. There will always remain, it seems clear, a place for a central training school in a place like Delhi where the facilities for instruction are particularly good.

As the Secretary, Dr. Balfour, is now leaving India it is a fitting opportunity to record appreciation of her valuable services to the Health School sub-committee. Her wise counsel and generous help will be greatly missed, and her indefatigable zeal and knowledge have largely contributed to the place the Health School now occupies in the work throughout India.

RUTH YOUNG,
Secretary.

**Annual Account of Lady Chelmsford
All-India League, 1923.**

Statement of Receipts and Payments
Annual Account of Lady Chelmsford

RECEIPTS—	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1. Opening Balance . . . . .	...	28,896 14 10
2. Interest on Investments . . . . .	...	52,176 4 2
3. From V. M. S. Fund . . . . .	...	8,000 0 0
4. By Subscriptions . . . . .	...	1,931 3 7
5. Miscellaneous—		
(a) Miscellaneous	412 9 9	
(b) By Sales	2,571 13 4	
(c) Proceeds of six months Treasury Bills	50,000 0 0	52,984 7 1
TOTAL . . . . .	...	1,43,988 13 8

for the year ended 31st December 1923.

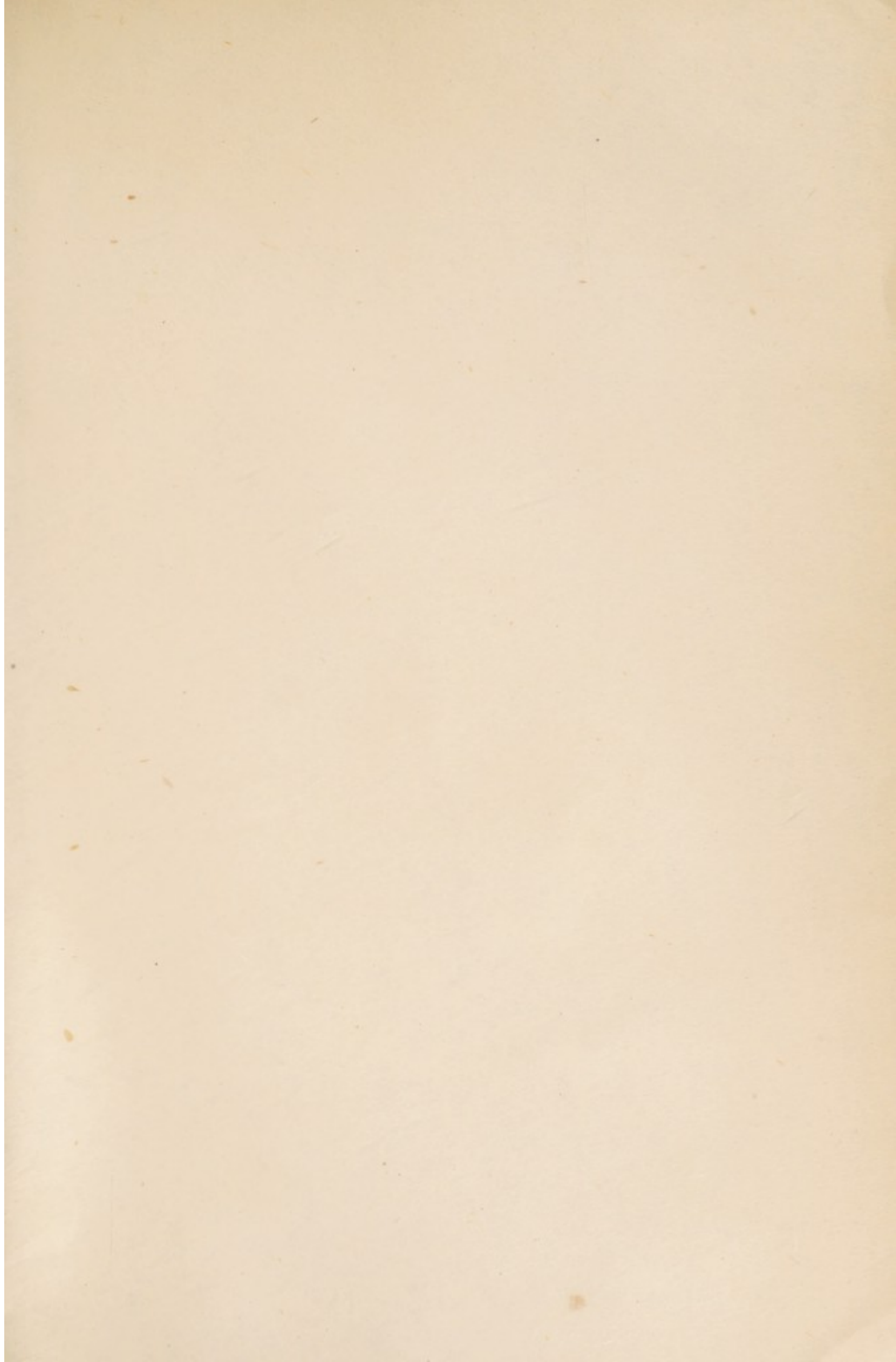
All-India League, 1923.

EXPENDITURE—	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1. Central Office . . . . .	...	12,700 0 0
2. Propaganda and Exhibition . . . . .	...	9,324 9 4
3. Activities in areas administered Centrally—		
(a) Health School, Delhi	11,000 0 0	
(b) Crèche, Raisina	2,500 0 0	
(c) Surgical Instruments	122 4 0	
(d) Share of Office building	5,340 0 0	
		18,962 4 0
4. Grants-in-aid—		
1. Madras	6,000 0 0	
2. Pengal	1,000 0 0	
3. Punjab	3,360 0 0	
4. Jodhpur	1,000 0 0	
5. Ajmere	600 0 0	
6. Simla	600 0 0	
7. Dera Ismail Khan	300 0 0	
8. St. John Ambulance Association.	1,500 0 0	
		14,360 0 0
5. Miscellaneous—		
(a) Baby Week	2,822 6 6	
(b) Cost of a Treasury Bill	58,612 8 0	
(c) Refund of money to District Board, Montgo- mery.	50 0 0	
(d) Audit Fee	150 0 0	
(e) Privilege Leave allowances of Dr. Wemyss Grant.	400 0 0	
		62,034 14 6
Closing balance	26,607 1 10
TOTAL	1,43,988 13 8

M. F. GAUNTLETT.

9th February 1924.

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