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# REPORT

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THE ROYAL SOCIET for the Promotion

OF HEALTH

## of the

## Local Board of Health



## THE CITY of EDMONTON ALBERTA

1963

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## ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

Chairman and Members, Local Board of Health

EDMONTON, Alberta

Ladies and Gentlemen:

It is with pleasure that I present for your consideration the annual report of the services of the Local Board of Health of Edmonton.

The population of the city as recorded by the 1963 census was 303,756, an increase of 8,789 or 2.97%. Of this number, 6,705 represented the natural increase.

The falling marriage rate reflects the falling birth rate. However, reasonably both marriage and birth rates may be expected to rise again as the large number of children born in the immediate post war years reach maturity.

The death rate remained fairly steady at 6.4 per thousand population. The leading causes of death were consistent with previous years — that is, diseases of the heart, cancer and diseases of the blood vessels of the central nervous system.

The fourth leading cause of death remains "external causes", i.e., violence, accidents, etc. More deaths in this category were recorded in 1963 than ever previously. There were more homicides and more fatalities in the general accident field. The rising trend in autombile accidents and in suicides continued. The calm acceptance of 158 deaths of this nature, many of which would be preventable is at least curious. There is little doubt of the reaction if these 158 deaths had been due to poliomyelitis.

The reported incidence of infectious hepatitis fell by 15%. One case of typhoid was reported in a boy and a carrier was subsequently identified. One case of diphtheria and two subsequent carriers were reported in the city. The case was infected outside the city. An infant died from whooping cough. There was no poliomyelitis reported amongst our citizens. In all there were nine deaths from communicable disease excluding syphilis.

Five of these — over 50%, were due to tuberculosis. One hundred and fifty-six cases of tuberculosis were reported which is the highest incidence since 1959 when a large immigrant increment was obtained. Good facilities for detection, control and treatment are available in the community. The real value of these efforts depends not on the acceptance of these facilities but on their personal utilization by citizens.

The increasing industrialization of the city and consequent concern with pollution of the atmosphere warrant special mention in this report. An increasing number of sampling devices have been in operation over the past two or three years. Base levels of pollution are thus being established. Under normal circumstances, adverse levels of atmospheric pollution are not experienced in Edmonton. Exceptional circumstances are occasioned by meteorological incidents known as inversions, in that an inversion will not permit the natural dispersion of pollution which, in consequence, accumulates materially.

Under such conditions a haze is prone to appear over the city. Every building in this community utilizes natural gas for heating purposes, of which the main end products of combustion are carbon dioxide and water vapour. During cold weather inversions, the large amounts of water vapour thusly released freeze to particles suspended in atmosphere, thus accounting for haze. The haze naturally contains pollutants, but not in concentrations comparable to that of coal-burning communities.

Increasing attention doubtless should be directed to the internal combustion engine as the most rapidly increasing source of pollution present in the community. There are over 125,000 automobiles in Edmonton and this number increases by 7 -8,000 each year. 70,000,000 gallons of gasoline and 2,000,000 gallons of Diesel oil are retailed and largely combusted in Edmonton annually. Inevitably significant amounts of pollution are thusly released. The science of control of pollution is generally in its infancy and satisfactory control mechanisms for internal combustion engines have not yet been developed. Experimental developments in California will be watched with interest.

This city is fortunate in that the mass of noxious industrial atmospheric discharge common to industrial communities are not found. The Provincial acceptance of responsibility and provision of legislation represents control developing in the early stages of a problem which inevitably will accompany industrialization. Control is most expensive and successful mechanisms, individual to the problem of each industry, are difficult to develop. Nevertheless, in general, prospects for control are favourable.

I am happy to record our appreciation of the assistance we have received in the past year from citizens and various levels and divisions of government.

The consistent interest and support received from the members of the Local Board of Health has been invaluable in the effective operation of the department.

Finally, I must commend the entire staff of the Local Board of Health for the conscientious efforts put forth on behalf of the citizens of Edmonton.

Yours truly,

G. H. BALL, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H., Medical Officer of Health.

## ORGANIZATION AND ADMINISTRATION

The city of Edmonton, under the Public Health Act of Alberta, constitutes a Health District. The health services are operated by and under the sole control of the Local Board of Health. Representation on the Board is obtained by Council, the school boards, the medical and dental professions. The Board meets monthly.

The chief executives of the Local Board of Health are the Medical Officer of Health and the Deputy Medical Officer of Health.

Organizationally, the Department consists of a number of divisions, each responsible through an administrative chain to the executive. The administrative chain provides resource and supervision in specific areas to the general duty personnel in the field.

The city is divided into five regions, each tributary to a regional office. The various divisions except administration, are represented in these offices. The divisions are:

#### Administration:

Under the supervision of the Administrative Secretary performing

- i. general office procedures

ii. vital statisticsiii. administration in connection with Board of Health meetings.

#### Medical Division:

Graduate medical officers performing general duties in the clinics, in the schools and on the district.

Nursing Division: (Graduate Public Health and Registered Nurses)

(a) Infant and Pre-School: A cadre of specialized nurses, one to each regional office clinic, operating the clinic and ancillary services with and through the district public health nurse.

(b) Immunization Clinics: Specialized nurses, one to each regional office clinic, operating the clinic with the assistance of the district public health nurses.

(c) District Public Health Nursing Service: Each region is composed of a number of districts, to each of which is allotted a district public health nurse. The district public health nurse is responsible for all nursing service therein. Her efforts are supplemented in certain spheres by the specialized clinic personnel.

#### **Tuberculosis Division:**

The core of this division consists of the specialized tuberculosis nursing staff supplied to the Department by the Kinsmen of Edmonton. Control is ex-ercised directly and indirectly in co-operation with the district public health nursing service. Close liaison is maintained with the Tuberculosis Division of the Provincial Health Department.

#### **Environmental Hygiene:**

A group of graduate public health inspectors, operating both from the central office and the regional offices, maintaining at this time a completely generalized service. It becomes apparent that complete generalization of service will be impossible to maintain much longer. A certain degree of specialization is to be anticipated in the near future.

#### **Dental Division:**

Under the supervision of the Dental Director, a graduate dentist supplies clinical maintenance to the dentally indigent, and dental auxiliaries (hygienists) survey, counsel and apply prophylactic treatment to the pre-school and school children.

#### Food Inspection Division:

A graduate veterinarian employed in meat inspection and responsible directly and indirectly through the Public Health Inspector for food manufacturing and processing.

#### Milk and Water Division:

The Milk and Water Division is responsible for the clean and disease-free production of milk and milk products, the supervision of water supplies and swimming pools.

## SUMMARY OF STATISTICS

Area	of City-6	8.67 Squar	e Miles		
	1963	1962	1961	1960	1959
Population	303,756	294,967	276,018	269,314	260,733
Persons per acre of land	6.9	6.7	7.5	7.4	8.8
Cost per capita	2.08	1.96	1.76	1.75	1.63
School enrolment	70,277	66,970			53,490
Natural increase of population	6,705	7,043	6,701	6,986	6,889
BIRTHS					
Total births	12,275	12,593	12,458	12,847	12,425
Resident births only	8,643	8,857	8,428	8,705	8,599
Resident rate per					
1,000 population	28.45	30.02	30.4	32.3	32.9
STILLBIRTHS					
Total stillbirths	142	142	128	142	138
Resident stillbirths only	101	91	89	92	84
Resident stillbirths rate per					
1,000 living births	11.7	10.3	10.5	10.5	9.8
DEATHS					
Total deaths	2,665	2,652	2,536	2,552	2,460
Resident deaths only	1,938	1,814	1,726	1,737	1,710
Resident rate per					
1,000 population	6.4	6.1	6.2	6.5	6.5
INFANT MORTALITY					
Total deaths under					
1 year of age	289	294	337	326	275
Resident deaths under	174	140		100	140
1 year of age Resident rate per	174	162	200	199	168
1,000 living births	20.1	18.3	23.7	22.8	19.5
		1.1			
NEONATAL DEATHS					
Resident deaths under 28 days	137	127	147	152	130
Rate per 1,000 living births	15.8	14.3	17.4	17.4	15.1
MATERNAL MORTALITY					
Maternal deaths (Resident only)	0	2	1	0	2
Rate per 1,000 living births	.00	.23	.11	.00	.23
MARRIAGES					
Marriages	3,119	3,208	3,112	3,471	3,270
Rate per 1,000 population	10.3	10.9	11.2	12.5	12.3

## REGISTERED VITAL STATISTICS

BIRTHS	1963	1962	1961	1960	1959
Total births	12,275	12,593	12,458	12,847	12,425
Resident births only	8,643	8,857	8,428	8,705	8,599
Male	4,444	4,507	4,348	4,518	4,389
Female	4,199	4,350	4,080	4,187	4,210
Double births (Resident only)	88	84	80	101	82
Triple births (Resident only)	-			3	1
Resident illegitimate births	582	603	496	463	474
Total illegitimate births	916	869	806	788	770
Born in institutions (Resident)	8,642	8,857	8,426	8,702	8,598
MATERNAL PARENTAGE					
Canada	7,050	7,063	6,764	6,898	6,645
British Isles	295	339	364	365	431
Europe and Asia	1,157	1,310	1,170	1,305	1,399
U.S.A	123	123	110	112	105
Other Countries	18	22	20	25	19

#### THE LOCAL BOARD OF HEALTH

## RESIDENT LIVE BIRTHS BY AGE OF MOTHER AND ORDER OF BIRTH

				1963						
-1	4 15-	19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	40-44	Over 44	Total	96
1st child	4 67		1,328	482	152	58	8	1	2,712	31.4
	- 18		987	664	271	94	24	i	2,224	25.7
2nd child 3rd Child		24	454	624	359	141	29	i	1,632	18.9
			1000		0.70 0.11	1.1.1.1	31	1		
4th child		6	178	329	312	153	21	1	1,013	11.7
5th child	-		30		91	75	29		263	3.0
6th child 7th child	50.5		2	62 30	48	40	15	_	135	1.6
	_		2	11	21	31	12	2	77	
			-	2	11	18	4	1	36	
9th child	-			2		10	4		30	.*
and over			_		8	16	7	_	31	.4
	4 89	2	2,991	2,357	1,441	767	180	8	8,643	100
STILLBIRTHS			1963	1	962	1961		1960	19	59
Total stillbirths			142		142	128		142	2.5	38
Resident stillbirths only			101		91	89		92		84
Male			59 45		42			50		
Female			42		48	47		52	34	
Born in institutions			101		91	89		92		84
Cause of Foetal Deaths										
Dystocia			18		5	14		9		27
Prematurity			11		9	8		10		6
Toxemia of pregnan			3		5	5				2
Syphilis			_		_	_				_
Malformation			9		8	20		8		16
Placenta and membra			28		26	20		17		12
Trautamism, overwork					_					
Other conditions			32		38	22		31		21
DEATHS			1963	1	962	1961		1960		59
Total deaths			2,665		652	2,536		2,552	2,4	
Resident deaths only			1,938		814	1,726		1,737	1,7	
Male			1,188		143	1,101		1,087	1,0	
Female			750		671	625		650		75
Resident rate per 1,000						02.0				
population			6.3	38	6.1	6.	.2	6.5		6.5
Racial Origin										
Canada			621		579	558		487	4	53
British Isles			576		575	481		538	5	23
Europe and Asia			598		529	521		489		81
U.S.A.			126		105	114		113		96
Others			17		26	53		110	1	57

## PRINCIPAL CAUSES OF DEATH, 1963

		Total	Male	Female	% of Total Deaths	Rate per 100 M Population
420-434	Diseases of heart	602	406	196	31.1	198.1
140-205	Cancer	336	195	141	17.3	110.5
330-334	Vascular lesions affecting central					
	nervous system	196	95	101	10.2	64.5
800-999	External causes	158	111	47	8.1	52.0
750-776	Diseases of early infancy	155	92	63	8.1	51.0
490-493	Pneumonia	71	49	22	3.7	23.7
440-447	Hypertension	32	13	19	1.6	10.5
260	Diabetes mellitus	29	9	20	1.5	9.5
540-541	Ulcer of stomach and duodenum	21	18	3	1.0	6.9
410-416	Chronic rheumatic heart disease	20	7	13	1.0	6.6
	All other causes	318	192	126	16.4	104.7
	Total	1,938	1,187	751	100.0%	638.0

### MORTALITY FROM HEART DISEASE

Year	Total Deaths	Deaths From Heart Disease	Percentage of Total Deaths	Rate per 100M Population
1963	 1938	602	31.1	198.1
1962		556	30.6	188.4
1961	 1726	557	32.3	201.1
1960	 1737	531	30.6	197.1
1959	 1710	485	28.3	186.0

## MORTALITY FROM CANCER

Year	D	Total Neaths	Deaths From Cancer	Percentage of Total Deaths	Rate per 100M Population
1963	***************************************	1938	336	17.3	110.5
1962		1814	342	18.8	115.9
1961		1726	306	17.8	111.2
1960		1737	349	20.1	129.5
1959		1710	291	17.0	111.6

### MORTALITY FROM INTRACRANIAL LESIONS OF VASCULAR ORIGIN

Year	otal eaths	Deaths From This Cause	Percentage of Total Deaths	Rate per 100M Population
1963	 1938	196	10.2	64.5
1962	 1814	202	11.1	68.4
1961	 1726	177	10.3	64.1
1960	 1737	175	10.1	64.9
1959	 1710	187	10.9	71.1

#### MORTALITY FROM TUBERCULOSIS

Year	Total Jeaths	Deaths Fro Tuberculos	tage of Deaths	Rate per 100M Population
1963	 1938	6	.31	2.0
1962	 1814	3	.16	1.0
1961	 1726	6	.34	2.2
1960	 1737	7	.14	3.3
1959	 1710	14	.82	5.3

## MORTALITY FROM PNEUMONIA

Year	otal eaths	Deaths From Pneumonia	Percentage of Total Deaths	Rate per 100M Population
1963	 1938	71	3.7	23.4
1962	 1814	66	3.6	22.3
1961	 1726	75	4.3	27.1
1960	 1737	46	2.6	17.0
1959	 1710	65	3.8	24.7

#### MORTALITY FROM EXTERNAL CAUSES

		Total Deaths	Deaths From External Causes	Male	Female	Suicide	Homicide	Automobil	All Other Accidents	Percentage of Deaths	Rate Per 100M Population
1963		1938	158	111	47	28	10	50	70	8.2	52.0
1962	*********	1814	133	91	42	31	3	40	59	7.3	45.0
1961		1726	124	87	37	25	1	37	61	7.2	44.9
1960		1737	138	102	36	19	4	47	68	10.1	51.2
1959		1710	130	100	30	24	2	45	59	7.6	49.8

ABRIDGED INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFICATION OF CAUSES OF DEATH, 1963

	THE LOCAL BOARD OF HEALTH 9		
Non Resi.	2255 233 233 233 233 233 233 233 233 233	727	
		203 7:	
Over 80 M F	m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m	253 2	456
		210 2	
70-79 M F	1 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32 32	311 2	521
6 L	101-01     101-02     101-02     101-02	108	-
60-69 M F	- 100 - 100	199	307
59 F	m-o-         -   -   -    /m = 0 0   m      5 5	59	6
50-59 M	-	160	219
46 F	7 -   0   0 0        0-   -      0 000	49	8
40-49 M	۵۵٬۵۵۵         -۱۵    -  -    /۱ /۱    /۱	59	108
39 F		17	24
30-39 M	- v  -     - v    - -    m                     00001	37	
20-29 M F		14	42
		28	
15-19 M F		7	13
F M		8 6	
5-14 M		4	22
~		7 17	
¥ 1		2	22
		-	
Under M I		5 69	174
1		1 105	
×		37 751	
		1,187	
Total	1         1	1,938	
	1       Tuberculosis, respiratory system         2       Tuberculosis, all other forms         3       Diptheria         0       Whooping cough         0       Meningoccccal infections         17       Meningoccccal infections         18       Maingrant neoplasms, including neoplasms of lymphatic and hearsitic         19       Meningoccccal infections         19       Meningoccccal infections         19       Maingrant neoplasms, including neoplasms of lymphatic and hearsitic         19       Maingrant neoplasms and neoplasms of lymphatic and hears mellitus         20       Non-meningocccccal meningitis         21       Anseular lesions affecting central         22       Non-meningoccccal meningitis         23       Non-meningoccccal meningitis         24       Mypertension with hout mention of heart         25       Mypertension with hout mention of heart         26       Materios of new houn         27       Other disease of newhorn         28       Mypertension with hout mention of heart         29       Non-mening obstruction and hermia         20       Materios of newhorn         21       Materios of newhorn         22       Mopendicitis, enteritis, colitis, enteritis, colitis,	TOTAL	
	5098846 52 44 51 51 51 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50		

## THE LOCAL BOARD OF HEALTH

in

INFAN	INFANT MORTALITY	ALITY			
	1963	1962	1961	1960	1959
Total deaths under 1 year of age	. 289	294	341	326	275
Resident deaths under 1 year of age	. 174	162	201	199	168
Male	. 105	97	124	125	103
Female	- 69	65	77	74	65
Legitimate	158	144	194	183	161
Infant mortality rate per 1,000 living births	. 20.1	18.3	23.7	22.8	19.5
RACIAL ORIGIN					
Canada	- 149	140	161	148	124
British Isles	. 3	8	7	15	14
Europe and Asia	- 18	12	30	31	30
U.S.A.	4	2	2	4	1
Others	1	1	1	-	1

3	
1963	
0	
-	
MORTALITY,	BY MONTH
INFANT MC	

SEX

		THE LOCAL BOARD OF HEALTH TI	
5	Monthe		-
	shtnom 9-7		e
	shtnoM 8-4		80
	sitnom E-1		25
	1 Month Under		5
	3rd Week		-
	2nd Week		-
	1st Week	m   n0  - m	29
	1st Day	- -      04  -   4-00-  -   460	104
	Decemper		17
	November	-   -                   -	16
	October		15
	September	-        -   -	6
	tsuguA		19
	Aint	mn          n -	12
	əunr	-    -   0 04     40   1	23
5	May	- -    -       -      - ->   -     -	15
	April	~~         -   - - -     ~~	=
	Магсћ	-           -   -4-      0	15
	February	-  0  -	15
	γαυησιλ		2
	Female		69
\$	Male	5 -   520 -   -300000 - 0 - 500 - 5	105
5	Total	0-000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	174
			1
		ooping cough er diseases attributable to viruses eases of thymus gland trial deficiency 	
		ble to ngoco ngoco ising ising ising ising injur ising are injur atelex injur atelex injur atelex injur ising isi	-
		and intributable to ymus glandrcy orrhage orrhage orrhage ase of heart all pneumonia and pneumonia obstruction obstruction di malformations of fformations of f	TOTAL
		a cough beficiency hoemorrhage hoemorrhage hoemorrhage hoemorrhage hoemorria is except meningocco culosus is except meningocco atypical pneumonia atypical pneumonia attroc at mechanical suffoc and unspecified circ	-
		ooping cough er diseases attributable to v eases of thymus gland intal deficiency entronal diseases attributable to v ruberculosus ethonol disease of heart inchopneumonia archopneumonia archopneumonia archopneumonia intervisity mention of obstruction pregnancy pregnancy intervisity mention of obstruction ar a bifida and meningocele ngenital hydrocephalus recongenital malformations of agenital malformations of openital malformations of system mervous system and sense openital malformations of system mervous system and spiny and arelecta unnonia of newborn er bitth injury that and unspecified congenit malformations of newborn er bitth injury that diseases of newborn eer bitth injury that diseases of newborn eerited and unspecified coular to defined alseases of newborn eerited alseases of newborn eriter and unspecified second alation and ingestion of foo coularial mechanical suffocat of other and unspecified second and crade	
		Whooping cough Other diseases attributable to viruses Diseases of thymus gland Mental deficiency Mental deficiency Mennal attributable to viruses Mennal deficiency Mennal deficiency Mennal deficiency Functional disease of heart Functional disease of heart Functional disease of heart Primary atypical preumonia Primary atypical and meningocele Congenital hydrocephalus Other compenital malformations of circulat System Monstrosity Monstrosity Congenital molformations of circulat System Monstrosity Other and unspecified congenital malformations Congenital molformations of circulat System Monstrosity and and sense organs Congenital molformations of circulat System Monstrosity	
		056 0956 0956 0956 0956 0956 0956 0956 0	

BY AGE

THE LOCAL BOARD OF HEALTH

## IMMUNIZATION CLINICS - COMMUNICABLE DISEASE CONTROL

During the year 250 immunization clinic sessions were held at each of the five regional offices. The average total daily attendance was 501.

A series of lectures on immunization was given to nurses in training at the Misericordia and General Hospitals. 307 students and graduate nurses attended the clinics for field observation purposes.

The inoculation clinic staff once more took part in the routine immunization runs of the schools.

A mass oral poliomyelitis vaccination drive was held in late January and late March. Regular clinic services were discontinued for the duration of these sessions with the exception of the special facilities provided for travellers in the central clinic.

1,081 visits were made to children and others in their homes in relation to communicable diseases.

	1796	1901	1960	1959
53,069	29,527	23,050	29,564	59,203
10,073	7,649	10,961	7,905	8,267
125,330	91,794	80,301	116,442	159,610
125,086	91,794	80,301	116,443	159,610
1,348	1,558	1,350	1,323	2,184
133	111	99	187	291
72	52	46	78	119
128	96	91	114	148
87	58	46	63	79
81	50	37	35	(Opened
			Jur	ne 1960)
	53,069 10,073 125,330 125,086 1,348 133 72 128 87	10,073 7,649 125,330 91,794 125,086 91,794 1,348 1,558 133 111 72 52 128 96 87 58	53,069         29,527         23,050           10,073         7,649         10,961           125,330         91,794         80,301           125,086         91,794         80,301           1,348         1,558         1,350           133         111         99           72         52         46           128         96         91           87         58         46	53,069         29,527         23,050         29,564           10,073         7,649         10,961         7,905           125,330         91,794         80,301         116,442           125,086         91,794         80,301         116,443           1,348         1,558         1,350         1,323           1         133         111         99         187           72         52         46         78         128         96         91         114           87         58         46         63         3

#### TOTAL IMMUNIZATION STATISTICS, 1963

	Immunization Clinics	School Health Service
DIPHTHERIA:	Climes	Service
1st doses	8,896	-
Re-inforcing doses		17,255
Total doses	43,218	17,255
WHOOPING COUGH:		
1st doses Re-inforcing doses	8,335	-
Total doses		_
TETANUS:		
1st doses	10.057	_
Re-inforcing doses	8,390	17,255
Total doses		17,255
TYPHOID:		
1st doses	1,567	
Re-inforcing doses		_
	4,450	The second s
SMALLPOX: Smallpox vaccinations	10,861	17,009
	10,001	17,009
POLIOMYELITIS-SALK:	10/77	
1st doses Re-inforcing doses		649 18,576
Total doses		19,950
POLIOMYELITIS-SABIN:		
1st doses		53,041
Total doses		105,198
CHOLERA:		
1st doses		-
Total doses		_
TYPHUS: 1st doses	154	
Total doses		_
OTHERS:		
Total doses		_
SCHICK TESTS:		
Total doses		-

COMMI	UNICABLE DISEASES	E DISEAS	ES, 1959 -	- 1963							
	-	1963	1962	62	1961	61	1960	60	1959	59	_
	U	٥	U	٥	υ	٥	υ	٥	υ	٥	
Brucellosis		1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Chickenpox		1	2	1	1	1	1	1		1	
Diarrhoea of the newborn		I	I	I	1	I	1	-	I	1	
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Dysentery	7	1	4	1	2	۱	2	۱	-	ļ	
Dysentery carrier		1	13	1	13	1	-	1	1		TH
Food poisoning	:	11	164	11	25		4	-	10		HE
Measles	1248	-	2817		1184		1820	-01	1061	-	LO
tis A (Polio virus)		1	1	1	-		9	1	1		CA
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Moningitis D (Others and unspecified)		-	=-		-		2			1	BC
Paratvohoid fever		- 1	- 64		-		-				DAI
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Rubella		1	126	1	92		210	1	223		0
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Typhoid fever carrier		1.	277	1	) m (						-
Whooping cough VENEREAL DISEASES	102	-	335	I	62	I	76		168		
Gonorrhoea			2208	I	1503	١	1386	۱	1395		
Non-specific urethitis	719	4	494	0	425	14	354	101	321	-	
TOTAL	5648	13	6723	8	3797	8	4719	16	3807	16	
Morbidity per 1,000 population		18.2	22.7	2	12.1	1	17.5	-	14.5		1
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#### TUBERCULOSIS CONTROL

Tuberculosis control continued to receive active support from the Kinsmen. Club of Edmonton. Excellent co-operation has been extended by the Tuberculosis Division of the Provincial Health Department and by the Alberta Tuberculosis Association.

A revolving card index tuberculosis register is being prepared which will direct continuing field control. More time and effort has been directed to tuberculosis during the year than in any previous year. There remains in the community, indeed the country, a hard core of tuberculosis which will require even greater efforts than those already directed to the problem before complete control and elimination can be achieved.

Tuberculosis testing in the schools is carried out in Grades I, V, and X (changed to grade IX after the summer recess) and on all school personnel using the A & H Multiple Puncture Apparatus, Mark IV. Family contacts of positive reactors were also tested. All positive reactors were referred to the Tuberculosis Division for further investigation.

Chest surveys through the miniature x-rays continue both from mobile units and the units stationed in the City Hall and Unemployment Insurance Building. Efforts are being made to encourage all employers to require pre-employment chest x-rays of all personnel.

Survey of food handlers employing the Heaf gun was initiated. Co-operation was good but it is a slow and difficult operation in view of shift work. Consideration is being given to making an annual chest x-ray of food handlers a necessity for licensing.

CASES:	1963	1962	1961	1960	1959
*Pulmonary Tuberculosis		125	120	108	139
**All other forms of Tuberculosis		19	26	13	30
RATES PER 100,000 POPULATION:					
Pulmonary Tuberculosis	44.1	42.3	43.3	40.1	53.3
All other forms of Tuberculosis		6.4	9.4	4.0	11.5
DEATHS:					
Pulmonary Tuberculosis		2	5	6	12
All other forms of Tuberculosis		î	1	1	2
*1963 total includes 70 inactive cases					-
**1963 total includes 2 inactive cases.					
VISITING SERVICES:					
Total visits by nurses					
Visits to homes	1,196				
Visits to tuberculosis cases					
Visits to contact cases	2,257				
Tuberculin tests in homes					
Observation	44				
SURVEYS - A & H MULTIPLE PUNCTUR	E APPARA	TUS			
	Teste	d	Pos	itive	
Food Handlers			20	6	
Institutions			2	26	
Students-University of Alberta				-	
Schools-Grade 1				5	
Grade V			12	77	
Grade IX			22		
Grade X	and the second se			0	
Pre-employment class				7	
School Personnel	1,073		34	/	
CHEST SURVEYS:	1963	1962	1961	1960	1959
City Hall	7,022	8,462	6,984	9,898	9,934
Industrial Surveys		279	16,734	10,956	10,123
Unemployment Insurance Building		2,881	2,171	-	-
High Schools	5,765	-	-	-	-

25,283

11,622

25,889

25,629

20,057

CHEST SURVEY TOTALS .....

#### WELL BABY AND PRE-SCHOOL SERVICE

The five regional clinics were closed to routine operations during the Sabin vaccine campaign and the staff of the division turned over to Sabin immunization.

A pilot program was initiated at the Royal Alexandra Hospital Maternity wing to discuss with new mothers the care of new babies and to give information on the services available to mothers in the city. The programme has been well received.

The Phenylketonuria survey continued. All newborn infants in attendance were tested. One case of Phenylketonuria was so identified.

Physicians were in charge of the Central Regional Clinic two afternoons a week and one afternoon a week in the remaining four clinics.

154 nurseries, play schools, kindergartens, foster homes and child institutions were registered. Four hundred visits were made to these agencies.

	1963	1962	1961	1960	1959
Total Attendance		39,203	39,201	37,783	36,458
Under I Year		24,088	24,396	23,582	23,314
Out of town	14,797	15,145	14,805	14,201	13,144
Average daily attendance					
Main Clinic		25	27	32	37
South Side Clinic		25	25	29	37
Woodcroft Clinic		38	42	41	43
Eastwood Clinic		38	34	33	29
Idylwylde Clinic		31	29	24	(Opened
					June 1,
					1960)
Total average monthly attendance	3,105	3,269	3,267	3,149	3,038
Total new admissions		7,982	7,657	7,823	7,548
Total re-admissions		486	445	358	386
Under 1 year	5,852	6,173	5,889	6,052	5,774
1 to 6 years	1,778	1,819	1,719	1,772	1,774
Discharged		6,702	6,959	6,512	5,826
Total remaining on roll	23,304	23,773	21,493	20,795	19,282
Home visits	5,056	4,529	4,907	4,633	4,140
Phenylketonuria tests	8,801	9,026	7,738	7,852	-
Number seen by doctor		715	681	678	654
Referred to family doctor		773	739	690	631
No. of student days	403	420	373	326	364
Post-partum classes					

95 clinics for four-year-olds were held for selected four-year-old children. Each child was submitted to routine medical and dental examinations and the mothers counselled accordingly. The interest shown by families in this programme has been most encouraging.

#### **General Statistics**

Parents invited	1,187
Parents present	1,023
Number of examinations	1,038
Children with defects	560
Referrals to physicians	73

#### SCHOOL HEALTH SERVICES, 1963

At the beginning of the 1963-64 academic year 70,277 students attended 153 city schools, and public health services were provided by 50 district nurses of the Health Department.

Periodic examinations by the medical officers covered grades I, V, and X (grade V being omitted in selected schools) and all entrants to the school system. In September, the final examination was moved from grade X to gradeIX. Administratively this worked out well and it ensured a final check-up for those students who leave school after completing grade IX.

Audiometric screening of all grade IV students continued. Of those surveyed, 484 or 6.8% required individual testing and, for about a third of this group, audiograms were made and the parents interviewed, if possible.

Opthalmic examinations and spectacles, where necessary, were provided for 139 children of indigent parents, and a further 27 were assisted with spectacle repairs.

The first general administration of oral poliomyelitis vaccine took place at the beginning of the year and 53,041 first doses and 52,157 second doses were given in the schools. The balance of the immunization programme was maintained at the normal level. Reinforcing doses of triad (diptheria, tetanus, and poliomyelitis combined) were given in grades I, V and IX, and smallpox vaccination was offered in grades II and VIII. Primary immunization courses against diptheria and tetanus and against poliomyelitis were arranged for the small group starting school without this protection.

The incidence of measles rose sharply at the end of the year. The one case of typhoid recorded was not serious and led to the early detection of a carrier in the patient's family. The school population remained free of diptheria (for the fifth successive year) and it is encouraging to note that the last case of paralytic poliomyelitis occurred in 1960.

Five new cases of tuberculosis in school children were notified.

Continued interest was shown by teachers in the educational programme on cigarette smoking and lung cancer, and the district nurses again distributed the film-strip kit, "To Smoke or Not to Smoke" along with suitable pamphlets and resource material to all the junior high schools in the city. An instructional display on the same theme was circulated through every senior high school.

In early November the director of nursing and the five district charge nurses commenced the study of various aspects of mental illness by means of a series of weekly study groups which constitute part of the training schedule of the Royal Alexandra Hospital's psychiatric unit.

#### EXAMINATIONS BY MEDICAL OFFICERS:

Complete periodic examinations	15,525
Examinations on special referral	555
Re-examination	331
Total number of examinations	16,411
Number of pupils with defects	6,321
Parents invited to examinations	9,354
Parents present at examinations	5,235
Pupils referred to physicians	495
Pupils referred to dentists	568

#### EXAMINATIONS BY NURSES:

Periodic examinations	37,665
Examinations on special referral	25,465
Re-examinations	7,271
Partial examinations	126,335
Total number of examinations	196,735
Number of pupils with defects	33,950
Pupils referred to physicians	3,852
Pupils referred to dentists	1,911

## THE LOCAL BOARD OF HEALTH

#### AUDIOMETRIC SURVEY:

Number	group-tested	7,109
Failures		948
Number	tested individually	484
	for audiograms	161

#### SCHOOL NURSING SERVICES:

Home visits	4,272
Consultations with physicians	464
Consultations with teachers	10,842
Consultations with parents	10,347
Consultations with others	3,101
Pupils given first-aid	10,107
Lectures and talks	285
Field work sessions with students	238

### REGISTER OF PHYSICALLY HANDICAPPED CHILDREN

This register, at the end of 1963, contained 2,013 cards pertaining to children living in Edmonton. Those with records classified as active were being reviewed at appropriate intervals, while it was felt that the inactive group required no further follow-up.

Close liaison has been established with the new Registry for Handicapped Children and Adults set up by the Provincial Department of Health.

The tables below give a breakdown by numbers and percentages of the cases on record.

ORTHOPEDIC:  Congenital Muscular Dystrophy Osteochondroses Rheumatoid Arthritis Post Traumatic Miscellaneous  NETECTIVE AND PARASITIC:  Poliomyelitis Tuberculosis—Respiratory —Bone and Joint —Other Other		extine 1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	1 90 1 3 1 15 110 2 1	9 3 14 25 9 77	31 31 3 17 3 3 12 36 32 5 7	47 13 25 12 6 26 129 61 41 5
Congenital Muscular Dystrophy Osteochondroses Rheumatoid Arthritis Post Traumatic Miscellaneous Miscellaneous MFECTIVE AND PARASITIC: Poliomyelitis Tuberculosis—Respiratory —Bone and Joint —Other	47 	43 	90 1 3 1 15 110	16 10 8 9 3 14 25 9 	31 3 17 3 12 36 32 5	47 13 25 12 6 26 129 129 61 41 5
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Poliomyelitis Tuberculosis—Respiratory —Bone and Joint —Other	2	-		9	32 5	6
Poliomyelitis Tuberculosis—Respiratory —Bone and Joint —Other	2	-	2 1 	9	32 5	4
Tuberculosis—Respiratory —Bone and Joint —Other	2		2 1 	9	32 5	41
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EOPLASTIC:						
Benign-Haemangioma	1	2	3	2	1	3
-Other	2	2	4	2	5	7
Malignant—Central Nervous System —Leukaemia	2	-	2	4	-	
-Other	3	1	4	7	2	
	-				-	-
			15			24
LLERGIC, ENDOCRINAL, METABOLIC AN	ND NU	TRITION	AL			
Asthma	2	1	3	29	47	76
Diabetes	3	-	3	30	8	38
Other-Allergic	1	3	4	13	11	24
Endocrinal		2	2	6	7	13
Metabolic & Nutritional	8	1	9	9	4	13
			21			164
ISEASES OF BLOOD AND BLOOD PRIMA	RY OR	GANS				
Haemophilia	-	-	-	7	-	7
Purpura		-	-	2	2	4
Miscellaneous	-	1	1	3	4	7
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ENTAL, PSYCHONEUROTIC AND						
PERSONALITY DISORDERS	8	23	31	40	24	64

THE LOCAL BOARD OF HEALTH	TH	IE	LOCAL	BOARD	OF	HEALTH	
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DISABILITY	PI	RE-SCHO	OL		SCHOOL			
	Active	Inactive	ō	Active	nactive	la		
DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM:	Act	lno	Total	Act	pul	Total		
Cerebral palsy	16	5	21	44	39	83		
Epilepsy	. 10	1	11	93	67	160		
Hydrocephalus		2	6	4	3	7		
Spina bifida and meningocele	3	3	3	21	5 19	5		
Other	9	3	12	21	19	40		
			53			295		
DISEASES INVOLVING LOSS OF SPECIAL	SENSES:							
Eyes—Cataract	. 6	5	11	7	8	15		
Glaucoma		-	-	2	4	6		
—Strabismus		2	15	35	37	72		
-Other		5	10	26	36	62		
Ears-Impaired hearing		3	3 5	59 3	37 3	96		
	. 2	3		3	3			
			44			257		
DISEASES OF CIRCULATORY SYSTEM:								
Congenital		8	32	48	27	75		
Rheumatic fever	3	-	3	108	140	248		
Other	23	4	27	8	7	15		
			62			338		
DISEASES OF RESPIRATORY SYSTEM	3	1	4	7	3	10		
DISEASES OF DIGESTIVE SYSTEM								
Coeliac disease	10	12	22	3	6	9		
Hare Lip and/or cleft palate		7	17	4	7	11		
Hirschsprung's disease		1	1	1	4	5		
Megacolon	1	10	1	2	7	-		
Other	2	10	12	2	'	9		
			53			34		
DISEASES OF THE								
GENITO-URINARY SYSTEM	11	2	13	24	10	34		
CONGENITAL MALFORMATIONS		2	17	17	34	51		
BIRTH INJURIES	-	2	2	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. <u></u>	_	-		
SPEECH DEFECTS	-	1	1	25	7	32		
OTHER	_	-		6	5	11		

PERCENT OF TOTAL GROUP 25.6 Orthopedic 8.1 Infective and parasitic .7 7.8 3.5 Neoplastic ..... 1.5 Allergic, endocrinal, metabolic and nutritional ...... 4.9 10.4 .2 Diseases of blood and blood primary organs ...... 1.1 Mental, psychoneurotic and personality disorders ... 7.2 4.0 Diseases of the nervous system ..... 12.3 18.6 Diseases involving loss of special senses ..... 10.2 16.2 14.4 Diseases of circulatory system 21.3 Diseases of respiratory system .9 .6 Diseases of digestive system ..... 12.3 2.1 Diseases of genito-urinary system ..... 3.0 2.1 Congenital malformation ..... 4.0 3.2 Birth injuries .... .5 Speech defects ..... .2 2.0 Other ..... .7

#### DENTAL DIVISION

#### **1. School Dental Examinations**

The school dental teams completed the dental examinations for school children grades 1, 2, 3, 4, 6 and 8 only and examined 33,703 school children in 131 schools out of a total school population of 70,277 in 153 schools. There were 19,538 (58.0%) children with dental decay and 9,840 (29.5%) with no dental defects.

Number of schools completed	131	
Number of children examined	33,703	
Number with dental decay	19,538	(58.0%)
Number requiring prophylaxis	1,881	( 5.6%)
Number requiring space maintainers	5,624	(16.7%)
Number requiring orthodontic treatment	2,205	( 6.5%)
Number of children with no dental defects	9,840	(29.5%)

#### 2. Dental Clinical Treatment Service

This service is extended to the school children of the marginal and parttime wage earning groups. For this group even a modest medical or dental expense presents a financial hardship. Application for this service is made annually. There is no direct cost to parents or guardians of needy children who receive dental treatment at the City Dental Clinics.

#### **Dental Treatment Service Summary**

	Cent.	W.E.	S.S.	E.E.	IDY.	Total	
Number of appointments made	443	370	464	650	445	2,372	
Number of appointments missed	28	50	47	65	64	254	
Number of silver amalgams	673	583	856	1,116	550	3,699	
Number of anodyne bases	255	211	361	477	274	1,578	
Number of silicate fillings	186	93	215	251	131	876	
Number of extractions	264	214	296	445	232	1,451	
Number of other cases	5	10	19	7	7	48	
Number of emergency cases	21	8	17	18	15	79	
Number of cases completed	121	113	181	226	143	784	
Number of prophylaxis	-	1	1	5	-	7	
Number of x-rays taken	-	_	26	4	_	30	
Number of children on waiting list	15	23	-	14	-	52	

#### 3. Pre-School Dental Program

In conjunction with the Well Baby Clinic Services, four-year-old children are called to the regional dental clinics by appointment and the following dental services are rendered by the dental auxiliaries.

- (a) Dental examination for each child.
- (b) Consultation and counselling the parent or guardian regarding the dental hygiene and dental care for the child.
- (c) Prophylaxis and stannous fluoride topical application.
- (d) Referral to a dentist in case of children who have not been seen by a family dentist.

This service was extended to the Woodcroft region in 1963 and is presently in operation in all five regional dental clinics.

Pre-School Dental Service Summary						
	Cent.	W.E.	S.S.	E.E.	IDY.	Total
Number of appointments made for dental examination	273	81	263	285	274	1,176
Number of children who received a dental examination	230	68	245	236	240	1,019
Number of parent interviews with the child	229	68	245	135	240	1,017
Number of children under care of a family dentist	207	66	226	216	225	940
Number of children referred to a dentist	19	2	16	20	15	72
Number of appointments made for stannous fluoride and prophylaxis	135	59	166	166	164	690
Number of appointments missed or referred for stannous fluoride or						
prophylaxis	30	9	23	40	30	132
Number of children who received stannous fluoride and prophylaxis	105	50	143	126	134	558
Number of children on waiting list	9	16	7	15	6	53

#### 4. Tot-Lot "Dental Health Day" Project

During the months of July and August, in co-operation with the Parks and Recreation Department, the Dental Division instituted a Dental Health Day on each of the thirty Tot-Lot Recreation grounds. There were approximately 1,500 children in attendance, ages 6 to 12 years. Children, by consent, received a cursory dental examination, a demonstration on "How To Brush Your Teeth" and were given a brief talk on oral and dental health. In many instances parents were present with the children.

#### **Tot-Lot Dental Survey**

Number in attendance	1,500	
Number who received dental examination	415	
Number with dental decay present	210	(50.6%)
Number requiring prophylaxis (cleaning)	37	( 9.6%)
Number requiring space maintainer	72	(17.0%)
Number requiring orthodontic treatment	23	( 5.5%)
Number with no dental defects	152	(36.6%)

#### HOSPITALS AND INSTITUTIONS

Beds available for the acute and chronically ill and for the care of the aged:

HOMES FOR THE AGED	No. of Bed: 340
NURSING HOMES	100
	948
AUXILIARY HOSPITALS:	
Allan Gray	
Good Samaritan	
Norwood	
St. Joseph's Hospital	
	497
ACTIVE TREATMENT HOSPITALS:	
General Hospital	
Misericordia Hospital	
Royal Alexandra Hospital	
University of Alberta Hospital	
Charles Camsell Hospital	
Aberhart Memorial Sanatorium	
	3,287

#### VICTORIAN ORDER OF NURSES

An active branch of the Victorian Order of Nurses is maintained in Edmonton employing eleven nurses and supporting clerical staff.

The Victorian Order in Edmonton carry the traditional programme of preventive medicine and bedside nursing care. The hospital referral programme which was initiated at the Royal Alexandra Hospital in 1962 is worthy of special mention and credit. Not only is this of value in freeing active treatment beds in hospital, but there is real value to be obtained in the continuance of treatment in the home by skilled nurses under the supervision of the physician in charge. In 1963 this programme was extended to the Misericordia Hospital, and there is expectation that similar programmes will be operating from other active treatment hospitals.

It is of interest to note that of the total of 22,535 visits made, 15,245 (68%) were for the purpose of giving care and treatment. Of these, 51% were to patients over the age of 70 years. Such figures support the oft cited need for increase in the provision of home help for lone and aged persons. Such assistance would permit an increasing number of those people to continue living in the community a life as close to their norm as possible, rather than placing the total load on institutions. Edmonton is a young city and as yet has not accumulated a heavy load of elderly people as have the older communities. The increasing load of aged people with passage of the years will, in parallel, increase the acuity of the problem.

	1963	1962	1961	1960	1959
Prenatal care visits	2	7	4	3	
Prenatal instructions - visits	15	102	125	1	3
Postnatal care	10	27	8	14	10
Postnatal instructions	2,252	2,025	2,250	2,169	2,130
Newborn care	200	116	149	118	69
Newborn instructions	4,544	3,651	2,151	2,191	2,116
Medical and Surgical, etc.	15,036	13,123	14,254	14,814	14,902
Total visits	22,535	19,051	18,937	19,310	19,230
Prenatal clinics held	95	85	78	48	47
Enrolment	186	161	268	177	397
Total attendance	1,178	1,061	837	1,177	1,406
Average attendance	12	12	11	25	30

#### THE LOCAL BOARD OF HEALTH

#### ENVIRONMENTAL HYGIENE

The demands upon this division continue to multiply. It becomes apparent that in the interests of efficiency consideration must be given to a certain degree of specialization and consequent staff increases. Particular reference is made to substandard accommodation and housing. By and large, the lack of alternative accommodation at minimal rental has created some reluctance to condemnation. The proposed urban renewal study offers some hope of solution to this problem.

Generally, standards of hygiene have remained satisfactory.

INSPECTIONS:	1963	1962
Bakeries	289	264
Barber shops and beauty parlors		228
Dwellings		11
Hotels, lodging houses and apartments		351
Schools, kindergartens, homes for the aged		131
Stores, butcher shops, etc.		1,438
Restaurants		3,111
Streets, lanes, dumps, etc.		6
Miscellaneous (includes public places, recreation, motels,		
service stations, laundries and beverage rooms	1,665	525
Public Health Education lectures		33
	7,715	6,098
NOTICES:		
Written	793	91
Verbal		2,934
COMPLAINTS:		
Received from public		407
Justified		377
Received from other departments		6
Referred to other departments		9
The complaints were made up as follows:	A CONTRACTOR	
Garbage, streets and lanes		57
Vermin		38
Housing, plumbing and drainage		98
Food and drink		76
Animals		75
Odors, smoke, air pollution Miscellaneous		18
LICENSES:		
License applications investigated	5,367	4,275
PLUMBING:		
Sewer and water notices issued		-
Extensions of time granted		2 0 7 0
Plumbing permits issued		3,873
Plumbing permits issued for old buildings		2 193
		2,181
Privies eliminated through installation of plumbing Number of septic tanks installed		14
ANIMALS, BARNS, STYS:		
Cow owners		-
Hog owners		4
Goat owners		

#### THE LOCAL BOARD OF HEALTH

#### FOOD:

Samples submitted to Provincial Laboratory	27	10
Foodstuffs condemned lbs. — damaged by fire, flood, etc.	209	59,520
Foodstuffs condemned lbs. — other reasons	35	54
WELL WATER:		
Water samples taken	4	10
Negative	4	10
Positive	-	
Wells chlorinated	-	1
DTHER:		
Prosecutions		1
Number of student days	28	17
	7	

#### Atmospheric Pollution:

The Provincial Health Department Sanitary Engineering Branch operating directly and indirectly through the Local Board of Health stations have undertaken the supervision and control of air pollution.

Various sampling devices are maintained at selected sites throughout the city. Thusly a constant check is maintained on the concentration of pollutants in the atmosphere. Observation of sources of contamination is maintained and where releases are excessive, corrective action is being requested.

Meanwhile, legislation requires that by 1966 all releases shall conform to the standards set by the Provincial Health Department.

#### 1. Dustfall:

In 1963 an increase was noted in the dustfall at all seven stations over the 1962 averages.

#### 2. Hydrogen Sulphide Concentrate:

The concentrate recorded was roughly similar to that of the previous year and was so low that it was considered of little significance.

#### 3. Sulpher Dioxide Concentrate:

A small peak of concentration was registered in September of 1963. However, the monthly averages were essentially similar to those of 1962 and were not deemed significant.

#### 4. Smoke Density:

The recorded high was in winter. Density reached a low in spring time. The annual average of .37 C.O.H.'s/1,000 lin. feet indicates an overall satisfactory experience.

#### 5. Oxides of Nitrogen:

Exhaust gases from internal combustion engines and the city power plant are the major contributors of these contaminants. The average volume in Edmonton was .050 p.p.m. This is a low concentration.

#### 6. Oxident:

No measurable amount of oxident was demonstrated in 1963.

The oxides of nitrogen and oxident never reached an adverse level in 1963. Sulphur dioxide and hydrogen sulphide levels were almost insignificant. Problems of dust and smoke were evident only in a few isolated cases.

26

## FOOD INSPECTION

#### MEATS INSPECTED AND CONDEMNED

	Carcasses Condemned	Portions Condemned	Weight (lbs.)
BEEF:	Condemned	Condennied	(105.)
Abscess	_	299	2,990
Septicemia	2	_	900
Actinomycosis		59	1,180
Moribund	2	-	900
Others	4	3	1,400
Total inspected, 1963	8	361	7,420
Total inspected, 1962 4,889	19	554	15,080
Total inspected, 1961 5,738	13	559	11,785
YEAL:			
Septicemia	1	_	158
Total inspected, 1963	1	-	158
Total inspected, 1962 213	-	11	60
Total inspected, 1961	6	. 8	40
MUTTON:			
Parasites	-	6	30
Total inspected, 1963	-	6	30
Total inspected, 1962 64	-	6	30
Total inspected, 1961 79	-	-	-
PORK:			
Tuberculosis	-	384	3,895
Parasites	-	593	2,965
Moribund	1	—	175
Septicemia	2	-	360
Others	4	1	545
Total inspected, 1963	7	978	7,940
Total inspected, 1962	3	1,717	13,450
Total inspected, 1961	~	1,/1/	10,400

#### DISEASED ANIMALS

	1963	1962	1961
Beef	308	545	550
Veol	1	11	8
Mutton	6	6	-
Pork	858	1,422	1,931
Total amount of meat condemned (lbs.)	15,548	28,620	28,965

### CARCASSES FOUND TO BE INFECTED WITH T.B.

BEEF:	
Infected	_
Percent	-
PORK:	
Infected	384

Percent ...

27

1 .02

810 1,177

6.49 6.17

5.36

## MILK AND WATER REPORT

	1	963	1962		
	Total No.		Total No.		
INSPECTIONS:	Premises	Inspections	Premises	Inspections	
				1	
Producer-shippers, milk		1,185	461	1,231	
Producer-shippers, cream		74	50	117	
Producer-contacts		143		132	
Pasteurization plants-contacts		192	- 025	202	
Pasteurization plants		201	6	239	
Vehicles		522		558	
Others, complaints, etc.		18		12	
LICENSES AND PERMITS:					
Retail milk certificates issued		720		726	
Dairy licenses issued		500		511	
Dairy licenses refused		_			
Dairy licenses suspended temporarily		_		-	
Permits issued to cow keepers in the city .		3		5	
SAMPLES:					
Milk samples taken, retail		502		757	
Milk samples taken, shippers		4,807		7,459	
Cream samples taken		194		225	
Chocolate milk samples		6		34	
Ice cream samples		_	-		
TESTS-MILK:					
Standard plate count tests		702		1,000	
Coliform tests		702		1,000	
Phosphatase tests	_	693		863	
Methylene blue tests		4,671		4,735	
Butterfat tests		701		999	
RESTAURANTS:					
Swab tests of utensils		_		91	
WATER:					
Standard plate count tests		2,092		1,374	
Coliform tests		2,092		1,374	
Chlorine content checks		983		684	
Raw river water plate count tests		92		106	
SWIMMING POOLS:					
Plate count tests		1,061		922	
Coliform tests		1,061		922	
Inspections		225		310	
Student days		6			

otal xpenditure	\$50
esuoditp: thonatt	\$239
noisivi noisivi	\$36,088 470
02,440 4,580 1,953 5,993 5,993 5,299 6011 6011 6011 6012 6015 6012 6015 6015 6015 6015 6015 6015 6015 6015 6015 6015 6015 6015 6015 6015 6015 60555 6055 6055 6055 6055 6055	\$247,152 \$247,152 2,833 1,983 2,105
\$502,440           \$502,440           \$502,440           \$502,440           \$502,440           \$5,993           \$5,993           \$5,993           \$5,993           \$5,993           \$5,996           \$5,999           \$5,996	\$1,244
6 19 noitotino	\$55,308 73 4
Achines ach	\$57,705 167 
Milk and Dairy Supervision OF EXPENDITU Food and EXPENDITU Control EXPENDITU	161/01\$
Milk and Savel 1000	\$13,938 24 39
and office machines and office machines glasses supplies and stationery ation and cars and stationery and postage and stationery and postage and stationery and postage and stationery and postage and stationery and cars and postage and stationery and travel sous and pensions and postage and travel sous and postage and stationery and cars and postage and stationery and travel sous and postage and travel and travel and postage and stationery and travel and	\$55,914 476 2,535
Salaries Salaries Salaries Salaries Furniture and office machines Milk and glasses Medical supplies Arationery Transportation and cars and stationery Transportation and cars and marcellaneous Miscellaneous Insurance and pensions Cost per Capital - \$2.00 Cost per Capital	\$24,661 537 54

D OF HE	٩Ľ.	TH	1										29
Total Expenditure	\$502,440	4,580	1,983	5,890	7,732	16,011	3,422	1,092	2,836	31,858	55,299	\$633,143	100%
esuorhtp8 trobrettA	\$239	I	1	1	1	1	1		1	I	I	\$239	.04%
IotnoQ noisiviQ	\$36,088	470	1	952	880	840	408	I	932	2,330	162'6	\$52,691	8.32%
School Health School	\$247,152	2,833	1,983	2,105	3,363	7,383	677	388	133	14,217	9,095	\$289,279	45.69%
Vital Statistics	\$1,244	1			65	1	1	-	1	1	1	\$1,309	.21%
noitotino2	\$55,308	73	I	4	242	3,593	242	165	360	I	I	\$59,987	9.47%
Well Baby	\$57,705	167	1	201	602	1,468	592	222	577	١	15,906	\$77,440	12.23%
Food and Meat Control	\$10,191	I	1		26	420	1	1	55	1	1	\$10,692	1.69%
Milk and Dairy Supervision	\$13,938	24	I	39	6	1,817	107	1	21	1	1	\$15,955	2.52%
Communi- cable Disease Control	\$55,914	476	I	2,535	1,016	I	718	367	588	1,074	15,940	\$78,628	12.42%
-sinimbA noitort	\$24,661	537	1	- 54	1,529		678	1	170	14,237	4,567	\$46,923	7.41%
	Salaries	Furniture and office machines	Milk and glasses	Medical supplies	Printing, postage and stationery	Transportation and cars	Telephones, advertising and travel	Uniforms	Miscellaneous	Insurance and pensions	Space and maintenance	TOTALS	









