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Report

of the

Local Board of Health



CITY OF EDMONTON
ALBERTA

1943



BOARD OF HEALTH, 1943

.

Mr. A. E. Ottewell, Chairman

Ald. S. Parsons

Ald. H. Ainley

Dr. E. A. Hay-Roe

Mr. J. A. Gallant (Separate School Board)

EX-OFFICIO MEMBERS:

Mayor J. W. Fry

Dr. G. Little, M.O.H.

Dr. R. M. Shaw

Mr. A. W. Haddow, City Engineer

Catharine R. Rose, Secretary

1944

Ald. H. D. Ainley, Chairman

Dr. E. A. Hay Roe

Ald. R. W. Hamilton

Dr. R. M. Shaw

Dr. G. A. Gemeroy, Edmonton Public School Board Mr. J. A. Gallant, Separate School Board

EX-OFFICIO MEMBERS:

Mayor J. W. Fry

Dr. G. M. Little, M.O.H.

Mr. A. W. Haddow, City Engineer

Catharine R. Rose, Secretary

STAFF:

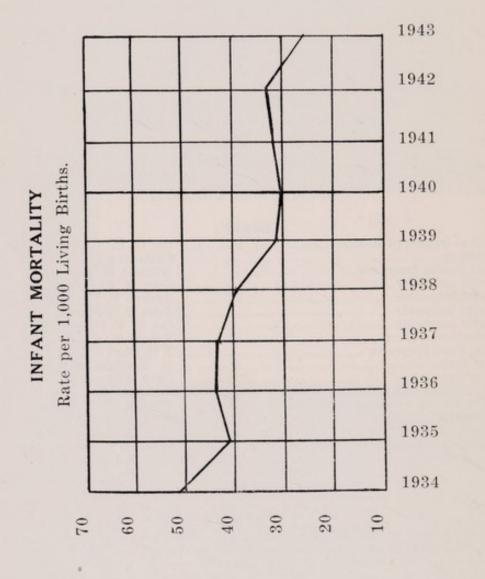
Medical Officer of Health	Dr. G. M. Little, D.P.H.
Secretary	Catharine R. Rose
Chief Health Inspector	William R. Graham
Health Inspector	John H. Blackburn
Health Inspector	Arthur P. Methuen
Health Inspector	John D. Williams
Health Inspector	Ian D. F. Shaw
Quarantine Officer	Robert T. Anderson
Chief Food Inspector	J. H. Part, V.S., M.D.V.
Meat Inspector	D. Morrison, V.S.
Dairy Supervisor	Cyril Ellinger
Chemist and Milk Inspector	Harry C. Graham, B.A.
Public Health Nurse (senior)	Miss M. Griffith, R.N.
Public Health Nurse	Miss S. C. Christensen, R.N.
Clerk	Miss K. D. Derbyshire
Stenographer	Mrs. M. E. Arnett
Stenographer	



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Annual Report of Medical Officer of Health

Chairman and Members of the Local Board of Health, City of Edmonton.

Gentlemen:

Herewith is submitted a report of the various activities of the Board during 1943, and a summary of the work of certain co-operating agencies.

Birth Rate:

The birth date showed a marked increase over the previous year. An important factor in this increase appears to be the improved economic condition of our people.

Death Rate:

The general death rate showed a small increase. The death rate from heart disease, our chief cause, showed a reduction from the previous year, and the rate from cancer, the cause of second importance, remained approximately the same.

Decided increases were recorded in the death rates from intracranial diseases of vascular origin and from pneumonia. This reflects the increased percentage of our people in the older age groups at the present time. In the former disease more than half the deaths were over seventy years of age, while in pneumonia most of the increase occurred in the group over fifty years.

Deaths from external causes also showed a marked increase in 1943. Motor-driven vehicles accounted for most of this increase.

Communicable Disease:

Crowded living quarters and considerable movement of population amongst military and other personnel have been important factors in maintaining a high incidence of communicable disease. Scarlet fever is our chief disease requiring isolation hospital facilities, and accommodation during early months of the year was insufficient at times for our city cases. Many out-of-town cases could not be admitted. Hospitalization is often urgently required, and it would seem reasonable that the provincial government, the city and surrounding municipalities should co-operate to provide sufficient isolation facilities for such diseases as scarlet fever and diphtheria in this part of the province.

Over 25% of scarlet fever cases reported were from the armed forces. That nearly half the cases of this disease were adults reflects, we believe, the considerable amount of scarlet fever immunization done amongst the children of the city.

Cases of tuberculosis were almost double the number reported in 1942. The greatest increase occurred in young adult females. The advent of women into industry appears to be an important factor in this as it was in World War I. Increased supervision of this group is indicated, and the portable X-ray equipment recently acquired by the Provincial Tuberculosis Service should prove invaluable in this connection. An evident lack of hospital accommodation is a serious handicap to those concerned with the control of tuberculosis.

Child Welfare:

The infant mortality rate of 25.4 per thousand living births is the lowest in the city's history. This was a remarkable attainment in the face of crowded and ill-equipped living quarters which prevail at present.

A considerable portion of infant deaths was due to premature birth, again suggesting the need for increased pre-natal care for mothers.

The Child Welfare Clinic continued to render a valuable service, and 6,716 examinations of babies and pre-school children were made during the year. An extra clinic day each week has been added to this service.

Sanitation:

Despite overloading of sanitary facilities and difficulty of obtaining garbage cans, the general sanitation of the city was fairly good during the year. The increasing concentration of population in some areas, however, has made it urgently necessary that livestock be reduced in these sections to eliminate a growing health hazard.

Our city bathhouse and disinfecting station continued to render valuable service to both the armed forces and our own citizens.

A great loss to farmers is indicated by the fact that 13.88% of hogs coming under our inspection showed some degree of tuberculosis. Many turkeys and chickens with this disease also came to our attention.

A threatened shortage in the city milk supply early in the year was overcome by extra effort on the part of our dairymen. The high standard of our milk has been well maintained.

General:

There is an urgent need in our community for a home where old folks who require a little help and supervision may be accommodated. The lot of many of our aged is not a happy one.

The dearth of medical personnel in the city is indicated by the many citizens who report difficulty in obtaining medical attention. There is little promise of improvement in this situation until the war is ended.

The Provincial Board of Health and the Provincial Laboratory has rendered us many services during the year, for which we are grateful.

Respectfully submitted,

G. M. LITTLE, Medical Officer of Health.

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SUMMARY OF STATISTICS

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2,427.20 .

Pensions.....

Area of City (including 1,000 acres of water), 26,778 and 2,147 acres in Parks.

	1943	1942	1941	1940	1939
Population	.105,536	96,725	92,404	91,722	90,419
Persons per acre of land	3.9	3.8	3.6	3.5	3.4
Cost per capita.		.42	.43	.41	.43
School enrolment	17,337	17,315	17,563	17,918	18,346
Natural increase of population	1,629	1,260	1,083	988	1,048
Births, excluding stillbirths	. 2,443	1,972	1,805	1,727	1,678
Rate per 1,000 population	23.1	20.3	19.9	19.2	18.6
Stillbirths	33	39	28	27	29
Rate per 1,000 births	. 13.2	19.3	15.5	15.6	17.3
Deaths, excluding stillbirths	814	712	722	739	630
Rate per 1,000 population	7.7	7.3	7.8	8.2	7.0
Deaths under 1 year of age	. 62	68	58	53	53
Infant mortality rate, 1,000 living births	25.4	34.5	32.13	30.6	31.6
Maternal deaths	. 4	1	3	5	7
Maternal Mortality per 1,000 births	. 1.63	.52	1.66	2.8	4.17
Marriages	1,862	2,234	1,995	2,085	1,860
Rate per 1,000 population	. 17.6	23.0	21.6	22.7	20.7
Non-resident births in City	1,640	1,590	1,425	1,388	1,240
Non-resident deaths in City	. 528	483	483	438	425
Non-resident deaths under 1 year	. 62	52	52	49	52

VITAL STATISTICS

В	irths		
City Births Male Female Attended by Physician		1,229	1943 1,972 1,001 971 1,964
Attended by Nurse Unattended Double Births	***************************************	13	6 2 26
Born in Institutions, 2,427 or attended by the Victorian Order of	99.3%; elsewhere, Nurses.	16, of wh	ich 4 were
Maternal parentage: Canada British Isles Europe U.S.A. Other Countries	173 or 7.0% 111 or 4.6% 148 or 6.1%	17 10 8	4 or 5.0%
Stil	lbirths	1049	1040
Total Male Female Born in Institutions Born elsewhere		13 19 13	1942 39 18 21 39
Cause of Foetal Deaths: Dystocia Prematurity Toxaemia of pregnancy Malformation Placenta and membranes Other conditions		4 2 1	1942 18 2 2 5
	eaths		
MaleFemale		326	1942 442 270 712
Racia	l Origin		1040
Canada British Isles Europe U.S.A. Other Countries	287, or 35.3% 298 or 36.7% 142 or 17.4% 54 or 6.6%	25 14 4	1942 3 or 35.6% 6 or 35.9% 0 or 19.7% 2 or 5.9% 21 or 2.9%
Infant	Mortality	1049	1040
Deaths under 1 year of age	g Births	31	1942 68 41 27 34.5
Class I—To a great extent non-co- congenital debility, congen Class II—Capable of reduction by ment: T.B.; Syphilis, Acu- diseases. Class III—Capable of considerable re- pre-natal care: Marasmas, premature (over 7 months)	ntrollable, prematital malformation. hygiene, sanitation te respiratory disc duction through ca Acute gastro ente	n, isolation eases, Acut	and treat- e infectious
Class I—26 or 41.8%; Class II—15 o		I—21 or 33	.9%.

ABRIDGED INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFICATION OF CAUSES OF DEATH, 1943

		Total	M	F Un	Under 1	1 2	00	P	100	10	15	20	255	30 3	35 40	0 45	50	000	09 5	99	20	120	80	200	06	95 10	90
06	Scarlet Fever	2 1			4						0.7											1	6	6	60		1
4	Whooping Cough	67		04 0	1 1		11		-		11	11	11							11	11					11	1 1
10	Diphtheria	-		N		1			11		11	11	11													11	
6.	Tuberculosis of the Respiratory System.	1 15	00	- 1			11	11	-		-	11	11		100		1	04		-						11	
t-i	All other forms of Tuberculosis.	10	7	- -	11	1	11			11	-	23		03	11	11	-		11	-	11					11	
ó	Syphilis. M	1	Į.	1	11		11			7	11	11			1 1	-	0.0		1	64	11					F	
10.	Influenza	11 11	9		01	-	1				1	1						1			-						
15.	Measles	1		2	11	-			11	11	101	11					-	-			7	11	-			11	1 :
14.	Other infectious or Parasitic diseases.	20	01	-					- :			11			-						11					11	: :
15.	Cancer and other Malignant Tumors	121	. 89	00 0			11				1	- :	1	24	00 ,	01 -	E- 0	60	11:	100	(t-)	10	t- 0	rt.	11		4 1
16.	Non-malignant Tumors or Tumors of unspecified nature. Chronic rheumatism and gout.	100 II		0 00				1111	1111		1111	1111										N [] [N	- 111	1111	FILL	1111
18.	Diabetes Mellitus.	1 14	6	- 14			11	11	11	11	11	11	11				1			04.0	1 15	*		-			11
19.	Chronic and acute Alcoholism	2	63	0				11	H	11	11	11	-		-					0	0.0	11				11	10.
20.	Avitaminoses, other general diseases, diseases of the blood, and chronic poisonings. Meningitis (non-meningococcal) and diseases	1 23	12 4	=	-			1111	1111	- c4	1111	-				100	- 61	1	07 17	- 1		01	117		-	- 11	1111
0i		47 74	450	00			11	11	11	11	11	11	11		1		40	010	190	91	9	9	9 0	00 -	01 -		1.1
23.	Other diseases of the nervous system and sense organs.	18 18	= 12	1 1		-				111-	01	17		- 01			0				4 1 X	0	•]=		- *	111	1 1 1
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	CLASSIFICATION OF CAUSES OF
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		Total	M	F Ur	Under	-	60	4	100	10	15	50	197	30	200	40	10 0	50 5	55 60	0 65	70	75	80	10 0	06	95 1	00
25.	Other diseases of the circulatory system	50	15	-	4		-	-		1	2 :	5	1 1	10	1 00								5-0	9 49 1	01	1	1
26.	F Pronchitis. M	4	-	13		1 1	1 1	!!		11	11	11	11				1	1 1	27		24		N I	0	-		11
5.	F Pneumonia and Bronchopneumonia	14	62		110	1	11		11	11	11	11	11		4	11	11	. 04			4	00	£=	11	-	11	11
200	F Other diseases of the respiratory system M	13	9	15	10	11			11	11	11	-	11	11	11	FI		-	27	-	-		01	04	-	-	11
29.	P. Diarrhea and enteritis M.	00	10	- 11	00 (1	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	-	11	11	-	N :	11	1 1			-	-	11		11
30.	Appendicitis. M	10	01	00 0	01	1	11		-	11	11	11	11	-	11		11	101.		11	11						111
31.	Diseases of the liver and biliary passages	==	10	0 0						11	11	11	11.	-	11.	11	11		4 -			-	1 1	11		11	11
200	Other diseases of the digestive system	21	14	0 1	1 1				11.	11	1.1	-		11	-			- 01	- 01 0	1 98	11		* !				11
00	Nephritis M	34	20	- 1:	7 1			11	1	11	11	-	11	11	11	-				: 100	1 10	90	01 -	1			11
55.	Other diseases of the urinary and genital M	14	=======================================	14	111		11	11	11			1 17	11	1 1-	11-		11	# 13	1 1	100	7	0 00	1 4		-	-	11
36.	seases of pregnancy, childbirth and	4								11																	
527	cellular tissue, bones and	04	01		-	1 1			11	11	11																
90					1 6				1	1	-	1	1		-												
66	premature birth, and diseases peculiar to the M first year of life. F Senility M	12 03	N 149	18	12	1				111		111	111								61			-	04		
40.		ro	110	10								11	-			1	-	11	11			-	9 61	00		11	
63	Automobile accidents (all motor driven road M vehicles)	13	12	11-	11	11	01	-	11	-	-	11	115			-	1	04	-	1							
43.	lent or accidental deaths	00	60			04				0.0	-	4	-	-	-	01		-	01 -			- 0	64.0		-		
4 -	Causes of death ill-defined or unknown	4	00	-									111				01					•	11	• 11			114
	Total Male Total Female Total Deaths	814	88	326	31 31 62	10 03 1-	61 63	03	4 10	10 00 00	E-01 0	∞ ∞ 9 <u>1</u>	5 11	8 9 17	8 61	17 1 9 1 26 2	13 4 16 2 29 6	41 20 20 61 8	64 4 24 2 88 7	46 44 27 31 73 75	29	8 8 8 8	28 38 78	20 19 39	15 4 61	00 H 4	

PRINCIPAL CAUSES OF DEATH, 1943

					1943			1942	
		Male	Female	Total	% of Total Deaths	Rate per 100M Population	Total % of Total	Deaths	Rate per 100M Population
90 95	Diseases of the heart	127	75	202	24.8	191.4	197	27.7	202.9
45 — 55	Cancer and other malignant Tumors		53	121	15.0	114.7	111	15.6	114.4
83	Intracranial lesions of vascular origin.		31	74	9.0	70.4	62	8.7	61.8
163-198	External causes		11	51	6.2	48.3	38	5.3	39.0
107—109	Pneumonia and Broncho- pneumonia		15	47	5.8	44.5	32	4.5	33.0
157—161	Congenital debility, premature birth, and diseases peculiar to first year of life, congenital malformations	21	10	90	4.0	20.0		0.0	45.5
130-132			18	39	4.8	36.9	44 33	6.2	34.0
13- 22	Nephritis. Tuberculosis, all forms.		14	20	2.4	18.9	24	4.6 3.4	24.7
162			10	15	1.8	14.2	24	0.4	24.1
61	Senility		5	14	1.7	13.2	15	2.1	15.4
	TOTALS		240	617	75.6		556	78.1	

MORTALITY FROM HEART DISEASE

Year	Total Deaths	Peaths From Hinrt Discas	Porchage of Total Deaths	Rate Per 100M Population
1943	814	202	24.8	191.4
1942	712	197	27.7	203.0
1941	722	166	23.0	179.4
1940	. 739	141	18.8	156.6
1939	630	149	18.8	156.6

There were 202 deaths (127 male and 75 female) from heart disease, showing a decrease in the rate per 100M population of 11.6 from 1942.

MORTALITY FROM CANCER

Year	Total Doths	Deaths From Canes	Percentage of Total Deaths	Rate Per 100M Population
1943	. 814	121	15.0	114.7
1942	. 712	111	15.6	114.4
1941	. 722	105	14.8	113.5
1940	. 729	124	16.7	138.0
1939	. 630	95	13.1	105.5

There were 121 deaths (68 male and 53 female) from Cancer, showing a decrease in the rate per 100M population of .3 from 1942.

MORTALITY FROM INTRACRANIAL LESIONS OF VASCULAR ORIGIN

Year	Total Draths	Deaths From This Caus	Percentage of Tota! Deaths	Rate Per 100M Population
1943	814	74	9.0	70.4
1942	712	62	8.7	63.9
1941	799	72	10.0	77.8

There were 74 deaths (43 male and 31 female) from Intracranial lesions of Vascular origin, showing an increase of 6.5 in the rate per 100M population over 1942.

MORTALITY FROM PNEUMONIA

Year	Total Deaths	Deaths From Pneumonia	Percentage of Total Deaths	Rate Per 100M Population
1943	814	47	5.8	44.5
1942	712	32	4.6	33.0
1941	722	31	4.3	33.5
1940	739	53	7.1	59.0
1939	630	26	4.1	28.9

There were 47 deaths (32 males and 15 females) from Pneumonia (all forms) an increase of 11.5 over the rate per 100M population in 1942. Of the 47 deaths, 11 were due to Lobar Pneumonia (6 males and 5 females) and 3 were under one year of age.

MORTALITY FROM TUBERCULOSIS

Year	Total Deaths	Deaths From Tuberculosis	Percentage of Total Deaths	Rate Per 100M Population
1943	814	20	2.4	18.9
1942	712	24	3.3	24.7
1941	722	26	3.6	28.1
1940	739	18	2.4	20.0
1939	630	8	1.3	8.8

There were 20 deaths (14 male and 8 female) from Tuberculosis (all forms) showing a decrease of 5.8 in the rate per 100M population.

MORTALITY FROM EXTERNAL CAUSES

Year	Total Deaths	Deaths From External Causes	Male	Female	Suicide	Homicide	Automobile Accidents	Other Accidents	Percentage of Deaths	Rate Per 100M Population
1943	814	51	40	11	5		13	33 26 32	6.2	48.3 39.0 57.3
1942	712	51 38 53 51	27	11	4	1	7	26	5.3 6.9	39.0
1941	722	53	37	16	10	1	10	32	6.9	57.3
1940	739		37	14	11	4	11	26	6.9	56.7
1939	630	42	29	13	11	1	13	17	6.7	46.7

ISOLATION HOSPITAL

Seven hundred and sixty-nine patients were admitted, 75 were carried over from 1942 making a total of 844. There were 752 discharged, 17 died and 84 remained in the hospital at the end of the year.

The diseases hospitalized are as follows:

Scarlet Fever Diphtheria Diphtheria Carriers Meningitis (Meningococcic) Tuberculosis The deaths included:	15 8 6	Erysipelas Measles Rubella Mumps	55 12
Tuberculosis Scarlet Fever Meningitis (Meningococcic)	1	Diphtheria	3

SCHOOL MEDICAL SERVICES

	Public School Board	R.C. Separate School Board
Complete examinations	3521	541
Number reported with defects		123
Number reported without defects		418
Parents present at examinations		242
Homes visited by nurses		77
Talks to classes		

IMMUNIZATION

1943	Smallpox	Diphtheria	Scarlet Fever	Whooping Cough	Typhoid Fever	Schick Test	Dick Test
Board of Health (cases)	549	3066	1248	1998	26	203	103
Board of Health (doses)	549	8414	5371	5059	76	203	103
Public School Board (cases)		2326					
Public School Board (doses)		5679					
Separate School Board (cases)	240	197					
Separate School Board (doses)	240	591					
Total Cases	789	5589	1248	1998	26	203	103
Materials distributed to private Physicians	708	636	84	227	6	50	20
1942							
Board of Health (cases)	474	1277	575	292	5	30	13
Public School Board (cases)	3155	1912					
Separate School Board (cases)	260	223					
Total Cases	3889	3412	575	292	5	30	13

(The above figures include re-inforcing doses).

COMMUNICABLE DISEASE REPORT, 1939-1943

	194	3	194	2	194	1	194	0	193	9
	C	D	C	D	C	D	C	D	C	1
Actinomycosis			2							
Chickenpox	745		726		1039		1634		608	
Diphtheria	11	1	7	2	4		16	5	3	-
Diphtheria carriers	12	-	4		1		8			
Dysentery							1		9	
Encephalitis Lethargica	3							1		
Erysipelas	18		17		31		26	1	27	
Influenza		11		8		9		25		- 0
Measles		1	673		1631		2995	1	20	
Meningitis (Meningococcic)		2	3	1	16	1	6	1	1	
Mumps			2006		499		199		118	
Paratyphoid Fever				-	4	1	2	4111		
Pneumonia (Lobar)		11		6	3	7	6	19	4	1
Poliomyelits					15			2	1	
Puerperal Septicaemia						1				
Rubella			653		3266		20		11	
Scarlet Fever		2	512		198		151		311	
Septic Sore Throat	8		24		23		54		3	-
Tuberculosis (Pulmonary)		15	68	17	47	23	48	10	31	
Tuberculosis (all other forms)		5	6	7	3	3	5	8	3	
Typhoid Fever	1				3	1	2		1	
Undulant Fever					2		2		1	
Vincent's Angina	1		1							
Whooping Cough		2	356	1	166		483	1	1351	
Venereal Disease										
G.C. Vaginitis	3									- 10.00
G.C. Ophthalmia	1		********							
Gonorrhea			155		218		238		242	
Syphilis	38	7	74	5	79	8	39	1	74	
	5908	57	5287	47	7248	54	5945	75	2818	3
Morbidity per 1,000 population	56.	.0	54.	.5	78.	3	66.	8	31.	3
C—Cases.										

During 1943 reportable disease was responsible for 57 or 7.0% of the 814 City deaths.

	00	COMMUNICABLE	-	DISEASE	BY AGE, 194	E, 1943							
	Cases	Male	Female	Under	1/4	5/14	15/24	25/44	45/49	Over	Age Not Stated	Armed	Outside
Chialonnon	7.45	971		0.0	105	450	0.0	2 / 00	01/01		10	2	4
Dinkthania	111	110	9	0.4	400	TOTAL VIEW		00	,		07	-	0 0
Dishthada Camian	10		o ne			- 4	40	40					0
Disputieria Carriera	0	. 0	ė.		,	00	0	1			***************************************	***************************************	
Encombalitie Letherwise	2 00	,	00			40							-
Erosinelas	18	10	00		6	a	6		9		-	***********	4 7
Menslee	1926	896	1030	44	761	982	70	40			11	14	25
Meningitis (Meningococcie)	6	10	4	1	2	00		62				-	7
Mumps	1076	502	574	00	121	611	177	92	9	63	98	28	12
Paratyphoid Fever	1		-	***************************************		-	-						1
Poliomyelitis	-	00	4	-	8	00		***************************************	-		1		-
Rubella	830	119	211	2.	200	153	92	2.2			10	9	01
Scarlet Fever	513	303	210	1	000	197	130	43	1		-	133	41
Septic Sore Throat.	80	*	*		***************************************	***************************************	61	1	67	***************************************	00	***************************************	-
Tuberculosis (pulmonary)	188	52	81	***************************************	1	10	54	54	21	00	***************************************	**********	20
Tuberculosis (all other forms)	4	00	1	***************************************	03	***************************************	03	***************************************	***************************************	***************************************		***************************************	01
Tularaemia	1	1	***************************************		***************************************	***************************************	***************************************	1	***************************************	***************************************	***************************************	***************************************	1
Trachoma	***************************************		***************************************		***************************************	***********	***************************************	**********	***************************************		***************************************	***************************************	1
Typhoid Fever.	1	-				1			***************************************	-			
Undulant Fever								***************************************	***************************************		***************************************	***************************************	*
Vincent's Angina	1	-			***************************************		1	***************************************		***************************************	***************************************	***************************************	1
Whooping Cough.	856	896	459	67	428	355	61	5	1	***************************************	-	annere .	œ
Venereal Disease													
G.C. Ophthalmia	1	1	***************************************	1	***************************************		***********						
G.C. Vaginitis	3	00	***************************************			00	*********		STATE OF THE PARTY	***************************************	- Accessed		01
Gonorrhoea	209	66	110			1	122	80	9 0				-
Syphilis	98	17	17		1	٥	14	n	9	24		***************************************	***************************************
TOTALS	2069	2800	3108	153	1610	2802	099	352	51	13	18	189	140
DEATHS:													
Diphtheria			-	- Comme	-	-				-			
Influenza	11	4		0.0	0.0		-	***************************************	ec	00	***************************************	***************************************	
Measles						-		*					
Meningitis (Meningococcic)	7 :	- 0	10			announce.			- 0		*********	***********	
Casulot Ecour)	11	0 -	0 -	0				1		-			
Tuhorenlosis (Pulmonary)	150	- ox	- 1-			,	4	10	4 49	6	-		
Tuberculosis (all other forms)	100	4	-		-	1	-	-	-	-			
Whooping Cough	27		1	1	1				-				
Syphilis		-	**********	***************************************		ereces.	***************************************	-		N		*********	
TOTALS	57	34	00	9	7	4	9	6	21	ţ	********	***************************************	***************************************

	COMMUNIC	CABLE		DISEASE	BY SE	SEASON	AND	SEX, 1	1943							
	City															Outside
	Cases	Male I	Female	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Cases
Chickenpox	745	371	37.1	89		24	29	14	23	650	555	16	09	202	238	NO.
Diphtheria	111	10	9	1		1				-	ot	10				00
Diphtheria Carriers	19	-	90			*	-		1	-	90	٠,				
Dysentery	00 0	04					-	-				1				
Encephalitis Lethargica	180	10	с ж	0			6	-	-	-	. 00	6		ec	6	
Moselos	1926	968	1030	2 01	9	100	72	162	609	646	126	100	27	7.0	136	61
Meningitis (Meningoeoecie)	6	10	*		01	01	63		2	-	-				***************************************	V
Mumps	1076	502	574	260	259	274	7.4	69	49	62	19	90	11	24	==	150
Paratyphoid Fever	1		-		-						***************************************	-				-
Poliomyelitis	7	00	-	desirence.	Account.			-		***************************************	-	-	00		-	
Rubella	330	119	211	-	7	50	68	83	108	11	-	00	00 0		00	21 :
Scarlet Fever	513	303	210	47	11	80	41	29	660	18	6.	16	00	40	57	41
Septic Sore Throat	00	-	4			00	-		***************************************		-		- :	The same of	100	-
Tuberculosis (pulmonary)	133	52	81	0	17	20	6	120	16		18	13	15	10	00	20
Tuberculosis (all other forms)	4	00	1	-	and separate		62	-			-		and a second		************	50
Trachoma	The second				***************************************		*********	***************************************	Section .		**********	***************************************			SAMPLE OF	-
Tularsemia	1	1			***************************************	Appendix .	***************************************		-	***************************************	***************************************					1
Tonhoid Fever	1	-						***************************************	acceptable 2			1			***************************************	percentage .
Indulant Fovor										***************************************		*********	*********	***************************************	***************************************	4
Vincent's Anging	-	-			-						***************************************		***************************************			1
Whoming Cough	856	397	459	100	94	57	80	106	120	86	855	102	64	13	6	00
The state of the s																
Venereal Disease	-	-								-						
G.C. Opnthalmia	4 00		. 01										67	1		01
Canamakana	906	00	110	19	22	12	16	7	19	18	19	10	555	00	12	1
Syphilis	980	21	17	-	7	01	01	t-	10	9	4	-	00	01	1	
TOTALS	2008	2800	3108	491	202	525	398	520	949	820	321	218	244	404	481	140
DEATHS:																
Diphtheria	10		- 1	-		-					-		***************************************			
Influenza	11	2	0 -		,				-	-						
M. C. S. L. C.	0		-	-					-	1						
Meningitis (Meningococcic)	11	4	4 10	-		6		1	-		8		-	0		
Fredmonia (Lobar)	0	-	-										1	***************************************		***************************************
Tobassulasis (Pulmanauri)	15	· 00	1	-		00	-	01	10	61		-			1	
Tuberculosis (all other forms)	10	*	-	1	1	-	03	-	***************************************	***************************************	***************************************	***************************************	***************************************	***************************************		
Whooning Cough	61	-	1	***************************************	***************************************			-			***********		-	***************************************		***************************************
Syphilis	t-	7	**********		63	61	**********	*********	00		********		-	***************************************		
TOTALS	57	34	23	12	4	00	00	10	11	00	61	-	*	00	6	

Pro

TUBERCULOSIS CONTROL

Kinsmen's Club Services:

Total visits by nurse	2763
Total visits to T.B. cases	
Visits to suspect cases	
Visits to contact cases	
Co-operative visits	
vincial Tuberculosis Division:	
Clinic Report—New Cases—	
Active cases	
Suspects	91
Contact	412

Total 1323
Total examinations 1988
Total X-rays 1919

Non-contact 732

Tuberculin tests made 938
Tuberculin tests, positive 453

PUBLIC HEALTH NURSING

CHILD WELFARE

Clinics are held three times weekly in co-operation with the Provincial Department of Health.

1943	1942	1941	1940	1939
*Number of clinics held 150	101	83	101	100
Babies in atendance (under 2 years)5649	4905	3783	4743	3672
Number of pre-school1067	1146	972	1135	1010
Total6716	6051	4755	5875	4682
Average 45	60	49	58	47
New cases admited, babies1320	1119	899	866	749
New cases admitted, pre-school 240	61	202	156	152
Babies referred to family doctor 31	21	28	38	32
Pre-school referred to family doctor 36	24	20	33	32

Dr. Folinsbee and Dr. Newell were in attendance at Tuesday and Friday clinics as usual, and Dr. F. S. Macpherson relieved them for vacation in the summer.

The B.Sc. Class from the University of Alberta was with us for observation at the clinics and for field work. Nurses also came from the General, Royal Alexandra and University hospitals.

For some weeks during the early summer a member of the Citizens' Volunteer Bureau helped at the clinics.

One hundred and forty-seven children from rural areas attended the clinics, and many requests for advice on infant feeding were received and answered.

Two thousand five hundred and twenty-one home visits were made by the nurses.

Weighing Clinics: 1943	1942	1941	1940	1939
Number of clinics held 50	48	42	49	48
Total attendance1223	876	623	796	779
Average 24	18	14	16	16

As there are no doctors present at the weighing clinics, no new cases are admitted. Parents are given advice on matters of routine by the nurse on duty.

^{*}Weighing clinics included.

PRE-NATAL V	SITS			
1943	1942	1941	1940	1939
City Nurses	299	346	396	429
Victorian Order of Nurses	399	314	242	295
POST-NATAL V	ISITS			
City Nurses	114	173	193	212
Victorian Order of Nurses 743	453	586	588	836
DISTRICT VI	SITS			
Visits to homes	613	777	882	1191
Special investigations 23	22	64	92	135

BY AGE	October November Ist Day Ist Week Srd Week Total Under I. 3 Month I. 3 Months 6- 9 Months	1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 <td< th=""></td<>
	September	
-	1suguA	1114 (644 14114 1114 114
ITY, 1943 BY SEASON	Ang	
INFANT MORTALITY, 1943 BY SEASO	aung	
LT.	May	1
TV.	lindA	4
OR	February	3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
W		
IN	TOTAL	
IFA	14707	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
IN		9 — Whooping Cough. 33a—Influenza with Pneumonia. 33b—Influenza with Pneumonia. 33b—Influenza without respiratory complications specified. 73d—Other and unspecified Anaemias. 81 — Meningitis (not due to meningococcus). 84a—Meningitis (not due to meningococcus). 85a—Other Media. 107 — Broncho Pneumonia. 117a—Enteritis, Diarrhea. 117a—Enteritis, Diarrhea. 1182 — Celulitis. 157a—Congenital Hydrocephalus. 157a—Congenital Malformation of Heart. 157a—Congenital Malformation of Heart. 157a—Other congenital Malformations (unspecified). 159 — Premature Birth. 160a—Intracranial or Spinal Haemorrhage. 160a—Intracranial or Spinal Haemorrhage. 161a—Asphyxia, Atelectasis. 161a—Asphyxia, Atelectasis. 161a—Asphyxia, Atelectasis. 161a—Asphyxia, Atelectasis. 161a—Asphyxia, Atelectasis. 161a—Asphyxia (unspecified cause. 1707ALS.

HEALTH INSPECTIONS

INSPECTIONS:	10.10	10.10
Dwellings	1943	1942
Dwellings Hotels, lodging houses, apartment blocks		7,262 603
Schools, blocks, public buildings		132
Stores, business establishments		697
Food handling establishments		3,746
Garbage cans, etc.		1,229
Streets, lanes, yards, dumps, etc.		3,091
Miscellaneous		2,898
	18,755	19,658
	10,100	13,000
Re-inspections		3,372
Visits assisting Quarantine Officer	471	115
NOTICES:		
Written	2,142	1,319
Verbal		7,319
		795
Garbage		
	9,378	9,433
COMPLAINTS:		
Received from the public	1,038	787
Justified		706
Received from other Departments		24
Referred to other Departments		105
	. 101	100
The complaints were made up as follows:		
Garbage, streets, lanes, etc.		221
Vermin		136
Housing, plumbing and drainage		228
Food and drink		61
Miscellaneous	. 177	141
LICENSES:		
License applications investigated	. 1,728	1,703
PLUMBING:		
Sewer and water notices issued	. 10	11
Sewer and water installed, buildings removed, etc		20
Extension of time granted		17
Plumbing permits issued		605
Plumbing permits issued for old buildings		52
Alterations to existing plumbing	. 772	611
Privies eliminated through installation of plumbing	. 37	52

DISINFESTING STATION:		
Baths	4,121	6,352
Verminous	20	47
Scabies	344	376
Disinfested	364	423
Men washing clothing	2,874	4,654
Units washed	8,922	13,852
Articles sterilized for the Army	8,813	8,098
SCAVENGING CLEAN-UP WORK:		
Refuse removed during Clean-up Week (cu. yds.)	4,760	8,912
ANIMALS, BARNS, STYES:		
Cow owners	502	554
Hog owners	172	196
Goat owners	71	73
Mink, fox ranch owners	55	73
FOOD:		
Samples submitted to Provincial Laboratory	9	46
Foodstuff's condemned (lbs.)	162	29,546
WATER:		
Water samples taken	24	21
Negative	15	16
*Positive	4	5
*Suspicious	4	
Wells chlorinated	7	4
Wells placarded	1	1
Ice samples	2	2

*Wells condemned or further samples taken after chlorination.

HOUSING:

There were 7,282 dwellings and 905 hotels, lodging houses, apartment blocks, etc., inspected during the year for overcrowding, vermin or other insanitary conditions and notices were issued where necessary.

POISON GAS FUMIGATION:

Vermin were eliminated by the use of hydrocyanic acid gas from 253 dwellings and blocks. All premises were inspected before and after fumigation, the inhabitants warned, and all foodstuffs removed. These fumigations were carried out under our supervision.

SOCIAL HYGIENE:

Four hundred and sixteen visits were made in connection with 207 cases of venereal disease.

ENFORCEMENT OF REGULATIONS:

For failing to procure a proper manure box as required by By-law No. 9, Section 39, the defendant was fined \$10.00 and costs.

FOOD INSPECTION

MEATS INSPECTED AND CONDEMNED

Beef:

Deel;	1943	1942	1941
No. of carcasses inspected		2,327	2,379
Carcasses condemned		23	35
Portions condemned	343	247	231
Weight (lbs.) of carcasses and portions condemned		14,515	19,655
Veal:			
No. of carcasses inspected	2,141	1,373	1,938
Carcasses condemned	3	5	2
Portions condemned		22	35
Weight (lbs.) of carcasses and portions condemned	778	1,400	490
Mutton:			
No. of carcasses inspected.	1,132	821	677
Carcasses condemned	6	2	4
Portions condemned	22	19	20
Weight (lbs.) of carcasses and portions condemned	380	141	217
Pork:			
No. of carcasses inspected	5,396	6,637	4,839
Carcasses condemned	85	83	27
Portions condemned		1,425	866
Weight (lbs.) of carcasses and portions condemned	31,545	35,735	16,520
Totals:			
No. of carcasses inspected	19 499	11,158	9,833
Carcasses condemned		114	68
Portions condemned		1,709	1,152
Weight (lbs.) of carcasses and portions condemned		51,791	36,882
The same than th			
CARCASSES FOUND TO BE INFECTED	WITH	TR	
Chronous round to be miletie			
Beef:			
Infected	19	10	4
Percent	.506	.429	.168
Pork:			
Infected	749	827	507
Percent	13.88	12.46	10.47
	-0.00	12.10	10.11

CHIEF CAUSES OF CONDEMNATION, 1943

CHIEF CAUSES OF CONDEMNATIO	N, 194	13	Walaht
Beef: Car	rasses	Portions	Weight Lbs.
Abscess		140	1,730
Abscess multiple		2	1,445
Actinomycosis	2	100	2,685
Bruised		1	5,695
Pneumonia		21	2,365 2,225
Tuberculosis Emaciation		21	1,050
Miscellaneous (adhesions, parasites, contamination)		71	905
Parada (amicolana) parada a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a			
	32	343	18,100
Veal:			
Abscess		20	230
Parasites Improper bleeding		16	155 168
Abscess multiple			100
Miscellaneous (actinomycosis, immature, adhesions)	î	5	125
	3	41	778
W-tt			
Mutton: Pneumonia	2		115
Abscess multiple			65
Improper bleeding	1		45
Arthritis			65
Emaciation	1		50
Miscellaneous (parasites, abscess)		22	40
	6	22	380
			000
Pork:			
Abscess multiple	17		2,800
Adhesions		00	1,020
Arthritis			3,650
Bruised			1,225
Contamination			2,360
Improper bleeding Parasites		100	1,400 215
Peritonitis			1,000
Pneumonia	_		1,475
Tuberculosis		882	15,015
Metritis			450
Emaciation			550
Miscellaneous (abscess, rough, frozen)		2	385
	85	1,251	31,545
DISPASED ANIMALS			
DISEASED ANIMALS	1943	1942	1941
Beef			217
Veal			41
Mutton		16	24
Pork	924	1,024	663
noon amuning good and			
FOODSTUFFS CONDEMNED		Pounds	
	1943	1942	1941
Meat			36,882
Poultry			160
Fish			1,848
Sundries	400	350	6

FOODSTUFFS CONDEMNED BY HEALTH INSPECTORS

Poultry .

	1943	1942	1941
Canned Goods	4	3	45
Meat	12	41	115
Fruit and Vegetables	****		3,540
Fish			500
Ice Cream	5		160
Sundries	38	28	125
Damaged by Fire		27,067	182
Cheese		1,900	

103

	Total	(lbs.) 51,488	81,795	43,563
Butcher Shon Inspection visits		3 826	5.017	5 119

Candy

		COMPLAINTS			
Received Justified	public		32	42	36
Justinea	 		21	21	33

DAIRY INSPECTION

During the fourth year of war, the high degree of compliance with the requirements of all items of sanitation listed in the milk regulations of the Provincial Board of Health, the Local Board of Health and the requirements of the milk ordinance of the United States Public Health Service is being maintained.

Certificates issued Producer-distributors, raw milk	23
Certificates issued Producer-shippers, milk	262
Certificates issued Producer-shippers, cream	
Certificates issued Pasteurization Plants	5
Inspections of Producer-distributors' Dairies	92
Inspections of Producer-shippers' Dairies	583
Inspections of Pasteurization Plants	61
New Dairy Barns erected	10
Dairy Barns remodelled	
New Milk Houses erected	13
Certificates suspended temporarily	
Certificates suspended indefinitely	
Applications for certificates of registration refused	2
Certificates issued to retail distributors	
Permits issued to cowkeepers in the city	
Reduction tests, milk	10,623
Reduction tests, milk Reduction tests, cream	10,623
Reduction tests, milk	10,623
Reduction tests, milk Reduction tests, cream	10,623 834
Reduction tests, milk Reduction tests, cream Sediment tests Buterfat tests	10,623 834 1,097
Reduction tests, milk Reduction tests, cream Sediment tests Buterfat tests Phosphatase tests Bacterial plate counts, milk	10,623 834 1,097 369 762
Reduction tests, milk Reduction tests, cream Sediment tests Buterfat tests Phosphatase tests Bacterial plate counts, milk	10,623 834 1,097 369 762
Reduction tests, milk Reduction tests, cream Sediment tests Buterfat tests Phosphatase tests Bacterial plate counts, milk Bacterial plate counts, ice cream	10,623 834 1,097 369 762 48
Reduction tests, milk Reduction tests, cream Sediment tests Buterfat tests Phosphatase tests Bacterial plate counts, milk Bacterial plate counts, ice cream Chlorine tests at dairy farms Dairy cattle privately tested for Bang's disease	10,623 834 1,097 369 762 48 23 530
Reduction tests, milk Reduction tests, cream Sediment tests Buterfat tests Phosphatase tests Bacterial plate counts, milk Bacterial plate counts, ice cream Chlorine tests at dairy farms Dairy cattle privately tested for Bang's disease	10,623 834 1,097 369 762 48 23 530
Reduction tests, milk Reduction tests, cream Sediment tests Buterfat tests Phosphatase tests Bacterial plate counts, milk Bacterial plate counts, ice cream Chlorine tests at dairy farms Dairy cattle privately tested for Bang's disease Well water samples taken at dairy farms	10,623 834 1,097 369 762 48 23 530
Reduction tests, milk Reduction tests, cream Sediment tests Buterfat tests Phosphatase tests Bacterial plate counts, milk Bacterial plate counts, ice cream Chlorine tests at dairy farms Dairy cattle privately tested for Bang's disease Well water samples taken at dairy farms Milk cans condemned	10,623 834 1,097 369 762 48 23 530
Reduction tests, milk Reduction tests, cream Sediment tests Buterfat tests Phosphatase tests Bacterial plate counts, milk Bacterial plate counts, ice cream Chlorine tests at dairy farms Dairy cattle privately tested for Bang's disease Well water samples taken at dairy farms Milk cans condemned Written notices to dairy premises	10,623 834 1,097 369 762 48 23 530 243
Reduction tests, milk Reduction tests, cream Sediment tests Buterfat tests Phosphatase tests Bacterial plate counts, milk Bacterial plate counts, ice cream Chlorine tests at dairy farms Dairy cattle privately tested for Bang's disease Well water samples taken at dairy farms Milk cans condemned	10,623 834 1,097 369 762 48 23 530 243

Since 1922 all milk and cream which is consumed in fluid form within the City of Edmonton has been produced from cows which are tuberculin tested by the Health of Animals Branch of the Dominion Department of Agriculture.

LABORATORY REPORT

During the year 1943 the testing and supervision has been carried on along the same lines as previously. The sudden increase in the milk consumption along with the inability to procure the necessary equipment and also the greatly increased demand on the producers coupled with their inability to procure farm help has very much complicated the whole milk situation. The necessity of conserving the transportation due to war demands has also made it difficult to get delivery to the plants at suitable time of day and the whole routine has been greatly upset. All these factors have combined to greatly increase the difficulty of procuring and examining milk samples and have necessitated a great deal of overtime work to ensure any sort of satisfactory supervision.

As several of our milk vendors have discontinued or changed to whole-saling their product the total number of retail samples taken during the year was only 843, a considerable drop over previous years. Of these 602 were examined by the official plate count method. As in previous years we have classified as special all those with counts of 15,000 and under. This class made up just under half of our total samples for the year. The tabulation below will show the distribution of the results in different classes. The 15 samples in which examination was spoiled by the growth of "spreaders" are not included in the calculating of the per cent in each group.

	Special	15,000/ 40,000	40,000/ 100,000	100,000/ 400,000	Over	Spreader	Total
January	25	7	9	7	4		52
February	18	6	3	1	2		30
March	28	9	8			1	46
April	18	11	22	5	4		60
May	26	14	9	1	1		51
June	18	15	6	8	4		51
July	26	8	7	1	5	1	48
August	17	10	16	13		9	65
September	42	8	4	3	****	4	61
October	29	11	3	3			46
November	26	13	5	****		****	44
December	19	10	8	7	4	****	48
	292	122	100	49	24	15	602
Percentage	49.7	20.8	17.0	8.4	4.1		100

(*Special class, under 15,000 bacteria per cubic centimetre).

As previously we are classifying the results in groups as follows:

			15,000/	O come	40,000	1	100,000	/				
	Spec.	%	40,000	%	100,000	%	400,000	%	Over	%	Spr.	Total
Raw Milk	95	33.7	70	24.8	62	21.9	39	13.8	16	5.8	10	292
Pasteurized 1	116	64.1	33	18.2	20	11.1	8	4.4	4	2.2	2	183
Jersey	51	66.2	11	14.3	10	13.	1	1.3	4	5.2	2	79
Homogenized	30	63.8	8	17.	8	17.	1	2.2			1	48
2	292		122		100		49		24		15	602

We started the year with 24 raw milk vendors and of these three dropped out leaving a total of 21 to end the year.

It is well to remember, in considering these results, that repeat samples are run when the count is 50,000 or over, so that the figures do not look as good as they would if the milk from the better vendors were sampled as often as that from those who are not quite so good.

The methylene blue reduction test was run on all of these 843 samples and of these 22 failed to stand up under the test. These samples were also tested for butter fat, and specific gravity, and these results also used to calculate solids not fat. Sediment tests run on all these samples were graded on an arbitrary scale which we have used for some time and found very useful in reporting back to milk handlers on the condition of their product. In

addition all samples were tasted to detect possible flavor defects. On the pasteurized milk, phosphatase tests were run twice a month as a control on the time and temperature factors in pasteurization and the necessary check up made at the plants if any deficiency was indicated. The pasteurization recording charts were also received at this office for scrutiny and criticism.

A great deal of time has been taken in the checking of the raw milk received at the pasteurizing plants. Due to the wartime restrictions of the use of trucks and economy measures in the collection mileage the receiving schedule has been rather badly disrupted. This has greatly increased the work of getting samples. An attempt has been made however, to submit each milk patron's product to the methylene blue test each week. The total number of samples from 263 producers who shipped all or part of the year was 9,780 and of these 864 or 8.83% failed to stand up to the test. This is not nearly as good a showing as previous years but, considering the difficulties under which we have been working is not too bad a showing. Besides these there were 46 special samples of which four failed to make first grade.

Special samples of cream and milk were run monthly for the C.N.R. purchasing department in connection with their dining car and hotel service as well as odd samples for individuals seeking special information.

A few rinse samples were taken to check efficiency of washing machines.

A summary of these activities is as follows:

Tests:

Nui	mber	r Average	
Butterfat			
Solids not fat	912	8.72%	
Sediment	834	8 (out of a	possible 10)
Special Creams	39	18%%	
Special Milk			
Chocolate Milks			
Phosphate tests	369		

Bacteria counts were also done on the following:

Special Creams	37-16	in	special	class
Special Milks	76 - 49	in	special	class
			special	
Ice Cream	49-9	in	special	class
Rinse Bottles			7.7	

Methylene blue tests:

	Number	Class
Producers Milk	9,780	864
Retail Samples	843	22
Special Tests	46	4

General supervision was given to the swimming pools both city owned and private. Test solutions and testing outfits have been made up and supplied to pools and kept continuously serviced. Visits were made to the pools weekly sometimes oftener and tests made on the water for chlorine content, and, samples taken for bacteria count. Advice and help was also given in operating problems. A total of 288 samples were taken for bacterial examination 167 from the city pools and 61 for the private. At one of our pools there seemed to be some trouble getting the treatment routine working properly at the first of the season, and several high counts were obtained. Results otherwise were very good. The private pools particularly were handicapped by trouble in obtaining accustomed supplies of chlorine sterilizing compounds, but managed to get along fairly well. No sample in the whole year gave a positive test for colon organisms.

The tap water has been examined for us by the Provincial Laboratory almost every working day throughout the year in addition to the samples examined by the works chemist at the plant. Two hundred and ninety-one samples were thus examined, 62 gave counts over 10, and 2 were 200 or over.

Also two samples during August gave positive tests for B. Coli. These results show many samples higher than for any previous years but, we are still far below the limits set for acceptable water. Almost every day throughout the year Sundays and holidays included tests were made on the tap water for control of residual chlorine. A survey was also made to determine just how the chlorine was spreading throughout the distributing system. Samples were taken at various widely spread points over several weeks. As a result of this survey, and in order to make our dosage comply with recent health standards governing our method of treatment some adjustments were made at the water treatment plant. In this, as in all other matters having to do with the water control the closest collaboration was maintained at all times with the plant personnel.

There were about 370 laboratory tests made for chlorine besides about 320 semi quantitative "bottle" tests made at home or outside the laboratory.

Complaints were received from some of the New War Service Offices opened in the city with regard to the quality of the water, off flavors on the water, etc. These complaints were investigated, samples taken and examined and the cause determined as from some source such as faults in installation, quite apart from our water supply. One of the most baffling was from oil used in jointing the fixtures.

Sufficient time was not found to give much attention to the sewage treatment plants, but they were all visited at various times to see that everything was going smoothly.



