

Report of the Department of Public Health for the year ending September 30th ... and of the Deputy Registrar General containing the vital statistics of the Province for the year ending December 31st ... / Province of Nova Scotia.

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PROVINCE NOVA SCOTIA

REPORT OF THE

Department of Public Health

FOR THE

Year ending November 30th, 1935

AND OF THE

Deputy Registrar General

CONTAINING THE

Vital Statistics of the Province

For the Year ending December 31st, 1934



HALIFAX, N. S.
PROVINCIAL SECRETARY
KING'S PRINTER

1936



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PROVINCE NOVA SCOTIA

REPORT OF THE

Department of Public Health

FOR THE

Year ending November 30th, 1935

14 Months

AND OF THE

Deputy Registrar General

CONTAINING THE

Vital Statistics of the Province

For the Year ending December 31st, 1934



HALIFAX, N. S.
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PROVINCE OF SINGAPORE
REPORT OF THE
Department of Public Health
Year ending November 30th, 1935
14 Months
and in
Deputy Registrar General
Vital Statistics of the Province
for the Year ending December 31st, 1934

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To His Honour,

THE HONOURABLE WALTER HAROLD COVERT, K.C.,
Lieutenant-Governor of Nova Scotia.

Sir:—

I beg to present herewith the Report of the Department of the Public Health for the year ending November 30th, 1935, and of the Deputy Registrar General containing the Vital Statistics of the Province for the year ending December 31st, 1934.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

F. R. DAVIS,

Minister of Health.



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REPORT OF THE CHIEF HEALTH OFFICER

To the Honourable Frank R. Davis, M.D., F.A.C.S.,
Minister of Health.

Sir:—

I beg to submit herewith my report for the fiscal year ending November 30th, 1935.

Due to the change in the fiscal year of the province this report, in a general way, covers a fourteen months period; nevertheless the material submitted for your consideration is based largely on the statistical tables for the calendar year 1934.

At the conclusion of another year it is a pleasure to state that the health of the people generally has been maintained at a satisfactory level. The general death rate which was reduced in 1933, attained a slightly lower level. Communicable diseases, with the exception of whooping cough and measles, show either decreases or a tendency to follow the downward trend of recent years. The infant mortality rate is the lowest on record, and still further gains have been made in the control of tuberculosis. There were no serious epidemics, and most principal causes of death, with the exception of heart affections and cancer, show diminution. Particularly gratifying are the morbidity and mortality records for typhoid fever, small pox, epidemic meningitis, enteritis, and dysentery. For the third consecutive year not a single case of small pox was reported. Deaths from accidental causes were thirty-two fewer than in the year immediately preceding.

Cancer

During the calendar year 1934 there were 688 deaths from cancer, fifty more than in 1933. Cancer comes second only to heart disease as a cause of death, and both are apparently increasing. The rising death rate from Cancer presents a rather serious situation. It must not be forgotten, however, that better diagnosing and an ageing population bring with them an increasing rate even if the incidence at certain age groups were no higher. For many years deaths in infancy, from Tuberculosis, and the acute communicable diseases, have been decreasing, which means that more people are surviving the hazardous years of childhood and are passing into the age where Cancer or the degenerative diseases take their greatest toll.

While all over the civilized world large sums of money are being spent on research, a specific or cure has not yet been discovered for this disease. We must still depend upon early diagnosis and early treatment. Many cases of cancer can be cured and others prevented when people report promptly to their physicians any noticeable departure from the normal.

During the year just passed, there was a marked increase in the number of tissues sent to the Pathological Laboratory for diagnostic purposes and many more people received special treatment at the Victoria General Hospital Cancer Clinic.

Heart Disease

For a number of years our statistics show heart disease to be the leading cause of death. In 1934 eight hundred and thirty-nine persons in this province died of heart disease, ten more than in the year immediately preceding. As previously intimated general health measures have saved many in the younger age period, and have sent them into an age when they must eventually die of some cause, consequently heart affections claim a goodly number. While many heart conditions are inevitable, many of the acquired type are preventable. Heart complications resulting from diphtheria, whooping cough and syphilis can be prevented by the prevention of these diseases. The so-called rheumatic heart can frequently be prevented, either by the removal of infections or by the proper treatment of acute rheumatic fever, and almost all heart diseases may be benefited by adjusting one's habits to conform with the abnormality present.

Tuberculosis

A favourable sign in last years record is the continued decline in the morbidity and mortality of tuberculosis. In the year 1933 there was a sharp drop in the deaths from this disease and as a consequence one would not expect a further decline in 1934; nevertheless, the decidedly downward trend of recent years has continued.

During the past few years special endeavors have been made to sever the contact between open cases of tuberculosis and well individuals; to provide better selection of patients for institutional care; and to make fuller use of the educational facilities provided in tuberculosis institutions by a greater overturn of cases. Many municipal authorities have co-operated admirably and the results would appear to justify the efforts put forth.

Enlargement of, and improvements, in the consultation field clinics have resulted in their increased effectiveness and popularity. Tuberculosis surveys of college and normal school students have been made and the task of supervising contacts has been continued as far as feasible. Realizing the importance of properly applied surgical measures in rendering selected cases free of tubercle containing sputa, every encouragement was given to the establishment of centers where patients returning from the sanatoria and other institutions may receive pneumothorax refills. Comprehensive data concerning all discovered cases have been written into the census files and tabulated by counties. Many clinics were held by the field diagnosticians, and their examinations totalled 6468.

Elsewhere will be found reports of the Divisional Health Officers and Clinic diagnosticians, giving most valuable information relative to the tuberculosis problem.

Whooping Cough

Whooping cough was more prevalent in 1934 than in the years immediately preceding. It was responsible for the loss of forty-five lives. This disease is capable of leaving many complications, the chief one being pneumonia. A new vaccine, which gives promise as a preventive, is now on trial. The only way, probably apart from the use of vaccine, to prevent a child from taking whooping cough, is not to expose him to persons in the community having suspicious coughs. Since its control is so difficult and since the mortality from it is exceedingly high in infancy, parents are warned to protect their children, especially in the early years, from exposure to it.

Measles

Measles was epidemic in several sections of the province during the past year and was responsible for considerable confusion in school routine. It caused eleven deaths in comparison with eight in 1933.

Many people still regard measles as a trivial infection and one to which all children should be exposed. They may be surprised, however, to learn that it causes more deaths than diphtheria. While perhaps we cannot hope to banish the disease entirely nevertheless, we should do everything possible to protect children from exposure to it, and to prevent its spread once it has entered a community.

In an endeavour to prevent the more serious types of measles, convalescent serum gives promise of results, although the chief obstacle to its application is the difficulty of procuring sufficient quantity of a potent product.

Diphtheria

In 1932 there were 11 deaths from diphtheria, in 1933, nine, and in 1934, ten. At first glance these figures may appear small, but as a matter of fact, they are altogether too high for a disease that can be, in fact, prevented. It will only be prevented when parents acting upon the best advice, bring or send all their infants to physicians for toxoid administration.

Diphtheria has its greatest mortality in children of pre-school age, consequently if we are going to stop its occurrence, we must stop it in the younger children. All infants, after the age of six months, should be immunized with toxoid. The process is unattended with danger, and if given early in life, causes no discomfort.

Typhoid Fever

There was one death only from typhoid fever in 1934, and one from paratyphoid. This is a record of which we may justly be proud, particularly since our province is now widely advertised as a tourist resort. Our summer visitors may be told that not a single outbreak of typhoid has been attributed to our public water supplies for years.

Modern sanitation plus typhoid vaccination has brought about the control of this disease. If now all incorporated town authorities use their best endeavours towards the production of one hundred per cent scientific pasteurization of their milk supplies, further assurances may be given our own people as well as our guests from without the province.

Small Pox

Not a single case of small pox has been reported in Nova Scotia for 3 years. This may be responsible for neglect of vaccination in some quarters. There are sections of the province where people in considerable numbers have evaded the vaccination regulations. Such a situation favors the spread of the disease, should it be introduced. Small pox can be kept out of the province by general vaccination. There is no certainty of keeping it out in any other way.

Scarlet Fever

In 1934 there were eleven deaths from scarlet fever, ten in 1933, and eighteen in 1932.

It is found that the disease is not always given serious consideration by parents, and as a consequence, treatment of the milder form is frequently neglected, with disastrous results. Scarlet fever should be regarded as a dangerous communicable disease whether it appears in mild or severe form, especially on account of its complications which are apt to involve particularly the kidneys, ears and glands. A more wide spread use of toxin as a preventive of merit is recommended.

Infantile Paralysis

It is gratifying to report another year passed without the province being visited by this disease in epidemic form. Scattered cases occurred with four deaths. Infantile paralysis, so-called, is always to be dreaded, particularly on account of its sequela, usually paralyzed arms or legs. Our knowledge regarding its mode of transmission is incomplete and frequently cases escape recognition until paralysis has developed. As in recent years the Director of the Public Health Laboratory prepared a quantity of convalescent serum for emergency use.

Venereal Diseases

Thirty-seven deaths resulted directly from this group of diseases in 1934. It is difficult to determine the number of cases existing at any given time, but from an analysis of laboratory examinations and from other data, we know that reports of these fall far short of actual numbers. The control of the venereal diseases is one of the most difficult problems with which health workers are confronted, largely due to neglect of patients reporting and seeking treatment at a time when the chances of cure and prevention are greatest.

The five free treatment clinics have been operating to capacity throughout the year, and in addition, large quantities of medicinal preparations were distributed to physicians for the benefit of persons unable to pay.

Infant Mortality

The provincial infant death rate has been falling satisfactorily during recent years, and that for 1934 is the lowest yet attained.

Education on feeding and on the general care of the child are doubtless having their effect. Moreover, diseases of childhood are lessening, and it is thought further reductions can be effected if people generally avail themselves completely of the knowledge now extant. A favourable indication is the increasing demand for modern literature on both prenatal and postnatal care.

Maternal Mortality

Diseases of pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperal state claimed seventy-one lives in the last statistical year.

Maternal mortality is really one of the difficult undertakings we have to face, nevertheless a most important and vital one. It would appear that much can be accomplished by education. Education of the mother herself, and of the physician, midwife, and nurse who serve her.

During the year the best literature obtainable has been given as wide distribution as possible, with the hope that in the next few years the effort may be reflected in a reduction of our maternal losses.

Public Health Nursing

In any public health program very considerable importance must be attached to health education. It is thought that the most satisfactory system is to teach by demonstration, consequently much of the department's educational propaganda is projected through its nurses. Our nurses endeavour to give a generalized public health nursing service, embracing communicable disease control, school health supervision, and maternal and child welfare. The nurses doing this work are graduate nurses with special training in public health. In homes where infectious diseases exist, they explain what the diseases are, and how they act. When tuberculosis is found, time is taken to explain the methods to be employed in preventing its spread and the importance of having contacts examined. Special attention is given the patient, so that he may be cared for with the least possible danger to others. Suitable literature is supplied and sputum cups are distributed to those who are unable to pay. In many instances through private donations, clothing and other necessities are provided for those in need.

A goodly portion of the nurses time is devoted to the health of the school child. The pupils are inspected for remediable defects and for

the presence of infectious conditions. Health talks are given, designed to inculcate simple practical means of protection against communicable diseases. All defects or suspected contagious conditions found are reported to the family physicians and with their permission the homes of the pupils concerned are entered for the purpose of giving all possible assistance. Having entered the homes the nurses make use of these opportunities to devote as much time as possible to maternal and infant welfare work generally. Due to the nature of her work, the public health nurse becomes a health supervisor and since health supervision includes health education, a wonderful opportunity presents itself for bringing education into the homes where it is needed most.

During the past year 14276 home visits were made, 47750 school children were inspected, many meetings and interviews were held, and in emergencies bedside nursing was given.

Laboratories

The bacteriological and pathological laboratories, particularly the former, were hives of activity during the year just passed, owing to the increased number of specimens sent in for examination and identification. The number of examinations and diagnostic tests are rapidly increasing from year to year, keeping well in pace with advances in public health, so that today a dependable laboratory service is absolutely essential to the proper functioning of any health department. Wider application of laboratory facilities means better methods of disease control and as a consequence, better service to the public generally.

Elsewhere will be found the annual reports of the laboratory directors. A perusal of these will give one some indication of the scope of the service.

Milk

It is a pleasure to again record increased interest on the part of Medical Health Officers and dairymen in the production of a safe milk supply. During the year hundreds of specimens of this important food have been examined at the Public Health Laboratory. These examinations indicate a consistent improvement in quality. It is now generally agreed that of all foods, milk is the most important, especially for infants and children. It is also realized that it may be one of the most dangerous if not properly protected, consequently

the necessity of throwing all possible safeguards about the marketing of this product, is apparent. Of these safeguards, proper pasteurization is of primary importance, and it is gratifying to note that with each succeeding year the consumption of pasteurized milk is increasing.

In conclusion it may be said that the health record of recent years indicates, to a certain extent at least, the existence of that cooperation so essential between health officials, voluntary organizations and the people generally. The final success of any Public Health plan will, to a very considerable extent, depend upon the degree to which the public generally responds.

I desire again, Sir, to express my appreciation of your personal interest in solving many of the difficult problems placed before me. I wish also to give public recognition of the valuable and unselfish service rendered by the various members of the Department staff.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

P. S. CAMPBELL, M.D.,

Chief Health Officer.

Halifax, N. S.,
November 30th, 1935.

REPORT OF THE DEPUTY REGISTRAR GENERAL

To the Honourable Frank R. Davis, M.D., F.A.C.S.,
Minister of Health and Registrar General.

Sir:

I beg to submit the report of the Deputy Registrar General for the calendar year 1934.

In the year 1934, there were, in the province, 11,407 living births, rate per 1000 population 22.2 based on the 1931 census. This represents an increase of 247 births over 1933. General deaths amounted to 6,028 with a rate of 11.7 per 1000 population. In 1933 there were 6,045 deaths from all causes. 807 infant deaths occurred, giving a rate of 70.7 which is the lowest on record. Diseases of pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperal state were responsible for 71 lives. 3,756 marriages were solemnized, giving a rate of 7.3 per 1000 population. There was a marked increase in the number of marriages in 1934 over recent years, which may be an indication of improved economic conditions. It may be that increased employment, and a brighter outlook generally have stimulated the confidence of more people to enter matrimony and consequently establish homes for themselves.

The Section of Vital Statistics is making a special effort to focus the attention of Division Registrars and householders upon the importance of complete recording of births and deaths, and on the necessity of prompt transfer of all certificates to the central office where they are tabulated and filed. While registration is improving, yet there are some who are still lax in sending forward the returns they are legally required to send. Too many do not think of the serious consequences of failure to properly record the facts of births and deaths. It is by an analysis of the data contained in Vital Statistics that the Health Department is enabled to more intelligently form its policies of health preservation.

Appended are tables showing births, deaths, and marriages, with rates; various classifications with the number of deaths assigned to each; as well as the causes of deaths by places, months, sex and age groupings, nativity and by counties, cities and towns.

I have the honour to be, Sir,

Your Obedient Servant,

P. S. CAMPBELL, M.D.,

Deputy Registrar General.

Halifax, N. S.,

November 30th, 1935.

REPORT OF DIVISIONAL MEDICAL HEALTH OFFICER

To the Chief Health Officer:

As Divisional Medical Health Officer of the Eastern Section of the Province of Nova Scotia, I respectfully submit the following report:

The past fiscal year has been, in my territory, productive of a very marked increase of public interest, in the problem of the control of Pulmonary Tuberculosis. The Department of Public Health, under the able direction of the Honourable Minister of Health, assisted by yourself, has been good enough to comply with the request of the Canadian Legion of Glace Bay, to conduct an intensive survey of the Tuberculosis situation in that territory. This has been a very popular move and I have never witnessed a public respond and co-operate, as in this particular instance. I cannot say enough in tribute to Dr. Grant, Dean of Dalhousie Medical School, who is directing the Survey, and ably assisted by Dr. McLean, also of Dalhousie University.

I would like to pay special tribute to the nurses taking part in the very exacting work of this Survey. They have been very faithful to their duties, and have not spared themselves in the interest of this work. It will be some time yet before the final records are completed, but I feel sure they will be of great interest to the Honourable Minister, yourself, and the public.

I again feel it my duty to express my grateful thanks to all Municipal bodies, service clubs, societies, and benefit organizations, for their active co-operation in this work. The hospitals have co-operated in a manner deserving the highest commendation.

Through the kindness of the Department, it was my privilege to attend, in Toronto, the National Health Conference, held in the Royal York Hotel, in June of this year, and while I learned a great deal, I was pleased to note that in Nova Scotia our work compared very favourably with that carried on in other centres.

May I take this opportunity of suggesting, in view of the increased demands being made in this Division for Public Health Medical Service, that Medical and Nursing personnel, receive your favourable consideration for extension.

It is very gratifying to note the interest taken by physicians in the treatment of Tuberculosis, especially that of Pneumothorax; the most of this work is being done without any remuneration.

Following is a resume of the examinations carried out in my Division, during the fiscal year:—

Number of positive cases seen for the first time	233
“ “ positive cases re-examined	501
“ “ suspected cases seen for the first time	251
“ “ suspected cases re-examined	25
“ “ negative cases seen for the first time	857
“ “ negative cases re-examined	536
	2403
Total	2403

I wish to take this opportunity to thank the Honourable Minister, yourself, and your staff, for your tolerance, assistance and co-operation in all that has been attempted, and lastly I wish to express my appreciation of the assistance rendered by each and every Medical Practitioner in my territory.

Respectfully submitted,

C. M. BAYNE, M.D.,

Divisional Medical Health Officer.

Sydney, N. S.,
Nov. 30th, 1935.

REPORT OF DIVISIONAL MEDICAL HEALTH OFFICER

To the Chief Health Officer:

I beg to submit my report for the fiscal year, ending November 30, 1935.

Looking back over the period since making my last report, I must say that progress in all phases of Public Health work has been noted. To me, the most satisfactory feature is the interest being displayed by the public, as a whole, in matters pertaining to the physical well being of the citizens of the Province. This, I would say, is an interest of the most vital importance. Get individuals interested in themselves, their neighbors, and fellow citizens, and then half the battle of Public Health Work is won. Education along these lines is the most effective of all Public Health Work. Make our people health conscious, not disease conscious. In the past few decades, the public have had diseases, and their results dangled before them continuously, and as a consequence, we have a good many of our public possessed with the disease phobia. This is the age of prevention, and let us bend forth every effort to educate the masses to that objective.

Our Public Health Nurses play the most important role in the field of education. In their school work, they come in contact with our future citizens, and they are bound to sow seeds of prevention and create in our young girls and boys, a health consciousness and personal interest, that the result will be widely manifested in years to come. They also visit homes, and in these homes, their influence and contact is effective and appreciated.

My duties as Divisional Medical Health Officer during the past year, were quite diversified, but as previously, the greater part was devoted to Tuberculosis work.

The following is a summary of clinic work, done for the year stated:—

1st	Positive Examinations	266
1st	Negative Examinations	1378
1st	Suspect Examinations	121
2nd	Positive Examinations	420
2nd	Negative Examinations	351
2nd	Suspect Examinations	53
	Total	2589

I take this opportunity of expressing my appreciation of the co-operation, kindly given by the Honourable Minister and yourself. I also wish to thank the staff of the Department, Public Health Nurses, Municipal Bodies, Anti-Tuberculosis organizations, and other voluntary organizations interested in Public Health Work, for their valuable assistance.

Respectfully submitted,

J. J. MacRITCHIE, M.D.,

Divisional Medical Health Officer.

Halifax, N. S.,
Nov. 30th, 1935.

REPORT OF TRAVELLING TUBERCULOSIS DIAGNOSTICIAN

To the Chief Health Officer:

As travelling diagnostician from the Sanatorium staff, serving the counties of Lunenburg, Queens, Shelburne, Yarmouth and Kings, I beg to submit my first annual report for the fiscal year ending November 30th, 1935.

One of the most important factors in the control of tuberculosis is a close co-operation between the Municipal and Town Councils (who are of necessity responsible for the indigent tuberculous) and those who have to deal directly with the tuberculous. To help develop this co-operation, an address was delivered to each Council, except one, in my district, outlining the underlying principles of control of the disease and the importance of Sanatorium treatment, when indicated, if only for a short period. It was emphasized that such treatment not only benefits the individual directly, but because of the education received, the individual knows how to "follow the cure" on his return home and can pass on to his neighbors the information he has acquired. Education is without doubt one of the sheet anchors of control of tuberculosis.

The importance of early diagnosis was duly stressed and since early diagnosis, especially of the childhood type of tuberculosis requires the use of X-Ray, those in charge of the various X-Ray units in these counties were approached with the object of making basic charges for services. The response was most gratifying and may be taken as a direct indication of the whole-hearted desire on the part, not only of the profession, but also of the layman to eradicate this disease. The result is that any adult or child requiring X-Ray opinion may have it, provided he travels to one of the centres. The importance of this service in the examination of contacts cannot be over-estimated.

The support and co-operation which I have received from the Councils, and their Medical Health Officers has been splendid, but it is of necessity dependent upon the financial status of the municipality. Indeed some districts have such a small treasury that it is difficult for them to give aid to tuberculous individuals at home and they appear to be unable to consider Sanatorium treatment for even the most deserving.

Some further progress has been made toward the actual control of positive sputum cases in that one more "pneumothorax station" has been established and still another will be an accomplished fact within a short period. Pneumothorax has come to the place where it is essential in the control of tuberculosis, for by its use the period of invalidism is reduced and the sputum, in the majority of cases, made negative. In many instances, quiescence of the disease and a negative sputum can be accomplished in a matter of a few months with the aid of pneumothorax, whereas with rest alone, many months or even years are required.

It is regrettable that the territory from Liverpool to Yarmouth has no X-Ray apparatus for this is a handicap both in accurate diagnosis and satisfactory treatment since the distance to the nearest X-Ray centre is too great for many to travel, because of expense involved. It is my earnest hope that this deficiency may soon be remedied in some way.

I believe, Sir, that the principles which have been adopted in the field work are showing results. The public is slowly learning the importance of segregation of open cases, and some instances have come to light where public opinion has made the removal of an open case compulsory. It is both alarming and disheartening, however, to see the many instances in which treatment would save a life and protect all contacts, yet such treatment is not possible because of inability to pay or find payment for it.

It is a great aid to the diagnostician in directing treatment to have had the patient in the Sanatorium even for a brief period. The complete and detailed examination possible at the Sanatorium, plus daily observation, gives an estimation of the individual resistance to disease, which becomes a valuable aid in outlining treatment at future re-examinations in the field.

May I take this opportunity, please, to thank the Honorable Minister and yourself for your unfailing and active interest in the many problems which I find my duty to discuss.

I also wish to commend the Public Health Nurses for their earnest efforts in home visiting and instruction, in addition to their invaluable search for contacts. Field work is made effective largely through the effort of this group, who work quietly and efficiently without public attention.

Finally, I desire to record my sincere thanks to the profession at large for their co-operation in the examination of contacts and their endeavors to take care of each case of tuberculosis as it is discovered.

The following is a report of the examinations during the year:

Number of chest examinations.	1476
Number of Positive cases seen for the first time.	209
Number of Positive cases re-examined.	357
Number of Suspected cases seen for the first time.	120
Number of Suspected cases re-examined.	32
Number of Negative cases seen for the first time.	586
Number of Negative cases re-examined.	172

Twenty addresses were given to various bodies interested in tuberculosis.

Respectfully submitted,

CHARLES J. W. BECKWITH, M.D.,
Clinic Examiner.

Kentville, N. S.,
November 30th, 1935.

REPORT ON THE WORK OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH LABORATORY, HALIFAX, N. S.

To the Chief Health Officer:

During the period under review, the work of the Public Health Laboratory continued to show the rapid increase in volume that has been apparent since its organization ten years ago. After allowance has been made for the longer period covered in this report, one finds an increase of approximately 17 per cent over the previous year, distributed over most items in the classified list.

The following changes are noted in the Laboratory staff: [the resignation of Mrs. M. A. H. Swim, and the appointment of Miss Katherine Foster, M.A., as her successor.

During the fiscal year ending November 30, 1935, a total of 50,849 specimens of various kinds were examined and reported upon. They have been classified as follows:

Kahn Tests, Blood	10,021
Positive	1739
Negative	8018
Unsatisfactory	264
Hinton Tests	9,715
Positive	2334
Negative	7381
Smears for Gonococci	5,689
Positive	1711
Negative	3910
Unsatisfactory	68
Sputum for Tubercle Bacilli	7,356
Positive	2189
Negative	5167
Throat Swabs	3,131
Diphtheria—	
Positive	453
Negative	1941

Haemolytic Streptococci		
Positive.....	124	
Negative.....	548	
Vincent's angina.....	56	
Unsatisfactory.....	9	
Widal Agglutination Tests.....		3,531
B. typhosus.....		
Positive.....	21	
Negative.....	291	
B. paratyphosus A.....		
Positive.....	5	
Negative.....	306	
B. paratyphosus B.....		
Positive.....	45	
Negative.....	268	
Br. abortus.....		
Positive.....	30	
Negative.....	964	
Br. melitensis.....		
Positive.....	20	
Negative.....	975	
Br. proteus X-19.....		
Positive.....	1	
Negative.....	302	
B. tularensis.....		
Positive.....	1	
Negative.....	302	
Spinal Fluids.....		1,151
Routine.....	405	
Lange curve.....	375	
Kahn test: Positive.....	56	
Negative.....	315	
Urine for Tubercle Bacilli.....		814
Positive.....	56	
Negative.....	758	
Pleural Fluids for Tubercle Bacilli.....		179
Positive.....	31	
Negative.....	148	

Pus for Tubercle Bacilli		75
Faeces for Typhoid		383
Positive.....	64	
Negative.....	319	
Urine for Typhoid		47
Blood Cultures for Typhoid		157
Eye Smears for Gonococci		152
Positive.....	49	
Negative.....	103	
Water		2617
Bacteriological.....	1820	
Chemical.....	786	
Unsatisfactory.....	11	
Milk and Cream		5003
Bacteriological.....	4544	
Butter fat.....	343	
Miscellaneous.....	45	
Empty Milk Bottles.....	71	
Cows' Blood for Br. Abortus		641
Positive.....	128	
Negative.....	513	
Miscellaneous		187
TOTAL		50,849

Sputa Returns:

County		Sputa Specimens Received at Laboratory	Sputum Bottles Sent Out
Annapolis.....	Pos.	30	
	Neg.	138.....	168
			392

Antigonish	Pos.	210		
	Neg.	189	399	549
Cape Breton	Pos.	224		
	Neg.	373	597	848
Colchester	Pos.	43		
	Neg.	251	294	348
Cumberland	Pos.	81		
	Neg.	292	373	490
Digby	Pos.	38		
	Neg.	226	264	237
Guysborough	Pos.	31		
	Neg.	120	151	166
Halifax City	Pos.	753		
	Neg.	1522	2275	....
Halifax County	Pos.	88		
	Neg.	202	290	104

Sputa Returns:

County			Sputa Specimens Received at Laboratory	Specimen Bottles Sent Out
Hants	Pos.	55		
	Neg.	167	222	376
Inverness	Pos.	148		
	Neg.	265	413	317
Kings	Pos.	51		
	Neg.	165	216	265
Lunenburg	Pos.	85		
	Neg.	258	343	565
Pictou	Pos.	107		
	Neg.	258	365	497

Queens.....	Pos.	30		
	Neg.	90.....	120	102
Richmond.....	Pos.	31		
	Neg.	81.....	112	114
Shelburne.....	Pos.	31		
	Neg.	110.....	141	242
Victoria.....	Pos.	19		
	Neg.	38.....	57	90
Yarmouth.....	Pos.	134		
	Neg.	402.....	536	636
			<hr/>	<hr/>
TOTAL (Halifax City excluded)			5241	6338

List includes 120 bottles sent to Cape Breton for Glace Bay Tuberculosis investigation—not yet returned.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

DR. D. J. MacKENZIE,

Director, Public Health Laboratory.

Halifax, Nova Scotia,
November 30, 1935.

REPORT OF THE PROVINCIAL PATHOLOGIST

For the Year Ending November 30, 1935

To the Chief Health Officer:

During the fourteen month period, 2929 specimens of tissue of various kinds were received and reported upon.

They have been classified as follows:—

Tumours, malignant	414
Tumours, simple	237
Tumours, suspicious	17
Other conditions	1840
From 85 Post Mortem examinations	421
Total	— 2929

There is a definite increase in the number of tissues sectioned. The monthly average for the year 1934 was 190; for the year 1935 the average was 209.

During the year 31,442 specimens of various kinds were received and reported upon (i. e. from all sources including the Victoria General Hospital).

They have been classified as follows:—

Blood	10,382
Bilirubin, Van den Bergh reaction	62
Van den Bergh reaction, quantitative	2
Fouchet Test	70
Icterus Index	79
Bleeding Time	135
Calcium	27
Chlorides	8
Cholesterol	1
Clot Retraction	5
Coagulation Time	357
Compatibility Tests	235
Counts, Arneth	15
Full Blood Picture	5316
Haemoglobin (alone)	13

Leucocyte Count (alone).....	12
Red Cell Count (alone).....	9
Platelet Count.....	12
Schilling Count.....	2
Blood Films, Differential Count.....	269
Blood Films, Malarial parasites.....	4
Creatinine.....	756
Cultures.....	156
Fragility Test.....	3
Grouping.....	444
Kahn Test.....	6
Phosphorus.....	1
Sedimentation Test.....	17
Spectroscope Test, Monoxide Poisoning.....	2
Stains on garments and articles for human blood.....	2
Sugar.....	826
Sugar Tolerance Series.....	20
Urea Nitrogen.....	819
Uric Acid.....	701
Exudates and Transudates (Various).....	354
Abdominal fluid.....	14
Fluid from hand.....	2
Fluid from gland.....	2
Fluid from knee.....	18
Fluid from neck.....	2
Drainage from Gall-Bladder.....	8
Pleural Fluid.....	90
Pus, various sites.....	204
Pus, Actinomycosis.....	4
Pus, B, Welchii.....	10
Faeces.....	1,301
Blood.....	1121
Bile and Urobilin.....	12
Cultures for Organisms.....	22
Fat.....	12
Lead.....	1
Microscipical examination, General.....	35
Parasites.....	98

Hair and Skin	11
For Ring Worm Parasites	9
For Arsenic	2
Gastric Contents	292
Alcohol	12
Complete Analysis (Fractional test meals)	267
Poisons	13
Smears	21
From Prostate	4
From Cervix	1
From Urethral	4
From Vaginal (for Gonococci and Trichomonas hominis)	10
Dark Ground Illumination for Spirochaetes	2
Milk	1
Breast, Bacteriological examination	1
Swabs	427
From Abdomen	3
From Appendix	1
From Arm	4
From Ear	10
From Eye	56
From Finger	2
From Foot	2
From Leg	4
From Mouth	11
From Nose	17
From Post Mortem (various sites)	3
From Teeth	2
From Throat	273
Other Swabs (including for Cancer Cells)	39
Sputa	100
General Examination for Organisms	86
Curschmann's Spirals	5

Eosinophiles	3	
Typing for Pneumococcus	6	
Tissues		2,929
Urine		15,503
Acetone	1838	
Albumen (alone)	2	
Arsenic	2	
Bence Jones' Albumoses	7	
Bile	16	
Blood	1	
Chlorides	1	
Copper	1	
Cultures	154	
Cystoscopic from Ureters	243	
Diacetic Acid	1831	
Diastase Test	3	
Diazo reaction	1	
Gonococci	1	
Hydrogen Ion Concentration	105	
Indican	6	
Lead	21	
Mercury	3	
Microscopical examination (alone)	104	
Phenosulphthalein Test	20	
Poisons	2	
Routine	9139	
Sp. Grav. Fixation Test	1	
Sugar	1906	
Sugar Tolerance Series	14	
Urea Concentration Test	39	
Urobilin	9	
Uric Acid	2	
Friedmann's Modification of Acheim Zondek for Pregnancy	36	
Vaccines		88
For Acne	17	
For Boils	17	
For Bronchitis and Asthma, Sputum	11	
Nasal Catarrh	19	

Prostatic Pus.....	1
Pus Swabs.....	4
Throat Catarrh.....	16
Urine.....	1
From Faeces.....	2
Vomit	8
Alcohol.....	1
Poisons.....	1
Routine.....	5
Urea Content.....	1
Water	2
For Lead.....	2
Miscellaneous	23
Alcohol for analysis.....	4
Dressings from Operating Room.....	6
Calculus for chemical content.....	7
Saline, for sterility.....	2
Sulphur, analysis.....	2
Parasites for analysis.....	2

All of which is respectfully submitted,

RALPH P. SMITH, M.D., D.P.H.,

Provincial Pathologist.

Halifax, N. S.,
November 30th, 1935.

REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF NURSING SERVICE

To the Chief Health Officer:—

I beg to submit the report of the Public Health Nursing Service for the fiscal year ending November 30, 1935.

In the analysis of the appended summary of the chief activities of the nurses for a fourteen month period, it is necessary to remember that the previous records have been prepared for twelve months. The summary shows an increase in the time spent on clinic work by several of the nurses. This is largely due to the additional time given to this work by one of the Clinicians.

With this record of the various activities, a comparison can be made of many of the services rendered by each nurse. As this work is still in a pioneer stage, it requires the steady and faithful efforts of our staff to carry on their activities successfully. Their knowledge of the proper procedure to follow in dealing with problems, as well as their tact, energy, and resourcefulness, are important factors in building the service on a firm foundation.

Following Miss Dillon's illness, she replaced the stenographer in the office of the Cape Breton Divisional Medical Health Officer from August, 1934 to August, 1935. During her last six months in the office, she spent two days weekly on district work. Practically her full time was taken up with the Tuberculosis Survey Work in her district for the remainder of the year.

The nurse who supplied for Miss Dillon the first eight months of the year, continued on duty for the Survey Work for three and one-half months. Another nurse was also employed for this work for two and one quarter months. The general routine of service was followed by the other nurses, who spent practically the full period on duty.

There was a marked increase in the number of requests received for publications on the care of children. Such material distributed this past year, was more than double the quantity given out the previous year.

Eighty-eight thousand paper sputum cup refills, and four hundred metal holders for these refills were given free of charge, to tuberculous cases during the past fourteen months. Only fifty-three thous-

and refills were distributed the previous year. The cases known to have tubercle bacilli in their sputum, are encouraged to use this material.

Public Health Nursing Service, is gradually taking a clearly defined place in the scheme of health education. It is necessary for a Public Health Nurse to be familiar with the various methods used for the rehabilitation of family life. There has been evidence of marked improvement in the service following the Conferences held for the nurses. The continuous training of the staff is therefore, very essential.

In conclusion, I offer my most grateful thanks for the assistance and cooperation received from individuals and organizations.

All of which is respectfully submitted,

MARGARET E. MacKENZIE, R.N.,

Superintendent of the Nursing Service.

Halifax, N. S.,

November 30, 1935.

**PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA BIRTHS AND BIRTH RATES BY
COUNTIES, 1934**

COUNTY	Population 1931 Census	Number of Living Births	Rates per 1000 Population
Annapolis.....	16297	306	18.7
Antigonish.....	10073	226	22.4
Cape Breton.....	92419	2485	26.8
Colchester.....	25051	531	21.1
Cumberland.....	36366	730	20.0
Digby.....	18353	418	22.7
Guysboro.....	15443	337	21.8
Halifax.....	100204	2361	23.5
Hants.....	19393	438	22.5
Inverness.....	21055	422	20.0
Kings.....	24357	560	22.9
Lunenburg.....	31674	618	19.5
Pictou.....	39018	683	17.5
Queens.....	10612	236	22.2
Richmond.....	11098	225	20.2
Shelburne.....	12485	286	22.9
Victoria.....	8009	110	13.7
Yarmouth.....	20939	435	20.7
Total.....	512846	11407	22.2

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA
BIRTHS AND BIRTH RATES, CITIES AND TOWNS, 1934

CITIES and TOWNS	Population 1931 Census	Number of Living Births	Rate per 1000 Population
CITIES:			
Glace Bay.....	20706	715	34.5
Halifax.....	59275	1607	27.1
Sydney.....	23089	588	25.4
TOWNS: 1000 population and over:			
Amherst.....	7450	135	18.1
Antigonish.....	1764	142	80.4
Bridgetown.....	1126	19	16.8
Bridgewater.....	3262	73	22.3
Canso.....	1575	25	15.8
Dartmouth.....	9100	151	16.5
Digby.....	1412	60	42.4
Dominion.....	2846	31	10.8
Inverness.....	2900	120	41.3
Joggins.....	1000	17	17.0
Kentville.....	3033	54	17.8
Liverpool.....	2669	73	27.3
Lunenburg.....	2727	40	14.6
Mahone Bay.....	1065	13	12.2
New Glasgow.....	8858	331	37.3
New Waterford.....	7745	315	40.6
North Sydney.....	6139	203	33.0
Oxford.....	1133	19	16.7
Parrsboro.....	1919	31	16.1
Pictou.....	3152	53	16.8
Port Hawkesbury.....	1011	4	3.9
Shelburne.....	1474	48	32.5
Springhill.....	6355	191	30.0
Stellarton.....	5002	50	9.9
Sydney Mines.....	7769	214	27.5
Trenton.....	2613	39	14.9
Truro.....	7901	172	21.7
Wedgeport.....	1294	29	22.4
Westville.....	3946	40	10.1
Windsor.....	3032	83	27.3
Wolfville.....	1818	90	49.5
Yarmouth.....	7055	171	24.2
Total.....	223215	5946	26.6

**PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA DEATHS AND DEATH RATES BY
COUNTIES, 1934**

COUNTY	Population 1931 Census	Number of Deaths	Rate per 1000 Population
Annapolis.....	16297	206	12.6
Antigonish.....	10073	185	18.3
Cape Breton.....	92419	1004	10.8
Colchester.....	25051	290	11.5
Cumberland.....	36366	442	12.1
Digby.....	18353	214	11.6
Guysboro.....	15443	197	12.7
Halifax.....	100204	1313	13.1
Hants.....	19393	226	11.6
Inverness.....	21055	222	10.5
Kings.....	24357	253	10.3
Lunenburg.....	31674	360	11.3
Pictou.....	39018	416	10.6
Queens.....	10612	101	9.5
Richmond.....	11098	108	9.7
Shelburne.....	12485	166	13.2
Victoria.....	8009	89	11.1
Yarmouth.....	20939	236	11.2
Total.....	512846	6028	11.7

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA
DEATHS AND DEATH RATE, CITIES AND TOWNS, 1934

CITIES and TOWNS	Population 1931 Census	Number of Deaths	Rate per 1000 Population
CITIES:			
Glace Bay.....	20706	256	12.3
Halifax.....	59275	927	15.6
Sydney.....	23089	228	9.8
TOWNS: 1000 popula- tion and over:			
Amherst.....	7450	134	17.9
Antigonish.....	1764	98	55.5
Bridgetown.....	1126	19	16.8
Bridgewater.....	3262	73	22.3
Canso.....	1575	20	12.6
Dartmouth.....	9100	61	6.7
Digby.....	1412	28	19.8
Dominion.....	2846	26	9.1
Inverness.....	2900	43	14.8
Joggins.....	1000	9	9.0
Kentville.....	3033	56	18.4
Liverpool.....	2669	24	8.9
Lunenburg.....	2727	28	10.2
Mahone Bay.....	1065	15	14.0
New Glasgow.....	8858	119	13.4
New Waterford.....	7745	88	11.3
North Sydney.....	6139	74	12.0
Oxford.....	1133	18	15.8
Parrsboro.....	1919	22	11.4
Pictou.....	3152	41	13.0
Port Hawkesbury.....	1011	3	2.9
Shelburne.....	1474	21	14.2
Springhill.....	6355	71	11.1
Stellarton.....	5002	26	5.1
Sydney Mines.....	7769	94	12.0
Trenton.....	2613	17	6.5
Truro.....	7901	111	14.0
Wedgeport.....	1294	13	10.0
Westville.....	3946	28	7.0
Windsor.....	3032	58	19.1
Wolfville.....	1818	38	20.9
Yarmouth.....	7055	110	15.5
Total.....	223215	2997	13.4

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

INFANT MORTALITY, BY COUNTIES, 1934

COUNTY	Number of Living Births	Deaths under 1 Year	Rate per 1000 Living Births
Annapolis.....	306	14	45.7
Antigonish.....	226	19	84.0
Cape Breton.....	2485	205	80.2
Colchester.....	531	40	75.3
Cumberland.....	730	53	72.6
Digby.....	418	23	55.0
Guysboro.....	337	29	86.0
Halifax.....	2361	153	64.8
Hants.....	438	35	79.9
Inverness.....	422	21	49.7
Kings.....	560	33	58.9
Lunenburg.....	618	49	79.2
Pictou.....	683	42	61.4
Queens.....	236	8	33.8
Richmond.....	225	28	124.4
Shelburne.....	286	19	66.4
Victoria.....	110	11	100.0
Yarmouth.....	435	25	57.4
Total.....	11407	807	70.7

**PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA
INFANT MORTALITY, CITIES AND TOWNS, 1934**

CITIES and TOWNS	Number of Living Births	Deaths under 1 Year	Rate per 1000 Living Births
CITIES:			
Glace Bay.....	715	65	90.9
Halifax.....	1607	118	73.4
Sydney.....	588	29	49.3
TOWNS: 1000 popula- tion and over:			
Amherst.....	135	13	96.3
Antigonish.....	142	9	63.3
Bridgetown.....	19	2	105.2
Bridgewater.....	73	6	82.1
Canso.....	25	2	80.0
Dartmouth.....	151	9	59.6
Digby.....	60	4	66.6
Dominion.....	31	4	129.0
Inverness.....	120	9	75.0
Joggins.....	17	1	58.8
Kentville.....	54	2	37.0
Liverpool.....	73	3	41.0
Lunenburg.....	40	3	75.0
Mahone Bay.....	13	1	76.9
New Glasgow.....	331	10	30.2
New Waterford.....	315	32	101.5
North Sydney.....	203	11	54.1
Oxford.....	19	1	52.6
Parrsboro.....	31	4	129.0
Pictou.....	53	6	113.2
Port Hawkesbury.....	4	.....	.....
Shelburne.....	48	2	41.6
Springhill.....	191	14	73.2
Stellarton.....	50	4	80.0
Sydney Mines.....	214	22	102.8
Trenton.....	39	6	153.8
Truro.....	172	14	81.3
Wedgeport.....	29	2	68.9
Westville.....	40	3	75.0
Windsor.....	83	11	132.5
Wolfville.....	90	10	111.1
Yarmouth.....	171	16	93.5
Total.....	5946	448	75.3

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

ALL FORMS OF TUBERCULOSIS DEATHS AND DEATH RATES BY
COUNTIES, 1934

COUNTY	Population 1931 Census	Number of Deaths	Rate per 100,000 Population
Annapolis.....	16297	12	73.6
Antigonish.....	10073	19	188.6
Cape Breton.....	92419	81	87.6
Colchester.....	25051	18	71.8
Cumberland.....	36366	35	96.2
Digby.....	18353	16	87.1
Guysboro.....	15443	24	155.4
Halifax.....	100204	98	97.8
Hants.....	19393	13	67.0
Inverness.....	21055	19	90.2
Kings.....	24357	34	139.5
Lunenburg.....	31674	18	56.8
Pictou.....	39018	17	43.5
Queens.....	10612	7	65.9
Richmond.....	11098	10	90.1
Shelburne.....	12485	16	128.1
Victoria.....	8009	6	74.9
Yarmouth.....	20939	24	114.6
Total.....	512846	467	91.0

Note: Using the estimated population for 1934, the Provincial death rate from all forms of tuberculosis is 88.7.

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA
ALL FORMS OF TUBERCULOSIS DEATHS AND DEATH RATES, BY
CITIES AND TOWNS, 1934

CITIES and TOWNS	Population 1931 Census	Number of Deaths	Rate per 100,000 Population
CITIES:			
Glace Bay.....	20706	20	96.5
Halifax.....	59275	65	109.6
Sydney.....	23089	29	125.6
TOWNS: 1000 popula- tion and over:			
Amherst.....	7450	12	161.0
Antigonish.....	1764	15	850.3
Bridgetown.....	1126	2	177.6
Bridgewater.....	3262	1	30.6
Canso.....	1575	6	380.9
Dartmouth.....	9100	5	54.9
Digby.....	1412	1	70.8
Dominion.....	2846	3	105.4
Inverness.....	2900	2	68.9
Joggins.....	1000	....	....
Kentville.....	3033	26	857.2
Liverpool.....	2669	1	37.4
Lunenburg.....	2727	1	36.6
Mahone Bay.....	1065	1	93.8
New Glasgow.....	8858	3	33.8
New Waterford.....	7745	1	12.9
North Sydney.....	6139	8	130.3
Oxford.....	1133	1	88.2
Parrsboro.....	1919	4	208.4
Pictou.....	3152	5	158.6
Port Hawkesbury.....	1011	....	....
Shelburne.....	1474	1	67.8
Springhill.....	6355	5	78.6
Stellarton.....	5002	2	39.9
Sydney Mines.....	7769	6	77.2
Trenton.....	2613	1	38.2
Truro.....	7901	6	75.9
Wedgeport.....	1294	5	386.4
Westville.....	3946	....	....
Windsor.....	3032	2	65.9
Wolfville.....	1818	1	55.0
Yarmouth.....	7055	7	99.2
Total.....	223215	248	111.1

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

PULMONARY TUBERCULOSIS DEATHS AND RATES BY COUNTIES,
1934

COUNTY	Population 1931 Census	Number of Deaths	Rate per 100,000 Population
Annapolis.....	16297	10	61.3
Antigonish.....	10073	15	148.9
Cape Breton.....	92419	57	61.6
Colchester.....	25051	13	51.8
Cumberland.....	36366	32	87.9
Digby.....	18353	13	70.8
Guysboro.....	15443	22	142.4
Halifax.....	100204	82	81.8
Hants.....	19393	11	56.7
Inverness.....	21055	16	75.9
Kings.....	24357	34	139.6
Lunenburg.....	31674	14	44.2
Pictou.....	39018	16	41.0
Queens.....	10612	5	47.1
Richmond.....	11098	8	72.0
Shelburne.....	12485	12	96.1
Victoria.....	8009	6	74.9
Yarmouth.....	20939	20	95.5
Total.....	512846	386	75.2

Note: Using the estimated population for 1934, the provincial death rate from Pulmonary Tuberculosis is 73.3.

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA
PULMONARY TUBERCULOSIS DEATHS AND RATES BY CITIES AND TOWNS, 1934

CITIES and TOWNS	Population 1931 Census	Number of Deaths	Rate per 100,000 Population
CITIES:			
Glace Bay.....	20706	16	77.2
Halifax.....	59275	54	91.1
Sydney.....	23089	20	86.6
TOWNS: 1,000 Popula- tion and over:			
Amherst.....	7450	11	147.6
Antigonish.....	1764	11	623.5
Bridgetown.....	1126	2	117.6
Bridgewater.....	3262	....	....
Canso.....	1575	5	323.8
Dartmouth.....	9100	4	43.9
Digby.....	1412	1	70.8
Dominion.....	2846	1	35.1
Inverness.....	2900	2	68.9
Joggins.....	1000	....	....
Kentville.....	3033	26	857.2
Liverpool.....	2669	1	37.4
Lunenburg.....	2727	1	36.6
Mahone Bay.....	1065	1	93.8
New Glasgow.....	8858	3	33.8
New Waterford.....	7745	1	12.9
North Sydney.....	6139	6	97.7
Oxford.....	1133	1	88.2
Parrsboro.....	1919	4	208.4
Pictou.....	3152	5	158.6
Port Hawkesbury.....	1011	....	....
Shelburne.....	1474	1	67.8
Springhill.....	6355	4	62.9
Stellarton.....	5002	2	39.9
Sydney Mines.....	7769	4	51.4
Trenton.....	2613	1	38.2
Truro.....	7901	3	37.9
Wedgeport.....	1294	4	309.1
Westville.....	3946	....	....
Windsor.....	3032	1	32.9
Wolfville.....	1818	1	55.0
Yarmouth.....	7055	4	56.6
Total.....	223215	201	90.0

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA

MARRIAGES AND RATES, 1934

COUNTY	Population 1931 Census	Number of Marriages	Rate per 1000 Population
Annapolis.....	16297	128	7.8
Antigonish.....	10073	55	5.4
Cape Breton.....	92419	728	7.8
Colchester.....	25051	207	8.2
Cumberland.....	36366	318	8.7
Digby.....	18353	106	5.7
Guysboro.....	15443	90	5.8
Halifax.....	100204	867	8.6
Hants.....	19393	153	7.8
Inverness.....	21055	91	4.3
Kings.....	24357	218	8.9
Lunenburg.....	31674	219	6.9
Pictou.....	39018	215	5.5
Queens.....	10612	70	6.5
Richmond.....	11098	35	3.1
Shelburne.....	12485	72	5.7
Victoria.....	8009	42	5.2
Yarmouth.....	20939	142	6.7
Total.....	512846	3756	7.3

SUMMARY OF NURSES ACTIVITIES, OCT. 1st 1934, TO NOV. 30th, 1935, (14 MONTHS)

Months on Duty	Hours spent on Duty	Clinic Work		Travelled		School Work			Home Visits			Interviews		Office Work Hours spent on	Meetings at Meetings Hours spent	Bedside care, etc. Hours	Delays etc. Hours	Refresher Course Hours for Refresher Course
		Hours spent on	Hours spent on	No. of Miles	Hours spent Travelling	No. Class Rooms Inspected	No. Pupils Examined	Hours spent in Class Rooms	No. of Homes Visited	No. of Cases given attention in Homes	Hours spent in Homes	No. of Interviews	Hours spent on Interviews					
14	2604.20	333.35	7413	343.15	182	4351	495.45	1239	1743	593.40	575	169.00	525.25	16.30	59.50	7.20	60.00	
14	2673.20	294.45	8010	534.40	191	4725	480.20	1253	2320	518.55	1011	343.20	425.25	15.15	2.10	2.30	56.00	
14	2638.25	488.30	6376	295.55	184	3866	506.50	1292	1719	548.10	213	164.15	580.45	1.30	20.00	2.30	60.00	
14	2419.10	208.30	6694	363.10	136	3113	463.30	1461	1920	583.45	758	155.50	483.10	65.45	30.30	8.55	56.00	
14	2423.30	46.00	6807	353.35	222	4579	672.30	1117	1899	683.00	181	132.05	418.35	.....	37.15	21.30	58.30
14	2622.05	90.30	7212	482.35	204	4277	632.30	1509	1689	865.40	182	60.50	346.30	.....	75.30	11.00	57.00
13 3/4	2386.05	78.30	8716	409.50	310	7556	703.20	1699	2789	516.25	510	150.35	425.30	13.00	22.55	10.00	56.00	
14	2532.30	92.00	7473	385.20	230	5827	902.35	1299	2279	493.55	902	239.15	326.25	2.00	35.00	.....	56.00
10	1701.50	78.30	3080	226.05	93	3277	454.45	603	1029	414.00	148	65.45	385.15	1.00	1.30	15.00	60.00	
3 1/2	650.30	21.30	980	24.30	.....	.....	.....	459	.....	366.00	20	16.15	142.45	1.30	76.00	2.00	.....
4	845.20	46.00	4049	122.10	.....	.....	.....	662	662	241.05	547	118.55	221.50	3.50	90.50	1.00	.....
Part Time																		
6	759.20	33.20	1374	93.45	20	400	44.40	129	160	80.05	281	68.10	375.15	4.45	.....	3.00	56.00
2 1/4	424.50	71.00	1209	48.05	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	188.55	.....	12.50	103.00	1.00	.....	.....	.....
14	2679.00	291.00	7597	.....	269	5779	.....	1554	2428	.....	412	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	74.00
Full Time																		
145 1/2 mos.																		
Part Time																		
6 mos.	27360.15	2173.40	76990	3652.55	2041	47750	5356.45	14276	20637	6093.35	5740	1697.05	4759.50	126.05	451.30	84.45	649.30	

**Cases Examined by the Divisional Medical Health Officers, Oct. 1st,
1934 to Nov. 30th, 1935**

COUNTIES	1st Exams.			Re-Exams.			Total Examination	Examinations, 20 yrs. and under.
	Positive	Negative	Suspect	Positive	Negative	Suspect		
Annapolis.....	36	41	10	48	21	9	165	55
Antigonish.....	29	214	9	99	204	1	556	343
Cape Breton.....	158	437	184	248	140	17	1184	341
Colchester.....	30	147	18	57	41	3	296	162
Cumberland.....	74	278	34	157	103	25	671	351
Digby.....	48	70	19	75	25	8	245	107
Guysboro.....	2	8	11	2	4	.....	27	11
Halifax Mun. and Dartmouth.....	57	50	16	46	24	5	198	49
Hants.....	15	125	16	30	24	2	212	110
Inverness.....	15	60	25	54	15	1	170	70
Lunenburg.....	71	256	38	85	60	4	514	251
Pictou.....	8	12	8	37	26	5	96	47
Queens.....	31	64	12	58	20	6	191	78
Richmond.....	14	17	8	36	5	1	81	31
Shelburne.....	24	77	17	55	15	5	193	79
Victoria.....	6	24	4	21	1	.....	56	20
Yarmouth.....	82	184	48	153	82	16	565	259
Normal School Students.....	1	552	4	.....	47	.....	604	482
St. F. X. Students.....	1	85	2	4	141	.....	233	173
Windsor High School Students.....	5	100	4	7	64	1	181	161
Indian Res. School.....	.....	15	.....	.....	2	.....	17	17
Total.....	707	2816	487	1272	1064	109	6455	3197

TABLE I—GENERAL SUMMARY OF BIRTHS, DEATHS AND MARRIAGES, IN NOVA SCOTIA BY COUNTIES, AND IN CITIES AND TOWNS OF 1,000 POPULATION AND OVER, 1934

Counties, Cities and Towns	BIRTHS (Exclusive of Stillbirths)			DEATHS										Still- births	Marri- ages			
	Total	All Ages		Under 1 Year		1 to 4 Years		5 Years and Over		Male	Female	Male	Female					
		Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female									
Nova Scotia:																		
Counties:	11,407	5,878	5,529	6,028	3,179	2,849	455	352	90	91	2,634	2,406	350	3,756				
Annapolis	306	146	160	206	108	98	6	8	.....	1	102	89	5	128			
Antigonish	226	117	109	185	93	92	11	8	.....	2	80	82	8	55			
Cape Breton	2,485	1,311	1,174	1,004	557	447	126	79	26	26	405	342	70	728				
Colchester	531	290	241	290	143	147	21	19	5	3	117	125	21	207				
Cumberland	730	375	355	442	240	202	31	22	6	2	203	178	20	318				
Digby	418	222	196	214	112	102	14	14	2	4	96	89	8	106				
Guysborough	337	180	157	197	107	90	15	14	2	2	90	74	19	90				
Halifax	2,361	1,203	1,158	1,313	702	611	76	77	26	27	600	507	90	867				
Hants	438	216	222	226	111	111	17	18	7	3	87	94	8	153				
Inverness	422	218	204	222	123	99	12	9	2	1	109	89	20	91				
Kings	560	284	276	253	120	133	20	13	.....	5	100	115	12	218			
Lunenburg	618	312	306	360	184	176	26	23	4	6	154	147	22	219				
Pictou	683	337	346	416	220	196	23	19	.....	4	197	173	16	215			
Queens	236	113	123	101	52	49	6	2	.....	.....	46	47	5	70		
Richmond	225	110	115	108	57	51	18	10	1	.....	38	41	4	35			
Shelburne	286	139	147	166	81	85	7	12	1	.....	73	72	6	72			
Victoria	110	62	48	89	47	42	10	1	.....	.....	36	41	5	42		
Yarmouth	435	243	192	236	122	114	16	9	5	4	101	101	11	142				
Cities:																		
Halifax	1,607	796	811	927	486	441	66	52	18	19	402	370	55	607				
Sydney	588	319	269	228	128	100	16	13	6	7	106	80	10	230				
Towns:																		
Amherst	135	67	68	134	65	69	6	7	2	.....	57	62	6	107			
Antigonish	142	74	68	98	56	42	5	4	2	.....	49	38	6	21			
Bridgetown	19	7	7	19	10	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	10	7	1	23
Bridgewater	73	39	34	73	39	34	3	3	2	1	34	30	2	54				
Canso	25	16	9	20	9	11	.....	.....	.....	.....	8	10	1	14
Dartmouth	151	76	75	61	26	35	3	6	.....	.....	23	29	6	72		
Digby	60	28	32	28	10	18	1	3	.....	.....	9	14	1	27		
Dominion	31	19	12	26	16	10	3	1	.....	.....	12	9	1	32		
Glace Bay	715	380	335	256	148	108	44	21	8	5	96	82	28	182				
Inverness	120	59	61	43	27	16	6	3	1	1	20	12	3	26				
Joggins	17	7	10	9	3	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	2	5	.....	19
Kentville	54	26	28	56	31	25	2	1	.....	.....	29	25	1	50		

Liverpool.....	73	27	46	24	12	3	3	9	12	2	35
Lauenburg.....	40	19	21	28	14	3	3	11	13	3	26
Mahone Bay.....	13	7	6	15	7	1	1	7	7	1	28
New Glasgow.....	331	160	171	119	62	7	3	55	53	5	85
New Waterford.....	315	146	169	88	49	20	12	24	21	12	75
North Sydney.....	203	108	95	74	42	5	6	35	24	3	49
Oxford.....	19	8	11	18	12	1	1	10	6	2	17
Parrsboro.....	31	20	11	22	14	4	1	10	8	1	23
Pictou.....	53	31	22	41	19	2	4	17	18	1	23
Port Hawkesbury.....	4	1	3	3	2	1	1	2	1	1	11
Shelburne.....	48	26	22	21	8	1	2	8	11	1	24
Springhill.....	191	105	86	71	33	7	7	25	30	6	48
Stellarton.....	50	27	23	26	12	4	1	8	14	1	26
Sydney Mines.....	214	116	98	94	49	15	7	34	36	4	39
Trenton.....	39	19	20	17	10	3	3	7	4	4	7
Truro.....	172	101	71	111	58	7	7	47	44	11	128
Wedgeport.....	29	20	9	13	7	2	2	5	5	1	5
Westville.....	40	18	22	28	15	1	2	14	11	3	28
Windsor.....	83	42	41	58	33	6	5	25	19	1	61
Wolfville.....	90	40	50	38	17	5	5	12	15	2	39
Yarmouth.....	171	91	80	110	55	10	6	43	48	4	83

TABLE II—SINGLE AND MULTIPLE CONFINEMENTS AND LEGITIMATE AND ILLEGITIMATE BIRTHS BY COUNTIES,
1934

Counties (Including cities and towns)	No. of Confinements				No. of Children						
	Total	Single	Twin	Triplets	Born alive		Stillborn		Total	Leg.	Illeg.
					Leg.	Illeg.	Leg.	Illeg.			
Annapolis.....	309	307	2	.....	306	297	9	5	5	.....	1
Antigonish.....	230	226	4	.....	226	215	11	8	7	.....	5
Cape Breton.....	2,521	2,487	34	.....	2,485	2,356	129	70	65	.....	4
Colchester.....	547	542	5	.....	531	498	33	21	17	.....	2
Cumberland.....	743	736	7	.....	730	700	30	20	18	.....	2
Digby.....	423	420	3	.....	418	396	22	8	8	.....	.....
Guysborough.....	352	348	4	.....	337	300	37	19	16	.....	3
Halifax.....	2,428	2,405	23	.....	2,361	2,198	163	90	83	.....	7
Hants.....	439	432	7	.....	438	425	13	8	7	.....	1
Inverness.....	433	424	9	.....	422	405	17	20	18	.....	2
Kings.....	566	560	6	.....	560	543	17	12	10	.....	2
Lunenburg.....	634	628	6	.....	618	585	33	22	18	.....	4
Pictou.....	690	682	7	1	683	632	51	16	14	.....	2
Queens.....	238	235	3	.....	236	227	9	5	5	.....	.....
Richmond.....	225	221	4	.....	225	215	10	4	4	.....	.....
Shelburne.....	290	288	2	.....	286	265	21	6	6	.....	1
Victoria.....	114	113	1	.....	110	99	11	5	5	.....	.....
Yarmouth.....	440	434	6	.....	435	392	43	11	10	.....	1
Total.....	11,622	11,488	133	1	11,407	10,748	659	350	315	.....	35

TABLE III—SINGLE AND MULTIPLE CONFINEMENTS AND LEGITIMATE AND ILLEGITIMATE BIRTHS BY CITIES AND TOWNS, 1934

Cities and Towns	No. of Confinements				No. of Children					
	Total	Single	Twin	Triplets	Born alive		Stillborn			
					Total	Leg.	Illeg.	Total	Leg.	Illeg.
Amherst.....	139	137	2	.....	135	128	7	6	5	1
Antigonish.....	146	144	2	.....	142	134	8	6	6	.....
Bridgetown.....	20	20	.....	.....	19	16	3	1	1	.....
Bridgewater.....	75	75	.....	.....	73	71	2	2	2	.....
Canso.....	26	26	.....	.....	25	23	2	1	1	.....
Dartmouth.....	156	155	1	.....	151	143	8	6	5	1
Digby.....	60	59	1	.....	60	58	2	1	1	.....
Dominion.....	32	32	.....	.....	31	31	.....	1	1	.....
Glace Bay.....	732	721	11	.....	715	683	32	28	27	1
Halifax.....	1,648	1,634	14	.....	1,607	1,474	133	55	51	4
Inverness.....	120	117	3	.....	120	115	5	3	3	.....
Joggins.....	17	17	.....	.....	17	15	2	.....	.....	.....
Kentville.....	55	55	.....	.....	54	52	2	1	.....	1
Liverpool.....	75	75	.....	.....	73	71	2	2	2	.....
Lunenburg.....	43	43	.....	.....	40	40	.....	3	3	.....
Mahone Bay.....	14	14	.....	.....	13	13	.....	1	1	.....
New Glasgow.....	332	329	2	1	331	307	24	5	5	.....
New Waterford.....	323	319	4	.....	315	299	16	12	11	1
North Sydney.....	200	194	6	.....	203	189	14	3	2	1
Oxford.....	21	21	.....	.....	19	19	.....	2	2	.....
Parrsboro.....	31	31	.....	.....	31	29	2	.....	.....	.....
Pictou.....	53	52	1	.....	53	48	5	1	.....	.....
Port Hawkesbury.....	4	4	.....	.....	4	4	.....	.....	.....	.....
Shelburne.....	48	47	1	.....	48	43	5	1	1	.....
Springhill.....	192	187	5	.....	191	185	6	6	5	1
Stellarton.....	50	49	1	.....	50	47	3	1	1	.....
Sydney.....	591	584	7	.....	588	549	39	10	9	1

TABLE III—Continued

Cities and towns	No. of Confinements				No. of Children							
	Total	Single	Twin	Triplets	Born alive			Stillborn		Total		
					Total	Leg.	Illeg.	Leg.	Illeg.			
Sydney Mines.....	216	214	2	.....	214	199	15	4	.....	4	4	.....
Trenton.....	39	39	.....	.....	39	35	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Truro.....	181	179	2	.....	172	153	19	11	.....	11	7	4
Wedgeport.....	28	26	2	.....	29	28	1	1	.....	1	1	.....
Westville.....	42	41	1	.....	40	37	3	3	.....	3	3	.....
Windsor.....	82	80	2	.....	83	77	6	1	.....	1	.....	1
Wolfville.....	90	88	2	.....	90	87	3	2	.....	2	2	.....
Yarmouth.....	175	175	.....	.....	171	146	25	4	.....	4	4	.....
Total.....	6,056	5,983	72	1	5,946	5,548	398	184	.....	184	167	17

TABLE IV—PLURAL BIRTHS CLASSIFIED TO SHOW NUMBER OF CHILDREN BORN ALIVE AND STILLBORN BY SEX IN THE PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA, 1934

Classification of Births	Total
Cases of twins.....	133
Two males (both living).....	35
One male and one female (both living).....	48
Two females (both living).....	32
One male living and one male stillborn.....	3
One male living and one female stillborn.....	2
One male stillborn and one female living.....	4
One female living and one female stillborn.....	6
Two males (both stillborn).....	1
Two females (both stillborn).....	2
Cases of triplets.....	1
Three males (all living).....	1
Total multiple births.....	134
	No. 134
	M. 135
	F. 134
Total single living births.....	11,159
	No. 11,159
	M. 5,752
	F. 5,407
Total single stillbirths.....	329
	No. 329
	M. 172
	F. 157
Total confinements.....	11,622

TABLE V—BIRTHS (EXCLUSIVE OF STILLBIRTHS) BY MONTHS CLASSIFIED AS RURAL AND URBAN FOR THE PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA, BY COUNTIES, 1934

	MONTHS											
	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
NOVA SCOTIA	930	853	987	992	1,057	886	975	1,025	993	951	841	917
Rural.....	463	424	487	465	534	425	458	500	472	426	390	417
Urban.....	467	429	500	527	523	461	517	525	521	525	451	500
ANNAPOLIS	22	27	38	35	32	24	25	28	21	21	11	22
Rural.....	19	26	36	33	30	24	21	27	21	21	9	20
Urban.....	3	1	2	2	2	.....	4	1	.....	.....	2	2
Bridgetown—t.....	3	1	2	2	2	.....	4	1	.....	.....	2	2
ANTIGONISH	15	17	20	15	23	26	23	19	22	13	17	16
Rural.....	8	4	8	8	10	10	7	6	10	4	3	6
Urban.....	7	13	12	7	13	16	16	13	12	9	14	10
Antigonish—t.....	7	13	12	7	13	16	16	13	12	9	14	10
CAPE BRETON	212	196	193	214	230	191	191	229	218	221	175	215
Rural.....	45	44	24	35	47	27	27	49	34	25	26	36
Urban.....	167	152	169	179	183	164	164	180	184	196	149	179
Sydney—c.....	43	40	44	44	66	39	43	54	66	48	54	47
Dominion—t.....	2	3	1	4	3	5	2	4	1	.....	2	4
Glace Bay—t.....	55	51	58	59	65	58	60	65	58	77	41	68
New Waterford—t.....	26	32	29	35	20	28	20	23	25	28	23	26
North Sydney—t.....	20	13	23	11	11	15	18	17	18	23	15	22
Sydney Mines—t.....	21	13	14	26	18	22	21	17	16	20	14	12
COLCHESTER	47	47	49	53	55	43	45	45	42	32	38	35
Rural.....	33	25	33	35	41	34	33	34	26	22	24	19
Urban.....	14	22	16	18	14	9	12	11	16	10	14	16
Truro—t.....	14	22	16	18	14	9	12	11	16	10	14	16
Total	11,407	8,533	9,871	9,921	10,571	8,861	9,751	10,251	9,931	9,511	8,411	9,171

TABLE V—Continued

CUMBERLAND.....	730	54	53	72	76	58	58	67	59	61	56	48	68
Rural.....	337	27	27	35	39	30	30	30	29	27	18	23	28
Urban.....	393	27	26	37	37	28	28	37	30	34	38	25	40
Amherst—t.....	135	12	10	12	16	5	13	12	14	9	13	7	12
Joggins—t.....	17	1	2	2	1	2	1	2	.....	.....	3	1	2
Oxford—t.....	19	2	2	2	1	2	3	2	1	2	1	1	.....
Parrsboro—t.....	31	1	.....	4	2	1	.....	7	3	6	.....	1	6
Springhill—t.....	191	11	12	17	17	18	17	14	12	17	21	15	20
DIGBY.....	418	29	23	25	28	42	32	41	48	41	46	29	34
Rural.....	358	22	19	21	24	38	26	37	47	35	38	25	26
Urban.....	60	7	4	4	4	4	6	4	1	6	8	4	8
Digby—t.....	60	7	4	4	4	4	6	4	1	6	8	4	8
GUYSBOROUGH.....	337	24	36	32	31	43	21	25	30	20	20	34	18
Rural.....	312	21	32	32	29	41	20	22	28	19	18	32	18
Urban.....	25	3	4	.....	2	2	1	3	2	4	2	2	.....
Canso—t.....	25	3	4	.....	2	2	1	3	2	4	2	2	.....
HALIFAX.....	2,361	180	165	196	196	204	187	216	214	230	202	179	192
Rural.....	603	43	41	52	41	45	55	64	54	65	58	39	46
Urban.....	1,758	137	124	144	155	159	132	152	160	165	144	140	146
Halifax—c.....	1,607	122	111	129	148	142	123	141	153	150	136	128	124
Dartmouth—t.....	151	15	13	15	7	17	9	11	7	15	8	12	22
HANTS.....	438	32	37	49	39	43	34	37	32	28	37	42	28
Rural.....	355	31	30	42	29	33	26	30	25	23	27	35	24
Urban.....	83	1	7	7	10	10	8	7	7	5	10	7	4
Windsor—t.....	83	1	7	7	10	10	8	7	7	5	10	7	4
INVERNESS.....	422	49	24	36	34	44	27	32	32	41	39	26	38
Rural.....	298	34	21	26	26	31	17	23	20	32	29	13	26
Urban.....	124	15	3	10	8	13	10	9	12	9	10	13	12
Inverness—t.....	120	13	3	9	8	13	9	9	12	9	10	13	12
Port Hawkesbury—t.....	4	2	.....	1	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
KINGS.....	560	51	35	41	49	52	46	66	55	48	38	39	40
Rural.....	416	35	29	28	33	40	38	47	41	35	31	31	28
Urban.....	144	16	6	13	16	12	8	19	14	13	7	8	12
Kentville—t.....	54	7	2	7	8	3	3	4	6	3	2	3	6
Wolfville—t.....	90	9	4	6	8	9	5	15	8	10	5	5	6

TABLE A—Continued

TABLE V—Continued

	MONTHS											
	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
LUNENBURG	618	39	47	53	54	61	50	54	49	41	65	51
Rural.....	492	30	42	40	43	44	35	43	40	33	54	43
Urban.....	126	9	5	13	11	17	15	11	9	8	11	8
Bridgewater—t.....	73	9	4	6	5	9	9	4	6	4	5	5
Lunenburg—t.....	40	1	1	6	4	8	3	4	2	4	4	2
Mahone Bay—t.....	13	.....	.....	1	2	.....	3	2	1	.....	2	1
PICTOU	683	53	68	57	67	52	62	66	43	67	55	44
Rural.....	170	18	15	14	18	15	13	13	12	15	9	10
Urban.....	513	31	53	43	49	37	49	53	31	52	46	34
New Glasgow—t.....	331	16	28	26	37	24	28	36	23	37	28	21
Pictou—t.....	53	4	7	5	2	3	5	6	2	4	9	1
Stellarton—t.....	50	2	8	5	3	4	3	4	2	6	6	6
Trenton—t.....	39	1	5	2	3	4	6	3	3	2	3	2
Westville—t.....	40	1	5	5	4	2	7	4	1	3	.....	4
QUEENS	236	19	19	23	21	12	16	22	28	23	.....	14
Rural.....	163	12	14	13	15	9	8	18	20	13	13	13
Urban.....	73	7	5	10	6	3	8	4	8	10	3	1
Liverpool—t.....	73	7	5	10	6	3	8	4	8	10	3	1
RICHMOND	225	18	18	14	21	12	19	14	29	25	13	22
Rural.....	225	18	18	14	21	12	19	14	29	25	13	22
SHELburne	286	19	34	30	26	18	20	22	22	27	17	28
Rural.....	238	15	27	25	22	16	18	20	17	24	15	19
Urban.....	48	4	7	5	4	2	2	2	5	3	2	9
Shelburne—t.....	48	4	7	5	4	2	2	2	5	3	2	9
VICTORIA	110	8	11	13	6	5	7	9	9	7	10	12
Rural.....	110	8	11	13	6	5	7	9	9	7	10	12
YARMOUTH	435	37	39	32	36	37	33	47	38	36	27	40
Rural.....	235	14	23	14	23	17	23	23	18	18	16	21
Urban.....	200	19	16	18	13	14	16	24	20	18	11	19
Wedgeport—t.....	29	1	3	3	.....	6	4	2	2	4	2	2
Yarmouth—t.....	171	11	13	15	13	8	12	22	18	14	9	17

TABLE VI—TOTAL BIRTHS (EXCLUSIVE OF STILLBIRTHS) AND BIRTHS IN INSTITUTIONS, SHOWING THE NUMBER OF MOTHERS NON-RESIDENT IN THE PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA, 1934

	All Births		In Institutions	
	Total	Births to Mothers Non-resident in Province	Total	Births to Mothers Non-resident in Province
Total for the Province	11,407	43	2,586	22

TABLE VII—BIRTHS (EXCLUSIVE OF STILLBIRTHS) TO RESIDENT AND NON-RESIDENT MOTHERS AND BIRTHS IN INSTITUTIONS IN CITIES AND TOWNS OF 5,000 POPULATION AND OVER IN THE PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA, 1934

CITIES and TOWNS	All Births				Births in Institutions				Births elsewhere than in Institutions			
	Total	To resident mothers	To mothers non-resident in city or town where birth occurred and		Total	To resident mothers	To mothers non-resident in city or town where birth occurred and		Total	To resident mothers	To mothers non-resident in city or town where birth occurred and	
			Resident in Province	Non-resident in Province			Resident in Province	Non-resident in Province			Resident in Province	Non-resident in Province
Cities:												
Halifax.....	1,607	1,347	251	9	726	484	234	8	881	863	17	1
Sydney.....	588	507	80	1	247	174	72	1	341	333	8	
Towns:												
Amherst.....	135	115	19	1	36	20	15	1	99	95	4	
Dartmouth.....	151	148	3						151	148	3	
Glace Bay.....	715	570	145		463	328	135		252	242	10	
New Glasgow.....	331	144	186	1	236	57	178	1	95	87	8	
New Waterford.....	315	301	13	1	115	102	12	1	200	199	1	
North Sydney.....	203	182	20	1	31	13	17	1	172	169	3	
Springhill.....	191	145	45	1	93	55	37	1	98	90	8	
Stellarton.....	50	46	4						50	46	4	
Sydney Mines.....	214	206	8		8	6	2		206	200	6	
Truro.....	172	141	28	3	37	20	14	3	135	121	14	
Yarmouth.....	171	145	24	2	44	22	21	1	127	123	3	1

TABLE VIII—Continued

64	4	10	43	143	264	416	569	591	701	651	660	572	553	510	535	458	478	397	370	382	389	283	315	295	296	228	190	142	110	85	52	28	16	4	4	3	1			
65 and over.	29	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	7	1	1	1	2	2	4	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Not stated	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Children born to Married Mothers	10,748	4	10	43	143	264	416	569	591	701	651	660	572	553	510	535	458	478	397	370	382	389	283	315	295	296	228	190	142	110	85	52	28	16	4	4	3	1		
Children born to Unmarried Mothers	659	4	23	28	59	81	77	68	52	51	39	32	15	24	14	8	15	8	10	13	4	4	4	2	6	7	4	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Children born to all Mothers—Legitimate and Illegitimate	11,407	8	33	71	202	345	493	637	643	752	690	692	587	577	524	543	473	486	407	383	386	393	287	317	301	303	232	193	144	112	85	52	28	16	4	4	3	1		

TABLE X—LEGITIMATE BIRTHS (EXCLUSIVE OF STILLBIRTHS) CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO AGE AND RACIAL ORIGIN OF MOTHERS, 1934
NOVA SCOTIA

Racial Origin of Mother	AGE OF MOTHER																		50 and over	Not stated																						
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29			30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49		
Total	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49				
English.....	2	9	30	85	140	229	295	273	353	326	340	278	258	252	249	190	216	187	158	156	179	112	123	127	112	94	82	56	39	31	17	6	9	1	1	2	..	..		
Irish.....	1	3	13	24	40	47	70	60	64	51	62	54	57	52	41	36	38	43	47	40	34	20	31	18	20	17	10	6	3	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..			
Scottish.....	4	20	44	69	103	123	132	133	135	124	128	105	109	112	118	104	91	90	89	76	82	77	87	55	47	40	28	25	16	4	3	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Welsh.....		
French.....	1	17	30	36	69	66	78	57	66	71	65	55	81	65	56	34	54	62	48	35	53	44	48	36	31	24	25	17	10	12	2	1	..		
Armenian.....	
Austrian.....	1	
Belgian.....	
Bulgarian.....
Chinese.....
Czech and Slovak..
Danish.....
Dutch.....	1	3	7	10	11	16	14	15	7	11	8	6	8	11	11	12	6	3	10	4	7	6	4	2	3	1	3
Finnish.....
German.....	1
Greek.....
Hindu.....
Hungarian.....
Icelandic.....
Indian.....
Italian.....
Japanese.....
Jewish.....
Negro.....	1	
	160	3	7	5	12	12	14	11	7	7	11	6	7	9	1	5	9	4	3	6	7	1	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	2	..	

TABLE XIII—DEATHS OF CHILDREN UNDER ONE YEAR (EXCLUSIVE OF STILLBIRTHS) IN THE PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA BY MONTHS CLASSIFIED AS RURAL AND URBAN, 1934

	Total	MONTHS											
		January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
Nova Scotia.....	807	50	88	95	91	65	53	53	60	77	51	61	63
Rural.....	359	24	40	46	45	25	27	23	27	28	17	30	27
Urban.....	448	26	48	49	46	40	26	30	33	49	34	31	36
Annapolis.....	14	2	2	2	1	2	2	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....
Rural.....	12	1	2	2	1	2	2	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....
Urban.....	2	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Bridgetown—t.....	2	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Antigonish.....	19	2	3	1	2	3	2	2	1	1	.....	1	1
Rural.....	10	2	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Urban.....	9	.....	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Antigonish—t.....	9	.....	2	1	1	2	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cape Breton.....	205	12	19	27	23	22	12	9	10	25	16	10	20
Rural.....	42	3	2	7	5	4	2	1	3	7	2	4	2
Urban.....	163	9	17	20	18	18	10	8	7	18	14	6	18
Sydney—c.....	29	1	4	5	2	5	.....	.....	2	1	2	2	5
Dominion—t.....	4	.....	1	1	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	1	1	.....	.....
Glace Bay—t.....	65	5	4	6	11	4	5	3	2	10	8	2	5
New Waterford—t.....	32	.....	8	3	1	3	2	1	2	4	1	1	6
North Sydney—t.....	11	2	.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	.....	1
Sydney Mines—t.....	22	1	1	4	3	4	2	3	.....	1	1	1	1
Colchester.....	40	4	5	4	2	2	5	4	4	5	1	1	3
Rural.....	26	3	2	2	2	1	4	3	3	3	1	.....	2
Urban.....	14	1	3	2	.....	1	1	1	1	2	.....	1	1
Truro—t.....	14	1	3	2	.....	1	1	1	1	2	.....	1	1

Cumberland.....	53	2	7	7	6	4	2	1	6	9	3	1	5
Rural.....	20	1	3	4	4	1	2	1	3	3	3	1	2
Urban.....	33	1	4	3	2	3	2	1	3	7	3	1	3
Amherst—t.....	13	.....	3	2	.....	1	.....	1	2	3	.....	.....	1
Joggins—t.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
Oxford—t.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
Parrsboro—t.....	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Springhill—t.....	14	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	1	4	2	.....	1
Digby.....	23	1	5	2	1	3	2	1	3	3	1	2	4
Rural.....	19	1	2	2	1	3	2	1	3	.....	1	2	3
Urban.....	4	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
Digby—t.....	4	.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
Guysborough.....	29	.....	2	4	5	4	1	3	3	1	1	4	1
Rural.....	27	.....	2	4	4	4	1	3	2	1	1	4	1
Urban.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Canso—t.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Halifax.....	153	9	16	14	13	9	10	12	13	15	12	18	12
Rural.....	26	.....	3	2	2	2	1	3	3	3	1	3	3
Urban.....	127	9	13	12	11	7	9	9	10	12	11	15	9
Halifax—c.....	118	8	13	12	10	6	7	9	10	10	11	15	7
Dartmouth—t.....	9	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2
Hants.....	35	3	5	3	4	1	3	4	1	1	2	6	2
Rural.....	24	2	5	3	3	.....	3	3	.....	1	1	1	2
Urban.....	11	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Windsor—t.....	11	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Inverness.....	12	2	1	3	3	1	2	3	3	4	1	5	.....
Rural.....	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Urban.....	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Inverness—t.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Port Hawkesbury—t.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Kings.....	33	2	3	3	3	6	.....	8	.....	3	1	3	1
Rural.....	21	1	3	3	3	2	.....	3	.....	2	1	3	.....
Urban.....	12	1	.....	.....	.....	4	.....	5	.....	1	.....	.....	1
Kentville—t.....	2	.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1
Wolfville—t.....	10	1	.....	.....	.....	3	.....	5	.....	1	.....	.....	.....

TABLE

TABLE III.—DEATHS BY CAUSE AND SEX, 1910

TABLE XIII—DEATHS OF CHILDREN UNDER ONE YEAR—Continued

	Total	MONTHS											
		January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
Lunenburg.....	49	3	4	4	7	3	4	1	6	2	4	6	5
Rural.....	39	3	2	3	6	2	4	1	4	2	3	5	4
Urban.....	10	0	2	1	1	1	0	0	2	0	1	1	1
Bridgewater—t.....	6	0	2	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1
Lunenburg—t.....	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Mahone Bay—t.....	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Pictou.....	42	3	8	4	12	1	1	2	4	3	4	1	1
Rural.....	13	0	4	6	6	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0
Urban.....	29	3	4	4	6	1	0	1	3	2	3	1	1
New Glasgow—t.....	10	1	1	1	2	1	0	1	1	2	0	0	0
Pictou—t.....	6	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stellarton—t.....	4	0	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Trenton—t.....	6	1	0	3	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0
Westville—t.....	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Queens.....	8	1	1	2	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1
Rural.....	5	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Urban.....	3	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	0
Liverpool—t.....	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Richmond.....	28	2	1	2	1	3	2	1	1	2	3	7	4
Rural.....	28	2	1	2	1	3	2	1	1	2	3	7	4
Shelburne.....	19	1	3	3	4	0	1	1	2	2	1	1	0
Rural.....	17	1	3	3	4	0	1	1	2	1	1	1	0
Urban.....	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Shelburne—t.....	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0
Victoria.....	11	0	4	3	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1
Rural.....	11	0	4	3	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1
Yarmouth.....	25	1	4	4	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	3
Rural.....	7	1	1	2	0	0	2	0	1	1	1	0	1
Urban.....	18	0	3	2	3	2	0	2	1	1	1	0	2
Wedgeport—t.....	2	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Yarmouth—t.....	16	1	3	2	2	2	1	2	2	1	1	0	2

TABLE XIV—TOTAL DEATHS (EXCLUSIVE OF STILLBIRTHS) AND DEATHS IN INSTITUTIONS OF CHILDREN UNDER ONE YEAR OF AGE SHOWING THE NUMBER NON-RESIDENT IN THE PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA, 1934

	All Deaths under one year				In Institutions													
	Total		Non-resident in Province		Total		Non-resident in Province											
	Total	M.	F.	Total	M.	F.	Total	M.	F.									
Total for the Province.....	807	455	352	1			1				186	109	77					

TABLE XV—TOTAL DEATHS (EXCLUSIVE OF STILLBIRTHS) AND DEATHS IN INSTITUTIONS OF CHILDREN UNDER ONE YEAR OF AGE CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO RESIDENCE OF DECEDENTS IN CITIES AND TOWNS OF 5,000 POPULATION AND OVER, 1934

Cities and Towns	All Deaths under one year						Deaths in Institutions						Deaths elsewhere than in Institutions																				
	Total			Residents			Non-resident in City or Town where Death occurred and			Total			Residents			Non-resident in City or Town where Death occurred and																	
	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.															
	Resident in Province			Non-resident in Province			Resident in Province			Non-resident in Province			Resident in Province			Non-resident in Province																	
Cities:																																	
Halifax.....	118	66	52	104	59	45	13	7	6	1	1	1	68	39	29	55	32	23	13	7	6	50	27	23	49	27	22	1	1	1			
Sydney.....	29	16	13	28	15	13	1	1	1	3	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	26	15	11	26	15	11						
Towns:																																	
Amherst.....	13	6	7	12	6	6	1	1	1	4	1	3	3	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	9	5	4	9	5	4						
Dartmouth.....	9	3	6	9	3	6																											
Glace Bay.....	65	44	21	58	38	20	7	6	1	34	24	10	30	20	10	4	4	4	4	4	4	31	20	11	28	18	10	3	2	1			
New Glasgow.....	10	7	3	8	5	3	2	2		3	3	1	1	1	1	2	2		2	2		7	4	3	7	4	3						
New Waterford.....	32	20	12	32	20	12				8	5	3	8	5	3										24	15	9	24	15	9			
North Sydney.....	11	5	6	11	5	6				1	1	1	1	1	1										10	4	6	10	4	6			
Springhill.....	14	7	7	14	7	7				10	4	6	10	4	6										4	3	1	4	3	1			
Stellarton.....	4	4	4	4	4	4																			4	4	4	4	4	4			
Sydney Mines.....	22	15	7	22	15	7				2	1	1	2	1	1										20	14	6	20	14	6			
Truro.....	14	7	7	13	6	7	1	1	1	3	1	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	11	6	5	11	6	5						
Yarmouth.....	16	10	6	13	9	4	3	1	2	6	3	3	3	2	1	3	1	2	3	1	2	10	7	3	10	7	3						

TABLE XVI—DEATHS OF CHILDREN UNDER ONE YEAR (EXCLUSIVE OF STILLBIRTHS) BY AGE AT DEATH IN THE PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA, 1934

AGES	Total
All Infants.....	Total 807
	M. 455
	F. 352
Under 1 day.....	Total 137
	M. 67
	F. 70
1 day.....	Total 41
	M. 22
	F. 19
2 days.....	Total 38
	M. 22
	F. 16
3 days.....	Total 31
	M. 13
	F. 18
4 days.....	Total 23
	M. 15
	F. 8
5 days.....	Total 18
	M. 13
	F. 5
6 days.....	Total 8
	M. 5
	F. 3
Under 1 week.....	Total 296
	M. 157
	F. 139
1 week and under 2 weeks.....	Total 60
	M. 32
	F. 28
2 weeks and under 3 weeks.....	Total 41
	M. 22
	F. 19
3 weeks and under 1 month.....	Total 39
	M. 24
	F. 15
Under 1 month.....	Total 436
	M. 235
	F. 201
1 month and under 2 months.....	Total 87
	M. 46
	F. 41
2 months and under 3 months.....	Total 65
	M. 40
	F. 25
3 months and under 4 months.....	Total 47
	M. 29
	F. 18

TABLE XVI—DEATHS OF CHILDREN UNDER ONE YEAR (EXCLUSIVE OF STILLBIRTHS) BY AGE AT DEATH IN THE PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA, 1934

AGES.	Total
4 months and under 5 months. Total	35
M.	20
F.	15
5 months and under 6 months. Total	30
M.	21
F.	9
6 months and under 7 months. Total	29
M.	20
F.	9
7 months and under 8 months. Total	27
M.	14
F.	13
8 months and under 9 months. Total	13
M.	9
F.	4
9 months and under 10 months. Total	16
M.	10
F.	6
10 months and under 11 months. Total	16
M.	7
F.	9
11 months and under 12 months. Total	6
M.	4
F.	2

TABLE XVII—DEATHS OF CHILDREN UNDER ONE YEAR (EXCLUSIVE OF STILLBIRTHS) CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO RACIAL ORIGIN OF DECEDENTS IN THE PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA, 1934

Racial Origin	Total
All Origins.....	807
English.....	379
Irish.....	91
Scottish.....	161
Welsh.....	1
French.....	97
Armenian.....	
Austrian.....	
Belgian.....	
Bulgarian.....	
Chinese.....	
Czech and Slovak.....	
Danish.....	
Dutch.....	3
Finnish.....	1
German.....	20
Greek.....	1
Hindu.....	
Hungarian.....	
Icelandic.....	
Indian.....	6
Italian.....	5
Japanese.....	
Jewish.....	1
Negro.....	29
Norwegian.....	
Polish.....	
Roumanian.....	
Russian.....	1
Serb and Croat.....	
Swedish.....	2
Swiss.....	1
Syrian.....	2
Ukrainian (1).....	1
Other.....	2
Not specified.....	3

(1)Including "Galician" and "Bukovinian."

TABLE XXI—DEATHS BY MONTHS IN THE PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA, 1934

COUNTIES (Including Cities and Towns)	MONTHS												Total
	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	
Annapolis.....	27	12	19	23	19	17	19	19	15	10	11	15	206
Antigonish.....	20	16	11	11	21	23	16	20	10	8	16	13	185
Cape Breton.....	96	80	94	99	101	58	53	83	78	80	83	99	1,004
Colchester.....	25	36	22	25	34	23	18	16	23	24	22	22	290
Cumberland.....	38	38	39	39	38	37	34	39	34	44	33	29	442
Digby.....	16	22	23	20	20	12	19	13	11	16	22	20	214
Guysborough.....	14	23	17	24	16	17	19	14	12	10	18	13	197
Halifax.....	118	125	157	118	110	92	84	82	102	113	110	102	1,313
Hants.....	22	18	19	23	19	18	21	17	17	16	21	15	226
Inverness.....	22	16	25	27	19	22	12	19	19	11	18	12	222
Kings.....	18	17	27	31	25	16	18	22	19	18	28	14	253
Lunenburg.....	32	41	35	23	23	27	22	40	29	28	30	30	360
Pictou.....	44	50	26	47	34	19	36	32	27	34	35	32	416
Queens.....	5	13	11	7	13	8	9	6	9	2	6	12	101
Richmond.....	10	11	5	8	8	11	8	10	8	8	10	11	108
Shelburne.....	15	17	21	20	18	5	10	15	9	14	11	11	166
Victoria.....	10	10	13	7	12	7	6	4	4	3	7	6	89
Yarmouth.....	22	29	30	20	16	8	8	24	19	22	18	20	236
Total.....	554	574	594	572	546	420	412	475	445	461	499	476	6,028

TABLE XXII—DEATHS OCCURRING IN COUNTIES IN
NOVA SCOTIA, 1934

Counties (Including Cities and Towns)	Sex		Social Condition					Total
	Male	Female	Single	Married	Widowed	Divorced	Unknown	
Annapolis.....	108	98	43	99	61	3	.....	206
Antigonish.....	93	92	83	69	33	.....	.....	185
Cape Breton.....	557	447	441	351	211	1	.....	1,004
Colchester.....	143	147	98	115	76	1	.....	290
Cumberland.....	240	202	140	182	119	1	.....	442
Digby.....	112	102	56	102	56	.....	.....	214
Guysborough.....	107	90	67	71	59	.....	.....	197
Halifax.....	702	611	473	536	302	2	.....	1,313
Hants.....	111	115	82	76	68	.....	.....	226
Inverness.....	123	99	78	85	59	.....	.....	222
Kings.....	120	133	85	104	64	.....	.....	253
Lunenburg.....	184	176	105	150	104	1	.....	360
Pictou.....	220	196	122	160	134	.....	.....	416
Queens.....	52	49	21	47	33	.....	.....	101
Richmond.....	57	51	47	34	27	.....	.....	108
Shelburne.....	81	85	51	67	48	.....	.....	166
Victoria.....	47	42	32	31	26	.....	.....	89
Yarmouth.....	122	114	77	96	63	.....	.....	236
Total.....	3,179	2,849	2,101	2,375	1,543	9	.....	6,028

TABLE XXIII—DEATHS OCCURRING IN CITIES AND TOWNS
OF NOVA SCOTIA, 1934

Cities and Towns	Sex		Social Condition					Total
	Male	Female	Single	Married	Widowed	Divorced	Unknown	
Amherst.....	65	69	40	59	34	1	134	
Antigonish.....	56	42	51	41	6		98	
Bridgetown.....	10	9	3	10	6		19	
Bridgewater.....	39	34	19	35	19		73	
Canso.....	9	11	7	6	7		20	
Dartmouth.....	26	35	17	24	19	1	61	
Digby.....	10	18	8	16	4		28	
Dominion.....	16	10	10	11	5		26	
Glace Bay.....	148	108	120	87	48	1	256	
Halifax.....	486	441	362	372	192	1	927	
Inverness.....	27	16	23	18	2		43	
Joggins.....	3	6	4	2	3		9	
Kentville.....	31	25	21	22	13		56	
Liverpool.....	12	12	8	7	9		24	
Lunenburg.....	14	14	6	11	11		28	
Mahone Bay.....	7	8	4	4	6	1	15	
New Glasgow.....	62	57	36	53	30		119	
New Waterford.....	49	39	53	29	6		88	
North Sydney.....	42	32	31	30	13		74	
Oxford.....	12	6	3	6	9		18	
Parrsboro.....	14	8	10	9	3		22	
Pictou.....	19	22	12	16	13		41	
Port Hawkesbury.....	2	1		2	1		3	
Shelburne.....	8	13	9	3	9		21	
Springhill.....	33	38	22	29	20		71	
Stellarton.....	12	14	10	10	6		26	
Sydney.....	128	100	93	88	47		228	
Sydney Mines.....	49	45	37	36	21		94	
Trenton.....	10	7	8	4	5		17	
Truro.....	58	53	41	49	20	1	111	
Wedgeport.....	7	6	7	4	2		13	
Westville.....	15	13	5	10	13		28	
Windsor.....	33	25	25	23	10		58	
Wolfville.....	17	21	18	13	7		38	
Yarmouth.....	55	55	39	47	24		110	
Total.....	1,584	1,413	1,162	1,186	643	6	2,997	

TABLE XXV—AGES AT WHICH DEATHS OCCURRED IN CITIES AND TOWNS OF NOVA SCOTIA, 1934

Cities and Towns	Under 1 year		1		2		3		4		5-9		10-14		15-19		20-29		30-39		40-49		50-59		60-69		70-79		80-89		90-99		100 and over		Total
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female			
Amherst.....	6	7	1	1																														134	
Antigonish.....	5	4	1	1																														98	
Bridgetown.....	2	2																																19	
Bridgewater.....	3	3	1	1																														73	
Canso.....	1	1																																20	
Dartmouth.....	3	6																																61	
Digby.....	1	3																																26	
Dominion.....	3	1																																28	
Glace Bay.....	44	21	3	3	2	1	3	2	3	1	4	5	2	1	4	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	256		
Halifax.....	66	52	10	9	5	3	2	3	1	4	5	8	11	9	8	29	26	31	41	37	79	45	89	67	74	81	36	48	4	10		927			
Inverness.....	6	3	1	1																													43		
Joggins.....	1	1																																9	
Kentville.....	2	2																																56	
Liverpool.....	3	3																																24	
Lunenburg.....	3	1																																28	
Mahone Bay.....	1	1																																15	
New Glasgow.....	7	3	1	1																														119	
New Waterford.....	20	12	2	1	2	2	3	1	2	3	1	4	5	1	4	5	7	2	5	1	4	3	2	1	4	3	2	1	1	1	1	88			
North Sydney.....	5	6	1	1																														74	
Oxford.....	1	1																																18	
Parrsboro.....	4	4																																22	
Pictou.....	2	4																																41	
Port Hawkesbury.....	2	2																																3	
Shelburne.....	7	7																																21	
Springhill.....	4	4																																71	
Stellarton.....	16	13	1	2	1	3	2	2	4	3	2	10	8	7	2	10	4	14	13	28	18	15	19	7	13	4	1	1	1	1	228				
Sydney.....	15	7	2	2																														94	
Sydney Mines.....	3	3																																17	
Trenton.....	7	7	1	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	111			
Truro.....	2	2																																13	
Wedgeport.....	1	1																																28	
Westville.....	1	1																																58	
Windsor.....	6	5	1	1																														38	
Wolfville.....	5	5	1	1																														38	
Yarmouth.....	10	6	1	1																														110	
Total.....	261	187	27	24	13	8	11	10	7	11	29	26	28	29	33	108	96	77	104	117	93	192	139	257	198	276	239	128	176	25	39	1	2	2,997	

TABLE XXVII—TOTAL DEATHS (EXCLUSIVE OF STILLBIRTHS) AND DEATHS IN INSTITUTIONS CLASSIFIED ACCORDING TO RESIDENCE OF DECEDENTS IN CITIES AND TOWNS OF 5,000 POPULATION AND OVER IN THE PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA, 1934

Cities and Towns	All Deaths						Deaths in Institutions						Deaths elsewhere than in Institutions																							
	Total			Residents			Non-resident in City or Town where Death occurred and			Total			Residents			Non-resident in City or Town where Death occurred and																				
	T	M	F	T	M	F	T	M	F	T	M	F	T	M	F	T	M	F																		
	Resident in Province			Non-resident in Province			Resident in Province			Non-resident in Province			Resident in Province			Non-resident in Province																				
Cities	927	486	441	754	389	365	163	89	74	10	8	2	484	276	208	324	188	136	153	82	71	7	6	1	443	210	233	430	201	229	10	7	3	3	2	1
Towns	228	128	100	197	109	88	28	16	12	3	3	..	80	51	29	56	33	23	21	15	6	3	3	..	148	77	71	141	76	65	7	1	6	..	..
Amherst	134	65	69	116	58	58	14	4	10	4	3	1	36	16	20	22	11	11	12	3	9	2	2	..	98	49	49	94	47	47	2	1	1	2	1	1
Dartmouth	61	26	35	60	25	35	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	61	26	35	60	25	35	1	1	..	..	..
Glace Bay	256	148	108	211	116	95	43	30	13	2	2	..	123	77	46	89	54	35	32	21	11	2	2	..	133	71	62	122	62	60	11	9	2	..	..
New Glasgow	119	62	57	86	41	45	30	19	11	3	2	1	47	31	16	14	10	4	30	19	11	3	2	1	72	31	41	72	31	41	..	..	..	..	..
New Waterford	88	49	39	83	45	38	5	4	1	..	..	..	31	19	12	26	15	11	5	4	1	..	..	57	30	27	57	30	27	..	..	..	..	..
North Sydney	74	42	32	62	34	28	9	7	2	3	1	2	19	11	8	10	5	5	7	6	1	2	..	2	55	31	24	52	29	23	2	1	1	1	1	1
Springhill	71	33	38	68	31	37	3	2	1	..	..	..	20	10	10	17	8	9	3	2	1	..	..	51	23	28	51	23	28	..	..	..	..	..
Stellarton	26	12	14	25	11	14	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	26	12	14	25	11	14	..	..	..	..	..
Sydney Mines	94	49	45	87	44	43	7	5	2	..	..	..	24	13	11	18	9	9	6	4	2	..	..	70	36	34	69	35	34	1	1	..	..	..	..
Truro	111	58	53	96	48	48	15	10	5	..	..	..	27	15	12	16	7	9	11	8	3	..	..	84	43	41	80	41	39	4	2	2	..	..
Yarmouth	110	55	55	74	33	41	31	17	14	5	5	..	46	26	20	16	9	7	28	15	13	2	2	..	64	29	35	58	24	34	3	2	1	3	3	..

TABLE XXVI—TOTAL DEATHS (EXCLUSIVE OF STILLBIRTHS) AND DEATHS IN INSTITUTIONS SHOWING THE NUMBER NON-RESIDENT IN THE PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA, 1934

	All Deaths						In Institutions					
	Total			Non-resident in Province			Total			Non-resident in Province		
	Total	M.	F.	Total	M.	F.	Total	M.	F.	Total	M.	F.
	Total for the Province	6,028	3,179	2,849	51	37	14	1,387	805	582	25	20	5

TABLE XXVIII—DEATHS (EXCLUSIVE OF STILLBIRTHS) BY SINGLE YEARS OF AGE AND BY AGE GROUPS IN THE PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA, 1934

Ages	Total	Male	Female
All Ages.....	6,028	3,179	2,849
Under 1 Year.....	807	455	352
1 year.....	92	43	49
2 years.....	32	19	13
3 ".....	29	16	13
4 ".....	28	12	16
Total under 5 Years.....	988	545	443
5 years.....	18	9	9
6 ".....	19	12	7
7 ".....	16	8	8
8 ".....	19	8	11
9 ".....	16	9	7
Total 5-9 years.....	88	46	42
10 years.....	15	7	8
11 ".....	16	6	10
12 ".....	16	11	5
13 ".....	10	4	6
14 ".....	20	9	11
Total 10-14 years.....	77	37	40
15 years.....	13	4	9
16 ".....	28	13	15
17 ".....	27	13	14
18 ".....	22	11	11
19 ".....	24	14	10
Total 15-19 years.....	114	55	59
20 years.....	46	27	19
21 ".....	26	15	11
22 ".....	29	16	13
23 ".....	31	13	18
24 ".....	33	20	13
Total 20-24 years.....	165	91	74
25 years.....	29	21	8
26 ".....	38	20	18
27 ".....	23	13	10
28 ".....	36	20	16
29 ".....	35	19	16
Total 25-29 years.....	161	93	68

TABLE XXVIII—DEATHS (EXCLUSIVE OF STILLBIRTHS)—(Continued)

Ages	Total	Male	Female
30 years.....	27	10	17
31 ".....	30	12	18
32 ".....	29	16	13
33 ".....	36	11	25
34 ".....	30	12	18
Total 30-34 years.....	152	61	91
35 years.....	33	15	18
36 ".....	25	10	15
37 ".....	37	15	22
38 ".....	35	20	15
39 ".....	26	15	11
Total 35-39 years.....	156	75	81
40 years.....	30	16	14
41 ".....	23	10	13
42 ".....	44	27	17
43 ".....	30	17	13
44 ".....	28	11	17
Total 40-44 years.....	155	81	74
45 years.....	35	17	18
46 ".....	24	15	9
47 ".....	39	21	18
48 ".....	45	28	17
49 ".....	56	26	30
Total 45-49 years.....	199	107	92
50 years.....	39	19	20
51 ".....	48	29	19
52 ".....	59	34	25
53 ".....	52	27	25
54 ".....	49	26	23
Total 50-54 years.....	247	135	112
55 years.....	53	29	24
56 ".....	63	42	21
57 ".....	55	35	20
58 ".....	68	44	24
59 ".....	69	36	33
Total 55-59 years.....	308	186	122
60 years.....	70	44	26
61 ".....	65	34	31
62 ".....	83	55	28
63 ".....	93	56	37
64 ".....	82	50	32
Total 60-64 years.....	393	239	154

TABLE XXVIII—DEATHS (EXCLUSIVE OF STILLBIRTHS)—(Continued)

Ages	Total	Male	Female
65 years.....	101	57	44
66 ".....	92	59	33
67 ".....	86	43	43
68 ".....	100	48	52
69 ".....	113	63	50
Total 65-69 years.....	492	270	222
70 years.....	130	62	68
71 ".....	98	66	32
72 ".....	131	60	71
73 ".....	106	55	51
74 ".....	126	69	57
Total 70-74 years.....	591	312	279
75 years.....	132	80	52
76 ".....	117	68	49
77 ".....	101	48	53
78 ".....	147	78	69
79 ".....	103	51	52
Total 75-79 years.....	600	325	275
80 years.....	113	64	49
81 ".....	93	48	45
82 ".....	109	51	58
83 ".....	107	57	50
84 ".....	111	51	60
Total 80-84 years.....	533	271	262
85 years.....	73	30	43
86 ".....	111	47	64
87 ".....	79	36	43
88 ".....	47	19	28
89 ".....	62	27	35
Total 85-89 years.....	372	159	213
90 years.....	54	23	31
91 ".....	42	20	22
92 ".....	36	14	22
93 ".....	34	11	23
94 ".....	18	6	12
Total 90-94 years.....	184	74	110
95 years.....	13	5	8
96 ".....	12	5	7
97 ".....	8	3	5
98 ".....	6	1	5
99 ".....	1	...	1
Total 95-99 years.....	40	14	26
100 years and over.....	13	3	10
Not stated.....	...	...	...

**TABLE XXIX—DEATHS (EXCLUSIVE OF STILLBIRTHS) CLASSIFIED
ACCORDING TO RACIAL ORIGIN OF DECEDENTS, IN
THE PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA, 1934**

Racial Origin	Total	Male	Female
All Origins.....	6,028	3,179	2,849
English.....	2,745	1,441	1,304
Irish.....	646	340	306
Scottish.....	1,566	810	756
Welsh.....	6	3	3
French.....	555	307	248
German.....	167	81	86
Armenian.....	.....	.....	.....
Austrian.....	4	2	2
Belgian.....	6	3	3
Bulgarian.....	.....	.....	.....
Chinese.....	3	3	.....
Czech and Slovak.....	2	2	.....
Danish.....	6	5	1
Dutch.....	53	30	23
Finnish.....	2	.....	2
Greek.....	4	.....	4
Hindu.....	.....	.....	.....
Hungarian.....	5	4	1
Icelandic.....	.....	.....	.....
Indian.....	23	11	12
Italian.....	23	14	9
Japanese.....	.....	.....	.....
Jewish.....	13	11	2
Negro.....	137	68	69
Norwegian.....	4	2	2
Polish.....	10	9	1
Roumanian.....	1	1	.....
Russian.....	4	4	.....
Serb and Croat.....	1	1	.....
Swedish.....	7	4	3
Swiss.....	8	4	4
Syrian.....	7	6	1
Ukrainian (1).....	3	2	1
Other.....	6	5	1
Not specified.....	11	6	5

(1) Including "Galician" and "Bukovinian."

GLACE BAY	T.	256	1	197	4	1	8	6	20	1	1	3	1	3	3	2	5
	M.	148	1	112	5	4	5	4	12	1	1	2	1	3	3	2	3
	F.	108	..	85	3	2	3	2	8	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	2
HALIFAX	T.	927	12	720	15	7	50	11	51	5	3	1	1	2	1	1	13
	M.	486	9	360	7	2	36	8	22	4	3	1	1	1	1	2	7
	F.	441	3	360	8	5	14	3	29	1	..	..	1	..	..	2	6
SYDNEY	T.	228	3	170	4	2	5	3	17	6	1	1	3	4	1	1	1
	M.	128	3	88	2	1	3	3	10	5	1	1	3	4	1	1	..
	F.	100	..	82	2	1	2	1	7	1	1	1

(1) Including the Ukraine.

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Year	Males	Females	Total	Per 1,000	Remarks
1900	100	100	200	100	
1901	105	105	210	105	
1902	110	110	220	110	
1903	115	115	230	115	
1904	120	120	240	120	
1905	125	125	250	125	
1906	130	130	260	130	
1907	135	135	270	135	
1908	140	140	280	140	
1909	145	145	290	145	
1910	150	150	300	150	
1911	155	155	310	155	
1912	160	160	320	160	
1913	165	165	330	165	
1914	170	170	340	170	
1915	175	175	350	175	
1916	180	180	360	180	
1917	185	185	370	185	
1918	190	190	380	190	
1919	195	195	390	195	
1920	200	200	400	200	

Continued on next page

TABLE XXXIV—CAUSES OF DEATH BY COUNTIES, NOVA SCOTIA, 1934

Int. List No.	Causes of Death	Total																
		Antigonish	Cape Breton	Colchester	Cumberland	Digby	Guysborough	Halifax	Hants	Inverness	Kings	Lunenburg	Pictou	Queens	Richmond	Shelburne	Victoria	Yarmouth
	Deaths—All causes.....	T. 6028	1004	290	442	214	197	1313	225	222	253	360	416	101	108	166	89	236
		M. 3179	108	93	557	143	240	112	107	702	111	123	120	184	220	52	57	81
		F. 2849	98	92	447	147	202	102	90	611	115	99	133	176	196	49	51	85
	Class I—Infectious and Parasitic Diseases.....	T. 758	16	28	32	59	21	32	162	31	33	47	33	34	7	13	21	6
		M. 396	9	13	78	16	25	10	17	86	17	21	29	17	4	7	12	4
		F. 362	7	15	74	16	34	11	15	76	14	12	18	16	20	3	6	9
1	Typhoid fever.....	M. 1																
2	Paratyphoid fever.....	M. 1																
4	Relapsing fever.....	M. 1																
5	Undulant fever.....	M. 1																
6	Small-pox.....	M. 1																
7	Measles.....	M. 5	1	3														
		F. 6	1	1														
8	Scarlet fever.....	M. 4		1														
		F. 7		1														
9	Whooping-cough.....	M. 21	1	6														
		F. 24		6														
10	Diphtheria.....	M. 7		2														
		F. 3		2														
11	Influenza.....	M. 70	1	14	2	4	2	2	2	10	5	6	7	2	8	1	4	2
	(a) Sole cause.....	F. 60		20	7	1	5	2	2	6	3	4	4	3	1			
		M. 17		4						1	2	3	2	2	2	1		
		F. 15		5	2	2				1	1	1	1	1	1			
	(b) With bronchitis.....	M. 5		1						1	1	1	1	1	1			
		F. 1		1														
	(c) With pneumonia.....	M. 19		5	1	1	1	1	1	4	4	2	1	1	2	2		2
		F. 17		3	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	3	2	1	1			
	(d) With other diseases of the respiratory system.....	M. 3	1	1														
		F. 7		4						2	1	1	1	1	1			
	(e) With intestinal complications.....	M. 5		1														
		F. 2		1														
	(f) With other causes.....	M. 21		4	1	2	1	1	1	4	2	1	4	2	1	4	2	1
		F. 18	1	6	1	1	1	1	1	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

CAUSES OF DEATH BY COUNTIES--(Continued)

Int. List No.	Causes of Death	Total	Annapolis	Antigonish	Cape Breton	Colchester	Cumberland	Digby	GuySBorough	Halifax	Hants	Inverness	Kings	Lunenburg	Pictou	Queens	Richmond	Shelburne	Victoria	Yarmouth
	(b) Gangrene of the lung.....	M. 4					1	2							1					
	(c) Others under this title.....	M. 9					1	1							2					
	Class IX—Diseases of the digestive system.....	F. 340	6	13	70	10	25	8	7	78	17	12	9	24	30	3	3	3	1	21
		M. 200	5	6	45	6	14	4	3	46	7	8	4	17	18	1	1	3	1	11
		F. 140	1	7	25	4	11	4	4	32	10	4	5	7	12	2	2	2	10	2
115	Diseases of the buccal cavity and annæxa, and of the pharynx and tonsils (including adenoid vegetations).....	M. 6					1		2	1					1					1
	(a) Diseases of the buccal cavity and annæxa.....	F. 3					1			1										
	(b) Diseases of the tonsils.....	M. 1								1			1							
	(c) Others under this title.....	M. 7			1					4				1						1
116	Diseases of the oesophagus.....	F. 4					1		2						1					
117	Ulcer of the stomach or duodenum.....	M. 27	1	4	1	1	2	1		6	2	3	1	3	3				1	1
	(a) Ulcer of the stomach.....	F. 6						1			1	1	1	1	1				1	1
	(b) Ulcer of the duodenum.....	M. 13	1	1	1	1	1	1		2	1	2	1	1	1				1	1
118	Other diseases of the stomach.....	F. 7			2	1	2	1		4				1	2					
119	Diarrhoea and enteritis (under 2 years of age).....	M. 31	1	11	1	1	6	1		5	1	2	1	2	1	1				2
120	Diarrhoea and enteritis (2 years and over).....	F. 18	1	17	1	1	3	1		3	2	1	1	1	1	2				
	(a) Diarrhoea and enteritis.....	M. 15	1	2	1	1	3	1		3	2	2	1	1	1	2				
	(b) Ulceration of the intestines.....	F. 14		2			3			1	1	2	1	1	1	2				1
121	Appendicitis.....	M. 39	1	11	1	1	3	1		6				2	4				1	5
122	Hernia, intestinal obstruction.....	F. 38	2	8	1	1	1	1		6	2	1	1	1	2	2			1	2
	(a) Hernia.....	M. 17	1	6	2	2	1	1		4	2	1	1	1	3				1	2
		F. 12		1	1	1	1	1		2				1	1					

CAUSES OF DEATH BY COUNTIES—(Continued)

Int. List No.	Causes of Death	Total	Annapolis	Antigonish	Cape Breton	Colchester	Cumberland	Digby	Guysborough	Halifax	Hants	Inverness	Kings	Lunenburg	Pictou	Queens	Richmond	Shelburne	Victoria	Yarmouth	
	(c) Of the breast.	F.																			
	(d) Others under this title.	F.																			
	Class XI—Diseases of pregnancy, childbirth and the puerperal state.	F.																			
140	Abortion with septic conditions.	F.	4	1	18	5	3	4	1	10	3	2	2	5	2	1	2	4			3
	(a) Abortion.	F.	3	1	1	1	1	1		1			1	1							
	(b) Self-induced abortion.	F.	1																		
141	Abortion without mention of septic conditions (haemorrhage included).	F.	3		2			1													
	(a) Abortion.	F.	3					1													
	(b) Self-induced abortion.	F.																			
142	Ectopic gestation.	F.	2		2																
	(a) With septic conditions.	F.	2																		
	(b) Without mention of septic conditions.	F.	1																		
143	Other accidents of pregnancy (haemorrhage excluded).	F.	1		1																
144	Puerperal haemorrhage.	F.	7	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			1
	(a) Placenta praevia.	F.	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			1
	(b) Other haemorrhages.	F.	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			1
145	Puerperal septicaemia (not specified as due to abortion).	F.	16	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1			1
	(a) Puerperal septicaemia and pyaemia.	F.	16	2	3	3	2	1	1	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	1	1			1
	(b) Puerperal tetanus.	F.	1																		
146	Puerperal albuminuria and eclampsia.	F.	2	1	6	2	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2			1
147	Other toxaeemias of pregnancy.	F.	2		1	1				1											
148	Puerperal phlegmasia alba dolens, embolism or sudden death (not specified as septic).	F.	2																		
	(a) Phlegmasia alba dolens and thrombosis.	F.	1																		
	(b) Embolism.	F.	1																		
	(c) Sudden death.	F.	1																		
149	Other accidents of childbirth.	F.	12	1	6	6	1	1	1	3	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
	(a) Caesarean operation.	F.	3		2	2				1	1										
	(b) Other surgical operations and instrumental delivery.	F.	3		1	1		1	1	1	1										
	(c) Dystocia.	F.	3		1	1		1	1	1	1										
	(d) Rupture of uterus in parturition.	F.	1		1	1				1	1										
	(e) Others under this title.	F.	5		3	3				1	1										
150	Other or unspecified condition of the puerperal state.	F.	15	1	3	1	1	1	1	5	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1			2
	(a) Puerperal diseases of the breast.	F.	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			1
	(b) Others under this title.	F.	14	1	2	1	1	1	1	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			1
	Class XII—Diseases of the skin and cellular tissue.	T.	15	1	3	1	1	1	1	5	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1			2
		M.	6		1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1			2
		F.	9	1	2	2	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			1

TABLE XXXIX—MARRIAGES ACCORDING TO AGES IN THE PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA, 1934

COUNTIES (Including Cities and Towns)	Ages of Men							Ages of Women								
	Under 21	21-25	26-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	Over 60	Not stated	Under 21	21-25	26-30	31-40	41-50	51-60	Over 60	Not stated
	Total															
Annapolis.....	9	59	30	15	4	7	3	1	48	50	18	5	4	2	1	
Antigonish.....	2	15	21	11	4	2	..	..	14	24	9	6	..	..	..	..
Cape Breton.....	31	340	213	105	24	8	7	..	233	338	90	47	13	4	3	..
Colchester.....	12	78	62	34	12	7	2	..	51	87	34	21	10	4	..	..
Cumberland.....	23	149	85	42	12	5	2	..	108	138	42	19	7	4	..	..
Digby.....	9	45	26	18	5	2	1	..	36	39	17	9	2	2	1	..
Guysborough.....	1	34	28	19	4	4	..	..	31	32	13	8	6	..	..	..
Halifax.....	64	319	271	149	39	16	9	..	229	392	144	73	19	8	2	..
Hants.....	11	71	31	23	9	3	5	..	56	54	22	14	5	..	..	..
Inverness.....	2	32	27	22	4	2	2	..	20	41	15	11	1	3	..	..
Kings.....	14	120	41	26	10	4	3	..	82	90	28	14	1	1	2	..
Lunenburg.....	16	91	63	38	8	2	1	..	83	95	27	9	2	1	2	..
Pictou.....	9	88	57	37	13	9	2	..	63	84	34	29	4	1	..	..
Queens.....	7	31	20	5	4	2	1	..	32	27	6	2	1	2	..	..
Richmond.....	..	14	9	7	3	1	1	..	10	18	5	1	..	..	..	..
Shelburne.....	6	27	24	12	1	2	..	..	40	18	6	5	2	1	..	..
Victoria.....	2	13	10	12	3	..	2	..	8	17	12	2	2	..	..	..
Yarmouth.....	13	53	43	15	11	3	4	..	52	52	19	12	2	4	1	..
Total.....	231	1579	1061	590	170	79	45	1	1196	1596	541	287	83	37	15	1

TABLE XL—MARRIAGES REPORTED IN RURAL AND URBAN PARTS
OF COUNTIES, NOVA SCOTIA, 1934

COUNTIES	Total	Rural	Urban
Total for the Province.....	3,756	1,432	2,324
Annapolis.....	128	105	23
Antigonish.....	55	34	21
Cape Breton.....	728	121	607
Colchester.....	207	79	128
Cumberland.....	318	104	214
Digby.....	106	79	27
Guysborough.....	90	76	14
Halifax.....	867	188	679
Hants.....	153	92	61
Inverness.....	91	54	37
Kings.....	218	129	89
Lunenburg.....	219	111	108
Pictou.....	215	46	169
Queens.....	70	35	35
Richmond.....	35	35	.....
Shelburne.....	72	48	24
Victoria.....	42	42	.....
Yarmouth.....	142	54	88

TABLE XLV—MARRIAGES—LITERACY OF BRIDEGROOMS AND BRIDES IN NOVA SCOTIA CLASSIFIED BY BIRTHPLACE, 1934

BIRTHPLACE	Bridegrooms			Brides		
	Total	Illiterate	Per cent Illiterate	Total	Illiterate	Per cent Illiterate
Total.....	3756	78	2.1	3756	21	0.6
Canada	3320	68	2.0	3466	18	0.5
Prince Edward Island.....	29	.....	.....	24	.....	.....
Nova Scotia.....	3137	67	2.1	3320	18	0.5
New Brunswick.....	72	1	1.4	76	.....	.....
Quebec.....	22	.....	.....	11	.....	.....
Ontario.....	37	.....	.....	11	.....	.....
Manitoba.....	5	.....	.....	6	.....	.....
Saskatchewan.....	4	.....	.....	9	.....	.....
Alberta.....	6	.....	.....	5	.....	.....
British Columbia.....	8	.....	.....	4	.....	.....
Province not specified.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
British Isles	143	.....	.....	75	.....	.....
England.....	95	.....	.....	52	.....	.....
Ireland.....	11	.....	.....	6	.....	.....
Scotland.....	35	.....	.....	16	.....	.....
Wales.....	2	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
Other.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
British Possessions	126	7	5.6	117	2	1.7
Newfoundland.....	114	6	5.3	112	2	1.8
Other.....	12	1	8.3	5	.....	.....
Europe	57	.....	.....	19	.....	.....
Austria.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Belgium.....	4	.....	.....	2	.....	.....
Denmark.....	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Finland.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
France.....	3	.....	.....	2	.....	.....
Germany.....	5	.....	.....	3	.....	.....
Holland.....	2	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
Hungary.....	3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Italy.....	8	.....	.....	3	.....	.....
Norway.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Poland.....	9	.....	.....	4	.....	.....
Roumania.....	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Russia(1).....	1	.....	.....	2	.....	.....
Sweden.....	.....	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
Other.....	7	.....	.....	1	.....	.....
Asia	4	1	25.0	1	1	100.0
China.....	2	1	50.0	.....	.....	.....
Japan.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other.....	2	.....	.....	1	1	100.0
United States	94	.....	.....	62	.....	.....
Various.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Not specified.....	12	2	.....	16	.....	.....

(1) Including the Ukraine.

TABLE A—BIRTHS IN THE PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA BY COUNTIES, 1934

COUNTIES (Including Cities and Towns)	Sex		Still- births	Illegiti- mate Births	Twins	Tri- plets	Total
	Male	Female					
Annapolis.....	146	160	5	9	2		306
Antigonish.....	117	109	8	11	3		226
Cape Breton.....	1311	1174	70	129	29		2485
Colchester.....	290	241	21	33	5		531
Cumberland.....	375	355	20	30	4		730
Digby.....	222	196	8	22	3		418
Guysborough.....	180	157	19	37	4		337
Halifax.....	1203	1158	90	163	21		2361
Hants.....	216	222	8	13	6		438
Inverness.....	218	204	20	17	7		422
Kings.....	284	276	12	17	5		560
Lunenburg.....	312	306	22	33	3		618
Pictou.....	337	346	16	51	7	1	683
Queens.....	113	123	5	9	3		236
Richmond.....	110	115	4	10	4		225
Shelburne.....	139	147	6	21	2		286
Victoria.....	62	48	5	11	1		110
Yarmouth.....	243	192	11	43	6		435
Total.....	5878	5529	350	659	115	1	11407

TABLE B—BIRTHS IN CITIES AND TOWNS OF NOVA SCOTIA, 1934

Cities and Towns	Sex		Still births	Illegitimate births	Twins	Triplets	Total
	Male	Female					
Amherst.....	67	68	6	7			135
Antigonish.....	74	68	6	8	1		142
Bridgetown.....	7	12	1	3			19
Bridgewater.....	39	34	2	2			73
Canso.....	16	9	1	2			25
Dartmouth.....	76	75	6	8	1		151
Digby.....	28	32	1	2	1		60
Dominion.....	19	12	1				31
Glace Bay.....	380	335	28	32	10		715
Halifax.....	796	811	55	133	14		1607
Inverness.....	59	61	3	5	3		120
Joggins.....	7	10		2			17
Kentville.....	26	28	1	2			54
Liverpool.....	27	46	2	2			73
Lunenburg.....	19	21	3				40
Mahone Bay.....	7	6	1				13
New Glasgow.....	160	171	5	24	2		331
New Waterford.....	146	169	12	16	4		315
North Sydney.....	108	95	2	14	6		203
Oxford.....	8	11	2				19
Parrsboro.....	20	11		2			31
Pictou.....	31	22	1	5	1		53
Port Hawkesbury.....	1	3					4
Shelburne.....	26	22	1	5	1		48
Springhill.....	105	86	6	6	4		191
Stellarton.....	27	23	1	3	1		50
Sydney.....	319	269	10	39	5		588
Sydney Mines.....	116	98	4	15	1		214
Trenton.....	19	20		4			39
Truro.....	101	71	11	19	2		172
Wedgeport.....	20	9	1	1	2		29
Westville.....	18	22	3	3	1		40
Windsor.....	42	41	1	6	2		83
Wolfville.....	40	50	2	3	2		90
Yarmouth.....	91	80	4	25			171
Total.....	3045	2901	184	398	64		5946





