Bengal public health report.

Contributors

Bengal (India). Public Health Department.

Publication/Creation

Calcutta: The Bengal Secretariat Book Depot, [1940]

Persistent URL

https://wellcomecollection.org/works/cx7whaqv

License and attribution

This work has been identified as being free of known restrictions under copyright law, including all related and neighbouring rights and is being made available under the Creative Commons, Public Domain Mark.

You can copy, modify, distribute and perform the work, even for commercial purposes, without asking permission.





Government of Bengal

Public Health Department

Bengal Public Health Report

For the year 1940

By

Dr. B. Mookherji, M.B., D.P.H. Director of Public Health, Bengal.

Superintendent, Government Printing Bengal Government Press, Alipore, Bengal 1942

Price-Indian, Re. 1; English, 1s. 8d.





Government of Bengal

Public Health Department

Bengal Public Health Report

For the year 1940

By
Dr. B. Mookherji, M.B., D.P.H.
Director of Public Health, Bengal.

Superintendent, Government Printing Bengal Government Press, Alipore, Bengal 1942

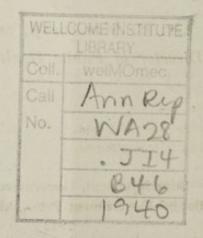
Published by the Superintendent, Government Printing Bengal Government Press, Alipore, Bengal

Agents in India.

Messrs. S. K. Lahiri & Co., Ltd., Printers and Booksellers, College Street, Calcutta.

Messrs. Thacker, Spink & Co., Calcutta.

Customers in the United Kingdom and the Continent of Europe may obtain publications either direct from the High Commissioner's office or through any bookseller.



CONTENTS.

Part I.—Report of the Director of Public Health, Bengal.

INTRODUCTION.

CHAPTER I.—Meteorology and agricultural and economic conditions.

51				Para.	Page.
Meteorology			DI ORDI	1	1
Agricultural and economic conditions	- same la	marilian p	of the plant	2	2
The second secon	esta woled	dadar sar	na roull	Arrise county or	Charle .
ER THE STATE OF TH		was in I -			
CHAPTER	II.—Vital st	tatistics.			
Area and population				3	3
Registration of births and deaths				4	4
Compilation of vital statistics				5	- 5
Births in the province				6	7
Births in districts				7	8
Births in municipal towns				8	9
Births in rural areas	100	14.		9	10
Births according to chief communities				10	10
Seasonal incidence of births				11	10
Still -births				12	11
Still-births according to chief commun	ities			13	12
Deaths in the Province				14	13
Deaths in districts				15	14
Deaths in municipal towns				16	17
Deaths in rural areas				17	19
Comparison of death rates in urban an	d rural area	ıs		18	19
Death rates in Calcutta compared with	h those in	rural and	other		
urban areas in Bengal				19	19
Seasonal incidence of mortality				20	21
Mortality according to sex				21	22
Mortality according to community				22	22
Mortality according to ages			6	23	23
Infantile deaths in the Province		••		24	25
Infantile mortality in districts		**		25	26
Infantile mortality in urban and rural				26	29
Infant mortality according to commun	uties			27	30
Maternal mortality		•••		28	30
Provincial birth and death rates				29	30
Natural increase of population in Beng	al		£ 10.000	30	31
Decadent areas	d in 41-12	· · ·		31	33
Comparison of vital statistics recorded in other province	a in this pro	ovince with	n those	32	34

	Para.	Page.
CHAPTER III.—History of chief diseases,		
General ZTV.TVOO	33	35
Cholera—		
General prevalence	34	36
Seasonal incidence	35	39
Chalana mantality in districts	36	41
Cholore mortelity in urban and rural areas	37	44
Proventive measures	38	44
	00	**
Smallpox—items stepanes has faresturings the traditional	00	
General prevalence	39	46
Seasonal incidence	- 40	48
Smallpox mortality in districts	41	48
Smallpox mortality in urban and rural areas	42	51
Deaths from smallpox among infants below one year and children between one and ten years of age	43	52
Vaccinal condition of smallpox patients	44	54
Anti amalinay magauras	45	57
Plague	46	57
	THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE	
Fevers—	The storm	The state of
General prevalence	47	57
Seasonal incidence	48	58
Fever mortality in districts	49	60
Fever mortality in urban and rural areas	50	63
Malaria—		
General prevalence	51	64
Seasonal incidence	52	64
Malaria in districts	53	65
Malaria in urban and rural aeras	54	67
Kala-azar—		
General prevalence	55	68
Kala-azar in districts	56	69
Enteric fever	57	71
Measles	58	71
Relapsing fever (spirochaetal)	59	72
Influenza	60	72
Influenza in districts	61	72
Cerebrospinal fever	62	73
Typhus fever	63	74
Blackwater fever	64	75
Other fevers	65	75
Dysentery and diarrhoea—		10000
General prevalance	66	75
Seasonal incidence	67	77
Mortality from dysentery and diarrhoea in districts	68	77
Dysentery	69	78
Diarrohea	70	78
Mortality from dysentery and diarrohea in urban and rural areas	71	79
moreanty from dysentery and distrones in droan and rural areas	11	10

CAR BUT TO T

Para. Page.	Para.	Page.
Respiratory diseases—		
General prevalence	72	79
Seasonal incidence	73	80
Mortality from respiratory diseases in districts	74	80
Mortality from respiratory diseases in urban and rural areas	75.	82
Takis tot	James Hira S	
Pneumonia—		
General Prevalence	76	82
Pneumonia in districts	77	83
Islania Ragineer in the Lenewi Public Realth.		
Pulmonary Tuberculosis—	* Himmi	
General prevalence	78	84
Pulmonary tuberculosis	79	84
Preventive measures	80	86
Tuberculosis survey at Barisal and Serampur	81	87
Activities of the Bengal Tuberculosis Association	82	88
Training of tuberculosis workers	83	88 88
Activities of Jadavpur Tuberculosis Hospital	84	
Whooping Cough	85	89
Other respiratory diseases	86	89
Thinning		
Injuries—		- Ofinese
General prevalence	87	89
Deaths due to injuries in districts	88	90
Deaths due to injuries in rural and urban areas	89	91
Leprosy	90	91
Propaganda, survey and training, etc	91	93
Anthrax	92	94
All other causes	93	94
RIL OIL		
and the season of the season o		
CHAPTER IV.—Fairs and Festival.		
Fairs and Festivals	94	95
THE RELEASE OF THE PARTY OF THE		
CHAPTER V.—Urban sanitation and water-supply.		
Sanitary administration	95	97
	XLSHIR	
CHAPTER VI.—Rural sanitation.		
Rural Sanitation	96	101
District Boards' income and expenditure	97	102
Village Self-Government	98	103

		Para.	Page.
CHAPTER VII.—Malaria and Kala-aza	r.		
Provincial quinine grant		99	105
Provincial anti-malaria grant		100	105
District anti-malaria schemes		101	106
Municipal anti-malaria schemes		102	106
Ludlowii menace to Calcutta and its neighbourhood during 1940		103	108
Special investigation		104	109
Special anti-malaria scheme at Jessore		105	110
Activities of the Malaria Engineer in the Bengal Public Hea		106	112
Molonia Bassarah Labaratana		107	112
Sala of maining		108	113
Description and help are sent		109	114
Special anti-kala-azar scheme in the Darjeeling district		110	114
Special anti-kala-azar scheme in the Darjeeting district		110	114
CHAPTER WILL Materille and Child and			
CHAPTER VIII.—Maternity and Child we	itare.		
Introduction		111	115
Opening the of materials and all 114 million comban		112	115
Bato		113	116
Come of month		114	116
Unma minitima		115	116
Midwiforn complete	P. San	116	116
Clinia mark	**	117	117
Work of the meternity and shild malfore centre		118	117
Place of confinement		119	118
Water-American		120	118
Dassa maternity and skild malfors contra		121	118
Total and		122	119
(D- 3-311		123	119
Dai terining		124	119
Dai training	**	121	113
almost array has mallely are a suit. If may			
CHAPTER IX.—Medical inspection of school children and Sci	hool		
Hygiene work.			
Medical inspection of school children in Calcutta		125	121
Medical inspection of school children in municipalities		126	122
Medical inspection of students in rural areas		127	122
School Hygiene work in rural areas by circle Sanitary Inspectors		128	123

			I MOST		Para.	Page
	CHAPTER :	X.—Health	Propaga	nda.		
Health propaganda		********			129	127
	CHAPTER	XI.—Vacci	ination.			
Staff					130	129
General vaccination statistics					131	129
Vaccination in rural areas					132	130
Vaccination in municipalities					133	133
Vaccination performed by oth	er agencies		web ad	ni byte	134	133
Period of vaccination				begon	135	134
Wastage of vaccine lymph					136	134
Cost of vaccination					137	134
Degree of protection afforded	against sma				138	135
Degree of protection afforded		a Commi			139	137
Method of vaccination				03.00	140	137
Post vaccination complication	reaso treate	Oth court 1			141	137
Activities of the vaccination						Allver
staff					142	137
Inspection	· · slode m				143	139
Bengal Vaccine Institute		I most			144	140
Bas delining						
CHAPTER	VII Other	Dublia U	alth anti	ultion		
	AII.—Other	Public He	aith acti	vities.		
Industrial Hygiene—						
Septic tank latrines					145	141
Mines—						
Asansol Mines Board of H	ealth				146	145
Other special areas—						
(a) Cooch Behar	on our A				147	146
(b) Chittagong Hill Tracts	The state of					147
(c) Duars Planters Area						147
Construction of the Constr						
Public Analyst—						
Bengal Public Health Lab	oratory				148	148
Dacca Branch Public Heal	th Laborato	ory			149	150
District Public Health Lab	poratories				150	151
Darjeeling Municipal Labo	ratory				151	154
Bengal Vaccine Laborator	y				152	155
S. N. Mallik Maternity Home a	nd Model H	ealth Unit.	Singur		153	155
Housing conditions and town a			, ome		154	158
Nutrition and Diet Survey			Service to		156	159
and Division of	100	1 10 100	the moute	The state of the	No Street	200
CHA	APTER XIII	-General	Remarks	. The last		
	Tan Aili	. Somethi		10.20	Vagantali.	41394
Personal proceedings					157	185

Part II.—Appendices.

APPENDIX I.

Vital Statistics of the districts of Bengal for the year 1940.

That deathers of the districts of Burgar for the year 1940.	
Annual Form No.—	Page.
	100
I.—Births registered in the districts of Bengal	190
II.—Deaths registered in the districts of Bengal	194
III.—Deaths registered in each month in the rural districts and towns of Bengal	196
IV.—Deaths registered according to age in the rural districts and towns of Bengal	206
IV(A).—(Supplementary) Deaths of infants under one year according to community in the districts of Bengal	230
V.—Deaths according to class	232
VI.—Births and deaths registered from different causes in the rural districts and towns in Bengal	236
VI(A).—(Supplementary) Deaths registered from different causes in the rural district and towns of Bengal	260
VII.—Deaths registered in each month from cholera in each district	308
VIII.—Deaths registered in each month from smallpox in each district	312
IX.—Deaths registered in each month from fever in each district	316
X.—Deaths registered in each month from dysentery and diarrhoea in each district	320
XI.—Deaths registered in each month from respiratory diseases in	324
each district XII.—Deaths registered in each month from plague in each district	328
APPENDIX II.	
Statement of vaccination operation in Bengal for the year 1940-41.	
Statement No.—	
I.—Particulars of vaccination in Bengal during 1940-41	334
II.—Total number of persons vaccinated with the number of those persons who were successfully vaccinated during the ten years ending	(0)
1940-41	360
smallpox and the number of successful vaccinations during the ten years ending 1940-41	362
IV.—Showing the degree of protection afforded to infants in Bengal during	
the year 1940-41	367
APPENDIX III.	
101 III - unotatoda I Indistru M veilin	THE REAL PROPERTY.
Statement showing health services and maternity and child welfare centres in Bengal in 1940.	III
Statement No.—	
A—Health services in rural areas of Bengal	372
A(1)—Health services in urban areas of Bengal	374
B—Maternity and child welfare centres, health visitors and trained midwives in rural areas of Bengal	379
B(1)—Maternity and child welfare centres, health visitors and trained mid-	380

Seventy-third Annual Report of the Director of Public Health, Bengal, 1940.

Part I.

Chapter I.

METEOROLOGY.

1. As the meteorological conditions have a general effect on the public health conditions in the province, a brief account of rainfall in the various divisions of the province during the monsoon period—May to October—is usually given. Taking the monsoon period as a whole, the rainfall was in slight to moderate defect in all the divisions except Chittagong where it was normal. The total rainfall during May, June and July was in slight to moderate defect in all the divisions except Chittagong division where it was in slight excess in May. During August it was in slight excess in Burdwan division, normal in the Presidency and Dacca divisions and in slight defect in the other divisions. The rainfall in September was in large excess in Chittagong Division and normal or in slight excess in others. The amount of rainfall in October was in large defect in Burdwan and Rajshahi Divisions and slight to moderate defect elsewhere.

The following table show the actual rainfall and the percentage of deviation from the normal in the divisions of the Province during the monsoon period.

Actual rainfall in inches during the monsoon period.

Divisi	on.	May.	June.	July.	August.	Septem- ber.	Octo- ber.	Monsoon season.
Presidency		5 ·80	6 .99	6 .83	11 -17	8 .93	3 · 15	42 .87
Burdwan		3 ·87	7 .91	8 .57	14 - 11	8 -23	1 .81	44 .50
Rajshahi		7 .03	13 · 31	15 .97	11 .85	11 -66	1 .36	60 - 18
Dacca		8 .45	11.03	9 .46	14 .65	11 .88	4.60	60 -09
Chittagong		13 -51	18 -29	16 - 64	17 .08	20.62	5 .41	91 .55

Deviation from normal fall expressed as percentage.

Division.		May.	June.	July.	August.	Septem- ber.	Octo- ber.	Monsoon season.
Presidency	Jige et	-10	-39	-43	-3	-1	-31	-22
Burdwan		-23	-27	-28	+21	-3	-56	-14
Rajshahi		-14	-18	-11	-25	-11	-72	-20
Dacca		-12	-32	-38	-1	+13	-19	-17
Chittagong		+38	-8	-22	-16	+58	-19	0.

No reports regarding flood were received from any district except from parts of Malda and Midnapur districts during the year under report.

2. Agricultural and economic conditions.—The public health of a province or state and its agricultural and economic conditions are very closely associated. A brief account of the agricultural and economic conditions in Bengal during 1940 as reported by the Director of Agriculture, Bengal, is given below:—

"In the year 1940, owing to prolonged drought the harvests of winter and autumn crops were poor except in some districts. The harvest of jute was also not very satisfactory on account of continued shortage of steeping water. The price of rice ruled higher than that of the previous year, but there was a marked fall in the prices of jute and gur.

The condition of agricultural population was not very satisfactory owing to partial failure of a paddy crops as well as the low prices of jute and gur and the higher prices of other necessaries of life. Distress prevailed in parts of Murshidabad, Birbhum and Midnapur where relief measures, both gratuitous and test relief, were in operation."

Chapter II.

VITAL STATISTICS.

3. Area and population.—According to the census of 1931, the extent of the province of Bengal excluding the Indian States is 77,521 square miles with a population of 50,114,002. In the Chittagong Hill Tracts no proper system of registration of births and deaths exists and the vital statistics relating to this area have therefore been excluded from this report. The area of the province for which vital statistics are recorded is 72,514 square miles and its population is 49,901,080 (25,927,428 males and 23,973,652 females) giving a density of 688 per square mile. Of this population 3,511,585 belong to urban areas (i.e., municipal towns only) and 46,389,495 to rural areas (i.e., districts exclusive of municipal towns). The rural population forms 93 per cent. of the total population, while the urban population constitutes only 7 per cent. The number of municipal towns at the end of 1940 was 118 excluding Calcutta.

The estimated mid-year population of 1940 calculated on the excess of births over deaths recorded since the last census is 53,428,560. As migration figures are not available, they have not been taken into consideration in arriving at the estimated population. The estimated mid-year population since 1931 and the percentage of increase of population over that of the previous year are given below.

Years.			Estimated mid-year population.	Percentage of increase over that of the previous year.
1931		 	50,046,202	
1932		 	50,243,355	0.4
1933		 	50,602,842	0.7
1934		 	50,837,178	0.5
1935		 	51,231,433	0.8
1936		 	51,674,916	0.9
1937		 	52,195,805	1.0
1938		 	52,583,541	0.7
1939		 	52,798,320	0.4
1940	17.00	 	53,428,560	1.2

The estimated mid-year population of 1940 shows an increase of 7-1 per cent. over that of census of 1931. How far the estimate based on the registration of births and deaths corresponds to facts will be revealed when the census figures for 1941 are published, if the enumeration at the census may be relied upon.

The vital statistical rates given in this report are calculated on the census population of 1931 unless otherwise stated. The necessity for calculating these rates on the estimated population has now been accepted and the rates based on the estimated population will be furnished in future reports.

4. Registration of births and deaths.—Registration of births and deaths is compulsory in all the district board and municipal areas, as the provisions of the Bengal Births and Deaths Registration Act, 1873, have been extended to all municipal towns in 1897 and to the district board areas in 1926. The agency employed to report vital occurrences is ordinarily the village chaukidar. The registering authorities in rural areas are the Presidents of union boards and the Panchayats in the union boards and the Panchayat areas respectively and the station-masters in railway areas. In other areas the thana officers are the registrars. In municipal towns registration is a function of the municipal authorities.

The following statement shows the number of unregistered births and deaths detected by the health staff during the year under report as compared with the previous year:—

	Districts.			Number of ed births		Number of used deaths de	
				1939.	1940.	1939.	1940.
Burdwan	- la	an real Lagra	1011	196	192	192	106
Birbhum				53	60	42	53
Bankura		T Williams		90	99	27	9
Midnapur				369	221	38	. 18
Hooghly		and the same		27	84	10	26
Howrah		£ 101.074	1.	147	170	37	83
24-Parganas				230	364	37	56
Nadia				147	275	47	96
Murshidabad		13.00		137	120	36	59
Jessore		orad basely		347	333	153	195
Khulna				541	882	200	226
Rajshahi		To the second of the		592	320	239	82
Dinajpur		and the same of		748	565	411	301
Jalpaiguri.		and the same		61	80	38	32
Darjeeling							
Rangpur				169	100	91	35
Bogra		30,011,012		147	73	46	42
Pabna		-7.26 -12 E OC V		186	202	122	89
Malda		1		434	364	240	182
Dacca		THE STATE OF		679	977	205	255
Mymensingh	5.0	871,288,96		466	430	354	216
Faridpur	1.2			758	564	352	261
Bakarganj		440.004.13		245	622	109	275
Chittagong				144	145	47	17
Noakhali		101101,10		159	127	44	62
Tippera	100	in Newson		1,008	1,102	492	403
		Total		8,080	8,471	3,609	3,179

The number of unregistered births and deaths form only 0.5 and 0.3 per cent. of the total number of recorded births and deaths, respectively. Taking the estimate of the Public Health Commissioner with the Government of India that about 20 to 25 per cent. of births in this country escape registration, the detection work of the health staff is poor. A large number of unregistered births and deaths must still have been left undetected, as otherwise the incredibly low birth and death rates in some of the towns and rural areas are inexplicable. It is hoped that the health staff would pay more attention to this part of their duties and bring on record all the unregistered births and deaths.

On the whole 595 defaulters under the Bengal Births and Deaths Registration Act were prosecuted during the year under report, of whom 426 were convicted, 105 acquitted or otherwise disposed of and 64 were pending trial. There were 452 prosecutions in rural areas, of which 351 ended in conviction, 52 were acquitted, while there were 133 cases in municipalities of which 65 were convicted and 53 were acquitted. In Asansol Mining Settlement all the ten prosecutions ended in conviction. No prosecution was launched in the 14 rural districts of Burdwan, Birbhum, Bankura, Midnapur, Howrah, Murshidabad, Jessore, Khulna, Dinajpur, Darjeeling, Bogra, Pabna, Malda and Noakhali and in 110 municipal towns, although many unregistered cases were detected in most of these areas. It shows that the provisions of the Bengal Births and Deaths Registration Act were not rigidly enforced in all these districts and municipal areas. A few prosecutions of defaulters will have a salutary effect on the registration in this province.

Most of the people are ignorant of the statutory obligation to report the vital events to the registrars and this is one of the reasons why a large number of births and deaths are not registered. The provisions of the Bengal Births and Deaths Registration Act should be made known to the masses by means of incessant propaganda. This will go a long way in improving the registration of births and deaths.

In order to ensure that all the vital events are registered in this province some amendments to the Bengal Births and Deaths Registration Act have been submitted to Government. One important amendment is that, in addition to the persons mentioned in sections 7 and 8 of the Act, the dais, the Health Visitors and the medical practitioners are also made to report births and deaths that have been attended upon by them. The proposals are now under the consideration of the Government.

5. Compilation of vital statistics.—The vital statistics of the districts are compiled in the respective offices of the District Health Officers. The registrars of births and deaths send monthly returns of the recorded births and deaths to the Subdivisional Officers who compile the vital statistics according to thanas. The thana figures are submitted to the District Health Officer. The municipalities also send monthly returns of births and deaths to the concerned District Health Officer who consolidates the vital statistics of the whole district. The District Health Officer, in turn sends a monthly birth and death return to the Public Health Department where the vital statistics for the province as a whole are compiled.

This system of compilation of vital statistics caused much delay in the consolidation of figures for the province and was discussed at the Divisional Commissioners' Conference in 1931. In pursuance of the decision reached at the conference a new system was proposed to be tried as an experimental measure. In accordance with this scheme, the registrars should submit the monthly returns of births and deaths to the Sanitary Inspectors who should compile the figures for the thana and forward a monthly statement of births and deaths in respect of the thana to the District Health Officer direct. This was first tried in the district of Birbhum in 1931 and in subsequent years in the districts of Pabna, Bankura, Nadia, Tippera, Mymensingh, Midnapore, Dacca, Noakhali, Chittagong, Hooghly, Faridpur and Bakarganj. It is however found that both in the districts where the new system is worked

and in others the delay in the receipt of district returns in the Public Health Department is on an average nearly three months after the due date. Instances where the returns were received nearly six months after the due date were not uncommon. For instance, the returns of Murshidabad district for January, February and April 1940, those of Noakhali for January and February 1940 were received about six months after the due date. The late receipt of the returns entails delay in the preparation of the annual Public Health report which is based on the figures given in the monthly returns.

The question of expediting the submission of the monthly birth and death returns from one stage to another in the chain of the system of compilation of vital statistics is being examined. It is hoped that in the areas where the reorganisation of rural public health scheme will be introduced, the monthly returns will be submitted according to the programme prescribed by Government. When this scheme is finally adopted throughout the province, a proposal for the centralisation of the work of compilation of vital statistics in this department will be evolved.

The following statement shows the births and deaths registration within railway areas in each district of the province. In some districts, particulars of the births and deaths are reported to be not available, while separate causes of deaths are not furnished in some other districts. This shows that registration of vital events in railway areas is not properly attended to by the authorities concerned.

Births and deaths within railway limit during the year 1940.

				0 0				De	aths.			THE PARTY NAMED IN	7375
Die	strict.		Births.	Still-births.	Cholera,	Small-pox.	Fevers.	Dysentery.	Diarrhoea,	Respiratory diseases.	Injuries,	Other causes.	All causes.
	1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Burdwan Birbhum Bankura	::	::-	::	Not g	ven.	received			The same				
lidnapore			1,073		Specif	ed caus	es not g	iven.					50
looghly lowrah			16								2 4	2	
4-Pargana		::	Not a	vailable									
adia			29	1	Cause	s not gi	ven.						- 3
urshidaba	d		*:-									*:-	*:
hulna			17		No es	uses sho			**			11	133
ajshahi		::	7	-::	No ca	uses sile	6				3		i 2
inajpur			6		No ca	uses sho							113
alpaiguri			25	22 .		1	25	. 4		1	3		2
arjeeling			iò2		availabl		47	1	To The	31	3	1	8
angpur		-::					1000		**	2000	1 1 1 N N N		1000
ogra abna	::		34	111		::	9	::	::	5	::		i
alda				Not	availabl	le.	101111				1000		
acca			33		Cause	s not re	ported.		3 300			STREET	1
ymensing aridpur	200			Not	availabl	applied	Co. T	21-345	200	3 3 3	14/5	143 77	
akarganj				Not	l		11.00			10.00	12.	9.00	
hittagong		1000	49	1	12		8	6		2	4	iı	3
oakhali	415	2 300		Not s	applied.	100	Liver a	and the	1991	4 1 2	19 5	THE PER	1108
ippera			15		No ca	uses giv	en.	F. 190 000	7 4	16.000	TO THE		1

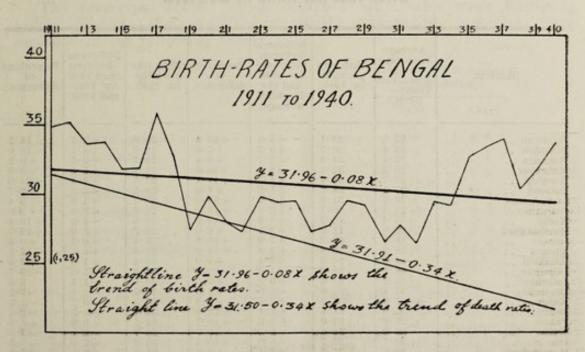
BIRTH AND BIRTH RATES.

Live-births.

6. Births in the Province.—During the year under report, 1,681,846 births (872,491 boys and 809,355 girls) were recorded giving a crude birth rate of 33.7 per mille as against 32.0 per mille in the previous year and the quinquennial average of 32.6 per mille. The birth rate based on the estimated mid-year population is 31.5 per mille as compared with 30.3 per mille in 1939. Compared with the previous year, the crude birth rate has increased by 5.3 per cent. The birth rates during the previous decennium are given below:—

Year.		1	Crude birth rate.		Year.	b	Crude irth rate.
1931			27 .8		1936	 	33 .5
1932			26 .6		1937	 88.97	34 .2
1933			29 .5		1938	 - 08.72	30 .5
1934			29 .3	- 2.3	1939	 - 12-10	32.0
1935			32 .7		1940	 	33 -7

It will be seen from the above that the birth rates show a tendency to increase during the decade. In order to study the trend of the birth rate in the province during the past 30 years a straight line has been fitted by the method of least squares to the crude birth rates recorded during the past thirty years from 1911. The equation of the straight line shows that the birth rate tends to decrease by 0.08 per mille.



The number of male births per every 100 female births in 1940 was 108 as compared with 107 in the previous year. The predominance of male births is a feature common to all the provinces of this country, though the ratio varies from province to province.

7. Births in districts.—The total number of births registered in each district and the birth rates are given in Statement I, Appendix I. The highest birth rate of 42·3 per mille was recorded in the district of Nadia, followed by Murshidabad with 41·9 per mille. The districts of Malda, Calcutta, Dinajpur and Howrah returned low birth rates of 24·6, 26·1, 26·4 and 28·3 per mille respectively. Malda district has been recording low birth rates during the past three years. The birth rates in Calcutta have been very low during the past decade. This is mainly due to defective registration.

The following statement shows the distribution of the birth rate among the various districts of the Province during the year under report:—

Birth rates per mille.					Numbe distric	
Over 40					2	
35-40			18 14		. 9	
30-35					12	
25-30			7- 04		3	
20-25			8- 9:		. 1	
	-	Total	7-11		27	3841

The recorded birth rates during 1940 as compared with 1939 and the decennial average and their differences from last year's figures and the average are set forth in the following table.

Birth rate per mille in districts.

		-	-		-	-	
Districts.	Average birth rate for the decennium (1930— 1939).	Birth rate per mille for 1940.	Difference between birth rate for 1940 and the decennial average.	Percentage of difference.	Birth rate per mille for 1939.	Difference between birth rate for 1940 and 1939.	Percentage of difference.
Burdwan	36 · 4 32 · 1 29 · 3 28 · 7 27 · 1	33 ·1 36 ·7 34 ·8 32 ·4 33 ·6 28 ·3	+5·6 +0·3 +2·7 +3·1 +4·9 +1·2	+20 ·4 +0 ·8 +8 ·4 +10 ·6 +17 ·1 +4 ·4	29 ·0 32 ·6 34 ·7 32 ·1 27 ·1 28 ·5	+4·1 +4·1 +0·1 +0·3 +6·5 -0·2	+14·1 +12·6 +0·3 +0·9 +24·0 -0·7
24-Parganas Calcutta Nadia Murshidabad Jessore Khulna Rajshahi	23·3 35·4 38·8 26·4 26·8 34·6	31 · 3 26 · 1 42 · 3 41 · 9 31 · 3 30 · 6 38 · 0	+5·0 +2·8 +6·9 +3·1 +4·9 +3·8 +3·4	+19·0 +12·0 +19·5 +8·0 +18·6 +14·2 +9·9	29 · 7 25 · 6 38 · 3 35 · 9 31 · 1 27 · 5 36 · 4	+1.6 +0.5 +4.0 +6.0 +0.2 +3.1 +1.6	+5·4 +2·0 +10·4 +16·7 +0·6 +11·3 +4·4
Dinajpur	35·3 37·4 31·5 25·5 29·8 29·9	26 · 4 35 · 4 35 · 9 34 · 0 31 · 6 33 · 0 24 · 6	-11·8 +0·1 -1·5 +2·5 +6·1 +3·2 -5·3	-30 ·9 +0 ·3 -4 ·0 +7 ·9 +23 ·9 +10 ·7 -17 ·7	31 · 9 36 · 8 38 · 7 34 · 7 32 · 1 32 · 1 26 · 7	-5·5 -1·4 -2·8 -0·7 -0·5 +0·9 -2·1	-29·7 -3·8 -7·2 -2·0 -1·6 +2·8 -7·9
Dacca Mymensingh Faridpur Bakarganj Chiftagong Noakhali Tippera	29 · 2 32 · 9 26 · 7 28 · 9 33 · 5	35 · 7 31 · 6 37 · 0 35 · 0 32 · 5 36 · 6 37 · 8	+5·0 +2·4 +4·1 +8·3 +3·6 +3·1 +6·8	+16·3 +8·2 +12·5 +13·1 +12·5 +9·3 +21·9	33 · 2 31 · 5 34 · 0 28 · 4 32 · 1 31 · 8 34 · 7	+2·5 +0·1 +3·0 +6·6 +0·4 +4·8 +3·1	+7·5 +0·3 +8·8 +23·2 +1·2 +1·5·1 +8·9

Compared with the previous year the birth rates have increased in twenty and decreased in seven districts. The decrease is noticed in all the districts of Rajshahi Division except Rajshahi and Pabna districts and in the district of Howrah where it was insignificant. The fall in birth rate was greatest in the district of Dinajpur. When compared to the average birth rate during the decennium ending 1939, the birth rates have increased in all the districts except Dinajpur, Malda and Darjeeling.

8. Births in municipal towns (\$\bar{u}rban\$ areas).—The recorded births in all the municipal towns of the province numbered 88,161 (46,852 males and 41,309 females), giving a crude birth rate of 25·1 per mille in 1940 as against 23·8 per mille in 1939. The birth rate has therefore increased by 5·5 per cent. as compared with the previous year. The distribution of birth rates in the towns during the year under report is as follows:—

Birth rates per	mille.	* *	.00	Nu	umber of to
Over 40					3
35 to 40					7
30 to 35					12
25 to 30					25
20 to 25			DUT		25
15 to 20					21
10 to 15	00 44140		balda tat i	In less to	19
Below 10			oldo or	il brott	7
			Total	bdl .d	119

The municipal towns which returned high rates were Raniganj (43.7), Ghatal (42.8) and Dacca (40.91). Incredibly low rates were recorded in the following towns:—

				Birth rate p	
				1939.	1940.
Kotchandpur		7-01		12 ·8	9.6
Barrackpur.				9 - 3	9 -1
Suri				7 .3	7 -9
Dum Dum		0.22		9 . 2	6.9
Gouripur				4.6	6.0
Dinajpur		detail and	Personale.	6.9	5.9
Jaynagar Majilpur	B.	()	enwill	3 .4	4.3

The low rates in these and other towns which recorded birth rates between 10 to 15 are obviously due to defective registration. In almost every annual report since 1920 the defective registration of vital occurrences in most of the towns has been repeatedly pointed out, but no definite improvement seems to have been achieved in this direction by the municipal authorities. For example, Dinajpur and Barrackpur have almost been recording low rates during the past twenty years. The fact that registration is defective though the Bengal Births and Deaths

Registration Act has been in force in all the municipalities during the past 40 years and over, bespeaks of the indifference of the authorities concerned to this aspect of the public health activities. It is hoped that in future more attention will be paid to registration of vital events.

9. Births in rural areas.—In the districts exclusive of municipal towns the total number of births recorded during the year was 1,593,685 (825,639 males and 768,046 females) representing a crude birth rate of 34.42 per mille as compared with 32.6 per mille in 1939 and 31.1 in 1938. The rural birth rate was higher than the urban rate, as was the case in the previous years. The following statement shows the distribution of birth rates according to the circles of registration:—

Birtl	n rate per	mille.			er of circ	
Or	ver 50			 	15	
40	to 50			 	114	
30	to 40			 	335	
20	to 30			 	103	
10	to 20			 	27	
			Total	 	594	

10. Births according to chief communities.—The number of births and birth rates according to chief communities registered in 1940 as compared with the previous year are given in the following statement:—

Community	Number of births recorded in 1939.	Number of births recorded in 1940.	Birth rate per mille of population in 1939.	Birth rate per mille of population in 1940.	Difference in birth rates.	Difference as percentage.
Christians	 4,398	4,622	24 -5	25 · 7	+1.2	+4.9
Hindus	 656,176	685,229	30 -5	31 ·8	+1.3	+4.3
Mussalmans	 893,484	949,113	32 -5	34 .5	+2.0	+6.2
Buddhists	 3,332	3,736	20 -7	23 ·3	+2.6	+12.6
Other Classes	 40,261	39,146	74 -8	72 ·8	-2.0	-2.7
Total	 1,597,651	1,681,846	32 .0	33 -7	+1.7	+5.3

Excluding the "other classes" the highest birth rate was returned by the Muslims and the lowest by the Buddhists. As compared with the previous year the birth rates have increased in all the principal communities. The "other classes" have registered an abnormally high rate of 72.8 per mille in 1940 as against 74.8 in 1939. This is partly due to the smallness of population in this group and partly to the wrong classification of the births in this group. In Chittagong district, for example, 978 births are classed in this group, whereas the total female population in this group as per census of 1931 is only 602.

11. Seasonal incidence of births.—The table given below shows the number of recorded births during each month of the year under

report and the difference in the monthly birth rates as compared with the previous year. As in the previous years, the highest incidence of births occurred in the fourth quarter of the year. In fact, that there is a tendency for more number of births to occur in certain part of the year, perhaps suggests that there is a mating season for human beings as well. It is however not possible to examine this question in view of the absence of information regarding abortions which have to be taken into account as it is estimated that they form a fair proportion of total births.

Compared with the previous year there has been a fall in the birth rate during October, November and December and increase in the other months.

Monthly Births.

Months	births, popula		Birth rate pe populat		Difference in rate as		
		1939.	1940.	1939.	1940.	percentage.	
January		143,473	166,416	34 -44	39 -96	+16.0	
February		136,280	151,586	32 .76	36 -36	+11.2	
March		150,853	159,262	36 -24	38 - 28	+ 5.6	
April		124,503	138,502	29 -88	33 -24	+11.2	
May		106,929	113,329	25 -68	27 -24	+ 6.0	
June		88,148	98,798	21 -24	23 .76	+12.1	
July		79,021	97,949	18 -96	23 - 52	+23.9	
August		97,429	104,153	23 -40	25 .08	+ 6.9	
September		123,180	128,431	29 -64	30 -84	+ 4.3	
October	94	163,820	157,068	39 -36	37 -80	- 4.1	
November		194,297	184,512	46 -68	44 -40	- 5.0	
December	20	189,718	181,840	45 -60	43 -63	- 4.1	
Total		1,597,651	1,681,846	32.02	33 .70	+ 5.3	

12. **Still-births.**—The recorded number of still-births in the province was 69,844 in 1940 giving a rate of 41:5 per 1,000 live-births against 64,943 in 1939 with a rate of 40:6. In the urban areas 4,880 still-births were registered during the year under report giving a rate of 55:4 per 1,000 live-births, while there were 64,964 still-births in rural areas, the corresponding rate being 40.8. Compared to the rural area, the rate in urban areas is very much higher.

The following table gives the proportion of still-births per 100 livebirths during the previous five years. There has been an increase in

still-birth rates in sixteen districts and a fall in five districts, while it was stationary in six districts, as compared with the previous year:—

white a ren	mai md 1	of Janes	Proportion of	of still-births	per 100 live	-births.	or some	Increase or decrease in rates of
District.	dale	1935.	1936.	1937.	1938.	1939.	1940.	1940 as compared with 1939.
Burdwan		1.7	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.8	1.7	_
Birbhum		3 - 7	3 .2	3 · 3	3.3	3 -4	3.4	±
Bankura		0.7	0.6	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.8	+
Midnapur		2.6	2.6	2 .7	2 .7	2 .2	2.3	+
Hooghly		1.1	1.0	1.1	1.0	0.8	1.1	+
Howrah		2 · 3	2 · 3	2 -1	2.3	2.0	2.5	+
24-Parganas		1.6	1.5	1.8	1.6	1.0	1.3	+
Calcutta		10 -1	9.5	9.7	10.5	8-4	10 -1	+
Nadia		2.6	2 .7	3.0	3.1	2 · 3	2.6	+
Murshidabad		3.6	3.3	3 .7	3.9	3.6	3.3	The state of
Jessore		5 ·1	3 -2	4.0	4 .2	2.8	3 .2	+
Khulna		5.0	4.8	3 - 7	4 · 3	3 .2	3.5	+
Rajshahi		5 .2	5.1	5 .4	5.2	4 · 3	4.8	+
Dinajpur		6.3	5.6	5 · 3	6 - 2	5.6	5.0	-
Jalpaiguri	1	6.0	5.6	7 -2	6.0	6.3	6.3	±
Darjeeling		5.6	5.8	6.5	5.5	6.1	6 -1	+
Rangpur		7.9	7.8	8.1	8.2	7 .2	7 -6	+
Bogra		5.9	6.4	8.5	7 .9	6.6	7.1	+
Pabna		6 -3	6.0	6.8	6.5	4 .7	5.8	+
Malda		0.8	1.1	1.1	13 -1	0.9	1.6	+
Dacca		3 . 9	4 · 3	4 .5	4 .9	4 .2	4.0	10
Mymensingh		5 - 2	5.6	6.0	6.4	5.4	5.7	+
Faridpur		4 .2	3.9	4.1	4 .9	3.5	3.5	±
Bakarganj	1000	2.0	2 .9	2 .0	2.8	2.0	2 ·1	+
Chittagong		6.7	7 - 2	6.8	6.3	6.0	5.5	-
Noakhali		7.6	6.3	6.2	6.4	6-0	6.0	±
Tippera	00-0	5:7	5.9	5.5	5.8	5 - 7	5.7	±
Total		4 -4	4.4	4 .6	4 - 7	4 · 1	4.2	+

13. Still-births according to chief communities.—The still-birth rates among the chief communities are shown below:—

Community.		Number of live-births recorded in 1940.	Number of still-births recorded in 1940.	Rate per 1,000 live-births.
Christians	1000	4,622	115	24.9
Hindus		685,229	23,586	34 -4
Muslims		949,113	44,769	47.2
Buddhists		3,736	157	42.0
Other classes		39,146	1,217	31 -1

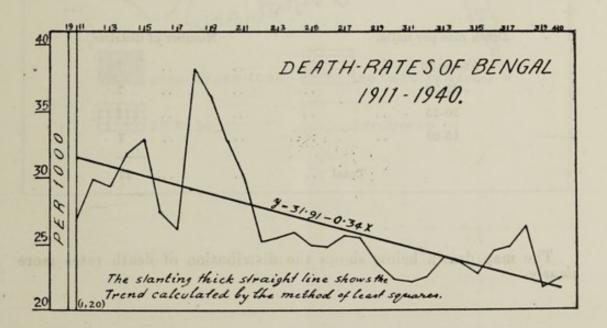
The rate was highest among the Muslims and least among the Christians.

The number of still-births according to the chief communities recorded in each district and its proportion to 100 live-births are given in Statement I(A) of Appendix I.

DEATHS AND DEATH RATES.

14. Deaths in the Province.—The total recorded deaths in the province during 1940 numbered 1,111,082 giving a crude death rate of 22:3 per mille, as compared to 1,090,530 deaths in 1939 with a rate of 21:9 per mille. The mortality rate has therefore registered a very small rise of 1.8 per cent. over that of the last year and a fall of 7.1 per cent. as compared with the quinquennial average. Calculated on the mid-year estimated population, the death rate was 20.8 per mille in 1940 as against 20.6 per mille in 1939 which is practically the same as in the previous year.

A straight line giving the trend of the general death rate during the past thirty years from 1911 has been fitted by the method of least squares to the recorded death rates. The equation to the line shows that the rate tends to decrease by 0.34 per mille during each year. The graph of the straight line fitted up is given below:—



During the year under report, there were 576,999 male and 534,083 female deaths, giving a ratio of 108 male to every 100 female deaths.

The following statement shows the comparative death rates from the principal causes during 1939 and 1940.

0

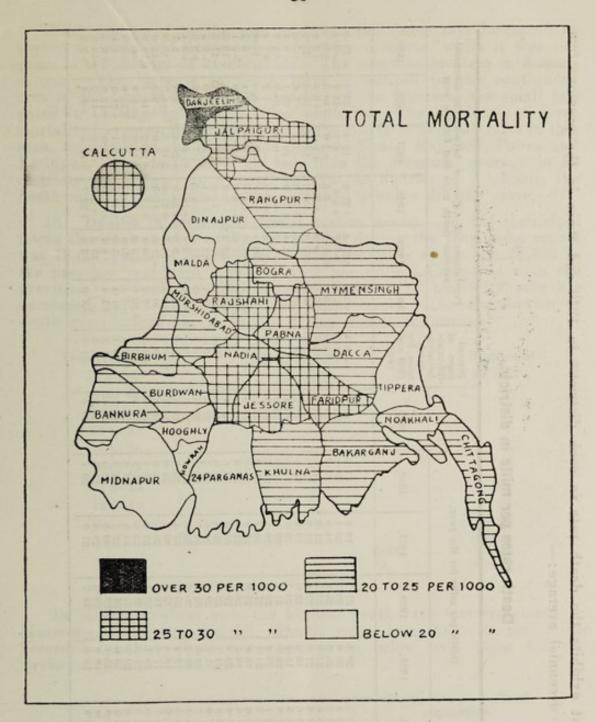
Death rate per mille of population.

Year.	300	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Fevers.	Dysen- tery and diarrhoea.	Respira- tory diseases.	Injuries.	All other cases.	Total.
1940		0.4	0.1	14 ·4	0.9	1 .7	0.4	4 · 3	22 -3
1939		0.7	0.1	13 ·8	1.1	1.8	0.4	4 -0	21 -9
Percentage difference	of 	-42.9	±0	+4.3	-18-2	-5.6	±0	+7.5	+1.8

15. Deaths in districts.—Statement II of Appendix I gives the number of recorded deaths and the crude death rate in each district during the year under report. High mortality rates were returned from the districts of Darjeeling (31:3), Nadia (29:1), Jalpaiguri (27:9), Calcutta and Rajshahi (27:6 each). The former two districts have been registering high rates during the previous four years also. The large mortality from fevers has been mainly responsible for such high rates in Darjeeling, Nadia, Jalpaiguri and Rajshahi districts, while in Calcutta deaths from respiratory diseases contributed to the high death rate. Malda, 24-Parganas and Howrah districts reported very low death rates of 15.7, 16.5, and 16.6 per mille respectively, the district of Malda registering low death rate during the last three years. The following statement shows the distribution of death rates among the districts:—

Death rate per m	nille.		N	umber of	districts.
Above 30	TH-P.OT	0.30			1
25-30	1101				7
20-25			/		12
15-20			/		7
	Total		1:	1:-	27

The map drawn below shows the distribution of death rates more clearly.



The following statement exhibits the death rate in each district in 1940 and those in the previous five years as compared with the decennial average:-

Death rates per mille in districts.

Districts	Average death rates for		Death pe	-	mille for the year.	376	4	Percent- tages of difference between	Percentages average	10-10-20	of difference death rates a		between the decennial nd for the year.	nnfal
Nontrolle.	previous ten years.	1940.	1939.	1938.	1937.	1936.	1935.	death rates for 1939 and 1940.	1940.	1939.	1938.	1937.	1936.	1935.
Burdwan Birbhum Bankura Midnapur Hooghly Howrah 24-Parganas Calcutta Nurshidabad Jessore Khuhna Rajshahi Darjeeling Rangpur Bogra Pabna Mymensingh Faridpur Bakerganj Chittagong Noakhali Tippera	88828578888458888888888888888 & & & & & & & & & & & &	22222222222222222222222222222222222222	8888111000884881848888110181888 688888888888419141888814818488	28882888888888888888888888888888 	**************************************	72288828888888888888888888888888888888	92223332222222222222222 0000000000000000	11111111111111111111111111111111111111	+1 18 1 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 8 1 + 1 18 1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	++++1 ++1 1 +++ 1 1 +++ 1 1	++ +++++++ +++++++++++++++++++++++	1 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	111+1+1+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	1

When compared to the previous year the death rate increased in twelve districts and decreased in fourteen districts, while it was the same in the district of 24-Parganas. The rise was greatest in Jessore district. The increase in death rates is noticed in the contiguous area of the central and eastern districts of the province, the small fall noted in Chittagong district being negligible. The incidence of fever mortality has generally contributed to the rise in total death rates in this area, especially in the districts of Jessore, Nadia, Rajshahi, Pabna and Faridpur. The death rates are less than the decennial average in 18 districts and greater in 8 districts. In the district of Noakhali, the death rate for the year and the decennial average are the same.

16. Deaths in municipal towns (urban areas).—In the municipal towns the total number of deaths recorded during the year under report was 72,007 giving a death rate of 20.5 per mille as against 74,425 in the previous year with a rate of 21.2 per mille. Compared with the previous year and the quinquennial average, the mortality rate has decreased by 3.3 and 6.8 per cent. respectively. The distribution of death rates among the municipal towns was as follows:—

Dea	th rate per m	ille.			Number of towns.
	Over 40		 		 1
	35 to 40		 		 0
	30 to 35		 		 1
	25 to 30		 		 8
	20 to 25		 		 11
	15 to 20		 		 29
	10 to 15		 "		 36
	Below 10		 	"	 33
				Total	 119
					-

As in the previous year the highest death rate was registered in Kurseong, Darjeeling district. Death rates less than 10 per mille recorded in thirty-three towns are given below with those for the previous year:—

				Death rate p popula	
				1939.	1940.
Barrackpur		or severe to	9294K	4.1	3.8
Kotchandpur	hee.	all public	BWO!	11.6	5.1
Barasat		TOTAL STATE		8.1	5.9
English Bazar		mid.lo p		7.2	6.4
Kanchrapara				7.5	6.5
Pabna		mp. 17		5.8	6.7
Dum-Dum				6.6	7.3
Jaynagar-Majilkar				6.2	7.4

Death	rate	per	mille	of
1000	popu	latio	n.	

			DIRECTOR I	population.		
			TANK IN	1939.	1940.	
Tollyganj		le preside		8.0	7.5	
Suri		and a succession		7.2	7.5	
Halisahar		an east is		5.5	7.5	
Madaripur		madi, real	oth will	8.0	7.5	
Comilla				9.1	7.6	
Kushtia	\	· same	of Marie	6.1	7.8	
Maheshpur		folia.	el med to	1.2	7.8	
Bhola	1	7 7 19 10	19.	6.8	7.9	
Rishra-Konnagar			on teamp	10.3	8.1	
Gouripur		ATE 209	8	3.3	8.2	
Bajitpur			desinga	6.8	8.3	
Baduria				9.4	8.4	
Bogra				9.9	8.4	
Kandi				10.6	8.6	
Champdani				11.3	8.7	
Taki				8.9	8.7	
Ranaghat				9.6	8.8	
Bally				9.5	9.2	
Dainhat				14.0	9.3	
Bansberia				11.1	9.3	
Jiaganj-Azimganj				9.9	9.3	
Pirojpur				10.2	9.3	
Bhadreswar		le bearing in	911.4	11.3	9.7	
North Dum-Dum		Den ref		13 · 4	9.7	
Kharda				10.0	9.8	

It will be seen that all these towns returned low death rates last year also. In the annual report for 1923 Dr. Bentley has remarked as follows: "In most Bengal towns, as with births, so also with deaths, existing records of vital occurrences instead of registering health conditions of these places, merely serve to emphasise the real indifference of those in authority towards public health matters in general." This remark seems to hold good even to-day, though nearly seventeen years have elapsed. This shows that much headway has not been made in the matter of registration of births and deaths. As suggested by the memorandum submitted to the Central Advisory Board of Health, improvement can be effected if municipalities appoint whole-time Birth and Death Registrars who may be specially trained for this purpose, though the ideal thing would be to appoint medical registrars as in Calcutta. It is hoped that the local authorities would take up this matter as early as possible.

17. Deaths in rural areas.—The deaths registered in the rural areas of the province totalled 1,039,075 in 1940 representing a crude death rate of 22.4 per mille as compared to 1,016,105 deaths giving a rate of 21.9 per mille in 1939. The death rate has registered an increase of only 2.3 per cent. over that of the previous year and a fall of 7.4 per cent. as compared with the quinquennial average. The following statement shows the distribution of death rates in the various circles of registration:—

Death rates pe	er mille	э.				of circles of stration.
Over 50				I Lexina	object of	1
40 to 50		00-1				11
30 to 40						71
20 to 30		1.				314
10 to 20						188
Below 10		1	in well to	0 1.000		9
			and start of	Total		594

18. Comparison of death rates in urban and rural areas.—During the year under report the recorded death rates in urban and rural areas were 20.5 and 22.4 per mille respectively. Though the total death rate in rural areas is higher than that in urban areas, the mortality rates from all the principal causes except fever group are less in rural areas, as will be evident from the following table:—

				Death rates	per mille.
Causes.				Urban.	Rural.
Cholera				0.53	0.43
Smllpox				0.68	0.07
Plague	0.0		/		0.00002
Fever	02.0			3.92	15.20
Dysentery and d	liarrhoea	//		2.01	0.83
Respiratory dise	ases			4.84	1.47
Injuries				0.50	0.40
Other causes	50.5			8.02	4.04
All causes				20.51	22.44

The high fever rate in rural areas, nearly four times that in urban areas, is perhaps mainly due to the ravage of malaria. In urban areas, respiratory diseases are responsible for a large proportion of the total number of deaths and should demand the attention of urban authorities.

19. Death rates in Calcutta compared with those in the rural and other urban areas of Bengal.—The general death rate and the mortality

rates from the principal diseases in Calcutta, in all towns except Calcutta and in the rural areas are given below:—

Death rates per mille of population in 1940.

				DITE TO HARD
Causes.		Calcutta.	Towns other than Calcutta.	Rural areas.
Cholera		 0.52	0.54	0.43
Smallpox		 0.96	0.55	0.07
Plague		 		0.00002
Fever		 2.98	4.37	15.20
Dysentery and	diarrhoea	 2.47	1.79	0.83
Respiratory disc		 8.59	3.03	1.47
Injuries		 0.50	0.51	0.40
Other causes		 11.61	6.29	4.04
All causes		 27 · 63	17.08	22.44
		THE REAL PROPERTY.	-	-

The above figures reveal (i) that the death rate from respiratory diseases in Calcutta is very high when compared to all other towns and rural areas; (ii) that the fever rate in Calcutta is very low when compared to rural areas and is also less than that in other towns; (iii) that the death rates from other principal diseases are higher in Calcutta than in rural areas.

The following table shows the details of mortality rates from the various causes constituting the principal groups of diseases recorded during the year under report in the three areas referred to above:—

Death rate per mille of population in 1940.

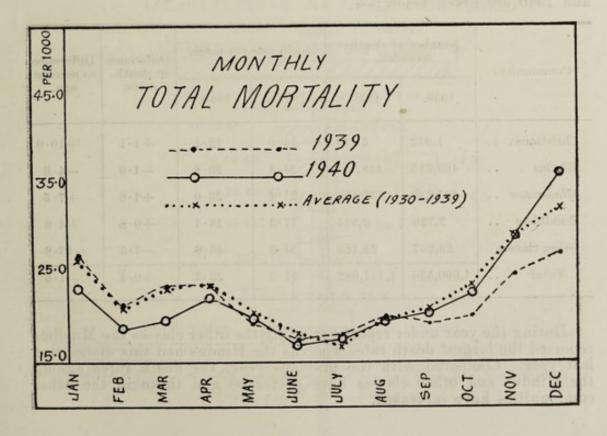
			E (1)				
Causes.			Calcutta.	Towns other than Calcutta.	Rural areas		
Malaria			 0.50	0.59	7.94		
Enteric fever			 0.91	0.38	0.13		
Measles			 0.21	0.10	0.11		
Relapsing fever (Sipro	chaetal)		 		0.00004		
Kala-azar			 0.12	0.18	0.32		
Influenza			 0.29	0.02	0.04		
Cerebrospinal fever	100		 0.25	0.01	0.02		
Typhus fever			 	0.04	0.11		
Blackwater fever			 	0.003	0.004		
Other fevers			 0.69	3.05	6-52		
Dysentery			 1.45	1.08	0-44		
Diarrhoea	6		1.02	0.72	0.38		
Pheumonia			 2.02	1.15	0.86		
Pulmonary tuberculos	ie		 2.65	0.59	0.17		
Whooping cough				0.03	0.04		
Other respiratory dise			 3.92	1.26	0.40		
Beri-beri				0.04	0.02		
Acute-poliomyelitis			 	0.04	0.01		
The last of			 0.06	0.03	0.01		
Diphteria			 0.00				
Chicken-pox			 	0.02	0.01		
Mumps			 	0.001	0.002		
Tuberculosis of joints			 	0.003	0.01		
Other tubercular disea	ases		 0.15	0.08	0.02		
Leprosy			 	0.01	0.03		
Cancer			 0.19	0.07	0.01		
Child birth	0000	7%	 2.33*	10.21*	9.1*		

*Per 1,000 births (live and still).

20. Seasonal Incidence of mortality.—The number of registered deaths and the death rates during each month of 1939 and 1940 and the average rate during the ten years ending 1939 are given in the following statement:—

Month.		Number of records		Death rate p	er month.	Difference in rates as percentage.	Decennial average
		1939.	1940.	1939.	1940.	percentage.	rate.
January	1	112,667	98,449	27 · 12	23 - 64	-12.6	26 - 76
February		88,835	78,460	21.36	18.84	-11.7	21.36
March		98,267	82,702	23 - 64	19.92	-15.8	23 - 04
April		98,947	93,103	23.76	22.32	-5.9	23 - 76
May		80,973	82,276	19.44	19.68	+1.6	20:28
June	1.	71,186	70,473	17.16	16.92	-1.0	17-64
July		73,040	73,316	17.52	17.64	+0.4	16.20
August		82,939	81,202	19.92	19-56	-2.1	19.44
September	1	79,766	83,940	19.20	20.16	+5.2	20-55
October		87,171	94,069	21.00	22-56	+7.9	23 - 6-
November		103,464	121,002	24 · 84	29-04	+16.9	29.0
December		113,275	152,090	27 · 24	36.48	+34.3	32 - 16
Total		1,090,530	1,111,082	21.85	22-26	+1.9	23.3

The monthly death rates are graphically represented below:-



It will be seen that there are two peaks, one occurring in April and the other in December. The peak in December was markedly higher when compared to the other. The lowest number of deaths was recorded in June as in the previous year. Low rates were registered during the months of May, July and August also.

Compared to the previous year, the mortality rates during the first eight months of 1940 except May and July were lower, while those in the last four months registered a marked increase over the rates in the corresponding months of the previous year. As compared with the decennial average rate, the monthly mortality rates recorded in 1940 are all less excepting in the months of July, August and December. The rate for November was however the same as the average.

- 21. Mortality according to sex.—The total death rate among males was 22.3 per mille in 1940 against 22.0 in 1939, while the female death rates were 22.3 and 21.7 per mille in 1940 and 1939 respectively. As compared with the previous year, both the male and female death rates have increased, the former by 1.4 per cent. and the latter by 2.8 per cent. But, as compared with the quinquennial average, the male death rate has decreased by 6.7 per cent. and the female death rate by 7.5 per cent. During the year under report the male and female death rates in the province were the same, viz., 22.3 per mille. In thirteen districts the mortality rates among males were higher than those of females and in thirteen other districts they were less. In the district of Pabna they were equal. The highest death rate of 30.5 per mille among males was recorded in Darjeeling district and that among females 37.8 in Calcutta. The district of Howrah reported the lowest male death rate of 16.1 per mille, while Malda district registered the lowest female death rate of 15.1 per mille during the year under report.
- 22. Mortality according to community.—The number of deaths recorded in the principal communities and the death rates during 1939 and 1940 are given below:—

Community.		of deaths rded.	Death rate	per mille.	Difference in death-	Difference as percent- age.
	1939.	1940.	1939.	1940.	rates.	
Christians	1,972	2,179	11.0	12.1	+1.1	+10.0
Hindus	469,315	448,345	21.8	20.8	-1.0	-4.6
Musalmans	587,256	632,458	21.4	23.0	+1.6	+7.5
Buddhists	2,780	2,911	17.3	18-1	+0.8	+4.6
Other classes	28,207	25,189	54.3	46.8	-7.5	-13.8
Total	1,090,530	1,111,082	21.9	22.3	+0.4	+1.8

During the year under report excluding the other classes the Muslims reported the largest death rate, whereas the Hindus had this distinction last year. Compared with the previous year, the death rates among the Hindus and other classes have decreased and those in the other communities have increased.

23. Mortality according to ages.—The age specific mortality rates during the year under report as compared with the previous year are given in the following table:—

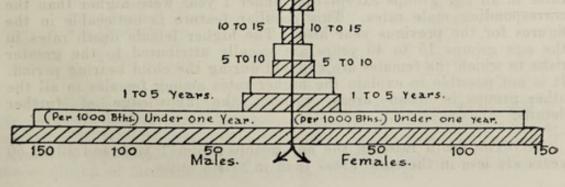
Age p	period.	Alors vo	Mortality rate of popu		Difference in rates.	Percentage of variation.	
pupelikus innikupuq /		1939.	1940.	m rates.	or variation.		
Under 1 year	and as		146 · 6*	159 -3*	+12.7	+8.7	
1 to 5 years			24 .6	29.0	+4.4	+17.9	
5 to 10 years			11.3	11 .7	+0.3	+2.6	
10 to 15 years			6.5	6 -4	-0.1	-1.5	
15 to 20 years			10 .2	9 . 7	-0.5	-4.9	
20 to 30 years			12.5	11 .4	-1.1	-8.8	
30 to 40 years			14 .6	13 .5	-1.1	-7.5	
40 to 50 years			21 -1	19.5	-1.6	-7.6	
50 to 60 years			35 .9	33 -2	-2.7	−7.5	
60 years and ab	ove		88 -3	83 .9	-4.4	-4.9	

^{*}Rate per 1,000 live births.

The infantile mortality rate and the death rates in the age periods 1—5 and 5—10 were higher than the corresponding rates recorded in the previous year, while the mortality rates in the other age groups were less. This is brought out more clearly by the diagrammatic representation of the rates given below:—

Males. Females. 60 and Upwards. 60 and Upwards. 50 TO 60 40 TO 50 30 TO 40 30 TO 40 1939. 20 TO 30 20 TO 30 1940.

DEATH RATE AT EACH AGE PERIOD



As usual, the lowest death rate was recorded in the age group 10 to 15 years, after a steep fall from the death rate among infants. The death rate gradually increased from the age group 15 to 20 onwards. This trend is characteristic of the Indian population as a whole.

The following table presents the mortality rates according to age and sex in the rural and urban areas as well as in the province as a whole. The death rates in the different age groups in rural and urban areas have been calculated on the estimated population, as the age distribution of the population in these areas are not given in the census of 1931. The total papulations in these areas have been distributed in the ratio in which the census population of the province is distributed in the different age periods.

Death rate per 1,000 living at various ages.

	Province.			Urban areas.			Rural areas.		
Age period.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Under 1 year	167 - 63*	150 - 29	159 · 28	177 - 11	158 - 20	168 - 25	167 - 10	149.86	158 - 79
1 to 5 years	29.00	29.03	29.01	17.79	26.06	21.09	30.34	29 - 20	29 · 61
5 to 10 years	11-44	12.07	11.73	7.55	10.31	8.56	11.80	12.17	11.97
10 to 15 years	6 - 67	6.00	6.35	5.63	8-47	6-67	6.77	5.85	6.32
15 to 20 years	8.21	11.03	9.70	8.90	12.23	10.29	8-14	10.96	9.65
20 to 30 years	9.23	13.55	11.38	13 · 25	18.39	15.26	8.85	13 - 27	11.09
30 to 40 years	12.86	14.26	13-48	13 · 20	18-17	14.90	12.83	14.04	13 - 37
40 to 50 years	20.52	18-16	19-49	18.58	22.51	19.89	20.70	17-91	19.46
50 to 60 years	35 · 51	30.46	33 · 18	30-43	35.05	32.07	36.00	30 · 20	33 - 27
60 years and above	86-47	81.07	83 - 89	66-19	93-92	76-49	88 - 35	80.33	84 - 45

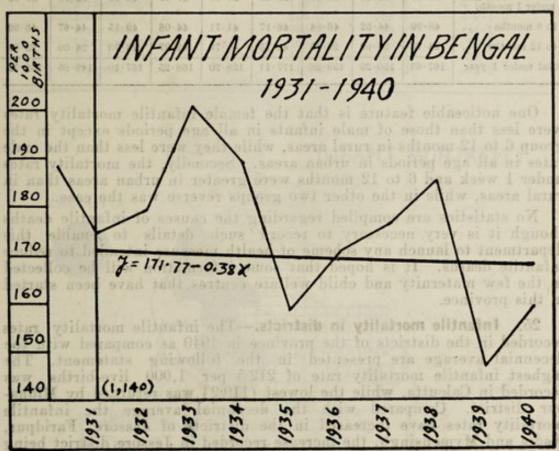
^{*}The rates given in this row are based on 1,000 live births.

The figures in the above table reveal the following outstanding features: (i) Both in rural areas and in the province as a whole, the female mortality rates in the age groups 5 to 10 years and 15 to 40 years were higher than the male death rates. The female mortality in the age group 1 to 5 years in the province was practically the same as the male death rate. In urban areas, however, the female mortality rates in all age groups except that under 1 year were higher than the corresponding male rates. This peculiar feature is noticeable in the figures for the previous year also. The higher female death rates in the age groups 15 to 40 years are usually attributed to the greater risks to which the females are exposed during the child bearing period. It is not possible to explain the higher rates among females in all the other groups in urban areas without the knowledge of further details.

⁽ii) The death rates in the age groups under 1 year and 10 to 50 years are less in the rural areas than in urban areas.

Infantile Mortality.

24. Infantile deaths in the Province.—Total deaths under one year in this province numbered 267,894 during 1940 giving an infantile mortality rate of 159.3 per mille of live-births as against 146.6 in the previous year. Though the rate shows an increase over that of the last year, a downward tendency is observed in the infantile mortality rates during the past ten years, as will be seen from the graph showing the straight line fitted to the rates by the method of least squares.



The infantile deaths claim 24.1 per cent. of the total mortality in the province during the year under report as compared with 21.5 per cent. in the previous year. The number and the percentage of deaths among infants at different age periods under one year are as follows:—

Age period.	Infantile deaths.	
	Number.	Percentage to total infant deaths.
Under 1 month 1 to 6 months 6 to 12 months	147,316 78,780 41,798	55·0 29·4 15·6
Total	267,894	100.0

The figures given in the above table show that more than half of the infantile deaths occur within one month of life. The neo-natal mortality is largely governed by prenatal causes and the large toll claimed by neo-natal deaths shows the imperative necessity to improve the condition of mothers during the prenatal period. The death rates among infants at different age periods under one year according to sex and rural and urban areas are shown below:—

an infantile	gniving	Province.			Urban areas.			Rural areas.		
Age period.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Ttoal.	
Under 1 week	54-35	47.37	50.99	59.08	48-68	54.21	54.08	47-30	50-81	
Over 1 week and under 1 month.	39-56	33-41	36-60	29 · 11	26.07	27 - 69	40.16	33 · 80	37 - 09	
1 to 6 months	48-99	44.52	46-84	46-17	41.71	44.08	49-15	44-67	46-99	
6 to 12 months	24 - 73	24.99	24.85	42.75	41.73	42.27	23.70	24.09	23 - 89	
Total under 1 year	167 - 63	150-29	159-28	177 - 11	158 - 20	168 - 25	167 - 10	149 - 85	158 - 79	

One noticeable feature is that the female infantile mortality rates were less than those of male infants in all age periods except in the group 6 to 12 months in rural areas, while they were less than the male rates in all age periods in urban areas. Secondly, the mortality rates under 1 week and 6 to 12 months were greater in urban areas than in rural areas, while in the other two groups reverse was the case.

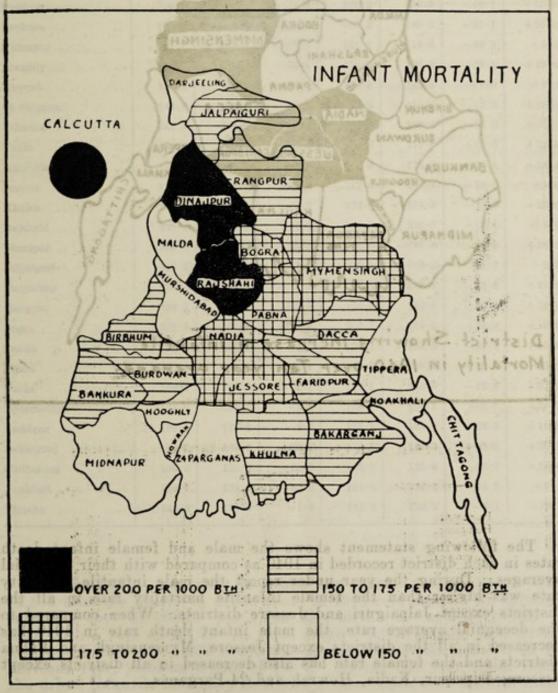
No statistics are compiled regarding the causes of infantile deaths though it is very necessary to record such details to enable this department to launch any scheme of health measure intended to reduce infantile deaths. It is hoped that some information will be collected in the few maternity and child welfare centres that have been started in this province.

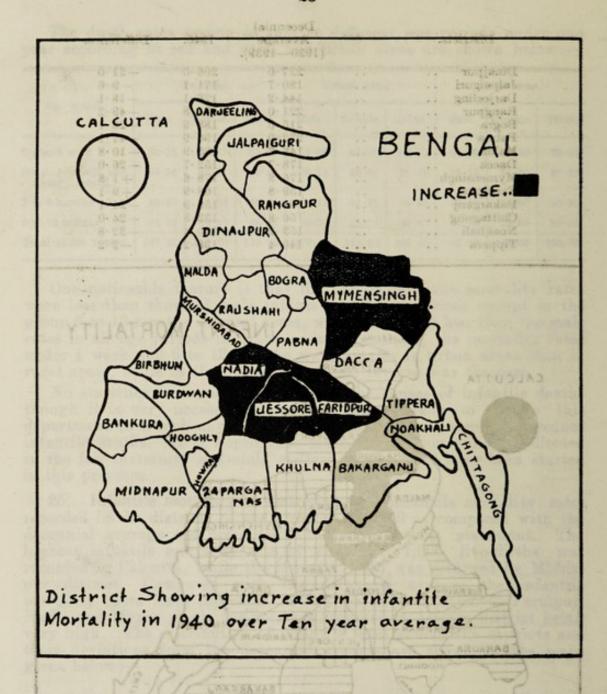
25. Infantile mortality in districts.—The infantile mortality rates recorded in the districts of the province in 1940 as compared with the decennial average are presented in the following statement. The highest infantile mortality rate of 212.5 per 1,000 live-births was recorded in Calcutta, while the lowest (119.2) was returned by Midnapur district. Compared with the decennial average the infantile mortality rates have increased in the districts of Jessore, Faridpur, Nadia and Mymensingh, the increase recorded in Jessore district being very high. The distribution of infantile rates among the districts and their deviations from the decennial average are shown in the maps given below:—

Infant death rate per mille of live-births in districts.

Districts.	Decennial Average	1940.	Difference.
infant deaths.	(1930—1939)		
Burdwan	181 .9	159 -3	-22.6
Birbhum	200 -0	161 -6	-38-4
Bankura	170 -6	153 -1	-17.5
Midnapur	154 -2	119 -2	-35.0
Hooghly	167.4	134 -1	-33.3
Howrah	155.4	147 -4	-8.0
24-Parganas	130 -3	125 -9	-4.4
Calcutta	225 ·8	212 -5	-13.3
Nadia	172 -7	178 -2	+5.5
Murshidabad	162.9	135 -2	-27.7
Jessore	137 -3	187 -5	+50.2
Khulna	182 · 2	168 - 7	-13.5
Rajshahi	223 ·8	209 -0	-14.8
The state of the s	Market Commission Co. Land St. Co. Co. Co. Co. Co. Co. Co. Co. Co. Co		THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE

Districts.	11 11 11	Decennial Average (1930—1939).	1940.	Difference.
Dinajpur		227 ·0 180 ·7	206 ·0 171 ·1	-21·0 -9·6
Jalpaiguri Darjeeling		144 · 2 221 · 0	126 -1	-18·1 -49·2
Rangpur Bogra Pabna	20	215 · 0 232 · 0	188 -9	-41·1
Malda Dacca	BE.	146 · 7 178 · 7	135 ·9 152 ·7	-10·8 -26·0
Mymensingh Faridpur		176 · 8 159 · 8	178 · 6 168 · 9	+1.8
Bakarganj Chittagong	W	184 -0	159 · 9 132 · 8	$ \begin{array}{r} -24 \cdot 1 \\ -24 \cdot 0 \end{array} $
Noakhali Tippera		153 · 2 140 · 4	120 ·4 138 ·2	$ \begin{array}{r} -32 \cdot 8 \\ -2 \cdot 2 \end{array} $
	ACCORDING TO SECOND		()	





The following statement shows the male and female infant death rates in each district recorded in 1940 as compared with their decennial averages. During the year under report the male infantile mortality rate was higher than the female infantile mortality rate in all the districts except Jalpaiguri and Jessore districts. When compared to the decennial average rate, the male infant death rate in 1940 has decreased in all the districts except Jessore, Mymensingh and Pabna districts and the female rate has also decreased in all districts except Jessore, Faridpur, Nadia, Howrah and 24-Parganas.

Infant mortality rate per 1,000 live-births according to sex.

This along	Male	death rates	alidica	Fema	Increase		
Districts.	Average of previous 10 years.	1940.	Increase + or decrease 	Average of previous 10 years.	1940.	Increase + or decrease 	+, or decrease -, of male compared with female rates, 1940.
Burdwan	187 - 1	166-5	-20.6	176-2	151 - 7	-24.5	+14-8
Birbhum	204 - 1	173-1	-31.0	195 - 6	149-5	-46-1	+23-6
Bankura	177 - 2	165 - 4	-11.8	167-3	140.2	-27.1	+25.2
Midnapur	157-1	123 - 4	-33.7	151-1	114.8	-36.3	+8.6
Hooghly	174.9	140.5	-34-4	159.3	126.9	-32.4	+13-6
Howrah	175-4	150 - 7	-24.7	136-8	143.8	+7.0	+6.8
24-Parganas	148-9	134-5	-14:4	113.2	116:4	+3:2	+18-1
Calcutta	248-4	231.0	-17-4	203.9	190-9	-13.0	+40-
Nadia	190-2	184 - 3	-5.9	156-8	171 - 8	+15.0	+12-1
Murshidabad	171.0	144.3	-26:7	154.3	125 . 9	-28-4	+18
Jessore	171-9	186.3	+14.4	111-6	188 2	+76.6	lagati
Khulna	189.0	179-3	-9.7	174-8	157 - 3	-17.5	+22-
Rajshahi	228 · 8	212-2	-16.6	218-8	205 · 7	-13.1	+6-
Dinajpur	250 · 3	224 · 2	-26.1	202.5	187 - 6	-14.9	+36
Jalpaiguri	185 - 2	169-8	-15.4	176-1	172-4	-3.7	-2-
Darjeeling	150-1	136-6	-13.5	137 - 9	115-3	-22:6	+21
Rangpur	228 · 2	180-6	-47.6	213 · 3	162 - 5	-50:8	+18
Bogra	223 - 2	197 - 8	-25-4	206 - 2	179-3	-26.9	+18-
Pabna	193-5	197-6	+4-1	276-1	183 - 5	-92.6	+14-
Malda	150-4	141.0	-9:4	142.9	130-4	-12:5	+10-0
Dacca	186-6	163 - 9	-22.7	170-1	140-3	-29.8	+23.0
Mymensingh	184 - 8	190 - 1	+5.3	168-1	166-1	-2.0	+24 ·
Faridpur	181 - 4	178-2	-3.2	136-2	158-7	+22.5	+19-
Bakarganj	192 - 2	169-6	-22.6	175 - 1	149-3	-25.8	+20
Chittagong	160.8	139 · 2	-21.6	152.5	125 · 8	-26.7	+13
Noakhali	174-7	124 - 5	-50.2	134-1	116-1	-18.0	+89
Tippera	148-8	147-3	-1.5	131.3	128-2	-3.1	+19-

^{26.} Infantile mortality in urban and rural areas.—There were 14,833 infantile deaths in urban areas in 1940 representing an infantile mortality rate of 168.25 per 1,000 live-births as against 13,526 in 1939 with a rate of 161.7. In rural areas 253,061 infants died giving a rate of 158.79 per 1,000 live-births as compared with 220,775 in the previous year, yielding a rate of 145.7. During the year under report the urban infantile mortality rate was greater than that in rural areas.

27. Infant mortality according to communities.—Number of deaths of infants according to the chief communities and the mortality rates are shown below:—

Community.	Catron .		.0401	Number of infant deaths.	Infantile mortality rate per 1,000 live-births.
Christians	Jenerali.			690	149 - 29
Hindus	1			103,256	150 -69
Muslims				158,086	166 -49
Other classes	4.55	0 000	4.801	5,862	138 -47
	Total	0-14-0	164.	267,894	159 -28
			ALL CARRY	100000	

The infantile mortality rate was highest among the Muslims.

28. Maternal mortality.—15,758 mothers died as a result of child birth during 1940, giving a maternal mortality rate of 9.0 per 1,000 births (live and still), as against 9.5 in 1939. Of these maternal deaths, 15,079 occurred in rural areas and 679 in urban areas and the respective mortality rates are 9.1 and 7.3 per 1,000 births. The number of deaths from child birth and the mortality rate recorded in the five divisions of Bengal are given in the following statement:—

Divisions.	of	deaths m child birth.	Rates per births (live still	and	Increase or decrease.
LO- NEW YORK		Direit.	1939.	1940.	docroaso.
Burdwan	7.30	2,040	8 . 2	7.0	-
Presidency	e. 606	2,190	6.4	6.2	7
Rajshahi	5 905	5,143	13 -1	14 -2	+
Dacca	22601	4,646	9.7	9.4	_
Chittagong	943.6	1,739	9.1	6.9	-
Total	I dar	15,758	9.5	9.0	

With the present agency employed to register vital events it is not safe to place much reliance on these figures. The detailed causes of maternal deaths are also not available at present. It is very necessary to know these particulars, so that action may be directed on proper lines. It is hoped that the figures compiled by the maternity and child welfare centres will represent more correctly the true state of affairs and will throw much light on the causes responsible for such large number of maternal deaths.

General.

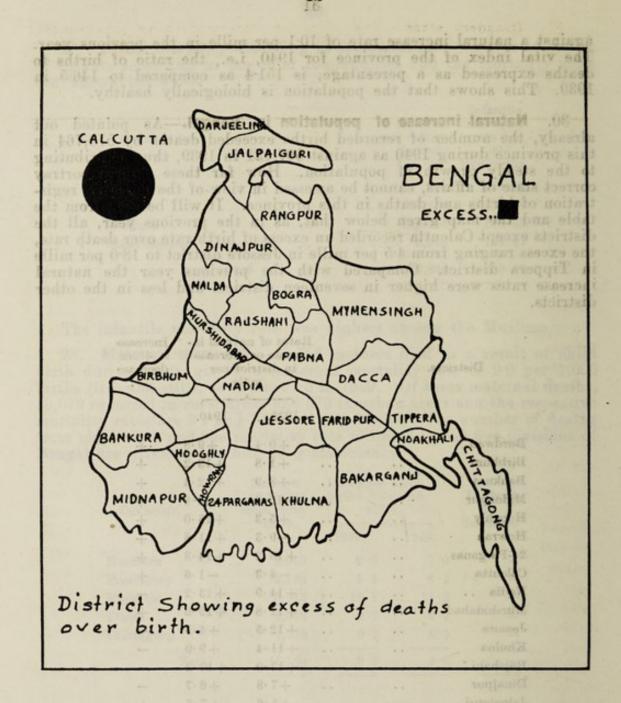
29. Provincial birth and death rates.—The birth and death rates recorded in the province during the year under report were 33.7 and 22.3 per mille yielding a natural increase rate of 11.4 per mille as

against a natural increase rate of 10·1 per mille in the previous year. The vital index of the province for 1940, i.e., the ratio of births to deaths expressed as a percentage, is 151·4 as compared to 146·5 in 1939. This shows that the population is biologically healthy.

30. Natural increase of population in Bengal.—As pointed out already, the number of recorded births exceeded deaths by 570,764 in this province during 1940 as against 507,121 in 1939, thus contributing to the steady growth of population. How far these figures portray correct state of affairs, cannot be assessed in view of the defective registration of births and deaths in this province. It will be seen from the table and the map given below that, as in the previous year, all the districts except Calcutta recorded an excess of birth rate over death rate, the excess ranging from 4.5 per mille in Jessore district to 18.0 per mille in Tippera district. Compared with the previous year the natural increase rates were higher in seventeen districts and less in the other districts.

Districts.	Rates of r crease or in distr	Increase + or decrease 	
ARMATT SUN CO	1939.	1940.	/
Burdwan	+0.4	+9.8	ARRAM
Birbhum	+1.8	+13.2	+
Bankura	+8.9	+12.4	+
Midnapur	+10.3	+13.8	NICHA 60
Hooghly	+5.3	+15.0	+/
Howrah	-9.3	+11.8	1+
24-Parganas	+13.2	+14.8	+
Calcutta	4.3	-1.6	+
Nadia	+14.9	+13.2	BIN
Murshidabad	+11.8	+19.6	+
Jessore	+12.5	+4.5	1410
Khulna	+11.4	+9.0	-
Rajshahi	+13.0	+10.3	-
Dinajpur	+7.8	+6.7	_
Jalpaiguri	+5.6	+7.5	+
Darjeeling	+3.8	+4.7	+
Rangpur	+6.5	+9.5	+
Bogra	+12.9	+11.1	-
Pabna	+13.7	+7.9	-
Malda	+9.1	+8.9	
Dacca	+14.1	+15.7	+
Mymensingh	+10.0	+8.7	-
Faridpur	+13.6	+12.0	-
Bakarganj	+9.4	+12.5	+
Chittagong	+7.0	+7.7	+
Noakhali	+12.9	+14.8	+
Tippera	+15.1	The second second second	+
Province	+10.1	+11.4	+

OVEY



31. Decadent areas.—The following statement shows the decadent areas in each district of the province during 1940 as compared with 1939. In the districts of Nadia, Pabna and Faridpur alone the decadent areas have increased:—

Burdwan	Pall 000,1	dally per births.			adent area re miles.	Percentag	ge of dis-	Improve- ment—or retro-
Burdwan 1,788 1 66·1 Birbhum 597 35·1 Bankura 700 98 26·7 3·7 Midnapur 693 13·2 Hooghly 169 14·2 Howrah 10 10 1·9 1·9 24-Parganas 6 4·6 0·1 0.1 Nadia 8 38 0·3 1·3 Murshidabad 257 6.5 12·3 0·3 Jessore Khulna Rajshahi Dinajpur 6 6.2 0·2 0·2 Jalpaiguri 356 259 12·1 8·8 Darjeeling 331 307 27·3 25·3 Rangpur Pabna 160 8·8 Malda <	JadoT	.edamoù		1939.	1940.	1939.	1940.	gression.
Birbhum 597 35·1 Bankura 700 98 26·7 3·7 Midnapur 693 13·2 Hooghly 169 14·2 Howrah 10 10 1·9 1·9 24·Parganas 6 4·6 0·1 0·1 Nadia 8 38 0·3 1·3 Murshidabad 257 6.5 12·3 0·3 Jessore Khulna Rajshahi Dinajpur 6 6.2 0·2 0·2 Jalpaiguri 356 259 12·1 8·8 Darjeeling 331 307 27·3 25·3 Rangpur 276 7·9 Bogra Pabna 160 8·8 Malda 153 8·7 Dacca <t< th=""><th>160-3</th><th>158-1</th><th>167-6</th><th>5-17+ E-</th><th>23 7 22</th><th>TO THE REAL PROPERTY.</th><th>1000</th><th> legosl</th></t<>	160-3	158-1	167-6	5-17+ E-	23 7 22	TO THE REAL PROPERTY.	1000	legosl
Bankura 700 98 26·7 3·7 Midnapur 693 13·2 Hooghly 169 14·2 Howrah 10 10 1·9 1·9 24-Parganas 6 4·6 0·1 0.1 Nadia 8 38 0·3 1·3 Murshidabad 257 6.5 12·3 0·3 Jessore Khulna Rajshahi Dinajpur 6 6.2 0·2 0·2 Jalpaiguri 356 259 12·1 8·8 Darjeeling 331 307 27·3 25·3 Rangpur 276 7·9 Bogra Pabna 160 8·8 8 Mymensingh 599 461 9·6 7·5 Faridpur 5 285 0·2 <td< td=""><td>Burdwan</td><td>Sal</td><td>0 84</td><td>1,788</td><td>1 1</td><td>66 -1</td><td></td><td>420000</td></td<>	Burdwan	Sal	0 84	1,788	1 1	66 -1		420000
Bankura 700 98 26·7 3·7 Midnapur 693 13·2 Hooghly 169 14·2 Howrah 10 10 1·9 1·9 24-Parganas 6 4·6 0·1 0.1 Nadia 8 38 0·3 1·3 Murshidabad 257 6.5 12·3 0·3 Jessore Khulna Jalpaiguri 6 6.2 0·2 0·2 Jalpaiguri 356 259 12·1 8·8 Darjeeling 331 307 27·3 25·3 Rangpur 7·9 Bogra Mymensingh 599 461 9·6 7·5 Faridpur 599 461 9·6 7·	Birbhum	SOL	A-871	597	2 1-25	35 -1		touchast touch
flooghly 169 13 · 2 flooghly 169 14 · 2 flowrah 10 10 1 · 9 1 · 9 4-Parganas 6 4 · 6 0 · 1 0 · 1 fadia 8 38 0 · 3 1 · 3 furshidabad 257 6 · 5 12 · 3 0 · 3 essore Chulna Laighahi Darjeeling 356 259 12 · 1 8 · 8 Barjeeling 331 307 27 · 3 25 · 3 Bangpur Babna Babna Bacca Bakarganj	ankura	- 112 · ·		700	98	26 -7	3 -7	ilelmo'l—il
Hooghly 169 14 · 2 Howrah 10 10 1 · 9 1 · 9 4 · Parganas 6 4 · 6 0 · 1 0 · 1 Jadia 8 38 0 · 3 1 · 3 furshidabad 257 6 · 5 12 · 3 0 · 3 essore Chulna Lajshahi Dinajpur 6 6 · 2 0 · 2 0 · 2 alpaiguri 356 259 12 · 1 8 · 8 Darjeeling 331 307 27 · 3 25 · 3 Rangpur 276 7 · 9 Bogra Pabna 160 8 · 8 Alda 153 8 · 7 Bacca Faridpur 5 285 0 · 2 12 · 1 Bakarganj Chittagong	fidnapur	TIE.	9-V02	693		13 -2	10.000	lvorTlangan
flowrah 10 10 1 · 9 1 · 9 1 · 9 4 ·	looghly	ttt.		169	8 (8	14 -2		366
Iadia 8 38 0·3 1·3 furshidabad 257 6.5 12·3 0·3 essore Chulna Dinajpur 6 6.2 0·2 0·2 alpaiguri 356 259 12·1 8·8 Darjeeling 331 307 27·3 25·3 Rangpur 276 7·9 Pabna 160 8·8 falda 153 8·7 Pacca fymensingh 599 461 9·6 7·5 Caridpur 5 285 0·2 12·1 Bakarganj Chittagong 288 102 11·2 4·6	Iowrah			10	10	1.9	1.9	THE WALE
Iadia 8 38 0·3 1·3 Iurshidabad 257 6.5 12·3 0·3 essore Chulna Dinajpur 6 6.2 0·2 0·2 alpaiguri 356 259 12·1 8·8 Darjeeling 331 307 27·3 25·3 dangpur 276 7·9 danga dalada daca daca daca day day day day	4-Pargan	as	2 801	6	4.6	0.1	0.1	.s massi
furshidabad	211			8	38	0.3	1.3	+
Chulna <t< td=""><td>furshidab</td><td>ad</td><td></td><td>257</td><td>6.5</td><td>12.3</td><td>0.3</td><td>_</td></t<>	furshidab	ad		257	6.5	12.3	0.3	_
thulna <t< td=""><td>essore</td><td>200.0</td><td>monl.w</td><td>isul</td><td>rigital v</td><td>o wearb o</td><td>t the diffi</td><td>21 .1</td></t<>	essore	200.0	monl.w	isul	rigital v	o wearb o	t the diffi	21 .1
ajshahi	hulna	from		eve letiv	ering the	sinsa ni	baylovar	ne error
inajpur		1 world		ni star	The birth	even, ou	nay be m	randad o
Alpaiguri 356 259 12·1 8·8 arjeeling 331 307 27·3 25·3 angpur 276 7·9 25 angpur 276 8·8 alda 160 8·8 alda 153 8·7 25 aridpur 599 461 9·6 7·5 aridpur 599 461 9·6 7·5 aridpur 5285 0·2 12·1 akarganj	Lent.	daino		6	6.2	0.2	0.2	behinges
rjeeling		10 h		4	The state of the s	12.1	8.8	alade
angpur 276 7 · 9 bna 160 8 · 8 alda 153 8 · 7 acca ymensingh aridpur akarganj akargong akarganj akargong akarganj akargong	mer em			FUOLH 150	Weight 92	IIIBAZO, 89	25 -3	n all th
Second S	mi ai	langue		TODAT STO	ortality a	or afilmal	mi Intot	dT (si
bna 160 8.8 Ida 153 8.7 cca mensingh 599 461 9.6 7.5 ridpur 5 285 0.2 12.1 karganj ittagong 288 102 11.2 4.6	N.T. SOUTH	Ivort		.cagaar	sul, the	LIOU , SAFII	ale mi	tonan tan
alda					160	Di torre	8.8	+
acca </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td>								_
ymensingh 599 461 9·6 7·5 gridpur 5 285 0·2 12·1 gkarganj gittagong 288 102 11·2 4·6						12 1000		
aridpur 5 285 0.2 12.1					1990			
akarganj							1886	+
hittagong 288 102 11·2 4·6						30.78	1638.5	0010
								33-3
Oakhail	Second Second				100000			
ippera							200	

32. Comparison of the vital statistics recorded in this Province with those in other Provinces.—The following statement gives the vital statistical rates recorded during the year under report in all the provinces of this country for purposes of comparison:—

Province.	Birth rate per	rate per rate per		Infant mo	rtality per births.	1,000 live
to-treer -order -order -order	mille of popula- tion.	mille of popula- tion.	increase + or decrease 	Male.	Female.	Total.
Bengal	33.7	22.3	+11-4	167-6	150-3	159 - 3
Madras	38.7	25.0	+13.7	178-5	158-4	168-4
Bombay	42.1	27.9	+14.2	176-4	162-1	169 - 4
United Provinces	34.7	21.8	+12.9	141-0	128.8	135 - 3
The Punjab	47.9	27.9	+20.0	183-8	172.0	178-2
Central Provinces	41.0	33.0	+8.0	239 - 4	211-9	226 - 1
Bihar	30.8	19.1	+11.7	167-8	133.9	150 - 6
Orissa	35.9	24.7	+11-2	189-9	175-9	183 - 1
North-West Frontier Province	29.9	21.6	+8.3	140-7	145-6	144-5
Assam	30.8	18.8	+12.0	148-3	134 - 7	141-8
Sind	21.2	13.8	+7.4	112.3	120.0	115-1

It is difficult to draw any definite conclusion from these figures as the error involved in registering the vital events varies from province to province. However, on the recorded statistics the following observations may be made: (i) The birth rate in Bengal is less than that recorded in Madras, Bombay, United Provinces, the Punjab, Central Provinces and Orissa, while the death rate in Bengal is less than that in Madras, Bombay, Central Provinces, the Punjab and Orissa. (ii) In all the Provinces except North-West Frontier Province, the female infantile mortality rate is less than the male infantile mortality rate. (iii) The total infantile mortality rate recorded in Bengal is lower than that in Madras, Bombay, the Punjab, Central Provinces and Orissa.

Faridges.

Death rate per mille : to total

Chapter III.

HISTORY OF CHIEF DISEASES.

33. General.—The recorded mortality from various diseases in an area during a particular period reveals the health conditions of the area during that period. But the statistics compiled should however be reliable and trustworthy, if they are to afford a true index of the public health conditions. As has already been pointed out in the previous chapter, the agency employed to register births and deaths in this province is such that the record of the correct causation of deaths cannot be vouchsafed except in the very common and easily recognisable diseases such as, cholera, smallpox. However, in order to have some idea of the prevalence and trend of diseases, an attempt has been made to give more details of the broad classifications of fevers, respiratory diseases and other causes. The history of diseases given below is based on the deaths recorded under the various diseases during the year under report.

The total death rate in the province was 22.3 per mille during 1940 against 21.9 per mille in 1939. The mortality increased by only 1.8 per cent. as compared with the previous year, the rise being mainly contributed by more number of deaths from malaria and the unspecified causes in all other causes. The deaths from other diseases have either decreased or remained practically the same as in the previous year. One outstanding feature of the health condition of the province during 1940 is that the mortality from cholera is the lowest recorded during the past fifty years. Malaria still remains the main problem in the province, especially in rural areas. The figures given in the following statement shows at a glance, the prevalence of various diseases:—

	9-02	9-50*				Death rate per mille of population.		Percentage to total deaths in	
	98-8	88-8				1939.	1940.	1940.	
Cholera	·		trid has	to per thous		0.7	0.4	2.0	
Small pox						0.14	0.11	0.5	
Plague	red on.			Unglera.					
Fevers		A TOTAL	de ada	Street L		13.78	14.38	64.6	
Malaria	10 lo .:		era gun	istered sin		6.8	7.40	33.3	
Enteric fe	ver		erqer :	1097 80017	22.9	0.17	0.16	0.71	
Measles	gmon st	transport	fi per.	18 vd ba		0.04	0.12	0.52	
Relapsing	fever	but the	noter	tifying do	1.10	0.0001	nus year	0.00002	
Kala-azaz	E PARSY OF		d aga 3	during pag		0.34	0.31	1.39	

the terms for a stored oring the search	Death rate p of popula		Percentage to total deaths in 1940.
A PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF	1939.	1940.	
Influenza	. 0.05	0.04	0.19
Cerebrospinal fever	. 0.03	0.03	0.12
Typhoid fever	. 0.09	0.10	0.47
Black-water fever	. 0.003	0.004	0.02
Other fevers	. 6.2	6.21	27.91
Dysentery	. 0.6	0.50	2 · 23
Diarrohoea	. 0.5	0.41	1.86
Respiratory diseases	. 1.77	1-71	7.7
Pneumonia editi. Totalner of bevolume to	. 0.96	0.90	4.05
Pulmonary Tuberculosis	. 0.26	0.25	1.11
Whooping cough	. 0.03	0.04	0.17
Other respiratory diseases	. 0.53	0.52	2.34
Injuries and read and to stateh are		made	
Homicide Trate, d adl seems today ban.	7 discases	0.003	0.01
80 Suicide Encirer .edt reban helmoer adnab .	. 0.07	0.07	0.29
Wounds and accidents	. 0.27	0.26	1.15
Snake bites 659 s goniver off .	0.08	0.07	0.29
Killed by wild animals	9 per mille	0.01	0.03
Rabies I Ledt They spoiver get ditt.	. 0.01	0.1	0.04
All others cases	s in all oth		
Beri-Beri	. 0.03	0.02	00.7
Acute poliomyelities	0.01	0.01	0.04
Diphtheria	. 0.01	0.01	0.06
Chickenpox	. 0.004	0.01	0.05
Mumps want out	0.002	0.002	0.01
Tulberculosis of joints	. 0.003	0.01	0.03
Other tubercular diseases	0.02	0.02	0.10
Leprosy	0.03	0.03	0.12
Cancer	0.02	0.02	0.08
Deaths from child births	9.50*	9.21*	1.45
Other causes	3.53	3.86	17.32

^{*} Death rate per thousand births.

Cholera.

34. General prevalence.—During the year under report 21,743 deaths from cholera were registered giving a death rate of 0.4 per mille as against 33,221 in the previous year representing a rate of 0.7 per mille and the quinquennial average rate of 1.1 per mille. The number of cholera deaths has decreased by 34.6 per cent. As compared with the previous year. It is gratifying to note that the cholera mortality in 1940 is the lowest on record during the past fifty years as will be

evident from the table given below. This may be put down as partly due to the timely preventive measures taken by the health staff. 536 out of 713 circles of registration and 9,352 out of 86,361 villages reported deaths from this disease in 1940, as against 644 circles of registration and 11,518 villages in 1939. The number of deaths from cholera per each affected village was 2.3 in 1940 against 2.9 in 1939. The number of cholera deaths forms only 2.0 per cent. of the total deaths that occurred in this province during 1940.

Cholera mortality recorded in the Province during the past 50 years.

Y Y	ear.	Number of Deaths from cholera.	Death rate per mille.	Year.		Nomber of deaths from cholers.	Death rate per mille.
1891		137,169	3.5	1916	· K	70,836	1.6
1892		113,932	3-9	1917		45,021	1.0
1893	///	112,352	2.8	1918		83,379	1.8
1894	and when	93,581	2.4	1919		124,949	2.8
1895		132,798	3.4	1920		54,199	1.2
1896		122,737	3.2	1921		80,547	1.7
1897		122,598	2.9	1922		51,712	1.1
1898		46,592	1.2	1923		41,483	0.9
1899	2110	71,675	1.8	1924		48,514	1.0
1900	01.11	138,671	3.6	1925		34,276	0.7
1901		64,324	1.5	1926		59,105	1.3
1902		90,497	2.2	1927		118,377	2.5
1903		93,845	1.2	1928		136,245	2.9
1904		102,469	2.4	1929		81,090	1.7
1905	12N3	172,173	3.2	1930 1931		54,963	1.6
1906 1907		135,631	3.8	1000		79,073	0.7
1908	•••	158,190 123,471	2.9	1000		33,910 29,242	0.6
1909		88,356	2.1	1933		50,742	1.0
1910		119,686	3.8	1935	••	59,605	1.2
1911		67,750	1.5	1936	::	76,100	1.5
1912	42191	95,467	2.1	1937		32,710	0.7
1913		78,898	1.7	1938		71,133	1.4
1914		39,224	2.0	1939		33,221	0.7
1915		130,679	2.8	1940		21,743	0.4

The epidemic that started at the end of the previous year in the districts of Midnapur, Howrah, 24-Parganas, Jessore, Rajshahi, Malda, Dacca, Bakarganj, Faridpur, Mymensingh and Tippera continued into the year under report and showed signs of abatement in February. But it flared up again in all these districts excepting Midnapur, Rajshahi and Malda. The district of Khulna was also subjected to this wave of epidemic which reached its peak in April. It subsided by the end of June in all these districts except Khulna where it recrudesced in July and continued to be very severe during the second half year. The adjoining districts of 24-Parganas and Bakarganj also experienced a second wave of epidemic from September onwards, while the districts of Howrah, Calcutta, Jessore, Faridpur and Tippera were also affected from November.

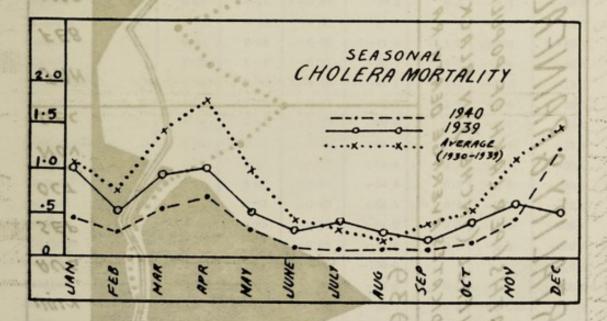
The following diagram shows the incidence of cholera mortality in all the provinces of British India during 1938, 1939 and 1940:—

5 1 10 12 12 13 14 10,000 17 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	HORE MAN again in all those districts exception Williaming The district of English was also subjected to this or this of the control of the c	C & Continued in the continued into the continued i	TY IN EN DURING NAAB	DRASSA MORTALITY IN EACH PROVINCE OF BRITISH MORTALITY IN EACH PROVINCE OF BRITISH BURNES ORISSA ORI	number of cholera deaths forms only 2.0 per cent; of the total
2,5	uw_	Dacc	nd _		INIS
• • •		11			7

35. Seasonal incidence.—The death rates from cholera recorded during each month of the year, as compared with those in the previous year and the decennial average rate are presented in the following statement and diagram:—

Cholera mortality per 10,000 of population.

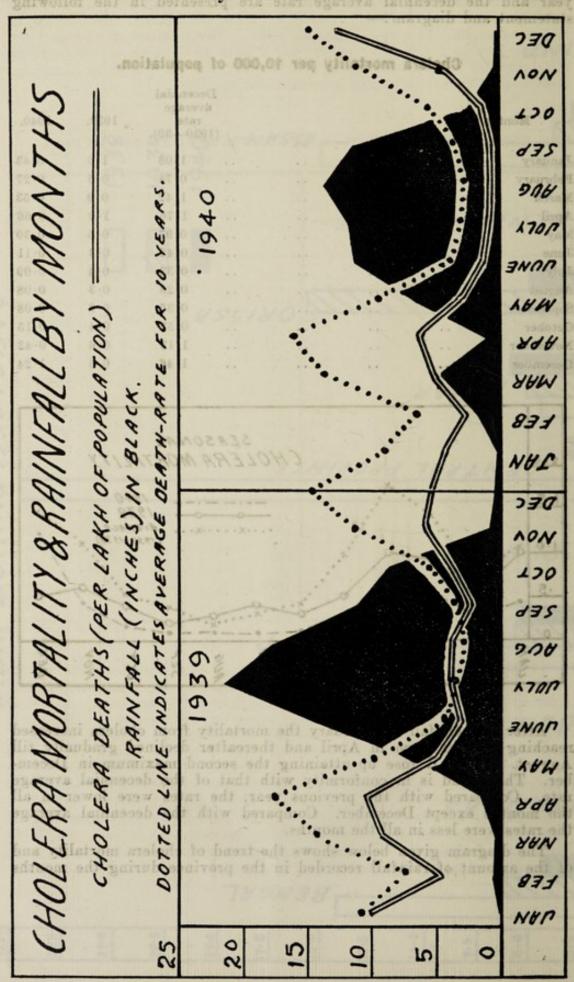
	1 .				cennial verage		~
Months.	70				rate 30—39).	1939.	1940.
January	4.				1.06	1.0	0.43
February	6				0.74	0.5	0.27
March	1		7	0	1.42	0.9	0.53
April				+	1.76	1.0	0.66
May				10	0.97	0.5	0.30
June					0.42	0.3	0.11
July	100				0.33	0.4	0.09
August		Seres in			0.28	0.3	0.08
September	111	1			0.35	0.2	0.08
October	1		****		0.53	0.4	0.15
November	//				1.13	0.6	0.42
December	D. //				1.46	0.5	1.24
1 11111 1	11				A Parket	10	6



After a small fall in February the mortality from cholera increased reaching its maximum in April and thereafter declined gradually till August. Again it rose up attaining the second maximum in December. This trend is in conformity with that of the decennial average rate. Compared with the previous year, the rates were lower in all the months except December. Compared with the decennial average the rates were less in all the months.

The diagram given below shows the trend of cholera mortality and of the amount of rainfall recorded in the province during the months

of 1939 and 1940. It will be seen that cholera mortality was minimum when there was heavy rainfall:—

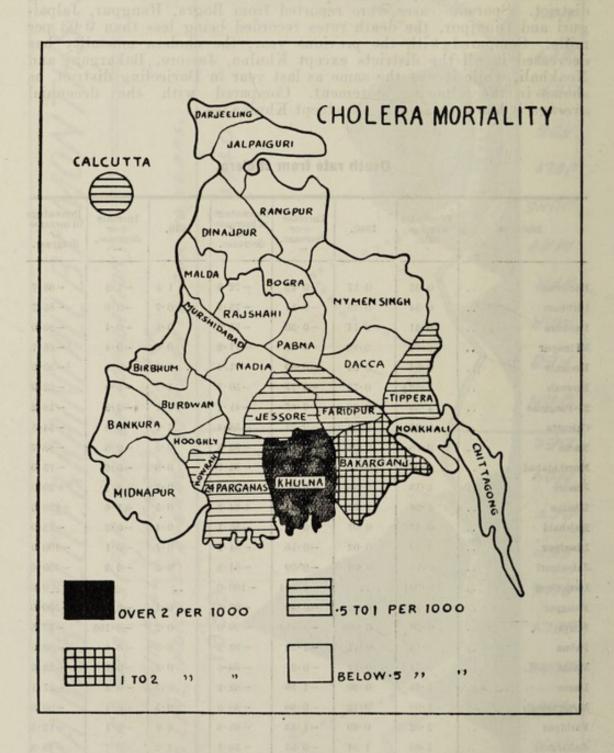


36. Cholera mortality in districts.—High mortality rates from cholera were returned from the districts of Khulna (2·07), Bakarganj (1·91), 24-Parganas (0·93), Howrah (0·75), Faridpur (0·69), Tippera and Jessore (0·56 each) and Calcutta (0·52). These seven districts alone were responsible for 76 per cent. of the total cholera deaths. As in the last two years, no deaths from cholera occurred in Darjeeling district. Sporadic cases were reported from Bogra, Rangpur, Jalpaiguri and Dinajpur, the death rates recorded being less than 0·03 per mille. Compared with the previous year, the cholera mortality has decreased in all the districts except Khulna, Jessore, Bakarganj and Noakhali, while it was the same as last year in Darjeeling district, as shown in the following statement. Compared with the decennial average it has decreased in all except Khulna:—

Death rate from cholera.

			The state of the s	1				
Districts		Decennial average rate.	1940.	Increase +or decrease.	Percentage of increase or decrease.	1939.	Increase +or decrease.	Percentage of increase or decrease.
Burdwan		0.62	0.17	-0.45	-72.6	1.5	-1 ·3	-86:7
Birbhum		0.54	0 ·13	-0.41	-75 .9	0.7	-0.6	-85 -7
Bankura		0.41	0.11	-0.30	-73 -2	0.5	-0.4	-80 0
Mi lnapur		0.79	0.18	-0.61	-77.2	0.6	-0.4	-66 -7
Hooghly		0.84	0.24	-0.60	-71.4	1.0	-0.8	-80.0
Howrah		1.52	0.75	-0.77	-50.7	1.7	-0.9	-52 -9
24-Parganas		1.58	0.93	-0.65	-41 ·1	1.1	1-0.2	-18-2
Calcutta	. 50	1 .25	0.52	-0.73	-58-4	1.1	-0.6	-54-5
Nadia	10.	0.78	0 -06	-0.72	-92.3	0.9	-0.8	-88-9
Murshidabad	5.7	0.82	0 -15	-0-67	-81 -7	0.8	-0.6	-75 0
Jessore	21.	1 -13	0.56	-0.57	-50 -4	0.5	+0.1	+20-0
Khulna	1	1.26	2.07	+0.81	+64.3	0.5	+1.6	+320 -0
Rajshahi	V	0 .47	0 -07	-0.40	-85 1	0.4	-0.3	-75-0
Dinajpur		0.19	0.03	-0.16	-84 -2	0.1	-0.1	-100 0
Jalpaiguri		0 -11	0.02	-0.09	-81 .8	0.3	-0.3	-100-0
Darjeeling /		0.004		-0-004	-100 .0		±	±0·0
Rangpur		0 0 41	0-01	-0.40	-97.6	0.1	-0.1	-100 0
Bogra		0.50	0 -005	-0.495	-99.0	0.2	-0.195	-97.5
Pabna		1.63	0.11	-1.52	-93 -2	0.5	-0.4	-80:0
Malda		0.54	0 -17	-0.37	-68.5	0.3	-0.1	+33 -3
Dacca		1.69	0.30	-1.39	-82 -2	0.7	-0.4	-57 -1
Mymensingh		1.00	0.12	-0.88	-88.0	0.5	-0.4	-80.0
Faridpur		2.02	0.69	-1 .33	-65.8	0.8	-0.1	-12 .5
Bakarganj		1.66	1.91	-0.55	-33 ·1	1 .2	+0.7	+58.3
Chittagong		0.66	0.08	-0.58	-87 -9	0.2	-0.1	-50.0
Noakhali		1.07	0.32	-0.75	-70 -1	0.2	+0.1	+50.0
Tippera		1.31	0.56	-0.75	-42.7	0.7	-0.1	-14 -3

The distribution of cholera death rates among the various districts in 1940, and the excess of these rates over the decennial average are shown in the following two maps. The cholera mortality rates in each district as compared with their decennial average rates are also exhibited in the diagram given below:—



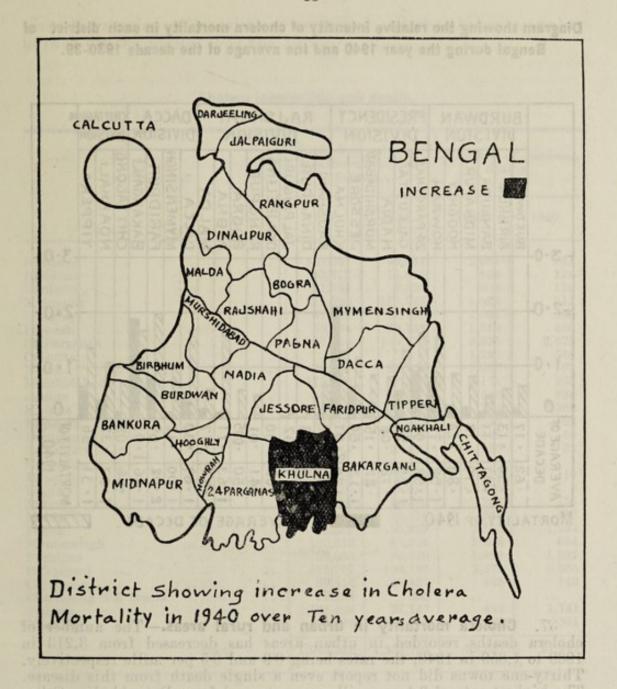


Diagram showing the relative intensity of cholera mortality in each district of Bengal during the year 1940 and the average of the decade 1930-39.

				W			PF	RES				_	-			SI VI		700		100		AC VIS					ION	
- 3.0-	BURDWAN	BIRBHUM	BANKURA	MIDNAPUR	ноовнгу	HOWRAH	24 PARGANAS	CALCUTTA	NADIA	MURSHIDABAD	JESSORE	KHULNA	RAJSHAHI	DINAJPUR	JALPAIGURI	DARJEELING	RANGPUR	BOGRA	PABNA	MALDA	DACCA	MYMENSINGH	FARIDPUR	BAKARGANJ	CHITTAGONG	NOAKHALI	TIPPERA	-3.0
-2.0-							1					-	1	REL	000	3/	-	-	The second	24	W (5)							2.0
- 1 - 0-							9	a	-	7 5	7		1	N	121		-	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR			9	1				7		1.0
0		9	a						9		1		9	a	7	1				9					9			0
ERAGE OF DECADE	.17	•13	=	. 18	. 24	.75	.93	29.	90.	115	• 56	2.07	20.	.03	.02	00.	10.	•005	11.	21.	•30	. 12	69.	16.1	• 08	28.	95.	
AVER	.62	.54	.41	64.	.84	1.52	1.58	1.25	. 78	.82	113	1.26	.47	61.	11.	.004	.41	. 50	1.63	.54	69.1	00.1	20.2	99.1	99.	1.07	1.31	MORTALITY 1940

37. Cholera mortality in urban and rural areas.—The number of cholera deaths recorded in urban areas has decreased from 3,213 in 1939 to 1,859 in 1940, the rates being 0.9 and 0.5 per mille respectively. Thirty-one towns did not report even a single death from this disease. The highest rate of 3.4 per mille was returned from Patuakhali. Other towns which recorded high rates were Satkhira (3.1), Barisal (2.6), Budge-Budge (2.2) and Nalchiti (2.1).

19,884 deaths from cholera were registered in rural areas during the year under report giving a rate of 0.4 per mille as against 30,008 in the previous year with a death rate of 0.6 per mille.

38. Preventive measures.—The following preventive measures against cholera were carried out during the year under report:—

Inoculation.—The number of anti-cholera inoculations performed during 1940 was 1,353,793 against 1,947,025 in 1939. The fall in the number of inoculations is due to the less severity of cholera epidemic in 1940 as compared with the previous year. The following table

gives the number of inoculations performed and the cholera mortality in each district during 1939 and 1940:—

Cholera inoculation and death.

-virial tang and pro-	d lessue gil itub letoser e ets. uniwollor	Number of lera inocul form	lation per-	Number of death	
	Number of deaths from smallpox.	1939.	1940.	1939.	1940.
Burdwan Birbhum	20,187	161,561 43,612	46,031 11,848	2,361 655	261 124
Bankura Midnapur	0,497	31,288 221,795	9,882 139,993	604 1,805	120 511
Hooghly	118.81	61,894 55,254	38,695 26,133	1,067	269 820
24-Parganas	811,11	100,145	109,979	2,935	2,578
Nadia	010,16	98,956	25,803	1,223 1,426	588 94
Murshidabad Jessore	8,397	113,180 49,565	32,343 47,730	1,171	205 936
Khulna Rajshahi	9,062	31,385 44,401	139,838 21,953	788 532	3,369 103
Dinajpur Jalpaiguri	12,930	31,864 30,543	9,973 12,420	166 285	54 22
Darjeeling Rangpur	7,010	49,815	6,168	333	19
Bogra	010,76	18,675 42,682	5,610 18,076	176	6 156
Malda	8,187	28,767	20,275	343	182
Mymensingh	882,3	80,368 157,816	58,929 87,209	2,512 2,808	1,034 634
Faridpur Bakarganj	1000 / 111	86,933 106,767	89,770 136,121	1,984 3,670	1,622 5,604
Chittagong Hill Tracts	25,548	99,115 13,494	40,427 660	425	149
Tippera Noakhali	865,84 704,02	101,394 85,856	91,147 126,780	422 2,109	1,741 541
	Total	1,947,025	1,353,793	33,221	21,742

Disinfection.—In addition to 5,709 river ghats and 44,313 houses, 184,325 wells and tanks were disinfected.

Assistance to the various local bodies in anti-cholera work.—Out of eight combined medical and sanitary units each consisting of one medical licentiate, one compounder and one medicine carrier with necessary drugs for taking measures against cholera and other epidemics, three were deputed to Jessore and five to Midnapur district. These units performed 1,380 anti-cholera inoculations and disinfected 622 suspected sources of infection, besides treating 344 diarrhæa, 352 dysentery, 5,929 malaria and other cases. In addition to these units, 23 medical licentiates and 10 sanitary inspectors were deputed to assist various local bodies in the control of cholera epidemics during the year under report.

Smallpox.

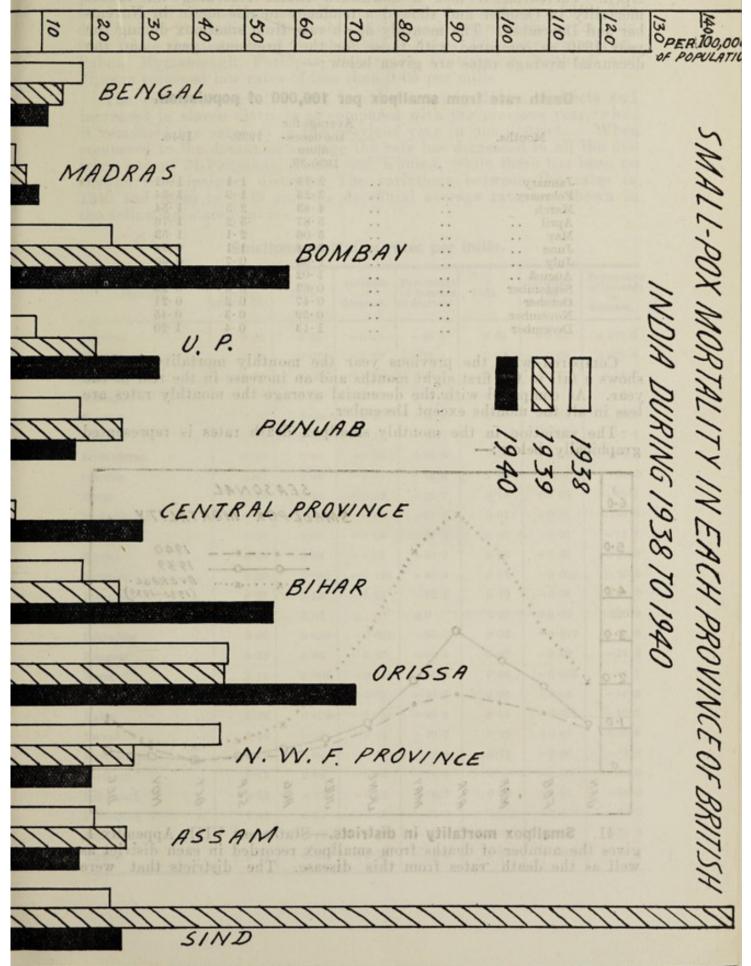
39. **Ceneral prevalence.**—Smallpox claimed 5,608 deaths during the year under report as against 7,029 in the previous year, the mortality rates being 0·11 and 0·14 per mille respectively. This represents a fall of 20 per cent. as compared with the previous year, and compared with the quinquennial average there was a fall of 64 per cent. The number of deaths from this disease has been steadily decreasing from 1936. Excluding 1923 and 1924, the mortality caused by smallpox during the year under report is the lowest on record during the past thirty-five years as will be evident from the following statement:—

	Year.				Number of deaths from smallpox.	Rate per mille of popu- lation.
	1901				20,187	0.5
	1902	180,04	100,101		30,737	0.7
124	1903	848.11	43.013		12,987	0.3
	1904	1948.0	882,IE		9,497	0.2
III A	1905	139.993	262,185		4,513	0.1
	1906	\$40.86	1.88:18		13,577	0.3
	1907	\$11.00	P415 V.V.		15,315	.0.4 dermoli
2,878	1908	100,000	3.11,001		11,173	0.3
	1909				37,620	0.9
	1910	1208.02	0.01.80		11,685	0.3
	1911		Dec SIF		7,930	0.2
	1912	1	2.00,00		8,287	0.2
	1913	128,821	1.05/18		9,062	0.2
	1914	1 5.00 / 5	(N)		9,935	0.2
	1915	1 800.0	1.08.18		32,785	0.7 mgianic
	1916	120000	15.00,08		12,890	0.3
	1917				7,010	0.1 prilesped
	1918	1 90 (11	6.18.04		8,576	0.2
	1919	5.610	228,81		37,010	0.8
	1920	18,076	2910.25		36,190	0 ·8
	1921	20,228	28.765		8,157	0.2
	1922	680,88	80,00,08	1	7,864	0.2
	1923	802.78	157,816		4,236	Mymensing 1.0.
	1924	80,770	86,022		5,567	Faridpur 1.0.
5,604	1925	138,121	108,787	1	17,436	. 0.4 immeratali
	1926	40,427	211,00	1	25,548	O.5 monarido
	1927	080	13,494		42,514	Chittagong 0.0 Tract
1,743	1928	91,147	101.394		43,558	.0.9
542	1929	128,789	228.28		20,407	.0.4 Ballack
	1930				11,268	0.2
	1931	Tunkan, r	1,947,023		9,207	0.2
	1932	1.			7,810	0.2
	1933			-	15,426	0.3
	1934				8,296	0.2
	1935		Oren or re		7,548	0.1
	1936	MINI THE	-		46,267	0.9
Sener	1937	er giants o	A.1 GO. 'O	100	27,944	0.6
	1938		.besteel.	realf	9,289	0.2
	1939				7,029	0.1
	1940	Allerthan Hill	The little to		5,608	0.1

Three hundred and eighty-five circles of registration out of 713 and 1,984 villages of 86,361 reported deaths from smallpox in 1940 as compared with 403 registration circles and 2,347 villages in 1939. The number of deaths from smallpox was 2.8 per affected village in 1940 against 3.0 in 1939.

The number of deaths from smallpox forms only 0.5 per cent. of the total number of deaths recorded in the province during 1940 as against 0.6 per cent. in 1939.

The mortality rates from smallpox in all the provinces of the country during the last three years are shown in the diagram given below:—



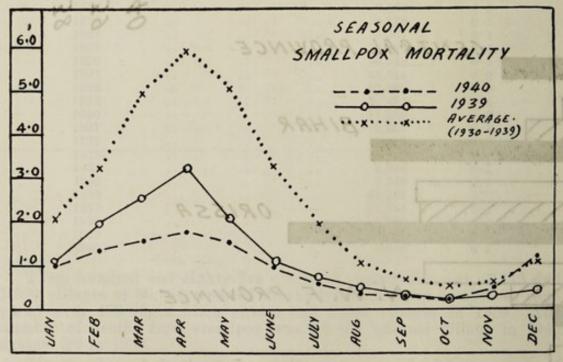
40. Seasonal incidence.—As usual the mortality from smallpox gradually increased from January till it reached its maximum in April. Thereafter it took a downward course recording the lowest mortality in October and showed a tendency to rise again in November and December. The monthly death rate from smallpox during the year 1940 as compared with those for the previous year and the decennial average rates are given below:—

Death rate from smallpox per 100,000 of population.

Months.		Average for the decen- nium 1930-39.	1939.	1940.
January	 	2 .13	1.1	1.02
February	 	3 . 25	1.9	1 .34
March	 	4.83	2.5	1.54
April	 	5.87	3 .2	1 .76
May	 	5.06	2 · 1	1.53
June	 VOQ	3.24	1 -1	0.98
July	 1 1110	1 .86	0.7	0.60
August	 	1.02	0.4	0.36
September	 	0.63	0.3	0.26
October	 	0.47	0.2	0.21
November	 	0.59	0.3	0.45
December	 	1 .13	0.4	1.20

Compared with the previous year the monthly mortality in 1940 shows a fall in the first eight months and an increase in the rest of the year. As compared with the decennial average the monthly rates are less in all the months except December.

The variation in the monthly smallpox death rates is represented graphically below:—



41. Smallpox mortality in districts.—Statement VIII, Appendix I, gives the number of deaths from smallpox recorded in each district as well as the death rates from this disease. The districts that were

severely affected were Calcutta, Howrah, 24-Parganas and Dacca which returned smallpox death rates of 0.96, 0.65, 0.40 and 0.22 per mille respectively. These four districts accounted for 65 per cent. of the total number of smallpox mortality recorded in the province in 1940. The districts of Darjeeling, Rajshahi, Malda and Bogra were practically free, while the districts of Murshidabad, Khulna, Dinajpur, Jalpaiguri, Pabna, Mymensingh, Faridpur, Bakarganj, Chittagong, Noakhali and Tippera returned low rates of less than 0.05 per mille.

The smallpox mortality rate has decreased in fifteen districts and increased in eleven districts as compared with the previous year, while it remained the same as in the previous year in one district. When compared to the decennial average the rate has decreased in all the districts except 24-Parganas, Nadia, and Khulna, while there has been no change in Jalpaiguri district. The variations between the rates in 1940 and those in 1939 and the decennial average rates are shown in the following statement:—

Smallpox mortality rates per mille.

Districts.		Decennial average (1930—39).	1940.	Increase or decrease,	Percentage of increase or decrease.	1939.	Increase or decrease.	Percentage of increase or decrease,
Burdwan	1	0.25	0.15	-0.10	-40.0	0.05	+0.10	+200 .0
Birbhum		0.26	0.07	-0.19	-73 -1	0.02	+0.05	+250 .0
Bankura		0.29	0.05	-0.24	-82.8	0 -06	-0.01	-16.7
Midnapur		0.12	0.05	-0.07	-58.3	0 -05	±	±0
Hooghly		0.75	0.20	-0.55	-73 -3	0 -25	-0.05	- 20 .0
Howrah	.1.	0.84	0.65	-0.19	-22.6	0.70	-0.05	-7.1
24-Parganas	1	0.28	0.40	+0.12	+42.9	0 -39	+0.01	+2.6
Calcutta	51	1.67	0.96	-0.71	-42.5	1.96	-1.00	-51.0
Nadia	31.	0.18	0.21	+0-03	+16.7	0.15	+0.06	+40-0
Murshidabad	1.	0.90	0.02	-0.88	-97.8	0.01	+0.01	+100 -0
Jessore	V	0 -08	0.05	-0-03	-37.5	0.06	-0.01	-16.7
Khulna		0.02	0.03	+0.01	+50.0	0.02	+0.01	+50.0
Rajshahi		0.20	0.004	-0.196	- 98 -0	0 -01	-0.006	-60.0
Dinajpur		0.27	0.02	-0.25	-92.6	0.10	-0.08	-80.0
Jalpaiguri		0.03	0.03	Text	±000	0.01	+0.02	+200.0
Darjeeling		0.03	0.003	-0.027	- 90 .0	0.02	-0.017	-85.0
Rangpur		0.32	0.05	-0.27	-84 -4	0.07	-0.02	-28.6
Bogra		0.12	0.005	-0.115	- 95 ·8	0.06	-0-055	-91.7
Pabna		0.39	0.04	-0.35	-98.7	0 -06	-0.02	-33.3
Malda		0.26	0.009	-0.251	- 96 - 5	0.01	-0.001	-10-0
Dacca		0.56	0.22	-0.34	-60.7	0 -13	+0.09	+69.2
Mymensingh		0.19	0.04	-0.15	- 78 - 9	0.12	-0.08	-66.7
Faridpur		0.17	0.04	-0.13	- 76 - 5	0 · 10	-0.06	- 60 .0
Bakarganj		0 -03	0.01	-0.02	- 66 - 7	0.02	-0.01	-50.0
Chittagong		0.47	0.02	-0 45	- 95 - 7	0.002	+0.018	+90.0
Noakhali		0.18	0.03	-0.15	-83 -3	0.02	+0.01	+50.0
Tippera		0.14	0.01	-0.13	-92.9	0 -005	+0-005	+100-0

The increase in smallpox mortality rate over the decennial average rate in each district and the actual rates are shown in the following map and bar diagram respectively:—

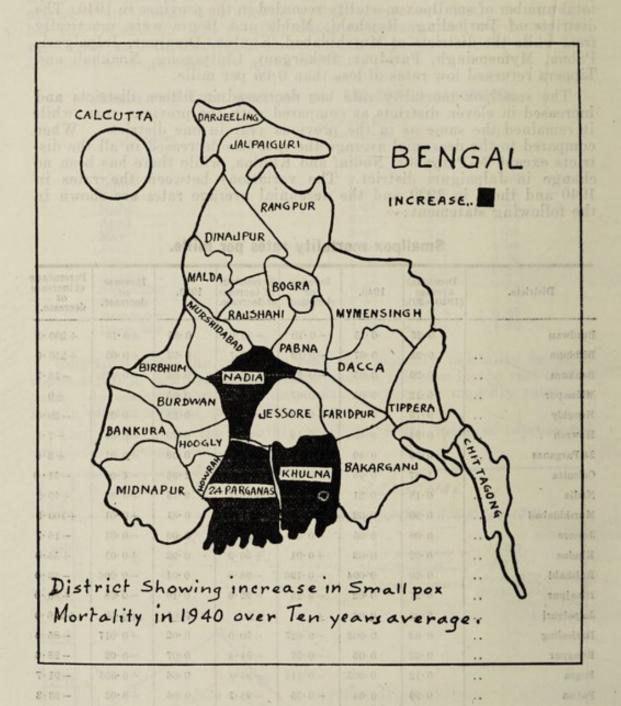


Diagram showing the relative intensity of smallpox mortality in each district during the year 1940 and the average of the decade 1930-39.

				WA				ES	20.0		CY					SH			7				CA			TTAC	ON	0892
2.0-	BURDWAN	BIRBHUM	BANKURA	MIDNAPUR	НООВИГУ	HOWRAH	24-PARGANAS	CALCUTTA	NADIA	MURSHIDABAD	JESSORE	KHULNA	RAUSHAHI	DINAJPUR	JALPAIGURI	DARJEELING	RANGPUR	BOGRA	PABNA	MALDA	DACCA	MYMENSINGH	FARIDPUR	BAKARGANJ	CHITTAGONG	NOAKHALI	TIPPERA	2.0-
Jens Commen				i i i				7	23			Do He House	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	H THE	1			100	30								PR .	
.0			-				100					T.			-													1 .0
.9 .					7	2	8,4					-				0												.9.
.54210	7	7	1				-	NAMA					И	7			7		9	7		7	7		1	7	71	9.8
	.15	.07	. 05	- 05	. 20	. 65	. 40	96.	. 21	· 02 A	· 05	.03	.004	· 02 P	. 03	.003	. 05 F	.005	.04	600.	. 22	.04	.04	10.	₩ 20.	.03	0.	
AVERAGE OF DECADE	.25	. 26	.29	21.	-75	.84	.28	1.67	81.	06.	80.	.02	.20	.27	.03	.03	.32	.12	.39	.26	95.	61.	11.	.03	. 47	81.	41.	MORTALITY OF 1940

42. Smallpox mortality in urban and rural areas.—During the year under report, there were 2,393 deaths from smallpox in urban areas giving a mortality rate of 0.68 per mille, as against 3,139 in the previous year with a rate of 0.9 per mille, showing a fall of 23.8 per cent. as compared with the previous year. Sixty-four towns returned deaths from smallpox in 1940 as against 69 in 1939. Calcutta alone recorded 1,098 or 45.9 per cent. of the total smallpox deaths in urban areas, as against 71.4 per cent. in 1939. Out of 1,295 smallpox deaths in towns other than Calcutta, 836 were reported from Howrah, Titagarh, Naihati and Bhatpara towns. Hence Calcutta and these four towns together contributed nearly 81 per cent. of the total recorded in

Deaths from smallpox among infants below one year and

urban areas. This perhaps indicates that conditions are very favourable for the spread of smallpox epidemics in big crowded towns. The railway authorities have practically no arrangement for medical inspection of passengers going out of Calcutta by trains and it is not unlikely that smallpox patients migrated to their rural homes and thereby caused spread of the disease.

The distribution of smallpox mortality in the towns excluding Calcutta in the different divisions of the province is given in the following statement. It shows that the Presidency Division was the worst affected, while Chittagong Division was entirely free:—

Div	isions.	NA NA	Total number of towns.	Number of towns which reported deaths from small-pox.	Number of deaths from small- pox.	Percentage of deaths.	Average of deaths per affec- ted towns.
Burdwan			29	19	454	35 ·1	23 -9
Presidency*			48	29	799	61 -7	27 -6
Rajshahi			15	5	13	1.0	2 .6
Dacca		30	20	10	29	2 .2	2 .9
Chittagong			6			1	T & H
	Total		118	63	1,295	100 •0	11 .0

*Excluding Calcutta.

The mortality from smallpox in rural areas was 3,215 in 1940, giving a rate of 0.06 per mille against 3,890 in 1939, with a rate of 0.08 per mille.

43. Deaths from smallpox among infants below one year and children between one and ten years of age.—Out of 5,608 deaths from smallpox recorded in the province during the year under report, 447 occurred among infants under one year, 867 among children between one and ten years. In other words, 7.97 per cent. of persons who died of smallpox were classed under 1 year, 15.46 per cent. under the age group, 1 to 10 years and 76.57 per cent. were over 10 years of age. The corresponding figures for 1939 were 5.8, 10.6 and 83.6 respectively. The high percentage of smallpox deaths in the age group over 10 years indicates perhaps deterioration in the immunity conferred by the primary vaccination and therefore the need for revaccination. The percentage of smallpox mortality among the three age groups under one year, one to ten years and over ten years to

total smallpox deaths in each district during 1939 and 1940 is given in the following statement:—

Percentage of deaths to total smallpox deaths.

		1939.	1 35	100	1940.	
Districts.	Under one year.	One to ten years.	Over ten years.	Under one year.	One to ten years.	Over ten years.
Burdwan	1 ·3		98 · 7	2 ·14	6.87	90 -99
Birbhum	1 .1 1		100 .0	1.0	1 .59	98 -41
Bankura			100 .0	57 .38	37 - 70	4 .92
Midnapur	3 .9	11 .0	85 -1	8 - 21	24 .63	67 -16
Hooghly	2 · 8	8 - 2	89 -0	0.45	2 .26	97 -29
Howrah			100 .0	To the state of	13 N.	100 -00
24-Parganas	6.6	17.2	76 -2	6 . 70	31 -16	62 -14
Calcutta	7 .3	4 .2	88 -5	18 -40	4 .46	77 -14
Nadia	7 -2	30 .0	62 -8	0.31	0.94	98 - 75
Murshidabad	10 .0	10.0	80 -0	3 -22	19 -35	77 -43
Jessore			100 -0	N 2 . TE	25.	100 -00
Khulna	1 .1 1		100 -0	10 to	38.	100 -00
Rajshahi			100 -0	9 9 9 9 9	A N.	100 -00
Dinajpur	8.6	6.9	84 -5	33.		100 -00
Jalpaiguri	20 .0	20.0	60 -0	dia.	2 .94	97 -06
Darjeeling			100 -0	200	1	100.00
Rangpur	10 .5	25 .3	64 -2	4.58	5 .34	90 - 08
Bogra	1.5	11 -9	86 -6	200	100	100 .00
Pabna	4.8	21 .4	73 -8	district .	or o	100 .00
Malda			100 -0	44	4	100 .00
Dacca	9 .2	19.7	71 -1	10 -98	39 - 55	49 - 47
Mymensingh	7.4	23 -4	69 -2	8 - 19	26 .72	65 -09
Faridpur	3 .7	13 .9	82 -4	3 -61	8 - 43	87 -96
Bakarganj	par o	3 . 7	96 -3			100 -00
Chittagong	in in	a . a .	100 -0	8		100 -00
Noakhali	2 · 4	7.3	90 · 3	4.00	12 .00	84 -00
Tippera	City Course	8.3	100 -0	12.50	15 -63	71 -87

44. Vaccinal condition of smallpox patients.—In accordance with the instructions of the Public Health Commissioner with the Government of India, the vaccinal condition of smallpox patients treated at the various medical institutions in Bengal has been correlated with their ages. The figures are compiled in the following table :-

Age of Patients.	Number vaccinated as shown by the presence of one or more vaccination cicatrices. Vaccinated	Number vaccinated as shown by the presence of one or more vaccination cicatrices. Vaccinated Vaccinated	Number stated to have been successfully vaccinated but no vaccination	Number stated to be unvaccinated or vaccinated unsuccess-fully and	Number previously unvaccina- ted but vaccinated during inoculation	Number stated to have been successfully revaccinated. Vaccinated	uccessfully revaccinated. Vaccinated.	Total.
1 2 00	within the last 5 years.	f years breviously.	present.	no vacema- tion cicatrix present.	or small- pox.	within the last 5 years.	more than 5 years previously.	
							asica i	01 01
1 year and under 2 years	4-12	-		9 4 0 00 0 00	0-11			e1 :
years and under 3 years	:	:		1	:		100 I -	-
3 years and under 4 years	1 00	0		1	:	:		67
years and under 5 years	1 1	8		9		:	100 %	9
years and under 6 years	:	:	:		:	:	and one	Perc
years and under 7 years	1	:			:	:	:	
years and under 8 years	61	1		63	:	:	:	70
years and under 9 years		from Spelle	ide	1 2		no de		1
9 years and under 10 years	and a	nejp design	etele etele	2	nish	wirm no. ku	-	23
10 years and under 11 years	I we will	Tre d	A H	N O I	H. H.	a iii	:	00

	-52	0 11	63	3	36	40	28	16				C.1	228
											:		1000
101	Ner.			H.	fida	pit		11-731		- 7	PINI	793	
										1			-
: :	:		•	1	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	
			0										
			8				1					-	0.1
Rigola	9	Hill	Jain 1			•		Hi b	2ª	i	791		
103	17	43	782	-	17	1	63	191	9	X	00	1	6
12	14		i		à	18		21	NO	11	3.3		
	63	-	~	~	~	_	~	-	7		-	1111	_
13		' '	B	~	=	7	1		7.	12		1	73
		16							N		De	ċ	00
+	63	-	63	4	29	4	-	10	-	_			32
				-									60
1													
01 01		9	63	63	0 30	4	00	60			-	65	14
01 01		9	12	13	S. III 30	14	00	60		:	:	55	74
01 01		9	12	13	50 km 30	14	20	80	:	:	:	29	74
64 64 64 64	1	9	6 12	4 13	6 SO M 30	11 14	8	60	:	:	:	1. 39	61
03 03	1	9 :		4 13	0 8 u 30	пи		62	:	:	:	1	43 74
		9 00000 :		4 13	5 SO SI 30	14 III		60	::	:	:	20	61
	1	9		4 13	5 SO 11 SO	11		67	:	:	:	1 000	61
			6		11111	ars 11 14	7	in ence		:	:	News 100	43
			6		11111		7	in ence		:	:		43
			6		11111		7	in ence		:	:		43
			6		11111		7	in ence		:	:		43
			6		11111		7	in ence		:	:		43
	13 years and under 14 years 1	14 years and under 15 years 6	6 1	20 years and under 25 years 4	11/1/1	30 years and under 35 years 11	7	1000	50 years and under 60 years			80 years and upwards 1	43

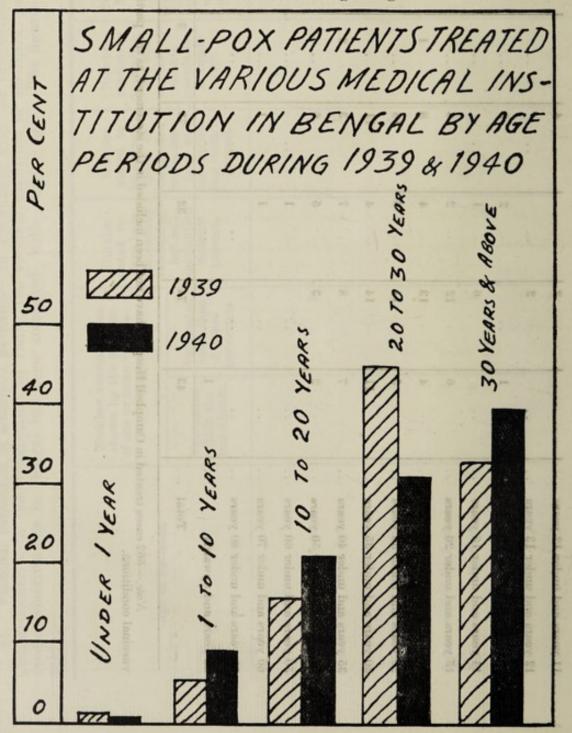
Note. -- 562 cases treated in Campbell Hospital have not been included in the statement, as the particulars were not supplied according to vaccinal conditions.

It will be seen from the above table that out of 228 cases admitted into hospitals, only 20 were between one and ten years of age, while the rest were over ten years. Another noticeable feature is that out of 117 vaccinated cases, 43 were vaccinated within the last 5 years and 74 more than 5 years previously. These indicate the necessity for revaccination.

The type of smallpox treated was as follows:-

Modified Discrete Confluent Semi-conflent			*::	104 105 373 96
Hæmorrhage				50
		Total		728

The following diagram shows the distribution of smallpox patients treated at the medical institutions according to ages:—



45. Anti-smallpox measures.—Please see the chapter on vaccination.

Plague.

46. Plague.—Only one death from plague was recorded during the year under report as against two in the previous year. The imported case occurred in Burdwan district.

Fevers.

47. General prevalence.—The total number of deaths recorded under fevers was 717,516 in 1940 as compared to 687,587 in 1939 representing an increase of 4.4 per cent. over that of the previous year. The fever mortality rates in 1940 and 1939 were 14.38 and 13.78 per mille, respectively, while the quinquennial average rate was 14.84 per mille. Deaths from fevers were responsible for 64.6 per cent. of the total provincial deaths during the year as against 63.0 per cent. in the previous year. As this omnibus group of fevers accounts for nearly two-thirds of the total mortality it is necessary to study the mortality from various causes constituting the fever group. The following table presents the details of fever mortality as recorded by the birth and death registrars:—

Specifications of fever deaths in 1939 and 1940.

	ORE,U	Number o		Death ra mille	te per	Percent-	Percentage of total fever mortality.				
Causes,		1939.	1940.	1939.	1940.	increase or de- crease.	1939.	1940.			
Malaria	1	341,321	369,448	6.8	7 · 40	+8.8	49 -6	51 · 49			
Enteric		8,290	7,875	0.2	0.16	-5.9	1.2	1 .16			
Measles		1,962	5,789	0 -04	0.12	+200 ·0	0 ·3	0.81			
Relapsing fever (S	Spiro-	5	2	0 -0001	0 -00004	-60.0	0 -001	0 -0003			
Kala-azar		17,056	15,453	0.3	0.31	-8.8	2.5	2 · 15			
Influenza		2,467	2,127	0.05	0 -04	-20.0	0 -4	0 .30			
Cerebrospinal feve	er	1,721	1,378	0 -03	0 -028	-17.6	0.3	0 ·19			
Typhus fever		4,443	5,183	0 -09	0 ·10	+11 -1	0.6	0.72			
Black-water fever	19.	169	207	0 -003	0 .004	+ 33 · 3	0.02	0 -03			
Other fevers	100	310,153	310,054	6.2	6 -21	±0	45 -1	43 - 21			

The above figures reveal that malaria claims nearly 50 per cent. of total fever mortality and "other fevers" 45 per cent. The deaths from the detailed causes will be dealt with in subsequent paragraphs.

48. Seasonal incidence.—The monthly mortality from fevers recorded during 1940 as compared with that in 1939 and the decennial average for the period 1930 to 1939 and the percentage of variation of fever deaths in 1940 from those in 1939 are set forth in the following statement:—

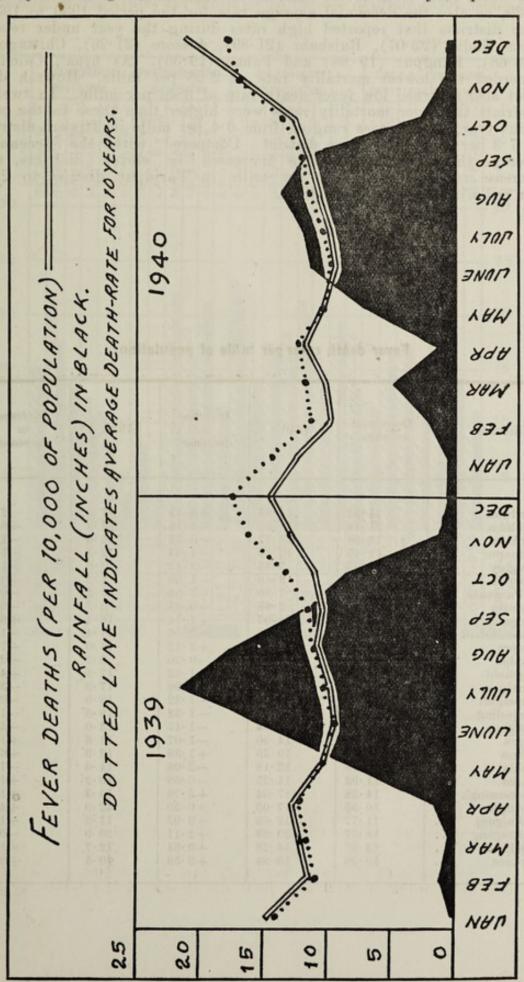
Fever death rate per mille.

Months.	0. 250	Decennial average	Fever n	Percentage of			
	ed die	fever mortality (1930—1939).	1939.	1940.	variation from 1939.		
vas 14.84 per mille.	rate	ogravya Lije	dentain b.	dt eller i	espectivel		
January		71,888	70,677	59,935	-15 .2		
February		56,308	56,180	47,617	-15 .2		
March	100	58,003	60,677	49,750	—18 ⋅0		
April	mlysoop	59,839	62,501	57,030	— 8·8		
May		52,940	51,814	52,486	+1.3		
June		47,867	45,954	45,617	- 0.7		
July		50,358	47,029	47,622	+ 1.3		
August		54,227	53,818	53,356	- 0.9		
September		56,842	50,754	55,330	+ 9.0		
October		65,446	53,557	62,306	+16.3		
November		79,785	63,391	82,866	+30.7		
December		87,493	71,236	103,601	+45.4		

There was a slight fall in the fever mortality in February, but an upward course was followed during March and April. Thereafter the mortality decreased again till it recorded the minimum for the year in the month of June. The number of fever deaths again took up an upward trend reaching the maximum in December. Hence two peaks are observed in the monthly variation of fever deaths during the year under report, a small one in April and a bigger one in December. This trend is also seen in the decennial average fever mortality. The fever deaths during the period from September to December showed a distinct rise over that in the corresponding period in the previous year.

The course of the fever mortality and the amount of rainfall during the months of 1939 and 1940 are shown in the following graph.

It will be seen from it that while the amount of rainfall decreased rapidly from August, the incidence however showed a very steep rise: —



49. Fever mortality in districts.—The statement given below shows the death rates from fevers recorded in each district during 1940 and 1939, as also the decennial average rate for the period 1930 to 1939. The districts that reported high rates during the year under report were Nadia (22.07), Rajshahi (21.89), Jessore (21.26), Chittagong (20.68), Rangpur (19.98) and Pabna (19.39). As usual, Calcutta recorded the lowest mortality rate of 2.98 per mille. Howrah district also returned low fever death rate of 3.46 per mille. In twelve districts the fever mortality rates were higher than those in the previous year, the increase ranging from 0.4 per mille in Tippera district to 7.3 per mille in Jessore district. Compared with the decennial average the rates in 1940 have increased in eleven districts, the increase ranging from 0.50 per mille in Faridpur district to 2.76 per mille in Mymensingh district.

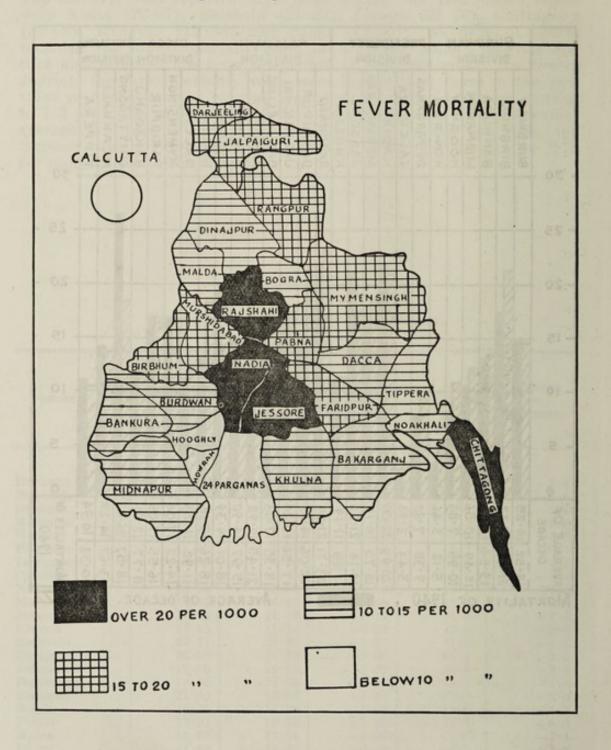
Fever death rates per mille of population.

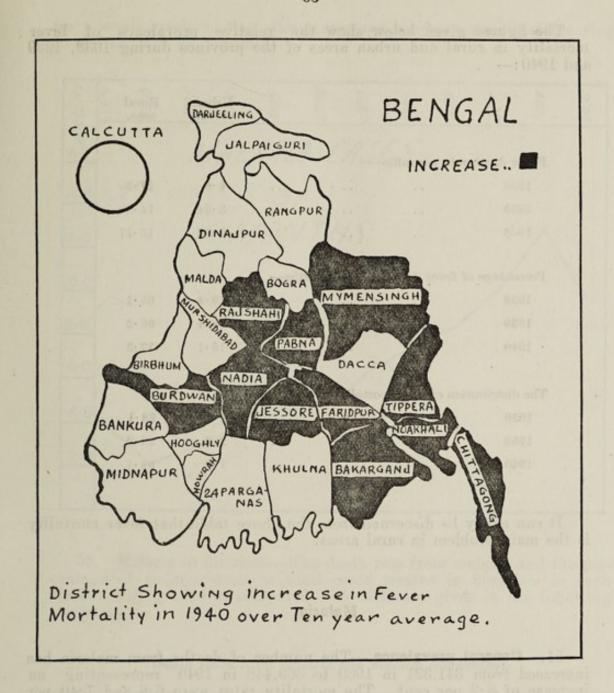
			// 1			16.
Districts.		Decennial average.	1940	Increase or decrease.	1939.	Increase or decrease.
Burdwan Birbhum Bankura Midnapur Hooghly Howrah 24-Parganas Calcutta Nadia Murshidabad Jessore Khulna Rajshahi Dinajpur Jalpaiguri Darjeeling Rangpur Bogra Pabna Malda Dacca Mymensingh		14 ·52 21 ·48 13 ·56 12 ·49 10 ·95 5 ·12 9 ·38 3 ·43 20 ·93 18 ·75 19 ·14 11 ·45 23 ·71 22 ·06 17 ·56 18 ·35 21 ·45 15 ·97 18 ·01 18 ·26 11 ·92 14 ·28	14 · 85 17 · 32 13 · 17 10 · 56 7 · 83 3 · 46 7 · 80 2 · 98 22 · 07 16 · 19 21 · 26 11 · 19 21 · 89 14 · 10 16 · 24 17 · 03 19 · 98 14 · 90 19 · 39 13 · 18 11 · 23 17 · 04	$\begin{array}{c} +0.33\\ -4.16\\ -0.39\\ -1.93\\ -3.12\\ -1.66\\ -1.58\\ -0.45\\ +1.14\\ -2.56\\ +2.12\\ -0.26\\ +1.82\\ -7.96\\ -1.32\\ -1.32\\ -1.47\\ -1.07\\ +1.38\\ -5.08\\ -0.69\\ +2.76\\ \end{array}$	17 · 3 23 · 9 14 · 6 12 · 2 9 · 6 4 · 2 8 · 2 3 · 7 16 · 1 17 · 4 14 · 0 9 · 2 17 · 8 17 · 9 18 · 9 18 · 5 23 · 0 13 · 6 12 · 9 14 · 6 10 · 2 15 · 3	$\begin{array}{c} -2 \cdot 4 \\ -6 \cdot 6 \\ -1 \cdot 4 \\ -1 \cdot 6 \\ -1 \cdot 8 \\ -0 \cdot 7 \\ -0 \cdot 4 \\ -0 \cdot 7 \\ +6 \cdot 0 \\ -1 \cdot 2 \\ +7 \cdot 3 \\ +2 \cdot 0 \\ +4 \cdot 1 \\ -3 \cdot 8 \\ -2 \cdot 7 \\ -1 \cdot 5 \\ -3 \cdot 0 \\ +1 \cdot 3 \\ +6 \cdot 5 \\ -1 \cdot 4 \\ +1 \cdot 0 \\ +1 \cdot 7 \\ \end{array}$
Faridpur Bakarganj Chittagong Noakhali Tippera	::	16 · 55 11 · 77 18 · 57 13 · 67 10 · 38	17 · 05 12 · 69 20 · 68 14 · 28 10 · 94	+0·50 +0·92 +2·11 +0·61 +0·56	$12 \cdot 9$ $11 \cdot 2$ $20 \cdot 9$ $12 \cdot 7$ $10 \cdot 5$	$ \begin{array}{r} +4 \cdot 2 \\ +1 \cdot 5 \\ -0 \cdot 2 \\ +1 \cdot 6 \\ +0 \cdot 4 \end{array} $

The fever mortality rate in each district during 1940, and the decennial average rates are exhibited in the bar diagram given below:—

		BU		W/			PR		VIS						PP								CA			TTA	-	
- 30 -	BURDWAN	BIRBHUM	BANKURA	MIDNAPUR	HOOGHLY	HOWRAH	24-PARGANAS	CALCUTTA	NADIA	MURSHIDABAD	JESSORE	KHULNA	RAJSHAHI	DINAUPUR	JALPAIGURI	DARJEELING	RANGPUR	BOGRA	PABNA	MALDA	DACCA	MYMENSINGH	FARIDPUR	BAKAGANU	CHITTAGONG	NOAKHALI	TIPPERA	. 30 -
- 25																								1		1		- 25 -
- 20		777											THE	7	200		777					1						20 -
- 15	7	11111						200	11111	111111	The same		111111		Time	Institu	1100	100	The same	dille			1111	6	111111	-		- 15 -
- 10		11111		2117	77		7		11111	TIME	11111	m	11111	1111	1111	MILLE	The same	1111	The same	THE STATE OF THE S	7/1	min		1111	Illian	The same	V	10 -
- 5		1111	1	Illin	THE	7			11111	1111	11111	11111	1111111	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	1111	11111	111111	1111	min	THE STATE OF	1111	11/11/11	11111	11111	11111	MILIE	1111	- 5 -
0		1		1	1	1	· mar	111	11111	111			1	1111	1111	1111	1		1	11111		1		min	111	1	1	0
AVERAGE OF DECADE	14-85	17.32	13.17	10.56	7.83	3.46	7.80	2.98	22.07	61.91	21.26	61.11	21.89	14.10	16.24	17.03	86.61	14.90	19.39	13.18	11.23	17.04	17.05	12.69	_	14.28	_	MORTALITY OF 1940
FRA DE	1.52	1.48	3.56	2.49	96.01	5.12	84.6	3.43	20.93	8.75	9.14	1.45	23.71	22.06	7.56	8.35	11.45	26-5	10.8	8.26	1.92	4.28	6.55	1.77	8.57	3.67	0.38	PORTA 19

The distribution of fever mortality rates among the districts and the districts which recorded rates higher than the decennial average are shown in the following two maps:—





50. Fever mortality in urban and rural areas.—In urban areas 13,772 deaths were registered as due to fevers giving a rate of 3.92 per mille in 1940 as against 13,846 in 1959 with a rate of 3.94 per mille. The fever mortality in urban areas has therefore decreased by 0.5 per cent. as compared with the previous year. The number of town that reported high rates (more than 10 per mille) was 12, Kurseong heading the list with 21.2 per mille, while rates less than 1 per mille were recorded in 5 towns, the lowest rate of 0.6 being recorded in Asansol.

703,744 fever deaths occurred in rural areas during 1940 as against 673,741 in 1939, the rates being 15·17 and 14·5 per mille, respectively. This represents an increase of 4·5 per cent. over that of the previous year.

The figures given below show the relative prevalence of fever mortality in rural and urban areas of the province during 1938, 1939 and 1940:—

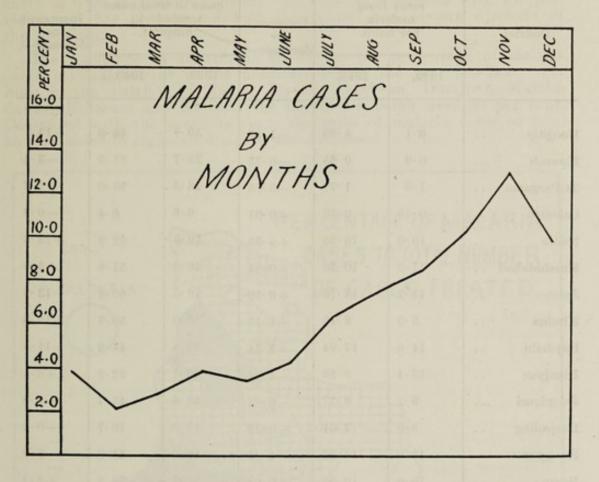
				Urban area.	Rural area.
Fever death r	ate per mille	_ (
1938			V	4.5	17.3
1939		(0.000.00	3 - 94	14 -5
1940				3 -92	15 -17
Percentage of	fever death	s to total de	eaths—		
1938				19 -4	65.1
1939				18.4	66 • 2
1940				19 -1	77 -3
The distributi	on of fever n	nortality in	percentage	-	
1938				1.9	98 -1
1939				2.0	98 -0
1940				1.9	98 -1

It can easily be discerned from the above table that fever mortality is the main problem in rural areas.

Malaria.

- 51. **Ceneral prevalence.**—The number of deaths from malaria has increased from 341,321 in 1939 to 369,448 in 1940 representing an increase of 8.2 per cent. The mortality rates were 6.8 and 7.40 per mille in 1939 and 1940 respectively. The percentage of deaths classified under malaria to total fever deaths was 51.5 during the year under report against 49.6 in the previous year. Malaria was responsible for 33.3 per cent. of the total deaths recorded in the province in 1940 as compared with 31.3 per cent. in 1939. Hence, about a third of the total mortality in the province was due to this disease. 99.5 per cent. of malaria deaths occurred in rural areas and only 0.5 per cent. in urban areas. It will be therefore seen that malaria is the main problem in the rural areas of this province. It has been engaging the special attention of the Public Health Department and the activities in this regard are detailed in the chapter on malaria.
- 52. Seasonal incidence.—The following graph shows the variation in the percentage of malaria cases to total admissions in the hospitals and dispensaries in this province during the months of 1940. Except

for a small break in May, the percentage has been steadily increasing from February to November.



53. Malaria in districts.—The death rate from malaria and the percentage of malaria cases to total cases treated in hospitals in each district during 1940 as compared with 1939 are given in the following statement:—

Death rates from Malaria and Malaria incidences.

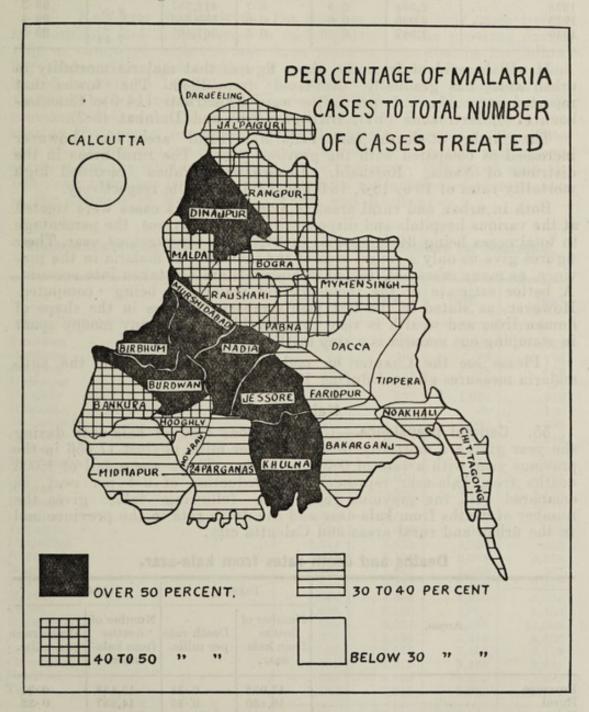
District.		Death rates from malaria per mille.		Increase+ or decrease	Percentage cases to totated hospita	Increase+ or decrease	
		1939.	1940.		1939.	1940.	
Burdwan		10 ·8	9 - 11	-1.69	53 -0	57 -4	+4.4
Birbhum		13 ·3	8 - 99	-4.31	51.7	51 -4	-0.3
Bankura		6.0	4.98	-1.02	42.6	41.5	-1.1
Midnapur		6 -1	5 -11	-0.99	42 -2	33 · 3	-8.9

District.	mal	ath from aria nille.	Increase+ or decrease	Percentage cases to t treate hosp	Increase+ or decrease	
	1939.	1940.	1 018	1939.	1940.	
	THE PERSON NAMED IN	11170	100	Marie Land		
Hooghly	6 · 1	4 .95	-1:15	59 - 7	46.6	-13 ·1
Howrah	0.9	0.65	-0.25	24 .7	21 ·3	-3.4
24-Parganas	1.9	1 .77	-0.13	28 · 3	30 .0	+1.7
Calcutta	0.49	0.50	+0.01	6 · 6	6 -4	-0.2
Nadia	13.0	18.35	+5.35	39 - 6	62 . 9	+23.3
Murshidabad	11 -2	10 .39	-0.81	46.0	51 -8	+5.8
Jessore	11 -2	17.79	+6.59	46.5	60 -3	+13.8
Khulna	5 -0	6 - 15	+1.15	40.0	50 .8	+10.8
Rajshahi	14 -6	17 -94	+3.34	33 ·1	44.6	+11.5
Dianjpur	13 -4	8 - 86	-4.54	46 · 1	52 . 5	+6.4
Jalapiguri	9 -2	8 - 37	-0.83	46 -6	45.7	-0.9
Darjeeling	8.0	7.01	-0.99	19.9	19.7	-0.2
Rangpur	13 .0	11.57	-1.43	48.8	47 -9	-0.9
Bogra	10.0	10.64	+0.64	35 -1	39 -3	+4.2
Pabna	7.6	12 .96	+5.36	32.0	44 -2	+12.2
Malda	11.7	10.62	-1.08	28 · 3	43.0	+14.7
Dacca	2 .7	2 .72	+0.02	12.6	12.8	+0.2
Mymensingh	7 .7	9 -22	+1.52	23 .5	40 -4	+16.9
Faridpur	5.8	8.86	+3.06	26 ·3	32 .2	+5.9
Bakarganj	3.6	4 .26	+0.66	24 ·6	30 ·1	+5.5
Chittagong	5.0	5.03	+0.03	36 -6	37 -3	+0.7
Noakhali	2.0	2 .64	+0.64	26 ·1	30 · 3	+4.2
Tippera	2 . 2	2 .22	+0.02	17 -5	18.4	+0.9

During the year very high malaria mortality rates were recorded in the contiguous area consisting of the districts of Nadia (18·35), Rajshahi (17·94), Jessore (17·79) and Pabna (12·96), while low rates were returned from Calcutta (0·50), Howrah (0·65), 24-Parganas (1·77), Tippera (2·22), Noakhali (2·64) and Dacca (2·72). Compared with the previous year, the rates have increased in 15

districts, and decreased in 12, the increase ranging from 0.01 in Calcutta to 6.59 in Jessore district. The rise as compared with the previous year has been recorded in the central and eastern districts of the province.

The incidence of malaria as shown by the percentage of malaria cases to total treated in the hospitals during the year has been very high in the districts of Nadia, Jessore, Burdwan, Dinajpur, Murshidabad, Birbhum and Khulna, the proportion being over 50 per cent. Compared with the previous year, the rates of malaria cases to total has increased in eighteen districts and decreased in nine.



54. Malaria in urban and rural areas.—It has already been pointed out that malaria is the main problem in rural areas. The figures given

below show at a glance the relative position of rural and urban areas in respect of mortality from malaria:—

Death rates from malaria in urban and rural areas.

diam'nur	lo ou	Income	Urban.	met - m	Rural.			
Yes	ar.	Number.	Rate per mille.	Percentage to total malaria deaths.	Number.	Rate per mille.	Percentage to total malaria deaths.	
1938 1939	::	2,964 2,036	0.8	0·7 0·6	413,557 339,285	8.9	99·3 99·4	
1940		1,967	0.56	0.5	367,481	7·3 7·94	99 - 5	

It will be evident from the above figures that malaria mortality in urban areas has gradually decreased from 1938. The towns that reported rates above 5 per mille were Kamarhati (14.0), Chandrakona (7.0), Netrokona (5.7), Birnagar (5.6) and Dainhat (5.2).

The number of deaths from malaria in rural areas has however increased as compared with the previous year. The rural areas in the districts of Nadia, Rajshahi, Jessore and Pabna recorded high mortality rates of 19.6, 18.4, 18.0 and 13.5 per mille respectively.

Both in urban and rural areas, 4,429,837 malaria cases were treated at the various hospitals and dispensaries in the province, the percentage to total cases being 34.6, against 3,484,735 in the previous year. These figures give us only a rough idea of the incidence of malaria in the province, as many cases not treated in hospitals are not taken into account. A better estimate of the incidences of malaria is being computed. However, as stated in the last year's report, the loss in the shape of human lives and wealth is very considerable, so that any money spent in stamping out malaria is a step in the right direction.

[Please see the Chapter on malaria and kala-azar for the antimalaria measures adopted during 1940.]

Kala-azar.

55. **General prevalence.**—15,453 persons died of kala-azar during the year giving a mortality rate of 0.21 per mille against 17,056 in the previous year with a rate of 0.34 per mille. There was a fall of 1,603 deaths from kala-azar representing a reduction of 9.4 per cent. as compared with the previous year. The following table gives the number of deaths from kala-azar and the death rate in the province and in the urban and rural areas and Calcutta city.

Deaths and death rates from kala-azar.

			1939	9.	1940.	
	Areas.		Number of deaths from kala- azar.	Death rate per mille.	Number of deaths from kala- azar.	Death rate per mille.
Province			 17,056	0.34	15,453	0.31
Rural			 16,430	0.35	14,887	0.32
Urban			 626	0.18	566	0.16
Calcutta			 184	0.16	142	0.12

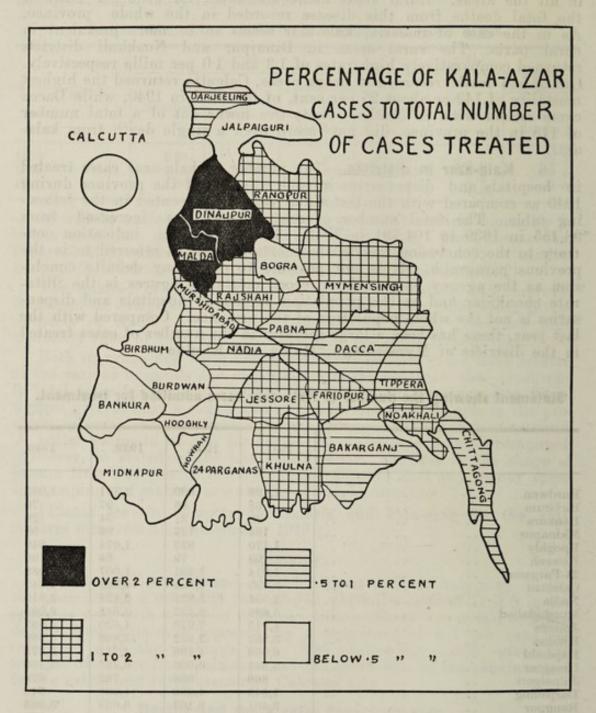
The above figures show a reduction of mortality from kala-azar in all the areas. Rural areas alone accounted for 96.3 per cent. of the total deaths from this disease recorded in the whole province, As in the case of málaria, kala-azar seems to be more prevalent in rural parts. The rural areas in Dinajpur and Noakhali districts returned comparatively high rates of 1.3 and 1.0 per mille respectively. Out of 566 deaths recorded in urban areas, Calcutta returned the highest mortality of 142 or about 25 per cent. of the total in 1940, while Dacca came second with 88 deaths. Forty-two towns out of a total number of 118 in the province, did not record even a single death from kala-azar.

56. Kala-azar in districts.—The number of kala-azar cases treated in hospitals and dispensaries in each district of the province during 1940 as compared with the last three years is presented in the following table. The total number of cases treated has increased from 98,155 in 1939 to 104,791 in 1940. This shows an indication contrary to the conclusion reached by mortality figures referred to in the previous paragraph. It is not possible to draw any definite conclusion as the agency employed to record mortality figures is the illiterate choukidar and as the population served by hospitals and dispensaries is not the whole population of the province. Compared with the last year, there has been a large increase in the number of cases treated in the districts of Mymensingh, Malda and Khulna:—

Statement showing the number of Kala-azar cases admitted for treatment.

			AMARI	1937.	1938.	1939.	1940.
Burdwan	- 54	F. F.		1,428	899	2,361	1,902
Birbhum			V	68	95	97	70
Bankura	- V.			20	21	34	28
Midnapur				194	123	96	91
Hooghly				1,170	932	1,074	949
Howrah	/			93	79	68	106
24-Parganas				1,014	1,491	1,007	989
Calcutta		FER CENT	101.01	5,993	6,064	4,362	4,649
Nadia				3,934	3,974	3,428	3,810
Murshidabad				5,886	6,532	5,842	6,038
Jessore				4,915	7,070	4,520	4,897
Khulna				3,952	3,952	3,869	4,990
Rajshahi				6,066	4,198	4,784	5,376
Dinajpur				5,844	6,606	6,767	7,166
Jalpaiguri				869	656	782	876
Darjeeling				1,648	1,258	1,050	915
Rangpur				9,401	8,103	6,058	5,965
Bogra				1,460	1,685	1,166	967
Pabna				2,655	2,434	2,450	2,517
Malda				3,844	4,393	4,320	5,771
Dacca				7,486	9,190	8,005	8,300
Mymensingh				7,280	6,027	9,357	12,609
Faridpur	1.0	land order		4,381	5,434	4,339	4,366
Bakarganj	- 10.0	THE THE		6,503	7,526	7,460	7,119
Chittagong				4,361	3,810	3,445	3,401
Noakhali				5,832	6,925	5,422	5,490
lippera				6,480	7,317	5,992	5,434
		Total	1	102,777	106,794	98,155	104,791

The anti-kala-azar measures adopted in 1940 are given in the chapter on malaria and kala-azar.



57. Enteric fever.—The following table gives the number of recorded deaths and death rates from enteric fever in the province and in rural and urban areas separately during 1939 and 1940. The corresponding figures for Calcutta are also given:—

Deaths and death rates from enteric fever.

			alai m	19	939.	1940.		
				Number.	Death rate per mille.	Number.	Death rate per mille.	
Province Urban areas	oles a	avig ous		8,290 2,200	0·17 0·63	7,875 1,950	0·16 0·56	
Rural areas Calcutta	.83	nsuRel a	tort est	6,090 1,306	0·13 1·14	5,925 1,040	0·13 0·91	

Compared with the previous year, the mortality from enteric fever has decreased in all the areas mentioned above, the percentage of reduction being 5.0 in the province, 11.4 in urban areas, 2.8 in rural areas and 20.4 in Calcutta. Though the fall was comparatively large in urban areas, the mortality rate is much higher than in rural areas. No deaths from this cause were registered in 41 towns during the year. The municipalities of Howrah, Dacca, Chittagong and Serampur reported high mortality of 266, 69, 39 and 35 giving death rates of 1.2, 0.5, 0.7 and 0.9 per mille respectively. The percentage of deaths from enteric fever to total fever deaths was only 1.16 in 1940 against 1.21 in 1939.

58. Measles.—The number of deaths and the mortality rates from measles registered during the year under report in the province as a whole, in the rural and urban areas separately and in Calcutta as compared with the previous year are shown below:—

Deaths and death rates per mille from measles.

		his jal	193	9.	1940.	
		rates i inflated	Number.	Death rate per	Number.	Death rate per
		The same		mille.	si-most	mille.
Province	 		1,962	0.04	5,789	0 ·12
Province Urban areas	 office: sou	saniil	1,962 247	0/90/2011	475	ADOLY91
				0.04		0 ·12

When compared to the previous year there has been a phenomenal increase in the mortality from measles in all the areas. The number of deaths in the whole province and in rural areas has nearly trebled

while in urban areas it has doubled. Fifty-two towns did not report even a single death from this cause. The contribution of deaths from measles to total mortality is however insignificant.

- 59. Relapsing fever (spirochaetal).—During the year, only two deaths from this disease were recorded in the province, both occurring in rural areas of Darjeeling district. In 1939 five deaths were returned from rural areas.
- 60. Influenza.—The mortality from influenza decreased from 2,467 in 1939 to 2,127 in 1940, the death rate being 0:05 and 0:04 per mille. The reduction in mortality amounts to 13:8 per cent. as compared with the previous year. The number of deaths and the death rates from this disease in rural and urban areas as compared to the Provincial and Calcutta figures during 1939 and 1940 are given below:—

Deaths and death rates from Influenza.

		1939.		1940.	
		Number.	Death rate per mille.	Number.	Death rate per mille.
Province	 	 2,467	0.05	2,127	0.04
Urban areas	 	 386	0.11	384	0 -11
Rural areas	 	 2,180	0.05	1,743	0 -04
Calcutta	 	 331	0.30	330	0 .29

The figures given above show that the fall noticed in the province was solely due to the decrease in the mortality in rural areas, the number of deaths recorded in urban areas remaining the same as in the previous year. Another special feature is that out of 384 deaths registered in urban areas Calcutta alone accounted for 330 or 85.5 per cent. of urban mortality from this disease. In addition to Calcutta, 26 other municipal towns also returned deaths from Influenza.

61. Influenza in districts.—The distribution of death rates from influenza in the districts during 1940 as compared with those in the previous year is given below:—

Death rates from Influenza per mille.

					1939.	1940.	Increase+
Distric	cts.						decrease-
Burdwan					0.04	0.03	-0.01
Birbhum		all .Ve a	1 884.010	r ntool	0.07	0.01	-0.06
Bankura	ing and a	ann Inne	el Jan	soniyes.	0.02	0.03	+0.01

Distr	ricts.				1939.	1940.	ncrease+ or lecrease-
Midnapur	seduire.	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	AL JOS	Bull first	0.02	0.02	±0
Hooghly	THE REST				0.04	0.02	-0.02
Howrah	nith ve	1 16 11.3		ad sees 2	0.01	0.02	+0.01
24-Parganas		Trees certe	and had	20 2000	0.35	0.19	-0.16
Calcutta	a. Calcut	i viilati	in surif	distribution.	0.29	0.29	±0
Nadia	d siltush	In seem	of the c	noitmation	0.02	0.02	±0
Murshidaba		יוולום ברפסו	dell anih	ajour sus	0.01	0.01	±0
Jessore	at Mutaco	The foll	.Joger ;	vear naster	0.003	0.008	+0.005
Khulna			De Privole	1 winds in ro.	0.07	0.03	-0.04
Rajshahi	ADMIT COMP	10 6119111		- H 36/11 . 1 3 1	0.001	0.001	±0
Dinajpur					0.07	0.15	+0.08
Jalpaiguri					0.14	0.10	-0.04
Darjeeling			200717		0.43	0.46	+0.03
Rangpur					0.01	0.01	±0
Bogra	Mortality	Kates per	Mortality	linten per	0.03	0.08	+0.05
Pabna					0.01	0.004	-0.006
Malda					0.01	0.01	0±0
Dacca		Silva			0.01	0.01	±0
Mymensing	h	Alle		133	0.01	0.01	±0
Faridpur	7048	1000	les to se	600	0.003	0.003	±0
Bakarganj	020	20-0	BL	7.0	0.02	0.22	+0.20
Chittagong					0.04	0.04	±0
Noakhali	non	All Ve	35	T	0.01	0.03	+0.02
Tippera	MO.T	1010	18	200 000	0.01	0.02	+0.01

The highest mortality rates were recorded in the districts of Darjeeling (0.46), Calcutta (0.29) and Bakarganj (0.22), while the lowest rate was reported from Rajshahi (0.001). Compared with the previous year, the rates have increased in nine districts, decreased in seven and were the same in the case of eleven districts.

62. **Cerebrospinal fever.**—The following table exhibits succinctly the prevalence of cerebrospinal fever in the different areas of the province during the year under report and the previous year:—

Deaths and death rates from cerebrospinal fever.

			- string	193	39.	194	0.
				Number.	Death rate per	Number.	Death rate per
	10	1000	1,413		mille.		mille.
Province		1600		1,721	0.03	1,378	0.03
Urban areas	0.21	mr. 44	00000	833	0.24	315	0.09
Rural areas		1 41 41	2000	888	0.02	1,063	0.02
Calcutta				795	0.70	284	0.25

Compared with the previous year the mortality from this disease has decreased by 19.9 per cent. in the province, by 62.2 per cent. in urban areas and by 64.3 per cent. in Calcutta, whereas in rural areas it has increased by 19.7 per cent. The urban areas were responsible for the fall in the total mortality from this cause in the province. It should however be mentioned that Calcutta alone was responsible for 90.2 per cent. of deaths from cerebrospinal fever in urban areas. The comparatively large mortality in Calcutta is perhaps due to better classification of the causes of deaths by medical registrars. Only 21 towns including Calcutta recorded deaths from this disease during the year under report. The following table shows the mortality from cerebrospinal fever during the last five years recorded in Calcutta, other towns and rural areas of the province:—

		Calcu	ıtta.	Other t	owns.	Rural areas.		
0.5 + 0.05 -0.000	10-0 80-0 400-0	Mortality.	Rates per mille.	Mortality.	Rates per mille.	Mortality	Rates per mille.	
1936	10-0	432	0.4	28	0.01	450	0.01	
1937	800-9.	369	0.3	29	0.01	540	0.01	
1938	12.0	311	0.3	46	0.02	980	0.02	
1939	10.00	795	0.7	38	0.02	888	0.02	
1940	50-03	284	0.2	31	0.01	1,063	0.02	

63. **Typhus fever.**—Typhus fever caused 5,183 deaths during 1940 giving a rate of 0:10 per mille against 4,443 in 1939 with a rate of 0:09 per mille and shows an increase of 16:7 per cent. Calcutta was entirely free during the year. The details regarding the Typhus fever deaths in urban and rural areas are as follows:—

		no mor	193	9.	1940.		
		éser es	Number.	Death rate per mille.	Number.	Death rate per mille.	
Province	Table Silver Jallier		4,443	0.09	5,183	0.10	
Urban areas		i	44	0.01	89	0.03	
Rural areas	1500	193	4,399	0 -10	5,094	0 -11	
Calcutta	02-0	100		-	4.0	Attention	

64. Blackwater fever.—The mortality from blackwater fever recorded during 1939 and 1940 in the province and the urban and rural areas and the corresponding rates are shown below:—

			dr tot of	193	9. Immess	1940.		
	DACCA DACCA DACCA		HAHELM	Number.	Death rate per mille.	Number.	Death rate per mille.	
Province	ING STATE		91.5	169	0.003	207	0 .004	
Urban areas		2.3	2 5 5.2	8	0.002	7	0 -002	
Rural areas	N 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		0 9 51.0	161	0.003	200	0.004	
Calcutta	5 1 3 6	3.6		121				

Compared with the previous year, the mortality has increased in rural areas, while there was practically no change in urban areas. Only 6 towns registered deaths from this disease during the year under report.

65. Other fevers.—Out of 717,516 fever deaths in the province during the year, 310,054 were grouped under "other fevers", i.e., 43.2 per cent. of fever deaths were classified under this broad heading as against 45:1 per cent. in the previous year. As no provision exists in the Death Registers beyond the detailed sub-heads of fevers discussed in the foregoing paragraphs, such large proportion of unclassified fever mortality is inevitable. It is also not possible to give more detailed classification in view of the agency employed for collecting vital statistics of the province.

302,035 deaths were registered under this group in rural areas and 8,019 in urban areas, the rates being 6.52 per mille and 2.28 per mille as against 6.5 and 2.1 per mille respectively in the previous year.

Dysentery and Diarrhoea.

66. **Ceneral prevalence.**—Dysentery and diarrhœa were together responsible for 45,422 deaths in 1940 as against 54,453 in 1939, the mortality rates being 0.91 and 1.1 per mille respectively. The quinquennial average rate was 1.16 per mille. The number of deaths due to these diseases recorded during the year shows a fall of 16.6 per cent. over that of the previous year. The percentage of deaths from these causes to total number of deaths in the province was 4.1 per cent. in 1940 as compared to 5 per cent. in 1939.

Dysentery alone caused 24,730 and 27,301 deaths in 1940 and 1939, respectively, the rates being 0.50 and 0.6 per mille respectively. During the year 20,692 deaths were registered under diarrhœa giving

a rate of 0.41 per mille as against 27,152 in 1939 with a rate of 0.5 per mille. Hence the mortality from each of these diseases separately has decreased as compared with the previous year.

The death rate from these two diseases together recorded in each district and the decennial average rate for the period 1930 to 1939 are exhibited in the following diagram:—

-		To be	В	UF	R D	W	AN		PF	RE:	SIE	DEI	NC	Y	125)		LA						Di	AC VIS	C A	77	(HI)	ISI	ONG	Trypic Linux
	-4	.0-	BURDWAN	BIRBHUM	BANKURA	MIDNAPUR	HOOGHLY	HOWRAH	24-PARGANAS	CACUTTA	NADIA	MURSHIDABAD	JESSORE	KHULNA	RAJSHAHI	DINAJPUR	JALPAIGURI	DARJEELING	RANGPUR	BOGRA	PABNA	MALDA	DACCA	MYMENSINGH	FARIDPUR	BAKARGANU	CHITTAGONG	NOAKHALI	TIPPERA	- 4.0 -
	bear	200	10 M 10 M	1 E 21					10 mm		OF THE PARTY OF TH		The same of the sa	- C. C. C. C.		200000000000000000000000000000000000000	W 27 C		12			2000	7	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	10 th 11	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2000	1000	1000	3.0_
-	-3	-0-	STATE OF THE STATE OF	The Sales	S STATE OF THE SECOND S	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	The second		TOTAL PROPERTY.		The state of the s	方にかのとし	1 日本日の日本	867 849	2 2 2 2 3	Time and	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		120	THE PARTY OF THE P	大日西田 ·	B	を は は は は の	848 E ST	S 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	でははは、	はしましては	H G H	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	of top
-	- 2	.0-				STATE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	To the second se		100 NO. 100 NO		CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					2				The second second	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR		The second second	in and				7	2.0 -
	-	9-8-7-6-5	77777	3			NAME OF THE PERSON OF THE PERS	NAMEDIA	27.57	NANANA				Commence			NAMA	NAME OF STREET	1	7			NUNNIN	7		444			NAMANA	1.0
	AVERAGE OF	DECADE O-NUT GO	1.0 0.1	14774	1.300	7777	1.6 ///	2.5	1 8 NNN 8	2.5	15 VVVV	3 2 2 2 2	· S	1444 1.	3 2 2 2 2	1 7	9:1	2.3	YAAN 5.	4.4.4. S.	9.	1.2	1.4	VVVV 4.	17/1/2	7777 0:1	6.	1.0.1	1.3 >>>	1940 O - NW + GI 9
-		rta	io:-	9.	-	19	6:194	0 3.2	6.	2.6	4.	4.	5.	6.	4.	1	L-I AV	E 2.9	I.	9.	5.	•	9.1	9.	2.1	6. de		1.3	4.1	MORTALIT OF 1940

- 67. Seasonal incidence.—The mortality from these diseases recorded a fall in February, but it increased again till it reached its apex in April. Thereafter a downward course was taken, the minimum being recorded in June. The incidence of mortality gradually increased till December with a small break in September. The variation in the monthly mortality from dysentery and diarrhea follows closely the trend of cholera mortality except for the small decrease in September referred to above. Compared to the previous year, the rates in all the months except December were lower.
- 68. Mortality from dysentery and diarrhoea in districts.—Statement X of Appendix I, gives the monthly and total mortality recorded under this group of diseases in each district. The following table shows the comparative mortality rates in each district during 1939, 1940 and the decennial average rate for the period 1930 to 1939:—

Death rates from Dysentery and Diarrhoea per mille.

Districts.	Decennial average.	1940.	Increase or decrease.	1939.	Increase or decrease.
94 1310	1 24: Qr.	BO-671-	81.0. ds	11-0	DECAME
Burdwan	1.03	1.02	-0.01	1.6	-0.6
Birbhum	0.55	0.43	-0.12	0.7	-0.3
Bankura	1.59	1 .32	-0.27	1.9	-0.6
Midnapur	1.13	1.10	-0.03	1.6	-0.5
Hooghly	1.93	1.61	-0.32	2.2	-0.6
Howrah	3 -21	2 .49	-0.72	3.0	-0.5
24-Parganas	0.89	0.83	-0.06	0.9	-0.1
Calcutta	2.64	2 .47	-0.17	2.6	-0.1
Nadia	0.42	0.52	+0.10	0.52	±0
Murshidabad	0.35	0.26	-0.09	0.4	-0.1
Jessore	0.34	0.31	-0.03	0.2	+0.1
Khulna	0.51	0.67	+0.16	0.4	+0.3
Rajshahi	0.35	0.34	-0.01	0.32	+0.02
Dinajpur	0.67	0.70	-0.03	0.8	-0.1
Jalpaiguri	1 .72	1.57	-0.15	1.8	-0.2
Darjeeling	2.86	2 .32	-0.54	3 · 3	-1.0
Rangpur	0.81	0.46	-0.35	1.0	-0.5
Bogra	0.60	0.53	-0.07	0.6	-0.1
Pabna	0.50	0.58	+0.08	0.4	+0.2
Malda	0.19	0.15	-0.04	0.21	-0.06
Dacca	1.59	1.35	-0.24	1.5	-0.1
Mymensingh	0.61	0.44	-0.17	0.6	-0.1
Faridpur	1.16	1.07	-0.09	1.12	-0.05
Bakarganj	0.88	0.95	+0.07	1.00	-0.05
Chittagong	0.61	0.88	+0.27	1.1	-0.2
Noakhali	1.30	1.00	-0.30	0.9	+0.1
Tippera	1.44	1 .34	-0.10	1.5	-0.2

As in the previous year, Howrah district reported the highest mortality rate of 2.49 per mille. The other districts which recorded rates higher than 2.0 per mille were Calcutta (2.47) and Darjeeling (2.32). The districts that returned low rates were Malda (0.15), Murshidabad (0.26), Jessore (0.31) and Rajshahi (0.34).

The following table gives the death rates from dysentery and diarrhoea recorded separately in each district during 1939 and 1940:—

Dysentery and Diarrhoea death rates per mille shown separately in each district.

	111		ate per mil	le from	Death rate per mille from diarrhoea.				
Districts.		1939.	1940.	Increase or decrease.	1939.	1940.	Increase or decrease		
Burdwan .		0.52	0.37	-0.15	1.09	0.65	-0.4		
D!-1.1		0.29	0.17	-0.12	0.38	0.26	-0.1		
Bankura .	223	0.38	0.25	-0.13	1.52	1.07	-0.4		
Midnapur .	220	0.65	0.46	-0.19	0.96	0.64	-0.3		
Hooghly .	200	0.35	0.33	-0.02	1.87	1.28	-0.5		
Howrah .		0.92	0.79	-0.13	2.08	1.70	-0.3		
24-Parganas .		0.43	0.43	±0	0.45	0.40	-0.0		
Calcutta .	5	1 -44	1 .45	+0.01	1 .20	1.02	-0.1		
Nadia .		0.21	0.37	+0.16	0.31	0.15	-0.1		
Murshidabad .		0.19	0.15	-0.04	0.18	0.11	-0.0		
Jessore .	.	0.10	0.15	+0.05	0.15	0.15	±0		
Khulna .		0.24	0.26	+0.02	0.23	0.42	+0.1		
Rajshahi .		0.13	0.20	+0.07	0.19	0.14	-0.0		
Dinajpur .		0.29	0.28	-0.01	0.49	0.42	-0.0		
Jalpaiguri .		0.82	0.71	-0.11	1.05	0.85	-0.2		
Darjeeling .		2 .34	1.46	-0.88	1.02	0.86	-0.1		
Rangpur .		0.23	0.18	-0.05	0.81	0.28	-0.5		
Bogra .		0.23	0.23	±0	0.33	0.29	-0 0		
Pabna .		0.21	0.37	+0.16	0.24	0.21	-0.0		
Malda .		0.03	0.05	+0.02	0.17	0.10	-0.0		
Dacca .		1 -10	0.96	-0.14	0.45	0.39	-0.0		
Mymensingh .		0.32	0.26	-0.06	0.26	0.19	-0.0		
Faridpur .		0.77	0.77	±0	0.35	0.30	-0.0		
Bakarganj .		0.79	0.73	-0.06	0.21	0.22	+0.0		
Chittagong .		0.68	0.59	-0.09	0.37	0.29	-0.0		
Noakhali .		0.52	0.57	+0.05	0.38	0.42	+0.0		
Cippera .		1 .13	0.97	+0.16	0.39	0.37	+0.0		
Province .		0.6	0.50	-0.10	0.50	0.41	-0.0		

- 69. Dysentery.—As in the previous years, Darjeeling district returned the highest rate of 1.46 per mille, but there was a large fall as compared with the rate of 2.34 in the previous year. Calcutta came second with the rate of 1.45 per mille. The district of Malda recorded the lowest rate of 0.05 per mille. Compared with the previous year, the rates have increased in 9 districts, decreased in 15 districts and remained the same in 3 districts.
- 70. **Diarrhoea.**—The districts that reported high death rates from diarrhea were Howrah (1.70), Hooghly (1.28), Bankura (1.07) and Calcutta (1.02), while the district of Malda registered the lowest rate of 0.10 per mille. Compared with the previous year the rates have increased in four districts and decreased in twenty-two districts. In one district there was no change.

71. Mortality from dysentery and diarrhoea in urban and rural areas.—In rural areas 38,351 deaths from these two diseases were recorded in 1940 giving a rate of 0.83 per mille as against 46,985 in 1939 with a rate of 1.0 per mille. The mortality has therefore decreased by 18.4 per cent. as compared with the previous year. The rural area in the Darjeeling district recorded the highest rate of 2.3 per mille, while Malda district the lowest rate of 0.1 per mille.

In urban areas, there were 7,071 deaths from dysentery and diarrhoea during the year under report as against 7,468 in the previous year, the mortality rates being 2.01 and 2.13 per mille respectively. There has been a fall of 5.3 per cent. in the mortality from these causes as compared with the previous year. The death rates from this group in urban areas is about two and a half times that recorded in rural areas. Out of 7,071 deaths under this group, 2,816 or 40 per cent. occurred in Calcutta representing a rate of 2.47 per mille. In the previous year, Calcutta reported 3,019 deaths giving a rate of 2.6 per mille. As in the last two years Ramjibanpur returned the highest rate of 5.5. High rates were also registered in Old Malda (5.4), Baranagar (5.2), Kumarkhali (4.9), Budge-Budge (4.5) and Howrah (4.2). The lowest rate of 0.1 was reported from Natore.

Respiratory Diseases.

72. **General prevalence.**—Respiratory diseases caused 85,203 deaths during the year under report representing a mortality rate of 1.71 per mille as compared with 88,458 in 1929 with a rate of 1.77 per mille and the quinquennial average rate of 1.86 per mille. There has therefore been a slight decrease of 3.7 per cent. over that of the previous year. The percentage of deaths from respiratory diseases to total deaths in the Province was 7.7 in 1940. The corresponding figure for the previous year being 8.2. Statistics regarding the detailed causes of deaths under this group are as follows:—

Deaths from Respiratory Diseases.

Diseases.	Number o	of deaths.	Death :		Percentage of variation from 1939.	Percentage of deaths to total from respiratory diseases.		
reducing annuixed	1939.	1940.	1939.	1940.	awn seek	1939.	1940.	
Pneumonia	47,888	44,967	0.96	0 -90	-6.1	54 -2	52 -8	
Pulmonary Tuberculosis	12,422	12,363	0.26	0.25	-0.5	14 -0	14 - 5	
Whooping congh	1,441	1,837	0.03	0.04	+27.5	1.6	2.2	
Other Respiratory diseases	26,707	26,036	0.53	0.52	-2.5	30 -2	30 -5	

The figures given above show that over one-half of total deaths from "respiratory diseases" is due to pneumonia and one-seventh to tuber-culosis. Compared with the previous year, the mortality from whooping cough has recorded a phenomenal increase of 27:5 per cent.

73. Seasonal incidence.—The monthly mortality from respiratory diseases in 1939 and 1940 and the monthly decennial average for 1930 to 1939 are given in the following statement:—

Seasonal mortality from Respiratory Diseases.

Mor	nths.	All per		Number of deaths from respiratory diseases.						
		morn all morn all to etc	Decennial average.	1939.	1940.	of variation from 1939.				
January	blo	apper r	7,898	9,341	8,821	-5.6				
February	prob	rom No	7,345	8,630	8,070	-6.5				
March			7,747	8,765	7,485	-14 -6				
April			7,234	8,350	7,581	-9.5				
May	Bio to	DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF THE	6,085	6,765	6,696	-1.0				
June	te et	orea dri	5,356	5,724	5,662	-1.1				
July	q.odf	100	5,525	5,570	5,603	+0.6				
August	of of	Discuses	5,578	5,703	5,810	+1.9				
September	detaile	offi. s	5,619	5,673	5,799	+2.5				
October			6,335	6,295	6,541	+3.				
November			7,743	8,495	7,569	-10 -				
December			8,822	9,147	9,566	+4.0				

During the year under report the incidence of mortality from respiratory diseases was heaviest during winter, the maximum number of deaths occurring in December. The minimum was recorded in July, whereas decennial averages record the minimum in June. The trend of the mortality was the same as in the previous year except for shifting of the slight fall noticed in February last year to March in this year. Compared with the previous year, the mortality was less in all the months except July to October and December. Compared with the decennial average, it was greater in all the months except March and November.

74. Mortality from respiratory diseases in districts.—In Statement XI of Appendilx I the number of deaths from this group of diseases recorded in each month of the year in every district and the death rates are given. The following table shows the mortality rate from the

respiratory diseases in 1940 as compared with the previous year's rates and the decennial average rate:—

Death rate from respiratory diseases per mille of population.

Districts.	Decennial average.	1940.	Increase or decrease over decennial average.	1939.	Increase or decrease over 1939.
Burdwan	2 ·13	2 .46	+0.33	3 .2	-0.7
Birbhum	1.98	1.50	-0.48	1 .7	-0.2
Bankura	2 .30	2 ·18	-0.12	2 .6	-0.4
Midnapur	1 .88	1 .92	+0.04	2 · 3	-0.4
Hooghly	3 .63	3 .25	-0.38	4 · 1	-0.8
Howrah	3 .77	3 -33	-0.44	3 -6	-0.3
24-Parganas	1.60	1 -74	+0.14	1 .6	+0.1
Calcutta	8 - 19	8 - 59	+0.40	8 -60	-0.01
Nadia	1 -36	1 -16	-0.20	1 ·3	-0.1
Murshidabad	0.66	0.59	-0.07	0.7	-0.1
Jessore	1.06	0.94	-0.12	0.91	+0.03
Khulna	0.96	1 -17	+0.21	0.9	+0.3
Rajshahi	0.77	0.95	+0.18	0.95	±0
Dinajpur	2 .18	2 .52	+0.34	2 . 7	-0.2
Jalpaiguri	4 . 79	5 -15	+0.36	5.6	-0.4
Darjeeling	4.01	3 .32	-0.69	4 ·1	-0.8
Rangpur	1 -31	1 .42	+0.11	1.7	-0.3
Bogra	1.06	1 .23	+0.17	1.4	-0.2
Pabna	1.02	0.98	-0.04	1.1	-0.1
Malda	0.36	0.26	-0.10	0.32	-0.06
Dacca	1 .26	1.30	+0.04	1 .2	+0.1
Mymensingh	0.65	0.71	+0.06	0.72	-0.01
Faridpur	1.48	1 .65	+0.17	1.4	+0.3
Bakarganj	1.77	2.69	+0.92	2 .2	+0.5
Chittagong	0.79	0.96	+0.17	0.9	+0.1
Noakhali	1 .21	1.09	-0.12	0.9	+0.2
Tippera	0.64	0.65	+0.01	0.66	-0.01

As usual Calcutta recorded the highest death rate of 8.59 per mille. The other districts which returned high rates were Jalpaiguri (5.15), Howrah (3.3), Darjeeling (3.32) and Hooghly (3.25). These districts have been consistently reporting high mortality rates during the past four years. The details of the mortality from this group in these districts show that the high rates in Jalpaiguri and Darjeeling are mainly due to pneumonia. Malda district has again recorded the lowest rate of 0.26 per mille. Compared with the previous year the rates have increased in eight districts and decreased in eighteen, while it remained unchanged in one. But as compared with the decennial average rate, it was higher in sixteen districts and lower in eleven districts.

75. Mortality from respiratory diseases in urban and rural areas.—The figures given below show the mortality and the death rates from these diseases in urban and rural areas and in Calcutta as compared with the previous year:—

Deaths and death rates from Respiratory Diseases.

-0-3	+0-14 1-6 +0-1		193	9.	1940.		
		04-0-	Number.	Rate.	Number.	Rate.	
Rural area	as	TO- (8.2	71,160	1 .53	68,216	1.47	
	reas (All neluding Ca	municipal alcutta).	17,298	4 .93	16,987	4.84	
Calcutta	0.0	12-0-	9,811	8.60	9,801	8.59	

When compared to the previous year there has been a fall in the death rates in the three areas referred to above, although in the case of Calcutta the decrease is negligible. Another noticeable feature is that the urban rates are very much higher than the rural rates. Overcrowding and the contaminated atmosphere in urban areas are primarily responsible for such high mortality rates. This is further confirmed by the fact that Calcutta alone accounted for 58 per cent. of the total deaths from these diseases in 1940. The towns that recorded high rates were Howrah (8.7), Kurseong (8.6), Dacca (7.1), South Dum Dum (7.0).

Pneumonia.

76. **Ceneral prevalence.**—During the year under report 44,967 deaths were registered under pneumonia, a sub-group of respiratory diseases, giving a mortality rate of 0.90 per mille. The mortality from this cause has therefore decreased by 2,921, showing a reduction of 6.1 per cent. as compared with the previous year. Pneumonia was responsible for 56.2 per cent. of the total deaths from respiratory diseases. The following statement presents the mortality and death rates from pneumonia in rural and urban areas as also in Calcutta and the province during 1939 and 1940.

Deaths and death rates from Pneumonia.

			19	39.	1940.		
Burdwa		.ei	Number.	Death rate per mille.	Number.	Death rate per mille.	
Province	oT b	heib	47,888	0.96	44,967	0.90	
Urban areas	mi 55	4,53.32	5,382	1.53	5,028	1.43	
Rural areas	the de	nd 11 -	42,506	0.92	39,939	0.86	
Calcutta			2,492	2 -18	2,309	2 .02	

Compared with the previous year, all the areas have recorded a reduction in the mortality. In 1940, the rural areas in the districts of Jalpaiguri, Hooghly, Darjeeling and Dinajpur registered high rates of 4·2, 2·3, 1·9 and 1·9 respectively. Kishoreganj town alone did not record any deaths from pneumonia. The towns that returned high rates were Goberdanga (4·0), Chandrakona (3·7), Arambagh (3·5) and Ramjibaupur and Khirpai 3·2 each.

77. Pneumonia in districts.—The following table shows the distribution of death rates from pneumonia among the districts during 1939 and 1940:—

Death rate from Pneumonia per mille.

				tone recot		Increase+
Distri	oto			1939.	1940.	or
Distri	cus.			1000.		decrease—.
Burdwan				2.05	1 .46	-0.59
Birbhum	r millier	ocontosis be	only Line	0.57	0.39	— ·18
Bankura				1.60	1 .30	− ·30
Midnapur				1.65	1 .31	— ·34
Hooghly			.0004	2.78	2.06	— ·72
Howrah				0.84	0.72	— ·12
24-Parganas		ates de	a	0.92	0.92	± ·0
Calcutta	ras(imis)	or mille.	g Jadian	2.18	2.02	+ .04
Nadia				0.82	0.74	— ·08
Murshidabad				0.38	0.30	— ·08
Jessore				0.47	0.49	+ .02
Khulna	606.21		220,51	0.52	0.51	— ·01
Rajshahi	721.4		F323.	0.57	0.59	+ .02
Dinajpur				1.93	1.84	09
Jalpaiguri	1,058		8,164	4.50	4.19	— ·31
Darjeeling	treas		non te e	2.67	1.88	— ·79
Rangpur	(120/6		1000	1 -17	0.99	— ·18
Bogra				0.84	0.84	± ·0
Pabna				0.64	0.57	07
Malda	aldet	rietaThe	taib ni ais	0.14	0.11	03
Dacca	anvier al	anlument los	Zianomien	0.48	0.57	+ .09
Mymensingh	t ni sk	Old be	e 8881 mm	0.26	0.27	+ .01
Faridpur	ni ha	retarnou seve	per mille	0.81	0.97	+ .16
Bakarganj	00.0 3	orev e dia	brusaus a	1.06	1.44	+ .38
Chittagong	rala iri v	offered are a	tor adt To	0.66	0.67	+ .01
Noakhali	2000 000	anda on -	Invitages	0.45	0.53	+ .08
				0.24	0.32	+ .08
Tippera				0.24	0.32	7 00

The districts that reported high rates were Jalpaiguri (4·19), Hooghly (2·06), Calcutta (2·02), Darjeeling (1·88) and Dinajpur (1·84), while Malda recorded the lowest rate of 0·11 per mille. Compared with the previous year, the rates have increased in ten districts, decreased in fifteen and remained the same in two.

Pulmonary Tuberculosis.

78. Ceneral prevalence.—12,363 persons died of Tuberculosis in Bengal during the year under report against 12,422 in the previous year, the mortality rates being 0.25 per mille in both the years. The fall in the mortality as compared with the previous year is therefore very small. Out of 12,363 tubercular deaths, 7,938 occurred in rural areas yielding a rate of 0.17 per mille against 0.18 per mille in the previous year. In urban areas 4,425 deaths were registered giving a rate of 1.26 per mille against 1.21 per mille in 1939. Compared with the previous year urban areas have recorded more number of deaths from this cause and the rural areas less, the increase in the former being 3.9 per cent. and the decrease in the other being 2.8 per cent. The mortality rates in urban areas show that they are comparatively very much higher than in rural areas, viz., more than seven times the rural rate in 1940. Calcutta alone was responsible for more than twothirds of the tubercular deaths in urban areas. As in the previous year, South Dum Dum returned the highest rate of 5.4 per mille. Seventeen towns did not record even a single death from tuberculosis during 1940. The following statement shows briefly the tubercular mortality statistics in the different areas:-

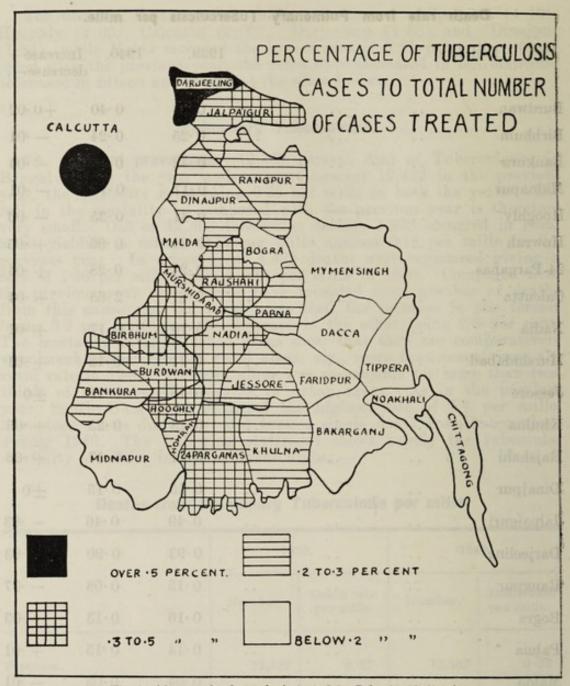
Deaths from Pulmonary Tuberculosis per mille.

		2-78	193	39.	1940.			
		21.6	Number.	Death rate per mille.	Number.	Death rate per mille.		
80rang a	02:00	11186:00	tied atmosp	hyrnem un	In seems on	nodahidan)		
Province	10:0	0.25	12,422	0.25	12,363	0.25		
Urban areas	88-0-0	0.57 11	4,258	1 -21	4,425	1.26		
Rural areas	61	03.4	8,164	0.18	7,938	0.17		
Calcutta	1-88	28.2	2,980	2 .61	3,021	2 .65		

79. Pulmonary tuberculosis in districts.—The table given below shows the death rates from pulmonary tuberculosis recorded in each district of the province during 1939 and 1940. As in the previous year, the highest rate of 2.65 per mille was registered in Calcutta, the district of Darjeeling coming second with a rate of 0.90 per mille. Compared with the previous year, the rates are higher in eleven districts, lower in eleven districts and practically no change was recorded in five.

Death rate from Pulmonary Tuberculosis per mille.

Districts	. 70.3		39	1939.	1940.	Increase+ decrease
Burdwan	91.0	63669	1	0.38	0.40	+0.02
Birbhum	M. C	SCAD TO	.0	0.25	0.24	− ·01
Bankura		h		0.42	0.38	- ⋅04
Midnapur			· · · /	0.17	0.16	− ·01
Hooghly				0 ·41	0.35	- ⋅06
Howrah		ordec.		0.61	0.66	+ .05
24-Parganas		DHENNEY E		0.24	0.28	+ .04
Calcutta	-67	7 · · · · ·	100 S	2.61	2.65	+ .04
Nadia		() () () () ()	1	0.16	0.17	+ .01
Murshidabad	Aggs	AIN DE C	4N	0.11	0.12	+ .01
Jessore	Lienne	3 ·· A	THE PARTY.	0.18	0.18	±0
Khulna	12/	Sandana -		0.18	0.23	+ .05
Rajshahi		7 E	Cause of	0 .11	0.17	+ .06
Dinajpur		1./9	E	0.15	0.15	±0
Jalpaiguri				0 .49	0 .46	03
Darjeeling				0.93	0.90	03
Rangpur				0.15	0.08	− ·07
Bogra				0.16	0 .13	03
Pabna		1 NO.3380		0 ·14	0.15	+ .01
Malda	eth Parate	sciat m's on a	inoluviso	0.04	0.03	− ·01
Dacca				0 -17	0.18	+ .01
Mymensingh	applizati	old all see	bered	0.19	0.18	01
Faridpur	of the co	want or willing	MZ	0.10	0.10	±0
Bakarganj	b the s	in constant	o til.	0.13	0.13	±0
Chittagong	0 1 1 1 N	din sterilo s	Refeet	0.07	0.08	+ .01
Noakhali	13.11	September 1981	los No.	0.08	0.08	±0
Tippera	201 808	all soulist in	7- 9756	0 ·13	0.11	02



The incidence of tuberculosis is 0.3 in Jalpaiguri district.

- 80. Preventive measures.—A scheme to inaugurate measures for prevention and control of tuberculosis in the province in co-operation with local bodies and voluntary organisations has been formulated. It is proposed that half of the expenditure incurred in respect of these preventive measures should be borne by Government and the other half by the local bodies concerned. In accordance with the scheme laid down Government have approved the following:—
 - (i) establishment of tuberculosis clinics at Sadar hospitals at a cost of Rs. 35,000,
 - (ii) establishment of village isolation centres at a cost of Rs. 5,000, the total expenditure on these items for 3 years being Rs. 1,20,000.

81. Tuberculosis Survey at Barisal and Serampur.—The tuberculosis survey commenced in 1939 at Barisal and Serampore was continued at first on the same lines during the year under report. In view of the high incidence of the disease and infection found by investigations carried out at the treatment centre and in the house to house survey amongst a group of population who co-operated with the survey it was considered necessary to survey a representative population by the method of random sampling so that a true index of the incidence of infection and disease for the whole population may be obtained. It was decided at a conference held with the local representatives of the Tuberculosis Survey Advisory Committee of the Indian Research Fund Association, that the I and II methods of survey recommended in the latest report of the Committee should be undertaken. Before adopting this method an epidemiological census of the whole population consisting of nearly 51,000 persons was recorded. The population was grouped in small units of families, i.e., groups of persons with a common kitchen. The families were serially numbered and some families were selected for the survey by Tippetts' random sampling numbers. The census work was completed by the end of November. The random sample survey was done for only one month and the analysis of the data will be done after the survey is completed. With a view to securing public co-operation, modern treatment of tubercular cases was carried out at both the centres.

The survey at Serampore was mainly confined to the Serampore municipal area with a mixed industrial and non-industrial population. The Chest Clinic was opened at the Walsh hospital which is well equipped with X-ray and laboratory diagnostic facilities. The Medical Officer in charge of the survey carried out the clinical pathologist's duty and that of the radiologist. About 1,500 persons who attended the treatment centre in 1940 were examined and the incidence of disease was found to be 14 per cent. About 909 persons were also examined during house to house survey and of these 6.7 per cent. was found to be suffering from pulmonary tuberculosis. Eighty-five per cent. of the persons tested for detection of the presence of infection were found positive.

The survey done at Barisal up to the year ending 1940 was as follows:-

Attendance-14,546 (2,595 new and 11,951 old).

Tuberculosis cases diagnosed—222 (215 pulmonary and 7 non-pulmonary glandular).

Deaths from tuberculosis during treatment-21 (all pulmonary).

Laboratory work-

Number of sputum examination-1,299.

Number of blood examination—85. Number of urine examination—33.

Number of X-ray examination—958.

Number of screening examination cases under A. P. treatment—50.

A. P. treatment done-342 (31 primary and 311 refills).

Operations done—5 (1 upper thoracoplasty, 3 Phrenic Avalsion and 1 Phrenic Crush).

Number of injections performed—520.

Outdoor work done—85 meetings and 352 group talks were conducted, 187 house surveys and 1,593 home visits were made.

82. Activities of the Bengal Tuberculosis Association.—The scheme for the prevention of tuberculosis in Bengal formulated by the Department of Public Health has enabled the Association to co-operate with the department in giving facilities and financial help to the district associations when formed. The Association received a grant of Rs. 10,000 from the Government during the year under report.

During 1940, there were six dispensaries in Calcutta and one in Howrah maintained by the Association and their work was supervised by a specially-trained medical officer. Twenty-eight (17 men and 11 women) Home Visitors were permanently employed by the Association. Seven temporary women Home Visitors were also employed to replace the permanent staff deputed to the work of the tuberculosis survey conducted by the Public Health Department.

The scheme for the establishment of district branches which were circulated last year was followed up in the districts during the year under report. All districts were requested to organise flag days to create a nucleus for starting anti-tuberculosis work, but only 15 districts responded to the request. No new dispensary was opened in the mufassal during the year.

In order to educate the public on the cause, prevention and treatment of tuberculosis, the Association has published a Bengali edition of the book entitled "Romance of Tuberculosis". The Association also participated in 26 exhibitions, of which 25 were held in mufassal. Arrangements were made to broadcast a talk of ten minutes every month from the Calcutta Station of the All-India Radio. 308 lantern lectures were delivered in schools, bustees, parks, clubs and exhibitions to an audience of about 100,000 persons.

- 83. Training of tuberculosis workers.—(a) Post-graduate training.—During the year 30 candidates, of which 10 came from Bengal, joined the post-graduate training course on tuberculosis held in Calcutta in January under the auspices of the Tuberculosis Association of India. The Association also participated in the training course for the D.P.H. students and Health Officers deputed by the Government of Bengal.
- (b) Training of Home Visitors.—No classes were held during the year as several of the trained candidates were still unemployed. The curriculum for the Home Visitors has been revised by the Medical Sub-committee in order to improve their standard and efficiency.
- 84. Activities of Jadavpur Tuberculosis Hospital.—The Tuberculosis Hospital at Jadavpur, with its ancillary at Kurseong, is the only institution of its kind which is intended exclusively for treatment of tubercular patients in the province. The hospital has an accommodation for 164 patients at the end of 1940 against 146 in 1939 and the Sanatorium at Kurseong has 33 beds, the same as in the previous year. During the year the hospital received a grant of Rs. 50,000 from the Calcutta Corporation and Rs. 10,000 from the Government.

The number of patients treated in the hospital during the year was 387, of which 244 (187 males and 57 females) were new admissions and 143 old. Out of 244 new patients 174 were Hindus, 43 Muslims and the rest belonged to other classes. The incidence was highest among students and clerks. It is reported that over 90 per cent. of the patients were admitted at an advanced stage of the disease. Out of 190 patients discharged during the year after staying for over one month, 181 were pulmonary tubercular cases and five were non-pulmonary tubercular

cases. Excluding 31 terminal cases, 95 pulmonary cases were discharged with the disease either arrested or improved.

During the year 57 patients (7 old and 50 new) were treated at the Sanatorium at Kurseong. 49 were discharged, of whom 2 were non-tubercular and 47 were cases of pulmonary tuberculosis. Out of 38 patients discharged after staying for over one month, the disease was either arrested or improved in 24 cases.

85. Whooping cough.—The figures of deaths from whooping cough in the different areas during 1940 as compared with those in 1939 are given below:—

Deaths from whooping cough.

			193	39.	1940.		
			Number.	Death rate per mille.	Number.	Death rate per mille.	
Province		E	1,441	0.03	1,837	0.04	
			49	0.01	79	0.02	
Urban areas							
	::		1,392	0.03	1,758	0.04	

The mortality rates show an increase over those of the previous year in all the areas except Calcutta where no death from this cause was registered in both the years.

86. Other respiratory diseases.—26,036 deaths were recorded under this sub-group of respiratory diseases during 1940 against 26,707 in 1939, the mortality rates being 0.52 and 0.54 per mille respectively. The mortality from this group of diseases accounted for 30.6 per cent. of the total deaths recorded under the respiratory diseases in 1940. The urban and rural areas returned 7,455 and 18,581 deaths respectively in 1940 against 7,609 and 19,098 in 1939.

Injuries.

87. General prevalence.—Deaths from injuries numbered 20,254 during 1940 giving a rate of 0.41 per mille against 21,459 in 1939 with a rate of 0.43 per mille. The details of deaths recorded under the various sub-heads forming the group are given below:—

		193	9.	1940.			
		Number.	Death rate per mille.	Number.	Death rate per mille.		
Homicide Suicide Wounds and accidents Snake bites Killed by wild animals Rabies	H:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	3,445 13,729 3,818 467	0·07 0·27 0·08 0·01	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} 133\\ 3,254\\ 12,802\\ 3,263\\ 303\\ 499 \end{array}\right.$	0·003 0·07 0·26 0·07 0·01		
Total		21,459	0.43	20,254	0.41		

During the year under report, number of persons who died of snake-bites has been separately collected in accordance with the instructions of the Public Health Commissioner with the Government of India. Snake-bites were responsible for 16·1 per cent. of total deaths from injuries. Deaths from all the sub-groups except rabies have decreased as compared with the previous year. 1,546 males and 1,708 females committed suicide.

88. Deaths due to injuries in districts.—The total number of deaths due to injuries and the mortality rates recorded in each district during 1940 are shown in the following statement:—

Deaths from injuries.

4	Hor	nicide.	Suici	de.	Wounds accider	ıts.	200000	e-bite.	Atta wild a	cks of nimals,	R	ables.	Tot	al.
Districts.	Deaths.	Rates.	Deaths.	Rates.	Deaths.	Rates.	Deaths.	Rates.	Deaths.	Rates.	Deaths.	Rates.	Deaths.	Bates.
Burdwan	1	-001	95	-06	342	-22	174	-11	3	-002	15	-01	630	-40
Birbhum	3	-003	69	-07	210	-22	72	-08	3	-003	7	-01	364	-39
Bankura	9	-01	92	-10	210	-22	142	-15	6	-01	5	-01	464	-49
Midnapur	5	-001	117	-04	1,073	-38	312	-11	14	-01	15	-01	1,533	-55
Hooghly	10	-01	165	-15	358	-32	192	-17	4	-003	18	.02	747	-67
Howrah			130	-12	466	.42	43	-04			3	-003	642	.58
24-Parganas	3	-001	234	-08	899	-32	313	-11	24	-01	26	-01	1,499	-54
Calcutta	6	-01	177	-16	349	-31	10	-01	2	-002	29	-03	573	-51
Nadia	2	-001	265	-17	387	.25	218	-14	10	-01	19	-01	901	-59
Murshidabad	12	-01	93	-07	295	-22	191	-14	8	-01	9	-01	608	-44
Jessore	7	-004	234	-14	299	-18	125	-07	26	-02	26	-02	717	.43
Khulna			238	-15	499	-31	190	-12	21	-01	18	-01	966	-59
Rajshahi			118	-09	387	.28	168	-12	2	-001	2	-001	677	-49
Dinajpur	16	-01	100	-06	274	-16	96	-05	29	-02	51	-03	566	-32
Jalpaiguri	2	-002	32	-03	186	-19	67	-07	8	-01	2	-002	297	-30
Darjeeling	1	-003	26	-08	58	.18	10	-03	1	-003	6	-02	102	-32
Rangpur	1	-0003	72	-03	405	-16	126	-05	15	-01	15	-01	634	-22
Bogra	1	-001	68	-06	171	-15	117	-10	10	-01	26	-02	393	.45
Pabna			98	-07	396	-27	80	-06	19	-01	11	-01	604	.43
Malda			39	-04	130	-12	78	-07	1		14	-01	261	-25
Dacca	2	-001	139	-04	740	-22	100	-03	9	-003	42	-01	1,032	-30
Mymensingh	15	-003	179	-03	985	-19	101	-02	10	.002	40	-01	1,330	.26
Faridpur	9	-004	193	-08	466	-20	107	-05	12	-01	12	-01	799	-34
Bakarganj	16	-01	95	-05	781	-43	122	-07	6	-003	15	-01	1,035	-56
Chittagong	8	-004	40	.02	700	-39	42	-02	1	-001	15	-01	806	-45
Noakhali	4	-002	46	.03	764	-45	57	-03	13	-01	15	-01	899	-53
Tippera			99	.03	972	-31	10	-003	47	-02	44	-01	1,172	-38
Province	_	-003	3,253	-07	12,802	-26	3,263	-07	303	-01	500	-01	20,254	-41

The highest death rate of 0.67 per mille from injuries as a whole was returned by Hooghly district and the lowest rate of 0.24 per mille by Rangpur district. The mortality rate from suicide varied from 0.17 per mille in Nadia district to 0.02 in Chittagong district. As in the previous year Noakhali district again recorded the highest rate of 0.45 per mille from wounds and accidents, while Malda reported the lowest rate of 0.12 per mille. Deaths from snake-bites which were classified along with wounds and accidents in the previous years, were separately compiled during the year. It will be seen from the above table that the number of deaths caused by snake-bites were nearly eleven times the number of persons killed by wild animals. The highest rate of 0.17 from snake-bites and the lowest rate (0.003 per mille) were returned by the districts of Hooghly and Tippera respectively. High death rates from rabies were registered in the districts of Calcutta and Dinajpur (0.93 per mille each) and the lowest rate (0.001 per mille) in Rajshahi district.

89. Deaths due to injuries in urban and rural areas.—The following table gives the number of deaths and the death rates due to injuries recorded in urban and rural areas and in the city of Calcutta during 1940.

Deaths	from	ini	uries.
Deaciis	HUUIII	ш	ul ico:

		Deaths.	No.	Death rate per mille.			
	Rural.	Urban.	Calcutta.	Rural.	Urban.	Calcutta.	
Homicide	121	12	6	0 -003	0.003	0.01	
Suicide	2,896	358	177	0.06	0.10	0.16	
Wounds and accidents	11,547	1,255	349	0 -25	0.36	0.31	
Snake-bites	3,189	74	10	0.07	0.02	0.01	
Killed by wild beasts	291	12	2	0 -01	0.003	0.002	
Rabies	439	60	29	0.01	0.02	0.03	
Total 1940	18,483	1,771	573	0.40	0.50	0.51	
Total 1939	19,707	1,752	660	0.42	0.50	0.58	

Compared with the previous year, the number of deaths due to injuries in rural areas and Calcutta was lower and that in urban areas was higher. In urban areas, Sirajganj recorded the highest rate of 1.9 per mille followed by Hooghly-Chinsura (1.6 per mille).

90. Leprosy.—During the year under report 1,304 lepers died in the province, of whom 1,273 were registered in rural areas and 31 in urban areas, the mortality rates being 0.03, 0.03 and 0.01 per mille respectively. In 1939, there were 1,517 deaths from leprosy (1,446 rural and 71 urban). Compared with the previous year there has been a reduction of 14 per cent. in the mortality from this disease. 96.6 per cent. of deaths from this cause occurred in rural areas and 2.4 per cent. in urban areas. Only sixteen municipal towns reported deaths from leprosy. In the rural areas of the districts of Khulna and Dinajpur no deaths from this cause were recorded, while other districts were affected, Bankura reporting the largest number of deaths during the year.

Leprosy is prevalent throughout the whole province but more so in the following districts:---

- Rangpur.
 Midnapur.
- (3) Murshidabad.
- (4) Birbhum.
- (5) Nadia.
- (6) Rajshahi.

- (7) Bankura.
- (8) Dinajpur.
- (9) Dacca.
- (10) Hooghly.
- (11) Mymensingh.
- (12) Burdwan.

The British Empire Leprosy Relief Association, Bengal Branch, whose object is to exterminate leprosy in Bengal as early as possible and to afford relief to lepers, conducted sample leprosy surveys in cooperation with the Public Health Department in 15 municipal towns, one union in Birbhum district and six police-stations in the districts of Malda, Bogra, Murshidabad, Chittagong and Rangpur. The object of the survey was to ascertain the incidence of leprosy and to suggest measures for the control of the disease. A training class in leprosy for doctors was conducted under the auspices of the Association and 19 doctors attended the course. Two other doctors from Bengal also attended the training course in the special treatment of leprosy held at the Leprosy Department of the School of Tropical Medicine, Calcutta.

Leprosy causes severe and prolonged suffering and is difficult to cure if not tackled early and requires prolonged treatment. So it is essential that this disease should be detected early and necessary facilities ought to be provided at suitable places for treatment and control of this disease. Hitherto independent efforts were made in isolated cases to combat this disease by starting leprosy clinics, but their number was too small for the need and in most cases these centres were run by unqualified medical men. Isolation of cases, one of the important factors in controlling this disease was not provided for.

In order to remedy such defects, a comprehensive leprosy scheme for control has been prepared by this department and approved by the Government.

The scheme comprises the following:-

- (a) Special course of training of medical and health officers in leprosy work.
- (b) Establishment of leprosy clinics in Sadar and Subdivisional hospitals and than dispensaries and in suitable villages under qualified and specially trained medical officers for early diagnosis and proper treatment.
- (c) Establishment of District Leprosy Board for better control of clinics of the whole district.
- (d) Establishment of village isolation centres.
- (e) Establishment of milk kitchens.
- (f) Survey and propaganda work.

The complete eradication of leprosy in Bengal is very difficult to be achieved for various reasons. Apart from anything else, a large number of lepers do come often, mostly as labourers and beggars, from neighbouring provinces, e.g., Bihar, Orissa, etc. Nevertheless, it is imperative that this problem should be tackled, but this will not be possible at all without active interest and close co-operation of the public.

A copy of type scheme has already been sent to all municipalities, district boards and other local authorities.

The control of leprosy lies in the first instance in the spread of a network of leprosy clinics at suitable centres on an approved plan. Hence a beginning has already been made in conjunction with some local authorities for the establishment and maintenance of clinics with subsidy from Provincial Government to the extent of Rs. 200 and Rs. 115 per year as initial and recurring cost towards each clinic.

The medical officer in charge who has been specially trained in the work will attend each clinic at least twice a week. The existing clinics should also come under the Provincial Scheme without further delay and the Government are prepared to meet their share of contribution.

Establishment of District Leprosy Committee with District Magistrate as the President and the District Health Officer as the Secretary and representatives of various local bodies, as members is absolutely necessary in those districts where this disease is prevalent for the better control of all leprosy clinics both existing as well as those that are going to be started. As the existing clinics do not belong to one local authority, it is all the more necessary that such committee should precede the establishment of clinics. Of course, in the transitory period, the local authorities have been allowed to control these clinics so long as the District Leprosy-Committee is not-established.

91. Propaganda, Survey and training, etc.—This has been entrusted for the present to the workers of the British Empire Leprosy Relief Association for which the Bengal Government has sanctioned an annual grant of Rs.10,000 to this Association. Medical officers and other health workers in connection with leprosy works are being trained at the School of Tropical Medicine by the members of Leprosy Department of the School and British Empire Leprosy Relief Association.

The district boards of Bankura, Birbhum, Midnapur, Hooghly, Bogra, Khulna and Mymensingh as well as the municipalities of Rajshahi and Burdwan accepted the scheme. A District Leprosy Committee has been formed in Bankura district as per scheme. New clinics are being started in the districts of Hooghly, Bogra, etc. It is expected that the existing clinics of Bankura, Birbhum and Midnapur would come under the Provincial Scheme very soon to enable them to get grant from provincial funds. A revised scheme for leprosy colony at Salboni in the district of Midnapur has been received from the District Magistrate, which is under the consideration of the Government.

The following schemes were sanctioned by Government during the year:-

(a) The leprosy treatment centre at Sonabola in the Bogra district for 1940-41 and also for the subsequent years up to 1945-46.

(b) The establishment and maintenance of anti-leprosy clinic at Raghubati union in the Hooghly district for 1940-41 and for the subsequent years up to 1945-46.

(c) The maintenance of 33 anti-leprosy clinics started by the Bankura district board for 1940-41 and also for the subse-

quent years up to 1945-46.

(d) The establishment and maintenance of the anti-leprosy clinic by Rajshahi municipality for 1940-41 and for the subsequent years, 1945-46.

- 92. Anthrax.—Eighteen deaths from anthrax were recorded during 1940 as against none in 1939. All these occurred in rural areas, 13 in Birbhum, 3 in Jalpaiguri and one in each of the 24-Parganas and Noakhali districts.
 - 93. All other causes.—215,335 deaths were registered under the broad classification "all other causes" during the year under report, as compared with 198,321 in the previous year, representing mortality rates of 4.32 and 4.0 per mille respectively. As the deaths recorded under this group forms a large proportion of total deaths in the province, 19.4 per cent. in 1940, an attempt has been made to compile statistics giving more details of the cause of deaths. During the year, three more sub-groups have been added giving mortality from anthrax, epidemic dropsy and tuberculosis of meninges. The number of deaths and the death rates from the various diseases constituting this group in rural and urban areas as also in the Province and Calcutta are given in the following statement:—

Deaths from all other causes.

		7103		Deat	ths.	and.	Death rate per mille.				
			Pro- vince.	All towns.	Cal- cutta.	Rural areas.	Pro- vince.	All towns.	Cal- cutta.	Rural areas.	
Anthrax—	P. L.					Marie II	(4) (5)	data	Boile	190821	
1939				eparately 1	ecorded.		0004	MARIE !	011	000	
1940 Acute polion	velitie_		18			18	-0004	**	3	-0004	
1939	пуспы-		365	2		363	-01	-0006		-01	
1940		100	439			439	-01			-01	
Beri-Beri-					000		0.0	OUDE TO	2011 30	000	
1939 1940			1,517	502	286	1,015	·03	·14 -03	.25	-02	
Cancer—		**	830	90		740	-02	-03		-02	
1939			951	508	353	443	-02	-14	-31	-01	
1940			853	393	220	460	.02	·11	·19	.01	
Chickenpox-	-			1		100	-004	-004	The state of the s	004	
1939 1940	100		192 551	16 38		176 513	·004 ·01	-004	***	·004 ·01	
Diptheria-		**	201	90		313	-01	-01	100	-01	
1939			620	168	111	452	-01	-05	-10	-01	
1940			704	147	65	557	. 01	.04	.06	-01	
Epidemic D	ropsy-		100	N-1			11 197	In-Aleba	10 1000	11/19/11/19	
1939 1940			506	Not sepa 196	rately rec	orded.	-01	-06	-16	-01	
Leprosy-			300	1 190	1 110	1 310	-01	-00	10	-01	
1939			1,517	71	20	1,446	-03	-02	-02	-03	
1940			1,304	31		1,273	.03	-01		.03	
Mumps-				0.			000	-01		001	
1939 1940			100	31		53 98	-002 -002	-002		-001	
Tuberculosis	of joints		100	-	I mile	90	-002	200	100	002	
1939			176	19		157	-003	-005		-003	
1940			282	1 8		274	.01	•01		•01	
Tuberculosis		-	37-4				10997	0.1191	96.2 3	11	
1939 1940			56	t separatel	_	a. 56	-001	130,8111	13 0000	-001	
Other tuber	cular dises	ases-	30	1		1	1001			-001	
1939			795	334	238	461	.02	-09	.21	-01	
1940			1,104	355	174	749	-02	.10	.15	.02	
Childbirth-			15,792	701	80	15,091	9 50	7 -99	2.52	9.58	
1940	::		16,133	692	76	15,441	9 -21	7.44	2 33	9 .21	
Other Cause			10,100		10	10,111			2 00		
1939			176,312	25,355	11,895	150,957	3.53	7 -22	10 .43	3 .25	
1940			192,455	26,202	12,533	166,253	3.86	7.47	10.99	3.59	
Total-		1	-	-	10000		The section	7000	100000	1200	
1939		-	198,321	27,707	12,983	170,714	3 -97	7 -89	11 -38	3 .68	
1940	O. Hall	06.0	215,335	28,154	13,246	187,181	4 -32	8.02	11 -61	4 .04	

^{*}Rates shown are per 1,000 of live-births.

Chapter IV.

FAIRS AND FESTIVALS.

94. There are five big melas in the province, namely, Ganga Sagar Mela in the 24-Parganas district, Langalbund Mela in the Dacca district, Sitakunda Mela in the Chittagong district, Tarakeswar Mela in the Hooghly district and Allowakhawa Mela in the Dinajpur district. During 1940, none of these melas served as a source of dissemination of epidemic diseases although some cases of infectious diseases occurred at the Ganga Sagar Mela only. The co-ordinated efforts of the local bodies concerned and of the Bengal Public Health Department have been successful in rendering these melas harmless from the public health point of view.

A brief account of each of the melas mentioned above held during the year under report is given below.

- (a) Ganga Sagar Mela.—It was held from the 13th to the 15th January 1940. About 80,000 pilgrims assembled at the mela, of which 9,547 were conveyed from the port of Calcutta by the various steamer companies. The Calcutta Port Health Department in co-operation with the Calcutta Corporation, the Police Department, the Public Health Department and the St. John Ambulance Corps afforded necessary facilities for embarkation. Adequate precautionary measures against any possible outbreak of epidemic diseases were taken by the Corporation staff together with the staff deputed by the Public Health Department and by the St. John Ambulance men. As in the previous year, arrangement in respect of drinking water-supply, conservancy, medical treatment and personal safety of the pilgrims was made under the capable supervision of separate batches of enthusiastic workers. Besides the district board staff consisting of doctors, sanitary inspectors and sweepers, 12 voluntary organisations deputed some volunteers for work at the mela ground. The district board provided the mela with an isolation ward and a dispensary for the treatment of patients. At the isolation ward 12 cases were admitted, of whom two were found affected with smallpox, one with diarrhea and nine with cholera. No death from cholera was recorded in the island. The diarrhoa case and one -cholera case were cured and discharged. Two smallpox cases and 8 cholera cases were transferred to the Diamond Harbour Hospital. There were two tanks in the mela ground. As five tanks were engulfed in the sea during the last few years, the district board has been advised to construct one more tank there.
- (b) Langalbund Mela:—The bathing festival took place in the early morning of the 5th April 1940. About 12,000 people assembled, of whom many came in boats. This year the number of visitors was very small owing to the abnormal condition of communal tension throughout the district. Special arrangements were made and the number of taps supplying water was nearly doubled. The District Health Officer with two epidemic doctors, one homeopath, a sanitary inspector, a sanitary

supervisor, one compounder, 4 vaccinators, 13 methors and 2 domes together with the help of few volunteers, made necessary arrangements for the comfort and convenience of the pilgrims. The river ghats were disinfected from time to time and there was no rush of pilgrims in any ghat as in the previous years. Arrangement was made to have the water efficiently chlorinated at all times during the mela period. Only one case of diarrhoea occurred at the mela ground. There was no case of cholera or smallpox. A large number of vaccinations were performed among the pilgrims.

- (c) Sitakund Mela:—This mela was held from the 5th March to the 11th March 1940. About 50,000 people assembled in the mela. The pilgrims came not only from all the districts of Bengal but also from outside the province. The Mela Committee under the Puri Lodging Act made all possible arrangements for comfort and convenience of the pilgrims. The District Health Officer with his staff and with the aid of volunteers, organised and carried through a block system for efficient working of conservancy arrangement. No case of cholera or smallpox occurred in the mela. Several cases of injury, sunstroke and diarrhoea were treated by the medical officers deputed to the mela.
- (d) Tarakeswar Melas:—During the months of March and April 1940, the two important festivals of Siva Ratri and Chaitra Sankranti (Zagon Mela) were held at Tarakeswar. There was no case of cholera, dysentery, diarrhœa and small-pox during the mela. Arrangement was made by the Bengal Public Health Department in co-operation with the public health staff of the district board for carrying out necessary anticholera measures in the mela ground.
- (e) Allowakhawa Mela:—This mela was held from the 14th of November to the 13th December 1940. On an average about 15,000 people assembled daily at the mela. The District Health Officer with one doctor, two sanitary inspectors, one compounder, 50 sweepers made necessary arrangements for the conservancy and the prevention of the epidemic diseases. Total number of patients treated in the temporary fair dispensary was 2,952. There was no outbreak of any epidemic diseases during the mela period. The water-supply was from 64 pucca wells, 200 kutcha wells and one river. Tube-wells could not be sunk on account of defect of the soil.

Chapter V.

Urban Sanitation and Water-supply.

95. Sanitary administration.—In all the municipalities of the province excluding Calcutta, 25, Health Officers and 122 Sanitary Inspectors were employed during 1940 as against 25 and 101 respectively in the previous year. Twenty-nine municipalities did not employ either a Health Officer or a Sanitary Inspector. The public health duties in these municipalities were carried out by the Sanitary Inspectors of the district boards or of neighbouring municipalities. The District Health Officer concerned is also in charge of some branches of the public health administration in such municipalities. The following statement shows the number of inspections made by the four Assistant Directors of Public Health in charge of the circles during the year under report:—

colition per promptings		Munie Inspec		Health circle inspections.	Special *inspections.	
Assistant Director of Public	Health in cha	arge of—				
Burdwan circle	195-8501		4	27	54	
Presidency circle			2	16	85	
Rajshahi circle	of the last		3	40	40	
Dacca circle	1.9.1	STEERSON	7	38	23	
1.3 10 0.0	Total	2017/6,61	16	121	202	
	2-10		1	1 14	Parality.	

The receipts and expenditure of the municipalities with special reference to public health administration discussed below are extracted from the reports on the working of the municipalities in Bengal during 1939-40.

During the year 1939-40 the number of rate-payers in the 118 municipalities of the province excluding Calcutta was 392,705 or about 16.8 per cent. of the total population in the municipal areas as compared with 387,696 or 16.35 per cent. in the previous year. The total receipts including the opening balance of Rs. 24,63,520 amounted to Rs. 1,38,36,717 during 1939-40, the corresponding figures for 1938-39 being Rs. 24,79,972 and Rs. 1,42,84,987. The total receipts have therefore decreased by Rs. 4,48,270 or 3.1 per cent. The amount of average receipts in each municipality was Rs. 1,17,260.3. The average incidence of taxation per head of population was Rs. 3-6-1 in 1939-40 against Rs. 3-7-11 in 1938-39.

The total expenditure excluding extraordinary items and debts was Rs. 1,03,12,030 in 1939-40 against Rs. 1,05,19,538 in 1938-39 showing a decrease of Rs. 2,07,508 or 2 per cent. The following table shows the

expenditure under the principal heads and the proportion to total receipts including the opening balance:—

		Total expenditure during	Percentage of to the tota		Increase
ally.		1939-40.	1938-39.	1939-40.	decrease,
and a OFT and the Side	o inc	Rs.	37.6	ento vacio	80.18
Public Health		53,18,958	37.6	38.4	+0.8
Public Safety		9,16,689	7.1	6.6	-0.5
Roads	99.0	12,21,766	8.2	8.8	+0.6
All other requirements		28,54,617	20.7	20.6	-0.1

The average expenditure per head of municipal population on the several public health items is given below:—

	Total expenditure during	Avera	ige e	po	enditur pulatio	e p	er	Percentage of increase
	1939-40.	1938	3-39.		1939	9-40).	decrease.
The state of the second	Rs.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	drawing of
Conservancy	24,68,518	1	0	4	1	0	10	+3.1
Water-supply	12,80,798	0	9	4	0	8	9	-6.3
Drainage	5,19,202	0	3	5	0	3	6	+2.4
Disposal of dead bodies and burial and burning ghat charges.	68,896	0	0	5	0	0	6	+20.0
Markets and slaughter houses	63,144	0	0	5	0	0	5	±
Hospitals and dispensaries and plague charges.	4,72,423	0	3	3	0	3	3	±
Vaccination	49,678	0	0	4	0	0	4	±
Charges on account of Health Officers and Sanitary Inspec- tors.	2,41,638	0	1	8	0	1	8	± 411
Registration of births and deaths	21,144	0	0	2	0	0	2	±
Other sanitary requirements	1,33,517	0	1	0	0	0	11	-8.5
Total	53,18,958	2	4	3	2	4	2	-0.2

Compared with the previous year, the expenditure per head of population in respect of conservancy, drainage and disposal of dead bodies

and burial ground and burning ghat charges, increased, while that on water-supply and other sanitary requirements decreased. The expenditure under other heads have practically remained the same as in the previous year.

The total expenditure incurred by some of the municipalities during 1939-40 on certain subsidiary heads is shown below:—

			1938-39.	1939-40.
			Rs. 22,507	Rs.
(i) Anti-malaria measures			22,507	43,986
(ii) Public Health Propagano ing health exhibition	da work	includ-	1,682	1,893
(iii) Infectious diseases hospit	tals		26,766	33,310

The municipalities which incurred capital expenditure of Rs. 5,000 and above on drainage and water-supply are noted below:—

(a) Water-supply.

			Rs.
Hooghly-Chinsural	n		 44,252
Howrah			 12,367
Halisahar			 11,187
Baranagar			 76,212
Tollygunge			 8,848
Krishnagar			 12,950
Jessore			 6,243
Dacca			 22,678
Narayanganj			 23,823
Comilla			 12,337
Chandpur			 26,451
	(b)	Drainage.	
Tollygunge			 5,178
Asansol			 42,542
Hooghly-Chinsural	1		 5,927
Serampore			 10,246
Howrah			 44,050
Khulna			 8,013
Darjeeling			 10,810

and burial created and describe the chargest immediate land that while the whole water-supply and other sanitary requirements dedicated the water the the contract of the buriantees and the contract the the contract of the

The total state dation incomed by some of the municipalities during 1930-40, or version substitute beads in shown below:

(it Anomalaria resolute a series included a series and series and

The manifelpolities which incorred capital expenditure of Rs. 5,000 and above un draining and water-apply one count below:--

		ret-aupply.			
			A STEEL	Hooghly Chir	
	***			Halisahar"	
				Darra	
23,823					
				Comillio	
				Chamitour	
		trainage.			
		4 4 44			
	* *			- lorante.	
	10		House		
8,018	**	24		anhidal .	
10,810				AudicelmoT	

010

Chapter VI.

Rural Sanitation.

Rural sanitation .- The rural public health organisation has been in existence since 1927. Some of the districts have difficult means of communication and have too vast an area for one Health Officer to attend to the various public health activities all by himself. This is also true in the case of Sanitary Inspectors in charge of rural health circles which extend over one revenue thana area. Moreover the activities of the Sanitary Inspectors have been mainly confined to the combating of outbreaks of epidemic diseases, such as cholera and smallpox and to the work in connection with the adulteration of articles of food. They have done practically nothing with regard to combating malaria excepting distribution of quinine. There are other branches of public health work, such as systematic health education, intensive and thorough vaccination with adequate supervision, water-supply, etc., that should claim the immediate attention of the sanitarian. In order that the activities of the health staff may be carried out efficiently it is necessary to give adequate help to the District Health Officer and the area of the health circle will have to be reduced a great deal. With this in view, a scheme for the complete reorganisation of the rural public health services has been prepared and submitted to Government, the main feature of the scheme being the combination of preventive and curative measures. Under this scheme, a group of two union boards will form a health unit area with a main treatment centre in charge of a specially-trained Rural Medical Officer of Health who will be assisted by two Health Assistants, one for each union board, a parttime qualified dai and a servant. The Health Assistant will be the permanent vaccinator of the union board. One Assistant Medical Officer of Health will generally be appointed for each subdivision and the public health work in each district will be in charge of the District Health Officer who will become a Government servant. The district boards of Dacca, Faridpur, Murshidabad, Rangpur, Bakarganj and Jessore have passed resolutions accepting the scheme.

The system of registration of births and deaths in all the rural areas was the same. But in a few districts a new system of compilation and transmission of vital statistics recorded in the district is being tried, so that compilation work for the whole district may be expedited. Experience has, however, proved that this system has effected no improvement in the expeditious compilation of vital statistics. The birth and death rates in the rural areas of the province were 34.4 and 22.4 per mille respectively as compared with 32 6 and 21.9 per mille respectively in the previous year.

There was a considerable reduction in the mortality due to cholera in rural areas from 30,008 in 1939 to 19,884 in 1940. This perhaps explains the low number of anti-cholera inoculations (1,253,952) done during the year as against 1,766,343 in the previous year. The number of deaths from smallpox also decreased from 3,890 in 1939 to 3,215 in 1940.

Malaria still remains the main problem in rural areas. The mortality from malaria has increased from 339,285 in 1939 to 367,481 in 1940. Two anti-malaria schemes, one in Malda district and the other in Noakhali were sanctioned by Government during 1940. Two anti-malarial schemes in the Rangpur district, one in Pabna and eight in the Chittagong district were approved by the Public Health Department during the year.

Fifty-seven classes were held in the district boards for training indigenous dais during the year. Particulars regarding the number of dais trained are not available, as the course which were begun late have not been completed during the year under report.

The Assistant Directors of Public Health inspected 121 health circles during the year, besides other special inspections.

The rural Sanitary Inspectors visited 5,800 schools and examined 207,988 students against 193,325 in the previous year.

97. District Boards' income and expenditure.—The total receipts in the twenty-six district boards including an opening balance of Rs. 47,73,244 aggregated to Rs. 2,13,27,743 during 1939-40 against the opening balance of Rs. 60,13,775 and the total receipts of Rs. 2,19,37,731 in 1938-39. The total receipts have decreased by Rs. 6,09,988 or 2.8 per cent. as compared with the previous year.

The total expenditure excluding debts amounted to Rs. 1,54,28,899 during 1939-40 against Rs. 1,56,05,917 in the previous year, showing a reduction of Rs. 1,77,018 or 1:1 per cent. The following table shows the expenditure under some of the main heads and its percentage to total receipts during the year under report:—

Heads,		Total expenditure.	Percentag recei		Increase or
		expenditure.	1938-39.	1939-40.	decrease.
on he man de	ine de	Rs.		di general	driesis 3
Communications		41,66,076	19.1	19.5	+0.4
Buildings		2,29,620	1.3	1.1	-0.2
Public Works		67,07,998	31.3	31.4	+0.1
Water-supply		8,07,199	3.9	3.8	-0.1
Drainage		51,151	0.3	0.2	-0.1
Sanitation		20,37,558	9.7	9.6	-0.1
Vaccination		2,62,222	1.2	1.2	±
Plague charges		98,661	0.6	0.5	-0.1

Compared with the previous year, the expenditure on water-supply, drainage, sanitation and plague charges has decreased, while that on

vaccination remained practically the same. The total expenditure on these items forms 15.3 per cent. of total receipts. The expenditure on water-supply, drainage, sanitation, vaccination and plague charges per head of population works out to 1 anna and 1 pie.

98. Village Self-Covernment (Union Boards).—The total number of union boards in the province increased from 5,072 in 1938-39 to 5,126 in 1939-40. Excluding the opening balance, the income of union boards amounted to Rs. 1,04,99,026 in 1939-40 against Rs. 1,01,37,025 in the previous year. The expenditure of union boards increased from Rs. 1,01,74,924 in 1938-39 to Rs. 1,03,47,113 in 1939-40, leaving a closing balance of Rs. 11,22,458 and Rs. 12,73,532, respectively. The expenditure on the important public health and other items as compared with the previous year is shown below:—

		1939-40.	1938-39.
Items of expenditure-	-	Rs.	Rs.
Roads		 8,49,462	7,94,787
Water-supply		 8,18,515	9,60,747
Drainage		 94,463	93,272
Conservancy		 98,915	87,521
Other sanitary it	ems	 78,669	90,172
Dispensaries		 3,60,062	3,12,748
Chaukidars and l	Dafadars	 51,54,068	50,42,541

The figures given above show that the expenditure on roads, drainage, conservancy and dispensaries has increased as compared with the previous year.

Chapter VII.

MALARIA AND KALA-AZAR.

- 99. **Provincial Quinine Grant.**—The sanctioned grant for the year 1940-41 for free distribution of quinine and cinchona febrifuge throughout the province was Rs. 5,00,000 as against Rs. 4,00,000 in the preceding year. Owing to widespread prevalence of malaria in he province, the local Government also sanctioned an additional sum of Rs. 22,000 for purchase of powdered quinine and their manufacture into tablets by Messrs. Smith Stanistreet & Co., Ltd. The Faridpur district board also raised in addition to normal allotment a special grant of Rs. 4,000 from the local Government for purchase of quinine products to cope with the malaria situation in that district during the year. Out of the sanctioned grant of Rs. 5,00,000, a sum of Rs. 50,000 was kept with the Director of Public Health as reserve stock for meeting emergent demands from the local authorities and private institutions. The balance of Rs. 4,50,000 was distributed in the manner shown below and in accordance with the existing policy of quinine distribution.
- (1) A sum of Rs. 2,25,000 was allotted to various district boards and District Magistrates for distribution through suitable agencies other than hospitals and dispensaries and the allotment ratio of 3 to 1 was maintained as in the previous year, i.e., the district boards and the District Magistrates received Rs. 1,68,750 and Rs. 56,250, respectively.
- (2) Rupees 2,25,000 were similarly allotted to district boards and Civil Surgeons for distributions through agencies of various classes of hospitals and dispensaries. The proportion of distribution of the money between the district boards and Civil Surgeons was also 3 to 1, the former receiving Rs. 1,68,750 and the latter Rs. 56,250.

As mentioned above a certain amount of quinine sulphate and cinchona febrifuge powder had to be converted into tablets through a private firm owing to inadequacy of the supply of tablets of the drugs by the cinchona factory.

The basis of actual distribution of the quinine grant among the various districts was the same as in the previous year, i.e., not only was the number of malaria patients treated in the different districts during the preceding year was considered but the ratio of the district boards' expenditure on quinine out of its own funds to the total income of the district boards concerned was also taken into account.

100. Provincial Anti-malaria Grant.—As in the preceding year no grants were made to any of the union boards and anti-malaria societies for anti-malarial purposes during 1940-41.

A grant of Rs. 2,300 was made to the Central Co-operative Antimalaria Society, Calcutta, for promoting the formation of anti-malaria societies in the province and other propaganda purpose. 101. District Anti-malaria Schemes.—The following district anti-malaria schemes were sanctioned by the Government during 1940.

Rs.

District Malda—Golapganj Drainage Scheme ... 6,813

District Noakhali-Nadona Khal Re-excavation Scheme ... 5,527

The local Government made a grant of 50 per cent. of the total estimates of the above two schemes, the other half being paid by the district boards concerned.

Two anti-malaria schemes in the Rangpur district, viz., the Naleya river re-excavation scheme and the Skrine Canal Improvement Scheme were approved by the Public Health Department.

One scheme in the Pabna district and eight anti-malaria schemes in the Chittagong district were approved by the Public Health and the Irrigation Departments and the district boards concerned were requested to forward the said schemes through the proper channel to the Government for sanction.

No other anti-malaria scheme in the rural areas materialised during the year under report.

- 102. Municipal Anti-malaria Schemes.—The following municipalities carried out anti-malaria measures within the municipal areas during 1940 out of municipal funds supplemented by grants in aid by the Government.
- (1) Chandrakona, (2) Kushtia, (3) Comilla, (4) Arambagh, (5) Serampur, (6) Santipur, (7) Nator, (8) Gobardanga, (9) Bhatpara, (10) Khulna, (11) Krishnagar, (12) Dinajpur, (13) Birnagar and (14) Raniganj.

Besides the above, the special anti-malaria schemes for the Burdwan Civil Station and Dacca Ramna area were also continued during the year, the Government paying entirely for the Burdwan Civil Station scheme and partly for the Dacca Ramna scheme which was also financed by the Dacca municipality, Dacca University and the Dacca Gymkhana. The entoray machines were installed as an experimental measure for anti-mosquito purpose in the Burdwan Civil Station as part of the anti-malarial campaign there.

The following statement shows the municipalities which were in receipt of Government grants in aid for anti-malarial purpose and the results of the anti-malarial campaigns as indicated by the splenic and fever indices as well as the ratio of malaria deaths to the total mortality compared with the previous two years. The amount of Government

grant and the municipalities' own expenditure for carrying out the anti-malarial measures within the municipal areas are also shown in the following table:—

Statement showing the Municipalities receiving Government grant.

armin and a manufacture of the same of the		Sple	Spleen Index.	TURIL		Fever Index.	index.	to Pr	Ratio	of malari number	Ratio of malaria deaths to total number of deaths.	total	Amoun ment	Amount of Govern- ment grant during 1940-41.	1
Names of municipalities receiving Government anti-malarial grant.	Froi	n dispens	From dispensary figures.		Fron	a dispensa	From dispensary figures		10	011	d as		Govern-	Expendi-	4.
	Initial.	1938.	1939.	1940.	Initial.	1938.	1939.	1940.	Initial.	1938.	1939.	1940.	ment grant.	the munici- pality.	a. eri
TO THE STATE OF TH		23		1778	HQ1	Marie Control	lak.	THE SE	1	The Kent			Rs.	Rs. a.	Ď.
Chandrakona	61.0	29.0	6.49	53-09	:	1	77-5	73.7	13.3	25.2	26.0	31.8	000	0 009	0
Kushtla	(1933).	10.1	8.1	8.0	49.4	48.6	73.8	8.14	:	1.8	1.5	7.8	1,000	1,073 5	0
Comilla	(1931).	2.75	:	4.2	:	1:		:	:	4.9	6.5	8.9	1,500	825 0	0
Arambagh	6.1.9	8.89	64.0	57.1	61.1	8-29	62.2	57.3	37.0	22.7	20.0	6.7	2,000	300 0	0
Serampur	(1935).	9.	10.	1.4	22.4	6.5	11.2	9.4	0.9	2.1	6.	8.0	1,150	1,149 7	0
Santipur	(1932).	5.3	9.1	8.1	41.9	38.9	8.63	37.07	5.1	3.0	9.9	4.0	1,000	1,000 0	0
Nator	(1934).	:		:	:		:	1.	:	:	:	:	1,120	100	
Gobordanga	54.8		49.7	38.9	:		:	31-1	15.7	5.5	10.5	18.7	200	700 1	6
Bhatpara	(1938).	1.6	99	2.6	15.9	10.3	9.6	6.5	6.3	9.	67	00	1,000	2,659 8	0
Khulna	(1932).	6.3	3.0	2.9	87.3	20.3	20.5	9.05	80	2.0	2.0	1.3	1,000	1,840 8	9
Krishnagar	(1933).	4.7	7.7	6.5	21.1	28.9	28.1		11.11	4.1	4.8	:	1,000	1,002 5	9
Dinajpur	(1935).	10.4	10.4	6.9	35.4	29.7	26.3	32.8	1.8	2.7	8.61	1.0	1,000	1,000 4	00
Birnagar Palli Mandali	50.7	52.6	:	65.9	52.5	1-69	52.8	:	40.9	30.1	8.5	:	200	206 14	6
Raniganj	(1931).	5.1	4.9	4.6	43.1	34.0	27.2	:	12.1	6.5	69.50	:	1,000	865 2	6
Burdwan Civil Station	36.5	16.3	27.1	19.5	:	:		:		:	:	:	1,000	-	
Dacca	(1929).	:	:	:	:	:	:	:				:	4,000	8,862 8	0

- 1940.—Survey.—(1) Calcutta area.—Vigorous survey for the detection of Anopheles ludlowii (A sundaicus) breeding in the city was carried out as before. It was revealed that the species was still breeding in certain tanks of the wards 18, 21, 28, 29, 30 and 31 involving the localities of Ultadanga, Bagmari, Manicktola, Nebugola, Tangra, Pagladanga, Gobra, Tiljala, Ghughudanga, Sinthi, Belgachia and Tala. The species was breeding for the first time in Tala inside the Park not far from the water reservoir of the Calcutta Corporation. The breeding was more frequently recorded in the cold weather in November and December, and the species was rare in the dry weather, especially from January to March.
- (2) Salt Lake area.—In the salt lake area, the breeding was considerably under check owing to incessant and regular control measures pursued by the departmental staff. Although occasional breeding of the species was recorded from several villages bordering the salt lakes, on the whole the area was comparatively free of the pest. The places more often involved were Mahisbathan, Noaputty, Gharbhanga, 24-Bighas on the eastern shore, and Gariabad, Pagladanga and Tapsia on the Calcutta side of the lakes and the breeding propensity appeared to be high during the cold weather.
- (3) Riverside areas.—A. ludlowii breeding was detected along the banks of the river Bidyadhari from Protapnagar down to Port Canning as profusely as in the previous years. Uttarbhag on the Piali river was infested again with the species. In the Bhangore Section several villages such as Kulti, Hatgacha, Kantatola, Champahati, Palti, Bhangore, Dharamtala and Langalpota were infested with the species. Hasnabad, Taki, Khariberi, Beliaghata-Bridge, Thakurduari, Narayanpur, Basirhat, Dhankuria, Aminpur, Nandipur and several other villages along B. B. Railway were involved in the breeding during the period. Falta and its adjoining village Jaffarpur as also Patkelghata near Sivanipur along K. F. Railway were found infested. Budge-Budge (Jeliapara and Kumarpara) and Pujali, Char-Pujali, Shamganj, Raipur and Jagatballavpur along the left bank of the river Hooghly were infested during the year 1940. In almost all the stations in the Bauria-Uluberia section of the B. N. Railway breeding recrudesced again. A breeding place in Ramrajatola (B. N. Railway) was a new detection in the year 1940 and the species was found breeding in Andul also. Baruipur, Surjapur, Chandkhali, Sashan, Magrahat, Diamond-Harbour and several villages under Diamond-Harbour, Piali, Taldi, Malta and Akra all being served by the southern sections of the E. B. Railway were involved during the year. Bally on E. I. Railway and Attapara under Baranagore municipality not far from Dum-Dum were again showing the breeding of the species.

In the year 1940, special survey was undertaken of the entire riverine tract from Kulti-Lock to Sandeshkhali and from Sandeshkhali northwards to Baduria following the course of the Ichhamati. Six villages under Sandeshkhali and one village Bajitpur under Baduria showed the breeding of the species. On the eastern bank of the Ichhamati river two villages under the police-station of Debhata, one village named Haroddar under Satkhira and a set of twelve villages under Shamnagar all within the district of Khulna were involved in the breeding of the species. The western bank of the river Hooghly from Uluberia down to Geonkhali in the district of Midnapore was surveyed for the first

time during the year, and several new ludlowii breeding areas were detected. The villages Shibganj and Basudevpur under Shampur policestation and Natshal under Geonkhali were involved for the first time.

The survey was conducted along the tidal channel connecting Malta with Sarengabad beel with some positive findings but on surveying further northwards to Bhangore mostly by land route very few breeding places were encountered.

Control.—(1) Salt Lake area.—Anti-ludlowii operations were effectively carried out in the salt lake area in the year 1940. The methods chiefly employed were weekly paris-greening and systematic clearance of vegetation of the ludlowii breeding places as cropped up from week to week. The breeding of the species was considerably under check throughout the year. There was no epidemic of malaria anywhere in the area under control. The spleen rates in the villages bordering the salt lakes were generally low, and comparative figures for the last four years of some of the more important villages in the area are given below:—

Villages.		1937	1938	1939	1940
Tapsia		22 ·4	4 .7	11 -1	4.4
Dhapa	ni	73 -1	6.8	19 .2	8.5
Pagladanga	terminani.	17 -9	2.7	8.8	4.0
Goalbari		18 · 8	7.4	17 -6	2.4
Kristopur		2 · 3	3.1	0.0	0.0
Naobhanga	detell	1.4	15.6	2.8	3 .2
Seoratala	1	25.0	8.9	0.0	0.0
Gariabad		28.0	15.3	10 .4	5 .4
Golaghat	3.00	26 .7	10.0	0.0	1 .7

- (2) Budge-Budge area.—At Budge-Budge the ludlowii control operations were carried out uninterruptedly as in the previous years. In this area paris-greening and vegetation clearance were enthusiastically carried out. During the year a detachment of A. A. Battery was stationed in the area, and the military camps were sprayed with Pyrocide insecticides on few occasions. Spraying some stagnant ditches and ponds with light Diesel-oil was also resorted to for a period. With the exception of a few sporadic breeding of the species in the autumn of 1940, the area was remarkably free from it. There was no outbreak of malaria in the area.
- (3) Calcutta Corporation area.—Control operations against A. ludlowii in the Corporation area were carried out by the mosquito-controlling officer of the Calcutta Corporation on the advice of this department. The authorities of the Calcutta Corporation were kept regularly informed of the ludlowii breeding places in their jurisdiction, as soon as they were detected by the ludlowii survey staff of the Bengal Public Health Department.
- 104. Special Investigations.—During the year 1940 Field Malaria Research laboratories were started at Netrakona, Mymensingh district and at Kalimpong, Darjeeling district, to find out the local vectors and to investigate the various etiological factors responsible for the spread of malaria in the Netrakona subdivision of the Mymensingh district and in the montane regions of the Darjeeling district respectively.

A philippinensis was definitely established as the carrier species at Netrokona. Besides A. minimus no other vector could be detected in the montane and submontane areas in the Darjeeling district.

Assistant Epidemiologists, trained in malaria and mosquito survey works, were placed in charge of these field research laboratories.

- (2) The Singur and the Madhubati Anti-malarial schemes in the district of Hooghly having been sanctioned by the Government were started in the said areas at an estimated cost of Rs. 1,975 and Rs. 165 respectively.
- (3) A special malaria survey of village Digla and its neighbourhood in the Contai subdivision of the Midnapur district was carried out in November 1940 to find out the suitability of the said area as a seaside health resort.
- (4) A health survey of the villages Achipur, Pujali, Rajibpur and Jagatballavpur in the district of 24-Parganas was carried out in connection with the proposal of establishing a Tuberculosis Sanatorium in village Achipur on the river Hooghly.
- (5) A special malaria survey was carried out in 12 villages in policestation Shymnagar, Khulna district, where malaria had broken out in a severe form, due to erosion of embankment causing flooding with saline water.
- (6) Village Bhomru and its neighbourhood in the district of 24-Parganas were similarly surveyed owing to reported outbreak of malaria there.
- (7) The tea gardens and surrounding areas at Gairkata and Barron Tea Estate in the Jalpaiguri Duars were also surveyed with a view to formulate anti-malarial schemes for the said areas.
- (8) The municipalities of Chittagong, Faridpur, Old Malda, Nator were specially surveyed and suitable anti-malarial measures suggested.
- 105. Special Anti-malaria Scheme at Jessore.—As reported in the previous year the special Anti-malarial Scheme for the town of Jessore and its surrounding rural area which had been initiated in July 1939 was continued throughout the year 1940. In the absence of any possibility of operating a flood flush scheme—unless and until the Bhairab river can be improved as a result of the so-called Sris Cut taken in hand by the Irrigation Department—the present anti-malarial scheme is an experiment on the next alternative method of malaria control, viz., obliteration of mosquito breeding places by filling as many of them as possible, draining stagnant collections of water, keeping tanks and ponds free from aquatic vegetation and stocking them with larvivorous fish.

During the year under report 163 mosquito breeding places were completely and 67 partially filled up. Total area filled up with earth was 883,350 sq. ft. and 16,760 yds. of drain were also excavated. Temporary larvicidal measures were also employed to control the breeding of the carrier species of anophelines within the scheme area for which purpose 20 gallons of malariol, 1,437 gallons of Diesel oil, 12 lbs. 8 ozs. of paris-green and 18 cwt. 128 lbs. of soapstone powder were utilised; 4 gallons and 3,130 pints of pyrocide 20 mixture were also sprayed inside dwelling rooms as a mosquitocidal measure during the malaria season—by employing locally recruited boys for the purpose.

The total expenditure on account of the Jessore Anti-malaria Scheme was Rs. 29,458 during the year 1940.

The table below shows the comparative spleen index figures of Jessore municipality including the suburban areas and the neighbouring 8 villages since April-May 1938:—

		MI F	Con	mparative s	pleen index	k figures.		
	Names of localities.		April and	Apri	1.	Septem	ber.	
			May 1938.	1939.	1940.	1940.	1940.	
om	(i) Town proper.					on tell		
1.	Ward II		7.1	3.6	1.9	3.2	14.2	
2.	Ward V		7.7	3.2	1.8	2.0	5.4	
3.	Ward VI		7.3	5.0	8.3	8.5	13 · 2	
4.	Bijpara Ward VII		9.3	5.1	6.6	10.7	14.7	
5.	Khorki Road June Ward IV.	tion		7.0	2.1	5.8	27.1	
	Total		7.8	4.4	4.1	6.2	13.4	
((ii) Suburban area.		STEEL STEEL			HOSE AND		
1.	Ghope		19.6	19.2	7.0	18-1	34 · 3	
2.	Barandy		34.6	16.2	16.7	26 · 2	43.3	
3.	Nilgary		32.3	36.5	20.0	21.6	39.5	
4.	Bangchar-Murali		32.6	32.9	22.3	15.0	27.0	
5.	Sankarpur		69.3	48.3	31.2	32.9	41.6	
6.	Chanchra		46.2	44.2	20.0	39.2	47.1	
7.	Kharki		43.4	50.0	38-6	38.7	68-0	
8.	Puratan Kasba		49.0	39.7	24.0	30.6	38.5	
	Total		39.4	34.5	22.0	31.8	42.0	
1.	(iii) Villages. Birampur		60.0	55.5	25.0	63 · 6	71 - 1	
2.	Kismat Nawpara		56.8	57.4	45.7	66-6	78 - 1	
3.	Sheikh Hati		60.0	46.8	37.3		60.4	
4.	Jhum Jhumpur		46.5	47.1	27.1	35.0	47.2	
5.	Baliadanga		46.5	38.8	23.3	32.6	54 · 4	
6.	Chanchra		44.8	37.7	22.0	32.5	44.0	
7.	Kholadanga		56.0	58.6	54.2		76 - 6	
8.	Aribpur		58-1	56-3	46.9	57.9	80 - 1	
	Total		57.8	50.5	38.0	46.1	63 - 5	

106. Activities of the Malaria Engineer in the Bengal Public Health Department.—Mr. H. N. Worth was appointed on the 13th March 1940 as a Malaria Engineer in the Public Health Department.

Since the date of appointment the Malaria Engineer has been engaged upon the examination of anti-malaria proposals and schemes submitted to the department by local authorities (district boards and municipalities).

In addition, numerous road and railway projects have been inspected and examined by him with a view to the prevention of conditions detrimental to the public health by lack of adequate waterways and flood-water obstructions. A number of these proposals and schemes investigated are as follows: Tollyganj Municipal Drainage Scheme, Calcutta Salt Lakes Scheme, Nawadwip Municipal Drainage Scheme, Dhulian Municipality Flood Investigations, Tippera Noakhali Inter-District Channel Improvements, Jessore Anti-malaria Schemes, Berhampore, Kandi Subdivision Examination of Bunds, Burdwan District Anti-malaria Schemes, Murshidabad District Anti-malaria and Irrigation Schemes, investigation of dying rivers in the Faridpur district, Singur Flood Flush Scheme, Darjeeling District Anti-malaria Scheme, Rangpur District Anti-malaria Scheme, Mymensingh District Anti-malaria Schemes, Dacca Aricha Road Project, Purbasthali Railway Swamp Area, Railway Schemes at Bandel, Rangpur District Railway Embankments, Noakhali District New Road Projects, etc.

The investigation into anti-malaria proposals has necessitated extensive travel throughout the malarious districts of Bengal and numerous consultations with officers of the Irrigation, Public Works and other departments.

Of the proposals submitted by local authorities, few have reached a stage of finality where actual construction may be commenced owing to lack of essential hydraulic data and this is causing some delay in the framing of final proposals, but every endeavour is being made to encourage the speeding up of schemes where possible.

A detailed study of the methods adopted in the tea growing areas of the Dooars in the control of A. minimus has been made likewise the control of A. philippinensis carried out by the Malariologist of the Bengal Nagpur Railway. The Malaria Engineer also attended the Malaria Workers' Conference held in Delhi and studied the permanent control measures adopted in the Delhi area.

107. Malaria Research Laboratory.—Blood smears from Netrakona Field Malaria Station and those collected during malaria surveys of different parts of Bengal were examined out of which 874 were positive for malaria parasites. Of these, 340 showed B.T. parasites, 469 M.T. parasites, 47 Quarton and 18 were mixed infections of B.T. and M.T.

Mosquito larvæ and adults collected from different parts of Bengal were identified. Altogether 2,033 specimens were identified.

Anopheles mosquitoes caught from malarious areas were dissected and examined for malaria infection. Altogether 1,058 anopheles mosquitoes belonging to the following species were dissected and examined, i.e., A. aconitus 150, A. annularis 124, A. culcifacies 92, A. hyrcanus 12, A. ramsayi 38, A. philippinensis 381, A. pallidus 10, A. vagus 167, A. varuna 71 and A. subpictus 13. Only one species gave positive results, namely A. philippinensis while the examinations in respect of the other species gave negative results. Out of 381

specimens of A. philippinensis examined, 19 showed malarial infection, an infection rate of 5.0 per cent.

Species.	Number examined.	Oocystas in Midgut	Sporozoits in Sali- vary grands.	Total Number infected.
A. philippinensis	381	13	9	19

Experimental infection of mosquitoes by feeding them on malaria patients with different stages and types of parasites was carried out, using laboratory bred anopheles stephensi for these experiments.

Out of 244 specimens dissected after infective feed, 62 showed malarial infection.

Tests were carried out on the insecticidal properties of proprietary preparation called "Insectol".

108. Sale of Quinine.—The total quantity of quinine sold through post offices and the number of grains of quinine sold per head of population in each district during 1940, as compared with 1939 are shown in the statement given below. For purposes of comparison the percentage of malaria cases treated to total is also given. 12,031.9 pounds of quinine were sold in 1940 as against 8,997.2 in 1939 and 9,934.3 in 1938. Compared with the previous year, the quantity of quinine sold was greater in all the districts except Chittagong, though the percentage of malaria cases to total indicated that the incidence was higher only in eighteen districts.

Sale of quinine through post offices during 1940.

Districts.	Districts.		Increase + or decrease - (per cent.)	per	head pula-	Increase + or decrease - in grain per head.	r decrease total.		Increase + or decrease in per cent.
	1939.	1940.		1939.	1940.	1	1939.	1940.	
Burdwan Birbhum	290 ·9 101 ·0	393 ·9 105 ·2	+35.5	1.4	1.9	+ ·5 + ·1	53 ·0 51 ·7	57 ·4 51 ·4	+8.3
Bankura Midnapur Hooghly Howrah	118 · 9 180 · 0 124 · 0 28 · 8	156 ·0 254 ·7 164 ·5 65 ·0	+31 ·2 +41 ·5 +32 ·7 +12 ·6	0.8 0.6 0.9 0.2	1·1 0·7 1·1 0·5	+ ·3 + ·1 + ·2 + ·3	42 ·6 42 ·2 59 ·7 24 ·7	41 · 5 33 · 3 46 · 6 21 · 3	-2·6 -21·1 -21·9 -13·8
24-Parganas Calcutta Nadia	161 · 7 84 · 6 117 · 2	232 ·4 112 ·8 312 ·7	+43 ·7 +33 ·3 +166 ·8	0.5 0.6 0.6	0.6 0.8 1.6	+ ·1 + ·2 +1 ·0	28 · 3 6 · 6 39 · 6	30 · 0 6 · 4 62 · 9	+6.0 -3.0 +58.8
Murshidabad Jessore Khulna	95 · 4 147 · 7 228 · 8 72 · 6	158 · 7 356 · 8 305 · 8 181 · 9	+66 ·4 +141 ·6 +33 ·7 +150 ·6	0.5 0.7 1.1 0.4	0.9 1.6 1.4 1.0	+ ·4 + ·9 + ·3 + ·6	46 · 0 46 · 5 40 · 0 33 · 1	51 ·8 60 ·3 50 ·8 44 ·6	+12 ·6 +29 ·7 +27 ·0 +34 ·7
Rajshahi Dinajpur Jalpaiguri Darjeeling	94 · 9 91 · 4 22 · 3	130 ·5 131 ·7 32 ·0	+37·5 +44·1 +43·5	0·4 0·5 0·5	0.6 1.0 0.8	+ ·2 + ·5 + ·3	46 · 1 46 · 6 19 · 9	52·5 45·7 19·7	+13·9 -1·9 -1·0
Rangpur Bogra Pabna	262 ·0 92 ·0 135 ·1	287 ·8 119 ·0 421 ·4	+9·8 +29·3 +211·9	0.8 0.6 0.7	0·8 0·8 2·2	+ ·0 + ·2 +1 ·5	48 ·8 35 ·1 32 ·0	47 ·9 39 ·3 44 ·2	-1.8 +12.0 +38.1
Malda Dacca Mymensingh Faridpur	41 · 7 448 · 1 2,818 · 1 188 · 0	82 ·6 505 ·3 4,089 ·2 451 ·9	+198·1 +12·8 +45·1 +140·4	0·3 1·0 4·2 0·5	0·6 1·1 6·1 1·5	+ ·3 + ·1 +1 ·9 +1 ·0	28 · 3 12 · 6 23 · 5 26 · 3	43 · 0 12 · 8 40 · 4 32 · 2	+5·2 +1·6 +71·9 +22·4
Bakarganj Chittagong Noakhali	267 ·0 1,388 ·7 689 ·9	339 ·0 1,119 ·8 760 ·2	+27·0 -19·4 +10·2	0.5 0.7 5.9 3.1	0.9 4.8 3.4	+1.0 +.2 -1.1 +.3	24 ·6 36 ·6 26 ·1	30 ·1 37 ·3 30 ·3	+22·4 +1·9 +16·1
Tippera Province	705 ·2 8,997 ·2	761 ·1 12,031 ·9	+33.7	1.7	1.9	+ .5	17·5 29·8	18·4 34·6	+5.1

Kala-azar.

- 109. Provincial Anti-kala-azar Grant.—The Annual Government grant for anti-kala-azar campaign in Bengal was Rs. 1,20,000 during the year 1940-41 which was fully utilised for the purpose. Out of this amount, a sum of Rs. 75,000 was distributed as in the previous year amongst the various district boards excluding Birbhum, Bankura, and Darjeeling. During the year, the Darjeeling district board continued the special anti-kala-azar scheme at an expenditure of Rs. 17,000. The Central Co-operative Anti-malarial Society also received a sum of Rs. 1,000 for anti-kala-azar work through the various centres affiliated to the society. As in the last year, kala-azar specifics up to the value of Rs. 28,000 were purchased and distributed among the various district boards in addition to the normal allotment for treatment of kala-azar cases in the various hospitals, dispensaries and kala-azar treatment centres in the province. As in the previous year, allotments to different districts were made in accordance with the existing policy of distribu-tion by taking into account not only the number of kala-azar patients treated at the various kala-azar treatment centres in the previous year but also the district board's expenditure on anti-kala-azar work from own funds.
- 110. Special Anti-kala-azar Scheme in the Darjeeling district.—The special anti-kala-azar scheme which began its operation in the Darjeeling district in December 1937 was continued uninterrupted during 1940 at an estimated cost of Rs. 17,000. The table below shows the total number of kala-azar patients treated during 1940 in the treatment centres and dispensaries in the Darjeeling district:—

Number of kala-azar patients treated.

		19	39	1940	
		New.	Old.	New.	Old.
(1)	In Special Kala-azar treatment centres	1,945	18,446	1,582	17,752
(2)	In subsidised treatment centres	424	706	374	2,782
(3)	In the hospitals and dispensaries	1,003	3,415	874	2,077

Besides kala-azar, 34,996 new and 25,649 old malaria cases and 9,357 new and 4,024 old general cases other than malaria and kala-azar were also treated in the treatment centres during 1940.

Chapter VIII.

MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE.

- III. Introduction.—In the year 1939 the Government offered financial help to the local bodies in order to encourage the opening of maternity and child welfare centres and secure the development of this welfare scheme and created the post of the Superintendent, Maternity and Child Welfare, to give technical advice and help in the organisation of maternity and child welfare services in the Province. The Superintendent of Maternity and Child Welfare was appointed in September 1939. During the year under review the main work was in the nature of office organisation, preparation of necessary forms, cards and other materials to help the local bodies in formulating schemes combined with propaganda work in order to impress on the local bodies the need for organisation of maternity and child welfare services.
- 112. Organisation of maternity and child welfare services.—The financial help offered by the Government to the local bodies and recognised voluntary organisations for establishment and maintenance of maternity and child welfare centres approved by the Public Health Department is as follows:—(i) To contribute a capital grant to the extent of 50 per cent. of the total expenses up to a maximum of Rs. 3,000 for construction of building for maternity and child welfare centre without beds; a capital grant to the extent of 50 per cent. of the total expenses up to a maximum of Rs. 4,000 for construction of building for maternity and child welfare centres with two or more maternity beds; and (ii) to pay a recurring grant towards the whole salary of the health visitor.

The services are organised with a view to create localised areas with maternity and child welfare services, so as to impress on the public the value of such services so that the bigger scheme which is at present under consideration of the Government would be accepted readily.

The centres are advised to be under the management of a local committee with the following constitution:—

Forty per cent. official members (e.g., District Magistrate, District Judge, Subdivisional Officer, District Health Officer, Civil Surgeon and nominated members of the district board, municipality and union board); 60 per cent. others which would include 30 per cent. of women representatives and 30 per cent. men who are interested in maternity and child welfare and are helpful in raising the funds or in the development of the services.

The machinery of the district boards and municipalities is so slow and the necessity of having women members is so great that in this preliminary stage the centres have been put under the management of the voluntary committees even in areas where the municipality or district board undertook to meet the financial liabilities of running the centre.

The centres are not worked on revenue areas but on population basis as the site of the centre depends on the availability of the land and the financial support that it receives. The centres serve a population of

10,000 and if the population is scattered outside 1½ mile radius it is recommended to the committee that a conveyance should be provided for the health visitor.

113. Staff.—The staff of each welfare centre consists of a health visitor who is responsible for the conduct of the welfare services and her work is guided by the Superintendent, Maternity and Child Welfare Branch, of the Bengal Public Health Department.

For the conduct of domiciliary maternity services one or more midwives or a midwife and trained dais or trained dais only are employed.

Besides these, there is a menial staff consisting of a peon, a sweeper, and maid.

Endeavours are made to use the centres as training centres for dais. Hence one or more probationer dais also work and reside at the centre during their period of training.

For maternity and child welfare centre with maternity wards it is recommended to the committee to have at least two trained dais for maternity wards with two beds and a midwife in addition to the dais for maternity wards with not more than ten beds.

- 114. Scope of work.—The services aim at health education with special reference to the hygiene of pregnancy, good midwifery and care of the mother and the new born. As environment has a great influence on the growth and development of the child great emphasis is laid on environmental hygiene. The services fall under three heads, namely: (1) Home visiting, (2) Midwifery services and (3) Clinic work.
- 115. Home visiting.—Home visiting is the most important activity and forms the major portion of the health visitor's work. The health visitor gets a list of births from the local registration offices, namely, the municipal health department or the union board office. This information enables the health visitor to visit homes and offer help to the mother and to instruct her in the care of the new born. The health visitor books all the ante-natal cases in her area of work and visits them regularly once a month and the mothers are instructed in matters pertaining to diet, hygiene and preparations for confinement.

The heatlh visitor has regular system of home visiting so as to cover whole area of her work during one month and visit all new-borns, antenatals and infants. The toddlers are not visited so frequently. The primary schools for boys and girls in the area are visited regularly.

116. Midwifery Services.—At present the provision for maternity services in Bengal is extremely poor and in many rural areas such facilities do not exist at all. Consequently this aspect of work receives a good deal of attention. The staff at the welfare centre provide maternity services and improve the standard of maternity service by training the dais and supervising their practice. It is recommended to the committee to have special staff, either a midwife or a trained dai for domiciliary midwifery services. It is also recommended that the services may be gratuitous to the very poor but the better class should pay for these services.

The addition of a maternity ward to the welfare centre is to provide suitable conditions for confinement for women whose homes do not have necessary facilities and to provide facilities for the training of indigenous dais in the area.

117. Clinic Work.-The work at the welfare centre is-

- (1) to organise medical consultations at the centre, to offer facilities to those who cannot afford to pay for medical consultations;
- (2) to give instructions and demonstrations regarding the correct method of feeding and bathing the baby;
- (3) to arrange for vaccination and other immunisation;
- (4) to weigh the babies at regular intervals in order to watch their progress;
- (5) to instruct the mother on health subjects through group teaching;
- (6) to provide for the training and supervision of indigenous dais; and
- (7) to provide treatments of minor ailments and to instruct the mothers to carry out such treatments at home.
- the year under review eighteen maternity and child welfare centres functioned; of which four maternity and child welfare centres under the Singur Model Health Unit were established in the previous year. Eleven centres, namely, the Coronation Baby Clinic at Barisal, Maternity and Child Welfare Centres at Rajshahi, Rangpur, Darjeeling, Chapra, Chinsura and the Mission Health Welfare Centre at Orakandi, Faridpur and the three centres at Dacca were established previously under the District Maternity and Child Welfare of the Red Cross and the Dacca Maternity and Child Welfare Trust. The rest of the centres, namely, Maternity and Child Welfare Centres at Bankura, Kalia, the Nafar Chandra Gaine Maternity Home and Child Welfare Centre at Dhanyakuria, were established during the year and functioned for only a part of the year.

The welfare centres under the Model Health Unit Scheme have well established domiciliary midwifery and facilities for institutional service both for pre-natal care and midwifery services.

The eleven centres which were established previously had different methods of record keeping and the type and scope of services also differed. The centres at Barisal, Rangpur and Rajshahi, Darjeeling, Orakandi, Chapra, Chinsura and Faridpur had the records of ante-natals and infants who visited the centres and these were followed up. Proper record keeping was introduced at all the centres and it is gratifying to note that the committees of these centres and the health visitors readily responded to the suggestions and the clinics are now working on approved lines and have standard records. Nearly all the centres concentrate on midwifery services and the training of dais. The centres at Barisal and Rangpur, Chinsura and Orakandi have attached maternity homes in addition to the domiciliary midwifery. The centres at Darjeeling, Rajshahi and Orakandi have midwives on their staff.

The centres at Dacca were established under the Dacca Maternity and Infant Welfare Trust and the Bengal Presidency Council of Women. The three centres under the Maternity Trust have been functioning for several years and have domiciliary services through qualified midwives and definite system of record keeping. Several suggestions were made but the old system is still continuing.

For statistical purposes only 13 centres have been included, the centre at Orakandi owing to difficulties in communication was not able to spread out evenly their work in defined area and hence the statistics of this centre have been omitted. The record keeping at Kalia was poor and so the particulars relating to this centre had also to be omitted. The figures relating to the Dacca centres have been dealt with separately, as the records in these centres are maintained in a form different from those in other centres and as all ante-natal cases are not followed up.

Of the total number of ante-natal cases which were on cards 31 per cent. attended the centres. The attendance at the welfare centres in the Singur area was extremely poor. If only the centres which functioned during the whole year excluding the centres at the Singur Health Unit are considered, 56 per cent. of the ante-natal cases attended the welfare centres, of which 30 per cent. before the 24 week of pregnancy, 44 per cent. between 24-36 weeks of pregnancy and 26 per cent. after the 36 weeks of pregnancy. All the ante-natal cases on cards were followed up.

Out of the 3,053 ante-natal cases 2,236 including 18 cases of abortions were confined; 257 cases left the areas before delivery and 560 are pending at the end of the year. Thus the results of ante-natal care either at home or at the clinic are known for 90 per cent. of the women under care.

The results of ante-natal care were as follows:—Of the total antenatals on cards 2,153 had live births, 65 had still births and 18 had abortions. The still birth rate is 33.2 per 1,000 live births. The abnormal confinements were 44 or 15 per cent. of the total.

- 119. Place of confinement.—Among the women who were under the ante-natal care in all the centres excepting the Nafar Chandra Gain Maternity Home and Child Welfare Centre only 138 were confined in the hospital or in maternity home. The rest delivered at home. The Health Unit area in Singur has well organised domiciliary midwifery services and 40 per cent. of the women under care were attended by centre midwives.
- 120. Maternal Mortality.—Among the total number of ante-natal cases who were under care during 1940, there were 27 deaths giving a maternal mortality rate of 12.5 per 1,000 live and still births. Of the total maternal deaths 3 occurred during pre-natal period, 8 during confinement and 16 during puerperium or within one month of confinement. The maternal mortality enquiry forms as well as the detailed reports of confinement in the maternity wards were not introduced during the year and hence these particulars were not available but it is hoped that statistics regarding confinements collected at the maternity homes, information from investigation of maternal deaths, would throw light on some of the procedure to be introduced and help in the expansion of the services.
- 121. Dacca Maternity and Child Welfare Centres.—The Trust has large domiciliary service and the staff give services to booked or emergency cases in the town. During the year the staff at the centres attended to 1,496 women at confinement. Of the total cases attended by the staff of the centre, only 2.5 per cent. required hospital treatment and had to be removed to the hospital. Out of the total cases of 1,496 conducted, there were altogether 1,457 live births and 39 still

births and abortions. The number of abnormal confinement was 156 or 10.4 per cent. of the total confinements. There were 2 maternal deaths giving a maternal mortality rate of 1.3 per 1,000 total births (live and still).

122. Infant Care.—A circular was issued to the effect that local bodies should supply list of births to the welfare centres and the sanitary inspectors or President of the Union Board are seen personally and requested to supply the list of births regularly. In spite of these requests the health visitors do not receive information regarding births in their area of work regularly. Hence it is extremely difficult for them to offer help in the first few days. Most often the births found by the health visitor are many more than the births supplied in the lists. Even in cities registration of births is defective.

Some of the centres—Raj Devi Maternity and Child Welfare Centre at Comilla, King George V Silver Jubilee Maternity Home and Child Welfare Centre at Chinsura and the Nafar Chandra Gaine Maternity Home and Child Welfare Centre at Dhanyakuria do not receive lists of births.

The various welfare centres excluding the Dacca Centres had 4,806 infants on cards. 3,581 were births recorded in the area during the year. Of these 3,066 have been referred by the local registration offices and 515 (25 per cent.) births have been detected by the health visitors. There were 4,806 infants under care, of these 1,257 or 26.2 per cent. attended the consultations held at the welfare centres. Infant mortality among the children on cards is 139. This by no means is a correct figure, as (1) the birth lists are not received by all the centres, and (2) several births are missed as the health visitors rarely hear of these owing to the deaths of children occurring before the health visitors visit the area and they are never informed. Of the total 139 infant deaths—75 or 54 per cent. were neo-natal deaths (or deaths of children under one month).

- 123. Toddlers' Care.—In spite of repeated warning to the health visitors not to increase the lists of toddlers but to concentrate on the ante-natals and infants, several toddlers were put on cards. The lack of adequate services for women and children and ill-health among the children are responsible for this large collection of toddlers' cards at the centres. At the different centres 2,196 toddlers were registered, a large percentage being new toddlers from the area. Of the total number of toddlers 44.6 per cent. attended the clinic. There were 72 deaths of toddlers (1—5 years). The death rate among toddlers cannot be calculated, as the total number of toddlers in each of the areas served is not available.
- 124. Dai Training.—A sum of Rs. 14.914 was distributed to 62 local bodies and other organisations for training up indigenous dais. The district boards held 57 classes and the municipalities and other organisations took 50 classes. Particulars regarding the number of dais trained, etc., during the year are not available, as their courses which were begun late owing to the delay in the Government sanction of the grant have not been completed during the year under report.

DIE

the parties of the property of the second to relieve of the second box sittle for the second of the

bedies about the surply but of births he the wellare represent the the shade their heart the feether represent the surply and the state of the feether the state of the state

the control of the co

and a new order of the part of persons and and all the later and and a new order of the part of the part of the part of the persons and the part of th

delased and of delates belonger to are all the second temporal and analytic and an entire and an ent

bedress and other street on the 14 bit has been at the first of the first on the control of the first on the control of the co

Chapter IX.

MEDICAL INSPECTION OF SCHOOL CHILDREN AND SCHOOL HYGIENE WORK.

125. Medical Inspection of School Children in Calcutta.—10,844 boys in 41 schools were examined during the year 1940 as against 9,504 boys in 1939. The four school medical officers of the Education Department who were appointed, under the Public Health Department since 1st April 1940 examined the boys of 34 Government and Government aided secondary schools in Calcutta and other medical officers examined 4,127 boys in seven H. E. schools. The results of school medical inspection work in Calcutta are given below:—

Out of 10,844 boys examined 7,698 or 71 per cent. were found to be well-nourished, 2,010 or 18.5 per cent. fairly nourished and 1,136 or 10.5 per cent. ill-nourished. 8,162 or 75 per cent. of the students had good clothing, 1,864 or 17 per cent. had fairly good clothing but 818 or 8 per cent. were shabbily clad. 96.5 per cent. of the students wore shoes during attendance while the remaining 3.5 per cent. were barefooted. 280 or 2.5 per cent. of the students examined were suffering from various skin diseases and they were reported to their guardians for treatment. Similarly 1,101 or 10 per cent. of the students who were suffering from very bad teeth were reported to their guardians for treatment. 218 or 2 per cent. of the boys were suffering from nasal diseases mostly nasal catarrah. 1,313 or 12 per cent. students had enlarged tonsils. 148 or 1.3 per cent. had adenoids and 565 or 5.2 per cent. had enlarged lymph glands. 103 or 0.9 per cent. had ear troubles, 111 or 1 per cent. were suffering from diseases of lungs mostly bronchitis. 53 or 0.5 per cent. of the students had defective speech mostly stammering. 2,686 or 24.8 per cent. of the students had troubles in their eyes, of which 2,540 students had defective eyesight. 94 or 0.8 per cent. boys were suffering from infectious diseases mostly malaria and dysentery. Only 60 boys were found unvaccinated.

The average height and weight at different ages of all scholars as compared with the anthropometric standard and their age distribution are given in the following table:—

		0.00	Height	in inches.	Weight, in lbs.		
Age.		Number of scholars examined.	Anthropome- tric standard.	Average of the scholars exa- mined.	Anthropome- tric standard.	Average of the scholars exa mined.	
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 14	::	421 561 701 830 1,021 1,157 1,141 1,125 985 812 722	41 44 46 49 49·7 51 53 55 56 59 61	39·7 44·5 45·0 47·5 49·1 51·5 52·2 54·4 55·6 58·7 60·2	39 42 46 52 55 62 68 76 87 96	-37 40·5 43·2 49·1 51·2 56·8 62·2 68·1 -77·5 88·2 92·5	
16 17 Above 17	am 21	731 362 275	mediis 1	ndil nega	nt likelber	:::	

The average height of the scholars are found to approximate to the standard.

126. Medical Inspection of School Children in Municipalities.—
During the year under report 8,863 students in 125 schools in 26 municipalities were examined by 26 medical officers against 10,500 students in 1939. The results of medical inspection of the students are given below:—

3,103 or 35 per cent. of the students examined were found to be well-nourished; 4,090 or 46.1 per cent. fairly nourished and 1,670 or 18.9 per cent. were ill-nourished. 3,876 or per cent. of the students were decently clad, 3,627 or 40.9 per cent. had fairly good clothing and the remaining 1,360 or 15.4 per cent. were shabbily clad. 61.5 per cent. of the students examined wore shoes during attendance, whereas the remaining 38.5 per cent. were bare-footed. 936 or 10.6 per cent. of the students examined were suffering from various skin diseases and these cases were reported to their guardians. 14.7 per cent. were suffering from diseases of teeth and were reported to their guardians for treatment. 3.5 per cent. of the students had nasal troubles, 1,505 boys or 16.9 per cent. of the students had enlarged tonsils. 0.8 per cent. of the students were suffering from definite adenoids. 750 or 8.4 per cent. of students had enlarged lymph glands, of which 5.9 were palpably enlarged and 2.5 per cent. definitely enlarged. 84 or 0.9 per cent. of students had ear troubles. Only 43 or 0.48 per cent. of the students were suffering from bronchitis or other complications of the lungs. 62 or 0.7 per cent. of students only were defective in speech, mainly stammering.

662 or 7:3 per cent. of students had defective eyesight and their guardians were informed of the defects for giving necessary treatment. 320 or 3:6 per cent. had enlarged spleen. Only 2.5 per cent. of students were found unvaccinated.

The average height and weight at different ages of all scholars as compared with anthropometric standard and their age distribution are given in the following table:—

	to ema tue	Height	. in inches,	Weight. in 1bs.		
Age.	Number of scho- lars examined.	Anthropometric standard.	Average of the scholars exa- mined.		Average of the scholars exa- mined.	
4	253 267 436 575 728 998 989 980 980 913 712 569 206	41 44 46 49 49-7 51 53 55 65 59 61	40 · 2 41 · 2 42 · 6 44 · 0 45 · 4 46 · 5 49 · 6 51 · 4 54 · 2 54 · 2 54 · 8 56 · 1 58 · 6	39 42 46 52 55 92 68 76 87 96 100	35·6 36·2 40·1 42·6 47·2 49·4 57·2 63·0 64·5 77·6 87·2 95·4	

127. Medical Inspection of Students in Rural Areas.—1,822 students—1,750 boys and 72 girls—were medically examined in 54

schools during the year 1940 as against 5,219 students in 139 schools during the preceding year. The results of the examination are given below:—

397 or 21.8 per cent. of the students were found to be decently clad, 818 or 44.9 per cent. had fairly good clothing, and 607 or 33.3 per cent. were shabbily clad. 482 or 26.5 per cent. were well-nourished, 782 or 42.9 per cent. fairly nourished and 558 or 30.6 per cent. poorly nourished. 86.2 per cent. attended school barefooted whereas 13.8 per cent. of students were shoes during attendance. 432 or 23.7 per cent. of students were suffering from skin diseases which were repotred to their guardians for treatment. 197 or 10.8 per cent. of the students had defective teeth mainly carious teeth. 52 or 2.8 per cent. had nasal troubles. 159 or 8.7 per cent. were suffering from enlargement of tonsils. 35 or 1.9 per cent. had adenoids. 68 or 3.7 per cent. had enlarged lymph glands. 34 students or 1.8 per cent. had ear troubles. 12 students had troubles in the lungs mainly bronchitis. 57 or 3.1 per cent. had defective eyesight and their guardians were reported to for treatment. 525 or 28.2 per cent. students had malaria and 119 students were found unvaccinated.

The average height and weight of all scholars as compared with anthropometric standard and their age distribution are given below:—

	Num	ber of	Height in	Inches	Weight in lbs.		
Age.		olars mined.	Anthropome- tric standard.	Average of the scholars examined.	Anthropo- metric standard.	Average of the scholars examined.	
4 5		14 68	41	40 · 2 40 · 6	39	31 ·5 33 ·2	
6 7 8	::	175 214 188	44 46 49	41 ·8 44 ·6 45 ·2	42 46 52	36 · 6 42 · 2 47 · 1	
9 0 1		202 201 158	49 · 7 51 · 0 53 · 0	49 · 2 51 · 5 52 · 2	55 62 68	51 ·6 56 ·8 62 ·4	
2 3 4		172 116 83	55 · 0 56 · 0 59	52 · 5 54 · 8 58 · 2	76 87 96	70 ·2 81 ·2 87 ·1	
5 6 7	: 6	56 52 14	61	60 · 2 62 · 6		93 ·4 97 ·6	
8 9 bove 19	::	17 5 5		38			

128. School Hygiene Work in Rural Areas by Circle Sanitary Inspectors.—5,800 schools were visited by the rural sanitary inspectors of 26 districts and 207,988 pupils were examined by them, as against 193,325 pupils in 25 districts during the preceding year. Details of

is the last to the total

their work are furnished in the following table:-

School Hygiene Work, 1940.

Vormin	infesta- tions.	la co	440	198	393	544	383	68	54	Lower to	916	156	138	254	155
General	cleanli- ness.	100	Fair	Good	Fair	Do	Do	Good	Fair	Fairly good.	Fair	Do	Toler- able.	Unsatis- factory.	Fair
Number of	lantern lectures.	1000	135	22	148		181	12	6		197	23	13	21	02
Number of	vaccina- tion performed.	13 (5) (5) (5) (5) (6)	17,126	2,407	1,308	612	1	1,444	4,818	To Tok	3,501	1,768	1,919	2,027	673
Ouinine	prophylac- xis.	MA DE	13,198	2,315	4,071	4,286	10	516	123		17,325	694	69	665	1,365
Number of	cholera inocula- tions.		3,454	3,891	710	:	:	798	2,011	:	92	873	282	638	882
en.	Large.		640	165	511	306	1,461	157	:	7	2,033	377	27	447	1,530
Spleen.	Small.	17	286	357	461	306		115	165	86	2,257	302	11	1,293	129
	cinated.		341	1,097	427	279	163	131	648	5	1,621	524	138	88	224
Number	pupils ex- mined.		5,690	10,094	6,790	4,005	6,955	3,802	8,800	* 204	11,890	6,565	3,067	5,455	3,160
Number	schools ex- mined.		232	346	181	83	223	16	126	13	551	155	36	155	130
	Boards.	277	E C		:	it a		gı	N N	: 50	· ·	100000	Solo	654	
Ü.	District Boards.		Bankura	Bakarganj	Birbhum	Bogra	Burdwan	Chittagong	Dacca	Darjeeling	Dinajpur	Faridpur	Howrah	Hooghly	3. Jalpaiguri
	RI III		1.	ci	65	*	10	6.	1.	00	6	0	-	oi	65

Some extent,	311	300	499	64	537	98	:	391	387	:	57	62
	:	:	:	:	:	:	.:	:	:	:	:	:
Not so good.	Fair	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Good	Do.	Fair	Do.	Do.	Do.	Good
	4	37	73	00	44	18		61		14	14	13
:							•		:			
1,609	748	304	3,069	1,175	15,149	1,748	723	2,090	3,171	2,465	1,097	1,372
19,133	1,685	26,575 pills.	2,089	51 lbs.	18,923	796	311	4,045	23,328 tablets.	1,965	164	3,826
364	1,380	175	785	399	1,553	1,062	2,720	457	. 566	87	363	950
1,470	. 918	840	921	166	2,753	540	20	268	1,005	341	12	370
3,109	2,719	290	817	539	2,297	840	168	1,420	1,766	1,213	28	589
348	527	140	299	17	3,113	3,844	478	243	373	1,040	86	258
6,704	12,135	8,101	13,801	3,455	46,288	4,260	4,231	5,029	8,813	8,607	4,086	6,001
287	438	.319	368	44	896	107	80	210	221	256	53	127
:	:	:	:	:,	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
14. Jessore	Khulna	Malda	Midnapore	Murshidabad	Mymensingh	Nadia	Noakhali	Pabna	Rajshahi	Rangpur	Tippera	24-Parganas
14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.

	19	**	:										- Andread
					No.								
				808									
								0,1163					
			1,040		383								
							4,280						
											-319		
					1	:				-		-	
		and the same			Lapon			dynamicanyte	hodelidendi				

Chapter X.

HEALTH PROPAGANDA.

129. Health Propaganda.—About 190 sets of educational posters and charts and 264 sets of pamphlets on various public health subjects were supplied to 85 exhibitions held in the province during the year. Health models numbering about 150 were also sent to 20 exhibitions for demonstration. Requisitions for deputation of lecturers and cinema parties were frequently received during the exhibition season of the year, but owing to non-existence of any staff for Health Education and Propaganda at the disposal of the Public Health Department they could not be complied with, except on a few important occasions when the Director of Public Health personally attended and delivered lectures. This is a very great handicap. The Assistant Directors of Public Health in charge of circles concerned and departmental doctors were also deputed to participate in six exhibitions by holding public health stalls with necessary materials issued by the department.

Requisitions for posters and pamphlets from the various district boards, municipalities, Government and educational institutions as well as private bodies were also adequately met.

The proposal for the creation of a Health Education and Propaganda Section of the Bengal Public Health Department is still under the consideration of the Government.

Chapter X.

HEALTH PROPAGANDA

Health and some to star of pamphies on various police basis balling and objects on various public basis ball and objects of the format of the province daring the province of the format to the province of the format to the province of the following the start of the

Requisitions for persons and penghiets from the various districts heart and educations as boards as private heart and adaption also adequately-inst

The proposed for the creation of a Hackle Education and Institute of the Rengal Falls Hackle Height Hackle it as a the Constitute of the C

Chapter XI.

Vaccination.

130. Staff.—The total number of vaccinators employed in the district boards and municipalities increased from 2,735 in 1939-40 to 3,061 in 1940-41. Compared with the previous year, in ten rural districts the number of vaccinators employed increased, in fourteen it decreased and remained the same in two. In Chittagong Hill Tracts there was no change in the number of vaccinators, while in Asansol Mining Settlement there was an increase as compared with the previous year. The strength of vaccinators in the district of 24-Parganas has been nearly treble. In the municipalities excluding Calcutta the number of vaccinators decreased from 222 in the previous year to 209 during the year under report. There was a fall in 14 municipalities and increase in 12, while there was no change in the number of vaccinators in the other municipalities as compared with the previous year. The strength of vaccinators in Calcutta Corporation was 86 in 1940-41 against 59 in 1939-40.

The total number of Vaccination Inspectors and Sub-Inspectors was 56 during the year against 59 in the previous year. As usual two Special Inspectors of Vaccination were retained by the Bengal Public Health Department to help the district boards and municipalities to organise vaccination campaign against smallpox epidemics. During the year they were deputed to the Malda and Faridpur district boards and to Bhatpara, Rajshahi and Faridpur municipalities.

131. General Vaccination Statistics.—The number of primary and revaccination cases performed during each year in the past decade is given below:—

Year.				Number of primary vaccinations.	Number of revaccinations.	Death rate from small- pox per mille of popula- tion.
1931-32			-	2,450,114	3,091,571	0.15
1932-33	1000000			2,518,186	1,451,948	0.23
1933-34		Treat in		2,532,230	4,107,104	0.26
1934-35				2,635,546	4,260,825	0.13
1935-36	ow homest	net some pa		2,903,582	6,203,248	0.42
1936-37		- 201.22		3,255,573	6,011,273	0.71
1937-38	arthurs There	denra . Lan		3,074,819	5,496,943	0.44
1938-39	***** 1000	DEL PAR	CHILL	2,876,619	4,972,453	0.14
1939-40	100	Sand Sale		2,909,956	5,017,380	0.09
1940-41	TOWN THE PARTY.			3,025,791	5,459,459	0.10

It will be seen from these figures that on an average 2.82 million cases are primarily vaccinated, while the average number of children

under 1 year available for vaccination is only about 1.28 millions. This shows that a good proportion of persons who undergo primary vaccination are more than one year old, indicating that statutory provisions under the Bengal Vaccination Act are not strictly observed and enforced. If deaths from smallpox are to be prevented, systematic vaccination of unprotected children should be carried out in accordance with the provisions of law.

Another noticeable feature revealed by the above figures is that the number of re-vaccinations done during 1938 to 1941 is comparatively high though the mortality from smallpox has been low, as compared with the period, 1935-38, when there was a severe epidemic of smallpox.

Vaccination statement I, Appendix II, gives in detail the vaccination work done in each rural district and municipality and in the province as a whole during the year 1940-41. The following table shows the salient features of the vaccination work performed during the year as compared with the previous year:—

then 222 in the previous year to 200 then the 200 then the 200 then the manicipalities and the manicipalities are to 200 the then the manicipalities are to 200 the then the manicipalities are to 200 the then the the then the the then the the the then the then the then the then the then the	1939-40.	1940-41.	Increase + or decrease
Total number of persons vaccinated	7,925,382	8,475,980	+550,598
Total number of vaccinations performed	7,927,336	8,485,250	+557,914
(a) Primary	2,909,956	3,025,791	+115,835
Successful	2,476,604	2,646,351	+169,747
(b) Re-vaccinations	5,017,380	5,459,459	+442,079
Successful	1,565,085	1,693,851	+128,766
Average number of persons vaccinated by each vaccinator	2,897	2,769	-128
were known—			
(b) Primary vaccinations	94 · 3	96 -2	+1.9
(b) Re-vaccinations	46 .2	40 .2	-6.0
Ratio of successful vaccinations per mille of population.	80 · 6	86 -6	+6.0
Number of children successfully vaccinated—			
(a) Under one year	388,954	458,201	+69,247
(b) One year and under six	1,527,539	1,599,252	+71,713
Total number of vaccinations during the recess—	1,594,470	1,114,386	-480,084
(a) Primary vaccinations	472,049	360,553	-111,496
(b) Re-vaccinations	1,22,421	753,833	-368,588

The total number of vaccination operations performed was 8,485,250 consisting of 3,025,791 primary and 5,459,459 re-vaccinations. There was thus an increase of 557,914 in the total number of operations, made up of an increase of 115,835 primary and 442,079 re-vaccinations as compared with the previous year. The percentages of successful primary and re-vaccinations in which results were known were 96.2 and 40.2 in 1940-41 against 94.3 and 46.2 respectively in 1939-40.

132. Vaccination in rural areas.—The following statement presents the figures of vaccination operations done during 1939-40 and 1940-41 as

compared with the mortality from smallpox recorded in rural areas during the two years: -

Vaccinations in rural areas.

District	ts.	Vaccin	ations.	Differences.	Percentage of increase+	Small	pox deaths.	Increase +
	101111	1939-40.	1940-41.	Marina Company	or decrease-	1939-40.	1940-41.	decrease -
Burdwan		111,253	143,733	+32,480	+29 ·1	73	197	+124
Asansol Min Settlemen		125,462	94,922	-30,540	-24 ·3	28	37	+9
Birbhum		74,130	73,927	-203	2	23	67	+44
Bankura		107,842	88,533	-19,309	-17 -9	30	67	+37
Midnapur		422,757	442,142	+19,385	+4.5	121	143	+22
Hooghly		73,586	88,172	+14,586	+19.8	228	201	-27
Howrah		71,224	80,739	+9,515	+13.3	283	482	+199
24-Parganas	s	215,716	179,880	-35,836	-16.6	541	643	+102
Nadia		182,123	159,565	-22,558	-12.3	275	165	-110
Murshidaba	d	168,185	158,987	-9,198	-5.4	15	44	+29
Jessore		269,996	237,407	-32,589	-12 .07	75	98	+23
Khulna		144,665	182,805	+38,140	+26.3	35	33	-2
Rajshahi		112,437	119,218	+6,781	+6.03	18	. 11	-7
Dinajpur		250,374	257,242	+6,868	+2.7	146	34	-112
Jalpaiguri		129,953	127,347	-2,606	-2.00	6	27	+21
Darjeeling		52,678	47,418	-5,260	-9.9	2		-2
Rangpur		317,408	353,074	+35,666	+11 -2	196	141	-55
Bogra		234,094	205,712	-28,382	-12.1	56	9	-47
Pabna		241,724	248,247	+6,523	+2.6	72	70	-2
Malda		283,770	198,769	-85,001	-29.9	7	44	+37
Dacca		327,220	564,469	+237,249	+72.5	369	1,384	+1,015
Mymensing	h	1,189,132	1,135,430	-53,702	-4.5	533	257	-276
Faridpur		369,566	311,745	-57,821	-15 -6	196	158	-38
Bakarganj		306,447	370,102	+63,655	+2.7	27	75	+48
Chittagong		267,105	477,137	+210,032	+78.6	24	21	-3
Noakhali		276,364	235,160	-41,204	-14 9	32	52	+20
Tippera		288,522	269,458	-19,064	-6.6	16	62	+46
Chittagong Tracts.	Hill	23,719	20,510	-3,209	-13.5	******		
Total	17.15	6,631,452	6,871,850	+240,398	+3.6	3,427	4,522	+1,095

6,871,850 vaccinations (2,858,053 primary and 4,013,797 re-vaccinations) were performed in the rural areas during 1940-41 as compared with 6,631,452 (2,763,920 primary and 3,867,532 re-vaccinations) in the previous year. The total number of operations has therefore recorded a rise of 240,398 cases (or 3.6 per cent.) over that of the previous year, the increase in primary being 94,133 and that in re-vaccination 146,265. The number of vaccinations increased in twelve districts and decreased in 14 districts, Chittagong Hill Tracts and Asansol Mining Settlement, the increase ranging from 2.6 per cent. in Pabna district

to 78:6 per cent. in Chittagong district and the decrease ranging from 29.9 per cent. in Malda district to 0.2 in Birbhum district. In ten districts the operations have either increased or decreased according as smallpox mortality has correspondingly increased or decreased as compared with the previous year: in the case of seven districts the operations performed increased though the number of smallpox deaths was lower, while in nine districts the number of vaccination cases decreased though the smallpox mortality was higher.

The number of primary and re-vaccinations done during the year under report as compared with the previous year is set forth in the following table:—

Primary vaccination and re-vaccination performed in rural area in each district.

	191	Primary va	ecinations.	Carl Street	Percent-	Re-vacci	nations.		Percent age of
District	8.	1939-40.	1940-41.	Differ- ences.	increase (+) or decrease (-).	1939-40.	1940-41.	Differ- ences.	increase (+) or decrease (-).
Burdwan		56,838	55,589	-1,249	-2.19	54,415	88,144	+33,729	+61.9
Asansol Min		12,983	11,718	-1,265	-9.7	112,479	83,204	-29,275	-26.02
Settlemer Birbhum	ıt.	57,658	45,384	-12,274	-21.2	16,472	28,543	+12,071	+73.2
Bankura		53,611	47,752	-5,859	-10.9	54,231	40,781	-13,450	-24.8
Midnapur		114,388	113,435	-953	8	308,369	328,707	+20,338	+6.5
Hooghly		36,511	46,588	+10,077	+27.5	37,075	41,584	+4,507	+12.1
Howrah		32,016	33,824	+1,808	+5.6	39,208	46,915	+7,707	+19.6
24-Parganas	8	99,718	87,909	-11,809	-11.8	115,998	91,971	-24,027	-20.7
Nadia		63,925	60,909	-3,016	-4.7	118,198	98,656	-19,542	-16.5
Murshidaba	d	67,215	61,149	-6,066	-9.2	100,970	97,838	-3,132	-3.1
Jessore		92,659	76,240	-16,419	-17.7	177,337	161,167	-16,170	-9.1
Khulna		47,122	60,829	+13,707	+29.08	97,543	121,976	+24,433	+25.04
Rajshahi		47,469	45,792	-1,677	-3.5	64,968	73,426	+8,458	+13.01
Dinajpur		127,021	127,186	+165	+0.12	123,353	130,056	+6,703	+5.4
Jalpaiguri		37,535	36,725	-810	-2.1	92,418	90,622	-1,796	-1.9
Darjeeling		6,552	6,322	-230	-3.5	46,126	41,096	-5,030	-10.9
Rangpur		148,976	181,151	+32,175	+21.5	168,432	171,923	+3,491	+2.07
Bogra		87,799	75,198	-12,601	-14 -3	146,295	130,514	-15,781	-10.7
Pabna		92,762	93,340	+578	+0.6	148,962	154,907	+5,945	+0.4
Malda		41,945	43,076	+1,131	+2.6	241,825	155,693	-86,132	-35 -6
Dacca		145,991	231,530	+85,539	+58.5	181,229	332,939	+151,710	+83 -7
Mymensing	h	533,433	523,092	-10,341	-1.9	655,699	612,338	-43,361	-6.6
Faridpur		156,206	118,008	-38,198	-24 .4	213,360	193,737	-19,623	-9.2
Bakarganj		200,325	226,729	+26,404	+13.1	106,122	143,373	+37,251	+35 -1
Chittagong		100,048	130,441	+30,393	+30.3	167,057	346,696	+179,639	+107.5
Noakhali		111,611	106,449	-5,162	-4.6	164,753	128,711	-36,042	-21.8
Tippera		179,223	201,655	+22,432	+12.5	109,299	67,803	-41,496	-37-9
Chittagong Hill Trace	ts.	12,380	10,033	-2,347	-18-9	11,339	10,477	-862	-7.2
Total		2,763,920	2,858,053	+94,133	+3.6	3,867,532	4,013,797	+146,265	+3.7

The figures given above show that, compared with the previous year, the primary vaccinations increased in eleven districts and re-vaccinations in thirteen districts, while they decreased in the other rural areas. The highest percentage of increase in primary vaccinations was recorded in rural areas of Dacca district (58.5). The other districts which returned large percentage of increase were Chittagong (30.3), Khulna (29.1) and Hooghly (27.5). The district of Faridpur returned the largest fall of 24.4 per cent. in primary vaccinations. The largest percentage increase of re-vaccinations was registered in Chittagong district, the number of re-vaccinations being more than double that done in the previous year. The districts of Dacca, Birbhum, Burdwan returned a rise of 83.7, 73.2 and 61.9 per cent. respectively over that of the previous year in respect of re-vaccinations. The large number of primary and re-vaccinations done in Dacca district is mainly due to the very sharp increase in smallpox mortality from 369 in 1939-40 to 1,384 in 1940-41.

133. Vaccination in municipalities.—The statistics of vaccination done in municipal towns and in the Corporation of Calcutta during 1939-40 and 1940-41 are given below:—

10.5		1939-40	•	1940-41.			
	Primary.	Re-vacci- nation.	Total.	Primary.	Re-vacci- nation.	Total,	
Municipal towns	98,300	452,410	550,710	99,963	515,851	615,814	
Calcutta	24,854	373,525	398,379	42,752	576,172	618,924	
All towns includ- ing Calcutta.	123,154	825,935	949,089	142,715	1,092,023	1,234,738	

The total number of vaccination operations in urban areas increased by 285,649 or by 30·1 per cent. as compared with the previous year. The bulk of this is due to the large increase of 220,545 vaccinations done in Calcutta alone representing a rise of 55·4 per cent. over the number of vaccination in the previous year which is mainly due to the increased activities of vaccination staff during the severe epidemic prevalent in the first quarter of 1941. In the municipal towns excluding Calcutta the number of vaccinations exceeded last year's figures by only 11·8 per cent. The increase in the total number of operations is recorded both under primary and re-vaccination, but the contribution of primary vaccination in municipal towns only was small. Seventy-four municipal towns returned an increase in the vaccinations performed as compared with the previous year, it being very high in the municipalities of Howrah, Garden Reach, Rajshahi, Bhatpara, Asansol, Titagarh and Dacca.

134. Vaccination performed by other agencies.—The following extract from Vaccination Statement I, Appendix II, shows the comparative figures of vaccination performed in certain special areas during the year under report and the previous year:—

Vaccinations performed by other agencies.

			Primary va	accinations.	Increase	Re-vacci	nations.	Increase
A A	gencies.		1939-40. 1940-41.		+ or decrease (-).	1929-40.	1940-41.	+or decrease (-).
Tea gardens			13,286	13,419	+133	23,012	78,899	+55,887
Factories	to wil	ins.	3,934	3,540	-394	78,911	91,174	+12,263
Railways	to edited		5,008	7,402	+2,394	70,351	61,220	-9,131
Steamers						91,504	75,546	-15,958
Dispensaries	11.0001							
Jails			654	656	+2	60,135	45,866	-14,269
	Total		22,882	25,017	+2,135	323,913	352,075	+28,792

Compared with the previous year there has been a reduction in the number of primary vaccinations done in factories, while there was a reduction in re-vaccinations performed in the railways, jails and steamers. In all the agencies combined, both the primary and re-vaccinations have increased.

- 135. **Period of vaccination.**—As stated in the previous year's report the vaccination season has been fixed as the period from 1st October 1940 to 15th June 1941.
- 136. Wastage of vaccine lymph.—During the year under report 4,692,842 grains of vaccine lymph were issued from the Bengal Vaccine Institute. Taking 4 points of insertion for primary vaccinations and two for revaccinations, the number of vaccination in points comes to 23,023,938. If it is assumed that 8 points of insertion can be made with one grain of lymph, the total wastage of lymph amounted to 1,814,849.75 grains. As the cost of manufacture of half a grain of vaccine lymph is 0.5 pies in 1940-41, the cost of wastage amounts to Rs. 9,452-5-6.
- 137. **Cost of vaccination.**—The total cost of vaccination has increased from Rs. 4,61,790-1-4 in 1939-40 to Rs. 4,70,644-11-6 in 1940-41, the actual increase being Rs. 8,854-10-2. The total expenditure borne from provincial, district and municipal funds during the years under report was Rs. 1,61,529-5-0, Rs. 1,71,821-14-9 and Rs. 1,37,293-7-9 respectively, against Rs. 1,58,424-6-5, Rs. 1,69,955-3-11 and

Rs. 1,33,410-7-0 respectively, in the previous year. The details of the expenditure incurred under the funds are shown below:—

Details of expenditure.	Provi		al	District fund.	Municipal fund.	Total.		
-20-0	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		
Pay of inspecting staff vaccinators, etc., travelling allowance and contingencies		6	3	1,71,821 14 9	1,28,613 7 9	3,96,351 12 9		
Bengal Vaccine Institute	62,746	10	0		1	62,746 10 0		
Calcutta Corporation Vaccine Depot					8,680 0 0	8,680 0 0		
Special Inspector of vaccination	2,866	4	9			2,866 4 9		
Total	1,61,529	5	0	1,71,821 14 9	1,37,293 7 9	4,70,644 11 6		

The average cost of each successful vaccination in each municipality and in each district exclusive of municipalities and in the province as a whole is given in Statement I of Appendix II. The average cost of each successful vaccination in the province was 1 anna and 9 pies, that in rural areas was 1 anna and 1 pie and that in urban areas was 6 annas and 5 pies. In rural areas it varied from 9 annas 2 pies in Darjeeling district to 5 pies in Dacca district. In municipalities it varied from Rs. 1-5-6 in Taki to 7 pies in Khirpai. The cost per successful case in Calcutta was 10 annas and 6 pies during the year under report against Rs. 1-3-9 in the previous year.

138. Degree of protection afforded against smallpox.—Statement III of Appendix II gives the mortality rate from smallpox recorded in each district during each year in the last decade as against the number of successful vaccinations performed during the period. The following table shows the percentage of the total number of persons vaccinated to the total population and the percentage of the number of persons successfully vaccinated to the total population during the last ten years giving the extent of protection afforded against smallpox:—

Years.		Percentage of the number of persons vaccinated to total population.	Percentage of persons successfully vaccinated to total population.
1931-32		 11 -1	7.5
1932-33		 13 · 3	8 · 1
1933-34		 13 .2	8.0
1934-35		 13 · 6	8.0
1935-36		 18 -2	9.5
1936-37		 18 2	10 -2
1937-38	9.88	 17 -2	9 · 1
1938-39	8.8 1	 15 .7	7.9
1939-40	4.6.1	 15 ·8	8.1
1940-41		 16 .9	8.7

The figures given in column two include cases which were unsuccessfully vaccinated and the number of cases in which results were unknown while those given in the last column exclude these cases. The percentages given in the last column therefore underestimate the proportion of population protected by vaccination. On an average 8.5 per cent. of the people are successfully vaccinated every year.

Diagram illustrating death rates from smallpox and degree of protection afforded during 1940-41.

			BU		W. IOI						ISIC		y		R D	AJS IV/S	SHA	, v				D	DAGIVI	CCA	I NO	CHI	ITT.	A-	
Per 10.000 of		BURDWAN	BIRBHUM	BANKURA	MIDNAPUR	ноовния	номяяк	24-PARGANAS	CALCUTTA	NADM	MURSHIDABAD	JESSORE	KHULNA	RAJSHAHI	DINAJPUR	JALPAIGURI	DARJELLING	RANGPUR	BOGRA .	PABNA	MALDA	расся	MYMENSINGH	FARIDPUR	BAKARGANJ	CHITTAGONG	NOAKHALI	TIPPERA	Per 19,000 of population.
6	0.0	2	THE REAL PROPERTY.					-	A I	T T	The second	100		THE PERSON NAMED IN		1 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1		2 2 3	1000			-				100000			1200
I B	00	STORE THE	2110	THE REAL PROPERTY.				0.00	TO SECURITION OF THE PERSON OF	100 to 10	TO THE PERSON NAMED IN	ib of		77.87		STATE OF THE PARTY							SELECTION SERVICES		THE PERSON NAMED IN	SCHOOL STATES	111	THE PERSON NAMED IN	1000
4.	5.0				Name and Address of the Owner, where	2 11	i di		SPECIAL SECTION SECTIO	100			100				S 25 CA	THE RESERVE	RESIDENCE OF A	THE REAL PROPERTY.	-	AND RESERVED TO NO.	DESCRIPTION OF		STATE	STATE	0.5		900
IFE.	0.0	To the second		San	SAN MARKETON				SECTION SEC	100 mm			THE STATE OF THE S					SENSON NEWS	THE PERSON NAMED IN	SOSTERNISTS N	No. of the last	STATE STATE STATE	SOUTH PROPERTY.		STREET, SOUTH	STATE STATE OF		100	800
30					SECTION SECTION	-		100		STATE OF STATE	SECTION.	STATE STATE STATE	SECTION S.	NAMES AND POST OF	STATE OF THE PARTY OF			STATES AND ADDRESS OF	O STATES SEEDING	Part profession		STATE STATE	SONO BENEFIT	SECTION SECTION	PARKETS NA	SERVICE SERVICE	CHECKERS	and the sales	600
25	5.0	-	SECTION 2		M12560 0000	STATE	STATE	2012 S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S		AND RESIDENCE	SENSORES SERVICES	SCHEENING	SALES CONTRACTOR	ORDER GESTER	Secretaries and a	CONTRACTOR OF THE PERSON OF TH	DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON OF T	NAME AND ADDRESS OF	SCHOOL STATE	NO. OF THE PERSON		ON PRINCIPAL	STATE STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE	SERVICE	STEER STATE	SECTION STATES	Section of the	PERSONNERS	500
24	0-0	STREET, STREET,	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	SECTION SEC	STATE STATE OF	Sales was a series	STREET, STREET		CONTRACTOR DE	SECOND SCHOOL	MANAGEMENT.	SERVICE SORT	SECTION SECTION	Manager States	A Marchael	STEERSTEE	Section 2	SERVICE SERVICE	があるないの		SECTION .	SERVINGE SE	SENSON NAMED IN	BERTHERE	SERVING STATE	BENEVATARIES	STATE STATE	400
	0.0	10 MS 10 MILES	STOCKED STOCKED	STATE	SECTION SECTION	September 1	100 Mars 6	NECOSMOODILE.		AND STREET	SCHOOL STATE	AND PROPERTY.	PERSONAL PROPERTY.	STATISTICS AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE P	RESTRICTED OF	NAME OF THE OWNER,	AND	September 1	STUDIOS OF	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.		SECONDO.	SECTION SECTION	STEEN STATE	SENSE SECTION	EST. 88:328	Catalogical Services	TO SECURE SERVICE	200
	.0		THE PERSONS	STATE	SANCE CONTRACTOR					STATE STATES	SECTION SECTION	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.	SECURIOR SECURIOR SE	SERVICE SERVICES CO.	THE REAL PROPERTY.	と のない の の の の の の の の の の の の の の の の の の	の場合を変える	をははいいいのかったの	SECTION STREET, STREET	ははいるないのではあたまった	September 2	STATE	STATE OF STA	STATE OF THE PARTY	SCHOOL STREET,	SECONDINENTAL	Control Science Street	CONTRACTOR OF THE	100
1	Oxagendos	844	545	804	1023	675	588	622	1131	721	703	75.8	102	169	722	556	534	1053	358	923	224	983	11811	216	886	1055	782	012	o ation
C-011.	Small poxareths	2.1	7	9.	Ş.	3.2	2.0	5.2	33.6	1.3		S.	úr	ė.	.5	69	0	5	+	9.	,	0.0	S.	6	ċ4	1 1.	£.	2.	Successful

Indicate the death rate from Small. pox

[.] proportion of population protected by vaccination.

139. Degree of protection afforded to infants.—The proportions of children under one year successfully vaccinated per mille of available infant population in the rural districts and municipalities are given in Statement IV, Appendix II. Although the proportion in the province as a whole increased from 276·1 per mille of available infant population in 1939-40 to 330·9 in 1940-41, a large number of infants still remain unprotected. Every effort should be made by the local bodies to protect as many of the available children as possible.

311·3 per mille of available infants in the rural areas were vaccinated during the year under report against 262·2 per mille in the previous year. Compared with the previous year the proportion of infants vaccinated increased in 20 rural districts and decreased in 5, large excess being recorded in the districts of Pabna, Chittagong, Dacca, Rangpur and Mymensingh. In the districts of 24-Parganas and Birbhum, the fall was very great, the ratios being 162·8 and 303·8 per mille respectively during the year against 453·4 and 483·7 per mille respectively in the previous year. The districts of Nadia, Chittagong, Murshidabad, Midnapur, Bogra and Rajshahi recorded high proportions of infantile vaccination of 643·1, 613·7, 432·1, 420·9, 418·3 and 400·4 per mille of available infants respectively. The district of Bakarganj still continued to report the lowest ratio of 75·0 per mille of infant population, which shows that infants were practically unprotected from smallpox epidemics.

In the municipal areas the ratio of infants protected by vaccination to total infants available was 672.7 per mille in 1940-41 against 533.9 per mille in 1939-40. It increased in 56 municipal towns including Calcutta and decreased in 61 as compared with the previous year. The very high proportions recorded in Garden Reach (1,498.1), Gobardanga (1,386.6), Kotchandpur (1,333.3), Ranaghat (1,224.0), Rajbari 1,116.6), Midnapur (1,113.3), Satkhira (1,105.0), Naihati (1,096.2), Dum Dum (1,071.4), Bogra (1,045.9) and Jalpaiguri (1,029.7) seem mainly due to the inclusion of children more than one year in the group under consideration. This defect in the vaccination returns from the local bodies was pointed out in the previous reports also. The authorities concerned should rectify this in future. In the municipality of Raniganj, no infant was successfully vaccinated, though there were 625 infants available for primary vaccination. The percentage of infants protected against smallpox in the municipalities of Patuakhali, Dainhat, Kharar and Ramjibanpur is practically negligible.

- 140. Method of vaccination.—(a) Type of vaccinating lancet used.— There was no change in the type of lancet used for vaccination, viz., rotary lancets.
- (b) Number of points inserted.—As in the previous year, primary vaccinations are performed in four points and re-vaccinations in two points.
- 141. Post-vaccination complications.—No complaint of post-vaccinal complications was received during the year under report.
- 142. Activities of the vaccination inspecting and rural public health staff.—The strength of rural public health and the vaccination inspecting staff in each district and the number of primary and re-vaccinations

performed by them during the year under report are shown in the following statement:—

Statement showing the number of vaccinations performed by the rural public health staff and the vaccination inspecting staff during the year 1940-41.

-ing of s		Sanitary d Assistant	b	ations perf y health st	ormed	number of vacci-	vaccination and Sub-	tions	ber of v perform nation l ing sta	ed by Inspect-	r or vacci-
Districts	Number		Primary vacci- nanations,	Re-vaccina- tions.	Total.	Average numbe nations perfo each.	Number of v. Inspectors at Inspectors.	Primary vacci- nations.	Re-vaccina- tions.	Total.	Average number or vacci- nations performed by each.
1	(her	2	3	4	5	6	7	- 8	9	10	11
Burdwan		16	4,617	14,231	18,848	1,178	2	983	2,265	3,248	1,624
Birbhum		14	395	1,948	2,343	160	2	174	214	388	194
Bankura		19	827	4,649	5,476	288	1	106	472	578	578
Midnapur	Illine	30	4,112	18,219	22,331	744	2	479	2,021	2,500	1,250
Hooghly	idgali	15	2,871	6,216	9,087	605	2	468	521	989	494
Howrah		10	2,863	7,593	10,456	1,045	1	235	447	682	682
24-Parganas		37	3,857	7,662	11,519	311	3	160	351	511	170
Nadia		25	5,651	34,841	40,492	1,619	2	247	825	1,072	536
Murshidabad		21	2,094	7,300	9,394	447	3	181	392	573	191
Jessore		24	3,074	7,204	10,278	428	2	58	239	297	148
Khulna		22	1,274	3,066	4,340	197	4	428	1,476	1,904	476
Rajshahi	100	24	2,286	6,719	9,005	375	3	40	643	683	227
Dinajpur		30	3,866	6,761	10,627	354	2	256	293	549	274
Jalpaiguri		17	1,588	10,667	12,255	721					
Darjeeling							3	84	352	436	145
Rangpur		33	4,150	8,370	12,520	379	2	234	600	834	417
Bogra		15	610	1,812	2,422	161	1				
Pabna		17	5,611	7,454	13,065	768	1	46	84	130	130
Malda		19	1,296	3,628	4,924	259	1	8	113	121	121
Dacca		32	6,315	18,190	24,505	765	2	1,347	3,791 ·	5,138	2,569
Mymensingh		51	29,981	57,796	87,777	1,721	4	1,194	885	2,079	519
Faridpur		25	2,685	7,435	10,120	404	3	265	388	653	217
Bakarganj		33	13,349	8,732	22,081	669	3	897	901	1,798	599
Chittagong		21	3,051	8,991	12,042	573	2	554	685	1,239	619
Noakhali		14	3,482	11,904	15,386	1,099				31.00	
Tippera		20	2,879	5,301	8,180	409	2	17	7	24	12
Chittagong Tracts.	Hill		. 4/4				3	113	530	643	214

In the districts of Jalpaiguri and Noakhali, there was no Inspector or Sub-Inspector of vaccination, while there was no Sanitary Inspector or Assistant Health Officer in Darjeeling district. In fifteen districts, the average number of vaccinations performed by rural health staff was higher than that done by the inspecting staff, while in the remaining eight districts it was less. The highest average number of vaccinations done by rural public health staff was recorded in the districts of Mymensingh (1,721), Nadia (1,619), Burdwan (1,178), Noakhali (1,099) and Howrah (1,045). The vaccination inspecting staff in the districts of Dacca, Burdwan and Midnapur performed the highest average number of 2,569, 1,624 and 1,250 vaccinations respectively. The vaccination work of the inspecting staff in Bogra, Tippera, Malda and Pabna districts and that of rural health staff in Birbhum and Bogra districts were not satisfactory.

143. Inspection.—It will be seen from the following table that the District Health Officer, Faridpur, has not furnished the number of vaccination cases inspected by him and the District Health Officer, Nadia, did no inspection work at all. As in the previous year, the District Health Officer, Jalpaiguri district, inspected the largest number of 14,831 cases, the District Health Officer, Chittagong, coming second with 11,225 cases. As it is very essential that the technique of vaccination should be properly followed by the vaccination staff and that the vaccination done should be verified, the District Health Officers should pay special attention to this aspect of public health work.

More than a lakh of cases were inspected by the health staff in the districts of Mymensingh, Bakarganj and Midnapur. In the district

of Birbhum only 2,680 cases were inspected.

Number of vaccinations inspected during 1940-41.

	By District Health Officers.	By Public Health staff.
Burdwan	9,850	67,059
Birbhum	1,041	2,680
Bankura	3,465	Not shown
Midnapur	2,034	101,294
Hooghly	1,889	30,318
Howrah	1,595	24,187
24-Parganas	606	42,735
Nadia	o nost, rege to to be	34,609
Murshidabad	211	47,417
Jessore	2,252	42,188
Khulna	918	52,053
Rajshahi	566	42,920
Dinajpur	8,560	82,096
Jalpaiguri	14,831	82,481
Darjeeling	1,522	5,399
Rangpur	3,395	55,753
Bogra	1,013	60,504
Pabna	396	31,552
Malda	4,954	43,620
Dacca	1,436	66,590
Mymensingh	2,551	249,642
Faridpur	Not shown	68,490
Bakarganj	554	110,728
Chittagong	11,225	37,393
Noakhali	3,590	23,510
Tippera	948	29,631
Chittagong Hill Tracts	48	8,804

144. Bengal Vaccine Institute.—The total number of calves vaccinated during 1940-41 was 2,028, against 2,057, 2,194 and 2,451 of the three previous years. The average yield of pulp per calf was 398 grains against 388.5, 425 and 422 grains of the three preceding years. 73,12,965 grains of vaccine lymph were manufactured during the year against 43,77,860, 63,33,460 and 46,61,414 grains of the three previous years. 46,92,842 grains of vaccine lymph were issued against 46,01,303, 43,77,860 and 50,01,277 grains in the three preceding years. The cost of manufacture of vaccine lymph was 0.5 pies only per dose of half a grain of vaccine lymph. The total expenditure of the institute including overhead charges for supervision, etc., amounted to Rs. 62,746-10-0 against Rs. 46,793-8-6 and Rs. 48,706-0-0 of the previous years.

A sum of Rs. 28,461-1-0 was realised from sales of vaccine lymph. The total sale proceeds of vaccine lymph realised during the preceding two years amounts to Rs. 19,915-1-6 and Rs. 15,046-10-6 respectively. The amount realised on account of sale-proceeds of vaccine lymph during the year (1940-41) was the highest sum realised on this account since the establishment of the institute.

Bacteriological examination of vaccine lymph (Preliminary tests).—
Forty-four sample tubes of vaccine lymph were tested at the Bengal Vaccine Institute Laboratory by the Superintendent himself. The Director of Public Health Laboratory, Bengal, carried out the final bacteriological tests of vaccine lymph as usual.

Lectures and demonstrations.—Lectures and practical demonstrations were delivered to the students of the D.P.H. class (School of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene), M.B. students and to the students of the Calcutta Campbell Medical School, on the method of preparation of vaccine lymph by the Superintendent. The Radio Talks on "Smallpox and Human Vaccination" were also delivered by him.

Improvements effected.—Valuable improvements in connection with reorganisation of the Bengal Vaccine Institute were effected by the Superintendent, the details of which have been fully explained in the brochure on the method of preparation of lymph (anti-smallpox) vaccine and human vaccination written by the Superintendent and published by the Bengal Public Health Department.

THE RESERVE THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE

Chapter XII.

OTHER PUBLIC HEALTH ACTIVITIES.

Industrial Hygiene.

145. Septic tank latrines.—The following septic tank installations, activated sludge plants and bored-hole latrines in mills and factories were approved by the Public Health Department during the year:—

Septic Tank Latrines.

	Number of daily users.	Number of seats.
(1) Messrs. Mackintosh Burn, Ltd., at Andul Works, Howrah	700	3
(2) Ramnaggar Sugar Factory, Nadia	500	12
(3) Messrs. Scientific Sanitation Co., at Calcutta Match Factory	1,200	28
(4) Director, J. B. Norton and Sons, at Paper Mill, Raniganj	The state of	
(5) The Master of the Mint, Calcutta	525	14
(6) J. B. Norton and Sons, Ltd., at General Electric Co. (India), Ltd.	700	20
(7) The Secretary, J. B. Norton and Sons, Ltd., at Aluminium Factory, Ltd., Belur	15	(24)
(8) The Director, J. B. Norton and Sons, Ltd., at Residence of Thomson, Esq., Tagore Park	15	Jointaib
(9) The Manager, Mackintosh Burn and Co., Calcutta Electric	200	10
Supply, Ltd	200 400	10
(11) J. B. Norton and Sons, at workshop of Messrs. A. G. Man and Co	300	8
(12) Messrs. A. Sarkar and Co., 20, Lansdowne Road, Calcutta, at Prabartak Jute Mill	500	14
(13) Messrs. Mackintosh Burn and Co., Ltd		
(14) The Solar Paint and Varnishing Manufacturing Co., Belghoria	70	4
(15) Messrs. Willas Construction Co., Ltd	6,725	144
(16) J. B. Norton and Sons, Ltd., at Aluminium Manufacturing Co.	350	
(17) Burns Co., Ltd., at Raniganj		
(18) Hanuman Works Co	100	
(19) The Director, J. B. Norton and Sons	5,433	120
(20) Burmah Shell Oil Storage and Distributing Co. of India	1,000	
(21) Managing Agents, Equitable Coal Co., Ltd., at Neamuthpur Workshop		
(22) The Managing Agents, Bengal Porcelain Co., at Belgharia		
(23) Sanyal and Co., 309, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta, at Power Station, Gouripur	250	in in
(24) Nedeem Tea Co., Ltd., (Looshan Division), at Looshan Tea		
Estate	1.000	
(25) Messrs. Scientific Sanitation Co., at Railway Workshop and Store yard, Kanchrapara, (Activated sludge plant)	700	

Besides the above the following septic tanks and bored hole latrines in police-stations and in residential houses were approved by the Bengal Public Health Department:—

Septic tanks and bored-hole latrines.

- (1) Plans for 100 users at the Kannia M. E. School in Bakarganj district.
- (2) Plan for 173 users at the Banga Sishu Girls' School, Bally, Howrah.
 - (3) Plan for 680 users at the Barisal Sadar Girls' School.
- (4) Septic tank latrines for 50 users at Hospital Barrack at New Central Jail, Dum Dum.
- (5) Septic tank latrine for 25 users at Pipulpati town outpost in the Hooghly Chinsurah municipality.
 - (6) Septic tank latrine at premises No. 9, Prince Anwar Shah Lane.
- (7) Messrs. Scientific Sanitation—Activated Sludge Plant at Calcutta Match Factory.
- (8) Six septic tank latrine at St. Patrick's High School, Asansol, for 321 users.
- (9) Septic tank latrine for 10 constables at the Shaghatta policestation, Rangpur.
 - (10) Twenty seated latrine at the South Union Jute Mills.
- (11) A septic tank latrine at the residency of Deputy Inspector-General of Police, Rajshahi Range.
- (12) Two-seated latrine at the Palong police-station in Faridpur district.
- (13) Septic tank installation at the Amtoli police-station in Bakarganj district.
 - (14) Septic tank latrine for ten users for the police quarters.
 - (15) Three-seated sanitary type latrine with 3 urinals.
- (16) Sanitary latrines attached to the hostel for the scheduled caste Hindus attached to the B. M. College Barisal.
 - (17) Septic tank latrine and urinal at Chitpur Stand.
 - (18) Two-seated sanitary latrine at Patuakhali police-station.
 - (19) Two-seated septic tank latrine, Amta police-station, Howrah.
 - (20) Septic tank latrine at Bagherpara police-station, Jessore.
- (21) Septic tank latrine at Gopiballavpur police-station for ten users.
 - (22) Septic tank latrine for Sub-Inspectors and constable quarters.
 - (23) Sanitary latrine and urinal for the Muktear Library, Khulna.
- (24) Septic tank latrine with hand dumping depot, Burdwan municipality.
 - (25) Septic tank latrine in the house of N. Biswas, Esq.
 - (26) Septic tank latrine in the Garifa Thana.
 - (27) Septic tank latrine for 20 users.

- (28) Installation of sanitary fittings in the residency of Additional Superintendent of Police, Chittagong.
- (29) Septic tank latrine at the Companyganj police-station, Noakhali.
 - (30) Septic tank latrine at Kalaron police-station.
- (31) Septic tank latrine for 350 users for Aluminium Manufacturing Co., Ltd.
 - (32) Septic tank latrine at Surjanagar police-station.
- (33) Proposed plan for sanitary latrine at the quarters of 2 Assistant Sub-Inspectors at Fakirhat, Khulna.
- (34) Proposed plan of sanitary latrine for constables at Baliakandi police-station in Faridpur.
 - (35) Sanitary latrine at Nagarkanda police-station in Faridpur.

The total number of plans approved for septic tank latrines and activated sludge plants and bored-hole latrines in industrial concerns in 1940 were 57, 3 and nil, respectively against 53 septic tanks, 5 activated sludge plants and 2 bored-hole latrines plans respectively in 1939.

Sanitary arrangements in schools.—All plans for new construction of school buildings or any addition or alteration in them for which grants from Government are wanted have got to be approved by the Public Health Department from health point of view before such grants are sanctioned. All septic tanks and drainage plans in connection with educational institution were examined in the Public Health Department by the Inspector of Septic Tanks Installations.

Number of inspections, samples of effluents and action taken.—308 inspections were made during 1940 against 269 inspections during 1939. Seventy-nine samples of effluents were examined in the Bengal Public Health Laboratory. Besides, a large number of chlorinated effluent were examined at the spot during the course of inspection by means of chloroscope and the results in most of the cases were found to be satisfactory. When unsterilised effluent was found, steps were immediately taken to have the defect remedied.

Tittagarh and Bhatpara Sewerage Works.—As in the previous years, samples of effluent were regularly collected once a month from Tittagarh works and twice a month from Bhatpara works. As mentioned in the previous year, another aeration chamber is necessary for the Tittagarh sewerage works for dealing with the increased quantity of sewage.

Sewerage scheme.—Three sewerage schemes, viz., of Panihati, Halisahar and Serampur municipalities mentioned in the last year's report have not materialised yet.

Health propaganda.—In the mill areas no sanitary improvement deserving special mention was effected during the year under review. The Bengal Public Health Department as usual supplied health posters and leaflets for distribution and display in the mill areas. Vaccination against smallpox and inoculation against cholera of the labour forces have become permanent routine measures. Establishment of maternity clinics and creches for children in the big mills and factories is

increasing, though they are not as many as one would like to have. In the absence of legal powers, no effective action can be taken in this direction. For the same reason, sanitary improvement of the coolies cannot be enforced as they do not come under the purview of the Factories Act.

Nuisances.—Complaints of nuisances were received from the following factories and attended to during the year:—

- (1) Darsana Distillery.
- (2) Tittagarh Paper Mills No. II.
- (3) Dum Dum Municipality.
- (4) Panihati Municipality.
- (5) Bengal Water Proof Company.
- (6) Baranagar Kamarhati Co. Works.
- (7) Guest Kean and Williams Workshop, Sibpur.

Improvements suggested.—As suggested in previous years, a series of septic tank latrines on both banks of the Hooghly river should be constructed by the Port Commissioners for the use of the floating population in order to prevent the pollution of the river water. The Inland Steam Navigation Act should be amended to prevent the boatmen and sailors defæcating in the river while in port.

Improvement in respect of the following is also necessary in the interest of health and welfare of the mill population:—

- (a) Housing conditions.—In most of the mills, the housing condition is very unsatisfactory from the sanitary point of view. Moreover the accommodation provided is not sufficient for the full labour force resulting in heavy overcrowding. In most of the mills housing arrangements are back to back which are defective in respect of ventilation and lighting. These can be improved upon if a type plan is adopted as a legal necessity. Unfortunately, however, as the law stands at present, adoption of such a plan for labour lines providing sufficient accommodation to avoid overcrowding and requiring sanitary improvements of labour lines in respect of bathing and washing and conservancy and drainage arrangements, lighting and drinking water-supplies, cannot be enforced.
- (b) Provision of maternity and child welfare work.—Only a few mills have provided these facilities. All big mills and factories should provide them for the benefit of the female labourers. Creches for children should be a permanent feature of all industrial concerns employing women workers.
- (c) Playground and primary schools, and technical schools for the children should be provided in all labour lines.
- (d) A recreation hall where labourers can meet and cinema shows can be shown should be provided. The doctor in charge should give weekly health talks to the labourers in such places.
- (e) Vendors of foodstuffs in the industrial areas should be all licensed. Adulteration of foodstuffs should be stopped by periodical examinations.

(f) Appointment of Sanitary Inspectors should be compulsory so that they may look after the sanitation of the mill areas and their labour lines.

Industrial Hygiene Branch.—Establishment of an industrial section of the Public Health Department is a crying necessity and has been long overdue. Improvements suggested above and many other things in connection with the health and well-being of the rapidly increasing labour forces in the province cannot be effected without the establishment of an industrial section with legal powers. This has been brought to the notice of the Government. There is one Labour Act in Bengal for a limited area only-The Jalpaiguri Labour Act for the tea garden area. The annual reports of the Inspector (Civil Surgeon of Jalpaiguri) show an appalling number of deaths from tuberculosis in tea gardens. It is as high as 16.6 per mille—4 to 10 per mille being common—against a provincial figure of .25 per mille. We are quite ignorant of the health conditions of the labourers in other areas of the province. I urge with all the emphasis I can command for the establishment of an Industrial section armed with legal powers to improve the health and living conditions of the industrial workers.

Mines.

146. Mines.—The Asansol Mining Settlement area consists of the two municipal towns, Asansol and Raniganj, and a few villages. The population is 382,680 as per the census of 1931. The main vital statistical figures reflecting the public health conditions of the area during the year under report and the previous year are as follows:—

District Control of the Control of t		1939.	1940.
Number of births	191.19	10,547	9,962
Birth-rate per mille of population		30.0	28 · 3
Number of deaths		7,548	6,285
Death rate per mille of population	77.	21 ·4	17.8
Number of infantile deaths		1,370	1,093
Infantile mortality rate per 1,000 births	live-	129 ·8	109 · 7
Mortality rates from—			
Cholera		0.95	0.28
Small-pox		0.02	0.16
Fevers	Count	8 .94	. 7.83
Pneumonia		1.38	1 ·14
Respiratory Diseases		1 .29	1.10
Dysentery and Diarrhoea	99 ··	1.08	0 .79
Other causes		7.78	6 .55

The figures given above show that on the whole the health conditions in 1940 were better than that in 1939.

There were 325 cases and 98 deaths from cholera in the area in 1940. Cholera did not assume epidemic proportions at any time during the year. The preventive measures consisted of the isolation of the cases, segregation of contacts and 26,833 anti-cholera inoculations.

Smallpox caused 881 cases resulting in 101 deaths in 1940. Smallpox was prevalent during the summer months and declined with the onset of rains. Delayed notification was responsible for the outbreak of epidemics in Asansol town and Kendua Bazar. Mass re-vaccination was carried out throughout the mining area. The total number of vaccinations performed during the year was 137,054 of which 11,372 were primary and 125,682 were re-vaccinations.

Eleven sporadic cases of cerebro-spinal fever with four deaths were reported during the year. Examination of C. S. fluid of the patient was carried out to confirm the diagnosis and neso-pharyngeal swabs were taken from patients and contacts for examination.

Compared with the previous year, there was less incidence of enteric fevers.

There was a noticeable fall in the death-rate from fevers including malaria from 8.94 per mille in 1939 to 7.83 per mille in 1940. The incidence of malaria as recorded in colliery dispensaries shows a comparative decline during the year under report. As a result of intensive anti-malaria work carried out in two endemic areas, they were practically free from malaria. Local areas where malaria was a problem were encouraged to take up anti-malaria work.

The recorded number of deaths from pulmonary tuberculosis was 25.

A detailed survey on leprosy carried out by trained leprosy assistants revealed that the incidence of leprosy was 1.5 per cent. Out of 5,622 cases found in the area, 1,290 were infectious. As a result of treatment offered in 15 leprosy clinics to 3,116 registered cases, 91 were discharged during the year, 195 became symptom free, while 71 infectious cases became non-infectious.

Two Maternity and Infant Welfare Centres were opened during the year, making a total of eleven. The activities of each centre include ante-natal supervision, natal care and post-natal visits. In addition to morning clinics where mothers and babies come under the direct supervision of the health visitor, training of dais constitute an important feature of welfare work.

Other special areas.

147. **Special areas.**—(a) Cooch Behar State.—The extent of the State is 1,318 square miles with a population of 590,886 as per census of 1931. The number of recorded births increased from 13,177 in 1939-40 to 15,839 in 1940-41 giving birth-rates of 22·3 and 26·81 per mille respectively. 13,387 deaths were registered during the year showing a reduction of only 15 deaths as compared with the previous year. The death-rates were 22·69 and 22·68 per mille in 1939-40 and 1940-41 respectively.

There was a remarkable fall in the mortality from cholera and small-pox as compared with the previous year. One cholera death and two smallpox deaths were recorded during 1940-41. The total number of vaccinations done was 65,764 during the year under report as against 57,859 in the previous year. Of these, 47,624 and 41,631 were successful, the percentage of successful cases being 72.41 and 83.56 respectively.

The number of malaria patients who attended the dispensaries was 67,705 against 68,614 in the previous year. Out of 14,095 children examined at different hospitals, 8,770 had enlarged spleen, showing a high spleen rate of 62.2. A general survey of the malaria tracts in the State was done during the year under report. Quinine was distributed through the Sub-Assistant Surgeon in charge of travelling dispensary, vaccination staff and the Inspector of Schools.

Fifty-one lepers were treated in the Sadar Hospital.

- (b) Chittagong Hill Tracts.—No systematic registration of births and deaths exists in this area, as the Bengal Birth and Death Registration Act is not in force. However, some attempt is made by the Mouza Headmen to collect and submit vital statistics of the area to the thana officers. There were five attacks and three deaths from cholera. Eight smallpox cases occurred causing no death during 1940. The waterworks at Rangamati continued to benefit the people. Several tanks were excavated and wells sunk during the year. The use of borehole latrines was popularised. On the whole, the general health of the people during the year is reported to be good by the Deputy Commissioner of the Chittagong Hill Tracts.
- (c) Dooars Planters' Area.—An abstract from the report on the working of the Jalpaiguri Labour Act for the year from 1st July 1939 to 30th June 1940, is given below.

The number of tea gardens borne in the register of tea gardens under the Jaloaiguri Labour Act was 155, at the end of 1940, 104 being under European and 51 under Indian management.

A census was taken on the 31st May 1940. The total working population was 290,174 (150,008 males and 140,166 females). There was an increase of 4,385 in the population as compared with the last year.

The total number of births during the year was 11,162 (5,723 boys, and 5,439 girls) giving a rate of 38:47 per mille, the figures for the last year being 11,378 and 39:81 per mille respectively. There were 6,569 deaths during the year giving a rate of 22:64 per mille as compared with 6,974 in the previous year with a rate of 24:41 per mille. The following table gives the mortality from the principal diseases during 1937-38, 1938-39 and 1939-40:—

Diseases.		Numl	ber of deaths	during
Diseases.		1937-38.	1938-39.	1939-40.
Cholera		6	26	41
Small-pox			2	7
Fever		1,122	1,326	1,228
Kala-azar	1111.2	6	9	9
Dysentery and diarrhoea		942	1,275	1,024
Chest complaint		950	1,061	802
Phthisis		454	477	490
Blackwater fever		9	8	8

The number of infantile deaths during the year was 926 giving an infantile mortality of 82.96 per 1,000 births as against 1,204 in the previous year giving a rate of 105.82 per 1,000 births.

There were 173 lepers in 1939-40 as against 211 in 1938-39 and 187 in 1937-38.

All European gardens are supervised by qualified European Group Medical Officers. Twenty Indian gardens are supervised by qualified medical officers, while the rest had no such supervision. Out of the 155 gardens under the Act, only 101 gardens have resident doctors with proper qualifications. The gardens not entertaining qualified medical officers should employ medical officers with registrable qualification.

Public Analyst.

148. Bengal Public Health Laboratory.—Water.—The total number of samples of water examined chemically and bacteriologically during the year 1940 was 1,742 and 3,666 respectively as against 1,797 and 3,508 during the previous year. Of these, the number of samples from jute mills examined chemically and bacteriologically was 1,076 and 1,971, respectively.

Regular monthly examinations of water from the following places were carried out:—

- (1) Sixty-two jute mills under the Indian Jute Mills' Association.
- (2) Nineteen municipal waterworks, including the waterworks of the Kalna municipality which has been recently started.
- (3) The waterworks at the Bengal Engineering College, Sibpore.

Samples of water were also received for examination from policestations of districts, district and special jails, other Government departments and private parties. The sources of water at the municipal waterworks were as pointed out in previous years either tube-wells, infiltration wells and galleries, tanks or rivers and chlorination remained the method of choice to render the water potable.

Sewage effluents.—The necessary staff for the regular analysis of sewage effluents having not been sanctioned the number of samples of sewage effluent examined chemically during the year was only 79.

Staff was temporarily provided by the Public Health Engineering Department for carrying out a special work and the number of samples of raw sewage and effluent examined for the purpose of the work was 275.

Foodstuffs.—The total number of samples of foodstuffs received during the year from all sources was 9,178 as compared to 8,951 in 1939 and the total number of samples analysed 8,314 as compared to 7,032 in 1939.

The number of samples of various foodstuffs sent for analysis by the district boards and municipalities during the year as compared to those of the year 1939 and the percentage of the total were as follows:—

	(pro			District bo	ards.	. Municipalities.						
Food articles.		1940.		Percentage of the total.	1939.	Percentage of the total.	1940.	Percentage of the total.	1939.	Percent- age of the total.		
Mustard oil	Julian	120	4,358	74 -2	4,206	75 -6	1,018	42.7	1,166	47.8		
Ghee		1	844	14 -3	692	12 · 4	740	31 -0	748	30 -7		
Milk			517	8.8	490	8.8	427	17.9	349	14 -3		
Butter		90	6	0.1	8	0.1	18	0.7	18	0.7		
Dahi	2.0	50	4	00.42	59	1.0	28	1.2	31	1.2		
Channa	144	20	37	0.6	2				2001			
Atta and	wheat		42	0.7	50	0.9	109	4.6	72	2 .9		
flour. Tea			67	1.1	52	0.9	42	* 1 .7	52	2 ·1		
Total	000	100	5,875	10.00	5,559		2,382		2,436			

As in previous years samples of foodstuffs were received for analysis from the Government hospitals in Calcutta and a small number from the district hospital at Howrah. Out of a total of 819 samples thus received, 784 were of milk, 8 of butter, 18 of ghee, 7 of atta and 2 of mustard oil.

The tabulated figures show 74.2 per cent. of the samples sent by the district boards and 42.7 per cent. of the samples sent by the municipalities were of mustard oil. Thus, as also noticed in previous years, the efforts of the sanitary staff of local bodies were directed more to check adulteration of mustard oil than that of any other foodstuff.

The number of samples of various foodstuffs from the district boards and municipalities analysed during the year and the percentage of adulteration during the years 1938 and 1939 are tabulated below:—

estownstay		District	boards.	edsante.	Municipalities.						
Foodstuff.	Number of samples analysed		centage f		Number of samples analysed	les adulterated during					
tuents, local	during 1940.	1940.	1939. 1938.		during 1940.	1940.	1939.	1938.			
Mustard oil	3,634	35 · 4	39 -3	35 - 7	1,069	30 · 6	34 · 4	25 · 4			
Ghee	731	49.3	57 -9	59.4	692	39.6	41 -4	42 -9			
Milk	512	75 -4	75 -2	74 - 6	427	57.8	62 - 7	58 -3			
Atta and wheat	39	2.5	2.7	8.3	82	Nil	Nil	2 . 7			
flour. Tea	61	9.8	12.5	13.6	53	11 -3	2.6	10 -5			
Channa	38	92 -1									
Dahi	4	50 -0	93 -1	97 -1	28	42.8	72 - 7	65 -3			
Butter	6	100 -0	100 -0		17	58.8	76-4				

From the above table it appears that adulteration of all foodstuffs except wheat flour and tea under the condition of collection was very considerable. The effect of the administration of the Food Adulteration Act on adulteration of food thus continued to be poor.

The tabular statement below shows the income and expenditure of the Bengal Public Health Laboratory at Calcutta from the year 1931 onwards:—

Year.				Income.	Expenditure.	
				Rs.	Rs.	
1931	A CANADA		Today	21,761	58,124	
1932		0.5		24,039	58,213	
1933		P		28,162	62,151	
1934	Per legale			25,971	59,555	
1935			COLLA .	27,472	53,469	
1936		.,		29,967	54,207	
1937		boot	to kaligo	46,283	61,301	
1938	dinnis i	110040	ne elem	55,792	68,577	
1939		1. 107	and hadde	47,200	68,785	
1940	12		C. 53	50,544	71,542	

The special works started in 1939 were continued during the year under report.

- 149. The Dacca Branch Public Health Laboratory.—The work at the Dacca Branch Laboratory consisted of—
 - (1) monthly analysis of water from 11 municipal waterworks from January to June 1940, and from 8 waterworks from July to December 1940, the analysis of water of the waterworks of the Barisal, Patuakhali and Perojpur municipalities having been transferred to the Khulna District Board Laboratory from July 1940,
 - (2) analysis of water received from Government departments, local bodies and private parties,
 - (3) weekly analysis of sewage and effluent from the Dacca Sewerage Works.

Water.—299 samples of water were examined chemically and 971 samples were examined bacteriologically in 1940 as against 360 and 1,082 in 1939.

Sewage effluents.—314 samples of sewage and effluents from the Dacca Sewerage Works were examined chemically in 1940 as against 329 in 1939. No sample was examined bacteriologically.

A tabular statement showing the income and expenditure from the year 1931 onwards is given below:—

	Inco	me.	Exp	enditure.
The state of the s	Food.	Water.	For the pay of the staff at Calcutta.	For the pay of the staff and contingent
				expenditure at Dacca.
		Rs.		Rs.
		8,615		17,505
	2 9 9 8	12,796		15,211
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	9,624	3,225	7,441	5,584
	9,054	2,849	6,501	6,007
	7,886	2,953	7,680	5,726
	11,158	2,850	7,092	7,152
	16,862	4,059	7,744	6,636
		3,777		6,280
		4,575		6,655
		3,650		6,582
		Rs 9,624 9,054 7,886 11,158 16,862	Rs. 8,615 12,796 Rs. Rs. 9,624 3,225 9,054 2,849 7,886 2,953 11,158 2,850 16,862 4,059 3,777 4,575	Rs. Rs. Rs. Rs. Rs. Rs. Rs. Rs.

^{*}The section pertaining to food analysis was transferred to Calcutta in January 1933.

150. District Public Health Laboratories.—Water.—The numbers of samples of water examined chemically and bacteriologically at the District Public Health Laboratories during the year were as follows:—

	District Toleran	N	umber	of samples	examined.
-	District Laboratory.	Ch	emical		Bacterio- logical.
	Birbhum			Not done.	1 1 1
	Jessore	9		Not done.	
	Jalpaiguri		44		95
	Khulna*		120		211
	Murshidabad	4		Not done.	
	Nadia			Not done.	
	Rajshahi		99		206
	Rangpur		5		

^{*}As samples of water of the waterworks of the Perojpur, Barisal and Patuakhali municipalities can be brought over within the shortest time and examined at the Khulna District Laboratory, by arrangement with the district board, the monthly analysis of water of the three water works was transferred from the Dacca Branch Laboratory to the Khulna Laboratory from July 1940.

tories during the year 1940 and the percentages of adulteration as compared to the percentages of adulteration in the previous two years are shown in the following table:— Foodstuffs.—The number of samples of various foodstuffs from the different local bodies examined at the district labora-

Number of samples of samples samples samples samples of samples o	80	Mustard oill.	off.	b		Gh	Ghee.	823	TOK	Milk.			\$ 100 Sur1	Dahi.	T	
1986d 1940. 1948. 1938. 1939. 1986d. 1940. 194	9		age of sa	umples sted.	Number of samples ana-	Percent	age of sa	mples	Number of samples ana-	Percen	Percentage of samples found adulterated.	ared.	Number of samples ana-	Percent	Percentage of samples found adulterated.	amples ated.
hi 182 81-8 9-3 13-5 29 3 45 5 hi 201 23-9 34-4 32-8 27 5 5 111 27-9 10-7 30-2 9 3 4 1 1 1 1 27-9 10-7 30-2 9 3 1 1 1 1 27-9 10-7 30-2 9 3 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1	lysed in 1940		1938.	1939.	lysed. in 1940.	1940.	1938.	1939.	lysed. in 1940.	1940.	1938.	1939.	lysed. in 1940.	1940.	1938.	1939.
and the control of th	:	30.3		emp A-1-		No rep	ort receiv	.ed.	17				poli	S as		bur a
ganj 280 49·3 45·5 38·2 36 thi 201 23·9 34·4 32·8 27 nur 111 27·9 10·7 30·2 9 nur 1,516 6·5 10·9 21·8 26 nur 719 14·5 7·7 25·5 99 guri 188 41·6 49·0 48·7 16 5 mm 298 10·0 42·7 41·1 49 4 dabad 298 10·0 42·7 41·1 49 4 tunicipalities, sam- 29·0 30·1 71 4 from, which, were 21·2 21·9 40·4 5	18		9.3	13.5	50	31.0	55.4	20.7	142	90 -0	55.4	2.69	9	9-99	71.4	33.0
nur 1111 27.9 34.4 32.8 27 5 nur 11516 6.5 10.9 21.8 26 2 nur 1,516 6.5 10.9 21.8 26 2 nur 185 41.6 49.0 48.7 16 5 nur 188 10.1 34.3 26.2 9 5 nur 188 10.1 34.2 22.0 77 2 nur 870 10.9 39.7 40.4 171 2 nur 298 10.0 42.7 41.1 49 4 nur 846 19.7 29.0 30.1 71 4 nunicipalities, sam- 49 6.1 20.3 5 263 5 21.9 404 5	28	200	45.5	38.5	36	75.0	61 -1	61.5	64	7.67	0-08	1.99	. 00	100 .0	:	100 .0
nur 11,516 6.5 10.9 21.8 26 2 nur 719 14.5 7.7 25.5 99 4 ur 185 41.6 49.0 48.7 16 5 guri 148 10.1 34.3 26.2 9 5 guri 394 13.0 44.2 22.0 77 2 Im 298 10.0 42.7 41.1 49 4 dabad 298 10.0 42.7 41.1 49 4 tunicipalities, sam- from which were from which were	20		34.4	8. 2. 8	27.2	55.5	54.5	43.5	26	6- 88	70 -2	73 -3	16	9. 48	94 -3	100 .0
nur 1,516 6.5 10.9 21.8 26 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	11		10.7	30.5	6	33 -3	0.09	:		100 -0	(3)	20 -0	00	100 .0	100 -0	62.5
nur 719 14.5 7.7 25.5 99 4 185 41.6 49.0 48.7 16 5 guri 148 10.1 34.3 26.2 9 5 guri 946 13.0 44.2 22.0 77 2 ima 298 10.0 42.7 41.1 49 4 idabad 846 19.7 29.0 30.1 71 4 funicipalities, sam- 49 6.1 263 5 from, which, were 359 21.2 21.9 404 5	1911	9	10 -9	21.8	26	21 -4	31.5	29.3	:	:	1,1	52	63	38.1	37.2	45.5
guri 185 41.6 49.0 48.7 16 5 5 guri 148 10.1 34.3 26.2 9 5 5 1 mm 870 10.9 89.7 40.4 171 2 1 4 4 4 1 171 2 1 4 4 4 1 171 2 1 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			2.2	25 .5	66	45.4	38.7	32.7	2222	29.7	43 -6	43.6	:	:	0-001	
guri 148 10-1 34·3 26·2 9 5 guri 946 13·0 44·2 22·0 77 2 Im 870 10·9 89·7 40·4 171 2 Idabad 846 19·7 29·0 30·1 71 4 funicipalities, sam- 359 21·2 21·9 404 5	18		49.0	48.7	16	2.99	14 ·2	23 .0	38	0.12	72 .2	62 -7	*	75.0	0.001	6-88
ad 946 13.0 44.2 22.0 77 2 870 10.9 39.7 40.4 171 2 298 10.0 42.7 41.1 49 4 846 19.7 29.0 30.1 71 4 49 6.1 263 5 49 6.1 263 5 49 6.1 263 5			34 -3	26.2	6	2.99	45.8	14 -8	19	73 -8	73 -3	82 .9	15	93 -3	2.98	85 -7
870 10·9 39·7 40·4 171 2 298 10·0 42·7 41·1 49 4 846 19·7 29·0 30·1 71 4 49 6·1 263 5 359 21·2 21·9 404 5	94		44 .2	22.0	77	28.6	6.89	51.4	121	43.0	49.6	38.7	113	80 -5	88 · 4	7.97
298 10·0 42·7 41·1 49 4 846 19·7 29·0 30·1 71 4 49 6·1 263 5 359 21·2 21·9 404 5	87		39.7	40.4	171	28.1	88 -9	42.5	82	72.9	55 -2	88 -9	12	100 .0	100 -0	:
846 19·7 29·0 30·1 71 4 49 6·1 21·9 404 5	29		42.7	41.1	49	46.9	44.4	87.8	. 51	9-89	0-09	76.2	1	100 .0	100 -0	:
49 6·1 263 5 359 21·2 21·9 404 5	84	1111	29-0	30.1	11	40.0	51.1	40.2	161	33 -5	:	0-67	+	100 -0	:	:
49 6·1 359 21·2 21·9 404 51·7	ella ella cep	les of	inde	13	30	Nore	port recei	ved.		100				1		
359 21.2 21.9 404 51.7	in Na	pint,	PiE.	in la	263	51 -3	BEL.	EQU:	405	26.8	ger:				:	dud o 13
				9- 13	404	51.7		6.04	166	64.4		61.8	4	75 -0	:	0.001
analysed at various Dis-				nia.	is to	are.										

	11.5.0	Channa.	ına.	in .	Se-	Butter.	T.		2511	Wheat flour.	our.	ati	250	Tea.	9.3
District Boards.	Number	Percents found	Percentage of sam found adulterated.	of samples iterated.	Number	Percenta found a	Percentage of san found adulterated.	samples ted.	Number of samples	Percenta	Percentage of samples found adulterated.	mples ted.	Number of samples	Percentage of samples found adulterated.	ge of sa
8 71	samples ana- lysed In 1940.	1940.	1938.	1939.	ana- lysed in 1940.	1940.	1938.	1939.	ana- lysed in 1940.	1940.	1938.	1939.	ana- lysed in 1940.	1940.	1938.
:	1		The state of the s	Suite.		No	No report received.	eived.	-	100	i he	il i	901		JA.
:	00	25 .0	100 .0	9-99	15	26.6	7.77	:	-	To OH	:	:	1		100
:		:		:		:	:	:	9	:	16.6	:	1	300	1
:	:	:	:	:	-	:	:	:	1-0			1	*	10	10
:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	4	0	ini	:	:		
. 186		:	*:	:	4	0.09	0.09	:	157	61	1.0		252	*	4.4
:	7	100 .0		:	:	:	:	:	147	2.0	5.6	1.5	12	8.8	:
:	:		:	100 .0	:	:	:	:	18	:	4.1	:	1	3.0	:
:	:	:	:	:	1	:	:	:	00		:	0:0	1	:	:
	:	;	:	:	1	:	0.08	:	50	VI.	1.7	:	60	:	:
:	17	35 -3	81.8	40 -0		:	100 .0	:	09	1.7	1	:	653	4 .3	:
:	6	77.77	:	81 .8	:	:	:	:	53	10 · 3	30.4	9.1	4	:	:
Murshidabad	:	:	:	9-99	:	:	:	:	- 29	-	:	::	1		:
			distant distant	1.0	in:	No r	No report received.	elved.	e p	lol.		Fig.		No.	a Co
lio.			dqt aga	alg.	W T				1		po bo	70	The state of the s	100	illi alli
					011				0.4		ini ini			0 0	10
Municipalities.	-31	Jan Land							8	150	tie qu	31		100	
11: 12: 13: 13: 13: 13: 13: 13: 13: 13: 13: 13	:	:	:	101	11	81.8	:	of :	13	38.2	00	:	:		:
Other municipalities, samples from whih were analysed at various Dis-	NO.	20 .0	in its	46.1	7	100 .0	:	0.09	00	a super	olT di 20	10 H	:: (194 :: (194		: 110

The table again shows that the sanitary staff of all local bodies, the Dacca Municipality being the only exception, were more interested in checking adulteration of mustard oil than that of any other foodstuff and from the reported figures it appears that in some districts at least its adulteration was controlled. There should however be no complacency because in spite of the fact that the percentages of adulteration of mustard oil as reported in the case of the Khulna district board for the years 1938 and 1939 were 9.5 and 13.8 respectively, it jumped incredibly to 81.8 in the year under report.

With the exception of one or two districts the percentage of adulteration of milk was high but the number of samples analysed being small the real extent of adulteration was difficult to judge from the reported figures.

The position with regard to adulteration of ghee is so complicated that the reported figures possibly show the extent to which this foodstuff was considerably adulterated.

Examination of Clinical Materials.—Chemical and bacteriological examinations of blood, sputum, stool, urine, throat-swab, as carried out during the year at the clinical sections of some of the district laboratories were as follows:—

					Number	of specime	ens exan	nined.	
District	Laborato	ry.	Blood.	Sputum.	Urine.	Fœces.	Pus.	Throat swab for K. L. B.	Other samples.
Birbhum Jalpaiguri	::	::	172 381 635	24 18	237 105	46 85	3 9	1 2	8 3
Khulna Rangpur	::	::	635 173	18 72 18	316 67	61 18	9 43 3	6	8 3 14 20

- 151. Darjeeling Municipal Laboratory.—(i) Water-supply.—524 samples of water were examined, 61 chemically and 463 bacteriologically during 1940 as against 529 (60 chemical and 469 bacteriological) in 1939.
- (ii) 104 samples of sewage effluents were examined in 1940 as against 132 in 1939.
- (iii) 892 samples of food materials were examined during the year under report as against 1,144 in the previous year. The results of the examination of foodstuffs were as follows:—

Foodstuffs.		mber of amples	Number found	Percen- tage of
	exa	amined.	adulter- ated.	adulter- ation.
Milk	 	629	53	8.4
Butter	 	20		
Mustard oil		171		
Ghee	 	63	11	17 .5
Flour	 	3		
Atta	 	6		
Total		892	64	7 .2

- (iv) Clinical work.—3,505 specimens of blood, urine, etc., were examined during the year as against 3,611 in the previous year.
- 152. Bengal Vaccine Laboratory.—During the year under report, 1,424,995 c.c. of anti-cholera vaccine excluding the loss due to breakage of tubes was prepared. This together with the balance of 274,160 c.c. of the previous year amounted to 1,699,155 c.c. The total production in 1939 was 2,497,580 c.c. There was a large fall in the production of anti-cholera vaccine as compared with the previous year. The quantity of vaccine issued free of cost during 1940 was 1,494,365 c.c. and the quantity sold was 130,835 c.c. making up a total issue of 1,625,200 c.c. The monthly production of anti-cholera vaccine during 1940 as compared with the previous year is given below:—

lis leptur			f vaccine pr l in c.c.
Months.		1939.	1940.
January		385,645	114,230
February		203,105	94,895
March	in today	210,020	36,405
April	1000	363,765	334,310
May		59,270	84,625
June		144,960	1,745
July		91,885	113,115
August		39,164	173,080
September		169,665	136,545
October		133,430	38,555
November		161,160	89,690
December		183,035	208,330

The anti-cholera vaccine was manufactured strictly in accordance with the recommendations of the Cholera Advisory Committee of the Indian Research Association.

The S. N. Mallik Maternity Home and Model Health Unit, Singur, continued to do useful work during the year under report. Its record of work is one of all-round progress in the different branches of public health administration. During the year the unit withdrew its activities from Nashidpore union board area and brought Nalikul union board area under its perview in view of the promise of better co-operation from the latter union. The area now served by the unit consists of 103 villages in the four union board areas of Singur, Gopalnagar, Balarambati and Nalikul with a population of 40,000 as per census of 1931. The whole unit is under the immediate charge of a Medical Officer of Health assisted by a Lady Assistant Medical Officer of Health. The unit has been divided into four sub-units each being

manned by a health staff of one Sanitary Inspector, one Health Visitor and two midwives.

The activities of the unit during the year under report are detailed below: -

The Health Officer and the Sanitary Inspectors have now been appointed as the Honorary Health Officer and Sanitary Inspectors of the unions concerned under the Village Self-Government Act for better co-ordination and facility of health work, and under their guidance and control it is hoped that registration of births and deaths in the area will improve both in quality and completeness of registration. The monthly vital statistics returns of the union boards are now sent direct to the Sanitary Inspectors of the unit. The birth and death rates based on census population was 45.9 per mille and 18.1 per mille as against 34.4 and 22.4 per mille respectively in rural areas of the province during 1940. The total infantile deaths numbered 231, giving an infantile mortality rate of 125.9 per 1,000 live births. There were 16 maternal deaths giving a rate of 8.6 per 1,000 births (live and still). The mortality recorded under the principal diseases and their rates are given below:—

Disease.		Number of deaths during 1940.	Rate per mille of census	Rate per mille in rural areas
0.7.1	1000	12.1	population.	of the province.
Malaria		267	6.7	7.94
Cholera		5	0.13	0.43
Small-pox		3	0.08	0.07
Enteric		12	0.3	0.13
Tuberculosis lungs.	of	22	0.5	0.17
Pneumonia		67	1 .7	0.86
Diarrhoea		37	0.9	0.38
Dysentery		13	0.3	0.44

During the year 399 anti-cholera inoculations and 2,062 primary and 2,216 re-vaccinations were performed by the health staff. As facilities for hospitalisation of communicable diseases are practically not provided for, the control measures were carried out in the patient's houses.

A scheme for the control of malaria in Singur and Madhubati was sanctioned by Government during the year and arrangements have been made to start the survey and control operations.

Out of 8,597 families in the unit, 8,308 had no latrine accommodation, 110 had pit latrines, 170 dry earth and 6 flush-out type of latrines. Experiments are being conducted to find whether bore-hole latrines are suitable for the unit area. During the year 43 bore-hole latrines were constructed.

Laboratory examination of over 126 specimen stools was done during the year and 25 per cent. of these were found positive for ankylostoma. This points out the potential danger of ankylostomiasis infection amongst the people of the locality.

The work of the Maternity and Child Welfare Centre staff in the four centres of the unit may be summarised as follows:—

Maternity.

Number of expectant mothers registered		1,331
Number of home visits		3,780
Number of pre-natal clinics held		243
Total number of clinic visits by expectant mothers		441
Number delivered by unit midwives		435
Number delivered in maternity home		18
Ante-natal visits by midwives		5,738
Post-natal		2,934
		2 660
Child Welfare—(a) Infants.		
Total number of infants registered		1,099
Number of baby clinics		243
Number of clinic visits by infants		808
Number of home visits to infants		4,218
(b) Pre-school Children.		
Number of children registered		475
Number of clinic visits	,	533
Number of home visits		2,977

In 85 out of the 103 villages in the area, there are 250 tube-wells and 8 masonry wells. 8,297 out of 8,597 families use tube-well water, 100 well water, 169 tank water and 31 water from other sources.

There are 50 schools in the Health Unit area and 750 out of 2,874 pupils in these schools were medically examined during the year by the Health Officer and about 2,000 students by the Sanitary Inspectors.

With a view to educate the masses in public health matters, 3 lectures in exhibitions and 2 radio talks by the Medical Officer of

Health, 1104 talks by Sanitary Inspectors and Health Visitors and 68 little mothers' classes were conducted.

The house survey work began in the previous year was completed during the year. In order to obtain a true picture of the condition—personal, environmental and socio-economic—prevailing within the Model Health Unit area, a proper demographic survey has been carried out by the workers of the Model Health Unit. The information related to the following items: investigation of the conditions of the house, its living rooms and environment, investigation of the socio-economic condition of the family, disease incidence and the death in the family and personal health history of the individuals in the family.

Special schedules were evolved for the purpose and were adopted to be used in conjunction with mechanical appliances. The data were analysed in collaboration with the All-India Institute of Hygiene and Public Health. The period of survey was from June 1939 to November 1940. Some of the data are noted below:—

- (i) Total number of families examined-8,597.
- (ii) Total population-45,939.
- (iii) Condition of houses 5,266 out of 8,597 or 61 per cent. were poor or unfit for habitation.
- (iv) Ventilation very poor in 5,785 or 67 per cent. of houses.
- (v) 4,676 families out of 8,597 examined do not take any milk at all.
- (vi) 8,310 families or 96 per cent. take their water-supply from tube-wells and wells.

The Health Unit serves as a training ground for public health workers and students. Thirty-one students from the All-India Institute of Hygiene and Public Health were given practical training in public health work and eighteen students from Chittagong Hill Tracts underwent the course for Health Assistants. Six lady students of Sir John Anderson Health School were also deputed for training in the unit.

154. Housing conditions and town and village planning.—The present housing conditions in rural and urban areas are far from satisfactory and this state of affairs is due to the fact that sufficient attention has not been paid by local bodies to the improvement of housing conditions. Although there are certain provisions in the Calcutta Municipal Act, the Bengal Municipal Act and the Village Self-Government Act, no action on this very important subject has been taken by many local bodies.

On the recommendation of the Housing Sub-Committee appointed to enquire into the problem of housing in this province, a note on the present housing condition in urban and rural areas and the need for sufficient legal provision for regularising the construction of houses was circulated to all local authorities. In the case of municipalities which have not adopted any bye-laws for regulation of construction of buildings, they were urged to adopt and enforce them strictly. But the response is not so far encouraging. Seventy-four municipalities have neither framed nor adopted any bye-laws up till now. This has resulted in the construction of back to back houses. One municipality has actually constructed a set of back to back quarters for its own menials. The incidence of tuberculosis and other respiratory diseases is particularly high among the dwellers in back to back houses, the construction of which has been definitely given up in all civilised countries. It was urged on the local bodies that the construction of such houses should not be permitted by adopting suitable bye-laws.

In the rural areas, the powers given to the union boards under the Village Self-Government Act are meagre and vague and they are not usually enforced. Necessary modification of the Act in respect of building regulations should therefore be made.

Apart from the question of regulating the construction of buildings, the location of houses for various purposes should also be regularised. In the absence of specific provision in law various industrial concerns and dangerous and offensive trades have cropped up indiscriminately and have been a source of considerable annoyance affecting the health of the inhabitants. This will continue unless the growth of a town or village is well planned in accordance with the provisions of a Town and Village Planning Act.

156. Nutrition and Diet Survey.—With a view to studying the extent of defects due to malnutrition, the nutrition survey staff continued during the year to examine the health conditions of the scholars in schools and of the adults by house to house visit and also of the labour classes in the industrial areas. The survey was carried in ten districts and in parts of two other districts of the province, the secondary schools in those districts being selected by random sampling method by the Indian Statistical Laboratory, Presidency College, Calcutta, and after selection of the secondary schools, the neighbouring primary schools and maktabs were taken up for the health examination of the scholars. Altogether 2,182 boys and girls were examined in 17 schools in the districts (Table 1), of which 1,242 were boys and 940 were girls (Table 3). Out of 2,182 scholars, 53 scholars between the age of 6 and 12 were further examined for A.C.H. measurement commonly known as Arm, Chest and Hip measurement. Besides the scholars, 823 people of both the sexes were examined by house to house visit in seven districts of Bengal and 458 male and female workers were examined in a jute mill in Howrah district (Table 2), of which 728 were males and 553 females. The number, therefore, comes to 2,182 scholars, 1,281 males and females making up the total 3,463. In addition to this, a number of 472 children below 6 years of age were also examined both in schools and by house to house visit. Out of these children 240 were males and 232 were females (Table 3). After the health examination of the scholars the heads of the institutions were informed about the hygienic defects of the scholars and the headmasters and headmistresses requested the respective guardians to take necessary steps to remedy the defects. In case of house to house visit, the heads of different families were directly informed about the defects detected amongst the members of respective family. In case of the mill

workers, the manager of the mill was informed about the defects of the workers and was requested to take necessary medical steps. Most of the workers had been suffering from teeth, gum and throat trouble and were anæmic. Some of the workers had occupational "dermatosis" specially on the hands and feet for handling irritating chemicals. The Chief Medical Officer was asked to do the needful by taking proper measures.

From the morbidity figures it is evident that the scholars and others are generally suffering from tooth, gum, throat and eye trouble and are anæmic. Prevalence of these diseases was also noticed during the previous years. The morbidity figures are given in table 4, below.

Hair and Scalp.—2.2 per cent. scholars at Chittagong and 2.8 per cent. scholars at Jalpaiguri and 1.2 per cent. of the general populace have hair and scalp trouble.

Skin.—Skin troubles noted in the different districts are as follows:
—Dinajpur 6.5 per cent., Chittagong 4 per cent., Jalpaiguri 5.3 per cent., Noakhali 3.4 per cent., Murshidabad 6.1 per cent., Burdwan 4.9 per cent., Birbhum 6.2 per cent., Malda (female) 1.6 per cent., 24-Parganas 4.3 per cent. and Howrah 2 per cent.

Tooth and Gum.—Spongy gum and carious teeth are rather common ailments. About 21 per cent. of the people of 24-Parganas and 14 per cent. of the people of Jalpaiguri and Chittagong each, suffer from tooth trouble and about 20 per cent. of Howrah people and 18 per cent. of Birbhum people have gum troubles.

Throat.—As was found in the previous years, tonsillitis and pharyngitis are the most common trouble found during the survey. The percentages of the people suffering from throat trouble are shown below:—Birbhum 52·3, Burdwan 48·2, Chittagong 44·6 and Dinajpur 41·6.

Eyes.—About 9 per cent. of the people of Birbhum and 6 per cent. of the people of Malda, Bogra, Murshidabad and Burdwan are suffering from eye trouble.

Ear.—About 1 per cent. of the people of 24-Parganas have ear trouble.

Morbidity percentage of diseases of heart, lungs, liver and spleen in the districts are shown in Table 4. It will be noted from the table that about 21 per cent. of the people examined in 24-Parganas and 8 per cent. of the people in Dinajpur and Burdwan have enlarged spleen. 24-Parganas has taken up in October and Dinajpur in the month of March.

Bowels.—Incidence of indigestion, acidity, dysentery, diarrhoea and other bowel complaints is rather common. During the survey, 5.6 per cent. people at Jalpaiguri, 5.3 per cent. people at Bogra and 4.2 per cent. people at Murshidabad had been suffering from definite bowel complaints.

Anaemia.—Haemoglobin percentages were taken by Hellige normal haemometers. From the figures of the haemoglobin percentages noted

during the survey, the mean, mode and median of each district have been worked out. The minimum of the three (mean, mode and median) has been taken as the standard of anaemia in each district. The minimum haemoglobin percentages taken as standard of anaemia in the districts under review are as follows:—

District.	Male.	Female.
Calcutta*	Per manage	69 • 4
Dinajpur	67 - 56	64 .53
Chittagong	66 -28	68 - 77
Jalpaiguri	67 - 75	68 · 15
Noakhali	68 · 16	63 · 54
Bogra*	31.70	66 -82
Murshidabad	66 .03	62 · 5
Burdwan	67 -0	66 -14
Birbhum	69 - 17	54 · 35
Maldah*	im adver nave	53 ·1
24-Parganas	53 -60	52.5
Howrah	70 -96	58 -41

^{*} Only the girl scholars were examined in the district.

Bad nourishment due to ignorance, bad economic condition, malaria and other diseases are the most common causes for anaemia.

Table 5 shows the district morbidity percentages of different kinds of diseases in the districts taken for the survey work during the year under review.

Along with the nutrition survey, a diet survey was also carried in families of different grades of life. During the year, the diet survey could not be carried extensively because the doctor deputed for the purpose, was recruited in Bengal Medical Service (lower) and left this job in July 1940 and the substitute was appointed in November 1940 and therefore the diet survey work could not be carried out for about four months. The staff, however, carried the diet survey work in 195 families of different social groups in seven districts including one jail (Dacca Central Jail) with 16 groups of prisoners. Before the food-stuffs were cooked, the whole ration in each case was weighed item by item in the morning and evening for ten consecutive days. Analysis of the diet of all the hostels will be submitted later for comparative study. Table 6 shows the percentages of deficiency of the different food-factors at different places of the seven districts. It is evident that almost all the districts

show a glaring deficiency in Calcium, Vitamin A, Vitamin C, Fat and Protein. The deficiencies noted during the survey were as follows:—

Dis	strict.	9 19	Calcium.	Fat.	Vitamin A.	Vitamin C.
	Female		Male		oinlaid -	
	5200	16.0	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
Dinajpur			100 .0	96 · 3	100 .0	85 .2
Chittagong	FO. 24		96 -0	100 .0	100 .0	96 -1
Jailpaiguri	TE- 88		97.9	97 .9	100 .0	25.0
Noakhali	18.5-80		100 .0	100 .0	100 .0	70 .0
Murshidabad			62 - 5	75.0	100 -0	75 .0
Dacca			57 -6	50 .0	100 -0	38 -4
Howrah		·	95.0	60 .0	95 .0	55.0

From the table it is evident that there are marked deficiencies in the above food-factors in most of the families of the districts surveyed. The diets do not come up even to the minimum standards laid (vide end of Table 6). Similar deficiencies in some of these food-factors were also noticed in the previous years. Most of the diets do not even come up to the level of the minimum standard not to speak of the optimum one in respect of both quality and quantity. The families were all informed about defects in their diets with necessary suggestions for improvement.

The people were also educated with regard to proper nutrition including arrangement for preparation of balanced diet. The better methods of cooking foods without losing the important food factors were also impressed on the people. Health talks during the survey work in different districts and nutrition lectures in schools and public places were also given by the staff during the year.

TABLE I.

Number of scholars examined in the different schools of the ten districts in Bengal during 1940.

_	- COLOR BUS				
Serial No.	Name of school taken up for nutrition we	ork.	No. of scholars examined.	Age between 6 and 12 examined for A. C. H.	Scholars below 6 years.
				40	1
49	Calcutta—** Suhrawardy Begum Girls' M. E. Scho	ol	80	53	8
	District Total		80	53	8
	Chittagong—				
50	Alkaran Primary School for Boys'		96		
51	Alkaran Free Primary School for Girls'		37	enda producti	16
	District Total		133		16
	Jalpaiguri—*				
52	Karim Box Primary School		35		
	District Total		35	11000	- E.V
23/1	Noakhali—		ner rend tu	place have r	December 1
53	Keramatia Senior Madrasah		76		
54	Keramatia U. P. Maktab		38		41
55	Sonapur Lower Primary Girls' School		(boys & girls.)		
	District Total		158		41
n una a	Bogra—**		and the second		white.
56-	V. M. Girls' H. E. School		207		
	District Total		207		41
57	Murshidabad— Berhampur Girls' H. E. School		245	water.	
58	Nawab Bahadur's Institution		449		
1					
EN 2-11	District Total		694	dy stoll)	and the
59	Burdwan— Municipal H. E. School		185		
60	Municipal Girls' H. E. School		91		8
100	District Total		276		8

N. B.—Districts marked with double asterisks were surveyed in previous years.
Girls scholars have not been examined in the district marked with single asterisk.

Serial No.	Name of school taken up for new works.	utrition	No. of scholars examined.	Age bet- ween 6 and 12 examined for A. C. H.	Scholars below 6 years.
and or to	Birbhum—				Yabak
61 62	Birbhum Zilla School R. T. Girls' H. E. School	::	258 99	::	6
	District Total	1	357		6
	Malda—**			3 materials	1000
63	Barlow Girls' H. E. School		126	navandura.	
3	District Tot	al	126		
	24-Parganas—		mary Brain	Lamesta	00.1
64 65	Anantapara U.P. Boys' School Anantapara U.P. Girls' School	0 yel (c.)	79 37	est ments	22 33
DI	District Total	٠	116		55
	Grand Total for the	he year	2,182	53	134

N.B.—Districts marked with double asterisks were surveyed in previous years. Girls scholars have not been examined in the district marked with single asterisk.

TABLE 2.

Statement showing the total number examined by house to house visit and in Jute Mill area in the eight districts of Bengal during the year 1940.

District.	52 52		No. of males of different ages examined.	No: of females of different ages examined.	Total.	Infant.
Dinajpur (House visit)			43	18	61	42
Chittagong (House visit) Jalpaiguri (House visit)	***	::	56 131	82 118	138 249	49 146
Noakhali (House visit)			175	76	251	55
Murshidabad (House visit)			47	19	66	19
Burdwan (House visit)			22	7	29	5
Birbhum (House visit)			24	5	29	22
	Total		498	325	823	338
Howrah (Jute Mill)			230	228	458	
Grand T	otal		728	553	1,281	338

TABLE 3.

Statement showing the number by sexes examined in schools, by house to house visit and in jute mill in the different districts of Bengal during the year 1940.

Female sex.

Dist	trict.		Girl scholars examined above 6 years.	Female examined by house visit.	Female examined in Jute Mill.	Age bet- ween 6 and 12 exam- ined for A.C.H.	Girls examined below 6 years.
Calcutta			80			53	8
Dinajpur				18		8	16
Chittagong			37	82	=	P 1	33
Noakhali			18	76		F 3	54
Bogra Murshidabad			207 245	10			
Burdwan			91	19		9	7 8
Birbhum	::		99	5		7 1 5	16
Malda			126				
24-Parganas	9.00	.9	37	F3 91		1 1 1 1	20
Jalpaiguri	0		8	118		B 1 B	70
Howrah					228	3 8	1 00
	Total		940	325	228	53	232

Male sex.

				Boys scholars examined above 6 years.	Male examined by house visit.	Male examined in Jute Mill.	Age bet- ween 6 and 12 exam- ined for A.C.H.	Boys examined below 6 yers.
Dinajpur					43	0		26
Chittagong				96	56		15	- 32
Noakhali				140	175		1 3	42
Murshidabad		S		449	47			12 5
Burdwan		=		185	22		1 9	5
Birbhum			2000	258	24			12
24-Parganas				79				35
Jalpaiguri				35	131			76
Howrah						230		E 3.
		Total .		1,242	498	230	8	240
Grand T	otal			2,182	823	458	53	472

TABLE 4.

Mill and different houses) by Sexes and Religion, as found during the Nutrition Survey in the districts of Calcutta, Dinajpur, Chittagong, Noakhali, Bogra, Murshidabad, Burdwan, Birbhum, Malda, 24-Parganas, Jalpaiguri and Howrah in the year Statement showing the Morbidity Percentages of different kinds of diseases of scholars and others (those examined in Jute

1				The second			Mo	Morbidity Percentages of different kinds of Discuses	srcentages	of differ	ent kinds	of Disens	268		of s	1
Religion.	Sex.	Subject	Number examin- ed.	Hair	Skin.	Teeth.	Gum,	Throat.	Eyes.	Ears.	Heart.	Lungs.	Liver.	Spleen.	Bowels.	Anae-
1	- 01	00	4	5	9	1-	œ	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Calcutta**	Fomale	Scholars	08	Male being choose	5.0	5.0	322 :	26 -3	22 - 5	:	es iò	:	:	:	10.0	5 54
		Total	80		2 .0	9.9	:	26 -3	22 .5	:	2 .5	:		:	10.0	45.2
Dirainur	214.1	000 0 0164 034 034 038 038	-	STATE OF			THE STREET	TIE .				10.00			il ni	T
Hindu	Male	Others	25	:	4.0	4 -0	:	40 -0	:	:	;	:	:	12.0	dmu	12 ·0
20		Total	25	:	4 .0	4.0	:	40.0	:		:	:	:	12.0	1:	12.0
	Intol														ini j	
	Female	Others	16	:	:	25 · 0	61	62.0	:	:	:	6 .2	:	6.2	enly	6.2
		Total	16	:		25 -0	6.5	62.0	:			6.5		6.2	011	6.2
	10	50.0						782	Berl	-		111			2 1	
2	Both	Others	41	:	7.01	12.1	÷ 01	48.6	navet.	LINE STATE		7 01	:	2.6	name	2.6
	さい のか	Total	41	:	2.4	12 ·1	4. 01	48.6	115	176		4.2		2.6	100	2.6
										-						

:		2 2:	1:	0.11	:	0. 4	0.7	80 m	0 10	6.5	6.5	No.		:	8 .8	7.7	:	13 -3	13 ·3	:	11.6	11 -3	
:		:		8.6		:		100	:	1	:		10.	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
2.9	9.9	*:	:		2.0	9.3	9.3	1 1 1	0.0	8-1	8.1			:		:	:	:		:	:	:	-
:		:	1:		:			7.0	: :	:	:			:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
:	:			-	:	:			0 10	1.6	1.6			:	:	:	:	9-9	9-9		4 .3	di di	-
:	:	:	:		:	:			: :	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:		:		Account to
:	:	:	:		:	:			: :	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		
:	:	50-0	90 -0		2 -0		:	-	0 10	1.6	1.6			:	:	:	:	01	61	:	1.4	1.4	
33 -3	33 -3	:	:	8 9 9	30 -0	87 -1	37 -1	- 1	55.0	41 .6	41.6			:	58.4	53 -4	5:	35 -5	35 -5	:	42 .0	42 -3	Section Contract
5.5	9.9		:	1	2 -0	01	60	- :	0 10	61	61			:	4.2	8.8	:	4.4	4.4		4 -3	0, 4	To the later of th
11-11	11.1	1 3:	:	200	10 .0	0-2	0.2		0 22 0	11.4	11.4		-	:	4.2	8.8	8 8:	9-9	9-9	:	8.9	5 -6	1
16.6	16.6	1 :	1.4.	9.8	15.0	9.3	8.6		: ::	6.5	6.5	100		:	16.7	15.4	9:	4.4	4.4	ALC: N	9-8	×0.	-10
:		77:			:	:	:	1:-2	: :	:	:		-	:	7:			:		1	Ni.	:	
18	18	01	01	2	50	43	43	2 9	18	61	61	100		01	24	26	NII	45	45	01	69	11	
:	:	:	:		:	:	:		: :	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
Others	Total	Others	Total	7	Others	Others	Total		Others	Others	District Total	The state of		Scholars	Others	Total	Scholars	Others	Total	Scholars	Others	Total	
:		::			:	:			:	:				:			:			:			
Male Male		Female			Both	Male			Female	Both				Male			Female			Both	500,17		
Muslim						пи			:				Chittagong.	Hindu				The second			CHARGE IS		-

N. B.-Districts marked with double asterisks were surveyed in previous years.

T					Moshidie	Morbidity Descentages of different kinds of Discases.	o jo some	lifferent k	I jo spui	Jiseases.				
Vermber				1000	Moreian	ty rereat	ragas or	Illicitation	and on the	- Common of the			-	
ed. and S	_	00	Skin.	Teeth.	Gum.	Throat.	Eyes.	Ears.	Heart.	Lungs.	Liver.	Spleen.	Bowels.	Anae- mia.
4 5	2		9	1-	œ	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
94 61 8	63		2 .1	26.5	01	64 -7	60	:	:		1.0	63	:	6- 09
	:		8 -1	16 -5	6.2	49 -6	:	. 3.1	:	3.1	:	:	:	:
126 2 -4	7.8		5.4	53.4	4-0	61 -1	÷ 5	8.0	:	8.0	8.0	5.7	:	38 ·1
											1			
37	:		1.	5.4	:	21 -6	:	:	:	:	:	:	10 ·8	430
	:		2.7	8 · 1	:	16 -2	2 .7	:	:	2.7	:	:	2.7	10 ·8
:		04	1- 03	6.7	:	18.9	1.3	:	:	1.3	:		6.7	27.0
131 2 · 3			60	20.6	65 - 58	52.6	60	:	:	-	8.0	69	3.0	48.8
69	:		6. 3	11.5	6.3	31.7	1.4	1.4		6.3	:	:	1.4	2.8
200 1.5	1.5		9. 7	17.5	2.5	45 -6	2.0	0.2	:	1.0	0.0	01.6	5.0	24.0
96 3.1	3.1		2.1	26.0	3.1	63 -4	3.1	:		:	1.0	3.1	:	49.9
99	-:		8.9	10.7	8.9	53.4	:	1.8	:	1.8	:	:	:	3.5
152 2.0	0.		4.6	20.4	8.8	6.69	0. 0	9-0	:	9.0	9-0	2.0	:	35.8
.: 28	:		2.7	4.9		21.6	0	:	:	:	:		10.8	43.2
	:		3.6	7 .3	7.01	26-6	7. 61		:	4.8	:	::	1.5	12.1
611			3.4	2.9	1.7	25 -2	1.7	:	:	3.4	:	:	6.4	21.8
133 2 .2			01	20.3	03 03	51 -8	61 61	:	:	:	2.0	61	3.0	48.1
138	:		5.8	8.7	3.6	87.6	1.4	2.0	:	3.6		:	4.	8.7
271 1.1	1.1		4.0	14 -4	6.3	44 -6	1.8	4.0		1.8	10.4	1.1	1.8	28.0
			1	10.11										

: 0	18.0	33.0	33.0		0.60	26.6	25 -3	98.9	19.2	17.5	18-1	0.25	23.8	23 .8		19.5	19.5	19.4		14 .2	19.1	18-1
2 : 2	: :	15-4	15 -4		:	8.0	9-4		:	2.2	1.5	100	:	:	-		1-6	1.1	100		2.0	9-0
: 0	8.0	1.0	1.0	1.00	:	8. #	4.5		15.3	10.0	12 ·1	0.8	9.6	9-6		15.3	10-0	11 -4	22	11.4	9.1	9.6
: 0	0.0	3.1	3.1		:	60	3.0		8.8	20.00	3.0		4.8	4.8		8.50	69	3.4	2.2	80.01	3.0	3.0
: 3	1.1		1		:	9.0	0.0		:	5.0.	:	100	:	:		:	:			*	2.0	9-0
9 : 9	: :	1.0	1.0			9.0	9.0		:		:	3-0	:	:		:	:		12.	DATE OF		
: :	: :	:	:		:	:	:		80.00	-:	1.5		:	:		8.8	:	1.1		8.6	:	9-0
	: :	2 .1	2.1			1.1	1.0		:	5.0	:	000	:	:	2.4	:	:		100		:	
11.11	19.0	7.2	6.7	3.	11.1	13 -3	13.2	9 89	15.3	47.5	34 -7	-	33 -3	33 -3		15 -3	42 -4	34 -5		14 ·2	28.2	25.3
: 3	4.0	17.5	17.5		:	11.2	10.6		:	63	1.5	100	4.8	4.8	200	:	60	00		:	80.00	3.0
4 5	18.0	9.3	8.6		44.4	12 .2	13 -7		23 -0	7.5	13.6	9-12	19-0	19-0		23 -0	11 -4	14.8		28.4	13.0	16.2
	9.6	1.0	1.0			5.3	1.9		:	2.2	0.7	0.0	9.6	9-6			8.1	2.9			0.1	2.5
	: ::		1 ::		- 44				80		1.5		:	:		80.00		1.1		8.	:	9-0
6	100	97	97		6	188	197	1	26	40	99	210	21	21		26	61	87		100	131	166
Scholars	Others	Others		Supplied in	Scholars	Others	Total	Total Control	Scholars	Others	Total		Others	Total		Scholars	Others	Total		Scholars	Others	Total
Male	Selle	Female		Astronya 7.	Both			Mate.	Male				Female		- June	Both				Male	300	
Jalpaiguri.					Hindu			Thomas	Muslim									- Antiquesta	-	IIY	Nothing	

	s. Anse- mis.	-	7 31.3	-7 31 -8		14 -2	4 24.0	6 23 6	200	85.7	9 35-3	7 40.0	16.6	9 38.2	5 35.0	8.89		38.3
0	Bowels		12.7	12.		:	4.9	5.6		:	2.9	04	:	6.3	2.5		6.6	2.6
7	Spleen.		61	20.02		11.4	0.9	6.7		:	:	:	:	:	0.7.	1	201:	:
.89	Liver.	-	7 20	2,00		94	64	01		:	:	:	:	:	-	0.6	-	:
of Diseas	Lungs.	1	:	:		:	0.4	0.3		:		1:	:	:	1:	0.5		:
Morbidity Percentages of different kinds of Diseases.	Heart.		8.0	8.0		:	* · 0	0.3		:	1.5	1.3	:	:	:		6.	6.
of differe	Ears.		1	:		64	:	0.3		:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:
rcentages	Eyes.		1.7	1.7			8.0	2.0		:	*	:	:	:	:		:	:
bidity Per	Throat.	1	11.8	11.8		14.2	50.4	19.7		28.6	20.6	21.3	20.0	14.7	20.0	100 000 000	18.6	20.9
Mor	Gum.		15.2	15 -2	37.0	2.5.0	9.5	8.1		:	4.4	4.0	:	20.9	2.5	94.	8.9	3.5
	Teeth.		11.0	11 -0	0.01	28.4	12.0	14-1	0.00	:	19-1	17.8	:	14.7	12.5	3	17.6	15.7
	Skin.		61	10.01	200	:	0.9	5 -3		:	6.9	5.3	:	6.9	0.9	1	6.9	5.5
00-	Hair and scalp.	1		1 :		61 8.	:	0.3		:	1.5	1.8	:	:	1:	:	6.	6.
	Number examin- ed.		118	118		50.00	249	284		1-	89	7.5	9	34	40	13	102	115
S. Boot	Subject		Others	Total	The state of	Scholars	Others	District Total	- Olimina	Scholars	Others	Total	Scholars	Others	Total	Scholars	Others	Total
	Sex.		Female			Both			Mary	Male		31000	Female		Manual .	Both		1 1
	Religion.	Talmaland	conled.					4	Noakhalt.	Hindu		or their						Hinto

14.3	16.3	6.7	8.92	35.7	18.6	19.4	19.0		17.9	8.83	21.5	20.09	31.5	65.50	21.5	26.2	24.4
4.	8.	1.7	:	8.8	2.1	4.	1.4		2.	1.7	1.3	11-11	1.3	61	1.9	1.6	1.7
8 .8	9.9	:	4.9	3.8	8.4	7.4	6.1	1/4	5.0	5.1	0.9	:	10.1	2.1	4.4	1.1	7.7
1.5	2.1	:	:		1.4	2.0	1.7		1.4	1.7	1.6	:	:	:	1.3	1.2	1.5
: 6.	7	:	:	1:		2.	60		:	9.	8.	:	:	:	:	7	ó3
: :	-: ::	-	:	:	:	:	:		:	9.	60	:	:	:	:	7	61
:	7.	:	:	:	:	2.	8.		:	9.	8.	:	:		:	7	63
1.5	1.2		:	:	1-4	1.	1.0		1.4	9.	6.	:	:		1.0	7.	7.
18.0	16.2	16.6	7.8	9.4	17.9	12.1	15.0		18.6	16.5	17.4	27.8	10.6	13.9	19.6	14.7	16.6
61 0	1.7	:	:	:	2.1	1.	1.4		2.1	00	2.2	-:	1.3	1.1	1.9	10.01	1.9
8. 4.	5.4	8.8	7.8	7.5	4-1	7.4	8.9		9.0	11 .9	0.0	9.9	10.6	9-6	00	11.5	80
64 60	6.3		4.01	1.9	2.1	00	2.7		1.0	4.5	3.5	:	4.0	01	1.9	4.4	3.4
: 1	œ.	:	:	:	:	1.3	2.		:	1.7	6.	:	:	:	:	1.5	2.
133	241	15	4	53	145	149	294		140	176	316	18	75	93	158	251	409
Scholars Others		Scholars	Others	Total	Scholars	Others	Total		Scholars	Others	Total	Scholars	Others	Total	Scholars	Others	Total
Male	100	Female			Both				Male	- stars		Female		No. of the last	Both		District
	-	F			Ä		Y		:	-		E4		-	· :		
Muslim									IIV					Minda,	2		

		. 143075			100	N	forbidity	Percentag	Morbidity Percentages of different kinds of Diseases.	erent kin	ds of Disa	eases.	-			1
Religion.	Sex.	Subject	Number examin- ed.	Hair and scalp.	Skin,	Teeth.	Gum.	Throat.	Eyes.	Ears.	Heart.	Lungs.	Liver.	Spleen.	Bowels.	Anae- mla.
1	61	00	4	22	9	1-	00	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Bogra		ecros-	8.											4.7		
Hindu	Female	Scholars	145	:		2.1	2	6.5	6.2	:	:	:	:	:	9.9	38.6
		Total	145			2.1	1.	6.2	6.5	:		:	:	:	5.5	38.6
Muslim	Female	Scholars	629			03	1.6	12.9	6.5	:	8 :	:	:	7:	4.8	8-94
		Total	62			07	1.6	12.9	6.5	:	:	:	:	:	4.8	46.8
	Female	Scholars	207			4.	6.	7.7	6.5	:	:				5.3	41.0
3	Medical	District Total	207	:	:	61	6.	7-7	61.9	:	:	:	-:	:	10	41.0
A																
Murshidabad.			324	To the	12	11:0	1.0	0.01	10.0	10		1	13	100	100	
Hindu	Male	Scholars	226		12.4	10 -6	15.9	26.6	7.1	:	7	:	6.	9.9		30.2
	The state of	Others	62	:	27.3	18.5	4.9	27.3		:	:	:	:		13.6	45.5
		Total	248	:	13 -7	11.3	14.9	54.1	6.5		+-		80	6.1	1.2	81 -9
	Female	Scholars	231		6-1	8.4	01	11.7	6.5	:	7		:	:	9.1	1. 55
		Others	12	-	. 2. 4		:	25.0	:	:	:	1:	:	11.01	8.4	33 -6
	- dans	Total	243		2.2	4.5	0.7	12.3	6.2	:	4-	:	:		0.6	22.6
	Both	Scholars	457		9.5	1.1	0-6	33 -9	8.9		7-	:	7	60	4.6	26-3
		Others	34		1.8	1.5	65	2.6							1.5	4-1
	- North	Total	491	:	2.6	6- 4	8.5	83 .0	6.3	:	4-	:	4.	3.0	5.1	27.2

228 23 246 237 247 32 32 32 32 33 34 440 454 454 464 11.3 266 267 268 269 260
Scholars 228 9.4 6.3 9.4 59.1 14.3 14.5 12.9 14.5 12.9 14.5 13.0 14.5
Scholars 223 9 • 4 6 • 3 9 • 4 59 · 1 14 · 3 12 · 9
Scholars
Scholars 223 9.4 6.3 Total 246 8.9 6.9 Total 246 8.9 6.9 Cothers 237 9.7 5.9 Total 269 8.9 6.3 Total 269 8.9 6.3 Total 269 8.9 6.3 Total 269 8.9 6.3 Total 260 8.9 6.3 Total 266 6.6 4.1 Total 266 6.0 4.1 Cothers 694 10.6 10.6
Scholars 223 9.4 Others 23 4.3 1 Total 246 8.9 Total 246 14.2 Others 237 9.7 Scholars 237 9.7 Others 269 8.9 Total 269 15.4 Total 245 15.4 Total 245 6.5 Others 245 6.5 Others 245 6.5 Others 266 6.0 Total 266 6.0 Others 260 6.5 Others 260 6.5 Others 260 6.5 Others 260 6.5 Others 260 6.6
Scholars 223 Total 246 Scholars 237 Scholars 246 Total 269 Total 246 Scholars 246 Total 246 Scholars 245 Total 246 Scholars 245 Total 266 Scholars 694 Scholars 694 Others 694
Scholars Total Scholars Total Scholars Total Total Total Total Total Total Scholars Total Total Scholars Others Others Others
Scholars Others Total Total Total Scholars Others Total Total Total Total Total Total Scholars Others Others Others Others Others Others Others Others
9

N. B .- Districts marked with double asterisks are surveyed in the previous year.

		-										ı			
	The state of the				Morbi	dity Perc	Morbidity Percentages of different kinds of Diseases.	f differen	t kinds of	Diseases			10.00		11 11
Sex.	Subject	Number examin- ed.	Hair and scalp.	Skin,	Teeth.	Gum.	Throat.	Eyes.	Ears.	Heart.	Lungs.	Liver.	Spleen.	Bowels.	Anae- mia.
01	62	4	20	9	1-	00	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Male	Scholars	167	:	7.0	12.6	15.0	6.89	7.5	:	1.2	9.	:	12.6		33 .5
	Others	21	:	:	9.0	4.8	52 -3	:	:	:	:	:	1	:	8.4
	Total	188	:	4.8	12 -2	13.8	0- 29	4.9	:	1.1	.5	:	11.2		30 -3
Female	Scholars	78	:	9. 8	1.3	2.2	f- 9	1.9	:	:	:	:	in a	6.4	51.5
	Others	+	:	:	:	:	25.0	:		:	:	:	-	:	:
	Total	85	:	13 ·2	1 .2	7.0	0.1	4.8	:	:	:	1:	1:	0.9	48.0
											4				
Both	Scholars	245	:	4.5	0-6	12.6	49-0	6.5	:	œ	7	:	9.8	0.0	39 -5
	Others	522	:	:	8.0	4.0	48.0	:	:	:.	:	:		:	4-0
	Total	270	:	4 · 1	8.9	11.8	48.8	6.9	1	2.	7	-	7.8	1.8	85 -9
	- Haller												7		100
Male	Scholars	18	:	16.7	16.7	67.75	0.09	5.6	:	:	:		16.7	:	8-72
	Others	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
	Total	18	1:	16.7	16.7	22.22	20.0	9.9	:	1:	:	:	16.7		8.72
	-					-									-
Female	Scholars	13	:	7.7	7.7	7.7	38.2	15.4	:	:	:	:	:	:	38.2
	Others	7	:	-	25.0		25.0	-	:	:	-:	:	-:	:	9:
	Total	17	:	6.9	11.7	6.9	35.3	11.7	1	1:	:		1:	-:	2.04
	Total and a	1	Ī	0-0-0				10000					-		111111111111111111111111111111111111111

	Both	Scholars	31	:	12.9	12.9	16.1	45.2	1.6	:	:	-		1.6	:	80.00
		Others	+	:		25.0	:	25.0		:	:		:			:
		Total	35	:	11.4	14.2	14.2	42.7	8.5	:	:		:	8.5		28.5
ПА	Male	Scholars	185	:	6.5	13.0	15.7	67.1	0.2	:	1.1	2.	:	13.0	:	33.0
		Others	21	:		9.2	8.4	51.7	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	4.8
		Total	206	:	2.8	12.6	14.5	9.99	6.3		1.0	9.		11.6	:	30.1
THE CHILL	Demails	Scholare	5		0.0	0.0	1	0.11	6.6						10	49.5
	· ·	Others	00	: :	:	12.5	: ;	25.0	:	:	: :	:	:	:	:	:
		Total	66	:	3.0	3.0	0.4	12.0	0.9	:	:	:	:	:	0.9	45.0
		No bearing				1	-	-	0.0			-		+		200
ПУ	Both	Scholars	276	:	5.4	9.4	13.0	48.5	6.9	:	2.	4.	:	8.7	:	38.4
	-	Others	29	:		10.3	3.4	44.8			:	:	:	4 6.	:	3.4
		District Total	305	:	6.4	9.2	12.1	48.2	6.2	:	9.	60	:	6.7	:	35.1
Birbhum.		Office	57					100								
Hindu	Male	Scholars	189	:	4.8	9.6	25.9	68.2	13.2	:	:	:	19.	63	1:	10.0
		Others	18	:	9.9	11-11	:	22.2	:	:		:	5.6	5.6	:	9-99
		Total	207		4.8	2.6	23.7	64.2	12.1	:	:	:	1.0	3.4	:	14.0
					202	-		10.00				0 01			:	
	Female	Scholars	85	:	8.9	0.2	63	26.9	93	61	:	:	:		:	18.7
		Others	01	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	100.0
	-	Total	87	:	5.7	8.9	8.0	26.2	6.03	67		:	:	:	:	20.2
	Both	Scholars	274	100	5-1	ox t-	90.4	01 10 10	œ.e	1.			4.	01	:	12.7
		Others	20		2.0	10.01	:	20.0	:		:	:	0.9	0.9	:	0.09
	7	Total	294	:	5.1	8.8	19.0	53.0	9.5	2.	:	:	1-	4.03	:	16.0
-	-					-	-	-			-	-				

		The same				Morb	idity Per	Morbidity Percentages of different kinds of Diseases.	f differen	t kinds of	Diseases					0 31
Religion.	Sex.	Subject	Number examin- ed.	Hair and scalp.	Skin.	Teeth.	Gum.	Throat.	Eyes.	Ears.	Heart.	Lungs.	Liver.	Spleen.	Bowels.	Anae- mia.
1	01	00	*	5	9	7	œ	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Birbhum-		DOM: NO					10.01									
Muslim	Male	Scholars	69	:	8.6	8.9	20.1	54.7	10.1	:	:	:	:	6.01	::	8.9
		Others	9	:	16.7	33.5	:	50.0	:	:	:	16.6	:	:	:	:
		Total	75	:	9.3	8.0	18.6	54.5	45.2	2.7	:	1.3	:	2.7	:	2.3
		- Auto				-							3	100		
	Female	Scholars	12	:	8.8	16.6	:	07.00	16.6	:	:	:	:	0.00	:	16.6
		Others	00	:	33.3	:	:	33.3	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	83.3
		Total	15	:	13.3	13.3	:	33.3	13.3	:	:		:	:	:	20.0
		THUSS		-												
	Both	Scholars	81	:	7.8	7.4	17.3	52.1	11.1	:	:	:	:	2.5	:	0.4
	Total	Others	6	:	07 . 07	22.52	:	44.4	9 :-	:	1:	11-1		:	:	11-1
		Total	06	:	6.6	8.8	15.4	9.09	6.6	:	:	1.1	:	2.5	:	2.2
		The state of the s	1						1000						0.5	12-0
		Definition				0.00		10.00								
1.11. 01.			3.			2	-1	004	and a	2 10			-	-	20	20.0
tian.	remaie	Scholars	24	:	:-	:	:	0.00	:	:	:	:				
		Others							:	:	9	:	-	:	:	-
		Total	2	:	:			20.0	:	:	***	:	:		:	20.0
	Store	Noncincia	285		0.0	22.0	10.3	10.40	1.0		-	-		13.0		
пу	Male	Scholars	258	:	8.9	8.2	24.4	9.49	12.4	:	:	:	*	3.1	:	8.0
		Others	24	:	8.3	16.6	:	29.1	:	:	:	4.2	4.5	4.2	:	41.6
	Trades	Total	282		0.9	8.6	22.3	9.19	11.3		:	0.0	4.	3.5	:	11.7
						İ	-	-								

	Female	Scholars	66	-	1 0.9	8.0	7.0	28.0	4.0	0.3				-	-	19.0
		Others	70	:	20.0	:	:	0.02	:	:	:	0	:	1	:	0.08
		Total	104	:	2.9	7.7	2.9	6-72	8.8	1.9	:	:		:		22.1
	dbod	- Stelevisia	-		200			0.01					-			0.70
IIV	Both	Scholars	357	;	8.0	80	19.5	54.5	10.0	4.		:	01	2.1	:	11.4
		Others	29	:	10.3	13.8	:	31.0	:	:		3.4	3.4	3.4		48.2
	National States	District total	386		6.2	8.8	18.1	52.6	9.3	5.		6.	9.	61	:	14.2
Malda	Female	Scholars	16	:	1-1	1-1	:	8.8	7.7	:	:		= :	:	1:1	38.5
		Others	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:
	100	Total	10		1-1	1.1		8.8	7.7			6.1	:		1.1	38.5
Muslim	Female	Scholars	35	:	8.01	8.6	64 00	14.3	61 00	:	. :	:		:	64 60	51.4
		Others	:		:		:	:		:		:	:	:	:	:
	Topic	Total	35		8.2	8.6	8.3	14.3	8.5			:	:	:	8.3	51.4
ПР	Female	Scholars	126	:	1.6	60	ŵ	10.3	6.3	:	:	:	:	:	1.6	34.1
		Others	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:
Actorial Control of the Control of t	Profession of	District total	126	:	1.6	63 - 60	œ.	10.3	6.3	:	:	:	:	2:	1.6	34.1
St.Syndramore																
24-Parganas.	-											-			E	
Hindu	Male	Scholars	17	:	11.8	17.7		23.5		5.9	200.11	6.9	17.7	29.4	6-9	47.1
- North Control		Others	:	:	:	:	:		:			:	:	:	:	:
		Total	17	:	11.8	17.7	:	23.5	:	6.9		6-9	17.7	29.4	6.9	47.1
		-	*	a Distant		to mendant with dentity and also	111	Tollar and								

N. B.—Districts marked with double asterisks are surveyed in previous year.

-	-				New Arts	1		100	de de					1
Nun	pher		8 11		Morbidi	Morbidity Percentages of different kinds of Diseases.	tages of	different l	lo spuly	Diseases.	2	7	02	
Subject examin-	ė.	Hair and scalp.	Skin.	Teeth.	Gum.	Throat.	Eyes.	Ears.	Heart.	Lungs.	Liver.	Spleen.	Bowels.	Anae- mia,
4	100	20	9	-1	00	6	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Scholars	150	;	:	16.7	00	25.0	:	:	:	:	:	80.00	:	41.7
:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
:	12		-	16.7	8.8	25.0		:	:			8.3	:	41.7
	00		0.4	0.5	2.4	1.70		7.0		9.4	10.8	90.1	4.4	44.8
Scholars Z		:	2.0	2.11		1.87	:	*.0	:	*.0	e.or	1.07	*.0	0.88
:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:
20	1	:	6.9	17.2	3.4	24.1	:	3.4	:	3.4	10.3	20.1	3.4	8.44
	1													
Scholars 62	03	:	1.6	21.0	1.6	24.5	1.6	:	:	1.6	1.6	22.6	:	43.5
:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	*
:	62	:	1.6	21.0	1.6	24.5	1.6	:	:	1.6	1.6	22.6	:	43.5
											1			
Scholars 25	10		8.0	24.0	:	8.0	0.7	:	:	:	0-7	16.0	:	52.0
:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
:	50	:	8.0	24-0	:	8.0	4.0	:	:	1:	4.0	16.6		52.0
											0	00		9
Scholars 8	81	:	**	21.8	1.1	19.5	69	:	:	1:1	00	20.1	:	0.97
-		:	7.6.	-	9	-	-		:	:			:	-
:	87	:	3.4	21.8	1.1	19.5	60.03	1	:	1.1	6.4	20.7	:	46.0
1	1		-			1	1	1	Ī	-	-			

44-1	:	44-1		48.6		48.6	9 11	46.7	:	45-7	9.00	45.0	45.0	0.00	30 -7	30 -7	35 · 6	85 -6
1.3	:	1.3			200	2 2	2	6.	:	6.	1	8.0	3.0	-	3.1	3.1	3.1	3 ·1
23.9	:	23.9		13.5	:	18.5		20 .7	:	20.7	1:	1.0	1.0		:	1:	7	7
0.9	:	6.0		2.7	:	2.7		4.3	:	4 -9	-	:	-:-		:	1:	:	:
2.5	:	2.5						1.7	:	1.7		0.0	2.0		:		6	6-
:	:	:			:	1:		:	:	:		:	:		:		Man.	
1.8	:	1.3			:	1:		ė.	:	6.		:			:		ă:	
1.3	:	1.3		2.3		2.7	-	1.7	:	1.7		5.0	0-9	2.80	áò	ó	9-6-	2.6
23.9	:	23.9		13.5	P	13.5		20 -7	:	20 -7		11.0	11.0	D ET	ò	ó	*** &	5 -3
, <u>.</u> ;	:	1.3		7.3		7.3		1.7	:	1.7	9	32.0	32.0	000	1.6	1.6	14-9	14.9
20.1	:	20.1		21.6		21.6		20.7	:	20 -7		1.0	1.0	100	1-6	1.6	1.3	1.3
8.8	:	3.8		5.4	:	5.4		4 -3	;	4 .3		1:			:		1	:
:	:				:	1:		: :	:	:	-	:			:			:
79	:	79		37	:	37		116	:	116	TOT	101	101		127	127	228	228
Scholars	Others	Total		Scholars	Others	Total	Depart	Scholars	Others	District Total	The state	Others	Total		Others	Total	Others	Total
Male				Female		1000	Nomale	Both		BNP /		Male			Female		Both	
tt			-					шу	Total Control		Новетай.	Hindu			Manager .	1	Sell-three	Service Co.

	Anae- mia,	17	41.9	41.9		36.0	36.0	39 -1	39 -1	£1.8	32 -0	37.3	37 -3
76	Bowels.	16	2 2:	:		3.0	3.0	1.3	1.3	1.3	3.1	03	63
	Spleen.	15	ó	8.		-	:	7	+-	ė.	:	4.	7
	Liver.	14	:	:		\:			:	:	:	-	:
es.	Lungs.	13	:	:	9 11	:		:		Ģ.	:	7	*
Morbidity Percentages of different kinds of Diseases.	Heart.	12	:	:		:	:		:	:	:	1:	
nt kinds	Ears.	111	:	**		:	:		:		;	:	
of differe	Eyes.	10	1.5	1.5	0.0	3.0	3.0	64	01 01	3 -0	1.7	5.4	2.4
rcentages	Throat.	6	13 2	13 -2	0 18	:	:	4.4	7.4	12 -2	7	6.8	6.3
bidity Per	Gum.	00	6-14	41 -9	9 88	2 0	0.2	24.3	24 -3	87.4	1.7	9-61	19.6
Mor	Teeth.	1-	1.6	1.5		3:		6.	6-	1.3	ė.	1.1	1-1
	Skin.	9	ŵ	ŵ		:	:	7.	4-	7	:	ó,	67
	Hair and scalp.	ra	:	:		; ;	:	:		:	:	:	:
,	Number examin- ed.	+	129	129		101	101	230	230	230	228	458	458
	t		:	:		14.	:		:	1	:	:	:
The of	Subject	00	Others	Total	THE PERSON	Others	Total	Others	Total	Others	Others	Others	District
			:			:		:		:		:	1
	Sex,	01	Male			Female		Both		Male	Female	Both	
	Religion.	1	Howrah— concld. Muslim				Marray 1			шү		:	

TABLE 5.

Statement showing the District Morbidity Percentages of different kinds of diseases of the districts taken for the Nutrition Survey work during the year 1940.

Tengento de					-	1	Morbidity	Morbidity percentages of	Jo 80					1
District.	Number exa- mined.	Hair and scalp.	Skin.	Teeth.	Gum.	Throat.	Eyes.	Ears.	Heart.	Lungs.	Liver.	Spleen.	Bowels.	Anaemia,
The state of the s		-			100		- Constant				No.		000	100
Caleutta	80	:	5.0	2 .0	:	26 -3	22 -5	:	10.01	:	:	:	10.0	42.5
Dinajpur	61	- ;*	6.5	11.4	63	41 -6	1.6	:	:	1.6	:	8.1	:	9 9
Chittagong	271	1-1	4.0	14.4	6. 6	44 .6	1.8	7	:	1.8	7	1.1	1.8	28 -0
Jalpaiguri	284	ė,	5.3	14-1	8 · 1	19.7	.7	ò	ó	où.	60	2.9	5-6	53 ·6
Noakhali	409	4.	3.4	.c.	1.9	16-6	4	ó4	ói	Ġ1	1.5	7.4	1.7	24 -4
Bogra	207	:	:	01	6.	2.2	6.5	0	:	:	:	:	65 - 50	41.0
Murshidabad	760	arei.	6.1	4 -6	80 80	25 -1	6-1	Epre. Sport	7	:	:	* *	61	31 .2
Burdwan	305	200	4.9	6.6	12.1	48.2	61.0	:	φ	é	:	6-2	:	85 ·1
Bırbhum	386		6.9	8.8	18.1	52 -8	8.0	10	:	ŵ	iò	60	:	14 -2
Malda	126	- 1	1.6	63	ŵ	10.3	6.3	1000	:	:	:	:	1.6	34 -1
24-Parganas	116	0:0	4. 6.	20.7	1.7	20.7	2.1	6.	The parties of the pa	1.7	4.8	20.7	Ġ.	45.7
Номтан	458	:	óş.	1.1	19.6	6 · 3	4. 61	:		7	:	7	01	87 -8
Grand Total	3,463	:		:	:		Variation of		:	;	:	:	:	

TABLE 6.

the families taken for Diet Survey at different places of the seven districts, viz., Dinajpur, Chittagong, Jalpaiguri, Noa-Statement showing the percentages of deficiency of Protein, Fat, Calcium, Phosphorus, Iron and Vitamins A, B and C of khali, Murshidabad, and Howrah in Bengal during the year 1940.

Series Annual Se	No. of		Percent	Percentages of deficiency in—	cy in—		Vit	Vitamins.	9-11-12
Name	surveyed.	Protein.	Fat.	Calcium.	Phosphorus.	Iron.	A	В	0
1	67	က	4	5	9	7	80	6	10
Dinajpur.	900		110			19			
Munshipara	6	44 .4	88.8	100 .0	:	:-	100 .0	11.2	88 .8
Baburbari	5	20.0	100 .0	100 .0	:		100 .0	:	0.08
Rajarampur	10	0.09	0.001	100 .0	:		100 -0	:	0.08
Faridpur	00	75.0	100 .0	100 .0	:	:	100 .0		87 -5
District P. C	27	51.8	96 -3	100 -0	:		100 .0	3 -7	85 -2
			- Grand					and a second	
Chittagong.				Total .	St. School St. St.				
Ghatferathbeg	23	30.4	0.001	9. 96		:	0.001		100 -0
Rahamatganj	S one Dist	33 -3	100 .0	10.0	on white on	disease of	100 .0	taken for the	9.99
District P. C	26	30 -7	100 .0	96 ·1			0.001	:	96 · 1
			-						

	16.6	33 -3	:	28.6	:	20.0	25.0	40.0	25 -2			87 -5	0.001	100 .0	100 .0	42.1	20.0
Parthone 1	:	:		14 ·3	:	16.6	:	:	4.2	Del.	anne.	:	•		:	And Sections	Natural Control
Contract of the	100 .0	100 .0	100 .0	100 .0	100 .0	100 .0	100 .0	100 .0	100 .0	10 Del		100 .0	100 .0	100 .0	100 .0	100 -0	100 .0
O Charles Con					:						Clire)	:	:		:		
THE PARTY OF		0.61.		:	:	1	12.5	:	2 · 1							A STATE OF THE STA	
Total Garden	100 .0	100 .0	100 .0	100 .0	100 .0	100 .0	100 .0	0.08	97.9	NO OWNER TO	Sarju	100 .0	100 -0	100 .0	100 .0	100 -0	100 .0
of printed Die	100 .0	100 .0	100 .0	100 .0	100 .0	100 .0	87 -5	100 .0	97.9		(lean Agenda	100 -0	100 .0	100 .0	100 -0	100 .0	100 -0
special part gain	75 -0	9-99	:	28.6	0.09	:	12.5	40.0	39 -5	0.00	MOU!	62.5	25.0	:	40.0	78.9	57.5
Control Services	12	69	64	7	10	9	00	10	48	DI		00	4	4	9	19	40
Jalpaiguri.	Puran Police Line	Baruipara	Silpasanmilani para.	Ukilpara	Zamadarpara	Darjipara	Nayabasti	Muripara	District P. C	west medically	Noakhali.	Sreepur	Chamankhota	Bhula Estate	Durgapur	Sonapur	District P. C

Nama	No. of	3	Percent	Percentages of deficiency in—	ıcy in—		100.0	Vitamins.	9
	surveyed.	Protein.	Fat.	Caleium.	Phosphorus.	Iron.	A	. B	O
1	67	60	4	22	9	7	œ	6	10
Murshidabad.			109.0	11.001			100.00		T T
Town	00	D-12	75.0	62.5	:	:	100 .0	:	0. 27
District P. C	00		75.0	62.5	:	:	0.001	:	75.0
									No.
Dacca*.								No.	
Shakhari Bazar	10	40.0	70.0	100 .0	:	:	100 .0	:	20 -0
Central Jail—	2	20.00	D- 787	2.181	2.5		100 0	4.0	
Division II	10	:			:	:	100 .0	:	
Division III	9	0 63	100.0	83 -3	:		100 .0	-	83 -3
District P. C	26	15.3	90.09	9- 12		:	100 .0	-	38.4
			Charles de				-	10.00	100
Howrah.		0.00	108.0	200.0			0.001		
Adamjee Jute Mill.	20	20.0	0.09	95.0	15.0	:	95.0		55 -0
District P. C	20	20.0	0.09	95 -0	15.0	:	95.0		55.0
	2	2	2	0 00	0.07		0.00	:	

*Dacca district was previously surveyed in the year 1938.

N. B.—Minimum quantity of food factors required per adult per day:—Protein—60 grms., Fat—45 grms., Calcium—·6 grms., Phosphorus—1.0 grms., Iron—12.5 grms., Vitamins—A—3000 International Units, B—300 International Units, C—30 International Units.

Chapter XIII.

GENERAL REMARKS.

Personal Proceedings.—Lt.-Col. A. C. Chatterjee, I.M.S., was the Director of Public Health, Bengal, throughout the year under report. Dr. S. N. Mitra held the post of Assistant Director of Public Health, Burdwan Circle. He was on leave up to the 4th April 1940. Dr. A. C. Rai Chaudhuri held the charge of the circle in addition to his own duties as the Inspector of Septic Tank Installation, till the 14th March 1940, when he was relieved by Dr. Md. Nasiruddin who was appointed to officiate in place of Dr. Mitra. The posts of Assistant Director of Public Health, Presidency and Rajshahi Circles, were held by Dr. B. Mukherji and Dr. Md. Fahimuddin, respectively, and that of Assistant Director of Public Health, Dacca Circle, was held by Dr. S. N. Sur except for the period from the 10th April to 24th July 1940 when he was on leave during which period Dr. Md. Nasiruddin officiated and from the 25th October to the 23rd December 1940 when he officiated as the Assistant Director of Public Health, Malaria Research, Bengal, during leave of Capt. J. D. Sinha, the permanent incumbent. During the latter period Dr. A. Jabbar was appointed to act. There was no change in the post of Assistant Director of Public Health Laboratory which was held by Dr. A. K. Sen. Dr. Sarju Pandit continued to act as the Superintendent of Maternity and Child Welfare Works. The post of Malaria Engineer and that of Superintendent of Vital Statistics were created during the year under report. Mr. H. N. Worth was appointed to act as the Malaria Engineer with effect from the 13th March 1940 and Mr. V. K. Parthasarathy as the Superintendent of Vital Statistics with effect from the 14th October 1940. Mr. Anwarul Hug, B.C.S., held the post of Personal Assistant to the Director of Public Health, Bengal. The entire clerical staff worked satisfactorily.

> B. MOOKHERJI, M.B., D.P.H., Director of Public Health, Bengal.

CALCUTTA:

The 31st March 1942.

Chapter XHI.

GENERAL REMARKS.

the Director of Public Houlet, throughout the vent mader report. the Director of Public Houlet, Beneral, throughout the vent mader report. Bordwar Circle. He was in team up to the 4th April 1940. Br. A. C. Heider, He was no team up to the 4th April 1940. Br. A. C. Heider, He was not to team up to the strike in midition to his own duries as the Inspector of Septic Tank, Installation, the 19th March 1949. When he was relieved by Dr. Mid. Nasirabhia who was appointed duries as the Inspector of Septic Tank, Installation, the 19th March Politic Houlth, Presidence and Reighbald Circle, was tald by Dr. B. B. Br. Bliestor of Public Houlth, Deces Oircle, was held by Dr. B. S. N. Sauthbiard on Duries of the 19th Academic March 19th March

B' MOOKHERII, M.m., B.F.H.

CALCUTTA:

The 31st March 1942.

Part II.

APPENDICES.

Part II.

Appendix I

Vital Statistics of the Districts of Bengal for the year 1940.

190

Annual Form No. I .- BIRTHS registered in the Districts of the

1		3		3			4	
No.	Dis	tricts.	Populatio	on according of 1931.	to census	Number (exclu	of births sive of still-	registered births).
			Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
	Burdwai	n Division.						
1	Burdwan		814,891	760,808	1,575,699	26,853	25,355	52,208
2	Birbhum		472,687	474,867	947,554	17,842	16,919	34,761
3	Bankura		557,074	554,647	1,111,721	19,806	18,836	38,642
4	Midnapur		1,417,025	1,382,068	2,799,093	46,427	44,240	90,667
5	Hooghly		592,130	522,125	1,114,255	19,655	17,781	37,436
6	Howrah		599,075	499,792	1,098,867	16,301	14,858	31,159
	Presidenc	y Division.						
7	24-Parganas		1,501,084	1,268,662	2,769,746	45,309	41,430	86,739
8	Calcutta		778,817	362,045	1,140,862	16,068	13,662	29,730
9	Nadia		788,885	740,747	1,529,632	33,426	31,296	64,722
10	Murshidabad	1	683,483	687,194	1,370,677	29,239	28,249	57,488
. 11	Jessore		871,446	799,718	1,671,164	27,194	25,161	52,355
12	Khulna		851,651	774,497	1,626,148	25,713	24,112	49,825
	adi ro		its of B	infel (F	adt the	istics	al Stat	Vit
	Rajshah	i Division.			2000		122213 311	22.0
13	Rajshahi		719,564	666,955	1,386,519	27,096	25,565	52,661
14	Dinajpur		924,092	831,340	1,755,432	23,378	23,030	46,408
15	Jalpaiguri		533,819	449,538	983,357	17,885	16,895	34,780
16	Darjeeling		170,131	149,504	319,635	5,851	5,638	11,489
17	Rangpur		1,356,594	1,238,191	2,594,785	45,544	42,592	88,136
18	Bogra		578,905	550,013	1,128,918	18,505	17,138	35,643
19	Pabna		739,027	706,627	1,445,654	25,001	22,632	47,633
20	Malda		527,305	526,461	1,053,766	13,416	12,514	25,930
						-		
	Dacca	Division.						
21	Dacca		1,743,517	1,689,060	3,432,577	63,972	58,483	122,455
22	Mymensingh	1	2,667,194	2,463,068	5,130,262	84,326	77,797	162,123
23	Faridpur		1,206,348	1,155,867	2,362,215	45,728	41,770	87,498
24	Bakarganj		1,505,338	1,433,712	2,939,050	53,499	49,362	102,861
	Chittagas	ng Division.						
25	Chittagong		872,888	924,150	1,797,038	30,612	27,764	58,376
26	Noakhali		070.010	847,901	1,706,719	32,684	29,736	62,420
27	Tippera		1 505 010	1,514,095	3,109,735	61,161	56,540	117,701
	Total for the	Bengal Pre		23,973,652	49,901,080	872,491	809,355	1,681,846
	dency.							

Bengal Presidency during the year 1940.

Ratio of bi	rths per 1,000 of	population.	1	Mean ratio of bir	ths per 1,000 dur years.	ing previous fiv
Male.	Female.	Total.		Male.	Female,	Total.
					District a	
17.0	16 -1	33 ·1	30	14 ·8	14.1	28 - 9
18 -8	17.9	36 -7	000	18 -7	17 -9	36 -7
17.8	16.9	34 ·8		17 ·3	16.5	33 · 7
16.6	15 ·8	32 -4		16.0	15 -1	31 -2
17 .6	16.0	33 -6		16 -4	15 -3	31 .7
14.8	13.5	28 · 3	21	15 -0	13 ·8	28.8
					salivid ye	Property
16.4	15.0	31 · 3	9.7	14.6	13 · 3	27 -9
14 -1	12.0	26 -1		13 -2	11 -3	24.5
21 .9	20 -5	42 -3		19.8	18.6	38 -4
21 ·3	20 -6	41.9	65.4	20 -5	19.5	40-0
16 -3	15 -1	31 · 3	00	15 -7	14.6	30 · 3
15 -8	14.8	30 -6	455	14-4	13 · 4	27.8
				733		dejan
19 - 5	18 -4	38 -0		18 -9	17 -9	36 -8
13 -3	13 -1	26 · 4	100	16-6	15 ·8	32 -4
18 -2	17 -2	35 -4		18 -7	18.0	36 -8
18 -3	17 -6	35 -9		20 .0	18.8	38 -8
17 -6	16.4	34 .0		18 · 3	17 -2	35 -6
16 -4	15 -2	31 .6		14 .5	13.5	28 .0
17 -3	15 .7	33 -0		17 -0	15 -3	32 -3
12.7	11.9	24 -6		16 -1	15 -1	31 -2
						200
11	1, 12 201.1		(20)	100	12 12 12 12	1 Dance C
18 · 6	17.0	35 · 7	-384	18.0	16.6	34 -6
16 -4	15 -2	31 .6	104	16.8	15 · 4	32 · 3
19.4	17.7	37 -0	200	18 -9	17 -4	36 -2
18 -2	16.8	35 .0		14 · 6	13 -4	28 -0
					ministrate year	manual I
17 -0	15 · 5	32.5	100	16.3	14 - 7	31.0
19 ·2	17 -4	36 -6	100	17 -9	16 -2	34 ·1
19.7	18 -2	37 -8		18 -8	17 -2	36 -0
17 - 5	16.2	33 - 7		16 .9	15.7	32.6

192

Annual Form No. 1 (A)—STILL-BIRTHS registered according to class and

No.	Districts.	Hin	dus.	Musli	ms.	Bud	ldhists.
	Famile, Total.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
	Burdwan Division.						1
1	Burdwan	394	305	75	61		
2		. 475	346	184	129	,.	
3	Bankura	. 160	120	10	5		1
4	Midnapur	. 1,091	819	74	41		
5	Hooghly	. 214	149	37	20		
6	Howrah .	. 420	212	82	49		
	Presidency Division.						
7	24-Parganas	. 358	279	264	213		
8	Calcutta	. 1,335	969	359	280		-0
9	Nadia	. 281	215	635	539		P
10	Murshidabad	429	340	596	493		- IR
11	Jessore .	. 341	262	573	489		- bi
12	Kulna	434	334	517	455		01000
	Rajshahi Division.						
13	Rajshahi	177	164	1,146	979		
14	Dinajpur	. 472	371	646	576		10000
15	Jalpaiguri	. 558	434	385	375	1	
16	Darjeeling	. 330	245	11	16	44	2
17	Rangpur	922	741	2,792	2,237	1	
18	Bogra	167	153	1,145	1,037	2	The same
19	Pabna	. 293	244	1,236	987		
20	Malda	123	95	87	62		-21.
	Dacca Division.						
21	Dacca	955	660	1,821	1,402		
22	Mymensingh	1,079	964	3,875	3,199		11.4
23	Faridpur	521	401	1,133	984		- 31
24	Bakarganj	319	245	886	747	12.10	· 01
2	AND AND	100		0.00		130 3	10000
	Chittagong Division.						1
25	Chittagong	284	261	1,381	1,186	36	8
26	Noakhali	400	306	1,635	1,378		
27	Tippera	775	645	2,852	2,393	5	912.00
	Total for the Bengal Pre						

sex in the districts of the Bengal Presidency during the year 1940.

births.

			classes.	1 1000	Total.		Percentage ratio to live	
Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Total.	bi	rths.
	2	13	10	482	378	860		1.
		38	27	697	502	1,199		3.
		2	4	172	129	301		0
2		43	49	1,210	909	2,119		2
		2	4	253	173	426		1
	=			502	261	763		2
	101 31 4	TO PRIVATE		Sec. 1 605				
						dency Distribute	1000	
1	1	1	2	624	496	1,120	19-10	1
10	2		100.11	1,704	1,251	2,955	ole)-	10
3	6	2	3	921	763	1,684	bat.	2
		6	4	1,031	837	1,868	mil!	3
			200.12	914	751	1,665		3
			130.01	951	789	1,740	mEX.	3
	_					militald trial	elett.	
	00 000	28	11	1,351	1,154	2,505	163	4
9	9	116	112	1,243	1,068	2,311	100	5
2	3	232	188	1,178	1,000	2,178	atric .	6
3	2	4	9	392	301	693	nid	6
1	1	17	23	3,733	3,002	6,735	esti.	7
	ra e 10	4	8	1,318	1,199	2,517	Dog	7
		9	11	1,538	1,242	2,780	in.	5
1		29	27	240	184	424	late!	1
	-					de platfield	0.0	
11	12	6	2	2,793	2,076	4,869	Die	4
7	9	67	61	5,028	4,233	9,261	106	5
6	2	1		1,661	1,388	3,049	bed .	3
1	5	2	2	1,208	999	2,207	Just 1	2
		-	700.76	00,00 (40)	Contract of	1000	1000	2.2
3		17	16	1,721	1,497	3,218	100	5
1			1	2,036	1,685	3,721	1	6
		2	2	3,634	3,042	6,676		5
61	54	641	576	38,535	31,309	69,844	1377	4

194

Annual Form No. II.—DEATHS registered in the districts

1 B1 2 Bi 3 Bi 4 Mi 5 H 6 H 7 24 8 Cs 9 N 10 M 11 Je 12 K 13 R 14 D 15 J 16 D 17 R 18 B 19 P 20 M	Districts. Burdwan Divis Burdwan Bardwan Bardwan Bardwan Bankura fidnapur Hooghly Howrah Presidency Div 4-Parganas Calcutta Nadia Murshidabad Jessore Khulna Rajshahi Divis Rajshahi Dinajpur Jalpaiguri	:: :: :: :: :: ::	Area in square miles. 2,705 1,699 2,625 5,245 1,188 522 5,262 39 2,881 2,091 2,902 4,689 2,505 3,948	Average population per square mile. 583 558 424 534 938 2,105 526 30,662 531 656 576 347	Male. 19,100 11,393 13,059 26,743 10,811 9,616 24,334 17,842 22,738 15,925 22,834 18,541	17,669 10,853 11,741 25,215 9,869 8,580 21,423 13,682 21,788 14,651 21,932 16,627	Total. 36,769 22,246 24,800 51,958 20,680 18,196 45,757 31,524 44,526 30,576 44,766 35,168	0·2 0·1 0·1 0·2 0·2 0·8 0·9 0·5 0·1 0·2 0·6 2·1	Small-pox. 0·2 0·1 0·1 0·2 0·7 0·4 1·0 0·2 0·02 0·1 0·03	·001
1 B1 2 Bi 3 Bi 4 Mi 5 H 6 H 7 24 8 Cs 9 N 10 M 11 Je 12 K 13 R 14 D 15 J 16 D 17 R 18 B 19 P 20 M	Burdwan Birbhum Bankura fidnapur Hooghly Howrah Presidency Div 4-Parganas Calcutta Nadia Murshidabad Jessore Khulna Rajshahi Divis Rajshahi Dinajpur Jalpaiguri	ision.	1,699 2,625 5,245 1,188 522 5,262 39 2,881 2,091 2,902 4,689	558 424 534 938 2,105 526 30,662 531 656 576 347	11,393 13,059 26,743 10,811 9,616 24,334 17,842 22,738 15,925 22,834 18,541	10,853 11,741 25,215 9,869 8,580 21,423 13,682 21,788 14,651 21,932 16,627	22,246 24,800 51,958 20,680 18,196 45,757 31,524 44,526 30,576 44,766	0·1 0·2 0·2 0·8 0·9 0·5 0·1 0·2 0·6	0·1 0·1 0·2 0·7 0·4 1·0 0·2 0·02 0·01	
1 B1 2 Bi 3 Bi 4 Mi 5 H 6 H 7 24 8 Cs 9 N 10 M 11 Je 12 K 13 R 14 D 15 J 16 D 17 R 18 B 19 P 20 M	Burdwan Birbhum Bankura fidnapur Hooghly Howrah Presidency Div 4-Parganas Calcutta Nadia Murshidabad Jessore Khulna Rajshahi Divis Rajshahi Dinajpur Jalpaiguri	ision.	1,699 2,625 5,245 1,188 522 5,262 39 2,881 2,091 2,902 4,689	558 424 534 938 2,105 526 30,662 531 656 576 347	11,393 13,059 26,743 10,811 9,616 24,334 17,842 22,738 15,925 22,834 18,541	10,853 11,741 25,215 9,869 8,580 21,423 13,682 21,788 14,651 21,932 16,627	22,246 24,800 51,958 20,680 18,196 45,757 31,524 44,526 30,576 44,766	0·1 0·2 0·2 0·8 0·9 0·5 0·1 0·2 0·6	0·1 0·1 0·2 0·7 0·4 1·0 0·2 0·02 0·01	
3 Ba 4 Mi 5 Ho 6 Ho 7 24 8 Ca 9 No 10 M 11 Je 12 K 13 R 14 D 15 Ja 16 D 17 R 18 B 19 P 20 M	Bankura fidnapur Hooghly Howrah Presidency Div 4-Parganas Falcutta Nadia Murshidabad Jessore Khulna Rajshahi Divis Rajshahi Dinajpur Jalpaiguri	islon.	2,625 5,245 1,188 522 5,262 39 2,881 2,091 2,902 4,689	558 424 534 938 2,105 526 30,662 531 656 576 347	11,393 13,059 26,743 10,811 9,616 24,334 17,842 22,738 15,925 22,834 18,541	10,853 11,741 25,215 9,869 8,580 21,423 13,682 21,788 14,651 21,932 16,627	24,800 51,958 20,680 18,196 45,757 31,524 44,526 30,576 44,766	0·1 0·2 0·2 0·8 0·9 0·5 0·1 0·2 0·6	0 1 0·1 0·2 0·7 0·4 1·0 0·2 0·02 0·1	
4 M0 5 H0 6 H 7 24 8 Cs 9 N 10 M 11 Je 12 K 13 R 14 D 15 Js 16 D 17 R 18 B 19 P 20 M	fidnapur Hooghly Howrah Presidency Div 24-Parganas Calcutta Nadia Murshidabad Jessore Khulna Rajshahi Divis Rajshahi Dinajpur Jalpaiguri	ision.	5,245 1,188 522 5,262 39 2,881 2,091 2,902 4,689	534 938 2,105 526 30,662 531 656 576 347	26,743 10,811 9,616 24,334 17,842 22,738 15,925 22,834 18,541	25,215 9,869 8,580 21,423 13,682 21,788 14,651 21,932 16,627	51,958 20,680 18,196 45,757 31,524 44,526 30,576 44,766	0·2 0·2 0·8 0·9 0·5 0·1 0·2 0·6	0·1 0·2 0·7 0·4 1·0 0·2 0·02 0·1	
5 Ho 6 Ho 7 24 8 Ca 9 No 10 M 11 Je 12 K 13 R 14 D 15 Ja 16 D 17 R 18 B 19 P 20 M	Hooghly Howrah Presidency Div 4-Parganas Calcutta Nadia Murshidabad Jessore Khulna Rajshahi Divis Rajshahi Dinajpur Jalpaiguri	ision.	1,188 522 5,262 39 2,881 2,091 2,902 4,689	938 2,105 526 30,662 531 656 576 347	10,811 9,616 24,334 17,842 22,738 15,925 22,834 18,541	9,869 8,580 21,423 13,682 21,788 14,651 21,932 16,627	20,680 18,196 45,757 31,524 44,526 30,576 44,766	0·2 0·8 0·9 0·5 0·1 0·2 0·6	0·2 0·7 0·4 1·0 0·2 0·02 0·1	
6 Ho Pr 7 24 8 Cs 9 No 10 M 11 Je 12 K R 13 R 14 D 15 Js 16 D 17 R 18 B 19 P 20 M	Presidency Div 24-Parganas Calcutta Nadia Murshidabad Jessore Khulna Rajshahi Divis Rajshahi Dinajpur	islon.	522 5,262 39 2,881 2,091 2,902 4,689	2,105 526 30,662 531 656 576 347	9,616 24,334 17,842 22,738 15,925 22,834 18,541	8,580 21,423 13,682 21,788 14,651 21,932 16,627	18,196 45,757 31,524 44,526 30,576 44,766	0·8 0·9 0·5 0·1 0·2 0·6	0·7 0·4 1·0 0·2 0·02 0·1	
Pr 7 24 8 Cs 9 Ns 10 M 11 Je 12 K 13 R 14 D 15 Js 16 D 17 R 18 B 19 P 20 M	Presidency Div 4-Parganas Calcutta Nadia Murshidabad Jessore Khulna Rajshahi Divis Rajshahi Dinajpur	ision.	5,262 39 2,881 2,091 2,902 4,689	526 30,662 531 656 576 347	24,334 17,842 22,738 15,925 22,834 18,541	21,423 13,682 21,788 14,651 21,932 16,627	45,757 31,524 44,526 30,576 44,766	0·9 0·5 0·1 0·2 0·6	0·4 1·0 0·2 0·02 0·1	
7 24 8 Ca 9 No 10 M 11 Je 12 K R 13 R 14 D 15 Ja 16 D 17 R 18 B 19 P 20 M	24-Parganas Calcutta Nadia Murshidabad Jessore Khulna Rajshahi Divis Rajshahi Dinajpur Jalpaiguri	 sion.	5,262 39 2,881 2,091 2,902 4,689	30,662 531 656 576 347	17,842 22,738 15,925 22,834 18,541	13,682 21,788 14,651 21,932 16,627	31,524 44,526 30,576 44,766	0·5 0·1 0·2 0·6	1·0 0·2 0·02 0·1	
7 24 8 Ca 9 No 10 M 11 Je 12 K R 13 R 14 D 15 Ja 16 D 17 R 18 B 19 P 20 M	24-Parganas Calcutta Nadia Murshidabad Jessore Khulna Rajshahi Divis Rajshahi Dinajpur Jalpaiguri	 sion.	5,262 39 2,881 2,091 2,902 4,689	30,662 531 656 576 347	17,842 22,738 15,925 22,834 18,541	13,682 21,788 14,651 21,932 16,627	31,524 44,526 30,576 44,766	0·5 0·1 0·2 0·6	1·0 0·2 0·02 0·1	
9 No. 10 M 11 Je 12 K 13 R 14 D 15 Je 16 D 17 R 18 B 19 P 20 M	Nadia Murshidabad Jessore Khulna Rajshahi Divis Rajshahi Dinajpur Jalpaiguri	 sion.	2,881 2,091 2,902 4,689	30,662 531 656 576 347	22,738 15,925 22,834 18,541	21,788 14,651 21,932 16,627	31,524 44,526 30,576 44,766	0·1 0·2 0·6	0·2 0·02 0·1	
10 M 11 Je 12 K 13 R 14 D 15 Je 16 D 17 R 18 B 19 P 20 M	Murshidabad Jessore Khulna Rajshahi Divis Rajshahi Dinajpur Jalpaiguri	 	2,091 2,902 4,689	531 656 576 347	15,925 22,834 18,541	14,651 21,932 16,627	30,576 44,766	0·2 0·6	0.02	***
11 Je 12 K R 13 R 14 D 15 Js 16 D 17 R 18 B 19 P 20 M	Jessore Khulna Rajshahi Divi Rajshahi Dinajpur Jalpaiguri	sion.	2,902 4,689 2,505	576 347	22,834 18,541	21,932 16,627	44,766	0.6	0.1	
12 K R 13 R 14 D 15 J 16 D 17 R 18 B 19 P 20 M	Khulna Rajshahi Divi Rajshahi Dinajpur Jalpaiguri	sion.	4,689 2,505	347	18,541	16,627				1
13 R 14 D 15 Js 16 D 17 R 18 B 19 P 20 M	Rajshahi Divi Rajshahi Dinajpur Jalpaiguri	sion.	2,505				35,168	2.1	0.03	
13 R 14 D 15 Js 16 D 17 R 18 B 19 P 20 M	Rajshahi Dinajpur Jalpaiguri		1	553	19,546	10 767				
13 R 14 D 15 Js 16 D 17 R 18 B 19 P 20 M	Rajshahi Dinajpur Jalpaiguri		1	553	19,546	10 707				1
14 D 15 Ja 16 D 17 R 18 B 19 P 20 M	Dinajpur Jalpaiguri		1	553	19,546	10 707				
15 Js 16 D 17 R 18 B 19 P 20 M	Jalpaiguri		3.948			18,767	38,313	0.1	0.004	
16 D 17 R 18 B 19 P 20 M			0,010	445	18,305	16,411	34,716	0.03	0.02	
17 R 18 B 19 P 20 M			2,932	335	13,951	13,449	27,400	0.02	0.03	
18 B 19 P 20 M	Darjeeling		1,212	264	5,182	4,813	9,995	1. =	0.003	
19 P 20 M	Rangpur		3,496	742	32,998	30,393	63,391	0.01	0.1	
20 M	Bogra		1,488	759	11,615	11,487	23,102	0.01	0.01	
	Pabna		1,818	795	18,509	17,694	36,203	0.1	0.04	
	Malda		1,764	597	8,587	7,930	16,517	0.2	0.01	
									-	
	Dacca Divisi	ion.	1						1	
21 D	Dacca		2,713	1,265	36,274	32,246	68,520	0.3	0.2	
22 M	Mymensingh		6,237	823	60,879	56,384	117,263	0.1	0.04	
23 F	Faridpur		2,356	1,003	30,874	28,206	59,080	0.7	0.04	
24 B	Bakarganj		3,523	834	34,415	31,698	66,113	1.9	0.01	
c	Chittagong Di	vision							130	
	Chittagong		2,570	699	22,600	22,007	44,607	0.1	0.02	
26 N	Noakhali		1,518	1,124	18,498	18,620	37,118	0.3	0.03	
27 1	Tippera		2,597	1,197	31,830	29,948	61,778	1	0.01	
1	Total for the									

of the Bengal Presidency during the year 1940.

Fevers.	Dysen- tery and Diar- rhoea.	Respi-							years.	
iciae.	rhoea.	ratory diseases.	Injury.	All other causes.		All causes.			y curs.	
ictor		diseases.		causes.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total
							1	ninisis m	white H	
14.9	1.0	2.5	0.4	4.3	23 - 4	23.2	23.3	22.4	22-4	22 - 4
17.3	0.4	1.5	0.4	3.6	24.1	22.9	23.5	28-0	27.0	27-5
13.2	1.3	2.2	0.4	5.1	23.4	21.2	22.3	26.7	25.3	26-0
10.6	1.1	1.9	0.6	4.2	18.9	18-2	18-6	23 · 0	22.5	22 - 4
7.8	1.6	3-3	0.7	4.8	18.3	18.9	18-6	22.7	24.7	23 - 6
3.5	2.5	3.3	0.6	5.3	16-1	17.2	16-6	19-9	21.9	20.8
								birid to	ebiest5	
				W.S.		100				
7.8	0.8	1.7	0.5	4.3	16.2	16.9	16.5	18-9	20.1	19.5
3.0	2.5	8.6	0.5	11.6	22.9	37.8	27.6	24.8	42.9	30.6
22-1	0.5	1.2	0.6	4.5	28.8	29.4	29.1	26.7	26.1	26.4
16.2	0.3	0.6	0.4	4.6	23 · 3	21.3	22.3	26.6	24.4	25 -
21.3	0.3	0.9	0.4 .	3.2	26.2	27.4	26.8	23.3	23 · 3	23 -
11.2	0.7	1.2	0.6	5.9	21.8	21.5	21.6	19.4	19.3	19.4
	1		Be.E	661,8		94		1	Halde	1 21
21-9	0.3	0.9	0.5	3.9	27.2	28.1	27.6	28.6	28.9	28.7
14.1	0.7	2.5	0.3	2.1	19.8	19.7	19.8	27.6	28.5	28-1
16.2	1.6	5-2	0.3	4.6	26.1	29.9	27.9	28.7	31.3	29-1
17-0	2.3	3.3	0.3	8-3	30.5	32.2	31.3	31.8	34.9	33 -:
20.0	0.5	1.4	0.2	2.3	24.3	24.6	24.4	28-4	28.6	28 -
14-9	0.5	1.2	0.3	3.4	20.1	20.9	20.5	22.1	21.8	21 -
19-4	0.6	1.0	0.4	3.5	25.0	25.0	25.0	26.1	25.4	25-
13.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	1.6	16.3	15.1	15.7	20.7	18.3	19-
	1			1 3 30		1,700	6.12	Division	378 P	Bess
	1 773		50.00	003.4			33.00	1 40	alton	1 199
11.2	1.4	1.3	0.3	5.3	20.8	19-1	20.0	23.8	23 · 4	23 -
17.0	0.4	0.7	0.3	4.2	22.8	22.9	22.9	22.7	23.0	22
17.1	1.1	1.7	0.3	4.2	25.6	24.4	25.0	26.2	25.4	25
12.7	1.0	2.7	0.4	3.9	22.9	22 · 1	22.5	23.0	22.1	22
	100		239	235			1 .00	dicio an	11110	
010,5	0.0		10.5	orag	05.0	00.0	01.0	07.4	95.0	00
20.7	0.9	1.0	0.5	1.7	25.9	23.8	24.8	27.4	25.3	26 -
14.3	1.0	1.1	0.5	4.5	21.5	22.0	21.8	22.9	23 · 2	21
10.9	1.3	0.7	0.4	6.0	20.0	19.8	19.9	21.4	21.2	21
8-67	1-22		-01	4.3	22.3	22.3	22 - 3	23.9	24 - 1	24 -

196

Annual Form No. III-DEATHS registered in the Districts (Rural Circles)

io.	Districts.		January.	Fel	oruary.	March.	April.	May.
later	A.—RURAL DISTE	RICTS.	Stand	Male				
	Burdwan Divisio	n.						
1	Burdwan		2,986		2,556	2,802	2,669	2,317
2	Birbhum		1,881	1-58	1,732	1,962	1,822	1,584
3	Bankura		1,939	-18	1,891	2,044	2,053	1,866
4	Midnapur		5,148	000	4,911	4,229	3,917	3,168
5	Hooghly		1,620	0.01	1,495	1,306	1,387	1,248
6	Howrah		1,167		951	1,014	936	818
	Presidency Division	on.						
7	24-Parganas		3,720	Nay!	3,001	2,868	2,814	2,259
8	Nadia		2,748		2,215	2,513	3,197	2,371
9	Murshidabad		2,104	131	1,887	2,186	2,241	1,956
10	Jessore		3,609		2,422	2,561	2,818	2,588
11	Khulna	2000	2,584	502	2,056	2,114	2,367	2,165
Dr. C	Rajshahi Divisio	on.		114	1000	2000	1 100	
12	Rajshahi		3,048		2,453	2,398	2,915	2,529
13	Dinajpur		2,962	Sec.	3,113	2,666	2,696	2,752
14	Jalpaiguri		2,366		2,039	2,070	2,099	2,258
15	Darjeeling		696	200	606	672	758	868
16	Rangpur		5,715		4,230	4,633	4,807	4,567
17	Bogra		1,885		1,646	1,565	1,675	1,594
18	Pabna		2,583		1,918	2,326	3,382	2,423
19	Malda		1,946	123	1,377	1,225	1,327	1,656
	Dacca Division	7.20	1-900	1.07	100	201	20	12.24
20	Dacca		5,803	-	4,550	5,875	7,861	5,758
21	Mymensingh		10,307		7,487	7,570	9,930	9,373
22	Faridpur		4,485		3,153	4,330	6,046	4,548
23	Bakarganj		6,752	12	4,714	5,209	5,300	4,170
	1 000 1 000		1 1 22	125	-0.00	3-0514	34 00	
24	Chittagong Divis		4.100		3,310	3,041	3,221	3,91
25	W. 11 W		4,190 3,225	1	2,591	2,382	2,958	3,17
26	mi	1				5,064	5,517	4,53
20	Tippera Total of Rural Distr	icts	5,885 91,354	-	4,323 72,627	76,625	86,713	76,47
	Ratio per 1,000 of	popula-	23 · 6		18-8	19.9	22.4	19-

and Towns of the Bengal Presidency during each month of the year 1940.

June.	July.	August,	September.	October.	November.	December.	regi dur	otal eaths istered: ing the ear.
10	100	105		12		SQ RESIDENCE		
100	52	19 5	62 0	122				
2,156	2,219	2,668	2,947	3,029	4,003	4,575	170	34,927
1,423	1,478	1,830	1,646	1,807	2,264	2,735	per	22,164
1,614	1,756	2,209	1,887	2,005	2,333	2,401	94	23,998
2,900	3,252	3,531	3,777	4,544	5,208	6,137	1111	50,722
1,042	1,103	1,321	1,627	1,645	1,841	2,120		17,755
781	781	827	832	997	1,008	1,240		11,352
2	12 . 11	1					1999	1. 9
2,108	2,298	2,651	2,963	3,126	3,720	4,925		36,453
2,021	2,047	2,433	3,140	4,582	6,986	8,382		42,635
1,610	1,755	2,317	2,335	2,929	3,750	4,192	WB.	29,262
2,045	2,330	3,028	3,512	4,678	6,168	8,786		44,545
2,651	2,376	2,839	2,691	3,499	3,978	5,770		34,490
					. July	NO TECHNISM		
0.000	0.075	9.714	9 001	3,607	4 757	5.749	III.	97 999
2,288	2,375	2,714	2,991 3,619	2,613	4,757 2,525	5,748	40.	37,823
2,468 1,949	2,465 1,897	3,874 2,292	2,456	2,541	2,653	2,710 2,551	MA.	34,463 27,171
906	809	788	782	804	696	636		9,021
4,211	4,185	5,456	5,448	5,257	7,330	7,187	161	63,026
1,228	1,469	1,839	2,043	1,889	2,623	3,461		22,917
1,634	1,826	2,006	2,273	2,989	4,731	7,465	100	35,556
597	957	1,004	1,258	1,131	1,290	2,365		16,133
76	100		32	10		ements - play	Ho	
18	11		=	10		arodi	DEE.	
4,397	4,127	3,895	3,963	5,064	6,123	6,849	nh.	64,265
8,323	8,920	9,277	8,764	9,740	11,710	14,021	199	115,422
3,351	3,537	3,779	4,143	4,650	6,701	9,755	HI	58,478
3,443	3,511	3,186	3,875	4,673	8,326	11,961	III.	65,126
01 11	101 10		1 3 1	31 2	1 7 30	14 657	1773	
8	10		9 2	- +3	0 0	100	13	
4,202	3,875	3,279	3,189	3,023	3,271	4,955	H.I.	43,474
2,764	2,623	2,473	2,373	2,784	3,844	5,770	100	36,966
3,949	3,999	4,053	4,009	5,010	6,492	8,091		60,931
65,461	67,970	75,569	78,543	88,616	114,331	144,788	1	,039,075
16-9	17-6	19-6	20.4	22.9	29.6	37.6	1	22.4

No. Towns. January. February. March. April. May	
Burdwan District.	
Burdwan District. 1 Burdwan	
Burdwan District. 1 Burdwan	
Burdwan District. 1 Burdwan	
1 Burdwan 37 32 38 85 2 Kalna 24 16 21 22 3 Katwa 15 10 6 8 4 Dainhat 3 2 4 2 5 Raniganj 30 32 33 18 6 Asansol 42 33 40 44 Birbhum District. 8 Bankura 29 17 19 20 9 Bishnupur 20 13 23 17 10 Sonamukhi 23 15 26 24 Midnapur District. 11 Midnapur District. 12 Ghatal 18 16 18 10 13 Kharar 4 9 6 5 14 Chandrakona 11 15 7 11 15 R	
2 Kalna 24 16 21 22 3 Katwa 15 10 6 8 4 Dainhat 3 2 4 2 5 Raniganj 30 32 33 18 6 Asansol 42 33 40 44 Birbhum District. 8 Bankura District. 9 Bishnupur 29 17 19 20 9 Bishnupur 20 13 23 17 10 Sonamukhi 23 15 26 24 Midnapur District. 11 Midnapur District. 11 Midnapur District. 18 16 18 10 12 Ghatal 18 16 18 10 13 Kharar 4 9 6 5 14 Chandrakona 11 15 7	81
4 Dainhat 3 2 4 2 5 Raniganj 30 32 33 18 6 Asansol 42 33 40 44 Birbhum District. 7 7 7 4 4 Bankura 29 17 19 20 9 Bishnupur 20 13 23 17 10 Sonamukhi 23 15 26 24 Midnapur District. 11 Midnapur District. 53 60 42 29 12 Ghatal 18 16 18 10 13 Kharar 4 9 6 5 14 Chandrakona 11 15 7 11 15 Ramjibanpur 14 9 11 8 16 Khirpai 7 8 <th>20</th>	20
5 Raniganj 30 32 33 18 6 Asansol 42 33 40 44 Birbhum District. 7 Suri 7 7 4 4 Bankura District. 8 Bankura 29 17 19 20 9 Bishnupur 20 13 23 17 10 Sonamukhi 23 15 26 24 Midnapur District. 11 Midnapur District. 12 Ghatal 18 16 18 10 13 Kharar 4 9 6 5 14 Chandrakona 11 15 7 11 15 Ramjibanpur 14 9 11 8 16 Khirpai 7 8 13 5 17 Tamluk 14 14 8	17
6 Asansol 42 33 40 44 Birbhum District. 7 Suri 7 7 4 4 Bankura District. 8 Bankura 29 17 19 20 9 Bishnupur 20 13 23 17 10 Sonamukhi 23 15 26 24 Midnapur District. 11 Midnapur District. 53 60 42 29 12 Ghatal 18 16 18 10 13 Kharar 4 9 6 5 14 Chandrakona 11 15 7 11 15 Ramjibanpur 14 9 11 8 16 Khirpai 7 8 13 5 17 Tamluk 14 14 8 10 <	2
Birbhum District.	29
7 Suri 7 4 4 Bankura District. 8 Bankura 29 17 19 20 9 Bishnupur 20 13 23 17 10 Sonamukhi 23 15 26 24 Midnapur District. 11 Midnapur 53 60 42 29 12 Ghatal 18 16 18 10 13 Kharar 4 9 6 5 14 Chandrakona 11 15 7 11 15 Ramjibanpur 14 9 11 8 16 Khirpai 7 8 13 5 17 Tamluk 14 14 8 10	64
7 Suri 7 4 4 Bankura District. 8 Bankura 29 17 19 20 9 Bishnupur 20 13 23 17 10 Sonamukhi 23 15 26 24 Midnapur District. 11 Midnapur 53 60 42 29 12 Ghatal 18 16 18 10 13 Kharar 4 9 6 5 14 Chandrakona 11 15 7 11 15 Ramjibanpur 14 9 11 8 16 Khirpai 7 8 13 5 17 Tamluk 14 14 8 10	
Bankura District. 8 Bankura	
8 Bankura 29 17 19 20 9 Bishnupur 20 13 23 17 10 Sonamukhi 23 15 26 24 Midnapur District. 11 Midnapur District. 53 60 42 29 12 Ghatal 18 16 18 10 13 Kharar 4 9 6 5 14 Chandrakona 11 15 7 11 15 Ramjibanpur 14 9 11 8 16 Khirpai 7 8 13 5 17 Tamluk 14 14 8 10	5
8 Bankura 29 17 19 20 9 Bishnupur 20 13 23 17 10 Sonamukhi 23 15 26 24 Midnapur District. 11 Midnapur District. 53 60 42 29 12 Ghatal 18 16 18 10 13 Kharar 4 9 6 5 14 Chandrakona 11 15 7 11 15 Ramjibanpur 14 9 11 8 16 Khirpai 7 8 13 5 17 Tamluk 14 14 8 10	
9 Bishnupur 20 13 23 17 10 Sonamukhi 23 15 26 24 Midnapur District. 11 Midnapur 53 60 42 29 12 Ghatal 18 16 18 10 13 Kharar 4 9 6 5 14 Chandrakona 11 15 7 11 15 Ramjibanpur 14 9 11 8 16 Khirpai 7 8 13 5 17 Tamluk 14 14 8 10	
10 Sonamukhi 23 15 26 24 Midnapur District. 11 Midnapur 53 60 42 29 12 Ghatal 18 16 18 10 13 Kharar 4 9 6 5 14 Chandrakona 11 15 7 11 15 Ramjibanpur 14 9 11 8 16 Khirpai 7 8 13 5 17 Tamluk 14 14 8 10	16
Midnapur District. 11 Midnapur 53 60 42 29 12 Ghatal 18 16 18 10 13 Kharar 4 9 6 5 14 Chandrakona 11 15 7 11 15 Ramjibanpur 14 9 11 8 16 Khirpai 7 8 13 5 17 Tamluk 14 14 8 10	9
11 Midnapur 53 60 42 29 12 Ghatal 18 16 18 10 13 Kharar 4 9 6 5 14 Chandrakona 11 15 7 11 15 Ramjibanpur 14 9 11 8 16 Khirpai 7 8 13 5 17 Tamluk 14 14 8 10	17
11 Midnapur 53 60 42 29 12 Ghatal 18 16 18 10 13 Kharar 4 9 6 5 14 Chandrakona 11 15 7 11 15 Ramjibanpur 14 9 11 8 16 Khirpai 7 8 13 5 17 Tamluk 14 14 8 10	
12 Ghatal 18 16 18 10 13 Kharar 4 9 6 5 14 Chandrakona 11 15 7 11 15 Ramjibanpur 14 9 11 8 16 Khirpai 7 8 13 5 17 Tamluk 14 14 8 10 Hooghly District.	13
13 Kharar 4 9 6 5 14 Chandrakona 11 15 7 11 15 Ramjibanpur 14 9 11 8 16 Khirpai 7 8 13 5 17 Tamluk 14 14 8 10 Hooghly District.	48
14 Chandrakona 11 15 7 11 15 Ramjibanpur 14 9 11 8 16 Khirpai 7 8 13 5 17 Tamluk 14 14 8 10	19
15 Ramjibanpur 14 9 11 8 16 Khirpai 7 8 13 5 17 Tamluk 14 14 8 10 Hooghly District.	2
16 Khirpai 7 8 13 5 17 Tamluk 14 14 8 10 Hooghly District.	14
17 Tamluk 14 14 8 10 Hooghly District.	5
Hooghly District.	2
Hooghly District.	6
18 Hooghly-Chinsura . 61 51 55 75	103
	74
19 Bansberia 9 2 6 17	18
20 Arambagh 15 11 9 7	6
21 Serampur 53 46 72 53	53
22 Baidyabati 43 29 35 29	29
23 Rishra-Konnagar 24 23 12 16	13
24 Uttarpara 12 8 10 10	19
25 Kotrung 5 9 13 6	3
26 Bhadreswar	17
27 Champdani 25 16 25 18	25
Househ District	-
Howrah District.	550
28 Howrah 688 543 552 582	553
29 Bally 35 20 18 18	18

June.		July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	re	otal eaths gistred ing the ear.
						District.	B.—Town		
7	,	65	64	47	35	40	44	3oT	645
	8	10 17	16	25	26	25	23	200	243
100	9	8	9	11	8	15	12	not the	128
	2	00	3	1.	. 8	13	6	off-	45
2	5	23	33	18	21	24	22	TARK T	308
4	3	38	46	36	32	37	18	148	473
		4			12 -		togtalist upanis	ret.	
		12 -	1			17 72 31	- mutt	urd.	
1	0	- 11	9	5	6	6	8	11.7	82
		19		32 15	40-		mad mad a	1198	
		9		19 41			e) male		
2	4	40	32	44	27	31	30	THE STATE OF	329
1	0	14	25	31	16	85	37		250
. 1	2	12	22	14	12	20	26	The same	223
		135							
		101_							
3	99	48	50	40	44	50	56		551
	7	14	6	13	13	17	16		167
	2	1	2	4	14	4	13		66
	6	10	9	7	10	17	15		132
	4	9	7	4	17	11	13		115
	2	. 8	8	8	7	5	10	-	8
	6	4	11	13	13	14	12	1	125
				1 12	100		1911	lant.	
					1		00	1	200
	1	53	65	61	58	63	82	1	749
1	1	18	17	11	2	16	13	1	135
	5	2	9	11	8 54	60	92		726
	5	23	68	59 23	15	25	20		325
			. 16	18	23	22	20		217
100	6	15 16	11	11	9	16	16	136	144
38	6	6	11	2	5	11	3		80
0.1	4	16	17	16	20		23	1	223
	23	14	21	14	16				221
-		14	-1	1 12	-0				
4							1 -1 -1	1	
4	82	448	496	486	520	624	610		6,56
1000	32	29	28	22	19	1 1 1 1 1			280

-							
No.	Districts.	3-faller	January.	February.	March.	Apřil.	May.
100							
-						-	-
	B.—Towns						
00	24-Parganas I		10	10	10	00	- 9
30	Tollyganj South Suburban	.00	18 55	19 57	12 64	61	49
32	Garden Reach	70	73	63	50	70	64
33	Budge Budge	4	42	42	44	39	26
34	Baruipur		5	9	1	8	2
35	Rajpur		14	8	18	7	12
36	Jaynagar Majilpur	19 11	2	4	4	8	4
37	Dum Dum		1	5	4	2	1
38	North Dum Dum		6	5	4	5	3
39	South Dum Dum		25	24	17	23	17
40	Khardah		3	6	3	5	3
41	Panihati		16	14	16	12	10
42	Garulia		8	3	9	31	16
43	North Barrackpur		22	18	12	17	10
44	Barrackpur		13	7	11	11	8
-45	Titagarh		71	66	86	101	81
-46	Naihati		160	70	56	26	33
47	Bhatpara		222	201	213	236	197
48	Halisahar		20	26	8	13	4
49	Kanchrapara		6	12	10	11	11
50	Baranagar		81	56	54	62	73
51	Kamarhati		51	39	45	53	37
52	Barasat		3	1	5	2	4
53	Gobardanga		14	8	9	8	4
54	Basirhat		28	31	19	22	12
55	Taki	85	6	8	3	2	3
.56	Baduria		11	5	11	22	10
501	City of Calcu	164	1 24	11	9 31	277	2 0
57	Calcutta		3,084	2,629	2,774	2,811	2,532
	Nadia Disti		0,001	2,020	44	2,011	2,002
58	Krishnagar		27	22	24	37	26
59	Nabadwip		69	40	34	43	38
60	Ranaghat	11	6	6	4	6	16
61	Birnagar		4	8	5	6	1
62	Santipur		34	26	23	19	28
63	Chakdaha		5	4	a 3	2	5
64	Kushtia		6	7	6	11	6
65	Kumarkhali	100	3	3	7	11	2
66	Meherpur	DE S	9	9	7	11	1
	Latin par	-			-	are the same party	- Charles Char

J	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	regi	otal eaths stereed. ng the ear.
		1					EWST-AS		
	11	11	14	12	7	24	24		183
	49	54	56	57	61	80	97	0000	740
	43	62	64	60	63	48	66	S. YL	726
	50	25	33	18	13	38	54	- Pa	424
		6	4	4	8	9	18	- Total	69
	7	11	10	10	29	11	27	fCL	164
	3	4	8	4	4	12	15		72
	. 4	1	5	2	7	2	5	74	39
	2	1	8	4		5	1	MOL	44
	21	35	26	15	23	27	21	MY	274
	4	5	5	9	4	4	8		59
	12	14	12	7	13	11	8	1975	145
	11	8	20	12	7	19	10	DES	155
	16	. 14	13	18	18	19	19	1993	196
	6	4	10	7	4	6	9		96
	79	74	79	58	59	92	256	15.55	1,102
	22	12	25	17	22	15	30	14.5	488
	140	184	193	159	164	168	191		2,268
1	2	11	14	16	3	5	3	-101	125
	6	9	10	3	11	3	6		98
53	57	65	53	73	66	91	93	1	824
	32	24	24	35	31	38	34		443
	4	5	5	. 7	5	6	4	100	51
13	•	4	5	3	3	5	15	10.00	84
	10	10	10	21	24	24	36		247
	. 8	5	10	10	5	13	5		73
US	4	5	10	4	9	7	17		115
134		100							
	2,290	2,358	2,353	2,411	2,459	2,749	3,079		31,524
1		1		1 3 -		1		PI	
1	22	83	39	87	38	84	71	1	460
	29	34	57	31	89	59	63		536
	9	8	6	4	8	14	18	1	100
	4	4	1	1	5	8	4		54
	26	29	41	38	35	70	1		449
-	1	3	3	4		3	7		40
1	2	1	6	6	8	7			78
1	1	5	2	5	4	6	1000		61
100	7	4	3	9	12	. 24	25	4165	121

No.	Tonws.	sui alva	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.
	B.—TOWNS						
67	Murshidabad Di				4.		40
68	Berhampur Murshidabad	· · ·	52 25	50 15	12	62	8
69	Jiaganj-Azimganj		4	8	3	13	7
70	Kandi		10	3	14	6	6
71	Jangipur		17	7	16	8	7
72	Dhulian		12	12	9	9	9
	Jessore Distr				10 3		
73	Jessore		18	12	7	14	9
74	Kotchandpur		3	1	1		3
75	Maheshpur	12			1	2	7
	Khulna Distr	ict.					1
76	Khulna		32	29	27	30	30
77	Satkhira		27	12	10	11	8
78	Debhatta		9	5	11	3	6
	Rajshahi Dist	rict.	1 1				
79	Rajshahi		40	25	26	30	41
80	Nator		13	7	7	12	6
	Dinajpur Dist	rict.	40			183	HE TO
81	Dinajpur		21	23	12	23	25
	Jalpaiguri Dist	rict.	14, 1		01		10
82	Jalpaiguri		8	9	35	4	19
	Darjeeling Dist	rict.				(WE)	I PARTIE
83	Darjeeling		49	44	56	75	64
84	Kurseong		21	32	31	21	24
			150		66		
0.5	Rangpur Distr				-		
85	Rangpur		\$5	25	22	24	20
86	Gaibandha		4	2	2	6	11
359,575	Bogra Distric	t.	1933		1. 692	10000	1000
87	Bogra		8	6	10	8	11
88	Sherpur	14	1	3	3	3	2
155.	Pabna Distri	et.	48		1300		100
89	Pabna		12	12	19	11	14
90	Sirajganj		52	40	81	42	31
		75.7		- 1		18 3	19 2 3
PM.	Malda District				9	19.00	11 337
91	English Bazar		5	16	10	8	4
92	Old Malda		7	7	6	4	11
93	Nawabganj		19	13	20	28	19

12 7 16 14 12 18 25 1 6 10 3 13 11 16 8 10 4 12 13 9 5 13 14 11 8 18 7 13 10 11 9 12 14 11 17 9 12 9 15 13 11 13 19 16 9 10 26 16 2 1 2 1 3 4 10 3 1 4 2 3 1 5 3 29 31 27 33 32 56 59 4 8 7 19 14 8 35 20 11 2 6 8 4 4 14 3 32 21 29 36 17 50 20 3 12 19 22 20 18 30 28	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	d reg dur	Fotal leaths ristered lng the year.
12 7 16 14 12 18 25 1 6 10 3 13 11 16 8 10 4 12 13 9 5 13 14 11 8 18 7 13 10 11 9 12 14 11 17 9 12 9 15 13 11 13 19 16 9 10 26 14 2 1 2 1 3 4 10 3 1 4 2 3 1 5 29 31 27 33 32 56 59 4 8 7 19 14 8 35 29 11 2 6 8 4 4 14 3 32 21 29 36 17 50 29 3 9 4 7 12 18 30 28 22							indr- a-		
6 10 3 13 11 16 8 14 12 13 9 5 13 14 10 14 11 19 16 9 15 11 11 9 12 9 15 13 11 13 19 16 9 10 26 14 10 12 10 26 14 10 12 11 10 26 14 10 12 11 10 26 14 10 12 11 10 26 14 10 12 11 10 26 14 10 12 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 10 26 14 10 12 11 10 10 11 10 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	29	52	42	38	76	99	68	10	658
4 12 13 9 5 13 14 14 11 9 12 9 15 13 14 11 9 12 9 15 13 14 11 9 12 9 15 13 14 11 9 12 9 15 13 14 11 10 12 12 15 13 14 11 10 12 12 9 15 13 14 11 10 12 12 10 12 12 12 11 10 12 12 11 10 12 12 11 10 12 12 11 14 12 12 12 11 14 12 12 11 14	12	7	16	14	12	18	25	100	176
8 18 7 13 10 11 9 15 14 11 17 9 12 9 15 13 11 13 19 16 \$ 10 26 14 2 1 2 1 3 4 10 3 1 4 2 3 1 5 3 29 31 27 33 32 56 59 4 8 7 19 14 8 35 29 11 2 6 8 4 4 14 3 32 21 29 36 17 50 29 3 9 4 7 12 7 12 18 1 12 19 22 20 18 30 28 2 12 36 19 31 6 28 22 2 49 61 59 68 43 51 33 6 31 31 37 37 22 18 17 3 12 16 22 24 29 27<	6	10	3	13	11	16	8	19	102
14 11 17 9 12 9 15 13 11 13 19 16 9 10 26 16 2 1 2 1 3 4 10 3 1 4 2 3 1 5 3 29 31 27 33 32 56 59 4 8 7 19 14 8 35 29 11 2 6 8 4 4 14 3 32 21 29 36 17 50 29 3 9 4 7 12 7 12 18 1 12 19 22 20 18 30 28 2 12 36 19 31 6 28 22 2 49 61 59 68 43 51 33 3 31 31 37 37 22 18 17 <td>4</td> <td>12</td> <td>13</td> <td>9</td> <td>5</td> <td>13</td> <td>14</td> <td>1777</td> <td>109</td>	4	12	13	9	5	13	14	1777	109
11 13 19 16 9 10 26 10 2 1 2 1 3 4 10 3 1 4 2 3 1 5 3 29 31 27 33 32 56 59 4 8 7 19 14 8 35 29 11 2 6 8 4 4 14 3 3 32 21 29 36 17 50 29 3 9 4 7 12 7 12 18 1 12 19 22 20 18 30 28 2 12 36 19 31 6 28 22 2 49 61 59 68 43 51 33 3 31 31 37 37 22 18 17 3 12 16 22 24 29 27 <td>. 8</td> <td>18</td> <td>7</td> <td>13</td> <td>10</td> <td>11</td> <td>9</td> <td>1</td> <td>131</td>	. 8	18	7	13	10	11	9	1	131
2 1 2 1 3 4 10 1 5 1 4 2 3 1 5 5 10 1 5 5 10 1 5 5 10 1 5 5 10 1 1 5 5 10 1 1 5 10 1 1 5 10 1 1 5 10 1 1 5 10 1 1 1 5 1	14	11	17	9	12	9	15		138
2 1 2 1 3 4 10 1 5 1 4 2 3 1 5 5 10 1 5 5 10 1 5 5 10 1 5 5 10 1 1 5 5 10 1 1 5 10 1 1 5 10 1 1 5 10 1 1 5 10 1 1 1 5 1	01 31	an.	31	31	118	200	A STATE OF THE STA	1988	
1 4 2 3 1 5 29 31 27 33 32 56 59 4 8 7 19 14 8 35 29 11 2 6 8 4 4 14 3 32 21 29 36 17 50 29 3 9 4 7 12 7 12 18 1 12 19 22 20 18 30 28 2 12 36 19 31 6 28 22 2 49 61 59 68 43 51 33 6 31 31 37 37 22 18 17 3 12 16 22 24 29 27 20 2 13 11 6 8 5 8 14 4 4 7 7 6 8 9 14 <tr< td=""><td>11</td><td>13</td><td>19</td><td>16</td><td>,</td><td>10</td><td>26</td><td></td><td>164</td></tr<>	11	13	19	16	,	10	26		164
29 31 27 33 32 56 59 4 8 7 19 14 8 35 29 11 2 6 8 4 4 14 3 32 21 29 36 17 50 29 3 9 4 7 12 7 12 18 1 12 19 22 20 18 30 28 2 12 36 19 31 6 28 22 2 49 61 59 68 43 51 33 6 31 31 37 37 22 18 17 3 12 16 22 24 29 27 20 2 12 16 32 24 29 27 20 2 12 11 6 8 5 8 14 4 4 7 7 10 18 14 19 17 10 9 7 6 10 10 32 24 40 23 48 72 56 <	- 2	1			3	4			31
8 7 19 14 8 35 29 11 2 6 8 4 4 14 3 12 32 21 29 36 17 50 29 3 9 4 7 12 7 12 18 1 12 19 22 20 18 30 28 2 12 36 19 31 6 28 22 2 49 61 59 68 43 51 33 6 31 31 37 37 22 18 17 3 12 16 22 24 29 27 20 2 12 16 22 24 29 27 20 2 12 16 8 5 8 14 6 13 9 12 9 18 14 2 1 9 6 8 9 14 19	1	4	2	3		1	5		26
8 7 19 14 8 35 29 11 2 6 8 4 4 14 3 12 32 21 29 36 17 50 29 3 9 4 7 12 7 12 18 1 12 19 22 20 18 30 28 2 12 36 19 31 6 28 22 2 49 61 59 68 43 51 33 6 31 31 37 37 22 18 17 3 12 16 22 24 29 27 20 2 12 16 22 24 29 27 20 2 12 16 8 5 8 14 6 13 9 12 9 18 14 2 1 9 6 8 9 14 19		17	17112	OI .				1218	
2 6 8 4 4 14 3 32 21 29 36 17 50 29 3 9 4 7 12 7 12 18 1 12 19 22 20 18 30 28 2 12 36 19 31 6 28 22 2 49 61 59 68 43 51 33 6 31 31 37 37 22 18 17 3 12 16 22 24 29 27 20 2 12 16 32 24 29 27 20 2 12 11 6 8 5 8 14 6 13 9 12 9 18 14 19 17 10 9 7 6 10 3 32 24 40 23 48 72 56 4 4 7 7 10 18 15				1999					415
32 21 29 36 17 50 29 3 9 4 7 12 7 12 18 1 12 19 22 20 18 30 28 2 12 36 19 31 6 28 22 2 49 61 59 68 43 51 33 6 31 31 37 37 22 18 17 3 12 16 22 24 29 27 20 2 12 16 32 24 29 27 20 2 12 11 6 8 5 8 14 6 13 9 12 9 18 14 2 1 9 6 8 9 14 19 17 10 9 7 6 10 3 32 24 40 23 48 72 56 3 4 4 7 7 10 18 15				14	8	100	HEALT THERETE		188
9 4 7 12 7 12 18 1 12 19 22 20 18 30 28 2 12 36 19 31 6 28 22 2 49 61 59 68 43 51 33 6 31 31 37 37 22 18 17 3 12 16 22 24 29 27 20 2 12 11 6 8 5 8 14 6 13 9 12 9 18 14 1 2 1 9 6 8 9 14 19 17 10 9 7 6 10 1 32 24 40 23 48 72 56 4 4 4 7 7 10 18 15	2	6	8	4	4	14	3		75
9 4 7 12 7 12 18 1 12 19 22 20 18 30 28 2 12 36 19 31 6 28 22 2 49 61 59 68 43 51 33 6 31 31 37 37 22 18 17 3 12 16 22 24 29 27 20 2 12 11 6 8 5 8 14 6 13 9 12 9 18 14 1 2 1 9 6 8 9 14 19 17 10 9 7 6 10 1 32 24 40 23 48 72 56 4 4 4 7 7 10 18 15	32	21	29	36	17	50	29	PAR	376
12 36 19 31 6 28 22 2 49 61 59 68 43 51 33 6 31 31 37 37 22 18 17 3 12 16 22 24 29 27 20 2 12 11 6 8 5 8 14 6 13 9 12 9 18 14 2 1 9 6 8 9 14 19 17 10 9 7 6 10 3 32 24 40 23 48 72 56 4 4 4 7 7 10 18 15			7			12	18		114
49 61 59 68 43 51 33 6 31 31 37 37 22 18 17 3 12 16 22 24 29 27 20 2 12 11 6 8 5 8 14 6 13 9 12 9 18 14 2 1 9 6 8 9 14 19 17 10 9 7 6 10 10 32 24 40 23 48 72 56 4 4 4 7 7 10 18 15	12	19	22	20	18	30	28	100	253
49 61 59 68 43 51 33 6 31 31 37 37 22 18 17 3 12 16 22 24 29 27 20 2 12 11 6 8 5 8 14 6 13 9 12 9 18 14 2 1 9 6 8 9 14 19 17 10 9 7 6 10 10 32 24 40 23 48 72 56 4 4 4 7 7 10 18 15	11								
31 31 37 37 22 18 17 3 12 16 22 24 29 27 20 2 12 11 6 8 5 8 14 6 13 9 12 9 18 14 2 1 9 6 8 9 14 19 17 10 9 7 6 10 10 32 24 40 23 48 72 56 4 4 4 7 7 10 18 15	12	36	19	31	6	28	22	100	229
31 31 37 37 22 18 17 3 12 16 22 24 29 27 20 2 12 11 6 8 5 8 14 6 13 9 12 9 18 14 2 1 9 6 8 9 14 19 17 10 9 7 6 10 10 32 24 40 23 48 72 56 4 4 4 7 7 10 18 15	1							1111	
31 31 37 37 22 18 17 3 12 16 22 24 29 27 20 2 12 11 6 8 5 8 14 6 13 9 12 9 18 14 2 1 9 6 8 9 14 19 17 10 9 7 6 10 10 32 24 40 23 48 72 56 4 4 4 7 7 10 18 15	10	61	50	46	49	51	33	adi.	652
12 11 6 8 5 8 14 6 13 9 12 9 18 14 1 2 1 9 6 8 9 14 19 17 10 9 7 6 10 3 32 24 40 23 48 72 56 3 4 4 7 7 10 18 15									322
12 11 6 8 5 8 14 6 13 9 12 9 18 14 1 2 1 9 6 8 9 14 19 17 10 9 7 6 10 3 32 24 40 23 48 72 56 3 4 4 7 7 10 18 15	101	100		1			ME MANY		
6 13 9 12 9 18 14 1 2 1 9 6 8 9 14 19 17 10 9 7 6 10 1 32 24 40 23 48 72 56				10					276
2 1 9 6 8 9 14 19 17 10 9 7 6 10 32 24 40 23 48 72 56 4 4 7 7 10 18 15	12	11	6	8	5	8	14		89
2 1 9 6 8 9 14 19 17 10 9 7 6 10 32 32 24 40 23 48 72 56 4 4 4 7 7 10 18 15	6	13	9	12	9	18	14	115	124
32 24 40 23 48 72 56 4 4 7 7 10 18 15	100		9		8	9	14	1	61
32 24 40 23 48 72 56 4 4 7 7 10 18 15	19	14				1 2 3 1		1	
32 34 40 23 48 72 56 4 4 7 7 10 18 15	19	17	10	9	7	6	10		146
The second secon	1			23	48	72	56		501
THE PARTY OF THE P	Ser.	135	,	7	10	18	15	-	108
			A COLUMN		1	1		1	74
		1000000		22				1	202

No.	Districts.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.
-	B.—TOWNS.					
	Dacca District.					
94	Dacca	340	273	309	293	277
95	Narayanganj	92	58	79	75	57
21	Mymensingh District.			- 5		10
96	Mymensingh	33	32	53	35	34
97	Muktagacha	7	5	5	7	7
98	Gauripur	6	V	1	1	2
99	Netrakona	11	12	15	12	15
100	Jamalpur	21	36	18	25	24
101	Sherpur	29	20	25	29	25
102	Kishorganj	23	15	12	21	14
103	Bajitpur	12	10	2	7	7
104	Tangail	18	11	14	23	24
61	Faridpur District.		111111111111111111111111111111111111111	14 14		
105	Faridpur	36	19	21	19	19
106	Rajbari	18	16	15	30	7
107	Madaripur	22	11	13	20	23
477						
	Bakarganj District.					
108	Barisal	64	54	52	59	40
109	Jhalakati	7	6	5	6	14
110	Nalchiti	1	**	1	7	1
111	Pirojpur	20	15	4	8	7
112	Patuakhali	16	10	18	14	11
113	Bhola	8	10	3	1	3
	Chittagong District.					
114	Chittagong	102	71	72	104	106
115	Cox's Bazar	5	6	4	3	9
	W				- 12-5	
***	Noakhali District.		or			.,
116	Noakhali	16	25	4	4	11
18 3	Tippera District.			N. A.	1 3	
117	Comilla	46	22	20	20	26
118	Brahmanbaria	53	31	38	75	26
119	Chandpur	12	14	17	16	16
	Total of towns	7,095	5,833	6,077	6,390	5,798
	Ratio per 1,000 of popula- tions in towns.	24 -2	20 .0	20 ·8	21.8	19.8
	Total for the Province	93,449	78,460	82,702	93,103	82,276
	Ratio per 1,000 of popula- tion in the Province.	23 · 6	18.8	19.9	22.3	19 .7

June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total deaths registered. during the year.
							-
	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	The state of the s	Tabe 3				
		sank.		HOUR .		District	
232	299	259	271	300	320	297	3,470
61	55	51	52	61	66	78	78
43	33	32	23	31	36	52	43
1		10	6	6	. 11	13	7
3	1	3	4	3	12	16	5
13	22	29	10	13	20	19	19
21	13	27	21	28	45	33	31
20	16	29 -	35	16	35	30	30
16	13	8	11	11	14	11	16
6	14	9	2	7	10	11	9
3	5	18	14	12	26	28	19
					Juplice	residency of	
12	9	13	20	15	21	19	22
8	16	12	14	13	13	16	17
8	15	13	26	. 8	25	17	20
	201	-	10000		1		
39	38	63	25	36	93	74	63
1	3	6	4	4	6	9	7.
1	4	3			5	4	2
4	5	8	4	8	4	. 15	103
4	7	4	6	4	3	9	100
5	7	4	4	2	2	5	4
01	07	00		00	0.5	115	1.05
81	87	90	64	68	95	115	1,05
	1	13	3	,	9	4	71
6	11	9	8		7	51	15:
				la lave		01	10.
12	15	19	18	10	13	16	23
26	23	40	21	31	38	35	43
20	12	18	4	10	17	22	17
5,012	5,346	5,633	5,397	5,453	6,671	7,302	72,00
17 · 2	18 -2	19 -2	18.5	18.6	22.8	25 -0	20
70,473	73,316	81,202	83,940	94,069	121,002	152,090	1,111,08
16.9	17 -6	19-6	20 .2	22 -6	29.0	36.5	22 -

Annual Form No. IV.—Deaths registered according to AGE in the Districts

1	2					Name of				Under
	10-700					Unde	r one mon	th.		
Num- ber.	Dist	ricts			Male.			Female,		Total
				Under one week.	Over one week.	Total.	Under one week.	Over one week.	Total.	of under one month,
-	ARURAL	DIS	TRICTS.							
	Burdwan	Div	rision.	1000						
1	Burdwan			1,631	1,073	2,704	1,376	861	2,237	4,941
2	Birbhum			1,172	864	2,036	914	728	1,642	3,678
3	Bankura			1,413	744	2,157	1,077	601	1,678	3,835
	Midnapur			2,064	1,342	3,406	1,648	1,165	2,813	6,219
5	Hooghly			1,110	480	1,590	844	382	1,226	2,816
107	Howrah			647	337	984	576	283	859	1,843
	Presidency	Di	vision.			19 19				
	24-Parganas			1,527	1,162	2,689	1,161	900	2,061	4,750
8	Nadia			2,024	1,410	3,434	1,693	1,048	2,741	6,175
9	Murshidabad			1,381	1,190	2,571	1,151	892	2,043	4,614
10	Jessore			1,227	1,141	2,368	1,024	951	1,975	4,343
11	Khulna			1,181	1,266	2,447	953	960	1,913	4,360
							Ch			
15	Rajshahi	Div	ision.		1000		6			
2	Rajshahi			1,702	1,353	3,055	1,521	1,194	2,715	5,770
13	Dinajpur			1,762	1,259	3,021	1,366	1,040	2,406	5,427
14	Jalpaiguri	• •		671	658	1,329	583	623	1,206	2,535
15	Darjeeling	••		120	151	271	82	114	196	467
16	Rangpur			2,705	1,991	4,696	2,284	1,500	3,784	8,480
17	Bogra	••		1,074	984	2,058	901	777	1,678	3,736
18	Pabna			1,467	1,097	2,564	1,232	859	2,091	4,655
19	Malda			553	381	934	466	304	770	1,704
	Bacca D	ivisio	ou.	-				1		
20	Dacea			2,939	2,258	5,197	2,358	1,601	3,959	9,156
21	Mymensingh			5,760	3,849	9,609	4,684	2,812	7,496	17,105
22	Faridpur			2,093	1,724	3,817	1,705	1,308	3,013	6,830
23	Bakarganj			3,062	2,239	5,301	2,431	1,703	4,134	9,435
441	Chittagong	D.	vicion	1 3 - 32					1	
24	Chittagong		vision.	848	1.011	1.050	600	000		0.001
25	Noakhali				1,011	1,859	698	807	1,505	3,364
26	Tippera			1,309 3,212	916 2,275	2,225	1,066	812	1,878	4,103
20	Total of rural d	istri	rts	44,654	33,155	5,487	2,532	1,736	4,268	9,755
0.00	Ratio per mille		8 10	54 · 1	40.2	94 -2	36,326 47 · 3	25,961 33 ·8	62,287	1,40,096
	mero per turne			04.1	40.2	94.2	47.3	99.8	81 ·1	87 -9

(Rural Circles) and Towns of the Bengal Presidency during the year 1940.

									1 year ar 5 ye	
Between	1 and 6 n	nonths,	Between	6 and 12 n	nonths.	Und	ler one y	ear.		
Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male,	Female
								- Hiller	120100	
1,027	985	1,962	542	532	1,074	4,273	3,704	7,977	2,068	2,264
701	581	1,282	349	303	652	3,086	2,526	5,612	1,453	1,491
738	615	1,353	303	299	602	3,198	2,592	5,790	1,089	1,197
1,525	1,436	2,961	722	748	1,470	5,653	4,997	10,650	2,636	2,704
575	494	1,069	295	257	552	2,460	1,977	4,437	934	941
381	284	665	193	144	337	1,558	1,287	2,845	641	630
1,575	1,207	2,782	850	709	1,559	5,114	3,977	9,091	2,257	2,158
1,648	1,462	3,110	878	999	1,877	5,960	5,202	11,162	3,816	4,536
1,021	890	1,911	521	520	1,041	4,113	3,453	7,566	2,353	2,661
1,733	1,690	3,423	956	1,078	2,034	5,057	4,748	9,800	4,401	4,867
1,359	1,174	2,533	732	650	1,382	4,538	3,737	8,275	2,122	2,089
									LA LES	
1,646	1,480	3,126	1,001	1,029	2,030	5,702	5,224	10,926	2,688	2,740
1,325	1,076	2,401	886	827	1,713	5,232	4,309	9,541	2,017	1,91
1,132	1,095	2,227	567	607	1,174	3,028	2,908	5,936	1,699	1,57
263	229	492	183	164	347	717	589	1,306	653	56
2,558	2,164	4,722	934	957	1,891	8,188	6,905	15,093	4,254	4,59
1,094	928	2,022	486	456	942	3,638	3,062	6,700	1,268	1,48
1,606	1,849	2,955	700	660	1,360	4,870	4,100	8,970	3,404	3,918
543	439	982	372	386	758	1,849	1,595	2,444	1,558	1,58
3,188	2,463	5,651	1,416	1,210	2,626	9,801	7,632	17,433	6,711	6,40
4,290	3,484	7,774	1,890	1,771	3,661	15,789	12,751	28,540	8,661	9,97
2,897	2,340	5,237	1,378	1,212	2,590	8,092	6,565	14,657	6,884	6,77
2,571	2,169	4,740	1,090	949	2,029	8,952	7,252	16,204	5,281	5,05
	-					-		and stay	173 miles	
1,525	1,233	2,758	729	646	1,375	4,113	3,384	7,497	3,852	4,01
1,231	1,069	2,300	598	491	1,089	4,054	3,438	7,492	3,901	4,17
2,430	2,026	4,456	1,009	897	1,906	8,926	7,191	16,117	5,827	5,93
40,582	34,312	74,894	19,570	18,501	38,071	137,961	115,100	253,061	82,528	85,28

1 Bu 2 Bir 3 Ba 4 Mid 5 Ho 6 Ho 7 24- 8 Na 9 Mu 10 Jes 11 Kh R 12 Ra 13 Di 14 Jai 15 Da 16 Ra 17 Bo 18 Pa 19 Ma	A.— RU DISTRI Burdwan urdwan irbhum ankura idnapur ooghly owrah residency i-Pargana adia urshidaba essore hulna Rajshahi inajpur alpaiguri parjeeling	Division. Division. Division.	1,125 755 526 1,275 408 286 1,215 1,968 1,181 1,925 1,279	1,197 825 640 1,195 402 274 1,105 2,002 1,246 1,679 1,186 1,384 1,146	Male. 555 342 391 731 248 168 741 717 661 824 757	Female. 474 335 316 569 211 124 560 614 454 650 610 850 935	Male. 543 311 441 792 296 176 692 640 442 738 662	752 440 507 1,195 462 256 968 894 523 1,134 1,055	Male. 1,317 713 1,032 2,192 671 415 1,474 1,406 1,056 1,536 1,549	1,674 942 1,127 2,895 1,034 534 2,033 1,785 1,069 2,264 2,161
1 Bu 2 Bir 3 Ba 4 Mid 5 Ho 6 Ho 7 24- 8 Na 9 Mu 10 Jes 11 Kh R 12 Ra 13 Di 14 Jai 15 Da 16 Ra 17 Bo 18 Pa 19 Ma	Burdwan urdwan irbhum ankura idnapur ooghly owrah residency i-Pargana adia urshidaba essore hulna Rajshahi inajpur alpaiguri	Division. Division. Division.	755 526 1,275 408 286 1,215 1,968 1,181 1,925 1,279 1,494 1,344	825 640 1,195 402 274 1,105 2,002 1,246 1,679 1,186 1,384 1,146	342 391 731 248 168 741 717 661 824 757	335 316 569 211 124 560 614 454 650 610	311 441 792 296 176 692 640 442 738 662	440 507 1,195 462 256 968 894 523 1,134 1,055	713 1,032 2,192 671 415 1,474 1,406 1,056 1,536 1,549	942 1,127 2,895 1,034 534 2,033 1,785 1,069 2,264 2,161
1 Bu 2 Bir 3 Ba 4 Mid 5 Ho 6 Ho 7 24- 8 Na 9 Mu 10 Jes 11 Kh R 12 Ra 13 Di 14 Jai 15 Da 16 Ra 17 Bo 18 Pa 19 Ma	urdwan irbhum ankura idnapur ooghly owrah residency i-Pargana adia urshidaba essore hulna Rajshahi ajshahi inajpur alpaiguri	Division.	755 526 1,275 408 286 1,215 1,968 1,181 1,925 1,279 1,494 1,344	825 640 1,195 402 274 1,105 2,002 1,246 1,679 1,186 1,384 1,146	342 391 731 248 168 741 717 661 824 757	335 316 569 211 124 560 614 454 650 610	311 441 792 296 176 692 640 442 738 662	440 507 1,195 462 256 968 894 523 1,134 1,055	713 1,032 2,192 671 415 1,474 1,406 1,056 1,536 1,549	942 1,127 2,895 1,034 534 2,033 1,785 1,069 2,264 2,161
1 Bu 2 Bir 3 Ba 4 Mic 5 Ho 6 Ho 7 24- 8 Na 9 Mu 10 Jes 11 Kh R 12 Ra 13 Di 14 Ja 15 Da 16 Ra 17 Bo 18 Pa 19 Ma	urdwan irbhum ankura idnapur ooghly owrah residency i-Pargana adia urshidaba essore hulna Rajshahi ajshahi inajpur alpaiguri	Division.	755 526 1,275 408 286 1,215 1,968 1,181 1,925 1,279 1,494 1,344	825 640 1,195 402 274 1,105 2,002 1,246 1,679 1,186 1,384 1,146	342 391 731 248 168 741 717 661 824 757	335 316 569 211 124 560 614 454 650 610	311 441 792 296 176 692 640 442 738 662	440 507 1,195 462 256 968 894 523 1,134 1,055	713 1,032 2,192 671 415 1,474 1,406 1,056 1,536 1,549	942 1,127 2,895 1,034 534 2,033 1,785 1,069 2,264 2,161
3 Ba 4 Mi 5 Ho 6 Ho 7 24- 8 Na 9 Mu 10 Jes 11 Kh R 12 Ra 13 Di 14 Ja 15 Da 16 Ra 17 Bo 18 Pa 19 Ma	ankura idnapur ooghly owrah residency i-Pargana adia urshidaba essore hulna Rajshahi ajshahi inajpur alpaiguri	Division.	526 1,275 408 286 1,215 1,968 1,181 1,925 1,279 1,494 1,344	1,195 402 274 1,105 2,002 1,246 1,679 1,186	391 731 248 168 741 717 661 824 757	316 569 211 124 560 614 454 650 610	441 792 296 176 692 640 442 738 662	507 1,195 462 256 968 894 523 1,134 1,055	1,032 2,192 671 415 1,474 1,406 1,056 1,536 1,549	1,127 2,895 1,034 534 2,033 1,785 1,069 2,264 2,161
4 Mid 5 Ho 6 Ho 7 24- 8 Na 9 Mu 10 Jes 11 Kt R 12 Ra 13 Di 14 Ja 15 Da 16 Ra 17 Bo 18 Pa 19 Ma	idnapur ooghly owrah residency i-Pargana adia urshidaba essore hulna Rajshahi inajshahi inajpur	Division.	1,275 408 286 1,215 1,968 1,181 1,925 1,279 1,494 1,344	1,195 402 274 1,105 2,002 1,246 1,679 1,186	731 248 168 741 717 661 824 757	569 211 124 560 614 454 650 610	792 296 176 692 640 442 738 662	1,195 462 256 968 894 523 1,134 1,055	2,192 671 415 1,474 1,406 1,056 1,536 1,549	2,895 1,034 534 2,038 1,785 1,069 2,264 2,161
5 Ho 6 Ho 7 24- 8 Na 9 Mu 10 Jes 11 Kh R 12 Ra 13 Di 14 Jai 15 Da 16 Ra 17 Bo 18 Pa 19 Ma	ooghly owrah residency i-Pargana adia urshidaba essore hulna Rajshahi ajshahi inajpur alpaiguri	Division.	408 286 1,215 1,968 1,181 1,925 1,279 1,494 1,344	402 274 1,105 2,002 1,246 1,679 1,186	248 168 741 717 661 824 757	211 124 560 614 454 650 610	296 176 692 640 442 738 662	462 256 968 894 523 1,134 1,055	671 415 1,474 1,406 1,056 1,536 1,549	1,034 534 2,033 1,785 1,069 2,264 2,161
6 Ho Pre 7 24- 8 Na 9 Mu 10 Jes 11 Kt R 12 Ra 13 Di 14 Ja 15 Da 16 Ra 17 Bo 18 Pa 19 Ma	owrah residency i-Pargana adia urshidaba essore hulna Rajshahi inajshahi inajpur	Division.	1,215 1,968 1,181 1,925 1,279 1,494 1,344	1,105 2,002 1,246 1,679 1,186 1,384 1,146	741 717 661 824 757	560 614 454 650 610	692 640 442 738 662	256 968 894 523 1,134 1,055	1,474 1,406 1,056 1,536 1,549	2,038 1,786 1,069 2,264 2,161
Pre 7 24- 8 Na 9 Mu 10 Jes 11 Kh R 12 Ra 13 Di 14 Ja 15 Da 16 Ra 17 Bo 18 Pa 19 Ma	residency i-Pargana adia urshidaba essore hulna Rajshahi ajshahi inajpur	Division.	1,215 1,968 1,181 1,925 1,279 1,494 1,344	1,105 2,002 1,246 1,679 1,186 1,384 1,146	741 717 661 824 757	560 614 454 650 610	692 640 442 738 662	968 894 523 1,134 1,055	1,474 1,406 1,056 1,536 1,549	2,033 1,784 1,069 2,264 2,161
7 24- 8 Na 9 Mu 10 Jes 11 Kh R 12 Ra 13 Di 14 Ja 15 Da 16 Ra 17 Bo 18 Pa 19 Ma	i-Pargana adia urshidaba essore hulna Rajshahi ajshahi vinajpur alpaiguri	s ad Division.	1,968 1,181 1,925 1,279 1,494 1,344	2,002 1,246 1,679 1,186 1,384 1,146	717 661 824 757	614 454 650 610	640 442 738 662	894 523 1,134 1,055	1,406 1,056 1,536 1,549	1,785 1,069 2,264 2,161
7 24- 8 Na 9 Mu 10 Jes 11 Kh R 12 Ra 13 Di 14 Ja 15 Da 16 Ra 17 Bo 18 Pa 19 Ma	i-Pargana adia urshidaba essore hulna Rajshahi ajshahi vinajpur alpaiguri	s ad Division.	1,968 1,181 1,925 1,279 1,494 1,344	2,002 1,246 1,679 1,186 1,384 1,146	717 661 824 757	614 454 650 610	640 442 738 662	894 523 1,134 1,055	1,406 1,056 1,536 1,549	1,788 1,069 2,266 2,161
8 Na 9 Mu 10 Jes 11 Kt R 12 Ra 13 Di 14 Ja 15 Da 16 Ra 17 Bo 18 Pa 19 Ma	adia urshidaba essore hulna Rajshahi ajshahi inajpur alpaiguri	od	1,968 1,181 1,925 1,279 1,494 1,344	2,002 1,246 1,679 1,186 1,384 1,146	717 661 824 757	614 454 650 610	640 442 738 662	894 523 1,134 1,055	1,406 1,056 1,536 1,549	1,784 1,066 2,264 2,163
9 Mu 10 Jes 11 Kt R 12 Ra 13 Di 14 Ja 15 Da 16 Ra 17 Bo 18 Pa 19 Ma	urshidaba essore hulna Rajshahi ajshahi vinajpur alpaiguri	Division.	1,181 1,925 1,279 1,494 1,344	1,246 1,679 1,186 1,384 1,146	661 824 757	454 650 610	442 738 - 662	523 1,134 1,055	1,056 1,536 1,549	1,069 2,264 2,169
10 Jes 11 Ki R 12 Ra 13 Di 14 Ja 15 Da 16 Ra 17 Bo 18 Pa 19 Ma	essore hulna Rajshahi ajshahi dinajpur alpaiguri	Division.	1,925 1,279 1,494 1,344	1,679 1,186 1,384 1,146	824 757 996	650 610 850	738 - 662	1,134 1,055	1,536 1,549	2,26 2,16
11 Ki R 12 Ra 13 Di 14 Ja 15 Da 16 Ra 17 Bo 18 Pa 19 Ma	hulna Rajshahi ajshahi dinajpur alpaiguri	Division.	1,279 1,494 1,344	1,186 1,384 1,146	757 996	610 850	662	1,055	1,549	2,16
R 12 Ra 13 Di 14 Ja 15 Da 16 Ra 17 Bo 18 Pa 19 Ma	Rajshahi ajshahi rinajpur alpaiguri	Division.	1,494 1,344	1,384 1,146	996	850				me l
12 Ra 13 Di 14 Jai 15 Da 16 Ra 17 Bo 18 Pa 19 Ma	ajshahi inajpur alpaiguri		1,344	1,146			973	1.214	1.478	2,01
13 Di 14 Jai 15 Da 16 Ra 17 Bo 18 Pa 19 Ma	inajpur alpaiguri	·	1,344	1,146			973	1.214	1.478	2,01
14 Jai 15 Da 16 Ra 17 Bo 18 Pa 19 Ma	alpaiguri				1,057	0.05		1	-,210	
15 Da 16 Ra 17 Bo 18 Pa 19 Ma		1000	716	F00	0.3050.00	800	957	1,079	1,334	1,69
16 Ra 17 Bo 18 Pa 19 Ma	arjeeling			589	485	437	458	902	1,362	2,63
17 Bo 18 Pa 19 Ma		250 E.	384	346	247	218	225	280	472	61
18 Pa 19 Ma	angpur		2,602	2,398	1,201	825	1,087	1,831	2,756	4,46
19 Ma	ogra		962	935	480	446	401	759	873	1,51
	abna	10 m	1,550	1,483	666	489	483	714	1,084	1,75
	falda		768	655	368	319	327	353	669	84
100			Section !			100				-
	Dacca D	ivision.								
ECHAD OL	acca		2,224	1,901	944	686	675	1,391	1,858	3,27
1000	lymensing		4,426	4,398	2,054	1,543	1,722	3,261	4,314	7,74
11333	aridpur	Time!	2,066	1,783	857	703	793	1,287	1,833	2,82
23 Ba	Bakarganj	602.01	2,656	2,475	1,315	1,010	1,026	1,728	2,337	4,04
0	Chittagon	Division.								-
	hittagong		1,766	1,679	897	709	741	993	1,641	2,70
	Voakhali		1,547	1,528	636	551	553	922	1,188	2,20
	ippera		1,846	1,770	890	704	780	1,342	1,919	3,57
	otal of ru		-,010	-,,,,			100	-10.18	38,479	59,40

9		10		11		12		13	
20107									
30 year under 40		40 yea under 5		under (ars and 50 years.	60 year upwa		Total (a	all age s).
Terror.		101113			- Mil		-	POT :	dun.
Male,	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female,	Male,	Female.
							WRIL.	T0	
1,756	1,531	1,963	1,325	1,762	1,307	2,684	2,653	18,046	16,881
924	834	1,009	738	1,024	856	1,723	1,837	11,340	10,824
1,236	1,007	1,448	880	1,506	1,148	1,756	1,961	12,623	11,375
2,764	2,481	2,835	1,992	2,787	2,242	4,376	4,411	26,041	24,681
883	815	1,008	643	938	679	1,392	1,353	9,238	8,517
498	381	557	354	540	432	1,158	1,083	5,997	5,355
				1					
1,635	1,378	1,684	1,129	1,643	1,157	2,958	2,575	19,413	17,040
1,707	1,329	1,722	1,100	1,586	1,177	2,223	2,251	21,745	20,890
1,127	924	1,168	747	1,188	826	1,914	2,156	15,203	14,059
1,896	1,578	1,946	1,304	1,845	1,442	2,542	2,174	22,710	21,835
1,599	1,324	1,583	1,132	1,526	1,076	2,532	1,980	18,147	16,343
183	0 1	3	1 4 9		3 10			in Constant	de gar
1,645	1,457	1,513	1,252	1,248	1,046	1,519	1,385	19,256	10 507
1,543	1,453	1,544	1,351	1,459	1,162	1,638	1,290	18,125	18,567 16,338
1,817	1,700	1,514	1,003	1,225	708	1,485	928	13,789	13,382
542	623	453	327	321	248	649	555	4,663	4,358
3,422	2,714	3,023	2,108	2,586	1,972	3,640	2,458	32,759	30,267
1,009	994	939	719	805	685	1,027	820	11,502	11,415
1,368	1,192	1,361	864	1,147	915	2,210	1,979	18,143	17,413
743	628	634	445	533	434	932	948	8,381	7,752
91		2						2010	uri ri
2,154	2,105	2,275	1,608	2,380	1,597	4,915	3,728	33,937	30,328
4,959	4,233	4,986	3,237	4,631	3,024	8,305	6,310	59,847	55,575
2,072	1,933	2,286	1,507	1,968	1,445	3,702	3,105	30,553	27,925
2,653	2,680	2,906	1,941	2,468	1,761	4,293	3,299	33,887	31,239
	100	1	1						
1,736	1,879	2,018	1,397	1,974	1,634	3,208	3,134	21,946	21,528
1,206	1,406	1,391	1,106	1,325	1,047	2,608	2,182	18,409	18,557
2,178	2,240	2,216	1,732	2,246	1,580	4,511	3,529	31,339	29,592
45,072	40,819	45,982	31,941	42,661	31,600	69,900	60,084	537,039	5,02,036
12.8	14.0	20 - 7	17 -9	36-0	30 · 2	88 -4	80 -3	22 -6	22 -2

									Unde
					Unde	r one mont	th.	Salah .	OF THE
Num- ber.	Towns	s.		Male.			Female.		Total
	nt piete-		Under one week.	Over one week.	Total.	Under one week.	Over one week.	Total.	of under one month
	в.—точ	YNS,							
	Burdwan E	istrict.			Town 1	Table		1	l annie
1	Burdwan		15	6	21	12	9	21	45
2	Kalna .		17	11	28	9	8	17	4
3	Katwa .			5	5		1	1	
4	Dainhat .		4	1	5	2	1	3	8
5	Raniganj		11	3	14	4	3	7	2:
6	Asansol		19	7	26	10	15	25	5
440.5	Birbhum	District.		but -		Jan	Sag	CEL	
7	Suri .		2		2		1	1	
COL			100	No.			l est	1300	
201	Bankura	District.	1	No.		134		1000	1000
8	Bankura		3	6	9	5	4	9	1
9	Bishnupur .		13	5	18	3	2	5	2
10	Sonamukhi .		8	8	16	8	2	10	2
THE				Mark West	195,34	10000	argu-	100	10000
550	Midnapur Dis	trict.	1	Section 1	1133	1 STOP	1927	1 44144	1994
11	Midnapur .		2	7	9	3	4	7	10
12	Ghatal .		9	4	13	2	8	10	2
13	Kharar .			3	3		1	1	1
14	Chandrakona .		2		2	3	1	4	0000
15	Ramjibanpur .		1		1	3	2	5	-
16	Khirpai .		3		3	2		2	3000
17	Tamluk .		2	3	5	3	2	5	1
	Hooghly Dis	triet.			Gust	10000	0.00	ANE	1012
18	Hooghly-Chinsura		11	12	23	15	15	30	5
19	Bansberia .		1	1	2	6	2	8	1
20	Arambagh .		3	4	7	19	3	3	1
21	Serampur .		30	19	49	18	10	28	7
22	Baidyabati .		7	7	14	10	2	12	2
23	Rishra-Konnagar		2	4	6	2	2	4	1
24	Uttarpara .			2	2	3	2	5	SHI
25	Kotrung .		4	1	5	5	2	7	1
26	Bhadreswar .		17	7	24	6	3	9	3
27	Champdani .		6	10	16	9	2	11	2

Between	n 1 and 6 n	nonths.	Betwee	n 6 and 12	months.	Uı	nder one	year.	1 yeara 5 y	nd under ears.
Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.
								Jane		
16	13	29	10	2	12	47	36	83	23	26
8	11	19	6	6	12	42	34	76	12	6
5	1	6	1	3	4	11	5	16	8	9
2	2	4	144	1	1	7	6	13	2	1
9	7	16	12	8	20	35	22	57	10	24
10	8	18	19	7	26	55	40	95	41	37
								July Blo	150	
	2	2				2	3	5	2	8
								Janes	SALL AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY O	
5	5	10	8	2	10	22	16	38	15	15
6	7	13	2	1	3	26	13	39	15	13
8	4	12	5	5	10	29	19	48	7	8
6	6	12	4	1	5	19	14	33	11	18
9	5	14		2	2	22	17	39	6	(
1	1	2		2	2	4	4	8	7	
6	5	11		5	5	8	14	22	7	1
1	2	3	2	4	6	4	11	15	5	1
3	2	5	1	1	2	7	5	12	6	. 7
5	7	12	2	3	5	12	15	27	6	(
								Total Sp.	innin	
25	25	50	17	18	35	65	78	138	85	2
2	3	5	4	1	5	8	12	20	15	8
2	3	5		3	3	9	9	18	7	-
33	24	57	12	12	24	94	64	158	44	50
10	14	24	3	9	12	27	35	62	24	24
6	4	10	4	6	10	16	14	30	17	10
4	2	6	4	9	13	10	16	26	14	1
4		4		1	1	9	8	17	5	1
5	10	15	6	8	14	35	27	62	15	26
6	8	14	7	3	10	29	22	51	22	1:

1	2		1 8		6		7			3
										Links
2000			5 year	s and 0 years.	10 yea under 1	rs and 5 years.	15 yea under 2	rs and 0 years.	20 yea	ars and 30 years,
Num- ber.	Tow	ns.				*	ru tulk	A CO TO SERVICE	8 bas 2 m	1344
			Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female:
-			1							
	B.—T0		6			-				
	Burdwan	District.								
1	Burdwan	10	14	9		12	8	25	52	38
2	Kalna		3	3	5	2	5	9	8	7
3	Katwa		5	5		2	4		6	6
4	Dainhat		1	1	1	1		1	2	2
5	Raniganj	**	5	7	4	7	12	6	12	19
6	Asansol		15	13	3	2	17	13	33	34
	Birbhum	District					1-19			
- 7										
7	Suri		2	4	4	100	1	2	4	. 3
	Bankura	District.								
8	Bankura		7	3	12	4	5	6	23	20
9	Bishnupur		7	8	3	1	1	1	9	11
10	Sonamukhi		4	11	4	2	3	6	4	12
						-				
	Midanpur D	istrict.							9	
11	Midnapur		18	13	10	6	12	15	40	19
12	Ghatal		4	1		4	3	8	8	12
13 ·	Kharar		1	2		1		5	3	3
14	Chandrako	na	2	2	1	1	. 3	4	7	15
15	Ramjibanp	ur	2	2	1	2	3	4	3	11
16	Khirpai		2	1		1	1	4	4	9
17	Tamluk		1	1	1	2	1		5	4
40	Hooghly									
18	Hooghly-Cl		11	8	15	12	25	15	49	51
19	Bansberia		6	1	1	1	3	4	6	4
20	Arambagh		4		2	2	1	3	4	13
21	Serampur		15		8	9	11	8	46	33
22	Baidyabati		11	9	9	2	6	7	22	15
23	Rishra-Kor	nnagar	4	2	2	2		6	13	12
24	Uttarpara		5	-	2	2		3	6	7
25	Kotrung	11 1	1					3	3	4
26	Bhadreswa		2	1	4	1	1	4	5	15
.27	Champdan	i	12	4	3	1	3	5	18	14

	9				10				11				12		13	10.1
und-	year or 40	rs and	d irs.	und	year ler 50	rs an	d ars.	und	0 yea	ars a	nd years.	60	upwa	rs and ards.	Total (a	ll ages).
Sept.				1											mark .	
Ma	le.	Fem	ale.	Ma	le.	Fer	nale.	Mı	ale.	Fe	male,	Mal	le.	Female.	Male.	Female.
				-		-			_			-	-			
														, anven		
	67		37		63		22		47		32		49	38	370	275
	20	191	8		8		11	727	14	-	9	17	15	22	132	111
	7		4		10		8		7		7		15	9	73	55
	2		1		3		1		4		1		4	6	24	21
	20		16		18		10		18		18	1	22	23	156	155
	48	-	7		29		4	1	20		2		38	32	299	174
		100		ST						-					Suremi nes	
		-		-		1		90							See Louis	
	15	16	3		7		4		8		1		8	6	53	29
	-		300													
	21		23		24		11		18		9		41	34	188	14
	12		9		14		8		15		18	3.	36 22	30	138	11
	11		10		15		13		11		7		22	25	110	11:
		1													a day	11/10
	50		22		71		24		54		19		54	67	339	21
	9		8	-	9		4	15	11		5		19	11	91	7
	5	-	3	-1	6		4	100	2				9	7	87	2
	8	100	6		5	1	7		16		7		10	5	67	6
	5	122	4	121	12			1-5	15		4	1	10	11	60	5
	13	1	3	-	4			111	4		3		4	5	45	3
	3	1=	4		7		10	100	8	100	4	1	19	16	63	6
		1													350	16 1 20
				1				1							The same of	A VA
	50		36	1	46		25	1	40		33		61	75	397	35
	12		5		7	1	•	100	8		4		15	7	81	5
	11		5		10		4		5		3		3	9	56	5
	10		35 11		51 14	1	11		36 20		30 10		60 26	60	169	32 15
11	12		15		16		12		8		10	1	22	24	110	10
2	6	1	1		4		5		10	-	7		20	18	76	6
	2		2		7				3	1	1	1	12	7	43	8
	8	1	11		8		7		7		2		16	22	101	12
	15		7	1	11	-	7		11		2		12	10	136	. 8

	-									under
	But lates					Under	one mon	th.	- Falls	
Num- ber.	Town	18.			Male.			Female.		Total
				Under one week,	Over one week.	Total.	Under one week.	Over one week.	Total.	under one month
			V							
		OWNS.								
		District.						. 2.2	-	
28	Howrah			244	174	418	180	145	325	743
29	Bally			8	6	14	7	1	8	22
	24-Pargai	nas District.								5600
30	Tollyganj			3	2	5	3	1	4	
31	South Suburb	an		25	17	42	13	13	26	68
32	Garden Reach	١		28	10	38	24	8	32	70
33	Budge Budge			4	2	6	7	6	13	19
34	Baruipur			3		3	1	1	2	
35	Rajpur			1	2	3		2	2	
36	Jaynagar-Maj				1	1	1		1	
37	Dum Dum				1	1	1		1	
38	North Dum D	nim		1	5	6		1	1	,
39	South Dum D		200	3	4	7	1	4	5	15
40	Khardah			2		2	2		2	
41	Panihati			2	1	3			-	
42				- 50				2	5	3
	Garulia			10	7	11	3	3		16
43	North Barracl	kpar		8	,	15	2	1	. 3	18
44	Barrackpur			1		1	1	1	2	3
45	Titagarh			12	26	38	10	16	26	64
46	Naihati			6	5	11	3	4	7	18
47	Bhatpara	**		108	48	156	76	55	131	287
48	Halisahar		*	2	2	4	1	2	3	7
49	Kanchrapara			2		2	2		2	4
50	Baranagar			85	17	52	12	21	33	85
51	Kamarhati			15	2	17	11	4	15	32
52	Barasat		**	1	1	2	2	2	4	
53	Gobardanga	۸.		2		2		2	2	4
54	Basirhat			5	5	10	8	2	10	20
55	Taki			3	1	4	4	2 .	6	10
56	Baduria			1	1	2				2
			Y	1 6		200		3 300		2 32 45
21	City of	Calcutta.	- P.Y	1			1	4 15 15		5 36
57	Calcutta	92.00		1,465	493	1,958	1,023	368	1,391	3,349

	ne ye	ar.				-					-	4
-			and 6 m	onths.	Between	6 and 12	months.	Un	der one ye	ar.	1 yea under	ar and 5 years.
-	Ma	sle.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.
1										, rectors	7- 8	
		259	275	534	195	230	425	872	830	1,702	424	445
١		8	8	16	4	4	8	26	20	46	22	19
1										Secure of		
-		8	8	16	4	1	5	17	13	30	7	15
١		41	20	61	28	30	58	111	76	187	47	56
١		21	17	38	14	15	29	73	64	137	59	56
1		5	8	13	3	5	. 8	14	26	40	24	24
1		4		4		3	3	7	5	12	7	4
١		4	5	9	3	1	4	10	8	18	9	10
١		1	1	2				2	2	4	6	4
١		1	2	3	3		3 2	5 7	3 7	8		
ı		7	8	5 15	7	3	10	21	16	14 37	1 15	1 10
١		. '	2	2	7	1	2	3	5	8	1	9
١		4	8	12	4	3	7	11	11	22	9	10
١		7	6	13	6	4	10	24	15	39	12	17
١		8	9	17	2	3	5	25	15	40	17	20
1		4	6	10	5	4	9	10	12	22	3	8
1		35	38	73	30	22	52	103	86	189	174	201
		8	8	_ 16	12	7	19	31	22	53	37	40
ı		101	81	182	52	62	114	309	274	583	226	254
1		2	3	3 4	3 3	2	5	6	7	15 13	6 4	12
ı		32	35	67	18	22	40	102	90	192	59	71
		9	5	14	7	17	24	33	37	70	22	23
		2	2	4	1	2	3	5	8	13	3	
		4	5	9	3	2	5	9	9	18	3	6
		5	6	11	6	2	8	21	18	39	16	20
		2	3	5	1		1	7	9	16	3	6
			3	3	2		2	4	3	7	6	7
								1		Lavarana .	e als	
		690	424	1,114	1,063	793	1,856	3,711	2,608	6,319	1,820	1,615
	-			1 -,	1 ,,,,,	1		1	1	1	, , ,	1

1	2				5				8
		5 year	s and 0 years.	10 yea under 1	rs and 5 years.	15 yea under 2	rs and 0 years.		ars and
Num- ber.	Towns.								
-la co	200 3000	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female
	B.—TOWNS.								
	Howrah District.	No.							
28	Howrah	129	127	52	79	152	170	430	378
29	Bally	12	6	7	7	2	4	11	15
	24-Parganas District.								
30	Tollyganj	3	8	3	1	4	4	10	15
31	South Suburban	15	18	13	11	6	9	34	38
32	Garden Reach	17	14	14	15	22	18	42	59
33	Budge Budge	13	8	7	7	6	7	25	24
34	Baruipur		1			1	5		1
35	Rajpur	3	3	2	1	2	7	7	1
36	Jaynagar-Majilpur	1	2			2	2	- 6	
37	Dum Dum	1				1	1	2	
38	North Dum Dum	1	2	1			**	1	
39	South Dum Dum	6	4	2	4	3	6	38	4:
40	Khardah	1		2		1	**	3	3
41	Panihati	4	3	2	1	2	5	6	
42	Garulia	10	4	1	2	6	4	5	13
43	North Barrackpur	5	7	1	5	4	6	6	
44	Barrackpur		8	4		7		4	
45	Titagarh	32	38	10	14	15	19	58	6
46	Naihati	16	13	19	9	10	9	23	2
47	Bhatpara	61	64	32	80	28	34	92	12
49		8	3	- A		6	1	6	1
50	D	24	17	14	11	10	15	40	3
51	Kamarhati	5	9	10	6	11	11	27	3
52	Barasat		1	1				3	
53	Gobardanga	1	2	1	1		3.6	5	
54	Basirhat	10	8	2	3	4	6	14	1
55	Taki	1					3	2	
56	Baduria	1	4	5	1	3	1	7	
			1						
57	City of Calcutta.	1,225	845	875	784	910	743	3,042	2,54

	9		10		11		12		13
Salar D									
, 30 year under 40	rs and) years.	40 ye under 50	ars and years.	50 yea under 6	ars and 0 years.	60 yea upwa	rs and rds.	Total	(all ages).
100		Alasma			Mater			WOT.	-0204
Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
					0				
1							.dieneur		
361	241	312	166	298	178	436	484	3,466	3,098
9	14	15	5	10	85 7	39	30	153	127
1 4	1		**	6				radigo	
1.7	7	8	2	77				1000	
11	6	14	2	10	9	11	20	90	98
25	24	38	23	31	30	71	64	391	349
41	39	35	19	22	13	56	48	381	345
23	21	27	21	29	13	54	51	222	201
1	3	5	4	7	1 10	8 29	15	36 94	70
9 5	5	11 5	4	12	3	12	. 50000000	44	28
23 4	3	6	3.6	4	1	3	2	26	13
3	4	4	1	5	2	3	ì.	26	18
22	14	15	13	13	2	17	11	152	125
3	1	2	2	3	1	12	8	31	28
5	6	10	5	8	7	15	20	72	78
3	7	4	1	2	1	15	9	82	75
8	9	6	2	7	9	10	. 11 . 10 in 100 i	104 P strougely 57	95
48	36	29	16	31	17	62	48	562	540
36	22	18	19	21	21	48	45	259	229
116	104	84	38	59	30	170	139	1,177	1,091
14	4	13	4	6	3	8		settem 75	50
6	3	11	6	3	6	4.	1.	.54	60E 004
36	36	53	26	84 37	1 19	57.	69.	432	399
49	26	28	- 16	21 19	Br 11	39	31.	243	200
1 7	2	5	3 4	6	-1	7 7		27 13mm at 2 45	39
16	5	11	5	14	6	28	26	136	11:
2	3	4	2	4	- 4	11	11	34	31
10	6	5	3	9	7	19	"Naleda 90	throppener 69	4
12	a	1	1.8	3.	T	1		mela	60E 133
							· .lofetefci. ·	TOSSOCIALI	
1,943	1,441	1,652	1,241	1,423	1,005	1,241	857.	17,842	13,68

					T	de constante de la constante d			
Num-	2011/21	1000		- Selection	Under	r one mon	an an other	10000	
ber.	Tow	ns.		Male.			Female.		Total
	o'L Mark	.damif	Under one week.	Over one week.	Total.	Under one week.	Over one week.	Total.	under one month.
	В.—	TOWNS.							
	The state of the s	District.						100	971
58	Krishnagar	.194	. 13	6	19	16	8	24	43
59	Nabadwip		. 12	13	25	12	8	20	45
60	Ranaghat		. 1	1	2		2	2	4
61	Birnagar		. 2		2	3	2	5	7
62	Santipur		. 20	21	41	8	6	14	55
63	Chakdaha		. 3	2	5	1	1	2	7
64	Kushtia		. 1		1	3	1	4	5
65	Kumarkhali		. 1	1	2	2		2	4
66	Meherpur		. 5		5	4		4	1
07	Murshidaba	d District.	9	of the	11	3 7	31	150	1000
67	Berhampur		. 10	8	18	15	11	26	4
68	Murshidabad	13	. 7	4	11	6	1	6	1
69	Jiaganj-Azimga	13		1	1	2	1	3	
70	Kandi		. 3	3	6	3	3	6	15
71	Jangipur			4	4	5	2	7	11
72	Dhulian		. 8	2	10	4	1	5	18
						110	120	100	000
EN .	Jessere	District.					-	1,00	1391
73	Jessore			2	2	3	2	5	1
74	Kotchandpur								
75	Maheshpur								
10	Whules	District.					HE.	1	141
76	Khulna		. 7	6	13	4	5	9	2:
77	Satkhira		. 8	5	13	5	5	10	2
78	Debhatta			12	12	N	3	3	0 1
120	150		-		2		-0-	2	1
	Rajshahi	District.	4	4.		1	0	1	2
79	Rajshahı			22	22	8	10	10	3:
80	Nator	1	. 1		1	3	2.	3	2
	Dinajpur	District.	7	-	0	8	3	10	01
81	Dinajpur		. 1	1	2	4	1	5	
	Jaloaigur	i District.	1				1/2	Tour Fri	
82	Jalpaiguri			7	7	160.21	2 8 3	112 13	210.10

Betwee	n 1 and 6 n	nonths.	Between	n 6 and 12	months.	Ur	ider one	year.	1 yeara 5	nd under years.
Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female,
								Jane	1	
12	10	22	7	10	17	38	44	82	29	11
15	21	36	6	11 ,	17	46	52	98	16	20
2	3	5	1		1	5	5	10		4
4		4	1	3	4	7	8	15	4	7
21	9	30	16	14	30	78	37	115	25	31
1		1		1	1 3	6	3 5	9	2	3
1	4	5	2	4	5	4	10	14	8	9
2	5	7	3	2	5	10	11	21	13	7
							-		1 20	
				2				tonigo b		
16	19	35	8	8	16	42	53	95	21	17
6	5	11	3	6	9	20	17	37	11	7
1		1	1	1	2	3	4	7	10	7
3	2	5	1		1	10	8	18	5	8
3	4	7		2	2	7	13	20	11	11
8		8	5	2	7	23	7	30	9	15
		1 1 1 1 1						The same		
								444		
2		2	2	1	3	6	6	12	2	
			1	2	3	1	2	3	2	1
1		1				1		1		15
								Salona	Pulled A	
12	14	26	5	6	11	30	29	59	18	65
6	4	10	3	3	6	22	17	39	4	1
4	4	8	5	. 2	7	. 21	9	30	4	1
								July Division	district.	
16	12	28	7	7	14	45	29	74	22	110
9	1	1	1	1	2	2	5	7	8	D8_
					1			Shone	usiania.	
5		9	2	3	5	9	12	21	12	18
			1				. 14	T. Harrison	The state of the s	1
21 2	2	4	1	1		9	5	14	6	1 1000

1	2	5		6		7		8	
Num- ber.	Towns.	5 years under 1	s and 0 years.	10 yea under 1		15 yea under 20	rs and 0 years.	20 yes under 8	ars and 0 years.
, sions	See Sec	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female
	B.—TOWNS.								
	Nadia District.	1 h		118					
58	Krishnagar	8	11	6	6	15	15	35	24
59	Nabadwip	8	9	3	4	1	11	21	19
60	Ranaghat	2	1	3		2	2	6	6
61	Birnagar				1		2	1	
62	Santipur	6	10	9	5	7	3	16	13
63	Chakdaha				1	. 2		1	2
64	Kushtia	1	1	3		3	5	. 3	4
65	Kumarkhali	3	3	3	1		2	1	2
66	Meherpur	7	7	2	2	8	4	3	3
									1
	Murshidabad District.						-		
67	Berhampur	19	14	8	10	16	27	50	47
68	Murshidabad	8	5.	3	2	3	3	10	11
69	Jiaganj-Azimganj	1	1	1		4	5	7	2
70	Kandi	8	3	2	2 2	1	2	5	7 2
71	Jangipur	10	3	5	2	5	1 2	1	3
. 72	Dhulian	10	2 0	3		-	-		
	Jessore District.				1			1 . 5	1
73		3	. 3	4	3	3	6	15	15
74		,		1	197			1	1
75		1	1	1	1	1	1		2
	Moheshpur	1				. 1	1		
	Khulna District.	1	13						
76	Khulna	14	11	12	4	16	16	44	33
77	Satkhira	5	7	3	5	7	5	11	8
78	Debhatta	1	3			1	3	5	4
	Rajshahi District.					1	1		
79	Rajshahi	8	7	8	6	9	6	30	16
80	Nator	1	3	2	1	1	4	4	3
									1000
20	Dinajpur District.	1	1			-			
81	Dinajpur	9	6	6	1	15	4	20	9
	Jalpaiguri District.			1			1		
82	Jalpaiguri	2	4	6	5	7	4	28	18

9		10		11		12		13	
South									
30 yea under 4	rs and 0 years.	40 yea under 5	rs and of years.	50 ye under	ars and 60 years.	60 yea upwa	rs and ards.	Total (a	ll ages).
tulut		ACRES OF THE PARTY.			Male		.00		-27005
Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male,	Female.
							.unwe	1	
		1.					,billing	merteele	
29	27	32	9	24	9	44	44	260	200
17	17	29	29	24	28	81	101	246	290
10	6	4	1	6	4	19	14	57	43
3	1	3	5	3	2	3	3	24	27
17	12	12	16	28	17	52	55	250	199
1		3	2	4	3	4	4	23	17
2	3	. 8	4	3	1	10	6	41	32
1		1	1	4	1		7	25	36
4	3	7	3	4	4	9	10	67	54
							200000	Zittinu .	
60	24	37	24	41	36	52	60	346	312
9	9	16	7	91	6	10	10	99	77
1	5	9	2	5	1	17	17	58	44
3	3	4	2	6	3	16	16	58	51
7	1	- 8	3	10	2	15	13	80	51
6	2	3	1	6	3	16	24	81	57
							Labour	Sector Discontinues and the section of the section	
- 17	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	10	in the second	-	The State			200	
23	7	15	4	12	7	13	11	96	68
7	2		1	4	3		1	14	17
3	1	3	2	1		3	1	14	12
						-			
27	20	25	7	15	10	41	19	242	173
12	7	14	7	11	8	20	12	109	79
1		3	1	1	1	6	8	43	32
100				1/2	1 - 1			1	
	111	-	1		1 2		40	000	15.
24	13	25	9	20	10	31 15	9	222 68	154 46
11	5	17	5	7	3	15	9	08	40
3,3		1					100000	- California	
27	7	20	6	18	7	. 44	17	180	73
111	1	1	1	1		1		7111	and with
43	10	22		17	3	The state of the s	9	162	67
	1	1	1	1	1	1			1

1	116.	2								Under
	in may		411		ALWEST TO	Und	er one mor	nth.	- Division	in the same
Num- ber.	Town	ns.			Male,			Female.		Total
olmin	Mate. 1			Under one week.	Over one week.	Total,	Under one week,	Over one week,	Total.	of under one month.
	В.—Т	owns.								
	Darjeelin	g District.								
83	Darjeeling	::		3	11	14		6	6	20
84	Kurseong	100		6	6	12	6	2	8	20
	Rangp	ur District.				0		3 111		Mr. I
85	Rangpur			15	2	17	6	1	7	24
86	Gaibandha	**		3	1	4	3	3	6	10
7.5	62					1	1	1	***	1
111	The second second	District.				3	1	1	8	=
87	Bogra		••	5	2	7	1	4	. 5	12
88	Sherpur	11		1	3	4	3	1	4	8
	Pabna	District.								
89	Pabna			3	3	6	1	1	2	8
90	Sirajganj			6	18	24	10	14	24	48
77		District.				9	1	199	B. C.	9
		District.				3	-	0	4	1
91	English Bazar	10		2	2	4	2	1	3	7
92	Old Malda	11		2	2	4	3		3	7
93	Nawabganj	100		8	2	10	6	7	13	23
	Dacca	District.						1		
94	Dacca			177	83	260	139	78	217	477
95	Narayanganj	13		42	29	71	36	23	59	130
AT	Mumanaina	h District		. 13		1	1		1	7
96	Mymensingh	h District.		12	-	20	7	8	15	35
97	Muktagacha			4	1	5	2	2	4	9
98	Gauripur			2	200	2	2	2	4	6
99	Netrokona			10	4	14	7	2	9	23
100	Jamalpur			18	9	27	19	8	- 27	54
101	Sherpur			23	8	31	8	3	11	42
102	Kishorganj			5	6	11	9	1	10	21
103	Bajitpur	10		2	1	3	1	1	2	5
104	Tangail			7	2	9	6	1	7	16
								1 - 1 - 1	99	
27	The second second	District.				W.	0	100 100	7	72
105	Faridpur			- 6	2	8	3	1	4	12
106	Rajbari			7		7	5	1	6	13
107	Madaripur			3	1	4	7	2	9	13

В	etweer	n 1 and 6 m	onths.	Between	n 6 and 12	months.	Une	der one 3	ear.	1 yeara 5 y	nd under
м	ale.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male,	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female
									7118740	-,0	
								1.3	datable and	Derived	
	13	20	33	19	17	36	46	43	89	37	48
	14	4	18	10	6	16	36	18	54	29	2
									anthrice .	HEATERN	
	6	2	8	5		5	28	9.	37	14	88 %
	3	3	3	2	1	3	9	7	16	5	38
			10						· mounte	anna la	
			7				14		00	5	78
	6	1	3	1		1 2	14	6	20	4	1 200
	0		ı	1		-					00.0
		3							District	EATES	
	2	2	4	1	2	3	9	6	15	9	1
	26	14	40	10	9	19	60	47	107	22	2
				. 1		- 1			_20135A15	n hi in his	
		2	2	4		4	. 8	5	13	8	19 8
	2	3	5	2	1	3	8	. 7	15	4	56 0
	10	4	14	6	8	14	26	25	51	19	1
									Januario.	auseti	
	170	137	307	117	98	215	547	452	999	203	19
	43	45	88	27	18	45	141	122	263	70	6
									STATE OF STREET		
	1	10	200							200	9
	17	12	29	6	9	15	43	36	79 20	23	-
	1	1	2		2	5	13	5	8	3	10 3
	5	3	8	4	3	7	23	15	38	10	1
	18	7	25	2	5	7	47	39	86	22	3
	18	7	25	2	.5	7	51	23	74	26	2
	13	6	19	9	5	14	33	21	54	15	gore
	6	1	7		. 3	3	9	6	15	6	1
	7	6	13	5	4	9	21	17	38	22	1
	-	1							1stung	Carping	
	6	16	22	5	5	10	19	25	44	12	anti-
	13	11	24	11	10	21	31	27	58	3	0011
	3	4	7	1		1	8	13	21	23	1013

1	2	5		6		7			11000 00
Num- ber.	Towns,	5 year under 1	s and 0 years.	10 yea under 1	rs and 5 years.	15 yea under 2	rs and 0 years.	20 ye under	ars and 30 years.
Alama	John John J	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.
									-
	B.—TOWNS. Darjeeling District.								
83	Dest. No.	21	35	12	17	16	19	51	49
84	Kurseong	18	9	11	3	7	13	24	17
	Rangpur District.	10							
- 85	Rangpur	5	5	4	4	6	5	32	11
84	Gaibandha	4	3	2	1	3	5	7	6
	Bogra District.		3 1		1 48				
87	Down	3	6	4	2	1	4	7	5
88	Sherpur	2				2	2	2	
							- 19		
	Pabna District.	-			100				
89	Pabna	2	5	2	2		4	10	5
90	Sirajganj	13	11	9	6	24	21	23	32
	Malda District.								
91	English Bazar	3	1	2	. 3	2	3	6	5
92	Old Malda		3		1	1	1	6	7
93	Nawabganj	8	2	8	1	3	9	7	9
	Dacca District.								
94	Dacca	80	73	43	38	46	63	155	141
95	Narayanganj	22	14	4	7	12	17	25	31
	Mymensingh District,	100							11300
96	Mymensingh	15	11	10	6	7	6	34	28
97	Muktagacha	1	1	2	3	'	2	3	9
98	Gauripur	4		2		1	2	2	3
99	Netrakona	10	6	7	5	7	9	8	12
100	Jamalpur	7	5	5	2	1	12	16	20
101	Sherpur	15	6	8	4	5	10-	13	22
102	Kishorgsnj	4	3	2	2	3	10	3	7
103	Bajitpur	6	2			. 1	5	5	3
104	Tangail	7	9	3	3	3	2	7	8
	Faridpur District.								
105	Faridpur	8	3	7	4	6	5	22	17
106	Rajbari	5	5	2	5	3	3	10	6
107	Madaripur	6	7	1	3	3	6	10	11

_	9		10	-	11		12		18		-
tobs											
30 unde	year	rs and) years.	40 yea under 50	rs and 0 years.	50 yes	ars and 30 years.	60 year upwa	rs and	Total (all aş	ges).
100			Modelin		-	Shak	-		at l		
Mal	le.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male,	Female,	Male.	Female.	Male.	Fe	male.
-				7				anwo	6		
								January 1	the second		
28	48	43	38	21	19	6	43	40	331		321
	18	18	13	13	10	6	22	12	188	0	134
2		-	-		1		1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4		Die	17.	
or	32	11	25	10	19	5	19	25	184	12	92
17.	7	3	4	2	2	1	12	5	55		34
10		0			4				olo,	TEE .	
	7	4	8	2	8	7	16	10	73	H	51
	5	2	5	3	5	1	7	4	40		21
00	0	30	MI 19	81	30	12 4			DHA ANTO		
1	11	7	11	2	10	6	18	16	82		64
	24	15	21	15	35	12	53	35	284		217
								Townson	Hontroll		
G.	5	6	7		9	6	15	11	65		43
	3	7	1	2	3	4	4	8	30		44
	6	7	7	7	8	9	19	9	111		91
37				1	194			1 1 7 7 9	attian	19	
-		110	150	69	145	81	970	994	1 990	1	1.550
PI.	171 25	113 21	152 33	24	32	16	378 53	324 54	1,920		1,550 368
-								Second 1	Land in		000
424		1	2124	1							
	19	20	31	9	19	7	58	26	259		178
	2	5 2	5	1	2	2	10	5	39		39 20
BIE	2 10	5	5 13	2	1 6	5	15	13	109	1	82
	15	17	15	6	8	9	22	14	158		154
0-57	13	10	6	8	16	5	24	17	177	OT.	132
	9	8	2		7	4	16	11	94		75
	3	7	2	2	4	3	12	11	48		49
	12	5	9	5	10	5	22	13	116		80
	37.31										
	20	8	9	5	13	2	17	16	133		90
	10	10	7	10	7	6	8	10	86		92
1	3	4	11	6	11	3	26	15	102		99

									Under
a_lim	a that topoly ? to	A TRATE	On-	Jing sta	Unde	r one mon	th.	BOAR	THE COLUMN
Num- ber.	Towns.			Male.			Female.		Total
and the same	niale, Male, 20	4	Under one week.	Over one week.	Total.	Under one week.	Over one week.	Total.	under one month.
	B.—TOWNS.								
	Bakarganj Distr	ict.							
108	Barisal	1.0	25	12	37	25	16	41	78
109	Jhalakati	2.2	2	1	3	3	EI	3	6
110	Nalchiti		1		1		1	1	2
111	Pirojpur		2	1	3	01 1	6	7	10
112	Patuakhali		10		10	3	4	. 7	17
113	Bhola		1	4	5	2	3	5	10
	The same and			-					
14 es	Chittagong Distric	ct.		1	0 8		8	-	1
114	Chittagong		29	27	56	18	16	34	90
115	Cox's Bazar					1		1	1
(4)	28 28	81	1		0.0	2	11 -	F 18	LI
TIE	190 73	88	14	1	22 4	83 14	12	01 10	14 -
	Noakhali Distric	t.		-					
116	Noakhali		3	3	6	5	2	7	13
52 01		100			1			2	
200	Tippera District.				1			-	
117	Comilla		11	2	13	1	2	3	16
118	Brahmanbaria		13	11	24	15	5	20	44
119		874	4	6	10	1	3	111 4	14
ant .	411	20			-	12 10	25	10	100
	Total of towns		2,768	1,364	4,132	2,011	1,077	3,088	7,220
by par	Ratio per mille of the	towns	59 -1	29 -1	88 -2	48 .7	26 -1	74.8	81 -9
92 -		ar					0 -7 (5)	-0	-
92	Total for the Provinc	•	47,422	34,519	81,941	38,337	27,038	65,375	147,316
10For	Ratio per mille of por	oulation	54 -4	39 -6	93 -9	47 -4	33 -4	80.8	87 -6
62	10 11	100						-	9
	T. 307 M							8	21
		1							1
									-
	01 BE	122			111		6	1 10	02
	38 01						1	01	01 6
	1 201 21	25						1 3 3 3 3	1 5

ne year.			-				,				
Betwe	en 1 an	d 6 m	onths.	Between	6 and 12	months.	Une	der one ;	vear.	1 yeara 5 ye	nd under ears.
Male.	Fen	nale.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female
									_,6890	7-,0	
									priorio (ADDITION AND	
2	5	25	50	15	16	31	77	82	159	53	51
	4	2	6				7	5	12	6	9
	1	2	2	1		1	2	3	5	2	
1	5	3	8	3	- 2	- 5	11	12	23	10	11
	1	2	6	1	2	3	15	11	26	3	8
	1	2	3	. 2		2	8	7	15	1	8
									Diebrief	902135-00	
a 6	,	49	116	21	24	45	144	107	251	93	86
8		1	2	. 2		2	3	2	5	4	3
						7					
									Jardovill	Nestree	
9	3	1				9	14	12	26	13	20
	1	1	4	. 5	4	9	14	12	26	10	20
									and the same	Associt	
21		4	12	6	2	8	27	9	36	6	15
1		17	34	1	5	6	42	42	84	58	37
0		1	4	3	2	5	16	7	23	16	8
100 100	EE &		2 000			000000	Trans		44.000	4 500	4 400
2,163	1,	723	3,886	2,003	1,724	3,727	8,298	6,535	14,833	4,529	4,408
46 -	4	1 -7	44 -1	42.8	41 .7	42 · 3	177 -1	158 -2	168 -3	17.8	26 -1
42,74	36,	035	78,780	21,573	20,225	41,798	146,259	121,635	267,894	87,057	89,688
49 -	4	4 · 5	46 .8	24 · 7	25 .0	24 -9	167 -6	150 -3	159 · 3	29 -0	29 -0

1	2	5		6		7			8
Num- ber,	Towns.	5 year under 1	s and 0 years.	10 yea under 1	rs and 5 years.	15 yea under 2	rs and 0 years.	20 ye under	ars and 30 years.
	what taken	Male.	Female,	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female,
	B.—TOWNS.	777							
	Bakarganj District.	38		- 11					
108	Barisal	23	26	9	6	12	13	29	29
109	Jhalakati	2	2		2		1	2	4
110	Nalchiti	1	1	1			3	- 1	2
111	Pirojpur	6	1			3	1	4	1
112	Patuakhali	3	5	2	1		4	7	8
113	Bhola	1		1					1
	Chittagong District.								
114	Chittagong	29	26	18	8	28	22	74	64
115	Cox's Bazar	2	4	4	•		1	5	3
	Noakhali District.								
116	Noakhali	7	4	3		. 2	1	10	9
	Tippera District.								
117	Comilla	8	6	13	4	12	9	18	12
118	Brahmanbaria	13	10	9	5	5	8	19	23
119	Chandpur	8	2	5	2	7	1	9	6
170,0	Total of towns	2,272	1,778	1,482	1,286	1,715	1,696	5,339	4,767
1-10	Ratio per mille of the towns.	7-6	10.3	5-6	8 - 5	8.9	12 · 2	13 ·3	18 -4
183,56	Total for the Province	40,566	37,999	20,710	16,628	18,649	27,938	43,818	64,174
0.62	Ratio per mille of population.	11 ·4	12 ·1	6.7	6.0	8 - 2	11 -0	9 · 2	13 -6

CONTRACTOR !	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF	-	CONTROL OF THE PARTY	AND SUPPRISONS	CONTRACTOR DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF THE P				negovinio.	
30 yea under 4	rs and 0 years.	40 yea under 5	rs and 0 years.	under (ars and 60 years.	60 year upwa	rs and irds.	Total (all ag	es).
		400-			-					
Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female,	Male,	Fer	nale.
							.0000000	- Partings		
		100	4 11 11					dividiant	1	
32	27	29	9	19	. 14	53	44	336	2	30
3	6	5	3	2	. 1	8	3	35	4	36
1	3		1	2	. 1	2,	1	12	-	10
3		4	2	8	. 3.	16	6	65	11	37
5	2	6	1	6	. 3.	11	5	.58	1	48
2	1	3	1	2	1	4	3	22		25
	-	-						entervolle 1-9		
		tot						armeter		
- 63	40	53	23	42	. 23.	66	46	610		44
- 6	6	4	4	3	3 .	13	8	44	nit.	3
								gribben D	21	
	1	1201	2					and the	100	
9	6	8	4	9	2	14	5	89		65
	. "				-		.mulicus	G- Immakasi:		04
		108	I I					Interest and	at.	
8-00G		105						200)060	14	
14	10	14	2	6	8.	30	14	148	15	8
11	17	13	8	8	. 8.	42	54	220	0I	21
16	7	13	5	14	. 5	19	12	123	10	5
4,301	3,060	3,826	2,325	3,344	2,124	4,854	4,068	39,960	3	2,04
13 -2	18 -2	18 -6	22 -5	30 -4	35 ·1	66 -2	93 -9	18 -2	188	24 -
49,373	43,879	49,808	34,266	46,005	33,724	74,754	64,152	576,999	53	4,08
12.9	14 · 3	20 -5	18 - 2	35 - 5	30 - 5	86 -5	81 -1	22 -3	2.6	22 -

. neither - concrimin

Deleted ... Belevel

TORY CONTRACT CONTRAC

SUPPLEMENTARY ANNUAL FORM No. IV (A)—Statement showing of the Bengal Presinency

No.	Districts.	Hir	Hindus.			
	The state of the s	Number.	Ratio pe 1,000 birth			
	Burdwan Division.		18/12/4			
1	Burdwan	6,191	151 -7			
2	Birbhum	3,849	171 -5			
3	Bankura	5,498	154 -3			
4	Midnapur	9,685	121 -9			
5	Hooghly	4,130	129 -8			
6	Howrah	3,479	138 -7			
	Presidency Division.	1. 1.				
7	24-Parganas	6,553	114 -7			
8	Calcutta	4,761	216 -9			
9	Nadia	3,677	165 -1			
10	Murshidabad	3,328	147-6			
11	Jessore	4,085	202 -8			
12	Khulna	3,985	161 -0			
	Rajshahi Division.					
13	Rajshahi	1,901	189 -9			
14	Dinajpur	3,760	206 -8			
15	Jalpaiguri	2,699	180 -1			
16	Darjeeling	1,097	126 -0			
17	Rangpur	3,873	177 -1			
18	Bogra	821	170 - 7			
19	Pabna	1,674	149-0			
20	Malda	1,424	152 - 9			
	MALON STR. IN PARCEL LINES	4 4E BH				
	Dacca Division.					
21	Dacca	5,457	133 -6			
22	Mymensingh	5,785	163 -0			
23	Faridpur	4,495	148 -0			
24	Bakarganj	3,670	145 -9			
	Chittagong Division.					
25	Chittagong	1,863	149 -1			
26	Noakhali	1,612	135 - 5			
27	Tippera	3,904	150 -7			
	Commence of the contract of the contract of		-			
	Total for the Bengal Presidency	103,258	150 -7			

deaths of infants under one year according to community in each district during the year 1940.

one year among-

	Muslin	ns.		Chris	tians.	Others,			
Nu	mber.	Ratio per 1,000 births.	Nu	mber.	Ratio per 1,000 births.	Number.	Ratio per 1,000 births		
108,8	1 max	oite la	nes I	GC 11	Language		marie		
	1,876	209 -2	1,011	5	58 -1	245		104 -	
	1,459	154 -6	Can .	2	500 -0	307		106 -	
	315	198 -9	1,65	3	81 -1	99		71 -	
	768	107 -2	0.511	9	128 -6	344		85 -	
	784	160 -9	14.0	4	800 -0	101		136 -	
	1,114	183 -7							
			100			Acting garite			
	4,335	148 ·8	1,227	17	47.4	12		95 -	
	1,432	245 -7	1,222	120	75 -1	. 6		17-	
	7,733	185 -1	1,611	77	237 -7	48		131 -	
	4,355	127 -3	1,111	1	200 -0	89		124	
	5,731	178 -0	1,711	.124710	408,70.	11			
Disper	4,409	176 -2		9	225 -0			•••	
						and the second			
	8,974	218 -3				132		85 -	
	4,058	173 -4		210	1,206 -9	1,534		329 -	
	1,544	209 -1		56	119-4	1,651		138 -	
	66	233 -2		. 14	77 -8	272		117 -	
	11,201	170 -7		6	333 -3	66		103 -	
ELCOL	5,847	193 -5		3	187 - 5	62		104 -	
	7,377	204 -2		3	250 -0	38		143 -	
	1,769	130 -9	1.0		109,8**	830		106 -	
						53000			
	13,174	162 ·3		64	140 -7				
	22,851	183 -4		39	291 -0	277		143 -	
100,000	10,257	180 -6	RE	28	139 -3				
	12,760	164 ·8	10,01	14	69 -7	** 100	eola.	.10	
						noteiald to the			
	5,636	129 -8		5	86 -2	249		103 -	
	5,905	116-9	-	1	66 - 7		Neg P	-1-	
	12,356	134 -5	1.11	· lang	516.1.			.1:	
Pak,sca	158,086	\$18,81166·5	1,356	***690	149-3	5,862	1000	138 -	

232

ANNUAL FORM No. V.—Deaths registered according to CLASS

1	2						-	and the same
							Number	of death
No.	Districts.		mal	Hindus.			Muslims.	
200 0	to at		Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
- CONTRACT	Burdwan Division.	. 4	1					
1	Burdwan		14,668	13,589	28,257	3,548	3,346	6,894
2	Birbhum		7,715	7,460	15,175	2,770	2,589	5,359
3	Bankura		11,992	10,804	22,796	626	570	1,196
4	Midnapur		23,605	22,298	45,903	1,916	1,871	3,786
5 5	Hooghly		8,928	8,162	17,090	1,629	1,482	3,111
6	Howrah		7,490	6,602	14,092	2,123	1,977	4,100
	The second second					tes and	517.1	
	Presidency Division.			1			1 - 2	
7	24-Parganas	-	15,365	13,506	28,871	8,844	7,811	16,655
*8	Calcutta		13,608	10,375	23,983	3,858	2,993	6,851
9	Nadia		7,508	7,269	14,777	15,022	14,290	29,312
10	Murshidabad		6,851	6,443	13,294	8,831	8,003	16,834
11	Jessore		. 7,834	7,421	15,255	14,998	14,508	29,506
12	Khulna		8,766	7,886	16,652	9,752	8,718	18,470
W-100	Rajshahi Division.					819	379.8	
13	Rajshahi		3,227	3,098	6,325	15,732	15,205	30,937
14	Dinajpur		7,917	6,769	14,686	8,687	7,882	16,569
15	Jalpaiguri		6,586	5,830	12,416	3,542	3,543	7,085
16	Darjeeling		3,865	3,655	7,520	136	107	243
17	Rangupur		10,012	8,863	18,875	22,706	21,322	44,028
18	Bogra		1,514	1,507	3,021	9,917	9,825	19,742
19	Pabna		3,713	3,678	7,391	14,704	13,909	28,613
20	Malda		3,407	3,217	6,624	4,211	3,791	8,002
	Dacca Division.							
21	Dacca	10	11,448	10,119	21,567	24,700	21,997	46,697
22	Mymensingh	. 0	13,756	12,448	26,204	46,355	43,232	89,587
23	Faridpur		9,736	8,712	18,448	21,067	19,431	40,498
24	Bakarganj	17	8,737	7,909	16,646	25,591	23,704	49,295
21	Samuel Company		0,101	7,000	10,010	20,001	20,104	10,200
	Chittageng Division			1				
25	Chittagong		4,869	4,763	9,632	16,771	16,323	33,094
26	Noakhali		3,836	3,709	7,545	14,653	14,907	29,560
27	Tippera		7,916	7,384	15,300	23,887	22,547	46,434
-	Total for the Ben			1				
S- ENT	Presidency		234,869	213,476	448,345	326,575	305,883	632,458

in the districts of the Bengal Presidency during the year 1940.

Registered

egistered.	a belleville	-					Photolog		
1000	Buddhists.	- Dit	Lane !	Christians.	otex	0	ther classes		
Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Т	otal.
001	0.00	15.00	70.83	77 50	9 22	100	v. s		
	1		16	9	25	868	725	144	1,59
12.	9-59.		8	5	13	900	799	17	1,69
	1		3	2	5	438	365	lu.	80
	P. T	3 St.	29	27	56	1,194	1,019	-31	2,21
1.	4.0	TODI.		1	1	254	224	H	47
			1		1	2	1		
						politica			
	0.51	12-71	19-02	han Ti	0.31				
4	1	5	69	60	129	52	45		9
0.00	Degr.	17 100	352	302	654	24	12		
	0.00		92	99	191	116	130		24
		-	3	3	6	240	202		4
		1 52	2	3	5		202		E. COSE
••			19	15	34	4	8		
			10	10	01	1			
					l'anni	.solvin	O brangasi		
	11.5			med .	3-81				
3		3		1	1	584	463	100	1,0
			50	51	101	1,651	1,709		3,36
8	3	11	120	129	249	3,695	3,944	13	7,63
904	826	1,730	69	65	134	208	160		36
			1	3	4	279	205	1911	48
			2	3	5	182	152	1835	38
			2	2	4	90	105	M.M.	19
			2	-2	4	967	920		1,88
						della	old stand		
1.00	3.01	1-13	BUL	8.81	1 03		40	la de	
		A 82*	126	130	256			de	
	1 300		40	43	83	728	661		1,38
		1 5	70	62	132	1	1	100	
56	58	114	31	27	58				
	7						O management		
492	509	1,001	14	4	18	454	408	200	86
3	300	3	6	T-01 4	10		403	37	00
27	17	44		6.70	Santa .	****		OUT.	
21	- 11			-		Interest of	100 Teles	MT	-
1,497	1,414	2,911	1,127	1,052	2,179	12,931	12,258	1	25,18

5	2					Rat	io of deaths	per 1,000
No.	District	8.		Hindus.	-		Muslims.	
	Andrew Water		Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
- 15		CONT.	Jasan			1407		-
	Burdwan D	ivision.						
1	Burdwan		22.9	22.7	22.8	23.3	23.9	23 -
2	Birbhum		24.3	23.4	23.8	22.0	20.4	21.
3	Bankura		23.7	21.4	22.5	23 - 7	23.2	23
4	Midnapur		18.7	18:1	18-4	17.8	17.9	17-
5	Hooghly	HELD.	18-2	18.8	18.5	16.8	17.9	17
6	Howrah		16.0	16.9	16.4	16.7	18.5	17
			1				1463	3463
	Presidency D	ivision.						
7	24-Parganas		16.0	16.8	16.3	17.5	17.9	17-
8	Calcutta		25.7	39.0	30.1	18.3	42.5	24
9	Nadia		25.5	26.0	25 · 7	30.7	31.3	31
10	Murshidabad	071 34	23.3	21.9	22.6	23 · 3	20.9	22
11	Jessore	000	24.0	24.1	24 · 1	27.6	29.5	28
12	Khulna		20.5	20.2	20.4	23 · 1	22.8	20
			DE H ST				aum !	
	Rajshahi Di	vision.						110.00
13	Rajshahi		18.8	20.0	19-4	28.1	29.0	28-
14	Dinajpur		18.8	18.2	18.5	18.5	18.6	18-
15	Jalpaiguri	100.5	18.3	19.2	18.7	27-6	33.0	30-
16	Darjeeling		30.5	33.1	31.7	26.1	33 · 7	29 -
17	Rangpur	270	25.4	25 · 2	25.3	23.8	24.2	24 -
18	Bogra	ots	16.0	18-1	17.0	21.5	22.1	21.
19	Pabna	581	22.1	22.4	22.2	25.8	25 - 7	25 -
20	Malda	01	15.2	14.6	14.9	14.8	13.2	14-
	050							
	Dance Blob							
21	Dacca Divi	1000	20.1	18-2	19-2	21.1	19.6	20 -
22	Mymensingh		22.2	22-4	22.3	22.8	22.8	22 -
23		A27	22.8	20.7	21.8	27.2	26.6	26.
24	Faridpur Bakarganj		21.0	20.0	20.5	23.7	23.1	23 -
-1	Danaiganj		21.0	20.0	20.0	20 1	201	100
					200			
	Chittagong Di	vision.						
25	Chittagong		24.9	24 · 2	24.5	25 · 1	19.8	25.0
26	Noakhali		20.5	20.7	20.6	21.8	22.3	22.
27	Tippera		20.6	20.2	20.4	19.7	19-7	19.
	Total for the Presidency	Bengal	20.8	20-8	20-8	23.0	23.0	23 - 0

population.

				Buddhists.		Other classes.			
Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.		Total.
an itself						Table	0100		2000
5.4	3.6	4.6	4 4		11 11	43.2	38-8		41.0
28.9	17-1	20.6				31.0	28-0		29-5
3.5	2.5	3.0				18.7	14.0		16.9
9.0	9.5	9.2				27.7	23.0		25.3
	2.7	1.0				52.6	55.0		53 - 7
-5		-3				2.9	4.7		3.3
200	28740	1-0-6	Actor		A 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10		ant		
TO COK	27.60	200.00	1000		See		mark		
6.1	6.7	6.4	10-1	8.1	9-6	2.5	2.6		2.5
13.5	14.3	13.8				2.7	3.3		2.9
17.6	20.6	19.0				338-2	461.0		393 - 6
17.8	13 - 1	15.1				24.9	21.2		23 · 1
4.3	6.7	5.5							
14.3	13.2	13.8				3.7	7.6		5.6
-	733.22	278.70	OT L		LEGAL		Latelline		
15 10	100.00.	(ACA)	210		2019.2		9100		
	1.4	-7	250.0		214.3	60.7	53.1		57.1
13.7	15.3	14.5				48-3	50.7		49.5
15.0	19.2	16.9	1.9	.9	1.5	113.8	137 - 7		125.0
15.6	16.9	16.2	29.9	28.7	29.4	56.3	46.9		51.8
1.1	3.7	2.4		0	A	50.7	49.1		50-0
8.3	12.7	10.5			0.000	130-1	119.2		124.9
8.4	10.5	9.3			400.0	129-1	233 · 3		170.0
3.4	3.4	3.4		"		53.3	50.9		52.1
25.	MACHE !	003,00	IN ATE.	9	LION I H		- in		
32	670.65	200.5E	1 000	1 1/11	(2) (1)		1 100		
19.3	17.0	10.0				nothin	O assau		
7.2	8.3	18·0 7·4		03	1,535,0	81.8	75.8		78-9
18-1	16.9	17.5	diam.	0	1,000,0	3.8	5.4		4.5
7.0	6.0	6.5	8.9	9.6	9.2	0.0	1000		
	00	0.0	0.0	3.0					
			A PART			sein	projetto		
16.1	5-4	11.2	14.0	12.6	13.3	591 · 1	677 - 7		629 - 2
16.2	9.4	12.6	12.8		6.3				
	Place II		28 · 4	18.6	23.6				
11.8	12.5	12.1	18-7	17-6	18-1	46.5	47.2		46 - 8

Annual Form No. VI.—Births and Deaths from DIFFERENT CAUSES in the year

1	2	3	al Maria	4	Subject.	
				Births		
,land	stan't stell	Jensy .				2090
No.	Districts.	Population according				
4.11	Districts.	to Census of 1931.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Birth rate per 1,000 of
0.10		198		6.00	1.77	population.
D-100	The same of the sa				Las III	
1.20					4-0	0.0
100	ARURAL DISTRICTS.			1100		
	Burdwan Division.					
1	Burdwan	1,466,238	25,038	23,678	48,716	33 -2
2	Birbhum	936,646	17,800	16,875	34,675	37.0
3	Bankura	1,049,333	19,202	18,387	37,589	35.8
4	Midnapur	2,723,902	45,441	43,302	88,743	32.6
5	Hooghly	910,662	16,898	15,299	32,197	35 -4
6	Howrah	843,647	12,685	11,588	24,273	28-8
1.22	Presidency Division.				1	The state of
7	24-Parganas	2,175,265	38,922	35,712	74,634	34 -3
8	Nadia	1,424,801	31,786	29,738	61,524	43 -2
9	Murshidabad	1,287,614	28,170	27,275	55,445	43 ·1
10	Jessore	1,650,372	27,011	24,989	52,000	31 .5
11	Khulna	1,590,833	25,225	23,697	48,922	30 ·8
	Rajshahi Division.			1 2.11		7.85
12	Rajshahi	1,351,137	26,540	25,086	51,626	38.2
13	Dinajpur	1,736,276	23,316	22,978	46,294	26.7
14	Jalpaiguri	964,395	17,688	16,737	34,425	35 .7
15	Darjeeling	290,999	5,298	5,127	10,425	35.8
16	Rangpur	2,565,557	45,176	42,312	87,488	34 ·1
17	Bogra	1,109,820	18,332	16,979	35,311	31 ·8
18	Pabna	1,391,283	24,573	22,230	46,803	33 -6
19	Malda	1,018,254	12,906	12,072	24,978	24 .5
	Dacca Division.					
20	Dacca	3,259,870	60,255	55,201	115,456	35 -4
21	Mymensingh	4,990,559	82,767	76,404	159,171	31.9
22	Faridpur	2,312,701	45,293	41,391	86,684	37.5
23	Bakarganj	2,871,941	52,674	48,648	101,322	35 -3
	Chittagong Division.				1	
24	Chittagong	1,738,864	29,654	26,874	56,528	32.5
25	Noakhali	1,693,656	32,533	29,607	62,140	36.7
26	Tippera	3,034,870	60,456	55,860	116,316	38.3
		-G 18	2 246		1	1
8.08	Total of Rural Districts	46,389,495	825,639	768,046	1,593,685	34-4

the Districts (RURAL CIRCLES) and TOWNS of the Bengal Presidency during 1940.

The state of the s					De	eaths.							-
A limb of		Table 2		MAN MAN		-steni	10 mm 10				Injury.		100
Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague		Fevers.	- 3	sentery and arrhœa.	Respira- tory diseases.	Har	m tataa		Suicid	le.	
								Ho	micide:	М	ale.	Fem	ale
									and	6 11	mbrut		
TREAS.	5,800	100	10	1		701	100				1000		
101.00	1112	100	6			25	207	7.5			0100		
254	130	534	1	23,057		1,450	3,575				34		50
123	63	100.00	81	16,388		406	1,410		3		36	LIK	33
118	60		61	14,438		1,353	2,314	A.4	9		40	ones,	48
481	132	100	15	29,289		2,907	5,147		5		63	9-11	51
172	170			8,151		1,416	3,166		7		71		70
513	415			3,378		1,742	1,673			1 33	61		47
-			25	0118		208	1.000	**			1111111111	0.10	
2,201	348			18,962		1,358	3,282	12	3	**	87	197	119
86	284		13	32,921		611	1,542		1		91	11136	158
196	27	201	32	21,542		268	623		12		42	MATE.	44
929	80		0.5	35,443		493	1,537		7	1	90	mix.	141
3,292	41			18,016		1,019	1,838			0.1	80		148
-	Sec. of the last	100					ere.				1000	1	
99	6	ma		30,200		440	1,240				55	857	58
51	37			24,708		1,208	4,394		16		71	1	29
22	28			15,863		1,524	5,001	1	2		17		13
2000	1			4,977		689	887	1	. 1		18		6
15	130			51,724		1,181	3,620	1	1		38		- 33
6	6			16,777		577	1,356	-			36		31
156	54			27,694		787	1,351	1			31	10.75	66
181	5			13,725		129	232				14		24
	Bernie								20.191	10			
983	753			37,885		4,288	3,438		2	0	54	DAG	73
620	217	100,1		86,673		2,125	3,481		15	1	90	130	82
1,606	74			40,003		2,462	3,828	-	9		68	125	121
5,465	29	10,1		36,942	1	2,706	7,807		16		43	HALL	47
3,2.0									and the	-			
139	43	115		36,827		1,496	1,626	100	8		14		20
539	50			24,348		1,664	1,852	-	4		21	10%	25
1,637	32			33,813		4,052	1,996	-	'		51	311	42
19,884	3,215	23,22	1	703,744	-	38,351	68,216	-	121		1,316	107	1,579

- 1						Deaths			
					Injury.				
₹o.	Distri	cts.	Wounds or acci- dents.	Snake- bite.	Killed by wild beasts.	Rabies.	Total.	All other causes.	Total deaths from al causes.
ola	A.—RURAL I	DISTRICTS.							
	Burdwan I							101	- 5
1	Burdwan .		301	167	2	14	568	5,892	34,92
2	Birbhum .		207	72	3	6	360	3,414	22,16
3	Bankura .		199	140	6	5	447	5,268	23,99
4	Midnapur .		1,049	307	14	15	1,504	11,262	50,72
5	Hooghly .	9	275	181	1	15	620	4,060	17,75
6	Howrah .		309	41		3	461	3,170	11,35
OH!	Presidency	Division	A02,815	POSSES	1 125	5 19	1 1	VIII-	SEE.
7	24-Parganas		758	302	23	22	1,314	8,988	36,45
8	Nadia .		357	211	9	17	844	6,347	42,63
9	Murshidabad	4	276	191	7	7	579	6,027	29,26
10	Jessore		291	122	26	25	702	5,361	44,54
11	Khulna		480	189	21	16	934	9,350	34,49
199			100/2	100	1 33	4	44		
148	Rajshahi I	ivision.	1,555		0.133	The last		13	1000
12	Rajshahi		369	167	2	1	652	5,186	37,82
13	Dinajpur		271	95	29	51	562	3,503	34,46
14	Jalpaiguri		179	67	8	1	287	4,446	27,17
15	Darjeeling		46	10	1	4	86	2,381	9,02
16	Rangpur		396 170	124 117	15	15 26	622 390	5,734 3,805	63,02
18	Bogra		331	80	19	11	538	4,976	22,91
19	W-14-		122	77	19	14	251	1,610	35,55 16,13
10	Maida		100	023	1		201	1,010	10,13
	Dacca Di	vision.							1
20	Dacca		660	94	8	36	927	15,991	64,26
21	Mymensingh	131 "	924	101	9	40	1,261	21,045	115,42
22	Faridpur		459	106	12	12	787	9,718	58,47
23	Bakarganj		752	122	6	14	1,000	11,177	65,12
	Chittagong	Division.							7
24	Chittagong		673	39	1	15	770	2,573	43,47
25	Noakhali		754	57	13	15	889	7,624	36,96
26	Tippera		939	10	46	40	1,128	18,273	60,93
		hard to be	-				-		

Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population.

100	STEEL STEEL	S - M	7 14	Man					From al	l causes.
.2 .1 .0007 15.7 1.0 2.4 .4 4.0 23.8 2 .1 .1 17.5 .4 1.5 .4 3.6 23.7 2 .1 .1 13.8 1.2 2.2 .4 5.0 22.9 2 .2 .04 10.8 1.1 1.9 .6 4.1 18.6 22 .2 .2 9.0 1.5 3.5 .7 4.5 19.5 2 .6 .5 4.0 2.1 2.0 .6 3.8 13.5 11 1.0 .2 8.7 .6 1.5 .6 4.1 16.8 2 .1 .2 23.1 .4 1.1 .6 4.5 29.9 2 .2 .02 16.7 .2 .5 .4 4.7 22.7 2 .6 .1 21.5 .3 .9 .4 3.3 2.0 2 <th>Cholera.</th> <th></th> <th>Plague.</th> <th>Fevers.</th> <th>tery and diar-</th> <th>tory</th> <th>Injury.</th> <th>other</th> <th>the</th> <th>Mean of previous five years.</th>	Cholera.		Plague.	Fevers.	tery and diar-	tory	Injury.	other	the	Mean of previous five years.
.2 .1 .0007 15.7 1.0 2.4 .4 4.0 23.8 2 .1 .1 17.5 .4 1.5 .4 3.6 23.7 2 .1 .1 13.8 1.2 2.2 .4 5.0 22.9 2 .2 .04 10.8 1.1 1.9 .6 4.1 18.6 22 .2 .2 9.0 1.5 3.5 .7 4.5 19.5 2 .6 .5 4.0 2.1 2.0 .6 3.8 13.5 11 1.0 .2 8.7 .6 1.5 .6 4.1 16.8 2 .1 .2 23.1 .4 1.1 .6 4.5 29.9 2 .2 .02 16.7 .2 .5 .4 4.7 22.7 2 .6 .1 21.5 .3 .9 .4 3.3 2.0 2 <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>anhing</th> <th>Marchaell .</th> <th></th>								anhing	Marchaell .	
1 · 1 · 1 · 1 · 1 · 1 · 1 · 1 · 1 · 1 ·	2-72			19 .	1 = 13	40	State -		neutro	1 19
.1 .1 .1 1. 13.8 1.2 2.2 .4 5.0 22.9 2 .2 .04 10.8 1.1 1.9 .6 4.1 18.6 2 .2 .2 9.0 1.5 3.5 4.5 19.5 2 .6 .5 4.0 2.1 2.0 .6 3.8 13.5 11 1.0 2 8.7 .6 1.5 .6 4.1 16.8 2 .1 23.1 .4 1.1 .6 4.5 29.9 2 .2 .02 16.7 .2 .5 .4 4.7 22.7 2 .6 .1 21.5 .3 .9 .4 3.3 27.0 2 2.1 .03 11.3 5.9 21.7 11 .1 .004 22.4 .3 .9	-2	-1	-0007	15.7	1.0	2.4	-4	4.0	23.8	22 - 8
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-1	.1		17.5	-4	1.5	-4	3.6	23 - 7	27 - 7
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-1	-1		13.8	1.2	2.2	·4	5.0	22-9	24 - 8
1·0 ·2 8·7 ·6 1·5 ·6 4·1 16·8 2/2 ·1 ·2 23·1 ·4 1·1 ·6 4·5 29·9 2/2 ·2 ·02 16·7 ·2 ·5 ·4 4·7 22·7 2/2 ·6 ·1 21·5 ·3 ·9 ·4 3·3 27·0 2/2 2·1 ·03 11·3 ·6 1·2 ·6 5·9 21·7 1/2 ·1 ·004 22·4 ·3 ·9 ·5 3·8 28·0 2/2 ·1 ·004 22·4 ·3 ·9 ·5 3·8 28·0 2/2 ·1 ·004 22·4 ·3 ·9 ·5 3·8 28·0 2/2 ·03 ·02 ·1 14·2 ·7 2·5 ·3 4·6 28·2 3/2 ·0 ·03 ·1 15·1 16 5·2 ·3 4·6 <t< td=""><td>7-83 -2</td><td>-04</td><td></td><td>10.8</td><td>1.1</td><td>1.9</td><td>.6</td><td>4.1</td><td>18-6</td><td>22.5</td></t<>	7-83 -2	-04		10.8	1.1	1.9	.6	4.1	18-6	22.5
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8-86 -2	.2		9.0	1.5	3.5	.7	4.5	19.5	25.1
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-6	-5		4.0	2.1	2.0	-6	3.8	13.5	18-5
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						- 1111		Jaistaic	MURRIS .	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1.0	.2		8.7	-6	1.5	-6			20.6
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						7.77	1			27 - 1
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$										26.0
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			1000							23 - 4
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			1000		3		1			19.5
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		- mes		GI	THE	640	.01 F		. Id damag	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				-						
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						1301		. Political of	Surantion:	29-1
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	G- E2	-		100	200	2.5	.3	2.0	reguests	28-2
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$.02	1000			1000	100			10,000	30.2
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	7-27	-003			2.3	3.0			7.20000	33.3
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	PARE	-1			.5		.2		311 / 101	28.7
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$.01	-01		15.1	.5	1.2	-4	3.4	11 125 150	22.1
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4-12 2	1000			-6	100		700	Longie	26 - 2
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$.2	-01		13.5	·1	.2	.2	1.6	15.8	19.7
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$										
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		The state of			100000	77473	33	2000	2000	23 · 5
1·9 ·01 12·9 ·9 2·7 ·3 3·9 22·7 22 ·1 ·02 21·2 ·9 ·9 ·4 1·5 25·0 27 ·3 ·03 14·4 1·0 1·1 ·5 4·5 21·8 23									3337	23.1
·1 ·02 21·2 ·9 ·9 ·4 1·5 25·0 27 ·3 ·03 14·4 1·0 1·1 ·5 4·5 21·8 23		100								26.1
·3 ·03 14·4 1·0 1·1 ·5 4·5 21·8 23	1.9	-01		12.9	.9	2.7	.3	8.9	22.7	22.3
·3 ·03 14·4 1·0 1·1 ·5 4·5 21·8 23										
UTT 18 1 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2	-1	.02		21 - 2	-9	.9	-4	1.5	25.0	27.8
·5 ·01 11·1 1·4 ·7 ·4 6·0 20·1 21	-3	-03		14-4	1.0	1.1	-5	4.5	21.8	23 - 1
	.5	-01		11.1	1.4	.7	-4	6.0	20 - 1	21.6
-4 -1 -00002 15-2 -8 1-5 -4 4-0 22-4 24	0.02	1		15.0			25 25	4.0	99.4	24 - 2

1	2	3		4		
				Birth	18.	
No.	Towns,	Population according to Census			BAR	Birth rate
.1010	en He mort	of 1931.	Male.	· Female.	Total.	per 1,000 of population.
to media to the to the	103 Contain	(sein)			apart di	- urransa
	B.—TOWNS.					
	Burdwan District.					
1	Burdwan	39,618	542	536	1,078	27.2
8-122	Kalna	9,567	176	149	325	34 -0
3	Katwa	7,772	59	53	112	14-4
8-124	Dainhat	4,845	54	56	110	22.7
5	Raniganj	16,373	364	352	716	43.7
6	Asansol	31,286	620	531	1,151	36.8
4-81	19.61 Ser 1	0-1	100	0.5	3-	
	Birbhum District.					
8-027		10,908	42	44	86	7.9
1.10	Suri	10,000	10.42			
0.69	Bankura District.			7.00		1
8	Bankura	31,703	263	179	442	13.9
9	Bishnupur	19,696	174	134	308	15.6
10	Sonamukhi	10,989	167	136	303	27.6
1-02						
A. early	Midnapur District.		10 8		100	34 1 90
11	Midnapur	32,021	382	339	721	22 -5
12	Ghatal	12,400	291	240	531	42.8
13	Kharar	5,736	33	40	73	12.7
14	Chandrakona	6,016	70	90	160	26 -6
15	Ramjibanpur	6,230	66	65	131	21 -0
16	Khirpai	3,693	51	54	105	28 -4
17	Tamluk	9,095	93	110	203	22 -3
1.12	Hooghly District.		10.5	Date of	** 81	
18	Hooghly-Chinsura	32,634	720	539	1,259	38-6
19	Bansberia	14,221	80	78	158	11.1
20	Arambagh	7,461	132	107	239	32-0
21	Serampur	39,056	460	471	931	23.8
22	Baidyabati	18,486	284	278	562	30.4
23	Rishra-Konnagar	26,868	214	184	398	14·8 27·0
24	Uttarpara	9,350	119	133	252	27-5
25 26	Kotrung	7,160	106	91	197	20.2
27	Bhadreswar	22,992	413	235 366	464 779	30.7
- 21	Champdani	20,000	913	300	118	00-7

		Juga		5 Deaths.				
		-33	a contract of				Injury.	
Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and diarrhœa.	Respira- tory diseases.		Suici	de.
OF THE PARTY OF	.000000	MAINT A	Madi III	diamino.	discusto.	Homicide.	Male.	Female.
							NW07-56	
3	12		111	73	110	lahile	S prepared	7
E	5	3	102	24	35	** **		1
100 ·	27		28	9	14	. 1	1	1
			31	1	7			1
3	8 51	10.1	20	26 20				
	000		20	20	18			
						plainte	d premi	
1			22	3	15			
						- Section 1	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF	
2	007	at I	67	44	33	-33(15)	2	1
000	50		77	39	42			1
152	1	2	58	32	31			andor
	1					delunis	. nuganting	
16	1		109	75	100		1	M
5	1		. 12	4	10			1021
			26	13	. 11			12.0
201			45	16	. 36		10.00	000.01
all			32	34	36		2	
4			. 37	15	21			
5			16	. 16	12			Carlo
						Jakite	d stepped to	
18	6	12	149	77	121	1	10	2
2			71	15	19		1	and of
4	3		17	9	30			95.34
23	7		142	138	95		1	2
16	14		23	23	46	· 1	. 2	1
15	1		24	34	44	1	1	2
4	6		34	25	20			
6	9		16	11	11		1	
2	1		78	31	37			
7	4		23	15	37		1	

1	2		25	log.	5 Deaths			
-	Jahay.				Injury.			
No.	Towns.	Wounds or acci- dents.	Snake- bite.	Killed by wild beasts.	Rabies.	Total.	All other causes.	Total deaths from all causes.
_								
	BTOWNS.							
	Burdwan District,	OFF		ni.	1	100	211	100
1	Burdwan	17	3		1	28	308	645
- 2	Kalna	4	2	**		. 7	70	243
3 .	Katwa	2	2	1		. 8	. 42	128
4	Dainhat	Q7					6	45
5	Raniganj	10				11	137	308
6	Asansol	8				8	320	473
	Birbhum District.							
7.	Suri	3			1	. 4	. 37	82
			12					
	Bankura District.					1		
8	Bankura	9	1			13	170	329
9	Bishnupur	1		1.15		. 2	. 90	250
10	Sonamukhi	1	1		1	. 2	99	223
	Midnapur District.							
11	Midnapur	15	1			. 17	233	551
12	Ghatal	3	1			. 4	131	167
13	Kharar	11	1.				16	66
14	Chandrakona	68	2			2	33	132
15	Ramjibanpur	1				3	7	112
16	Khirpai	2	1			3	3	83
17	Tamluk	3	4.			3	73	125
	Hooghly District.							
18	Hooghly Objects	00	2	3	2	52	326	740
19	Banahada	32	339	No. of Contract	Total State	4	21	749
20	1 manuhamb	2	1 3	**		3	42	132
21	0					35	286	726
22	Palduabatt	31 10	1 2			16	187	325
23	Dishar Fannana	2				6	93	217
24	TT44	3	1			4	51	144
25	Votenna		PH S	100		1	26	80
26	Bhadasawaa	1	1	100		2	72	223
27	Chamadani	2	The same		1	4	131	221
	Champdani	-	111		-		101	221

Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population.

The Park	16	107	almiy 9			30 10		From al	causes.
Cholera.	Small- pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysen- tery and diar- rhoea.	Respira- tory diseases.	Injury.	All other causes.	For the year.	Mean of previous five years.
							ons. District.	datumb.	
D-81			200,0	020		150		Harm	8 25
1-11-1	-3		2.8	1.8	2.8	-7	7.8	16 -3	13
	.5		10 .7	2.5	3 -7	-7	7 .3	25 -4	28
	3.5		3 -6	1.2	1.8	1.0	5 -4	16.5	15
			6 -4	-2	1.4		1 -2	9.3	14
.1	.5		2.8	1.6	4.8	.7	8.4	18 ·8	22
1 18.0	1.6		-6	.6	1.6	-3	10 .2	15 -1	16
P 21 -			SEE .	101	100	32		oaloff-sple	
1	gur		2.0	-3	1.4	4	3.4	7.5	13
7-82	ITTE			651	lati.	at .		THOU	
5.5	1 90		51	1 02 1	327	0	100	Latel Tenner	2 62
-1			2 -1	1.4	1.0	-4	5.4	10 -4	12
0-82	1.731		3.9	2.0	2.1	-1	4.6	12.7	13
9-03	-1		5.3	2 .9	2.8	.2	9.0	20 .3	22
5-71	104			100		A		alabeted	
5-82	100		501	552	100	11		District	
-5	-03		3 -4	2.3	3 -1	-5	7.3	17 -2	20
-4	-1		1.0	-4	-8	-3	10.6	13 -5	19
P.R			4.5	2.3	1.9		2.8	11 -5	18
1.01	tag		7.5	2.7	6.0	-3	5.5	21 -9	28
10.0			5.1	5.5	5.8	-5	1.1	18.0	27
1.1			10.0	4 -1	5.7	-8	-8	22.5	24
-6			1.8	1.7	1.3	-3	8.0	13 -7	14
10 0	130		0			at I		et public	
1	750.0		10					10000	
.6	•2		4.6	2.4	3 .7	1.6	10 -0	23 -0	25
1	***		5.0	1.0	1.3	-3	1.5	9.3	13
•5	-4		2 · 3	1.2	4.0	-4	5-6	14 .5	23
-6	.2		3.6	3.5	2 · 4	.9	7.3	18.6	18
-9	-8		1.3	1.2	2.5	.9	10 -1	17.6	18
.7	-04		.9	1.3	1.6	.2	3.5	8.1	12
-4	-6		3.6	2.7	2.1	-4	5.5	15 · 4	18
-8	1.3		2.2	1.5	1.5	-1	3.6	11 · 2	15
-1	-04		3 -4	1.4	1.6	-1	3 ·1	9.7	12
-3	-2		.9	-6	1.5	.2	5.2	8.7	10

1	2	3			ths.	Births.						
No.	Towns.	Population according to Census of 1931.	Male.	Female,	Total.	Birth rate per 1,000 of populaion.						
	B.—TOWNS.	A				1						
	Howrah District.					1						
28	Howrah	224,873	3,343	3,025	6,368	28 -3						
29	Bally	30,347	273	245	518	17 -1						
- 65%	The let I											
1210			1 6 8	100								
120	24-Parganas District.		1	The same	100	19						
30	Tollyganj	24,476	243	248	491	20 ·1						
31	South Suburban	39,499	563	443	1,006	25 -5						
32	Garden Reach	55,872	546	508	1,054	18 - 9						
33	Budge-Budge	24,183	168	157	325	13.4						
34	Baruipur	6,483	68	57	125	19 -3						
35	Rajpur	11,433	135	136	271	23 -7						
36	Jaynagar Majilpur	9,755	26	16	42	4.1						
37	Dum Dum	5,350	23	14	37	6.1						
38	North Dum Dum	4,535	61	66	127	28 -						
39	South Dum Dum	18,471	181	205	386	20 -						
40	Khardah	5,998	51	53	104	17:						
41	GV-	11,699	172	162	334 236	28 -1						
43		14,093	132	194	**	-						
44	North Barrackpur	16,258 25,395	131	100	418	9 -						
45	Barrackpur Titagarh	49,584	525	436	961	19.						
46	37.13.44	30,908	184	135	319	10						
47	71	84,975	1,308	1,159	2,467	29						
48	W-Wb	16,770	1,308	85	187	11.						
49	Tanahaanaa	15,005	153	94	247	16.						
50	P	37,050	560	476	1,036	28						
51	Kamarhati	30,354	317	333	650	21						
52	Paranet	8,672	64	54	118	13						
53	Gobardanga	4,525	45	55	100	22.						
54	Basirhat	21,287	275	235	510	24						
55	Taki	8,234	88	86	174	21 -						
56	Baduria	13,677	92	57	149	10.						
	1 1 2 1 2 1	20,011	1000			11.						
	240 20	1 6 162	127		61	1						
	City of Calcutta.	1	1 25		10-	1 1						
. 57	Calcutta	1,140,862	16,068	13,662	29,730	26 -						

			requint				Injury.	
Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and diarrhœa.	Respira- tory diseases.		Suic	cide.
La actività constituto		DT THE	uiarnea.		discases.	Homicide.	Male.	Female.
						SHWI	7—.9	
286	272		396	956	1,953		10	1
21	25		32	38	35			1 12
							-	F 1890
15	8		29	24	38	mega u	april 12	
64	7		106	105	184		1	
7	23		192	128	128			
52	5		61	109	94		1	8 20
1			19	4	14			1
7	5		58	15	38			
. 8	5		27	7	12			
	2		11	4	10		nii G m	
2			11 30	7 22	130		a military	
8	2		8	13	9		Caiga.	1
6	3		12	3	18		listens	
10	26		29	11	23		i inde	
11	17		28	19	37		2	
3			22	4	26	***	OCTAL APP	
16	222		696	16	23		1	
18	221		89	17	51		1	
18	121		773	90	265			St. Dh
11	36		12	9	18			1 100
	5		28	11	27		1	11 1-03-0
21	11		137	191	188		4	A 100
32	32		92	76	61		1	
			16	6	16			
3			32	7	23			
29	1		63	27	53			
5			18	7	24			
27			45	2	37		ibas	- "
				1		, actions	to the state	
					1			

1	2					5			-
						Deaths.			
					Teclares				
	-				Injury	y. -		-71	
No.	Towns.			All Printers	- Ann	T. MIN	151 25	All other	Total deaths
	and and and		Wounds or acci-	Snake-	Killed by wild	Rabies.	Total.	causes.	from all
	100		dents.	bite.	beasts.				
								-	
	B.—TOWNS.								
	Howrah District,			200	1,000			0.504	
28	Howrah		154	1		1:	177	2,524 125	6,564
29	Bally		3	1			4	125	280
	24-Parganas Distri	ict.							
30	Tollyganj		4	10			4	65	183
31	South Suburban		20	3		1	29	245	740
32	Garden Reach		10			1	13	235	726
33	Budge Budge		18	2			22	81	424
34	Baruipur		4				4	27	69
35	Rajpur		3				5	36	164
36	Jaynagar Majilpur		2		1		3	10	72
37	Dum Dum							12	39
38	North Dum Dum		4				4	13	44
39	South Dum Dum		1				1	79	274
40	Khardah							24	59
41	Panihati		2				2	101	145
42	Garulia			1			1	55	155
43	North Barrackpur		4	1	22		7	77	196
44	Barrackpur Titagarh			1	14	1	2 3	39 126	96
46	Vallend		2 3	14.			4	88	1,102
47	Bhatpara		20	1	100		22	979	2,268
48	Halisahar		2				4	35	125
49	Kanchrapara		1	1			4	23	98
50	Baranagar		5				11	265	824
51	Kamarhati		28			1	31	119	443
52	Barasat		1				1	12	51
53	Gobardanga		1				1	18	84
54	Basirhat		. 5				5	69	247
55	Taki		1	1			2	17	73
56	Baduria							4	115
		1	-					1 11	- 9
	City of Calcutta.	1	1					La de	
57	Calcutta		349	10	2	29	573	13,246	31,524

Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population.

		03	Sines VI	7		17 - 2u		From al	l causes.
Cholera.	Small- pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysen- tery and diar- rhœa.	Respira- tory diseases.	Injury.	All other causes.	For the year.	Mean of previous five years.
							James	albeit	
	1 112	79 19	12	1992	193	-		THEOLOGICA	1 13
1.3	1.2		1.8	4.2	8.7	-8	11 -2	29 -2	30 -8
-7	-8		1.1	1.3	1.2	-1	4 ·1	9.2	10 -8
	1123								1 20
				1000					
-6	.3		1.2	1.0	1.6	-2	2 .7	7 -5	8.5
1.6	-2		2.7	2.7	4 . 7	-7	6 -2	18 - 7	19 -€
.1	-4		3 -4	2 · 3	2 · 3	-2	4 .2	13.0	12 -4
2 · 1	-2		2.5	4.5	3 -9	.9	3 · 3	17 -5	22 -6
-2			2 .9	-6	2 · 2	-6	4 · 2	10 -6	12 -5
-6	-4		5 -1	1.3	3 · 3	-4	3 ·1	14 ·3	19 -5
.8	-5		2.8	-7	1.2	-3	1.0	7.4	8 -
1 05	-4	=	2 ·1	-8	1.9		2.2	7 .3	8 -
			2 ·4	1.5	1.6	.9	2.9	9.7	15 -(
-4	-2		1.6	1 .2	7.0	-1	4 ·3	14 .8	14 -8
.5	-3		1.3	2.2	1.5		4.0	9.8	10 -2
-5	-3		1.0	-3	1.5	-2	8.6	12 -4	11 -8
- 7	1.9		2.1	-8	1.6	·1	3 .9	11 .0	8 -1
.7	1.0		1.7	1.2	2 · 3	-4	4 · 7	12 ·1	12 -4
1			-9	-2	1.0	-1	1.5	3.8	5 -:
.3	4.5		14 -0	-3	-5	·1	2.5	22 -2	17 -
-6	7 -2		2.9	-6	1.7	-1	2.8	15 -8	11 -1
.2	1:4		9.1	1.1	3 ·1	-3	11 .5	26 -7	19 -
-7	2 - 2		-7	.5	1.1	-2	2 ·1	7.5	7 -1
	-3		1.9	.7	1.8	.3	1.5	6.5	8 -1
-6	-3		3 .7	5 .2	5 · 1	.3	7 -2	22 -2	24 -5
1.1	1 -1		3.0	2.5	2.0	1.0	3.9	14 -6	14 -1
	****		1.8	.7	1.8	-1	1 · 4	5.9	10 -(
-7			7 -1	1.5	5 ·1	-2	4.0	18 -6	16 -4
1.4	-1		3 -0	1 ·3	2.5	.2	3 -2	11 -6	16 -8
-6			2 - 2	-9	2.9	-2	2 ·1	8.9	13 -:
2.0	74		3.3	-2	2 · 7		-3	8.4	14 -4
							netwise particular		
-5	1.0		3.0	2.5	8.6	-5	11 -6	27 -6	30 -

1	2		3	No.	4 Birth	19	
No.	Towns.	1	opulation according to Census of 1931.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Birth rate per 1,000 of population,
	The state of			0.5	The state of the		Choletta.
	1 349						
	B.—TOWNS.						
	Nadia District.		04.004	100		004	
58	Krishnagar		24,284	460	474	934	38 - 5
59	Nabadwip		18,861	315	327	642	34 -0
60	Ranaghat		11,395	71	64	135	11 -8
61	Birnagar		2,341	25	31	56	23 -9
62	Santipur		24,992	514	432	946	37 -9
63	Tuebile		3,986 9,405	98	35 104	76 202	19·1 21·5
65	Kusatia Kumarkhali		0 -0	35	23	58	1 10-2
66		"	3,362 6,205	81	68	149	17 -3
00	Meherpur		6,205	91	00	149	24 -0
	Murshidabad Distric	t.	1120		100 13		12
67	Berhampur		27,403	318	316	634	23 ·1
68	Murshidabad		9,483	145	104	249	26 -3
69	Jiaganj-Azimganj		10,998	108	72	180	16 -4
70	Kandi		12,616	107	111	218	17 -3
71	Jangipur		12,796	226	221	447	34 -9
72	Dhulian		9,767	165	150	315	32 -3
	Jessore District.	19			1-91		30
73	Jessore		11,356	130	128	258	22.7
74	Kotchandpur		6,115	29	30	59	9.6
75	Maheshpur		3,321	24	14	38	11 -4
			1 25				
	Khulna District.		200	3 - p. s.	10		
76	Khulna		19,120	267	271	538	28 -1
77	Satkhira		11,241	136	93	229	20 -4
8	Debhatta		4,954	85	51	136	27 -5
	Rajshahi District.	100	0 2	0 38	100		A DE L
79	Rajshahi		27,064	490	413	903	33 -4
80	Nator		8,318	66	66	132	15.9
			.,		999	4-1	N
	Dinajpur District.		2/1	- 8	33	** 25	
81	Dinajpur		19,156	62	52	114	5 -9
	Jalpaiguri District.					Make 1	
82			18,962	197	158	355	18 -7
82	Jalpaiguri		18,962	197	158	355	1

			Deatle	5 Deaths.				
			custor				Injury.	
Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and diarrhœa.	Respira- tory diseases.	Homicide.	Sui	cide.
figures.	CLOSED.			hand cold	dends	nomicide.	Male.	Female.
						.21	W07-8	
						- ,61		
003.	881 7	at 1	142	54	74		. 1	1
5	8 100	EE	322	52	36		2	21
007.	10	·	24	6	16		dad	seres. Ob
1 1	2		17	1	9		**** 35	2
810 1	937 4	25	163	52	68	1	. 5	Hust. 20
03	5		. 10	. 2	- 7			mac. 13
87	49		28	6	å 12			See 2. 15
10 1			40	13	5		.Unide	40 . 00
IRC.	25	3	90	. 1	8		1	2
						delete		1000
830 1	100	·	275	53	- 111		. 5	abst. W
077.	ar		123	. 8	27		Pedale	Small. 25
3	75	2	27	6	17		1	Separat. 05
106.	50		41	12	8			Dock. Of
151 4	4	8	86	7	11		10	miner. IT
P41 1	81		106	3	9			1
						3000		
19E 7	1	100.0	52	. 14	22			3
18			27	1	. 3			
32			16	3	4			30 N. 37
			20					
			1			delt	teld sales	
38	2	N2	142	52	25		5	2
35	17	é	29	13	35			3
4	18	1	14	11.	11			78 . 100
						1		
						, bits	nic transfer	
578 1	ans.	22	. 111	27	46		3	1412.5 07
3			37		30		2	redefit. Of
			1					
						alphy)	disapped	
3	0 2	a	53	20	8 31		10	Details
						1	tel O decidan	No.
923.	6	00	106	16	60		. 2	tentate 28

	2					Deaths.			
No.	Towns.					Injury.			
	Marie Vine	- Lemantal	Wounds or acci- dents.	Snake- bite.	Killed by wild beasts.	Rabies.	Total.	All other causes.	Total deaths from all causes.
	B—TOWNS								
58	Krishnagar		12	1			15	168	460
59	Nabadwip		7	2			13	100	530
60	Ranaghat		3				. 3	41	10
61	Birnagar			1	7		3	18	5
62	Santipur		3	2	12	1	12	149	44
63	Chakdaha				0			16	. 4
64	Kushtia		2		0		. 2	25	. 7
65	Kumarkhali				1		. 1	. 1	6
66	Meherpur		3	1		1	. 8	. 14	12
	Murshidabad Dist	rict.							
67	Berhampur		11		1	2	19	199	65
68	Murshidabad		3				3	. 15	17
69	Jiagaj-Azimganj		1				2	47	10
70	Kandi		1	1.20	0		. 1	47	10
71	Jangipur		3				3	16	13
72	Dhulian						1	18	13
	Jessore Distri	ict.							
73	Jessore		7	3		1	. 14	54	16
74	Kotchandpur								. 3
75	Maheshpur		1				1	2	2
	Khulna Distri	ct.							1
76	Khulna		17	1		1	26	130	41
77	Satkhira		1		6	1	5	71	18
78	Debhatta		1				1	34	7
					N N				
	Rajshahi Distri	let.						Marie N	
79	Rajshahi		18	1			22	169	37
80	Nator					1	3	40	11
									1
	Dinajpur Dist						725		
81	Dinajpur	****	3	1			4	140	25
	Jalpaiguri Distri	let.	1						
82	Jalpaiguri		7	202		1	10	31	22
02	Jalpaiguri		1			1	10	91	-

ß.

Ratio of deaths	per 1,000 of	population.
-----------------	--------------	-------------

	100			1	100	alumos -		From al	l causes.
Cholera.	Small- pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysen- tery and diar- rhœa.	Respira- tory diseases.	Injury.	All other causes.	For the year.	Mean of previous five years.
			-						1
							WHO.	07	1
	-3		5.8	2.2	3 -1	-6	6.9	18-9	13 -8
-3	-4		17 -1	2.8	1.9	-7	5.3	28.4	34 -8
	.9		2.1	-5	1.4	-3	3.6	8.8	8.1
-4	.9		7.3	-4	3.8	1.3	7.7	21.8	18 -8
-04	-2		6.5	2.1	2.7	-5	6-0	18-0	17.8
F-27	1.3		2.5	-5	1.8		4-0	10.0	14 -6
			3.0	-6	1.3	2	2.7	7.8	8.1
			11.9	3.9	1.5	-3	-3	18-1	16.1
.3	219		NE SEE	-2	1.3	1.3	2 -3	19.5	16 4
4 TE	1641		14.5		1.3	1.9	2.0	19.5	10 4
							100		
•04			10 -0	1.9	4 -1	-7	7 -3	24 -0	25 -8
0 m.			13 -0	-9	2.8	-3	1 -6	18 -6	24 -
-3	.502		2.5	-6	1.5	-2	4 · 3	9 -3	13 4
			3 -2	1.0	-6	-1	3 .7	8.6	10 -
-3	-3		6 - 7	-5	-9	-2	1.3	10 -2	12 .
-1			10.9	-3	-9	-1	1.8	14 -1	12 -
4 55	10		B					SHIELD N	0 50
Page 1	1440		4-					Langlana .	3 18
÷6	-1		4 -6	1.2	1.9	1 .2	4.8	14 -4	15 -
0.05			4 · 4	-2	.5			5 · 1	17.0
0 62.			4.8	.9	1.2	•3	•6	7 .8	10 -
							.banks a	all reality to	
2.0	-1		7 -4	2 .7	1 ·3	1.4	6.8	21 .7	13 -
3 -1	1.00		2.6	1.2	3 -1	-4	6.3	16 -7	16 .
.8			2.8	2 .2	2 -2	-2	6.9	15 -1	19 :
125-6	801		R	102		105	13 4	MILLERS	N THE
24.0E			22	021		100	+1	matro	101
-04			4.1	1.0	• 1.7	-8	6 .2	13 -9	15 .
-4	1.01		4-4	-1	3 .6	-4	4.8	13 -7	12 -
20.23			01	OIL	11 15	17		To allo	1000
1-52			10	1017	1 4		1 1 11	S S. Phares	H FIRST
2	0.1		2.8	1.0	1.6	•2	7 -3	13 -2	14 4
1111			1	601	11 11	EL 1		and the	1 chr
3 63 1	O Bush	111111	2	N AV	13 8	1		Stalle	1 001
	0.8		5.6	-8	3 -2	- 5	1.6	12 -1	15 -

1	2	3			4	-
	_ anthropog	0 000, t may a	Ratio of death	Bir	rths.	
No.	Towns.	Population according to Census of 1931.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Birth rate per 1,000 of population.
	B.—TOWNS.					1-1
- 00	Darjeeling District.	0	Town.			
83 84	Darjeeling	21,185	378	397	775	36 -6
84	Kurseong	7,451	175	114	289	38 -8
	Rangpur District.	1 80	1		0-1	4 4
85	Rangpur	20,749	250	183	433	20.9
86	Gaibandha	8,479	118	97	215	25 -4
811	7.2 7.9	1 61	0-		1. 100	
4111	Bogra District.		20.0		1.	5
87	Bogra	14,819	111	102	213	14 -4
88	Sherpur	4,279	62	57	119	27.8
	Pabna District.	1 1 1-3	1 1213	0.01		100
89	Pabna	21,904	132	130	262	12.0
90	Sirajganj	32,467	296	272	568	17.5
	100 200 1	0-1	101	24		2400
THE	Malda District.	0.	0.7	124		8
91	English Bazar	16,907	185	141	326	19.3
92 93	Old Malda	2,779	44	38	82	29.5
93	Nawabganj	15,826	281	263	544	34-4
0.72	Dacca District.				1 1831	at Service
94	Dacca	138,518	2,993	2,673	5,666	40.9
95	Narayanganj	34,189	724	609	1,333	39-0
	Mymensingh District.					1
96	Mymensingh	30,480	162	142	304	10.0
97	Muktagacha	6,131	81	- 75	156	25.4
98	Gouripur	6,319	17	21	38	8- 6-0
99	Netrakona	10,980	101	97	198	18.0
100	Jamalpur	23,077	329	289	618	26.8
101	Sherpur	19,547	* 363	315	678	34 - 7
102	Kishorganj	15,437	180	160	340	22.0
103	Bajitpur	11,650	110	102	212	18.2
104	Tangail	16,082	216	192	408	25 -4
918	Faridpur District.	379	0.6	9-4	10	2 150
105	Faridpur	15,516	106	98	204	13 ·1
106	Rajbari	7,104	94	86	180	25 · 3
107	Madaripur	26,894	235	195	430	16.0

			Dente	5 Deaths.				
			-Arelot.				Injury.	
Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and diarrhœa,	Respira- tory diseases.	Homicide.	Sui	cide.
Tellis !		3607	MATE MATERIA	1994		Homicide.	Male.	Female.
							07-12	
			309	25	110	225000	1	
500			158	29	64			1
500	Was to	- 2		1	14		. 000	14 10
2	1		84	22	48	John	1	
2			35	3	9			
68				-			d lallan	100
-						3 3 30 40	E WASHING	
	1		27	14	22	1		
			22	4	12		1	
						.hanh	III houses	
SOL I			70	11	15		- 40	411 62
1			271	34	50		- Total	1
1			211	04	30		to althou	
401			1 2.30	11			Total Dill	03 30
£ 1	1		54	11	15		\$114.11	10 110
- cost			21	15	17			S
1	3		93	5	14		1	
male i	16,8	0 8		1 1				
45	2		411	316	985		8	4
6	1		267	46	38			
	104		19/13			- AMBER	Subsective September	2.1
1	12		210	33	50		5	
	1		25	1	10			
107 101			18	13	6			3
1 4	1		86	10	7		1	
1			136	12	14		1	****
081 189	:		116	33	32		SARONIC	
4	1		79	15	7			
2	8		32	10	7			101
2	1		66	24	25		O Australia	
like to	A 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	= 111	198	1 7 1	00	2 - 3		en env.
6	5		111	16	32		1	1
100 1	. 3		81	22 21	24		1	1
9	1		76	21	1		1	

1	2				1	5 Deaths.			
	and a	T			Inj	jury.			
No.	Towns.		Wounds or acci- dents.	Snake- bite.	Killed by wild beasts.	Rabies.	Total.	All other causes.	Total deaths from all causes.
	B.—TOWNS.								
	Darjoeling District.		001	1.62	100				
83	Darjeeling		9	153	1888		10	198	655
84	Kurseong		3			2	6	65	32:
04	Rangpur District,							00	02
85	Rangpur		5	2			8	111	270
86	Gaibandha		4				4	36	8
	Bogra District,							00	
87	Bogra		1				2	59	12
88	Sherpur						1	22	6
-					1000			-	
	Pabna District,								
89	Pabna		4				4	46	14
90	Sirajganj		61				62	83	50
	Malda District.					1	-		
91	English Bazar		1	1			2	25	10
92	Old Malda		2				2	19	7
93	Nawabganj		5				6	80	20
	1		44		100		1		
	Dacca District,							-	
94	Dacca	**	72	6	1.	6	96	1,615	3,47
95	Narayanganj		8		1		9	418	78
	Mymensingh District,								
96	Mymensingh		12				17	114	43
97	Muktagacha		3	F	012		3	39	7
98	Gouripur		1	1			1	- 14	5
99	Netrakona		15		1		17	- 66	19
100	Jamalpur		12				13	136	31
101	Sherpur		4				- 4	124	30
102	Kishorganj		3		2.55		3	- 60	16
103	Bajitpur		3				3	43	9
104	Tangail		8				8	70	19
	Faridpur. District.		-	14	1.00				
105		1	6	1	1 5000	46	0		90
106					120		9	44	22
107	N		1	-	113	- 31	1 2	4 4 5 5	178
401	Madaripur				11	in the same of	2	85	20

Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population.

Sound T		TUNE	alsoy T	Description		1.50		From all	causes.
Cholera.	Small- pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysen- tery and diar- rhœa.	Respira- tory diseases.	Injury.	All other causes.	For the year.	Mean of previous five years,
							Jahana (annin .	
PARTITION			1	300	The state of		***	halise	104
-	BJI .	*	14 -6	1.2	5.2	-5	9.3	30 -8	31 -5
P-55.	iè		21 -2	3 -9	8.6	-8	8.7	43 -2	38 -1
-1	0 -05		4.0	1.0	2 · 3	-4	5.4	13 -3	11 -:
-2	arr.		4 -1	-4	1.1	-5	4 -2	10 -5	8.0
			1.8	-9	1.5	-1	4.0	8.4	10 -1
221			5 ·1	-9	2.8	-2	5.1	14 ·3	16-1
			3.2	-5	-7	-2	2.1	6.7	7-0
-03			8.3	1.1	1.5	1.9	2.6	15 ·4	31 -
	0.1		3 - 2	-7	-9	-1	1.5	6-4	11.
HAT SEE	Tex	0	7.6	5-4	6.1	-7	6.8	26-6	25 -
1	0.2		5.9	•3	.9	-4	5.1	12.8	15.
-3	0.01		3.0	2.2	7.1	-7	11 -7	25 ·1	25 -
-2	0 -03		7.8	1.4	1.1	-3	12 -2	23 -0	25
	11678	Št 23	5,000 117	101351	ont, e	10,10	an culture		138
-03	0.4		6-9	1.1	1.6	-6	3 .7	14 -3	12
			4 ·1	-2	1.6	•5	6 -4	12.7	13
			2.8	2.0	.9	-2	2.2	8-2	3
-4	0.1		7.8	.9	-6	1.5	6.0	17.4	16
-04			5·9 5·9	1.7	1.6	·6 ·2	5·9 6·3	13·5 15·8	12 19
-3	0.1		5.1	1.0	5	-2	3.9	10.9	25
-2			2.7	-8	-6	-3	3.7	8.3	8
-1	0.1		4.1	-5	1.6	-5	4.4	12 -2	10
.4	0.8		7.2	1.1	2.1	-6	2.8	14 -4	15
-1	0.4		11.4	3.1	3.4	-1	6.5	25 -1	21
-3	0 -04		2.8			-1	3 -2	7.5	1000000

1		2		3	Births,							
No.	To	owns.		Population according to Census of 1931.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Birth rate per 1,000 of population.				
	107	tidle beree			1000	1000	CALLED SECTION	and the same				
A	B.—1	TOWNS.										
	Bakargar	j District.										
108	Barisal			35,716	452	410	862	24 ·1				
109	Jhalakati			6,496	70	48	118	18.2				
110	Nalchiti			1,946	12	17	29	14 -9				
111	Pirojpur			10,959	147	134	281	25.6				
112	Patuakhali			6,434	81	53	134	20.8				
113	Bhola			5,558	63	52	115	20 · 7				
	Chittagon	g District.										
114	Chittagong			53,156	909	850	1,759	33 ·1				
115	Cox's Bazar			5,018	49	40	89	17.7				
5	Noakhal	i District,	1		1	0.0						
116	Noakhali	2.5		13,063	151	129	280	21 -4				
	Tippera	District.										
117	Comilla			31,365	177	180	357	11 -4				
118	Brahmanbar	ia		26,662	416	416	832	31 -2				
119	Chandpur			16,838	112	84	196	11 .6				
	Total of	Fowns		3,511,585	46,852	41,309	88,161	25 ·1				
	Total for the	Bengal P	resi-	49,901,080	872,491	809,355	1,681,846	33 -7				

	1	1	1		1	1		
			- South				Injury.	
Cholera.	Small-pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysentery and diarrhœa.	Respira- tory diseases.	Homicide.	Sui	cide.
and a		45 W	AS THE	720		Homicide,	Male.	Female.
92	2		278	69	62	.to w	3	
11			11	8	5	Junior 1	North State of State	
4	1		9	6	4			
9			26	4	4		a l'Estate	,
22			18	4	5		and the second	
1			9	8	13		- tuesta	1112
							Sartes	212 648
								See ElE
9			327	87	87		3	:
1			20	1	19			
1							TOTAL STATE	See See
	1977							
2			31	35	. 8	Jiston	Buttant	
		4	-		olt		P DIES	on oll
32			39	18	8	0000	2	1
53			111	62	12	Jimbile	3	
19			64	24	9			See SEE
							September 1	811
1,859	2,393		13,772	7,071	16,987	. 12	229	12
10,25 A	27,70	11.1	21	35	-022.5	a lune	of to be to	
21,743	5,608	1	717,516	45,422	85,203	133	1,545	1,70

1	2			cott	5 Deaths.			
	Injury		1	Injury.				
No.	Towns.	Wounds	Snake-	Killed	Rabies.	Total.	All other causes.	Total deaths from all
		or acci- dents.	bite.	by wild beasts.	Kaples.	Total.		causes.
	B.—TOWNS.						- 44	
	Bakarganj District.	100	300	1 KIE	4 199		-91-11	234.2
108	Barisal	18			1	- 22	112	637
109	Jhalakati	. 1				2	34	71
110	Nalchiti	1				. 1	3	27
111	Pirojpur	6				7	52	105
112	Patuakhali	2				2	55	100
113	Bhola	1				1	12	44
	Chittagong District,	10		1				21
114	Chittagong	26	3			35	510	1,058
115	Cox's Bazar	1				1	36	78
	Noakhali District.		119	3775			1 1 2	1114
116	Noakhali	10				10	66	155
	Tippera District.		PAL .					938
117	Comilla	16		1	1	21	119	237
118	Brahmanbaria	2			2	7	187	435
119	Chandpur	15	130,3		1	16	46	178
	Total of Towns	1,255	74	12	60	1,771	28,154	72,007
	Total for the Bengal Presi- dency.	12,802	3,263	303	500	20,254	215,335	1,111,082

6

Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population.

CONT	199	49.81.48			Sept.	and the same		From al	l causes.
Cholera.	Small- pox.	Plague.	Fevers.	Dysen- tery and diar- rhœa.	Respira- tory diseases.	Injury.	All other causes.	For the year.	Mean of previous five years.
							1 10	HATHO!	
								d sovered	
		10	2 9 1	on 13				destine !	
2.6	0.1		7.8	1.9	1.7	-6	3 -1	17.8	15 -2
1.7			1.7	1.3	.8	-3	5 .2	10.9	13 -2
2.1		D 1	4 -6	3 ·1	2 ·1	-5	1.5	13.9	10.8
.8		10.	2 .4	-4	-4	-6	4 .7	9 -3	14 -1
3.4			2.8	-6	. 8	-3	8.5	16.5	12 ·1
-2			1 .6	1.4	2 · 3	-2	2 .2	7.9	10 .6
							.malates	a yaminaya	
10 19		20- 6		10 13	1 100	0 1		1 Portugal	
-2			6.2	1.6	1.6	-7	9 -6	19.8	19.6
-2			4.0	.2	3.8	-2	7.2	15.5	14 -6
2002		0 0		(0- 1)				Arres	
15. 15		6		00 19				and and	
-2			2.4	2 .7	-6	-8	5.0	11 -6	13 ·3
							melabe	or lawrence	
	4- 9							Section 2	
1.0			1.2	-5	-3	-7	3.8	7.6	7.5
2.0		m 1	4 -2	2.3	.5	-3	7.0	16.2	18.0
1.1		d 1	3.8	1.4	-5	1.0	2.7	10 -6	7.8
-									
-5	-7		3.9	2 -0	4.8	.5	8.0	20 -5	22 .0
			-	-	-		1		
		00000							100
-4	-1	-00002	14 -4	.9	1.7	-4	4 - 3	22 -3	24 -0

50 30 50-

takeng Division.

TO SEE SOLO UI -- TO LANGE OF THE T

Supplementary Annual Form No. VI (A).—Deaths registered from DIFFER Presidency

1	2			3		4		5		6
No.	District	ts.	Ant	thrax.	Polion	ute yelitis.	Beri-	Beri.	Can	cer.
100			Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
	A-RUR DISTRIC	AL TS.								
	Burdwan Di	vision.								
1	Burdwan			.,	4	-003	15	-01	30	-02
2	Birbhum		13	-01	85	·1	1		21	-02
3	Bankura				3	-003	3	-003	7	-01
4	Midnapur				5	-002	3	-001	38	-01
5	Hooghly				14	-02	17	.02	23	-03
6	Howrah						3	004	17	-02
	199	212	1 3	61		· L 19	1			2
	Presidency D	ivision.			-					
7	24-Parganas		1	-0004	12	-01	54	-02	17	-01
8	Nadia	0.0		1.1	16	-01	24	.02	12	-01
9	Murshidabad	= 7			2	-002	3	-002	7	-005
10	Jessore				10	-01	128	-1	3	-002
11	Khulna				8	-005	101	-1	22	-01
2-81	Cherry	0.4	84	-19.0-		2	12 1			. 15
	Rajshahi Div	rision.				1				
12	Rajshahi					٠	6	-004		
13	Dinajpur		4.5		8	-004	65	-04	6	-003
14	Jalpaiguri	0.1.	3	-003	2	-002	41	-004	5	-005
15	Darjeeling	12.	0.1				31	-1	2	-01
16	Rangpur				4	-002	24	-01	29	-01
17	Bogra	Delbas			10		. p. 197		1	-001
18	Pabna			**	1	-001		-01	20	-1
19				.,	1	-001		-001	20	
10	maida	21.	**	11.4			1	-001	2.5	
	Dacca Div	ision.								
20	Dacca				38	-01	19	-01	49	-02
21	Mymensingh				81	-02	34	-01	23	-005
22	Faridpur				61	-03	52	-02	30	-01
23	Bakarganj				30	-01	54	.02	58	-02
								13.50		-
	Chittagong D	ivision.			. 7				111	13-
24	Chittagong				3	-002	18	-01	18	-01
25	Noakhali		1	-001	52	-03	8	-005	3	-002
26	Tippera						27	-01	19	-01
11-11	Total of Rur	al Dis-	18	-0004	439	-01	740	-02	460	-01
-	tricts.	12000	1	La Magn			1000	-4500	100	

ENT CAUSES in the Districts (Rural Circles) and Towns of the Bengal during the year 1940.

1-	7	8 9 10						4200
Chie	ken pox.	Dipht	heria.	Epidemi	c Dropsy.	Lep	rosy.	
Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	R	atio.
						malelylo ener	1923	
49	120	19 19	10 0	200-	10 1	a. miles	fronts	
E E E	to a la	10	200000 2	2005	2 6	. Carriega	10-15	
1	-01	41	-03			105	Jmer.	:1
	-01	13	-01	1 6	-01	141	east,	.2
	-003	15	-01	1001	-001	257	WOOM.	.2
2,530	002	23	-01	1-201	1	124	prost	.1
1		57	-1	16	.02	35	1	-04
16	·02	30	-04			11		.01
	12 10	- 9	20000	2000	1,	murale family	1277	
	11					The same		
131	1	27	-01	2	-001	22	Williams.	-01
100 1	.004	21	·01	1	-001	30	MIN'N	.02
11	-01	.7	-005	14	-01	58	1	.1
21	-01	24	-01			4	THE R. L.	-002
		10	-01	194	-1		K 35	
						achteig kes	ten .	
	Par sul		1		14	100	ntule"	
200- 6	-004	. 8	-006			1	antif	-001
41	-02	10	-01		0 ***		melet 3	
8	-003	16	-02	1	.001	30	design (.03
20 1	-004	5	.02	1	-004	17	SHRIE	.1
59	-02	35	-01	101	.0004	118	moon	-04
2	-002	15	-01	200		11	adati.	-01
13	-01	59	-04			. 7	deli	.004
21	.02					7		-007
074						era Diefelera.	19. 5	
35	-01	27	-01	16	-01	45	sent;	-01
42	-01	33	-01	2	-0004	142	100	-03
4	22 21 31	16	-01	25	-01	28	State-	-01
2	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	24	-01	11	-004	28	TANK!	.01
	- 1							
					1. 11:	befried bearing		
20	.01	6	-004	1	-001	9		.01
17	05 - 05 - 11	30	-02	18	-01	8		-005
28		5	.002			35		.01
70	100			*******			-	
513	01	557	-01	310	.01	1,273		.03

	Section 1 and Sources	De Date	11		2	CELET TO	13	23207	14
No.	Districts.	Mu	mps.		culosis of ints,	Tuberc	ulosis of nges.	Other to	ibercul:
No.		Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio
	MODERAL	Deaths.	Tracto.	Deatils.	Tatao.	Deatils.	natio.	Deaths.	Rath
	A.—RURAL DISTRICTS.	ettatte.	- 455	la_	AU AN	-	100	Ind I	postes
	Burdwan Division.								-
1	Burdwan	3	-002	15	-01			10	-01
2	Birbhum	2	-002	2	-002	1	-001	21	-0:
3	Bankura			2	-002	3	-003	28	-0:
4	Midnapur	3	-001	4	-001	5	-002	9	-00
5	Hooghly	3	-004	1	-001	4	-004	12	-0:
6	Howrah	1	-001	13	-02	72.		44	.1
	10/49	80	10	1.6	1	10 07		6. 3	12 W
	Deseldance Division	1			0-	08		01 2	11.
_	Presidency Division.		004		000			0.7	
7	24-Parganas	3	-001	5	.002	2	-001	27	-0:
8	Nadia	100	4.					11	.0:
9	Murshidabad	90-1	1.	2	-002	2	-002	19	-0:
10	Jessore	10	31	13	-01	4	-002	10	.0.
11	Khulna			2	-001	12		13	.0:
	The last of the	1.	191		10-	0550	1	. 9	
	Rajshahi Division.						1 1		
12	Rajshahi							43	-08
13	Dinajpur			3	-002			3	-00
14	Jalpaiguri	9	-01	26	-03	6	-01	98	-1
15	Darjeeling	00-	1.	57	-2	1.5		157	-5
16	Rangpur	5	-002	33	-01	4.	10	41	-02
17	Bogra	14	-01	2	-002	100	1	5	-00
18	Pabna	2	-001	2	-001	Q		1	-00
19	Malda				a				
								-	
	Dacca Division.					1 7			
20	Dacca	7	-002	35	.01	1	-003	76	-02
21	Mymensingh	8	-002	8	-002	12	-002	51	-01
22	Faridpur	6	-003	13	-01	2	-001	22	-01
23	Bakarganj	9	-003	8	-001	12	-004	9	•00
	Chittagong Division.						3/4		
24	Chittagong	4	-002	6	-004			11	-01
25	Noakhali	9	-005	9	-005	2	-001	16	-01
26	Tippera	10	-003	13	-004			12	•00
	Total of Rural Dis- tricts.	98	-002	274	-01	56	-001	749	-02

Other	causes.		Black wat	er fever.	Cerebrospi	nal fever.	Enteric Gr	oup of i	fevers
Deaths.	Ratio	. 1	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	
							LARUS-		
							ATTRIBTED.		
5,312	3.	R	1	-001	209	-1	301	Will S	.2
2,895	3.		4	-004	21	-02	177	E E	.2
4,733	4.		2	-002	25	-02	130		.1
10,340	3.		5	-002	59	-02	313	Line	.1
3,600	3.		8	-01	56	·1	282		.3
2,930	3.		1	-001	8	-01	124	Bires	.2
							tener Diriston	Pens	
8,324	3.	8	13	-01	69	-03	272	77-35	.1
5,825	4.	1	4	-003	27	.02	120	000	.1
5,685	4.	4	2	.002	1	-001	221	11.77	.2
4,690	2.	8	8	-005	22	-01	197	-12	.1
8,487	5.	3	1	-001	21	-01	472	in X	.3
							inglaled idea.	123	
4,596	3.						10	MINE .	
2,404	1.		16	•01	6	.004	6	20H7	.00
3,334	3.		16	-02	22	.02	54 34		·1
2,003	6.		15	·1 ·002	9	-004	138	CHIEF !	.1
3,943	1.		5			-004	154	E E E	.1
3,174	2			-002	6 41	-03	202		.1
4,399	3-	85	3		41	.03	59		-1
1,456	1.		7		100		39	ACRES .	-
14,685	4	5	25	-01	12	-003	273	0	.1
18,657	3	800	16	-003	27	-01	170		-08
8,789	3		12	-01	9	-003	189		.1
10,023	3		28	-01	349	-1	472	SAST.	.2
	-						retired year	1000	
2,048	1	2	9	-01	36	.02	774	100	.4
6,750	4	0	4	-002	15	-01	486	West.	.3
17,171	5	7	2	-001	13	-004	305	4918	.1
166,253	3	8	200	-004	1,063	.02	5,925		-1

	1	1	19	NE T	2	:0	2	1	- 6	22
No.	Districts.	339	Influe	nza.	Kala	-azar.	Mal	aria.	Me	asles.
1	Doubles. Nat	Dea	aths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
	A—RURAL DISTRICTS.									
	Burdwan Divisio	n.							1	
1	Burdwan	0	47	-03	79	.1	14,234	9.7	71	-04
2	Birbhum	80-	13	.01	6	-01	8,517	9.1	29	.03
3	Bankura	30-	32	-03	12	-01	5,468	5.2	8	1008
4	Midnapur	20-	67	-02	14	-01	14,173	5.2	68	.02
5	Hooghly	120	12	-01	65	·1	5,417	6.0	64	908,41
6	Howrah	10:	18	.02	10	-01	677	-8	31	200,104
	Presidency Division	on.								
7	24-Parganas	1 200	512	.2	200	-1	4,704	2.2	118	28.41
8	Calcutta	20-	27	-02	111	-1	27,873	19.6	173	3.1
9	Nadia		12	-01	221	2	14,195	11.0	54	-04
10	Murshidabad	100-	12	-007	143	•1	29,677	18-0	105	000.41
11	Khulna	10.	43	.03	435	-3	9,967	6.3	80	180.1
	- 1									
	Rajshahi Division						Plante			
12	Rajshahi				135	-1	24,848	18-4	18	•01
13	Dinajpur	:	265	.2	2,223	1.3	15,551	9.0	90	1
14	Jalpaiguri		95	-1	82	-1	8,197	8.5	106	188,41
15	Darjeeling	3	137	.5	139	-5	2,227	7.7	14	-04
16	Rangpur	:.	26	.01	1,353	.5	30,015	11.7	319	10.1
17	Bogra		89	·1	378	-3	11,997	10.8	37	-03
18	Pabna		6	-004	445	-3	18,735	13.5	71	-1
19	Malda		9	·01	168	-2	11,176	11.0	24	-02
	Dacca Division.							1 63		
20	. 1 000		31	.01	1,041	-3	9,322	2.9	1,755	30.45
21		. I ton	55	.01	1,148	.2	47,147	9.4	543	120.41
22	The state of	1 1000	6	003	429	.2	20,839	9.0	794	-3
23	La Company	. 1	58	-02	1,251	- 4	12,096	4.2	191	•1
20	Dagarganj		00	-02	1,201		12,000	1.	191	
	Chittagong Division	n.						4		
24	Chittagong	1 20	67	-04	1,480	- 9	9,028	5.2	113	1
25	Noakhali	. 10	46	.03	1,752	1.0	4,507	2.7	130	1
26	101	1	58	-02	1,567	-5	6,894	2.3	308	ria
1-	Total of Rural Di	s- 1,7	43	-04	14,887	.3	367,481	7.9	5,314	-1

23		24		25		26	27		
Relapsin	g fever.	Typhus	fever.	Other fo	evers.	Deaths from child	Dysent	tery.	
Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	birth.	Deaths.	Ratio	
						-010	LABURAL.S		
						-00000	AN HOMESTER		
	583	129	-1	7,986	5.1	348	492	-3	
	450	134	-1	7,487	8.0	208	162	.2	
	11.	95	-1	8,666	8.3	213	257	.2	
	744.	148	-1	14,442	5.3	702	1,224	.5	
	999.	110	-1	2,137	2.4	267	212	.2	
	91.	161	-2	2,348	2.8	105	301	-4	
						_melete	of growthers		
	100	725	-3	12,349	5.7	361	596	-3	
		101	-1	4,485	3 - 2	402	438	-3	
	1911.	1.	111	6,836	5.3	217	138	-1	
1.5-	100	237	-1	5,042	3 -1	454	246	-2	
2		295	.2	6,702	4 .2	513	362	-2	
						united the same of	ad Imphips		
1.2	100	13	-01	5,186	3.8	526	251	-2	
	COL.	388	-2	6,163	3.5	963	470	-3	
	1991.	50	-1	7,241	7.5	872	689	.7	
2	-01	3	-01	2,406	8.3	107	445	1.5	
		214	-1	19,645	7.7	1,442	462	. 9	
	100	42	-04	4,074	3.7	581	248	2	
1. IV	l in i	6	-004	8,185	5.9	463	511	1 .4	
1			191	2,289	2 .2	125	40	.(
							cind comp		
1	-	188	-1	25,238	7-7	958	3,051		
	1	232	-1	37,335	7.5	1,952	1,227		
	NES .	245	-1	17,480	7-6	670	1,774	.8	
	603	526	.2	21,971	7.7	909	2,067		
						Pale	IC LAPLETT	9	
1	491.	1,041	-6	24,279	14 -0	429	991	. (
	14.			17,408	10 -3	701	949	. (
		11	-004	24,655	8 -1	953	2,928	1.0	
2	-00004	5,094	1	302,035	6.5	15,441	20,531		

No. of Concession,	1.0		28		29		30		
No.	District	8.	Diarri	hoea.	Pneumo	onia.	Tubercu		
dho	Deather	- 316	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	
	A.—RURAL TRICTS	D18-							
	Burdwan Div	rision.				1			
1	Burdwan		958	.7	2,172	1.5	534	-4	
2	Birbhum		244	-3	359	-4	225	.2	
3	Bankura		1,096	1.0	1,390	1.3	413	-4	
4	Midnapur		1,683	-6	3,530	1.3	422	.2	
. 5	Hooghly		1,204	1.3	2,080	2.3	300	.3	
6	Howrah	101	1,441	1.7	537	-6	413	.5	
	Davidson Di	ulalan							
7	Presidency Di 24-Parganas		762	-4	1,936	.9	368	.2	
8	Nadia Nadia	Int.	173	-1	1,002	.7	199	-1	
9	Murshidabad	201.	130	-1	314	.2	109	-1	
10	Jessore		247	-2	792	.5	301	.2	
11	Khulna	191.	657	-4	788	.5	372	.2	
**	Khuma	TE.	057	47.	,100		0.2	2,	
	Rajshahi Div	ision.			7				
12	Rajshahi		189	-1	773	.6	192	.2	
13	Dinajpur		738	-4	3,213	1.9	265	2	
14	Jalpaiguri		835	.9	4,090	4.2	439	-5	
15	Darjeeling		244	-8	542	1.9	185	.6	
16	Rangpur		719	.3	2,526	1.0	202	·1	
17	Bogra		329	.3	924	-8	135	·1	
18	Pabna		276	.2	793	-6	194	.1	
19	Malda		89	·1	108	-1	34	-03	
	Dacca Divis	ion.					1	1	
20	Dacca		1,237	-4	1,453	-4	535	-2	
21	Mymensingh		898	.2	1,314	-3	908	-2	
22	Faridpur		688	-3	2,238	1.0	236	-1	
23	Bakarganj	139	639	.2	4,041	1.4	360	•1	
	Chittagong Div	vision.					1		
24	Chittagong		505	-3	1,153	-7	125	.1	
25	Noakhali		715	-4	891	-5	133	-1	
26	Tippera		1,124	-4	980	-3	339	-1	
	Total of Rura	Dis-	17,820	-4	39,939	.9	7,938	.2	

31 Whoopin	ng cough.	Other respitat	ory diseases.	Deaths	under one	year.	Infant mortality		
Dootho	Patio	Dootho			(Petal)	mo	rtality		
Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Male.	Female.	Total.			
						.rnwori			
30	-02	839	-6	4,273	3,704	7,977	mil	163	
41	-04	785	-8	3,086	2,526	5,612	102	161	
28	-03	483	-5	3,198	2,592	5,790	112	154	
33	-01	1,162	.4	5,653	4,997	10,650	144	120	
41	-1	745	-8	2,460	1,977	4,437		137	
132	.2	591	-7	1,558	1,287	2,845		117	
						skidla myddi	A .		
114	-1	864	-4	5,114	3,977	9,091		121	
45	-03	296	-2	5,960	5,202	11,162	i a	181	
48	-04	152	-1	4,113	3,453	7,566	Her	136	
58	-04	386	-2	5,057	4,743	9,800	601	188	
25	-02	653	-4	4,538	3,737	8,275	inst.	169	
						Lagar District	dia.		
7	-004	268	-2	5,702	5,224	10,926	DATE.	211	
119	-1	797	-5	5,232	4,309	9,541	1011	206	
58	-1	414	-4	3,028	2,908	5,936	Invit.	127	
41	-1	119	-4	717	589	1,306		125	
136	-1	756	-3	8,188	6,905	15,093		172	
31	-03	266	-2	3,638	3,062	6,700		189	
17	-01	347	-2	4,870	4,100	8,970	201	191	
32	-03	58	-1	1,849	1,595	3,444	M C	137	
						A15 (1)	34		
141	-04	1,309	- 4	9,801	7,632	17,433		151	
82	-02	1,177	-2	15,789	12,751	28,540	1	179	
192	-1	1,162	-5	8,092	6,565	14,657		169	
107	-04	3,299	1.1	8,952	7,252	16,204		159	
						- Ball		12	
73	-04	275	·2	4,113	3,384	7,497		132	
41	-02	787	-5	4,054	3,438	7,492		120	
86	-03	591	-2	8,926	7,191	16,117	- 20	138	
1,758	-04	18,581	-4	137,961	115,100	253,061		158	

1	2		3		4	E	5	- 1	6 1
No.	Towns.	Anthr	ax.	Acut Poliomy	e velitis.	Beri	- Beri.	Can	cer.
	Janua	Deaths.	Ratio	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
	B.—TOWNS.		H						-
	Burdwan District.								
1	Burdwan							7	-2
2	Kalna	\							
3	Katwa								
4	Dainhat						2		
5	Raniganj					4	·2	1	-1
6	Asansol		**						
				3313	123			91	
	Birbhum District.			- 2			1133		
7	Suri					••			
8-1501 4-100	Bankura District.		1000	1		1000	184 100		
8			Trees.	1990			- 1	7	-2
9	Bankura Bishnupur								
10	Sonamukhi								
				1					
	Midnapur District.								
11	Midnapur							2	-1
12	Ghatal						1.1.20		
13	Kharar								
14	Chandrakona								
15	Ramjibanpur								
16	Khirpai								
17	Tamluk								
	Hooghly District.								
18	Hooghly-Chinsura					3	-1	2	-1
19	Bansberia								
20	Arambagh								
21	Serampur			1		2	-1	10	-3
22	Baidyabati							4	-2
23	Rishra-Konnagar					3	-1		
24	Uttarpara				** 9	3	-3	1	-1
25	Kotrung					**		1	-1
26	Bhadreswar		211.1						
27	Champdani							5	-2
	Howrah District.	15 -	taries.		27 19	(61		139	3 34.73
28	Howrah					4	-02	32	-1
29	Bally	12	T			3	-1		37.80

-		7	8		9		10)	
Ch	icke	n pox.	Diphth	eria.	Epidemic	Dropsy.	Lepre	osy.	
Death	ıs.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	R	atio.
	-						ARWOT-,		
	3	-1	6	-2					
	1	-1							
	1/2								
		6.1							
							china museu		
							ching entire		
100	1	-03	2	-1				-	
							1	in I	-1
							2	4	•2
						74	sisteld regions		
					1	-03			1.1
							10		1.1
							•:		
						**			
							reast region		
			9	-3	1	-03	1		-03
						-1. 2	mude		
							1		-1
13	1	-03	. 5	- 1			1		-03
·									
1	1	-04			3	-1	10 May 100		
120	2	-2			4	-4			
1	1	-1							
					1	-04			
100			3	-1					
1		18 30			30 100		Papelly arriva		
1 200	22	-1	1	-004			7	971	-03
100			1	-03					
					Marie Marie Marie		Section 1		100

	91		111		12		13		14	
No.	Towns.		Mui	mps.	Tuberci	ulosis of its.		ulosis of nges.	Other to	ibercular es.
	-		Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
	B.—TOWNS.									- 3
	Burdwan Distric	t.								-
1	Burdwan							1		
2	Kalna			*						
3	Katwa		1.00					1		
4	Dainhat								1	- 2
5	Raniganj									
6	Asansol	••								
	Birbhum Distric	t.		1					-10	
7	Suri								3	-3
						3			- 13	
	Bankura Distric	t.		7.01					+	-
8	Bankura								1	-03
9	Bishnupur	••								
10	Sonamukhi									**
										1
	Midnapur Distric	t.	13				1 1 1			
11	Midnapur		**							
12	Ghatal									
13	Kharar									
14	Chandrakona									
15	Ramjibanpur									
16	Khirpai									
17	Tamluk									
	Hooghly Distric	t.								-
18	Hooghly-Chinsura			E			0			
19	Bansberia							1.		
20	Arambagh							1.		
21	Serampur					S		100	8	-2
22	Baidyabati								2	-2
23	Rishra-Konnagar							1.0		
24	Uttarpara								1	-1
25	Kotrung								1	-1
26	Bhadreswar									
27	Champdani								1	-04
4	Howrah Distric	t.		4				i po	-	
. 28	Howrah				1.10		1	1.	5	-02
29	Bally				water to	-			1	-03
										00

- 15			16	1	7		18	
Othere	causes.	Black w	ater fever.	Cerebrosp	inal fever.	Enteric Gr	oup of fevers	
Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	
						TOWERS.		
						DENTILO MENT	44	
285	7.2	1 12 -				16	-4	
69	7.2	14	- 1 P		1.	#		
41	5 · 3			h				
- 5	1.0	0 1.3			*	1	-2	
129	7 -9	1.5			1.	4	.2	
309	9.9		·	4	-1	4	-1	
						selved make	ds.	
		1.1.	100				2008	
33	3.0				**	-4	-4	
						Ishbita mus	naS .	
151	4.7					. 9 13	-4	
88	-5	2 30		!!!		10	felt e	
94	8.6	- T - ST -				7	-6	
1						signal District	1110	
226	7 -1		0		1	18	-6	
125	10 -1	1	- 1		· ·			
13	2 · 3	- 12			7.	52		
29	4.8		V.					
2	-3	1.00			1			
2	.5	-2 1						
72	7 -9				***			
						definite added		
295	9.0		b 4	- 2	-1	24	-7	
18	1.3	81 .55	P. 2			4	-3	
37	5.0	1 31	·	- 1	1		ALL LOS	
251	6-4	AF	1. 3	2	-1	35	-9	
177	9.6					4	-2	
85	3 -2					2	-1	
40	4 -3	1	-1			5	•5	
22	3.1						LON LOS	
67	2.9	1.	1					
117	4 -6			1	-04	5	•2	
						mental dans	052	
2,367	10 -5		100	1	-004	266	1.5	
113	3 -7		10. 4					

1	2	19	,	20		21		2	2
No.	Towns.	Influe	enza.	Kala-	azar.	Mala	ria.	Mea	isles.
2016	e Patito	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
	B.—TOWNS.								
	Burdwan District.								
1	Burdwan			13	-3	44	1.1	8	-2
2	Kalna	\		4	-4	33	3.4		
3	Katwa	1	-1			-4	-5		
4	Dainhat			1	·2	25	5.2	1	-2
5	Raniganj					11	-7	1	-1
6	Asansol	1	-03	3	1	5	-2		
								-	100
	Birbhum District.		14.						3.5
7	Suri		**	1	-1	3	-3		
	Bankura District.								
8		1	-03			5	-2		
9		1	-1		**	54	2.7	1	-1
10	Sonamukhi	1				11	1.0		
10	Solialiusii			"			1	1	1
	Midnapur District.						1		
11	Midnapur	2	-1	1	-03	12	-4		
12	Ghatal					10	-8		
13	Kharar					23	4.0		
14	Chandrakona					42	7.0	1	-2
15	Ramjibanpur					29	4.7	2	-3
16	Khirpai					8	2.2		
17	Tamluk					2	.2	1	1
	Hooghly District.							-	
18	Hooghly-Chinsura	5	-2	15	-5	15	-5	2	-1
19	Bansberia			2	-1	29	2-0		
20	Arambagh					16	2.1		
21	Serampur			2	-1	16	-4	4	-1
22	Baidyabati					6	-3	9	15
23	Rishra-Konnagar					2	-1	3	-1
24	Uttarpara					5	-5	4	-4
25	Kotrung					1	-1		
26	Bhadreswar	5	-2	3	-1	2	1	3	
27	Champdani			1	-04	2	1	1	-04
	Howrah District.		-				1		
28	Howrah			1	-004	38	.2	14	-1
29	Bally			1	.03	2	-1	1	0.3
-		•	-	1	-	-	1	-	100000

2:	3	2	4	20		25		26	27	
Relapsin	ng fever.	Typhu	s fev	er.	Other f	ever.		Death from child birth.	Dyse	entry.
Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.		Ratio.	Deaths.	Ra	tio.	cuild birtii.	Deaths.	Ratio,
								, print	4.8	
					30		-8	7	33	-8
					65		6.8	1	11	1.2
					23	10	3.0		3	-4
					3	ī	-6			
					30		1.8	3	24	1.5
					3	1	-1	11	13	-4
			-							
								165100	Second !	
					14		1 .3	1	3	-3
	18 1									
								39990	mark.	
	00		-		48	00	1.5	8	15	-5
		2	-	-1	19		1.0	1	5	-3
1			1		40	100	3.6	3	4	-4
			-					, habeted in	CLEARLY .	
			1		76		2 .4	. 5	43	1.3
					1	12	-1	5	2	-2
			1		3	10	.5	3	4	-7
					2	9	.3	4	7	1.2
		1	1	-2					1	-2
			1		29	1 11	7.9	1	1	-3
1			1		13	1 2	1 .4	1	14	1.5
								District	(Stranger	
			-		86	1	2.6	15	29	-9
					36	1	2.5	3	6	-4
			1			1		4	3	-4
					83	1	2 ·1	8	70	1.8
					13	1 51	-7	4	6	-3
					17	1 6	-6	1	11	-4
					19	1	2.0		14	1.5
					15	1	2 ·1	1	4	-6
		3	-	-1	62		2.7	4	9	-4
					13	11/	-5	5	4	-2
1								16 10 16		
			1					.19211110	540	0.4
	100	13	1		76	100	-3	86	542	2.4
			1		28		.9	1	21	-7

1	2	28	-	29			30	31
No.	Towns.	Diarrh	œa.	Pneum	onia.	Tuberc of lu		Whoo- ping cough.
	and and	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.
	B—TOWNS. Burdwan District.					1		
	D	10	10	40	1.0	00	-8	- 3
2	Burdwan	13	1.0	20	1·0 2·1	33	1.2	
3	Takes	6	-8	7	-9	5	-6	
4	Deletet	1	-2	4	-8			
5	Deutsent	2	-1	26	1.6	21	1.3	
-6	Asansol	7	-2	26	•8	19	-6	
	Birbhum District.	1 -						
7	Suri	B	1	8	-7	4	-4	
				1				
	Bankura District.						1	1
8	Bankura	29	-9	17	-5	1	-03	
9	Bishnupur	34	1.7	18	-9	2	-1	
10	Sohamukhi	28	2.6	23	2 ·1	5	-5	
	The state of the s							
	Midnapur District.							
11	Midnapur	32	1.0	64	2 -0	10	-3	
12	Ghatal	2	-2	9	-7	1	-1	
13	Kharar	9	1.6	7	1 .2			
14	Chandrakona	9	1.5	22	3 .7	3	.5	
15	Ramjibanpur	33	5.3	20	3 .2	1	-2	
16	Khirpai	14	3.8	12	3 -2	4	1.1	
17	Tamluk	2	-2	5	-6	1	-1	
	Hooghly District.		1					
18	Hooghly-Chinsura	48	1.5	61	1.9	24	-7	
19	Bansberia	9	-6	10	.7	1	-1	
20	Arambagh	6	-8	26	3.5			4.
21	Serampur	68	1.7	42	1.1	18	-5	1
22	Baidyabati	17	-9	17	.9	9	-5	
23	Rishra-Konnagar	23	.9	12	.5	14	-5	
24	Uttarpara	11	1.2	10	1.1	3	-3	
25	Kotrung	7	1.0	4	-6	2	-3	
26	Bhadreswar	22	1.0	17	-7	9	-4	
27	Champdani	11	-4	18	-7	6	-2	7.
	Howrab District.	1	1			1	1	
28	Howrah	414	1.8	239	1.1	310	1.4	
29	D-U-	17	-6	19	-6	7	.2	
7	Bally				30		Total Spinis	

31	32	11.09		33		34
Whooping cough.	Other respirat	tory diseases.	Dea	ths under one	year.	Infant mortality rate.
Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Tate.
					anwer-e	0.15
-1	35	-9	47	36	83	77 -0
+	4	-4	42	34	76	233 -9
3D I	2	-3	11		16	142 -9
	3	-6	. 7	. (13	118 -2
1	31	1.9	. 35	29	57	79-6
	6	-2	55	40	95	82 - 5
						ar min n
	3	-3	2		5	58 -1
		- 1 10	* 19		apart and	Company of
			1			Mental III
	15	•5	. 22	16		86.0
-1	21	1.1	26	13		126 -6
-1	2	-2	29	11	48	158 -4
					100	
		1				
-03	25	-8	19	14		45 8
			22	17		73 -5
		.7	4			109-6
	11	1.8	8	14		137 - 5
	15	2.4	4	11		114-5
	5	1.4	7	1		114 ·3 133 ·0
1	5	-6	12	11	27	155 0
						100000000000000000000000000000000000000
	36	1.1	65	7:	138	109 -6
	8	-6	8	15	2 20	126 -6
	4	-5	9	1	18	75 -3
-4	18	•5	94	6-	158	169 -7
	20	1.1	27	31		110 ·3
	18	-7	16	14		75 -4
	7	-8	10	10		103 -2
	5	•7	9			86.3
-04	10	-4	35	. 2:		133 -6
	13	-5	29	25	51	65 - 5
	4 19	. 11			1000	property as
1 1	1,404	6.2	872	830	1,702	267 - 3
	9	.3	26	20		88 -8

1	2	1		3	4-	-5		
No.	Towns.		Anth	rax.	Acute Poli	omyelitis.	Beri	Beri.
210.	101113.	-	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
_								
	B—TOWNS.							3 3 1
	24-Parganas Districts.							
30	Tollyganj						2	.1
31	South Suburban						4	-1
32	Garden Reach						1	-02
33	Budge-Budge							
34	Baruipur					.,	1	-2
35	Rajpur							
36	Jaynagar-Majilpur		**					
37	Dum Dum							
38	North Dum Dum	**						
39	South Dum Dum						5	.3
40	Khardah						4	.7
41	Panihati						4	-3
42	Garulia			02		12	1	-1
43	North Barrackpur			4				
44	Barrackpur						2	-1
45	Titagarh						1	.02
46	Naihati						1	-03
47	Bhatpara							
48	Halisahar							
49	Kanchrapara			8		11		
50	Baranagar					25	- 9	.2
51	Kamarhati						10	3
52	Barasat							
53	Gobardanga						1	-2
54	Basirhat							
55	Taki							
56	Baduria					8		
700		9		9				1
27	and the same	10		10	100	86	Hab !	
1991		- 22		172		20	1 00	
	City of Calcutta.	11		190	1		12 10 10	The same
57	Calcutta			11	"			***
		8.						
					1 1 1	or	R Late	4
	Nadia District.	1 49			1 3	22	MENT	100
58	Krishnagar						1	-04
59	Nabadwip					2. 10	1	1
60	Ranaghat				10 10 10 10	10	11 15	
			paine.					

6			7		8	9		10	-
Cancer.		Chicken-pox.		Diphtheria,		Epidemic dropsy.		Leprosy,	
Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
								678	
								programa.	
		1	-04						Box Low
3	·1			3	·1	6	•2	2	·1
3	·1			7	·1				1.25
2	·1							20 100	
								to Dune Dun	
2								no in the	**
	·1				***				Ala l'os
3	-3			1	-1				
		2	-1						100
2	-1	1	-1	1	-1			denie i	207. 33.
1	-04							TO THOSE	100
		1							
2	-1	1. 0						300	
								1	-01
1	-1								
1	-03	1	-03	1	-03	**			
2	-1								
1	-1								
					-2				
1	-04			4					cir las
								J	and its
	1							La Line	
									100
220	-2	1		65	1	178	2		
				1 3			1 70		
		1		1			-		
		1					- Jah	ALS HOUSE	
1	-04			1	-04			4	-2
3	-2			1	-1			3	-2
1.	-1	1	-1						4.

1	2	-	171	11		12		13
No.	Towns.		Mun	nps.	Tuberculos	sis of joints.	Tubercu menii	losis of ages.
-01	N Donne Es	dian	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deths.	Ratio.
	B.—TOWNS.							
	24-Parganas Dist	ricts.						
30	Tollyganj					0		
31	South Suburban				1			1
32	Garden Reach							
33	Budge-Budge						1	
34	Baruipur		**					
35	Rajpur		**					
36	Jaynagar-Majilpur							
37	Dum Dum			**				
38	North Dum Dum South Dum Dum		**					
39 40	***							
41	Khardah		* **	**				
42			- ** /	6	1	-1	. 3	
43	North Barrackpur					10	1.	
44	Barrackpur							1
45	Titagarh							1
46	W. D. at		**					
47	Bhatpara							3
48	Halisahar		**			"		
49	Kanchrapara							
50	Baranagar							1
51	Kamarhati							
52	Barasat							
53	Gobardanga							
54	Basirhat							
55	Taki							
56	Baduria					::		
19/				1	- (B		1 1	
34	City of Calcutts		1					
57	Calcutta		1000					
51	Carcutta		-17.	1				1000
						41		
+					1			
	Nadia District		- 1			1 18		
58	Krishnagar			10	1			1
59	Nabadwip			P				6
60	Ranaghat			4		D	1. 6	

1	14	15 16			16	17		18			
Other tul		Other	causes.	Blackwa	ater fever.	Cerebospin	al fever.	Enteric gr	oup o	f fev-	
Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ra	tio.	
			-								
			1				.30	WOI N			
		61	2.5				344000	6		-2	
		221	5.6					27	FAR	-7	
1	-02	212	3.8		80			6	100	.1	
		77	3 -2					21	160	-9	
		25	3.9					3	La H	.5	
1		35	3 · 1					4	7.11	-3	
		10	1.0		3				MR.		
1		-11	2 ·1				=	Ulay on	Hal.		
2		11	2 · 4					1	rint	.2	
		68	3.7			1	. 1	12	193	-6	
3	.5	16	2.7					1000 1000 1	-		
5	-4	87	7.4					1	MAN .	.1	
1		51	3.6					2	DEST	.1	
7	-4	65	4.0		1	1	-1	5	19	.3	
3		35	1.4		2	1		2	TO PE	.1	
1	***	120	2.4		10				7201.		
"		79	2.6			1	-03	7	THE REAL PROPERTY.	.2	
10	-1	937	11.0			1	-01	14		.2	
1	-1	32 19	1.9					1		.1	
1		247	6.7			2	-1	29		.8	
19	-4	91	3.0								
12	-1	8	.9		-1						
1	-2	16	3.5					2		.4	
		60	2.8					5		.2	
		16	1.9					1	ing.	-1	
		2	-2					1		.1	
							-	and she	111		
							()		1		
			4								
174		10 500	11.0			284	-3	1,040		.9	
174	-2	12,533	11 .0	11		204	.5	1,040	100	7.0	
			31						1		
		13					Jak	and short	1		
1	-04	149	6.1			2	·1	16	112	.7	
0	.0	83	4.4			1	·1	14	TAY.	.7	
		39	3 · 4					3	7 8 1	-3	

1	2		1	9	2	0	21	
74.00	Enlarte prospo	oni in	Influ	enza.	Kala-	Azar.	Mala	ria.
No.	Towns.							
100	da Dorba Ba		Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
	2 73 75							1
	B.—TOWNS.	"						
	24-Parganas Distric	ct.	1 1			8 2 0		
30	Tollyganj					0 0 (0)	3	-1
31	South Suburban		1	-03	1	-03	23	-6
32	Garden Reach					F 11	40	-7
33	Budge-Budge				1	-04	3	-1
34	Baruipur					1,8. 80	7	1.1
35	Rajpur		2	-2	1	-1	9	-8
36	Jaynagar Majilpur				1	-1	1	-1
37	Dum Dum					4-K. 14	1	-2
38	North Dum Dum					6		
39	South Dum Dum					T 8 30	2	.1
40	Khardah				1	.2		·
41	Panihati					D. C. 10	1	-1
42	Garulia		1	·1		0-6 60	4	-3
43	North Barrackpur		1	-1		1 0	6	-4
44	Barrackpur		1	-04		H 0. 00	2	-1
45	Titagarh		1		1	-02		
46	Naihati				4	-1	6	.2
47	Bhatpara		7	-1	1	-01	9	.1
48	Halisahar					BI 41	4	.2
49	Kanchrapara					50. 76		
50	Baranagar		1	.03	9	.2	21	-6
51	Kamarhati		2	-1		8	2	-1
52	Barasat				***	8 1. 13	7	-8
58	Gobardanga					E. 00	19	4-2
.54	Basirhat				6	-3	27	1.3
.55	Taki				1	-1	3	-4
.56	Baduria						5	-4
	i in a shade							
	City of Calcutta.	1	140		The said	0.12	4	
57	Calcutta		330	-3	142	·1	574	.5
						43 1		
							161-1	
	Nadia District.		10-			41 19		
58	Krishnagar				6	-3	27	1.1
59	Nabadwip				5	-3	5	-3
60	Ranaghat					1 4. 1	20	1.8

26	25		24			23		22
Deaths from child birth.	evers.	Other fe	fever.	Typhus	g fever.	Relapsing	les.	Meas
birth.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.
	ni-it	.0110						
	digita-te	debietet,						
1	-8	19		1			-04	1
•	1.8	50				0	-1	4
11	2.5	139		3			-1	7
2	1.4	35					-04	1
. 1	1.4	9						
1	3.7	42						1
	2.6	25						
1 1	1.9	10						
	2.2	10				9		
	-8	15						
	1.0	6					-2	1
	-9	10						
	1.4	20					-1	2
	-9	14					-1	1
	-6	16	-04	1				
	14.0	695						
	2.3	70					.03	1
3	7.9	674					-8	67
	-2	4	·1	1			-1	2
	1.8	27					-1	1
	1.8	67					.2	. 8
	2.9	88						
	-6	5	-3	3	1			
	2.4	11						
	1.2	25				1		
	1.5	12					-1	1
	2.9	39						
	a to sta	, althou						
211	200		141 1	The The	bit -	los The	La vend	
1	.7	791					·2	241
	OF ALTERNA	Juni	- 1	4				
12(189	· month	10		101 1	12	1 1 1 1	1	
1	3.8	91		181	3	61.		4 4
1111	15.6	295		10			-1	2
	-1	1						

-	2	27	,	28	,		29 (
No.	Towns.	Dysen		Diarri		Pneu	monia.
2101		Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
_		- Hall	SIGNA .	.011031	-	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	-
	B,-TOWNS.						
	24-Parganas District.						
30	Tollyganj	13	-5	11	-5	11	-4
31	South Suburban	55	1 -4	50	1.3	61	1.5
32	Garden Reach	47	-8	81	1.5	60	1.1
33	Budge-Budge	99	4 -1	10	-4	29	1.2
34	Baruipur	3	.5	1	·2	10	1 .5
35	Rajpur	11	1 .0	4	-4	18	1.6
36	Jaynagar Majilpur	3	-3	4	-4	4	-4
37	Dum Dum	3	-6	1	-2	5	-9
38	North Dum Dum	2	-4	5	1.1	3	-7
39	South Dum Dum	13	-7	9	-5	20	1.1
40	Khardah	10	1 .7	3	-5	5	-8
41	Panihati	2	·2	1	·1	17	1.5
42	Garulia	2	·1	9	-6	6	-4
43	North Barrackpur	13	-8	6	-4	23	1.4
44	Barrackpur	2	.1	2	-1	14	-6
45	Titagarh	4	-1	12	-2	4	-1
46	Naihati	16	-5	1	-03	16	-5
47	Bhatpara	65	-8	25	-3	90	14
48	Halisahar	3	-2	6	-4	11	-7
49	Kanchrapara	2	-1	9	-6	11	-7
50	Baranagar	136	3 .7	55	1.5	40	1.1
51	Kamarhati	53	1.8	23	-8	47	1.5
52	Barasat	3	-3	3	-3	7	-8
53	Gob ardanga	. 7	1.5			18	4.0
54	Basirhat	11	-5	16	-8	38	1.8
55	Taki	7	.9			7	-9
56	Baduria	2	-2			32	2.3
27	1 1 1 1 1 1 1						
	*						
	Gity of Calcutta.						
57	Calcutta	1,650	1.4	1,166	1.0	2,809	2.0
H	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		10				12/2
			30	2 1114		1 112	5 6
	Nadia District.				+ 111		100
58	Krishnagar	38	1.6	16	-7	44	1.8
59	Nabadwip	28	1.5	24	1.3	14	-7
60	Ranaghat	6	-5	. 1		10	
	the second beautiful			James de Land		A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	- Constitution

34		33		32		1	3	0	3
Infant mortalit	year.	ns under one	Death	espiratory ases.	Other r	ng cough.	Whoopin	ulosis of	Tuberc
rate.	Total.	Female.	Male.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.
	ARPOT—R								
61 -1	30	13	17	-4	9	.,		-7	18
185 -9	187	76	111	1.7	66	-5	20	-9	37
128 -1	137	64	73	-6	34			-6	34
123 -1	40	26	14	2.3	56			-4	9
96 -0	12	5	7	-3	2			-3	2
66 -4	18	8	10	-9	10			-9	10
95 -2	4	2	2	-4	4			-4	4
216 -2	8	3	5	-7	4			-2	1
110 -2	14	7	7	-2	1			-7	3
95 -9	37	16	21	-5	10			5.4	100
76 -9	8	5	3	-5	3			-2	1
65 -9	22	11	11	-1	1				
116 -1	39	15	24	-8	11			-4	6
119 -1	40	15	25	-6	9	-1	1	-2	4
95 -2	22	12	10	-3	8			-2	4
196 -7	189	86	103	-4	18	-02	1		
166 -1	53	22	31	-6	18			-6	17
236 -3	583	274	809	.9	78			1.1	97
80 -2	15	6	9	-2	3		1	-2	4
52 -6	13	7	6	-7	10			-4	6
185 -3	192	90	102	2.7	101	-03	1	1.2	46
107 -7	70	37	33	-4	13			-03	1
110 -2	13	8	5	-8	7			-2	2
180 -0	18	9	9	.9	4			-2	
76 -5	39	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5 3 3 3						1
0 29	10000	18	21			-4	8	-3	7
92.0	16	9	7	1.6	13	-1	1	-4	3
47 -0	7	3	4	-3	4			·1	1
	palespho	dendeld							
MA 12					1	-		1	
010 -									
212 -5	6,319	2,608	3,711	3 .0	4,471		,	2.7	3,021
	77977	-		5 91			-		
	4				17-3				Mary Co.
	1 11	THE THE			7	104		Server 6	2
87 -8	82	44	38	-3	7			1 -0	23
152 -6	98	52	46	.9	16			-3	6
74 -1	10	5	5	-2	2			-4	. 4

1	2		3		4	3	
	the moles our print.	Ant	hrax.	Acute pol	iomyelitis.	Beri-	Beri
No.	Towns.	2110	moz.	Acute por	ioniy circis.	Della	Dell.
	hind about	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
	B.—TOWNS.						
	Nadia District.					1	
61	Birnagar	\					
62	Santipur					2	-1
63	Chakdaha					1	.3
64	Kushtia						
65	Kumar khali						
66	Meherpur					1	.2
	Murshidabad District.						
67	Berhampur					3	•1
68	Murshidabad			0			
69	Jiaganj-Azimganj						
70	Kandi]		
71	Jangipur	1					
72	Dhulian						1
1	Jessore District.						
73	Jessore					2	·2
74	Kotchandpur						
75	Maheshpur						
1.00	Khulna District.					1 100	
76	Khulna						
77	Satkhira						
78	Debhatta						
27.00	Rajshahi District.	2					
79	Rajshahi				.,		
80	Nator						
0.00	Dinajpur District.						
81	Dinajpur						
	Jalpaiguri District.						
82	Jalpaiguri						
100	Datrjeeling District.				1		1
83	Darjeeling						1
84	Kurseong						
93,	Rangpur District.	2946	2.0	1000	1	N. B.	
85			10000			1	-04
86	Rangpur					1	-04
	Gaibandha				1	1	1
8.59	Bogra District.	. 1		1 70+		11.00	100
87	Bogra						
88	Sherpur						
-		The second second					-

Cane	74	Chicker	pox.	Diph	theria.	Epidemic	dropsy.	Lep	rosy.	
Deaths.	Rotio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	
								WOT D		
								IIO EDIN		
2	-1							1	-04	
1	-1									
1	-3									
							Jelimi			
6	2			1	-04			1	-04	
2	-2			1	-1					
1	-1									
								1	•1	
							27	no min		
2	-2							:-		
									2 .23	
									H ***	
							in the	of astrophic		
2	-1			1	-1	2	-1		· · ·	
								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
							Artsteil	Badala R		
				1	-04			1	-0-	
1	-1				**					
							.hinkli	a regimen		
				1	-1			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10 1.10	
							.hidde	i hagingle		
						4				
2	-1			4	-2	1	Jahahel	201700000		
1	-1	1								
1	1							1		
	1	1				1	death	THURST		
				1	-04			1000	1	
									100	
					-		1	10000		
2	1					1				
			1 . 3					1		

1	2	11		12		13	
	- words	Part I see I			2002000		ulosis of
No.	Towns,	Mum	ips.	Tuberculos	is of joints	men	ings.
110.	Towns,			100000			-
		Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
	B. TOWNS.	-					
	Nadia District.						
61	Birnagar	\					9:
62	Santipur	1	-04				
63	Chakdaha					19	
64	Kushtia						100
65	Kumarkhali						1
66	Meherpur						
07	Murshdabad District.	14	10			6	10.
67	Berhampore . Murshidabad						5
69	Tiegoni telmoni					- i' E	1
70	Vandi						
71	Innalous						4.
72	Dhulian	4				-	
	Jessore District.						
73	Tonnana						2.
74	Votebandnus	1				1.00	::-
75	Maheshpur		1				
	Khulna District.						
76	Khulna		1	1	-1		·
77	Satkhira						.:
78	Debhatta		4				
	Rajshahi District.						
79	Rajshahi	1.	10				.:
80	Nator	1.				1. 1	15
	Dinajpur District.					1 1	
81	Dinajpur	*	. P				.:
	Jalpaiguri District.					1000	1000
82	Jalpaiguri	*					
	Darjeeling District.			1			
83	Darjeeling	*	·				1
84	Kurseong			1	-1		
	Rangpur District.					1 2	
85	D	1	37	2	-1	1	4 357
86	Gaibandha						
00				-			1
	Bogra District.			1		1	
87	Bogra		***				
88	Sherpur		*				

Other tubercular- diseases.		Other causes.		Blackwater fever.		17 Cerebospinal fever,		Enteric ground of fevers.		
Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio,	
							.000	in a		
							Juliani	o staste		
10		17	7.3					1	-4	
1		133	5.8					1	-04	
1		13	3.3							
2	.2	19	2.0			2	-2	2	-2	
								1.1		
9 24		11	1.8							
	-04	170	0.5					25		
1	.04	179	6.5	2	-1			25	.9	
1-1"	0	12	1.3					3 7	.3	
		45	3.6					1	·6	
2	.2	13	1.0					111111		
		17	1.7			4				
		1,	1				. 10110	S mint		
		48	4.2					4	-4	
		1	.3		7		Jimana	anti-in		
4	01	111	5.8					. 9	.5	
11.	1	69	6.1					estelas		
	1	34	6.7					c) altaid	1 5	
							January C.	dangian		
		162	6.0	1				7	-3	
P. II.	24	35	4.2			4	4	2	-2	
							Stille	a malania		
1	·1	132	6.9		··			timulac.		
			-				Johnston	Anblodup		
1		26	1.4			2	-1	11	-6	
10	.5	171	8.1			2	-1	11	-5	
14	1.9	47	6.3	"	-I - 3			Total Control		
							, minutes	THE PERSON		
1	-04	100	4.8					16	-8	
		33	3.9			1		2	.2	
		00					. telep	10 AUS 3		
1	-1	56	3.8			1	-1	5	.3	
1-2	4	20	4.7	-	1			1	.2	

No.	Towns.	Influ	enza.	Kala-	Azar.	Mala	Malaria.	
	Ratio. Deaths E	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	
	B.—TOWNS.							
	Nadia District.	1						
61	Birnagar					13	5.6	
62	Santipur			3	-1	18	-7	
63	Chakdaha					10	2.5	
64	Kushtia			1	-1	6	-6	
65	Kumarkhali			1	-8	15	4 - 6	
66	Merherpur			2	-3	87	14-0	
-	Murshidabad District.	1						
67	Berhampur			22	-8	24		
68	Murshidabad			2	-2	2	.5	
69	Jiaganj-Azimganj			1	-1	15	1.4	
70	Kandi			1	-1	2		
71	Jangipur		1	1	1	1		
72	Dhulian						2 4	
	Jessore District.			4	1-140			
73	*			13	1.2	26	2 :	
74	T. (1)			1	-2	25	4.1	
75				3	.9	I BOOK	3 -	
10	Maheshpur Khulna District.				.,	11	3.	
=0	Wholes					10		
76	Khulna			14	-7	10		
77	Satkhira				0 133	15	1.	
78	Debhatta	1	.2		- 11	1		
	Rajshahi District.							
79	Rajshahi	1	-04	3	1	8		
80	Nator			3	-4	25	3 -	
	Dinajpur District.							
81	Dinajpur			10	.5	5	1	
	Jalpaiguri District.		-					
82	Jalpaiguri			9	-5	29	1.	
	Darjeeling District.	1.		A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH				
83	Darjeeling	1	1	15	-7	12	01 4	
84	Kurseong	9	1.2	3	-4	8	BI "	
	Rangpur District.							
85	Parameter	1	-04	13	-6	13	-	
86	0.00	1	-04	2	-2	3	-	
30	Galbandha			-	8.0		120	
	Bogra District.			1				
87	Bogra			2	1	4		
88	Sherpur			To and		9	2 -1	

500		29		The same of the	-	- Comment		26	
Me	asles.	Relapsin	ng fever.	Typhus	fever.	Other	fevers.	Deaths from child birth.	
Deaths.	Ra io.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths	Ratio.	birth.	
1001471		- Trans	School .	-	and the same of th				
						18.8	FOT8		
						3	1.3		
1	-04					140	5-6	1	
44.									
21.	4						1.8		
20.	1					24	7.1		
212	*			0 61		1	-2	Draw Co.	
-	9	1	2011		199	-	- spatia		
2	-1					200	7.8		
100	73			1	1		12.2		
22	22	100					-4	age	
3	8	1.		D-1-1		37	2.9	mall I	
P	4					60.0	6.6	entit di	
				1			10.9	part of	
1				1		A 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	100		
2	-2					7	0.6		
				1	- 2				
	1					2	-6		
4.		18							
						109	5.7	1	
						14	1.3		
						12	2.4		
	0		1	D-20		1	1		
1	-04			11	-4	85	3.1	1 1 1 1 1	
1	-1					6	-7		
	105	1		1		4		Spare Land	
						38	2.0		
				100		*		1	
						55	2.9		
		10		1					
1	-1			1		267	12-6	1	
94			1			143	19 .2		
		100	1	P. ST.			1		
		1	1 . 1						
2:				1	-04	40	1.9		
			1 ::			. 28	3 -3		
				1	1 1 1 1 1		The state of		
						15	1.0		
0.00	32	10000	1	4,000	I Was a	12	2.8	THE RESERVE	

1	2		2	7	1 2	8	2	9
100	Other Jefors. The		Dyser	ntery.	Diarr	hoea.	Pneun	nonia.
No.	Towns.		and a	editori i	ottast	and and a	No. In	Theethe.
			Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
	B.—TOWNS.							
	Nadia District.							
61	Birnagar		1	-4			6	2 -6
62	Santipur		35	1.4	17	.7	30	1.2
63	Chakdaha		2	-5			5	1.3
64	Kushtia	••	3	-3	3	-3	7	.7
65	Kumarkhali		12	3 .6	1	-3	4	1.2
66	Merherpur		1	•2			5	-8
	Murshidabad District	•					1	
67	Berhampur	••	44	1.6	9	-3	57	2.1
68	Murshidabad		3	-3	5	-5	22	2.3
69	Jiaganj-Azimganj		5	.5	1	.1	6	-6
70	Kandi	••	9	.7	3	-2	1	-1
71	Jangipur	••	3	-2	4	-3	7	-5
72	Dhulian		1	·1	2	.2	4	-4
	Jessore District.						1	1
73	Jessore	••	9	-8	5	-4	15	1.3
74	Kotchandpur		1	.2	-:	.:	2	-3
75	Maheshpur		2	-6	1	-3	3	-9
50	Kheina District.			12.21		- 2	****	1
76	Khulna	••	38	2.0	14	-7	14	.7
77	Satkhira	••	7	-6	6	-5	26	2.3
78	Debhatta		10	2 .0	1	.2	6	1.2
-	Rajshahi District.		0.1	11			40	
79 80	Rajshahi		24	-9	3	.1	23	-8
80	Nator		1	·1			16	1.9
81	Dinajpur District.		20				00	***
01	Dinajpur	••	20	1.0			22	1.2
82	Jalpaiguri District. Jalpaiguri		14	-	2		- 00	1.0
02	Jalpaiguri Darjeeling District.		19	-7	2	-1	30	1.6
83			11				41	1.0
84	- The Tall		11	·5 1·5	14	2.4	19	2.6
04	Kurseong		11	1.3	10	2.4	19	2.0
	Rangpur District.		100				1	
85	Rangpur		17	-8	5	•2	24	1.2
86	Gaibandha		3	-4			3	-4
30	Bogra District.	••	-					
87	Bogra		12	-8	2	-1	14	-9
88	Sherpur		4	-9		44.55	5	1.2
		**		.0			0	1.2

30)	3	1	3:	2		33		34
Tubercu	losis of gs.	Whoopin	ig cough.	Other I	respiratoy eases.	Death	s under one	year.	Infant mortality rate.
Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Male.	Female.	Total.	1410,
							311	or a	
				3	1.3	7	8	15	267 -9
19	-8	!		19	-8	78	37	115	21 -6
1	-8			1	.3	6	3	9	118 -4
3	-3			2	-2	4	5	9	44-6
				1	-3	4	10	. 14	241 -4
				3	• •5	10	- 11	21	140 -9
36	1.3			18	-7	42	53	95	149 -8
				5	-5	20	17	37	148 -6
8	-7	1	-1	2	-2	3	4	7	38 -9
3	-2			4	-3	10	8	18	82 -6
2	2			2	-2	7	13	20	44 -7
4	-4	1	-1			23	7	30	95 -2
3	-3					6		12	40.5
	-3	1.		4	-4	1	6 2	3	46.5
1				1	-3	1		1	50 ·8 26 ·3
								anna fe	20 0
- 5	-3			- 6	-3	30	29	59	109 -7
		1.		9	-8	22	17	39	170 -3
. 2	-4			3	-6	21	9	30	220 -6
4					93				107 101
- 11	-4	1	-04	11	4	45	29	74	81 -9
8	1.0			6	.7	2	5	7	53 -0
5	-3			4	-2	9	12	21	184 -2
							-	100	AUE M
14	-7			16	-8	9	5	14	39 -4
***							1 320		
62	2.9			7	-3	46	43	89	114 -8
40	5.4			5	•7	36	18	54	186 -9
20	33			-	4+			100	SUP SUP
- 11	-5	3	·1	10	-5	28	9	37	85 -5
3	-4	1.		3	- 4	9	7	16	74 -4
5	-3			3	-2	14	6	20	93 -9
3	.7	1.		4	-9	8	5	13	109 -2
-									100

No.	Towns.	Anth	rax.	Acute Poli	omyelitis.	Berl-Beri.	
Palle.	Control Contro	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
	B-TOWNS.			-			
	Pabna District.						
20	Dolone						
89	Pabna		D			1.	1 1
90	Sirajganj						09.
160			B			18	
6-0	Malda District.		15- 23				
91	English Bazar						
92	Old Malda	0. 10	0				
93	Nawabganj						
20		23 000	1	101 11	. 41	Ser.	
10-81	13 2	toe	4 4 1	0 0			
1.8	Dacca District.					-	10
94	Dacca					2	-01
95	Narayanganj						1
		100 W				- 1979	
	Mymensingh District.						
96	Mymensingh						
97	Muktagacha						
98	Gouripur						1.
99	Netrakona						
100	Jamalpur						a
101	Sherpur						
102	Kishorganj			1			
103	n		1000		7 7		
104			**				
104	Tangail		2				1
		-					12
	Faridpur District.	1. 1. 13					
105	Faridpur						
106	Rajbari					2	-3
107	Madaripur					1	-0
	Submer Bullet -						
		(th. 12)		1		262	50
	Bakarganj District.	34.	1000		Part He	28	640
108	Barisal					3	-1
109	Jhalakati	51					10.
110	Nalchiti						
111	Pirojpur					1	-1
112	Patuakhali		1				
113	Bhola	100	21 11 1				33

no mine	6	1 7	7		8	9		10	
Can	er.	Chicker	ı-pox.	Dipht	theria.	Epidemic	dropsy.	Lepi	rosy.
Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
								bra	
							Jahdi	S resta	
		"		1	-04				
				1	-03				
							Jahhr	G Street	
								what state	10
									9
							Johnson	const	
21	-2	1		4	-03	-		3	-02
2	-1	1.						I said a live	
		1							
							and the same of		
1	-03			4	-1				
2	-3								
	**			2	-2				
				4	-3			Deter	19 19
							.tation	S motion (
									1
1	-04								
							, tatelate	Longradull	
									an Course
6	-2			3	·1			i i	-03
1	-2							· inter	and in
								THE STATE OF	de l'in
1	-1							West tax	- "
				1	-2				2 :11
				1	-2				

1	2		11		12	1	3
No.	Towns.	Mur	nps.	Tuberculos	is of joints.	Tubercu	losis of ges.
	Anna start	Deaths,	Ratio,	Deaths,	Ratio,	Deaths,	Ratio,
		-					
	B.—TOWNS-						
89	Pahna						
90	Stenland						
	otrajganj		E	- "		4 3	
	Maida District.						
91	English Bazar						
92	Old Malda						
93	Nawabganj					100	
	Cases tracked	-					
	Dacca District.				100		450
94	Dacca			2	-01	1	
95	Narayanganj						
						7	
	Mymensingh District.						
96	Mymensingh					1	
97	Muktagacha						
98	Gouripur						
99	Netrakona						
100	Jamalpur				1		
101	Sherpur						
102	Kishorganj						
103	Bajitpur						
104	Tangail						
						1	
	Faridpur District.						
105	Faridpur]	1	-1		
106	Rajbari			1			
107	Madaripur			3			
						199	
	Chimerella TI		H			1	
	Bakarganj District.		3			The state	
108	Barisal						
109	Jhalakati						
110	Nalchiti						
111	Pirojpur					1	
112	Patuakhali						
113	Bhola						

14			15		16	17		18	-
Other tu	ercular- uses.	Other	causes.	Blackwa	ater fever.	Cerebospi	nal fever.	Enteric gro	und of fev
Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
							JUNE	17-6	
		40	1.8				Jania.	2	-1
4		71	2.2					13	-4
			8		*			l laste	
		23	1.4					1	-1
		19	6.8						
		78	4 -9						
74	-5	1,452	10 -5			2	-01	69	•5
1	-03	401	11 -7			1	-03	7	•2
						**			
		104	3 -4	1	-03	1	-03	11	-4
		33	5.4					1	-2
		11	1 .7					1	-2
		55	5 -0					1	-1
		124	5 -4					6	-3
0		115	5-9					3	.2
	11	51	3 · 3						
		35	3.0					5	-3
F	9 "	68	4 - 2				•		
			-						
		37	2 · 4				_televals	7 10 10	
7		41	5.8	. 1	-1				
91.		81	3.0					3	.1
		1 -			2			Towns of	
		85	2.4				Alberto.	26	-7
		32	4.9		P 9				
		2	1.0					1	.5
		49	4.5		7				
		54	8.4						11
		10	1.8					1	1
			-		3 1				-

1	2	19		20		21	
10 00 1		Influer	nza.	Kala-	Azar.	Malar	ia.
No.	Towns.						
.ellel	Jatio, Deaths,	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
	B—TOWNS,						
	Pabna District.						
89	Pabna	V		3	-1	8	.1
90	Sirajganj			8	.2	2	-1
	Malda District.						
91	English Bazar			3	•2	4	•2
92	Old Malda			3	1.1	7	2.5
93	Nawabganj			1	-1	2	-1
200	Dacca District.				ne mait	1	27
94	Dacca	1	-01	88	-6	18	-1
:95	Narayanganj			3	-1	9	-8
6.5	Mymensingh District.				-2	2	-1
-96	Mymensingh			7	-2	3	-5
97	Muktagacha			"	-2	1 10	2.1
-98	Gouripur		1	1	12	13	5.7
:99	Netrakona					63	-2
100	Jamalpur		.: "	4	-2	19	1.0
101	Sherpur			7	-1	14	-9
102	Kishorganj			3	-3	8	-7
103	Bajitpur			3	-2	6	-4
104	Tangall	1		3	-2		
	Faridpur District.				2 10	75	
105	Faridpur	1	.1	5	-3	75	1.0
106	Rajbari			100	1 536	1	- 3000
107	Madaripur	1	-04	3	-1		
-	Bakarganj District.				2 28	II.	
108	Barisal	3	-1	14	-4	9	-3
109	Jhalakati			2	.3	1	-2
110	Nalchiti				1 100	1	-5
111	Pirojpur			1	-1		
112	Patuakhali			2	.3	-:.	
_113	Bhola	1	.2	2	-4		

22		83	23	24		25	25	
Me	easles.	Relapsia	ng fever.	Typhu	s fever.	Other	fevers.	Deaths from child birth.
Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	
							Wor- a	
						.1100	Pakes Di	
8	·	P	9			62	. 2.8	5
	A2	*]	al		a	248	7.6	11
						46	2.7	2
				0.5		11	4.0	
	24			ž.,	1	90	5.7	2
						Joh	Desce Dict	
17	-1	7	101	46	-3	170	1.2	57
11	-3	***	=1	0.3		236	6.9	14
						District	dynamical	
1	-1	1.		1		186	6·1 3·1	5
				F-1.	0	3	-5	3
		P		P		22	2.0	11
2	01	=	ž /	7,		121	5 -2	12
8	4		M	3	et 11	79	4-0	100
1 2	-1			1	-1	63 16	1.4	7
1	1					51	3.2	2
ha H								
					4	,iniste	d supplied	
0114	•3	e		9	-6	17	1.1	6
0.00	m	1.	n	2	-3	66	9.3	3
10	-4	2				59	2.2	2
						200100	Districted !	
1-1-1-5	-1			21.0		221	6 -2	14
1000				2 4 L. 2	1 1	8	1.2	1
118: 5		0		1	-5	6	3.1	1
PERSON.				1 2	-1	24 14	2 - 2	
1005.		b				6	1.1	1
1	Laurantel	S. IS. INCOME.	1		Total Control		The state of the s	

1	2			7	2		2	
No.	Towns.	9	Dyse	ntery.	Diarr	hoea.	Pneun	nonia,
	de fields	Deat	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
	n 70WH0							
	B.—TOWNS. Pabna District.							
89			5	2	. 6	-3	7	-3
90	Pabna Sirajganj		19	-6	15	-5	26	-8
30	Shalkani							
- 7	Malda District.							
91	English Bazar		. 6	.4	. 5	.3	. 10	6
92.	Old Malda		., 8	2.9	7	2.5	. 4	1.4
93	Nawabganj		1	.1	4	3	12	8
	Dacca District.		1		400			
94	Dacca		213	1.5	103	7	498	3.6
95	Narayanganj		34	1.0	12	4	8- 21	11 .6
	Mymensingh Dist	rict.						
96	Mymensingh		20	7	13	-4	14	-5
97	Muktagacha		g- 1	2			4	.7
98	Gouripur		9	1.4	4	-6	3	5
99	Netrakona		. 6	-5	4	-4	. 3	3
100	Jamalpur		7	.3	5	-2	10	4
-101	Sherpur		15	-8	18	-9	21	1.1
102	Kishorganj		12	8	. 3	.2	b	
103	Bajitpur		- 5	-4	. 5	. 4	3	-3
104	Tangail		15	9	9	. 6	13	-8
	Faridpur Distric	t.						
105	Faridpur		8. 9	-6	7	5	. 25	1.6
106	Rajbari		- 12		10	1.4	20	.2.8
107	Madaripur		16	9 6	. 5	. 2	5	-2
						1		
	Bakarganj Distri	ct.				1	1	
1108	Barisal		. 64	1.8	5	1	39	1.1
109	Jhalakati		7	1.1	1	.2	4	-6
1110	Nalchiti		5	2.6	1	.5	2	1.0
111	Pirojpur		3	-3	1	1	2	-2
112	Patuakhali		8. 4	. 6			4	-6
113	Bhola		5	9	. 3	5	. 8	1 -4

3	0	3	1	33	2	1	33	4 .	34
Tubercu	llosis of	Whoopin	ng cough.	Other re	spiratory ases.	Deaths	s under one	year.	Infant mortality rate.
Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Male.	Female.	Total.	
							.301	WOT-4	
5	-2			3	-1	9	6	15	57 -3
11	-3			13	-4	60	47	107	188 -4
100								average a	100 1611
							District.	Markhall	
1	-1			. 4	2	. 8	. 5	13	39-9
2	-7			11	4.0	8	7	15	182 -9
1	-1			1	-1	26	25	G #100 51	93 -8
FO	111					-		. ethe	-0 711
1 11 11	Paul							aireduces	II SII
74	-5			413	3-0	547	452	999	176 -3
6	-2	*		11	-3	141	122	263	197 -3
30	25.0	10-	01				super legica	A 200 507 CO	91
		-							-
17	-6		-1	15	-5	43	36	79	259 -9
3	-5	2	-3	1	-2	13	7	20	128 -2
				3	-5	3	5	8	210 -5
3	-3			. 1	-1	23	15	38	191 -9
3	-1			1	-04	47	39	86	139 -2
8	-4			3	-2	51	23	74	109 -1
4	-3			3	·2	33	21	54	158 -8
2	-2	1	-1	1	-1	. 9	6	15	70 -8
4	-2			8	-5	21	17	38	93 -1
							1 1		
3	-2			4	-3	19	25	44	215 -7
2	-3	1	-1	1	-1 -	31	27	58	322 -2
2	·1					8	13	21	48.8
									-
							3,000	Constitution of	
9	-3	4	-1	10	-3	77	82	159	184 -5*
	1		1 11	10	-2	7	5	12	101 -7
		1		2	1.0	2	3	5	172 -4
1	-1			1	-1	11	12	23	81 .9
1	-2	1				15	11	26	194 -0
		1.1		5	9	8	7	15	130 -4
-1	138	10 130	1	Indian	Lumber	1000000	- water within	The same of the same	· CHENTON I

No.	Towns.		Anthrax.		Acute Poliomyelitis.		Beri-Beri.	
	Pennals, Tesal.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	
	B.—TOWNS. Chittagong District.							
114	Chittagong							
115	Cox's Bazar							
	Noakhali District.							
116	Noakhali		2			F		
	Contract of	1	0.9 3			1		
	Tippera District.	Mar. 1	0 1	- 4		F		
117	Comilla					1	-03	
118	Brahmanbaria							
119	Chandpur							
	Total of Towns					90	-0:	
	Total for the Bengal Presidency.	18	-0004	439	-01	830	-0:	

6	O SE	7	1	8		9		10	
Cance	r.	Chicken-pox.		Diphtheria.		Epidemic dropsy.		Leprosy.	
Deaths	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
								HWOT-,H	
							Jeon	o ye made	
		200	100		1		- 44	Sales	
8	·2			2	.04				and the
							Asida	Q Hawkern	
1			3 1		D.	1	-	Main.	MON BUI
							•• 100	ID STREET	
									217 Com
1							Mary 1	inplead	deall (212
2	-1								110.00
3	·1								
1	-1			3	-2	001.1	- 1255 Jap		staT.
393	-1	38	-01	147	-04	196	-1	31	-01
853	-02	551	-01	704	- 01	506	-01	1,304	-03

No.	Towns.	0.00	nps.	Tuberculos	is of joints.	Tubercu menin	
- 01	Ratio Destas Rus	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
	B.—TOWNS. Chittagong District.						
114	Chittagong						
115	Cox's Bazar	\	10	=		1. 2	
116	Noakhali District,	1	-1				
110	Noakhali	1				i	
117	Comilla						
118	Brahmanbaria						
119	Chandpur					. 1	4.
	Total of Towns	2	-001	8	-002	1.1	1 .
10	Total for the Bengal Presidency.	100	-002	282	-01	56	-001

Other tu dise		Other o	causes.	Blackwa	16 ater fever.	Crebrospii		Enteric feve	group of
Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
							.100	FOT-8	
		485	9.1				, hurdrick	39	-7
		36	7 -2					miles i	115 CH
		61	4.7				, extende	limit (eq.)	-1
100		11					.,	. Held	HE NO
3	-1	107	3 -4					3	-1
4	-2	176	6.6				Jakob	6 seems on	-3
	1	40	2.4			700		3	-2
355	-1	26,202	7.5	7	-002	315	· 1	1,950	-6
1,104	-02	192,455	3 -9	207	-004	1,378	-03	7,875	-2

1	2	1	9	20	21	21	B.K.
No.	Towns.	Influer	ıza.	Kala-a	zar.	Malari	
,dh	Hattis Desites II	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
	B.—TOWNS.						
	Chittagong District.				U. 86		
114	Chittagong	. 2	-04	27	.5	14	-3
115	Cox's Bazar			8	-6		
	Noakhali District.			3	· 20		
116	Noakhali			1	-1		
	Tippera District.			- 3	5 3	1	.0
117	Comilla			4	-1	2	-1
118	Brahmanbaria			6	.2	4	-2
119	Chandpur			3	-2	3	.2
	Total of Towns	384	-1	566	-2	1,967	-6
	Total for the Bengal Predency.	2,127	-04	15,453	-3	369,448	7.4

22		23		24		25		26
Meas	les.	Relapsing	g fever.	Typhus	fever.	Other fe	vers.	Deaths from child births.
Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	
							man T-1	
						James	Tanking and	45
6	-1					239	4.5	15
				2	-4	15	3 .0	
						dahdad	HACKSON	
1	-1					28	2 ·1	4
						365	III KITSE	
2	-1	1				28	-9	6
8	-3	8				84	3 -2	4
1	-1	E				54	3 -2	2
475	-1			89	-03	8,019	2 · 3	692
5,789	1-44,162	2	-00004	5,183	OLT,55:1	310,054	6.2	16,133

1	2	2	7	2	8		29
Ńо.	Towns.	Dyse	ntery.	Diarr	hoea.	Pneu	imonia.
	Bouten Course	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deat hs.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.
	B—Towns. Chittagong District.						
114	Chittagong	. 76	1.4	11	-2	44	-8
115	Cox's Bazar	. 1	-2			3	-6
	Noakhali District.						
116	Noakhali	31	2 · 4	4	-3	6	-5
	Tippera District.						
117	Comilla	14	-4	4	-1	5	-2
118	Brahmanbaria	41	1.5	21	-8	7	-3
119	Chandpur	21	1.2	3	-2	1	-1
249	Total of Towns	4,199	1 .2	2,872	-8	5,028	1-4
6,133	Total for the Bengal Presi- dency.	24,730	-5	20,692	-4	44,967	.9

30	12300	3	1 20 30 10	32	and	a -an ii	33	10.00	34
Tuberculo lung		Whoopin	ng cough.	Other re	espiratory ases.	Deat	ths under on	e year.	Infant mortalit
Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Deaths.	Ratio.	Male.	Female.	Total.	rate.
ARTE COM	1 22		total adam oppositorio					1	
.burneys			Johnson						
13	-2	2	-04	28	-5	144	107	251	142 -7
1	-2			15	3 -0	3	ald san 2	5	56 -2
152	1 700.0			02				arrhind	E
00	2003		71.	13				throtage.	12
311.				2	-2	14	12	26	92 -9
181	out.			100				tive sability	1 4.
100 g	THE REAL PROPERTY.	unit is		- 62				Hoofily	3
2	-1			1	-03	27	9	36	100 -8
		1	-04	4	-2	42	42	84	101 -0
2	-1	1	-1	5	-3	16	7	23	117 -3
4,425	1 ·3	79	-02	7,455	2 ·1	8,298	6,535	14,833	168 -3
12,363	-2	1,837	-04	26,036	-5	146,259	121,635	267,894	159 -3

and the state of t

sequality by s

ushing pergulita

Err ... Haittler trees des int star

102,00

205,0

Annual Form No. VII.—Deaths registered from CHOLERA in the

No.	The Street	Districts.			Circles of	Registration.	Vill	ages.
No.	A Single	Districts.		1	Charles and the	V.m.b.	office of the section	A LANGE OF LANGE
282	Laboration 1				Number in each district.	Number from which deaths from cholera were reported.	Number in each district.	Number from which deaths from cholera were reported.
	80	rdwan Div	ision.		2 1		. 6	1 5 -
1	Burdwan				29	23	2,637	223
2	Birbhum				15	12	2,403	59
3	Bankura				22	20	3,479	114
4	Midnapur				39	31	10,590	283
5	Hooghly				28	25	2,190	209
6	Howrah				13	12	1,113	559
20.1011	Pre	sidency Di	ivision.			194		1 33
7	24-Parganas		1.		63	58	3,293	1,773
8	Calcutta	000,0			1	1	1	1
9	Nadia	150,121	165,391		34	12	2,410	41
10	Murshidabad				26		1,835	125
11	Jessore				26	24	3,596	642
12	Khulna		=		25	25	2,152	1,312
***						11		
		ajshahi Div	ision.				4 400	
13	Rajshahi	***			24	18	4,400	62
14	Dinajpur				31		6,578	20
15	Jalpaiguri				19	1	769	3
16	Darjeeling				14	1	533	
17	Rangpur				32	5	4,074 2,414	13
18	Bogra				15			106
19	Pabna				19		2,448	
20	Malda				18	13	2,326	41
		acca Divi	sion.					1
21	Dacca				34	34	5,252	516
22	Mymensingh				59	52	8,326	317
23	Faridpur				28	28	3,634	659
24	Bakarganj				39	39	2,974	1,205
	Ch	ittagong Di	ivision.		1 7		5 M 3	MARTIN
25	Chittagong				22		1,055	84
26	Noakhali				15	15	1,699	244
27	Tippera	*****	. 1		114 23	23	4,180	739
tet	Total for the	Bongal Pr	ooldoney	1	713	536	,88,361	0,352

districts of the Bengal Presidency during each month of the year 1940.

Burdwan Division. 1 Burdwan						Name of Street		
Burdwan Division. Burdwan	No.	D	istricts.					
Burdwan 11 5 7					September.	October	November	December.
Burdwan 11 5 7	and the	July	June.	- (20)	A Pallogia	made	Listada	Amin's
Birbhum		and the second second	an Division.					
Bankura					11			1
4 Midnapur 13 40 21 8 5 Hooghly 19 7 12 2 6 Howrah 16 37 50 11 Presidency Division. 7 24-Parganaa 62 91 223 64 8 Calcutta 13 27 84 6 9 Nadia 2 10 12 10 10 3 3 10 10 3 3 5 6 64 9 1 23 64 6 6 9 1 23 64 6 6 9 1 23 64 6 9 1 23 1 <t< td=""><td></td><td>1 54</td><td>es</td><td>n</td><td></td><td>22</td><td>4</td><td>5</td></t<>		1 54	es	n		22	4	5
5 Hooghly 19 7 12 2 6 Howrah 16 37 50 11 Presidency Division. 7 24-Parganas 62 91 223 64 8 Calcutta 13 27 84 9 9 Nadia 2 105 38 10 Murshidabad 9 2 44 6 11 Jessore 2 105 38 12 Khulna 180 447 805 1,21 Rajshahi Division. 13 Rajshahi Division. 1 1 1 1 1 14 Dinajpur 6				4		102	1000	10
Presidency Division.				4	171		N 1500	
Presidency Division.		1 10 11		14		1987 1991	100	2
7 24-Parganas 62 91 223 64 8 Calcutta 13 27 84 9 9 Nadia 2 10 10 Murshidabad 2 105 38 11 Jessore 2 105 38 12 Khuina 180 447 805 1,21 Rajshahi Division. 13 Rajshahi 1 1 1 14 Dinajpur 6 15 Jalpaiguri .	6	Howrah	BE	12	16	37	50	11
7 24-Parganas 62 91 223 64 8 Calcutta 13 27 84 9 9 Nadia 2 10 10 Murshidabad 2 105 38 11 Jessore 2 105 38 12 Khuina 180 447 805 1,21 Rajshahi Division. 13 Rajshahi 1 1 1 14 Dinajpur 6 15 Jalpaiguri .	F T	Paris	naú Blulelan	1921	154	DIL		12
8 Calcutta					40	01	000	
9 Nadia								
10 Murshidabad 9 2 44 9 11 Jessore 2 105 38 12 Khulna 180 447 805 1,21 Rajshahi Division. 13 Rajshahi 1 1 1 1 14 Dinajpur 6 15	374				1 100			1 44
11 Jessore 2 105 38 12 Khulna 180 447 805 1,21 Rajshahi Division. 13 Rajshahi 1 1 1 14 Dinajpur 6 15 Jalpaiguri	100000			7.7		The same of	Towns.	
Rajshahi Division. 1								
Rajshahi Division. 13 Rajshahi 1<				DE 1000				
13 Rajshahi 1 <td>12</td> <td>Knuma</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>100</td> <td>111</td> <td>000</td> <td>1,21</td>	12	Knuma		-	100	111	000	1,21
13 Rajshahi 1 <td></td> <td>Palaha</td> <td>hi Division</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>N. T.</td> <td></td> <td>1</td>		Palaha	hi Division			N. T.		1
14 Dinajpur 6 15 15 Jalpaiguri 16 Darjeeling 17 Rangpur 18 Bogra 19 Pabna 20 Malda 21 Dacca	10				,		,	
15 Jalpaiguri					1991 131	11		05.
16 Darjeeling	15.73							
17 Rangpur <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>- 11/201</td><td></td></t<>							- 11/201	
18 Bogra						133 11-	. 1 3 1 2	
19 Pabna	4.4							
Dacca Division. 21 Dacca 12 14 14 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>27</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>				27				
Dacca Division. 21 Dacca 12 14 14 4 22 Mymensingh 6 9 13 3 23 Faridpur 10 3 90 46 24 Bakarganj 18 47 549 2,16 Chittagong Division. 25 Chittagong 4 1 1 1 26 Noakhali 27 16 20 8					100	0.00		
21 Dacca 12 14 14	20	Maida			5	2	9	120
22 Mymensingh 6 9 13 3 23 Faridpur 10 3 90 46 24 Bakarganj 18 47 549 2,16 Chittagong Division. 25 Chittagong 4 1 1 1 26 Noakhali 27 16 20 8			a Division.				Maria I	1
23 Faridpur 10 3 90 46 24 Bakarganj 18 47 549 2,19 Chittagong Division. 25 Chittagong 4 1 1 1 26 Noakhali 27 16 20 8			10		18		4 3/13/1	
24 Bakarganj 18 47 549 2,16 Chittagong Division. 25 Chittagong 4 1 1 1 26 Noakhali 27 16 20 8			er					100
Chittagong Division. 25 Chittagong		1	. ··					
25 Chittagong	24	Bakarganj	90	A	18	47	549	2,19
25 Chittagong							1 17	1
26 Noakhali		43330	ong Division.			*		
			44					
27 Tippera								1
	27	Tippera		1	4	15	37	56

and the second s		otal.	No. of Street, or other Parks					-	population.		Mean ratio
Male.	F	emale,	Tot	al.	М	ale.	Female	e.	Total.	pi	r, 1,00 iuring revious five years,
126		135		261		-2		.2	·2		
55	(a,E	69		124		-1		·1	·1	31	
63	19.2	57		120		-1		.1	-1		
239	0.5	272		511		.2		-2	-2		
136	02,02	133		269		•2		.3	-2		3
410	01,20	410		820		.7		-8	-8		1
	140	01							- Server		
1,317		1,261		2,578		•9		1-0	-9	1	1
398	e,t	190		588		•5		.5	-5		
46		48		94		·1		.1	-1		
98	0.5	107		205		- 1		-2	.2	43	
495	18,51	441		936		- 6		.6	-6		01 1
1,851	M.E.	1,518		3,369		2.2	59	2.0	2 ·1		1
	17,20					15			and the		
							. natilities	716			
61	1	42		103		-1		.1	·1		
29	100	25		54		-03		-03	.03		
17		5		22		-03		-01	•02	-	
				11					at the last		••
10	0.85	9		19		-01		•01	·01		
2	0,2	4		6		-003		-01	-01		
93	100	64		157		-1		.1	-1		1
88	6,5	94		182		-2	100	.2	. 2	-	
							Palitie	Id st	0.0		
637	Table .	397		1,034		-4	1 425	.2	-3		1
352	100	282		634		-1	-	.1	-1	-	. 1
924	1 53	698		1,622		-8	1	-6	-7		2
2,965	10.8	2,639		5,604		2.0	100	1.8	1.9		2
	1						nelijvio	2043	2000		
93	P. P.	56		149		- 1		.1	- 1		
304	2.5	237		541		-4	144	-3	-8		1
950	1,1	791		1,741		-6	1	•5	-6		1
	1										

Annual Form No. VIII.—Deaths registered from SMALL-POX in the

1	2		3		4
		Circles of 1	Registration.	Vill	lages.
No.	Districts.	Number in each district.	Number from which deaths from cholera were	Number in each district.	Number from which deaths from cholera were
			reported.		reported.
	Burdwan Division.	1702	(5)		31
1	Burdwan	29	24	2,637	167
2	Birbhum	1000	13	2,403	51
3	Bankura	00	12	3,479	12
4	Midnapore	90	20	10,590	83
5	Hooghly	00	24	2,190	213
6	Howrah		13	1,113	259
	Presidency Division.	1000	1		19.5
7	24-Parganas	63	47	3,293	336
8	Calcutta		1	1	1
9	Nadia ,		27	2,410	130
10	Murshidabad	00	9	1,835	18
11	Jessore	00	13	3,596	18
12	Khulna	0.5	9	2,152	
	- International Control of the Contr				
	Rajshahi Division.	1 100	20		
13	Rajshahi	1 6465	4	4,400	
14	Dinajpur		9	6,578	21
15	Jalpaiguri		8	769	
16	Darjeeling		1	533	. 1
17	Rangpur		19	4,074	55
18	Bogra	1200	2	2,414	2
19	Pabna		10	2,448	40
20	Malda	. 18	4	2,326	1
	Dacca Division.				Page May
21	Dacca	. 34	33	5,252	24
22	Mymensingh	. 59	33	8,326	17
23	Faridpur	. 28	20	3,634	4
24	Bakarganj	. 39	9	2,974	20
				FIFE	
	Chittagong Division.				1307
25	Chittagong		6	1,055	1
26	Noakhali		6	1,699	3
27	Tippera	. 23	9	4,180	1
	Total for the Bengal Presidency .	. 713	385	86,361	1,984
					TY.

districts of the Bengal Presidency during each month of the year 1940.

18 7	6 2	8 11	5 12	8	1	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #
				ng Division.	ENDING.	22
3	3	3	4			
3	3	3	4	1	1	
		200.00		199		1
12	6	16	15	14	9	1
14	36	51	39	33	13	15 12
41	33	106	110	84	. 77	3 12
				. Division.	Dace	
		4	2			
6	7	11	11	7	7	12 CV
			4.6			
101	9	12	25	98		15 3.5
	9		74	3	**	g at
•	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7		5	1	. Martini	
8			1			a
			1	- 41	. Madel	2 181
2	10	14	2	2	2	
.1	4	8		8		A 1 -1
1	9	6	4	2	. 3	i ii
66	51	75	51	28	10	B 01
97	184	177	133	115	61	7 G 4
166	129	114	84	22	24	1
1	201-11	88			and other	2 73
127	136	118	83	59	45	1
32	39	32	29	19	13	
Pro Sulfan		1000	4	4.4	4	
		4.4	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4.4	11	
200	44	1 1 1 1		4.4	12	
	1 2				. Hatte	
			-	, and a second		
February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.
20000000	No. of Street	This some				
	22 5 2 35 32 127 166 97 66 1 1 2 3 4 1 4	22 38 5 4 2 4 35 29 32 39 127 136 166 129 97 184 66 51 1 9 1 4 2 10 3 4 18 9 1 6 7 6 7	22 38 43 5 4 16 2 4 13 35 29 22 32 39 32 127 136 118 166 129 114 97 184 177 66 51 75 1 9 6 1 4 8 2 10 14 3 4 18 11 9 5 1 4 9 12 6 7 11 4 9 12 6 7 11 4 9 12	22 38 43 62 5 4 16 24 2 4 13 18 35 29 22 17 32 39 32 29 127 136 118 83 166 129 114 84 97 184 177 133 66 51 75 51 1 9 6 4 1 4 8 12 2 10 14 2 3 1 4 4 18 11 5 9 5 7 1 4 6 7 11 11 4 2 41 33 106 110 14 36 51 39	22 38 43 62 31 5 4 16 24 3 2 4 13 18 12 35 29 22 17 7 32 39 32 29 19 127 136 118 83 59 166 129 114 84 22 97 184 177 133 115 66 51 75 61 28 1 9 6 4 2 1 4 8 12 8 2 10 14 2 2 3 1 4 18 11 5 1 4 6 7 11 11 7 4 6 7 11 11 7 <td>22 38 43 62 31 12 5 4 16 24 3 2 4 13 18 12 7 35 29 22 17 7 4 32 39 32 29 19 13 127 136 118 83 59 45 166 129 114 84 22 24 97 184 177 133 115 61 66 51 75 61 28 10 1 9 6 4 2 3 1 4 8 12 8 3 2 10 14 2 2 2 3 1 4 18 11 5 1 4 9 12 25 28 4 9 12 25 28 <</td>	22 38 43 62 31 12 5 4 16 24 3 2 4 13 18 12 7 35 29 22 17 7 4 32 39 32 29 19 13 127 136 118 83 59 45 166 129 114 84 22 24 97 184 177 133 115 61 66 51 75 61 28 10 1 9 6 4 2 3 1 4 8 12 8 3 2 10 14 2 2 2 3 1 4 18 11 5 1 4 9 12 25 28 4 9 12 25 28 <

Presidency Division.			-	2			
Burdwan Division. 2 3 3 3 2 2 3 3 3 3	No.	Districts.				12	
Burdwan Division. 2 3 3 3 2 2 3 3 3 3				September.	October.	November.	December.
Burdwan Division.		June July		and the last	1910	consens	t Jeranan
Burdwan				-			
2 Birbhum		Burdwan Division.			-		
3 Bankura	1			2	3	3	
4 Midnapur 2 1 5 Hooghly 3 3 3 6 Howrah 6 9 7 2 Presidency Division. 7 24-Parganas 29 16 49 24 8 Calcutta 21 15 56 12 Nadia 1 <td></td> <td>Birbhum</td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>2</td> <td>2</td> <td></td>		Birbhum		1	2	2	
5 Hooghly	3			1		1.	8 "
Presidency Division.	_ 15 1			1 22		1	2
Presidency Division. 29 16 49 29 20 20 21 25 20 20 20 20 20 20 20				3	3	3	13
Presidency Division. 7 24-Parganas 29 16 49 2. 8 Calcutta 21 15 56 1: 9 Nadia 1 1 10 Murshidabad 1 1	6	Howrah		6	9	7	2
7 24-Parganas 29 16 49 2. 8 Calcutta 21 15 56 1: 9 Nadia 1 1 10 Murshidabad 1 1 11 Jessore 9 9 25 12 Khulna 13 Rajshahi 1 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>8113</td><td>338</td><td>(30)</td><td>16</td></td<>				8113	338	(30)	16
8 Calcutta		04 Parrane		90	10	40	04
9 Nadia		0.1		1	1000		
10 Murshidabad 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		W. U.					
11 Jessore 9 9 25	90	Mountained			100000	1455	
Rajshahi Division.		*				1	-
Rajshahi Division. 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		Whulma					
Rajshahi Division. 1	12	Kiidida				The second	
13 Rajshahi 1 14 Dinajpur 15 Jalpaiguri 2 16 Darjeeling 17 Rangpur 9 2 10 18 Bogra 19 Pabna 1 20 Malda 1 2 Dacca 40 29 49 1 22 Mymensingh 4 5 8 23 Faridpur 6 24 Bakarganj 2 Chittagong 1 26 Noakhali 1 27 Tippera 2 8 1		Palebahi Division		- 1	100		
14 Dinajpur 15 Jalpaiguri 16 Darjeeling 17 Rangpur 18 Bogra 19 Pabna 20 Malda 21 Dacca 22 Mymensingh 23 Faridpur 24 Bakarganj 25 Chittagong 26 Noakhali 27 Tippera 2 2 8 1	19				1		
15 Jalpaiguri 2 16 Darjeeling 17 Rangpur 9 2 10 18 Bogra 19 Pabna 1		71		la l		- 9	
16 Darjeeling				019	81 9	1	1
17 Rangpur 9 2 10 18 Bogra 19 Pabna 1 20 Malda 1 2 21 Dacca 40 29 49 1 22 Mymensingh 4 5 8 23 Faridpur 6 24 Bakarganj 2 Chittagong 1 26 Noakhali 1 27 Tippera 2 8 1					9	100	1
18 Bogra					1 2.0		1
19 Pabna				121	10 6	1 10 11 11 11	III.
Dacca Division. Dacca Divi				**	1000	1 2 411	200
Dacca Division. 21 Dacca		M-14-			0.00	O PART	
21 Dacca 40 29 49 1 22 Mymensingh 4 5 8 23 Faridpur 6 24 Bakarganj 2 Chittagong Division. 25 Chittagong 1 26 Noakhali 1 27 Tippera 2 8 1		Maida	2			100	
21 Dacca 40 29 49 1 22 Mymensingh 4 5 8 23 Faridpur 6 24 Bakarganj 2 Chittagong Division. 25 Chittagong 1 26 Noakhali 1 27 Tippera 2 8 1		Daces Division.				-	
22 Mymensingh 4 5 8 23 Faridpur 6 24 Bakarganj 2 Chittagong Division. 25 Chittagong 1 26 Noakhali 1 27 Tippera 2 8 1	91			40	90	40	10
23 Faridpur 6 24 Bakarganj 2 Chittagong 1 25 Chittagong 1 1 26 Noakhali 2 8 1 27 Tippera 2 8 1							
24 Bakarganj							100
Chittagong Division. 25 Chittagong						1 32	1
25 Chittagong 1 1 26 Noakhali 1 27 Tippera 2 8 1		Dudangon, 11		"		3-	1
25 Chittagong 1 1 26 Noakhali 1 27 Tippera 2 8 1		Chittagong Division.				1	1
26 Noakhali 1 27 Tippera 2 8 1	25			1			1
27 Tippera 2 8 1							8
		The second secon			93	3	100

	Total.		Numl	among	Ratio of	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population.				
Male,	Female.	Total.	Under one year.	One year	Male,	Female.	Total.	per di pro	n rati 1,000 aring evious years	0
The same of	1000		Simble 3	Market 1						
Jahogo	- Annual Control	, but	ages							
115	118	233	5	16	-1	-2	-2		-5	2
31	32	63		1	·1	·1	·1		*4	4
29	32	61	35	23	-1	·1	-1			4
75	59	134	11	33	-1	-04	- 1		-	1
95	126	221	1	5	-2	-2	-2		1.	
367	345	712			-6	-7	-7		1.	
nen.7	21.1		41					6 - 6		
551	553	1,104	74	344	. 4	leld gardin	n44			4
614	484	1,098	202	49	-8	1.3	1.0	1 3	1 .	4
171	149	320	1	3	-2	-2	-2	7 3	-	3
21	10	31	1	6	-03	-01	-02	6 9	1 .	4
46	35	81	80		.1	-04	·1	6 0		-1
31	12	43	10		-04	-02	-03			-0
20,132	20172		0				- withd	1 2		
4	2	6			-01	-003	-004			.5
20	19	39	18	'	-02	-02	-02			-4
24	10	34		1	-04	-02	-03			.(
I	1	1	91			-01	-003	1 6		•(
61	70	131	6	7	-04	-1	·1			.5
4	2	6			-01	-004	-01			•1
24	30	54			-03	-04	-04			•
6	3	9	61		-01	-01	-01			•
	-					celelele es	en'			
391	365	756	83	299	-2	-2	-2	1 1	2 .	
105	127	232	19	62	-04	-1	-04	1 2	2 .	. 5
52	31	83	3	7	-04	-03	-04	1 3	2 .	. :
20	11	31	6		-01	-01	-01	111		-(
						lidelit erem	200			
16	27	43			-02	-03	-02			
23	27	50		6	-03	-03	-03	1	1	
20	12	32		5	-01	-01	-01		4 9	
2,916	2,692	5,608	447	867	1004	1	1			

316

Annual Form No. IX,-Deaths registered from FEVERS in the

1			2				- 2		4	
						Circles	of R	egistration.	Villa	ges.
No			Districts.			Number in each district.		Number from which deaths from fevers were reported.	Number in each district.	Number from which deaths from fever were reported.
4	Till I	Burdy	wan Divisio	n.					7400 10	191 1
	1	Burdwan					29	29	2,637	3,158
	2	Birbhum					15	15	2,403	2,366
	3	Bankura					22	22	3,479	3,451
	4	Midnapur					39	39	10,590	10,588
	5	Hooghly					28	28	2,190	2,190
	6	Howrah					13	13	1,113	1,086
		Dre	sidency Div	ision.						122
	7	24-Parganas	January D.				63	63	3,293	3,293
	8	Calcutta					1	1	1	1
	9	Nadia					34	34	2,410	2,410
	10	Murshidabad					26	26	1,835	1,435
	11	Jessore		1.10-7			26	26	3,596	3,596
	12	Khulna					25	25	2,152	2,152
		Parl at	and ministra	410		9		- 1		
	10	1000-00	nahi Divisio	n.		24.00			4.400	4 400
	13	Rajshahi		100			24	24	4,400	4,400
	14	Dinajpur		100			31	31	6,578	5,208
	15 16	Jalpaiguri				Section	19	19	769	532
		Darjeeling		10-			14	14	533	100
	17	Rangpur		100			32	32	4,074	3,138 2,065
	19	Bogra		100			15	15	2,414	2,409
17.0	20	Pabna		1-10-	••	4	19	19	2,448	2,277
	20	Malda					18	18	2,326	2,211
		Da	cea Divisio	n.						
	21	Dacca				4 7	34	34	5,252	4,912
	22	Mymensingh					59	59	8,326	8,326
	23	Faridpur					28	28	3,634	3,233
	24	Bakarganj					39	39	2,974	2,608
	-	I was a second of the second o	agong Divi	ion.			-			-
	25	Chittagong				4 -	22	22	1,055	870
	26	Noakhali		-			15	15	1,699	1,388
	27	Tippera					23	23	4,180	1,480
		Total for Ber	eal Preside	nev			713	713	86,361	79,341
		Join 101 Dei	Per Licolds					113	00,001	10,54

districts of the Bengal Presidency during each month of the year 1940.

				1		-	-
January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.
311.5	el cont	12 300	Hear !	2011	-	-	
1,923	1,649	1,701	1,713	1,426	1,341	1,366	1,733
1,473	1,348	1,465	1,409	1,110	1,043	1,007	1,289
1,194	1,140	1,242	1,158	1,002	903	964	1,226
2,792	2,649	2,423	2,310	1,895	1,668	1,868	2,097
735	662	613	653	665	460	552	648
346	285	346	319	303	258	252	315
					. woulded the	20111	
2,109	1,670	1,768	1,547	1,346	1,332	1,510	1,638
271	251	286	359	303	209	280	304
2,054	1,662	1,794	2,235	1,646	1,438	1,453	1,748
1,654	1,465	1,628	1,751	1,483	1,142	1,172	1,601
2,622	1,759	1,851	2,080	1,958	1,605	1,774	2,421
1,317	1,062	1,022	1,277	1,193	1,188	1,395	1,678
					something to a	160	
				1 000		1 000	0.104
2,289	1,884	1,867	2,184	1,989	1,856	1,838	2,184
2,161	2,206	1,861	2,006	1,924	1,727	1,848	2,984
1,345	1,119	1,185	1,174	1,372	1,242	1,169	1,426
418	381	432	485	526	500	3,553	4,562
4,686	3,461	3,737	3,748	3,710	3,368 944	867	333
1,320	1,151	1,088	1,208 2,402	1,241 1,793	1,230	1,362	1,509
1,930	1,422	1,667	1,142	1,418	515	844	1,802
1,643	1,110	1,040	1,172	1,410	010	011	-,00
					e Division.	1560	
3,319	2,755	3,333	4,698	3,584	2,732	2,546	2,389
7,308	5,312	5,440	7,262	7,126	6,619	7,143	7,410
2,967	2,003	2,678	3,725	3,173	2,337	2,443	2,616
3,475	2,478	2,583	2,708	2,339	2,058	2,244	2,05
9.505	9.000	0.050	9.000	9 070	3,694	3,357	2,75
3,585	2,850	2,652	2,699	3,278	1,881	1,792	1,66
1,990	1,637	1,518	1,880	2,103	2,327	2,564	2.51
3,009	2,178	2,522	2,908	2,579	2,021	2,004	2.31
59,935	47,617	49,750	57,030	52,486	45,617	47,622	53,35

1	over mary as	2	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR		manusch rue in	5	12000
No.		Districts.					
100				September.	October.	Novmeber.	December.
August 1	July			ine	and the same	R Residents	t dispost
	The second second	dwan Division.			0.000	0.005	0.440
1	Burdwan			1,967	2,093	3,037	3,446
2	Birbhum	1161		1,164	1,292	1,720	2,090
3	Bankura	quar	OLIVE	1,184	1,324	1,640	1,663
4	Midnapur	300	500.50	2,246	2,776	3,251	3,591
5	Hooghly	889,1		815	845	943	1,137
6	Howrah	1000	200.	322	340	356	364
All all	1 39	200		V19-	634	1990	010
		cy Division.					
7	24-Parganas			1,812	1,848	2,280	2,746
8	Calcutta			267	358	271	243
100 9	Nadia			2,406	3,767	6,179	7,375
10	Murshidabad			1,638	2,244	3,058	3,364
11	Jessore			2,968	3,932	5,193	7,875
12	Khulna			1,537	1,911	1,921	2,700
	10 49 1			THE	224	1 3 3 3 3	The state of the s
	Rajsh	ahi Division.					M. O
13	Rajshahi	MALE	ceo.:-	2,461	2,967	3,927	4,902
14	Dinajpur		100.51	2,699	1,753	1,873	1,719
15	Jalpaiguri	200.0		1,421	1,413	1,583	1,520
16	Darjeeling			467	492	427	404
17	Rangpur			4,416	4,300	6,212	6,090
18	Bogra			1,526	1,436	1,980	2,732
19	Pabna			1,756	2,398	4,037	6,528
20	Malda			1,099	980	1,140	2,084
1		Division.		0.000	2.001		012.5
	Dacca			2,339	2,884	3,687	4,297
22	Mymensingh			6,703	7,349	8,884	10,879
23	Faripur			2,847	3,205	4,888	7,386
24	Bakarganj			2,599	3,062	5,246	6,446
	Chittago	ng Division.					
25	Chittagong	100,0		2,730	2,569	2,791	4,229
26	Noakhali	ISUL		1,512	1,846	2,592	3,968
27	Tippera	128.2		2,429	2,922	3,750	4,323
100,00	Total for the Ber	gal Presidency	100,00	55,330	62,306	82,866	1,03,601

We will be	6	Allega and the		7		8	
	Total.		Ratio of deaths	per 1,000 of p	opulation		
Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	per du pre	Ratio 1,000 ring vious years.
Foliation man		Managar says		-		-	
11,580	11,815	23,395	14.2	15.5	14-9		13 -5
8,227	8,183	16,410	17 -4	17 -2	17 -3	Daniel.	20 -
7,342	7,298	14,640	13 2	13 -2	13 -2	(dalii	12 -
14,547	15,019	29,566	10 .3	10.9	. 10.6	10501	12 -
4,210	4,518	8,728	7 ·1	8.7	7.8	Mala	10 -
1,947	1,859	3,806	3.3	3 .7	3 · 5	spoil.	4 -
510,2	MILL .		at my		e da	HOLL	
The second					in varietiers		
11,177	10,429	21,606	7.5	8.2	7.8	9-12	10
2,001	1,401	3,402	2.6	3.9	3.0	pio.	2
16,775	16,982	33,757	21 ·3	22 -9	22 ·1	Sadi	18
11,314	10,886	22,200	16.6	15.8	16 -2	mile	13
17,864 9,362	17,674 8,839	35,538 18,201	20.5	22·1 11·4	21 -3	Topo	17
8,002	0,000	10,201	32 - 11-0		11.2	dange.	**
				elest.	do lassisti		
15,280	15,068	30,348	21.2	22.6	21.9	Salasii	21
13,087	11,674	24,761	14 -2	14 -0	14-1	and a	21
8,253	7,716	15,969	15.5	17.2	16.2	Pales.	18
2,885	2,559	5,444	17.0	17 -1	17.0	Paris I	19
26,956	24,887	51,843	19.9	20 -1	20.0	BEST .	23
8,406	8,420	16,826	14 -5	15 -3	14.9	PROFIL	16
13,987	14,048	28,035	18 -9	19.9	19.4	HART	17
7,143	6,750	13,893	13 · 5	12.8	13 -2	Blais.	15
				.50	Ovid make		
ota I		15	12			Dord	
20,051	18,512	38,563	11.5	11 -0	11.2	mag.	12
44,921 20,688	42,520 19,583	87,441 40,271	16·8 17·2	17·3 16·9	17·0 17·1	Feel	15 15
19,298	17,995	37,293	12.8	12.5	12.7	140	12
20,200	11,000	01,200					
				multi	id Sessine		
18,811	18,363	37,174	21.5	19 -9	20 -7	1	20
12,062	12,317	24,379	14.0	14.5	14 ·3		14
17,253	16,774	34,027	10.8	11 -1	10.9	1	11
-			The state of the s		1 1 1 1 1 1	-	
365,427	352,089	717,516	14-1	14 -7	14 -4		14

Annual Form No. X.—Deaths registered from DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA

11		2						-	
oties		-		Circl	es of Re	gistration.		Villa	ges.
000									
No.	Dist	tricts.		Num in ea distr	ch	Numbe from wh deaths fr dysente and diarri were repor	ich om ry hoea	Number in each district.	Number from which deaths from dysentery and diarrhoea were reported.
2-11	Burdwan	Division.	1	2-41		Lake		319,11	me reco
1	Burdwan	271		2.77	29	01831	29	2,637	1,368
2	Birbhum	285		to er	15	olochi.	15	2,403	290
3	Bankura	0-01-		2 or	22	110,00	22	3,479	1,251
4	Midnapore	118		199	39	188	39	10,590	1,968
5	Hooghly	7.8		DO T	28	E WAR	27	2,190	1,283
6	Howrah				13		13	1,113	1,010
	Bresiden	y Division.							
0-01	24-Parganas	128		64.	63	1 6 6 18	62	3,293	1,061
8	Calcutta	100		8.2	1	LONA"	1	0,250	1,001
9	Nadia	1 - 12		0.12	34	LA CES	34	2,410	437
10	Murshidabad	1 5-11	••	4-02	26	100	24	1,835	112
11	Jessore	0.00		89.6	26	1085435	26	3,596	382
12	Khulna	141		0.11	25	Juz st	25	2,152	584
12	Kilulia	.,			20		20	2,102	004
	Rajshah	i Division.				1 19	100		
13	Rajshahi			D-18	24	Person.	24	4,400	369
14	Dinajpur	. 0.05		E-AL	31	107,60	30	6,578	782
15	Jalpaiguri	0.51		2.61	19	Judge.	19	769	702
16	Darjeeling	. 1-11		0:11	14	1 1100	14	533	191
17	Rangpur	. 1-02		9-11	32	134,60	32	4,074	796
18	Bogra	PAL		1 9 15	15	108,01	15	2,414	256
19	Pabna	0-05		18-0	19	677,85	19	2,448	409
20	Malda			33.6	18	168'81	13	2,326	24
	Dacea	Division.							
21	Dacca	- 1		14	34		34	5,252	1,636
22	Mymensingh			->11	59	100	59	8,326	1,269
23	Faridpur	Term		POL	28	100137	28	3,634	885
24	Bakarganj	0.81		0.11	39	111,00	39	2,974	733
0.21	200300			12.0		100000		The same of the sa	
	Chittago	ng Division.							B Tall
25	Chittagong				22		22	1,055	357
26	Noakhali			0.12	15	10000	15	1,699	692
27	Tippera	10.01		10-42	23	Total E	23	4,180	610
1-17	10000						1000		
+	Total for the B	engal Preside	псу		713		703	86,361	19,458
8-81	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	-		I RVOS		1	1201		The state of the s

in the districts of the Bengal Presidency during each month of the year 1940.

1	ar may our	2	de distribute	5		
No.	Dis	tricts.				
			September.	October.	November.	December.
.hugi	A spirit	June.	. pati(144	M Saddele	January.
	Burdwa	n Division.				
1	Burdwan		. 142	127	129	155
2	Birbhum	1000	. 29	20	33	42
3	Bankura		. 111	123	113	117
4	Midnapur	1000	254	258	259	342
5	Hooghly	5 · ·	. 165	127	166	186
6	Hooghly		. 225	250	266	291
000	PART		101	000	652 1.10	
		y Division.				
7	24-Parganas		An I Section	21.2	236	307
8	Calcutta		1000	0.78	218	266
9	Nadia		60		67	67
10	Murshidabad		and the same		43	38
11	Jessore		and the same	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	55	68
12	Khulna		. 77	126	152	258
000						
839	The state of the s	i Division.		1 1 2 1 1		
13	Rajshahi	F3.			41	44
14	Dinajpur	ee			84	121
15	Jalpaiguri	60%	1		120	90
16	Darjeeling	124.			40	36
17	Rangpur	1000			92	91
18	Bogra				38	46
19	Pabna	63			40	67
20	Malda	÷	. 2	9	16	24
	Dacca	Division.			100	
21	Dacca		100	1 - 4000	427	40
22	Mymensingh		1/4	000	209	171
23	Faridpur		1000	0.000	222	25
24	Bakarganj		. 184	181	328	42
	Chittagor	ng Division.				
25	Chittagong		. 95	N. S.	121	18
26	Noakhali		. 106	107	155	22
27	Tippera		. 237	328	483	50
	Total for the E	Bengal Presidency	3,236	3,729	4,153	4,81

		Total.		1	Ratio of de	aths pe	r 1,000 of	population	on.		
Male.		Female.	Total.	1	dale.	Fer	male.	Tota	al.	Mean ratio per 1,0 during pre- vious five years.	
	810	793	1,603		1.0		1.0	shirid n	1.0		1.
	211	198	409		-5.		-4		-4	proof.	
	781	687	1,468		1.4		1.2	-110	1.3	nuje just	1.
1,	663	1,417	3,080		1.2		1.0		1.1	Bening	1.
	890	904	1,794		1.5		1.7		1.6	CARCINE	2.
1,	351	1,385	2,736		2.3		2.8	100	2.5	Lincolt	3.
		SILE I						120		terohli -	
,	172	1,120	2,292		-8		-9	distant y	.8	9	1
	489	1,327	2,816		1.9		3.7		2.5	piga se	1
	423	375	798		.5		.5		.5	Through	1
	211	146	357		.3		.2	- 12	.3	18 MARIE	
	306	205	511		-4		-3		-3	MANAGER	
	605	490	1,095		-7		-6		-7	Page 100 h	
	000	1	2,000		450		.0			Sentador.	
	-							endere v		4	
	281	187	468		-4		.3		-3	La Carl	
	707	521	1,228		-8		-6		-7	Demina	
	789	751	1,540		1.5		1.7		1.6	allested.	1
	399	344	743		2.4		2.3		2.3	Deline.	3
	699	507	1,206		.5		4		-5	A STATE OF	
	326	269	595		- 6		.5	-	-5	a more	
	487	345	832		.7		.5		-6	ALL SHIP	
	87	73	160		.2		·1		.2	417.076	
								and take			
		-								Lamber 1	
	481	2,169	4,650	1	1.4		1.3		1.4	The same of	1
	198	1,078	2,276		.5		-4	1	-4	In labor	83
	369	1,152	2,521		1.1		1.0		1.1	manial.	1
1,	591	1,214	2,805		1.1		.9		1.0		1
								spirite s		5-11	
	837	747	1,584		1.0		.8	1977	.9	10000	
	922	777	1,699		1.1		.9		1.0	phone .	1
	207	1,949	4,156		1.4		1.3	-	1.3	PAPER!	1
-,		2,010	1,100								-
94	292	21,130	45,422		.9		.9	In Salasan	.9	Tatalan T	1

Annual Form No. XI.—Deaths registered from RESPIRATORY DISEASES in

			Circles of R	egistration.	Villa	ges.
No.	Distr	icts.	Number in each district.	Number from which deaths from respiratory diseases were reported.	Number in each district.	Number from which deaths from respiratory diseases were reported.
110	Burdwan	Division.	9.00	-	07.9	AN IN
1	Burdwan	60	29	29	2,637	1,546
2	Birbhum		15	15	2,403	638
3	Bankura	Od	22	22	3,479	516
4	Midnapur	· . Tr	39	39	10,590	2,684
5	Hooghly	88	28	28	2,190	1,383
6	Howrah		13	13	1,113	802
	Presidency	Division.				
7	24-Parganas		63	63	3,293	1,146
8	Calcutta		1	1	1	1
9	Nadia		34	34	2,410	1,159
10	Murshidabad		26	26	1,835	163
11	Jessore		26	26	3,596	527
12	Khulna		25	25	2,152	735
	Raishahi	i Division.		I A H		
13	Rajshahi		24	24	4,400	551
14	Dinajpur		31	31	6,578	1,30
15	Jalpaiguri	9.5	19	19	769	729
16	Darjeeling		14	14	533	96
17	Rangpur		32	32	4,074	978
18	Bogra		15	15	2,414	379
19	Pabna		19	19	2,448	670
-20	Malda		18	18	2,326	28
	Dacca I	Division.				
21	Dacca		34	34	5,252	1,22
22	Mymensingh		59	59	8,326	1,320
23	Faridpur		28	28	3,634	77:
24	Bakarganj		39	39	2,974	98:
5.1						
0.5		g Division.			1	
25	Chittagong	4	22	22	1,055	14
26	Noakhali	0	15	15	1,699	33
27	Tippera	11.1	. 23	23	4,180	80
	Total for the B		713	713	86,361	21,59

the districts of the Bengal Presidency during each month of the year 1940.

	The state of the s	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	1 100	1000			
January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.
E15- 0 004	The .	1000	103		senteta e	etende .	1 1
433	370	394	318	280	277	219	256
135	112	143	99	103	91	122	125
229	254	270	250	195	159	154	156
518	690	580	509	393	336	320	289
372	371	332	293	281	255	226	265
407	357	303	299	286	260	265	274
					A STREET		
	405	070	244	par	000	000	
511	425	356 866	344	365 780	268	326	34
1,124 223	928	162	931 165	157	728 120	708 102	65
62	150 76	84	78	65	65	68	10
168	141	145	124	132	101	84	11
144	170	160	148	126	102	128	14
***	110	100	1.0	120	and the latest	120	1.0
	1011	- 301-00	27.7		44	lar a second	er er
135	152	77	131	107	98	66	5
403	486	370	276	377	308	296	51
499	480	451	465	449	293	305	87
80	98	80	87	110	89	101	9
340	310	317	335	290	259	228	23
123	168	90	102	55	44	119	12
163	148	117	144	126	74	94	9
21	32	25	24	43	10	9	2
					Junistrato :	Desce	
450	387	407	483	339	384	301	27
364	330	295	371	318	247	219	24
341	282	342	432	303	235	243	24
1,001	675	663	702	570	468	444	35
		13 3			THE PROPERTY.		
197	147	156	155	139	141	133	15
155	154	139	149	161	116	156	13
	177	161	167	146	134	167	1
223	111						

No.	Dis	stricts.					
No.	Dis	stricts.					
				September.	October.	November.	December.
- Interest				tale stay	E agma	Security	
	Burdwa	n Division.					1995
1	Burdwan	in Division.		278	296	337	418
2	Birbhum			90	128	119	161
3	Bankura	172		143	159	198	253
4	Midnapur	19		300	414	433	591
5	Hooghly	ear		254	293	297	390
6	Howrah	400		189	271	358	383
202				600	280	120	
912	Presiden	cy Division.	200			1	
7	24-Parganas			380	466	487	567
8	Calcutta			685	767	721	912
9	Nadia	0.71		96	125	154	214
10	Murshidabad	001.		57	53	61	86
11	Jessore	40		103	105	151	193
12	Khulna	100.		120	176	184	306
145			000	1981	015-	072	
	Rajshal	hi Division.			. 14		
13	Rajshahi			75	108	143	166
14	Dinajpur			380	289	315	412
15	Jalpaiguri			408	436	430	475
16	Darjeeling			104	65	78	76
17	Rangpur			261	309	364	426
18	Bogra			102	107	152	199
19	Pabna			77	117	114	144
20	Malda			22	15	37	19
		Division.					
21	Dacca	HG.		300	360	392	385
22	Mymensingh	180 -	**	288	298	298	364
23	Faridpur	223.		292	288	418	473
24	Bakarganj	B [7]		423	*524	854	1,217
4	Chittagen	g Division.		4.			
25	Chittagong			122	104	104	212
26	Noakhali			106	134	181	279
27	Tippera	1000		140	134	189	245
	Total for the B	engal Presidenc	y	5,799	6,541	7,569	9,566

		population.	,000 of	aths per 1,	Ratio of de	-		Total.	
an er 1,00 g pre-	ratio pe during				gall to asimi		70022	willy.	
	yea	Total.	le.	Femal	Male.	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	Total.	Female.	Male.
						F			
2 -		2.5	1.7		3 -2		3,871	1,265	2,606
1.1	- Allana	1.5	1.1		2.0		1,425	505	920
2.		2 .2	1.5		2 -9		2,420	834	1,586
2 .	00000	1.9	1.3	1 2 2	2 .5		5,373	1,851	3,522
4.	The state of	3 -3	2.5	1	4.0		3,626	1,277	2,349
3 -	ennal.	3 ·3	2.9		3 .7		3,661	1,434	2,227
		Presidently Divis	1.0		0.1		4.000	100	9.100
1.	REFERE	1.7	1.3	15	2.1		4,836	1,647	3,189
6	1740	8.6	11 ·4		7·3 1·7		9,801	4,143	5,658
1	alliar	1.2		1.4	-8		1,777 806	453	1,324
OI	demult	.9	-3					232	
1	tomsL		·5		1.3		1,566	413	1,158
1	Klerin	1.2	-9		1.4		1,909	692	1,217
1		oles a similar	-6		1.3		1,316	402	914
2		2.5	2.1	100	2.9		4,425	1,785	2,667
5	To the	5.2	4.5	1 1 1 1	5.7		5,061	2,043	3,018
3		3.3	3 .3	1	3 ·3		1,061	499	562
1		1.4	1.0		1.8	,	3,677	1,228	2,449
1	Tanana I	1.2	. 9	100	1.5		1,390	509	881
1		1.0	-5		1.4		1,416	874	1,042
	226.16	-3	•2		41 4		278	84	194
1		1.3	.9		1.6		4,461	1,590	2,871
115	I SE	-7	-4		1.0		3,639	1,073	2,566
1	THE REAL PROPERTY.	1.7	1.3		2.0		3,891	1,468	2,423
2	Halan.	2 · 7	2 · 4		3 .0		7,900	3,374	4,526
			.00						
1	Panel	1.0	-8	1	1.2		1,732	714	1,018
1	-	1.1	-9		1.3		1,860	758	1,102
100	1	-7	-5		-8	5	2,025	713	1,312
1	Tom	A 1613 A 1.7	1 -3	1	2 -1	3	85,203	31,333	53,870

Annual Form No. XII—Deaths registered from PLAGUE in the districts

m.CV				Circles of I	Registration.	Villa	ages.
No.	Distr	ricts.	Mam	Number in each district.	Number from which deaths from Plague were reported.	Number in each district.	Number from which deaths from Plague were reported
	Burdwan	Divisio	n.				
1	Burdwan			29	1	2,637	1
2	Birbhum			15		2,403	
3	Bankura			22		3,479	
4	Midnapur			39		10,590	
5	Hooghly			28		2,190	
6	Howrah			13		1,113	
	Presidenc	y Divisi	on.				
7	24-Parganas			63		3,293	
8	Calcutta			1		1	
9	Nadia			34		2,410	
10	Murshidabad			26		1,835	
11	Jessore			26		3,596	
12	Khulna			25		2,152	
	Rajshah	i Divisio	on.				
13	Rajshahi			24		4,400	
14	Dinajpur			31		6,578	
15	Jalpaiguri			18		769	
16	Darjeeling			14		533	
17	Rangpur			32		4,074	
18	Bogra			15		2,414	
19	Pabna			19		2,448	
20	Malda			18	-	2,326	
	Dacca	Divisio	n.				
21	Dacca			34		5,252	
22	Mymensingh			59		8,326	
23	Faridpur			28		8,634	
24	Bakarganj			39		2,974	
	Chittagor	g Divis	lon.	-			
25	Chittagong			22	1.55	1,055	
26	Noakhali			15		1,699	
27	Tippera		3	23	229.81	4,180	
	Total for the B	engal P	residency	712	10001	86,381	1 00000 1

of the Bengal Presidency during each month of the year 1940.

	and and	Market .		-				
January.	February.	March.	April.	May		June.	July.	August
**							navie	1 1
		1			**			
					*			
	"	"				'		
.:"	,. "	"			7.			
	"	"			**			
						, mattheil ye	subtlesvi	
	1 70				4.4		and to come	
					4.	••••		
***						•••		
					+ 14			
						relibrio is	edula W	
							Blacks	
	"							
	"						rainta.	
					17			**
							incom	"
								11
								iii
						analistatii m	029	
						**.	District	12
**					4.9		in the	1-65
			1			**.	Tational	"
	H		5	- 3		ambirio pal	matter :	
			1.					
							100	

Burdwan Division. 1 Burdwan Division. 2 Birbhum 3 Bankura 4 Midnapur 5 Hooghly 6 Howrah Presidency Division. 7 24-Parganas 8 Calcutta 9 Nadia 10 Murshidabad 11 Jessore 12 Khulna Rajshahi Division. 13 Rajshahi 14 Dinajpur 15 Jalpaiguri 16 Darjeeling 17 Rangpur 18 Bogra 19 Pabna 20 Malda Dacca Division. 21 Dacca 22 Mymensingh 23 Faridpur 23 Faridpur 24 Faridpur 26 Faridpur 27 Bardyan Allanda Allan	0.	Distri	lote					
Burdwan Birbhum Bahkura Birbhum Bahkura Bahkura Midnapur Bhooghly Howrah Presidency Division.	0.	Distri	icus.		September.	October.	November.	December.
Burdwan Birbhum Bahkura Birbhum Bahkura Bahkura Midnapur Bhooghly Howrah Presidency Division.							P. Linkson	CTROKE!
Burdwan Birbhum Bankura Midnapur Hooghly Howrah Presidency Division. 7 24-Parganas Calcutta Nadia Nadia Nurshidabad Second Calcutta Nurshidabad Diappur Second Calcutta Rajshahi Division. Rajshahi Dinajpur Second Calcutta Darjeeling Rangpur Begra Begra Darca Division. Dacca Division. Dacca Mymensingh Faridpur Bakarganj Chittagong Chittagong Chittagong Chittagong Chittagong Chittagong Chittagong Chittagong Chittagong Chittagong Chittagong Chittagong			av es					
2 Birbhum 3 Bankura 4 Midnapur 5 Hooghly 6 Howrah 7 24-Parganas 8 Calcutta 9 Nadia 10 Murshidabad 11 Jessore 12 Khulna 14 Dinajpur 15 Jalpaiguri 16 Darjeeling 17 Rangpur 18 Bogra 19 Pabna 20 Malda 20 Malda 22 Malda 22 Malda 24 Bakarganj 25 Chittagong 25 Chittagong 25 Chittagong 26 Chittagong 27 Chittagong 27 Chittagong 27 Chittagong 27 Chittagong 27 Chittagong 27 Chittagong 28 Chittagong 27 Chittagong 27 Chittagong 27 Chittagong 28 Chit	1							
Bankura Midnapur Hooghly Howrah Presidency Division. 7 24-Parganas Calcutta Nadia Murshidabad Murshidabad Murshidabad Murshidabad Diajpur Japsore Khulna Rajshahi Dinajpur Jalpaiguri Darjeeling Rangpur Rangpur Begra Pabna Malda Dacca Division. Dacca Malda Dacca Division. Chittagong Chittagong Chittagong Chittagong				1			1000	
Midnapur	200	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE				1		
Howarh					10	1		1000
Presidency Division. 24-Parganas Calcutta Nadia Nadia Nadia Second Seco						* **	1 2 1 20 1	
Presidency Division. 7 24-Parganas 8 Calcutta 9 Nadia 10 Murshidabad 11 Jessore 12 Khulna Rajshahi Division. 13 Rajshahi 14 Dinajpur 15 Jalpaiguri 16 Darjeeling 17 Rangpur 18 Bogra 19 Pabna 20 Malda Dacca Division. 21 Dacca Mymensingh Faridpur 24 Bakarganj Chittagong Division. Chittagong Chittagong Chittagong Chittagong								
Presidency Division.								**
7 24-Parganas 8 Calcutta 9 Nadia 10 Murshidabad 11 Jessore 12 Khulna Rajshahi Division. 13 Rajshahi 14 Dinajpur 15 Jalpaiguri 16 Darjeeling 17 Rangpur 18 Bogra 19 Pabna 20 Maida Dacca Division. 21 Dacca 22 Mymensingh 5 Faridpur 24 Bakarganj Chittagong Division. Chittagong Chittagong Chittagong Chittagong Chittagong Chittagong						-	100	
8 Calcutta 9 Nadia 10 Murshidabad 11 Jessore 12 Khulna Rajshahi Division. Rajshahi 14 Dinajpur 15 Jalpaiguri 16 Darjeeling 17 Rangpur 18 Bogra 19 Pabna 20 Malda Dacca Division. 21 Dacca Mymensingh Faridpur 24 Bakarganj Chittagong Division. Chittagong Chittagong Chittagong Chittagong Chittagong Chittagong Chittagong Chittagong		Presidenc	y Division.					
9 Nadia 10 Murshidabad 11 Jessore 12 Khulna Rajshahi Division. 13 Rajshahi 14 Dinajpur 15 Jalpaiguri 16 Darjeeling 17 Rangpur 18 Bogra 19 Pabna 20 Malda Dacca Division. 21 Dacca 22 Mymensingh 23 Faridpur 24 Bakarganj Chittagong Division. Chittagong Chittagong Chittagong	7	24-Parganas						
10 Murshidabad 11 Jessore 12 Khulna Rajshahi Division. Rajshahi 14 Dinajpur 15 Jalpaiguri 16 Darjeeling 17 Rangpur 18 Bogra 19 Pabna 20 Malda Dacca Division. 21 Dacca 22 Mymensingh 23 Faridpur 24 Bakarganj Chittagong Division. 25 Chittagong 8.	Calcutta					0		
11	9	Nadia						
Rajshahi Division.	10	Murshidabad	****		/		1	
Rajshahi Division. 13 Rajshahi 14 Dinajpur 15 Jalpaiguri 16 Darjeeling 17 Rangpur 18 Bogra 19 Pabna 20 Malda Dacca Division. 21 Dacca 22 Mymensingh 23 Faridpur 24 Bakarganj Chittagong Division.	11	Jessore -					***	
Rajshahi Division. 13 Rajshahi 14 Dinajpur 15 Jalpaiguri 16 Darjeeling 17 Rangpur 18 Bogra 19 Pabna 20 Malda Dacca Division. 21 Dacca 22 Mymensingh 23 Faridpur 24 Bakarganj Chittagong Division.	12	Khulna -						
13 Rajshahi 14 Dinajpur 15 Jalpaiguri 16 Darjeeling 17 Rangpur 18 Bogra 19 Pabna 20 Malda Dacca Division. 21 Dacca 22 Mymensingh 23 Faridpur 24 Bakarganj Chittagong Division. 25 Chittagong					41 - 82	-	1	P. C. M.
13 Rajshahi 14 Dinajpur 15 Jalpaiguri 16 Darjeeling 17 Rangpur 18 Bogra 19 Pabna 20 Malda Dacca Division. 21 Dacca 22 Mymensingh 23 Faridpur 24 Bakarganj Chittagong Division. 25 Chittagong		Palebah	Division					
14 Dinajpur 15 Jalpaiguri 16 Darjeeling 17 Rangpur 18 Bogra 19 Pabna 20 Malda Dacca Division. 21 Dacca 22 Mymensingh 23 Faridpur 24 Bakarganj Chittagong Division. 25 Chittagong	19							
15 Jalpaiguri 16 Darjeeling 17 Rangpur 18 Bogra 19 Pabna 20 Malda Dacca Division. 21 Dacca 22 Mymensingh 23 Faridpur 24 Bakarganj Chittagong Division. 25 Chittagong					1 1		100000	
16 Darjeeling					100		1 2 2 2 2 2	1 19 44
17 Rangpur					100	- 15		
18 Bogra								
19 Pabna 20 Malda Dacca Division. 21 Dacca 22 Mymensingh 23 Faridpur 24 Bakarganj Chittagong Division. 25 Chittagong	1.0	730000000			1 1			1
Dacca Division.					100			1
Dacca Division. 21 Dacca 22 Mymensingh 23 Faridpur 24 Bakarganj Chittagong Division. 25 Chittagong		2.						1
Dacea Division.							1000	*:.
21 Dacea 22 Mymensingh 23 Faridpur 24 Bakarganj Chittagong Division. 25 Chittagong								
22 Mymensingh 23 Faridpur 24 Bakarganj Chittagong Division. 25 Chittagong	0.							
23 Faridpur	222	1					5.00	*:.
24 Bakarganj								
Chittagong Division. 25 Chittagong		1	**					**
25 Chittagong		Bakarganj		••				":
25 Chittagong		Chittage	ng Division.				1 3 4 5	1
	25			144				
27 Tippera								

	6 Total.		Ratio of dea	7 ths per 1,000 of 1	population.	8
Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Mean ratio per 1,000 during previous five years.
		-		-001	-001	.0009
**	1	1				-0002
**						
						-0001
						-0003
	here was		Marie Ton	parelins		
						*
100 E					Fills	
		19 8				
	1	1		-00004	-00002	-00002

						**
			44	**		
			144		***	
			.,			
			**			
					-	
					1 1	
	**					
		**				
				100		
		**				
					20	4.4
4.0						
		>				
\$10000						- 10
-						

Appendix II.

Statements of vaccination operations in Bengal for the year 1940-41.

STATEMENT

Showing particulars of vaccinations in the

			Average	Total num	ber of persons	vaccinated.
Serial No.	District and towns.	Population according to census of 1931.	number of vaccinators employed throughout the year.	Male.	Female.	Total.
_ 1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	A.—DISTRICTS					
	(excluding towns).					
	Burdwan Division.					
1	Burdwan	1,466,238	48	84,501	55,232	139,733
2	Asansol Mining Settlement	382,680	14	59,346	35,576	94,922
3	Birbhum	936,646	40	42,169	31,758	73,927
4	Bankura	1,049,343	90	52,171	36,362	88,533
5	Midnapur	2,723,902	127	271,414	170,728	442,142
6	Hooghly	910,662	34	52,830	35,342	88,172
7	Howrah	843,647	18	51,620	29,119	80,739
	Presidency Division.	7				
8	24-Parganas	2,175,265	271	114,829	65,051	179,880
9	Nadia	1,424,801	50	101,848	57,717	159,565
10	Murshidabad	1,287,614	96	93,391	65,596	158,987
11	Jessore	1,650,372	93	152,225	85,182	237,407
12	Khulna	1,590,833	98	98,544	84,246	182,790
-	Rajshahi Division.	1910-	he vest	703		
13	Rajshahi	1,393,636	40	75,618	43,546	119,164
14	Dinajpur	1,736,276	83	165,355	91,728	257,083
15	Jalpaiguri	964,395	52	74,275	49,808	124,083
16	Darjeeling	319,635	24	29,671	17,747	47,418
17	Rangpur	2,565,587	150	241,188	111,886	353,074
18	Bogra	1,067,321	76	135,924	69,788	205,712
19	Pabna	1,391,283	170	158,176	90,071	248,247
20	Malda	1,018,254	40	100,843	97,740	198,583
	Dacca Division.					
21	Dacca	3,259,870	174	358,906	205,563	564,469
22	Mymensingh	4,990,559	362	749,737	385,693	1,135,430
23	Faridpur	2,312,701	70	179,799	131,946	311,745
24	Bakarganj	2,871,941	94	229,817	140,285	370,102
	Chittagong Division.					
25	Chittagong	1,738,864	161	323,114	154,023	477,137
26	Noakhali	1,693,656	148	159,174	75,986	235,160
27	Tippera	3,034,870	127	159,445	110,013	269,458
28	Chittagong Hill Tracts	212,922	16	11,944	8,466	20,410
	Total of Districts	46,602,417	2,766	4,327,874	2,536,198	6,864,072
	(excluding towns).	-				

No. 1.

Presidency of Bengal during 1940-41.

Mandayu		100000000000000000000000000000000000000	Primary vacci	nations.	
Average : of per vaccinated	sons.	201	1	Successful.	
vaccin	ator.	Total.	Under one year.	1 year and under 6 years.	Total of all ages.
8		9	10	11	12
		02 1 107.0	100		T Rondrein T
		of a large	MARIE BOOK		D Assistant
	I do	ALL THE LEAST	1000		tapeless 3
	2,911	55,589	13,125	31,204	53,28
	6,780	11,718	5,163	4,286	9,663
	1,848	45,384	9,663	24,808	39,71
	984	47,752	7,914	28,013	41,48
	3,481	113,435	34,215	65,805	110,03
	2,593	46,588	6,305	30,743	42,74
	4,485	33,824	4,699	24,682	33,64
15.02		2000			The state of the
	664	87,909	11,269	63,235	82,92
	3,191	60,909	32,097	26,461	59,07
	1,656	61,149	21,326	30,755	54,85
	2,552	76,240	12,143	54,063	73,75
	1,867	60,829	11,880	40,165	60,69
	100		226,000		telladi li
	2,979	45,792	15,458	27,503	44,75
	3,097	127,186	9,101	42,400	81,65
	2,386	36,725	5,612	16,357	30,04
	1,975	6,322	2,031	3,521	6,05
	2,354	181,151	20,983	101,932	163,25
	2,706	75,198	12,370	35,193	63,48
	1,460		12,499	46,831	76,59
	4,964	43,076	5,636	9,306	15,48
			-		
	3,244		20,910	133,439	200,15
	3,136		44,177	236,783	429,51
	4,453		9,338	63,115	110,00
	3,937	226,729	6,297	90,212	199,66
		THE PART OF THE	212,11		anosuson de
	2,963	14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	28,147	82,081	113,46
	1,589	100	11,065	69,187	
	2,121	201,655	34,002	136,186	
	1,275		370	6,058	
100'000'1	2,480	2,858,053	407,795	1,524,342	2,489,03

Serial	7141414		Privacci	mary nation.	- 110-000T H	Revaccinations.	70-4	amidiah
No.	Districts and towns	-01	Unk	nown.	Total.	Successful.	U	nknown.
1	2			13	14	15	drana	16
20						America de la constante de la		The state of the s
1 1	ADISTRICTS		S.I.	380	reflata			
	(excluding towns).				ac .	3		
	Burdwan Division.					20.010		
1	Burdwan			801	88,144	39,842		10,81
2	Asansol Mining Settlen			1,724	83,204	14,128		4,45
3	Birbhum			3,539	28,543	11,636	2	10,01
4	Bankura			2,896	40,781	11,460	8	11,13
5	Midnapur			3,227	328,707	170,574	1	80,60
6	Hooghly			2,878	41,584	14,631		10,57
7	Howrah	•••		140	46,915	11,625	2	12,49
	Presidency Division				Total Sales	298	4	
8	24-Parganas			2,539	91,971	36,795		12,6
9	Nadia			1,455	98,656	39,776		26,1
- 10	Murshidabad			6,328	97,838	36,192		63,6
11	Jessore			1,846	161,167	50,093		48,8
12	Khulna			92	121,976	59,749	100	13,9
					0.00	235		
	Rajshahi Division	•		***			1 3	
13	Rajshahi			622	73,426	35,305		* 14,8
14	Dinajpur			30,522	130,056	43,554	3 5	42,00
15	Jalpaiguri		1	2,272	90,622	21,905		13,3
16	Darjeeling	••		216	41,096	7,861		15,4
17				11,238	171,923	106,555		29,8
18	Bogra	••	-	6,561	130,514	42,578		28,4
19	Pabna	••		10,880	154,907	52,894		44,8
20	Malda			27,591	155,693	6,108	-	149,5
	Dacca Division.			×2 13	No. 11	100		
21	Dacca			24,883	332,939	130,198	1	111,5
22	Mymensingh			72,658	612,338	174,136	-	19,8
23	Faridpur		1	6,090	193,737	56,128		50,0
24	Bakarganj			20,166	143,373	83,722		26,58
	Chittenana Divisio	_			100.00	100		
25	Chittagong Division			11 004	246 606	79 760	7	110.00
26	Noakhali			11,294	346,696	73,760	12	116,83
27	Tippera			8,549 8,970	128,711 67,803	87,772 27,362	200	13,10
28	Chittagong Hill Tracts	•••	1	206	10,477	4,943	13	1,0
20	Chicagong Ithi Hacts		-	200	10,477	1,013	-	1,00
-	Total of Districts (excluding towns).		1 3	270,183	4,013,797	1,401,282	-	1,033,66

Per	rcentage of s in which kno	of successful i results were wn.	Persons success- fully vaccinated	Total cost of	Number of all successful vaccinations and	Average cos each success	sful
	mary.	Revaccination.	per 1,000 of population.	Vaccination Department.	revaccinations performed by the vaccination staff only.	case perform by the vacce tion staff	ina-
-				Rs. a. p.	,awwar-	Rs. a.	p.
					Junio era	11 mm	
	97 -2	51 -5	63 - 5	12,893 4 0	93,125	0 5	2 5
	96-6	17.9	62 ·1	8,070 11 0	23,790		5
	94 -9	62 -7	54 -8	5,599 2 0	51,347		1 !
	92 -4	38 -6	50 -4	4,982 9 0	52,944	0	1 (
	99 -8	68 -7	103 -0	11,812 0 0	280,604	0 (0 8
	97 -7	47.1	63 -0	4,629 5 0	57,376	0	1 :
	99 -8	33 -7	53 -6	4,715 8 0	45,273	0	1 1
		2 20 703		800.000	120	A PAREL S	
	97 -1	46.3	55 -0	12,721 15 0	119,723	0	1
	99 -3	54 -8	69 -3	8,565 5 0	98,847	0	1
	100 -0	105 -7	70 -6	16,333 15 6	91,013	0	2 1
	99 -1	44-6	75 -0	8,578 14 0	123,828	0	1
	99 -9	55 -3	75 -7	8,704 15 9	120,445	0	1
				000.000	12	in annual in	
	99 -0	60 -2	57 -4	9,698 0 0	80,059	0	1 1
	84 -4	49.5	72 .0	8,383 8 0	125,179	0	1
	87 -2	28 -3	53 -8	4,846 10 6	51,952	0	1
	99 -1	30 .7	43 -5	7,941 14 0	13,917	0	9
	96 -0	75.0	105 -1	8,855 13 0	269,807	0	0
	92 -4	41 -6	99 -3	9,008 5 3	106,059	0	1
	92 -8	48 -0	93 -0	9,688 8 0	129,488	hall H	1
	100 -0	100 -0	21 -2	4,582 2 0	21,593	0	3
		-				dendamin .	
	96 -8	58 -8	101 ·3	8,991 14 0	330,318	0	0
	95 -3	29 -3	120 -9	26,116 0 0	603,651	0	0
	98 -2	39.0	71 -8	9,780 0 0	166,130	0	0 1
	96 -6	71 -6	98 -6	13,371 0 0	283,388	0	0
		3 1 32	1	L court	1	Separate R	
	95 -2	32 -0	107 -6	17,104 0 0	187,227	0	1
	97 -2	48 -4	78 - 5	6,365 0 0		0	0
	97 -6	50.0	71 -0	8,942 6 0	215,530	0	0
	99 -7	52 ·3	69 -2	6,455 12 0	14,749	0	7
	96 -1	47.0	83 -4	2,67,738 5 0	3,890,321	0	1
		100	1		1	toad t	176

	Both telephone	- marin	Average	Total numb	er of persons v	accinated.
Serial No.	District and towns.	Population according to census of 1931.	number of vaccinators employed throughout the year.	Male.	Female.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	. 6	7
· ()	B.—TOWNS.					
	Burdwan District.	1				
1	Burdwan	39,618	4	6,851	4,056	10,907
2	Kalna	9,567	1	613	517	1,130
3	Katwa	7,772	1	1,500	949	2,449
4	Dainhat	4,845	1	282	94	376
5	Raniganj	16,373	3	3,473	2,761	6,234
6	Asansol	31,286	10	20,227	9,492	29,719
	Birbhum District,					01
7	01	10,908	1	597	268	865
	Suri	10,503	1	587	200	605
	Bankura District.	O CH TOWN	935	200	*	120 100
8	Bankura	31,703	2	4,810	2,143	6,953
9	Vishnupur	19,696	1	1,379	675	2,054
10	Sonamukhi	10,989	1	835	570	1,405
	Midnapore District.	a street	3.00			
11	Midnapore	32,021	4	3,771	2,707	6,478
12	Ghatal	12,400	1			757
13	Kharar	5,736	7	227	65	292
14	Chandrakona	6,016	1	520	151	671
15	Ramjibanpur	6,230	1	266	96	362
16	Khirpai	3,693	1	505	348	853
17	Tamluk	9,095	1	945	590	1,535
	Hooghly District.	e a emis	11000	101		P. L.
18	Honoble Chlomes	32,634	2	9,294	5,567	14,861
19	Bansberia	14,221	1	2,730	727	3,457
20	Arambagh	7,461	1			837
21	Serampore	39,046	4	13,514	5,009	18,523
22	Rishra-Konnagar	26,858	1	7,104	2,404	9,508
23	Uttarpara	9,350	1	638	383	1,021
24	Kotrung	7,160	1	385	271	656
25	Baidyabati	18,486	2	1,526	880	2,406
26	Bhadreswar	22,992	1	677	420	1,097
27	Champdani	25,365	1	3,026	1,290	4,316
	III TO THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE	1				110
00	Howrah District.	001.000	1	00.500	10011	50.010
28	Howrah	224,873	11	36,532	17,311	53,843
29	Bally	30,347	1	4,574	4,008	8,582

	1	e.geeren		Prima	ry vacci	inations.		English St.	
Average most of person vaccinated in	ons.		-			Su	ccessful.	Distant	tate
vaccinat	tor.	Total	- 3	Under o	ne	1 year	and under	Total of	
				year.		6	years.	ages.	
8		9		10	- 01		11	12	
							comme.	8	
							Jaintal o	moteS.	
21.016	2,726		2,837	10	454		1,576	navigali	2,50
	1,130		204		27		161	Kalaz	20
20	2,449		524		79		354	Evisit	51
	376		87		. 3		40	destroy (
	2,078		817		612		200	lacelant	81
	2,972		2,355		918		998	Institut.	2,00
							tologic at	1409500	
200	865		182		: 16		130	Ito	1
						-	a columnia.	others.	
	3,476		1,819		205	1	1,224	attitat:	1,5
	2,054		618		47	1 40	549	Toquality.	5
**	1,405		276		10	1	266	13 Connected	2
							January es	division .	
	1,619		1,554		796		731	erogen Dit	1,5
	757		329		176	1 13	93	Date of	2
	292		58		. 2		56	totally	
	671		194		67		120	ounted the	1
	362		122		3	1	65	appear to make	1
	853		136		13	1	97	lamid.	1
222	1,535	199	256		65		168	Tables	2
							Jan 10 1	(105H	
	7,430		2,018		791		1,135	Pierra and	1,9
	3,457	100	315		47	1	263	ACRES AND AND A	8
	837		232		39		177	H.S. C. HARRIS	2,8
	4,630		2,422		406		1,540	E. C. L. S. C. S.	2,0
	9,508	Both I I	745		302	1	215 170		2
	1,021		232		54 36		164	490000000000	2
	1 909		252 730		132		537	In the late	7
	1,203	5-	759		110		575	an melonite	7
ALL	1,097 4,316		859		484	1	375	to al arran	8
	4,010		000		404	1			
			1				. totabetet .	atmost .	-
	4,895	A. I	5,473		2,517		2,525	tisteroff	5,8
201	8,582		2,136		278	1	1,419	ibilize	2,0

			Primary vaccination.	141	Revaccinations.						
Serial No.	Districts	s and towns,									
	in later		Unknown.	Total.	Successful.	Unknown.					
1	EL.	2	13	14	15	16					
	В.—	TOWNS.									
	Burdwa	an District.									
1	Burdwan		150	8,070	4,865	1,644					
2	Kalna			926	445	38					
3	Katwa			1,925	1,128	35					
4	Dainhat			289	67						
5	Raniganj			5,417	2,018						
6	Asansol		344	27,364	1,420	18,961					
	Birbhu	m District.									
7	Suri		36	683	162	216					
	Banku	ra District.									
8	Bankura		57	5,173	366	924					
9	Vishnupur			1,436	280	193					
10	Sonamukhi			1,129	30.						
	Midnapo	ore District.									
11	Midnapore		8	4,924	1,732	21					
12	Ghatal		46	428	141	25					
13	Kharar			234	158	76					
14	Chandrakon	а		477	316	13					
15	Ramjibanpu	ır	3	240	73	86					
16	Khirpai			717	715						
17	Tamluk		4	1,279	69	235					
	Hoogh	ly District.									
18	Hooghly-Ch	insura	47	12,843	1,639	117					
19	Bansberia		2	3,142	232	1,498					
20	Arambagh		7	605	209	396					
21	Serampore	dia.t	34	16,105	646	15,458					
22	Rishra-Kon	nagar	52	8,763	4,402	1,403					
23	Uttarpara		4	789	244						
24	Kotrung			404	164	240					
25	Baidyabati			1,676	638	586					
26	Bhadreswar		33	338	46	113					
27	Champdani			3,457	1,383	2,074					
		h District.				E HOTEL					
28	Howrah		12	48,370	9,207	6,129					
29	Bally		16	6,446	2,687	146					

Percentage cases in whic	of successful h results were own.	Persons success- fully vaccinated	Total cost of	Number of all successful vaccinations and	Average cost of each successful		
Primary.	Revaccination.	per 1,000 of population.	Vaccination Department.	revaccinations performed by the vaccination staff only.	by the vaccination staff.		
17	18	19	20	21	22		
			Rs. a. p.	*	Rs. a	. p.	
	100			- nated	200. 00	. P.	
93 -2	75.7	186-0	946 14 3	7,370		2	
98.5	50 -1	67.5	191 0 0	646	0		
97.9	59.6	211 ·1	262 11 0	1,641	The second second	4	
78.1	23 -1	27.8	94 2 0	135	0	2	
100.0	37.2	173 -1	806 8 0	2,835	0	11	
99.5	16.8	101 -3	673 3 0	3,421	0	3	
33 3	10.0	101 0	0,0 0 0	0,421	0	0	
	980	12		Y	Manager !		
100 -0	36 -6	28-2	130 0 0	308	0	6	
	3 2 2 2 2 2 2				pell less d		
89 -2	8-6	61 -1	519 0 0	1,939	0	4	
94 -4	22.5	44 -4	261 11 0	876	0	4	
100 -0		25 -1	148 0 0	276	0	8	
100	100		055,71	3.5	1 to all a way	200	
	1000	7 - 19 [to to the same	THE STATE OF		
98.9	35 · 3	101 ·8	450 5 0	3,261	0	2	
100 · 7	34 -9	34 · 3	192 0 0	426	0	7	
100 -0	100 .0	37.6	67 10 0	216	0	5	
96 -3	68 -1	83 -6	76 12 0	503	0	2	
93 -2	47-4	29 - 5	60 3 0	184	0	5	
97.0	99 - 7	229 -3	30 12 0	847	0	0	
94 ·8	6.6	33 -8	344 10 0	308	1	2	
	1 000				and the second	00	
98-9	12.8	110-0	569 3 0	3,590	0	2	
99.0	14 -1	38.1	259 0 0	542	0	7	
100 -0	100-0	58.1	226 7 0	434	0	8	
98.3	99.8	76.7	758 6 0	2,995	0	4	
97.5	59.8	189 -0	858 0 0	5,078	0	1	
98.2	30.9	50.0	126 0 0	468	0	4	
100 -0	100 .0	58.2	182 0 0	416	0	7	
100 -0	58 - 5	74 .0	324 0 0	1,368	0	3	
97.3	20.4	32 · 7	430 8 0	753	0	9	
100 -0	100 -0	88 · 3	386 0 0	2,242	0	2	
004			4.000	14.500	The second	4	
98 ·1	21.7	64 - 7	4,203 0 0	14,569	0	4	
96 -1	42.6	155 : 6	387 15 0	4,725	0	1	

	Average	Total number of persons vaccinated.				
Population according to census of 1931.	ion number of ng vaccinators us employed	ale.	Female.	Total.		
3	4	5	6	7		
00.100	400	- 004	0.000	** 00*		
39,499		7,694 9,818	3,637	11,331		
24,476 55,872	98 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	19,641	4,384 12,480	14,209 32,121		
24,183			No.	5,99		
37,050		10,780	5,894	16,67		
30,354		2,441	862	3,30		
11,433	083	691	412	1,100		
6,483	1000	621	369	990		
9,755		789	617	1,40		
4,535		217	143	36		
5,350	350 2	779	449	1,22		
18,471	471 1	1,316	633	1,94		
5,998	998 1	1,102	751	1,85		
25,394	394 1	2,729	857	3,58		
11,699	,699 1	1,920	470	2,39		
16,298	,298 1			2,52		
49,584	,584 2	20,551	7,372	27,92		
14,033	,033	1,529	853	2,38		
30,908	,908	6,584	3,667	10,25		
16,770	,770 1	910	356	1,26		
15,005	,005 1	687	481	1,16		
84,975	,975 5	20,343	10,079	30,42		
8,672	,672	901	393	1,29		
4,525		870	634	1,50		
21,287	SECTION AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF THE	1,010	523	1,53		
13,677				71		
8,234		175	87	26		
1,196,734	,734 86	406,928	211,996	618,92		
0 0 800	and the same of					
24,284	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE	6,665	4,426	11,00		
18,861	2 A S	1,723	1,679	3,40		
11,395	2823 1 0/57	1,304	890	2,19		
2,341 24,992	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE		1 794	3,38		
9 0 3000	SORTION TO THE PARTY OF THE PAR	1,655 319	1,734	39		
3,986				2,36		
		1,010	140	2,00		
		910	188	37		
	0 0 3	9,405 1 3,362 1 6,205	9,405 1 1,615 3,362 1	9,405 1 1,615 746 3,362 1		

		Primary vaccinations.								
Average nur of person vaccinated by	18.					Succ	essful.		to the	
vaccinato	or.	Total.		Under one year.		1 year and under 6 years.		Total of ages.		
8		9		10			11	12		
	0.000		0.000		200		0.500		0.000	
	2,832		3,337		726 297		2,506		3,308	
**	4,734 6,424		6,041		2,800		1,002 2,969		1,299 5,897	
	5,999		571		210		112		571	
	5,554		2,079		750		1,259		2,071	
	3,303		565		79		475		559	
	1,103		215		97		92		189	
	990		353		65	400	286		351	
	1,406		376		21		267		375	
	360		121		49	.,	72		121	
	614		97		30		66		96	
	1,949	10	325		110	1 40	206		32	
	1,853		425		. 6		375		417	
170	3,586		695		105	4.7	514		644	
202	2,390		367		83		206		339	
	2,521		558		142	1 20	416		558	
BOALS.	13,961		1,071		489		582		1,07	
21	2,382		583		157	100	357		56	
032,3	3,417		1,120		319		695	Nathart	1,06	
750	1,266		396		114		217	- susselleli	37	
630	1,168		371		135		236	Rapidenson St.	37	
159.3	6,084		3,021		1,079		1,754	mignet	3,00	
88	1,294		332		91	1	198	Descript.	33	
· ·			175		104	1	66	STALLINGO D	17	
160	1,533		680		463	**		FORMAN	68	
	714		373		38		314	almhal.	35	
	131	Basille II	108		24		46	1417	10	
033,550	7,196	1	42,752		23,290	100	15,699	attusted	40,51	
					1		- Daniel	1383		
550.5	5,545		1,258	1	291	1	877	THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	1,22	
212	1,701		1,706	3 7 7	245	1	1,419	1	1,70	
4.4	2,194		358		153	1	104	The state of the s	25	
33 505	208	0.6.	71		17			10,000	7	
100 L	1,129		956		261		624		93	
TO SECOND	390	-	87	4	22		65		9	
Olc .	2,361		853	1.7	40		264	and the same of	33	
19 34	418		153		19		105			
881		1	185		26	1	159	70117201	18	

		and	Primary vaccination.	2	Revaccinations.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Serial No.	Districts	and towns.			14 T	
	S COURT		Unknown.	Total.	Successful.	Unknown.
1		2	13	14	15	16
	77.55	arganas.				
30	South Subur	rban		8,023	1,681	1,674
31	Tollyganj			12,879	1,109	
32	Garden Read		57	26,080	3,950	13,475
33	Budge Budg			5,428	1,944	720
34	Baranagar Kamarhati		6	14,595 2,738	4,147 284	124
			26	933	232	288
36	Rajpur Baruipur			637	298	64
38	Joynagar			1.930	175	66
39	North Dum	Dun		239	130	109
40	Dum Dum			1,131	355	100
41	South Dum			1,624	24	1,042
42	Kharda			1,428	203	
43	Barrackpur		21	2,891	899	971
44	Panihati		28	2,023	596	233
45	North Barra			1,963	123	
46	Titagarh			26,852	1 38	26,852
47	Garulia		3.32	1,799	738	11
48	Naihati		42	9,131	2,724	4,259
49	Halisahar		24	870	233	637
50	Kanchrapara	a		797	509	288
51	Bhatpara	MET		27,401	6,022	2,675
52	Baraset			962	322	38
53	Gobardanga			1,329	236	. 63
54	Basirhat	110		853	113	351
55	Baduria			341	115	
56	Taki			154	53	
57	Calcutta	409.07	1,470	576,172	88,463	63,550
	Nadia	District.				
58	Krishnagar		14	9,838	3,997	2,077
59	Nabadwip			1,696	506	292
60	Ranaghat		1	1,836	584	
61	Birnagar			137	60	17
62	Santipur		24	2,433	775	1,658
63	Chakdaha		25	303	- 139	25
64	Kushtia		3	2,008	244	510
65	Kumarkhali	(B)	15	265	86	67
66	Meherpur			191	23	168

Percase	s in which	of successful h results were own.	Persons success- fully vaccinated per 1,000 of	Total cost of Vaccination Department.	Number of all successful vaccinations and revaccinations performed by the	Average cost of each successful case performed by the vaccina- tion staff.		
Prin	nary.	Revaccination.	population.	2.7	vaccination staff only.			
1	17	18	19	20	21	22		
				Rs. a. p.	Andrea bearing	Rs.	9.	n
	99 -1	26.5	126.3	2,620 0 0	4,989	0	6	3
	96 -4	8.6	983 -8	1,360 14 0	2,408	0	9	1
	98.5	31 -3	176 -2	3,418 0 0	9,847	0	5	(
	100 -0	35 -8	103 -9	360 0 0	2,515	0	2	-
	99.8	29.8	167 -8	1,483 3 0	6,218	0	3	1
	100 -0	10.8	27 -7	442 0 0	843	0	8	4
	100 -0	35 -9	36.8	93 15 0	421	0	3	-
	99 -4	52 -1	100 ·1	44 0 0	649	0	1	
	99 - 7	18.1	56.3	128 8 0	550	0	3	1
	100 -0	100 -0	55 -3	30 8 0	251	0	1	1
	98.9	31 -3	84 -2	360 0 0	451	0	12	
	100 .0	4.1	18.8	426 12 6	349	1	3	
	98 -1	14 -2	103 -3	56 7 0	620	0	1	
	95.5	46.8	60 -7	515 12 0	1,543	0	5	
	100 .0	33 -2	79 -9	346 5 0	935	0	5	1
	100 .0	6.2	41 -7	250 0 0	681	0	5	1
	100 .0		21 · 5	768 8 6	1,071	0	11	
	96-0	41 -2	92 · 4	289 0 0	1,298	0	3	-
	98.5	55 -9	122 · 4	1,101 5 3	3,786	0	4	-
	100 -0	100 -0	36.0	287 13 0	605	0	7	1
	100 -0	100 .0	58.6	360 0 0	880	0	6	6
	99 -3	24 -3	106-1	1,540 0 0	9,023	0	2 1	8
	100 .0	34 -8	75 -4	34 12 0	654	0	0 :	1(
	98 -2	18.6	90 -1		408			
	100 -0	22 - 5	37 - 2	211 10 0	793	0	4	;
	94 · 3	37 - 7	34 -1	227 0 0	467	0	7	1
	100 -0	34 - 4	19.5	216 0 0	161	1	5	(
	98 -1	17 -2	107 -7	84,957 0 0	128,981	0	10	•
		T. E. S. 100	0 00		140 1 30 1	THE PARTY NAMED IN		
	98 - 7	51 -5	215 -2	574 3 0	5,226	0	1	
	100 -0	36 -0	117 -2	307 0 0	2,212	0		2
	71 - 7	31 ·8	73 -8	276 0 0	841	0	5	2
	100 .0	50.0	55 -9	11.01	131	- 577		
	100 -0	100 -0	68.8	212 0 0	1,707	0	2	(
	100 -0	50 -0	56-6		226			
	96 -2	16.2	61 - 7	334 9 0	581	0	9	
	100 .0	43 -4	66 -6	125 0 0	224	0	8	1
	100 -0	100-0	33 - 5		208			

				Average	Total number of persons vaccinated.				
Serial No.	District a	District and towns.		number of vaccinators employed throughout the year.	Male.	Female.	Total.		
1		2	3	4	5	6	7		
	Murshidab	ad District.							
67	Berhampore		27,403	3	4,854	1,584	6,438		
68	Murshidabad		9,483	1	394	179	578		
69	Jiaganj-Azim	ganj	10,998	2	1,087	1,023	2,110		
70	Kandi		12,616	1	970	681	1,651		
71	Jangipur		12,796	1	1,066	613	1,679		
72	Dhulian		9,767	1	1,314	335	1,649		
4.5	Jessore Di	strict.	- 11 10	184	10-10-1		201		
73	Jessore		11,356	1	2,096	1,257	3,353		
74	Kotchandpur		6,115	1	266	160	426		
75	Moheshpur		3,321	1	173	47	220		
				8.94					
-		District.	1 11 11 11 11	0.25			0.00		
76	G-4111-		19,120	4	5,638	4,049	9,687		
77	Dallast.		11,241	1	432	402	834		
10	Debnatta		5,890	1	286	267	553		
91.9	Rajshahi	District.	1-0 012	18.00	1 3		UOT SOUSON		
79	Rajshahi		27,064	9	19,286	12,696	31,982		
80	Nator		8,318	1	444	240	684		
393	Dinajpur D	District.					100 May 1		
81	The state of		19,156	2	3,403	1,797	- 5,200		
	Jalpaigur	District	0 0 0103	12.001			90 500		
82	Jalpaiguri		18,962	1	5,516	2,882	8,398		
02	o mpanguii		10,002	1-00	0,010	2,002	0,000		
		g District.	o or re	2-16	110		921		
83	Darjeeling		23,000	1	6,776	4,613	11,389		
84	Kurseong		7,454	1	1,272	1,125	2,397		
4. 14	Rangpur	District.	3 0 7282	V DI			20		
85	Rangpur		20,749	3	5,190	1,728	6,918		
86	Gaibandha		8,479	1	715	428	1,143		
	Augus B		9998	210	1. 19		991		
4.5	Bogra I	District.	N D NEE	8 37			T. F. Sand		
87	Bogra		14,819	1	2,739	1,484	4,223		
88	Sherpur		4,279	1	458	196	649		
	Pabna I	District.		0.95					
89	Pabna		21,904	2	2,794	2,714	5,508		
90	Serajganj		32,467		2,026	737	2,763		

		Primary vaccinations.								
Average no of perso vaccinated l vaccinate	umber ons.		No.	Successful.						
vaccinat	tor.	Total.		Under one year.		1 year	and under years.	Total of all ages.		
8			9	10			11	12		
	- 19 - 1									
	2,146		1,478		148		1,234		1,46	
	573		184		76		78		15	
	1,055		485		123		353		47	
	1,651		359		178		170		34	
	1,679		434		68		350		41	
	1,649		488		117		348		46	
	0.050		007		39		291		35	
	3,353		365 149		46		103		14	
	426 220		52		40		48		4	
	220		32				40			
	2,421		1,230		160		569		1,08	
	834		638		221		367		63	
	553		128		81		. 45		12	
	555		120		OI		, 10			
							ministe in			
	3,553		2,720		699		1,762		2,71	
	684	10.11	200		17		150		20	
	2,600		350		76		219		33	
							Jennes Inc			
	8,398		921		415		337		88	
	0,000		122							
					200		.11111111111111111111111111111111111111		mo	
	11,389		793		602		180	armichad 4	78	
	2,397		472		130		313		44	
							April 3 To			
	2,306	23.1	862		121	3714	632		85	
	1,143	THE REAL PROPERTY.	262		24	1	117		25	
					000		5.5		30	
	4,223		307		228	1 77	55		14	
	649		186		22	1	124		. 14	
							. Dimini			
	2,754	320	1,090	10 10	95		634		94	
	2,763	100 000	805		391	-	384		78	

			Primary vaccination.		Revaccinations.					
Serial No.	Districts	and towns.		A D OF SALESTONE						
	to tunt		Unknown.	Total.	Successful.	Unknown.				
1_	21	2	13	14	15	16				
	Murshida	abad District.								
67	Berhampore			4,960	574	335				
68	Murshidaba	d	10.	389	118					
69	Jiaganj-Azi	mganj	6	1,625	357	18				
70	Kandi		1	1,292	413	58				
- 71	Jangipur			1,245	127	534				
72	Dhulian		1.	1,161	490	459				
	Jeossr	e District.								
73	Jessore	(ii)	7	2,988	1,228	1,760				
74	Kotchandp	ur	1	277	142	48				
75	Moheshpur			168	57					
	Khulr	a District.								
76	Khulna		47	8,457	6,003	414				
77	Satkhira	·	1	196	70					
78	Debhatta			425	229	60				
	Rajsha	hi District.								
79	Rajshahi		3	29,262	12,767	4,448				
80	Nator	., .,		484	72	13				
	Dinaio	pur District.								
81	Dinajpur		15	4,850	1 262	3,588				
	Jaloaie	uri District.								
82	Jalpaiguri			7,500	1,851	1,549				
	Daries	ling Ditsrict.								
83	Darjeeling		11	10,596	1,832	2,358				
84	Kurseong		15	1,925	96	408				
4										
		ur District.		- 13.						
85	Rangpur		2	6,056	2,175	405				
86	Gaibandha			881	189					
	Bogr	a District.								
87	Bogra			5,145	1,514	26				
88	Sherpur		9	463	91	21				
			1-							
	The same of the sa	a District.								
89	Pabna		47	4,418	1,610	614				
90	Serajganj		22	1,958	668	1,290				

cas	ses in whic	of successful h results were own.	Persons success- fully vaccinated per 1,000 of	Total cost of Vaccination Department.			vac	umber of all successful cinations and vaccinations formed by the	Average cost of each successful case performed by the vaccina-		
Pr	imary.	Revaccination.	population.				vaccination staff only,		tion staff.		
	17	18	19		20			21	22		
		*			Rs. a.	p.			Rs.	a.	p
	98-9	12.4	74 - 2		768 0	0		2,036	0		(
	85 - 3	30 -3	28 - 9		30 0	0		275	0	1	1
	99 - 7	22 -2	75 - 9		318 2	3		. 835	0	6	1
	96 - 9	33 -4	60 · 3		156 0	0		761	0	3	1
	96 -3	17.8	42.5		209 0	0		545	0	6	1
	95 - 7	69.8	97 - 7		139 0	0		. 955	0	2	4
	-						**	Mile	Name of Street		
	100 ·0	100 -0	139 - 6		190 12	0		1,586	0	1	11
	100 .0	62 .0	47.5	1	108 12	0		291	1 0	4	
	92 · 3	33 -9	31 -6	15	105 12	U	110	105	5	*	1
							**		and the Market		
	91 -4	74 - 6	370 - 5		412 0	0		7,085	0	0	11
	100 -0	35.7	62.9		63 12	0	-	708	0		-
	100 -0	62 - 7	60.6		51 9	0	000	357	0	2	
	- 2	200			0.011,111				The plant	330	-
	100 -0	51 -4	572 -1		822 10	0		15,484	0	0	10
	100 -0	15.2	32.7		253 0	0		272	TOTAL LOSS TO	14	
	100 -0	100.0	00.0	-	402 3	0		1 500			,
	100-0	100.0	83 ·3		402 3	U	100	1,597	0	4	(
									Street St.		
	96 -4	31 · 1	144 -4		540 0	0		2,739	0	3	2
								John District.			
	100 · 0	22 -2	113 -6		1,039 12	0		2,614	0	6	4
	96 -9	6.3	72 · 3		372 0	0	100	539	0	11	0
	1.0								Susann .		
	99 -8	38 -4	146 -2		759 0	0	- 1	3,034	0	4	0
	98 -4	21 -4	52 -7		220 13	0		447		7	
		i iu			220 10				eledis.	200	
	1					-		filling and			
	100 -0	29.5	122.8		599 10	6		1,821		5	
	82 -4	20 ·5	55 -8		169 12	0		237	0	11	
									dans.		
	90 -2	42.3	116 -4		421 0	0		2,551	0	2	
	100 .0	100 -0	44 -6		282 0	0		1,451	0	3	1

	Stanforder		Average	Total nun	nber of persons	vaccinated.
Serial No.	District and towns.	Population according to census of 1931.	number of vaccinators employed throughout the year.	Male.	Female.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Marida Mintalist					
91	Malda District. English Bazar	16,907	1	1,487	633	2,120
92	OH W-H-	2,779	1	638	309	947
93	W1	15,826	1	964	515	1,479
	Nowabganj	10,020			-	2,210
1 9	Dacca District.	0 4 000				-30
94	Dacca	138,518	10	16,615	10,526	27,141
95	Narayanganj	34,189	3	4,363	2,279	6,642
TO I	Mymensingh District.	O DE COL	0.40%	9	Pt.	PART HORSE
96	Mymensingh	30,480	3	7,944	3,879	11,823
97	Muktagachha	6,131	1	297	124	421
98	Netrokona	10,980	1	1,034	490	1,524
99	Jamalpur	23,077	1	1,086	606	1,692
100	Sherpur	19,547	1	909	414	1,323
101	Kishoreganj	15,437	1	1,209	761	1,970
102	Bajitpur	11,650	1	385	185	570
103	Tangail	16,082	2	1,612	920	2,532
104	Gouripur	6,319	1	770	288	1,058
	Faridour District.					
105	Faridpur	15,516	1	6,253	2,876	9,129
106	Madaripur	18,699	1	1,148	-696	1,844
107	Rajbari	7,104	1	699	373	1,072
	Bakarganj District.					
108	De-lead	35,716	3	5,865	3,919	9,784
109	Jhalakati	6,496	1	709	206	915
110	Nalchiti	1,946		113	54	167
111	Pirojpur	10,959	1	2,187	810	2,997
112	Patuakhali	6,434	1	623	364	987
113	Bhola	5,558	1.00	532	192	724
	Chittagong District.	0 02.000	6. 6.22	100	an exact to	word se
114	Chittagong	53,156	3	4,197	2,106	6,303
115	Cox's Bazar	5,018	1	646	150	796
	Noakhali District.					
116	Veshiell	13,063	2	1,392	507	1.000
	Noaknan	13,003	-	1,092	597	1,989

					Primary va	ecinatio	ns.	Law man			
Average nur of person vaccinated by vaccinate	mber ns.		1		Successful.						
vaccinato 8	r.	Total.		Under one year.		1 year and under 6 years.		Total of all ages.			
0			9		10	-	11	- 12			
					1 10 10		Januar	tisti Za			
	2,120	41 5	548		273	1 40	263	AL DESCRIPTION OF	536		
	947		122	1939	- 25	0 300	87	March of Division	120		
	1,479		313		38	*	275	Photos Ser	313		
							A Tightet.	Dagli			
	2,714		7,331		1,818	9 150	4,621	d'and the	6,628		
	2,214		1,543		251	1	1,094		1,376		
								descripts.			
	3,941		1,214		185		744	No service of	1,03		
	421	100	231		43	1100	159		23		
	1,524	200	317		35		240	il mark	315		
	1,692	40	979		164		368	THE REAL PROPERTY.	73		
	1,323		239		33		155	New York	23		
	1,970		688		150		370	and the last	55		
	570	901	232		8		120	perman-	16		
	1,266		495		74	11/2-	222	DUNDET	41		
	1,058	1577	184		15		66	divide	17		
								NAT.			
	9,129		1,305		144		800	minne	1,23		
	1,844	. 55	614		31	11/20	496	alt to the last	580		
	1,072	14.11	229		134	0 1	74	Baffad	21		
	2,0.2					1					
			00000	-			Assisted the	rentall .			
	3,261		1,682		186		736	INCOME.	1,65		
	915		355		3		108	S STATE OF	300		
			83		1		40	Sandarita.	85		
	2,997		1,373		107		445	Darl Sameria	1,180		
	987	7.11	363		1		128	- moen	350		
			88		5		59		88		
							Many poster.	ATT TO			
	2,101		1,693		628		1,007		1,635		
	796		94		27		66		9		
							James Tu	alles II			
	994	100	296		8	194	213	DECEMBER.	279		

			vac	Primary ecination.		Revaccinations.		
Serial No.	Districts	s and towns.	-			(2)	a co-levens	2000
54	o tend		Uı	nknown.	Total.	Successful.	Unknov	vn.
1		2		13	14	15	16	
		- District						
91	English Ba	a District.		7	1,572			1,572
92	Old Malda	ZAT		2	825	657		168
93	Nowabganj				1,166	332		
			١,		1 100	1		
	Dace	a District.						
94	Dacca	125,5		206	19,865	1,829	100	3,908
95	Narayangai	nj	-	132	5,099	769		1,951
	Mymans	ingh District.						
96	Mymensing			122	10,609	1,732		4,132
97	Muktagach				190	20		170
98	Netrokona				1,207	133		
99	Jamalpur				713	445		
100	Sherpur			1	1,084	160		34
101	Kishoregan	j		116	1,282	275		463
102	Bajitpur			43	338	19		101
103	Tangail			59	2,037	365		516
104	Gouripur			6	874	211	100	27
	Faride	our District.						
105	Faridpur				7,824	491		4,293
106	Madaripur			34	1,230	. 40		
107	Rajbari				843	114	60	91
		anj District.						
108	Barisal			12	8,102	1,802	100	160
109	Jhalakati	1.11		48	560	429	100	101
110	Nalchiti	04		194	84	49	14 14	29
111	Pirojpur Patuakhali			184	1,624 624	681	Kill -	943
113	Bhola				636	249		36
		e		4.	000	240		00
	Chittag	ong District.					1	
114	Chittagong			58	4,625	505		4,120
115	Cox's Baza	r		75"	702	38	100	168
	Nookh	ali District.					1 3	
116	Noakhali			12	1,693	173		181
	2,000,000	177	1		1,055	173		101

cases in which	of successful h results were wn.	Persons success- fully vaccinated	Total cost of Vaccination	Number of all successful vaccinations and revaccinations	Average cost of each successful case performed		
Primary.	Revaccination.	per 1,000 of population.	Department,	performed by the vaccination staff only.	by the vacci	na-	
17	18	19	20	21	22		
			Rs. a. p.		Rs. a.		
99 -0		31 ·7	Rs. a. p.	536	Rs. a.	p. 2	
100 -0	100 .0	279 - 5	85 0 0	777	0 1	9	
100 -0	28 -2	40 .7	267 10 0	645	0 6	8	
	1,00) 100	108 17 108	Magnet &	specific	talez		
93 -0	11 -4	61 -0	3,585 0 0	8,457	0 6	9	
97:5	24.4	62 - 7	878 3 0	2,145	0 6	6	
		" .	1	-back to entropy	Montain 1		
94 -9	26 -7	90 -8	465 14 0	2,769	0 2		
100.0	100.0	40.9	207 4 0	251	0 13	2	
98 -4	11.0	40 -5	168 0 0	445	0 6		
74 -9	62 -4	51-0	183 13 0	1,179	0 2		
98 -3	15 · 2	20 -1	204 0 0	394	0 8		
97.5	33 -5	53 -9	240 0 0	833	0 4	7	
87 · 3 95 · 8	8.0	15·7 48·6	51 6 0 261 13 0	184 783	0 4		
99 -4	24 -9	61 -4	74 15 0	388	0 3		
94 · 3	13 -9	110 -9	401 8 0	1,722	0 3	9	
100 .0	3 .2	33 -1	264 0 0	620	0 6	10	
92 - 5	15 -1	45.8	279 0 0	326	0 13	8	
98.8	22.6	96.6	606 0 0	3,452		10	
99·6 98·7	76 · 7 89 · 0	113 ·1 67 ·3	180 0 0 20 0 0	735 131		11	
100 -0	100 -0	17-6	169 0 0	1,870		5	
98.9	29.1	83 -3	251 0 0	536		6	
100 ·0	41 · 5	60 -6		337			
100 -0	100 .0	40 -2	1,157 5 0	2,140	0 8	8	
100 -0	7.1	26.3	122 0 0	132	0 14	9	
98.2	11.4	33.8	230 0 0	452	0 8	2	

	manual limitation of the	Population	Average number of	Total numbe	r of persons v	raccinated.	
Serial No.	District and towns.	according to census of 1931.	vaccinators employed throughout the year.	Male.	Female.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
	Tippera District.	a a at					
117	Comilla	31,365	1	2,843	1,540	4,383	
118	Brahmanbaria	26,662	1	1,511	836	2,347	
119	Chandpur	16,838	2	2,159	1,346	3,505	
	Total of Towns	3,511,585	295	800,811	421,189	1,233,246	
	Bengal Vaccine Institute Special Inspectors of Vaccination.	0 204/4	****			940	
	Other agencies—	0 17 815	80.00			10 400	
	Tea Gardens					92,318	
	Factories					94,714	
	Steamers					75,546	
	Railways					68,622	
	Jails					46,522	
	Dispensaries						
	Total of other agencies	0 200000		1		377,722	
	Grand Total	50,114,002	3,061	5,128,685	2,957,387	8,475,980	

	100	Witness Co.		Prim	ary vacci	nations.					
Average nu of perso vaccinated b vaccinat	mber ns. y each		-	Successful.							
vaccinat	or.	Total.		Under one year.		1 year and under 6 years.		Total of all ages.			
8											
								oggi?			
	4,383		1,285		72		996	althree of	1,24		
112	2,347		889	59	182	Egipte 1	674	(fpingand)	87		
	1,752		850		52		623		67		
DESIR OF	4,180		142,715		50,406		74,910	In little	135,31		
								of lesign			
			6			1000		- Marie			
								1			
								printer region			
		10	13,419					The Occio	12,75		
		The same of	3,540		1000			Silandy Na	3,26		
								come			
		21-2	7,402					Messelles.	5,36		
		The second	656					ELD!	61		
			25,017						22,00		
1,242,1	2,769	3,	025,791	100	458,201	1,59	1,599,252		,646,35		

			Primary vaccination.	Philip	Revaccinations.		
Serial	Districts ar	nd towns.	-		1 1 00	of to hard her	
No.	total today bear of		Unknown.	Total.	Successful.	Unknown.	
1	2	11	13	14	15	16	
	Tippera I	District.					
117	Comilla .		4	3,09	8 889	282	
118	Brahmanbaria	0	5	1,45	8 475	246	
119	Chandpur .		16	2,68	1,032	1,270	
ele,qr	Total of To	wns	3,844	1,092,02	205,574	216,301	
	Bengal Vaccin	e Institute					
	Special Inspectation.	tors of Vacci-		93			
	Other agencies	_					
	Tea Gardens			78,89	9 46,936	9739	
	Factories .			91,17	4 15,116		
	Steamers .		/	75,54	6	750	
000,8	Railways .			61,22	12,849		
613	Jails .			45,86	66 12,094		
	Dispensaries						
000.63	Total of other	r agencies		352,70	86,995		
	Grand Total	929 602	274,027	5,459,45	9 1,693,851	1,249,962	

Percentage c cases in which kno	of successful n results were wn.	Persons success- fully vaccinated	Total cost of Vaccination	Number of all successful vaccinations and revaccinations	Average cost of each successful case performed	
Primary.	Revaccination.	per 1,000 of population.	Department.	performed by the vaccination staff only.	by the vaccina- tion staff.	
17	18	19	20	21	22	
	Stones Very		Rs. a. p.	rosairi .	Rs. a. p.	
97.4	31.5	68 -1	586 0 0	2,137	0 4 4	
99.3	39.1	50 .7	307 3 6	1,353	0 3 7	
80 -9	73 -1	101 -3	255 0 0	1,707	0 2 4	
97.4	23 -4	97 - 7	1,37,293 7 9	340,886	0 6 5	
9- EE	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	100 : 000 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	62,746 10 0 2,866 4 9	001207	telses statistic attenti blood	
	-20	001,4 : (STT, 00)	195,101,8	239,000,0	to the same	
95.5	59 -4			59,692		
92 -2	16.5	SEE . THERE	500,000	18,382		
				3		
72 -4	20 -9			18,212		
93 · 7	26.3	1977 1825	825,434,8	12,709	Date Strong	
87 - 9	31 -2			108,995		
96-2	40 -2	86.6	4,70,644 11 6	4,340,202	0 1 9*	

^{*}Excluding the figures of other agencies as their cost on vaccination is not available.

	To adams if		Sumn	nary.	Commission of the last	There was	
	Total numb	er of persons nated.	Total numb	er of opera- rfomed,	Percentage of successful cases in which results were known.		
	Primary.	Revaccina- tion.	Primary.	Revaccina- tion.	Primary.	Revaccina-	
			C C INT		- 3000		
By Special Staff	6	934	6	934			
Districts excluding towns.	2,854,825	4,009,247	2,858,053	4,013,797	96 -1	47-0	
Towns	142,100	1,091,146	142,715	1,092,023	97 -4	23 -4	
Total	2,996,931	5,101,327	3,000,774	5,106,754	96 -2	41 -6	
Other agencies—Tea gardens, factories, steamers, railways, jails and dispen- saries.	25,017	352,705	25,017	352,705	87 -9	31.2	
Grand Total	3,021,948	5,454,032	3,025,791	5,459,459	96 -1	40.2	

			5	Summary.			
Average number of persons vaccinated by each vaccinator.		Number of successfu na	of children illy vacci- ted.	Ratio of successful	No spieme or in	al artigat	0,07.0
Vaccina- tors employed.	Persons vaccina- ted by each vaccina- tor.	Under 1 year.	One year and under six years.	vaccina- tion per 1,000 of popula- tion.	Total cost of department.	Number of successful vaccinations performed.	Average cost of each successful case.
Control of the Contro					Rs. a, p.	The same of	Rs. a. p
)			Shire diam
2,766	2,480	407,795	1,524,342		are the	I A SHE	ASSESSED BY
295	4,180	50,406	74,910	1	Maria Company	Contact And	AD AND ADD
3,061	2,645	458,201	1,599,252	86-6	4,70,644 11 6	4,340,202	0 1 9
***	Harris .		12 19				Ser Statem
4-20	100	200	100			1000 00	o ing to say
3,061	2,769	458,201	1,599,252		-		STREET, STREET

^{*}Excluding the figures of other agencies as their cost on vaccination is not available.

STATEMENT

Showing the total number of persons vaccinated with the number of those

		18				Person	
leterests studenteer has a leterest by the let			1931	-32.	1932-33.		
			Total number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	
1			2	3	4	5	
			1				
I. Government staff			13,365	10,797	14,302	11,521	
II. District Boards			5,058,535	3,493,638	5,558,063	3,619,719	
III. Municipalities			364,299	178,118	895,185	334,521	
IV. Tea Gardens, Factories, St Jails and Dispensaries	eamers, Ra	ailways,	105,486	55,446	202,584	105,160	
V. Public Vaccinators							
	Total		5,541,685	3,737,999	6,670,134	4,070,921	
Primary vaccinations			2,450,114	2,228,149	2,518,186	2,262,328	
Percentage of the total			44 -2	59 -3	37 - 7	55 - 5	
Re-vaccinations			3,091,571	1,509,850	1,451,948	1,808,593	
Percentage of the total			55 - 7	40 -4	63 · 7	44 · 4	

		- 1				Person	
			193	6-37,	1937-38.		
			Total number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	
1			12	13	14	15	
I. Government staff			17,210	11,828	31,128	21,040	
II. District Boards			7,912,506	4,577,683	7,528,998	4,212,384	
III. Municipalities			833,810	332,519	851,217	254,005	
IV. Tea Gardens, Factories, S Jails and Dispensa	teamers, Raries.	ailways,	373,794	166,827	184,275	67,058	
V. Public Vaccinators							
	Fotal		9,137,320	5,088,857	8,595,618	4,554,487	
Primary vaccinations			3,255,573	2,835,830	3,074,819	2,697,633	
Percentage of the total			35 -6	55 -7	36 -7	59 -2	
Re-vaccinations			6,011,273	2,253,027	5,496,943	1,856,854	
Percentage of the total			65 -7	44 -2	63 -9	40 - 7	

No. II. persons who were successfully vaccinated during the ten years ending 1940-41.

vaccinated.			
1	1933-34.	-	

1933-	34.	1934	-35.	1935-36.		
Total number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	
6	7	8	9	10	11	
23,337	14,874	16,291	12,120	16,795	11,622	
5,855,470	3,691,040	6,023,582	3,682,675	7,289,294	4,143,023	
558,178	215,572	589,425	226,116	1,372,255	430,220	
170,112	81,839	162,664	69,036	428,486	189,508	
H.15.		w jā				
6,627,097	4,003,325	6,791,962	3,989,947	9,106,830	4,774,373	
2,532,230	2,251,713	2,635,546	2,279,098	2,903,582	2,557,500	
38-1	56 -2	38.9	57 -1	31 -9	53 -6	
4,107,104	1,751,612	4,260,825	1,710,851	6,203,248	2,216,873	
61.9	43 - 7	62 -9	42.9	68 -1	46.4	

men and		
-valce:	nated	ш

1938-	39.	1939-	40.	1940-41.		
Total number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	
16	17	18	19	20	21	
20,447	14,171	23,719	18,045	21,350	14,749	
6,458,911	3,580,520	6,607,389	3,645,756	6,843,662	3,875,572	
1,063,586	296,544	947,479	281,593	1,233,246	340,886	
321,048	104,487	346,795	96,295	377,722	108,995	
				and market		
7,843,545	3,981,551	7,925,382	4,041,689	8,475,980	4,340,202	
2,876,619	2,464,923	2,909,956	2,476,604	3,025,791	2,646,351	
36 -6	61 -9	36 -7	61 -3	35 -6	60 -9	
4,972,453	1,516,628	5,017,380	1,565,085	5,459,459	1,693,851	
63 -4	38 -1	63 -3	38 -7	64 -4	39 -02	

STATEMENT

Showing, side by side, the ratios per mille of population of deaths from small-pox

				19	931-3	32.	1932-33.		
	D	istricts.		Ratio of deaths from small-pox		Number of successful vaccination.	Ratio of deaths from small-pox.	Number of successful vaccinations.	
		1		2		3	4	5	
Donator					17	00 555	10	900 000	
Burdwan Birbhum					19	96,755	·40 ·10	208,880	
Bankura					18	65,037	-05	75,185 74,435	
Midnapore	:	100			06	70,749 276,558	-07	258,292	
3000 0700					24		-27		
Hooghly						44,404		64,043	
Howrah					61	46,637	-53	42,507	
24-Parganas	••	***			10	169,002	-11	222,271	
Calcutta					19	74,609	2.88	159,115	
Nadia		2000000)3	90,023	-06	114,606	
Murshidabad)8	93,522	-04	124,003	
Jessore					01	173,383	-02	210,154	
Khulna		dell)1	132,748	-02	130,024	
Rajshahi		.,			01	70,325	·10	94,713	
Dinajpur			2:		99	130,607	-20	117,830	
falpaiguri					02	57,735	-03	77,577	
Darjeeling					03	13,766	-003		
Rangpur					30	241,318	-69	254,170	
Bogra		**			05	80,239	.03	62,628	
Pabna		007			01	85,239	-02	80,429	
Malda					03	52,059	.04	54,848	
Dacca					37	229,980	.16	235,405	
Mymensingh		The Asian			21	530,305	-38	571,794	
Faridpur		••			06	115,554	-06	121,147	
Bakarganj	• •	**			10	184,616	-02	202,362	
Chittagong				-	22	108,636	-07	108,328	
Noakhali					04	130,181	·12	132,720	
Tippera					18	330,018	-05	190,350	
Chittagong H	ill T	racts			-	10,797		11,521	
Jail, Dispen den and Fa	sary,	Railway, Tea	Gar-			32,891		55,882	
		Total	.,00		15	3,737,999	-23	4,070,901	

No. III.

and the number of successful vaccinations during the ten years ending 1940-41.

1933-	34.	1934	-35.	1935-36.		
Ratio of deaths from small-pox.	Number of successful vaccinations.	Ratio of deaths from small-pox.	Number of successful vaccinations.	Ratio of deaths from small-pox.	Number of successful vaccinations.	
6	7	- 8	9	10	11	
-71	125,221	·16	107,29	-25	160,57	
-13	59,842	-10	52,542	-43	79,31	
.10	82,298	-04	90,794	-12	64,81	
-19	272,467	-12	249,039	44	269,313	
1.23	77,966	-54	63,391	-10	89,079	
-81	30,004	.34	35,210	1.87	59,233	
-26	203,717	-13	190,553	-47	216,443	
1.59	76,016	-69	103,477	2.9	170,011	
-15	114,033	-04	112,955	-18	175,636	
-19	122,595	-03	108,861	2.22	164,674	
-06	159,937	-02	140,641	-07	182,32	
-02	94,864	-01	75,071	-16	90,61	
-12	96,890	-06	86,737	-08	96,870	
-20	130,127	-13	105,363	-28	117,12	
-04	60,288	-03	53,468	-04	53,533	
-09	25,167	-02	19,829	.03	28,17	
-72	292,863	-33	300,247	-23	262,43	
-27	85,378	-29	104,891	-11	85,37	
-34	116,553	-54	111,010	-23	110,26	
-14	61,531	-06	54,809	-47	63,70	
-24	222,072	·15	246,075	-83	134,95	
-27	557,561	-07	612,764	-06	556,21	
-07	120,136	-02	128,533	-30	141,19	
-03	192,239	-02	154,362	-07	179,48	
-03	115,424	-03	119,502	25	145,93	
-14	134,663	·10	164,405	-16	196,87	
-10	307,644	-03	346,447	-07	399,04	
710.302.3	14,874	5,510,5.	12,120	lebeT	11,62	
	50,955		39,561		189,50	
-26	4,003,325	-13	3,989,947	-42	4,774,37	

					37.	1937-38.		
	Di	strict.	1018	Ratio of deaths from small-pox.	Number of successful vaccinations.	Ratio of deaths from small-pox.	Number of successful vaccinations	
	100	1		12	13	14	15	
Burdwan		To attall		-39	141,661	-01	116,680	
Birbhum				1.19	76,864	-09	57,860	
Bankura				1.18	114,731	-74	75,778	
Midnapore				-14	307,445	-01	268,437	
Hooghly				2.45	85,503	-48	66,944	
Howrah				2 -12	45,271	-26	- 55,446	
24-Parganas				-79	236,758	-21	194,633	
Calcutta				1.5	82,787	1.20	84,526	
Nadia				-72	167,665	-30	134,937	
Murshidabad		18 1		5.62	237,706	-58	117,283	
Jessore				-26	161,485	-12	165,619	
Khulna				-02	109,808	-007	97,586	
Rajshahi				-92	130,684	-49	116,955	
Dinajpur				-77	147,633	-72	196,981	
Jalpaiguri				-05	73,223	-002	58,845	
Darjeeling				-05	30,300	-009	22,999	
Rangpur				-38	222,256	·13	242,933	
Bogra				.04	- 86,333	-19	78,946	
Pabna				.70	121,701	1.79	238,503	
Malda				1.32	60,872	-41	54,725	
Dacca				1.73	305,886	1.10	229,323	
Mymensingh				.16	612,169	-28	522,468	
Faridpur				-41	147,141	-12	159,058	
Bakarganj				-02	183,706	-02	232,893	
Chittagong				1.56	378,096	2 .20	364,754	
Noakhali				-55	235,671	-55	156,160	
Tippera				-28	404,579	-40	355,126	
Chittagong H	III Tra	cts			14,101		21,040	
	ry, Ra	ailway, Tea G	arden	7651 Ja	166,827	. e	67,058	
Patricks I		Total		-71	5,088,857	-44	4,554,487	

1938-	39.	. 1939	-40.	1940-41.		
Ratio of deaths from small-pox.	Number of successful vaccinations.	Ratio of deaths from small-pox.	Number of successful vaccinations.	Ratio of deaths from small-pox.	Number of successful vaccinations.	
16	17	18	19	20	21	
					*	
-09	77,217	-11	120,129	-21	182,963	
-05	58,457	-02	55,141	-07	51,65	
-06	71,970	-03	59,578	-06	56,03	
.04	285,518	-04	281,098	.05	286,34	
-21	58,113	-31	62,643	-32	75,265	
-45	64,063	-77	60,878	-70	64,56	
-24	203,192	-54	209,625	-52	172,139	
1.95	112,719	1.11	67,513	3 ·3	128,98	
•07	115,774	-22	117,922	·13	110,20	
-04	102,624	-01	101,323	-03	96,420	
•04	159,932	-05	146,529	-05	125,81	
-02	93,285	-02	99,307	-02	128,59	
-02	76,540	-01	79,680	-02	95,81	
-09	121,137	-10	124,081	.02	126,77	
-007	68,244	-01	58,680	-02	54,69	
-03	23,414	-01	19,545		17,070	
-06	161,138	-08	239,737	-05	273,28	
-06	67,532	-06	125,254	-008	108,11	
-13	142,203	-06	124,607	-05	133,49	
-03	22,272	-01	18,034	-04	23,55	
-16	222,215	-11	203,223	-40	340,92	
-21	613,984	-11	617,518	-05	610,87	
-08	162,886	-09	204,961	-07	*168,79	
-03	222,523	-01	238,341	.02	290,44	
-10	128,489	-01	123,073	-01	189,49	
-07	118,473	-01	147,061	-03	133,41	
-08	285,701	-01	221,868	-02	220,72	
	14,171		18,045		14,74	
	104,487		96,295		108,99	
-14	3,958,273	-09	4,041,689	-10	4,340,20	

		2501		
		to our action to		
	90-			
			conince	
			£15,55	
	01- 4			
807,001				

STATEMENT No. IV.

Showing the degree of protection afforded to infants in the Presidency of Bengal during the year 1940-41.

Rural and urban areas.		Number of births during the year 1940-41.	Number of deaths among infants under one year.	Surviving population under one year available for vaccination.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Proportion of infants successfully vaccinated per mille of available infant population as shown in column 4.	Proportion of infants successfully vaccinated per mille of available infant population during the previous year.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7
RURAL AF							
Burdwan Di	vision.					- 250000	*************
Burdwan Birbhum Bankura Midnapore Hooghly Howrah		51,179 37,802 39,063 92,089 34,230 25,424	8,688 6,001 5,864 10,808 4,781 3,016	42,491 31,801 33,199 81,281 29,449 22,408	13,125 9,663 7,914 34,215 6,305 4,699	308*8 303 ·8 238 ·3 420 ·9 214 ·09 209 ·7	306 · 4 483 · 7 180 · 4 407 · 2 166 · 7 192 · 5
Presidency D	ivision.	10			Ne i		
24-Parganas Nadia Murshidabad Jessore Khulna	::	78,656 62,035 57,377 50,259 49,639	9,444 12,131 8,025 10,996 8,350	69,212 49,904 49,352 39,263 41,289	11,269 32,097 21,326 12,143 11,880	162 ·8 643 ·1 432 ·1 309 ·2 287 ·7	453 ·4 550 ·8 392 ·7 339 ·5 241 ·8
Rajshahi Di	vision.	139			100	38	
Rajshahi Dinajpur Jalpaiguri Darjeeling Rangpur Bogra Pabna Malda	::	50,319 48,318 35,635 10,760 88,596 32,743 44,962 24,907	11,720 4,396 5,896 692 15,071 3,177 9,878 3,627	38,599 43,922 29,739 10,068 73,525 29,566 35,084 21,280	15,458 9,101 5,612 2,031 20,983 12,370 12,499 5,636	400 ·4 207 ·2 188 ·7 201 ·7 285 ·3 418 ·3 356 ·2 264 ·8	380 · 3 217 · 2 126 · 1 187 · 6 159 · 3 324 · 7 178 · 1 221 · 8
Dacca Divi	sion.						
Dacca Mymensingh Faridpur Bakarganj	::	117,601 157,276 88,240 100,803	17,333 27,915 14,069 16,898	100,268 129,361 74,171 83,905	20,910 44,177 9,338 6,297	208 · 5 341 · 5 125 · 8 75 · 0	81 ·4 231 ·6 133 ·4 63 ·3
Chittagong D	ivision.	195			1 1 1 1 1 1	1000	Theren
Chittagong Noakhali Tippera Chittagong Hill	Tracts	53,432 61,487 119,600	7,569 7,591 14,770	45,863 53,896 104,830	28,147 11,065 34,002 370	613 · 7 205 · 3 324 · 3	477 · 5 171 · 4 272 · 2
Total of Rural a	reas	1,612,432	248,706	1,363,726	407,795	299 - 0	262 -2
	235			135	911		
MUNICIPAL	ITIES.	133		81E 1	0.00 m		ATTENDED TO
Burdwan Di	istrict.	THE REAL PROPERTY.		128	1 198	1	- mirrial
Burdwan Kalna Katwa Dainhat Raniganj Asansol	::	1,016 326 109 114 686 1,216	89 73 17 11 61 88	927 253 92 103 625 1,128	454 27 79 3	489 · 7 106 · 7 858 · 7 29 · 1 	274 · 5 395 · 6 401 · 6 224 · 1 879 · 9 817 · 7

Rural and areas.	Rural and urban areas.		Number of births during the year 1940-41.		births during the year		births during the year		mber of eaths mong fants nder e year.	pop un one ava	viving ulation nder year allable for ination.	succ	mber essfully inated.	Proportion of infants successfully vaccinated per mille of available infant population as shown in column 4.	Proportion of infants successfully vaccinated per mille of available infant population during the previous year.
1	1000	912	2	2	3		4	_	5	- 6	7				
Birbhum Di	strict.	100	Livered	- 10											
Suri			90		5	1	85		16	188 -2	150 -6				
Bankura Di	strict.														
Bankura Vishnupur Sonamukhi	::		411 308 309		38 43 47		373 265 262		205 47 10	549 ·6 177 ·4 38 ·1	698 ·06 180 ·5 57 ·3				
Midnapore D	istri ct.					*				1 000	and street,				
Midnapore Ghatal Kharar Chandrkona Ramjibanpur Khirpai Tamluk			749 554 84 153 119 92 201		34 49 12 27 15 13 28		715 505 72 126 104 79 173		796 176 2 67 3 13 65	1,113 ·3 348 ·5 27 ·8 531 ·8 28 ·8 164 ·6 375 ·7	1,235°2 823°2 115°9 146°7 18°5 77°9 397°1				
Hooghly Di	strict.		900,11								entrangs-13				
Hooghly-Chins Bansberia Arambagh Serampur Rishra-Konnas Uttarpara Kotrung Baidyabati Bhadreswar Champdani			1,395 157 275 962 412 265 187 585 493 832		153 21 22 173 29 28 17 62 58 41		1,242 136 253 789 383 237 170 523 435 791		791 47 39 406 302 54 36 132 110 484	636 · 9 345 · 6 154 · 1 514 · 5 788 · 5 227 · 8 211 · 8 252 · 9 611 · 9	849 · 4 697 · 4 254 · 9 483 · 6 1,708 8 117 · 1 222 · 2 244 · 5 212 · 9 649 · 4				
Howrah Di	trict.										1000				
Howrah Bally	::		6,514 500		1,699 44		4,815 456	-	2,517 278	522 ·8 609 ·6	539 ·1 854 ·0				
24-Parganas E	istrict.					2				.00	treid sima				
South Suburba Tollyganj Garden Reach Budge Budge Baranagar Kamarhati Rajpur Baruipur Joynagar North Dum Dum South Dum Dum South Dum Dum Andreach Barrackpur Panihati North Barrack Tittagarh Garulia Naihati Halisahar Kanchrapara Bhatpara Baraset Gobardanga Basirhat Baduria Taki	 		1,031 529 1,992 334 1,043 671 290 159 48 154 37 403 108 238 358 431 953 254 320 203 242 2,602 120 599 170 201		190 38 123 38 194 57 26 13 6 6 15 9 25 24 30 213 39 29 14 10 560 11 12 55 8 18		841 491 1,869 296 849 614 264 146 42 139 28 367 99 213 334 401 740 215 291 189 232 2,042 109 75 544 162 183		726 297 2,800 210 750 97 65 21 49 30 110 6 105 83 142 489 157 319 114 135 1,079 91 104 463 38 24	863 · 2 604 · 8 1,498 · 1 709 · 4 883 · 3 128 · 6 367 · 4 445 · 2 500 · 352 · 5 1,071 · 4 299 · 7 60 · 6 492 · 9 248 · 5 354 · 1 660 · 8 730 · 2 1,096 · 2 603 · 1 581 · 8 528 · 4 834 · 8 1,386 · 6 851 · 1 234 · 5 131 · 1	951·5 386·9 2,290·8 926·04 379·4 235·03 112·9 210·08 628·5 395·3 976·7 166·7 105·2 340·8 168·2 404·6 593·8 1,763·8 1,763·8 1,763·8 1,214·9 916·6 450·4 878·2 821·9 265·6 196·8				

Rural and urban areas.	Number of births during the year 1940-41.	Number of deaths among infants under one year.	Surviving population under one year available for vaccination.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Proportion of infants successfully vaccinated per mille of available infant population as shown in column 4.	Proportion of infants successfully vaccinated per mille of available infant population during the previous year.
1	2	S	4	5	- 6	7
City of Calcutta.					anhu .	S mert
Calcutta	30,056	6,719	23,337	23,290	997 -9	51.7
Nadia District.			1973	1 404		1000
Krishnagar Nabadwip Ranaghat Birnagar Santipur Chakdah Kushtia Kumarkhali	912 673 136 45 961 76 193 72 173	87 96 11 10 131 9 11 19 38	825 577 125 35 830 67 182 53 135	291 245 153 17 261 22 40 19 26	352 · 7 424 · 6 1,224 · 0 485 · 7 314 · 4 328 · 3 219 · 7 358 · 4 192 · 5	160 ·1 568 ·09 766 ·9 235 ·2 200 ·2 94 ·3 204 ·6 101 ·2 396 ·5
Murshidabad Distric	t.	1				
Murshidabad Jiaganj-Azimganj Kandi Jangipur	. 637 239 175 . 241 . 465 . 321	102 41 6 19 24 29	535 198 169 222 441 292	148 76 123 178 68 117	276 · 6 383 · 8 727 · 8 801 · 8 154 · 2 400 · 7	328 · 04 315 · 7 787 · 4 755 · 3 197 · 9 879 · 03
Jessore District.						The same
Kotchandpur	. 248 . 48 . 37	12 3 2	236 45 35	39 46	165 · 2 1,022 · 2	410 ·5 810 ·8 3,611 ·1
Khulna District.						
Satkhira .	. 544 237 197	50 37 37	494 200 160	160 221 81	323 ·8 1,105 ·0 506 ·2	233 ·8 738 ·2 1,463 ·1
Rajshahi District.						Description of the last
Matana	. 868 131	98 7	770 124	699 17	907 ·8 137 ·1	639 ·9 93 ·4
Dinajpur District.					30000	- sessailerd
Dinajpur .	. 104	9	95	76	800 .0	2,504 -6
Jalpaiguri District	The state of					
Jalpaiguri .	. 418	15	403	415	1,029 · 7	1,618 -5
Darjeeling Distric	t.	100				
Transport on or	. 765 258	51 20	714 238	602 130	843 ·1 546 ·2	900 ·9 757 ·8
Rangpur Distric	t.			1 100	+ 4	The second
Rangpur Gaibandha .	. 503 238	40 24	463 214	121 24	261 ·3 112 ·1	624 ·6 204 ·5
Bogra District.	100,000					
Chamman	: 230 126	12 5	218 121	228 22	1,045 ·9 181 ·8	1,297 ·03 329 ·5

Rural and urban areas.	Number of births during the year 1940-41.	Number of deaths among infants under one year.	Surviving population under one year available for vaccination.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Proportion of infants successfully vaccinated per mille of available infant population as shown in column 4.	Proportion of infants successfully vaccinated per mille of available infant population during the previous year.
1	2	3	4	5	- 6	7
Pabna District.	235	12	223	95	426 -01	277 -7
Serajganj	565	107	458	391	853 -7	804 -8
Malda District.	1	And the			-2000	To aman
English Bazar Malda Nawabganj	298 87 526	11 18 50	287 69 476	273 25 38	951 · 2 362 · 3 79 · 8	669 · 7 653 · 3 61 · 07
Dacca District.	1 1 1		DE S	1 1 1 1 1 1		Berginson
Dacca Narayanganj	5,425 1,330	920 257	4,505 1,073	1,818 251	403 · 5 234 · 8	333 ·9 170 ·4
Mymensingh District.					Johnson	Security of
Mymensingh Muktagacha Netrokona Jamalpur Sherpur Kishorganj Bajitpur Tangail Gouripur	350 157 208 652 668 319 230 407 43	80 19 37 86 70 44 20 44 9	270 138 171 566 598 275 210 363 34	185 43 35 164 33 150 8 74 15	685 · 2 311 · 6 204 · 7 289 · 7 55 · 2 545 · 4 38 · 09 203 · 8 441 · 1	360 ·1 359 ·7 211 ·9 154 ·7 56 ·6 409 ·6 5 ·6 271 ·06 629 ·6
Faridpur District.		1 18			070.04	Service Service
Faridpur Madaripur Rajbari	203 445 173	39 80 53	164 365 120	144 31 134	878 · 04 84 · 9 1,116 · 6	750 · 0 166 · 6 296 · 1
Bakarganj District.	15.00		- Harri	1900	- 13	11000
Barisal Jhalakati Nalehiti Pirojpur Patuakhali Bhola	913 116 25 264 119 118	158 13 8 24 24 14	755 103 17 240 95 104	186 3 1 107 1 5	246 · 3 29 · 1 58 · 8 445 · 8 10 · 5 48 · 07	200 ·6 21 ·05 71 ·4 421 ·7 18 ·3
Chittagong District.					30(12)	C seekes C
Cox's Bazar	1,736 74	214 5	1,522 69	628 27	412 ·6 391 ·3	354 ·4 265 ·8
Noakhali District.	212	001		210 75	100	husberle
Noakhali	227	20	207	8	38-6	61 -6
Tippera District.	139-9	125		100		waterbar
Comilla Brahmanbaria Chandpur	360 859 229	25 67 25	335 792 204	72 182 52	214 ·9 229 ·8 254 ·9	176 · 6 699 · 5 401 · 3
Total of municipalities	90,379	15,126	75,253	50,406	669-8	533 -9
Grand Total of the Presidency	1,702,811	263,832	1,438,979	458,201	318-4	276 -1

Appendix III.

Statements showing health services and maternity and child welfare centres in Bengal in 1940.

ď

Statement showing Health Services in Rural Areas of Bengal during the year 1940.

			-			-	-	-	-	-	-	۱
		Me	odical Offic	Medical Officers of Health.	0.51			Vaccin	Vaccinators.			
No.	Rund districts.	Holding D. P. H.	D. P. H.	Licen (L. P.	Licentiate s (L. P. H. S.)	Epidemic staff.	Sanitary and Health Inspectors.	Male	Female	Inspectors of vaccina- tion.	School Medical Officers.	Other health staff.
		Whole time.	Part time.	Whole time.	Part time.			- Company	T CHIEF TO			
1	63	00	4	2	9	7	80	6	10	111	12	13
-	Burdwan	1	:	:	Be:	: noin	18	48	- :	:	00	:
01	Birbhum	1		:	2	00	87	41	:	:	22	:
00	Bankura	01	:	:	20:	80	19	48	:	:	88	:
4	Midnapur	01	:	1	:	15	30	80	13	:	20	:
13	Hooghly	1	:	:	:	1	15	600	:	:	17	:
9	Howrah	1	:	:	9:	03	7	11	:	:	16	:
-1	24-Parganas	1	:	:	9: 0	1	37	271	:	:	:	:
00	Khulna	1	:	:	:	10	03	83	7	:	28	:
6	Jessore	1	:	:		:	42	85	:	:	1	:
10	Nadia	-	:	:		:	127	20	1	:	:	:
11	Murshidabad	1	:	:		60	12	102	11	:	92	
12	Rajshahi	1	:	1	:	03	24	30	.:	:	60	:
13	Jalpaiguri	1	:	4	:	::	13	19	1	:	107	:
14	Darjeeling	1	:	:	:	1	9	24	:	:	13	
15	Rangpur	1		:		31	36	160	:	:	45	:
16	Dinajpur	1				9	62	88	:	:	03	:
17	Bogra	1	:	:	:	000	15	19	03	:	12	:

	1:	
2 1 2 4 6 8 8 6 7 7 1 2 4 6 8 8 7 7 1 8 9 8 7 7 8 9 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	490	
: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	112	
1 40 125 314 70 94 148 138	2,272	
102 23 25 119 12 12 12 13 13 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	681	
15 76 15 15 18 8 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	.268	
	:	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	. 13	
	:	
	. 29	
	1:	
11111111	Total	
Pabna Malda Dacca Mymensingh Faridpur Bakarganj Chittagong Noakhali Tippera	The second	
8 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8		

A (1).

Statement showing health services in Urban Areas in Bengal during the year 1940.

1		-				-					-	-	
				Medical Offi	Medical Officers of Health.	th.			Vaccinators.	ators.			
No.	Municipalities.		Holding D. P.	D.P.A.	Licentiates L. P. H. S	L. P. H. S.	Epidemic staff.	Sanitary and health			Inspectors of vacci-	School	Other
			Whole time.	Part time.	Whole time.	Part time.		Inspectors.	Male.	Female.	nation.	officers.	staff.
-	01		80	4	22	9	7	œ	6	10	п	12	13
1	Burdwan	:	1	:	:	:	:	01	01	-		:	-
04	Kalna	:	:	:	:	:	:	1	1	:	:	01	:
65	Katwa	:	:	:	:	:	:	1	1	:	:	:	1
*	Dainhat	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1	:	:	:	1
5	Rankganj	:	:	:	:	:	:	1	. 1	:	:	:	1
9	Asansol		1	:	:	:	;	0.1	03	:	:	:	:
1	Suri	:	:	:	:	:	:	1	1		:	:	:
00	Bankura	:			:		01	:	60	1	:	-:	01
6	Vishnupur	:	0:	:	:	3	:	1	1				:
10	Sonamukhi	:	:	:	:	:	:	1	1			:	:
11	Midnapore	:	1	:	:	:	:	01	1	1	:	:	1
12	Ghatal	:	:	:	:	:	:	1	-	:	:	:	:
13	Kharar	:	:	:	:	1		:	1	:	:	:	1
14	Chandrakona	:	:	:	:	:	::		-	:		-	:
15	Ramjibanpur	:	:	:	.:	:	:	:	1	:	:	:	:
16	Khirpal	::	:	:	:	:		:	1	:	:	:	:
17	Tamluk	:	:	:	:	:	::	1	1	:	:	:	:
18	Hooghly-Chinsurah		1		::	::	1	01	01	:	:	-	9

Bansbaria	:	:	:	:	:	:	-		:	:	:	:,
:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	- 0	:	:	: 0	:
:	:	1	:			:	12	1	:	:	:	:
:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1	-	:	:	:	:
:	:	:	:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:
:	:	:	:			:	:	*	:	:		:
:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1	1	:		:	:
	:	:	:	:	:	::	1	1	:	:	:	:
:	:	:	::	:	:	:	1	1	:	:	:	
:	:	1	:	:	:	01	4	11	:		:	16
:	:	:		:	:	:	03	1	:	:	:	:
:	:	1			:	:	1	*	:	:	:	1
:	:	1	:	:	:	:	01	01	1	:	:	:
:	:	1	:	::	:	:	1	1	:	:	:	:
:	:	1	:	:	:	:	01	00	01	:	2	:
:	:	:	:	:	. :	:	1	1	:	:	:	:
:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1	1	:	:	:8	:
:		:	:	:	:	-	:	1	:	:	:	:
:	:			:		:	1	1	:	:	:	:
	:	:	:	:	:		1	1	1		:	:
North Dum Dum	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
South Dum Dum	:	:	. :	:	:	:	1	:	:	12.	:	1
:	:	:	:	:			1	:	:	:	8:	:
		:	:	:	:	:	1	1				:
:	. :	:					1	1	1	:		:
North Barrackpore	:	:			:		1	1	:	:	4	:
:	:	1			;	:	01	03	:	:	:	:
:	:	:	THE STATE OF		:	. :	1	1		:	:	:

	- Addition	W	fedical Office	Medical Officers of Health.	i.			Vacci	Vaccinators.			
No.	Rural districts.	Holding	Holding D. P. A.	Licentiates L. P. H. S	L. P. H. S.	Epidemic staff.	Sanitary and health			Inspectors of vacci-	School	Other
	platfact.	Whole time.	Part time.	Whole time.	Part time.		Inspectors.	Male.	Female.	nation.	omeers.	stall.
1	63	60	4	20	9	-	00	6	10	11	12	13
47	Naihati	:	1	1	:	:	01	01	. 1	:	:	1
48	Halishahar	:	:		:	:	1	1	:	:	:	:
49	Kanchrapara	:	:	:	:	:	1	1	:	:	:	:
20	Bhatpara	1	:	:	:	:	00	00		:	:	:
19	Garden Reach	:	:	:	:	10	1	00	1	*:	:	1
52	Barnsat		:	:	:	:	1	1	:	:	:	:
53	Gobardanga		:	:	:	:	1	:		:	:	:
54	Basirhat	:	::	:	:	01	1	1	:	:	:	
99	Baduria	:	:	:	:	:	:	1	4.2	0:	:	:
99	Taki	:	:	:	:	:	:	01	:	:	:	:
29	Krishnagar	1	:	:	:	:	1	1	1	:	:	1
288	Nabadwip	1		:	:	01	1	1	1	:	-	01
69	Ranaghat	:	:	:	:	:	1	1	1:	:	:	1
09	Birnagar	:	:	::	:	:	:	1	:	:	:	:
61	Santipur	1		:	:	:	:	1	1	:	:	4
62	Chakdaha	::	:	:	:	:	:	1	:	:		:
63	Kushtia	1 :	:	:			. 1	1	:	:	01	1
64	Kumarkhali			::	:	::	:	1	1.	:	:	1
99	Meherpur		:	:	:	:		1	:	:	:	1
99	Berhampur	1	1:		:	:	1	01	1	:	::	::
67	Murshidabad			:	:	:	1	1	:	:	::	::.
88	Jiaganj Azimganj	-:	:	-	-	:	1	1	1		::	::

Distribution Dist	69	Kandi	1:	1:	:	:		:		1 1	1			:	100:
Dhullan Jessore 1 <	20	Jangipur	Total S	:		:				1	1	:			1
Jessore Kotelandpur 1	11	Dhulian	:	:	:		:	-	:	:	1	:	:	:	
Kotchandpur <th< th=""><th>75</th><th>Jessore</th><th></th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th>1</th><th>-</th><th>:</th><th></th><th>:</th><th></th></th<>	75	Jessore		:	:	:	:	:	:	1	-	:		:	
Maheshyur .	73	Kotchandpur	:	:	:	:			:	1	:	:	:	1	:
Khulna 9 2 2 Satkhira 1 <	7.4	Maheshpur	:	:	:	:			:	:	1	:	:	:	01
Satkhtra Debhata 1	75	Khulna	::	:	1	:		*	:	01	01	01	:	:	
Debtata 1 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	16	Satkhira	:	:	:	:			:	1	1	:	:	:	:
Rajshahl 1 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 Nator 1 <t< th=""><th>11</th><th>Debhata</th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>:</th><th>1</th><th>1</th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th>:</th></t<>	11	Debhata	:	:	:				:	1	1	:	:	:	:
Nator 1 <th>18</th> <th>Rajshahi</th> <th>:</th> <th>:</th> <th>1</th> <th>:</th> <th>:</th> <th></th> <th>6</th> <th>1</th> <th>1</th> <th></th> <th>:</th> <th>:</th> <th>00</th>	18	Rajshahi	:	:	1	:	:		6	1	1		:	:	00
Dinalpur 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7.0	Nator	:	:	:				:	1	1	:	:	:	:
Jahalguri 1	80	Dinajpur		:	1	:		:	:	:	1	:	:	:	00
Darjeeling 1 4 1 1 4 1	81	Jalpaiguri	:	:	:	:		17	7	9	1		:	:	10
Kurseong 1 1 3 1 Rangpur 1 2 3 Galbandha	85		-	:	1	:			:	*	1	:,	:	:	14
Rangpur 1 </th <th>83</th> <th>Kurseong</th> <th>:</th> <th>:</th> <th>:</th> <th>:</th> <th>:</th> <th>1</th> <th>:</th> <th>80</th> <th>1</th> <th>:</th> <th>:</th> <th>1</th> <th>:</th>	83	Kurseong	:	:	:	:	:	1	:	80	1	:	:	1	:
Galbandha 1	84		:	:	1		***	:	:	01	8	:	:		:
Bogra 1 2 Sherpur 1	85			:	:	:	:	:	:	1	1	:	:	:	:
Sherpur 1 <td< th=""><th>86</th><th></th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th>1</th><th>61</th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th>1</th></td<>	86		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1	61	:	:	:	1
Pabna <td< th=""><th>87</th><th>Sherpur</th><th></th><th>:</th><th></th><th>:</th><th>1</th><th></th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th></th><th>1</th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th>:</th></td<>	87	Sherpur		:		:	1		:	:		1	:	:	:
Seralganj	88	_	:	;	:	:			:	1	1	1	:		
English Bazar	89	-	::	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:
Malda <td< th=""><th>90</th><th></th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th>1</th><th>1</th><th>:</th><th></th><th></th><th></th></td<>	90		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1	1	:			
Nawabganj	16	Malda	:	:		:		:	:		1		:		
Daeca <td< th=""><th>95</th><th></th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th></th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th>1</th><th>1</th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th>:</th></td<>	95		:	:	:	:		:	:	1	1	:	:	:	:
Narayanganj Mymensingh	93	_		:	1			:	61	7	20	01		:	1
Mymensingh Muktagacha	94			:	1			:	:	1	61	1	1000000	No. of Concession, Name of Street, or other Persons and Street, or other P	
Muktagacha	95		:	:	1	:		:	:	1	61	:		:	1
	96	_		:		Date Total	and the second	:	:	1	1 00		:	:	:

A. Licentiates L. P. H. S. Epidemic and health staff. Inspectors. Ma health staff. Inspectors. Ma health staff. Sanitary and health staff. Sanitary staff. Inspectors. Ma health staff. Sanitary staff. Sanita	Section of the last	the first through the second of the second o	3	Medical		Officers of Health.				Vaccinators.	ators.			
National Part Times Part Times Part Times	No.	Rural districts.	Hold	ding D.	P. A.	Licentiates	L. P. H. S.	Epidemic	Sanitary and health	1		Inspectors of vacci-	School	Other
Netrokona	5 5	Sistemani and decision	time		Part time.	Whole time.	Part time.	Stall.	Inspectors.	Male.	Female.	nation.	officers.	staff.
Netrokona	1	01	60		4	10	9	7	8	6	10	111	12	13
Sherpur Sher	26								1	1		:		:
Sherpur Kelstoreganj Bajitpur Tanganj Sherpur Tanganj Sherpur Tanganj Sherpur Tanganj Sherpur Tanganj Sherbur	86	Jamaipur	:		:				-	1				:
Richoreganj	66	Sherpur	:	-	:	:			1	1			:	:
Balitput Tangali Contilla bata Contilla	100	Kishoreganj	:		:	:	:	:	1	1	:	:	:	:
Tangall 1 2 1 1 1	101	Bajitpur	-	_	:	:	:	:	1	1	:	:	:	:
Gautifut 1 2 1	102	:	:	_	:	:		:	-	1	1	:	:	:
Farichout Madariput Haybart	103	:	:		;	:	1	01	:	1	:	:	:	:
Madaripur Image: Confilled Breithand Parts	104	Faridpur	:	-	:	:	:	9 ,	1	1	:	:	:	:
Barisal	105	Madaripur	:		:				1	1	:	:	:	:
Barisal	106	Rajbari	:	-	:		:	:		1	:	:	:	1
Paralakati	107	:	:		:		:	:	01	01	:	:	:	1
Nalchitt Perojpur Patuakhali Bhola Coxis Bazar Noakhali Comilla Brahmanbaria Total Nalchitt Na	108	:	:	-	:	:	:		1	1	:	:	:	:
Petrolpur 1	109	Nalchiti	:		:	:		:		1	:		:	:
Patuakhali	110	Perojpur	:	-	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	
Bhola <td< th=""><th>111</th><th></th><th>:</th><th></th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th>1</th><th>1</th><th>1</th><th>:</th><th>:</th><th></th><th>:</th></td<>	111		:		:	:	:	1	1	1	:	:		:
Cox's Bazar	112	:	:		:		:	:	1	:	:	:	:	:
Cox's Bazar 1	113	Chittagong		1	:				03	00	:	1	:	11
Noakhall	114	Cox's Bazar	:		:	:	:	-		1	:	:		:
Comilla Heathmanbaria 1	115		:		:	:	:		1	01	:	:		
Chandpur 25 1 2 3 41 122 151 24 1 8	1116	: :			:	:		:	1	-1-	:	:	2	::
25 1 2 3 41 122 151 24 1 8	118					: :	::	: :	101	1.		: :	: :	
	2 4			25	1	01	00	41	122	151	24	1	8	88

B

Statement showing maternity and child welfare centres, health visitors and trained midwives in Rural Areas in Bengal during the year 1940.

			Mater	nity and chil tres maintain	d welfare ed by—		Trained	4
vo.	Rural distr	ricts.	Govern- ment.	Local and municipal. bodies.	Other agencies.	Trained visitors.	mid- wives.	Trained dais.
1	2	-	3	4	5	- 6	7	8
1	Burdwan							46
2	Birbhum				2	2		BANG S
3	Bankura		1 "				"	S KHIN
4	Midnapur							40
5	Hooghly		1			4	7	1:
6	Howrah							allest 10
7	24-Parganas		1			1		
8	Khulna			9				3
9	Jessore				1	1	- 4	2
10	Nadia		"				1	
11	Murshidabad			2			1000	100
12	Rajshahi			"		1.		22
13	Jalpaiguri			9			1	50
14	Darjeeling				1		noutless.	10
15	Rangpur		"	"	.,	7.	3	34
16	Dinajpur			"				2
17	Bogra				.,			1
18	Pabna			1.1			**	2
19	Malda						Edited	35
20	Dacca							2
21	Mymensingh						4	
22	Faridpur				2	2		4
23	Bakarganj		"				1	
24	Chittagong				1			18
25	Noakhali						3	7
26	Tippera				1		TREET	19
						-	Inches	THE PARTY IN
	Total		2	2	7	10	24	2,62

B (1).

Statement showing maternity and child welfare centres, health visitors and trained midwives in the Urban Areas in Bengal during the year 1940.

	in the second	Mat	ernity and chil entres maintain	d welfare led by—		Trained	
No.	Municipalities.	Govern- ment.	Local and municipal bodies.	Other agencies.	Trained visitors.	mid- wives.	Trained dais.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	Burdwan .		1			1	2
2	Kalna .					1	10
3	Katwa .						
4	Dainhat .			1		1	22
5	Raniganj .			1		1	28
6	Asansol .						20
7	Suri .						10
8	Bankura .			. 1	1	1	1
9	Vishbupur .					1	
10	Sonamukhi .						
11	Midnapur .					No. Labor	
12	Ghatal .						
13	Kharar .						
14	Chandrakona .			\			Sec. 37
15	Ramjibanpur .						16
16	Khirpai .						
17	Tamluk .					1	10
18	Hooghly-Chinsurah .		1		1	1	47
19	Bansbaria .						Mari or
20	Arambagh .						-00 00
21	Serampur .					5	16
22	Rishra-Konnagar .					2	10
23	Uttarpara .					1	1
24	Kotrung .						10.00
25	Baidyabati .					1	
26	Bhadreswar .					1	2
27	Champdani .			1		3	4
28	Howrah .	. 1	4	3	2	7	14
29	Bally .					1	2
30	South Suburban .				"	1	6
31	Tollyganj .			1		1	
32	Budge Budge .					1	17
33	Baranagar .				1	2	12
34	Kamarhati .		× 7			3	
35	Rajpur .		90	5 5		2	1
36	Baruipur .						3

	Com Contract		Mater	nity and child res maintain	l welfare ed by—		Trained	
No.	Municipaliti	es.	Govern- ment.	Local and municipal bodies,	Other agencies.	Trained visitors.	mid- wives.	Trained dais.
1	2		3	4	5	6	7	8
37	Jainagar	1					1	dias. 37
38	Dum Dum			[1	19
39	North Dum Dum						=714	alect Tr
40	South Dum Dum			1.1			1	10
41	Khardah							2
42	Barrackpur							cans i dr
43	Panihati						1	6
44	North Barrackpur						1	
45	Titagarh			3			4	30
46	Garulia	1			1		1	4
47	Naihati				.,		1	6
48	Halishahar			"				
49	Kanchrapara		1				100	Sec. 18
50	Bhatpara							4
51	Garden Reach			1			2	10
52	Barasat							1508. 03
53	Gobardanga							
54	Basirhat						1	
55	Baduria							april 19
56	Taki							
57	Krishnagar					1		50
58	Nabadwip				2		1	19
59	Ranaghat						1	27
60	Birnagar				1	17.		
61	Santipur				1		2	10
62	Chakdah							
63	Kushtia			2		1	1	10
64	Kumarkhali						100000	enw we
65	Meherpur			1	1	1	1	
66	Berhampur						2	19
67	Murshidabad	***					40.00	1
68	Jiaganj-Azimganj					140	1	13
69	Kandi							
70	Jangipur						7901	enset. So
71	Dhulian		4.			2.		ands' on
72	Jessore							
73	Kotchandpur						.inter	do2. 001
74	Maheshpur							
75	Khulna							SILETA GOT

	Sentory.		Mater	nity and chil cres maintain	d welfare ed by—	Trained	Trained	Trained
No.	Municipali	ties,	Govern- ment.	Local and municipal bodies,	Other agencies.	Trained visitors.	mid- wives.	Trained dais.
1	-2	1 5	3	4	5	6	7	8
76	Satkhira	1		1		1	1	1 Sept. 06
77	Debhatta	1	1.	1			1911/0	8
78	Rajshahi	1		1		1	motion 1	10
79	Nator						ulat	ted R. D
	200	1 "				1:	TONIO	at Been
80	Dinajpur						·· Uni	38
81	Jalpaiguri			1	1		1	35
82	Darjeeling	-	1.	1		1	2	1
83	Kurseong		"		"	2	1	er Penn
84	Rangpur				1	1	2	40
85	Gaibandha					-:	1	7
86	Bogra				1.1	1:11	2	temu - 10
87	Sherpur	1 .		1			1	1
		1		•		-	100	
88	Pabna					"	163	10
89	Serajganj						***************************************	Sabella Te
90	Englishbazar	,.	5.				•• (100)	14
91	Malda			1.		7.	0.05	2
92	Nawabganj						1	Ilper in
93	Dacca	1			3	3	7	45
94	Narayanganj			15	25		2	
			1:			**	tred Zu	MONE OF
95	Mymensingh						norma	10
96	Muktagacha				- "	**	100	5
97	Netrakona							CALL OF
98	Jamalpur						1	aut. or
99	Sherpur		1				1	raids in
100	Kishorganj		1.0	1				12 1
	-						region	
101	Bajitpur						1	mtze- ex

No.		Matericent	nity and chil res maintain	d welfare ed by—	Trained	Trained	Trained	
	Municipalities.	Govern- ment.	Local and municipal bodies.	Other agencies.	visitors.	mid- wives.	dais.	
_1	2	3	4	5	- 6	7	8	
102	Tangail	 						
103	Gouripur	 				1		
104	Faridpur	 		1	1		1	
105	Madaripur	 **				1	16	
106	Rajbari	 						
107	Barisal	 		1	1	1	29	
108	Jhalakati	 					1	
109	Nalchiti	 						
110	Perojpur	 						
111	Patuakhali							
112	Bhola	 				1		
113	Chittagong	 	1		1	3	36	
114	Cox's Bazar	 						
115	Noakhali	 					10	
116	Comilla	 	1		1		3	
117	Brahmanbaria	 						
•118	Chandpur	 				3	21	
	Total	 1	19	20	19	94	839	

									- 600	
									abadagan	
-			-							
							+			

COVERNMENT OF BENCAL.

Department of Public Health and Local Self-Covernment.

Public Health.

RESOLUTION-No. 693P.H.

CALCUTTA, THE 15TH APRIL 1942.

Read the Report of the Director of Public Health, Bengal, for the year 1940.

Vital Statistics.—There were 1,681,846 births registered in the year under report as against 1,597,651 in the preceding year—a rise of 84,195. The birth-rate was 33.7 per mille being 5.3 per cent. above the rate of 1939. 1,111,082 deaths were registered in 1940 as compared with 1,090,530 in the previous year—an increase of 20,552, the death-rate being 22.3 per mille and 1.8 per cent. above that of the preceding year. The total births exceeded the deaths by 570,764 against an excess of 507,121 in 1939. As in the previous year, Calcutta was the solitary district in which deaths exceeded births. The birth-rate in Bengal in the year under review was lower than in all other provinces except Bihar, Assam, North-West Frontier Province and Sind; so also was the death-rate except in the case of United Provinces and the other provinces mentioned. The highest birth-rate was recorded in the district of Nadia (42.3 per mille) followed by Murshidabad (41.9), and the lowest in Malda (24.6) which has been uniformly showing low birth-rates during the previous triennium. As in the past three years, the highest death-rate during the year under report, was recorded in the district of Darjeeling (31.3) while the lowest was recorded in Malda (15.7). The proportion of male births in every 100 female births was 108 against 107 in 1939, while the proportion of male deaths in every 100 female deaths was also 108 against 109 in 1939. The Director of Public Health, Bengal, has pointed out in this connection that the predominance of male births over female births is a feature common to all the provinces of this country though the ratio varies from province to province.

It must, however, be observed that, generally speaking the system of record of vital statistics in this country is by no means perfect or as satisfactory as it should be and the margin of inaccuracy which undoubtedly exists cannot be gauged. The question of evolving a sound system of collection of vital statistics in this province is however engaging the attention of the Public Health Department of Government.

Infantile and Maternal Mortality.—The total number of infantile deaths in 1940 was 267,894 compared to 234,301 in 1939. The infant mortality rate recorded an increase, being 159.3 per mille against 146.6 in 1939. The infantile deaths represented 24.1 per cent. of the total mortality in the province during the year under review. 55 per cent. of the infant mortality were recorded among infants under one month, 29.4 per cent. among infants between one and six months and 15.6 per cent. among those between six

and twelve months. There were 69,844 still-births registered in the year 1940, yielding a rate of 4.2 for every hundred live births as against 4.1 in 1939. Maternal causes were responsible for 15,758 deaths during the year under report as against 15,792 in the preceding year. Apart from the possibly large margin of inaccuracy in recording this class of deaths, there must have been many deaths associated with, but not ascribed to, child birth for which there is no adequate provision for registration.

Reference has been made, in the resolution reviewing the report for the year 1939, to a scheme, approved by Government, for establishment of maternity and child welfare centres in the rural areas providing a minimum standard of efficiency regarding staff, equipments, buildings, etc. The scheme has been explained at length in the report of the Director of Public Health for the year 1940. According to this scheme three new maternity and child welfare centres were opened during the year 1940 and suitable grants-in-aid were made by Government to the local bodies and voluntary associations concerned. Altogether 18 such centres functioned during the year under review. The Lady Superintendent for Maternity and Child Welfare, Bengal, appointed by Government, rendered assistance to the local bodies and others in formulating proposals for the establishment of maternity and child welfare centres and took steps to encourage the opening of such centres throughout the province. The Model Health Unit established by Government at Singur 1939 provided inter alia facilities for institutional service both for prenatal care and midwifery services. The annual grant for the training of indigenous dais was distributed among the different local bodies and other organisations as usual.

General Epidemiology.—Cholera.—A remarkable feature of the year under report was that the mortality from cholera was the lowest on record during the past fifty years. There were 21,743 deaths from this disease with a death-rate of 0.4 per mille as against 33,221 deaths in 1939 with a death-rate of 0.7 per mille—a decrease of 34.0 per cent. over the figures of 1939. Cholera accounted for only 2 per cent. of the total provincial deaths in 1940. The highest death-rates were registered in the districts of Khulna (2.07 per mille), Bakarganj (1.91), 24-Parganas (0.93) and Howrah (0.75). As in the preceding years, no deaths from cholera occurred in Darjeeling. The rural areas recorded 19,884 deaths representing a death-rate of 0.4 per mille against 0.6 per mille in the previous year. The number of deaths in towns was 1,859 with a death-rate of 0.5 per mille compared to 0.9 in 1939.

Cholera preventive measures.—The usual preventive measures were taken. Anti-cholera vaccine was freely used, though the number of inoculations performed fell considerably due to the less severity of cholera epidemics in 1940 as compared with the previous year. The Director of Public Health deputed, as in the preceding years, a number of mobile medical and sanitary units for anti-cholera and other epidemic work. Assistance was also rendered to the local authorities by lending services of medical and sanitary officers during epidemics.

Small-pox.—The mortality from this infectious disease showed a marked decline, the total number of deaths being 5,608 against 7,029 in the preceding year, with a death-rate of 0.11 and 0.14 per mille respectively. The mortality from small-pox thus fell by 20 and 64 per cent. compared with the year 1939 and the previous quinquennium respectively. In fact, the number of deaths from this disease has been steadily decreasing since 1936, as pointed out by the Director of Public Health, and was the lowest on record during the past thirty-five years excluding 1923 and 1924. Small-pox was responsible for only 0.5 per cent. of the total provincial mortality in 1940.

Of the total number of deaths from small-pox 447 occurred among infants under one year of age and 867 among children between one and ten years, against 408 and 748 respectively in 1939.

1,098 deaths from this disease out of a total of 2,393 in the urban areas were recorded in Calcutta alone where the death-rate (0.96 per mille) was, as in the previous two years, highest in the province. Compared with the year 1939, there was a fall of 23.8 per cent, in the motality in the urban areas. The rural areas accounted for 3,215 deaths in 1940 against 3,890 in 1939. The districts of Darjeeling, Rajshahi, Bogra and Malda were practically free from small-pox during the year under report, the lowest death-rate being registered in Darjeeling (0.003).

The number of persons vaccinated in 1940 was 8,476,920 against 7,925,382 in 1939. The increase is a happy sign which might have been due to the greater attention paid by the local authorities in the matter of vaccination than in the previous years. The total cost of vaccination increased from Rs. 4,61,790 in 1939-40 to Rs. 4,70,645 in 1940-41. The average cost of each successful vaccination in the province was 1 anna and 9 pies—a fall of one pie from the figure for the preceding year. The average cost of manufacture of vaccine lymph per dose of half a grain in the Bengal Vaccine Institute amounted to 0.5 pies only, which was cheaper by 0.1 pie than the cost in the previous year.

Fevers.—Malaria and Kala-azar.—Fevers took a heavier toll of lives in 1940 than in the preceding year, the number of deaths being 717,516 and 687,587 respectively and the death-rate being 14:4 and 13:8 per mille respectively against the quinquennial average of 14.8 per mille.

Malaria.—51.5 per cent. of the total mortality from fevers was due to malaria, which again accounted for 33.3 per cent. of the total provincial mortality during the year under review, the corresponding percentages in 1939 being 49.6 and 31.3 respectively. There were 369,448 deaths from malaria in 1940 against 341,321 in 1939, representing an increase of 8.2 per cent. The death-rate correspondingly went up from 6.8 to 7.4 per mille in the year under report. 99.5 per cent. of the deaths from malaria occurred in the rural areas and only 0.5 per cent. in the urban areas compared to 99.4 and 0.6 respectively in 1939. The district of Nadia topped the list with a death-rate of 18.35 per mille followed by Rajshahi (17.94) and Jessore (17.79), the highest death-rate in 1939 being recorded in Rajshahi, viz., 14.6. Calcutta returned the lowest rate, viz., 0.5 which was the same as in the previous year. It is worth noticing that the mortality from malaria in the urban areas has steadily come down from the year 1938, while the problem of malaria in the rural areas has assumed greater magnitude.

Kala-azar.—This disease was responsible for 15,453 deaths with a death-rate of 0.31 per mille as against 17.056 and 0.34 respectively in 1939. The decline in the mortality from kala-azar in the rural as well as urban areas of the province as compared to the previous year, is a welcome feature; the decrease in the number of deaths in the rural areas being 1,543 and that in the urban areas being 60. The highest mortality from the disease (1.3) was recorded in the rural areas of Dinajpur. The number of kala-azar cases admitted into the various hospitals and dispensaries for treatment rose from 98,155 in 1939 to 104,791 in 1940, the rise being large in the districts of Mymensingh, Malda and Khulna. The special anti-kala-azar scheme inaugurated in the district of Darjeeling in December 1937, continued to work satisfactorily during the year under review.

Special anti-malaria measures.—The survey and control measures in connection with the campaign against anopheles ludlowii were carried out satisfactorily, as in the previous year, in the Salt Lake area, Budge-Budge and the suburban areas with the co-operation of the Corporation of Calcutta and other local authorities and interests concerned.

The special anti-malaria scheme for the town of Jessore and its surrounding rural areas undertaken in the year 1939 was continued throughout the year under review with success.

Special investigation into the problem of malaria was taken in the year under report by the transfer of the Field Malaria Research Laboratory to Netrakona in the Mymensingh district and also to Kalimpong in the Darjeeling district in order to find out the local vectors and to investigate the various etiological factors responsible for the spread of malaria in the Netrakona subdivision and the mountain regions of Darjeeling respectively.

In accordance with the revised policy of Government to give liberal grants-in-aid to comprehensive anti-malaria schemes of a more or less permanent nature instead of making small grants towards temporary local measures, which has already been referred to in reviewing the report of the Director of Public Health for 1939, two anti-malaria schemes, viz., the Golapganj Drainage Scheme in the district of Malda and the Nadana Khal Re-excavation Scheme in the district of Noakhali, were sanctioned by Government during the year 1940 and a grant equivalent to half of the total estimated cost of these two schemes was made by Government, the other half being met by the district boards concerned. Certain other anti-malaria schemes of different districts were examined and approved by the staff of the Director of Public Health during the year under report before their submission to Government for sanction.

A Malaria Engineer was appointed by Government in the Public Health Department in March 1940 to assist local bodies in drawing up and executing anti-malaria schemes of an engineering type. During the year under review he scrutinized and advised on various comprehensive anti-malaria scheme submitted to the Director of Public Health by different district boards and municipalities of the province.

Respiratory Diseases.—The number of deaths attributed to respiratory diseases of all forms was 85,203 in 1940 as against 88,458 in 1939, the respective rate of mortality being 1.71 and 1.86 per mille. Calcutta, as usual, returned the highest death-rate (8.59), Jalpaiguri came next (5.15) followed by Howrah (3.33) and Hooghly (3.25). It is distressing to note that these districts have been recording high rates of mortality during the previous four years. Malda continued to record the lowest rate (0.26).

Pneumonia.—It accounted for 44,967 deaths against 47,888 in the preceding year, showing a reduction of 6·1 per cent. Pneumonia was responsible for 56·2 per cent. of the total mortality from respiratory diseases. As usual, the highest death-rate was registered in Jalpaiguri (4·2 per mille) and the lowest in Malda (0·1). High rates of mortality were recorded also in the districts of Hooghly, Calcutta, Darjeeling and Dinajpur.

Pulmonary tuberculosis.—This disease took a toll of 12,363 lives against 12,422 in 1939, the death-rates being the same in both the years, viz., 0.25 per mille. More than two-thirds of the total tubercular deaths in the urban areas occurred in Calcutta alone where the death-rate from the disease was 2.65 per mille. The town of South Dum Dum, however, returned the highest rate in the province (5.4 per mille) as in the previous two years. No deaths from tuberculosis were reported from 17 towns in the year under review.

A comprehensive scheme for the prevention and control of tuberculosis in the province, in co-operation with local bodies and voluntary organisations was formulated by the Director of Public Health. Two important items of the scheme, viz.—

- (i) Special course of training in tuberculosis for medical and health officers and private practitioners, and
- (ii) provision for better treatment and nourishment of tubercular patients in Sadar hospitals,

were already approved by Government and given effect to and suitable provisions were made for them in the Budget. Two more items of the scheme, viz.—

- (iii) establishment and maintenance of chest clinics in Sadar hospitals, and
- (iv) establishment of village isolation centres,

were also approved by Government towards the close of the year under review and suitable provision for the purpose was made in the budget of 1941-42.

The tuberculosis survey started in 1939 at Barisal and Serampore was continued during the year under report and a large number of persons were examined and attended. The Bengal Tuberculosis Association rendered as before valuable service by publicity and propaganda work in the province with the usual grant from Government and maintained six dispensaries in Calcutta and one in Howrah. The Association also organised post-graduate training courses on tuberculosis in Calcutta and assisted in the training of the students for the Diploma of Public Health and the Health Officers deputed by the Government of Bengal.

Other diseases.—Enteric fever.—Deaths registered as due to enteric fever were 7,875 as against 8,290 in 1939. The decrease was comparatively large in urban areas, but the rate of mortality was much higher in those areas than in the rural areas.

Influenza.—There were 2,127 deaths from influenza in 1940 compared to 2,467 in the preceding year. The fall in the number of deaths was solely due to the decrease in mortality in the rural areas, the total deaths in the urban areas being nearly the same as in the previous year. Another striking feature is that Calcutta alone was responsible for 85.5 per cent. of the total mortality in the urban areas.

Cerebrospinal fever.—It accounted for 1,378 deaths against 1,721 in 1939, showing a marked decline in mortality from the disease. 90.2 per cent. of the total deaths from cerebrospinal fever in the urban areas were recorded in Calcutta only. The comparatively large mortality in Calcutta is perhaps due to better classification of the causes of deaths by medical registrars.

Typhus fever.—The number of deaths from this disease further increased from 4,443 in 1939 to 5,183 in the year under report. Calcutta was, however, entirely immune from the disease.

Dysentery and diarrhæa.—These diseases respectively took a toll of 24,730 and 20,692 lives in 1940 as against 27,301 and 27,152 in 1939. There was thus an appreciable fall in the mortality from these diseases. Of the total provincial mortality in the year under review, 4·1 per cent. was attributed to dysentery and diarrhæa together as against 5 per cent. in the previous year.

Leprosy.—The number of recorded deaths from leprosy was 1,304 against 1,517 in 1939, representing a reduction of 14 per cent. The rural areas recorded 1,273 deaths from the disease during the year under report, the largest number of deaths having occurred in the district of Bankura. With a view to ascertaining the incidence of leprosy and suggesting measures for the control of the disease, a number of sample leprosy surveys were carried out by the British Empire Leprosy Relief Association in co-operation with the Public Health Department of Government. A training class in leprosy was conducted by this Association, which was attended by a good number of medical and health officers. The Association also carried on propaganda work with the usual grant from Government. As a first step towards the control and eradication of this fell disease, Government approved one of the important items of the comprehensive scheme prepared and submitted by the Director of Public Health, according to which a start was made in conjunction with several local authorities in the matter of establishment and maintenance of leprosy clinics mainly in rural areas.

Fairs and festivals.—The Director of Public Health has given an interesting account of the usual medical and sanitary arrangements made by the local authorities concerned in co-operation with the staff of the Director of Public Health, for the welfare of the pilgrims and the prevention of outbreaks of infectious diseases in the chief melas in the province, viz., Ganga Sagar, Nangalband, Sitakund, Tarakeswar and Allowakhawa melas. The St. John Ambulance Corps rendered valuable assistance at the Ganga Sagar Mela as in the previous years. It is gratifying to observe that no deaths from either cholera or small-pox occurred at these melas during the year under review.

Sanitation and water-supply.—Rs. 53,18,958 or 38·4 per cent. of the total receipts inclusive of the opening balance was spent by municipal bodies in Bengal on sanitary works during the financial year 1939-40, an increase of 0·8 per cent. compared with the expenditure in the preceding year. The average expenditure per head of the municipal population was Rs. 2-4-2 in 1939-40 which was practically the same in 1938-39. Of the total municipal expenditure on sanitation Rs. 24,68,518 was spent on conservancy, Rs. 12,80,798 on water-supply and Rs. 5,19,202 on drainage. The district boards in the rural areas continued to maintain their proportionate expenditure on water-supply, drainage, sanitation and vaccination, having spent 3·8, 0·2, 9·6 and 1·2 per cent. respectively of their total receipts during 1939-40 as compared to 3·9, 0·3, 9·7 and 1·2 per cent. during the previous financial year.

The union boards spent from their funds Rs. 8,18,515 on water-supply, Rs. 94,463 on drainage and Rs. 98,915 on conservancy in 1939-40 showing a large decrease on the first item and an increase on the latter two items over the expenditure in 1938-39.

According to the decision of Government to solve the problem of adequate supply of drinking water in the rural areas of the province within a limited period the preparation of comprehensive programmes of water-supply in the different districts was taken up in the year under review with the co-operation of the district boards and in consultation with the local water-supply committees set up for the purpose. Meanwhile, the annual grant for the improvement of rural water-supply, augmented as in the previous year, was distributed as usual among the different districts of the province.

The present skeleton public health organisation consisting of a public health unit in each thana under the charge of a Sanitary Inspector, which is being maintained by Government since 1927 has been found to be wholly inadequate for dealing with the manifold public health problems of the

province. A comprehensive scheme for complete reorganisation of the rural public health services was, therefore, framed by the Director of Public Health. The scheme, the fundamental principle of which is the combination of preventive and curative measures, envisaged the establishment of a treatment centre in each unit of two union boards to be placed in charge of a specially trained Rural Medical Officer of Health assisted by two Health Assistants and one qualified dai and the appointment of an Assistant Medical Officer for each subdivision, the entire public health work in a district being under the control and supervision of the District Health Officer who should be a Government servant. The scheme was under the consideration of Government. It was suggested to give effect to the scheme in selected areas but the district boards having expressed their unwillingness to co-operate in the scheme, this could not be given effect to, although suitable provision was made in the budget for the purpose.

School hygiene.—An account of the school health services at present provided for in Calcutta and in the municipal and rural areas has been given by the Director of Public Health and the results of the limited medical inspection of school students in these areas have been narrated. It should be noticed that the work of medical inspection of school children in Calcutta was transferred from the Education Department to the Public Health Department of Government with effect from 1st April 1940. During the year under review, 10,844 boys in 41 schools in Calcutta, 8,863 students in 125 schools in 26 municipalities and 1,750 boys and 72 girls in 54 schools in the rural areas were medically examined. The Sanitary Inspectors in charge of the rural public health circles also examined 207,988 pupils in 5,800 schools in the rural areas.

Health propaganda.—After the transfer of the Publicity branch of the Public Health Department to the Publicity Department of Government in 1939, Government took up the question of creation of a Health Education and Propaganda section under the Public Health Department. The Director of Public Health drew up a comprehensive scheme of Public Health Education and propaganda to be placed under his direct supervision under the direct administrative control of this department, as distinct and separate from the staff working under the Director of Public Information under the administrative control of the Publicity Department. No final decision could be reached on the scheme during the year under review. Pending decision on the scheme, however, one Artist and one Editor were employed during the year in connection with intensive and extensive public health education and propaganda. A weekly Public Health Bulletin was published throughout the year and posters, charts, models, etc., relating to public health propaganda were prepared and distributed as usual.

Miscellaneous.—The normal activities of the Public Health Department were maintained and their scope was widened in certain respects. Grants-in-aid were made to the local bodies as usual in order to enable them to make provision for health welfare services. Besides finding a moiety of the charge on account of Health Officers employed by the local bodies, a sum of Rs. 11½ lakhs was spent by Government in assisting district boards to maintain the existing rural public health organisation. The increased grant of Rs. 7½ lakhs from provincial revenues was repeated during the year under report for the improvement of rural water-supply. An allotment of Rs. 1,40,000 and Rs. 30,000 from the Government of India's second subvention for rural uplift was also made to the different districts for the improvement of rural water-supply and the improvement of rural sanitation respectively during the year under review. Other subsidies to local bodies included Rs. 1,20,000 for combating kala-azar and Rs. 50,000 for free vaccination as in the previous year and also an increased sum of Rs. 5 lakhs for the free distribution of

quinine. The usual grant of Rs. 10,000 to the Tuberculosis Association, Bengal, as well as to the Bengal Branch of the British Empire Leprosy Relief Association was also sanctioned. Assistance was rendered, as usual, by the Public Health Department to the local authorities during outbreaks of epidemic diseases, with extra staff, drugs and disinfectants.

General remarks.—The year 1940 was comparatively a better year from public health point of view. The increase in the total mortality in the province compared to the preceding year was mainly attributable to malaria and the unspecified causes, while the deaths from other diseases either came down or remained practically the same as in the previous year. An outstanding feature of the health condition of the province during the year under review as already pointed out, was the lowest mortality from cholera recorded during the past fifty years. It will be observed from the foregoing paragraphs that the Ministry of Health have framed definite schemes for combating malaria, the principal problem of the province and also other epidemic diseases which constitute the greatest menace to public health and to reorganise the public health services of the province for advancement of personal and environmental hygiene, health, education and consciousness. Government trust that the local bodies, associations as well as the public in general will offer their unstinted help and support in these matters.

Personal.—Lt.-Col. A. C. Chatterjee, 1.M.S., held the office of Director of Public Health thoughout the year. Government desire to place on record their appreciation of the services of Lt.-Col. Chatterjee and his staff in efficiently administering the department during the year under review.

T. I. M. Nurannabi Chaudhuri, Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

No. 693/1(10)P.H.

Copy (with copies of the report) forwarded to (1) all Commissioners of Divisions, for information, (2) Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal, for information, (3) Inspector-General of Police, Bengal, for information, (4) Director of Public Health, Bengal, for information, (5) Chief Engineer, Public Health Department, Bengal, for information, (6) Secretary to the Sanitary Board, Bengal, for information.

Copies will be supplied direct to the District Officers and the Chairmen of Districts Boards by the Superintendent, Bengal Government Printing.

T. I. M. NURANNABI CHAUDHURI, Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Calcutta, the 15th April 1942.

Government Publications for Sale

AVAILABLE AT

Bengal Government Press (Publication Branch)

38, Gopalnagar Road, Alipore

and

Sales Office, Writers' Buildings, Calcutta

CURRENT MISCELLANEOUS PUBLICATIONS-

Annual Report-

On the working of Local Audit Department, 1939-40. As. 4 (2a.).

Of the Chemical Examiner's Department, 1940. As. 8 (2a.).

On the working of the Hospitals and Dispensaries in Bengal, 1939. Rs. 2 (6a.).

Of the Department of Public Health in Bengal, 1939. Re. 1 (5a.).

Of the Chief Engineer, Public Health Department, Bengal, for the year ending 31st December 1940. As. 8 (2a.).

Of the Medical Schools in Bengal, 1938-39. Re. 1 (3a.).

On the Bengal Smoke Nuisances Commission, 1940. A. 1 (1a.).

Resolution Reviewing the Reports on the working of the-

District Boards in Bengal 1939-40. As. 4 (2a.).

Municipalities in Bengal, 1939-40. As. 6 (4a.).

Dispensaries-

List of Hospitals and—and other medical institutions in Bengal, corrected up to July 1941. Rs. 2-4 (4a.).

District Engineer-

Rules for the appointment of—, corrected up to July 1939. As. 3 (1a.).

Drainage-

Report of the—Outfall Committee, 1933. Rs. 3-2 (4a.).

Election-

Rules under the Local Self-Government Act, corrected up to July 1939. A. 1 (1a.).

Rules under the Bengal Municipal Act, 1932, corrected up to July 1937. As. 7 (1a.).

Malaria-

In Calcutta. Re. 1-4 (4a.).

Manual-

Of Circulars and Orders relating to local bodies in Bengal, Vol. I, 1938. Rs. 2-4 (8a.).

Medical-

Rules for the management of Government—Schools in Bengal, 1935. A. 1 (2a.).

Model Rules-

Rules—and Bye-laws framed under the Bengal Municipal Act, 1923, corrected up to December 1939. Re. 1 (6a.).

CATALOGUES FREE

28, Carlinga Res