

General report of the Royal Hospitals of Bridewell and Bethlem, and of the House of Occupations, for the year ending 31st December, 1854 : printed for use of the governors / Bridewell Royal Hospital and Bethlem Royal Hospital.

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S. V. S. 3

GENERAL REPORT

OF

THE ROYAL HOSPITALS

OF

BRIDEWELL AND BETHLEM,

AND OF THE

HOUSE OF OCCUPATIONS,

FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER,

1854.

PRINTED FOR THE USE OF THE GOVERNORS.

LONDON :

PRINTED BY DAVID BATTEN, CLAPHAM COMMON.

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REPORT.

THE Governors having, at an early period of the year, decided upon the expediency of closing the Prison of Bridewell and of applying the large revenues of the Hospital to more useful and beneficial purposes, solicited the concurrence of the Court of Aldermen in that arrangement, and as they *practically* acquiesced in the proposal, by ceasing to commit any prisoners subsequently to the month of April, the prison may almost be said to have been closed from that time, although, at a later date, two City apprentices, committed by the Chamberlain, have been received.

Expediency
of Closing
the Prison.

The above statement was necessary, in order to explain the cause of the very small number of committals in 1854, when compared with those in former years; but it may likewise be observed, that although the committals of the past year extend over a period only one-third of that in previous years, the relative proportion is by no means the same, but was much less in 1854 than in any year that preceded it. In the years 1851, 1852, and 1853, the number of committals, from the 1st of January to the 30th of April, was respectively 394, 278, and 418, whereas, in 1854, it was only 65. Unfortunately, we are not warranted in attributing this decrease to any diminution of crime in the Metropolis, but rather to the preference evinced by the City magistrates

Decrease in
Number of
Committals

to commit prisoners to the House of Correction at Holloway, in which, it is supposed, that the modern system of prison discipline can be carried out with greater efficiency than in the old and obsolete building at Bridewell.

Number of
Committals.

The number of prisoners committed during the past year amounted, as above stated, to 65 prior to the 30th April, and the subsequent committal of 2 apprentices, gives a total of 67. Of these, 5 were City apprentices, committed by the Chamberlain. The remainder were chiefly, either pickpockets or misdemeanants, of which last class of offenders the proportion was somewhat greater than in former years; but their detention in prison was generally only until their friends could procure the means of paying the fines, in default of which they were committed.

City Appren-
tices.

Other
Prisoners.

Juvenile
Offenders.

The number of juvenile offenders was 24, being about one-third of the whole. Of these, 5 were recommittals. Their ages varied from 8 to 17 years.

Health of
Prisoners.

The health of the prisoners was, as usual, very good; and their conduct, whilst in prison, satisfactory.

E. ADAMS, CAPT.,

Superintendent.

BRIDEWELL HOSPITAL,

5th February, 1855.

to commit prisoners to the House of Correction at Hol-
loway, in which it is supposed, that the modern system
of prison discipline can be carried out with greater
efficiency than in the old and obsolete building at
Bridewell.

BRIDEWELL HOSPITAL.

EXPENDITURE FOR THE YEAR 1854.

The year amount, as above stated, is £ prior to the 30th
of April, 1854. Of these, £ were City apportionments,
committed by the Corporation. The remainder were

	£	s.	d.
Prison Diet—Meat, Bread, Oatmeal, &c.....	122	16	7
Clothing and Bedding	28	11	6
Straw	0	0	0
Medicine.....	21	8	0
Fuel	50	17	6
Soap	2	3	6
Candles and Gas.....	31	1	5
Rates and Taxes.....	35	4	0
Salaries of Officers, Wages of Turnkeys, &c.....	742	10	0
Sundries not mentioned, viz.—			
Gratuities to Prisoners	2	15	0
Sundry payments	9	7	6
	£1046 15 0		

Superintendent.

BRIDEWELL HOSPITAL.

1854.

BRIDEWELL HOSPITAL.

LIST OF OFFICERS.

	£	s.	d.
*1 Receiver and Accountant	210	0	0
†1 Surveyor	125	0	0
1 Clerk	175	0	0
†1 Superintendent	250	0	0
*1 Chaplain of Prison and of Precinct	300	0	0
1 Surgeon	130	0	0
1 Organist	21	0	0
†1 Head Turnkey	80	0	0
†1 Turnkey	59	16	0
1 Clerk of Works	54	12	0
1 Carpenter	39	0	0
*1 Beadle at	80	0	0
Ditto as Chapel Clerk	20	0	0
*1 Beadle at	75	0	0
1 Clerk's Assistant	15	0	0
	£1634	8	0

* Lodged and furnished with coals. One hundred and thirty-two pounds.

† Lodged and furnished with coals and candles.

Each Beadle has a suit of clothes and a hat, with twenty-one shillings every year for shoes, and a great coat every three years.

HOUSE OF OCCUPATIONS.

LIST OF OFFICERS

REPORT.

£ s d
0 0 210 *1 Receiver and Accountant
0 0 25 To the PRESIDENT, TREASURER, and
0 0 175 GOVERNORS of the Bridewell Hospital
0 0 250 House of Occupations.
0 0 300 *1 Chaplain of Prison
0 0 130 I Surgeon
0 0 21 I Organist
0 0 80 †1 Head Turkey

MY LORDS AND GENTLEMEN,

I have much pleasure in laying before you my customary Annual Report, as it contains information which must convey even greater satisfaction than any I have hitherto had the honor of preparing for your General Court. During the year 1854, 88 youths were admitted, and 62 girls, making the very large total of 150, to whom you have accorded the privilege of a participation in the benefits afforded by this truly excellent Institution. One hundred and twenty-five male and female inmates have obtained situations either in service, or trades, or the Merchants' or Queen's Naval Service; having received such industrial, and moral and religious instruction, as to qualify them to take a respectable footing in the social world, by gaining an honest livelihood. Thirteen of the male inmates whom you have sent to situations in trades continue steadily to labour in their callings, and I have much satisfaction in observing that

we frequently see them at Divine Service in our chapel on the Sabbath Day. Seventeen lads have entered the Merchants' Service, all of whom continue in the employ to which they were apprenticed. Fifty-six have been apprenticed to Her Majesty's Navy, all of whom are doing well, with the exception of one only, who has been discharged from the service for a violation of naval discipline. Eight male inmates have left the House at the request of their friends,—a request too frequently resulting in ruinous consequences. Five, however, of the eight, I have much gratification in saying, are living respectably at home, and in situations. Four lads who were discharged by the Committee at their own request, are living steadily, and occupied in gaining their bread by honest industry; and 2 male inmates, who were discharged in consequence of the delicate state of their health, which entirely incapacitated them from pursuing the avocations of the Institution, are living quietly at home with their families. Of the 2 unhappy boys who have absconded, I am unable to give any information; and not one male has been expelled.

Of 39 female inmates who have been discharged to situations, the Matron has ascertained that 30 are well conducted, and steadily occupied in the performance of the duties they have undertaken. Of 9 who have quitted the House, by the request of their friends, 2 are in situations, and giving satisfaction to their employers. Of two who left at their own request, the Matron has been able to obtain no intelligence. Of the 3 females who were sent home in ill health, the whole are living respectably at home. Of 5 young females who have

been expelled for gross insubordination and general misconduct, one is doing well in service. One unfortunate girl, through disobedience of orders, fell into a copper of boiling water in the washhouse, and after lingering a few days, in a state of insensibility, expired. She was perfectly incapacitated from receiving any religious consolation I lament to say.

Twenty boys have received from the Committee each a sovereign, as a reward for one year's good conduct and continuance in their situations and trades to which they had been discharged. Four girls, likewise, having obtained from their employers very satisfactory testimonials of good conduct for one year, have been accordingly rewarded each with a sovereign. Eleven boys have presented themselves before the Committee, each of them having a handsome recommendation to those gentlemen, and received from them each a sovereign for a second year's good conduct and continuance in their vocations. Two young females have also received a similar reward for having continued in their situations a second year with good characters. One male and 2 females having retained their situations a third year, and having laid before the Committee highly gratifying letters expressive of the entire approbation of their employers, have been rewarded with a third sovereign. Thirty-one boys and forty-one girls have been presented each with a Bible, Prayer, and Hymn Book, at my hands, under the authority of the Committee; and I trust and pray that "the word in season" with which they have been accompanied will, together with them, "work together for good" to those who have now renewed their intercourse with the world, and enable

them to rise superior to every trial that may await them.

My Lords and Gentlemen—It appears, from the foregoing statement, that a much larger amount of good has been accomplished during the past year than in the course of any preceding one, as the numbers admitted and discharged, more especially of the males, far exceed those contained in any previous Annual Report since the Institution has been opened and engaged in its great reformatory vocation. The general results of the discharge in the year 1854 have been most satisfactory, inasmuch as that, out of the vast number of 160 male and female inmates, who have left these walls during that year, I have the happiness of stating that 132 are doing well; and could we trace the career of the remaining 28, although we are aware that some of them have resumed their former vicious practices, we might very probably find (as we have heretofore found) a portion of them gaining an honest livelihood, but unwilling to make themselves known as having been inmates of the House of Occupations, lest it should militate against their future well-being in life.

I will now do myself the pleasure of mentioning a few gratifying cases of late inmates, who have, by perseverance in the path of rectitude, merited to be thus honorably brought before their former benefactors:—

No. 1. A. B.—Went to a situation in a merchant's counting-house; temptation, however, after a while, proved again too strong for him, for which he underwent the penalty of imprisonment in a City prison.

Immediately he obtained his freedom, he emigrated to Australia, where his strict integrity, combined with thorough business habits, obtained for him the notice and patronage of those who were enabled, eventually and permanently, to further his interests. After some years' probation, he married the daughter of a wealthy tradesman there; was taken into partnership, and is making a rapid fortune. He constantly makes remittances, to a considerable amount, for the support of his aged mother.

No. 2. C. D.—Was admitted from Bridewell Hospital; and after a residence in this House of about five years was discharged to a situation in a merchant's counting-house. This youth, being very talented, became a thorough man of business. He has, likewise, married the daughter of his employer, and has been taken into partnership.

No. 3. E. F.—This very fine youth is gifted with abilities of a high order. He was admitted hither from Bridewell Hospital. His father was a respectable and flourishing tradesman in the City of London. His whole stock, and all his property on the premises, were destroyed by fire, and he was unhappily uninsured. He did not long survive these misfortunes, leaving a young family, together with his widow, totally unprovided for. After a time, she was compelled, with her family, to go into the Union. This, her only son, fell into bad society, which resulted in his confinement in Bridewell. Thence he was transferred to this Institution, in which his conduct was most exemplary. In due time he was apprenticed to the Merchants' Service, and was wrecked

in the river St. Lawrence. His captain, being unable to obtain another command, was obliged to cancel his indentures. The poor lad preserved his integrity through many severe trials, and at length obtained service in a ship bound to Australia. He has recently returned to England, and with so excellent a character for conduct and ability as to obtain a second reward from your Committee. He has removed his mother and a younger sister from the Union, and takes care of them. He has just left England again upon an East India voyage.

No. 4. G. H.—This lad came to the House from Bridewell Hospital, and while an inmate his conduct was remarkably good. Having satisfactorily completed the period of his residence, he was discharged into the Merchants' Service. The captain of the ship ill treated him, and defrauded him of his wages, which induced him to leave the ship at New York. He is now settled in business for himself, at Sacramento, in California, and is doing well.

No. 5. I. J.—When admitted was a very disreputable character. Having conducted himself, during his probation here, with great credit to himself, he was discharged into H.M. Naval Service. Was for some years on the Cape of Good Hope Station; and on leaving England he assigned half his pay for the maintenance of his widowed mother. He bears a most excellent character, and, since his return, your Committee have granted him a second reward for good conduct and service.

Mrs. Mott, our new Matron, is unable, of course, to furnish any cases of the above description; and, in reply to a letter she wrote to Mrs. Simpson, the late Matron of the House of Occupations, on that subject, she learns that that lady is confined to her chamber, and unable to venture out. Our hopes from that quarter are, therefore, frustrated. Few as the cases are of former male inmates which I have been able to obtain, yet they constitute very powerful evidence of the incalculable benefits derivable from the working of this Institution—evidence highly satisfactory, I feel assured, to the General Court of Governors, and most encouraging to those from whose labors, under God, so happy an end has been attained.

Permit me to remain,

My Lords and Gentlemen,

With great respect,

Your very faithful servant,

JOHN GARRETT, B.D.,

Chaplain.

JANUARY 26TH, 1855.

ADMISSIONS to the HOUSE OF OCCUPATIONS, from } January 1st to December 31st, 1854		M.	F.
Discharged with the concurrence or request of friends.....		8	9
.. at own request.....		4	2
.. absconded.....		2	..
.. expelled.....		..	5
.. ill health.....		2	3
.. died.....		..	1
.. to situations, with good characters.....		86	39
		102	59
Of those discharged, this year, to situations or service, } according to latest accounts are living reputably therein		85	30
Of those discharged, this year, with the concurrence or } request of friends, living reputably at home or in } situations		5	2
At own request, are living reputably at home or in situations		4	..
Of those discharged, this year, in ill health, living reputably		2	3
Of those absconded, this year..... ditto.....		..	..
Of those expelled, this year..... ditto.....		..	1
Rewarded for the 1st year's good conduct, and continu- } ance in service.....		20	4
Rewarded for the 2nd year's ditto.....		11	2
Ditto 3rd ,, ditto.....		1	2
Have received Bibles, Prayer, and Hymn Books, on going } to service		31	41

REMAINING in the HOUSE OF OCCUPATIONS—		M.	F.
At Christmas..... 1853		119	105
Admitted in		88	62
		207	167
Discharged in		102	59
Remaining at Christmas, 1854		105	108

No. 1.

EXPENDITURE IN THE HOUSE OF OCCUPATIONS IN THE
YEARS 1853 AND 1854.

	1853.			1854.		
	£	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Meat.....	544	12	6	581	15	0
Bread and Flour	426	16	0	563	0	10
Potatoes, Oatmeal, &c.	106	9	10	134	1	1
Milk.....	105	13	8	97	4	4
Cheesemongery and Groceries.....	389	9	0	324	18	1
Beer.....	56	11	9	..	..	..
Total Cost of Provisions.....	£1629	12	9	1700	19	4
Clothing and Bedding.....	347	13	10	306	7	1
Soap, Oil, Candles, &c.	63	0	11	152	7	6
Coals and Firewood.....	..	..	..	412	2	11
Medicine	11	0	0	11	0	0
Furniture and Repairs	79	13	9	169	8	10
Salaries of Chaplain, Surgeon, Steward, Clerk, Superintendent, and Matron....	720	0	0	607	7	2
Wages of Schoolmasters, &c.	283	9	2	495	17	0
Rent and Taxes	247	14	11	277	13	6
Printing and Stationery	69	13	6	105	10	9
Workmen's Bills for Repairs of Premises ..	132	13	1	446	12	1
Casual Payments and Sundries	171	15	6	100	6	3
Working Materials and Wages	98	4	8	32	8	0
Outfit of Inmates, and Gratuities	412	6	2	561	3	3
Books .....	..	..	..	32	12	6
	£4266	18	3	5411	16	2

No. 2.

GENERAL RETURN, from October, 1830, to 31st December, 1854.

Years.	Average Daily Number.	In the House on the 1st January.			Admitted.			Outfitted & sent to Situations.			Emigrated.			Expelled.			Absconded.			By request or concurrence of friends.			Ill, Pregnant, or Imbecile.			Died.			Total.			Rewarded for good conduct and continuance in service.											
		M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	1st.	2nd & 3rd.										
18 years ending Dec. 31, 1848.	145 ¹ / ₁₆	..	..	..	505	504	1069	147	269	416	..	9	9	39	37	76	75	2	77	129	106	235	27	36	63	2	3	5	419	402	881	36	53	89	11	12	23			
1849	186	86	102	188	50	30	80	25	25	50	..	..	1	..	1	7	7	..	7	6	17	23	3	..	3	1	..	1	43	42	85	6	5	11	1	1	2				
1850	197	93	90	183	64	57	121	31	38	69	..	..	2	1	3	3	3	..	3	8	3	11	3	1	4	2	..	2	49	43	92	15	7	22	..	3	3				
1851	217	108	104	212	72	42	114	38	25	63	..	..	2	2	4	4	4	1	5	15	6	21	5	1	6	2	..	2	66	35	101	20	9	29	4	2	6				
1852	220	114	111	225	76	49	125	58	35	93	..	..	1	2	3	3	..	..	..	8	9	17	6	2	8	..	1	1	73	49	122	12	14	26	7	3	10	
1853	210	117	111	228	68	48	116	36	34	70	..	..	4	4	8	3	3	..	3	19	14	33	5	1	6	..	1	1	67	54	121	19	9	28	10	4	14				
1854	211	119	105	224	88	62	150	86	39	125	..	..	..	5	5	5	2	..	2	14	14	28	..	..	..	..	1	1	102	59	161	20	4	24	12	4	16
1855	..	105	108	213	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1854. Total Discharges					923	892	1775	421	465	886				94	3	97	199	169	368	49	41	90				7	6	13	819	744	1563	128	101	229	45	29	74						
31 Dec. In the House.....					105	108	213																																				

GEORGE H. HAYDON,

Steward.

THE WEEKLY REPORT FROM DECEMBER 22 TO DECEMBER 29, 1854.

No. 3.

ADMISSIONS.

Years.	Bridewell Hospital.			From Prisons or been in Prison			Hospitals.			Home.			Total.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
1830	11	11	22	4	..	4	..	1	1	..	..	..	15	12	27
1831	12	8	20	17	9	26	..	..	..	11	9	20	40	26	66
1832	11	9	20	12	5	17	..	14	14	4	9	13	27	37	64
1833	5	3	8	1	2	3	..	11	11	1	8	9	7	24	31
1834	6	2	8	2	1	3	..	12	12	7	11	18	15	26	41
1835	1	1	2	6	6	12	..	13	13	11	23	34	18	43	61
1836	9	6	15	16	4	20	1	8	9	19	18	37	45	36	81
1837	10	4	14	5	12	17	..	6	6	6	12	18	21	34	55
1838	4	5	9	5	5	10	..	1	1	4	6	10	13	17	30
1839	4	6	10	1	2	3	..	1	1	3	5	8	8	14	22
1840	15	1	16	9	6	15	..	2	2	29	38	67	53	47	100
1841	9	7	16	8	8	16	..	2	2	13	33	46	30	50	80
1842	8	5	13	1	4	5	..	4	4	18	11	29	27	24	51
1843	12	2	14	5	..	5	..	..	..	11	11	22	28	13	41
1844	14	5	19	3	4	7	..	1	1	..	17	17	17	27	44
1845	16	4	20	2	6	8	..	..	..	18	29	47	36	39	75
1846	23	6	29	4	3	7	2	..	2	17	29	46	46	38	84
1847	21	4	25	2	1	3	..	1	1	12	27	39	35	33	68
1848	15	5	20	2	2	4	..	..	..	14	17	31	31	24	55
1849	13	..	13	11	7	18	..	..	..	26	23	49	50	30	80
1850	11	4	15	18	14	32	..	..	..	35	39	74	64	57	121
1851	12	2	14	19	9	28	..	1	1	41	30	71	72	42	114
1852	9	3	12	29	9	38	..	..	..	38	37	75	76	49	125
1853	7	2	9	3	1	4	..	..	..	58	45	103	69	48	116
1854	1	..	1	39	12	51	..	..	..	48	50	98	88	62	150
	259	105	364	224	132	356	3	78	81	444	537	981	930	852	1782

GEORGE H. HAYDON,

Steward.

No. 4.

THE WEEKLY REPORT FROM DECEMBER 22, TO DECEMBER 29, 1854.

		M.	F.	Total.
Number of Inmates remained last Report		106	107	213
Admitted since.....		1	2	3
		107	109	216
Discharged	{ To Situations.....	1	..	1
	{ By request of friends.....	..	..	..
	{ Imbecility of mind.....	..	1	1
		1	1	2
Remaining.....		106	108	214
Occupied in trades, needlework, domestic and other services, and attending school daily or periodically ..		56	108	164
Attending school only		49	..	49
Absent, Sick .....		..	..	..
Gate-keepers		1	..	1
		106	108	214
OCCUPATIONS.				
Monitors:				
M.	F.			
2	..	Tailors	13	13
3	..	Shoemakers	18	18
1	..	Bakers	6	6
1	..	Brewers	5	5
1	..	Ropemakers	11	11
1	..	General Monitor	1	1
..	1	Needlework .....	..	73
..	1	Kitchen .....	..	6
..	..	Laundry and Washing .....	..	20
..	..	Household.....	2	6
..	..	Officers' service { Matron .....	..	1
..	..	{ Superintendent .....	..	1
..	..	{ Steward.....	..	..
2	..	Attending school	49	49
..	..	Gatekeepers	1	1
..	..	Incapable, being ill .....	..	..
11	2		106	108
				214

No. 4—continued.

STATE OF SCHOOL.

Number of Classes.	1			2			3			4			5			6			Total.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.			
Descriptions. {	Trades, &c.			Approaching proficiency in Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, &c. in the first degrees.			In the second degrees.			Beginners. In the first degrees.			In the second degrees.								
	Education fair.																				
Number of Teachers in each Class . . . . .	..	..	..	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	2	1	2	3	3	8	11
DISTRIBUTION OF INMATES.																					
Under 12 years of age	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
12 to 14	17	..	17	7	..	7	7	9	16	7	9	16	7	13	13	7	9	16	36	28	64
14 to 16	31	..	31	8	27	35	13	11	24	8	10	18	8	10	10	8	10	18	60	58	118
Upwards	8	..	8	..	14	14	..	2	2	2	2	4	2	4	4	2	4	4	10	22	32
	56	..	56	15	41	56	18	19	37	17	21	38	17	27	27	106	108	214			

No. 5.

Dr.

BAKER'S ACCOUNT FOR 1854.

		£	s.	d.
1854.				
Jan. 1.	20 Sacks of Flour remaining on hand 31st December, 1853		37	18 4
	658 Sacks of Flour received during the year..		2066	10 0
			<u>2104</u>	<u>8 4</u>
	18 Sacks used at Bethlem	£58	10	0
	23 Sacks „ House of Occupations		72	14 0
	25 Remaining on hand 31st Dec., 1854.....		78	8 0
			<u>209</u>	<u>12 0</u>
			1894	16 4
	Baker's wages		65	0 0
	Coals, Gas, Repairs, and Sundries		68	10 0
	Profit of Boys' Work		52	0 0
			<u>£2080</u>	<u>6 4</u>

No. 6.

Dr.

BREWER'S ACCOUNT FOR 1854.

		£	s.	d.
1854.				
Jan. 1.	24 bar. of Ale on hand Dec. 31st, 1853		29	4 0
	4 qrs. of Malt		11	16 0
	3 qrs. 2 lbs. Hops		8	1 3
	.....		49	1 3
	Received 24 cwt. 2 qrs. 2 lbs. of Hops		288	16 2
	„ 320 quarters of Malt		1172	13 4
			<u>£1510</u>	<u>10 9</u>
	..... Remaining at the end of the year, viz.			
	10 qrs. 2 bush. of Malt	£40	7	6
	1 qr. 15 lbs. of Hops		15	17 6
	.....		<u>56</u>	<u>5 0</u>
			1454	5 9
	Brewer's wages and maintenance....		90	0 0
	Coals, Gas, Repairs, Casks, Utensils, and Incidental Expenses		76	0 0
	Profit of Boys' Work		54	0 0
			<u>£1674</u>	<u>5 9</u>

No. 5.

Cr.

BAKER'S ACCOUNT FOR 1854.

1854.		£	s.	d.
Dec. 31.	By 224,729 lbs. of Bread made and consumed	2080	6	4
<hr/>				
Consumed by Bethlem Hospital .. 142,776 lbs.				
House of Occupations .. 81,953 "				
<hr/>				
Baker's wages				
Coals Gas Repairs, and Sundries .. .				
Profit of Boys' Work .. .				
<hr/>				
		£2080	6	4

No. 6.

Cr.

BREWER'S ACCOUNT FOR 1854.

1854.		£	s.	d.
1300	1 Beer brewed and consumed	1625	0	0
35	3 On hand Dec. 31st, 1854, viz., 31 bar. 3 of fir Ale, and 4 bar. of Table Beer	24	1	0
<hr/>				
1336	0			
<hr/>				
	Grains sold	18	2	3
	Malt and Hops used by Baker, viz.,			
	Malt	£2	5	0
	Hops	4	17	6
<hr/>				
		7	2	6
<hr/>				
	Brewer's wages and maintenance .. .			
	Coals Gas Repairs Casks Utensils .. .			
	and incidental Expenses .. .			
	Profit of Boys' Work .. .			
<hr/>				
		£1674	5	9

No. 7.

Dr.

ROPEMAKER'S ACCOUNT FOR 1854.

1854.		£	s.	d.
Jan. 1	Stock on hand	12	11	5
	Journeymen's wages	89	16	4
	Materials, flax, hemp, &c.	335	7	11 $\frac{3}{4}$
	Wages and maintenance of Ropemaker	90	0	0
	Incidental expenses	10	10	0 $\frac{1}{4}$
		<hr/>		
		538	5	9
Dec. 31.	Stock on hand	39	5	6
		<hr/>		
		499	0	3
	In favor of this year	26	19	6
		<hr/>		
		£525	19	9
		<hr/>		

No. 8.

Dr.

SHOEMAKER'S ACCOUNT FOR 1854.

1854.		£	s.	d.
Jan. 1.	To Stock on hand	11	5	4
	Materials received during the year	145	5	0
		<hr/>		
		156	10	4
	Stock on hand Dec. 31st	25	13	6 $\frac{1}{2}$
		<hr/>		
		130	16	9 $\frac{1}{2}$
	Shoemaker's wages, and maintenance	90	0	0
	Coals, chandlery, light, and sundries	7	10	0
		<hr/>		
		£228	6	9 $\frac{1}{2}$
		<hr/>		

No. 7.

Cr.

ROPEMAKER'S ACCOUNT.

	£	s.	d.
By amount credited for rope, twine, mats, &c.....	525	19	9

AMOUNT OF WORK DONE.

MADE.	lbs.	MADE.	lbs.
Rope	150	Laid cord	2229
Sash line	49	Fine twine	429
Clothes line ..	33	Sealing thread ..	75
Jack line	54	Mop cord	365
Box line.....	105	Spun yarn	120
Box cord	4957	Mats	91
Bed cord	61	Large Mats.....	136
			<u>£525 19 9</u>

No. 8.

Cr.

SHOEMAKER'S ACCOUNT.

	£	s.	d.
By Boots & Shoes supplied to Bethlem Hospital with the repairs	75	19	7
Ditto ditto Bridewell Hospital.....	0	0	0
Ditto ditto House of Occupations	117	0	8

AMOUNT OF WORK DONE.

	Made.	Mended.			
Pairs of boots.....	16	9			
Pairs of shoes.....	386	1417			
Loss on the year			35	6	6½
			<u>£228</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>9½</u>

No. 9.

Dr.

TAILOR'S ACCOUNT FOR 1854.

	£.	s.	d.
Stock on hand Jan. 1st	102	5	3
Goods received during the year	349	19	10½
Bridewell Hospital	15	14	0
House of Occupations	452	5	1½
Stock on hand December 31st	130	16	7¾
	321	8	5½
Tailor's and Assistants' Wages	222	15	0
Coals, Chandlery, Light, & incidental Expenses	12	0	0
Profit of Boys' Work	26	7	8½
	582	11	2

£582 11 2

AMOUNT OF WORK DONE.

Repairs.	Made.	
85	196	Coats
801	151	Jackets
731	405	Waistcoats
2012	370	Trowsers
26	92	Drawers
12	32	Brocks
—	90	Pairs Braces
—	18	Gowns bound
—	2	Great Coats

No. 9.

TAILOR'S ACCOUNT.

		Dr.	
			Cr.
			£ s. d.
Clothes supplied to Bethlem, with the Repairs			349 3 9
— Ditto	Bridewell Hospital.....		15 14 0
1/2 5 Ditto	House of Occupations		217 13 5
1/2 16 7 1/2	Stock on hand December 31st.....		
<hr/>			
321 8 3/4			
0 0	Tailor's and Assistants' Wages		
0 0	Coats, Chandlery, Light, & incidental Expenses		
1/2 7 8 1/2	Profit of Boys' Work		
<hr/>			
£282 11 2			<u>£582 11 2</u>

AMOUNT OF WORK DONE.

	Made.	Repaired.
Coats	196	85
Jackets	151	801
Waistcoats	405	731
Trowsers	370	2012
Drawers	92	26
Frocks	22	12
Pairs Braces	90	—
Gowns bound	18	—
Great Coats.....	2	—

No. 10.

SUMMARY OF PROFITS ON TRADES AND NEEDLEWORK.

WORK DONE BY FEMALES IN 1854.

		s.	d.	£	s.	d.
253	Shirts	0	6	6	6	6
247	Shifts	0	4	4	2	4
234	Petticoats	0	3	2	18	6
620	Caps	0	3	7	15	0
854	Pairs of Stockings run and marked	0	2	7	2	4
883	Neck and Pocket Handkerchiefs	0	1	3	13	7
590	Aprons	0	2	4	18	4
292	Gowns	2	0	29	4	0
444	Towels and Dusters	0	0½	0	18	6
266	Pairs of Shoes bound	0	1½	1	13	3
8	Sheets	0	3	0	2	0
4	Pillow-cases	0	4	0	1	4
148	Sheets and Table-cloths	0	1	0	12	4
12	Bed Ticks	0	4	0	4	0
24	Pillow-cases	0	1	0	2	0
12	Ladders for Blinds	0	6	0	6	0
92	Pairs of Flannel Drawers	0	6	2	6	0
96	„ „ Waitscoats	0	6	2	8	0
23	Night Gowns	0	4	0	7	8
2314	Shirts repaired at	0	1½	14	9	3
391	Shifts	0	1	1	12	7
11,500	Neck and Pocket Handkerchiefs, Stockings, Aprons, and Table- cloths	0	1	47	18	4
1242	Gowns and Blankets	0	3	15	10	6
494	Petticoats	0	1½	3	1	9
856	Sheets	0	2	7	2	8
				£164	16	9

No. 11.

SUMMARY OF PROFITS ON TRADES AND NEEDLEWORK.

	£	s.	d.
Profit of Boys' Work in Baker's Department	52	0	0
Ditto ,, Brewer's do.....	54	0	0
Ditto ,, Tailor's do.....	26	7	8½
Ditto ,, Ropemaker's do.....	26	19	6
Profit on Girls' Needlework	164	16	9
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	324	3	11½
Loss on Shoemakers'.....	35	6	6½
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	£288	17	5
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>

No. 12.

DAILY OCCUPATION OF THE INMATES.

Hours of Rising.

Six o'clock in the summer months, and not later than 7 o'clock in the winter months.

After private prayer in each dormitory, washing, dressing, &c.

On Week Days.

Until 8 o'clock.—The Trades-boys to be employed at their Trades, and the School-boys in making the beds and sweeping and cleaning the dormitories and other apartments on the male side. The Girls selected for employment in the Laundry and Kitchen, and in Household Work, to be engaged in their particular occupations, and the rest in making beds and sweeping and cleaning the dormitories and other apartments on the female side.

From 8 to 9 o'clock.—Prayers, breakfast, and recreation.

Prayers to be read in the respective *Dining Halls* by the Chaplain on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays with the Boys, and on the remaining week-days with the Girls. The Schoolmaster and the School-mistress to read prayers in their respective departments when the Chaplain does not officiate.

The Prayers to consist of Scripture-reading and the use of the Form of Prayer for Families, prepared and published by the Christian Knowledge Society, and entitled "A Manual of Devotion," the same having been long in use in the establishment.

From 9 to 1 o'clock (except Saturday.)—Trades-boys at their trades from 9 to 12, and in School from 12 to 1, except three boys employed as bakers, who shall attend school two hours every afternoon; and one boy employed as an engineer, who shall attend school one hour every afternoon.

School-boys in school from 9 to 12 o'clock, and in occupation from 12 to 1 under the Arts-masters, as the Superintendent shall direct.

Girls selected for particular employments to be at their respective occupations from 9 to 12 o'clock; and with the exception of the Kitchen Girls, to be in school from 12 to 1 o'clock; the other girls to be at school and at needlework from 9 to 12 o'clock, and at such occupation from 12 to 1 o'clock under the Arts-mistresses, as the Matron shall direct.

From 1 to 2 o'clock.—Dinner and recreation.

From 2 to 6 o'clock (except Saturday.)—Trades-boys at their trades.

School-boys at School from 2 to 5 o'clock, and from 5 to 6 o'clock in occupation as the Superintendent shall direct.

Girls selected for particular employments to be at their respective occupations, and the rest at needlework, *from 2 to 5 o'clock*, and in occupation from 5 to 6 o'clock, as the Matron shall direct.

From 6 to 7 $\frac{3}{4}$ o'clock.—Supper and recreation.

From 7 $\frac{3}{4}$ to 8 o'clock.—Prayers.

8 o'clock.—Bed time.

On Saturdays.

No school to be kept, either in the morning or afternoon, and no Trades-boy, except such as are employed at Bethlem Hospital, to be required to work at his trade after 12 o'clock. The inmates on this day to be engaged in cleaning the establishment, assorting and distributing

clean linen, using the bath, and in such other occupation as the Superintendent and Matron shall respectively direct. The recreation of the inmates to be, when the weather will permit, in the airing-grounds, and at other times in the day-rooms, which are to be provided with suitable books for amusement and instruction.

On Sundays.

Until 8 o'clock.—The inmates to be occupied in making beds, changing linen, and delivering up all that is dirty, and preparing for the proper spending of the day.

From 8 to 10 o'clock.—Breakfast and walking in the airing-grounds, when the weather will permit.

From 10 to 11 o'clock.—In school-rooms, reading the Lessons for the day, repeating Catechism, and answering questions on scriptural subjects.

From 11 to 1 o'clock.—In Chapel for Morning Service and Sermon.

From 1 to 7 o'clock.—Dinner and Supper; reading in day-rooms, and walking in airing-courts.

7 o'clock.—Evening Service in Chapel, with a short Address.

8 o'clock.—Bed-time.

No. 13.

DIETARY TABLE.

BREAKFASTS—DAILY.

QUANTITIES.

	Class 1	Class 2.
	oz.	oz.

Gruel of Oatmeal and Milk, or Milk and Water and Bread	6	6
DINNERS.		
Sunday.—Boiled Beef	8	6
Potatoes or other vegetables.		
Bread	4	4
Monday.—Soup, thickened with Vegetables and Peas or Barley.		
Bread	6	6
Tuesday.—Baked Suet Pudding		
Bread	4	4
Cheese	1	1

No. 13—continued.

		QUANTITIES.	
		Class 1.	Class 2.
		oz.	oz.
Wednesday.	—Boiled Mutton	8	6
	Potatoes or other Vegetables.—		
	Bread	4	4
Thursday.	—Mutton Broth, thickened with Vegetables,		
	Barley, &c.		
	Bread	6	6
Friday.	—Roast Mutton	8	6
	Potatoes or other Vegetables.		
	Bread	4	4
Saturday.	—Boiled Suet Pudding.		
	Bread	4	4
	Cheese	1	1
	The Soup and Mutton Broth to be made of the liquor		
	in which the Meat on the preceding day had been		
	boiled, with such additional Meat as may be requisite		
	to make it of good quality. Rice Milk, or Rice Pud-		
	ding to be occasionally used, instead of Soup, during		
	the hot weather:		
	SUPPERS, DAILY.		
	Bread	6	6
	Cheese	1	1
	Table Beer with Dinner and Supper, daily.		
	The Female Monitors to dine together, apart from the other children,		
	and at a different time, their dinner being cooked separately, when prac-		
	ticable, by the Monitors themselves in rotation, for the purpose of in-		
	creasing their experience in cooking as practised in private families, but		
	being in accordance with the diet allowed, except on Saturdays, when it		
	shall be Meat-pie.		

‡ In addition to board and lodging have each a suit of clothes and a hat per annum.
 § Has only house, a suit of clothes, and a hat annually.
 † Lodged only.
 * Neither boarded nor lodged.
 † An allowance of £80 per annum for rent.

No. 13—continued.

HOUSE OF OCCUPATIONS.

Class 1. Class 2.

LIST OF OFFICERS AND SERVANTS.

		£	s.	d.
1+	Chaplain	200	0	0
*1	Surgeon	20	0	0
1	Apothecary	0	0	0
*1	Clerk	20	0	0
1	Steward	0	0	0
†1	Superintendent	250	0	0
†1	Matron	20	0	0
†1	Schoolmaster	120	0	0
*1	Steward's Clerk	22	10	0
*1	Organist	25	0	0
†1	Clerk of the Works	0	0	0
1	Baker	65	0	0
‡1	Brewer	50	0	0
‡1	Rope-maker	50	0	0
‡1	Shoemaker	50	0	0
‡1	Tailor	50	0	0
	Do. Chapel Clerk	5	0	0
§1	Assistant Schoolmaster	85	0	0
2	Schoolmistresses	£30 each	60	0
1	Cook	20	0	0
1	Laundry-maid	20	0	0
*1	Ropemaker (journeyman)	21s. per week	54	12
*1	Tailor (journeyman)	27s. per week	70	4
		£1357	6	0

- + An allowance of £80 per annum for rent.
- * Neither boarded nor lodged.
- † Lodged only.
- ‡ In addition to board and lodging have each a suit of clothes and a hat per annum.
- § Has only house, a suit of clothes, and a hat annually.

REPORT OF THE

COMMISSIONERS OF THE

LAND OFFICE
IN RESPONSE TO A RESOLUTION
PASSED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
ON FEBRUARY 22, 1892
RELATIVE TO THE
LANDS BELONGING TO THE
UNITED STATES
IN THE TERRITORY OF ARIZONA
AND THE TERRITORY OF NEW MEXICO
AND THE TERRITORY OF ILLINOIS
AND THE TERRITORY OF MISSOURI
AND THE TERRITORY OF IOWA
AND THE TERRITORY OF KANSAS
AND THE TERRITORY OF NEBRASKA
AND THE TERRITORY OF COLORADO
AND THE TERRITORY OF WYOMING
AND THE TERRITORY OF MONTANA
AND THE TERRITORY OF WYOMING
AND THE TERRITORY OF NEBRASKA
AND THE TERRITORY OF KANSAS
AND THE TERRITORY OF MISSOURI
AND THE TERRITORY OF ILLINOIS
AND THE TERRITORY OF NEW MEXICO
AND THE TERRITORY OF ARIZONA

WASHINGTON: GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1892.

THE COMMISSIONERS OF THE LAND OFFICE
AND THE ATTORNEY GENERAL
AND THE SECRETARY OF THE INTERIOR
AND THE SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE
AND THE SECRETARY OF WAR
AND THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY
AND THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY
AND THE SECRETARY OF THE POST OFFICE
AND THE SECRETARY OF THE MARINE CORPS
AND THE SECRETARY OF THE ARMY
AND THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY
AND THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY
AND THE SECRETARY OF THE POST OFFICE
AND THE SECRETARY OF THE MARINE CORPS
AND THE SECRETARY OF THE ARMY

GENERAL ACCOUNT OF RECEIPT AND EXPENDITURE OF BRIDEWELL HOSPITAL, FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DEC., 1854.

Dr.

Cr.

RECEIPT.		£ s. d.	EXPENDITURE.		£ s. d.
To Balance of Account audited to 31st December, 1853		5628 3 1	By Expenses attending Vagrants, viz.—		
To Revy, Rent-charges, Land Tax, and Insurance, viz.—			271 Provisions, Meat	426 7 0	
Arrears, December 31, 1853, per Audit			275 Bread and Flour	85 6 3	
One Year's Rent, Land Tax, Rent Charges, &c., from Michaelmas, 1853, to Michaelmas, 1854	11,064 11 8		276 Oatmeal, &c.	5 16 5	
Paid to Christmas	32 6 11		277 Clothing and Bedding	2 15 0	
	£15,013 6 8		278 Gratuitous to Prisoners	149 15 7	
Received, viz.—			279 Sundries	399 0 1	
Bridewell Precinct	£5,899 0 4		281 Soap, Oil, Candles, &c.	45 17 6	
Wapping	3,861 9 9		283 Coals and Firewood	21 8 0	
Maldstone Buildings, Southwark	255 0 0		285 Medicine, Drugs, &c.	523 2 6	
Oxfordshire	741 16 4		287 Salaries of Chaplain, Surgeon, and Superintendent	£540 0 0	
Kent	211 11 2		Wages of Clerk, Surveyor, and Receiver	683 4 6	
Rent Charges	28 12 6	15,027 10 1	289 Furniture and Repairs	1866 7 0	
Property Tax allowed	£15,027 10 1		291 Repairs and Alterations in the Hospital, &c.	423 4 0	
Allowances	395 14 11		295 of Houses	32 9 5	
Arrears of Rent to Michaelmas, 1854, unpaid 31st December, 1854	1555 11 2		291 Printing and Stationery	5 6 11	3,202 9 5
	£15,013 6 8		276 Tea and Groceries		
REMY, on Account of FOWER, LOCK, and PALMER'S GIFTS, viz.—			293 Casual Payments and Sundries, viz.	6 1 6	
Arrears, 31st December, 1853, per Audit	121 11 7		Casual Payments and Sundries	359 10 6	365 12 0
One Year's Rent, from Michaelmas 1853, to Michaelmas, 1854	350 2 10		295 Rental Deductions—Premiums of Insurance		789 15 9
	£471 14 5		297 Rent of Burial Ground	40 15 0	
Received, viz.—			Taxes, Rates, &c., on the Hospital	172 17 8	
Fleet Street	£56 13 8		Insurance of the Hospital	18 5 9	231 16 5
Holborn	347 3 9		Law Charges		0 0 0
Property Tax allowed	£463 17 5	463 17 5	Charges and Expenses attending the House of Occupation,—		
Arrears of Rent to Michaelmas, 1854, unpaid to 31st December, 1854	8 12 0		331 Provisions, Meat	581 15 0	
	£471 14 5		333 Bread and Flour	563 0 10	
Dividends on Stock in the Public Funds, viz.—			335 Potatoes, Oatmeal, &c.	134 1 1	
£10,000 @ 0, 3 per Cent. Reduced Annuities	300 0 0		337 Milk	97 4 4	
1,018 @ 4, 3 per Cent. Annuities	16 11 6		339 Cheesemongery and Groceries	324 18 1	
7,000 @ 0, 3 per Cent. Annuities	185 19 10		Beer (Account for Malt and Hops unpaid)	0 0 0	1,700 19 4
1,409 17 6, 3 per Cent. Consols, in Chancery, not received	0 0 0	592 13 4	343 Clothing and Bedding	266 7 1	
To FOWER, LOCK, and PALMER'S GIFTS, viz.—			349 Soap, Oil, and Candles	152 7 6	
£3,969 0 8, 3 per Cent. Reduced Annuities	119 1 4		351 Coals and Firewood	412 2 11	
1,604 17 0, 3 per Cent. Stock, 1818	52 3 2		353 Medicine—Drugs	11 0 0	
2,500 0 0, 3 per Cent. Consols	71 14 5	242 18 9	355 Furniture and Repairs	169 8 10	1,851 6 4
To BENEFICENTIONS, viz.—			357 Salaries of Chaplain, Surgeon, Steward, Superintendent, and Matron	607 7 2	
John Harrison, Esq.	25 0 0		Wages, &c., of Schoolmaster, and Servants	495 17 0	1,103 4 2
R. J. Ashton, Esq.	25 0 0	75 0 0	359 Rent and Taxes	277 13 6	
A. S. Pigeon, Esq.	25 0 0		363 Printing and Stationery	105 18 9	
To Casual Receipts,—			365 Workmen's Bills for additions to, and repairs of the Premises	446 12 1	
Licenses to assign Leases	2 0 0		367 Casual Payments, and Sundries	189 6 3	
Proceeds of Flour Mill Sold	116 1 2		369 Working Materials and Wages	32 8 0	
For Fixtures in No. 254, Wapping	33 1 6		371 Outfitting of Inmates	32 12 6	5,411 16 2
Property Tax on Rents for the years 1847, 1848, 1849	814 2 8		Books		
From E. R. Adams, Esq. Money advanced to him to meet current Expenses	100 0 0		309 Paid for £4000, 3 per Cent. Bank Annuities		3,490 0 0
For Fixtures in No. 164, Old Gravel Lane	5 10 0	1,070 15 4	269 Balance due by Capt. E. Adams		9 7 5
Received for £2000, 3 per Cent. Bank Annuities	1,964 17 6		Balance		£13,360 17 2
341 Balance of Beer Account—Received from Bethlem Hospital—Accounts for Malt and Hops, remaining unpaid 31st December, 1854	356 5 5	£20,581 18 11			7,081 1 94
					£20,581 18 11

A. M. JEAFFRESON,
Rec.

We, whose names are herunto subscribed, have Examined and Audited the preceding Account for the Year One Thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty-four, and find the same correct, and the Balance as specified, this Ninth day of February, One Thousand Eight Hundred and fifty-five.

JOHN EDWARD JOHNSON, Treasurer,
J. H. GOODHART,
G. OSTELL LEICESTER,
B. DREW.

1854

BETHLEM HOSPITAL
REPORT

To the Right Worshipful the President
the Worshipful the Treasurers, and
the Governors of the Royal Hospital
of Bethlehem

My Lords and Gentlemen,

The period having arrived at which it is ordered that
the Resident Physician and Superintendent of the
Hospital shall render an account of the proceedings of
the past year, I have the honor of laying before you
the following remarks on the general management of
this Institution during the year ending 31st of Decem-
ber, 1854:—

The various alterations in the Building which, through
the liberality of the Governors, had on the last occasion
I addressed you been sanctioned, have I am happy to
say, progressed steadily and favorably, and now that
they have approached completion it is easy to perceive
that they are undoubted improvements in the economy
of the Hospital, inasmuch as they have already materi-
ally contributed to the comfort of the Patients.

In giving the details of the business accompanying the
year, it may be seen that on the 1st of January
1854, the number of Patients was 1,109, and on the 31st
of December, 1,109, being an increase of 100 over the
number of Patients on the 1st of January, 1853.

BETHLEM HOSPITAL.

REPORT.

To the Right Worshipful the PRESIDENT,
the Worshipful the TREASURER, and
the GOVERNORS of the Royal Hospital
of Bethlem.

MY LORDS AND GENTLEMEN,

The period having arrived at which it is ordered that the Resident Physician and Superintendent of this Hospital shall render an account of the proceedings of the past year, I have the honor of laying before you the following remarks on the general management of this Institution during the year ending 31st of December, 1854:—

The various alterations in the Building which, through the liberality of the Governors, had on the last occasion I addressed you been sanctioned, have, I am happy to say, progressed steadily and favorably, and now that they have approached completion it is easy to perceive that they are undoubted improvements in the economy of the Hospital; inasmuch as they have already materially contributed to the comfort of the Patients.

In reviewing the Tabular Returns accompanying these remarks, it may be seen, that on the 1st of January,

1854, there were (including those out on leave,) 329 patients in the Hospital, of whom 176 were males and 153 females. From this date until the 31st of December, 1854, there were 232 admitted, 218 discharged, and 21 died; leaving in the Establishment on the 1st of January, 1855, the following 317, with 5 out on leave:—

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL
Curable	58	79	137
Incurable	38	36	74
Criminal	88	118	106
	184	133	317

The number of admissions during the year has again fallen below the average, but this diminution, as I have observed on a former occasion, might be expected. The decrease was more sensible during the past year, since, during the greater part of the summer, one male and one female ward were closed for the purpose of removing the old windows, in order to make room for others of a lighter construction. On looking at the return of discharges and removals during the past year, it will be seen that they are as satisfactory as the lists of any previous year. The average of those reported as cured is $59\frac{8}{10}$ per cent. on the admissions.

With reference to the term *incurable*, employed above, to designate one class of our patients, I may be permitted to observe, that though at a similar Institution in the Metropolis, the expression "Boarder" has been substituted for that of incurable, being considered less objectionable, and though the Commissioners in Lunacy are opposed to the use of it, the Governors have thought

proper to retain the word, not that they imagine the mental disease of these patients is necessarily of so confirmed and hopeless a character as to render them without doubt "incurable," but because large bequests having been made to the Hospital for the care and maintenance of "Incurable Lunatics" it is feared the substitution of any other term might legally jeopardize the claim to those legacies.

The past year has not been without several cases of exceeding interest. I abstain, however, from referring to them in this place, as they may be found on official record in the Hospital Case Books, and will well repay a perusal.

The admission of criminal lunatics has been so numerous, and the accommodation so inadequate, that with the sanction and under the warrant of the Secretary of State three several drafts, amounting to twenty-nine, have been made to the Asylum at Salisbury.

The improvement carried out in the construction of the windows has materially altered the character and appearance of the wards; imparting to them an air of freedom and cheerfulness not less apparent to the patients than visitors. Large as the outlay for this work must have been, it cannot fail to be evident to any one visiting the wards, that the funds of the Charity have been well expended where so much real comfort has been obtained.

This alteration has been accompanied by considerable additions to the furniture and fittings of the wards, such as were deemed likely to conduce to the welfare of the patients; and judging from the expressions uttered by many of them, it would appear they are not insensible to the liberal anxiety shown for them.

As very many of the Governors, while fully aware of the large sums annually voted for the general management and alterations in the Hospital, are yet prevented from making frequent visits to the Institution; and, inasmuch, as these Annual Reports are (in the words of the Rules and Regulations of the Resident Physician) “for the purpose of showing the general condition of the patients, and the state and management of the Hospital during the preceding year,” it may not be considered irrelevant to make a passing allusion to some of the more important alterations that have been recommended and carried out by the Committee. Amongst these, by no means the least deserving of notice is the alteration of the old windows in the wards: in place of the former heavy frames, darkening the interior and imparting a sad and sombre feeling to all within, we have now light iron frames containing long glass panes, of a sufficient strength to be secure, and yet admitting such an ample supply of cheerful light as to exercise a marked influence on the comforts and spirits of the patients.

Scarcely at all secondary to the above improvement has been the removal of the closed stoves, hitherto employed in warming the various wards of the Hospital, and the substitution for them of open fire-places protected by light wire guards. It is almost needless to dwell upon the advantages arising from this change; and when, as I am happy to say is the case, the patients express their thankfulness for the consideration thus shown for their health, as much as their comfort, it may be felt that the liberality of the Governors has been productive of the happiest result.

In like manner I may notice the satisfaction felt by the supply of cocoa-nut matting to the wards on the

female side, and of carpeting to their bedrooms and sitting rooms; these, and the sufficient supply of chairs, couches, and tables, not less than the introduction of modern wooden bedsteads, to replace the former inconvenient fixtures against the walls of the bedrooms, have together completely changed the character of the wards, and imparted to them an air of domestic comfort which is so keenly appreciated by all classes of the English, and certainly not the less so by the unfortunate insane.

Turning from the interior to the external premises of the Hospital, I may draw attention to the improvements which have been carried out in reference to the extensive airing ground for male-patients. It has been re-arranged upon a new plan, with flower beds and grass plots, and the whole well drained and intersected with broad gravel walks. In addition to this, has been added a somewhat smaller airing-ground on the north of the building, where the male patients have now the enjoyment derived from a large bowling-green and two skittle-grounds.

I have thus briefly enumerated some of the principal changes and additions that have been brought into operation during the last few years; and I trust when any Governor shall have inclination and opportunity to give them a personal inspection, he will have little difficulty in deciding that the alterations have been improvements, and the funds of the Charity judiciously expended.

It is gratifying to be able to state, that during the entire year the health of the patients has been remarkably good. The number of deaths has been below the average of former years; whilst in not a few instances it

has been more the result of advanced age than physical disease. In six cases out of the twenty-one recorded the age was above 60 years, and it is not less interesting to notice, that in eleven cases, the deaths were from diseases clearly independent of, and not in any way resulting from, the mental condition.

There is great cause for thankfulness in the entire absence of Cholera from the Hospital during a more than usually trying season, when the malady was raging with fatal violence in the immediate neighbourhood.

As regards active occupation, a most important element in the curative treatment of the Insane, as much attention has been given to it as the means at our disposal admitted of. A considerable number of the Criminal Lunatics have been steadily employed during the greater part of the year in the various works in progress in the interior of the building—painting, cleaning, and whitewashing. And on the female side a large portion of the patients are daily employed in washing, ironing, and mangling; and it is gratifying to see how readily the employment is entered upon by the patients, and how completely they regard it as an advantage rather than a task. The marked effect produced by constantly recurring occupation on the bodily health of the inmates of this Hospital, is only equalled by the improvement in their mental condition. Their minds led away from the contemplation of sad and often painful subjects by that which is placed before them, are schooled by insensible degrees in the better and more wholesome control of their thoughts; and thus it invariably happens, that those patients are the most cheerful, and make most certain and rapid progress towards a cure, who are most constantly and actively engaged in

such pursuits and recreations as we are able to place within their reach. Having thus, so far as I have been able, placed before you a brief, but I trust not altogether uninteresting, account of the proceedings connected with the general management of the Hospital during the year 1854, I will now venture upon other ground.

If I am not mistaken, the Report which the Resident Physician has annually the honor to lay before you is expected to be not less of a *suggestive* character than *statistical*; to have reference to the future equally with the past. Taking this view of my task, I will add to what I have remarked relative to our past proceedings a few observations upon what I conceive might be accomplished with this Institution. Whether it be, as many assert, that insanity is steadily on the increase, or as others maintain, that we are simply taking cognizance of and bringing together a large class of patients whose existence was in former times ignored amidst the seclusion and neglect of workhouses, jails, and dwellings of the poor, it is beside my present purpose to enquire. Omitting also all notice of the State Lunatics confided to our care, I will content myself with a few remarks on the Non-criminal Insane treated for cure in this Hospital.

The Rules of the Institution expressly state, that it was established for the reception and cure of "Insane Poor." For a long period after the foundation of the Hospital there were no such places as County Asylums. The *cure* of the insane, though professed, was practically lost sight of, and Lunatic Asylums were considered and treated as places for the safe custody and restraint of their unfortunate inmates.

It is not, I feel, necessary that I should do more than allude to the fact of the greatly improved system of treatment followed in the present day, both for the rich and poor, and to the vastly increased and increasing accommodation provided for insane paupers in the various Counties; for that class of the insane it would, indeed, appear that little more, if any, remains to be done. There is, however, a class between the pauper and the affluent, a class that there is every reason for believing to be both numerous and increasing, for whom scarcely any provision has, hitherto, been made. I allude to the insane of the middle classes, to such of them as the precarious nature of their occupations may truly enough place under the designation of "Poor;" yet who are not and never have been dependent on the parish for support; who are too poor to avail themselves of the many excellent private establishments for the insane scattered over the country, and whose friends shrink from passing them as paupers to the County Asylum.

When it is borne in mind, that overtaking the mental faculties, and pecuniary difficulties, constitute two of the most prolific causes of insanity; that at the present day, more than at any former period, the greatest social pressure, the fiercest struggle for existence, and the keenest competition for employment, is to be found among the middle classes, it surely cannot be a matter of surprise that amongst such there should be a larger and continually increasing number of insane.

The Records of all Asylums show how liable are clergymen, authors, artists, governesses, professors, and similar persons to be attacked by this terrible calamity. None are more subject to this visitation,

none are less able in a pecuniary point of view, to struggle through the trial of such an affliction, yet none are less cared for by the many charitable institutions of our country.

Within the walls of Bethlem many distressing cases, such as I have alluded to, may be found ; persons of good and even superior education, who from their utter inability to obtain admission into private Asylums are grateful to accept the means of treatment this Institution offers them. But you will readily believe, that when their day of convalescence arrives, thankful as they feel, they are not a little pained to find their affliction has associated them with paupers of every grade. This arises from the fact, that every applicant being admissible (unless disqualified either by length of illness or some few other restrictions), parishes are ever willing to avail themselves of the boon, and by placing their Insane at Bethlem save the first year's expense of the County Asylum, to which place, if not cured at the expiration of the twelvemonth, they are removed. It is a small charity to relieve a parish of some £25.; but the association incurred is often a source of sad reflection to our more educated patients.

It is certain that such a blending together of the insane is far from being calculated to promote the curative treatment of the well educated, though poor and sensitive, patient of the middle classes ; on the contrary, it cannot fail to awaken unpleasant emotions, and frequently produce much mental irritability.

It requires, I think, but little reflection to assure ourselves that such persons as curates on £80. or £100. a-year, or governesses earning less than half of those sums, cannot be in a pecuniary position to enter a

private Lunatic Asylum; that their previous position unfits them, and when recovered, their future state renders undesirable a close association in the sitting-room, at the dining-table, and in the airing-ground with parish paupers, and yet for this truly unfortunate class of sufferers philanthropy has not yet made suitable accommodation.

A very laudable effort has been made in the County of Stafford, in a measure to meet this pressing demand, by the institution of an asylum where the insane of the middle classes are received at a comparatively small charge, and yet have all the advantages in treatment of a first class asylum. This, however, does not remove our difficulty. The Institution at Coton Hill not having a sure income sufficient for the expenses, necessarily looks to that arising from the patients, and thus the most destitute of the class above alluded to remain unbenefited.

On the occasion of the first meeting in connection with the Coton Hill Asylum, Dr. Conolly in his address, alluding to the middle classes of society, observed:—

“That class comprehended persons of education and respectability, whose means of living depended upon their own exertions, and the moment they were struck with insanity, that moment their means of livelihood were cut off, and they became in reality more helpless than the poor. Such a condition as this, in which the middle classes were placed, was as distressing as any they could well conceive, as no provision was made for such cases.”

And further on he continued—

“There was no class which stood in so much need of asylums of this kind as the educated middle class. He could mention a few instances in which the want of

such an institution had been felt. A few years ago, a clergyman, an intellectual man, who spent his time in going about doing good in a large parish, became excited and insane. Until all his means were exhausted he was taken care of at home, if care it could be called; he had two attendants, and the clergyman told him, that when the medical man was expected to pay a visit, which was once or twice a week, they had him out, and he presented a tolerable appearance; but, as soon as the medical man left, they strapped him down, and kept him fastened down while they went drinking and carousing. The consequence was, that he became frantic, and more violent restraint was resorted to. At length he was brought to Hanwell. He had been fastened down so long, that he lost the use of his legs; but, he was happy to say, that in the course of a few months he recovered; and though he was very grateful for his recovery, he felt deeply that a person in his situation of life should have been classed with paupers. There were many cases of this kind. Only last week he received a letter from a clergyman who supported an insane uncle whom he never saw; a large portion of his income went in this way; and, as he could not make him a pauper, and could not afford to send him to a good asylum, he was obliged to send him to a cheap asylum, where the treatment was not such as one who wished to ameliorate the malady could wish."

My object in bringing the case of the middle class of the insane before the Governors is, to suggest, with very great respect, for their consideration, that the rules and objects of this Institution might be as effectually carried out, and a far greater boon conferred on society, than is

at present the case, were our admissions to consist solely of patients from this hitherto much neglected, but sadly afflicted portion of the community.

Too great a temptation is offered to parishes to rid themselves of their lunatic poor, whose period of disease has not exceeded the twelvemonths; and though we may have room for all, and to spare, our educated class must be the sufferers.

In conclusion, I would assure the Governors that I have not ventured to offer these suggestions without the fullest consideration of the subject in all its bearings—of the desirability or practicability they will judge; and, I trust, at the same time believe, that the welfare of a large and loudly-imploring class of sufferers has been my object in introducing it to their notice.

I beg to thank the Members of the Committee for the individual kindness and liberality I have personally received from them, not less than for the consideration they have always given to my recommendations, and the assistance I have invariably received in the discharge of my duties. I trust I may continue to merit the confidence that has so generously been given me, and beg to subscribe myself,

My Lords and Gentlemen,

Your most obedient humble Servant,

W. CHARLES HOOD, M.D.

BETHLEM HOSPITAL,

29th January, 1855.

No. 1,
PATIENTS ADMITTED AND DISCHARGED.

	Between the Years 1820 and 1853 inclusive.												During 1854.																			
	Curables.				Incurables.				Criminals.				Total.				Curables.				Incurables.				Criminals.				Total.			
	M.	F.	T.	Total.	M.	F.	T.	Total.	M.	F.	T.	Total.	M.	F.	T.	Total.	M.	F.	T.	Total.	M.	F.	T.	Total.	M.	F.	T.	Total.	M.	F.	T.	Total.
Remained in Hospital 1st Jan. 1820, including those out on leave of absence	29	52	81	161	28	41	69	138	41	9	50	98	102	200	54	94	148	296	38	37	75	110	84	22	106	212	176	153	329	555		
Admitted during the years	3199	4841	8040	11239	103	112	215	325	293	71	364	668	5024	8619	77	110	187	367	4	4	8	16	29	8	37	71	110	122	232	3228		
	4893	8121	13012	18903	131	153	284	414	334	80	414	828	5126	8819	131	204	335	569	42	41	83	166	113	30	143	286	275	561	836	1555		
Discharged—	1555	2597	4142	5697	8	24	32	40	77	30	107	1640	2641	4281	40	70	110	220	1	1	2	4	..	..	..	..	41	71	112	765
Cured	765	1368	2133	2903	..	4	4	8	3	..	3	768	1372	2140	25	43	68	136	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	25	43	68	87
For special reasons	87	116	203	293	24	20	44	64	..	..	..	111	136	247	3	1	4	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	1	4	529
Disqualified cases	529	426	955	1385	6	..	6	12	..	..	..	535	426	961	1	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	30
Having been sent out on leave of absence, and no account since received of their state of mind	30	64	94	124	..	1	1	2	..	..	..	30	65	95	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Removed by order of the Secretary of State	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	89	10	99	89	10	99	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	22	11	33	65	22	11	33	..
Escaped	..	1	1	2	..	..	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Died	208	237	445	682	54	67	121	181	80	17	97	342	321	663	4	7	11	18	3	3	6	9	..	..	..	..	10	11	21	..
Remaining 31st December, 1853:—	4	5	9	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	9	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Out on leave	50	89	139	189	38	37	75	110	84	22	106	172	148	320	58	79	137	235	38	36	74	110	88	18	106	212	184	133	317	3228		
In Hospital	4893	8121	13012	18903	131	153	284	414	334	80	414	828	5126	8819	131	204	335	569	42	41	83	166	113	30	143	286	275	561	836	1555		

No. 2.

AVERAGE NUMBER OF PATIENTS in the HOSPITAL, attending Chapel, and under restraint, during the last fourteen years.

During the Year.	Number of Patients.	Sunday Chapel Attendance.	Weekly average of Patients under restraint.
1841	341	80½, or 23.60 per cent.	9, or 2.64 per cent.
1842	369	139, or 37.66 per cent	3, or 0.81 per cent.
1843	367	181, or 49.31 per cent.	3, or 0.81 per cent.
1844	359	164*, or 46.45 per cent.	1½, or 0.33 per cent.
1845	403	†	2/3, or 0.17 per cent.
1846	395		1 1/3, or .06 per cent.
1847	392	147, or 37½ per cent.	1/4, or .05 per cent.
1848	399	138, or 34.58 per cent.	7/300, or .05 per cent.
1849	406	138, or 33.9 per cent.	6/300, or .04 per cent.
1850	391	147, or 37.59 per cent.	3/300, or .025 per cent.
1851	388	133, or 34.28 per cent.	
1852	374	132, or 35.56 per cent.	
1853	343	141, or 41.1 per cent.	
1854	311	159, or 51.1 per cent.	

AVERAGE DAILY NUMBER of PERSONS EMPLOYED.

Males	106
Females.....	93
	<u>199</u>

* To 30th June, when the enlargement of the Chapel was begun,
 † Partially suspended during the enlargement of the Chapel.

No. 3.

TOTAL NUMBER of CURABLE PATIENTS admitted into BETHLEM HOSPITAL during One Hundred Years, ending the 31st December, 1854, with the amount of Cures and Deaths.

Total Patients admitted	19,328.
Discharged cured.....	8,276 or 42.8 per cent.
Died	1,636 or 8.46 per cent.

No. 4.

ANNUAL ADMISSIONS, CURES, and DEATHS of CURABLE PATIENTS,
during the last Thirty-four years.

Year.	Admitted			Cured.			Died.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
1821	58	77	135	22	21	43	1	5	6
1822	55	110	165	22	44	66	5	6	11
1823	57	88	145	21	51	72	4	1	5
1824	65	90	155	23	36	59	1	5	6
1825	72	98	170	30	40	70	6	6	12
1826	67	95	162	24	46	70	1	5	6
1827	64	85	149	26	38	64	6	3	9
1828	87	117	204	43	68	111	5	1	6
1829	78	117	195	56	70	126	6	4	10
1830	83	118	201	36	74	110	2	4	6
1831	81	131	212	35	63	98	5	1	6
1832	62	101	163	23	69	92	2	3	5
1833	61	123	184	25	55	80	1	4	5
1834	102	116	218	49	65	114	8	2	10
1835	111	145	256	36	74	110	5	8	13
1836	109	144	253	50	85	135	9	11	20
1837	119	177	296	61	94	155	9	8	17
1838	107	163	270	58	120	178	6	9	15
1839	104	181	285	54	83	137	9	8	17
1840	127	181	308	72	108	180	4	8	12
1841	101	165	266	58	99	157	13	11	24
1842	127	195	322	57	105	162	8	7	15
1843	109	175	284	56	103	159	8	11	9
1844	118	168	286	58	70	128	6	13	19
1845	110	205	315	62	118	180	8	7	15
1846	125	168	293	66	95	161	2	4	6
1847	124	190	314	68	107	175	3	9	12
1848	118	188	306	74	82	156	2	9	11
1849	124	192	316	66	106	172	6	12	18
1850	135	209	344	74	123	197	20	11	31
1851	112	174	286	52	69	121	9	17	26
1852	101	167	268	49	94	143	15	12	27
1853	72	128	200	38	75	113	9	7	16
1854	77	110	187	40	70	110	4	7	11
	3222	4891	8113	1584	2620	4204	208	239	447

No. 5.

ADMISSION and DISCHARGE of CURABLE PATIENTS,
during the year 1854.

Month.	Admitted.			Discharged								
	M.	F.	T.	Cured.			Uncured.			Died.		
				M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
January	9	5	14	7	3	10	1	6	7	..	2	2
February	6	7	13	4	6	10	2	2	4	1	1	2
March	4	4	8	2	7	9	4	5	9	..	..	..
April	7	7	14	..	6	6	1	4	5	..	..	..
May	6	7	13	3	2	5	4	2	6	1	1	2
June	11	15	26	4	5	9	..	6	6	1	..	1
July	3	15	18	3	8	11	2	3	5	..	..	..
August	5	15	20	2	2	4	2	3	5	..	1	1
September . . .	5	10	15	7	8	15	2	4	6	..	..	..
October	9	8	17	3	3	6	5	4	9	..	..	..
November . . .	6	10	16	1	7	8	1	2	3	1	1	2
December . . .	6	7	13	4	13	17	1	2	3	..	1	1
	77	110	187	40	70	110	25	43	68	4	7	11

No. 6.

AGES of CURABLE PATIENTS admitted during 1854.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Under 15 . . . . .	..	..	..
From 15 to 20	4	11	15
— 20 to 25	11	13	24
— 25 to 30	9	23	32
— 30 to 35	17	10	27
— 35 to 40	6	9	15
— 40 to 45	6	10	16
— 45 to 50	10	9	19
— 50 to 55	2	6	8
— 55 to 60	3	8	11
— 60 to 65	6	9	15
— 65 to 70	2	1	3
— 70 to 75	1	1	2
	77	110	187

No. 7.

DURATION of DISEASE in the CURABLE PATIENTS at the time of their Admission, during 1854.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Under 1 week	6	7	13
— 2 —	11	12	23
— 3 —	5	4	9
— 1 month	5	2	7
— 2 —	12	22	34
— 3 —	15	19	34
— 4 —	9	13	22
— 5 —	1	12	13
— 6 —	3	8	11
— 7 —	2	..	2
— 8 —	1	2	3
— 9 —	3	2	5
— 10 —	2	1	3
— 11 —	1	3	4
Not ascertained	1	3	4
	77	110	187

No. 8.

NUMBER of ATTACKS in the CURABLE PATIENTS on Admission in 1854.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
First attack	44	67	111
Several.....	33	42	75
Not ascertained .....	..	1	1
	77	110	187

No. 9.

DEGREE of EDUCATION of the CURABLE PATIENTS
admitted during 1854.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Superior	6	8	14
Good	15	13	28
Moderate	52	83	135
Indifferent	4	3	7
None .....	..	3	3
Total	77	110	187

No. 10.

DOMESTIC CONDITION of the CURABLE PATIENTS
admitted during 1854.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Married	38	46	84
Single	35	56	91
Widowed	4	8	12
Total	77	110	187

No. 11.

ABODES of the CURABLE PATIENTS admitted during 1854.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
London and its immediate } Neighbourhood	53	69	122
Provinces.....	24	41	65
	77	110	187

No. 12.

RELIGIOUS PERSUASION of the CURABLE PATIENTS admitted during 1854.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Church of England	55	75	130
Independent.....	4	15	19
Roman Catholic	1	1	2
Wesleyan.....	5	8	13
Baptist.....	2	3	5
Hebrew	4	1	5
Presbyterian	4	1	5
Calvanist	1	..	1
Countess of Huntingdon....	..	1	1
Irvingite .....	..	1	1
Episcopalian .....	..	1	1
Not ascertained	1	3	4
	77	110	187

No. 13.

OCCUPATION of CURABLE PATIENTS admitted during 1854.

MALES.

Officer in the Army	1	Pilot	1
Tutor	1	Sailors	4
Clerks	8	Miller	1
Schoolmaster	1	Lath-render	1
Music Masters	3	Cane-worker	1
Mathematical Instrument Makers	3	Basket-maker	1
Railway Overlooker	1	Auctioneer	1
Surveyor	1	Watchmaker	1
Engravers	2	Policeman	1
Builder	1	Blacksmiths	3
Bookseller	1	Coachman	1
Jeweller	1	Groom	1
Cabinet-makers	2	Waiter	1
Bakers	2	Parish Clerk	1
Licensed Victuallers	2	Milkman	1
Hair-dresser	1	Postman	1
Cheesemonger	1	Carpenters	2
Grocers	2	Gardeners	2
Fishmongers	2	Servant	1
Cigar-makers	2	Sawyer	1
Shoe-makers	3	Labourers	2
Tinman	1	Bricklayers	2
House Decorator	1	Old Clothes-dealers	2
Bankruptcy Messenger	1		

No. 13—*continued.*

FEMALES.

Wives, Widows, and daughters, of professional men } 2	Straw-Plaiter 1
Wives, widows, and daughters, of clerks, and tradesmen } 15	Silk-winder 1
Wives, widows, and daughters of servants, mechanics and labourers } 16	Shopkeepers 2
Governesses 5	Lady's Maid 1
Singer 1	Servants 17
Schoolmistresses 2	Waistcoat-maker 1
Lodging-house-keepers 4	No occupation, or occupation not specified } 27
Laundresses 6	
Milliners 9	
	110

No. 14.

PROPORTION of CURABLE PATIENTS admitted during 1854, classified as dangerous or violent.

	Males.	Females	Total.
Dangerous or violent Patients..	64	82	146
No indications of being dangerous or violent }	13	28	41
	77	110	187

No. 15.

TABLE of SUICIDAL TENDENCY exhibited in the CURABLE PATIENTS admitted during 1854.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Have meditated or attempted suicide	43	41	84
Intentions not manifested, or unknown	34	69	103
	77	110	187

No. 16.

*Apparent and Assigned Causes of Disease in the Curable Patients
admitted during 1854.*

MALES.		FEMALES.	
(MORAL.)		(MORAL.)	
Anxiety in business	8	Anxiety	8
Disappointment	2	Reduced circumstances . .	3
Disappointment in love . .	1	Domestic distress	1
Loss of employment	2	Death of relatives	7
Reduced circumstances . .	8	Disappointment in love . .	7
Excessive study	4	Religious excitement	4
Overwork	2	Mental distress	1
Religious excitement	4	Ill-treatment of husband . .	2
Death of relative	1	Fright	2
Fright	1		
(PHYSICAL.)		(PHYSICAL.)	
Fever	5	Fever	4
Intemperance	7	Concussion of brain	1
Coup de soleil	2	Congestion of brain	1
Rheumatic fever	1	Rheumatic fever	2
Fall on head	2	Bilious attack	1
Cholera	1	Dyspepsia	1
Epilepsy	1	Hysteria	1
Onanism	2	Lactation	4
		Puerperal	6
		Amenorrhœa	2
		Intemperance	2
Hereditary tendency to insanity was traced in 29 cases, of which 3 appeared to be without any other obvious cause	3	Hereditary tendency to insanity was traced in 39 cases, of which 14 appeared to be without any other obvious cause	14
Previous attacks	12	Previous attacks	25
Not ascertained	8	Not ascertained	11
	<hr/> 77		<hr/> 110

No. 17.

RETURN of EMPLOYMENT, June 30th, 1854.

MALES.																										
GALLERIES.	Chapel.	Gardener.	Mason.	Plasterer.	Bricklayer.	Plumber.	Painter and Glazier.	Carpenter.	Engineer and Smith.	Capstan & Pumping.	Tailor.	Shoemaker.	Knitting and Glove Maker.	Household Work.	Reading, Writing, Drawing, &c.	Lace Making.	Matrass Making.	Kitchen.	Straw Plaiting.	Cooper.	Baker.	Weaver.	Engraver.	Blanket Quilting.	Brush Making.	TOTAL.
M.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	9	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	14
	2	4	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	8	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	18
	3	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	8
	4	1	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	16
MC.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4
	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	9
	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	15
	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	15
	8	1	1	1	2	1	8	3	1	1	2	5	35	29	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	99
															Employed.		Unemployed.									
In Hospital															59 Curables	40	19									
															37 Incurables	16	21									
															78 Criminals	43	35									
															174	Total	99	75								

No. 18.				
FEMALES EMPLOYED ON JUNE 29, 1854.				
	Curables	Incurables	Criminals	TOTAL.
Needle Work	22	6	4	32
Fancy do.	8	1	1	10
Laundry and Household Work	36	7	11	54
Music, Reading, &c.	6	2	..	8
Total employed	72	16	16	104
Ditto unemployed	8	20	5	33
Patients in Hospital	80	36	21	137

No. 19.

PARTICULARS of CURABLE PATIENTS discharged CURED in 1854.

Ages.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Under 15.....	..	..	..
From 15 to 20.....	3	5	8
— 20 to 25.....	8	12	20
— 25 to 30.....	4	17	21
— 30 to 35.....	3	9	12
— 35 to 40.....	4	7	11
— 40 to 45.....	7	6	13
— 45 to 50.....	5	3	8
— 50 to 55.....	1	4	5
— 55 to 60.....	2	4	6
— 60 to 70.....	3	3	6
	40	70	110

No. 19—*continued.**State of Bodily Health prior to Attack.*

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Good	30	45	75
Bad	10	25	35
	40	70	110

Number of Attacks.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
First	26	42	68
Second	8	8	16
Third	3	10	13
Fourth	1	5	6
Fifth.....	1	3	4
Several.....	1	1	2
Not specified .....	..	1	1
	40	70	110

No. 19—continued.

Domestic Condition.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Married	21	34	55
Single	17	31	48
Widowed	2	5	7
	40	70	110

Notions.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Depressed	15	39	54
Exalted	8	16	24
Incoherent	4	11	15
Confused	13	4	17
	40	70	110

No. 19—*continued.**Conduct.*

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Violent or dangerous to } themselves or others .. }	30	40	70
Restless .....	..	16	16
Mischievous	1	1	2
Noisy .....	..	3	3
Inert	5	4	9
Tranquil	4	6	10
	40	70	110

No. 20.

*Apparent and Assigned Causes of Disease in Patients Discharged Cured
during 1854.*

MALES.		FEMALES.	
(MORAL.)		(MORAL.)	
Anxiety	7	Anxiety	10
Excessive study	1	Disappointment in love ..	3
Reduced circumstances ..	2	Reduced circumstances ..	3
Death of relatives	2	Domestic trouble.....	1
Losses in business	1	Death of relatives	5
Religious excitement	2	Fright	1
Disappointment in love ..	1	Mental distress	1
Fright	1	Religious excitement	2
		Seduction	2
		Ill-treatment of husband..	1
(PHYSICAL.)		(PHYSICAL.)	
Intemperance	5	Intemperance	1
Typhus Fever	3	Amenorrhœa	2
Brain fever	3	Puerperal	6
A fall	1	Lactation.....	3
Onanism	1	Fever	2
Cholera	1	Congestion of brain.....	1
		Concussion of brain	1
		Dyspensia	1
Previous attacks	5	Previous attacks	12
Hereditary tendency to in- sanity was traced in 12 cases, of which 1 ap- peared to be without any other obvious cause....	} 1	Hereditary tendency to in- sanity was traced in 22 cases, of which 10 ap- peared to be without any other obvious cause....	} 10
Not ascertained	3	Not ascertained	2
	40		70

No. 21.

PARTICULARS of PATIENTS admitted as CURABLE, but discharged
UNCURED, during 1854.

Ages.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Under 20.....	4	2	6
From 20 to 25.....	3	6	9
— 25 to 30.....	5	6	11
— 30 to 35.....	5	6	11
— 35 to 40.....	4	4	8
— 40 to 45.....	1	4	5
— 45 to 50.....	1	6	7
— 50 to 55.....	1	6	7
— 55 to 60.....	..	2	2
— 60 to 65.....	1	1	2
— 65 to 70.....	..	..	..
	25	43	68

State of Bodily Health on admission.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Good	19	29	38
Bad	6	14	20
	25	43	68

Domestic Condition.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Married	10	17	27
Single	14	20	34
Widowed.....	1	6	7
	25	43	68

No. 21—*continued.**Number of Attacks.*

	Males.	Females.	Total.
First.....	16	30	46
Second.....	6	7	13
Third	3	2	5
Fourth.....	..	1	1
Fifth.....	..	2	2
Not ascertained .....	..	1	1
	25	43	68

Conduct.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Dangerous	10	28	38
Restless	5	8	13
Noisy	3	3	6
Inert	6	4	10
Tranquil	1	..	1
	25	43	68

Notions.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Depressed	5	13	18
Exalted	5	11	16
Incoherent	5	9	14
Confused	10	10	20
	25	43	68

No. 22.

*Apparent and Assigned Causes of Disease in Patients Discharged
Cured during 1854.*

MALES. (MORAL.)		FEMALES. (MORAL.)	
Anxiety	4	Anxiety	5
Loss of employment	3	Fright	2
Anxiety about business ..	1	Disappointment in love ..	5
Religious excitement	1	Pecuniary difficulties	1
Excessive study	5	Loss of situation	1
Family trouble	1	Religious excitement	1
		Domestic trouble	2
		Seduction.....	1
		Death of relatives	3
(PHYSICAL.)		(PHYSICAL.)	
Intemperance	2	Intemperance	1
A fall	1	Amenorrhœa	3
Onanism	1	Puerperal.....	2
		Lactation	2
		Fever	1
		Hysteria	1
Previous attacks	2	Previous attacks	2
Hereditary tendency to in- sanity was traced in 3 cases, which 3 appeared to be without any other obvious cause	} 3	Hereditary tendency to in- sanity was traced in 11 cases, of which 5 ap- peared to be without any other obvious cause....	} 5
Not ascertained	1	Not ascertained	5
	—		—
	25		43

No. 26.
PATIENTS CURED.

Insane before Admission.	1.		2.		3.		4.		5.		6.		7.		8.		9.		10.		11.		12.	
	M. F.	T.	M. F.	T.	M. F.	T.	M. F.	T.	M. F.	T.	M. F.	T.	M. F.	T.	M. F.	T.	M. F.	T.	M. F.	T.	M. F.	T.	M. F.	T.
12	21	33	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	18	27	..	1	1	1	3	4	7	1	2	3	3	3	6	2	2	4	6	..	2	2	2	2
9	16	25	..	..	1	1	3	4	7	1	2	3	1	1	2	..	1	1	1	..	2	2	1	1
4	5	9	..	..	..	1	1	2	3	1	1	3	1	1	2	..	1	1	2	..	2	2	1	2
1	4	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	1	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..
..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..
..
40	70	110	..	..	..	7	11	18	6	9	15	7	5	12	6	5	11	3	5	8	2	7	9	4

No. 27.

Daily Average Number of Patients in the Hospital, during the Year 1854.

Curables.			Incurables.			Criminals.			Total.		
M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
54 ³⁴ / ₃₆₅	81 ³¹⁴ / ₃₆₅	135 ³⁴⁸ / ₃₆₅	37 ²² / ₃₆₅	35 ²⁸³ / ₃₆₅	73 ⁴² / ₃₆₅	82 ²⁴⁶ / ₃₆₅	19 ²²⁴ / ₃₆₅	102 ¹⁸⁵ / ₃₆₅	174 ⁴⁴ / ₃₆₅	137 ¹⁷¹ / ₃₆₅	311 ²¹⁵ / ₃₆₅
Number of Daily Rations during 1854.											
Curables.			Incurables.			Criminals.					
49,623			26,692			37,415					
									113,730		

No. 28.

PARTICULARS OF PATIENTS who have DIED during the Year 1854,
as reported to the Bethlem Sub-Committee.

	Sex.	Age.	Condition.	Admitted.	Died.	Cause of Death.
1	Female	46	Curable..	7th Dec. 1853 ..	3rd Jan., 1854	Pleuro-pneumonia, and peri-carditis.
2	Female	58	Curable..	16th May, 1853.	13th Jan.....	Sanguineous apoplexy.
3	Female	54	Incurable	9th Nov., 1838 .	26th Jan.....	Cæcal abscess.
4	Female	81	Incurable	17th May, 1806.	5th Feb.	Old age.
5	Male ..	43	Curable..	26th Aug., 1853.	6th Feb.	Erysipelas.
6	Female	64	Curable..	26th Jan. 1854 .	13th Feb.....	Collapse, following the excitement of acute mania.
7	Male ..	37	Criminal .	17th Sept. 1847.	18th Feb.....	Phthisis.
8	Male ..	61	Criminal .	1st Feb., 1854..	8th May	Apoplexy.
9	Female	45	Curable..	4th May, 1854 .	13th May....	Acute mania.
10	Male ..	48	Curable..	11th April, 1854	19th May....	Acute mania.
11	Male ..	55	Curable..	22nd April, 1854	28th May....	Depression, following acute melancholia and phthisis.
12	Female	74	Criminal .	16th Dec., 1823.	28th June....	Valvular disease of the heart.
13	Female	37	Curable..	21st July, 1854 .	1st Aug.	Acute mania.
14	Male ..	68	Incurable	15th June, 1832	17th Aug.....	General dropsy.
15	Male ..	27	Incurable	15th Jan., 1847	1st Oct.	Phthisis.
16	Male ..	64	Criminal .	2nd Feb., 1848 .	18th Oct.....	Paralysis.
17	Female	22	Curable..	13th Sept., 1854	1st Nov.	Acute mania.
18	Male ..	34	Curable..	25th Oct., 1854.	5th Nov.	Pneumonia, accompanying acute mania.
19	Female	55	Incurable	17th Sept., 1829	12th Oct.....	Phthisis, and emphysema of lungs.
20	Male ..	46	Incurable	26th April, 1843	16th Dec.....	Phthisis.
21	Female	56	Curable..	26th May, 1854.	27th Dec.....	Suffocation from hanging.

No. 29.

SYNOPSIS of DEATHS during 1854.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Curables	4	7	11
Incurables	3	3	6
Criminals	3	1	4
	10	11	21

No. 30.

PARTICULARS of the CURABLE PATIENTS whose DISEASE TERMINATED
FATALLY during 1854.

Duration of the Disease at the time of Admission.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Under 3 weeks	1	3	4
— 2 months	1	..	1
— 3 —	1	..	1
— 4 —	1	..	1
— 5 — .....	..	1	1
— 6 — .....	..	2	2
— 8 — .....	..	1	1
	4	7	11

BETHLEM HOSPITAL.

No. 30—*continued.**Domestic Condition.*

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Married	3	4	7
Single	1	2	3
Widowed .....	..	1	1
	4	7	11

Conduct.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Dangerous	2	3	5
Restless	1	1	2
Noisy	1	1	2
Inert .....	..	2	2
	4	7	11

State of Bodily Health prior to Attack.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Good	2	2	4
Bad	2	5	7
	4	7	11

No. 30—*continued.*

Number of Attacks.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
First.....	2	5	7
Second.....	1	1	2
Several.....	1	1	2
	4	7	11

Notions.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Exalted	1	..	1
Depressed	2	4	6
Incoherent	1	2	3
Confused .....	..	1	1
	4	7	11

No. 31.

RETURN of the INCURABLE PATIENTS now in BETHLEM HOSPITAL.

No.	Sex.	Age when Admitted.	Date of Admission.
1	Male	24	13th July, 1805.
2	Male	32	10th June, 1820.
3	Female	19	20th July, 1820.
4	Female	37	16th August, 1821.
5	Female	31	10th March, 1825.
6	Female	29	3rd August, 1826.
7	Male	48	26th January, 1827.
8	Male	20	16th September, 1831.
9	Female	25	28th March, 1834.
10	Female	28	20th November, 1835.
11	Male	26	5th February, 1836.
12	Female	20	4th March, 1836.
13	Female	48	29th July, 1836.
14	Male	18	18th November, 1836.
15	Male	40	25th November, 1836.
16	Female	30	13th January, 1837.
17	Male	34	20th July, 1838.
18	Male	26	21st September, 1838.
19	Female	42	2nd August, 1839.
20	Female	28	17th January, 1840.
21	Male	37	29th February, 1840.
22	Male	26	20th March, 1840.
23	Male	26	27th March, 1840.
24	Female	41	15th May, 1840.

RETURN OF INCURABLE PATIENTS—*continued.*

No.	Sex.	Age when Admitted.	Date of Admission.
25	Female	26	22nd May, 1840.
26	Male	40	12th June, 1840.
27	Male	27	24th June, 1840.
28	Female	40	20th November, 1840.
29	Male	28	15th January, 1841.
30	Male	31	30th April, 1841.
31	Female	34	25th June, 1841.
32	Female	69	29th October, 1841.
33	Female	35	22nd June, 1842.
34	Male	30	9th September, 1842.
35	Male	27	14th October, 1842.
36	Female	38	3rd March, 1843.
37	Female	31	22nd March, 1844.
38	Female	36	21st June, 1844.
39	Male	28	19th July, 1844.
40	Male	21	20th September, 1844.
41	Female	34	13th December, 1844.
42	Male	29	20th December, 1844.
43	Female	38	28th February, 1845.
44	Male	46	7th March, 1845.
45	Female	29	13th June, 1845.
46	Male	26	10th October, 1845.
47	Male	50	7th November, 1845.
48	Male	23	21st November, 1845.
49	Male	47	23rd January, 1846.
50	Female	49	23rd December, 1846.

RETURN OF INCURABLE PATIENTS—*continued.*

No.	Sex.	Age when Admitted.	Date of Admission.
50	Male	32	2nd July, 1847.
51	Male	28	14th February, 1848.
52	Male	28	14th February, 1848.
53	Female	24	14th February, 1848.
54	Female	26	3rd May, 1850.
55	Male	30	3rd January, 1851.
56	Female	26	3rd January, 1851.
57	Male	32	21st February, 1851.
58	Female	40	4th July, 1851.
59	Female	41	18th July, 1851.
60	Male	23	10th October, 1851.
61	Female	52	20th May, 1852.
62	Female	48	16th July, 1852.
63	Male	30	6th August, 1852.
64	Female	35	13th August, 1852.
65	Male	56	29th April, 1853.
66	Female	25	4th November, 1853.
67	Female	59	11th November, 1853.
68	Female	20	27th January, 1854.
69	Female	21	17th March, 1854.
70	Male	41	7th July, 1854.
71	Male	31	27th October, 1854.
72	Male	36	27th October, 1854.
73	Female	29	15th December, 1854.
74	Male	55	22nd December, 1854.
75	Female	49	22nd December, 1854.

No. 32.

SYNOPSIS OF OFFENCES OF THE CRIMINAL LUNATICS CONFINED IN
 TIME THE INCURABLE PATIENTS HAVE BEEN IN THE HOSPITAL.

Total	Females	Males	Males.	Females.	Total.
Upwards of 50 years	—	1	..	1
— 35 —	1	1	1	1
— 30 —	2	2
— 25 —	1	1	3	4
— 20 —	1	1	4	5
— 15 —	7	7	6	13
— 10 —	11	11	8	19
— 5 —	11	11	7	18
— 3 —	2	2	2	4
Admitted during 1854	4	4	4	8
106	18	88	38	37	75

No. 33.

TIME THE CRIMINAL PATIENTS HAVE BEEN IN BETHLEM HOSPITAL.

DEGREE OF EDUCATION OF INCURABLE PATIENTS IN THE HOSPITAL.

Total	Females	Males	Males.	Females.	Total.
5	..	5			
3	2	1			
2	..	2			
Good	.....	12	12	14	26
Moderate	.....	18	18	17	35
Imperfect	.....	4	4	4	8
None	.....	2	2	..	2
Not ascertained	.....	2	2	2	4
106	18	88	38	37	75

No. 34.

SYNOPSIS of OFFENCES of the CRIMINAL LUNATICS confined in Bethlem Hospital 31st December, 1854.

Nature of Offences.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1. Against the State.			
(1.) High Treason..... 1	.....	.....	.....
(2.) Sedition..... 1	.. 2 ..	.....	.. 2 ..
2. Against the Person.....	.. 65 ..	.. 17 ..	.. 82 ..
3. Against Property.....	.. 11 ..	.. 1 ..	.. 12 ..
4. Other offences.....	.. 10 ..	.....	.. 10 ..
	88	18	106

No. 35.

TIME the CRIMINAL PATIENTS have been in Bethlem Hospital.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
From 35 to 40 years	5	..	5
" 30 — 35 "	1	2	3
" 25 — 30 "	2	..	2
" 20 — 25 "	1	..	1
" 15 — 20 "	10	2	12
" 10 — 15 "	13	..	13
" 5 — 10 "	14	6	20
For 4 years.....	6	..	6
" 3 " .....	..	..	..
" 2 "	6	3	9
" 1 "	1	2	3
Admitted during the year 1854	29	3	32
	88	18	106

Patients in employment in the Grounds Workshops, or Laundry, to be allowed 4 oz. of Bread, 1 oz. of Cheese or ½ oz. of Butter, and ½ a pint of Beer for

DIETARY TABLE.

Every Patient to be allowed 1½ oz. Tea, 8 oz. of Sugar, 8 oz. of Butter, and 1½ pints Milk weekly.

BREAKFAST.

Every Day... Males .. Tea, with 7 oz. of Bread and Butter.

Females.. ,, 6 ditto

DINNER.

Sunday Males { 6 oz. Boiled Beef } 4oz. Bread, ½lb. Vegetables, 1 pt. Beer.
free fm. bone,

Females.. 5 ,, ,, 4 ,, ½ ,, 1 ,,

Monday Males..... 6 ,, Roast Mutton, 4 ,, ½ ,, 1 ,,

Females 5 ,, ,, 4 ,, ½ ,, 1 ,,

Tuesday.... Males.... 6 ,, Boiled Mutton, 4 ,, ½ ,, 1 ,,

Females.. 5 ,, ,, 4 ,, ½ ,, 1 ,,

Wednesday.. Males.... 6 ,, Roast Beef, 4 ,, ½ ,, 1 ,,

Females 5 ,, ,, 4 ,, ½ ,, 1 ,,

Thursday Same as Monday.

Friday Same as Tuesday.

Saturday.... Males.... 16 oz. Meat Pie, 4 oz. Bread, 1 oz. Cheese, 1 pt. Beer

Females.. 14 ,, ,, 4 ,, ½ ,,

SUPPER.

Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, } Males.... Same as at Breakfast.
Thursday, and Friday

Wednesday and Saturday, Males.... 7 oz. Bread, 2 oz. Cheese, 1 pt. Beer

Every Day Females.. Same as at Breakfast.

Patients in employment in the Grounds, Workshops, or Laundry, to be allowed 4 oz. of Bread, 1 oz. of Cheese or 1/2 oz. of Butter, and 1/2 a pint of Beer for Luncheon, and 1/2 a pint of Beer in the Afternoon.

Every Patient to be allowed 1 3/4 oz. Tea, 8 oz. of Sugar, 8 oz. of Butter, and 1 1/2 pints Milk weekly.

On Christmas Day the Dinner to be Roast Beef and Plum Pudding.

On New Year's Day, a Mince Pie to be added to the usual fare.

On Good Friday, a Bun.

On Easter and Whit Monday, 6 oz. of Roast Veal to be allowed instead of the usual Meat for the day.

The Dinners to be further varied by the occasional substitution of Pork and Bacon, when Peas and Beans are in season ; and also by the occasional substitution of Fish, and Fruit Pies, when Fish and Fruit are plentiful and good.

The Sick to be dieted at the discretion of the Resident Physician.

The Attendants to have at all times the means of obtaining Gruel for such Patients as may require it.

The above to be considered maximum allowances, and all quantities unconsumed are to be taken in diminution of the next supply from the Stores of the Hospital.

Thursday	..... Same as Monday.
Friday	..... Same as Tuesday.
Saturday	..... 16 oz. Meat Pie, 4 oz. Bread, 1 oz. Cheese, 1 pt. Beer
	Females .. 14 " " " " " "

SUPPER

Every Day	..... Females .. Same as at Breakfast.
Wednesday and Saturday	..... Males .. 7 oz Bread, 3 oz. Cheese, 1 pt. Beer
Thursday, Monday, Tuesday, and Friday	..... Males .. Same as at Breakfast

BETHLEM HOSPITAL.

LIST OF OFFICERS, ATTENDANTS, AND SERVANTS.

PRINCIPAL OFFICERS.

	£	s.	d.
*1 Resident Physician	700	0	0
†1 Surgeon	80	0	0
†1 Chaplain	100	0	0
*1 Apothecary	300	0	0
†1 Surveyor	125	0	0
*1 Receiver and Accountant.....	210	0	0
†1 Clerk.....	250	0	0
*1 Steward	250	0	0
*1 Matron	150	0	0
	<u>£2165</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>

* Lodged only.

† Neither boarded nor lodged.

Of the total amount of these salaries £200 is repaid by Government on account of criminal lunatics.

OTHER OFFICERS, ATTENDANTS, AND SERVANTS.

MALES.

	£	s.	d.
*1 Clerk of the Works	54	12	0
*1 Steward's clerk.....	37	10	0
*1 Clerk's assistant	15	0	0
*1 Organist	15	0	0
1 Chapel clerk.....	5	0	0
1 House porter	52	0	0
1 Assistant do.....	21	0	0
|| 1 Gate-keeper	48	10	0
† 1 Cutter of provisions	35	0	0
† 1 Head attendant	60	0	0
† 1 Attendant	60	0	0
† 1 Do.	55	0	0
† 1 Do.	36	0	0
† 1 Do.	40	0	0
† 1 Do.	38	0	0
† 1 Do.	34	0	0
1 Do.	33	0	0
1 Do.	31	0	0
5 Attendants..... at £26 per annum each	130	0	0
† 9 Do. at £25 per annum each	225	0	0
* † 1 Plumber..... 30s. per week	78	0	0
† 1 Bricklayer	78	0	0
† † 1 Gardener	78	0	0
† † 1 Engineer	104	0	0
* 2 Carpenters..... 30s. per week each	156	0	0
* † 1 Smith..... 30s. per week	78	0	0
* † 1 Under-Gardener .. 20s. per week	52	0	0
1 Labourer	46	16	0
	£1,696	8	0

* Neither boarded nor lodged.

† In addition to board and lodging, have each a suit of clothes and a hat.

‡ Occasionally employed at the House of Occupations.

|| Lodged only, with a suit of clothes and hat.

FEMALES.

	£	s.	d.
1 Cook	25	0	0
1 Kitchen-maid	12	0	0
1 House-maid	17	0	0
1 Laundry-maid	25	0	0
3 Do. at £18., 1 ditto at £17 per annum each	71	0	0
2 Attendants at £25 per annum each	50	0	0
3 Do. £20 per annum each	60	0	0
2 Do. £24 per annum each	48	0	0
9 Do. £18 per annum each	162	0	0
3 Do. £19 per annum each	57	0	0
1 Do. £23 per annum	23	0	0
2 Do. £30 per annum each	60	0	0
1 Do. £21 per annum	21	0	0
1 Do. £27 per annum	27	0	0
	<hr/>		
	£658	0	0
	<hr/>		

The Hospital is repaid by Government, on account of Criminal Lunatics the wages of seven male and two female attendants, with an allowance of £35 per annum each for maintenance and clothing.

The wages of male attendants commence at £25 per annum, and they increase, if their conduct be satisfactory, £1 yearly afterwards, until they become £35 per annum, after which no further increase is allowed. Attendants in charge of a Ward are allowed £5 per annum extra. Female attendants commence at any amount not exceeding £18 per annum, and after, they increase with like restriction £1 yearly until they become £25 per annum, after which no further increase is allowed. The wages of male attendants were permitted, previous to the year 1841, to increase to £60 per annum.

Dr. **GENERAL ACCOUNT OF RECEIPT AND EXPENDITURE OF BETHLEM HOSPITAL, FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1854.** Cr.

Recd. Pmts.	RECEIPT.			EXPENDITURE.		
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
	To Balance of Account, Audited to 31st December, 1853	733 14 4	733 14 4			
	REVENUE—Land Tax—Rent-charges and Insurance—viz.					
	BETHLEM—Arrears, December 31st, 1853	42,354 18 7				
	One Year's Rent, Land Tax, &c., from Mich., 1853, to Mich., 1854	7,804 18 10				
	Paid to Christmas	2 2 0				
	RECEIVED, viz.	410,161 19 5				
	Liverpool Street, Liverpool Buildings, &c.	41,652 5 1				
	Bishopsgate Street, Without	138 19 2				
	Fecality, Duke Street, and Jernyn Street	2,475 11 11				
	Ormond, Mews	25 2 8				
	Line Street, and Line Street Square, &c.	1,185 1 11				
	Tonks Court, Tower Street	278 10 5				
	Gardner's Terrace, and Mile End	71 14 2				
	St. George's Fields	682 9 4				
	Moorgate	119 0 0				
	Shepherd's Bush	158 19 10				
	Waltham Cross	224 5 10				
	Rent	1,214 11 7				
	Rent Charges	82 4 9				
	Property Tax allowed	65,297 16 8	8,297 16 8	8,297 16 8		
	Allowed to Farm Tenants, &c.	206 2 11				
	Allowed Land Tax	39 1 11				
	Arrears of Rent to Michaelmas, unpaid 31st Dec.	1,657 8 10				
	RECEIVED, viz.	410,161 19 5				
	INCURABLES—Arrears 31st December, 1853	3,411 17 9				
	Rest of Estates in Lincolnshire, and Insurance, One Year, from Michaelmas, 1853, to Michaelmas, 1854	6,025 1 10				
	RECEIVED, viz.	49,437 19 7				
	Wainfoot, St. Mary	24,574 14 11				
	Wainfoot, All Saints, Claxby, Munsby, &c.	1,359 14 1				
	Property Tax allowed	45,934 11 0	5,934 11 0	5,934 11 0		
	Allowed to Farm tenants	185 18 10				
	Arrears to Michaelmas, unpaid 31st December	209 3 0				
	RECEIVED, viz.	49,437 19 7				
	Rest-charge, Wainfoot St. Mary, Lincolnshire, viz.					
	Arrears	283 18 3				
	One Year	564 4 5				
	RECEIVED, viz.	4848 2 10	848 2 10	848 2 10		
	Dividends on Stock in the Public Funds—					
	BANKRUPT STOCK, viz.					
	161 4836 6 3 3 per Cent. Consols in Chancery		50 19 5	50 19 5		
	162 1,192 1 9 3 per Cent. Consols in Chancery		43 15 9	43 15 9		
	163 119 18 11 3 per Cent. Consols in Chancery		174 15 0	174 15 0		
	173 3,580 0 0 New South Sea Annuities		1,350 18 8	1,350 18 8		
	175 3,000 0 0 Old South Sea Annuities		753 15 0	753 15 0		
	176 12,000 0 0 Bank Annuities, 3 per Cent. 1726		384 14 4	384 14 4		
	164 47,991 2 11 Consols, 3 per Cent.		270 0 0	270 0 0		
	174 25,121 12 10 Bank Annuities, 3 per Cent. Reduced		26 19 4	26 19 4		
	175 11,827 10 0 Bank Annuities, 3 per Cent.		3 8 2	3 8 2		
	177 3,000 0 0 Bank Stock		49 16 4	49 16 4		
	178 26 19 4 Long Annuities		14 6 11	14 6 11		
	180 165 0 0 New 2 1/2 per Cent. Bank Annuities		229 2 5	229 2 5		
	181 1,736 12 3 3 per Cent. Consols		10 7 2	10 7 2		
	182 500 0 0 3 per Cent. Consols		10 3 10	10 3 10		
	191 12,000 0 0 2 1/2 per Cent. Stock		1 10 0	1 10 0		
	172 29,350 0 0 New 2 1/2 per Cent. Stock					
	INCURABLES—Stock, Dividends, &c.					
	201 2850 0 0 New 2 1/2 per Cent. Stock					
	173 700 0 0 New South Sea Annuities					
	175 100 0 0 South Sea Annuities, 3 per Cent. 1731					
	RECEIVED—Benefactions—					
	R. J. Ashton, Esq.	425 0 0				
	J. Harrison, Esq.	304 25 0 9				
	H. Johnson, Esq.	50 0 0				
	A. S. Pigeon, Esq.	625 0 0				
	RECEIVED, viz.	125 0 0	125 0 0			
	TO CASUAL RECEIPTS—					
	For Transfer of Leases	43 0 0				
	Sale of Iron Work and other Materials	173 14 0				
	Sale of Iron Work and other Materials, Criminal Wing	15 19 9				
	Property Tax on Rents for Years 1847, 1848, 1849	555 17 3				
	Property Tax returned by Goldsmith's Company	1 10 4				
	RECEIVED, viz.	750 1 4	750 1 4			
	INCURABLES—RENTS—					
	Received of Government for Clothing and Maintenance of Criminals	3,112 9 4				
	Casual Receipts, viz.					
	Sermon at Christ's Hospital	492 0 0				
	Sale of Wood at Wainfoot	27 18 0				
	Do do	465 4 5				
	Property Tax on Rents for Years 1847, 1848, 1849	114 8 0				
	Sale of Wood at Waltham	33 19 0				
	Sale of Wood at Wainfoot	725 0 5				
	RECEIVED, viz.	24,296 6 8	13,624 0 1	10,642 6 7		
	Balance against the Hospital	3,109 6 9	6,565 15 9			
	RECEIVED, viz.	29,405 13 6	20,219 13 11	10,642 6 7		
	By Provisions for Patients and Household, viz.					
	309 Meat	1,959 19 10				
	311 Beer	1,519 16 10				
	313 Bread and Flour	1,579 5 6				
	315 Rice, Oatmeal, Potatoes, Peas, &c.	506 15 2				
	317 Milk	121 0 1				
	319 Cheese, Bacon, Butter, &c.	265 12 0				
	321 Tea and Groceries	497 19 1				
	324 Clothing and Bedding	2,130 2 4				
	326 Soap, Oil, Candles, &c.	476 19 10				
	328 Medicines, Wine, Spirits, &c.	312 2 6				
	330 Cuts and Firewood	1,389 1 6				
	333 Salaries of Physician, Surgeon, Chaplain, and Apothecary	1,065 0 0				
	333 " Steward and Master	280 0 0				
	333 " Clerk, Surveyor, and Receiver	510 0 0				
	333 Wages of Assistants, Porters, &c.	1,459 6 2				
	343 Superannuation Annuities					
	343 Premium on Policy on Life of N. Nicholls	321 14 4				
	345 Workmen's Bills for New Works, Repairs, &c.	8,829 13 10				
	337 Printing and Stationery	294 6 6				
	339 Furniture and Repairs	1,203 15 2				
	341 Books, &c.	84 4 6				
	350 Incidental Expenses	73 11 5				
	343 Charges, Casual Expenses, &c.					
	347 Deductions from Rental—					
	Premiums of Insurance	339 2 6				
	Law Charges	0 0 0				
	Workmen's Bills for Repairs of Houses	411 19 5				
	353 Paid Entrenchment of Cottages in Waltham Lane	312 17 6				
	356					
	SALARIES—					
	Curate of Wainfoot	200 0 0				
	Lincolnshire Agent	237 10 0				
	School at Wainfoot—					
	Master and Mistress' Salary	130 0 0				
	Sundries	24 6 9				
	357					
	Plantations	134 6 9				
	Sea Bank at Wainfoot	116 2 10				
	363 Deductions from Rental—	162 9 5 1/2				
	365 Cost of Insurance, &c.	65 11 9				
	Property Tax	17 16 8				
	361					
	363					
	365					
	Quit Rents	81 8 5				
	Casual Expenses and Charges	1 11 2				
	367 New Buildings and Repairs	396 17 11 1/2				
	369					
	Balance	1,089 3 7				
	429,405 13 6	20,219 13 11	10,642 6 7			

A. M. JEAFRESON,
Rec.

We, whose names are hereto subscribed, have Examined and Audited the preceding Account for the Year One Thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty-four, and find the same correct, and the Balance as specified, this Ninth day of February, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty-five.

JOHN EDWARD JOHNSON, Treasurer.
J. H. GOODHART,
G. OSTELL LEICESTER,
B. DREW.

RECEIPTS		PAID TO CHRISTMAS		BALANCE	
DATE	AMOUNT	DATE	AMOUNT	DATE	AMOUNT
1892	1000	1892	1000	1892	1000
1893	2000	1893	2000	1893	2000
1894	3000	1894	3000	1894	3000
1895	4000	1895	4000	1895	4000
1896	5000	1896	5000	1896	5000
1897	6000	1897	6000	1897	6000
1898	7000	1898	7000	1898	7000
1899	8000	1899	8000	1899	8000
1900	9000	1900	9000	1900	9000
1901	10000	1901	10000	1901	10000
1902	11000	1902	11000	1902	11000
1903	12000	1903	12000	1903	12000
1904	13000	1904	13000	1904	13000
1905	14000	1905	14000	1905	14000
1906	15000	1906	15000	1906	15000
1907	16000	1907	16000	1907	16000
1908	17000	1908	17000	1908	17000
1909	18000	1909	18000	1909	18000
1910	19000	1910	19000	1910	19000
1911	20000	1911	20000	1911	20000
1912	21000	1912	21000	1912	21000
1913	22000	1913	22000	1913	22000
1914	23000	1914	23000	1914	23000
1915	24000	1915	24000	1915	24000
1916	25000	1916	25000	1916	25000
1917	26000	1917	26000	1917	26000
1918	27000	1918	27000	1918	27000
1919	28000	1919	28000	1919	28000
1920	29000	1920	29000	1920	29000
1921	30000	1921	30000	1921	30000
1922	31000	1922	31000	1922	31000
1923	32000	1923	32000	1923	32000
1924	33000	1924	33000	1924	33000
1925	34000	1925	34000	1925	34000
1926	35000	1926	35000	1926	35000
1927	36000	1927	36000	1927	36000
1928	37000	1928	37000	1928	37000
1929	38000	1929	38000	1929	38000
1930	39000	1930	39000	1930	39000
1931	40000	1931	40000	1931	40000
1932	41000	1932	41000	1932	41000
1933	42000	1933	42000	1933	42000
1934	43000	1934	43000	1934	43000
1935	44000	1935	44000	1935	44000
1936	45000	1936	45000	1936	45000
1937	46000	1937	46000	1937	46000
1938	47000	1938	47000	1938	47000
1939	48000	1939	48000	1939	48000
1940	49000	1940	49000	1940	49000
1941	50000	1941	50000	1941	50000
1942	51000	1942	51000	1942	51000
1943	52000	1943	52000	1943	52000
1944	53000	1944	53000	1944	53000
1945	54000	1945	54000	1945	54000
1946	55000	1946	55000	1946	55000
1947	56000	1947	56000	1947	56000
1948	57000	1948	57000	1948	57000
1949	58000	1949	58000	1949	58000
1950	59000	1950	59000	1950	59000
1951	60000	1951	60000	1951	60000
1952	61000	1952	61000	1952	61000
1953	62000	1953	62000	1953	62000
1954	63000	1954	63000	1954	63000
1955	64000	1955	64000	1955	64000
1956	65000	1956	65000	1956	65000
1957	66000	1957	66000	1957	66000
1958	67000	1958	67000	1958	67000
1959	68000	1959	68000	1959	68000
1960	69000	1960	69000	1960	69000
1961	70000	1961	70000	1961	70000
1962	71000	1962	71000	1962	71000
1963	72000	1963	72000	1963	72000
1964	73000	1964	73000	1964	73000
1965	74000	1965	74000	1965	74000
1966	75000	1966	75000	1966	75000
1967	76000	1967	76000	1967	76000
1968	77000	1968	77000	1968	77000
1969	78000	1969	78000	1969	78000
1970	79000	1970	79000	1970	79000
1971	80000	1971	80000	1971	80000
1972	81000	1972	81000	1972	81000
1973	82000	1973	82000	1973	82000
1974	83000	1974	83000	1974	83000
1975	84000	1975	84000	1975	84000
1976	85000	1976	85000	1976	85000
1977	86000	1977	86000	1977	86000
1978	87000	1978	87000	1978	87000
1979	88000	1979	88000	1979	88000
1980	89000	1980	89000	1980	89000
1981	90000	1981	90000	1981	90000
1982	91000	1982	91000	1982	91000
1983	92000	1983	92000	1983	92000
1984	93000	1984	93000	1984	93000
1985	94000	1985	94000	1985	94000
1986	95000	1986	95000	1986	95000
1987	96000	1987	96000	1987	96000
1988	97000	1988	97000	1988	97000
1989	98000	1989	98000	1989	98000
1990	99000	1990	99000	1990	99000
1991	100000	1991	100000	1991	100000

J. W. MULLENBACH & CO.

RECEIPTS FROM THE SALE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE DECEASED OF THE ESTATE OF J. W. MULLENBACH & CO.

INCOME 1882

ВЪЗМЕЖЕНІЕ БОЛЕВЪ

Зараза, леченіе, и др. въ болницѣхъ, и др.
Rent and Insurance
Loss Insurance

Ученіе—Оплата за услуги и др.
Excess of Receipts over Expenditures

Dividends on Stock in Public Funds, viz.—
On the London Assurance Co. Limited
On the London Assurance Co. Limited
On the London Assurance Co. Limited

4,380 2 5

25 2 5

...

...

...

4,119 3 4

50 3 2

...

75 0 0

...

245 5 6

£41,304 0 3

602 2 1

...

...

£12,206 2 0

...

...

...

...

601 4 0

£11,504 11 0

ИСПОЛВЕНІЕ БОЛИД

Net Amount Received

Средствъ отъ Правительства, и др.

БЕЗПЛЕЧЕМЪ БОЛЕВЪ

Възвращеніе Болеву — Вспомогательныя средства

Възвращеніе Болеву — Вспомогательныя средства

INCOME, 1882.

£10,112 0

...

...

£1,081 1 0