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Contributors

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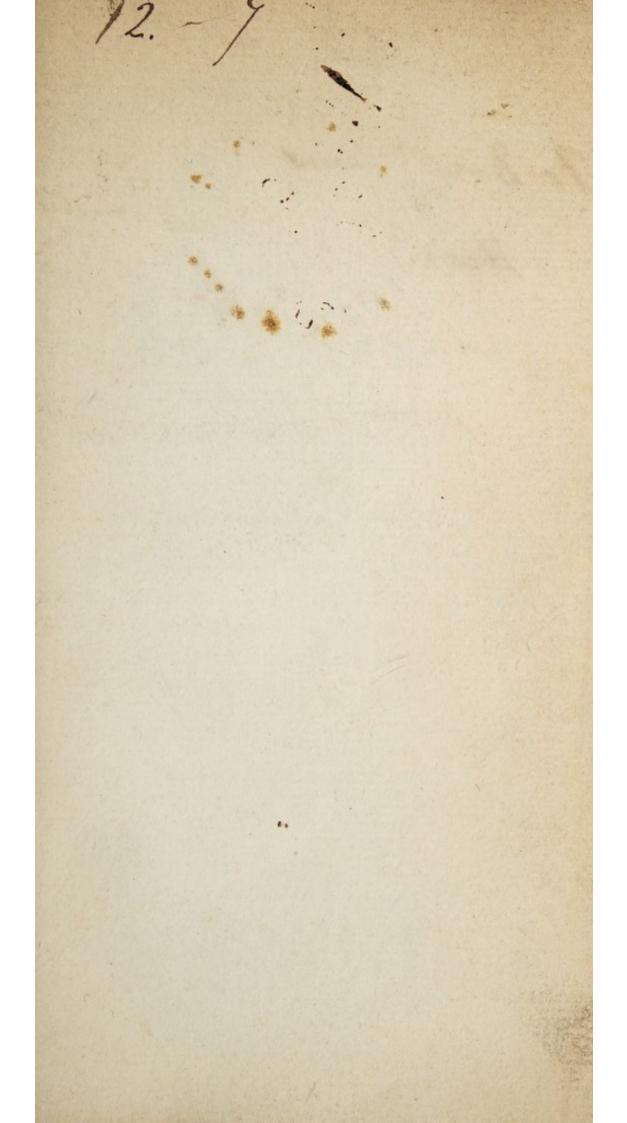
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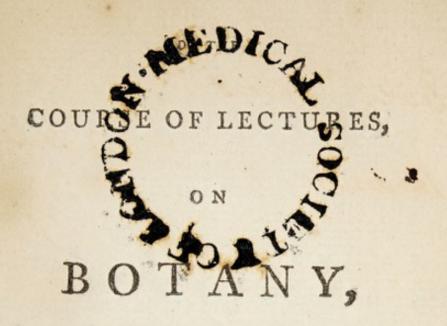


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SYLLABUS



DELIVERED IN COLUMBIA COLLEGE,

BY DAVID HOSACK, M. D.

PROFESSOR OF BOTANY IN COLUMBIA COLLEGE,

MEMBER OF THE LINNÆAN SOCIETY OF LONDON, AND

OF THE ROYAL MEDICAL AND PHYSICAL

SOCIETIES OF EDINBURGH.

NEW-YORR: -- PRINTED BY JOHN CHILDS,
M,DCC,XCV.

TO A D D D D

At a meeting of the TRUSTEES of Columbia College, held at the College Hall, on Monday the ninth day of July, 1792:

ORDERED, That every Professor of this College who teaches by Lcc-ture, do publish within one year, a Syllabus of his Course of Lectures.

Extract from the Minutes,

ROBERT HARPUR, CIE.

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PART I.

STRUCTURE AND PHILOSOPHY OF VEGETABLES.

A .- GENERAL DIVISION OF NATURAL HISTORY.

I TETEOROLOGY		ATMOSPHERE,	
2 IVI HYDROGRAPHY		WATERS,	
3 GEOLOGY	History	EARTH,	
4 Zoology	of the	ANIMAL	J E
5 BOTANY		VEGETABLE	opg
6 MINERALOGY		MINERAL	J Bs.

-Division of bodies into animal-vegetable and mineral confidered-objections to-

Opinions of Tournefort, Linnaus, &c. examined .-

Minerals—characters which diftinguish them from animals and vegeta-

Vegetables-their near approach to the animal kingdom-

Distinctions proposed by

JUNGIUS,

BOORHAAVE

TOURNEFORT,

LUDWIG,

LINNÆUS,

ALSTON,

HEDWIG-

orals and Zoopbytes, referred by some authors to the vegetable and foffile kingdoms—their animal nature illustrated by the discoveries of Psyssonel, Trembley, Justicau, Donati, Ellis, &cc.—

B .- COMPARISON OF PLANTS AND ANIMALS.

- Their origin.
- 2 Growth and manner of receiving nourishment.
- 3 Food.
- 4 Climate.
- 5 Secretion and excretion.
- 6 Senfation-volition-motion-fleep-watching
- 7 Sexes.
- 8 Propagation.
- o Difeafes.
- 10 Death.
- II Natural decomposition.
- 12 Chemical Analysis.

CONCLUSION—Animals and Vegetables links of the fame chain of being—objections to by fome Metaphylicians, confidered.

C .- GENERAL ARRANGEMENT OF VEGETABLES.

- I Palms.
- 2 Trees.
- 3 Shrubs.
- A Herbs.
- 5 Graffes.
- 6 Ferns.
- 7 Fungi.
- 8 Moffes.
- 9 Algœ.

-Characters of each illustrated .-

D .- COMPONENT PARTS OF A PLANT.

- I Root,
- 2 Trunk,
- 3 Branches,
- # Leaves.

- 5 Supports.
- 6 Flower.
- 7 Fruit.

-Exceptions to-

E .- ANATOMY OF PLANTS.

A .- SOLIDS.

- ' Epidermis.
- 2 Rete Mucofum.
- 3 Cortex—its inner layer LIBER—
- 4 Alburnum.
- 5 Lignum.
- 6 Medulla.
- 7 Vafa Propria.
 - 8 Tracheæ.
- -Structure and functions illustrated by diffection and experiment.

B .- FLUIDS.

(a).-NUTRITIOUS FLUIDS,

- I Lymph.
- 2 Sap.
- -Circulation of the fap-doctrine of the Ancients-experiments of Hales, Hope, Walker, &c.

(b) .- secreted Fluids,

- T Gums.
- 2 Refins.
- 3 Gum Refins.
- 4 Balfams.
- 5 Oils-fixed and volatile.
- 6 Aroma-grateful and poisonous,
- 7 Water.
- 8 Vital air.

C .- ANOMALOUS SUBSTANCES.

- I Saline Substances.
 - i Sugar,
 - ii Manna,
 - iii Nectar,
- 2 Farina,
- 3 Fœcula,
- 4 Colouring Matter.
 - -Observations on colours and the principles of dyeing.-

F .- CHEMICAL ANALYSIS OF VEGETABLES. *

- I Oxygen,
- 2 Hydrogen,
- 3 Carbon,
- 4 Nitrogen,
- 5 Phofphorus,
- 6 Sulphur,
- 7 Acids,
- 8 Alkalis,
- 9 Earths,
- 10 Metals,

Common to all vegetables.

Contained in particular vegetables.

G .- FOOD OF PLANTS.

- I Air,
- 2 Water,
- 3 Earth,
- 4 Heat,
- 5 Light.
- -All necessary to the perfect growth of plants-illustrated by experiments and observations.-

^{*} For the instruction of those who may not be acquainted with the principles of the new system of Chemistry, the Professor takes occasion to introduce a general sketch of the discoveries and improvements lately made in this branch of Science—referring for a particular detail to the valuable lectures of Professor Mitchill.

-Experiments of VAN HELMONT,

BOYLE,

HALES,

DU HAMEL,

TILLET,

HASSENFRATZ,

SENEBIER-

-Chemical Analysis of the food of plants compared with the Chemical Analysis of plants-

H .- SOILS.

- I Variety.
- 2 Composition.
- 3 Manner of Operation.

I .- MANURES.

- x Animal.
- 2 Vegetable,
- 3 Mineral.
- 4 Electricity.

-Operation of Manures-how far ufeful or injurious .--

K .- OF THE SEED.

A .- DIFFERENT KINDS.

- I Seed properly to called.
- 2 Nux.
- 3 Propago.

B .- COMPONENT PARTS OF THE SEED.

- I Arillus,
- 2 Hilum,
- 3 Foramen,
- 4 Cotyledon,
- 5 Corculum,
 - i Plumula,
 - ii Radicula,

- 6 Corona,
- 7 Ala.
- -Structure and Functions of each illustrated by diffection and experi-

C .- VEGETATION OF THE SEED.

- I Impregnation.
- 2 Air.
- 3 Moisture.
- 4 Heat.
- 5 Light, Not effential to the first growth of the Seed.
 - -Experiments of Curtis-process of Vegetation described.

Necessary to Vegetation.

D .- PROPAGATION.

(a.)-NATURAL PROPAGATION.

- I Seeds.
- 2 Roots.
- 3 Suckers.
- 4 Stems.
- 5 Bulbs.
- 6 Leaves.

(b.) -ARTIFICIAL PROPAGATION.

- I Cutting,
- 2 Layers.
- 3 Engrafting.
- 4 Inoculation.

-Structure of Buds-

-Equivocal generation, objections to-

L .- OF THE ROOT.

A .- DIFFERENCE OF STRUCTURE AND SHAPE.

- I Bulbous.
- 2 Tuberous.
- 3 Fibrous.

B .- MANNER OF GROWTH .

- I Creeping.
- 2 Horizontal.
- 3 Perpendicular.

C .- DURATION.

- I Annual.
- 2 Biennial.
- 3 Perennial.

-Exceptions from Culture, Climate, &c.

M .-- OF THE TRUNK.

A. DIFFERENT KINDS.

- I Caulis.
- 2 Culmus.
- 3 Scapus.
- 4 Frons.
- 5 Stipes.

B. - DIFFERENT SPECIES ARISING FROM --

- I Structure.
- 2 Height.
- 3 Direction.
- 4 Shape.
- 5 Surface.
- 6 Composition.
- 7 Branches.
- 8 Colour.

-Illustration.

N .- OF THE LEAVES,

A .- COMPONENT PARTS OF A LEAF,

(a).-FOLIUM.

- I Its bafe.
- 2 Apex.
- 3 Surfaces.
- 4 Parenchyma.

(b.)-FETIOLUS,

- I Its Shape.
- 2 Length.
- 3 Infertion.
- 4 Direction.
- 5 Surface.

B .- SIMPLE LEAVES.

- J Place of infertion.
- 2 Manner of infertion.
- 3 Relative fituation.
- 4 Direction.
- 5 Shape.
- 6 Surface.
- 7 Length and expansion.
- 8 Substance.
- 9 Duration .-

C .- COMPOUND LEAVES.

-Degree of Composition.

-Illustration.-

D .- FUNCTIONS OF LEAVES.

- I Use in the vegetable economy as organs of respiration,
- 2 Influence upon the Atmosphere .-

Experiments of MILLER,

HALES,

MARIOTTE,

BONNET,

DU HAMEL,

PRIESTLEY,

INGENHOUSZ,

SENEBIER.

O-FULCRA, MORE PROPERLY CALLED APPENDICULE.

- I Stipulæ.
- 2 Bractece.
- 3 Cirrhus.
- 4 Spini.
- 5 Aculci.
- 6 Pili.
- 7 Glandula .--

-- Illustration .-

P .- ORGANS OF FRUCTIFICATION.

A .- PEDUNCULUS.

- I Its composition,
- 2 Place of infertion.
- 3 Relative fituation.
- A Direction.
- 5 Structure.

B .- RECEPTACULUM.

- Its composition.
- 2 Surface.

C .- CALYX.

- Perianthium.
- 2 Involucrum.
- 3 Gluma.
- 4 Spatha.
- 5 Calyptra.
- 6 Volva.

Characters of each.

- E Shape.
- 2 Number.
- 3 Divisions.
- 4 Number of pieces.
- F Situation.
- & Colour.
- 7 Duration.

D .- COROLLA.

- I Its shape.
- 2 Regularity.
- 3 Divisions.
- 4 Number of pieces.
- 5 Place of infertion.
- & Colour.
- # Duration .-

E .- STAMINA.

(a).-FILAMENTUM.

- I Its length.
- 2 Proportion.
- 3 Figure.
- & Number.
- 5 Connection.
- & Infertion.
- I Shape.

(b) .- ANTHERA,

- 2 Number.
- 3 Disposition.
- 4 Structure.
- 5 Pollen.

F .- PISTILLUM.

(a) .- GERMEN.

- I Its fituation.
- 2 Structure.

(b) .-- STYLUS.

- I Shape.
- 2 Number.
- 3 Division.
- 4 Length.
- 5 Direction.

(c) .- STIGMA.

- I Shape.
- 2 Number .-

Bexes of plants-imperfectly known to the ancients-eltablished by

Experiments of LINNAUS,

SMITH, &c.

Objections of-ALSTON-

-SMELLIE-

-SPALANZANI-confidered-

G .- PERICARPIUM.

- T Capfula,
- 2 Conceptaculum,
- 3 Siliqua.
- 4 Legumen.
- 5 Drupa.
- 6 Pomum.
- 7 Bacca.
- 2 Strobilus .-

H .- SEED.

-(SEE FAGE 9.)

Q-INFLORESCENCE.

- I Spadix.
- 2 Verticillus.
- 3 Capitalum.
- 4 Spica.
- 5 Panicula. OBY 10 INSIMBOUADER DITAMITAYS
- 6 Amentum.
- 7 Racemus,
- 8 Fasciculus.
- 9 Umbella.
- 10 Cyma.
- II Corymbus.

U.A. EMST DOL

12 Thyrfus.

-Illustration-

MARTON OF SOUND

-Calendarium Flora, &c. &c. -1 TARDENSI

acordant con Historia Plantacum" - 000 picos

IL STATE OF BUTARY IMONE THE ROMANS

r-Complialion-about plants-

-Destruction of the Pontae trucker-

-Learning revived by the Anghons --

THE STATE OF BOTANY AMOUND THE LIBERTS AND

printions and Configurates from the Greeten and Roman writing

PART II.

SYSTEMATIC ARRANGEMENT OF VEGETABLES.

A--HISTORY OF BOTANY.

FIRST PERIOD.

I. STATE OF BOTANY AMONG THE GREECIANS.

IPPOCRATES,

400 years. A.C.

THEOPHRASTUS-"Historia Plantarum"-500 plants 320 A.C.

II. STATE OF BOTANY AMONG THE ROMANS.

Dioscoriors-600 plants-

70 P. C.

PLINY-Compilation-1000 plants-

74

GALEN-

ISI

-Destruction of the Roman Empire-

-Decline of Learning until the 8th Century-

-Learning revived by the Arabians.-

III. STATE OF BOTANY AMONG THE ARABIANS.

Translations and Compilations from the Grecian and Roman writings--Decline of learning until the fiftcenth Century-

SECOND PERIOD.

-Age of Commentators and Translators	1500
BRUNFELSIUS-first accurate prints of plants,	1532
First public Botanic Garden at Padua,	1533
CONRAD GESNER-first museum in Natural History-first	
fuggested a fystematic arrangement of plants into class-	
order—genius, and species,	1560
CZESALPINUS-improved the proposed classification of Gefner,	1583
F. COLUMNA-first copperplates-improved the genera of plants,	300
and Botanie language,	1592
J. BAURIN, "Historia Plantarum Univerfalis,"	1613
CASPAR BAURIN, & Pinax Theatri Botanici," 6000 plants-with	
fynonymes of the ancients,	1623
PARKINSON-" Theatrum Botanicum,"	1640
JUNGIUS-" Doxofcopiæ Physicæ Minores"-containing the firs	t
principles of the Linnæan classification,	1657
Societies for Promoting Knowledge.	
Royal Society of London,	1665
Royal Academy of Sciences at Paris,	1666
Grew-" Anatomy of Plants,"	1671
MALFICHIUS-" Anatomia Plantarum,"	1675
Rheede—"Hortus Malabaricus,"	1676
MORISON-"Historia Univerfalis Plantarum"-a new fystem o	of
arrangement,	1678
RAY-" Methodus Plantarum Nova Synoptica,"	1632
" Historia Plantarum Generalis"	1686
" Synopsis Method Stirpium Britannicarum,"	1690
HERMAN, New System-" Flora Lugduno Batava,"	1690
RIVINUS, New System,	1690
PLUMIER—" Description des plantes de L'Amerique."	1693
SIR HANS SLOANE Natural History of Jamaica."	1696
TOURNEFORT-New fyftem-improved the Genera-	1690
Koemprers-"Amonitates Exotico."	1712

Scheuchzer-Agroftagraphia.	1719
BOORHAAVE—New System.	1720
MAGNOL-New System.	1720
HALES—"Vegetable Statics."	1727
MICHELI-CRYPTOGAMIA.	1729.
CATESEY-" Natural history of Carolina, &c."	1731.
Country with the section of the sect	+13-
THIRD PERIOD.	
bINNÆUS—Sexual System.—	
" Fundamenta Botanica."	TWO 2 II
" Species Plantarum." 1764.	2430
" Genera Plantarum" new edition by Schreber, 1789.	
« Syftema Vegetabilium," 14th edition by Murray, 178	
Do. do -by Gmelin, in his "Syftem	
Natura Linnæi," 1791.	
Philosophia Botanica."	
" Amænitates Academicæ," new edition by Schreber	, in a
1787.	
" Flora Lapponnica," new edition by Smith, 1792.	
" Prœlectiones in Ordines Naturales," by Gifeke, 17	02.
&c. &c. &c.	in les
DILLENIUS-" Historia Muscorum."	1741
Rumphius-" Herkarium Amboinenfe."	TOUT
HALLER-" Stirpes Helvetice."	17/12
Ludwig-" Inititutiones Regni Vegetabilis	17.42
CLAYTON-" Flora Virginia "	
GMELIN—" Flora Sibirica."	Tain
ALSTON—" Tyrocinfum Botanicum."	Tyra.
BONNET-" Recherches fur l'ufage des feuilles."	17:3
Du Hamel—" Phyfique des'Arbres."	100
BERNARD DE JUSSIEAU-" Genera Plantarum fecundum	
1 10 6 1	17593
Do: new edition by Paulus Usteri 1791	

Hunson-" Flora Anglica."	1762
Adanson—" Familles des Plantes."	1763
SIR JOSEPH BANKS, 7	
Dr. Solander.	1763
Jacquin-" Historia Stirpium Americanarum."	1763
" Hortus Vindebonensis," 1770.	
" Flora Austriaca" 1773	
FLORA DANICA.	1766
Schreber" History of Grasses."	1769
SIR JOHN HILL-" Vegetable fystem," new system.	1773.
August Guiana."	1775
Curtis-" Flora Londinensis."	1777
-" Observations on Grasses, 1790.	
-" Botanical Magazine," 1793.	
-" Observations on vegetation." &c. &c. &c.	
LIGHTFOOT—" Flora Scotica."	1778
LA MARCK-" Flore Francoise"-new system-	1778
Henwig-Cryptogamia.	1782
Pallas-" Flora Roffica."	1784
L'HERETIER-" Geraniologia"-" Sertum Anglicum."	1784
THUNBERG-" Flora Japponnica."	1784
Marshall—" Arbustrum Americanum."	1785
Dickson-" Cryptogamia." &c. &c. &c.	1785
WALTHER—" Flora Caroliniana."	1788
GERTNER-" De Fructibus and Seminibus plantarum."	
-New System,	1788
Sмітн-" Reliquæ Rudbeckianæ."	1789
-" Icones Plantarum hactenus ineditæ," 1789.	
-" Icones pictæ plantarum Rariorum," 1790.	
" Spicilegium Botanicum." 1791.	
" Botany of New Holland." 1793.	
&c. &c. &c.	
ENGLISH BOTANY.	1790
Woodville-" Medical Botany."	1790
Transactions of the Linnean Society of London.	1791
MARTYN-" Flora Ruftica." " Language of Botany," &c. &c. &c.	1793

B .- LINNEAN ARRANGEMENT.

A .- ARTIFICIAL, OF SEXUAL SYSTEM.

-Divided into-

I Classes.

Pin 3

- 2 Orders.
- 3 Genera.
- 4 Species.
- 5 Varieties.

-Characters of each-

(a.)-CLASSES FORMED FROM

- I The number
- 2 Place of infertion
- 3 Proportion
- 4 Connection
- 5 Disposition, &c.

Of the Stamina.

-Illustration-

(b.)-ORDERS FORMED FROM

- I The number
- 2 Fertility
- 3 Situation
- 4 Structure of the Pericarpium.
- 5 Number
- 6 Connection
- 7 Disposition, &c.

Of the Pistilla.

Of the Stamina.

Starry - William Ruffical of Language of Boung! Ma-

English Botans

-Illustration-

(c.)—GENERA FORMED FROM THE ORGANS OF FRUCTIFICATION.

(d.) - SPECIES FORMED FROM

- I The Root.
- 2 Trunk.
- 3 Branches,
- & Leaves.
- 5 Fulcra, &c.

(e.) - VARIETIES - THE EFFECTS OF CLIMATE, CULTURE, &c.

-- Illustration--

-Alterations of the Linnæan System proposed by Thunberg-Gmelin-Sir William Jones, &c.

B .- NATURAL ORDERS OF LINNEUS.

-- Illustration-

C .- SYSTEM OF JUSSIEAU.

-Compared with the natural Orders of Linnæus--Advantages of each.-

D

-Plants useful in Diet-Medicine-Agriculture, &c. illustrated with practical observations-

E

-Herbarium-advantages of-manner of preferving and arranging plants-

-CONCLUSION-

