

Specification of Alfred Manks Mort : curative compound, &c.;

Contributors

Mort, Alfred Manks.

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A.D. 1870, 2nd FEBRUARY. N° 308.

SPECIFICATION

OF

ALFRED MANKS MORT.

CURATIVE COMPOUND, &c.

LONDON:

PRINTED BY GEORGE E. EYRE AND WILLIAM SPOTTISWOODE,

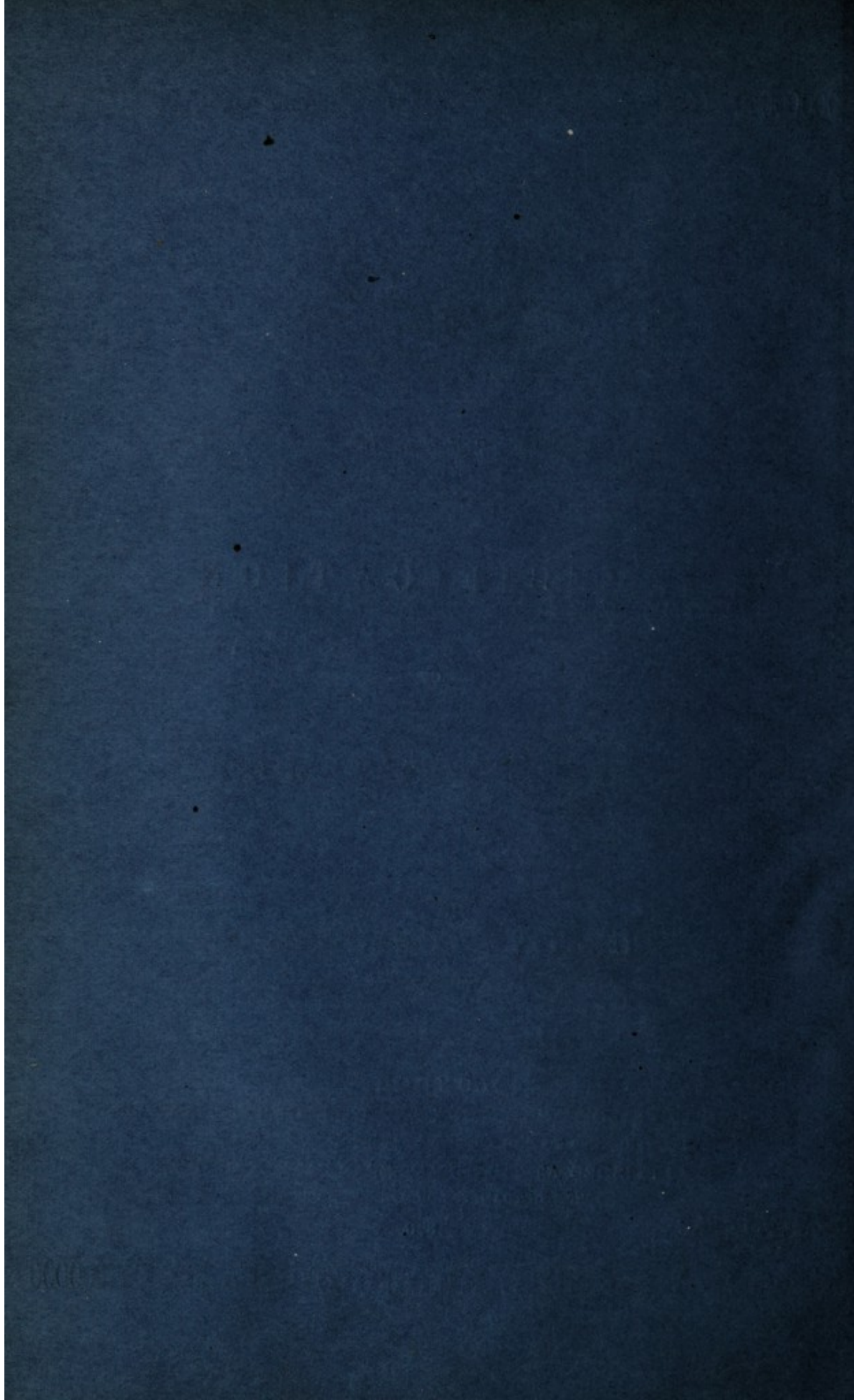
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A.D. 1870, 2nd FEBRUARY. N° 308.

Curative Compound, &c.

(This Invention received Provisional Protection only.)

PROVISIONAL SPECIFICATION left by Alfred Manks Mort at the Office of the Commissioners of Patents, with his Petition, on the 2nd February 1870.

I, ALFRED MANKS MORT, of George Street, Euston Road, in the
5 County of Middlesex, Chemist, do hereby declare the nature of the said Invention for "A NEW COMPOUND AND PROCESS FOR ELIMINATING DISEASES AND THE CAUSE OF DISEASE FROM THE HUMAN BODY," to be as follows:—

This Invention has for its object the eliminating of diseases and the cause of disease from the human body, and consists of a composition
10 composed of the following ingredients, viz^t:—Honey soap and resin, with or without perfume, these ingredients being used in such proportions as the nature of the disease may require, separately or combined. The two first ingredients are used in solution and externally applied to the body with and without the hydropathic compress or compresses.

15 The hydropathic compress or compresses are at present in use with water only, and this Invention consists in adding the two first ingredients together or separately as may be required, and thus becomes an indicator of the state and condition of the patient. These materials are intended to be made up and sold as an antiseptic toilet soap, and in solution as

Mort's Curative Compound, &c.

a cosmetic, the resin being added to make it an adhesive ointment for boils, local inflammations, and general sores, simply perfumed according to taste.

This Invention is applicable for domestic uses, and for the purpose of enabling the user to register on the compress employed the state 5 and condition of the lungs, heart, liver, and kidneys in particular, and for the removal of obstructions therein. It is likewise applicable to any other part of the body in the same way with and without compresses, in the bath and in the lavatory, nursery, and toilet, as an imperceptible eliminator, and as a cosmetic. Also for the prevention of many acute 10 and chronic diseases, such as gout and rheumatic affections, and fevers, scarletina, small pox and measeles, arresting the progress of consumption by extracting the decayed, morbid, cephic, poisonous, and diseased accumulations of the body, whether arising from poisonous or improper internal or too long continued use of medicine used in the ordinary 15 practice of medicine. Also for the elimination of poisonous accumulations in the system, such as the red mercurial coloring matter of artificial vulcanite gum, impure gold, platina, and silver plates used in fixing artificial teeth, likewise the accumulations of mercury, lead, and all other poisons imbibed in the various manufactures of the present age, 20 likewise the degenerating effects of foul, heated, and confined and impure air, ceptic, impure, and improper food, tobacco, opiates, and intoxicating drinks. This process (the compress and additions) would enable the analytical chemist to arrive at a definite conclusion as to the actual poison eliminated from the human body, and as a guide to the doctor 25 and the patient.

LONDON :

Printed by GEORGE EDWARD EYRE and WILLIAM SPOTTISWOODE,
Printers to the Queen's most Excellent Majesty. 1870.