An essay on the nature and cure of the King's evil. Deduced from observation and practice / [John Morley].

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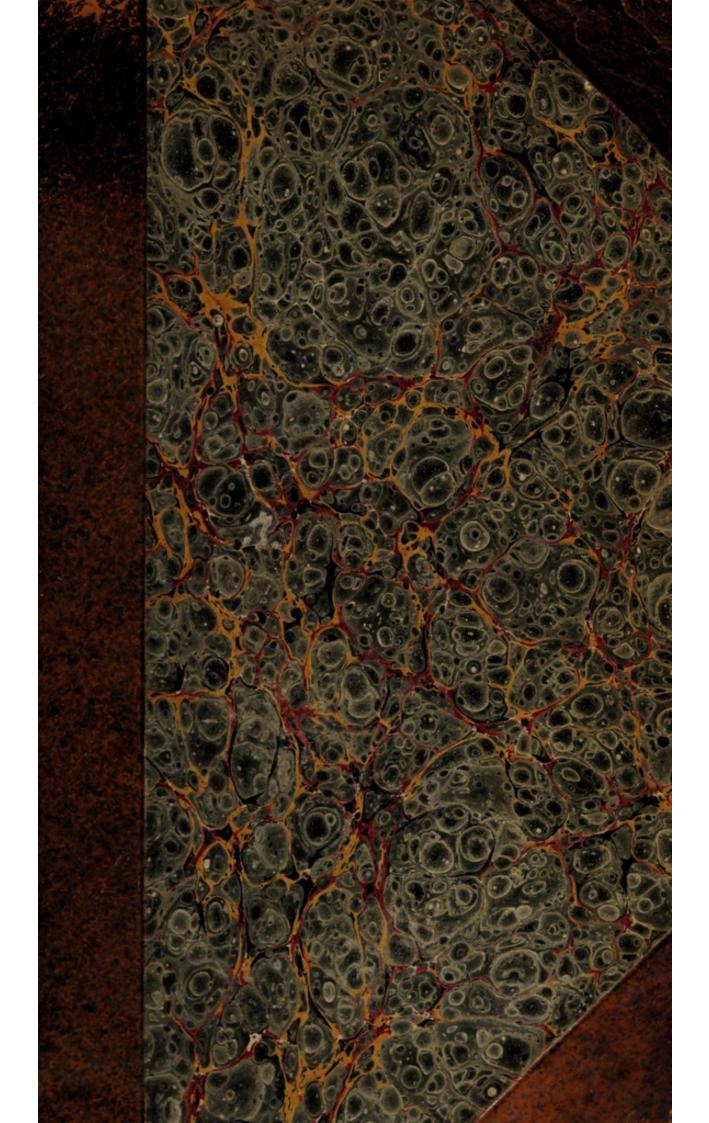
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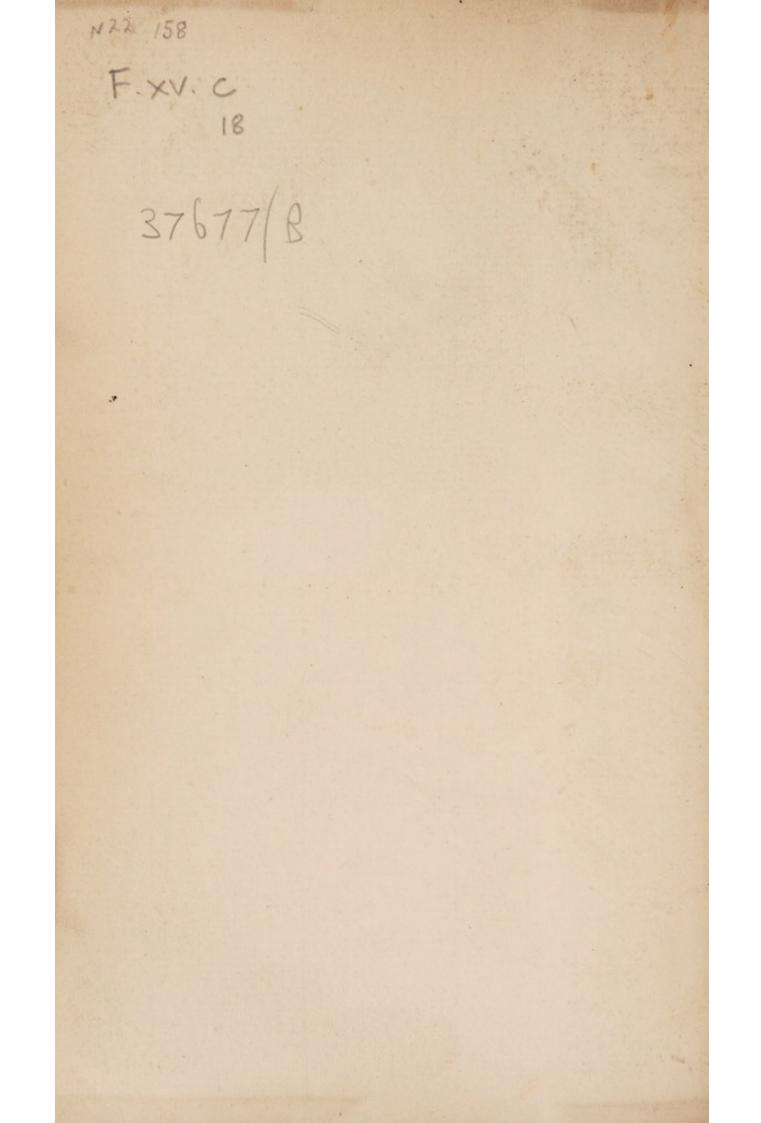
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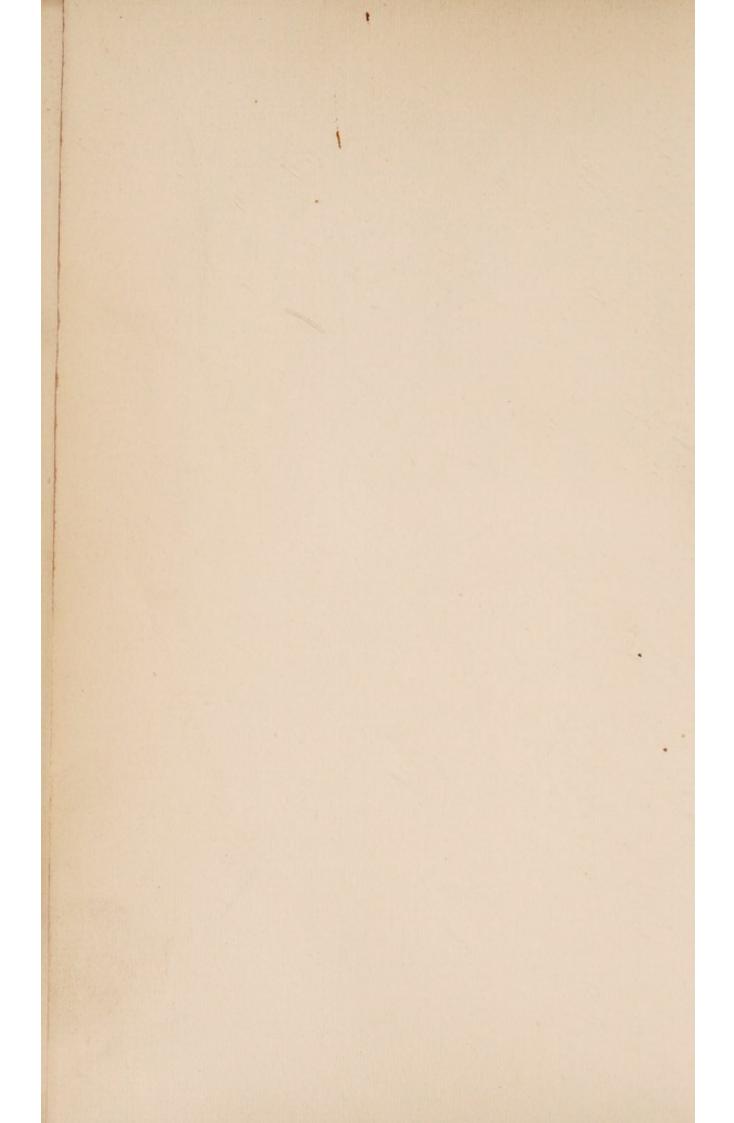


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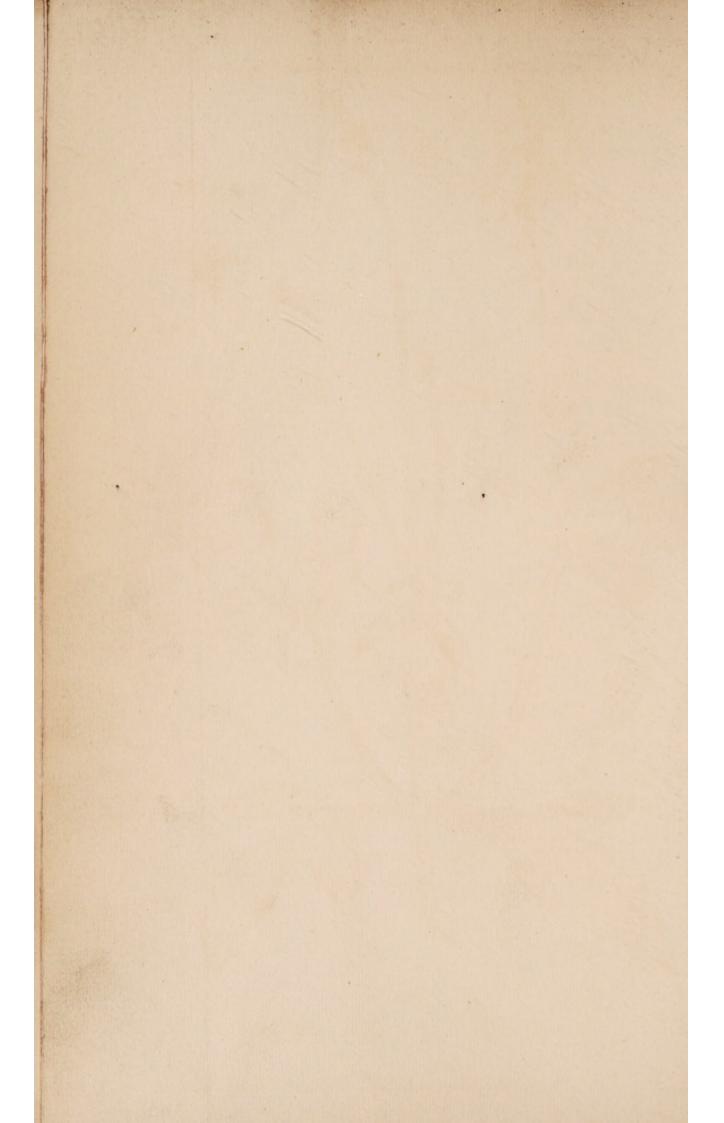






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# ESSAY

AN

On the NATURE and CURE of the KING'S EVIL,

DEDUCED FROM

OBSERVATION and PRACTICE.

The FOURTH EDITION, With ADDITIONS, and a great VARIETY of

CASES and their REMEDIES,

With a PLATE of the Herb VERVAIN: Published, for the Good of Mankind, particu-

larly the Common People.

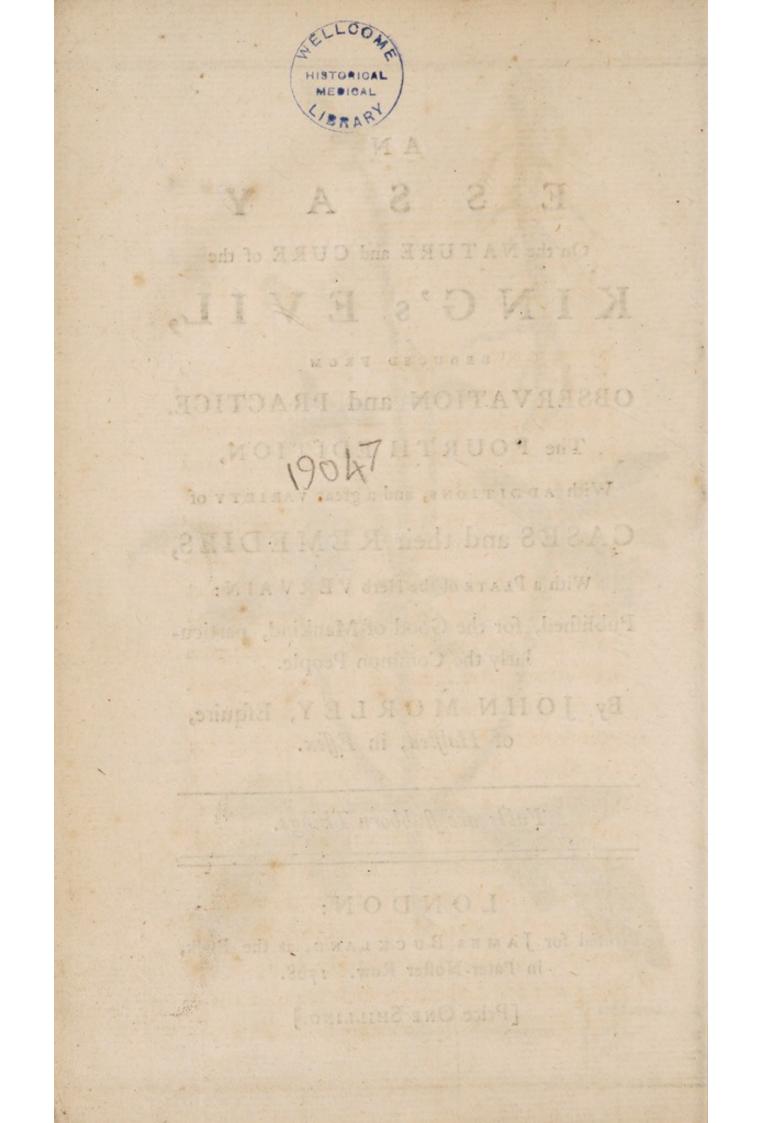
By JOHN MORLEY, Esquire, of Halfted, in Essex.

Facts are stubborn Things.

### LONDON:

Printed for JAMES BUCKLAND, at the Buck, in Pater-Nofter Row. 1768.

[Price ONE SHILLING.]



# PREFACE.

**I**AVING fome years fince had a Method of treating fcrophulous Diforders, or the King's Evil fallen into my Hands, and having, by many repeated Trials, found the great Success of fuch a Method, from fuch Numbers of Sufferers, as have put themfelves under my Directions and found relief; and being daily importuned not to let the Method die with me, I fome Years ago published two Editions of this Effay, to let poor Sufferers (in my 3d Edition, now all fold off) know where to apply for Advice (gratis), but did not then tell them any Receipts for the Distemper; I published those Methods, and Things, that the common People could eafily procure, and fafely apply (but some that were beyond their Management I referved for another Opportunity.) I the more readily write this, that the poor Labourers and Handicraftfmen might not throw away their Mo-

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PREFACE.

ney and Time, after a Parcel of specious Advertisements, calculated to pick the poor Patients Pockets, and fill the Author's own. See! every News-Paper fuft with phyfical Preparations, and obferve the fnameful Abufe of the Public, by their never-failing Medicines for every identical Diforder; from the learned MD's, with their Elixirs, Effences, and Tinctures, to the poor Corn-Cutter, with his Plaister for Toes; the grand Virtue and Defign of all these fine pompous Advertisements, is to let the Reader know, how much Money he must bring with him, for a Viol of Effence, or a Box of Pills, how long they will laft, and when the next Payment is to be repeated. Many en.inent Practitioners have affured me, they really do not understand the Treatment of scrophulous Cafes, as they usually withftand all the common Methods of Practice. I do not (in this Effay) pretend to inform the Learned in the Management of scrophulous Diforders, who are supposed to know them much better than I do; but only, to inftruct the plain honeft

iv

honeft Artificers and Labourers, how, in many Cafes, to cure themfelves and Families, without physical Assistance, which their Pockets are unable to procure. What I here offer to the Public, is the refult of much Reading, and many Years Practice, 'on above fourteen hundred Subjects; fome hundreds quite cured, and many greatly relieved, fome Limbs preferved condemned to Amputation, others cured turned out of Hospitals, as well as feveral Cafes given over by the most eminent Phyficians and Surgeons. I shall use the plainest Words, and most common Expressions, I can possibly think on, to instruct the Vulgar, and tell them the most fimple and cheapest Remedies, and eafiest to be procured by poor People, not much regarding Stile or Expression, fo I may be understood by common Readers, for whofe Use this is defigned, and not to tickle the Ears, or pleafe the Palates of the cenforious Readers or mercenary Reviewers, who find fault with what they do not underfland. I shall defcribe the King's Evil, or scrophulous Diforders B 3 with

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with their Appearances, in fuch a plain Manner, that the most unlearned may know it in common Cafes (where there is no Complication of other Diforders with it) without confulting Surgeons or Apothecaries, who (if they do know the Diforder) will feldom acknowledge it. I have observed, the better Sort are very averfe from being told their Diforders are fcrophulous, but are contented to have them called Scorbutick, and their Apothecaries humour them in the Deceit, for fear of lofing the Family. When fuch Perfons apply to me, and defire to know my real Opinion, I tell them my Sentiments in the tendereft Manner, and never mention fuch Perfons Names, that I may give no Offence to any one; those that like to have the Diforder called Scorbutick may find Relief, if they chufe to have that Name given to their Complaints. Those that would deceive, let them be deceived. What I here relate is ftrict Truth; as I take no Money for my Advice, it cannot be fuppofed I can have any defign to impofe upon the Credulous. I shall relate the

vi .

the Cafes and their Remedies, with the Succefs that followed; the Perfons whofe Names I mention are referred to, for a Confirmation of what I affert. Let not the Simplicity of the Procefs, or Slownefs, or Progrefs of the Cure difhearten the Patients, or the Ridicule of Mr. Apothecary, &c. be any Hindrance to the Ufe of the Things I recommend; but let them not mix any other Prefcriptions with mine; for it is very likely, fuch a Proceeding may defeat my Intentions in the Method of Cure.



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## PREFACE.

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# ESSAY

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On the NATURE and CURE of the

## KING'S EVIL.

THE King's Evil is a name given to a very grievous and obstinate Disease, ever fince Edward the Confessor's Time, because faid to be cured by him and other fucceeding Kings both of England and France. Above Ninety-two thousand Persons are recorded to have been touched for it by King Charles the Second only, and with what Succefs is varioufly related, difputed, and believed; all this I leave to others that have Time, to read Mr. John Brown (Surgeon to King Charles the Second) his Account of the King's Evil, and a great Number of other Writers on the fame Subject. This Difease is either Hereditary or Accidental; but I find on a close Examination of the Sufferers, not one in twenty is without fome Family

Family Taint. The lowest Degree of this Diforder feems to be the Swelling of the Upper Lip, without any apparent Caufe, which I look upon as an infallible Sign of the Evil in the Habit of Body, though no other Appearances. Sometimes both Lips, the Nofe, and Cheeks inflame and fwell, the lower Jaw-bones are often troubled with Swellings on and about them, and caufe bad and rotten Teeth. Frequent Ulcers on the Gums, and many Swellings under the Ears, Jaws, and Chin, and many Parts of the Neck and Shoulders, fometimes fmooth, moveable and not discoloured, or painful, at other Times, come to Sores, break and run much for a Length of Time, and are healed up with great Difficulty, and often break out again, if the Habit of Body is not altered. The Eyes are very frequently fcrophulous, they looking inflamed, and of a dead reddifh or leaden Colour, (and fometimes white Specks on or near the Pupil or Sight) which generally difcharge great Quantities of clear, faltish, or scalding Water, which takes the Skin off the Cheeks as it flows down. Often fmall running Ulcers at the greater Corners of the Eve, which discharge a whitish thick Matter, which glues the Eye-lids together in a Morning, and which are opened with difficulty. When these Complaints withfland the ufual Methods of Bleeding, Bliftering

7

ing behind the Ears, Cupping, Setons, and a long Train of Etceteras, for Months together, we may venture to pronounce them fcrophulous. What fome People fancy to be the St. Anthony's Fire, is oftimes a Species of this Diforder. Swellings on the Knees and Elbows, without Rednefs or Inflammation, vulgarly called White Swellings, are to be accounted fcrophulous. When Sores or UIcers have been long near the Joints or Bones, and will not heal with common Applications, it is a fhrewd Sign the Bones are foul or carious: In that Cafe, Pieces of Bone, tharp and ragged, feemingly Worm-eaten, and little Pieces like coarfe Sand are feen on the Plaifters amongst the Pus or Matter when taken off. When the Griftles or Cartilages on the Head of the Bones are confumed, then follows a stiff Joint, by the Bones growing together; the Muscles under the Hams and the Infide of the Elbows, I have often found have been divided by the Knife, by unfkilful Hands, fo that Joint, has been rendered ufelefs. I have met with Swellings within-fide the Throat, and the Tonfils greatly tumefied and inflamed, and threatening a Suffocation, with no visible Appearances outwardly. This Diftemper may shew itself like a Leprofy, with a very thick white Scroff on the Head and elfewhere. When the Diforder falls on the Lungs, then beware of a galloping Confumption, fumption, as it is frequently called. After the Measles and Small-pox, weak Eyes, and running Sores are not unufual, which People feldom think proceeds from the Evil, but it is too often the Cafe. A very dry thick crufty Scab near the Elbows and Joints is fometimes feen, which when removed, is foon fucceeded by others of the fame Nature, which are difficult to cure, before the Constitution is amended. The Glands under Womens Armpits, frequently fwell or tumefy, and their Breafts are invaded by hard, unequal, painful Tumors or Swellings, which have been too often mistaken for Cancers, and the Knife applied by mistaken Practitioners, to the irreparable Damage of the poor Sufferer; but if these Breasts are neglected or wrongly treated, they often degenerate into real Cancers, then every one knows the Cafe is deplorable. When the Bones are foul the Cafe is bad, though not always to be defpaired of; fometimes the Marrow of the Bone is touched, or the Difeafe begins in the Bone itfelf, which may be observed when the Bones themselves feem fwelled about the Head of them, and afterwards Sores break out and difcharge a thin oily Matter, then is this, truly a deplorable Cafe. How often is the Difease conveyed to tender Infants, by fcrophulated Nurfes, who shall look like the Picture of Health (as many do) till

till they disclose their hidden Infirmities. When a Family of found Health and free from all Humours, find their Children diseased in this and the like Manner, they are filled with Aftonishment, and think it is impossible their Children should have the Evil, when there is not the least Traces of it either in Father or Mother's Family; but let them not deceive themfelves, for alas! it is too common. If, upon a curious Enquiry amongst the Relations of a Family, any of the aforefaid Symptoms have been remembered, (tho' a Generation or two distant,) the Complaint may be fuspected to be the Evil; it will lie dormant fomeYears, appearing and difappearing in some Families for many Generations, and show itself in many Forms, in all Ages, Sexes, and Conditions, from the Birth to the Age of 85, as I have experienced; one amongst numerous Relations or many Children of the fame Parents shall only show it in one Instance, and all the rest be free and clear. This Difeafe appears in fo many Forms, it would be endlefs to attempt any further Description, these being the most frequent Complaints in the fimple King's Evil (without Complication) and I think fufficient to inform the common People in ordinary Cafes, what they ail in general, without phyfical Advice, which they with Difficulty obtain. All thefe, and fuch like Complaints,

plaints, are removed by much Time, Patience, and a steady Adherence to my Directions, even for Years in some Subjects. One conftant Method I use to every Patient without Distinction, let their Complaints be what they will, if upon Examination I have Reafon to fuspect them to be scrophulous, is, to give them a Piece of fresh Common Purple Vervain-Root, about three or four Inches long, and the Size of the Patient's little Finger; all the Fibres are to be cut off fmooth, and as little of the Bark as poffible, to be worn, always at the Pit of the Stomach, tied with a Yard of white Sattin Ribband, half an Inch wide, round the Neck of Men or Women of an ordinary Stature ; if taller, an Ell will be wanting, and Children in Proportion. To the better fort of Females I propose the Ribband to be fastened through an Eylet-hole in the Bosom of the Shift, and fo worn, which will be no Eyefore; a Quarter of a Yard of Ribband will be enough; but no other coloured Ribband is proper; because the Dye in some Colours may be prejudicial; the Root must never be wetted, not when fresh gathered, but wiped clean with a dry Cloth; it must not be fown up or covered with any thing, but always worn naked at the Pit of the Stomach; If it hurts or pricks the Stomach, the Fibres must be taken off fmooth with a sharp Knife,

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as before when first used, preferving as much of the Root as poffible; I always cut a little Notch round the upper End of the Root, and tie the Ribband with a double fast Knot, left it flip out and be loft; when it has been worn a few Days, it will shrink by the Heat of the Stomach, then the Ribband must be tied faster. A Buckle or Button on the Bofom of a Man's Shirt will be convenient to keep the Root next the Skin, as well in Bed as up. Observe the Root be not decayed or rotten, but fresh and green; and it is neceffary to have a fresh one every Spring and Fall. When I put this Root about the Patient's Neck, J am not ashamed to fay, " Pray God give his Bleffing to thefe my Endeavours \*," or fome fuch fhort Ejaculation; not by way of Charm, or fuch like Nonfenfe, but to remind the Patient of our Dependence on the divine Help, co-operating with the natural Means he has provided for our Comfort and Relief; and furely there is as good Reafon to beg his Bleffing on this as our daily Food. Here methinks I fee the Criticks smile and the Reviewers laugh ; but let them laugh that receive the Benefit, nor heed fuch Trifles. Trifles indeed! See the Critical Reviewers, for June 1767, on the Third Edition of this Effay. The Public

\* See Eccles. Chap. xxxviii. Verse 14.

are (no Doubt) much obliged to them, for making the Means of Recovery of the Health and Eafe of their fellow Creatures, from their Maladies, the Objects of Ridicule and Banter. A Lady tells me,

Their Heads or Hearts unfound must be, They cannot, or they will not fee.

This Root being of fuch general Ufe in all Stages of the Evil, it will be proper to give a plain Description of the Herb Vervain, and the Place and Manner of its Growth, that it may be eafier found and known by the unlearned Countryman. The common Vervain grows with a fibrous or ftringy Root, of a light Brown Colour, very hard, bitterifh, and irregular; fends up many Stalks half a Yard high, fquarifh, folid, fomewhat rough, of a purplish Green, and branched; the Leaves stand upon the Stalks in Couples over-against each other, hairy on both Sides, wrinkled, and jagged, with deep Cuts, and wide at the Stalk End, fomething like Oak Leaves when half grown, of a deeper Green above than beneath. The Flowers are ranged in long Spikes, of a pale Purple, divided into five Parts at the Top, fucceeded by four fmall longifh Seeds joined together. The Flower is very fmall, the two uppermost Segments appearing like a Creft, and turned 272

turned upwards. It grows very often in Highways, Court-yards, chalky, gravelly, and stony uncultivated Places, and blows in July, August, September, and October. Some call it the Holy Herb, fome Juno's Tears, others Mercury's moift Blood; in Latin, Verbena; in Welch, Cas gangythrel. All the Herb is very bitter and aftringent; it is much celebrated by ancient Authors, and but just noticed by a few Moderns, as being almost out of the fashionable Part of Practice, though formerly famed for numberless This Plant, by a Chymical Ana-Virtues. lysis, yields several acid Liquors, abundance of Oil, pretty much volatile concrete Salt and Earth : From whence it is probable, that it contains fome Sal Ammoniac, united with a good deal of Sulphur. It is vulnerary, cleanfing, and opening. The other Medicines and Applications, with their Preparations, fuch as common People may manage, will be found interspersed amongst the Cafes following.

#### CASE I.

PHILIP WINTERFLOOD, late of Halfted in Effex, a Journeyman Barber, aged 35 Years, now living at the Sign of the Peruke, opposite the White-Horfe at Mile-End, near London, was, for Eight Years past, C miserably miserably afflicted with feveral strumous UIcers under both Breafts (he was a fat Man;) fome were above an Inch deep, and difcharged much foul corrupted Matter, and had done fo for Years, could get no Help, and had the Evil hereditarily in his Family many Years: This poor Man was in Halfted Workhoufe, and under all the Difadvantages of bad Diet, and worfe Attendance. The first Thing I did was to give him the Vervain Root to wear about his Neck, and ordered him some gentle Physic once a Week, viz. Syrup of Roles one Ounce, and Manna one Ounce, diffolved in a Pint of skimmed Milk, for one Dole; formetimes he got it, and fometimes he did not. I gave him a Phial of Liquor to wash his Sores with Night and Morning, viz. Vinegar one third, Red Port Wine one third, and Vervain Water diftilled one third; and fome Ointment to fpread on a Rag, and lay on the Sores after washing them. The Ointment was made of green Vervain Leaves bruifed, with about a tenth part of Houfe-leek Leaves bruifed, and both boiled in Pork Lard, till it was of a good Confiftence, and all the watry Part wasted, then strained and kept for use. It may be made ftronger by boiling the fame Quantity of Herbs in the fame Liquor as before. Note: Instead of diftilled Vervain Water, which poor People nden stas, 101 Kiele, 1 east pals - cannot cannot fo eafily procure, the Infufion of the Vervain Leaves may be ufed; that is, hot boiling Water poured upon the Herb (like Tea) and covered, and when cold may be ufed in its ftead; this Method cured this Man in fix Months, and nothing elfe was ufed, and he continues well to this Day, which is above ten Years ago.

## CASE II.

Robert Heatherly, Son of the Reverend Mr. Heatherly late Minister of Clavering in Effex, formerly Mafter of the School in St. Bartholomew's Hofpital, London, aged 23 Years, was an Out-Patient there for the King's Evil, had the fecond Joint of his Thumb fo affected that the Bone was digested out, and many other Sores healed up and feemed cured; not long after the Diforder fell into both his Eyes, with fome fmall unbroken Tumors in the Neck and under both Ears, and had been blind fome Months. He came to me with both his Eyes covered, has been well fome Years and is now in the Excife. I gave this Man a Root as usual, and ordered him a gentle Purge of half Manna and half Syrup of Rofes in thin Milk, once a Week for three Months, and to leave off all Covering to his Eyes, and wash them often with cold Spring C 2 Water,

Water, and dropping it into the Eyes, this reftored him perfectly to his Sight.

## CASE III.

Anne Nunn, Daughter of John Nunn, Farmer, near Laindon-hills in Effex, aged 21 Years, had a large fcrophulous Tumor opened on the right under Jaw-bone by Mr. Earl of Hornden; it difcharged mostly a thin watery Matter, but as he could not heal the Wound she came to me, I gave her a Root as usual and ordered some gentle Purges, (but no Salts on any Account, for I always find them bad in scrophulous Cafes) and gave her some Vervain Ointment for the Wound, which son healed it up.

#### CASE IV.

Elizabeth Reynolds, Wife of Joseph Reynolds of Hasted, Farmer, aged 25 Years, came with her Lips much swelled, and had been coming three Years; the Infide of the Nose and upper Lip broke out and very scabby, and a large uneven scrophulous Tumour had been increasing three Quarters of a Year under the right Ear, and several swellings on the left Side of the Neck. I dispersed all the Swellings, and cured her other Complaints, in fix Months, she

she has had no Returns, now five Years ago, First I gave her a Root, and purged her with gentle Phyfic as ufual; I gave her fome Vervain Ointment for the Lip and Nofe, and ordered her to take fome green Hemlock Leaves, and bruife and apply them warm once a Day to the large Tumor; in fix Weeks the Tumor was greatly diminished, but the Hemlock worn conftantly fomething affected her Head and Eyes, fo I ordered it only to be applied at Night and fo lie on till Morning, which in two or three Months reduced the Swelling entirely, and all the fmall Tumors vanished, and is now, and has been ever fince in good Health and Spirits. Note, If the Hemlock affects the Head, as it fometimes will do, if applied near the Head and Neck, fome gentle Phyfic must be often used, or the Quantity of Hemlock leffened; if neither will do, leave it quite off.

## CASE V.

William Ardley, Weaver, of Coggeshall in Effex, aged 40 Years, had been much troubled with the Tooth-ach and Ear-ach, then a fore broke within-fide the left Cheek and discharged near a Pint of flinking matter at feveral Times, then a large Tumor arole on the left Jaw-bone and broke into three Ul-C 3 cers,

cers, and discharged much Matter, when the Sore within the Mouth healed up, it was with Difficulty he could open it. I gave him a Root, and ordered him once a Week a Purge of Jalap, five or fix Grains, more or lefs as it operated, two Motions a Day fufficient. Applied to the Sores without fide the Cheek, a Poultice of White Bread, Milk, White Lilly Roots, and Groundfel, all mashed together, and laid on warm Morning and Night; this fufficiently digested the Sore, then I healed it up with black Plaisters as follows : Take White Lead finely powdered, Ounces two, Oil Olive, Ounces four, mixed in a large earthen Pipkin; boil it over a flow Fire, and ftir it all the Time with a Piece of Lead till it grows of a deep brown or blackish Colour, which cofts an Hour or more; let the Pipkin not be above a Quarter full left it boil over, which it is very apt to do, let it cool in a Gally-pot and keep it for Use; when you use it, warm the Point of a Knife and spread it pretty thick on black Silk or Linen Rag, and apply warm, and it will stick; do not pull the Plaisters off, lest you hurt the Sore; when it falls off itfelf, apply a fresh one as long as wanted.

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## CASE VI.

Deborah A'fton, Wife of Thomas A'fton of Heney in Effex, aged 24 Years, when the came to me had a running Ulcer about the Middle of the Outfide of her left Thigh, had been healing and running alternately for ten Years, a small Ulcer near the left Breaft, and fmall Kernels fometimes about the Neck and Throat, which shewed the Complaint to be fcrophulous; fhe had been twice falivated and much done to little Purpose. I gave her a Root, and ordered Rofe Leaves boiled in Whey for a gentle Purge once a Week, and ordered her to wash the Ulcers twice a Day with a strong Infusion of Hemlock Leaves, and to apply a Rag fpread with Elder Ointment over all. About two Months after she felt a Piece of Bone very loofe, I ordered her then to apply much Lint wetted with the Infusion Morn and Night, and the Elder Ointment as before; three Weeks after the found the Point of a Bone flicking out, she herself, with the Point of a Penknife, enlarged the Wound and took out a Piece of Bone, and examining the Wound with her Finger took out two more Pieces, and much Blood followed; a Week after she brought the three Pieces to me, the Wound C4 lookt

lookt clean and healed up in a Month's Time; she has no Lameness, but walks well and enjoys good Health, and feels no more Prickings or Signs of any more Pieces of Bone; two of the Exfoliations are two Inches and a Half long each, and one Inch broad, and the other is two Inches long and three Quarters of an Inch broad, and all together weighing a Quarter of an Ounce; fome Parts looked black and fome white, and looked as if worm-eaten; the whole Length when laid together meafured feven Inches. Note, Elder Ointment is made in the Spring, by boiling the young Leaves in Mutton Suet, till the Moifture is wafted, or in Pork-Lard; to make it ftrong, add the same Quantity of Leaves as before, after ftraining the first Leaves from the Liquor, and repeat this three Times; in Winter when no Leaves, take the tender Bark of the last Summer's Shoots, scrape and boil them as above, and keep for Ufe.

#### CASE VII.

Robert Russ, aged 23, Son of Mr. James Russ Quarter-master of Sir Robert Rich's Dragoons, when he came to me was quartered at Chelmsford in Essex; a Monkey had bitten the left Side of his Neck which was fore,

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fore, he had many scrophulous Swellings under his Chin and round about the Neck, hard, and oftimes very painful, and many small Pustules breaking out like a falt Humour in many Parts. I gave him the Vervain Root to wear about his Neck, and ordered him a gentle Purge of Jalap in thin Milk once a Week; the other fix Days to take a Dram of Antimony finely powdered, or levigated, mixt with the fame Quantity of Loaf Sugar beat fine, and to wash it down with a Quarter of a Pint of Groundivy Tea, and to continue this Course fix Months, and ordered him to use Vervain Ointment to the Sores. An Acquaintance of his, which he recommended to my Care, affures me he told him he had the Happiness of being perfectly cured, with God's Affiftance, under my Hands; and declares no other Remedies he had ever used had any Effect but mine. This was three Years after the Cure.

## CASE VIII.

John Butcher, of Bocking in Effex, Bay Weaver, aged 30. He first felt a dashing Pain suddenly strike into the lower Joint of the Fore-finger of his right hand, and in about a Month all the other Fingers and Thumb were affected in the same Manner, and so contracted, that he could not stir them even even with the other Hand without great Pain. No Discolouration or any perceivable Tumor, Swelling, or preternatural Heat, to the Touch of himfelf or others. This Man I reftored to the full Use of his Hand, Fingers, and Thumb, by the following Method ; I gave him a Root as usual, and ordered a Purge of Rofe Leaves, boiled in Whey, once a Week, and directed him to boil Cabbage Leaves bruifed in Water, and bathe his Hand in the warm Liquor Morn and Night, for half an Hour at a Time, and to rub all the Joints after Bathing with the Vervain Ointment. This Man had feveral Relations troubled with the Evil, and therefore fufpected his Complaint to be of that Nature, and treated him as a scrophulated Patient and cured him in two Months. He was difcharged from the Effex Militia, and after Cure admitted again.

#### CASE IX.

Robert London, Son of Robert London of Bradfield Combust in Suffolk, aged 32, had a Fever which held about a Week; three Months after, thirteen Tumors arofe about the Legs, Thighs, and Buttocks, had been all opened by a Surgeon, and difcharged monftroufly, which had reduced him to a meer Skeleton; he was brought to me in a Cart with

with a Bed made in it, being unable to move Hand or Foot, or to be moved without great Trouble; I went out to fee this poor Man in the Cart, he looked fo like a dead Corpfe, that People which faw him fet out from Home never expected to fee him return again alive, his Stomach gone, and Vifage fo ghaftly. This Man's Sores were all tented, which I ordered to be pulled out, and all the Dreffings to be laid afide, and ordered all the Sores to be gently fyringed twice a Day with a strong Decoction of Hemlock, Milkwarm, and apply dry Lint, and left it should flick, Elder Ointment spread on a Rag over all, and ordered him daily half a Dram of Antimony finely powdered, with an equal Quantity of Loaf Sugar, and to wash it down with Groundivy Tea. I also put a Root about his Neck, as I do to every one: in three Weeks Time his Stomach returned and his Sores began to heal, in two Months the Surgeon wrote me he was quite well; many call this the Running Evil.

### CASE X.

Sufan Ottley, of Bocking in Effex, fingle Woman, aged 26 Years, fhe came to me with almost numberless Ulcers and fungous scabby Excressencies from the Top of the right Shoulder down below the Nipple of the right Breast, and all hollow like a Honey Comb,

Comb; fhe had a deep Ulcer on the Infide the Arm, near the right Arm-pit, one near her Shoulder, and one within-fide the Arm about three Inches above the Elbow, and one almost under the right Buttock, and Stomach, and bad Health and Complexion, had this Disease hereditarily, had one Sister died of it, and another had it in her Eyes, which I cured. This Perfon came and lived near me, fo that I faw her once in eight or ten Days, by which Means I effected the Cure in the following Manner: I first gave her a Root, and applied a Plaister of Sperma Ceti and Sallad Oil to the Scabs on the Shoulder, Neck, and Breaft, which made them shell off; afterwards applied the black Plaister, as in Cafe the Fifth, which being changed and renewed as Occafion required, at length healed up all the Sores; all the Time of her Cure I gave her daily a Dram of Antimony, finely powdered, mixt with half a Dram of Loaf Sugar, and to drink a Cupful of Groundivy Tea after it; if it gave more than two Stools in twenty-four Hours, I leffened the Dofe, and fometimes increased it as I found her Body in Order; I continued this Courfe many Months; all her Sores are now well, and the has got a good Stomach, and a healthy florid Countenance, and fo likely to continue. I advise her to purge gently every Spring and Fall with Jalap three or four Times.

### [ 29 ]

#### CASE XI.

Mary Bingham, Wife of Adam Bingham, Husbandman, late of Creffing, now living at Patifwick, in Effex, aged 28 Years, was led to me, having been totally blind for twelve Months paft. Both Eyes looked as almost covered over with Cobwebs, of a dead Leaden Colour, run much scalding Water, mixed with White thick Matter from the Corners of her Eyes, and almost continual dashing Pains about her Forehead, with many fcrophulous Breakings out about the Corners of her Mouth, and feveral other Places. I gave her a Root of Vervain to wear about her Neck, and ordered her to purge once a Week, with dried Damask Rose Leaves, boiled in Whey, and gave her a Phial of diffilled Vervain Water, to drop five or fix Drops cold into each Eye, four or five Times a Day, and to wash them every Morning with the coldeft Spring Water. This Method, in a few Months, reftored her Sight, fo that the can now fee to fpin, and any common Work. Three Years after this, the shewed me her Right Breast very hard and full of Pain, some Remainder of the old Complaint, for Want of proper Care, having fallen into it : I ordered her to poultice it with half White Nettle Leaves, and half Elder Leaves, warm. Morning and Night, and this has reftored it well as the other; this

this is two Years fince, and as I have heard nothing from her, no Doubt but fhe continues well.

#### CASE XII.

Eleanor Bullmer, keeps the Golden Lyon in Newmarket, Suffolk, aged 55, about seven Years fince, had a violent Rash came out all over her, then fell into the Left Leg, and produced a very large foul, deep, ftinking Ulcer, almost all round the small of her Leg, five or fix Inches long; the Muscle that bends the Great Toe and Foot upwards; bare and dry as a horn, an Inch or more in Length, and grown about with much Proud Flesh. This woman had not been able to ftir off her Couch for a Year and a Half without great Difficulty, and two Stilts under her Arms; and a great Phyfician told her; that if the went to an Hospital, the Ulcer might be healed in two Months, but in all Probability it would kill her. Living at Newmarket, several Physicians have seen her fince I took her in hand: The Muscle of the Leg is rotted out, fo that the cannot bend her Foot upwards, and must always go limping; the goes about her Houfe without any Crutches, and now and then an underhand Staff, especially up Steps: The Ulcer 15

and has a to

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is now very clean, and not above the Bignefs of a Half Crown, and the Woman in good Health and Spirits, and able to manage her House herself, having, fince I first faw her, loft her Hufband, who fetched me to fee her. I gave her a Root, judging the Cafe scrophulous, and ordered the Ulcer to be cleanfed twiced a Day from its Filth, with a Decoction of Hemlock, and then to apply the Herb bruifed, with Pork Lard and fine Oatmeal, warm, as a Poultice, fresh twice a Day as long as wanted, and at the fame Time to use the. following Diet Drink: viz. Take Senna, two Ounces; of tharp pointed Dock Root, Half a Pound; the Great Water Dock Root, Half a Pound; Polypody Roots, Half a Pound; all fliced very thin; Crude Antimony grofly powdered, one Pound, and tied up in a Rag: Boil all in three Gallons of Sweet Wort, till one Gallon is wasted; ftrain it when cool enough ; work it with a Spoonful of Yeast; add white Nettles, Green Broom, and Ground-Ivy, of each bruifed a Handful; let all work together; when done, strain and bottle up close for Use. Of this Liquor the drank a Coffee-Cupful, Morning and Night, and was to increase or lessen the Dose as it operated; two Motions in Twentyfour Hours are fufficient. This Diet Drink fhe regulated accordingly, and found great Effects from it. She was also to anoint her 3 -24 Hold South at reb old Legs

Leg round the Ulcer with Elder Ointment. As the Ulcer is now brought to good Condition and fmall Compafs, I think it much better for her Health at her Time of Life, than healing it quite up. Note. It is beft in Summer Time to make but half the Quantity of Diet Drink at once, left it turn four and vomitive; it must then be thrown away, and fresh made. I also cured her Son of the Evil in his Eyes at the same Time; and in the same Manner as before related.

#### CASE XIII.

John Nicolls, Son of Zachariah Nicolls, Miller, of Little Ashen, near Dunmow in Esfex, aged 7 Years, had a scrophulous Swelling of the Great Toe of the Left Foot, and feveral fmall running Ulcers on the fame, which discharged a thin Watery Icor, for Half a Year, and the Evil a little in the Left Eye. I gave this Child a fmall Root; ordered Syrup of Rofes and Manna equal Parts, in thin Milk once a Week, for a gentle Purge, and to wash his Eyes with the coldest Spring Water every Day, and a Cataplasm of a Garden Snail out of a Shell, beat to a Mash, with the same Quantity of Garden Parsley, and applied to the Toe fresh twice in Twenty-four Hours; this perfectly cured the Diforder in three Months.

### [ 33 ]

## CASE XIV:

Matthew Byford, Son of Abel Byford, of Little Sampford, in Effex, aged 18 Years; three Years fince, a large Tumor arofe on the upper Part of his Left Thigh, and had been broke into an Ulcer about a Fortnight, and run much thick Matter: An Inch above the Ulcer was a very red inflammatory Swelling, which feemed to communicate with the Ulcer: I gave this Lad a Root, and ordered to purge once a Week, with equal Parts of Manna and Syrup of Rofes, diffolved in Cheefe Whey, for two Months, and to inject a Decoction of Hemlock into the running Ulcer; then to apply a Poultice of half white Nettle Leaves (by fome called Archangel) and half Elder Leaves, beat into a Mash, with a little Pork Lard and fine Oatmeal, fresh and warm, twice a Day, over both Ulcer and Tumor, which in three Months made a perfect Cure.

# CASE XV.

Elizabeth Golden, Wife of John Golden, of Water Beauchamp, in Effex, Hufbandman, had a Year ago a most violent hot falt Humour invaded her Left Leg, and broke into numberles Water Bladders, itched much, and greatly inflamed, and the Flesh hardered; the Infide of the Thigh on the fame D Side Side began to be affected in the like Manner; I advifed her to drink Half a Pint of Tea made with the common Red Dock Roots fliced thin, Morning and Night, or boiled in Cheefe Whey; then to wafh her Leg and Thigh all over with an Infufion of Green Hemlock Leaves, and to anoint the fame with Elder Ointment; in three Months fhe came almost well, but complained of a Coldness at her Stomach, for which I ordered a gentle Purge of Jalap, with a little grated Ginger, once a Week. About two Months after stoma to thank me, being quite free of her Complaints.

### CASE XVI.

Edward Howlet, of Burnham, in Effex, Husbandman, aged 30; about two Years ago a Tumour appeared and disappeared at Times near the Right Jugular for a Year; afterwards it swelled as large as a Halfpenny Loaf, then was poulticed by a Surgeon's Directions, but it did not suppurate or disperse, but was opened, and fome Part cut away, and discharged a little thick bloody Matter; it had been cut eleven Times, as fast as the fungous kept growing, and discharged much of the fame fort of Matter. Now he came to me, and the fungous was large and flat, with thick Edges, like a Cake laid on the Part; the Edges were ulcerated, it was three Inches Side

Inches in Diameter, and one Inch thick, the Man well in every other Respect: As I apprehended this to be a scrophulous Cafe, I gave him a Root to wear at his Stomach, and ordered to purge gently twice a Week with Damask Rose Leaves, boiled in Cheese Whey, to apply Slips of the Black Plaifter (fee Cafe V.) to the Ulcers round the Edge of the fungous, and all over the Hemlock Leaves bruifed and very hot, twice a Day. He came in a Month much mended, in three Months the fungous almost wasted, and fome Months after he came to shew me, he was quite well, not the least Remains of the fungous or any Ulcer, but the Neck fmooth and even, and no Complaint whatever.

#### CASE XVII.

Elizabeth Hart, Daughter of Thomas Hart, of Earls Colne, Effex, Hufbandman, aged 20 Years, had a Swelling on the Windpipe, which compreft it to a great Difficulty of fwallowing, and her Throat very fore within-fide; had been increasing two Years, the Lips often cracked and bled. I gave this young Woman a Root, and directed to purge gently often, with Syrup of Roses and Manna in Cheese Whey or thin Milk, and to apply a Cataplasm of a Garden Snail and Parsley bruised fresh, Morning and Evening; this brought out many small Pimples, which D 2 discharged difcharged fome little watery Matter, then died away, and in a Day or two others appeared and difcharged in like Manner for fome Time, until the Humour difcharged itfelf that Way, and the Swelling all gone. I ordered her alfo to bruife eight or ten Millipedes or Sow Bugs, and make them into a Pill with frefh Butter, and going to reft to let it lye at the Root of her Tongue, and melt down leifurely, till the Sorenefs withinfide the Throat was no more; this Method in three Months removed all her Complaints.

### CASE XVIII.

Joseph Traylin, of Topfield in Esfex, Cooper, aged 40 Years, had feveral Tumors and Ulcers on the back of his Right Hand, which rendered it useless, and fome small glandular Swellings about his Groin and Arm-pits, has the Evil strong in the Family, found no Help from the Surgeon, then came to me as usual; I gave him a Root, and ordered to purge weekly for fix Weeks, with Damask Rose Leaves boiled in Whey, and fweetened with Manna, and to apply a Poultice of White Nettle Leaves beat to a Mash, with a little Pork Lard, and fine Oat-Meal, fresh and warm twice a Day, to the Back of the Hand; in a Week he found great Benefit, and in a Fortnight more, the Swellings on the Back of the Hand are all down and well;

well; he came about two Months, his Hand quite firm and well, and all his other Complaints vanished.

#### CASE XIX,

Mary Tyler, Wife of William Tyler of Haltsted, Husbandman, aged 36 Years, had the Evil breaking out all over her at Times for many Years; when the came to me had both Lips monstrously fwelled, and her Mouth fo very fore, that it was Pain to get her Victuals into it; her Nofe fwelled, and all the lower Parts of her Face and Chin almost one entire Scab, with many scrophulous Breakings-out on the upper Part of her Face; fhe was fuch a Spectacle fhe was ashamed any Body should see her; all her Neighbours told her fhe ought to cover her Face when fhe went into the Street; fhe had many other Breakings-out of the fame Kind on both Legs and Arms, and all very hot. I gave her a Root, and ordered gentle Jalap Purges twice a Week; and for constant Drink, a Handful of Groundivy-Leaves, and about an Ounce of Common Dock Roots fliced thin, and boiled in two Quarts of Water, covered, till a Pint was boiled away, ftrained and kept for Drink the next Day, and fo constantly, except she purged ; the Mouth to be washed twice a Day with an Infufion of green Hemlock-Leaves, and all Scabs on the Face, Legs, a l .noiming D 3 to sell the and

and Arms, or other Places, but to be careful fhe fwallowed none, or touched her Eyes, then to anoint with the Elder Ointment. As fhe lived by me, I faw her frequently, and fometimes found it proper to add half Hemlock Ointment to the other, that is made by boiling the green Leaves of frefh Hemlock, bruifed in Hog's Lard, and ftrained; if it wants to be ftronger, boil the fame Quantity of the Hemlock-Leaves in the fame Liquor two or three Times. She is now well, and her Face clean and fmooth, and no fcrophulous Symptoms; her Face being fo much altered, many Town's Folks declared they did not know her.

### CASE XX.

The next Cafe I shall give as drawn up by the Patient himself.

I John Hickman, Gardener to the Right Honourable Lady Bateman, at Yeldham in Effex, aged 50 Years; fix Months fince having a violent Rheumatic Pain struck into my right Arm and Hand, with great Weakness, my Hand grew very thick, and my Fingers stood out stiff and immoveable, and quite useless, that I could not list my Hand to my Head, nor take up an Ounce Weight off the Table with it; the Fless pitted much without Heat or Discolouration. I had a structure of the text of text of the text of the text of text of the text of text fmall Ulcer on the Wrift near my Hand. I was advifed, and had a Letter of Recommendation to the most eminent Surgeons in London, to whom I applied without any Success. After I came home, I was advised to apply to Mr. Morley, and three Weeks after I had been with him I could ftir my Fingers, and in ten Weeks Time the Swelling of my Hand was wholly gone, the Ulcer is entirely healed, and now by the Bleffing of God I can use my Hand and do my Work as usual, and never was in a better State of Health in my Life, as witness my Hand,

February, 1766.

## JOHN HICKMAN.

This Perfon was cured by the following Method; I gave him a large Vervain Root to wear at his Stomach, and directed him to purge once a Week with ten Grains of Jalap and ten Grains of Cream of Tartar, and to leffen the Quantity, if more than three or four Motions. I directed him to boil half a Pound of Salt-petre in a Quart of Spring Water to a Pint, and to apply Cloths three or four Times double wetted in the Liquor pretty warm, three Times in twentyfour Hours, a Quarter of an Hour at a Time, and to wrap up the Hand warm in Flannel, and also a Flannel Sleeve tight on the Arm; D 4 gave

gave him fome Vervain Ointment, as in Cafe I. to the Ulcer, and after a Piece of Lead Plaister, as in Cafe V. to the fame, which is found and well.

As the foregoing twenty Cafes and their Remedies are faithfully related, I recommend the farther Use (in fimilar Cases) of these fafe, eafy, and cheap Medicines, and Applications, to fuch unprejudiced perfons as shall be inclined to use them, not in the least doubting the Benefit that may accrue to the Difeafed by a fleady and regular Adherence to my Directions. I have had Thanks from many Persons, for the Benefits they have received, by my Effay being put into their Hands; and observing, and using the Directions therein; without my perfonal Knowledge or Affistance. Amongst the Number of Cafes now by me (which exceed fourteen Hundred), are some of scrophulated Breasts (by Surgeons generally called Cancers) and determined to be cut off, but are happily well, or in a fair way of being fo. I do not pretend to cure all that apply to me, that would be abfurd indeed: No, but I have been fo fortunate as to cure fome, given over by regular Practitioners, and recommended by them, to my Care. One Instance amongst others, as follows :

Mrs.

# [ 41 ]

Mrs. Brown, Wife of Mr. Brown, at the Cock in Clare, in Suffolk, brought me the underwritten.

#### SIR,

MRS. BROWN, the Bearer hereof, hath for fome Months laboured under a Difeafe in her Breaft, which the Surgeons term a Schirrhus. Various Applications have been tried, and many Medicines taken, which have only ferved to alleviate her Complaints, without laying a Foundation for healing. This Difeafe hath fo near an Affinity with the Evil, that I do not think but it may be really called fuch. I wifh you may be fo fortunate as to direct fomewhat that may be ferviceable; and am, Sir,

Your humble Servant,

Surgeon in Cavend fb, Augt. 23, 1761.

#### RICHARD HAWES."

Mrs. Brown was a fat lufty Woman; aged 27. About a Year fince a large Tumor rofe in her Right Breaft, and gathered in nine feveral Places, opened, dreft, and tented by the Surgeon, and difcharged much; but that being thought infufficient to leffen the Breaft, two Setons were made quite through the Breaft (which was very large) clofe to the Ribs, in the Form of a Crofs, and and as the Silk rotted in two (by the Virulence of the Matter), in eight or ten days, more Silk was put in. Four Surgeons met to take off the Breaft, and told her, if it was not taken off, the could not live to Michaelmas following; that her Breaft would rot off in a Week or two, if not cut off. This was the State of the Breaft, when I undertook it. The 30th of November following, I faw Mrs. Brown: all the Ulcers well healed, and the Breaft firm, and herself in good Health and Spirits, without any Complaint whatever. February 27, 1762, fhe was with me again, and shewed me her Right Breast, found and firm, but told me, that about three Weeks before, on taking cold, the felt a dathing pain in her Left Breaft, which she shewed me; there was a fmooth foft Tumor rifing on the upper Part, above the Nipple, which had increased fast, with some dashing Pains. I ordered her proper Remedies for this new April the 4th her Husband Complainr. came to tell me, the Tumor was broke and difcharged in feveral Places round the Nipple. I directed accordingly, and September the 6th following, her Hufband came again, and told me, her Breast had been quite well two Months paft, and his Wife in good Health and Spirits; no Complaint at all; and that the Day before he came, fhe was delivered of a fine girl, and both like to do very well. I faw I saw her some Days after, examined her Right Breaft, which had loft the Nipple, all continued firm and well; and alfo her left Breaft, but she had no Milk in it; but no Complaint whatever. Mrs. Brown had Twins in a Year after, and has had feveral more Children; both Breafts continue well and firm, and the last Lying-inn she had Milk came into her Left Breaft; which I think very extraordinary. It is eafy to obferve from this Cafe, that taking off Mrs. Brown's Right Breaft would have availed nothing; from the left Breast being disordered in the fame Manner: which plainly fhews lhat amputating Limbs, or Members, are of little Service without the Conflitution is amended; and then there is feldom any Occafion for the Knife at all. I have not mentioned the Methods I used in Mrs. Brown's Cafe, becaufe they are beyond the Management of the Vulgar. I shall mention the two following Cafes, to thew that no Age is exempt from this dreadful diforder. Samuel Pain, Son of Samuel Pain, Weaver in Clare aforefaid, was brought to me in the Month it was born with a large Ulcer on the Back of its Left Hand, was judged to be the King's Evil, by Mr. Young, a Surgeon of that Place, and by him recommended to my Care; this Infant was cured with a Root, fome Vervain Water to cleanfe the Sore, and Vervain Oint-

ment

ment on a Rag to the Place. The Father fent me a Letter of Thanks, for making (as he expresses it) a fafe Cure of his Child's Hand. It is evident from this Cafe, that very fimple, gentle Methods are often very efficacious, if used in the Infancy of this Disease. The next Case is of George Hogerall, aged 88. He was formerly an Under-Gardener to 'Squire Honywood in Effex, but discharged some Years fince. He was a fresh-coloured, healthy-looking Man, of his Years, as I have feen ; has been fo remarkably healthful all his Life, as never to take one Dofe of Phyfick. In the 86th Year of his Age, the Sight of both Eyes left him at once; fince which he has had feveral fmall fcrophulous Tumors, broke on each Side his Neck, and difcharged much, and feemed to be well digested. His Wife was with him (they had been married fifty Years) and confirmed the Account of his Health. I gave him my Affiftance, and ordered him to call on me when he came this Way again. (They travelled the Country for a Maintenance.) This is almost three Years ago; and I have heard nothing of them fince. He may poffibly be dead ; but I have Reason to think if he should, that the Diforder was not the Caufe of it. Who could ever have thought, that the King's Evil fhould lie dormant fo long, in the Conftitution

tion of fuch a healthy Perfon, without the least Symptoms, until the Age of Eightyfeven Years, and then appear in its genuine Form? From these two Instances it is very apparent, that no age is exempt from its cruel Ravages. I have had Application by Letter from many Persons, defiring me to to fend my Medicines, and Directions, and my Charges for them, for which I should be punctually paid. To which I answer, that I cannot comply with their Requests, without first feeing and examining the Patients themfelves, becaufe there are fo great a Variety of Symptoms, and Queftions proper to be asked relative thereto (which no Letter can inform me of) that I can be no Judge of the Cafe, without a perfonal Infpection and Conference, and confequently, it is prefcribing blindfold for a Malady that is not to be treated in fuch a fuperficial Manner. Many People fancy, if I fend them a Vervain Root, and order a little Phyfick, it will cure all the Complaints, Symptoms and Appearances of this Diforder, not confidering that fuch various Symptoms, Constitutions, and the different Parts affected, and its intimate Connections with other Difeafes, require very differently appropriated Medicines and Applications, according to the Nature of the Cafe and its Combinations.

I fhall

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I shall only further add a few Observations on this Diforder : I have had many Perfons that have been falivated, and taken many mercurial Preparations to very little Purpose; they are generally hurtful, and not feldom dangerous. I have found falt Water taken inwardly to have had bad Effects; outwardly it often dries up the Sores for a Time, which generally break out again near the fame Places, and will continue to do fo, unlefs the Habit of Body is altered. I very rarely order Bleeding, and never direct Vomits, which I think of no Ufe. Iffues or Setons I do not approve, and generally dry them up, as they are apt to draw the Humours into, and inflame them, and are troublesome, without any Affistance towards the Cure, as I could ever observe. I do not order Salts of any Kind for phyfical Purgation, but always the most mild and gentle Directions for that End. Hemlock I have used outwardly numberless Times with great Succefs, but 1 administer none inwardly; if any Tumors, &c. are near the Head, it must then be used with Caution, as in Case IV. I never use Knife or Caustic to open an Abscess, never more than the Point of a Lancet, and that but feldom, for I find proper Poultices much more eligible on many Accounts, too long here to enumerate. I advife

advise all People who are coffive under this this Diforder, to keep the Bodyalways foluble with very mild and gentle Purgatives; a little at a Time and often, is much more beneficial than strong Purges and feldom : Never to wear any Covering over the Eyes, but walh them often with cold Spring Water, which will ftrengthen them and repel the Humour, and the Purgatives will carry it off. These few Hints, I thought proper to add, to let People know, that it is gentle easy Methods, and not rough Prefcriptions and painful Applications, that are most efficacious in this obstinate Diforder. Perfons though ever fo poor and diffreffed, are welcome to confult me, for further Advice, if they find or even but fuspect themselves to be tainted with this Diforder, on any Morning (Sundays excepted) for I refuse no Body (if I am well). As I am often fent for many Miles to give my Advice to those, who are unable, or unwilling to come to Halfted to me. I vifit any Persons of Credit and Reputation, at London, or within an Hundred Miles of it, if they fend, or order, a Carriage for me, and pay all my Expences on the Road, out and Home; giving me a few Davs Notice. I have had many Guineas offered me, but never took one Shilling. Sometimes, indeed, neighbouring Gentlemen and Ladies have given me small Acknowledgments

ments of Tea, Wine, Venifon, &c. and when at a Distance, small Pieces of Plate, or other Prefents have been fent from genteel Perfons. I should not have faid thus much; but I find fome Gentlemen have expressed themselves at a Loss (as I take no Money) how to make me a Recompence for my Trouble; and others, fearing I should afterwards make a large Demand for my Affiftance, have been deterred from confulting me; but I have no fuch lucrative Views; only the Good of my Fellow-Creatures at Heart. No body can be fo mean and unreafonable, as to expect I should be Money out of Pocket for their Service. The Pleafure I take in relieving the Afflicted of my own Species, affords me the highest Content and Satisfaction.

Evil be to them, that Evil think.

FINIS.

sedies have niven me land.







