Miss Mary Blandy's own account of the affair between her and Mr. Cranstoun. From the commencement of their acquaintance, in the year 1746, to the death of her father in August 1751 ... / to which is added an appendix, containing copies of some original letters now in possession of the editor.

Contributors

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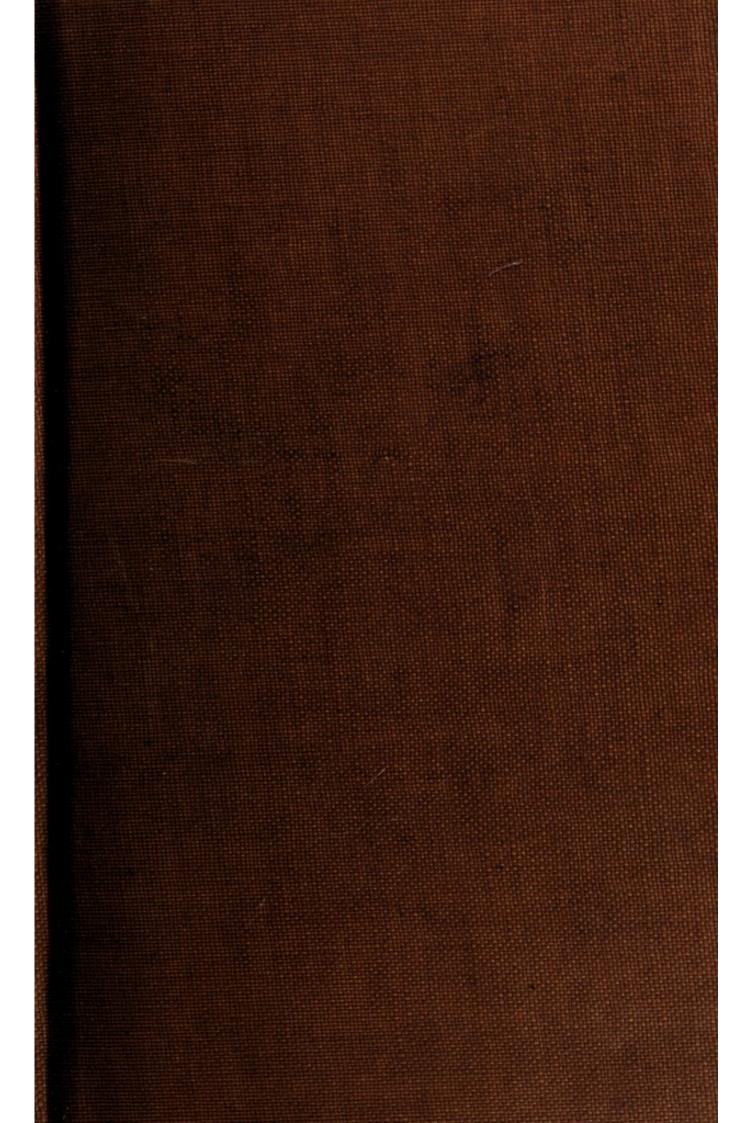
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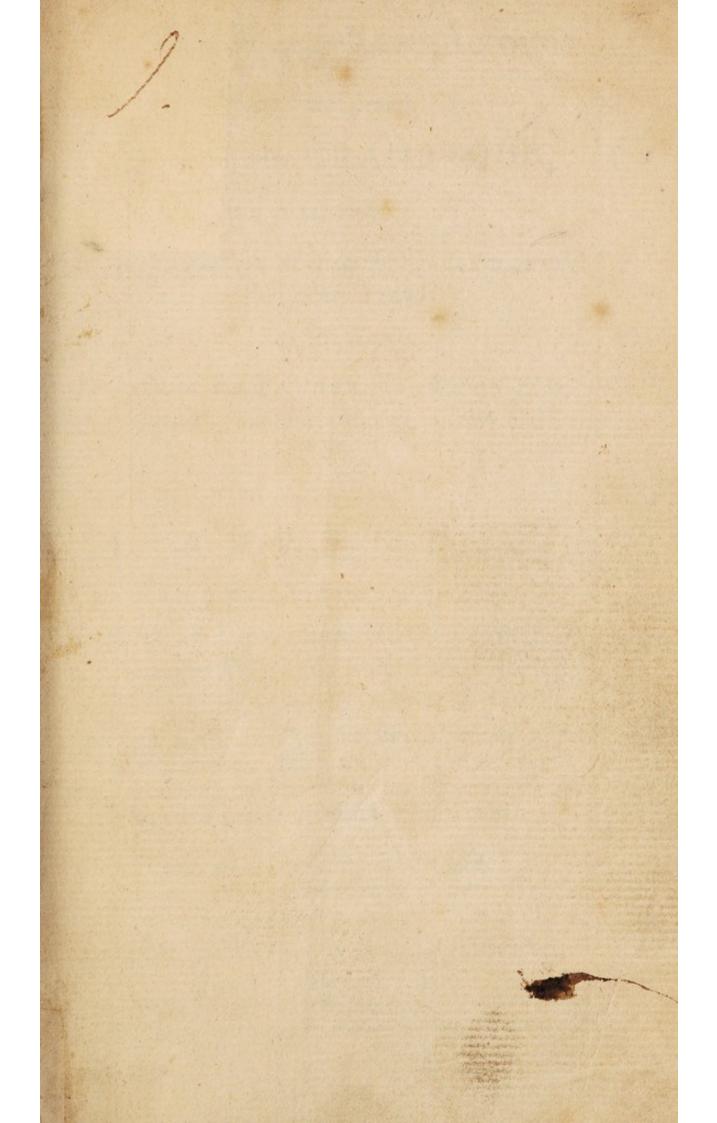
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Miss Mary Blandy's own Account

Of the Affair between

HER and Mr. CRANSTOUN,

FROM THE

COMMENCEMENT of their Acquaintance, in the Year, 1746.

TOTHE

DEATH of her FATHER, in August 1751.
With all the Circumstances leading to that unhappy
Event.

To which is added,

An APPENDIX.

CONTAINING

COPIES of some ORIGINAL LETTERS now in Possession of the Editor.

TOGETHER WITH

An exact Relation of her Behaviour, whilst under Sentence; and a Copy of the Declaration signed by herself, in the Presence of two Clergymen, two Days before her Execution.

Published at her dying Request.

LONDON:

Printed for A. MILLAR, in the Strand, MDCCLII.
(Price One Shilling and Sixpence)

N. B. The ORIGINAL ACCOUNT, authenticated by Miss Blandy in a proper Manner, may be seen at the above A. Millar's.

Mile Mary Blandy's own, Account Of the Albir between HER and MECKAMSTOUM, THE MONT COMMENCE VIEW OF EDGY ACCUMENTAGES. e was part of all all DEATH of her Pasture, in Alend 17 cs. APPHUD And the state of her Drukane and Deal EOREON:

TOTHE

READER.

S the Affair between Miss Blandy, executed on Monday the - sixth instant at Oxford, and Mr. Cranstoun, has been the Subject of all Conversation, both in Town and Country, for Several Months past; an authentic and circumstantial Account of it cannot fail of proving acceptable to the Public: which would of itself be a Sufficient Apology for sending these Sheets into the World. But the Editor has a farther Motive for the Publication of the following Narrative. Miss Blandy, in some of her last Moments, most earnestly desired, that the Whole, which had been partly penned and partly dictated by her, might be submitted to the Judgment of the Public, without any material

rial Alteration or Abridgment. Compliance, therefore, with her dying Request, and at the Solicitation of Several Persons of Rank and Figure in the University of Oxford, it has been thought proper to exhibit it, as near as possible, in her own Words. There are not then in this Copy, from the original MS. any considerable Departures, or Variations. Nor is it to be doubted but this, since such Care has here been taken industriously to avoid all bitter Invectives, all personal Reflections, and even all Asperity of Expression, will prove the most likely Means to procure it a candid and favourable Reception.

Miss BLANDY's own ACCOUNT, &c.

to a Determination? I have, added he, wished

to you I have made no Secret of: I can affore

the following Terms:

have upon my Hands an uphappy Aff.

To which I replied, "

Y Acquaintance with Mr. Cranstoun, who was Lieutenant of a Regiment of Marines, commenced at Lord Mark Ker's, in one of the Summer-months, as I at present apprehend, of the Year 1746. first we entertained of each other only Sentiments of Friendship, I being upon the Point of marrying another Gentleman; which, for some prudential Reasons, was soon put off, and at last came to nothing. Some Months after our first Interview, Mr. Cranstoun left Henley; and, about the following Summer, returned to his Uncle, Lord Mark Ker, who lived at a House he had hired in that Town, called Paradise. After his Arrival at Henley, our Friendship continued for some Time; in one Part of which I told him, as a Friend that wished me well, of another advantageous Match that had been proposed to me; but at the same time declared to him, that I was afraid the Gentleman was not formed to make me happy. Upon this, he asked me, "whe-" ther or no I preferred mutual Love to the Gran-

"deur of Life?" To which I replied, "I pre-"ferred the Man I loved and esteemed to all " others." This induced him to make a Propofal to me in the following Terms: " Miss Blandy, I " have upon my Hands an unhappy Affair, which " to you I have made no Secret of: I can affure " you, before I speak what follows, I am not now " married, nor ever was; tho' by the Nature of " the Laws of Scotland, I am involved in some " Difficulties brought upon me by that Affair, out " of which it will be some Time before I can ex-" tricate myself. Do you think you could love a " Man well enough to flay till this Affair be brought " to a Determination? I have, added he, wished " fuch a Proposal might take Effect from the very " first Moment that I saw you; but my Honour " would not permit me to make it in form, till the " Invalidity of my pretended Marriage did appear " to the whole World." To this I made no Reply, as Lord Mark Ker at that Instant came into the Garden; Mr. Cranstown and I being then at his House. The next Day Mr. Cranstoun came to my Father's, and renewed the Discourse; on which I told him, that " if my Papa and Mamma would " approve of my staying for him, I readily con-" fented thereto." After this he took the first Opportunity of speaking to my Mamma upon the same Subject; and received from her the following Answer: "Sir, you do my Daughter an Honour; " but I have understood, that you have a perplex-" ing Affair upon your Hands, and it is reported " that you are married." He then made Answer, " Madam, as I have a Soul to be faved, I am not, " nor ever was." To which she replied: " Very " well, Mr. Cranstoun, I will take your Word as to "that; but I have many more Reasons to give you " why I disapprove of your Proposal. In the first " Place,

" Place, you are a Man of Fashion, and I believe wyour Fortune small; my Daughter has been " brought up with great Care and Tenderness; and " as neither of you feem to me cut out to live upon " a small Fortune, you would both like to live in a Manner suitable to your Station." To which fhe added, "I can affure you, Mr. Cranstown, had " my Daughter 10,000 l. and in my Disposal, I would give her to you with the greatest Pleafure. There is one Thing, continued she, I think, Mr. Cranstown, I ought to inform you of. Notwithstanding the World reports Mr. Blandy " to be able to give his Daughter down a handse some Fortune, I am sure he cannot do it; tho' I was ever made a Stranger to his Circumstances." To which he replied, " If Mr. Blandy will give me is his Daughter, I shall not trouble him about " that." This, as far as I can recollect, is the Substance of what passed on Mr. Cranstoun's first making his Addresses to me.

After the last Conference, my Mamma and Mr. Cranstoun had several others to the same Effect; the last of which was followed by Mr. Cranstoun's Journey to Bath. He attended his Uncle, Lord Mark Ker, thither; but before he left Henley, he obtained my Father's Leave to correspond with me. He went to Bath, if my Memory fails me not, in the latter Season of the Year 1747; after I had been above a Year acquainted with him. He staid at Bath about five or fix Weeks; and, after his Return to Henley, lived at our House, with my Father's and Mother's Approbation, five or fix Months. At the End of this Term, he went up to Town; and, within a few Days after his Arrival there, wrote to my Father, to beg the favour of him to comply with his Request, that I might be permitted to stay for him till his unhappy Affair with Mifs Murray, B 2 (for

(for fo was his supposed Wife called) was finally determined. This, he faid, he was affured, by the best Judges, must end in a little Time with certain Success: Which, as he added, would make him the happiest Man living; and he doubted not but he should communicate the same Degree of Happiness to me, by the tender Treatment I should meet with from him. My Father gave the Letter to me with a Smile, and told me, "that was a Letter which he " believed I should read with some Pleasure." After I had read it, I said, "When will you answer " it, Sir?" To which he replied, " Not at all." Upon this, looking earnestly at him, said, " Not at " all, Papa?" " No, replied he, you shall an-" fwer it yourself." "In what Manner, Sir?" subjoined I. " As, returned he, is most agreeable to " you." To which, however, he thought fit to add, "Tho' I give you Leave in this Manner, yet " if you are prudent you will not think of hav-" ing a Man of Quality without any Fortune, when " you may marry a Man with a very ample one, " of as good a Gentleman's Family as any in Eng-" land: Bur, continued he, if you can be contented, I'll do what I can to make you happy with him. I believe he loves you, and mutual Love " must make the Marriage-state happy." Mr. Blunt, the Owner or Proprietor of Paradife, the House inhabited by Lord Mark Ker, was then at my Father's, and knew, if I am not mistaken, from whom the Letter came: Be that as it will, no more passed on this Subject at that Time. next Post I informed Mr. Cranstoun, that "My " Papa had given me Leave to write to him what-" ever I pleased; in consequence of which I should " take the Liberty to affure him, that I would flay " for him, and accept of no other Offer till his " Affair was brought to a Decision; and that if it

66 Was

"was not determined in his Favour, I doubted whether I should accept of any ever after." Tho' I did not see Mr. Cranstoun for several Months, our Correspondence still continued; Letters passing

and repaffing between us almost every Post.

During this Interval, my Mamma went to a Place called Turville-court, to the House of one Mrs. Pocock; where she was seized with a Disorder, that it was thought would have proved fatal to her. Through the whole Course of her Illness, when in her Senses, she constantly cried out, "Let Cran-" stoun be sent for :" On which, I at last fent for him. He was then at Southampton; which, by the Miscarriage of one of his Letters, I was ignorant of: But the very Night he reached London, he fet out for Turville-court, and arrived there about Ten o'Clock at Night. As foon as he came to Mrs. Pocock's House, he was instantly taken up into my Mother's Chamber, which greatly refreshed and revived her: For she immediately raised herself up in Bed, took him about the Neck, and kiffed him in the most affectionate Manner. At the same Time, the faid, " My dear Cranstoun, I am glad you are " come; I now shall grow well soon." Nor would the take any Medicines, but from his Hand, faying, " My poor Nurse must not be jealous, (meaning " her Daughter) fince loving him I know is pleafing " her." The next Day she got up, and sent for Mr. Cranstoun into her Room; saying, " This I " owe to you, my dear Cranstoun; your coming " has given me new Health and fresh Spirits: I " was fearful lest I should die, and you not be here " to comfort that poor Girl, how like Death she " looks!" My Father came thither that Day to fee his Spouse, and took Mr. Cranstoun, who met him in the Hall, up in his Arms, saying, "I am " glad to fee you here, how does my Wife?" 66 Upon

" Upon Mr. Cranstoun's telling him, " she was " much better, and up," he faid, smiling, " I " fuppose they will both of them (meaning his "Wife and Daughter) be much better, now you " are come." My Father feemed in great good Humour all that Day. The next Time he came, (for he returned Home at Night) he appeared much out of Humour at the great Expence incurred by my Mother on the foregoing Occasion, and defired her to think of removing to her own House; since in that Case, neither the Physician's Fees nor the Apothecary's Journies could be so expensive. the was too weak to be removed immediately: However, in a short Time, she returned Home, in Company with myself and Mr. Cranstoun, who, with my Father and Mother's Approbation, refided with us above fix Months. During which Interval, my Father was fometimes extremely kind, and fometimes very rude to Mr. Cranstoun, as well as very harsh to his Daughter. I observed, that this Rudeness and Harshness generally appeared after he had been in Company with some Persons, and particuly one hereafter mentioned, who were known not to approve of my Marriage with Mr. Cranstoun. Father also frequently made my Mother very uneasy, on account of her Approbation of that Marriage; tho' he always declared, that he thought Mr. Cranstoun a most agreeable Man. Whilst he was last at my Father's House, the Regiment of Marines to which he belonged was broke at Southampton; which obliged him to go thither: But he did not flay there above two or three Days; and upon his Return to Henley, was received by my Father with great Tenderness, who told him, that "as he was now broke, he supposed his Cash would run low; " and that therefore he was welcome to flay " with him." This happening in my Presence, I went up to my Father, kiffed him, and said, "Sir, "I shall never forget this Goodness." Mr. Cran-stoun having lost his Post in the Regiment of Marines, did not remain long in Henley; but set out soon for London, where he made a pretty considerable stay. We kept up, however, our Correspondence, as usual in Times of Absence, he writing

to me almost every Post.

A few Months after Mr. Cranstoun's return from Southampton, my Mother went up to London, in order to ask Advice for a Complaint in her Breast, and took me along with her. Upon our Arrival there, we went to her Brother's, Mr. Henry Stevens's, in Doctors-Commons, where we refided all the Time we remained in Town. I had before apprized Mr. Cranstoun of our intended Journey; and he waited upon me the next Morning after our Arrival at my Uncle's: Hither he came every Day to visit me, whilst we stayed in London. Once he brought his Brother, the Lord Cranstoun, with him, who was then just married. One of Mr. Cranstoun's Visits happening a little before Dinner, my Mother asked her Brother, Mr. Henry Stevens, to invite him to dinner; but this Favour was refused her: On which, coming into the Dining-room, where she found me and Mr. Cranstoun, she took him by the Hand, and burst into Tears, saying, " My dear Mr. Cran-" froun, I am forry you should be so affronted by " any of my Family, but I dare not ask you to " flay to dinner. However, continued she, come " to me as often as you can in my own Apart-" ment; in a Morning I am always alone." To this Mr. Cranstoun made answer, " My dear Mam-" ma, don't be uneafy-I don't-come for the " Sake of them, but of you and your Daughter: " And let him put on never so terrible a Face, he " shall not keep me from you." At this Time Mrs.

Mrs. Pecock was in Town, and had a House in St. James's-square, to which I used to go most Days. Hither Mr. Cranstoun perpetually came, when he understood that I was here; and that with my Father's, who arrived in Town after we had reached it, and Mother's Consent. Mrs. Pocock often asked my Father, whilst in London, to make one of the Party. But he answered her, "You keep such " Quality Hours, as neither agree with my Health, " nor fuit my Business; however, you will have " Two Parts of me, my Wife and my Daughter." "Yes, replied Mrs. Pocock, and not only these "Two, but likewise another Bit of you, which " will be coming foon." At this he smiled, and faid, "What Cranstoun! a little Bit, indeed, I " think! They are very well matched-I was fur-" prised not to find him here-I thought they " could not have been fo long afunder." My Father went away, and left his Family there. The next Day my Mother and I were invited to dine at Mrs. Pocock's, in order to meet the present Lord Crauford, then Lord Garnock, and Mr. Cranstoun: The latter attended Mrs. Pocock in a Coach she had hired to fetch me and my Mother into her House. My Father met us in the Strand, and stopped the Coach, crying out, " For God's Sake, Mrs. Po-" cock, what do you with this Rubbish every Day?" "Rubbish do you call them, replied she, your "Wife, your Daughter, and one who may be " your Son?" " Aye, aye, said he, they are very " well matched; 'tis Pity they should ever be asun-66 der." On which, Mr. Cranstoun took hold of my Father's Hand, and cried out, "God grant " they never may; don't you fay Amen, Papa?" At this my Father smiled, and said, " Make her " these fine Speeches Seven Years hence." He then took his Leave of them; faying, "He had ee to

" fo much Business upon his Hands, that he could "not stand idling there;" bidding the Coachman to drive on, and crying out, "God bless you, I "wish you merry." Mrs. Pocock then asked him, "If he could not contrive to come to them?" To which he made answer, alluding to the Distance of her House, "God bless you, do you think I can "now come down to Henley?" Then our Coachman drove on to St. James's-square; and soon after my Father left the Town, in order to return Home.

Whilst I was now in London, Mr. Cranstown proposed a private Marriage to me, faying, " It might " help us with regard to the Affair in Scotland; " fince a real Marriage, according to the Usage " of the Church of England, if Matters went hard, " might possibly invalidate a Contract that arose " only from Cohabitation." In order to understand which, it must be observed, that Mr. Cranfroun had before cohabited with one Miss Murray, by whom he had had a Child then living; and was confequently confidered, by the Laws of Scotland, as her Husband. This, he said, was the only thing that intituled her to him, as he never was married by any Priest. To Mr. Cranstoun's Propofal I answered, " I won't, Cranftoun, do you fo " much Injury, as well as myself; for my Father " never will forgive it, nor give me a Farthing." To which he replied, "There will be no Occasion " to discover it, but upon such an interesting Event; " and then furely, if you love me, you will fuffer " any thing rather than part with me. - What " would not I suffer for you!" To this I made answer, " I would do nothing in the Affair with-" out he could procure the Advice of the best " Council, and be certainly informed by this that " fuch a Marriage would be valid. Confider with 66 your"yourfelf, said I, Cranstoun, what a Condition I should be in, if I should lose my Character, my Friends, and yourfelf?—And you I must lose, if your former supposed Marriage should be decidered valid, and in Honour we must never see each other more." He then said, "He would go and lay the Case immediately before the best Council, particularly Mr. Murray, the Sollicitor General." But I heard no more of this Affair whilst we staid in Town, excepting that it was laid before the said Council; nor did I receive any more

Sollicitations from him on this head.

About this Time my Mother being distressed for Money, was very uneafy, as well as in a bad state of Health; which gave me great Concern. Being one Day, therefore, alone, and in Tears, Mr. Cranfloun came unexpectedly into the Room, and infifted upon knowing the Reason of my Grief; which at last, after many tender Persuasions on his Part, I discovered to him. I told him my Mother owed Forty Pounds, and as she durst not inform my Father of it, did not know which way to get it. To this he replied, " I only wish I had as many Hun-" dreds: I will get it for you, my dear, to-mor-" row. Poor Woman, how can her Husband use 45 her fo!" On which, my Mother coming in, no more was at that Time faid: Mr. Granstoun stayed but a little while; and when he went away, he told me, " He would see about it." After he was gone, I took my Mother in my Arms, and faid, " My dear Mamma, you may be easy about this " Money, for Mr. Cranstoun will get it for you to-" morrow." At this my Mother burst into Tears, and cried, " Why will Mr. Blandy expose himself " and me fo? How can the poor Soul get it? But " he shall have my Watch, if ever he wants it, " and I cannot pay him in Money." To this I made

made answer, " As to paying him in Money, " Mamma, that you never can; having never been Mistress of such a Sum, nor likely ever to be of fo; but make yourself easy, if we meet, you " will never be asked for it." The next Day she and I went to fee her Sifter, Mrs. Frances Sievens, who then lived with her Uncle, Mr. Cary, in Watling-street; where Mr. Cranstoun and his Cousin, Mr. Edmonstoun, took their Leave of us, we being to fet out for Henley the Day following. Mr. Cranstoun brought the Money with him, which he delivered into my Mother's own Hand; on which, not being able to speak, she squeezed his Hand, and burst into Tears. He then kissed her, and said, "Remember 'tis a Son, and therefore don't make " yourself uneasy; you can't lie under any Obli-" gation to me." Then he took me by the Hand, and led me into another Room. Here I was going to return him Thanks for his Goodness to my Mother; but this he prevented, by kiffing me, and faying, "That was all he defired in Return." Then he gave me Five Guineas, and defired me to keep them by me; fince, in case the Council should think a private Marriage proper, they would enable me to come up in a Post-Chaise to London, and meet him there, with all possible Expedition. After a little farther Discourse, we parted in a very moving manner. I paid Ten Pounds for my Mother, out of the Forty Pounds she had been supplied with by Mr. Cranstoun, that very Night. The next Morning we set out for Henley, where we arrived in due Time. The Day following, being Sunday, I wrote to Mr. Cranstoun, as he had requested me to do; giving him an Account of our fafe Arrival, and thanking him in the strongest Terms, for his late extraordinary Favour. The next Day, being Monday, the other Thirty Pounds, being the remaining Part Part of the Money my Mother had borrowed of Mr. Cranstoun, she paid to the Footman, for Fowls, Butter, Eggs, Wine, and other Provisions, brought into the House, chiefly on account of Entertain-

ments, by him.

From this Time to Sept. 28th, 1749, my Mother continued in a good State of Health. But on that Day, which was about half a Year after her last Departure from London, at One o'Clock in the Morning, she was taken very ill. This giving me, who always lay with her, great Uneafiness, I immediately got up, and called her Maid, who instantly appeared; and then she got out of Bed, and retired. When she came into Bed again, she said, " My dear Molly, don't fright yourself: You know " there is now no Danger." In order to understand which Words, it will be proper to observe, that, when my Mother was in Labour of me, she received a Hurt; which made me apprehensive of ill Consequences, when either the Cholick, which was her present Disorder, or any Obstructions in the Parts contiguous to those which are the Seat of that Distemper, happened. She lay pretty easy 'till Six, when I dispatched a Messenger for Mr. Norton, the Apothecary to the Family, who lived in Henley. When he came, the complained of a Pain in her Bowels; upon which he took fome Blood from her, and ordered her fome gentle Physic. She seemed better after this, but nothing paffed through her. It being Friday, and many Country-gentlemen meeting to bowl at the Bell-Inn, the Rev. Mr. Stevens of Fawley, my Mother's Brother, came thither that Day, paid a Visit to his Sifter, and found her greatly indisposed. When he left the Room, in which she lay, for she kept her Bed, I followed him out, and asked him, if he thought there was any Danger; telling him how she then was, the Manner

Manner in which she was first seized, and what had been prescribed her. As she before had had several fuch Fits of the Cholick, Mr. Stevens did not apprehend any immediate Danger. I faid, "If my "Mamma was not better foon, I would fend for a " Physician." To which he replied, " You are " much in the right of it; but stay a little, and " fee what Effects the Physic will have." He called again in the Evening, and found her better, tho' nothing had yet passed through her. About Twelve o'Clock at Night my Mother obliged me, who was then myfelf indisposed, to get into another Bed; and promifed to fend to me, if she found herfelf worse. Soon after this, she grew much worse; but would not send to her Daughter, saying, " She would know her Fate too foon." She farther faid to Mr. Norton, who was then with her, " My Daughter loves me fo well, that I wish my "Decease may not be the Death of her." Between Five and Six o'Clock in the Morning, on Saturday Sept. 30th, 1749, my Mother's Maid came up to me, and told me, that, " If I would fee my Mo-"ther alive, I must come immediately into her "Chamber." I leaped out of Bed, put on my Shoes, and one Petticoat only, and ran thither in the greatest Confusion imaginable. When my Mother faw me, she put out her Hand, and faid, " Now, Molly, thew yourfelf a Christian, and sub-" mit to what God is pleased to order. I must " die, my Dear: God will enable you to bear it, " if you pray to Him." On which I turned about in a State of Distraction, ran to my Father's Room, and faid to him, "For God's Sake, Sir, come to " my Mother's Room: She is this Instant dying." Then I ran, with great Inquietude, into the Kitchen, where I found my Footman, and fent him immediately to Fawley for the Rev. Mr. Stevens, my Uncle,

cle, and his Brother, Mr. Henry Stevens, of Doctors-Commons, who was then at his House in Henley. I also, at the same Time, dispatched a Messenger to Dr. Addington, who lived at Reading. After which I went up Stairs, and found my Father sitting by my Mother's Bed-side. She took him and me both by the Hand, joining our Hands together, and faying to him, " Be both a Father and a Mother to her: I have long tried and known her Temer per, Mr. Blandy. She is all your Heart can " wish for, and has been the best of Daughters to " me. Use her with a generous Confidence, " and she will never abuse it. She has set her " Heart upon Cranstoun: When I am gone, let " no one set you against this Match." To these last Words Mr. Blandy immediately made Answer, " It shall not be my Fault, if this does not take of place; but they must stay, you know, till the un-" happy Affair in Scotland is decided." "God bless " you, reply'd she, and thank you for that Promise; "God bless you, Mr. Blandy, for all your Kind-" nesses to me and my Girl. God grant that you " may both live long, that you may be a Bleffing " to each other. Whatever little Unkindnesses may " have paffed, I freely forgive you. Now, if you " please to go down, Mr. Blandy, for my Spirits fail " me." My Father then kiffed her, and retired in Tears, faying, as he went, "The Doctor still may "think of fomething that may be of Service to "you." At this she smiled, and said, "Not with-" out you can give me a new In-fide." When my Father was gone, my Mother took hold of my Hand, drew me to her, and kissed me. Taking Notice that I had no Cloaths on, she ordered my Maid to bring 'em down, and dress me. This being done, the ordered her Servants out of the Room; and told me, " she had many Things, if her Strength " would

s would permit, to fay to me. Be sure then," faid she, " Molly, when I am gone, to remember the " Lessons I have taught you. Be dutiful to your "Father; and if you think I have been sometimes " a little hardly used, do not remember it in Wrath; " but defend my Character, if aspersed. I owe some " more Money, Molly, God knows how you will " get it paid. I wish your Uncles would stand your " Friends. If your Father should know it, I am only fearful for you. Indeed, my Dear, I never " fpent it in Extravagancies. I was in Hopes you " would have been married; I then would have " told your Father all, as I could have come " to you till his Paffion had been over." On my being drowned in Tears, she catched me in her Arms, and cried, "I leave the World with the " greatest Pleasure, only thee makes me forry to go. "Oh that I could but take you along with me!-"But then what would poor Cranstoun do? Be sure, "Child, you behave with Honour in that Affair; "don't, either thro' Interest or Terror, violate the " Promises you have made." To this I reply'd, "You may be fure, Madam, I never will. I will " do all I can to act as you would wish your Daughter to do. Oh Mamma, you have been the best of " Mothers to me! How can I survive you, and go "thro' all the Miseries I must meet with after your "Death, without a Friend to advise with on any " Emergency or Occasion." "My Dear," returned the, "your Uncle John, in Things you cannot speak " to your Papa about, will help and advise you in "the tenderest Manner; and you may repose an " absolute Confidence in him."

Soon after Mr. Stevens of Fawley came, and I conducted him into my Mother's Chamber. At his

Approach to her, he was so overwhelmed with Grief, that he could not speak a Word. She took him by the Hand, and faid, "I am glad to fee you, my dear Brother. You must help to comfort your " poor Niece, who will stand in need of your Affist-"ance. Never forfake her, my dear Brother. All. "that gives me pain in Death is the leaving of her "behind me." Then turning to me, "Your Uncles " Fack, my Dear, will take care of you, and look "on you as his own." At which Mr. Stevens took hold of his Sifter's and Niece's Hands, and, with Tears, told 'em both he would. Then turning about, he asked me if the Physician was not yet come? My Mother said, "They would fend for him, but "he could be of no Service to her;" giving her Brother at the same time such Reasons for her Despondency as convinced him, that there were little or no Hopes of her Recovery. He found himself fo moved at this, that he was obliged to go down Stairs, and retire to my Father and Mr. Henry Stevens, who were at that Time both in the Parlour. The Physician, Dr. Addington of Reading, soon arrived, and went directly to my Mother's Room. When he came in, the shewed him the Inflammation and Swelling on her Bowels. He prescribed her some Physic, to be taken once in every two Hours, and ordered her to be blooded immediately. Her Bowels also, according to his Direction, were to be fomented and poulticed once in every four Hours. This Operation I took upon myfelf, and punctually performed it. I also gave her every Medicine she took till she was at the Point of Death, and I myfelf was forced to be carried out of the Room in a Fit. Dr. Addington, before he prescribed any thing, went with me out of the Room, and told me he was afraid he could do nothing for her; repeating the fame afterwards both to my Father and my two Uncles.

Uncles. Notwithstanding which, he thought fit to order the above mentioned Poultices and Fomentations; which, according to his Direction, were applied, tho' without producing any good Effect. In fine, my dear Mother died Sept. 30, 1749, about

Nine o'Clock at Night.

For fix Months preceding her Sickness, or thereabouts, being the Interval between her last Departure from London and the Time her Indisposition seized her, my Mother never saw Mr. Cranstoun; tho' I constantly, and even almost every Post, corresponded with him. It must here be observed, that Lady Cranstoun had wrote to my Mother some Time before, to return her Thanks for the Civilities her Son had received from her. It must also be remembered, that a little before my Mother went last to Town, I and my Father both received Letters from Miss Murray, signed N. Cranstoun, to inform us, that she was his lawful Wife. The Decree of the Court of Scotland in her Favour was fent with these Letters. When I received them, I carried them to my Father. After he had read them, I asked him "what I was to do."-His Answer was, " I do not trouble my Head about it." -On which I went to my Mother, and confulted with her about what was to be done; and, by her Advice, wrote to Mr. Cranstoun, begging him, as he was a Man of Honour, to let me know the Truth. At the fame Time, I fent him the Letters that came from Scotland, and occasioned this Epistle. In answer to this, he faid, "It was certainly her Hand; but that she or never was his Wife, nor had any Right to the " Name:" And, in order to gain Credit to his Affertion, he made the strongest Protestations. Before my Mother wrote last to him, and that a considerable Time, he had sent me a solemn Contract of Marriage, wherein he declared he never had been

been married before, and stiled me therein Mrs. Cranstoun. But to put an End to this Digression, and proceed to what happened after my Mother's Death:—

On the Day following her Decease, which was Sunday, Mr. Stevens of Fawley was defired to write Mr. Cranstoun Word of this forrowful Event; which he did, I being incapable of either knowing or doing any thing. Mrs. Stevens, the Rev. Mr. Stevens's Wife, staid with me from Saturday Night, when my Mother died, till the Sunday Night following. Then Mrs. Mounteney, a Friend of my late Mother's, came to me, and staid with me some Time. My Mother, on her Death-bed, had begged me not to oppose the Match between my Father and this Mrs. Mounteney, if, after her Death, he difcovered an Inclination to marry her; as she was a Woman of Honour, and would use me well for her Sake. On the Tuesday following my Mother's Death, Mr. Cranstoun sent his Footman express to Henley, with Letters to me and my Father. When my Father opened his Letter and read it, the Tears ran down his Cheeks, and he cried out, " How tenderly does he write!" Then he gave Mrs. Mounteney the Letter to read, who, after having read it, faid it was as pretty a Letter as could have been wrote on such an Occasion: "He has lost a Friend " indeed, faid she, but I don't doubt, speaking to 56 my Father, but you will make up her Loss to " them both." Then my Father faid to me, " Pray read your Letter to us." This I did, and the Letter contained an earnest Desire, that if I could not write myfelf, I would let his Footman fee me, that he might know how I really was; fince he was almost distracted for fear of my being ill after so great a Shock. He also begged me to remember, "That there was one left still, who loved ee me

" me as tenderly as my Mother could do, and " whose whole Happiness in this World depended " upon my Life." My Father told me, tho' my Mother was to be buried that Night, " I must write " a Line to him, in order to eafe the poor Soul as " much as I could; and let him know, that he was " as welcome to my Father's House, whenever " he would please to come, as he was before." On this I wrote to him, and shewed the Letter to my Father. The Footman fet out with it for London the fame Night, or very early the next Morning. Mr. Cranstoun not coming down so soon as was expected, my Father one Day, being alone with me, feemed to express himself as if he thought it wrong: Upon which I wrote a very pressing Letter to him, to come immediately to Henley. To this he in a Letter replied, that he was not able to go out at that Time for Debt, and was fearful if he should come, the Bailiffs might follow him; his Fortune being feized in Scotland, for the Maintenance of Mils Murray and her Child. The Debt that occasioned this Perplexity, he faid, was near Fifteen Guineas. I having borrowed Forty Pounds of Mrs. Mounteney, to pay off Part of my Mother's Debts, fent him up Fifteen Guineas out of this Sum; on which he came down to Henley, and staid some Weeks with my Father, who received him with great Marks of Affection and Esteem.

During this Interval, he acquainted me with the great Skill of the famous Mrs. Morgan, who had described me and my Father, tho' she had never seen us, in the most perfect and surprizing Manner possible. He surther acquainted me, that she had given him some Powders to take, which she called Love-powders. Some Time after this Conversation, my Father seemed much out of Humour, and said several unkind Things, both to Mr. Cranstoun

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and me. This induced Mr. Cranstoun, when alone with me not long after, to fay, " I wish I could give " your Father some of the Love-powders." "For " what?" faid I. " Because, replied he, they " would make him love me." "Are you weak " enough, faid I, to think that there is fuch a " Power in any Powders?" "Yes, I really do, " replied he, for I took them myfelf, and forgave " a Friend foon after; tho' I never intended to " have spoke to him again." This Subject was dropped for some Days, and no more said of it: But on my Father's being very much out of Humour one Night, Mr. Cranstoun said, "If I had any of " these Powders, I would put them into something " that Mr. Blandy should drink." To which I an-" fwered, "I am glad you have not, for I have " no Faith in fuch I hings." " But I have," replied he. Just before he returned to London, he received a dunning Letter. This was on a Sunday, when my Father was at Church. I perceiving him to look dull, begged to know the Reason. He said he must leave me the next Day. On which I asked him what could occasion such a sudden Departure? He then told me he had received a Letter, concerning a Debt he owed, that he had no Money to pay; and that if he staid in Henley, the Bailiffs might come down in quest of him thither: And you know your Father's Temper, said he, if that should happen. This induced me to defire a Sight of the Letter; which having perused, I immediately gave nim the Money he wanted on this Occasion, which amounted to Fifteen Pounds, and was Part of the Sum I had before borrowed of Mrs. Mounteney. This, with the other Fifteen Pounds fent him from Henley, made up Thirty of the Forty Pounds he had formerly lent my Mother. As foon as he had received this Money, he wrote a Letter to his Creditor

ditor in London, informing him, that he would pay him on a Day therein mentioned. A few Days after this, he fet out for London, and kept up his Correspondence with me for several Months, not returning to Henley till August 1750. The Morning he lest Henley, my Father parted with him with the greatest Tenderness; yet the Moment he was gone, he used me very cruelly on his Account. This had such an Effect upon me, that it threw me into Hysteric Fits. His Conduct for some Time was very uncertain; sometimes extremely tender, and at other Times the reverse; he on certain Occasions saying very bitter and cruel Things to me.

During this Interval, my Father received a Prefent of some dried Salmon from Lady Cranstoun in Scotland, and a very civil Letter, which he did not answer, tho' he seemed pleased with the Contents of it. The first of August 1750, as I apprehend, Mr. Cranstoun wrote to my Father, that he would wait upon him, and I carried the Letter up to him, he then being in his Bed-Chamber. After he had opened and read it, he made no manner of answer. I then asked him what Answer I should write. To which he replied, "He must come, I suppose." On this I wrote to him, giving him to understand, that I should be glad to see him. This produced an Answer from him, wherein he told me, he would be with me on the Monday following; but he came on Sunday, whilst we were at dinner. My Father received him with great Tenderness seemingly, and faid, " He was forry he had not feen " him half an Hour sooner, for he was afraid the " Dinner was quite cold." My Father after Dinner went to Church, and left Mr. Granstoun and me together: After Church was over, my Father returned, drank Tea with us, and feemed to be in perfect

perfect good Humour; and so he remained for several Weeks; but afterwards changed so much in his Temper, that I feldom arose from Table without Tears. This gave Mr. Cranstoun great Pain; so that he one Time faid to me, " Why will you not " permit me to give your Father some of the 55 Powders which I formerly mentioned? If I was " to give him them, continued he, they are quite innocent, and will do him no Harm, if they " did not produce the defired Effect." He had no fooner spoke these Words than my Father came in; upon which a profound Silence enfued. Next Morning I went into my Father's Study, and found him very much out of Humour: He had spent the Evening at the Coffee-house, as he frequently did, and generally came Home in a bad Humour from thence: I went from him into the Parlour, where I found Mr. Cranstoun: He insisted upon knowing what was the Matter, I appearing to him to have been lately in Tears: I told him the whole Affair. He replied, " I hate he should go to that House, 64 he always comes Home from thence in a very " ill Humour." I had made the Tea, and got up to fetch some Sugar, which was in a glass Scrutore at the farther End of the Room; and when I rose up, Mr. Cranstoun said to me, " I will now " put in some of the Powder, upon my Soul it " will not hurt him." My Father was in his Study at the Time these Words were spoken: I made answer, "Don't do it, Cranstoun; it will " make me uneafy, and can do you no good." To this he replied, " It can do no hurt, and there-56 fore I will mix it.? After I had got the Sugar, I returned to the Tea-Table, and was going to throw away the Tea, in which Mr. Cranstoun had put some of the Powder; but my Father came in that Moment, and prevented me from executing

my Defign. My Father seemed very much out of Humour all Breakfast-time; and, soon after Breakfast was over, retired to his Study. Mr. Cranstown and I then took a Walk. At Dinner my Father appeared in the best of Humours, and continued fo all the Time Mr. Cranstoun stayed with him. Mr. Cranstoun and I used to walk out every Day. On one of those Days, Mr. Cranstoun told me, he had a Secret to impart to me, and begg'd me not to be angry with him for it; adding, he knew I had too much good Sense to be so. The Secret in short was this: He had had a Daughter by one Miss Capel, a Year before he knew me; and, as he pretended, all his Friends had infifted upon his telling me of it. To this I replied, "Your Fol-" lies, Cranstoun, have been very great; but I hope you see them." "That I do, said he, " with Penitence and Shame." "Then, Sir, re-" plied I, I freely forgive you; but never shall, " if you repeat these Follies now after our Ac-" quaintance." " If I do, said he, I must be a "Villain; you alone can make me happy in this " World; and, by following your Example, I " hope I shall be happy in the next." Mr. Cranstoun gave my Father the Powder in August 1750, and stayed with him in Henley, as I believe, till fome Day in the beginning of November, the same Year. A Day or Two after the preceding Dialogue, one Morning I got up, and asked my Maid, " How Mr. Cranstoun did?" Who answered, "He " is gone out a walking, Madam." Upon this, I, as foon as I was dreft, went up into Mr. Cranstoun's Room, to look out his Linnen for my Maid to mend. I could not find it on the Table, where it used to lie; and seeing a Key in his Trunk, I opened it. The first Thing I found there was, a Letter from a Hand I knew not, tho' he used al-C 4

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ways to give me his Letters to open, and that unasked by me. This I opened to read, and found it to come from a Woman he kept. Having read it, I shut the Trunk, locked it fast, and put the Key in my Pocker. The Letter I left in the same Place where I found it. I then went down to my Father in his Study, and asked him to come to Breakfast. He'faid, "No, not till Cranstoun returns home;" on which I retired into the Parlour. A few Minutes. after, Mr. Cranstoun and Mr. Littleton, my Father's Clerk, both came in together. We all of us then went to Breakfast. My Father said to me, soon after we fat down, "You look very pale, Molly; " what is the Matter with you?" " I am not very " well, Sir," replied I. After we had breakfasted, my Father and his Clerk went together out of the Room. I then gave Mr. Cranftoun the Key of his Trunk, and bad him be more careful for the future, and not leave his Letters fo much exposed. At these Words he almost fainted away. He got up, and retired to his Room immediately. I was going to my own Room, when he called to me, and begged me, for God's Sake, to come to him; which I instantly did. He then fell down on his Knees before me, and begged me, for God's Sake, to forgive him; if I was refolved to fee him no more. this, I told him I forgave him, but intreated him, to make some Excuse to leave Henley the next Day: " For I will not," faid I, " expose you, if I can " help it; and our Affair may feem to go off by "Degrees." The last Words, seemingly, so confounded him, that he made me no Answer, but threw himself on the Bed, crying out, " I am ruin-" ed, I am ruined. Oh Molly, you never loved " me!" I then was upon the Point of going out of the Room, without giving him any Answer. Upon

Upon which he got hold of my Gown, and swore, "He would not live till Night, if I did not forgive "him." He bad me, "Remember my Mother's " last dying Commands, and reflect upon the Pain "it would give his Mother." He protested, "That " he could never forgive himself, if I did; and that " he never would repeat the same Provocations." He kept me then two Hours, before he could prevail upon me to declare, that I would not break off my Acquaintance with him. Mr. Cranstown pretended to be fick two or three Days upon this unlucky Event; but I cannot help thinking this now to have been only a Delusion. Some Time after this Mr. Cranstoun had a Letter from his Brother, the Lord Cranstoun, to desire him to come immediately to Scotland, in order to fettle some of his own Affairs there, and to see his Mother, the Lady Cranstoun, who was then extremely ill. Upon the Arrival of this Letter, Mr. Cranstown said to me, "Good "God, what shall I do! I have no Money to carry " me thither, and all my Fortune is seized on, but " my Half-Pay!" This made me very uneafy. He then faid, "He would part with his Watch, in or-" der to enable him to raise a Sum sufficient to de-" fray the Expence of his Journey to Scotland." I told him, " I had no Money to give him, but " would freely make him a Present of my own "Watch; as I could not bear to fee him without "one." Then I took a Picture of himself, which he had some Time before given me, off my Watch, and freely made him a Prefent of it. Two Days after this he departed for Scotland, and I never afterwards faw him. He fet out about Six o'Clock in the Morning. My Father got up early that Morning to take Leave of him before his Departure, at at which he feem'd vastly uneasy. He took him in his

his Arms, and faid, "God bless you, my dear Cran-" froun, when you come next, I hope your unhappy "Affair will he decided to our mutual Satisfacti-"on." To this Mr Cranstoun replied, "Yes, Sir, "I hope in my Favour; or if this should fail, "that you should hear of my Death. Be tender "to," continued he, "and comfort this poor "Thing," turning towards me, "whom I love "better than myself." Then my Father took Mr. Cranstoun and myself in his Arms, and we all three shed Tears. This was a very moving Scene. Father afterwards went out of the Room, and fetched a Silver Dram-Bottle, holding near Half a Pint, filled it with Rum, and made a Prefent of both to Mr. Cranstoun; bidding him keep the Dram-Bottle for his Sake, and drink the Liquor on the Road; affuring him, that if he found himself sick or cold, the latter would prove a Cordial to him. Mr. Cranstoun then got into the Post-Chaise, and took his Leave of Henley.

It will be proper to take Notice in this Place, by way of Digression, of a very remarkable Event, or rather Series of Events, that happened before Mr. Cranstoun's last Departure for Scotland. One Day whilst my Mother and I were last in London, we were talking of the Immortality of the Soul; and the Subject we were then upon led us infenfibly to a Discourse of Apparitions; and that again to a Promise we made each other, that the first of us who died should appear to the Surviver, after Death, if permitted fo to do. My Mother dying first, in the Manner already related, I sometimes retired into the Room where she died, in Hopes of feeing her. Here I lay near Half a Year, earnestly desiring to see my Mother, without being able either to fee or hear any Thing. After this, my Fa-

Father lay in that Room; but for some Time neither faw nor heard any Thing. Afterwards, one Night, he taxed me with being at his Chamber-Door, rapping at it, rushing with my Silk-Gown, and refusing to answer him when he called to me. My Chamber was at a small Distance from his, and into it he came the next Morning; demanding for what Reason I had so frighted him. To this I replied, " I had never been at his Door, nor out of my Bed the whole Night." He then inquired of all the Maids, who only lay in the House, whether any of them disturbed him; to which they all answered in the Negative. Soon after this, Mr. Cranstour came to Henley, as has been already obferved, and was put into a Room, called the Hall-Chamber, over the great Parlour; which was reckoned the best in the House. Here he was shut out from the rest of the Family. Till October 1750. above a Year after my Mother's Death, no Noise at all was heard, excepting that at Mr. Blandy's Chamber-Door abovementioned. But one Morning in the beginning of that Month, Mr. Cranstoun being in the Parlour, I asked him, "What made " him look fo pale, and to feem fo uneafy?" " have met, faid he, with the oddeft Accident this " Night that ever befel me: The Moment I got " into Bed, I heard the finest Music that can pos-" fibly be imagined. I fat up in my Bed upon " this, to hear from whence it came; and it feem-" ed to me to come from the Middle of the Stairs." " It continued, as I believe, at least above Two " Hours." At this I laughed, and faid, " Oh " Cranstoun, how can you be so whimsical?" "Tis " no Whim, replied he, for I really heard it; nor " had I been asleep; for it began soon after I got " into Bed." I then faid, " Don't make your-

" felf uneafy, if it was fo; fince nothing ill, fure, " can be prefaged by Music." When my Father came into the Parlour, this Topic of Conversation was instantly dropped. The next Night, I, who lay quite at the other End of the House, being awake, heard Music, that seemed to me to be in the Yard, exceeding plainly. Upon this, I got up, and looked out of the Window that faced the Yard, but faw nothing. The Music, however, continued till near Morning, when I fell afleep, and heard no more of it. My Mother's Maid coming into my Chamber, as usual, to call me, I told her what I heard. This drew from her the following faucy Answer: "You see and hear, Madam, with " Mr. Cranstoun's Eyes and Ears." To which I made no other Reply than, "Go, and fend me my own Maid." As foon as I was dreffed, I went into Mr. Cranstoun's Room, whom I found fitting therein by the Fire. I asked him, at my first coming into the Room, " How he had spent the Night, " and whether he had heard the Music?" To which he replied, "Yes, all Night long; I could " not fleep a Wink for it; nay, I got out of my "Bed, and followed it into the great Parlour, where - " it left me. I then returned into my own Room, " and heard fuch odd Noises in the Parlour under " me, as greatly discomposed me." " I wish, " added he, you would fend me up a Bason of " Tea." To which I replied, " Pray come down, " as you are now up; for you know my Papa is " better tempered when you are by, than when I' " am with him alone." We then both went down to Breakfast, but said nothing to my Father of what had happened.

A little while after this, Susannah Gunnel, my' Mother's Maid, who had before given me the impertinent Answer, came into my Bed-Chamber be-

fore I was up, and told me she had heard the Mufic. She also begged my Pardon for not believing me, when I had formerly afferted the fame Thing. Mr. Cranstoun, myself, and this Maid then talked all together about this furprizing Event. Mr. Cranstoun declared he had heard Noises, as well as Mufic, which the other two at that Time never had. The Music generally began about Twelve o'Clock at Night. My Father obliging the Family to be in Bed about Eleven, I told the aforesaid Maid, who was an old Servant in the Family, "That she and "I would go together up into Mr. Cranstoun's "Room at Twelve o'Clock, and try if we could "find out what these Noises were." According to Agreement, therefore, we went up into that Room at the Hour proposed; and heard very clearly and most distinctly the Music. The Maid fell asleep about Three o'Clock in the Morning; but was foon waked with an uncommon Noise, heard both by Mr. Cranstoun and myself. This Noise resembled Thumping or Knocking at a Door, which greatly terrified Mr. Cranstoun, and the Maid. In less than a Minute after this, we all three heard plainly the Footsteeps of my Mother, as I then apprehended, by which she seemed to be going down Stairs towards the Kitchin-Door, which foon after feemed to be opened. We all three fat filent, and heard the fame invisible Being come up Stairs again. Upon this, I took the Candle, they still sitting by the Fire, and was going to open the Chamber Door, faying, "Surely it must be one of the Maids." Mr. Cranstoun observing this, cried out, " Perhaps it may be "your Father, don't let him see you here." Then he took the Candle, opened the Door, and looked down the Stairs himfelf; but could perceive nothing at all. In less than three Minutes after this, I said, "I will now go into my Room to Bed, being fa-66 tigued

" tigued and frighted almost to Death." I believe, continued I, "it is near Four." These Words were no fooner uttered than we all heard the former Footsteps, as the' some Person had been coming directly to the Room where we were, but stopped short at the Door. Upon this I immediately catched up the Candle, went to the Door and open'd it; but saw nothing, tho' I heard something plainly go down the Stairs. Then I went to the Maid, who was half asleep, and did not perfectly hear the last Footsteps. But Mr. Cranstoun heard them, and feemed greatly furprized. Then I bad the Maid go with me inflantly to Bed, not being able to keep up my Spirits any longer. Soon after this, Mr. Cranstown and I went up to Fawley, to pay a Visit to the Rev. Mr. Stevens; and whilst we were there, I gave my Uncle an Account of this furprizing Affair. But he laughed at me, and called me little Fool, for my Pains. Then Mr. Cranstoun faid, " Sir, I myself heard it." To which Mr. Stevens made no other Reply than, "Sir, I don't doubt you think you heard it; but don't you believe there is a great deal in Fancy? May it not be some Trick of the Servants?" To which I made answer, "No, Sir, that is impossible; fince if they could make the Noise, they could not the Music." Mr. Stevens not giving much Credit to what we affirmed, we immediately changed the Subject of Discourse. By this Time all the Servants that lay in the House had heard both the Music and Noise; and one Morning at Breakfast, Mr. Cranstoun ventured to tell my Father of the Music. At such a strange Report, my Father stared at him, and cried, "Are "you light-headed?" In answer to which Mr. Cranstoun reply'd, "Your Daughter; Sir, has heard "the same, and so have all your Servants." To this my Father, smiling, returned, "It was Scotch " Music,

"Music, I suppose;" and said some other Things that shewed he was not in a good Humour. Upon which it was thought sit immediately to drop the Discourse.

Some few Days after this, on a Sunday in the Afternoon, Mr. Cranstoun and I being alone in the Parlour, Betty Binfield, the Cook-maid, came running into the Room, and faid, "There is such a " Noise in the Room over my Master's Study, for " God's Sake come into the Yard and hear it." But when we came, we could hear nothing. However, returning into the Parlour through the Hall, we heard a Noise over our Heads, like that of some heavy Person walking. The Room over the Hall was once my Mother's Dreffing-room, tho' it then had a Bed in it: But, now it was my Dreffing-room. it had none at all. Hearing the Noise, we both went up into the Room; but then, notwithstanding the late Noise, could see nothing at all. After which, we went down and drank Tea with my Father.

About a Fortnight before Mr. Cranstoun's last Departure for Scotland, Susannah Gunnel one Morning going into his Room with some Vinegar and Water to wash his Eyes, he asked her, " If ever her Master " walked in his Sleep?" She replied, " Not that " fhe ever knew of." "It is very odd, faid he, he " was in my Room To-night, dreffed with his white "Stockings, his Coat on, and a Cap on his Head. " I had never, continued he, been afleep, and the " Clock had just struck Two. I heard him walk " up my Stairs, open the Door, and come into the "Room: Upon which I moved my Curtain, and " feeing him, I cried out, Aba! old Friend, what " did you come to fright me? I have not been afleep " fince I came to Bed; and beard you come up. But " he went on, he would not answer me one Word. " How-

66 However, he walked quite across my Room, then " turned back, and as he approached my Bed-fide, " kiffed his Hand, bowed, and went out of the "Room: Then I heard him go down Stairs. "It was certainly, continued he, your Mafter, " fleeping or waking; but which, I cannot tell." Susan, greatly surprized at this Story, then came running down to me, who was getting up, and told me what Mr. Cranstoun had faid. To this I made no Answer, but went up immediately into his Room, and asked him what he meant by this Story Susan had told me. In answer to which, he repeated the same Story, and declared it to be true in every Particular. He then faid, "He supposed Mr. " Blandy came to fee whether he was in Bed or no." When he went down to Breakfast, he asked my Father, "What made him fright him so last Night?" My Father being surprized at this, and staring on him, asked him, "What he meant?" Mr. Cranstoun then told the same Story over again. To which my Father replied, "It must have been a Dream, " for I went to Bed at Eleven o'Clock, and did not " rife out of it till Seven this Morning. Besides, I " could not have appeared in my Coat, as you prece tend, fince the Maid had it to put a Button upon " it." My Father did not feem pleafed with the Discourse; which induced me to put an End to it as soon as possible. The surprizing Facts here mentioned, of the Reality of which I cannot entertain the least Doubt, made a deep and lasting Impression upon my Mind. Since, therefore, in my Opinion, they were too slightly touched upon at my Trial, notwithstanding the Incredulity of the present Age as to Facts of this Nature, I could by no Means think it improper to give so particular and distinct a Relation of them here.

Mr. Granstoun, soon after this, taking his Leave of Henley, fet out for Scotland, as has been already observed. A Day or two after his Departure, Mr. Cranstoun wrote me a Letter on the Road, wherein he begged me to make acceptable to my Father his most grateful Acknowledgements for his late Goodness to him. "This, he said, had made such an "Impression upon him, that he never should for-" get it as long as he lived; and that he should al-" ways entertain the fame tender Sentiments for " him as for his Father, the late Lord Cranstown " himself, had he been then alive." In the same Letter, he also desired me to permit my Letters to be directed by some body who wrote a more masculine Hand than mine; fince otherwise they might be intercepted by some one or other of Mils Murray's Family, as they were jealous of the Affair carried on between us two. He likewise therein insisted upon my subscribing myself M. C. instead of M. B. tho' he did not discover to me the real View he had therein. Soon after he arrived at his Mother's, he wrote me another Letter, wherein he informed me, that he told his Mother we were married, and had been fo for fome Time; and that fhe would write to me, as her Daughter, by the very next Post. This she did; and her Letter came accompanied with one from her Son, wherein he defired me, if I loved him, to answer his Mother's by the Return of the Post, and fign myself Mary Cranstown at length, as I knew before God I was, by a folemn Contract, intitled to that Name. This, he pretended, would make his Mother stir more in the Scotch Affair. On the Supposition that I was her Daughter, she wrote many tender Letters to me, always directing to me by the Name of Mary Cranstoun, and sent me some very handsome Presents of Scotch Linen. He also obliged his eldest Sister, Mrs. Selby, and her Hufband,

band, to write to me as their Sifter. Lady Cranstoun likewise wrote to my Father in a very complaifant Style, thanking him for the Civilities he had shewn her Son; and hinting, that she hoped it would be in her Power to return them to me, when she should have the Pleasure of seeing me in Scotland, which she begged might be foon. Lord Cranstoun, his Brother, also wrote to my Father, and returned him Thanks in the same polite Manner. During this whole Period, my Father's Behaviour to me was very uncertain; but always good after he had received any of these Letters. In a few Months, however, after Mr. Cranstoun's Departure, my Father's Temper was much altered for the worfe. He upbraided me with having rejected much better Offers than any that had come from Scotland; and at last ordered me to write to Mr. Cranstoun not to return to Henley, till his Affair with Miss Murray was quite decided. I complied with this Order, writing to him in the Terms prescribed me. To this I received an Answer full of Tenderness, Grief, and Despair. He said, " He found my Father loved " him no longer, and was afraid he would infpire " me with the same Sentiments. He saw, he said, " a Coolness throughout my whole Letter; but con-" jured me to remember the facred Promifes and " Engagements that had paffed between us." After this, I received feveral other Letters from him, filled with the same fort of Expostulations, and penned in the same desponding and disconsolate Strain. I likewife received feveral Letters from his Mother, the old Lady Cranstoun, and Mrs. Selby, his Sifter, wrote in a most affectionate Style.

In April, or the Beginning of May, 1751, as I apprehend, I had another Letter from Mr. Cranstoun, wherein he acquainted me, that he had seen his old Friend, Mrs. Morgan; and that if he could pro-

cure any more of her Powder, he would fend it with the Scotch Pebbles he intended to make me a Present of. In answer to this, I told him, "I was " furprized that a Man of his Sense could believe " fuch Efficacy to be lodged in any Powder what-" foever; and that I would not give it my Father, " lest it should impair his Health." To this, in his next Letter, he replied, "That he was ex-" tremely furprized I should believe he would fend " any Thing that might prove prejudicial to my "Father, when his own Interest was so apparently " concerned in his Preservation." I took this as referring to a Conversation we had had a little before he fet out for Scotland; wherein I told him, "I was " fure my Father was not a Man of a very confi-" derable Fortune; but that if he lived, I was per-" fuaded he would provide very handsomely for us " and ours, as he lived fo retired, and his Business " was every Day increasing." So far was I from imagining, that I should be a Gainer by my Father's Death, as has been fo maliciously and uncharitably fuggested! Mr. Cranstoun also seemed most cordially and fincerely to join with me in the same Notion. Soon after this, in another Letter, he informed me, "That some of the aforesaid Powder should be " fent with the Scotch Pebbles he intended me; and " that he should write upon the Paper in which the " Powder was contained, Powder to clean Scotch " Pebbles, left, if he gave it its true Name, the "Box should be opened, and he be laughed at by " the Person opening it, and taken for a supersti-"tious Fool, as he had been by me before." In June 1751, the Box with the Powder and Pebbles arrived at Henley, and a Letter came to me the next Day, wherein he ordered me to mix the Powder in Tea. This some Mornings after I did; but finding that it would not mix well with Tea, I flung the D 2 LiLiquor into which it had been thrown out of the Window. I farther declare, that looking into the Cup, I saw nothing adhere to the Sides of it; nor was fuch an Adhesion probable, as the Powder swam on the Top of the Liquor. My Father drank two Cups of Tea out of that Cup, before I threw the Powder into it: Nor did he drink any more out of it that Morning, it being Sunday, and he fearing to drink a third Cup, left he should be too late for Church. It has been faid by Susan Gunnel, at my Trial, that she drank out of the aforesaid Cup, and was very ill after it. In answer to which, I must beg Leave to observe, that she never before would drink out of any other Cup, than one which the called her own, different from this, and which I drank out of on that and most other Mornings. I has been farther faid, that Dame Emmet, a Chairwoman, was likewise hurt by drinking Tea at my Father's House: Be pleased to remember, Reader, that I mixed it but in one Cup, and then threw it away. Sufan said, she drank out of the Cup and was ill, what then could hurt this Woman, who to my Knowledge was not at our House that Day? Mr. Nicholas, an Apothecary, attended this old Woman in the first Sickness they talk of, which, by Susan, I understood was a Weakness common to her, viz. fainting Fits and Purging; and I know, that she had had fainting Fits many Times before. When I heard she was ill, I ordered Susan to send her Whey, Broth, or any Thing that she thought would be proper for her. She had long served the Family, would joke and divert me, and I loved her extremely. Nor can my Enemies themselves (let them paint me how they please) deny, that from my Heart I pitied the Poor. I never felt more Pleasure, than when I fed the Hungry, cloathed the Naked, and supplied the

Wants

Wants of those in Distress. Had God blessed me with a more plentiful Fortune, I should have exerted myself in this more; and I flatter myself, that the Poor and Indigent of our Town will do me Justice in this Particular, and own that I was not wanting in my Duty towards them. But to proceed in my Account: I would not fix on any other Chairwoman; and Susan said, that Dame Emmet would, she thought, by my Goodness, son get Strength to work again. I told her, was it ever fo long I would stay for her. I mixed the Powder, as was said before, on the Sunday, and on the Tuesday wrote to Mr. Cranstoun, that it would not mix in Tea, and that I would not try it any more, left my Father should find it out. This has been brought against me by many: But let any one consider, if the Discovery of such a Procedure as this, would not have excited Anger, and confequently have been followed by Resentment in my Father. This might have occasioned a total Separation of me from Mr. Cranstoun, a Thing I at that Time dreaded more than even Death itself. In answer to this Letter, I had one from him to affore me the Powder was innocent, and to beg I would give it in Gruel, or fomething thicker than Tea. Many more Letters to the same Effect I received, before I would give it again; but most fatally, on the 5th of August, I gave it to my poor Father, innocent of the Effects it afterwards produced, God knows; not so stupid as to believe it would have that defired, to make him kind to us; but in Obedience to Mr. Cranstoun, who ever feemed superstitious to the last Degree, and had, as I thought, and have declared before, all the just Notions of the Necessity of my Father's Life for him, me, and ours. On the Monday the 5th, as has been faid, I mixed the Powder in his Gruel, and at Night it was in a half-pint Mug, fet D 3 ready

ready for him to carry to Bed with him. It had no Tafte.-The next Morning, as he had done at Dinner the Day before, he complained of a Pain in his Stomach, and the Heart-burn; which he ever did before he had the Gravel. I fent for Mr. Norton at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, who faid, that a little Physick would be right for my Father to take on Wednesday. At Night he ordered some Water-gruel for his Supper, which his Footman went for. When it came, my Father faid, tafte it Molly, has it not an odd Taste? I tasted it, but found no Taste different from what is to be found in all good Water-gruel. After this he went up to Bed, and my Father found himself fick, and reached; after which he faid he was better, and I went up to Bed. Susan gave him his Physick in the Morning, and I went into his Bed-chamber about Eight o'Clock; then I found him charming well. Susan fays, that on my Father's wanting Gruel on the Wednesday, I said, as they were busy at ironing, they might give him some of the same he had before. I do not remember this; but if I did, it was impossible I should know, that the Gruel he had on Tuesday was the same he had on Monday; as that he drank on Monday was made on Saturday or Sunday, I believe on Saturday Night; much less imagine, that she whoever made it, and managed it as she pleased, would pretend to keep such stale Gruel for her Master. Thursday and Friday he came down Stairs. I often asked Mr. Norton, "If he " thought him in Danger: If he did, I would " send for Dr. Addington." On Saturday Mr. Norton told me, " he thought my Father in Danger." I said, "I would send for the Doctor;" but he replied, "I had better afk my Father's Leave." I bid him speak to my Father about it, which he did; but my Father replied, "Stay till to To-mor-

" row, and if I am not better then, fend for him." As foon as I was told this, I faid, "That would " not fatisfy me; I would fend immediately, which " I did; and Mr. Norton the Apothecary attested "this in Court." On the same Night, being Saturday, the Doctor came. I believe it was near Twelve o'Clock. He faw my Father, and wrote for him: He did not then apprehend his Case to be desperate. I have been by this Gentleman blamed, for not telling then what I had given my Father. I was in Hopes that he would have lived, and that my Folly would never have been known: In order the more effectually to conceal which, the Remainder of the Powder I had, the Wednesday before, thrown away, and burnt Mr. Cranstoun's Letter: So I had nothing to evince the Innocence of my Intention, and was moreover frightened out of my Wits. Let the good-natured Part of the World put themfelves in my Place, and then condemn me if they can for this. On Sunday my Father faid, "He was " better;" but found himself obliged to keep his Bed that Day. Mr. Blandy, of Kingston, a Relation of ours, came to visit us, stayed with me to breakfast, and then went to Church with Mr. Littleton, my Father's Clerk. I went, after they were gone, to my Father, and found him feemingly inclined to fleep; fo left him, retired into the Parlour, and wrote to Mr. Cranstoun, as I did almost every Post. I had, on the Friday before, a Letter from him; wherein some Secrets of his Family were disclosed. As I wrote in a hurry, I only advised him to take care what he wrote; which, as my unhappy Affairs turned out, my Enemies dreffed up greatly to my Difadvantage at my Tryal. I gave this Letter, as I did all of them, to Mr. Littleton to direct, who opened it, carried it to a Friend of his for Advice on the Occasion, and con-D.4

veyed it to a French Usher; who, by the Help of it, published a Pamphlet intitled, The Life of Miss Mary Blandy. On Sunday in the Afternoon, Mrs. Mounteny and her Siller came to fee my Father; who told them, "He hoped he should soon be " able to meet them in his Parlour; fince he thought " himself better then." Susan was to sit up with her Master that Night. The Rev. Mr. Stockwood, Rector of the Parish, came in the Evening to visit him; the Apothecary was there likewife; and he defired the Room might be quite still; fo that only Susan, the old Maid, was to be with him. After this I went up to my Father's Bed-fide; upon which he took me in his Arms and killed me: I went out of the Room with Mr. Stockwood and Mr. Norton, the Apothecary, almost dead, and begg'd of the latter to tell me if he thought my Father still in Danger. He said " he was better, and " hoped he would still mend. To-morrow, faid " he, we shall judge better, and you will hear what " Dr. Addington will fay." While Mr. Stockwood stayed, Mr. Littleton and Betty, my Father's Cookmaid, behaved tolerably well; but as foon as he was gone, they altered their Conduct: However, upon Mr. Narton's speaking to him, Mr. Littleton became much more civil; and Betty followed his Example. I took a Candle, and went up into my own Room; but in the Way I listened at my Father's Door, and found every thing fill there: This induced me to hope that he was afleep. On Monday Morning, I went to his Door, in order to go in: His Tenderness would not let me stay up a-Nights; but I was feldom from him in the Daytime. I was deprived Access to him; which so surprised and frightened me, that I cried out, "What, " not see my Father!" Upon which, I heard him reply, " My dear Polly, you shall presently 3" and fome some time after I did. This Scene was inexpressibly moving. The mutual Love, Sorrow, and Grief, that then appeared, are truly described by Susannab Gunnel; tho', poor Soul, she is much mistaken in many other Respects. I was, as soon as Dr. Addington came, by his Orders, confined to my own Room; and not suffered to go near my Father, or even fo much as to liften at his Door: All the Comfort I then could have had, would have been to know whether he slept or no; but this was likewise refused me. A Man was put into my Room Night and Day; no Woman suffer'd to attend me. My Garters, Keys, and Letters were taken away from me, by Dr. Addington himself. Dr. Lewis, who it feems was called in, was at this Time with him; but he behaved perfectly like a Gentleman to me. During this Confinement I had hardly any Thing to eat or drink: and once I staid from five in the Afternoon till the same hour the next Day without any Sustenance at all, as the Man with me can winness, except a fingle Dish of Tea; which, I believe, I owed to the Humanity of Dr. Lewis. I had frequently very bad Fits, and my Head was never quite clear; yet I was fensible the Person who gave these Orders had no Right to confine me, in fuch a manner. But I bore it patiently, as my Room was very near my Father's, and I was fearful of disturbing him. Dr. Addington and Dr. Lewis then came into my Room, and told me "Nothing could fave my dear Father." For some Time, I sat like an Image; and then told them, that I had given him some Powders, which I received from Cranstoun, and feared they might have hurt him, tho' that Villain affured me they were of a very innocent Nature. At my Trial, it appeared, that Dr. Addington had wrote down the Questions he put to me, but none of my Answers to them. The Judge asked him the Reason of this. He said, "They were not satisfactory to "him." To which his Lordship replied, "They " might have been so to the Court." The Questions were these. Why I did not send for him sooner? In Answer to which, I told him, that I did send for him as foon as they would let me know that my Father was in the least Danger. And that even at last I sent for him against my Father's Consent. This, I added, he could not but know, by what my Father said, when he first came on Saturday Night into his Room. The next Question was, why I did not take some of the Powders myself, if I thought them so innocent? To this I answered, I never was defired by Mr. Cranstown to take them; and that if they could produce such an Effect as was ascribed to them, I was fure I had no need of them; but that had he defired this, I should most certainly have done it. It is impossible to repeat half the Miseries I went thro', unknown, I am sure, to my poor Father. The Man that was fet over me as my Guard had been an old Servant in the Family: which I at first thought was done out of Kindness; but am now convinced it was not. When Dr. Addington was asked, " If I express'd a Desire to preserve "my Father's Life, and on this Account defired "him to come again the next Day," and do all he " could to fave him;" he faid, "I did," He then was asked his Sentiments of that Matter; to which he replied, "She feemed to me more concerned for " the Consequences to herself than to her Father." However, the Doctor owned that my Behaviour shewed me to be anxious for my poor Father's Life. Could I paint the restless Nights and Days I went through, the Prayers I made to God to take me and spare my Father, whose Death alone, unattended with other Misfortunes, would have greatly shocked me, the Heart of every Person who has

y Bowels at all would undoubtedly bleed for me. That is here advanced, the Man that attended me nows to be true also, who cannot be suspected of artiality. Susan Gunnel can attest the same. She pserved at this Juncture several Instances between

both of filial Duty and paternal Affection. On Wednesday, about Two o'Clock in the Afterbon, by my Father's Death, I was left one of the oft wretched Orphans that ever lived. Not only different and dispassionate Persons, but even some the most cruel of mine Enemies themselves, seem have had at least some small Compassion for me. pon after my Father's Death I had all his Keys, expt that of his Study, which I had before committed the Care of the Rev. Mr. Stevens of Fawley, my ear unhappy Uncle, delivered to me. This Gentlenan and another of my Uncles visited me that fa-I Afternoon. This occasioned such a moving cene, as is impossible for any human Pen to detribe. After their Departure, I walked like a franc distracted Person. Mr. Skinner, a Schoolmaster Henley, who came to fee me, as I have been fince aformed, declared that he did not take me to be in ny Senses. So that no Stress ought to be laid on ny Part of my Conduct at this Time. Nor will his at all furprize the candid Reader, if he will but ispassionately consider the whole Case, and put himelf in my Place. I had lost mine only Parent, whose intimely Death was then imputed to me. Tho' I lad no Intention to hurt him, and confequently in hat respect was innocent; yet there was great Reaon to fear, that I had been made the fatal Instrunent of his Death, -and that by liftening to the Man I loved above all others, and even better than Life tfelf. I had depended upon his, as I imagined, uperior Honour; but found myfelf deceived and deluded by him. The People about me were ap-

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prized, that I entertained, and not without just Refon, a very bad Opinion of them; which could n but inspire them with vindictive Sentiments, and firm Resolution to hurt me, if ever they had it their Power. My Cook maid was more inflame against me than any of the rest; and yet, for ve good Reasons, I was absolutely obliged to keep he My Mother's Maid was disagreeable to me; bu yet, on account of Money due to her, which I coul not pay, it was not then in my Power to difmifs he But this most melancholy Subject I shall not no chuse any farther to expatiate upon. I have brough down the preceding Narrative to my Father's Deatl where I at first intended it should end. Besides, I have now not many Days to live, and Matters of infinite ly greater Moment to think upon. May God for give me my Follies, and my Fnemies theirs! Ma he likewise take my poor Soul into his Protection and receive me to Mercy, through the Merits of m Mediator and Redeemer, Jesus Christ, who died t fave Sinners! Amen.

The foregoing Narrative, which I most earnestly desire may be published, was partly distated an partly wrote by me, whilst under Sentence of Death and is strictly agreeable to Truth in every Particular Witness my Hand,

MARY BLANDY.

Signed by Miss Mary Blandy, in the Castle at Oxford, April 4, 1752, in Presence of two Clergymen, Members of the University of Oxford.

APPENDI

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e Sentiments contained in the following Letter, which was sent to Miss Blandy soon after her Conviction, seeming to flow from a noble and generous Disposition, the Reader will not be displeased to find t inserted here.

LETTER I.

Madam,

a Pleasure, the Fortune to see you, your lantable Case affects me so much, that I can not ger resist an Inclination to write to you, which haunted me ever since that solemn Day whose trors you encountered with such amazing Decy. I believe this Impulse would appear so rointick to the Generality of Mankind, that I hald hardly chuse to own it to my most intimate end. But I dare say you have often wept at stress in a Tragedy or Novel, where, perhaps, ry thing was sictitious—much more may I at it too real Tragedy.

I should think any Trouble well repaid, could I htribute, were it ever so little, to your Consolation; and it is with that View I take the Liberty making this Address to you. If the little I re to say, instead of giving you any Comfort, ald only serve to teize you, I shall be extremely ry for it, but hope you will pardon it to the adness of my Intention. I am not so impertitut or presumptuous, as to offer to intrude upon

Province of those pious Men, who, I hope, it nothing in their Way to alleviate your Grief. I imagine it cannot be quite an indifferent fair to a Woman of your good Sense and Spirit,

to know what the World thinks of you. Crime you have most fatally been betrayed into Body can pretend to justify; but all the sensit People of my Acquaintance, and from them I jud of the rest, are disposed to extenuate it as much possible, as far as yourfelf has been concerned in They are fensible that it must have been owing the Operation of violent Causes upon the Wea ness of Human Nature, that you could ever co part fo much from the whole Tenor of your form Behaviour; and justly lay the great Burden of the Offence upon an execrable Man whom I am for to find my Countryman; and who I devoutly wit had met the Fate he deserves before you had to Misfortune to be feen by him. For my own Par I am, perhaps, as apt to startle at a shocking this as most People: But your amiable Character, tho fine Qualities and Accomplishments which made y an Ornament to your Sex, and the Dignity as Good-breeding of your Behaviour, make me co fider the Misfortune you have been feduced into the most deplorable Event that has happened my Time; and after fuch an Instance all those wi have any Passion in them ought to tremble s themselves. I cannot bewail your untimely leaving this World, if it was more engaging than it is; fl alas! Madam, after what has happened, I think impossible you should ever have much Relish Life: But I comfort myfelf with the Thought the you will be happy in a World where our Paffio shall be unattended with Pain, and where, I hop the only bad thing you probably ever did in you Life will be forgiven. I am, with the utmost Syr pathy and Regard, Madam,

Your most bearty Well-wisher, and obedient Servan

London March 14th.

The following Letter is so remarkable, that the Reader will not expect from the Editor any Apology for its Publication.

LETTER II.

THIS is to inform you, that a Man belonging to the Herald's Office, in your Neighbourhood, whose Name I have forgot, and a Woman he calls his Wife, whose Character you may know on Enquiry, are set out this Morning for Oxford, to swear something very extraordinary against your Niece, Miss Blandy, &c.

This Couple had Lodgings last Summer at Henley, and brought the late Mr. Blandy's Cook-maid with them to London; where she hath been from Time to Time visited by her Fellow Servant, the Clerk, and frequent Consultations hath been held amongst them, even to the raising Suspicions of a

Confederacy.

These Hints given to her Council may perhaps produce a Discovery to her Service, which I sincerely wish.

I am, Sir,

Your humble Servant,

Friday the 28th of-February, 1752. M. JUSTICE.

The menacing Letter inserted here was sent to Dr. Lewis of Oxford, and is supposed to come from Cranstoun; the Cypher at the Bottom containing W. H. C. the three initial Letters of William Henry Cranstoun, his Name.

LETTER III

THE Depositions you caused to be published in the News-papers, concerning the unfortunate Miss B—'s giving her Father the Powder, &c. shall cost you your Life the first Opportunity; and therefore like a perjured Villain prepare for Death, &c.

Yours, &c.

W. H. C.

5th Nov. 1751.

Received by Dr. Lewis the 23d of November. Saturday.

LETTER IV.

Carmarthen, Mar. 15, 1752.

Madam,

I Did not in the least purpose, when I sent you that of the 15th Instant, to give you any further Trouble in this Kind. The Concern I expressed in my last for your Welfare, eternal Welfare; and my disinterested View of promoting it, will, I hope, prevail with you to pardon this Officiousness. I give you Leave to judge of my Conduct herein as you think fit: Provided I may by this means contribute any thing to the Public Good, or promote your everlasting Interest, my End is fully answered. It is from this very Motive that I give you this further Trouble. Yet as I have no Confiderations to offer, that appear to me more suitable than what I have already fent you, I shall here only pray, that their Weight and Influence upon your Mind, that your Candour and Seriousness in perusing them, may be equal to the fincere Wishes and honest Intention of your unknown Friend. But to proceed to the Defign of this Letter: It is with regard to the inclosed, which I purposed putting in one of the public Papers after your Decease; but, upon second Thoughts, judge it more suitable to be published (if it be thought worthy of it) among the Papers you leave for the Press. As I have considered your Case with more than ordinary Attention, and with great Concern lamented your unhappy approaching Fate, I have endeavoured to affign the Caufe of fuch Evils; in order that Parents and Children may take it to mature Confideration, and, by removing it, E

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prevent the melancholy Effects that result from it. What is there said, is neither with a View to extenuate your Crime, nor yet to condemn you or the rest of your Sex; but in order (if possible) to stem the rapid Torrent of Iniquity that threatens to over-slow our whole Country, to the Extinction of Humanity, and an utter Reproach to the Christian Name. I am, as before,

Your hearty Well-wisher,
A CLERGYMAN.

- Principiis obsta-

OVID.

No Method is more effectual to the avoiding Vice, together with its black Train of Attendants, than mature Precaution. The Neglect of this has often betrayed Men to Evils of the most dangerous Consequences, without leaving either Hope or Possibility of ever removing them. Nothing but the Want of this would have provoked the late Miss B—dy to the Perpetration of so horrid a Crime as that of Parricide. This lay her first open to the base Artifices of her insidious Seducer, and afterwards tempted her to the Commission of the most execrable Fact, for which she deservedly suffered an ignominious Death. The Circumstances are too well known to need mentioning them.

Tantane animis calestibus ira?

Without dwelling upon the Heinousness of this Crime, which comprehends in it at least the worst kind of Murder, the highest Degree of Undutifulnes, the most horrid Ingratitude, I shall consider That, which appears to me the chief Cause, the usu-

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al Source of such impious Facts: and this is no other than the great Defect, or wrong Judgment of Parents in their Children's Education.

What is the usual End proposed in the Instruction of young Women of Superior Rank? (for I shall confine my Observations to that Part of the Sex.) It is, in a Word, to make them fine Ladies; that is, to bring them acquainted with the Follies of the World, to teach them to dance elegantly, and to behave with a genteel Air in Company. When this is attained, with some additional Endowments of Nature, we have the Fine Lady ador'd by her Parents, deify'd by her Admirers. Her whole Study now is to appear amiable and engaging to those that will flatter her Vanity: The anxious Care of her Parents is to encrease her Fortune, in order to an Alliance with some Noble Family. The latter often neglectful of their Duty to God and Man, perhaps with a Neglect of their Persons and Ease of Mind, bend their whole Thoughts, make use of all Arts and Means to amass Wealth for their Angel: The former thus deify'd and adored, is tempted to believe herself posses'd of all necessary intrinsic Accomplishments, and fondly imagines herself something more than Mortal. Her Glass and Toilet are frequently confulted, and tedioufly attended, in order to hide all conscious outward Impersections: To make a shining Figure at the Ring, the Ball, the Play, the Opera, is her ambitious Talk, in order to gain the Esteem and Veneration of the Beholders.

Now Miss is thoroughly knowing, perfectly accomplish'd, being arrived at the Summit of liberal Education: Every Whim, every Fancy, however frivolous or extravagant, must be now fondly indulged; no Passion must be ungratify'd, no Inclination croffed. Nothing is now wanting but her mifly Parents out of the Way, in order to be Mittress of

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her own Fortune: Nay the most execrable Deed must be audaciously committed to compleat her own Ruin and theirs.

In such lamentable State of things, which is most to blame, the Parent or the Child? Could better Fruits be expected from such Education; falsely called LIBERAL? Could any other Effect be expected from the Company she has been taught to associate with, from the Conversation she has been

instructed to delight in, and imitate?

Has she had Precepts of Religion and Virtue inculcated on her tender Mind at Home; any Examples of Piety to provoke her Imitation? Were her Requests ever deny'd, her Faults ever told her, her Foibles ever exposed? No; Miss must be always humoured; all her Imperfections are leffer Beauties, and more obscure Presages of future Lustre. Was she ever shewn the absolute Necessity of renouncing all the vain Pomps, State and Glory of the World; to believe and obey the Gospel? On the contrary, was she not taught to pursue, ambitioully to pursue the Former, to an utter Neglect and Difregard of the Latter? Was she ever shewn the Necessity and Expediency of retiring to her Closet to Prayer and Meditation, as well as to her Dreffing-Room? Of looking into the Mirrour of God's Holy Word, to consult the State of her Soul, as well as to her Looking-Glass, to examine her Complexion, to regulate her Air and Features, to modify her Dress? Was the not more applauded for the Delicacy of her Taste in discovering the Beauties or Imperfections of a Play, a Song, or a Romance, than any Knowledge in the Sacred Pages? In short, did the whole of her Education, (had it any Tendency to) bring her one Step nearer Religion, than to make her imagine, Virtue but an empty Name; Dutifulness to Parents, Rusticity; Humility, Meannefs.

ness, Modesty, Aukwardness; Piety, Preciseness; Devotion, Enthusiasm: nay, the whole of Religion no more than Formality and Superstition, unbecoming Good-Breeding, foreign to Politeness?

When Religion is thus laid aside, thus shamefully disregarded in the Education of the fair Sex, 'tis by no Means a Wonder to see several of them, with Reluctance I speak it, whol'y divested of their natural Tenderness; of Modesty and Shame. When Virtue is shut out of the Heart, evil Thoughts will easily find Admission, and insensibly influence the Practice. No Sense of Honour can of itself be sufficient to secure them, in this Case, from Insamy, and make them Proof against the Arts and wicked Stratagems of designing Men: On the contrary, what audacious Crimes, and horrid Parricides, would not those that are void of Religion commit, but

for Fear of Discovery and Penal Laws?

I doubt, the too common Complaint of Undutifulness in Children, is generally owing to the wrong Method of their Education; or at least to the Deficiency of it. The Want of training them in the Way they should go, the Neglect of displaying to their View the Beauty and Rewards of Virtue, and of quickening them to the Practice of it; the Want of this, I fay, makes Children at length impatient of Restraint and Controul, and renders their Parents odious and despicable in their Sight. Thus do Parents justly reap the Fruit of their Ignorance, Folly, or Indiferetion. - Let not Children from whence think themselves acquitted; for those that despise their Parents are no less than Parricides in the Judgment of Scripture, and have the heaviest Curses denounced against them. For if he who hateth his Brother is a Murtherer, what can he be thought, that, to indulge his Vanity or finful Appetites, wishes a most indulgent Parent out of his Way?

Way? Let Parents, therefore, as they value thei own Ease and Safety here, as well as Happiness hereafter; as they regard the Properity, Well-being, and Usefulness of their Posterity, imbue the tender Minds of their Children with virtuous Principles, and make the Exercise of Practical Religion the principal Aim of their Education,

The following is an Answer to a Letter sent Miss Blandy by a worthy Clergyman in Henley, upon a very extraordinary Subject, and bigbly deserves a

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LETTER V.

and make them Proof against the Arisand wicked

Rev. Sir, and Liest the very state of Land I and I deck I T Received yours, and at first felt all the Horror Innocence so belied could do; but now, Sir, I look on it as a Bleffing from God, both to wean me from this World, and make the near Approach of Death less dreadful to me. You defire me, in your Letter, if innocent of my poor Mother's Death and that of Mrs. Pocock, to make a folemn Declaration, and have it witneffed; which I here do. I declare before God, at whose dread Tribunal I must shortly appear, that as I hope for Mercy there, I never did buy any Poison, knowingly, whatever of Mr. Prince, who did live at Henley, and now lives at Reading, or of Mr. Pottinger an Apothecary and Surgeon in Henley: Nor did I ever buy any Poison in Henley, or any where else in all my Life: That as for my Mother's and Mrs. Pocock's Death, I am as innocent of it as the Child unborn, So help me God in my last Moments, and at the great great Day of Judgment. If ever I did hurt their Lives, may God condemn me. This, Sir, I hope, will convince you of my Innocency. And if the World will not believe what even I dying (wear, God forgive them, and turn their Hearts. One Day all must appear together at one Bar. There no prompting of Witnesses, no Lies, no little Arts of Law will do. There, I doubt not, I shall meet my poor Father and Mother, and my much loved Friend (through the Merits of Jesus Christ, who died for Sinners) forgiven and in Bliss. There the Tears that cannot move Man's Heart shall be by God dried up. Farewell, Sir, God bless you, and believe me, while I live, ever

lating to her Life and Contact after that melan-

Your much obliged humble Servant,

emis sed country mort of me) sets of M. Blandy.

N. B. This Letter was attested to be M. Blandy's &e. Apr. 4th, 1752.

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HE Reader will not think it necessary to be troubled here with a tedious Detail of the Incidents attending Miss Blandy's Tryal; nor a Relation of what happened to her, from her Arrival in the Castle at Oxford to the Time of her Conviction. It will be sufficient for the Publisher of the preceding Narrative to confine himself to a general and concise Account of the most memorable Particulars relating to her Life and Conduct after that melancholy Event. Miss Blandy, then, after a long Tryal, having been convicted of the Crime laid to her Charge, received Sentence of Death, and was reconducted to the Castle from whence she came. Many People believed, that she behaved not only through the whole Course of her Tryal, but afterwards, with fuch a decent Refolution as does not often attend a Consciousness of Guilt; tho' the greatest part of Mankind, it must be owned, seem fully convinced of even her Intention to destroy her Father. Be that as it will, her Conduct before the Judges was not only uncenfured, but even applauded, by a Majority of the Spectators who were Witnesses of it. Nor did any material Alteration discover itself in the Tenour of her Behaviour, tho' her Spirits sometimes a little failed her, betwixt the Day of her Tryal and that of her Execution.

It would be endless, however, notwithstanding this undoubted Truth, to recite the palpable Falshoods, and inhuman Calumnies, industriously propagated of her, and dispersed throughout the Nation, in almost every Part of that Interval. Some-

times

times it was reported, that she had poisoned herfelf, and fometimes that she had laid upon herself violent Hands in a different Manner; tho' she difcovered, on all Occasions, to the Minister who attended her, the most perfect Abhorrence of Suicide, and of every Thing that had but even the least Tendency to it. Several Persons affirmed, that she was so perfectly hardened that she would not acknowledge herself guilty of any Crime; the Reverse of which is true, as can be attested both by the aforesaid Minister and other Persons of Character and Reputation. She has frequently faid, that she deferved Death for destroying her Father, tho' she did not think herself so guilty as if she had designedly and intentionally perpetrated so black a Crime. This Declaration she constantly persisted in; tho' that Point of Conduct gave uncommon Offence to vast Numbers of People, some of whom have pursued, with a Degree of Rancour and Virulence little inferior to Persecution, those whose charitable and compassionate Disposition prompted them to entertain more favourable Sentiments of it; --- with how much Reason and Justice the Publisher of the preceding Narrative will not take upon him to determine.

During the aforesaid Interval, Miss Blandy attended Divine Service in the Chapel as often as her Health would permit, and the Crowds of People, who flocked thicher to gaze upon her, did not drive her from thence; and when any thing of that Kind happened, as well as at all other proper Seasons, the Minister of the Castle attended her in her own Apartment. She often professed herself a fincere Penitent, and said she was covered with Contrition for every Sin she had committed, and particularly that which occasioned the Loss of her dear Father's Life.

—When such Professions as these were made, she pretty

pretty frequently shed Tears, and discovered the most apparent Emotions of Grief. This can be attested by several, as well as the aforesaid Minister, whose Testimony will be deemed authentic in all other Cases. Notwithstanding which, the contrary to this has been afferted by many Persons; but then some of them have been such as have not only had little Regard to Truth, but been incapable of all tender Sentiments,—such as have had Minds not susceptible of even the least Degree of Compassion.

She always proteffed a full Perfuation of the Truth and Excellency of the Christian Religion in general; and a close Attachment to the Tenets, Doctrines, and Usages of the Church of England in particular. Nor did any Thing, during the whole Course of her Confinement, so extremely shock her as the Charge of Infidelity, which some uncharitable Persons a little before her Death brought against her, on Account of her Intimacy with Cranstoun. That Cranstoun was an Infidel, there may be Reason enough to believe; but that she was fo, because she had placed her Affections upon him, will by no Means follow. It appears from her own Narrative, than which nothing can be more simple and plain, and confequently carry a greater Appearance of Truth, that he was a Man of infinite Art and Defign; and therefore may very naturally be supposed to have adapted himself intirely to her Genius and Disposition, in order the more effectually to carry into Execution his wicked Defigns. And that this was really the Case, with her dying Breath the politively affirmed. He never, as to the Minister attending her a little before her Death she declared, uttered any Thing in her Company, thro' the whole Course of her Acquaintance with him, that sould be deemed shocking to pious Ears, or that in the

the least savoured of Infidelity. On the contrary, if she may be credited, in some of her last Moments, he gave her many instructive Lessons, and talked perfectly in the Style of a Christian. And this he might do, because he found it agreeable to her. 'Tis but charitable, therefore, considering her Education, to believe, that she never openly professed any Dislike to the Principles of Christianity.

To what has been said the Editor begs leave to add, that she could discourse pertinently and clearly upon all the common, and some other, theological Topics. From whence it may be rationally inferred, that she had not only been in a tolerable Degree conversant with the Scriptures; but likewise read with some Attention the Works of several of our most celebrated Divines. And this she owned herself to have done. This Point would not have been so copiously insisted upon here, had she not desired it might be cleared up in a particular Manner; and had not the Imputation of Insidelity, in some of her last Moments, given her infinite Uneasiness and Concern.

She was visited by several Clergymen, besides the Minister of the Castle who constantly attended her, one of whom was a Person of superior Rank and Character in the University. To all of these she expressed herself much in the same Manner, and constantly persisted in her first Declaration. She was pressed by them in the strongest Terms to confess the Truth, and not go out of the World with a Lie in her Mouth. But this she said she should do, if she assimmed that she had a Design to destroy her Father when she gave him the fatal Powder, or that she then knew there was any poisonous Quality lodged in it. But notwithstanding this, some Persons were greatly

greatly offended, that she could not be brought to such a Confession; which must have proved of fatal Consequence to her Soul, had the Point therein afferted been false. She talked in such a plausible, or rather pathetic Strain, and gave fuch convincing Reasons for the Truth of what she affirmed, that fome of her Enemies themselves, after one or two Visits, became greatly prejudiced in her Favour.

Some Attempts were made to procure her a short Respite; for it was never believed, that a Pardon could be obtained, at least before the Apprehension of the Villain Cranftoun. But all the Avenues to the Royal Clemency were shut up; so that every Meafure pursued on this Occasion proved ineffectual. Nor did she ever entertain any Hopes of Success, tho' a Lady of great Interest and Distinction, whose innate Goodness renders her one of the brightest Ornaments of the present Age, made several Efforts in her Favour. The Prejudices she had to flruggle with had taken too deep Root in some Men's Minds to be effaced by any Sentiments of

Tenderness and Compassion.

She herfelf observed, and spoke with great Commendation of them, that the Judges, as well as the worthy Sheriff and his Deputy, behaved towards her with great Candour and Moderation; that in every one of them were united both the Gentleman and the Christian. Those Worthies, however, have not been univerfally applauded for their generous Conduct. Nor, indeed, can this be expected, confidering the present depraved State and Condition of Mankind. We must not suppose, that the Actions of truly great and illustrious Men can be viewed in a proper Light by those who are perfect Strangers to the amiable Qualities with which they are adorned.

On Monday, April the 5th, 1752, the Day destined for her Execution, the Under-sheriff, attended by one of Miss Blandy's Friends, visited her a little after Eight o'Clock in the Morning. She then discovered some Anxiety and Apprehensions, in relation to her future State, that had never before appeared. She faid, that many Sins, both of Omission and Commission, which she had formerly considered as Trifles, feemed at that Time to be very black and enormous to her. The Minister, who was then also present, took a fresh Opportunity from hence to press her once more to declare the Truth, in relation to her Intention and Knowledge of the noxious Quality of the fatal Powder, by urging that a Failure herein would be a Crime of a much deeper Dye, than those which filled her with such terrible Apprehensions. But to this she immediately replied, that she should persist in her former Declaration to the Moment of her Death; and that this she would impart to the People attending her Execution. The Under-sheriff, and the Gentleman attending him, also begged, that she would not impose upon herfelf, as well as upon the World, in these her last Moments. To which she answered much in the fame Terms as the had done before. She likewife appeared after this to be fomething more calm and composed. And the Minister, in order still more to comfort her, told her, that the Devil frequently presented former Sins as much more heinous than they really were to even some of the best Christians, themselves, when they were upon the Confines of Eternity, in order to ruffle and discompose them; and that therefore probably the Scene that at prefent feemed to diffurb her, was nothing more than one of his Illusions: But that, however that might be, she had no Reafon to be afraid of any of her Sins, if fhe

she fincerely repented of them, as she had always assured him she did, and placed an unshaken Confidence in the Mercy of God, through the Merits of Christ; and neither those Merits nor that Mercy, to sincere Penitents, would admit of any Limits. This gave her great Consolation, insomuch that she soon resumed her former Calmness, and declared herself not only willing but even inclinable to die.

About Nine o'Clock she came out of her Bedchamber, and was attended by the aforesaid Minister. to the Place of Execution. Here he read some of the Commendatory Forms of Prayer, and she joined most fervently with him. After this was ended, he faid to her, " Madam, you may now, if you think " proper, and have a fufficient Flow of Spirits, speak " to the People." She then addressed herself to them, with a clear and audible Voice, in the following Terms. "Good People, give me Leave " to declare to you, that I am perfectly innocent, " as to any Intention to destroy or even hurt my " dear Father; that I did not know, or even fuf-" pect, that there was any poisonous Quality in the " fatal Powder I gave him; tho' I can never be too " much punished for being even the innocent Cause " of his Death. As to my Mother's and Mrs. Po-" cock's Deaths, that have been unjustly laid to my " Charge, I am not even the innocent Cause of them, " nor did I in the least contribute to them. So help " me God in these my last Moments. And may I " not meet with eternal Salvation, nor be acquitted " by Almighty God, in whose awful Presence " I am instantly to appear, if the whole of what " is here afferted, be not true. I from the Bottom " of my Soul forgive all those concerned in my Pro-" fecution; and particularly the Jury, notwithstand-" ing their fatal Verdict." She then ascended the LadLadder, and spoke again to the following Effect, "Good People, take Warning by me to be on your Guard against the Sallies of any irregular "Passion; and pray for me, that I may be accepted at the Throne of Grace."

- After which, the was turned off; and, in about half an Hour's Time, cut down. The Body was then carried to a neighbouring House, and put into a Coffin; from thence it was conducted about Five o'Clock in the Afternoon, in a Hearfe, to Henley; and interred about Eleven o'Clock in the Chancel of the Church there, where the Bodies of her Father and Mother had been deposited. Miss Blandy suffered in a black Bombazine short Sack and Petticoat, with a clean white Handerchief drawn over her Face. Her Hands were tied tog ther with a strong black Ribband, and here Feet, at her own Request, almost touched the Ground. The Number of People attending her Execution was computed at about 5000; many of whom, and particularly several Gentlemen of the University, were observed to shed Tears. She behaved with such Serenity and Composure, and with such a decent Resolution, as greatly surprised and charmed many of the Spectators; and fuch as some there present thought nothing but a Consciousness of the Truth of what she had afferted, and a well grounded Hope of future Felicity, could inspire. Contrary to what is observed at other Executions, there was almost a profound Silence during the Time of this. In fine, the whole was fo well conducted, and made fuch a deep Impression upon the Minds of the People present, that the Circumstances attending Miss Blandy's Execution will not foon be forgotten at Oxford.

Copy of Miss Blandy's Declaration at the Place of Execution in Oxford, April 6th, 1752.

I Mary Blandy do declare that I die in a full Perfuafion of the Truth and Excellency of the Christian Religion, and a fincere, tho' unworthy Member of the Church of England. I do likewise hope for a Pardon and Remission of my Sins by the Mercy of God, through the Merits and Mediation of our most blessed Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ. I do also farther declare, that I did not know or believe, that the Powder, to which the Death of my dear Father has been ascribed, had any noxious or poisonous Quality lodged in it; and that I had no Intention to hurt, and much less to destroy, him, by giving him that Powder. All this is true, as I hope for eternal Salvation, and Mercy from Almighty God, in whose most awful and immediate Presence I must soon appear. I die in perfect Peace and Charity with all Mankind, and do from the Bottom of my Soul forgive all my Enemies, as also those Persons who have in any Manner contributed to, or been instrumental in bringing me to the ignominious Death I am foon to fuffer. This is my last Declaration, as to the Points contained in it; and I do most earnestly desire that it may be publish'd after my Death. Witness my Hand,

MARY BLANDY.

FINIS.













