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#### Contributors

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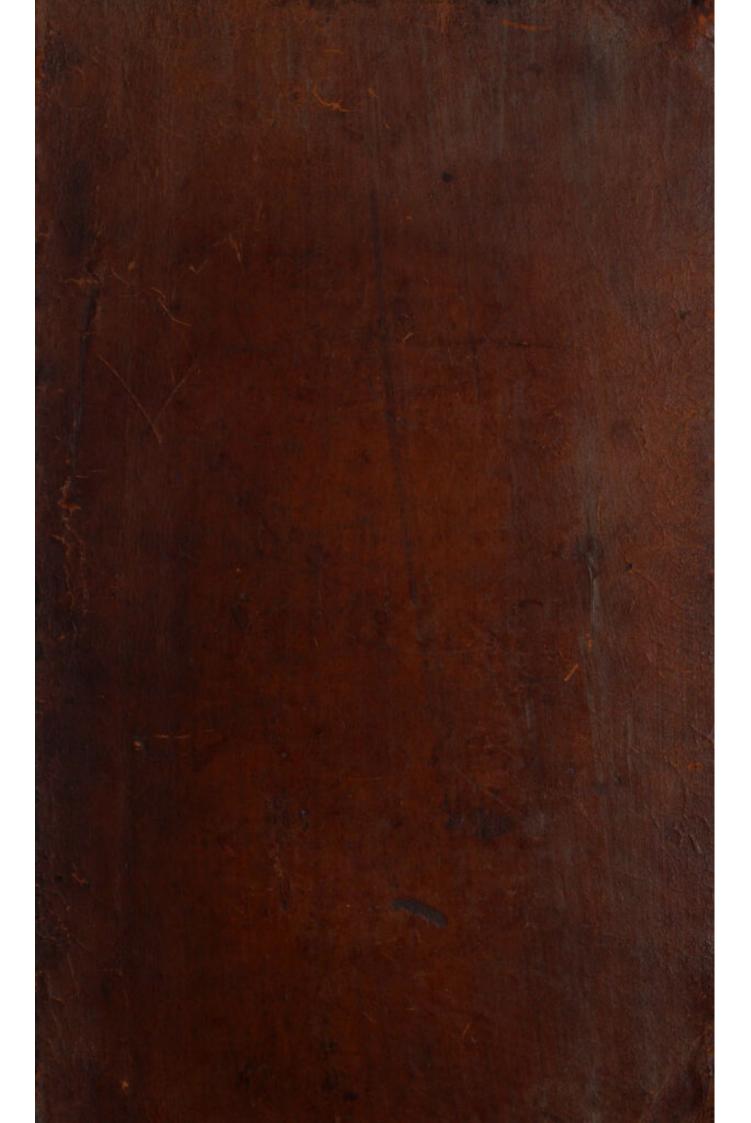
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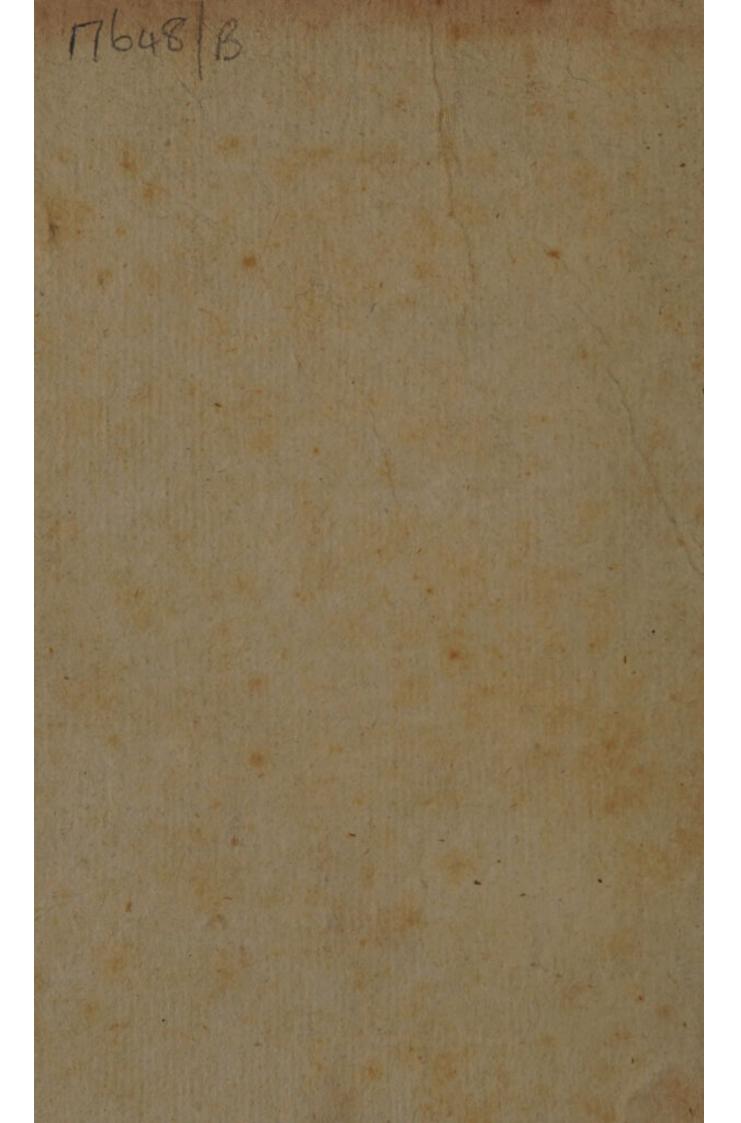
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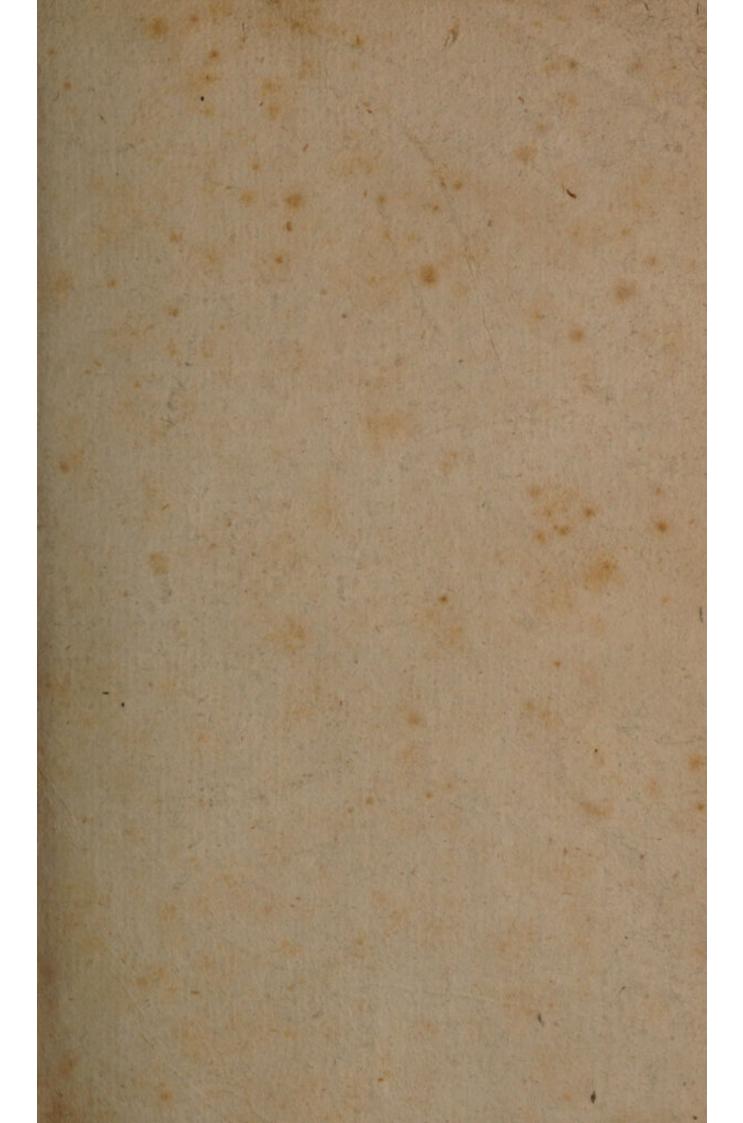
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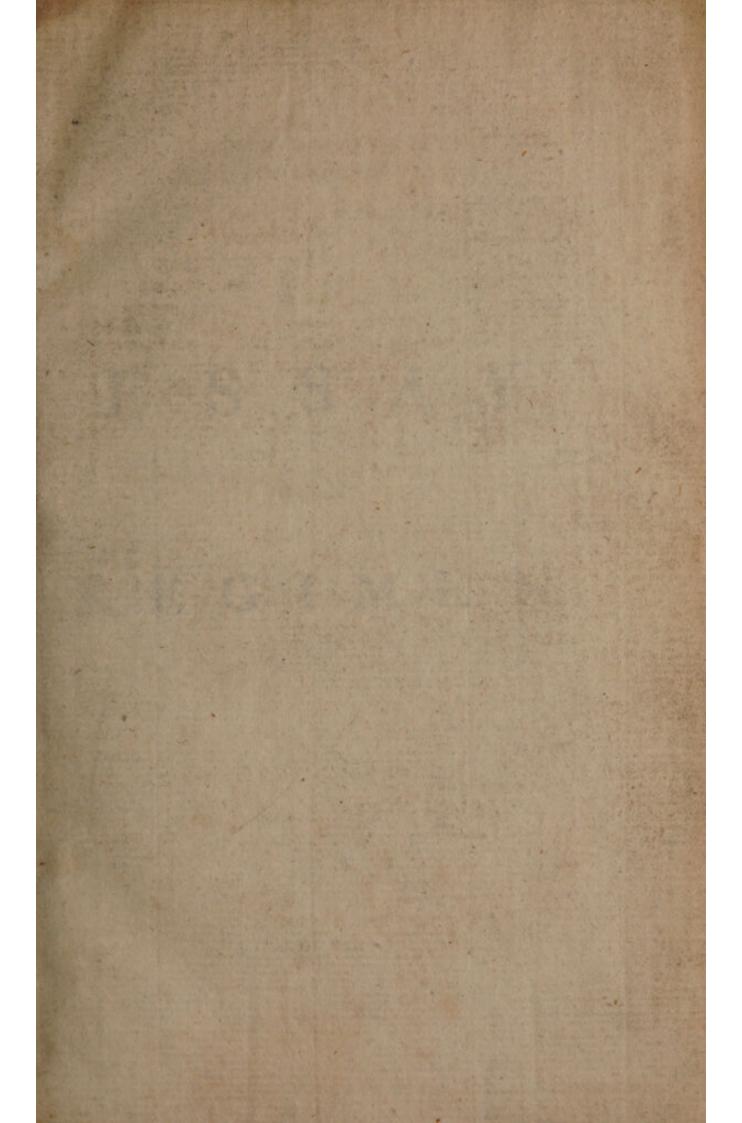
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# E S S A Y

## REGIMEN.

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OF

#### PHILOSOPHICAL MEDICINE,

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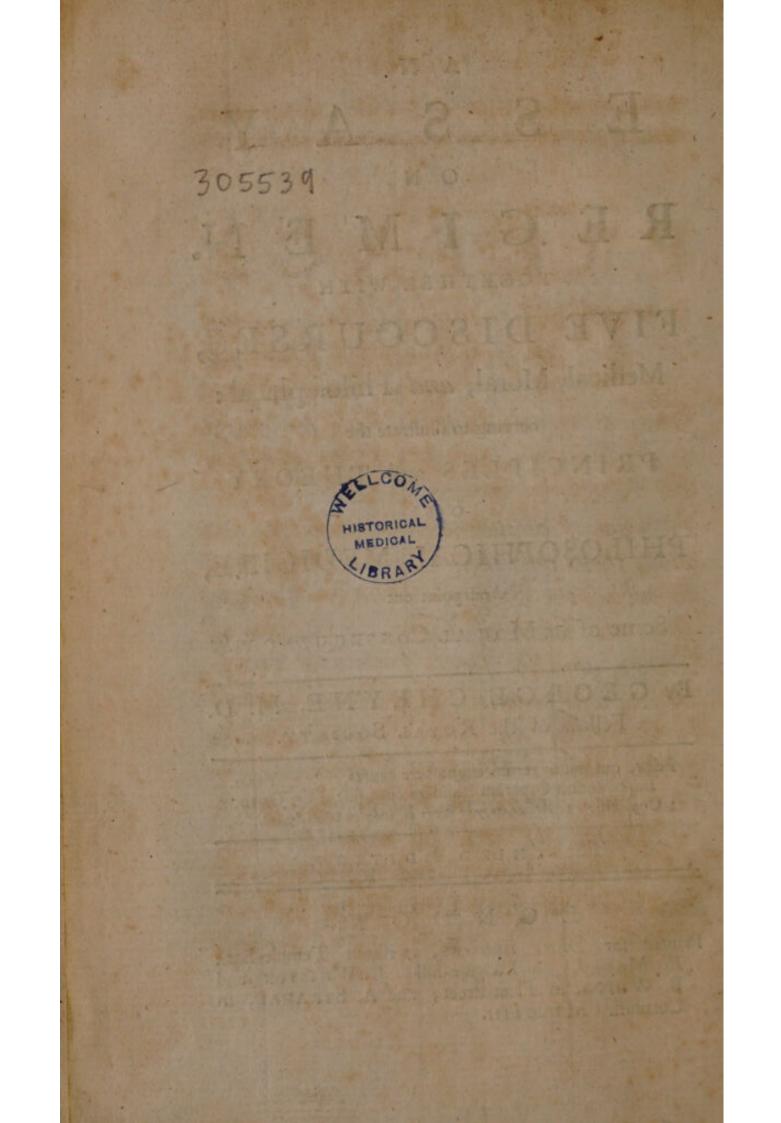
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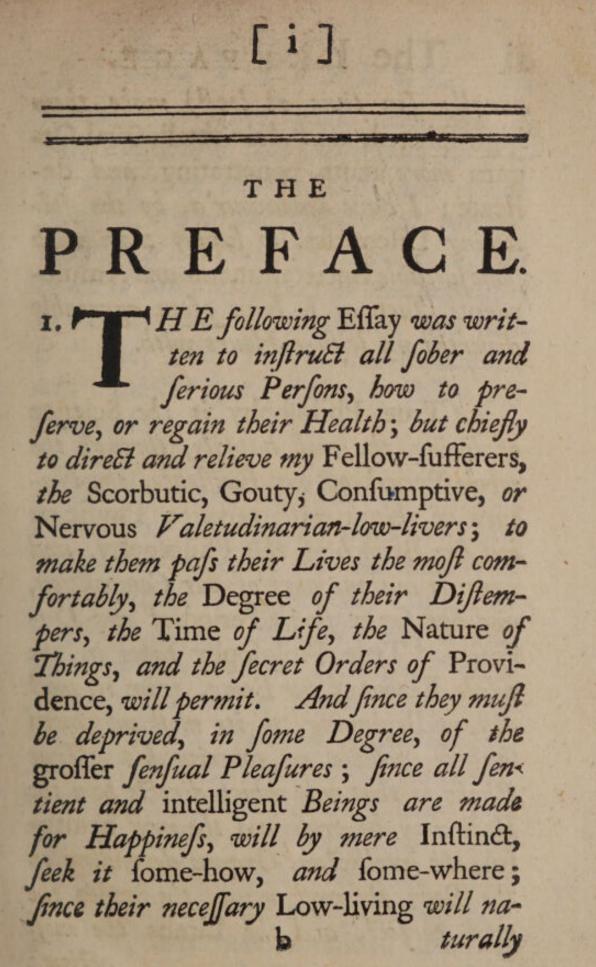
Felix, qui potuit rerum cognoscere causas. VIRG. Inque domus Superûm scandere cura fuit. OVID. 1 Cor. xiii. 12. Βλέπομεν γαρ άπτι δι' ἐσόπθρε ἐν α ἰνίγμαλι.

The THIRD EDITION.

#### LONDON:

Printed for DAN. BROWNE, without Temple-Bar; R. MANBY, on Ludgate-hill; J. WHISTON and B. WHITE, in Fleet-flreet; and A. STRAHAN, in Cornhill. M DCC LIII.





#### ii The PREFACE.

turally (in time at least) make them high-fpirited, and their intellectual Organs more acute, penetrating, and delicate; I have endeavour'd, by the following Discourses, to supply them with fome fuitable Entertainments and Amusements, such as I have often agreeably diverted my leifure Hours with.

2. True Philosophy is the Science of living the most happily, through the whole Period of our Existence, the Nature of things will permit; Physic is but one Branch of this Philosophy, and regards but one part of our Composition, and but for a small Period of our Duration. True Philosophy takes in the whole Extent of our Being, from its most distant Beginning, to its most advanced Stages, possible or conceiveable. True Physic is that only which directs how the Body may be preferved the most healthful, the intellectual Organs depending on the Body the most acute, the Senses the most perfect, and the Limbs the most active;

## The PREFACE. iii

active; not for a while only, and by Fits and Starts, but uniformly, as long as they were made to last, and as the original Frame and Texture will permit: Any thing less than this, is but as a Part to the Whole; an imperfect and unfinish'd Sketch of such a Philosophy, and such a Physic, their Theory and Principles, was intended by the following Essay and Discourses.

3. They were composed at different Times, and on different Occasions; but one general Scheme, and one manner of free Philosophizing, and easy Conjecturing, runs through them all; one, to wit, where the fundamental Truth, or Propofition in general, is suppos'd either allow'd, reveal'd, or already demonstrated. But the Why? the final Caufes, the moral Confequences, and the particular Detail, is only here conjectured about, from probable or philosophic Principles. This necessarily makes them more loofe, unguarded, and immethodical, and the b 2 Same

#### iv The PREFACE.

Same things to be often repeated. But I had neither Leifure, Relifh, nor Strength of Application, to remedy these Faults; it would have cost me more Trouble than the first Composure. All I could obtain of myself, was to make a short, more distinct Abstract of the whole, and join a few Explications, to prevent Cavil, and all Mistakes not wilful and disingenuous, if possible.

4. I am very fenfible, by this Work, I shall make myself obnoxious to two very different kinds of Men, the Stiff, Rigid, and Precife; and the Licentious, Unguarded, Spurious, Free-Thinkers. The first, very probably, will censure my Conjectures and Sentiments, as dangerous and prefumptuous, and myself, as being wise above what is written, and arrogantly prying into the Secrets of infinit Wisdom. It is very possible I may have been faulty, in this particular. I am sensible, that some even undoubted Truths, that may hurt the Weak, ought to be concealed,

### The PREFACE.

or enjoy'd only in fecret; the same Degrees of Light not being equally luminous and perceptive to all Eyes. But fince old Men, and Valetudinarians especially, become, as it were, Children a second time, and, in their fecond Childhood, those must have their Rattles as well as these; I thought it safer, as I am sure it is much more entertaining, to play with Ideas, philosophic Conjectures, and such Amusements, how weakly soever founded, as tend to make Virtue and its Source amiable, justify the Conduct of Providence, and mend and rejoice the Heart without hurting the Head, than to dwell on the dark Side of Things, that lead to Pyrrhonism, Fatalism, Infidelity, and Despair. If I thought I had advanced any thing derogatory from the Amiableness of infinit Perfection, contrary to the Doctrine of the earliest and purest Times of Christianity, contradictory to the Analogy of Faith, and the Form of found Words, I had committed these Sheets to the Flames, with the Hand of their Author, before b 3

#### vi The PREFACE.

before I had published them. But, on the contrary, I hoped they might agreeably entertain my Valetudinarian, who being placed by his low Health, in the middle State, between both Worlds, the old and the new, must unavoidably, at some times, figure to himself some sort of a Map of the next World. I was therefore willing to try to illuminat it, the best I could, and to trace some of the Out-lines of the Passages from this to that Manfion; by endeavouring to illustrat, from not so common a Set of Principles and Philosophy, Some great and fundamental Truths, establiss'd on more popular Proofs, viz. that there is no Poffibility of Happiness here or hereafter, without Purity of Heart and Life; and that the true Reason of the present Darkness, both in Providence and Revelation, is the Difficulty of recovering this Purity of Heart and Life, to its utmost Perfection, in free lapsed Intelligences, confistent with their Liberty, and the Harmony of the Divine Attributes, which

#### The PREFACE. vii

which infinit Power and Wifdom will not, I might fay, cannot, counteract.

5. I apprehend less Quarter from the opposit Set of Men, who may honour me with Enthusiasm, Romanceing, and Castle-building, without any folid Foundation. All I have to fay is, that perbaps my Manner of explaining some great and fundamental Truths, and a few of the Confequences I draw by my Method, may be defective : And perhaps, from Some of the Links being dropt, and from Faults in the wording, the Chain of the Reasoning may not be always clear and strong; but I am sure the Foundation is folid and just, and allow'd to be such by all true Philosophers; and without it, all general and abstracted Reasoning (on these imperceptible Subjects) must be vain; I mean, without admitting Analogy: For without Supposing the Evidence and Probability of it, (it being in Things only, what Proportion is in Numbers, and its Progressions being only like 64

## viii The PREFACE.

like the higher and subsequent Terms of a Series in Algebra, from some of the first and simplest Terms being given) no general Laws, nor universal Propositions, can be found out, in Mathematicks, Philosophy, or Morality. For Induction, either in Experiment, Obfervation, or Calculation, must be always particular and limited. Perhaps the Method, when managed by a clearer Head, and a more folid Judgment, may become a noble Source of divine Knowledge, and a fublime Philosophy. Mathematicians well know, that there are Several different Methods of investigating the same Propositions in Algebra and Geometry; and there is scarce a Geometer, but has his own Method of Investigation. The same Conclusions, drawn from different demonstrated Truths, give a sensible Pleasure, and a stronger Conviction, to an honest Heart, and a Lover of Truth; and I could not but be delighted with the Universality, Simplicity, and Luminousness of the Method of Analogy,

#### The PREFACE. ix

Analogy, and the other Principles I bave laid down in the following Difcourfes, not baving met with an Objection, Difficulty, or even a Puzzle almost, in Nature, Providence, or Revelation, which had not an easy, consequential or probable Solution from them, which is, at least, a Prejudice in their Favour. I had nothing to do, but to try the Difficulty, in its most simple and obvious Cases, (as I used to do in Algebra, to find out universal Canons) and attentively to observe the Conditions of the Progression, till the bigher Terms involved the Complication.

6. There are fome Perfons made fo by Nature, that they are flow, dark, gloomy, joylefs, puzzling, and perplexing, and they pafs for the wife, prudent, guarded Men of the World: They may attack Error, but feldom find out Truth by themfelves; like the Scuttle-fifh, they fpout out their own black Liquor on the pellucid Element. If they are honeft and

#### x The PREFACE.

and fincere, they are much to be pitied, and are to be treated with Humanity and Charity, being in the State of those born poor and blind, and so destitute of the Necessaries and Conveniencies of Life. They must do the best they can, and be charitably supplied, and with Docility be willing to be led by others; and thus, tho' their Trial might be hard and fevere, yet their Victory would be meritorious and glorious. But, on the contrary, it often happens, that Licentiousness, Self-fufficiency, and a Supercilious Contempt of others, are the true Causes of their Darkness and Indigence, and that they have themselves, by wrong or no Culture, stunted the Organs of their Faculties, and by a perpetual Mal-regimen have distorted them.

7. I take common Happinels, in our natural State at present, to lie in the Pursuit of the general Measures of Thinking, Acting and Living, follow'd by the greatest part of the middling Rank of our

## The PREFACE. Xi

our Species (as it is in their Order in other Animals); and common Senfe (as it is distinguished from cultivated and refin'd Sense) to lie in affenting and conforming to the Truths and Manners, agreed upon explicitly or implicitly, in the Community where Providence has placed us, without some irrefistible, that is, miraculous Evidence, or a peaceable, filent, and not intermeddling Self-conviction to the contrary. And he who pretends to be happy, as to his outward Circumstances, out of common Life, or wife as to intellectual Endowments, out of common Sense, in Things on a Level with his Occupation and Education; I take him always to labour under some undiscover'd chronical nervous Distemper, be the other Appearances what they will, and have been seldom mistaken in a particular Cafe. For tho' a found Mind be not the only sure Evidence of a found Body, yet it will always shew, that none of the great Organs of Life is intirely Spoilt, or greatly damaged, however tender and delicate

## xii The PREFACE.

delicate they may be. It is more difficult; than perhaps most Men are aware of; to determin, with any Degree of Exactness, the Limits that Separat Wildom from Folly, Wrong-headedness from intellectual Sanity; the most perfect Man bere has a Mixture of both: Optimus ille, qui minimis urgetur. Certain it is, that true Wildom, and a found Mind, confists in first pondering, and then doing, every thing as near as we can, with Order, Number, Weight and Measure : But since Precision is incompatible with Finitude, if we endeavour to be constantly progressive towards Perfection, the' by gentle Steps, neither Stopping nor turning aside, but doing the best we can without Scrupulofity, and generoully hopeing and believeing, that infinit Wisdom and Goodness has, or will supply the reft, in his own Time and Manner, we cannot fail.

8. Were I to choose for myself, confidering the many certain Miseries and Tempta-

### The PREFACE. XIII

Temptations of this State of Probation, the few uncertain Antidotes, and much fewer sincere, durable, and real Pleafures; I had much rather have the weaker, than the stronger System of Nerves, within the Extremes. I had rather choose to be contented with the flight and flender, than covet the strong and pungent Pleasures. I had rather be happy in a Dream, than miserable awake. In a word, I had rather choose to be an innocent, benevolent, tho' weaker and more credulous Person, than a malicious, critical, spurious Free-thinker, even with regard to this Life only. They most certainly are, comparatively, unhappy and joyles in themseves, and are unharmoniously fram'd, in Body as well as Mind, who can delight, and employ their Talents, on throwing Darknefs and Doubts even on the imaginary Happiness (suppose it such) of their Fellow-Creatures: Nothing but Rancour, and acrid Juices, could be pleased with tearing and destroying Childrens Play-

## xiv The PREFACE.

Play-things; and the wifest Man here is comparatively but a Child.

9. As to myfelf, I can honeftly affirm, I have had but one uniform manner of thinking in Philosophy, Phyfic, and Divinity, in the main, ever fince my Thoughts were fix'd, and my Principles establish'd: They may have had Alternatives of greater Light and Darkness, occasionally and transiently, according to the State of my Spirits, Knowledge, and Experience; but in the Heart of my Soul (so to speak) I have been uniform, and under the same Convictions, as to the Fundamentals of these Sciences; and always thought spurious Free-Thinkers, active Latitudinarians, and Apostolic Infidels, (it being a Contradiction they can be certain in their Negative Opinions, or by them when propagated, should do any Good to their Fellow-Creatures, but an infinit deal of Hurt) under some obstinat bodily Distemper, and much more proper Subjects for Medicin

#### The PREFACE. XV

dicin than Argument; and that a low Diet, long and obstinatly perfisted in, would at last cure both their Body and their Mind, so far as it depends on the Body, especially where Vice and Infidelity have not become habitual, as they certainly bave in old Sinners : As I firmly believe, and am as much convinced as I am of any natural Effect, that Water-drinking only will preferve all the Opulent healthy from every mortal Diffemper, bateing Accidents, hereditary and epidemical Diseases; and that a Diet of Milk and Seeds, with Water-drinking only, duly continued, and prudently managed, with proper Evacuation, Air and Exercise, is the most infallible Antidote for all the obstinat Diseases of the Body, and Distemperature of the Mind, So far as it depends on the Body, the present State of Things will permit; and that it will cure every Diforder in the Body, cureable, and render the Diftemperature of the Mind more tractable; and that, in all Events, it will make both more

#### xvi The PREFACE.

more tolerable, than they can possibly be otherwise. This Regimen I have for these twenty Years, first and last, pur-Jued, and shall, with the Divine Aid, perfift in it to my last Moments; bitherto, I thank GOD, with as much Vivacity, Health and Activity, as can be expected at my time of Life, under Juch a gouty, scorbutic and nervous Habit. The State of my Intellectuals will be best known by the following Difcourses, which were design'd to illustrate the Principles, Theory, and moral Uses of philosophical Medicin. The practical Inferences, and the Conclusions drawn from them in particular Cases and Diseases, confirm'd by forty Years Experience and Observation, will follow in due Time, in a Treatise intitled, The natural Method of Cure in the Difeafes of the Body, and Diftempers of the Mind thereon depending; if GOD Shall see fit, by the Preservation of my Health and Faculties.

THE

## THE General CONTENTS.

MAT[i] TEN

A Philofophical and Practical Effay on the general Method and Medicins, but particularly on the Regimen and Diet, its Quantity, Quality, Order and Choice, fittest to preferve Health, prolong Life, and produce equal good Spirits, in Persons of all Ages and Constitutions.

DIS-

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Philosophical Conjectures about the Nature and Qualities of the original animal Body, and of its progressive State, in its several Stages of Existence.

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Philosophical Conjectures on Natural Analogy, its Laws, and some of their Confequences.

An

## iv General CONTENTS.

An Abstract, or a brief, but distinct, Representation of the Doctrines and Sentiments contained in the precedeing Discourses.

N. B. This Abstract is designed as an Index of the Contents of each particular Paragraph, with the Page where it is to be readily found.

DISCOURSEIV.

Philosophical Conjectiones on Spiritual

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DIÉCOURSE V.

Philasphical Conside unes on Macural

A Analogy, its Laws, and fone of their

Confequences,



## Philosophical and Practical ESSAY

A

Method and Medicins,

But particularly on the

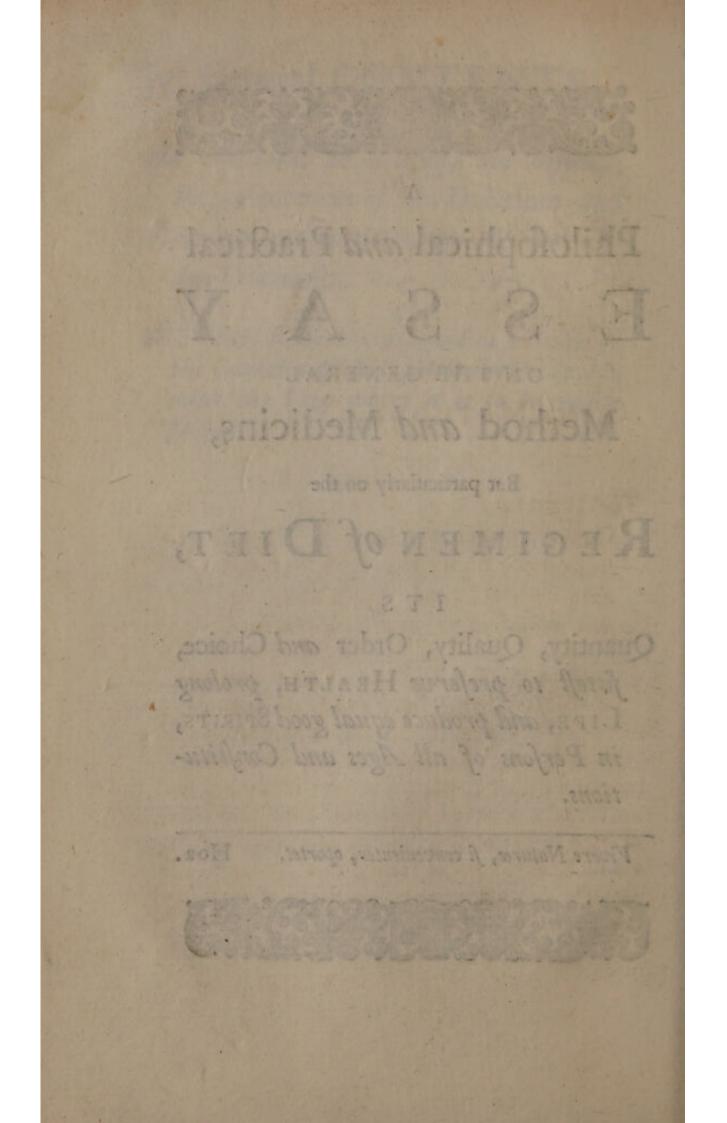
## REGIMEN of DIET,

#### ITS

Quantity, Quality, Order and Choice, fittest to preserve HEALTH, prolong LIFE, and produce equal good SPIRITS, in Persons of all Ages and Constitutions.

Vivere Naturæ, si convenienter, oportet. Hon.





## Philosophical and Practical

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E

A Practica 1.35 AY on

ON THE

#### General METHOD and MEDICINS;

But particularly on

The REGIMEN of DIET, its Quantity, Quality, Order and Choice, fittest to preserve HEALTH, prolong LIFE, and produce equal good SPIRITS, in Persons of all Ages and Constitutions.

5. 1. THERE is not a more pernicious Error in *Physic*, or one more opposit to the Expectation of Patients, (viz. the Prefervation or Recovery of their *Health*) than that very common and univerfally received Opinion, That there are *Bodies* in Nature, or in the *Materia Medica*, or fuch as may be found out by *Art*, by dividing, compounding, or altering them by the *Tortures* of the *Fire*, which will fudden-B

#### A Practical ESSAY on

11

ly, or in any great Degree, change or deftroy the Malignity of the morbid Humors of animal Bodies; or will intirely alter the Nature, Qualities, Figure, Size and Laws of Cohefion of the Particles that compose their Fluids and Solids; from an unfound and unhealthy State, to one of a kindly and benign Nature (a wild Notion, at first introduc'd and propagated by enthusiastical Chymists, Quacks and Symptom-Doctors). An animal Body is nothing but a Compages or Contexture of Pipes, an hydraulic Machin, fill'd with a Liquor of fuch a Nature as was transfus'd into it by its Parents, or is changed into by the Nature of the Food it is nourifh'd with, and is ever afterwards good, bad, or indifferent, as these two Sources have fent it forth. The Prima Via, or the alimentary Tube, is, as it were, a Common Sewer, may be foul'd or clean'd in various Manners, and with great Facility; it is wide, open, and reafonably ftrong, in most Animals: But from the Intestines into the Habit, (which only ought to be reckon'd the Body, or the Vehicle of the Soul) and into the fanguiferous Tubes, into the Glands and Bowels, the Paffages from thence are fo fireight and narrow, that they are but infinitesimal Pores, rather than Orifices, Strainers and Searches, rather than Mouths of Tubes, and are fcarce ever visible or perceptible in a healthy State; and the Supply and Nutriture of the Fluids and Solids must pass under the Form

#### the Regimen of DIET, O'c. iii

Form of a Steam or Vapour through them, and not in the Form of a Liquor, either for Food or Physic, either to increase the Quantity, or alter the Quality of the Blood and Juices; and the Solids (which concentred, consolidated and condens'd into their real or first Formation-Size, would not equal a Grain of Sand) are permanent and dureable, and continue pretty much in that State of Elasticity and Firmness, they were first created with; and they are ftrong or weak, fmall or coarfe, firm or lax, loofe or elastic, blunt or fharp, as they were first made by the *fupreme Artificer*, or are alter'd fomewhat by the original Dyfcrafy or Diftempers of the Parents, (the Mother can only mend or spoil their Juices, which might be eafily perfected by long Continuance in a fweetening Diet, during their younger Days; which if they furvive, they generally grow ftronger as they grow older, become the Genii, and the Governors of the World, because the Solids, thus purified, come from the Father alone) and continue much the fame all the Time of their Duration on this Globe, except fo far as the finall temporary and fugitive Alteration that Diet, Exercife, or Evacuation, or mild ponderous Medicines long continued, may make on them; fo fmall a Matter it really is, that Physic, or the Materia Medica, can perform on the Habit, on the Solids at leaft; and yet it is only in and by them, that Health, long Life and Serenity are to be had: The most that Physic B 2 or

#### iv A Practical ESSAY on

or *Physicians* can do, is in and by the *Primæ* Viæ, or alimentary Tube, through these fine lacteal Searches into the Habit.

6. 2. WHAT is it then, will it be faid, that Art, Physic or a philosophic Physician, can truly do, to relieve the Miferies, Pains and Difeases of their Fellow-Creatures? A great deal, if judicioufly and honeftly directed, and obflinatly and exactly purfued, viz. by mending the Juices in the Manner Nature, the Diftemper, the Age, and the Habitudes of the Patient point out. Thefe (the Juices) are the only things in an animal Body, in the Power and under the Dominion of a Physician. If the principal Intentions of the Phylician be to mend the Blood and Juices, they will in time, and by the wife Mechanism of Nature, rectify and confirm the Solids into their proper Situation and Tone; for it is out of, and by the Juices, that the Solids are nourish'd, figur'd and cloath'd. Air and Exercife will give them the proper Firmness and Degree of Elasticity, and then the animal Functions will be perform'd with Facility and Pleafure, and thereby the Perfon will enjoy Health and Serenity. Art can do nothing but remove Impediments, refolve Obstructions, cut off and tear away Excrescences and Superfluities, and reduce Nature to its primitive Order; and this only can be done by a proper and specific Regimen in Quantity and Quality, by Air and Exercise, and by welljudg'd and timeous Evacuation, and prepareing the

#### the Regimen of DIET, Gc. V

the morbid Juices for eafier Elimination, by Means which, I fear, lie in a narrow Compass, and depend mostly on the mild mineral Medicins (which were never originally defign'd by Nature to be introduc'd into an animal Body, and always rend, tear and wear them out fafter, like Spirits and chymical Medicins, but in bad Cafes are at first at least necessary) judicioully managed with proper Dilution.

§. 3. PHLEBOTOMY will directly let out a Part of the bad and vicious Juices, to be immediatly supplied with good ones, from proper Regimen, by making the Veffels more roomy, and thereby enabling the Circulation to make her fuller Rounds; for when the Blood-Veffels are too turgid and full, or the Juices too thick, groß, and fizy, to tumify them, the natural Secretions and Difcharges will be too fmall to admit into them new, fresh, sweet Juices, from Food or Physic, which well-tim'd, partial and frequent Phlebotomy, will much affift. Vamits drive forcibly out of the upper Part of the chyliferous Tube, not only its noxious Contents, but ftrongly fqueeze all the Glands (which are infinit) of the Abdomen, diffolve and fuse by its Convulsions, and internal Compressure, their Contents, (and that of the universal Mass of the Fluids) and promote their  $Ex_{-}$ pulsion; and, frequently repeated, are of more Use and Efficacy than all the other Evacuations join'd together; for they not only truly reach B

## vi A Practical ESSAY on

reach the Habit, fupply the Place of Exercise, cleanse the internal Viscera and Glands, (which can by no other means be reached) but comprefs, fqueeze and drive out the moft diftant Obstructions, by fetting the whole System, and the most remote Fibre, in violent Action and Play; and where the Solids and natural Strength will admit, are, I think, the most universal Remedy known to Art, if obstinatly and long perfisted in, in chronical and obstinat Cases especially; for most infallibly they bring out all the latent most remote Morbosities in the Habit, diffolve and fuse them, and mix them with the universal Mass of Fluids, in the Trunks of the great Veffels, to be more readily and eafily thrown out of the Habit: but they are a hard Work, and few can bear them. Purges clean and empty the lower Part of the chyliferous Tubes, leave the Glands fituated there, more Freedom to part with their Obstructions by subsequent Repetitions : but this Evacuation, tho' much cafier, yet is a great way about, and of flow and fmall Efficacy in great Difeafes, unlefs the Malady be fituated in the lowermost Regions of the Body; and even then Vomits do it fooner and more effectually : and in weak Habits, and nervous Diftempers, Purges ruffle extremely. Diaphoretics, I think, do little in these our Northern Climats, unless they be very gentle, and are useful only in acute Cases, where Nature tends towards a Crife; in chronical Cafes, they heat and inflame, and only fpend

# the Regimen of DIET, Oc. vii

fpend the thinnest and most aqueous Parts of the Fluids, which are generally most innocent. Diuretics fcour and clean the urinary Paffages, and carry off scorbutic and nephritic Salts : but to be innocent or efficacious, they ought to confift of the thinnest, foftest and cooleft of all Liquors, that is, the pureft Water, just fosten'd and acuated by the Meal or Salt of fome proper Vegetable. Blifters are mostly Topical, they melt, fuse, and draw forth the vifcid Serum from the capillary Veffels, and leave Room for a freer Circulation; and when promoted and effected by Cantharides, have a sensible Effect on the most distant Fluids and Solids; and in acute Cafes, they are indeed the greatest and most effectual Remedy. These are most and chiefest of the Evacuations used in the Practice of Physic, and, judiciously and properly purfued, are of the greateft Confequence to lay a folid Foundation for a Cure.

§. 4. MERCURT and Antimony alone, with their milder Preparations, judicioufly managed, and united with the specific Juice of Vegetables that Experience has determin'd proper for the Distemper, upon all the Reasoning and Experience I have ever had, bids fairest for attenuating the Juices, and opening the Obstructions in the small Vessels and Glands, and so fitting the morbid Particles for Elimination; but they are a two-edged Sword, and destroy weak Persons in unskilful Hands; but I have Occasion to speak more explicitly of B 4 their

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their Nature and Effects in another Place. Nitre and its Preparations, especially the animal Preparation of it, in Wood-lice, has been thought by all Antiquity, the most innocent and yet most effectual of all the faline Tribe of Medicins, to cool, deterge, and open Obstructions; and its fenfible Effect in dividing the Blood-Globules in the Lungs, and giving it thereby its Scarlet Colour, and its Efficacy in propagating and quickening Fire and Light, (in both which Effects it has undoubtedly a great Power, if not the greateft) fhew its Energy; and in febrile Exacerbations, cipecially of the Symptomatic kind from malignant Ulcers, and an inflammatory State of the Blood, when plentifully diluted with pure Water, and long continued, I think, and have found it the beft, if not the only Remedy, fufficient to justify the great Encomium on the Natron of the Antients. When the Blood is sufficiently fus'd, and the Glands made fufficiently open and pervious, by Evacuation and Diet, then Steel, Bark and Bitters, judicioully prepared, and fitted to the original Strength of the Solids of the Patients, will be found the most effectual, to wind up the Springs of Life, and to give a Tension, due Tone, and proper Degree of Elasticity to the Solids, the Fibres and Nerves, but efpecially the Membranes, which, I think, are the true and only Seats of Spring and Elasticity, and the proper immediat Inftruments of Motion and the Functions in an animal Machin. Long and great Evacuation, and a thin cool Diet, while they

### the Regimen of DIET, Oc. ix

they are purfued to fuse, thin, and attenuat the Juices, must of Necessity relax and let down the Spring of all the Solids; when the Juices are fufficiently thin'd and attenuated, (which Blood-letting will always difcover) then, to give Strength, Vigour and Activity to the Patient, that all the Secretions may be duely made; the fole Intention to perfect the Cure, I fay, is to wind up the Solids again, as far as Art can, which, I fear, is not far; at leaft, I have never found it much, nor very durcable; for all Astringents are of the Nature, act by the fame Laws, and have the Effect that Wine and spirituous Liquors have, and are not unlike the buckling upon Pipes and boiling foft broken Hair; they will give them a new Tension and proper Figure for a fhort time, but their Efficacy and Relief is only fugitive and transient, and never dureable; and they effect at the fame time a thickening, incraffating and fizeing on the Blood and Juices, while they are winding up, braceing and contracting the Solids; for the Effects of the Qualities and Powers of all Bodies, both Liquids and Solids, of Food and Phylic, are always in a duplicat Proportion of the Distance from the Centre of their component Particles. There is indeed this Difference between Bark, Bitters and Steel, and that of strong Liquors, that the Sides of the Veffels, especially their fine close membranous Coats, imbibe, attract and preferve the astringent Virtue and Qualities of Bark, Bitters and Steel, and fuch Aftringents and Bracers, longer, \$ 5000 by

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by reason of their innate attractive Virtue on the Particles of fuch Bodies, their greater Solidity, and clofer Texture, than the Blood Globules and the circulating Fluids do, which are in a perpetual Flux; and spirituous Liquors mixing more immediatly, fully, and by clofer and larger Contacts with the circulating Juices, fpend their Efficacy on them, and thicken them faster. For thefe Caufes and Reafons, I fay, ftrong Liquors must have a more immediat and stronger Effect on the Blood and Juices, for condensing and thickening them, than Steel, Bitters and Bark, and fuch-like Aftringents can have ; and fo fpirituous Liquors much indulged, must neceffarily have a much quicker, and more deleterious Effect on animal Fluids, than Steel and Aftringents can: but still they both act in one Tenor, and by one general Law; and Steel, Bitters and Aftringents, improperly and intemperatly us'd, and over-dos'd, will have the fame kind of bad Effects, and produce the fame Symptoms and Difeafes that Intemperance in ftrong Liquors will; only they are fooner felt, are less grateful and bewitching, are much lefs or not at all craved, and confequently are fooner given over.

§. 5. IT is Diet alone, proper and fpecific Diet, in Quantity, Quality and Order, continued in till the Juices are sufficiently thinn'd, to make the Functions regular and easy, which is the sole universal Remedy, and the only Mean known to Art, or that an animal Machin,

### the Regimen of DIET, Gc. xi

chin, without being otherwife made than it is, can use with certain Benefit and Success, which can give Health, long Life and Serenity. There is an innate Degree of Strength and Elasticity in the Solids, to circulat the Liquors, and promote the Secretions, and carry on the vital Functions, with which one comes into the World, which they derive from their Birth and Parents, which is ever after but little alter'd even either by Art or Diet: Growth, Inlargement of the Body, and crufting over the original Solids, and Maturation, only fills the linear and infinitefimal original Tubes and Veffels with a proper Liquor, to ftretch, extend, and plump them, as a Sack is fill'd with Grain, or a Bladder with Air or Water; from that Liquor, their Coats, the flefhy and nervous Fibres of the Muscles, Tendons and Membrans, and other Solids of the Body, is thicken'd, crufted over, and condens'd; the Spring, Elasticity, and motive Power, lics folely and intirely in the original, primary, divinely organis'd linear Fibrils, and the Membrans made of them. The Incrustration and Incraffation from the Fluids, in the Tubes fuperinduced on them, but weakens their original Spring and Elasticity, both by its Weight and incommensurat Vibrations, as we find by the Elasticity of Twigs, the sharp Notes of fine small Hairs, and the Agility of young Animals. The Elasticity confifts mainly in the original Degree of Attraction in the component

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ponent elementary Particles of the linear Fibrils, primarily fashion'd by the Author of Nature; and it is in this Elasticity alone, the Force, Power and Pleafure of Life, and of the animal Functions, confifts. If the Elasticity of these Solids be fuch, as eafily, readily and pleafantly to overcome and flide over all the Rubs, Impediments and Letts in the Functions, (whatever State the Fluids be in) then the Animal is healthy, active and gay; otherwife, if they are perform'd with Labour and Struggle, and from too great Efforts of the felf-motive Principle on the primarily divinely organis'd Vehicles, and its Load of Cruft which is laid on it, to defend it from the Injuries of this Element, and ruinous Planet we are now confin'd to: For as a Surgeon lays a Plaifter on a Sore, to defend it from the Air, and the Touch of hard rough Bodies; if this Plaister itfelf should be hard, rough, corrosive, or stimulating, it would become a Pain and Incommodity, inftead of a Pleasure or Defence. It is out of the Juices that circulat in the Tubes, that this plaistering is made on the primitive fensible elastic Fibrils; and it is therefore of the last Confequence, and indeed the One thing neceffary, that these Juices be the fweetcft, lighteft and most lenient poslible; and this we can only bring about by Diet, foft, fweet, cool, mild Diet.

§. 6. SOME

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5. 6. SOME Perfons have industriously and defignedly fpread it about, that I was of Opinion, that a fole strict Vegetable, or Milk and Seed Diet, was the best and fittest for all Perfons, Climats, and Ages, without Exception or Limitation, and the only one proper, approv'd by the Author of Nature, and Specific to cure all animal Diftempers; advifed my Patients no other, or pretended to cure them no other way, be their Diftemper what it will. My Opinions are of little Confequence to the World, and I hope I have too little Value or Regard for them, as they are mine, to be any Degree fanguin or concern'd for their Reception. I have, and I hope have always express'd, fo great a Regard for the Wisdom, Fitness, and Propriety of Things, as difcover'd by Revelation, (from whence the Patent for animal Food is deriv'd) not to fet up my Opinions or Ideas in Oppofition to those of holy Writ, and the Divine Spirit speaking in it. The Wildom of Man. even that of the highest Cherubim, is but Foolishness, when compared with the Omniscience of God, and his wife Providence. He that made us and fent us here, knows best what is fitteft for us, to answer and bring about his own Defigns of Love and Mercy. But I am thoroughly convinced, from Reafon, Experience, Philosophy and Revelation, that in our present State, in this our probatory transitory Situation, on this ruinous Globe, (fenfibly and cvi-

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evidently spoil'd a second time by the Deluge) on which we are now fituated, that animal Food, their Juices, and integral Particles, are the fitteft and most proper, to produce most quickly and more immediatly, the firmeft hardeft human Flesh, and warmest strongest Blood. There is a Similarity and Homogeneity between the muscular Flesh of tender fweet Animals, and that of the human Body; the integral Particles of the Solids of the first, and the component Globules of their Juices, are ready form'd, figur'd and adjusted to build up the Flesh, and cloath the Solids, and furnish out the Juices of the latter : they are at hand, adjusted by Square and Compass, directly to be laid together, to rear the Solids; and their Juices are inur'd and fami-Jiaris'd to perform the Meanders of the Circulation, and with Facility to perform all the animal Functions, with the leaft Labour or Struggle, lefs than those of Vegetables in general; as a Mason will sooner and more strongly build the Walls of a House, who has hewn plain rectangular Stones at hand, than one who has rough Stones only, Sand and Mortar, all which must be first figur'd or prepar'd for a folid dureable Building. All this, I think, is true, just and philosophical; and while Youth and tolerable Health continues, none ought to alter the common temperat Diet of the middling Rank of those among whom he lives, for a particular or artificial one, without

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#### the Regimen of DIET, Oc. xv

a particular Call, and the best Advice : Nay, I think fuch a Change unnatural, out of the Order of Providence, and in fome Degree. immoral. When a Perfon is tolerably well, and not far advanced into Life, to change an animal for a vegetable Diet, to avoid mere Poffibilities and future Contingencies, is arrogantly prying into the divine Decrees, and infolently criticifing the Conduct of his Providence. If God's Defign is to purify us by Pains and Penalties here, ours ought not to be only the mere enjoying the Kingdoms of this World, and the Glories thereof. If his be to fhorten the Time of our Sufferings, by rendering them more intense; ours ought to be to bear them as long as by his Afliftance we poflibly can, in the common Courfe of Nature and Providence; for if we cowardly fly from them on one Side, He has Power and Skill enough to double them in another; in this Particular, whatever is, is best : But if we should find our Pains and Sufferings fo intenfe, that they are no longer tolerable, but hinder, inftead of promoting, what is our Duty and Vocation, and what we are convinced is best for us, then he has advised us, when persecuted in one City, to flee to another : Then, and only then, when animal Food will no longer do, we are to try what Milk and Seeds can do to cafe our Pain. It is only the Cross of God's Appointment, and which he declares his, by natural Caufes, and in the Courfe of his Providence, 2472-

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unforeseen and unavoidable, which we are to take up daily, and with all the Joy, Alacrity and Refignation, that the Meaning of a Crofs can imply, that is, the best we can, with the Aid of his Grace. And if Suffering, Punishment, Pains and Penalties, and fhortening the Duration of our Imprisonment here, be the very best for us in our prefent Situation and State; and if animal Food, and fermented Liquors, naturally, neceffarily, and mechanically produce these Effects more readily than Vegetables, Milk and Seed Foods, and aqueous Liquors, then was it with infinit Wifdom, Kindnefs and Fitnefs, that the Holy Spirit permitted animalFood, and inlarged the Materials of our Aliment, even tho' his first Intention for Man had been Vegetables only (which could only be in a paradifaical State, or on a better unspoil'd Planet). But the real Truth is, Nature, our Globe, the various unkindly Climats, the different Ages, States, Conditions and Circumstances under which Man is at present, render it utterly impossible and impracticable, that Man fhould be advis'd, order'd or commanded, by infinit Wildom, to live only on Vegetables. It is not, and it cannot be, by Bread alone that Man can live at present; it cannot answer the Ends, Ufes and Occafions Men are now neceflitated to purfue. Great and fudden Efforts of Prowess and Strength cannot be answer'd or executed by Vegetables and Water only; they are too thin, weak and poor. Touth-hood, Vigour, Ro-

# the Regimen of DIET, Oc. xvii

Robuftnefs, and great Action, would be tortur'd, and languish under Bread and Water in ever fo great Plenty: Milk, Fruits, Seeds and Vegetables, in any Perfection, are of much greater Expence and Labour to procure, than that the Poor and Necessitous now can afford them, especially in Northern Climats; they have loft their Vigour, Energy and Balfam, fince the Deluge. Milk is appropriated for Children, and not grown Men, to answer the Ends of Providence. But to explain my Thoughts on this Matter as a Phylician only, as clearly and precifely as I can, as they flow from natural Philosophy, the animal Oeconomy, and my own Experience, I fay, I. That after a Fever, or any acute Distemper is over, and had its perfect Crife, and the Perfon is not past the Meridian of Life, the Blood and Juices, by the ftrong and violent Labour of the Solids, being fufficiently ground, effete and languid, a Milk, Seed, or vegetable Diet, is by no means long and obfinatly to be continued in; it would continue the Party too languid, the Juices too thin and vapid, and the Spirits too low; and therefore he ought absolutely to be directed to an animal Diet, and temperatly ftrong Liquors of the lighteft, most nourishing and balfamic Nature, to be gradually and cautioufly enter'd upon; efpecially as he begins to be capable of Air and Exercise. 2. If upon takeing away a few Ounces of Blood only out of a large Orifice, the Curd is found too thin, tender, watery, and too

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too readily fusible, or diffolvible in warm Water, and the Serum too clear, whiteifh, or in too great a Quantity; a Milk, Seed and vegetable Diet, is by no means to be longer continued in, but is to be altered gradually into light, fweet and young animal Food, and temperat fermented Liquors. 3. If after two, three, four or five Years, the Diforders for which a low cool Diet was advis'd and enter'd upon, with fufficient Strictness and Precision, is not cured, or greatly reliev'd, the Party may conclude, that a low cool Diet will not make a perfect Cure, and must with Patience, and a general Regularity, enter on common Life, and not be longer fcrupulous, or anxious about Regimen, in the Quality, but in the Quantity, and fubmit to the Order of Providence, and use the Means that Experience or the best Advice suggests to alleviat the Symptoms, and do the beft he can taliter qualiter, if he is under Fifty. 4. To fuch as have an original hereditary weakly scorbutical or scrophulous Habit, and are far advanced in Life; who have mejenteric glandular Obstructions, with feeble Solids, and little Strength and Vigour, a Milk, Seed and vegetable Diet, with aqueous Liquors, is by no means to be advis'd; for as the Cafe is absolutely incureable, it were in vain to torment and reftrain them, more cruelly than their Distemper itself does; they must not be forbid, but rather indulged the common Comforts and Gratifications of Life. It is to fuch that St. Paul's Advice to Timothy is

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is just, as well as kind, to drink a little Wine for their Stomachs sake, and their often Infirmities : A general Moderation, and an Obfervation of the Juvantia and Ladentia, is only to be advised, and the Use of these Means known to Art, to alleviat Symptoms. 5. In all eruptive Cafes, in all acute and periodical cutaneous Cases, in the actual Fits of the Gout, in the second Fever of the Small-Pox, in Fevers verging towards a Crise, to drive out from the Centre to the Circumference any changeable Diforder, and univerfally in all Cafes where the vital Indications languish and labour, and Nature is in a Struggle to throw outward Morbofity; fhe is most certainly to be affifted by generous cordial and warmer Medicins, and higher Diet, to further the End Nature points at. These are some of the Cafes where too low and cool a Regimen is by no means to be advised or pursued. 6. And lastly, Whenever the End of a low Diet is obtained, viz. the sweetning and thinning the Juices, and the Symptoms are abated or cured, the Diet is to be heighten'd, and gradually and cautioufly rais'd, at least if the Party be under Fifty. I will now fuggest as plainly, in what Cafes I think it is to be advifed and tried. As to the Healthy and Well, I have nothing here to fay: Sufficient for the Day is the Evil thereof.

§. 7. It is only to those whose Stomach and Digestion is so weak and relax'd, that they C 2 cannot

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cannot concoct without extreme Suffering, any fuch Proportion even of tender animal Food and fermented Liquors, as may be fufficient to nourish and support them: To those whose Blood and Juices are evidently fo thick, grofs and viscid, that it fills and obstructs the Veffels fo tumidly, that they cannot receive a fufficient Quantity of either Medicin or Food, to cure or preferve them, the Circulation and Perspiration being intirely at a stand : To those. who are fubject to perpetual Hamorrhages, Inflammations, or conftant fmall acute Fevers: To those who are after the great Meal towards Midnight, hectical or confumptive: To those labouring under a scorbutico-nervose Atrophy and wasting: To those labouring under hereditary, early, knotted, difabling and painful Gouts or Stone: To those who are highly, hereditarily and early scrophulous or scorbutical: To those who are leprous and univerfally crufted over with cutaneous Blotches and Scabs: To those who are epileptical early in Life, with a thin cacochymic Habit: To those who are constantly hysterical or hypocondriacal, with frequent Fits and Convullions, under a weak thin Habit, which threaten a Confumption; for I have always observed these obstinat violent hysteric and hypocondriac Fits in young flender Perfons, to be the first Stage of a real Phthis Pulmonum, or at least of a nervous Atrophy; and if it was not cured or prevented in this its first Stage, 50

### the Regimen of DIET, Oc. xxi

Stage, by the fame Means and Regimen commonly the Refuge of the subsequent Stages, they were not to be ever after remedied, they being fure Prefages of Tubercles in the Lungs: To those that are plainly cancerous; in fhort, to those chiefly who after they have long and ftrictly follow'd the best Advice, and the most effectual Remedies, still labour under some atrocious, painful and dangerous Distemper; to fuch, and fuch only, have I ever advifed a total rigid Milk and vegetable Diet, with aqueous Liquors; but no longer to be continued, than till the Symptoms were extremely mitigated, or intirely overcome; and then, if it was after the Meridian of Life, to be perfifted in obflinatly; if long before it, to be gradually and cautioufly alter'd into common Life with great Temperance; and I know all honeft and experienced Phylicians, antient and modern, are and must be of the fame Mind.

§. 8. THE great and effential Difference between animal and vegetable Food, is much the fame as between Chemical and Galenical Medicins. Chemical Medicins are the fuppos'd (at leaft their most active) Virtues and Qualities of Plants, Metals and Minerals, contracted and concentred into a fmall Volume, by the Tortures of the Fire ; their useless or destructive Parts separated and thrown away, and their useful and fanative Qualities compacted and united into an imme-

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diat Contact and condenfed. They would be of admirable Ufe and Convenience, if these suppos'd Facts, and fuch mentioned Virtues, were juft, folid and true, or if an animal Body could bear them without greater or more fatal future Injuries, than their prefent Benefit (how great foever) or Convenience can compenfat. But it is most certain, that such Medicins, Drugs or Bodies, are the most destructive to animal Bodies, if long and in great Quantities thrown in, that Malice can invent, beyond Gunpowder itself and even spirituous Liquors; for not only Nature has provided none fuch, but as Poisons in venomous Creatures to kill their Enemies, or cook them for their Food : but that the Particles of Fire, the most destructive of any, are fo clofely impacted and transubstantiated in, as never to be afterwards separated from them, and that their component Particles are fo minutely divided by the Tortures of the Fire, as to acquire fuch a Force of Attraction towards the Particles of animal Bodies; fuch a Polarity, (as Dr. Lister obferved, in all Calcinations, both of Vegetables and Minerals, fo conftantly to answer the Magnet) that they become Iron, Briftles, Nails and Lancets, darting directly and perpendicularly into the Solids, fo as quickly to tear, rend and deftroy, or fix them, and fo can never be proper for Food or Physic; whereas Galenical Medicins, confifting of the integral Particles of Vegetables, Metals or Minerals; a marine prover states a state with a state dif-

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# the Regimen of DIET, Oc. XXiii

diffolved only by gentle Heat and Moifture, in a watry Menstruum, have none of these deleterious Qualities on animal Bodies, but become their Food as well as Phyfic, and naturally take the Places of the morbid Particles of animal Habits, which Time and the natural Functions mechanically throw off. Just so animal Food, and fermented Liquors, are the smallest, most elementaryand attractive Particles, united and concenter'd like the Rays of the Sun in the Focus of a Burning-glafs. Their delicious Flavour and Savour confifts in their greater abundance of Oil and Salts, which are the most active, and confequently the most destructive to animal Bodies. If they are fufficiently diluted, and their Volume and Quantity increas'd, by the more innocent and unactive Particles of fine Earth and Water, they may be fafely used, approaching thereby very near to Vegetables. Juices and fermented Liquors, much diluted with Water, become the nearest Approximation to pure Water, the only Beverage defigned and fitted by Nature for long Life, Health and Serenity; and the whole Study of the Patient, and Intention of the Phylician, ought to be to find out this just Mediocrity of animal and vegetable Food, when combin'd, for Aliment, and of fermented and aqueous Liquors mix'd for Beverage, which is the most proper for preferving his Health, or cureing his Diforders; for there is very little in the Specification of the Diet, whether it be

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be all Vegetable, or partly Animal, partly Vegetable, some Vegetables being more deleterious to animal Constitutions than some animal Substances; and there is but a very little Difference between pure warm Water, and cold Water warm'd with a very little Wine; the just Mixture and Proportion fuited to the Conftitution and Diftempers of the Patient, is by far the greatest Affair; tho' in the Distempers by me just now specified, that are painful and dangerous, too great Exactness, both in Quantity and Quality, is never to be flighted; for in a true statical Balance, such as the Constitutions under the mentioned Diseases are, a few Grains or Spoonfuls thrown in, will destroy the Equilibrium of Health and Eafe.

§. 9. THE Benefits a Person who desires nothing but a clear Head and strong intellectual Faculties, would reap by religiously drinking nothing but Water, (tepid or cold, as the Seafon is) while he is yet young, and tolerably healthy, well educated, and of a fober honest Disposition, are innumerable : As, I. That he would live probably till towards an hundred Years of Age, that being the Term of Life appointed by the Defign of the Creator, even after the Deluge, and after that eating of animal Food was permitted, before (as it is believ'd) fermented Liquors were invented; at leaft, if we have any regard for Moles's History, which yet cannot be denied to be one of

# the Regimen of DIET, Oc. XXV

of the justeft Accounts of these early Times. 2. That he would thereby conftantly enjoy a clear Head, calm, at least governable Passions, a Facility in intellectual Applications, and in the Acquisition of Virtue; and fo having a longer Duration fecur'd to him, and all Impediments removed, he might make furprizing and wonderful Advances in both. 3. He would thereby be fecur'd against all the great atrocious and frightful Diftempers, fuch as Melancholy, Lowness of Spirits, Wrong-headedness, Lunacy and Madness (the Bane of the finest, best and most penetrating Spirits in Great Britain). For I defy any Man to give an Inftance of any furious Madness, or great and obstinat Lunacy or Melancholy, in any one who foon after Twenty, enter'd on Water drinking only, let him eat what he can; for it is fermented Liquors only that inflame the Membrans and membranous Tubuli (the Nerves), which are the bodily Organs of intellectual Operations. It is the Fire, Sulphur and volatile Tartar of fermented Liquors, that inflame, corrugat and stimulat these Membranes, and their linear Threads, into violent Succuffions, that break and tear them, which are the immediat Caufe of these frightful and overwhelming Distempers, as they are of the painful torturcing ones, Gout, Stone, Cancer and Confumption: For tho' Gluttony will thicken the Curd of the Blood, and thereby caufe Obstructions in the Glands and Capillaries, from whence many and

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and various Diftempers may arife, yet will they be of the obtufe, flow, lingering Kind, and in which Nature will always give a timeous and early Warning, by Inappetency, Naufea, Vomiting, Purging, Sweating, Spitting or Rheums, which will opportunely ftop the Progrefs; and while Water is plentifully then craved and given, it will carry on, distance in the Circulation, and dilute this too viscid Curd, to prevent an intire Obstruction of the animal Functions, or deftroy Life, and hinder the Generation of Gout, Stone, Cancer and Confumption, which are folely produc'd by the hard falin Concretions of fermented Liquors. But, 4. The most fignal Benefit a Man will reap from early Water-drinking folely, while as yet in tolerable Health, is being preferv'd from the acute, sudden and mortal Diftempers, as Apoplexies, Suffocations, Fevers of all kinds, Pestilences and Pleurisies. It is to fermented, strong, or spirituous Liquors folely, that these quick and destructive Distempers owe their true Caufe, which give no Warning, and admit of no Cure: At leaft, Water-drinking folely, is the only Prefervative, I am certain, known or knowable to Art. Accidents, epidemical Caufes, a conftant Negleft, or a total Inability to guard against the Dangers of the other Non-naturals, abfolutly neceffary towards perfect Health and Life, may produce some Degrees of these mention'd grand Diftempers; but then, under fole Waterdrinking,

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drinking, they will neither be fo painful nor dangerous : For it is certain, Water-drinking, Dilution, and thin Diet, is the only Mean known to Art and Experience, to cure them, when Perfons are already feiz'd with these Diftempers, join'd with ftrong and proper Evacuations; and whatever will cure, will prevent; as Water pour'd on will extinguish Fire, fo it will prevent its being kindled or beginning. If these frightful, painful and mortal Distempers happen sometimes in Eastern or Southern Climats, where fermented Liquors are not much in Ufe, it is becaufe they wallow and indulge in fome things almost equally as pernicious and inflammatory as these strong Liquors, as high in Aromaticks, eastern Gums and Juices; Opiats, the volatile cepacious Roots, Fruits and Seeds, of the poisonous, soporiferous or stimulating kind, with which those Climats abound, which is the fole Caufe of all their inflammatory Diftempers, and unnatural and diffolveing Luft; for these are all but dry Drams, of a more dureable and adhefive Nature than fome of the liquid ones; for Fire is still Fire, whether Solar or Culinary, Natural or Chemical; whether it is transubstantiated into liquid or folider Matter; and Water is its only Extinguisher.

§. 10. I HAVE said, that the Quantity of Aliment (Meats and Drinks) is of much greater Consequence in general, than the Quality,

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Quality, for the Prefervation of Life, Health and Serenity. If a Man study the least, light or heavy will not fo much incommode him. The great End and Use of a low Diet, or one of Milk, Seeds and Vegetables, is to mend the Juices, to cool, attenuat and fweeten the circulating Fluids; whatever Diet does this, must mechanically relax, unbend, and let down the Spring of the Solids. It is true, the Superiority of the Force or Spring of the Solids, must be always greater than the Refistance of the Fluids; else the Animal could not live at all; that is, the animal Functions could not be perform'd; and this Superiority must be continued in some Proportion, whatever Regimen the Animal uses, fo long as it lives. But it is certain, a cool, thin, fweetning Diet, attenuats the Fluids in a greater Proportion than it relaxes and unbends the Solids; because, I. All the Secretions are from the Fluids, and not from the Solids; and they spending and wasting faster, must be sooner fupply'd and alter'd by the proper Food. 2. Because the immediat Action of Food and Physic is upon the Fluids, and they abforb and confume most of their Virtue and Efficacy; and the Solids are never acted upon by them, till the Fluids are fully faturated and transubstantiated into their Substance. And, 3. Because all Fluids by their Nature are fooner and more readily acted upon, and alter'd into foreign Qualitics, than any Solids poffibly can; and hence

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hence it comes to pass, that a Person on the immediat Change, and for fome confiderable Time after, in passing from a high to a low Diet, will find his Health wonderfully mended for the better, because the Resistance of the Fluids is immediatly leffen'd; which will again, even under the fame Diet in Quantity and Quality, wonderfully, and, as it were, unaccountably totter, and alter for the worfe; which happens on the Despumation of the Glands, Capillaries and Solids, while they are spewing out and disgorgeing their morbid Contents on the Prima Via; but which, by proper and specific Evacuations, Exercise and Astringents afterwards, will generally be fet to rights again, if the Perfon be at a proper Time of Life, that is, under Fifty; for after that, there is little Encouragement from any Mean, but gentle Evacuation, and a Perseverance in the regulated Regimen : Nay, even he must proceed, lesiening it in Quantity at least, if not in Quality, by proper Degrees, and at proper Periods, descending out of Life, as one ascends into it, viz. by Milk-Porridge, Water-Gruel, Panada, and the like. But the great Benefit and Advantage a Man reaps from a low, cool, thinning, sweetning Regimen, of Milk, Seeds and Vegetables, above what he can have under any Diet of animal Food and fermented Liquors, is, that he can keep the stretched and extended Bowels, and Blood-Veffels, always fuller and plumper, and in their natural

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natural Tension and Situations; and consequently will make the Secretions more plentifully, and all the Functions will be more natural, and eafier, than under a spare, cautious and anxiously guarded starving Regimen of so little animal Food as is abfolutly neceffary; as a weak Perfon will walk more eafily in Stays than loofe, fome lame Perfons in a Boot than a Stocking; and a defensive Plaister will keep a Sore casier, than when it is bare; and Exceffes are neither fo painful nor dangerous under the first as under the fecond Regimen; and the fame Perfon may safely venture on at least four times as much Vegetable, Seed and Milk Food, as he dare of animal Food of any kind, at least of dense, bard, or full-grown animal Food.

§. II. I THINK the natural Order and Progreffion in Regimen, for those who are ordain'd to, or for those whose Vocation and Occupation is sedentary and studious, who by the Order of Providence, and Situation of Life, have been signatur'd to intellectual Profeffions, and for all those who would cultivat and maintain clear Heads and quick Senfes to the laft, is from their Birth till Fifteen, to perfevere in a gradually increasing temperat Diet, without fermented Liquors; from Fifteen to Fifty, to be only temperat in animal Foods and fermented Liquors; after Fifty to give up animal Food Suppers, and fermented Liquors; after Sixty to give up all animal Food; and then

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then every ten Years after to leffen about a quarter of the Quantity of their vegetable Food; and thus gradually defcend out of Life as they afcended into it. And that all Perfons subject to inflammatory Distempers, Gouts, Erisipelas's, hot Scurvies, Leprosies, Asthma's, Faundices, Colicks, nervous Lowneffes, violent Head-aches, Hæmorrhages and Hæmorrhoids, Anafarca's, Ruptures, or white Swellings, tho' otherwife ftrong, hearty, hale, and of a feeming found Conftitution, ought to give up Meat Suppers, and all fermented Liquors; and that the Children of all Fathers (for Mothers are not here to be minded) who have died before Thirty-five, of any natural Distemper whatever, and all the Children begot of Fathers after Sixty, ought to live without Meat Suppers, or fermented Liquors; and that all Perfons whatever, whatever Age they be of, or of whatever Nature their Complaints and Diforder may be, if, upon repeated small Phlebotomies, and without transient Accidents, (as Colds, Damps, Blasts, and Bruises) they constantly observe their Blood fizy, viscous and glutinous, ought directly to be put on a low Diet, either of Milk, Seeds and Vegetables only, or at leaft of one, without Meat Suppers, and fermented Liquors; and this Regimen, with proper attenuant, alterative and fweetning Medicines, (which, in the Nature of things, ought to be of the mild ponderous and mineral Tribe) to be continued till

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till at leaft this Size and Glew be broken and diffolved; elfe they can never expect uniform and continued Health; for fuch a Regimen, and fuch Medicins, must do this in Time; elfe nothing in Nature possibly can.

§. 12. UNPHILOSOPHICAL and unexperienced Perfons, tho' they know and observe the great critical Alteration that happens in the Sex, in or about Fifty, and that without a special Care, both in the Regimen, proper Evacuation, and alterative Medicins, they are in great Danger, either of their Lives, or of fome chronical and obftinat Diftempers, that make their Lives ever after miserable and uncomfortable, after that Period ; yet think this Misfortune peculiar to Females, and that the Males have a Privilege and Security to be luxurious and fenfual to the laft; which is the true Reason why so few die natural Deaths, and that most pass as really and truly out of Life, in a violent untimely Manner, as a Felon, who suffers under public Justice. The Matter of Fact and Order of Nature is this: Fifty was defign'd as the Meridian of Life, in this our lapfed State and Duration, on this ruinous Planet; from this solftitial Point it is a Descent out of Life. From the Birth upwards to this Point, the Solids were developeing, expanding, crufting over, and hardening to their utmost Extension, Firmnels and Denfity; and thereby their Elasticity beginning then

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then at Fifty to weaken and unbend, and they to offify, the Digestions become groffer and more imperfect, the Secretions leffen; and all the animal Function's labout; and then, if due Care is not taken to obviat these Effects, the chronical Diffempers naturally arising out of these Causes, and that lurked in the original Conflitution, begin to emerge and fprout out, the Viscera to tumify and obstruct, the Glands then fwell and prefs on the circulating Blood-Veffels, the Capillaries to coalesce, become full and dense, and the Nerves and Membranes are interrupted in their Play and Vibrations, and all the animal Machin labours, and the Functions are perform'd heavily, with Pain and Struggle. This is the true Time and Season of Life, for Attention, Confideration and Care of a wife Man and a Philosopher. The Hyperbolic Curve of Life is at the Point of its Return downwards again; and if then proper Care be taken, by fome few Evacuations, Alteratives, and a Regimen, to put a Drag on the Wheels of Life, that they may go down gently, calmly and ferenely, thefe become more useful to themselves and others, than in the first ascending part of Life; and this happens equally to both the Sexes : for it is not from this Seafon being the common Period of the Fertility of the Female Sex, that these Appearances happen; but is a general Law of Nature to both Sexes from the Caufes affign'd's for all the Difference of the Sexes Ð

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Sexes lies in the different Configuration of the fuperinduc'd Cruft or Shell laid over the primitive *æthereal* Body, which in both is probably pretty near of the fame Figure, Size and Materials, originally.

§. 13. IT is not an unpleafant Speculation, to contemplat the Order of Nature in its Progreffion towards reducing this our Tabernacle of Clay, into its original Duft, from its Cradle to its Coffin, especially in those who live the whole Duration of the natural Life. The Diseases of Infancy are generally Scabs, Blotches and Blains over the Face, Head, Eyes and Ears; fometimes *Fits* and Convulsions, and fuch Cephalic and Head Diftempers ; and these are certainly constitutional and parental Diforders communicated by the morbid Juices of the Parents; the Colicks, Vomitings and Diarrhæa's fucceeding, come from the improper Nourishment in Quantity or Quality of the Mothers or Nurses; the Measles and Small-pox are also original and parental Impurities convey'd to the Blood and Juices in the Birth, from too high and too much animal Food, and are most of them the Difeafes of the upper Region of the Body. When Nature has ftruggled by thefe to purify the Juices by fuch Despumations, then come the Diftempers of the Breaft and Lungs, in Coughs, Catarrhs, Confumptions, Asthma's, Pleurisies or Peripneumonies; after these come Pains in the Stomach, Heartburnings,

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burnings, Colicks, bilious Vomitings, Jaundice and Diarrhæa's; then succeed Gouts, Stone and Gravel, Palfies, Rheumatisms and fixing of the Joints; and very often Ruptures, Piles, or Mortifications in the Bowels, Feet, or Toes, the Difeases of the lower Regions. All I would infinuat by this Reflection, is, that Nature feems to aim, and would certainly, if not interrupted by Accidents, obtain and purfue a kind of a regular and uniform Progreffion, in her Course of diffolving and mouldering into Duft, this Adamical Cruft of Clay, by Diftempers, topical and local, from the Head, through the Viscera, to the Feet and Joints, till, like a dying Vegetable, fhe has fix'd it in the Earth, from whence it fprung. This is certainly her general Law, if not interrupted by original, parental Difcafes or Accidents hurting fome of the Organs before it was born, or by Accidents proper and peculiar to the Party itfelf; or a general bad Regimen, which may quicken this Progress, or throw it out of its natural Progreffion on a weaken'd Part, that may difcompose the general Law of Nature.

§. 14. FOR Perfpicuity and Brevity, I diffinguish four Orders and Degrees of Regiment of Diet, that is, of Meat and Drink; viz.
1. The common Diet of a reasonable Proportion of animal Food and fermented Liquors, common to the middling Rank of the Healthy, D 2

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Temperat and Sober in every Climat or Country. 2. A Diet of plain fresh animal Food once a Day, without any fermented Liquor, only plain Water, or Toaft and tepid Water for Beverage; or one of one Day Meat without Wine, and another Day a little Wine without Meat, which I would call the trimming Diet. 3. A Dict without any animal Food; but one of Milk, Seeds, Fruits and Vegetables; any thing where the Life of no Animal is wanted to compose or drefs fuch (as Eggs, Gravey, and the like). 4. A total Ariet Milk and Seed Diet only, without any other Materials. Of these I intend to fay fomething in general, and in this Order, both as to their Times and Cookery. But first as to the Order: or Time of changeing any one of these different kinds of Regimen one for another.

§. 15. WHEN a Perfon is tolerably well, and is fubject to no painful or dangerous Diftemper, I think it his Duty, and the Order of God and Providence, to let Well alone; and with general Temperance, without Solicitude, Anxiety or Scrupulofity, to perfevere in the common Regimen of the middling healthy temperat Order of Men, in the Country and Climat where he was born, or long habituated: To follow St. Paul's Advice in another Cafe, to ask no Queftions about what he fhould eat for Health's fake; or rather our Saviour's Counfel, not to be folicitous, or take anxious Care,

### the Regimen of DIET, Oc. XXXVii

Care, about what he should eat, or what he should drink, or wherewithal he should be cloathed; but without Curiosity or Niccty, take a Share of whatever is prefented: For to live at fuch a Time, and in fuch a Circumstance, medically, is truly to live miferably, and propter vitam vivendi perdere causas. It is enough, for a wife Man, and a Christian Philosopher, to stop, and attend to Diet and Regimen, when, by the Order of Providence, his natural and providential Course of common Regimen is barr'd up, by fome Diforder or Diftemper; and then wife Nature will give him timcous Warning, by Inappetency, a Nausea, Reaching, Vomiting, a Flatulence, Fulnets or Pain in the Stomach; for all Diftempers begin first at the Stomach or Bowels, and then afcend to the Head, which is the Language of the God of Nature, faying to the Perfon, Man, take Care; and then, and only then, ought a Christian Philosopher mind his Regimen, and by Evacuation, moderat Fasting or Exercise, endeavour to relieve or remove the Grief, or apply to fome honeft experienced Phylician for Advice.

§. 16. IF the Cafe is acute, the Party is not generally, at least for any Time, in a Condition to observe or direct for himself: But seldom any notable Errors are committed in *Regimen* then; for on the slightest Attempts to any great Excess, either in Quantity or D 3 Quality,

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Quality, Nature immediatly revolts, and the Party fuffers to fuch an Extremity, by the Exacerbations of his Symptoms, that any notable Progress in such an unnatural Regimen cannot poffibly be receiv'd or perfifted in; and yet I have feen and felt, by the Indiferetion of Friends, or the officious Sedulity of Nurfes, the poor Patient fuffer to mortal Agonies, and fometimes to Death, in acute Cafes, by improper Loads of high Foods, or liquid or folid Drams and Cordials; and many have fuffer'd more from high and hot Drugs, than ever they could from the Diftemper. In acute Cafes, feldom any thing that is given either for Food or Physic, passes the Prime Vie, unless it be extremely light and liquid. In fuch, the wifer Antients scarce ever administred (besides proper Evacuation) any thing but tepid Water, fimple Oxymel, or Water foften'd, or fharpned by the Flour or Meal of some proper or specific Vegetable. Long obstinat Fasting, continued even ad Deliquium, with plentiful Dilution, and the Evacuation indicated by the Nature of the Diftemper, was their most universal Remedy. But it is not of Regimen in acute Cafes that I here intend to speak; my fole Business is with chronical Cafes.

§. 17. BUT fince chronical Cafes are only acute Cafes diluted, and drawn out into a longer Time, with weaker *Paroxyfms*, and a more protracted *Crife*; fince Nature has a ge-

## the Regimen of DIET, Oc. XXXIX

general Law and Type, by which the governs and signatures such acute Distempers, especially in those who follow her Laws and Simplicity, and not diffurbed by spurious Art or Accidents; fince Fasting, proper Evacuation, and Dilution, are the great Remedies indicated in acute Cafes; it is natural and highly probable to suppose, that proper Evacuation, Abstinence, and thin cool foft Regimen longer perfifted in, will be the fingle Intention pointed out, and the great and cardinal Remedies in. chronical Cafes; and therefore, when a Perfon, under common Life, is feized with a chronical Diftemper, which by prudent Abstinence, and leffening the Quantity of this common Diet, is not remov'd, he ought to apply to the proper Directors of Health, and follow their Advice religiously, in the Use of Medicins and Regimen they order; and if in three Months time, in chronical Cafes, by rigoroufly purfuing the order'd Medicins and Regimen, their Symptoms are not totally remov'd, or greatly reliev'd and mitigated, he may, I think, fairly conclude the Regimen was not low, cool and thin enough, for the End propos'd; and therefore ought to refolve to fink his Regimen, both in Quantity and Quality, and enter upon what I call the trimming Diet.

§. 18. BUT before any Person resolves to fink or alter his Regimen of Diet, or any prudent Physician ought to advise such an Altera-D 4 tion,

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tion, he ought always to premise a gentle pattial Phlebotomy out at the largest Vein, and from the largest Orifice commonly open'd; for a small Trunk of a Vein will only fend out fuch Blood as is much different from the Crafe, of the whole Mass; the Circulation being flower in the small Branches, the Viscidity is generally impacted into the fmalleft in a greater Proportion, and the ferous Part by the Slowness is perspired or run off, by the Lymphatics, and lateral Branches; and a small Orifice either compresses and breaks the Texture of the Curd of the Blood, difunites and feparates the Globules, fo that the Observation cannot be fairly or with any Degree of Accuracy made; but by comparing the Blood for let out, with other found healthy Blood, (for Example, that of a healthy Person, or of a Bullock or Sheep) if the Difference in Take, Colour, Cohefion of the Globules, and Curd, and the Proportion thereof to the Serum, be in all or most of these Distinctions, greatly different from those of the found Blood, it may fairly be concluded that the Regimen of Dict, both in Quantity and Quality, is to be funk and leffen'd, and that proper and specific, alterative Medicins, to thin and fweeten the Blood, are indicated, (efpecially those of the mild ponderous Nature at first, with the Galenical Vegetables, which univerfal Experience has affign'd as specific in a Distemper of fuch a Denomination) and the Evacuations of the Sali mile . sex 1115 4 6 .2 Prime 25% V.8 202 3

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Prime Vie by gentle Vomits and domestic Cathartics, as the Symptoms exalperat; for tho' a Perfon may still fuffer, even when the Blood thus let out for Experiment's fake, mostly appears, on fuch groß Experiments, tolerably good, and not differing greatly from found Blood in the Size, the bad Juices being confin'd to the Capillaries, Glands and great Visceras yet thefe will never be open'd and render'd pervious, till the Blood in the great Trunks of the Vessels be first attenuated, thin'd and fweeten'd : And he will never be long or uniformly well, who has bad Juices circulating, in these greater Vessels; it is a certain Symptom, that it must be much worse and more fizy in the small lateral Branches, the Capillaries, and the Glands of the Viscera: and it is Diet alone, and it chiefly, join'd with mild ponderous Remedies at first, Evacuation, Air and Exercise, that can at last alter or antidote these morbific Symptoms, And if after three Months Use of the Medicins advis'd in chronical Cafes, by an honeft experienced Physician, the Blood on fuch a Trial continues bad, that is, fizy, liverif, with either too little Serum tho' clear, or too much but muddy, then, I think, the trimming Diet ought to be tried, viz. one of white Meat in a moderat Quantity once a Day, with Milk, Seeds and Vegetables, for the other Meals, and aqueous Beverage; or one Day a little plain Meat of any kind once a Day, with aqueous

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aqueous Beverage that Day, and the next Day only Milk, Seeds and Vegetables, with about a Gill of fome found old Wine, with or without Water; and this Regimen, with a due Care of the other Non-naturals, proper Evacuation, and due Exercife, I think, ought to be continued for one whole Year or two, in obftinat hereditary chronical Cafes; for, I think, acquir'd ones will fcarce require fo long Time, or fuch Severity of Regimen, to be cured, or at leaft greatly alleviated, unlefs their Exceffes have been violent, or that they are far advanced in Life.

§. 19. Bu T fince fuch Cafes do daily happen, both in hereditary Diftempers, and those acquir'd by an obstinat Mal-regimen long continucd in; that after a full Twelvemonth or more of a trimming Regimen of Diet, with proper Evacuation, and specific Alteratives, the Blood, on makeing the Trial, as above defcribed, continues still bad and fizy, then, I think, all Medicin (except domeffic Evacuations or Alteratives) may be fairly cafhier'd and laid afide, as of little or no Ufe, and the whole Strefs and Hope laid on Diet and Regimen only, by finking it in Quantity as well as Quality, and confineing one's felf to Milk, Seeds, Fruits and Vegetables, well drefs'd, or much diffolv'd by culimary Fire, to evaporat the Wind; and drinking only tepid Water, or fome specific mineral Water, as the Cafe requires, and Wine only as

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as other Perfons use Spirits, on dangerous Symptoms, as a Cordial, and on Extremities; and this Method and Regimen ought to be continued for two Years more at leaft. And, I think, in Perfons of a tolerable Conflictution, and where fome of the great Viscera are not intirely spoil'd and irremediably confumed, this Method and Diet cannot fail of having falutary Effects of a perfect Cure, or a very confiderable Relief; and then if the Party is not paft the Meridian of Life, the Perfon may without Fear or Danger, gradually and by flow Degrees, rife again to the trimming Diet, and from it return back again by the fame Stepshe defcended into common Life; and only on Exacerbations, and stated Seafons, fink into his lower Regimen, for a Prefervative.

§. 20. BUT after all this Care and Perfeverance in a milk, feed and veget able Diet, with aqueous Beverage, if on a Trial after the manner mentioned, the Blood be still fizy, as it often is in bad Constitutions, and obstinat Cases, and the Symptoms, still severe and depressing; the only thing remaining for success of a total Cure, or any notable Alleviation of his Symptoms, is, for the Person to enter on a total rigid strict milk and seed Diet only, without Butter, Eggs, or any other Vegetables, but Wheat, Barley, Rice, Oats, Sago, and the like seed Meats; and even to make his Milk the thinness.

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thinnest possible, skim'd Milk, fweet Buttermilk, fweet Whey; or the Whey made with a Mixture of four Milk, or Orange-Whey, or Whey made with the Juice of fome fpecific Vegetable, (especially in scorbutic, gouty, pulmonic and icteric Cases, which is the Base of most of the chronical Distempers in England) and Bread or Seeds drefs'd made with Milk only; for Seeds are young Vegetables, and are neither fo hard of Digeftion, fo windy, nor abound with the effential Salts of Plants, Roots and Fruits. And even the Quantity of the Regimen is to be minded; little at a time, but oftener, never either to load the Stomach, nor compress the Nerves, Membranes and Fibres; Fulnefs and Compression, even by such Foods, like Stops in musical Chords, will interrupt their eafy, regular and harmonious Vibrations and Play, and fo will fink the Spirits, and make the Functions labour. This Regimen ought at last to be tried, all other Methods not fucceeding. One would not buy Gold too dear ; but Health and free Spirits are more precious than Gold, and a wife Man would give up every thing elfe for them. This Regimen will infallibly have one of thefe two Effects; it will either totally cure him, if the great Viscera are not quite confumed; or make him lie down more cafily, and will infallibly give him longer Time and better Spirits to fettle his temporal Affairs, and give all the Attention to his future State, the Nature of Things will then admit. §. 21. MOST

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6. 21. MOST People that enter on a low Diet for Health and Spirits, intirely counteract and defeat its beneficial Effects. I have known some Men of Quality, and Gentlemen of Fortune, who have been advis'd a low Diet, have their Vegetables of the highest and rankest Flavour, drefs'd high with burnt Butter, hot Spices, Aromatics, Onions, Eggs and Salt; fo that they were infinitly more deleterious and hurtful, than a moderat Quantity of plain animal Food once a Day could possibly be. The meager fasting and Lent Times among the Catholicks, in French, Italian and Spanish Cookery, with their high Fish Sauces, will much sooner inflame the Blood, produce Gout, Stone and Fevers, than a Bit of Chicken, Veal, Lamb, or any white Meat plainly drefs'd possibly can. All the beneficial and falutary Effects of a low and vegetable Diet, I have ever observ'd, have been owing in atrocious, obstinat and painful Distempers, to Milk and Seeds only, and even these the thinnest and the least the Person could be tolerably easy under from the Pain of Hunger: And it is not eafily to be credited what wonderful Effects, even in the most desperat and universally condemn'd to Death Distempers, I have seen perform'd by fuch a Regimen duly and obstinatly perfifted in, especially in Perfons under Fifty; Epilepsies totally cured, hereditary Gouts almost eradicated, universal Lepers made clean, Stones in

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in the Bladder and Kidnies laid quiet, Cancers healed or palliated, ulcerated Lungs made found, and schirrous Livers made pervious. But all this has been conftantly brought about by a total, obstinat and continued milk and feed Diet only; but in all fuch incurable Cafes, the Diet is to be perfifted in to the laft Day of Life; for I have always observed, when such return'd to a high or common Diet only, their Diftempers always return'd with greater Violence, as in Reason and true Philosophy must have been expected : For the Solids being brought down and relax'd to a Level and Equilibrium with fuch a Diet, become infinitly fenfible, delicat and tender; and fuch ftrong Aliment becomes an univerfal Stop and Obstacle to their Play and Vibrations, (like flicking down a musical Chord all along with Pins) and interrupts, marrs and confounds the whole animal Fun-Etions and Oeconomy, and brings on all the old Symptoms enraged.

§. 22. IT is true, to live thus poorly, anxioufly and attentively, is a most miferable kind of Life, to which the Brave, the Bold, and the Unbeliever will brag he should prefer Death itself: But I, who give little Credit to such Bounces, know Self-prefervation to be the great Law in Nature, never met one but the true practical and habitual Christian among my many Patients, and even scarce these, who was truly willing and pleas'd to strip and lie down ;

the Regimen of DIET, Oc. xlvii down; and only him who was always refign'd to the Order of Providence either in Life or Death; and even not Him at all Times, and in the dark Moments of Trial, or any but the extremely miferable in Life. But here the Cafe is not mere dying, but living a dying Life, perhaps for many Years : Here it is in two Evils, (violent Pain, or extreme Lowners and Languifhing, or tolerable good Spirits, and fufferable Pain, at the Tax and Charge of a transient momentary fenfual Gratification) choofing the leaft; on the other fide, it is a voluntary and a refolute withdrawing from the Orders and future unknown Designs of Providence over us. when a very certain Mean (at least in due Time) of escaping, or at least greatly diminishing these Miferies is offer'd. In fhort, not to take up with a low Regimen here, is a plain Rebellion against the Orders and Designs of Providence manifested by Nature, the Relations of Things, Philosophy and Experience, for the mere Gratification of vitious morbid Appetites: In a word, it is deliberat Suicide, the greatest of all Rebellion and Sin.

§. 23. IN Lowness of Spirits, want of natural Rest, great Anxiety, involuntary dark and terrifying Thoughts, Ideas and Imaginations, there are but these three infallible immediat Reliefs or Remedies: 1. A Vomit, that can work briskly, quickly and safely, and Experience and Use can only determin what that one

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one shall be; for it is not the Evacuation or Quantity of the Discharge, that is to be fo much minded, as the internal Action, the ftrong Convulsion, the internal Exercise, and the cleaning, fqueezeing and compreffing the knotted and tumifiedGlands of the Primæ Viæ, warm Water, Chamomile, or Carduus Tea; and without drinking any thing, I have often effected a present perfect Relief, by mere urging and tickling the Throat and Glands with the Finger or a Feather, by bringing the Muscles of the Abdomen into repeated Efforts and Kecks; and fo have frequently discharged Loads of Phlegmand thin Rheum, which always greatly reliev'd; and this Method frequently, nay fometimes daily repeated, and with greater Safety and lefs Trouble purfued, will anfwer the Ends, in tender and delicat Conftitutions, under a Regimen, of formal and artificial Vomits; and I carneftly recommend the Trial and frequent Practice of it, to all tender low-living Valetudinarians, as what they will find infinit Benefit from, and much eafier and fafer than artificial Apothecary Vomits, when they have made the Practice of it easy and familiar: The Strong and Robust, whose Fibres are firm and callous, will require fronger for a prefent Relief, and they must be repeated whenever the Symptoms exafperat. 2. Great, frequent and continued Exercife, especially a Horseback, because this Exercise, by the frequent Succussions, opensall the Glands of the Abdomen, of the Melentery and Liver, where

# the Regimen of DIET, Oc. xlix

where the Evil generally lies. Walking, becaufe of the universal Action of all the Solids, and its forceing the Perfpiration, is the beft Exercise to preferve Health and good Spirits; but Riding is beft to recover them; to this the Flesh-brush for half an Hour, Morning and Night, ought to be join'd, to uncork the Plugs, and concreted Recrements, that ftop the Mouths of the perspiratory Glands; and then walhing with tepid Water in Winter, and cold Water in Summer, the whole Skin, to fcour off these Impurities; and drying well after: and having always a large broad foft Girdle of Leather, quilted with Cotton, to wear about the Loins, like a Stay or Swaith, to keep the Viscera in their natural Situations, the Lacteals and Intestines in their natural Curvatures, and the Bowels from being too pendulous, efpecially in thin and wafteing Perions. 3. Religioufly to fludy and practice the lighteft and the least of Food, they can be tolerably eafy under: The leaft unneceffary Burthen, compressive Constriction or Ligature on the tender delicat Fibres, Nerves or Membranes, hinders their eafy, pleafant and natural Play and Vibrations, which is the immediat Caufe of Lowness and Anxiety; it is like nailing or flicking down with Pins or Stops, the Play of a musical Chord, whence Discord must necessarily enfue. In fhort, to preferve or obtain good Spirits, in very low Cafes, a Man must be in a conftant

### 1 A Practical ESSAY on

stant Course of Self-denial as to Aliment, and make, as it were, Hunger his greateft and only Pain; but nothing but Experience and conftant Observation of the Juvantia and Ladentia, is fufficient to determin, to each Individual respectively, how far this is to be carried. Prudence is the first of all Natural as well as Christian Virtues; Gold may be bought too dear, but wise Nature always tells us how far this Method ought to be carried, by the Intenseness of our Cravings, when gone too far; and then a Perfon under no unnatural or vitious Passion or Lunacy, will obey her Calls, by giving her what the craves, fo as to make her tolerably eafy. But these are the most general certain Antidotes against extreme Lownefs and Anxiety known to me; the Relicfs of Art and Medicin are not my Defign at present here.

6. 24. SOME Perfons have found great Relief on Lownefs, a bad Conftitution, and nervous Diftempers, on Change to a Southern and warmer Climat, from a Northern and colder. But I never obferv'd that Benefit dureable, or in any Degree perfect, unlefs the Party continued all the reft of his Days in that Climat and Country; and tho' proper Air and Warmth be a most comfortable and cheristing thing to animal Bodies, yet it is observing the Diet, liveing in the manner of the Country, that conthe Regimen of DIET, &c.

contributes most to the Cure or Relief; for it is well known, that in warm Countries, and fouthern Climats, the Diet there is not only exceeding spare and light, but almost altogether Vegetables : The Heat and Rarefaction of the Air, and conftant Perspiration, make a full high rank Diet certain Pain or Death : And even the Materials of their Food there, the Animals and Vegetables, are lighter and lefs rank and destructive in their Nature, and more stimulating; the Natives scarce ever tafte fermented or strong Liquors, and indulging in them is the sole notorious Cause of the sudden Deaths of all our Soldiers, Seamen and Traders. It is true, eastern and southern Nations use many and the highest Aromatics, with their Vegetables, and they are but dry Drams of as pernicious a Nature almost as our liquid ones; and this is the fole Caufe of their unnatural Lust and Leachery, of their acute Distempers, and short Lives. But when a valetudinary Person goes to a southern Country for his Health, and lives as he used in his northern Country, he rather grows worfe for the Climat; and if recover'd by the Air and Traveling, and observing the Regimen peculiar to the Healthy in that Climat, if he returns, and does not continue the Regimen of Diet by which he was recover'd, he falls back again, and the fecond Error is worse than the first; and, in Truth, to travel through, or live even E 2

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# lii A Practical ESSAY on

a few Months or Years in, a *fouthern* Climat, and afterwards be obliged to pafs his Life at Home in a *northern Climat*, is but only roafting at the Fire, or going ftrait out of a very hot Room into the cold Air, to freeze and chill the fafter, and more intenfely; for *Reaction* is always equal to *Action*.

§. 25. As to the Quantity of Foods of any kind, strong, middling or weak, fittest to prolong Life, and prevent or cure Difeafes, the most proper for each Individual, there is no possible way to determin it to any Precision; it must be different, according to the Size, Strength, Age, Constitution, Habitude, acquir'd or hereditary Diftempers of each Particular, which are as various as their Faces. Wife Nature had fo contriv'd us, had we follow'd her Simplicity and Order in our Diet, that our Appetites and Craveings should be a sufficient Rule; but having by long Habitudes and Example, spoil'd, corrupted and disorder'd her Laws, Sensations and Order, the is not now, in all Cafes, fufficient to determin this Affair. The best Rules, I think, a wife Man can folfollow, are, 1. Touse the plainest, most tender, least poignant and favoury Meats, fully drefs'd, he can find, and to abate in Quantity what he is forced to increase in the Quality of his Food. 2. To take the least possible he can be tolerably eafy under from the Pain of Hun-

ger.

#### the Regimen of DIET, Gc. liii.

ger. 3. To observe for some Time, and with fome Care, what Foods, in Quantity and Quality, he is easiest under, and the natural Rest, the natural Secretions, and the animal Functions labour least, and are most pleasantly perform'd under. 4. To observe the Quantity after the great Meal, he can apply his Head, his Attention, and his Body, to their proper Offices, with the greateft Facility and Pleafure under. 5. To follow the Quantity and Quality of those Foods that give him regularly one figur'd Stool a Day only. 6. For one Month to try double the Quantity, or at least one third, or lefs, more than he us'd of the fame kinds of Food, and observe what Difference this makes in his Functions, Intellectual or Animal; and by fome repeated Trials of this kind, fumming up the whole, and takeing the half of this Quantity, divided by the Number of Days, as the Medium between the least or greatest Quantity. 7. To try, by a Sanctorian Chair, the Quantity and Quality of those Foods that perfpire the most and soonest, and reduce the Body to pretty near always the fame Weight: Or, 8. Laftly, Without Care, Anxiety or Perplexity, to study and pursue the lightest and least of Food he can possibly be easy under; for, without all doubt, Nature will (to a Man of a fober Mind, and in his right Senfes) by acute and intolerable Pains from Hunger, apprize him at least in some time, if he has underdos'd

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pos'd her. So far may fuffice to an honeft prudent Perfon, as to the Quantity of Food, or the Materials of the Curd of the Blood : As to the Liquids, or the Materials of the Serum, I am perfectly convinced, Nature never intended any thing but pure Water; Water being fignatur'd, by its greatest Fluidity and Insipidity, for carrying alimentary Particles readily and pleafantly through all the ftrait Meanders of animal Life; and having defign'd fermented Liquors, and the Juices of Fruits and Vegetables, for Physic only, and they are, when us'd with Intemperance, or as common Beverage, the fole univerfal and adequat natural Cause of most acquir'd Distempers; and Water-drinking only, the proper and adequat Antidote for such. But if a Man will drink vinous and fermented Liquors, then the beftare those that are of a middling Strength, the lighteft, oldest and ripest, which have fpent or drop'd their faline, tartarous and groffeft Particles by Age and Maturity; on which Account the old Rhenish or Hock, ripe Claret or Burgundy, neat old Port and Madera, will be preferable; and the rich, fat, fiery, oily and grofs Wines are only to be us'd as Cordials and Drams, on Neceflity and Extremity. But always the leaft is the very beft of all fermented Liquors whatfoever.

9. 26. WHOEVER can refolve in bad Spirits, a bad Conflitution, and in advanced Life, to

# the Regimen of DIET, &c. lv

to go into a Regimen, may, I think, fairly be manumitted from Drugs, that is, from any kind of Alteratives, even the Preparations of Mercury, Steel, Antimony, Sulphur, and all those of the ponderous and mineral Kind; they will only tear and rend his tender Bowels and Veffels; and even from every fort of the violent and active kind; and truft fimply to Nature and domeftic Evacuation, as the Symptoms exasperat, viz. little Bleedings, gentle and weak Emetics, Stomach Purges, mineral Waters of a proper kind, gentle Air and Exercife, and a Regimen of the lightest and least, no regular Meals, but a little at a time and oftner; for as Nature will not, now on its Decline, bear the violent and active Remedies, without being torn to pieces, fo there is not fufficient Time in Life remaining for ftrong Health; and they must confider what Nature can bear and do, and follow her by their Feelings rigidly, and treat themselves as Children the fecond time, by giving her barely the lightest and the least she can be tolerably easy under, and always endeavouring to leffen the Quantity and Quality of the Diet, as her active and digestive Powers weaken and decrease; for one Day tolerably eafy by the Strength of Nature only, will be better than two fuch by the Help of Art, for her Recovery, and pro-Dates of the states? longing her Life.

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§. 27. IN a low Regimen, even when upon Neceflity, and under prudent Counfel and Advice, when a Perfon has enter'd upon it, and has continued in it for a long time, they may have many Plunges, Discouragements and Exacerbations ; especially as the peccant Matter becomes collected from the Mais of Blood by the greater Glands, and is now foliciting to be pumped off, or driven out by the Commonfewer ; besides Accidents, the Inclemency and Alterations of the Seafons, especially Spring and Autumn, when animal as well as vegetable Nature undergoes some notable Alterations; none ought to be fo fcrupuloufly nice, as not, at fuch a Time, to lay afide their low Milk and Seed or vegetable Dict, and take to a little white Meat, and fermented Liquors, upon Nausea, Inappetency, and transiently to brace the Solids, to get Strength to throw off the ftill remaining Load of Morbofity and Viscofity; this is but like ftanding to take a little Breath in afcending a steep Mountain : But then they ought, as foon as this periodical Paroxy fm is remov'd, by proper Evacuation, and this temporary braceing Regimen, to return to their cooling, foft, fweetning and thinning Diet, in order to purify the Juices totally. This Interruption will only retard the Cure a fhort time, and will give Strength to perfect it at last, as far as the Nature of Things will permit : For it is to be believ'd

the Regimen of DIET, &c. lvii liev'd as a certain Truth, without which no Patient will be encouraged to proceed, that it is to a low, cool, thin *Diet* alone, with proper and indicated Evacuation, that the Blood is to be at last mended, and the highest Health the Constitution will permit is to be obtain'd.

6. 28. To conclude this tedious Detail, of the two, animal Food or fermented Liquors, either of any kind, that is in Ufe, if my Opinion were to be ask'd, Which of the two is most pernicious to animal Bodies, or, in which of the two, Mistakes or Excesses are most pernicious, fatal, and most productive of the severe Distempers? I would not hesitate a Moment, to ascribe to fermented or distill'd Liquors of any kind, the whole Blame of all or most of the painful and excruciating Diftempers that afflict Mankind : It is to it alone all our Gouts, Stones, Cancers, Fevers, high Hysterics, Lunacy and Madness, are principally owing : It is the true Pandora's Box. And he who would timeoufly give up, while he is tolerably well, fermented Liquors, and drink nothing but pure tepid Water, need never feek nor want any other Cure or Medicin, but gentle and proper Evacuation occasionally, be his Diftemper what it will: He may then freely give up any Concern about what he fhould eat; let him, without Fcar, follow Nature and his Appetite, in whatever plain Meat is prefented,

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fented, he can be in no Danger from any fatal or dangerous Diftemper. Water-drinking to those that are already tolerably well, begun early, at least under Thirty-five, or after, when no chronical, hereditary, mortal Distemper is rooted, is the true and universal Panacea, and the Philosopher's Stone. God has not only permitted, but by a wife Appointment of his Providence, has, in many Cafes, made animal Food absolutely necessary and indispensable; and for great high Health and Spirits, warm and ftrong Blood, bodily Prowels and great Labour, it is the only proper Food; but for fermented Liquors, I know no Command, Couniel, or Example. Certainly wife Nature, who has provided liberally Supplies for all our Wants, has furnish'd us none of it; it is the Invention of spurious and luxurious Art, and it is present Death to many, and the natural Aversion of all Animals who follow pure Nature : It certainly fhortens the Duration of Life to all that use it even with Moderation, and is the alone adequat Caufe of all the mortal, painful and atrocious Diftempers. As a Medicin, present Relief, and as a bitter Chalybeat Potion, on Occasions and Extremities, it might be a tolerable Medicin; but as common Beverage, it is a flow but certain Poifon.

FOR a Conclusion, I will, from the whole, fet down a few Aphorisms, that may perhaps instruct the Regimen of DIET, &c. lix instruct and case the Memory of the Valetudimarian.

Aphorism 1. A CONSTANT Endeavour after the lightest and the least of Meat and Drink a Man can be tolerably easy under, is the shortest and most infallible Mean to preferve Life, Health and Serenity.

Aph. 2. HE that would preferve a clear Head, and equal Spirits, must keep his Stomach clean, his Bowels moderatly empty and uncomprest.

Aph. 3. ON bad Nights, Lownefs, Flatulence and Oppression of Spirits, of any Continuance, the only certain Reliefs are, a small Phlebotomy, a gentle Vomit, a domestic Purge, rideing a Horse-back, and a Regimen of the lightest and the least persisted in.

Aph. 4. SMALL frequent Phlebotomies are the quickeft and most effectual Mean to mend the Blood, and to cure Cacochymy, if a Regimen of the lightest and least be joined,

Aph. 5. GENTLE and repeated Evacuation upwards and downwards, (efpecially, and perhaps only, Vomits) by the Medicins most familiar and experienced, (the Action and Excreife of Vomiting is its chief Use) are the furest,

#### Ix A Practical ESSAY on

*furest, quickest,* and most effectual Mean to prevent or remedy the ill Effects of Gluttony, Over-loading and Repletion, (that is, almost all chronical Distempers) provided the *lightest* and the *least* be join'd afterwards.

Aph. 6. DISEASES are always to be cured by their Contraries, the high Diet by the low, the hot by the cool, the fapid by the infipid, the thick and grofs by the thin and poor, Repletion by Fasting, Inactivity by Exercise. Health acquir'd and possessing the the middle Regimen, between these two Extremes.

Aph. 7. PERFECT Health and good Spirits depend chiefly, if not only, on the cafy and pleafant Play or Performance of the Animal Functions, viz. the Digestion, Circulation, Respiration, Perspiration, muscular Motion, and the Secretions.

Aph. 8. HE that would be foon well, must be long fick, that is, treat himself as a Valetudinarian in most things.

Aph. 9. EXERCISE and gentle Evacuation will supply the Place of Abstinence, and Abstinence will supply the Place of Evacuation; but the first two are still preferable, because they damage the Solids least. Aph.

#### the Regimen of DIET, Oc. 1xi

Aph. 10. QUANTITY in Food will fupply Quality, and Quality will fupply the Place of Quantity; but in very bad Cafes it is most fecure to join both.

Aph. II. THERE is but little in a fpecific Regimen of Diet to remedy or antidot a fpecific Distemper; Abstinence in general, or a constant Endeavour after the lightest and the least, will constantly supply the Place of any specific particular Regimen of Diet: But in very bad Cases, a particular Choice of the most specific Regimen that Art, Experience and Philosophy shew to be most proper, is not to be neglected.

Aph. 12. THE Regimen of Diet by which one is cured of a particular Diftemper, ought to be coninued, at leaft in fome Degree, effecially if the Perfon is not much under Fifty, elfe the Diftemper will return with more fevere and worfe Symptoms than at first, as Experience has constantly shew'd.

Aph.13. Every wife Man, after Fifty, ought to begin to leffen at leaft the Quantity of his Aliment; and if he would continue free of great and dangerous Diftempers, and preferve his Senfes and Faculties clear to the last, he ought every seven Years go on, abateing gradually

# Ixii A Practical ESSAY on

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gradually and fenfibly, and at last *descend* out of Life as he *ascended* into it, even into the Child's Diet.

Aph. 14. He that is old when he is young, that is, treats himfelf as a wife old Man does, or ought to do, by great Temperance, Air and Exercise, if he lives past Thirty-five, will be young when he grows old in Years.

Aph. 15. No Perfoh of any Fortune ever died, or fuffer'd acute Pains, or mortal Diftempers, by the too cool, too little, or too infipid in Diet; all by the too hot, high and favoury: But Virtue and Health lie in the golden Mean, fo difficult to be found, and only to be fecur'd by the lightest and the least a Man can be tolerably eafy under.

Aph. 16. THE eternal Law of Nature, by intense Pain in Craveing and Hunger, will never suffer a Person in his right Senses to go on long obstinatly, and to his Hurt, in the too little.

Aph. 17. WATER pure, clear and inspid, is the fole Beverage that can procure or continue Health, and a clear Head, being the sole Fluid that will pass through the smallest animal Tubes without Resistance; next to it are aqueous, or weak fermented Liquors.

#### the Regimen of DIET, Oc. 1xiii

Aph. 18. WATER tepid or cold, or impregnated with the *specific Vegetables*, or Minerals, that Experience has found proper to antidot a given Diftemper, is the true Panacea in both acute and chronical Distempers: Nature has prepared no other Medicin for us, but Water impregnated with Vegetables in their Juices, or natural Mineral Waters on the Surface of the Earth.

Aph. 19. MILK is the only Food prepared by Nature for young, that is, weak and tender animal Bodies; and there is no real Difference between a young, tender, animal Body, and a difeafed grown Animal, but that, of the two, the last is the worft; but it will cost Labour and Patience to make Milk agree in bilious Cases.

Aph. 20. MILK and fweet found Blood differ in nothing but in Colour: Milk is Blood, which almost directly comes from the Chyle into the Teats of the Animal; and Blood is Milk which has gone many Rounds in the Circulation, and is ground a little in the Lungs, where being mixt with the Nitre of the Air, it receives its Scarlet Colour; it is a Medium between animal and vegetable Food.

Aph. 21. WHEY fweet, or medicated with the Juice of any specific Plant, Sage, Balm, or Orange,

# 1xiv A Practical ESSAY on

Orange, or antifcorbutic, vulnerary, or pulmonic Plants, will fupply the Place, and are preferable to most Decostions, of Plants, Infusions, *Apozems* and *Diet-Drinks* whatfoever, except those of the strong Detergents, as *Horse Radish, Mustard-Seed*, and the like, where necessary.

Aph. 22. GOATS Whey being a natural Infusion from gentle Heat, and gentle Triture; of the fine aromatic and nitrous Vegetables on which Goats feed only, is one of the very best Diluents, Detergents, Cleansfers and Sweetners of scorbutic and salin Cacochymies.

Aph. 23. FRICTION Morning and Night, and in Winter Washing with warm, and Drying before a Fire, and in Summer with cold Water, is an excellent Mean to facilitat and promote the Perspiration; to clean the Cuticle, and cure cutaneous Uncleanness and Defedations, cold Batheing is excellent, and preferable to every Washing in Cases where the Blood is fweet and thin, the Solids too lax only.

Aph. 24. CINCTURE with a broad quilted Belt about the Loins, to keep the Bowels in their natural Situations, and the chylous Vessels in their best Locality, and in flabby Constitutions, weak Bowels and Atrophies, is of great Benefit. Aph.

Orange.

#### the Regimen of DIET, Ge. 1xv

Aph. 25. RIDEING is the beft of all Exercises to get Health, and to promote the  $D_i$ gestions, especially in nervous Distempers, where the Abdomen and the Meseraic Glands are principally affected : But Walking is best to preferve Health already got, because it is the most natural and the most universal Promoter of all the Excretions.

Aph. 26. IN Nature or Art there is no fuch immediat Cure for low Spirits, Anxiety, and Want of Sleep, as rideing a Horfe-back, long Journies with Fasting, or rather a very fost light Feeding with warm thin Liquors at Resting-Places, but that the least possible that actual Fainting will permit.

Aph. 27. NEXT to Rideing, is either 2 Vomit, or Fasting almost to Faintness, and then only a little spiced Wine and Water warm, and a Mouthful or two of dry Bisket every 5th or 6th Hour, with continued Friction, with a coarse Cloth, warm Flannel, or a Flesh-Brush, especially on the Spine, in Faintings and extreme Lowness.

Aph. 28. To procure natural Reft, nothing is like four or five middling Pills of true Affafætida, with four or five Grains of pure fuccatrine Aloc, taken going to Bed.

Aph.

# Ixvi A Practical ESSAY on

Aph. 29. THE only Way to fecure tolerable Spirits in very low Cafes, is a conftant Endeavour to make Hunger the greateft Pain, and to cheat the Appetite and Craveing with little, warm, light Liquors at large Intervals.

Aph. 30. GOOD Hours will be always a most beneficial Mean to preferve Health and Spirits, to go to Bed by Ten, and rise by Six.

Aph. 31. WHOSOEVER would preferve his Health and Spirits to the laft, even when he is in Possefilion of it, ought to pass through the great Operations of *Physick* in the Spring, viz. To bleed, vomit and purge, whether he have apparent Necessity or not; for Scurvy, or *scorbutick Juices*, is the great chronical and fundamental Distemper of Britain; all the reft are but Sprouts and Branches of it. And therefore,

Aph. 32. VOMITS often repeated, at leaft as often as the Symptom of any Ail aggravats, increases or exasperats, are the sole universal Antidot and Panacea of Britain; an ailing Person cannot repeat them too often, they will always prove beneficial and salutary.

Aph. 33. IN cold Feet nothing like batheing them in tepid Water a little before going to Bed.

Aph.

# the Regimen of DIET, Oc. lxvii

Aph. 34. A low Diet feldom extirpats, or totally eradicats, any hereditary chronical Diftemper, unlefs it be in the young, the middling-aged, or the ftrong and healthy, who have otherwife tolerable Stamina; in the very puny, delicat and *flender*, in the old, and far advanced in Life, even after Fifty, in the ftrongeft, it only abates the Violence of their Symptoms, makes them lefs fevere, and the Returns feldomer, and only prolongs the Duration of their Lives.

Aph. 35. THE natural Discases of the Poor and Necessitions are generally owing to a bad, unwholesome, unsound Diet, and the Want of due Care of the other Non-naturals, Cleanness and Shelter; and are generally cured by their Contraries, viz. a good, wholesome, plain Diet, and a due Cleanness, Shelter from the Inclemency of Seasons, and an easy Mind.

Aph. 36. IF it happen that the Poor, and those having no Property of their own, by Stealth, Robbery, or unlawful Means, enter on and pursue the Luxury of the Rich and Opulent, not having the other Necessaries and Conveniencies of Life, neglecting, or not being able to afford, or being inured to want the necessary Care of the other Non-naturals,their Diseases are then the most atrocious, painful

#### Ixviii A Practical ESSAY, Ge.

painful and miferable of any; which is the Reafon that the *acute* and *contagious* Diftempers begin first, spread faster, and are more *mortal* among *them*, than those of the better Sort.

Aph. 37. DIET; a proper well regulated and parfimonious, cool Diet, is the far greatest Article of long Life and Health; but the other Non-naturals are to be carefully attended to, and guarded against, else it will not avail alone, which is the Case in Monasteries, Desarts, and long Sea Voyages.

DISP

TO THE

Right HONOURABLE

THE

Earl of HUNTINGDON, &c.

My LORD,

AD I the Honour to be known to a Person of more Probity, Steadinefs, Love to his Country, and Benevolence to the whole Race of Mankind : Had I known a truer Friend to Christianity in General, or to the Church in Particular; your Lordship had not been troubled with this Address, nor with the Protection of this Work; which is defign'd for the Cure, Relief, or Entertainment, of the Valetudinary, Weak and Difeas'd in Body or Mind. Your Lordship's natural and acquir'd Endowments enable A 2

# DEDICATION.

able You to judge folidly, how well it may be fitted for that End. Good Lady HUNTINGDON, I believe, has benefited by fome of the Rules for Health laid down in this Treatife; as have fome others of the Branches of your Noble Family. Lady Betty's eminent Christian Virtues are not only univerfally admir'd, but felt. These Confiderations make this Work your Lord/hip's peculiar Property; and I am greatly pleafed with an Opportunity, publickly to declare the Honour and Esteem I have for the Family of the HASTEINGS, and, in particular, how deeply I am,

# My LORD,

Bath, Aug. 15. 1739. Tour Lordship's most faithful humble Servant,

GEO. CHEYNE.



# DISCOURSE I. Philosophical Conjectures

#### ABOUT THE

NATURE and QUALITIES

#### OFTHE

# Original Animal Body,

#### AND OF ITS

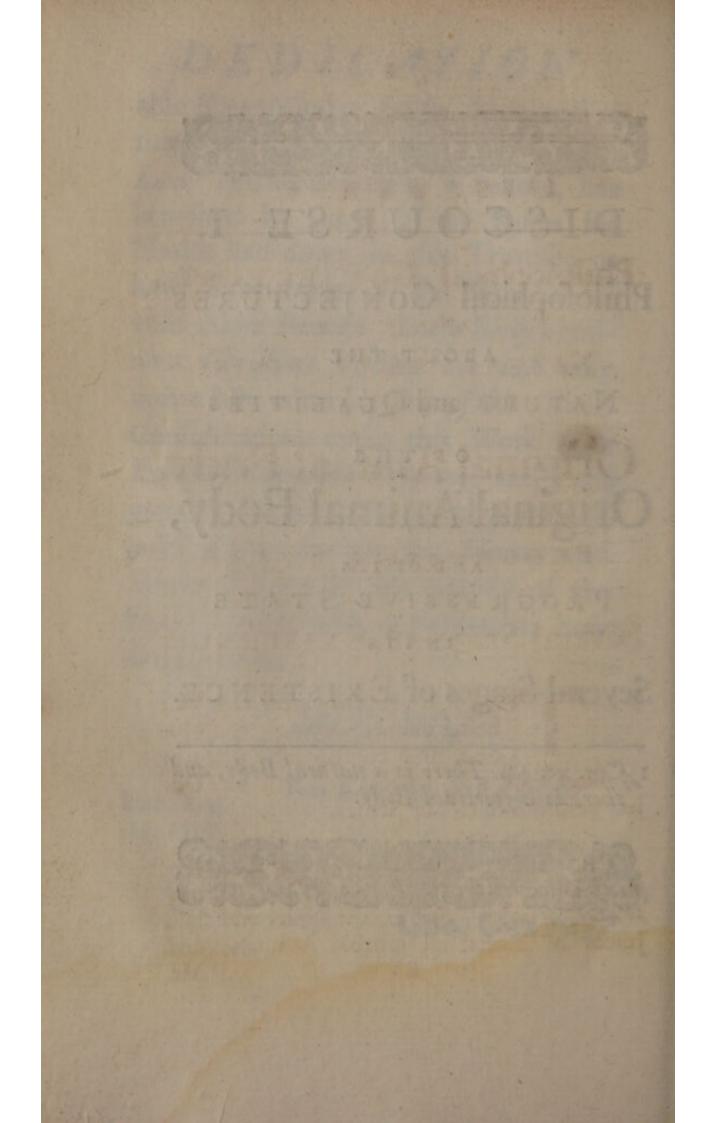
PROGRESSIVE STATE

#### IN ITS

Several Stages of EXISTENCE.

I Cor. xv. 44: There is a natural Body, and there is a spiritual Body.





# DISCOURSE I.

[1]

Philosophical CONJECTURES

ABOUT THE

NATURE and QUALITIES

OFTHE

Original Animal Body,

AND OF ITS

PROGRESSIVE STATE

INITS

Several Stages of EXISTENCE.

§. 1. THERE are Animalcules, which being endued with Life and Motion, must confequently perform Animal Functions, that are lefs than any Object perceptible by our Senfes.

THIS is beyond all Doubt from Microscopical Discoveries in Pepper Water, Spring Water, Vinegar, Sperm, the Urine and fluid Juices of almost all morbid Animals; and B Mr.

# Philosophical Conjectures on

Mr. Lewenhoeck has fhewn, that there are Animals, many Thoufands of which would not equal a visible Grain of Sand; and that there are *Tubes* in Animals, of which feveral Hundreds would not equal a common Hair; and the finallest *Animals*, to carry on Life, must necessarily have all the chief Organical Parts of the greatest Animals, at least analogically.

§. 2. An organized Animal Body could not poffibly at first have been formed, nor can its Functions be now accounted for, or explained, by mere Mechanism, or the Laws of Motion which now obtain, without the Sagacity and Agency of a primary felf-existent Cause; nor can the Functions be continued without the Superintendance and Influence of a felf-moving, felf-acting secondary Agent, informing and acting on it continually.

THIS is not only demonstrable from the Inertia and Passivity of Matter, from the obvious Contradiction of a perpetual circular Motion, which is the Case of all Animals (the Motion of the Heart, and the Muscular Force of the Blood-Vessels, being the Cause of the Circulation, and the Circulation being the Cause (efficient or occasional) of the Motion of the Heart, and of the Muscular Fibres;) But that mere Mechanism acts only according to the Surfaces of Bodies; and yet it is probable, that

#### the Original Animal Body.

that animated Bodies act according to their Solidities, and that every Atom of an animated Body is conftantly in Action, for the Prefervation and Well-being of the whole Machin, and also for exerting that particular Animal Function, which its Figure, Situation and Ufe in the Animal requires. Befides, natural and fimple Mechanism can act only from One Centre of Motion or Impulse, in One single Direction only; whereas Curvature requires different Direction every Moment, and confequently various Centres of Motion or Impulse. Now, if we confider the Varieties of Motions and Directions in the Joints and Muscles of Animals, but especially the infinite Variety of Curvatures in the Arteries, Veins, and Nerves, and particularly in the Glands, we will readily perceive it to be utterly impoffible, and a Contradiction, that an Animal Body could have been at first formed without a Supra-mechanical Organifation; or that it should continue to live, and perform Animal Functions, without the continual Agency and Superintendance of a fecondary felf-active, and felfmotive Principle.

§. 3. It is highly probable, that the first *Elements* of Bodies, or the *least* and *last* Particles of Matter, are *folid*, *hard*, and *indivisible*, by any *finite* Power, or Force whatever; because by *Fristion*, *Collision*, and *Use*, B 2 they

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# Philosophical Conjectures on

they are not worn out, and lofe not their Original Figure and Size; fince they are still fit for the Ends and Purposes of their first Institution.

§. 4. GOD and Nature do nothing in vains and fince Body must necessarily be always endued with fome Figure, being neither infinitely finall, nor infinitely great (where Figure may possibly be thought to evanish) the three most fimple Figures of all folid Bodies, viz. Spheres, Cubes, and equilateral triangular Prisms, might possibly at first have made all the Diverfities of the primitive original Particles of Specific Bodies. These Figures, with the particular Laws of Attraction and Union thence arising, together with different Diameters, and various Combinations, may have made all the Differences of Bodies.

§. 5. THE feveral Elements, or the feveral Aggregats or Massies of the different original Particles, now commonly called Elements, as Water, Air, Light, Salt, and Earth, have each fome specifick Qualities, which diffinguish them from each other, and which they never entirely lose in any State whatsoever; but which may be swallowed up, and rendered unactive, when blended and combined with other Particles, as they are in the integral Particles of natural Bodies, as these are constituted in this our System.

WATER

#### the Original Animal Body.

WATER has its Incomprefibility, the Rotundity, or at leaft the Spheroidity of its conftituent Particles; its Transparency, or refractive Power, its Admission of Salts into its Substance without greatly increasing its Dimensions, at least in a certain Quantity and Proportion, nay sometimes lessening them.

AIR has its Elasticity, its repulsive Force, its acid and nitrous Spirit, and its vivifying Quality to Fire, and Animal Life.

LIGHT has its Activity, Velocity, Tenuity of its Particles, and its Fitts of eafy *Tranfmillion* and *Reflection*, and probably a greater Gravity or *Byas*, on one Side, than the other of its Particles.

SALT has its Solubility in Water only, its penetrating Virtue on Bodies, and its ftimulating Quality on *animal Fibres*; A greater Degree, and particular Law of the *attractive* Force of its Particles on one another, whereby its *Clusters* are generally of regular, and nearly fimilar Figures terminated by plain Surfaces.

EARTH has its greater Gravity, loofe Connexion, and lefs Attraction of its Particles; its Friability, and irregular Figure, being probably the Ramenta or Abrasions of the other Elements.

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PERHAPS the primitive Animal Body might confift of the First pure specific and sublimed Elements, harmoniously combined, and elegantly ranged in their Original Natures, of which our present patch'd gross Bodies, are only the confused dense Kind; as our present Globe of Earth, its Water, Salt, Air, Light, and Earth, are but probably the putrified Carcase of the primitive Planet; but both may continue to have some remote Analogy to one another, as a Carcase hath to a living Beauty, or an Egyptian Mummy to a living Clegpatra.

ACCORDING to this Analogy then, may not the Matter and Substance of the original first-created Vehicle or Animal Body, be of fuch Elements of the original Kind? of a celestial and spiritual Nature (fo to speak) infinitely more subtile and refined than the Matter of Light, more elastick than the finest Æther; and whose Particles might have had, as it were, an infinite Power of Attraction even at finite Distances, and consequently might pervade all gross Bodies of our System without Refistance or Pain.

§. 6. On fuch an analogous Supposition or Conjecture, the Finenes, Elasticity and Law of Attraction in the Particles of such a *fpi*ritual Animal Matter, might admit of Degrees the Original Animal Body. 7 grees (as all Finites must necessfarily do) and the Degree might be in Proportion to the natural and moral Powers of the Spirit conjunctly.

It feems highly probable, that all finite created Spirits have, and must have material Vehicles, of Purity and Fineness in Proportion to their natural and moral Powers conjunctly; not only to limit and direct their Energy and Efficiency, but to commerciate with other Animals, and inanimat created Natures; none but the Supreme Spirit, the Father of Spirits, being absolutely and entirely an infinitely pure immaterial Spirit, acting by his Power and Energy with equal Facility at all possible Diffances. And the Vehicles, or original Bodies of all created Spirits might possibly be of fome fuch Nature, as this deferibed Matter, which may be called spiritual Matter, or Element.

§. 7. This *fpiritual animal Body*, at first divinely organized, may be rolled up, folded together and contracted in this prefent State of its Duration, into an infinitely finall *Punctum Saliens*, into a *Miniature* of a *Miniature in infinitum*, lodg'd in the Loins of the Male of all Animals, (for it is highly probable the Female was but a *fecondary* Intention, or a *Buttrefs* to a falling Edifice) and proceeding in a *diverging Series*, and progreflive Gradation, that in due Time it may be fit to be nourifhed, B 4 A

and increased by the Juices of the proper Female, and thereby enabled to bear the Coarseness and Injuries of this *ruinous Globe*, and gross Element, to which it is to be condemned for a certain Period.

§. 8. IT would feem that this spiritual Body, of this refin'd fubtile Matter divinely organized, by an infinite Degree of Attraction to its particular informing Spirit, and by an individual Fitness and Congruity to the specific immaterial Inhabitant, is fo intimately united with it in its original Creation, that they are never after to be separated, whatever future State they may go into, by any finite Power whatfoever; no more than the Firmnefs and Solidity of the primitive original Atoms of of Matter can be broken or divided by any natural Power. So that in whatever Afterstates it may exist, or whatever Plaister or Vehicle of a denfer and coarfer Element may be fuperinduced, the Spiritual Inhabitant and the primitive Creation-Body go infeparably together. And as this refined fpiritual Body might have been the Creation primitiveBody, fo it may, purified, develop'd and mundify'd, become the last Refurrection and glorify'd Body.

§. 9. It feems highly probable, analogous to the other Appearances of Nature, and congruous to rational Agency (if we fuppofe the first Being rational, intelligent and wife, act-

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ing with Defigns and Purpofes) that the confining of *intelligent* or *fentient* Beings, for fo long a Time, to fo dark and ftrait a Prifon, in the Origin, Seeds and Eggs of Animals, on this *ruinous Globe*, must have been for fome wife and good End and Purpofe, in God's *moral* Government of his intelligent and fentient Creatures; perhaps for *Punifbment*, Correction, progreffive Purification, and painful Senfation (*A Body haft thou given me*, was faid of our *Saviour*, to make him paffive); *Feeling and Experience* being the most effectual Mean to admonish and teach finite, wandering and heedles Beings; at least this feems one Part of the Defign.

§. 10. THAT in our present Scene of Existence, our natural Powers are tied down, fopited, and fettered by the Manner of our Origination, and coming into rational Life, is felf-evident: The wifeft and best Man on the Earth, as to rational and intelligent Living, was first like a mere Vegetable or Plant, afterward a mere Animal or Brute, and but at last, very late, and only for a short Time, the rational and complete Man; and this Truth might be further illustrated, and even demonstrated, from the Qualities of Matter, which are contrary to and deftructive of the Qualities of Spirit. Now this Progression must have fome End and Purpose in the Intention of a wife and good Caufe; and may suppose, that by the Abuse of Liberty, and ido-

idolatrifing the Creatures, the moral Powers (Justice, Goodness, and Truth) being erased and cancell'd in the Spirit, the most effectual Mean and Expedient to reftore them, was to tye down, contract and sopite the natural Powers of the Soul (Living, Perceiving, and Willing) to a Level and Equality with these defaced moral Powers, that by the Use of the proper Means, they might (without Letts or Obstacles from these natural Powers) gradually improve and grow up together, in the fame Degree and Order; at least this may be One not improbable End and Defign of Providence, in this progressive Growth of the natural Powers of the human Spirit; fince it is evident in Fact, that where the natural and moral Powers of the Soul rife to any Degree, this Progression is observed.

§. 11. The Works of God are without Repentance, the true unbodied Spiritual Subflance in intelligent and fentient Natures, being an Emanation, Efflux, Ray, or Spark, or (if I durft use fuch figurative Language) an infinitesimal Miniature of his Substance, (and of his living, perceiving and willing, or whole Nature) who is Self-existent; After flowing from him, can no more perish, or cease to live, perceive and will, than necessary Self-existence can cease to be; so that Living, Perceiving and Willing, (i. e. Cogitation) can never be totally extinct in any intelligent and fentient Being: Never in the Root, Faculty or Power. tho<sup>\*</sup>

tho' they may be, and often are, in the Acts; like Fire in Ashes. Annihilation is contradictory to, and destructive of infinite Wildom and Power, and unworthy of infinite Perfection, requiring the fame Omnipotence that Creation does; Reaction being always equal to Action. And Self-activity being an infinitesimal Miniature of necessary Existence and Omnipotence. The first Being might as justly be fuppofed capable of deftroying Himfelf. as his Miniature Images : Befides, it were neither wife nor good even in a Man, to fuffer the Heir Apparent of a great Kingdom to deftroy or annihilate himfelf, if it were possible by Correction, Reftraints, Time, and due Culture, to fit him for the Possession; and fure every Thing that is wife and good is poflible to the best of Beings. These Natural Powers may be fopited, contracted and hindred from isluing into Action, (as we see they are in found Sleep, in fome Difeafes, Syncope's, and many other Cafes) by Obstacles of, and Resistances from großs Matter, by Bonds, Fetters and Chains made of these our *Elements*; and the coarfer and straiter these Fetters and Chains are, the straiter and closer the Prison may be, and the weaker and fewer may be the Acts of the natural Powers, till this Prifon become almost dead Matter, and a Dungeon, or a mere Point. Now infinite Wifdom and Power, being, as it were, neceflitated by the infinite Benevolence of his Nature, to lay out all the Energy

Energy of his Omnipotence and Omnifcience, to recover and reftore his Miniature Images, confiftent with the Harmony of his own Attributes, and with the Usage of their natural Powers, (neither of which he could force, or offer Violence to,) feems to have contrived this wonderful Expedient, viz. to tye down, fopite and reftrain the Acts and Exertion of the natural Powers, of laps'd, fentient and intelligent Beings, for a determin'd Space of Time, by Chains and Fetters made of the Elements of this ruinous Globe, in order to punish and purify them, and fo to vindicate his Sovereignty, to repair the Indignity done to his Purity, to warn and deter the other Orders of his standing Hierarchies, and at the fame Time, by leffening the Strength and Activity of the natural Powers in their full Vigour, to allow Freedom and Uninterruption from them, for the Reftoration and Advancement of the moral Powers.

§. 12. W ER E the natural Powers of a free, laps'd and intelligent Being, greatly and eminently higher than the moral Powers in the prefent State, they must necessarily clash with, interrupt and greatly hinder the Acquisition of the moral Powers. For Example, unerring Evidence, irrefragable Demonstration, absolute Certainty, must necessarily interfere with Humility, Dependence, Resignation, Faith and Trust, and consequently with all Merit, Gratitude,

titude, and Love. What Faith ? What Refignation? What Merit is there in believing the Propositions of Euclid? In this we are as much paffive in our immaterial Principle, as in our Material. We truft our Lives and Fortunes to a Seaman, or Coachman, not on Demonstration and absolute Certainty, but because we believe them to be honest able Perfons in their feveral Vocations. Faith and Hope must eternally exclude Mathematical Certainty. Perfect Demonstration and absolute Certainty, would exclude Choice, Election and Preference, in finite dependent Creatures. It is Probability alone, Verifimilitude, Analogy, and final Causes, or Revelation, that can be the proper Evidence to produce Faith, and to give Merit, Choice, Election and Preference to the Actions of finite, laps'd and dependent Creatures; and this whole prefent Scene of Providence, and the Darknefs, Obfcurity and feeming Deformity on the Face of Nature, and the Works of an All-wife, All-good Being, feem only contrived and calculated, to preferve the natural Powers of lapsed finite Intelligences inviolate, and at the fame Time to harmonise with the Divine Attributes. For had the natural Powers continued in their Perfection and full Extent, while the moral Powers were cancell'd and extinguish'd, they could never have been reftored confiftent with the Harmony of the Divine Attributes, and the natural,

tural, unperishable and inviolable Powers of free Intelligences. Liberty to do Good or Evil, Pre-Existence abus'd, universal Restoration, and final Confirmation, confistent with the Harmony of the Divine Attributes, and the natural Powers of lapsed Intelligences, well explain'd, will remove all the possible Difficulties and Obscurity, in Nature, Providence, and Revelation.

§. 13. To comprehend, ascertain and demin with Precision, and Mathematical or Metaphysical Certainty, the real Nature, or Substance of any thing, fmall or great, is incompatible with Finitude, and the fole incommunicable Attribute of the Deity; and if lapfed finite Creatures, fuch as we of the human Race are supposed to be, could attain to it, it would defiroy our Liberty to act, (whofe very Effence confifts in doing any thing or its contrary) and determin us infallibly to one Tenour of Action, as certainly as one Impulse, or one Centre of Motion in a Body, would determine it to one Direction, or in a Right Line, and confequently would counteract our Recovery and Restoration, and render it imposfible. And the most perfect Cherubim in Heaven, to perpetuate and eternife its Happinefs, must necessarily have made a furrendry and facrifice of its Will to infinite Goodnefs, and its Understanding to infinite Wifdom; and tho' all that are admitted to the Beatific 1223.

Beatific Vision, see God Face to Face, or see as they are seen, yet it can be only pro Modulo fuo; and tho' the Faith and Truft neceffary to us here in our uncertain lapfed probatory State, when we come to Glory shall be done away, yet naked Faith, or a Faith founded folely on the Ipfe Dixit of infinite Perfection, as well as pure Love, or love of Infinite Perfection for itself, or for its own Amiability, is indifpenfibly neceffary even in Heaven, to perpetuate and eternife the Felicity of the most perfect Seraphim. As our bodily Eyes are utterly incapable of perceiving the real and positive Magnitude, Dimensions and Distance of material Objects, nothing but their relative ones; fo is the most fublime and perfect created Understanding for ever incapable to difcover, and comprehend the precise Nature, Essence or Qualities of the First Being, or of any of his lowest Works. Objects are perceiv'd or comprehended not according to their own abfolute precife and positive Nature, by created Understandings of any Order and Degree, but respectively and relatively, according to the Degree and Extent of their Faculties; and yet a Miniature may be truly a Picture, and as just an one in fmall, as one at length, and between the First Being, and the absolute Nature of his Works, as conceiv'd and comprehended by creaturely Facultics, there will be allways the Proportion of Infinite to Finite. And when Jesus Christ faid

faid he was the Truth, the abfolute Truth, he as really affirm'd his Divinity, as when he faid he that hath feen me, hath feen the Father, or I and the Father are one; for the abfolute precife Metaphysical Truth of real positive Things is infeparable from the Divine Nature; and he could not be honeft and fincere even as a Creature, if in such a momentuous and and fundamental Point, he could lead Creatures into a Mistake; an honeft Person would have trembled to come so near plain Blasphemy, and yet he says his Words are Spirit and Truth. But I beg Pardon for this Digrefstion out of the Sphere of Philosophy.

§. 14. THE subjecting material Bodies, the outward Creation, and, perhaps, fpiritual Natures, to general and invariable Laws, (the continuing these under the Lapse, which were and must have been establish'd in the State of Innocence, I fay, the Continuance of thefe) feems to be another Expedient of infinite Wifdom to preferve Liberty in the Recovery of the moral Powers of lapfed Intelligences, and to conciliate the Harmony of the Divine Attributes. Without these general Laws, (difcoverable only to any Degree, by just Observation, calm Attention, accurate Experiment, extensive Induction and Calculation) there could be no Room for Correction, Amending, for Choice and Election, or for moral Good and Evil; but Things would happen in the intel-

intellectual and moral System, as they are fupposed to happen in the natural System on the Epicurean Scheme, by Chance, Cafualty, Fits and Starts, or fatal Neceffity; which is abfolutely to deny the first Being to be a rational, intel. ligent and free Agent; for infinite Wildom can do nothing, but for wife Ends and Purpofes; and must contrive Means, which have a natural and neceffary Tendency and Fitnefs for these Ends. If these Means be not seen by us, or being in some measure seen, may seem not to attain their Ends, it is because, being finite lapfed Creatures, our narrow Capacities cannot reach them, or becaufe all the Conditions requifite to make them effectual, were not present in a particular Cafe; for infinite Wildom must act uniformly, with Order, Number, Weight and Measure; all which, nothing but general Laws and Canons can effect, as is well known to Geometers, and plainly exemplified in the universal Canons of Algebra. If these general Laws be duly inveftigated, cautioufly guarded, and all the necessary Conditions be taken in, they can never fail of obtaining their End and Effect; unless infinite Wildom and Power suspend them for a limited Time, to manifest his Power, or for moral Ends and Purposes; or unless they are kept from attaining their natural Ends directly, by the voluntary and free Agency of imperfect human Intelligences.

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§. 14. THE only Thing worthy of a true Philosopher is, with Attention, to draw up and collect as many as he possibly can, of these general Laws of the Divine Agency in the natural, moral, and intellectual World, for his own Use, or that of his Fellow-Intelligences. For without all Doubt they must be some few of the most obvious of the Laws of infinite Wifdom, laid down as the Plan, by which all his Works of Wonder were at first form'd, and are still govern'd : And tho' in Him all this great Affair was but one fingle Act of Wifdom and Power, yet in regard to us his infinitesimal Miniatures, now in a lapsed State, they must be confider'd by Parts, in different Acts, and divided Sections, and view'd feparately, in Proportion to our weak and limited Faculties: For certainly general Laws, and univerfal Rules, are the Method of Divine Agency, and of his wife Providence,

§. 15. THE general Laws of Motion, the Laws of fimple Mechanifm, the Laws of Refraction and Reflection, and many more fuch general Laws, both in natural Philosophy, civil Society, and human Policy, are pretty well known and adjusted, in all the polish'd Nations of the World; and it is not improbable fuch general Laws may obtain in other Systems, at least analogically: and they actually do so, as far as our Observation reaches. And it is very probable that fimilar and analogous general

general Laws, have place in the moral, fpiriz tual and intellectual World. For God is the fame Testerday, To-day, and for Ever; his Nature, Attributes, and Agency, uniform : And fince he acts by general Laws in material Agency, it is highly probable, and conformable to his infinite Wildom, to act in the fame uniform Manner in all his Operations, ad extra; and, as far as just Observations have been made, and well-grounded Conclufions drawn by Anglogy, we shall find it fo in all the Systems, Moral, Spiritual or Divine; tho' these last have been but little studied, and timoroufly applied to, by Perfons of a proper Spirit and Genius, out of Dread of the odious Defignation of Enthusiasm or Superstition: but future Ages may perhaps get over this Terror; for the Method has a folid Foundation in the Nature of Things.

§. 16. THESE general Laws of the Divine Oeconomy in Creation and Providence, or the Rules of confummate Wildom and Fitnefs, which the Supreme Being has chalk'd out and laid down, are, without all Doubt, inexhauftible and incomprehensible to such an Order of Beings as we are in our present State, and undiscoverable to any Degree of Perfection; for who can fearch out the Almighty to Perfection? Perhaps the Discovery of them may be a Part of the Happiness and Perfection of another State of Existence, and some small Portion of the C 2 Employment

Employment of happy contemplative Spirits in other Regions; and there, The Works of the Lord will appear wonderful to them that delight therein. For if the First Being be rational, intelligent, wife and good, as doubtlefs he is infinitely fo, there must of Necessity be in all his Works, Conduct and Actions ad extra, one perpetual Analogy, and one continued Harmony through the Whole, and in every fingle Part; each individual Organ and Law must be fitted to this great End, viz. the Perfection of the Whole, and of each Part; and he who confiders the Oeconomy of Nature, Providence, and Restoration, with greatcft Attention and Humility, will moft clearly difcern this Wifdom, Fitnefs, and Divine Order in them.

§. 17. SUPPOSE an infinitely wife, powerful and good Being, did intend to produce fomething new, that he had no Pattern or Model of before Him, (as the firft intelligent Caufe could not poffibly have in *Creation*) as an Artificer; for Example, (to defcend the loweft in a Similitude) he could only express, in fensible Images, the *Genius*, *Nature*, and *Ideas* of his ownMind, and fit the Parts and Organs of fuch a *Machine* to the End and Use for which it was defigned, with *Number*, *Weight* and *Measure*; and so (to compare great Things with so *Supreme Wisdom*, having nothing but Himfelf, his own beneficent Nature and Attributes before

before Creation, to copy forth and reprefent, could, in all his Works of Wonder, delineate nothing but his own Substance, Nature, Wifdom, Goodnefs, Justice and Truth. So that all Nature, all Creation, all the Worlds, the Material, Moral and Spiritual, can possibly be nothing else, but the fupreme, immenfe and infinitely perfect Being, display'd, pourtray'd, and made sensible and perceptible. Mundus univer sus nihil aliud est, quam Deus explicitus, faid a learned Man. To think otherwise, is a fort of Blasphemy, and degrading of infinite Wildom and Perfection below finite lapfed human Intelligences. For there is no poslible Work of any Man, but which in some Degree is a Picture of himfelf, of his own Idea, or of the Conftitution and Complexion of his Mind at that Time.

§. 18. IF then there be a perpetual Analogy running through all the Works of God, Natural, Moral and Spiritual; if all his Workings ad Extra, be Reprefentations, Pictures and Hieroglyphicks, ftronger or weaker, more general or more particular, of his own Nature, Complexion and Attributes; if the material inanimated System of outward Things, being contrived with infinite Fitness, Justness, Propriety and Delicacy, do reprefent his infinite Wisdom and Power, in a more fensible, yet in a darker and weaker Manner: and if the Oeconomy of his universal C 3 and

and particular Providence, and the amazing Oeconomy of the Restoration of every individual lapfed Being, be stronger and more irrefiftible Evidences and Representations of his infinite Penetration, (so to speak) Benevolence and Power; then it must be acknowledged, that, through all his Works, there runs one perpetual Progression, one continual Analogy, and uninterrupted Harmony, of his own Nature, Wildom and Power; and that as Proportion is the Medium, and true Logic of material Natures and Beings, fo Analogy is the true Key and Analysis of spiritual Natures and Qualities; and as the Data of the first is in Senfation, or the Notices from our Senfes, or accurate Experiment: fo the Data of the last is in Attention and Reflexion upon our own spiritual Natures, and their Operations, and Experience of the Qualities, Sentiments and Paffions of our own Hearts and Souls; and carrying these to as great a Height as possible. For t can conceive no clearer or more diffinct Manher to give a Child or an ignorant Perfon an Idea (tho' low and imperfect) of the first Being, than to tell him He is like the Soul or living Nature, of the best and most amiable Person he ever knew, infinitely exalted, without his Imperfections; but who has Life and Being from Himfelf only: whereas all his Creatures are Emanations from Him, and the Works of his Power : And what is this, but a true Analogy ? Just such a one, as when

when we give an Infant or ignorant Perfon an Idea of the Sea, by fhewing him the neareft great Lake, and telling him that the Sea is of the fame Nature, but vaftly bigger.

§. 19. IT is plain from the natural, civil, and facred Hiftory of the whole human Race, from the visible and perceptible State of our Globe, its furrounding Atmosphere, kindred Planets, and their Influences upon ours; that Pain, Suffering and Misery, is as natural and neceffary to us here in this prefent State, as Existence is. It is utterly unavoidable but in Degree; none ever lived, but felt it it some Kind or Degree or other. The Extreme Tenderness and Delicacy of our lumbaginous and spermatic State, subject us to the Diftempers and Sufferings arifing from the Indiferetions and bodily Difeases of our Parents: The Weaknefs and Helplefsnefs of Childhood and Infancy, expose us to innumerable Accidents and Diftempers. The imprudent and improper Nourishment in Quantity or Quality, given us by our Mothers or Nurles, bring naturally on us Suffering and Mifery: The Großsnefs, Coarfenefs, and Inclemency of the Element we live and breathe in, mechanically infects us with its noxious and deleterious Qualities: Ignorance, bad Example, contagious Cuftom, and popular Errors and Prejudices continue the Hazards and Dangers of Childbood. Strong Paffions and Appetites, a wrong Turn C 4

Turn of Head or Heart, a corrupt and degenerate Age, strengthen and confirm our Miferies and Misfortunes in Touthhood: Difappointments, Misfortunes, Cares, Want of, or the bad Ufage of the Necessaries and Conveniencies of Life, Luxury or Intemperance, Famine or Scarcity, Epidemical Difcases, or unforeseen Accidents, one or other, or pethaps all together, make the Complexion of Manbood: And old Age (the Cardinal Difease of human Life) finishes the dark Scene of human Mifery with perpetual Aches, Sores and Infirmities of Body and Mind; a more fenfible Dotage and Childhood, a Tædium Vitæ, with a Defire of Diffolution, which is yet accompanied with a terrible Dread of it; all these conclude this Climax and Progression of Misery ; through which the very best and wifest, that lasts out the natural Duration of Life, must pass, for his Punifoment, Expiation, and Purification; not to mention the Remorfe and internal Crucifixion of those who feel a Law in their Members warring against the Law of their Minds in a perpetual Strife and Conflict. It is only in and through the Oeconomy of the Reftoration, by the Knowledge of the Gofpel, that these natural, necessary and unavoidable Pains. Punifhments and Miferies, can be turned, may be reckoned, and are really Mercies, Bleffings, fatherly Corrections, lofe their Stings, and become Righteousness, and Peace, and Joy in the Holy Ghoft.

§. 20. PAIN,

§. 20. PAIN, Punishment, and Suffering then would feem to be a natural, neceffary and (as it were) a mechanical Mean of Expiation, Purification and Perfection, to all fentient and intelligent Beings, in this prefent State of Exiftence: which Virtue, Attention and Care can only leffen, but which none can totally, but only in a fmall Degree, avoid, if not by and through the Means just now mentioned. As rubbing hard Bodies against one another, is the only Method to polish and finish them; and the harder and longer the Friction, the finer the Polifh, and the more perfect the Figure; fo Pain, in fentient and intelligent Beings, arifes from Refistance to Action, or from Re-action, which in fpiritual as well as material Agency, is always equal and contrary to Action. Sentient Beings naturally, neceffarily, and, as it were, mechanically, recede from, and exert a Principle of Resistance and Re-action to the Cause of Pain; intelligent Beings, cæteris paribus, neceffarily fly from it with greater Velocity, from the united Force of Senfation and Reflection. Senfation and Perception begin the Aversion and Reluctance to the Cause or Occasion of Pain, and Reflection turns it into an Abhorrence and Deteftation.

§. 21. CONSCIOUSNESS of the Reafons and Effects, seems in no wife absolutely necessary towards *Purification* in general, at least towards

wards the first Degrees of it, as we see in Brutes, Children and Ideots. Pain and Punishment in such a Degree, and often repeated, will naturally bring them to abftain from that, for which they fuffer. Consciousness of the End and Defign of it feems only neceffary to accelerate, perfect and turn into a Habit, the Averfion and Abhorrence of what has caufed Pain, and to ftrengthen that Habit into a fecond Nature; as Wood is made ftreight, first by foftening it by Fire, and then keeping it by Cords and Weights in a Situation contrary to its Curvature. Pain and Punishment soften and melt down the Subject, Confcioufness fixes and hardens it, and gives it an habitual contrary Nature. Consciousness attends fingle Acts only, and not Habits; when the Habit is perfected, Confcioufness vanishes and dies away (as a perfect Musician, while playing on an Instrument, reflects not on fingle Strokes diffinctly) fo that Confciousness feems necessary as a Check or Bar, to prevent Relapfes; and feldom takes place till the End and Defign of Punishment is in some Degree obtained.

§. 22. FROM what has been faid, it is evident that this our *Planet* and its Appendages, is really and literally a Prifon or Gaol, 2 Place of Banishment, of Pains and Punishment for a certain Period of Time, to lapsed fentient and intelligent Beings: like Siberia among the Russians, the Bastille or the Pierre incise

cife with the French, or the Plantations or Newgate among us. And the Inhabitants of both Kinds, fentient and intelligent, arc, without a Figure : Prisoners, Slaves, and Felons, under a State of Expiation and Purification. Our whole Creation, our intire System, in regard to our defaced and spoilt Planet, labours like Slaves at the Oar, is in Travail, in a perpetual Fermentation and Effervescence, as in a malignant Fever. working for a Crife and Delivery. Some Individuals may be delivered fooner, fome later, according as their Expiation and Purification is perfected; and at last the whole System, and all its Inhabitants, mult naturally and neceffarily, but harmonioully or analogically, and according to general Laws, undergo fome great and violent Crife, and an universal Gaol-Delivery will be brought about; but when and how this will be accomplifhed, is beyond Conjecture; a Thousand Years are but as a Day where, and the Ways of the Almighty are paft finding out. It would feem as if the only Problem, or Difficulty, (to speak fo in regard to Omnipotence, where no real Difficulty can happen) worthy of infinite Wildom to folve, were to recover, perfect and establish in perpetual and unrelapfing Order and Purity, free and lapfed intelligent Beings, confiftent with the Harmony of his own Attributes, and the natural Powers with which he has endued them. How infinite Wildom and Power will bring

bring this about, we can only conjecture in a few general *Hints*, from fuch of his general *Laws* as are obvious, from *final Caufes*, which are plain, and must include fome Part of the Ends in rational Agency; and from dark Sketches of the *Analogy* of Things: not impossibly thus.

§. 23. An infinitely wife, good and powerful Being having created this System, we cannot suppose, but it must have been as perfect and blifsful, as its Nature could admit, and his fentient, intelligent Creatures as happy, as their Natures and Order could allow; and that he must have furnished them with Means and Power to perpetuate, if not increase, this Perfection and Happines. But from the very Nature and Effence of Liberty; whoever has a Power to continue or increase in a State, must also have a Power to fall back or decreafe; whatever is finite, must necessarily be fallible. Now suppofe fuch finite fallible Beings actually lapfed : the fame wife and good Being must have ordered Things fo, not only that they fhould recover and rife again, but that their Fall and Lapfe should at last be a Mean, not only to ftrengthen, confirm and fix them in Happinefs ever after, (and this feems the only Mean, by which fallible free lapfed Creatures, once actually fallen, could be brought to an illapfing State of Stability) but even to increase the Degree of their Happiness and Perfection; and this, I think, would not onlybe the full and plenary Solu-

Solution of this infinitely difficult Problem. but one worthy of its all-wife and all-powerful Author only; and this he has effected, I think, by these three Expedients or Means. I. By continuing general Laws of Agency in material, moral and spiritual Actions, plainly intimating, that the Concurrence of the fame Caufes and Conditions will always produce the fame Effects; and fo leaving Room for Confideration, Amendment, Improvment, Choice, and the Difcernment of moral Good and Evil, and thus fecuring Liberty and the other natural Powers of lapfed Intelligences. 2. By tying down, fopiting and fufpending the natural Powers of the Soul for fo long a Time, as is its Duration from the first original Male, till the Bonds and Chains, by which their Exertion is reftrained, be broken and untyed by Death. That during this Time, the Benefit acquired by the progreflive Parentage (if they happen to return to Order and Habits of Virtue, or have their moral Powers recovered) may operate on these infinitesimal Miniatures; by mending their Natures, that they themfelves may have time given to recover into Order; and that the Interruption from the natural Powers arrived at their Perfection, might not prevent the Acquisition and Recovery of the Moral Powers. And, 3. By the Oeconomy of Redemption by a Saviour, which doubtless was projected before the Creation of the World, or this System, and when the proper

per Difposition to receive it, and to reap the Benefit of it, is acquired; and which may in some Time or Place, *explicitly* or *implicitly*, be revealed, to finish the Work of Restoration. But that not being my Province in a *Philosophical Difquisition*, I proceed.

§. 24. It is the groffeft Abfurdity and Contradiction to suppose, that an infinitely wife and beneficent Being would make either fentient or intelligent Beings suffer, merely for Suffering's Sake. He must have had just, good and kind Reasons for this his strange Work. And fince it is certain, that both fentient and intelligent Beings do and must unavoidably fuffer, and are in a State of Punishment, Mifery and Banishment here; it neceffarily follows, that they are in a State of Expiation, Purification and progreflive Perfection, in their respective Orders; and will at last be set free, made happy, and perfected, and confirmed in that State for ever. Omnipotence furely can, and infinite Goodness, I hope, will do all this.

§. 25. IF all is not Deceit and Illusion, it must be evident to a *Demonstration*, that nothing imperfect or unhappy in its Order can come out of the Hands of infinite Perfection; and yet it is Fact, that all *fentient* and *intelli*gent Beings here, are universally more or lefs, miferable and imperfect; and that there never Was

was any human Creature, in his right Senfes, which in a whole Duration of human Life, felt not, and thought not himfelf unhappy, miserable and imperfect, at least, for some time, if not for the most of his rational Life: and wish'd not himself earnestly, better, wifer, more perfect, and happy. It is impossible, that infinite Wifdom and Goodnefs, can punish sentient and intelligent Creatures, or make them miferable, but for fome wife and beneficent End and Purpofe; from whence it will be evident to a rational Perfon, that of neceflity there must have been a State of Existence prior to this prefent : wherein all those fentient and intelligent Beings, while in a collective Mass, which have been, or shall be on this Globe, had misbehaved, rebell'd, and run into Diforder, probably, by idolatrifing Creatures and Self, and preferring them to the Creator. And the Account of this Rebellion and Laple in Revelation, may refer only to the last Scene or Act in the Tragedy, or the new modelling this fecondary State or partially lapfed System, when the slightest Trial of Faith and Obedience was made; for certainly Nemo repente fit turpissimus; finite Creatures can naturally acquire Habits of Virtue and Vice, or indeed of any kind, only by Degrees, or fingle Acts repeated. Certain Consciousness, or clear diffinct Knowledge of this pre-existent State, would only feed idle Curiofity; and might hinder and counter-act that implicit Truft.

Truft, Dependence and absolute Refignation in every Thing, so absolutely neceffary to relative Perfection and Happiness. For the Point in View of infinite Perfection, is to bring all the finite fentient and intelligent Creatures to an absolute voluntary Surrendry, and Trust of themselves, and every Thing relating to them in Time and Eternity, to his Will and Pleafure implicitly; nothing less being sufficient to establish and perpetuate the Divine Sovereignty, harmonife his Attributes, and eternife the Peace, Happiness and relative Perfection of universal Nature; which different Willing would eternally confound and perplex anew, and bring on a fecond, or perpetuate the prefent Lapfe.

§. 26. IT is not impossible, that there are other States, Mansions, and probatory Celestial Regions, proper and peculiar to the feveral imperfect Degrees of the moral Faculties of spiritual Intelligences, with their Creation-Bodies or Vehicles, according to the feveral remaining Degrees of Imperfection, even almost in infinitum, in an afcending or descending Progression. Infinite Wildom and Goodnefs may have appointed, in general, a certain limited Period, beyond which the Incrustation of their Creation-Bodies cannot laft, things being in fuch a State : But the actual Approach may be quicker or flower, according to certain Terms and Conditions: which we know to be the Case of our present mortal Tabernacles ; and

and according to the bad or good Ufage of our Liberties in the Use of the Means afforded us for acquiring the moral Virtues, and affixing the moral Powers in confirm'd Habits; we may afcend into more pure, more happy, and more perfect Regions, or descend into more grofs, miferable and dark Dungeons, almost in infinitum. But it would alfo feem, that fentient and intelligent Creatures could fuffer Pain and Mifery only to a certain finite and limited Degree, (tho' the Time may be eternal, all Spirits being immortal by Nature) all the Activities and Passivities of fuch Beings being neceffarily finite and limited; and when they come to that Point, they must necessarily return, with for Deliverance, cry for Mercy, Pity and Freedom, and endcavour it with the whole natural Powers of their Spirits; and to this Point only, it would feem, an infinitely wife, beneficent and powerful Being can intend to bring his lapfed, wandering miniature Creatures now under the Gospel ; and that he should be ready to receive them into Mercy, and allow them the Means for reftoring and recovering their lapfed moral Powers. But how long Time it may require to bring them to this abfolutely neceffary Point, no Reafon or Philosophy (whether an Indefinite, that is, a creaturely or relatively infinite Time) can determine; and Revelation has not made it plain and explicit, but on the contrary has left it not only dubious, but feems to point otherwife; to be fure not before all are brought to

to this indifpensable Point of Returning. The Oeconomy, Satisfaction and Sufferings of the God-Man Jesus Christ, could be only fufficient to render that Expiation, and Reftoration of the moral Power in a finite Time, which, in its own Nature, and the Nature of God and of his Purity, must have been Infinite and Eternal. The repairing the Indignity and Affront done to his Sovereignty and Purity, and the deterring his other flanding Creatures from Lapfe and Rebellion, is not perhaps left in their Power to prevent; that may be done by the neceffary and unavoidable Pains and Sufferings they must undergo, from the painful and leprous Incrustation of the feveral Elements they must pass through; their returning into Order, their Acquisition of the moral Powers of the Soul, and fixing them in thefe, and confequently in permanent Happinefs, intirely depends on themfelves, and the Ufe of the Means afforded.

§. 27. It is no cafy Matter to form any precife limited Idea or Notion of Substance either Material or Spiritual; all we certainly know of either, is, that they exist, are Realities, and are the Base or Subject of real Qualities. But we can no more penetrat into the Substratum or Support of these Qualities, by the natural Activity of our Spirits, than our Eyes can see Objects at a certain Distance; such is the Nature, Frame and Limitation of our Order and Rank of matural Powers. We

We certainly know that material Substance is the Substratum of Extension, Impenetrability, Paffivity and Figure; and spiritual Substance, of living, perceiving and willing, that is, of Cogitation or Thinking, and also of beginning Motion in Bodies, and giving them a particular Direction. The Aggregate, or Sum of all these respective Qualities (most of which are contrary to the others) may be bound together or united by fome Bond of Union, which we fhall never have any direct or immediate Conception of, till we throw off this material Incrustation, that intangles and fetters the full Exercife and Penetration of our natural Powers. And therefore, if we dropt both Substances, as unknown and unknowable Things at prefent, or rather, if we fuppos'd both only mere Capacities, Recipients, Canals or paffive Subjects of contrary Qualities, as they flow, or are deriv'd from the primary Source and felf-existent Cause of all Activity, Qualities and Realities, whole whole End and Use (of these Capacities) was to receive and contain thefe Qualities, limiting, contrary, and deftructive of each other respectively; or, laftly, if, as Geameters use the Method, we make the one Positive, the other Negative; this way of confidering this dark Subject might, perhaps, throw fome Light on it: And then imagin'd that Matter or Body was analogous to (but yet no-wife the fame with, but quite contrary, thot not contradictory) to Spirit infinitely condens'd,

dens'd, concentred or incrassated: And that spiritual Substance was analogous to Matter infinitely rarefied, refin'd or fublim'd: Then, in the Geometrical Manner of confidering fuch refpective Qualities and their Subject, Body infinitely rarefied, refin'd and fublim'd, would at last terminat in limited Space or Expansion; and limited Space or Expansion infinitely condens'd, contracted and infpiffated, would end in folid indivisible Points or Monads, the common Idea of the component Particles of Body. And yet that Body fhould be rarefied into Space, or Space condens'd into Body, is an absolute Contradiction and Impoffibility; only this Manner in which Geometers confider infinitely little, or infinitely great Quantities, is here fuggefted, as an Illustration of material and spiritual Substance, so difficult to be explain'd. But we not being able to conceive or comprehend Infinitude, or infinite Agency, its Effects and Confequences, it may, perhaps, be faid, that this is only explaining one Obscurity by a greater. It may be fo: All then we are abfolutely certain of is, that these effential Qualities of Matter and Spirit respectively, viz. in Matter, Extenfion, Impenetrability, Divisibility, Mobility, Paffivity and Figure; and in Spirit, Living, Perceiving, Willing, Self-activity, Self-mobility, and the Power of beginning Motion, and giving Direction to Bodies; must neceffarily be uniform, and always the fame in Degree,

gree, whatever State or Circumstances they may be in. These respective Substances are always in their own Nature and Effence fo contrary and destructive of one another in their Qualitics, that they become a perpetual Bar, Obstruction and Obstacle to the Exertion of these their effential Qualities. They are not indeed contradictory or destructive of one another's Qualities in every Degree; they are not incompatible and unallyable (as we know by Fact); but they are contrary; and one Degree of the Qualities of the one, deftroys a relative, equal or proportional Degree of the Qualities of the other; and the Sum total of these Qualities in the one, deftroys the Sum total of the Qualities of the other, equally or proportionally, like Light and Darkness; and an infinite Degree of the one may fopite or totally obstruct the sensible Actions of the other, tho' not annihilat or abfolutely deftroy the other in its Root or Nature. But Infinitude being above our Capacities, we can only fpeak of the Effects of their Contrariety and Opposition in their finite Degrees, and pronounce nothing of the Effects of infinite Operations; only we are certain, that no lefs than an infinite Power and Operation in the one, can totally extinguish and annihilat the Nature and Operations of the other; Reaction being always contrary and equal to Action. We may have a fine Illustration and analogous Refemblance of this infinite contrary Action, from the Naturc

ture of an infinite converging Series; in which from the next immediate Step in the Progression, by passing through infinitely little of that Order, the Terms from politive become negative; and likewife, from fome Particles of Matter, which after having got withbut their Sphere, from attractive become repulsive, in respect to a particular Centre; these Hints are far from an affirming, or any Endeayour to prove, that Matter is only infinitely condens'd Spirit, and Spirit only infinitely refin'd Matter, as to their feveral Substances : For the Fast I think false, impossible and contradictory; for Matter, however refin'd and fublim'd, is still Matter, and has the opposite Qualities to Spirit, and have their cflential Qualities in direct Contrariety; and were it otherwife, in this Manner of illustrating the Subject, the Proof were abfolutely impoflible; because the Effects of infinite Power and Agency are known and knowable by Him only, whole Attributes are infinite Power and Might. If the Proposition and Effect was true and real, no finite Agency could effect it, nor finite Understanding evince it : But these Inftances are adduc'd only as an Illustration, to remove the feeming flocking Abfurdity and Terror, in most good Persons Minds, from affirming any Refemblance or Analogy between material and spiritual Substances; for these evidently shew, that fimilar and analogous Effects are Realities in the Nature of Things, tho

tho' their Manner and Procefs be inconceiveable to us finite Beings; and alfo, as much as in me lies, to take off any Miftakes and Mifapprehenfion, as if I advanc'd any thing in the *Philofophic* Explication of thefe *Mysteries* of Nature, inconfistent with *Revelation* or *Religion*, as the Reverend Dr. Brown Bifhop of *Cork* has done in his *Divine Analogy*; not fully having underftood my Manner of explaining the Subject, or perhaps I had not made my Meaning fufficiently clear and plain; as the Subject is in itfelf almost inexplicable, and ought to be guarded with all possible Precision, if at all handled.

§. 28. IN my poor Way of conceiving and conjecturing, from the obvious Appearances in Nature subjected to Sense; from the final Causes the Supreme Rational Being may poffibly have in fuch external Operations; from the Analogy carried from the Things that are feen, to those that are invisible, and only intelligible; the most probable and fatisfactory Account that can be found of the Oeconomy and Plan of the Restoration of finite lapsed Intelligences, feems to be this, at least these may possibly be some of the prominent Lines of this Plan: Some finite free Intelligences of the several Orders in the living Hierarchies having by the Abuse of their Liberty, and committing Idolatry, by too inordinate Commerce with the Creatures, and habitually turning away D 4

away from their Source the Creator, deftroyed and cancell'd the moral Powers of their Spiritual Natures: Infinite Wisdom and Power, by the Necessity of his beneficent Nature, cmploying the whole Force of his Omnipotence and Omniscience, to reftore and recover them, without committing Violence on their natural Powers, or on the Harmony of his own Attributes; first tics down and contracts their natural Powers with Chains of groß Matter, from a (purpofely, or mechanically) ruin'd and defac'd Elementary Globe, fuch as our prefent Habitation is; Chains, which the natural Powers of the Spirit are necessarily obliged to endeavour to be unloofing all the Time, from the original Creation of this groß Body; during which Time, Means, Opportunity and Leifure is allow'd, for the Acquisition and Restoration of the moral Powers: As Felons and Robbers are tam'd and mended by working in the Mines, and tugging at the Oar. By the Toil, Labour and Suffering, from this working off, and melting down the grofs and leprous Plaister, superinduc'd on the primitive Creation Body, by fileing, purifying and breaking thefe Chains which fetter the Activity and free Agency of the natural Powers of the Soul, on this Creation-Body. First, Reparation, and an Amende honorable is made to infinite Purity and Sovereignty; and the bad Example to other Intelligences, remov'd: And in the mean time, outward and inward Means may

may be offer'd and beftow'd, by external Providences, Suprahumane and imperceptible Aid and Grace, and the Light and internal Operation of the Divine Word and Reason the Messiah, for recovering the defac'd moral Powers of the Soul. Some are under this Operation a fhorter, fome a longer Time, according to the Wifdom and Defigns of the Sovereign Reason, and the Manfion they are to fill in the new Jernfalem, even till the last Scene, which in the Nature of groß corruptible Matter can laft but a finite Time, either in the Nature of the Elementary Planet itself, with its Appendages, or in the Incrustation on the primitive Creation-Bodics made of this elementary Matter; which must crumble and diffolve into Duft within certain Limits of Time, by the establish'd Law of Nature; the first, possibly, from the Expence and Fixation of Water, as Sir Ifaac Newton infinuates, and the other necessary Fluids; the others for want of Nutrition and Chylification, and both by Natural and general Laws, but still within certain Limits lefs than real infinite. But both must at last be perfectly purified; the Earth and its Appendages, poslibly, by an universal Conflagration; the particular groß Plaistering, by being disfolv'd into its original Dust, that the primitive Creation Body may be difincumber'd, and made fupple and pliable to obey the Dictates of the informing immaterial Spirit; and the Spirit, by the Acquisition and habitual fixing of the Moral Powers. For there cannot be a more certain

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certain and indubitable Truth, than that nothing *imperfect* in its Order could come out of the Hands of infinite Perfection; and that nothing *impure* or imperfect in its Order, can return to live and commerciate with, or be united to God perfectly, finally and immutably.

§. 29. This Infinitesimal Particle of Celestial Matter, this Miniature of a Miniature in infinitum, decreasing in a continued analogical Progrefs, and ftor'd up in the Seeds of all Animals and Vegetables, from the first to the last Animal and Vegetable; this divinely organis'd Vehicle or Corpuscle, in which the immaterial Principle was infpir'd in its Creation, and to which it is fo intimately united by a particular Law of Union, and an individual Fitne(s and Congruity, is inseparable from it in all its future States and Circumstances of Duration, at least by any Degree of Force less than infinite. The immaterial Spirit, the Spiritual Inhabitant of this Celestial Vehicle, is in its own Nature immortal and imperishable, being an infinitesimal Miniature of the Divine Nature and Substance, which is Self-existent. I fay then, the Spirit, the immaterial Substance, that informs this æthereal Creation Body, is of its own Nature immortal and imperishable; but the material Vehicle, tho' of a refin'd and æthereal Substance, is only eternal by the Divine Order and Appointment, and comparatively in respect of other groffer and more denfe Compounds, of which Time and Use may alter the Form, tho' not deftroy

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deftroy the Substance; and perhaps their Perpetuity may be continued by a divine primary, or fecondary spiritual Influence, from both these immortal Principles. I am sensible, these strong Figures may be exposed to Ridicule, and interpreted profanely, by light Perfons; but when they understand, and can explain with Precision, what the Force of Infinitude (fmall or great) is, their Raillery and Levity may be tolerable; fuch, of Neceffity, must be the Language, when we attempt to express perceptible only, and fpiritual Things. I hope I have a due Senfe of the Purity and Perfection of the Divine Nature and Spiritual Things, not to expose them maliciously and defignedly to Contempt and Ridicule. My whole Defign is to help honeft and fincere Perfons to some Ideal Knowledge, (which at best is but a poor Affair) that may poffibly comfort and mend the Heart, without hurting the Head.

§. 30. IF there is any Verifimilitude of Confiftency in this Sketch, it will follow from it, that the lighter and thinner (while fweet and healthy) the Crust and Plaister from this elementary System, that is laid over this Creation Body, the more the natural Powers of the Spirit will be at Liberty to exert their Functions, and acquire the moral ones; the Sufferings and Miferies of the prefent State of our Existence will be fewer and less intense, and the

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the total Difengagement of the Spiritual Inhabitant from its Prison and Load, will be more eafy and perfect; and we shall shake off our Chains and Fetters, as we do our Cloaths to go to Bed. The univerfal Law of Nature, for every fentient and intelligent Being, that is brought on this elementary Planet, is, first, to have its fpiritual and its celeftial Body tied down, and concentred by Chains and Fetters of this Element, into a Miniature of a Miniature, then into a Punctum Saliens, and at last into a sensible elementary Body : During all this Time, the fpiritual Nature is working, like a Slave in the Mines, or at the Oar, to extend this celeftial Body to its original analogous Figure and Dimensions, by breaking all its elementary Fetters; while yet at the fame time it is crufting over more denfely the primitive celestial Body by Nutrition, and the animal Functions with a grofs leprous Plaister; when the Creation Body is intirely develop'd, by giving a Facility to its Organs of all kinds, by Culture and Use in their feveral Ways, its intellectual Facultics get Power and Liberty to exert themfelves; during which Time the Acquisition of the moral Powers may and ought to take Place, and by Degrees, and in a nearly determinable Period, this Plaister dries, hardens, and at last crumbles into Duft; and then the Spirit with the celeftial Body, if but partially purified, passes into other States, Elements, and Mansions, as its Degree of moral Virtue,

the Original Animal Body. 45 Virtue, or Acquisition of moral Powers require.

§. 31. FROM this Representation of the State and Progress of fentient and intelligent Beings in Spirit and Body, during their Banishment to this ruinous Planet; it follows, that the Root, Faculty and Capacity of the Spirit, or its natural Powers, continue potentially and radically the fame; or that living, perceiving, and willing, as to their Effence, Power and Capacity, are in all States radically and invariably the fame; tho' their Exercise, Acts and Exertion be restrain'd and sopited by gross Matter. Whoever confiders the invariable Nature of Spirit, must be convinc'd, that its giving Motions, with their feveral Modifications, must always radically and potentially be the fame, and uniform, however their Acts may be fuspended, sopited, or deftroyed by groß Matter, and the Im-mechanifm of Bodies; and that all the Functions of the Body, all its voluntary and involuntary Motions, all its living and vital Actions, all its internal and external Operations, all its Senfations, Paffions and Willings, that dcpend on the Body, arc all but Cogitation, or Thinking, in fome Degree or other, and its feveral Modifications, as really, as intense, fullgrown Thinking, with Reflexion, or Meditation, is; in a Word, that the Soul, Spirit, or living Principle, is really the true and only intelligent Being, and the Body only is its Organ, Infirument

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ment or Tool, and but a paffive Adjunct of the living Intelligence; and confequently, that, 1. our acquir'd Knowledge is but Remembrance; 2. that a moral Sense and Faculty; 3. that innate Ideas of God and Virtue, of moral Good and Evil; That, 4. Spiritual Sensation and Spiritual Senses; and that, 5. the Soul uses material Organs (tho' not of groß Matter only) in all its Operations, all these are as much Philosophical Realities (however ridiculed and exposed by ignorant Persons) as the fame Things are, when fenfibly and outwardly transacted on our finish'd and perfect external Senfes; and that, 6. All our Culture, Study and Labour, to acquire Sciences and Knowledge, or to perfect our natural Powers, terminat only in fileing off, melting away, and scraping down, those Chains, and Cruft fuperinduced upon them; and are only removing Superfluities, reducing Excrescences, and rendering the groß Patchwork fuperinduced on our fpiritual Body, pliant, fupple and correspondent, with the least Resistance to it; that the Creation Body may be at Liberty to extend and difincumber itself: And, Lastly, That the fhortest and readiest Way to true and folid Knowledge, is to endeavour with the utmost Vigour, and strongest Effects of our fpiritual Nature, to recover and acquire the moral Powers of the Soul defac'd and cancelled by the Lapfe, viz. Justice, Goodness and Truth; or, in the Revelation Language, Faith, Hope, and

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and *Charity*; to which thefe will be found, when juftly explained, intirely *analogous* and confonant; for it could only be to allow Time and Uninterruption from the *natural* Powers, had they been always in their full Extent and Force, that they have been thus ty'd down, and fopited; fo that now they can only rife and extend in Proportion, as the *moral* Powers are acquired.

6. 32. THE Activity, Senfibility and Penetration, the voluntary and involuntary Motions of this our Elementary Body, the animal Functions, the more material Acts of Thinking and Cogitation, fuch as Senfation, Memory, Imagination, Attention, &c. are all radically and primarily perform'd, by the Self-action and Self-motion of the immaterial Spirit, on this Creation-athereal Body principally; as Sulphureous Inflammations raise Mountains, and as Springs, and Weights move Clock-works; with this notable Difference, that the first has an internal, immortal Spring of Self-action, the other only a temporary and transitory one. Perhaps, for Example, towards voluntary and involuntary Motion, or towards the Exertion of the animal Functions; I fay, perhaps, there may not be wanted any foreign, independent and perplex'd fubtile Fluid, of whatever Nature; if the animal Appearances and Functions can be more fimply, as clearly and fully explained, by the Action of a self-active and self-motive spiritual

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tual Substance, informing and influencing a fitly and divinely organized athereal Body, and thereby immediately imprefling its Action and Energy on the grofs earthly Plaister laid over it. A true spiritual Substance, of the very lowest Order, must necessarily have in itself a Spring of Self-action, a Principle and Faculty of Self-motion, from its own internal Nature and Effence. I can have no Notion of a spiritual Substance, that has not a Power of beginning and imprefling Motion on Matter or Body fitly disposed; there seems no Distinction fo effential between Spirit and Body, as Activity and Paffivity; 'tis true this Activity in created spiritual Substances is finite and limited, and may be further reftrained by grofs Matter to any Degree; but it will be always fufficient to begin and imprefs Motion on Body, fo long as the Inertia of Body is not greater, than the Self-activity of fuch an Order of spiritual Substances, else it could not in any Sense be called self-active. And to produce muscular Motion, and the animal Functions and Appearances, there may be nothing more neceffary, than Self-activity, and Self-mobility, in a greater or leffer Degree; and divine Organifation, Fitnefs, and not infuperable Refiftance, or rather a ready Facility, in the primitive athereal Vehicle, which may overcome the Load of Plaister and Ruft laid over it : I fay, perhaps, this may be fufficient to account fully for all the animal Appearances; a foreign fubtile

## the Original Animal Body. 49

tile Fluid may be neceffary to explain the Appearances of inanimated Matter; but feems here fuperfluous, and looks perplex'd and operofe, and unlike the Operations of the God of Nature, which are always from eafy and fimple Caules, and by one fuch Caule produce various and beautiful Effects. And I think there is fcarce accounting for the infinitely different Degrees of Senfibility, the Degrees of Stature and Growth, and the Degrees of Penetration, and of quick and flow Thinking, Memory and Solidity, both in fentient and intelligent Animals, without allowing the Plaistering and Soder, on the Creation æthereal Body to fit lighter, thinner and lefs incumbring on fome than on others, and the æthereal Organs to be more at Liberty in the vaftly fenfible and quick Thinkers and Feelers, than in the flow,

§. 33. It would feem in this progreffive State of Purification of lapfed *fentient* and *intelligent* Beings, that when one *Cruft* or *Plaifter* from the Element to which they are confined, is worn off, another may grow on, of the Nature of the *Celestial* or *Terrestrial Mansion*, which they inhabit, fitted to the Degree of the acquired moral Powers; and this in a continual *Ascent* or *Descent*, till the moral Powers are perfected and confirmed into *Habits*, and the æthereal or spiritual Body is purified and refined from all the *Drofs* and *Ruft* it had contracted; and then will be E

### 50 Philosophical Conjectures of accomplished their last permanent and eternal State, suited to their Order.

§. 24. THE specific Law of Attraction, Fitness and Similarity of the Element or Planet, to the Degree of the moral Purity or Impurity in fentient and intelligent Beings, may as naturally and neceflarily determin and attract them to this their specific Region or Mansion, as the Eggs of Infects, and Seeds of Plants fcattered and blown by the Wind, are directed, drawn and adhere, by Electricity, to the Leaves of those Plants and Trees only, which are fitteft and have the most proper Juices for their Adhesion, Incubation and Vivification, and for crufting them over, to defend their Delicacy and Senfibility while young and tender, from fuch Injuries as would put an End to Life. For a Law of Attraction, Fitness and Similarity will be found to hold good, either fimply or in some kind of Proportion, or analogically, through all Creation, as well in Spirits, as in Bodies, in the natural, moral and celeftial Worlds, till the first and supreme Being become locally and finally All in all, and that All be in him with Perfection and anatogous Similarity in their feveral Natures, as the Fish, or Rivers are in the Sea, and that he acts and influences, and gives Perfection and Happiness to all Things He has made.

CON-

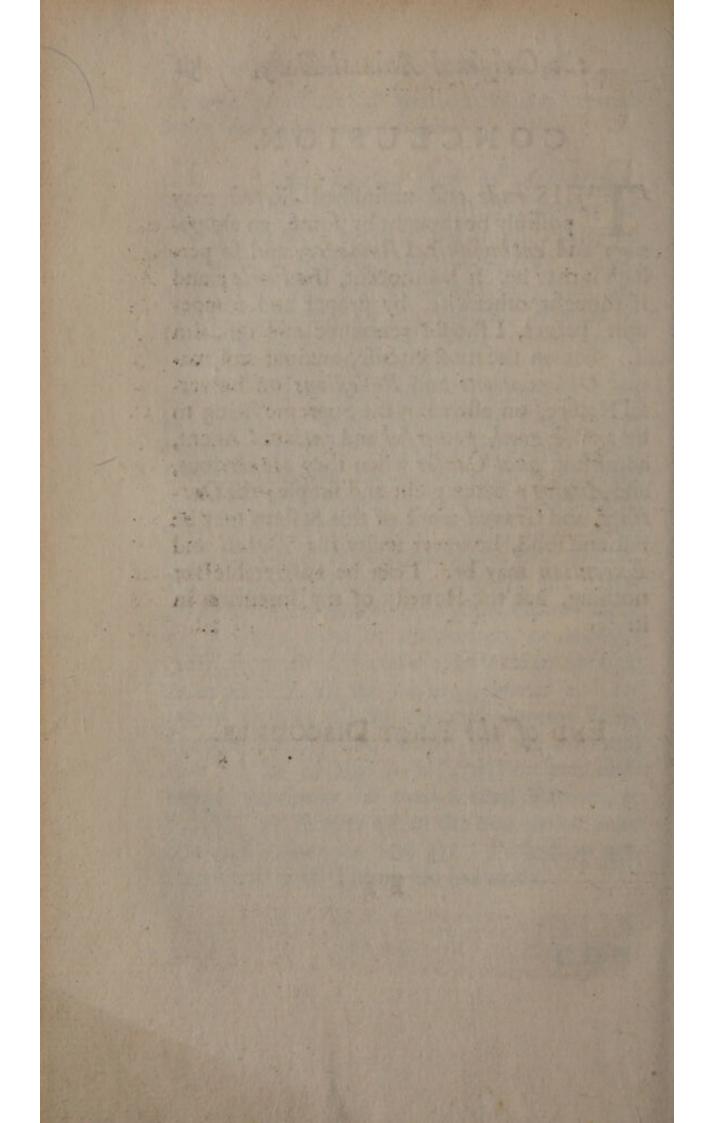
## the Original Animal Body. 51

# CONCLUSION.

THIS rude and unfinished Sketch may possibly be thought by fome, an imaginary and enthusiastical Romance, and so perhaps it may be.' It is innocent, if a Fable ; and if thought otherwife, by proper and compet tent Judges, I should renounce and disclaim it. But on the most intense, anxious and mature Observations and Reflexions on univerfal Nature, on allowing the Supreme Being to be a wife, good, powerful and rational Agent, admitting final Caufes when they are obvious, and Analogy when plain and fimple; the Outlines, and Ground-work of this System may be just and folid, however faulty the Detail and Execution may be. I can be answerable for nothing, but the Honefty of my Intention in it.

# END of the FIRST DISCOURSE.

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# DISCOURSE II.

Philifophical CONJECTURES

#### ABOUT THE

Preference of VEGETABLE

#### TO

ANIMAL FOOD:

#### AND OF THE

End and Design of PROVIDENCE,

IN

# Appointing the FIRST,

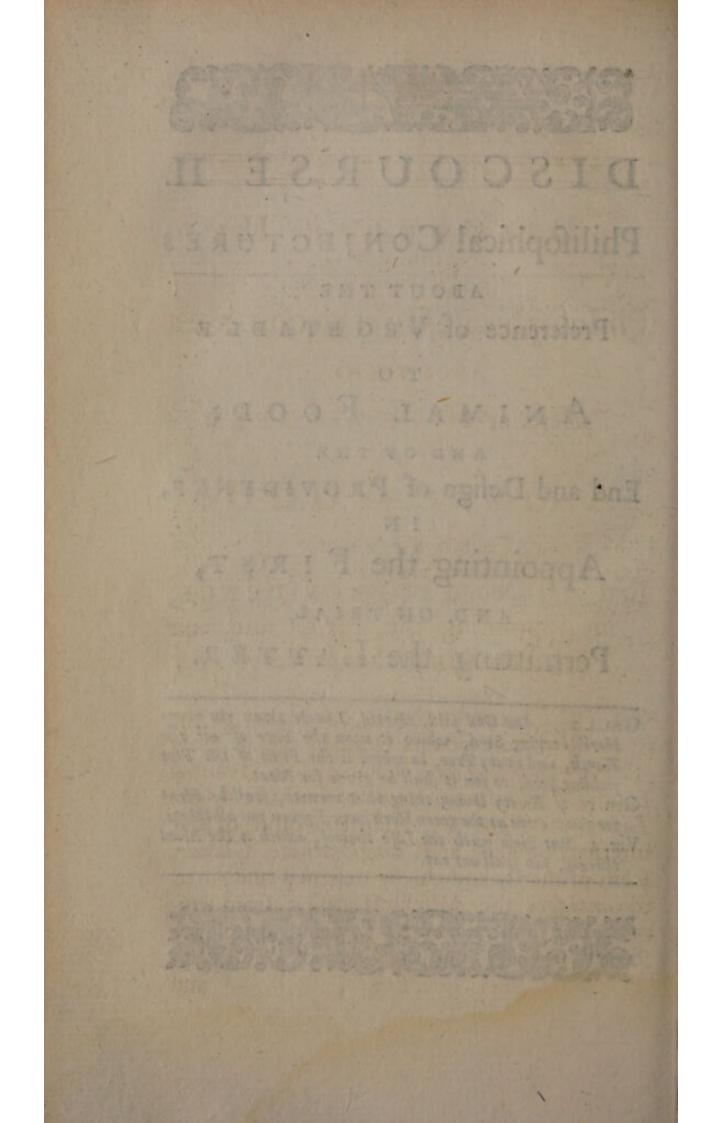
#### AND, ON TRIAL,

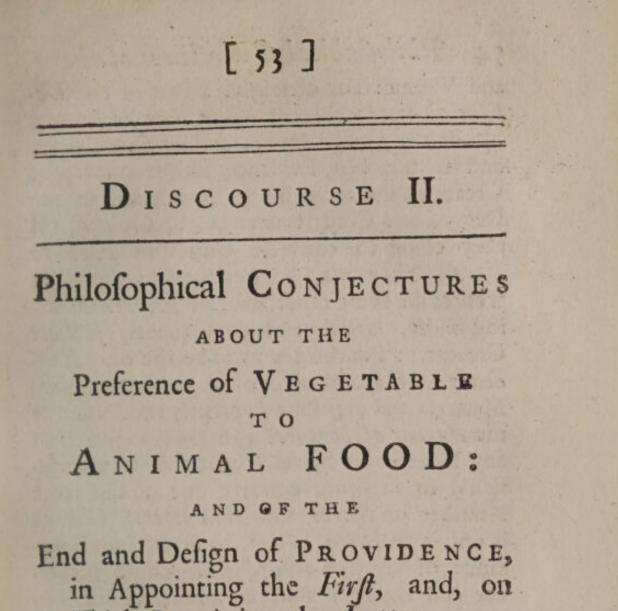
Permitting the LATTER.

Gen. i. 29. And God faid, Behold, I have given you every Herb bearing Seed, which is upon the Face of all the Earth, and every Tree, in which is the Fruit of the Tree yielding Seed, to you it shall be given for Meat.

Gen. ix. 3. Every living thing that moveth, shall be Meat for you; even as the green Herb have I given you all things. Ver. 4. But Flesh with the Life thereof, which is the Blood thereof, you shall not eat.







Trial, Permitting the Latter.

§. I. T is certain that by our Make, by the Frame of our Organs, we are now fitted as for Vegetable, fo for Animal Food. The Form of *fome* of our Teeth, the *Liver*, the *Pancreas*, and many other of our internal Bowels and *conglomerate Glands*, feem primarily and chiefly defigned and fitted to *antidote* the Mifchiefs arifing from *animal Food*, and *fermented Liquors*, at leaft for forme Time, and in the Days of our Youth E 3 and

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and Vigour: For certainly, a Part of the Defigns of any intelligent Agent may be known by Analogy jufly drawn, and by final Caufes, and is the best Evidence finite and lapsed Creatures feem capable of receiving, in the Defigns and Contrivances of the Creator, till they come to converse with him Face to Face. They may be mistaken in them, as well as in every other kind of Evidence, being finite, lapfed, and confequently fallible Creatures : But this feems to be the only Evidence they are capable of at present in such Matters; and may fhew evidently the Defign of the Author of Nature, as a convex Screw of any Number of Spires, fhews, that it was defign'd to fit fome concave one of the fame Number of Spires and Diameter. Chance is only a technical Word, to denote our Ignorance of the true and physical Cause of Order and Defign; and yet admitting the Existence of Chance, that through the whole human Race there should have been, in the infinite Number of their Organs, a perfect Similarity by Chance only, and not Defign, may, by a fair Calculation, be shewn to be as infinite to finite, that is mathematically impoffible. But the Question I design to treat of here, is, Whether Animal or Vegetable Food was, in the original Defign of the Creater, intended for the Food of Animals, and particularly of the buman Race? And I am almost convinced it never

never was intended, but only permitted, as a Curse or Punishment, and a Cure for a Malady, or (as the French term it) a pis-alle, and becaufe infinite Wifdom and Power could make no more of his corrupted rebellious free Creatures in their prefent State; and for this infinitely wife and paternal End, He feems to have permitted it; 1. To let them feel and experience the natural and necessary Effects of their own Lufts and Concupifcence, by painful and cruel Diftempers: Feeling and Experience being the fureft Means by which a finite lapfed Creature can know and learn. 2. To fhorten the Duration of their natural Lives, that Sin, Mifery, and Rebellion, might not increase infinitely. 3. To produce naturally, and in a Manner confiftent with Liberty, and the other natural Powers of the Soul, (which being deriv'd from Him, and being his Miniature Images, He neither could nor would force or deftroy) those Sufferings and Miferies, and Diflike of inordinate Lufts and Enjoyments, that might make them think, ponder, and return to Order, Love of Virtue, and its Source and Original. And, 4. To fink and contract the natural Powers of the Soul, (viz. Living, Understanding, and Will), by means of fuch frail Bodies, into a Level with the decayed and lapsed moral Ones, (viz. Justice, Goodness, and Truth) which by this Rebellion were greatly corrupted and degraded. E 4

## 56 Philosophical Conjectures of the graded. The Reasons that incline me to think in this Manner, are these following:

§. 2. I. WHATEVER be the true, primogenial, and last Principle of Bodies, beyond which it is impossible to analyse or divide them, these are incontestably found in all animal and vegetable Bodies, as has been before observ'd : 1. Sulphur, Oil or material Heat, from whence Spirit and Activity. 2. Salt, or hard angular Particles highly attractive, and dissolvable in Water. 3. Air, or small elastic Particles. 4. Water or Phlegm, from whence alone Fluidity: And, laftly, Earth, the Bafe and Substratum of these others. In the due and proportional Union of these, do the Variety and Difference of animal Substances confift. Now it is past all Doubt in Philosophy, and in philosophical Chemy, that animal Substances of most kinds, possels in a much greater Proportion the two first of these Principles, viz. Salts and Oils, than Vegetables, which partake more of the laft, viz. Air, Water, and Earth. But from many undeniable Experiments, the two first Principles are known to be the most active, energic, and deleterious, and tend more, by their Activity, to the Division, Diffolution and Destruction of the Subject, than those others, when they enter in any great Proportion. 2. The Felly, the Juice or Chyle of animal Substances, is infi-

infinitely more tenacious and glewy \*, and its last Particles more closely united, and feparated with greater Difficulty, than those of vegetable Substances. This is evident from the Experiments made with them in joining of Wood, and is known to all Artificers, and may be made manifest to the Senses in the Difference between the Tenacity of Camp-jelly, or Fift-glew, and that of Pafte made of Flower or Barley; or from the Strength of Ropes or Cords made of Cat-gut or Leather, and those made of Tow or Hemp, of the fame Diameter : And therefore animal Food must much fooner, more frongly, and irremediably make Viscidities in animal Fluids, and more schirroufly obstruct the Capillaries and Glands, than vegetable Substances. 3. But the far more pernicious and destructive Part, is the Salts. and Oil, abounding more in most animal than in vegetable Substances; of which there are fo many and convincing Demonstrations, that none can have any Doubt of it, that has the least Acquaintance with natural Philosophy : For our Blood and Juices being nourifh'd and fupply'd by fuch Substances, as abound most with these active elementary Principles, must neceffarily be flored and faturated with Salts and Sulphurs; and these, being always in a

\* Fint Memoirs of the Academy Royal for 1729 and 1730.

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State of Action, are the true, original, and the most adequate Causes of the most excruciating Diftempers. 4. When to thefe, frong, fermented and spirituous Liquors are added as a Vehicle, or diluting Mixture, and join to the Salts and Sulphurs of animal Substances, not only their inflammable Spirits and tartarous Salts, but their condensing and hardening Quality on the Food in the Stomach, the Digestion is by that means hindered and stopped, and the Food not being fufficiently divided and comminuted, but broken only into grofs Particles, does more quickly and obfinately thicken the Juices, and obstruct the Glands and Capillaries, than vegetable Substances. 5. Animal Juices and Substances, before they were turned into Flefh, muft have been ftrain'd through infinitely fimaller and more numerous Tubes, fuch as the last and extreme Capillaries are (fome of which are not bigger than the fix hundredth part of an Hair); by which Means their Particles must be render'd extremely fmaller and finer, and confequently have a much greater Degree of Attraction, than those of Vegetables, which pass through fewer Strainers, and have no other motive Powers but the Heat of the Sun; whereas those of animal Substances have, besides the Sun, the Force of muscular Digestion, and of the Motion of the Heart ; the Flefh of Animals, I fay, muft, upon this Account, neceffarily confift of fmaller Par-

Particles, and fo be united with a greater Force, and endow'd with a greater Degree of Attraction, and confequently muft, with far greater Difficulty, be digefted and feparated, than vegetable Substances possibly can. And hence it is that carnivorous Animals are much more deleterious Food, being endow'd with much finer and more pungent Salts and Sulphurs, than those Animals that live on Vegetables only, as both the higher Savour and deleterious Effects of the first abundantly shew. From all which it is plain to a Demonstration. that animal Substances must naturally and neceffarily incrassate the Juices, and produce Obstructions in the Glands and Capillaries, and confequently create Pains and Difeafes, much more readily than vegetable Subftances. 6. It is plain by Weight, that the Substance of most animal Food is specifically heavier than that of most Vegetables commonly used for Food, fometimes in the Proportion of three to two. The Fibres and Juices of animal Bodies are not only more compact and closely united, and have fewer Vacuities than those of Vegetables, whereby the digeftive Powers have lefs Difficulty in concocting and grinding equal Quantitics of Vegetable than animal Food; but by the lefs Flavour and Savour of vegetable than animal Food, the Appetite is fooner fatisfied, and is under lefs Temptation to Excels in the first than in the latter; and it 15

is confequently better and fooner digefted, circulated and fecreted, especially by tender and delicate digeftive Powers, and fo cannot fo readily cause Viscidities and Obstructions. Lastly, Infinite Experiment, and the best natural Philosophy, confirm to a Demonstration, that those Substances, which have least of Salt and Sulphur, of Spirit, Oil, and hard pungent Particles, and most of fost Earth, Water and Air, are the fitteft to circulate, and be fecreted through animal Tubes, create leaft Refistance to the motive Powers, tear, rend, and wear out the Tubes themfelves leaft, and form lefs obstinate and powerful Obstructions, in the fmaller Veffels; and confequently, that vegetable Substances, which confist of a less Proportion of Salts and Sulphurs, i.e. of pungent and fiery Particles, and of a greater Proportion of Earth, Water and Air, i.e. of lefs active and cooler Particles, will be lefs ready to create Discases, and shorten Life, than an equal Quantity of animal Substances, which have all these in an inverted Proportion. In a Word, vegetable Substances are more rare, less compact, less coherent, more cafily diffolvable and digestible, turn into a lighter Chyle, have lefs Salt, Oil, and Spirit, and confequently are lefs heating and inflaming, than animal Substances, and fo obstruct and tear animal Tubes lefs.

§. 3. IF

§. 3. IF this Account be just and philosophical, and if it be lawful at all to enquire into final Caufes, (which, if the first Being be rational and intelligent, and acts with Defign, and for fome End, is not only lawful, but laudable, when done with Modefty and Humility) then certainly one Part of his Defign in permitting animal Food, must of Necessity have been to shorten the Duration of human Life, to create, or at least to permit us by it, to multiply and enrage Difeafes, Mifery and Sufferings; fince it is evident to a Demonstration, that it must always produce this Effect, and will always have it preferable to vegetable Food; and whatever is, naturally and neceffarily is, and is permitted by the first Being, we may with the utmost Certainty conclude, was at least one Part of his Defign ; and if Suffering, Pain and Mifery here be neceffary for our Purification and Recovery out of this degenerate State, then very probably that might be his Defign in this Permission. This Phanomenon in Providence, (the Permission and Use of animal Food) and Fast in Revelation, is not accountable any otherwife, than that Pain, Suffering and Difeafes, being a natural and necessary Mean of Expiation and Purification, in the Occonomy of Reftoration, Infinite Wisdom permitted it, tho' unwillingly, as his strange Work, against the Grain, as it were, for that End folely; as a kind Father fuffers

fuffers his unnatural and perverse Son to be carried to Gaol, to fuffer Hunger, Cold, Pain and Confinement there, as the only Mean to make him fober, confiderate, wifer and better. For that animal Food and fermented Liquors will more readily, certainly, and cruelly, create and exafperate Difeafes, Pains, and Sufferings, and sooner cut off Life than vegetable Food will, there can be no more Doubt than in any Proposition of Euclid, if Reason, Philofophy, the Natures of Things, or Experience, have Evidence, or Force in them; and it is very observable, that this Indulgence for animal Food was not granted, till the Ara of Long ævity was expir'd, or at least they took place together; and not till the fpiritual Corruptions of Pride, Tyranny, Malice, Revenge, Murder, and brutal Commerce, fo universally raged, that infinite Wildom, to begin a new World, was forced to deftroy, by a Deluge, the whole Race of Mankind, except a few of the moft innocent and least deprav'd Individuals, fuch as they were, far from perfect, but the leaft bad of the Race : this feems fo, if any Credit be given to the Jewish History of Nature.

§. 4. IT will be no Difficulty to one acquainted with *Revelation*, to find the like Permiffions in the divine *Oeconomy*: Nothing is more plain and demonstrable from *Nature*, and its *eternal Laws*, and from Justice and Equity, than that in the original Intention, one

Preference of Vegetable Food. 63 one Woman was defign'd for one Man, and no more ; for there being no Difference between the Sexes but in their outward Frame, and the Configuration of the Shell or Tabernacle; (their essential Nature and spiritual permanent Form being of the fame Degree, conftant and invariable; different Culture and Form makeing all the real Difference); infinite Wifdom might then, with the fame Wifdom and Propriety, have given the Male, more Eyes, Stomachs or Heads, as more Wives; and yet, for the Hardness of their Hearts, God permitted Plurality of Women to the Fews. This fame People, tho' they had not only God's general and imperceptible Providence, as we now have, for their Government and Direction, but his miraculous, fenfible and visible Prefence, to inftruct and guide them, yet they wanted a King, as the other Nations had, and he gave them one in his Wrath. Infinite Goodnefs, intending always, by the whole Power of his Omnipotence and Omniscience, to reftore his lapfed and rebellious Creatures, confistent with their Liberty, and the natural Powers he had given them, and the Harmony of his own Attributes, descends below his first Intention, and drops the primary and original Perfection of his Commands to them, for a Time, to condescend to their Weakness and Infirmity, in order afterwards to bring them up to it again. As a kind Father, who to wean his rafh and giddy Child from the Fire.

Fire, holds his Finger near a Candle, till he begets a fenfible Fear and Dread in him of being too familiar with that dangerous *Element*.

§. 5. UPON the Foot of natural Religion only, and from the strict Rules of natural Justice and Equity, how any one can justify the taking away the Life of a Fellow-Creature, out of Wantonness, Luxury and Riot, and not from Neceffity and Self-defence, fo long as there may be found fufficient Store of vegetable Food to carry on the Expences of Living, and the more agreeable Performance of the animal Functions; to give a living Creature the greatest Pain it can poslibly receive, and take from it the only Happiness it is capable of, viz. its Life, (which none can restore or recompense) merely to scratch callous Organs more fenfibly; how, I fay, to account for this barbarous and favage Wantonnels on the foot of mere natural Religion and natural Equity only, without Revelation, I can by no means conceive. That the infinitely wife Author and Lawgiver of Nature, who fees through the whole System of Intelligences at once, and perfectly knows for what Ends and Purposes he has made them, and fent them here, and is the fole Proprietor of Life and Happiness, may dispose of them how he pleafes, knows when they have finish'd their probatory and expiatory Courfe, and is able

able to recompense the Loss of a lower Life, by the Gift of a higher; for it is not imposlible, the Animals may have been a lower Order of rational Intelligences, who, lapsing lefs, are fooner, and with lefs Suffering, recover'd; and fince they fuffer with us, they may be reftor'd with us; the Apostle fays, the whole Creation travelleth together; that is, probably, the whole System of Saturn, the Goal of God's Creation: For Him, I fay, to give up the Lives of a lower Rank of Beings, for the Expiation, Instruction, or Admonition, or other Benefit of a higher, may be an Act of great Justice, Wisdom and Goodness. And, if it might be allow'd us to conjecture, one wife End and Purpose in this Permillion of animal Food, might be to punish, admonish and correct us, by bodily Diftempers, fo as to bring us to reflect, repent and amend; or even, to fhorten the Time of our Sufferings here, and by the Violence of our Discases, and a nearer Prospect of Death, and a future Reckoning, to reclaim us fooner and more effectually; and at the fame Time to advance these Victims to a higher State of Being and Happiness. Probably for these mention'd (but to be fure for wife and good) Ends and Purposes, has God by Revelation given us a Permission, or Patent, for the Use of animal Food : But for fermented Liquors, He has given us none, that I know of; neither are they natural, or proper; nor were they ever approv'd

or recommended for common Ufe, or as proper and ordinary Drink; but only as Phylick, or a Cordial, on Festivals, or at Sacrifices, on Sickness, or in Extremities. In the early and innocent Ages of golden Simplicity, no Hint supposes them commonly known or tried. And if fermented and spirituous Liquors were used only as bitter Draughts, Cordials and chalybeat Medicines, to brace and wind up the Stomach, and alimentary Tubes and Solids transiently, for a short Time; on Sickness, Lownefs, Fainting, Fatigue, and inclement Seafons, as they feem to be intended by the Author of Nature; they might be Bleffings, and great temporary and transient Reliefs; but as they are now used constantly at Meals, as common Beverage to dilute folid Food, and to make Perfons eafy under a Load of high rich animal Food, they become the efficient Caufes of most Diseases; and upon the most serious Enquiry, I could never find an adequate natural Caufe, for the Frequency of nervous and atrocious chronical Diftempers now, from what they were formerly, nor of the Stuntedne/s, Punyness and Feebleness, so confpicuous among the better Sort, from what they were before the Conquest, and in our Gallic Wars; but the free and frequent Ufe of ftrong and Spirituous Liquors, and rich and high Foods, with foreign Cookery, at that Time introduced first; and living in great Towns, and using only Coaches and Chairs, and **Preference of Vegetable Food.** 67 and fedentary Employments and Diversions, And drinking Water only, and living low, is the only adequate Antidote and Remedy for these Distempers thus produced; for no Axiom is so certain in Physick, as that Diseases must be cured by their Contraries.

§. 6. THE Hurt and Damage all fermented Liquors do an animal Body, is evident from many Confiderations; as, I. That it hardens, conftricts and binds up the Fibres, and ftrongly unites the Particles of animal Substances, fo that they are with much greater Difficulty separated and divided, i.e. digefted. A Piece of Meat will continue fweet and found, for many Years in Wine or ftrong Beer, or in any ftrong fermented Liquor; the Liquor cementing and pinning together the Parts of the Meat; and the fame happens when they are mixed in the Stomach; by which the Digestibility and easy Diffolution of it, is obstructed; fo that in fuch a Mixture Mutton is turned into Beef, and Beef into Shoe-Leather. 2. There is in ftrong Liquors a crifping, corrugating, or cauftic Quality workt on the Fibres, which burns and drics them up, and deftroys their elastic and ductile Virtue, and confequently renders them unfit to be broken and divided in the Stomach. This is evident from the Use commonly made of strong Beer, as the best Plaister for Sprains, Relaxations and Strains; and that Brandy will really ftop Hamorrhages and Ruptures in the Blood-Veffels,

by

by burning and wrinkling the tender Fibres and Capillaries, and fo by this crifping Quality must keep Food from being readily and perfectly digefted. 3. The Fire and Heat in ftrong Liquors, by ftimulating and twitching the Fibres and Coats of the Blood-Veffels and Nerves, and confequently bringing them into quick and frequent Vibrations, and elastic Efforts, will break and tear the Fibres of the alimentary Tubes, and feparate their Union and Continuity, fo as at last to wear out these Organs, at least, much fooner, and with greater Pain and Suffering, than Water or aqueous Liquors possibly can. Lastly, It is a common and well-known Experiment, that to stunt the Growth of young Animals, as Dogs and Cats, they need only be frequently rubbed over with Brandy, Rum, or any Spirit. This ftops the Ductility and Extension of the young animal Fibres, that they cannot be dilated and develop'd by the Force of the Circulation, and fo stunts their Growth. From all which it is plain, that ftrong, but efpecially fpirituous Liquors, are really Poison to an animal Constitution; and their ill Effects, not only in fhortening the Lives, but in stunting the Growth and Stature of the lower Rank of People, from the late frequent Use of Gin, Punch, and other fpirituous Liquors, have become fo flagrant, as to call aloud for the just Indignation of the Legislature; and it is to be wished, that an effectual Remedy may be found out for fo de-

deftructive an Evil. And I am fully convinced, that the primary and original Defign of the Author of Nature for the folid Food of Animals, was nothing but earthy Particles mixed with Water and Air, finely divided and cemented only, with the leaft Oil and Salt poffible, as they are found in Seeds, Fruits, young Vegetables, and farinaceous or pulpous Roots, with Water only for Drink; which alone would make the Animal laft the longeft, and with the feweft Pains and Difeafes. But this Diet muft be only tried and begun with the Toung, while their Fibres are tender and fweet.

§. 7. THAT all fenfitive, as well as intelligent Creatures, are in an expiatory, purifying and progreffive State here, and going on to a greater Degree of Perfection, and a nobler State of Being in their feveral Orders, is demonstrable from the utter Contradiction and Impoffibility there must be, that an infinitely wife and good Being could create fentient and intelligent Beings to fuffer, for no other Reason but for the fake of Suffering; or that he should make Creatures to *Juffer* for any other End or Purpose, but for Expiation, Purification and progressive Perfection of Being, and to eftablish and confirm them in their acquired State of Perfection: Neque enim, sub justo Deo, miser esse quisquam, nist mereatur, possit, fays St. Augustin most divincly. Most of the F

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#### 70 Philosophical Conjectures of the the Animals are Martyrs for the human Species in Food or Sacrifice: Some of them are Food for one another; all of them are fubject to epidemical Difeates and cafual Misfortunes; a few of them pass their Time much more comfortably than others; all of them but unhappily at best, and go through Death at last. All this must be for some wife Purpose, and none can be nobler, than that of Expiation, Purification and progressive Perfection of Being, and filent Admonition, and teaching us,

ing; and filent Admonition, and teaching us, their superior Order of Beings. Consciousness of this End, either to them or us, might retard this Effect. Childhood, Idiotifm, and many cephalic and nervous Diftempers, can bring no Consciousness of the divine End and Defign of this Oeconomy along with them, even to intelligent Beings; it is fufficient, that Consciousness come when the End is accomplished, or the designed Perfection attained. At what Time animal Food came first in Use, is not certainly known. He was a bold Man who made the first Experiment; Illi robur et æs triplex circa pectus erat. To see the Convulsions, Agonics and Tortures of a poor Fellow-Creature, whom they cannot restore nor recompense, dying to gratify Luxury, and fcratch callous and rank Organs, must require a rocky Heart, and a great Degree of Cruelty and Ferocity. I cannot find any great Difference on the Foot of natural Reason and Equity only, between feeding on have a sta all buman

human Flesh, and feeding on brute animal Flesh, except Custom and Example. I believe fome rational Creatures would fuffer lefs in being fairly butcher'd, than a ftrong Ox, or red Deers; and in natural Morality and Juffice, the Degrees of Pain here, make the effential Difference; for as to other Differences, they are relative only, and can be of no Weight with an infinitely perfect Being. Did not Use and Example weaken this Terror, and make the Difference, Reafon alone could never do it. Perhaps it may be conjectur'd, that fince Sacrifices were certainly an original, reveal'd or traditional Institution, and that no Nation under the Sun, hitherto known, was without them, they being, it would feem, a chief Part in the grand Oeconomy of the Re-Storation; Sacrifice, I fay, might have been originally inftituted, 1. To admonish and inform the Sinner filently, and without committing Violence on his Liberty, what he deferves; and implicitly to tell him, that he deferves the fame Death he makes the poor Brute undergo. For the Liberty of Mankind feems fo precious, being the Root of Intelligence, that it is wonderful in how many Shapes infinite Wisdom and Goodness, has put Himself, in the Conduct of Providence and Nature, to preferve it inviolate; and at the fame time to instruct and admonish his free lapsed Intelligences. I believe a good natural Philosopher might shew with great Reafon F 4

Reafon and Probability, that there is fcarce Beast, Bird, Reptile nor Insect, that does not, in each particular Climat, instruct, and admonish Mankind of some necessary Truth, for their Happiness either in Body or Mind. And, 2. To continue the Expectation of all Ages, of fome more noble and meritorious Sacrifice, some time or other to be celebrated. And it is not impossible, that the rude and untaught Mob, who were employed in the lower and fervile Offices about Sacrifices, might have been the first who ventured on animal Food, (if it was not inftituted afore as a Sacrament with the fame Intention as the Eucharift was afterwards) their Station habituating them to bear with lefs Pain, the Sufferings of their Fellow-Creatures while facrificed; and they finding it palatable and lasfcious, might recommend the Use of it to Others. Perhaps, I fay, this might have been the Original Inflitution of animal Food among all Nations. However, as this is only a remote Conjecture to account for the early Commencement of animal Food, fo contrary to the original Nature of Man, and the Defign of the Creator, and has no Regard to those. concern'd in our unbloody Sacrifice; I proceed now to obferve how cautioufly, and with what an evident Forbid, the Jewish Law directs this Permit of animal Food, viz. abfolutely and politively not to eat the Blood of the Animal (in which not only its Life, but its moft

most delicious Savour and most deleterious Qualities chiefly confift, and becaufe Blood Globules, by their Rotundity, Volubility, and Elafficity, refift Trituration, that is, Digeftion). Now this in Reality, and by Infinuation and Moral, is to fay, That fince for the Hardness of your Hearts, and your prefent unconquerable Luftings, you cannot be brought to abstain altogether from animal Food; yet becaufe in the Blood is the Life thereof, and all its deleterious, morbific and noxious Qualities, you are to drain it as much as possible of all its Moisture and Juice, (for the Serum as well as the Grume, mostly confists of globular Particles), and cat it plain, roafted or boiled, to drain it still more: By this Method, animal Food will be much lefs pernicious, and will approach very near to Vegetables. There is no understanding this Permission any other Way, nor is it otherwife to be reconciled to common Senfe, or rational Conception, however both Jews and Christians have at prefent dwindled and diluted its true Import, out of Luxury.

§. 8. THIS Doctrine is further confirm'd by this furprifing Circumftance in the Permiffion, that there is a very particular and otherwife unintelligible Diffinction made between *clean* and *unclean* Beafts, either to be facrificed, or eaten for Food; and a diffinguifhing *Mark* aflign'd how to know the laft. And fince

fince it comes from the fame Source with the Permission of animal Food, these two must have fome material Difference in the Nature of Things; and that can be none other but that the Flesh of these last cannot be so readily digested and squeezed from their Blood, but that it will have fufficient remaining, of a more deleterious Nature, to inflame and mortify the Tuices of those who use it freely, and to enrage and madden their Passions; and he who is deeply acquainted with natural Philosophy, and the History of the unclean Animals, will be sensible of the Justness of this Prohibition and Observation. From whence it is natural to conclude, that tho' for the Hardness and Perverseness of Mens Hearts, animal Food was permitted and indulged, yet it was with fuch various Clogs and Exceptions, as might make it as little pernicious as possible. For the fame Reafon likewife was the Fat of the Sacrifice forbid to be eaten : And all this to fhew that it was with great Reluctancy, and in mere Condescension, and contrary to the original Intention, it was thus permitted. And tho' under the new Dispensation, St. Peter was informed by a miraculous Vision, that nothing was now common or unclean, yet it was not till Selfdenial, Poverty of Spirit and Mortification, or abstaining from the Lusts of the Flesh, were established as the fundamental Doctrines of this new System; which when fincerely believed and strictly followed, would leave no. room

**Preference of Vegetable Food.** 75 room for Difference of Food, or ceremonial Diffinctions, which ferved only as a Schoolmaster, to bring them to these purer and more universal Doctrines of Christ. It is certain, at the Creation there could be no such Thing as an Indulgence for animal Food, if only Pairs of each Animal were created at first.

§. 9. I MUST however own, that I think fome vegetable Food, of much Salt, Oil, or luscious Juice and Poignancy, as much or more deleterious, inflaming, and incraffating, than fome mild animal Substances : For Example, Onions, Shallot, Mustard, Horse-radis, all the Nut-kinds, Eastern Gums, Balsams, Raifins, Pickles, Spices, Aromatics, ftrong fermented Sours, rich and fat late Fruits, as dry yet plump Grapes, much Sugar, and the like; these are in some delicate Constitutions more poifonous and hurtful to an human Body, than a Bit of the muscular and lean Flesh of Chicken, Veal, Lamb, Rabbit, Partridge, Turkey, and the like white and young animal Foods; whole Whitenefs and Tendernefs fhews there is little or no red Blood Globules in them, and are confequently more eafily digeftible, and lefs deleterious. These Vegetables may be allowed in small Quantitics, as a Sauce or Relift to otherwife infipid and unpalatable vegetable Food, to fickly Appetites; but in great Quantities, and without Caution, they will hurt, heat and thicken the Blood and Juices of tender Conftitutions :

flitutions; which is the fole Caufe of the acute Distempers of all the Eastern and Southern Nations, who do not deal, or but very fparingly, in strong fermented Liquors. Without doubt, plain Milk (the genuine Soup prepar'd by the Author of Nature, and of a middle Nature between animal and vegetable Substances) boiled or raw, or prepared with Seeds, as Rice, Sago, Barley, Wheat, Millet, and the like, is the best and fafest of all Foods for fuch tender Conftitutions, as being in itfelf Blood, that has not as yet often paffed through the Lungs, to give it its fcarlet Colour, and deleterious Qualities, but is drawn almost directly from the Stomach and Lacteals, from an Emulfion made there, and Cookery of Nature, of Grafs and Vegetables with pure Water, and defigned by the Author of Nature, for the Cure and Nourishment of the Young, Tender and Delicate : And I can fee no Difference between a young or tender and delicate Animal by Nature, and one made fo by a Difeafe; but that fuch a Diet is still more necessary for the last than for the first. The mealy Roots and carly Fruits are next to thefe ; fuch as Potatoes, Turnips, Carrots, Skirrets, and the like, Strawberries, Cherries, Currants, &c. and only in the last Place and Degree is the Saladin, Colworts, and latter and richer Fruitkinds, and Winter Vegetables, as containing too much Air or Wind. And the Author of Nature has with such a Profusion of Kindncís

# Preference of Vegetable Food. 77

nefs fecured againft Want or Famine, that in inclement Seafons, and bad Years, if the Earth cannot produce Plenty *above* Ground, it fecures it *under* Ground in bulbous, knotted, or mealy Roots, even in Snow or Frost.

§. 10. AGAINST this Doctrine, that animal Food was permitted for a Punishment, and that fermented Liquors are not an Inflitution of Nature and its Author; those who have Regard for Revelation, whence the Patent for animal Food is drawn, may object, that our bleffed Saviour, who was without Sin, cat and drank of what was fet before him; that his first Miracle was supernaturally producing Wine, to celebrate the Marriage of Cana in Galilee; that he was accounted a Wine-biber; that he eat and drank with Publicans and Sinners; that he wrought other Miracles to produce animal Food to a Multitude; that St. Peter had a miraculous Vision to instruct him, that no fort of Food was unclean; that the Eucharist is celebrated in Wine; and that St. Paul advises Timothy to drink Wine for his Infirmities. To all which I anfwer, I. That the Queftion is not what is, now, beft and fitteft in the present Ends of Providence, in order to reftore and recover Man from his lapfed and fallen State; but what was probably the first Defign of our Creator, in our primitive unlapfed State, before we and our Habitation (the Earth with its Atmosphere and Appendages)

dages) were thus spoilt and difordered. 2. One fort of Repair, Props, or Support, may be proper or neceffary for a Habitation in one Degree of Ruin and Decay, that would by no Means be neceffary or proper in another or lower Degree. 3. There is neither Virtue nor Vice in abstaining from one fort of Food more than another, but as it is commanded by lawful Superiors; all that is here confidered, is, which of the two, vegetable or animal Food, in the Nature of Things, by the animal Oeconomy, and as human Creatures and their Food are now conftituted, is physically and experimentally fitteft to carry on and prolong Life, with the least Pain, fewest Diseases, and for the longest Time. Virtue and Vice are of quite another Confideration, and depend on the internal Principle and Disposition; the Quantity, Manner and Order in which thefe neceffary Supports are taken, not on the Things themselves. But if it be asked, Which of the two Diets is most conducive to Virtue or Vice? Which of the two is most likely to facilitate the Acquisition of Virtue? What is abovefaid, plainly determines it in Favour of a low Diet; for by it the bodily Paffions being made cooler and weaker, the Blood and Juices being fweetened, the intellectual Organs thereby render'd cleaner, more agile and penetrating, Reason and the spiritual Nature of Man has more Liberty to act, and meets with lefs Difficulty and Refiftance in its Operations. 4. As

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As to our bleffed Saviour, he having come to feek and to fave what was loft, was obliged to take the World as he found it, in order to raife it from that Degree of Perdition in which it was then plunged. He took upon him the Form of a Servant; he took not the Nature of Angels, but the Nature of the Seed of Abraham; he was in all things like unto us, Sin only excepted. Those to whom he came, and among whom he dwelt and convers'd, could at first neither receive nor understand his fublime Doctrines; he had many Things to fay even to his Disciples, which they could not then bear; and yet this Doctrine of the Preference and greater Advantages of vegetable than of animal Food, is virtually and implicitly contain'd in the general Doctrine of Self-denial and Poverty of Spirit, (in the Senie of the Evangelic Counfels, that carry quickeft into Perfection, where Celibacy is preferr'd to Marriage; for in the Kingdom of Glory, they are neither married nor given in Marriage, but are as the Angels of God) fo ftrongly and pre-eminently inculcated in the Gospel, as any who reads and confiders it, must plainly fee. 5. I readily grant, and have given the Reafons and Philosophy of these Things, that in our present lapsed State, in the prefent Infertility, and infufficiently nutritive Qualities of the Vegetables, in the prefent Curfe on the Earth, and the Neceflity of Labour, Handicrafts, mechanical Force, and martial Prowefs, while Wickednefs is fo powerful,

ful, and the Wicked fo numerous, there is a Neceffity for high animal Food, and fermented Liquors, in fome Cafes, and to fome Perfons, to fecure against and remedy these Evils. But the fole Question here is, Whether this Diet will prevent Difeafes, or lengthen Life fo effectually as the other? Or whether Providence has not defigned and appointed vegetable Food for the Cure and Antidote of the Pains and Difeafes naturally and neceffarily arifing from animal Food, and fermented Liquors? Perhaps God, in his moral Government of the World, has defign'd animal Food, more readily to punish those who will not be drawn by Love and Beauty; i.e. to purify fome forts of Men by Pains and Sufferings. 6. I willingly allow, that fermented and fometimes spirituous Liquors, are excellent Remedies, temporary Filips, Whips or Spurs, in Faintnefs, Sicknefs, Labour, or feftival Occasions for 70%, and promoting of Friendship, and on Necessities and in Extremities : But I contend, then, and then only, they ought to be used; and that there is neither Precept, Example, nor Encouragement from Reason, Experience, or Revelation, to use them otherwise, or as they are now used for common Food, and daily Beverage; whence they become one Caufe of all the great Difeases of the present Age. From these general Confiderations, all the mention'd Difficulties have an eafy Solution to the Candid and Ingenuous: I am not fighting

Preference of Vegetable Food. 81 ing Prizes, nor making Articles of a Creed. That infinite Wifdom forefaw, and laid in Provision and the necessary Precaution and Antidote, for the most deleterious Effects of animal Food and fermented Liquors, for a fhort time, feems to me evident for these Reasons, I. In that He provided the Liver, (the Pancreas, and, other internal Glands) in Animals, these vaftly strong, complicated and elabour'd Organs, to draw out the most poisonous Parts of strong Meats and Drinks: the ftronger the Liver, and the larger that Organ grows, the more Bile it throws out on the Common-shoar, the Intestines, to deprive the Chyle of its churlish Salts, and acrid Sulphurs, and thus makes the Liver an useful Medicine to promote the animal Functions, Digestion, Chylification, and the peristaltic Motion, and then throw its useless Parts out of the Habit. 2. By the createing mineral and ponderous Medicines, (Mercury chiefly) to open Obstructions, break faline Concretions, and diffolve the Tenacity of the Globules and Serum. And, 2. In providing mineral Waters of fo various and complicated Natures, for the fame Ends and Purpofes, which they will, well-chosen, effect at last, as certainly as those formerly mentioned. Now it is plain to a Demonstration, that under a vegetable Diet, all those have little or no Use in Medicine; nay, any one who is acquainted with the Delicacy, Tenderness and Sensibility of the internal and infinitely minute Parts of

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an animal Machine, must know that they are not only in a great Degree uscless, but hurtful, and tend to tear, diffolve and deftroy the infinitely minute Fibrils, of which the Solids of an animal Machin are formed : So that their final End and Defign in Providence must have been to antidote the ill Effects of animal Food and strong fermented Liquors, to a certain Degree, and for a certain Time, probably till fome time after the Meridian of Life, while the Organs had attained their utmost Extension and Firmness; for it is not improbable, that none of the Mineral Waters existed under the Form and in the Manner they now appear, till after the Deluge, the Ara of animal Food, fermented Liquors, and the shortness of Life.

§. 11. To the Appearance of the prefent State of Nature, that feems to clafh with this Doctrine, viz. the vaft, nay infinite Mafs of Life, or living Creatures, generated by Heat and Moifture, the many Millions of organiz'd Seeds of Plants and Animals deftroyed every Seafon, the Impoflibility of having any Sort of Food, or even pure Water, without deftroying and devouring Millions of Animaculs; that here almost each Animal devours and lives upon another; and that both in the fentient and intelligent Creation, there feems to be a natural and unconquerable Appetite and craveing Defire of animal Food, and an infatiable Thirft Preference of Vegetable Food. 83

Thirft of Blood : To thefe and fuch-like Prejudices, (I cannot call them Objections) it may be answer'd, I. First, That these Facts are not denied, but are of no Weight against the Propositions here chiefly afferted, viz. 1. That it is Philosophically certain, that animal Food is in its own Nature more ready to produce Diftempers than vegetable Food. 2. That it is therefore highly probable, that an infinitely good and wife Being would not appoint in his first Intention, animal but vegetable Food, at least to his intelligent and rational Creation, and which accordingly is confirm'd from Revelation : And, 3. The chief Affertion here made, is, That in Confequence of these two Propositions it follows, that vegetable Food, Seeds cipecially, must be the proper Antidote, and Cure of the Difeases brought on by animal Food. But, II. It may be confider'd, as St. Paul afferts, that this whole Creation, the whole System, but chiefly this our Globe, with all its Inhabitants, labours, and is under a mortal Diftemper, and in Travail, like a parturient Woman, to throw off this prefent Load of Corruption, Deteriority, Lapse, that it may regain its oriand ginal Spirituality, Purity, and Liberty; it is at present in a State of Expiation, Purification, and progressive Perfection; every Thing is out of its natural Order, the System is, as it were, in a Fever, and every Part and Particle is in Action, (like the Body of a Man in a febrile Fermentation), to throw off its peccant Hu-G 2 mours,

mours, and to bring the whole Compound into Order, Regularity, and perfect Health. But, III. Thefe very Appearances on which the Objection is founded, confirm to a Demonstration, what I affert, viz. That all animal Life here is in an expiatory, purifying, and progressive State, towards its original Perfection; for it would be the groffest Contradiction, to fuppose that an infinitely good and wise Being, fhould give Pain to any of his Creatures, for any other End, but to reclaim and perfect them; that He alone knows when his Justice, Purity, and the Amende Honorable, and the Infection of Impurity, are perfectly answer'd and cancelled, in their prefent State of Melioration, and fo knows when and how it is fitteft to put an End to it by Death, that is, by the Rupture and Diffolution of their großs and carthy Prison, form'd out of this our ruinous planetary System, now spoil'd and defac'd; to fet the indwelling spiritual Inhabitant free into fome more pure and refin'd System; and that animal Life of all Kinds and Degrees, does and must necessarily suffer here, by bodily Wants and Infirmities, by the Injuries and Inclemencies of Seasons, by the Rapacity and Ferocity of their Fellow-Creatures, besides a thousand other Accidents, and at last most intenfely by their Death, and the Rupture of their outward Shell or Tabernacle; From all this is a plain Demonstration, that they are in a State of Suffering, Expiation, and progreflive Purification, and that

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that at last they will all be fet at Liberty, and become the Sons and Children of God in fome Degree or Order or other, according to his original Intention, and the Plan of this his univerfal Monarchy and Kingdom, laid before the Foundation of the World; and all this Darknefs, Sufferings, and unintelligible Play, is only to fave human Liberty, and produce at last pure Love and naked Faith. IV. Nobody ever denied, that Animals of all Kinds might be destroyed, even intelligent as well as fentient, when it is done for fome wife or ufeful Purpose, as in Self-defence, or even for moral Purpofes, implicitly to admonifh and teach others their Duty, what they deferve, or what they are to believe and hope ; these Purposes, with all their particular Circumstances, are under the moral Government of an infinitely wife Being. The only Question here is, Whether they may reafonably and juftly be put to Pain unnecessarily and wantonly, or for no wife End or Purpofe, but only to fcratch callous Pallates, when other Means of Health may be had more effectual, and no lefs pleafant. V. It is not altogether Fact, that Animals devour one another from any other Reafon, but for Want of sufficient Plenty of proper vegetable Food, as Seeds, tender Plants, mealy Roots, and the like, which even the most carnivorous Animals will brouze on, when they can meet with it in Plenty, as is well known in natural History ; and even the Fifb. G 3

Fifh, which of all Animals are the most voracious, will readily feed on Balls of Meal and Milk, without offering to devour one another; as the ingenious Mr. Andrews of Norfolk has found by Experiment; for having put feveral Sorts of fmall and great Fifhes together into a large whiten'd Pond of clear Water, where they might all be eafily feen and number'd, and feeding them with Balls made of Milk and Flower, (which were put into pervious Troughs) he found, at least thought, that they did not offer the least Violence to one another. VI. Allowing Animals to be actuated by a spiritual or immaterial Principle, of the fame Nature with intelligent Creatures, yet they are not of the fame Degree and Order with them ; they may be intelligent Creatures of an inferior Order, beginning lower, and verging more flowly towards their intended Perfection ; they may be under different Conditions of Purification, and may pass the whole of their Duration here, in the State of Infants, who dye before they are born, or before they arrive at the Use of Reafon, and yet in other States of Being may grow and advance to a much higher Perfection of Senfation and Intelligence than we can readily imagine. For to me it feems utterly incredible, that any Creature, whether fen-tient or intelligent, should come into this State of Being and Suffering, for no other Purpofe than we fee them attain here; and it is equally incredible, that any Creature should fpon-

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fpontaneoufly exert animal and mufcular Function, i.e. fhould live and feel, without fome Degree of an immaterial, immortal, and felfactive Spirit. Matter and its Laws, can never account for fuch Appearances. There must be fome infinitely beautiful, wife and good Scene. remaining for all sentient and intelligent Beings, the Difcovery of which will ravith and aftonish us one Day. Moderately wife Ends, Purposes, and Means, are unworthy of infinite Perfection; whatever God does must be every way worthy of Himfelf: His Working may ferve many wife and good Ends and Purpofes here, but the last and great End of all must be of Dignity and Majesty worthy of Him, tho' we cannot yet a great while comprehend it.

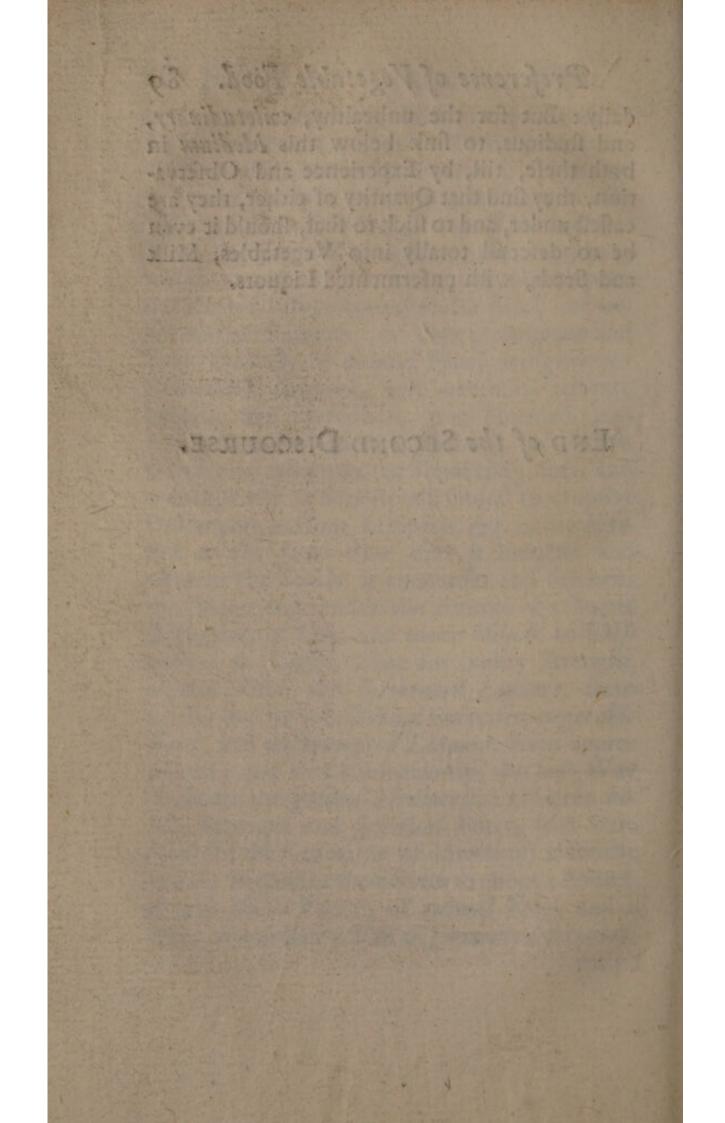
§. 12. To conclude : 1. It is plain from Revelation, that animal Food was permitted, and fermented Liquors not forbidden; and confequently, that there is neither Virtue nor Vice in the Ufe of them abfolutely, but in the Order, Time, Quantity, and other Circumftances of their Usage. 2. That in our present Situation, and under our present Circumstances, for some Persons, and in Order for some Purpofes, a reasonable Quantity of animal Food, and fermented Liquors, may be abfolutely neceffary. 3. It is plain from Reason, Philo-Sophy, and Experience, that Excesses in high animal Food, and strong fermented Liquors, arg G 4

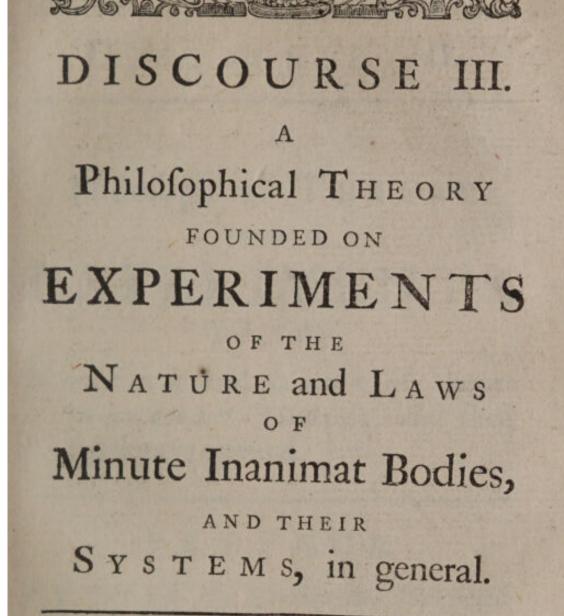
are the true efficient and most general Caufe of most atrocious and dangerous Distempers; and confequently, that vegetable Food, and unfermented Liquors, are the true and natural Antidote of fuch Diftempers. 4. That animal Food, and fermented Liquors, will more probably, and more naturally caufe Diftempers, and shorten Life, than vegetable Food, and unfermented Liquors. 5. That a moderate and fmall Quantity of animal Food, and generous fermented Liquors, will naturally tighten, harden, and strengthen, give Firmness and Force to animal Solids and Fibres, and enrich, warm, and invigorate the Blood and Juices; and confequently, is fafeft to all fubject to eruptive Distempers, as Gout, Erisipelas, &c. in the Fits. But at the fame time that it hardens and tightens the Solids, it condenfes and thickens the Juices, and renders the Animal of a fhorter Duration of Life, and more subject to Difeafes. 6. Lastly, That for bodily Strength, animal Food, and fermented Liquors, seem. fittest; but for intellectual Exercises, vegetable Food, and unfermented Liquors, feem appropriated; and that confequently, the beft Way to fecure the golden Mediocrity, between bodily Strength and spiritual Force, (the State fittest for the Generality of Mankind) is for the healthy to confine themfelves to about a Pound, at least half a Pound, of animal Food, and a Pint, at least half a Pint of fermented Liquors, An 12 124 daily :

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daily: But for the unhealthy, valetudinary, and fludious, to fink below this Medium in both thefe, till, by Experience and Obfervation, they find that Quantity of either, they are eafieft under, and to flick to that, fhould it even be to defeend totally into Vegetables, Milk and Seeds, with unfermented Liquors.

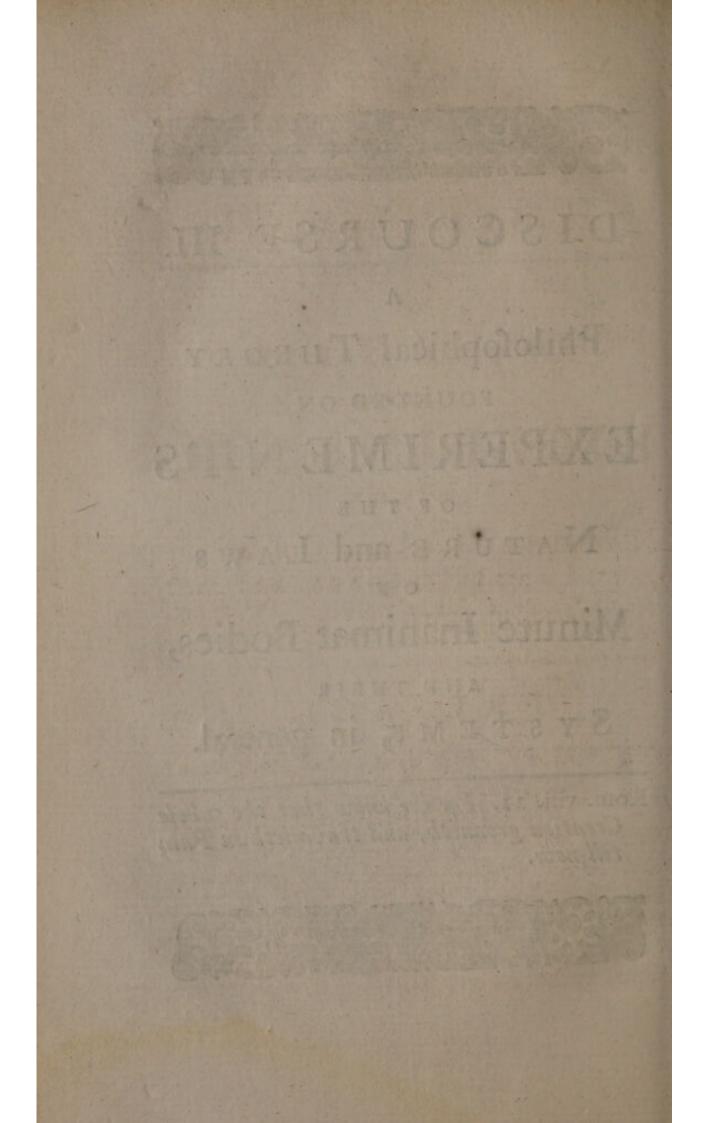
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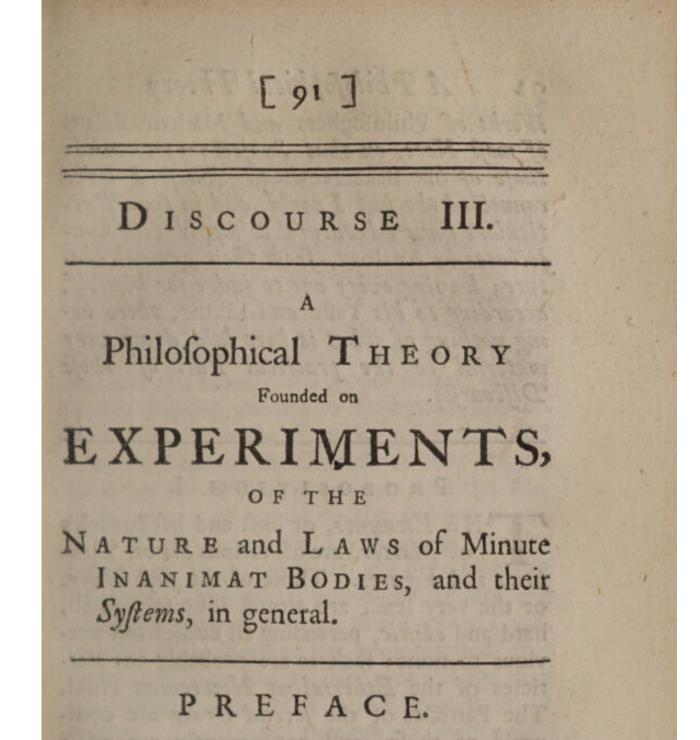




Rom. viii. 22. For we know that the whole Creation groaneth, and travaileth in Pain till now.







HAT the Curious and Philosophical Reader (who possibly may be entertain'd with fuch Speculations) may have in one general View, what has been or will be incidentally hinted in my preceding and fucceeding Works, concerning the Nature of Minute Bodies, their Systems and Laws, I have collected into a few Propositions, what I have found scatter'd in the Works

Works of Philosophers and Mathematicians of most Note, on that Subject; particularly those of Sir Isac Newton. These I have connected the best I could, and in some Particulars have adventur'd to supply with Conjectures by Analogy, from their general Nature; leaving every one to judge for himself, according to his Taste and Liking, there being nothing of what is here laid down very material to the practical Part of these Discourses.

### PROPOSITION I.

HE Elements, or least and last Particles of Matter, are of various Sizes, Denfities and Figures. Those of the first Order, or the very leaft, are almost infinitely finall, hard and elastic, pervading all Bodies but pervious to none; fuch as are probably the Particles of the Etherial or Newtonian Fluid. The Particles of the second Order are compos'd of these, and consequently are of a greater Size, but less dense and elastic, being pervious to the Particles of the first Order, and themselves pervading all others: Of this kind are probably the Particles of Light. The Particles of the third and last Order, are compos'd of those of the second Order, bearing fuch Proportion to them in Size, Density and Elasticity,

founded on Experiments. 93 Elasticity, as they do to those of the first Order.

#### SCHOLIUM.

IT is beyond all Doubt, that the Quantity of folid Matter in this material System is very finall, in respect of the interspers'd Vacuities. It is demonstrably certain, that a folid Cube or Sphere of a Mile or Furlong, or even a Yard in Diameter, being divided sufficiently small, and its Parts ranged in a proper Order, would furnish Solidity enough to answer all Appearances. Suppose the Particles all Cubes, and to be fo united by the Contact of their Angles as to make cubical Interffices, then the Vacuity would be equal to the Solidity; and fince Matter is divisible in infinitum, this Vacuity may be encreas'd to any Proportion of Majority. We actually find that Water and Mercury will pass through the Pores of Gold; and Sir Ifaac Newton has demonstrated, that Gold must have many times more Pores than folid Parts, and yet it is the heaviest of all Bodies. Light passes through the most opake , Bodies, when shreded fufficiently thin, it scarce meets with any Refiftance in its Paffage through clear Glass; and Æther pervades all Bodies with very little or no Refiftance: From all which it manifeftly appears, how fmall a Proportion there is between the Solidity and Vacuities in our System.

PROP.

### PROP. II.

THE Elements of Bodies, or the leaft and laft Particles of whatever Order, are folid, hard and indivisible, at leaft by natural and created Powers, else it would be in the Power of Natural Means and created Agents to alter the present Constitution and Nature of Things: For a World made up of Particles broken and worn out, would be quite different from what it now is, and altogether infufficient to answer the Ends and Purposes of Nature.

### PROP. III.

Analogous to, of the fame Nature, and probably from the fame Caufe, with Gravity in the great Bodies of Univerfe, (the Sun, Planets and Fixt Stars) which acts as the Squares of the Diftance reciprocally, there is in the leaft and elementary Particles of Matter, a Principle of Attraction and Repulsion, whereby they attract and repell one another, according to fome conftant and invariable Law, whatever that may be.

### SCHOL. I.

WHAT this Law is, by which the Particles of Matter attract and repel each other, no Observations or Experiments hitherto made have been sufficient to determine; only thus much is certain, that in receding from the Point of Contact, it decreases in a greater Proportion

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portion than that of the duplicate Ratio of the Diftance reciprocally; for by that Law, the Force of Attraction at any fmall affignable Distance, would be nearly the same; whereas it is manifest from Observation and Experience, that it is exerted only at or near the Point of Contact. Sir Isaac Newton has calculated from the Inflection of the Rays of Light, that the attracting Force in the Point of Contact is 10000,0000,0000 times greater than the Force of Gravity; and the ingenious Mr. Hales has fhewn by a great Variety of Experiments, that the repulsive, or elastic Force, (which probably arife from one and the fame Caufe) in fome forts of Particles, are likewife immenfly great.

### SCHOL. II.

IF Particles mutually attract each other as the Cubes of their Diftances reciprocally, the Force of Attraction in the Point of Contact will be infinitely greater than at any affignable Diftance. According to this Law, (which feems to obtain, at leaft very nearly in the fmalleft Particles of Matter) if the Force of Attraction in the Point of Contact, be not infinitely greater than the Force of Gravity, it will be infinitely lefs than that Force of Gravity at any affignable Diftance. But tho' the Force of Attraction in the Point of Contact is very great, yet it is not infinitely greater than the Force of Gravity, feeing the Parts of any

any Body may be feparated by a finite affignable Force, and therefore at a given Diftance it must vanish, or become *infinitely* small.

### SCHOL. III.

REPULSION begins, and goes on, where Attraction ends, and o conflitutes the middle Point in the Progression between them, or o, *i. e.* infinitely finall of the fame Order, is the last Term and Limit of Attraction, and the first of Repulsion; and they probably go on according to the fame Law and Progression, tho' with contrary Directions: For, as Sir Isaac Newton observes, those Particles which recede from one another with the greatest repulsive Force, and are with the greatest Difficulty brought together, cohere most strongly when brought into Contact.

### PROP. IV.

THE Cohefion of the small Particles of Matter, is in the compound Proportion of the Quantity of their cohering Surfaces, and the Quantity of their attractive Powers; and their attractive Powers are, cateris paribus, as their Densities, or the Quantities of Matter they contain.

#### COROL.

HENCE it follows, that the lefs the cohering Surfaces are, cæteris paribus, the lefs will be the Degree of Cohefion, and that the leaft

# founded on Experiments.

least Degree of Cohesion, is when the Surfaces touch in a Point only, or are Spheres or Spheroides.

### PROP. V.

THE Power or Force of Attraction, in fmall Particles of Matter, increases as the Size of the Particles is diminish'd. For, as this Force acts only in or near the Point of Contact, it will be proportional to that Contact, or in the compound Ratio of the Density of the Particles and the Largeness of their Surfaces; but the Surfaces decrease as the Squares of the Diameters, while the Solidities decrease as their Cubes; and therefore, the surfaces in Proportion to their Solidities, and more of their Points coming into Contact, will have the greatest attractive Force in Proportion to their Bulk.

### PROP. VI.

THE Gravities of Particles decrease as the Cubes of their Diameters; for their Gravities are as their Quantities of Matter, which, in homogeneous Bodies, are as the Cubes of the Diameters.

#### COROL.

HENCE it is, that *Mercury*, from the Smallnefs and Divifibility of its Parts is fo eafily raifed; and that Bodies may be fulpended in *Fluids specifically* lighter than themselves.

PROP.

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## PROP. VII.

IF the Parts of a Body, immers'd in a Fluid, are more ftrongly attracted by the Fluid, than they are by one another, they will mutually recede from each other, with a Force equal to the Excess of the one Attraction above the other, and will be equally diffus'd through the Fluid : And hence the Nature of Solution, Separation and Diffusion.

### PROP. VIII.

IF Particles, fußpended in a Fluid and attracting each other, are elastic, after their Collision they will resile from one another, and meeting with other Particles, they will be reflected, till by such Actions and Re-actions, a Fermentation, Effervescence and Ebullition is produced.

### PROP. IX.

IF Particles, suspended in a Fluid and attracting each other, are not elastic, they will not be reflected from one another, but coalesce into Masses, till their Gravity exceeding that of the Fluid, they will fink, and be precipitated. The same thing will be produced by increasing or diminishing the Gravity of the Menstruum in which the Particles are suspended.

PROF.

## founded on Experiments.

### PROP. X.

THE Figures of the Elements of all pure unelastic and incompressible Fluids must neceffarily be spherical, or at least approaching thereto; for were they of any other Figure, their Surfaces would touch in more Points than one, and confequently they would cohere. And the Elements of solid Bodies probably may be of the Figure of some one or other of the regular Solids, as Cubes, Triangles, Prisms, &c. so that, their Surfaces coming into Contact, they may attract each other with the greater Force.

### SCHOL.

WHAT may be the Figure of the Elements of *elastic* Fluids, as the Air, and the Newtanian Æthereal Fluid, is not material to enquire, fince their Fluidity does not arife from the Figure, but the repulsive Force of their Particles.

### PROP. XI.

THE Elasticity of folid Bodies is the Effect of the attracting Force of their Particles; for when the fmall contiguous and cohering Particles of a Body are, by a Stroke, or any external Violence, feparated from each other to extremely fmall Diftances, if this Force is taken off, the feparated Particles will, by the Force of Attraction, rulh back into their Contacts H 2 with

with an accelerated *Velocity*, and the Body will recover its priftin Figure. But if the Particles are fo far feparated as to be without their *Spheres* of *Attraction*, they will remain in that *Disjunction*, and the Body will be uncapable of recovering its former State.

#### PROP. XII.

THAT Bodies, under a Rotation, fly off in the Tangent, is only a Confequence of that general Law, by which they perfevere in the fame State of Reft, or moving uniformly in a ftreight Line, unlefs they are made to change that State by fome external Force imprefied; for the Direction of a Body moving in the Circumference of a Circle, is in the Tangent, and it is made to deferibe the Circle only by the central Attraction, which ceasing to act, the Body will proceed in its proper Direction, or will fly off in the Tangent.

### PROP. XIII.

THE Figures of Bodies, and their Actions on one another, arifing from the Principles of Attraction and Repulsion, together with the Motions impressed on them by living and intelligent Agents, will probably account for most of the Appearances of the material World, if mechanically adjusted, and treated according to these mentioned Laws.

PROP-

### PROP. XIV.

AIR is a System of Particles endued with a repulsive Force, which being fixt in all animal, vegetable and mineral Substances, are by Fire, Fermentation, Putrefaction, Disfolution, or any other intestine Action or Reaction, set at Liberty, and thrown off into an elastic State, and carrying along with them Ramenta or Abrasions of the Bodies they were fixt in, they compose our Atmosphere; which is a Chaos of such Particles of various Solidities, Gravities and attractive and repulsive Powers, acting by the establish'd Laws of minute Bodies; and hence its Compression, Weight, Elasticity and various Degrees of Density.

#### SCHOL.

THE Density of the Air is proportionate to its Compression, and therefore the centrifugal, or expansive Force by which its Particles endeavour to recede from one another, must be in the reciprocal Proportion of their Distances, or in the direct subtriplicate Ratio of their Densities.

### PROP. XV.

EARTH is only a loofe Collection of the different elementary Particles of Matter, of all the three Orders, thrown together without any regular Combination or Cohefion; as H 3 Whitenefs

Whiteness is a Blending and Mixture of all the differently-colour'd Rays of Light.

## PROP. XVI.

WATER is a Collection of the Solutions of tafteles and infipid Salts, originally fixt; crystalis'd and differs'd quite through the Globe; but kept in Fluidity by Heat, like melted Lead. And different Salts are Water united with a little Air and some Earths, acid or fulphureous, in a crystalis'd State; as Ice is Water congeal'd, and Water is Ice diffolv'd. But this is not intended as a Definition, but only as an Illustration. All Salts are foluble by Water, and all Water evaporated, drops a faline Substance mixt with Earths.

### PROP. XVII.

ACIDS feem to be compos'd of fuch eleimentary Particles as are endued with a very great attractive Power; whence, by infinuating themfelves into the Pores of Bodies, and attracting their Particles more flrongly than these Particles attract one another, they thereby separate and divide them.

#### SCHOL.

Possibly the Figures of Acids, may be triangular Prisms, or fuch like, to facilitate their Entry into Bodies, and to separate their Particles like Wedges; for all Matter must have some Figure.

PROP.

### PROP. XVIII.

HEAT, as it is a Property of Bodies, is only the brisk vibrating Action and Reaction of the elastic repelling Nitre of the Air, and the athereal Fluid, with the strongly attracting acid Sulphur; which Sulphur, by its Analysis, is found to contain an inflammable Oil, an acid Salt, a very fixt Earth, and a little Metal.

#### COROL.

HENCE the Affinity between Light and Julphureous Bodies, and the true Nature of Oils and inflammable Spirits, which are nothing but a great deal of Sulphur, a fine or light acid Salt, a very little Water and Earth.

#### SCHOL.

SINCE it has been found, that a Thermometer in an exhausted Receiver, will rife and fall as much, and almost as soon, as another Thermometer placed by it in the open Air, it seems to follow, that Heat is conveyed and propagated from one Body to another, by some *fubtle elastic Fluid*, pervading all Bodies; and it is not improbable, that the Vibrations of this Medium in hot Bodies, contribute to the Intensens and Duration of their Heat. And fince sooth polish'd Bodies, with plain Surfaces, cling together as strongly in an exhausted Receiver as in the H 4. open

open Air, it is not improbable, that their Cohesion may be caused by this fame Medium. Both Experiments go a great way to ascertain the Existence and Necessity of some such athereal Fluid.

#### PROP. XIX.

LIGHT feems to be the vibrating Particles of a hot Body, driven off by the repelling Force, with an immense Velocity, which is continued and augmented by the athereal Fluid, and the Attraction of the Bodies it meets with in its Progress.

#### SCHOL. I.

SINCE, as Sir Isaac Newton has observed, Light is convertible into Bodies, and Bodies into Light; and that it is probable, that Light is only the Particles of a hot Body, thrown off with an immense Velocity, it would feem, that these Particles which conflitute Light are the elementary Particles of the fecond Order, with which fulphureous and oily Bodies, from the great Activity, Attraction and Elasticity of their Parts, appear to be faturated and abound; for these being smaller and more elastic, than the Particles of the third Order, will be thrown off with a very great Velocity, which we know to be an effential Property of the Rays of Light; and they will likewife pervade all Bodies, which is alfo a Property belonging to the Rays of Light;

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there being no Body, however dense or close in its Texture, which, by being shreded thin, does not become transparent.

## SCHOL. II.

THE Rays of Light feem to confift of Particles of different Sizes, (that being neceffary to produce the various Colours and different Degrees of Refrangibility) the leaft of which make Violet, the weakeft and darkeft of the Colours, and are most easily diverted from the right Course, by refracting Surfaces; and the rest, as they are bigger, make the stronger and more lucid Colours, as Blue, Green, Tellow, Red, and are with more and more Difficulty diverted.

#### SCHOL. III.

THE Sun and fixt Stars, are immense Globes of Matter, faturated with these Particles of the fecond Order, and so being heated red hot, are kept in Heat by their intestine Motion, and the Action and Re-action of their Parts with the athereal Fluid; their dense Atmospheres, by their Compression, keeping their Parts from flying off, or consuming too fast.

#### SCHOL. IV.

It is not impossible, that our Earth, with its Satellit the Moon, the other Planets in this our System, with their Satellites, but especially

cially the Comets, should be all of them Bettering-houses, (according to the Dutch manner of speaking) Prisons, Dungeons, and Places of Punishment, for Trial, Expiation, or progreflive Purification of the feveral Sorts, Orders and Degrees of lapsed, sentient and intelligent Beings. That they are not, and cannot be permanent or eternal, in their prefent State, Philosophy and Astronomy furnish innumerable Arguments, to convince any thinking Perfon. Most of their Orbits are elliptical, which certainly is not fo fimple or perfect a Figure as a Circle. The Planes of their Orbits cut one another at irregular various and vaftly different Angles, which, at least, in our prefent way of thinking, is not fo harmonious. Besides the unaccountable Oddnesses in most of their diurnal and annual Revolutions, the Nutations of their Axes, their Rings, Spots and Girdles, which, at least, favour not of that Simplicity, Perfection and Beauty confpicuous in most of the other Works of the Author of Nature. Moreover, as to our Planet in particular, it has fo many untoward Marks, and oblique Symptoms of a defigned Deteriority, that it would require a Volume to enumerate those daily observed by Astronomers and natural Philofophers, besides those now mentioned, which are common to most of them. Our Earth has, in particular, barren and unfruitful Climates, unhospitable and uninhabited Regions, 112-

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unhealthy and mortal Seasons, Tempests, Thunder and Lightning, Vulcanos, Plagues and epidemical or infectious Atmospheres: All which could never proceed from an infinitely good and wife Being, if his Defign was not to punish and correct. But all these feeming Deformities are kind and fatherly Defigns of Wildom, and have infinitely beautiful final Caufes and Motives; and are ftrong and amazing Inftances of his Being, Love and Wildom, if they are reckon'd only Correction and Bettering Mansions, of no durable or permanent Stability, but verging and growing into some progressive, beautiful and final State, by general Laws, which State, in due Time, will appear and emerge, and then He may, as He did at first, fay of all his Works, they were good and perfect in their Order. And then the Son fhall give up the Dominion to his Father, in a much happier and more perfect Condition than it was at first made, as He faid of Himfelf, that He came, that all God's Creatures (Sentient and Intelligent, and confequently their Habitations and Mansions) should have Life, (that is, have Perfection and Happinefs) and have it more abundantly.

### PROP. XX.

FLAME is the *fulphureous* or oily Smoak of a hot Body, agitated to fuch a Degree as to be *ignited*.

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## PROP. XXI.

THOSE Bodies are transparent, whose Pores are sufficiently small to attract the Rays of Light, and rectilinear to transmit them; Thus Paper is made more transparent, by having its Pores fill'd or lessen'd with Water or Oil.

THE following Propositions are manifest from Experiment \*.

1. MERCURT confifts of fmaller Particles than any known Fluid, for it will pafs where no other Fluid can.

2. THE Particles of *Mercury*, in all their Divisions, preferve a spherical Figure, from the strong Attraction of their Parts; as is evident by fine Glasses: And the smaller the Particles, the more perfect the Spheres; as the fame Glasses demonstrate.

3. MERCURT is the heaviest of all natural Fluids, being 14 times heavier than Water.

4. THE Particles of Mercury attract some Bodies the most of any, as Gold; and fly from

\* Vide Boyle; the Philosophical Transactions, and the Memoirs of the Academy Royal.

others

founded on Experiments. 109 others the most, as Oil of Vitriol, and all Acids.

#### COROLLARIES.

1. THEREFORE the Particles of Mercury are the most easily rais'd by Heat, being divifible into the fmallest Parts; which, though not fensible, yet are known by their Effects in Silver Water, Mercurial Steams and Exhalations, and their ready passing through all animal Substances.

2. THEREFORE the Particles of Mercury have the greatest Momentum and Force, being the heaviest of all natural Fluids.

3. THEREFORE the Particles of Mercury, by their Smallness, Sphericity and Weight, being actuated and rais'd by Heat, readily pervade all animal fleshy Substances, which are but Spunges with communicating Cells; as is evident from the Effects of Fumigations, and the Palsies of those who filver Glass, or dig in the Mines of that Mineral.

#### MEDICAL COROLLARIES.

1. THEREFORE the Particles of Mercury are the fitteft to break the Cohefion of all Viscosity, and divide its Substance by its Weight, in Animal Tubes; from which Viscosity

#### 110 A Philosophical Theory cosity all the cold chronical Diseases most probably proceed.

2. THEREFORE the Particles of Mercury are fittest to open all Obstructions in the small Capillary or Lymphatic Vessels, from their Smallness, Weight and Sphericity.

3. THEREFORE the Particles of Mercury, from their Smallness, Weight and Sphericity, are fittest to make the Circulation whole and entire quite around.

4. THEREFORE Mercury is the only proper Antidote for fuch Palfies, whose Cause is the Tenacity of the Juices in the small Blood-Vessels, pressing upon the Nerves and Fibres, and so interrupting their Vibrations and Actions.

5. THEREFORE Mercury is the beft Antidote for the Scurvy, in the first Intention, by its Smallnefs, its Weight and Sphericity, breaking the Salts and larger Concretions obstructing the Lymphatics.

6. THEREFORE Mercury is also the best Antidote for the Gout, in the first Intention, readily opening those small Vessels which are the most difficult to be dilated by reason of their Compression betwixt bony Articulations, even though their Smallness should be such, that

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that 200 of them can make up but the Thicknefs or Bulk of one *Hair*. But a thin cool *Dyet* must continue them *pervious*, when *Mercury* has made them fo.

7. THEREFORE Mercury, duly prepar'd, and judicioufly manag'd, is the only proper Antidote for the Difeafes produced by Exceffes of any kind, especially of animal Food and fermented Liquors.

8. MERCURT, by its Weight and Sphericity, will infallibly burft those Vessels whose Obstructions cannot be dissolved or opened, driving the Substance of these Obstructions through the Sides of the sender Lymphatic Vesfels; and will infallibly tear the small Vessels, whose Sides are very rare and slender, or whose Pores are made very large by Putrefaction.

9. THEREFORE Mercury is a divine Antidote or real Poison, according to the Perfon prescribing, or the Case it is prescribed in.

10. THE best Preparation of Mercury is that wherein its Particles are most minutely divided, and kept at the greatest Distance from one another.

II. THAT Preparation of Mercury is the best, where, after a due Division into its smallest Parts,

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Parts, the Mixture is made with that Body which has the most *specific* Virtue against the Difease. Thus the *Æthiops cum Sulph*. is best for Inflammations, Piles, the Gout, the Erysipelas, &c. and that with Antimony, against cutaneous Distempers; that with Volatiles and Fætids, in Nervous Cases; that with Bark and Bitters, in Intermittents; and so in others.

12. THEREFORE the Aqua Mercurialis is the very fafeft general Deobstruent in very weak Perfons, did it not require too long time to produce any falutary Effect. Mercury alcalifated, or kill'd with any calcin'd Body, given often and in fmall Dofes, is the next; Cinnabar next to that, and then Athiops, &c.

13. ALL Mineral Medicines ought to be infinitely divided, before they are fent into an Animal Body; they never having been intended by the Author of Nature to enter there, but in their minutest Particles and Divisions; as we may see by Nature's preparing, in this Manner, Mineral Waters of all kinds, fitted for the Cure of almost all chronical Diseases, if join'd with a proper Regimen; except, perhaps, some few of those begot by unnatural cramming with Mixtures of Salts, Spices, Oils, and inflammable Spirits;

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or those begot by contagious venereal Difeases.

14. MERCURT, with the Salts, fuch as Calomel, the Turbith, Sublimat, red, white and green Precipitate, are, of all Preparations, the most prejudicial and injurious to animal Habits; these faline Mixtures tearing the small Vessels, where Diseases are mostly generated, and in whose Integrity, all the Delicacy of Life consists: But they are thereby of the quickess Effect in Cases that depend on Expedition, as the Hydrophobia, inflammatory Rheumatism, and the like.

#### GENERAL MEDICAL COROLLARIES.

1. As Water alone, Blood-warm, is the beft Diluent, fo Mercury is the beft Deobftruent; but as Water alone may be too fluggifh, fo Mercury alone may be too active and ponderous, for tender and delicate Animal Solids, efpecially in its fluid State, or mix'd with Salts, or too active Bodies; and therefore the abfolutely beft Preparation of Mercury, is when, being divided by the utmost possible Art, it is join'd with the most specific vegetable Medicines against the Diftemper, that it can conveniently be united with, and fixt in.

2. As

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2. As the Fineness or Smallness of Particles, together with the Largeness of their Surfaces, make Hardne/s, or the greatest Cohesion in Bodies, as has been shewn by Propolition IV. and V. and may be feen in finewoven Cloth, Gold, Marble, Crystal, Shells, Salts and Diamonds; and as Earths, Water, Milk, watery Fluids, and vegetable Substances, confist mostly of Water and rare loofe fine Earths, with a little groffer Salts and Sulphurs of small or no Cohesion, it is evident, that fuch Substances are fittest for weak, tender and valetudinary Persons, as affording all the Materials of Nutrition, and being more eafily refolvible into their integral Particles; and are most proper Food for intellectual Purpofes, which depend on the cafy Performance of the animal Functions, as nervous Diftempers arife chiefly from their labour'd Performance, compresling, by their Weight and Hardnefs, the too tender and delicate membranous Tubuli of the Nerves, and fo ftopping or retarding their Vibrations and Oscillations, tho' they are not fo proper for mechanical Strength and Force.

#### GENERAL SCHOLIUM.

IN these few Propositions are contain'd the Principles of all the natural *Philosophy* hinted at in my medical Treatises. If it is just, or ap-

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approaches the Truth, as I hope it does, then it must necessarily follow, 1. That foft, mild and cool Foods, are fitteft to carry on the animal Functions the most readily, freely, naturally and laftingly. 2. That Spirits, Salts, chymical Oils, (which are but Spirits condens'd) and every thing that has pass'd the Tortures of the Fire, abounding with Particles fmall, hard, cauftic, (for calcin'd Antimony will be increas'd one fifth in its Weight) and highly attractive, are most pernicious to animal Habits; not only burning and tearing the delicate Fibres and Veffels, like Cauftics and Lancets, but by their attractive Powers, violently corrugating and contracting the Fibres; fo that in habitual Drinkers, Drammers, and high Feeders, their Tone and Elasticity is entirely deftroy'd, by their fudden and alternate Contractions and Relaxations \*, while at the fame time the Juices are thicken'd and coagulated by the spirituous Mixture, and so dispos'd to form Obstructions and Concretions in the fmaller Veffels: And therefore they ought never to be used, but as Spurs and Whips, to push on and stimulat the fluggish Organs for a time, and make them carry off the Over-load with a fhort Vigour; and fo are only proper in Extremities, as a present Filip. 3. That animal Foods, whose Parts have been first di-

\* Vide Hales's Hæmostaticks.

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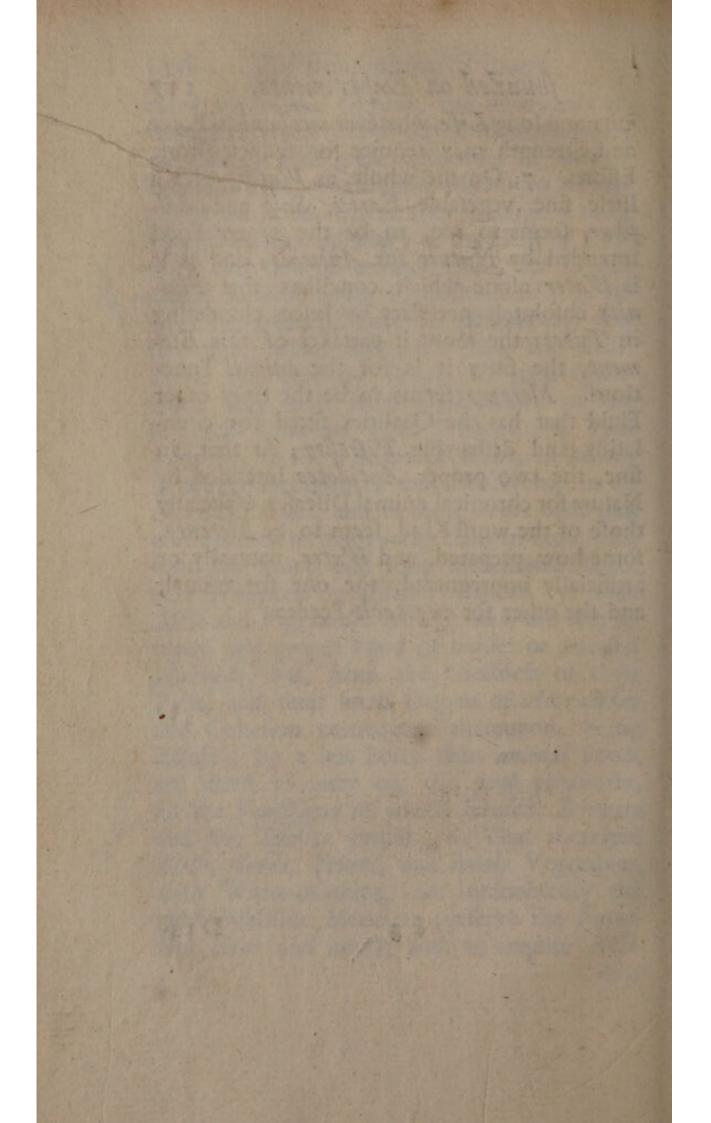
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vided by animal Organs, and afterwards attenuated and refin'd by those of other Animals, and mixed with great Quantities of animal Salts and Oils, when again taken into animal Habits for Food, where they undergo a third Subtilization or Milling; or the Flesh of Animals that live on animal Food, are fo minutely divided, as (by Proposition IV.) to acquire the greatest Degree of Attraction; and therefore, when introduc'd into the fmall Tubes and capillary Veffels, in great Quantities, they must form Obstructions of the ftrongest Cohefion and Tenacity. 4. That Mercury, in fome Shape or other, is the only proper Deobstruent and Disfolvent, in all chronical Cafes, and in those acute ones that come nearest to them; especially in those who have fed much and long on animal Foods, and fermented or distill'd Liquors. 5. That Milk and Vegetables are not only the fole rational and proper Food of tender or difeafed Animals, but, from the Groffnefs of their Parts, and their fmall Degree of Attraction and Cohefion confequent thereupon, being diffolv'd by a lefs Force than animal Food, are fitteft to carry on, the most pleasantly, all the Functions in which Health, Serenity and free Spirits confift. 6. That therefore Milk, Seeds, Fruits, and mealy Vegetables, with Water-drinking, are undoubtedly the most infallible Means to preferve the Faculties clear and acute, and to acquire Activity

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vity and long Life, whatever mechanical Force and Strength may require for fudden ftrong Efforts. 7. On the whole, as Water, with a little fine vegetable Earth, Salt and Sulphur, feems to me, to be the proper Food intended by Nature for Animals; and as it is Water alone which conciliats that Fluiaity abfolutely neceffary to Juices circulating in Tubes; the more it partakes of this Element, the fitter it is for the animal Functions. Mercury feems to be the only other Fluid that has the Qualities fitted for circulating and destroying Viscosity; fo that, in fine, the two proper Antidotes intended by Nature for chronical animal Difeafes, especially those of the worst Kind, seem to be Mercury, fome-how prepared, and Water, naturally or artificially impregnated, the one for animal, and the other for vegetable Feeders.

DIS.





# DISCOURSE IV. Philosophical Conjectures

#### ON

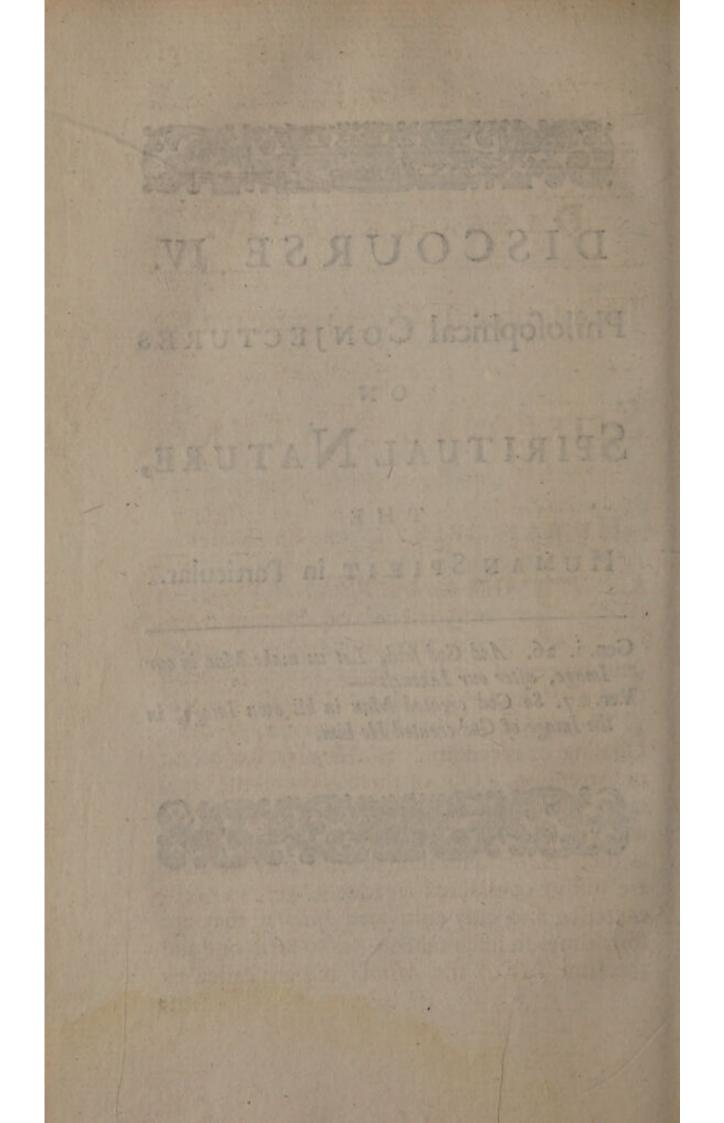
# SPIRITUAL NATURE,

#### THE

# MUMAN SPIRIT in Farticular.

Gen. i. 26. And God said, Let us make Man in our Image, after our Likeness.— Ver. 27. So God created Man in his own Image, in the Image of God created He him.





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#### DISCOURSE IV.

#### Philosophical CONJECTURES

#### ON

# SPIRITUAL NATURE,

#### THE

#### HUMAN SPIRIT in Particular.

THE natural Faculties, Properties Q. I. or Attributes of all rational Spirits, and human Intelligences, (and indeed of all Intelligences of whatfoever Order or Degree) are incontestably these three: 1. Perception or Understanding. 2. Willing, Chusing or Freedom. 3. Memory, Reflection or Attention. Out of these three all the Operations of a human Spirit may be deduced; and fuppose living or actuating some Vehicle as their Base: and though they may be (and are juftly) confidered feparately, yet, in wellexercifed and duly cultivated Spirits, they are fometimes fo inftantaneous, as to feem one and the fame Act of the Mind, and are called by the 14

the general Name of Thinking or Cogitation, when either in separate Acts, or instantaneous, and all Spirits differ chiefly in the Degrees of these natural Powers.

§. 2. HOWEVER uncommon the Expresfion may seem, yet to those who admit a Deity, or supreme Spirit, of infinite Perfection, the Author and first Caufe of all Things, finite Spirits of all possible Orders can be conceived philosophically, no otherwise than as Miniatures, Effluxes, Emanations, Infinitesimals, or infinitely small Sparkles, of this infinite Source of Living, Intelligence, Action, Perfection and Happiness, voluntarily emitted, lighted up or created, by this infinitely perfect Being, and endow'd with his radical and effential Qualities and Attributes of Life, Activity and Intelligence; to that all Spirits are, in their own Natures, diminutive or infinitely fmall Deities, and neceffarily (now they are created, and have a derivative Exiftence from Him) must partake of his Immortality, Intelligence and Freedom, or his Divine Nature and Image; and confequently can never be annihilated, forced, or deprived of the Powers of Perception, Intelligence and Willing, no more He can.

§. 3. THESE *Faculties* and Powers of all *Spirits* are not only to be *felt*, but diffinguifhed in every *human* Mind, duly exercifed and

and cultivated, by attentively confidering its Nature and Operations; but neceffarily follow by Analogy, from the Nature of the first Caufe, that Being of infinite Perfection, the Deity; who being of infinite Wildom and Power, could find nothing without Himself, before Creation, to be a Model or Pattern for his intelligent Creatures; and therefore stamp'd them with his own most glorious Image, creating them little Divinities, refembling Himfelf in his radical and effential Attributes, fo as at last to become similar to Him in Perfection and Happiness, in their feveral Orders, Gradations and Ranks. For infinite Perfection wanting nothing, and to whom no Happiness nor Perfection could be added, could have no other End or View, in producing rational Intelligences into Being, but to make them happy, by partaking of his effential Happiness, in their several Orders and Ranks; that is, in becoming similar to him in his natural as well as moral Attributes; his natural ones (as has been faid) being Life, Intelligence and Activity; his moral ones, Justice, Goodness and Truth; in which two united confifts the Perfection and Happiness of all intelligent Creatures.

§. 4. IN a mere *Philosophical* Disquisition, though no Argument is to be taken from *Re*velation; yet to express my Meaning so as to leave no room to be mistaken by such to whom *Re-*

Revelation is familiar, I fhall reprefent it in the Words of the Scriptures. It is faid in Genefis, on the Defign of the Creation of the human Sou!, Let us make Man after our own Image; and again, in the Image of God created he him; and elfewhere, Tou are God's Images: And to fhew the human Rank, David fays, He was created a little lower than the Angels; and our Saviour, fpeaking of Marriage, fays, that in Heaven they are neither married, nor given in Marriage, but are like the Angels; and the fame Manner of deferibing the human Spirit frequently occurs in the Scriptures, both of the old and new Teftament.

§. 5. IT is a frequent and common Opinion of all Pagan and Christian Antiquity, that all created Intelligences have Bodies or Vebicles of one kind or another, fitted to their Order, Rank, Degree of Purity, Habitation and Situation. It is highly probable and philosophical, to think there is no perfectly pure and immatcrial Spirit, but the Supreme Spirit, the Father and Creator of all Spirits; and that all created Spirits, how high and fublime foever, have proper and peculiar Bodies, and organiz'd Cafes, not only to circumfcribe and limit their Powers, and their Extension and Expansion, but to enable them to communicat, and commerciat with, to contemplat and admire the Contrivance of the material World; to

to converse with the lower Ranks of Intelligences, that we certainly know, have material Vehicles, fuch as we of the human Race are; but also to execute the Orders of the Divine Oeconomy and Providence, over the whole System of Intelligences, and material World. And accordingly we find Mention made in boly Writ, of a natural Body and a spiritual Body; and of the Sun and Planets having a particular Glory, in their Bodies, peculiar to themselves; and of the glorious Appearance and Radiation of our Saviour's Body on the Mount. And it is very abfurd, and almost blasphemous, to think these Myriads of Stars and Luminaries, that appear in a Winter Night, in the Heavens, and its milky Way, to be nothing but twinkling Tapers, uninhabited, and defigned only to be flupidly and ignorantly gaz'd on by us.

§. 6. WHAT a spiritual Substance, or of what Nature the Substratum of these Faculties of Understanding and Will, or of Thinking, is, we shall never perfectly know, till we arrive at the World of Spirits, and drop this coarse earthly Tabernacle. Indeed, we know nothing of the internal Substance of any Being; all we know or can know, is their fenfible Qualities and the Effects of them on us; and fomething in general we learn of inanimated Bodies, and their Laws, from the Uniformity of thefe Effects: And we may be certain, that fpiritual Sub-

Substance is in most, if not all its Qualities, contradictory, at least contrary, to Body or material Substance, and vice versa. For Example, we know that Matter is absolutely paffive, and equally susceptible of Motion or Reft; and that Spirit, or spiritual Substances, are felf-active and felf-motive, and the immediate productive Caufe of all Motion in Body, and confequently is endow'd with Freedom or Liberty. We know that Matter is impenetrable, and that two Bodies cannot poffess the fame Space at the fame time; but Spirits may and can pervade and penetrat one another, at leaft by their spiritual Virtue and Energy; as is evident from Persuasion, Conviction, Reasoning and Compassion, and fuch-like spiritual Actions. It is true, the Sphere of their Activities is limited and circumfcribed; but we also know, that the Spirit acts in every Point of that Circumscription : as we find by our Bodies, every Part of which is more or lefs fenfible, by the membranous Mouths of the nervous Tubuli being fpread over all the folid Parts of an animal Body; and we know no Body, or mere Matter, that is fo. Matter is certainly divisible in infinitum, and may be actually divided into very finall Parts ; but Spirit, having no sensible Parts, is neither divisible nor discerptible. Persons of light Understandings, and gross Conceptions, may dispute or ridicule these Truths; but they must be poor Philosophers, who can think them not highly probable; and have a mean Notion of the Extent of Nature, and its Author. Four of

of the greatest Philosophers of this or any other Age, to wit, Sir Isaac Newton, Mr. Leibneitz, Mr. Hugens, and Mr. Fatio, when they defcribe the Matter, which they suppose to be the Caufe of Gravity, confider it as infinitely small in its Particles, infinitely rare, infinitely claffic, and moved with an infinite Velocity. And the first of these, by a very strong Figure, calls it Spiritus quidam Subtilissimus. What these four Infinitudes may effect on Matter, to deftroy at least these gross, palpable and sensible Qualities we observe in it, fuch as sensible Extension, Impenetrability and Paffivity, I will not take upon me to determine : But all the Notion we can now form of Spirit, is to divide, refine, sublime and exalt Body and Matter ad infinitum, fo that we be fure it can have very little of the sensible Qualitics; and this, I fear, is as far as Philosophy can go, while we have only grofs and palpable Vehicles of Clay. For by Analogy to infinitely divided, fubtiliz'd, fublim'd and refin'd material Substance, we form the only Idea, Notion or Perception, we can now frame of (piritual Substances, and that is but a gross one, and neither just nor true.

§. 7. LIVING, Senfation or Actuation of Matter, is not eafy to define or defcribe. Existence or Being belongs to Matter as well as Spirit; but Life, Senfation or Perception, and their Confequences, belong only to some one Rank of Spirit or Mind; and I may defy all the

the Philosophers and Mathematicians, that ever have been, to explain confiftently, from Matter and Mechanism alone, as it now obtains, the Life, Growth and Fecundity of the lowest Plant or Vegetable, at least its Seed or Seeding, much lefs of the least Infect or Animal, and least of all of a rational, sentient and percipient Being : So that where-ever there is any Degree of Life, Vegetative, Sensitive or Rational, there is probably fome Degree of a Soul or Spirit, immaterial, immortal and progreffive; fo that Life or Animation, in all Creatures in general, is indeed Matter organiz'd and actuated by a Spirit, or Soul, of some one Rank or Degree or other : I mean only created Life, or Life derivative, as it is in Creatures; for in the Creator, Life is without Matter, without Body or Vehicle, and without Limits, or Possibility of Non-existence or not Living. The best Notion, Idea, or Perception, we can frame of created Life, is that of a nice, delicate, finely contriv'd Machine, of a vaft Variety of Organs set in Motion by the first Cause, and continued by an internal felf-motive Spring, which Spring is this Spiritual Substance.

§. 8. As we have fome Notion of what Extent the beft-form'd and most cultivated human Spirit is, there may be Myriads of a lower Rank of the fame Species; and that as under the human Species, there is an almost in-

infinite Variety of the brutal and irrational Species, and under thefe, a like or greater Variety, of the vegetable Kind, from the Mofs on the Wall and the coralline Sea-plant, up to the highest Divine, Philosopher or Mathematician of the human Race; and that all the feveral Species, from the highest to the lowest, fink fo gradually into one another, that it is impossible to determine where one Degree ends, or the next begins: So it is also highly probable, that above the human Species there are Orders, Ranks and Hierarchies, rifing gradually and infenfibly, without Limits and without End. This the Dignity, Power, Wifdom and Goodness of the first infinitely perfect Being, and the Analogy of Things, feem to oblige us to conjecture or hope; and the infinite Variety of Systems, Fixt Stars, (which we known to be Suns, and very probably have primary and secondary Planets, analogous to ours) and the infinite Expansion of Space, makes it probable and philosophical. And as an Angel is only of a little higher and more noble Order than the human Race, and all created Intelligences have Vehicles or Bodies of an Order and Purity analogous to their Rank and Degree in the Scale of Intelligences; we may fairly and philosophically define a pure original, not lapsed, Angel, of the lowest Order, a spiritual Substance of the next immediat Order above the Human, actuating a divinely organiz'd Body, of a Purity and

#### **i 28** Philosophical Conjectures and Sublimity analogous to their Order, and the Perfection of his informing Spirit.

§. 9. W E have a pretty clear Perception of what the human Race is at prefent, both in their Body and Spirit. He that has a just, though not an adequate Idea of infinite Perfection, that is, of infinite Power, Wildom and Goodness, can find no possible Reason or Motive, why fuch a Being should create Intelligences, imperfect in their Order, unhappy and perifhing, when the fame Power, Wifdom and Goodnefs, could either have totally abstain'd from creating them at all, or have made them to be at last happy in their Order and Rank, confiftent with their Natures and his own; Malice and Difficulty having no Place in fuch a Being. But any one who confiders this ruinous diforder'd Globe, and the Miferies, Darknefs and Wretchednefs of the whole System of Intelligences that inhabit it, cannot but conclude one of these two, either that their Author had not Power to make them otherwife, or that they have wilfully forfeited their Rank, and his Favour and Protection, by tranfgrefling the Terms and Conditions on which they were intitled to it; and fo being left to reap the Fruits of their own Labour, funk into a lapsed diforderly Condition.

6. 10. IN-

§. 10. INFINITE Power, Wildom and Goodnefs, could, primarily and originally, bring no Intelligence into Being, with rational and intelligent Spirits, actuating divinely organiz'd Bodies or Vehicles, but under thefe two Conditions: 1. That the organiz'd Body fhould be fupple, pliable, and joyfully obedient to all the Dictates and Commands of the free intelligent Spirit : And, 2. That the Spirit fhould be fupple, pliable, and obedient to the Dictates and Influences of the Eternal and infinitely perfect Spirit, its Author and Creator : And in these two, its original Innocence, Happiness and Perfection, must necessarily have confifted. And this was and must have been the true original and paradifaical State of both Body and Soul of the human Race; and must be the Conftitution and Complexion of the unfallen angelical State, and of all the Hierarchies of unlapsed Spirits. Which two Conditions, I think, neceffarily infer a preexistent State to our present one, fince we do not find them in ourfelves now.

§. 11. ALL created Intelligences being free and finite, must of Consequence be fallible, and liable to run into Disorder, as well as capable of obeying Order: For they could not be free, unless they had the Power of chusing either Side; Self-activity being of the Essence and Root of Intelligence, and perhaps the Source K from

from which it fprings; fo that all created finite free Intelligences were naturally capable of Falling, of Rebellion and Diforder. An infinitely wife and intelligent Being, of fufficient Power, could not make another intelligent Being with Defires, Impressions and Pantings after a State which was according to Order, to his Nature, and the Nature of Things, unlefs at the fame time He had appointed Means and proper Objects to fatisfy these just and natural Desires; no beneficent and good Being could act fo. Now that we (at least many of us of the human Race) have yet a Notion and Idea of a better State of Being and Acting, than we find ourfelves in, and with and pant after it, is most certain and undeniable; every honeft and thinking Perfon must find a Law in his Members, that wars against the Law of his Mind, and wifhes and defires to be freed from the one, that he may conform to the other. Now this is what is called the Lapfe or Fall; and if this State of Imperfection laft for ever, fo must the Fall; and till this Defire or Panting be fatisfied, the intelligent Creature cannot be completely happy; and for this End was the Oeconomy of Jesus intended.

§. 12. How and by what Steps the Lapfe was brought on, is of no Confequence for us precifely to know. The Defign and Point in View of all the Oeconomy of Providence, and of

of Jesus, is to reftore us, with the Confent, Concurrence and Integrity of our three radical Attributes, of Living, Activity or Freedom, and Intelligence, which He cannot do Violence to, they being immediately derived from Himfelf, whofe Images and Miniatures all Intelligences are: And the Means that alone can effect this, without intrenching upon these effential and radical Qualities, are pure Love, naked Faith, and universal Resignation; which Means we could not perfectly ufe, if precife Truths, particular and specific Steps, and the naked Nature of Things, were always pointed out to us: This (at first at least) would infallibly weaken our Faith and Truft, counteract our Resignation, and destroy our Liberty; and therefore all that is reveal'd concerning this, and the other Truths of paft, future and invisible States, is general, undetermin'd, and indefinite; and the Precision is promis'd only on our Advancement and Progress. He that doth the Will of my Father, shall know of the Doctrine : Our first Lesson is just what is absolutely necessary to begin our Return; the Knowledge of more Truths and greater Precision, is to reward our Progress. The next immediate Step, or what is to be done daily and hourly, we are never ignorant of in our Duty; and that is all that is neceffary; the reft are all wifely put out of our Reach, and do not belong to us now, till we advance that Step; and when we K 2 come

come into the proper Dispesition of Body and Mind, to benefit by the just and precise Knowledge of these mentioned and such-like Divine Truths, (though absolute Precision be inconfiftent with Finitude) we shall admire and adore the Wildom of our Teacher, for having conceal'd from us what would then have hurt us, as much as for these general Truths, which ferve fufficiently to animate and encourage us in our now travelling and probatory State; for both are directed with equal Wildom. If we are ignorant, it is becaufe we are not come into the proper Difposition to benefit by Knowledge, or that more precife Knowledge would hurt us, and draw us out of our Orbit, or fhorteft Road.

§. 13. IF we may be allow'd to conjecture with Humility and Modesty, about such unreveal'd and indefinite Truths and States, we may reasonably think, that this Lapse was not brought about all at once, but Step by Step, by many Machinations, Plots and Contrivances of the fuperior lapsed Intelligences on the Inferior. Nemo repente fit optimus aut turpiffimus. Finite Intelligences must form and acquire all their Habits by repeated Acts, and Step by Step: So that in all Probability, the Fall might have been a long time in bringing about; and innumerable Numbers of all the feveral Ranks and Orders, and some of all the different Hierarchies, might have been brought

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brought into this general Rebellion, and have gradually departed from that pure Love, naked Faith and universal Resignation, which alone made the Effence of their Perfection and Happinefs; though in the brief contracted Account we have of it in Revelation, it is compriz'd in a few general Words, which is all we in our prefent State, it feems, could bear, without Violence being committed on our Liberties, our universal Resignation obstructed, and the Merit of pure Love and a generous Trust and Confidence in infinite Perfection destroy'd; more explicit and detail'd Accounts, might have nourished Pride, Presumption and Self-Sufficiency, and fo funk us deeper.

§. 14. OUR Senses were given us to commerciat with material Objects, and to perceive and enjoy the Beauties of the inanimate Creation; as well as to limit the Extension and Expansion of our Powers and Facultics; and by them all our Senfations, Ideas and Pictures of Bodies and inanimate Creatures, are convey'd to the sentient and intelligent Principle. The Key and Mean of all our natural Knowledge of them, is Experiment or Observation, perform'd by our Senses simply, or improv'd by Art, and the Logic of all human and natural Knowledge about them, is Proportion justly apply'd : For Syllogifm and formal Argument, is but Proportion express'd in abstracted Terms, or the Ideas meant by these K 3 Terms;

Terms; and this is the true and only Mean of natural Knowledge about Bodies and their natural Qualities and Laws. In Spiritual Truths, imperceptible and immaterial Beings, (viz.) about their Nature, Qualities and Ranks, can know nothing naturally and humanly, (unless it be infus'd and impress'd by fome other Spirit) but by Analogy, Similitude, Allegory, Trope, Metaphor, or Figure, referring them to, and comparing them with, our own intelligent and fentient Spirit, and its Manner of Operation; and then cloathing them with fuch Terms, or referring them to fuch Knowledge, as we have receiv'd from Sensation, or from Proportion; and this is the only Mean and Inftrument of human Knowledge we can poffibly have, in the Nature, Qualities and moral Relations of Spirits, Spiritual and moral Actions and Duties. The fentient and intelligent Principle, or Soul, is the Spring or Source of both Keys or Kinds of Logic, without which both would be equally utclefs. Culture and Experience is in spiritual Knowledge, what Experiment and Observation is in sensitive Knowledge; Analogy is to the first, what Proportion is to the second; Similitude, Allegory, Trope, Metaphor and Figure, (all the Appendages of Analogy, or a more diftant or near Approximation to it) are what a more or lefs accurate, a general or more particular Experiment and Observation, or juster and clearer Proportion. apply'd

apply'd to material Objects, is in sensitive Knowledge; and a close, fimple, full and cogent Analogy, is as just and coercive a Demonstration in *(piritual* Knowledge, as a Mathematical or Geometrical one is in sensitive Knowledge. Scripture, Revelation, and our own inward Feelings of the Operations of our Soul, give the Data, (viz. the general Propofitions, the accurate Observations on them) analogous to Mr. Flamstead's or Dr. Halley's Observations of the Appulses of the Moon to the Fixed Stars, from fufficient Numbers of which, the great Orbit of the Lunar Revolution is determin'd, by comparing them with the general Law of Attraction. Here Revelation gives us the Observations; the Knowledge we have of the Nature of the Operations of our own Spirit's, gives us the general Law; and Analogy may answer to Algebra and Calculation in Aftronomy and mix'd Mathematics; and we may err and blunder in the first for want of Care and Attention, as we may in the last, being ever finite, and confequently fallible.

§. 15. THE Account we have in Revelation of the Laple, may have a literal, natural and material Meaning (as all the Words and Works of God have a natural or literal, spiritual and divine Meaning and Use, else he were not God, that is, a Being of infinite Perfection); and these Meanings may only deve-KA

lope and unfold themfelves, and appear to different Perfons, according to their different Degrees of Purity and Perfection; the literal and cortical Meaning and Use, may be fitted to elementary and initiating Perfons, and be just and true in its Degree; and the others proper only for the more advanced; and this with infinite Variety, Juftnefs and Property. Now in Moses's Account of the Lapse, the Tree of Life, of the Knowledge of Good and Evil, the Serpent, Paradife, and all the Scene and Group of this mysterious Affair, was certainly literal, material and real, as there reprefented and described ; but perhaps happen'd not till the last Act of this Tragedy. Paradife was certainly a most delicious and enchanting Place of material and bodily Delights; the Tree of Life and its Fruit was defign'd to perpetuat the Life and Health of the then new-modell'd, though not perhaps Ethereal Vehicle ; the Tree of Knowledge of Good and Evil, certainly communicated by its Fruit, Pain, Difeafes and Death to this partially incrusted Body: The Serpent, no Doubt, was a lapfed Spirit, embodied in this then more beautiful Animal. Now as all this Scene, may have alfo spiritual Meaning as well as a *literal* and clementary one, of more Consequence to our Happiness and Perfection to be known and believ'd, as the Spirit is of more Value than the Body; why may not Paradife mean in this Senfe, the three original and fundamental Powers of the

the Soul, Living, Activity or Liberty, and Intelligence, or its original and immutable Nature and Conftitution, intrusted with us finite Intelligences, to cultivate, improve and exalt? The Tree of Life be Him, from whom all Life and Being proceeds, the Father of us all? The Tree of Knowledge of Good and Evil, the primary Image of the Deity, the Son of God, by whole Oeconomy Evil known and felt, could only be done away and eraz'd, or his divine Nature, Justice, Goodness and Truth, which Image was in the human Nature defac'd, by trufting it to his own Spirit and Liberty? The Serpent, the grand Deceiver, or lapsed spiritual Nature in General, or one of the highest Order of the lapsed Hierarchy? And fo the whole Scene of the Lapse may be more properly and feelingly allegoriz'd, or explain'd in plain Terms to an honeft and ingenuous Heart, (viz.) thus : All created finite Intelligences being free, and confequently fallible, innumerable Numbers of them, through Pride, Self-Jufficiency, and Defire of Independence, trufting to, and conducting themfelves by their own natural Lights, as being made little Deities, and deriveing with their Being from their Author, a Ray, Efflux, or infinitesimal Emanation of his Self-exist- L ence, infinite Activity or Power, and infinite Wildom, that is, of his Nature and effential Attributes; deriving, I fay, dependent and derivative Living, Freedom and Intelligence, DHE

but affecting Independency, and departing from pure Love, naked Faith and universal Resignation to infinite Perfection, they gradually funk into Selfismess, Propriety and inordinate Love of the Creatures; and instead of being govern'd absolutely in all things by the Providence, Influences, Impulses and Suggestions of the Eternal Spirit, they affected to be govern'd by their own natural Spirits, and felfish and narrow Views and Prejudices, and became, as it were, independent, unguarded, and unreftrain'd Thinkers and Actors, prying into and determining in all Matters whatfoever; and inftead of being refign'd to the universal Reason and sovereign Will and Order of Divine Providence, found Fault with, criticis'd, grumbled at, and blasphem'd the Conduct and Oeconomy of infinite Wifdom, and gradually departed from pure Love, naked Faith, and Truft, and universal Resignation, the fole Means to preferve them in the Perfection of their dependent State, and in Similarity to his moral Attributes; and fo fell from the perfect Happiness of their Rank and derivative Being; Self, spurious Self, became transubstantiated into their thus deprav'd Natures.

§. 16. WHEN human Nature had thus lapsed, by affecting Independence, and defireing to govern itself by its own natural Spirit folely, and wallowing in the Objects of Sense, and swallow'd in Creature-pleasures, it being an

an eternal Law, establish'd in Nature, (for many wife and great Ends) and, by Analogy, (as we find it) extending from material to spiritual Things, viz. that Like draws and is equally drawn to Like; or that Bodies and Spirits attract and unite with fimilar Bodies and Spirits, from the universal Principle of Attraction and Union; the human Body did hence neceffarily and mechanically (as it were) contract a Ruft, Groffnefs, Stupor and Inactivity, and became reflive and difobedient to the Commands of the natural Spirit, gradually degenerating into an earthly, gross, material Prifon or Dungeon; and the Spirit was hereby more contracted, reftrain'd and limited in its original and immutable Attributes of Liveing, Activity and Intelligence, as to their Extention, Purity, the Quickness and Exertion of their Acts, (for all Spirits are limited and tied down to the Nature, Order and Purity of their Vehicles, while their Union lasts, though their natural Powers in their Fund and Effence be immutable, and conftantly the fame) fo that their natural Spirits now being affifted by the *fupernatural Grace* and Influence of the Eternal Spirit, procur'd by the Mediation of Jesus, must work out their Recovery and Reforation by gradually returning to their original Order.

§. 17. PERHAPS, as all animated Beings, Sentient or Intelligent, must necessarily be cloath'd

cloath'd with fome Vehicle, purer or groffer, ethereal or planetary, fitted to the Mansion they are confin'd to, and to their Degree of Purity in their moral Powers, and their Extention or Rank of natural Powers; fo all created free Intelligences, of whatever Order or Degree, must necessarily pass through some State of Probation, Apprenticeship and Trials, of their Love, Faith and Patience, before they can arrive at their final, immutable, and for ever permanent State, and the Mansion they are eternally to inhabit afterwards. That fomething like this was the general Senfe of Mankind, feems to be hinted in all Pagan Antiquity that we have any Accounts of, Egyptian, Syrian, Grecian and Roman, by their Initiations into the Mysteries of their Gods; and this, chiefly, in order to produce an habitual Firmnefs, Force and Stability, on finite, free, labile Intelligences, in the different Inftitutions. It would feem, as none but God is a pure Spirit in his Nature and Substance, none but God can be infallible and impeccable : And that all Creatures being finite and free, must necessarily, by their Nature, be labile, fallible and peccable; and that even infinite Wifdom and Power could not make a Creature (for God cannot work Contradictions) that was of its own Nature, illabile, infallible and impeccable; but that before that fecondary Nature of eternal Infallibility, Illability and Impeccability could be brought about, on the moft

most perfect of created Intelligences, it must neceffarily be, by confirm'd Habits, produced by repeated Acts, and perfected into pure Love and naked Faith, or into an abfolute Surrendry of their natural and moral Powers, to infinite Perfection, which alone can produce derivative Infallibility and Illability on them, and fo eternize Perfection and Happiness, and which & only can be produced by various Trials, Effays and Temptations to the contrary: He who never was tempted, what knoweth he? Thus the Son of God, as Man, was made perfect by Suffering: As a Potter gives Firmness and Impenetrability to his Earthen Ware, by keeping it in the Fire till it vitrifies. Had Lucretia lived to all Eternity, her Chastity would never have been doubted; whereas Cleopatra must not only first have made an Amende Honorable, but have pass'd through feveral fevere new Trials, before her's could have been believ'd. We plainly find by Revelation, that many of all the feveral Hierarchies fell on their Trial; for tried they must have been, else they could not have fallen; for Reaction always supposes Action. As it is the Nature of Pride and Malice, to be spiteful, infectious and tempting, (in Hopes that Numbers may make them overlook'd, or too powerful, and fo fecure) we find they, or their Leader, (suppose his Name Lucifer) had a great hand in the human Lapse, as it is glanced at under the Serpent that tempted Eve.

Eve. And from this Fall of the Angels, the natural and plain Account of Damonology, and the early impious Herefy of the Manichaans, (Lucifer and his Angels) is to be deriv'd. What the Trials of these fallen Angels were, and in what manner those of the Angels in the feveral Hierarchies who ftood, combated, kept firm and unshaken, and thereby were for ever confirm'd, establish'd and eterniz'd, and perhaps increas'd and inlarg'd in Purity, Lustre and Glory, by their Victory; is not reveal'd, nor to be discover'd but by Analogy or Conjecture. The History of the human Lapse is so brief and obscure in Moses, (perhaps partly allegorical, partly literal) with a plain Defign to damp idle or hurtful Curiofity, and fo prevent our being hurt thereby, by withdrawing us from the one thing neceffary, that it amounts almost to a total Forbidding, and a Warning from prying with too much Eagerness into this mysterious Affair; and to leave things fecret (the Secreta Imperii Divini) to God. All that is certain is, that we are lapsed at present, or in a State of Trial and Probation, (we of the human Race on this ruinous Planet) and cannot poffibly now be as we came out of the Hands of our infinitely wife, good and powerful Creator. Pre-existence, the Manner of our Lapse, the Duration of our Banishment, and the last Term and Limits of our Restoration, are, with infinite Wifdom and Goodness, in their Detail conceal'd

ceal'd from us, becaufe they would infallibly hurt us; if more precise, they might obstruct the Merit of Faith, or draw us out of the fhortest Way. Either of these two Manners of explaining the Lapse, may fuffice an honeft modest Philosopher, (who is fensible of his own limited Faculties) to make the Affair neither improbable nor impoffible; especially when he finds himfelf both imperfect, unhappy, and unfit to be finally united with a Being infinitely perfect and happy, as He now is. I chuse the first, as more conformable to Revelation, and the Form of found Words; and every modeft Christian Philosopher will be cautious not to be wife, above what is written.

§. 18. WHETHER this Globe of Earth, as we now inhabit it, was the original and primitive Scat of innocent and unlapsed human Spirits, and by the Energy and Force of the Laple, was gradually and neceffarily, and, according to the prefent Laws of Bodies, turn'd into the ruinous, dark, difmal State it is now in, and fuch elementary and clayey Prifons made of it, as our prefent Vehicles, and the human Race, with all the Spirits concern'd in the Rebellion, thrust down and confin'd upon it, is not material to be known, nor perhaps philosophically to be determin'd: It seems most probable, and conformable to the Analogy of Things, and the common Laws of Nature,

Nature, that it gradually and naturally changed from its original Beauty and fuperior Place among the Stars, into its prefent ruinous and decay'd State, from the natural Malignity, and deleterious Energy of the Rebellion in its primitive Inhabitants, which perhaps was gradual. What is certain is, that fuch a Place as Paradife is describ'd, is now no-where to be found on it; and that balancing the Inconveniencies with the Advantages, of want of Light and Sun, and of cold, uncertain and various Seafons, of Barrenness, and Mountains cover'd with Ice and Snow, of the one Part, with the Hurricanes, Tempests, Volcano's, Earthquakes, Thunder and Lightning, poisonous Insects, and ravenous and favage Beast, fcorching Heats, and pestilential Winds, Blasts or Damps, of the other, the whole Globe is pretty near equal in Conveniencies; and no particular Place without its Comforts and Inconveniencies. So that either Paradife was on some other Planet, or (which is most natural to suppose) Crime, Rebellion and Diforder have had a physical and necessary Influence, on the Matter or Vehicle belonging to each human Spirit; and thus the whole Mass of rebellious Intelligences, with the Globe they inhabited, was naturally and phyfically chang'd and diforder'd. I fay, it is most natural and philosophical, and perhaps a necessary Confequence of physical Efficiency and Energy, to conclude that the Spirit, according to its De-

Degree of Purity or Depravity, should purify and fublime, or corrupt and diforder the elementary Vehicle, with which it is cloathed: as Fire turns Bodies into its own Nature, and Cold deadens and incraffats them, according to the Degree of their Intenseness. We see Luxury, inordinat Leachery, Riot and Lazinefs, first incrassat, then inflame, and at last mortify and putrify human and animal Bodies; and Abstinence, a low and cool Regimen, Exercife and Air, lighten, enliven and volatilize them. And it is not impossible, that a whole Race, and all the Inhabitant Mass of fuch corrupted and putrified Bodies, and deprav'd and degenerated Spirits, may have had fuch an infenfible and gradual Influence on a whole Globe, its Atmosphere and different Regions, as quite to alter its original Nature; as we fee Heaps of putrifying Fish, Insects, and the Carcasses of Men, by the Fermentation and Valatilization of the animal Salts, (from intenfe Heat) produce an universal Plague and Peftilence, as was that of Athens, and many others. Thus far the Change of our Planet might have been a natural and neceffary Consequence at least, the Elements, or Beginning of fuch a Depravation of the Bodies of its Inhabitants, and their Habitation : which, no doubt, infinite Wifdom and Power, (who directs the natural and neceffary Effects of his inanimat Creation, for the moral Purposes of his intelligent Creatures, supernaturally) and out of the generat

ral Law establish'd for material Bodies and spiritual Substances, may have heighten'd, exafperated, or even quicken'd, according to his Pleafure, for the wife Ends and Purpofes of his Providence; and thus might have destroyed that Paradife, which by Rebellion and Diforder had been abus'd, viz. Supernaturally and contrary to the general Laws of the Celestial Motions, might have changed the Orbit, the Centre of Rotation, the Distance of the Earth from the Sun, and the Angle of the Ecliptic with the Equator; to reverse the Elements, destroy its Figure and Structure, and thus to weaken the Fertility, and produce the reft of the Appearances we now observe on our Planet, and throughout the whole Solar Syftem, which have many evident Marks of Ruin and Defolation; and this for a Punifhment and expiatory Purification of the lapfed Inhabitants : And thus also the Deluge might have been brought on, after the Destruction of a paradifaical Globe, by altering only its Centre of Gravity; and after the fame Manner other Changes might have been produc'd.

§. 19. An animal Body is nothing but a System or Aggregat of mere mechanical Powers, viz. of Ropes, Pullies, Levers, Tubes, Glands, Strainers, and the like; viz. One great Pipe with infinite Branches, (infinite in Number, Fitness and Delicacy;) fecreting proper and specific Liquors, to keep them (these Solids) in Repair, and

and preferve them in their due Tone, and a proper Degree of Elasticity, thereby to ferve the Intentions, and answer the Ends of the intelligent Spirit, while confin'd to this Planet. And as I have often used the Similitude, I still find it the most proper, viz. that the Body, this earthly Vehicle and Machin, is, as it were, a curious finely contriv'd Organ, or mufical Inftrument, whole Keys, Stops and Pipes were all originally, elegantly adjusted and duly tun'd, for the Use of the Musician, or indwelling Spirit. In this Fitnefs and Propriety to answer the Purposes of the Creator, does the Union confift; if that is partly diforder'd, this Union is partially diffolv'd; while the great and neceffary Parts are tolerably found, the Union will still subsist, the' imperfectly; but if these effential Organs are quite spoiled, the Union will be totally diffolv'd, and the Inhabitants, by the eternal Laws of Spirits, must neceffarily find out, and pass into some other astral Vehicle, or musical Organ, proper for its then Degree of Purity or Corruption; as an Infect is, by the great Law of Instinct, directed to deposit her Eggs on those Leaves or Trees that are fitteft to preferve and vivify them; or a Bird feeks by Instinct, the Situation and Materials for her Neft, that is most proper to shelter and accommodate her Toung; and this perhaps in a continual Progression, from astral Vehicle to Vehicle, perpetually refining, as the rational free Intelli-L 2 gence

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§. 20. MATTER, or Body, is effentially incapable of any thing but Division, Figure, Motion and Situation. It is naturally passive, and to make it active, or capable of Self-motion, is an absolute Contradiction and Impoffibility; for two opposite and contraty Principles can never fubfift in the fame Subject: and therefore it must be intirely inert and passive, and for ever continue in the State it is put in, unless it be chang'd by fome external Force; and that can never be effected but by a Spirit, or spiritual Substance : which, on the contrary, is effentially (elf-active and felf-motive, and by its Agency determines the Motion and Reft, and different Directions and Actions of Bodies. It is true, this Agency is under certain Reftrictions, being limited and fubjected to the general Laws of the Nature of Bodies; but the Beginning, End and Degree of the Force and Motion, and all other Changes produc'd in Bodies, are from the Energy and Action of Spiritual Substances, either primary or secondary, original or created; so that where Matter, Mechanism and its Powers and Laws end, there spiritual Agency and Energy begin. And therefore I fear, that Sir Isaac Newton's Spiritus quidam subtilissimus, Descartes's and Leibnitz's Vortices,

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Vortices, Hugens's and Fatio's infinitely rare, rapid, fubtil Matter, with the Qualities they must endow them, to folve Appearances, (I mean only in animated Bodies, for in Inanimat it may be required, nay fome fuch Fluid feems neceflary, I think) is, I fear, imaginary and without Foundation, from fufficient Experiment, or the Anology of Nature; unlefs by their infinitly fubtil Matter, they mean real spiritual Substance, or else the first Elements of Bodies; for Matter must be extended, divisible, inert, and gravitat, elfe it can be no longer Matter; and when fuch immaterial, and, as it were, felf-moving Matter is granted, it will separate us, but one Step further from spiritual Substance and Agency; or the perpetual Influence of the First Cause, in whom all things live, move and have their Being. And, I fear, the whole of the Supposition, how mechanical and adequat foever, to answer Appearances in all animated Beings, and in all Accounts of it given by these great Men, has not that Simplicity and Beauty confpicuous in, and effential and neceffary to, all the Works of God, i.e. to infinit Wildom and Power. Of the fame kind are animal Spirits, in the Account of muscular Motion; and, on the whole, I can conceive Matter no otherwife, but as divided, extended, mov'd and figur'd, and actuated and directed by Spirit, which only can act on it, by its own self-motive Energy, tho that too is limited and circumfcrib'd by Mattera

ter, in all created Spirits. If Experiment or repeated Obfervations fhould afcertain the Exiftence of fuch an infinitely rare and elastic Matter neceffarily, (which I fear it will hardly do) then we must submit to receive it; but, I think, fince Resistance will always necessarily accompany Matter in Motion, how finall, rare or elastic soever, it will of consequence at last alter the Figure and Direction, and abate the Force and Figure of the Particles, fo as to render them unfit to produce the Effect, and answer present Appearances; and perhaps this System may be fo ordain'd at first thus to end. But still, as we must stop fomewhere at laft, and admit of *(piritual* Agency to imprefs the first Motion, nothing but repeated and undeniable Experiment and Observation should induce us to multiply Caufes, and allow any fuch Fluid intervening between animated Matter and the first or secondary Movers. This will be better understood by an Example : It is well known what Pains have been taken, and how many Hypotheses have been fram'd, not only by Physicians, but Geometers of the first Rank, to explain muscular Motion, and all, I think, hitherto in vain. This fubtil Matter under the Name of animal Spirits, (or at least in propagating them) and even Sir Ifaac's Spiritus fubtilifimus, has been imploy'd for this Purpofe, tho' with little Satisfaction to most attentive and qualify'd Judges. How much more natural,

tural, philosophical and simple is it, to suppose the Nerves to be infinitly delicat and mechanically adjusted membranous Tubes, Twists or Ropes, whose Elasticity and Mechanism is preferv'd by an internal milky foft Pith, which Membranes receive their first Impression and Impulse from the self-motive Principle within us, (for the felf-moveing Principle must communicat the first Impulse either on this fuppos'd intermediat Fluid, or on these Membranes, and either of them is equally unintelligible and explicable; but the last is the shorteft way, and therefore likelieft to be the Method of the Author of Nature, who always works the fhorteft Way, and after the fimpleft Manner, as may be mathematically demonstrated in all his real and natural Workings) and communicat and propagat it by proper and harmonious Oscillations to the Muscles, by whofe mechanical Structure those barmonious Motions are excited into Action, by that admirable Mechanism fo fully and justly explain'd, by the learned and ingenious Dr. Alexander Stewart! How much more fimple and natural is it to conceive, that the Surfaces of Bodies, their Effluvia or repelling Steams, communicat certain juftly proportion'd and commensurable Undulations, Vibrations and Tremors to fuch membranous Pipes, which the natural Sagacity of the intelligent Principle knows by its own innate Powers, to indicat the Prefence of fuch and fuch Bodies; in the fame L 4

fame Manner as the Governor of a belieg'd Town, or the feveral Ships of a Fleet, understand what such a Number of Guns, or such a Flag, import and fignify! Thus Things are eafy, intelligible and fimple. We daily fee and hear, what fine Pieces of Music a skilful Musician can fling off a well-tun'd Instrument, from the various Motions of his Fingers or Voice: But this I propose as a mere Illustration. If Experiment should shew the Neceflity of the mentioned ethereal Fluid, even then, I think, it will take Place only in unanimated Nature. And if there is any Regard to be had to fuch an Hypothesis, before it be absolutely decided by Experiment, it must be, because Nature and its Author never act by Starts, Fits, and Intervals, but by flow, uniform and imperceptible Degrees, tho' the Progression is often not to be determin'd by finite Experiments, or finite Capacities. But even tho' the Organs of Sense may and do want Media, the animal Functions are too intimat and necesfary to Life to need fuch.

§. 21. LIFE, Activity and Intelligence, are natural and neceflary in fome Degree to all spiritual Beings, as all the Confequences and Combinations of them are; as being Miniatures, Sparkles or Infinitesimals of the Deity. All of the fame Order, Rank or Hierarchy, have these nearly in the fame Degree; and these Hierarchies and Ranks, differ only in their De-

Degrees of these primary Attributes. What may make the most apparent Difference in this State of things, in the Individuals of the fame Rank or Species, is, perhaps, the more coarfe or elegant Texture ; or the Fitness or Unfitness of their ethereal Vehicles in their first Formation, as they primarily came out of the Hands of their Maker. All the radical Differences confpicuous in the human Race now, are owing to the different Frame, Texture and Culture of their bodily Machin, and its fpiritual Organs; fo that originally there must have been no Difference of Sexes, because at last, in their reftor'd and recover'd State there will be none; they will, in that respect, be like the Angels, as Revelation expressy afferts. Something analogous to Creative Fecundity, possibly, may be even in Angels, and primarily may have been too in the human Race, because of their Similarity and Refemblance to those Angels, and to their grand Original the Deity; I fay, fome miniature Refemblance of his Creative Power might have been in them. Beneficent Nature must be necessarily communicative, and carneftly defirous, there may be infinitly more Beings to contemplat, worfhip and adore the infinitly perfect Being, and admire the Operations of his Hands, to imitat Him, and partake of his Felicity. But how this Creative Power, or earnest Desire of more Intelligences, operated then, I will not take upon me to conjecture: But certain it is, that the Division Way to the The or the of

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154 Philosophical Conjectures of the Sexes was after the Lapse was begun, and, perhaps, when it was far advanc'd; possibly to put a Drag on it, and prevent the final Degeneracy into Self-love, or an idolatrous and unnatural Commerce with the brute Creation.

§. 22. IT is both philosophical and highly probable to fuppofe, that the Bodies as well as the Spirits of all the human Race were created at one and the fame time; at leaft were fent into these Adamical Dungeons they now inhabit, at one and the fame time. The Spirit endow'd with the three radical Qualities of Life, Activity and Intelligence, in the Perfection that belong'd to its Order and Species; and the Body, in the Perfection of their then Eftate, at leaft in the original and first Stock, in whose Loins were included in Miniatures and Infinitesimals, in a perpetual Progression defcending, all the Race and Mass that should ever exist, of that Species. This will be no Difficulty to those who know and understand, the infinit Divisibility of Matter, and the Doctrine of first, second, third and consequent Fluxions or Differences, as they are now demonstrated and explain'd. These infinitesimal Bodies have probably been animated, and growing in their own Manner, and according to their Laws, from their first Formation, and from the Time of the primary general Creation, till they arriv'd at their full Maturity. No doubt both these miniature and mature Bodies,

Bodies, were vaftly different from what we find our lapsed earthly Tabernacles now are. As the Spirit was perfect in its Kind, fo was the Body: As the Spirit was pliant, supple, and chearfully obedient to the Influences of the . Eternal Spirit, (which was breath'd into it by the Spirit of God, viz. pure difinterested Love) fo was the Body pliant and obedient to the Commands of the human Spirit : All was Order, Peace, Love and Harmony; and probably the Frame and Figure of the Body might be in many Particulars different from what we now find it, as we have observ'd of the Difference of the Sexes in the former Section; and these Differences may be neceffary in one State of the Progression, and may naturally drop off, and decay, in another, when of no further Use: Instances of which we may see in the different Shapes of feminal Animalculs, Eggs, Nymphæ and young Infects, from what they have when arriv'd at Maturity; of a Chick in the Egg, from what it is when perfectly grown; in the feveral Stages of the Silk-worm, and most other animated Beings, Vegetables as well as Animals. And this is a just and wife Contrivance, and evidently demonstrates Design in the Maker, to fit the living Creature for its feveral Situations. But what is most material, is, that even this now Adamical and groß Tabernacle of ours, must neceffarily contain under it, the Principles, Elements, Springs and linear Root of that ethereal or

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or paradisaical Body it was created in, and of that perhaps glorious Body it will be reftor'd to at last in the final Recovery (which perhaps are both the fame). But this can be no Difficulty to those who know that the Rays of the Sun are but Matter and Body, which may be contain'd in a Dungeon of Putrefaction, and in a Dunghil as well as in the azure Sky; and that the Particles of Matter attract and repel each other in different Circumftances, and purify and fublime as well as incraffat and condense, by the mere Force and Energy of the prefent Laws of Nature : And this Law, by which the whole Stock of fuch an Order and Rank of Intelligences advances in a certain Progression towards Happiness and Perfection, (the Confirmation and Stability of which is only to be found in the last and most perfect State of Purity and Happiness, as being free, but finite, and confequently fallible Creatures) must absolutly depend on and be brought about by Experience, confirm'd Habits, many appropriated Trials, and much gradual Labour; for nothing is more certain than the Axiom, Nemo repente fit turpissimus aut optimus. This Law, I fay, of deriving the whole Race from fuch a radical Stock in an increasing Progression, was a noble Defign, and of infinite Love and Wildom, for rendering the fucceeding and posterior Generations Partakers of all the Acquisitions of Wisdom, Knowledge, and other Improvements of their Pecdeceffors : But as Corruptio optimi est pesfime,

fima, by the Lapse all the contrary has happen'd, and

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#### Ætas parentum pejor avis tulit Nos nequiores, mox daturos Progeniem vitiofiorem.

So that what infinit Love and Goodnefs could not effect, that is, render *finite fallible* Intelligences *fixed*, and eternally *ftable* in Order and Purity: *Punifhment*, *Experience* and *Trial* may at laft effect, tho' in an unnatural and retrograde Manner: But for this Misfortune, infinit Wifdom is no more to be blam'd, than a kind *Father* that leaves a comfortable Subfiftence to a *prodigal Son*, is to be charg'd with the Miferies and Difeafes he has contracted in fquandering it.

§. 23. THERE may possibly be original Difference in the Complexion and Frame of the Spirits of the fame Rank and Order of Intelligences: fome have one or more of their natural and radical Attributes in a greater Degree of Perfection than others, which certainly are heighten'd by the different Degrees of Perfection and Improvement of their moral Qualities; it being sufficient to constitute their Degree or Rank, that the Sum total of their Qualities, one to compensat the other, be originally pretty near equal. But I should think the greatest Difference confists in the Culture: The righteous Man is more excellent than his Neighbour, fays the Royal Prophet; which

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which is only from his cultivating into higher Habits his moral Qualities; and it is the fame with both Parts of the Compound, the Qualities of which, in all finite free Intelligences, must ever depend, to a certain Degree, on Culture and Improvement, in the Docility or Facility of the Spirit, and Pliancy of the Body. He that by Study, entering into his own Heart, thinking, reflecting, remembering, and acting, cultivats his Spirit, will continually acquire a Facility, Quickness and Penetration in intellectual Opperations; and he that by Air, Exercife, a low Diet, and proper and well-tim'd Remedies, improves and heightens his Health, and perfects his animal Functions, will be fitter and more capable to improve his intellectual Faculties. The bodily Machine, disorder'd or spoil'd, will fink, debase, blunt and confound the Operations of the Spirit; and the Spirit violently agitated, or too clofely confin'd, will disturb the Oeconomy of the bodily Functions: and the perfect State of Health, and the last Perfection of all intelligent Creatures, confifting of an intelligent Spirit and a material Machine, depends on the perfect Sanity and Harmony of both united, in their respective Order and Rank. A fuperior Degree of Perfection in either, will confift with an inferior Degree in the other; but when either the Spirit is quite uncultivated, or in an infinitesimal Degree only, the radical Qualities of Living, Activity and Intelligence,

telligence, may be dwindled into that one of mere Living, as in Children and Ideots, perhaps Brutes; and when the Body is much in Diforder, the spiritual Faculties, however cultivated, either wander at random, or act irregularly. But the Fund of the Spirit, or the radical Qualities, may be eternally the fame, invariable and unalterable in their Order and Rank, whatever happens to the bodily Machine; only the fenfible and elicited Acts will vary and alter; or, which is the fame thing, the radical Qualities of Living, Activity and Intelligence, may be invariable in the Rank and Degree proper to fuch a Species of spiritual Nature, whatever Machine or bodily Organ it be cloathed with; only it cannot exert its elicit or exterior Acts without a proper Machine : As a Musician is still in his Nature and Fund a good Musician, whether he has an Organ or mufical Inftrument to play on or not, or whatever fort of mufical Inftrument he has; but he never can perform an harmonious pleafant Piece of Music, without having a perfect and proper musical Instrument. An Angel is still an Angel in his Nature, whatever Vehicle he appear in ; but cannot perform his Office to the human Species, unless he appear in some Shape or Vehicle familiar and proper to his Commission. So that as to the human Species, the prefent Body and Vehicle was defign'd, and is neceffary only to commerciat and communicat with the System of Bodies or Beings

ings cloathed with material and fenfible Appearances and Qualities, as they now are in their ruinous State: For as to invisible, imperceptible, and spiritual Objects and Beings, the first Elements of any Knowledge about them, must intirely and folely be deriv'd from Analogy, to the Ideas and Refemblances of Things, convey'd to the fentient Principle through the Senses; and when these elementary Steps are gone through, and become familiar and eafy, Spiritual Agency and Operation (if fuch be allow'd) may then begin its Influence and Effects : For when the Mind has been duly cultivated and habituated to a Faculty of Thinking, to abstracted Sentiments, Reflections and Ideas, then rational, spiritual and closer Thinking, becomes familiar and eafy : But the Rudiments, and initial Procedure, must be deriv'd through the Senfes, in Perceptions and Ideas excited by Matter and its Qualities, but improved by Analogy and its Appendages, Trope, Metaphor, Similitude and Hieroglyphic.

§. 24. THE natural Progression and final Cause or Reason of this Oeconomy, as far as philosophical Reasoning may go in such Matters, may be this: The original and radical Qualities of all spiritual Natures being (as has been often said) Liveing, Activity and Intelligence, and these being unalterable and eternally the same, in the specific Order and Rank, a vast Number (perhaps of all the several Orders

ders of the Hierarchies) lapsed and fell, and ran into Rebellion and Diforder, (being finite and free) and fo defac'd and loft their moral Qualities of Justice, Goodness and Truth. Infinit Wisdom and Love then, always intending to recover and reftore his lapsed Creatures, must, by the eternal unalterable Laws of his Nature, bring it about in a Manner confiftent with their original and radical Qualities; that is, by preferving their Life or Liveing, their Activity or Liberty, and their Intelligence or Understanding. In loseing their moral Attributes, they perhaps loft or spoil'd, their paradifaical or glorious Body with which they were originally cloath'd, and were new-cloath'd over it, with a crass, unactive Tabernacle or Prison, fuch as we find our present Adamical one. now is; by which means our radical Qualities were greatly confin'd, and more narrowly circumfcrib'd, and we were reduc'd to a State of Annihilation and Extinction as to them (as it were) for a long Tract of Time : Our radical Qualities of Liveing, Activity and Intelligence being thus reduc'd to the fingle one of Liveing; as the whole human Race actually once were in the Loins of their first Parent Adam, or whoever was the first of the human Race, From that time they have been developeing, extending and unfettering their Adamical Tabernacles (every one in his Order) thus fpread over the internal ethereal Vehicle, till they came to a certain Degree of Maturity, and had form'd M

form'd the feveral new-cloath'd Organs, Pipes and Springs of this Second Adamical Machin, fit to perform the probatory and expiatory Harmony, in this Period of Duration, in order to acquire and regain their moral Attributes of Justice, Goodness and Truth, and to return into Order, and, confequential, Happinefs: Finite Beings, are absolutely uncapable to regain these moral Attributes confistent with their natural and neceffary ones, but by a gradual Progress, (viz.) by Labour, Patience, Experience and Trial, by which they may be gradually confirm'd into permanent Habits, and advanced to the Degree of their Order and Rank, or perhaps higher; and thus their natural Attributes being deprefs'd and funk into an Equality with their moral Ones, by being thus cloathed and circumfcrib'd with groß Vehicles, their natural Powers are preferv'd from Violence, and only sopited for a time, till the moral Qualities begin to rife; and then both may go on in the fame Pace, which, it would feem, could, by no other poffible or imaginable Means, be fo confiftently brought about. For the natural Attributes of Liveing, Activity and Intelligence, preserv'd at their utmost original Extent, must necessarily have counteracted and clashed with the Acquisition of the moral Attributes to any Degree of Perfection. For Example; innate, precise Knowledge, and a penetrating Understanding, in any thing, in this our lapsed Estate, would necessarily have counteracted

teracted Dependence, Meeknefs, Poverty of Spirit, Humility, pure Love, and univerfal Charity; and unbounded Liberty must have clash'd with Restraints, Submission and Resignation, now (at least) fo absolutely necessary to the Acquisition of the moral Powers to any Degree, and so of the rest of the moral Attributes. But by thus depressing the natural Attributes to the Level of the moral ones, both may, without Violence, be in time restor'd to their appointed Order and Degree; that is, they gradually and Step by Step, may be turn'd into permanent Habits, by the Divine Grace, and the Oeconomy of Jesus.

§. 25. HENCE, the moral Attributes being defac'd by the Lapfe, and the natural ones brought down to a Level with them, by confining them to groß Vehicles or Prisons, the whole of the intellectual Operations must, in fome measure, depend on the bodily Machin, as well, as the Degree and Perfection of the moral Attributes, in this prefent lapfed State, at leaft in its first Steps and Initiation. The intellectual Operations can never be fo regularly and perfectly exerted, while the Body is in Diforder; a fick and difeafed Perfon feldom perceives truly, nor reasons justly; and a vicious Person never judges solidly, that is, by Number, Weight and Measure, nor acts perfectly. But that this may be more clearly understood, it may want a little further Detail.

I fay nothing here of a possible passive State in advanced Christianity, that being above *Philosophy* or Conjecture, and perhaps the last Scene of the Drama of Restoration.

§. 26. WHAT Men call a Genius, or a Man of fine natural Parts, a Hero, or a Philosopher, (before the Fund, the whole created spiritual Substance, or the moral as well as the . natural Attributes, be acquir'd and cultivated into a Habit) is much owing to the Perfection of the Machin or Vehicle, and its spiritual or ethereal (now cloathed over with Clay) Organs. The intellectual Faculties require proper Organs, Springs, Ropes and Pipes, to perform their Operations by, as well as the Senfes; and thefe probably are the Arteriola, Fibrils and membranous Tubuli prolong'd, of the cortical and glandular Parts of the Brain, which are diverfify'd and delicatly modify'd ad infinitum; the Detail and Mechanism of which never was, nor perhaps ever will be, philosophically explain'd: But that the Perfection of the intellectual Operations in our present State, depends, in some measure, on the Soundness and Integrity of the Body, and these particular Organs, there are many undeniable Evidences to prove, as shall be afterwards shewn. What I would here infinuat is, that the Delicacy, Fineness and Perfection of one Set of these intellectual Organs, beyond that of another Set, is that which makes the Genius, Here or Philosopher.

pher. Thus the Health of the Body being good and found, if a Man has warm, but fharp Blood, with very elastic and ftrong pungent Nerves, but the particular Organs of Thinking, Attention and Reflection, indifferently agile only, he may make a Hero. If his Blood be cool, foft, mild and fweet, and his intellectual Organs very elastic or agile, he may make a Philosopher or Law-giver : And fo , of the other Differences of natural Spirits, among the human Race, in all of whom the Fund, or natural Attributes, may be pretty near equal. But whatever Equality there may be in the natural Qualities of fuch Spirits, the Difference in the moral ones, makes the human Species to differ at laft widely, even in the Exercife of natural ones. For the true Criterion of a right and found Understanding, and perfect Judgment, is to examin things by Number, Weight and Measure, according to their Nature and Relations, and then to effimat and prefer them, according to their intrinsic Worth and Importance thus determin'd; and in this Senfe it is true only, that the righteous Man is more excellent than his Neighbour : that is, wifer as well as better. And that the Acquisition and Culture of the moral Qualities, not only shew the Justness and Strength of the natural ones, but also inlarge, augment and perfect them, both as they necessarily mend and improve the bodily Health, by Temperance and Abstinence, and confequently rectify and M 3 tune

tune the Organs of the intellectual Faculties, but likewife as they cultivat and extend all the Powers of the Spirit, by Study, close Thinking, by Actions, and Abstraction, and other intellectual Operations, imploy'd in the Acquisition and Exercise of these moral Qualities.

6. 27. THAT the Perfection, and full, free and just Use of the intellectual Faculties, depends, in a great measure, on the Soundness and Health of the bodily Machin, more particularly of the Organs of these intellectual Faculties, is evident from many Confiderations: 1/t, The Body was defign'd to concentre and circumscribe the spiritual Powers, to confine and imprifon them for a time, and fit them only grofly to commerciat with other Bodies on this prefent ruinous Planet, and must purify and refine, according to the Degree of the Acquisition and Perfection of the moral Attributes, as has been explain'd; and every Step in this Acquisition neceffarily tends to develop and inlarge the natural and radical Attributes, as has likewife been hinted; from whence their mutual Dependence on each other becomes evident. In this our lapsed State, our gross and earthly Prisons were design'd by infinit Wisdom, to curb, concentre and reftrain the exalted Fun-Etions of the radical and intellectual Faculties, in Proportion to the Defacement and Decay of the moral ones, that being both on a Level, they might rife, advance and perfect by equal

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equal Degrees, without Clashing or Contradiction; without which our Ruin must have been eternal, our Lapse perpetual, and our Recovery impossible; the natural and radical Qualities, in their utmost Extent, being evidently contradictory to, and destructive of, the Acquisition and Improvement of the moral ones; and the whole Restoration must be brought about by the Culture of the moral Qualities, which perfect and develop the natural ones, and thereby purify and fublime the Vehicle, extend and form the intellectual Organs : So that in the first Steps at least of this progressive Purification, the Perfection of the Acts of the intellectual Faculties depend on and are in proportion to the Perfection of their natural and bodily Organs. 2dly, We experimentally find, the intellectual Facultics and Operations depend on the Body, in all acute and chronical (efpecially those called nervous) Distempers; the Raveings, Incoherences and Distractions in the first, and the unaccountable Terrors, Panics, Inconstancies, Dispondence and Cowardice of the last, are fufficient Proofs of this; and demonstrat the Neceffity of a proper Crafe in the Juices, and the Soundness and proper Elasticity of the Solids and Organs, in all the intellectual Functions and Operations, but eminently fo in the first Steps of our Renovation. 3dly, We actually find, and are ocularly sensible, in an Embryo, in Infancy, in seminal Miniatures, that the M 4 whole

whole of the natural Powers are concentred and imprison'd; and that it is in their Growth only, and in the developing of their Organs, and in the Inlargement of the Doors, Windows and Aperture of the Senfes, that their intellectual Faculties ever inlarge themfelves to any Degree. 4thly, We find that Luxury, Leachery, Intemperance, Lazinefs, ftrong and violent Paffions, inclement and pestilential Air, Bruifes and Accidents, that injure the arterial, and nervous System, always hurt, and sometimes deftroy the free Exercise of these Faculties, and the Acquisition of Virtue (at least of some Virtues) as well as Science ; and that proper Remedies, and due Management, recover and reftore them again. 5thly, Abstracting from the Probability and analogical Evidence, that the Bodies of the whole Race were actually form'd, liv'd, grew and extended in the Loins of the first original Pair, we see plainly, (as I have hinted) that every Individual begins with, as it were, a mere vegetable Life, while in Embryo, in seminal Miniature, and in the Mother's Womb; that when it is born, it has fcarce more than an animal Life, in which it continues much longer than any other Animal we know; and that it rifes by flow and imperceptible Degrees into a rational Life : From which it is evident, that the Powers of the Soul are funk, concentred, imprison'd and contracted by its unform'd Tabernacle or organical Vehicle, and cannot exert its intellectual Functions, but gra

gradually and infenfibly, and as the bodily and intellectual Organs are form'd; and that for this wife and gracious End, That the moral Powers and Virtues of the Soul may have Time, Liberty and Leisure, by repeated Acts. to turn into Habits, and fo all three may equally develop and extend together, (viz.) the natural and radical Powers, (which in their Capacity, and original Energy, are invariable) and the moral Attributes of the Soul, and their mechanical and material Organs. 5thly, But what is in this Cafe a Demonstration, is, that all the vital Functions and Senfations, are all perform'd by the Spirit, by the Intermediation only of Motions, Vibrations and Tremors. properly modify'd and impress'd by Bodies, or their Effluvia, on rightly dispos'd membranous Tubuli, elastic Threads or Filaments; which Motions or Vibrations, the Soul naturally, and by its own innate and radical Powers and Sagacity, knows to denote the Prefence of fuch and fuch Bodies, and their Actions. Thus Seeing is perform'd by the Impressions of the Rays of Light, emitted or reflected by the Surfaces of Bodies, which by the Size of their component Particles, and other Circumstances, exciteing particular Vibrations and Undulations on the elastic optic Nerves, point out to the fagacious Spirit (innately and naturally endow'd with fuch a Capacity of Perceiving and Judging) the Prefence of fuch and fuch Bodies: And in a Manner analogous to this, is Hearing, Feeling, and all the other Senfes

Senses perform'd, and muscular Motion may be perform'd much in the fame way. 6thly, To confirm all this, and that Observations and Fact may justify and demonstrat Speculation, it is certain, and almost infallible, that ponderous Medicines, duly and properly prepar'd and adjusted, and a low, cool, thin Diet, perfifted in, a due Time, and join'd with Air and Exercife, will generally reftore the free and perfect Use of the intellectual Faculties, not only to those who have destroy'd or hurt them by Luxury and Lazine(s, but even to fuch as have deriv'd them with their Birth, or from Accidents or Parents, if the Organs themselves be not intirely confounded or spoil'd ; at least in some Degree, sufficient to demonstrat the Proposition; and every one knows that this Method, and these Medicines, only mend the Juices, and open Obstructions. Of this I could give fome fuch Inftances, having treated feveral fuch Cafes, that I could venture my Reputation on some Degree of Success of the Method, when apply'd early and in due Time, before the noble Organs be quite spoil'd. And if Philosophy have any thing certain or true, it is this, that quo posito ponitur, & quo sublato tollitur, in eo consistit ejus rei Essentia. A great deal more I could urge, but this must fuffice to the honest Inquirer, and fair Philosopher; elfe, nothing will.

6. 28. FROM

6. 28. FROM all which it is evident, that it is to Experience, Culture and Probation, removing Obstacles and Impediments, that we must apply both for the Extention and Improvement of the natural and moral Powers of the Soul, and for the Perfection of the intellectual Organs of the Body. All three, fince the Lapse, have been contracted, imprison'd or concentred, as it were, to a Punctum Saliens, (as the Naturalists speak of the beginning Incubation of a Chick from an Egg) to be extended and dilated to a given State of Maturity and Perfection, altogether proper for its Order and Rank, and alone and only to be brought about at first by the Culture of others (its Parents, Nurses and Masters) while under Age, and afterwards by its own Industry, Attention and Diligence, in a proper Method, when come to Maturity. So that the whole Perfection of Body, Soul and Spirit, (by Soul and Spirit I always mean the natural and moral Powers) depend on proper Culture, Experience and Trials; and our whole lapsed State is probatory, experimental and progressive, and from our vegetable, through our brutal and rational, up to our restored first paradisaical and last divine, fix'd and immoveable State; the whole Progress is in a great measure our own Work, tho' under general Laws, both for Spirits and Bodies, but with fupernatural (or if you please, miraculous) Aids and Assistances from

from time to time, to be the Rewards and Motives of our Diligence and Zeal, tho' perhaps they are never to be felt or diftinguish'd, till the whole Progression is at an End; which Progression might or may be much after this Manner, as far as can be conjectur'd from things as they now appear. The human Race was originally made in the Scale of Intelligences, and in that Cone of Creation (if I may be allow'd the Similitude without offending weak Minds, and low Philosophers) which feems to afcend, from inert and passive Matter through the human Species, to the Angels, and beyond the Cherubims and Seraphins, up to the utmost Extent that created finite free Intelligence reaches: (all which, in their natural Powers, are Infinitesimals respectively and unalterably of their great Original, the Deity, but at an infinitly infinit Distance from Him, as they ought and must be, but in a verging Progreffion of Similarity to him, in their natural as well as moral Powers) I (ay, the human Species, being made a little lower only than the Angels, with Bodies or carthly Machins, supple and pliant to their ind welling spiritual Intelligences, and with Spirits fupple and pliant to the Influences, Impulses and Commands of the Father of Spirits (in which their Innocence and Felicity confifted); and being free, and confequently capable of a progressive Procedure, from this original State of their Creation, either forward to Perfection and Happineis to

a certain Degree, which probably might fix them in the Extention of their original Powers, (tho' not in the greatest Perfection of their moral ones) and confequently in their greatest Happiness; or a Departure backward into Diforder, Rebellion, spurious Self-love, inordinat Love of the Creatures, Propriety, and confequently Misery; their Creator eternally defigning to reftore them to their first or perhaps a higher Rank, plac'd them first upon this Ball of Clay, (which had been either naturally and physically ruin'd and spoil'd, by their own immoral Taint and Corruption, or was by his own omnipotent Agency) and confin'd them to Prisons and Dungeons made of this Planet, tho' with infinit Wildom and-Elegancy, and with a fublime Delicacy adjusted to the Nature of their Laple, or the Ends of their Probation and Purification; whereby their natural Powers being cramp'd and concentred to the Degree of the Decay of their moral Powers, they may by their own Labour and Culture (but fupernaturally affifted) advance proportionally in both, to the Stature and Degree appointed them in their original Formation, and perhaps higher; and in the mean time, perhaps dropping through many different Vehicles, and material Bodies, groffer, or more fublime, either Dungeons, or partially glorious Bodies, as they have advanced or gone backward in the Acquisition of the moral Attributes, Justice, Goodness and Truth, or (which is

is the fame in the Christian Language) of the Cardinal Virtues, Faith, Hope and Charity; which, justly explain'd, are of the fame Import:

6. 29. THE human Soul, or intelligent Principle, has its radical Qualities and Faculties, that it was endow'd with in its first Creation, effentially inherent and innate in its Nature, and in their full Extent and Perfection, even now in this lapfed State, perhaps beyond the Vigour they can ever arrive at in this mortal Life, only cramp'd and fopited by this grofs and carthly Prison (like a Felon in a Dungeon or condemn'd Hole); and as it has the Power or Root of the Senfes of Seeing, Hearing and Feeling, almost the same as when at intire Liberty, in its ethereal Vehicle, tho' now confin'd to Darknefs, Silence and Unactivity, and can only fee and hear as through a Grate or narrow Chink; yet it has its natural Powers, and their bodily Organs, as vigorous and lively, as when it was at large, tho' it be not in a Capacity to exert them in the fame Degree, by reason of its heavy clay Coverlet : And this gross earthly Tabernacle actually contains under it, the organical Lines and Stamina of that glorious paradifaical and first created Body it was endow'd with before the Lapse, or of the more glorious one it will be folely cloath'd with in its final Perfection and Reftoration, tho' both (for they are one and the fame) now cover'd over

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over and encrusted with großs mouldering Clay; and both Soul and Body, as they are now in this *lapfed* State, will gradually drop and gut off this *Adamical* Tabernacle, and flide into another, and perhaps a third, according to the general *Laws* of Purification, and in Proportion as the *spiritual* Inhabitant advances in Perfection, till at last it arrive at that *fix'd* and *permanent* State, and the Place and *Mansion* it was defign'd for in the universal *System* of Intelligences.

§. 30. FROM this Account, if agreeable with the universal Analogy of Things, and the general Laws of Providence relating to the Lapse and Purification of Intelligences; it will follow, that intellectual Acts and Exercifes are but Remembrance, and removeing Impediments, or but the Spirit's returning to its original and primitive State: That Culture, Study and Reflection, and all the Operations of the Mind, are really (and not figuratively) but lopping, pruning, drefling and removeing Obstacles and Incumbrances, and forming the bodily Organs to a proper Suppleness and Facility, for the Performance of fpiritual Exercifes, and to produce Habits: That the Study of Arts and Sciences, and all other Knowledge, is but Remembrance and Recollection, opening Passages and Apertures, to admit more Light into the Prison and Dungcon; which can only effectually be done by the Acquisition

quifition of the moral Powers of Justice, Goodnefs and Truth, or of Faith, Hope and Charity; and this not figuratively, but in Reality, and by fix'd Habits. In a word, the Soul has effentially and radically in its Fund and Nature, innate and permanent, all the natural Powers in their full Extent and Degree that ever it can possibly arrive at here, but they cover'd over, fopited and concentred by the gross Adamical Prison; and is only depriv'd of its moral Powers in its present lapsed State, which moral Powers it is fent here to recover.

§. 31. THE Exercise of the natural Powers of the Soul, (viz.) of Liveing, Activity and Intelligence, is the general State and Complexion of all spiritual Natures : Liveing means, supposes and implies the actuating, informing, directing and fuperintending the feveral Motions and Functions of a divinely organiz'd Material, either Ethereal or Planetary, groffer or more refin'd Vehicle, according to the Oeconomy of Providence in its Reftoration, and in giving Motions and Directions to Bodies or Matter to a certain Degree. Memory is but an Affection or Modification of the Understanding, fixing it to a particular Object; as feeking any thing absent or loft, is but a particular Attention and Observation or Detention of the Eye on the different Objects prefented; and that the Understanding has proper Organs for the different Uses and Purpofes

Purposes of Perceiving, Confidering, and fixing its Attention, as the Eye has various Mufcles, Tendons, Humours and Glands, for directing, fixing and perfecting its Sight; and Memory is just fuch a Modification of the Understanding, as Searching or Seeking is of the Eye; and all is perform'd through the mechanical Powers and Organs of the Body, by the innate Sagacity of the Mind: and hence it comes to pass, that when these mechanical Powers and Organs of the Body are quick and agile, to present Variety of Images, Pictures and Ideas with Readinefs, the Perfon is ingegious, fanciful, poetical, or of a quick and lively Imagination. If the Organs of the Imagination, the nervous Fibrilla, the membranous Tubuli, be ftrong and firm, the Impressions or Ideas being dureable, the Memory becomes ftrong. The Understanding is merely passive, it is like the Vis Inertiæ of Matter, or Reflection and Refraction in it, of which it is the analogous Quality in the Soul; and this Vis Inertiæ is one of the haft Steps of the descending Miniature of the divine Original in his inanimat Creation. Truth is to the Understanding, what Light is in animal Life to the Eye; it must be receiv'd abfolutely, and only according to the then State of the Mind. It is the Will that is the ruling and directing Faculty of Spiritual Nature, and its analogous Quality in inanimated Mat-

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Matter, is Attraction and Repulsion : all depend on it; it rules abfolutely, and without Controul, even sometimes over the Understanding, and every Faculty of the Soul. It is the self-active and self-motive Principle, acting above and beyond Matter, at a Diftance, without the Intervention of a material Medium, by its own Energy, and after its specific manner of Operation; as is evident from Instinet, Impulse, Sympathy and Antipathy, Confcience, natural Affection, and the like immechanical Affections of the Soul. Matter only limits and modifies its Operations, and renders it capable to commerciat and communicat with Bodies, by acting upon them, and being reacted upon by them. The Will may and can act without and contrary to the Judgment, Conviction and Approbation of the Understanding (Self-activity and Self-mobility neceffarily feeluding all foreign Aid); and from it the first Springs, Direction and Perfection of the Understanding, often take their Rife; but generally they advance by the fame Steps in their Purification; only the probatory and purifying Process in the lapsed State, both in the Acquisition of the moral Attributes, and in the Culture and Development of the bodily Organs, of the Faculties, gradually and by uniform Acceleration (like the Velocity of defcending Bodies) receives its conftant Impulse from the Will.

\$ 32. SOME

§. 32. SOME have thought, that the Wills of all Intelligences were fo order'd by the divine Decree and Appointment, that they should be so absolutely free, as to become even independent of his Influence and Prescience, and that their Liberty should be in a natural Equilibrium to do whatever their original Powers could poffibly effect, and be determin'd by their own Strength only, and affirm'd that so much a self-motive Power does neceffarily imply; and that accordingly, God was not actually certified of the Lapfe, till it happen'd, in the Angelical Hierarchy. That the divine Nature may actually have arbitrary Ideas, they think, neceffarily follows, from his natural infinit Liberty, which they suppose a Consequence of the absolute Infinitude of all his Attributes, and the Bafe and Root of his infinit Intelligence or Omniscience. For no Creature is free, but must be at the fame time intelligent, and all intelligent, Creatures are naturally Images of Him; and fince intelligent Creatures, fuch as we are, have arbitrary Ideas, (as is evident from our being able to act contrary to our Judgment, and contrary to our prefent and future greater Good, were it but to fhew the Nature of our Liberty, in any one Instance, for Example, to suffer present or future certain Pain, as in Suicide) therefore there must, by Analogy, be concluded

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a correspondent Power of infinitly more Force and Perfection in the divine Nature. It is true, Omniscience could certainly foreknow whatever Omnipotence could effect; but both Omniscience and Omnipotence being in the divine Nature infinitly free, they think it a higher Instance of Perfection and Power, for a free Omniscience voluntarily to design not to know what his Omnipotence might effect on his free intelligent Creation; and that it implies not want of Perfection and Power, but, on the contrary, is a much higher Inftance of Perfection and Power, for an infinitly perfect Being to create Intelligences, that fhould be naturally in fuch a Degree of Freedom, that even He Himfelf should not foreknow what they were to do; but should, as it were, voluntarily and arbitrarily suspend (Jesus Christ, fay the Fathers, suspended the Influence of his Divinity on his Humanity; He made Himself of no Report, He took upon Himself the Form of a Servant, the greatest Instance. of his Divinity poflible) the Influence and Penetration of his Omniscience, to magnify and manifest his Omnipotence. He might, no doubt, have foreknown every thing that should ever be effected, or brought to pass, by the self-motive Powers of his created miniature Images; but He might also defignedly and arbitrarily not foresee or foreknow all this, to . enoble his intelligent Creatures thereby, that 10 E

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fo they might be free even from his Espial & and Observation, for a Trial of their Faith and Patience, (as a tender Mother tries her Fondlings Strength and Gait, by letting go the Leading-string) and thus leave them a Poffeffion and Property, (that they might be fitter Objects of his Commerce and Glory) and that they might have fomething in Dominion and Heritage, that in Gratitude they might render back to Him, which even He (now He had created them) could not force from them. Perhaps fuch a Creature might become a nobler Inftance of infinit Wildom and Power, than one, all whole future Thoughts and Actions were certainly foreknown even by Omniscience: as a skilful Watch-maker might make a Watch or Clock, whole Time of Going or Striking he might not foreknow, or could not foretel, that abfolutly depending on the Length of the Chain tied to the Spring or Weight, which he had in his Power not to have measur'd. This bold and profane Supposition, of God's defign'd and arbitrary Non-fareknowledge of his finite free Intelligences future Actions, would indeed intirely take off all the Difficulties and Qbjections against the Laple, about Liberty, Prescience, and Predestination; and justify the Darknefs and Diffreffes in Providence, Revelation, and the whole Oeconomy of the Refloration: but whether it is perfectly confiftent N 3

fiftent with the Harmony and Simplicity, and abfolute Infinitude and Dignity of the divine Nature and Attributes, I dare not take upon me to determin. And fince infinit Sagacity and Penetration (like that of a wife and good Minister of State) will account for Prescience, without influencing or intrenching on Liberty, I am much rather inclin'd to subscribe to it. Infinit Persection can provide for the Persection and Happiness of his Creature, without any Prejudice to Himself.

6. 33. ALL intelligent Creatures being (as I have often faid) Effluxes, Emanations, and analogous Infinitesimals of the Deity, must necessarily be imprefs'd with his Image; for though they be finite, dependent, and created, yet being free, fo far they are little analogical Divinities; and though they flow'd from Him as their Source, yet by this their Liberty, they are able to hold, as it were, in Property, an infinitesimal Portion of his fpiritual Nature and Qualities, and thereby have fomething of their own to give Him back, and thus to commerciat with Him, and at last to return to Him as their last End: just as the last and least Particles of Water (being probably spherical or spheroidical) may retain their own Figure when receiv'd into the universal Volume of all Fluids of the Ocean, and are actuated by its Motions; or like the Fift, which though in the Sea, yet all

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all of them preferve their own Forms; or rather like the Iron in the Oven, which being turn'd into liquified Fire, yet retains its own Shape. Just fo, all created Intelligences may preferve their own Principles of Individuation, when they are reftor'd to the Rock out of which they were hewn. But these lame and unanimated Allusions I adduce only as Il*lustrations* of this incomprehensible Subject; for Creation, though a necessary Article to be believ'd in all the Systems of Natural Religion, is as incomprehenfible and inexplicable as any Mystery in Reveal'd, unless it be by Analogy; and it is no hard Matter then to conceive any thing is, that actually exists, especially where infinit Power is suppos'd the Caufe, and when it does not involve an absolute Contradiction, as these analogical Allusions shew this does not. However this Explication be receiv'd, I think it felf-evident, that in their Creation, or Emanation from the first Cause, all Intelligences have been imprefs'd with God's Image, and are really thereby infinitefimal Deities: And that the natural Powers, Attributes and Faculties we feel in our own Souls, may fairly be carried up to absolute Infinitude by Analogy, and in fome imperfect and groß manner, be fo rais'd as to give a shadowy Glance, or faint Idea, of the *Jupreme Being* the Deity : And that our Liberty may not be violated, and our Reftoration may be fecur'd, I fear this is as precife N 4

precise as we can reach in this our lapsed Eftate, while we dwell in earthly Prifons, I mean by Philosophy or mere Reasoning only, without Revelation or divine Faith. And therefore, whatever natural Powers, Qualities or Faculties we find in our own Souls, (at leaft in the beft and most perfect of our Race) we may fafely conclude, there are Powers, Qualities and Faculties, eminently correspondent and analogous to them, in the divine Nature, with the Difference that absolute Infinitude has to the lowest Finite : and on the other hand, that there are miniature Refemblances in all finite Intelligences, correspondent and analogous to the effential and fundamental Attributes in the divine Nature; and confequently that we may fairly reafon and philosophize (with the Modesty and Humility that become the lowest of Intelligences) from our own spiritual Nature, up to the Divine fpiritual Nature, keeping within the Bounds and Proportion mentioned. For Example; we find and certainly know, that in our own /piritual Nature there are Liveing, Understanding and Will, and that all our intellectual Operations are but Modifications of these: These then must be the natural Image of the divine Being originally impress'd on our Souls. We learn from Revelation, that in the divine Nature, there is a Trinity of Perfons, in Unity of Substance. We may then fairly

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fairly conclude, that, in fome Manner or other, the three radical Powers of Liveing, Understanding and Will, are the natural miniature Image and Representation of this Trinity in Unity. In the divine Nature, the three analogous and correspondent Attributes are, Self-existence, Omniscience and Omnipotence; in other Words, Necessity of Being, infinit Wisdom, and infinit Activity. In all created Intelligences, there are a deriv'd Being or Liveing, finite Understanding, and limited Will or Freedom. This Analogy or Correfpondence, I fay, between the divine Nature, and the spiritual Nature of all finite Intelligences, may give us at least fome general Notion of the Trinity in Unity (for Precision is incompatible with Finitude, and all I pretend to here, is to remove Contradiction and Impoffibility, from an uncomprehenfible and inexplicable Mystery). Self-existence, or Necesfity of Being, is the proper Characteristic of the Father in Revelation. I am that I am, or I am the fole Being, that is necessary Existence. The Word, the Wisdom, the Understanding of the Father, the express Image of his intelligent Nature, the sovereign Reason, is the Characteristic of the Son in Scripture. The Holy Ghost, or the Spirit of the Father and the Son, (viz.) their infinit Activity, Energy and Power, is represented there as a liveing, enlightening, actuating, comforting and

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and instructing intelligent Substance, and shadowed out to us by the most penetrating energic Things known, to wit, Wind, Light and Fire; and fo may be explain'd by our self-motive Power, our Liberty, the Spring of pure Love, naked Faith, and universal Refignation. All these three (and I think the natural Attributes of the Deity are but Three) natural Powers and Faculties are comprehended in one spiritual Nature, in all created Intelligences: in them they are Modalities only, Powers or Faculties; but in the divine Nature, they are Realities, and active distinguish'd Subsistences, because of its infinit Activity. For nothing is more certain in Philosophy, than the metaphysical and Scholastic Axiom, that every thing in God, is God. I might, with a good deal of philosophical Propriety, run this Analogy up to all the Qualities and Attributes afcrib'd in Scripture to the Perfons of the holy Trinity; but I give it only as a philosophical Emblem, Allusion or Similitude, to reconcile that inexplicable Mystery to modest, fober and guarded Thinkers; for it is still much better to adore and obey, and with or pray, to believe as the Holy Spirit in Revelation intended, the best we can, in the holy Trinity, than to philosophize about it. The two capital Errors in the Doctrine of the Trinity, (especially of the Incarnation) and divine Nature of the Perfons,

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Persons, (which is the Hinge of the Doctrine of the Trinity) is the Arian and Sabellian Herefies; both which are of great Detriment to Christian Perfection, and the Practice of its cardinal Virtues, Faith, Hope and Charity, or the Acquisition of the moral Powers of the Soul; but with a very notable Difference, the Arian being of infinitly more Detriment to sublime practical Christianity, than the Sabellian Herefy. The first dwindling and finking the Merit, Dignity and Love, his Sufferings and Satisfaction, and confequently difhonouring and debasing the divine Nature, Purity, and the Merit of the common Saviour of the lapsed Mortals; and thereby the Motives and Necessity of pure Love, naked Faith and universal Resignation, the fole Means of our Recovery and Immobility : And perhaps among all the Apostles, Martyrs and Confessors, and universally acknowledg'd Saints, there will not be found one who notably lean'd to this Herefy. The Sabellian, on the contrary, tho' certainly Heretical, too arrogantly departing from the Form of found Words, yet has preferv'd the Dignity and Purity of all these Motives, the Greatness of the Love of God, the Sanctity of his Nature, and Heinousness of Sin, and is only too philosophically nice, out of a Dread of intrenching, on the Unity of the divine Nature. I was the more willing to retouch this Speculation, becaufe

becaufe what I have advanc'd about it in my *Philofophical Principles of Reveal'd Religion* has been mifunderftood; elfe I had not meddled with it here, as being out of my prefent Province, for which I ought to beg the Reader's Pardon. This Mystery was not reveal'd to puzzle our Reafon, but for a Trial of our Faith, and a Motive to our Refignation; and becaufe its Truth was neceffary to the Conception of the general Plan of the Reftoration, and the underftanding, practifeing and perfecting the Chriftian Virtues and Morality.

9. 34. THE Soul and Body at first sopited in a State of mere vegetable Life, (in the seminal Animalcul, and in Embryo) is there developing, vegetats, and lives, (perhaps for many Ages) according to their own general Laws, and the fecret Defigns of Providence; in Time, the Compound comes into the Light, and is born into the World; and then, from the Velocity of its Growth, and the Development of the Organs of its Faculties, (the nervous membranous Tubuli, and the glandular Machinula, perhaps increasing first) becomes sensitive, and enjoys animal Life : The Nature of gro/s Matter, the Miseries of this ruinous Globe, and the prefent dark State of Things, inclement or deleterious Air, Negligence and Ignorance, and many other Accidents, (all under the Direction of

### on Spiritual Nature. 189

of an infinitly wife Being, for kind and gracious Purpofes) make the flender Individual now become fensitive, and feel Pain, Misery and Distress, even before it is conscious or capable to know the Caufe. Inftinct, (a plain but innate Effect) Pains and Sufferings, make it mechanically (as it were) avoid the Approach of the Caufes possible or probable, by which these Pains are produc'd. Hence natural Averfion, Reluctance, and fome Endeavours to retire from Excels of Colds and Heats, improper or too much Nutriment, and all noxious Bodies and Animals. These Sensations and Feelings lodg'd in the Memory, with the innate Instincts, Sympathies and Antipathies, grow ftronger, till they are gradually confirm'd into Habits; and on these infant Habits and - Ideas begin the Dawnings of Reafon, Reflection, Memory and Will, and all the Play of the intellectual Faculties on their now developing Organs. If the Body is ftrong, its Appetites and Paffions are proportionally fo, which inordinatly gratified, naturally and neceffarily beget firong and new Pains and Punishments; these, on Reflection and Remembrance, awaken Conscience, arising from an innate Instinct radically implanted in spiritual Nature, to excite and encourage a Love of Order, and punish Disorder; and Conscience actuated and enliven'd by ftill further Reflection on the neceffary and natural Connexion between 201120

between Disorder, Crime and Punishment; on the first Dawnings and Awakening into rational and conscious Life, if Children were duely and ftrenuoufly nurtur'd and cultivated by frequent Acts, as Occasions offer, and fupported by due Temperance, Air and Exercife, in the bodily and organical Powers, and by bringing the Appetites and Paffions in Subjection to the Spirit, and thereby labouring to acquire a Facility and Readiness in the Exercise of the moral Powers, as the natural ones advance; they would, in due Time, raife the Adamical Compound to all the Perfection and confequent Happiness this present State would admit, in the full and free Exercise of the natural Powers, and the Acquisition of the moral ones; tho' not to the greateft, yet to a competent Degree, and to the most perfect and orderly Condition this prefent probatory and expiatory State will admit. But the Nature of Things in and about us is fuch, and the Miferies and Sufferings are fo conftant, unavoidable and pungent, as will naturally and neceffarily excite in a Mind cultivated after the Manner has been describ'd, an anxious Desire to inquire and examin if there be any poffible Means to be freed from them at laft; and if there can be any rational and probable Way to fecure, at least after this State is past, and this Adamical clay Tabernacle is laid down, fome State of Being, at least no worfe, and as much better

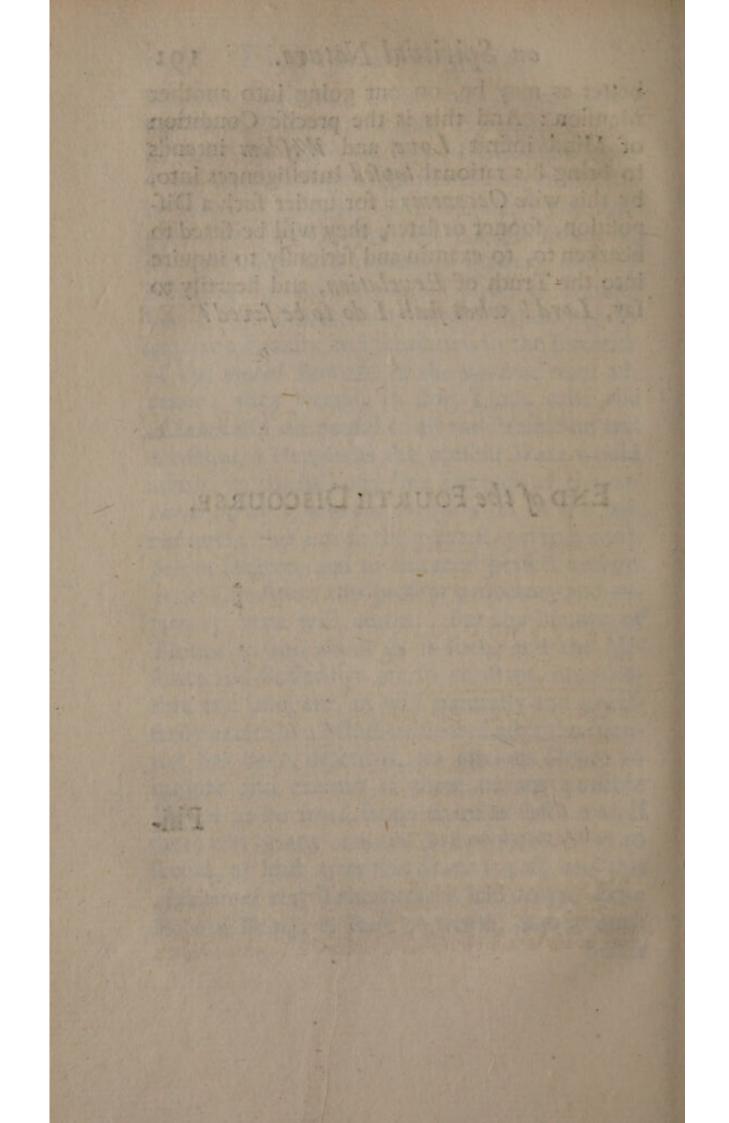
### on Spiritual Nature.

better as may be, on our going into another Manfion: And this is the precife Condition of Mind infinit Love and Wifdom intends to bring his rational lapfed Intelligences into, by this wife Oeconomy; for under fuch a Difpofition, fooner or later, they will be fitted to hearken to, to examin and ferioufly to inquire into the Truth of Revelation, and heartily to fay, Lord! what fhall I do to be faved?

### END of the FOURTH DISCOURSE.

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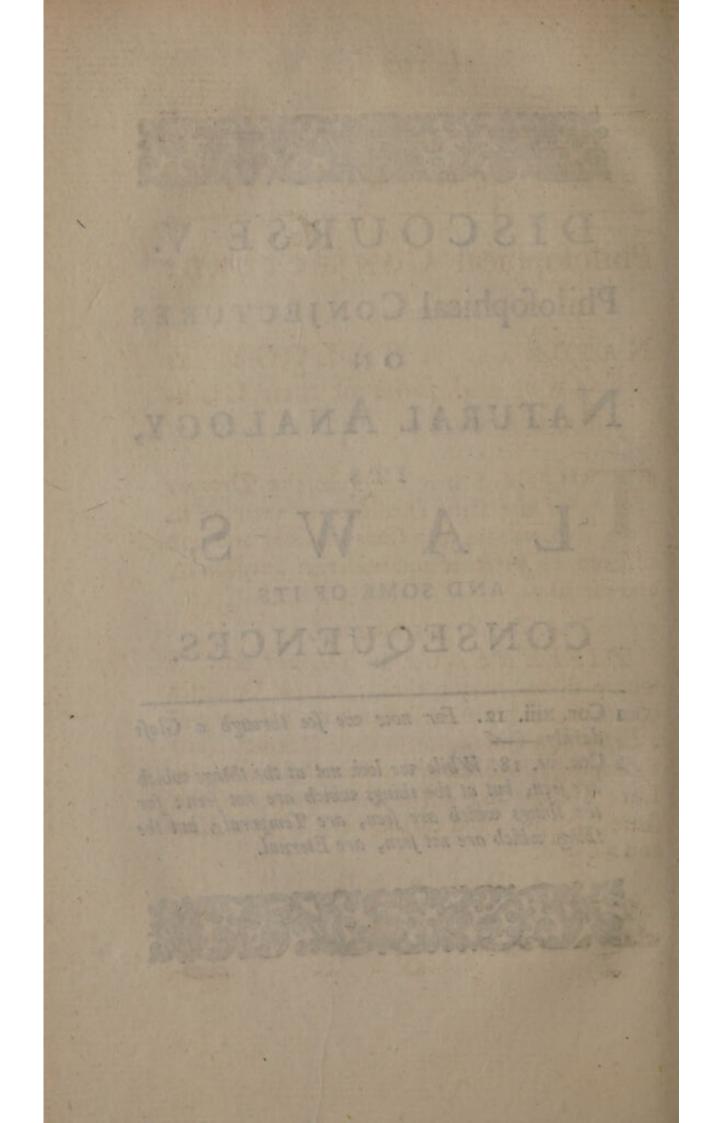




# DISCOURSE V. Philofophical Conjectures on NATURAL ANALOGY, ITS LAND SOME OF ITS CONSEQUENCES.

- I Cor. xiii. 12. For now we see through a Glass darkly \_\_\_\_\_
- 2 Cor. iv. 18. While we look not at the things which are seen, but at the things which are not seen: for the things which are seen, are Temporal; but the things which are not seen, are Eternal.





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DISCOURSE V.

## Philosophical CONJECTURES

#### ON

NATURAL ANALOGY, its LAWS, and some of their CON-SEQUENCES.

THINGS may differ in the Degrees of the fame Qualities, as well as in Kind; as in a Cube of Gold and one of Lead, in *fpiritual* and material Substances, and the like.

#### DEFINITION L.

DIFFERENCE in Degrees only, is where things having their effential Qualities common, admit in these Qualities, a More and a Less, or a Difference in their Degrees. For Example; A Miniature and a Picture to the Life; a Cube and a Parallelopipedon of the fame Substance, and on the fame Base; a Man and a Child.

#### DEFINIT, II.

DIFFERENCE in Kind, is only where some effential Qualities in the things o com-

### 194 Philosophical Conjectures compar'd arc common, some arc different; as

a Vegetable and an Animal, Matter and Spirit, a Cube of Gold and one of Lead.

#### DEFINIT. III.

By Ratio, is here meant the Relation or Reference of any two things compar'd to one another, whose essential Qualities admit of Degrees, or of a More and a Less; as between a Brute and a Man, a Man and an Angel, and between different Bodies of the fame Substance.

#### DEFINIT. IV.

SIMILARITY, is where there is an Equality or Sameness of Ratio's in the Substance, and effential Qualities of things, differing only by a More and a Lefs. For Diffinction's fake, in abstracted or fimple Ideas, or in Qualities, I should call this Sameness or Equality of Ratio's, a Similitude or Likenes; as in Problems of Arithmetic and Geometry, in Heat and Cold, in Light and Darknefs, and the like. In Things, Substances or Aggregats of Qualities, I should call it Similarity; as in all the Individuals of the human Species, in Animals and Vegetables of the fame Tribe, and their Progress from the Embrio or Seed, to Maturity, I should pronounce them, I fay, in a Similarity of Ratio's.

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#### DEFINIT. V.

THINGS, Substances, and Qualities, are meant to be progressive, or in a Progression, which are constantly increasing or decreasing similarly: For Example; The concave Surfaces that make a Globe, (as the Coats of an Onion, the Membrans of the Cornea of the Eye) the Puncta Salientia, that become Animals; the Mathematical Point, whose Fluxion deferibes a Line; the Mathematical Line, whose Fluxion makes a Surface; and the Mathematical Surface, whose Fluxion makes a Solid.

#### SCHOLIUM.

SPACE and Time, Motion and its Velocity, seem to be no Realities, at least no external Realities, but the mere Modifications, and different Circumstances and Situations of Bodies or Matter, and fo nothing but mere abstracted Ideas, or an easier and clearer Manner for our finite Conceptions, which cannot comprehend any complicated Thing at once. A particular Space, or the Locality of a Body, feems to be a mere Mathematical abstracted Solid, (fo to speak) or the last Limit or Term of a Mathematical Solid, or of Body evanishing; fuch an one as a Point is of a Mathematical Line, a Line of a Mathematical Surface, and a Surface of a Mathematical Solid; only here the whole Content of the Mathematical Solid, or evanishing Body, is com-Q 2 prehended

prehended in the Idea. The fame way of Reafoning may be applied to Time, Motion, and Velocity, which are but the Limits, Modifications, and particular Circumstances of Body or Matter, and have no external Realities; but like the Shadow, that depends on the Light, fhincing on the Body : they all admit of Degrees, or a More and a Less, as belonging to, and connected with, Matter and Bodies. A particular Space is to a particular Body, what o, or the relative Infinitefimal is to a particular given Progression; and an Infinit Body, like infinit Space, is a mere imaginary Idea, the last Term or Limit of an ascending Progression, as o is of a descending one. Suppose, for Example, a Progreffion of the Powers of Natural Numbers, or their Coffic Characters, descending, &c.  $+x^{4}+x^{3}+x^{2}+x+\cdots-x-x^{2}-x^{3}-x^{4}$ , &c. the middle Term, o or x will represent a Mathematical. Point, and + x will reprefent an infinit Body, and  $-\infty x$  infinit Space, +x a particular Body, and -x a particular Space; and fubftituteing for  $+\infty x, x+x+x+x+x, & c. and for -\infty x, -x-x-x$ -x, &c. (or what Number of unknown Quantities, or howfoever compounded, with their variable or conftant Powers) and treating them according to the Nature of their Composition in a given Expression, by the common Rules of Coffic or Arabic Characters, and rejecting all the finite Terms, or those of a lower Order of fuch abstracted Infinits, and referving only the

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the highest Terms of the Expression; and you will readily and intelligibly have all the Mysteries, and folve all the Problems difcovered by Fluxions, Differentials, and Series's, in Numbers, Space, Time. Motion, Velocity, and Bodies, and fee that all this mysterious and admired Play of the Understanding, is wholly about abstracted Ideas, and the Modifications of Body and Matter, which our narrow, limited and finite Faculties not being able to apprehend and conceive diffinctly in the Complex, are forced to parcel out and divide thus into fingle intelligible Parts, merely for their own Convenience; and fo is a mere Technical Art of the Understanding and Imagination to assist the Memory.

#### DEFINIT. VI.

RELATIVE Infinit, or Infinitude in Creatures, (whofe Nature confifts in being more or lefs respectively than any assignable Quantity whatever) is fuch as increases or decreases perpetually ; yet by no finite Power can be actually brought to nothing, and no finite Faculty can actually affign its limiting Terms, viz, the greatest and the least. In this Sense it is, that we suppose the least Particles of Bodies to be hard and indivisible; that Body or Matter cannot be infinit; that Matter is divisible in Infinitum; that Attraction at a certain finite Distance becomes Repulsion; that positive Quantities become negative in convergent 0 2 Pro-

Progressions, or from *negative* become *posttive* in divergent Progressions; which Progressions may be infinitly varied, even to a created or relative Infinitude, as Mathematicians know.

#### DEFINIT. VII.

ABSOLUTE Infinitude is the fole Property or Attribute of the Deity, who is infinitly Infinit in all Excellencies and Realities, which, though infinitly various, are at the fame time infinitly fimple and one. This is evident from the Simplicity and Unity of his Nature, as a true Philosopher must fee.

#### DEFINIT. VIII.

THINGS are contradictory only, which abfolutley and totally deftroy one another, and mutually annihilat their Substance, Subfiftence, and Qualities. Thus it is in things created, (if abfolute Contradiction can subsist in them) Heat and Cold in the same Degree, Light and Darkness in the same Degree, negative and positive Terms of the same Progression, finite and infinit of the same Kind. But nothing seems to be so absolute a Contradiction as necessary Existence and Nonentity, absolute Nothing and absolute Infinitude.

#### SCHOLIUM.

It is doubtful, whether or not there can be any real and complete Contradiction between created

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created Substances, Things and Qualities, fince they must all necessarily be Pictures, Emblems or Miniatures of the Deity, and the divine Attributes, Subflance or Nature. There feems to be neceffary, an Energy, Action and Reaction in the contradictory or totally annihilating Substances, Things or Qualitics; as that between the good and evil Principle in the Manichean System; between abfolute Nothing and absolute Infinitude, in the true Philosophical System; between Creation and Annihilation : For in all created Things, Substances and Qualities, there is Subfistence and Reality, (Spiritual, Intellectual or Material) which cannot be annihilated or render'd totally contradictory, but by the fame absolute Infinitude by which they were created or ordain'd; and infinit Perfection can at no future Time be contrary to itfelf; the Works of God are without Repentance; and Reaction always supposes Action. In created Substances, Things and Qualities, there feems only to be a Contrariety, that is, a Contradiction or Annihilation of some of the Qualities, and their respective Degrees. Thus material and Spiritual Substances may be contrary to one another, but not contradictory; being actually united, and fome-how ally'd, in all intelligent Beings; and having fome Qualities common, as actual Existence, and a Power of intending and remitting their Energy, or of Expansion and Contraction in their Substances and Powers, . . . . 04

Powers, analogous to Elasticity in Bodies. They must indeed have Limits and Bounds of their Activity and Self-mobility, beyond which they can do nothing, which Powers Matter feems defign'd to terminat and counteract (as Shadows die away in thick Darkness). Matter may suspend, contract and deftroy the Action and Exertion of these spiritual Powers, but cannot annihilat their Substratum, nor destroy their Root or Fund; for after their Concentration by Matter or Body, they will still substit in the Substratum, either in Root or Act, in a finite Magnitude, or infinitesimal Miniature.

#### DEFINIT. IX.

ANALOGT is a Similarity in Substances and effential Qualities, differing only by a More or a Lefs, or in Degrees.

#### SCHOLIUM.

ANALOGY is of two kinds, *simple* and *complex*; that is, perfect and complete, or imperfect and incomplete.

#### DEFINIT. X.

SIMPLE Analogy, is where there is a perfect and total Similarity of Substances, and effential Qualities, differing only in Degrees. As that between a lumbaginous Animalcul, a feminal Embryo, a Child and a Man; that between a Seed and a Plant. Of this Nature are all the particular Antwers to indetermin'd Pro-

Problems in Algebra, and all the particular Curves that answer the fame Conditions in Geometry, of which there is an infinit Variety.

#### SCHOLIUM.

THERE are (I think) Substances, Things and Qualities of a middle Nature, between the Extremes, or the greatest and least of their Terms, in every created Reality; as between any two finite given Terms in Quantities, there is an Infinity of mean Proportionals, actual and affignable; as between x and y there is the Mean  $\sqrt{xy}$ . and between x and  $\sqrt{xy}$  there is  $\sqrt[4]{x^3y}$ ; and in a Circle of an infinit Diameter, between any finite Part of the Diameter and the other infinit Segment, there is the Perpendicular, (a mean Proportional) which is neither infinitly Small nor infinitly Great, (I fpcak only of relative Infinitude) and which I fhould call Indefinit; fo in Substances or Substrata of Qualitics, whether Material or Spiritual, (the two Terms or Limits) fome may approach or verge towards groß indifcerptible or imporofe Matter, or pure Spirit, in all the Degrees of relative Infinitude, which never can by any Power lefs than abfolutely infinit, arrive at either of the Extremes. This in Algebra and Geometry is demonstrated; and the absolute Infinitude, Purity and Simplicity of the Divine Nature makes this Diffinction neceffary here.

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#### COROLLARY I.

HENCE it will be reasonable to suppose, that as Matter, by its infinit poffible Division, Minuteness and Rarity, by its Elasticity and Velocity, may be fublim'd and refin'd into relative Infinitude, fo as to become, as it were, Sir Isaac Newton's Spiritus guidam Subtilisfimus, and meet only with an infinitly fmall Refiftance in paffing through grofs and porous Bodies, fuch as our Planet is; so spiritual Substance may be analogically supposed to be capable of all the relative Degrees of Purity and Sublimity, or Groffness and Density, till it terminat in the loweft or higheft (piritual Substance, which yet will ever be contrary, though not contradictory, to material Subftance.

#### COROLLARY II.

HENCE it will follow, that this infinitly refin'd material Fluid, of indefinit Rarity and Elasticity, will meet with no fensible Resistance in passing through gross planetary Bodies; yet its Parts being still Material, and subject to the Laws of all material Bodies, must at least meet with some infinitesimal Resistance, and have some Reaction; as the Rays of the Sun, being Oceans of material Particles, constantly emitted from his Body, must necessarily lessen it, though infensibly and infinitly little, yet really; so that neither of them can be design'd to last to an actual Eternity

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Eternity in their prefent State ; they may be fo alter'd on proper Occafions, by the Power and Influence of Him who first created them, as to answer the Ends of his wife Providence, but cannot continue as they now are during all his *Eternity*.

#### DEFINIT. XI.

COMPLEX or imperfect Analogy, is where there is only a Similarity between a certain Number of effential Qualities, that differ in Degrees, and are diversified in other Qualities lefs effential; as that between a Man and an Angel, that between a Man and a Brute, or that between a Plant and a Brute; and the feveral Ranks and Orders of Being emerge as these Qualities increase and multiply.

#### PROPOSITION.

ALL Creation, the whole System of the Universe, with all the particular Systems in Nature, all Beings animated and inanimat, all Substances, Qualities and Realities whatever, and every individual Circumstance in Nature, is nothing, and necessarily can be nothing, but the Supreme Being, his Nature and Attributes, transfubstantiated into Being and Preceptibility, pourtray'd and shadow'd out and drawn forth ad extra. Mundus universus nihil eff nis Deus explicitus. But the Workman will eternally be different in Kind from his Work, the Cause from the Effect. DE-

#### DEMONSTRATION.

BEFORE Creation, Omnipotence itself could find no Pattern or Model for his Operations ad extra, but Himfelf, and his own Attributes, or the Ideas of his own Mind; which being infinitly perfect, must necessarily have been the best and most eligible to imitat and copy out in his Productions; and Perfection being simple and one, by the Necessity of his own perfect Nature, He could act outwardly no other way than by this Analysis; and this is a Demonstration a priori from the Cause to the Effect, if any thing can poffibly be fuch; and in fact, it holds equally ftrong a posteriori, fo far as the wifest and best-cultivated human Spirits can reach or inveftigat, takeing in the neceffary Conditions and Circumstances, as far as Experiment and Observation can difcover; which I intend to fhew and illustrat in a few Inftances.

6. I. THE vegetable World, in its Variety, Elegance and final Causes, is a most astonishing Proof of God's geometrical Knowledge and Skill, (so to speak) and fully shews what Matter, the grossest and most unactive Substance, can do, when contriv'd and directed by his Wisdom and Power. In Plants and Vegetables, there seems to be no spiritual or telf-motive Power; but only a material Spirit, or such an one perhaps as Sir Isaac Newton's Spiritus

Spiritus quidam subtilissimus : Here, and in material Agency, that Fluid feems neceffary; and the few Observations he has offer'd to infer its Neceflity, (which the prefent Experiments and Discoveries about the Caufe and Laws of Electricity and Magnetism wonderfully confirm) are supported by its Implication here in vegetable Nature, in order to explain the Actuation, Growth and Increase of Plants and Minerals; all which vegetat and increase according to general Laws, which no lefs Power than that of the Author of Nature could fo wonderfully have contriv'd and perpetuated. For though by Heat, Moisture and Attraction, from a supramechanical original Formation and Arrangement of the indivisible Particles of Matter, or original Elements, their future Progression, Development and Multiplication may be now, in the grofs, underftood and explain'd; yet the Caufe of Attraction and Elasticity, the first Impulse, and motive Energy, and the Continuance of these Powers and Activity, can fo probably be accounted for from no other Principle, as this relatively infinitly rare and elastic Fluid, the Size, Figure and Laws of which could come only from this infinitly powerful and wife Geometer.

§. 2. THE totally inanimat Creation (confifting either in the Fragments of the animated Parts, or in the now aggregated or compounded Molecula of the primary Elements) fhew

fhew and speak the Wildom and Skill of their Artificer; but more especially the Systems and Collections of these elementary original Particles, viz. Air, Water, Light, Salts, and Mercury; how proper their Size, Figure and Laws, for the Uses and Ends proposed? This Speculation would rapturoufly imploy the Eternity of a sagacious natural Philosopher. Sir Ifaac Newton has, with great Penetration, difcover'd many hitherto unknown Mysteries and Miracles of Wildom, in the Theory of Light and Colours. I will only fuggeft on the Head of this and the former Proposition, that had it not been for the first Contrivance in the Systems of minute Particles now mention'd, there could not poffibly have been any proper Materials for the Food, Growth and Increase of the Vegetables, Minerals and Metals; and had it not been for the Combination and Arrangement of the Elements, into fuch middling integral Particles, as are these of the Vegetables, there could have been no proper and peculiar Food for the Animals; the whole System being so disposed in a perpetual Climax, that all its Parts mutually depend upon and are subservient to one another; the Tubes of Vegetables being mechanically fitted and harmonioully adjusted to mould the Form, the Size, and combine these Elements into the middling nourifhing integral Particles, for the Food of Animals, by the Solar Heat, and the Laws of Attraction in minute Bodies.

9.3. IN

§. 3. IN sentient and intelligent Beings, from the brute Creation, through Men and Angels, up to the Seraphims and Cherubins, as far as Creation reaches, the Analogy is plain, fimple and neceffary. The three natural Powers of Liveing, Intelligence and Liberty, in their spiritual self-active Principles, cloath'd and circumscrib'd by æthereal Vehicles, seem to be there in a perpetual Climax, and differ only in Degrees. The effential Difference between this and the vegetable and mineral Creation, (which are both of the fame Order and Tribe, and by the fame vegetative Laws, diversified under different Circumstances, (like the initial Terms of an algebraic Canon converging into the higher and more advanc'd Terms) equally grow and increase) feems to confift in the self-motive and self-active Powers of the former, of which the latter is intirely destitute. The vegetable Creation feems only to be actuated by the Powers of Matter, and is confequently inert and paffive, and continue for ever in their Place and Situation, unless forced from it by some external Impulse; whereas the brute and animated Creation have a felf-motive Power; fo that Vegetation intirely depends upon the Powers of Matter; and Animation, in all its Degrees, requires a spiritual Substance of some Rank or other : And here the effential Difference between vegetable and animal Nature lies, viz. in

in the locomotive Power of the latter, of which the former is deftitute intirely, and is merely passive. But fince the brute Creation, in some Degree, plainly manifests all the Paffions and Affections of Mind, that we of the human Race are capable of; fince they live, or are actuated by a self-motive, self-active Principle; fince they feel Pleasure and Pain, and may be (at least most of them that fall under our Observation) made to learn and understand some things (which is a Proof that they are endow'd even with Intelligence in a lower Degree); and fince all of them, from the minutest microfcopical Animalcul up to the Elephant and Whale, fuffer, and must necessarily fuffer, a Million of different ways here, at last most intenfely by their Death and Diffolution, it is highly probable that they are in a lapsed, expiatory and progressive State of Being, and may advance to higher Degrees of Perfection and Happiness, like the initial Terms of a diverging Progression: This the Analogy, perfpicuous and neceffary in all the Works of infinit Wifdom, and the various and manifold Operations of God's Power, makes highly probable, rational, and philosophical. Infinit Benevolence admits of no Stop or Bounds in its Communication of Being, Happinefs and Perfection, but what arifes from the Difference of the Order of Nature, or of Things.

6. 4. As

§. 4. As to us of the human Race, our original Powers, the Order, Rank and prefent State of our fpiritual Nature, and felf-motive Substance, with its original *æthereal* Vehicle, at prefent cover'd over with a *Crust* of the Substance of the gross ruinous *Planet* we inhabit, fo much has been already faid in the former Discours, that to avoid *Tautology*, (which I have perhaps run too much into), I shall not come over the subject here.

§. 5. THE angelic Hierarchy must, in its own Nature, and from our present lapsed State and Condition, be absolutly unknown to us, but in so far as Revelation, or philosophical Analogy, give us some dark Hints; but such Hints they do give us, as imply no Contradiction, but on the contrary have a great Degree of Probability and Verifimilitude, and naturally flow from the infinitly various Wifdom of the great Author and Caufe of Creation: We may err in the Detail, but not in the general Idea about them. We fee what a Variety (an infinit Variety) of Vegetables and Animals, in their feveral Tribes and Species, He has produc'd; and if we could poffibly observe and class them, taking in those we cannot discover but by the Help of microscopical Art, we should find this Variety increase infinitly more in the animated, than in the vegetable Creation, rifing in a certain harmonious

nious Progression and Variety, and which, no Doubt, is multiplied in the fame Proportion in the angelical World. For, as things combin'd multiply or increase in the Number of their Qualitics or their Degrees, fo do the Combinations possible and actual, as is well known to Mathematicians. The Fixt Stars, with their analogous planetary æthereal pure and fublime Systems and Apparatus, feem most probably to be the Seats of the unlapfed angelical Hierarchies; and he that knows, or has a dark Notion only, of the Number of those already discover'd, the Number of those hid in the Milky Way, as it is called, and the infinite Extension and Expansion of Space, which, in order to preferve the Situation, Distance and Equilibrium of these Orbs, must be filled with analogous Luminaries or Systems, may have fome Idea of the infinit Number and Variety of these Hierarchies. They must all have some generical Nature, as well as specific Differences : This generical Nature may probably be no other, than the fundamental and effential Attributes of the Deity, viz. Liveing, Understanding and Will, or Father, Son and Holy Spirit, as has been analogically illustrated, and which, in gross folid Matter, are fhadow'd out in the trine Dimenfions of Bodies. Their specific Differences no finite Capacity can possibly affign or comprehend, but there are two very eminent, effential and luminous ones, fuggefted to us from Revelation,

velation, and confirm'd by philosophical Analogy, viz. those of the diffinguishing Characteriftic of the Son and Holy Spirit. St. John fays, God is Light, and in Him is no Darkness at all; and in another Place he fays, God is Love, and he that dwelleth in God, dwelleth in Love : That is, the Divine Nature and Subftance is Light and Love; and accordingly, the highest Orders of the celestial Hierarchies are eminently Light and Love, or they are infinitly Luminous, or infinitly Ardent; which two Qualities make the Characteristic of the Cherubims and Seraphims, as their Names import; and these two Attributes of the Divine Nature feem to pafs varioufly, and in different Degrees and Gradations, through all Creation down to inanimat Nature; and in each Individual, they are both radically and actually existent, but in different Degrees, according to their several Orders. Existence, or Liveing, is common to all created Beings, which is an analogous Participation, Picture or Image of the Father and Creator, by whom are all things. Some Bodies are nothing but light, luminous and transparent, as Fire, sulphurous Bodies, and all minute Bodies, violently agitated, or put into brisk vibrating Motions; and every Body shredded fufficiently thin, becomes diaphanous; and all Bodies whatever, reflect or refract Light. Some Bodies, again, are more or less attractive, as Salts, Oils and Sulphurs; and some at certain Distances less than P 2

than infinite, are repulsive (which is a flagrant Picture of Lapfe, Corruption and Rebellion in (piritual Nature). All these Qualities have their analogous and correspondent Powers in (piritual Nature, which to a Philosopher of any Penetration were superfluous to detail. For in *(piritual* Beings and intelligent Natures, thefe two Qualities and their higher Degrees, in fome more than in others, are fo confpicuous, that they cannot be over-looked. In all Founders of Republics, and Civil Societies, in all Law-givers and Philosophers, in all Apostolical Men, in the Inventers of Arts and Sciences, even in the Broachers of Herefies, this Quality of Light, however coarfe, turbid, and confin'd, feems to have been their Paffion, their Fort, their Characteristic and over-ruling Byas; and in all the Hermetical Tribe, the Solitaries, the true contemplative Philosophers, the Founders of Orders, Monasteries and Collegiat Life, in true and zealous Patriots and Lovers of their Country and Species; in fhort, in all the contemplative and abstracted Perfons, Love feems to be the predominant Affection; and this Division runs through all, even corrupt and lapfed Nature, and makes the great Distinction of Mankind, into the Governed and Governing; those who defend Truth, and those who attack Error; those who thrust, and hit the Mark beft, i.e. the Law-givers, or their Makers; and those who parry best, i.e. Politicians and honeit Statesmen; those fitted by Nature to com-

command, and those that are made only to be commanded and obedient; that is, all the active and focial, or the Children of Men; and the Sons of God, or the Thinking and Contemplative. But this Difference is with infinit Variety, great Imperfections, foreign Mixtures, and diabolical Influences in corrupt Nature; but never the one in any eminent Degree, without fome Degree of the other, as they are both united to Infinitude, in their divine Original and Caule; and thefe Differences make up the Specification and Individuation of the feveral Particulars of lapfed, free and intelligent Nature, and the Difference of the Conduct of Divine Wildom, in their Purification and Reftoration, who with infinit Wifdom and Propriety, conducts all and each, without Violence on their Freedom and fpecific Qualities, or Dissonance to the Harmony of his own Attributes, to their great and final End of Being; which is the wonderful Oeconomy of the general and particular Restoration; and this Difference and Diffinction of the original Qualities and Affections of the Soul, viz. Light and Love, and the different Manœuvre and Conduct of Providence in this State towards them, is founded on the different Parts they might have acted in the general Lapse of Mankind, and the different Offices, Seats and Mansions they are to be prepar'd for in the univerfal Monarchy of the Restoration; and may make the otherwife unaccountable Difference of the Bodies, Spirits, Tempers, P 3 Ca-

Capacities, and outward and inward Succefs in this State, of two Children of the fame Birth, as *Twins*, or two immediately fucceeding one another of the fame Parents, under the fame Education and Beginnings in the World, and on the fame Bottom; which every one must have observ'd to be as various, different and distant as the *Poles*, and in a manner diametrically opposite, even otherwife unaccountable and odd.

§. 6. THAT the fixt Stars, and their analogous planetary satellitious sublimer æthereal Systems, may possibly be the Seats and Mansions of the unlapsed, tried and purified angelical Hierarchies, and of reftor'd, purified and glorified *fentient* and *intelli-*gent mortal Beings, feems not only pro-bable, *philosophical*, and according to the general Analogy of Things; but is ftrongly and frequently hinted in Revelation, as every one who is familiarly acquainted with it must know. God's Throne, his Shechinah, the Heaven of Heavens, his Dwelling-place, is always reprefented above : Elijah went upwards, Christ ascended, and the Seats of the bleffed are always reprefented as among these celestial Orbits. And though Analogy may not apodeictically demonstrate a Fact or Truth, especially as to its precise and specific Nature and fecondary Qualities, in the Detail, about imperceptible and spiritual Beings (precife

Truth in these Matters being not only incompatible with Finitude, but counteracting Faith, Trust and Resignation, the fole Means of our Recovery and progressive Purification, being absolutely destructive of Liberty, and clashing with the Divine Attributes of infinit Justice and Purity, and his absolut Dominion over the Creation); yet when Analogy and Revelation concur in the fame general Conclusion, it is so high a Prefumption and Probability as comes nearest a Demonstration; at leaft to those who have any Regard for Revelation; for to fuch it will be felf-evident, that infinit Wifdom, and abfolut Infallibility, will never make the most distinct Approach to any Allusion or Similitude, that borders on things in no Degree of Alliance, Approximation or Neighbourhood, or where the Contact is not as near as Circumftances will admit, or that is not as the first Terms of a convergeing Progression, or one that will lead his low, wandering, blundering Creatures into groß Miftakes; that Bodies or Vehicles of spiritual Substances must have an Ubi, a local permanent Situation at last, is certain ; that these numberless glorious Luminaries were lighted up with fuch a Profusion of Lustre, only for us stupidly to gaze at, is ridiculous. That they must be infinit in their Number, (I mean always creaturely relative Infinitude) follows from the infinit Expansion of Space, and the Equilibrium necessarily to be preferved, in order to perpetuat the Situation, Diftance and Relations of these glorious Lu-

P 4

Luminaries. That they may be of an infinitly purer, more refin'd and fublim'd Matter than even that of our Sun, (who was defign'd grofly only to picture out the Divine Nature to us lapsed Mortals, and to enlighten and cherifh us a little, and our dark Prifon, during our Probation and Recovery, and not made for Perpetuity; and which is cover'd over and compress'd with a gross dense Atmosphere, with Maculæ and Spots, that possibly may hinder its too quick and violent Confumption) is highly probable. These fixt and permanent Luminaries, with their analogical planetary Apparatus, may be the Scats of the Blefs'd, whofe glorious Vehicles may be of the fame Matter and Substance with their respective Manhons. These athereal Planets and fixt Stars, may be fo fituated, and fo harmonioully plac'd in regard to one another, that the Rays, and, asit were, spiritual or æthereal Matter, which they perpetually pour forth and emit through the whole Expansion of Space, may by a perpetual Flux and Reflux, and melodious Vibrations, be return'd back again upon one another, and so perpetuat and eternise their Lustre and Glory. The Rays of our Sun have Fits of eafy Transmission, Refraction and Reflexion; according to Sir Ifaac Newton, its Particles have a greater Byass on the one Side than on the other; they attract one another in an infinitly greater Proportion than their Power of Gravity in general. Bodies may be

be turn'd into Light, and Light into Bodies. Some Diamonds and precious Stones are luminous, emit Light, and fhine in the Dark. Several Phosphors (liquid and folid) emit Light at all Times, both in Air and Water; and the Asbestos and pureft Gold bear all Degrees of Heat and Fire without much Alteration; and the pureft Glass in the Focus of the ftrongest Specula, only continues liquid without any other Change. These Facts I suggest only to fhew that Light, as well as other Bodies, may be various, of different Purity and Sublimity, differing in Degree, though not in Kind; and much more might be fuggefted here, to fhew the various Nature and different Qualities of Light and luminous Bodies one from another, if neceffary, to illustrat this perhaps imaginary Speculation, at least fave it free from Contradiction or Impoflibility ; but I propofe in this mere Conjecture.

§. 7. THAT infinit Wifdom, Power and Love, could produce no fentient or intelligent Being ad extra, without impressing in the Fund and Essence of its Nature, an infinit Love to Him, an infatiable and unextinguishable Dessre, Thirst and Ardour to be reunited at last with Him, as its supreme Felicity, is as absurd, and, I think, blassphemous to doubt, as to doubt of his Being and Existence. To think otherwise, is to question his infinit Perfection; for infinit Perfection must be single

fingle and one; and fentient and intelligent Beings, without this radical and innate Ardor for Happines, that is, to be at last united and to commerciat with infinit Perfection, feeing, by the Sensibility and Intelligence of their Nature, they are capable of it, in their Order, would be an Effect without a Caufe, or an Action without an End or Purpose, at least without intending the felf-evident best End, which is a Contradiction the most absolut to infinit Perfection. No sentient and intelligent Being ever was without an Ardor or Bent towards Happines; it is a radical Principle in their Nature, and never counteracted, though its Nature and true Caufe is often mistaken, may be unknown or forgot, yet it can finally confift only in this Reunion. But Senfibility and Intelligence, being by their Nature and Effence free, must be labile, and by their Lability may actually lapfe, degenerat, and by Habit acquire a fecond Nature, opposit and contrary to this implanted Byass and Tendency towards a Reunion and permanent Commerce with their original and first Cause ; and by Selfismes, inordinat Love and Idolatry of their Fellow-Creatures, fopit and extinguish this central Bya/s, at least as to elicit Acts, though not in the Root and Fund: And in this Contrariety, Distraction and tearing afunder of these moral Powers in Spiritual Nature, the Effence of Mifery and Hell itself chiefly confists. So long as this contrary, habitual and foreign Byas lafts, fo long must the

the Unhappiness and Tortures of fuch sentient and intelligent Creatures continue; like the Chill and Cold in the Comets, while in the Parts of their Orbit most distant from the Sun; or like the small Particles of Matter, which out of the Sphere of their Attraction become repulsive, and by the Law of their Paffivity continuing ever in the State into which they are put, must for ever proceed in this their repulsive Courfe. But this contrary Byass to Reunion with their infinitly perfect and happy Original, being adventitious only, and by Habit only confirm'd into a fecond artificial Nature, the infinit Love, Wisdom and Oeconomy of the Son of God was contriv'd and defign'd to melt down, annihilat and deftroy, that the original innate Byas might operate and take Place; and without this infinitly wife Oeconomy, to me it feems, the permanent Order, Peace and Harmony, and confequent Felicity of universal fentient and intelligent Nature, could no other poslible way have been or be eftablish'd at last.

§. 8. It is not impossible, but extremely probable, and according to the universal Analogy of Nature, that our Planets and their Satellites, should be the more tolerable Jails, Prisons and Dungeons of the several Orders and Degrees of lapsed, probationary, sentient and intelligent Beings. That some of them are straiter, less comfortable, more dark, difmal

mal and unhappy than others, there is no doubt can be made. That they are not, nor cannot be defign'd for an eternal Duration, in their present Condition, is highly probable. We fee on this our Planet, that the Bodies, Tempers and Habitudes of fentient and intelligent Beings, that continue long in fuch particular Climats, and under fuch Influences of the Celeftial Bodies, alter, and take a Turn, according to the general Laws and Temperature of that Climat. The Planets and their Satellites have an infinit Propriety and Fitness for being more tolerable Bettering and Correstion-Houses and Prisons, for lapsed, sentient and intelligent Beings : They are no ways, nor cannot become, in their prefent Situation, Pleasure-Houses, Paradises, and happy Manfions, nor permanent Dwelling-Places for perfect and glorified Intelligences. The natural Language of the Deity tous in our prefent Condition, can be no other but by Types, Similitudes, Allusions, Parables, Allegories, Analogy, and final Causes, without Violence on our Liberty, our Acquisition of Faith, Hope and Charity, or debasing his own infinit Purity and Perfection; at least about invisible and imperceptible Beings and States under our prefent Lapse; and therefore I conjecture, that our Planets, and their Satellites, are defign'd by infinit Wildom for the temporary Jails and Correction-Houses of lapsed, probationary, fentient and intelligent Beings ; and that their fuper-

superinduc'd Vehicles, or other *penal* and *penitential* Habits, are of the same Substance and Materials with the respective *Prisons* they are confin'd to.

§. 9. THAT the Comets cannot be the Seats of bleffed Spirits, I think, is felf-evident : That they are not made only to fupply our Planet the Earth, or even all the other Planets with Moisture and Humidity, only, is as evident. The Number of them (perhaps half a dozen in a Century) that have been observ'd and feen, and of which we have fome Records, with their fenfible Effects, Appearances and Periods, are abundantly too many for that far-fetch'd and precarious Purpose only. Our Water most certainly decreases, and must neceffarily be exhausted in time; as do the Heat and Rays of the Sun; but not fo fenfibly as to lay a Foundation for Experience and Obfervation by our Senfes or Art: But rather to increafe our fenfible Punishment, and natural Purification, at the last Stage. And it is highly reasonable and philosophical to suppose, that our whole System was design'd by our Creator to last in its present Situation, only fo long as was requir'd for the Probation, Purification and Expiation of lapsed fentient and intelligent Beings, which both Revelation and Philosophy shew cannot be an infinit Duration; but that the whole planetary System, within the Orbit of Saturn, is progreffively

greflively and by general Laws verging towards fome grand Catastrophe and Jail-Deliverance. The Elect seems to imply, the Officers and Governors of this new Jerusalem, this political future State, this univerfal Restoration Monarchy of the Father of all; and the Period of the Duration of this prefent probatory State of the System of Saturn, feems confin'd and limited in Revelation, to the Number of the Elect's being accomplifhed, that is, to the Time when all the neceffary Officers, Governors or Magistrates of this new universal Government is formed, finished and accompleated, and then will be the End, Crisis and Period of this probatory State. I fay then, the Comets cannot be the Seats of the Blefs'd, if Alterations of Heat and Cold, Summer and Winter, in some more temperat and moderat Degree, be neceffary for tolerable liveing, in Bodies crufted over with the Substance of which the Habitation is made, (as it is philosophical to think of the Inhabitants of the Comets) feeing their Orbits are fo excentric to the Sun, the Foci of their Ellipses so vaftly distant, that they must pass for Ages through both Extremes of Heat and Cold, and be perpetually involv'd either in Fine or Darkness, and fo in extreme Mifery, as to their incrusted Machins; and confequently they probably are the Prisons, Condemn'd-Holes and Dungeons of God's Kingdom, and universal Monarchy.

§. 10. IT

§. 10. IT is both rational and philosophical, and according to the natural Analogy of Things, to suppose, that the next World, or its feveral Steps of Progression, and its initial Steps or first Terms, and the invisible impreceptible State of Things, in the other Life, has a great and near Similitude and Refemblance to this prefent State; and that they differ chiefly in Degrees, the other World being of an infinitly greater Purity, Sublimity and Perfection only, without the Errors, Darkness or Miseries of this Life. God is the same Testerday, To-day, and for Ever, immutable and invariable in his Nature and Attributes; and, as has been often hinted, all his Works ad extra, and the Operations of his Wifdom and Power, have a perpetual afcending Analogy and Progression towards Him, his Nature and Felicity. It is true, Revelation informs, that Eye hath not seen, Ear bath not heard, nor hath it entered into the Heart of Man to conceive the Glory and Happiness that God has reserved in another Life for them that love Him. But as that refers chiefly to the inward Joy and Happiness, Extasies and Transports, that the confummatly Blefs'd feel in their Commerce and final Union with Him, their infinitly perfect Source and Original; so it does not affect their outward State, their Polity, external Order and Mansions, of which only I am here speaking; and of which the Description and Account

count by Revelation, intimats plainly a great Affinity with the most perfect and happy Condition of our now World; and it is highly probable, they differ more in Degrees of Perfection than in Kind. The new Jerusalem is liken'd to a City, a State and Republic; it has its People, Subjects and Officers; it has Temples, paradifaical Gardens, Rivers of Pleafures, a perpetual Spring, and all our best and most beatifying Delights and material Comforts here. I know all this Language and Description is but Allusion, Figure and Allegory, and must be understood chiefly of our Creation or glorified Bodies; but as every created Being, fentient and intelligent, has a Body or Vehicle as well as Spirit, an athereal, planetary, or a glorified Vehicle, the laft infeparable and immortal, as well as a spiritual self-motive Substance, the Body or glorified Vehicle may have analogical Food, some Fruit of the Tree of Life, which in Paradife itself perpetuated the Immortality of, and would have eternis'd the Creation Vehicle; it must have an Ubi, a Mansion and Dwelling-Place; it must have analogous Pleasures of an innocent, spiritual and fublimer Nature, proper to its Order and Rank, and proportion'd to the Purity of its then Body and Soul; there must be different Orders, Ranks and Distinctions; superior Officers and Subalterns, a Government and Polity in the new as well as in the old Jerufalem: In short, they will probably differ not in

in Kind, or absolute and total Contradiction, from the beft and most perfect State of Things here, that can be imagin'd or defcrib'd, at leaft in the first Steps or Terms in the progressive Perfection and Happines; but in Degrees, and in Negation of all that is imperfect, distonant and diforderly in this present State; but this in an infinit, that is, a relative or creaturely infinit fuperior Degree; and into the final, confummat and perfecteft State, we must mount only by Degrees, and Steps, through many Mansions and progreffive Order; and by acquireing an habitual Stability, by repeated Acts and Trials, be confirm'd in eternal Purity and Felicity at last; and one Stage of Being will be perhaps but an Apprenticeship and probatory Initiation for a higher and better, and this without Bounds and without Limits (I mean only as to the bodily Restoration Vehicle, its Manfion, Food, created Pleafures and Enjoyments, which can only flow from the Fund, the fpiritual Inhabitant's being reftor'd and perfectly united with, and transform'd into the Divine Nature and Qualities). This System, modefuly explain'd and cautioufly guarded, in the Proportion of Perfect to Imperfect, Infinit to Finite, Innocent to Lapsed, would, I think, take off many Difficulties in Revelation, in the Oeconomy of Jesus and the Restoration, the different Methods of Providence, and its present Appearances, and our Mistakes of

of the Sentiments and Writings of inspir'd Authors. For it is impossible the Spirit of God should infinuat any Resemblance, Alliance, or analogical Similitude between things that differ generically, were disparata and incompatible; but between such as were verging by Progression, and in an Approximation to the real Perfection of their Natures. Lapsed Beings are infinitly distant at present from such a final Union and relative Identity with their Source, and his Throne and Shechinah: But must be like the Associates of Hyperbola's and their Curves, eternally approaching to, but never able totally to coincide.

6. 11. ANALOGY, 'tis true, can never demonstrat the actual Existence and real Being of any thing to us: Senfation only and Experience can do that. It is only capable of explaining and illustrating the Nature, Substance and Qualities of Things already made and created. It is, as Quintilian very elegantly deferibes Analogy, Ejus hæc vis eft, ut id quod dubium est, ad aliquod simile, de quo non quæritur, referat, ut incerta certis probet. But then it takes off any Contradiction and Impoflibility from its Existence; makes it possible, probable and rational; and renders it a fit Subject for the supreme Reason and Power to work upon, if He pleafes, and fimilar to his other Operations; it clears all poslible Objections,

jections, and Difficulties, and makes it natural and intelligible; and that is precifely what our prefent Condition and Situation requires, or will admit, for the Acquisition of the moral Powers, Faith, Hope and Charity, to secure our Liberty from Violence, and the Divine Attributes from Dissonance. And if the fundamental Proposition be admitted, viz. that all the Works of infinit Wildom and Power ad extra, are and can be nothing but Pictures, Refemblances and Signatures of God's Nature, Substance and Attributes, in Miniature, impress'd or prominent : In a word, if it be true, as has been faid, that Mundus universus nihil est nisi Deus explicitus; and, I think, nothing can be more felf-evident; then most of the Confequences I have drawn from this great Truth are neceffary, natural and obvious; efpecially when Revelation fuggefts the fame Truths and Conclusions, at least in general. We may very readily err in the Detail, and in the Eliciting and Application of a particular Cafe ; but not fo readily in the general Law, as is common with Algebraists, they often blunder in the Application, who were in the Right in the Canon.

§. 12. W E may blunder and be mistaken in our particular Conclusions and Deductions from this universal Analogy, I say, as well as in Geometry and Algebra, being weak, fallible, and imperfect Creatures: But our Errors and Q 2 Blunders

Blunders in the first, will fometimes proceed from a different Caufe from our Mistakes in the latter. A wrong Hcad, want of Culture, and Precipitation, are generally the Caufe of our Mistakes in Geometry and Algebra; but in Analogy, especially that Analogy which concerns the moral Attributes of the Divine Nature, the human Soul, the holy Scriptures, and invisible States, it is owing often to a wrong Heart, Pride, and Self-fufficiency. We are afraid fuch pure and fublime Theorems fhould be true; they hint the Necessity of a greater Purity in us than we are willing to cultivat at prefent. If we ascribed all Perfection, every good Gift and perfect Donation, to the supreme Cause; and were at the fame time humbled and contented even with our own Ignorance, Errors and Blunders of Love and Resignation only; if our Sentiments and Ratiocination were intended for his Glory and Magnificence folely, and our own Humiliation, fatisfied with this fingle Truth alone, that God is God, that is infinitly perfect, they could neither hurt us nor others. But if our Heads must needs be at work (as mine has here); if, like Children, we must play with Ideas, and philosophise about the Kingdom of Invisibles and Imperceptibles, and the Arcana Imperii divini; if we cannot at first, at least and in our Years of Probation or elementary State, arrive per faltum at pure Love, naked Faith, and universal Resignation (the only solid Means of In-

Infallibility and Stability); then the beft and furest Method is to deal in Analogy, as the Mathematicians do in Algebra and Geometry, to acquire a Facility in folving difficult Problems with Readiness and Accuracy; viz. by laying up in our Memory, or having ready at hand a Penus Analogica, as they have a Penus Analytica; in beginning with the most simple and least complicated Analogies; in attentively obferving the Ratio's, Relations and References of Things, Substances, their Qualities and probable final Causes, and finding out their Degrees and Progression. The Astronomers had with Exactnefs and Accuracy difcover'd and fettled the Orbit, Period, Distance, and Laws of the Sun and Earth, before they attempted with any Success that of the Moon; and Sir Ifaac Newton had fettled and adjusted the Laws, Motions and Appearances of the Solar System, before he attempted the Moon and Planets; and had for feven Years studied experimental Chymistry, before he set about to investigat the Nature and Laws of minute Bodies and their Systems; he had cultivated and made many and various Experiments, by feparating, combining and analyfing the Rays of Light, through many diaphanous Mediums, before he attempted to discover the Nature, Figure, and Laws of their component Particles. Analogy and its Appendages, Type, Allusion, Similitude, Parable, Hieroglyphic and Allegory (all more remote or nearer Approaches to Q3 Ana.

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Analogy) is the only natural Language the Deity can speak to us at present, under our Degeneracy and Lapfe, confistent with his Dignity and Purity, and the Prefervation of our Liberty. He may speak to us mediatly by his Angels; He may speak to the Wills by his Holy Spirit, and to our Understandings by his Word his only begotten Son, and in the holy Scriptures by his Prophets, Apostles, and Saints; but his fole, natural, articulat, indelible and univerfal Language, can poffibly be no other but his Works of Wonder ad extra. The Heavens declare the Glory of God: By the Characters and Hieroglyphics intimatly imprefs'd on them; and they can only be read or understood by Analogy to Him, to us, and to one another. If then we began with this inanimat World, in (which only true natural Philosophy from final Causes can instruct us) thence proceeded to the vegetable World, then advanc'd to the brute Creation, (where natural History and Chymistry will be of great Service) and at last ascended to intelligent Beings, through the angelic Hierarchy, till by Analogy we arriv'd at the Supreme Caufe; this Method would be the most natural and fecure, in a natural Progression by Analogy: And if with Humility, Modefty, and begging the Direction of the uncreated Wifdom, we perfever'd with Patience: this divine Philosophy might, in time, (cultivated by different Hands) be of Service to the contem-Vilsek + 5 123 1 + 213 plative

on Natural Analogy. 231 plative Christian Philosopher himself, as well as to others. But my Meaning will be better understood by a short Recapitalation of what has been said, and an Illustration by an Example.

I. WHEN God intended to bring Creatures into Being, He could not chufe but make them after the most perfect Pattern : He therefore stamp'd his own Image upon all his Works. Hence the Creatures, being all Miniatures of the Deity, must bear a mutual Refemblance to Him and to one another. This Refemblance is what we call Analogy, and runs through the whole Scale of Beings; every Being, befides its peculiar and diffinguishing Quality, whereby it is determin'd to this or that particular Order, and has the Pre-eminence of all below it; being also poffess'd of all those Qualities that are to be found in any of the inferior Orders. As a Curve of any of the Orders has all the Properties of the inferior Orders of Curves, befides those that belong to its own Clafs or Species.

2. THESE different Orders or Ranks of Beings, being diffinguish'd by their respective Qualities, the first Term of this infinit Scale will be simple Existence; the Addition of one Quality will constitute the second Term or Order; of two, the third; and so of the rest; whence the Number of Qualities with which  $Q_4$  any

any Being is endow'd, will determin its Place in this Scale, and fhew its Diftance from the first Term. Besides this Difference in the several Orders of Beings, there is also a Diversity among those of the same Order, which proceeds from their possessing fome of the common Qualities in a more or less eminent Degree.

2. As God can have but one Model in all his Productions, every System of Beings will refemble all the other Systems, and each will be a Copy of the whole Creation. The material World will be a Transcript of the spiritual; and the Laws and Oeconomy of the one will be analogous to and correspond with those of the other. Besides this general Analogy, there will be a more immediat and flagrant Relation between each material System, and the Intelligences to which it belongs; the Structure of the Bodies and other material Organs of these Intelligences, together with the whole Frame and Contexture of the material System, being fuch as will best fuit the Nature, Rank and Order of these Intelligences. And this Relation probably will fubfift and attend them in all the Changes and Periods through which they pass; so that should the intelligent System lapse from its Purity and Perfection, the material System would fall into Diforder likewife, and undergo fome fimilar and analogous Change. 4. OF

4. OF this general Analogy between the spiritual and material Systems, there are many Traces plainly to be difcern'd by an acute and contemplative Philosopher. To instance only in the Similitude which our solar System, as now diforder'd, bears to the lapsed Intelligences that inhabit it. In the Centre of this System is plac'd the Sun, a bright and lively Image of the Deity, his material inanimat Miniature; the Planets and other celestial Orbs revolving about him at their respective Distances, and performing their Revolutions in different Periods of Time, will reprefent the feveral Orders of lapfed Intelligences, the different Degrees of their Lapfe, and the Duration and Continuance of their probatory State. | This glorious Body, the Sun, infinitly furpasses all the other Orbs in Magnitude and Lustre; they are no more, compar'd to him, than Points in the Circumference of a Circle. They have no Brightness of their own; it is all deriv'd by Reflection, and is more or lefs, according to their Diftance from him.

5. THE chief Properties of the Sun are Attraction, Light and Heat. The Sun's Attraction extends to the remotell Parts of the System, acting at all Distances, with a Force increasing in a certain Proportion as these Distances decrease. 'Tis by this Attraction

traction that the Planets are retain'd in their Orbits, and kept from flying off in the Tangent, to which their projectile Force gives them a conftant Tendency. Should the Sun's Attraction ceafe but a Moment, the whole System would fall into the utmost Diforder, and be irrecoverably ruin'd. How like is this Attraction to the Love of God, continually operating upon all created Intelligences, and powerfully folliciting them to a nearer Approach and Refemblance to Himfelf! Its Influence is constant and invariable; were it poffible it should have the least Intermission, the whole Creation would fall into utter Ruin and Destruction.

6. THE Light of the Sun is diffus'd throughout the whole System; no Celestial Body is endow'd with this Quality but himself. This is an Image of that Light which enlightens every Man that comes into the World; an Emblem of Him who came forth from the Father of Lights; the Light and Sun of the new Jerusalem, and of spiritual Nature.

7. THE Sun's Light is always accompanied with Heat, the Principle of Life and Vegetation. In the other celeftial Bodies there is fome fmall Degree of this Quality, but it is originally deriv'd from or produc'd in them by the folar Heat; without which they would be barren and inhofpitable Defarts. This re-

reprefents the Influences of the Holy Spirit, which are infeparable from the Light of the Gospel; and are the Principle of our spiritual Life, animating and cheristing every intelligent Being, and making it productive of all the Fruits of Righteousness.

8. LET us next confider the Properties of the Planets, and other Bodies that revolve about the Sun. Their various Magnitudes and Distances from the Sun, with the periodical Times of their Revolution, will express the feveral Orders of lapfed Intelligences, the different Degrees of their Laple, and the particular Periods of Time allotted for their Trial and Probation. Some of these Bodies, as the Comets, move in Orbits that are very Ellyptical, going off to immense Distances from the Sun, where the Influence of his Heat and Light is almost infensible; but by the Force of his Attraction they are again drawn back, and brought even to a nearer Approach than other Bodies that move in narrower Orbits.

9. THE Planets are conftantly acted upon by two different Forces, viz. Gravity or Attraction, and the projectile Force. These are contrary to one another, and always act in opposite Directions; the projectile Force giveing the Planet a constant Tendency to recede from the Sun, and to fly off in the Tangent; while

while the Force of Attraction, by drawing it the contrary way, prevents that Effect: So that by the joint Action of both, the Planet is kept in its Orbit. The attractive Force, though continually influencing the Planet, is not a Quality of it, but proceeds from the Sun; the only Quality belonging to the Planet is that of the projectile Force. This will shadow out the Lapfe, the Action of Selfifmes, and the inordinate Love of the Creature, with their Opposition to the divine Love.

**PHILOSOPHERS** tell us, that the prefent State of our System cannot be of long Continuance; but that the folar Attraction must necessarily prevail over the projectile Force of the celestial Bodies; and all the Comets and Planets, with their Satellites, be at last absorb'd and swallow'd up in the Sun.

FINIS.

Cin statis, bene restation was

# ABSTRACT; Or, A Brief, but Diftinct

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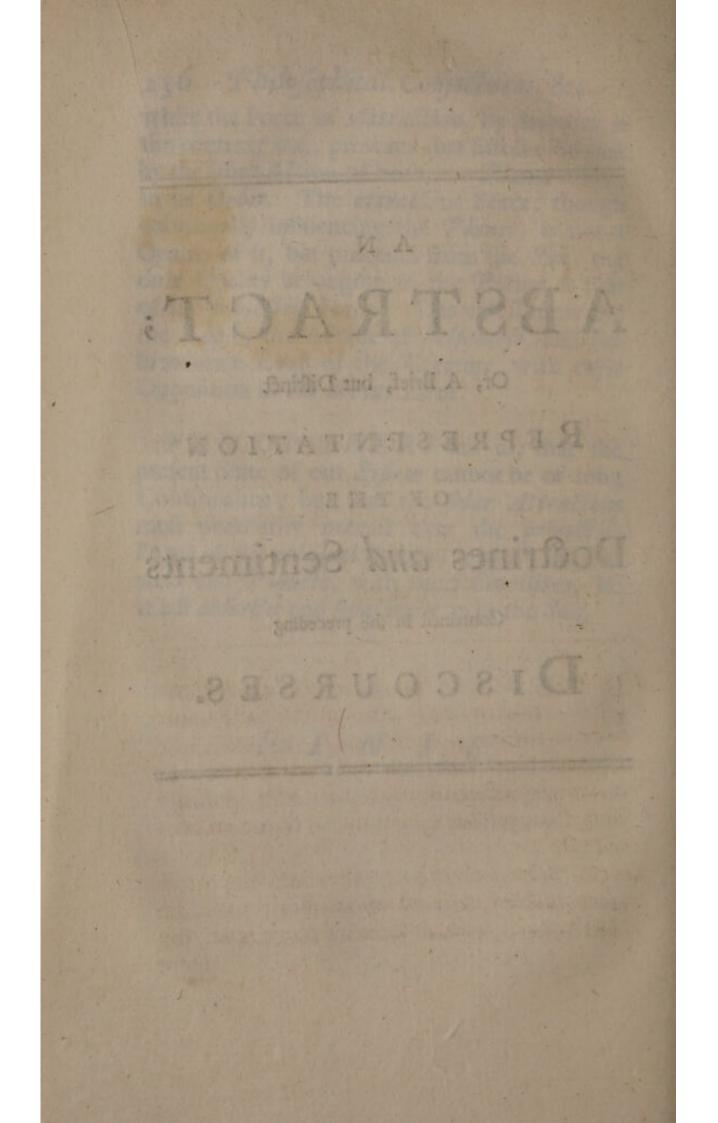
REPRESENTATION

OFTHE

# Doctrines and Sentiments

Contained in the preceding

DISCOURSES.



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# ABSTRACT

# OF

# DISCOURSE I.

PHILOSOPHICAL CONJECTURES about the Nature and Qualities of the Original Animal Body, and of its Progressive State, in its several Stages of Existence.

THAT there may be Animals, (and confequently animal Organs) performing analogically, at leaft, the animal Functions, lefs than our Senfes can difcover, affifted by our beft Art, poffibly lefs, than our Imagination can frame an Idea of Page 1 Several Demonstrations, shewing the utter Impossibility, that an animal Body could be first form'd, or can be now continued, by mere mere Mechanism, or the Laws of Nature now obtaining; but must be the immediat Work, continued and supported by the constant Influence of an omnipotent and omnifcient *First Cause* 3

- That the *least* and *last* Particles of Matter can be divided by no finite Power whatever 4
- That their Figures were probably at first only Spheres, Cubes, and equilateral triangular Prisms ibid.
- That our now porous and confus'd Elements, Salts, Water, Light, Air, and Earth, ftill have inherent Qualities, which diftinguish them from each other, which they never totally lose, tho' these may be swallow'd up, when combin'd unharmoniously, as they now are 5
- That the original Creation, and the Refurrection Body, might have been, and may be, of this first kind of simple Elements, harmoniously combin'd; but are now crusted over, and discordantly blended with the gross secondary Elements of this ruinous Planet we inhabit 6
- That the Fineness of the original *æthereal* animal Body, may have been in *Proportion* to its *Order*, and the Perfection of the natural and moral Powers of the *Soul* conjunctly 7

That this analogically, spiritual (so to speak) animal Body, might have been roll'd up, and

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#### DISCOURSE I.

and concentred, into a Miniature of a Miniature in Infinitum, in the Loins of the first Adamical Parent, till by its being fufficiently plaister'd over with the Matter of this ruinous Planet, it became able to bear its now Inclemency, and be born into this World 8

- That this primitive, athereal, divinely organiz'd Body, by an individual Fitnefs and Congruity to the informing fpiritual Substance, might have been thereby so intimatly and commenfuratly united with it, that they could never after be separated by any finite Power, no more than the original Particles of Matter could be divided by such a Power ibid.
- That the confineing this original *spiritual* Body and *Soul* fo long a Time to fo dark a Prifon, as the *Seeds* and *Eggs* of Animals are now, might have been for progressive Purification, Correction and Punisbment 9
- That it is Fact, that the wisest and best Men, have been at first mere Vegetables, afterwards mere Brutes, and but at last rational intelligent Beings 10
- That fentient and intelligent Beings are by their derivative Nature immortal and unannihilable, and becaufe God can never be contrary to Himfelf; but are in a progressive State towards Perfection and Happines in their Order, like the feveral Orders of Hyperboloids 12

That

That the *natural* Powers being uniformly conftant and invariable, and the *moral* Powers being cancell'd by the *Lapfe*, had not the *natural* Powers in their full Vigour been fufpended and fetter'd, they muft have *counteracted* the Acquisition of the *moral* Powers 13

- That precife Knowledge, and mathematical Certainty, in the real Nature, and of the intimat Substance of any complex Thing, is incompatible with Finitude; and that the Degree of Certainty in Things, is only in Proportion to the Amplitude of the Faculty 16
- That fubjecting all Creation to general Laws, was one infinitly wife and effectual Mean to fecure Liberty inviolate, and to harmonize the Divine Attributes, in the great Work of Reftoration 17
- That the only thing worthy of a Philosopher, is, by Experiment, Attention and Induction, to collect as many of these general Laws, as he possibly can 18
- That God being Simple, One, and always the fame, must necessarily act by general Laws in all Creation; but that good and wife Men have been deterr'd from studying them, in *spiritual Nature*, out of Dread of the odious Appellation of Enthusiasts 19

That the Study of these general Laws of infinit Wisdom and Sagacity may be a Part of

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of the Employment of happy contemplative Spirits hereafter 20

- That an infinitly rational and perfect Being could poffibly have no other *Pattern* or *Model* for his Works of Creation at first, but *himself*, his own *Substance*, *Nature* and *Attributes* 21
- That therefore there must be one perpetual Analogy and progressive Perfection running through all the Works of an infinitly rational Being; and that as Proportion is the Key of the material, Analogy is the Logic of the Spiritual World 22
- That Suffering is a mechanical and neceffary Confequence of our prefent Situation on this ruinous Globe, and that none ever could avoid it abfolutly, but in Degree, and that thro' the Merits and OEconomy of Jefus only. Sufferings become Bleffings because Means of Restoration 24
- That this Suffering is a natural and mechanical Purification and Perfection of the Subjest 25
- That Confciousness of the End or Occasion of this Suffering is no way necessary towards the beneficial Effects of it: That Confciousness would be prejudicial in the first Steps of this Purification; and only when its End is obtain'd, can it be beneficial to clench its Effects 26

That the great Problem and Difficulty with the Best of Beings (so to speak), and in the R 2 Qeconomy Oeconomy of his Providence, and the Reafon of the prefent Darkness in it, is to reftore lapsed Creatures, in Confistence with their Liberties, and the Harmony of his Divine Attributes 27

That the general Methods of Providence in reftorcing lapfed Intelligences, are plainly, 1. The continuing general Laws. 2. The fufpending the elicit Acts of the natural Powers for a Time, by Ligatures of this ruinous Planet: And, 3. By the admireable and adoreable Oeconomy of Jefus 30 That it is a Contradiction to fuppofe a bene-

- ficent Being would create sentient or intelligent Beings, for Suffering, merely for Suffering's Sake ibid.
- That the Sufferings of the fentient and intelligent Creatures, in this prefent State, neceffarily supposes a State of Pre-existence and a suture Lapse, or a Course of Trial and Probation 32
- That there may be other States and Manfions, in infinitum, of progressive Purification and Perfection; and that Suffering, which in the Divine Purity, and the Nature of Diforder, must have been eternal, is made temporary only, by the Merit and Suffering of Jesus 34

That *spiritual Substance* may be conceiv'd analogous to, and not contradictory to Matter sublimed and refined by the Power of *Omnipotence*; but even this *Idea* is imperfect, fect, and not fatisfactory, their Subftances being naturally deftructive of each other, and their Qualities in all their Modifications equidiftant. 37

- That the *fpiritual Body*, and immaterial *Spirit* crufted over with Clay, may for its Purification progreffively be an infinit time in *developeing* thefe natural Powers, and in acquireing the moral Powers defaced by the Lapfe; but that now under the *Oeconomy* of *Jefus*, this will be perfected in a finit Time, and even the whole *System* of *Saturn* is by general *Laws* vergeing to fome great *Cataftrophe* or Change 42
- That the Spirit, as being a Ray of the Divine Substance, or a Power emitted from his necessarily existent Nature, is immortal in its own Nature; but that the spiritual or ethereal Vehicle is only immortal by the Divine Order, and comparatively, as the first Particles of Matter are indivisible 43 That the thinner and lighter the Crust on this ethereal Vehicle is, the natural Powers will be elicited more readily and freely, and the moral Powers acquir'd more eafily and fully, and the necessary Sufferings thereby lessen'd 44
- That fince the *natural Powers* of the *Spirit* are conftant and always the fame in their *Root* and *Fund*, it will follow, 1. That our acquir'd Knowledge is but Remembrance. 2. That there is in our fpiritual Nature inherent and R 3 innate

ABSTRACT of

innate a moral Senfe, and a natural Sagacity, as well as natural Senfations. 3. That there are innate Ideas of God and Virtue, and of moral Good and Evil in the Soul, tho' fopited and unclicited, as well as a natural Power to perform the animal Functions. 4. That spiritual Sensation and Senses (justly explain'd) are Realities, and not Figures. 5. That the Soul, in her Operations now, can only use and employ the material Organs of the *æthereal* Vehicle crufted over as they are with planetary Clay, which fhe must endeavour to extend, develope and mundify. 6. That Culture, Study and Labour in extending and perfecting the natural Powers, is but removeing Superfluities, cutting off Excrefcences, and rendering the ætherealVehicles and theirOrgans pliant and fupple, and for the which we are now condemn'd to labour for our Punishment and Purification. 7. That the fhortest Way to perfect the natural Powers, is to labour at the recovering the moral Powers 46 That the Activity, Sensibility and Penetration, the animal Functions, the Paffions, Sentiments, Memory, Imagination, and the other more material and lefs abstracted Operations of the Soul, and even the involuntary. Functions, the voluntary Motions of the Body, are more immediatly performed by the felf-moveing, immaterial, naturally fagacious Spirit, on the primitive athereal Vehicle divinely 1151 10121

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divinely organifed, but now crufted over with Clay, as Springs and Weights move Clock-works, the first tho' having an innate Principle of Self-action, the other only an extraneous and adventitious one 48 That in this progressive endless Purification and Perfection of an Animal in Body and Spirit, there may be many Steps, Stations and Mansions, and, one finished, another may begin, till the final Completion 50. That in this endless progressive Purification towards confummat Perfection and Happinefs, there may be a particular Law of Attraction, Fitnefs and Similarity, proportion'd to the Acquisition of the moral Powers, and Extension of the natural Powers, that may draw and determine them to their feveral Stations and Mansions, as the Eggs of Infects and Seeds of Plants are by Electricity drawn to their proper Nidus's and Leaves, till like the Afymptots of Hyperbola's they come at last to meet in their Curve ibid. That this Sketch of a System is innocent, tho'

it fhould be deem'd a *Romance*, which is all I am anfwerable for 51

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# ABSTRACT

### DISCOURSE II.

PHILOSOPHICAL CONJECTURES about the Preference of Vegetable to Animal Food; and of the End and Design of Providence in Appointing the first, and, on Trial, Permitting the latter.

HAT by our prefent Frame, we are fitted as for Vegetable, fo for Animal Food, at leaft in the Days of our Vigour; but that Animal Food, on Trial, and confequent Miscarriage, under the first intended and appointed Vegetable Food, was permitted by the Author of Nature, as a pis alle, 1. To let us feel the natural and neceffary

# ABSTRACT of, &c. 249

necessary Effects of our own Lusts and Concupiscence. 2. To produce naturally and mechanically those Pains, Miseries and Distempers, that might create a Horror of inordinat Lusts and Appetites, and afford Time and Opportunities to ponder and think, and thereby to return to Order, Love of Virtue, and its Source. 3. To shorten the Duration of our natural Lives, that Sin and Mifery might not increase, or last eternally. 4. To concentre our natural Powers to a Level with our defaced moral Powers, that, without clashing, they might rife, and be reftored, in the fame Progreffion. And, 5. Perhaps to connive at what, without committing Violence on Liberty, could not at that Time be prevented. 55 That our present earthly Bodies being compos'd of the now secondary Sulphur, Salt, Air, Water and fine Earth, only, and it being certain, from chymical Experiments, that Sulphur and Salt are the two most active and destructive Elements, and that the three last, Air, Water and fine Earth, are more innocent, the lefs active and deleterious, and Animal Food abounding most in the two first, and Vegetable in the three last; confequently Animal Food must be more destructive to Animal Bodies than Vegetable in the fame Proportion. 2. Becaufe by Experiment the Juice and nourishing Extract of Animal Food is more tenacious and

and glewy than that of Vegetable Food. 3. Because Animal Food abounding more with Salts and Sulphurs, and they by their Nature being always in perpetual Motion and Action, must mechanically tear Animal Substances faster than Vegetables, which abound most with the more passive and innocent Elements; especially, 4. When fermented Liquors are join'd to them, as Dilution, which harden the folid Meat, and obstruct its Solution and Digestibility. And lastly, fince, 5. the Particles of Animal Food being strain'd through the finer Tubes, and stronger Organs, of Animal Digeftion, must be more minutely divided than the Particles of Vegetables can, by their fewer and groffer Tubes of Preparation, and being destitute of Animal Heat and Force, and having only the Solar Heat and univerfal Law of Attraction common and equal in both; on these Accounts, the Particles of Animal must be much finer than the Particles of Vegetable Food, and confequently have a proportional much greater Degree of Attraction; must therefore be united with greater Force, and form stronger Obstructions, and being more delicious, betray the Feeder more readily into Excesses. On all which Accounts, (I fay) Animal Food must mechanically and neceffarily create Difeafes, and fhorten Life more readily than Vegetable 59 That

- That fince what is, and necessarily is, must be a Part of the Intention of the Creator, and fince Animal Food neceffarily begets Difeases and Pains more readily than Vegetable Food can, there is no accounting for the Permiffion of Animal Food, but by fuppoling Pain and Suffering here a necelfary Mean of Expiation and Purification, which GOD, on Trial, finding nothing else could reclaim his rebellious Creatures, unwillingly, as it were, permitted it, as a Father fends his Son to the Correctionhouse: And that, as when by Pride, Tyranny, Malice, Murder and Brutal Commerce, by the more luxuriant and delicious Vegetable Food, the Deluge came to its Pitch, he was forced to deftroy both the People and their Food by this Deluge 62
- That to those to whom Revelation is familiar, the like Means of Correction will be evident from the Permission of Plurality of Wives to the Jews; and that under his immediat and miraculous Government, he, on their Murmurs, indulged them in a Monarchical Government, as a kind Father admonishes his froward giddy Child to beware of too familiar Approaches to Fire, by burning his Fingers 64

That there is no accounting for the Permifion of Animal Food, on the Foot of Natural Religion, the wanton Murder of Animals for Food, when more falutary Vegetable Food

Food can be readily had, fhowing a Cruelty and Ferocity inconfistent with beneficent Natures; but that the universal Proprietor of Life and Happiness might, with great Wisdom, Justice and Kindness, knowing when the Term of Expiation of a lower Class of probationary, progressive or lapsed Animals is accomplish'd, give Leave, in the Course of his Providence, to put an End to their prefent Manner of Living, and advance them thereby fooner to a higher State of Being and Felicity, and at the fame time fecretly, and in Confistence with their Liberty, to admonish a higher Rank of Intelligences what they merited; for thefe (to be fure for wife and beneficent) Ends, perhaps unknowable by us, GOD might have permitted the killing Animals for our Food, as he certainly did for Sacrifice; for this we have a Patent in Revelation, but none for fermented Liquors, but as Phyfic, Cordials and Stomachicks or Bitters, on Extremities, Sicknefs, inclement Seafons, Fatigue or in Festivals 64

That fermented Liquors of any Kind can never, in their Nature, be proper, or the beft, for Animal Health and Life; for they are the fpurious Invention of Art, and the further Deviation from the Simplicity. of Nature, which has given us no Intimation of any fuch Kind of Beverage in the Preparations of pure Nature, and which the Animals

#### DISCOURSE II.

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Animals who follow the Laws of Nature, will not touch; they are properly Phylic, bitter Draughts, and unnatural Cordials on Extremities, in Sickness and inclement Seafons, and only defign'd for a temporary Relief, and occasionally. Fermentation concentres, condenses and contracts, as it were, to a Point, at least to a much smaller Volum, (like a Burning-glass, which condenses the folar Rays, to make them more fierce) all the deleterious Particles of the Vegetables, that is, their Salts and Oils; and is the true and sole Cause of all our great and atrocious Diftempers, especially of all the Train of the frightful nervous Diseases which now rage univerfally in England, like a Plague; and have been increaseing fince the Conquest, and fince Wine has been familiar to all Ranks; and Water-drinking only, timeoully begun in Life, is the only fufficient Antidote for these most wretched lunatick Diftempers 46

That there are many Evidences of the Hurt fermented, but especially spirituous Liquors, do an animal Body; as, 1. That they harden and deftroy the Digestibility of animal Food, and indeed of all kinds of Food in the Stomach. 2. Because they corrugat and contract the Fibres, and pin together the Particles of the Food, so that they cannot be fo readily separated and divided into their integral nourishing Parts. 3. Because by their

their Heat and Activity, they bring the Fibres and Membrans of the digeftive Organs, and all the other Solids, into too violent and frequent Vibrations and Succuffions, and thereby break the Tone, and destroy the Elasticity, of these Organs, diffolve their Continuity, and fo wear them out much sooner. And, 4. Because they funt the Ductility and Growth of the animal Organs themfelves, and thereby hinder their Developement, Extension, Elasticity and natural Strength, by continuing their linear or fuperficial Amplitude folded or rolled up 68 That all fentient and intelligent Creatures are in an expiatory, perfectioning and progreflive State, is evident, because here they must necessarily fuffer; and infinit Beneficence could not poffibly create any fentient or intelligent Being, merely to fuffer; but chiefly, perhaps only, for Expiation, and confequent progressive Perfection and Happinefs. That probably the early and universal Precept of Sacrifice, might first introduce animal Food; which Sacrificeing might have been intended, 1. Silently and kindly to admonish the Sinner to confider what he deferves : In this filent manner poffibly, for the preferving Liberty inviolate, all the Animals might, partly, be defign'd to read us Lectures of Instruction in Morality, or of the Conveniencies of Life, in the fame manner. 2. By a Prolepfis to per-

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## DISCOURSE II.

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perpetuat the Expectation and Hope of fome more noble Sacrifice, with fuch a View as the Eucharist was inflituted after that Sacrifice had been accomplished. But yet this Permission seems to have been against the Grain, as may be gather'd from the Caution not to eat the Animal's Blood, in which its Life and deleterious Qualities alone confisted 73

- This Aversion in infinit Wisdom and Goodnefs, to permit the Use of animal Food, which He condefcended to, merely for the Hardness of the Hearts of his lapsed Creatures, kindly to give them a forced Permiffion to do what He found they would prefumptuoufly do, is further shewn by the Distinction between clean and unclean Animals, which were not to be eaten; which in their Nature are more apt to madden the Paffions, enrage Diftempers, and produce an Aversion to Virtue. And tho' St. Peter had a miraculous Vision, to tell him nothing was unclean under the Gospel, yet that was not till the Doctrine of Self-denial and Mortification was establish'd, as the Fundamental of Christianity 74
- That some Vegetables, as Eastern Gums, Spices, Aromaticks, pungent Fætids, and Onion Tribes, are more destructive to Animals, than young white animal Food 76 To the Difficulties, that our blessed Saviour eat and drank with Publicans and Sinners: That

That he wrought his first Miracle to produce Wine: That he fed a Multitude by miraculous Animal Food : That St. Peter had a Vision to instruct him, that all Food was equal: It is answer'd, 1: That the Queftion only is, Which of the two Foods, Animal or Vegetable, was probably first intended by the Author of the Universe before the Lapfe, and the Ruin of the Planet we now inhabit? 2. That different Repairs are necessary to different Degrees of Ruin, even in material Habitations. 3. That there is neither Virtue nor Vice in either kinds of Food, but in their Quantity, or as they are commanded by lawful Superiors. But that a low or vegetable Diet is naturally and mechanically more productive of Health and long Life, and confequently of Knowledge and Virtue, than a high animal Diet. 4. That our Saviour came to feek, to fave those who were lost, and so was under a Neceffity of converfeing with the Voluptuous and Sinners : But that the Preference he gave to a low Diet, was implicitly included in his grand Doctrine of Selfdenial, and takeing up the Cross. 5. I grant, that in our prefent Situation on this ruinous Globe, it is impracticable and impossible, for Persons of all Ranks, Conditions and Occupations, to live intirely on Vegetables: Their Use now, is only to cure, alleviat and lessen the Distempers ge-

#### DISCOURSE II.

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generated neceffarily by animal Food, and fermented Liquors: And, 6. Even thefe, and spirituous Liquors, are fometimes neceffary on Extremities, in some Diseases, as Filips and Cordials for temporary Reliefs; and infinit Wildom forefaw this Milchief of these high Meats and Drinks, and provided an Antidote for them, at least for a Time, I. By makeing the great Bowel, the Liver, to draw off their Poifon, and turn it into a falutary Medicin. 2. By forming mineral Waters of all kinds, with fuch Profusion and Variety, every-where on the Surface of the Globe: And, 2. By creating the Minerals themfelves, Mercury especially, mechanically adjusted for that Purpose, among many other Uses and Utilities, of ponderous and mineral Medicins, which probably were not in the fame Form, or fo readily at Hand, before the Flood 81

That to the Appearances in the prefent State of Nature, that feem to clafh with this Doctrine (which confifts only in thefe *three* Propositions, 1. That *animal* Food, in its own Nature, is more ready to produce Diftempers than *vegetable* Food. 2. That therefore infinit Wifdom must have had wife and beneficent Ends in infituteing the *first*, and but probably permitting only the *latter*: And, 3. That therefore the latter must be the proper *Antidote* for Diforders produc'd by the former); it is to be ob-S ferved further, that at prefent our whole System is in Diforder, in a purifying, and, as it were, in a febrile State, labouring in a perfectionating Progression by general Laws, under natural Liberty, and the Harmony of the Divine Attributes, which must at last terminate in relative Order, Perfection, and universal Happiness. That now there is no fuch thing as avoiding the destroying of animal Life absolutly; but that it should not be done out of mere Luxury, Wantonness and Ferocity, which even the rapacious Animals do not, but from want of any proper Food 86

That on the whole, it is plain from Revelation, that, I. Animal Food was permitted, and fermented Liquors not abfolutly, but their Excelles, forbidden. 2. That in many Circumstances and Situations, a reasonable Quantity of animal Food and fermented Liquors is abfolutly neceffary for a Time. 3. That it is plain from Philosophy and Experience, that Exceffes in high animal Food, and ftrong fermented Liquors, are the true and adequat Caufe of the great and atrocious Distempers. 4. That animal Food, and fermented Liquors, will necessarily fhorten Life (perhaps one half) more readily than vegetable Food, and unfermented Liquors, and in the fame Proportion caufe Diftempers. 5. That tho' a moderat Quantity of animal Food and fermented Liquors will

#### DISCOURSE II.

will naturally warm and ftrengthen the Blood, and tighten the Solids for a Time, and confequently is neceffary in all eruptive Distempers, yet they will shorten Life, and produce Diftempers, much more readily than vegetable Food, and unfermented Liquors. 6. That for bodily and mechanical Strength dureing a Time, and for a transient Occasion, tho' animal Food, and fermented Liquors, be the most effectual ; yet for intellectual Purposes, vegetable Food, and unfermented Liquors, are certainly fitteft. But to fecure the golden Mediocrity between bodily Strength and clear penetrating Heads, about a half Pound of animal Food, and a half Pint of fermented Liquors, in the intirely Healthy and Young, or rather lefs, feems to bid faireft in Quantity for that Purpose: The Valetudinary must gradually fink below this healthy Standard, till, by Experience, they find their own proper Dofe 88

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## ABSTRACT

#### OF

## DISCOURSE III.

A PHILOSOPHICAL THEORY, founded on Experiments of the Nature and Laws of minute inanimat Bodies, and their Systems in general.

#### PROPOSITION I.

THE least *Particles* of Matter are of various Sizes, Densities and Figures; the very *least* are almost *infinitly Small*, *hard* and *elastic*, makeing the *first Order*; the *fecond Order* are composid of those; and these combinid make the *third Order* 92

SCHOLIUM.

The Quantity of *folid* Matter in the *material* System of the Universe, may be very small; and

## ABSTRACT of, &c. 261

and yet, if duely divided and arranged, might answer all the Appearances of material Worlds 93

PROP. II. The *least Particles* of Bodies are indivisible by any *finite* or created Powers 94

Analogous to Gravity in the great Bodies of the Universe, there is in the least Particles of Matter, a Principle of Attraction and Repulsion ibid.

#### SCHOL. I.

What the general Law of Attraction and Repulsion in the least Particles of Matter precifely is, has not yet been determin'd; only in receding from the Contact, it is demonftrable that it is greater than the reciprocal Duplicat. 95

#### SCHOL. II.

If *Particles* attracted each other in the *reciprocal Triplicat* in their Point of Contact, the Force of their *Attraction* would be infinitly greater, than at any affignable Diftance; yet it would not be infinitly greater than the Force of *Gravity*, fince any Body may be feparated by an affignable Force 96

#### SCHOL. III.

Repulsion begins and goes on, where Attraction ends; and they probably go on according to the fame Law and Progression, but with contrary Directions ibid.

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PROP.

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- **PROP.** IV. The Force of *Cohefion* in the fmall Particles of Matter, is in a compound *Proportion*, of the Quantity of their *cohering* Surfaces, and the Quantity of their *attractive* Powers ibid.
- COROL. Therefore the lefs the cohering Surfaces are, the lefs will be the Degree of Cohefion, and the leaft of all will be in Spheres or Spheriods 97
- PROP. V. The Force of Attraction in fmall Particles increases, as the Size of the Particles is diminished ibid.
- PROP. VI. The Gravities of Particles decreafe as the Cubes of their Diameters ibid.
- COROL. Hence, from the Smallnefs and Divifibility of its Parts, Mercury is fo eafily rais'd; and Bodies may be fufpended in Fluids fpecifically lighter than themfelves ibid.
- PROP. VII. If a *Fluid* attracts the Parts of an immers'd Body more ftrongly than they do one another, they will be equally diffus'd through it 98
- PROP. VIII. Elastic Particles suspended in a Fluid after their Collision, will refile, and by their Actions and Reactions, cause Fermentation and Effervescence ibid.

PROP. IX. Unelastic Particles suspended in a Fluid attracting each other, will fink and be precipitated; the same will be produc'd by diminishing the Gravity of the Menstruum 98

PROP.

- PROP. X. The Figures of the Particles of all unelaftic Fluids must necessfarily be Spherical; and the Elements of all Solids must be of fome of the regular Solids, as Cubes, Triangles, Prisms, &c. 99
- SCHOL. The Figure of the Particles of *elastic* Fluids is of no Confideration, fince their *Elasticity* depends only on their *repulsive* ibid,
- **PROP. XI.** The *Elasticity* of folid Bodies is the Effect of the *attracting* Force of their Particles ibid.
- **PROP.** XII. That Bodies under a *Rotation* fly off in the *Tangent*, is the Effect of the general Law, by which they continue in their State, whatever that be 100
- PROP. XIII. The Figures of the Particles, and their Actions on one another, arifing from the Principles of Attraction and Repulsion, together with the Motions impress'd on them by living and intelligent Agents, will probably account for the Appearances of the material World, if adjusted according to their Laws ibid.
- PROP. XIV. Air is a System of Particles endow'd with a repulsive Force, which being fix'd in all animal, vegetable and mineral Substances, are by Fire, Fermentation, Putrefaction, Dissolution, or any other intestine Action and Reaction, set at Liberty, and compose our Atmosphere; and hence S 4 its

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its Compression, Weight, Elasticity and Density ibid.

- SCHOL. The Density of the Air is proportionat to its Compression, and therefore its expansive Force must be in the direct subtriplicat Ratio thereof
- **PROP.** XV. *Earth* is a loofe Collection of the different elementary Particles of Matter, of all the *three Orders*, thrown together without any regular Combination ibid.
- PROP. XVI. Water is a Collection of the Solution of taftelefs Salts, originally crystalliz'd, but kept in Fusion by Heat; and different Salts are different Combinations of these with the other Elements 102
- PROP. XVII. Acids feem to be very attractive Particles of plain Surfaces, and angular Points ibid.
- SCHOL. Poffibly the Figures of Acids may be triangular Prisms; for all Matter must be figur'd ibid.
- PROP. XVIII. Heat is the brisk vibrating Action and Reaction of the repelling Nitre of the Air, and the athereal Fluid with an attractive acid Sulphur; which Sulphur yields an inflammable Oil, an acid Salt, a fix'd Earth, and a little Metal 163
- COROL. Hence the Affinity between Light and fulphureous Bodies, and the true Nature of inflammable Spirits ibid.

SCHOL.

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- SCHOL. Since a *Thermometer* in an exhausted Receiver will rife and fall in the fame manner as in the open *Air*, and fince *polisid* Bodies in the fame, *cling* together as strongly as in the *Air*; it seems to follow, that there is fome fubtle elastic Fluid pervadeing all Bodies, to produce these Appearances 104.
- PROP. XIX. Light feems to be the vibrating Particles of hot Bodies, driven out by the repelling Force, with an immense Velocity; which is increas'd by the *æthereal* Fluid, and the Attraction of Bodies ibid.
- SCHOL. I. Since Light is convertible into Bodies, and Bodies into Light; it would feem, that Light is only the Particles of a hot Body thrown off with an immense Velocity ibid.
- SCHOL. II. The Rays of Light feem to confift of Particles of different Sizes, and different Degrees of Refrangibility ibid.
- SCHOL. III. The Sun and fixt Stars are immense Globes of Matter, saturated with the Particles of the *fecond Order*, or of Light ibid.

SCHOL. IV. It is not impoffible this Earth, with all the Planets and Comets, fhould be intended as temporary Prisons, and Places of Correction, for the Trial, Expiation, or progressive Purification of the feveral Orders of lapsed, sentient and intelligent Beings 106

PROP.

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PROP. XX. Flame is the fulphureous Smoak of a hot Body 107

PROP. XXI. Bodies are *Transparent*, whose Pores are sufficiently small and rectilinear ibid.

#### EXPERIMENTS.

PROP. 1. Mercury confifts of fmaller Particles than any known Fluid. 2. The Particles of Mercury, the fmaller they are, the more perfect Spheres they are. 3. Mercury is the heavieft of all natural Fluids. 4. Mercurial Particles attract fome Bodies most, and fly from others the most 108

- Philosophical Corollaries. 1. Therefore the Particles of Mercury are most easily rais'd by Heat. 2. Therefore they have the greatest Momentum. 3. Therefore they will readily pass through all animal Substances, which are lax and porous 109
- Medical Corollaries. 1. Therefore the Particles of Mercury are fitteft to break Vifcosity. 2. Therefore they are the fitteft Medicin to open the Obstructions of the small Vessels. 3. Therefore they are fitteft to cure Palsies. 4. Therefore they are fitteft to antidot the Scurvy. 5. Therefore they are the best Antidot for the Gout. 6. Therefore they are the best Remedy for chronical Distempers caus'd by Excesses. 7. Therefore the Particles of Mercury duely prepared, are the most probable Mean to make the Circulation quite round and intire through

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through the whole System of the animal Tubes; that is, to thin the Juices IIO Medical Cautions. Mercury, however prepared, will infallibly burft those Vessels, whofe Obstructions cannot be disfolved, and break those whose Sides are very flender, or which are putrified ; and therefore Mercury is a divine Antidot, or real Poison, according as it is managed; neither it nor any mineral Medicin being ever defign'd by the Creator to enter an animal Body, no more than animal Food, in his first Intention, at least before the Lapse, and perhaps not before the Deluge, the Minerals being probably then intended for other Ufes, and not being perhaps in the Form they are now, nor on the mountainous Surfaces of the Earth, nor diffolv'd in Water, as we now find them III

- The Choice of mineral Medicins. The beft Preparation of Mercury is that wherein its Particles are most minutely divided and separated, and thereby fitted to pervade the sibid.
- That Preparation of *Mercury* is beft, where its Particles being minutely divided, the Mixture is made with that Body of the moft acknowledg'd *fpecific* Virtue against the Difease 112

Therefore the Aqua Mercurialis is the best and most universal of all Deobstruents in very weak Persons; the Mercurius Alcalisatus

## ABSTRACT of

Satus next; then the Cinnabar, Æthiops, Quickfilver, purified with specific Extracts, ibid.

- All mineral Medicins ought to be infinitly divided before they are fent into an animal Body ibid.
- Mercury, and the active Salts, are the very worft and most prejudicial Preparations to animal Bodies, and are not to be us'd but in fmall Doses, and in Cases that require Expedition 113
- General medical Corollaries. As Water, Blood-warm, is the beft Diluent, fo purified Quickfilver is the beft Deobstruent. But as Water alone may be too fluggish, io Mercury alone may be too active and ponderous in delicat Constitutions; therefore the very best Preparation is where Mercury, infinitly divided, is mix'd with the *specific* Vegetable or Mineral against a given Distemper ibid.
- Therefore a thin cool low Diet of vegetable, or very tender and loofe animal Substances, is the very best Food for delicat and wasted Constitutions
- A general medical Scholium. From this Syftem, or Philosophical Explication, of the Nature and Laws of the minute Particles of Matter, it will follow, 1. That soft, mild, thin and cool Foods, are fittest to carry on and continue animal Life and Functions. 2. That Spirits, Salts, chymical Oils, and Medicins that have pass'd through the Tortures

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tures of the Fire, are most pernicious to animal Bodies. 3. That Food of Animals which live on Animals, are the worft kind of animal Food for human Bodies. 4. That Mercury, duely prepared and combin'd with a specific Alterative, is the best Deobstruent and Diffolvent. 5. That Milk and Vegetables are the proper Food for young and difeafed Animals, and tender Conftitutions. 6. That Water Beverage is best for preferving the Faculties clear, the Spirits free, and prolonging Life. 7. That, on the whole, Mercury, fome-how prepared, and Water, naturally or artificially impregnated, are the two Antidots provided by Nature for animal Diftempers in chronical Cafes 116

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# ABSTRACT

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## DISCOURSE IV.

OF

PHILOSOPHICAL CONJECTURES on Spiritual Nature, the Human Spirit in particular.

THAT the natural Powers of all Spirits are thefe two, Understanding and Willing, which suppose a third, viz. Living, as their Base 119 That all created Spirits naturally and philosophically can be conceiv'd only as infinitefimal Miniatures, Sparkles, Emanations, or, if I durst use the Words, diminutive analogous Particles of that infinitly perfect spiritual Being, who is so intirely One, that He cannot have Parts; yet have these Miniatures of Him an infinitesimal Portion of his spiritual Substance, endow'd with a proportional

## ABSTRACT of, &c. 271

tional Share of his natural Attributes of Living, Understanding and Willing; and fo are therefore necessarily immortal, and cannot be annihilated 120

- That these Faculties or Powers are felt sensibly and perceptibly by duely cultivated Spirits of all Orders, and follow by Analogy as to the Substance of the Soul, and these Faculties, from the necessary Nature and Attributes of the Deity 121
- That this Meaning is evident in Revelation, which fays, Men are God's Images, and they are there called Gods; that is, they were at first made infinitesimal Divinities, endow'd with his natural and moral Attributes, in their Order 122
- That all Pagan and Christian Antiquity believ'd, that all created Spirits were cloath'd with fome material Vehicle, and that God alone was pure, immaterial, infinit Spirit; and Revelation speaks of a spiritual, that is, of an infinitly refin'd and sublim'd Body 123
- That neither material nor fpiritual Subftances are knowable by us at prefent, but by their fenfible Effects and Acting : But that Matter and Spirit are contrary, tho' not contradictory, in their most effential and distinguishing Qualities; Matter being divisible in infinitum, and Spirit indivisible : But what infinit Divisibility, Rarity, Elasticity and Velocity in the Particles of Matter, might at last

last effect on its Substance and Qualities, to give Matter a Nature different from groß porous inert Bodies, none but the Author of Matter and Spirit can tell or comprehend : But they will eternally be even thus, like the Hyperbolic Curve and its Asymptot, probably like parallel Right Lines 125 Living is probably actuating, governing and moveing a divinely organiz'd Vehicle, primitive, athereal or planetary; and whereever there is any Degree of Life, vegetative (or divinely organiz'd Matter only) sensative or rational, there of Necessity must be a spiritual (so to speak) Body, or an immaterial, immortal and progreffive spiritual Substance, actuating, governing and moveing a divincly organiz'd Body of fome Order or Nature or another, or both united 126

That there may possibly be Orders, Ranks and Species of animated Beings, with divinely organiz'd Vehicles of all Degrees, gradually rifing, from the Coralline to the highest Seraphim; and an Angel is only a spiritual Substance actuating a divinely organiz'd Body, of an Order and Purity a little higher than that of an unlapsed perfect human Be-127 ing

That we plainly perceive how imperfect and unhappy Beings we are at prefent, we of the human Race; yet cannot possibly think that

## DISCOURSE IV.

that we came thus out of the Hands of our Creator; but must conclude we have lost our primitive Creation State by some wilful Mismanagement of our own 128

- That our *primitive* State must necessarily have been, 1. That our organis'd Vehicle was entirely *fupple* and pliable to our Spirit; and, 2. That our *Spirit* was entirely *pliable* to the Divine Spirit 129
- That all created Spirits being naturally free, must be necessarily fallible: That, on this Globe, there was never a thinking Being, come to any Degree of Maturity, who found not himself, at one time or another, miserable, and wish'd not to be otherwise; this State is called the Lapse 130
- How this Lapfe was brought about, is not explicitly revealed, and is not knowable by mere Reason or Philosophy; we feel that it is, and that is all we at first know certainly. God's Defign being to restore us, with the Confent of our own Liberty, and the Harmony of his Attributes, discourages vain Curiofity in Particulars; all that is revealed to us is general and indefinit; we feel that we are imperfect and unhappy, and that is fufficient to begin the first Steps of our Recovery into Order in Body and Soul; we are always certain in the Knowledge of our Recovery, of the fecond Step when we have made the first, of the third when we have made the fecond, and foon in infinitum; more previous Knowledge

ledge would but perplex and confound us, and draw us out of the *fhortest* Road of *Reftoration* 132

- That it is not improbable, that the Lapfe was brought about by Steps and Degrees, that Way of Lapfeing being most natural to finite Creatures, and many of the feveral Orders of Beings might have been concern'd in it 133
- That our Senfes were given us to commerciat with material Objects, thefe of our prefent Syftem efpecially, or others we may pafs into; in which the Key and Logic of our Knowledge is Proportion. All we can poffibly know of fpiritual Natures must be from Analogy, without Violence on our Liberty, which make us mere Vegetables, and from comparing them with the Faculties and Operations of our own Spirits; and Analogy, duly cultivated and cautiously guarded in fpiritual Nature, is answerable to Algebra, or Analyticks in Mathematicks 135
- That fince God is, spiritual Nature and material Nature is and exists: All GOD's Words and Works must therefore necessarily have a literal or material, spiritual and divine Meaning and Sense; the literal for Beginners, the spiritual for the Advanced, and the divine for the Perfect. Perhaps it may be thus in the Account of the Lapse, and all the Group of this Affair certainly were literal, Paradise a Place of material Delight, the Tree of Life a Food to perpetuat the then

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then material Vehicle in Health and Liveliness; the Tree of the Knowledge of Good and Evil, quite the contrary; the Serpent, the highest fallen Angel. The spiritual Meaning may refer to the moral Powers of the Soul, as the literal did to the bodily; the Tree of Life may refer to the Source of the Divinity, the Father; the Tree of the Knowledge of Good and Evil, to the God-Man Jesus Christ; the Serpent, the grand Deceiver; Paradife, the natural Powers of the Soul, which were contracted and fopited by großs Matter, upon the Lapfe, after the moral Powers were defac'd by Rebellion, Diforder, Selfifhnefs, and inordinat Love of the Creature 137

That by this Lapse, from the Principle of Attraction establish'd universally in the Spiritual as well as material World, the primitive athereal Vehicle was gradually turn'd to a planetary one, fuch as we now live in; and thereby the Activity, Energy, and Extension of the natural Powers of the Soul were greatly confin'd and flunted, as to their elicited Acts, tho' they could not be fo as to their Fund, and potential Nature; and now they must rife to Perfection in proportion only to the acquir'd moral Powers, and by Labour and Culture, under the Oeconomy of Jesus, and by the Aid of supranatural Grace, be develop'd, extended and 139 purified That

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That perhaps all fentient and intelligent Beings, of all Ranks, must necessarily pais through a State of Trial, Probation and Apprenticeship, before they can be, even by Omnipotence, confirm'd and eterniz'd in Illability and Impeccability, as a Potter vitrifies his Ware by Fire; or a Smith steels his Iron. All that is neceffary or proper for us to know, or be certain of, in our prefent State, is, that we are lapsed Probationers, and progressive towards Perfection and Happinefs; more precife Knowledge of our pre-existent or future State might only retard our Progrefs 14.3 Whether the ruinous Planet we now inhabit, was the primitive Seat of unlapsed human Spirits, and by their gradual Laple was infenfibly turn'd into its present Condition, is impossible for us now to determin. Paradife, as described by Moses, is now no-where to be found; and most Climats, on a Balance of Incommodities with Conveniencies, are pretty much upon an Equality to the Natives. We find Luxury deftroys our planetary Vehicles, and Pestilences infect the Atmosphere and the Earth, as well as its Inbitants : But it is probable, the Divine Power might fuspend or accelerat the general Laws of Nature, to turn this Globe from its Paradifiacal to its prefent State 145 An animal Body being a System only of mechanical Powers, compos'd of fine elastic infinitesimal Lines, or Threads form'd into various

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various Webs or Membranes, and they into Tubes or folid Bundles, are, by proper Liquors, kept for a time in due Elasticity, having under them the primitive athereal Vehicle, which is the proper Covering of the Soul, and its immediat Inftrument between it and the planetary Plaistering, which, when broken, drops, and perhaps they (Soul and athereal Vehicle) pass into others, till its progressive Purification be finish'd into Illability and Impeccability 147

Matter is capable only of Division, Figure, Motion and Situation, and is passive and inert. Spirit is self-motive and selfactive, and must be the Principle of Motion in Bodies, without which they would continue for ever inert, but so far as their Principle of Attraction or Repulsion, produc'd probably by some subtile universal Fluid, sets them into Action : But this Fluid feems confin'd chiefly to inanimat Matter; and does nothing in particular or eminently in proper animal Functions, but as the general Laws of Nature operate and concur with all material Operations; and the Whole of animated Functions feem to be directly and eminently transacted by the actuating immaterial Principle on the divinely organiz'd æthereal Vehicle, which communicats its Energy to the planetary Plaistering. So that the material Spirit of Sir Isaac, Hugens and Leibnitz's rapid Fluid, T 3 and

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and even our common animal Spirits, feem to be without any Ufe, but in inanimat Motions and Appearances: And perhaps animal Motions and Functions may be better underftood and explain'd, by fuppoling what is Fact, that our Solids, the Nerves efpecially, (which are the more immediat Inftruments of animal Motions, and their Functions) are membraneous cellular Tubuli, preferv'd in their proper Elasticity and Tone, by a milky Oil contain'd in them; and are mechanically adjusted at first by the immediat Hand of the Almighty, and fitted to convey, from the immaterial Spirit, a Beginning of proper harmonious Vibrations and Oscillations (which may perhaps be promoted and forwarded by the correspondent Undulations of an infinitly rare elastic Fluid, diffeminated thro' universal Space); which being sent, in a proper Direction, by the appropriated Nerves, to the peculiar Muscles, and divinely organiz'd Instruments, conveys proper Action, Energy and Motion to them; and Bodies, and their Effluvia; (fo and fo vibrating) may to the fame membranous Tubuli, communicat peculiar Vibrations, fitted to impress a Sensation of their Prefence, and of Bodies, and their Qualities, to the intelligent naturally fagacious Spirit; fo that the whole Work may be directly transacted between the Spirit and outward Bodies, by the divine Mechanism of 12

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of proper bodily Organs; and the *æthereal* Fluid may be to *animated* Bodies, in their Motions and Functions, not effential, but accidental or commodious, for a more convenient Propagation; as Air is to *Animals*, or Water to the *Fifh* 151

- That Living, Activity or Liberty, and Intel-ligence, in fome Degree, and all their Modes, are neceffary to all animated Beings, of all Orders; and the Difference in the Individuals of the fame Order, depends on the Frame and Texture of their Vehicles in a great measure; so that probably at first there might have been no Difference of Sexes, that depending on a defign'd different Configuration of this planetary Crusting. That some Power analogous to the original creative Attributes in the Deity, arifing from his infinite Self-activity, might be communicated to all sentient and intelligent Beings, is not improbable. But how this infinite simal creative Power operated before the Lapfe, is not known: Perhaps by an intense Willing under the Influence of the Divine Spirit 153
- It is highly probable, from the Neceflity of Suffering, in the prefent State, that all the fentient and intelligent Beings, that shall ever live or appear on this Globe, were all created at the same Instant, miscarried in their Probation, and were all at the same time confin'd into infinitesimal Prisons of T 4 this

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this ruinous Planet, in the Miniature, Seeds, Ova, and Animalculs of the primitive Pairs, or Stock, to be progreflively propell'd into fenfible Living on this Planet, all by general analogous Laws, in their Order; and this progressive Propagation was kindly defign'd, as a Mean of recovering their moral Powers, by the Benefits arising from the Acquisition of Virtue and Wisdom in the Parents, tho' the contrary has fallen out 156 There may be original Differences in the Spirits of the Individuals of the fame Order of Intelligences, fome having one of the effential and natural Attributes of the Spirit in a higher Extent than the other, it may be sufficient to constitute the fame Order, that their Aggregats be equal: But the Perfection of the athereal Vehicle, Culture, and the Acquisition of the moral Attributes, makes the most fignal Difference in this State ; as Air, Exercife and Diet improve the Health, fo does Culture in the Acquisition of the moral Powers of the Mind. The natural Powers are conftant and invariable, as to their Fund and Capacity; but are impeded from elicit Acts by the Clumfiness and Want of due Culture of the animal and intellectual material Organs 159 The Mainauvre of Providence in the Reftoration feems to be thus: The radical natural Powers being conftant and invariable in their Fund and Capacity, but the moral Powers

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Powers being defac'd by the Lapfe; infinit Goodness, ever acting by his own beneficent Nature, defigning to recover these moral Powers, tied down the Energy and Elicitation of the natural Powers, by Ligatures of this ruinous Planet, at first into that of mere Living; and included the whole Mafs of lapsed human Intelligences, in the Loins of One, or a Pair, who were to be the univerfal Parents, designing the self-active and felf-motive Principle in each fhould, under certain general Laws, break and work off these Ligatures, in their several Orders; while they, by other general Laws, relating to spiritual Nature, (Prophecy, to wit, Miracles, Apostolick Lawgivers, fupernatural Influences and Graces, and at last by the overwhelming Light and Love of the Meffiah, his only begotten Son) fhould recover in them the defac'd moral Virtues 162

Hence it is evident, the first and initial Steps of this Restoration must, in a great measure, depend on the Sanity of the Adamical Machin; because, when our earthly Tabernacle is greatly diforder'd, these elementary Steps in the Developement of the natural, and the Acquisition of the moral Powers, cannot be fo readily brought about, which depends greatly on the Parentage; for the whole Aggregat of all that is connected with the Pa282

Parents, their Bodies, Humors, and material or fpiritual Qualities, are transfus'd and transfubstantiated through the whole, and defcend to Posterity just as they possess them, and so the Children must fare accordingly 163

- It may happen, by Accident, by Difcafe, by universal Causes, that one Set of nervous Glands in the Brain, one Set of membranous Tubuli (the material Organs of Cogitation) may be more spoil'd, broken, and worn out in some than the others, both in Parents and Children; which will make a great Difference in the elicit Acts of the natural Powers, and which will make the Difference between a Lawgiver, a Philosopher, a Hero, and an Artifan. But this whole Affair is more immediatly under God's special and particular moral Government of his World; tho' perhaps by general Laws, only occasionally, and on great and worthy Motives, 165 fuspended
- That at prefent, the *Perfection* of *intellectual* Faculties depends, in a great measure, on the *Sanity* of the bodily Machin, seems evident, because, 1. The *Adamical Machin* was intended only to suspend the *elicit* Acts of the *natural* Powers in their most eminent Degree, to give us Fredom, by developeing and throwing off their *Incrustation*, to acquire the *moral* Powers. 2. By Experience we

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we find, that in Diforders and Diftempers of the Body, the intellectual Operations are either inconftantly, weakly, or unfteadily perform'd. 3. It is Fact, that in seminal Miniatures, in Embryo, and Childhood, and for a long time, the Soul does nothing but perform the living and animal Fun-Etions. 4. We find, that Luxury, Leachery, Laziness, strong Passions, inclement Air, Bruises and Accidents, that injure the Body, hurt and deftroy the free and eafy Exercife of these Faculties, in the Acquisition of Science and Virtue. 5. We actually fee, that as the Body inlarges, and the Organs of the Senses strengthen, the intellectual Facultics and their elicit Acts grow ftronger. 6. All intellectual as well as vital Operations, are perform'd by the Intermediation of modulated and harmonious Vibrations on membranous Tubuli, (the Nerves) and they abfolutly depend on the State of the Body. 7. As Luxury, Leachery, and Lazinefs, will spoil these intellectual Operations; so, on the other hand, a low cool Diet, Air and Exercise, proper Evacuation, and the mild. ponderous Medicins, will cure and mend them, and bring them often to the fame, fometimes to a better State than they were before 169 From hence it is evident, that the whole Work

of our Restoration, in some measure, de-· · · · · pends

pends on ourselves, in Co-operation with the Divine Aflistance, under his Providence, and the Oeconomy of Jesus; the whole Creation, from inert Matter, up to the higheft Cherubim, being, as it were, an inverted Cone rifing from a Point, and made of infinitesimal Surfaces, as it were, contitinually inlarging, (which makes their Order) being all Pictures, less or greater, of the radical or natural Attributes of their Creator ; but Men having defac'd their moral Attributes, are imprison'd in Gaols of this ruinous Planet, that by a progressive Expiation, Purification, and Labour, they may recover these, and so become again similar to their Original, in their moral as well as natural Powers, and so become again infinitesimal Divinities, in their Order, and perpetually happy 173

The human Soul has innate, conftantly and invariably in it, all the *natural* Powers it was first created with, even now in its lapsed Stare, at least in its *Fund*, *Capacity*, and *Elfence*; only they are fuspended, chain'd down, and concentred, as to its *elicit* Acts, by the *Adamical* Tabernacle, like a *Felon* in a Dungeon, and will drop at last; and fo perhaps passing through various *planetary Gaols*, will progressively recover the Use of their *natural* Powers, as they acquire the *moral* ones 175

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- From whence it will follow, that the Culture of the natural Powers, the Acquisition of Sciences, and all intellectual Exercifes, are but Remembrance, cutting off Obstacles, and removeing Impediments, opening Paffages, and widening Apertures, through this Adamical Prison, which is the most readily and effectually brought about by endeavouring to acquire the moral Powers 176
- That Memory is but an Affection of the Understanding and Will, fixing the Attention and Reflection, like feeing in the Eye by the Effort of the Will. The Understanding is passive and inert, as every material Organ is. It is the Will that is the ruling and commanding Faculty, and Sovereign in the Soul. The Will is infinit and unlimited, and may act in Contradiction and Contrariety to the Understanding; is fo abfolutly unlimited, infinit and unconfin'd, that it extends to all Distances, without the Intermediation of Body. Being a felf-motive and self-active Principle, it is no less real in its Operations, tho' it do not always effect its Volitions. In it lies the true and effential natural miniature Image of the Deity 178

Some have thought, the Will of all free Agents so infinitly free in its own Nature, as it was deriv'd from the creative Source of Liberty and Power the Deity, that He left

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left it free, hid and imperceptible directly from his own Penetration, Espial and Influence; for so much they think a felfmotive Power necessarily implies, tho' but an infinitefimal one; and that even Omniscience knew not that the Angels had lapfed, till the Rebellion actually happen'd; but had, from all Eternity, provided for the Poffibility of fuch an Event: That to ennoble his Creatures, and make them fit to commerciat with Himfelf, He might fuspend his Omniscience to magnify his Omnipotence; and might defignedly and arbitrarily not forefee (tho' He certainly always might) the contingent and natural Actions of his intelligent Creatures, to make them more worthy of Him. But this bold and unwarranted Supposition, tho' it might folve fome Difficulties about the Lapse, about Prescience and Predestination, and in the Oeconomy of Revelation and the Restoration, is perhaps inconfistent with the Perfection of the Divine Nature; and fince infinit Penetration and Sagacity will equally answer the same Difficulties, and is lefs derogatory from infinit Perfection, the former Supposition is un-182 tenable, I think

As the trine Dimensions of Matter and Space, and their necessarily being neither fewer nor more, give us, in unanimated Nature, a lively Picture of the Trinity in Unity, in the

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the Divine Nature; fo the three fundamental natural and estential Powers of all intelligent Creatures, carry up the analogical Picture higher; which perhaps paffes through all the celestial Hierarchy, and all intelligent Nature, up to their Source the Creator, who is the last and highest Term of this Climax; as He is, so we are, in our spiritual Nature, with the uncomprehensible Difference there is between the lowest Finite and absolute Infinitude. As in our Nature there is Living, Understanding and Willing; fo in his there is Self-existence, Omniscience and Omnipotence; or, analogous to, in the Revelation Language, Father, Son, and Holy Spirit. But as Living, Understanding and Willing, in us and all Creatures, are but, as it were, Modalities, Qualities, Faculties and Powers; in the Divine Nature, on the contrary, they must be Realities, Subsistences and Beings; because every effential and radical Attribute in God must be actually God, becaufe of his infinit Simplicity and Perfection. But this Reprefentation of the Divine Nature is here only alledg'd as an Allusion and analogous Picture, to take off the Difficulties in this inexplicable Mystery; and, in fome Degree, to reconcile it to modeft guarded Philosophers, of honeft Hearts, who are confcious of their own low Rank in the Scale of Intelligence. The Arian and Sabellian

bellian Herefies being the two Extremes, are yet widely different in their Influence on Christian Perfection: The first dwindling the Merit, Dignity, Example and Satiffaction of the Saviour of Men, into a mean low human Transaction; the second being only too philosophically nice and punctilous about the Unity of the Divine Nature; which tho', I think, this emblematical miniature Representation of it, actually existent in all intellectual Nature, fairly reconciles, and makes as clear as our prefent State will 184 admit

The immaterial Soul and athereal Vehicle, sopited in a State of mere vegetable Life, for perhaps many Ages, in the Seminal Animalcul, by this planetary Incrustation; in time appears on this Globe, becomes fenfitive, feels Pain and Misery; then begins Instinet and Remembrance from precedent Suffering, and ftores the Mind with Ideas or Pictures of absent Actions and Things, and on these the Understanding operats to produce a Facility and Habit of Reasoning; as the material Organs and Inftruments of these Operations develope and strengthen, Reflection and Remembrance of prefent or past Suffering awakens Conscience (an innate Faculty of the Soul); this Faculty, as the Ideas multiply, Senfations become more intense, Reflection more strong and frequent,

#### DISCOURSE IV. 289

quent, and the intellectual Organs are difpos'd, becomes more anxious and vehement; and providential difpofing Accidents, or natural Occurrences, incline us to provide for a durable future Happinefs, at leaft when this *Adamical* Tabernacle fhall crumble into Duft; and then perhaps we come to a State to fay in earneft, *Lord*, what *fhall I do* to be faved? which feems to be the precife Condition infinit Love and Goodnefs intends by this wonderful Oeconomy to bring us into 190

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# ABSTRACT

#### OF

## DISCOURSE V.

On NATURAL ANALOGY, its Laws, and some of its Consequences.

HINGS may differ in Degree as well as in Kind 193 DEF. I. Difference in Degrees is where things having their effential Qualities the fame, admit in these Qualities a More and a Less ibid. DEF. 2. Difference in Kind, is where fome of the effential Qualities of things compar'd are common, some are different ibid. DEF. 2. By Ratio, or Relation, is meant the Reference or Connexion any two things compar'd have with one another, whofe essential Qualities common, admit of a More or Less ibid. DEF.

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- DEF. 4. Similarity is where there is an Equality or Sameness of Relations: In the Substance and effential Qualities of things compar'd, differing only by a More or a Less: In abstracted and simple Ideas, this Sameness is commonly called Similitude of Ratio's: In Things, Substances, or Aggregats of Qualities, it may be called Similarity of Relations 194
- DEF. 5. Things, Substances, and Qualities, are meant to be progreffive, which are constantly increasing or decreasing fimilarly 195 SCHOL. Space, Time, Motion, and Velocity, feem to be no Realities, or external Things, but mere Modifications, different Situations and Circumstances of Bodies or Matter; and are only our Manner of conceiveing or confidering these. A particular Space, or the Locality of a particular Body, feems to be the Mathematical Term, or the Limits of the three Dimensions of a Body, (as a Point is of a Line) or a Body in the Inftant of its Evanishing or Generating. And universal Space is just fuch an Idea as infinit Number, or an infinitly great Body, or a mere Ens Rationis. And to fhew that they are all but abstracted Ideas, and our partial Manner of conceiveing Things, from our limited Capacity; if we perform actually the Arithmetical Operations, as the Expression points them out, on proper infinit Series's, and throw away all 12

ABSTRACT of

all the leffer Quantities, we fhall come to all the Mysteries in Fluxions and Differentials, Ratio's, and Series, commonly known, which are acknowledg'd to be only abstracted Ideas, and technical Arts, to supply the Defects of our Faculties, which are not intuitive, but progressive; they admit of Degrees, or a More and Less, only as belonging to and being connected with Body; viz. Space, Time, Motion, and Velocity, are Relations or Modifications only of Body or Matter 196

- DEF. 6. Relative Infinit, is fuch as is fuppos'd to increase or decrease perpetually, yet by no finite Power can be brought to, and no finite Capacity can assign or conceive its limiting Terms, viz. the Greatest or the Least 197
- DEF. 7. Absolute Infinitude is the sole Attribute of the Deity, who is infinitly infinit in all Perfections and Realities ibid.
  - DEF. 8. Things only are contradictory, which totally deftroy one another, deftroy their Subsistence, Substance, and Qualities ibid.

SCHOL. It is very doubtful, nay, I think, impoflible, there can fubfift a full Contradiction among created Things, Subftances, or Qualities, fince they must all be Effluxes of the Deity, in whom there can fubfift no Contradiction. For in created Things, to become totally contradictory, there must be an equal Action and Reaction, to have produced

#### DISCOURSE V.

duced it; but in all Creatures there feems to be a Subsistence and Reality, which cannot be totally deftroy'd by one another, but by a Power and Energy equal to that by which they were created, and infinit Perfection cannot be contrary to itself. There may therefore be a Contrariety among created Substances and Qualities, but not a full Contradiction, or total Annihilation of their Subfiftence, Subftance, and all their Qualities. For even between material and (piritual Substances, there will remain still, Substance, Subsistence, a Relation, an Alliance, a Power of Expansion and Remission, both of their Substance and Qualities, which will make them alliable, and, as the Chymists fpcak, will make them capable of an Amalgama, (like Quickfilver with Lead) tho' they will eternally act by Contrariety on one another's Substances and Qualities, and ever counteract one another 200

DEF. 9. Analogy, is a Similarity in Subftances and effential Qualities, differing only by a More or a Less ibid.

SCHOL. Analogy is of two kinds, perfect and complete, and imperfect and incomplete ibid.
DEF. 10. Perfect Analogy is where there is a total Similarity of Substances, and effential Qualities, differing only in Degrees ibid.
SCHOL. There are, I think, Substances, as well as Things and Qualities, of a middle Nature, between the Extremes, in every U 3 created

created Reality; and this feems to be neceffary, from the Infinitude of the Divine Nature, as well as from the Nature of Finitude and Creature, which muft be various and gradual. And as between any two given Terms, there are an Infinity of mean Proportionals affignable; and between an infinitly fmall, and an infinitly great part of the Diameter of an infinit Circle, there is the Perpendicular neither infinitly fmall nor great; fo there muft be material and fpiritual Subftances, of all Degrees of Sublimity, Purity, and Perfection, which, tho' fimilar, may differ in Degrees 201

- COROL. Hence it may be possible, there may exist material Substances, continually approaching to the Nature and Qualities of spiritual Substances, which yet they can never arrive at, like the Asymptots of an Hyperbola 202
- COROL. 2. Hence, there may poffibly be material Fluids, fo infinitly rare, fpiritual, and elastic, that they may permit grofs, porous, planetary Bodies, with only an infinitly little Refiftance, tho' that Refiftance may be still formewhat, and but as the Sun diminiss only infinitly little continually, in the Emission of her Light; neither the spiritual Fluid, nor the Sun, can be defign'd to last, in their present Condition, a Duration equal to GOD's Eternity 203 DEF:

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#### DISCOURSE V. 295

DEF. 1. Complex Analogy is where there is only a Similarity between a certain Number of effential Qualities, common to the Things compared, which differ in Degrees; but are diversified in other Qualities lefs effential ibid.

#### PROPOSITION.

All Creation, the whole System of the Universe, with all the particular Systems in Nature, are or can be nothing, but the supreme Being and his Attributes, transubstantiated into Being and Perceptibility; but the Cause will be always different from the Effect, the Artificer from the Work. This may be demonstrated à priori, from the Nature and Attributes of the first Cause; but to illustrate it à posteriori, some Instances may be proper 204

§. I. In the vegetable World, to explain their Growth and Multiplication, the infinitly rare elaftic material Fluid mention'd, judicioufly applied, will be fufficient, as alfo in the Vegetation and Growth of Minerals 205

§. 2. The totally inanimat Creation, effecially our now fecondary Elements of Air, Water, Light, Salts, and Mercury, in the peculiar Fitnefs of the Size, Figure, Law of Attraction and Gravity, fhew the infinit Wifdom of their Contriver; for had they U 4 not

#### ABSTRACT of

not been figur'd, fo as they are now in Nature, to fit the *Tubes* of *Vegetables*, and to combine them into their now integral Parts, they could not have been proper Materials for the Accretion of these *Vegetables*; and if they had not been so combin'd and *moulded* in the Vegetables, there had been no proper Food for *Animals* 206

- The Difference between Vegetables and Animals lies in this, that for the Actuation, Growth and Multiplication of the first, there neither is, nor is wanted any other Power or Energy than what an infinitly rare and elastic material Fluid produces on a divinely organis'd material Machin; but in the latter, there is a felf-motive and felf-active fpiritual Substance actuating and governing all their Functions, of fome Order or Degree, even in the lowest Brute and Infect 208
- 5. 4. The human Powers, their Degree, Order, and the Nature of their primitive æthereal Vehicle, with its now Plaistering, have been fufficiently explain'd 209
- §. 5. The Angelic Hierarchies must be infinit in their Number, rifing in a harmonious Progreffion and Variety, whose Seats may possibly be the Fixt Stars, and their analogous planetary athereal Systems and Apparatus; and these must be infinit in Number likewise, to preferve the Equilibrium in univerfal Space, and their original Distances from 'each

each other; they must have one generical Nature, which must be that of the radical Attributes of the Deity, Living, Understanding and Willing; their specific Differences may confist in Light and Love, that some are more eminently luminous, others more ardently loving; and this Difference seems to take Place even on this ruinous Planet, in the different Complexions and Talents of Mind in the different Orders of Men, which can only account for the odd Diversity in the Children of the same Parents, under the same Education and Example 213

The Fixt Stars, which must be infinit in Number, feem to be the material Mansions of unlapsed, tried and purified angelical Hierarchies, and of reftor'd, fentient and intelligent lapsed Creatures. God's Throne, his Shechina, is represented as above : Elijab went upwards, and Christ ascended. Bodies of all Orders, or different Purity, must have an ubi, a local Situation, and a parmanent Mansion, at last: These Fixt Stars, and their planetary Apparatus, may be the Seats of the Unlapsed and Restor'd, and their athereal Vehicles may be of the fame Matter with their Mansions; and the Matter of these luminous and glo-. rious Seats, and the Vehicles made of them, may be eternis'd by harmonious Vibrations, and - ----

and a perpetual Flux and Reflux of their Rays 216

- GOD being the Creator of all fentient and intelligent Beings, the efficient Caufe, and Object of perfect Felicity, it is a manifeft Contradiction he fhould creat any fuch without impressing in the very Effence of their Nature an ardent and infatiable Tendency and Ardor after Re-union with him; and accordingly the Defire of Happines in all fentient and intelligent Beings is invariable and unextinguishable, as we fee, however they may mistake the End or Means, by being labile, and placeing it in spurious Selfishness, and inordinat Love of the Creatures; and in the Diffinction and Contrariety between this innate Byafs and that adventitious one, does the Effence of Mifery and Hell, in all future States, confift; but this last Byass being acquir'd only, and not innate and effential, the Love, Merits and Satisfaction of the Son of God, were contriv'd from all Eternity, to melt down and efface 210
- Is it not highly probable that the System of Saturn, the Planets and their Satellits, may be the local Prisons and Dungeons, or Correction-houses, of the several Orders of lapsed probationary and progressive sentient and intelligent Beings? They differ vastly in their Accommodations; they seem to be under

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under fome *penitential Difciplin* from many obvious Imperfections and Oddities not eafily otherwife accountable, or reconcileable to the Simplicity, Beauty, Harmony and regular Order of all the Works of an infinitly perfect and powerful Being; but, with infinit Propriety and Wildom, feem fitted for the Defign of Penitence, Correction, and initial Purity and Perfection 220

- The Comets cannot poffibly be the Seats of the Bleffed; they are too many to fupply only our Decrease of Water; their Alternations of extreme Heat and Cold, Light and Darkness, are too violent for any animated Vehicle in a State of Happiness: They feem more probably to be the Habitations of animated Beings under the Expectation of the last Sentence, or to be the Condemn'd Holds of GOD's Kingdom 222 The next immediat Mansions to this, or the feveral Stations and Mansions design'd for the respective Purification of Soul and Body of lap
  - fipective Purification of Soul and Body of lapfed, fentient and intelligent Beings, and all the feveral Steps, Stations or Mansions, in all Probability have a gradual Refemblance or Analog y to one another and to this State here, and this Planet we now inhabit as the first or initial Term upwards or downwards refpectively; in those upwards all the Beauties, Comforts and pure Delights here increasing fimilarly in Degree, without their Deformity,

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mity, Miferies or Pains; in those downwards all the contrasy: This Climax feems naturally to flow from the Simplicity and Immutability of the Divine Nature by Analogy, and is conform to Revelation. All Bodies or Vehicles, planetary and æthereal, must have an ubi, and a fixt Mansion at least for a Time; and all fentient and intelligent Beings must have a Polity, Order and Laws, be under a Government and Subordination; else it would not be a happy State, but confummat Misery. GOD is a God of Order, and all his Works are performed with Order, Number, Weight and Measure, and must have all a mutual Analogy, or as near a Refemblance to one another, as the Nature of Things will admit 125

Analogy does not (at least always directly and infallibly) demonstrat the real Existence and neceffary Production of Things ad extra; but it ftrongly illustrats, explains, and makes them confiftent with and confonant to the Things that we know already, fee and feel to exift; it makes them different Links only of the fame Chain, of Effects, and fimilar Terms of the fame Progression, removes Difficulties, and makes Things rational and fit Objects for a rational supreme Caufe to work by; and this is the folid Foundation of all true Philosophy, which can only gather Caufes and general Laws by Induction from repeated fingle Experiments, and

and is as high an Evidence as the Nature of *Finitude* and our Rank of Intelligence will admit in imperceptible Things; and when confirm'd by *Revelation*, rifes to the Evidence of a *Demonstration* in the strictest Sense 127

We may err and blunder in it, as we may in Algebra and Geometry; but often our Errors in the last come but from Want of Culture, Precipitation, or a wrong Head only; but in the Analogy that leads us to the Knowledge of the Divine Purity and Nature, and the Neceffity of our own Purification and Perfection for invisible States, and the Nature of Spirits, our Blunders are often owing to a wrong Heart, Licentioufnefs, Selfishness, and Independency. If we went on in natural Analogy as we do in natural Philosophy and Geometry, by the simplest, plainest and most obvious Cafes, first collected by Induction, laid them up as a Store to proceed on to the higher Terms of the analogical Progression, and with Attention and Humility went on, from inanimated Matter, and its Laws, to Vegetation, Animation, Spiritual Being, up to the fupreme Cause; perhaps great Proficience might be made in time by fuch a Method. Analogy is the only Mean of Knowledge, that can fecure Liberty in lapfed Intelligences. I will illustrate my Meaning by an Example in the System of Saturn 229 I. GOD

1. GOD bringing Creatures into Existence, must have made them after the most perfect Pattern, and therefore stampt them with his own Image, and to they must bear a Refemblance to him, and to one another, which is Analogy. 2. The Number of Qualities added to Existence, together with the Degrees of these Qualities, determin their Order. 3. The material World is a Transcript of the spiritual, and there is a more immediat Relation between each material System, and the Intelligences to which it belongs; and fhould they lapfe and fall into Diforder, their Mansion would make a similar Change. 4. There are many Evidences of this Analogy between the material and spiritual Systems: The Sun is placed in the Centre of our System, the material Image of the Deity; the Planets revolve about him, in different Times and Periods, to represent the feveral Orders of lapsed Intelligences; these Planets have no Light in themfelves, it is all deriv'd by Reflection from him. 5. Heat, Light, and their Confequence Attraction, are his chief Properties, and by this Attraction the Planets are kept in their Orbits, which strongly pictures out the Love of God, continually foliciting all Intelligences to a nearer Approach to him. 6. The Light of the Sun is diffus'd through the

#### DISCOURSE V.

the whole System, representing that Light which enlightens every Man that comes into the World, an Emblem of him who came forth from the Father of Lights God-Man. 7. The Sun's Light is always accompanied with Heat, which represents the Holy Spirit the Principle of spiritual Life. 8. The various Magnitudes, their Diftances from the Sun, with the periodical Times of the Revolutions of the Planets, will express the different Degrees of the Lapse, and the Times allotted for their first Trials and Probation. The Comets by their long elliptical Orbits are thrown off to the greatest Distance, and again drawn back to the nearest Approach to the Sun, to represent the Extremes of Love and Punisbment to the fame Intelligences, in order to purify them. 9. The Planets are acted upon by two different Forces, Attraction and the projectile Force, which are contrary to one another. The projectile Force makes the Planet recede perpetually from the Sun, while the Force of Attraction prevents this Effect; the projectile Force belongs to the Planet, the attractive to the Sun. How wonderfully does all this Oeconomy proclaim and speak in a Language truly natural, and proper to the Majefty and Wildom of the Deity, the Nature of the Lapse, the Action of Selfishness, and inordinat

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## ABSTRACT of, &c.

dinat Love of Creatures, and the Force of the Divine Love in the Oeconomy of Jefus! For it is supposed by the best Philofophers, that the folar Attraction will at last prevail over the projectile Force, and thereby both Planets and Comets will be swallowed up and transform'd into the Subftance of the Sun.

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Figure of the Metalahidate of the 'F largeds.

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# MISCELLANEOUS OBSERVATIONS ON, AND EXPLICATIONS OF, THE

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# Precedeing DISCOURSES.

HERE feems to be fomething §. I. 5 folid, in one Observation Leibnitz makes, viz. the Mark or Criterion, between the Works and Operations of Nature, or the GOD of Nature; and the Works of Art, or of finite Power and Wildom, viz. That GOD, or Nature, works always by Organs infinit in Number, or in a perpetual convergent Progression of Organs or Means towards fome one or many wife Ends; Creature, Man, or Art, by Organs finite in Number, or numerable (by Organs is always meant a separable distinct Part of a Machin). For Example;

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ample; we may be able to reckon the Wheels, Springs, Pullies, Chains, &c. of any Watch or Clock, or any Machin, how complicated foever, made by Art: But who can reckon the Fibres, Tubes, Membranes, Valves, Inofculations, Ligatures, Degrees of Curvature, in the Tubes, &c. of a Pile of Grafs, or of a Feather of a Bird? The further we go by our Senfes, affisted even by the most perfect Art, their Number multiplies on us; but then, if we could defcend into the Figure, Number, and Law of Cohefion of their component Particles, we fhould be intirely loft, and all our Art or Management would leave us in thick Darknefs, and utter Confusion. In the Works of the GOD of Nature, there is no Maximum or Minimum affignable, or conceiveable by us. Sir Isaac Newton has demonstrated the infinit Tenuity of the Particles of Light; and the progressive Analogy of Nature shews it is possible, that there may be Fluids as much more rare, and of as much leffer Particles, as those of Sand are bigger than those of Light. Leuvenboeck's Difcoveries of the Minutenels of some Animalculs, and of fome Tubes of Animals, are fcarce credible by any one who has not feen fome of them, as I have. The ingenious Dr. Porterfeild has demonstrated the extreme Tenuity of even an organiz'd and compounded nervous Fibre; and there is no Reafon from the Nature of Matter, from the Laws of Me-

Mechanism, or from the Divine Attributes, to ftop there; we may defcend ftill lower, or higher in infinitum, and be warranted by Reafon and Geometry. One great Fault in natural Philosophers has been, that they have rejected every Account, as incredible, imaginary, and fictitious, which fuppos'd Fluids extremely or infinitly rare, rapid, and elastic, as is that of Huygens's, Leibnitz, and Sir Isaac Newton's; and yet fome fuch there must infallibly exist in Nature, as the Phanomena shew : For if the natural Motions on our Earth, in Bodies, are perform'd by Air, Water, and Heat, fince we know fenfibly, these are Fluids of a finite and pretty near determinable Size, Figure, and Degree of Gravity in their Particles, the Analogy of Nature will make it as evident, that the other lefs known, fecret, fubtile, and unaccountable Appearances may be perform'd by fome other properly condition'd Fluid, (I mean only in the Appearances of the material World) I fay, as certainly, as if the first Terms of a Series  $x+x^2+x^3+x^4$ , &c. were given, I fhould certainly conclude the 10th, 11th and 12th Terms of fuch a Series were x10+x11+x12.

§. 2. THE Threads, (the laft and the leaft) Fibres, or linear Filaments of all vegetable and animal Substances, are certainly infinitly fmall, elastic and ductile; in separateing and anatomiseing them, we can never come to an X 2 End;

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End; and fine Microscopes will shew, that even the very leaft our Senfes can perceive, or our Art divide, are still Twists or Tubuli, and compounded of an infinit Number of leffer and leffer Threads. They are infinitly elastic, for we find no Limits in their Elasticity; the fmaller and finer they are, we find them growing still more elastic in the fame Proportion; and here also the Progression is without Stop or Limit. Elasticity depending on the Degree of Attraction, in the component Particles, the Elasticity can never be ftopt, till we arrive at Particles infinitly hard, indivisible, and imporose, which no finite Power can produce, and no finite Intelligence conceive; and even in fuch, there would be an infinitly small Renisus, or Reaction of their Particles when compress'd; fo that all Fluids of whatever Nature, and of whatever Degree of Rarity, must have some Degree of Elasticity or Reaction. Of fuch Threads, the Membranes, and of these Membranes the Tubes, and Veffels of all vegetable and animal Substances, seem compos'd. I fay, not mechanically, and according to the Laws of Nature, that we fee now they are govern'd by, and accounted from, but fupra-mechanically compos'd, and by the immediat Hand and Power, or Influence, of an infinitly wife and powerful First Cause. Of these again, I fay, are the Tubuli, the Coats of the Pipes, and all the other vascular Apparatus, in fewer or more Pipes, ac-

according to their Use and Necessity, compos'd. The Fluids are only defign'd to keep them in a proper Degree of Moisture and Glibness, to continue their necessary Tone, and due Degree of Elasticity. All the pleafant, eafy, and healthful Senfations of Life, depend chiefly on these Fluids. Little can be effected by Art or Medicin, on the Solids, and their linear Fibres : A temporary Constriction only, a transient winding up, a Fit of tolerable Health, and Flow of Spirits, may be gain'd by astringent cordial Medicins; but it is Regimen alone, by rendering the Fluids fweet, foft, cool and balfamic, that enable the Solids to play, according to their innate Powers, that can give dureable and uniform good Health, and keep these Solids as they were at first form'd, in a proper Tone, Glibness, and Ela-Atisity.

§. 3. WE are not to conceive, as if the Author of Nature created Things in the Order, and in the Manner we can only now apprehend or explain them : They were, in Him, but one fingle Act of his Omnipotence and Omniscience; for us, to understand them in any tolerable manner, if at all we can, we must divide them into different Parts and Parcels, and form an Idea of them by different Acts of our Imagination. For Example: Suppose Matter divided into solid, imporose, infinitly little Cubes, triangular equilateral Prifms X 3

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Prisms and Spheres, harmoniously rang'd and united at first, by some Law of Attraction, and fram'd by a Divine Mechanism, into organical Bodies, fome-how analogous and fimilar to those, which fentient and intelligent Beings are now cloathed with (with this only Difference, that befides their being now cas'd over with the grofs porous Matter, of this ruinous Planet, several additional temporary Organs, to fit them for their changeing Situations, may be added, which in other Situations may drop off, and dry away; as we fee in the Placenta and umbilical Veffels of the Fætus, and the different temporary Apparatus of the Silk-worm, and other Infects); into which the First Cause inspired an infinitesimal Sparkle, and Miniature of his own Substance, and natural and moral Attributes, to actuate and govern this Microcofm, in the fame analogous, but in an infinitly lower manner, as He prefides over and actuates the Universe. This æthereal Body, being then supple and pliable to the actuating spiritual Substance, as it was to the Divine Influence; but being free and fallible, innumerable Multitudes of them, by spurious Self-love, and inordinat Love of the Creatures, and created Pleafures, actually lapsed, fell into Rebellion and Diforder, and fo brought on the Neceffity of this present State, and the gross penitential Appearances of this ruinous Planet we now inhabit.

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§ 4. BODY and Spirit, or material and spiritual Substances, will eternally be disparata, if not contradictory, yet intirely difsimilar and contrary, and at an infinit Distance, in their Natures and Substances. Body will be eternally passive and inert, Spirit eternally self-active and self-moveing, or endow'd with an internal Principle of acting on, or moveing Matter; all their Relation or Reference one towards another, can only be known by Analogy; and yet not being contradictory, they might poslibly be conceived of the Nature of Hyperbola's, with their Allymptots: For the' the Pallivity of Body be in Proportion to its Density, yet fince Body cannot be actually infinit in its Quantity or Extent, its Passivity or Inertia cannot be infinit, but lessens as its Density does; but still, if its Density was suppos'd even infinitly small, that will not make it felf active; it must actually become Spirit, and pass thro' that Term Not-matter in its Progression, before it can arrive at Self-activity, and then acquire the contrary Qualities, as the Series +4+3+2+1+0-1-2-3-4 does; and nothing less than infinit Power can reduce it to that State; that is, it must be actually brought to be Not-matter, or an immaterial Substance, before it can become active or spiritual Sub-Stance; and so is, as it were, in the State of parallel Lines, and not of an Hyperbola with its X 4

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its Affymptot. But still there is an Analogy between their Substances, such an one tho' as is between finite and relative infinit, or between the least and greatest Term of an infinit convergent Series.

§ 5. THE Persians, of all the Antients, feem to have had the leaft intolerable Notion, Idea, or analogical Picture on their Imaginations of spiritual Nature, in conceiving it like Light or Fire. If we suppose an indivisible, infinitly rare Substance, and endow it with infinit Elasticity and Energy, with an internal Principle of Self-activity, or of Self-mobility, we have the effential Attribute of spiritual Substance; all its other Qualities will be as Modifications, flowing from that Root; for then Understanding or Conception will become only analogous to an intimat Union, Contact and Prefence to every individual Atom or component Particle as it were, of the Objest conceived or understood. Reasoning will be a progressive Performance of this intellectual Operation, and comparing the analogous Parts or component Particles to one another: Love or Desire will be a continued Union or Contact with the Object; and fo of the other Modifications of this internal Principle of Self-action in an infinitly rare and indivisible sentient or intelligent Substance: Fire or Light will then be the most luminous Resemblance or analogical Picture of (piritual

spiritual Substance and Qualities; especially if we take it as it is, in its uncreated Source, the Divine Nature, for an infinitly pure, perfect, simple and active, living and intelligent Substance, then it will become the best analogical Refemblance of the Divine Substance (however faulty and deficient) we can frame, now as at present we are: And small Lamps, Globes, or Sparkles of Light or Fire, kindled up, voluntarily emitted, or flowing, from this infinit Globe of Light and Love, will best represent particular spiritual Natures, whofe Rays, tho' emitted with a relatively infinit Velocity, will weaken, and terminat in thicker and thicker Darkness, Shade, or Want of Fire and Light, which will best reprefent to us, and furnish out the Idea of Body, but still an imperfect one, Darkness being only a Negation of Light: But as the Rays of Millions of different Flambeaux may pass really, tho' material, through the Eye of a Needle, without Refistance or Interfereing; fo spiritual Substances, by a proper Penetration, may conceive and comprehend, according to their Capacity and Power, their proper Objects; and in this analogical Senfe it may be underftood, that universal Nature, or the created Universe, may represent GOD's Body, or his Sensorium, and he may be called the Soul of the Universe, as the Planets in our System may be term'd the Body, the Tabernacle and organical Machin

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Machin of the Sun; in all which the' there will be eternal Impropriety and Difparity: For the one is the Cause, the other the Effect only; the One is the Artificer, the other the Work; the one is a living, spiritual Substance, the other dead Matter; the one is felf-originated, and neceffarily existent, the other is created, deriv'd and dependent; the one is the first and least Term, the other, as it were, the greateft, and last Term, of an infinit divergeing Series, but at an infinitly infinit Diftance. This is as far, it would feem, as our active Powers can go, in their prefent State, by themfelves, unlefs it be communicated and imprest by the Source from above, by direct Senfation and Feeling on the Spirit.

§6. As the felf-motive, felf-active Power in fpiritual Substance is the Source of Intelligence, by its intimat Penetration, Union, and Prefence with the whole internal Substance of its comprehended Object; fo it is the fole Principle of Liberty, and the true miniature Image of the Deity; in short, it is the very Effence of fpiritual Nature, and the Root of all its Qualities and Operations: It may be limited in its Extent, in its elicit Acts, and circumferib'd in its Energy; but in its Root, Faculty, and effential Nature, in its felf-active Base, it is infinit and unbounded. A Farthing Candle is as truly Light and Heat

as the Body of the Sun; and we may have vehement Willings, Longings, Volitions and Velleities, and have an innate, inherent Power to intend or remit our Wills in infinitum, which no other Power can deprive us of, but that which can annihilat us, or turn us into another Nature. It would feem to me, that created spiritual Substance of all Orders and Degrees, were analogous to the infinitly pure and perfect Divine Spiritual Substance, infinitly diluted or rarefied, as it were, like the Light and Heat of the Sun reflected from the Moon; and this in an infinit fimilar Progreffion, becomeing rarer and more diluted, till it terminated in Darkness or Shade, thicker and groffer till it becomes like Matter, which is analogous to Shade or Darkness, and which too goes on in infinitum, thickning and incraffating, to become quite inert and paffive; fo that laying afide created Substance, both material and spiritual, as quite unknown and unknowable, and of which we can have no Idea à priori, nor be certain of its Existence but a posteriori, and from its Effects, or the divine Veracity, if we conceive fpiritual Substance analogous to Fire or Light, infinitly pure, rare, self-active, and self-motive, and material Substance analogous to Shade or Darkness, infinitly dense, compact and concentred, we fhall have all that I think can be made of either, in this our prefent State; and as Darkness contracts and limits derive a contraction of Light,

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Light, extinguishes or imbibes its elicit Rays; fo Body or Matter limits and ftops the Selfactivity of *spiritual* Nature, and they are an cternal Bar and Obstacle on one another; as Matter of a proper Figure and Contexture of Parts, condenses and heightens the Action of Fire and Light; fo divinely organis'd and harmoniously figur'd Vehicles may promote the elicit Acts of spiritual Natures; and the Analogy to Fire, Light and Darknefs, will hold good then through all the Degrees of compareing. It may be faid, that all this is but Figure; but I think all true Figure is but remote Analogy, and all true Analogy is a distant progressive Approximation to Reality; and both are as real the one as the other, and differ only as the first and last Terms of a Series.

§ 7. THE Purification of the Soul is perfectly analogous to the Cure of the cacochymical and cadaverous State of the Body; and the Method of Cure of fpiritual Nature, takeing in the different Subjects, Matter and Spirit, is perfectly fimilar to the Methodus metafyncriticus of the Ancients in the Cure of a Cachexy in the Body. The Analogy is here perfect and complete; they differ only, as the first and fubsequent Terms of a geometrical divergent Progression. Sin, Disorder and Rebellion, is to the spiritual Nature of an intelligent Being, precifely and really (as much as

as they are both Realities) what a cancerous and malignant Ulcer is to an animal Body: The Cure of the last is by a low, sweetning and thinning Dyet at first, to enable the Patient to bear the last Operation, which must be by Excision and Extirpation, and raiseing new found Flesh in its Place; Penitence, Selfdenial, calm Paffions, a meek Spirit, and a conftant patient Attendance to, and Dependence on, the Directions of the Phylician of Souls, will answer the first Part; and I am of Opinion, he (the Divine Physician of Souls) by his omnipotent Power, and his being GOD, he, I fay, must perform supernaturally and instanteously, as it were, (for a fweetning Cure of fuch inveterat Humours alone, would require infinit Time) fome grand Operation, (in which the Creature is intirely pallive) analogous to Excision and Extirpation, to divide between the Joints and Marrow, to cut out the Adamical Core in lapsed spiritual Nature, and to raife up, ingraft and implant his own Nature and Substance in its ftead, to perpetuat and eternife its Soundnefs and Integrity, not in a Figure or Metaphor, as is commonly, tho' I think barbaroufly, philofophised; but at last, and in the dernier Refort, and before the hyperboloid Curve (to fpeak fo) can meet with its Affymptot, as really and truly as Matter and Spirit are Realities, tho' of different Natures. In the Day thou eatest thereof, thou shalt surely die: In the Senfe

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Senfe that Death came by Adam, Death fpiritual was completed by one Action of the of the Parentage of Mankind, fo by fome one miraculous Operation eternal Life comes by Jesus Christ. I can never apprehend, that the Oeconomy, the Operation, the Efficiency of Jesus, terminats either in Example, Repair of the Indignity, confirming the standing Hierarchies, co-operating with us in deftroying bad Humours and Habits gradually, or makeing a fufficient, free and full Atonement only; but that he must *supernaturally* and really cut out, burn away, and fill up, and fupply, as it were, with his own spiritual Substance, the Adamical cadaverous Core out of lapsed spiritual Nature, to fanctify and eternise its Purity, Perfection and Happinefs; and this as really, tho' not materially, but spiritually, I fay, as really as Spirit is real, contradiftinguish'd from Matter. I choose to speak in the Mathematical and Medical Language, because the Analogy, the Similarity, and the Precision, is here so just, fo clofe, and fo luminous, that I think it must penetrat those who can perfectly understand it, and may by a Dictionary be made plain to others, if they think it worth the while to deal in fuch abstracted Conjectures.

§ 8. THE human Spirit is literally, and not in a mere Figure, a Tabula rafa, a Sheet of white Paper, as it comes into the World at prefent, under its planetary Plaistering; and it

it would seem, for this very End the Plaistering itself was defign'd, and the gross porous secondary Elements, of this ruinous Planet, were by infinit Wifdom contriv'd; not but that Spiritual Nature, in its Order, and in its natural and effential Powers, of living, understanding and willing, and all their Modifications of Sagacity, Penetration and Conduct, and a Capacity of perceiveing outward Things, and of gathering the Materials on which they work, of external Objects, Ideas, and Knowledge of Things, are not in their Fund, in the Faculty and Power, unalterably the fame, and as it were engrav'd in their Substance according to their Order; for spiritual Nature cannot increase or diminish in its essential Powers and Capacity; but their elicit Acts, their Appearances ad extra, may be intercepted and restrained from isfuing forth by the gross planetary Plaistering; like Characters and Inscriptions engrav'd in the Substance of Brass or Marble, and filled up with Wax, Clay or Dirt: or like the imperceptible Ink, which leaves no Trace on the white Paper, but fhews itself when rubb'd over with Juice of Lemon. Thus the immaterial thinking Substance is laid afleep, becomes thoughtlefs, and as it were stupefied, a bare polisht Plain, and a Sheet of clean Paper, (its three natural Powers of living, understanding and willing are funk in one of living only) a mere Recipient or Continent, and as it were (without Ridicule) 2

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a dark Lanthorn, in the Loins of the Parent, and as it comes first into the World; but still the self-active and self-motive Flame is alive within in its Seed, and its Punctum faliens. External Objects, Pain, natural Inftincts and Necessities, rub off some of the improper Plaistering, and break some of the Ligatures; these repeated and increas'd, unloose more; and thus the Organs of Senfation, the Apertures of the Senfes, and the sentient and instructive Powers, are gradually fet free, and the Dirt pickt out of the spiritual Substance; then Memory and Attention awakens, and Ideas are form'd and retain'd by Time and Degrees. By the Animal Functions, which flow from living, more and more of the membranous Tubuli, and medullar and cortical Glands of the Brain, are develop'd; and the felf-motive Powers, by repeated Efforts, Strains, and Pushes, (like a Spring in the Box of a Watch) fet free more and more of æthereal Organs of Thinking, according to the Degree of Culture, Exercise, and Useage, they pass under, and this by a quicker or flower Progression and Velocity, as they are cultivated, used and exercis'd, till they come to the higheft State they generally arrive at; and thus by Labour and Exercise of the Organs of the intellectual Faculties, they work off the Dirt, that fill'd up the ingrav'd Characters on their spiritual Substances, and make the imperceptible Writeing appearing legible merely

ly by fileing off and fcrapeing away the Plaiftering on the primitive æthereal Vehicle, whereby the spiritual Substance is fet free directly to enjoy and use all its inbred Powers, and has Capacity to perceive all Things ad extra, know, understand and posses them; not as a blind Man reftored to his Sight, or a deaf Man to his Hearing, or a dumb Man to his Speech, who were born fo; but as a Man, for a short time shut up in a Dungeon, and feparated from all things without, and again fet at Liberty, knows and enjoys all again, as before. And the final Caufe of this reduceing the spiritual Substance to a Tabula rafa, by a gross Plaistering, and a temporary Imprisonment, in the dark, difinal, cadaverous Dungeon of this Body, feems to be not only for Expiation and Punishment, but that the moral Powers of the Soul, Justice, Goodness and Truth, or Faith, Hope and Charity, might feel no Interruption from the Activity, Extent and Contrariety of these natural Powers; but that they might amicably, gradually, and, by mutual Afliftance and Support, rife and grow together in fimilar Steps, and a regulated Progression, till they were confirm'd into a Habit; like fweetning the whole Mass of the Fluids, by a milk or vegetable Diet; to fit the Subject for the last paffive grand Operation in the Oeconomy of Jesus, which may be to cut out, as it were, of our spiritual Substances, that Core, Schir-

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schirrous or cancerous Gland, generated by the Laple, and from the Adamical Principle, and to heal and fill it up with his own immaculat Substance, perhaps really and truly (as the Liturgy of the Church of England expresses it) communicated to us in the worthy receiveing of the Sacrament of the Body and Blood of Jefus, or fome-how we cannot explain. — This Effeet will neither appear absurd nor unphilosophical to those who believe Jesus to be the Son of God, of the fame Substance and equal Powers with the Father; the Manner how, is the proper Subject of Faith, unconceiveable to us, at least as we are at prefent; but the Fast, in general, or fomething of that kind, highly probable from Analogy, and evident from Revelation: For, I think, no truly humble Christian, let him be in what State of Perfection he may, can think himfelf fit to be united and commerciat eternally with infinit Purity and Perfection, till fome great Work be done in his Soul, more than he feels in himfelf then.

§. 9. MOST, Christians, at leaft, are agreed, that the Oeconomy of the Restoration, as contrivid and executed by Jesus Christ, (God-Man, the eternal Son of GOD) as far as it was possible on his Part, and as far as it was consistent with Liberty, and the Harmony of the Divine Attributes; I say, all Christians are agreed, that this was a Work of surprizeing Wisdom, Beauty, Goodness, and worthy of

a GOD; having in it, to the greatest Perfection, every thing that could most effectually answer the End proposed : But I know not if many have endeavour'd to fhew it to be the To povor, and the only one, that could possibly answer that End, takeing in the whole Conditions; and yet I cannot help thinking, that this may be strictly demonstrated. A Sovereign may pardon, on his Repentance and Amendment, a rebellious Subject, and receive him into Grace and Favour; but it will be eternally true, he has been a Rebel, and that there remains the Cicatrice of that Sore in his Heart and Soul, which first produced his Rebellion. Now it is as certain, as that GOD is, that nothing impure and imperfect in its Order, can finally, invariably and eternally be united and commerciat with Him; that is, be permanently and eternally happy; becaufe of his infinit Purity, Dignity, and Sovereignty; and the receiveing an imperfect, intelligent Being into his Favour, Service, and defign'd Post again permanently, (or one less similar to Him in its Order) would not only *fully* his Purity, but make Him cheaper, and lefs intenfely the fovereign Felicity of the standing Hierarchies, and make his Wrath lefs dreaded, and fo not a sufficient Bar on their Lapse. Now every Truth, and every Fact, is in its own Nature as eternal, as it is real. It will be eternally true, I have been a Rebel, if I have been one; and GOD alone, who has the Power of Crea-¥ 2 tion

tion, has the Power of Annihilation; and this Fact, as far as a Fact can be, at least as to its Root, must be annihilated and done away fome-how, before it can be creaturely and relatively true, that I was not a Rebel, or at least that my Rebellion is really now, both as to Him and me, as it never had been; which can only be done, as far as I conceive, by annihilating, burning out, confumeing, the rebellious Core of my (piritual Substance, and filling it up with something analogous to his pure immaculat Divine Nature and Substance, or new createing; and nothing lefs than a GODcan do this: So that on Repentance and Amendment, Men might be in the Condition only of Rebels, whole Lives conquering Monarchs have faved, yet instead of continuing them Citizens, had translated them into fome remote Corner of an uncultivated Country, as a conquer'd Province, and made them a lower Order of Creatures. But as infinit Perfection is without any poffible Change, in its first most perfect Intention, as to its Nature, but not as to its Degree; and can only bring it about lefs immediatly, and after a longer Time, (by reason of the Free-wills of his intelligent Creatures, on which He neither can nor will commit Violence) yet ftill will effect it, with a Perfection at laft, beyond even, as it were, the first Intention; accordingly Jefus Christ came, to bring Life, and to bring it more abundantly; and by his infinit Power and Love, being GOD, to anni-

annihilat, melt down, and burn away, the Adamical Lapse, Core, and Cicatrice, of Sin and Rebellion, in fpiritual Nature, and new create, and replace, his own Divine Substance and Nature in its flead; so that it may then be faid, with philosophick Propriety, that a truly regenerat and fanctified Perfon has the Divine Nature and Substance of Jefus, GOD-Man, actuating and moving him, that is, living in him, as really and fubstantially as ever before his Adamical lapsed Spirit lived in him. This may found odd and particular to little Philosophers, nay, even to many perhaps virtuous and good Perfons; but as I think it is the Language of St. Paul, and of Jesus Christ himself, I think also, that if there is not fome Reality, and philosophic Propriety in it, as real as is the Diffinction between material and spiritual Substance, and that it is not intirely all Figure, there is no forming any Idea, either of the or or Sion of it (and even Figure in philosophic Propriety, is but the first Term of an infinit Series); nor why it should have been revealed or mentioned : Nor will there be much Difficulty infuperable in it, or unexplicable in Philosophy, to those who admit Jesus to be GOD, and his Words to be Spirit and Truth, and GOD to be infinit in Power and Goodness; the End and Means of all whose Actings must be equally perfect in their Order, and who fuppose that Matter and Spirit must be equal Realitics. This last State I refemble to the Hyperbolic Curve's meeting with its

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its' Asymptot (I hope I shall be forgiven the Particularity of the Expression, because of its Justness and Propriety); and it may be the finishing Operation, to eternize the Infallibility. and Impeccability of all lapsed, sentient and intelligent Beings, to which few arrive in this Life, and all must perhaps pass through many Mansions, and various planetary Vehicles, before they can attain to it in its last Perfection, and to which fome pass with a quicker Velocity, and a faster convergeing Progression, like the feveral Orders of the Hyperloids, fome of which meet the Asymptot infinitly fooner and faster than others \*, but through which all must pass sooner or later; for GOD's Ways must be equal, uniform and general, to all his Creatures of the fame Order, with only the Difference their general or particular Wants or Diffempers require; and as He treated the Manhood of Jesus Christ, who was made perfect by Sufferings, and as He has treated all his Disciples, so all lapsed intelligent Beings must pass through Jesus. Christ, receive his Revelation, and go through his States, sooner or later, or in some Mansion or another, before they arrive at perfect Infallibility and Illability; that is, they must first or last all be Jesus Christ-like, before they can become permanently GOD-like, or fimilar to Him in Perfection and Happiness. This Progression

\* Vide Philosophical Principles of Reveal'd Religion.

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and final Perfection, the Free-wills of intelligent Beings may retard a finite Time; and they might have retarded it from Eternity to Eternity, that is, for ever, both in the eternal Nature of Sin, and the infinit Purity of the Divine Nature, without this fole and indivi-dual Mean, viz. the Merits, Power and Efficacy of the Oeconomy of Jesus the GOD-Man; who uniteing human Nature to Himfelf, has actually, really, but fpiritually, cut out the Core and Cicatrice of the Laple, and filled up the discontinuous Void with his own Spiritual Substance and Nature, in all those who shall be finally restored; for He is the Way, the Truth, and the LIFE.

§. 10. REASON and Faith, in their true philosophic Natures, in their Source and Foundation, are so far from being contrary, much lefs contradictory, that they are intirely similar and analogous, and differ only as the higher and lowest Terms of a divergeing Series. Reason, in its Principle and Faculty, in the lowest Intelligence, is like a Progresfion, the first Term of which is the Root, or miniature Base, of all the higher subsequent Terms, which are all similar and analogous to one another, how compounded and elevated foever they may be, and where the fuperior Terms virtually include the inferior, and bring them down to the Simplicity and Plainnefs of the lowest Term; but not without Labour, Attention.

tion, and Reduction of the Conditions to their proper Limits. GOD is the Sovereign and Supreme Reason, involved in Clouds and Darknefs, by reafon of his infinit Splendor, and the infinit Difproportion of our Faculties; and perhaps out of Defigns of Love and Goodnefs, as we are at prefent in fo unfit a State: Our Reason and Conception, tho' infinitly disproportion'd to such an Object, yet is of a fimilar Nature with his Light, and natural Attributes : Our Reason, and intelligent Powers, are analogous to the loweft and first Term of fuch a Progression; his Light and Splendor, to the highest and last great Term; which Term, in a Series, tho' comparatively infinit, yet is but a finite, compared with his absolute Infinitude. The other Terms of fuch a Series may be analogous to the natural Powers of the feveral different Orders of Intelligences, that may exift in external Nature; and all the feveral Orders of Intelligences, with their respective Powers, from the lowest to the relative highest, may be continually approaching one another, yet never can reach the other Terms, much lefs the last Term, relative infinit, and least of all to absolute Infinitude; for in absolute Infinitude there is such Variety of Objects, Mansions, Pleasures, and Happine(s, as are boundless and without Number or Limits. GOD is the fovereign and supreme Reason, I say, always consistent, uniform, and invariable : He is pure, unfullied, all contractions and

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and unchangeable. Creatures, even the most fublime and perfect, can only know Him by a progressive nearer Approach to Him in Similarity, which will be gradual, but endlefs, The Faculties, Powers, and Qualities, both Natural and Moral, of Creatures, are, as it were, but analogous (to fpeak ftill more plainly) to a Series, fuch as 1+2+3+4+5, &c. We of the human Race, at least our Fellow Animals, of the only fentient Race, may be as 1, or 2; the higher Orders may be as 10, 100, 1000, &c. to us. At what Term we began, or any Order begins, we cannot know, nor, did we know, could we alter it; that depends intirely on the good Pleasure and Wisdom of Him that made us: In this Point we cannot add a Cubit to our Stature, but we may all prefs forward to higher Terms and Degrees, and be continually progressive, tho' perhaps mostly in our moral Powers, and confequently in Perfection and Happines; which can be done by Faith only, that is, by trusting to, believing in, and acting according to the Direction given by one, whofe natural and moral Powers are of a much higher Order, or in Proportion to a much higher Term than ours are: As if one, whofe natural and moral Powers are as 1000, fhould reveal to one whofe natural and moral Powers are as I only, that in order to raise his natural and moral Powers to 2, he must trust or believe, that is, take his Word for it, fo and fo, and do fo and fo in Confequence,

quence, and that this will lead him on gradually to the Term 2, and fo in all the other Terms of the Progression. This really feems to be somewhat like the Cafe of all fentient and intelligent Beings, in order to advance in this eternal Progression of Perfection; the only Method poslible for them, is to trust and act in Consequence of this Truft, and depend on the Veracity and Ability of the Informer; for this trufting is in order to the acting. In building, or working or failing a Ship to a certain Port, the Seaman must trust and work, according to his Directions: In raifing an Arch, or measuring a Distance, very few Operators understand the abstract Geometry, on which the Directions are founded. In fhort, in this our prefent expiatory and probatory State, in all we do to advance towards higher Terms of our progressive Perfection and Happinefs, we must absolutely trust and work, elfe we shall never advance in divine Faith, and in the progreflive Perfection of our natural and moral Powers; and here we have not only infinit Power and Wildom for our Director, but infinit Goodness for our Assistant, who yet from the Purity and Perfection of his own Nature, cannot direct or affift us but in Confiftence with the Harmony of his own Attributes, and our own Free-wills, i. c. imperceptibly. Our intellectual Powers are analogous to our material Organs, our Senfes. One with a Telescope, or with very firong Eyes

Eyes, might see a City, or a Dwelling, which another without it, or with weaker Eyes, could not perceive. If the weak-fighted Perfon must needs go to this City or Dwelling, he could only take the Directions of the ftronger-fighted, on what Point of the Compass to direct his Course, what Hills, Dales, and Rivers to cross, to walk on Trust and Hope. Our trusting is in order to our travelling. Faith, or Truft, that does not terminat in Action or Travelling, is mere Painting and dead Work. Revelation difcovers the Being, Purity, and Perfection of the Firft Caufe, his internal Nature, and the Splendor He dwells in, what is his Society, and what their Occupation; that to be happy completely and permanently, we must get thither. We, while our Powers, natural and moral, are but as I or 2, cannot fee or perceive the Beauty, Perfection of his Nature, and the Place He inhabits, nor the Propriety of the Directions and Advices He gives us, in order to get thither. The Nature of things will not admit of any other Evidence, but Faith and Truft, and confequent working, till our natural and moral Powers are thereby rais'd higher ; and then we shall perfectly comprehend the Beauty, Propriety and Utility of these Directions, and advance gradually, by following the fame Method, to higher Terms of Powers and Faculties, and higher Degrees of Glory and Felicity, in this infinit endless Progression. From all which

which it is evident, that Reason and Faith are fo far from being contrary, much less contradictory, that Reason is the first Term given in this Progression, of created Light or Powers: Faith or Truft is, as it were, the Ratio of the feveral Terms, which goes through them all, that is, the Ground or Bottom of the fublequent Operation and Working. By the Directions given, and Working, we infallibly pass to the fecond, third, and higher Terms : Or, to express it yet more strongly and clearly, if poslible, Faith or Trust is proceeding as we do in Algebra, fupposing the second or higher Term, tho' unknown, yet as known; and then working according to the Conditions of the Queftion, the Term unknown becomes thereby infallibly known. I cannot enlighten these Figures, and this Language here, they are fo pertinent and cogent to those who understand them.

§ 11. PURE and difinterested Love is Love of infinit Perfection for itself only, and for its own Amiableness, without any other Confideration; but this, as every thing elfe, admits of infinit Degrees. The great Mistake here, lies in Perfons pretending to get to the Top of the Ladder, without ascending by all the Steps; and that some define the last Step as it were the first. All things belonging to Creatures must be progressive, and confirm'd Habits must be acquired by repeated perfevering Acts. Naked, free and generous Faith, is trusting, confideing,

fideing, and believeing in Infallibility, and infinit Veracity, upon its own Word, its Nature only; and on the most slender Intimation of its Orders, the generous Believer is determin'd to venture his Whole on that Bottom: And from these two, flow abfolute Refignation; and this alfo admits of Degrees : Both these are subject to Error, Mistake and Delusion, in feeble lapsed Mortals, fuch as we are; and this cannot be prevented, from the very Nature of Things, as they are now, in our probatory and penitential State, conflituted; but furely there is lefs Danger in the Excess, than the Defect: No good Master ever rejected or punished his poor good-natur'd, weak Servant, for loveing and trufting him too much, or obeying him too precifely or literally. I readily grant, Prudence, Order, Measure, Decency and Regularity, are the first of all the Moral and Christian Virtues, and frightful Confequences have enfued upon the Neglect of them; and both Enthusiasm and Infidelity, I think, equally imply a wrong Head, fome nervous Diforder, and Want of common Senfe; but both Exceffes and Defects strongly evidence, that there is a just Medium wherein true Virtue and fole Right confift: And fill of the two Evils, Infidelity and Tepidity is infinitly the worft, not only in regard of the Infidels and Tepid themselves, as it defeats the fole Means Providence has, or, I think, can contrive, for their Recovery and Restoration; but as it deftroys Numbers of weak Souls by its Influence and

and Example, and as Infidelity Saps the Foundations of all Morality, and confequently of all civil Society; whereas Enthusiasm can but hurt chiefly the Bodies, or outward Fortunes of their Fellow Creatures, by diabolic and tyrannical Persecution, unless Hypocrify can be join'd to Enthusiasm, and then it becomes confummat Infidelity. To me it would feem, the whole Conduct and Defign of Providence, in this prefent probationary State, is to produce in the Hearts of his lapfed Creatures, pure Love and naked Faith only, and that this is the fole Key of all the Inclosures of his Providence; and that this State of Mind must be that which alone is of any Value in the Sight of GOD, as being the only Means poffible of begetting perfect Felicity, and etermizeing it; even fo much, as that He in his Providence feems to neglect, or over-look and undervalue, as it were, any thing lefs than thefe, at least any thing that might retard or interfere with thefe. An Instance or two will make this plain: We fee that we, of the lowest Rank of Intelligences, are endow'd with a Capacity and Power of communicating our Thoughts, Conceptions, Difpositions, and Sentiments to one another, directly, plainly and intelligibly, by Language or Writeing, and by many other Signs, Symbols and Figures: Infinit Wildom and Power, without all Doubt, had he fo pleafed, might have contriv'd us fo at prefent, that he might have been able fome-how to communicat himfelf

Immfelf directly, plainly, inftantaneoufly and intelligibly, to all his intelligent Creatures, his Children, the Work of his own Hands, whom he cannot help loveing as a tender Father does his Children. But fince this Method not only would have done us no Good, but on the contrary, a great deal of Hurt, by hindering and interfereing with our implicit Trust, our Reliance, our Resignation, our Faith, and absolute Dependence on him, fo neceffary to the Production, and eternizeing of perfect Happiness; we see he hides himself in Clouds and Darkness, and is literally a Deus absconditus as to us, and does only approach to, or commerciat with us, in pure Love, naked Faith, and total Abnegation and Refignation, fo hard to be acquired. Again, how neceffary, how indifpenfable, would feem the precife, the limited, the unmistakeable Nature of natural and moral Good and Evil to us, in our present probatory State? and yet we are left for the Knowledge of them, to Feeling, to Observation, to Experience, to Culture, to Pain and Suffering. The wifest of mere Men said, That no Man knoweth Good or Evil by all that is before him: We naturally reckon Health, Wealth, Honour and Success, the real, the only Goods of this Life; and yet, if Christianity is not all a Farce, their Contraries are often, nay almost, always the most real, and the most perfect Goods, fince they are the

the shortest Road to absolute Resignation, the greatest of all Goods, and the fole Mean of perfect Happiness. Once more; infinit Wifdom and Power has, as it were, done nothing to gratify our Curiofity, to polifb our Natures, to advance the Comforts and Gratifications, the Conveniencies, and the honeft Improvements of Living: How many Nations, and Millions of our own Species, of the same Order and Rank of Intelligences, are left all their Lives in the utmost Brutality, Ignorance and Savageness, not only as to the Endowments of their Minds, but almost as to the absolute, at least decent Necessaries of Life! in which Cimmerian Darkness, and execrable bodily Impurity, or Filth, they wallow, live and die, even vastly below many of the Brute Species. The most useful, pleasant and instructive Discoveries in Life, have, even among the most polisht Nations, been difcover'd late, by Chance, and with great Imperfections at first, I mean, Writeing, Printing, the Compass, and Glasses, and even Philosophical Physic itself: All this cannot happen by Chance, Fatality, from Impotence, or without fome infinitly wife and gracious Design, under the Oeconomy and Providence of an infinitly good, wife and powerful Governor, who alone knows beft, how long, and what Kind of Trial and Probation is fitteft for his lapfed intelligent Creatures, of fuch Tribes, Nations and Climats; to what Degree they

they have lapsed, what is their most proper Trial, how far Simplicity (and even actual Humiliation of this intelligent Creature, made a little lower than the Angels in his natural unalterable Powers, and as it were, to drench him in Dirt and Nastiness, even below the lowest Brute, as Compost fructifies Vegetables) is the Via breviffima, and Suffering, even unconscious Suffering, is sufficient; and knows best what Mansion they are defign'd to inhabit hereafter; and has fitted outward Circumstances accordingly : And as to what is commonly reckon'd polishing, and haveing the decent Neceffaries and Conveniencies of Life, he leaves Men to their natural Liberty and Industry, to employ their natural Activity innocently and laudably thereby, which otherwife might run riot in Turpitude and Vice; and to general Laws, which, followed with Simplicity, Attention and Sincerity, would naturally bring them perhaps the shortest Way to difinterested Love, implicit Trust and Resignation; and this he does even with a seeming Neglect of those other Things, as accounting them of no Value, when compar'd with this pure Love, and implicit Trust, that Disposition of Mind which alone can beget and eternize Happiness. Further; of what great Confequence to the Quickness of our Purification, and consequently of our eternal Happiness, it would appear to us, would be, the certain Knowledge of the precise Time of our Dissolution and Death? Then, like true penitent and serious Felons, we should employ all our last Moments intire-

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ly in cleanfing our Veffels, and trimming our Lamps; and yet all that is known in this weighty Affair is general, and that we once must all die: The Time, the Manner, and other Circumstances, are all absolutely unknown to us; and why this? but only becaufe infinit Purity and Perfection values nothing about us, but absolute Trust, Dependence, and Resignation, even to venturing our very Lives; and, as our Saviour expresses it, if we do not hate, that is, undervalue, our own Life, in respect of him, or love it but in Subordination to our Love of Him, we cannot be his Disciples. Again; the Providence of GOD feems to act here folely by fecond Causes, and by general Laws only, and in fuch a manner, that we but feldom perceptibly difcern the Hand that disposes of Events; tho' doubtles, as GOD is an infinitly free Agent, He governs by a particular, as well as a general Providence; on proper and particular Occasions He di penses with his own general Laws for a time, by a particular Interpolition, both in material and spiritual Appearances: But in these particular Interpositions, we can have no physical, but only a moral Certainty, in order to raise and confirm our Trust and Resignation; for Faith, Trust, and Resignation, always fuppofe Uncertainty and Doubt; and fome time or other, we shall admire and adore that Wisdom and Goodness, who could in so delicat and kindly a manner conceal from us, and hide that Hand, which directs every Atom of

THE THE YOUGIGS

of the Universe, and disposes of every Hair of our Heads, in order to render our Truft, Faith, and Resignation, stronger and more firm : As the Darkness and Cool of the Autumn Nights are what harden and confolidat the now refined and purified Juices, which the stronger Sun, and longer Day-light, had rais'd and fublim'd into the Seeds and Fruits; for the fame Reafon, the Operations and Influences of the Divine Spirit, or Grace and fpiritual Aid and Afliftance, are fecret and imperceptible; and are always to be fuspected, when they are impetuous, sensible, and acting only by Fits and Starts, as the gross Machin is in or out of Tune, and as the animal Fun-Ations play eafily or labour, efpecially in young unexperienced Perfons, who have not been tried and purified in the School of the Cros: For these uncommon and extraordinary, or even perceptible Operations of the Divine Spirit, feldom happen pure, sincere, and unmixt; but to the long and feverely Tried and Purified, and when the Passions, Appetites, and spiritual Humours are moderated, calm'd, and fubdued, on the Decline of a Life spent in due Retirement, and proper Silence; not in the Storm or Tempest, but in the still calm Voice, docs the Divine Spirit speak; and a truly humble, and enlighten'd Perfon, ought to fuspect himfelf, get above, and passover every Impulse, Sweetning, or Glance of Light that comes not thus accompanied. Children, Beginners, and Noviciats in the spiritual Life, are often gratified 22

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fied with fuch Sugarings for their Encouragement; but Bread is for grown Persons, which is got by the Sweat of the Brow, and bearing the Cros; and a prudent staid Perfon will have too great a Regard for the Purity and Dignity of the Divine Spirit, to bring him down, to account for all the mechanical and animal Operations of his volatile and various Imagination. Nec Deus intersit, nisi sit Deo dignus vindice nodus, & aquila non captat muscas. But I beg Pardon for this Digreffion out of my Sphere, Capacity and Experience, to treat juftly. But all the Difficulties and Darknefs in Providence, and in natural and revealed Religion, feem to be intended by infinit Wildom with furprizeing Juffnels, Propriety, and Delicacy, only as the most effectual Means to bring us to pure Love, and naked Faith, Trust, and Resignation; and are so far from being Objections against the Christian Religion, or to weaken its Credibility, Dignity and Authority, that were there no such Difficulties, Doubts, Uncertainties and Mysteries in Revelation, it would be a strong Presumption, and an undeniable Argument, that it came not from GOD, who being infinitly infinit in all Perfection, Wifdom, Knowledge and Goodness, must be incomprehensible to us in our present State, and fo they could not be worthy, adequat and proper for fuch a Being, who is equally above Perception, Feeling and Sentiment, as above Comprehension. These may be good, useful and real, and his mediat, but seldom his immediat Operation.

Operation. This pure Love and naked Faith feems to be the only Point in View, of the great and wife Governor of the Universe, even to such a Contempt of what we commonly think fine Endowments and Polisting, that in a great many Instances, in Nations, Tribes, and for Ages, he would feem, in the Conduct of his Providence, to prefer their Contraries, as the shortest Way to this End; tho' still there is a Choice, Perfection, and Meliority, in the Honestum, Utile, and the Decorum; but he only can know when, where, and in what outward Circumstances, lies the to BEAlion, quoad hos aut hunc.

§ 12. I TAKE it, in the first original Creation there was but one universal Salt, or one Kind of faline Particles, and that they were hard, imporose, triangular, equilateral Prisms. When Nature came to be confounded, jumbled, and unharmoniously combin'd, the other Elements of Air, Water, Sulphur and Earth, in forming fecondary Elements, were incommen fur atly and difcordantly mixt with thefe; but still each preferv'd some Degree of its primitive Nature, as the compounded Elements retain'd more or less of their primitive Particles in the Compolition; hence our purest Elements that Art can elicit, are still compounded, and inseparable from the reft; the pureft, most fimple, and most necessary of them all, feems to be our pure Nitre, or the universal Salt of the Air, the Mother of all Salts, fo neceffary to animal Life, Sanguification, the Stimulation of the animal Fibres, the Propagation and Action of

of Heat and Fire, the Production of Cold and Freezeing, to animal Facundity and Vegetation, and many other of the Appearances of Nature, to which it feems absolutely neceffary, and enters into their Substance and Composition. The other Salts, Acids and Alcalis, the effential, or lixivial Salts of Vegetables, Plants and Minerals, are only this primitive nitrous Salt combin'd with these other Elements, and as they predomine and exift in these particular Subjects: These mention'd Salts in Animals, are Nitre mixt with animal Oils, Air, Water and Earth, fuch as their Substances are compounded of; and it is in the fame Manner in the Plants and Minerals. The greateft specific Difference among the Salts feems to arife from the Diffinction of Acids and Alcalis; the first, both from Philosophy and Experiment, feem to be of acute-angled, greatly attractive Particles; and the Degree of their Acidity feems to depend on the proportional Degree of the Sharpness of their Points, which now may be various, and their Degree of Attraction also: Alcalis seem to be porous calcarious fine Earths; the testaceous Powders are among the most fimple and perfect of them, and the Model of all the reft, and plainly shew the Nature of the whole Tribe. They are, as is evident from the Microscope, nothing but Earths of an exceeding fine Grain, and of very small Particles, full of large Pores and Cells, wherein an acid Water or Spirit has been contain'd, probably that of Nitre. Heat, folar or culinary, and Calcination,

nation, throws off fome Part of this acid Water, and leaves the Cells partially empty. Thefe empty Cells, upon being immerged in any acid Spirit or Water, fuck it in again with Violence and Velocity, the remaining Part of the Acid in the Cells attracting the new Acid with additional Force; and hence Fermentation and Effervescence. All the Alcalis partake of this one general Nature, and differ only as they are more or lefs combin'd with the other Elements. Volatility arifes from a light Oil united with either Kinds of Salts; and this feems to be the true philosophic Nature of all Salts. Salts and Air feem absolutely neceffary to carry on animal Life and Functions; Air to rarefy the Juices, separat the Globules, which might otherwife be too closely united and compress'd; for the Introduction of which into the Blood and Fluids, the Lungs of Animals seem chiefly design'd: Salts stimulat the Solids into Actions, Vibrations, and excite their clumfy elaftic Force, in order to carry on the animal Functions, fo abfolutely neceffary to living. The just and proper Regulation of these two, Air and Salts, the foneceffary Inftruments of pleafant and eafy living, is as fit a Subject to be adjusted by a wife and philosophic Physician, (others are but Empyrics at the best) as Diet and Exercife. The Air we choose to live in ought to be rather dry and thin in the Medium; but even this must be proportion'd to the Nature of the Distemper, and the State of the Juices, if poffible; and they who have acquir'd their Diforders

Diforders by high Meats and Drinks, which abound in volatileSalts, must by insipid Foods. and aqueous Liquors, leffen the Abundance of fuch Salts, which is the Cafe of all the Rich and Wealthy. They, on the contrary, who have acquir'd their Diftempers by too poor and low a Manner of living, on vegetable, infipid and inftimulating Food only, which is the Cafe of moft of the Poor or Indigent, must be cured by more generous Living, and more ftimulating and fapid Meats and Drinks, which excite their Solids into Action, and on which account all low Livers, who are driven into this Way of Living, by the Nature of their Distempers, require double the Exercise, of those who can bear generous and active Foods; and without it Nature will stagnat and fink; which is the Cafe of many of the Female Sex, and of Persons in Gaols and Monasteries: In a Word, where-ever a low or vegetable Diet is neceffary, there Air and Exercife are in a much higher Degree neceffary, than they are in a more generous Diet, to make a low Diet effectual. But then the high Feeders pay in the Shortness of their Lives, and the Sharpness of their Diseafes, for their prefent Pleafure, and idle, indolent, healthy Life.

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> > ERRATA.

Page 13, Line 27, dele with. p. 13, l. 2, for gene, read general. p. 33, for affixing, r. of fixing. p. 65, from (higher, to-... for Him) in a Parenthefis. p. 81, l. 16, for Liver, r. Bile. p. 84, l. 30, dele from. p. 95, l. 16, for are, r. is. p. 172, l. 20, for vergeing, r. divergeing. p. 176, l. 7, dele they. p. 177, for ingegious, r. ingenious. p. 196, l. 19, read the Series thus, x4+x3+x2+x+=-x-x2, &c. for 0, r. i, and for = r. p. 241, l. 28, dele and. p. 294, l. 23. for permit, r. pervade. l. 28, for her, r. its. p. lxvi. (the reft are) is transpos'd, and should follow in the nexe Line after the Word Britain.

