

General report of the Royal Hospitals of Bridewell and Bethlem, and of the House of Occupations, for the year ending 31st December, 1854 : printed for use of the governors / Bridewell Royal Hospital and Bethlem Royal Hospital.

Contributors

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GENERAL REPORT

OF

THE ROYAL HOSPITALS

OF

BRIDEWELL AND BETHLEM,

AND OF THE

HOUSE OF OCCUPATIONS,


FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST DECEMBER,

1854.

PRINTED FOR THE USE OF THE GOVERNORS.

LONDON :

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BETHLEM HOSPITAL.

REPORT.

To the Right Worshipful the PRESIDENT,
the Worshipful the TREASURER, and
the GOVERNORS of the Royal Hospital
of Bethlem.

MY LORDS AND GENTLEMEN,

The period having arrived at which it is ordered that the Resident Physician and Superintendent of this Hospital shall render an account of the proceedings of the past year, I have the honor of laying before you the following remarks on the general management of this Institution during the year ending 31st of December, 1854:—

The various alterations in the Building which, through the liberality of the Governors, had on the last occasion I addressed you been sanctioned, have, I am happy to say, progressed steadily and favorably, and now that they have approached completion it is easy to perceive that they are undoubted improvements in the economy of the Hospital; inasmuch as they have already materially contributed to the comfort of the Patients.

In reviewing the Tabular Returns accompanying these remarks, it may be seen, that on the 1st of January,

1854, there were (including those out on leave,) 329 patients in the Hospital, of whom 176 were males and 153 females. From this date until the 31st of December, 1854, there were 232 admitted, 218 discharged, and 21 died; leaving in the Establishment on the 1st of January, 1855, the following 317, with 5 out on leave:—

	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
Curable	58	79	137
Incurable	38	36	74
Criminal	88	18	106
	---	---	---
	184	133	317
	---	---	---

The number of admissions during the year has again fallen below the average, but this diminution, as I have observed on a former occasion, might be expected. The decrease was more sensible during the past year, since, during the greater part of the summer, one male and one female ward were closed for the purpose of removing the old windows, in order to make room for others of a lighter construction.

On looking at the return of discharges and removals during the past year, it will be seen that they are as satisfactory as the lists of any previous year. The average of those reported as cured is $59\frac{8}{10}$ per cent. on the admissions.

With reference to the term *incurable*, employed above, to designate one class of our patients, I may be permitted to observe, that though at a similar Institution in the Metropolis, the expression "Boarder" has been substituted for that of incurable, being considered less objectionable, and though the Commissioners in Lunacy are opposed to the use of it, the Governors have thought

proper to retain the word, not that they imagine the mental disease of these patients is necessarily of so confirmed and hopeless a character as to render them without doubt "incurable," but because large bequests having been made to the Hospital for the care and maintenance of "Incurable Lunatics" it is feared the substitution of any other term might legally jeopardize the claim to those legacies.

The past year has not been without several cases of exceeding interest. I abstain, however, from referring to them in this place, as they may be found on official record in the Hospital Case Books, and will well repay a perusal.

The admission of criminal lunatics has been so numerous, and the accommodation so inadequate, that with the sanction and under the warrant of the Secretary of State three several drafts, amounting to twenty-nine, have been made to the Asylum at Salisbury.

The improvement carried out in the construction of the windows has materially altered the character and appearance of the wards; imparting to them an air of freedom and cheerfulness not less apparent to the patients than visitors. Large as the outlay for this work must have been, it cannot fail to be evident to any one visiting the wards, that the funds of the Charity have been well expended where so much real comfort has been obtained.

This alteration has been accompanied by considerable additions to the furniture and fittings of the wards, such as were deemed likely to conduce to the welfare of the patients; and judging from the expressions uttered by many of them, it would appear they are not insensible to the liberal anxiety shown for them.

As very many of the Governors, while fully aware of the large sums annually voted for the general management and alterations in the Hospital, are yet prevented from making frequent visits to the Institution; and, inasmuch, as these Annual Reports are (in the words of the Rules and Regulations of the Resident Physician) "for the purpose of showing the general condition of the patients, and the state and management of the Hospital during the preceding year," it may not be considered irrelevant to make a passing allusion to some of the more important alterations that have been recommended and carried out by the Committee. Amongst these, by no means the least deserving of notice is the alteration of the old windows in the wards: in place of the former heavy frames, darkening the interior and imparting a sad and sombre feeling to all within, we have now light iron frames containing long glass panes, of a sufficient strength to be secure, and yet admitting such an ample supply of cheerful light as to exercise a marked influence on the comforts and spirits of the patients.

Scarcely at all secondary to the above improvement has been the removal of the closed stoves, hitherto employed in warming the various wards of the Hospital, and the substitution for them of open fire-places protected by light wire guards. It is almost needless to dwell upon the advantages arising from this change; and when, as I am happy to say is the case, the patients express their thankfulness for the consideration thus shown for their health, as much as their comfort, it may be felt that the liberality of the Governors has been productive of the happiest result.

In like manner I may notice the satisfaction felt by the supply of cocoa-nut matting to the wards on the

female side, and of carpeting to their bedrooms and sitting rooms; these, and the sufficient supply of chairs, couches, and tables, not less than the introduction of modern wooden bedsteads, to replace the former inconvenient fixtures against the walls of the bedrooms, have together completely changed the character of the wards, and imparted to them an air of domestic comfort which is so keenly appreciated by all classes of the English, and certainly not the less so by the unfortunate insane.

Turning from the interior to the external premises of the Hospital, I may draw attention to the improvements which have been carried out in reference to the extensive airing ground for male-patients. It has been rearranged upon a new plan, with flower beds and grass plots, and the whole well drained and intersected with broad gravel walks. In addition to this, has been added a somewhat smaller airing-ground on the north of the building, where the male patients have now the enjoyment derived from a large bowling-green and two skittle-grounds.

I have thus briefly enumerated some of the principal changes and additions that have been brought into operation during the last few years; and I trust when any Governor shall have inclination and opportunity to give them a personal inspection, he will have little difficulty in deciding that the alterations have been improvements, and the funds of the Charity judiciously expended.

It is gratifying to be able to state, that during the entire year the health of the patients has been remarkably good. The number of deaths has been below the average of former years; whilst in not a few instances it

has been more the result of advanced age than physical disease. In six cases out of the twenty-one recorded the age was above 60 years, and it is not less interesting to notice, that in eleven cases, the deaths were from diseases clearly independent of, and not in any way resulting from, the mental condition.

There is great cause for thankfulness in the entire absence of Cholera from the Hospital during a more than usually trying season, when the malady was raging with fatal violence in the immediate neighbourhood.

As regards active occupation, a most important element in the curative treatment of the Insane, as much attention has been given to it as the means at our disposal admitted of. A considerable number of the Criminal Lunatics have been steadily employed during the greater part of the year in the various works in progress in the interior of the building—painting, cleaning, and whitewashing. And on the female side a large portion of the patients are daily employed in washing, ironing, and mangling; and it is gratifying to see how readily the employment is entered upon by the patients, and how completely they regard it as an advantage rather than a task. The marked effect produced by constantly recurring occupation on the bodily health of the inmates of this Hospital, is only equalled by the improvement in their mental condition. Their minds led away from the contemplation of sad and often painful subjects by that which is placed before them, are schooled by insensible degrees in the better and more wholesome control of their thoughts; and thus it invariably happens, that those patients are the most cheerful, and make most certain and rapid progress towards a cure, who are most constantly and actively engaged in

such pursuits and recreations as we are able to place within their reach.

Having thus, so far as I have been able, placed before you a brief, but I trust not altogether uninteresting, account of the proceedings connected with the general management of the Hospital during the year 1854, I will now venture upon other ground.

If I am not mistaken, the Report which the Resident Physician has annually the honor to lay before you is expected to be not less of a *suggestive* character than *statistical*; to have reference to the future equally with the past. Taking this view of my task, I will add to what I have remarked relative to our past proceedings a few observations upon what I conceive might be accomplished with this Institution. Whether it be, as many assert, that insanity is steadily on the increase, or as others maintain, that we are simply taking cognizance of and bringing together a large class of patients whose existence was in former times ignored amidst the seclusion and neglect of workhouses, jails, and dwellings of the poor, it is beside my present purpose to enquire. Omitting also all notice of the State Lunatics confided to our care, I will content myself with a few remarks on the Non-criminal Insane treated for cure in this Hospital.

The Rules of the Institution expressly state, that it was established for the reception and cure of "Insane Poor." For a long period after the foundation of the Hospital there were no such places as County Asylums. The *cure* of the insane, though professed, was practically lost sight of, and Lunatic Asylums were considered and treated as places for the safe custody and restraint of their unfortunate inmates.

It is not, I feel, necessary that I should do more than allude to the fact of the greatly improved system of treatment followed in the present day, both for the rich and poor, and to the vastly increased and increasing accommodation provided for insane paupers in the various Counties; for that class of the insane it would, indeed, appear that little more, if any, remains to be done. There is, however, a class between the pauper and the affluent, a class that there is every reason for believing to be both numerous and increasing, for whom scarcely any provision has, hitherto, been made. I allude to the insane of the middle classes, to such of them as the precarious nature of their occupations may truly enough place under the designation of "Poor;" yet who are not and never have been dependent on the parish for support; who are too poor to avail themselves of the many excellent private establishments for the insane scattered over the country, and whose friends shrink from passing them as paupers to the County Asylum.

When it is borne in mind, that overtaking the mental faculties, and pecuniary difficulties, constitute two of the most prolific causes of insanity; that at the present day, more than at any former period, the greatest social pressure, the fiercest struggle for existence, and the keenest competition for employment, is to be found among the middle classes, it surely cannot be a matter of surprise that amongst such there should be a larger and continually increasing number of insane.

The Records of all Asylums show how liable are clergymen, authors, artists, governesses, professors, and similar persons to be attacked by this terrible calamity. None are more subject to this visitation,

none are less able in a pecuniary point of view, to struggle through the trial of such an affliction, yet none are less cared for by the many charitable institutions of our country.

Within the walls of Bethlem many distressing cases, such as I have alluded to, may be found; persons of good and even superior education, who from their utter inability to obtain admission into private Asylums are grateful to accept the means of treatment this Institution offers them. But you will readily believe, that when their day of convalescence arrives, thankful as they feel, they are not a little pained to find their affliction has associated them with paupers of every grade. This arises from the fact, that every applicant being admissible (unless disqualified either by length of illness or some few other restrictions), parishes are ever willing to avail themselves of the boon, and by placing their Insane at Bethlem save the first year's expense of the County Asylum, to which place, if not cured at the expiration of the twelvemonth, they are removed. It is a small charity to relieve a parish of some £25.; but the association incurred is often a source of sad reflection to our more educated patients.

It is certain that such a blending together of the insane is far from being calculated to promote the curative treatment of the well educated, though poor and sensitive, patient of the middle classes; on the contrary, it cannot fail to awaken unpleasant emotions, and frequently produce much mental irritability.

It requires, I think, but little reflection to assure ourselves that such persons as curates on £80. or £100. a-year, or governesses earning less than half of those sums, cannot be in a pecuniary position to enter a

private Lunatic Asylum; that their previous position unfits them, and when recovered, their future state renders undesirable a close association in the sitting-room, at the dining-table, and in the airing-ground with parish paupers, and yet for this truly unfortunate class of sufferers philanthropy has not yet made suitable accommodation.

A very laudable effort has been made in the County of Stafford, in a measure to meet this pressing demand, by the institution of an asylum where the insane of the middle classes are received at a comparatively small charge, and yet have all the advantages in treatment of a first class asylum. This, however, does not remove our difficulty. The Institution at Coton Hill not having a sure income sufficient for the expenses, necessarily looks to that arising from the patients, and thus the most destitute of the class above alluded to remain unbenefited.

On the occasion of the first meeting in connection with the Coton Hill Asylum, Dr. Conolly in his address, alluding to the middle classes of society, observed:—

“That class comprehended persons of education and respectability, whose means of living depended upon their own exertions, and the moment they were struck with insanity, that moment their means of livelihood were cut off, and they became in reality more helpless than the poor. Such a condition as this, in which the middle classes were placed, was as distressing as any they could well conceive, as no provision was made for such cases.”

And further on he continued—

“There was no class which stood in so much need of asylums of this kind as the educated middle class. He could mention a few instances in which the want of

such an institution had been felt. A few years ago, a clergyman, an intellectual man, who spent his time in going about doing good in a large parish, became excited and insane. Until all his means were exhausted he was taken care of at home, if care it could be called; he had two attendants, and the clergyman told him, that when the medical man was expected to pay a visit, which was once or twice a week, they had him out, and he presented a tolerable appearance; but, as soon as the medical man left, they strapped him down, and kept him fastened down while they went drinking and carousing. The consequence was, that he became frantic, and more violent restraint was resorted to. At length he was brought to Hanwell. He had been fastened down so long, that he lost the use of his legs; but, he was happy to say, that in the course of a few months he recovered; and though he was very grateful for his recovery, he felt deeply that a person in his situation of life should have been classed with paupers. There were many cases of this kind. Only last week he received a letter from a clergyman who supported an insane uncle whom he never saw; a large portion of his income went in this way; and, as he could not make him a pauper, and could not afford to send him to a good asylum, he was obliged to send him to a cheap asylum, where the treatment was not such as one who wished to ameliorate the malady could wish."

My object in bringing the case of the middle class of the insane before the Governors is, to suggest, with very great respect, for their consideration, that the rules and objects of this Institution might be as effectually carried out, and a far greater boon conferred on society, than is

at present the case, were our admissions to consist solely of patients from this hitherto much neglected, but sadly afflicted portion of the community.

Too great a temptation is offered to parishes to rid themselves of their lunatic poor, whose period of disease has not exceeded the twelvemonths; and though we may have room for all, and to spare, our educated class must be the sufferers.

In conclusion, I would assure the Governors that I have not ventured to offer these suggestions without the fullest consideration of the subject in all its bearings—of the desirability or practicability they will judge; and, I trust, at the same time believe, that the welfare of a large and loudly-imploring class of sufferers has been my object in introducing it to their notice.

I beg to thank the Members of the Committee for the individual kindness and liberality I have personally received from them, not less than for the consideration they have always given to my recommendations, and the assistance I have invariably received in the discharge of my duties. I trust I may continue to merit the confidence that has so generously been given me, and beg to subscribe myself,

My Lords and Gentlemen,

Your most obedient humble Servant,

W. CHARLES HOOD, M.D.

BETHLEM HOSPITAL,

29th January, 1855.

No. 1,
PATIENTS ADMITTED AND DISCHARGED.

	Between the Years 1820 and 1853 inclusive.												During 1854.																			
	Curables.				Incurables.				Criminals.				Total.				Curables.				Incurables.				Criminals.				Total.			
	M.	F.	T.	Total.	M.	F.	T.	Total.	M.	F.	T.	Total.	M.	F.	T.	Total.	M.	F.	T.	Total.	M.	F.	T.	Total.	M.	F.	T.	Total.	M.	F.	T.	Total.
Remained in Hospital 1st Jan. 1820, including those out on leave of absence	29	52	81	161	28	41	69	138	41	9	50	100	98	102	200	400	54	94	148	396	38	37	75	150	84	22	106	212	176	153	329	658
Admitted during the years	3199	4841	8040	11230	103	112	215	325	293	71	364	668	3595	5024	8619	13614	77	110	187	374	4	4	8	16	29	8	37	74	110	122	232	464
	3228	4893	8121	13014	131	153	284	414	334	80	414	828	3693	5126	8819	13819	131	204	335	670	42	41	83	166	113	30	143	286	275	275	561	1126
Discharged—	1555	2587	4142	6729	8	24	32	44	77	30	107	164	1640	2641	4281	5921	40	70	110	220	1	1	2	4	..	..	..	..	41	71	112	224
Cured	765	1368	2133	3901	..	4	4	8	3	..	3	768	1372	2140	3512	5452	25	43	68	136	..	..	..	..	25	43	68	136				
For special reasons	87	116	203	303	24	20	44	88	..	..	..	111	136	247	383	519	3	1	4	8	..	..	..	..	3	1	4	8				
Disqualified cases	529	426	955	1455	6	..	6	12	..	..	..	535	426	961	1387	1813	1	..	1	2	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	2				
Having been sent out on leave of absence, and no account since received of their state of mind	30	64	94	124	..	1	1	2	..	..	..	30	65	95	160	215	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Removed by order of the Secretary of State	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	89	10	99	89	10	99	109	208	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	22	11	33	66	22	11	33	66
Escaped	..	1	1	2	1	..	1	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	4	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Died	208	237	445	645	54	67	121	181	80	17	97	342	321	663	984	1305	4	7	11	22	3	3	6	12	3	1	4	8	10	11	21	42
Remaining 31st December, 1853:—	4	5	9	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	5	9	14	23	..	4	4	8	..	1	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	5	5	10
Out on leave	50	89	139	228	38	37	75	113	84	22	106	172	148	320	468	638	58	79	137	264	36	36	74	146	88	18	106	212	184	133	317	614
In Hospital	3228	4893	8121	13014	131	153	284	414	334	80	414	828	3693	5126	8819	13819	131	204	335	670	42	41	83	166	113	30	143	286	275	275	561	1126

No. 2.

AVERAGE NUMBER OF PATIENTS in the HOSPITAL, attending Chapel, and under restraint, during the last fourteen years.

During the Year.	Number of Patients.	Sunday Chapel Attendance.	Weekly average of Patients under restraint.
1841	341	80½, or 23.60 per cent.	9, or 2.64 per cent.
1842	369	139, or 37.66 per cent	3, or 0.81 per cent.
1843	367	181, or 49.31 per cent.	3, or 0.81 per cent.
1844	359	164*, or 46.45 per cent.	1½, or 0.33 per cent.
1845	403	†	⅔, or 0.17 per cent.
1846	395		1⅓, or .06 per cent.
1847	392	147, or 37½ per cent.	¼, or .05 per cent.
1848	399	138, or 34.58 per cent.	$\frac{73}{308}$, or .05 per cent.
1849	406	138, or 33.9 per cent.	$\frac{63}{308}$, or .04 per cent.
1850	391	147, or 37.59 per cent.	$\frac{37}{308}$, or .025 per cent.
1851	388	133, or 34.28 per cent.	
1852	374	132, or 35.56 per cent.	
1853	343	141, or 41.1 per cent.	
1854	311	159, or 51.1 per cent.	

AVERAGE DAILY NUMBER of PERSONS EMPLOYED.

Males	106
Females.....	93
	199

* To 30th June, when the enlargement of the Chapel was begun,
 † Partially suspended during the enlargement of the Chapel.

No. 3.

TOTAL NUMBER of CURABLE PATIENTS admitted into BETHLEM HOSPITAL during One Hundred Years, ending the 31st December, 1854, with the amount of Cures and Deaths.

Total Patients admitted	19,328.
Discharged cured.....	8,276 or 42.8 per cent.
Died	1,636 or 8.46 per cent.

No. 4.

ANNUAL ADMISSIONS, CURES, and DEATHS of CURABLE PATIENTS,
during the last Thirty-four years.

Year.	Admitted			Cured.			Died.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
1821	58	77	135	22	21	43	1	5	6
1822	55	110	165	22	44	66	5	6	11
1823	57	88	145	21	51	72	4	1	5
1824	65	90	155	23	36	59	1	5	6
1825	72	98	170	30	40	70	6	6	12
1826	67	95	162	24	46	70	1	5	6
1827	64	85	149	26	38	64	6	3	9
1828	87	117	204	43	68	111	5	1	6
1829	78	117	195	56	70	126	6	4	10
1830	83	118	201	36	74	110	2	4	6
1831	81	131	212	35	63	98	5	1	6
1832	62	101	163	23	69	92	2	3	5
1833	61	123	184	25	55	80	1	4	5
1834	102	116	218	49	65	114	8	2	10
1835	111	145	256	36	74	110	5	8	13
1836	109	144	253	50	85	135	9	11	20
1837	119	177	296	61	94	155	9	8	17
1838	107	163	270	58	120	178	6	9	15
1839	104	181	285	54	83	137	9	8	17
1840	127	181	308	72	108	180	4	8	12
1841	101	165	266	58	99	157	13	11	24
1842	127	195	322	57	105	162	8	7	15
1843	109	175	284	56	103	159	8	11	9
1844	118	168	286	58	70	128	6	13	19
1845	110	205	315	62	118	180	8	7	15
1846	125	168	293	66	95	161	2	4	6
1847	124	190	314	68	107	175	3	9	12
1848	118	188	306	74	82	156	2	9	11
1849	124	192	316	66	106	172	6	12	18
1850	135	209	344	74	123	197	20	11	31
1851	112	174	286	52	69	121	9	17	26
1852	101	167	268	49	94	143	15	12	27
1853	72	128	200	38	75	113	9	7	16
1854	77	110	187	40	70	110	4	7	11
	3222	4891	8113	1584	2620	4204	208	239	447

No. 5.

ADMISSION and DISCHARGE of CURABLE PATIENTS,
during the year 1854.

Month.	Admitted.			Discharged								
				Cured.			Uncured.			Died.		
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
January	9	5	14	7	3	10	1	6	7	..	2	2
February	6	7	13	4	6	10	2	2	4	1	1	2
March	4	4	8	2	7	9	4	5	9	..	..	..
April	7	7	14	..	6	6	1	4	5	..	..	..
May	6	7	13	3	2	5	4	2	6	1	1	2
June	11	15	26	4	5	9	..	6	6	1	..	1
July	3	15	18	3	8	11	2	3	5	..	..	..
August	5	15	20	2	2	4	2	3	5	..	1	1
September ..	5	10	15	7	8	15	2	4	6	..	..	..
October	9	8	17	3	3	6	5	4	9	..	..	..
November ..	6	10	16	1	7	8	1	2	3	1	1	2
December ..	6	7	13	4	13	17	1	2	3	..	1	1
	77	110	187	40	70	110	25	43	68	4	7	11

No. 6.

AGES of CURABLE PATIENTS admitted during 1854.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Under 15 . . . . .	..	..	..
From 15 to 20	4	11	15
— 20 to 25	11	13	24
— 25 to 30	9	23	32
— 30 to 35	17	10	27
— 35 to 40	6	9	15
— 40 to 45	6	10	16
— 45 to 50	10	9	19
— 50 to 55	2	6	8
— 55 to 60	3	8	11
— 60 to 65	6	9	15
— 65 to 70	2	1	3
— 70 to 75	1	1	2
	77	110	187

No. 7.

DURATION of DISEASE in the CURABLE PATIENTS at the time of their Admission, during 1854.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Under 1 week	6	7	13
— 2 —	11	12	23
— 3 —	5	4	9
— 1 month	5	2	7
— 2 —	12	22	34
— 3 —	15	19	34
— 4 —	9	13	22
— 5 —	1	12	13
— 6 —	3	8	11
— 7 —	2	..	2
— 8 —	1	2	3
— 9 —	3	2	5
— 10 —	2	1	3
— 11 —	1	3	4
Not ascertained	1	3	4
	77	110	187

No. 8.

NUMBER of ATTACKS in the CURABLE PATIENTS on Admission in 1854.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
First attack	44	67	111
Several.....	33	42	75
Not ascertained .....	..	1	1
	77	110	187

No. 9.

DEGREE of EDUCATION of the CURABLE PATIENTS
admitted during 1854.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Superior	6	8	14
Good	15	13	28
Moderate	52	83	135
Indifferent	4	3	7
None .....	..	3	3
	77	110	187

No. 10.

DOMESTIC CONDITION of the CURABLE PATIENTS
admitted during 1854.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Married	38	46	84
Single	35	56	91
Widowed	4	8	12
	77	110	187

No. 11.

ABODES of the CURABLE PATIENTS admitted during 1854.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
London and its immediate Neighbourhood }	53	69	122
Provinces.....	24	41	65
	77	110	187

No. 12.

RELIGIOUS PERSUASION of the CURABLE PATIENTS admitted during 1854.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Church of England	55	75	130
Independent.....	4	15	19
Roman Catholic	1	1	2
Wesleyan.....	5	8	13
Baptist.....	2	3	5
Hebrew	4	1	5
Presbyterian	4	1	5
Calvanist	1	..	1
Countess of Huntingdon....	..	1	1
Irvingite .. ..	..	1	1
Episcopalian .....	..	1	1
Not ascertained	1	3	4
	77	110	187

No. 13.

OCCUPATION of CURABLE PATIENTS admitted during 1854.

MALES.

Officer in the Army	1	Pilot	1
Tutor	1	Sailors	4
Clerks	8	Miller	1
Schoolmaster	1	Lath-render	1
Music Masters	3	Cane-worker	1
Mathematical Instrument Makers	3	Basket-maker	1
Railway Overlooker	1	Auctioneer	1
Surveyor	1	Watchmaker	1
Engravers	2	Policeman	1
Builder	1	Blacksmiths	3
Bookseller	1	Coachman	1
Jeweller	1	Groom	1
Cabinet-makers	2	Waiter	1
Bakers	2	Parish Clerk	1
Licensed Victuallers	2	Milkman	1
Hair-dresser	1	Postman	1
Cheesemonger	1	Carpenters	2
Grocers	2	Gardeners	2
Fishmongers	2	Servant	1
Cigar-makers	2	Sawyer	1
Shoe-makers	3	Labourers	2
Tinman	1	Bricklayers	2
House Decorator	1	Old Clothes-dealers	2
Bankruptcy Messenger	1		

No. 13—*continued.*

FEMALES.

Wives, Widows, and daughters, of professional men } 2	Straw-Plaiter	1
Wives, widows, and daughters, of clerks, and tradesmen } 15	Silk-winder	1
Wives, widows, and daughters of servants, mechanics and labourers } 16	Shopkeepers	2
Governesses	Lady's Maid	1
Singer	Servants	17
Schoolmistresses	Waistcoat-maker	1
Lodging-house-keepers	No occupation, or occupation not specified } 27	
Laundresses		
Milliners		
		110

No. 14.

PROPORTION of CURABLE PATIENTS admitted during 1854, classified as dangerous or violent.

	Males.	Females	Total.
Dangerous or violent Patients..	64	82	146
No indications of being dangerous or violent } 41	13	28	41
	77	110	187

No. 15.

TABLE of SUICIDAL TENDENCY exhibited in the CURABLE PATIENTS
admitted during 1854.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Have meditated or attempted suicide }	43	41	84
Intentions not manifested, or unknown }	34	69	103
	77	110	187

No. 16.

*Apparent and Assigned Causes of Disease in the Curable Patients
admitted during 1854.*

MALES.		FEMALES.	
(MORAL.)		(MORAL.)	
Anxiety in business	8	Anxiety	8
Disappointment	2	Reduced circumstances ..	3
Disappointment in love ..	1	Domestic distress	1
Loss of employment	2	Death of relatives	7
Reduced circumstances ..	8	Disappointment in love ..	7
Excessive study	4	Religious excitement	4
Overwork	2	Mental distress	1
Religious excitement	4	Ill-treatment of husband..	2
Death of relative	1	Fright	2
Fright	1		
(PHYSICAL.)		(PHYSICAL.)	
Fever	5	Fever	4
Intemperance	7	Concussion of brain	1
Coup de soleil	2	Congestion of brain	1
Rheumatic fever	1	Rheumatic fever	2
Fall on head	2	Bilious attack	1
Cholera	1	Dyspepsia	1
Epilepsy	1	Hysteria	1
Onanism	2	Lactation	4
		Puerperal	6
		Amenorrhœa	2
		Intemperance	2
Hereditary tendency to insanity was traced in 29 cases, of which 3 appeared to be without any other obvious cause. . . .	3	Hereditary tendency to insanity was traced in 39 cases, of which 14 appeared to be without any other obvious cause. . . .	14
Previous attacks	12	Previous attacks	25
Not ascertained	8	Not ascertained	11
	<hr/> 77		<hr/> 110

No. 17.

RETURN OF EMPLOYMENT, June 30th, 1854.

		MALES.																									
GALLERIES.		Chapel.	Gardener.	Mason.	Plasterer.	Bricklayer.	Plumber.	Painter and Glazier.	Carpenter.	Engineer and Smith.	Capstan & Pumping.	Tailor.	Shoemaker.	Knitting and Glove Maker.	Household Work.	Reading, Writing, Drawing, &c.	Lace Making.	Matrass Making.	Kitchen.	Straw Platting.	Cooper.	Baker.	Weaver.	Engraver.	Blanket Quilting.	Brush Making.	TOTAL.
M.	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	9	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	14
	2	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	3	6	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	18
	3	..	2	..	..	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8
	4	..	1	..	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	16
MC.	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4
	2	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	3	3	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	9
	3	..	..	..	..	..	3	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	4	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	15
	4	..	..	..	..	..	4	..	..	..	..	1	..	1	4	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	15
	..	8	..	..	..	2	1	8	3	1	..	2	..	5	35	29	..	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	99

		Employed.	Unemployed.
In Hospital....	59 Curables.....	40	19
	37 Incurables.....	16	21
	78 Criminals.....	43	35
	174	Total.... 99	75

No. 18.

FEMALES EMPLOYED ON JUNE 29, 1854.

	Curables	Incurables	Criminals	TOTAL.
Needle Work	22	6	4	32
Fancy do. .. .	8	1	1	10
Laundry and Household Work .. .	36	7	11	54
Music, Reading, &c. .. .	6	2	..	8
Total employed .. .	72	16	16	104
Ditto unemployed .. .	8	20	5	33
Patients in Hospital .. .	80	36	21	137

No. 19.

PARTICULARS of CURABLE PATIENTS discharged CURED in 1854.

Ages.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Under 15.....	..	..	..
From 15 to 20.....	3	5	8
— 20 to 25.....	8	12	20
— 25 to 30.....	4	17	21
— 30 to 35.....	3	9	12
— 35 to 40.....	4	7	11
— 40 to 45.....	7	6	13
— 45 to 50.....	5	3	8
— 50 to 55.....	1	4	5
— 55 to 60.....	2	4	6
— 60 to 70.....	3	3	6
	40	70	110

No. 19—*continued.**State of Bodily Health prior to Attack.*

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Good	30	45	75
Bad	10	25	35
	40	70	110

Number of Attacks.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
First	26	42	68
Second	8	8	16
Third	3	10	13
Fourth	1	5	6
Fifth.....	1	3	4
Several.....	1	1	2
Not specified .....	..	1	1
	40	70	110

No. 19—*continued.**Domestic Condition.*

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Married	21	34	55
Single	17	31	48
Widowed	2	5	7
	40	70	110

Notions.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Depressed	15	39	54
Exalted	8	16	24
Incoherent	4	11	15
Confused	13	4	17
	40	70	110

No. 19—*continued.**Conduct.*

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Violent or dangerous to themselves or others .. }	30	40	70
Restless .....	..	16	16
Mischievous	1	1	2
Noisy .....	..	3	3
Inert	5	4	9
Tranquil	4	6	10
	40	70	110

No. 20.

Apparent and Assigned Causes of Disease in Patients Discharged Cured during 1854.

MALES.		FEMALES.	
(MORAL.)		(MORAL.)	
Anxiety	7	Anxiety	10
Excessive study	1	Disappointment in love ..	3
Reduced circumstances ..	2	Reduced circumstances ..	3
Death of relatives	2	Domestic trouble.....	1
Losses in business	1	Death of relatives	5
Religious excitement	2	Fright	1
Disappointment in love ..	1	Mental distress	1
Fright	1	Religious excitement	2
		Seduction	2
		Ill-treatment of husband..	1
(PHYSICAL.)		(PHYSICAL.)	
Intemperance	5	Intemperance	1
Typhus Fever	3	Amenorrhœa	2
Brain fever	3	Puerperal	6
A fall	1	Lactation.....	3
Onanism	1	Fever	2
Cholera	1	Congestion of brain.....	1
		Concussion of brain	1
		Dyspensia	1
Previous attacks	5	Previous attacks	12
Hereditary tendency to insanity was traced in 12 cases, of which 1 appeared to be without any other obvious cause....	} 1	Hereditary tendency to insanity was traced in 22 cases, of which 10 appeared to be without any other obvious cause....	} 10
Not ascertained	3	Not ascertained	2
	40		70

No. 21.

PARTICULARS of PATIENTS admitted as CURABLE, but discharged
UNCURED, during 1854.

Ages.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Under 20.....	4	2	6
From 20 to 25.....	3	6	9
— 25 to 30.....	5	6	11
— 30 to 35.....	5	6	11
— 35 to 40.....	4	4	8
— 40 to 45.....	1	4	5
— 45 to 50.....	1	6	7
— 50 to 55.....	1	6	7
— 55 to 60.....	..	2	2
— 60 to 65.....	1	1	2
— 65 to 70.....	..	..	..
	25	43	68

State of Bodily Health on admission.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Good	19	29	38
Bad	6	14	20
	25	43	68

Domestic Condition.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Married	10	17	27
Single	14	20	34
Widowed.....	1	6	7
	25	43	68

No. 21—*continued.**Number of Attacks.*

	Males.	Females.	Total.
First.....	16	30	46
Second.....	6	7	13
Third.....	3	2	5
Fourth.....	..	1	1
Fifth.....	..	2	2
Not ascertained.....	..	1	1
	25	43	68

Conduct.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Dangerous.....	10	28	38
Restless.....	5	8	13
Noisy.....	3	3	6
Inert.....	6	4	10
Tranquil.....	1	..	1
	25	43	68

Notions.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Depressed.....	5	13	18
Exalted.....	5	11	16
Incoherent.....	5	9	14
Confused.....	10	10	20
	25	43	68

No. 22.

*Apparent and Assigned Causes of Disease in Patients Discharged
Cured during 1854.*

MALES.		FEMALES.	
(MORAL.)		(MORAL.)	
Anxiety	4	Anxiety	5
Loss of employment	3	Fright	2
Anxiety about business ..	1	Disappointment in love ..	5
Religious excitement	1	Pecuniary difficulties	1
Excessive study	5	Loss of situation	1
Family trouble	1	Religious excitement	1
		Domestic trouble	2
		Seduction.....	1
		Death of relatives	3
(PHYSICAL.)		(PHYSICAL.)	
Intemperance	2	Intemperance	1
A fall	1	Amenorrhœa	3
Onanism	1	Puerperal.....	2
		Lactation	2
		Fever	1
		Hysteria	1
Previous attacks	2	Previous attacks	2
Hereditary tendency to in- sanity was traced in 3 cases, which 3 appeared to be without any other obvious cause	3	Hereditary tendency to in- sanity was traced in 11 cases, of which 5 ap- peared to be without any other obvious cause.....	5
Not ascertained	1	Not ascertained	5
	<hr/> 25		<hr/> 43

No. 26.
PATIENTS CURED.

Insane before Admission.		Months.	1.		2.		3.		4.		5.		6.		7.		8.		9.		10.		11.		12.			
M.	F.		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	T.
12	21	33	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
9	18	27	..	..	1	1	1	2	3	4	7	1	2	3	3	6	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
9	16	25	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
4	5	9	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	4	5	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
3	1	4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..
..	2	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1	1	2	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
..
40	70	110	..	..	2	4	6	7	11	18	6	9	15	7	5	12	6	5	11	3	5	8	2	7	9	1	6	7

No. 27.

Daily Average Number of Patients in the Hospital, during the Year 1854.

Curables.			Incurables.			Criminals.			Total.		
M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.
54 $\frac{34}{365}$	81 $\frac{314}{365}$	135 $\frac{348}{365}$	37 $\frac{122}{365}$	35 $\frac{283}{365}$	73 $\frac{42}{365}$	82 $\frac{246}{365}$	19 $\frac{224}{365}$	102 $\frac{185}{365}$	174 $\frac{44}{365}$	137 $\frac{151}{365}$	311 $\frac{215}{365}$
Number of Daily Rations during 1854.											
Curables.			Incurables.			Criminals.					
49,623			26,692			37,415					
									113,730		

No. 28.

PARTICULARS OF PATIENTS who have DIED during the Year 1854,
as reported to the Bethlem Sub-Committee.

	Sex.	Age.	Condition.	Admitted.	Died.	Cause of Death.
1	Female	46	Curable..	7th Dec. 1853 ..	3rd Jan., 1854	Pleuro-pneumonia, and peri-carditis.
2	Female	58	Curable..	16th May, 1853.	13th Jan.....	Sanguineous apoplexy.
3	Female	54	Incurable	9th Nov., 1838 .	26th Jan.....	Cæcal abscess.
4	Female	81	Incurable	17th May, 1806.	5th Feb.	Old age.
5	Male ..	43	Curable..	26th Aug., 1853.	6th Feb.	Erysipelas.
6	Female	64	Curable..	26th Jan. 1854 .	13th Feb.....	Collapse, following the excitement of acute mania.
7	Male ..	37	Criminal .	17th Sept. 1847.	18th Feb.....	Phthisis.
8	Male ..	61	Criminal .	1st Feb., 1854. .	8th May	Apoplexy.
9	Female	45	Curable..	4th May, 1854 .	13th May	Acute mania.
10	Male ..	48	Curable..	11th April, 1854	19th May	Acute mania.
11	Male ..	55	Curable..	22nd April, 1854	28th May	Depression, following acute melancholia and phthisis.
12	Female	74	Criminal .	16th Dec., 1823.	28th June....	Valvular disease of the heart.
13	Female	37	Curable..	21st July, 1854 .	1st Aug.	Acute mania.
14	Male ..	68	Incurable	15th June, 1832	17th Aug.....	General dropsy.
15	Male ..	27	Incurable	15th Jan., 1847	1st Oct.	Phthisis.
16	Male ..	64	Criminal .	2nd Feb., 1848 .	18th Oct.....	Paralysis.
17	Female	22	Curable..	13th Sept., 1854	1st Nov.	Acute mania.
18	Male ..	34	Curable..	25th Oct., 1854.	5th Nov.	Pneumonia, accompanying acute mania.
19	Female	55	Incurable	17th Sept., 1829	12th Oct.....	Phthisis, and emphysema of lungs.
20	Male ..	46	Incurable	26th April, 1843	16th Dec.....	Phthisis.
21	Female	56	Curable..	26th May, 1854.	27th Dec.....	Suffocation from hanging.

No. 29.

SYNOPSIS of DEATHS during 1854.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Curables	4	7	11
Incurables	3	3	6
Criminals	3	1	4
	10	11	21

No. 30.

PARTICULARS of the CURABLE PATIENTS whose DISEASE TERMINATED FATALLY during 1854.

Duration of the Disease at the time of Admission.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Under 3 weeks	1	3	4
— 2 months	1	..	1
— 3 —	1	..	1
— 4 —	1	..	1
— 5 — .....	..	1	1
— 6 — .....	..	2	2
— 8 — .....	..	1	1
	4	7	11

No. 30—*continued.**Domestic Condition.*

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Married	3	4	7
Single	1	2	3
Widowed .....	..	1	1
	4	7	11

Conduct.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Dangerous	2	3	5
Restless	1	1	2
Noisy	1	1	2
Inert .....	..	2	2
	4	7	11

State of Bodily Health prior to Attack.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Good	2	2	4
Bad	2	5	7
	4	7	11

No. 30—*continued.**Number of Attacks.*

	Males.	Females.	Total.
First.....	2	5	7
Second.....	1	1	2
Several.....	1	1	2
	4	7	11

Notions.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Exalted	1	..	1
Depressed	2	4	6
Incoherent	1	2	3
Confused .....	..	1	1
	4	7	11

No. 30—*continued.**Apparent and Assigned Causes of Disease.*

MALES.	FEMALES.
(MORAL.)	(MORAL.)
Overstudy 2	Insanity of husband 1
	Death of father 1
	(PHYSICAL.)
	Intemperance 1
	Lactation 1
	Fever 1
Previous attacks 2	Previous attack 1
	Not ascertained 1
— 4	— 7

No. 31.

RETURN of the INCURABLE PATIENTS now in BETHLEM HOSPITAL.

No.	Sex.	Age when Admitted.	Date of Admission.
1	Male	24	13th July, 1805.
2	Male	32	10th June, 1820.
3	Female	19	20th July, 1820.
4	Female	37	16th August, 1821.
5	Female	31	10th March, 1825.
6	Female	29	3rd August, 1826.
7	Male	48	26th January, 1827.
8	Male	20	16th September, 1831.
9	Female	25	28th March, 1834.
10	Female	28	20th November, 1835.
11	Male	26	5th February, 1836.
12	Female	20	4th March, 1836.
13	Female	48	29th July, 1836.
14	Male	18	18th November, 1836.
15	Male	40	25th November, 1836.
16	Female	30	13th January, 1837.
17	Male	34	20th July, 1838.
18	Male	26	21st September, 1838.
19	Female	42	2nd August, 1839.
20	Female	28	17th January, 1840.
21	Male	37	29th February, 1840.
22	Male	26	20th March, 1840.
23	Male	26	27th March, 1840.
24	Female	41	15th May, 1840.

RETURN of INCURABLE PATIENTS—*continued.*

No.	Sex.	Age when Admitted.	Date of Admission.
25	Female	26	22nd May, 1840.
26	Male	40	12th June, 1840.
27	Male	27	24th June, 1840.
28	Female	40	20th November, 1840.
29	Male	28	15th January, 1841.
30	Male	31	30th April, 1841.
31	Female	34	25th June, 1841.
32	Female	69	29th October, 1841.
33	Female	35	22nd June, 1842.
34	Male	30	9th September, 1842.
35	Male	27	14th October, 1842.
36	Female	38	3rd March, 1843.
37	Female	31	22nd March, 1844.
38	Female	36	21st June, 1844.
39	Male	28	19th July, 1844.
40	Male	21	20th September, 1844.
41	Female	34	13th December, 1844.
42	Male	29	20th December, 1844.
43	Female	38	28th February, 1845.
44	Male	46	7th March, 1845.
45	Female	29	13th June, 1845.
46	Male	26	10th October, 1845.
47	Male	50	7th November, 1845.
48	Male	23	21st November, 1845.
49	Male	47	23rd January, 1846.

RETURN OF INCURABLE PATIENTS—*continued.*

No.	Sex.	Age when Admitted.	Date of Admission.
50	Male	32	2nd July, 1847.
51	Male	28	14th February, 1848.
52	Male	28	14th February, 1848.
53	Female	24	14th February, 1848.
54	Female	26	3rd May, 1850.
55	Male	30	3rd January, 1851.
56	Female	26	3rd January, 1851.
57	Male	32	21st February, 1851.
58	Female	40	4th July, 1851.
59	Female	41	18th July, 1851.
60	Male	23	10th October, 1851.
61	Female	52	20th May, 1852.
62	Female	48	16th July, 1852.
63	Male	30	6th August, 1852.
64	Female	35	13th August, 1852.
65	Male	56	29th April, 1853.
66	Female	25	4th November, 1853.
67	Female	59	11th November, 1853.
68	Female	20	27th January, 1854.
69	Female	21	17th March, 1854.
70	Male	41	7th July, 1854.
71	Male	31	27th October, 1854.
72	Male	36	27th October, 1854.
73	Female	29	15th December, 1854.
74	Male	55	22nd December, 1854.
75	Female	49	22nd December, 1854.

No. 32.

TIME the INCURABLE PATIENTS have been in the Hospital.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Upwards of 50 years	1	..	1
— 35 — .....	..	1	1
— 30 — .....	..	2	2
— 25 —	1	3	4
— 20 —	1	4	5
— 15 —	7	6	13
— 10 —	11	8	19
— 5 —	11	7	18
— 3 —	2	2	4
Admitted during 1854	4	4	8
	38	37	75

No. 33.

DEGREE of EDUCATION of Incurable Patients in the Hospital.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Good	12	14	26
Moderate.....	18	17	35
Imperfect.....	4	4	8
None	2	..	2
Not ascertained	2	2	4
	38	37	75

No. 34.

SYNOPSIS of OFFENCES of the CRIMINAL LUNATICS confined in
Bethlem Hospital 31st December, 1854.

Nature of Offences.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1. Against the State.			
(1.) High Treason..... 1			
(2.) Sedition..... 1	2	..	2
2. Against the Person.....	65	17	82
3. Against Property.....	11	1	12
4. Other offences.....	10	..	10
	88	18	106

No. 35.

TIME the CRIMINAL PATIENTS have been in Bethlem Hospital.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
From 35 to 40 years	5	..	5
" 30 — 35 "	1	2	3
" 25 — 30 "	2	..	2
" 20 — 25 "	1	..	1
" 15 — 20 " ..	10	2	12
" 10 — 15 "	13	..	13
" 5 — 10 "	14	6	20
For 4 years.....	6	..	6
" 3 " .....	..	..	..
" 2 "	6	3	9
" 1 "	1	2	3
Admitted during the year 1854	29	3	32
	88	18	106

DIETARY TABLE.

BREAKFAST.

Every Day... Males .. Tea, with 7 oz. of Bread and Butter.

Females.. ,, 6 ditto

DINNER.

Sunday Males { 6 oz. Boiled Beef } 4oz. Bread, $\frac{3}{4}$ lb. Vegetables, 1 pt. Beer.
free fm. bone, }

Females .. 5 ,, ,, 4 ,, $\frac{1}{2}$,, $\frac{1}{2}$,,

Monday Males 6 ,, Roast Mutton, 4 ,, $\frac{3}{4}$,, 1 ,,

Females .. 5 ,, ,, 4 ,, $\frac{1}{2}$,, $\frac{1}{2}$,,

Tuesday Males 6 ,, Boiled Mutton, 4 ,, $\frac{3}{4}$,, 1 ,,

Females .. 5 ,, ,, 4 ,, $\frac{1}{2}$,, $\frac{1}{2}$,,

Wednesday.. Males 6 ,, Roast Beef, 4 ,, $\frac{3}{4}$,, 1 ,,

Females .. 5 ,, ,, 4 ,, $\frac{1}{2}$,, $\frac{1}{2}$,,

Thursday Same as Monday.

Friday Same as Tuesday.

Saturday Males 16 oz. Meat Pie, 4 oz. Bread, 1 oz. Cheese, 1 pt. Beer

Females .. 14 ,, ,, 4 ,, $\frac{1}{2}$,,

SUPPER.

Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, }
Thursday, and Friday } Males Same as at Breakfast.

Wednesday and Saturday, Males 7 oz. Bread, 2 oz. Cheese, 1 pt. Beer

Every Day Females .. Same as at Breakfast.

Patients in employment in the Grounds, Workshops, or Laundry, to be allowed 4 oz. of Bread, 1 oz. of Cheese or $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. of Butter, and $\frac{1}{2}$ a pint of Beer for Luncheon, and $\frac{1}{2}$ a pint of Beer in the Afternoon.

Every Patient to be allowed $1\frac{3}{4}$ oz. Tea, 8 oz. of Sugar, 8 oz. of Butter, and $1\frac{1}{2}$ pints Milk weekly.

On Christmas Day the Dinner to be Roast Beef and Plum Pudding.

On New Year's Day, a Mince Pie to be added to the usual fare.

On Good Friday, a Bun.

On Easter and Whit Monday, 6 oz. of Roast Veal to be allowed instead of the usual Meat for the day.

The Dinners to be further varied by the occasional substitution of Pork and Bacon, when Peas and Beans are in season ; and also by the occasional substitution of Fish, and Fruit Pies, when Fish and Fruit are plentiful and good.

The Sick to be dieted at the discretion of the Resident Physician.

The Attendants to have at all times the means of obtaining Gruel for such Patients as may require it.

The above to be considered maximum allowances, and all quantities unconsumed are to be taken in diminution of the next supply from the Stores of the Hospital.

BETHLEM HOSPITAL.

LIST OF OFFICERS, ATTENDANTS, AND SERVANTS.

PRINCIPAL OFFICERS.

	£	s.	d.
*1 Resident Physician	700	0	0
†1 Surgeon	80	0	0
†1 Chaplain	100	0	0
*1 Apothecary	300	0	0
†1 Surveyor	125	0	0
*1 Receiver and Accountant.....	210	0	0
†1 Clerk.....	250	0	0
*1 Steward	250	0	0
*1 Matron.....	150	0	0
	<u>£2165</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>

* Lodged only.

† Neither boarded nor lodged.

Of the total amount of these salaries £200 is repaid by Government on account of criminal lunatics.

OTHER OFFICERS, ATTENDANTS, AND SERVANTS.

MALES.

	£	s.	d.
*1 Clerk of the Works	54	12	0
*1 Steward's clerk.....	37	10	0
*1 Clerk's assistant	15	0	0
*1 Organist	15	0	0
1 Chapel clerk.....	5	0	0
1 House porter	52	0	0
1 Assistant do.....	21	0	0
||1 Gate-keeper	48	10	0
†1 Cutter of provisions	35	0	0
†1 Head attendant	60	0	0
†1 Attendant	60	0	0
†1 Do.....	55	0	0
†1 Do.....	36	0	0
†1 Do... ..	40	0	0
†1 Do.....	38	0	0
†1 Do.....	34	0	0
1 Do... ..	33	0	0
1 Do.....	31	0	0
5 Attendants..... at £26 per annum each	130	0	0
†9 Do..... at £25 per annum each	225	0	0
*†1 Plumber..... 30s. per week	78	0	0
‡1 Bricklayer	78	0	0
†‡1 Gardener	78	0	0
†‡1 Engineer	104	0	0
*2 Carpenters..... 30s. per week each	156	0	0
*†1 Smith..... 30s. per week	78	0	0
*†1 Under-Gardener .. 20s. per week	52	0	0
1 Labourer	46	16	0
	£1,696	8	0

* Neither boarded nor lodged.

† In addition to board and lodging, have each a suit of clothes and a hat.

‡ Occasionally employed at the House of Occupations.

|| Lodged only, with a suit of clothes and hat.

FEMALES.

	£	s.	d.
1 Cook	25	0	0
1 Kitchen-maid	12	0	0
1 House-maid	17	0	0
1 Laundry-maid	25	0	0
3 Do. at £18., 1 ditto at £17 per annum each	71	0	0
2 Attendants at £25 per annum each	50	0	0
3 Do. £20 per annum each	60	0	0
2 Do. £24 per annum each	48	0	0
9 Do. £18 per annum each	162	0	0
3 Do. £19 per annum each	57	0	0
1 Do. £23 per annum	23	0	0
2 Do. £30 per annum each	60	0	0
1 Do. £21 per annum	21	0	0
1 Do. £27 per annum	27	0	0
	<hr/>		
	£658	0	0
	<hr/>		

The Hospital is repaid by Government, on account of Criminal Lunatics the wages of seven male and two female attendants, with an allowance of £35 per annum each for maintenance and clothing.

The wages of male attendants commence at £25 per annum, and they increase, if their conduct be satisfactory, £1 yearly afterwards, until they become £35 per annum, after which no further increase is allowed. Attendants in charge of a Ward are allowed £5 per annum extra. Female attendants commence at any amount not exceeding £18 per annum, and after, they increase with like restriction £1 yearly until they become £25 per annum, after which no further increase is allowed. The wages of male attendants were permitted, previous to the year 1841, to increase to £60 per annum.

GENERAL ACCOUNT OF RECEIPT AND EXPENDITURE OF BETHLEM HOSPITAL, FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1854.

Dr.

Cr.

RECEIPT.		Bethlem.			Incurables.			EXPENDITURE.		Bethlem.			Incurables.		
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.		
To Balance of Account, Audited to 31st December, 1853		753	14	4 1/2	753	14	4 1/2								
Rent—Land Tax—Rent-charges and Insurance—via															
Bethlem—Arrears, December 31st, 1853	£2,354	18	7												
One Year's Rent, Land Tax, &c., from Mich., 1853, to Mich., 1854	7,904	18	10												
Paid to Christmas	2	2	0												
RECEIVED, viz.	£10,161	19	5												
Liverpool Street, Liverpool Buildings, &c.	£1,652	5	1												
Bishopgate Street, Without	138	19	2												
Pecuniary, Duke Street, and Jersey Street	2,475	11	11												
Ormond News	25	2	8												
Line Street, and Line Street Square, &c.	1,195	1	11												
Fonks Court, Tower Street	276	10	5												
Gardner's Terrace, and Mile End	71	14	2												
St. George's Fields	682	9	4												
Monaghan	119	0	0												
Shepherd's Bush	136	19	10												
Waltham Cross	224	3	10												
Rent	1,214	11	7												
Rent Charges	82	4	9												
Property Tax allowed	£8,297	16	8	8,297	16	8	8,297	16	8						
Allowed to Farm Tenants, &c.	30	1	11												
Allowed Land Tax	9	4	1												
Arrears of Rent to Michaelmas, unpaid 31st Dec.	1,637	8	10												
	£10,161	19	5												
INCURABLES—Arrears 31st December, 1853	3,411	17	9												
Rent of Estates in Lincolnshire, and Insurance, One Year, from Michaelmas, 1853, to Michaelmas, 1854	6,025	1	10												
	£9,437	19	7												
RECEIVED, viz.															
Wainfleet, St. Mary	£4,574	16	11												
Wainfleet, All Saints, Claxby, Mablethorpe, &c.	1,359	14	1												
	£5,934	11	0	5,934	11	0	5,934	11	0						
Property Tax allowed	185	18	10												
Allowed to Farm Tenants	209	5	0												
Arrears to Michaelmas, unpaid 31st December	3,188	6	9												
	£9,437	19	7												
Rent-charge, Wainfleet St. Mary, Lincolnshire, viz.															
Arrears	283	18	5												
One Year	564	4	5												
	£848	2	10	848	2	10	848	2	10						
RECEIVED	£848	2	10	848	2	10	848	2	10						
DIVIDENDS ON STOCK IN THE PUBLIC FUNDS—															
BETHLEM STOCK, viz.															
£850 0 3 3 per Cent. Consols in Chancery				50	19	5	50	19	5						
1,192 1 9 3 per Cent. Consols in Chancery				45	15	9	45	15	9						
119 18 11 3 per Cent. Consols in Chancery				174	15	0	174	15	0						
3,500 0 0 New South Sea Annuities				1,256	15	8	1,256	15	8						
3,000 0 0 Old South Sea Annuities				753	15	0	753	15	0						
12,000 0 0 Bank Annuities, 3 per Cent. 1720				384	14	4	384	14	4						
47,991 2 11 Consols, 3 per Cent.				279	0	0	279	0	0						
25,121 12 10 Bank Annuities, 3 per Cent. Reduced				26	19	4	26	19	4						
11,837 10 0 Bank Annuities, 3 1/2 per Cent.				3	8	2	3	8	2						
3,000 0 0 Bank Stock				49	16	4	49	16	4						
25 19 4 Long Annuities				14	6	11	14	6	11						
105 0 0 New 2 1/2 per Cent. Bank Annuities				224	2	5	224	2	5						
1,756 12 3 3 per Cent. Consols				19	7	2	19	7	2						
500 0 0 3 per Cent. Consols				10	3	10	10	3	10						
13,000 0 0 2 1/2 per Cent. Stock				1	10	0	1	10	0						
29,550 0 0 New 2 1/2 per Cent. Stock															
INCURABLES—Stock, Dividends, &c.															
£280 0 0 New 2 1/2 per Cent. Stock															
700 0 0 New South Sea Annuities															
100 0 0 South Sea Annuities, 3 per Cent. 1731															
RECEIVED—Benefactions—															
R. J. Ashby, Esq.	£25	0	0												
J. Harrison, Esq.	25	0	0												
H. Johnson, Esq.	25	0	0												
A. S. Pigeon, Esq.	25	0	0	125	0	0	125	0	0						
TO CANAL RECEIPTS—															
For Transfer of Leases	£5	0	0												
Sale of Iron Work and other Materials	173	14	0												
Sale of Iron Work and other Materials, Criminal Wing	13	19	9												
Property Tax on Rents for Years 1847, 1848, 1849	553	17	3												
Property Tax returned by Goldenhilt's Company	1	10	4												
	750	1	4	750	1	4	750	1	4						
INCURABLE LUNATICS—															
Received of Government for Clothing and Maintenance of Criminal Lunatics	3,112	9	4	3,112	9	4	3,112	9	4						
RECEIVED, viz.															
Sermon at Christ's Hospital	£2	2	0												
Sale of Wood at Wainfleet	27	18	0												
ditto	465	4	5												
Property Tax on Rents for Years 1847, 1848, 1849	114	8	0												
Sale of Wood at Wilson	33	10	0												
Sale of Wood at Wainfleet	725	0	5	725	0	5	725	0	5						
	24,296	6	8 1/2	24,296	6	8 1/2	24,296	6	8 1/2						
	5,109	6	9 1/2	5,109	6	9 1/2	5,109	6	9 1/2						
Balance against the Hospital	£29,405	13	6	29,419	13	11	29,419	13	11	10,642	6	7	10,642		

A. M. JEAFFERSON,
Rec.

We, whose names are hereunto subscribed, have Examined and Audited the preceding Account for the Year One Thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty-four, and find the same correct, and the Balance as specified, this Ninth day of February, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Fifty-five.

JOHN EDWARD JOHNSON, Treasurer.
J. H. GOODHART,
G. OSTELL LEICESTER,
B. DREW.

GENERAL ACCOUNT OF BOTH HOSPITALS, 1854.

BRIDEWELL HOSPITAL.—Balance in favor of the Hospital	£7,081	1	9½
BETHLEM HOSPITAL.—Balance against the Hospital	5,109	6	9½
			£1,971 15 0
Cash at the Bankers, Messrs. Glyn & Co.	£1,971	15	0

INCURABLE FUND.

Debt and Interest 31st December, 1853	£48,113	19	6
One Year's Interest on Debt, at 4 per cent.	695	8	3
			£48,809 7 9
Excess of Receipts over Expenditure	£1,456	7	0
Less—Over credited last year	550	19	5
			905 7 7
			£47,904 0 2

BRIDEWELL HOSPITAL.

INCOME, 1855.

RENT—Rent-charges and Insurances	£11,141	13	1
Deductions	764	13	4
			10,376 19 9
DIVIDENDS on Stock in the Public Funds, viz.—			
£10,000 0 0, 3 per Cent. Reduced	£300	0	0
510 0 4, 3½ per Cent. Stock	16	11	6
1,409 17 6, 3 per Cent. Consols	42	5	11
7,000 0 0, 3½ Reduced Bank Annuities	227	10	0
			586 7 5
			£10,963 7 2
FOWKE, LOCK, AND PALMER'S GIFTS, viz.—			
Rent and Insurance	£380	2	5
Less Insurance	25	2	5
			355 0 0
DIVIDENDS on Stock in Public Funds, viz.—			
£3,969 0 8, 3 per Cent. Reduced	£119	1	4
1,604 17 0, 3½ per Cent. 1818	52	3	2
2,500 0 0, 3 per Cent. Consols	75	0	0
			246 4 6
			601 4 6
Net Annual Income	£11,564	11	8

BETHLEM HOSPITAL.

INCOME, 1855.

CURABLES—Rent, Land-Tax, Rent-charges, and Insurances	£7,805	14	5
INCURABLES—Rent, Rent-charges, and Insurance	6,600	2	10
			£14,405 17 3
Deductions	420	10	11
			13,985 6 4
DIVIDENDS on Stock in Public Funds, viz.—			
£836 6 3, 3 per Cent. Consols	£25	1	8
1,192 1 9, 3	35	15	4
119 18 11, 3	3	9	10
47,091 2 11, 3	1,412	14	5
25,121 12 10, 3	753	13	0
11,837 10 0, 3½	384	14	4
3,000 0 0, Bank Stock	270	0	0
26 19 4, Long Annuities	26	19	4
105 0 0, 3¼ per Cent. Bank Annuities	3	8	2
1,736 12 3, 3 per Cent. Consols	52	1	10
500 0 0, 3	15	0	0
13,000 0 0, 3½	416	6	10
20,350 0 0, New 2½ per Cent. Stock	508	15	0
Incureables 880 0 0,	22	0	0
			3,929 19 9
Net Annual Income	£17,915	6	1

A. M. JEAFFRESON,

Rec^d.

