#### Contributors

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Ceast Track EXPERIMENTS, AND OBSERVATIONS ON THE Malvern Waters.

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EXPERIMENTS, AND OBSERVATIONS ON THE Malvern Waters. The Second Edition, WITH AN APPENDIX, CONTAINING Some farther Particulars Relating to their Nature and Ufes,

Several Histories of their Effects.

N. B. The Profits arifing from the Sale of this Pamphlet' will be appropriated to the Augmentation of a Sum raifed by Subscription for making the Springs commodious.

Sold by W. Sandby, at the Ship, without Temple Bar; J. Rivington, at the Bible and Crown, St. Paul's Church Yard; R. Dodlley, in Pall-Mall; LONDON: and by S. Mountfort, and R. Lewis, in WORCESTER.



# E X P E R I M E N T S, A N D O B S E R V A T I O N S O N T H E Malvern Waters.

HE well attefted Report of extraordinary Cures perform'd by the Ufe of Malvern Waters, having engag'd the Attention of feveral Perfons of great Rank and Fortune in this Neighbourhood, I have been call'd upon to acquaint the Public with fome of the Experiments and Obfervations which I have made upon them.

There are two Springs which more peculiarly deferve Notice. The B Source Source of one is about a Quarter of a Mile below the Village of great Malvern: This is a light and very pleafant Chalybeat. The other rifes higher up the Hill, about the midway betwixt Great and Little Malvern, and has been long diftinguish'd by the name of the Holy Well; having for more than a Century been famous for the Cure of many obstinate Difeases +.

+ Befide thefe two Springs there is alfo a third which flows about 100 Yards higher up the Hill than the Holy Well; this has been thought more appropriated to Difeafes of the Eyes; but as it does not feem (upon any Trials) to differ from the Water of the Holy Well, I therefore did not think it neceffary to take any particular Notice of it.

Mention is made of these Springs in Bannifter's Breviary of the Eyes printed A. D. 1622. in these Lines.

'A little more I'll of their curing tell,

How they help fore Eyes with a new found Well: Great Speech of Malvern Hills was late reported, Unto which Spring People in Troops reforted.

In the Addenda to Camden's Britannia are the following Words. 'Near the Division (be-Both Both these Springs are of uncommon purity. In the Year 1743, after a very dry Season, I evaporated three Quarts of the Holy Well Water in an open filver Vessel ; when no Refiduum was left that could be collected, only the bottom of the Vessel was tinged of a pale yellow colour : A proof that the Water contains fome bituminous or oily parts. And last Year, after a long wet Season, when the Source must have received fome foulness from the mixture of

twixt Worcefterfhire and Herefordfhire) is
a Spring that hath been long fam'd for the
Virtue of healing Eyes, and other parts of
the Head, call'd therefore Eye Well. And
befide this is another Spring call'd Holy Well,
heretofore much reforted to for curing all
Scorbutic Humours and external Ulcers by
bathing and drinking of the Waters'? —
And in the Geography reformed thefe Wells are taken Notice of in thefe Words. 'There
are two Medicinal Springs (in Malvern Hills)
call'd Holy Wells, one of which is good for
the Eyes and putrid fætid Livers; the other

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extra-

extraneous Bodies washed into it by the continual Rains, Two Quarts of this Water, being carefully and flowly evaporated, left only half a grain of Earth, and a very inconfiderable quantity of a faline Matter, too fmall to be estimated : probably not the 60th part of a Grain.

App. This extraordinary purity feems to be the diffinguishing Characteristic of these Waters; in which Respect, they greatly exceed any that have hitherto come to our Knowledge. The purest Waters in the ]

City of Worcester con-

tain more than 50 times, The Hot Well at Briftol

20 times, And the Spring at Henwick Hill near this City, which has been always thought extremely pure, contains 12 times

as much Earth as the Holy Well Water at Malvern does.

It

It may be proper here to obferve, that this Earth (by which Word We mean the Matter left upon the Evaporation of mineral Waters when perfectly clear'd of all Salts) is foluble only in part by the ftrongeft Acids ; but that the much greater portion of it eludes their force, and even the violence of Fire itfelf : much lefs therefore can it be conquer'd by the digeftive Powers of the human Body. Those Waters confequently must be most falutary which contain the feweft of these infoluble Particles ‡.

‡ It is an old and juft Obfervation that Perfons who drink Waters loaded with thefe Styptick Particles are liable to ftrumous Complaints and Glandular Obftructions, particularly to a fwelling in the Throat named the Bronchocele. The Reafon of which feems to be that thofe Earths, tho' fmall enough to enter the Lacteals, and circulate through the larger Veffels, yet are not reduced to a fufficient Degree of Tenuity to pafs the Glands, where the Veffels are fmalleft and most convoluted, and the Force of the Circulation most Languid.

The Inhabitants of Paris are extremely fub-The The Chalybeat Spring approaches the Holy Well nearly in point of Purity: For two Quarts of this are found to contain only one Grain of Earth, one Grain of Iron and nearly the fame Quantity of a muriatic Salt, which grows moift in the Air and therefore appears to be Bittern.

On this Account, it feems to challenge one of the first places amongst the Waters of this Class. For though it be not fo highly impregnated with Iron as some others, yet it is sufficiently fo to answer all our Expectations from it as a Chalybeat; and being much less loaded with Earth than any other, it seems probable that the Ferruginous Particles will for that Reason be more

ject to Nephritic and Calculous Diforders, probably for the fame Reafon, their Waters being of a petrifying Quality and fo much loaded with Spar and Stony Particles as to ftop up the Water Pipes in a fhort Time.

readily

readily and intimately mixt with the Blood and Juices, whilft the Water, by its extreme Purity pervading the fineft Veffels, washes away the acrimonious Salts and obstructing Viscidities.

From the most accurate Analyses it appears that at the Spring Head Pouhon Spa Water contains 4 times more of the Chalybeat Principle than this Spring; but at the fame Time is loaded with 4 times more Earth. Tunbridge Water contains 3 times more Iron; but has 6 times more Earth. Cheltenham and Scarborough Waters have only the fame Quantity of Iron, but are very much loaded with Earth : Cheltenham Water in particular contains 88 times more than this Spring. And, to instance no more, Bath Water has 9 times lefs of the Chalybeat Principle, and contains 28 times

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#### times more infoluble parts than the Malvern Water does.

App: No.2 Thus far I have confider'd the purity of thefe Waters in refpect of Earth; but they are alfo poffefs'd of a mineral Spirit, and fome other Principles, not fo eafily difcoverable by Experiments, to which notwithftanding their Vertues may probably be in a great measure owing.

The Water of the Chalybeat Well at the Spring Head inftantly ftrikes a fair purple with Galls; and if carefully taken up and clofe cork'd, will retain the fame Property feveral Hours; but the Colour gradually grows more and more pale, and at laft approaches to the Orange. To have this Water therefore in full Perfection it must be drank at the Source.

The Water of the Holy Well, when

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when drank immediately as it comes out of the Hill, leaves a peculiar Pertnefs in the Throat. This is by fome likened to the Tafte of Brass or Alum, and is most perceptible by those who have not been used to the Water; but this Tafte is foon loft, and the Water grows fofter after it has been kept fome time, though the Bottles be ever fo carefully ftopt. With this Water either Acids or Al-App. calies mix without the least Alteration in Transparency, and without any Precipitation or Conflict. And yet it feems to contain a conceal'd App? Acid, becaufe Iron laid in the Wa-No.3 ter is corroded; and a Solution of Silver, though at first it mixes without any Milkiness, yet by standing. fome time the Water grows gradually whitish, and then muddy, and of a dirty reddiffr purple, and at laft a Powder of a deep purple colour is precipitated; which is the Effect C ot

( II )

of the vitriolic Acid. A Solution of Sope in Spirit of Wine being poured into this Water, produces a very pale Pearl Colour but without curdling in the leaft. This Colour is much lefs milky in dry Seafons than after much Rain; a Proof that the Water is more pure in the former +.

I have had fome Sufpicions that this Water received a flight Impregnation from Copper; the Volatile Spirit of Sal Ammoniac feeming to give it a light Tincture of Blue: But the Colour was fo very dilute that I cannot be positive in that particular.—From the apparent Purity of this Water one would expect that it fhould keep well; yet on the

+ Thofe Perfons who use this Water externally to Sores &c. find a very perceptible difference in its Effects in dry Seafons and after much Rain; it agreeing with them much better in the former.

contrary

contrary, after fome Time, it is apt to acquire an offenfive Tafte, and fometimes it contracts great Foulnefs; and this when it has been taken up and preferv'd with the greateft Care. Qu? Does this proceed from the Putrefaction of its oily or bituminous Parts? or does it not rather fhew that there may be fome latent Subftances in the Water, which our Experiments have not as yet difcover'd ||?

Upon the whole, the Efficacy App. of this Water feems chiefly to arife from its great Purity; whereby it is enabled to pafs through the fmalleft Veffels, and not being loaded with any Salts or Earth, is capable of diffolving more than those Waters

|| Too much Care cannot be taken by those who fend for this Water from the Well that their Bottles be perfectly clean; fince it is known that this Water will diffolve those Foulneffes which common Water will not touch.

which

which are already faturated with them. Its Effects externally, both in Lotion and Bathing, may in a great Meafure depend upon the fame; fince it is past all Doubt, that Fluids may enter the Body this way by the abforbing Veffels; and that those will be most easily admitted which are pureft and leaft loaded with heterogeneous Particles. And as Waters which are full of ftyptic or infoluble Earths, are well known to occasion glandular Obstructions; fo, vice versâ, pure elementary Water, feems to be the most efficacious of all Remedies in these Diforders §.

But befide this extreme Purity, the Water before Us must be assisted in its Action by the volatile mi-

§ Waters full of Earthy Particles are found to foul and incrust the Vessels in which they are boil'd; as is evident in Tea Kettles &c. which Vessels may again be perfectly clear'd by boiling fome of these Pure Waters in them.

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neral

neral Spirit, which it appears to contain, as well as by the bituminous or oily Parts; and probably by fome others not yet discover'd. For however the Methods of examining mineral Waters may have been improved by the Sagacity of later Chymifts, we are certainly still very far from Perfection in that Point; and perhaps the most active Parts of Waters, on which their Vertues chiefly depend, may lie fo much out of our Reach, as not to be the Objects of Senfe, or discoverable by any Experiments. Let any one examine the most curious Analyses of Bath or Spa Waters hitherto publisht, and he must necessarily be convinc'd of this Truth, Some Preparations of Antimony and other Minerals will, we know, communicate very extraordinary Qualities to Liquors in which they are infused; and yet as nothing difcernible is loft by the Mineral

Mineral, fo nothing could by any Analyfis be difcovered in the medicated Liquor. May not Waters therefore be impregnated in fomewhat the fame way, by Effluvia from mineral Subftances ; perhaps from fome hitherto unknown to Us, and whofe Properties therefore we are unacquainted with? And who would venture to affert that there may not be many fuch in the Bowels of the Earth\*?

\* Variæ dantur Aquæ, heterogeneis quibufdam Qualitatibus imbutæ, quæ vulgarem explorandi methodum, adeoque etiam Cognitionem noftram fallunt. Idque haud mirandum eft, cum & menstrua infipida habeamus, quæ quanquam metalla & ipfas gemmas molliores antea preparatas adoriantur, nullam tamen Salfedinem vel Linguæ imprimunt, vel aliis viis facile a fe dimittunt. Referendi huc funt quidam fontes falutares. e. g. Slangenbadenfes, Piperanæ, Toplicenfes thermæ, in quibus, præter eximiam levitatem, vulgaria examina nihil fere peregrini & folidi deprehendere poffunt. Pertinet huc Infignis Becheri Obfervatio de Spiritu Luti cœrulei in Scaturiginibus obvii, magnarum plane virium licet infipidus

But

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But whether by any Experiments we can difcover the principal Contents of this Water or not, fo long as it is found to produce fuch extraordinary Effects, we may there reft fatisfied. And Experience here fpeaks loudly in its Favour; it having long been ufed with great Succefs, particularly in Diforders of the Eyes, Schrophulous Cafes, old Ulcers, Leprofies and other Difeafes of the Skin.

A confiderable Tradefman of this Town had, when a Boy, feveral finuous Ulcers above and below the Elbow, which communicated through the Joint; the Bones were much enlarged and foul, and the Arm much emaciated. He had been long attended by two eminent

fit.

Juncker, in Confp. Chem. Tab. de Aq. & Becherus in Phyf, fubterran. paffim, Surgeons

#### Surgeons who thought the Cafe desperate and had proposed Amputation. He was reduced to the last Degree of Weakness; but by the Use of this Water a few Months, all the Ulcers except one below the Elbow were heal'd. This continued to discharge a small Quantity till He returned again to the Well the next Summer, when He obtain'd a compleat Cure, and has continued well ever fince. After he first began upon the Waters, He never nfed any other Application to the Sores, but Linnen Rags dipt in the Water. This Cure was perform'd

A Poor Woman of the Parifh of Powick, near this City, was covered with the most frightful Leprofy I ever faw. The Scabs were very large, and in many Places not lefs than half an Inch thick. She had loft

through the Joint: th

feveral Years ago.

loft her Eyebrows, and was to hoarfe that She could hardly be underftood. Many Medicines had been tried both by me and others ineffectually; at laft fhe was fent to Malvern, and a little Hut built for Her Reception by the Charity of a neighbouring Gentleman. She ufed the Water both externally and internally. In a few Months Her Skin was clear'd, and fhe recover'd her Voice; and by continuing the Ufe of the Water, was perfectly cured, without ever having any Return of the Difeafe.

A young Woman, Daughter of a Tradefman in Bewdley, had long had a Schrophulous Opththalmy in each Eye, which made her unable to bear the Light. She had been in this miferable Condition eight or nine Months; and though She had applied to feveral Perfons of Skill, D had

Town, a Child of about Three

had not met with any permanent Relief. I advis'd Her at length to try Malvern Water. — When She was brought to the Well, She could not open her Eyes, but was forced to be led by another Perfon; but fhe had not ufed the Waters more than a Week, before fhe was fo much recover'd that fhe could fee a Flea leaping on her Bed. Her Eyes have continued perfectly clear, and her Sight good, ever fince. This Cure was perform'd Anno 1754.

The Son of a Tradefman in this Town, a Child of about Three Years of Age, had the Glands of the Neck much hardned and enlarged; He had a Schrophulous Ophthalmy in each Eye, and his Lips were much fwell'd ; the Upper, in particular, projected further than the End of the Nofe, which it quite touch'd, was turned outward, and exco-

excoriated with feveral deep Fiffures. He was attended by me and an eminent Surgeon of this Place. When We found our joint Endeavours unfuccefsful, We advifed the Parents to try Malvern Waters. After the Ufe of them for two or three Months, He returned home, with his Eyes and Lips quite heal'd, and reduc'd to their natural Appearance; the Glands of the Neck were alfo much leffen'd. The Diforder in his Eyes returning again in a flight Degree, the next Spring, they had again Recourfe to the fame Waters; which fo far perfected the Cure, that there now remain only two or three harden'd Glands under the Chin, but thefe very fmall in Size. His Eyes and Lips have continued perfectly well ever fince.

### J. WALL.

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## APPENDIX.

(\*\*\*\*\*\*) H E Demands of the Pub-T ick having made it ne-(\*\*\*\*\*\*\*) ceffary to publish another Edition of the foregoing Treatife, I thought it would not be unacceptable to fubjoin a few Obfervations on the Nature and Uses of these Waters, particularly that of the Holy Well; together with some Histories of their Effects. The Number of these might have been confiderably enlarged, but I have selected such only which appear'd remarkable, and whose Authenticity I was well assured of.

No.1 It has been the Opinion of fome Perfons, that the Water of the Holy Well is only pure Element; devoid of

of mineral Spirit, and almost all other Principles. Indeed were this the Cafe, which for many Reafons I am convinced it is not, that Purity alone would make the Spring of great Value. The learned Hoffmann has wrote a Differtation exprefily to prove, that if any thing in Nature deferves the Name of an universal Medicine, it must be pure Water : And after having enumerated the Uses and Effects of it, both in preventing and curing Difeafes, he adds, ' that Fountains of pure ' light Water, though they do not · contain any mineral Ingredients, ' may yet be of great Service in the · Cure of Chronical Diftempers'. Of fome fuch Fountains he afterwards gives Inftances ; and commends them in Calculous, Arthritic, Scorbutic, Cachetic, Bilious and Paralytic Cases; in inveterate Disorders of the Head; as also where the Hæmorrhoidal

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morrhoidal Discharges, or the natural Evacuations of the Sex are deficient; in which they affist, by procuring a due Fluidity of the Humours +.

I have inferted this Quotation from an Author of the greateft Eminence, in order to fhew what might be expected from a pure Water: And furely no Spring can more juftly deferve that Title than this does. But that there is alfo a fine, fubtle, penetrating Spirit conceal'd in thefe Waters, agreeable to what is mention'd in the foregoing Treatife, is evident from the following Obfervations.

No.2 The first of these was communicated by my very ingenious Friend Dr. Mackenzie; who inform'd Me, ' that He knows a Gentleman in Warwickschire, who has
a Cancerous Ulcer in his Face,

+ Vide Hoffmann. Diff. ds Aq. Med. univerfali. which

" which He uses to bathe every Day \* with Malvern Water, before He ' applies his other Dreffings to it. ' The Water, when used alone, ' frequently made the Ulcer fmart ' to a Degree which He was not ' able to bear, until he added a ' certain Proportion of common ' Water to it; but when the Mal-' vern Water was thus diluted with ' River or other foft Water, He " could bear it very well '. This remarkable Observation, has been fince confirmed to me by Dr. Turton, a very eminent Phyfician of Birmingham \*, who himself also felt a very fenfible Effect from this Water, different from that of a common Spring. He has lately had a putrid Fever, attended with Ulcerations in the Throat and on the Tongue,

\* Since I wrote the above I have feen the Gentleman himfelf and receiv'd the fame Account from his own Mouth.

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which

which left the Parts very tender. Upon wafhing his Mouth with this Water, and drinking a Glafs of it at the Spring Head, He felt great Pain and Smarting in all the Parts which had been ulcerated. However he continued to wafh his Mouth frequently, the Uneafinefs gradually leffening upon every Lotion ; and He drank large Quantities of the water that whole Day : The next Morning, he found his Mouth and Throat quite eafy, and free from any Tendernefs ; which it had never been before fince his Illnefs.

Mrs. Davis, Wife to a very fkilful Apothecary and Chymift in Worcefter, under whofe immediate Infpection moft of the Experiments on thefe Waters were made, has lately used them at Home for an Excoriation and great Tendernefs of the Eyelids; and thereby obtain'd a Cure. Whenever She applied the Water

Water immediately as foon as the Bottle was uncork'd, it conftantly caufed her Eyes to fmart violently; giving her the fame Senfation, as if She had used Water mixt with Spirit of Wine. But if the Bottle had ftood open some Time, or was not close corked, it never occasioned any fuch Uneafiness upon the Application. Notwithstanding this transient Smart, She always chose to use the Water fresh; the Relief She found afterwards fully compenfating for all the Pain She fuffer'd by it : whereas She received very little Benefit from the Use of the vapid Water.

A Lady in Warwickshire, to whom I recommended the Water, as an Application to a scorbutic Ulcer in the Leg of long standing, sends Me word, that when the Water was fresh, it had such an Effect

on

on the Sore, as quite amazed the Surgeon, who declared He had never feen fo great an Amendment in his Life; but that after the Water had been kept fome Time, its Efficacy was proportionably abated.

A young Lady, who has this Year ufed the Water with great Succefs for a Scaly Roughnefs which cover'd her whole Forehead, Ears, and Crown of the Head, tells Me, that when She applied the Water at Malvern, though it was brought fresh from the Well in close cork'd Bottles, it never gave her the least Uneasines; but when She bathed under the Spout, it made the Parts fmart very much.

These Instances fufficiently prove that the Waters of the Holy Well contain some very active parts, on which probably their Efficacy great-

ly

ly depends : and that thefe Principles are volatile, but do not fly off entirely in a very little Time ; though it is manifeft that their Energy is much the greateft at the Spring Head, and is gradually impaired by keeping afterwards. The following Obfervations will, I think, <sup>No.3</sup> confirm our former Suggestion, that thefe active Parts are of an acid Nature.

Mifs Baron of Hanley has been long fubject to the Cardialgia or Heart-burn, as it is called, a painful Senfation arifing from a fuperabundant Acid in the Stomach : which therefore is ufually reliev'd by Abforbents, but increas'd by any thing either 'acid or acefcent. She has feveral Times attempted to drink Malvern Water, but it conftantly gives her great Pain and Uncafinefs at the Stomach ; an Effect not pro-E 2 duced duced by common Spring Water.

Mrs. Clare of Maddresfield informs Me that the Water has a fimilar Effect on her likewife.

The fame thing has been obferv'd by feveral other Perfores : particularly by a Gentlewoman of this Town who has a remarkable Acidity in her Stomach. She had been long ufed to Briftol Water, but thinking that She might fupply its Place with that from Malvern, She attempted to drink it, but was obliged to defift by the Uneafinefs it occafioned in her Stomach.

No.4 It may indeed appear furprizing, that if the Water contains an Acid it fhould not ferment perceptibly with Alcalies; as I have before afferted. But whoever confiders how volatile this mineral Spirit is; how much

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much it is diluted; and of what kind it most probably must be; will eafily reconcile this feeming Contradiction. The Aqua Sulphurata of the Shops, which is fo ftrongly impregnated with the volatile Gas of Sulphur (to which the mineral Spirit feems to be analogous) and probably also with fome of the heavier Acid, will not very perceptibly ferment with Salt of Tartar, and hardly curdles Milk. How much less Reason then is there to expect a manifest Fermentation, where the Acid is fo much purer, and fo greatly diluted ?

But confidering that a brifk Agitation is fometimes neceffary to produce a vifible Ebullition. I took a clean Phial Bottle; and having half fill'd it with Water at the Spout, I immediately added a few Drops of Lixivium Tartari to it, and clofing the
the Orifice with my Finger, gave it one brifk shake; innumerable very fmall Bubbles were inftantly difperfed through the whole Water, which continued to arife from the bottom of the Veffel for fome little Time. When the Water was shaken in the like manner, without the Addition of an Alcali, feveral minute Air Bubbles were form'd upon the first Motion; but these foon went off, and none role from the Bottom as in the former Cafe. To the pure Water which had been thus agitated, I then pour'd a few Drops of the Alcali, and shook as before; but no fuch Ebullition fucceeded as in the first Experiment : So foon was the Acid diffipated. How neceffary is it therefore to drink the Water at the Spring Head, in order to have it in full Force! These Experiments were feveral Times repeated, in the Prefence of some very inge-DIOUS . 5-3

nious and observant Gentlemen; and always with the fame Success.

In cutaneous Difeafes, the internal Use of the Water is apt for some Days to increase the Eruptions; but by a longer Continuance, it washes them off and clears the Skin. In fcorbutic Habits also it produces fimilar Effects, when applied externally; but by continuing its Ufe, all these angry Pimples are commonly foon heal'd, and difappear. These Effects were very remarkable in Mary Dudley and John Townshend, both In-Patients of the Worcefter Infirmary. The former of these was receiv'd for a Scorbutic Ulcer in the Leg of long flanding; attended with a great Defluxion on the Part, and a large Endption over the whole Limb. The Ulcer was digested and fill'd with Flesh, but could not be cicatrifed by the ufual Dreffings CHICC

Dreflings; till at last, by drinking Malvern Water, and applying Linnen to the Sore kept constantly wet with the fame, it was perfectly healed in a Fortnight. The Scorbutic Eruptions were for the first 4 or 5 Days prodigiously encreased over the whole Body; and particularly the Parts which were cover'd with the wet Rags, appear'd intenfely red. from innumerable Pimples which were brought out by the Water; but these went off by persevering in the fame Regimen and Application .- During this Course, She accidentally had a Fall down Stairs, by which her Leg was much bruifed, and a lacerated Wound made on the Skin almost down to the Bone. She did not mention this to her Surgeon; but only applied the Water to it, in the fame manner as had been directed for her other Leg; by which the Wound was heal'd in three

three or four Days .--- John Towns-hend had been in the Houfe from June the 19th 1756, for a Schrophulous Ophthalmy : to remove which He had taken the most powerful Medicines, and various external Applications had been tried ineffectually. Indeed his Health very vifibly declined ; and there appear'd great Danger of his falling into a Hectic. At length on February the 14th 1757 he was put upon the Use of Malvern Water both internally and externally; by which, in a few Days, He found a great Alteration for the better, both with regard to his Health and his Eyes; and was discharged greatly reliev'd on April the 9th 1757. Since which Time he has constantly perfever'd in the Use of the Water and is now perfectly cured.

The Waters, upon their first Use, F in in some create a slight Nausea; others they purge brickly for three or four Days; but are diuretic in all. The former Effects are probably accidental; arifing only from their being taken in too large Quantities; or diffolving fome acrimonious Salts or bilious Foulnesses in the first Paffages. Perfons who have been much used to Malt Liquors, they commonly render coffive : But there are Instances, where the Waters, after having been drank a confiderable Time, fuddenly take a Turn downwards and purge brifkly. Such an Effect they had upon the late Edward Popham Efq; of the Lodge near Tewkefbury. -- This Gentleman was quite crippled by the Gout, and had in a manner loft the Ufe of all his Limbs. The marvellous Cures perform'd at the Holy Well, induced him, about ten Years ago, to make Trial of it. After He had drank 171

drank the Water about a Month, a violent Diarrhæa came on, and lafted feveral Days, from which He found great Relief; recovering his Spirits, and in a great Meafure, the Ufe of his Limbs. As a Teftimony of the Benefit he had receiv'd, He built a Bath under the Spout; the ancient one being in a very ruinous Condition.

account of a violent and very pain-

I always advise my Patients to drink freely of the Water for fome Days or Weeks before they use them externally. The Empirical Method of Application, which has hitherto been fuccessfully practifed, is to wash Sores, Tumors, &c. under the Spout, feveral Times in a Day; covering the Parts afterwards with Cloths dipt in the fame Water, and moiften'd from Time to Time, as often as they grow dry .-- Those who bathe alfo for cutaneous Foulneffes, F 2 ufually Leprons

ufually go into the Water with their Linnen on; and drefs upon it wet. This Method, odd as it is, has never yet, that I have heard of, been attended with any ill Confequences; though I have known it used by feveral very tender Perfons.

A Gentlewoman in Worcefter applied the Water to her Legs, on account of a violent and very painful Scorbutic Eruption in those Parts. She lay every Night with her Limbs wrapp'd up in wet Linnen ; and yet never receiv'd the least Cold from it. The painful Itching is reliev'd by nothing fo foon or fo effectually as by this Application ; She therefore has always Recourfe to it, whenever the Diforder makes a fresh Appearance ; and always finds Ease and Advantage from it.

A Boy aged eleven Years, and Leprous Leprous from the Birth, was laft Year fent to the Spring, by an eminent Phyfician, who had before tried various Methods with him unfuccefsfully. He continued at the Holy Well about three Months; and was kept conftantly wet over his whole Body, all that Time. He went Home perfectly cured, and I hear continues well.

A young Gentleman of Fortune was laft Year brought to the Spring on Account of a Schrophulous Diforder in his Foot and Elbow. When He firft came there He was much emaciated and Hectical, and had a dry troublefome Cough. The Cough and other hectic Symptoms went off entirely in lefs than a Month notwithftanding He conftantly kept the difeafed Parts wet with the Water : fo far was He from taking Cold by the Application. There is at prefent

prefent great Reason to hope that He will find a perfect Cure, of which, when He first came, there appear'd not the least Probability : For feveral of the Bones in the Foot were foul and greatly enlarged, as were also the Bones at the Elbow, and many finuous Ulcers in both Parts : the Leg and Arm being alfo much emaciated and the latter almost rigid. His Limbs have now recover'd their Flesh, and He has a confiderable Degree of Motion in the Arm; the deep Ulcers both in the Elbow and Foot are heal'd, and the Integuments flick down to the Bones; nothing now remaining but two very superficial Ulcerations which are clean and disposed to heal. His Father tells Me, that before he came to Malvern every fresh Tumor and Suppuration was attended with violent Pain, but that after He had used the Water some Time, Matter pretent

was

was formed without giving him any great Uneafinefs.

When the Water is applied externally, especially to old Sores or glandular Obstructions, it is apt at first to bring on a slight Fever and inflame the Parts. This adventitious Heat is commonly foon reliev'd by drinking freely of the Water; which washes out of the Habit any morbid Particles, which may have been receiv'd into the Circulation and the Fever ufually goes off in four Days at fartheft. Sometimes where the Water is applied to indurated Glands, or incyfted Tumors, the Heat rifes higher, fo as to bring on Suppurations; an Event by no means to be dreaded ; fince thereby the viscid stagnant Juices are attenuated, concocted, and fo fitted for Evacuation; and the Circulation (which in Schrophulous Perfons is ufually sunt

usually too languid, either from a Lentor in the Fluids or too great Debility in the Fibres) is accelerated and invigorated.

The common People are from long Observation fo well apprized of these Effects, that they think the Affistance of a Surgeon is upon no Occafion neceffary ; and the ufual Phrase is, that the Water will break any Tumor, and afterwards heal it. This, as many other popular Opinions, is very erroneous : for granting the Lotion to be one of the beft Applications in fuch Cafes, yet it certainly may require the Hand of a skilful Surgeon, to open Absceffes, or dilate Sinuses; to prevent the Lodgment of Matter, or procure a free Discharge by a proper depending Opening. After this is done, the Water is perhaps the best Dreffing that can be applied, and feldom fails

fails to effect a Cure foon; which, without fuch Affiftance, might be uncertain or at beft very tedious.

Margaret Webb was receiv'd on Tryal August the 31st 1755 as an In Patient of the Worcester Infirmary, for a finuous Ulcer in the Groin, which penetrated into the Abdomen ; befide which She had another alfo on the outfide of the Thigh, which the Probe could not fathom. She continued in the Houfe till September the 25th; but the Air of the Place, where many fick Perfons lie in one Ward, being too clofe for her; and her Cafe being thought desperate; She was made an Out Patient : at which Time, She was very much reduced, and grown hectical by the Discharge; which was exceffively fætid; and fo great in Quantity, as to run through all the Dreffings quite down on the Floor 25 G

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Floor, whenever She fat up a quarter of an Hour. Soon after this She was carried to the Holy Well; and She had drank the Water, and applied it to the Sores but a fhort Time, before the Discharge was confiderably leffen'd thereby; and the Fætor entirely removed. The Matter, which before was thin and ichorous, grew thick and well condition'd ; She loft the hectic Symptoms; her Srength improved daily; and the Ulcer in the Groin was foon heal'd perfectly. The Thigh, which before was emaciated, recover'd its former Flesh and Firmness; but there being a Lodgement of Matter below the opening, Mr. Mountfort of Ledbury, a very ingenious Surgeon, was applied to, who open'd the Sinus downward its whole Length; and it is fince perfectlyheal'd, by the Application of the Water alone; but unhappily there

Floor

15

is ftill another transverse Sinus remaining, which runs down to the Head of the Thigh Bone; and lies fo deep that it cannot be laid open; otherwise there is Reason to believe, it would be healed; the Matter difcharged, being small in Quantity, and well digested : So that though there may perhaps be so that though

In Leprous and other Foulneffes of the Skin, thefe Waters ufed properly, and continued a due Time, have been found eminently ferviceable. Some Inftances have already been given, and amongft many other remarkable Cafes the following feem to deferve Notice.

A Clergyman of Staffordshire had been afflicted more than nine G 2 Years

Years with a Leprofy, fo bad as to deferve the Name of an Elephantiafis. He had been under the Care of feveral eminent Phyficians, by whole Directions he had taken various approved Medicines; had uled Llandrindod, Cheltenham, and Wellington Waters; and laftly had drank and bathed in the Sea Water at Brighthelmston; and all unfuccessfully. He last Year came to Malvern; and was then in fo deplorable a Condition that he could fcarcely walk; the Skin cracking upon every Motion of the Mufcles, and oozing out a filthy Sanies ; and every Night he left the Print of his Body on the Sheets. His Affairs would not permit him to continue at the Well more than feven Weeks ; but in that fhort Time, by Bathing in the Water of the Holy Well, and drinking largely of the fame, his Skin was made perfectly clean and fmooth Years 6 2

fmooth. His Complaints have indeed appear'd again fince, but in a very mild Degree. He told Me himfelf, that even under this Relapfe, He feels much more Eafe, than He has had for many Years before he ufed this Water. It feems reafonable to conclude, that as the Water had fo furprizing an Effect on fo fhort a Tryal, a longer Continuance might have wrought a perfect Cure.

Mr. John Ible, of the Parifh of Stockton in this County, had been afflicted with a dry furfuraceous Leprofy more than feven Years. This firft appear'd about the Knees and Elbows, but fpread by Degrees over the whole Body. Every Night, he left in his Bed two or three Handful of dry Scales, as large as those of a Carp. By drinking conftantly of the Holy Well Water, and bathing in it three or four Times in a Day Day, He was cured in feven Weeks. He vifited Malvern again the next Spring; (A. D. 1754) but rather out of Precaution than Neceffity : not having had any Return of his former Complaints. This Account I had from Mrs. Greene at whofe House he lodged.

Charles, Son of Mr. Samuel Yardley of Worcester, had had Leprous Eruptions from two Years of Age; which increased gradually upon him, and at last his Joints were fo much affected, that for two Years he could hardly walk or ftand. He was 12 Years old when he was taken to the Well; before which Time, he had been constantly attended by a skilful Surgeon without any Relief. He recover'd the Use of his Limbs in a few Weeks, and in a short Time was perfectly cured ; and has remain'd fo ever fince : which is now more

more than ten Years. This Account I had from his Father.

Mr. James George junior, Woolstapler, of Cripplegate, near this City, was, as he informs Me himfelf, feiz'd with Leprous Eruptions, after a Surfeit, which continued and increased upon him ten or twelve Years; notwithstanding he had tried Llandrindod and Bath Waters on the Spot, and used many other Methods which had been recommended to him. His whole Body was, he fays, covered with large round white Scabs, which fill'd his Bed with dry Scales every Night. - He rode from his own House to Malvern every Morning, where he drank of the Spring; bathed frequently, and brought home fome of the Water with him, in which He often dipt his Shirt and put it on wet; without receiving

any

any Cold by doing fo. His Difeafe was foon conquer'd, and his Skin has remain'd perfectly fmooth and clean ever fince; which is now nine Years.

Elizabeth Price, of Droitwich, Aged 56 had had a Leprofy feven Years, which cover'd her Arms, Legs, and Thighs ; and in all thefe Parts were many filthy Fiffures. The Difeafe firft arofe from her drinking cold Cyder when She was heated by violent Exercife. She obtain'd a Cure this Year in five Weeks Time ; by drinking and bathing in the Holy Well Water, and dreffing upon her wet Linnen. Her Skin is now perfectly fmooth.

The poor Woman of Powick, whole Cafe is related in Pag. 18 of the foregoing Treatife, having obtain'd a perfect Cure, parted with the

the Hutt, which had been erected for Her, to Job Farley, who had had Ulcers in both his Legs fixteen Years. One of his Legs being by the Use of this Water perfectly cured, and the other Sore fo much leffen'd that it gave him very little Uneafinefs, He quitted this Cottage in Favour of Mary Carwardine, who at prefent occupies it, who purchafed it on Account of a Son, who had had a Tinea Capitis, or Scall'd Head eight or nine Years, for which various Methods had been tried without any Benefit. The Boy was foon cured by the Water, and remains now at the Well an Instance of the Efficacy of this Spring.

A Son of the late Mr. Winnal of Hanley was cured of the fame Diforder, by this Water, when other Remedies had proved ineffectual. The fame Gentleman had alfo another Son, who was cured, in a fhort Time, of a violent Eruption on the Skin, fuppofed to be an inveterate Itch. Thefe Facts were related to Me by Mr. Winnal's Brother in Law, who had the Account from his own Mouth.

ary Loarwardine, who

The Efficacy of the Water in this latter Inftance, may perhaps be farther illuftrated by the following Obfervation, communicated to Me by Mr. Cam an eminent Surgeon in Hereford. He inform'd Me, on his own Knowledge, that Capt. Cocks, a Gentleman who formerly kept a large Pack of Hounds in this Neighbourhood, never ufed any other Means to cure the Mange in his Dogs, but dipping and wafhing them in the Holy Well Water.

The Effect of the Water in Schrophulous

Remedies had proved ineffectual

phulous Diforders and old Ulcers is no lefs furprizing.

one below and one above

William Rogers, aged 26, of the Parish of Cotheridge in this County, had been long afflicted with the King's Evil. This Difease was hereditary in his Family; many of his Anceftors and Relations having been affected with it : his Mother in particular died of it, under the Care of Mr. Fendal, a very noted Surgeon in Glocefter .--- This young Man had been attended by an experienced Surgeon for fome Time; but finding the Malady increase, He went to Malvern in the Year 1753, and continued there two Years; at the End of which, he return'd home perfectly cured, and has remain'd fo ever fince. --- When He first used the Water, He had feveral Ulcers which penetrated fo far, that when the Sloughs were caft off, the Bones H 2 Surgeon were

were in most places left bare. He had in particular one Sore in the Wrift; one below and one above the Elbow of the right Arm ; he had one under the Chin; one in each Hip; three in the right Thigh; and two in the left Leg. He drank, bathed and kept the Sores conftantly wet with the Water. At first the Ulcers were more painful, and then many of them difcharged large Efchars; after which they grew clean, and gradually fill'd up with Flefh. - I took this Account from his own Mouth, and examin'd the Scars which were very deep.

Whilft this Poor Man was at the Well, James Collins of the Parifh of Stone, Worcefterfhire, Nephew to Mrs. Mence, who keeps the Crown Inn in great Malvern, was brought to the fame Place, on Account of a Tumor in the Knee; which the Surgeon Surgeon, who had attended him, declared to be a white Swelling. When He firft came to Malvern, He was fearce able to ftand; but was foon cured by the ufual Methods. This Relation I had from William Rogers abovementioned, and it was confirmed to Me by Mrs. Mence.

Mr. Hopewell Hayward of Forthampton, Glocefteríhire, inform'd Me, that his eldeft Daughter had long had fchrophulous Swellings in the Glands of the Neck ; one of which having been injudicionfly open'd, could not afterwards be heal'd ; notwithftanding She was, for a confiderable Time, attended by a very able Surgeon. She receiv'd a radical Cure at the Holy Well in two Seafons : the Ulcer being perfectly heal'd, and the Indurations in the Glands refolved.

Similar

Similar to this is the Cafe of Margaret, Daughter to Mr. William Haynes, Currier, at Alcefter, aged nine Years. Who was this Year cured of Schrophulous Swellings and Ulcers in the Glands of the Neck.

Mrs. Sarah Davis, of Great Witley, in this County, had long been afflicted with Sores and Swellings in both Legs, attended with Pain. Whenever She used any Methods to repel this Defluxion, or to heal the Sores, She was immediately feiz'd with violent Pains in the Stomach and Bowels. The Water was fent to her from the Well, and She used it at Home last Year. She drank half a Pint, Night and Morning, and applied it constantly to her Legs: by which Method She obtained a perfect Cure of all her Complaints.

Similar

Mr.

Mr. Bright, an old Gentleman of Colwall, Herefordshire, when more than 70 Years of Age, had a putrid Ulcer broke out in his Leg; which · grew very foul, black and extremely fætid. A Surgeon of great eminence was fent to him, who thought the Cafe very dangerous, and that a Gangrene was to be fear'd. Notwithstanding this, the Perverseness of this old Man would not permit him to apply any thing to the Sore: He was however perfwaded to try Malvern Water, by which he was perfectly cured, and lived feveral Years'after. but all .vlieb Timor taken off ; but

The Rev. Mr. Boulter, Vicar of Kemfey, in this County, when a Boy at School in Malvern, receiv'd a violent hurt on the Shin Bone; which being neglected, formed a large and deep Ulcer. He tells me that it look'd quite black, and a MortifiMortification was apprehended; but was foon perfectly cured by the Malvern Water, without any other Application. I have feen the Leg; and from the Largeness of the Scar, and the Skin tucking down, apprehend that the Bone was bare.

A Tradefman of St. John's, near this City, receiv'd a violent Bruife on the middle Bone of the Fore-Finger; which being ill treated, became foul, and the Probe pass'd quite through the first Joint. He was in continual Pain, and grew worfe daily. He had been advis'd to have his Finger taken off; but being unwilling to fubmit to the Operation, he went to Malvern. He tells Me that He found almost immediate Eafe from the Ufe of the Water, which was the only Application he made to it after He came thither. The Ulcers grew clean and after Mortifiafter fome Time near half the Bone exfoliated, and the Finger was foon perfectly heal'd.

He farther told Me, that whilft he attended the Well, a labouring Man of the Parifh of Colwall came thither likewife for a fimilar Difeafe: He having a terrible Sore Leg with foul Bones, which originally proceeded from a Bruife. This Man receiv'd a perfect Cure from the Water.

Mr. Benjamin Holyoake, of Alcefter, in the County of Warwick, is now at the Well. He came there about a Month ago, on Account of a Schrophulous Swelling at the Elbow, which made the Joint ftiff. After he had wafhed the affected Part a few Days under the Spout, an Inflammation came on, which caufed a Suppuration. The Tumor I broke broke, and a large Quantity of curdy fteatomatous Matter was difcharged; in confequence of which he has acquired a confiderable Degree of Motion in the Joint.

Numberlefs are the Inftances I have receiv'd of the great Effects of this Water in the like Difeafes; but I have cautiously forbore inferting any but those which I have either feen myfelf, or have had confirm'd to Me by fuch undoubted Authorities, as I could not but give Credit to. The following may I believe be depended on ; but as I have not had an Opportunity to examine into the Facts myfelf, I shall barely infert the Names and Cafes as they were deliver'd to Me: all which are faid to be cured. Mr. Jones's Daughter of

Newland near Mal vern, King's Evil in the Arm,

Mr.

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Mr. Walker's Daughter ] of the Link,

Mary Stockall Widow, near Mr. Walker's, King's Evil in the Arm.

Elizabeth Lea, Mary Dee, by the Side of the Chace, of a large Sore in the Breaft,

fupposed to be Schrophulous,

John Lane, aged 24, had had Schrophulous Sores in the Leg 13 Years, and was cured in two Seafons, viz. Michaelmas 1753. and Spring 1754.

Mr. Jones's Daughter, of Leigh, Schrophulous Ulcer in the lower Jaw and foul Bone.

Richard Dance, of Malvern, Schrophulous Ulcers and foul Bones in the Elbow.

In three or four Cafes judged to be Cancerous, I have feen this Water of Service ; and the following Inftance is a remarkable Proof of the Efficacy of it in Diforders of that kind,

12

Mary

Mary Cuthers, a poor Woman of Tewkefbury, had had phagedænic or eating Ulcers in the Throat, Nofe and Cheek, near two Years. The Tonfils, Uvula, and Velum Palatinum were fo much eroded, that She could not fwallow any Liquid without throwing part of it through the Nofe. The internal Membranes of the Noftrils had fuffer'd much, and the Bones and Cartilages feem'd to be in Danger. The left Cheek was almost entirely deftroyed, and the Bones bare. The Situation and Appearance of the Ulcers, had made many Perfons fuspect the Cafe to be venereal; and it had been treated as fuch by fome whom She had applied to; but as those Methods had not the usual Success, but rather aggravated all the Symptoms, and as the Woman constantly perfisted in denying the Charge, the Difease may more likely

likely be prefumed to have been of a carcinomatous Nature. Her Affairs would not permit her to ftay at the Well more than three Months; but in that Time the Cheek was perfectly heal'd; and the Ulcers in the Nofe and Throat fo nearly cured, that She spoke articulately, and fwallow'd without Difficulty. She has perfifted in the Ufe of the Water at home ever fince, by which means She continues well, no Contplaint remaining but a Hoarsenes; and Weakness of the Voice occafion'd by the Lofs of Substance in the Organs of Vocification, which cannot be reftored though the Ulcers are heal'd.

The Efficacy of these Waters in external Sores, induced Mr. Pritchett of Burying-Town in the Parish of Martley in this County, to make Tryal of it for an internal one.— He

He had been afflicted with an Ulcer in the Bladder near three Years, and was much reduced by the Discharge and Pain, which was continual and fo exceffive, that He could not bear an erect Posture, but lay constantly in Bed or on a Couch ; and had not been upon his Feet for many Months. In a few Days after He began to drink the Malvern Water, his Pains were greatly abated ; and in a very fhort Time He was able to walk round his Garden. He continues the Use of the Water for his conftant and only drink, and feels now very little Uneafiness; but can walk a Mile or more without Inconvenience. This remarkable Hiftory was communicated to Me by this Gentleman's Nephew, the Rev. Mr. Pritchett of Knight-No.5 wick-The Rationale of this Cure appears obvious. For the Salts of the Blood being much diluted and walhed

washed away by this pure Water, the Urine is confequently render'd lefs pungent and acrimonious : befides which it may probably be indued with the Sanative Virtue of the Water.

In Difeases of the Eyes, it would be endless to enumerate even the Names of those who have receiv'd Benefit from this Spring.

A very fenfible old Gentleman (the late Mr. Hawling of Tewkesbury) who had in his Youth been cured of a Diforder in his Eyes at this Spring, and had for more than 60 Years obferv'd the Effects of it in others, used to declare, that had He collected the Cures which he had known performed by it, He could have fill'd a very large Folio.

Thomas Rastal, a Weaver of this City

City, gave Me the following Account of his Cafe. He had from his Birth been fubject to Schrophulous Tumors and Sores in feveral Parts of his Body, and in particular he had three deep Ulcers in the Glands of the Neck. The Difcharge from these was suddenly stopt, by an ignorant Pretender to Surgery, and foon after this He was feiz'd with a violent Inflammation in the Eyes and Eyelids, which fo entirely closed them up, that he did not fee the Light for 3 or 4 Months. He was then about the Age of 26. He fays he had tried feveral Things; and at length had the Advice of a Phyfician, who thought his Cafe desperate ; but as the last Resource advised him to try the Malvern Water. He was led every Morning to the Holy Well; where he drank and bathed. He very foon could open his Eyes; and in five Weeks Time

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Time had recover'd his Sight perfectly. Notwithstanding this, He prudently continued the Use of the Water three Months longer; and has drank it for some Weeks every Year since : which has had so good an Effect, that his Eyes have never been diforder'd; nor has He set any Schrophulous Complaints ever fince He first tried it; which is now more than 30 Years.

A Lady of Quality had been feveral Months fubject to a violent Inflammation of the right Eye and Eyelid; which, though fometimes removed for a Day or two, always return'd with frefh Violence upon the flighteft Occafion. She had applied to feveral of the moft eminent Phyficians and Surgeons both in London and the Country; from whom She had found very little Benefit; at leaft none that was per-K manent manent. She was laft Year perfwaded to try Malvern Water, by which the Inflammation was entirely carried off, and has never return'd fince; and fo well perfwaded is She of the Benefit She has receiv'd from it, that the Water has been conftantly fent to London all the Winter for her Ufe.

Whether the Water of the Holy Well might not be of great Ufe in Confumptive Cafes, muft be left to future Experience. The Succefs it has in Glandular Difeafes, and Ulcers, its great Purity, and the mineral Spirit it is impregnated with make this very probable. And this Conjecture is much ftrengthned by confidering the Effect it had in the Cafes recited in Page 2, and 4

In all the Cafes where Chalybeat Waters are ufually given, the Spring near

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near the Village of Great Malvern has been long drank, and with Succefs; notwithftanding that before the prefent Year, the Well was in a very ruinous Condition, and the Water foul and exposed to the Influence of the Air; by which it must have been render'd vapid, and

muft have been render'd vapid, and have loft a great Part of its Virtue. From its extreme Lightnefs and Purity it fits eafy and paffes well off the Stomach, and is not apt to heat the Blood or affect the Head fo much as most other Waters of this kind ufually do. Hence it has often been found eminently ferviceable in Cafes where the common Chalybeat Springs would be prejudicial or at leaft of little Ufe.

A very worthy Clergyman of Fashion and Fortune in this County affured Me, that by its Use He recover'd his Health in a very short K 2 Time

Time, when He was reduced very low by a long Fever, and judged to be confumptive, not by his Friends only, but the Phyficians also who attended him. - And this Seafon, I have had the Pleafure to fee it fucceed even beyond my most fanguine Expectations, in a young Gentleman, who had for fome Years been fubject to a flow Fever, attended with profuse Sweats, and lately with inceffant and violent Pains in the Bowels. --- By thefe Complaints He was brought almost to the Brink of the Grave : but has been wonderfully reftored by drinking this Chalybeat Water; from which He has found fo much Benefit in a very fhort Time, that He is now in a better State of Health than He has been for fome Years.

A young Lady of Diffinction, who had long loft her Appetite, was fubject fubject to violent Pains in the Stomach and vomiting of Blood, and was emaciated and enervated to the laft Degree has lately drank this Water with very great Advantage : for her Appetite is return'd, the Pain in the Stomach is remov'd; She has recover'd her Spirits and in a great Meafure her Strength alfo; her Complexion is much mended; and She recovers her Flefh daily; fo that there is the greateft Probability of her perfect Recovery.

The Veracity of the Facts here related may be depended on; and I believe they will be fufficient to convince any unprejudiced Perfon of the Efficacy of thefe Waters: more efpecially, as in the Inftances here given the Waters alone were trufted to without any Helps from the Shop. Indeed I have not often found it requifite to give many Medicines dicines along with them. Some Circumftances and fome Conftitutions may indeed occafionally require Affiftance from Pharmacy, and in that Cafe the Operation of Medicines muft be very greatly affifted by being administred along with fo pure a Vehicle as this Water is. But in general I think a Courfe of Mineral Waters ought as little as poffible to be broke in upon by the Shop Compositions ; which oftentimes may rather obstruct than promote a Cure.

Though these Waters have proved of so much Service in many very obstinate Disorders, they must not be expected to cure all. Yet let not this injure their Reputation; and do not, as is too much the Custom on the like Occasions, cry them up at first as good for every Thing, and when they are not found found to come up to that Character (as nothing either in Art or Nature ever will) do not be fo unreafonably prejudiced as to imagine them good for nothing.

I cannot close this Paper without defiring those who expect to find Relief from these falutary Springs to confider, that though They do perform Wonders, they cannot work Miracles. In inveterate and chronical Difeases, Patience and Perseverance are abfolutely necessary : for a great Length of Time, and a steady Pursuit of proper Remedies are required in Order to effect a total Change in the Fluids, and restore a due Tone to the Solids; without both which a perfect Cure is not to be expected. Those therefore who unreasonably flatter themfelves with the Hopes of regaining and establishing their Health by using

uling these Waters a short Time, will most frequently be disappointed; and They who leave them off as soon as they begin to feel some Amendment, must not be surprized at a Relapse.

WORCESTER,

June 28th, 1757.

# J. WALL.

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AllasH indi their Health

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## P. S. July 30th 1757.

S Ince the foregoing Sheets were printed off, the Woman, who lives in the Hut by the Holy Well, has fhewn a Tea Kettle which has a thick Incruftation on the Infide. This She at first afferted to have been produced by the Water of that Spring ; but upon farther Enquiry the whole appears to have been an Imposition, and therefore deferves little Notice ; the Veffel being old when She bought it, and, in all Probability, having been ufed very improperly fince it came into her Hands.

Upon examining this Incrustation it was observed to be formed of several Lamina of different Colours, and therefore was probably produced by the Waters of different Springs. L The

The Kettle being fent to Mr. Millington, in Worcester, to be repair'd, the Bottom of it was found to have no Incrustation on it, but only a light yellowish Tinge with some fmall inequalities here and there, which feem'd to have been the Remains of some former Coat, which probably had been abraded by the Action of the Holy Well Water, fince the Veffel was in this Woman's Poffeffion. The remaining Coat adhered to loofely to the Sides of the Kettle, that it was immediately and entirely separated from them, by a few flight Strokes on the Outfide with a thin Piece of Lead. The Matter was found to be extremely friable, breaking betwixt the Fingers into a Powder refembling Free-Stone; the Cohæsion of the Parts probably having been in a great Meafure diffolved by the Action of the Water: for in the natural State the Braziers

(77)

Braziers usually find it very difficult to feparate Incrustations; and a Trial being made at the fame Time, with the fame Piece of Lead, on another Tea Kettle which had not been used with Malvern Water, the Crusts were not in the least affected by it.

At the Time when the former part of this Appendix was written, the poor Boy mention'd in Pag. 38 continued well, but I am juft now inform'd, that he has lately had the Meafles, and fince that fome frefh Leprous Eruptions have appear'd on one Side. The Boy is one of the Parifh Poor, on the Borders of Wales, almost ftarved in this Time of Scarcity, and without Neceffaries for Cleanlinefs, both which must greatly contribute to produce cutaneous Difeafes.

## ERRATA:

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P. 33. l. 20. for Emption, r. Eruption. P. 68. l. 20. for 63 and 66, r. 39 and 43.

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