The trial of Mrs. Branch, and her daughter, for the murder of Jane Buttersworth, before the Hon. Mr. Justice Chapple, at Somerset Assizes, March 31, 1740. With a just account of the prisoners behaviour at their trial; at, and after sentence; and at the place of execution / [Elizabeth Branch].

Contributors

Branch, Elizabeth.

Publication/Creation

London : Printed for J. Leake, Bath, [1740]

Persistent URL

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OF Mrs. BRANCH, AND Her DAUGHTER,

THE

For the MURDER of mo

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JANE BUTTERSWORTH,

BEFORE THE Hon. Mr. Justice Chapple,

AT

Somerset Affizes, March 31, 1740.

With a PREFACE,

Containing an exact Account, taken from the Perfons who faw the LIGHTS in Hemington Church-Yard, the Night before the Corpfe was taken up, and the true Motives for taking up the Corpfe,

To which are added,

True Copies of fome very material INFORMATIONS, taken before Joseph Houlton, and Robert Smith, Efqrs. Juffices of the Peace.

WITH

at, and after Sentence; and at the Place of Execution.

LONDON:

Printed for JAMESLEAKE, Bookfeller at Bath; and Sold by J. ROBERTS in Warwick-Lane, and A. DODD without Temple-Bar. [Price Six-Pence.]



THE

PREFACE.

THE Publick would have been fooner oblig'd with this, according to my Advertisement, but from some unforeseen Accidents that have interven'd: And another Account of this Trial having fince appear'd in Print, stuffed with so many gross Mistakes and false Representations of the most material Facts, makes the Publication of this the more necessary now, to set this Matter in a true and just Light.

Mrs. Branch was born at Briftol, of boneft industrious Parents: Her Father's Name was Parry, who was bred a Surgeon, and after some Time, using the Seas in his Profession, quitted that and became Master of a Ship, and in that Way acquir'd a handsome Fortune with a good Character, and gave his Daughter a sober and religious Education, and near 2000 1. with her in Marriage to Mr. Benjamin Branch an Attorney. Their Lives were not the most Happy, and his Death not without some A 2 Imputations

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Imputations and strong Circumstances of Poison from her.

She had long labour'd under the Character of a most cruel Mistres, and her Daughter, under her Education and Example, imbib'd too much of her savage Disposition, from whence the good-natur'd Part of Mankind were inclin'd to hope she might have been pardon'd; and that this Check, if the had found Mercy, would have prov'd a Cure for the Prejudices the had receiv'd from her unhappy bringing up; and some of her most material Prosecutors offer'd her Friend, who was to intercede for her, to join in a Petition for that Purpose; and it is believ'd every one that was concern'd in the Profecution would have done the same, if asked, their Profecution proceeding merely from a just Abborrence of so cruel a Murder, and not from any personal Malice, as the Prisoners on their Trial infinuated.

Their cruel Usage of their Servants render'd it difficult for them to get any among their Acquaintance, and the unhappy Girl, for whom they suffer'a, was decoy'd into their Service by John Lawrence, one of their Witness, from Briftol, and made to believe (tho' untrue) that

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she was apprenticed to Mrs. Branch, that she might be the stronger confined to undergoe their Cruelties, which she often declared she would not have done but for that Belief, and having no Friends to fly to for Redress.

The Lights seen the Evening before the Body of the deceased was taken up, having made some Noise in the World, it may be expected some Notice should be taken of them.

John Clarke, a Butcher of Mells, faith, that as he was going to Hemington, Shrove Tuesday Evening, between Seven and Eight o'Clock, when he came near a Houfe, called Dover-Caftle, on the Hill above Hemington, he observed a Light ascend to a great Height, like a Sky-Rocket, and seem'd by his Guess to arife from Hemington Church-yard, and coming nearer the Brow of the Hill he obferved a fecond, and going down the Hill be faw a third, and all burft with Reports like Sky-Rockets, and he imagined they had been really such; and being pretty near when he face the last, says, that it seem'd to be fired from Hemington Tower; and having been 30 Tears at Sea, is well acquainted with fuch Fire-Works, and was pleased to See the Country People perform (o expertly as they appeared to him; and so he expressed him [elf

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bimself to the Family of Mr. Hill, the Rector of that Parish (Mr. Hill being then abroad) who, to his great Surprize, told bim that no such Things had ever been play'd off there.

Richard Hawkins, Mr. Hill's Servant, faith, that as he was going to Bed, between Eight and Nine o'Clock the fame Evening, his Chamber Window looking towards, and being very near the Church-yard, he faw a Light, (like that of a Candle of Six to the Pound) rife up from Jane Butterfworth's Grave, which after resting there some little Time moved to the Church Porch, and thence back to the Grave, and then disappeared.

But the true Caufe of the taking up the Corpfe sprang from the Enquiry Mrs. Branch made of the Sexton, how deep he had made the Grave, and if he had covered it in well, which made such an Impression on a Person that happened to be present, that he could not be easy till he had put it in Execution.

Some Expressions Anne James bad dropt of the unhappy Girl's Death, and the wellknown cruel Temper of Mrs. Branch were also great Inducements.

The PREFACE. v

The Truth will be strictly pursued in what is here offer'd, and no material Occurrence in the Trial omitted, without troubling the Reader with any Remark on the many Falsities in what has been already published on this Occasion; excepting the Author's Impudence in forging and foisting into his scandalous Pamphlet a Letter from Betty Branch to Mr. Hill, who utterly denies the Receipt of any Letter from her, on this or any other Subject.

THE

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TRYAL

OF

Mrs. Elizabeth Branch,

AND

Betty Branch, her Daughter.

T being publickly known that Mrs. Branch had brought a large Sum of Money to the Affizes, and fufpected that fome of it had been offered to fome of the Travers Jury, the Court was moved that the Nisi Prius Pannel might be called over, and a Jury taken from thence; but the Motion was denied, as not having been practifed. After fome Challenges a Jury was fworn, and the Prifoners tried on the following Indictment, viz.

Somerset.

The Jurors for our Sovereign Lord the King, upon their Oath do prefent, That Elizabeth Branch, late of the Parish of Hemington, Widow, and Betty Branch of the fame, fingle Woman, not having the Fear of God before their Eyes, but being moved and feduced by the Instigation of the Devil, on the 13th Day of February, in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord, George the Second, by the Grace of God,

of

of Great Britain, France, and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, and fo forth, with Force and Arms, at Hemington aforefaid, in the County aforefaid, in and upon one Jane Bettersworth, otherwise Buttersworth, in the Peace of GoD, and our faid Lord the King, then and there being, then and there felonioufly, voluntarily, and of their Malice afore-thought, did make an Affault; and the faid Elizabeth Branch and Betty Branch, with certain Sticks of no Value, which the faid Elizabeth Branch and Betty Branch in. their Hands, then and there had and held, the faid Jane Bettersworth, otherwise Buttersworth, in and upon the Left Side of the Head, and the fore Part of the Head of her the faid Jane Bettersworth, otherwise Buttersworth, then and there felonioufly, voluntarily, and of their Malice afore-thought, did ftrike; and the faid Elizabeth Branch and Betty Branch, with the Sticks aforefaid, to the faid Jane Bettersworth, otherwise Buttersworth, in and upon the Left Side of the Head, and the fore Part of the Head of her the faid Jane Betterfworth, otherwife Butterfworth, feveral mortal Blows and Bruifes, of the Length of half an Inch, of the Breadth of one Inch, and of the Depth of one Inch, then and there felonioufly, voluntarily, and of their Malice afore-thought, did give, of which faid mortal Blows and Bruifes the faid Jane Bettersworth, otherwise Buttersworth, at the Parish of Hemington, in the faid County, then and there did languish, by the Space of ten Hours, and of the mortal Blows and Bruifes aforefaid, then and there died. And fo the Jurors aforefaid do fay on their faid Oath, That the faid Elizabeth Branch and Betty Branch, the faid Jane Betterfworth, otherwie

otherwife Butterfworth, the faid thirteenth Day of February, in the Thirteenth Year aforefaid, with Force and Arms, at Hemington aforefaid, in the faid County, in Manner and Form aforefaid, then and there felonioufly, voluntarily, and of their Malice afore-thought, did kill and murther, againft the Peace of our faid Lord the King, his Crown and Dignity.

HAWKINS.

The first Witness for the King was Ann James, whose Evidence cannot be more justly stated than by her Information given before a very worthy Magistrate.

Somersetshire. The Information of Ann James, Servant to Mrs. Elizabeth Branch, in the Parish of Hemington, in this County, taken upon her Oath before Joseph Houlton, Esq; one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace for this County, this 26th Day of February, 1739.

Who, upon her Oath, faith, That fhe came to live with Mrs. Elizabeth Branch, at High Church in the Parish of Hemington, in this County, about Michaelmas last, where she lived together with Jane Butterfworth (who, as she has been informed, was an Apprentice to Mrs. Branch untill the 13th of this Instant February, the time of her Decease;) and that during all that Time according to the beft of this Informant's Judgment and Obfervation, the faid Jane Buttersworth behaved herself in an orderly civil Manner, always ready to the beft of her Ability and Strength to obey her Miftreffes Commands; and that the apprehends the faid Mrs. Elizabeth Branch, and her Daughter Elizabeth Branch, to be very paffionate People, and have feen them beat the faid Butterfworth B 2 feveral

feveral Times upon very flight Occafions. That upon Tuefday the 12th Day of this Inft. February, about Eight o'Clock in the Evening, her Mistrefs Elizabeth Branch the Elder, sent the faid Jane Butterfworth to Faulkland, a Village about half a Mile distant from the House, to one Anthony Budd, to setch Bran; upon her Return she told her Mistrefs they had no Bran.

And further faith, That Wednesday the thirteenth Day of this Instant February, about eight or nine in the Morning, William Budd, Son of the faid Anth. Budd, came to their House to work, when this Informant asked him why he did not fend the Bran laft Night; to which he answered, No Body came for any; whereupon this Informant and Elizabeth Branch the Daughter, asked the faid Jane Butterfworth whither fhe had been for the Bran or not the Night before, to which the anfwered she had; upon which the faid Elizabeth the Daughter grew angry, and ordered this Informant to go to Faulkland, to Anthony Budd's, and fetch the Bran, faying then the fhould know the Truth ; but before the went commanded her to get fome Withy Twigs from a Tree near the Houfe, which fhe did, and deliver'd her a fmall Handful, then went to Faulkland, (which was about Nine o'Clock) and was told by Margaret, Anthony Budd's Wife, that Jane Butter foorth had not been there the Evening before for Bran. That upon this Informant's Return fhe found the faid Elizabeth Branch the Daughter, and the faid Jane Butterfworth, in the Sheep-House, fuckling the Calves; and that before the fpoke to either of them, the perceived a Wound in one of Butterfoorth's Arms, a little below the Elbow, and a great deal of Blood run from thence down her Arm and hand; Elizabeth Branch the Daughter asked her whither the Girl (meaning the faid Butterfworth) had been for the Bran, or not; this Informant

Informant answering No, faid to the Girl, You defired me to tarry till the Maid came back, when I should know the Truth, but now you shall have it thoroughly; and immediately beat her with her Fift about the Head, and pinch'd and pull'd her Ears; but fhe this Informant did not perceive any Blood about her Head at that Time. They all three went from thence into the Kitchen, where she this Informant faw two Rods lying in the Window, made out of the Witheys fhe had gather'd as aforefaid; and that then Elizabeth Branch the Mother came down Stairs, and fhe and her Daughter took each a Rod, the Daughter faying to the faid Jane Butterfworth, I will not lay my Hands on thee more for one twelve Months, for now I will make thee better or will make thee worfe; then the faid Elizabeth the Mother bid this Informant lay the Girl down on the Floor, which fhe refused, faying 'twas better for them to fend the Girl from whence she came, than so often to beat her; whereon the faid Elizabeth Branch the Mother, and Elizabeth the Daughter, flung her upon her Face upon the Floor, the Girl begging to be fpared and promifing Amendment; Elizabeth the Daughter then kneel'd upon her Neck to keep her down, and both whipp'd her upon her Skin for a confiderable Time, till fhe run with Blood; then Elizabeth the Daughter took off one of the Girl's Shoes, and beat her about the Breech and Hips with the Heel thereof, keeping her with her Knee on the Ground, and Elizabeth the Mother whipping her all the while.

This Informant further faith, that fhe defired them to forbear and let the Child alone, to which *Elizabetb* the Mother anfwered her, 'tis not your Bufinefs; but they did let her get up, and the Daughter kick'd her feveral Times; they then, both Mother and Daughter, took each a Stick that was at hand, and beat the faid *Jane Butterf*coorth

worth very much about the Head and Shoulders in the fame Kitchen, from whence fhe run, endeavouring to efcape them, thro' the Hall into the Parlour, but they followed, beating her with the faid Sticks back into the Kitchen, when this Informant perceived the Blood running very faft from the Fore-part of her Head down upon her Shoulder, but did not perceive any Blood about her Head until they beat her with the two Sticks; then Elizabeth Branch the Mother bid this Informant fetch a Pail of Water, which she did, and bid the Girl wash the Blood off from her Head, Face and Arm, which she made some Attempt to do, putting her Hand into the Water, and lifting them towards her Head could not do it; but let them fall as this Informant apprehends, for want of Strength, faying to Elizabeth the Daughter, Mifs I cannot do it, and alter'd very much in her Speech and Countenance, looking pale and faint; whereupon they order'd this Informant to wash her: She did wash the Sleeve of her Shift and Gown, but that the Blood was then running from her Head upon her Shoulder; when Elizabeth the Daughter directed the faid Jane Buttersworth into a Court just without the faid Kitchen Door, and bid her fcower a Kettle, to which the answered, yes Miss, and endeavour'd to go, holding her Head upon one Shoulder, and went out of the Door in a reeling Pofture, and put her Hands into the faid Kettle, but could not cleanfe it, which the faid Elizabeth the Daughter perceiving from the Kitchen Window, bid this Informant call her in again, and then both Elizabeth the Mother and the Daughter bid this Informant fend her to dust out the Hall and Parlour: She gave her a Brush, and the faid Butterfworth went into the Parlour leaning her Head to one Shoulder, and Groaning very much; foon after they ordered this Informant to

go and fee what fhe was doing, fhe found her in the Parlour leaning against the Wall with her Head upon her Hand, and upon her defiring her to make Haste, she reply'd, crying Oh! Ann, my Head is as giddy as a Goofe, and endeavour'd to fweep the Room, but could not, and feem'd to keep herfelf up from Falling, by leaning on the Handle of the Brush; upon her Return she told them the Girl was fweeping the Room, but was very bad, to which Elizabeth Branch the Mother reply'd, hang her fhe was cunning enough, and bid this Informant go to her again, and tell her if she did not make Haste, Miss would come and beat her again, for they wanted to go out; upon this Informant going again fhe found her in the Hall leaning against a large Tub, and upon her fpeaking to her, fhe reply'd, wringing her Hands, Oh! Ann, Ann, my Head is as giddy as a Goofe, and endeavouring to walk, reel'd away and fell against the Partition or Side of the Room; this Informant returning told them, the Girl was very bad and not able to ftand; upon which they bid her fetch her down (the Hall and Parlour being about three Steps up from the Kitchen) upon returning into the Hall she found the faid Buttersworth leaning in the fame Posture, and groaning very much, but did not speak, she led her down, but when the came to the Steps the reel'd against this Informant out of the Kitchen Door (which was near the faid Steps) into the Court, where endeavouring to go, fhe turn'd round about leaning her Head on one Shoulder, and groaning very much : The faid Elizabeth the Mother, and Elizabeth the Daughter came into the Court, and the Daughter faid to the Girl I will cool thee, you was too hot just now, and took about half a Pail of cold Water, and threw it on her Head and Neck, after which they took her into the

the Brew-houfe, which is crofs the faid little Court, and bid her dust out the Room over-head, upon which the Girl defired this Informant to help her up for she could not go herfelf; when they came up into the Room, the Girl lean'd upon her Hands in the Window with her Head upon one Shoulder, and groan'd very much, but did not then fpeak ; this Informant returning told them, that fhe believed the Girl was not able to fweep the Room, whereupon the faid Elizabeth Branch the Mother went up and beat her very much, faying, I will make thee dust the Room, or I will break thy Neck down Stairs, upon which the Girl answer'd, I will, Madam; and upon her coming down she bid this Informant go to the Girl, and make her go to Faulkland for Hops, but when the came to fpeak to her the was funk down upon her Breech on the Floor, and anfwer'd, I know the Way, and feem'd much alter'd in her Voice and Looks, which this Informant told the faid Elizabeth Branch the Mother, that she apprehended the Girl had lost her Senfes, to which the answer'd as before, the was cunning enough, do you make her come down and wash the Difhes; fhe found her in the fame Pofture, and told her what her Miftrefs faid, upon which fhe answer'd in a very low Voice, I can't come down, upon which this Informant took her in her Arms, and brought her down into the Brewhouse, and set her down by the Fire-Place, whither the Daughter brought a Pail of Water, and put by her, and bid her wash the Dishes, who answer'd in a low inward Speech, I will Mifs, upon which Elizabeth the Daughter, in the Prefence of the Mother, bid this Informant fetch fome Salt, which she did about half a handful, and put it in the Window, the Daughter took the Salt in her Hand, and threatened the Girl, if she did not make Haste and wash the Dishes, she would

would falt her Breech for her, and make her hot again, to which the antwer'd as before, looking very ftrange with her Eyes, and groaning, I will Mifs, but made no Attempt to do it, not (as the Informant verily believes) being able to do it, nor to ftand if the had been fet upon her Feet; whereupon the faid *Elizabeth Branch* the Daughter, in the Prefence of the Mother, laid her down upon one Side, and rub'd her Breech, bloody as before with the Whipping, with the Salt, which the Girl took no other Notice of than to fay in a a low muffling Manner, I will Mifs; after which they bid this Informant give the Girl fome Bread and Cheefe, the put fome into her Hands, but did

not fee her offer to put it to her Mouth : But fhe the faid *Jane Butterfworth* put both her Hands upon her Head and groan'd very much, but did not fpeak, nor feem'd to take any Notice of any Body, whereupon the Mother and Daughter bid this Informant make what Hafte fhe could back.—

And further faith, that upon her coming back into the Kitchen; she found both the Mother and Daughter by the Fire, and the Girl lying upon the Floor before the Fire, and that the Cap that she had upon her Head, when she left her in the Brew-house, and was then very bloody was taken off, and a clean one put on; but that the Blood had run thro' that likewife; they told this Informant the Girl was very bad, whereupon she fpoke to her, and called her by her Name; but fhe making no Anfwer, nor fhewing any Sign of Life, she faid to her Mistress, the Girl is dead, she reply'd, she is not, for I gave her a Dram just now, and defired this Informant to carry her up Stairs to Bed, she reply'd she could not, the Daughter then offer'd to help her, they carried her up between them, and put her into Bed; when this Informant put her Hand to her Mouth,

done

and

and faith, that fhe believes there was a little Life remaining in her, and that Elizabeth Branch the Mother put her Finger into her Mouth, and faid fhe would come to herfelf again; this was about Six o' Clock in the Evening : This Informant then was fent to Faulkland for Wine, and return'd about Eight, and went into the Room where the faid Jane Butterfworth lay and found the was dead, and meeting Elizabeth the Mother, fhe asked this Informant how the Wench did, who told her fhe was dead, whereupon fhe call'd her Welch Bitch, and that fhe faid fo to excuse herfelf from lying with her, but foon after the perfuaded this Informant to lye in the Bed with the Girl, otherwife fhe should have no Body to be within Call in the Night.

And further faith, that she did lye down in her Clothes, about 11 o'Clock, on one Side of the same Bed where the Corpse lay, and continued there till five next Morning, but never touch'd the Body.

This Informant further faith, that Thursday the 14th, after she had put her Mistress and Daughter into Bed, she told her that she and one William Budd must go and take measure of the Corpse for a Cossin, but caution'd her not to pull the Clothes off for Budd to see it, for she had many Bruises about the Body; that she might fling back the top Clothes and take the Measure upon the Sheet. And that when she and Budd were in the Room, the Sheet was turned back with the other Clothes enough for them to see one Leg and one Arm, which was very black and much bruis'd.

Further faith, that Friday the 15th after Dinner, Elizabeth the Mother in her own Bed Room order'd this Informant to warm fome Lye to wash the Corpse, and asked her whether she had ever done

((10))

done fuch a thing; upon her answering No, the reply'd we must do this ourselves, because she has a great many Bruifes about her, and we muft not fhew them, whereupon this Informant, the Mother and the Daughter went into the Room where the Corpfe lay, and this Informant wash'd it as well as fhe could without pulling off the Shift or Cap; that there was a great deal of Blood upon the Arm and Neck, and the Sleeve of the Shift, and the Side of the Face; that this Informant perceived another Wound on the other Leg and Arm that the and William Budd did not fee when they meafured the Corple for the Coffin as before, and that there was a great deal of Blood upon the Cap.

And this Informant further faith, that upon the Sunday Morning next after, she, together with Elizabeth the Mother, and Elizabeth Branch the Daughter, and one John Lawrence, went to put the Corpfe into the Coffin, when the faid Elizabeth the Mother, flinging the Clothes from off the Corpfe, immediately flung the Shroud over it, and bid this Informant put her Hands under the faid Shroud and cut the Shift down the Body and Sleeves with a Sciffar, and then the faid Elizabeth the Mother, tyed the Shroud on the hinder-part of the Neck, and pulled off the Cap from the Head, and put on the Shroud-Cap, then flipped the Shift from under the Corpfe, which was very Bloody, as well as the Cap; that they did not turn up the Corpfe, but this Informant perceived the fore-part of the Top of the Head was very Bloody, and that the Forehead was very Red, and that the faid Elizabeth the Mother, order'd this Informant to tye a black String very low upon the Shroud-Cap over the Forehead, that the faid Rednefs might not be feen; and then fhe this Informant, and the faid John Lawrence put the Corpfe into the C 2 Coffin

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Coffin, and that after the carry'd, by Order of *Elizabeth Branch* the Daughter, the Bloody Shift, Cap, and Handkerchief, into a Room called the Apple-Room, where the faid Daughter lock'd them up; that the Corps was buried the Evening of the fame Day, and further faith not.

(12)

Sworn the above mentioned, the 26th Day of February, 1739, before me,

Jos. HOULTON.

her Ann 🗆 James Mark

Several Gentlemen look'd over this Information, whilft Ann James was giving her Evidence at the Trial, and all agreed there was not the leaft material Variation.

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Ann James on being crofs-examin'd by the Prifoners Council, denied that her Miftrefs ever threatned to turn her away for beating the Girl, and being afked why fhe had not prevented her Miftreffes from carrying on their Cruelties to the Girl, faid, fhe often interpos'd, put herfelf between them, and beg'd them to ceafe; and was often by them called curfed Welch Bitch, told fhe was a Servant, and they her Miftreffes, and bad to Mind her own Bufinefs, and not interrupt them; and being ask'd, whether fhe did not deny before the Coroner and Jury, that her Miftreffes had beat or kill'd the Girl, faid, fhe never did deny it.

Francis Coombes, the Clerk and Sexton of Hemington, deposed, that Friday Morning and not before, William Budd came to him from Mrs. Branch, and bad him toll the Bell, tho' the Girl died the Wednefday before, and that it is usual to toll the Bell for Persons dying in that Parish, immediately if in the Day time, or early next Morning, when they dye in the Night.

That Sunday Evening, after the Corpfe was interr'd, Mrs. Branch asked him how deep he had buried it, who anfwer'd fomething more than a Yard; fhe faid, that was not deep enough; he faid it was deeper than he ufually buried there, that he had digg'd into the Rock; then fhe ask'd him if he had cover'd it in well, he anfwered he had.

Robert Carver and John Marchant depos'd, that there being a Rumour that the Deceased was murder'd, they got the Key of the Church under a Pretence of ringing Alb-Wednesday Evening, about Nine

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Nine o'Clock, they, with fome others, took up the Corpfe, carried it into the Church, and open'd the Coffin, which they did with great Difficulty, it being fastened with several large Nails; but before they took off the Lid sent for Mary Vigor, Betty Marchant, and other Women to inspect the Body, intending, if no Marks of Violence appeared upon it to put it down again, and fay nothing of it. When the Women came the Men withdrew to the other End of the Church.

Mary Vigor and Betty Marchant depos'd, that they found the Body greatly bruis'd and wounded, and thought it came by a violent Death.

Then Carver and Marchant depos'd, that they put the Lid on the Coffin, lock'd up the Corpfe in the Church, and carried the Key to John Cradock, the Church-Warden, and that next Morning Carver, with other Parishioners, and the Constable, took up the Prisoners.

John Marchant depos'd, that when he took up Mrs. Branch and her Daughter, he asked Mrs. Branch, who laid out the Corpfe? She anfwer'd, ourfelves; then ask'd her, why fhe had not fent for Women as ufual? fhe faid fhe liv'd by bad Neighbours, and nobody would come; then ask'd her if fhe faw no Wounds on the Body? She anfwer'd, No.

Doctor Salmon depos'd, that he went with the Coroner and fome of the Jury, and faw and examined the Body twice, obferved a violent Bruife on the Os Frontis, which he felt, and it was foft to the Touch without any Refiftance, both Tables of the Skull broken, a Wound a little above the Temple Bone; and faw the Coroner handle

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it, who faid he had before put his Instrument into it, and believ'd that to be the most dangerous, and faw another Wound above the Coronal Suture, which he did not think fo bad as the others, and having observed the Bruise and the other Wound, both which he judged mortal, did not curiously observe the latter. Also obferved in the Region of the Loins a large Contufion, into which he faw a Man put his Thumb, and turn it about, and look'd upon that to be a dangerous Wound, and very difficult to have been cured .- Observed her Fingers on one Hand with the true Skin beat off, fo that he faw the Flexor Muscles and Tendons bare, the Anguish whereof, with the other Wounds, he thinks might have been mortal; her Back, Arms, Thighs, and Legs very greatly bruifed, fcarce any Part but the Breaft and Belly free, and in general appeared to have been to barbaroufly and inhumanly used, that it was enough to have killed the ftouteft Man. - That he apprehends there must have been a vaft Effusion of Blood from the Appearance of fome of the Wounds being pale and of a Cherry Colour; and that they must be given, when the Blood was low, for Wounds given in a Plethorick State will be livid and blackifh. That the Wounds must be given in Life, and whilft the Blood was in its Courfe of Circulation, for when that is ended no Wound or Bruife will make any Alteration of Colour in the Flefh,

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Mr. Richard Ames, and Mr. James Grant, who were of the Jury on the Coroner's Inquest, deposed they faw the Wounds and Bruises, and that they put their Fingers near an Inch deep into the Wound above the Coronal Suture.

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Mr. William Palmer deposed, that Mrs. Branch fent for his Father-in-Law Mr. Harris, a Surgeon and Apothecary of Bradford, to infpect the Body on her Behalf, or if he (being aged) declined coming, to recommend fome other Perfon, who fent Mr. Palmer the Witnefs, who was bred under him, and when Mr. Palmer came, he asked her how fhe thought the Girl might come by her Death, and whether they did not beat her; both Prifoners owned they did beat her, and faid if fhe had any Wound in the Head, it must be by a Fall with a Pail of Water, as the came into the Kitchen with her Head between the Durn of the Door and the Pail, and the Pail cut her Head, but owned they could not prove it, nobody being then in the Houfe, but themfelves .- That Mrs. Branch further faid to him, the Neighbours had taken up the Body, and she believed had Malice enough to make the Wounds upon the Head fince, to which the Witness answer'd, it would be eafily difcover'd, whether the Wounds were given in Life, or after Death; but if he was to view the Body he fhould be obliged to fpeak the Truth, as it should appear to him without Favour; and that if he went to the Affizes he should expect to be paid for his Journey, upon which fhe told him, fhe would not have him fee the Body, paid him a Guinea for coming to her, and difinified him.

Mrs. Branch crofs-examined him, if he was not told before the difmitted him, that the Jury upon the Coroner's Inqueft had brought in their Verdict Wilful Murder, Mr. Palmer answer'd that he was fo told.

William Coombes depos'd, that while the Inquest was taking he went with the Constable and Ann James James to fearch for the bloody Clothes, and Ann James shew'd the Apple-Room, where the same were put, and Parry Branch and William Budd went to the Room and unlock'd the Door; but there was none, nor could they find any of her Clothes in the House, but some Skirts of a Gown, which they said were the Girl's Sunday Clothes, that he then observed Blood by the Clock-Case in the Kitchen, and against the Brewhouse Door, and on the Floor of the Parlour; and then Ann James found two Sticks, and brought them away.

The Sticks were produced in Court, one was a Broom-Stick, and the other an Afh of above an Ell long, and being taper, was finall at the one End, and larger at the other than any Part of the Broom-Stick, on the great End of which appear'd a finall Mark of Blood, and Ann James deposed those were the Sticks with which Mrs. Branch and her Daughter beat the deceased; and added, that Miss Branch had bid her wipe away the Blood from the several Places in the House, least they should fay they murder'd the Girl.

Henry Butler deposed, that he lived fometime as a Servant with Mrs. Branch, and often faw her and her Daughter beat the deceased very cruelly with Sticks, and break her Head on flight Occasions.

And further depos'd, that of their favage Nature they often beat him very barbaroufly, and once till he befh-t himfelf, that each of them took up fome of his Excrement in her Hand, thruft it into his Mouth and made him eat it; but this Evidence was not admitted to be given at that Time, nor unlefs the Prifoners fhould call Witneffes to fhew their kind Ufage to other Servants, D which

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which they did not attempt to do, or to produce any one Witnefs to their Character, or to impeach the Character of Ann Williams.

The Counfel for the King then thinking they had fully prov'd the Facts charg'd in the Indictment, and two Witneffes, viz. Hannab Merefield, and William Beacham, who could have prov'd many Acts of Cruelty from the Prifoners, to the Deceased, being spirited away, and having taken up a great deal of Time, declin'd troubling the Court with any further Evidence, tho' they had many other Witneffes there ready to have prov'd, that Ann James declared to feveral Perfons that Jane Butterfworth was dead, the fame Evening fhe died, and that both the Prifoners fpoke to Anthony Budd to nail up the Coffin, and flood by him whilft he did it, and two or three Times repeated their Directions to him to drive more Nails. That Mifs Branch the Evening the Deceas'd was buried, being asked how long the Girl had been fick, anfwer'd, about three Weeks, of a Giddiness in her Head, but they did not mind it, 'twas Pity they had not, and faid fhe would give 20 Guineas the was alive again, for the should want every Hair of her Head. That Mrs. Branch declared the fuffer'd none but herfelf to correct her Servants, and that fhe had a good Character of Ann James, and would fpend 500 l. rather than she should be hurt. That the Coroner declared at the Inquest there was no Occafion for fending for a Surgeon, for that the Blow on the Forehead was enough to kill an Ox, and that he never faw a Body fo barbaroufly used.

The Prisoners Defence.

Mrs. Branch faid the had feveral Witneffes to prove they were not Guilty, that all that was fworn

fworn against them was false, and a malicious Profecution; then Mifs Branch faid, fhe had taken the Deceas'd into her Service when the was deftitute of Friends, and cloath'd her when the was naked, and therefore could not be fuppofed to lift up her Hand against her.

miwer John Lawrence depos'd that Miss hired and cloathed the Girl, and had always used her civilly as far as he knew or observ'd; that there had been some Differences between Ann James and the Girl, and that he faw Ann James Strike her feveral Times; that her Mistress threatned to turn her away for it; that he often heard the Girl, complain of Anne James's ill-using her, and fay fhe fhould live well enough if it was not for her: That he put the Girl in the Coffin, and that the Shrowd was put on in the ufual Manner.

bur feveral Times kick That he was prefent with Mrs. Branch and her Daughter when the Constable and Parishioners came to their Houfe and took them up, and that they had timely Notice of it to have made their Escapes, if they had thought fit.

Thomas Wrentmore depos'd that fome time before the Deceafed's Death, he heard fomebody cry in Mrs. Branch's Barton, but could not speak as to five or fix Weeks; and being about the Length of the Affize-Hall from them, he faw Ann James take the Deceas'd by the Hair of the Head with one Hand, and strike her with the other with her Fift clofed.

Anne Paradife depos'd that she often heard the Deceas'd complain of hard Ufage from Anne James, but never from her Mistrefs.

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Mr.

Mr. George Hayme the Coroner fwore that Anne James was first brought before him and the Jury on Friday, and again on Saturday; and that the first Time she came, and after she was sworn, being asked before him and the Jury if she knew who kill'd the Deceas'd, she answer'd, she could not tell; and being asked how the Deceas'd came by her Death, she answered, she did not know.

(be) fworn against them was falle, and a mallelous

Thus having ended their Defence, after as candid a Trial as ever was heard, which lafted about fix Hours, the Judge having fum'd up the Evidence to the Jury, they, after a fhort Confideration, without going out of Court, brought in their Verdict, *Guilty*; and it was obferv'd that Mrs. Branch never in the leaft alter'd her Countenance during the Trial, or at her Conviction or Condemnation, but feveral Times kick'd Mary Vigor, one of the Witneffes against her, as she stood by her at the Bar whilst she was giving her Evidence.

The next Day at passing Sentence, Mils Branch complain'd to the Court of the Illegality of changing the Jury upon them (meaning those that were challeng'd); for faid she, If we had been try'd by the first Jury we had not been convicted.

After their Return to their Lodgings, Mrs. Branch shew'd very little Concern at her Fate, but seem'd to comfort herself with the Thoughts of its being but a few Years shortening her Life. Miss Branch swoon'd away, and continued in that Condition about three Quarters of an Hour, and as the Gentlewoman at whose House they lodg'd was giving her a Dram to revive her, Mrs. Branch pull'd her back, and cry'd, Zouns, what are you going

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going to do; had not she better die thus than live to be hang'd?

During their Confinement in Goal, after Sentence, Mrs. Branch behaved fullen, and feem'd to care more for the Provision of her Body than the Welfare of her Soul, and enquired much why the Hangman used to put the Knot of the Halter to the Left Ear. But Miss appeared to be very follicitous of her future State, and before her Trial being fometimes indulg'd by the Goaler to walk out with him to an House he had at Lymington, about a Mile from Ivelchester, and going thro' the Church-Yard of that Parish, she desired, if she should fuffer for this Offence, she might be buried there, which was endeavour'd at, but prevented by the Minister.

The Third of May being fixed by the Calender for their Execution, and defpairing of Mercy, they over Night defired to be hang'd early in the Morning, before the Country came in; and Mrs. Branch getting up very early call'd her Daughter, and hurried her to get ready, telling her if she did not make hafte the Mob would come in upon them, and they should not be hang'd in Peace, Going out of the Goal Mrs. Branch faid to a Perfon by, I have forgot my Cloak and Clogs, pray fetch them, left I shou'd catch Cold. When they came to the Place of Execution, one of the Uprights and the Crofs-Poft of the Gallows were cut down and carried away, whereupon Mrs. Branch for Expedition's Sake, defired to be hang'd on a Tree, but the Gallows being foon repaired, Mrs. Branch gave her Cloak and Purfe to Hannah Merefield, (who kept out of the Way to avoid being an Evidence;) and then, having before instructed herself, help'd to settle the Halter on her her Daughter's Neck; and ask'd the Goaler for a Dram, which he refus'd, faying, fhe had had two before, he thought that enough; and her own Halter being also fitted, the Block was taken away, and they hung about three Quarters of an Hour; and were buried in *Ivelchefter* Church-Yard, com beinger broghed in *Ivelchefter* Church-Yard, com beinger broghed in *Ivelchefter* Church-

P. S. It now comes out for certain that the Deceased went to Faulkland for the Bran, but not carrying Money for it, Margaret Budd would not give Mrs. Branch Credit; and fo the poor Girl became an Innocent Victim to her Mistreffes Fury.

thould fuffer for this Offence, fhe might be buried there, which was endeavour'd at, but prevented by the Minifter.

The Third of May being fixed by the Calender for their Execution, and defpairing of Mercy, they over Night defined to be hang'd early in the Morning, before the Country came in; and Mrs. Branch getting up very early call'd her Daughter, and hurried her to get ready, telling her if the did not make hatte the Mob would come in upon them, and they flould not be hang'd in Peace, Going out of the Goal Mrs. Branch faid to a Perfor by, I bave forget nov Gleak and Clegs, pray feich them, left I then's catch Cold. When they came to the Place of Execution, one of the Uprights ist remot Crots-Post of the Gallows were cut down and carried away, whereupon Mrs. Branch for Expedition's Sake; defired to be hang'd on a Tree, but the Gallows being foon famired, Mrs. Branch gave her Cleak and Parls to Hamas Mirefield, (who kept out of the Way to avoid being an Evidence :) and then, having before infinicted herfelf, help'd to fettle the Flatter on ner

each for himfelf

ney were prefert when

Somerfet ff. The Information of Francis Hales of Hemington in the County aforefaid, Gent. John Craddock of the fame Place, Yeoman, and Robert Carver of the fame Place, Yeoman; taken on their Oaths the Ninth Day of May, 1740. before me Robert Smith, Efq; one of his Majefty's Justices of the Peace of the County aforefaid.

WHO, on their faid Oaths, each fpeaking for himfelf, feverally fay, that they were all fworn of the Jury, on the Inquest, taken before George Hayme, one of the Coroners of the faid County; concerning the Death of Jane Buttersworth, at the Parish of Hemington, the 22d Day of February laft; and fay, each fpeaking for and concerning himfelf, that they were all prefent with the faid Coroner, when Ann James was first brought before them, and fworn and examined as a Witnefs, touching the Death of the faid Jane Butterfworth, and that they were also prefent during all the Time fhe was under Examination, both on the faid 22d Day of February, and the next Day alfo; and all fay, each still speaking for and as to himfelf only, that the faid Anne James never did deny, before the faid Coroner and Jury, that she knew how the faid Jane Buttersworth came by her Death, or who killed her; but on the contrary fay, that the faid Anne James, when fhe was first brought before them and fworn, affured them she would tell the Truth, and readily proceeded to give her Evidence of the manner of the faid Jane Buttersworth's being barbaroufly beat and killed by Mrs. Branch and her Daughter; but her Evidence being long, her farther Examination was adjourn'd till the next Day. And the faid Francis Hales, and John Cradock, each

each for himfelf fay, that they were prefent when the Constable took the faid Ann James and John Lawrence into his Cuftody, at Faulkland, which is about half a Mile from the then Dwelling-Houfe of Mrs. Branch; and had them to Faulkland Inn, where the faid Ann James foon after the was brought in declared fhe would fpeak the Truth, when fhe came upon her Examination; and frequently for expressed herfelf, between that time and the time of her Examination, and never to the contrary, as they know or believe. And farther fay, that foon after, and while the faid John Lawrence was fo in Cuftody, the Conftable and others in his Aid went away to the faid Mrs. Branch's Houfe, and brought her and her Daughter to the faid Inn; wherefore the faid John Lawrence could not be with the faid Mrs. Branch and her Daughter when they were taken; nor do these Informants believe that Mrs. Branch or her Daughter knew of any Intention to apprehend them, till they were actually charged by the Conftable.

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fired them the would call the Proth, and readily

proceeded to give her Evidence of the manuer

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Sworn the Day and Year aforesaid, before me,

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ROBERT SMITH.

Francis Hales, John Craddock, Robert Carver. Robert Carver. ie continuey tay, - that the faid show frames, when

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Somerset ff. The Information of William Budd of the Parish of Hemington in this County, Labourer, taken upon Oath before Joseph Houlton, Elq; one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace for this County, the 26th Day of February, 1739.

X7HO, upon his Oath faith, that he hath been employed occasionally as a Day Labourer, by Mrs. Elizabeth Branch of Hemington aforefaid, for the space of two Years or thereabouts; and that he knew Jane Butter fworth, who he apprehends was Apprenticed to her, and never heard but that she behaved herself as an honeft good Servant; and that on Wednesday the 13th Instant he went to the House of the faid Mrs. Elizabeth Branch, and was employed in hauling Faggots; that about Twelve of the Clock at Noon, as he was making a Faggot Pile, together with Parry Branch, Son of the faid Elizabeth, at the End of the Dwelling-Houfe he heard a Perfon cry very much, and that it appeared to him to be a Woman's Voice, and that fome other Perfon was beating her; and that about One o'Clock the fame Day, he went into the faid Houfe to Dinner, and in a Court by the Door, faw the above-mentioned Jane Butter fworth, fcowering the Infide of a Kettle, and foon after came in, when her Mrs. Elizabeth Branch order'd her to go and fweep out a Room, whereupon the went out of this Informant's Sight, but whither he knows not, nor did he hear more of her until about Eight of the Clock the fame Evening, when Anne James called him from his own Houfe, to come up to Mrs. Branch's, and told him that Jane Buttersworth was very bad, and that after he had been there about two Hours, the faid Ann E

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James came down Stairs, and told this Informant and the faid Parry Branch, that the Maid, meaning Jane Butter worth, was dead, and farther faith, that Thursday the next Day in the Evening Mrs. Elizabeth Branch defired him to take the Measure of the Corple in order for a Coffin; and that Ann James, a Servant in the House and he went into the Room, and turned up a Sheet that lay upon it, fo far as to fee one Leg and Arm, which he perceived to be very black, which he apprehended was occasioned by Bruifes; that there was then a Cap upon her Head, which they did not uncover, nor any Part of the Body farther than as aforefaid; and that Friday Morning he went to Froom, by Order of the faid Mrs. Branch, and bought a Shroud and Coffin, but never faw the Corpfe after Thursday Night, when he took the Measure as aforefaid. This Informant further faith, that about Eight Weeks ago, he faw Mrs. Betty Branch, Daughter of the faid Elizabeth Branch, beat the Deceased Jane Buttersworth, with a middle fize Stick; and that about a Fortnight fince, he faw Ann James strike her with a Broom-Stick, but believes neither of them did her any Damage; and that he never faw Ann James strike her but that once; and further faith not.

Sworn the abovementioned the 2.6th Day of February 1739, before me,

Jos. HOULTON.

his William 4 Budd, Mark. Somerfet ff. The Information of Samuel Webber, of Faulkland, in the Parish of Hemington in this County, Labourer; taken upon Oath before Joseph Houlton, Esq; one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace, this 29th Day of February 1739.

HO, upon his Oath faith, that about the beginning of February he was employed in Hulbandry-Work for Mrs. Elizabeth Branch, at High Church in the Parish of Hemington, and that he knew Jane Butterfworth that lived there a Servant, and had heard her talk and cry enough to know her Voice; that Wednesday the thirteenth of February, as he was at work upon a Faggot Pile adjoining to the Houfe of Mrs. Branch, about Nine o'Clock in the Morning, by the Direction of one William Budd, he heard the faid Jane Butterfworth crying very much, as tho' fomebody was beating her in the Kitchen, within the House, and at the same Time heard Mrs. Elizabeth Branch talking in an angry Manner, and believes it was fhe that was beating her; and that some time after, he faw the faid Jane Buttersworth at the Bucket Well, when she look'd as though she had been crying, but did not speak to her. That Thursday Evening following, as he was at work in the Field, Ann James came to Milking, and told him that the Girl, meaning Jane Butter fworth was dead, that she died on Wednefday Night, and that the fame Thursday Evening, when he came home from Work, he found William Budd at his Mother's House, who asked him, whether Ann told him any thing about the little Maid, he answered, that she had told him fhe was dead; upon which William Budd told this Informant that he believed that 'twas the cold E 2

cold Weather, and their beating her, (meaning as this Informant apprehended) Mrs. Branch and her Daughter, that killed her; And further faith not. d m O m

Sworn the beforementioned, the 29th of February 1739, before me,

rildas, Elizabeth Branch, at

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Jos. HOULTON.

Church in the Parille of Acquington.

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Samuel Webber.

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