The true preserver and restorer of health: being a choice collection of ... remedies for all distempers ... Selected from, and experienced by the most famous physicians ... of Europe. Together with excellent directions for cookery / [G. Hartman].

Contributors

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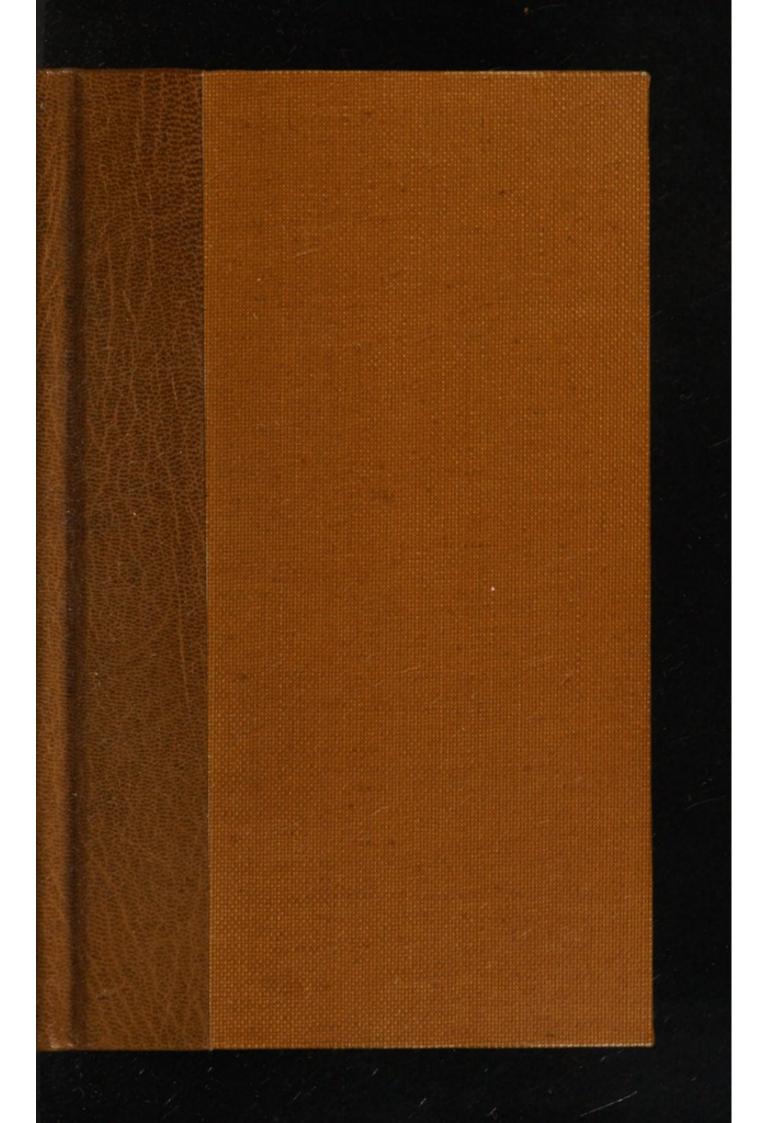
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HARTMAN

PRESERVER OF HEALTH

1682

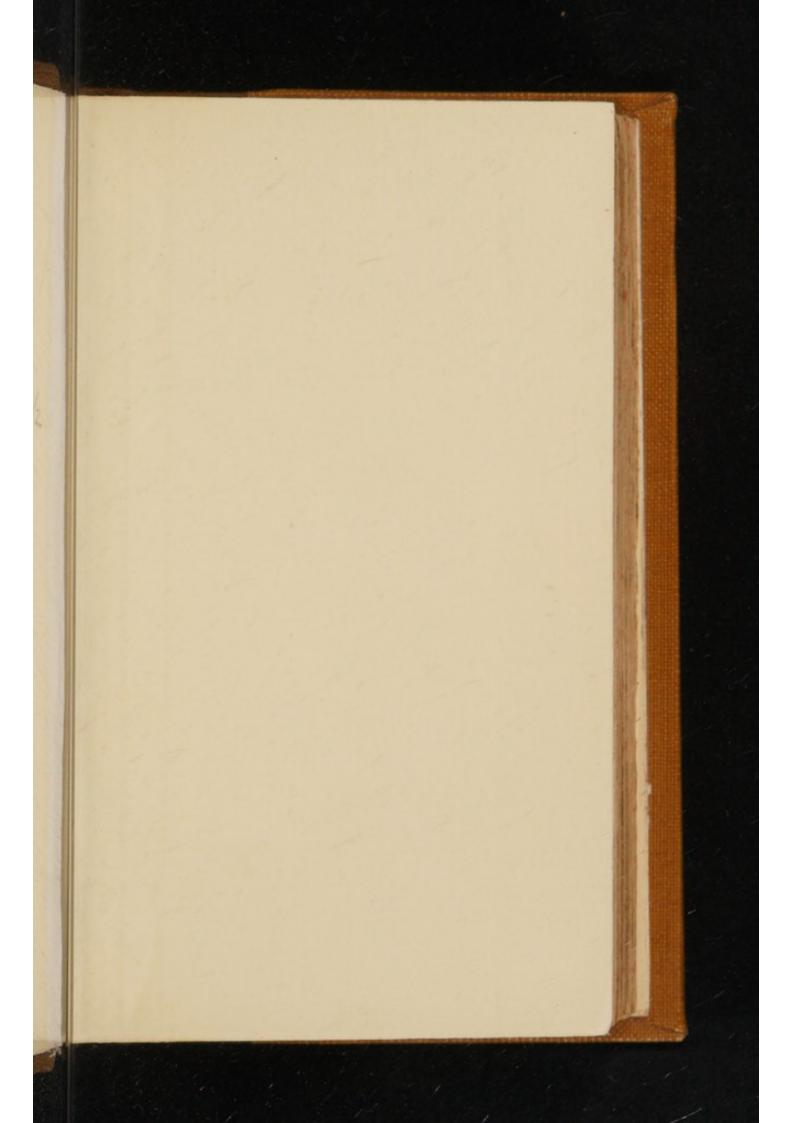


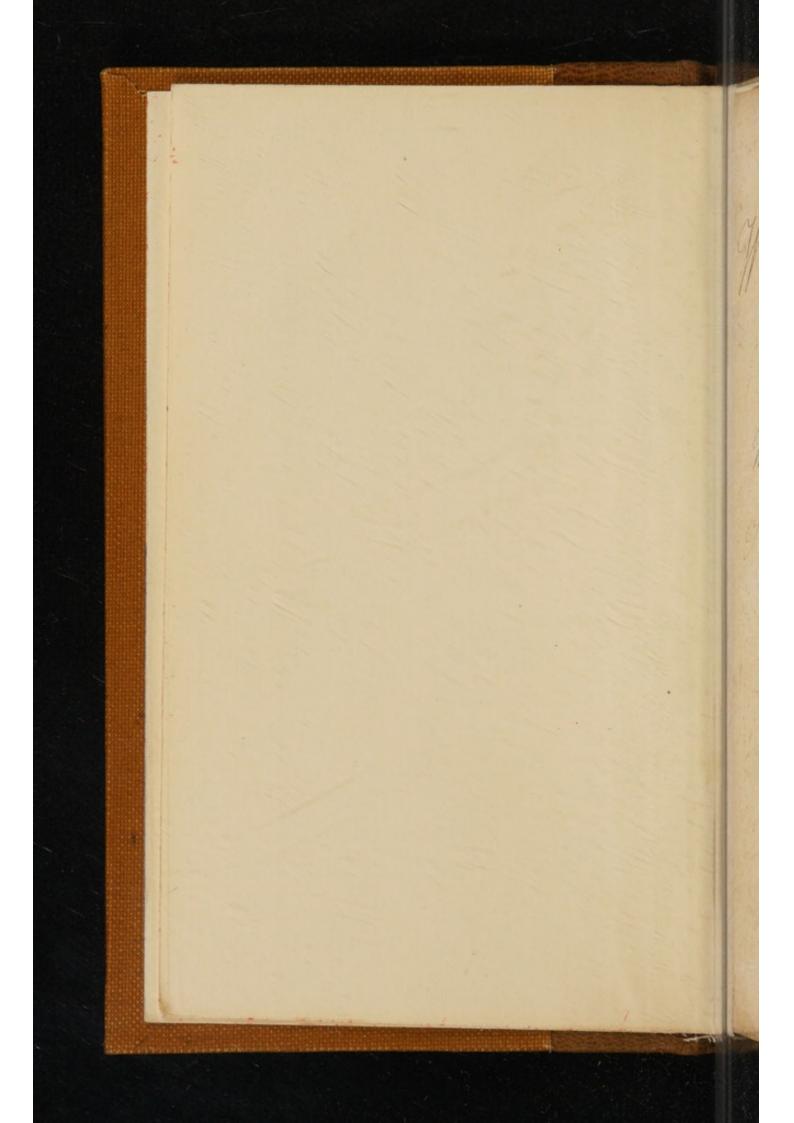




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THE TRUE

PRESERVER and RESTORER

HEALTH:

CHOICE COLLECTION

OF

Select and Experienced REMEDIES for all Distempers incident to Men, Women and Children. Selected from, and Experienced by the most Famous Physicians and Chyrurgeons of Europe.

TOGETHER WITH

Excellent DIRECTIONS for

COOKERY;

AS ALSO FOR

PRESERVING, and CONSERVING, and making all Sorts of METHEG-LIN, SIDER, CHERRY-WINE, &c.

WITH THE

Description of an Ingenious and Useful ENGIN for Dreiling of Meat, and for Distilling the Choicest Cordial Waters, without Wood, Coals, Candle, or Oyl.

Published for the Publick Goods by G. Hirtman, Clymit.

London, Printed by T. B, for the Author, and are to be fold at his House in Hewes-Court in Black-Friers, 1682

Truly 20036 Lounte MADA of of the control of

TO THE

Truly Noble and Generous LADY

THELADY

ANNA,

Countess of Sunderland, &c.

MADAM,

Is the Fare of Books that treat of Subjects too subjects too subtil and delication of Vulgar Eyes (and such are all eatises of the Mysterious Science of HYSICK) though never so useful necessary, to meet with a general slect and Discountenance in the rid, unless recommended under the ronage of some Illustrious Name.

A 2 There

The Epiftle Dedicatory.

There is a peculiar Charm in the Ver- 100 to tues of Great Personages, to Authorize whatever they Protect, and to command a Respect for all that is honoured with their Umbrage, from the most sullen ancome obstinate. That they are pleased to hou nour any thing with their Regard, com vinceth common Judgments more of itt worth, and endears it more to them that a thousand Arguments: for there indee they find the Force of Reason embodieco which otherwise is as invisible to them: Angels. Such, Madam, was my Cafe and such a generous Protection I stock in need of, when it pleas'd Providence relieve me in this Perplexity, by bringing into my thoughts the Consideration all your shining Virtues and Excellencie whose Lustre was so bright, that it could not but reach me, though wrapt up never so much privacy and obscurity. confidered that your profound and u fathom'd Knowledge could defend to poor Piece from the Ignorant; that you admirable Sweetness, Generosity a Majestick Heroickness could patrona it from the Envious and Impertinen

The Epistle Dedicatory.

and to Crown all, that you had Good-ness enough to receive it into your Patronage: I was also encouraged to this Presumption, from the Splendor you derive from the Noble Ancient Family you sprung off: And hence I take the Boldness to acquaint your Ladiship, that these have some Relation to your Lady-Thip, they being the Collections for the most part (which I had hitherto reserved) of your incomparable Kinfman, and my truly Honourable Master, Sir Kenelm Digby; whom I had the Honour to serve for many years beyond the Seas, as well as in England; and to continued with nim till his dying Day, and of whose Generosity and Bounty I have sufficienty tasted, and no less of your Illustrious Father's, both before and after my Glorious Master's Decease; so that this Trouble I give your Ladiship (who is he true and undoubted Inheritrix of all our Noble Fathers Virtues) results from he Innate Candor and Goodness of your Ilustrious Stem.

A 3

What

The Epistle Dedicatory.

What I have here Collected, having implor'd your Ladiships Pardon for my Boldness, I most humbly Lay at your Ladiships Feet; and remain,

MADAM,

Your Ladiships

most Humble Ser-

vant,

GEORGE HARTMAN.

Courtee

TO THE

READER:

Courteous Reader,

at you

His is the second Time I adventured to come I forth into the world in Print. My first Treatise was a Collection of rare Secrets in Chymistry, left me by that worthy Man Sir Kenelm Digby, my Honourable Master, which I reserved by me till of late I Published them for the Sake of all ingenious Admirers of the Noble Science of Chymistry; wherein the Reader may find Excellent Chymical Medicines , to which I refer him. And now for the more publick Benefit of the Community, I have banded this also into the Press being a very choice Collection of Excellent Receipts and Medicines for all orts of Distempers that are incident to the Body of Man; made or approved of by Sir Kenelm himself, r communicated to me by Eminent Physicians or Chy-urgeons in my Travels through Italy, France and Germany, and were reserved till now by me for my vivate Use; till out of Conscience of my Duty to be Publick, I have sent them abroad into the world; shereby any private Person, or Mistress of a Famimay prepare their own Physick for themselves or amily, according to my Directions in this Book, sthout the expence or hazard of costly, and often-

The Epistle to the Reader.

imes adulterate Apothecaries Preparations. Hereby also well disposed worthy Ladies and Centlewomen, that take delight in the Charitable Office of being their poor Neighbours Physicians, and administer Physick to their Body, as well as Food to their Stomach, may be furnished with Excellent Medicines against all Distempers, and the manner how to prepare them in their Houses, in order to the facilitating to them so good a Work.

There are lik wife very Safe and useful Instructi-

ons for Midwives and Child-bearing Women.

Besides, here are Excellent Directions for Croke-ry, for Preserving and Conserving, and of making Sweet-meats, &c. with the best-way how to make Metheglin, Sider, and all Wines, &c. As likewise the Usee & Manner of making that Ingenious Engin for drefsing of Meat withour Wood or Coals which is very useful for Sea Captains, &c. In short, I may with Considence say, that considering both the generality of the Medicines provided against all Maladies and the Usefulness of them, the World hath not yet seen such another Piece.

Reader, I have no more to acquaint thee, but to beg thy kind Acceptance of these my Endeavours to serve the Publick in my Sphere; and recommending thee to the Physician of Soul and Body, I remain,

Thine to my Power,

G. Hartman

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To fonce a Tinky like Brane or Singson To flew a Receft of Veal. Weren Walnuts to proferre Of Cho of the lampth Breath ∫įitin doman tion, or large Ro

CHAP. I.

Of Choice and Experimented Remedies in all affects of the Breast and Lungs, as Confumption, Phthisic, Asthma, Shortness of Breath, Streightness of Breast, Coughs, Spitting of Bloud. &c.

A very excellent Pectoral Syrup against a Consumption, ordered by a Phisitian for agreat Lady.

Aniseeds, Liquorice, of each one ounce; colopender, Lungwort, Knotgrass, of each one andful; Root of Elecampane, half an ounce thirlarge Raisins of the Sun slit and stoned, fifteen gs cut small, two Radishes cut small, shred erbs small, and bruise the Roots and Seeds; at them all in a large Pipkin, and pour there-

on five quarts of Springwater, let it boyl gently upon a moderate fire, until two quarts of the
water be confumed, then strain it: To the strained liquour put two pound and half of doubles
refined Sugar, clarifie it with whites of Eggs,,
and boyl it to the confistence of a Syrup; whereof take one spoonful at a time, by it self, three
or four times a day, in the Morning fasting, before Dinner, at four in the Afternoon, and att
Night going to Bed; let it run easily down your
Throat; you may take of it also at any time in
the Night when there is occasion.

The Description of an Excellent Pectoral Decection and against Consumption, Colds, Coughs, Asthma's, &c.

Ake Paulsbittanny, Maidenhair, white Horhound, of each two handfuls; Root off leach two ounces; Flowers of Borage, Buglofs, Roles, red Poppies, of each one handful, Coltsfoot half a handful, Nettleseed, Carduusseed, Aniseed, sweet Fennelseed, of each half am ounce; Calamus Aromaticus, Lignum Vita, China Root, of each one ounce; Cinamon Galingal, Cardamums, Cloves, of each three ounces. Boyl all in ten quarts of water to six quarts, them strain it, and put into it three pound of refined Sugar; drink it warm four ounces at a time three times a day.

De-- 10 10

Decoction for the Lungs.

Pennyroyal, of each half a handful, Roots of Florence Orris three drams, Elecampane one dram and half, Liquorice scraped and bruised, half an ounce, large Figs one ounce and half; cut the Herbs, and bruise the Roots, and boyl it in two quarts of Fountain-water to a quart, then strain it, & put to it one ounce tinckture of Safron; then sweeten it with Sugarcandy or Loaffugar; and take six spoonfuls of it warm three or four times a day.

The Tincture of Safron you may make prefently, by putting half an ounce of Safron into a Bottel or Phiol, and then pouring upon it
half a Pint of good Brandy; (if you have not
Rectified Spirit of Wine) fet the Bottel in a
warm place, and shake it some times, and the
Brandy will extract the Tincture out of the Safron, and leave it as white as straw which then

hath no more vertue.

Another most Excellent Pectoral Decoction or Drink.

Ake half an ounce of French Barly, boyl it in two quarts of Fountain-water for a quarter of an hour; then put into it Raisins of the Sun stoned six drams; Jujubes, Sebesstens, of each twelve in number; fat Figs, Dates stoned.

B 2 ned.

ned, of each six in number, all cut small; lett all these boyl with the Barly another quarter off an hour; then put to them Lungwort, Scabious, of each one handful, Hysop, Politrice, Flowers of Coltssoot, of each one pugil; (that is, as many as you can hold between two singers and your thumb) Liquorice scraped and bruised two drams; let them boyl all together a little more than a quarter of an hour; then strain itt when it is half cold.

It is an excellent Pectoral, curing Obstructions, and most other Diseases of the Breast and Lungs, as Coughs, Asthma's, or shortness off The Breath, Phthisicks, hoarsness, &c. The Patient may take about half a pint of it warm, Morning and Evening

Doctor Hornick h's Excellent Pectoral Water against a Consumption.

Ake the Liver of a Calf, and the Lungs of a Fox, the herb Lungwort, Liverwort, Sage, Rue, Hysop, of each one handful; Elecampane, the Root of Flag, of each half and ounce; Anisceds Carrawayseeds, sweet Fennelseeds, of each half an ounce; flowers of Borage, of Bugloss, of each two drams: Cutthem all very small, then insufe them for twenty four good hours in two quarts of good old Mallago, and Scabious, and Carduus-water, off each four ounces; Hysop-water two ounces, then distilit, and sweeten it with Sugarcandy; drinks a lite.

for the Break and Lungs.

a little Glassful thereof two or three times a

day.

R. Flin. This Water is much recommended against a Confumption; It comforts and strengthens the Lungs and Liver; facilitates Expectoration, attenuates the tough and thick Phlegm, expells wind out of the Stomach and Bowels, and opens the obstruction of the Lungs and Liver.

Another Pectoral Water distilled.

Take Scabious, Paulsbittany, of each two handfuls, Maidenhair, Sage, Hysop, Horhound, Liverwort, of each one handful; Flowers of Borage and Bugloss, of each one handful, Elecampane, Florence Orris, Roots of Parslee, of each half an ounce; Aniseeds, sweet Fennelseed, Nettleseed, Cinamon, Safron, of each half a dram; Cut the Herbs, and bruise the Seeds Lusoff and put them all into a fit Veffel, and pour upon them three quarts of good old Wine; stop the Vessel close, and let it stand to infuse for a week, then distil it, to the water distill'd add Sugarcandy, Spanish Juice of Liquorice one ounce, Salt of Tartar fix drams, drink thereof two or three times a day one ounceat a time.

This is recommended as the greatest and best Pectoral: It not only opens all obstructions of Lungs. helps Colds, Coughs, Asthma's, spitting of Bloud and Matter, but also gives ease

in all pains of the Stone.

OF FEED TO

Dr. Schoderus his Asthmatick Water against Phthisick, shortness of Breath, It comforts a weak and cold Stomach, and expells Wind, and helps fainting Fits.

TAke Coltsfoot, Sage, Marjoram, Hysop, white Horhound, of each half a handful; Roots of Elecampane, of Jentian, of each three drams; Cloves, Ginger, Cardamoms, of each two drams and half; Florence Orris, Polipod of the Oak, Liquorice, Jujubes, Sebenstens, Currants, fweet Almonds, of each three drams; Squils dry'd half a dram, of feeds of Nettles, Fennel and Basil, of each three drams; four fost Figs cut small; bruise all the Roots and Seeds, and shred the herbs, put them all into a Vessel, and pour thereon two quarts of Sack, three Pints of Nants Brandy, one ounce of Honey; stop the Vessel close, and let them stand to digest for ten days, then distil it, sweeten the distilled Water with the best refined Sugar to your taste, and drink thereof one ounce at a time, two or three times a day.

Dr. Salmon bis Pestoral Wine.

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Take Rhenish Wine two quarts, Salt of Tartar, Aniseeds, Corianderseeds, Carraways, of each one ounce; bruise them all, and digest them into the Wine for ten days, then strain it; To the strained liquor add Spanish Juice of Liquorice

quorice four ounces; dissolve it in the Wine by the warmth of a Balneum; or put it into a Coffy-pot and close it well, and set it in warm water; and being well-fetled, pour off the clear

Liquor, and keep it for use.

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Salmon recommends this as an admirable Pectoral, curing most Diseases of the Breast and Lungs; as the inveterate Cough, Asthma, Phthifick, Inflamation or Impostume of the Lungs, with a shortness of Breath, pains of the Side and Stomach, and obstructions of both Liver and Spleen.

A most Excellent Pectoral Syrup against Asthma, Consumption, of a famous Physician.

TAke French Barly two ounces, Roots of Fennel, of Elecampane, of Liquorice, of Smallage, of Butterburr; Raifins of the Sun stoned, of each one ounce and half, twelve Dates; Jujubes and Sebestens, of each thirty; Leaves of Coltsfoot, of Lungwort; the tops of Hyfop, of white Horhound, Maidenhair, of each one handful; Anifeeds, Cottonfeed, of each half an ounce; flowers of Coltsfoot, of Butcher-Broom, of each half a handful.

The way of making this Syrup, is thus; boyl the Barly in nine quarts of water for half an hour, then put in the Roots of Butterburr, of Smallage, of Elecampane and Fennel, all well cleaned and cut small; let them boyl also for half an hour, then put in the Dates, Jujubes, 50

B 4

This Syrop is good to cut and expectorate the cold and tough Phlegm of the Lungs, and of all those parts which serve for respiration; It giveth chiefly great ease and relief to those that are troubled with Asthma's, Phthisick, and shortness of Breath, with old and inveterate Coughs; for it opens the Pipes, and brings away the Phlegm which stopped them. One may call it the Balsom of the Lungs, and chiefly of those of aged Persons; one may take a spoonful of it at any time in the night, and in the day-time; some distance before and after meals, and so continue the use thereof, or begin again according as you see it needful.

A Bret

Another Excellent Syrup for those that Spit Blond, experienced by Squire Boil.

TAke Comfry Roots six ounces, leaves of Plantine two handfuls; beat them well together in a stone Mortar, then press out the Juice, which strain through a linnen cloth; let it settle, then boyl it up to a Syrup, and clarifie it with

the white of an Egg.

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Take a spoonful of this Syrup several times a day, and at any time in the night. If you will use this Syrup presently, you may only use equal parts of the Juice and Sugar; but if you would keep it all the year long, you must take two parts of Sugar to one of Juice.

Another Remedy for Spitting of Bloud.

Ake Leaves of Coltsfoot, half a handful, shred it very small, then fry it with a little Bacon; then put to it the yolk of an Egg, and the ftir it well together; eat it in the morning fasting; continue this for some time.

A Broth with Chinaroot for a Consumption used by a great Lady.

T Ake Chinaroots thin fliced two ounces, white and red Sanders, of each three drams, put them into a large Pipkin, and pour upon it four quarts of fair water; cover it close, and let it itand

ftand to infuse in a warm place, or in hot water for twenty sour hours; then put to it are good Pullet, or two Chickens; let it boyl, and seem it well; then put into it two handfuls off five-leaved-grass, Maidenhair and Hartstongue, of each half a handful; twenty Dates cut small, a little Mace, with the under-crust of a Manchet; let all these boyl together until two quarts beconsumed; then take out the Pullets or Chickens, and stamp them in a clean stone Mortar, then put it in the Broth again and let it boyll for half an hour longer, then strain it, and pressout all the Broth from the Pullet: If you please; you may sweeten it with Sugarcandy.

Drink of this Broth warm early in the Morning, and sleep after it if you can, and another The draught at four in the Afternoon, and when you

go to rest,

Another Broth for a Consumption.

Take Conserves of Roses one ounce, Conserves of Borage and Buglos-flowers, of each half an ounce; Pine Apple-kernels, and Pistacios, of each half an ounce, yellow Amber impowder two drams; beat and mix them very well in a stone Mortar, then take a Pullet and put all these Ingredients in the Belly of it, them sow it up cloe, and boyl it in three quarts of water; when it bath boyled one hour, put into it Egrimony, Endive, Succory, Sparrowgrassroots, Fennel-roots, Caper-roots, and Raisinss of

of the Sun stoned, of each one handful; let it not boyl until the Pullet be pretty tender, then take it out and beat it in a stone Mortar, then put it into the liquor again, and let it only boyl five or six wallops, then strain it, and press out all the substance of the Pullet, then put to the Broth a little red Rosewater, and half a pint of white Wine.

Drink of this Broth warm in the Morning in your Bed, and sleep after it if you can, drink another draught of it in the Afternoon, and at Night going to Bed.

Another restoring Broth against a Consumption.

Take twoor three Marrow bones of on Ox, break them, and boyl them in four quarts of water until two quarts be confumed; then strain the liquor and let it cool; then put it in a Pipkin with a young Cock, and a Knuckle of Veal, with the under-crust of a Manchet, two ounces of Raisins stoned, six Dates cut small, and a little mace: let all boyl together with a gentle fire until half be consumed, then strain it; make an Emulsion with a sew Pistacios with some of this Broth; then put this Emulsion to the rest of the Broth, and drink thereof warm three times a day, and so continue for some time.

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Another restoring Broth for sick and convalescent: 10000 Persons, by Sir K. Digby.

Take two spoonfuls of Frenchbarly, scall'dl it in two waters, throw away the waters, put the Barly into a Pipkin with a Crag-end off a Neck of Mutton, and a Knuckle of Veal; pour thereon a sufficient quantity of fair water, andl The let it boyl, scumming it well, when it hath boyled one hour put into it a Pullet, and let it boyll and an hour longer, then put in a large quantity off of Sorrel, Lettuce, Purslain, Borage and Buglos, ford and boyl an hour more, three hours in all: Be- Below fore you put in the Herbs, season the Broth with Salt, a little Pepper and Cloves, them m. strain out the Broth, and drink it warm.

Another restorative Broth for weak and con-Suming Bodies.

Ake of the best Chinaroot thin-sliced half and therest ounce, infuse it twenty four hours in a Pot- thengh tel of Springwater, in a Vessel close stopp'd, and fet in hot water; then put therein a small Chicken, or a little piece of a Neck of Veal, boyl it gently, and put into it a Succory-root: scrapt and pitthed; leaves of Agrimony, Buglos, Ceterach and Endive, of each one handful; Hartshorn two drams, with a Crust white Bread; boyl it to the consumption of half the liquor; then strain it, and being sweetened to your taste:

with fine Sugar or Sugarcandy, drink cff warm early in the Morning, and about four in the Afternoon about a third part of a pint; continue it for the space of three weeks taking it every day.

A Cordial Broth against a consuming heat in the Body.

TAke a piece of Veal or Mutton, and a good Chicken, half an ounce of Hartshorn, and as much Ivory, one handful of Currants, Roots of Sparrowgrass, Fennel and Parslee-roots, a few of each fliced and bruised; Borage and Buglos-flowers, of each one handful, with a the Both little bundle of sweet herbs, namely sweet Marjoram, Rosemary, Thime, Wintersavory, a fliced Pippin or two, and a Crust of white Bread; put all these in when the meat is well foummed and hath boyled awhile; you must take three quarts of Springwater, and boyl it to the confumption of half; strain it, and drink thereof warm two or three times a day. It Atrengthens nature, and allies the confuming heat in the Body.

An other Excellent Broth for Cansumptive Persons.

Ake Parssee and Fennel-roots two of each, Elecampane, and Piony-roots, of each half an ounce; Maidenhair, Coltsfoot, and unfet Hysop, of each one handful; Liquorice bruifed Raisins stoned four ounces; two slakes of Mace; Aniseeds bruised two spoonfuls, and a little Safron; put all these into the belly of a good Cock about a year old or more; sow up the vent and the skin of the Neck very close; boyl it in a Gallon of Springwater, scum it very clean, and put into it a spoonful of good slowery Oatmeal and one pugil of Thime; let it boyl gently with a moderate sire to the consumption of a quart, then strain it and press it gently. Drink of this morning and evening warm eight or ten spoonfuls at a time.

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An Excellent Snail-Broth for a Consumption.

Take an hundred of Snails with their shels, wash them in water and salt, then wash them three or four times more in fair water to wash away all the salt, then bruise them with their shells; then take a red Cock-chicken, Borage, Buglos, Agrimony, Cinquesoyl, Violet-leaves, of each one handful; a Mallowroot, a Fennelroot, a Succoryroot, and a Blade of Mace; boyl all these in a sufficient quantity of water; then strain it, and drink thereof every morning, and about four in the afternoon.

A comfortable restorative Broth for the Stomach.

Take Sassafrase three ounces, of China sliced one ounce; infuse it all Night in Springwater,

ter; the next morning put thereto a Cock well-dressed, and three handfuls of Raisins of the Sun stoned, or of Prunes, or of both if you like it, and a little bundle of Rosemary, Thime, and a Crust of Manchet-bread, and at the latter end a little whole Mace; let it boyl close covered until half is consumed, then strain it, and take thereof a draught every morning very warm, and another to bedward.

An Excellent purging Broth to preserve Health.

Take a Knuckle of Veal, cut away all the flesh and fat, then break and bruise all the Bones, and boyl it in a Gallon of fair water, fcum it clean, and then put thereto four ounces of Raisins stoned, two ounces of Currants, two Fennelroots, and one Succoryroot, and a small quantity of Endive, of Violet and Strawberry-leaves, of Liverwort and Scabious, of each half a handful; boyl thefe till half the liquor is confumed; then take it from the fire, and put into it one ounce of the best Sena, half an ounce of Tamarisk, and two drams of Epithimum; fet it on hot Embers, and let it simper for an hour, then strain it from the Ingredients; this proportion will serve four days, being taken in the morning warm, and fo likewife in the Evening.

A Capon Drink against a Consumption.

Lea a lean Capon, quarter it and break all! I the bones; then a quart of red Rosewater, and as much of Carduus water, with one pound of White Sugar Candy finely beaten, fix of the best Pippens pared and sliced from the Coars, two Lemmons fliced, a little Cinnamon cut in small pieces, a little sweet Marjoram and as much mother of Time, with a few Coriander Seeds prepared; put all these into a new earthen pot. prepared, first one layer of the Capon, and then a layer of the Ingredients; they being thus laid by degrees throughout in feveral layes, put in the Rose and the Carduns Waters, then lute up the Pot with Rye Past so close, as no Air may get in, nor heat breath out; this done fet the pot into a pot of boyling water, and let it boyl twenty four hours, and then take out the Capon and stamp it in a Morter, and put it again into the liquor, and strain it through a Gelly bag and drink thereof half a porringer at a time: It is very restorative.

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Another Capon-drink for the Consumption.

Take two Capons, and parboil them with a fort Fire, for an hour, till the Blood is quite gone; then take the Peels of two good Limons or more, cut away the shanks of the Capons, and break the Capons in a great Mortar, till the

the Bones are crushed small; which done, make a bag of sine Bolter, and take four Gallons of strong Beer or Ale new from Tunning, and make in the Vessel a Bung-hole, wherein put the Bag, with the Capons and Limon peels in it, and lay a Stick cross the Bung-hole, and fasten the mouth of the Bag thereto, so that the bottom of the Bag may touch the bottom of the Vessel, and not lie slat at length; let it steep therein three days and nights, leaving the Bung-hole open, that it may work, and after working, chose the Bung-hole, and let it rest a day and a half, and then draw it into Bottles, and three days expired, drink thereof: It will continue good six weeks.

For the Consumption of the Liver.

Take a Gallon of the strongest Ale wort can be gotten of the first running and strength of the Ale, the Brewer's commonly sell it for ix pence a quart, boyl it in an earthen pot, till t is as thick as an Electuary; after it begins to hicken in the boyling it must be continually tired, otherwise it will burn to, and be worth tothing; the whole Gallon will make but a quart f Syrup, or thereabout; put it into a Gallitot, and keep it for your Use, and in the Moring fasting, at four in the Asternoon, and when you lie down to rest, daily, take a spoonly or two, and you will speedily find, by God's lessing. Amendment. It is the same thing to boyl

boyl many Gallons at a time as one, and the Trouble of making them may be faved.

Arare Medicine for a Consumption, though much decayed therewith.

the more Stroakings the better; put it into an interest them Vessel of three Quarts, that it may have room to boyl; then put into it two ounces of Syrup of Roses, and as much brown Sugar-Candy; stop it very close with Paste, and put it into an Oven with Houshold Bread; take of this for your ordinary Drink, especially sirst and last every day, a little warm. This hath done agreat Cures in that kind. You may do well to add to it two ounces of Syrup of Coltssoot, or rather Syrup of Ground-Ivy.

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Take a kinder Leg of Beef, cut out all the Sinews, and a little of the Flesh with them; then take a pretty quantity of the Pith of an Ox, six Dates, and a little whole Mace; put all these into a Stone Pot with half a pint of white Wine; paste it up close, that no Steam vapour out, or Air get in: Which done, set it in a Pot of seething Water, and keep it boyling twelve hours; after which, strain it: Take of this in some other Broth, as much as the Stomach will well bear. If you please, you may add to it some

Marjoram, before luting of the Pot.

An Excellent Electuary very good for a violent Cough caused by a sharp thin tickling Rheum.

Take Conserve of Roses, and work into it may by strong grinding and beating in a Mortar, as much as you can of pure Olibanum, (white Frankincense) in very subtil Powder, so that the Consistence be very stiff of the Frankincense: Of this, take as much as a good Hazel-Nut in a med Spoon, with a little Syrup of Violets about it, and or Syrup of Ground-Ivy; take it in the Mortan and at night, and somimes in the day if need the pe: This hath been often approved.

Another very Excellent Electuary for a violent Cough and Obstructions of the Lungs, much Approved.

Take Conserve of Ground-Ivy two ounces, Conserve of Red Roses one ounce, Lapis Hematites, Crabs Eyes, reduced into a fine powder, of each three drams, Frankincense in fine powder two scruples; Oyl of Cinamon and Mace of each three drops, Syrup of Comsrey-Root, and of red Poppy of each half an ounce; Make it up into an Electuary; whereof take the quantity of a Nutmeg, in the Morning fasting, and at Night.

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A very good Posset for a Cold or Cough, be it new ver so violent, which hath cured many Persons both young and old.

Take a Quart of Milk, and make a Possenthereof with a pint of Ale; then strain it, and put into it two spoonfuls of Aniseeds beatem two Pippins sliced with the parings, and a stick of Liquoras bruised, and a quarter of a pounce of Raisons stoned; let it boil gently for hall an hour; then strain it again, and drink a draught thereof warm with a little piece of fresh Butter in it: Take it two or three times a day.

Another Electuary for the Cough and Rheum fall ling upon the Lungs.

Take half an ounce of cons. Roses, a spoon ful of Syrup of Violets, 3 spoonfuls of Honey Frankincense in fine powder, and Flower of Sulphur, of each one dram; mix them well to an Electuary; which take upon the bruised end of a Liquoras stick.

The Lady Garret's Excellent Remady for a College or Cough; Approved.

Take Fennel and Parsley Roots, four of each wash and scrape them, and take the pith out of them; Maidenhair, Rosa Solis slower, of each

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one handful; Liquoras, Coriander, and Anifeeds one ounce, five leaves of Harts-tongue, Lungwort and Liverwort, of each a handful, Raisins stoned half a pound; shred the Herbs, and bruise the Seeds, and put them all in a potle of Spring-water in a pipkin close covered; which set on hot Embers for a whole day, till he Liquor be half consumed; then strain it without pressing it; then sweeten it with brown ugar-Candy, and drink thereof Morning and Evening.

Dr. Harvey his Excellent Snail-water against Consumptions and Hectick Feavers.

Take a pound of Garden-Snails with their hells, especially those that are about Vines; rash them well with water and a little salt; hen wash them once or twice more with fair ater, to wash off the salt; then bruise them ith their shells to a Mash in a stone-Mortar: dd to them Ground-Ivy, Spedwell, Lungort, Scabious, Burnet, Coltsfoot, and Nete tops, of each a handfull; English Liquois, half an ounce; Dates stoned twelve in numer; of the four great cold Seeds, of each one ram and a half, Saffron a scruple, put them with the Snails in a new glazed Pipkin, or a in Coffee-pot, which is better, and pour on em a quart of Spring water; fasten the Coer close to the pipkin, by pasting it round with ough: Set the pipkin in a Kettle of hot water over the fire; let it stand therein for twelve hours; then strain it, and press out the Liquor, dissolving into it while it's warm a quarter of a pound of clarified Honey, put it up in Glass-Bottles, and keep it in a Cellar.

Note. That the Herbs must be shred, the

Seeds bruifed, and the Liquoras cut small.

This water cools the heat of the Hectick Fever through the cool, clammy, and glutinous Substance of the Liquor of Snails: It repairs: the parts confumed, it facilitates expectoration, that is, it makes the tough Matter and Flegmi come up easie by Cough, through its lenifying; quality, whereby it sweetens the Humors, by allaying those gnawing Salts that prey on the Lungs. Some would have this to be distilled; but in the distilling of the Snails, there is no part of the unctuous or glutinous Liquor that cometh over or passeth the Alembick, but remains in the bottom of the Still, and a meen Flegm and Elemantary water cometh over, which hath not power to do the Effects abovementioned. For this, and other Reasons, the Doctors commend the aforesaid Water. Water is also good for Rickets in Children. have been told by feveral credible persons, who have feen the experience of it, that many perfons have been recovered out of a Confumption by eating Snails boiled in Milk; the Snails washed with water and a little falt, and then washed again once or twice to wash off the Salt, and then stamped with their Shels, as in the forego ing Receipt, then boil them in Milk, and having strained it, grate some Nutmeg in it, and so eat it.

The Syrup of Turnips is very good for a Cough or Consumption. Make it thus.

Bake a quantity of Turnips pared, in a pipkin close covered, in an Oven with Housholdbread, then press out the Liquor as hard as you can: Take of this Liquor one pint, Hysop-water half a pint, boil it with brown Sugar Candy to a Syrup, and clarifie it with the White of an Egg.

Another Remedy against a Cold or Cough.

Take a pint of Hyfop-water, a quarter of a pound of Sugar-Candy, a spoonful of Anifeed bruised, and a small stick of Liquoras scraped and bruised, a Pippin sliced with the parings) let this stand together all night, the next morning boil it a quarter of an hour; then strain it, and take three or four spoonfuls of it at a time warm, in the Morning and at Night when you go to bed, and at any time in the Day.

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Another Remedy for a Cough or Cold from are to Eminent Lady.

Take Hysop, Raisins of the Sun stoned, and Figs sliced, of each a small handful, Aniseeds bruised two spoonfuls, Colts-foot a good handful; shred the Herbs, and put all together into a Gallon of Spring-water; boil it until above half be consumed, putting into it towards the latter end a good stick of Liquoras scraped and bruised; then strain it and stir in it three or four Spoonfuls of Honey. Drink thereof warm four or five spoonfuls at a time in the Morning, Afternoon, and at Night.

An Excellent Electuary for a Cough or Consumption.

Take Enulacampana-roots, boil them a little in Water, then pour away the Water, and boil them again in fresh water until they be tender; then mix them with as much of the Pap of roasted Pippins, the weight of these both of brown Sugar-Candy in fine Powder; stamp these well together in a Stone-Mortar to a Conserve.

Take of this every morning the quantity of a Walnut for a week or fortnight, and afterwards

take it but three times a week.

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Another Experimented Remedy for Asthma, Shortness of Breath, Straitness of Breast, and Oppression of the Stomach, &c.

Mr. Newel told me a Friend of his being much troubled with the Difeases above mentioned, took for some time every morning three spoonfuls of the best Sallet Oyl he could get, with a little Sugar; this he continued for some time,

and was perfectly cured.

I have been told, that several persons have been cured of dry consumptive Coughs, by drinking every Morning a good Draught of Posset Drink, and then taking three spoonfuls of good Sallet Oyl after it; in the Posset was poiled some of the Moss that groweth upon Oaken pales a good handful in two quarts; the Posset was repeated at night without the Oyl, drinking it warm, and sometimes in the Afternoon, taking sometimes at night one of Mathews's Pills, drinking the Posset after it, going to bed.

Some have been cured of dry Coughs by the life of this Posset alone boil'd with the white Moss that groweth upon Oaken pales, drinking t warm three times a day.

Another

Another Excellent Remedy against Consumpion, Experimented by Dr. Bates.

Take Colts-foot, Succory, Endive, Borage Liverwort, of each fix handfuls, shred them all very small, put them in a Gallon of new Milk, let them steep all night, in the morning distill them.

Take of this water, and of Red-Rose-water, of each three spoonfuls; put this to half an
pint of Red Cows Milk, sweeten it with Sugar
of Roses, and so drink it warm; repeat thee
same in the Asternoon, and at night when you
go to bed.

This is a very good Remedy; the water iss good against Hectick Fevers; and the use of the Sugar of Roses is good when there is any Loof-

nefs.

The Syrup of Ground-Ivy is a very Sovereign thing in all consumptive cases; it is pectoral, cephalick, and vulnerary, and heals the Ulcers of the Lungs; the best time of making it is in May. The way of making it is thus:

Take the Leaves and Stalks of it, cutting only the Root, then wash it, and drain it well; them shred it a little, and stamp it to a Mash in a stone-Mortar, then press it in a hair-bag in an Apothecaries Press, to get out all the Juice; which being setled, powr it off, and let it boil a walm or two, and the curd or dross will rise on the top of it; which scum off, then take two poundss

pounds of Sugar to a quart of Juyce, and having clarified it with the White of an Egg, boil it to the Confistence of a Syrup.

For a Cough of the Lungs, or any stuffing or obstruction in the inward Parts; which hath often been approved, and found effectual by many.

Take a Cock, dress him, and cut him all to pieces, and bruise all the Bones of him; then take of Aniseed bruised four ounces, Muiliene, and Lungwort shred small, of each a handful; a Fennel-Root also shred small: put all these to boil in a pottle of spring-water for three hours close covered, and as the Liquor confumeth, supply it with a quart of Hysop-water, and at the latter end put into it two ounces of Liquoras bruised; then strain it out, and press the Ingredients a little; then put into the Liquor two ounces of brown Sugar-Candy in powder. Take of this Liquor half a pint at night instead of a Supper, as hot as you can drink it, and lie down upon your back for a quarter of an hour. Do the like in the Morning before you rife, and fast three hours afha ter it.

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An Excellent Receipt for an old Cough, though never so great, used by my L. Hatton.

Take Raisins of the Sun stoned, and Figs washed and sliced of each two ounces, unset Hysop a handful, Enulacampana dried and bruised two ounces, Aniseeds bruised one ounce, boil all these in a gallon of small Ale, till half is consumed; then strain it, and put to it Honey and sweet Butter, of each four ounces, Safron dried and powdred, half a dram: boil them again gently till they be well incorporated. Drink of this Liquor warm, half a pint in the morning and at night. This Proportion made twice, hath cured Coughs of long continuance, and hath been often approved.

Dr. Hakins his Excellent Remedy for a Cold or Cough, as also to strengthen the Lungs, if there be any Defect in them.

Take three ounces of Enulacampana, scrape off the Rind, and cut it in thin slices, then boil it in three pints of Conduit-water, till it comes to a pint and a half; then put therein a pound of fine Sugar, and let it simper a little on the fire; then take it off, and let it cool, and it will be a perfect Syrup, whereof take three spoonfuls morning and evening.

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An Approved Remedy in all Assects of the Breast and Lungs, as Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Phthisick, Hasing, or Wheezing, and Ratling in the Pipes.

Take the best old Malago, and distil it in a Glass Cucurbite in Balneo Maria; when you have drawn off the Spirit, change the Receiver, and continue the distillation, drawing off the slegm until there remain in the bottom a Substance like Honey; which powr out, and mix it again with the slegm that you distilled off last.

Drink of this Liquor two or three times a day, putting into every draught a few drops of the odoriferous Spirit of Benjamin; which you may prepare thus: Put a Pound of Benjamin into a low Cucurbite of Glass, and distil it in B. M. or in a Sand Furnace, and there will first come over a clear Liquor, which will have all the odoriferous Scent of the Benjamin; which is a most excellent thing for the Breast and Lungs.

A Remedy for the Lungs when they are stopt with Flegm, &c.

Take Enulacampana root well dried, Liquoras and Aniseeds, of each an ounce, Flower of Sulphur, half and ounce, Sugar-Candy, six ounces; make all into fine Powder, and take thereof half a spoonful three times a day.

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Also take the following Decoction.

Take a Pottle of Hysop-water, Maidenhair, Scabious, Colts-foot and Horehound, of each a handful, Aniseeds and Liquoras bruised, of each one ounce, Figs sliced, Raisins of the Sun stoned, Dates sliced, of each three ounces; boil it all to a quart, and sweeten it with fine Sugar: Take a small draught of this warm, in the morning fasting, and at four in the Asternoon, and at Night, and as often as you think good.

An Excellent Mad for the Same.

Boil one Gallon of Honey with halfa pint of Water, and four it clean, then add four Gallons of Water, and boil it gently for two hours, fourming it all the while; then put into it four ounces of Raifins of the Sun stoned, Enulacampana roots two ounces, Fennel roots, Marsh mallow roots, and Polypode, of each one ounce, Maidenhair, Colts-foot, Sage, Betony, Scabious, and Hysop, of each a handful, Aniceds one ounce; put all these Ingredients into it so soon as there rises no more scum; then let it cool, and work it with yeast, and Tunit. Orink thereof warm at pleasure: It is excellent for the Breast and Lungs.

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Against the Rising of the Lungs, an Excellent Remedy.

There is nothing better than the water of Enulacampana roots, stamp the green Roots in a stone-mortar, and mix with them half as much of green Liquoras; then distil it in a Glass-Still. Take of this Water half a spoonful at a time, whensoever the raising doth trouble you, mix it with as much Muscadine or old Malago; or take it in the water of Ladies Mantel, or Leons foot, if you cannot take it alone.

To make Excellent Lozenges against a Cold, Cough of the Lungs, and Consumption.

Take one pound of fine Sugar in Powder, Liquoras and Enulacampana finely powdered, of each four ounces; put them into a little earthen Pan, and moisten them with two or hree spoonfuls of Unset Hysop-water, distilled when it is in its Flower; then sprinkle into it a little powdred Pepper, and cast them upon a Pie-late with Flower strewed on it, when it is cold, form them out.

Defluxions and Rheumes.

Take Mastick, Nutmegs and Orrice roots in fine Powder, of each half an ounce, red Storax,

Storax, and Frankincense, of each an ounce and half, Raisins stoned, and Sugar penidies, off each two ounces: make a Paste thereof with Mead, and form it into Lozenges, about the bigness of a small Bean apiece. Hold one under your Tongue at your pleasure night and day; but especially when you are laid to rest, and let it dissolve of it self.

To make white Lozenges for the Breast and Lungs, Cold, Cough, and Rheum in the Head.

Candy and Penide-Sugar, of each one ounce, Florence, Orice-root in fine powder, two drams. Liquoras in powder three drams, fine Starch-flower three drams. Mix them all together, and with Gum-Dragant steeped in Rose-water, make

Lozenges. To make Penide Sugar.

Diffolve fine Sugar in Barley-water over an gentle Fire, and clarifie it with Whites off Eggs twice; then strain it, and boil it gently, until it rifes up in great bubbles, and being chewed, sticks to your Teeth. Then powr itt upon a Marble-stone, anointed with Oyl of Almonds (letting first the bubbles fink, being removed from the Fire, and almost cold) keep it up in a body as near as you can, by bringing backt the outfide to the middle with your Fingers, being rubbed with a little starch-flower. When it is grown almost quite cold and ropy, draw it out in Threds, and twift them in what shape your videmore Cap. 12 CHAP. Page 110 ands forwards.

CHAP. II.

Of Exquisite Remedies against the SCURVEY.

he Compound Horse-Radish Water against the Scurvey.

Pake of Garden and Sea-Scurvey-Grass, of each three pound, stamp them, and press the Juice of them, which mix with Juice Water-cresses, and Brook-lime, of each three arters of a pint; to this Mixture add two arts of the best white Wine, six Limons cut to small slices; fresh Briony roots two pound, orse-radishes one pound Winters bark sour nees, Nutmeg two ounces; steep them all three days, then distil it. The best way

of distilling this water is in our Engine prefixecons to the Book of Cookery, if you have not and Alembick with a Refrigeratory or Bucked head or a Worm; for if you distil it in an ordinar Still, you will lose a great part of its volatilling Spirit, it being composed of all volatile things You may also distil it in a Tin Cucurbite with: Glass-Head in a Sand Furnace; that is, an Iron Tu Pot set up in Brick-work, as they do a Copper tod and instead of a Glass Cucurbite, have one madition of Tin, which will last many years, whereas: Glass one will be apt to break; to which fit Glass-head, as is describ'd in the page of our Em gin,& having put Sand in the bottom of the Ironia Pot, about an Inch thick; fet the Cucurbite upon ma that, and having fitted the Head and Receives this to it, and luted all the Junctures with Paste and har Paper, fill the Pot with Sand round about the Cucurbite, and make afire in the Furnace under to the Pot.

The Vertues of the aforesaid Water.

It is not only prevalent against the Scurvey but it is also very good against the Dropsie, and the Stone and Gravel, both in the Reins and Bladder, Strangury of Urine, &c. for it is very distriction, it is good against the Green Sicks and ness, Stoppage of the Terms, and cleanses the womb; it opens Obstructions of the Liver and Spleen, and purifies the Blood: The Dose in from one spoonful to two or three, in Rheniss wines

rine, morning and evening; you may also take in a finart water, which is very good for the tone and Gravel.

o prepare an Excellent Antiscorbutick Wine of Dr. Mynfycht, in Scroderus Dispensatory.

Take the Juyce of Scurvigrafs, of Waterrestes, of Brooklime, of Sorrel, all depuramed, of each a quarter of a pint; Rhenish wine, wo quarts; roots of Horse-radish, Enulacammana, of Flower-de-luce, cut into thin Slices, f each an ounce and an half; Seeds of Rocket muised one ounce, two Nutmegs bruised; put l into a Stone Bottle, stop it very close, and eep it in a cold place for Use.

It univerfally evacuates all evil humors; cung the Scurvey to a wonder. It is recommendto be a perfect and infallible Experiment to urifie the Blood, being taken morning and

ight, a quarter of a pint at a time.

The manner of depurating Juyces is thus:

Let your Juyces settle for twelve hours, then owr it off gently from the gross impurities tled at the bottom; boyl it gently in a Pipn, and take off the Scum or Curds, letting it byl only a walm or two, then strain it.

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The Countess of Arundel's Scurvigrass-Ale.

Take Garden and Sea-Scurvigrass of each s handfuls, Fumitory and Ground-Ivy (or All hoof) of each fix handful, of Brook-lim three handfuls, of Watercresses six handfuls of Horse-radish half a pound; wash them ven clean, and dry them in a Linnen Cloth; the shred them and stamp them a little in a Stone Mortar, then take a bag of Boulter-cloth, arr put it into the Bung of your Barrel, and put Gad of Steel in the bottom of it to fink it down keep the upper end of the bag out of the bunn and put into it your Ingredients; then put inu it three Gallons of new Ale, and after three of four days drink of it, a draught in the Moo ning falting, and another an hour before Din ner, in the Afternoon with some moderas Exercise after it : Also taking a gentle Purg before you use this Drink, as some genti Night-Pills, or the like.

CHAI

Select Benedict

Take nine theoretals of this Liquor in the

Of Choice and Experimented Remedies against the DROPSIE.

very Good and Approved Remedy against the Dropsie, wherewith a Great Lady was cured.

Penyroyal, Nettle tops, of each a handful, raway Seeds, Calamint, Elecampane roots, each one ounce; boil it in fix quarts of rung water, until half be confumed; then strain then put to this Liquor a pottle of Canary k; add Liquoras scraped and bruised two ces, sweet Fennel-seed one ounce, Cummin l, and Alexander seeds, of each two drams: I all these together again for half an hour; I strain it, and keep it for Use.

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Take

Take nine spoonfuls of this Liquor in the Morning fasting, and as much about three co four in the Asternoon, and continue it for some time together.

Another very good Diet-Drink against the Dropsii

Take Polipode of the Oak six ounces, the Bark of Lignum vita, three ounces, Sassafra four ounces, Sena six ounces, Aniseeds three ounces, Epithymum, Stechados, of each had an ounce, Raisins of the Sun stoned, half pound, Hermodactyles three ounces; Agarick Rhubarb, China root, of each half an ounce Liquoras four ounces; put all these (being weed bruised) into two Gallons of Ale, and six quarr of white wine; let them insuse all night, the boil it in a Vessel close covered for two hour and a half; then strain it being cold.

Let the Patient drink of this Liquor throtimes a day, half a pint at a time, viz. in the Morning early, and another draught an hour two before dinner, and about four in the Alternoon. Boil the remaining Ingredients Ale as before, and drink of this second Liquor at meals, and at any other time, drinking

other Liquor but these two.

Let your Diet be of Roast-meat, of Mutto and Fowl, but not Veal, eating often Raiss of the Sun, with Biskets instead of a Supper.

Aneti

Another Approved Remedy against the Dropsie.

Take quick good midling Ale, and put theren a fufficient quantity of the best Wormwood, let it stand over night, the next morning take three or four Cloves of Garlick, peel them, and then prick them with a Needle in three or four places, then swallow them whole if you can; if not, you may cut them less: then drink a good draught of the Wormwood-Ale after it; and then do upon it as much Exercise is conveniently you can; at Dinner eat what rou will of good wholfom Diet, but at night up not, or but very little; and at going to ed, take the Cloves of Garlick again, and Irink a good draught of the Wormwood-Ale fter it, as in the Morning. Continue this till ou are well, which usually is in twenty or thirty lays; But during the Cure, you must every norning and night use the following Bath or omentation: Take three Gallons of Conduitvater, and boil in it five or fix handfuls of Malows, and two pound of fresh Mutton-Suet that which is next the Kidneys) skinned and hred small, and half a peck of Wheat bran; oyl it till the Fat be throughly melted, and he Vertue of the Mallows drawn out into the liquor; then strain it into a Tub or a large vooden Bowl, and bath your feet and legs herein for half an hour or an hour, fomenting he legs with the Herbsas hot as you can endure It.

for after you have taken the Garlick and Worm-wood-Ale awhile, it will drive the humors into the legs and feet, which will be much swelled with it, and pit much; but the Bath will draw all the Humors and Water out of them. This hath often been experienced with happy success.

You may also use the following dry Bath:
Take yellow Amber the worth of three pence,
or sour pence; pulverize it, and mix it with
a quart of good Wine-Vinegar, then take a
Brick and make it hot, but not red hot; put it
into a Tub, putting some Ashes under it; then
powr upon the Brick the mixture of the Vinegar and Amber, and hold the swell'd legs over
the smoak of it, covering the Tub well with
Sheets or Blankets, that none of the Smoak
may come out, and immediatly the Water will
come out of the Legs, and they will be cured,
whether they be swoln with the Dropsie, or with
any other bad Humour.

Sir Kenelm Digby relates, that an Eminent person of Quality was exceedingly overgrown with the Dropsie, and his Belly swell'd to a prodigious Bigness, he sate in a sweating Stove, such as men use to sweat in, and used this Remedy, powring the Liquor with the Amber upon hot Bricks laid upon Ashes, to save the wood from burning; when the Bricks grew cold, they changed them, putting in other hot ones, and in a little while it melted him away to an in-

credible

that

Steam, he felt a wonderful active heat piercing into his Body. The Stove was covered close at the top with Sheet and Blankets, leaving only his Head in the Air, with the Cloaths fastned about his Neck. Once sweating thus served his turn; all his Servants with fresh hot Napkins could not suffice to wipe dry the sweaty water that ran out of his Body.

Another Excellent Remedy against the Dropsie, which Dr. William gave to Sir K. Digby.

Take Elder wood, and pare off first the grey putward Bark, then scrape off the inner green Rind, whereof take four handfuls, and one pandful of Wormwood: then take two quarts of Beer, and as much Ale, and two quarts of white Wine, put them together with the Ingredients, into a large Stone Bottel, stop it lose, and let it stand so three or four days, hat the Liquor may imbibe to it felf all the virthen strain it and bottle t up into quart Bottles; which being stopt muclose, it will grow very quick and pleasant. Drink of this at Meals, and all times when you Repave need to drink. If you add to this Composiion two handfuls of the inner Rind of the Rost of will be more efficacious, as you will underand by the following Remedy. If you find the Prink too strong of the Ingredients, you may add fore Beer, and Ale, and Wine. The Doctor faid

that the mixture of the several sorts of Liquors will cause the Patient to make water in abundance.

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Another Experimented Remedy against the Dropsie, wherewith a man was cured who had been in the Hospital, but without Benefit, or Hope of Cure.

Take the Root of the Shrub called Gost (it groweth upon Hills and upon Heaths, it is full of Prickles and yellow Flowers) pare off the outward Bark, which throw away, then scrape off the inner Rind, and fill a pint-pot therewith loosly; then fill it up with Rhenish or white Wine; let it stand to insuse all night, the next morning drink a good Glass sull of it, and continue it till you are cured.

A Famous Cure of a desperate Dropsie by a Diet of Garlick, performed by Dr. Farrar, upon an Eminent Lord.

Having well purged the Patient first with some sit Purge to carry away waterish Humors, the Doctor ordered him the following Diet of Garlick: Make some moderate Broth of Mutton, Chickens, and Capon or Hen, but not Veal; it must not be too strong of the Meat, nor too weak, but such as you may drink all the day; for you should drink no other Liquor. You must make but about a Pottle of Broth at a time, by reason it will not keep; and for this quantity,

quantity, you must take a Gallon of Water, into which, put above a handful of Garlick, and Rosemary, Thyme, Penniroyal, sweet Marjoram, Fennel roots, and Parfly roots; as also Currans, and a sufficient quantity of Salt. And after some days taking the Broth, put in; to every draught you take of the Broth, a spoonful or more of the Juice of Garlick, made by stamping raw Garlick, and then pressed out. But if you cannot bear it always to take this Broth, then use the following Decoction.

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Take Sarfaparilla twelve ounces, China root five ounces, Sassafras three ounces; cut all these very small, and powr upon them so much Fountain-water as may cover them the breadth of three fingers; let them infuse in a Pipkin, which, set in a Kettle of hot water for the space of four hours; then throw away this water; and stamp the Ingredients in a Stone-Mortar; then boyl them inten quarts of Fountain-water, in a Vessel close covered, till four quarts of it be confumed: Of this Decoction drink without any other Liquor but the Garlick-broth, taking fometimes the one, and fometimes the other.

Another Drink.

Take all the aforesaid Ingredients in the same manner prepared and stamped, and put them into a Bag, and hang them in a clean Veffel filled with Beer; to every of the Ingredients you must take a quart of Beer. Either of these Drinks

Drinks is only in case you cannot bear the Use of the Garlick-broth, which alone will dispatch the Cure much the sooner, if you can bear it.

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This course of the Garlick-broth is for all Obstructions and Superfluity of cold, raw Humors (clogging the Brains) as well as for the Dropsie.

To strengthen the Liver, use the following Ele-

Take Powder of Turmerick, make an Electury of it with Sugar, add to every ounce of it three drops of Oyl of Aniseeds made by distillation, and if you put a little Ambergreece to it, it will be better. Take of this Electuary two or three times a day the quantity of a hazel-nut; but take not above one ounce in a day.

Besides this, to strengthen the Stomach, use this following Stomacher.

Take Wormwood, Marjoram, Rosemary, Rue, of each one handful; Cloves, Cinamon, Mace, of each an ounce; bruise these Spices, and mix them with herbs shred small, and make a Stomacher thereof, and apply it. And you may likewise anoint your Stomach and Region of the Liver with Oyl of Nutmeg and Oyl of Roses.

Dr. Farrar gave this Receipt to Sir K. Digby, who

who recommended him to the Lord, and Sir. K. made the Bargain between the Lord and the Doctor, who was to have five hundred pound for his Cure; and I heard Sir K. fay, that after twelve or thirteen days, the Patient began to pifs in great abundance, and so very stinking, noisom, roping Matter, that the Nurse which emptied the Pots, was scarce able to endure the stench and noisomness of it: And continuing the Remedy, the Lord was perfectly cured.

The Silver Pills, as we prepared them in Sir K. Digby's Elaboratory, are also a specifick Remedy against the Dropsie; the description thereof is in Sir Kenelm Digby's Collection of Chymical Secrets, Printed for me in 1682.

A very good Plaister to be applied to the Belly for the Dropsie.

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Take Rue, Camomil, Melilot, Calamint, of each two ounces; beat them small, and boyl them in Wine, and Oyl of Dill; then add Gummi Carana, Gum of Wax, of each as much as sufficeth to make a Plaister.

CHAP.

CHAP. IV.

Of Choice and Experimented Remedies against the Stone and Gravel.

Dr. Mynsycht his Stone-breaking Wine.

Ounce and half; Roots of Rest-harrow, of Eringo, of Liquoras, of each one ounce; roots of Stone-Parily, half an ounce; Juniper-Berries bruised, Winter-Cherries, of each one dram; Gromwel seeds, Haws, Seeds of Mallows and Marsh-Mallows, of each one dram and half; slowers of Broom and Violets, of each one dram; dried Figs and Sebestens, of each twelve in number; cut and bruise them all, and put them to insufe in Rhenish wine and Rainwater, of each three pints, for four and twen-

twode

ty hours; then boyl it until a third part be confumed; then strain it being cold, and to the strained Liquor add a quarter of a pound of re-

fined Sugar, and keep it for Use.

It is much recommended to be of great Use in Diseases of the Reins; it provokes Urine, and the Terms, breaks, dissolves, and expels the Stone, whether in the Reins or Bladder; it ppens and dissolves all slimy and Tartarous Matter obstructing those Passages. Drink a good draught of it every morning fasting.

A most Precious Spirit to break and bring away
Stone and Gravel.

Take roots of Elecampane, Burnet, Parsly, Rones of a Perces head, Crabs Eyes, Goatsblood, of each one ounce; feeds of water-Carrots, white Saxifrage, Fennel-feed, Anifeed, Gromwel-feed, Roman Nettles, Broom, Juniper berries, Winter-Cherries, of each half an nounce; Pepper, white, black and long, of each two drams; bruise all the Ingredients; and mix them, and digest them in Spirit of Wine for twenty days; then distil it in Balneo Maria; then dissolve in the distilled Spirit, Salt of Cryad Ital two drams; then take a hundred Monkeypeafe, or Hoglice (those that rowl themselves go cound when they are touched) bruise them, and dinfuse them in the Spirit, until the Tincture is extracted; then filter it, and keep it for Use.

This breaks the Stones in both Reins and Bladl der, and brings it away by Urine, as also the Gravel. Take it in Arsmart water; the Dossis from one spoonful to three. It is a great Specifick in this Case.

Another Stone-breaking Spirit.

Take the shells of an Estridge Egg, pulverized it, and digest it in Spirit of Salt, until it beed dissolved, and the Egg-shells appear in bits

then filtre, and keep it for Use.

This Medicine was invented by the Empepor's Physicians, and as Closseus says, is second to none against the Stone and stoppage of Urine; it opens strongly, forces away the Stones and Gravel, expels Water in Dropsies, provokes the Terms, and sometimes purges by Stool.

Dr. Bacon's Remedy against the Stone and Gravel, which he gave to Sir Kenelm Digby.

Take four Gallons of running water, four pound of fine Sugar in Powder, Eringo roots, and Raisins of the Sun stoned, of each one pound; a Branch of fresh Rosemary: Boyl all these together till half be consumed; then work it up with a little Yeast; then Tunn it, and put the Peel of a fresh Limon into it: when it hath done working, you may bottle it if you please: of this drink morning and evening, and when-soever

bever you are adry. The faid Doctor hath had reat Experience of this.

the L.of Denbigh his Remedy against the Stone, unto which he attributes his Cure of the Stone, as he told Sir K. Digby.

Take a good ounce of Melon-seeds, and near quart of small quick Beer, and a little Rhenish ine; brew the chief quantity of the Drink ith the yolks of six new laid Eggs, and draw ie Milk out of the Almonds with another part it, add a little Spirit of Clary, and as much irgin-Honey as will sweeten it; then mingle id brew all together, and drink a large draught ereof.

This Drink is also very healing, and very rengthning every way, If you have not good elon-seeds, you may take a good quantity of anched Almonds, and you may put in Juice of range, and what you please.

n Experienced Remedy for the Stone and Gravel, and Stoppage of Urine.

Take wild Carot-seeds one dram, bruise them ittle, and powr upon them a draught of white ne; stop the Bottle close, and let it stand all the the next morning strain it through a lin-n Cloth, and drink it.

This cured a Gentleman in France, who was ich troubled with Stoppage of Urine, and

Viscosities; which they called the Stone; oncome taking this Remedy, preserved him from all interest conveniencies of Urine for half a year. When the Disease grew again upon him, he took again this Remedy.

Another for the Same.

A Gentlewoman told me that she was much troubled with the Gravel, Strangury, and stop-page of Urine, so that in ten days time she diddient not make a pint of water, which was a greated torment to her; she was taught to take Oyl offerm Olive and Milk, of each a quarter of a pint, and a spoonful of honey; mix all together, and drink with it blood-warm. This opened the passage offerm Urine, and caused her to make water in abundance, with Gravel, and she was perfectly curred. Oyl of sweet Almonds would have been used better than Sallet Oyl.

Sir K. Digby's Remedy for the Gravel and Strangury, and Stoppage of Urine, which I prepared many times for him, and by which he found great Relief.

Take the white of a new-laid Egg, and heat the it well with a Spoon in a Porringer for a quarter of an hour; then let it settle, and take off the Scum; mix the clear with two spoonfuls of white wine, and four spoonfuls of red-Rose-water, and put to it one ounce of Sugar-Candy in powder;

against the Stone and Gravel.

bed. Continue this fix or feven days.

Inother very precious Remedy against the Stone, Gravel, Stoppage and Strangury of Urin, of Dr. Horstius.

Take Saxifrage roots one ounce; Jews stone where ounce and a half, asparagus and Scordium, feach half a handful; seeds of Parsly, Bishops eed, Ivy of the wall, broom, bay-berries, of the charm of the charm in the sun, or in warm Sand for twenges of days.

It is an excellent Remedy against the Stone and moravel, Ulcers in the Reins and Bladder; it is not against the Colick, it provokes Urin and the terms. The Dose is seven or eight spoonfuls in

orning fasting.

Another Remedy against the Stone and Gravel.

Make a Posset of a quart of Milk, Ale and hite wine, a quarter of a pint; then having ken off the Curd, put into the Posset Parsly pots, Leaves of Pellitory of the wall, and Iallows, of each a handful, water cresses half handful, two sprigs of Thyme, Liquoras bruid one ounce; shred the herbs, and let all boil util there remain but a quart, which sweeten E. 2. With

with Sugar-Candy, and drink a Draught of in the Morning, or at any time before meat.

Dr. Horstius his great and approved Water to break the dissolve and bring away the Stone and Gravel.

Take of the Juice of Leeks, Onions and Ramus dishes, of each two pounds; Juyces of Limons and Pelitory and Mouse-ear of each half a pound with Calx of Christal, Pigeon-dung of each half pound; digest it for ten days, then distribute.

This is recommended to be one of the most excentent Medicines yet known against the Stone and Gran Town vel: Dr. Salmon says he hath known it do wonder even in desperate Cases: You may give it from one dram to half an ounce at a time, in some sit Vehicles as Rhenish wine, or Allone, or in Persicary was ter.

Note, That if you add to the Composition two some pound of Monkey-pease, the heads of them being pulled off, and thrown away, and then the Bodies bruised, it will be much the better.

A Remidy to provoke Vrine, much approved.

Take a black Flint stone that strikes Fire, hear one it red hot in a strong sire, then put it into a pinush of white wine, and cover the pot, and when it states is thorowly quenched, let the Patient drink in clear cff.

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against the Stone and Gravel. [53.

Another for the same.

Take Horse-dung new made, boil it in Malai; then strain it, and lay the Horse-dung very
arm between two cloaths, or Plaister-wise
om the Throat to the bottom of the Belly,
being the or ten Inches broad; apply it at night,
e Patient lying upon his Back: apply hot
iles on the outside to continue the Heat.

This hath been proved by many with good success.

To provoke Vrine in an hours time, mix fine Powrof Saffron with black Sope, and apply it to the avil, being spred on Leather.

r Kenelme Digby's Excellent Remedy against the Stone, which the Lady Digby, Sir Kenelme's Mother usually took, and found the greatest Benefit by it.

Gather the Leaves of Golden-rod when it is in a greatest vigor; dry them in the shade, and hen you are troubled with the Stone or Gratel, take one ounce thereof (made into subtile owder) in a small Glass of white wine and lilk, of each a like quantity; repeat this as steen as there is cause for it.

When the Herb is fresh and green, you may boil handful of it in white wine Posset Drink, and rink it instead of the dried Herb, which is to keep the year.

The

The Lord Ruthen's Receipt to prevent the growth of the Stone and Gravel.

Take French Barly a handful, wash it in several waters, Marsh-mallow roots, half a handful, Liquoras two drams, sweet Fennel seed, a spoonful; boil these in a Pottle of Spring-water till a Pint is consumed or more; then strain it, and dissolve in it a dram of Gum Arabick.

Drink of this cold in the Morning fasting, and as often as you please, till it gives you

ease.

Another very good Remedy against the Stone and Gravel in the Kidneys.

Take of Mallows and Pelitory of the wall of each a handful; fweet Fennel feeds, Grumwel feeds bruifed, and Raifins of the Sun stoned, of each one ounce; Liquoras scrap'd and bruifed half an ounce, ten Figs sliced; boil all these in a quart of new Milk (till a fourth part is consumed) then strain it, and with white wine and small Ale, of each three quarters of a Pint make a Posset; drink thereof at pleasure, half a Pint at a time, adding to it a spoonful of Syrup of Marsh-mallows to every draught.

Another

Another very good Remedy for the same, much approved.

Take Saxifrage, Pelitory of the wall, wild Thyme, young Radishes, Leaves and Roots, arily Leaves and Roots, the tops of red Netles, red Sage, and Harrs-horn rasped, of each handful; shred them all very small, or rather tamp them, and insuse them all night in a Galon of new milk; the next morning distil it with moderate heat. Drink of this Water with yrup of Marsh-Mallows.

Another for the Stone and Gravel, and for Strangury and Stoppage of Urine, much approved.

Take the Fat of a Buck Rabbit, melt it, and moint the Back and Reins with it.

This will open the Passage of Urine wonderfully. A Child wascured with this, so that in twenty four pours it made four Pots full of Urin.

Diet for prevention of the Stone and Gravel, or to be observed by such as are troubled with it.

Forbear eating of Eggs, all falt and tart meats and fauces, Pork, Milk, or any thing made of Milk, except Possets, Cabbage, Colworts, Colli-slowers, and such like; let your Diet be Mutton, Veal, Rabbit and Fowl, and the quantity moderate;

moderate; let your Drink be of the midling fort, and not too stale; forbear drinking Claret, drink Spanish Wine rather than French.

CHAP. V.

Select Remedies against all sorts of COLLICKS.

Dr. Turner's Remedy for the Cholick and Stone.

Ake two drams of Jet, one dram of Elderflowers, Date-stones, one Nutmeg, Parslyfeeds, and Gromwel seeds, of each a spoonful; let them be all powdered and finely searced;
take the weight of sixpence thereof in a draught
of Posset-drink made with Ale and white Wine;
take it in the Morning fasting, and about four
in the Afternoon.

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Another for the Same. B To 196193

Drink of the distilled water of Parsley in hite Wine or good Ale; it helpeth the Col-tck or Strangury, and consumeth the Stone.

Another for the Cllick, Stone, Strangury and Dropsie.

Take Sena one ounce, Ginger, Aniseeds, Linoras, Mace, Nettle-seeds, and great Saffron, feach two peny weight, Cinamon three peny eight; reduce it all into a fine Powder, and ke half a spoonful thereof in Posset, Wine, le or Broth.

present Remedy for all kind of Collick what soever.

Take Mint, Sage (both of them dry) of ch two handful; digest them in a Pottle of e best Spirit of Wine in a Cucurbite for eight ys; then distilit in Balneo Marie, taking but third part of it; the rest is good, but in a eaker degree. Take of the first Spirit a dram d half in two ounces of white Wine.

For the Wind-Collick and Stone-Collick.

Take four long Pepper Corns, two Races of nger, both bruised, two sprigs of Rosemary, the shells of two new-laid Eggs in fine Powder, the

the inner Skins being taken away; boil them together for a quarter of an hour in a pint of white Wine; then beat the yolk of an Egg in a little white Wine, let it boil a walm, and brew them together with two ounces of Loaf-Sugar; drink it warm going to bed.

This hath holpen very many.

Another for the Wind-Collick and Stone.

Take four hard red Onions, boil them in three pints of strong Ale till a quart is consumed; then strain it, and drink it warm.

For the Collick and griping of the Guts.

Take Sage and Mint, boil them in a fit proportion of Claret Wine; then strain it, and sweeten it with a little Sugar, and drink it warm.

Another for the same, from the Lady Drury.

Take a green Turf of Grass, and lay it to the Navil, the green side next the skin, and let it remain there till you find ease.

Another for the Collick, Pain in the Stomack, or Worms.

Take a spoonful of the Powder of dried Oaange peels, drink it in Wine, Broth, or warms Ale. mito

For the Collick or Ulcer in the Kidneys.

Make a Posset of Milk and white Wine, put hereto three spoonfuls of red Nettles, and an unce of Syrup of Althan. Take this proportion for three Mornings together, and by God's slistance, it will ease you of the pain.

For the Wind-Collick.

Take Columbine Leaves, Camomile, red age, of each a handful; stamp and press the uyce out of them; put as much Beer to it as will nake a Posset; and having taken off the Curd, out into it Ginger and Nutmeg at discretion, and drink it warm.

A Remedy against an Ague.

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d let the Patient drink it an hour or two be

Jails begin to change blow; repeat this natil

e Fit, or albour as he perceives that hi

deval.

Ake a large Mutmen, and grate half of it, and mix it, with the volk of an Ex-

CHAP.

CHAP. VI.

For the Collete or Olean in the A

Of Remedies against all sorts of AGUES and FEAVERS.

A Remedy against an Ague.

Ake a large Nutmeg, and grate half of it, and mix it with the yolk of an Egg beaten; then put to it five or fix spoonfuls of Plague-water; shake it well together, and let the Patient drink it an hour or two before the Fit, or assoon as he perceives that his Nails begin to change blew; repeat this until it be cured.

This is a very wholfome Medicine, it strengthens then the Back wonderfully, and cannot be taken too of-

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Another for the same.

Take a spoonful of good strong Mustard, mix it with a draught of hot Ale, and let the Patient drink it whenever he perceives his Fit will come upon him. Repeat this two or three times if it cures not the first time.

Another for the same.

Nettles, mix it with eight spoonfuls of strong Ale, give this to the Patient warm an hour or two before his Fit; let him lie warm covered in bed to sweat, with Bottles of hot wather at his feet and under his Arm-pits to cause Sweat.

You need not give so much of the Juyce to a Child; proportion it according to their age: This quantity here set down is for midling persons. If his Fit be uncertain, let him take it so soon as he feel at hany emotion of his approaching Fit.

Another Remedy for an Aque.

Take of Rue and Peniroyal each a handful; poil them together in a Posset made of Ale and Milk; drink a good draught thereof warm in a Morning fasting, and when you go to bed; continue this for three days together.

This cured a Woman that gave suck.

Sir Kenelm Digby's Remedy for the Ague, which hath cured many.

Take three drams of Venice or London Treacle; put it into a quarter of a pint of white Wine, and put it into a little pot very close covered, let it stew simpringly for half an hour, stirring it sometimes. Let the Patient take this an hour or two before his Fit, shaking it well together, and drinking it warm, let him go to bed, and cover himself warm to sweat. Repeat this two or three times.

This Medicine was fetched far and near, and it was delivered to all that came for it; and many persons were cured by it, both rich and poor; as also several of Sir Kenelme's Fam.ly. It is a whole-some and safe Remedy.

A Plaister for the Agne.

Take Hops and Salt, of each a handful, Corants a quarter of a pound; stamp these together in a Mortar, and lay it to the wrists.

Another Plaister.

Take Linseed, and bruise it well in a Mortar; make it into a Pultice with the Patient's own water, and lay it to the wrists.

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Another.

Take of the Leaves of strong Tobacco six drams, Corants a small handful; beat them together in a Mortar; then mix them with so much Turpentine as will make them into a Salve; which spread upon Leather, and lay it to the vrists. Spread it an inch thick, and lay it on wenty sour hours before the Fit.

It will cure either a Tertian, Quotidian, or Quartan Ague.

Kenelme Digby's Method, and as it was prepared by his Order in his Laboratory, and as I prepare it now.

Take four ounces of black ends of Crabslaws, taken when the Sun is in the Sign of Caner, Crabs-eyes, fine Pearls and Corals prepared,
f each an ounce; yellow Amber, half an ounce;
bots of Contrayerva, Virginian Snakeroot, of
ach fix drams; Oriental Bezoar three drams;
f the bones that are found in the hearts of
tags, four scruples; reduce all into a subtil
owder, sprinkle the Crabs-claws and Crabsres, and the Powder of Pearls and Corals with
little Juice of Limon to make it ferment a lite: Then the next day mix all well together,
iding one ounce of Tincture of Saffron, and
owr upon the Mass (when you incorporate it)
three

three or four spoonfuls of Spirit of Honey, or Jelly of Harts-horn, and Jelly of the Skins off Vipers that have been dried in the shadow. Then add to this Composition one ounce of Trochisques of Vipers; grind it all well together to make it well incorporate; then make it up into little: Balls, and let them dry, and keep them for: Use.

The Vertues.

This Powder is a most Sovereign Remedy in all!

Pestilential and Epidemical Distempers, in all Malignant, Spotted or Purple Fevers; it drives out the Small Pox and Measles, drives the Venom from the Heart, and hinders the Vapors to fly up to the Headlend Brain; it is sudorifick, and drives out by transpiration all bad humors, resists Corruption, and corroborates and strengthens Nature.

The Dose is from six to twenty or thirty Grains, and in an extremity of the Plague one may give it

from thirty to forty grains.

Sir K. D. had this Powder always ready by him in his Closet; and many persons of Quaity far and near sent to him for some of it, when any of their Chilaren had the Small Pox or Measles, and never any did miscarry of all that took it. It is also good against the biting of mad Dogs, stinging of Vipers, and other venomous Beasts.

AI

hot Fit of an Ague and Fever.

Take of the Countess of Kents Powder twelve rains, Cochinele two grains; grind them toether, and let the Patient take it in a spoonful f the following Cordial Julep, drinking four poonfuls more of the said Julep after it; this suft be given when the hot Fit has been one pur upon him, and once in two hours let him the sive spoonfuls more of the said Julep, and continue as long as the hot Fit lasts.

The Cordial Julep.

Take of the Elixetary-Milk-water, fix ounces, Plague-water three ounces; double refined igar fix drams, mix them together. This was dered by Dr. Brooks.

The Preparation of this Water you shall find in Chapter of Cordial Waters.

Another Julep to cool in Fevers.

Take twelve parts of water, and two of ney, boil them very gently together, until have fourmed away all the Soum that will and have clarified it with Whites of Eggs; in take it from the Fire, and put to it one tof Vinegar, and let it run twice or thrice rough a Hypocras-Bag. Drink three or four foon

spoonfuls of it Morning, Evening, in the Night, In once in two hours, or when you will.

This hinders the Fermentation of sharp Humors, and their flying up to the Head.

A refreshing and cooling Drink in a Burning Feaver.

Take four Quarts of Fountain-water, and five spoonfuls of French Barley, scald the Barley first in two or three waters, then boil it with half a pound of Corants, until a Quart be confumed; then put into it two handfuls of Woodforrel, and as much common Sorrel shred small, and stamped; let them insuse in the Decoction for an hour without boiling; then strain it, and drink thereof with the Juyce of an Orange and a little Sugar.

An Excellent Julep of Lemons for a Calenture, ver Burning Fever.

Take Limons and peel them, then press out all the Juyce from them, which being setled four and twenty hours, powr off the Clear, and strain it, or filtre it, and digest it in a stone-bottle in hot water or in Sand, for twelve days; then filtre it again, and digest again as before: repeat this until it settle no more sæces; in the mean time calcine the yellow Rind or Peel of the Lemons, and with distilled water draw the Salt out of the Ashes; put this Salt to the purified

Il Juyce; and digest them for some time tother; then put it into little Vials, of an ounce lece, which is the Dose for a big body.

Two Dose of this will cure the greatest Burning ver: it is best to give it by it self; but if the tient doth not like the Tast of it, you may mix a tle Sugar with it.

This is much better than the Syrup of Lemons; in the boiling there evaporates away the greatest tof that which is the best of the Lemons. This I keep good five or six years.

Dr. Farrar his approved Remedy for a Purple Fever.

Take Cochinele in fine powder thirty or forgrains to a person of twenty years, give it some sit Cordial Water, or in Wine, if you we no Cordial Water at hand. If the Patient younger, proportion it to his Age; as seven ains to a Child of three years old, eighteen ains to one of 6 years; after twice or thrice ling this, and keeping the Patient warm, the isease will break out in Spots: But sail not to we it once or twice after they are strucken Mr. Busson, a famous Chirurgeon in France.
his Approved Remedy for a Burning Fever.
wherewith he cured many, and one in Sir Kenelm??
presence.

Take of the Leaves of Honisuckle a good quantity, stamp them in a Mortar, put as much fair water to it as will make a Glister; them strain it, and put it into the Bladder or Syringe, and give it the Patient not quite cold, but bloodwarm.

It opens the Body, and cools the Veins.

'A Drink good in a Burning or Intermitting Fever; or in the hot Fit of an Ague.

Take Whey, or Posset drink, if you have not Whey; boil in Borage, Bugloss, Purslan, Endive, Succory, Sorrel, Violet Leaves, Lettice: Knot-grass, and Mallows, with a Parsly root, and a Fennel root, all shred small; let them boil until the strength is out; then strain it, and let the Patient drink thereof blood-warm all the time of the Feaver.

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CHAP. VII.

lect Remedies against the PLAGUE.

e King of Poland's Preservative against the Plague.

Ake the best Wine-Vinegar, six quarts, Juice of Celandine clarified, nine pints, aves and Roots of Avens, Roots of Elecamne, of each one ounce; Roots of Angelica, doary, Juniper Berries, of each two ounces; se one handful; digest this two days in a little heat; then strain it, and keep it in Bottle clean stopped.

This is a powerful Remedy, both for preserving m, and curing the Plague, and other Malignant wers: It also clears the Eye-sight to a wonder, taza little Glass-full of it in the Morning fast-

.F 3

It is recorded that no man that drank this Medicine in the Great Plague 1592. was infected with it, but was preserved from it and all other Diffeases.

Another great Preservative against the Plague.

Rue, Rosemary, Wood-Sorrel, of each half andful; stamp them all together in a stone Mortar; then put them into a stone-Pitcher, or other like Vessel, and powr upon them a pinion of good white Wine, and a pint of Vinegar let it stand to insuse for four and twenty hours then strain it, and add to the strained Liquo half a pint of Angelica-water; then dissolve in it Mithridate and Venice-Treacle, of each on dram. Take of this Liquor one spoonful in the Morning and at Night, and you shall be presserved: And if you fear you have taken any instance of the Bed, and procure Sweat.

The Great Antidote and Preservative which So Kenelm Digby bid me get prepared for his Family, when that Great Plague began in London in the year 1665, was thus:

Take a pound of the Leaves of Wood-forred and pound them by themselves half an hours then take three pound of fine Sugar in powder and mix these together, and keep it stirring and mix these together.

ake four ounces of Mithridate or London-Treale, and pound them all together for half an nour longer, which makes four hours in all; then put it up in Gally-pots, and tie it up close with a Bladder, or Leather, or Paper.

In time of Infection, take the quantity of a large Nutmeg every Morning fasting; and if you have aken any Infection, or if you find your self stricking with any Disease at the Heart, or pain in the stomack, take almost as much more, and go to Bed, and procure a moderate Sweat for an hour: Of this took my self, and went up and down the City very day in the time of the Plague, and through God's Blessing was preserved, and all those that ook it.

To preserve one in time of Infection, Sir Kenelm ays, it is good to leat a little of the Tops of Rue with Bread and Butter, and a little very old frong Cheese in the Morning, and to drink a Glass of Stomack-water, Claret wine, or wine and water afer it-

An Excellent Perfume to burn and perfume the House in time of Infection.

Take Talk, and reduce it to Powder, and mix it with Vinegar, and burn it upon a Fire-hovel of Coals, and your Houle will be prefer-

ved from any infectious Air. This bath been [ufficiently experienced.

Another Perfume.

Take Roots of Angelica dried and pulverifed; mix this powder with Vinegar, and let it steep therein three or four days; then put of this mixture upon a hot Brick every Morning and Night.

In Germany and Holland in time of Infection, they burn Juniper-berries on a Chaffin-dish of Coals, or upon a fire-shovel of Coals, and so go about the house with it, and into every Rohm. If the Juniper-berries be bruised, and mixt with Vinegar; and then burn'd it will be more effectual.

My Lady Allens Plague-Water.

Take Rue, Egrimony, Wormwood, Salendine, Sage, Balm, Mugwort, Dragons, Pimpernel, Marigolds, Fetherfew, Burnet, Sorrel, Scabious, Wood-bittany, brown Mayweed, Avens, Turmantil, Carduus Benedictus, of each a handful; Rosemary two handfuls; Angellica, Burdocks, of each one handful; fixed all these together very small; then steep them in the best white Wine, as much as will cover the Herbs; then flice in a half quarter of a pound of Elecampane roots: let all these lye insteep three Days and Nights, stirring them

when you still it; lay it not above an Inch thick a the bottom; save the first running by it self.

The London-Plague-Water.

Take Roots of Angelica, Masterwort, Buterbur, Piony-roots, of each four ounces; Viers-grass, Verginian Snake-roots, of each ine ounce; leaves of Rue, Rosemary, Balm, Carduus Benedictus, Scordium, Marigold with he flowers, Dragon, Gotsrue, Mint, of each wo handfuls; shred the Herbs, and cut the toots, and stamp them a little; and infuse them or two days in fix quarts of Nants-brandy; hen put thereto fix quarts of fair water, and liftil it in a Limbec, drawing from it two Galons, which put up in Bottles, and hang two rams of Safron in it, tyed up in a rag; or pake the Tincture of two drams of Safron, with the first running; and mix that with the est of your water. To every quart of this waer put two ounces of fine Sugar.

This is an excellent thing against the Plague, and Il malignant Distempers; as the small Pox, Meales, Malignant, spotted and purple Fevers, &c. The Dose is from one ounce to two in Angelica, or age-water, sweetened with Syrup of Clove Gillyoners: you may also make a Julep of it with Alexeri Mik-water, as is directed in the Chap. for evers.

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Dr. Burges, his fovereign Antidote against thee at the property bus Plague. It is a sold boy get the state of the state of

Take Sage, Rue, of each one handful; shredi and stamp them, and boys them in three pints off Malmsy till a pint is consumed; then strain it, and set it over the fire again, and put it a penny—worth of long Pepper; Ginger half an ounce; Nutmegs and Cloves, of each two drams; beatt and mix them together, and let it boys a Walms or two; then put into it one ounce of Methridate, and half an ounce of Treacle, and a quarter of a pint of hot Angelica-water. Take of this a spoonful at a time every Morning during the Contagion; and if already infected, take two spoonfuls and sweat upon it.

Antidote; for there hath never been Man, Woman or Coild, yet heard of, that made timely use of it, that it hath not secured. It is excellent also in the small was Pox and Measles, or any malignant Fever.

Another very sovereign Antidote. : 1104

Take choice Myrrh, Cinamon, Aloes, Succotrina, of each three drams; Bolarmoniach, Mastick, Lignum-Aloes, Cloves and Mace, off each half a dram; powder the Myrrh, Aloes, and Mastick together by themselves, and the other Ingredient together by it self; then mixtothem well together; and keep it in a Glass close stopp'd.

Take every Morning early two penny-weights of this powder in a Glass of white Wine mingled with a little water; and you may boldy venter, without fear under God, among the infected without danger.

Sir Walter Raleigh's Experiment to draw forth a

Take a Cock-Chicken, pull the Rump bare, and hold it close to the fore till the venome is drawn out, for then the Chicken will die; but we you must apply fresh till the Chicken lives.

A fovereign Remedy against the Plague.

Bramble-leaves; stamp and strain them severally with a quart of white Wine for all the several strainings; then mix it all together, and add some white Wine-vinegar, and Syrup of Wormwood; drink a spoonful of this Morning and Evening; and God willing it will secure you; for there is no Medicine more effectual than this. If the Sore appears, use the Rump of the Chicken above-mentioned.

In the Chapter of Cordial Waters you will find more Plague-waters. An approved Remedy to cure the biting of a mad Dog, whether Man or Beast.

Take a handful of Rue, shred and stamp it; one dram of Treacle, and a spoonful of the shavings or silings of Tin; put all these into a quart of Ale, and boyl it till half be consumed; then strainit; and give the Patient thereof two spoonfuls, twice a day, Morning and at Night.

A most excellent Remedy against the biting of mad Dogs, Vipers, Serpents, or Snakes, experienced by a famous Chirurgion

Take of the lesser Consolida, or Larks spur; Chervil the white ends of Leeks, the tops of Broom, of each two handfuls; a little new Cream of the Morning-Milk, and a good handful of Salt; stamp them all together in a stone-Mortar, and with Juice rub the part grieved, which will be hard in the Flesh, and sometimes black; then lay the mark upon the part poultiswife, and tie it fast on with Rouls : the swelling will asswage in a short time, and the evil will be cured. Sir Kenelm D. relates, that the faid Chirurgion had cured fome with this Remedy, whom other Chirurgions would have cut off the Arms or Legs bitten by venomous Beafts; and that among the rest, he cured a man in Sir Ks. presence, whose Arm was as black as Ink, being bitten by a Serpent.

Against

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Against Venom or Poyson

Take Seeds of Sage, bruise them, and boyl them in Goats Milk, what quantity you please, till it is wasted to a third part. Drink thereof three days; It is a very sovereign and effectual Remedy.

For biting of a mad Dog.

Take rusty Bacon? stamp it well with Bittony, Agrimony, of each equal parts, apply it othe Wound.

For biting of a Serpent, or any venomous Creature.

Drink the Juice of Plantine; and stamp Ceendine and Plantine together, of each a like juantity; temper them with Urine, the staler he better, and apply it to the sore; it will aswage the swelling, and draw out the venom.

Also anoint the place with the Oyl of shellnails being prickt with a Needle, and lay thereo a Snail unprickt.

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CHAP. VIII.

Select Remedies against the FALLING-

A very Efficacious Remedy against the Falling-Sickness, wherewith Sir Kenelm Digby cured a Minister's Son at Frankfort in Germany, in the Year 1659, to which I was an Eye Witness.

Ake of the Skull of a Man that died of a violent Death, of the parings of Nails of a man, of each three drams; Reduce this to a fine Powder, and grind it upon a Marble-stone; then take Polypode of the Oak dried two drams, Misleto of the Oak gathered in the wane of the Moon half an ounce, Misleto of the Tile-tree two drams, Piony roots half an ounce; teduce all into a subtil Powder; then take six ounces

unces of Sugar, boil it to the confiltence of ugar of Roses; then mix all the Powders with , and stir them well together over the fire, nat they may well incorporate together; then ake it from the fire, and make it up into Talets or Lozenges, about a dramapiece; wheref, give one in the Morning fasting, and anoher two or three hours after Dinner, and anoher two hours after Supper: Continue this so png as the Lozenges last.

Another for the same.

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Sir Kenelm Digby relates, That in the year 663. the Lady Warwick told him, That a Daughter of her Husband's Elder Brother had he Falling-Sickness in the greatest extremity; that she fell like a Logg seven or eight times day, without any motion; They had put her nto the hands of the Ablest Physitians in Engand, who in effect could do her no good. A Gentleman, one of their Neighbours, under ook the Cure, and performed it thus:

Take true Misseto of the Oak, the Leaves, he Berries, and all the tender Branches, dry it ently in an Oven, after the Bread is drawn; hen reduce it to a fine Powder; of which, give smuch as will lie upon a Shilling for one of the years; for middle-aged, a Sixpence; for Child, a Groat: Give it Mornings and Evenngs in Cowslip-water, three days before, and three

three days after the Full of the Moon; Repeathis Remedy for some Months together.

This Cured also my Lord Herbert's Son, ammany other persons of Quality.

Month of September, when it bears Berries, and in the waning of the Moon.

Dr. Mynsight bis Excellent Remedy against the Falling-Sickness.

Take Sena two ounces, Turbith, Mechoacan, of each half an ounce; Raspings of Elkshoof and Man's Skull, Nutmegs, of each two drams; Roots and Seeds of Peony, Misleto off the Oak, of each half a dram; Cardamoms, Casta ligna, Cloves, of each one dram; Flowers of the Male-Peony, of Lilly-convallis, off Lavender, of the Tyle-tree, of each half a dram; Rhenish Wine, one quart and half a pint: Digest it for two days in a warm place; then strain it, and sweeten it with double refined Sugar, three ounces.

This bath been consirmed by many Experiences, to be a singular Remedy against most Diseases of the Head and Brain; and Dr. Mynsight says it is a Divine Remedy against the Falling-Sickness, taking three or four ounces of it in the Morning fasting.

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CHAP. VIII.

the EYES, and to strengthen the Sight.

An Excellent Water against Dimness of Sight.

Ake Benjamin one ounce, pure Honey, half a pound, water of Fennel and Rue, of ach two ounces; Marjoram-water, one ounce; nix them together, and distil it in a glass Still, r in our Engine.

This Water hath made some see that have been wite blind, washing twice or thrice a day with it : threngthens the Sight wonderfully.

Dr. Scroderus bis Excellent Water for the Eyes.

Take water of Eye-bright, of Fennel, Vern vain, of each three ounces; Juyces of Celamidine, Rue, of each two ounces; long Pepper Cloves, Nutmegs, Saffron, of each one fcruple Rosemary flowers, half a handful; Sarcocol Aloes, of each three drams; Galls of Partridgess one ounce; cut and bruise all small; then admissione ounce; cut and bruise all small; then admissione of Roses, of each one ounce put all into a Glass Alembick, and distil it in Balneo Maria with a gentle fire; to every ounce of this Water put one dram of rectified Spiriture of Tartar.

This Water being dropt into the Eyes two or three times a day cures Suffusioon or Catarachs, Pearlss Films, and other defects of the Eyes; as Experience hath often testified.

Another for the Same.

Take white Vitriol, two drams; Barberries husked, three drams; Rose and Fennel-water, of each one pint; boyl them with a gentled fire to the consumption of half; then add Cmaphir three drams; then filter it through gray paper; and keep it for use.

This Water takes away Films, Spots, Pearls, anaths other things which dim the Sight.

A Green

A Green Eye-Water, much Approved.

in Epsil

Take Verdigreece two drams; yellow Oriment one dram; white Wine and Rose-waer, of each five ounces; boil it gently five or x Walms; then take it off, and leave it upon he Fæces without straining it.

This Water being dropt into the Eyes, cures the in and Web, takes away the Heat and Instama-

Water against Heat, Redness, and sharp Rheum of the Eyes.

Take Rosewater, Eyebright-water, of each vo ounces; of Trochisci albi Rhasis, one dram; repared Tutia, twenty grains; mix them to-ther, and keep them in a Glass for Use; wash e Eyes therewith two or three times a day.

Another Water for the Eyes.

Take Rose, Plantane, and Fennel-water, of the two ounces: Tutia prepared, two drams; nnel-seeds beaten, half an ounce; mix it all gether, and keep in a Phyol close stopped: en you use it, strain a little of it, and wash Eyes there with two or three times a day.

An Oyntment good for the Eyes

Take Spirit of Wine, two Spoonfuls; Spiritt of Therebintin, one spoonful; the yolk of a new-laid Egg, and a spoonful of fresh Butter: beat and mix it together, and put a little of itt into the corner of the Eye.

Dr. Salmon's Excellent Eye-Water.

ol, five drams, digest them ten days; then filter it; then digest it ten days more; then filter it again, and add Saccharum Saturni, six dramsson Camphire half a dram; digest again twenty, days; then boil it, and filter it, and keep it for Use.

The Author says he hath made many see which had been blind several years with Films, Pearls, and other things, by barely washing the Eyes therewith four or five times a day for some time. It cures all manner of red and blood-shot Eyes, and Rheumatick, sore and instanced; for which it is to be esteemed as a fewel.

A precious Water for the Eyes, that hath restored the sight after some years lost in a short time.

Take red Rose-leaves dryed, Smallage, Maidenhair, Hysop, Endive, Succory, red Fennel, Rib libwort, Celandine, Eyebright, of each two andfuls; wash them, and dry them, and steep nem in white Wine for twelve hours; then dill it, and wash the Eyes with the water.

Another Eye water excellent for Pin or Web.

Take white Wine, red Rose-water, each a int; put them into a bottel; and add to it, aloes, Hepatick, Lapistutia, in fine powder, and of the finest Sugar, of each four ounces; op the bottel close, and set it in the hot Sun or a moneth, shaking it two or three times a

This Water is most Excellent, for any Pin, Web Film upon the Eyes: It also taketh away the itch.

Another precious Water for the Eyes.

Take Ground-Ivy, Celandine, and Daisies, f each one handful; stamp them with a little ne Sugar, or Sugarcandy in a stone-Mortar, men add half a pint of Rose-water; then press out, and put the liquor in a bottel, and keep for use.

This is recommended to be one of the best Eyeedicines that can be made. It taketh away all
anner of Inflamations, Spots, Webs, Itchings
and Smartness in the Eyes; strengthens the Sight,
ad restores it though near lost. Dip a Femker in
and drop it into the Eye.

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Another Excellent Water, for sore, red, or blood shot Eyes.

Take Lapa Calaminaris the worth of a groatte make it red-hot in the fire, then quench it in a pint of white Wine; do this nine times presently one after another; then grind some on the same Stone to fine powder, and put it into the Wine; put all into a Glass well-stopped, and drop some of it into the Eyes with a feather.

For a Pearl in the Eye.

Take an Egg, make a hole in it at one endland shake out the white and yolk; then take the Cocktread, and put it into the shell again, with the quantity of a Hassle-nut of Honey, and the quantity of a Pea of white Copperas; then sit up the shell with Conduit-water, and set it to boyl gently upon hot Embers, till half of it beconsumed; then siltre it, and drop frequently thereof into the Eyes; it will continue good a Fortnight.

An Approved Water for the Eyes; especially for the thick Cream growing over the sight of the Eyes.

Rost an Egg very hard; then peel it, and cleave it in the middle, and take out the yolk: then put into it a small piece of Allum, and while

t is hot joyn it together again) then put it in a Cloth, and wring it very hard, and fave the vater that will drip from it; then put into this Water a little fine powder of Ginger; mix it ogether, and drop it into the Eye with a feather two or three times a day.

For fore, red, and blood-shot-Eyes.

Take green Parsley, stamp it very well with ne white of an Egg; lay it to the fore Eyes; will soak out the Blood, and take away the edness.

1 Drink for dimness of sight caused by swimming in the Brows.

Take a handful of Suddernwood, boyl it in quart of white Wine; sweeten it with Sugar; ad drink thereof Morning and Evening.

Inother Drink, which cures all Pains, Inflamations, Soreness and Defluctions in the Eyes. Mach approved of by Sir Kenelm Digby.

Take a handful of Ground-Ivy-leaves, and alks, wash it clean, and swing it in a Cloth; en shred it, and stamp it a little; then boyl in a quart of good Aleto a pint; then strain; and take half a pint of it in the Morning sting, and the other half at Night going to ed.

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This is as admirable also to cure all Head-ach, Coughs of the Lungs, Consumptions, Stone and Gravel. It also cures the Jaundies, Obstructions of the Liver and Spleen.

Another Remedy for the Eyes.

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Take English Copperas four ounces; grind it with one ounce of Camphir; put this in a Pipkin, and cover it with a Poringer, with fome weight in it to keep it down; then fet it upon gentle fire, to calcine it; and when it is hard take off the Pot and let it cool; then take out the matter and grind it to powder; and add four ounces of Bolarmoniac; then fift it finely. Take of this powder half an ounce, put into it a quart of water, and boyl it together; then put it in a Glass, and keep it for use. Dip a little green Sarfenet in it, and shut your Eyes, washing only the Eyelids, except they be very ill and inflamed, and then you may drop some into them; and if you find it too ftrong of it felf, take one spoonful of it, and two spoonfuls of Rose-water, and so use it.

To restore a decay'd sight, and refresh and strength-

Take Eyebright gathered in August, before Sun-rising; make it into small bundles, and hang them up to dry where the Sun comes not; then bruise them grossy, and insuse them in white Wine;

ine; and drink thereof three or four times a sy, leaving the Wine always upon the Herbs.

n Excellent Remedy to strengthen the Optick Nerves, help a weak sight, and kill a Pin or Web.

Take ahandful of Mayweed, two Munkycase; (some call them Sows or Hog-lice, these
thich roul themselves round like a Pepper-corn
hen you touch them.) stamp and strain this
ogether into a quart of Ale, putting in a little
leto strain with. Drink of this till you sind
elp; which God willing you will do in three or
our quarts.

Another Excellent Water for the Eyes to strengthen the fight.

Take three quarts of Mallago-Sack, fix nunces of Ship Bisquets, sour ounces of white ugarcandy; reduce them to fine powder, two andfuls of dried Elder-flowers; let them in-use twenty sour hours; then distill it in Baineo Maria; and with a piece of soft Spunge bath your Eyes therewith Morning and Evening when you go to Bed, and at any other time.

To Stay a great flux of Rheum in the Eyes, ofthe proved.

Take the white of an Egg, beat it until it is all froath; then let it fettle, and cut a roundle piece of Sheeps-leather, prick it full of holes, and wet it in the Egg-water, taking off the froth; then scrape over it some Bolarmoniach, and apply it to the Temples; but if the humour abound, then lay a piece along the Forehead at Night when you go to Bed. Let it reach over the Temples.

To draw back Rheum from the Eyes.

Take a red Colewort-leaf, as much in quantity of red Sage, and a little Bay-salt, stamp them together, and put it in a Linnen cloth, and lay it in the hollow of the Nape of the Neck; use it two or three Nights together; and God willing it will draw the Rheum from the Eyes.

Another approved one for a Pin or Web.

Take white Sugarcandy in fine powder, Honey and red Rose-water, of each one handful; boyl it together, and scum it clear, and drop it into the Eye.

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Another to dry Rheum, to strengthen and clense the sight.

Take Rose-water, one ounce, and a spoonful of white Wine; Tutia, one dram; Aloes, Epatica, and white Sugarcandy, of each twen-y grains, all in sine powder; put all into a botel; and drop thereof now and then into the Eyes.

For redness, soreness, itching, heat, and inflamations of the Eyes.

Take Celendive, three-leav'd-grass, Daisyeaves, and Ground-Ivy, of each one handful;
bick, wash, and drean them; then stamp them,
and put in four spoonfuls of white or red Rosewater; then strain it, and put into it the bigness of a Wall-nut of white Sugarcandy; keep
t in a Glass for use.

It is very good for the purpose aforesaid: the Ground Ivy is Alehoof.

Another for the Same, and to strengthen the Sight:

Take Rose and Plantine-water, of each two punces; Aloes, Epatica, half a dram; white Copperas, two drams; white Sugarcandy, one dram; boyl them with a soft fire; being cold put it in a Glass for use; drop thereof into the Eyes.

Another

Another for the same.

Take Plantine, two handfuls; Housleek, one handful; stamp and strain them, and let the Juice settle; then powr off the clear, and add half as much Rose-water, the sourth part of a spoonful of powder of white Sugarcandy, and quench in it Lapis Caluminaris the bigness of a Wall-nut. Drop sour drops of this water into the Eyes, Morning and Evening, lying upon your back.

For a Pearl in the Eye.

Take Hemlock, stamp it in a stone-Mortar; then put little Honey to it, and work them well together: If the Pearl be in the right Eye, apply a Plaster of it to the lest Wrist, if in the lest Eye, to the right Wrist; let it continue there three or four days.

Another for the Same.

Take the Marrow that is in a Goose-wing, mingle with it Ear-wax, and work them well together; and anoint the Eye with it, and it will kill the Pearl.

or a prick with a Bush, stripe or blow in the ball of the Eye.

Take the white of a new-laid Egg, beat it, and then mix it with Honey; fet it over a foft re, and keep it ftirring that it may not curdle; hen spread it on a little Flax, and lay it on the ye, changing it every Morning and Evening; and by the blessing of God it will help it.

Another for a stroke or blow in the Eye.

Take Juice of Smallage, Juice of Fennel, nd the white of a new-laid Egg, beat them well ogether, and apply it to the fore Eye.

Another for a stroke in the Eye.

Stamp Wormwood with the white of an Egg, nd lay it warm three days together to the Eye or Eyes; then wash the Eye with Plantine-waer and Honey.

A precious Water for the Eyes.

Take Smallage, Fennel, Plantine, Egrimoly Bittony, Eyebright, Scabious, Rice, Pimpernel and Sage; fhred them all small, and beep them in the Urine of a male-Child, with little Frankinsens; then distill them. Bath the Eyes with this water.

CHAP.

CHAP. IX.

Mr. Lochers, an able Apothicarry of London, his excellene Oyl for Deafness; approved by himself, and given to Sir K. Digby.

Ake Oyl of bitter Almonds, and Oyl of Spicknard, of each fix drams; black Hellebore, half a scruple; Coloquintida, half a dram; Oyl of Exceter, two drams; Juice of Onyons, Juice of Rue, of each two drams; boyl these gently till the Juices be consumed; then strain it, and add two drops of Oyl of Aniseed, and one of Oyl of Oryganum. Powr a drop or two of this Oyl into the Ear, and lye upon your Bed with that Ear upwards that you intend to drop into; lye still for a quarter of an hour after; then drop into the other if it

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equire. It is to be continued a Moneth or wo, or three, as you find benefit: when you are dropt into the Ear, you must stop it with little black wool dipped in the Oyl.

This has cured many of thick hearing and noise in he Ears, come by cold or sickness

Another Remedy much approved for the same.

Take a large Eel, flaw it, and cut it into three ieces; then stick them with Rosemary and age, and bake them in a pan in the Oven, laying them upon two sticks in the pan to keep hem from falling into the liquor in the bottom; hen strain the liquor, and scum off the Oyl or at; whereof take four spoonfuls, and as much pirit of Wine; mix them together; take of this nixture two spoonfuls; of Juice of Onyons, and uice of the white ends of Leeks, of each one poonful; put all into a Phiol, and stop it close, and shake it well for an hour, to make them well accorporate together: powr two or three drops of this into the Ear: and in all things observe the directions as in the former.

This was given me by a worthy Gentleman at Pais, who assured me he had cured the Governour of Callais his Sectreary with it, who had been deaf near wenty years; his deafness comming by a sickness.

Another

Another Excellent Remedy for the Same.

Take an hundred of the large Ants Eggs, Take black Hellebore, Radishes sowr bread, sweet: and Almonds, white Amber, of each one ounce; and Pulp of Coloquintida, Castor, Leaves of sweet: Marjoram, Wormwood, Savin, Rue, of each community drams; bruise and mix, and insuse them in two quarts of spirit of Wine rectified; digest them twenty days; then distilled spirit an hundred them twenty days; then distilled spirit an hundred large street bruised; digest again for twenty four hours; then silter and keep it for more use.

Put a few drops of this Spirit into the Ear: Morning and Evening, stopping the Ear with black Wool immediately; and it will take away Drop the difficulty of hearing and deafness; as also look all kind of noise, continue it till you are cured.

Another Remedy for Deafness.

Take of the Juice of Bittony, mingle it with a Womans Milk that gives fuck to a Boy; dip black wool therein, and put it into the Ear; use it eleven days together or more; if in that time you find any benefit by it, then take Milk, boyll it with Oatmeal, and Juice of Bittony; and lay it poultiswife over the Ears Night and day; and continue it for some time.

Another

Another Remedy against Desfness that cometh of

Take a ranged Loaf of Bread of a mean antling, well leavened and baked, cut it asunting ar in the middle, and lay both the parts very be to both the Ears, first laying a linnen Cloth subled next to the Skin as thin as the Patient in endure the heat; bind them on fast with a loth fastned on the head, and let it continue as long as the Patient feels any warmth, and then he ay take another; if the Cold be great, you must like it for two or three Mornings together; take timed of taking Cold when you leave them.

Dr. Clodius bis Remedy against Deafness.

Drop into the Ear one drop (no more) of l or Quintessence of Rosemary (which will burn or pain them) and after it is soaked in, lying with that Ear up, stop the Ear with ck wool dipped in the Spirit of Rosemary. peat the Drop after a day still as you find id.

This will cure a Deafness caused by Cold and Hus s clogging and benumming the Ears, and cause sometimes pain in them.

Another for the Same.

Takered Mint or Horse-mint, mortisie and squeeze it in the hand till it renders Juice; them take it with its Juice, and put it in the Ear; change it often; this will help the Deafness iff the person hath heard before.

Another for the Same.

Take Rue, Rosemary, Sage, Vervain, Mar-in light of each a handful; of Camomil two handful; stamp them to mash, and mould them. Rie-Dough, make thereof, one Loaf, bake it as other Bread; then cut it in the middle, and as hot as may be suffered bind to your Ears, and keep them on warm and close for one day.

CHAP

CHAP. X.

et Remedies against the MEGRIM and HEAD-ACH

Sovereign Remedy for all Head-Ach, much approved.

Ake a good handful of Ground-Ivy or Alehoof, wash it clean and swing it in a Cloth, shred it and stamp it a little, and boil it in eart of strong Ale to a pint: Give half of the Morning fasting, and half at night goo bed.

his cures also all Pains, Inflammations and Deons in the Eyes; it is good against the Jaun-Coughs of the Lungs, Consumptions, Stone Gravel, Obstructions of the Liver and Spleen. Kenelm says, That the Herb being stamped, applied to a Felon like to a Cataplasm, cures it

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matuellously and speedily: it is admirable for oll Sores, which if they need cleansing, you may add little Copperas and Honey.

An Approved Remedy for Phrensie and Madness:

Sir Kenelm Digby relates, that he was affured by a person of Credit, that one cured a woman that had been mad some years, by giving herrord draught of the Juice of Ground-Ivy, or Jill go-by-th' ground, at once taking; and the tried it afterwards upon several others, and had always the same infallible effect.

Another Approved Remedy for Phrensie and Mannes.

Take the Juice of Sage, of Burnet, and Ground-Ivy, and give it to the Patient drink.

For the Head-Ach.

Take red Rose Leaves dried, mix them work Wheat-flower, Vinegar, and Oyl of Roses, and Iome Housleek; boyl them together until it thick; then spread it upon a linnen-Cloth, a lay it upon the Forehead, and Temples, and will ease the pain.

The Conserve of Rue is excellent for the Holand Brain preserving against Apoplexy, Parallel and the like. Make it thus; beat two parts

gainst the Wegrim and Head-ach. 101'

Sugar, with one of Rue into a Conserve; eat cof in the Morning fasting about the bigness large Nutmeg.

Another for the Head-ach or Megrim.

ake of the Oyntment called Unguentum devum Rubrum, one dram; Mastick powder'd, drams; mix them, and make them into a drer; which spread upon Leather, and lay the Temple on the pained side, or on both and renew it every other day until the cease. This I have approved.

Another for the Same.

ake a spoonful and half of the Whites of beaten, a spoonful of white Wine-vine-Pepper in powder, and Frankinsens, of two drams; a spoonful of Honey; mix all well together, with as much Wheat-slow-will make it into a Plaster, whereof make ster, taking it all, and apply them to the ples, changing them every Morning and ing.

mpitheme for the Forehead to take away the Head-ach.

tke four ounces of Rose-water; Oyl of one ounce; Rose-vinegar half an ounce; them together, and beat the white of an Egg

Egg therein; dip linnen-Cloth In it, being mill warm, apply them to the Forehead.

It asswages the pain of the Head, and repellet

hot vapours.

Another for the Head-ach.

Boyl Camomil and Bittony in red Wine, and drink thereof.

For noise in the Head, or troubling in the Ears.

Take a green Ashen-stick, and put one eminto the fire; and out of the other end will issifut forth water, which must be saved and mixt with a little Sivet; drop thereof a drop or two is to the Ear, and immediately stop it with a little black wool moistned in the same; lye still a quarter of an hour with that Ear upwards you drop into; then drop also into the other in the same manner.

An approved Medicine for a scald head.

Take half a peck of Oyster-shells, where the Oysters are newly taken out, burn them in clear fire, and when they are well calcined reduce them to a fine powder, and sift them fine as slower; then mix it with unquentum albusto that it be pretty stiff; keep it in a Gally-pofor use; it will last a year. Anoint the Heavith it every day.

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against the Megrim and Head ach. 103

This is good also to dry up a waterish, itching mour in any part of the Body.

Another for a scald head.

Take Oyl of Olives, two ounces; put it ina dishful of clear running water; stir and
at them well together, as you would make
atter; then add some fine powder of Brimstone,
d May-butter, and make an Oyntment thereof
d anoint the head therewith.

Another for the same.

Take Rosen, half a pound; Pitch, two oun s; then put into it the bigness of a small egg Hogg-sleet; (Barrows-grease) let them boy! little together, stirring it well; then take it f, and keep it in a Gally-pot for use.

Clip off all the hair from the scald head, as be as possible may be. Then whiles the Oyntent is yet warm, spread it upon new Lockem that was never washed in Soap, and cut them to divers Plasters, and keep them by you; you ay make as many at once as will serve a month; hen you lay them on, warm them a little bete the fire only to make them stick; dress it vice in a week; and when you see that the Plasters have taken away the hair, and that the head as bare as ones hand; then dress it but once week: you must pick off that hair with the int of a Knife that the Plasters bring not off ith them; which you must do every time you Hamiltonian dress.

dress it till all the hair is clean come of: Begin to dress it Michaelmas, and continue it till March is past: and when the Head and Skin looks white, then it is a Cure; but as long as it looks red it is not cured; therefore dress it until it looks white. The hair you clip off from the Patients head, you must burn, and mix the ashes with the Oyntment while it is boyling.

For the Head ach.

Take Cloves, Mace, Nutmeg, of each one dram; fine Sugar, half an ounce; reduce all to a fine powder; and take the fourth part thereof in a Cup of warm Posset made with Ale. It is very effectual. Also the Juice of Ground-Ivy snussed up in the Nose, doth purge the Head, and doth often cure very great and old pains in the Head.

Another for the Head-ach, and to draw humours out of the head and face.

Take a new-laid Egg, open the top, and put out part of the white, then put in some powder of Commin-seed by degrees, and powder of Aniseed; then close up the Egg with course paste; then set it in the Embers to roast leasurely till it is very hard, and then cut it in the middle, and lay it hard to the Nape of the Neck.

It is approved.

from the Head, and comfort the Brain.

Take an Orange, and pare off very thin the yelow Rind; rowl it up conveniently to thrust up ato the Nostril, turning the inner moist side utward to be next your slesh within the Nose; ut a rowl into each Nostril.

It will cause sneesing, and will make much water un down at the Nose, and comfort the Brain.

Dr. Scroderus, his Cephallick Wine for the Hend and Brain, &c.

Take Roots of Avens, two ounces and half; if Succory, one ounce and a half; of Elecamane one ounce; Cetarach, Paulsbittony, Caruus, Liverwort, Centory, of each, one handul; dryed Orange-peels, half an ounce and wo drams; cut the Herbs, and bruife the Roots and Barks, and infuse them in a Gallon of Rheish Wine for three or four days, shaking it often; then strain it, and drink a Glass-ful thereferery Morning fasting, and another at Night loing to Bed.

It rectifies all Distempers of the Head and Spleen; t is also excellent for the Breast and Lungs; and is xcellent in cuting of Catarachs.

A most Excellent Powder for pain in the Head! and Stomach.

Take Aron-Roots, cut them small, and steep them in white Wine twelve hours; then powr of the Wine, and powr fresh Wine upon it, and let it steep as long; then dry them, and reduce them to powder. Take of this powder two ounces; Acorus, Burnet, of each one ounce; Crabs-eyes, half an ounce; Cinamon, three drams; Salt of Wormwood and Juniper, of each half an ounce; Sugar of Roses, one ounce; pulverise, and mix them together, and keep it in a Glassstopp'd.

This powder is a good Cephalick, and stomatick; is excellent against the Megrim, Vertigo, Melancholly, Coldness and Weakness of the Stomach, Wind, Stone, Quartan Agues, and all Tartarous Obstructions. Dose, from one Dram to two in a little Canary.

The Lady Lusons Receit to make one sleep in Frensie and madness.

Take the Gall of a Hare, boyl it in white Wine, and let the Patient drink thereof, and it will cause him to sleep until you give him Vinegar.

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Another against Afelanches

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C H A P. XI.

Mrs. Rutherges Cordial Electuary against MELANCHOLY.

three quarters of an hour; then firsin is

Against Melancholly

Ake Conserves of Roses, of Borage-flowers, of Cowslip-flowers, of Clove Gillyflowers, of each one ounce; of preserv'd Citrons, two ounces; of Alkermess, half an ounce; preserv'd Nutmegs, preserv'd Mirobolaus, of each half an ounce; Bezoar, sisteen grains; Tincture of Sasron, half a dram; mix them together, and make it up in an Electuary, with Syrup of Clove Gilly-flowers, adding two or three drops of Oyl of Cinamon.

Another against Melancholly.

Use to drink before Meal a Glass of Clarret, with a spoonful or two of Syrup of Clove Gilly-slowers: after meals eat some Marmalade of Quinces, or preserv'd Citrons.

A Drink very good for the Head and Eye-sight.

Plantane, of each two handfuls; Ground-Ivy, three handfuls; shred them and stamp them, then boyl them In six Gallons of strong Wort fot three quarters of an hour; then strain it through a Seive, and let it cool, and throw the herbs away; when it is sit put Yest to it, and put it up into a Runlet, and when it hath done working, close it up, and after seaven days, broach it, and drink of it at all times when you are thirsty: When it is half spent make more, and use it for two months together in the Spring, or in the Summer.

To purge the Head.

Take the Root of Pellitory of Spain, and chew it to and fro between your Teeth a good while; it will purge the Head, and fasten the Teeth.

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Against Hypocondriack Melancholy.

Set Horse-sleeches to the Fundament; and at Spring and Fall purge with Mechoacan Ale, or some other easie purging Ale for a Fortnight together; then take Conserve of Roses, two ounces; Conserves of Bugloss and Marygolds, of each one ounce; Cinamon in powder, one dram; mix them unto an Electuary with the Syrup of Poppies.

Take theref the quantity of a Nutmeg three times in a week, when you go to Bed.

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For the Head, and to strengthen the Memory.

Anoint the Temples of the Head once a month with the Gall of a Partridg; also rub the Soles of your Feet with mustard made with Vinegar.

Another Excellent Electuary against Melancholy, by Mr. Cranish.

Take Conserves of Borage and Bugloss-flowers, of each half an ounce; Confection of Alkerns, one ounce; Diambra, a penny-weight; Conserve of Rosemary-flowers, half an ounce; Orange-flowers candid, half an ounce; of the yellow Rind of Citron in powder, a penny-weight; Aromaticum Rosatum; two penny-weights;

two

two leaves of Gold; incorporate these well together, and make thereof an Electuary; and take of it every Morning fasting, and at any time when you are afflicted with pensiveness and Melancholy.

A Cordial and Stomatick Electuary, by Sir B. B.

Take Ginger, Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs and Galingal, of each one ounce; Cubebs, Coral and Amber prepared, of each two drams; Fennel-seeds, Dilseeds, and Caraway-seeds, Liquorice and Aniseeds, of each two ounces; reduce all into a very subtil powder, and make them into an Electuary with Conserve of Roses, and a sufficient quantity of some Cordial or Pectoral Syrup.

It comforts, strengthens and warms the Stomach, and the Heart; expells Wind, and gives ease in the Collick and Iliack Passion; and is a good Pectoral; take the quantity of a large Nutmeg of it three times a day.

An Electuary for a Cold or Cough.

Liverwort, Hartstongue, Maidenhair, Hysop, Coltsfoot, Germander, Horhound, and Agrimony, of each one handful; shred them small, and boyl them in two gallons of Spring or Conduit-water, until it is consumed to a quart; then strain it, and put into the water a quart of Ho-

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bey, and two ounces of the choicest Elecampane oot dried, and reduced to fine Powder; boil nese together to the consistence of an Electuation, stirring it continually to prevent burning to; nen put it up, and keep it for Use.

Take the quantity of a Nutmeg in the Mornig, and at Night, and in the Afternoon, and
the Night, or at any time when so ever the

lough troubleth you.

In Electuary for Shortness of Breath and Phili-

Take Manna two ounces, Sugar penides, three unces; Fox Lungs reduced to Powder, two unces; Oyl of Almonds, an ounce; Cassia new rawn, half an ounce; make an Electuary with yrup of Hysop, or Ground-Ivy. Take half an unce of it in the morning fasting, and two hours efore Dinner, and in the Afternoon and at Midalight.

It is excellent for Asthma and Phthisick, and when be Lungs are stopt with Phlegm, so that the Patint cannot but with difficulty draw his Breath.

Another Pectoral Electuary for stopping in the Breast and Pipes.

Take Elecampane, Hysop, Liquoras, Giner, Aniseeds, Cinamon and Galingal; all reluced into fine Powder, of each a dram; boil hem in six ounces of clarified Honey; add two ounces ounces of brown Sugar-candy; while it is hot. stir them all together: Take the quantity of a Nutmeg of it Morning and Evening, in the Night, and in the Day-time; let it go down leifurely, and drink not foon after it.

This bath cured many of Stoppage in the Breaft and and Pipes.

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Dr. Franck his Electuary for a Cough or Cold.

Take Elecampane root dried and made into fine Powder half an ounce; Liquoras and Sugar candy, both in fine Powder, of each three spoonfuls; make an Electuary with clarified Honey. Take the bigness of a Nutmeg of it in the morning, and when you go to bed; let it made go down leifurely, and if the Cough troubles you in the night time, take also of it.

This bath holpen extream great Colds or Coughs. These Pectoral Electuaries were lest out in the first Chapter.

An Electuary to comfort the Brain and Stomack, and sweeten the Breath.

Take Sage two handful, Rosemary slowers an ounce and a half, Cloves five drams, Cinamon a dram, Nutmegs a Scruple, all in fine Powder; make it into an Electuary with Clarified Honey: Take of it half a spoonful in the Morning, and presently drink after it a Cup of burnt Claret. Another

mach.

Take Sarsaparilla one ounce; the rind of the moot of Tamarisk, three drams; of the Root Zedoary, two scruples; Purslane-seeds, one am; reduce all into a fine Powder, and with rup of Citrons, and Syrup of the Juice of grage, a sufficient quantity; make an Elemany.

Electuary to comfort the Stomach, and prevent engendring gross Humors in the Brain.

Take Cinamon one dram, Lignum Aloes and ice, of each half a dram; Cloves, one scrue, and fine Sugar or Sugar-candy, half an nee; reduce them all into very fine Powder, d with Wormwood water make it into an Eleary; and take thereof two or three drams in Morning fasting three hours before Dinner; make it into Lozenges of two or three drams in ece, and eat them in like manner.

most Excellent Electuary to strengthen the Stomack and Liver; which is also very good against be Scurvey.

Take green Ginger preserved, it is sold by Confectioners, and Conserve of Romanormwood, two ounces; Conserve of Woodforrel, 114

You may make the Conserves by beating the herbss raw with two or three parts of fine Sugar to one off Herbs.

A Cordial Drink for weakness of the Stomack, anal want of Digestion.

Take three pints of good Claret Wine, and half a pint of Mint-water; of Cinamon ancount Nutmeg, of each half a dram; of fine Sugar four ounces; reduce the Ingredients to Powder and put all into a Coffee-pot, and cover it close from the Pipe of the Coffee-pot, and let in the fland in hot water for twenty four hours, but the let not the Water boil: Then take it out, ancount frain it through a Hypocras-bag. Drink of this warm a Sack Glass-ful at a time.

If you have not a Coffee-pot, you may use a stone Jugg or Bottle, stopping it close, but let it not be full.

A very Excellent Plaister for the Stomack, the

Take Mithridate, spread it pretty thick upon Leather, then strew upon it all over some gratee Nutmee utmeg, laid also pretty thick on; and cover is with another Leather like the former, sewist them together round about the edges: lay is to the pit of the Stomack. The bigness of e Plaister is to be a hands-breadth round.

It is excellent for all Indigestions, Weakness and in in the Stomack, which causes Loosness.

want of Digestion, devised by Dr. Mynfight

Take Cinamon, Mint, half an ounce, Mack, Galingal, Cloves, of each two drams; Lamus Aromaticus, Cardamom, Ginger, of mach half a dram; Lignum Aloes, Roots of irnet and Zedoary, of each half a dram; reduce them all to Powder, and digest them in a art of Canary Wine, in a warm place, or in the different in the Tincture is extramined; then strain it, and take thereof a small mataught Morning and Evening with a sew drops Spirit of Vitriol.

It warms and comforts the Stomack, and is extent against trembling, fainting and swooning Fits de Vomiting.

Another, by Dr. Mily.

Take Cinamon, half an ounce, Cloves, Mace, d Nutmegs, of each half an ounce; feeds of tife, Coriander, and Ginger, of each two mans; bruife them, and digest them in five pints

dints of Rhenish Wine; then strain it, and sweeten it with fine Sugar to your Taste. Drink thereof a quarter of a pint at a time.

It comforts and warms a weak and cold Stomack, Take causes a good Appetite and Digestion, and rectifies most Distempers of the Head and Brain.

My Lord Chestersield's excellent digestive Powden to comfort the Stomack after Meat, or other wise.

Take sweet Fennel-seed, half an ounce; Contraction riander seeds, one ounce; shavings of Harts, horn and Ivory, of each half a dram; Cinamoround and Pear, or Crabs eyes, of each half a dram; Sugar of Roses, two ounces; white Sugar-candy, three ounces; reduce all these severally into the a subtil Powder, and then mingle them together, and so take thereof; keep it in a warm of place. Dose so much as will lie upon the point of a Knise.

Dr. Riverius his infallible Remedy to stay a Vomit

Take the true Salt of Wormwood, half: half addram, mix it with the Juice of half a Limon and give it the Patient to drink; you may mix it with a little Mint-water.

It is a Sovereign Remedy which I have often approved with great success: it hath never failed.

and prevent Melancholy.

Take of Harts-horn, one handful; of the pots of Celandine, Flowers of Borage, and Langue de Beuf, of each 'a handful; shred e Herbs small, or stamp them a little, and ep them in a Gallon of Brandy for a night; en distil it; the distilled water sweeten with gar, and hang two drams of Saffron in it tied in a Sarcenet Bag. Drink a little of it in the med orning fasting.

nother Cordial to chear and comfort the Heart, revent Melancholy, and make the Body light som.

Take a pint of Rhenish Wine, half an ounce Cinamon-water, Water of Baum, Bugloss, d Borage, of each half an ounce, Juice of mons one ounce, half a pound of Sugar-can; feeth them together in a little strong glass-ttle, setting it in boyling water; drink thereaquarter of a pint in the Morning fasting ine Summer Season.

In the Winter season take a pint of Malmsie, Muscadine, Cinamon, Cloves and Ginger, each two drams; Grains of Paradise, one am, Sugar, two drams; Musk one grain; uise the Spices, and boil all together in a Botof Water; then strain it, and take a quarter a pint thereof fasting.

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CHAP.

CHAP. XII.

Tale

E Select Remedies for all Diseases of the MOUTH.

This Chapter contains Choice Remedies for the Teeth and Gums, Scurvey in the Mouth, &c.

For a Canker in the Mouth.

Ake the Leaves of Woodbine, of Bramble of Columbine, of each one handful; a limit the Rosemary; shred them, and boil them in fair water to the consumption of half; the strain it, and put into the Liquor two or three spoonfuls of Honey, and a piece of Roch Allumin Powder, and three or four spoonfuls of V negations.

gar. Gargle the Mouth with the Water, and bit with the Herbs three or four times a day, oftner if need be.

Another for the same.

Take Honisuckles, Plantane, and Sage, of chahandful; Daizy Leaves, an ounce; boil em in a quart of Water till they come to a nt; then put to it Vinegar and Honey, of chone spoonful, and a little Allom and white alt.

Inother Approved Medicine for a Canker in the Mouth.

Take a Pint of Wine-Vinegar (the red is est) Herb of Grace, Red Mints, Red Sage, and Rosemary, of each a sufficient quantity, ared them small, and boil them together in the inegar; then put into it a spoonful of Honey, ne bigness of a Walnut of Allom, and half a poonful of white Salt. Wash the Mouth well herewith.

It is a present and infallible Remedy which hath ured many.

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Therough-wax, tour handred and

An Excellent Gargle for Inflammations of the Mouth, Jaws, and Throat, desperate Squin sies, and other Diseases of the Mouth.

Take Poppy-water, Plantane water, of each an ounce; clarified Juice of Self-heal, two bounces; Diamoron, fix drams; Saltpetre, foundation of the same water, of each and ounces; mix them together, and gargarize with the same it often.

Another for the Same.

An En

Take Album Grecum, two drams; Liquoras scraped, one ounce; Roch Allom, one dram boil them a little in Rose and Poppy water, and Self-heal water, of each a sufficient quantity then strain it. Take of this Decoction one pints Rhenish or White Wine, a quarter of a pint Diamoron and Dianucum, of each half an ounce mix them together, and make a Gargle, and use it often in a day.

Dr. Scroderus his Water against the Distempers and Inflammations of the Throat and Palat.

Take Leaves of wild Pear-tree, Parsley, Sanicle, Woodbine, Water-Germander, Cinquefoil, round Birthwort, of each two handful; Thorough-wax, four handful; Stale Ale, fix quarts;

against Distempers of the Pouth. 121

Vessel closestopped, and let them ferment for hree weeks; then add three ounces of Album Fracum, and distil them.

It is excellent against all Inflammations of the Throat and Pulat, and Soreness of the Mouth.

Drink two or three spoonfuls of it in the Morning, and the Afternoon and at Night; likewise gargle of en with it, or dip a linnen Raginto it, and wrap t about the Throat.

An Excellent Water to cure the Squinsie, sore Throats, Cank rs in the Mouth, Heat and Inflammations, Bleeding of the Gums, and to fasten and whiten the Teeth.

Take Waters of Self-heal, Poppy-water, of ach four ounces; Diamoron, Syrup of dried Roses, of each an ounce; Spirit of Sulphur, alf a dram; mix them together; and gargle our Mouth with it.

An Anodine Gargle for the Tooth-ach.

Take Roots of Pelitory of Spain, two drams; Ginger, Olibanum, of each half an ounce; Red Sage, Henbane Seeds bruised, of each one Iram; Long Pepper, Opium, of each a scrule; boil these in a pint of Vinegar; then strain t, and gargarize with it.

It gives present ease in all Pains of the Teeth.

Another

Another Excellent Gargle against the Squinsie, sore and Throat, Tumors, and Pain of the Mouth and Jaws.

Take Milk hot from the Cow, Album Gracum, half an ounce; Honey of Roses, two spoonfuls; Verdigreece, half a dram; boil them a little; then strain it out, and gargarize with it often:

It cleanses and heals Ulcers.

An Approved Remedy for the Tooth-Ach.

Take a little Cotton, and imbibe it with Lucatellus's Balsom, and so put it into the hollow Tooth.

This cured a Person that had the Toath-Ach in the great Extremity, and had tried many Mediciness in vain; after a little while he had used this Me-dicine, the Pain ceased, but came again within at week after: Then he applied the same Remedy a second time, and the Pain soon ceased, and never came again, though before he was very often subject to this Pain.

An Excellent Water for the Sourvey in the Mouth, and to fasten loose Teeth, to preserve and strengthen then the Teeth, and Gums, &c. often approved.

Take Allom, one dram; Bolearmonick, two drams; Myrrh, half a dram; pulverize them,

Ind put them into a pint of Claret, and when you use it, shake it well, and take a spoonful f it in your Mouth, and rub the Teeth and sums with it; you may warm it.

Another for the Same.

GALLER

The Oyl of Myrrh is a most excellent thing o preserve the Teeth and Gums, and to fasten oose Teeth.

Make it thus:

Take fine chosen Myrrh in subtil Powder, put t in the Whites of hard Eggs, which set in a Cellar in a Bason, putting some Sand in the pottom of the Bason, to set the Whites of Eggs in, that they may stand upright, and the Myrrh will all dissolve into an Oyl; which is very excellent: mix this Oyl with some Oyl of Sage, made by distillation, and put them into Canary wine, wherein dissolve a little Salt. Wash your Teeth and Gums with this.

Another Remedy for the Tooth-Ach

Take Mastick and chew it in your Mouth, till it be as soft as wax, then put it into the hollow Tooth, and let it remain till it is consumed, and it will certainly take away the Pain thereof.

Sir Kenelm Digby's Sympathetical Powder hath cured many Persons of the Tooth-Ach; the

Preparation whereof, with its Use and Virtues, will be set down in another Chapter below.

Dr. Mynsight his Excellent Remedy for the Tooth-Ach.

Take the Shaving of Lignum Vite (which you may have at the Turners) Shavings of Saffafras, Sarsaparilla, of each an ounce; Roots of Pelitory of Spain; Raw Allom, Nitre, of each half an ounce, Seeds of Staves acre, and of Henbane, of each two drams, Opium, Cloves, Mother of Thyme, Organy, Saffron, of each a dram; reduce to powder what is to be powdered, and then mix them well together, and put them into a Bottle or Matres, and powr upon them good Nantz Brandy and Vinegar, of each one pint and half; keep it in a warm place, or fet it in warm water for some days; shaking it often, let the Bottle be stopped very close with a Cork, and tied with a Bladder.

Take a little of this Liquor in your Mouth, and hold it on that fide the Teeth ake, and the Pain will ceafe immediately; also given inwardly, and used outwardly, it is one of the greatest Anodines in the world, eases Pain, and causes Rest. Dose is half a spoonful in a little Wine.

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To Cure the Tooth-Ach, by the Lady Jennings.

Take white Hellebore, infuse it in white Vine Vinegar, over a Chasing-dish of Coals; ien take half a spoonful of it, and hold and argle it in that side of your Mouth where the ain is, and it will give you present Ease. Proed by Mr. Bearson.

Inother against the Tooth-Ach, and Rheumin the Teeth and Jaws.

Take a quart of old Crab-Verjuice, put it ino an earthen Pipkin; put thereto Roch-Allom,
ne quantity of a Walnut, a few Cloves bruised,
tosemary and Thyme, of each one Branch;
oil all together to a Pint; when it is cold, put
into a Bottle, and take a spoonful of it warm
n your Mouth, and gargle with it on that side
he Humor and Pain lieth, it will dry and stay
he Rheum, and not draw it, and will fasten the
reeth infallibly. Proved by Mr. Fleetwood.

An Opiate for the Tooth-Ach.

Take Camphire, two drams; Opium, one Iram; Castor, half a dram; pulverize them, and mix them with Syrup of Clove-gilli-lowers over the Fire, that they may well incorporate to an Opiate.

It is excellent to asswage the Tooth-Ach; when is, Bet any of the Teeth are rotten and hollow, put but as included little into the hollow of the Tooth, and let it remain the there; and renew it as often as need requires.

A most Excellent Opiate to cleanse and whiten the: made Teeth, which is much used by, all the Nobles in the France.

Take Pumice stone burnt, White Coral, Cuttle-sish Bone, and Cream of Tartar, Florence-Orrice-root, of each an ounce; reduce them all to a fine powder; Sal-armoniack pulverized, two drams; Musk and Amber, of each six grains; grind them all together upon a Ma ble Stone, or in a Stone-Mortar, with an Iron Pestel; adding so much Honey of Roses by degrees as will make it into an Opiate by girnding.

Then put it up in Gally-pots, and keep it for

Use. Rub your Teeth with it.

Ladies that do not love the smell of Amber and Musk, may leave it out, and it will be never the worse for it; and it may be persumed by adding a few drops of Aromatick Oyls; as Oyl of Cloves, Cinamon, Essence of Orange and Limon Peels, &c.

An infallible and much experienced Remedy to cure the Tooth-Ach, and to fetch out the Worms that are in the Gums and hollow Teeth.

Take Henbane Seeds well bruised, two spoon-fuls;

s; Bees Wax four ounces: shred the Wax, d make it soft in warm water; then mix the ed well with it, and make a Candle thereof the Cotton Thred; hold the Candle being shred, in your Mouth, letting the Heat and noak of it go into your Mouth as much as ay be endured; and hold your Mouth over a pringer full of Water, and the Candle will aw out the Worms, and they will fall with e Rheum into the Water, so that you shall e some of them alive.

This bath been sufficiently experimented.

You may also put the end of a Funnel to the ooth, and so hold the Candle in the Funnel, olding your Mouth over the Water.

Defenjer, racon for the Stamont

Receive or say Ladies Deschies

CHAP.

CHAP. XIII.

Select CORDIAL WATERS Distilled.

This Chapter containeth the choicest Cordial Waters; with the true description of that famous Water called the Queen of Hungarys Water.

The Lady Hewits great Cordial Water for all cold Diseases, to comfort the Stomach, the Sprits, the Head the Heart, to stay the Rheum, the Hiccock, the bloudy Flux, against the Plague, the Meazles, the Small Pox, the Palsie, the Dropsie, and the Consumption of the Lungs. Copied from a Receipt in my Ladies Daughters hand; which she gave to the Countess of Monmouth.

Mylice

3130

Ake Roman Wormwood, Sage Bittony, Speremint, unfet Hysop, Setwel, Thyme, mother of Thyme, Bawm, Pennyroyal, Saincle, Salendine, Watercresses, Hearts-ease, Field-dazies Flower, Leaf and Roots, Angellica, Germander, Callamint, Tamarix, Coltsfoot,

Select Coedial Waters distilled. 129

ot, Carduus Benedictus, Avens Valarian, wild arjoram, Saxafrage, Pellatory of the Wall, mpernel, Varvain, Parsley, Rosemary, Sapry, Scabious, Egremony; of all these one andful pickt; a quarter of a peck of Rosemar-flowers; half a peck of Cowflip-flowers; If a peck of red Roses; of Camomile, Madishair, sweet Marjoram, Plantane, Cumphry, errow and Rue; as much of these as shall reain, being picked out of a handful of each: F Aromaticum Rosarum, three drams; Spickard, two drams; Elecampane-Roots dried, alamus Aomaticus, Galengal, Cubebs, Carda foman, Grains, Pepper, Lignem, Alces, hinne, Veroinca, Juniper-berries, one dram; edoaria, two drams; Ginger, Cinamon, Cloves, lace, Nutmegs, Mellelet-flowers, of each two rams: then take Fennel-feeds, Parsley-feeds, nnyfeeds, Caraway-feeds, of each two drams; fartshorn, one pound; all your Drug-spices nd Seeds, being beaten somewhat gross; and I your Herbs being washed, wrung in a Cloth, nd shred : put them all into an earthen pot, with wo gallons of the strongest Sherry-Sack, to steep l Night; your Drug-spices and Seeds, being be put into the midst of the herbs: Then then you still, which must be the next day, out f the whole quantity you must draw a quart of the first, which is best; then a pint of the sefond which is next in goodness; and mingle chose three pints together, which is the usual rater; and if it prove too strong, put a little more

130 Select Cozdial Waters distilled.

more of the weaker fort to it: The third and last fort is for other uses, as hereafter; you must have Aromatine each Pottle of your first useful and drinking Water, with thirty grains of Beaser; twenty four grains of Musk, twenty grains of Ambergreece; one pound of Sugarcandy; two drams of Coral; two drams of Pearl, and one dram of Amber: all must be beaten very small.

Another very precious Cordial Water of very great vertue, called the Golden Palsie-Water; Copied of from my Lord of Portland's Copy that he back from my Lady Lovelace; composed by Dr. Mathews

Take flowers of Lavender, two quarts; spirit of Wine, one gallon; and half digest them in a glass bottel close stopped in the Sun forward fix days; then distill it in an Alembick, with its refrigeratory, and keep the Spirit. Take flowers of Sage, of Rosemary, of Bittony, of Borage, of Bugloss, Lillies of the Valley, and Cowslips, of each half a handful; put them all into a gallon of Spirit of Wine; and put into them leaves of Bawm, of Fethersew, tops of Rosemary, and flowers of Steehas, and Bayber ries, of each half an ounce; powr upon them the foregoing Spirit of Lavender flowers, and digest them twenty four hours; then distill toward dryness; then put into this Spirit the thin yell farm

Select Coedial Maters distilled, 131

In department of Citron-peel, and Piony-feeds huskin department of each three ounces; Cinamon, Mace, Interest of each two drams; Cubebs, yellow Sanlease ers, of each two drams; wood of Alves, half dram; bruife them all, and digest for twenty our hours; then strain it, and put it up in a materize glass-bottel, and hang in't the following

Take Pearls ground to subtil powder, one ram; Ambergreece, Musks and Safron, of ach half a scruple; red Rose dryed, and red randers, of each two drams; red Sanders, Citon-on-peels, dryed all in subtil powder, of each me dram; put them all in a Sarsenet-bag, and

mang it in the Spirit.

Note That in the old Copy the quantity was double of the Spirit and of Ingredients; and the dischession was to be continued six weeks; but being the precied by a judicious Phistian, who judg twenty for hours to be a time long enough for such restified the pirits to extract the powers end vertues of any ordinary vegetable, especially its flowers and leaves.

The Vertues.

It is of exceeding vertues against the Palsie, Apolexie, the Falling sickness, and all cold Distempers f the Head, Brain and Womb: It chears and comports the Heart, the Animal and vital Spirit warms, trengthens, and comforts a weak and cold Stomach, and recovers lost appetite: It is excellent against its, Vapours, Convulsions, Megrim, Vertigo, loss

132 Select Cozdial Waters distilled.

of Memory, dimness of sight, Melancholy, swound and Fits, and Barroness in Women. You may take the balf a spoonful to one whole spoonful of it in Garanteen, or in black Cherry-water, or Syrup.

Note, That in every Distillation you must distinct to dryness, because the Spirit of Wine is rectified to the flowers are to be put into the Spirit of Winn when they are in their prime: and that infusion kepp till the other things are ripe and sit to be put in.

Another great Cordial Water of great vertue.

Take Take great Ants that are full of Eggs, and in the the full of the Moon, in May or Inne, twoment handfuls; put them into a glass-bottel, ancombed powr upon them fo much Spirit of Wine as may what cover them the breadth of three fingers; digeff them in the Sun until they turn to water by pu-trefaction; into one pound of this water putting flowers of Rosemary, Borage, Buglos, Roses Marjoram, Bawm, of each one handful; Carrante stor, four ounces; Confection of Ana Cardimus; two ounces; Diamoschu dulcis, one ounce. waters of Bugloss, Bittony and Tile-flowers, of thath each one pound; bruised Cinamon, one ounce; digest them together forty days; then distill itt in Balneo Maria: If you burn the remaining Feces to ashes, and extract the Salt out of it, and put it to the distilled Spirit, it will be more efficacious. It is both Cephalick and Pectoral; cureth Confumption, and by reason of the A-na Cardimus wonderfully strengthens the Memo-

Dr. Sc

Select Coedial Waters distilled. 153

fortifies the Brain, and strengthens Nature, and is much recommended to beget courage. It tenuates, expelleth Wind, and is vulnerary: revives the heart; warmeth and comforts a eak and cold Stomach. Dose, two or three confuls in Sack, or any other sit vehicle.

for Women with Child to prevent miscarrying.

Dr. Scroderus.

Take Lillies of the Valley, two handfuls; indeficite them in three quarts of strong white Wine
is a fortnight; then distil it in Balneo Maria,
indicated the distilled water put Cinamon, one ounce
that the following the counce; Cloves three
that the feach two drams, bruise them all gromany, and let them insuse in a Vessel close stopped
that avender-slowers, of each one handful; let
the forman Balneo Maria: If you calcine the Feces, and
that tract the Salt out of them, and put it to the
many rater it will be more effectual.

It is very proper for Women with Child being righted; It prevents Miscarrying, and strengthns the Womb, and the Child. It is a great Cordil: Child-bearing Women ought never to be withut it.

The

134 Select Coedial Maters distilled.

The Alexitery Milk-water

Take of Carduus Benedictus, six handfuls; Wormwood, four handfuls, Speremint, two handfuls; shred them small, and stamp them as little; then powr upon them two gallons of new Milk; let them insuse for six hours, and distill itt in a cold Still or in an Alembeck, taking off the head sometimes, and stir the matter well with as stick, else the milk will grow in a Cake at the top and hinder the water from rising.

My Lady Newports Excellent cooling Stomachal, Alexitery Milk-water.

Take Angelica, one part; Mint and Carduns Benedictus, of each four parts; Wormwood, two parts; shred them small, and bruise them a little, and put them in an ordinary Still, and powr upon them enough new Milk to soak them but not to have the Milk swim much over them.

Distill this as you do Rose-water; stirring it some times with a stick to keep the Milk from growing to a Cake.

When you will drink this water alone, fweet-

drink a Wine-glass-ful at a time.

Dr.

West

Select Cozdial Waters distilled. 135

women; which is esteemed as a Panacea among or the Noble Ladies of the Palatinate.

Take Cinamon, Nutmeg, Mace, Ginger, loves, Grains of Paradife, Cubebes, Cardaom, of each one ounce and a half; long Peper, half an ounce, Galingal, Zedoary, of each ne ounce; pulverife them every one by themleves, then mix them together; then take aves of Sage, Mint, and Bawm, of each one andful; shred them small, and mix them with ne other Ingredients, and powr upon them three par fourteen days close stopped; then distill it a Balneo, or in an Alembick well tinned within.

It strengthens the Womb, cureth the Suffication bereof, expelleth Wind out of the Stomach and sowels; It also strengthens and warms the Stomach, and a cold Womb; and that so successfully, that It the Noble Ladies of the Pallatinate esteem it as Panacea or Albeal.

Dr. Scroderus his second Cordial Water of great Vertues.

Take Tops of Rosemary, sweet Marjoram, sage, Bawm, of each one handful; Cinamon, grains of Paradice, of each one ounce; Mace, Galingal, of each two ounces; Nutmeg, Cloves, K 4

136 Select Copolal Waters victilled.

Ginger, of half an ounce; Juniper-berriess two ounces; bruise the Spices and Seeds, and should the herbs small, and insuse them all in three quarts of Rhenish Wine for a month; then did not still it.

This Water cures the Head-ach, Megrim, Verigoon Melancholy, illness of the Stomach, stinking Breath It causes fruitfulness, facilitates Delivery; Il strengthens the Stomach and the Womb, and 'tis good against the Palsie and Apoplexy.

Dr. Horstius, his most excellent Cordial Water for the Head, and for the Womb.

Paradice, Cloves, half an ounce; Rhubarbo one ounce; Castor, Spicknard, of each half are ounce; Oyl of Bays; let the Spices be whole; and infuse them in the best Canary or French Wine seaven quarts; digest them in a glass close stopped for ten days; then strain it, and beat the Spices to a Pulp, then digest them together again for three days; then distill it in Balneo.

This Weter is as good for the Head as for the Womb; It cures most Diseases of both; It is exceeding good against the Epilepsie, and Fits of the Mother, obstructions of the Spleen and Liver: It is good against Melancholy, ann gross vapors ascending to the Head.

Ansther

A other great Cordial Water of very great vertues, which causeth fruitfulness, and procures Conception.

Take of the great Ants or Pifmires which are full of Eggs; and in the full of the Moon, n the month of May or June two handfuls; Spirit of Wine rectified so much as may cover them the breadth of three fingers; digest them n a close Vessel till the next full of the Moon; br until they turn to water by putrefaction: Then to a quart of this water take flowers of Rosemary, Roses, Bugloss, Borage, Marjoram, Bawm, of each one handful; Castor, four punces = Confection of Ana Cardimus, two ounces; Diamoschu dulcis, one ounce; bruised Cinamon, one dram; waters of Bugloss, Bittony and Tile-flowers, of each one pint; digest them for forty days; then distill in Balneo Maria.

This is a great Cordial, and Pectoral; it is Cephalick, and vulnerary, and wonderfully strengthens the Memory, and fortifies the Brain; it strengthns Nature, and some thinks begets Courage; causes truitfulness, and procures Conception.

Arare Water against Hestich Fever.

Take Hysop, Ground-Ivy, Rosa solis, Centory, Maidenhair, Sorrel, Cinkfoyl, Scabious, Succory, Burnet, Dandikeon, Yarrow Agrimony

138 Gelect Cordial Waters distilled.

mony, Haulsbittony, Watercresses, of each half a handful; of the four greater cold Seeds, of each half a dram; slowers of Borage, of Bugloss; Roses, Poppies, two pugils; Roots of Elecampane; Succory, Burnet, of each thity six; Craysish-shells, Snails bruised, of each twenty in number; of a Calves Lung, half a pound; water of Liverwort one pint, or instead thereof water of Dandy Leon, being all prepared, powr upon them so much of Goats Milk as will soak them well; let them stand to insuse for sive or six hours; then distill it in an ordinary Still.

This water is very powerful against Hectick Fevers, and most Diseases of the Lungs; as Phthisick, shortness of breath, Asthma; it destroies Accidities; It nourishes and restores in Consumption being taken Morning, Noon and at Night before Supper; the Dose is about two

ounces.

The Lady Elizabeth Gilfords Cordial Water.

Dr. Ste

Take

Take four quarts of Nants-Brandy, put therein Borage-water and Poppy-water, of each a
pint; Sugarcandy, two pound; Figs shred and
Raisins stoned, of each one pound; red Roses
clipt and dryed, two handfuls; red Mint, one
handful; Rosemary-slowers, half a handful, and
as much Hysop; a few Cloves bruised; put all
these in a large double Glass, with a narrow
mouth; (such as Apoticaries have in their Shops)
stop it close, and set in the Sun for two or three
months.

Select Coldial Maters distilled. 139 onths. It is an excellent Cordial and Pectoral Wargood for the Head and Stomach, Breast & Lungs.

The Lady Bagnals Cordial Water; much Approved.

Take Angelica leaves two handful, Carduus k handful, Baum and Sage, of each five handful; ngelica feeds, and fweet Fennel feeds, of ach five ounces; Liquoras bruifed, two ounces; need three Herbs, and bruife the Seeds, and ut them to steep in two Gallons of the best anary, with the Cordial powder of Aromatium Rosaum, Diamuscus dulcis, of each one unce; let them stand four and twenty hours; then distilled Water Sugar dissolved in Rosewater.

Dr. Stephens's great Cordial Water for Women.

Take Cinamon, Cloves, Galingal, Ginger, Jutmegs, Grains of Paradife, Anifeeds, fweet ennel-feeds, and Caraway feeds, of each one law fram; Thyme, Mother of Thyme, Mint, age, Penniroyal, Pelitory of the wall, Rofemary, red Rofes dried, Flowers of Camomil, Drigany of Lavender, of each a handful; shred he Herbs, and bruife the Seeds and Spices, and nfuse them for twelve hours in a Gallon of French wine; then distil it, and save the first, econd and third Running, by themselves.

140 Select Coedial Maters distilled.

It is Cordial, strengthens the Heart, comforts and revives the Spirits; being given to a Woman in Labour, it facilitates the Birth, and causes a good Delivery; and after Delivery, it brings away the After birth, cleanses the Womb of Impurity, and restores Strength; it comforts the Stomach, and is good against Swooning and fainting Fits, and Fits of the Mother. It is good against the Stone and Gravel; and preserveth Youth.

Dr. Mountford's Cordial Water.

This

Take Angelica leaves, shalf a pound, Angelica seeds, and Carduus Benedictus, of each six ounces; Leaves of Baum and Sage dried, of each four ounces; sweet Fennel-Seeds, nine ounces; Liquoras, half a pound; Species of Aromaticum Rosatum dulce, and Diamocum dulce, of each one ounce; insuse them in thirty two quarts of Sack for sive or six days; then distill it in an Alembick, and draw off ten quarts of the strong, to which add white Sugar candy, half a pound, and half a pint of Rose-water; tie it up close, and keep it for Use.

Aqua Mirabilis, Sir Kenelm Digby's Way.

Take Cubebs, Galingale, Cardamoms, Melilot flowers, Cloves, Mace, Ginger, Chamon, of each half a dram; Juice of Celandine, one pint; Juice of Speremint, and Juice of Baum, of each half a pint; Flowers of Cowslips, Rosemary, of Borage, Bugloss and Marigold, of each

Select Coedial Maters distilled, 141

with the Juices in three pints of Sack, one maint of strong Angelica water, and half a pint red-Rose water; let it insuse twelve hours; he i distill it in a Glass Still, and first lay Harts-ne still it in a Glass Still, and first lay Harts-ne first, second and third Runnings by themin the leaves.

This is a great Cordial, it comforts the Heart, tomach, and Vital Spirits; it strengthens the Head nd Memory, preserveth Youth, and prosureth good Colour. It is Cephalick and Pectoral, it xpels Wind, and is of great force against the bolick, pains in the Side and Stomack; it omferes and warms a cold Stomack, and strengthms it; it is good against Coughs, Shortness of Breath and Asthma's, as also for most Diseaes of the Head and Brain: It revives the pirits, and helpeth strooning Fits. It is a counterby son and Antidote against the Plague, and all magnant Fevers and pestilential Distempers, and preerves from the Apoplexy. The Dose is one ounce, 2 Rosemary Water, Sack or any other Cordial Vater.

Dr. Augustine's Excellent Rosemary-Water.

Take the Tops and Flowers of Rosemary in he midst of May, gathered before Sun-rising, f each one handful; four or five good Elecamane Roots, of Red Sage, two handfuls; stamp them

142 Select Coedial waters distilled.

them in a stone Mortar; then take Cloves, Mace, and Cubebs, of each three ounces; Aniseeds half a pound; bruise them all severally; then mix all together with the Herbs, and put all into a large stone Bottle or Jugg, and powr upon them six Gallons of good white wine; stop it very close, and set it in the ground sisteen days; then distil with a gentle Fire; and sweeten it with sine Sugar.

This is a most precious Cordial Water, it rectifies all Distempers of the Head and Stomack comforts the Heart, revives the Spirits, and is excellent against the Palse and Apoplexy, all fainting and swooning Fits, and Fits of the Mother, Falling Sickness, Convulsions, Megrim, Vertigo, Letyargy, and other Diseases of the Head: Use it both outwardly and inwardly.

An Excellent Approved Water against all Infections, all cold D see ses of the Head and Stomack, for the Dropsie, Palsie, preserving Health, expelling all Tumors; Devised by the King's Physician.

Take what quantity you please of Bawm-water, and to every pint thereof take Aniseeds, Liquoras, of each two ounces; bruise them, and insuse them in the water four and twenty hours; then put into the Still Treacle, four ounces; Sage and Celandine, of each a good quantity; powr the rest upon them: then sprinkle over them one ounce of Bole-armenick in fine Powder; distil it with a moderate Fire.

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Select Coedial waters distilled. 143

Dr. Butler's Admirable Cordial Treacle-Water.

Take one ounce of raspt Hartshorn, boil it n three pints of Spring-water, to a quart; hen take Roots of Gentian, Elecampane, Cybreis and Tormentil, of each one ounce; of he Flowers of Borage, Bugloss, Rosemary, and Marigolds, of each two ounces; Citronpeels one ounce: then take one pound of the best Venice-Treacle, and dissolve it, fix quarts of good strong white wine, and three pints of bed-Rose water; infuse all together in a Vessel otlose stopped, stirring it sometimes for two lays; then distil it in a Glass Alembick, or in a Copper Alembick, with its Refrigeratory or Bucked Head: Keep every Running by it felf, and mix them as you best like, and spend the weakest first, sweetning it with Sugar.

It is an Excellent Cordial, it comforts the Heart, revives the Spirits, prevents swouning and faintingits, is very good against Agues and Fevers, Worms and small Pox, to drive the Venom from the Heart. It is excellent against the Plague and Infection, all Epidemical and Pestilential Diseases. Dose two spoonful of the strongest for aged People, and of the Small for Children.

144 Select Cozdial waters distilled,

Dr. Bnessius, a Physitian at Paris, his Cordial Water of green Walnuts, as he makes it every year; He gave the Receipt to Sir Kenelm Digby.

Take a good quantity of the Flower or Bloomings of the Walnut-Trees, it is a long green Excrescence, and is the first thing that buddeth out; stamp them in a stone Mortar, and press out all the Juice from them in an Apothecaries Press: distil this Juice in a Glass-Still in Balneo Marie, or in Sand, and keep the Water, fave also the Mark that you pressed the Juice out of. Then when the Nuts are as big as Hazle Nuts, take also a quantity of them, and stamp them, and press out the Juice; which distil there remains in the bottom a thick Substance like an Extract; whick keep, as also the Water. Then when the Nuts are growing big, and have but a Jelly in them instead of a Kernel, and are fit to preserve, take a quantity of them, and stamp them, and press out the Juice; which distil as before, to a like Confiftence as the other: Mingle your three Waters together: and this is his Water of Walnuts, which is a great Cordial, and is Diaphoretick: It is much recommended for the Cure of Agues, and intermitting Fevers, and all malignant Fevers. It fortifies the Stomack, Head and Brain, is good against the suffocation of the Mother, it is good against the Colick caused by Wind and Flegmatick Mat-

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select Cordial waters distilled. 145
rs. The Dose is from three or four ounces
feven or eight.

I saw a Letter from a Person of Quality at Pass, to Sir K. Digby, wherein he related to Sr K. at he had cured himself of a Quartan Ague by king a Glass full of the said water which he had ade, taking it assoon as he found the least Sympmof the approaching Fit, he went to bed and cored himself very warm, and fell asseep, and had Fit at all that time nor never after.

The thick Consistences which remain after the dial lation of the Juices, the said Dostor putteth tocould ther, and when he hath evaporated them to a site with the for making of Plaisters (if they were not so ready by their distilling) he putteth to them (removed from the Fire) a little Venice-Turpentine out an eighth or tenth part, or a little more, and little Powder of Cinamon and Cloves, and a little channeat flower to thicken it, also a little Salt, and with it in a Pot all the year; of this he makes Plairs for the Stomach, from the Sternum to the Nation on as long as it will stick, taking it off somewhere nes to wipe away the Water:

This comfrots and strengthens the stomack, wonder-

You should so proportion your Substances or Nuts as

bave about a like quantity of juice of each.

For Crudities and indigestions of the stomach when toosness followith, (which usually commeth from L cating

146 Select Cordial Maters distilled.

three days very stender diet; and to eat one Mornings three or four candid or preserv'd green Walnuts, and to drink a little burnt Claret after them, or raw Wine, eating a mouthful of bread: this settleth the Stemach very right.

The way how to candite and preserve green Walnuts will be set down in the Chapter of preserving and

candying.

A rare Cordial Water called the Royal Aqua Vita:

Take Lignum, Aloes, Roots of Zedoary, Anternal ge ica, Carline, Thistle, and Valerian, of each one ounce; Cinamon, Mace, and Citon-rind, of each fix de drams; Cloves, lesser Cardamoms, and sweet Fennal nel-seed, of each half an ounce; slowers of Rosemary, Sage and Marjoram, of each two small handfuls, which is to be bruised, and put them into a stone Jugg or Bottle with Spirit of Wine and Malmsey Wine, of each four pints; stop the Vestional fel close and them macerate in a warmBath for three days, then distill them in a sand Bath, or in Balneo Maria, dissolving in the distilled water fine Sugar, then put it up for use. And if you would have it perfumed, you may dissolve in its same Ambergreece and Musk, of each half a dram.

This Water is much esteemed and used by all thee Nobles in France: The perfection of it is, that although there be not many Ingredients, yet they are of great vertue. It fortisieth the Brain, Head analy Stomach, strengthens the Memory, conforts the Heart, reviveth the Spirits when enseebled by thee

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Select Coldial Maters distilled. 147

Milliation of the Spirits, or overpressed by the abunnce of ill qualities or bad humors. It is to be
the ken fasting, from one spoonful to three in some
all oper liquor.

A Cordial Water, or Spirit of Cinamon.

Storus

Take chosen Cinamon bruised, one pound qua Vita, three pints; the best Rose-waeter opints; let them digest a day or two close opped; then distil it in dn Alembick with a refrigeratory, or in a Glass Cucurbite, or a Tin accurbite with a Glass-head: such as described our Engine: The first pint will be pretty good, d the last milky and sweet of the Cinamon; and the strong of the Spirits. You may distil this show I you perceive it commeth no more strong of namon. Keep every one of these three Wa-

rs in a Vessel apart close stopped.

The spirituous Water of Cinamon, is good speeding to comfort and fortifie all the noble parts, and mincipally the Heart: for which reason it is gine with great success in swooning and fanting with great success in swooning and fanting the standard thereof, helpeth Digestion, stays Loosness, pels Wind, and eases Chollicks which are caused ereby. It is much recommended to strengthen Women Labour, to facilitate the Birth, and ease their pains. It is also very good to provoke the Terms, and to exhail was vapors that rise in the Matrix. It is given alone of a spoonful when there is any necessity; but when you see to often, it is better to keep to the lister Dose.

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148 Select Coedial Waters distilled.

Sir Kenelm Digby fays, that Lignum Cassi maketh a much finer Spirit than Cinamon; kl made it thus, as I make it now.

Take four ounces of the quilled fort, which is the finest and best; bruise it well, and put into a gallon of Mallago-Sack- Digest there into a gallon of Mallago-Sack- Digest there together three or four days in Balneo; then digital it with a very gentle heat: If you will record as the custom is; but if you will have it richer the Wood, distil off all together as long as cometh with vigor, and put that liquor upon free Cassa, and digest as before, and then distil: repeat this till it be as strong as you desire; but the last time you put fresh wood you may keep three runnings each apart; you may also distil it with three parts of Wine and two parts of Rose-water; then sweeten it with Sugar.

A Corda'l Water of Clove Gilly flowers.

Put Aqua Vita, or Sack upon Clove Gill-flowers; diget them two days; then distil it in Glass Body, laying other Clove Gilly-flowers upon the mouth of it upon a Boulter-Cloth: (that the spirit rising and passing through the flower may tinge it self of a beautiful color) then distinct the Spirit as strong as you like it, which sweeter with Syrup of Clove Gilly-flowers. Sir K. D.

Select Coedial Waters distilled. 149

A Lemon-Water.

III Ca

Mane.

Pare of the yellow thin Rinds of Lemons, thin as to make Chips, which will be as low the Pores go; and put them into a Glass-body that Head and an Alembeck, and distill them Balneo with a gentle heat: you shall have a y sprightful water; (with Oyl swimming which conserves it) whereof a little aromatise Wine or any Liquor. and make it y pleasant. Sir. K. D.

If you distill Rasps in a cold Still, and put a litof that Water into Sack, or other Wine, or into were or white Wine and Water; it will aromatise very strong of Rasps, (without changing the co-) and make it very pleasant: two or three mfuls is sufficient to a quart of Sack. Sir K. D.

An Excellent Orange-water, or Spirit.

Take the parings or Chips of the Rind of an Indred Oranges into a Cuburbite, so large It they fill not above a third part sull, powr ton them three quarts of good Aqua Vita; n put on the Head and Alembeck, and lute it ll with past; and paper, stop the Vessel of the ir days; then distill it with a gentle heat in large; keep the first quart by it self, for it will excellent good; then change the Receiver, and I oyl will come over with the rest of Liquor,

148 Select Cozdial Maters distilled.

when it beginneth to come weak leave off distilling. Magle one pint of excellent Syrup of Clove Gilly-flowers with the first quart; and it will be an excellent Cordial Water: you may aromatise it with Ambergreece if you love Amaber.

A Cordial Water very good for Women; from a great Lady.

Take Penyroyal, red Sage, sweet Marjoram and Rosemary-slowers, of each one handfull pick them well, and rub them in a Cloth; therefore them small, and put them into a stom Jugg, and pour upon them one Gallon of Sack stop it close, and let them digest two days; there distill it carefully; the best way of distilling this water, is in a Cucurbite with a Glass-head, and in Balneo Maria. If you distill it in a a cold Still was you must give a gentle fire, keeping wet Napp kins upon the top of the Still to keep it cool sweeten it with fine Sugar, or Sugarcandy; and hang a little Sarsenet in it with two drams of Safron.

The Grand Duke of Florence, his Excellent Cale of Stial, or Imperial Water of great vertues, which he gave to the Duke of Vandome, who gave it to Sir Kenelm Digby.

Take of Turbit, that which is white another Gummish, two ounces; Mastick, Nutmega Cina

Gelect Coedial Waters distilled. 149

inamon, Cubels, of each half an ounce; yel-Som yow Sanders, two ounces; bruife all thefe and but them in a Glass-body; and put into them wo wo ounces of Venice Turpentine, and two was ound of white Honey; then powr upon them wo quarts of very good Spirit of Wine, or Nants Brandy; stop the Vessel very close, and ligest it two days; then distill it in Balneo till it egin to come whitish; then take the Vessel out of the Balneo, and fet it in a fand Bath; and laving changed the Receiver, distill it by detrees, and you will have a whitish water; to which add half a pound of newly drawn Oyl of picknard, and prepared Pearls, and Corals, of ach half an ounce; an ounce of Cream of Tarar, in subtil powder; stop it close, and keep t for use: then encrease the fire, and distill to Tryness, and you shall have a reddish, Oylish Water; which keepalso by it self.

The first clear Water, is a most sovereign Remedy for the Wind and Stone-Collick, and for any pains of the Stomach; it is also good for Surfeits, and excellent for obstructions of the Spleen and Liver: It purisheth the Blood, comforts the Brain, and strengthens the Memory. It is a sure and infallible Remedy for the Fits of the Mether, as also the Convultion Fits and Falling-sickness: the Dose is half a spoonful; with as much of any distilled Water, or

un fair water.

The second whitish Water is an excellent Remedy for the Stone and Gravel: it is also very good for Sores and Wounds, Olcers and Fistula's, warming

L 4

152 Select Coedial waters distilled.

a little of it, and bathing the parts afflicted there with, it cures the Noli me tangere, Erisipelas, on Met.

St. Anthonies fire.

And if you mix some of the first water with the

it, it will be more efficacious.

The reddish Water, is an infallible Cure of the Hemoroids and Piles.

It is also excellent for the Gangreen and Wounds!

Dry

An Excellent Cordial Water for Surfeits, and for Ranso an Ague.

Take fix quarts of Aqua Vita, put into it at peck of red Poppy-flowers; let them infused twenty four hours in a Glass close stopped; there are fitrain it, and press it well, and put the clear Linguist quor into the Glass again, with Figs and Raising and stoned, of each two ounces; Aniseeds beatens with half an ounce; all tied up in a Bag; set this implies the Sun for ten or twelve days: For an Ague. In take two or three spoonfuls of this Water, and dissolve in it the bigness of a Halle-nut of London-Treacle an hour before his sit; and let him stopped the popular and fast four or sive hours after it.

Sir Kenelm Digbys Cordial Poppy-water, for Surfeits, as he had it prepared every year for his Family; is thus,

Take a wide mouth-Glass of six quarts, and put into it five quarts of the best double stilled!

Aniseed!

Select Cozdial Waters distilled, 153

Aniseed-water; then thrust in as many red Poppy-leaves as will fill it top-full; and let them infuse twenty four hours; then strain and press them out, and put in as many fresh Poppies, and let them insuse as long; then strain them again, and put in fresh, and let them insuse six or seaven days; then strain and press them well from the Liquor; and then strain the liquor from the Dregs: then put into it six ounces of stoned Raisins of the Sun, and a pound of stoned Cherries; and half a pound of sined Sugar; then stop the bottle very close.

This is an excellent Surfeit-Water, and very officastrious. Sir Kenelm Digby's Cook-woman had once furfeited her self, by eating of those venoms and dan-Regerous fish called Mussels, the was very bad, her heart and Stomach very much oppressed, andher Body was full of red spots; she took a Cup of this Surfeit water, and was perfectly cured: and I my felf have had experience of the good effects of this Water; having at one time surfeited my self by eating of those Mussels, so that I found my Heart and Stomach oppressed in such a manner, that it seemed as if there I, ed a very heavy burthen or weight upon my Stomach, and could scarce fetch my breath; my Face and the white of my Eyes was as red as a Scarlet; They gave me a Glass of this Surfeit water and it presently cured me.

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The Lady Dacreses Cordial of black Cherries, will wherewith the was cured of a great dizziness giddiness and swimming in her Head; and many others have found the like effects of it. Sir K.D.

Take four pound of black Cherries, fqueeze out first all the Juice from them; then bruise the rest with their stones in a stone-Mortar, then cars put them with the Juice into a Bag, with Bawm, and tops of Rosemary shred very small or stamped, of each one handful; Cinamon and Nutmeg, of each half an ounce; then powr thereon two quarts of Sack; stop it close, and let it stand twelve hours; then diffill it, and draw fo much of it that it be weak like Aqua Mirabilis; Iweeten it with Sugarcandy to your taste.

The fiel Lady distilled this in anordinary, cold! Still; but Sir K. D. Sayeth he thinks it were better to distill it in a Cucurbite; you may have one made of Tin; (which will ferve you many years, whereas as tol Glass one is very apt to break) and fit a Glass-head to so it, and so you may distill either in a sand-Bath, or in Balneo Mariæ. It is a pleasant Cordial Water; drin'z a little Wine, a Glass-full at a time, in the Morning fasting, and at Night going to Bed.

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Select Coedial Maters distilled. 151

My Lady Poltney told Sir Kenelm Digby that she had known black Cherrie-Wine do great effects in that case: Make it thus;

Press out the Juice from black Cherries, and hen bruise the rest with the stones, and press that again; then put both Juices together, and let them settle; then put the clear into bottles, with a lump of Loas-Sugar into each bottle to make it work; after it hath wrought, and is tipe, drink of it.

The true and genuine Receipt of that famous Spirit, called the Queen of Hungaries Water; so called by reason of the wonderful effects which a Queen of Hungary received by it at the age of seaventy two years.

07.00

Take four pound of Rosemary slowers, gathered in a fair Morning, two or three hours after Sun-rising, and picked from all the green part; put them into a Cucurbite, and powr upon them three quarts of Spirit of Wine well rectified; press down the flowers into the said Spirit, and then cover the Cucurbite with its Head and Alembeck) lute well all the Juncture with paste and paper; then place it in a sand Bath, and lute a Receiver to it; then leave it so until the next Morning; then distill it with so moderate may not be so much as warm; or to hasten the distill-

156 Select Cozdial Maters distilled.

distillation, you may cover the Head with a linnen Cloth doubled several times, and dipped, in cold water, and dip again, and cool the Head feleral times; continue the distillation until you have drawn about three quarts of Spirit, which will be very pure, and charged with the best and volatile substance of the flowers; then take out all the fire, and let the bath cool; unlute the Vessels, and put the Spirit into a Bottle well stopped; then strain and press out the liquor that remains in the Cucurbite, and clarifie it; then put it into the Cucurbite again, and distill it until it remaineth in the bottom of the consistence near as thich as Honey, or a thick Syrup, which put into a Pipkin well glazed, and boil it over a gentle fire to the thickness of an ordinary Extract: Put the last Spirit into a bottle by it felf.

The great fame and reputation of this Water, and the great Vent for it in Germany and France for many years since, has caused several persons, as ignorant as wicked, to prepare it after their manner, taking only the tops of Rosemary, with the slowers instead of the pure slowers well picked, which makes the scent of the Water stronger, but more tart and unpleasing as well as the taste; and instead of rectified Spirit of Wine, make common Aqua Vitæ serve their turns.

The true Spirit of Rosemary-flowers well prepared, is a most sovereign thing against all cold Distempers of the Head and Brain. It is also an excellent Remedy against all cold Diseases and affecti-

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Select Coedial waters distilled. 157

ins of the Nerves and Joins; against Rheumatisms and cold Gouts. It cureth the Head ach, disfolves Harind d Sipates the vapors that causes the Megrim and Vertigo, strengthens the Memory, helpeth deafness and not se in the Ears by dropping two or three drops f it into the Ear; strengthens and clears the sight, by washing the Eye-lids therewith, and dropping of t into the Eyes; it healeth Contustions, Bruises and Swellings; it asswages the Tooth-ach, fortifies and Grengthens the Stomach and Bowels, creates an Apretite, and helpeth Digestion; it opins obstructions If the Liver and Spleen, as also the Womb, Suppresling the vapors thereof. It is of great power to pre-Firve and strengthen natural heat, and to ease aged People of a great many of those Diseases that attend upon old Age. The Dose is from half a spoonful to a whole spoonful in Wine, or any Cephalick Cordial Water: For the Head-ach, Megrim and Verrigo's, you may snuff up a little of it into the Nostrils, and apply it with a linnen Cloth doubled to the Temples and Forehead; and in the same manner it is to be used for Bruises and Swellings, Rheumatisms and the Statica. It whitens, softens, and Imoothens the Skin, preserving the Complexion and Beauty thereof, being used either alone, or mixt with wild Tansie-water, Water of Lillies, or Water-Lillies, or May-dew distilled. In short, there is hardly any Remedy to be found that produceth so many and good effects as this Spirit, as several famous Authors confirm and testifie, as well as Experinece can testifie.

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The second Spirit you distilled from the Liquor pressed out, is also good, and may produce good! effects, for it will stay longer in the Stomach than the first, by reason it containeth less of the volatile That part of the flowers. The Dose must be doubled.

A most precious Cordial Elivir of Dr. Mynsight.

Take red Roses dried, Mint, Bawm, white Sanders, Cinamon, Orange and Citron-peels, of each half an ounce; Lignum, Aloes, and Mace, of each two drams; Seeds of Coriander, of Angelica, of Anife, of sweet Fennel, of each half an ounce; Spicknard Galingal the lefs, Safron, Cardamoms, Cloves, of each half a dram; prepare and bruife them all, and put them into a Cucurbite, and having powred thereon three quarts of Spirit of Wine, and two quarts of Damask-Rose-water, fit on the Head, and lute it well, and let it stand to digest eight days; then distill it so long till you have feaven pints of water: In this Water put Lignum C. flia well bruised, two onnces, Safron, half a dram, Juice of Alkerms; let it stand to digest for some days; then strain it and sweeten it with fine Sugar or white Sugarcandy.

It is a most excellent Cordial, and very odoriferow: It exhiberates and comforts the Heart revives the Spirits, comforts the Brain and Stomach, augments natural heat, causes a good digestion, expels wind, and is a most incomparable Remedy against the Chollick and griping of the Guis; it takes aw y

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Select Coedial Maters distilled. 155

Ids, and opens Obstructions of the Lungs, Lir and Spleen; preserves Health,; and as the Auor says, keeps back grey hair, and prolongs life.

These that love Amber and Musk, may put into e distilled Water with the other Ingredients, Amber-teece and Musk, of each half a scruple, ground gether in a little Mo tar with a little Sugar, and en tyed up in a little Sarsenet; or you may perfume at any time, as you use it with a drop or two of the incture of Amber set down in the Chap. of Per-times. The Dose is one spoonful or two.

the Stomach, and to cause Rest and Sleep.

Take of Alkermess, one dram and half; Syap of Cowslips, a good spoonful; Dragon and d Poppy-water, of each one ounce; mix them

and take it when you go to Bed.

Or take of the Conserve of Clove Gilly-flowrs, two drams; Diascordium, one dram; Syop of Cowslips, one spoonful; mix them with trawberry-water, Lettice, Cardum, or Roseater, and take it Bedward.

Or take Conserves of Roses and Methridate, f each the quantity of a Hasse-nut; mix them

with fome Cordial Waters and Syrup.

Inother Excellent Cordial to cause Rest and Sleep in a Fever, or when one is oppressed with pain, as aiso in a Surfeit, or after Phisick.

Take Confection of Alkerms, one dram and

160 Select Cordial waters distilled.

an half, Diascordium, one dram; Syrup of Clove Gilly-flowers a good spoonful; mix them very well with two ounces of Dragon-water, or red Poppy-water, or Cardum-water, as the Disease requires. It is an excellent Cordial.

Dr. Farrar, his great strengthening and restoring; Cordial Electuary and Drink;

Take Conserves of Rosemary-slowers, Conferve of Borage-slowers, Conserve of Cloves Gilly flowers, of each half an ounce; Electuary of Diasatirrion, one ounce; Candid Ringo-Roots, six drams; Venice-Treacle, two drams; Nettle-seeds, and Seeds of Rocket, of each halff a dram; Species Diomoschi dulcis, two scruples; Syrup of Stoechado's, so much as will suffice to make it up into an Electuary. Take the quantity of a Nutmeg of this Morning and Night, crewhen you will, and drink a little of the following Decoction after it.

Take Leaves of Sage, of Organy or wildle Marjoram, Rosemary and Nettle-tops, of each one handful; Chamæde, Chamepit, Stoechao's, of each half an handful; Seeds of Nettles, off Rocket, and of sweet Fennel-seeds, of each three drams; Roots of Pellitory of Spain, half an ounce; shred them all small, and boil them in a quart off Fountain-water; then strain it, and mix the strain ed liquor with a pint of old Mallago-Sack.

This strengthens Nature wonderfully, and is excellent for old Men, taking a little glass-full after the foregoing Electuary. CHAP. 01 10

CHAP. XII.

Select Cordial JULEPS.

ler and burnt Humors.

Ake French Barly, two spoonfuls; Succory with the Roots, of Maidenhair, Liverwort, d Sorrel, of each half a handful, Roots of much and Grass, of each half an ounce; of four cold Seeds beaten, of each two ounces; il them in a sufficient quantity of Fountainter, a pint and half; then strain it, and insufe thalf an ounce of Sena; then take Tamarins I Polipode, of each three ounces; Mechoal, Jallop, and Hermodactils, of each two nees; Currans bruised half an ounce; of Bolio e, Bugloss and Rosemary-slowers, of each fan ounce, if they are to be had, if not you may

may leave them out: bruise them all, and infuse them warm in a sufficient quantity of Succory, water; then boil them until there remains as pint; then strain it, and insuse in it four scruples of Rubarb in thin slices, and three ounces; then strain it again, and add Syrup of Roses, and Cream of Tartar, of each one ounce; them add the first decoction: Take of this a quarter of a pint every Morning as long as it lasts.

A cooling, opening, Cordial Julep, good in Feverally rish Distempers.

Take Succory-water, four ounces, Rose-war ter, two ounces; Syrup of Violets, of Ross Salutive, of each half an ounce; Spirit of Vii triol, fifteen or fixteen drops; mix and shake them together, and take thereof two or three spoonfuls at a time.

Another Cooling Julep.

Take Barley-water and Sorrel-water, on each half a pint; Syrup of Violets, and Syrup of Juice of Citrons, of each one ounce Spirit or Oyl of Vitriol, twelve or fifteen dropss or so much as will make it of a grateful ascillate dity.

Palpitation of the Heart.

Rofe-water, of each two ounces; a few ps of Oyl of Sulphur; in which infuse, one scruple of Safron for four hours; in strain it, and dissolve in it one ounce of the Christi; Confection of Alkermes, one of each half an ounce; mix all and make a p.

die is comfortable and refreshing, as also restora-

Mynfight, his excelle t Cordial and cooling Julep.

rake half an ounce of Endive-water; of trel and Rose-water, of each half a pint; of ter-lillies and Scabio's, of each six ounces; amon-water, two ounces; Syrup of Violets Roses, half a pound; Juice of Limons, two ces; mixthem, and add Spirit of Vitriol so that as to give it a grateful ascidity.

tis an excellent Remedy in a burning Fever, in a ported, purple, malignant Fever, and all other signant Distempers. It is a very excellent thing; vols Instammations, quenches Thirst, moistens a body, and is a pleasant Cooler, being cordial.

. Dose is five or fix spoonfuls.

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A most

A most excellent Cordial, cooling Tincture of Roses

Take two quarts of water, make it boiling hot; then powr it into an earthen or white Bardon fon, or a deep Pan, and put into it two or through a clean wooden stick; then put into it a good handful of red dried Roses of that year; sticked them well, and thrust them even in the liquocant then cover it, and let it stand to cool; themself them it without pressing the Roses, and you share a Tincture as red as a Ruby. Be sure you and do not make it in any Tin or Pewter Vessel, stocked it will lose the color.

It is a very pleasant Cooler, and a great Cordian and strengthens the Liver, the Kidneys, and to Stomach; It is excellent in Fevers.

A Cordial Water to prevent and cure the Apoplexy

Take Tops of Marjoram, Jilly-flowers, Charles of the Valley, of Rosemary, Lavender Mario Sage, Primroses, of each three handfuls; infunction in Spirit of Wine rectified, and Orang flower-water, of each three pints; set it in the Sun for eight days; then distillit in a sand Batter and keep the Water.

This Water is excellent to fortifie the Brain and Roll the noble parts; and is given from half a spoont the

a whole one, as well to prevent as to cure the Apo-

e best way to distil a most Odoriferous and Spirituous Rose-water, far beyond any that can be
drawn by ordinary means, and as much to be
commended for its pleasant and penetrating Odour,
as for its Vertues-

Take 20 pound of Damask-Roses pick'd, stamp im in a Stone-Mortar with a wooden Pestle; x and beat with them by degrees one pound gray Salt powdered; put it into a large earen Pitcher, or into two, crush and stamp mem down very close, and order it so that the dicher may be quite full; then stop it up close th a Cork fitted to it; then close it up with low Wax made warm, fo that no Air can get then tie a Bladder about it, and fet it in a s llar for fix weeks: Then open the Pitcher, I you shall find the Roses to have a kind of ell of Wine, which is a Sign of their fermendion, and of the aptness of the spiritual parts feparate from the terrestrial, and to ascend in tillation. Take out a pound of these ferented Roses, and distil them in a Cucurbite On Balneo Maria, between lukewarm and boylhot, until the Roses remain almost dry; take them out, and make the Cucurbite man, and put into it feven or eight pound of the Roses out of the Pitcher, stopping the tcher up close again; then powr upon the Roses

Roses the water that you distilled; distil it as one before, until the Roses be almost dry, then taken them out, and put in fresh Roses, and powr upon them the distilled water, and distil again as before: Continue doing thus till you have did out stilled all your Roses; and thus you shall have at most Odoriferous Rose-water, which will smeh all the House over while you are distilling: and ofthe you may pickle what quantity of Roses your please whilst they are in their season, and sever pro ral Pitchers with them instead of one, another you may distil them when you please, at Michanit elmas, or at Christmas; for they will keep good to a long time, provided your Pitchers he well stopped and closed. Thus they commonly de them in Germany and in France. And of this Rose-water you may draw an Inflamable Spiritting that will burn like Spirit of Wine, by rectifying land, it in a Mattress with a long Neck with a Head and upon it.

Sir Walter Raleigh's great Cordial according to the Counsel and Advice of Sir Ken. Digby and Sir Alexander Fraiser, first Physician to his Millipsty.

The first Ingredients of Animals.

Harts-horn calcin'd in the Vapors, Distillations, and Circulations of Spirit of Wine, with some rasp'd Harts-horn, both powdered, of each an even quantity, in all four ounces.

Tho

The Second.

Oriental Bezoar-stone reduced into inpalpa e Powder, three ounces.

The Third.

Oriental prepared Pearl, two ounces.

The Fourth.

Of the Flesh, Hearts and Livers of Vipers, new being first stripped of their Skins, and dridin a Glass-bottom in Maries Bath, until they re sit to be reduced into Powder, three drams; ut two drams thereof to the Vegetables, and dd one dram to the Powders.

The Fifth.

Musk powdered with some white Sugarandy in a Marble or Stone Mortar, thirty rains, and afterward dissolve it in a vaporous ath with Spirit of wine in a Pelican, and draw ff the Spirit again with a gentle heat of the ame Bath, unto the consistency of a thick Syup, which must be afterwards mixed with the other things.

The fixth.

Amber-greece, four drams powdered in a Marble, or stone-Mortar, with some white Sugarcandy so long till they are perfectly united, which will be very troublesom without the subtil and siery Oyl of rectified, and thrice passed over most pure salt of Tartar in Maries Bath; therefore this mixture of Sugar and Amber-MA greece

over it of this subtil Oyl until it overtops it the breadth of four fingers; then close the Vessell and place it in a vaporous Bath until it be united by dissolution; then filtre it through Cotton into a glass-Viol, and being cooled, there will be united of these three Bodies, a Butter or Cream most delicious and pleasing, which already of it self is a great Cordial: thus the Amber-greece must be prepared for this Operation.

Author's first Receipt; and strike down the Pearl with Oyl of Vitriol, and Oyl of Sulphur,

equal parts for that is the best way.

Vegetives, and first Roots.

Which are the Angelica, Tormentil, and round Birthwort-roots, of each one ounce; the Who Fraxinella, or white Dittany-Roots, the Carline, when the Contra Yerva and Gentian-Roots, the Serpentary of Virginia, the Valerean and Zedoary-roots, of each half an ounce: the fittest time to gather these Roots, is the beginning of the Spring.

Secondly, Plants.

Which are Bittony. Carduns Benedictus, Scordium, or Water-Germander, the Dittany of Creet, Marjoram, Mints, Bawm and Seddual, of each four handfuls: these Plants to be gathered a little after Sun-rising in a serene, dry day, the Dew being dried off, and not after Rain.

Thirdly,

Thirdly, Flowers.

Which are, Borage and Buglos-flowers, love-gilly-flowers, the red Rose, Rosemary-owers, Rosa solis, the Marygold and Elder-owers, of each one Pottle; Safron, half an unce; flowers of Nutmegs or Mace, two unces.

Fourthly, Fruits and Berries.

Namely, Cardamoms, Cubebs, Alkermeserries, Juniper-Berries, Cloves and Nutmegs, f each one ounce; the Juice of Alkermes, of which all over Europe is made the Confection of Alkerms, is supposed better than the dried Bery, as in the Authors Receipt.

Fifthly, Barks and Rinds.

Which are, Saffafrais and Cinamon, of each our ounces; Limon and Orange-rinds, of each wo ounces.

The Vegitables, if they be dry must be put no gross powders, if green, they must be cut ery small with Sissers, for shredding with a Knife till waste the Juice.

Sixthly, Woods.

Wood of Aloes and Sassafras of Virginia, f each four ounces: These Woods must be extacted in a pure and simple Spirit, or some of hat Spirit drawn off from the course extract, perform which, there needs no more than to roceed simply in the same manner as before in

the digestion and filtration of the last Extract; then mix this resinous Extract with the Sugar, the Extracts, Powders, Syrup, which must be done by dissolving gently with some of its proper Spirit in a Pan; and thus unite it gently with some Syrup before it be joyned with the rest, otherwise it will remain in lumps, and will not dissolve in the Stomack with ease enough to communicate its vertue when it is needful a Cordial should operate.

Seaventhly, Minerals.

Minerals, which are the Oriental Bole, or Bole of Arminia, the sealed Earth, or Terrandez sigillata, Coral, the Unicornu minirale, or white Loadstone, of each four drams; Gold, two drams.

To prepare these Earths, that is to fay, thee Oriental Bole, and fealed Earth; you are to take fome of the liquid Extraction of the Vegetables aforefaid, which enter into this great Cordial and Water these two Earths therewith into a Glass-boy till they are reduced into a life quid Pap; then draw off this Liquor by distillan tion, with a gentle heat of a vaporous Bath and this continue for feaven times, or rather till the Operator can find out by the taste of the Earths that they are fufficiently impregnated with the favour and vertue of the Cordial Plant for then it is time to leave off; drying what is in the Vessel in the same degree of heat till there appears no more moisture in the head of the Alem

Me Alembick, nor a drop of Liquor pass through the Neck of the Alembick; put afterwards hese Earths, thus impregnated, in a glass-Vilvery well stopt to enter them afterwards into ur composition; reduce the Unicornu minerale and noto subtil powder.

Then all these various Ingredients must be ningled well together on a grinding stone as before, and by degrees mingled with the Sugarandy, which must be a pound and half, the Musk and Amber-greece according to Art,

Before you take this Cordial, examine your stomack, and if it be troubled with some sudlain indispositions which may cause a nauseousthese or sickness, by reason of some sharp, malignant humors that sojourn in the bottom of the Ventrickle; in this case the Stomack ought to be cleanfed with a simple, natural, gentle vonit, that indispositions of the Stomack may not be attributed to the Remedy; and then this great Cordial to be made use of in all seasons, from Il forts of persons, of what Sex or Age soever, put still with the advice of a Phisitian: Its Dole is, from fix grains to half a dram, to preferve and maintain health; and from half a scruple, or twelve grains to a dram or four scruples, when concerns the care of fuch Diseases to which it is appropriated, which only belongs to the Phisitian to discover; who not only knows the vertue of this great Cordial, but also examins the disposition of the subject, both in health and fickness who is to receive it; reslecting upon the

the Time, Dose, Age, Sex, Temper and Climate.

A Cordial to procure Sleep and Rest.

Take a quart of the best unsophisticated Claret-Wine; put into it a handful of Cowslip-showers; one handful of Borage-slowers, and a slip of Rosemary; set it on the fire, and when it is ready to burn, smother it in the first slame, and keep it in the pot till it is cold; then strain it, and put thereto three ounces of Clove-gilly-slowers well mingled together, and every Night at your going to Bed, take a Wine-glass of it, you must not warm it the second time.

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CHAP. XIII.

Select Phisical ALES and DIET-DRINKS.

The Earl of Linsey's Scurvy-grass-Ale, whereby he was cured of the Scurvy and Dropsie.

Ake halfa peck of Sea-Scurvy-grass-leaves, eight handfuls of Sage; two handfuls of Wormwood; one handful of Horse-radish-roots sliced; two ounces of Scurvy-grass-leed; two pound of Raisins of the Sun stoned; one handful of Wood-Bittony, and the peels of two Oranges; put them into a thin bolter Bag, and hang them in twelve gallons of small Ale after it hath done working, and after it nath stood a week, drink thereof.

174 Gelect Phytical Ales, &c.

The Lord Linsey was much troubled with the Scurvy, Dropsie, and pitting of his Legs, of all which this Ale quitted him; his use was to take a draught of it in the Morning fasting at least two hours before Meat, and another in the Evening, and sometimes also at Meals: It caused a good digestion of his Meat, and fortified his Stomack, and made him more vigorous.

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Sir Kenelm Digby's Scurvy-grass-Ale, which he made frequent use of.

Take Sea and Garden-Scurvygrafs, of each half a peck, and two ounces of the Seeds; eight handfuls of red Sage; English and Roman Wormwood; one handful of Horse-Radish-Roots fliced; two pound of Raisins of the Sun stoned; one handful of Wood-Bittony; two Oranges stuck with Cloves, or bruised Cloves, and two or three Oranges more flightly stampt with the other Ingredients; put them all into a thin bolter Bag, and hang it in an empty Veffel of a fit feize; but first put some weight into it to make it fink, and hang it so with a string fastned about the Bung-hole, as the lower part of the Bag may only rest upon the bottom of the Barrel, and the upper part bang by the ftring; then turn upon it twelve gallons of midling Ale, that so it may ferment and better draw out the vertue of the Herbs. This was the only Ale that Sir Kenelm made use of in the time of his health, both for himself, and for those of his Family that would drink of it. Cockt (No

Cock- Ale.

Take an old red, or other Cock, and boil im indifferent well; then flea him skin-cleanoff, and beat him flesh and bones in a stone-Morar all to mash; then slice into him half a pound of Dates; two Nutmegs quartered; two or three blaids of Mace; four Cloves; and put to Ill this two quarts of Sack that is very good; top all this up very close that no air may get to t for the space of sixteen hours; then Tun eight gallons of strong Ale into your Barrel fo timely is it may have done working at the fixteen hours end; and then put thereinto your Infusion and top it close for five days; then bottle it in stone-Bottles; be fure your Corks be very good, and tyethem with Packthread; and about a Fortnight or three weeks after, you may begin to drink of : you must also put into your Infusion two pound of Raisins of the Sun stoned.

Another Cock-Ale.

Take an old Capon or Cock, pull, draw and perboil it, and cut off the Head and Legs; then beat it to a mash (as before) in a stone-Mortar; then take four Nutmegs; an ounce of Mace; if you will, as many Cloves, which being all bruifed, put to the Cock, and powr on it all two quarts of good Sack; let this steep four and twenty hours in an earthen Pipkin; then take

a pound of Dates; four pound of Malago Raisins; and if you please twelve Eggs-shells and all but first beat the Dates and Raisins; and them mix all with your Insusion. For this quantity you must take eight gallons of small Ale; and when it has done working, put in all your Pree paration; let it stand three days, after which draw it into Bottles, and let it be nine days bee fore you begin to drink of it.

An Ale or Drink to cure a Consumption. Apoproved.

Take half a Pound of blanched Almondl grosly beaten; sour ounces of Aniseed; and three ounces of Liquoras bruised; red Rosess Hysop and Purslain, of each three ounces, a little bruised; boil these in two gallons of Alexwort, the first running to one gallon; them (when it is cold) put into it a quart of Malmassey; afterward bottle it, or keep it close im a stean pot: Drink of it in the Mornings fasting, and in the Evening two hours before Meat.

It preserveth from a Cough, strengthens the Constitution, and cureth a Consumption.

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In Excellent purging Ale, or Diet Drink to be used in the Spring and Fall, to open Obstructions of the Liver, Spleen, and Meseraical Veins, cleanse the Blood, purge Choler, Flegm, and Melancholy, cure Itch and Scab.

Take Agrimony and Scabious, of each a good andful; four Madder-roots, two red-Dock-pots, Anifeeds one ounce, Cinamon half an unce, Mace two drams, three Nutmegs, Liuoras two ounces and a half, Hermodactils and olipody, of each three ounces; Sena four unces, Sarfaparilla two ounces; bruife the pices, cut the Roots, and flice the Liquoras; ut them into a Bag, and hang them in some five allons of midling Ale, and after three or four ays drink a Draught every morning seven or ght days together.

Mechoncan Ale to purge the Dropsie.

Take four ounces of Mechoacan, three ounces f Hermodactyls, three ounces of Lignum vita, hree Races of Ginger, two Nutmegs; cut all hese in thin slices; put them into a Canvas bag, and hang them in two gallons of new tunn'd ale before it hath work'd, with a stone in the ottom of the Bag, and after it hath done puring, powr in Endive and Cichory-water, of ach a pint; and after seven days, drink such a roportion (as may give you some four Stools a day)

day) every Morning fasting, and if your Bodis be extraordinarily subject to any Infirmity, emplos ther hereditary, or by disordered Diet, add suc find Herbs as are most pertinent to the Nature co double your Disease.

This Purgation of Mechoacan is so wholsom am effectual, that if it be drunk a fortnight at Spring and Michaelmas, it will not only take away the Causes of the great Dropsie, and all kind of Aques the Stone, and Accidents of the Brain, and infirmit ties of the Spleen, but also restore the Complection to an excellent Habit and Colour, defending the Board from anumber of Inconveniences

A Purging Ale by Dr. Butler, Physitian to King Land Tames

Take Sea and Garden Scurvi-grafs, of each a peck, Sena and Polipody of the Oak, of each The four ounces, Sarfaparilla fix ounces, Caraway feeds and Anifeeds, of each half an ounce, Links quoras two ounces, Agrimony and Maidenhairr of each two indifferent handfuls; cut the Sarfaparilla, scrape and slice the Liquoras, then letter them be altogether grofly beaten, then put and Gad of Steel into the bottom of a Canvas Bassall to make it fink, and upon that all the former ingredients, and hang it in a Vessel of a fit size and Tunn upon it four gallons of good Ale after four or five days you may drink of it, ancology when it begins to grow stale, draw it into Bot tles,

es, and Cork it close, and set it in a cool Celrupon the Stones, or in Sand.

If you would have it more purging, increase, double the proportion of Sena.

Gructions of the Liver.

Take the same quantity of Ale, and wipe half beck of Dock-roots, and slice them, two good andful of Succory roots, one good handful of mmon Serrel roots, slice all these, and put em into a Bag, and hang them in the Ale as the emer, & when it hath hung a week, Bottle it up.

with the Minium Plaister, for any Ach or swelling.

Take two gallons of Wort not throughly iled, and three handful of Dock-roots fliced, and there in till a pottle be confumed, then d thereto Liverwort, Endive, Succory, Functionally, and boil them in the fame Liquor till other pottle be exhausted; then when it is liquor to three lines of Wort boiled perfectly well; let them the be of one and the same temper when they mixed; then hang therein in a Bag (with a mixed; then hang therein in a Bag (with a mixed of new Steel) the following Ingredients:

No 2 Oven

Oven upon Sieves, in a temperate heat, that it may dry leisurely; when it is reasonable dry, shred a pound of it, then take three ounces and a half of Sena, one ounce of Jalappane one ounce of Rhubarb, three ounces and a half of Garaway seeds, a handful of Orange peels half a handful of Citron peels, half an ounce of Sassafras, and a dram of Nutmegs, slice what is to be sliced, and then bruise them to gether grossy, and hang (with the Gad of steels in the Bag as aforesaid, adding to them two handful of wheat-bran; this for four gallons could handful of wheat-bran; this for four gallons could direction.

The Minium Plaister to be used with this Ale is occasion be.

Take half a pound of red Lead finely fear many ced, a pound and half of Oyl of Roses, ancome half a pound of yellow wax, slice the wax, and melt it gently with the Oyl; when it is melted! The put in the Red Lead, and stir it continually up to a gentle heat, until it begin to be brown, and then until it be cold. When you would mix it with Diachylon, take equal proportions of that with Diachylon, take equal proportions of that was and the Red Lead.

A purging Ale for the green Sickness.

Take of Sena half a pound, Polipody four and ounces, Epithimium two ounces, Agarick and Rhubarb,

Aniseed, of each an ounce and half, and and Aniseed, of each an ounce and half, are faparilla five ounces, Sassafras one ounce, and about two or three days are it hath done working, drink of it both Emphasis and Morning, without intermission, the antity of five ounces, and about two or three days after the ending of it; let blood in the manys after the ending of it; let blood in the many after which, take the many after which, take the many after that, rest two three days: and lastly, take the Pills de Trison three days: and lastly, take the Pills de Trison three days: and lastly, take the Pills de Trison three days and lastly, take the Pills de Trison three days: and lastly, take the Pills de Trison three days: and lastly, take the Pills de Trison three days and lastly, take the Pills de Trison three days and lastly, take the Pills de Trison three days and lastly, take the Pills de Trison three days and lastly, take the Pills de Trison three days and lastly, take the Pills de Trison three days and lastly, take the Pills de Trison three days and lastly, take the Pills de Trison three days and lastly, take the Pills de Trison three days and lastly, take the Pills de Trison three days and lastly, take the Pills de Trison three days and lastly take the Pills de Trison three days and lastly take the Pills de Trison three days and lastly take the Pills de Trison three days and lastly take the Pills de Trison three days and lastly take the Pills de Trison three days and lastly take the Pills de Trison three days and lastly take the Pills de Trison three days and lastly take the Pills de Trison three days and lastly take the Pills de Trison three days and lastly take the Pills de Trison three days and lastly take the Pills de Trison three days and lastly take the Pills de Trison three days and lastly take the Pills de Trison three days and lastly take the Pills de Trison three days and lastly take the Pills de Trison three days and lastly take the Pills de Trison three days and lastly take the Pills de Trison three da

purging Ale or Beer, very good against Melancholy, Flegm, Choler, and all terrestrial Humors, to purifice the Blood, and quit the Scurvy, &c.

Take the Juices of Sea and Garden Scurvyass, Tops of Hops, Apples, Fumitory, Aimony, Cicory, Borage, Baume, Scabious,
iverwort, and Mugwort, all stamped together,
ur ounces; Roots of Polipody of the Oak,
vo ounces, the Roots of Asparagus, Borage,
ugloss, Sorel, Cicory, Red Dock, Elecamane, and Grass-roots, of each half an ounce, the
lward Rinds of the young Sprouts of Ash,
he Rinds of Capers and Tamarisk, of each
arree drams, Liquoras and Epithimum, of each
a dram

a dram and half; Maidenhair and Agrimony of each two good handfuls, Broom Flowerss All Violets, Borage, Bugloss, of each a good has handful, the four greater and four leffer coll Tax Seeds, of each four drams, Sena fix or eight ounces, Rhubarb one ounce, Mechoacan, onne ounce and half, Fennel-feed, Anifeed and Calum raway-feed, of each fix ounces, Shavings and Ivory, Harts-horn, yellow Saunders and Saffai and fras, of each half an ounce, Ginger two dramagand and one Nutmeg; prepare all these according and to Art, and make a Bag to ferment and work ii thom fix gallons of midling Ale, or eight Shilling Beer, and ofter it hath wrought, put in the Juyces; it purgeth adust burnt Humors, and line openeth Obstructions of Liver and Spleen.

Another, to be used in the Spring for Scab and! Tel.

Take red Endive, Cicory, and Scabious, or more each one handful, Sena three ounces, Lignum wite, shav'd or chipt, four ounces; a red Dock root or two pith'd and shav'd; put them into cannot new Ale, and let it work in a gallon of strong mew Ale, and so drink a good draught every men Morning fasting, and an hotr after Dinner, unline sing Exercise.

A purging the

and other Diet-Dinks.

A purging Ale for the Spleen and Liver.

Take the Roots of Monks Rhubarb, and red ladder, of each half a pound, four ounces of lander, and two ounces of Ginger, Scabious and grimony, of each a handful; with a Horse-landish root; wipe and slice your Roots, and put ladder little of Rhubarb sliced; hang this in three gallowing of strong Ale; when it is Tunn'd up, let land raw it out into Bottles.

or Fall.

Take Sena of Alexandria, Polipodium, and Ashen Keys, of each four ounces, Aniseeds, sweet Fennel seeds, Bayberries hull'd, and Sassafras slimed, of each two ounces; Rhubarb two drams; limed line all that are to be sliced, except the Sena; put all into a Boulter, or thin Bag, and hang it when it hath stood four days after working, when it hath stood four days after working, drink thereof first in the Morning, and last at Night, a pint at a time, or thereabouts, beginning with it first at Night, and take Posset-drink, or warm Broth, some two hours after you drink it in the Morning, to forward the working of it, keep warm, and use moderate Exercise.

This

Sir Kenelm Digby's Wound-Drink for any Fistus.

la, Corroding Olcer, or old Sore, or the King?!

Evil, wherewith he did a great Cure at Frack-fort in Germany where I was with him, as your may see at the end of this Receipt-

Take a good handful of Sage, and as much of Rue after they are well pickt from the stalks :: " chop and bruile them a little; but fee that none of their Juice be severed from them; put these into a thin Bag of boulter-Cloth, and hang it im four gallons of ordinary small Ale well brewedle as foon as it is Tunn'd; at the same time take three hundred of live Munky-peafe, otherwise called Sows, gathered under Wood, Timberss and Stone; but you must be sure to take those that rowl themselves round when you touch him them like Pepper-corns, which the other, flat, fort do not do but run away when you touch them; pull off their heads, and throw them away, and bruise their Bodies with a little of the Ale, that you may get all the substance and moisture out of them, which pour into the rest: of the Ale, and put their Skins into the Bag; among the Herbs that fo you may lofe nothing; of them; after it hath wrought fufficiently, begin to drink of it at Meals, and at all times you

have occasion to drink: and continue the use of it till you are cured, drinking no other Liquor all that time: and to make it more grateful to the Taste, may you add one fourth part of white Wine: before one Vessel is near spent prepare another, that you may always have one under another, and keep a slender and wholsom Diet; forbear eating salt-Meat, or salt-Fish.

With this Drink Sir Kenelm Digby cured Sir William Curtious his Daughter at Franckforth in Germany of a coroding Olser in her Leg after many Remedies taken in vain; which had so mortified the place by the long continuance of it, that the Leg was shrunk, and was shorter than the other by at

least two inches.

It is not to be wonder'd at, That this Drink should and do so great effects; (it being composed of so few Inredients) since all famous Authors ascribe such monderful vertues to these Creatures, and that experience testifies; That they cleanse, resolve, and ene purifie to a wonder; They dissolve the Scone in both Reens and Bladder to a slime and bring it away: They open O'structions, cure the faundies, all Ob-Arustions, Roppage and Strangury of Urine; They belp the Collick, Afthma and Stortness of Breath, restore lost Appetite. They are excellent, and much recommended for the curing of all forts of Cancers, and schirrous Tumors in what part of the Body soever, the Kings Evil, all fordid, inveterate andrebellious Ulcers, and old Sores. The Same Drink Recures the Kings-Evil to admiration. Dr. Salmon Tays, that he orders two hundred of them to be bruiSed and strained into a quart of White or Rhenish Wine, or Ale, and so to be continually drunk for a time. Being dried, and the Powder mixed with Honey, and applied, cureth the Squinsie, and sore Throat.

Another Diet-Drink for the Kings Evil, Fistulaes, fore Breasts, Legs, or any other Sores, or Ulcers.

Take Sanicle, Agrimony, Avens, wild Bugloss, red Bramble, Dandilion, Wood-Betony, Ribwort, wild Daysie-Roots, and Leaves of Mugwort, Plantane and Wormwood, of each two handfuls; of the Raspings of Lignum Vite, of each one handful; which you may buy of the Bowl-Turners, one pugil of Hartshorn; shred and bruise all the Herbs until the vertue is boiled out of the Herbs; then strain and press out all the Juice from the Herbs; then fet the Liquor on the fire again, and clarifie it with whites of Eggs, and to much Honey as will make it drink pleasant and not sharp; then boil it a little more; then let it cool; then take three spoonfuls of Monky-pease, or Sows, such as in the foregoing Receipt pull off their Heads and through them away; bruise their Bodies with some of the Liquor, and press out all their fubstance into the Liquor when 'tis cold, then botle it up, and it will keep a compleat year. Drink thereof two or three times a day, using fome fit Purgations before the use of this Drink.

Mr.

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Mr. Barnet's Excellent Diet-Drink, wherewith he cured three of his Children of the Kings-Evil; he had it from an able Physician.

Take Sarsaparilla, Bark of Lignum Vita, of each three ounces; China-Root, Polipode of the Oak, Sassafrass and sweet Fennel-seed, of each two ounces; Elecampane, one ounce; Stechadoes, half on ounce; of the Raspings of Lignum Vita, four ounces; bruise them all, and infuse themin three gallons of Fountain-water for twenty four hours; then beil it gently for two hours in a Veffel close stopped; then put into it two handfuls of tops of Rosemary; four handfuls of Arch angel-flowers; two ounces of Liquoras bruifed, and two ounces of Maidenhair; let them boil an hour longer; then take it off and strain it; and being cold, put into it two ounces of Sena; and let it infuse all Night, the next Morning strain it again, and drink a good draught of it in the Morning fasting, the like at four in the Afternoon, and another at Night; continue the use thereof till you are cured. Note, the Patient during the use of this Drink, must abstain from all gross Meats; as Beef, Pork, Bacon or any falt Meat, or Fish; as also from Milk, Butter and Cheese. After the first Draught in the Morning, he may eat a Mess of Water-grewel about two hours after.

Another approved Drink for the Kings-Evil, though broken out in divers places.

Agrimony, of each four handfuls; shred and stamp them alitle; then take three hundred of Munky-pease, or Sows, and bruise their Bodies, throwing away their heads, and squeeze out all the Juice from them with a little white Wine) then put their husk among the Herbs, which put into the bag of Boulter-cloth, and hang it in four gallons of new ordinary small Ale well brewed; then put into it the Juice of the Sows and white Wine; and after it hath wrought sufficiently, drink of it at Meals and at all times; drink no other Drink till you are cured, which may be in a Fortnight or a Month.

The Author says he gave this Drink to one for a swelling and humor in her Nose, whom it cured.

It will cure the Evil of any sort, broken or otherwise. He says that it hath cured those that had the Sores or Evil broken out in every Joynt; taking no Drink for a month, at Spring and Fall.

Besides this Drink, you may apply outwardly the

following Remedy when the Evil is broke out.

Take Garden-Snails, with their Houses, and beat them in a Mortar with a little Parsly into the consistence of a Plaister, and so apply it to the Sore or Soresand change it every Morning.

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Dr. Farrar affirmed to Sir K. Digby that he had cured with this Remedy a most contumacious, foul, inveterate Kings-Evil several times touched by the King, and wrought upon by the best Chirurgions, and given over as desperate: He says it is also good to take away the raging pains of the Gout.

Another Infallible outward Remedy for the Kings-

Mortar with their shells; then put to them the Dung of a Hen new made so much as she voids at once; put to it a piece of Rye-bread an Inch square, with the yolks of two new-laid Eggs, and one ounce of Oyl of Lislies; mix and grind all these well together till it is like a Poultice; then heat it, and lay it as hot as can be endured upon the Sore or Sores, and renew it every Morning fresh till it is whole: Note the Party must take first some Purge to cleanse the Body before the use of this Remedy.

An Experimented Wound-Drink or Potion, which Cured a Gentlewoman of an Ulcer in the Reins in six weeks space, as Sir K. Digby relates.

Take Leaves of the large Comfrey, Agrimony, Mugwort, of each two handful, Mumia, half an ounce, Paul's Betony, or Speedwel, fix handfuls; shred the Herbs, and powder the Mumia, and boil them in a sufficient quantity of white

white Wine and Water in a Vessel close covered; then powr off as much as you can of the Clear, and then distil the remaining, and put the distilled Water to the clear Decoction that you powred off. Take of this a little Glass-ful in the Morning fasting, and as much at four in the Asternoon.

This cured also a Gentleman, who being cut of the Stone, could not be healed.

A very good Diet-Drink for the perfect Cure of the Dropsie and Scurvey.

Take Wormwood, Maidenhair, Betony, Agrimony, and Fumitory, of each a handful; red Dock Roots, and Madder Roots, of each three ounces, Polipode two ounces, Sena five ounces, Rhubarb fliced thin, two ounces, Mace, Nutmeg, Galingale and Cloves, of each two drams, Mechoacan thin fliced, Hermodactils, two ounces, Sarfaparilla four ounces; shred the Herbs, and stamp them; and bruife the Roots and Spices; put all into a Bag, and hang it in fix gallons of fix shilling Beer, with a pint and half of Juice of Watercresses, and two pints of Juice of Scurvigrass; and let it work together fix or seven days, and then drink thereof as oft as you please.

Note, That you must not fill the Vessel too full; for it must not work over. You may add to the Composition half a pound of Horse-Radish Roots bruised.

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An Excellent Drink to cool and temper a hot Liver.

Take two Gallons of Whey new made, boil therein one Fennel Root, and one Mallow Root, heir Piths taken out, and the Roots bruised; Sena two ounces, Borage, Bugloss, Violeteaves, Endive, Succory, Agrimony, Sorrel, Scurvigrass, Water-cresses, and Cinquesoil, of each a handful, Liquoras fix drams, fweet Fenhel-feeds, one ounce, Cloves, Mace, Cinamon, and Juniper-Berries, of each two drams; shred the Herbs, and bruise the Seeds, and let them boil in the Whey till two quarts be confumed; then strain it into an earthen Vessel, and being told, put into Bottles, and keep them in a Celar. Drink thereof a Draught in the Morning Man, Moon as you are rifen, and another an hour before Supper; continue the life thereof for ome time, the longer the better for your de health.

It is good also for the Stomack, but especially for a hot Liver.

An Excellent Diet-Drink for the Gout, Dropsie, Scurvey, or any humid Disease.

Take three ounces of Sarfaparilla, Saffafras, and Liquoras, of each two ounces; China root one ounce; boil all these in a new earthen Piptin, in six quarts of Spring-water with a gentle

Fire,

Fire, until it comes to four quarts; and halff an hour before you take it from the Fire, put im half an ounce of Cinamon, and fix drams off Sena; strain it, and drink thereof three weeks together without any Drink all that while; and eat nothing in the mean time but rosted Mutton; and Fowl or Rabbit, without Sallet.

A Drink for a burning Scab or a Salt Humanr.

Take of Lignum vita, Aniseed and Liquoras, of each one ounce, Honey ten ounces, Violett leaves, Strawberry leaves, Harts-tongue and Liverwort, of each a handful; French Barly two ounces, Raisins of the Sun stoned one pounds and a half, twelve Figs sliced; stamp the Herbs, and boil all these in three quarts of Spring or Conduit water to two quarts; strain it, and give and draught of it Morning, Noon and Night, drinks it cold.

An Oyntment to be used with this Drink.

Take white Lead, Litarge of Gold, Litarges of Silver, and Sulphur, of each an ounce; reduce all into a fine powder, and make an Ointment thereof with Sallet Oyl and Vinegar, off each four ounces; grind the powder with them by little and little in a Mortar, putting in some Train-Oyl, and sometimes Vinegar.

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Singular Remedy very much approved, for a foorching and itching Humor, that waters and itches; which cured a Gentlewomans Arm which did abound with very ill disposed waterish Humors.

Take Fumitory four handfuls, Langue de beif d Scurvey grass, of each one handful; Madriwo ounces, Harts-tongue one ounce, Rhurb fliced, and Sena, of each half an ounce, eet Fennel-seed bruised one ounce, Roots of ecampane, and red Dock both bruised, and arrans wash'd and bruised, of each half a und; boil them all in two Gallons of Ale to Gallon; then strain it, and drink a pint therein two draughts every Morning fasting at o hours distance; taking the last draught ree hours before Dinner.

Note, That it is much better to boilit in clari-

An Ointment which she used with the Drinke

Take Sheeps Suet well tried one pound; boil in a pint of Plantane water, and a pint of the ice of Housleek, over a gentle fire, till a pint consumed or more, and but a pint remaining, it stand till it is cold; then take off the Fat at is upon it, and with the Liquor bath the its with a Spunge; and having well bathed it, anoint.

anoint it with the Fat you took off, and conti-

Amost Excellent Drink for prevention of the Stone and Gravel, whether in the Reins or Bladder, and for many other Diseases; much Experienced by a samous Physitian in France, who using it threatimes a year, viz. just before Easter, in the head of Summer, and at Michaelmass, preserved himself by it to the Age of 122 years in perfection health.

Take two quarts of Oats, the clearest and soundest you can get, wash them well in several waters, and rub them between your hands, then drain them, and boil them in sive quarts of Fountain-water, with a good handful of Dam delion-roots well wash'd and stamp'd in a stone Mortar; let them boil an hour, then strain it and put into the Liquor sour ounces of Honey, and half an ounce of Sal prunella; let it boil a quarter of an hour, then pour it into an Earthen Vessel, and let it cool; then put it into Bottles.

Take of this two Beer-glasses full in the Morning fasting, taking the last Glass two hours before Dinner, and another in the Asternoon; and continue it for a fortnight, without observing any Diet, or keeping House.

It is much recommended to be very wholfom; its cleanfes the Reins, is good against the Stone anal Gravel, purifieth and strengthens the Lungs; curess the

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Levers and Agues, even Tentian and Quartains, nens Obstructions of the Liver and Spleen, helps forts of Colicks, and pain in the side, the Scury, Dropsie, Heaviness and Weariness of the Bor, revives the Senses, clears the Sight, sharpens e Appetite, and causes rest in the Night, strengens Nature, and preserves Health: It may be ken at any time without danger.

A Diet-Drink against Melancholy.

Take Sena two ounces, Fumitory, Hops and Boge, of each a pound; boil them in two Gallons of bring-water, to one gallon; then strain it, and reeten it with Sugarcandy or Honey, and afr a weeks time drink a draught of it in the orning fasting, and another about four in the sternoon.

Another for the same.

Take a pint of Aquavita, and a quart of of pie water, four ounces of Liquoras bruifed; ree ounces of Anifeed bruifed; boil all to-ther with a gentle fire to a pint, then strain and take frequently thereof in the Morning string.

ly Lord Brunkard's Diet-Drink for the Sourvey and Dropsie.

Take of Lignum vita and Sarfaparilla, of each O 2 cight

Marjoram, Ground-Ivy, Thyme, Bark of the Roots of Capers, Sea and Garden-Wormwood of each a handful, an Orange Peel stuck will Cloves, and of quartered Nutmegs; put the all in a Bag, and hang them in half a Barrel fix shilling Beer; drink thereof when you are thirsty, the staler it is, the better.

A Rare and Excellent Drink of great Virtues If the Cure of Several Distempers, learnt of a Gee tleman, who at his Death confessed he had do many wonderful Cures with it.

Take half a pound of quick Lime new from the Kiln, powr upon it a Gallon of fair water let it stand eight hours; then pour off the Clear and strain it through a Sieve with a grey Pappin it; put into this Liquor one pound of blee Currans beaten, Liquoras bruised, Anisee bruised, Sassafras, of each four ounces, Martwo drams; let these insuse in the Water twell hours; then strain it again, and put it in Bootles for Use.

This Drink Cures all manner of Obstructions inward and outward Olcers, strengthens Natura purifieth the Blood, and is good for the Scurre and Dropsie; it cures Consumption and shortment of Breath; it is excellent against the Stone as Grave

and other Diet-Dinks.

avel, Strangury and retention of Urine: it ates an Appetite and causes a good Digestion; wills Worms, and is an admirable Remedy against cold Palsie.

Drink of it three times a day, half a pint at a ze, with a little Syrup of Ground-Ivy.

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CHAP. XIV.

Selett Syrups.

A very good Syrup against cold Diseases of thousand Head, Brain and Siners, as the Palsie, Apontin plexy, Falling Sickness, Cramp, and Water distent stilling out of the Head lying in Bed.

Ake of the Flowers of Stechados, four ounces; Thyme, Calamint, Organum, Sage The Flowers of Betony and Rosemary, of each an ounce and half, Seeds of Rue, Piony and Fent nel, of each three ounces; boil them in five quarts of running water till half is confumed! then strain it, and boil it up to a Syrup with Sugar and Honey, of each two pound; them take Ginger, Cinamon, Calamus Aroma-

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Take

cus, and Nutmeg, of each two ounces; bruise em, and tie them up in a course thin Cloth, loose and open Threds, and hang it in the rup.

very good Syrup against the Scurvey, and to sweeten and attemper the Blood.

Take of the Juices of Scurvigrass, Brookme, Fumitory, Water-cress, of Bugloss, id of Pippins, or Permains, of each half an ance; of the Bark of Roots of Capers, and plipode of the Oak, of each half an ounce; pithymum, Bawm, Agrimony, Maidenhair, room-flowers, and Borage-flowers, of each alf an ounce; shred the Herbs small, and ruise the Roots, and boil them all to a pint and walf; then strain it, and boil it to a Syrup, ith a sufficient quantity of Sugar: Use it with white or Rhenish Wine.

In Excellent Syrup to clear and open the Breast and Lungs; often Approved.

Take Liquoras small sliced ten ounces, Maienhair five cunces, Hysop two ounces; put all
nese into a Pottle-pot, and powr thereon a
uart of Spring-water; set the Pot into a Ketie or Pot of hot water on the Fire, and keep it
imost boiling hot for fourteen hours, and as
he Water consumes in the Kettle, fill it up aain with hot water; then strain it, and put
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Honey, Sugar, and Sugarcandy, of each tee dounces; put into it the White of an Egg beam en; then set it on the Fire, and when the Scurrises, take it off, then strain it, without pression it; then set it on the fire again, and put into a quarter of a pint of Rose-water, and boil into up to the Consistence of a Syrup. Take there of in the Morning fasting, and at four in the Afternoon, and when you go to Bed, and as any time in the Night, if you are troubled with a Cough.

It hath done much good to many; it will keep long time, being kept in a Glass stopp'd with Prune, and tied on with a Bladder.

A Comfortable Syrup against Melancholy.

Take the clear Juice of Borage, of Bugloffs and Pippins, of each half a pound; Juices of Sorrel, Hops and Endive, of each two ouncess Cinamon and yellow Sanders, of each one dramu Clarifie the Juices with the White of an Egg; and boil it to a Syrup with one pound of Sugar. Then take Cochinel one dram, Saffron half dram, Lignum Aloes rasped one scruple; time them up in a thin Cloth, and hang it in the Syrup,

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Another Syrup of Pippins against Melancholy; by Dr. Fryer.

Take twelve large Pippins, cut them withrough the middle, and core them, but pare them not; boil them in two quarts of Water, with a gentle Fire to a quart; then strain it through a Hypocrass bag, without crushing them; then boil the Liquor to a Syrup with a strain of Sugar; then take four grains of Ambergreece, and ten grains of Saffron; put it in a little Tissany bag, and hang it in the Syrup: Take of this Syrup now and then two spoonfuls, with four spoonfuls of Borage-water, and eat now and then the quantity lof a small Walnut of Conserve of Borage, drinking the said Draught after it.

This Course is Excellent to Cure and prevent Melancholy.

Syrup of Clove-Gill flowers.

Take of the best and fragrantest Clove Gillislowers one pound, the Whites clipt cff, put
them in a Pipkin, and powr upon them so much
hot water as will cover them; crush them well
down, and let them stand all night; then strain
them, and warm the Liquor gently, and dissolve in it sine Sugar in sine Powder; three
pound of Sugar will suffice for a quart of Li-

quor;

quor; but take great heed you do not boil it; for all Authors forbid; because in the boysing of it, you will lose all the fragrant and cordial Spirits of the Flowers. If you find that your Syrup is too thin with three pound of Sugar to a quart of Juice, then you may take four pound to one quart of Juice. Some Women do admire that this Syrup should keep, not being boiled; but I can assure you upon experience, that it will keep as well as if it had been boiled, and I am sure that it is a great deal better, and more cordial, for the reason which I have given.

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Note, That some let them stand four or sive days before they strain the Liquor.

To make the best and richest Syrup of Clove-Gilli-flowers.

Take what quantity you please of the best Flowers, their Whites clipt off; then take double the quantity of them of fine Loaf-Sugar powdred and sifted; put some of the Flowers into a Crock or Pitcher, and on the top of them some Sugar, then another Lay of Flowers upon the Sugar, and Sugar upon them, and so continue till all your Flowers and Sugar are laid; then set the Vessel in a Pot or Kettle of boiling water, stopping the Pitcher, and laying a weight upon it to keep it from rising in the Water; keep the Water boyling for seven or eight hours, having another Vessel of boyling Water ready to supply

by it as it wasts; for it must be always kept fill'd p to reach as high as the Flowers in the Pot; fter this, powr it hot through a Hair-Sieve into a Bason; and when it is cold, bottle it up, and stop it close, and you shall have a most rich yrup very Cordial and Odoriferous, far beyond it compare; but if you would have more in uantity, and not so rich, powr some white Wine upon the Flowers and Sugar before you et it to boil, and you will have also a very fine fore; but you need not clip the Roses, and ingle refined Sugar will serve.

An Excellent Syrup of Aqua Vitæ for a Cold or Cough, or Shortness of Breath.

Take half a pint of the best Nantz-Brandy, put it in a Silver or Pewter Porringer, set it apon Embers, and put into it sour ounces of powdered Sugar candy; when it is warm, fire it with a Paper, and let it burn until it goes out of it self, and seaves a Syrup behind, but you must stir it all the while with a Silver Spoon.

Take of this Syrup two parts, and mingle it with one part of Oximel of Squills, which is a most Sovereign thing for the Breast and Lungs, Phthisick, Astma, and Shortness of Breath.

Syrup of Corn Poppy-flowers.

Take Fresh red Poppies two pound, infuse them in warm water for twelve hours; then strain the Liquor, and infuse fresh Poppies in it as before; then strain it again, and with an equal quantity of Sugar make a Syrup in Balneo Maria.

It is Excellent in Feavers, causes Rest, eases the Cough, and all other Pains, and the Colick, abates the Rage of the Plurisie, eases the violent pain of the Stone, stops all sorts of Fluxes, the Whites in Women, the Loosness and bloody Flux. The Dose is from one Spoonful to two.

To make Syrup of Anifecds, by Dr. Quirceton.

Take Aniseeds bruised two ounces, infuse them in a quart of Sack for three days; then strain it with one pound of Sugar; boil it very gently to a Syrup.

This Syrup is good for the Breast and Lungs, expels Wind, eases the Colick, provokes Urine, and cleanses the Reins: Mothers and Nurses should never be without this Syrup; for it is an excellent thing to give to young Children for the Gripes; to which they use to be very subject.

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A most Excellent Syrup to restore such as have been lingering in a long and wasting Consumption.

Take the Flesh of Snails four ounces, French Barley two ounces, Dates one ounce, Raisins, Liquoras, of each fix drams, Sebestens and Juebs, of each twelve in number; feeds of Cotton, Mellons, Cucumbers and Gourds, of each half an bunce; feeds of Lettice and whitePoppies, of each two drams, the Herbs Coltsfoot and Lungwort, of each a handful; bruife the Seeds, stone and bruise the Raisins, and shred the Herbs, and the other Ingredients, and boil them all in three quarts of Water to two quarts; then strain it, and boil the Liquor to a Syrup with two pound of Sugar, and Sugar of Roses, and Diatragagant Frigida, of each five ounces, which you must have of the Apothecaries. Dose, two, three, or four ounces at a time.

Several other Pectoral Syrups; as Syrup of Ground-Ivy, of Turnips; Syrup of Ale, and others you have in the Chapter of Remedies for the Breast and Lungs.

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CHAP. XV.

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Seloct EMULSIONS or AL-MOND-MILK.

To make Emulsions or Almond-Milk.

Take fweet Almonds, fix ounces; blanch them, and stamp them in a stone-Mortar with a wooden Pestle, powring to it a quart of Barley-broth; but you must not make it too thin in the Mortar; for then you cannot beat it, for it will spatter about; when you have beat! it well, powr more of the Barley-broth to it to make it thin; then strain it, and press it either through a clean Sieve or a Cloth; then beat the remainder again with a little more Barley-broth; then strain it again as before; repeat this so often till you have got the Milk out of the Almonsd, and

d that you have employed all your Barleyoth; then sweeten it with Sugar; and if you ill, you may scald it on the Fire without boilg it and it will be like Milk.

It is very nourishing, and good against Consumpons, and cures the Olcers of the Lungs, and is reeshing and strengthening.

An Emulsion for heat in the Reins and Kidneys.

Take of the four greater cold Seeds, of each alf an ounce; Seeds of Lettice and white Popies, of each two drams, with Barley-broth, one int; make an Emulsion, and sweeten it with vrup of Water-Lillies, three ounces

It is excellent to cool the Reins and Kidneys, and the off the Heat and Sharpness of Urine. Drink little draught of it cold two or three times a day.

A Emulsion good in a Fever.

Take of the greater cold Seeds, of each three rams; Hempseed, two drams; white Poppyeds, one dram; beat them and make an E-tulsion, with Jelly of Hartshorn and Poppyeater, of each half an ounce, and sweeten it ith Syrup of Corn-Poppies.

It is excellent good in a burning Fever, pestilenal Diseases and in the Plurisie. A very good Emulsion for a sharpness and gnawing in the Stomack.

Take white Poppy-seeds, two drams; French-barley beaten, half an ounce; twelve blanched! Almonds, with Bawm-water and an Alexitery-Milk-water, make an Emulsion, to which addline Sugar and red Rose-water, of each one: ounce and a half: Drink of this as often as you please.

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CHAP. XVI.

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4 Rare Ointment to asswage the Swelling and raging pain of the Gout.

Ake of the slender Sprouts of Dwarf-elder in the Monch of March, when they spring pout of the Ground from the Roots, and are about a singers length, of each four handfuls; tamp them, and press out all the Juice from hem as hard as you can; then boil this Juice n a pound of Hogs-grease over a soft fire for two hours; or you may boil the Herb stamped n the said Hogs-grease, and then strain it and press it out as hard as you can.

This

This was given me by a worthy Gentleman, while esteemed it much, because he being much troublead with the Gout made much use of it, and found great benefit by it. It asswages the swelling and raging pain thereof, and gives ease, and strengthens the part afflicted. In the Running Gout, Numness and Raging pain in the Hands, Fingers, and other parts; I have often approved it with great success aftermany other Remedies used in vain. The particular grieved, must be bathed with it as warm as can bee endured, and well chased in before a Fire.

An Excellent Poultice, or Plaister to asswage thee raging pain and swelling of the Gout.

Take a quantity of the whitest part of Pigeons Dung; mix it with equal parts of goods
Mustard; temper it with a little Vinegar; then
take the Grease of a Puppy-Dog, so much ass
will make it into an Ointment or Salve; then
take a pint of Garden-Snails, and stamp them
with their shells, with a handful of Parsley;
then mix and incorporate all well together, and
spread it upon Leather and apply it. Parsley
and Snails alone stamped and pownded together
are good for the hot Gout.

A certain and infallible Remedy to prevent and cure the Fits of the Gout.

I knew a Gentleman in Germany, who always cured and prevented his Fits of the Gout (when soe-

against the Gout and Seiatica. 211

the following Renedy.

He took a good quantity of the Herb Mulling yed, which being shred, and cut small, (the last alks, leaves and blossoms) was boiled in a good wantity of the water taken out of the Smith's trough wherein he squenches his lions, when e water had drawn out the vertue of the Herb, d that it was tender, and being taken off from e Fire there was put in a large proportion of halk in powder; In this Bath ne bashed his et, Legs and Knees in a Tub, in which he connued bathing until it grew cold: Then he used a great Hole to be digged in his Garden, to which this Bath with all the said Ingredition which this Bath with all the said Ingredition was put, and then the Earth thrown upon

Thus bathing but once did always prevent so Fit of the Gout, and freed him from all inveniency of it for half a year: when he perived it would grow again upon him, he used gain this Remedy, which did so prevent it, that was never troubled with any lameness, swelling or pain at all, to which I was an Eye-witness; dI heard him say, that if he did not use this emedy to prevent it, he would have very rewd and racking Fits, which would confine m to his Bed for a Month or sx weeks: he aused the Herb to be gathered in the Summer hen it was in its vigor; which is in June; it called Verbascum in Latin.

The

The Spirit of Sal rmoniack mixed with Brandy and the parts grieved bathed therewith with Linnen Clothes, and then some Linnen Clothes laid over it doth give great ease in the Gout, and strengthen the Party much. I knew a Gentleman at Leons in France, who always used it, and found great beneve fit by it.

A Bath for the Gout, used by Sir William Paddy.

Take a gallon of new Grains, and a quart or Bean-meal; five ounces of Commin-feeds beatten; a good handful and half of Roman Worms wood; a good handful of red Rose-leaves dryed; three spoonfuls of Bar-salt, and one good spoonful of Honey; beat all these together with so much Beer as will suffice to make it to a temperate; set the Patient's Leg therein the space of half an hour; and upon a light supper use it against Night going to Bed, and dip woolen-Cloths therein, and soment the Legs therewith as hot as may be well endured.

Dr. Holsatius of Cullen, his Bath for easing the To

Take four ounces of Frogs-spawn-water; one ounce of Mullen-water; powder of Mirrh, one dram; Oriantal Sasron, half a dram; reduces them to fine powder, and mix them well together; bath and foment the afflicted part therewith.

Another

against the Gout and Sciatica. 213

Lother Plaister for the Sciatica, or any kind of Gout.

Take Deers Suet, yellow Wax, Pitch and vozin, of each one pound, Frankensence, two ound; beat the Gums severally; then take pan with a broad bottom, set it upon the Fire, and put into it, first the Pitch, Wax and Deersteet; stir them with a stick; and when they are ell melted, put in the Rosin; and when that melted put in the Frankinsence; and as soon it beginneth to rise, take it from the Fire for ear it should enslame; then put into it the other sums; stir them well together; and when they are well incorporated, strain it through a Canada as Cloth; when it is cold anoint your hands with Butter, and make it up in Rowls;

Or you may spread it upon Leather while it is varm, and so apply it, using with it the Drink

fore-mentioned.

A most sovereign Oinsment for the Gout.

Take the eldest Gander you can get, make him ready and draw him, but let no water touch him; take Sheeps Tallow, fresh Hogs-grease, Pitch, Honey, and black Soap; new Wax, two punces; a quantity of Salt, Frankinsence, in powder, three ounces; the slesh of an old, fat Cat, Meal or Flower of Beans, and the Soot of a Chimney, of each one handful; mix them well together, and put all into the Ganders Bels

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ly, and fow him up close and rost him so long twent he will drip no more; then put up your Oir ment and anoint the part grieved therewith.

A good Parge for the Sciatica, or any kind Gout.

Take Aloes, Hermodactils and Scammon of each half a dram; reduce them to subtil powder, and make Pills thereof, with Juice of Russes, or with Syrup of Roses; and for a Formight together take every third day, one dram in the Morning,

Use also the following Plaister.

Take two ounces of Pitch; one ounce of Tar; two drams of Treakle; one ounce and half of Rosin; one ounce of Honey; boil and ftir them till all is melted and well incorporated and united together; then spread it on Sheeps; leather prickt full of holes, and apply it as how as can be endured.

Another for the Sciatica by Dr. Frank.

of Salt-Peter; boil them together till a fourth part is confumed; then take new Cotton-Cloaths, and dip them in it, and wring them a little, and foment the pained place, spreading them upon it one after another many times until the pain cease.

Another

against the Sout and Sciatica. 215

Inother Remedy for the Sciatica and Rheumatism.

Take Storax liquid, yellow wax, new Pitch, and Honey, of each four ounces; Cinamon, epper, of each one ounce; put all these (in owder) together into a new pot, and let it bil but one walm, stirring it carefully all the hile; then take it from the Fire, and put into four ounces of Aloes, and one ounce of Oil f Lillies; stir them well together to make them acorporate; then put the Pot again upon hot Ashes, and stir it until it be of the Consistence of an Ointment; which spread warm upon Leaher, and apply it; but if your Disease be in a whole Thigh, then you may spread it upon a whole Lambs Skin.

You may leave it on seven or eight days, if it rement quire. If the Disease come again, put the Plaister ment on again. This Medicine will keep a long time.

Another Bath for the Gout; by Dr. Ruland.

Take Juniper-berry-wood cut imall, three pound; Mint, Camomil, Linfeeds, of each half an handful; bruife the Seeds, and shred the Herbs, and boil them in a sufficient quantity of water to make a Bath; by the use of which the pain went away and the Party was persectly cured.

A Drink for the Gout. Dr. Scroderus

Take Germander, Groundpine, tops of Sage, of each one pound and a half; Primrofe, Rose-mary

mary, of each half a pound; Misseto of the Oai half a pound; China-Root sliced three drams; digest them all in sifteen quarts of Rhenish income for tendays; then strain it. Drink thereof two or three times a day.

It is also good against the Sci tica and Rheuma-

Another Drink for the Gout.

Turbith, Mechoacan, Ana, one ounce and at half; Leaves of Ground tvy, Vervain, of each two drams; Seeds of Fennel, Anifeeds, of each one dram and a half; Cardamoms, Cinamon, Mace, Safron, of each one dram; Flowers of Mullion, Rosemary, Flower de luce, of each half a dram; bruise and prepare them all, and infuse them in eighteen quarts of Rhenish Wine in Balneo Marie for two days; then strain it and sweeten it with fine Sugar, and drink thereof three ounces a time with one dram of Cream of Tartar in the Morning fasting for some days.

It is prevalent against the Gout and several affects of the Stomach, Liver and Spleen; It draws thick Phlegm from the Joynts and remote parts.

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An Approved Remedy for the Sciatica in the Hip, or any kind of Gout

Take two ounces of Burgundy Pitch, Oxicrocium and Gum Caranna, of each an ounce; melt and mix them well together; spread it on Leather, and apply it to the part for nine days. It hash cured many. When against the Gout and Sciatica. 217
When you we the aforesaid Plaister, we the following Infusion.

Take Sena half an ounce, Epithimum, Raiins stoned, Fennel-seeds, and Ginger of each
alf a dram; put them in half a pint of Whey;
hen make them warm, and let it insule twelve
ours, then warm it again, and strain it, and
rink it all off in the Morning falting.

or three Stools

Make a strong Decoction of Lignum Vite, ut into it Sena, Hermodactils, of each four unces; Epithimum two ounces, Turbith one unce, Coloquin ida half an ounce; let them hsuse in warm Sand, or in a Kettle of warm Vater in a Vessel close stopped for twenty four cours; then strain it, and drink thereof every sources; then strain it, and drink thereof every sources; then strain it, and drink thereof every source is and at Night; take of the distilled Water of Lignum Vite one ounce, with alf an ounce of Syrup of Cowslips; and use to at the quantity of a Nutmeg of an Electuary and ed two ounces, Control of Sage-slowers, and Rosemary-slowers, of each two ounces, Conserve of Roses one ounce; take them into an Electuary.

For a Prick that doth fester, rankle and burn, a present Remedy.

Take Burnet, stamp it to mash, then spread on a Cloth, and apply it to the place; it will ecdily help it. CHAP.

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CHAP. XVII.

Select Remedies for Bruises and Swellings.

A Pultice to open an Impostume, and to ripen as
Bile.

Ake one handful of Sorel, twelve Figs sliced, half a pint of the Juice of Sorel; boild this together until it be very tender, and put to it some wheat Flower, and Hogs Grease, and lay it warm to the place, changing it twice a day; continue this till it be drawn out.

Another for the Same; much Approved.

Take the Whites of two Leeks, and wrap them up in a wet Linnen Cloth, and bake them under hot Embers, so that they be only soft and the

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no more; then pound them in a Scone-Mortar, with a piece of Hogs-Greafe; spread this pretty thick, and apply it, changing it once in feven hours; and in three times changing it, the Matter will be all drawn out.

With this Cataplasm you may also Cure Deafness and Noise in the Head and Ears.

Mr. Stockdeal's Approved Remedy for a Bruise and Swelling.

Take a pint of fair Water, and boil in it a handful of Salt, then bath the part swelled therewith as hot as you can endue it.

With this he cured himself of a great Bruise and Swelling upon his Foot, which was caused by a piece of Brick that fell upon it from the Top of a Chimney.

Another infallible and often Approved Remedy for a Bruise and Swelling, to discuss the Humors and Tumor.

Take some Tow of Flax or Hemp (of Flax is best) and moisten it with Nantz-Brandy; then spread it over with Honey, then sprinkle some of the Brandy upon the Honey, and having bathed the swell'd part with a little Brandy, lay it on.

This cured a Boy who fell upon his Face, and a Knob as big as an Egg swelled presently upon his Forehead;

Forhead; they laid this Remedy to it, and by the next Morning it was well. The live happened to as Girl, a Gent eman's Daughter, and I coming into the House when it was newly done; advised them too use this Remedy, which they did, and the next days all the Swilling was gone. A Servant Maid fill down the Stairs and exceedingly bruised her foott and Arkle-Bone; where woon it swilled very much in her Militess seeing mego y called to me, and toldine of the Accident that he prened to her Maid, asking my Advice; I advised her to use this Remedy in which she did, and it was perfectly cured. It is as great Discussive of Humors.

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CHAP: XVIII.

Select Remedies against the PLURISIE.

An Infallible Remedy for a Plurisie, Experienced by Mr. Trear, a Famous Chirurgeon, and also by Dr. Tressel.

Take a Pippin, open it at the Top, & take out the Core; then fill it with white Frankincense; then stop it again close with the piece you took out at the top, and roast it in hot Ashes; then beat it to Mash, and let the Patient eat it.

Another Approved Remedy for the same.

Take three of the biggest round Balls of Horse-Dung, break them in pieces, and boil them in a quart of white Wine, till a pint is consumed; then strain it, and sweeten it with Su-

gar; and let the Patient drink a good draught of it, and keep him warm in his Bed.

Another very Excellent Remidy for the Same.

Let the Patient drink a good Glass-full of the Tuice of Chervil, which is a great purifier off the Blood. It hath cured many.

Another Remedy for the Plurifie, in case Bleeding cannot be admitted.

Take fine wheat-flower, make and bake at Cake of it, which cut through the middle, parting one fide from the other, and spread upon the Crumb of each of them Treacle or Mithridate, and apply each fide of the halves to each fide of the Patient; and use at the same time: the Drink made of the Horse-Dung, boil'deither in Wine or strong Ale. Stone-Horse dung: is best.

A. Purge for the Plurifie.

Take half an ounce of Sena, French Barley and Liquoras, of each an ounce; Raisins, Ta- Mills marins, and Maidenhair, of each half an ounce, Violet and Strawberry-Leaves, of each an handful; boil all of them in a Pottle of water to a quart; then strain it, and drink a draught thereof every Morning for four or five days together; and if you have not four or five Stools in a day,

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day, take another Draught at two in the Af-

For the Cramp.

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Take Oil of Earth-worms, and anoint the lams well therewith, the Calves of the Legs, and under the Knees forward.

Another.

Take a fresh Eel, slay it, and dry the Skin, and tie it about the place afflicted, or put it ver the place, between the Blanket and Sheet, then you are laid in Bed.

Another for the Same.

Take Bawm and Rosemary, of each a handil, shred them very small, and chop or stamp nem; then put them in a Dish upon a Chasingish of Coals, cover the Dish with another; and when the Herbs are very hot, apply them the place afflicted.

or the Falling of the Uvula, which some call the Palat of the Mouth.

Sir Kenelm Digby fays it is an infallible Reedy for the Falling of the Uvula, to do us: Gag your felf with the Joint of your humb, whose one end joyneth to the Hand, and the other is the middle Juncture of the Thumb: let your two Rows of Teeth rest up on these two ends of that Joint, so as to make you gape wide; keep your self gaping thus as long as you can, all the while sucking in your Breath. When you are weary, take out your Thumb and rest; then repeat it again and rest again when you are weary; you shall not have done so twice, but your Voula will be restored to its due place.

a froth Eds, flay it, and dey the Skin, it about the place afficient, or put it

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CHAP. XIX.

lett Remedies for the PILES and HEMORHOIDS.

Excellent Remedies for the Piles

Ake white Lead in fine powder, one dram, burnt Allum, two drams; mix them with gs-greafe and Plantane-water, and then annt the grieved place therewith.

gainst the Piles

Take Pilewort, stamp it and mix it with fresh alted Butter, (in May) working into it as ch of the Herb as you can maake it well take so that the Butter be highly green; then well

melt it over the fire, and let them boil gentitill the Butter have taken in all the Juice and vertue of the Herb, and the fuperfluous moistum be evaporated: In a word, you are to make the Butter as strong as you can of the Herb, and that it be of a perfect green colour, and me fermatick moisture remaining with it; when is cold, it will be firm and hard. With this are noint the Piles, putting unto them as in the form going Receit.

An approved Remedy against the Hemorhoids.

Take of the best and sattest Figs, six in number; cleave them through the middle, lay then in a Porringer, and powr upon them some good Brandy to cover them two good singers breath then set the Brandy on a sire, and let it burn it long as it will, and your Figs will then be ventender and soft; then apply one of them as he as can be endured to the swelled Hemorhoid that comes out, and let it remain until groweth cold, which will be less then half a quanter of an hour; then apply another half of Fig as before, and so continue till you have used at the twelvehalf Figs; and to that end you munkeep them warm by the sire.

This will give you perfect ease, (though the paid were never so great before, and will take away as the the swelling and knobs upon the Veins, and make them retire orderly into the Body. Or. Bates his Remedy for the Piles, wherewith he cured himself when he had them in the greatest extremity that could be; he gave this Receipt to Sir Kenelm Digby.

Take flower of Sulphur, one part, fine Suar, three parts; make this into Tablets or ozenges, with Gum Tragant soaked in red ofe-water into a Mucilage; make them round nd flat, and about one dram a piece, Eat of rese four or five times a day one at a time: doing thus, it gave him three or four stools a day; and in a little while he was perfectly cured of is Piles. This hath cured many, both Men and Tomen.

A Remedy for the Hemorhoids.

Boil a pint of Milk, and in the boiling flake as often as it rifeth with Plantane-water; fo ontinue doing till you have used a pint of Planne-water in flaking the Milk; then take it off the fire, and put thereto three ounces of Melatum, Drink of this at pleasure.

Another for the Same.

Take the whites of two Eggs, and four ouns of fresh Butter out of the Churn, well-washt, id one ounce of Safron; work these well tother, and put frequently a little up into the Fundament; and if the pain continue, add the Composition, two handfuls of Nightshace which will make it much more effectual.

Another.

Make an Ointment with the Roots of Pii wort stamped, and Mutton-suet shred; but them together over a soft fire; then strain and use it.

Another Remedy for the Hemorhoids.

Take the third part of a pint of Milk, an as much Smiths water out of the Forge, when in quench Gads of Steel many times; then pointo it two ounces of the Juice of Clary, an fo give it for a Clifter lookwarm.

Another for the Same.

Egg, of each one spoonful, beat them tog ther: In this roul a Lint, so as to make it take up as much as you can, and put it into the Fundament, and lay also a Pledget covered with this will give some ease presently. Change you Tents and Pledgets as they grow dry and how and in a small time the Veins will be open & run and it will be well. The fat of Fel is made boiling Eels in water, and skimming off the famour of your oft an Eell, take the fat that dripped from it; or you may bake it as when you prepare the Cofor deafness

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CHAP. XX.

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Telect Remedies for all forts of FLUXES and LOOSNESS.

Acertain and often approved Remedy for all sorts of Fluxes or Loosness, old Hepatical, and bloody Fluxes.

Take filings of Steel, (which you may buy of the Needle-makers) four ounces; put nemin a well-glassed Pipkin, and pour thereon quart of deep red Wine, (that which is used p colour white Wine) let it boil until about aree parts of Wine is consumed, stirring often; then strain it while it is hot: give of his two or three spoonfuls in warm Broth or Ale the Morning fasting for some time together. This I have often approved with happy success even a bloudy Flux.

An-

Another for the same.

Take a pint of Claret-wine, and put into it was two penny-worth of Cinamon and as many Cloves; boil this gently close covered till half be confumed; then make a Toast or two of light Bread, and cover them with Sugar; then strain the Wine upon them: eat them for Dinner, and the like for your Supper, eating no other suffer nance that day. It uses to cure in a day.

Another for the same.

Take of the ourtward Bark of an old Oak: (the rough pert a little scraped off) two ounces; tiok Canamon, one ounce; two found Nutmegs flill was ced thid; eighteen black Pepper Corns, and assimul many Cloves; bruife them all, and boil them in two quarts of New Milk until a pint be confumed; then strain and divide it into four parts; them Take one of these as hot as you can drink it ear-Iv in the Morning, and another about ten a Clock. and another at four in the Afternoon, and the fourth at Night when you go to Bed, and make with fresh every day. The first draught will take away the pain and griping, and then afterwards wing it is not necessary to take it so very hot: It doth not bind it fuddenly, but smootheth and healeth the Guts, and strengthens the Stomach. and if the Patient have loft his Appetite fo that The he can eat nothing, as usually hapneth in great the Fluxes ;

xes: this Milk giveth him sufficient nourishent.

In excellent Clister to cure any Flux or Loofness.

Take a handful of Barley-meal, with all the an in it; or take a good handful of Barley and at in a Mortar to a fine powder; Wheat Bran d dried Roses, of each one handful; boil ese gently in a glassed Pipkin, covered in three ints of water for three quarters of an hour; en strain it through a Linnen Cloth, and press hard to get out all the thick and flimy fubstance it. This is enough for two Clifters when refully done. Take half of it and put into it e yolk of two Eggs, and one ounce of Mnlfat; and give it duly warm. He may keep it ree or four hours without trouble, because the antity is less than of an ordinary Clister, and at it is of a Balfamick and comforting quality the excoriated Guts. It is an excellent Remedy to by sharp tormenting Flux, when the Guts are enflanoted, excoriated and ulcerated, either through ordiery causes, (as by eating Fruit, or the like) or taking Mercury to flux one by Salivation, you ill presently find ease at the first taking it; but it is ell to repeat it once or twice a day.

Dr. Butler's Remedy for a Flux.

Take the Root of Holly-oak, Elder-tree-Roots and Plantane-Roots, of each a like quantity;

aud boil them in red Wine of Ale; Drink thereof as often as you please an need requires: If it be distastful sweeten is with Loaf-Sugar.

A Remedy to cure the Bloody-Flux, and heal the Ulcers in the Guts caused thereby.

Take the inner Rinds of a supling Oak, combout twenty years growth, two handfuls; curthem into small pieces, and boil them in a quart of Milk; when it is ready to run over shake it with cold water, and so boil it, and shake it sive or six times; let the Patient Drink half a Pinata time, adding a little Pepper grossy beatens boil also of the same Bark in water with a little Cinamon; and drink thereof at Meals besides the other.

To cure a Bloody-Flux, bloody Vrine, or Spitting of Blood.

Take Shepherds-pouch and Plantane, of each like quantity; stamp them, and boil them in Spring or Conduit-water; mixt with the distill ed water of red Nettles, add thereto a little fine Sugar; and drink it every Morning and Evening.

CHAP

CHAP. XXI.

Telect Remedies for the FAUNDIES.

Dr. Farrar, his excellent and often approved Remedy for the Janudies, of any kind black or yellow.

Take eight ounces of chosen Currans well washed, and picked from all the little stalks; put to them one ounce of choice Rhubarb in ine powder; beat them together in a mortar eaven or eight hours. Take of this every norning fasting, and at Night about the quantity of a small Walnut.

It purifieth the Blood, and strengthens the Liver wonderfully, and if centinued, carrieth away the peccant humours of the Body.

This is a sovereign Remedy for a Flux or Loofness as well as for the Jaundies. I my self had thonce a great Flux for a Fortnight; and Sir Kenelin ordered this Remedy for me, and it persetly cured. Another approved Remedy for the yellow Jaundies.

Take Goose-Dung gathered in the Spring-mind time, and drye it in the Sun, and Sugarcandy, off the each one ounce; pulverize them, and give it: The from one dram to two in white Wine. It perfectly cures it at three or four times taking.

Another approved Remedy for the same.

Take Hemp-seeds, bruise them and boil them in milk; then strain it, and drink thereof warms two or three times a day. This cured a greatted. Lady.

Another approved Remedy for the yellow Jaundies.

Take Celandine (the whole Plant) one handful; Leaves and Flowers of Hypericon, of each that a handful; Roots of Hog-fennel, the inner:
Bark of Elder, of each three drams; boil them in Rhenish Wine and water of Hartstongue, off each one pint; then strain it and put into the strained Liquor powder of Goose-dung and Safron, of each three drams tied up in a Rag, sweeten it with Sugar.

It perfectly cures the Jaundies at thrice taking divide the whole quantity into three Doses, and tak:

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them for three Mornings together.

Another Remedy for the yellow Jaundies, that when fome have been entring into the black, have been cured by it.

Take Jean Treackle, two ounces; powder of

utmeg grated, and as much Honey as will receten it: work it into an Electuary, which it up into a Gally-pot, and take of it the quanty of a Nutmeg three or four times a day.

CHAP. XXII.

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Select Remedies against Ruptures.

of make an Excellent Ptisan for a Rupture; the When Use whereof cured a great Lady of a great Rupture in a Fortnights time, and likewise many others.

Maidenhair, Roots of Strawberries, of each handful; pick and wash them, then shred hem; and stamp them in a Stone-Mortar; and boil them in two quarts of white Wine; ut let the Vessel be close stopp'd that nothing nay expire; then strain it out, and press it ard; Drink of this Liquor a good Glass-ful in he Morning fasting; and an hour after, drink nother; and continue this, taking two Glass-ful ul every Morning till you are cured.

An infallible and often approved Remedy for Wind-Rupture.

Take fresh Cows-dung, heat it in a Pot Pan, then spread it thick upon Leather, as a Contaplasm, and strew upon it some Commin-seed bruised; then apply it to the Rupture as hot may be endured; when it groweth cold, put of a new one: Continue this for two days.

This bath Cured several Children of a Winn Rupture. It is a Sovereign Remedy in that Cass The Child must lie upon the Back.

Another Plaister for the Same.

Take Polipode of the Oak, and Elecampane beat them small in a Mortar; then temper them with Oyl of Bays, and lay it under the Truss changing it every Morning; Continue it for Month.

Another Remedy for a Rupture.

Make Potage with Mutton, and boil in it Plant tane and Daizy-Leaves and Roots, Sanicle, Scarbious, and Polipode, of each a handful, two bious, and Polipode, of each a handful, two bious, and in the Moruing fasting, and at Night when you go to Bed, drink Posset made with Alexand boil some of the said Herbs in it; then strain it, and mix the Herbs with a double quantity of Sanicle, stamp them, and stew them with Sheeps Suet, and apply it under the Truss; when you have drank the Posset, lie on your Back an hour least.

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CHAP. XXIII.

Select Remedies for Tetters and Ringworms.

An Ointment to Cure a Tetter or Ring-worm.

Take Lytharge of Gold in very fine Powder, half a pound; Wine-Vinegar, five unces, Oil of Roses one pound; grind the Lympharge in a Mortar, putting to it by turns, ometimes Oyl, sometimes Vinegar, till by a continual grinding and stirring, the Vinegar oth no more appear, and that it comes to a whitish Ointment.

It is good against Inflammations, Burnings, and scaldings, it is cooling, drying and anodine; it dries, skins and healeth Seres and Olcers, cures Scabs,

Scabs, Tetters, Ring-worms, and other Deformaties, and Discolouring of the Skin.

Another Approved Remedy for a Tetter or Ring

Take Boars-grease four ounces, Quick-Silve mortified, and Verdigreece, of each an ounce Camphire one dram, Black Sope and Mustardl of each one Spoonful; Juice of the Leaves a Walnuts, three or four Spoonfuls; grind that all together in a Stone Mortar, or on a Painten Stone; then put it in a Gallipot: Anoint the Tetters or Ring-worms with it Morning and Evening until it kills and heals them.

This is an absolute Remedy, which hath Cureumin

Another Remedy for Testers and Ring-worms, Itchinand Scabs, &c.

Take Water of sharp-pointed Dock foundation ounces, Borax three drams, common Salt, one dram; Vinegar of Squils one ounce; mix them together.

It is excellent against all manner of Scabs, Itch: Olcers. Tetters and Ring-worms, Morphew, and other Deformities of the Skin.

Varts wi

against Tetters & Ring-worms. 239

To take away Warts and Corns.

Take Sal Armoniack, Roman Vitriol, and erdigreece, of each two ounces, Allumone ince, Calx vive half an ounce; distil them in Glass Alembeck, the Flegm comes first; which aft away; the Spirit follows, which reserve for Madelle.

It takes away Warts and Corns by often touch-

To take away Warts from any part of the Body.

Anoint them with Oyl of Sulphur two or aree times a day, and they will fall off.

Another.

Take a few Snails, put them in a Glass with little Salt, and in two or three days there will a Liquor; with which anoint the Warts, and ley will wear away.

Another for the Same.

Take the green Leaves of Marigolds, mask nem as small as green Sauce; then sub the Varts with it, and squeeze some of the Juice pon them.

For Corns in the Feet.

Take a little Copperas, and as much Bay Salt, and the quantity of them both of white Wine; boil them till they are dissolved, then wet therein a little black wool, or a Linnen Rag and bath the Corns therewith every Morning then put to them a Plaister of Diapalma, and in a short time they will wear all away.

Another for the Same

Take Galbanum two drams, steep it in Wines. Vinegar until it is as soft as Salve; apply it to the Corns, being first close pared until they wear away, which will be in a short time; you may anoint them with it, and then lay a Plaister of Diapalma upon it.

Another.

TakeOperment- Allum and Vitriol, of each two drams; reduce them to a fine Powder; them temper it with Honey to an Ointment, and anoint the Corns therewith, being first pared, and lay a Plaister of Diapalma over them, and they will wear away in a short time.

CHAP.

CHAP. XXIV.

lelect BALSOMS and OYNTMENTS.

true and genuine Description of Lucatello's Balsome, according to Sir Kenelm Digby's Rereipt, as he caused it to be prepared for his own Use.

Ake three pints of the best Sallet Oyl, which wash first with good Claret wine, then h and beat one pound of the best Venicerpentine in feveral white-Rofe-waters, till be very white and Liquid; likewise scrape have very thin half a pound of the best and est yellow Bees Wax, and take six spoonful pure right Canary, and put the Wax and k into a good found new glazed Pipkin of All r quarts, and put it on a Trevit, over a gen-Charcole Fire; when the Wax is melted,

take it from the Fire, and put into it the Turpentine by degrees, still stirring it very well then put in the Sallet Oyl, and stir it all very well together for a pretty while; then fet it of the Fire again, and let it boil very gently, ftire ring it carefully all the while: when you per ceive all to be perfectly united together, take it from the Fire, and fet it by to cool for one Night; the next Morning take a big Stick on Bedstaff very clean, and put it through the Matter in the Pipkin till it touch the bottom and fet it on one fide, that all the extraneous Moisture may run out, and drain very cleans after all which is entirely drained out, fet this Pipkin on the Fire again, and when the Matte: is very well melted, ftrew into it by degree with your Finger one ounce of pure good ree Saunders, reduced (by it felf without and mixture) with beating and fearcing in the fine! Searce, into the fubtilest Powder that possible can be: Then take the Pipkin from the Fire and ftir it exceedingly for at least a quarter or an hour, that the Saunders may be perfect! mixed and incorporated with the rest of the Um guent, and then fet it on the Fire again to boil very gently, till it become into the perfect state and confiftence of an Unguent, stirring it ver carefully all the while. When it is fo, take i from the Fire, and add to it one ounce of pur good natural liquid Balfom, and one ounce co the best Oyl of Hypericon, or St. John's Worth and ftir all exceeding well together for a long time

ime, till it be perfectly cold, and of a firm confistence; then put it into well glazed earthn pots, fast tied with Papers and Bladders, and eaden Covers over them, made in manner of a ipkin-Cover to shut upon them like a Box-lid, hd fet them hollow in the ground a yard deep om the top of the Pots (if the place will alw them to remain dry fo low, which must be onfidered) and arched round about, and over lem with sticks strong enough to bear the eight of the Earth, and keep it from falling ry well with the Earth you digged out; that ofe about them; and then cover the Vault le Vapour and Steam which rifeth from the arth below, may not breath out, but circulate bout the Pots, so to make them ferment and, mogeneate, and fo let remain the space of " ro Months.

The Vertues of the Said Balsom.

It cureth any Wound, if it be very deep, by Synging, and Tenting with Lint dipped therein, and nointing the Parts about; if not very deep, by y anointing and applying it with Lint; it will afage the Pain, and preserve from Inflammation; draweth out broken Bones, Splinters or Thorns; any thing that may putrifie or fester, and helpeth y speedily in any part of the Body whatever, preposing that the Vitals be not touched; it cureth cers in the Body, being dissolved in six spoonfuls good Sack, the quantity of a good Nutney, (or

in Milk) and taken down warm, or any inwant En Bruise caused by a fall or otherwise, or any Stitcon In being taken in Sack as aforesaid. One of Sir Kulling nelm's Servants was troubled with a fore Pain and Stitch, extending from his right Pap to his Back The bone, and the parts round about, which this Balfom made according to Sir Kenelm's own Rece pt, and taken in Sack as aforefaid, quitted him clearly or home the first, second, and third time, although the think for time he was much distempered with an Ague and F ver, which he grew well of in a short time afier well and imputed the Cure to the Balfom and Sack: It also excellent good so taken, against a Consumption most It also healeth outward Bruises, anointing the grant tothe ved part therewith, and keeping it warm after to look nointing. It healeth a Fistula or Ulcer, though never so deep, in any part of the Body, by anointiment warm, and applying to it a Plaister thereof; as as and so Cuts, Burns, Scalds, anointing and applyingoniton with Lint, it helpeth Ach in the Bones or Sinemiand the parts being kept warm after anointing; it easing e: b the Head-Ach, by anointing the Temples and Nostrils; it very much availath for Digestion, nointing the Stomack and Navil therewith vector warm going to Bed: It is good to prevent Infection in the time of Pestilence, anointing the Lips as men No Frils there with before going abroad in the Morning ing, it will secure you that day, taking also southern two Drams in Plague-water. Lastly, it mitiganties the Sharpness of Urine, and curith any venomeone Biting or Stinging.

Bruises, Strains, or Wrenches; called the Courtes tess of Chesterfield's green Balsom Oyl.

Ake a quart of the best old white Wine I three pints of the best Oyl Olive, mingle them together, then put into them these Herbs ollowing, being first bruised; half a pound of the Flowers and Leaves of St. John's Wort, ardnus Benedictus, Sage and Valerian, of each pound; let them infule therein four and tweny hours; then set the Pot or Glass they are in, monto a Kettle of Water, with store of Straw in he bottom to secure the Glass from breaking, infinind fo let it boil in the Kettle with a moderate the reat till the Wine is quite confumed, which will pe in four or five hours, sometimes stirring it, and have in readiness warm. Water, to supply it as it boileth away; The Counters did boil it na well Leaded Pipkin, on a gentle Charcole Fire; having boiled it very well, strain it through aftrong Canvas Cloth, and fet it on the Fire again, and add unto it a pound and half of the best Venice Turpentine, and boil it again the pace of a quarter of an hour; which done, put more into it of these Gums following, Olibanum, n subtil powder, five ounces, Powder of Myrrh, three ounces, Dragons Blood, one ounce, and (so let them boil all together with a sober Fire a quarter of an hour, and then take it from the Fire, and put it up in a great Glass when it is cold,

cold, and every Morning a little before Sunrising; set it in some convenient place without doors, where it may have the greatest heat of the Sun, and take it in at night; thus do for the space of ten days together, if the Weather permit; pricking the Paper that covereth the Glass; full of Holes all the while it standeth in the Sun, to prevent the breaking of it.

When you have Use of this Balsom for a green Wound, warm some of it in a Saucer, and with a clean Feather anoint and wet the Wound very well with it, as hot as the Party can suffer it; then wet as much Lint as will fill the Wound, in the warm Balsom, and lay it in the wound; then take a fine Cloth, and wet also in the Balsom, and lay upon the Lint, and thereon a piece of Bladder well rubbed; dress it twice the first day, that so it may the better soak out the Blood; but afterward once in four and twenty hours.

The Use of the same for a Bruise or Wrench.

Set some in a Saucer before the Fire, but not on Coals, and when it is warm, wet your Fingers in it, and gently rub and chafe in the Oyl where the Bruise is, before the Fire an hour together; then wipe your hands on a fine Linnen Cloth, and bind up the pained place with the Cloth upon it; dress it thus twice a day, and in four or five days, with God's Help it will be perfectly well.

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the Lady Barington's Rare Balsom for the Palsie, Apoplexies, and weak Sinews, or old Strains, &c.

Take two quarts of very strong Aqua-vita, r Spirit of Sack; infuse in it one pound of imperatory, Sarfaparilla, and Castorum, of ach half an ounce, bruise all these a little, and dd to them two handful of ordinary Lavender Flowers, and Sage-flowers, of each one hand-ul; steep these Ingredients in an earthen Pitther that is well glazed on the Infide; fo ftop it with a Cork and a Bladder very close, and keep t in a Chimney Corner, where there is a conthat fire kept, for the space of four days and nights, letting the Pot often on warm Embers, hake the Vessel twice or thrice a day all the time; then take nine drams of Camphire diffolved in half a pint of the strongest Spirit of Wine; when the time of Infusion is expired, put the Vellel in a cool Cellar to fettle the Spirits, and when you feel the Pitcher well cooled, then open it, and stir into it the dissolved Camphire and Spirit of Wine; then pass it two or three times through an Hypocras-bag, fo keep it in Glasses very close stopped. This Balsom is always to be used cold, the Spirits are so quick, that it will vapour all away: When you use it, put some of it into a Spoon, and rub it in till it be dry; for the Palsie rub the Mould of the Head, and Nape of the Neck; it is good for all parts where there is any Contraction of the Sinews, R 4 10 or debility of the Nerves; for the Gout or any Crick, or Aches, rubbing the Places; it is vergood for any Distemper that proceeds from Cold, and also for the Head-Ach, rubbing the Temples: This Balsom must be always closed stopp'd, and kept in a cool place, and that it may be seldom opened, take in little Glasses for your daily Ue: it must be used Night ancoming, rubbing it well into the place.

For the Dead Palfie.

Sir Kenelm Digby relates, That Madam dimension told him, that a certain, and by her often approved Remedy for the Dead Palsie, iss this:

Shred Onions sinall (the white are best) and and put them into an earthen pot or pan (uncovered, or but slightly, to keep out the dust) and set it in an Oven moderately hot, to bake, set stirring the Onions sometimes: let them bake till they are become Pap; make a thick Cataplasm of this, and lay it upon the benummed part; change it every twenty four hours, and seem continue it till you are well. If it be an universal Paralise, you must use the Cataplasm all over.

An Ointment for the Palsie.

Take Sage, Rue, Savin, Lavender, Sotherncood, Rosemary, Laurel, Mullin, Primrose,
owslips, Betony, Avens, Watercresses, Malws, the Leaves and Berries of Ivy and red
ettles, of each a handful, stamp them all, and
rain them, and mix the Juice with red Wine;
t it stand six or seven days; then boil it, and
ld boars Grease, Cats Grease, Fox Grease,
aftor; when they are well boil'd, strain it
rough a Canvas into a Bason, and add Wax
and Rosin.

An Ointment for the dead Palsie.

Take two pound of fresh Butter, melt and tum it clean, then take red Sage, Dill, Bay-aves, Rosemary, Thyme, Costmary, Tansie, avender leaves, Winter-Savory, Maudlin, enniroyal, Speremint, Camomil, Lavender-totton, of each a quarter of a handful; then then the two handful of Angeltouches, wash them lean, and dry them in a Napkin; then shred nem all very small, then warm the Butter, and the rewall into it, stirring it over a fost sire till toomes to a green Ointment; then strain it, and let it stand till it is cold.

It must be made in May.

The true Balsom, or the Oil of St. John's Wort.

Take Tops and Flowers of St. John's Worth when they are near ripe, two pound; stamp them in a Stone-Mortar, and put them into a stone Jugg, and powr upon them Oil Olive found pound, good strong wine, half a pint; stop in close, and set it in warm water for twenty found hours, or in a Sand-Furnace; then put it into a The Kettle of water, and let the water boil, stirrings the Ingredients sometimes with a wooden Span tula; then strain it, and press it out strongly then take the same quantity of the Tops and Flowers of St. John's Wort, and put them in his to the Pitcher, and powr the strained Oil upon them; let it digest as before; then set it in The boiling water as before; then strain and pour it out; repeat a third time with new Tops of St. John's Wort; then strain and press it hard and keep the Oil for use.

Then to make this Oil more efficacious, has ving separated it from the Fæces and Moisture set it over a gentle Fire, and put into it 2 pounds of Venice-Turpentine, and stir and incorporate them well together; then take it from the Fire, and mix with it three ounces of Tim Eture of Sassron, stir them well together, and

keep the Oil for Ufe.

This Oil thus prepared is an effectual Balsoms it warms, attenuates, dissipates and dries; and therefore is very proper against all Pains, Achee Numness proceeding from Cold; particularly tainst all sorts of Informatics and Weakness in the oynts, the Sciatica, and all sorts of Gouts; it is an excellent thing heal all sorts of Wounds, together with those of white e Nerves; for it gluinates and cicatrises, it exmeds shrunk Sinews, and strengthens them; it is not od for Burnings and Scaldings, it is good against invulsions, being given inwardly.

This Balsom is also mixed in vulnerary Injectiis, in Digestives, in Cataplasmes, and in the
imposition of Lucutella's Balsom made after Sir
Digby's Receipt.

Dr. Scroderus his Balsom against the Plague.

Take distilled Oils of Rue, of Citron, of angelica, of each half a Scruple, Oil of Amparer rectified, five drops, of Camphire three inces, Oil of Nutmegs by expression, half an ance; mix them and make a Balsom.

It is an excellent Preservative in time of Infecti-; anoint the Temples, Nostrils, Stomach and elses therewith; and take every Morning fasting e quantity of six or eight grains in a little Canary. A most Excellent Balsom to dry up all running and moist Sores, Issues, moist Scabs, old and running Ulcers, and is a most miraculous thing to curr Scald Heads.

Take Amiantum four ounces, burnt Lead twelve ounces, Tutty prepared, two ounces: Calcine and Powder them; then steep them in Vinegar for some Months, stirring them onco a Month; after boil it for a quarter of an hour and let it stand till it is clear; then take of this clear Vinegar, Oil of Roses, of each a like quantity; beat them together into a white Bal. Where fom.

Dr. Hartmannus his approved Balfom, which culling reth any green Wound or Cut in twenty four hourss

from the

Take Oil of St. Johns Wort, Oil of Earth worms, Turpentine and Mastick, of each om ounce; mix and incorporate them over a gentll Fire; then put it up, and keep it for Use. App ply it warm with a little Lint.

To make a green Ointment fuddenly for any Scala ing or Burning.

Take fresh Cows-dung and Hogs-greafe, co each equal parts, mix and incorporate them wee together over a gentle Fire.

An Ointment to break and open all Impostumes, Biles, and Plague Sores. my to con

Take Oil of Olive two pound, white and mt la vellow Wax, Rams Fat near the Kidneys, pure Rosin, black Pitch and Venice-Turpentine, of hereach half a pound, choice Mastick in fine powder two ounces; mix them, and make an Ointment according to Art.

This Dintment is very effectual to break all forts of Apostemes, as also Pestilential Carbuncles and Venereal Buboes. The Consistence of this Ointment is harder than of other Ointments. It is to be used from the first breaking of the Aposteme, till the Cure be perfect.

An Approved Dintment for the Itch, by Dr. Scro-

Take Litharge and white Lead, of each half an ounce, Vinegar half an ounce, Oil of Roses four ounces, Sulphur vive fix drams, Salt three drams, Turpentine half an ounce, fresh Butter three ounces; mix them and make them an Ointment. Anoint with it Morning and Evening, and it will kill the Itch in about a weeks time.

An approved Cyntment for cold or hot swelling Hismors: It is a singular Remedy.

Take Unguentum de Althaa, and anoint the place swelled with it, warm for hot Humors, and lay some spred on a Cloth, to the Swelling

renewing it twice a day.

If it be a cold swelling Humor, then take am ounce of Unquentum de Althea, and Oil of Peter half an ounce; mingle them well together, and anoint the place with it, and apply some on a Cloth or Paper.

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THE COLUMN

Amost Sovereign Green Oynement which cureth all Strains, Bruises, and Swellings, Aches, Kibes, Cuts, Cramps, Scaldings, and Burnings, and all outward Griefs. It cases the Sciatica, and all Swellings in the Face and Throat, yea thought they look red, and have an Ague in them.

Take young Bay-berries, and Wormwood, of each half a pound, red Sage and Rue of each a pound; gather them in the heat of the day, and pick them, but wash them not; stamp them to a Mash in a Mortar, then take fresh Suet pick'd and shred, four pound; beat them well together till they are well incorporated; then put to them two quarts of good Oil, work it well together with your hands, till it be all of one colour and softness; then put it into an earthen Pan, and let it stand close covered in a cold place:

solace for eight days; then boil it gently for even or eight hours, stirring it very well all shat while; and when it hath boiled about four or five hours, put in four ounces of Oil of Spike; wou shall know when it is boil'd enough, by taking a drop thereof in a clean Sawcer, if it appear of a sad green, let it still boil till it look of a fair green; then strain it, and keep it close in a Gallipot; it will keep it seven or neight years.

A most Excellent Oyntment much approved, for Tetters and Ring-worms, Itch and Scabs, Itching and Waterish Humors, and all other Maladies and Insirmities of the Skin.

Take Litarge of Gold in very fine Powder, two ounces, Vinegar four ounces, Oil of Roses, half a pint, grind the Litarge in a Mortar, powring to it sometimes Vinegar, and sometimes Oil; stir it continually till the Vinegar do no more appear, and that it come to a whitish Oyntment.

This Oyntment cured a man who had a very Malignant Tetter all over the back-side of his Hand for many years; he had tried many Remedies in vain, but at last getting the Receipt of this Oyntment, he presently made it, and it perfectly Cured him in a short time, as he related to me himself.

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CHAP. XXV.

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Select PLAISTERS and CERE-CLOTHES.

A most Excellent Plaister call'd the Emperor's
Plaister.

Take red Roses dried one ounce and half, Biftort roots, Cypres-Nuts, all the Saunders, Mint, Coriander seeds, of each three drams,
Mastick half an ounce, Hipocystis, Acacia,
Dragons Blood, sealed Earth, fine Bole, red
Coral, of each two drams, Turpentine washed
in Plantane water, four ounces, Oil of Roses
three ounces, white Wax a pound, Pine Rosin,
Juices of Plantane, Housleek, Orpin, of each
an ounce; the Wax, Rosin and Pitch being
melted,

nelted, put to them the Turpentine and Oyl; nen the Hipocystis and Acatia dissolved in the id Juices; and lastly, the Powders, to make

n Emplaster according to Art.

It is much recommended to heal, strengthen, cool, ry and bind; being applied to the Crown of the lead shaved, it is good against a Consumption, stops be Rheum that falls upon the Lungs; applyed to be Back, it strengthens it much, and removes ains thence; applied to the Belly, it is said to stop Loosness; it is also very good to strengthen weak ad luxative Joints, and consirm feeble Limbs.

In admirable Plaister devised and prepared for the Use of the late Arch-Duke Leopoldus in Flanders.

Take white Virgin-Wax one pound, Emplarum gratia Dei two ounces, Diapalma an ounce, Piacolon and Corimbum of each two ounces, power of Orrice roots one ounce, Mercury precitate half an ounce, Cinnabre in fine powder, ne ounce, Storax dissolved in Spirit of Wine, and strained one ounce, Musk three grains; slice he Wax and Plaisters thin, and melt them in a lazed Pipkin, stir them well together continuly, till they are all dissolved; then put in the inabre and Precipitate, and after the Storax and Orrice, stirring them continually; then put the Musk dissolved in a little Rose-water; and Ift of all put in four ounces of Spirit of Wine little and little; for it will make the Compolition

The Experimented Vertues of this Plaister, are ass followeth,

1. It eases the Pain of the Head, being applied to the Forehead and Temples.

2. It heals all Bruises and Swellings, all Cuts, Wounds, Sores and Olcers.

3. It cures the Tooth-Ach, being applied to thee Cheeks and Temples.

4. It dissolves any Swellings or Tumors about thee apple Eyes or Throat, proceeding from cold Canses, and the like.

It is a most excellent Application for an Issue 33 and to that end it was prepared for the said Arch-Duke Leopoldus.

The Lady Howlands Excellent Cere-cloth, by her much approved, for any Bruise, Ach, or littles Gout, to stanch the Blood and heal any Wound,

of Sallet Oyl, boil them gently on Embers, stirring them well until it grows somewhat thick; then drop a little upon a Plate, and if it stick then drop a little upon a Plate, and if it stick then fast, it is enough; then remove it from the street, and put in half a pound of yellow Wax street, and four ounces of Rosin, set it on the street. Fire again, but let it not boil; dip in some lin-

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nen Cloths for Cere cloths, whilst it stands on the Fire, and hold them before the Fire to run off as long as as any will run, letting it run upon some thing to save what runs off; and when they are cold, lay them up. You may make some of the Composition up in Rolls for Salve.

An Admirable Cere-cloth for a sore Breast, Impostum, Fellon, Green and Old Wounds.

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Oyl of Olive, and Oyl of Roses, of each half a pound; melt them well together, and let it cool, then add half a pound of white Lead in fine Powder, and set it over the Fire again, and let it boil half an hour, then add Myrrh, Mastick and Frankincense, of each two ounces, all in fine Powder, and let it boil half an hour longer; lastly, put in half an ounce of Camphir, and keep it stirring continually all the while. Dip Cloaths therein for Cere-cloaths, and make the rest into Rolls for Use.

A most Excellent Cere-cloth for Ruptures and Burstenness.

Take Powder of Mastick, Mummy, Frankincense, yellow Amber, Gum Arabick and Tragacant, Aloes, Balaustians and Roses, of each
half an ounce, Dragons Blood, fine Bolearmony,
Bloodstone, of each six drams, Oyl of Roses
three ounces, Oyls of Myrtle and Mastick, of

each two drams, with Wax and Rosin, as much as will suffice; make a Cere-cloth, and dip

This is a most Excellent thing to cure Rupturess of a as the dexterous Volkerus Frisius hath often proposed: It also strengthens weak Limbs; apply it und der the Truss.

The Description of that Famous Plaister callect with Manus Dei, The plaister of God's Hand which which is so samous in France, and hath been with much used for a long time, so that many Ladies that of Quality take the pains to make it, and distribute to the Poor (as Monsieur Charras results lates in his Royal Dispensatory) whom he add copy vises to observe well the Directions here given for with its Preparation.

of Gold finely powdred four pound, yellow Wax two pound, Venice-Turpentine one pound Galbanum, Opoponax, Sagapen, Myrrh, Olitham, Mastick, of each eight ounces; Oyl of Lawrel, six ounces, Lapis Calaminaris, and Load-stone, long and round Birthwort, of each four counces.

upon a Marble Stone, moittning it with Plantanee water, and dry them: Beat together in a large mand Martick apart; fift all the Powders together through a Silk Sieve; then put the Galbanana

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num, Ammoniac, Opoponax, and Sagapen, all well bruised, into an earthen glaz'd Pot, and dissolve them over a gentle Fire, in about a quart of good Vinegar; strain them hot through a strong Cloth, and having well pressed them, put that which remains in the Cloth into the Pot again, and powr upon it fresh Vinegar, and dissolve it over the Fire as before; strain and press it as before; then evaporate the superfluous Vinegar over a gentle Fire by degrees, and boil the Gums till they are sufficiently thick; then incorporate the Turpentine with them, and keep the Composition apart.

Then put the Litharge in fine Powder into a Copper or Brass Pot tinn'd, and incorporate it cold with Oyl, stirring them continually with a large wooden Spatula; then add to them three pints of fair water, and boil them over a good Fire, stirring them without intermission till it be of the Consistence of a solid Emplaster before you add the Wax; then melt the Wax in it; then take the Pot from the Fire, and stir it till it be somewhat cold; then add to it the Gums and Turpentine incorporated before, and then the Oyl of Laurel; and lastly the Powders, and be sure that all the Ingredients be well uni-

This Plaister I made once at Paris with a Physician. It is every day successefully used for the Cure of all sorts of Wounds and Olcers, whether new or old, Contusions, Tumors, Bruises and Swellings; it mollisies, digests, dissolves, and brings to Suppu-

ted and incorporated together.

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ration such Matters as require it; for it never suppurates those which may be dissipated by transpiration, or otherwise; and when it hath ripened and drawn the Matters forth, it draws no more, but cleanses, cicatrizes, consolidates, and heals all together,

AWater which hath done such wonderful Cures in all manner of Wounds, Swellings, Ulcers, Cankers, Tetters and Ringworms, Itch and Scabs, Fistulaes, &c.

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Take Bolearmenick and white Vitriol, of each four ounces, Camphir one ounce; put the Camphir and Vitriol in a little Pot upon the Fire, and boil them together till they become thick; then stir them till they become hard; then let it cool, and powder it finely, and having powdred the Bolearmenick, mingle the Powders together, and keep them in a Bladder. Take a quart of fair Water, and let it boil; then take it off, and put into it a good spoonful and half of the faid Powder, put it into a Bottle, and shake it twice a day for a fortnight. If you defire to have it stronger, Powder one ounce of Allom, and mingle it well with the Powder before you put it in; when you will use it, powr off the Clear, and make it hot, and bath the Sore with it as hot as may be endured; and lay double Cloaths over it dipped in the Water. Note, That a large Oyster-shell is Said to be best to heat it in but by no means in any Metal.

To dry up sharp Humors with ones own Water, and to Cure Kibes and Coilblains.

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Sir K. Digby relates, That a certain Lady had a Humor broke out at her Heel, which neither Physitians with Purgings and Diet-Drinks, nor Chirargeons with Ointments could heal and dry up; it was heal'd in three or four Fomentations with her own Urine newly made, and some white Salt dissolved in it, all warmed, and then with Linnens doubled foment the place by the Firefide for a quarter of an hour; then bind on a clean dry Linnen, and compress to it; do thus Morning and at Night. It cures all Kibes and Chilblains, even after they are broken; and if used before they are broken, it will prevent them.

nouses together, and in a

CHAP. XXVI.

fitians, with Parglags and Diet

Selett PILLS.

Pills of Elixir Proprietatis, as we prepared them by Sir Kenelm Digby's Order in his Elaboran tory.

half a pound, Myrrh grossy powdered fin the ounces; Mastick in Powder four ounces, Saffront two ounces; put them in bold Heads every one apart, and extract the Tincture according to Art; the Aloes and Saffron with common Brandy, but the Myrrh and Mastick with good Spirit of Wine, often shaking them; then mix the Tinctures together, and in a Glass Cucurbite in Balneo Marie abstract all the Spirit of Wine, till the Matter remain in the Consistence of Honey; then powr it out into a white Bason, and

in Sand evaporate it to the Consistence of a Mass of Pills.

They strengthen the Head, Stomach and Heart, hinder Putrefaction, cause a good Digestion and a good Appetite, cure the Scurvey, and are a good Pectoral. They are a good Preservative in Pestilential times, cleansing the Body of such Humors as might be apt to receive the Infection; and to that end Sir Kenelm caused them chiefly to be prepared in the beginning of that great Sickness in London in the Year 1665. The Dose from one Scruple to half a Dram, to be taken at Night before or after Supper.

Sir Kenelm Digby's Excellent purging Tills for the Head, Stomach and Joynts, which he took usually himself.

Take Aloes Succatrina, choice Scammony, and Pulp of Coloquintida in fubtil Powder, of make each an ounce; make them into a Mass for Pills with a sufficient quantity of Syrup of Stechados; the Dose is from one Scruple to half a

dram, or two Scruples in the Morning.

They are a most Excellent Cephalick; they sleanse and strengthen the Head and Brain, quicken the Senses, clear the Eye-sight, expel Wind from the Stomach and Bewels, are excellent against the Scurwels vey and Dropsie, Jaundies, Obstructions of the Li-

Dr. Floyd's Stomach-Pill, which he usually toods, himself.

Take of the aforesaid Pill of Sir Kenelm's of Pil. Aggregative, of each two drams; Hier cum Agarico, Stomack-Pills with Gums, of each half a dram; make them up into a Mass with Syrup of Betony. Dose is one Scruple, or half a Dram over Night, and two Scruples or on Dram in the Morning, taking a convenient time after them Broth or Posset-drink. The are also very good for the Head.

Dr. Dyes his Excellent Pill, where with he cured himself of a Malignant Tetter as he relates in the following.

Take Extract. Rudii, one scruple, Mercurius dulcis twenty four grains, Antimony diaphores tick, Salt of Wormwood and Tartar Vitriolates of each halfa Scruple, Oyl of Juniper-Berriess four drops; make these into Pills with Venices

Turpentine, and gild them.

I my self having had a Tetter upon my left Heell which with an Oyntment I healed, and made perfectly well in appearance; but the Cause remaining the Effect ceased not, but it still broke out again, and at last in such extremity, that it was spred over both my Ankles, and upon my Instep, both ends within a singers breadth were met quite round my Heel, and was grown so exceeding sore and painful, as from

re Heel upwards all along the Calf of my Leg, Ham, and all along the back part of my Hip, and ard Lumps and Knots, as if the Veins and Siws had been crack'd; whereupon I betook my felf these Pills, doubling the quantities of the Comfition of them; the former proportion being for To Pills to be taken two Mornings, three at a time, ad formedit into twelve Pills for four Mornings; bich I took in manner following, three the first forning, and three the second, the third Morng I omitted; the fourth Morning I took three fore; the fifth I likewife omitted, and the fixth forning I took the three last Pills, in all twelve; bich so clearly took away and conrected the Huor immediately, that I was never after troubled with the like in that Part, nor in any other, using ithal some proper Oyntments to the Sore.

Pills for the Sciatica or any kind of Gout.

Take Aloes and Hermodactils, of each one ram, Diagridium half an ounce; reduce them a very fine Powder, and make into Pills with yrup of Roses; Take every day one dram, for Fortnight together.

Pills excellent for the Head and Stomack.

Take Aloes and Turbith, of each half an unce, Pulp of Coloquint and Agarick, of each one dram, Scammony two drams, Mack and Bdellium, of each two drams, Ginger, Cinamon,

Cinamon, Anifeeds, Leaves of Wormwood of Mint, of each two drams; reduce all too fine Powder, and make them into a Paste st Pills with Oximel of Squills; put them im Gallipot, and keep them for your Use. To Dose is one dram for one that is easie to mow and a dram and a half for one that is hard move.

Excellent Pectoral Pills for the Breast and Lung

Take Tears of Storax two drams, Juice Spanish Liquoras one dram and a half, Tinctur of Saffron four scruples, Labdanum, Olibanum choice Myrrh, and Extract of Opium, of each a dram; Ambergease a scruple, Syrup of C tron Peels, as much as suffices to make a Mar for Pills.

These Pills are excellent to stay Defluxions the fall upon the Lungs, and to asswage the violence of the Coughs: The Dose is from sive or six, to eight ten Grains at Night.

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CHAP. XXVII.

to mon

Select PURGES.

A Purging Whey, by Dr. Jackson.

TAke a Pottle of new Whey, boil in it Succory, Fennel and Parsley Roots, of each a andful, having first scrap'd, slit and taken out he Piths very clean, also one pugil of Damask Lose Leaves, with ten or twelve Leaves of red age, and two or three Tops of Rosemary; oil it to a Quart, then beat two Whites of ggs very well, and put into it remaining on he Fire, which will make a kind of Curd, that vill rise together with the aforesaid Ingredients, kim all these off together very clean, then take scruple or half a dram of Saffron in Powder, indit in a fine clean Rag, and let it boil in the Vhey a while, then squeeze it out by degrees, till

till the Saffron is all infused in the Whey; the start strain it, and put it into a Glass or Earthen Political

This is to be drunk at three equal Draughts, hour between each Draught, continually wall dim ing all the time, and drunk cold; it must made over night, and drunk every Morning to days together, fasting sive hours after it.

Take Borage flower, or Bugloss flower water fix ounces, sweeten it with fine Loaf Sugar or rather with Conserve of Violets; one oun of this is enough to drink each Morning coll whilst the Body is costive, and eat Barly Grown by

Another Purging Whey.

Take fresh ripe Rose Leaves, the Whittespot cut off two ounces, Rhubarb sliced, two dramature and a half, Indian Spick one dram and a half country bruise them and insuse them in half a pint when they over Night, the next Morning strain is and drink it.

It is an exceeding good cooling Purge; it cleans the Blood, and purges Choler, and takes away Sand and sharp Humors, and operates without Disturbant or Molestation.

Another purging Infusion of Whey.

Take Flowers of Borage, Bugloss, Fumitory, Epithimum, of each half a handful, Poll pode of the Oak six drams, Fennel seeds two drams, Sena a dram and a half; shred the Herb

Herbs, and bruise the Seeds, and insuse them three Pints of Whey, set the Vessel in warm arater to digest two days; then strain it, and held two ounces of Honey of Roses; and take thereof from three ounces to six ounces.

be Heat of Fevers, and cleanses the Skin from

menicabs and Heat.

Monsieur Boucaud his Purging Infusion, which purges universally all Humors, and is very good to Purge and Prepare the Body before one enters into a Diet-Drink, or at any other time.

Take Succory one handful, French Barley water to half a pint; then strain it, and let cool well; then put into it Sena two drams, hubarb one dram, Agarick half a dram; let mem infuse twenty four hours; the next Morning strain it without pressing it, and put into it all an ounce of Syrup of Limon, and one munce of Syrup of Violets.

The said Mr. B. took this usually himself, and und it operate well and pleasantly without disturnance; it is a very good Purge both for men and omen; it is good to cleanse a Woman after her lygin; you may diminish the Dose as you see occa-

m.

A Purging Powder good against the Sciatica or Hip-Gout,

Take Seeds of Dwarf-Elder, Turbith, Herrand, modactils, Sena, and white Tartar, of each and dram, Cinamon two drams; make all into and fine Powder for four Doses to be taken for four Mornings every third day.

Dr. Quercetan's Purging Decoction for Ladies.

Take Sena fix drams, Strawberry-water hall a pint, infuse them in a close Vessel a Day and Take Night; then add a spoonful of Juice of Literal mons, and two Spoonfuls of Juice of Pear mains, Sugarcandy two drams; boil it a walnum or two, and clarifie it with the White of armine Egg, and a little Cinamon-water.

This was invented to pleasure Ladies with, beauting very pleasant in Taste, and Purging gently

without griping or making fick.

Another Purging Decostion, called the Bitter Decostion.

Take the Tops of lesser Centory, Flowers of Camomil, of each one Pugil, Roots of Gentian half a scruple, Seeds of Carduus bruised once dram, Sena two drams, a little sliced Ginger to correct the Windiness of the Sena, Cream off Tartar half a dram; steep them all in half a pints

pint of fair water all Night; the next Morning will tonly a walm or two, and then strain it, and if you will have it work strongly, you may dd to the strained Liquor an ounce of Syrup of Roses, or half an ounce of Syrup of Buck-thorn terries.

It opens Obstructions, and is prevalent against Amin ues and Fevers; it eases Pains of the Breast and
pleen, and is good against the Green Sickness, and
toppage of the Terms, &c.

A very good Purge for the Itch.

Take Tamarinds half an ounce, sharp-pointed d Dock-root two drams, Fumitory and Succoy, of each half a handful, white Tartar half a
ram, Ginger one scruple; shred the Herbs
mall, and stamp the Root, and boil it in a suffiient quantity of fair water till there remain aout a quarter of a pint, to which being straind, add one ounce of Syrup of Roses, and two
rams of Syrup of Buck-thorn Berries, and take
in the Morning.

It is a good and approved thing for the Intention.

An Universal Purging Potion.

Take Sena two drams, Ginger one scruple, hubarb a dram, Agarick two scruples, sweet ennel seeds half a dram; Cinamon a scruple; ruise them all, and steep them all Night in a ttle more than a quarter of a Pint of the Decoction

Morning through a Strainer; and dissolve in one ounce of Syrup of Roses.

Another Universal Purge.

Take fix Damask Prunes, a handful of Agreemony, half an ounce of Polipode roots, om ounce of Currans, half an ounce of Sena, omodern dram of Aniseeds; bruise them, and boil them gently in half a pint of water; strain and present, and sweeten it with brown Sugar.

Another Universal Purge.

Take of Sena half an ounce, sweet Fennes seeds bruised a dram; steep them all night in a little more than a quarter of a pint of Possion made with Ale; the next Morning boil it a walm then strain and press it out; in the Liquor difference follows an ounce of good Manna while it is how then strain it again, and drink it.

A good Pectoral Purge for Consumptive People, &

Take Roots of Marsh-Mallows and Liquora of each two drams, sweet Fennel-seeds half dram, yellow Saunders a scruple, cream of Take tar half a dram, bruise the Roots and Seed and boil them in half a pint of water, with spoonful of French Barly till near half is consistent med; then strain it, and whilst it is hot, dissolution n the Liquor an ounce and half of Manna; hen strain it again, and drink it.

will recommend here to the Publick a most Excellent Purging Powder, which Sir Kenelm Digby made much Ose of in his Family.

Take Scammony, the purest and best an ounce, owder it grossy, and spread it upon a piece of rown Paper, then take some Fire in a Fire-novel, and put upon it some Brimstone, hold he Paper with the Scammony over the Flame of trimstone until you see it grow moist; then owder it sinely, and mix it with six drams of Diaphoretick Antimony, and two drams of Tream of Tartar, both in subtil Powder, grind them together to incorporate, and mix them rell: then put it in a Glass Vial; and stop it

This Powder was called Cornachine, by reason pat Cornachine, a Physician of Pisa in Italy, as the Inventer of it, and had made a great Comentary upon it.

It hath done wonderful Effects; it operates quick, safely, and pleasantly; it gently purges superwous Humors from the Bowels, and roots up the
ause and Matter of Agues, Fevers, and many
her tedious Diseases, as Monsieur Charras retes in his Royal Dispensatory. Dr. Scroderus
his Chymical Dispensatory also recommends it
one of the best Purgatives that can be prepared.
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Dase

Dose is from half a scruple to half a dram, on whole dram. It is to be taken in the Morning failing in white Wine, Broth, in the Yolk of an Establish Scrup Confestion

in a little Syrup, or in some Confection.

The Diaphoretick Antimony you may buy for pence an Ounce, the Scammony for ten pence in Ounce, and the Cream of Tartar one penny Ounce. This Powder is easie to give to Childh for the Isch or Scab, as also for the Worms.

CHAP. XXVIII.

Select VOMITIVES.

A Gentle Vomit.

Take of Hemetick Wine, and Oxime The Squills, of each an ounce; mix them gether, and take it, taking Posset-drink winds Spoonful of Oyl of sweet Almonds in entire draught, to make it come up easie.

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Takea ram of d

Bather,

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of Lu

Another.

Dissolve two drams of Saltpeter in fat Broth,

Another.

Take three drams of Broom-flowers, boil em in half a pint of small Ale for a quarter an hour, then strain it, and drink it warm.

Another.

Take a dram of Nettle-seeds poudred, or a am of the inner Bark of Walnut Tree powred, or three drams of Radish-seeds powder, taking them in fat Broth unsalted or in Post.

nother, which I have known used by Sir Kenelm Digby.

Take a Pint of Lukewarm water, put into it or eight spoonfuls of Sallet Oyl, and drink off Lukewarm.

The Antimonial Cup made of well purified gulus of Antimony cast in Moulds, is a very esful thing in a Family; when you have a mind use it, fill it with white Wine, and put a ove or two in it, and a little Mace, and let it

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ftand

stand all Night, the next Morning drink th Wine, and it will tafte of nothing but Wine and will work fafely first by a Vomit, and the by flools also; when it works, drink Posse with a spoonful of Oyl of sweet Almonds is every Draught, or sweet Sallet Oyl, to facill

tate the Vomiting.

If it be taken in the beginning of an Ague, whee they have had but a Fit or two, it commonly carri eth it off, being taken half an hour before the Fil The Virtue of this Cup will never diminish; for : will have the same Operation an hundred year hence that it had when it was newly made. And accordi ing as you would have it work, either gentle of strong, you may put the Wine in sooner or later as an of the inner Bark of Waldut I ree 14 Night.

where which I have known used by Sir Kenelin

and reaking them in fat Broth unfalted or in Por-

lake a Pint of Lukewarm water, put into eight spoonfuls of Sallet Oyl, and do

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Antimonial Cup made of well purifi eles of Animany calt in Moulds, is a very thing in a family, when you have a mind use it, fill it with white Wine, and pu or two in it, and a little Mace, and lor

Dr. Scrotterns his Emelieur Gliffer.

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c; Camomil flowers half an ounce, fived; boil them in a fufficient quantity o

Select GLISTERS.

A Glister for the Colick and Griping of the Guts.

Take Roots of Mallows, and Marsh Mallows with the whole Plant, of each an ounce and a half, French Barly an ounce, Flowers of Camomil, and Elder flowers, of each half an ounce; boil them in a sufficient quantity of Water; then strain it, and add to a Pint of the Liquor three ounces of Linseed Oyl, and an ounce of Cassia extracted, Aloes half an ounce, Nitre an ounce and a half; mix them, and give it duly warm.

It powerfully expels Wind, loosens the Bowels,

and eases the Colick and Gripings.

Dr. Scroderus bis Emollient Glifter.

Take of the Emollient Herbs, which and Leaves of Mallows, Violet Leaves, Beets, Head Mercury, of each a handful, Roots of Althan an ounce; Camomil flowers half an ounce, find Figs fliced; boil them in a fufficient quantity of fair water to a pint; then strain it, and put the it Cassa four drams, Benedicta laxitiva on ounce, Sal Gem a scruple, Oyl of Olive, cool Oyl of Roses three ounces, brown Sugar and ounce; mix it, and give it.

It loosens and mollifies the Bowels, evacuated their Slime and Filth, and cleanses them from Winn

and Water, and is good in Fevers.

Avery good Common Glister.

Take of the Emollient Herbs, of each a handle ful, Camomil flowers half a handful, sweet Fennel seeds half an ounce, Linseeds two dramss cut the Herbs, and bruise the Seeds, and boil them in Water to a Pint, then strain it.

ace and a half; mix ti

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CHAP. XXX.

relect Remedies relating to WOMEN.
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for such Distempers as are particularly incident to Woman-kind.

ly Purgations.

The Retention of them cometh of Opilation in the Matrix, abundance of gross Blood, after great Evacuation, or Fatness of the vomb; They are Cause of many Evils, as vollen Legs, weak Backs, Pains in the lower arts of the Belly, Drowsiness, Retention of rine, a weak Stomack, Loss of Appetite, and want

want of Digestion, Vomiting, Shortness Breath, Loss of Complexion, Vapors, and F of the Mother and Spleen, &c. If the Retentil come of thickness of the Blood, it is good if the Patient to use the Bath afterwards fet down the If the Retention come of cold and Phlegmatin Humors, then it is good for her to take twice day four ounces of the Decoction of Alexa Date ders, Smallage roots, Cinamon and a little Star fron, and fast four hours after it, forbearings with eating Meats that breed grofs and moift Humo and groß Blood, as Beef, Pork, Veal, Filmer and the like. Let your Diet be Fowls, Bird Partridges, Rabbits, and the like, or Mutton All and drink white or Rhenish Wine, or Mead Metheglin; using in your Broth the followil In Ingredients, viz. Aniseeds, sweet Fennel-seed it Commin-feeds, Caraway-feeds, Smallage-room wild Thyme, Rosemary, Parsly-roots, Spinagound Madder, Cinquefoil, Harts-tongue, Lupin light Organs, Valerian, Savory, Sothernwood, Gallent lick is an excellent thing if you like it, Ballad Carduus, Horehound, Cinamon, and fuch lill to uling a few of either forts of them; they the and fubtilize the Blood, and open the Passage that descend to the Matrix.

A Bath to provoke the Terms.

Take Mugwort, Motherwort, Mother Man, Thyme, Bawm, Fumitory, Camomil, Laveette der, Organy, of each a handful; Juniper Berlyng

Parily roots, Polipode and Valerian, of each charm hree ounces; let them boil in a sufficient sufficient in it as hot as can be endured, and when she are ones out of the Bath, going to Bed, let her are ake a Decoction of Eugloss and Borage, or the same ake a Decoction of Eugloss and Borage, or the letter be sufficient of Madder in fair water, with a litable le Syrup of Fumitory. If you cannot have all the hese Herbs, you may take only some Camomilation owers and Peniroyal; for the hot water alone will be effectual in this Case, bathing in it.

Man A Physical Course for provoking the Terms

Take of the Powder of Hiera Picra simple, of the Pills de tribus Fernelii, of Agarick Trohiscated, of each a scruple, of Castor half a
cruple, of the Chymical Oyl of Thyme, four
rops; make these up into Pills with Syrup of
sugwort; let her take them immediately after
er first sleep, and sleep again upon them. The
ext day following, let her take the following
Decoction.

Take Ale and white Wine, of each a Pint and alf, unfet Hysop, Peniroyal, Mugwort, Gernander, of each a handful; Madder, Smalage, Parsly, and Fennel roots, of each an ounce, uniper Berries, and Cinamon bruised, of each alf an ounce; boil them well, and having straind the Decoction, sweeten it with four ounces f Syrup of Mugwort. Drink thereof twice a

day, in the Morning, and at four in the Aftern noon; and four days before their accustomed time of flowing, open the Vein in the Foot, and bleed about three or four ounces, to invite them look downwards.

An Excellent Medicinal Wine to provoke the Terms by Dr. Mynsicht.

of each an ounce and a half, Filings of Steelland (from the Needle-makers) an ounce, Galingall the less, Lignum Cassia, of each a dram, Safrom a scruple; bruise them, and put them in three pints of white Wine, let it stand two or three pints of four days, often shaking it, then strain it.

This Wine opens all Obstructious of the Liver, Spleen and Womb; it provokes the Terms, cures the green Sickness, expels Wind, discusses Swellings, and Hydropical Humors, cures the evil disposition in Virgins, weakness of the Stomack, and want of Appetite and ill Digestion Young People should take it five or six days before the New Moon; but elder women as many days before the Full Moon. The Dose is from four Spoonfuls to six or seven in the Morning fasting, and to continue the Use of it till they appear.

Another

Another Approved Remedy for the same.

I was assured by a Gentlewoman of Credit, that a Daughter of hers, at twenty years of Age, having never had her Purgations, was cured by the following Remedy.

Take a pound of the smallest new Nails, put them in a quart of white Wine, let it stand four and twenty hours; then drink thereof warm a quarter of a pint in the Morning fasting; when you have taken three Doses of it, put into it a pint of Wine more, and let it stand for some time upon the Nails; then take of it till you have taken it all; this hath been approved upon many others: you may put in with the Wine a few Orange Peels, and Cloves.

An Experimented Remedy for the immoderate Flux of the Terms.

Take a dram of the Scrapings or Filings of the Skull of a man, put it into a glass of white Wine, let it insuse all Night in, and in the Morning take it fasting. In two or three times taking it every Morning, it will cure it. It is an Approved Remedy.

A Physical Course to provoke the Terms, prescribing by a Learned Physician to a Lady of great Quillity.

Take the Roots of white Ditany, Madde and round Birthwort, of each half an ounce Orrice and Asaribecca Roots, and sweet Flat Roots, of each three drams, Orange peels am Cinamon, of each two drams, Juniper Berrie Berrie fix drams, Fennel and Commin feed, of each one dram, Tops of Wormwood, Mugworn Horse-mint and Germander, of each half mid handful, Flowers of Elder, Savin and Rue, each a handful, Saffron half a dram, Filings Steel an ounce; tie the Steel up in a Rag, am fhred and bruife all the Ingredients; infuse the in four pints of strong white Wine for twelve hours; then strain it, and drink thereof three the times a day: and after five or fix days taking with it, use the following Purge.

Rhubarb half a dram, tweet Fennel feeds am cinamon, of each a dram and a half, Savin or pugil. This is for two Potions to be taken for the

two Mornings together.

After Purging, take the following Electuar

Take Conserves of Wormwood and Minister of each half an ounce, Conserve of Rue an ounce Candied Elecampane Root half an ounce, Cinamon finely Powdered, and Grocus Martis aper

tive

ive, of each a dram, of Oyl of Mace and Cinanon, each fix drops; mix it, and make an Eletuary, whereof take the quantity of a large Jutmeg three times a day.

Mile An approved Remedy to Stop the Abundance of the Terms.

Take a handful of red Dock Roots the yelowest and best; slit them, and boil them in a
sallon of Conduit-water, scum it, and put in it
laising of the Sun stoned two handful, Liquoras
ruised two ounces; boil it until a third part be
onsumed; then strain it, and make Almond
sallik thereof with Blanched Almonds.

A good Remedy for the Whites, much Approved.

If the Woman wanteth her Monthly Terms hen she hath the Whites, they must by no neans be stopp'd till the Terms are brought own; for it is very dangerous. Let all the leans then be used to provoke and bring them own first; and then to stop the Whites, take he following, after some sit Purgation once or wice before.

Take the Ceruse of Antimony, that is diaphometick Antimony, about fifteen grains for a Dose a little white Wine, in the Morning fasting, wo or three times a day.

Arother

Another for the Same.

Roots that are young and without Buds, two ounces; shred the Herb, and bruise the Roomand boil them in a quart of Milk; drink Draught thereof warm, sweetned with Suggest of Roses, and Nutmeg grated in it.

You may also take the following Pills, and drink a Draught of the said Milk after them.

Blood, Nutmegs grated, and Bolearmenick, each a dram; mix them, and make a Mass ff Pulls; Take thereof a dram for a Dose.

The following Electuary is also very good, the H dy being Purged first.

Take Conserve of red Roses sour ounces Conserve of Succory two ounces, red Corall subtil Powder, Snakeweed, Tormentil Room and Shavings of Ivory, of each two drams; with Syrup of Mirtles make an Electuary, and take thereof the quantity of a large Nutmeg even Morning. Another Approved Remedy for the Whites, and to the Heat in the Back and Kidneys.

Take four good found Nutmegs, put them in the middle of a Houshold Loaf of Bread, then the the Loaf be baked, and take out the Nutmegs; then beat the white of a new laid Egg pan Oyl, let it settle, and take off the Froth, and mix the White with four spoonfuls of Rose-ater, and as much Plantane-water; then weeten it with fine Sugar, and grate into it half one of the Nutmegs, and drink it in the Horning fasting for seven days together.

This cured a Woman that had taken many Remees in vain for the said Distempers: It strengths and cools the Reins, and is good against the Stone

Mand Gravel.

In Approved Remedy for the Fits of the Mother, and for the Vapors

Take Roots of round and long Birth-wort, ony, and lesser Valerian, of each two nnces, Castor one ounce, Tops of dried formwood, Mugwort, Fethersew, Tansie, der, and Camomil Flowers, of each a handle, having bruised and cut them all together fuse them in two quarts of rectified Spirit of Vine; then distill them according to Art, and ep the Spirit for Use.

V

This

This Spirit is very effectual to open the Obstructions of the Matrix, and to suppress the Vapors at Fits that arise from it; you may take of it from out to two or three drams at a time, in some distillations waters; it may also be put into the Nostrils, appoint

ed to the Temples, or upon the Navil.

Chymical preparation, which is so effectual beyond. Chymical preparation, which is so effectual beyond. Compare for the Vapors and Fits of the Mother &c, that several Women which could have no Charles dren live, by reason of their Vapors and Fits, to they took of it, had their Children live afterward and were perfectly Cured of that Distemper.

A Remedy for a Bloody Vrine, whether in Mills or Woman; also for a Bloody Flux, or Spitting of Blood.

Take Shepherds Purse, and Plantane, shree Ite them, and boil them in fair water; then stranger, it, and sweeten it with fine Sugar; drink there are of Morning and Evening.

Another for the Same.

Take the Earth of Swallows Nest, sleep it hot Water; then strain it, and let the Patien drink thereof two or three times a day.

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ment in a long mary times and a long

A Remedy for one that sannot retain Vrin.

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Il fromp

Take a Mouse newly kill'd, burn it to Ashes, with the Skin and Hair, give a pretty quantity of it in Ale; or dry the Mouse in an Oven, so that you may reduce it to Powder; which give man or drink in the same manner.

Another for one that cannot keep his Water.

Take Conserve of Hips three ounces, of red of coses an ounce, Crabs Eyes a dram, Roots of ormentil two drams, Syrup of Purslan, as a nuch as suffices to make an Electuary. Take hereof the quantity of a large Nutmeg twice a lay. Drink after it a Draught of the following becoction.

Take Succory Roots six drams, Leaves of ettuce, Purslan and Horse-tail (an Herb) Shepards purse of each a handful, the four greater old Seeds, Purslan Seeds & Sorrel Seeds, of each dram, red Roses dried a handful; bruise the eds, and shred the Herbs, and boil them all a sufficient quantity of Water to a pint and a lf; then strain it, and dissolve in it Gum Trant and Arabick, of each two scruples; then d two ounces of Syrup of Purslan: The Dose a quarter of a pint.

Let the Patient wear about the Neck a little g with the Powder of a dried Toad Calcin'd, nich alone many times is faid to Cure this Dife.

V 2 CHAP.

CHAP. XXXI.

Select Remedies to procure CONCEPTION.

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Of choice and experimented Remedies tt procure and forward Conception; prescribes by several learned Doctors.

An excellent Remedy to procure Conception.

Take of Syrup of Motherwort, of Syrup Mugwort, of each half an ounce; of Spirms of Clary, two drams; of the Root of English Snakeweed in fine powder, one dram; Purslain feed, Nettle-seed, Rocket-seed, all in submitted, Nettle-seed, Rocket-seed, all in submitted, of each two drams; candid Nutmeg Eringo-Roots, Satirion-Roots, preserved Dates Pistaches, Conserve of Succory, of each through drams; stamp and work all these Ingredients in Mo

Mortar to an Electuary; then put it up into Gal-

y-pots and keep it for ufe.

Take of this Electuary the quantity of a large Jutmeg in a little glassful of white Wine, in he Morning fasting, and at four in the Afteroon, and as much at Night going to Bed; but e sure not to do any violent exercise.

Another experienced by the Countess of Arundel.

Make a Syrup of Eringo-Roots, and take hereof three times a day, in the Morning fasting, and in the Afternoon, and at Night; having rst prepared the Body with some gentle Purge. The foregoing Remedy is more effectual.

Another approved Remedy to procure Conception.

Take of Clarified Honey, 3 drams, of Linseed and shavings of Ivory, of each an ounce, Borage aree ounces; beat it into an Electuary with four unces of fine Sugar, Musk and Amber, of each ne scruple and a half; Oil of Cinamon, two grains; Oil of Cloves and Mace, of each one train: Take of it Morning and Evening.

frengthen the Womb and procure Conception.

Take Bawm, Penyroyal, Maidenhair, Sage, alaminth, Mugwort, of each half a handful; minenath, half a dram; Marygolds, Wall flow-

 V_3

ers, of each two pugils; (that is as much as you can hold betwixt two Fingers and the Thumb) Nutmegs, Mace, Cubebes, Cardamoms, grains of Paradice, Zedoary, of each one dram; prepare them all, and infuse them in two quarts of Canary Wine for some days in a Bottle close stopp'd; then strain it, and sweeten it with since Sugar to your Taste; drink thereof three times a day. This I know an approved Remedy.

Dr. Mynsight, his Bath against Barrenness much! approved.

Take Roots of Madder, of Parsley, of Pollipode of the Oak, Valerian, of each three ounces; Seeds of wild Rue and Darnel, of each two ounces; green Juniper-berries, of each one ounce and a half; Leaves of Motherwort, Mother of Thyme, Bawm, Mugwort, Fumitory Marjoram, Lavender, Agrimony, Mellilot, Mullin, Camomil, Calamint, Organy, of each one ounce; shred and bruise them and boil them in a sufficient quantity of water for a Bath.

Let the person sit therein in a bathing Tub, assistor hot as can be endured, repeating it every day for fifteen or twenty days, abstaining all the while from Venery. The Author says it is an approved

thing for the intention.

She may also at the same time use either the Electuary with the white Wine, or Dr. Scroderus his Drink.

By using the said Remedies, and abstaining all he while from Venery, she will be very apt aftervards to conceive; for the parts will be very vell disposed: It is much observed also, that Women after long absence from their Husbands, when they come again usually soon conceive.

Note, That the greater the womans desire of copulation is, the more subject she is to con-

eive.

Women are most subject to conceive a day or

wo after their monthly Terms are stayed.

It is good to eat Crabs, Lobsters, Prawns and hrimps, for they are fruitful Creatures, and rery nutritive; as also Pigeons and Sparrows; alf a dram of Castor, being taken in powder, or a scruple in Malmsey Wine in the Morning, is good to procure Conception;

As also the stones of a Fox dryed and beaten o powder, and a dram taken in milk in the

Morning.

As also the stones of a Boar taken in the like

manner.

A Plaister of Labdanum spread upon Leather, and applied to the Region of the Womb, mightify disposes it to Conception.

Dr. Farrar, bis great Venereal to procure Conception.

Take Conserve of Rosemary-slowers, of Borage-slowers, and of Conserve of Clove-gilly-slowers, of each half a dram; of the Ele-stuary of Diasatirion, one ounce; candid Eringo-V 4 Roots,

Roots, fix drams, old London or Venice Treacled two drams, Seeds of Rocket, and of Nettless of each half a dram, Species Diamoth. dulcatwo scruples; make it up into an Electuary with Syrup of Stechados as much as will suffice. Take the quantity of a Nutmeg of this Electuary Morning and Night, or when you will, and drink a little of the following Decoction after it.

Take Leaves of Sage, of Organy, Rosemary, Calamint, Nettles, of each a handful, Chamedee, Chamepit and Stechados, of each half: handful; of Nettle-seeds, Rocket-seeds, and sweet Fennel-seeds, of each three drams, Root of Pellitory of Spain half an ounce; boil all these in a quart of Fountain-water; then strain it.

and put to it a pint of Malago Sack.

which for feveral Reasons I omit to publish here but if any Lady desires it of me, I shall very

freely communicate it to her.

CHAP.

CHAP. XXXII.

Rules and Signs of CONCEPTION.

her Certain Signs, whereby Women may know when they have Conceived.

A Uthors have left many Ways for Women to know whether they be with Child or ot, which proves true indeed in many Women, ut not in all; Some of them I shall relate here.

1. A Coldness and Chilliness of the outward arts after Conception; for the Heat retires in-

vardly to make the Conception.

2. The Belly groweth very flat first of all, beause the Womb closeth it self together, to ourish and cherish the Seed.

3. The Breafts begin to swell and grow hard, ot without Pain and Soreness.

4. The

4. The Tops of the Nipples look redder that formerly.

5. Wringing or griping pains like Cramp

happen in the Belly about the Navil.

6. Loss of Appetite to Meat, and illness an ter Meat, and weakness of the Stomack.

7. The Veins of the Breafts are more clearly

feen than they were wont to be.

8. It is a good Sign when the Veins in the Eyes are clearly feen, and the Eyes feem form thing discoloured.

9. Divers Longings and Appetites are ingen

dred.

10. If under the lower Eye-lid the Vein to swelled, and the Veins in the Eyes appear clean ly, and the Eye something discoloured, if the Woman have not her Terms at that time, no watched the Night before, you may certain! conclude her to be with Child; and this appear most plainly just upon her Conception, and the first two Months. This Mr. Culpepper says hi hath known to be true, and never to fail.

11. Put the Urine of the Woman in a Glass and stop it, and let it stand three days, and the strain it through a fine Linnen Cloth, if you find finall living Creatures in it, the is most an

furedly conceived with Child.

12. Take a green Nettle top, and put it inti her Urin, and stop it close, and let it stand as Night, the next Morning take it out, and if is full of red Spots, the is with Child; if no the Nettle will be blackish.

An

Signs of Conception.

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And thus much for Prognosticks, whether a Woman be with Child or not.

CHAP. XXXIII.

to dall and fwarthy as when fite beare.

Other Rules and Signs of Conception.

ales to know whether a Woman beareth a Male or

A Uthors give these to be Signs of Conception of Males,

The Woman when she rises up from a Chair, the like, doth sooner stay her self upon her ght hand than on the left.

2. The Belly lieth rounder and higher than hen it is a Female.

3. The Child is first felt on the right side, cause (according to Hypocrates) the Male-hildren lie on the right side of the Womb.

4. The Woman breeds Boys easier and with less Trouble and Pain than Girls, and carried her Burthen not so heavily, but is more nimble in moving.

5. The right Breast is more plump and hard er than the left, and the right Nipple red

der.

and not so dull and swarthy as when she bearet a Girl.

of fair Water, if it finks to the Bottom, flubears a Girl; but if it swims and spreads as broad, it is a Boy.

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CHAP. XXXIV.

Select Remedies to prevent Miscarriage.

Containing Approved Remedies to prevent Miscarriage in Women; as also certain Experiments relating to Women, especially Childbearing, Practised by that skilful Midwise Mrs. Partridge, alias Covet.

Directions how to govern a Woman in her first Conception, that she may know how to foster it, and hold it fast till the time of Maturity; and then how with ease and good speed to bring it into the World, and after the great Work of Labour, to reduce her self to her wonted Health.

First, To preserve her Infant, and to prevent Miscarriage, the following Remedy is commended to be taken.

T'Ake Coriander Seeds two drams, Roots of Bistort, Shavings of Ivory and Red Coral prepared, of each a dram, of white Amber and Christal, of each a scruple; reduce all to a sine fine Powder, and made it up into Tablets
Lozenges with four ounces of Rosewater as half a scruple of Confection of Alkermed make them of a dram apiece; take one of the Tablets every other Morning; they are vector cordial and strengthening of the Womb.

Also take every other Morning between a ree Egg new laid, putting in it some fine powder

Pearls or Coral.

Signs of Miscarriage.

LEF Remedies to prevent Milcarris

If her Breast (after filling) should begin it is lessen and fall, which is a Sign of future Miscaultain riage, let her apply the following Cere-cloth.

Take Roots of Bistort and Coriander seed of each two drams, of unripen'd Galls, recommended and Hypocistides, of each a dram Labdanum, and Mastick, of each half an ounce Frankincense and Bdellium, of each two drams Powder what is to be powdered, and with Oyof Mastick, Turpentine and Wax make two or three Cere-cloaths, and apply them sometimes to her Loyns and Sedes, and sometimes to the Region of the Womb under the Nativil.

She must avoid all sudden and violent Motions, both of Mind and Body, as Sneezing Coughs, Frights, Anger and Passion.

pared, of each a dram, of white Amber

If a Woman with Child fears Miscarriage, by being frightned, let her have by her some of Dr. Scroderus's Cordial Water against Frights; the Description whereof you have among the Cordial Waters, and take a little of it.

Another Remedy to prevent Miscarriage.

TOO 2 TO

Take a Sprig of Rosemary and Bawm, a ew Cloves, and a little Nutmeg; put hem into a pint of Claret Wine, and burn the then beat the Yolks of three new laid ggs, and having taken the Wine; then take the Cock-treadles of six Eggs, and the White of one, and beat them to an Oyl; then the off the Froth from it, and mix the Oyl where the Wine, and brew all together; then weeten it with fine Sugar, and let the Woman drink of it four Spoonfuls whensoever beginneth to feel any Pain in her Back.

No. 10 Mes ploju bus ... biovs.

Dr. Goff's Remedy to prevent Miscarriage.

Take a Fillet of Beef, let it be half roafted then take half a pint of Muskadine, Sugar, Commamon, Ginger, Cloves, Mace, Grains of Paradife, and Nutmegs, of each a dram; bruit them, and make a Sauce; then take the Beather from the Fire, and being hot, divide it into two pieces, and wet the infides of them in the Sauce; then apply the one to the Region of the Womb under the Navil, and the other to the Reins of the Back, as hot as can be endured the them on fast, and keep them on at least twenty four hours, or longer if she can.

In France, when seever they fear that a Woman is a danger to miscarry, they presently give her the following Remedy to prevent it.

Take a penniworth of stitching Silk of a recommon Colour, double the Threds as oftendade and as short as you can, then clip it as short as you can with Scissers, so that it be as short as Shavings; then mix this with a new-laid Egypten boild but a little, so that the White of it many be but curdled; let the Woman take this.

dy, which I have seen used many times; it is used for

by rich and poor.

Of the Causes of Miscarriage.

The ordinary Causes of Abortion are the fol-

lowing:

I. A weakness or fouiness of the Womb; when it is weakned or offended by viscous, slingly, or slippery, phlegmatick or watery Humors, so that it cannot retain the Fruit remeived.

2. Being extreamly bound in Body, and forng to stool, forces the Child down. Hypocras says the Disease Tenesmus coming upon a woan with Child, causes Abortion. Tenesmus is
Disease when people have a great provocation
stool, yet can do nothing.

3. The Emroids or Piles many times cause is is is a significant and approved Remedies: which see

their places.

d Surfeiting by much eating and drinking, angles it. Fat women are subject to misear-because of the slipperiness of their wembs. The rear strong Purges or Vomits; but if you in the subject to be costive, use gentle sneans to ep the Body open.

Abortion also is caused either by Blows, An-Sorrow and Grief, Runnista, Leapings,

frings, immoderate Exercise, &c.

The furest way is to prevent. Miscarriage bee, the Child is conceived, by cleaning and strengthenstrengthening the womb by such Medecines as procure and forward Conception afterwards. And to those which I have given you before for that intention, I will add these following.

Drink Wine wherein the Mother of Thym hath been boiled, which is excellent for that Ill

tention.

The Seeds of Mandrake are faid to cleam and purge a foul womb, cool a hot womb, arr moisten a dry womb; you may take half a draw moisten a dry womb;

of them bruised in a little white Wine.

To Women with Child to prevent Miscarriage, Culpepper recommends to drink a Draught of Sage Ale every Morning; he says it will dher more good than she is aware of; if you dhe street o know more of it, you may read his Book He also recommends Tansie-Ale, as you make Sage-Ale (a Draught being drunk in the Mook ning) to be a Sovereign Remedy for such Women as are subject to miscarry; he doth not teach how to make it; but it is done by stampling the Sage or Tansie, and putting it in a Base of loose Bolter-cloth, and hang it in a Rundll of Ale.

He advises also Midwives to keep a Syrup It them made with the Juice of Garden-Tanic clarified, and boiled to a Syrup with doubt weight of Sugar, and to give a spoonful of whensoever any Signs of Abortion appear; also to stamp Garden-Tansie, and sprinkle with Muskadel, and apply it to the Navil.

is a most excellent Remedy.

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CHAP. XXXV.

Womens Longings, and of Marking their Children.

here what Sir Kenelm Digby relates in his Discourse made in a Solemn Assembly of Nobles and Learned Men at Montpelier in France, touching the Cure of Wounds by the Powder of Sympathy: He says thus;

Cannot forbear but I must make some Digression here, to unfold some other Effects Nature, which we see often, and are not curious than the most principal which we at of, and will seem to be derived from obte Causes, notwithstanding in many Circumness they depend on the same Principles, and many much differing; it is touching Moles Marks which happen to Infants, when their

308 Of Momens Longings, &c.

Mothers, during the time of their Pregnance have longed after some particular things.

To proceed after my accustomed manner,

will fall to exemplifie.

A Lady of great Quality, which many this Assembly know, at least by Reputation hath upon her Neck the Figure of a Mulbern as exactly as any Painter or Carver can possible represent one; for it bears not only the Colonia but the fit proportion of a Mulberry, and is: it were, embossed in her Flesh. The Mother this Lady being with Child, she had a greet mind to eat Mulberries, and her Imagination being fatisfied (she being under the Tree) of of them casually fell upon her Neck, ti fanguine Juice whereof was foon wiped of and the felt nothing at that time: The Chile war being born, the perfect Figure of a Mulben was feen upon her Neck, in the same plant where it fell upon the Mothers; and every year, in Mulberry Season, this Impression, or rather Excrescence of Flesh did swell, growbig, at itch.

Another Maid which had the like Mark of Strawberry, was more incommodated then with; for it not only inflamed and itched Strawberry Seafon, but it broke like an Impufume, whence issued forth a sharp corross Humor.

To know the Causes and Reason of these may vellous Effects, I refer the Reader to the Reading of the said Sir K. Digby's Book; wherein relates also the sollowing. Pe re

Permit me, my Lords (fays he) to enlarge y Digression a little further in one word, to recount unto you'a marvellous Accident, known over the Court of England, in confirmation the Activity and impression which the Imagition of the Mother makes upon the Body of e Infant whereof the was big. A Lady that as my Kintwoman (she was the Neece of Forcu, the Daughter of Count Arundel) came give me Visits sometimes in London; she was r, and of a good Feature, and she knew it taking great complacency, and not only keep her felf fo, but to add what the could orther; thereupon she was perswaded that the tches and Flies which she put upon her Face, we her a great deal of Ornament, therefore was careful to wear the most curious sort; t as it is very hard to keep a moderation in ngs which depend more upon Opinion than ature, she wore them in excess, and patched of her Face with them; although that did t much add to her Beauty, and that I took Liberty to tell her fo accordingly, yet I pught it no opportunity then to do any thing that should give her the least distaste, since with much civility and sweetness she came to visit . Nevertheless, one day I thought good a kind of drolling way, (so that she might tapprehend any Discontentment) to tell her it; so that I let fall my Discourse upon her harat Belly, advising her to have a care of her alth, whereof the was fomewhat negligent, and

and according to the Custom of young vigorou women, which know not yet what it is to b fubject to Indispositions, she kindly thanked m for my care herein; faying, That she could do many more to preferve her health than she did, though fhe was in that case: you should at least, I ree plied, have a care of your Child: O for that faid the, there is nothing that can be contribut ted more. Yet I told her, See how many Patcher you wear upon your Face, are you not afraii that the Infant in your Womb may haply h born with fuch Marks on its Face? But, fail she, what danger is there that my Child should bear fuch Marks, though I put them on artific: ally? Then you have not heard, I replied again the marvellous Effects that the Imaginations co Mothers work upon the Bodies of their Chii dren, while they are yet big with them, there fore I will reaccount unto you some of them; on related unto her fundry Stories upon this Sul ject; as that of the Black Queen of Athiopia who was delivered of a white Boy, which was attributed to a Picture of the Virgin Mary wit our Saviour Christ, which she had near the ter ster of her bed, whereunto she bore great devo tion. I urg'd another of a woman who wa brought to bed of a Child all hairy, because the Picture of St. John the Baptist in the wilde nefs, when he wore a coat of Camels hair. I ro accounted unto her also the strange Antipath which the late King James had to a naked Sword whereof the Cause was ascribed, in regard som Scotch Lords entred violently into the Bott

Of Momens Longings, &c.

311 amber of the Queen his Mother, whilst she as with Child of him, where her Secretary, an alian, was dispatching some Letters for her, hom they hack'd and kill'd with naked Swords fore her face. and threw him at her feet; and ey grew so barbarous, that there wanted but ttle but that they had hurt the Queen her felf. least her Skin was rais'd in divers places. Buman makes mention of this Tragedy. Hence came that her Son King James had fuch an A-Arfion all his Life time to a naked Sword, that the could not fee one without a great emotion of e Spirits, although otherwise couragious ebugh, yet he could not overmafter his Passion that particular. I remember when he dubb'd e Knight, in the Ceremony of putting the bint of a naked Sword upon my Shoulder, he buld not endure to look upon it, but turned his ce another way; infomuch, that instead of buching my shoulder, he had almost thrust the point into my eyes, had not the Duke of Bucngham guided his hand aright. I alledged her ivers such Stories to make her apprehend that a rong Imagination of the Mother might cause ome notable impression upon the Body of her thild to its prejudice. Moreover, I pray conder how attentive you are to your Patches, and nat you have them continually in your imaginalon; for I observed that you have looked upon nem ten times fince you came to this Room, in the Looking-Glass. Have you therefore nopprehension that your Child may be born with half X4

I need not tell you of your Neighbour of Carcassona, who lately was brought to bed of a prodigious Monster, exactly resembling an Ape,

which II

which she took pleasure to look upon during he time she was with Child; for I conceive you know the Story better than I. Nor that of the Woman of St. Maxent, who could not forbear going to see an infortunate Child which was almoorn without Arms; and she her self was delimetered afterwards of such a Monster.

Another dreadful Example Sir Kenelm reactes, which happened to a Woman with Child, who was so curious as to go and see

the Execution of a Malefactor.

This course will to despote the party mig

Several others he relates; which for Brevity which ake I omit to relate here. What I have fet complown is by way of Caution and Divertifement.

with two or three poonfuls of the best galet of and

a glassfull of water, and boyl it well together will then that of the the that water in the tale

morning fasting without any falt in it. Continue in the fine this for a foreight or time weeks, begin with ning immediately before the time expected for the

breught to bed with foculty, weith ent and and

wich very little paint and is less word thought

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CHAP. XXXVI.

Select Remedys to cause a good Delivery.

A most Soverain and often approved Remedy to be used before Labour to cause a good Delivery with ease, security, and very little pain &c.

Ake a good large onion, or two leffer, peer and flice them, and in a frying-pan fry ii with two or three spoonfuls of the best sallet ow til it be tender; then put all into a pipkin witt a glassfull of water, and boyl it well together then ftrain it out and drink that warm in the morning fasting without any falt in it. Contil nue this for a fortnight or three weeks, beginn ning immediately before the time expected for Delivery: This course will so dispose the parts of the woman with Child, that she shall bo brought to bed with security, with ease and with very little pain: and if the Child should be turn'd in the mothers womb, it will bring it to rights before labour. Sr. Kenelme Digby relates that women that have had most dangerous jabours till they took this have had no difficult

but very case and speedy labours, what woman with Child would neglect to take the said remedy, being so easie and of so good effects, and what Midwise would not perswade a woman she is to deliver, to take it before the time of her Labour, to prevent a dangerous and difficult Labour.

A Drink before Labour to cause a good Delivery.

Take Wood Bettony one handfull, blew figs fliced four ounces and Liquorice bruised one ounce, boyl them all in a pinte of running water and white wine of each one pinte to the confumption of a third part, then strain it and press it a little, drink thereof a good draught warm every morning fasting for a fortnight or three weeks before the time of Labour. It is an approved remedy for the Intention.

A safe Remedy to facilitate the Birth in Labour.

Take of Chosen Cynnamon one ounce, white amber six drams, myrrh one scruple, reduce them all to a subtil powder, and in the time of Labour the Child being nigh pitch'd, give her thereof as much as will lie upon a six pence in a little Canary Sack.

Another to Cause a speedy Latour.

Take three or four drops of the Chymmical

ly with Cynnamon, also in hard Labour, let her drink a spoonfull or two of another womans milk, it will cause her speedy Delivery.

The Labour Powder to facilitate the Birth.

Cummin feeds, beat and fearfe them all feverally into very fine powder, take of each as much as will lie upon a groat, but double so much off the Cummin feeds, mingle them all together, and when the woman is in her greatest extremity give her a spoonfull of it in Mace Ale: This is also an effectual remedy to bring away the After-Burthen. These remedies are approved to be safe sure and effectual.

I was once with Sr. Kenelm Digby in his: Chamber, when a Midwife came to him and told him that a woman had been in labour three: All days, and that she could not be delivered though the Child was nigh pitch'd, and having heard. that Sr. Kenelm had a powder that would facilitate the Birth, she prayed him to give her a little: War of it; Sr. Kenelm went into his closer and brought out a little powder in a paper, and gave: with it her defiring her to give it to the woman in a little burnt Clarret, and an hour after the had taken it to fend him word how she did. And within less than an hour she fent to thank him, and that she was delivered of a lusty boy within half an hour after taking it. Upon that I asked here Sr. Kell

Sr. Kenelm whether it was a Chymmical preparation, and he told me it was nothing but a dram of myrrh in subtil powder.

An Infallible and much approved remedy to bring away the After Burthen, or any fowlness or a dead Child, and to cure the After throws and Gripings, after awoman is delivered,

Take the inward wrinkled skins of Gizards of Hens that are laying of eggs, wipe them clean and lay them by to dry, when you have need to use them beat them to a sine powder, of which give one dram for a dose in a little white wine: you will see the effects of it in a short time, If it be needfull you may repeat the dose once or twice the same day. Women and Midwifes should never be without this remedy.

An Excellent Powder to asswage the pains af-

11 2d

Take the Roots of Athamantick Spignel, and bigger Comfry of each two drams, Amber in fine powder, Peach kernels cleanfed, of each one dram and a half, Cynnamon, Mace, and Saffron of each two scruples, mingle them and make a powder for use.

This Powder is highly esteemed to asswage the tormenting pains that happen to most women after delivery; it is to be given in broth, from one scruple to two. In Monsieur Charras's Royal

Difpen_

Dispensatory, who says also, that it is credibly affirm'd that the bloud which Issues from the navil when the Midwife cuts it, a spoonfull continued it given hot is a soverain remedy to prevent an appeare these pains.

Another Remedy after Labour, to take away the pains and pangs which many times attend women newly delivered.

Let her drink a draught of Beer boyled with a spoonfull of Camomil slowers: and in greater pains let her take six ounces of the oyl of sweet Almonds fresh drawn.

CHAP. XXXVII.

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Select Remedies for Women Lying in.

An Excellent Cercoloath to be laid upon the Breastil after Childbearing.

Take oyl of Roses six ounces, Perriwincles bruised three ounces, juice of mint and lesser Sage of each one ounce and a half, Boyl them over a soft fire til the juice be consumed, them strain

train and press them out, into the strained oyl out yellow wax cut small, three ounces; when he Ingredients are half cold, and half an ounce of choice Mastich finely powdred stir them well ogether, and then dip the cloaths in it.

This Cerecloath is very proper to prevent he breafts from growing big after Child beaing; as also to change the course of the milk nd to turn it downward. The Cerecloath must be layd hot upon the breasts, and wrapt up with warm cloaths and be continually applied til the nilk be gone.

Another Remedy presently made to dry up the milk in Womens breasts.

Take Aqua vitæ and sweet butter, melt them nd beat them well together, and anoynt the reasts therewith, laying a brown paper upon hem, and as often as the paper dries anoynt a-ain, til the milk be dryed up. This is also good beep the Ague out of the breasts.

To encrease womens milk.

III.

Take fennel seeds bruised, and boyl them rell in barley water, and let the Nurses and uckling women drink very often, in winter arm, in Summer cold, and let them forbear rinking much strong drink or wine, for they te hot and great dryers up of milk.

Another

Another to increase milk.

Boyl fweet Fennel feed and Annifeeds bruifed Till

in Posset drink, and drink thereof.

Authors write that the hoofs of the forefee and of a Cow dryed and powdred, and a dram of the powder taken in the morning in any convenient liquor increases milk.

The Thiftle call'd our Ladies thiftle, is an extent

cellent thing to increase milk.

If the Child be much troubled with wince and gripings, let the Nurse use Fennel seed on Anniseeds in her broaths or in posset drink.

A Remedy for a fore breast that comes of curl'd million in Childhed, and to dry up the milk.

Take half a pound of Hogs greafe, yellow wax one ounce, Burgundy pitch five ounces, Verridge nice Turpentine one spoonfull, Honey two spoonfuls, put all these in a skillet with a little fair water, and boyl them over a gentle fire, for a while scumming it, then pour it into a pan to cool, when it is quite cold turn it out of the paneas a cake, and scrape off all the soft dregs that are at the bottom; then melt it again and dip linnen cloaths in it to make Cerecloaths, and apply them.

Fon

For an Ague in a Womans Breaft.

Take the Leaves of Hemlock, fry them in nfalted Butter, and as hot as can be endured ay it to the Breasts, and lay a piece of Flannel arm over it. This is good also for any Swelling in my other Part.

An Admirable Poultice that bath cured many Women of hard and sore Breasts.

Take Turneps and boil them well in Water, that they be very tender; then squeeze out he water clean from them, and stamp them to and mingle with them fome fresh Butter hfalted, and apply this warm to the Breafts oultice-wife upon a thick Cloth very large; nange it Morning and Night. In three days it rfectly cures, though before the pain and hardness to the been very great.

be Countess of Dorset's Remedy for a hard and sore reast, wherewith she was cured her self of a hard and fore breast.

Take chosen Jollop, reduce it to fine powr, which keep in a glass stopp'd: take half a am, or one dram, or four scruples of it in a ttle white wine and fugar, and by this you fill increase or diminish the Dose to the need. ontinue this for a month continually. And al-

waies keep over the breafts a linnen cloath that hath loofe flox of flax stitch'd upon it, in successfort that there may be no hardness felt am where; let it be very thick and warm.

A most excellent Cataplasme for cancered breast! to take away and cool and dissolve the swelling an hardness, if it be dissolvable; and if not to make break and separate with ease and without shariness.

Take an old mellow Pippin, cut off a cap at the top of it, and take out the Coar leaving the fide of the Apple whole; then fill it with Hogg greafe, and cover it again with the cap, am roaft the apple to pap, then take off the skim and mingle the pap and the greafe perfectly we together, and spread it thick upon linnen am apply it warm to the breast covering it with bladder. Sr. Kenelm Digby relates that a Chururgeon cured a Lady of great quality with the of a cancered breast.

For aches, and soreness in womens breasts, or in an part of the body an approved Remedy.

Cause a Dyer to dye you some thick spong flannel, of the blew colour called Coventry-blem when it is dry dye it again, dye it thus five times at last the dye will be so deep that it will look almost black; lay of it on a good deal beyon the pained part on all sides; keep it thus continually covered and warm with it.

CHAP. XXXVIII.

Select Remedies for the Back.

For weakness in the Back.

"Ake Dates stone them and take out the inner hard white skin, then stamp them, and mix em with the pith of an Oxe, beat and work em well together; then add to it eggs, and ated bread, mix them all well together with inscient quantity of cream, fry them and eat ereof in the morning fasting strowing sugar on it.

Another.

Take the pith of an Oxone pound Ale and Mufdine or Alegant, or old Malaga, of each one nte, Rasins of the Sun stoned half a handfull,

Currans four ounces, ten or twelve dates sliced a stick of Liquorice bruised, Anniseeds half au ounce; boyl all these to the consumption of halfs then strain it, and drink thereof warm in the morning fasting, grating nutmeg into it.

Another for weakness in the Back.

Take the Kidneys of an Oxe or Steer, flicathem verythin; then stew them easily in a quart of water close covered, to the consumption on half, then add half a pynte of Red Rose water and as much Alegant or Muscadine, add Sugar and grated nutmeg; take thereof four or five spoonfuls in the morning and at four in the assistance, and then take it again another week it you think it need.

Another to strengthen the Back, and to restore marrow in it.

Take the pith of an Oxe, half a handfull blew Currans washed and bruised two ounces boyl them together in Allegant or Muscadine then mix it with the yolks of two new layd eggs and grated nutmeg, and take a spoonfull or two warm in the morning fasting.

Another

Another often approved Remedy for a sprain in the Back, and to strengthenit.

Take the yolk of a new layd egg, beat it with glass-ful of Muscadine, Alegant, or old Maga, then warm it well and grate nutmeg in it, iddrink it twice a day.

For a Crick in the Back an outward Remedy.

Take the marrow of the bone of a Horse, arm it and anount the Back with it, it will we speedy ease, and in four or five times and ynting perfectly cure it.

For heat in the Back and Reins.

Take Rose water, and infuse therein red and low saunders, and red rose leaves, let it insection for twelve hours, then batheyour Back vewell therewith, it will asswage the heat, and reatly comfort the Reins.

For pain in the Back.

Take Comfry roots and stamp them and boyl em in posset; drink thereof four or sive days gether, Also take Knot grass, shred it and x it with butter, and make Tansie thereof, deat it; it much availeth to the said Cure.

Sr. Kenelm Digby's Excellent astringent.

Plaister for the Back.

Take Comfry Roots, Knot grass, Cinquesto roots, Budweed or Bawdweed of each two goo handfulls, stamp all these and put to them quart of the best sallet oyl; let it boyl softly the oyl hath extracted the vertues of the Root then strain it; then put to it four ounces of Wnice Turpentine, and as much of Virgin was and two ounces of Pitch.

For an Ach in the Back.

Take Lilly roots, Camomile, Annifeeds, each a good handfull, stamp them together and fry them in Hogs grease with a little Clarmwine, make a plaister thereof and apply it the Reins.

An Approved Remedy for a Sprain in the Back.

Take good Muscadine, or in want there good old Malaga, and a spoonfull of Madde incorporate them well together; give it the Propertient to drink for three mornings together; an output if need requires he may take it three times together.

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CHAP. XXXIX.

Select Remedies Relating to CHILDREN.

Of Choice and Approved Remedies for such Diseases as are incident to Children.

A Rare Balsom for Children breeding teeth, to make them come without pain.

Ake two or three River Crabs, and beat them in a stone Mortar, then moisten them with a little water of blew bottles, and press out two ounces of the juice: take also two ounces of muscilage of Marshmallow roots, put them together with May butter, or other fresh unsalted butter three ounces, Hens fat and Ducks fat of each two drams, put them into a pipkin, and

and boyl them over a gentle fire, to the comfumption of half the moisture, then strain them and add Sugar candy finely powdered four ounces, the yolk of one egg, Musk and Amber

greafe of each fix grains.

This Balsom hath been much experimented by many not persons of Quality in France for its Excellency of to Soften the gums of Infants, whose teeth are readled to cut, their Nurses must be carefull to anoint their numbers of ten with it: The use of it is no way inconverted to nient; and being pleasing to taste and wholsome, is can do no harm though it should be swallowed. It was Dr. Charras's Royal Dispensatory.

Another Balsom for the same.

Take the brains of a Hare either roasted on boyl'd, mix it with honey and unsalted butten and a little distill'd water of Cullendine; anoynt the Childs gums frequently therewith.

An approved Remedy for the Rickets.

Take roots of Smallage, Parsly, Fennel, and Angelica of each a handfull, slice them and boill them in distilled waters of Angelica, unset Hyfop and Colts foot, of each one part till they are tender, then strain it and boyl it up to an syrrup with white honey, Then take a stick off Liquorice and scrape and bruise one end of it, and give the Child with it one spoonfull of the syrrup in the morning, at four in the afternoon, and at night.

A Bath for the Rickets, Liver grown or opilation of the Liver in a Child.

Take a Sheeps head with the wool on it, leave it in the middle, and boyl it til it be tender, and that the bones slip clean out of the esh, boyling with it, Smallage, Camomile, rimrose leaves, and Hysop of each four handuls, then bathe the Child all over with this roath as hot as it can endure twice a day; then hash the herbs with the sless and bind it warm to the joynts that are weak.

It is a certain and much approved Remedy.

Another Approved Remedy for the Rickets.

Take a quart of new milk, boyl it with a handall of Sanicle shred small, til a pynte be boyl'd
way, let the Child drink of it warm in the moring fasting; and let it neither eat nor drink
ithin an hour after it. And at night boyl a
andfull of Red mint in a quart of milk, and
t the Child eat it last at night. Continue this
and or a month.

An Oyntment for the Rickets.

Take Sanicle, and red mints of each two handills, fhred them small and stamp them, then by them in a pound of fresh butter, then strain and press it out, and anount the Childs breast,

arms,

Arms and Gullet-Bones with it warm before the Fire.

Another for the Same.

Take a peck of Garden Snails, stamp the with their shells, and put them in a Canvas Ban which hang up, and put fomthing under it the receive the Liquor that drops from it; where with anoint the Childs Limbs, and every Join that is weak, before the Fire every Morning am Evening.

It is credibly affirmed that it hath cured Children that have been extreamly weak, and could not go lone in a Weeks time.

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An Excellent Remedy for Convulsion-Fits and Fai Time ling-Sickness. 献出

Take Piony Roots fresh digged, scrape them with a Knife, and apply it to the Soles of the Feet.

Another often approved Remedy for the same

Take of the Skull of a mans Head, and the Stone which is found in some Ox-galls, book in fine Powder, of each ten grains; give it im spoonful of a Cordial made with black Cherry water, and Piony water, fweetned with Syrun of Piony Flowers; give one Dose at the bo ginning of the Fit, and another after the F

It is an experimented Remedy, and hath cured many.

For the Small Pox and Measles.

Take two or three grains of Saffron, and dry it well by the Fire, then put it in a little Rag, and tie it up, and infuse it in Postet-Ale, and press it, or in Mace-Ale, or white Wine, till all the Virtue is drawn out, give that to the Patient to drink, and keep him warm. If he have Soreness in the Throat, do thus: Take a quarter of a spoonful of dried Saffron, tie it in a linnen Rag, and boil it in half a pint of Milk till it be very yellow; then boil in it a Stay of Linnen, and put it warm and moist under the Throat; when it is cold and dry, put on another in the same manner, and therefore you must have at least two of them, that one may heat in the Milk whilft the other is about the Ms d Throat.

This will certainly take away all Pains of the Throat in six or eight hours. Sir K. Digby.

To drive the Venomous Vapors from the Heart and Head in the small Pox and Measles, Malignane Feavers, and Epidemical Distempers, with great success.

Take Seeds of Citron an ounce, Seeds of Carduus Benedictus an ounce and a half, beat them well, and draw out all their Pulp with a quarr

of Scabious water, or Carduus, or Marigoldwater, and sweeten it with two or three ouncess of Sugar. Drink of this as often as you have a mind to drink, a little warmed.

To prevent the Marks of the Small Pox.

When the Pustules begin to dry, anoint them with ordinary Unguentum album. This Sir Ke-mitted nelm Digby says did preserve all his Children from any Marks.

Dr. Charras his Oyntment which he highly recommends to prevent the Scars and Marks of thee Table Small Pox.

Take Litharge of Gold in fine Powder, and white Lead or Ceruse washed in Rosewater, off each an ounce; Oyl of the greater cold Seed, and of bitter Almonds, and Oyl of Eggs, off each half an ounce, Nightshade and Plantane-waters as much as suffices; make it into an Oyntment by grinding it in a Stone-Mortar, powring to it sometimes of the Oyls, and sometimes of the Waters.

A Remedy for a Child that cannot hold its Water, whether Male or Female.

Take the Navil-string of the Child when its is ready to fall from him, dry it and powder it, and give it the Child in two spoonfuls of small Beer in the Morning fasting.

Al

A Remedy for breaking out of young Childrens
Heads.

Take fresh Butter and Ale, and boil it togeher till it be like an Oyntment; anoint the Childs Head and Face therewith.

Or take pure Sallet Oyl and Vinegar, and eat them together, and anoint the Head there-

Or take Butter and Salt, and fry them togeher till it be black, and anoint the Childs Head

'Tis faid, the Urine of the Father and Moher being mixt together, will cure Childrens reaking out.

Children. Riverius his infallible Remedy for Worms in

There is nothing more effectual than the following Remedy, which hath been so often experienced by that Famous and Learned Dr. Riverius; which is thus:

Take Calomelanos eight grains, Scammony grains; grind them to a subtil Powder, and ive it in the Morning in a spoonful of any Liuor. This I have often experienced with good by ccess. The Calomelanos you may buy of the bymiss.

CHAP.

CHAP. XL.

The Cure of Wounds by the Powder of Sympathy.

The true Preparation of the Powder of Sympathy, as it was prepared every year in Sir Kenelmi Digby's Elaboratory, and as I prepare it now.

Ake good English Vitriol, which you may buy for two pence a pound, dissolve it im warm water, using no more water than will diffolve it, leaving some of the Impurest part att the bottom undissolved; then powr it off and filtre it, which you may do by a Coffin of fine gray, Paper put into a Funnel, or by laying a Sheet off gray Paper in a Sieve, and powring your water or Dissolution of Vitriol into it by degrees, setting the Sieve upon a large Pan to receive the filtred Liquor; when all your Liquor is filtred, boil itt in an earthen Veffel glazed, till you fee a thim Scum upon it; then fet it in a Cellar to cool, covering it loofly, fo that nothing may fall in: after two or three days standing, powr off the Liquor:

iquor, and you will find at the bottom and on he sides large and fair green Christals like Eherauds; drain off all the Water clean from nem, and dry them; then spread them abroad. a large flat earthen Dish, and expose them b the hot Sun in the Dog-days, taking them in Night, and fetting them out in the Morning, curing them from the Rain; and when the Sun ath calcin'd them to whiteness, beat them to lowder, and fet this Powder again in the Sun, irring it sometimes, and when you see it perctly white, powder it, and fift it finely, and t it again in the Sun for a day, and you will avea pure white Powder, which is the Powder f Sympathy; which put up in a Glass, and stop close. The next year when the Dog-days ome, if you have any of this Powder left, ou may expose it again in the Sun, spreading it proad to renew its Vertue by the influence of ne Sun-beams.

The way of Curing Wounds, with it, is, to tke some of the Blood upon a Rag, and put ome of the Powder upon the Blood, then keep all the Wound clean, with a clean Linnen about it, and in a moderate Temper betwixt hot and cold, and wrap up the Rag with the Blood, and keep it either in your Pocket, or in a Box, and the Wound will be healed without any pain ut if the wound be somewhat old, and hot, and inflamed, you must put some of this Powder into a Porringer or Bason sull of cold Wa-

Bleeding at the Nose, take only some of the Blood upon a Rag, and put some Powder upcomit, or take a Bason with fresh water, and put some of the Powder into it, and bath the Nostrils with it.

to renew its Vertue by the Miluence of

of Carity Wounds, with it. is

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CHAP. XLI.

Tontaining the choicest and rarest Cosmeticks to beautistic smoothen, soften, and whiten the Face and Skin, and to preserve the Beauty and Complexion of Ladies; devised by several Learned Physicians, and used by Queens, Princesses, and other great Ladies in France, Italy, Germany and England.

The Word Cosmetick signifies Adorning or Beautifying.

Arare Cosmetick Water of Dr. Scroderus,

Ake the Whites of fifteen Eggs, the Juice of one Limon three ounces, of Snails, white ad a pound, Camphir and Borax, of each a am and a half, Myrrhe two drams, Frankinnfe and Mastick of each half an ounce; bruise em all, and insuse them twenty four hours water of Bean-Flowers, and water of Elderwers, of each a pint and half; then distil it

III

in a Cucurbite in Balneo Maria, and keep the Water for Use. It softneth, whiteneth, and the different the Skin.

Another more precious Cosmetick, or beautifyin the Water; by Sir Kenelm Digby.

rice Roots, Beans, Cicers, Lupins, of each half an ounce, fresh Bean-slowers a handfull half an ounce, fresh Bean-slowers a handfull half an ounce, Crums of white Bread, (steeped in Milk) an ounce, Frankincense, and Gum Half and Gum Half and Gum and the seach two drams, the White of an Egyptimum Camphire a dram and a half; insuse them for and twenty hours in a sufficient quantity of Roots and Bean-slower water, equal parts; then control still it in B. M.

This Water smoots, whitens, beautifies and problem of ferves the Complexion of Ladies. They may would be their Faces with it at any time, but of pecially Mooney

ning and Evening.

Another Cosmetick water

ACU to

Take two young Pigeons, gut them and co them into pieces, Crums of white Bread halff pound, peach-kernels, and the four greater con Seeds cleanfed and bruised, of each four ouncou the whites of twelve Eggs, and the Juice of for Limons; infuse them twelve hours in two quarts of Milk, then distil them in B. M. To the distilled water add Borax, Camphire, Sugarcandy, and burnt Allom, of each three drams; fet them three days in the Sun, then let them stand fifteen days in a Wine-Cellar; then filtre it through gray Paper, and keep it for Use,

This is an Excellent Cosmetick-water, and hath of all the Vertues of the former, and is to be used in

the same manner.

Another Cosmetick-Water.

Take fine Sugar one pound, Roch-Allom three ounces, white Poppy-feeds bruifed, Flower of Beans, of Water-Lillies, and of the greatof each a handful; the Juice of four Limons, the Crum of two white penny-Loaves; bruise what is to be bruised, and put them all into a Glass Alembick, and powr upnon it Goats Milk, or Black Cows Milk, and white Wine, of each a quart; distil it in Balneo Maria, and keep the Water for Use.

This Water is good to Smooth, whiten, and pre-Terve the Complexion of Ladies, washing their

Faces therewith.

Some Receipts of Cosmeticks which I took out of the Counters of D' Hospital, her Book which she lent me at Paris.

A Cosmetick water used by the Queen.

Take the whites of two new layd eggs, beaut the strels of them to powder, and put them in a quart bottle, with the whites, and let them bee beaten together, for three hours; then put into it four ounces of burnt Allum in fine powder, beatt it two hours longer; then put into it three ounces of white Sugar candy in powder, and beat it also for two hours, then put in it four ouns ces of Borax also in powder, and beat it also then take a pynte of water that runs from unden the wheel of a mill, and put into it four ouncess of white Poppy feeds well beaten mix them well! together, fo that it be like milk, then pour than into the quart bottle with the other things: all form four several times, beating it every time that space of two hours; then strain it through a fine white linnen cloath; and having put it into the bottle again let it be beaten for two or threed ten And to know when it is well hours longer. made and well beaten is, when it froths the breadth of three fingers above it. It will keep : twelve month.

It is a very good Cosmetick, it whitens smooth and softens the skin, use it only three times a week.

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To wash and prepare night gloves to keep the hands white, smooth and soft.

Take pure white wax four pound, Spermacetis two ounces, oyl of the greater cold feeds cleanfed and drawn without fire, and Magistery of Bismuth or Tinglass (prepared as shall be set down afterwards) of each three drams, Borax and burnt Allum finely powdered of each half a dram, put them all into a Pipkin which set in a Kettle of hot boyling water, and when they are melted, stir them well together, to incorporate them. Then having washt first your gloves in several waters and steept them twelve hours in cream dip them in this composition whill it is hot.

The said Composition is good also to dip cloaths in and spread them for to line womens masks, it preferves the Complection of Ladies. The Ladies in France use it for both. It is also a good Cosmetick, anointing the face with it at night going to bed, washing it oft in the morning with some Cosmetick, water.

I have two choice Receipts more for the face (which I Coppied out of the said Countess's Book) which Maria de medicis the Queen of France used her self. The said Countess's mother gave sifty pistols in gold for them to him; who always prepar'd them for the Queen, as was subscrib'd at the bottom of the Receipts. forbear to publish them her; but I shall be ve-

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ry willing (without any Interest) to communicate them to any Lady that shall desire them of me.

The Preparation or Magistery of Bistmuth or Tinglass.

Though this be a Chymical preparation, yet that Ladies may be fure to have it true and well prepar'd, I will fet down here directions how any Lady may prepare it with ease and pleasure.

Let a Chymist prepare you an Aqua fortis with equal parts of Niter and Allum, but be fure he do not fell you a common one made with Niter and Vitriol. Then take four ounces of Bistmuth, let it be beaten to a fine powder, then wash it so often till the water come from it very clear; then dry it and put it into a small glass cucurbit, set it upon a round, under a chimney, and pour upon it by little and little twelve ounces of your Aqua fortis, pour in but about the quantity of a spoonfull the first time, it will prefently begin to work upon the Bistmuth, and a thick black smoak will ascend, which being almost past, pour in a little more of your Aqua fortis; and the ebulation and fumes being over, pour in more, and fo continue til you have pour'd in the twelve ounces of Aqua fortis. And if you fee that it is not all dissolv'd after having stood some time; fet the Oucurbite upon a little fand in an earthen pan, and fet the pan upon a Chafing dish of coals, and the

the Aquafortis being warm will foon dissolve all the Bistmuth; when all is well dissolv'd let it cool, there will remain a few black feces in the bottom which cannot be dissolv'd, pour it into a white bason full of fair water leaving the said black dreggs behind, and it will immediately turn it as white as milk, let it stand five or fix hours until the water be very clear, and the white powder be fetled to the bottom, pour fresh water upon it and let it settle as before, then pour it off gently without stirring the powder, and put on fresh fair water; do thus ten or twelve times that the powder may be well dulcified, and freed from all the acrimony of the Aqua-forcis; then dry it in the shadow between two papers spreading it abroad upon the paper.

Tou shall have a pure white Magister, which Tome have call'd the white of Pearls; which is a most excellent Cosmetick sit for all Deformities of be skin, and to preserve and beautifie the Complection of Ladies and Smooth the skin; for which it s recommended by all Authors, and is much in use smong the Ladies in France; I have many times pre-"ar'd it for Ladies of great quality at Paris, you nay make a Pomatum with it thus: Take one ounce of white Virgins wax, and four ounces of Oyl of weet Almonds, drawn without fire, or four ounces foyl of the great Coldseeds, and one dram of the aid Magistery, and so use it either at night or in

the morning.

A rare Cosmetick of Ox-gall.

Take two pintes of Ox-galls, digeft it twenty four hours in a bottle fet in warm water, them take Roch-allum and Salt of Glass or Sandi powder'd, of each half an ounce, mix them Int with the Oxgalls, and put them together into min a Matrass or in the same bottle, stop it carefully, and fet it in the Sun shaking the bottlee thepi three or four times a day, then filtre it through gray paper, then take one ounce of Porcellane finely powder'd, dissolve it in Spirit of Vinegar, then take Borax and Spermacety of each war half an ounce, Sugar candy an ounce and half mulin Camphir and fweet Sublimate of each one dram and a half; mix them all well together and putt world them into the bottle, stop it close and set it in the Sun again for ten days, and shake it often ; then filtre it again, and keep the Liquor fort

This preparation is highly esteem'd by all the Noble Ladies in France, for clearing the Face from Morphew, Freckles, and Sun-burning; and to defend it from Sun-burning. The face must be wash'd with it Evening and morning; and in the morning you may wash afterwards with water of Lillies or Water-lillies. You may travel in the Sun all day long with the face anointed with it, and wash at night to prevent Sun-burning. Monsieur Charras hath it in his Royal Dispensatory.

Dr.

Dr. Scroderus's Cosmetick of Oxgalls which he highly commends in his Chymical Dispensatory is thus.

Take of Oxgalls what quantity you please, y it by degrees in the Sun, then extract a tinure of it with Spirit of Wine, which filtre

d keep it for use.

It is a most excellent Cosmetick, procuring a most autiful white Skin even to admiration; the face of the left be anointed with it two or three times over at the left, washing it the next morning when you make the left ready with Bean-flower water, or water of ater-lillies, or with one of the Cosmetick waters at are set down before.

rare Cosmetick, taking away Freckles and Morphew in the Face.

Take waters of Night-shade, Lettice, Lils and Sorrel, of each two ounces, mix them gether, and dissolve therein one ounce of tharge of Silver, white Cerus three drams, imphir one scruple, set it in the Sun for some ys shaking it often, then let it settle and fil-

The Author recommends this highly, not only to autifie and whiten the face, but that it is of so nothing a nature, that it will make a wrinkled

Brow

Brow smooth; it stops bleeding and takes off Frecke Little

Morphew and Scabs.

Oyls of Sale, which are said to whiten and bear would tifie the Face and Skin in other places, and to blance Pearls and Scarlet being dipp'd therein. You must like See them in my Book of Sr. Keneln Digby's Champair mical Secrets Printed for me in the Year 1682.

A Paste for the hands.

flamp them in a Stone Mortar, sprinkling them with never so little Aqua vite, then add the younger of two Eggs, white Honey and Orrice-room finely powder'd, one ounce, mix and reduced them to a Paste.

It is Excellent to cleanse the hands, and easil prepar'd. There is no need of wetting it, for it may

be used as it is.

An Incomparable Balsom for the Hands.

Take Venice Soape dissolv'd in juice of Lemmons, half a pound; white Virgin Honey two ounces, Venecian Talk, Sugarcandy and Orrico roots all reduced to a fine powder of each half an ounce, Salt of Tartar, Borax and Sperma ceti of each two drams, Peruvian Balsom on dram, Oyl of Lignum Rhodium Oyl of Cinamo and Cloves of each one scruple and a half, and if Ladies like the smell of Musk and Amberthey may add ten grains of each.

Cut the Sap small, and put it into an earthen z'd pot, and dissolve it over a gentle fire, wo ounces of juice of Limons; then add the ney, the Spermacetinext, with the Balsom: nen take the pot from the fire, and by degrees proporate the powders, and lastly the distill'd ls, and Amber and Musk. The Talk must ayd before a quick fire, for a quarter of an ir, then pulverized in a Mortar heated, ting also the end of the Pestle.

Odor. It whitens cleanses and smooths the skin mount any Paste or Pomatum that can be prepard.

The mount enough to rub the hands with it; nor is there any

mind of washing afterwards.

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CHAP.

Another Perfume.

Take Coals of Rosemary-wood pulverize Labdanum two ounces, Storax and Benjam of each an ounce; Roots of Cyprus, Aron tick Reed, Mastick, and yellow Amber, of ee two drams, Cloves a dram, Musk, Amth greafe, and Civet, of each ten grains; red all to a fine Powder, and make it up into lii fhort Candles or Sticks with the Mucilage Gum Tragant steep'd in Orange-Flower-watt dry them, and use them as the former.

Another richer Perfume ; being pleasant and wo som, to perfume Tobacco taken in a Pipe.

France

Take Balm of Peru half an ounce, sevening eight Drops of Oyl of Cinamon, Oyl of Cladatana five drops, Oyl of Nutmegs, of Thyme, Lavender, of Fennel, of Anifeeds (all drauther by distillation) of each a like quantity, or min or less as you like the Odour, and would have ftrongest: incorporate with these half a dimen of Ambergrease; make all these into a Parini which keep in a Box; when you have flame your Pipe of Tobacco, put upon it about the bigness of a Pins Head of this Composition It will make the Smoak most pleasantly odon

rows, both to the Takers, and to them that comes to the Room; and ones Breath will be sweet day after. It also conforts the Head and Bran

Approved by Sir Kenelm Digby.

CHAP. XLII.

Select PERFUMES.

and Rooms of Entertainment, much used in France.

Labdanum two ounces, Storax and Benjastin, of each half an ounce, Mastick, sweet accamahacca, and yellow Amber, of each two accamahacca, and yellow Amber, of each two rams; Lignum Rhodium a dram and half; remuce them all into a subtil Powder, and make mem up into small Candles with Gum Tragant eep'd in Rosewater, then dry them in the shamow; kindle the narrow end of them, and set we all, and then thrust it into the bigger end and so set it upon a Candle stick.

A Famous Odoriferous sweet Water call'd the Angel's Water.

of each an ounce and half, select Storax each drams, Lignum Rhodium half an ounce, Arom each tick Reed, and Labdanum, of each two scribble, ples, Flowers of Benjamin a scruple; pulvering them all, and put them into a Mattress, or interest strong Bottle, and pour upon it a pint of Rodens water, and half a pint of Orange-slower-water Stop the Bottle or Mattress very close, and it in lukewarm water for twenty four hours; the distil in a Cucurbite in Balneo Maria, and keep the water for Use: If you please you may make it with Musk and Ambergrease; or you make a put in it a few drops of the Essence of Ambergreases afterwards set down.

This Water is call'd The Angels-Water, be cause of its sweet and pleasing Odour; you make after you have insused the Ingredients in the Waters, strain the Insusion, and having dissolving in it the Musk and Ambergrease, keep the Laure quor for Use, without distilling it. Of the Society diments you may make sweet Bags to put a mong Cloaths and Linnen.

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The Countess of Dorset her sweet Water.

Take Rose-Leaves, Bay-Leaves, Lavender, sweet Marjoram, Eglantine, and Pinks, of weet Marjoram, Eglantine, and Pinks, of each two handful; Cloves and Cinamon, of each an ounce; bruise all these, and pour upon them two quarts of strong Ale (that is near the Grounds) let them insuse twenty four hours, then distil it, and draw it till the Ingrediction dients remain almost dry.

The Essence of Musk and Ambergrease drawns with Spirit of Wine.

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Take a dram of Ambergrease, and half a madram of Musk, powder them, and put them in hat a small Mattress with a long Neck, and powr upon them four ounces of Spirit of Wine; then Itop it very close, and cut the Cork even with the Neck of the Mattress after you have thrust sumit in as far as you can, then close it all over with Spanish Wax; then put the Mattress in a little earthen pan with Sand at the bottom, and fet it in the Sun in the hottest time of the year, putting behind the Glassa Tin Leaf to receive the Sun-beams, and reverberate them upon the Glass, shake it sometimes, and the Amber and Musk will dissolve in the Spirit of Wine, and will tinge it of a red colour like a Ruby; which powr out into a Glass Vial, which stop well, and tie a Bladder about it.

Select Perfumes.

In all things where the Ambergrease is used, to or three Drops of this Essence will go further the Aromatizing of it, than a whole dram of All bergrease in substance: One Drop of it Perfum for ever what soever it touches that cap it bibe it.

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m of Musks powder them, and put them in

The End of the Medicinal Part.

tie carthen pan with Sand at the bottem, and

afs, finale it fometimes, and the Amber an

ill tinge it of a red colour like a Ruby

which power out juto a Calais viet, worth 100

DIRECTIONS

FOR

COOKERY;

TOGETHER WITH

The Description of an Useful ENGIN serving for the same; and likewise for Distilling the Choicest and Best Cordial Waters.

SELECT RECEIPTS

FOR

RESERVING, CONSERVING, and CANDYING, &c.

WITHA

COLLECTION

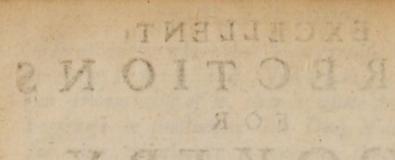
Of the Choicest Receipts for making of

CHERRY-WINE, &c.

The SECOND PART.

LONDON,

inted by T. B. for G. Hartman Chymist. 1682.



OOKERY;

TOGETHER WITH

he Defeription of an Uleful ENGIN ferving for the fame; and likewife for Duftilling the Choicest and Best Cordial Waters.

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CHERRYWINE, 810 EE.

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THE

ESCRIPTION

OF A VERYUSEFUL

ENGIN

SERVING

Cordial Waters, and to extract Tinctures, &c. without Coals, Oyl, or Candle, and with great Ease and Pleasure.

Merchants, and other Persons ashoar have d to have this ENGIN, having seen it by and admired for its Usefulness and Converncy, both at Sea and ashoar, hath given me casion to publish it; the like having never been vented nor seen before.

A Worthy Captain had lately one of these IGINES of me, who used it much ashoar, daltogether in his Cabbin a shipboard, and ing seen by a Merchant beyond Sea, he was much taken with the Usefulness and Ingenuity

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of the thing, that the Captain could not forb to bestow it upon him; who when he had pas ed with it, missed it so much, that assoon ass came to England, gave directions to a Tin-m to make another; who mistaking the Direct ons, made one quite contrary to what it show This has occasion'd me to giw have been. full Description and Dimension of all the pas of it, and the ENGIN being represented his engraven, will prevent the Mistake of the that are to make it.

An Explanation of the Figure of the ENGINE.

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In the

A. The Furnace or Stove, made either of T Copper, or Brass, it is without a bottom and must be about ten Inches high. have a strong cross at the bottom, with a C cle to fet the Lamp in with the Spirit Wine.

B. The Door about five inches high. c. The Wyre or Handle to carry it by.

D. The Stew-pan, made of Tin, Copper Brass well tinn'd; you may have two of them win the one will serve you for distilling either Balneo Maria, or in Sand, and the other for Cookery.

E. The Cover of the Stew-pan, with a Rim enter into it about half an Inch, and thut very

clofe.

The Handle of it.

being four inches and a quarter wide, and

an inch and a half deep.

Triangle, about the bigness of an ordinary Quill, and one in the middle, which must be a little bigger than the rest, they must stand out on the top of the Cover about an Inch, and must be so long, that when the Cover is on, they may almost touch the bottom of the Lamp. In the lower part of them there must be a few holes in them; there must be Wicks of Cotton-Yarn put into them.

A Cucurbite to distil in, made of Tin about fix or seven Inches wide at the bottom, and narrow at the top; it must have three Buttons or Knobs under the Bottom, that it may stand

hollow.

· A Glass Head with a Beak to set upon the

Cucurbite when you distil.

Another Lamp to be used when you would distil all night, or put any thing in digestion for some days and nights without looking to it; this Lamp then stands without the Furnace, lest by the continual heat of the Furnace the Spirit of Wine should grow hot.

1. The Cover of the other Lamp with its

Pipe.

A Cover for the Balneum Maria, with a hole in the middle for the Cucurbite to come Aa 3 through

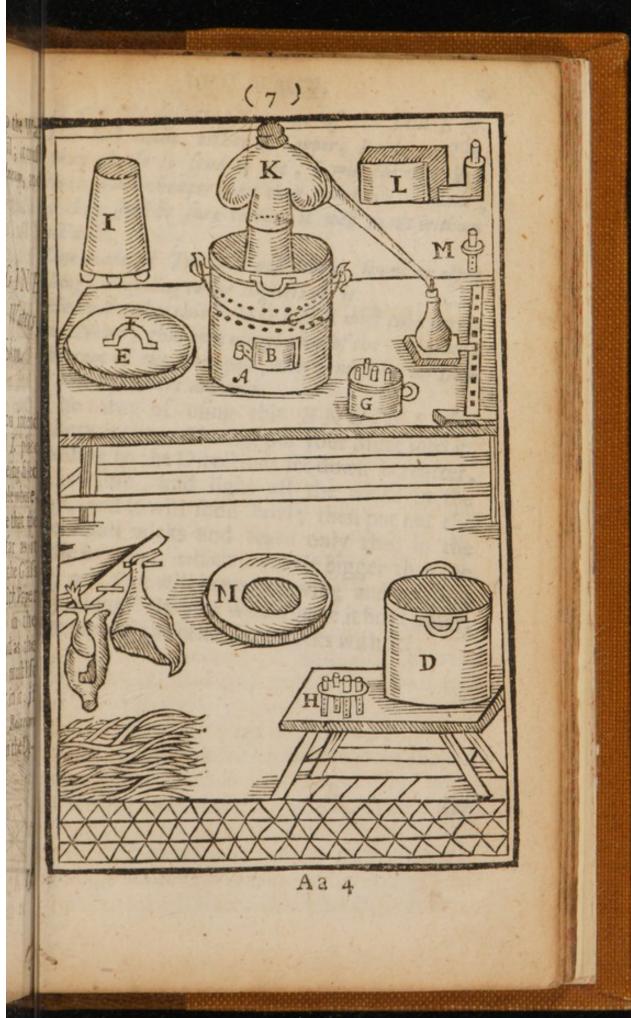
through; this Cover serves to keep the Water from evaporating when you distil; it muss that close within the Vessel or Balneum, arm must have two Handles.

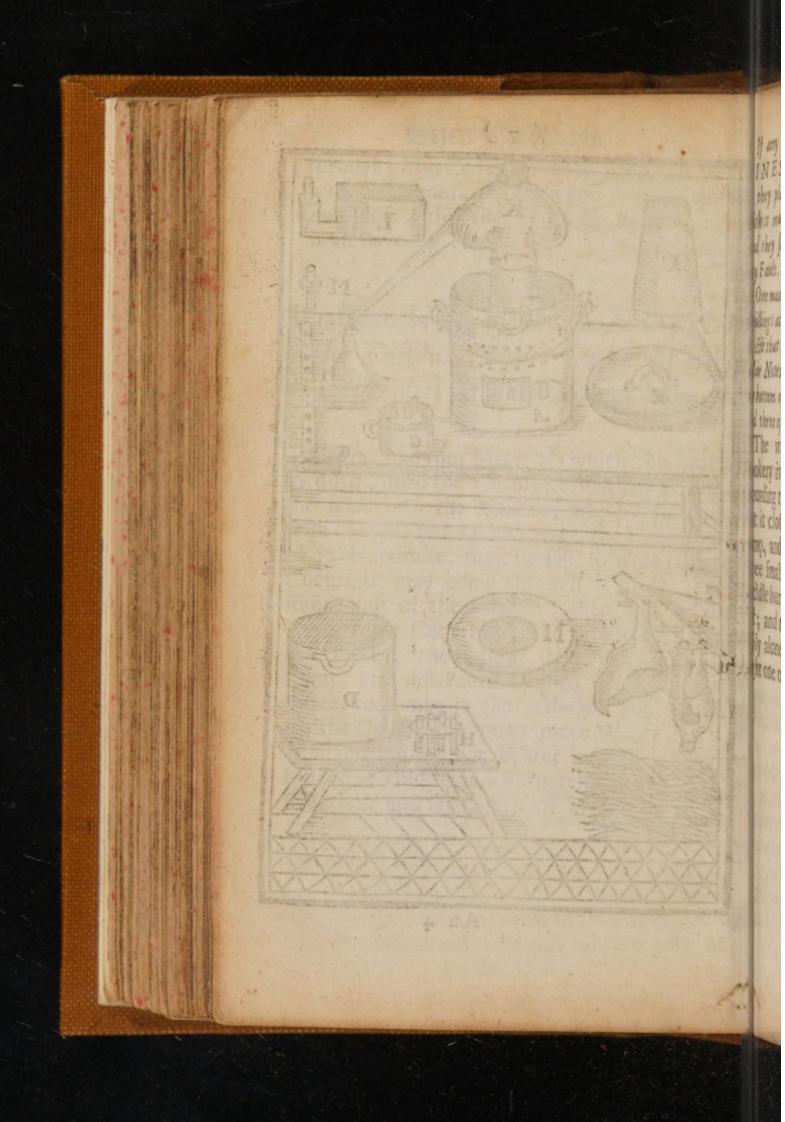
Directions bow to use this ENGIN I for Distilling Choice Cordial Waters and Waters for the Face and Skin.

Having put your Materials which you intem to distil, into the Cucurbite marked I. place the same into the Balneum, which being siller with Water, put on its Cover, the Hole where of in the middle, must be just so wide that the Cucurbite may come through it as far as stands out of the Balneum; then sit the Glan Head to the Cucurbite, and lute it with Paper and Paste; then light the Wicks in the Lamp, and distil according to Art, and as the Water consumes in the Balneum. you must list up the Cover, and powr more Water in it; you put boiling hot Water into the Balneum instead of cold, you will thereby hasten the Distillation, and save Spirit of Wine.

over of the other Lamp

A Cover for the Balmenn Maria, with the middle for the Cucurbies





If any one desires to have one of the said E N-INES made, either of Copper, Brass or Tin, they please to send to me, I will furnish them thit much cheaper than they can have it made, d they shall be sure to have it well made without y Fault.

One made of Tin will cost about seven or eight

illings according to the Bigness of it.

He that makes this ENGINE must take partifar Notes, that between the top of the Lamp and bottom of the Stew-pan, there must be an Inch

d three quarters distance.

The way of using this ENGINE for okery is thus : Having put your Meat into it, ording to the Directions set down hereafter, t it close, and light all the wicks in the mp, and it will foon boyl; then put out the ee small wicks and leave only that in the Idle burning, which is a little bigger than the t; and that will keep it stewing and boyling lly alone. If you would have it boyl faster, ht one of the other four wicks with it.

Of the Usefulness and Conveniency of this ENGINE in Dressing of Meat.

1. The Meat which is Dressed in this E Manne GINE, eats more Savoury, tenderers and shorter, than that which is dressed any on the dinary way, and is done in much less time.

fet upon a Table, Stool, or in the window who And a Captain in his Cabbin may hang it on nail, to keep it from tumbling down, in call he the Ship should roul, and sway from the order side to the other, by reason of the weather.

3. The fire which is used with this E NG I N II (both for dressing of Meat and Distilling)

Spirit of Wine which the Distillers sell for eight teen pence a quart, and it will not consume to bove the worth of a penny or three halfpened at a time, in Making any Fricasse, or stewer and Meat.

4. The burning of this Spirit, causeth necessary ther smook nor blackness, and the wicks in the Lamp will never burn nor consume, neither need they snuffing or trimming as a Lamp will approximately of the Color of

the Countrey, to make use of it when the

come to their Inns or Station.

5.

6. It is very convenient for a finall Family, r For Lodgers, especially in the Summer time or dressing their meat in it, without making a re which would heat the Room.

7. The Door of the ENGINE being thut he Lamp where the Spirit burns, is not feen; fo hat if any body comes into the Room he will not know what it is, unless you shew it him.

great conveniency be dressed in this ENGINE, both the English and the French way, with Excellent Direction how to do them.

- 1. An Excellent and Savoury Fricasse after the French way, either of Pigeons; Chickens, we real Lamb, Mutton, Rabbits, Lamb-stones or weet-breads.
- 2. A Leg of Lamb boiled.
- 33. Stewed Veal the French Way.
- 34. Stew'd Broth the English way.
- 5. Stew'd Rabbits the English way.
- 6. A Hare stewed after the French way, which hey call Lieure en Civette, which is exceeding avoury Meat.
- 7. A Hutch-pot the Dutch way, which is ex-
- 8. Pottage both English and French.
 - 9. Beans and green Peafe.
- nd Water-Gruel, &c.
 - 11. A Carp in short Broth the French way.

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12. Salmon in Short broth.

13. Stewed Eels and stewed Oysters.

14. Stewed Apples, Stewed Wardens, and Prunes &c,

An Excellent and Savoury Fricasie of young Pigeons.

Having cut off the Wings and Legs of them, Cut the Bodies in four quarters, and put them into your Stew-pan or a Pipkin (if you have none of our Engin) put into them some Bacom cut in square pieces, with a sufficient quantity of whole pepper and falt, and a few Cloves, and a bundle of Parsly and Thyme tyed up together. an Onion quartered. Then pour thereon fee much water as may scarce reach the top of the meat, let it flew eafily, shaking it about once on twice; when they are tender put in a piece of butter, taking out first the bundle of Thyme and Parfly; and putting into it some fresh parfly shred very small, then if you have half a douzen of Pigeons, you must take the yolks on three Eggs, and beat them well with a little on the Broth and a little White wine and Verjuice, then pour more of the broth to it, and il you see there is too much broth, and that the fauce would be too long, then pour out some of it before you put the Eggs in, for one pottini ger full of sawce will suffice for half a douzern of pigeons. Then pour it into the meat, and keep it in motion for a little white to thickern

and bind the fauce; or you may thicken it in a Sauce-pan over a gentle fire, and your meat being put into the dish upon sippets, pour your fauce over it, and squeeze Oranges over it.

To make an Excellent and Savoury Fricasse of Chickens.

Cut your Chickens in small pieces and fry them sirst in Butter, then pour thereon some hot broth, or boyling hot water, put therein an onion quartered if you like it, and a little Thyme and Parsly tyed up in a bundle, and some whole white pepper-corns with a sufficient quantity of Salt, and some lean Bacon to give it a savoury taste and a few Cloves; let it stew easily for a quarter of an hour, then take out the bundle of Thyme and Parsly and put into it some shred Parsly and some yolks of Eggs, beaten with a little of the broth, and some Verjuice, or White wine and Vinegar; keep it in motion if the sauce be thickned, then serve it up; you nust order your sauce so that it be but short and thick.

Note, that if you Stew your Chickens too long, hey will be tough; but if you observe the time, they will eat exceeding short and tender.

A Fricasse of Sucking or other young Rabbits made in the same manner, cutting the Rabits its in small pieces, smaller than for stewing the ordinary

ordinary way. You must order the quantity off Eggs according to the quantity of your meat either more or less.

To stew a Rump of Beef Mrs. Herbert's way.

Take a Rump of Beef, and Season it with pepper, Salt, and Nutmegs grated and ming-led together; Season and rub it on the bony-side, and lay it in your Engine or in a Pipkini with the sat side downward. Pour upon it three pintes of Vinegar, and as much water, and three great onions, and a bunch of Rosemary tied up, Stew them three or sour hours together with air soft sire, being close covered. Then dish it up upon Sippets with some of the Gravy blowing off the Fat from it. Elder Vinegar is better than ordinary Vinegar.

To make Red-Decr that will keep a quarter of as

Take a piece of the buttock of Bief, the leanest of it; and beat it with a Rowling-pin the space of an hour, till you think you have broken the grain of it, and have made it very open both to receive the faucing drink, and also to make it tender. Then let it lie two days and two nights in Vinegar and Clarret-wine, of each one pinte, with two Nutmegs beaten. Them take it out and Lard it with Lards as big ass your biggest singer, Rowl'd in pepper and salt.

nen take Pepper, Cloves, Mace, and Nutg or Jamaica Pepper; Beat and mix them all
tether, and feason it very well all over, and
Bake it in Pye-paste, and let it stand five or
hours in the Oven. Then when it is cold,
t it in the saucing-drink aforesaid, and if it be
pt close it will keep a quarter of a year.

most Excellent and Savoury Estuvee of Veal the French way.

If instead of a Fricasse of Veal, you would have Estuvee, take a Leg or a Fillet of Veal, and tit into thin slices, and beat them with the ck of a great knife, and stem them simpringin White-wine and water, of each equal parts the a good lump of butter or Bacon, or some them both; seasoning it with pepper and t, a little bundse of Thyme and Parsly, and Onion if you like it. When it is enough put it some yolks of Eggs, beaten with White-ne and Verjuice or Vinegar, and some Nuteg grated, and some shred Parsly, pour it into e meat and stir it all well together over the e, till the sauce be thickned. It is an Excelute Dish of Meat.

To make an Hotchpot.

Take a piece of Brisket-beef, a piece of Mutn, a Knuckle of Veal, a good Cullender of ot-herbs, Carrots, Onions, and Cabbage, a little

Select Directions

little broken. Boyl all these together un they be very thick.

Another Hotchpot.

Take a Brisket Rand of Beef, any piece: Mutton, and a piece of Veal, put this with ff ficient water into your pot, and after it has been skimmed, put in a Cullender full of Pherbs, a piece of Cabbage, all half cut; a goo quantity of onions whole, fix Carrots cut as fliced; let it all boyl till it be almost a Gelli and stir it often less it burn.

To Stew Beef the French way.

Take good fat Beef, flice it very thin im small pieces, and beat it well with the back on Chopping-knife, then put it into your Stew-par or Pipkin, and cover it with Wine and Water and Season it with Spice and salt, and put to a handfull of good herbs, and an Onion with Anchovies, let it boyl two hours: a little before you take it up, put in a few Marigold-flower and serve it up on Sippets.

The best way to make Beef alamode, which is ex-

Pork, shred them together and season it; the take Bacon and cut it into big Lardons, row them

hem in Pepper and Salt, and lay them between he meat in the Stew-pan, and let it stew easily i its own broth, and it will be exceeding short and tender; and will taste like Venison. You say also make an excellent Pye or Pasty of this; utting some Butter upon it.

Lievre en Civette, which is Excellent Savoury meat.

Cut your Hare in fix or seven pieces, then ard them with great Landon's rowled in Pepper and Salt, then put it into your Stew-pan, with epper and Salt, and a few Cloves and an Oon, with a bundle of Thyme and Parsly tylogether; then pour water upon it and half pinte of White wine; with half a glass full of inegar, with a few Lawrel Leaves and some range-peels.

Bake Pigeons, Teals, or Wild-Ducks, that will keep a quarter of a Year, and are Excellent Meat.

Season them duly with Pepper and Salt, then ke them in an Oven with store of Butter and me Clarret wine; let the Pot be covered, ten they are Baked, take out the pot and the tds out of it, and wipe them very dry; then t them into the pot again without any Liquor, d pour upon them the Butter that was upon Bb

Butter more, as needeth to cover them three fingers breadth. Being melted and clarified, they may put a few Bay-leaves between the meat and the Butter.

Excellent Pyes of Red-Deer, made by Sr. Kenelm Digby's French Cook at Franckfort.

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Lard the lean of the meat very well, with great Lardons rouled in Pepper and Salt; then laying under it a Cake of a fingers thick of Beef-Suet, first chopped small and seasoned with pepper and salt, then beaten into a Cake sit for the meat, and another such Cake upon the Deers slesh, then Bake it well in strong Crust, and soaked two or three hours in the Oven after it is Baked enough, which requireth six good hours. If you use no Suet, put in Butter enough.

A Savoury and nourishing boiled Capon from Count

Take a fat and fleshy Capon, or a like Hen; dress it in the ordinary manner, and cleanse it within from the Guts, &c. then put in the Fat again into the Belly, and split the Bones of the Legs and Wings (as far as you may, not to deface the Fowl, so as the Marrow may distill out of them; add a little fresh Butter and Marrow to it; season it with Salt, Pepper, and what other Spice you like, as also savoury Herbs.

at the the Capon with all these Condiments to a large, strong, sound Bladder of an Oxe, and Irst well washed and scowred with red Wine) dtie it very close and fast at the top, that noing may owfe out, nor any water get in (and ere must be void space in the Bladder, that e Flesh may have room to swell and ferment ; therefore it must be a large one') put this boil for a couple of hours in a Kettle of war, or till you find by touching the Bladder, at the Capon is tender and boiled enough. hen serve it up in a Dish, in the Bladder (dry iped) which when you cut, you will find a recious and nourishing Liquor to eat with eDets read, and the Capon will be short, tender, lost favoury, and full of Juice, and very nouhing.

W, you need no Butter, and that it may do ell to add Ambergrease, Dates sliced and pith-, Raisins, Currans, and a little Sugar; I sup-

of Gravie of Mutton may not be amis.

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Peradventure this might be done well in a Silr Flagon close luted, set in Balneo bulliente, as
make the nourishing Broath or Jelly of Mutn or Chickens, &c.

To bake Mutton aster Venison fashion.

Take a large fat Loin of Mutton (or two) ned after the manner of Venison; season well to your Taste with Pepper and Salt; then Bb2 lay

lay it to steep all night in enough of the Sheet Blood, to cover it over and foak well into then lay it into the Paste with all the clot thick Blood under it, upon it, and hange about it. You may feafon the Blood with P per and Salt before you lay the Meat in it; though you do not, it will not be amis, for the Meat be feafoned high enough. Then by it as you do an ordinary Pasty; and you may Gravy of Mutton or strong Broth into it; v may do it in aDish with Paste, as my Lady Newport doth her Venison. This way of stee ing in Blood before you bake it, is very go also for Venison.

My Lady Glin useth her Venison Pasties thus

Tel

Boil the Bones (well broken) and remain Flesh of the Venison from whence the Mean the Pasty is cut, in the Liquor wherein Capo and Veal, or Mutton have been boiled, for make very strong Broth of them. The Box must be broken, that you may have the Marri of them in the Liquor; and they must stew long time (covering the Pot close) that you mi Make the Broth as strong as you can; and if put some Gravy of Mutton or Veal to it, will be the better. When the Pasty is half ked, powr some this Broth into it, by the hi at the top, and the rest of it when it is quite baked, and wanteth but standing in the Overn foak; Quere, rather to put it all in at on

when the Pasty is sufficiently baked, and afterwards let it remain in the Oven a good while soaking. You may bake the bones (broken) with the Broth and Gravy, or for want thereof, with only water, in an earthen pot close stopped, till you have all the Substance in the Liquor, which you may powr into the Pasty an hour before it is baked enough.

If you are in a Park, you may foak the Venifon in the Blood of the Deer, and cover the flesh with it clotted together when you put it in Paste, Mutton Blood also upon Venison is very good. You may season your Blood a little with Pepper

and Salt.

To bake Venison in Pots to keep all the Year.

After you have boned and skinn'd it, proportion it as you would have it to the bigness of your pots, then to make your Season for it, take of black Pepper two parts, and one of white; take of Nutmegs, Cloves and Ginger, a like quantity; mingle it with your Pepper, so as not to make it so high as the Pepper, and put thereto a sufficient quantity of Salt; with this season your Venison, and as you say it into the Pots, have some small slakes of Mace, and Bay Leaves, and young Onions, and lay a Lay of them in the bottom, middle and top, and on the top add to it a little whole white Pepper, let your Pots be set into a very hot Oven, and let them stand full seven hours; then draw them,

B b 3

and

and turn the Pot with the bottom upwards; ter a while all the Gravy will be run out, an then take the Pot eafily off, and pull from to Meat the Onions and Leaves as clean as you can, and put your Pots gently on again, and Il them stand so long until the Fat of that while came out of the Pots be fo cold, that it may taken off the Gravy; then melt this Fat agaii and fo far as it will go when it is clean fcummi' put in each Pot an equal proportion, then tail of good sweet Butter such a quantity as will up the Pots to be three Inches above the Ven fon, but be fure the Butter be very well clarifi? then after two days standing, tie it very clock to with Paper and Leather, that it take no Air.

Do it the fame way leaving out the Onionss

you please.

Te Souce a Turkey like Sturgeon or Brawn my Las Cornwallis her way.

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Take a good fat Turkey or two, dress the clean, and bone them; then tie them up in til manner of a Sturgeon, with something clear washed; take your Kettle and put into it a pool rle of good white Wine, a quart of Water and a quart of Vinegar, make it boil, and fee fon it with Salt pretty well, then put in you Turkeys, and let them boil til they be very ten der; when they are enough boiled, take the out, and taste the Liquor, if it be not sharp | bot nough, put more Vinegar, and let it boil a li Faios ; la

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tle; then put it into an earthen Pot that will hold both Turkeys; when it is cold enough, and the Turkeys through cold, put them into the Liquor in the pot, and be fure they be quite covered with the Liquor; let them lie in it three weeks or a month, then ferve it to the Table as Sturgeon, with Fennel on it, and eat it with Elder-Vinegar.

You may do a Capon or two put together, in the same manner; but first larding it with great Lardons rouled in Pepper and Salt. A shorter time lying in the Pickle will serve.

To pickle Capons; my Lady of Portland's French
Cook.

Take two large fleshy Capons, not too fat, when you have drawn and trufs'd them, lay them upon a Chafing-dish of Charcole to singe them, turning them on all sides till the Hair and Down be clean singed off; then take three pound of good Lard, and cut it into Lardingpieces about the thickness of a two-peny Cord, and Lard it well, but first season your Bits of Lard with half an ounce of white Pepper, and a handful of Salt, then bind each of them well over with Packthred, and have ready over the fire about two gallons of Beef-Broth, and put them in a little before it boils, when they boil, and are clean scummed, then put in about fix Bay Leaves, a little bunch of Thyme, two ordinary Onions stuck full of Cloves, and Salt, if it Bb 4 be be not already falt enough for pickle; when itt has boil'd about half an hour, put in anothern half ounce of beaten white Pepper, and a little half after put in a quart of white Wine; fo let itt boil, until it has boil'd in all an hour, and foo and let it lie in the pickle till you use it, which your may do the next day, or any time within a fortnight; instead of Broth, you may use Water, which is better, in case you do four or fix, which was of themselves will make the Pickle strong e-mough.

If you will keep them above four days, your must make the Pickle sharp with Vinegar. See: Make See my Lady Cornwallis pickl'd Turkies in her added

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foregoing Receipt.

My Lady Newport's bak'd Venison.

My Lady Newport bakes her Venison in a Dish, thus: A Side or a Hanch serves for two Dishes. Season it as for a Pasty; live the Dish with a thin Crust of good sine Paste, but make it pretty thick upwards towards the brim, that it may be there Pudding Crust. Lay then the Venison in a round piece upon the Paste in the Dish; that must fill it up to fill the Pudding, but lie at ease. Put over it a Cover, and let it over-reach upon the Brim with some carved Pasty-work to grace it, which must go up with a Border like a Lace, growing a little upwards upon the Cover, which is a little arched up, and hath a little hole in the top, to powr in unto the Meat

the strong well-seasoned Broth that is made of the broken Bones and remaining lean Flesh of the Venison. Put a little more Butter or Beef-Suet to the Venison before you put the Cover on, unless it be exceeding fat. This must bake five or fix hours or more, as an ordinary Pasty. An hour or an hour and half before you take it out to serve it up, open the Oven, and draw out the Dish far enough to powr in at the little hole of the Cover the strong Decoction of the broken bones and flesh; instead of a Decoction in water, you may boil it by it self in Balneo, in duplici vase, or bake it in a pot with Broth and Gravy of Mutton; then fet it in again, to make an end of its baking and foaking. The Meat within (even the Lean) will be exceeding tender and like a Jelly, fo that you may cut all of it with a Spoon. If you bake a Side at once in two dishes, the one will be very good to keep cold; and when it is so, you may (if you please) bake it again to have it hot, not fo long as at first, but enough to have it all perfectly heated through. She bakes thus in Pewter Dishes of a large fize.

Mutton or Veal may be thus baked with their due feafoning; as with Onions, or Onions and Apples, or Larding, or a Cawdle, &c. Sweet-breads, Beatilles, Champignons, Treuffles,

Oc.

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My Lady of Monmouth Boyleth a Capon with White-Broath thus:

Make reasonable good Broath, with the scrage ends of Necks of Mutton and Veal: (of which you must have so much as to be at least three quarts of White-broath in the dish with the Cal pon, when all is done, else it will not come high enough upon the Capon) beat a quarter of pound of blanched Almonds with three or four spoonfuls of Cream; and if you will, a little Rose-water, then add some of the Broth to it fo to draw out all their fubstance, mingling in with the rest of the broth. Boyl your Capon in fair water by it felf, and a Marrow-bone of two by themselves in other water; likewiss fome Chefnuts (instead of which you may us Pistacheos, or macerated pine kernels) and in other water, some Skirrets or Endive, or Parsle: roots, according to the feafon. Also plumi fome Raisins of the Sun, and stew some sliced with Sugar and water, when all is ready to joyn beat two or three new layd eggs (whites and all) with some of the white broth that mull then be boyling, and mingle it with the rest, and let it boyl on; and mingle the other prepared things with it, as also a little sliced Oringiado (from which the hard Candy Sugar bath been foaked off with warm water, or a little pill on Orange, (or fome Limon pickled with Vine gar and Sugar, fuch as ferves for Sallets) which

you throw away after it hath been a while boyled in it; and put a little Sack to your broth, and fome Amber-grease if you will, and a small portion of sugar; and last of all, put in the marrow in lumps that you have knocked out of the boyled bones. Then lay your Capon taken hot from the Liquor he is boyled in, upon Sippets and slices of toasted, dryed, light bread, and pour your broth and mixture upon it, and cover it with another dish, and let all stew together a while: then serve it up.

Of Boyling the Capon in the weak broath of Mutton and Veal, instead of water; so to make

the broth the better.

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You must remember to Season your Broth in the due time, with Salt and such Spices as you like.

Minced-Pyes.

My Lady Lusson makes her finest Minced-Pyes of Neats-Tongues, but she holdeth the most savoury ones to be of Veal and Mutton equal parts, very small minced. Her finest Crust is made by sprinkling the slower (as much as it needs) with cold water, and then working the paste with little pieces of raw butter in a good quantity; so that She useth neither hot water nor melted Butter in them; and this makes the Crust short and light. After all the meat and Seasoning, and Plumbs and Citron-Peel &c. is in the Cossin, She puts a little ambered

bered Sugar upon it, thus: Grinde much two grains of Amber-greafe, and half a one of Musk, with a little piece of hard Loaf-sugar. This will serve six or eight Pyes strewed all over the top, then cover it with the lid, and set it in the Oven.

To Roast fine Meat.

When the Capon, Chickens or Fowl, have been long enough before the fire to be through hot, and that it is time to begin to baste them; baste them once all over very well with fresh Butter, then presently Powder it all over very thin with flower. This by continual turning before the fire, will make a thin crust, which will keep in all the juice of the meat : therefore baste no more nor do any thing to it till the meat be enough roafted: Then bafte it well with Butter as before, which will make the Crust re= lent and fall away; which being done, and that the meat is growing brown on the outfide, besprinkle it over with a little ordinary white falt in gross grains, and continue turning till the outfide be brown enough.

The Queen useth to baste such meat with yolks of fresh Eggs beaten thin; which continue to

do all the while it is Roasting.

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Cut a Leg of Veal into thin Collops, and beat them well with the back of a knife, then lay them in foak a good half hour, in the yolks of four Eggs, and two whites very well beaten; and a little small shredded Thyme mingled with it, then lay them in the Frying-pan wherein is boyling butter, and pour upon them the rest of the Eggs that the Collops have not imbibed and carried with them, and fry them very well, turning them in due time. Then pour away all the butter, and make them a sauce of Gravy, seasoned with Salt and Spice and juice of Orange at last squeezed upon them.

To make Excellent Hare-pyes.

Mrs. Bodville makes Excellent Hare Pyes, thus: Hash the slesh of as many Hares as you please very small, then beat them strongly in a Mortar into Paste, which Season duly with Pepper and Salt, Lard it throughly all over with great Lardons of Lard, well rowled in Pepper and Salt; put this into a straighter earthen pot to lie close in it. If you like Onions, you may put one or two quartered into the bottom of the Pot, put store of sweet butter upon the meat, and upon that some strong red, or Clarret wine. Cover the Pot with a double strong brown Paper, tyed close about the mouth of it; set it to Bake

Bake with Houshold bread (or in an Oven as a Venison Pasty) for eight or ten hours, then take it out the pot, and thence the meat, and Pour away all the Liquor, which let settle, then take all the congealed Butter, and clarifie it well; put your meat again into the pot, and put upon it your clarified butter, and as much more as is necessary; and I believe the putting of Clarret wine to it is better now; and to omit it before. Bake it again, but a less while, pour out all the Liquor when it is baked, and clarifie the Butter again, and pour it upon the meat, and so let it cool, The Butter must be at least two or three fingers breadth over the meat.

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To Stew a Breast of Veal.

Take a Breast of Veal half Roasted, and put it a Stewing with some Wine and Gravy, three or four yolks of Eggs minced small, a pretty quantity of sweet herbs with an Onion, Anchovies or Limon, stick it either with Thyme or Limon Peels, and season it to your liking.

To Stew Beef.

Take very good Beef, and slice it very thin, and beat it very well with the back of a knife, put to it the gravy of some meat, and some wine or strong broth, sweet herbs a quantity, let it stew till it be very tender, season it to your liking, and garnish your dish with Marygold flowers or Barberries.

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A Sallet of cold Capon.

It is a good Sallet, to flice a cold Capon hin, mingle with it some Sibbalds Lettice, Rockt, and Tarragon sliced small, season all with Pepper salt Vinegar and Oyl, and sliced Limon, little Origanum doth well with it.

Tender Brawn fliced thin, and layed Salletvise in a dish as the sliced Capon, and seasoned with Pepper, Salt, Vinegar, and Oyl, with a little Limon; is also a very good Sallet.

Marrow-Puddings.

Take the pith of Beeves, a good spoonful of Almonds, very small beaten with Rose water, beat the pith when the skin is taken off very well with a spoon, then mingle it with the Almonds, and put in it six yolk of Eggs well beaten, and four spoonfuls of Cream boyled and cold, it must be very thick; put in a little Ambergrease, and as much Sugar as will sweeten them, and a little salt, and the marrow of two good bones cut in little pieces. When your Beeves Guts are seasoned, fill them up and boyl them.

To make Excellent Black Puddings.

Take a quart of Sheeps bloud, and a quart of Cream, ten Eggs, the yolks and the whites beaten well together, flir all this Liquor very well, then thicken it with grated bread and Oatmeal

Oatmeal finely beaten, of each a like quantitative; Beef-suet finely shred, and marrow in little that Lumps; Season it with a little Nutmeg and Cloves and Mace, mingled with salt, a little sweet Marjoram Thyme and Penny-royal shrew the very well together, and mingle them with the other things; some put in a few Currans, the show fully,

To make a Shoulder of Mutton like Venison.

Save the bloud of your Sheep, and strain it take grated bread almost the quantity of a penny loaf, Pepper, Thyme, chopt small, mingle these Ingredients with a little of the bloud, and stuff the Mutton, then wrap up your shoulder in the Cawl of your Mutton, and lay it in the bloud twenty four hours, prick the shoulder with your knife to let the bloud into the slesh, and see ferve it with Venison sawce.

To make Spinage-broath

Take Strong broth, and boyl a Neck of mutton and a Marrowbone in it, and skim it very
well, then put in half a pound of French Barley, and a bundle of sweet herbs, and two or
three blades of large Mace, let these boyl very
well, then mince half a peck of Spinage, and
two great Onions very small, and let it boyl one
hour or more, Season it with Salt as you please,

and send the Mutton and the Marrow bone in a dish with French bread or Manchet, to the Table.

To make a boyled Sallet of Spinage, put the herbs without any Liquor in a dish upon a Chasing-dish of coals, and stir them continually for fear of burning, and much moisture will stew out from them in half, or three quarters of an hour; Squeeze away all the Liquor you can wring out. Then stew the dry herbs very well with store of fresh Butter.

Monsieur de Bourdeaux used to take in a
Morning, a Broth thus made.

Make a very good Broth (so as to gelly when it is cold) of a lean piece of a Leg of Veal, the crag end of a Neck of Mutton and a Pullet, seafoning it with a little salt, Cloves, and pepper, to your mind. [Mrs. S. K. used to put stoned Raisins and Currans to it] Beat some of it with a handfull of blanched Almonds, and twenty husked seeds of Citron, and strain it to the whole; put Sugar to it, and so drink it warm as an emulsion.

Another.

Make strong Broth with a piece of Beef, Mutton, and Veal, adding a piece of the sinnews
of the Leg of Beef; seasoning it with two great
Onions quartered, some Cloves and white Pepper, in due time, put in a Capon, or take some
Cc
Broth

Broth out to boyl it in. But before you put in the the Capon, take out fome of the broth, in which Boyl and Stew Turneps first prepared thus: fr them in scalding Butter till they be tender, the take them out with a holed skimmer, and land them in a holed dish warmed fet in another wholl When all the Butter is quite drayned out stew them in a Pipkin in the Broth as is said all bove. When you will make up your pottage put some Ladles full of the broth of the great and Pot (driving away the fat with your Ladle)upon flices of scorched bread in a deep dish. Let this mittonner a while, then lay the Capon upon it: and pour the Turneps and broth of them over all. A Duck in lieu of a Capon, will make ve ry good pottage, but then it is best to fry that first as the Turneps, then Boyl it.

Monsieur Vidales good Pottage de sante is then

Make a good and well Seasoned Bouillon with lean Beef, Mutton, and Veal; in which boy! Capon: Boyl with it either Cabbage or Turn neps or whole Onions, the first two you put into the broth all over the dish; but the Onions you lay all round the brim when you serve it in Whilst the meat is boyling to make the Bosillon you must rost a sleshy piece of Beef, (without fatt of two or three pound; and when it is half ross sted, squeeze out all the juice, and put the sless into the Pot with the rest of the meat to Boyli whice

thich will both colour and strengthen it. When ou find your Bouillon good, pour it into the ish where your bread lyeth sliced (which must e very light and spongy) and dryed first, afour the gravy of Beef upon it (or of mutton) oots round about it. It is best to boyl by themlives in some of the Boullon in a Pot apart, the loots of Onions,

A good Pottage for Dinner is thus made.

Boyl Beef, Mutton, Veal volaille, and a little liece of the lean of a Gammon of the best Baon, with fome quartered onions (and a lite Garlick, if you like it) you need no falt if ou have Bacon; but put in a little Pepper and loves. If it be in the Winter, put in a bunel of sweet herbs, or whole Onions or Roots Cabbage, if Season of herbs, boyl in a little f the broth a part, some Lettice, Sorrel, Boige, and Bugloss &c. till they be onely well ortified. If you put in any gravy, let it boyl fr flew a while with the broth; put it in due me upon the toasted bread to mittoner &c. If pu boyl fome half roasted meat with your broth will be the better.

Another.

Make a good Strong broth of Veal and Mill ton, then take out the Meat, and put into in good Capon or Pullet, but first, if it be very ff parboyl it a little to take away the oyliness I Bell it, and then put into the broth, and when it has how boyled a little therein, put in some grated bree a faggot of sweet herbs, two or three bladess fanto Mace, and a peell'd Onion, when it is ready be dish'd up, take the yolks of six Eggs, bottom them very well with two or three spoonfulss Then take the Capon out of White wine. broth, and thicken it up with the Eggs, and Dish it up with the Capon, and toasts of What bread, or flices which you please, and have my dy boyled the Marrow of two or three bonness with some tender boyled white Endive, as men frow it over the Capon.

Quar. Of Beating some blanched Almonds we fome of the broth, and then putting it to the

whilst it is Stewing.

For plain Savoury English Pottage.

Make it of Beef, Mutton and Veal, at least ding a Capon, Pullet or Pigeons. Put in at first quartered onion or two, some oatmeale or Free Barley, some bottom of a Venison Pasty Crutwenty whole grains of pepper, four or structured control of Marigold structured flowers. You must be put in Parsley or other herbs.

the Queen on mornings.

Make very good Broth, with some lean of al, Beef, and Mutton; and with a brawny nor young Cock. After it is scummed, put in Onion quartered (and if you like it a clove Garlick) a little Parfly, a sprig of lyme, as much Mint, a little Baum, Iome Friander feeds bruifed, and a very little Safn; a little Salt, Pepper and a Clove. When the substance is boyled out of the meat, and broth very good, you may drink it fo; or all at a little of it upon toasted sliced bread and bridw it till the bread have drunk up all that the then add a little more, and stew; fo ling broth by little and little, that the bread y imbibe it and fwell, whereas if you drown nat once, the bread will not fwell, and grow nittle Jelly; and thus you will have a good Potge. You may add Cabbage or Leeks, or Enre, or Parsly Roots, in the due time before broth hath ended boyling, and time enough them to become tender. In the Summer u may put in Lettice, Sorrel, Pursane, Boge, and Bugloss, or what other Pot-herbs u like. But green herbs do rob the strength d vigour and cream of the Pottage.

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The Queens ordinary Bouillon de sante in a morning, was thus .

A Hen, a handful of Parsley, a spring of Thy three of Spearmint, a little Baum, half a guard Onion, a little Pepper and falt, and a Cloude as much water as would cover the Hen; this boyled to less than a pinte, for one guard pottinger full.

An Excellent and wholfom Water-grewell is thus made.

Into a Posnet of two quarts of water, best when the due proportion of beaten Oatmeale, two handfuls of Wood-forrel a little chopped and bruised, and a good quantity of picked: washed Currans tyed loosely in a thin stuffth washed Currans tyed loosely in a thin stuffth washed care cloath) boys these very well standard sether, seasoning the Composition in due to with Salt, Nutmeg, Mace, or what else with Salt, Nutmeg, Mace, or what else with please; as Rosemary, &c. when it is sufficient the boysed, strain the Oatmeal, and press out the the juice and humidity of the Currans and here the throwing away the insipid husks; and season with sugar, and butter, and to each potting with sugar.

Venison or Mutton &c. is we'l baked in Mol Lattin Coffin; but then you must Line it with with with Paste to have Pudding Crust, and covernment

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with Paste as a Venison Pasty. The Costin must be near a hands breadth high, and more long than broad. You may have of several sizes, to Bake from a Side of Venison to half or a quarter. To Bake Mutton &c. in a Stewing manlimer, you must have a Cover to it of the same,

Sup not, Do thus:

Put a Pinte of good milk to boyl; as foon as it doth fo, take it from the fire, to let the great heat of it cool a little; for doing fo, the Curd will be the tenderer, and the whole of a more uniform confistence. When it is pretty well cooled, pour it into the pot, wherein is about two spoonfuls of Sack, and about four of Ale, with sufficient Sugar dissolved in them. So let it stand a while near the fire, till you eat it.

that he takes constantly for his Breakfast (and after his Pellets of Butter and Liquorice) in the Spring. In a Marble Mortar beat great Oatmeale to meal (which requireth long beating) then boyl it three or four hours in Springwater, to a Posnet full of two or three quarts of water, he putteth not above half a pottinger full of Oatmeale, before it is beaten; for after beating, it appeareth more. To this quantity he puts as much Smallage as he buyeth for a pen-

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ny, which maketh it strong of the herb, and very green. Chop the Smallage exceeding small, and put it in about a good half hour before you are to take your Posset from the sire. You are to season your grewell with a little salt at the durant sime; and you may put a little Nutmeg and Mace to it. When you have taken it from the sire, put into it a good proportion of Buttern which stir well, to incorporate with the Grew ell, when it is melted.

Griwel of Oatmeal and Rice.

Doctor Pridion ordered my Lord Cornwells and for his chief Diet in his Looseness, the follow of ing Grewel; which he found very tastful:

Take about two parts of Oatmeal well beaten in a Mortar, and one part of Rice in subtilined Powder; boil these well in water, as you make Water-Grewel, adding a good proportion of Cinamon to boil also in due time; then strain it through a Cloth, and sweeten it to their Taste. The Yolk of an Egg beaten with a little Sherry Sack, and put to it, is not bad in a Loosness; at other times you may add Butter; it is very tastful and nourishing.

To make a pleasant and wholsom Flummery Candle.

Take some Lumps and Spoonfuls of Flummery when it is cold, boil it with Ale and white: Wine, then sweeten it with Sugar to your Taste.

A Nourishing Almond-Cawdle for weak Persons.

Take four ounces of blanched Almonds, stamp and strain them with a quart of good Ale, then boil it gently, and put to it the yolks of two new-laid Eggs, and season it with Sugar; it is very nourishing for weak Persons.

Another strengthening Cawdle.

Take a quart of the best strong Ale-wort of the first running, and put into it three Dates shred small, one Nutmeg grated, a small stick of Cinamon, and three Leaves of Comfry, boil them all together to a pint, then put thereto half a pound of of the Pith of an Oxe, and a pint of good Muscadine; let it boil three or four walms, and then add a pint of red Rose-water, and twelve yolks of Eggs, sweeten it with white Sugar candy to your Taste.

An Emu'sion or Almond-Milk, to strengthen, cool, and to induce Sleep.

beat them in a Mortar, fprinkling them now and then with Barly-water, then when they are well beaten, put more Barly water to them, and ftrain it through a Cloth; beat the Almonds again with that remaineth in the Cloth, and strain them again with more Barly-water; do this

this again till you get all the Milk out of the Almonds, and that you have employed a quart of Barly-broth; then put them to two ounces of Rose-water, and four ounces of fine Sugarr and fo drink it.

Very good Oatmeal Pap, by Dr. Colladon.

Put beaten Oatmeal to foak an hour or two in Milk, as you do in Water when you make Flum mery, then strain it out into a Posnet through a fitting Strainer; and if you judge it too thick of the Oatmeal for fufficient boyling, add more Milk to it: Set this to boil, putting them into it a Lump of Sugar (about as big as a litcle Walnut) and stir it well all the while, that in burn not to. About an hours boyling is fufficial ent; by which time it should be grown pretty thick; put then a good Lump of fresh Butter to it, which being well melted and stirred intel the Pap, and incorporated with it, take it from the fire, and put it into a Dish, and strew some fine Sugar upon it, or mingle some Sugar with it to sweeten the whole quantity. You may seal fon it also with Rose-water, or Orange-flower with water, or Ambergreafe, or some Yolks of news laid Eggs. You may put in a very little Salt and the first.

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Wheaten Flummery.

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In the West-Countrey they make a kind of Flummery of Wheat-slower, which they judge to be more hearty and pleasant than that of Oatmeal, thus; Take half or a quarter of a Bushel of good Bran of the best Wheat (which containeth the purest Flower of it, though little) and is used to make Starch, and in a great wooden Bowl or Pail let it soak with cold water upon it three or four days; then strain out the Milky water from it, and boil it to a Jelly, or like Starch; which you may season with Sugar and Rose and Orange-slower-water, and let it stand till it be cold and gellied; then eat it with White or Rhenish Wine, or Cream, or Milk, or Ale.

Pap of Oatmeal-Panade.

Beat Oatmeal small, put a little of it to Milk, and let it boil stewingly till you see that the Milk begins to thicken with it; then strain the Milk from the Oatmeal (this is, as when you soak or boil out the Substance of Oatmeal with Water, to make Flummery) then boil up that Milk to the height of Pap; which sweeten with a little Sugar, and put to it some yolks of Egg dissolved in Rose or Orange-slower-water, and let it mittoner a while upon a Chasing-dish; (quare, of a little Sack, if it turn not the Milk)

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and a little Butter, if you like it; you may boil a little Mace in the Milk.

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Beat a couple of new-laid Eggs in good, clear Broth; heat this a little, stirring It all the while; then powr this upon a Panado (made thick) of the same Broth; and keep them a little upon the Chasing-dish to incorporate, stirring them all the while; quare of putting to it a little Wine: also, Juice of quick Oranges.

To stew Wardens or Pears.

Pare them, put them into a Pipkin, or into our Engin, with so much red or Claret Wine and Water, of each at much as will near reach to the top of the Pears; stew or boil them gently till they grow tender, which may be in two hours; after a while, put in some sticks of Cinamon bruised, and a few Cloves; when they are almost done, put in Sugar enough to seasons them well, and their Syrup; which you powr out upon them in a deep Plate.

To stew Apples.

Pare them, and cut them into Slices; stew them with Wine and Water as the Pears, and season them in like manner with Spice; towards the end sweeten them with Sngar, breaking the Apples

Apples into Pap by stirring them. When you are ready to take them off, put in good store of fresh Butter, and incorporate it well with them, by stirring them together. You stew these between two Dishes; the quickest Apples are the best.

A Sack-Posset as Sir Kenelm's House keeper made it for him.

Take three pints of Cream, boil in it a little Cinamon, a Nutmeg quartered, and two spoonfuls of grated Bread, then beat the yolks of twelve Eggs very well with a little cold Cream, and a spoonful of Sack; when your Cream has boil'd about a quarter of an hour, thicken it up with the Eggs; then sweeten it with Sugar, and take half a pint of Sack, and fix spoonfuls of Ale, and put it into the Bason or Dish you intend to make it in, with a little Ambergrease (if you please) then powr your Cream and Eggs into it, holding your hand as high as conveniently you can, gently stirring in the Bason with a Spoon as you powr it: so ferve it up. If you please you may strew Sugar upon it.

You may strew Ambered Sugar upon it as you eat it, or Sugar beaten with Cinamon, if

you like it.

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Sillibubs, by the Lady Middlesex.

My Lady Middle fex makes Sillibubs for little Glasses with Spouts, thus; Take three pints of fweet Cream, one of quick white Wine (or Rhenish) and a good Wine-Glass full (better than a quarter of a pint) of Sack; mingle with them about three quarters of a pound of fine Sugar in powder: Beat all these together with a whisk till all appeareth converted into Froth. Then powr it into your Sillibub-Glasses, and let them stand all Night. The next day the Curd will be thick and firm above, and the Drink clear under it. I conceive it may do well to put into each Glass when you powr the Liquor into it, a Sprig of Rosemary a little bruifed, or a little Limon-peel, or fome fach thing to quicken the Taste; or use Amber-Sugar, or Spirit of Cinamon, or of Lignum Caffia, or Nutmegs, or Mace, or Cloves, a very little.

A Receipt for a Tansie.

Spinage, Sorrel, Tansie, Wheat, a Quart of Cream, Bread (the quantity of a two peny Loaf) twenty Eggs, and half the Whites, one Nutmeg, half a pound of Sugar, and the Juice of a couple of Limons.

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Wheat also is very good, when it is young and tender.

tender. You must not take much Sorrel, for fear of turning the Cream, but less Tansie; so little that it may not tafte distinctly in the composition; I doubt there is too much Bread. The Juice of Limons is put in at the end of all. You may lay thin Slices of Limon upon the Tansie made, and Sugar upon them.

To make a Cake my Ludy Cambden's Way.

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Take three pound and a half of Flower, a penniworth of Cloves and Mace, and a quarter of a pound of Sugar and Salt, and frew it on the Flower, there being a hole in the middle; then take the yolks of eight Eggs well beaten with a spoonful and half of Rose-water; take likewise a pint of thick Cream, and a pound of Butter, melt them together, and when it is fo, take three quarters of a pint of Ale-yeast, and mingle the yeast and Eggs together; then take the warm Liquor, and mingle all together; when you have done, take all and powr it into the Bowl, and so cover the Flower over the Liquor, then cover the Pan with a Napkin, and when it s rifen take four pounds of Currans well wash'd and half a pound of Raisins sliced, and let them be well dried and hot, and so stir them in; when tis risen, have your Oven hot against the Cake smade, and let it stand three quarters of an hour; when it is half baked, Ice it over with fine Sugar and Rosewater, and the Whites of Eggs, and Musk and Ambergreafe.

When

When you mingle your yeaft and Eggs toges ther for the Cake, put Musk and Amber to that.

To make a good Cake as Sir Kenelm's House keeps er made it for him.

Take four quarts of fine Flower, two pound and a half of Butter, three quarters of a pound of Sugar, four Nutmegs, a little Mace, a pound of Almonds finely beaten; half a pint of Sacked a pint of good Ale-yeast, a pint of boil? Cream, twelve Yolks and four Whites of Eggss four pound of Currans: When you have wrought all these into a very fine Past, let it be kept warm by the Fire half an hour before you set it into the Oven. If you please you may pur into it two pound of Raisins of the Sun stones and quartered.

The Ice for this Cake.

Take the Whites of three new-laid Eggs, and three quarters of a pound of fine Sugar finely beaten, beat it well together with the Whites of Eggs, and Ice the Cake. If you please, you may add a little Musk or Ambergrease.

Let your Oven be of a temperate heat, and let your Cake stand therein two hours and half before you Ice it, and afterwards only to

harden the Ice.

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My Lady Harvey's way to make a Caroway Cake:

Take three pound and a half of the finest Flower, and dry it in an Oven, one pound and a half of sweet Butter; and rub it in the Flower until it be crumbled very small, that none of it be seen; then take three quarters of a pint of new Ale-yeast, and half a pint of Sack, and half a pint of new Milk, six spoonfuls of Rosewater, four yolks and two whites of Eggs; then let it lie before the Fire half an hour or more; and when you go to make it up, put in three quarters of a pound of Caroway Comfits, and a pound and a half of Biskets; put it in the Oven, and let it stand an hour and a half.

Mrs Stockdels Excellent small Cakes, which are much esteemed at Court; the King himself hath eat of them.

Take three pounds of very fine Flower, one pound and half of Butter, and as much Currans, and as much Sugar, leven Eggs, one half of the Whites taken out, and knead all well together into a Paste, adding one Nutmeg grated, and a little Rosewater; so make them up about the bigness of your hand, and bake them upon a Plate of Tin.

Te

To make Excellent Small Cakes.

Take three pound of very fine Flower well dried by the Fire, and put to it a pound and a half of Loaf-Sugar fifted in a very fine Sieve. and dried, three pound of Currans well wash'd and dried in a Cloth, and fet by the Fire; when your Flower is well mixed with the Sugar and Currans, you must put in it a pound and a halif of unmelted Butter, ten spoonfuls of Creami with the yorks of three new-laid Eggs beat with it, one Nutmeg, and if you please three spoon ful of Sack; when you have wrought your Paste ell, you must put it in a Cloth, and set it in : Dish before the Fire till it be through warm then make them up in little Cakes, and prich them full of Holes; you must bake them in quick Oven unclosed.

Afterwards Ice them over with Sugar. The Cakes should be about the bigness of a hand breadth, and thin, of the size of the Sugar.

Cakes fold at Barnet.

Mrs Ragly's Cheefe-Cakes.

turn it with a good spoonful of Runnet; bread it well, and put it into a large strainer, in whice rowl it up and down that all the Whey may run out into a little Tub; when all that will is run out, wring out more; then break the Curcos well.

well; then wring it again, and more Whey will come; thus break and wring till no more come; then work the Curds exceedingly with your and in a Trey, till they become a short uniorm Paste; then put to it the yolks of eight new-laid Eggs, and two Whites, and a pound of Butter; work all this long together, in the long working (at the several times) consistent the naking them good; then season them to your laste with Sugar sinely beaten; and put in some Cloves and Mace in subtil Powder; then lay hem thick in Cossins of sine Paste, and bake hem.

My Lady Diana Peters her Scotch Collops.

Cut a Leg or two of Mutton into thin Slices. which beat very well; put them to fry over a ery quick Fire, in a Pan first glazed over, with o more Butter melted in it than just to besmear little at the bottom of the Pan; turn them in ne time: There must never be but one Row the Pan, nor any Slice lying upon another, lut every one immediate to the Pan. When hey are fried enough, lay them in a hot Dish overed, over a Chafingdish; and powr upon hem the Gravy that runs out of them into the an. Then lay another Row of Slices in the an to fry as before, and when they are enough, ut them into the Dish to the other. When ou have enough by fuch repetitions, or by dong them in two or three Pans all at a time, take Dd 2

a potttinger full of Gravy of Mutton, and purinto it a piece of Butter, as much as a Walnum and a quartered Onion, if you will (or rub the Dish afterwards with Garlick) and Pepper and Salt, and let this boil to be very hot; the throw away the Onion, and powr this into the Dish upon the Slices, and let them stew a littil together; then squeeze an Orange upon it, amand ferve it up.

A Fricasic of Veal.

Cuta Leg of Veal into thin Slices, and ben them; put about half a pint of water, or Fleff Broth to them, with some Thyme, Marjoran and an Onion or two quartered, and a little Butter; boil them till they be tender, having feafoned them with Salt and about twenty Com of whole white Pepper, and four or five Cloyed When they are enough, take half a pinto with white Wine, and four yolks of Eggs, a quartil of a pound of Butter (or more) a good spool ful of Thyme, sweet Marjoram and Parsley, minced small (more Parsley than of the other a pottinger full of your Gravy. When all the are well incorporated together over the Firm and well beaten, powr it into the Pan to ti rest, and turn it continually over the Fire all be well incorporated and thickned; the throw away the Onion and first Sprigs of herti Squeeze an Orange to it, and fo ferve it up her

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of water of Males , or of the Bo

Take three pints of Cream, fourteen newd Eggs (seven Whites put away) one pint
Juice of Spinage, six or seven spoonful of
ice of Tansie, a Nutmeg (or two) sliced
all, half a pound of Sugar, and a little Salt;
at all these together; then fry it in a Pan with
more Butter than is necessary. When it is
ough, serve it up with Juice of Orange, or
ces of Limon upon it.

y Lady Middlesex's Excellent Slip-Coat Cheese.

Take of good Morning Milk, putting Cream it; a quart of Cream is the proportion my dy which to as much Milk as both together large round Cheefe of the bigness of ordinary Tart-plate, or Cheefe-plate; as big an ordinary first Cheefe that the Market-wo-want of Stroakings at London, you may take want of Stroakings at London, you may take e part of Cream to five or fix of Morning-lik, and for the rest, proceed as with Stroakings, and these will prove as good.

make Slip Coat Cheese, as Sir Kenelm's House-Keeper made them for him.

According to the bigness of your Moulds, opertion your Strokings for your Cheese-Dd 3 Curds,

· Curds, to fix quarts of Stroakings, take a pil of Spring-water; if the Weather be hot, the let the Water be cold, and before you put into the Stroakings, let them stand a while; cool after they are milk'd, and then put in the Water with a little Salt first stirr'd in it; a having stirt'd it well together, let it stance little while, and then put in about two spoot ful of good Runner, stir it well together, a cover it with a fair Linnen Cloth, and when becomes hard like a thick Jelly, with a skill ming-Dish lay it gently into the Moulds; as as it links down into the Moulds, fill it still till all be in, which will require some three four hours time; then lay a clean fine Cloth in another Mould of the same size, and turm into it, and then turn the skirts of the Cla over it, and lay upon that a thin Board, upon that as much weight as with the Box may make two pound or thereabouts; and about an hour after, lay another clean Cloth into other Mould, and turn the Cheefe into the then lay upon the Board fo much as will make fix or feven pound weight; and thus contin turning of it till night; then take away weight, and lay it no more on it; then take very small quantity of Salt finely beaten sprinkle the Cheese all over with it as slightly can be imagined. Next Morning turn it in another dry Cloth, and let it lie out of Mould upon a plain Board, and change itt often as it wets the Cloth, which must be the

pr four times a day; when it is so dry, that it wets the Cloth no more, lay it upon a Bed of green Rushes, and lay a Row upon it; but be lure to pick the Bents clean off, and lay them even all one way; if you cannot get good Rushes, take Nettles or Grass. If the Weather is cold, cover them with a Linnen and Woolen Cloath; In case you cannot get Stroakings, take five quarts of New Milk, and one of Cream; ift the Weather be cold, heat the Water hot that you put to the Stroakings; turn the Cheese every day, and put to it fresh of whatsoever you keep it in. They are usually ripe in ten days.

To make Mustard my Lady Holmeby's Way.

My Lady Holmeby makes her quick fine Mustard thus; Chuse true Mustard-seed, dry it in
an Oven after the Bread is out; beat and searce
it to most subtil Powder; mingle Sherry-Sack
with it (stirring it a long time very well) so
much as to have it of a sit consistence for Mustard; then put a good quantity of sine Sugar
to it, as sive or six spoonful (or more) to a
pint of Mustard, stir and incorporate all well
together. This will keep good a long time:
Some do like to put to it a little (but a little)
very sharp Wine-Vinegar.

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To make Bolonia Puddings as they make them at stoll Milan in Italy, which more better than those of will Bolonia.

Take seventeen pound and a half of a forequarter of Pork, and three pound and a half of lean Buttock Beef, chop them well together, but not too small; then put to them a pound and half of Salt well dried and powdered, and three cunces of white Pepper grofly bruifed; mix and knead them all well together like Paste; and if you will have them fat, you may put to them a pound or two of the Fat or Bacon of the Hog cut in square Dice; put thereto when you knead it, a Glass-ful of deep red Wine; then fil your large Beef-Guts with this, being first well scowred and cleansed from all the flime, by turning them; then wipe them dry before you fill them : In filling them, you must fqueeze, and press down the Meat very hard, that all the Wine may get out of them, and that they may be stuffed very close; then tie them fast with Packthred, and hang them up over the Mantle-tree in the Kitchen, not in the Chimney, for they would dry too fast; leave them there for three weeks, then hang them in a Garret, where the Wind and Air comes in; and when they are well dried, take them down and wipe them, then greafe them over with Sallet Oyl, and lay them in a Box in Hay, and they will keep good all the year long. You may cut your Guts

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of the length of eight or nine inches, or twelve nches long, and tie them first at one end before you fill them. When you will use them, boil one or two at a time in fair water for an hour, and when they are cold, cut them in round lices, and they will look pure red and white, and are excellent Meat, better than any Neats-ongue, they will keep good a fortnight after hey are boiled. These Puddings I have often nade in England, and kept them all the year ong; and they have been exceedingly praised by all those that did eat of them.

To make Harts-horn Felly.

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When

Take four pounds of Harts-horn rasped, boil t in two quarts of Water til it be a Jelly, which and you may try upon a Plate (it will be fo in four or five hours gentle boiling) and then ftrain the lear Liquor from the Horn (which will be a good quart) then fet it on the Fire again, with fine Sugar in it to your Taste, with half a pint of white Wine or Sack in it, and a Bag of spice containing a little Ginger, a stick of Cipamon bruifed, and a Nutmeg quartered, and two or three Cloves bruised. Assoon as it belinneth to boil, put into it the Whites of three br four Eggs beaten, and let it boil up gently. lil the Eggs harden into a Curd; then pour into it the Juice of four Limons, and take it preently off the Fire, and run it through an Hypocras Bag.

My Lady Paget's Harts-born Jelly.

Take a small Cock-Chick when it is scalded. flit it in two pieces, lay it to foak in warm water until the Blood be well out of it; then take a Calves-foot half boiled, flit it in the middle, and pick out the Fat and Black of it; put thefee into a Gallon of fair Water, scum is very well :: then put into it an ounce of Harts-horn, and half an ounce of rasped Ivory; when it is halfs confumed, take some of it up, and if it jelly, take it off, and put it into a Bason; then beatt the Whites of four Eggs, with four spoonfull of Rosewater, and put it to the Jelly, with a quarter of an ounce of Cinamon well bruised. one flake of Mace, three or four thin flices of Ginger, one top of Rosemary, and two or three of fweet Marjoram, fweeten it with fine Sugar: then fet it over a Chafing-dish of Coals, and ftir it well; then cover it close, and blow under it to make it boil, till the Curd hardens; them wring into it the Juice of half a Limon, and take it presently from the Fire, and strain it: If you would have it more Cordial, you may add one Grain of Ambergrease, and half a Grain of Musk, ground with a little Su

This

The Way to dress Poor John, to make it very tender and good Meat.

Put it into a Kettle in cold Water, and so hang it over the Fire, and let it soak and stew without boiling for three hours, but the Water must be very hot; then make it boil two or three walms: By this time it will be very tender, and swelled up; then take out the Backbone, and put it to fry with Onions, if you put it first into hot water, (as Ling and such Saltsish) or being boyled if you let it cool, and heat it again, it will be tough and hard.

Buckorn is to be watered a good hour before you put it to the fire, then boyl it till it be tender, which it will be quickly, then Butter it as you do Ling; and if you will put Eggs to it.

To Stew or Dress an Eel with Ragust the French way.

Cut the Eel in pieces and put them into your Stew-pan, with white wine, Butter, Sibbalds, and Parsly shred, some Capers, Salt and Pepper, and a few chippings of bread to allay the sauce; when it is enough, serve it up, and if you will you may make a white sauce to it with whites of Eggs and Verjuice, or white wine and Vinegar.

To Stew a Carp in Short Broth.

Cut the Carp in pieces and cast them into white-Wine, or half water and half white wine, Season it with Pepper, Salt, and Cloves, some Limon or Orange-peel; put into it a bundle of Parsly and Thyme, with an Onion if you will; let it stew easily till there remain but a little Broth or Sauce, then put into it some Butter and some Parsly shred very small, then serve it up.

Salmon in Short Broth.

Boil it in Wine, Water and Vinegar, till it be tender, then put into it a piece of Butter, which will enter into the fish; then take it out and put it in a Cloath and eat it with Vinegar. you may make also a sauce to it, with Butter and Anchovies, which is an excellent Sauce for it.

Monsieur St. Ebremonds way of Stewing Oysters.

Take what quantity you will of the best Oysters to eat raw, open them, putting all their
water with the fish into a Bason. Take out the
Oysters one by one (that you may have them
washed clean in their own water) and lay them
in the dish you intend to Stew them in. Then
let their water run upon them through a fine linnen, that all their soulness may remain behind.

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Then put a good great Lump of Butter to them, which may be (when melted) half as much as their water. Season them with Salt, Nutmeg, and a very few Cloves. Let this boyl smartly, covered, when it is half boyled, put in some Crusts of light French Bread, and boil it on till all be enough, then serve them up.

My Lord of St. Albans's way to Boyl Beef most tender and short.

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Butter

Take a Rump or Brisket of Beef, keep it without Salt as long as you may without danger to have it smell ill; for so it grows mellow and tender, which it would not do if it were presently salted. When it is sufficiently mortifi'd, rub it well with Salt: let it lie so but a day and a night, or at most two nights and a day. Then boyl it in no more water then is necessary, boyl it pretty imartly at first, but afterwards but a simpring or Stewing Boyling, which must continue seven or eight hours. Sometimes he boyls it half over night, and the rest the next morning; If you should not have time to Salt it you may supply that want thus: When the Beef is through boyled , you may put fo much Salt into the Pot as to make the Broth like brine, and . then boil it gently an hour longer; or take out the Beef and put it into a deep dish, and put to it some of his broth made brine, and cover it with another diff, and flew it fo an hour. Hanch of Venilon may be done the same way.

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PRESERVING, CONSERVING, and CANDYING, &c.

Apples in Gelly my Lady Pagets way; set down by

Y Lady Paget makes her fine Preserved IVA Pippins thus: They are done best whem-Pippins are in their prime, for quickness; which is in November. Make your Pippin-water asset strong as you can of the Apples, and that it may be the less boyled, and consequently that paler, put in at first the greatest quantity on pared and quartered Apples the water will bear To every pint of Pippin-Water, add (when you put the Sugar to it) a quarter of a pint on fair Spring-Water that will bear Soap, (0) which fort only you must use) and use half a pound of Sugar, the purest double Refined If you will have much Gelly, two Pippins finely Pared and whole, will be enough; you may put in more, if you will have a greater Proportion of fubstance to the Gelly. Put at first but half the Sugar to the Liquor, for so it will be the paler Boyl the Apples by themselves in fair water witt

with a very little Sugar, to make them tender; then put them into the Liquor, and the rest the other half) of the Sugar with them. Boil them with a quick fire till they be enough, and the Liquor do gelly; and that you fee the Apples look very clear, and as though they were must ransparent. You must put the juice of two Limons and half an Orange to this, in the due time. Every Pippin should be lapped over in broad Pill of Orange; which you must prepare thus: Pare the Orange broad and very thin, and all hanging together; rub it with falt, Prick it, and boyl it in several waters, to take away the bitterness and make it tender. Then the Orange Peels must be Preserved in ordinary manner; and it imports not though they be done many days before the Apples be ready, hand kept in fyrrup. Preserve it by it self with Flufficient quantity of Sugar, when it is throughy done and very tender (which you must cast to do before hand, to be ready when the Apples are ready to be put up) take them out of their Syrup, and lap every Pippin in an Orange-Peel, and put them into a Pot or glass, and pour the Liquor upon them; which will be Gelly ower and about the Apples when all is cold. This Proportion of Liquor, Apples, and Orange-Peels, will take up about three quarters of a pound of Sugar in all. If you would keep them any time, you must put in weight for weight of Sugar to the Linker, torio . will be the lague un B. vi the Apple: by the mic wes it isir water

Sir Kenelms Observation.

I conceive Apple-Johns instead of Pippins; will do better; both for the Gelly and substance and especially at the latter hand of the year; and I like them thin sliced, rather than whole; and the Orange-Peels scattered among them in little pieces or Chips.

My Lady Barclays's Sweet-meat of Apples.

My Lady Barclay makes her fine Apple-gell with flices of John-Apples, sometimes Shipell mingles a few Pippins with the Johns to make the Gelly, but She likes best the Johns singles the and the cooler is paler. First fill the Glass with flices cut round-wife, and then pour the Gelling into it to fill up the vacuities. The Gelly municipal be boiled to a good stiffness, then when it: 19004 ready to take from the fire, put in some juice Limon, and of Oranges if you like it; but the must not boyl, yet it must stand a while upcome the fire slewing in good heat, to have the juice line incorporate and penetrate well. Amber-greating doth well in this Sweet-meat; Gelly and flice of Golden-Pippins, made as of John-Appliant and Pippins are exceeding good.

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Mrs. Marbury the Queens Peferving-Woman, makes her Apples in Gelly thus:

Cut your Apples into quarters (either pared pr unpared) boyl them in a fuff cient quantity of water till it be very strong of the Apples. Take the clear Liquor, and put to it sufficient Sugar to make Gelly, and the flices of Apple; o boyl them all together till the flices be enough and the Liquor Gelly; or you may boil the flies in Apple-liquor without Sugar, and make Gelly of other Liquor, and put the flices into it when it is Gelly, and they be sufficiently boiled. Lither way, you must at the last put some juice Limon to it, and Amber and Musk if you vill. You may do it with halfs or quartered apples, in deep glasses; with store of Gelly aout them. To have these clear, take the piees out of the Gelly they are boiled in with a ice, fo as you may have all the Rags run from nem, and then put neat clean pieces into clear ielly. The other Gelly is as good to eat, and ill ferve as well for glaffes, in which you ftand to much upon the outward beauty.

Dr. Bacon his Syrup of Apples.

and meeting

You may make an Excellent Syrup of Apples us: Slice a douzen or twenty Pippins into in flices; and lay them in a deep Dish S. S. Ith pure double Refined Sugar in powder. Put E e

two or three spoonfuls of water to them, and cover them close with another dish, cuttime their joyning that nothing may expire. There set them into an Oven, and when you take on the Dish, you will have an Excellent Syrup, arm the remaining substance of the Apples will like insipid.

You may proceed with Damsons in the sammanner (or other Plumbs) and you will have excellent stewed Damsons, (as fair as Preserved ones) swimming in a very fine Syrup.

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To make Excellent Marmelade of Pippins.

Take the quickest Pippins when they as newly gathered and are sharp; pare and con and cut them into half quarters, put to the their weight of the finest Sugar in powder. them into the Preserving-Pan, and pour up them as much Fountain Water as will even con them. Boyl them with a quick fire, till by the ing a little upon a plate you find it gellieth wh it is cold; then take it from the fire, and into it a little of the Rinde of Limons rasped ry small, and a little of the yellow Rinde Oranges boiled tender, (casting away the water to correct their bitterness) and cut i narrow flices (as in the Gelly of Pippins) break the Apples with the back of the Pre ving-Spoon whil'st it cooleth. If you like th sharper, you may put in a little Juice of Lim a little before you take the Pan from the

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When it is cold, put it into Pots, this will keep a year or two This is the juice of Apples (strained out of Rasped Apples in such fort as you make Marmelade of Quinces, with the juice of Quinces would not be better than fair water, to boil your Apples and Sugar in.

Gelly of Quinces as it was made by Sr. Kenelms Direction, and the Receipt set down by himself.

The Quinces being very ripe, and having been long gathered, I took twelve Quinces in quarters, and the juice of fixteen others, which made two pound of juice, and I made a strong Decoction of about twenty four others, adding to these twenty four (to make the Decoction the stronger and more slimy) the Coars and Parings of the twelve in quarters, and the Coars and Parings of the twenty four and the Quinces fliced, All these boyled about an hour and half in ten pintes of water, then I strained and pressed out the Decoction, and had between four and five pounds of ftrong Decoction. To the Decoction and Syrup I put three pound of fine Sugar, which being diffolved and fcummed, 1 put in the quarters often turning them, and in near three quarters of an hour it was enough. When it was cold, it was store of firm clear red Gelly, and the quarters very tender and well penetrated with the Sugar. I found by this making that the juice of Quinces is not for good to make Jelly, it maketh is somewhat run ming like Syrup. Preserved

Preserved Quinces made by Sr. Kenelm's Directions and set down by himself.

When I made Quinces with Gelly, I used the first time these proportions, of the Decoctions of Quinces three pound, of Sugar one pound three quarters, flesh of Quinces two pound and half; The second time these, of Decoction two pounds and half, Sugar two pounds and a quarter, of flesh two pounds three quarters. I made: the Decoction by Boyling gently each time fourteen Quinces in a pottle of water, an hour and half, or two hours; fo that the Decoction was very strong of the Quinces. I boyled the parings with all the Substance of the Quinces in thick flices, and part of the Coar (excepting all the kernels) and then let it run through a loofee like Napkin, pressing gently with two plates, that all the Decoction might come out, but be cleaning without any flesh or mash. The first making links intended should be Red, and therefore both the Decoction and the whole were boyled covered This boiled as Take and it proved a fine clear Red. bove an hour, when all was in. The other boil Public led not above half an hour, always uncovered min (as also in making his Decoction) and the Gellatin ly was of a fine pale yellow. I first put in the sur gar upon the fire with the Decoction, and affoom the as it was dissolved, I put in the flesh in quarters and halfs, and turned the pieces of them in the Pan; else the bottom of such as lay long untur ne

ned, would be of a deeper colour than the upper part. The flesh was very tender, and good, I put some of the pieces into Jarr-glasses (carefully, not breaking them) and then poured Gelly upon them; then more pieces, then more Gelly & all having stood a while to cool a little.

Mrs. Marbury the Queens Preserving-Women; Her fine white Gelly of Quinces?

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1 0000 Take Quinces newly from the Tree, wipe them clean, and boyl them whole in a large quantity of water, the more the better, till the Quinces crack and are foft, then press out their Juice hard, but fo, that onely the Liquor run but; but none of the Pap: Take three pound of this strained Liquor being settled, and one pound of fine fugar, and boyl them up to a Jely, with a moderate fire; they may require near an hours boyling to come to a Jelly. The Tryal of that is, to take a tin Plate and wet it with fair water, and drop a little of it upon the wet Plate, if it stick to the Plate, it is not enough; but if it fall off, (when you flope the Plate) with-Dout sticking at all to it, then is it enough: Then but it into flat shallow Tin forms, first melted with cold water, and let it stand in them four or five hours; then reverle the plates that it may shale and fall out, and so put the parcels lup in Boxes.

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White Marmelade of Quinces the Queens way.

Take a pound and a half of flesh of Quincessula sliced, one pound of lugar, and lugar, and lugar is lightly li

The Lady Baths's way of making White Marmes into

Take fix pound of the flesh of Quinces, ancount two pound of sugar, moistened well with the purification of Quinces, Boil these together, first gents ly till the Liquor be swelled out of the Quincess and have dissolved all the Sugar, then very quick and fast proceed as in Sr. Kenelms way, bruin sing the Quinces with a Spoon, &c. till it bo Take enough. This will be very fine and quick in the Taste.

Passe of Quinces with very little Sugar, as the allow were done for Sr. Kenelm Digby.

of Quinces, (when they are pared, coared by and quartered) take but a quarter of a pound combined double. Refined purest Sugar. Do thus: Scallenger your flesh of Quinces in a little of the juice of coared ther Quinces, that they may become tender as

f they were Codled; then beat them in a Morar, to subtil, uniform, smooth Pulp; (which you may pass through a Searse) In the mean ime let your Sugar be dissolved and boyling upon the fire. When it is of a Candy height, put he Pulp of Quince to it, and let it remain a little while upon the fire, till it boyl up one little puff or bubling; and that it is uniformly nixed with the Sugar. You must stir it well all the while, then take it off, and drop it into little Cakes, or put it thin into shallow glasses; which you may afterwards cut into slices. Dry the Cakes and Slices gently, and by degrees in a start stove, turning them often; these will keep all must be year, and are very quick of taste.

To make Excellent Marmalade of red Currans, by
Mrs. Marbury,

Take the Juice of red Currans, and put into it a convenient proportion of entire Currans cleanfed from the Stalks and Buttons at the other end; let these boil a little together. have also ready some sine Sugar boiled to a Candyheight; put to this of Currans at discretion, and boil them together till they be enough; and bruise them with the back of your Spoon, that they may be in consistence of Marmalade; which put in Pots when it is cold. You need not stone the Currans when you put in the Juice, unless you please.

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Excellent Jelly of red Currans.

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Set them over the Fire, that their Juice may fweat out; pressing them all the while with the back of your preserving Spoon, to squeeze out of them all that is good; when you fee all is out, strain the Liquor from them, and let them stand to settle for five hours, that the gross hand Matter may fink to the bottom; then take the pure Clear, and to every Pint of it put three: Change quarters of a pound of fine Sugar, and boil deal them up with a quick Fire till they come to at Porte Jelly-height (which will be in less than a quarter of an hour) which you may try with a drop mid upon a Plate; then take it off, and when it is cold enough, put it into a Glass. You must be: careful to fcum it well in due time : the thicks of a Setling will serve to add to the Marmelade off Cherries, or the like.

To make Jelly of Carrans with the Fruit whole in it.

Boil-four pound of Sugar to a Candy-height, and clarifie it with Whites of Eggs; then put it into five pound (or at discretion) of pure red Currans; boil them together a little while till itt be enough to become Jelly; then put into it a of he good handful or two of whole Currans, cleanfed from the Stalks and black Ends, and boil them a little till they be enough; you need not boil the Juice before you put it to the Sugar; Son but let it be very clear and well-strained, and foum it well whilst it boileth with the Sugar.

To make Marmalade of Cherries.

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Take a pound of fine Sugar to four pound of the best Kentish Cherries, stone them, and put them over a gentle Fire, that they may not boil, but resolve much in Liquor; take out with the Spoon much of the thin Liquor, leaving the Cherries moist enough, but not swimming in clear Liquor; then put to them your Sugar in Powder, and boil it up quick, scumming away the Froth that rifes. When it is well incorporated and clear, strew in a little more of the Sugar, which course will make the Colour the finer; when they are boiled enough, take them off, and brnise them with the back of a Spoon; and when they are cold, put them up in Pots. This will keep well all the Year.

To make a fine Marmelade of Currans with Juice of Raspes and Currans, as Madam Mancy made it for the Queen.

Take three pound of Cherries stoned, half a pound of clear Juice of Rasps, and one pound of the Juice of red Currans, and a pound of fine Sugar; put them altogether into the Preserving-Pan; boil them with a quick Fire, especially at the first; skimming them all the while, as any Scum rifeth. When von find ther of a fit Confistence with a fine clear Jelly, mingled with the Cherries, take them from the Fire, and bruise the Cherries with the Back of your Spoon, and when they are cold, put them in Pots. Peradventure to keep all the year, there may be requisite a little more Sugar. It is a very fine Sweet-meat.

To make Conserve of red Roses Dr. Glisson's way ...

Take a pound of red Rose Leaves (well pickt, and the nails cut off) in about a quart of Springwater, till the Water hath drawn out all the Tincture of the Roses into it self, and that the Leaves be very tender, and look pale, which may be in half an hour, keeping the pot covered while it boileth; then pour the tinctured Liquor from the pale Leaves, pressing it gently, and set it upon the Fire by it self to boil, putting into it four pound of double refin'd Sugar: boil it till it be a high Syrup, very near a Candy height, but not to flake or candy, then put thee Mines pale Rose Leaves into this high Syrup, and prefently take it from the fire, and ftir them exceed ding well together, to mix them uniformly. In you put it into Pots while it is yet throughly the warm, and leave them uncovered some days putting them in the hot Sun or Stove, thereof will grow a fine Candy upon the top, which will be preserve the Conserve without a Paper upon itt The Colour both upon the Rose Leaves, and the Syrup about them, will be exceeding beautiful

ful and red, and the Taste excellent; and the whole Composition very tender and smoothning. and easie to digest in the Stomach, without clogging it, as doth the ordinary rough Conserve, made of raw Roses beaten with Sugar, which is very rough in the Throat. When you have begun a Pot, and have taken some out, you must always keep a Paper lying close upon the Conferve, or else it will be apt to grow mouldy on the top where you have broken the Candy that was upon it. The Conferve of Roses is very good for Colds and Coughs, and for the Lungs; it is also exceeding good for Sharpness and Heat of Urine, and Soreness of the Bladder, eaten much by it felf, or drunk with Milk, or Distilled Waters of Mallows and Plantane, or Milk-water.

Dr. Bacon's Way of making Conserve of Roses.

Take twelve pound of the best Lump or Kitchen-Sugar, boil it with Spring-water, and clarifie it with Whites of Eggs, taking away all the Skum; then boil it to a Syrup, and when it is half boiled, begin to beat your Rose-Leaves, being pick'd, and the white Nails cut off beforehand; put half a pound of them to every pound of Sugar into your Mortar, and beat them well, squeezing into them as you beat them, the Juice of two Limons, which brings out their Colour finely. You must have sinish'd beating your Roses by then the Sugar is come by boiling

boiling to a high Syrup (for if you should let: them he still in the Air but a little while, they lotted would grow black, and of ill colour) then with your Ladle put the Roses to the Sugar, and stir: them well in it, to incorporate all well and uniformly together; let them boil gently, and an interthick foum of the Roses will rise, which your ment must scum off from time to time continually as: it rifes, and referve it in a Pot by it felf; for it: in the will be good hard Sugar of Roses. and may be about an eighth or ninth part of the whole. After it is clear from Scum, and boiled near at town in quarter of an hour, with the Roses in it, andless to that you fee by a drop upon a plate, that is of an work due consistence, take the pan from the fire, andl meter stir all well together, and put it into pots, whom which leave uncovered ten or twelve days, fetting them in the hot Sun all the day long during that time, to give the Roses a fine hard Crust tothe or Candy at the top. If the Sun favour you not, the new you may use a Stove. After twelve days ties Covers of Paper upon the Pots.

Dr. Bacon useth to make a pleasant Julep of this Conserve of Roses, by putting a good spoonful of it into a large drinking-Glass or cup, upon which squeeze the Juice of Limon; work these well together with the Back of a spoon, putting water to it by little and little, till you have filled up the Glass with Spring-water; so drink it. He strains it sometimes, and together with the strains it sometimes, and the strains with st

then it is a beautiful and pleasant Liquor.

o preserve green Walnuts as they are done in France and Germany.

Take green Walnuts when they are of a fit igness to preserve, which is about the beginling or the middle of July; pierce them through hree or four times, and put them in fair water or three or four days, shifting the water twice a lay; then boil them in fresh water for a quarter f an hour; then throw away this water, and bowr fresh boiling water upon them, and boil hem therein till they be tender, but not tinda coo tender; then powr off the Liquor, and to welve pints thereof, take fix pounds of ordinaby brown Sugar; dissolve the Sugar in eleven pints of the water; boil it up and clarifie it with Whites of Eggs; fo foon as it boileth, put n the other pint of water which you kept for that purpose, and as the Whites of the Eggs tife, put them down again; then strain it through an Hypocras Bag, and when it is cold, poil it up to a Syrup. Then flick your Nuts with Cloves and Cinamon, and put them into ayour pot, and when your Syrup is cold, powr it upon them, fo much of it that they may be full covered; and let it stand four and twenty hours, and the Syrup will be very thin, by drawing out the water that was in the Nuts; powr it off, and boil it up again, and when it is cold, pour it upon them again; and when it hath stood four and twenty hours, powr it of, and boil it again

again to its due Confistence; then being colle w powr it on again; and as long as you fee the the Syrup groweth thin, you must still boil

again.

Preserved Walnuts are very Cordial, Pectoria and Stomachal; they strengthen the Stomach, and cause a good Digestion, and are excellent in Flux: and Loofness; they expel Windout of the Stoman and Bowels, and are a most Sovereign Antidoo against the Plague and infectious Air.

To keep Goosberries green and fresh, so that you may make a green Goosberry-Turt at Christmas: and for

Take green Goosberries when they are fun grown, put them fresh gathered without much handling them, into Stone-Bottles; stop them very close, and put store of wax about the Corke then bury the Bottles in the ground, or under heap of Coals in the Cellar, and they will keep fresh and green all the Winter long.

To Preserve Grapes green upon a Vine all the

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Cut a Branch of the Vine, that is full of clin sters of Grapes; close up both ends of the Vine, with store of warm wax; then lay the Vine along upon nails under the Roof of Chamber, and let it remain there with the graped to the upon it, and they will keep green and fresh a the Winter long, without rotting or withering. Min

My Lady Wendibanks Curious Red Marmelade of Quinces.

Take fix pound of flesh of Quinces, and as much pure Sugar, and eight pints of juice; Boyl this up with a quick fire, till you have scummed it; then pull away all the coals, and let it but simper for four or five hours remaining covered, renewing from time to time so little fire, as to cause it so to continue simpring; But assoon as it is scummed, put into it a handfull of Quince-kernels, two Races of Ginger sliced, and fourteen or sifteen Cloves whole; all these put into a Tissany bag tyed fast, when you find that the colour is almost to your mind make a quick fire and boyl it up apace; then throw away the bag with the things in it, and put up your Marmelade, when it is cold enough.

Another by the same Lady.

Put the Quinces pared and sliced into a Pot as above, and to every pound of this sless put about a quarter of a pint of fair water, and put this into a Kettle of boiling water, till you perceive all the Juice is boyled out of the Quinces. Then strain it out, and boyl this Liquor till you perceive it geslieth upon a Plate. Then to every pint of Liquor put a pound of Sugar, and boyl it up to a Gelly, skimming it well, and you will have a pure gelly.

To make a very Beautifull and clear Paste of Apricocks, which tastes most quick of the fruit; from the same Lady.

Take fix pound of Pared and sliced Apricocks, put them into a high pot, which stopiclose, and set it in a Kettle of boyling water, till you perceive the slesh is all become an uniforming Pulp; then put it into your Preserving-pan and boil it gently, till it be thick; stirring it carefully all the while. Then put two pound of pure sugar to it, and mingle it well and let it: boil gently, till you see that it comes to such a thickness and solidity, that it will not stick to a plate. Then make it up into what form you please. In this manner you may make Paste of Rasps and Currans.

To make a Pleasant and Beautiful Sweet-meat of Rasps and Currans.

Boil Rasps in such a Pot, (as in the foregoing Receipt) till they be all come to such a Liquor; then let the clear run through a Strainer, to a pint whereof put a pound of Red Currans, (first stoned and the black ends cut off) and a pound of Sugar. Boil these till the Liquor be gellied, then put it in glasses, it will look like Rubies in clear Gelly. You may do the like with Cherries either stoned and the stalks cut off, or three or four capped upon one stalk, and the stones left in the first, and boiled in Liquor of Rasps.

Phylifick and Althous, it is cles

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COLLECTION

OF

CHOICE RECEIPTS

For Making of

TETHEGLIN, SIDER, CHERRY-WINE, &c.

Very wholsom Drink; and doubtless it is, since all the world consents that Honey is a ecious Substance, being the Choice and Coltion which the Bees make of the most pure, oft delectable, and most odoriferous Parts of ants, more particularly of their Flowers and nits. Metheglin is therefore esteemed to be excellent Pectoral, good against Consumption,

tion, Phthisick and Asthma; it is cleansing and diuretick, good against the Stone and Gravellies it is restorative and strengthening; it comforts and strengthens the Noble parts, and affording good Nourishment, being made Use of by the Healthy, as well as by the Sick.

My worthy Master, that incomparable Sime How Kenelm Digby, being a great Lover of this Drink was so curious in his Researches, that he madded a large Collection of the choicest and best Receipts thereof, which you have here inserted with the Names of the Persons which communicated them to him.

My Lady Hews's Receipt to make White Meadla Month

Take Rosemary, Time, Sweet-bryer, Egrammany, Wood-Bettany, Eie-bright, Scabiussiand of each a like quantity; Roman wormwood each of these a proportion, which is to ever handful of these herbs a fixteenth part of a handful of these latter, steep them a night and a dain in a wooden Bowl of water covered, the need and boyl them very well in another water, the colour be very high, then take another quantity of water and boyl the herbs in it till look green, and so let it boyl three or so times or as long as the Liquor looketh any thinks green; and so let it stand with these herbs in a difference of the look green, and so let it stand with these herbs in a difference of the look green; and so let it stand with these herbs in a difference of the look green.

a day and a night, to every gallon of this water put a quart of pure clear honey, the Liquor being first strained from the herbs, your Liquor if it be ftrong enough will bear an Egg the breadth of three pence above water; when you have put your Honey into the Liquor, you must work and Labour it together a whole day until the Honey be confumed, Then let it stand a whole night in clearing, then put it into a ket-Rultle, and boyl it for one quarter of an hour with the whites and shells of fix Eggs, so strain it clean and let it stand a cooling, then put it into Barrel and take Cloves, Mace, Cinamon, Nutnegs, and beat them together, put them into a innen bag hang'd by a thred in the Barrel, if you will have it work, and you may drink of it presently, take the Whites of two or three eggs fpoonfull of Barm, two spoonfuls of Wheatlower, beat all these together, let it work before you stop it up, then afterwards stop it well with clay and Salt temper'd together, to keep and the longer moift.

theglin, which my Lord of Portland (who gave it to Sr. Kenelm Digby) said was the best he ever drank.

Take Sweet marjorum, Sweet Bryar buds iolet leaves, Strawberry leaves, of each one mandful, and a good handful of Violet flowers; the double ones are the best) broad Time, A 2 Borage,

Borage, Agrimony, of each half a handful; and two or three branches of Rosemary, the seed of Caroway, Coriander, and Fennel, of each two spoonfuls; and three or four blades of large por Mace. Boyl all these in eight gallons of rurn man ning water, three quarters of an hour, the hour strain it, and when it is but bloud warm, put it was as much of the best Honey as will make the L. with quor bear an Egg the breadth of fix pence abowlahin the water. Then boyl it again as long as amond Scum will rife. Then fet it abroad a coolings Time and when it is almost cold, put in half a pintt forthe of good Ale-barm, and when it hath wroughting til you perceive the Barm to fall, then Tun it is hold and let it work in the Barrel til the barm less time veth rifing, filling it up every day with forming of the same liquor. When you stop it up, pulder in a bag with one Nutmeg fliced, a little who Cloves and Mace, a stick of Cinamon broken pieces, and a grain of good Musk.

You may make this a little before Michael moloit

mas, and it will be fit to drink at Lent.

My Lady Grovers Receipt to make white Men which is very Excellent.

of Virgin honey, let the water be warm before you put in the honey, and then put in the whites of three or four Eggs well beaten make the scum rise, when the honey is throughly melted and ready to boyl put in an Egg will be a second to be a secon

the shell softly, and when the Egg riseth above the water to the bigness of a groat in fight, it is strong enough of the honey, the Egg will quickly be hard and so will not rise, therefore you must put in another if the first do not rise to your fight, you must put in more water and honey proportionable to the first, because of wasteing away in the boyling, it must boyl near an hour, you may if you please boyl in it a little bundle of Rolemary, Sweet Marjorum, and Time, and when it taftes to your liking, take it forth again, many do put sweet Bryar berries which is held very good; when your Mead Inthis boyled enough, take it off the fire, and put me it into a Kive, when it is bloud warm, put in fome Ale barm to make it work, and cover it close with a blanket; in the working the next morning Tun it up, and if you please put in a mathag with a little Ginger, and a little Nutmeg bruised, and when it hath done working stop it Manuap close for a month, and then Bottle it.

Dr Floyds Receipt to make Methaglin which is highly Commended.

11/1/1

Take Spring water and boyl it with Rosematy, Sage, Sweet margerum, Baum and Sassein Fras, until it hath boyl'd three or four hours,
the quantity of herbs is a handful of them all to
the gallon of water, of each a like proportion,
and when it is boyled, set it to cool and settle
antil the next day; then strain your water and

A 3

mix

mix it with honey, until it will bear an Egg that breadth of a groat above the water, then fet il over the fire to boyl, take the Whites of twents or thirty Eggs, and beat them mightily; and when it boyls pour them in at twice, ftir it well put together, and then let it frand until it boyls as well pace before you fourn it, and then fourn it well the and then take it off the fire, and pour it in earr Com then things to cool, and when it is cold, put to it five or fix spoonfuls of the best yeast of All lin you can get, ftir it together and then every dan qual foum it with a bundle of feathers, until it hat !! done working; then Tun it up in a Cask than the Sack was in, and to every fix gallons of Methege nich lin one pinte of Agus vite or a quart of Sack: pint and a quarter of a pound of ginger fliced, witil afen two or three Limons and Orange-peals in a bage will to hang in it.

When this Lady made this Meade, She used our to make a Rundlet of ten or twelve gallons at time, to which the Whites of Eggs above-naa Honn

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med, was a fit proportion.

My Lady Salisburies Receipt to make Meath.

Take to fix quarts of water a quart of the adm best Honey, and put it on the Fire, and stiri till the Honey is melted, and boil it well as long as any fcum rifes, and now and then put in form cold water, it makes the foum rife clear off and keep your Kettle up as full as you put it on when it is boiled enough, about half an hour heford

for making Wetheglin, &c.

before you take it off, then take a quantity of Ginger fliced, and well scraped first, and a good quantity of Rosemary, and boil both together; for the Rosemary and Ginger, put in to please your own Taste, more or less; and when you take it off the Fire, strain it into your Vessel, either into a well seasoned Tub, or a great Cream-pot, and the next Morning when it is cold, powr it softly the Top from the Setlings, into another Vessel, and then some little quantity of the best Ale-Barm to it you can get, and cover it with a thick Cloath over it in the Summer, and the Winter it will be longer ripening, keep it warmer covered, in a close place; and when you go to Bottle it, take with a Feather all the Barm off, and put it into your Bottles, and stop it close up; in ten days you may drink it; and if you think fix quarts of water be too much, and would have it stronger, then put in a greater quantity of Honey.

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My Lord Gorge his Mead.

Take a sufficient quantity of Rain-water, and boil in it the Tops of Rosemary, Eglantine, Betony, Strawberry Leaves, Wall-Flowers, Borage and Bugloss; of each a handful, a sprig of Bays, and two or three of Sage; then take it off the Fire, and put a whole raw Egg in it, and powr in so much Honey till the Egg rise up to the Top; then boil it again, scumming it very

very well, and so let it cool; them Tun it up, and put Barm to it, that it may ferment well; then stop it up, and hang in it such Spices as you like best: it will not be right to drink under three or four Months.

The Lady Vernon's White Metheglin.

Take three gallons of water (Rain-water is best) boil in it broad Thyme, Rosemary, Peniroyal, Muscovy, of each three handful; then put it into a Stone-pan to cool, and strain away the Herbs, and when it is cold, put in a quart of Honey, and mix it very well; then put to it one Nutmeg, and a little Cinamon, Cloves and Ginger, fome Orange and Limon Peels; then boil it very well, and fcum it very well. while any will rife; then put in your Spices, and try with a new laid Egg, and the stronger it is, the longer you may keep it; and if you will drink it presently, put it up in Bottles, and rub the Corks with Yeast that it may touch it, and it will be ready in three or four days to drink , and if you make it in the Spring, put no Spices but Cloves and Cinamon, and add Violets, Marigolds, Cowslips and Gillislowers, and be fure to stop your Vessel close with Cork, and to this put no Yeast, for the Gillislowers will set it to work.

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My Lady Gargrave's Metheglin.

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Take a Gallon of Honey, put to that four allons of Water; stir them well together, and oil them in a Kettle till a gallon be wasted; thich boiling and scumming, then put that in a Vessel to cool; when that is almost as cold as Ale-wort, then clear it out into another Vessel; then put Barm upon it as you do to your te, and so let it work, and then Tun it up in a Vessel, and put into it a Bag with Ginger, loves and Cinamon bruised a little, and so ang the Bag in the Vessel, and stop it up very ofe; and when it hath stood a month or six eeks, bottle it up, and so drink it.

My Lady used to put a little Limon peel into me of her Metheglin, for those that liked that afte; which most persons did very much.

My Lord Herbert's Receipt to make Metheglin.

Take fair water and the best Honey, beat em well together, but not in a wooden Vessel; r wood drinks up the Honey; put it together a Kettle, and try it with a new-laid Egg, nich will swim at the top if it be very strong; t if it bobb up and sink again, it will be too ak; boil it an hour, and put into it a bundle Herbs, what fort you like best, and a little g of Spice, of Nutmeg, Ginger, Cloves and ace, and Cinamon; scum it well all the while

off, and put it into earthen Pans, and so let stand till next day; then powr off all the cleared of it into a good Vessel that hath had Sack in it or white Wine: hang the Bag of Spice in it and so let it stand very close stopt, and we fill'd, for a month or longer; then if you desire to drink it quickly, you may bottle it up, if be strong of the Honey, you may keep it: weak, drink it in two or thrown of water very strong; a spring or two of Rossel mary, Thyme and Marjoram are the Herbs through should go into it.

My Lady Pooley's Receipt to make Metheglini

Take eight gallons of water, fet it oventile clear fire in a Kettle, and when it is warm, potto into it sixteeen pound of very good Honey, and stir it well together till it be well mixed, and the when it boileth, take off the Scum, and putting two large Nutmegs cut in quarters, and fo it boil at least an hour; then take it off, and prime into it two good handfuls of grinded Malt, and the with a white staff keep beating it together till be almost cold, then strain it through a had they Sieve into a Tub, and put to it a wine-pint: Ale-yeast, and stir it very well together; and when it is cold, you may if you please, Turning up presently into a Vessel fit for it; or else it stand and work a day; and when it hath death works

working in your Vessel; stop it up very close; twill be three weeks or a month before it be muready to drink.

My Lady Roberts her Receipt to make white Me-

you dal Take Rosemary, Thyme, sweet Briar, Penmiroyal, Bayes, of each a handful; steep them on the four and twenty hours in a Bowl of fair water, reprovered close; the next day boil them very well in another water till the colour be very high; then take another water, and boil the fame Herbs in it till it look green, and so boil them in feveral waters till they do but just thange the colour of the water; then it must tand four and twenty hours with the Herbs in t: the Liquor being strained from them, you must put in as much fine Honey till it will bear an Egg; you must work and labour the Honey with the Liquor a whole day till the Honey be confumed; let it stand a Nighta clearing; in the Morning put your Liquor a boiling for a quarter of an hour with the whites and shells of x Eggs, so strain it through a Bag, and let it land a day a cooling, fo Tun it up, and put into the Vessel in a Linnen Bag Cloves, Mace, Cihamon, and Nutmegs bruifed all together; if you will have it to drink prefently, take the whites of two or three Eggs, a spoonful of Barm, a spoonful of wheaten Flower; then let t work before you stop it, afterwards stop it well with Clay and Salt. My

My Lady Mary Astons Receipt to make Metheglin

Take five gallons of water, and to that take one gallon of good white Honey, then fet it on the fire together, and boil it very well, and feum it very clean; then take it of the fire and fet it by; then take fix ounces of good of Nutmegs, bruife all these grossy, and purthem into your hot Liquor, and cover it close and so let it stand until it be cold; then put a much Ale-barm to it as will make it work, then keep it in a warm place, as you do Ale, and when it hath wrought well, Tun it up as you do Ale of it at your pleasure.

The Countess of Cork's Receipt to make white Mead.

Take fix gallons of water, and put in find quarts of Honey, stirring it till the Honey beet throughly melted; then set it over the fire, and when it is ready to boil, scum it clean, then put in a quarter of a ounce of Mace, so much Ginger, half an ounce of Nutmegs, sweet Marjor ram, broad Thyme, and sweet Briar, of all together a handful, and boil them well therein then set it by till it be throughly cold, and Barrel it up, and keep it till it be ripe.

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Take

to make

Another from the Same Lady.

To every gallon of water take a quart of Honey, and to every five gallons a handful of fweet Marjoram, half a handful of flic'd Ginger, boil all these moderately three quarters of an hour; then let it stand and cool, and being lukewarm, put to every five gallons about three quarts of Yeast, and let it work a Night and a Day, then take off the Yeast, and strain it into a Rundlet, and when it has done working, then stop it up, and so let it remain a month; then drawing it out into Bottles, put into every Bottle two or three stoned Raisons, and a Lump of Loast-Sugar; it may be drunk in two months.

My Lady Fortescu's Receipt to make Metheglin.

Take as many gallons of water as you intend to make of Meath, and to every gallon put a quart of Honey, and let it boil till it bear an Egg: To every gallon you allow the white of an Egg, which white you must remove and break with your hand, and put into the Kettle before you put it over the Fire: before it boils, there will arise a seum, which must be scummed off very clean as it rises: Put to every gallon two Nutmegs sliced, and when it hath boiled enough, take it off, and set it a cooling in clean Wort-Vessels, and when it is as cold as Wort, put in a little Barm, and work it like Beer, and when

when it hath done working, stop it up, am let it stand two months.

My Lady Gerrard's Mead.

My Lady Gerrard makes her Mead with a line tle Rosemary and sweet Marjoram, but a large many quantity of Bryar-Leaves, and a reasonability proportion of Ginger. Boil these in the Lique Gue when it is fourmed, and work it in due time! with a little Barm, then Tun it in a Vesse and draw it into Bottles after it is sufficient ferled. Whites of Eggs with the shells beater with together, do clarifie Mead best, and leave a better nignity in it, as my Lady Fortescue (Wintour Inta conceiveth. If you will have your Mead cool though ing, use Violet and Strawberry Leaves, Agrida mony, Eglantine, and the like, adding Boragon and Bugloss, and a little Rosemary and sweethers Marjoram to give it Vigor. Tartar makes work well.

To make Metheglin my Lady Willoughby's war lab

Take four gallons of running water, and body it a quarter of an hour, and put it in an earthed the Vessel, and let it stand all Night, then nerotated day only take the water, and leave the Setlinder at the bottom, so put the Honey in a thin bay and work it in the water till all the Honey dissolved; take to four gallons of water on gallon of Honey; then put in an Egg, if the Honey

Honey be good, that it be strong enough, the Egg will part of it appear on the top of the Liquor, if it do not, put more Honey in it till it do; then take out the Egg, and let the Liquor stand till next morning; then take two ounces of Ginger, and flice it, and pare it, some Rosemary washed and stripped from the stalk, dry it very well; the next day put the Rosemary and Ginger into the Drink, and fo fet it on the fire; when it is almost ready to boil, take the Whites well beaten of three Eggs with the shells, and put all into the Liquor, and stir it about, and foum it well till it be clear; be fure you foum not off the Rosemary and the Ginger; then take it off the fire, and scum it, let it run through a hair fieve, and when you have strainpied it, pick the Rosemary and the Ginger out of the Strainer, and put it into the Drink, and throw away the Egg-shells, and so let it stand all night; the next day Tun it up in a Barrel, be fure the Barrel be not too big; then take a little Flower, and a little Bran, and the white of an Egg, and beat them well together, and but them into a Barrel on the top of the Meheglin after it is Tunn'd up, and so let it stand ill it has done working, then hoop and stop it p as close as is possible, and so let it stand fix feven weeks; then draw it out and bottle it; ou must tie down the Corks, and set the Botles in Sand five or fix weeks, and then drink it.

To make Meath or Mead the Lady Say's way.

Honey be good;

Take to every gallon of water a quart off Honey, and set it over a clear fire, and when itt is ready to boil, scum it very clear; then takes The two handfuls of fweet Marjoram, as much Rofe mary, and as much Bawm, and two handfuls on the many Asparagus roots, slice them in the middle and take out the Pith, wash and scrape them my very clean, and put them with your Herbs into your Liquor; then take two ounces of Gingerrand one of Nutmegs, and half an ounce co Mace, bruise them, and put them in, and lee it boil until it is fo strong that it will bear as her Egg; then let it cool, and being cold, put il three or four spoonfuls of Ale-yeast, and ill foum it well, and put it into a Rundlet, am it will work like Ale, and having done worn ing, stop it up close as you do new Beer, and lay Salt upon it.

Mrs. Conquests Receipt to make Metheglin.

In every three gallons of water, boyl Rossessam, Liverwort, Baum, of each half a handful, and Cowslips two handfuls, when the water hath sufficiently drawn out the vertue of the herbs, pour all into a Tub, and let it stand a night, then strain it, and to every three gallons of the clear liquor (or two and a half, and to every three gallons of the clear liquor (or two and a half, and to every three gallons of the clear liquor (or two and a half, and to every three gallons of the clear liquor (or two and a half, and to every three gallons of the clear liquor (or two and a half, and to every three gallons of the clear liquor (or two and a half, and to every three gallons of the clear liquor (or two and a half, and to every three gallons of the clear liquor (or two and a half, and to every three gallons of the clear liquor (or two and a half, and to every three gallons of the clear liquor (or two and a half, and to every three gallons of the clear liquor (or two and a half, and to every three gallons of the clear liquor (or two and a half, and to every three gallons of the clear liquor (or two and a half, and to every three gallons of the clear liquor (or two and a half, and to every three gallons of the clear liquor (or two and a half, and to every three gallons of the clear liquor (or two and a half, and to every three gallons of the clear liquor (or two and a half, and to every three gallons of the clear liquor (or two and a half, and to every three gallons of the clear liquor (or two and a half, and to every three gallons of the clear liquor (or two and a half, and to every three gallons of the clear liquor (or two and a half, and to every three gallons of the clear liquor (or two and a half, and to every three gallons of the clear liquor (or two and a half, and to every three gallons of the clear liquor (or two and a half, and to every three gallons of the clear liquor (or two and a half, and the clear liquor (or two and a half).

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on of Honey, and boyl it til it bear an Egg, cumming it til no more scum will rise, which o make rise the better, put in now and then a ottinger sull of cold water, then pour it into Tub, and let it stand to cool til it be bloudarm; and then put by degrees a pint of Aleast to it to make it work, so let it stand three ays very close covered. Then Scum of the not up close til it have done hissing. Then ther stop it very close if you will keep it in the sarrel, or draw it into Bottles.

Put into this proportion Ginger sliced, Nutegs broken of each one ounce, Cinamon bruid half an ounce in a bag, which hang in the

ung with a Stone in it to make it fink.

Sometimes She addeth two handfuls of fweet yar leaves, and one of Bettony to this pro-

To make Sr. William Pastons's Meade.

Take ten gallons of Spring-water, and put erein ten pintes of the best honey, let this yl half an hour and scum it very well, then tin one handful of Rosemary, and as much y-leaves, with a little Limon-peel, Boyl this fan hour longer, then take it off the fire and t it into a clean Tub, and when it is cool ork it up with yeast as you do Beer. When is wrought put it into your Vessel, and stop it

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very close; within three days you may Bottle: it, and in ten days after it will be fit to drink.

White Mead as it was made for Kenelm Digby, by his Direction.

Boyl what quantity of Spring water your please three or four walms, and then let it set—tle twenty four hours, and pour the clear from

the fetling.

Take fixteen gallons of the clear, and boyl im it ten handful of Eglantine Leaves, five of Liver-wort, five of Scabious, four of Baum, four of Rosemary, two of Bay-Leaves, one of Thyme, and one of Sweet Marjoram, and five Eringon Roots splitted, if you can get them; when thee water hath drawn out the vertue of the herbs (which it will do in half an hours boyling) let it run through a strainer or sieve, and let it set tle fo that you may pour the Clear from the Dregs. To every three gallons of the clear. take one of pure Honey, and with clean Arms stripped up, layd it for two or three hours to diffolve the honey in the water, lade it twice on thrice that day. The next day boyl it very gently to make the fcum rife, and fcum it all the while, and now and then pour to it a Ladle full of cold water, which will make the fcum rifl more; when it is very clear from fcum, you may boyl it the more strongly, til it bear an egg very high, that the breadth of a groat be out of the water, and that it boyl high with great walmess

almes, in the middle of the Kettle. (which oyling with great Bubbles in the middle, is a gn it is boyled to its height) Then let it cool Il it be Luke-warm, at which time put some le-yeast into it to make it Work as you would o Ale; and then put it up into a fit Barrel rst seasoned with some good sweet White wine as Canary Sack) and keep the Bung open til have done Working, filling it up with some uch honey-drink warmed, as you find it funk lown by working over. When it hath almost lone working, put into it a bagg of thin stuff, fuch as Bakers use to Bolt in) fastned by a Cord at the Bung containing two parts of Giner fliced, and one a piece of Cinamon, Cloves, nd Nutmegs, with a pebble stone in it to make fink, and stop it up close for fix months or a ear, and then you may draw it into Bottles. Fyou like Cardamum feeds you may add some If them to the Spices. Some do like Mint exeedingly to be added to the other herbs.

If you will have it stronger, put but two

allons and a half of water to one of honey.

You may use what Herbs or Roots you please ither for their taste or vertue; after the maner here set down.

If you make it work with yeast, you must ave great care to draw it into Bottles soon after it hath done working, as after a fortnight or three weeks: for that will make it soon row stale, and it will thence grow sowr and ead before you are aware, But if it work singly

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of it felf, and by help of the Sun without admixtion of other Leaven or yeast, it may be kept long in the Barrel so it be filled up to the

top, and kept very close stopt.

I conceive it will be exceeding good thus: Then you have a strong honey Liquor of three: The arts of water to one of honey, well boyed and scummed, put into it (as soon as your ake it from the fire) fome Clove-gilliflowers; W. I. first wiped and all the whites clipped off, one: good handful or two to every gallon of Liquor ... Let these infuse thirty or forty hours: then Strain it from the flowers; and either work it: 18 HOOF with yeast or set it in the Sun to Work: when itt hath almost done working, put into it a bag off like Gilliflowers (and if they be duly dryed, II think they are the better) hanging in it at the Bung. I conceive that bitter and strong herbs as Rosemary, Bays, Sweet marjorum, Thyme, and the like, do conserve Mead the better and longer; being as it were instead of Hops. Butt hall neither must they no more then Clove-gillislowers, be too much boyled; for the volatile pure then Spirit flies away very quickly: therefore rather infule them. Beware of Infuling Gillislowers in any Vessel of Metal (excepting silver) for all metals will spoyl and dead their colour. Glazed earth is best.

My Lady Dormers Receipt to make Metheglin.

Take four Gallons of water, and one of Hodivine ey; boyl it and skim it; then put into it Lier wort, Harts-tongue, Wild-carrot, and Yarand Dw, a little Rosemary and Bays, one Parslynot, and a Fennel-Root: let them boyl an
and Dur altogether, you may hang a little bag of
Dice in it if you please: when it is cold, put a
state Barm to it, and let it work like Beer.
The Roots must be scraped, and the Pith taken
the Roots must be scraped, and the Pith taken

My Lady Morrices Receipt for Mead.

My Lady Morrice makes her Mead thus: yl first your water with your herbs, Those e likes best, are Angelica, Baum, Borage, da little Rosemary (Spirit of Myrrh; if the te here be good) (not half fo much as of any the rest) a handfull of all together to two or ee gallons of water. After about half an ars Boyling, let the water run through a siner (to sever the herbs from it) into oden or earthen Vessels, and let it cool and tle. To three parts of the clear put one (or re) of Honey, and boyl it til it bear an g, leaving as broad as a shilling out of the ter, skimming it very well, Then pour it into Vessels as before, and next day when is almost quite cold pour it into a Sack-Cask wherein

wherein you have first put a little fresh Ales poor yeast, about two spoonfuls to ten gallons, hangeand in it a bag with a little sliced Ginger, but all stell most a pottinger full of Cloves, cover the bunger lightly til it have done working, then stop it up that close. You may keep and draw it a year or two green after. It is excellent good.

Her Sister makes Hers thus.

Distolve your Honey in the water til it bear to will rethan Egg higher or lower according to the strength you will have it of, then put into il was no fome Sea-wormwood, and a little Rofemary like and a little Sage; about two good handfuls com all together to ten gallons: when it hath boyy that led enough to take the vertue of the herbs, skirt them out, and strew a handful or two of fim wheat flower upon the boyling Liquor. will draw all the Dregs to it, and fwim at th top, fo that you may skim all off together; am Take this She holdeth the best way of clarifying this Liquor, and making it look pale. Then pour it into Vessels as above to cool, let it stand three Gard days, then Tun it up into a Sack Cask, with out yeaft or Spice, and keep it stopped til work; then let it be open til it have done wo king, filling it up still with other honey drin with Then ftop it up close for a year or two; you man in the at first stop it so that the strong working made throw out the stopple, and yet keep it close it it work strongly. She faith that fuch a sime proportio

Sugar ;

proportion of Wormwood, giveth it a fine quick talte, and a pale colour with an eye of green. The Wormwood must not be so much as to difcern any the least bitterness in the taste; but that the composition of it with the honey may give a quickness. The Rosemary and the Sage, must be a great deal less than the Wormwood; Cometimes She stops it up as close as soon as she hath Tunned it, and lets it remain fo for three months. Then pierce it, and draw it into Bottles; which ftop well and tye down the stoppels; this will keep fo a long time. She useth this way most, It makes the Mead drink exceeding quick and pleasant, when you pierce the Cask it will fly our with exceeding force; and be ready to throw out the stopper and Spiggot.

My Lady Shanons Receipt to make the best White-mead.

Take to every Gallon of water a quart of Honey, and to every five gallons a handful of Sweet Marjoram, and half a handful of sliced Ginger, boyl these moderately three quarters of the hour, then let it stand and cool, and being Luke-warm, put to every five gallons about three quarts of yeast, and let it work a night hand a day, then take off the yeast, and strain it into a Rundlet, and when it hath done working top it up, so let it remain a month; then draw tout into Bottles, and put in every Bottle two hour three sliced Raisons, and a Lump of Loaf-

Sugar; it may be drunk in two months, your must let the water boyl before you put in the honey, Sweet Marjorum or Ginger.

My Lady Lusson's Receipt to make Mead.

Take four gallons of water, two quarts of Honey, two ounces of Ginger, one ounce of Nutmegs, a good handful of Rosemary tops, and a like handful of Bay-Leaves, two ounces of dryed Orange Rinde or Peels. Boylall these til it be so strong as will bear an Egg and not sink: When it is so far cooled as new milk from a Cow, Work it up with yeast or barm during twenty four hours, and then Barrel it up: And after three months you may Bottle it up at your pleasure.

As you desire a greater quantity of the Drink you must augment the Ingredients accor-

ding to the proportions above recited.

My Lady Bridges her white Metheglin.

To three Gallons of Spring-water take three quarts of Honey, and set it over the fire till the Scum arise pretty thick; then take off the Scum, and put in Thyme, Rosemary, and Maidenhair, of each one handful, and two handfuls of Eglantine Leaves, if you can have them, and half a handful of Organe. The Spices, Ginger, Nutmegs, Cinamon, and a little Mace; and boil all these together near half an hour; then

then take it from the fire, and let it stand till it be cold, and then strain it, and so Tun it up, and stop it close; the longer you keep it, the better.

Sir John Arundel's Receipt to make white Mend.

. Take three gallons of Honey, and twelve gallons of water, mix the Honey and water together till you think the Honey is dissolved; so et it stand twelve hours, then put in a new-laid Egg, if the Liquor bears the Egg, that ye see the readth of a groat upon the Egg dry, you may et it over the fire, if it does not bear the Egg hus, you must add a quart or three pints more If Honey to the rest, and then put it over the re, and let it boil gently till you have scumned it very clean, and clarified it as you would d Sugar with three whites of new-laid Eggs; vten it is thus made, clean them from all Scum, et it boil a full hour till the fourth part is wahed; then take it off the fire, and let it stand Ill the next day, then put it into your Vessel; then it has been in the Barrel five or fix days, ake a white Toast, and dip it in all yeast, so but the Toast into the Barrel, and let it work; then it has done working, stop it up very close, his will keep three quarters of a year, and you ay drink it within half a year; if you pleafe, bu may add in the boiling what Herbs you like e Taste of, or what is Physical.

My Lord Hollis Way to make Hydromel.

In four parts of Spring-water dissolve one part of Honey, or fo much as the Liquor will bear an Egg boyant to the breadth of a Groat ; then boil it very well, and let all the Scum be: 1200 taken away; he addeth nothing to it but a small my proportion of Ginger fliced; of which he putteth half to boil in the Liquor after all the Scum is gone, and the other half he putteth into all Bag, and hangeth in the Bung when it is tunn'd. The Ginger must be very little, not so much ass to make the Liquor tast strongly of it, but to quicken it. I should like to add a little propor- 14, a tion of Rosemary, and a greater of sweet-Briarr Leaves in the boyling; as also, to put into the Barrel a Toast of white Bread with Mustard, to make it work : he puts nothing to it, but its the own strength in time makes it work of it felf. the It is good to drink after a year.

Morello Wine.

To half an Aeme of white Wine take twenty pounds of Morello Cherries, the Stalks being first plucked off; bruise the Cherries, and break the Stones. Powr into the Wine the Juice that comes out from the Cherries, but put all the folid Substance of them into a long Bag of Boulter Cloath, and hang it in the Wine at the Bung, fo that it lie not in the bottom, but only reach!

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to touch it; and therefore naple it down at the mouth of the Bung; then stop it close; for variety, you may put some clear Juice alone of Cherries (but drawn from a larger proportion of Cherries) into another parcel of Wine. To either of them, if you will aromatize the Drink, take to this quantity two ounces of Cinamon grofly broken and bruifed, and put it in a little Bag at the Spigot, that all the Wine you draw may run through the Cinamon.

You must be careful in bruising the Cherries, and breaking the Stones; for if you do all at once, the Liquor will sparkle about; but you must first bruise the Cherries gently in a Mortar, and rub through a Sieve all that will pass, and strain the residue hard through your hands; then beat the remaining hard mark fo strongly as may break all the Stones; then put all together, and frain the Clear through a fubtil Strainer, and put the Solid or Substance into the Bag

to hang in the Wine.

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Currans Wine to cool the Liver, and cleanse the Blood.

Take a pound of the best Currans clean picked, and powr upon them in a deep strait-mouth'd earthen Vessel six pounds or pints of hot water, in which you have dissolved three spoonfuls of the purest and newest Ale-yeast; stop it very close till it ferment, then give such vent as is necessary, and keep it warm for about three days,

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days, it will work and ferment. Taste it after two days, to see if it be grown to your liking; assoon as you find it so, let it run through a strainer to leave behind all the exhausted Currans and the Yeast; and so bottle it up; it will be exceeding quick and pleasant, and is admirable good to cool the Liver, and cleanse the Blood; it will be ready to drink in five or six days after it is Bottled; and you may safely drink large draughts of it.

Mrs. Evelin's Way of making Cherry-Wine.

Take twenty four pound of the best ripe Cherries; bruife them well, that all their Juice may iffue forth (if you also break the Stones, the Wine will have a bitterness, not ungrateful) let them continue fo to ferment twelve hours (which will give the Wine a deep colour, by fermenting upon the skins) then let them run through an Hippocrass or gelly-bag, putting the whole Mash into the Bag. In the Vessel that the Liquor runneth into, put one pound of the best double refined Loaf Sugar in fubtil Powder; which will be melted by the Liquor; then put it into Bottles, filling them up above half way their necks, within a good inch of the Corks. This will keep a year or more, and be exceeding pleasant and stomachal, and will have no dregs in it, and be of a pure deep Claret colour; multiply this quantity, keeping the proportion of Sugar, as much as you will. This quantity Will

will make about fix quarts of Wine. It is the running through the Bag that makes it so clear. I should like to put it into Barrels after it is bien cuve, to let it ferment more there. I think less Sugar would serve the turn.

The Lady Newport makes it near after the fame manner; but she first picks the stones as well as the stalks from the Cherries, then breaks them very well with Hands or a Ladle, and after twelve hours fermenting together, strains them through a Napkin, wringing it very well, to press all out that can come, which she putteth into Barrels to ferment with Sugar; and after a long time setling, draws it into Bottles; it will draw well to the last if you drink it out of the Barrel without Botling.

Mrs. Marbury's Receipt to make Syder.

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Take a peck of Apples and flice them, and Boyl them in a Barrel of water, til the third part be wasted; then cool your water as you do for wort, when it is cooled you must pour the water upon three measures of grownd Apples; then drayn out the water at a Tap three or four times a day, for three days together; then press out the Liquor, and Tun it up; when it hath done Working then stop it up tlose.

Sr. Paul Neals Way of making Syder.

The best Apples make the best Syder; as Pearmains, Pippins, Golden-pippins, and the like; Codlins make the finest Syder of all, (they must be ripe when you make Syder of them and is in prime in the Summer Season, when no other Syder is good: but lasteth not long, not beyond Autumn. The Foundation of Ma-king perfect Syder, confifteth in not having itt work much, scarce ever at all; but at least no fecond time; which ordinary Syder doth often upon Change of Weather, and upon Motion, and upon every working it grows harder. Do then thus: Chuse good Apples, Red-streak are: the best for Syder to keep, Gennet-Moils the next, then Pippins, let them lye about three weeks after they are Gathered; then stamp and strain them in the ordinary way into a woodern Fat that hath a Spiggot, three or four fingers breadth above the pottom. Cover the Fat with fome hair or Sack-cloath, to fecure it from any thing to fall in, and to keep in some of the Spirits, so to preserve it from dying; but not see much as to make it ferment. When the juice hath been there twelve hours, draw it by the Spiggot (the Fat inclining that way, as if in were a little Tilted) into a barrel; which mul not be full by about two fingers, leave the bung open for the ayr to come in upon a Superficies all along the Barrel, to hinder it from Fermenting; bul

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but not so Large a Superficies as to endanger dying, by the ayrs depredating too many Spirits from it: the drift in both these setlings is, that the groffer parts confisting of the substance of the Apple, may fettle to the bottom and be fevered from the Liquor; for it is that which makes it Work again (upon motion or Change of Weather) and spoyls it. After twenty four hours draw off it, to fee if it be clear by the fetling of all the dregs, above which the spigot must be. If it be not clear enough, draw it from the thick dregs into another Vessel; and let it settle there twenty four hours. This Vesfel must be less than the first, because you draw not all out of the first. If then it should not be clear enough, draw it into a third, yet lesser than the fecond, but usually it is at the first. When it is clear enough draw it into Bottles; filling them within two fingers, which stop close; After two or three days visit them, that if there be danger of their Working (which would break the Bottles) you may take out the stopples, and let them stand open for half a quarter of an hour, then stop them close, and they are fecure for ever after. In cold freezing weather fet them upon hay, and cover them over with hay or straw. In open weather, in winter, transpose them to any other part of the Cellar to stand upon the bare ground or pavement. In hot weather fet them in Sand. The Syder of Apples of the last Season as Pippins, not Pearmains, (not Codlins) will Last til the Summer grow hot, though this never Work, it is not of the nature of stummed wine, because the naughty dregs are not lest init.

Mr. Web's way of Making Bragot.

He takes the first Running of strong Ale, and boyls a less proportion of honey in it then when he makes his ordinary Mead, but double or treble as much Spice and herbs. As for example, to twenty gallons of the strong Wort, he puts eight or ten pound (according as your taste liketh more or less honey) but at least treble as many herbs and treble as much Spice as would ferve fuch a quantity of small Meade (for to a stronger Mead, you put a greater proportion of herbs and Spice, then to a small; by reason that you must keep it a longer time before you drink it; and the length of time mellows and tames the taste of the herbs and Spice) and when it is Tunned in the Vessel (after Working with the Barm) you may hang in it a bag of bruised Spices (rather more then you boyled in it) which is to hang in the Barrel all the while you draw It.

He makes also Mead with the second weak Running of the Ale, and to this he useth the same proportions of Honey, Herbs, and Spice, as for his small Mead of pure water; and useth the same manner of boyling, working with yeast, and all other circumstances as in making of that.

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