The potable balsome of life. Being a collection of the choicest preservatives ... within the three natural families of minerals, vegetables and animals, reduced into such essences and tinctures by the scientifick art of chymie, which constitute a radical and cordial balsamick liquor ... By which the bodies which are in health may be preserved, the growth of distempers intercepted, and diseases already confirmed, totally erradicated / [P. Belon].

Contributors

Belon, P. (Peter)

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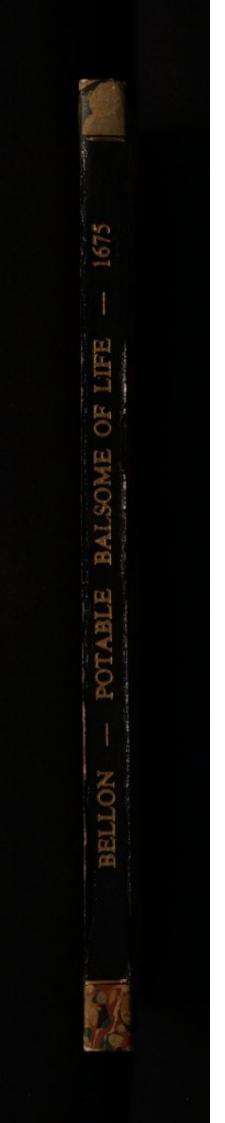
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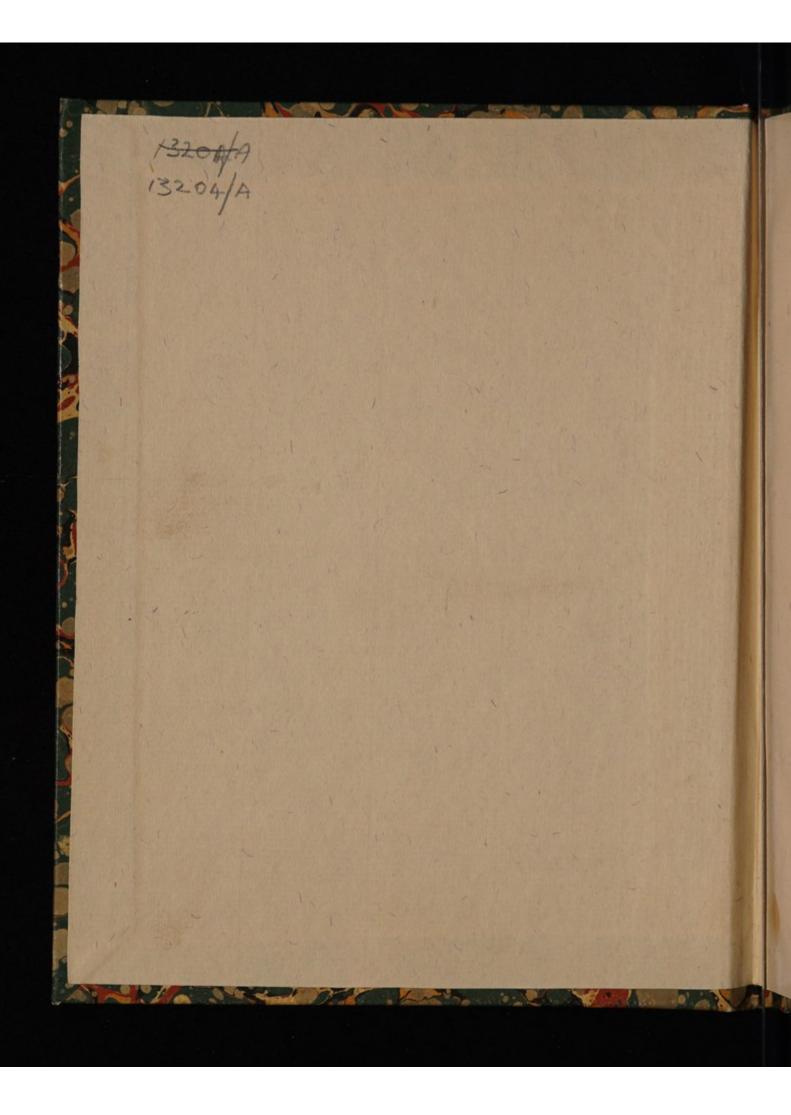


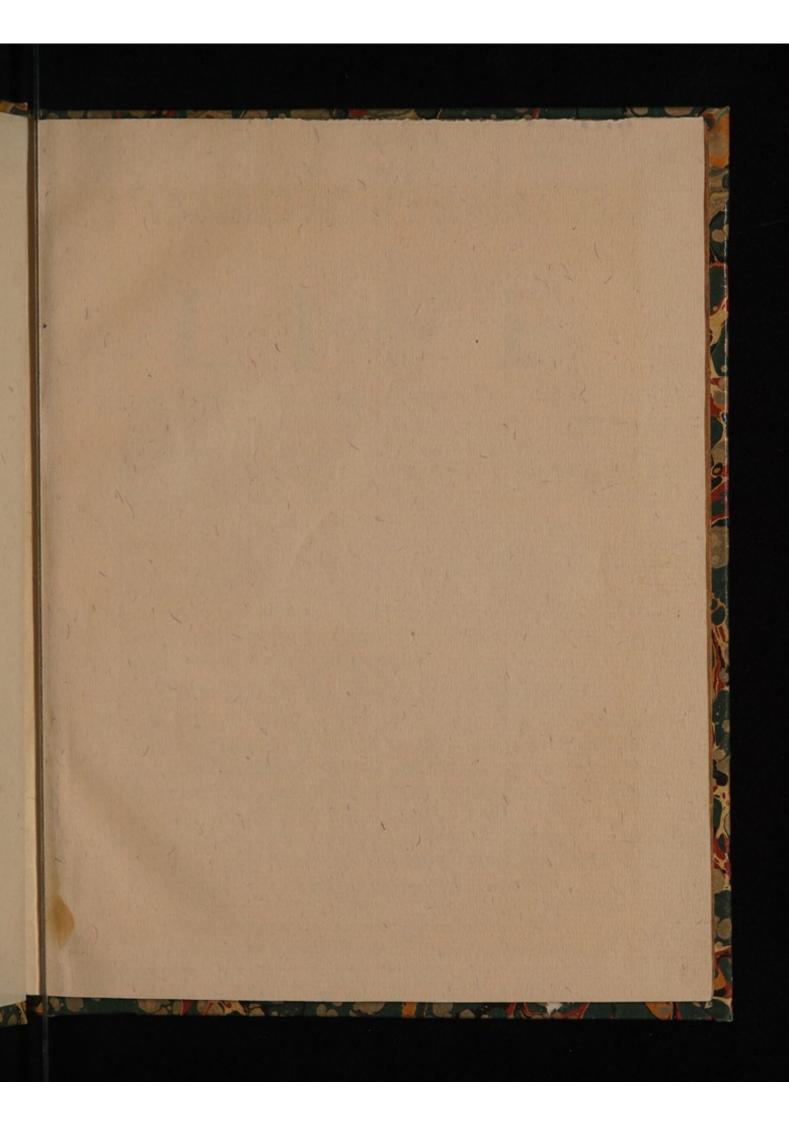


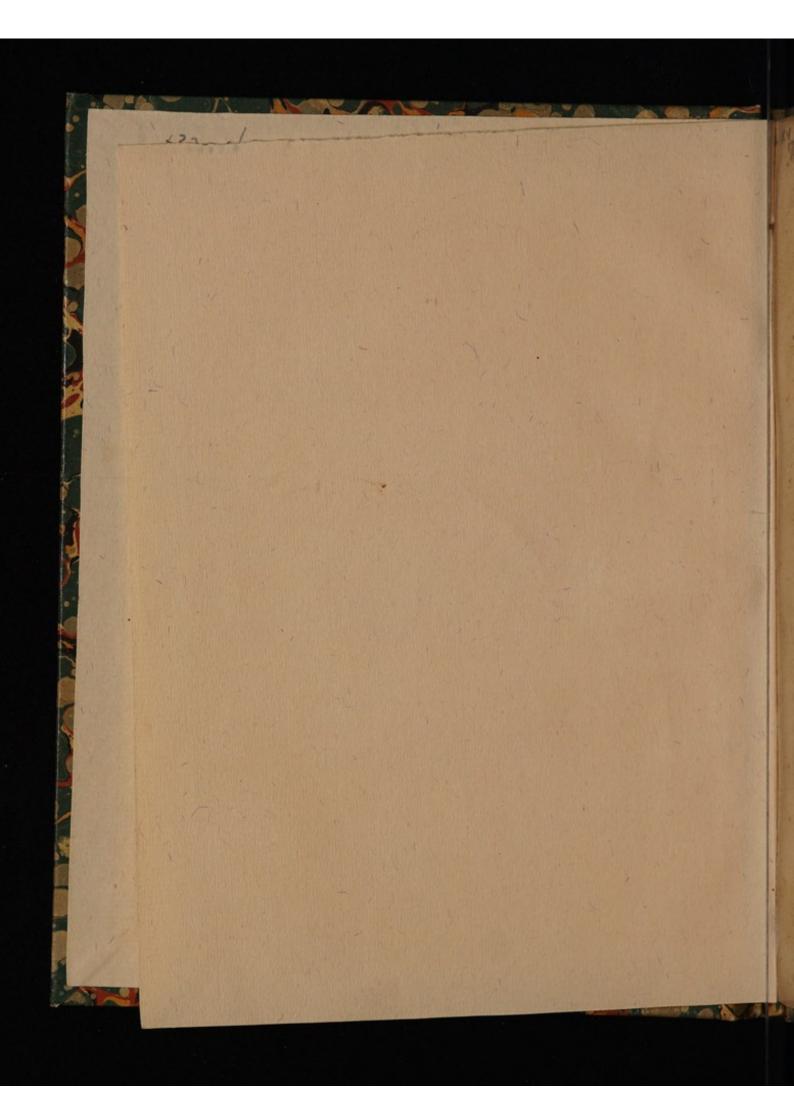












Potable Balfome

Being a Collection of the choicest Prefervatives that are Extant within the three Natural Families of Minerals, Vegetables, and Animals, reduced into fuch Effences and Tinctures by the Scientifick Art of Chymie, which constitute a Radical and Cordial Balfamick Liquor, agreeable and pleafant to the Senfes, and to be taken in fmall proportions.

- By which the Bodies which are in Health may be preferved, the growth of Diftempers intercepted, and Difeafes already confirmed, totally Erradicated.
- Especially such as are most Predominant in Sea-bordering Nations, more particularly in ours, of which diseases you may have an account in the following pages.

Published by P. Bellon, Physiomathetes.

For the Publick Good, especially for those who are unhappily deprived from the great conveniency, and advantagious affistance of Learned Physicians, and that live remote from Medicaments, it being of such a Nature as meliorates it felf with keeping, though it be kept a hundred Years.

All perfons are defired to perufe the Book throughly, for in each Page they may meet with fomething which will fatisfie their Curiofity.

Natura Universalis cum paucis principiis operatur Mirabilia, & Chimico Ingenioso pauca sunt necessaria.

London, Printed for the Author, 1675.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

7 Here as the Body of this Balfum is capable of receiving all fuch additions, as all Judicious and experimented Phifitians may judge proper for the Cure or prevention of fuch particular diftempers, as any of the Subscribers may be most liable unto. And it being also convenient that I should have some account of the quantity of this Balfum, that will be vended fo foon as it is finished. (that I may take my measure accordingly) All persons that are defirous to have: of this Balfum, are invited to inform me either by word of mouth, or Letters directed to me at my Laboratory over against the Cross-Keys in Bedford - Street Covent-Garden. What Medicaments they defire fhould be added, whereby to render that proportion which they shall please to subscribe unto, more proper for prevention of fuch diftempers ; and it fhall be faithfully and carefully performed, according to their defires, in their, or any other Perfons prefence whom they shall appoint. Yet at no greater rate than that faid best fort of Balfum (without additions) shall be fold to fuch as have not fubfcribed, whereby the faid Subfcribers will have a great advantage, both by those additions, and the certainty of having of it rightly prepared, according to the Receit, it being, to be done in publique, to which advantage none other can pretend after the Mixture is once made.

And whereas all Perfons are not willing or in a condition to go to the rate of 40 shillings a pound, for that Balfum which is prepared with the true Tinctures of Gold, Antimony, Coral, Vipers, Vitriol, and Pearls (as is specified in this Book) I have thought it convenient (for the general good) to prepare fome of the Balfum, without the forementioned Tindures, which though not fo great a Cordial, Preserver, Restorer, and Renemer of Nature as the other, yet will prove as effectual for the Prefervation, and Cure of those Diseases mentioned in this Book, as likewife for all outward Applications. To be had at fixteen shillings the pound. To which may be made additions, also paying the overplus for them; at very reafonable rates. And to avoid all manner of fraud and deceit, both the Balfums shall be delivered ready put up in bottles and sealed with my own Seal, the fame as here prefixed, of which there shall be one delivered to each Subscriber for Surety.

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1675.

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HISTORIOAL MEDICAL BRAR

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TIDED FU

Digniffimo Viro D. D. GEORGIO ENT, Equiti Aurato, Collegii Londinensis Præsidi, nec non Censoribus & Sociis ejusdem nobilissimi Collegii.

Viri Excellentifimi, & Literarum fplendore conspicui.

Oft varias peregrinationes per diversos Orbis Christiani tractus, & post multos in Theoria & Praxi Chymica exantlatos labores ; tandem in hoc florentiffimæ Urbis beato finu senescere, & sedem ponere constitui. Sub Dno. Laz. Riverio & Theod. Mayerne Immortalitate digniffimis Viris, Tyrocinium Chymicum exercui, quorum Autographa apud me extant; & si quemlibet Collegij curiofitas videndi, & perlegendi tangat, deprompturus. Offero vobis (Viri amplissimi & doctiffimi) selecta quædam Medicamenta, gustu jucunda, visu amabilia, & in desperatis morbis profligandis efficacia. Vos estis mihi Judices, coram vestro Tribunali me sisto; & vestra præsentia in meo Chymico pistrino erit mihi honori & præsidio; forte vobismetipsis non minori voluptati, si mihi quilibet Collegij Londinensis Socius adesse voluerit. In hoc consultios &c prudentiùs me fecifie existimo, quòd me vestræ candidæ censuræ objicerem, quam ut Agyrtas imitarer, qui Schedulis postibus affixis, inanem Vulgi gloriam, tantum densitate humerorum notabiles, ridicule aucupantur. Subscribo me

Dabam ex Ædibus meis in Plateâ Bedfordiensi, oppositis Tabernæ Vinariæ, cui signum Glavium -transycriarum pensile.

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Vestræ gravissimæ Societatis Cultorem obsequentissimum

Petrum Bellonium Lond. Natum. Aving found by a no lefs fuccesful then long experience, that this Specifick which I treat of, is not only proper, but effectually powerful for the Cute of divers Difeafes, effectually of those which ufually afflict Maritime Countries, among the reft, more particularly those of this Kingdom, wherein the Scurvy, Dropfy, Apoplectick Palfie, Afthma, Tabes, and the Venereal Difeafes do fo much reign of late years, dayly getting ground by their impetuous Ragings, effectially among the Vulgar; who not regarding Rules and Methods, though never fo much grounded upon Reafon and Experience, are ftill for the fliorteft; eafieft and cheapeft ways of Cure.

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THE

REFACE.

I thought my felf obliged (through a due fence of this fpreading Calamity) to render this pleafant and powerful Remedy more generally known, and in a fhorter time, by this kind of Publication, than my fmall acquaintance would do in many years.

The Ingredients that enter into this excellent Composition are felected from among those, that the three Families of Minerals, Vegetables, and Amimals have in them ; which are most proper, not only for the cure of the foermentioned Difeases, but also for Prefervation, Prolongation, & Renovation.

And left this excellent Remedy should lye under the scandal of being fome upfrart Thing, invented meerly for Lucre; and my felf a Perfon that would impose upon the Vulgar (as too many do) nor regarding how little effectual their Medicines prove, so they do but thereby fill their Pockets with the Gains : I have not only (as to the practical part) declared what the Ingredients are that conflitute this excellent Compound, and published their exquifite Preparations; but also given valid reasons for their choice, in a Theorical Discourse of their Qualities, Properties & Vertues, which exrend to Prefervation and Renovation. And all this done without the leaft defign of entrenching upon the Prerogative of the most Learned and Eminent College of Philitians ; whom (with all submiffion to their Censure) I humbly intreat, as well as all other Ingenious Artifts, and Lovers of this Scientifick Art, to favour me with their Opinion and Approbation of this Remedy, and honour me with their company at my Laboratory during the time of the Operations. To which purpole I thall give a timely and publique notice of the opening of the faid Laboratory. Not doubting but through this

this fair way of dealing, I may remove from this Medicine, all fuch prejudices, and jealoufies, as things in this manner of Publication do commonly create; preferve it from all foul afperfions, raife it above those little Spurious Brats of Phifick, with which this famous Nation is but fo much pefter'd; and place it beyond the reach of Malice and Envy.

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I shall leave it's own Vertues, and thoseGentlemen that shall be Eyewitnesses of it's exquisite Preparations and Operations, to speak it's Encomium; and shall only say, that though it sets not forth so large a Catalogue of Ingredients as the Theriaca Andromachi, St. Walter Rawleigh's great Cordial or such like long but most excellent Compositions : Yet in that Few is sufficiently comprehended, what is requisite to effect those several operations, which I mention in this small Treatise, not omitting Prefervation and Renovation.

It is this excellent Specifick, which I humbly prefent to the publique, for the general good of this Kingdom, thinking all my fludies and l abours well rewarded if I prove in this effectually ferviceable to my Country, and fo effected by the Learned Virtuofi; to whom Kwifh all health and increafe of Knowledg.

Of the Preparations of each particular Ingredient and first of the Dissolvant

By reason that these Preparations are to be made through the medium of Diffolvants, which are the material Inftruments of such Chymical Preparations, I thought it neceffary in the first place, to give an accompt of that Menstruum, which I have made choice of for this work. It is obscurely set down by Ramundus Lullius in his Works, but because it is not to be comprehended so as he has writ it by every vulgar capacity,

I have thought it convenient to explain it here, that those Persons who have the least infight in Chymie, might understand it's most exquisite and claborated Preparations.

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The Receit is thus.

Take of the ftrongeft and beft Clarer-wine one Hogs-head, out of which you wuft extract the fpirit after the common manner, rectifying it to a perfect purity, let the reft of the liquor be diftilled by it felf, fo draw of the Phlegm by the vaporous or afhee hear, until it remains of the colour of Pitch, and in confiftence of a thick fyrup, at the bottom of the Veffel. This black fubftance diffribute into feveral Glaffe Bodies, and pour over it he Phlegm, till it overtops the Black fubftance, the hight of four or five fingers breadth. See them upon warm afhes and in few days the Phlegm will be tinged with a red colour, by attracting to it felf the combuftible Sulphur from the impure faces of the wine. Let the tinged Phlegm be feparated by inclination, and freft Poured upon the matter, repeating this labour Tabour till the feces yeild no more Tincture, and that what remains in the bottom be white and Chryftalline. Set this Chryftalline fubftance in feveral Matraffes with long necks, and pour over it the rectifyed fpirit of Wine till it overfwims it by three fingers breadth; apply to thefe Matraffes fit heads and Receivers, well joined with a proper Lute for the purpofe, and fet them on warm Afhes, that the matter may diftil, Cohobating diverfe times that which is diftilled. All being cold, let it be poured out by Inclination, without raifing the fediment, then pour upon the Feces more of the fpirit, and thus reiterate fo often, that the Feces which through their proper nature Calcine themfelves, begin to grow black, and fmoak when layd upon a red-hot plate of Iron; which is a fure fign that the firft Philofophical Calcination is accomplifhed, & the Spirit already fully animated with that acid Balfum & Ferment of Nature, that was contained in thefe Faces which were reduced into Chryftals. Joine all thefe animated Spirits together, and preferve them in fome clofe ftopp'd Veffel, for fear of Evaporation.

Set the remaining Faces in finall Matraffes with long necks, which feal up Hermetically, and fet in fand, in an Athanor Furnace, fo that flame may be given round the Veffel, continue the fire five or fix days, till the Earth be throughly calcined, fixed, and changed as white as fnow. The which to render more volatile again, divide and diffribute into feveral Cucurbins, pouring upon them the fourth part of the aforementioned Spirit of Wine, apply their heads and Receivers well joined and Luted, and fet all in a wet Bath, luke-warm during one days space, from whence transport them afterwards on alhes, and with a competent heat draw off the Liquor, which from very fiery and sharp that it was, will come off as infipid as springwater ; by reason that the abovementioned Spirit hath then deposited it's Balfamick Salt in that of the Lime, which Salt did ascend in the former operations with the Spirit. Nam Natura Naturam amat, camque sequitur in fua Natura.

Pour upon the Calz or Lime the fame proportion of other animated Spirits as before, obferving the fame order in the Diftillation, till you find by your taft that in the diftillation, that Spirit comes over as ftrong, as it was poured on, which will be a fign that the fixed Salt hath retained as much as needs, or as it can contain of the Volatile Salt. Obferve that if you have weighed your Maters at firft; you will find them trebly augmented in weight, which ought to be diligently noted, in order to the Sublimation and laft operation, that the Volatile may exceed and overcome the fix.

Set all your Matter in diverse little bodies of the shape of Sublimatories, adding their Heads and Receivers to receive the fulphurious spirituous hamidity, diftil this in Assessment agentle fire, during a whole day, then augment the fire by degrees, till at last (towards the end.) the fire be in a degree of Sublimation, which continue so, during 18 or 20 hours, and till that the Vessels appear no longer filled with Whitish Fumes; then will you find the Matter sublimed sticking on the fides of the Glasses Pure, Clear, and Transparent, like unto Pearls or Talk.

Take this Sublimed Matter, and make it into Pouder in a Glafs or marble Mortar, put it into a Matrafs, and pour over it of the Sulphurious Spirit, moiftning it little by little, and concocting them 3 or 4 days in an Athanor Furnace, with a pretty ftrong fire, and thus you will have the Menfruum.

Concerning

Concerning the Radical diffolution of Gold.

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When I fhall have told you that the Preparation of the Diffolvant for Gold, was given me by an Adeptus under the feal of fecrecy, and confirmed with an Evangelical Oath, I hope there is none that bears the name of a Chriftian, but will difpence with me for making publique, what I ought to keep for ever locked up in the Cabinet of my breaft; yet prefuming upon that limited Liberty which was then allowed me, and that others make use of when they treat of fuch Secrets. I will here fet down in an Allegorical fense (though intelligible enough to those that are Masters) the whole process as follows.

Rep. Glaciei folubilis Gemmarum q. f. imponatur Crucibulo super ignem per 6 vel 7 boras, dein remoto igne, Crucibulo fracto, recipe tuam materiam calcinatam et vitro retorto inde, superfundendo spermatis Fermenti Universalis dimidiam partem, & cum Recipiente capaci, in quâ fit circiter quarta pars aque communits, firmiter lutetur, deinde augendo ignem per gradus diffilletur ad materia-ficcitatem. Tunc frange retortam & calcinatum tuum inde retorto Terrea recipiente adapta, deturq; ignis vehementifimus apertus, donec ad perfe Etam diffiltetur ficcitatem, quod septies relificatum servatur ad usus ; Postea R. Speculi Philofo phici, cum sudore Achillis, sanguine Veneris, et Adami pituita Philosophice per Vulcanumimpregnati partes duas. Ignis terræ partem unam. Purifica in Baratbroad perfectifimum splendorem ; deinde sumito de istà purificat à materia et de aqua non madefaciente manus ad partes aquales. Ingrediantur apertum Ignis Balneum per aliquot horas, quando fatis sudaverint, obducantur cum tegmine, ne à frigore intercipiantur, quiescant ifto madere per horas quatuor, mox quando lense refrixerint, excipiantur, ex Balneo ficco, de cum praditto liquore, subtepido, in Balneo liquido foveantur, or maneant in humettatione ista per semidiem, deinde parato letto, claufe tetto, Cogas ex Balneo, in gremium Quietis.

Thus have I (though obscurely) yet faithfully set down this great Menffruum, which if any Son of Art understands, let him enjoy it with thanks, and in a Perpetual filence.

Take of this Diffelvant (which the Philosophers call their Mercurius Philosophorum) 9 parts, add to them of Laminated Gold, cemented with Antimony one part. Leave them together in a Matrafs without heat, and in 24 hours, the Gold will be diffolved. Clofe the glafs Hermetically, (or adding a blind head to it) fet it to digest and Circulate in a gentle lamp heat during a Philosophical month. Then having Poured off the Tinsture into a small glass retort, draw off the Menstruum, till the faffron of the Gold remain almost dry. Pour upon it of the Vegetable Menstruum to the hight of three fingers breadth, having stopped the Glass and luted it very well, set them in digestion during 10 or 12 days, and it will be totally Impregnated and the Crocus of Gold wholly dissolved in it, which is to be kept in a Glass well stopped for Use.

The Preparation of Vitriol and Pearls.

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Take of the Vitriols of Mars and Venus, of each a fufficient quantity, and by reiterated diffolutions and coagulations, purify them from all their Terreftrial parts ; then put them in a Glafs retort with aquee of Pearls, ounces and diftil them, ftill pouring what is diffilled upon its faces, till they have imbued and drank up all the humidity, and you will find in the retort an excellent Red Colcother joyned with the calcined Pearl, reduce all in pouder, and pour upon it of the accuated Vegetable Menftruum, to the height of three fingers breadth, this mixture put into a Glafs recort, diftil it in a Naked Fire during three or four days, fave all the Liquor by it felf, and extract with common water the diffoluble Magister of the Pearles out of the red Fæces, which keep apart, then take the diffilled liquor, and from it diffil off the accuated Menstruum, and there will remain in the bottom of the Lembick a Balfamick Liquor as red as blood, to which add the Magifter of the Pearls and the accuated Vegetable Menfruum, and circulate altogether during 40: days, and you will find your Liquor as red as blood, fweer, and without Fæces in the bottom.

Of the Preparation of Antimony."

Bafilicus Valentinus in his Currus Triumphalis Antimonii does teach how to make an excellent Tincture of Antimony, of which he fays; none but those that have tryed it can beleive it's wonderful Vertues. Yet in my opinion that which is set down by Zwelfer in his Apendix ad Animadversionem pag. 72, is to be prefer'd to this in respect of it's most excellent Diffelvant, which for that very reason I have made choice of, and this it is.

Take of the beft pulveriz'd Vertdegris q.f. which put into a Glafs Limbeck, over which pour diftilled Vinegar the hight of three fingers breadth, then after a competent time for digeftion, when the Vinegar is well faturated with the Tincture, pour it off by Inclination, and pour upon the Vertdegris fome other diftilled Vinegar, digeft it as before, and then pour of the Tinged Vinegar as before, repeating this work till the laft Vinegar poured upon the Vertdegris will attract no more Tincture, and that the fubftance of the Vertdegris be almost totally diffolved. Let all these filtrated diffolutions be put together in a Limbeck or Copper pan and evaporated with a gentle fire, till there appears a film on the fuperficies of the liquor, then fet it in a cold place to Chrystalize, part the Chrystals from the liquor, and dry them with a gentle heat, exhalate again the remaining liquor a little, and gather the Chrystals as before, and thus continue to operate, till it be almost all converted into Chrystals.

These Chrystals being afterwards Put into a Limbeck, pour upon them of good rectifyed spirit of Wine, a sufficient quantity to overflow the matter the hight of three fingers breadth, diftil it off again, and this repeat

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twice or thrice for their better Impregnation and volatilization. These Chrystals being pulveriz'd, put into a Glass recort, luted, to which fit a Receiver, and distil it by degrees, in an open but gentle fire, until all the spirit be drawn off, which is to be very well rectifyed, by an Alimbeck in a fand Furnace.

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This Menftruum being Perfected thus, take of Glafs of Antimony prepared by it felf, fo much as you pleafe, make it into a very fine Pouder, and pour upon it, to the height of three fingers breadth of this Menftruum, fet it in digeftion in a gentle heat without any agitation, until the Spirit be Tinged with a yellow or reddifh colour, pour this off by Inclination, and pour on fome new, this repeat fo often, as you find the Spirit Tinged after fome time of digeftion, (which will be after the fecond or third time) Thefe tinged Spirits muft be put in a Limbeck and drawn off not to a perfect drine fs, but that there be fome fimall proportion of liquor remaining behind; upon which pour of the actuated Vegetable Menftruum q.f. which will be inftantly imbued with a deep red colour, which muft be feparated by filtration from the groß and Terreftrious yellownefs. Then draw off again part of the Spirit, or Tinged Menftruum, and the reft will remain of a moft excellent and bright red colour, which Keep for Ufe.

The Preparation of Vipers.

Take Vipers No.xx. of the Advated Vegetable Menstruum livis. Put those Vipers living and whole in the Menstruum in a Matrass with a long neck, to which you must fit a head and receiver, and there let them remain till they be suffocated, and after a due digestion draw off half the quantity of the Menstruum in B. M. the other half pour off by decantation, then pour over them the remainder of the distilled Menstruum, & after digestion, distil again half of it, and the remaining part Pour off as before, which must be very hard Press'd from the Vipers, and joined with the first Tinctured Menstruum, then filtrate them through Paper, and keep them close stopped.

Take those Vipers very well dried, so that they may be easily crumbled into a groß pouder with the hands, set them in a glass retort, to which fit and lute a large Receiver, distil them in an open fire observing the degrees of heat, till all that is in the retort be driven over through the violence of a Flame fire. The distillation ended, the Volatil Salt will be found partly dissolved in the Water contained in the receiver, and Partly adherentround the fides of the receiver, in various forms which is to be washed off with the faid water, then separate it from it's fatid Oyl through a filter of paper. This Volatile Salt is to be separated afterwards from it's stinking and better water by a gentle Sublimation in a long-neck'd Glass, with it's Head and Receiver, so that the humidity mount not with the Salt.

Join this Volatile Salt to the forementioned Effence of Vipers, which fet to digeft in a glass well stopped, during two or three days, and fo you'l have the Preparation of Vipers.

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Take of red Coral fo much as you Pleafe, make it into very fine Pouder upon a Porphiry, and having put it in a Matrafs with a long neck, pour over it to the height of three fingers breadth of the fpirit of Venus defcribed in the Preparation of Antimony, fet it to difgeft till it is very well impregnated, with the Tincture of the Coral. Then pour it off gently, and pour on fome fresh Spirit, this repeat till the Coral will afford no more Tincture, then take all the Tinged Spirit, and diftil it off almost to driness, then pour over the remaining Tincture, as much of the actuated Menstruum, as will be requisite to take up the Tincture, which keep for Use close ftopped.

The Preparation of the Sarfa, China, Saffron, Rofemary and Lavender Flowers.

This Preparation is fo common and eafy that few words will ferve to demonstrate it.

Take the Sarfa and China, and after the ufual manner flit them and flice them in to very thin pieces, but leave the flowers whole, put all into a Matrafs with a long neck, pour over them the height of three fingers breadth of the Vegetable Accuate l Menstruum. Stop well the Glafs, fet it to digest in a gentle heat, and when the Menstruum is throughly Tinged, pour it off by Decantation, pour new Menstruum upon the Materials, digest it as before, and when well Tinged, Decant as before, and fo you will have the true Preparation of the Roots and Flowers.

The Preparation of the Gumm Guajacum.

Though this Gumm seems so pure and clear from all dross that it requires none other purification, yet in the Preparation of it, there are sound such Terrestrial parts, as require a separation from the Tincture after this manner.

Take of that Gumm q. f. pouder it very fine, and put it into a Matrafs with a long neck, pour upon it to the hight of three fingers breadth of the Accuated Vegetable Menffruum, Clofe the Veffel, fet it to digeft in a gentle heat a day or two, then gently pour off the Tinged Menffruum; in which all the Refinous and Balfamick part of the Gumm is diffolved, which keep for Use close ftopped.

The Preparaion of Myrrh.

Is after the same manner, as of the Gumm Guajacum, therefore I refer you to that.

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The Composition of the Balfam.

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The Ingredients being all duly and rightly prepared as has been faid, every one according to what their Nature and Quality did require. It is time to come to the Composition, confifting in the true proportioning of their refpective Doles, and the Mixture of the feveral Preparations, which take as follows.

Take of the Tincture of Gumm Guajacum Ilij, of the Tincture of Myrrb Ilis; of the Tincture of the Roots and Flowers, the fame as of Myrrb, of the Effence of Vipers žvi, of the Tincture of Coral žiiij, of the Tincture of Antimony žiij, of the fweet Red Oyle of Vitriol impregnated with the diffoluble Magistery of Pearls, as much as of the Tincture of Antimony, and of the Tincture of Gold žij.

Pour these into a capacious Matrass with a long neck, add to it a blind head, and set it in digestion in a gentle heat, during two or three days.

Here is the Composition of the Excellent Balfum of Life proper for a general use, which will keep hundreds of years, fitto receive any Medicinal addition, provided it be first prepared, according as it's Nature and Quality shall require and dissolv'd in our Menstruum, Formone other being so purely spiritualized as this, those waterish particles which others would introduce into these other pure Tinctures, would cause them immediately to precipitate to the bottom in a milkie white substance, to the great detriment of the Accidental, and some Prejudice to the Essential form of this Specifick Balfamick Liquor.

Reasons for the Election of the Ingredients which conflitute this Balfum; of their Natures, Properties, and Virtues. First concerning the Menstruum.

Amongst the Chymists the word Menstruum is given to any Liquor, either Natural or Artificial, Simple or Compound, which is used for the disfolution of any Mixt; and in that respect common Water may be so termed, But this word is restrained to such Liquors, as are of power to disunite, open, and dissolve, the Mucilaginous, Refinous Saline, and Balsamick parts of what soever Iyes hid in Natural Productions, as also to extract and retain their respective Tinctures.

There are variety of these Menstruums, according to the diverse qualities of matters to be diffolved, and the Inventions of Ingenious and laborious Artifts. There being but few Masters in this Scientifick Art, but have some peculiarly due to their own fortunate Stars, and Industry.

Of these Menstruums some are made of the Juices of fruits, as of Lemone, Pomgranats, Barberies, and the like; but the chiefest amongst them are such as are prepared of the Juice of the Grape, namely Spirit of Wine and Vinegar. Others are extracted of some parts and excre-B 2 mente

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ments of Animals, as out of Bloud, Urine, the facal Matter, and the like. Others are prepared from Minerals and Metals, as out of Vitriol, Common Salt, Nitre, Antimony, Mercury, Venus, Saturne, and the like. To these Menftruums I may add by themselves such as are extracted out of Hony, May-Dew, they being kind of Meteors not to be properly ranged under any of the forementioned Classes.

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By a sympathetick influence those which are extracted from Vegetables, are most proper for the extraction of Vegetables, and so it is with those extracted from Animals, Minerals, and Metals: Yet this rule is not so absolute, but that some of these Menstruums are used promiscuously one for another, but that which is most general is the Spirit of Wine.

This Spirit is call'd the Incorruptible Effence, the Water of Life, the Key of the Philosophers, the Universal Liquor or Baljum, the Philosophers Sulphur and Mercury of the Vegetables, the Pearly Matter, and the Author of this Menstruum has given it the name of Accuated Menstruum, or Heaven of the Vegetables, with which he was us'd to extract the true Tincture of Gold. And by the Philosophers it was termed that Fire of Nature, as much concealed as Celebrated amongst them, who unanimouflyfay, Ignis dy Azor tibi fufficiunt. These and diverse other such Denominations too tedious to relate, are sufficient to declare, that this Spirit is the fitteft Liquor of all those which are either Natural or Artificial that is capable of extracting the Vertues of whatfoever is infufed and digested in it, without the loss of its feminal Faculties, and leaving behind any reliques of their Middle Lives Vertue. Wholoever is acquainted with this Spirit will acknowledge it to have a most piercing Vertue, yet not of so hot a Nature as is imagined by the Vulgar, fince it refolves the hotteft and hardeft . Tumours, allays the pains of burning, and takes away any inflammations. It's Incorruptible Nature renders it in great efteem, both because it preferves it felf, and all other Beings Animated or Inanimated.

This Spirit of Wine is Simple or Compound, I call that Simple, which is extracted by bare Diftillation, without any further addition. And by the Compound, I mean that which is Effencified and impregnated with its Effential Salt, and amongst all of that kind is that which I have chosen for the preparation of those Matters, which compound this *Balfum* of *Life*. Namely the Accuated Vegetable Heaven of *Raymundus Lullius* heretofore defcribed.

The reasons why I have preferr'd this Menstruum before all others, to be the Vehicle for communicating the Vertues of this Baljum into humane bodies, are, because it will extract the Tincture from all things by devesting them of their Accidental Forms, and yet preferving their fubfrantial ones, which speaks it the most proper Liquor of all such as are capable of extracting the Vertues of those Mixts which constitute this Compound. Besides this its intrinsecal qualities and Vertues have invited me to this Election; for it is not only of power to convey and communicate the Vertues of all Mixts annexed to it, but through its own penetrating Baljamick Effence, does open and diffolve all obstructions, drives forth all Heterogeneal particles, cleanseth, healeth, and strenghtneth the inflamed, and debilitated internal and external parts, and corroborates the whole body; and thus Natura corroborata eff omnium merborum Medicatrix. ail

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Thus much concerning the Vertues, qualities, and choice of this Menfruum, before all others, though cafier to be made, and now a few words concerning

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Gold and it's Diffolvant.

Gold is the most perfect child of the Earth, the Ne plus with d of the Mineral Power, It is a yellow, most folid and compact Metal, compounded of fuch principals as are fix, permanent, and digested in a most Sovereign degree, as it's incorruptibility does manifest. It's call'd by some the Sun, not only by reafon of it's great Correspondency and harmonious Relation with the Celeftial Sun ofthe great World, but for it's Sympathy and Affiaity alfo, with the Sun of the little World the Heart of Man. Its fixidity, purity, and most excellent Cordial Vertues, makes it wholly dedicated to the Heart, who is the Operator of all the Noble Functions of life. It is not only a most Sovereign Cordial, by reestablishing and augmenting the Radical Moifture and Natural Heat, but it is also an excellent Purifier of the Bloud, difperfing and driving forth by fenfible and infenfible Transpirations, that which is Heterogeneous and corrupted; in the whole Body, which are the refults of the diverse alterations of the blood, tending to Corruption and Putrefaction, and Confequently to the destruction of that fubject, who it ought to Vivify and Nourish.

Notwithstanding those exquisit intrinsecal qualities and virtues, it is the opinion of some, that Gold cannot preferve nor renovate by reason of his compactedness which is such as not to be so diffolved, but that it may be reduced to a Metalline substance again, and that by confequence never better Imployed or more of use than when it is defolved in the devouring Menstruum of an over gorged Kitchin, an overflowing Celler, and of exorbitart and Gorgeous Apparel (all which be dayly found to be most radical diffolvants.)

To which I shall only fay that there are none never fo meanly verfed in Chymie, but know that Gold can be fo opened, through the operations in that Art, as to be capable of producing fome good effects upon our Bodies, although reducible again to its Matallick Body. This is eafy to be demonstrated, by the example of other metallick bodyes, which are refolved into Salts or Vitriolls, as Silver, Copper, Tin, Lead, and Iron, all which may be reduced again into Metalls, which hinders not the dayly and fuccessful use of them, by learned and eminent Phyfitians, who are invited thereunto by the dayly difcoveries of those admirable effects, which fuch open Metals produce in Cronical difeafes, even upon the most obstinate and deepest rooted, and complycated amongst them, all these metallick vitriols having different tafts, various colours, as also some peculiar specifick virtue, as appears by their various effects. If Gold being opened and prepared by the means of a powerful Menftruum fo as to be reduced into a Vitriolick Salt, having its peculiar Colour, Tafte, and specifick virtues, is administred into our Bodies, why may I not conclude it to be offorce and virtue to renovate and operate divers other wonderful effects, and confequently not to be debared

bared from Phyfical ufe, for no other reafon then meerly its reducibility aro metal again, not but that I know, that if this Metal was once fo opened and radically diffolved as never to be reduced into Metal again by any Art, it would then be more efficacious, for Gold thus volatilized; and fpiritualized, does acquire amore ample fphear of attivity and virtue, but this ought not to debar us from the ufe of its meaner preparations, efpecially fuch as have been known by a long experience to be effectual in their operations, for the prevention and cure of dileafes in humane Bodies.

But by reafon that the more radically Gold is opened, the greater effects it muft confequently operate, I have made choice of fuch a Menftruum, which through its fimpathy, and great affinity with Gold, does fo radically diffolve it, that though it may be reduced in part, into a metallick fubftance, yet not without a fenfible decay of its weight after, every diffolution, which in fuccefs of time by reiterated diffolutions & circulations, might fo radically diffolve the whole as never to be reduced again into Gold or any other metallick fubftance.

One property that this diffolvant has, which in my opinion cannot be paraleld, is that, though it be fo powerful upon Gold, diffolving it without external heat, inward corrofion, freting, ebullition, or raifing of any fumes, fcum, and bubbles, (but juft as wax would do in warm water) yet it will not fo much as touch any other Metal, Mineral, Linnen, Woollen, or any other thing, being fo far from corroding, that those parts of my Cloths or skin that have been accidentally wetted and imbued, with this diffolvant, have proved as found in the wareing as any other parts of my Apparel, and my hands not in the least offended, which proves its operation uponGold to proceed from an Analogical confent of parts and by fympathy, but after the diffolution of theGold in it, it tinges all things of a most glorious purpurine colour, which Evidently shews that the faid Menstruum is sufficiently faturated with the central fulphur of the Gold, which yields that colour.

So foon as I shall have prepared this diffolvant, which will take up fix Weeks Labour, in which time I hope to have all the other operations required in this composition, I shall prefent to publick view this as delightful, as exquisite diffolution of Gold, to all such as will favour me with their visits at the Laboratory, to which they shall at all times be very welcom, especially such as are defirous to communicate with me about some particuler additions to the Balsum, according to their Phyfitians orders, whom I advise all Persons to confult very well before they repair to me.

Gold thus prepared yields its Tincture in any Liquor, which Tincture of a most acerb & austere tast, does operate as variously as pleafantly, for fometimes it has been known to Purge by Stools, fometimes (though very rare) by Vomits, frequently by Urines and Sweats, but most commonly by no visible outward effects, but then its Virtues are fensibly felt, in augmenting the ftrength of the Sick, reviving the Spirits, chearing the Heart, and by Corroborating of the Viscera, and the whole Body. To speak in few words, its innumerable Virtues, I shall conclude with Quer-

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cetans own words, Ad innumerabiles morbos fere incredibilis videtur virtutis. Thus I conclude with the most noble of Metals, to speak something of the best of Minerals.

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Of Vitriol.

That there is an Universal Spirit, or Spirit of the World which God hath Eftablished for the continuance of the species, which Spirit gives Life to all beings, is a truth that is pass disputing, but what this spirit is, in what substance incorporated, and how communicated, is that which but few understand.

Yet most of the Eminents Phylosophers fay, that the external green and Azurine colours of Vitriol, and its inward acide declare it to be that fubtle juice of the Earth, which is the fole cause of that Universal fermentation which preceeds all natural Productions, even as leaven to Flower and Water. The fulphur contained in the faid Vitriol being the Spirit and Ferment which opens and unites, gathereth and coagulates the divers vapours which are in the Earth, and according to their respective matrices, formes them into Vegetables, Minerals or Metallick Substances.

In Vitriol, Venus is most apparent, and therefore most Ingeniously Feigned by those Poets that were Phylosophers to be the Mother or Principle of all Natural Generations, and in my opinion, the Internal redness of the faid Vitriol doth clearly manifest that generative blood of Nature with which she doth ferment her seeds, and of those fermented seeds, produce such Varietys of beings, which makes such a sympathy between those three Natural Families.

This Vitriol that has an acide Spirit, a burning or corrofive oyle, has alfo a fweet red tincture in it, that is fo friendly to Nature as to communicate to her all that fhe wants both as to her prefervation and renovation, fwe etening all preternatural acides, purging its balfamick parts, from all outward adherences, and Vivifying of the fupprefied Spirits, befides it is generally known to be the greateft opener and refolver of obftructions that is ufed in Phyfick.

This was the reafon that I have made choice of this inward balfamick fweetness of Vitriol, Impregnated with the diffoluble Magisters of Pearls to enter into this composition.

Of the Pearls.

Pearls are the concretion of the pureft part of that Mucilaginous Liquour, that a certain shell Fish called Oyster, draws from the Sea Water, which contains an Embrionated Salt, full of a Natural Balsome, and of a principle of Generation, which is communicated to it by means of the Air and Water, those two great vehicles of the Universal ferment, this Gem is only found in those Shells that are most Rugged, and that contain the Leanest and most languid Fish, which shews that in the production of this Jewel, it is deprived of that sweet sulphureous milky subftance fance, of which this object of Luxury and curiofity is perfected.

This concrete has ever been acknowledged both by ancient and modern Authors to be of a nature capable to free the Natural Balfum from all outward and inward infultations, to reeftablifh the Languid ftrength, to recreate and ftimulate the Spirits, fupprefs Poyfons, the Plague, and all putrid humours, by reafon of the fweetnefs of its fulphur, which deads all the effects of thefe fharp and faline ferofities, that prick and irritate the Membranous and Nervous parts, inflame the vifcera and prey upon the very fpirits and Balfum of Life, whence are produced the Gout, Scurvy, Mange, Venereal difeafes, and the Leprofie, all which qualities have made me give place in this compofition, for the foluble magifter of Fearls.

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This mineral abounds in a noble mineral fulphur, it pertakes alfo of a metallick undigeftible mercury, and a fmall proportion of falt, it is call'd by fome, the Gray Woolf, the black Eagle, the Dragon, the Leprous Gold, and by many other denominations.

Bafilius Valentinus fays that it is of an Hermaphrodite nature, fix and volatil, in temperament hot, cold, dry, and moift, that there may be had from it a Medicine for every difeafe, befides a general Panacea, he fays further that there is as great a variety in goodnefs amongft the divers forts of Antimonys, as there is difference between the flefth of fome Fifthes and four footed Beafts, which though agreeing in name, are of various differences, but the beft he concludes to be that which comes from Hungaria full of long bright and glittering ftrikes, and here and there tinged with a Purple and Gold Colour.

This Mineral as it comes from the Mines, is crude and undigefted, and imbued with fome malignant qualities, but not to be rejected, fince that by due preparations its impurities may be feperated from its purer parts, its Homogenious principles from its Heterogenious adherences, and its Medicinal virtues, freed and purged from all venemous and offenfive qualities, therefore not to be defpifed, much lefs wholly rejected ; for dayly experience teaches us, that Vipers, which are venemous in their own Nature, are notwithftanding inferted in the *Theriaca Andromachy* not without great fuccefs, and that the bare fuffocation of them in Wine, or in its Spirit, produces a fovereign Antidote againft all Poyfons, nay, what's more, by this bare Emergency, they become a teft, by which fuch medicaments as are dayly ufed as Catharticks, are examined, whether they be of a venemous nature.

It is not my intention hear to Impeach any particular Medicament, leaft I fhould add to the general adversion against Physick, I have two much respect for it, and its learned Dogmatists, therefore only in general take this example, make choice of two persons, as near as you can of one age, habit and complexion, give to the one an ordinary dose of Viper Wine, to the other none, then administer to each an ordinary dose of a Cathartick Infusion, and you will find, that the Person which took took the Viper wine, fhall not be moved, and the other fufficiently purged which clearly proves the Alexipharmicalo peration of the Vipers, upon the noxious qualities of the faid Catharticks: which with pricking Volatil Salt irritates the exputrice faculty, and fo provokes dejection, it being a Maxim, that none but fix qualities can expel fix difeafes. Neither is it fo much the driving forth by ftools of the excrementitious peccant matter, which is fo effectual as the Evacuations through the Emunctories by Sweats, Urines, and imperceptible perfpirations.

Now this Preparation, which I have chosen here, being the most fix of all the Preparations of Antimony, for that very reason I have made choice of it, having in twenty years experience found it to be most efficacious against the Leprosy, the inveterate Itch, the Scurvy, and all Venereal discases, as also in the Dropsy, and generally all obstructions, it purifies the Mass of blood, helps Melancholy, resists Poysons, opens Asthmaticks, heals Ulcerated lungs, cleanses the womb, helps Generation, and Conception, and is indowed with a renewing quality. Thus much of Antimony. And now,

Concerning Coral.

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Coral is a ftony Vegetation in the form of a Tree flicking faft unto rocks in the bottom of the Sea. There are chiefly two forts, the White, and the Red, but this laft is the beft. There is fome of other colours alfo, to be feen in the Clofets of curious Perfons, as Black, Yellow, Blew, and thelike. As to the choice, the Male is the beft, which is of a deep and clear Red, this Concrete, if well prepared, and opened, yeilds a Tincture, as red as blood; whofe effects & virutes are to purify & renew the blood; it dries & cools, firengthens the Ventricle, and the Liver, but chiefly the Heart. It is good againft the Plague, Poyfons, and malignant Fevers, it recreates the fpirits, ftops all Fluxes, it is an excellent Anti-Epileptick, prevents Convultions in Children, is fovereign in the Palpitation of the Heart, Fainting fits, Melancholy, Dropfy, Gout all which it performs through that Solar Tincture, which is communicated to it from Gold, in a great meafure, which gives it the true and deferving Title of Preferver and Renewer.

Concerning Vipers.

The Viper is a Serpent, the most venemous of all Reptils, apt to be irritated, and when so, it drives in the twinckling of an eye from the vesicle of the gall to the gumms, through an almost imperceptible vessel, so spirituous and fubtle a poyson, which infinuates and communicates it fells fo suddainly to the spirits, and the natural heat, that it as subtlely studies, the parts, as it has bit ; which poyson communicates it fell immediately to the heart, and from thence to the brain by the means of Circulation.

The remedies which this Animal affords, are no lefs furprifing & admirable, than its poyfon, for it doth not only combat its proper poyfon, but enervates, & abfolutely overcomes the firength & power of all the poifons[that the three matural Families does produce ; provided that thefe Vipers be well prepared,& adminiftred in time and order.

This long-liv'd Animal, of 10 great affiftance, 10 abounding in a Balfamick Salt, doth not only renew those that frequently make use of its preparations, but Eut renews it felfallo, in order to which, towards the end of the year, when their food begins to fail them, they hide themfelves under ftones, and in the Earth, where they remain languid till the beginning of the next Spring, when fo foon as they have fed upon the balfamick blades and fprouts of budding plants, refreshed themfelves with the Aromatick Air, and cherished themfelves in the Raies of the Life-giving Sun; they feek out rugged places to rub themfelves against, and strip off their old skin, which they have no fooner laid by, but immediately posses with the fence thereof, and of its acquired benefit, it crawls more nimbly, and declares by the quickness and liveliness of its motion, & the Oriental colours of its new garment, that it is really renewed, and that by confequence, those remedies which it does yeild, can produce the fame effects in humane bodies also.

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The Virtues of this Animal are to ftrongly refift all poyfons, they are good againft Leprofy, all Venereal difeafes, Confumptions, Hedick Feavers, but chiefly againft the Scurvy, driving forth, through its Volatil Balfamick Salt, all the malignant ferofities, which infect the mafs of blood, the caufe and fomenter of this popular difeafe, fo raging at this very time amongft us.

Of the Roots of Sarsa, China, and of Saffron, Rosemary, and Lavender flowers.

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These two Indian Roots, are soft equently used, & well known to every vulgar eye, that I need not say much concerning them; I shall only in few words give you the reasons, why I have chosen them to enter into this Composition. They abound both in a fix Balfamick Salt, & in a Facula, which is of a very drying, & healing quality; they are both Diuretick and Diaphoretick, friendly to the Liver, good against the Dropsy, Palsey, Gout, Head-ache, Jaundice, Greenfickness, the Scurvy, & all Venereal discases; they heal, and dry up all inward Ulcers, which makes them to be dayly used in all discases which require exiccation.

Saffron is a flower which abounds in fuch Virtues, as are Analogick with the reft of those Ingredients which compose this noble Balfum; so that I should have done it wrong, not to have inferted it amongst the reft. It is a great Anodyne, a great Cleanser of the womb, a Cherisser of the Heart, a Disopilator of the Liver and Spleen, a great Provoker of Child-birth, and of what should immediately follow; it is effected the most sovereign Cordial of the Lungs, the actions of its Virtues being carried & distributed unto the very last disgestions through the Circulation of the blood, and by refpiration. It is a little Panacea against the Phague, & all other infections, & malignant discases; a great Speeistick in the Jaundice, good against the Apoplex, Afthmas, and fits of the Mother : in a word, it abounds in a Balfamick Sulphur, which is manifested by its exquisite odour, and in a Magnetick falt, which makes that after it has been deflicated, it attracts to it felf again from the ambient Air that Balsum, which affords it afters the fame weight of body, the fame vivacity of colours, and the fame activity of odours, as it had at first, which is a thing worth observation.

The flower of Rolemary, which the Greeks call ardor, by excellency does not come fhort of the Saffron; for not the flower only, but the leaves of the plant alfo, are totally Balfamick, which renders it a Specifick against all the difeafes of the head, and of the Genus nervofum, they ftrengthen the ftomach, clear the Optick nerve, refolvest open all the obfiructions of the Liver, Spleen, Womb, Mefentery, Pancreas, dro. They cleanfe, and ftrengthen the Womb, help Conception, good against the Palfy, Apoplex, Convultions, the yellow Jaundice, Greenfickness, and the white Effluviums.

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The Flowers of Lavender are abfolutely devoted to the Brain, and Genus nervolum; Therefore excellent against Apoplex, Pally, Trembling of Nerves, Cramps, Convultions, Falling-fickness, fits of the Mother, and concustions of the Brains. All these three Flowers are also excellent in all Contustions, old Ulcers, Fistulas, outwardly applyed, especially in spirit of wine.

Of the Gumm Guajacum.

This Gumm which proceeds from a great IndianTree is of fo pure a Balfamick body, that it diffolves wholly in fpirit of wine, leaving little, or no faces at all behind it. It is drying and healing, and taken in a large quantity purges downwards; it's a great Sudorifick and Diuretick, and hath an Alexipharmical faculty 1 it is also cleanfing, diffolving, and attenuating. All which qualities makes it a Specifick against Venereal difeases, for by these forementioned qualitics, it purifies the blood, dryes up, and drives forth all fuperfluous moiftures, heales all inward wounds, ulcers, and inflammations, ftrengthens the Nerves, refifts putrefactions, augments the radical Balfum, and fortifies the ftomach, and the Vifcera', against all putrid humors, suppressing all preternatural ferments, ftrengthning the natural Acid. It cures the Dropfy, Afthma.or ftuffing of the Lungs, Convultion firs, all difeafes of the Bladder & Reins, pains in the Joints, Gout, Flatulences, Crudities, & all Cronical difeafes, especially such as have their being from cold and moift caufes. It expels all grofs and vilcous humors, helps decay'd memory, Catarrhs, Deafneis, Gripings. Colicks, Sterility, Cancers, or Ulcers of the Womb, and all cold humors.

It was in respect to this large Catalogue of its excellent Virtues, that I have elected it to be the basis of this Balsamick remedy, it being a Balsum in it self, proper against the Scurvy, and all venereal Deseases, as likewise a preferver and renovator.

Of Myrrbe.

Myrrh is of thofe Balfamick Gums, which are sfed for the Inbalming of Dead Bodys, for their prefervation, from corruption, and Putrefaction, during many Ages, and feeing that through fuch properties, this Gum has a peculiar Energy of prefervation, I thought I could not err by introducing it among the reft of our BalfamickIngredients, as a preferver, as well as in refpect to its other excellent Virtues, for it is fuch a refifter of all putrid and corrupt humours, and all accidents and difeafes that refult from thence, that it is dayly ufed in all thofe difeafes, that proceed from corruption and putrefaction, as in the Scurvy all Venereal difeafes, *Poyfons*, *Putrid Feavers*, *Small Pox*, and the like, it is a Cephalick Specifick, it drives all impurities from the Womb, the dead Child, alfo Facilitates Childbirth, & what fhould Immediately follow it, and helps conception ; Provokes Generation, ftrengthens the Nerves, and is a fovereign Antidote againft the Plague.

It was not therefore without good reafons that I have admited it to a confiderable quantity in this Potable Balfum of Life.

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Some short but necessary reflections upon the meanes of Preservation and Renovation.

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The reasons why I have given the name of Balsum of Life to this excellent composition, are because this Medicament is not a bare remedy for the cure of difeases, but that also through its admirable Virtues, and qualities, it is a preferver of Life, by the means of its Balsamick Principles, and great Virtues in Renovation, but because there are divers Persons that will not allow of Prefervers, and especially of renewers; I will indeavour (in as few words as I can possible) to affert it. In order to this (that those to whom I address this difcourse may the better reliss what I shall say hereafter; I would defire them to reflect a little upon the dayly method in prefervation of dead bodys, such as are wholly deprived of all inward affisting qualitys, which are nevertheless so preferved, through the affistance of some Medicaments as to be kept from Putrefaction for many after ages, and then I hope) they will be more inclined to approve, and allow, of a preferving and prolonging p wer in such Balsamick reme dy, as may be administred to living bodys such as are replensibled with vital Spirits, and a Native Balsum of Life.

Now whereas our Nature (according to the opinion of the learned) cannot renew her felf without the aid and alfistance of some Medicaments, by reason of her own insufficiency, in the separation & extraction, of a pure & clear Quintefsence from her ordinary and usual food, whereby to renew her self, we must conclude, that these alfisters, hold the place of Preservers and Renovators.

For could nature make a pure extraction from the Aliments, fuch a one as would be required for Renovation, it would be contented with very little proportion, whereas on the contrary fhe does dayly crave a large quantity of the faid Aliments to fupply her felf withal, whereby an abundance of imporities are diffributed throughout the whole body, which puts her to a continnal Labour in the expelling of them again.

This its deficiency is dayly manifested by a continued vifficitude of Lapfies into divers forts of distempers, but could she extract any such excellency from the aliments, life would then be a continued series of health, without alteration.

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Now fince our Nature is defititute of fuch qualities, & too Weak & deficient in her felf, to attain to fuch a height of perfection, by her peculiar fire, & the Infruments of her own Laboratory, Medicine must be invited to her Ayd, with refined Balfamick and Spirituous Medicaments, fuch as Almighty God (who has promifed length of Dayes) through his immenfe goodnefs to Mankind has ordained for prefervation and prolongation Life, whence may be concluded a neceffity of fuch prefervatives in Nature, whereby our humane Nature, being fupported and exalted by a pure Quinteffence the fphear of her activity may be expatiated beyond its Natural extent, and limits, both for the prefervation and prolongation of Life.

In the Chymical anatomy of Blood, the fixt Salt is found in a lefs quantity than the Volatil, which fix falt is a powerful principle, whole Balfamick parts, are fo abfolutely neceffary to Life, that the durance thereof is to be measured by the standard of its quantity and quality, fo that according as any living being does abound more or lefs in this fix falt, it doth accordingly coutinue more or lefs, and requires lefs nutriment, this is most particularly evinced in the Viper, an Animal of great abstinence, and long Life, out of two ounces of whose Flesh, has been extracted, a dram of Balsamick Salt.

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What I have faid either concerning this Salt, or in reference to the prefervers and renovators, is without derogating in the leaft from the Archeus that fervent Spirit and Prince of Life which refides in us, who affifted by its Balfum, and concurring with the refults of the exterior reftoratives, does Vifit, inlighten, and comfort, all the Parts and render them partakers of the effects of its Virtues, but whereas this faid fpirit does keep its chief refidence in the more noble parts, where all its Virtues are treafured up, and in which its faculties do fhine with a greater luftre, influence, and Authority, the prefervatives have likwife a greater power upon, and fympathy with the noble than with the Inferiour and fubjected parts,

Now whereas the Heart first agent of the Blood does extract a too small proportion of this fix falt out of the Nutriment to sufficiently supply all the parts withal, and that the Volaril falt does evaporate too fast, and is too easily diffipated, Whereby the faid parts remain in a continual craving. If that a Quintessence does add Energy, both in quantity and quality, to the Balfamick Sait, and suppress the Subtil Evaporation of the Voltatils of necessfity prefervative and prolongation must be adjudged as Infallibly as necessfarily

These things rightly Confidered I am of opinion, that to deny the existency of preservers and Renovators, amongst plants, Animals and Minerals, is to oppose experience, maintained by reason, and confirmed by divers Antient and Modern Authentique Authors.

I fhall no longer infift upon this Theme leaft it fhould fwell this little Piece beyond my firft intention, the rather, fince many have treated at large upon this Subject, but they have involv'd it (for the moft part) in fo many circumftances, and accompanied it with fuch a numerous variety of Nicitys which has elevated it beyond the reach of Vulgar capacities, and rendered it fo intricate, and of fo difficult an acquifition, that but few will attempt the purchafe, at fuch a troublefome rate, whilft that man, (who naturally afpires to glory) wants but diligence to fearch, with courage to execute, he being already endowed with reafon to underftand, that he is in poffeffion of that Inftrament of Inftruments, the hand to perform, and that kind and plentiful Nature is at hand to fupply him withal requifite materials, to operate upon, imploring only the ingenious Artifts Care and Diligence.

Of the Qualities and Virtue. of this Balfum.

It is now time I should give you an account of the fingular properties and virtues of this Exquisite Balsum of Life, which I shall do as succincitly as its various Energies and natures will permit.

It diffolves and opens all obstructions, drives forth all impurities, heales inward bruifes, fores, wounds, or ulcers, suppresses all evil ferments, strengthens all the viscera, and the fences, recreates the Spirits, reestablishes and augments the natural heat and radical humide, purches the blood and natural Balsum, refiss all corruptions and putres factions, cleanses the reins, bladder, and womb, and drys the superfluities thereof, helps conception, provokes the Terms, yet drys up the white effluviums. Accelerates Childbirth, and drives forth what should follow, combats all Poysons, corroborates the whole body, and ftrengthens and renews nature.

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These Qualities and Virtues render it of power to refift and suppress the violence; of some, & to radically extirpate, & absolutely cure others of these following Difeases.

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All Headaches.	Jaundice. Gout,	Green-fickneß.
Difiness	Confumption. All Agues.	Gripinge.
Plagnes.	Convulsions Heltick Feavers.	Stone. and Gravil.
Leprosy.	Apoplex. Melancholy.	Stuffings of the Lungs.
Scurvy	Falling ficknefs .Wind.	Olceration of the Lungs.
All Venereal diseases.	Palfy. Indigestions.	Barenness.
Dropfy.	Cramps.	Colicks.

and to be used by all such as are accustomed to take of those Pills which they call the Drunkey Pills, or Pills of good fellowship.

This balfum is no lefs excellent outwardly applyed for the cure of Cancerous, cavernous, Venereal Vlcers, and Fiftulas, applying it with Lint upon the Sore, or injecting of it in the cavities which it performes at the fartheft at the third dreffing, but fomtimes at the very first application, applying over it only fome fort of deficicative Plaister, and deflicates all wounds as are difficult to be cured through a flux of humours. It diffipares and difperfes all Venereal Nodes, and those little fourfy and dry pushulas or fcabs on the head, face, or any other part of the body.

Allays the pains of the Gout and Cramps.

Heals all concuffions, contufions, Sprains, cold aches, contracted nerves, weakness of joynts and limbs, and the dead Palfy.

Discusses all hard cancerous & scrophulous tumours, by chafing of it into the Part with a warm hand, and in the nape of the neck also; as also for gripings, colicks, and the worms chafing the belly and navel with it.

According to the intention and nature of the diftemper, fo must the body be prepared and disposed for the reception of this specifick in gross plethorick bodys, there is required more circumstantial preparations then others; in such persons care must be had not to ftir up the humours too hastily, nor to let them remain long in the body after once fet in motion, left through a new fermentation, they should create new discases, and produce putrid Feavers. But because I have limited this Discourse to two or three sheets of Paper, and that I defire all persons to relye upon the confultations and advices of their own experienced Physicians, though I had much to fay upon this subject, I shall forbare it, and only in compassion to such as live in Country Towns, far remote, from Physicians, or that cannot reach to the charge of a Physicians Fees, I shall fet down some few Rules.

If the partys defign is but to prevent or intercept the growth of fome budding diftemper, or for prefervation & renovation, & that he hath lately taken fome purging medicament, or that his flomach is clean of it felf, as alfo in time of infection against the Plague, or any other infectious difeases, there is no use for preparatives.

But if the Perfon aimes at the rooting out, and curing of fome diftemper. Then it is neceffary first to cleanse the stomach, which according to its foulness and repletion, is to be done either by vomits or purgations, and if requifice

byboth. The best of Vomits for this purpose is the Vinum Emeticum, and infusion of Crocus Metallorum, or of glass of Antimony, as also the Antimontal cup, in the Dropsy, Jaundice, Afthmas, Melancholy, Green-Sickness, and the like. In the Scurvy, Gour, and all Venereal Difeases, make use of Mercurius Vite; well and rightly prepared, and in all Cephalick, or Difeases of the Head and Nerves, as Convulsions, Palfies, Apoplex, and the like, make use of the Salt of white Vi-But becaufe thefe vomits are not to be had every where, (efpetriol. cially in the Country) fo well and duly prepared as they fhould be ; I will take care to provide fome in the Laboratory of my own preparing. with all care and circumfpection. As concerning Purges, they being to be hadfrom the Vegetables in every Druggift or Apothecarys Shop, and appropriated to the respective diffempers, I shall not mention them. As concerning the taking of this Balfum in the cure of Venercal difeases, the Scurvy, the Gout, Apoplex, Pallies of the head and tongue, Wind, Colicks, Gripings, Faintings, and Mother fits, and Wind in the ftomach. Though this Balfum (through the penetrating quality of the Gumm Guajacum) is hot and biting in the mouth and throat; I would advife all fuch. as can bare with it, to take it without any mixture, and to drink prefently after it a glass of white wine, or of some appropriated Liquor to the diftemper, because that in the mixing of it with any other Liquor before it is in the body, makes it immediately turn white, and flick, and precitate to the bottom of the veffel that containes it, which alteration (though it does not deftroy its virtues) yet retards for some time its active and nimble penetration, which is much required in the foremenrioned discases.

But in all other cafes it is to be dropped according to its dofe in fome liquors, appropriated to the diftempers, and fweetned with fome fyrup; or if you will make it a most pleafant and delitious drink, take eight times the proportion of white wine, as is the dose you are to take of the Balfum, land drop the faid proportion of Balfum into it, fweeten it at your pleafure with fugar, or fome pleafant fyrup, ftir aud mix all well together, and it will be like a spiced draught of new milk and fugar in taft, (mell, and looks.

If there be any that had rather take this Balfum in extract or pills they must put the proportion of a dose in a filver spoon (if it will contain it) but if the dose be more than one spoonful, fill your spoon first, and set it, at such a distance, as it may not fire over a Candle, or kindled coals, and as it evaporates away, add more till you have the just dose; which dry up to such a confistence, that being mixt with a little loave sugar or sugar Candy in pouder, may be made up into a Pill or Bolus.

Those that are defirous to keep by them their whole proportion of Balsum in an Extract, let them set it in a filver or earthen glassed Cup or Pot in warm water, and let it stand there till it be evaporated to that thickness, but observe that in the keeping it grows hard in sucess of time which may be softened again by setting of it in warm water as before, with addition of very strong spirit of wine.

As concerning its Dofes, I shall infift upon them as given to abody of a ftrong conftitution, which all perfons are to alter in adding or dimipishing nifhing according to the ftrength, fex, habit, coufficution, there being no danger of over doing of it except too extravagantly.

In a body that is but flightly threatned with the begining of fome diftempers, this Balfum is to be taken in fmall quantity from 10 to 20 or 30 drops once in two or three days in the morning fafting, and continuing fo two hours after, keeping from cold, and using fuch a moderate exercise as will keep you warm, ftir up the spirit-, yet cause no sweat, nor evaporation, or hols of them; continue this during 7 or 8 days or more if required. The same in Prefervation and Prolongation.

In time of Infection take every morning, or oftner in the day the fame proportion after the fame manner.

If you intend to remove some recent obstructions in any part to help disgestion, to expel wind and crudities from the stomach, and bowels, take it during 10 12, or more mornings in the same manner, to half a spoonful for dole

If you would help barreness, fits of the Mother, or provoke the Terms, take it going to bed, at the full of the Moon, and presently before or after the time of the evacuations, during five or fix days, which if need be, must be repeated every fall of the Moon, during five or fix days, in the fame quantity as before, adding in the Mother fits a little spirit of Castor.

In diftempers of the Lungs, Consumptions, Hectick, Feavers, Gc. it is to be taken in drops from 5 to 10 or five or 6 times a day.

The fame against all Headaches, Convulsions, Palsies, but in an Apoplex live to a spoonful, blow fome up the Nostrils, and pour some into the Ears also.

But if you intend to cure a confirmed or a Chronical disease, take it in a larger quantity, and continue the use of it till you find the distemper, moving the dofes one or twospoonfuls to three. The same in the Scurvy.

In all Venereal diseases, and the Gout, it is to be taken in the largest proportions, and continue the takingduring 14 days at the least, but more if the obstinacy of the disease does require it, sweating every day once or twice, if strength will permit it, either in bed, in a sweating chair, tub, or bot-house. The dose is one ounce or 4 spoonfuls, I observe that if the disease is not too much confirmed, one pint or pound performs the cure; but if it be very inveterate and complicate you must proceed further.

This is what I was defirous to fay concerning the choice, perparations, Compofition, qualities and virtues of the ingredients of this excellent Potable Balfum of life, as also of the Balfum it felf. In so wide a field I might have expatiated my felf at large, but my intention being only to inform the generality in few words of the nature, use and doses of this Balsum, I shall forbare giving any further accompt of it, except it be defired of me by some understanding civil persons at the Laboratory, where at any seasonable hours all such persons shall be very welcom unto their humble Servant

Belon.

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