Mellificium chirurgiae. Or, the marrow of many good authours, wherein is briefly and faithfully handled the art of chyrurgery, in its foure parts, with all the severall diseases unto them belonging ... As also an appendix, wherein is methodically set down, the cure of th[o]se affects usually happening at sea and in campe ... And lastly, an addition of severall magistrall receipts ... / [James Cooke].

Contributors

Cooke, James, 1614-1694

Publication/Creation

London: Samuel Cartwright, 1648.

Persistent URL

https://wellcomecollection.org/works/vsbyjxnf

License and attribution

This work has been identified as being free of known restrictions under copyright law, including all related and neighbouring rights and is being made available under the Creative Commons, Public Domain Mark.

You can copy, modify, distribute and perform the work, even for commercial purposes, without asking permission.



Wellcome Collection 183 Euston Road London NW1 2BE UK T +44 (0)20 7611 8722 E library@wellcomecollection.org https://wellcomecollection.org



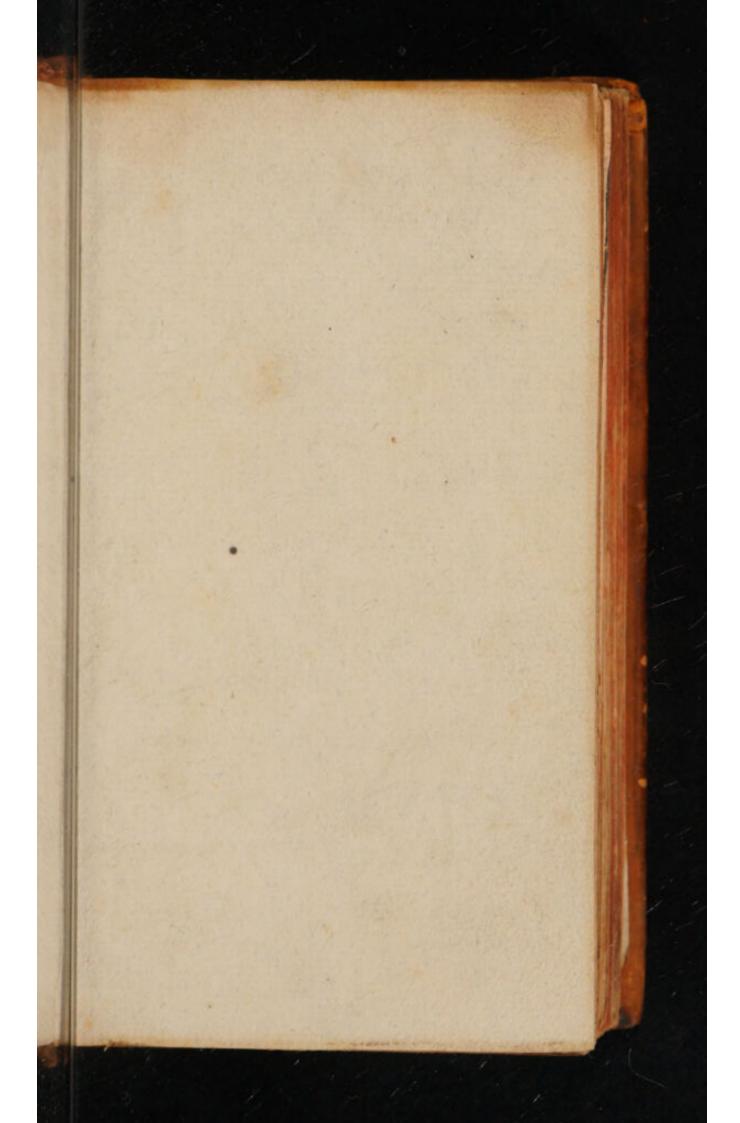


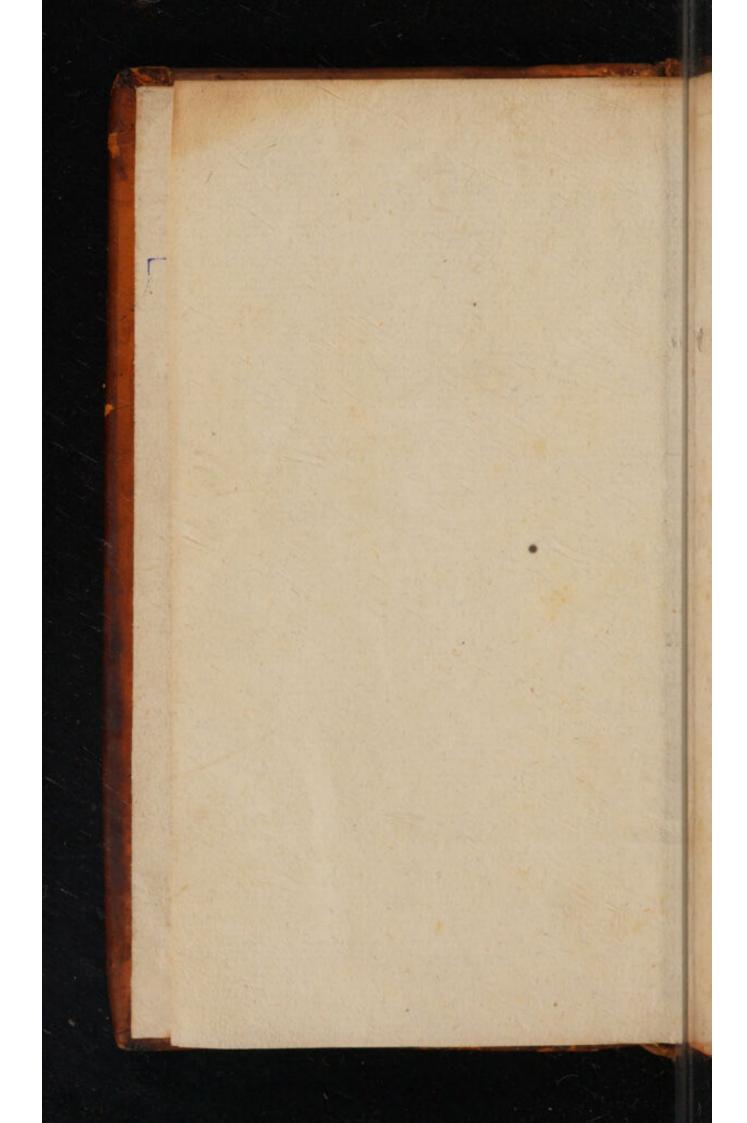






18659/A/1 Lacking sig. N COOKE





Tho: Gower 1648 Bolow 2 Fo. Elerky Prages Fran. Prujean, Cenfor Guliel. Rant. Cenjor. Geo. Ent. Censor, o. Michlethwaice Confor. Tholy one z

Imprimatur

Fo. Clerk, Præses, Fran. Prujean, Censor Guliel. Rant. Censor. Geo. Ent. Censor, Jo. Micklethwaite Censor. 16707 Photony

Mellisicium Chirurgia.

MARROW

Many good AUTHOURS.

Is briefly and faithfully handled
The Art of Chyrurgery, in its foure
parts, with all the severall diseases unto
them belonging. Their Definitions,
Causes, Signes, Prognosticks, and
Cures, both generall,
and particular.

AS ALSO

An Appendix, wherein is methodically fet down, the Cure of these affects usually happening at Sea, and in Campe, with others necessary to be known.

AND LASTLY.

An Addition of severall Magistrall Receipts, approved, & heretosore kept secret.

Gathered first for private use, and now put forth for publique benefit, by JAMES COOKE

Lover of Physick and Chyrurgery.

Printed at London for Samuel Cartwright, at the fign of the Hand and Bible in Duck-Lane.

M DC XL VIII.

COOR ANTHOURS HISTORICAL MEDICAL

\$\\\ph\$\\ph\$\\ph\$

TO THE Right Honourable Francis Lord Brooke, Baron Brooke of Beauchamp-Court.

Right Honourable.

As I not fully perswaded of that Christ-like spirit, re-

siding in your bosome, which was supereminent in your thrice honoured deceased Father, and now remaining in the Right Honourable your Lady mother, to accept

of small things, from service reallized, presented. I durst not have presumed, to have prefixed your noble name to so worthlesse a piece, much lesse have craved acceptation of it. But that candor and sweetnesse hath, as, emboldned mee to pray acceptance, so, encouraged me to beg patronage, of the poore and first labours of your humble fervant.

This, my selfe, and all I doe enjoy, though it were tenne thousand times

times more, could not in the least measure, if subjected to your commands, bee a sufficient testimony of my thankfulnesse, for the least of those many high favors, by which I am obliged to your noble Family.

Should I goe to particularize, I might be voluminous, and that being done, yet not be satisfactory, either in respects to worths, or my own affections, which would ever be putting me on to doe more and better.

But not to trouble

A 4 your

your Lordship any longer; what I have, or may be wanting in tenders of service, shall be faithfully improved at the Throne of Grace for your eternall happinesse.

Thus supplicating for pardon of boldnesse, passing by of failings. As it was my honour to bee servant and Chyrurgion to your Noble Parents, so I humbly petition to subscribe my selfe, Your Honours,

Most bumbly devoted, oldion on in all duty, JA. COOKE.



To the Reader.

IT may be accounted presumption by some, for him Sthat is least able, and most unworthy, to put himselfe to publicke view of those who are better proficients, and more renewned in this noble Art. Let such know one talent is called for improvement of, as well as ten; and as gifts are received, so they are to be distributed, especially for publique advantage. He knowes this age is learned, and acute, its matter of his rejoycing; God discovers himselfe so liberally, knowing if this fall into the hands

To the Reader.

hands of those whose parts, though high flown, be spiritualized, he doubts not, but they will be ready to pity failings, and lovingly admonish, which shall bee most cordially and thankfully received. If otherwise they be improved to scorne and contemne, he mournes for that miscriage, and prayes heartily that they may be sanctified.

The rest hee hath to say is this, as what is Printed, was for no private, but publick ends and advantage: so its to his poor ability, faithfully performed by him who though he desires to be sheltered in God, and live above both the praise and dispraise of men, yet requests leave to acknowledge himselfe unworthy,

To the young Chyrurgion.

Brother,

DY way of preface, to difco-Dver the excellency of this Art, would be needlesse, the utility of it I hope thou wilt finde by putting in practice, what is presented. Its a peece, providence put me upon some few yeares before our late intestine broyles, for helpe of memory, as d to bee a companion to converse withall in spare houres, when abroad Which ends hath beene doubly answered by the falling of such times, wherein such bloody worke hath beene in the Kingdome, which though unhappy otherwayes, yet by continuall practice I, and consequently it hath been advantaged. For my owne part, besides the benefit by it received, the methodizing of it, with addition of some observations and medicaments, experience

rienced I claime no interest in it. The Title page and Table will discover what is therein contained, which I hope will bee satisfactory the rather, method in it being plaine, breife, easie, yet full. I hope so farre as God hath inabled me to see my owne heart, neither applause, gaine, nor other felfe-advantage, was the end of publishing, but mainely, the glory of God, and the helpe of those that stand in need, I have heard (in marches) complaints that Authours already extant though good, were, as ton great to bee constant companions, so of too great a price to loofe: both which I hope will be removed by this. I have indeavonred so to sute it both for sea and land, that the young beginner need for it, be neither troubled with chest or portmantue. For further incouragement receive a catalogue of the Authors from whom collected, English, D. Read, Parry, Mr. Woodal, Low. Latin, Senertus

are

Chyrurgeon.

Sennertus, Zacutus Lusit, Hildanus, Ab Aquapendente, Schenkius, Horflius, Carolus Pifo, Paracelfus, Hartmanus, Beguinus, Frambesarius, Fernelius, Minsicht, Poterus, Forestus, Guido, Fontanonus, Pigraus, Stockerus, Hollerius, Rulandus, Platerus, Wierus, aventinus, Quercetanus, Riverius, Fontanus, Beverovicius, & Johnstonus. Which last may excufe me for epitomizing, though others workes, besides thou hast thesecrets of practitioners, whose names are worthy to be mentioned, and should; if it were not for fear ofoffending them, they came unexpectedly to my hands, and are as freely fet out for thy benefit. Thus thou feelt what hath been my labour and care for thy profit. If it bee accepted of in good part by any, it shall bee thankfully acknowledged current fatisfaction: and indeed for the gaine of such it is I have compiled it. As for other, though Iuniors in the profession that think themselves so perfect, that they

they neede no helpe, or having bin taught by others, instead of thankfullnesse, throw dirt in their faces: let them lay this downe as being not intended for them, till they learne more humility, and better manners. One thing more I shal begge of thee, that as God hath called thee out to bee instrumentall to cure the distempers of others bodies, so have regard to thy immortall foul, and looke to those wounds wherein thou mayest receive curing for thy better part: study humility, sobriety and chastity, the contrary vices of the two latter with swearing and cursing, being looked upon as the epidemicall finnes reigning in the Artists, as also in the Nation, for which may be expected a sharper deep cutting sword then yet we have felt, and that feared, will end in ruine : give me leave to set downe what is writ for our learning, which the Lord fet home effectually by his spirit

Chyrurgeon

to thine, and my foule, to bee both a curing and preventing remedy as there is occasion, I Cor. 6. 9. 10. Know yee not that the unrighteous shall not inherit the Kingdom of God, be not deceived, neither fornicators, nor Idolaters, nor Adulterers, nor Effeminate, nor abusers of themselves with mankind, nor theeves, nor covetous, nor drunkards, nor revilers, nor extortioners shall inherit the Kingdome of God. To conclude, it is my earnest desire to injoy the prayers of those who are interested in Christ; which shall (God inableing) be answered with earnest breathings for thy eternall happinesse by him who desires to be accounted a brother, though unworthy.

Ja. Cooke ..

WARWICK March 1:

Ad

泰泰泰李李李李李李李李李李李李李李李李李李李李李李李李

Ad JACOBUM COOKUM Authorem, Epigramma.

Audandi multim medici, celeberrime Cooke, Qui varios doctos composuere libros. In quibus omne genus morborum gnaviter arcent, Et variis servant corpora sana modis. Nec minus intered (que virtus laude vehenda est) Evelimus reliquos compare laude viros, Qui divina inventa solent Chirurgica, doctam Colligere in methodum sedulitate pari. In quorum numero cum sis gnarissime Cooke, O vir Apollinei spes opulenta cheri, Solvere grata tibi meritæ præconia laudis Nos decet, ob pulchræ sedulitatis opus Cuncta arcana simul que tu Chirurgica pandis, Que Pater Hippocrates, que que Galenus babet. Quæque A sculapius tenet, ac Avicenna, Machaon, Et Mesue, medici fulgida gemma chori. Queque alii tradunt nostro qui tempore storent, Quique creant doctos arte recente libros; Vt quasi mille bonos Chirurgos codice parvo Exhibeas; (donum nobile, dulce bonum) Quem quicunque leges, animi cum frage salutem Authori grata mente precare tuo. Sin minus, boc saltem venia dignare, quod ilis Succurat, quam tu, qui minus artis babent.

李季季季季季季季季季

Art of Chyrurgery.

PART.I. SECT.I.

T Umors in generall.pag. 2. By venemous beafts biting. 7. Phleg-mon under it. 12. Panicula 15. Phyma ibidem. Furunculus ibid. Eryfipelas under it 16. Herpes Miliaris, Exedens 18. Oedema 19. Scirrbus 21. Tumor Aquosus 23. Flatulentus 25. Particular Tumors.

Hydrocephalos 26. Polypus 27. Parotis 30. Tonsillarum 31. Angina 32. Vivula cum dolore & relaxat. 34. Tumor & inflammation of the eares with pain 36. Anchylops 37. Ranula 38. Aneurisma 40. Paronychia 41. Tumor in the knees 42. Scrotum 43. Perniones 41.

Sect. II.

Ulcers in generall 4. Vicers
Plaine 50. Compound, Hollow 51.
Sinuous ibid. Fistula's in generall,

rall, 55. Particular, as Lacrimalis 61. Breaft 64. Wherein is handled Hecticke fever 68. Marasmus 66. Backe 71. Belly 72. Foynts 74. Anus 73. Malign Ulcers 75. as Herp. Exedens 76. Phagedena and Nome 79. Cancer 81. Vicers with proud flesh 84. Corruption of the bones 86. Discolourations 87. Varicous, Verminous 89. and loust e ulcers 90. Particular ulcers, as Acher, Favus 91. Tinea 93. of the Ears, Eyes 94. Opbibalmia 95. of Cornea 98. Ozena, Polypus 99. Vicers of the mouth 100. Pallat 101. Tongue ib id. Almonds, Throat 102. Backe 103. Joynts, Thighs, Legs 104. Feet 105.

Sect. III.

Wounds in generall 105. As Staying blood 107. Removing extraneous bodies and ease paine 109. Convulsion, 116. Palsie 120. Wounds of poysoned weapons 124. Bites of mad dogs 126. Gunshot 128 Wounds of the head in generall 134. Temporall Muscles 140. Contusions wounds 142. with, 144 without 147 Fra-

Etures

Etures in old and young 148. Fractures simple 151. Compound 153. In the contrary part 155. Wounds of the Menynges and brain 158. Concustion, 162 Fungus 163.

Tumor.

Particular wounds of the eyelids 164. Lips 165. Eares 166. Nose ibid. Tongue 167. Throat 168 Windepipe 170. Gullet ibid. Backe bone 171. Breast 172. Heart ibid. Lungs 173. Midrif ibid. Vessells ibid. Belly 177. Stomach 179. Guts 180. Liver 181. Spleen 182. Kidneys 183. Bladder 184. Yard 185. Wombe 185. Nerves ibid. Fognts 187.

Sect. IV.

Fractures in generall with, without a wound particular, As Jawes 194. Collar 195. Shoulder tlade 197. Breast bone ibid. Ribs 198. back bone 200. Rumpe 201. Hip 202. Whirlebone ibid. Armes and Legs under the generall hand 203. Feet ibid.

Distoc. in generall, 204. In particular

ticular, as James, &c. 207. As in Fractures. Arrophia 217. Gib-bosinies 219. Burnings and Scalding 221. Ecchymusis 223. Gangreen 225.

814

07/2

Part. II.

To separate parts unnaturally joyned, 234. As the Eye-lids of them selves, or to the adnata 235. Gums ibid. Tongue-tyed 237. Ears 238. Distortion or Wry-necke 239. Yard 241. Vulva 242. Fundament 243. Finger and Toes. 244.

Part. III. Sect. I.

To remove things supersuous 247. As extraction of a childe dead or alive 247. Mole 252. Secundine 253. Bringing women to bed 255. Cafarean birth 259. Symptomes 261. As tearing the Vulva into Anus 261. Wrinkling of the belly 262. Dry up milke 262. Tumors in the Breast, swelling of the Feet. 264

Sect. II.

Bronchocele 286. Hernia umbilicalis 291. Intestinalis, Epiplocele 293 Hydro-

Hydrocele 302. Cirsocele 306. Humoralis 307. Ani procidentia 308. Vteri Procidentia 310.

Sect. III.

Amputation in the found 314. Putrid part, 320. Extirpation of Cancers 323. as in Breast, Lips, &c. 330. Sect. IV.

Phlebotomy 331. Arteriotomy 336 Cupping glasses 337. Leeches 338.

Wens, Ganglion 341. Atheroma 344. Melicera 345. Steatoma ibid. Hydracium, Ficus, Talpa 347. Strumæ 348. Cataracta oculi 352. Procidenatia 355. Vnguis oculi 356. Grando 357. Hordeolum, Rhias, Encanthes, Vdatis 358. Things fallen into the eye, blows on them 359.

Sect. VI.

Lithotomia 361. Stone sticking in the ureters 370. Yard. 371.

Part. IV.

The supplying the defects of the body, As Nose 373. Eyes 374. Nose 375. Teeth ibid. Pallat 376. Tongue 377. Ears, Yard 378. Hands, Legs 379. incearing 380. And im-

B

MI P

15.60

20.11

10%

Rich

mir.

imbalming of the dead. 382. An Appendix.

Wherein is handled, Lues Venerea 386. Alopecia 392. Dolor Capit. ib. Juncturarum ib. Talpa 393. Gonorrhea Virulenta ib. Pustles, Nodes 394. Buboes, Caruncle 395. Scurvy 398 With its Symptomes 403. as Vlcers in the mouth, Palsie 404. ulcers in other parts 405. Fluxes, Celiaca 407. Lienteria 408. Diarrhea 409. Dysenteria 411. Tenesmus 417. Collick 419. Illiake Pass. 422. Calenture 424. Arthritis 426. Ischiadicus dolor 436. Febris Militaris 439. Pain of the teeth 447. Bleeding at nose 452. Hamorrhods flowing 455. Suppressed 457. Scals & Itch.459. Iffues and Fontinels 462.

An addition of Magistrall receits,

Some not yet in Print.

Balsame 466. Lucatellus Balsame 467
Another Balsame 470. Catapl. 471. A
drink 473. Aq. Lactis 474. pul. solut.
& pil. Catho. ib. Empl. Crocatum 475.
Pil.ex Turbith. Miner. ib. infus. vomit.
& ol. buxi ib. ung. pro scab. puer. 476.
To skin ulcers ib. Empl. Rosatum 477.
Aq. Campbo. ib. ol. vulner. sanaus spatio
24. hor. 478.

THE

Reader, The absence of the Author while this was doing off, the uncouthnesse of the termes, and abbreviations in this Art, have been the cause, that so many errors of moment have escaped.

Errors and Amendments.

Pag 13. line. 18 stopped procure them, p. 161. 14. for ulcerous, read womb, p. 28.1. 11. a/fo if, l. 12. dele hard, p. 46.1. 11. dele some, p.48.1.14. in which, 1.25. those are simple or compound, the compound are diapalm. cum succ. de minio Empl. ros. p.49.1.11. lot. ana 3j. p. 52.1.2.3 j. 1.18. this dothp. 53.1.5. three things, 1.8.inject.1.18.rouler,p. 56.1.9.bladder, p. 57.1.7. 3 js. 1.12. ingal. 2.p 59.1.12.persons when, p. 60.1.12.j 1.14 Zij. Camfor. 3j.1.16.actua'l cautery, p.62.1.14.alum cal. 31.1.16.with it arm your, p. 63.1.1. with ink, 1.16.aq. spermat. 1.20. see bow, p. 65.1.3.0r this, p. 70.1.14. feat (apida, 1.23. vel fyr. papav. rub. 69 Caryoph. p.71.1.2. cum lac.p.72.1.5. judge the versebra, 1.6 stinking sanies p.75.1.4.prap.p.77.1.9 rhah. 31.1.21.rhei3vj. p.78.1.6. impacted, 1.16. merc. prap.1.24. [u/p 31.p.791.18. dof. 3 .p.84.1.15. every 4th.p.88.1.25.did precede, p.89.1.4 Cent. minor p.94.1. 10. wormy .96.1. 1. they defire, 1. 25. fen. mun. 3111. p. 97.1.8. surpression, 1. 15. Tutil extinct. 1. 18. vomit. 3j.1. 20.6 is,p. 98 1.10 r.p. 64.1.1.p. 101.1.10. some, p. 115.1.7. note in, p. 116.1.3. Cacochym. p. 1191. 22. merc prapar. 1.24. chap. 1.p. 120.1.1.excellent.to.p. 128.1.1.ad 3 ij.p. 131. 1.27. Terebin. clara, p.132.l.2.pul. 3i p.143.l.11. ana 3 i.p 146.l.23 pustuled, p. 152 l. 21. way be, p. 155. l. 5. in these cases if, p. 158. 1 4.cum aq.1.6. Emp. Pa'mei, p.161.1.1. yet experience, 1.20.6 stuphes, p. 164. l. II. Emp! Palmei p. 169 l. 10. papav errat. p. 189.1 last. with tapes. p. 199.1.3. tritici 31. 1.5 35. p. 206.1. 27.ana i s..p243.l.23. some desiccaieve, p 290.l. 17. dischil. iriat.p.291.1.4.in a ciftis, p.298.1.18. Solom. Miii.1.19. Mi. sem. anisi.Zi. p. 316.1.17 also that in, p. 325.1.20. proper upon, p.329.l.11.35. l.17. Tutia præpar. pul. gammar. p.331.l.13. p.4. P.350.1.25. Rigaliopfis. p.363.1.17. Turbith. p.393.1.1 Rollaur. 1. 2. Scorpion. 1.6. antiq. Zvil 7.v per. Zil. 23. Mer. dul. 3 s. p. 397. L 28 agrimony p. 405. 1.7 ftup'es, 1.17. indicition, p. 408 1, 20 id est merc. vita. 413.1.4. be often, p. 429. 1.14. Heurnius p.478.1.13.taken often...

of some training on the Author while the was to ing off one uniterated the of the termes and abbrevious moseif this Act; bave been the confe, that to many ALTON OF WHOM COUNTY PERSONS DELL. A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE SECOND SE Fag x collect the page of present being red to for a corone, and never a property of the second property and the born a 487, i avia world, list a role are fingle are ampaint, rice 111 - 6 to the time of any of the state of the fact of agnillar is the walking of the Line is CILE ENTRY OF THE STATE OF THE THE REAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND Cartilla Commence of the State of the Cartilla Co. and the man carry of the man to the state and the contract of the firm. of C. 3 or son product a fability and printer printer. all tales more of a single fact of the control of t The state of the s The State of Enter Land State States rays. To when the Little and the comment 3 it. Co. It time but the Light of the B. to. and the contract of the property of the contract of the contra ranging as a magazing one mes long out the managed of State of the state ting fills and a second track the second to the STITE OF THE STATE CONTRACTOR AND LOCAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY O horself to have being beautiful to a feet a property of Lacing at 11 Enthury Leady appropriate Links and the property of the property of their the at his productive to the productive and former AND STREET AND ASSESSMENT OF THE PARTY OF TH STATES OF STATES transfer ter Long to the land to the min to the state of the state o and I was a second to the second seco grand with teach a south



THE ART OF CHIRURGERY.

PART. I.

SECT. I. CHAP. I.



Assing by the Arguments that discover the excellencie; we come
to its self, being
the second part

of the curative part of Medicine, (contained in naturall Philosophy) which teacheth how divers diseases of the body are to be cured by manuall operation. The B parts

parts of which are foure:

1. To unite parts dis-joyned.

2. To separate parts unnatu-

3. To remove things super-

fluous.

4. To supply things wanting. In the first is comprehended, 1. Tumors, the Solution, being gathered by Reason. 2. Ulcers, Wounds, Fractures, and Dislocations, apprehended by Sense.

Of the first, Tumors, consider, 1. The Definition, viz. It is most frequently a disease, sometimes a light affection, for the most part incident to the Organicall parts, increasing their quantity above nature: by reason of superstuous humours sent from other parts.

2. The Causes in generall, are fluxion and congestion. The sirst, when a humour offending in quantity, or quality, suddenly ceizeth upon a part. The latter, when a humour is collected by

little and little.

The

(M)

HILL thin

班

Pile

25()

Don

Flor

Olo

0.10

Con

att

Dit

don

1

The speciall Causes are either externall, or internall; The first is, all outward things, which may cause Solution, whether non-naturalls, or of venemous quality, the internalls are humours or flatuofities, and thefe are either naturall or unnaturall; the first is either fincere, as Choler, &c. or mixed, as some of the former, with Blood. 2. Unnaturall, as water. The 3. Generall thing is the differences, which are either simple, or compound. The simple are either hot, as Phlegmon, and Erysipelas, or cold as Oedema, & Schirrhus, and two more, which are Tumor. Aquof. 6 Flatuof. which are the off-spring of crudity, caused by weaknesse, or defect of naturall heat. Compound, which is begotten of the combination of the former, and according to the predominancy of the humour, arifeth the name, as if blood abound it is called Phlegmone Erysipelatodessor.

B 2

Now

Now for the generall Indications of curing, they are taken either from the matter or times of every Tumor.

In the first, consider the Motion, and its Nature: for the former, its either flowing, or receiv-

ed into the part.

The causes of Fluxion are two, Plethora, & Cacochymia. The first is twofold, ad vasa, when the veines are onely sull, and the body quick, &c. And this is either Pura, when the Humours are in due proportion, or Impura, when there is excesse of any Saving blood. Ad vires, when there is such a sulless such a fulnesse as causeth sluggishnesse, this requireth bleeding; as Cacochymia purging.

As for Bleeding, first, observe the manner, in fulnesse quoad vasa, draw what is convenient at once, but in quoad vires, by repe-

tition,

Secondly, the Quantity, in weaknesse, lesse; in strength, more; both which is discerned

Motion.

Causes.

Manner.

Quantity.

by

by the Functions: as the weaknesse of the Naturall, by the crudity of Urine, and Excrements
of the body. Of the Vitall, by
a weak and small pulse; as also
weak and thick breathing. Of
the Animall, by defect in moving, and feeling. But be diligent
in distinguishing between weaknesse indeed, and oppression, by
reason of sulnesse, which makes
dull and slow. For, as in the
first; great moderation is to be used. So in the latter, wee may
more freely evacuate.

Thirdly, The ends. As first Derivation, which is a drawing of the humour to the parts adjacent of the same side. Secondly, Revulsion, which is a drawing to the parts opposite, and this is used when the matter flows slowly, or to prevent a disease; not having any place in contagious

Tumors.

In translation of humour flowing from any place, it must bee done either by rectitude of parts, Ends.

or of vessells, as if one bleed immoderately at the right nostrell apply cups to the region of the

liver, &c.

The second cause of Fluxion is Cacochym: which is not so much by reason of the quantity as the quallity offending. Now this latter either moveth from place to place, or else resteth where it sirst invaded. If it move, it's best abated by bleeding; if it rest purge with proper medicaments.

The second Indicat is taken from the contagiousnesses, or not contagiousness. If not, the fluxion proceeds from three causes:

First, from the strength of the part sending, being burdened; in this case doe as in the second

cause of Fluxion.

2. the Thinnesse of humour, in this, if we cannot use bleeding or purgation; then must be used revulsion, by Cups without Scarif: Ligatures, Frictions, bathing, Vesicatories, and Fontinels.

Thirdly,

1

Thirdly, the Attraction of the part affected, which is caused either by distemperature or pain, the first must be removed by contraries, onely if with it, ther be joyned patent passages: then apply aftringents, as Bac.Mirtil, rof.rub. Cort: granat, Querc. Balauft. Sumach, Sloes decoct in vin, rub. vel ag. & aceto, or new Tanners woofe rouling the part hard, or apply this upon leather, R rad. Torment. Bistort. Symphit. rof. rub. gallar balan 1. Malicor. Sang. drac. bol. arm. fantil. rub. ceruf. ana zi. ceræ alb. Ziii. ol. Myrtil. Zi. M.f. Ceratum.

For paine, its caused either by solution or venemous quality; the first, proceeds from hot, and sharpe humours, which are to be encountred, with Anodyns, or Narcoticks. If from the second, biting of venemous beasts, &c.

First Scarifie, then apply cups, foment the part cum Theriac. dissol, in aceto accerrimo, applying stupes wet therein, and above this.

B 4 R Pic.

R Pic. Naval. 3 j. Sal. Nitri 3s. Sem. Sinap. 3ii. Cepar. allii sub prun. cocti ana Ziij. assæ fætid sagapen ana ziii.sterc. Columb. 3i.ß Aristol.rotund. Diciam alb. ana 31. ol. lilior.alb. 3 s.f. Emp. Note the cups are to bee applyed with great flame, and your stupes very hot, Pigeons applyed are good, but the Actuall Cautery is best, after which Scarif: to the quicke; not forgetting strong ligature, three or foure inches above the place bitten, withall administring inward Antidotes for many dayes together, with some convenient decoctions; the same course take with Tumours arising contagious humours.

Now for indication from the tymes being foure, beginning, increase, state, and declination.

The first is, when the parts begin to swell, the action being not hindered, for which apply repellers, remember to use slender diet, convenient evacuations of the belly and bleeding. But note,

that

that in fix causes repellers are to be omitted, as when the matter is maligne, or criticall, when the body is plethor or Cacochym. when humours flow to the Emunctories, if the part have little naturall heat, and when the pain is vehement.

The increase is when the part is stretched, and the symptomes are increased, for which are to be used partly repellers, and partly discussers, the matter being partly possessing, and partly flowing. But note, if the matter flow with such force that it threatneth corruption, or be thick and hot, as in a Carbuncle, use scarif: and Leeches. Of discussing Medicaments there are three sorts, which are severally to be applyed according to the constitution of the party.

The state is when its come to such degrees, as that it can go no further in bignesse, nor in symptomes, and the veynes of the parts adjacent continue in the same

B 5

ful-

fulnesse, here we are to use Ano-

dyns and discussives.

The declination is, when Tumour and symptomes abate, then strong discussives are to be applyed in necessity, using Diachyl. Mag.cum Gum. Mesu. vel ireatum. Now because Tum: end not only by resolut: but by induration, corruption, changing of the place, as also by maturation, we come to the cure of a Tumour come to Suppuration.

CHAP. IL.

Suppuration.

Suppura-

First considering when this is required; and that is, first, when the humour is too plentifull, and naturall heat cannot rule it. Secondly, when its crude. And thirdly, when the matter is hard. That which I have found most effectuall is this Cataplasme, & Medul. pan. alb. 3vj.

rad.

rad. Althææ 3ij. pul. sem. lini. fænugrana 31. ficuus N.vj. cum decoct.rad. Althææ f. Catap.ad.in fine Butyr. recent axung.porcin.ana3 i s. vitel ovor. N ij. Croci 3 s. Misce vel R Med.pan.alb.Ziiij.Lact.rec.lbj. Malv.viol.ana Mjoum farin.trit.f. Cataplasma ad. ung. popul. Ziij. croc. 3i. Where its most likely to break use pledgets dipt in the yolke of an egge; when its ready to open which is knowne by the vanishing of the former accidents, and it being pressed fluctuates, and especially when its riveled, then open it by incition, rather then by Caustick, unlesse the Tumor be large, and a flux is expected, or when its to bee kept long open. After opening by incition, apply upon pledgets aftringents for 24. houres, as this if it be necessary. R Oliban 3 j. aloes 3 i s. f. pul. Misce cum albovi ad consisten Mell: do adde: pilos Lepor.concif. If by Caustick apply dialth; if they faint, use Confect. Alker. cum aq. vel decost. Cinam: after accidents are allayed to: to mundifie use this Re Succ apij. Its. Mell. pur. 3 iiij. farin. bord. 3 j. orobi 3 j s.myrh. 3 ij. Terebin. 3 j s.decoq. omnia simul s.ung. to incarne and heale up, look to the curation of ulcers. This in generall, now for particular Tumors: and first for a Phlegmon.

CHAP. III. Phlegmon.

Valien proceeds from blood, if it be proper, its onely caused of quantity, the differences being either from the matter or parts it possessether true or spurious, the causes are either primitive, antecedent, or conjunct, which may be also observed in all other Tumours.

Signes.

It beginneth suddenly, and encreaseth speedily, its hot, the pain pulsive, tension in the part, veynes

Signer.

veynes conspicuous, and the colour a fresh ruddy.

Prognosticks.

If moderate, healthfull. If superabound in plenty or malignity, beware of Gangreen, of sphac. If in a young hot body eatily cured: if internall upon great joynts, and great vessels, dangerous.

dik.

Cure.

Diet very spare and cooling, alwayes let blood, if the Tumour possesse the upper part, in the arme. If the lower parts in the legges or feet, if it proceed from any accustomed evacuation-stopped, then purge with this or the like, R aq. Cichor. endiv. acetose ana Zij elect. diacath. & de Sebest. ana 3 s. Syr.! Papav. rub. 3 j. Misce f. pot. Topicall meanes are three, Revulfion, Repelling, and Defensives. The first hath been handled, the defensives must be applyed to the parts most empty of flesh, as this. R Ceræ alb. 3 x ol Mirtil. & Cydon. ana

Prognost.

3 j pul. Mastic 3 iij bol. Arm. Sang.

Drac. ana 3 x. Mf. Empl.

As for the repellers, they are to bee either cold and moist, or astringent, coole and drying, this course is in principio. For the increase, use repellers and discussers more of the former. In the state use them equally, and if there be pain, some Anodyns, as this excellent one Re Mica panalb. in aq. Calid. macer this pul. ros. rub. & absimb. ana 3 vj ol Anethi. Mell. ana 3 ij. Misce f Cataplasme. If it end in maturation, then follow the method in suppuration.

CHAP. IV.

Tumors.

For spurious Tumours they are made from a mixture of the three other humours with blood; therefore it choler abound, coole and moisten in a higher degree then in a phlegm.

If phlegme, heat more. If melancholy, warme and moisten.

Now for Tumours that have reference; as first, Panicula, it most commonly possesset the glandulous parts somewhat flat on the top, whereof there is the representation of a pustle, being hard, hot and greater in paine, then the magnitude requires, having in it more choler then blood; but contrariwise, Phyma hath more blood then choler, being a little red and painfull, and much elevated.

As for Furunculus, its an inflamed pustle, with paine possessing
the skin of the soft parts, growing commonly to the bignesse of
a doves egge. For the cure of
these if necessity requires, first,
bleed and purge, then apply either Empl. Corcatum or this Cataplasme R rad lilior alb. fol. malv.
viol anal j coq in last ad mollitiem of
sexpress. ad farin. Hord. tritic. Sem.
lini ana 3j vitel. ovor. N ij ping gal.
buty rec. ana 3j Croc. Dij. f. Cata-

Panicula.

Phyma

Furuncu-

plasme

plasme, after being opened proceed, S. A. as in page 10.

CHAP. V. Erysipelas.

Signe.

A Tumour near red, like a pale Rose, hotter then Phlegmon, pricking pain, if touched white, caused of Alimentary choler.

Proguost.

Prognoftick.

That which is driven to the outward parts easie, if in the head ulcerous, a wound, ulcer, fracture, dislocation, sometimes mortall. If suppurate, or happen upon a bare bone, ill.

Cure.

Cure.

Diet coole, and moyst, if in any part, and blood predominate, Bleed: if exquisite, forbeare; if the cause bee externall, and far from noble parts, use coole and moyst Medicaments, if internal:

and

and milde, cool glysters wil serve: if strong, use this R Rhei z j. spic. gr. v. vini alb. parum infund. in decot. Tamarind. f. expres. ad. El. e succ ros. z iij. Syr. ros. sol. z ij. Mis. f. p. Use sweating, cum aq. pap. err. & lap. Bezoar. And note if it appear in head or face, let blood, use Leeches, and revulsion, if in the legs, vomit.

The locall Medicaments, are to be cold and moyft, not unctious, as aq. p. 2. acet. vini. p. 1. vel Sapon alb. 3 j. disol. in aq. Sambuc to iij. & bulli. Apply it with Linnen cloathes, and as they dry, moysten them, velaq. fper. ranar.cum acet. & Myrrh. or the juyce of horse-dung with Camphire, apply them till heat be abated, and colour recovered, if it turn livid,use Lixivium to foment withall, and apply this, R farin. fab. Hord & Orob. ana 3 iii. Lixiv. debilis to iiii. coq. ad confift. Empl. ad. Oxym. 3 iiij. If it be deep, scarifie, if gangren. or Sphac. Vide. Now the bastard, are according to the huhumour affociated; but of them that break the skin, there are two kindes.

付き数

Me

(10.1

B02

11.21

Tw

世代

First, Herpes Miliaris, caused of a salt waterish humour, mixed with sharp unnaturall choler. In this pustles break forth, having matter issuing, representing quitour, being of colour red, and pale: which is without danger.

Cure.

Cum aq. & acet. vel R Lanam Succidam torref. doner. f nig & pul. Misc. cum aq. ros. with which anoynt often, vel cum unquent ros. Mes.

Secondly, Herpes Exedens, vel ignis Sacer, caused of unnaturall choler, thick, sharp, and hot corroding the skin onely, with many small ulcers.

Cure.

Use decoction of Sarsa, soment it with this, R. Knotgrasse, Horstaile, Plantain, water-lilly, and Oken barke, Pomgranate flower and rindes, Mirtle Berries, red Rose leaves boyled in Tan-

Care.

Tanners Woose, after which Recere sta z ij. resin pin. z i s. Teresz i ol Mirtin z v j. succ. Nicotia z iii.

Coq. in cerat. Molle. If they spread and are putrid, Re Litharg Ceruse an. z ij. cortic granat, z s. Myrrb z i.

Tour. z i s. stor. er is alum usti ana z i eum ol Myrti & cere e q.s. f. unguent.

CHHP. VI.

Oedema.

Tumor caused of Flegme.

Its soft and loose, if pressed it pits with none or little pain, being white and cold, the Liver chiefly affected, as also the head and stomach.

Prognotick.

If of long continuance, or the body be diseased with Pothisis Cacexia or Dropsie, it is dangerous, otherwise not.

Cure.

Internall, Diet dry, aire hot and

Oedema.

Signe.

Prognoft.

and dry, bread made with hot feed, drying dyet drinks, Sweating is excellent. If it possesse the hands, worke, if the feet, walke.

There are three forts of unna-

tural Flegmes:

First, Soure, which betokens want of natural heat in the Sto-macke.

Secondly, Salt Flegme.

Thirdly, Glassie Flegme, which causeth great pain, if contained

in any part.

For Purging use Phlegmagog. the Chymicall are, Merc. Vita. Vitr. Antim. Merc. d. acuated cum Merc. vita. Galenicall. Have your diaphanie dia carth. pil. Hier. cum agar. acuated cum Elater.

Cure.

Externall R aq. & acet. add. parum. alum. f. foment, before which rub the place well. If it be in the belly, and tend to Suppuration, in 60 dayes, then to hasten it, apply Empl. Grocatu Nost. vel diachy cum Gum. After being opened, dresse S.A. if it Suppurate

not

\$99¢

arein

The primary Oedema is caused by congestion, and cometh on by degrees, but that which is Symptomaticall, is procured by fluxion, and suddenly appeares. A bastard Oedema needs not to bee touched, others that are referred, are in other places handled.

CHAP. VII.

Schirrhus.

CAused of Melancholy.

Signe.

Its a Tumor hard, cold, without pain, and is fixed without veines

appearing.

Prognostick.

If exquisite, or not, yet if great uncureable, but if sensible, and caused of thick Flegme, it is curable. Difference, its either

Signe.

Prognost.

Primary, and this either exquifite, or not, when another humor is joyned; or Symptomaticall, when it proceeds from another Tumor, not artificially handled.

Cure.

Cure.

Let not blood, unlesse the veyns be very great, blood black, and strength and age admit: If it proceed from accustomed evacuation stopped, procure them. Let the dyet be moist and thinne, purge with Malanag. as Confect. Hamech, Senna. note, that decoction of Lignum vitæ, & Sarsap: is excellent, continually used every morning sweating.

Externall, Rebdel. Ammoni gal. ana 3 j. dissol in Mortar Calid cum ol lilior add. mucilag. sem. lini & fanugr. ana 3 v.j. sicuum torres. 3 ij. s. catapl. apply it too a day, if it be above a tendon, take heed of acetum the part had need, sirsto be fomented with a decoction Malu althea Cham. Melilot stor. prim. veris in acet & ad spr. vini. If it be Symptomaticall,

use

tore

械

Parts

Attn

He o

grease, ana 3 j. ol. Lilior 3 ij. Marrow of Oxe bones 3 ij. Misce, Those that are referred are hands

CHAP. VIII.

Tumer Aquesus.

Chused of Serosity, too plentifully abounding, otherwises its but a vehicle of the blood, and after cast out per poros cutis, the difference as sudamina epinicium, &c. The causes of the humour sending to externall parts, is the weaknesse of the Attract: quality of the kidneyes, the coldnesse of the liver, or immoderate drinkings.

Sign.

Sometimes more, or lesse swelled, is soft and loose, if pressed it speedily returnes; if looked on betwixt you and light it shines, withall it itcheth when it breedeth.

Prognost. Tumor Aquosa.

Signe.

Prognost.

Cure.

Prognoft.

If from imperfection of the liver, dangerous, all unlesse smal, are hardly cured.

Cure.

Diet drying and spare, use watching. Cornar diet excellent, which is of bread and meat, 3 xij, and of drink, 3 xiiij, a day, use purging drinkes, wherein is Mecoach: and Zalap: provoke urin and sweat, which is not only good in this, but also in most ulcers, and contagious diseases, this purge is excellent kacinerum ebuli siccat 3 j. Cinam. 3 s. f. p. exhib in vino alb. vel pil. Eupher, &c.

Externalls. First, use foment made of lee and hot herbs, after anoint it cum sal nitr. 3 s. sulph. 3 iij. pul.bacc.laur. 3 j. amoniac. 3 s. ol. rutac. Ceræ.ana q. s. f. v. after which, apply this, R sem. sinap. sem. urticæ sulphur. Spum Maris aristel. rotund.bdel. ana 3 j. Amoniac ol antiq. Ceræ ana 3 ij. Misce. If it cannot bee thus cured, then open it and cure it.

S. A.

Mit.

WITT

S. A. Note pil. Alphang.gr.xx.cum elater g iss. to purge is excellent.

CHAP. IX.

Tumor Flatulentus.

Cheat. Crudity, and weake

Signe.
Light, very painfull, soft, and pits not.

Prognost.

If it possesse great joynts hardly cured, and those of other parts
not easie.

Diet as in the former Tumour, using meats of easie concoction;

after meat, use Marmalets; before bed-time anoint the stomach,

cum ol. Mastic & absinth.

Externals, use foment of Sack, with discussing hearbs, after anoint, Cum ol. aneth. rutac. Cham. lauri & spir.vini, apply Empl: de bac. lauri vel ung. cum merc. triplic. you

Signe.

Cure.

may

mayanoint with some mercuriall unguent. If the stomach bee slatuous, use vini Canar 3 iij. cum elect. de bacc. Laur. 3ij. insusing sirst Cinam. in the wine soure houres before supper, vel ol. senec. in a cup of Sack.

Tim

好

批

g000

施

1

Cia

础

CHAP. X.

Hydrocephalus.

Now for particular Tumours, and first of Hydrocephalos.

Signe.

Deformity of the head, the eyes and face, being Tumified without paine, yeelds to impression, and if looked on betwixt the light, it shines.

Prognoft.

Prognost.

Those within the cranium are incurable, those without may, but very difficultly.

Cure.

Internall, as in an Aquous

Tumor externall: Cum aq. Cal.viv. si ea spongia imbuatur & capit imponatur vel spir. vini & q. part aq. Scab. good rouling is excellent, and doth alone. After use some discusting unguent, as Repul. absinth. Cham. Melil. ana 3 j s. butyr. rec.ol. Cham. ana 3 iiij. ceræ. parum f. unguent. If they cannot be discussed, the matter is to bee let out either by incision or Caustic. and with a matter-fucker draw out the ferous humour to the rest that is grumous, apply this Re ol. Cham. 3 x. sulp. 3 j. pul.origan. Mirtil.ros. rub. absinth. Melilo. ana 3 i s. ceræ.q.s, f. unguent, after proceed S. A.

CHAP, XI.

Polypus.

ITs a fleshy excrescens in the nose, which by a small root hangs downe there sometimes very low, or else descends to the

C 2

pal-

pallate, its caused from viscous phlegme mixed with blood, which flowes from the head to the nose, and fixeth it selfe most commonly upon os Ethmoides increasing much at the full, and decreasing about the new of the Moon.

Prognost.

Prognost.

If white, foft, and loose, and without paine, easie cured: If reddish, hard. If livid blacke, painfull, hard, stinking, and cancerous, its not to be touched, unlesse by application of palliating medicines.

Cure.

In all, whether the cure be reall or palliative, univerfalls must precede, those which are the two first in the Prognosticks are either cured by extirpation with instrument, which is most frequent care had till it be wholly eradicated lest it againe returne. The instrument is Fabritius Ab: Aqua-

in use, or by Medicaments, in both these there must be speciall

pend,

Je n

STATE OF THE PARTY OF

\$01c

Mil

多為數

腳

pend, which he applauds above any other in doing its worke fafely, furely and speedily. I could have wished he had given in the figure. After its drawne forth, apply medicins to cicatrize it. If you choose to do it by medicines, apply them about the new Moon, or decrease, after its scarrified, they are ol. vitriol turund.ex rad. Gentian anointed, cum Mel.ros. & merc. præcip, washed often till it be sweetned; vel R Empl: Mucilagin. 3 s. pul Sabine 3 ij. malaxentur & incorporentur simul ex bae massa fiant Cereboli debitæ magnitudinis in nares immittendi. nose is to be defended, cum ung. refriger Galeni vel Nutrito popul. vel alb. ov. cum ol. rofar. If it be by fome portion of melancholy, mixed with the former humours, doe cause a levidity, and incline it to Cancer, use either unguent Raital anarum in Martaria plumbeo ad nigridinem usque agitata & in unquenti formam cum 3. Campboræ redacta. To those curable, 10me

some apply waters, you may use this Re aq. Solani rosar. ana 3j. Plantag. 3s. capbur. 3s. Cerust. j. merc. Subl. g. vj. Mis. f. aq.

CHAP. XII.

Parotis.

A Tumour behinde the eares, fome are Criticall, and they tend commonly to suppuration, if not, they are evill, and if turn in are deadly. Some are Symptomaticall, and those are most times resolved by applying unguent. dialth, cum ol. Laur.

Cure.

Cure.

UseClysters, if necessary, venæ sett. but if it be from Crisis use an actual cautery, especially if maligne, but if not apply cups; if it tend to maturation, use either, Empl Croess and Read is an actual series coct. and 3 iii, vitel. ov. Nij. axung. & unguent. Basi. and 3 j. far. sm.lin. 3 i s. f. Cataplasme. Chap.

CHAP. XIII.

Tumor Tonfillorum.

ITs an acute disease most commonly deadly, alwayes dangerous. In severs, if black mostall, they often inducate, and are incurable.

Cure:

Venæ sect. in the tongue and arme: First, using a Clister, or presently after. Cups can Scar. in principio Re aq. plantag. the i.s. flor. ros. rub. Ms. beni. Cydon. 3 is. semel bul. Col. adde diamor. 3 is. diamuc. 3. Mise. f. Gar. If tend to suppuration Re farin. Tritic. in petia. Ligat. 3. caricar. 3 iij. rad. altb. 3 is. aq. vel lact. the ij. Coq. ad Consun. 5. part deinde col. & f. gar. externals either sigs or some maturative Cataplasme, after breake them with your spines me. fac. ros.

Cure.

C4 CHAP.

CHAP. XIV.

Angina.

OF which there are four forts. First, a great inflamation of the internal muscles of the throat, this is most dangerous.

Secondly, inflammation of the externall muscles, this lesse danger.

Thirdly, inflammation of the internall muscle of the fauces.

Fourthly, when the inflammation appeares externall in the throat.

Signe.

Signe.

Difficulty of breathing and swallowing, fever, paine in the throat.

Prognost.

Prognoft.

If they froth at the mouth or spittle continue crude, and be criticall, deadly, if it appears outwardly, curable.

Cure.

Cure.

Diet thin, cool and moist; if the passage be strait, and they cannot swallow, put downe a Cathetor, and then by a siringe cast in broths, and use nourishing clysters, what hour soever called, let blood plentifully, Zacc: Lusit. let blood a woman with childe in the feventh month feven times one day, before use sharpe. Clysters or after: If necessity requireopen the jugular, foure or. fix houres after bleeding you may purge, or rather give 3 ij. ag. bened. which hath presently cured. If the party be strong, use cups, velicatories, as also Scarif: upon the jaws, topicall in principio, Re ag. plantag solan. caprifol. ana. 311j. succ. granat. 31j. diamor 311j. Jal. pru. 3 js. f. Gar. whilst this is using, apply outwardly this, R. ol. Cha. lilior. Amyed.d.ana 31.axung. gal. butyr.rec. ana 3 js. croci 3 i. f. Linim. In the increase use this Refol. Hys.op.plantag.ana Mj. liquirit.rase. passul.mund. ana 3 i. Caricar. Nxij. rola

ros. rab. Hord.integ. ana pj. f. deco. ad the j. in col. dissol. Mel. ros. syr. viol. ana zij. f. Ga. externally apply this Re Nidum Hyrundi N i fol. malv. viol. ana Mj. rad. lilior. alth. ana zs. ficus N x ij. flor. Cham. Melilot ana p. 1. Coq. & contund. deind. add. farin. Hord. Lini fænugr. ana zij. Croc. Di. Butyr. recent. ol. Cham. Amygd. a.qs. f. Cataplasme, this also maturates which falls out the fourth or sifth day, when its broken or opened.

Cure.

Cure.

S. A. If it indurate, mollifie it. The last refuge is the opening the Larinx, and so keep it till danger bee past, and then scarif. the lips, and cure it as hare lip.

CHAP. XV.

De Inflam & relax. uvule.

Which is caused by defluxions from the head which are sharpe, and salt, and and also causeth ulcens.

Cure.

If necessary bleed, purge, and use sharpe clysters, cups, &c. if the flux be very great, Rx fol. & flor. beton. salv. Scabios. ana M s. ros. Mi. Summit rorifmar. & flor. Cham.ana p. I.Coq. in 15 iij. aq.ad consum 8.part. colat. add. Mel. rolar. 3 ii -alium 3 ii f. garg. apply the hearbs boyled in red wine with ol. Cham. to the necke, to it apply this Repul. rof. rub. Balaust. cortic. granat. ana 3 s. rad. bistort. Torment. gallar. immatur Ireos ana 31. alum usti 9 ij. f. pulvel. Cortic. granat. cum pip. long. sum alam uft, excellent. If it bee too long and putrifie, cut fo much away as is necessary.

First, purging.

Secondly, take heed humours fall not too fast.

Thirdly, not unlesse it bee

small about the root.

And lastly, if it be livid take heed: First, binde it, and then cut it. If it bleed much, use either pul. Hild.or your uvula spoon made

made red hot. If they be unwilling, try this, R. Hord. integr. Mj. rad. plantag. Zj. fol. Scab. Geran. Scord. ana Ms. rofar. & fol. plantag. ana Mj. Coq. in the iiij. aq. ad Hord. fracturam utum admisce Mel. ros. & Diamora ana Zij. Misce f. Gargar. touch it three or foure times a day, cum ung. Ægyp. Hild. and so continue them till they be well.

CHAP. XVI.

Tu: & Infl. aurium.

Chused by a thin cholericke blood descending from the braine and membraines to the veynes of the tympanum.

Signe.

Pain with continuall beating, which is vehement with heat and rednesse of the eares and temples, sometimes with a feaver delirium, convulsive motions, Syncope, and coldnesse of the extremities.

Signe.

Prognost.

They are dangerous and often cause death.

Cure.

It as a Phlegmon, if it cannot be resolved, use this, R. Cepar.rub.
Nj. sub Cineribus assat. butyr. rec.
3 ij. ol. Cham.rosar.ana 3. Croc. 9 j.
t. Cataplasma. If paine be great, use anodyns, if that will not prevaile Narcoticks, the water that runnes out of ashen stickes when they are burning, distilled into the eare easeth paine marvelously, wel R. ol. vitel. over. 3 ij. Succ. Malv.
3 s. Myrrh 3 s. Croci 9 s. opij. g.iij. veliiij. Misce, and drop into the eares.

CHAP. XVII.

Anchylops.

A of the eye (which if either neglected, or not well cured becomes a fiftula) hard to be cured.

Prognoft.

Cure ...

Cure.

Cure.

after bleeding and purging in the beginning use repellers both to the forehead and it, as R. Cortic. granat. acaciæ balaust. gal. Nuc. Cupref. alum roch.bol. Arm. ana 3 j.cer. alb. Ziij. tereb.ziij. f. Cerat. In the increase discusse as Repulu. testar. Cochlearum 3ij. Myrrb. aloes lot.thur. ana \$ s. Sarco col Sang. drac. cerus. ana z iij. opopanac. acet. solut. & lap. Hæmatitis ana 3 i s. Croc. 9 ij. Cer. & resin. ana 3 iij. f. Cerat. excellent. If it tend to Suppuration, either apply Emp. diachal. vel Cataplasme, aut Empl. Croc. and after open it and cure it. S. A.

CHAP. XVIII.

Ranula sub lingua

m

Signe.

A Tumor as it were lax and foft flesh, it takes away liberty of speech caused of crasse or thicke blood, or flegme from the braine.

Pro-

Prognoft.

In Infants it may cause suffocation in adults. If seavor and paine be present it is dangerous, or if it be black or livid.

Cure.

After universalls, endeavour to resolve it thus, Re Cortic. gran. Hysop sic. Sales com. ana 3 ij. f. pul. (ub lingua detenendus & frequenter iterandus, instead of common salt use sal Amoniac in adulti, if it cannot be resolved, open it either by incision or causery, holding your thumbe under the chin, thrust out the matter, and wash the mouth often cum vino alb. & mel. rosel posca cum parum sal. If it be inveterat, use the cautery and diaphor. decoct. touching the ulcer cum ol. Sulph. twice a day tempered, cum aq. rof. as ol. Sulph.gut. aq.rof.gutta. vj.

Prognost.

Cure.

CHAP.

CHAP. XIX.

Aneurisma.

献

SED.

Its a Tumor fost, yeelding to the touch, caused by the Anastomosis, springing, breaking, erosion, and wounding of the Artery, though it happens in all parts, yet most frequently in the throat, especially in women aster painfull travell. Its sometimes great, otherwise small, if the latter, and pressed, it goes in, and then after returnes out with noyse, the former doth. If pressed, they are pulsive and of the naturall colour of the skin.

Prognost.

under the armes, and in the groynes, are uncurable.

Cure.

Prognost.

the head, legs, and armes, may

bee knit, and are curable: If

great, and in the necke, breaft,

Those that are small, and in

Let blood in both armes, then apply

Cure.

apply Empl. Contr. ruptur. vel unguent. bol. or an astringent. Catapl.
or a plate of lead, rubbed with
mercury, apply them every third
day: If they bee small, cut the
skin, and binde the Artery, and
then cut it, and let the thread
fall of it selse.

CHAP. XX.

Paronychia.

ITs a Tumor red and painfull on the fingers, it many times deprives of sleep, and by extream paine, sometimes causes swooning: if the matter be maligne, it corrupts the bone, and is often a presage of the plague.

Cure.

The best way is to make incision, and let it bleed, after
vitæ, to hinder inflamation, use
posca to the whole hand and arm:
If they will not admit of incisi-

Care.

on, then in the beginning apply this Re far. fab. Hord. and 3 i. Caphur. Dj. Mucilag. Sem. psylii q. s. Misce cum aceto super ignem f. Catapl. if it maturate, apply Empt. Croc. after open and cure. S.A.

belia

unda

Titl !

ger i

ent.

and H

bard

W

alhe

Char

用似

概2

Supple su

CHAP. XXI.

Tumors in the knees.

Which are caused either by congestion or sluxion of hum. stroaks, falls, Crisis of seavors, long travell, riding, they are frequent, with great paine.

Prognost.

Such as follow long diseases, are either dangerous, or long in curing.

Cure.

Use universals according to the quality of the humor. 1984; was dry apply this unit was an 3iii. furfur. bene Contrit. Hord. and 3iii. furfur. bene Contrit. Mij. Sterco. Capr. bene trit. 15 s. Flor.

Cure.

Flor. Cham. M j. ol. Cham. Aneth. ana 3 ij. cum Lixin & Sap. f. Empl. the best is to apply a large Causticke under the knee, as I did in one John Moore, &c. Fontanel infra inguen in parte domestica, is excellent.

CHAP. XXII.

Tumor Scroti.

ther

IN it is the stones which are subject to Humor and inslamation, occasioned by stroakes, &c. and Humors, long in curing, hard.

Cure.

Open Saphena, use Clysters as also divreticks. In principio apply ol. ros. acet. & alb. ovi, after R rad. alther Sem. Lini. ana 3 ij. fol. viol. Malv. parietar. plantag. Hyosc. ana Mj. Cham rosar Molil and pj Coq. in oxym. cum far. fabar. & Hordii ana 3 s. Mis. f. Cataplasme. If it suppurate, apply this, with which

Cure.

which I cured one Mr. Bradley, whose Scrotum was livid, R rad. lilior 3 ij. Malv. viol. Cicut. ana Mj. Mica.pan.q.s. & butyr. rec. f. Cataplasma, when the colour was come, I used Empl.cum Gum. hee was 84. years old, disposed to a Hecticke.

CHAP. XXIII.

Perniones.

IN this its excellent to let blood, bathe them with oats, boyled in aq. & acet. first, anointing them with Pomatum. If they breake use Empl. Melilot. or unguent. Basi. diapomph. & alum ust. mixed vel Empl. Saturn. vel aq. Caphur. Nost. excellent, cum aq. Sper. ranar & Myrrh. Thus having done with Tumors, we come to Ulcers.

SECT.

deune

Of he

SECT.II. CHAP. I.

Vicers.

Hich is a solution of unifrom an inward eause eroding. The causes are either Antecedent or Conjunct. The first are foure.

First, Cacochymia, when any of the humors favouring blood is peccant in quality.

Secondly, Contagion, this proceeds either from rotten vapours, as Phthyfis, or from lying with uncleane or itchy persons, &c.

Thirdly, Distempers of the parts which are caused either by cold or heat.

Fourthly, all venemous stingings and bitings.

The Conjunct cause is when any humour is changed from its naturall temperature, whether by putrefaction, adustion, or commixtion of any thing unnatu-

rall.

郡

WZS

The

The differences of them are, either Simple or Compound: in the first, nothing hinders from consolidation.

The Compound are either the milde or maligne: The milde are either plaine or finuous: The last either with or without callossity: The maligne are either lesse maligne, as Herpes exced. Phagadena: Some or very mal: as Cancer. If internall, its discerned by the matter expelled as in Ulcers of the kidneyes and bladder, there is purulent matter in the urin, if in the lungs the matter is cast out by cough, &c. As for externalls they are obvious.

都出

Prognost.

Prognoft.

In a body Cacochimall or dry and moyst, as aged, children, and women, dangerous; if criticall, Apost in the backe or gren joynts: most commonly mortall if the place wherein the Ulcer is, be blackish, blew or grey, of round figure, and painfull, hard to cure: If blewish and pale

pale, and party ficke, death. If complicate with a disease hard. If Tumors in Ulcers fuddenly vanish, without manifest cause it portends convulsion, if in the hinder parts, but madneffe or plurifie if they were red and in the fore part : If haires about the Ulcer fall, look livid, where the bone is carious. If a flux of blood follow after pulfation; if an Erysip appear the bone being bare, are ill, fuch as cast out an oyley and thin matter that frets the skin, are hard: but Ulcers in a body of a good complexion having foft Tumors, the quittor white, smooth & equall, are easie.

Generall Cure.

In it observe first, that all Ulcers require desiccation.

Secondly, that in them there

is foure times:

First, Princip: when the quittor is thin and waterish.

Secondly, Aug-tum, when the quittor flowes more sparingly and thicker.

Thirdly,

Cure.

Thirdly, statu, when there appeareth pus. and yet it is thinner.

Fourthly, Declin. when its white equally without smell.

The wayes of curing are two.
First, removing Antecedent
causes, as Cacochym. by altering
and purging the humors offending, Contagion by Alexiphar.
Poyson by Antidotes; the distemper of the part by contraries.

Second is Artificiall dressing, with which we meet with the conjunct causes applying Medicaments according to the times. In princip. using suppuratives or digestives, the quality of which are to be proportionated to the temperature of the part.

But note, in two cases they are to be omitted. I. In putrid, 2. In Rheumaticke ulcers about the part apply repellers, which hinder fluxion, those are simple and compound, is dicapal. cum succ. de mire vel Empl. refar. N. For the Ulcer it selfe, use unguent Bas-

filic.

celle

silic. cum parum mercurii pp. lot. in aq. plantag. Its well digested when there is laudable quittor, the colour of the ulcer, be good and foft: Then mundifie (which is the Auguent) cum Mel. Ziiij. Terbin 3 ij. Cog. Lento igne ad Consis unquent. deinde rem ab igne & Mes.cum vitel. ovi Nj. If the ulcer be foul, mixe with an 3j of this mercury pp. & lot. 1. 6 its excellent. Its sufficiently mundified, when its red, sensible and clean, neither too dry nor moist; after incarne, cum Bal. Hyper. vel ung. Nic. unquent. Bafilic. Major. And lastly, Cicatrife with lead 3 ij. melt it in a crucible, after take it from the fire, and adde to it mercury viui. 3 js. after its cold, powder them, Empl. diap. cum aq. Cal.viu. vel aq. Caph. Noft.

CHAP. II.

Cure of a plaine and hollow Ulcer.

He cure of the former may be omitted because its included in the lattes; the diet is to be thin, and of good digestion, the body to bee kept open: for the Ulcer it selfe it requires digest and incarne. mundifie which is affected by this R. Cer. de resin. ana 3 vj. picis Naval. 3iiij. Gum clem. 3ij. ol. oliu. 3 v s. vernic. Clar. 3 iii; fevi ovil. 3 ij. Terbinth. Bijs oliban. Mirrb. pure. ana Bi.f.ung. ex La. if it bee sordid use with 3j. of this, Di. of this following R merc. præpar. 31. Alum. ufi 3 s. Misce pul. this is also good to abate superfluous flesh.

CHAP.

CHAP. III.

Compound Vicers.

First, of distemper that causeth the composition; if it bee moist, use dryers, as alum ust. if hot, coole, if cold, heat, and if there be paine, remove it.

CHAP. IV.

Sinuous Vicer.

Its like a Conyburrow caused by Apost: lying deep a long time, or if long before opened. They are of two sorts, one without, the other with callosity.

The Cure.

First internall, purge cum ful.
Arthr.vomit, use Diaphor. especially drying, and purging drinkes,
Re Sarsap. Zvj. rad. Sarsaf 3 s. Guaic.
Ziij. Eupator. Scabios. Tussilag. Sancula Hyper. ana Mj. rad. Sympb.

D 2 Tor-

Cure.

Torment. bistort. ana 3s. rad. borrag. buglos. ana 3s. passul. Mai. enucleatar. 3iij. Liquor 3ii. insund. per Noci. in in aq. feruentis lib. xiiij. seq. die coq. Lent. igne cum reliquis ad cons. sbibat singul. diebus th iiij. vel th s. mane tantundem bora. 4. pomeredia. in prand. bib. thj. ac tantund.in canam quando sitit. superest thj. hauriend. take

it for 21. dayes.

Externalls, first, by injection, R decoct. Hord. lib.j. Mel. rof. Ziij. Sarcocol. 3 is. Myr. Thur. ana 3ij. rad. Torment. bistort. Symphy. ana 3's. balaust. 3j. bacc. Mirt. 3 ijs. Sumach. zjs. vini odorat. Zvj. bul. ad consumt. 3 part ac.col. cui ad spir. vini 3. if you perceive this is not fufficiently mundified, which you may know if matter bee either flinking, reddiff, pale, blackiff, thin. or waterish, then apply this R vini in quo infus. (unt Marrhub. alb. Centau. minor abfinth. flor. hyperic. Card. Bened. 16 s unquent. Hypr 3 ij Mel. rof. 3s. if matter flow not much, dreffe every three dayes, when the matter is white, and doth

CON

doth not stinke, and the eavity be without paine, and remarkable Tumor, then agglutinate it S. A. in the manner of dressing, observe these three thus:

First, lay upon the whole cavity, Empl rosel Emp Cont.rup.

Secondly, insect the Medica-

Thirdly, put in a leaden pipe short, shut up the pipe with an Empl. Snipt. and above it a peece of sponge, and upon that a pledget of tow, letting from the lower cavity to the orifice a boulster be applyed, and above all a double linnen cloath, beginning your cowler at the bottome somewhat strait and towards the orifice somewhat slacker.

Secondly, by opening when the matter cannot conveniently be discharged, and that is done two wayes:

First, by Causticke, and that when the cavity is lower, then the orifice, either direct or oblique, but not very deepe, yet

D 3 though

though deep, if in the breast, or the cavity be broad, you may either use causticks, or incision of it; to open either first the lower end, or the whole cavity, the first is best, if the sinus be enorme, or inta great joynt, or there be great vessels, tendons, or nerves in the way, upon which a great flux and lamenesse, the whole cavity with a causticke.

Secondly, incision which is sooner done, with lesse pain, and easier cured, which done, arme, pledgets, and dossets, with this Re alocs Hepat. 3 ij. resin.nigr. succin. ana 3;s. farinæ volat 3 ij. Calc.non extinci. 3 ijs. alb. ovo q.s. s. f. ung. sill the place well, that the lips may bee kept asunder, and dresse it not till the second day at least.

CHAP.

CHAP. V.

Fiftu'a in generall.

Is a sinuous ulcer, narrow and long, with callouty, having the quittor virulent, ugly and stinking, paine small, unlesse in

sensible part.

These are the differences with their signes, if plenty of matter, it not passing to a remarkable cavity', there is more then one sinus; if matter be various, divers parts are affected, if it passe to the fleshly parts, the matter is white, smooth, plentifull, if to a nerve, fatty and oleons; paine is more, and motion is impared, being proved, is pricking; if to a vaine and Arteries, and coats not eroded, its redish, if Artery ero+ ded, then the blood comes bright with leaping, if a veyne thick and blacke; if to the bone, the matter is thinne and yellow; if the smell be ill, and the bone hard with-D 4

without slipping, the bone foule.

Prognost.

No, Fistul. is of easie curation, those that are shallow, and of short time, and in sleshy parts in young and strong bodies, there is hope: If end in veynes, Arter, nerves, Tendon, blade, throat, breast, spina, joynt, have sundry sinuosities, and of long continuance, hardly cured. If in depending parts, and nature, by them dischargeth supersuities, they doe good, therefore heale them not.

Cure.

Secondly, which is either palliative or reall, that palliative which for a time dryes and shuts up the sinuosity by a thin skin, till humidity open it again, and this is to be used when they help nature in discharging superfluities; this is knowne if before their breaking open there be diffemper, and after ease.

First, in this a convenient

diet

diet as in Tumor Aquosus.

SHOW

Secondly, purging either by decoct or Ale, the latter being fit for those that are aged and have weake stomachs. As thus, R Guaiac. sarsap.ana Bilij.rad. Torment. bistort. Symph. an 3 84 Polip.q. 3 iii. Eupator. Sanicul. Alcoimil. ana M j. fol fen. Hermod ana 3 v. rhabarb 3 j. sem.anis. Coriand. fanic. d. ana 3 vj. glycyrrb. Zij. f. pul. craff. indendus saccul- qui suspend. in gal. 29. zithi. after foure dayes drinke dof. th s. in mane after which fleep, about ten a clocke, taking some broth, and as much at foure a clock in the afternoon.

Externall cure, for which inject this Re aq. Calc. viv. in qua dissol.
Litharg aur. Ziij. per ebul. Syr. ros. vel
Myrtin. Zj. Misc. vel aq. Plantaq. Ziij
vitriol. Rom. pul. Zj. s. diss. dresse it.
every other day, if matter flow
not too plentifully.

Reall Cure in generall.

Dyet as before, purge either with the Ale before, or some other proper, in the meane time

D 5

Cure.

use this R Cayocost. el. de succ.rosar. ana 3 iij. syr.rof. cum Agar. 3 j. aq. Cichor. Ziij. Misce: Consolidatives are also to be used, as Re sarsap. Ziiij. Cuai. 31j. rad. Torment. Ofmund. regal. bistort. Symphyt. ana 3 j. Eupat.virg. Aure& (si nil restat preter consolidationem, & cicatrizationem, sume Hyper. & figil. Salom. ana Mj. passul. major exacinat. Ziij. liqui. Zij. sem. Corand. Fanic. dul. ana zv. infunde infundenda in aq. sont. feru. 15 xx. coq. lento ignezadditis reliquis ad consum. To viij. ac coletur decoctum; if the party be strong, let him drinke three pints a day one B pint in the morning, another at foure a clocke in the afternoon, and at dinner and supper a quart, if they be weake, adde fugar, and make by evaporation a julep, which administer according to strength, as the vi. of the decoct. Mel. Sacc. ana fb j.

In Externall cure, five things

are observable.

First, Dilation, which is either by incision if the party bestrong strong, and it supericiall, being sure no cavities be left for feare of relapse; or by a sponge prepared with Melilot plaster. Thirdly,

by the Fistula Tent.

At .

(fe

2. Intention is to remove the callus if it be not confirmed, it wil in probing be painfull and bleed; now its removed either by Medicament or actuall Cautery: the first is of three forts; the first is to be used to young persons its in a fleshly part, and the callofity is small, as unquent Peti Zi. cum The fecond is Turb. min. 31. more strong, and are for strong bodies, &c. as ung. Apost. & Turb. as before mixed. The last fort are Cansticks, the more gentle is Turb. mixed in greater quantity then before. The more harsh, as R. Realgar. alb. Auripigm. & Calc. viv. ana part. equ. this is good in frumas also; to use these, if incifion bee sprinkle the callus with them, if by the spunge mixe your powders with unguent. popul. wherewith anoint your Tents, or apply Troch made of the same medicaments, upon these apply an Anodyne Catap. as R. Lac. vaccin. It j. Mic. pan. alb. 3 vj. Coq. ad Catap. consist. tum adde unguent. Popul. 3 ij. cum Hyos. 3 s. Creci 3 js. qnod applicetur

part. affecte mane & vefperi.

Note that you let your Tent Troch pop out of themselves, if there be many sinuosities make injection R aq. plantag. It is in quadiffel. vitriel. vomit. 3 . ung. Ægyp. 3 s. Syr. ros. sicc. Caryophyl. ana 3 ijs. Misce vel R vitriel. vomit. Caphu. Calcin. simul bol. ver. 3iii. aloes 3s. aq. font. It vi. coq. ad consum. 3. part, the Articall Cautery is not convenient.

3. Intention is to mundifie as Re vini. alb. the s. ung. Ægyp. 3 s. spir. vini 3 vj. Misee, inject this warme once a day till it be mundified.

The 4. Int. is to consolidate the part, for which, take this, Take rad. Aristol. rotund. Torment. bistort. cumfrey, Centaurie, golden rode, burnet, plantaine, knot grasse, yarrow, and Solomon seale, put these into a Limbecke, and

water

water to come three inches above the symples, draw out the Spirits, and reserve them, take the decoction to every quart of it, ad Mel. Sac. and the sclarifie it with the white of egges, and then strain it again, boyling it after to a Syr. of which R 31. with the spir. 3 ij. and make injection, this is excellent.

The fifth Intention is to cicatrife it, which is to be performed when the matter is small, thicke, and the place void of paine and Tumor.

CHAP. VI.

Fistula Lachrimalis.

ITs situated in the greater corner of the eye, being pressed, the matter slows the probe will passe to the very end of the sinus.

Prognostick.

Its of hard curation in regard

of the motion and moisture of

the

Prognost.

the motion and moisture of the place if the bone be foule; and

lips livid. Cure.

Let bleeding and purging bee repeated, Cups vesicatories, and Causticks be applyed, exhib. the decost of Chin. & sarsap. for many dayes at the same time, dry the braine with sumes and powders as in the curation of Catarrh.

Externall.

First, dilate it, then remove the Callus with this, R Turb. M 3 ij Alum cal. 3j. Misce of the powder. R3 j. ung. popul. 3 i. f. ung. and with it as in your Tents. To mundifie Re ag.rutæ 3 ij. Syr. a succ. rut. 311. aut Mel. ros. Misce dresse once a day. To incarn R ij. aq. plantag 3ij. Syr. Mirtil.aut rof. rub.ficc. 3 j. Misce. Dresse with this but every other day, unlesse quittor doe slow remarkably. If the bone be foule, either the actuall Cautery must be applyed, or this course to bee followed, first finde out the cavity, with a bended probe both upward and downeward, then draw

Cure.

Externall

draw a line with nicke between the glandule of the eye and the pupilla, then make incision to the bone, dividing the parts incifed with your naile till you can put in a pretty pledget, after thrust in aTroch made of Turbith.M.vitriol. vomit. Ter. figillat. wrought with ung.popul.til it be a stiffe paste, &afterward dried, upon which apply pledgets armed with fopul. being kept on, cum diapal. cum succis, malaxed with the oyle of Henbaine, afterward filling the orbit of the eye, with little bolfters moystened in sperm.ranar.cumCamph.& so roul it up, dresse it thus twice a day till the Troch with the callus fall out of themselves, then diligently view the bone, & fo how much is carious, to which apply if the party be strong, pul. Eupkorb. or if weak, pul. Cephalic. the cavity fill up with prepared spunge upon it pledget of pot ul.&c. after the scale is fallen which is about the twenty day mundifie and cure, S. A.

If the whole substance of the

bone

bone be foule, peirce it with a gimlet, that the matter flowing inward, it may be healed up, and this is the last refuge : perceive it maligne, or tend to cancrosity which is knowne by the hard and livid brimmes, pain, stinking, and virulent matter, apply this R. Calamin. ufti & in vini acet. extincii 3j. Myrrb. plumbi usti & lot. ana 9 s. Croci g. v. opij g.ij.æris usti Diiij. decoc. fænugr. vel axung.let.in ag.rof. Misceantur exquiste omnia super lapidem pictorum; this is also excellent for all ulcers of the eyes whether maligne or no.

CHAP. VII.

Fiftul. Thoracis.

Prognost.

Cure.

Prognostick.

HArd to cure: If it hath corrupted the diaphrag. incureable.

First, convenient diet.
Secondly, pectorall decoct.
(upon

(upon the use of which the cure chiefly dependeth) as that of Arceus, or the experimented Re farfap. 3vj. Guaiac. 3v. Chin. 311j. rad. enulæ 3. Capill. Ven. seabios fol. Tusfil. Vener. scolopend. summit. Hyper. ana Mj. flor. borrag. buglof. viol. betonic. ana p. 1. polypod. 3iij. liquer. 31. Pafmajore exacinat ficuum ping. incisa. ana Zij. infundantur ista per noctem in aq. fontan. feruentis lib. xxiiij. deinde lento igne coq. ad consumpt. lib.viij. ac coletur decocium bibat æger fing.diebus lib. iiij. i.e. B. at five a clocke in the morning, foure in the afternoone, at his meales two pints, and the rest between. If the ending of the Fistula be lower then the externall orifice, a lower is to bee made by incision, beginning at the beginning of the next rib, and not at the lower end of that above the which, the orifice shewes it selfe, for under is a veyne, artery, and nerve couched.

First, divide the skin, then make way through the intercostal muscles,

Cure.

muscles, after dry all this with a spunge, and put into the incision a swelling spunge, if you passe no further then pleura, you need not feare, if you doe, beware of the diaphragma & pericardium. with it there bee a Maramus or hecticke (use coole and moystning diet, and of easie concoction) and the orifice bee inconvenient, you may pronounce them incurable or very difficult. For a Maraim: its an immoderate drynesse and consumption of the body by reason of the defect of humidity substantiall, of which there is two degrees:

The first, is in fieri in consu-

ming.

The second, is in facto ese, or

consummate.

In the first, the muscles begin to fall, the skinne becommeth slaggy, strength and ability decay, and a manifest defect and impotency in the body in all the faculties. Against this degree, contend with a moyst dyet. If in the second degree the eyes grow hollow, the colour of the skin fadeth, the forehead dry and stretched, the eye-lids heavy, temples hollow, and one would thinke that the belly wants its contained parts, these are past cure.

Now Maraf. is twofold, for one is accompanied with heat, and may be called a dry Marasm. and the other accompanied with cold, and this is twofold; the one naturall which is decrepit oldage; and the other unnaturall, and is a decay by reason of ficknesse, and doth follow a bnrning or Hecticke feaver, or else by medicaments used in the curing of them, for the Hecticke doth not onely waste the naturall humidity, but the heat also, thence the heart becomes colder then it ought.

Sign.

In this case the pulse and breathing is small, weake, slow, and cold. Signe.

A Hecticke is an unnaturally heat which seising upon the solid part wasteth their moysture. Where note, as in the body there is a threefold moisture, viz. the blood, a dewy substance and glutten. So there is three de-

grees of Hecticks.

In the beginning when the two first humidities beginne to faile, the Hecticke is not easily discerned, although the curation is not difficult; but if the Radicall moisture which keepeth together the Terestriall substance of every part be confirmed as its. eafily differned, so hardly cured, as long as the moysture is somewhat plentifull, sufficient to entertaine naturall heat. body seemeth well coloured, of a comely figure, of a decent quantity; but if contrary, leave such a one to himselfe, unlesse hee implore your helpe; then for the Fistula it selfe, in ect of aq.plantag. cum fyr.rof.ficc. cover your Tents and pledget with dia-

婚

diachylen. im. for the Maras: appoint broths of mutton, veale, or chicken, wherein damask prunes, rasins stoned, currans washed and bruised, Mallow flowers and roots, Marrygold, cinque foile, cowslip flowers, and coalts foot leaves and flowers, have beene boyled, gellyes are made of young cockrels and veale, with a little mace and nutmeg; let him have betweene meales almond milke made of the broath of chickens boyled with French barly, use every morning and evening Affe milke, or Goats, or Cowes, milked through the conserve of borrage or buglosse flowers, Calves, and Sheep feet stewed are good with currans; sometimes let him eat pigs fiesh, if hee have minde to fish, grant him Whiting-mops, Smelts, Perches, young Pickerels, Trouts, Sole, Flounder and Plaice, sometimes Eeles, poched egges, cum Butyr.S.S. and aq.10s. are good for breakfast.

西山田

£900

明治

DO

七

600

(III

10:

If a Hecticke be the cause of a Maras. then you must moysten and coole in the broaths, then boyle borrage, succory roots, sorrell, luiula, primrose, violets, flor.bor, & bugloffe, let his sallets be lettice, spinage, and purslaine, boyled in chicken broath, use almond milk every morning, & even, as R amygd.d. 3ij. sem. 4. frig. major ana 3j. sem. pap. alb. 3ij. cum aq. Hord.s.q.f.Emul. quæ dulcor Man. Christ. perlatis, vel adde sac.q.f.Misc. Super igne & f. sapeda vel Rx conser. ros.viol. cichor berrag. buglos. ana 3 j. spec. diamargar. frig. santil. citrin.ana 3s. cum (yr.viol. f. Elect. administer no milke, but butter milke soure with fugar, which is excellent, if they complaine of heat and watching, give twice a weeke, Phylon. Persic. cum diacod. Syr.rad. caryoph. capil. ven.in ag. sperm.ranar. vel pap. Use nourishing Glisters often in lesse quantity then others. Externally use bathes & oyntments, as Re Gumstrag. Arabic.ana 3. infu. in ag.ros.per diem & noctem ad ol. viol.

ol. 3 is. butyr. recent. 31, Campbor. 31 Misce in mortar Lac.mulier. is excellent: Anoint the whole body three houres after supper, one cured thus in a moneth; if thus they recover their strength and a good habit of body, then they may recover, which if they doe, first, remove the Callus, in which let not the Troch reach to the cavity lest it fall upon the diaphrag: and so cause death, after mundifie cum aq: Calc: & mel ros: incarne cum ag:plantag: & Syr:e ros: the pledgets being dipt in the Syr:or Syr:Mirtil: and above apply Empl: Paracelsi. Remember if a flux follow a Maras: then use ag: bord: cum Syr: Cydon else Rice pottage, excellent.

ati,

CHAP. VIII.

Fistula's of the back, belly and joynts:

For the first, if the vertebr: be foule they are incurable, which

which onely dreffe cum aq:plantag:
regin. pratenf: fyr:ros: fice: & spir:
vini being tinctured with aloes,
myrrh mastic, & Crocus, you may
judge the vertil foule if extraordinary store of stinking sores
flow out, the party dayly grow
weaker, and more extenuate, notwithstanding all means.

CHAP. IX.

Belly.

For the second, of the Belly, they are of two forts: First, those in the groyne.

Secondly, those in the Ano:

The first falls out most often after venereall bubos or in Plethoricke and Cacochym bodies, yet sometimes they are above the groine: If in these the guts bee eroded, they are incurable, therefore use an inject ex rub: vino in quo par.alum.dissol: cum syr: Mirtin: let the party observe to eat calves and

and sheeps feet stewed, sheep and calves heads, Rice boyled in milke, wherein steel hath beene often quenched, every morning and evening take a draught of Aligant warmed with a white toste, keep the orifice open with a spunge untill the gut bee consolidated, then proceed as in Fistula's in generall, if they runne onely superficially, the best cure is by incision.

CHAP. X.

In Ano.

For that in Ano, it either peirceth into intestinum rectum, or not, if it doe, the excrement and wind will breake forth with the matter, the injection and probe will passe into the gut that you may feele the latter; it is hard of cure, being the jakes of the body.

Cure, is either by incision, injection or deligation; the two

for

former have beene sufficiently handled, which are to bee used when it peirceth not intestinum recium, to consolidate use the Syr. Magistr: & pul. Cephalic. if you cannot conveniently use the first, use the Troch: or the spunge; for the last deligation, first dilate, then remove the callus, after bind it with sealed thred, or filke twisted, put one end of the thred in the eye of the probe, after thrust it in at the sinuosity into intestin.rectum, where have your finger ready to receive the thred, and draw it out at ano if it be not thicke and long, you may binde it at twice, otherwise you must use sundry, after its done, cure S.A.

CHAP. XI.

Fistul. Juncturarum.

If they be not with corruption of Cartilages or bones, curable, curable, if accompanied with hard tumors, its incurable.

Cure, First, dilate cum spunge Cure.

proper.

Secondly, remove the callus cum pul. Turb. Min. Ter. lem. figillat. bol.orient.vitriol.vom.an.part.æq.Misce cum ung popul. for easing paine, Re ol. Lumbric. Cham. Aneth.ana 31j. furfur.flor.Cham.farin.Hord.æsypi ana 3ijs. vini aligant. 3x. f. Catap. renew it twice a day, after Callus is removed cure. S.A. If they bee incurable, move the patient to fuffer dismembring, before they grow weake, whether foot or arme; but in aged and crasie perfons beware.

CHAP. XII.

Maligne Vlcers.

Ow of Maligne Vlcers, which are not eafily cured, they have fierce causes, extraordinary fymptomes, and yeeld not to E 2

01-

ordinary medicaments, these happen when Cachexia hath postessed the ulcerated part, and doe corrupt the aliment sent for nourishment thereof, this is done either by putressettion, or a venemous quality communicated.

Sign, Of Maligne Vlcers, great paine, plenty of virulent and stinking matter. The first is,

Herpes exedens.

CHAP. XIII.

Herpes exedens.

ITs livid and uneaven, the middle heales, and lips remaine fore, they appeare most often in old people in the leg at the beginning of the tayles of the Muscles, being very painfull and rebellious, the lividity is caused by melancholy joyned, when its absent, the part is yellowish.

Frog. Not easily cured, the liver, Gall & porus bilaris, being

Out

Signe.

out of frame, and so they not able to evacuate the humor by the guts and urin, and therefore they passe to the habit of the body by the veynes and arteries. If Atra bilis be added its more hard to cure.

Cure. First, stay the humor by purging, pul. Noft foli or Rc rhab. 31. fol.sen. ziij.zz 3 s. spic. 9s. infundantur ista per bor. 2. in ag. Font. fervent. 3 vj. deinde. lento igne exhalent. 311'. ac coletur de coctum in quo dissol. Manne & Syr. Cichor . cum rheo ana 3 . Misce ut f. potio, if the body bee Plethere or cacochy, use a purging decoction for fundry dayes, as R rad. Cicbor malu borrag ana 31s. polyp. 931. flor.borrage.buglof. viol.ana p.I. fol. sen. & Hermod. ana Zii. sem. anis. & fenic. d.ana 3vj. rbei. 3vj. liquir. 3 s. infundantur infundenda per noctem in aq. Font. fervent. 16 viii. sequent. die adjectis reliquis coq .ad medias, ac coletur decoctum quod aromatieztur cinam. 3vj. sumat. æger mane ths. ac tantundem bor. 4. pomeridiana, betwixt ten and eleven a clocke, E

Cure.

let

let them take some broth, caudle, or alebury, exhibit the medicament in Summer cold, and in Winter hot.

Second Intention is to evacuate the humor imparted, this is done by fuch medicaments as abate spungeous slesh, as the Troch Mus. Andronis, &c. but the best is Turbith M. as Re Turb. Mj. 3ij. alum. Calc. 3j. Mis. these are to be mixed with Paracel. Mundis. to every 3 of it adding a 3 of pul. use these till the ulcer be red, leave spreading, and bee very cleane: where note, it mercu. proper lot. in aq. ros. & mis. cum ung. sarcot. doth admirably heale rheumetick ulcers in tender persons.

Third Intention, wherein first fill up the cavity, then cicatrize it, for which use ung. Enul. cum merc. to an 3 of which, adde flos sulph. 3. vel spir. vitriol. as

for the rest proceed S.A.

CHAP. XIV.

Phagedena & Nome.

Hele may bee joyntly handled because of the liknesse of the fymptomes, the first is an ulcer corrhoding skin and flesh, having the brims tumified, but without putrefaction.

The second is a consuming ulcer, without Tumor in the brims, indued not onely with malignity, but putrifaction of the part feeding upon the adjacent found

parts, and that deeply.

25

ile

tk

Cure. If the party be weak, use these Pils, Re aloes 3ij. rhei, agaric. Trochis. ana 3j. Myrrb. Bij. Mast. Dj. br. August.q.f.f.massula;dos.31. Pilulæ 2 pondo 3 s. a primo somno vel sumat. unam aut paulo ante canam, alteram paulo antequam ineatur somnus. the strong, use Pil. Hier. Diacolocynth. vel Aggregat, major. whether they be weake or strong, use decoct. of Sarjap. Guaia & vul. Herbs, fomeCure.

fometimes these possesse the privy parts after impure copulation.

For locall applycations. To the first, apply unquent. popul. & album Campborat.an.part.æq.Misce: As for noma, it requires stronger medidicaments, this following may ferve both, R. Calc.viv.vitriol.vomit. Auripigment. ana 31. Malicor. Balauftior. C.C. uti, gallar. Pumicis calcin.alum.ufti, Ariffol. rotund. ana 3 s. Croc. Mart. Plumb.calcinat. alum. ufti ana 3vi.cum mel despum. f. Elect. vel primo infund.absimb.Card.b.Centaur. Min. Scord. Chamædryes malicer.balauft. Galla. rad. Arift.rot.in acet. forti, Re Hujus Aceti colati 3 vij. Ærug. 3v.mel. 3xiiij. Coq.lento igne ad ung. consistentiam : This is effectuall in venereall ulcers of the throat, privy parts, and all fordid ulcers, these are to bee continued till they spread no more, looke red, and be well mundified, after cure. S. A.

Note that you promise sudden eure ofno ulcer if it hath continu-

ed.

ed a moneth, and if any ulcer in what part soever be more painfull, then the solution of such an unity requireth, and yeeldeth not to medicaments, suspect there is a latent malignity.

CHAP. XV.

Cancer.

Is a Tumor unequally painfull, hard, livid, and hot, having full veynes in the adjacent parts. In the beginning, being hard to discerne, being no bigger then a Pea, proceeding from Bil. Atra, begotten of yellow choler caused from a hot distemper of the liver, weaknesse of the spleen, stopping of the Hemorod or menstr. or from ill dyet, as by hot things; shewing themselves most commonly at the end of Sumer, and in the harvest quarter.

Prog. None are of easie curation. If they possessed any great E 5 cavity,

cavity, as Matrix and Anus, deale not with them by excision, causticke or burning. If they bee great, and the party weak, incurable: If in the outward parts and superficiall, and be not of remarkable bignesse, they may by incision be cured.

CHTE.

Cure. Dyet cold and moyft, shunne all melancholy meats, as also watching, immoderate grief and labour, as also all other things which thicken the blood, and inflame the humors. Bleed in the full of the moon, for it miraculously stayeth the ebullition of blood, asswageth pain, and hindereth encrease of the Tumor. If it be in the lip, open Cephalic, if in the breast the Basilie of the right arme; if in the right breaft. If in the Matrix or Anus, open ven. Poplit. or Saphana. Purge: Repul. Santi 3; s. fyr.rof. dam. 3. seri. Lact. q.s. f. pot. at the first exhibit them twice a weeke, and afterward a day before, or after every quart, and full of the Moon.

The fittest applications outward, are those that repell and digest, as ung. de Ranis viridibus, Catap. made of fucc. solani, farin. siligi. & ung. popul. vel coclear. & Hederan.vel far.lupi aq.sper. ranar. & fol. Herb. Ropert. Take a good number of green frogges, whose months fill with fresh butter, afterward put them into an earthen pot well glazed, having the bottome full of holes and a cover, place this in the mouth of another fet in the earth, lute these well together, and the cover of the upper pot; then for the space of three houres, let a gentle fire of charcole bee set about the upper pot; when the pots are cold, take out the frogs of the upper pot, and beat them into fine powder, then mingle the moyster in the lower pot with the powder, and f. unguent. plate of lead rubbed with mere. viv. excellent.

CHAP. XVI.

A Cancer ulcerate.

Trugly, having a moyft ftin-I king smel, thicke lips, and turned outwards, greenish and fretting, yeelding a sanies blacke, or of a darke yellow colour, and is exceeding painfull; in the thighs and legs its called lupus, &c. for inward meanes. Rrad. bugloff. & Cichor. ana 3. fol. Agrmon. borag. ceterag. & veronic. ana Ms. Coq. cum pul. gallinaceo. in Col.dissol. Cremor. Tarta.3i.f.juscul.which take twelve mornings every fortieth day, adde 3ij. of this fyr. Resucc. rec. expres. & per resident. depurator. borag. bugl. fumar: Cichor. Ibiii. succ. veronic. & Pomor. redol. ana lib. i. Sen. Mund. 3vj. Epithym. 31j. rbei. & Agar.rec. Troch ana 31. zz. & Caryoph. ana 31. infund. & docog. ut artis eft donec colature supersint lib.5. in quibis dissol. sacc. alb. 165. f. syr. in last dos. of the broth, adde extract. Helleb. Nig .

Nig. g.iiij. after the broth, use warme bath for three dayes, apply the leeches, make font in each thigh Fifteen dayes, after the taking the extr. take the same quantity againe, cum diaprun. sol. 3iij. apply outward ung.ranar.virid. If it bee in the Matrix or Ano, use proper injections, as aq. sper. ran. cum pul.ranar. If Cancer in other parts be superficiall, you may eat them out with Arsnicke, Subl. or ol. ejusdem cum ol. rosar. Lepros. come next in order, but because its seldome presented to be cured, wee passe it by, and come to accidents that hinder cure, and these are either familiar to nature, or estranged from it : of the first of these wee will first speake, and in the first of Superfluous flesh.

CHAP.

CHAP. XVII.

Superfluous flesh:

Which is abated with Turbith. M. 3ij. alum. usti 3j. Miscesif it be too hard apply causticke, or cut it off, the last is best.

Corruption of the bones, the causes are either outward, as cold and heat exceeding, or inward, as superfluous humidity,

sharpe and maligne matter.

The signes are either sensible when the bone is blacke, seel rugged, if the slesh above be spungeous, or of a livid colour, if Tents reaching to the bones smell, or intellectuall, if quittor slow too plentifully be thin and stinking; if it admit of skinning, and break forth againe, if it bee long in healing, and rebell against proper medicaments, its soule.

Cure. First, lay bare the bone, either by incision, causticke, or dilatation.

Cure.

Secondly, scale the bone, cum pul.euphorb.excellent, if it be deep with some instrument, sometime by actuall cautery when humidity abounds and the bone feeles soft, pul.Cephalic is good, R. mum. sarcoc.ana 3. s. euphorb. 3j. f. pul.

CHAP. XVIII.

Of a discoloured.

The first is of soure sorts, red, yellow, livid or blacke, red proceeds from heat, or by blood offending either in quantity or quality. The first is knowne if the body bee plethoricke. The second, if it be too hot and fervid.

For the first, bleed, scarifie the part, and apply leeches, if it happen through defect of Hemorod or menstr. procure their sluxion: The first by applying the leeches: The second by using Elix propriat: or pil pestilent Arab. being taken sundry mornings.

For

For the second, open Saphen. in foot is most apparent, exhib. calyb. medicament: for quality use cold and moyst dyet, apply acet. ros.

vel sambuc. & acetum.

Secondly, livid comming by corrupt and blacke blood fetled in the part; for this you are to scarifie, apply leeches, after soment. mo exymet. dissol. in ag. Card. bened. If it proceed from cold which is perceived by the temper of the part apply this, R a Turnip and a radish root, scrape these two, and adde to them of the powder of mustard-seed, 31. Caryoph. pul. 3111. ol. lini of jugland. q s.f. Catap. which apply warme, this hath cured divers Gangreens.

Thirdly, blacke, which may either proceed from heat or cold, if from heat an inflammation went before. If from cold lividity did proceed, which is a figne of mortification, especially if no heat or feeling doe re-

maine.

In both these cases the parts are profoundly to bee scarified, using a lixiuum, wherein is deco-Eted absinth. Centaur. Minas, Scordium Card. bened. flor. Cham. aneth. flor. Melilot, after fill the incision of the scarifications, with some of the medicament following using a teather, Re oxym. simp. 3ij. ung. Ægyp. 3iij Spir. vini 3ij. Misce, after apply this, Catap. R. Farin. fab. Hord. & orob. ana Ziiij.lixiu.mitioris Ibiiij. Cog. ad Catap.tum adde oxymel. f. 3ij. ung. Ægypt. 3j. mixe al wel, continue the use of these medicaments till the part returne to its right colour.

CHAP. XIX.

Varicous Ulcer.

Which is the tumefication of the veynes, by reason of superfluous grosse blood, it happens oftnest to those that have bad spleens to men rather then

then women, its caused by thick and impure aire, immoderate exercise, long standing, thicke wine, and grosse food.

Prognost.

Prognost. If they appeare in those that are mad by reason of melancholy, the griefe ceaseth, they mitigate bunchings of the body, those that proceed from the spleen, are not to be cured.

Cure.

Cure Physicall, use convenient diet, purge often grosse humors, as Re Elect.lenit. 3vj. pul.sanct. 3'.syr. Cicher.cum rheo. 2j.M.cum aq.cjusdem q.s.ut f.p. Chirurg. The best is to take up the vey ne above and below, and upon it betwixt the deligation, that the blood may be discharged out of it.

CHAP. XX.

Vermous and loufie Ulcer.

Which is knowne by a strange itching and paine in the part and stinke:

use decoct. of dry Tobacco, excellent, or Rabsinth. Centaur. M. Marrub. ana Mj. Coq. in aq. Fontan. in th.v.cola. dissol.aloes 3s.ung. Ægyp. 3iij. Misce.

CHAP. XXI.

Particular Vicers, first of the bead.

Hich are of two forts, moist and dry: the first are two, Acher & Favus, the former is an ulcerous Tumor of the head in the skinne, red and duglike, having small holes, out of which iffueth a thin and ulcerous fanies; the latter is the like, onely the holes are larger, and the humor in thickneffe like hony. Note they are contagious, and are caused of sharpe and fretting humors, in both there is an itching, and the Favus hath scales, they are of hard curacion.

For

For Cure, use the same diet prescribed in Cancer, if Plethor, and the head bee full of corrupt blood, bleed in both arms, under the tongue, and vena Frontis, yea and the arteries of the temples. Purge first generall, as Re Confec. Hamech. 3s. pul. sancti Aij. Holand. Aj. Syr.ros. sol. cum Agar. 31. aq. betonic. 3iii. Mijce f. Pot. but these are excellent. R. Pil. Aure. & aggreg. ana Dj. Troch. Alband. g. vij. Spir. vitriol. gut. 5. f.pil. 5 3). administer them once a week till the party bee healed. For particular evacuation, use neezing. Concerning outward meanes, ol. Bombacinum, is excellent, as also water Cresses boyled in axungia, both which is also good for Tinea, a thing like a cap spread with a medicament made, expic.liquid. & Terbith. and applyed for a month every day once, or every second or third day, is good; so generall means have gone before; if children be presented, let the caps be so put on, that they may not not pull the medicaments off. Secondly, if they bee maligne, meddle not with them till they bee elder. Re Sulp. 3ij. sinapis 3 s. stapbyd.agriæ. rad. bryon. ana 3j. acet. acerrim. 3j. Turb. elect. 3s.ping. ur sin. q.s.f. Lin. Tinea, little differ, onely they are dry and crusty and commonly white; if this or other be in children Decoct. folior. nuc. Jugland. ung. Enulat. cum merc. duplic. a fontinell. in the hinder part of the head, is excellent.

CHAP. XXII.

Vicer of the eares and eyes.

Of the first of these, the causes, are either outward, as blowes or falls; or internall, as sharpe humors sent from the braine, its sometimes with excrescence of slesh.

Cure. First, purge, as R. Pil. aggreg. Aur. ana 3. Troch. Alband. diagrid.

diagrid.ana 3 s.spir.vit.q.s.& for.pil. foure, dos. two at five in the morning, foure houres after take broth.

Cure.

Cure externall, Troch Andronij dissol. in aceto sambuc. vel Croc. Mart. Cog. in vino aceto ad consistent. Lt. vel fyr. sanatiu. In winter use Nicot. fuec.cog. in ale, this is excellent, if it be foule, and worming, if they afford great store of quittor, dreffe them once a day, if not, once in two dayes, if there be excrescence of flesh; first administer the Pills, and then consume the flesh with the Fistule powder, after inject this, Be vini alb. 3ij. Ægyp 3 j. Mel. rol. 3 s. Misce syr. after dreffing on the found part a good while.

CHAP. XXIII.

Of the eyes.

Which have the same caufes as before. In curing use use good diet, bleeding, purging, applying of the Seton or Fontin. the ulcers are either milde or maligne, and because opthal. are the forerunners of the ulcers of the conjunctiva of it, we will first treat.

CHAP. XXIV.

Opthalmia.

Its a Tumor with paine, and horrible heat; of which there is three forts.

I. Conturbatio, arising from outward causes or inward, and is not much.

2. Is reall, and is alwayes from an inward cause.

3. Is called Chymosis, when the inflammation is so great that it auseth the turning up of the ye-lids, which often falleth out those that are very plethorick, and have abundance of Pituious humors. If it bee from the

stomach, the desire to vomit, if from the head, there is a paine, if from the vessels without the Cranium they will bee full in the forehead, the Arteries beat, and the eye-lids be heavy; if within, the party often neezeth, and the nose itcheth, if of blood, the face will be red, the veynes full, if from statuosities, there will bee singing in the eares, and tensive paine, if from slegme, the eye-lids will in the night time cleave together.

Cure.

Cure. Use cold and moyst diet, after a Glyster, let blood plentifully, if it bee grievous: yea sometimes open fugular (according to the length) if it bee necessary, the opening of this is excellent in the megrim; inflammation, of the Pia & d. Mater & Polypus. Purge by repetition; if the disease be in princip. with pot. as Rc Tamarind. 3s. sen. mund. 3iij. sem.anis. 3s. fol.end.chichor.fumar. ana Ms. coq. in aq. ad 3iiij. in Colat. infunde rhei elect & Myrobal. Citrin.

ol Amyg. dul. confricatarum ana 31. Santal. Citrin. 3 s. in express. diffol. Man. & syr.rosa. 3j. Misce f. Pot. if in the state, use pils, these excellent, R. Pil. luc. major 3ij. Aur. 3j. Troch alth. giiij. ol. fænic. gut.6.cum syr. de stæch. ad. f. pil. 5. if there be suppresse of customary evacuation, procure them, apply Cups vesicator. excellent defensitives to the forehead, Catap. to ease paine, as panis Cocti 31. Mic.pan. alb.38.ovum N. I. cum lac. mulieb. in the eye use this Col. Rx aq.ros. vini alb.ana 3ij. sacc. Cand.alb.3j. extinc. three times in the liquor, after powder it, and put it in, or Re vitriol. vomit.3j. dissolin ag. ros. vel plantag. 3iij.ad ignem deind. Colat. the seton. or Font. are excellent, also vesicat in sincipite; opening of the salvitella is good.

the

Xt I

CHAP. XXV.

VIcers of Cornea.

W Hich are either supersiciary or deep, caused of

falt and nitrous humors.

Cure. Seeing all ulcers of the eies denote a body Cacochyme, its to bee altered, but per epicrisin shunning all strong Catharticks. For topicalls, you can have no better then what is prescribed pag.64.l.10. Those that are maligne may have the fame, remembring to keep an exquisite dyet, purge once a week, as R spec. Hier. 3s.diagrid.3ij. Troch. alb.3v. cum (yr. August. f. Mass. dos. Dj. in one pill. Alter your bread and beere, with proper feeds and hearbs, and use after meales a digestive powder, keeping the body open with Glisters; for Cancers they are either to be extirpated, or otherwise, onely receive a palliative cure,

with gentle medicaments.

CHAP.

Cure.

CHAP. XXVI.

Ozena.

Ts a maligneulcer caused of sharpe humors, eroding the art, being either contagious, or ot, the latter is from the Lues en. both are hard to cure.

Use dyet, and purging, such s may contemperate and take way the sharpenesse of the hunor, bleed, use cups cum scar. as Iso vesicatories and Font. if neessary, purge twice a week with xtr. Rudii, as also Antimon. Lat purgeth most by stool, which excellent.

Externall Cure, First, remove the abs, moystning them with mygd. d. Zi. sper. Ceti Zii. Misce, nen to procure their fall, Re elleb. b. nig. peti, ana Ji. roris. salu. ana ii. Mosc. g. ij. f. pul. subtil. after that fallen, use aq. Calc. viv. cum merc. vel aq. Aluminosa aut vng. Ægypt. sol. in aq. Hord. vel Raq. plan-

Care.

tao.

tag. 3iiij.merc. sub g.xij. bul.in phiala vitrea. ad consum. S. vel Rx ol. ros. 3ij. litharg. Aur. C.C. usti & pp. Tutiæ pp. plumb. usti ana 3ij. projiciat in mortarium plumb. & cum pistil. plumb. agitentur. ad form. Lt. ad. parum succ. Geranij. Candles of red waxi their smoake taken by a funnelll at the nose is excellent; or the cautery, other ulcers may be cured by ordinary method.

CHAP. XXVII.

Ulcers of the mouth.

And first of the lips, as also chops for these, use Pomator or the sweat behinde ones eares, or Re Ceræ Flau. Zij.ol.rosmel. axung.porcin.in aq.ros.lot.ana.Ziij.litharg. arg.Myrrh.zz. pul.ana Z. f. Lt. this is good in Fissar in any part of the body, for the ulcers whether they be milde. or maligne, ung rub. Campbor. is excellent, as also in other parts.

CHAP

CHAP. XXVIII.

Of the Palat.

aq. Card. bened. plantag. & sper.
anar. ana Ziij. Mel. rosar Zij. ol. virio!. J. after apply this, Resyr.
of. rub. sicc. e bacc. Myrti & de succ.
granat. ana Zi. ol. vitriol. Js. dresse
it often. If the os Palati bee bare,
inixe with the former sume pul.
Cephal. if a small peece fall, its curable, if a great, you must use a
ilver plate.

CHAP. XXIX.

Of the Tongue.

The mild may be cured with this Rx Hord. mund. 3iij. rad. alth. 3 ij. liquor. 3 js. bul. ista in lib. vj. 1q. font. admedias & Colat. cui adde fyr. viol. Tussilag. & scab. ana 3 js. If maligne, use merc. d. spir. sulph. in F 3 chil-

children, mixe it cum mel.ros. if they be above foure yeare old, a. g. of laud. is excellent.

CHAP. XXX.

Of the Almondes.

GArgar.cum decost morsus diabo.vel fol.scab. & Agrimon. ana Mj. nuc. cupress. 3 . rad. ireos stor. & Aristol. rotund ana 3s. myrrb.3s. ros. rub. p. ij. Coq. in Hydromel ad lib.j. colatura colluatur os frequ. after apply this, R. Centau. minor.rad. irid.ster. Can. ana 3 . cum mel.despu.f. Elest. if they be hard they are never cured.

CHAP. XXXI.

Of the Throat.

RA Q. Plantag. lib.i. ros. rub. flor. Aurant. ana Zi. merc. sub. 3ii. digerantur in arena fer bor. quadrantem, as coletur aq. qua in vase vitreo

vitreo servetur, if by reason of these Ulcers, the party cannot swallow any solid meat; minister to the patient merc.d. for soure mornings together in new milke, and you shall sinde a wonderfull effect.

CAHP. XXXII.

Ulcers of the Backe.

These commonly fall out after sharpe diseases, which continue till the fortieth day, or Chronicall diseases, whose time is uncertaine, being from translation of the matter.

Prognost. If the Tumor be long before broke or opened, hard to cure. If the vertebra bee foule, or the body decayed, desperate; those in the upper parts are more easily cured then those in the loynes.

Raq.Cichor Ziij. syr.ros.cum agar.Zi. F 4 elect. Prognoft.

Cure.

elect. e succ.rosar.lenit.ana 311j. Misce f.p. If ready to open, apply lap. infernalis, or any other; after mundiffe, cum vino alb. to j. Mel. rof. 3iij ung. Ægyp. Zj. Misce, and inject to Consol. R. aq. plantay. Ziiij. syr. Myr.tin. & esucc.ros.ana 3s. Troch.alb. Raf. fine opio 311. Mis. & injic. upon these,use

diachy. cum gum.

As for ulcers of the joynts, purge often, R Elec. e fucc. rof. Caryocost.ana Biij.syr.ros.sol.cum agar.3j. ag. Ciebor. 3iiij. apply to the ulcers Desiccat. rub. anount the brims with this, Reung.popul.alb.Campbor. ana 31. ol. Cydon. & pap. ana 35. f. Linim. before you apply the medicaments, use a foment of sumach. Cortic. granat. rof. rub. & bac. myrtil.infus.in vini rub.stet.infus.in ag. Tepid.

Of Thighes and Legs.

Use purging, diet drink, vomit, sweat, apply aq. Campbor. vel ung. diapomph. cum alum. Cal. vel aq. Calc.viv.ficcat.

Of

Of the Feet.

Apply this Catap. R. far.fab. 3ij. pul.rub.ros.balaust. & nuc. Cupres. ana 3ij. Croc. 3j. Coq. cum aq. plantag. & ros. & aceti par.adde vitel.ovi parumq; ol. ros. apply it warme (using the former medicaments) it easeth paine, and Tumes. decreaseth proud slesh. So much for Ulcers.

SECT.III. CHAP.I.

Wounds.

Defin.

Its a folution of unity, caused by an externall instrument, incining in any part of the body. The differences are in the cures. The generall Prognost. are these: As,

First, some are dangerous, which are sometimes cured, but for most part cause death, as su-

Defin.

perficiall wound in the braine.

Secondly, difficilia, such as may be cured if well dressed, if not, remaine uncured, as some penetrating wounds of the breast.

Thirdly, malefica, such as leave a hurt after they are cured, as the Nerves want motion,&c.

Fourthly, Letbalia, as those that pierce deep into noble parts, or divided great vessels; Therefore in all

Prognost. Observe these foure things.

First, the parts affected.

Secondly, the adjuncts of the wound, as bignesse, situation, &c. symptomes, or complicate, with other diseases.

Thirdly, the habit of the body.

Fourthly, the use of the part. For the part it selfe consider:

First, the dignity.

Secondly, the substance.

Thirdly the temperature. Fourthly the fituation.

Fifthly, the quality : These

con-

considered Prog. may bee made surely. These premised, union is to be performed, which hath two intentions:

First, Agglutination.

Secondly, Concarnation, All fleshy part alwayes and spermaticall parts till the fixth yeare admit of the first, after the second is to be used: the causes of union are two, efficient and instrumentall: the efficient are Nature and Chyrurg: Nature is the chiefe, the Chyrurg: being a minister, and therefore is to accommodate Nature, with both common and proper duties necessary to both intentions. common to both are first staying blood, and that's done eight wayes:

First, by applying pledget,

with alb.ov. o posca.

Secondly, deligation of the

veffell.

Thirdly, applying Gallen powder, using it thus, couch the vessell with your singer, then cleause

cleanse the blood away with a spunge and red wine, after besprinkle about your finger with powder, apply upon the place pledgets with the same medicament, which keeping close downe, fill the wound with pledgets or dorsells armed, and upon them a double cloath wet in some astringent liquor, rowling up beginning below the wound, and at the wound run it three or foure times about, dresse it not till the third or fourth day, then all is to bee taken away except the last, and new besprinkle it, and apply new pledgets: Thus after the first you are to dresse it every other day, untill the place be incarned, and no feare of a flux.

Fourthly, by injection.

Fifthly, by causing an escarr, cum umber & Cal. viv. eq. part. f. L. cum alb. ov: & pil: lepor: this is also excellent in Amputation.

Sixtly, by opening a veyne.

Seventhly, by fetting them in cold water.

Eightly,

Eightly, internall potions, as Re diafcord. 3 iiij. Phylon. perfic. 35. diacod. 3i.aq:pap:erratic:vel sper: ranar: 3iii: M.f p sumend. frigid: after taking, keep quiet, and addresse himselfe to sleep, it may be given every twelve houres: the two last are excellent in bleeding of the nose.

Second duty is to remove extraneous bodies, in which ob-

ferve two things;

First, the kinds of extraneous bodies; as first they are so by accident, and these are of three sorts: As first, soft, as contused slesh and clotted blood. Secondly, hard, as bones and Cartilages; or Thirdly, meane, as peeces of membranes, tendons and haire.

Secondly, extraneous of their owne nature, which are either foft, as peeces of garments; or hard, as steele, weapons, bullets, shivers of wood, gravell, &c. these are to be removed, such as may be by washing, and the rest with forceps: remembring things deep,

deep, painfull, or difficult, (and yet the wound may bee cured) may remaine, as also if the wound be mortall, or cannot be got out by instruments, then apply the horned popyes, both the pimpernels and henbane, or this Relitharg. His. ol. Hij. Colopho. Hs. ceræ Biiij. amoniac.aristol. rotund. ana Bij. galban. rad. gentiance ana 31. Thur. Zis.arnog.rad.dictam cret.aloes Hepat. quam.eris, propol.ana 3 vj.f. Emp. f.a. this is excellent, as also against maligne ulcers, dryeth moist bones, being answerable in vertues to Paracelf.

The naturall temperature of the part is to be preserved, and being lost restored, both which

are to be done:

1. By a due ordering of the

fix nonnaturall things.

Secondly, by applying apt medicament. Now the naturall temper is the convenient drynesse of the part for siccum est sano proximum; therefore the nonnaturall is to be ordered accordingly, as the

aire

aire must be warme, dyet coole and slender, till the seventieth day be past, their drinke may bee this, R ag. Font. Hiij. vini alb. to j. avenæ mund. Ziiij. Coq.ad consumpt. thj. Col. adde ag.rof. Coch.iij. fac. opt. Ziiij. For evacuations bleed, if the wound be great or inflamed, if stitches be to bee deep, paine much; if the body be plethor or fevourish, if furious in Summer, or wound bee in great joynts, purge with Cholagog in wound of the joynts, stitches be deep, inflammation, dilatation, incision, rasping of the bones, or an Eryfip: Command rest, forbear immoderate sleep, remove all perturbations of the minde, and chiefly avoid Venus. As for the observation of excrements, Ichor is thin, and issueth either from the veynes or wounded part; if from the first, its waterish, and thin, without noyfome fmell, having colour according to the humour predominate: if from the wound it hath an unpleasant fmell.

smell: the second is fordes, this is compact and viscous, and cleaves to the part: Third is pus which is white, smooth, and

equall.

The causes of these, are either efficient, which is either naturall or unnaturall heat: The first begets good matter, the latter caufeth putrefaction, and an ill smell: or materiall, and these are either contufed flesh, which by digestion must be turned into quittor: or a humor which most commonly fymbolizeth with the parts complexion, whether it be naturall or accidentall: the first is good, the latter ill; the laft duty is the removing of generall accidents, which accompany all forts of wounds, as pain and fainting: for the first, either anodyns, as Rung. alb. Camphor. ol. lilior. aneth. vel Cham.f. Lt. if this prevaile not, nse Narcoticks, as Rung. Pop. & alb. Campb. ana 3j.ol. Hyofcyam &: mandrag. ana 3 js. Misce f. Lt. For fainting, use Confect. Aker. in aq. Cinam .

Cinam vel & aq.ref. Hos. galang.g.xv. Cinam. 3j. Caryoph. 3v. contund. & Coq.in B M 2.hor.vel R aq. Card. be 3iiij. Theriacal. & Cinam. ana 3s. Confect. Alker. 3ij. diamarg. Calid. 3 ijs. lap. Bezoar. orie Dj. syr. acetof. citri 3ij. aq.ros. odorif. Coch. 3. Misce ex la. exhib. Cochl. 1.3. quaq; hor. post agitationem.

We come to the last scope of a Chyrurgion, which is to unite, being performed either Aggluti. the first or Concarn. the second intention. Now for the first, three

things offer themselves.

First, the brimmes are to bee joyned together.

Secondly, so to be kept.

Thirdly, Agglutinall medicaments must be applyed.

In the first, let them be done by

degrees.

Secondly, equally.

Thirdly, if stiffe, foment with

oyle and water.

As for the second to keep them joyned, is first by dry stitching, viz. when peeces of cloath are applyed,

plyed, cum farin. volat. 3j. Myrrh. mastic. Sang. drac. pul. ros. rub. gum. Tragac. f. pul. tenuis. cui adde alb. ovi Nj. aq. ros. q. s. ad consistent mel. The cloath must be strong indented, and be applyed foure houres before they be stitched, this may be used in women, eminent persons, and to strengthen the other.

The next is stitching with needles, of which there are two kindes, as either the brimmes are kept together with the thred, or else the needle is also left in: of the sirst of these, there is 3. sorts:

First, is the glovers stitch, which is used in the wounds of the bellies and great branches of aorta & vena Cava.

Secondly, when stitches are taken distant one from another.

The third is when the great muscles of the belly and Peritonæum are wounded.

The second is when the needles are left in, which is used in the cure of the hair-lip and in Trach.

Arteria. Now the use of stitches

glut. or to retaine the parts, though distant asunder, and this may be used in wounds after the second intention.

Thirdly, to stay bleeding; and not in stitching wounds; stitches are to be an inch asimder in long wound be ginning at the ends, in short in the middle, the last way is rouling. The medicaments to be applyed are Lt. Arcei bal. Nigr. A tif. as R ol. olivar. Antig. fbiij. ol. Terbint. Clar. fbij. olib. pul. 15 . rad valerian Card. b.fl. Hyper. ana 15 frumenti Tritic. parum. contus. 31. Myrrh. 31. Herbar. infus. per 24. hor. in vino alb. tunc exprime & impone berb.in ol.3 vel 4 boras tunc exprime; ejice: deinde R ol. & infund. gum. agitando continue donec incorporentur deinde adde vinum & milce & decog. donec vinum eraporet; this is excellent also to heale by Concarnation which is by the second intention, and this is to bee followed when substance is lost, the bone is to scale, a great flux is feared

feared, when wound is in the arme-pits, or great joynts, and cachochyme bodies, or troubled with contagious or obstructive diseases: if superfluous sless arise abate it. There happens upon wounds,

CHAP. II.

A Convulsion.

Which is a contraction together of the muscles, or parts appointed for voluntary motion towards their beginning; of which there is two sorts.

First, naturall when one of two muscles appointed for motion is contracted, the other being transversly wounded, as in the temporall muscle.

Secondly, unnaturall, and this

is twofold.

First, motus convulsivus, caused of a thin and halituous matter moving



glysters, as R diacath 3. Confect. Hamech. 3s.spec.Hier.pier.3ij. ol. lil. alb. & Cham. ana 3j. decoct. commu. pr. clyft. 3x. Misce f. Glyft. for to purge nothing fo excellent as Hiera. R. Caryocoft. Elec. e suc. ros. ana 3ii fyr.rof. sol. cum Agar. 3j. aq. lilior. Conval. flor. Tiliæ vel ceras. nigror. Biij. Misce f. potio, give this powder for a week, often sweating, R rad. vincitox. sarsap. succise, Caryophy. ana Zij.bac. lauri zj. pul. rerism. salvie Thym. ana 3s. spec. pleres archontic. diamosc. Amar. dianth.ana 9j. f. pul. dosis 3;. in mane in ag. salviæ roris. &c. as for externalls, use Pareus unguent, Re Salvia Chamapit. Majora. rorism. Menth.ruta lavenda ana Mj. flor. Cham. Melil. Aneth. Hyper. anap.ij. bac. lauri juniperi, ana Zij. rad. Pyrethr. 3ij.mastic. assæ odorat. ana 31. Teribinth. venet. 15j.ol. lumbr. Aneth. Catulor. ana Zvj.ol. Terebinth. 3iij. axung. Human. 3ij. Croc. 3 .vini alb.odorif. lib.js.cer.q.s.Contund. contund. ful. fulver. postea Coq. cum ol. & axung. prædict. & f. Lt. adde ag. vit. Ziij. anoint the spina bathes

bathes is excellent, especially sulphur, as also soment, and the parts lapped up with the skins of foxes, cats, conies, or haire dressed, your soment and baths must be made of hot hearbs, the sirst with sacke and mustard; the second with water and milke; a third part of oyle, being added, optimum esiam est sovere occiput excervicem aq.vit.Calente.

If from emptinesse (which is rare) the signess are contrary to the former, in this use onely emolient glysters, baths, and anoint as in Feb. Hest. If by consent it

happens, three wayes:

in poysoned wound; in this dilate the wound, then apply cups to it, in it put Mithrad.dissol.in spir. vini vel aq. Ther. parum mercurii proper.

2. From pain, then use as Chap. 32. Sect.3. If by cold; first keep the party in a warme room, apply this. R pinguid. Canin. ursi & equin. ana 31j.ol.rapor. Cham. & rute ana 35.

f. Lt. in this case its excellent. Foment the part with 'decost of Turnep. Note those that have a Tetanos, either die in sour dayes, else escape. A Convulsion, after a wound is commonly deadly: if after raving or immoderate bleeding, ill. If in the faceuse gargar. errhin. sternut. Cups, if a sevor followes its incurable; if it proceed from choler to open the right salvatell, is excellent: if from wind, the decost of Ebony forty dayes: if from sulnesse, pil. setide Hier.

CHAP. III.

Palfey.

Which is opposite to the former, is when the parts are so loosened and weakned that they are not sit for voluntary motion; the causes of which though many (viz.cold aire, immoderate Venus, narcotick medicaments,

caments, drunkennesse, especially by wine, yet more frequently from slegme, the nerve being made thicker and narrower, and so unapt to receive the Animall spirits. The narrownesse being caused either from obstruction by a thicke tough humor, or by compression, with a humor, or tumor contusion, a sudden luxation, a strait ligature, or leaning upon a part cold, or by solution of unity, and that is, when either divided by a wound, or sharpe humor.

Signes. Its a privation of motion, sometimes of feeling, which is either universall or particular. If it possesses one side of the face and body, then that side of the braine and spina, is the cause; if one side of the face, then that side of the braine; if the head be sound, and either side affected, it comes from the spin.medul. of the same side; if the arms, the 5,6,&7, Vertebra of the neck is affected; if the legs, its in the vertebra of the loynes

Signes.



found part, and lightly upon the part affected. Use purging, as in cold affects of the head, every fourth or fifth day; if the difease be contumacious, use these Pills once a week, R Mass. pil. fætidar. major. & Coch. Min. ana 35. Troch.alband. g.iiij.but because the humor need pp. therefore betwixt every dof. of pills, for three or foure dayes b. fore take three or foure ounces of this following, every morning two houres before meat; R. Mel. roj. Col.3v.aq. Salviæ, melissoph.primul ver. vel rorismar. ana 3v.the dayes which are free take 10me Cephalik elect. as R. Castor 33. Conser for Beton 31. misce.

Externall. Use frictions, apply cups to the heads of the muscles of the affected part, let it be narrow and stay but a while, touch the stupid part with quicke nettles, foment with nervall hearbs, after anoint with unguent, Par. vel R succ. scil. Ziiij. succ. Cucumeris silvestris, suc. rute ana Zi. euphorb. Castor.sagapenei amoniac.bdel.in aceto

diffo-

dissoluterum ana 3j. Myrrh. thuris, pyrethri, nitri, ana 3j. ol. sambuc. ol. Terebinth. ol. cuphorb. ana 3s. pulveres subtil. pulu. cum cer. f. unguent. after keepe it warme, Bal.nat. or Artif. is excellent, as also baths of sulph. made of 6 th. of sulph. and 100 th. of water; the former unguent is excellent in all cold affects of the nerves.

CHAP. IV.

Wounds by poysoned weapons.

Signes.

They cause unaccustomed and intolerable pain, strange Tumors appeare, the part is of a livid blacke or spotted colour, though not contused, in time the part putriseth, and sendeth forth a stinking sanious quittor.

Prog. None can be secure, if the signes abate by methodicall

meanes there is hope.

Cure. If the poyson have not passed

Prognost.

Cure.

passed the part wounded; the person be not eminent, tender, or fearfull, apply the actuall Cautery, after which, use deepe scarif. which must reach to the found part, cause the fall of the escar. If the poyson hath passed deep into the body, use not the actuall Cautery. If the party bee tender and fearfull, use Cups, after scarif. to the part, use Basil. commis-cum merc. pp. vel Turbith. M. lot. cum Theriac. vel elec. de ovo, to the place adjoyned oxycroceum, this doe, unlesse the wounded part be fo hot that it threatens a gangreen, for then you are to goe about to meet with the symptomes, leaving the griefe for a while. In these wounds till three dayes be expired, refraine from bleeding, purging, vomiting and clysters; the party must sleep sparingly, and use a moderate dyet, every morning, administer 3. of some alexiterium in aq. Card.ben.adde ag. Theriac.

CHAP. V. Morsus Canis rabidi.

Signes.

IN the quittor of the wound moisten a peece of bread, and

Signes.

cast it to a dog, and he will not touch or smell to it, but flye from it, when the matter hath assayed the noble parts hee is silent, angry without a cause, feeleth gnawing of the stomach, hee complaines of bad weather, when its faire, he is lumpish, and

Prognost. If it have not offended veyne, nerve, or Artery, and is not deep, there is great hope. If the party feare water, there is

defires candle light by day.

little or none.

Cure. If it be great, first scarifie the part, then apply cups
with great flame, and extract as
much blood as is sufficient, then
wash it with this, Re aceti accerrimi
ths. sal. Marin. subtil. pul. 3 ij. Theriac.
3. Misce; afterward apply the
Cau-

Prognost.

Cure.

Cautery deep, which is the most present and approved helpe, after fill it with goffypium, dipped in spir. vini in aq.diffol. Ther. and upon that this plaister; R. Cæpar sub prunis aliquot coet.pul. sem. sinapis sal. marin. ferm. acris ana 31.fol. rutæ scord. ana Ms. Theriac. 3s. & cum Mel.q. f. in form. unguent. diligenter incorporat. the next day scarif. the escar, and cut it off, and dresse it as before, cum Ther. Ofir vini put a peale in it to keep it open for forty dayes, and apply upon the rest this following, Re spir. vini 31]. succ. rut. 31, extrac. scord. Theriac. ana Zij. C. C. usti. pp. 31. bezoar. Di. Misce, or apply a Catap. ex allio, sale, & Tereb. before the forty dayes bee expired, though not in the beginning, you may purge fundry times, they are to be strong as merc. vite &c. To strengthen the principall parts, the liver of a mad dog boyled, is present remedy, vel R fol. ruta, verben. salviæ, plantag. polypod absinth. Artemis. melissophyl. betonic. byperic. Centaur. minor. ana eq. part f. pul. dos.

G 4

ana

ana Di. ad Zij. exter.pul. 3 s. cum bydromel. is excellent, vel Rx pul. ciner.
cancro. fluviat. Zx.rad.genti. Zv. olib.
Zi. f. pul. tenuif. you may give it in
aq. borrag. in mane pro 12 diebus,
Theriac. Androm. is excellent, dof.
Zs. for forty dayes, as for the biting of an adder or toad, they
may be effected with the same.

CHAP. VI.

De Sclopetorum vulneribus.

The wounds are either maligne, or not, if not, it need no other figne then the patients owne describing or others. If maligne, then an ugly colour will appeare, as if it tended to mortification, horrible pain, and pricking, great inflammation, heavinesse of the whole body, a sharpe feaver, fainting, raving, and especially if no evident cause can be given for these accidents. If the bullet be poysoned being being cut, it will be of a violet colour.

Prognost. If it be onely in a sleshy part, the constitution good, the aire favourable, easily cured. If in the spermaticall parts, violently torne, if the body cacochyme, the aire hot and moist, and the wind south, if there be signes of poyson, feare of a gangreen, hard to be cured, and come slower to suppuration then other wounds.

u

The symptomes of ordinary wounds are contusion, pain, inflammation, convulsion, heat, palsey, sometimes a gangreen, and mortification, which may be prognosticated. If it be long before it come to suppuration, the colour of the part inclining to yellow and livid, the paine and pulsation ceasing, and the part stupid.

Cure. First, remove extrane-

Secondly, draw out the bullet if it be easie to bee done, if wee

G 5 fear

Prognoft.

Cure.

feare a Tumor which may corrupt the part, or if the weapon be poysoned, before you doe it observe the forme of the body to be drawne out how deep it is in the part, with the symptomes, if paine be great, extract it presently, if great flux be feared, doe it. In extraction, observe, if the weapon be poysoned or cankered, do it presently: but if there be horrible paine, a convultion, a feaver or a syncope : if the weapon be round; if the orifice bee narrow by inflammation or Tumor, if you have not a convenient instrument, deferre ic. Now for the way by which they are to be drawne; it must be thrust out,

First, if it be almost through, if the figure of the instrument will not admit the drawing, the same way as barbed arrowes: if there be a feare of cutting great vessels. The instruments are blunt hookes to lift up a vessell when the weapon is to be taken out, a

paire.

paire of hollow forceps, goofe bills, ravens bills, incifing forceps; note this, that the patient bee set in the same posture in which he was when he was hurt, and search the weapon out with your finger.

Secondly, use suppuratives, such as in contusions, as ol. Catul. or other digestives, only forbearing, in case putrifaction be feared, and when its in a nervous part, to hinder putrifaction, use unguent Ægyp. cum spir. vini, with tents.

Thirdly, prosecute the cure as in other wounds, with convenient medicaments, ol. Catulor. Re ol. lilior. alb. Ibiiij. in quo Coq. Catul. Nij. nuper nat. ad ossa, postea ad.lumbricor.terr.in vino lotar. Ibi. Coq. simul & colentur sine forti expressione colat. ad. Terebin.venet Ziij. spir. vini Zi. Misce, some Re but lib.j. ol. & vi.Z. of Terb. & spir.vini Zij. vel Re Ceræ novæ Z js. gum. Elem. pinguis. clar.ana Zi. Colophon. Zs. ol. Amygd d. rosar.de vitellis ovor.ana Z. dissolu.lent

igne

igne & percolentur Colat. admisce Croc. subtiliss. pul. 3; & f. digest. hujus unguent. Rx 3). cui admisce vitel. ovor. Nj. ol. ros. q.s. ut formam liquidam acquirat. digestiv. in omnibus vulneribus tum contusts tum instrumentis scindentibus factis, especially in wounds by shot.

In the dressing of these wounds observe these cautions: If the south wind blow, and you seare putrefaction, use aq.vite & vitriol.

calcinat.

Secondly, use escaroticall medi-

caments.

Thirdly, Tents at first are to be made longer and greater that

the wound may be dilated.

Fourthly, if the contusion bee great, and possesses much of the adjacent parts they are to be scarified to discharge the parts of congealed blood, which is apt to putrisse.

Fifthly, if there bee any burning, use such medicaments as are

fitting.

Sixthly, cooling and astringent

me-

medicaments after the first dresfing, but those that are Anodyne, Emollient and suppurative, as Re Mice panis Tritic. Ziiij. last. recent. lib.j.flor.Cham.Melilo. ana p.j. farin. Hord. & fabar. ana Zj.Coq. omnia ad catap.tum ad.vitel.ovor. Nij.ol.viol. &

ros.ana Zis.

Seventhly, its sufficient to dresse the wounds in twenty four houres once, unlesse much quittor flow, the party be feavourish, and feel great paine, then dresse it every twelve houres after digestion, which will be about the fift or fixt dayes, use mundificat. as Paracel.vel ex opio, after incarne s.a. If soft spermaticke parts bee wounded and torne, use this, R Tereb. venet. ol. Tereb. & hyperic. ana 3ij. Turbith. flau. 3s. tutiæ, Euphorb. calc.viv. ana 3). Misce. If the hard spermat. parts, as bones, and cartilag. then R prædict. compos. Tereb. ol. Hyper. & Tereb. 3. pul. Cephal. 3 is. apply it warme, this and scale the will suppurate bones.

If it be poysoned. Then scarifie the brimmes deeply, apply ventofies, and exhibit Mithrid. & Theriac. in ag. Card.b.fragar.vel Ceraf. nig.drefling the wound with this, Re decoct. lupinor. ac lentium ana 16 js. aceti lib.j sal.commun.alum.ana 31 virid.eris 35. Mellib.s. Cog. omnia ad Mel. consistentiam ad. Theriac. 3s. either apply this upon tents, or by way of injection, use it till fearfull symptomes cease, neither bleeding nor purging, till the force of the poylon be abated; but in ordinary wounds you are to bleed, if the party be plethorick, and purge if cacochimick.

CHAP. VII.

Wounds of the Head.

Now for wounds in particular, and first of the Head, wherein something generall is to be set downe; as first the aver-

fion

sion of humors, which either have or are likely to procure sympt. this is done three wayes,

First, by bleeding, either universall or particular; the first is performed by opening a veyne(if sufficient quantity did not flow from the wound, when inflicted if the wound be great, and the party strong: if great inflammation have invaded the part, or a feaver seised upon the party. For the quantity, its ether to bee done all at once or at divers times; for the first way stop the veyne when the pulse appeareth smaller and slower, the torehead sweat, the face grows pale, when a paine on the heart grows on, with yawning, and defire to vomit, or to goe to stoole: If at fundry times you draw blood, you must doe it till all symptomes as feaver and inflammation cease, the veynes to be opened are the Bafil.or Median, on the same fide, if blood much abound; if not, the Cephal. will ferve

ferve, or veines neare the wounded part, as in the forehead,

temples, and tongue.

Now for particular detraction of blood is from the part affected by scarifying. To the lips of the wound, apply cups or leeches. If they will not admit of bleeding, use strong frictions

of the whole body.

Second thing is to purge with catharticks, clysters, or suppositories: the first of these are to be exhibited when the party is lumpish, and hath the head ache, when a tumor or inflammation appeares, when the body is Cacochym: so there be strength, the matter prepared, and the body open and passable, these are to bee administred in the begining lest strength decrease, feaver increase, and so hinder the ascent ofhumor to the head. The medicaments to be used, are such as purge choler, yet gently, and the dos. not great, as lenit. vel diapru. in decoct. of myrabal.

vel

vel R syr.ros. 3ij. ag. plantag. 3iij. let the aire bee temperate and thicke, wine is not to be permitted to the fourteenth day, the first seven dayes let him shunne meat, and onely live on panadoes, and after meat, use conser. ros. antiq. let sleep be taken onely in the night, unlesse there bee inflammation of the braine and menynges: if watching trouble, anoint the temples with unquent. popul. inwardly use something that may cause sleep, as landa vel diacod. the roome is to bee kept darke; shun venery, and keep the body foluble.

Prognost. In persons otherwise diseased, and children, hard to be cured. If a Tumor vanish suddenly; a seaver happen the eleventh or sourteenth day, its dangerous. If the lips grow livid, reason faile, tongue looke blacke and dry, its deadly; those in the temples and sutures, are dangerous; but if the seaver come on the seventh day, and

Prognoft.

the

the lips tumisie a little, it is easie.

For paine and inflammation, Refarin. Hord. Ziiii. posce Zvj. coq. ad Catap.ad.ol.ros. Zij. This asswageth paine, cooles, repells, and dryes, vel Re Mice. pan.alb. Ziiij. lac. rec. Zvj. f. Catap. adde unquent. popul. Zij. Croc. Dij. This is excellent in hot and dry complexions; after applycation of the medicaments put on a cap to cover the whole head basted with fine tow, not quilted, nor too heavy, then roule with a rouler three inches broad, and a fathome and a half long.

CHAP. VIII.

Of the Head.

Now for particular wounds of the head, and first,

A Contusion without Essure fion of blood in parts above the Cranium.

In it there is a Tumor without a wound, and often blacknes and blewnes; in this case shave the hair, then apply this medicament, Re alb.ovi Nj.ol. Myrtin. & pul.ejusdem ana 31. Misce. This is to be used till the part come to its owne temperature, or conformity, dreffing the part twice a day: If after the paine is gone, and the flux of humor ceased; a tumor remaine, use this, R Empl. de mucilag. 31j. oxycroc. & Emp. Melilot. ana 31. ol. Cham & Anethana 3ij. f. ex his Ceratum s.a. If by this it vanish not but paine and fluxion of the humor betwixt Cranium, skin continue, then make incision, and after, if the skull bee found, use this, Re fyr. e rof. rub. fic. & absinth. ana Zj. Terbinth. 3 s.irid. aloes Myrrh. mastic. & far. hord. ana 3s. Misce s.a. If the Cranium be foule, then smooth it with a raspitory, and apply this excellent powder, R rad. irid. Gentian. Aristol.rotund. dictam far. bor.ana 35. aloes Hepat. sang. drac. Myrrh. mastic. arsarcocol. ana 3ij. f. pul. and after the scale is fallen, cure S.A.

If by great contusion a gangreen shall ensue, as may bee knowne, when the part growes hard, livid, and blacke, then scarise, apply cups, and use proper medicaments; as for wounds of the same parts, whether they bare the Cranium or not, a generall method will serve.

CHAP. IX.

Wounds in the Temporall
Muscles.

CAll for some speciall consideration, in respect of searfull symptomes that follow, they are inflicted three wayes, a puncture, transverse, and length wayes; the two sirst, if deep, are dangerous, being accompanied with vomiting, convulsion, and deep slumbering, and is hard to cure, being in continuall motion. If a puncture, be not too hasty to dilate, but the hair being taken away, dresse it, cum ol. hyper. & lumbric. & Empl. Paracel. or the last alone.

If transverse, then stitch it, using Lt. Arcei. and above it Emp. Apodoldech. vel Paracel. If according to length; first, stay the blood, then stitch it: note that its better to cure wounds of the head by agglutin. then Concarnation.

CHAP. X.

If the scull be foule or hurt.

Which falls out three wayes:

First, by the aire, it having laine bare two houres, which you may perceive, if rasped it bleed not, then use that instrument till it bleed, and performe the cure by agglutination.

Secondly, if the first table bee

Cure.

divided from the second, and cleave to the cutis musculosa, then take it away, and cure either by Agglut. or Concarn. which is most convenient.

Thirdly, when a portion of the whole cranium is divided, so that dura mater is seen, this is to be reduced and there kept by bringing the lips of the wound together, with so many deepe and strong stitches as shall suffice, the wound having beene clensed with either vino vel spir. ejusdem.

CHAP. XI.

Wounds of the head with contusion.

Of which there are two forts; either ordinary or extraordinary: for the ordinary, which is without maligne symptomes, dresse thus.

First, wash them, cum spir. vini,

in.

in which infuse Myrrh. If it bee great, flitch it with needles, otherwaies the dry stitch will serve, dresse cum Balf. Arcei vel lucatella, and if it be deepe, keepe a tent in the depending part,untill it yeeld laudable quittor, and then take it out, above apply Empl. Basilic. viz. R. Empl. Betonic. 3iiij. gum.elim. in ol.ros.dissol 3i.pul. rub. ros. myrtillor. ana Zij Cal. Aromat. Angelic. Caryoph.ana 3j. Cer. q.f.f. Emplast. If extraordinary i.e. with a feaver, inflammation of the whole head, neck and shoulders, as also the breast, the brims bee swelled, and of livid colour, casting out sharpe, virulent and stinking fanies, the party feeling great and pricking paine; then

First, draw out the malignity by deep scarifications, after apply either leeches or cups, washing the wound with this, R. Theriac. Andrem. 3ij. Mithrid. 3. aq. Cards bened. 3ij. aq. vita 3. Misse, let it be fomented hot, in all your

Me-

Medicaments, mixe some Theriac. vel Mithri. till symptomes ceale, after dresse with ordinary medicines.

Secondly, strengthen the principall parts; as R. Theriac. Lond. Mithrid.ana Dj. Confect.de Hyacinth. Djs contra yervæ 38. [yr. Caryoph. buglo]. ana 3vj. aq.liviul. & pap.err. ana 3js. Misce, f. pot. To the heart apply this, Re aq. Buglof. meliff. rofar. Cinam. ana 3 s. acet.rof. 3vj. Croc. Aj. spec. diamarg. frig. & lætificant Galleni ana Jij. Misce f. Epithema. apply it warme with double clothes.

Having handled wounds of cutis musculosa and some Fractures, we come to other Fractures in the

Scull.

CHAP. XII.

Fractures in the Scul.

IN which observe some common things to all or most Fractures.

Se-

Secondly, things speciall. For the first observe the signes and prefages in Fractures.

For signes, they are taken ei-

ther from fense or reason.

For sense, if the Fracture bee not obvious, its found out either by the finger, or by a probe, to both which it will feele rugged, but take heed you take not the Suturs for Fractures.

For rationall fignes they are taken from divers things, as if the person was strong that did it, the instrument great or sharpe, falls from on high, its probable there is a Fracture. If the head was bare, the blow hard, the scull thin and tender: If singing of the eares fall after the blow, fwooning, flumbering, dazling of the eyes, bleed at nose, eares, eyes, and month, vomiting, are fignes of Fractures; those that follow these are,

First, a constant paine of the part wounded, so that the patient

offereth often to touch it.

Secondly, vomiting of choler. Thirdly, convultion.

Fourthly, a palfey of one of the armes and legs.

Fifthly, raveing.

Sixtly, faultering in the speech.

Seventhly, deafnesse.

Eightly, imparing of the me-

Ninthly, dulnesse of the un-

derstanding.

Tenthly, weake judgement, haire stand up, cut in the wound.

Presages.

A feaver before the thirteenth day in winter, and seventh in summer, is ill; the wound livid, little quantity of matter, the skin dry and hard; tongue black, avoiding unawares excrements, the sicke raveing, the tongue pulled, convulsion on the opposite part, and Apoplexy, is deadly, but if dura mater bee its right colour, the sless be red, the sicke moving well his necke and iaws, are good signes; give no absolutes indge-

Presages.

judgement till the hundred dayes be past; if at the beginning of the cure the scul bee blackish, and the body cacochymicall, death ensueth; Fractures in the Sutures or Temples are dangerous.

CHAP. XIII.

Fracture without wound in Obildren.

If without feareful symptomes dresse them thus: First, shave the head, and then apply this, Re ol. rosar. alb. ovi, parumque aceti, its to bee done with a foure double cloath, cold in summer, and warme in winter, for twenty foure houres after till the eleventh day, use this Cataplasme warme, Re ros. rub. bac. Myrti ana 3ij farin. Hord. & fabar. ana 3j. absinth. & betonic. ana 3s. sem. Cumin. 3ij. pulveris. coq. omnia in vini rub. Zxij. ad Catap. adde ol. ros. ac Cham. ana 3.

Mel. 3ij. apply it morning and evening. I have used Emp. Paracelsi & apodoldech. from the eleventh to the twentieth, apply Emp. diagal. slotani malaxed, cum ol. lilior. after which, to the end of the cure, apply Paracels. relented in ol. Cham.

With a Wound.

And no fearfull sympt. take none of the Cranium away, but dresse it with Lt. Arcei. vel Bal. Lucatel. with a feather, but if a fevor, convulsion, vomiting, or palsey appeare, open and dresse it, S. A.

CAHP. XIV.
Fractures in persons of ripe age.

In which the incision is to bee made thus, T. or I after take up all to cranium with a chizell or fingers, beginning at the points of the incision; take heed your Section bee not in the Suturs or temporall muscles, or Transverse a little above the eye-lid, keep

keep all open with dorsels and pledgets, armed with Astrictives, and so rest for twenty four hours, if no remarkable essusion of blood be feared; the Cranium is to be opened the fourth day, unles ill symptomes hinder, then the seventh and ninth day; some thinke the fourteenth day; but let it be done as speedily as may be; the instruments to be used are,

First, the Raspatories, which are to bee used in Fissures and sedes, when the print of the wea-

pon is narrow.

Second is the Trepan, which apply not upon Suturs, nor places a little above the eye-brows, lower part of the scull, nor sinciput, nor in children under seven yeares. In the use of which,

First, observe to take out the pin when you are come to the se-

cond Table.

Secondly, moysten it with oyle, and the print with cold water, remove the blood to see if it be cut equall, and when it be-

H 3

gins

gins to shake, lift it up with a levatory, after which, take away the roughnesse with a scalper.

Thirdly, Terrebra or Gimlet, it serves for the raising of a depressed part; first, making a hole in the Cranium with the pin of the Trepan, afterwards scruing it in.

Fourthly, Head-saw, may either be used to give vent in Fract. or to take of some ragged piece of

the Cranium.

After the application of the Trepan, apply a piece of Taffity or Sattin, white or crimfon, moystened in Mel.rofar. & spir.vini, till the seventh day, nay to end of the cure. I have used the same medicine fitly applied with good successe, being carefull to foment the part with stuphs, well wrung out of Sacke as hot as may be indured, applying upon the part being fitly dreffed, Emplast. Paracel. betonic. aut Bassilic. and one of your stuphs upon that, and after rowl up the head. Observe that in Fractures of the temples apply the Trepan

Trepan above the temporal muscle, using a deterging injection, and a spunge compressed, which will suckeup the matter, after dreffing embrocate the parts adjacent with ol. rofar. chiefly in the necke where the jugular veynes are; for it asswageth paine, and contemperates the heat of the blood. If there happen a flux of blood upon application of the. Trepan or other occasions, apply Gallen powder, which I found effectuall when all other meanes failed, upon Mr. Tonothy Venner wounded at Rownton Heath neare Chester in the head.

CHAP. XV.

The Simple.

Now because Fract are either Simple or Compound, we begin with the Simple.

The Simple are three:

First fissura, which is either conspicuous, or not, the conspi-

H 4

cuous

cuous are either to the second table, or through both which must be dilated as far as it goeth, leaving a passage in the depending part for the matter and blood; that which is not conspicuous, if you cannot finde it by looking through a multiplying glasse, or the patients holding his breath, apply to the part sufpitious, inke made thin with vinegar, and if it leave any print after its made cleane the next day with a wet spunge; then follow it so far as it goes with the raspatory, which being downe, dresse as after trepaning.

The second is a sedes, or seat, if it passe through both tables, no splint hurt the meanynges, and may bee made to discharge the matter its sufficient: dressing it as before, but if the dura mater be offended, or the passage made, be too narrow, it must be dilated by

the raspatory.

The third contusion which happens most frequently to chil-

dren

dren sometimes with, sometimes without a wound; the latter of which, with a sedes, I cured in one John Roberts of five yeares old at Warwick Castle, onely by the application of Empl. Apodold. though he was troubled with vomiting & other bad symptomes.

CHAP. XVI.

Compound Fractures

Compound Fractures, are also Cof three sorts:

First, a depression, and in this the shivers are either quite separated, or cleave to the rest, or both the last; of which I saw and cured a remarkable one, with sad symptomes in the forehead of a Drummer of Captaine Walfords, of Colonell Bossiviles Regiment, it was long in curing and hard to cicatrise the loose shivers, I removed and raised the rest, with

45 th

not be raised by it, you are to use the Trepan as neare the Fra-

cture as you can. The

Second is a vaulting, when the Scull is pulled upwards leaving a cavity beneath. If it passe no further, then the second table, smooth the scull, and heale the wound, S. A. If it passe through the second table, you must open the scull in the depending part with the Trepan, then cure it, ex. L.A.

The third is Excision, i.e. when the part of the scull wounded, is altogether separate from the whole, the ordering of which is set down p.121, 122, and 123. as for complicated Fractures, which is when divers are joyned together, follow the cure as hath

been prescribed.

In the Sutures there happens a depression, which must be cured as before.

Secondly, a separation, if it be large and ligaments torne though



catrife when the other doth.

Secondly, from that will an Ichorous and thin matter flow.

Thirdly, more matter then the wound can seem to afford.

Fourthly, the flesh near to the

parts spungeous.

Fifthly, the part will be feverish. Sixtly, with your probe you

may finde the cut separated from the Scull.

7. Some tumor will appeare in the part above the Fracture.

For the second a Contrasissura, its twofold; either in the opposite part, or when the second table is Fractured, and the first remaines whole, these are hard to finde, but it may be perceived

by these signes.

First, if there bee vomiting choler and feaver, with other that belong to Fractures, the party will put his hand oft to it; if a Tumor appear, you may bee assured the Fracture is under, if no Tumor appeare in the opposite part then shave it, and apply this,

this, Re Picis Navalis & Cere and Ziij. Terebinth. Zi. mastic. irid. pul. and Zij. f. Empl. S.A. draw it upon leather, and let it lye twenty foure houres; if after you have taken it away, the Cutis muscul. appear in any place more moist, soft, and sweld, then the rest, its probable there is the Fracture. As for this, and the other, the scull must bee opened with the Trepan, and cured, ex. L. A. If such patients dye, Chyrurgions are not to be blamed.

Now for curing Fractures without wound, when you have perceived there is one by fignes formerly laid downe, and no extraordinary symptomes appeare:

First, shave the haire, then apply this, Rx Farin. Hord. aceti, & aq. & f. Catap. in winter make it with wine, adding pul.ros. Mastic. bacc. Myrt. & ol.rosar. to purge choler, Rx Caryocost. elect. e succ. rosar. ana 3ij. syr. de cicho. cum rbubarb. 3j. aq. end. 3ij. f.p.

Thirdly, let blood as often as need requires. Fourth-

Fourthly, drop ol. Amygd. dul. into the ears and nose, the fourth day use gargarismes made of Cephalicke herbes, and aq. Hord. mel. ros. & exym. simp. the seventh day, apply Emp. Palmar. Slotani cum ol. Rosar. if yet fearfull symptomes appeare after the seventh day, open the scull and cure it, S. A.

CHAP. XVIII.

Wounds of menynges and braine.

And first of dura mater, in which there is alway a vehement paine with the wound, if withall drowfinesse and sleepinesse seise upon the patient, death follows: for cure, if slux of blood, apply Gallen powder, after asswage paine, cum ol. ros. warme applyed, which continue till quittor bee procured, after use equall parts of Mel. rosar & ol. rosait till digestion, after incarne,

cum fyr. & suc ros vel fyr. Sanatiu.

The 3. thing is inflammation, then its red with a Tumor, sometimes so big that it fills the hole in the Cranium, yea above often.

Cure. First, open a veyne, use slender diet, foment it with a decoct of Althea sem. lini. fenugr. Groundsell fol. violar. After apply ol. Ros. Myrtin. vel Cydon. if the Tutmor increase open the passage in the scull wider.

The fourth is a Tumor, if quittor bee contained therein, which is discerned by extraordinary white spots, then warily open it, that you touch not the braine, then apply Mel. ros. & syr. e sicc. ros.

The fifth is Discoloration. If blacknesse be from the violence of the concusion, it lasts but soure dayes; in this case use ol. rosar. Mel. ros. vel ol. ovor. cum aq. vita & pul. Cepbalic.

If congealed blood hath occafioned it, use this, R ag. vita Zijs. pul. gran. Inctor. Zij. Croci Ji,

Mel.

Cure.

Mel. ros. Zijs. sarcocol Zij. lent. Coq. use it till blacknesse be gone.

If from improper medicaments, cure it as contufion: If from Putrefaction, which is discerned by the strong sent of the sanies, use this, Raq.vit. 3js. Gr.absintb. o mel. rosar. ana 3ii. ung. Agyptiaci 3js. Sarcocol. Myrrh. aloes ana 3j.vini alb.potent.3js.bullia. omnia leniter, Colent. ac serventur ad ulum vel R ag. plantag. Zj. ung. Ægyp. 3js. merc. præp. Hisce, after thirring it apply it warme: If this will not doe, but Tumor increase, the eyes grow fiery, and moving, he toffe and rave, its deadly.

CHAP. XIX.

Wounds of the Pia mater and braine.

These of necessity must suffer together, being so adhering each to other; and though they be

be accounted deadly, the experience prove they are of curation. The signe besides such forementioned in Fractures, are foming at the mouth, darknesse of sight, losse of reason, deasnesse, and

palfey, &c.

Concerning the cure Authors require at first dressing for seven dayes to use ol. ros. cum ol. Terebinth. mel. ros. ol. rosar. ana Zi. aq. vit. Zij. but two eminent ones was only cured with mel. rosar. & spir. vini: one I saw at Worcester after the battell of Poicke, the other I cured at Warwick, of which Mr. William Thorpe, my Mr. had a sight for the rest of the medicaments, with which they were dressed, was Emp. Paracel. and stuffe wrung out of Sacke with sitting rouling.

CHAP.

CHAP. XX.

Concussion.

Now the accidents of the braine are divers; the first is

Concussion.

Its, if vehement, often deadly, alwayes dangerous, deadly, as I observed in one Mr. Symons, the Gentleman of the Ordinance in Warwicke Castle, who going forth to kill a Rabit, and having done it, was affaulted by the Keeper and his man, the one of which with a blow strucke him downe without any remarkable wound or fracture at all, and notwith landing all methodicall meanes used, he dyed. For the cure, its to be dressed, as in Fractures without wounds, bleeding not to bee neglected, clysters to be used, and purges fitting exhibited, anoint the whole head, cum ol. rofar. and apply either Vigoes Cerot. or Empl.basilicon.

CHAP.

CHAP. XXI.

Fungus.

Ts a Tumor sometimes hard without blood and small sense, otherwhiles foft of exquisite sense, and an ill smell, beneath narrow, and above broad, and fometimes increaseth to the big-

nesse of a hens egge.

Cure. First, use glysters (Hildanus used a bag of Cephalicke herbes with water and red wine decocted) and after apply this powder, R rad. Caryoph. Angel Cal. Aromat. ana 33. rad. Aristol. rotund. Iridis Guaiac. ana 3ij. salu. rorismar. major. ana 3j. f. ex omnibus pul. or this, R. Sabini. 3ij. ocræ. 3j.f. pul. or Turb. flau. If it grow to the bignesse of an egge, binde it with filke at the root, and when its fallen away, strow the former powders.

For a Tumor proceeding from flatuolity, usethe method

Cure.

in Fungus, and apply Emp. Basilic. upon it.

CHAP. XXII.

Wounds of the eye lids.

First, stitch them (especially if they be made transverse) after either use this, Rx bol. Arm. Ter. sig. ana 3ij. sang. dracon. sarcocol. ana 3j. of s.pul. strow it upon the wound, or use Bals. Artificial. or Lt. Arcei Empl. Palmar. if there bee lesse of substance, be not too hasty to cicatrise, if the eye lid will not come downe, then you are to divide the cicatrise like a halfe moon and cure it up againe. Remember defensitives are to bee used about the eye, less blindnesse follow, as also convenient ligatures.

As for those in the eye, Mr. Woodalls course is excellent, i.e. apply Hyperic. upon the eye lid, and

and Emp. Paracels. laying upon the neighbouring part frog water, with cheese curds and rosewater, let both the eyes be rouled up: Here generall evacuation is not to be neglected, as purging and bleeding, as also cups and glysters.

CHAP. XXIII.

Wound of the lips.

F they peirce not through, are them as ordinary wounds if they doe, cure them as a haire lip; First, peircing the brimmes of the wound with a needle, having on both fides a thin small piece of lead, after twist the silke about the end of the needle, then fnip off the ends; this is to bee done in the midst of the wound, and at either end use an ordinary stitch, to these may be added the dry stitch, especially to children, to the wound apply Balf. Artific. CHAP

CHAP. XXIV.

Wounds of the Ears.

off, or else in part divided; if cut off, apply pul. Cephalic. Enung. de minio cum Empl. Paracel. and let the hair cover the deformity, if onely divided and small, use dry stitch, if great, use the needle taking onely hold of the skin on each side the eare, keep a tent in it.

CHAP. XXV.

Wounds of the Nose.

If onely in the soft part, dry stitch will serve, to which apply unguent alb. Camph. If the hard part, its either above in the bone, and then there is a Fracture, or below in the Cartilage; if a Fracture, put into the nose sit pieces

pieces of wood lapped in linnen, and then reduce the bone, after put in small pipes a little sharp above, and slat below, yet not too high, let these be fastened by strings to the cap on each side. For the wound bring it together, either by dry stitch or needle, and apply bol. Mastic. sang. drac. alum. usti & alb.ovi, using sitting ligatures.

CHAP. XXVI.

Of the Tongue.

Stitch them deep and sure, Scutting the thred close to the knot, using this, R fol. & flor liquestrisplantage rosar rub and Mj. corrie granator balaust and 3s. Coq. in this aq. Chalybia ad Consumpt. 3. part in Colatur dissol. Acatia. 3ij. syre fuct ros. 3ij. Misce f. Gargar. with which often wash the mouth, feeding on liquid things, as broths, almond milke, gellies holding often in the mouth,

Syr. e sic.rosis.Cydonior.deRibes, conser.Cerasor.& coagul.Cydoniorum.

CHAP. XXVII.
Of the Throat.

Nd first of the vessels which are the jugular veynes, the soporall Arteries, and recurrent nerves. These wounded deeply, the party can hardly escape by reason of a great Hemorage, which is to be stayed with pul. restrictiv. Hildan. vel R. Thur. 3ij. aloes, sang.drac.telar. Aranear. que in mollis planæ sunt farin. volatilis hypocistid. mastic. sarcocol. Terra umbra, pul. volatis fung. ana 31. f.ex omnibus pul subtilis. If this will not doe, Re prædict.pul. 31]. Sublim. & Auripig. ana 3s.f.pul.Misce cum alb.ovi & pilis leporinis. If you feare an Anen risma (after flesh is come, which must be procured speedily (if restrictives will not doe, nor actuall cauteries, then affay to binde the veffels) which is knowne by pul-

pulsation, apply this, R fol. solani, Hyoscyam. mandrag. contus. ana Mj. farin. Hord. & pul.malicor.ana q.f. & f. Catap. sine ulla coctione. Let diet be thin, glutinous and cooling, use drinkes in which steele is quenched, with healing fyrrups. If there want sleep, use this, R Diascord.3j. Phylon. Perfic. 3j. diacod. 3vj.aq. papau. Crr. Ziij. exbib. her. somni, use to the wound Linim. Arcei, Bals. Artif. or this of Pareus; Rol. Hyper. f. Ziiij. gum. elem. Ziij Tereb. venet. 16s. liquefiant ista simul ac colent. cum frigere incipiunt add.bol. Arm.sang.drac. ana 31. irid. floren. Aloes Myrrh. Mastic. ana 31. ag. vitæ 3ij. Misce. s. a. apply it warme, and above it diapal. malaxed in ol. rof. to hinder inflammation.

CHAP. XXVIII.

Of Tracbea Arteria.

ORder these as in wounds of the lips, using Bals. artificial, using this gargarisme, Re Hord. mu. Coch. iij. flor. ros. rub.p. L. Sumach. flor. granat. ana 3ij. passul. major. exac. jujub. ana 3s. glytyrrbiz. 3j. bul. ista simul in this j. aq. Fontan. ad consump. s. ac Col. cui admisee mel. ros. syr. myrtini ana zij. use it warme; it moistneth the mouth, easeth paine, agglutinates the parts and causeth the party to breath ease.

CHAP. XXIX.

Of the Oesophagus.

The fignes are difficulty of breathing, and swallowing, Hicket, vomiting of choler, meat and drinke, and if deep, the meat comes out. If it bee wholly divided,

vided, the cure is impossible, if neare the mouth of the stomach, great and transverse, its so also. If otherwise, first, stitch it, leaving an orifice in the depending part, and cure it, as in Trach. Art. using after ordinary glyst, without oyle and sugar, nutritive ones, and a special dyet.

CHAP. XXX.

De Spinali Medul.

He signes, palsey, convulsion, feeling lost, not being able to retaine seed, urin or excrements, sometimes a totall suppression of them.

Prog. No leffe dangerous then the brain, if in the beginning, or wholly divided, death enfueth.

Cure. If the wound peirce not to the Medul. its only in the muscles, and so dresse it as wound in sleshy parts, or in the bones also, and then dresse as in the head. If Prog.

Cure.

in part divided, then first poure in this, R ol. Hyper. & de vi-tel. ovor. ana 3j. Tereb. 3s. Croci 3j. Misce.

Secondly, anoint the whole backe bone with this, Re ol. vulpin. Hirund. & lumb.ana 3j. Mastic. & de

castor.ana 3s. Misce.

Thirdly, Embrocate the whole head with this, R. ol. Cham. 3j.lumbric. 3s. Misce. They are to be applyed warme.

CHAP. XXXI.

De Thorace.

These either penetrate or not, if they doe, they have these signes, the mouth and nose, being stopped, breath will breake through with a noise, so that it will move the light of a candle. If penetrating, they offend other parts, we may know by those proper signes as if the

Heart.

Much

Much blood gusheth out, an universall trembling, the pulse small and weake, cold, sweat often swooning, and when the limbs grow cold, death is near.

Of the Lungs.

The blood is yellowish and frothy, cough insueth, difficulty of breathing, paine in the wounded side, yet lying upon it, is at more ease, hard to cure.

Of the Midrife.

Having in the part raveing, breathing difficult, cough, sharpe pain, a feaver, sometimes by vehemency of breathing, the guts and stomach is drawne into the cavity of the breast through the wound. Its deadly.

Of the Veffels.

If the blood bee powred into the cavity of the breast, breath difficult, seaver increasing, vomiting blood, afterward the breath will stinke, appetite lost, desire to sit up, fainting, it causeth death.

Thus you have the Signes and I 3 Pro-

Cure.

Progn.now we come to the Cure. Of penetrating wound in the breaft.

First, the patient is to be laid in naked bed with the wound downward that by couching and holding his breath, the matter may be discharged till things be ready, if he finde no weight upon the diaphragma, nor feaver or spitting blood, use no tents but drop in Lt. Arcei, or Artificial Balfome, and upon it Diapal. but if there be much blood in the cavity, after the blood is got out, use aflammula dipped in the white of an egge, the greater part of it hanging forth of the wound, this may continue for forty dayes, if former symptomes still remain, instead of the flam. you may use a filver pipe, which, when the wound runnes, matter good and little, is to be taken forth; for injection, if you have a mind to use any (for I have cured dangerous penetrating wounds without) receive this, R. Ptisa. Ziiij. sac. rub. Zij Mel.

Mel.ros. 3j. Misce. This being cast in, let him betake him to his former posture that it may all come forth; upon your pipe apply a spunge wrung forth of aq.vite, it doth keep out the aire, and extract the quittor instead of the spunge, this Empl. is excellent, R Resin. pini rec. clar. & odorat. 16j. ol. laur. & Terbintb.ana 31j. gum. Elemni Ziiij. M.& f. Emp. i.a. Let it bee spread upon leather, a hole cut and applyed; with this and the Arti. Balsome, may wounds penetrated be cured, for it draws out the matter wonderfully. need be, let blood on the arme of the contrary part, and if strength permit reiterate it upon the same lide afterward, taking this, R rhei 33. rub. tinctor. Mumiæ ana 91. Terr. sigil. 33. aq. scabios. buglos. suc. granator.ana Zj.M. after to procure easie breathing, and ease paine, use this, R. Hord. Ziiij. passular. major. exacinat. 3 iii. rad. bugl. Miij.liquor. Contul. 3ij. jujub. N. 20. Pruna. 15. rad. petrosel. contus. Mj. f.

decoct. in aq. pluvial. Ibxiiij. ad consumpt.3 part.aromatic. decoct. Cinam. 3iij.ac col.in Colatur.disfol.penid.3iij. syr. ros. s. & de duabus rad. sine aceto Zij.sac.cand.Ziiij. quarta quaque bor. capiat æger. bujus decoct. Zvj. this doth nourish, therefore he is not to take any other food for three dayes, unlesse a Ptisan, having the omission of the foure cold feeds, wherein the roots of fenell and parsley have been boyled, if matter offer it selfe to be purged by expectoration, use vinegar and warme water to helpe it. If the patient cough, use this Re sac. cand. & penidiat ana 3j. pul. elect. diatragac. frigid. 3ij. syr.violac. & jujub. ana q. f. f. lohocb.quo utatur frequenter cum baculo liquirit. sensim lambendo; if spittle decrease syr. Tussilag liquirit. & oxym. simp. the matter being come to suppuration, use this, R. Eupator. scabios. Caryoph. saniculæ Alchym. Tussilag. ana Mj. rad. Consolid. major. & borrag. ana 3j. Cog. in ag. 16x. ad Consump. B. postea ad. sac. & Mel. ana 3111.

3iiij. & alb.ovo. N.ij. to clarifie it, and then straine it taking at five a clocke in the morning sts. and sleep, take the same quantity in the afternoon at soure a clocke, if the body be much macerated, then let them suck womens milk and inject the same, saith Dr. Dachamen a French Physitian, which certainly helps.

CHAP. XXXII.

Wound in the belly penetrating, and yet not burting contained parts.

Signes. IF the probe goe deepe straightwayes, if inject. made returne not, if the caule and the intestines start out, it penetrates. All wounds penetrating are dangerous, and many deadly.

Cure. If the injestines start out, reduce them, unlesse by continuance out, the cold aire hath filled them with slatuosities, then so-

I 5

signe.

Cure.

ment

ment them with a discussive decoction, or else pricke them with a needle, if after you cannot reduce them, inlarge the wound, if the caule come forth, and by the aire be cooled, fo that its hard, blacke and livid, then binde it neare the found and warme parts, cutting off the corrupt, and letting the thred hang forth till the rest fall off; if it be not altered, but warme, put it in, and then stitch the wound; first, thrusting the needle through the skin & muscles to periton eum not touching it on that side, then from within outward, on the other side thrust through, also tye that within the distance of an inch, stitch it againe contrary to the other, after stitching leave an orifice to put in a tent, you may strengthen this stitch with a dry one; to the wound apply Artificiall Balsome; upon it in Summer, Empl.diapal. In Winter Parac. Embrocat the pained part with this, R ol. rofar . Myrtin. ana 3 s. lilior.

lumbric. ana 3j. Cham. aneth. ana 3vj. ung. dialth. popul.ana 3iij. Misce. If matter fall into the belly, as by heavinesse, paine and tension will appear, then Embrocate the groyn, cum ol. rute. Cham.aneth. &c. after apply Emp. cum gum. malaxed cum ol.scorp.

CHAP, XXXIII.

De Ventriculo.

Signes as in wound in the gullet, if great, and in the bottome of the stomach, deadly, as also if in the mouth of the stomach.

Cure. You must not suffer your tent to enter in to the stomach, onely keep the parts lying above open, yet your tent bee armed with a digestive of ol. Hyper. Tereb. vitel. ov. or R. ol. olivar. rec. 3:ij. Tereb. s. s. s. s. s. s. s. s. s. Myrrb. aloes opt. ana 3:ij. Cocci infect.

Myrrb. aloes opt. ana 3:ij. Cocci infect.

Cure.

Jiij. Resin. pin. rec. 3ij. vini maluat. 3iiij. Misce, stent. in digest. per hor. 4. Leniter. ebul. donec consum. vinum colent. & expri. Embrocate the stomach, ol. Menth. Myrtil. Cydon. absinth. & ol. ros. inwardly exhibit this, R. Herb. betonic. sanicul. Matris silu. pyrol. ana Mj. torment. Ms. coq. in si.q. aq. ad. Ziij. adsyr. Hyssop. Zi. drink sparingly, use nutritive glyster, and good broths, wherein are decocted vulnerary hearbs.

CHAP. XXXIV.

De Intestinorum vul.

Signe.

Signes. IF the small guts, the chilus comes forth, the slankes swell, and become hard, vomit, hickot, gripings in the belly, they are more dangerous then the great ones, which being wounded, the excrements come forth, yet these also if great and transverse are dangerous, and for most part deadly.

Cure.

Cure. Stitch them with the glovers stitch, with good slax thred unwaxed, after its somented with red wine, apply this, R. Mastic. sarcocol and 3). borrac. Myrrh. and 3s.f. pul. after which, reduce them, which done, stitch the outward parts, for there can be no more applycations to them, being they shift; use moistening meats and glysters Emollient made of the decoction of sheeps head and feet; and administer vulnary potions.

Cure.

CHAP. XXXV.

De Hepatis vul.

A Great flux of blood in the right side, the sides all draw towards the spina, the party delighteth to lye upon his belly, often casting out blood both by stoole and urin, pricking paine up to the necke, and downe to the bladder, the face wan.

Signe.

Greak

Great wounds are deadly, the lesser may be cured; which to effect astringent Troch; are to bee used in aq. plantag. vel decost. ros. rub.add.syr.e sicc.rosis & Myrtin.

CHAP. XXX VI.

De Lienibus.

Signes.

Blacke blood issueth Bout of the left side, the side it selfe and the stomach becomming hard, great thirst ensueth, and the paine reacheth to the necke. If deepe, deadly; if small, curable, which may bee cured as wounds in the liver, it happens that in both, great store of blood falls downe into the belly; but its either discussed with naturall heat, or else causeth a Tumor in the groynes.

minu him sloot vo drod

CHAP.

CHAP. XXXVII.

De Renibus.

IF they bee wounded to the pelvis, clots of blood will come with the urin, great paine in the part affected, reaching to the groynes and testicles: if they passe to the pelvis, commonly deadly; if but to Caruncula papillaris, curable.

Cure. If the passage be stopt with blood, as usually, it is with a grumous blood, anoint the pecten cum ol. Scorpion. Amygd. Amar. and apply Catap. of pellitory, mallowes, and Saxifrage: For injection use this, R. Troch. de carab. cum aq. plantag. equiset. polygon. after incarne with Empl. sanctum. set downe pag. 175.

Cure.

CHAP.

CHAP. XXXVIII.

De Vefica.

The urin commeth bloody and sparing: If in the bottome, the urin will fall into the belly, and cause a seeming dropsey; paine will be communicated to the groynes and stones of men.

Those in the necke laterall parts, and above the groyne curable in other parts not.

Cure.

Inwardly use this, R Cydon.incif.Niiij. Equiseti. sumach. bacc. Myrti
ana Ziij. ros. rub. sicc. pij. balaust. Zs.
coq. ista in stxij. aq. pluv. vel Fontan.ad z. part. consumpt. ac colet. decoct.
in quo dissolsyr. e sicc. ros. & Mel. rosar. ana Zvj. syr. Myrtini Ziij. gum.
Tragac. Zs. Let them take none
but this decoction till the tenth
day. If there bee strength take
heed of cold water; outwardly
apply Cypr. Terebinth. vitel. ov. & ol

over,

Cure.

ovor. cum Croco vel Balf. Artif.

CHAP. XXIX.

De Penis & matricis vul.

He latter of these being wounded will appeare by blood iffuing out of the privities, and paine will be about the groynes; these are difficult, and must be dressed as the bladder; as for them in the yard, they shall be handled when we come to treat of Lithotomia.

CHAP. XL.

De Nervos. part.

Signe. Here insues Pulsation, inflammation, convulfion, raving, if not wholly divided, and at last mortification.

Cure in generall. First, let blood. | Cure. Se-

Secondly, purge. Thirdly, use slender dyet, let the aire and me-

No

TO THE

purg parp date RAT

Patie Gent

ufe

TOTAL

bo

120

dicament be warme.

If it be a Puncture, powre in ol. Terbinth. cum parum aq.vit. roule up the part with your linnen wet in water and vinegar; if these ease not paine, then make crosse incision into the skin, and apply this; R ol. Tereb. ros. lumbric. vitel. over. ana 3111. use it hot, or some Artif. Balsome; if it be incised quite, its cured by Sarcotickes.

If it be transverse wounded, apply the former medicaments, if they will not prevaile, divide it, and dresse it with anodynes, and

roule it up.

If contused, use ol. Cham. vel rut. If distorted, Emp. Paracel. If there be hardnesse, apply this, R. Emp. Nost. Anod. Zij. ol. lil. Zj. styrac. Liq. Zij. Misce. As for wounds of the tendons, they are cured aftert he same manner; as also Ligaments, to which use ol. Mastic. vel Bals. Artif. aut natur.cum pul. Consolid. and upon them Empl. Paracel. Two things



ana 3.M. apply it warme, it may be applyed upon the plaister; or this; Rx pul.rad.alth. 3s. betonic. flor. Cham. Melilot. ana 3j. farin. sem. lini. fænigræc. ana 3js. fabar. 3j. f. Catapl. take heed of anger.

To conclude, note that wounds if deep either in armes or thighs, are dangerous, and need frequent bleeding and purging. Hitherto of Wounds, now of Fractures.

SECT.IV. CHAP.I.

Fraciures.

head, parts, and deprehended by sense, the causes are the too violent assaults and stroakes of all externall things; the maine differences are source, Long; Transverse; Oblique, and Shattered.

The Signes are inequallity, as on also feeling and hearing, a noise on in the handling of the part, as also paine.

Program

Signes.

Prog. In old persons, cholerick, neare the joynts, head, of bones, oblique, shattered, and with wounds and other great symptomes are hard to cure. In young persons the middle of bones and transverse are easie.

Cure. In which observe foure

things:

eno

First, restore the bones.

Secondly, keep them together.

Thirdly, if wound or contufion be joyned, looke to it.

Fourthly, prevent or remove

the symptomes.

Having all things in readinesse, first, let two persons make extension by little and little, yet strongly, that being sufficiently done, reduce the bone to its naturall situation; premising, you deferre in case there bee instammation, till it be past.

Secondly, for the keeping it, to gather up no roulers at all, onely clouts, splints armed with tow or paste-board and junckes made of straw or bents, with caps

Prognost.

Cure.

and

and fillets; for in fimple fractures, the right placing of the bones, and keeping them fo, is most part of the cure, rest also exceedingly conducing thereto: for medicaments they are either outward or inward; for the first use a plaister made of bole, fine flower, white of egges, ol. of roses, and a little camphire, or Re Cere 3iij. resin.adip. ovin. ana 3j. f. Cerat. Emp. diapal.or de min.may serve, Woodals restrictive is good, viz. Re bol. 3iij. alum. Thur. ana 3s. rad. Confolid.major. 3ij. lap. osteocolla 3 s. f. pul. & cum alb. ovi, & vini aceti q.s.t. Catap. or this of Hildanus excellent, R Empl. Notani (vel diapal.) Ziiij. pul. rad. symphy. major. ros. rub. Myrtil. ana 3 ij. lap. ofteocollæpp. 3vj. Misce lento igne cum modic.ol. ros. t. Empl. These medicaments are to be applyed three fingers above, and so much comming below the Fracture. For inward means;

Use a thin dyet every day or two, procuring a stoole by clyster or suppository; if a feaver

hap-

and

Die

FE

報

曲

forte

terd

Wind Market

the

M

te

OF

happen, use cooling julips; if that serve not, open a veyne on the contrary side. If it be needfull for the procuring of the callus, use this R lap. ossifragi diligenter prapar. 3j. Cinam. electi 3iij. sacc. 3ij. f. pul. subtiliss. dos. 3ij. in broth every morning fasting, two houres after. This may be administred to children, and old, not to youth.

The member being bound up and situated, S. A. let it so remaine till the third day, unlesse symptomes hinder; in simple fractures it may continue till the seventh, after that you may forbear, if nothing hinder; fix or ten dayes, ever being carefull to resist accidents, you may know the bone to be well fet; first, if paine be affwaged. Secondly, if to your feeling it be not rugged or bunchy. Thirdly, if it anfwer in length and thickneffe to the opposite sound part. Be sure to view it often, being subject to fall out by inconsiderate turn-

ings

ings and convulfive twitchings, which will be knowne by renewing of the paine, and ine-

ga pro to

m

Ora

Its a

1

60

da

for

相

quality in the part.

Thirdly, if therewith, a wound be joyned you must so order it as that there may bee way for dreffing of it, and yet care taken the part be kept steady; which may be done by a strong cloath three or foure times double, which may once compasse the part and the edges thereof overmeeting at the wound, and upon it convenient splints, tyed on with filliting with a woodden or iron case for the part. Let the wound be dreffed with lin. arcei, vel R syr. e sicc. ros. Terebinth. ana Bij. pul. rad. irios, aloes, mastic. farin. Hord. ana 3s. incorpor. & f. unguent. If the bone be foule, this will serve; otherwayes, you may have recourse where its more largely handled in ulcers. For their drink R ag. Cott. thvj. facc. Ziiij. fucc. lim. 31. Cinam. 311. Misce. The time of confolidation is uncertaine, for the most part the thigh requires forty or fifty dayes, the arme

thirty or forty.

10

Fourthly, for accidents, if there be a phlegmon, contused or gangreen, cure them as in the proper Chapter; if heat, excoriations and itchings, use unguent. Tripharmac. spread upon paper.

Thus much for Fractures in generall, only observe first, the binding of the part; if it be too hard, besides the patients complaint, there wil be a hard tumor about the part, if well, a soft tumor, if too loose, none at all.

Secondly, if on the third day, or after, the ligatures feem loofe,

its a good signe.

Thirdly, if the fractured bone stand forth in any part, it must be there more straitly pressed with boulsters and splints.

And lastly, after the seventh day, binde the part more strait; for then symptomes are usually

paft.

Having delivered generall no-K tions, tions, we come to particular obfervations necessary to be known,
in fractures of severall parts:premising what hath been said in
the generall, may serve for Fractures in the armes, legges, and
thighs, the last of which requires
the more care, in as much as the
bone naturally of it selfe is bowing; Fractures in the Cranium,
and the nose have also been already handled. We now come to
them in the Fawes.

\$70

út

On

th

CHAP. II.

The Fawes.

Which is restored by putting your singer into the patients mouth, pressing them on the inside, and out, till they bee smoothly reduced in, which is it be necessary, use some extension; if the teeth be shaken forth, put them into their right places, tying them to the sound with a thred, thred. The splints applyed are to be of sole leather, being divided at the chin, let the ligature bee two singers broad with source ends, two being fastened to the crowne of the cap, the other to the same in the nape of the necke, you may know its well set by the order of the teeth, feed upon liquid things; its united sometimes in twenty dayes.

CHAP. III.

Of the Collar bones.

These are restored three wayes: The sirst, is to draw the arme backward, and shoulder forward, and the Chyrurgion with his hand restoring them.

Secondly, to put a clew of thred into the arm pits, and presse the arme unto the ribs, and so reduce them.

Thirdly, lay him upon his backe, with a Tray under his K 2 shoul-

shoulder with the bottome upward, pressing downe the shoulder till the end of the bones lying hid flye out. I have done fucceffefully by setting the patient low, and causing one to set his knee against the shoulder, pulling it towards them, and so have set them. Here observe, as also in Fractures of the ribs; if any splints of bones cause paine with difficulty of breathing, then open the part and take them forth. Here boulsters with splints, and good rouling is to be used, three boulsters are necessary, one on each fide, the third & thickestupon the fracture. The rouler must be a hand breadth, and two els and a halfe long, and is to runne crosse wayes; the callus grows in twenty dayes.

CHAP.

CHAP. IV.

Of the Shoulder blades.

These may be fractured in the ridge, broad parts, as also in the Articulation. Its knowne by a painfull inequallity, perceived by feeling. If the broader or thinner part be fractured, there is a cavity and pricking paine in that part, and numnesse troubles the arme, if the fragments pricke not, restore them, if they doe cause ill symptomes, open and take them out, and cure it, S.A.

Observe, if a Fracture happen in the Articulation, there is scarce

any hope of recovery.

CHAP, V.

Of the Breast bone.

This is sometimes fractured, otherwhiles depressed, the K 3 Fracture

Fracture is perceived by inequallity, and going in with noise at the thrust of the finger, spitting of blood, dissiculty of breathing and cough argue both. To reduce either, the course is to be taken as in the collar bones, the Chyrurgion pressing the ribs on both sides, and set the bone with his hand; upon the part sitting medicins to asswage paine, and hinder inslammation, with sit boulsters and ligatures; this being neare a noble part, is dangerous.

E

74

CHAP, VI.

Of the Ribs.

Which is either inward or outward; the first is deadly, causing a more grievous pain then in the plurisie, and is increased after eating: the latter is easily discerned by the inequality and noise upon touching. The restoring of them, if inwardly is,

Let

eat

ing

tace i

723

Let the patient lye on the found fide, and to the fractured part apply this; R Farin. Tritic. 3. Ittbyocoll.diffel. in aq. scabios. & pap. errat. 33. pul.mastic. Thur. farin. volat. fang. dracm. gypfi ana qis. Coq. in ag. papau. rub. ad just. Consist. & f. Emp. apply it hot upon frong cloath with two strings fastened to the middle, having stucke sometime, pull it suddenly with great violence, so the rib will follow, this is to be done fo ofe till he shall finde himselfe better, and breath more easily. But if pricking paine continue, you must make incition and take out the fragments that torment, and cure it S. A. observing that a fit dyet be prescribed, bleeding and purging be used. If it may be done without incilion, then anoint the whole side, cun ol.rosar. and apply this, R farin. Hord. 3ii. pul. rof.rub.33. balaust muc. Cupref. gallar. rad. Tormentil. ana 3ij. cum pose. & ovo integro f. Emp. ad al. rof. 3. applicetur tepidum, till the eighth day let K. 4

ki

the patient drinke twice a day, aq. Frunella & dentis Leonis part. eq. The simple fractures may be easily cured; if upon either a Muscous tumor happen, which may be perceived by pressing, by no meanes neglect it, but if you can, resolve it by proper medicaments. If it degenerate into an abscesse open it speedily, lest the matter corrupt the bone, and so cure it; otherwise there happens consumption and death.

CHAP. VII.

Of the Back-bone.

Sometimes they are broken, other while bruised or strained on the inside, which causeth many maligne symptomes, as palsie, &c. and after death. In this, you must make incision, and pull forth the ossicles that offend; if you cannot do this you are to apply Topicks, asswaiging pain and hin-

hindering inflammation; If onely the processe be broken; if incision be not required, reduce them, and so are they easily cured. After the same manner is restored, os facrum or holy bone.

CHAP. VIII.

Of the Rumpe-bone ..

Hele are to bee fet by putting your finger into the patients fundament, and so thrusting it to the fractured place. By this meanes the fragments may be set in order, your other hand lying upon his backe, the patient must keep his bed all the time of the cure, and if he sit, it must bee. in a perforated feat.

K 5 CHAP

CHAP. IX.

Of the Hip.

Signes.

Anumnesse of the legge on the same side. If the splints of the bone be quite off, they must at the sirst by incision be taken away, having a care you hurt not the head of the muscles or vessels, If they be not broken off, reduce them smoothly and proceed S.A. For the Whirlebone of the Knee.

CHAP. X.

The Whirlebone of the Knee.

A Fter reduction, the legge is to be kept in a steeight posture, that so the Knee may not be bowed, and sit medicaments ligat and boulsters be applyed.

CHAP.

CHAP. XI.

The bones of the bands and feet.

BEing fractured, are to be reflored by laying and setting
them upon a smooth table, and
being extended, then reduced,
only observe they are very painfull and require Anodyns, and
the hand must after setting, alwayes have in it a Tenis-ball
kept, lest it lose the most sitting
sigure for the patients use and
benefit.

One thing observe, if upon a fracture you feare a gangreen, then instead of your former prescribed medicaments, use cloaths dipt in a good linivium, wherein is boyled vulnerary herbes, as also for a time foment the partitle therewith.

mings olasis a Landerd Daniff and

SECT.

SECT. V. CHAP. I.

Diflocations.

Defin.

VE are now arrived at the last branch of solution in the hard part, in which wee shall sollow this method; First, what it is, viz Its the going out of the bone from its proper cavity, and so hindering voluntary motion.

Causes.

Secondly, the Causes which are either 1. Internall, as excrementitious humors and flatulencies, which I have seen in divers. Secondly, externall falls, stroaks, slippings, &c. to these addes Pareus a third, which is hereditary, and not improbable.

Lifer.

Thirdly, the differences are First compleat, when altogether forth. Secondly, when not altogether. Thirdly, when only distorted. The first of these are fourefold, forward, backward, outward, inward; these agains

are

are either simple or compound.

Fourthly, the Signes are a Tumor in the part whither its faln; and hollownesse in the place from whence its come, also pain and privation of motion.

Fifthly Prognosticks, in children, and those that are young, and simple, easie, but hard if compound, painfull, instanted, if long forth, and the part be exte-

nuated

Sixtly the Cure, in generall; observe first, extension is to bee made till there be free space betwixt the dislocated bones, yet in some cases this is not needful, as you shall see in the shoulder.

Secondly, force it into its proper seat, which is knowne by a popping noise, ease of paine, and likenesse of parts, these are all

necessary in some joynts.

Thirdly, apply fit medicines (yet note simple luxations need no applications or ligations, but are happily cured without, as by experience I have found, besides

Signes.

Prograft.

Cure.

the

the constant practice of Mr. Hailes in Northamptonshire, who in his time was most eminent and successfefull in his practice, with whom I had much familiarity, by reason of a Cancer he had in his tongue, and chin.) If any be necessary, such as are in Fractures may be applyed.

Fourthly, use ligations.

And fifthly, keep it in a fitting posture; but these need not unlesse the huxation be compounded.

Laftly, remove symptomes, as paine and inflammation, onely observing that if these happen together before setting, let it alone till they be removed, as in the Treatise of Fractures. If it be old, then discussive fomentations must be frequently used, and after this Catap. (having made gentle motion up and downe, too and againe) R rad. Althea 3vj Cucum. afin. Biij. fol. malu. Alther ana Mij. Cott. in aq. & Contus. add. farin. fænigræc. & sem. lini and Z s. ol. Cham. 3vj. lilior. 3ij. Misce, f. CaCatapl. and so with fit boulsters and ligatures, let it be bound up conveniently. Yet after all this, when its performed, you will finde the motion of the part little or none, as I have observed.

Thus having done with generalls, which must bee both in Fractures and dislocations, as far as is necessary carryed to the particulars, we come to them: and first of luxation in the Jaw-bone.

CHAP. II.

In the Jaw-bone.

This is either on one fide or both, which if not speedily set, may procure death. It onely on one side the chin is drawne aside. If both, it hangs forward towards the breast. To set them, put your thumbs lapped in linnen into the mouth, and with them presse hard downe the

great

great teeth, and lift up the jaw with your finger underneath. Thus I restored an old woman, which came by yawning. Others put wedges of hassill or firre a finger thicke, casting a band about the chin, stand behinde the patient, and draw the chin towards them, and at the same time presse downe the wedges. After this, apply medicaments, if necessary, as also ligatures; for dyet use liquid things.

CHAP. III.

Collar bones.

Ts hard to be knowne, and as thard to be cured, as also easie to be mistaken; they may be dislocated, inward, outward, and side waies. The restoring of them, is either by moving and extending the arme, or as is set downe in the Fractures of the same.

CHAP.

CHAP. IV.

Of the Spondyls or Vertebra.

FF it bee of the first next the head, in which the chin is fastened to the necke, death follows, for those under all along are dangerous, and may be either strained or luxated, and that to both sides, outward, and inward; the last most dangerous. If above the necke there will be a great paine, difficulty of breathing, and face looke blacke, to restore which, the patient being fet low, let one lye with all his weight upon his shoulders, and the Chyrurgion taking his head about his eares betwixt his hands, and so shake and move it to every part till it be restored. Which being done, the paine will suddenly cease, and they be freely able to turne and move their necke; if it be below the necke, and inward, Mr. Hailes cured one thus;

WC

塘

開

Hee tooke the party by both hands, and cast them over his shoulder, and with his backe parts gave a sudden jerke, bending forwards, and so reduced it. If it be outwardly, lay them upon a table with their face downward, having bound them about the flanckes with long towels, as also under the arm-pits, then make extension without violence, and with your hands laid upon the extuberation, force it in, taking care you hart not the processes : As for that from an inward cause, its absolutely uncurable, unlesse they be done at first with great care and diligence, Hildanus faith, if the luxation be compleat, its deadly.

CHAP. V.

Of the Rumpe.

W Hich being dislocated, causeth such an impotency

bring his heele to his buttockes, nor bend his knee, unlesse with great force. The cure is performed as in a Fracture in the same part.

CHAP. VI.

Of the Ribs.

T causeth if inward, difficulty of breathing, paine in bowing downe, or lifting up the body. To deliver from which the diflocation is speedily to be reitored, and if the rib fall on the upper part of the Vertebra, the patient must hang with his armes upon some high doore, and then the rib is to be depressed downe into its cavity; if it fall downe on the lower part of the Vertebra, the patient is to bend downward, setting his hand upon his knees, and then presse it in. If it be inward, its supposed incurable in thefe

these, as also in the Vertebra's is to be used besides Empl. fomentations; as Refalu. Alther flor. Cham. Melilot. & Hyperic. and Mj. Coq. profom. after this anoint the part cum ol. Lumbric. irin. lilior. and 3ij. dialther 3i. ung. Agrip. 3s. Misce.

CAHP. VII.

Of the Shoulder.

Hor the restoring of which divers wayes are used, that which most commonly was practised by Mr. Hailes (whether dislocated inward, outward, or side-waies) was this, he tookes the patients hand, & laid it in his neck, after with the right hands pressed his arme close to the ribs, and after suddenly thrust the elbow upward. This I have used, and as he, so I never failed. Some others, if inward, doe it upon a doore, ladder or coulestasse, upon two mens shoulders, in these the

MA C

NO

the

the

patient is to be held by the arme, the head of the bone rightly placed on the instrument, and hee standing upon a stoole is to bee cast.

Of the Elbow.

This is hard to be reduced, unlesse speedily essected, whether it
be backward, or forward, or sidewayes, its to be set by setting the
part into which the bone is falne
upon your arme, and so endeavour to bend the arme; by which
its reduced, as also the wrist; this
was the practice also of Mr.
Hailes, but for the wrist some
take by the hand near the joynt,
the arm being held and so move
the hand upwards and downewards, or sidewaies till it be restored, this I have practised.

lose, with let invage to

ther, and folder or expires cavity

CHAP



If outward.

This is easily perceived, and if new, as easily reduced, by laying the party upon his face, and prefsing it downe with your hands into the right place.

If forward.

The patient is to be laid on his found fide, and by ligature just extension being made with the hand, force in the bone.

If backward.

It must be reduced with extension after the same manner as when outward. Observe that all dislocations of the thigh which are old, are hardly or never reduced, and after all reducings of it, let there be rest commanded, it being bound up, lest it recidivate.

CHAP. IX.

Of the Whirle-bone.

IT may be dislocated upward, downward, or side-wayes, its

Cure

to be restored to its place by the hand, the patient firmly standing, and so after medicines applyed, let it, with sitting boulsters, silling the ham, and ligatures, be bound up, and a case made to strengthen it, and so command rest as long as is convenient. Which being done, let the knee by little and little be bowed till it come to its proper motion, to it apply Emp. Paracel.

CHAP. X.

Of the Knees.

They may be dislocated inward, outward, and backward, seldome or never forward, you may know them by the debility of the joynt, and he cannot bring his heele to touch his buttocke; for the two first, after due extension inforce them into their places; for the third, take the patients leg between yours, he sitting upon a low stool, and so bring his leg forceably toward his buttocke; if the last happen lay him upon a table with his face upward, and force in the bone.

For the diflocation of the fociles, heele, and ankles; what hath been faid may serve, onely symptomes are to be specially eyed, the bones of the hand, fingers, feet, and toes are to bee reduced, as is set downe in Fractures.

Thus having done with luxations; wee come to some rare symptomes which happen after both Fractures and Dislocations; as first, Atrophia or wasting of the part.

CHAP. XI.

Atrophia or wasting of the part.

ITs occasioned either by idlenesse of the part, too hard ligature, ture, or as Hildanus; by Tumor possessing a joynt. If by too hard ligature, loofe it. For the first ufe Frications for halfe an houre, and then anoint it, cum ol. Amygd. d. 3ij. Cham. 3j. Misce. This doe morning and night; this you may use for fifteen dayes; after for as long, Rol. Catellor.lumb. ana 3ij. ol. Amygd. 3iij. Misce. After for fifteen dayes more, Rol.viol.olivar. ana Zjs. pic. Naval. Zij. ol. Amygd. d. 3.f.Lt. before the anointing use this, foment. Rx rad.bryon.lilior. Althee.ana Ziij. Coq.in juscul. Capitis, pedum & intestinorum vituli aut vervecis. Let this bee applyed two houres, night and morning; if you suspect the originall of the nerves to bee obstructed, then use strong resolvers, as may be seen in palsie upon a wound; as for the last, Hild. used first purging by phlegmagogues, after using the like decoct. and oyntments, as before. Note, if by these meanes the part grow red, there is hope. Some apply dropax. I cured one

DE.

Cr.

by frications, bleeding on the same arme, and unguent dialib.

CHAP. XII.

Gibbosities, if in the loynes.

First, anoint the whole backe; Fand this, Raq. granor. juniperi, fine vino distil.aq. salv.betonic. lavendul. ana Zij pul.rad.bistort. Tormentil. rosar. ana 3 ij. misce f. 9; infusio. in ampulla magna per dies 8. vel 9. deinde per inclinationem a pulveribus seperata aq. ad usun reservetur. After anointing apply the following plaister, which is also excellent in Fractures; R Empl. slotani. 3v. Cer. flau. Zij lap. osteocoll. 31. pul. rad. consolid, major. Ter. sig ana 3iij. pul. balaustior. nuc. Cupress. rosar. odorifer. ana 3j. Misce lentissimo igne f. q; Emp.cum ol.ros. aut mastic.q.s. Emp. Motano. Re axung. porc. rec. 3xij. ol. rof.rec Minij.ana 3xx Calchitidis ustæ ana Zij. adip. cervi Ziiij. Mastic. oliban. ana 3ij. f. Emp. S.A. agitando bathere bee bunchings forth in other parts, by no meanes as the custome of some is, breake the member againe, but rather assay to waste what is supersluous by frictions, and resolving, soment.

ung. and Emp. observing that the plaister upon Gibbosties in the loynes need not be removed in three or six dayes, though the backe and thigh may be anointed. Hildanus.

Thus having done with folution in hard parts, we shall put an end to the first part of Chyrurgery by handling Combustions, Ecchymosis and Gangreens, the second frequently following Contusions, and the last may happen upon all solutions.

CHAP.

CHAP. XIII.

Burnings or scalds.

Or the causes and fignes they I are obvious, the difference is onely in the quantity. Prognosticks are these: If it bee fmall, and a body of good con-Attution, its easie. If deep to the veynes and Arteries in an impure body, and be in the groynes, belly, eyes, and parts of the head, and in children, hard, if in the intestines, death.

Before blysters arise, onions and falt beaten together, and applied is excellent, which I have often proved, or this, R. Cape. Crud 3 s. sal. sapon. ven. ana 3s. Misce & f. ung. cum ol. ros. & Amygd. d. If the party be strong, and the burne great, let blood, and purge; as Re diacatholic. 3vj. e succ. ros. 3ij. Gr. ros. sol. 31. cum aq. Cichor. & buglos. f. pot. To ease paine, and to cure, this excellent, Rebultyr. rec. in aq. rol.

Prognost.

物

tio

tri

ros.lot.Ziij ol.viol.de vitel.ovor. Amyg. d. ana 3s. farin. Hord 3 s. Croc. Dj. Mucilag. sem. Cydon. Zi.cer.q.f. f. ung. in mortario. In the face, and for children use this, often by mee tryed; Rol.rof. 3ij.aq.rof. 3i.alb.ovor. Nij. Misce diligenter. Its to be applyed often without linnen, I have used in other parts also. If in the groynes, Rung. rof 31. bafilic. 3vj. ol. vitel.ovor.lilior.ana 3:. Myrrb. Aloes, and 3. upon which apply this; R far. Hord. farbar. orobi ana pul.ros. 3s. cum mel.ros. vel oxymel. t. Catap. To incarne, use this, R pul.rad. vincitox. & Angelic. ana 31. Myrrh. Mastic. oliban.lot.scord. ana 33. f.pul. tenuis.ex quo cum s.q. succ. Nicotia. Sanicul. vel pyrolæ f. Troch. dry them in the shadow, and after powder them, this is excellent in putrid and venemous ulcers, as Anthrax. Gangrena & Cancer. Minficht. highly commends alb.over. & ol. olivar. two parts of the first, and one of the last, and saith its wonderfull. Formuis his Ivy boyled in water. This I received as a secret,

Cret; and its effectuall; Ix plantag. Hederæ terrest. ana Mj. Concis. & contund. & coq.in axung. aprin. Ziiij. deindè Colet. apply it after anointing upon a fine linnen cloath twice a day.

CHAP. XIV.

Ecchymofis.

ITs an effusion of blood under the skin, and causeth blacknes, it being caused most frequently by contusions, sometimes by the mouths of the vessells being opened; the blood sometimes poures it selfe inward.

For Prognoficks, if the blood be thin, and can be discussed, its well, otherwayes it may gangreen.

If it be great and much paine, let blood (especially if you feare it fall inward) and purge as Repul. lax. Dij. syr. ros. com. cum rhab. sen. & agar. 3j. cum s.q. decocti agri-

Cure.

771(72.

Prognoft.

mon.Cuscut veronica, & sem.anis. f. p. after give this; R rhei Terr. fig. bol. opt.mum.ana 3 .f.pul.dos.3j.in acet.vel oxycrat. Irish slate, or sperm. ceti. is good. This is excellent, Rx confer. flor.genist. 3s. Mum. Jij. rhapontic. g. 25. sem. Nasturtii. bortens. Dj. Mis.cum oxycrat. f. bol. take it at the houre of sleep, & drink this upon it; Rx aq. barbac. & nuc. viridis ana 3 s. syr. acetof. Citrij. 3x. ol. vitriol.q.1. ad gratiam aciditatem Misce f. julep. after use a Outwardly anoint the clyster. part cum ol. rof. and after it for foure or five dayes. If in the beginning, twice a day apply this; Re far. Hord. & Fabar. ana Zij. pul, ro [3]. Cog vino rub.parumque aceti ad. Catapl. add.ol.rof.parum & vitel. ovi cum alb. then if the blacknesse bee not gone, use this; R rad. Althea 31. absinth rosar. origani agrimoni. flor. Cham. Melilot. Sambuc. ana Mj. sem.anisi. Cumin.fenugræc. ana 3). incidant. & contund.indanturque sacculo, quem intertextum & vino rub.cum aq. incoctum apply it hot to the part three or foure times a day, after anoint

the

Dr.

ho

Bo

anoint with this, R ol. Cham. aneth. lumbric. and 3 i. anisi. subtiliss. pul. 3ij. f. Lt. thus Hildanus, rad. sigil. Solom. If new bruised and applyed, if old, boyled in wine, is accounted the most efficacious remedy. I with good successe applyed Empl. Paracel. vel crocatum. If these doe not, use cups, and scarifie, which is excellent; if it tend to a gangreen, cure as followeth. Observe in all contusions of the joynts, Catap. are better then oyntments.

CHAP. XV.

Gangreen.

ITs a beginning or partiall mortification of the soft part, the causes as you have heard may be all forts of solution, especially after wounds made by gunshot, and great contusions, &c. But besides there are internall causes, as from excesse, or malignity

Signes.

nity of humors, as also cold, &c.

Signes. If from inflammation, there is paine and pulsation, with a sudden changing of fiery red, into livid and blacke, which being pressed returnes not. If from cold, a sharpe, pricking, burning paine, and thining rednesse, seifeth suddenly upon the part, after it turnes livid, there is also a coldnesse and numnesse, and as if shooke with a quartane Ague. If from hard binding, its knowne by the hardnesse of the part, little: pimples and blifters rife upon the skin. If from bits and punctures. Signes are as inflammation, and observe there may bee motion, though there be a gangreen, nay a mortification, if the heads of the muscles be not affected.

Prognost.

Prognosticks. If the malignity bee not speedily withstood the part will perish, and will also infect the adjacent parts, and the rather, if the humor first take hold on the bones, and instammation proceeds from them, they

are

are incurable frequently: but if the muscles and nerves bee not hurt the person young, and of good constitution being well handled in the beginning it may be cured. If from an assume of venemous humors or of occult quality or abundance, as also in bodies assected with a dropsie, hardly cured.

Cure Internall. First, prescribe a convenient dyet, cold and dry.

Secondly, if plethoricke, let

blood, and purge.

Thirdly, use cordialls to strengthen internall parts against putrid vapours, as Re lap. Bezoar. of is de Cord. Cervi ana A. Margar.prep. Dij. C.C.ufti, Terr. sig. ana 3]. sacc. Cand 3s. Misce f. pul. dos. 3j.cum ag. Cordiali, or this; R. Confect. Alker. Dij. in aq. vel decoct. Cinam.31. aq. Calend.buglof. ana 35. fyr. Caryoph. 3vj. you may of these make Epithemes for heart and wrifts, adding some vinegar; if paine torment the head, use clysters and suppositories, and anoint with Cure.

with this, Rol. ros. Nenuph. ana 38. Camphor. opij dissol. in aq. betonic. dissol. ana g.vj. Misce s. lin. with it anoint the temples and forehead. Cordiall juleps every two or three houres, are to be exhibited, and diaphoreticks sometimes to be used.

Externall. First, defend the sound parts, and stay the flux, Re bol. Arm. terr. sig. ana 3s. misc. cum aceto. scord. apply this, or this, Re far. Hord. 3iiij. bol. opt. alb. 3ij. pul. gallar.nuc.cupress. Cortic. granat. ana 3js capbur. 3 j. cum oxymel. f. Catap. apply them higher then the part affected, and remove them often, and apply fresh.

Secondly, revell or derive the humors from the part affected by cups, leeches, as well as purge

and bleed.

Thirdly, bring the part to its naturall temper by evacuating the blood, and other humors in it incompacted. If little by scarification; if much by incision, taking care of the great vessells:

to the scarifications apply small cups, but rather leeches; after apply with stuphs, if the affect be superficiall, vinegar and salt; if great and deep, use this hot, Re lixiu.fortis. aceti. opt. ana fbiij. scord. absinth. lupinor. contus. ana Ms. rad. Aristol. rotund. vincitox. ana 3s. sal. marin. Ziiij. Coq.ad consumpt.3. part. in Colatur. diffel. Aloes. myrrb. pul. ana 3s. rursum semel atq; iterum ebulliant. tandem ad. Mel. rof. 3). spir. vini 3iij. Caphur. 3j. misc. f.fot. or Woodall; which is this; Re lixin. de cineribus lig.frax.gal. 4. Herb. Centaur. fcord. Card. bened. abfinth. rosmar. Hyperic. ana p.iij.flor. Cham. melilot. ana p.1.f. decoct.ad 3. part. Consumpt.col.ad fal.Mij. vitriol. virid. ths. spir.vini thij. Misce S. A. If you please, you may adde Myrrh. Alees and Capb. and leave out the vitriol, after the use of these for halfe an houre, apply into the incisions ung. Ægyptiae. with pledgets of tow, adding thereto spir. vini & oxymel. S. or Ægyptiacum alone, of which receive two defcriptions,

criptions, R ærugi. 3v. mel. opt. Zxiiij. aceti vini Zvij. Coq. omnia simul donec f. ung. spissum & color is purpurei. vel R Aerugin. Ziiij. mel. opt. & cum decoci. absinth. & scord. despumat. Ibj. aceti scillit. Zvj. Alum. sal. Amoniac. ana 3 . succ. rute, scord. utriusque & alliaria ana Ziij. Coq. ad spissitudi Mel. deinde add. Theriac. opt.mitbrid.ana 3s.capbur & 3 .misce. It resists putrefaction, diminisheth, & tempereth the maligne vapours ariling from the gangreen, separateth the dead flesh from the living, and produceth a gentle and laudable escar; if the affect be in crotum, this is excellent, as also in other parts; R vitrioli 3. summit. querc. Mj. Thur.3s. Caphur. 3ij. vini fbijs. Coq. ad 3. part. consump. & Colet. upon these are to be applyed this following: Re farin. fab. Hord. & orob. ana Ziiij. lixiu. Thiiij. Con. boc ad Catap. consist. ad. oxymel. Zij. ung. Ægypt. Z. Misce. Vel farin. lupinor. lentium fabarum, lolii.sal. Marin.ana 311j.pul. summit. absinth. scord.utriusque, alliaria, THE

rutæ ana 31. Coq. in oxymel. S. & f. Catapl.refrigerato adde Aloes, myrrh. ana 31. aq. vitæ 3iij. Misce. or this which hinders put efaction, refolves, cleanfeth, dryes up the virulent fanies, strengthens and easeth paine, R far. Hord. fabar. orob. lentium lupinor. ana Hs. sal. commun. Mel.rosar.ana Ziiij.suc.absinth. marrbub. ana Ziis. aloes mastic. myrrb. & ag.vitæ ana 3ij. oxymel. f.q. f. f. Catap. Sometimes use actuall cauteries, which are excellent to hinder putrefaction of neighbouring parts, comforts the member being cold, refolves corrupted matter, and stayes blood flowing. Lay upon the escar the juice of leeks and falt beaten together, adding what may hasten the fall of the escar, Which being effected, mundifie and cleanse, cum ung. mixto i. e. ung. Basilic. & Ægyptiac. ana part eq. or Re fari. ervi. rad. Aristol. rotund. irid. florent. vincitox. Any elic.ana 3. Theriac. 3ij. cum fq. Mel. ros.f.ung. But take heed cauteries bee not applied to gangreen.

green. Here might bee handled gangreens produced from various causes; but its needlesse, if we consider the maine intention, which is to separate the dead from the living, and hindering further progresse. Besides, most Authors are filent therein. danus herein hath done excellently, and some of his imitators. I shall therefore conclude with one observation of Riverius, which is this, being called to one, who through the ill opening of a veyne, had a gangreen possessed his arme, and ordinary meanes used, and yet not effectuall; he caused the scarification formerly made to bee humected with fir. sulphur. which cauterised the mortified flesh, after hee fomented the whole part with Spirit of wine, in which the powder of Aloes and myrrh had been infused; this was applyed very hot, then in great quantity hee ftrewed the part affected with the powder of myrth and aloes, and upon

upon it cloaths dipt in the foresaid fir. vini. In some houres by these, the arme in a miraculous manner came to its native colour, the tumor asswaged, the gangreen stayed, so that the next day the mortified flesh separated from the living; after which, he applyed a digestive of the yolkes of egges, turpentine, and hony, and after proceeded according to Art. If the meanes prescribed will not prevaile, dismembring must bee used. But this belonging to the third part of Chyrurgery, wee for present shall wave it. And having run through the first Part, wee come to the second Part of Chyrurgery.

CHAP.

李季季季季季季季季

CHAP. I.

The Second Part of CHYRURGERY.

THICH is to separate parts unnaturally joyned these being few, we shall for brevities sake passe over generall notions which might be premised, and come to the particular operations, wherein may be observed what in the generall is omitted, onely they are such as are received in the wombe, or else accidentall after wound and ulcers, not carefully dreffed. As after a wound in the eye-lids reccived at the fiege of Banbury, which being not Art-like drefsed, the eye-lids conglutinated, and so he delivered up as hopelesse of his fight recovery. But removing to Warwicke to me, I

dividing them, he presently received that which hee supposed lost, and so was cured S.A.

Sometimes also the eye-lid may grow to the white which must be divided, care taken you cut not the white, therefore put in your probe (being small and smooth) betwixt the white and the lid, and so divide it with a crooked incision knife, after which, use the white of an egge, with some rose-water beaten together, and applyed upon a small pledget, which may hinder agglutination againe: as also it will be necessary, the Patient be often turning it up. Here also fitting Collyrium is to bee used, which you may finde set downe in the effects of the eyes.

Gums.

And here the dividing of the Gums in children may be handled, which though it cannot bee called an unnaturall union by reason of natures designe, and so generally happens to all; yet when

when that designe comes to its period, and nature endeavours to thrust out the teeth, and the gums, from some cause hinders to the endangering of the life of the creature, then in some fense they may bee looked on, at least as continuing unnaturally joyned, and speedy helpe to be administred. Which is by dividing the gums with an incision knife, or a peece of gold, in those places where the teeth bunch out with a little swelling; but this must bee done in time before mortall accidents, as consumption of the body, and convulfion; by this meanes many may bee preserved, which otherwayes may perish.

CHAP.

CHAP. II.

Ancyloglessis, or tongue-tied, or Contraction.

Nd this as Horstius saith, I may either be by the default of the forming faculty, or else accidentall as in feavers. In children it hinders sucking or speaking, and in men when accidentall, it hinders volubility of speech, and a right pronunciation. You may perceive it in either by the shortnesse of the nervous ligament, which draws the end of the tongue inward. For the cure of the first, the ligament must bee divided broad wayes (taking heed of the veynes and Arteries) in two or three places, and after by the Nurses finger dipt in Mel. rof. often lifted up. If it grow together againe, as it often happens, divide it.

Sometimes you cannot effect this



CHAP. IV.

Necke distorted.

This happens most frequently in children from a defluxion, arising from a cold and moist distemper of the braine, which falling into the necke, sometimes produceth a great tumor, after which, a contraction and distortion. If taken in time, it may be cured, otherwise scarce perfectly.

The offending matter is to be evacuated, either with pills according to the age and strength of the patient, as if in children very young, Rx pul. Arthritic.g.xv. Caryophyl. N.1. cum aq. betonic.f. pil. or pil. Catholic.g.viij. vel x. or pil. ex alo.rof. or R mercu. dul.g.vj. diagrid.g.iiij.fol. Auri N.1. or a proper Apozeme. The pills may bee administred every third or fourth day, the Apozeme dayly. In those that are elder the doses may bee

Cause.

Signe.

Prog.

Cure.

increased. Also there may bee used pil. Cochwel de Agaric. Mesue. particular evacuations are to bee masticatories and Errhins, a Fontinell in the arme or Coro-

nall future is good.

For Topicks to the head, use lixivi of Cephalicke herbes. Cephalicke powders, proper Emplaisters, as Ceroneum. To the neck is to be used Emollient, Fomentations, made of Mallows, Althae, &c. Alfo unguents, Cataplas. or Emplas. of the same property, as ung. dialth. ol. lumbricor.vulpini Empl. de Mucilag. Cicuta, &c. The flux being stayed, and the part affected sufficiently mollified, boulster and a fit instrument is to be used, by which the wrynesse may be amended. Some for this use cutting, of which operation I am ignorant, yet know divers have undergone it three or foure times, with little or no advantage.

CHAP.

(a)

CHAP. V.

The Yard.

Handled, as first, the foreskin may sticke to the nut or glans, and then you are to divide it (as hath been set downe in the eye-lid sticking to the white) after with sit medicaments cured; but note, that is it grow to in all places, its not to be medled with.

Secondly, the glans may not be perforated, which is to bee opened with a lancet, and a small leaden pipe kept in till it bee well.

Thirdly, its not rightly perforated, but only hath a small hole near the franum or ligament of the yard, so that the urin passeth not in a right line, neither can they procreate.

In this case extend the prepuce with the left-hand, and di-M Mvide vide the glans to the hole, and

use a pipe.

Fourthly, if its very little, the passage in children, in this rather use an elderne pith compressed and anointed cum ung rosac. then incision.

And lastly, the franum or bridle may bee too short, in which also the urin and semen cannot come forth direct. This is to be divided with much dexterity, and the wound cured, as others in the part.

CHAP. VI.

Vulva.

I may be shut up either by a membrane obvious, or else by the Hymen; the sirst may be safely divided, the other is carefully to be performed. To this end an instrument is to be used to dilate the vulva that your worke may be discerned, and so done, taking heed

heed that you hurt not the parts with your knife, after division, apply turunds dipt in the white of an egge and rose water, as also cloaths doubled dipt in the same, afterward symptomes being asswaged, use a leaden pipe of sufficient bignesse, length and thicknesse, anointed cum unquent. diapompholygos. If it happen that by a wound or ulcer, its joyned, then after binding of them; (as for the stone) divide it, and cure it as aforesaid.

CHAP. VII.

The Fundament.

This also may be unperforated in children, which is carefully to be divided a little, and after dilated with speculum ani, lest you hurt the sphincter muscle, after division, use a leaden pipe anointed with some discussive unguent.

M 2

CHAP.

CHAP. VIII.

Fingers and Toes.

THese may bee so either from the wombe, or after by accident as upon wounds, especially burnes, unlesse the former be joyned by nerves, tendons and vessells, let them, as also those by accident bee divided. After with some restrictive powder cast on to stay bleeding, apply this, the white of egges mixed with rose and Plantaine water, with oyle of roses; to the wrist apply a defensitive, and anoint the whole arme and hand, as also legge and foot with ol.ros.myrtillor & lumbricarum, and so roule it up. The second day, use this digestive, R Terebinth.lot. in aq. rof. plantag. 31. olirof. & vitel. ovor. ana 311. Croci As. vitel. av. Nj. Misce, after incarne and cicatrife, S.A. And observe that in all these operations, if neceffity requires, use fitting genera

nerall evacuations. Having briefly passed over the second Part, we come to the third Part of Chyrurgery.



SECT. I. CHAP. I.

The Third Part of CHYRURGERY.

Which is to remove things superfluous. And these are so either by their owne nature or by event; the latter are divers: As first, a dead childe detained too long in the wombe, to the endangering of the mothers life.

Secondly, the falling of the small guts into the Scrotum.

Thirdly, the amputation of a member.

Fourthly, the extirpation of any part, as the breast.

M 3

Fifthly,

Fifthly, blood offending ei-

ther in quantity or quality.

Those that are so by nature, are either somewhat samiliar to nature, or altogether adverse. Of the first sort, are first strumas and wens. Secondly, Cataracts, those adverse to nature, are stones in sundry parts of the bodies: of all which in order as briefly and methodically as we are able; observing that under the former generall heads, divers particulars are contained. We shall beginne with things so by event; And

First, of the extraction of children dead or alive, also a Mole and Secundine, whereunto wee shall adde the manner of bringing women to bed artificially and safely with ease: as also the Cesarean birth, and lastly, cast in the cure of some symptomes, which may happen upon

some of these.

CHAP. II.

Children dead or alive.

Vogether, because a living childe, if the body be of too great a magnitude, or any part have extraordinary tumefaction, as Hydrocephalos, &c. its the same way to be performed upon this account that one may bee saved. We shall not need to give the signes of a childe living, because manisest; those of a dead, are these:

If neither the Chyrurgions hand, nor the mothers can perceive it move. If the water and fecundine come forth, its certainly dead. Againe its more heavy in the wombe, and falls that way the mother inclines, great paine from the privities to to the navell, with a perpetuall defire to make water, and goe

M 4

Signes.

to

to stoole, her privities are cold, and from her wombe filthy excrements are avoyded, and her

belly fwells.

Prognost.

Cure.

It being knowne, make speed to save the mother if her strength bee good. But if not, which is knowne by the smalnesse of her pulse, by her small, seldome, and cold breathing, cold sweats, death-like countenance, and extream parts cold. Let her alone with a Prognosticke of death.

For to helpe, First, all physicall meanes having beene used, and proving not availeable, then its to bee drawne forth by the hand, or if that cannot effect it, then by instrument the first way was often successefully used by Hildanus. Thus first, he gave a cordiall composed of the waters of Cinamon. Burrag. and Buglosse, with Confect. Alkermes, then put the woman in a fitting posture, and his hands being anointed with a Lt. composed of the oyles of white lillies, and the

fat

fat of a hen and goose, and put it into the wombe, and drew forth the dead birth. In some, he used a bag of Emollients applyed to the privities, and amointed them with the foresaid oyntment, sometime before the operations, and for accident happening, after hee gave eight graines of Bezoar in aq. Cinam. S. vino distil. & Confect. alker. and wonderfully commends it.

If instruments must bee used, which is difficult, the room being warme, place her overwhart the bed with her hips up, and a hard boulster under them, and so put her into a posture, neither altogether fitting nor lying along on her back, her heels must be drawn up close to her hips, and with foft linnen roulers tyed, as in cutting for the stone, to which for concissenes, we refer you. Which being done cover the thighes and privities, with a warme cloath, then the Chyrurgion having his nailes pared, his rings off,

off, his armes naked, (and they and his hands well anointed with the foresaid oyntment) gently draw the flappes of the necke of the wombe asunder, putting his hand up gently to finde out the fituation and forme of the childe in the wombe, if the head bee towards the orifice, then turn it gently the feet forward, If both come together, draw it gently forth, if but one, tye it, and so goe along till you finde the other, having put that up which you tyed in the drawing forth; Let the woman hold her breath, and have her mouth and nostrills stopped, that so shee may be helpefull.

Others may helpe by pressing the belly. If it be so great that it cannot bee turned, then a hooke is to be fastened either to the chinne, or rather to the hinder part of the head, for so the wind and humours being let forth, it by gentle pulling will bee the easiler extracted, if

the

the breast be affected, fasten the hooke about the channell bone, if it be lower, take hold of the short ribs, or of pubes, if lower, put in a crooked knife, and cut them.

But note, these things are not to be done, unlesse the childe be dead, and the mother in great danger. And observe all the womans privities must bee well anointed to make them the more slippery.

I shall conclude this dreadfull operation with that saying of Sennertus, which he hath in Lib. 4. Part. 2. Sect. 6. Chap. 7. (and which may serve this Clymate as well as that.)

Verum, in nostris regionibus nunquam aut certe rarissime fæminæ tales operationes admittunt, sed potius rem omnem. Deo, & Naturæ

committunt ..

Which amounts to this, That women will seldome or never admit of these operations, but rather commit the businesse to God

God, and Nature. As for a.

CHAP. III.

A Mola.

Signes.

Which is produced from a great deale of blood cloying, a little ill disposed seed. It is hardly known, especially till the fourth moneth, after which, the motion of the Mole will be to that side; the woman turnes her to like a stone, with trembling and beating; the belly is sooner great, and more hard then in a true birth, and more troublesome to carry.

Againe, there appeares no milke in the breast; there is also difficulty of breathing, paine in the backe and the

groynes.

Take this for a Prognosticke, If upon the comming away of the

Prognoft.

the Mole there be great flux of blood, its dangerous. To extract it after its separated from the wombe must bee as is handled in a dead childe, onely the instrument must be the Griffons talon.

CAHP. IV.

Secundine.

Though it might have beene placed after bringing women to bed; yet because it may so fall out, it may come to handy operation, wee shall doe it here: there is two wayes of bringing it away, Physically, and Manually.

The first is rather to bee desired, and therefore I shall set downe onely Zacutus pul. præstantissimus (as hee calls it) R. Carabes tenuissime pulv. 3j. Castor. 3s. dictam pulevij.ana 3j. Cinam 3.

Cure.

borac.

borac. Jis. Spicenard. Ji. Myrrh.
Jis. rub. tinctor. Ji. Croc. g.vj.
t. pul. subtiliss. dos. 3 js. cum sac.
vino alb. or this which I saw

experimented.

Take sweet myrrh, ambar, and spermaceti, equall quantities to the quantity of a 3 js. in white wine posset drinke; after it came forth, I beheld it, and saw it had seated it selfe unto the wombe.

One thing I forgot, which should have beene set downe in Mola, that after endeavour to extract, and yet it proved fruit-lesse by reason of a flux of blood. Zacutus gave these pills, Rx Euphor. 3j. s. pil. cum syr. Artemisia foure times in the space of twelve dayes, three houres after supper, and they brought away eight Moles.

If it must bee done with the hand, it being anointed, is to be put up, and finding the navill string, follow it till you come to the Secundine, and it

sticke,

Ricke, then shake it gently, and when it is loosed, draw it out.

Of the easie and safe bringing women to bed.

As for the easie and safe bringing women to bed, though it be most sit for the Midwife, yet it hath fallen out to be the practice of the Chyrurgion, therefore wee shall give briefe directions. It is not necessary to set downe foregoing signes, being so notoriously knowne to all.

When the time is come, put her in a convenient posture either in or upon her bed, or in a stoole for the same purpose, let her backe be pretty high, her legs wide, open and turned towards the hips, and if upon a bed, let her leane over a staffe placed overwhart the bed, or for a need upon a good-wives shoulders. Let her not labour too much before her strong paine commeth. If shee please shee may stand up, and leane

when the pangs come.

Let sometimes her belly, otherwhiles her loynes be pressed downeward, remember your hand and her privities be anointed, cum ol. lilior. alt. Amygd. d. vitel. ovor. & lumbric. ana 3s. pingued. Anser. Capon. ana 3j. Misce. After this, R. far. fanugr. Cydonior. ana 3j. Croc. subtilis. pul. 3ij. aq. Artemis. Zj. post unicam ebul. add. ol. & pingued. f. q. ung. This may be used in the foresaid cases, as also if the water being come forth, bath left the wombe dry.

If the Infant come with its head forward presently following the flux of water, it is good, and so you may receive it. If it come with the feet forward, its difficult. If it come forth any other way its to bee turned and

drawne

drawne forth by the feet, after it is borne, take away the Secundine (lest grievous symptomes happen) as is afore set downe, then let her close her legges a croffe, lest she take cold, and roule up her belly with towells, and being laid in bed, give her some Capon-broath, or Caudle of white wine and faffron added; keep the curtaine drawne, and doore and windowes shut; you may to facilitate the birth, inwardly exhibit Confect. Alker. 3's. ag. Cinam. 3j. decoet. Agrimon. & veronic. 31s. Sacchari.q. f. ad. Croc. gr. vj. Balfa. Nat. is excellent, or 3; borac. in aq. Artemis. Ziij. sharpe clysters may bee here, if necessary, used, and neezings.

After the childe is brought to light, tye the navell with a double thred an inch from the belly, not too hard or two flack, and two fingers breadth above that, cut it off, and upon the Section apply a double linnen cloath

cloath dipped in ol. of Roses, or sweet Almonds, within sew dayes after, that above the tye will fall off.

If the childe be weake, some apply this, vini maluatic. & aq. vit. part. æqual. calefiant. & in iis disol. nuc.mosch. Observe you let not the dying part lye next to the belly, but lap it up, after wipe the Infant from all filth, and anoint with ol.rof. & myrtillor. Some wash with warme water and red wine, and after anoint it. If the mouth be furred, cleanse it with a rag dipt in ol. Amygd. d. mel. & Sacchar. you may give it a spoonfull of ol. Amyed. cum fac. Cand. they have fretting of the bowells which is discerned by their crying, exhibit of new Anifeeds made into fine powder 31. which I have feen fricceed well. If it happen when they are a moneth or two old, you may give this clyster, R parietar, flor. Cham. ana Ms. Coq. in brod. carnis, Colat. R 3iiij. vel 5. add. Mel.

th

U

rol.

ros. Zj. vitel. ovi. ß. Misce f. enema.

CHAP. VI.

Casarian Birth.

This is to cut forth a living childe, and though it bee seldome in practice, yet we shall touch at it. It hath beene commanded upon living subjects by what warrant I know not.

I hope all will acknowledge, to doe it upon the dead to fave the living, is Christian. Yet the operation hath also another profitable and necessary intention, which is to behold the Site of the child in the wombe, for those that are exercised either in the producing of living, or extracting of dead children.

It must be performed presently upon the mothers death, beginning your Section at the breastblade in a circular manner to the

pri-

privities, or neare it, not tou-Then the ching the bowells. wombe being lift up is to be cut (lest you hurt the childe) with your knife; and the infant to bee taken forth, which in appearance may feem dead, but may certainly be knowne to be alive by the beating of the Artery of the navell, and having taken aire, will move all his members. Because its weake, the Secundine must not bee removed, but rather if there bee any heat in it remaining, bee laid close to the region of the belly to stir up that heat againe in the Infant which seemeth to be decayed.

Having finished these hazardous operations, we at last come

to the Symptomes.

CHAP.



CHAP. VIII.

For the wrinkling of the Belly.

Cure.

Re I Imacum rub. tbj. flor. Anthos 3 jx. incidant. & ponantur. in olla. vitre. stop it close, and set it in horse dung forty dayes, then presse it and set it in the Sunne for three dayes, after anoint the the belly with it, Capons grease is also good.

CHAP. IX.

To dry up Milke.

Cure.

If necessary, effect thus, eat and drinke little, if it be required open the Saphana, anointing with this; Rc ol. Myrtin. & rosar. ana 3iij. aceti ros. 3j. Misce. Use this foure times a day casting upon it pul. Myrtinus, and apply this, Rc pul. Mastic. nuc. Moschat. ana 3ij. nuc. cupress.

press. 3iij. balaust. myrtil. ana 3js. Ireos florent. Zs.ol. Myrtin. 3iij. terebinth.venet. 3ij. Ceræ nov.q.s.f. Emp. some put under their arme-pits black wool. This also may be applyed, R fol. salu.apij, rutæ & chere, fal. incid. misce cum acet. ol. ros. apply it warm, internally may be used, Rhabar.pul. R in aq. plantag.

If the breast grow hard, painfull and tumesied, then use this, fol. Remodul. pan. alb. nov. last. & ol. ros. f. Catapl. vel Re succ. Consolid. major. totius, cyat. dimidium, ovor. vitel. Niij. & cum farin. frument. q. s.f. Cat. add. ol. ros. vel ung. popul. vel Cer. alb. Ziiij. sper. ceti. Zij. gum. galb. in acet. dissol. Zj. M. f. Empl. This easeth paine, dissolves hardnesse, and the coagulation of the milke, Empl. Crocat. is excellent also.

oth

Q:

SECT. II. CHAP. I.

Ohave been handled, but they more properly belong to the practice of physick, whither to we refer you; and come to the second part of things superfluous by event; in which may be handled all kinds of Ruptures. And here we shall set down such as are so in regard of similitude, as also properly so; And begin with

Bronchocele.

It is a round tumor of the throat ingendred of phegmatick humors betwixt the Trachea Arteria, and the Cuis. Some of them covering the whole throat.

Sometimes they are hereditary, otherwhiles caus'd by the coldness of the air, drinking water, and eating such things as cause phlegm and wind; the differences may be according to the various matter, therein contained.

Such as are hereditary are uncurable,

Bronchocele

Cure.

rable, as also those that are great and inveterate: If small, or not of long standing, it's curable.

Cure.

For univerfalls, what is prescribed in pituitous tumors, are here diligently to bee observed. The cure externall is either by Resolutives, Cauteries, or Incision. It's true in the beginning aftringents must be applyed, as Empl. contra Ruptur. for resolvers, a fomentation of Dill. Chamomel, Melilot, &c. boyled in white wine; or rather a Lixiv made of wine-lees burnt: after apply Empl. de vigo cum Mercur. reduplic. vel Emp! dischil great, eum gum. Galb.et Bdell. diffol.in aceto Scill. vel Empl. dia Sulphur. & Balsam. ejusdem. Fluxing in this case is excellent.

If it cannot be resolved, then you must open it either by Cauteries or Incision, but rather the latter; which being done, let the matter be speedily evacuated; but if it cannot be done at once, then at diverstimes, and keep upon it

fome

Some passe through a needle and thred, and keep it in as a Seton; if it be in Aristis, it's to be handled as Atheorama.

CHAP. II.

Exomphalon vel Hern. Umbilicalis.

I T is a Tumor of the navell, caufed either by the relaxation or breaking of the Peritoneum.

Signs.

If the caule be in the Tumor, it's fost, and continues it's naturall colour; If the intestines, it's soft, unequal, and returneth with noise; If from blood, it's like Aneurisms; If of sless, hard.

Prognostick.

If great, it's hard to cure; if of the guts, caule, wind, or water, it may be cured; if from fielh or blood, it's not to be medled with.

Cure.

If from the caule or guts, force them

Exemples.

Signs

Prognoft.

Cure.

them into their proper place, after which apply this, R bol. Arm. Sang. drac. Mastic. Sarcocol an. 3 j. bislinga regul.pul. an. 3in. refin. pin. 3 is. alb. ov. & cere, q. f. f.cerat. If it be large; take up the skin after reduction, and bind it, and so let it fall, having first cut it off to the Ligature; but before you binde it, passe through the needle two or three times, or as often as it's needfull, and after cicatrize it. If it bee fleshy, or from blood, it's uncurable; if water or windy they are to be cured as shall be taught hereafter: You are to observe besides the medicament, there are fit ligatures and boulfters to be applyed, especially a girdle with a bunch for the navill.

Bubonocele

Bubonocele, or Hern. Inguinalis.

It's when the caule or intestines fall into the slank: if it be the Omentum, it returns in easily: If the intestines, there is a noise in the pressing of them.

Cure.

Cure.

CHre.

Of this wee shall not need to write much, because it's the same with Enterocele and Epiplocele, onely differing in place and degrees; and therefore onely observe that emollient and discussive fomentations are to be used; after which, if it be the intestines, and cannot be reduced, give 5 or 6 pricks with a needle, which will dispatch the wind, and render them reducible; but if hard faces be in them that cannot be mollified, but the Patient is in danger of death, then, if strength be sufficient, incision must be used as shall be handled.

CHAP. III.

Enterocele, & Epiplocele.

THERE is little difference in these, the place affected being the same, onely the first is when the intestines fall into Scrotum, the late ter when the Caule. The causes of

Enterocele.
Epiplocele.

both

阳

WW

294

ing too much fruit, too much violence in exercises, and drinking water, riding great horses, strokes, vomiting, coughing, great travell,

fals.

Signs.

Signs.

The figns of the first is great Tumor unequall, sometimes hard; if you assay to reduce them, there will be a murmuring noise.

The signs of the latter is also inequality, but more soft and slippery, neither doth it tumesie more

by strainings of the breath.

Prognoft.

Prognosticks.

If the first be great, be inflam'd, have continued long forth, are: very dangerous, if the part grow livid, and the excrements avoided at the mouth, & abound, is deadly; if little, they may be cured; for the latter, it's hardly reduced: And herein sometimes the Perisoneum is broken, otherwhiles only relaxed: in the first, the tumor suddenly increaseth with sharp pain; in the latter, tumefaction is by little and little,

little and also small pains, yet pains return so often as the tumor is renewed by the falling down of either the guts or caule, which happen not the Peritoneum bring broken.

ing

Cure.

Generall evacuations must here be used, good diet prescribed, after the intestines or cause must be reduced, and then so conserved that they again descend not, which requires long patience, otherwayes little successefull.

after purge cum diacath. vel purgans Catholic. nse glysters: Then assay to reduce if it be the guts, the Patient lying on his back, his hips lying higher then his head, put them up by little and little with your hand, pressing most on the part where it descendeth. If by abundance of wind the reduction is hindered, either give sive or six pricks into the bowels with a needle, or else for two hours make fomentation with Aquavitæ hot, and

0 4

then

Cure.

tie

ter'

then put them up; if the faces hinder being indurated, then apply the Catap. of Parens, which I experimented upon an ancient man, near 80 years old, who I found vomiting with such a stench, as I could scarce indureit; yet though I prognofficated his death by the application of it, and casting in a glyster made of the decost. cum discathol. & sale, beyond all expectation either of his friends or my felf, word was brought me his bowels was of themselves reduced, though there was much out. I conceive the faces being mollified, the straining in his vomiting forced them up: the Catap.is this, R rad. Althea & lilior an. 3ij. Som. lini & fenugr. an. 3s. fol. malu. viol. pacietar. an. Ms. Let them be boyled in fair water, (I did it in milk) afterwards beaten and drawn through a searse (which I wanted;) adde thereto Butyr. S. S. & ol. Lilior. & Catap. apply it hot; before you apply it, anoint the part cum ol.lilior. O. Anetb. If, as it often happens, reduction cannot

cannot be, because the processe of the Peritoneum is not wide enough, then incision is to be made, as after you shall hear; but if they bee reduced without incition, then use this fomentation for 15 or 20 dayes, R. Cort. granat. balauft. Sumach berber. nuc. cupress. gallar media Cortic quercus, an. 31. for. Cham. melilot, an. p. 1. Sem.anifi fenic. ul. an. 3s. alum. 3ij. conquaffentur & iucludantur in duobus sacculis inter punctis; boyl them in Smiths water and red wine, and apply them; after use a Catap. of the same decoct.made up. farin. bord.aq. fabrer, an. 3j. pul. alies Mastic. Mirtil & Sareacol, an. 3s. bol. Arm. 3ij. Misce f. Catap. in this time: sometimes the bagge is to be left on, and the Cataplas. to be left off; after proper Emplaysters are to be applyed, as this, R. Refin Zvj. Terebint. Ziij. Sang. drac. ol. ovor. an. Zij. rad. Con-Solid. Major Santil. rub. an. 3s. Croc. Martis zvj. alum. ufti zj. f. Empl. This is to be noted, fit trulles are upon all applications to bee used, and

and the Patient to be kept in bed as long as necessary. For children some use a paper ball after reduction, wet in an astringent decoct. Others exhibit Loadstone finely powdered and given in apple or pap, and anointing the groines with hony, cast thereupon fine filed iron on it, and so bind it up. Fonseca exhibited, Chalyb prepar. Di. cum diarrhod abbat, and outwardly upon a plaster cast the Loadstone in powder, and apply it: they are to be kept in bed 30 or 40 dayes. Internally may be exhibited, effent. Consolid. Maj. Coch. cum balsa. sal gem. gut. ije to children lesse. vel R rad. Sigil Salom Maj. rad. Consolid. Maj. Mj. lot. & contand. deind. coq. in Zithi (i. e. Cerevisia sine lupula) 15 iv. ad consum. demid. colat. & referv.adusm; drink of it morning and night, this was given me for a secret: vel Bi Sem. perfoliat. Cymini an. 3], rad. Aron. rec. exfec. Acori aquat. Tormentil Confolid. major. an. 38. Herb. nincia perunic. Sanicula pyrole virg. Aurea pilosella Hermaria

niaria, Crassull major an. Zij. ros. rub. balauft, galang. minor, caryoph.an. 3j. ineisa & crassinscule contus coq. invino alb. gener. S. q. ad 3 et f. decott. clara S. A. Let them take morning

and night a good draught.

As for Epiplocele being reduced, it's cured as the former, removing plasters every 7 day for a month or fix weeks together: Observe this, as they are to lye long, fo their lying must be so as their head and shoulders may be lower then

their hips and fundament.

As was said before, if they cannot be put up, because the passage is too narrow, or the faces cannot be mollified, then incision is to bee made after this manner; lay the Patient upon a form or table on his back, being bound thereto, make incition in the upper part of the Scrotum, touching not the guts; then with your directory put in at the incision, & under the productis on of the Perison. with your knife make incision so much as is sufficient for your purpole up toward the

Epiplecele,

HOK

के स्थ

FILE

77.5

25 15 1

long

pte

thr

10 1

m

CENT

wit

the

kno

pro to:

Rupiure.

Peremo

the belly, and after having made reduction, stitch up so much of the Peritoneum, as shall seem sufficient, that by the passage being made more strait, nothing may fall into Scrotum after cicatrization: This is not to bee done, unlesse strength be sufficient. If a Rupture will not bee cured by these meanes by reason of the greatnesse of the brokennesse, or relaxation of the Peritoneum, (and the parient will undergoe the danger) then we are to use the last help, which have divers differences, as to be done cither with the extraction of the stone, or without it; that without it, is either with the hurt of the feed vessels, or without; that without hurt is double, either by incifion or cautery: I shall onely set down that in Parem. The Chirurgion is to make incision about the share bone, into which he shall thrust his directory conveying it long wayes under the processe of the Peritoneum: And by lifting up, separate it from the adjoyning sibross

brous and nervous bodies to which it adheres; then prefently draw afide the spermatick vessel with the cremafter or hanging muscle of the testicle; which being done, draw the processe it self alone, aside, and take as much of it as is to lax with small mullets perforated in the midst, and with a needle having 5 or 6 threds, which thrust through as near as you can to the feed veffels and cremafter mu'cle, but the needle must also be drawn again into the midst of the remnant of the processe, taking up with it the lips of the wound; then the thred must bee tyed on a strait knot, and so much most bee left after the needle is cut off as will hang forth of the wound; and it is not to be drawn forth till there be fufficient concarnation (lest labor prove vain) then cure it according to art. To conclude, observe, that you in children doe not mistake the stone not yet fallen into Scrotum for a Rupture, which I know have been the fault of divers who havel



purging, (cum jalop. Mercur. dul. vel purg. Carbolicon) using diureticks and diaphoreticks, as Sulph. Aurat. diap. Aureum vita: apply resolvers, as Rx farin. fabar. Ziij. Hord. 3j. Coq. in vino gener. adform. Catapl. in fine admisce, flor. Cham. melilot an. 3ij. s. ol. Cham. rofar. an. 3j. cum oxym. s. f. Catap. Fomentations, resolving is also here to be used; if these prevail not, incision is to be made, and a tent put in armed with a digestive, and upon it apply Emp. Bafiliconis: let the incision be some half fingers breadth, and be kept long open till all the water be evacuated, in the interim purging. Some useth to draw a ftring through like a Seton in the lower part of Scrotum. If it bee in the membranes, make incision into the Lid of the Scrotum, taking heed to the Stone, and dreffe it, S. A.

CHAP.

CHAP. V.

Pneumatocele.

Pneumatocele.

Signs

Cure.

His is a windy tumor in the Scrotaro, generated by imbecillity of heat in the part.

Signs. It's hard, light, round, suddenly ingendred, refifting touch, the yard being greater in one place then another; it causeth many eviis.

Cure.

For internall, the same is to bee used as in Tumor ventes w. Externally, fomentation is to bee made, as R. Chamom. Rute, Calaminth. Origan, Sabina, Salvie, an. Ms. Som. cymini, bac. L'aur. anisi. feni, an. 31. f. decoct. in Lixui claro pro fotu: after apply this Cataplas. R. Sterc. bovis toj. Sulphur.cumini.an. 3ij. mel com. Ziiij. Misce f. Catap. vel Empl. de vig. cum mercur. anointing it cum ol. Euphorb. & Sambucin. Emp. de Melilot, & debacc. Lauri is excellent.

day

har

ent. Observe there is no place for incision here.

CHAP. VI.

Sarcocele.

A fleshy Tumor in the Scratum caused from grosse and viscid humors, is often corrupteth the stone.

Signs.

It's hard, unequall, and rough, painfull, often accompanyed with varices or swollen veins; some not painfull.

Prognosticks.

If in young ones, and in the beginning, it sometimes is cured; if it be big, and got to the groins, it's dangerous, but it's alway most hardly cured.

Cure.

Mathiol faith, rad, anonidis taken in powder many months, hath cured. If medicines prevail not, then incife, first placing the sick in a fit posture:

Sarcocele.

Signs.

Prognost.

Cure.

posture: if the string of the testicle bee small, make incision into
Scrotum to the Tumor, then separate it from the cod, thrusting a
needle with a strong thred
through it, and having tyed the:
Dedrin, cut it off, cauterizing that:
which is cut, and bringing forth
the rupture, if any portion remain,
cut it off, otherwayes it will come:
again; apply to it and neighboring;
parts repercussives; if inflammation and dolor happen, let blood,
and rest 5 or 6 dayes.

CHAP. VII.

Cirlocele.

Cirsecele.

Signs.

CHIE.

Ts a tumefaction of the veins in Scretum, caused from groffe melancholy blood.

Signs are evident, hard to bee

cured.

Cure.

First, purge melancholy cum confect. Ham. pul. Sanct. in seri lact. ex-

trac.

be bleed for externall; and incision is set down in ulcus varicosum; which method is to be here used.

CHAP. VIII.

Hernia Humo alin.

It's a Tumor generated by the confused mixture of many humors in the cod, or betwixt the tunicles that cover the stones; if it continues long, it corrupts the testicles.

Cure.

It sometimes suppurates, and otherwhiles resolves: Purging and bleeding is here necessary, vomiting is good. Externally, apply this, a Catapl. made cum vino art. flor. fabar. & ol. ros. vel Sambucin & parum ceræ, so that the whole may come to 2 fb. to which adde exymel 3 5,6,7, or 8. and boyl it into a body, if it tend to suppuration, make your incision in the side of the

Hernia bumoralis.

Cure.

Art; only observe this, they often become incurable Fistula's.

CHAP. IX.

Ani procidentia.

Ani procidentia.

Signs.

Cure.

Ts the out-comming or turning; over of the great gut, caused by the laxation of the Spinster muscle, being most common to children: Others, it's the comming forth of intestina resta.

Signs are needlesse, it's caused of too much straining, fluxes, strokes, sitting on cold stones.

Cure.

Abstain from much moist things, purge gently, and open a veine, if necessary, externally use this fomentation, with which two was cured, & Chamem. vel potius flor. Cham. Mj. vini malnatic this. mace rentur per bor. unam et alteram super carbones lento igne. Foment with linnen stuffes as hot as can bee suffered,

Di

hi

加

and

ang

fuffered, after with the finger put it into its proper place, then with a spunge wet in the same decoct and wrung forth, applyed hot to the fundament, and fit upon it, or R fol. & flor. verbasc. alb. flor. melilot, rad. & fol. althee an.M ? Sem. lini fenugr. an. 3s. Coq. in latte rec. and foment as formerly is set down; after put it up, being anointed with ol. Murtin. & Laur, and bestrowed with pul. alb. grac. which is excellent: vel Rx rof. rub. cortic. granator. nuc. Cypress Mastic. croc. mar. O plumbiustian. 3s. nusceant & f. que pul. subtiliff. Suffumigations and aftringent Cataplasms may here be used; observe in the putting it up let the patient draw up his breath, when it's up, let it bee diligently wiped, and a swath about the middle to bring the ligature betwixt his legges, and under it a spunge as before; when the patient goes to stool, if he can, let him stand and take heed of too much straiping.

CHAP.

CHAP. X.

Uteri procidentia.

Uteri procidentia. He falling down of the wombound being occasioned either by the the relaxation or breaking of the ligaments; the causes are immoderate exercise, carrying too great burdens, drawing away children for secundine, violent coughing frequently over much humiding frequently over much humiding ty.

Signs.

Signs.

Often both the urine and excrements are retained by the pressing of the womb both upon the bladder and intestin. rectum; there is and weight and tumor in the month of the womb, pain in the entrals. The loynes, os sacrum, by pogastrium of the vulva.

Prognoft.

Prognosticks.

Its very bad if in old, or be inveterate in young, it's dangerous, if by putrefaction of the nervess incurable, ncurable; if livid, it must bee cut

Cure.

Lay her on her back, with her hips up, and her legs drawn backward, with her knees spred abroad, withen anoint it cum ol. Lillor. butyr. S. S. adeps Cap. then thrust it gently up with your fingers into its place, thee helping by drawing up her breath; it being up, wipe away the oyntment with a loft cloth; after apply this often proved, Rx fol.planrag. Salicis mespilorum querc. prunor. filvest. summit rub. rosar.an. Mj. rad. tormentil. consol. Major bistort.an.31. balaust nuc cupress an 3s. Sem. aniss Zis. incidant. contund. omniz grasso modo pro Sacculo intertexto; this is to be tyed on: some apply an astringent decoct. as in Hern. inteffinal. This is to be noted, if the bowels or bladder bee full, they are to bee discharged before it be put up. Severall men have had their feverall devises which have proved successfull; as Zacut tyed a mouse to the patients thigh, which so frighted

Cure.

Zacut.

Rodericus

Pareus

Dr Wells

the woman, that the wombe of in self was reduced; and after liee applyed Emplecontrarupiuram. Rodericus by shewing a red hot iron, and making her beleeve he would fud ... denly apply it to the wombe, and fo cured. Parem had his cork im figure like a little egge, covered of with waxe and maltick, with as thread drawn through it, and for put it up into the womb. Dr. Wells the same, in the form of an apple, it covered with Bees wax, and put it! up, this never failed him; it will ha serve a thousand times. It beings to put up, keep her quiet in bed, and her hips up, with her legs acrossee her for 8 or 10 days. If after all thiss no it cannot be cured, but its black and stinking, binde as much as is necelfary, and cutting it off, fear it with a cautery, for this may be without danger, after cure it S. A.

Thus having concluded the fecond branch of things superflucuss the
by event, we come to the Third,

and in it we begin with

SECT.

SECT. III. CHAP. I.

Amputation.

Tand a part may be subjected to it, notwithstanding the diligence of the Chirurgion, which being sphacelated, must necessarily be amputated, lest life for want of it be removed.

In this foure things are to bee handled. First, the signes of a part subject to such an operation. Secondly, the place where. Thirdly, the manner how. Fourthly, how to conquer the Symptomes which usually follow the operation.

Signes.

If it look black, the part bee throughly dead, and cold as a stone; if it smell strongly, so that it can hardly be indured, especially if ulcerated; if a sanies, moistnesse, viscid green, or blackish flow from thence; if void of sense and motion, they are to bee taken with these P cautions:

Amputa-

Signs.

cautions: First, they may say they, have sense when they feel it not.. Secondly, motion may remain, by, reason the head of the muscles are not affected; and yet the part bees sit for Amputation, which delay, not.

Secondly, the place where; and this is either in the found part,, which ever hath been in most frequent use, and most practised: Or, secondly, in the corrupt part.

Thirdly, how it is to bee done :: and here is to be considered, what is to be done before the operation; 2 In, 3 After. First, the body isi to bee prepared by good dict; as, yolks of egs, and bread tofted and dippedin muscadine. If it bee neceffary, and time permit, which is seldome, use purging; but especially thrice a day administer cordials; as 3j. of this at a time, R. Lap. Bezar ofs. de C.C. prep. an. gran.vj. C. C. uft. pr. 9j. Margar. prep. 9 confect. Alcher. Dij. aq. Cinam. 31. 18gloss. calendul. an. 3 js. Syr. de Succ.. citrorum 3j. Misce. Secondly, have:

in readinesse a saw with two heads, a good dismembring knite, an incifion knife, three or four rowlers of flannell, five or fix yards long, three great stitching needles, large clouts, and fome leffer, pledgets of tow. greater and leffer, dorfels and buttons, a large bowle with ashes, water and vineger bladders, and fatchell for the member which prohibits blood, draws up the muscles, and keeps the Sawfrom the flesh. Secondly, in the operation draw up the mnscles, then make a strong ligature, which strengthen with a strong mans hands to ingirt the part, especially pressing hard upon the place of the great veffels: This being done, with your dismembring knife speedily cut the fiesh round to the bone; if it bee in the legge, or below the elbow, with your incision knife divide the flesh betwixt the bones; after with the back of your knife, the Periostium being removed, with your difmembring Saw take off the bone, as near the fielh as you can: P If

If the party bee plethorick an strong, let it bleed a little, then stay it, which is done three ways. 1. By powders that cause an escar; assign this, R Umber and unflaked Limes an. part equal, file them to powder, and reduce them to the form of as the Liniment with the whites of egs, and the hair of an Hare; vel R farin. volital Zvj. Sang. dracon. Thurs an. 3j. bel. Arm. orient. Ter. Sigill. an 3s. gppfi 3js. ranar. aquetilium pp. 3ij... misee cran. Human. 3j. pil. Lepor minutifs. incifor. 3ij. pul. alb. ovor. fole: canicular. exsiccat. Spum.mar. spongia non torrefact. an. 3j. Milce f. que pul. subtilis. In wound of the throat to ule these for the greater vessels, four buttons made up cum vini acet. & aq. is to bee armed with them, and applyed, upon which fpeedily apply a thick bed made of tow as before, and spread with the restrictive; this is to be fit for the member; another made after the same manner, but so much larger as will reach an inch or two over every fide round, is to be applyed, being

being first armed: Upon these a bladder, upon which make a ligature near the top an inch broad, upon that a linnen cloth doubled, (observing to have buttons armed, to lay to the places where blood appeares) then with your rollers bind up the member, and so blood will be stayed. Second way, is by applying the actuall cauteries, 施 which alwayes have in a readiness, apply them to the mouths of the veines, (having cleanfed them from clotted blood) once or twice at the most. The third is stitching which is troublesome and dangerous, in which the vessels are to be taken up, and after bound. Above the place amputated (as if in the legg, upon the knee; if in the thigh, neare the groine; if in the arm, upon the elbow, &c.) is this defensative to bee applyed and removed every day, R bol. Armen, Sang. drac. Maftic. 2 yofi an. 31. ol. rof. myrtin. an. 31s. alb. ovor. N.ij. acetiq. s.f. ung in Mortario. After thie, which is the third thing, let it be

FERN

tring

be dreffed, if in Summer, on the 2 day; if in Winter, the 3 or 4. for which have in readinesse stuphes of white wine, and a decent rouler; with the white wine moisten those applications which are on, that they may bee the easilier removed; which being done, besprinkle the vellels with the restrictives, and having 3 or 4 pledgets armed with white of egges, and restrictive cast upon it, and also applyed upon the vessel. Upon these, to the rest of the wound this digestive, R. Terbinth in ag. plantag. let. Ziij. el. ros. Amygd. an. 3j. an. 3j. gum. elemi dissolvet. cum prodictis oleis & Colati 3s.Croci Dj. Miscef.ungen.adde vitel. ovi. This is not to be changed till digestion bee perfect; but have a speciall care to use the restrictive every dreffing as before, till danger of Hemorage be past. Upon these a plaster, and so roll it up, after it's digested, then apply this which both mundifies and incarnes, R Succ. apii, Scord. Arnogloffe Major. rute an. Ziiij. coq. ad confisten. syrupi

tum admisce farin. Lupinor. pul, rad. aristoloc. round. Angelic. vincetoxici, theriac. an. 3s. aq. vite 3j. misce f. unquent. In stead of this, it being not to bee had, ung. Bafil maj. will ferve: in the mean time, whilst you are thus busied, labor to bring the muscles together with the dry Suture, applying the plaster a fingers breadth from the lips of the wound, round about the member; which after a day you may stitch. The plaster is this, Refarin. volatilis 3]. Mastic. thuris, Sang. drac. pul. rub. rosar. gum. Tragacant. an. Zij. misce f. que pul. tenuis. cui add. alb. cvi & aq.ros.q.s. ut crassitiem mellis adipiscatur glutinum. manesnt inful. per noctem, sequente die, si nimis frissum iterum affunde aq. ros. quantum satis est: But sometimes through the abundance of matter it's loosened: to remedy which, apply this; R rad. aristol. rotund. peucedani Irid. florent. cartic. pini. Lig. guajaci an. 35. misee f. que pul. tenuis. which cast upon the ulcer once or twice a day; this dries without biting, and causeth the P 2

Woodals.

the scales of the bones to fal, which will be within 30 or 40 dayes; iff proud flesh arise, either uiethis, Re alum. usti zij. Lap. ca'aminar plumb. ufti, cerufs. an. 3j. vitriol. calcinat. 38. misce, f. pul. tenuiss. Or rather this of Woodals, which I have tryed, ung. Egyptiac. applyed very hot, and laying another pledget upon it, bind it up, dreffing no more in 48 houres; the next dreffing use onely dry Lint, this also takes away the great sensiblenesse of the Ulcer: after cicatrize cum Emp. palmei de cerus. cott. ung. de feccat. rub. vel diapomph.

CHAP. II.

The second way of Amputation. which is in the corrupt part.

物

100

Wood

de

Ota (

by.

This is onely to bee performed when the Sphacelus or mortification hath taken up its limits, or else moves very slowly (and not when

when it moves speedily) here purging may be admitted, and longer preparation made for the operation, which is thus performed.

Having your instruments ready as formerly, with canterizing irons both broad and round, with two persons to hold both parts of the member strongly and steady, then make Amputation as before, as near the found part as you can, but not too near: after the member is taken off, then with your Incifion knife take as much of the mortified flesh away as you can, and then superficially run over the dead flesh with a cautery; as also therwith heal the end of the bone, and after make fomentations for half an hour with a good lixivium (as described in a gangrene) not too hot: which being done, apply woollen stuffes to the part, warm; and so bind it up: The second dressing doe the like, cutting off the dead flough with sciffers, and forgetting not to heat the bone. Thus doe till the putrid fieth fall, then dreffe

dresse it according to Art. At last in the

Fourth place, wee are come to the Symptomes: As, I Syncope. 2 A Convulsion. 3 Pain. 4 Hemorage. 5 Fever. 6 Frensie: all which wee have formerly handled in the Treatife of wounds, and other places, and therefore need not to be again recited. Sometimes abscesse is produced; for which, and easing pain, R medul. pan. alla Zvj. rad. Alth. Zij. pul. Sem. lini fenigrac. an. 3j. ficuum N. vj. cum decott. rad. Althee, f. Catap. adde in fine butyr, recent. axung. porcina rec. 31s. vitel.ovor. N.ij. croc. Di s. apply it warme to quench thirst. R ag. rosar. buglos. borag. viol. an Ziiij. Syr. violar. Ziiij. mif. vel aq. luiul. fbij. fyr. lim. viol. an. 3-q. ol. vitr. gut xii. If it be needful, use nourishing glysters made of broth and yolks of egges, with faffron, mace and cinnamon.

As for the cutting of a finger or two, it's best done by cutting mulless, which takes away the fiesh and

bone

beta

The

dati

itte

bot

die

698

pass

ir

bone at once; with these may also be taken away superfluous singers.
Thus having passed over these dangerous operations, we come to that which is of no lesse consequence: Which is the

CHAP. III.

Extirpation.

F a Cancerous tumor or Ul-I cer possessing any part, (and therwith, if it be necessary, the part it self, as the breast) the signes of both which, with their prognosticks are set down pag. 82. This operation is not to bee attempted where the Cancer hath taken too deep rooting; as if it enter into the pit of the eye, so far that the root cannot be come at; or if it have entred into the mouth, and withall possesseth the most part of the face, when it hath made its passage into the capacity of the breast, or adheres so close that it cannot be separated; al o if it bee

Extirps.

great .

great, and in the arm-pits, it's not to be touched; but if they be loofe, or have not taken too deep rooting, they may bee taken away; which is usually performed two wayes, either by Causticks, or by Incision. I shall not speak much to the first, having said something in the place forecited, onely commend unto you a French experiment, which is to be used if ulcerated, which is this, Rx aq. fortis 3). sublimat. crud. Ziiij. Sal. Ammoniac. Zij. Arsenic. Zj. pomatur in Alembicum et distil.ad siccitatem:add. acet. distil. iterum donec materia ad! pasta consistentiam redeat. It's thus to be applyed, first wash the Cancer with hot wine and linnen clothes, rubbing it hard; afterward having a Plaster spread of the paste upon a fix doubled cloth, not altogether sobig as the Tumor, apply it, and let it there remain for 24 hours; this causeth an eschar bigger then the medicine, which brings away the Cancer; which is af erward to be en ed S. A. Hee faith it canfeth

TVOY!

No.

SUM.

in

100

DETE

9

100

feverall symptomes but such as are beneficiall, as fever, vomiting, and fluxes, it I forget not. This is worthy to bee noted, though not fo properly here placed, that he cured really one, and palatively another with a medicament composed with rose, plantain, and red poppy wa-But we ters, and honey of roles. come to Exterpation by way of Incition, which though it bee proper for ulcerated Cancers, yet more in fuch tumors: And this may be done either by incision first, and then Cauterized, or else done both together: Or elfe by Incilion with application of aftringents onely; which is good, though the other may feem more rationally proper unto this account; that the Cautery bridles more the malignity of the matter; as alio if any small portion of the Cancer remain, it may come to fall with the Eschar. Your Cautery must bee fitted to the part you exterpate. If the Cancers be small, and not ulcerated, but are loofe, and may bee freed

freed on every fide from the Gefh, then Incision, as shall be declared, and aftringent powders may ferve; but this is to bee observed before these operations are attempted, the body is to be prepared with Apozemes fitting, or magistrall Syrups dissolved in sutable water; and after purge, and then sweat, and then purgeagain, withall opening a veine, and apply the Leeches. Your Apozeme may be this, or the like, R rad. Cichor. cum toto Mj. rad. petroselin. fanicul.an. 3ij. polypod. q. 3s . Cortic. frangul. 3j. Cortic. Cappar. & Tamaris. an. 3j s. Herb. Scolopend. veronic. betonic. fumar. Scabios. an. Ms. flor. borag. bug'of. rorismer. betonic. summit. ibym. & majoran. an. p. 1: Sem. anif. fanicul. an. 3 ij. Coriand. prep. 3j. passul. Corinib. 3s. decoq. in s.q. ag & 3. part. vini ad consumpt. medietatis; bujus Apoz. Rizijs in quibus infund. per noct. rhei electi 31. Agaric. Troch. O turbith. an. Aij. fol. Sen. 3ij. Sem. anisi & Cremor. Tartar. an. Bij. maneant per noctem in infus. in loco tepido

tepidodeinde f. express. add. Syr. de polyp. 31. aque Cinnam. 31. f. por. Having purged the body thus 3 or 4 dayes, take of the Apoz. alone twice aday, three houres before dinner, and fo long before supper for 5 or 6 dayes, in the mean while open a veine in the left arme, and apply the Leeches; then purge again divers times with the same Apoz. & extrac. Hel. nigr. after sweat for 14 dayes cum aur.vita vel Sulp. aurat. diaphor. or R Lign. Saffafr. Zij. Guaiac, Sarsepar.an. Zj. Cinnam. 38. projiciantur in poculum stanneum aut terreum & affunde aq. clara thiiij. claudatur quam diligentissime vesica madida primo; dende linteo ne quid. expiret tondem f. dec. El. per horas sex aut 8. in duplici vase, nec autem illico aperiendum est poculum sed expect andum donec per se sit frigefactum.dol. Zliij. twice a day; after which purge the body again; having thus prepared the body, make in readinesse pledgets, boulsters, and roulers, and needles, astringent powders as in Sphacelus descri-

11:21

COUNT

OUE:

181

10/

To.

Brit

胡山

described, and Cauteries according as you intend to operate. If you was are to extirpate some off, or all the part, then take hold of it, either with your left hand, or elle with Forceps for [hat purpole, (made round in compasse) and presently exciseit; which being done, speedily apply your Cautery, having, as much as time and strength gives leave, pressed out the blood which lies in the swollen veines: but you had better doe it with a knife for the purpose made red hot, and so doe two works at once: after which dreffe it up with medicines appealing dolor, and cause the Eschar to fall, anointing all the part oum ol. rof. & mirtill. Now you may know the Cancer is exterpated, if after the Elchar is fallen quite, or become laudable, the paine and symptomes bee allayed, and when the fiesh growes like graines of pomgranat. The other way is this, first cut the skin, and separate it from the Cancer, as also the parts to which is adheres, either with a knife,

knife, or rather if you can, with your nayls; after which, either palling a needle and thred through it, and so holding it up, cut it out, or else following the former course, with your fir gers pull it out; for thus may you know more affuredly you have not left any remaining; after apply your aftringent powder with white of egges, vel R farin. volatil. 38. bol orient. Ter. sigill. an. Biij. pul. alb. ovor. exsiccat.in sol.3j. pilor. leporis minutiff. incisor. Dj. Corall. prap. Dij. Miscef. pul. The next day apply aldigest, then incarnate, and to feal it up, R Tutie papaver. pul. gum. maror. Alum. usti an. 9j. Misce. And upon this a thin plate of lead, by these operations they may bee removed from the feverall parts of the body.

CHAP.

CHAP. VII.

Cancer in the lip.

S for Cancer in the lip, you may & passing a needle and thred through them, cut it off with either a knife or pair of scissers, afterward cure it as a Hare-lip. conclude, that Cancers may be excifed fafely, is confirmed abundantly by Hildanus for the encouragement of the yong Chirurgion. I shall briefly set down an observation of my own: A poor man of Barford, neer Warwick aged neer 80. came to me, with an ulcerated Cancer on his left leg, the infide, upon the calf; after severall applications, and all fruitlesse, I resolved upon Extirpation; and therefore according as his strength would bear, gave him for 3 or 4 days Dj. of pul. jolut. in mace ale; after which having passed through a needle and thred, I took it off, being after in weight, as I take it, above a pound, I stayed the blood with an astringent powder, and cured it; bur after

CETT

how

tilos

HDON

after it broke forth lower, and fell into the hands of a woman, who though she did what she could, the man died.

SECT. IV.

Now wee are come to the last branch of things superfluous by event, which is blood offending either in quantity or quality; which is done by opening a vein, leeches, or cups with scarifications. Concerning how blood offends in quantity or quality, and when, with the signes, we have set down briefly pag. and therefore shall passe to those particular wayes by which it's removed: And sirst of

Phlebotomy.

The opening of a vein by Incifion: In which confider, First, how to open a vein. Secondly, the ends why. Thirdly, the persons upon whom. Fourthly, the time when.

Pblebe-

when. Fifthly, how to remove accidents.

In the first, consider, that the patient be set in a light place, either fo by nature, or art; then make you ligarule a little above the elbow very hard, having before rubbed his arm well with your hand; after bid him gripe his hand hard, with his thumb in it; then with your own hand bringing up the blood beneath to the elbow, clap your thumb hard upon the veine to be opened, and make your Incifion acrosse, which is most usuall, (though I have feen and performed length wayes) taking heed to the Artery under the Basilica, and the nerve under the Median : after they have bled sufficiently, untie the ligature, laying upon the orifice a little dry Lint, and upon that a plaster and a boulster, and fo tye it up; many onely use the Lint and boulster, and think it the best way. Observe, if after you have made the orifice, it presently spin forth, and yet after stay again, then flacken

121

真形

non! flacken your ligature a little till it come more freely, and bee fure his garment bee not too strait about the place where they are put up,left that hinder. If your veines to bee opened be in the tongile or head, make your ligature in the neck. If in the hands or feet, it must bee done with hot water: Observe, if in the arm, the patient is to have a staffe in his hand, and thereon

keep his hand in motion.

Secondly, the ends why, as also the time when, falls out to be the Phylitians share to appoint most commonly, yet wee shall a little touch it. In generall, it's for the evacuating of blood offending in quantity and quality, and in this iense it may be called an un versall remedy or magnum remedium; more particularly in a few things, (for it would be endlesse to name all) first, to lessen the abundance of blood, as in plethorick bodies when troubled with inflammations. Secondly, for diversion or revulfion. Thirdly, to draw down,

as in obstructio Men. Fourthly, for alteration, as in severs, to take our the hot, cool the rest. Fifthly, to prevent diseases imminent; noting this, you give a glyster before bleeding, walesse the body be open, but it's more safe in this case too purge before; in brief, it's necessary in all humorall diseases, especially if putrished, excellent in those that are from blood, and in those wherein the breathing, speech, and voice is hindered, especially if done in time.

Thirdly, for the persons upon whom, with which we may joyn the quantity; for the first there is some controversie: Some say, from 7, yea 3, to 80. Others from 14, to 80. I have done it with good successe at 7. for the quantity, it's to be according to the strength of the Patient, and greatnesse of the disease.

Fourthly, the time when. If its be only for preservation of health, then the spring, & in a morning is, fittest though in autumn it may al-

o be performed. It it be to prevent dilea les then is the time molt suitable when such diseases reign; this is good when malignant diseases are ab oad. If it be to cure, then any fit opportunity is to be taken, which may bee most afefull, any hour day or night, may be taken in the first; it's best to open a vein the Moon being in the fecond Quars ter; the 1 and 3 may be used, but the last Quarter is the worst. Here may be added what veins are commonly opened: As in the head, vena frontis, puppis, temporalis, Auricularis, ocularis, Nasalis, Labior. Ranul. and the Jugulars, much commended by Hildanus and Zacu-In the arm the Cephalica, Me-1145. diana, Hepatica. In the hand the first betwixt the thumb and first finger. 2 Salvatell. 3 Hurnis brac'ii fituate in the middle finger. The vein of the fundament: In the legs, poplita, laphena, sciatica, medisum, this is under the bending of the foot.

> Fifthly, we come to the Symptomes:

Hildanus Zacutus nomes: as first, it after you have firuck the vein, it begin faddenly to swell, apply a cloth dipt in coled water till it be down. If a nerve bee huit, you must apply things than ease paine and when the veine in closed up, keep the Orifice open and apply fuch things as in thee box cure of punctured nerves. Some- pun times there grow through fome in default Tumor, to which apply to a Catap. of Emollient and Anodines; these medicaments are so frequently fet down, that they need left not to be repeated; if Syncop.them may lay them upon their back, or rubin their lips with falt.

As for opening an Artery, it may fafely be done first rubbing it, that it may appear the more; and fafter it's opened, and as much spirits as are sufficient extracted, you may apply Gallen-powder, vid.

page 15.

CHAP!

CHAP. V.

Cupping-glaffes.

Hese are to bee applyed to severall parts of the body; if it be possible, let generall evacuations precede; if the blood bee thick, foment the part first with hot water, and rub it long with a hot cloth, then an houre or two after apply them. Cuppings must goe before scarification, though they may bee applyed either with or without. If with scarification it's to evacuate; if not to divert: they are applyed to severall parts: 1 In the neck, to divert from the head, face, eyes, and mouth. 2 In the midst of it, for shortness of breath, cough,&c. 3 Under the chin, and fides of the neck, for pain and Ulcers of the mouth, Megrome. And 4 on the shoulders for diseases of the throat. 5 Reines, for Apoflumes and pains there, and in the Liver. 6 In the Arm, for pains in those

Cuppinpglaffes.

those parts. 7 Thighs, to procure the courses. 8 Under womenss breasts to stop them. 9 To the Hypchond. to stay bleeding at the: note. And so to the navill, for: the Cholick, they are to be applyed with flax stick in the bottom, with fost wax, and set on fire, or having; been dipt in hot water; for scarifications, if the blood be thick, let them be deep; then the Cups are to bee applyed again, and so both may bee reiterated according to need. After you have done, you may apply ol. rosar. cerat. ros. vel Butyr. rec.

CHAP. III.

Leches.

Leeches.

These are to be applyed, where Cups cannot be set, as to Hemereds, vulva, gummes, lips, nose, singers; as also, they may beeused to old sores in scarific. after Gangrenes: They are to bee applyed handling

handling them with a fine cloth, the part being made cleane with milk; if you would have them fall off, cast upon them salt; if you would have them fuck more then they are able, cut off their tailes. You are to choose those that are in clear water, whose heads are little, bodies small, red bellyed, their backs rayed like threds of gold; they are to bee kept 12 or 13 dayes before they can be applyed. You may keep them a whole yeare', by changing the water every 3, 4, or 10 dayes, adding some crummes of bread. Now to conclude, if the blood be red, it's good; if it appeare white, yellow, or livid, it demonstrates phlegme, choler, melancholy, and those to be purged; if it flow out gently and cleave to your fingers, it shews obstructions, and therefore sweat; if it be thin, and long before it thicken, in which the fibers presently vanish, it discovers crudity and weaknesse of the liver; if there be spume or froth, it's a fign hot predominates in the humors;

The Marrow of

humors; if the serous be immoderate, it manifelts the infirmnelle off the Liver, and weaknesse of the: Kidneys; if fat bee in the blood, which is raw, it indicates those persons, if ney bee fat, they shall grow morefat; if they be leane, it prognosticates colliquation; if it be of bad finell, it a ligne of great putrefaction and corruption. Thus having done with things superfluous by event, we come in the next place to those that are so of their own nature. And these are of two forts. First, those that are familiar to nature. Secondly, those altogether adverse. Under the first of those is comprehended; First,

PART



Riverius.

the Cyftis, and after rub it well; which being done, apply a plate off Lead befineard with Mercury for 101 hit dayes; it's to bee applyed with a plaster, and so it will stick the better; this way hath cured divers, though they could not be broken. Some advise to annoint before with this, R. Ceruf. refin. pini. ol. veter. Amoniac.galb.an. 31. f.unguent. Riverius in his Obser. Com. cured three with Sorrell leaves rofted under the embers, and applyed for many dayes.

If they bee in such places where strong expressions cannot be made, yet the former meanes will serve, or this; R. Gum. Amoniac. bdel.galb. an. Ziij. liquifiant in acet. vin. & trajiciantur per Setaceum add. ol. lilior. & laurin. an. 3j. aq. vita parum, pul. irios sal. Amoniac. sulpbur. viv. vitriol. Roman. an. 3s. f. Empluft. but if they cannot be resolved, they must bee opened with a knife or cautery; and if the latter, after the membrane is wasted by Egyptiac. vel pul.precip. & alum. usti; then fol-

low

68,0

toot

曲

000

the s

ther

4is

ing

200

bein

the

107

fer

the

of

low the cure ex L. A. When they are very great, and cannot be cured, by the foresaid meanes; they must be taken away with handy operation, if so be they bee not situated on, or near great vessels, and cleave too close to the adjacent parts; then take up the skin, and make incision, and with your directory drawn many times about betwixt the skin and it, divide them even to the root, (your directory is to be thick) then the former incision being made down to the root, make another incision overthwart, weh being done, draw the skin from the Cystis, beginning at each corner) to the root, with your fingers covered with a fine linnen cloth, or else a rasor, if need require. And observe, though the vessels which feed it be small, yet at the bottome they are great, and will cause a flux of blood, which let bee stayed as you have heard, first binding (if you can) the root of the Wen with a piece of whipcord, or many threds doubled, and let the end hang

hang forthuntill it fall away of its: one accord; this is to bee remembred, so much of the superfluous: skin is to bee cut off, and onely for much left remaining, as will cover the part which is to bee stitched, and with a tent kept in it till it bee: perfectly cleanfed; if any of the Cystis bee lest, bee sure it bee eaten away by fit medicines; after all which let it be cured S. A. Those that are small at the roots, may be straitly tyed, and so cut off. Those near the jugular veines in the armpits, groins, and under the hambs, are very dangerous.

CHAP. II.

Asberoma.

A Tumor in which is matter like Rice pottage, or curds, it's long in figure, and with prefing it goes in flowly, and returns not suddenly; it's soft, without pain, yet harder then Meliceris.

Meliceris.

Meliceris.

It's a Tumor soft, subtle, and clear, it takes the impression easily, and returnes as specifily, being round in figure; the matter in it is like hony in colour and consistence, and besides a gravelly hard matter, the hardest of the three to cure.

Steatoma.

The matter in this is like greas, it's hard in pressing, goes in slowly, and returns not hastily;, being large at the root; besides, the accustomed matter is sometimes found bones, cotton, and such like.

The generall fignes of all is, they come by little and little, without either pain or inflammation preceding.

The causes are strokes, falls, violent exercises, great eating and drinking, plenty of phlegmatick humor occasioned by ill diet.

5 The

Meliceris.

Steatoma.

Signs.

Causes

The places they posses commonly, are the hands, head, joynts, and

divers parts of the face.

In which wee shall joyne them together, being no great difference; The first is gared by incision and eating forth! The fecond, refolution with the former: The last by incision only. For resolution; if it have place, nsethis: R. Labdon. bdell. galban. Amoniac. propolios, Terebinth an part. aqual. vel Rx pic. naval.3j. Amoniac. sulph.an.3s.mi/ce. But they are best cured by either Incision, Cauteries, actuall or potentiall. The Tumor being opened, and the Cystis discovered, which will appear white, you must separate the same gently from the flesh, and with your instrument pluck it forth, with what is contained in them; if there remain any portion of the bladder, eate away, as hath been taughe, but with discretion, for fear of inslammation; if you open it with the Cauteries, make your orifice according to the magnitude of the Tumor,

mor, and evacuate the matter by degrees, and after cure S.A. Sometimes they are complicated with veines, nerves, and arteries, as also tendons, of which you must have a speciall care, and be more dextrous in the operation.

CHAP. III.

Hy dracium, Ficm & Talpa.

He first is white pointed and waterish; the second red, round, hard, and painfull, and matery seed like sigs; the third is larger then both the former, and hath in it little moissure; these have the same production with the former, yet have no Cystis.

If necessary, use generall evacuations pils are good, to them may be outwardly applyed this, R. Capar. sub cineribus coctar. vitel. over. ad. durit. coct. an. N.iij. axung. vel butyr. S. S. ths. rad. althea ad mollitiem coctar. & minut. centus. thj. Mis. Hydrac. Fism, & Talpa.

CHYE.

Progue

Miss.f. Catap. and apply it before they be perfectly ripe; open them, after which mundifie and incarne S. A. they sometimes foul the Cranium, then you are to use the method as in Lye Veneres.

SKILE

Di

机

la.

tal

100

But

OIT.

Hot

Pro

the

100

Me

CHAP. IV.

Strumas, or Scropbules.

Strumas, or Scro-phulow.

Canfes.

Prognoft.

Ost commonly possesse the throat, being their Tumors in the glanduls, inclosed in a Cystis movable, and round also, may bee separated from the skin.

The cause is phlegme, sometimes joyned with melancholy, as also crasse and crude diet, drunking ill waters, they are sometimes sew,

otherwhile many.

Those which are few in number, moveable and superficiall, may resolve or bee taken forth by incision, or if they break, by Causticks; those that are hard, fixed, and maligne; as also neare the Trackea,
great

great and complicated with veines are dangerous, it frequently posfesseth the hands, feet, elbows, and other parts which I have seen and cured.

First, matter offending must bee evacuated, diet of light digestion prescribed, bleeding if necessary appointed; for purging, use pul. Arthritic. cum zinzib. every week, once or twice, bleeding after the first day: Others prescribe this as excellent, R. Turbith. gum. Hermodact. an. Zij. rad. utriusq; Scropbular. 31. rad. Angelic. major 31. fol. sen. orient. 3j. Scars. crud. Diiij. f. pul. take it in syrupe of Roses zij. or according to the age and Brength of the patient, adde Mercur. dul. give this every other day, for 15 dayes together: For children, a purging Nectur may bee provided for 15 or 20 dayes together; sometimes, if you see cause, intermit. This courfe I have found successefull: to consume the matter, aq. flor. rusci is good; vel rad. ruscizj. iridir gr. x. cum vin. dulc. for

for 40 dayes. Sweating is profitable with this; Re Sarfapar. 3j. flor. betonic. p. 1. fol. Agrimon. & veronic .. an. Ms. macer. bor. 20. inag. Font. thiiij. deind. coq. ad consum. 3. part... in vase bene chanse doinde colatu. moderat. calid. & face. dulcor. give Ziij. bor. 6. mane. Sleep upon it if your can, or else lye still two houres; and sweat: The second may bee provided for ordinary drink. These pils are good, R. Mas. pil. coch. 3ij. Hier. cum Agaric. 3i. Trochif. alband, Mirrh. vera an. As. ol.fanic. dulc. gut. j. eum syr. Stachad. q. s. f. pil. After which this, R Butterbure, so many leaves as may bee freeped in the following liquor, the powder of Woodlice a spoonfull, of the stone of a horse a spoonfull, boyle them in two quarts of old Ale, till a quart be confirmed, after straine it, and put it into a bottle, and drink four ipoonfulls first and last: vel Rx Jalape alb. flor. & fol. betonic. Sanicu. Trufflug. Arsemis. quinque fol. fol. cichor. an. Mj. gly cyrrh. sem.anis. & famicul. an. 3j.

passul. major. ths. Minor. Ziiij. coq. omnia in aq. Font. thx. lento igne ad consumpt. -colat. dos. Ziiij. in the morning, and so much at source a clock in the asternoon.

For externalis Empl. de vigo. cum mercur.quadrupl.vitriol.Roman.gum. Ammoniac. an. Zij. cum Tereb. f. Empl. The place may be formented first with a spunge dipt in aq. Calc. viv. vel Px rad. Althea, brion. fcrophular.maj. et el uli an. 3j. flor. Cham. Melilot. Sambuc. Ebuli an. Mj. sem. unifi, fanugr. an. 3 s. coq. in aq. ad consumpt. 3 part. Apply it hot for half an houre, after anoint it with this; R. Ung. dialibe. 311. ol. lilior. alb. pingued gallinæ, an'eris, urfiget bumani an. 3s. aq. vita 3j. Misce f. Lin. Then apply Empl. cicali, or the former, a fume of Lap. pyrit. extinct. in acet. is good; the top of the funnell must be fitted to the part upon which you may apply this, R Empl. de vig. cum Mercur. quadruplic. 3j. vitriul. rom. 3j. If it break, wash it with verjuice and butter, and dreffe it with cauflick medica-

ment !

ment if there bee need; otherwise; cure it as other Ulcers S. A. If they bee in places convenient, cut; them out; if they come to suppuration, open them not till they bee throughly suppurated, unlesse the part be subject to corruption.

CHAP. V.

Cataract.

Cataract.

It's the obstruction of the pupill of the eye by a hard and congealed humor, this humor is the aqueous offending in quantity or quality; if in quantity, it either by the increase or decrease of it, which is known by the dilatation or constriction of the pupil; if from the quality, it is thickened and condensated, and this vulgarly is called a Cataract.

If they be of the colour of rusty iron, or white like pearles, or an ashy green like Sea water, or chefnut, they are curable; if of the

colour

Cur

Ma

Cure-

colour of chalk, black, or yellow, not. If from acute Fevers, Peripneumony, Phrensie, and pain in the head, it's hard: if it bee new, and not confirm'd, it may be discussed, otherwhise not. If ready To Couch, shut the whole eye, and ub gently the lid of the ill eye; if spred and come round again, it

may bee couched, otherwise not, Gal. 1. de Sympt. causis, Cap. 2.

Is twofold: First, physicall, River, prax. Med. Tom. 2. pag. 33. faith, hee cured some in principio, yea, though fifty years aged, with univerfall evacuations, a sweating diet, and vesicatorics, without any externall applications; in this first purge the whole body, especially the head, is exactly to be evacuated, and the humor in the pupill difcussed, if you perceive it come from the stomach, vomit, if not purge Cum pil. Catholic. vel R sen. Mund. 3s. sem. fanis. 3j. fol. beton. enphra. an. Ms. Liquir. Ziij. Coq.in aq. ad Ziij. in Colat. dissol. diaphenic. 3vj. Syr. rof. 3j. f. por. After which

Cure.

a proper Apozeme will doe well, and then purge with pils as in Opthal. for externalls, use this, Re aq. Enphra. Chelidon. ros. cum medic. aqua vit. va Raq. Enelidon. Maj. Zvj. Croc. Metal. Zj. infund. simul. of this drop 3 or 4 drops, 3 or 4

times aday, this is excellent.

If it cannot bee dissolved, then we are to use the needle, which is done thus, turn the eye toward the nose, and thrust in the needle boldly in the middle space betwixt the lesser corner and the horny coat, just against the midst of the Cataract, bringing it from above downward beneath the Pupil, there keep it for some short time; when itabides firmly, draw back the needle gently, after apply the white of egges, with rolewater, and a little alum; then binde up both the eyes, and apply a restrictive on the forehead; let his head lie high, use liquid meats; after the former manner dreffing it once aday for 12 or 15 dayes, moving the head and teeth as seldome as is possible. Let

adec

470

Che

uhn

IFF

Out

Let it bee done in a morning. It wil be convenient after the Patient is well, to prevent reciduvation, to use purges, and open a fontinell.

There are divers other effects, which though it be not so proper, we shall insert here, because we are treating of the eyes.

CHAP. VI.

Oculi procidentia.

The signs are evident for cure, after general evacuations, and particular, binde up the eye with a decoction of Sloes, which I have tryed, vel Re fol. cupress. 3s. ster. Cham. 3ij. Thur. Mastic. an. 3j. s. Sacc. in aq. madesact. and apply it, using defensatives to the forehead; if this will not do, it must be taken out and cured S. A.

Oculus procidentia.

CHAP.

CHAP. VII.

Unguis Oculi.

Unguis Oculi.

Gure.

If inveterate, thick, and broad, it's difficult to take away; that which covereth the whole Pupil iss not to be touched.

After universals, if in Principio, use aq. Euphra. & Sacc.vel succ. sanie... and rec. extr. & balsam. Peruvi. gut. j. admissa. after oyl of Linnen. or the skins of eggs macerated in vineger, and dryed and made into powder, aud used; if these prevail not, use manual opperation, which perator thus, keep the eye open with specul. oculi; then lift the naile up, with a little silver hook, taking hold of the middle, after passe an needle and thred through to hold it up, then diligently separate it, taking heed of Cornea & Adnata.

CHAP.

CHAP. VIII.

A S for Grando & Hordeolum
Tumors parts syelids, the
first being round and clear, and the
other not, are to bee cured either
by resolution, maturation, or incifion.

For Rhyas & Encanthes, the first a decrease, the second an increase of the Glandul in the great corner of the eye; they are thus to bee handled: The first hath frequently oyned with it a continual flux of teares; which cure with this, Resolver, Thur. an. 3j. Sang. drac. 3s. of rub. & granat. Sumac. an. Dj. aq. of this. bul. ad quart. partis consumpt. f. instar Collyrii.

For the second, it's hardly cured if great and old, it must be by inciion, which is dangerous, if it cannot bee taken away cum alum. vel
viticial. usto; take heed lest in your
tutting you cause a bemorrhagia or
blindnesse; for the itching of those
landuls, use this, R. Tutia prap.cum
19. ros. Misce. CHAP.

Grando & bordeolum

Rhyas & Encanthes.

CHAP. IX.

Hudatis.

Hudatis.

Signs.

Cure.

It's a certain fatty substance lying under the skin of the uppen eye lid; it's incident to children of humid natures.

If pressed, it leaves a pit, it cannot be listed up, the eyes look red and slow with teares, they cannot endure the light

endure the light.

bee cured by anointing it with farling spittle every morning, or forment cum decect. absinth. flor Cham-& sem. fanugr. after apply Empli diachyl. cum Amoniac. dissol. in aceton add. sal. Amoniac. & irios parum then cut it forth, and if vehemency of pain hinder not, put in salt to consume the matter, and dry and strengthen. Lastly, use alb. over cum aq. ros. the treadings onely, which are excellent in wounds, and all pains in the eyes.

CHAP)

CHAP. X.

IF things fallen into the eyes offend, either lick them forth, or with a peece of a fine spunge tyed to the end of your Probe, wipe them. forth, moistening it cum aq. ros. If there be great pain, apply defen. fatives to the forehead, ule cups, purge, let blood, vesicatories: To the eye use this, Re mucilag. Cydon. aq. ros. & plantag. extr. Lac. mulier. an. 3 j. Capbur. & croc. an. 3j. smisce floleri. Upon the eye apply this, Re rad. althou minutiff. incif. & conrus. flor. & fol. betovic. Euphrag.ch.1mamel. Melilot.an. Mj. Sem. fanugr. contuf 3: incidant minutim, Misceq; omnia & f. Sacculi intersuti. Apply it (being boiled in milk) warm 3 or 4 times a day: this got out iron ruft that otherwise could not bee effected.

For Prokes upon them, apply this, Refarin. fabar. fol. plantag. rof. & cum aq. f. Catapl. putting into the eye Pigeons blood, which is excellent,

excellent; upon it you may apply, rotten apple, cumlac Mulier, which easeth pain admirably.

SECT. VI. CHAP. I.

things supersuous, which are the last branch (of the third part)) which is things adverse to nature; as, stones in any part of the body, but especially in the bladder. For stones in all other internall parts, though some think those in thee kidneys may bear it; those that are in the externall parts are with Tumor, and therefore may be acted thall here briefly handle,

CHAP!



prepuce; much thirst, the Chirurgion putting his singer at the sundament, he may perceive a hardnes, but the surest way is to search with the Cathetar, being anointed cum ol. Amygd. d. in the putting of this let the Patient be in a stooping posture, leaning against somthing with his back, with his knees a foot asunder, put it in gently, you shall know there is a stone by an obscure sound.

In which consider; first, things to be done before: Secondly, in:

Thirdly, after.

For the first, having certaine knowledg of a stone, then consider the greatnesse; If it be very great, it cannot but procures death; the greatnesse is known, if it hath been long in generating, if there been great weight, and by putting your finger in the Fundament, before you goe about the work; let the body for certain dayes be prepared by keeping an accurate diet, using this for his drink; R. Agrimm. veronic. an. Ms. Liquir. 3s. incidant.

& decoq. in thiij. aq. Font. ad 3 part. Consumpt. add. Cinam. 3vi. Sacc. 315. the pot wherein it's decocted, is to be very well stopped, Lac. Amygd.d. is excellent. Purge gently in children, cum fyr. rof. vel Cichor. cum rb.barb. If they be grown up, add elect. e Succ. rojar. It of ripe yeares, some proper purge; a magistrall Tyrupe for the purpose is this, R rad. Cicbor. Lapat. acut. polypod. an. 2j . Liquirit 3ij. Herb. scabios. agrimon. veronic. an. Ms. flor. 3 cord. an. p. I. Sem. anis. zij. fal. sen. Ziij. ceq. in aq. ut colatura redeat. ad. 16j. inqua infundant. & macerent.per noct. rbabar. 38. Agar. Troch. rec. Tereb. gum. an. 3ij. deind, ebull. unam aut alteram boram exprimat fortit. & cum Syr.ros. Zvij. Sz.c. miscellan. f. Syr. Proportion the dose according to strength, exhibit it in the decoct. of Agrimo. p. vel aq. End. After sufficient purging, if it bee necessary, let blood, (onely if any accustomed evacuation be stopped, as Hemerod. & mensium, let them first be procured. If the stone be great, R 2 ule

300

\$n

m

āN

抽

use this bath, R rad. Althea malu. an. Zij. fol. althee, malu. viol. paristar. flor. Cham. Melilotan. M j. Sem. anisi, Melilot, aneib. lini. fanugr. an. 3j. incidant. & contund. umnio grosso. modo, coq. pro jemicupio. This is to be used for four dayes before operation two houres after Supper, from which let him go to his bed, and having rested half an houre, let him bee anointed with this, R cl. Amygd. d. Lilior. alb. Scorpior an. 3j. pingued. capon. anseris, an. 39. ung. dialth. 3ij. Misce f. Linim. a bag of the same herbs boyled, may in stead of the bath be used, applyed to the Perineum, and those parts.

The Spring time is the best so the operation, and it's more safely performed on young then old.

Secondly, for what is to be done in having in a readinesse Catheters, Probes, Conductor, Itinerarium, Specula, Pincers, small hooks of all sizes, Astringent powders, Exowlers, Spunges, and Cordialls. Let the Patient be placed on a firm Table,

Table, with a sheet many times doubled laid under his buttocks, and a pillow under his loynes and back, So that hee may lie half upright; with his thighs lifted up, and his legs and heels drawn back to his hips; then having a frong long Rowler of four fingers broad, use it thus, let it be rowled at both ends, let an Attendant hold one side of the rowler very hard in the hinder part of the Patients neck; and then goe with the other end over the Patients left arm hole, and under the left arm towards the right hip, and over the fore-part of the thigh, whence carry it below the knee, and thence bring it again to the externall part of the thigh, and so to the sole of the foot, and thence again above the thigh; and fo under the knee, and thence again upwards towards the loynes; then goe up with it towards the left arm hole, that so thou mayst bring it from under the left arm to the neck, where thou shalt deliver that end of the rowler to bee held by R 2

by the attendant; and taking the end which hee holds, thou shalt bring it over the right arm-pit, first forward, and then backward under the arms towards the left thigh, that both ends of the rowler may meet crosse wayes upon the back, whence thou shalt carry it above the hip and thigh, downwards to the knee, and above the thins, thigh, and under the fole of the foot, and so again to the hip, and over the loynes to the right arm hole, after the form used on the left fide, that both the ends of the rowler may bee knit together upon the neck, furely. Being thus bound, have two strong men on each fide of him, two whereof may hold him by the knees and feet, and two by the arm holes and hands. After this, let the Chirurgion thrust in his Directory for that purpose, which will be a guide to him for making his incision; let it be carryed to the left fide, and let him who standeth on the Patients right hand, with his left hand lift

up his Screium; make your incision a fingers breadth from the fundament, on the left fide the Perineum, not exceeding the bigness of your thunk, far it's afterward inlarged with the Dilator. If the itone be found great. If it be poffible, let it be drawn out whole, if it cannot, it must bee broke: But after incifion, before you take out your Directory, thrust in the Conductor upon the Directory to the very stone; after take out the Directory, that so the yard may bee free. This done, thrust in the Hamulus by the open side of the Conductor; the Conductor being drawn forth, then the stone to bee brought down by two of the fingers of the left hand put into the fundament, to bee caught by the Hamultu, and so drawn out, let fome also crush the belly gently to further the falling of the stone to the neck of the bladder. After the great stones are drawn forth, then with your spoon cleanse the bladder of the gravell and clotted blood, R 4



Terebinth. clar. an. 3j. colophon. 3s. ol. amigd. d. ovor. an. 3j. dissolvant. igne lentiss. & per col.colat. admisscroc. pul. subtilis. Dij. bujus unguent. Re zi vitel. uv. ol. rof. q. f. ut formam acquirst liquidam. Anoint your tent, with this, and with it, and the yolk of an egge mixed and spred upon a cloth; and upon that (after anointing) a boulster as before, adding onely a little rose vineger. after a while a filver pipe is to bee used; and follow the cure according to art.

Some symptomes here may bee annexed, but those that are common to other wounds shall not bee handled: Yet this observe, a strict diet is to be observed, and the belly kept open; and if the body be yong and plethorick, a vein opened after the third day, which prevents most symptomes, therefore first to bee

handled, Is,

CHAP.

CHAP. III.

VHen the stone sticks in theureters, this is dange. rous; for this preferibe a convenieni diet, let his drink bee that prescribed of Agrim. Orc. useglytters, as Rrad. alth. mal. an. 3), fol. alth. malu. viol. Mercur.an. Ms. parietar. Mjs. flor. Cham. Melilot, Sambuc. an. Ms. Sem. anisi, lini, fanicul. fenugr. an. 3ij. incidant. & contund. omnia posteaf. decoc.in aq. Font. Tbiiij, ad consumpt. 3 part in colat: 3x. dissol. butyr. rec. ol. lilior. Lumbric. an. 31. vitel.ovor. N.ij. Sal.zij: f. Enem. ule it at least once a day. Inwardly exhibit ol. Amygd d.cum Syr.de alth. & aq. lactis Nephritic. Anointing the loynes with the oyntment prescribed page 364. after applying Cataplaines of what you make your glyster of; if he be subject to vomit, give him a gentle one; as, Re Agaric. Dij. rad.rapba. Afari. an. 31. for rorif. p. I. coq: in aq. ad. 3vj. add. Syr. acetos. 3ij. Misce. Leeches

Leeches here may bee proper, yet purging saith Hildanus is not to be administred, though I have seen it, with wonderfull effect used. If rest be wanting, Rx aq. lastuc. parietar. an. 3) s. Syr. de pap. 3j. alibae Fer. 3s. consec. alker. Dj. Misce, & exhib. hor. somni.

CHAP. IV.

Retention of the stone in the yard.

the former matter; if it can neither bee driven forth by the hand, nor forced back with your Catheter, or broken with a small Piercer, it's to be cut forth, which is to be made not upon the ureter, but near is, till you come to the stone, which if it cannot be thrust forth, is to be drawn forth with an instrument with the handle; after handle the wound according to artt, having care that proud flesh grow not inward, which to prevent

vent, use a wax candle, or a leaden fillet anointed cum vng. diapomphol. upon the dressing outwardly apply this; Refar. bord. Ziiij. pul. roj. rub. balaust. an. zj. eeq. ins. q. aq. parieta. ad form. Catapl: add oxym. st. zj. vitel. ovi uniu.

PART. IV.

CHAP. I. SECT. I.

Aving passed over the 3
first parts of Chirurge.
ry, we come to the last,
which is the supplying
the defects of the body: And these
are either of the body it self, as the
restoring of the Nose, Eares, and
Lips; or of some other matter, as
the Eyes, Hand, &c. artificially
made; the former of these are here
never practised (though amongst
the Bononians) they being so difficult and painfull; and if one did
consider the preparations necessa-

ry, the symptomes that fall out, the dangers that may happen by the least neglect, it would altogether bee left, considering therewithall that there may be other more easie way used. But to come to the

CHAP. II. Restoring of the Nose.

Irst icarifie the callous edges of T the Nose, after make an incision on the arm into the muscle Biceps, as large as is requisite, into which put the note, and binde the Patients head unto his arm for 40 dayes, which being agglutinated, cut as much out of the arm as may make the nose, fashioning it in every thing accordingly; the Patient is onely to be fed with Panadoes and other liquid things; the Lips and Eares are to be taken also from the same place; the last is the most dangerous, by reason of great flux, the quantity of the flesh being more

Restoring the Nose.

more to restore the eare then any, and therefore the incision to bee more large. But to conclude, this siril branch, if ever patience be requisite in any operation of Chiprurgery, then much more in this, a min would be loath to be in little ease a day, much more a hundred; if any would know more of these operations, let him peruse Gaspar Talicotius.

As for defects to be supplyed by those things which are no wayes of the nature of the body; wee shall take them in order, and begin with the

CHAP. V.

Eyes.

Eyes.

Which must be e made of silver or gold, and inamelled, sit for the cavity; Two or three is necessary; there are to be put in, or taken out at pleasure; the most exquisite is thought to be made in France.

CHAP.

CHAP. IV.

Nofe.

Being red, may bee restored artificially, the matter of it may be gold, silver, piper, and linnen clothes glewed artificially coloured, it must be bound and stayed with little thred unto the hinder part of the head or hat, if there be any of the upper lip wanting, it may also be added.

Nofe.

CHAP. V.

Teeth.

their places, or drawn, and fo cause deformicy, and hinder pronunciation; then you may have some made of ivory, and put into the place, and fastened to the other with a silver wyer or silk.

Teetb.

CHAP.



CHAP. X.

Tongse.

Art of this may be cut off, and so cause dumbnesse: Pareus hath an observation of it, and how helped; the sum of which is this: The tongue being part cut off, an instrument of wood was neatly cut, having two parts; the upper part the thicknes of a Nine pence, the lower as thick as a fix pence; the upper part is to bee held between the cutting teeth, that it cannot come forth of the mouth, or be seen; the lower part is to bee put hard to the rest of his tongue, close to the membranous ligament which is under it; and thus may they speak.

Tongue.
Parem.

CHAP.

CHAP. VIII.

Eares.

Eares.

that which remains make many holes, and with lead let them been cicatrized; after having the rest off the ear attificially made, is to been fastened by those holes; but if it been totally gone, another must be made of paper or leather, artificially, and so with laces fastened to the top or hinder part of the head on an cap; or else by a wyer sitted from its for the hinder part of the neck.

CHAP. VI.

Yard.

alio

Yard.

Hose that have them cut off close to the belly, prepare a pipe made of wood or latin, let the hole which is through it bee as big as a finger, and a wide brink at top; which when you have need apply to the Os Pestinis. CHAP.

CHAP. IX.

Hands.

T fometimes happeneth by rea-I fon of some tendons and nerves being cut, the hand cannot be lifted up; for which an instrument is to be made of a strong place of Latin, lined in the inner fide with filk, or fuch lik, it's to be placed on the wrist, that it may come to the palm of the hand, or first joynt of the fingers, it must bee tyed on with frings: the instrument is to come almost about the wrist; an in-Arument may also be made for the thumbs or finger; if need bee artificiall hands may also bee made, as also Leggs, the former are seldome of use, the other frequent ; some of these are made fast in the form of found Leggs; others fmall all downward from a little under the feat where the sump of the Legg istolye; they are to bee tyed on to the thighs with fit boulfters, and

Hunds.

and small pillows for the knee too

rest upon.

Thus by Divine assistance were had have passed through the Four parts of Chirurgery: And shall man now speak something of Encearings and Embalming; and so concluding our Chirurgery work, enterrand upon an Appendix.

SECT. II. CHAP. I.

Encearing and Embalming.

Encearing and Em-

A LL our former Discourses hath had a living body for its subject, though hurt; Here were are to deale with it having paid its last debt to nature, and having undergone its greatest incounter, is overcome by the King of terror. Death, and so lyes breathlesse; where it's not only a certain prognostick of our following after, but also a monitor to prepare for the like condition, for after death there is no place found for repen-

tancesi

for laudablenesse of it both from Authors, Jewish, Christians, and Heathen: I set the Jew in the Sont, because as sarre as is discovered, they were the first practicers of it; but we need not mention these, having (which is most warrantable) Scripture instances.

For the first, there needs little to be discoursed for after the passages of the body, is well stopt up, either with hurds alone, or dipt in the composition prepared for the cearcloth, and upon them cloaths applyed, dist in the same, and after lapped up in 1,2, or 3 cearcloths, which may be either of sheets, or mew cloth made for that purpose; if but in one, cord the body be-Hore; but if two or three, cord it upon the first. Some before the Altopping of the passages use sharp glytters of wine, vineger, or falt water, and so hang up the body with the hands, that fo the excrement may iffue out, and so renew the glyfters.

But

But for Embalming, having all min things in a readinesse, as sit instruction ments, spunges, stuffes, linnens, &c: then embowel the corps, removings in all the part contained in the beligh breaft, and head, letting them prefently be buried, (faving the heart: which is to be embalmed with the body:)Unless it happen the Corps to berembalmed bee distant from the place its to be interred, and there friends delire they may be brought a thither, then follow this course: (which I took with the bowels of the the Right Honorable Robert Lora Brooke) I caused the Cooper to make a strong light barrell fit four to contain them, and to pitch it within very well; which being done, I put in all the bowels, &c. into it, with bran and some salt! then hee putting on the head, I had caused him to pitch it well, aftern anointed the top with oyles afternal described, and so it kept till the time of his interring, without any offence, which was a month or fix weeks time. After you have freed the

he venters, and dryed them cleane from all the blood with cloaths and spunges, then you may wash hem Cum acet. vini, in qu. infund. bjimo. rute colocynthid. add. alum. and good store of falt, and some Aloes: the whole body may bee washed with spunges dipt in Aquavitæ and ffrong vineger; the venter is to be filled with this or the like: R. Calam. Aromatic. irid. flor. Aristo. rot. Caryophyl. styrac. calam. benion. Ladan. Myrrh. Alves, ths. caryophyl. piper.nuc. Mosch. cinam. an. Ziiij. fol. Sice. Majoran, origan, calaminib. Scordispulegii, alfinth. Salu. rorismar. Lavendul, Chamamel, an. Miiij.rofar. balauft. an. p. vj. Calc. viv. & gipfi, an. toj. f. omnium pul. If the quantity bee not sufficient, double it, amongst you may cast in some Ol. Spice Terebinth & Rhodium; having filled the Cavities, fow them up clife. Some make Incision in the armes, back, leggs, thighs, hipps, especially in those places where the great veffels lyes; and having washed them well in the foresaid vineger,

vineger, fill them with the powder, and tow them up; after all which is done, then anoint the corps over 1 Cum ol. Cham. rofar: Aneth. an. to s. Terebinth, fbj. Ql. Spie Zilij. Olas Caryophyl, Thymi, an. 3j. Rbodii 3s. Misce. Upon this strow some off the powder, and then lap it up im 2 or 3 double of cear-cloth (having first with cords and whipcordi corded all the body, armes, year w fingers, if you make any incilionss into them) one after another. Up-on the first cording, as this, R Colophon. tox. Refin. pini, Thur.an. tovj. the Aloes, Myrrlo. Commun an. Ibij. Styrac. Mastic. an. 153. gum. Arabic. Tragacanth. an. 3vj. Cere to iiij. 1000 ol, aneth. ros. an. fb s. Spic. Ziiij. Ol. Carroph. 3j. & ping. ov. q. 1. f. Cer. You may make a mixture with Coloph. pitch, roffin, fran. and maxe, adding what Oyles you please: dip your sheets in it, and use them; im the mean, while you are thus employed, burn fomething in thee w Room which may cause a pleas me fant favor.

Having

Having thus ended the Chirurgicall Discourse, we leave it, and and you, to the Blessing of God.

APPENDIX.

CHAP. I.

Aving by Divine affistance (as wee are able) finished the Art of Chirurgery, we had thought there to have rested; but considering there was feverall Difeases of the body, which seeming more properly to belong to the Science of Phylick, yet was fuch as wherin the Chirurgion was frequently employed: And again, divers others which befell men at Sea, where Phylitians feldome venture themselves, and Chirurgions were onely present; therefore we resolved for to touch them as briefly as we could, and as well as poor abilities would permit. And therfore **Shall** shalthey be here delineated, beginning with the French pox.

CHAP. TI.

De Morbo Gallico.

Morbo Gallico.

Signs.

Prognoft.

The causes of this is divers: as,
I Aspecifick or occult quality
referred to God, at whose command this judgment hath followed the sin of whoredome. 2 Copulating with persons infected.
By communicating of vapors.

In the beginning there is a lassitude and dulnesse over the whole
body, pain betwixt the joints,
especially in the night; Buboes in
the groins, Pustles in the forehead,
malign and callous Ulcers in the
privities, hoarsnesse, knots upon
the bones, corruption of the bones
before Ulcers appear, pallat hange
eth down, falling of the haire, and
chops in the hands and feet.

If it be newly taken, accompanyed with few pustles, small wan-

dring

IDEX

dring pain, the body be young, and in good case, and the time of the year be seasonable, cure is easies but if inveterate, associated with fixed pain of the head, rottennesse of the bones, bad Ulcers in a body, maciated and weak, the cure hath been divers times attempted without successe, very hard, if not incurable, especially if the party

have a Pthisis or Hectick.

A good diet is to be appointed them first prepare the body, R Sar-Jap. 3j. paffular. sine semin, p. I. Capit. Vener. fumar. Lupulor, ana Mj. fol. sen. sem. Carth. an. 3j. s. coq. in thiiij. aq. ad dimid. part. consump. col. & servetur prousu; with this you may mixe Syr. fumsr. Cicher, erc. After purge cumpil. Cathol. vel R Confect. Hamech. 3vj. Terebintb. venet zij. Mercur. dulc. gra.x. misce. vel R Turbith. Hermodact. an. tv. Sarsapar. 3j.maftic. tv.gum. Guaiac. 2vj. Terebinth.lot. 2vj. benzo. & labd. an. 3s. Sen. ops. mund, 3s. cum syr. fumar. f. Elect. dos. 3]. to this may bee added Mercur. d. gr. x.

gr. x. After purging let blood, faith Zacutus; others before, either prepar. or purging, but this is not to bee admitted, if there bee Bubo's suppurated. If there bee Pustulaes or Scabs, it's good to apply Leeches. After this, if you would cure by sweating, then make this decoct. R Lign. vite, Sarsapar. an. ths. Cortic. lign. vite, an. 31.3. aq. pluvial. 15. decoc. vase clause ad consumpt. 3. part. If there need more inciding or concotting add. rad. Helen. 3vj. bacc. juniper, liquirit, an. 3v. Col. dof. 3v. in mane & vesp. Two houres before meat to the dose; you may adde Sulphur. Aurat. diaphor. gc. xij. The third day let him rest from fweating, and purge with this: R Mercur. d. sal. Antimon. gr. iiij. diagrid. gr. viij. cum conser. ros.f. bol. vel pil. Cathol. Dj. Mercur. d. gr. x. Misce f. pil. Then sweat again 7 dayes; and again omit one or two to purge, and so do till you have cured. The second decoct is to bee for ordinary drink. The time

time of their sweating is to be two houres, if they be able; after which they are to be dryed with cloaths, rubbing the whole side hard, and the pained softly; two houres after let them dine sparingly, four or six houres after let them sweat again.

Secondly, to cure by Salivation, you are to use either meanes inward or outward. Inwardly, use these pils, Re precip. rub. Cinabarn, an. 3j. Caftor pul. 3s. cum ftyrac. liquid. Di. Mithrid. f. maff. give from 1 pill to 9. vel R. Mercur. pp. evapor. in aq. ros. septem tempor. 31. pul Caftor. Cinabaris an. 311. Mithrid. Zj. f. m.f. dosi. the weight of a French crown: wel Mercur.d. Di. in Theriac. f. bol. give it every day, increasing 5 grains to the 40 day, and so continue till the 7 day; in the mean time using nothing but posset drink for beer, and mutton and veale for meat; panacea aurea is also excellent, which is compounded of equall quantities of Croc. Metal. & mercur. d. which doth not onely cause salivation, but

which I have used with good successe. Outwardly, is by sumigations of Cinabaru, which is by many not approved of, unlesse it be for a particular member, to dry up ill conditioned Ulcers.

ent

1735

bing

助

Oi

be

800

000

after

前

01

th

Thirdly, by Emplast, and Unguents: for unguents, take this for ule; R Adipis gallin, porcin.vaccini, an. Ziiij. ol. laur. Zij. ol. lilior. Ziij. mercur, vivi extincti faliva buman. Zv. pinguedines non liquentur ad ignem, sed extractio pelliculis diligenter in mortario contundantur, deinde paulatim addatur mercur. viv. & agitetur per duas horas a deinde infundantur oka & optime agitentur; posses vero adde Mitbridat. 31. pml. I bur. maftie. myrt. litbarg. cerus. an. 38. styrac. liquid. 3v. mis. f. Unguent. vej Re Axung. porcin. revent. 16j. pingued. buman. Ziiij. ol. ex floribm Slot. Zij. Styrac. calaminth. bengoin. mastic. an. 3ij. Theriac. & mitbrid. an. 39. Argent. vini Zvj. agitentur din in mortario addend. ol. spic. salu. & gran. juniperi, an. 3j. f. q. s. Linim.

U184

100

22

to 1

Mil

stati

150

19

134

10

Linim. quod servetur in vase vitreaco ad usum. These are thus to be used, after generall evacuations, let the Patient be in a close room, or else where a stove is, which is excellent, or it may bee done in bed. If the party be strong, anoint before eating; if weak, an house before give fome gelly at fast; anoint only the joints, as the wrifts, elbows, knees, anckles, and shoulders, rubbing them hard; after lapping them up warm with carded cotton, stuffs or brown paper. After if the party be krong, anoint the Emunctories, and the whole spine of the back, thunning the noble parts. In strong bodies anoint twice a day, 6 hours after meat; (Hild. but once, and that 3 or 4 houres before dinner:) if weak, once a day, or giving a day or two to gather strength; when they begin to flux, cease your Unction. As for plasters, they are seldome in use, unlesse for particular parts: This is to bee observed, that Apostemes and Ulcers are to be mundified, & carious bones removed, S 4

Hildanus.

moved before the cure can be per-

CHAP. I.

From the cure of the disease, we come to the symptomes. The first is,

Alopecia.

Alopecia.

The body being purged, and if need, let blood, then sweat, after forment the part with this, R ciner. abrot. famin. Ziiij. ciner. sarmentor. Zii. flor. cum vino alb. Ibiiij. After anoint, R Capil. Ven. Abrot. absimb. S. m. apii, cortic. arundinum & Auellanar. & amygd. Combnrantur omnia cum pingued ursi, Ladano & Mel. an. part. aq. f. Linim.

CHAP. II.

Dolor Capit.

I Nternally, ol. Mercur. diaphoretic. outwardly, Empl. de vigo.

If in the Joints,

First mak fomentation, cum aq. vit.in aqua coq.rad.alth. After anoint cum ol.laurin. & Scorpion. and upon that apply Emp. de vigo. cum mercur. duplicat. CHAP.

Dolor Capit.

CHAP. III.

Talpa,

APPLY this, Re laur lilior de Sarponi, an. 3j. Sagap. galb. in aceto accermo diffol. an. 3iij. pul. rad. irios, marchafitar. an. 3j. argent. vivi ext. 3ij. Misce f. Unquent. vel Re Empl. viporin. 3js. Ther. antiq. 3vj. ol. viper. f. Empl.

For cariolity of the bones, they are to bee removed either with Euphorb. or actuall Cauteries; to Bubons, apply Empl. crocat. vel ol. Tar.

nigrum.

CHAP. IV.

Gonorrhea virulent.

A Fter use of the former bole, R. Mercur. Vener. diaph. gr. xxiiij. Theriac. venet. q. s. ad. form. pil 8. dos. One every morning at 5 a clock, and sweat for halfe an honrel if there bee need inject this, R. Consolid. med. Zij. Lig. vita Zj. f. decott. in quo infund. Mercur. d. Zs. colat. Or this course, S 5 R. Mercur.

Talpa.

Gonorrhaa virulent. Remeren. d. gr.viij. extract. Rud. gr. xiiij. f. pil. Increase every day of the Mercur. d. ij gr. and decrease so much of the Venue; extract till the quantity of the extract come to bee gr. viij. remembring you purge first. For inject, R. aq. Sper. ranar. Ziiij. mel. rosar. Zj s. Troch. alb. Rbas. Zs. flor Egyp. gut. iiij. For Pustles, anoint them Cum ung. ros. add. gut. aliquot. ol. gnaiac. Chimici.

CHAP. V.

Nodow.

Nodsus.

Parad. alibae malu. bryon. Scro. phul. major. an. 3js. fol. alth. malu viol. an. Ms. flor. Chom. melilot. an. Mj. Sem. anifi, fanugr. Lini, melil. an. 3ii. incidantur & contund. saccul. file intertextin & ejus magnitudine ut Tophos ecoperire possint; coq. in aq. Apply it hot for half an houre, or a whole one: After anoint with this, R. Lumbric. lilior. amygd. d. pingued. buman. an. 3j. unguent. dialib. 3ii. Misce. Then apply this, R. Emp.

R. Emp.ex mucilag.Ziij.de Ranis cum mercur. Zii, gum. Elem. & Tacama bac dissol. in ol. amygd. d. & percolatorum, an. Zi. misce f. Gerat. de quo extend. supra corium, and apply to the Tophies.

Further, for Bubo's use this, Rediach. eum gum. Emp. de mucilag. an. Zi. garlike and onions rosted under the Embers, an. Zii. dialth. mans grease, and Beares, of each Zi.f. Cat. when they are ready, open it with a Cautery, Issues are excellent, in the groins especially.

CHAP. VI.

Caruncle.

A Fleshy excrescence, which sometimes useth to grow in the Urethra, by the heat and scalding of the urine.

Caused of inflammation or ulcers in those parts, by sand, stones, filthy humors.

Gonorrhas.

It's known by the Catheter, by difficulty and stopping of the wa-

Caruncle.

Gonorrhas

ter,

ter which commeth forth like a small thread, otherwhiles forked, extremity of pain. If new, easie;

it old, hard to cure.

Cure.

For the old and inveterate use this Foment. Rrad. alth. & Liliar. an. Ziilj. rad. bryon. & fanicul. an. 3js. fol. malu. viol. parietar. & Mercur, an. Ms. Sem. lin. & fanugr. an. 3s. Caric. pingues. N. xij. Flor. Cham. & Melil. an p. I. contund. consund, & incid. incid. bull. omnia in aq. Commun. apply it with spunges: of the Masse you may make a Cataplas, ed. Axung, ung.basil. an. 3ij. Let it bee applyed presently after the foment. Emp. de vigo cum Merc. is excellent; after tear them with thrusting in and out a leaden Catheter, and let it bleed freely; It being torn, use this powder, Re berb. Sabin. in umbr.exfice. zij. ocra, Antimon. Tutie pp. an. 38. f. pul. subtiliss. vel unguent. rof. '& sublimat. Apply these upon a little wax candle depressed in the part where you put the medicament, or lap a fine linnen cloth about it armed, or a little tent

\$XX

au

to

tent made of cloth sewed with a needle, and thruit in with a small Probe; if it bee painfull, detract from the subli. or use this, R. Mercur. pp. \$3. vitriol.ad rubedin. Calcin. Ds. Mercur. Sub. & opiielectizan. gr. vj. ung. ros. 3ij. f. Unguent. in mortario. To ease pain, inject this, Re aq. rof. & alb. ov. conquaff. simul. vel R Succ. portulac. plantag. felan. & Jemper vivi, an. 3s. alb. ovor. N. vj. agisentur diu. mortario plumb. inject it: warm milk. & ol. Amyad. is good also: Thus doe till the Caruncle be wasted. After to heale take whites of egs, beat them long in a befin, then let them stand till the water remain in the bottome; to which adde as much Plantane and Rose water, with a little Camphire, & Troch. Raf. & parum bol. arm, with a very small quantity of green Coperas finely poudered, strain it, and inject. Continue it til itbe whole and if pain require, afe milk. For your ordinary drink, use that in Lithotomy, composed of Agarici. &c. Observe, accidents

100

accidents are carefully to be withstood, and univerfall meanes used.

CHAP. VII.

De Scorbuto.

Scorbuto.

In which we shall bee as brief as may be, and apply our selves to bee as profitable as wee can to the

Sea Chirurgion.

It's a dilease wherein the Spleen is affected, being depraved of its properule, which is, not rightly concocting the proper aliment; or, an ill habit of the body arising from a melancholy humor; yet that crude, serous, ichorous, and associated with phlegm possessing the whole body, especially the Hypochondria, offending not only in quantity, but quality, being peculiarly corrupted, the external caules, especially at Sea, being salt meats, want of fresh cloathing, nastiness and foulnes of Cabins, being long time at sea, and ill aire.

Signs are many, a general lafiness and il disposition of all parts and

faculties

(W

to

Signs.

faculties laving the stomach, which is often better then ordinary; difcolouring of the skin, with darkish blew spots, especially the thighs, fwelling of the leggs and thighs, stinking breath, spitting, difficulty of breathing, especially when they move; tumor, putrifaction and blecding of the gumms, loofness of teeth, coldness and stiffness of the finews and legs, cramp, Atrophia of the thighs and legs, fever, the pulse and urine various. more might bee added, as great fwelling tumors of the thighs, &c. Good diet is necessary, but at Sea cannot especially in long voyages be obtained, therefore where they touch, all necessary provision is to bee made that is to bee had; being fure they take with them fuch comfortable things as may be usefull, as wine, fagar, spices, &c. which as there is need, are to bee called for by the Chirurgion, who as hee is to bee carefull about the fick, so also to see who is missing,

and to be frequently asking of the

飲

13.3

CHYE.

health

health; that so the disease may bee timely taken, and great danger prevented; seeing withall their Cabbins be sweet. It's controverted whether purging should not precede bleeding, all holding a glyfter should bee first given; with submission, I think, a bole before is better, for by that meanes the stomach and first wayes will be clean: sed from those crudities which after bleeding may be drawn up, if not purged away. R Elect, diacatholic. lenit. an. 3s. Crem. tare. 3s. Spir. vitriol. gut. v. fac. q. f. f. bol. the next day, if there be strength bleed first the Hemorods, then arm, but not too much. The next day after, humors should bee begun to be prepared, but this at Sea feldom used, though it may be performed for 3 or 4 dayes, cum Cremor. Tar. vel Tartar. vitriol, in aq. Melis. abfinth. & Jyr. Scelotyrb. Foresti. For purging, it must rather bee gentle, and often reiterated, then ftrong; those in use at Sea, are these; Pil. Emphorb. Ruffis Cambogia, Aquil. laxativa

note

drin

(P)

Wat

41.51

Pla:

ing

In

TO

tin

25

¢%

Si

14:

840

laxativa id est Mercur. dul. (especially if there bee a fulness or swelling; as also pil. Tartar. Quer. Let your dose bee according to the ftrength of the Patient. After the exhibition of the purge, prepare for the Patient an oatmeal cawdle of beer or Wine, with the yolk of an egg, and a little butter, and given to drink, or some broth made of currans and raifins, with some nutmegs, mace, &c. for his ordinary drink, barley water is not amisse, with some few drops of Cinamon water, or juice or fyrupe of Lem.or ol. vitriel. & Sacchar. In his drink may be infused dryed wormwood.

For specifick medicines, these are in use. Syr. vel potius Succ. Limon. Tamarinds, Lymes, Oranges, Turneps; these are excellent preservatives, especially the juice of lemons, as also Turneps, which may be extracted after baking, and with Sugar sweetned or boyl'd into a syrupe. Syrup. scelotyr. is this, R. Succ. Cochlear. behabung. an. sta. Succ. opt. stij. coq. simul & S. f. Syr.

This

This following is excellent, Re successful Cochlear. Hij. Succ. Limon. Thj. 3xij. Spir. vini, Zxiiij. add. si plac. Sacc. ned alb. q.f. It may be made a syrupe too preserve; dose of these, two or three on spoonfull, fasting two hours: after an to your juice of Lem. you may addil to a dose a spoonfull of aq. vita. ol. vitriol. is good, as many dropss la as will make a cup of beer, water, of or rather wine a little fower : andi (m observe, some of all the formers things may be added to your purges; Diatrion piperion first and last is good; as also Theriac. diate ffar .. in Lond. confer. rof. abfintb.cum ol. vitrioli, green Ginger, rosa se in, aq absimib. To fweat after purging, ule: Thereac, Lond. CC. nfti. Aurum vite diaph. sal. absinth. Go. Here is a discription of an Aurum vita much praised and used, having had many testimonies; R. Q. V. Auri diffol. in ag. regis deinde affunde ol. Tartar. donec aq. regis toj. albescar postremo post decantationem aq. regis, aq. Pura ablue sedimentum deinde calcina. S. A. dofis; gr. ij. ad 9s. This is good in

02

the Plague, and all diseases wherin sweating is necessary. Urine, if necessary, is also to be provoked.

Extream costiveness being an ordinary affociate, use Glysters, Supof. Purges; especially Mercur. d. A glyster may bee framed of a decoct. of the roots of Alibea, Sem. Lini. & fangr. velfurfur. to a pint, of which adde Hier. pic. 3ij. Sal. 10 Com, Coch. -. also broath from the beef kettle with the foresaid things instead of bier. picr. pul. arthritie. 3j. If you finde a stoppage; let a fine ragg dipt in oyl be carryed up with your pipe, as far as you can, and then draw back your pipe a little, and so deliver it: If there be inflammation or exceriation in the bowels, use a glyster composed onely brann and deere, or fwines fat, for 2 or 3 days, then adding acatie 3j. vel gallar. 3ij.

Having briefly done with the discase, we come to the symptomes which are not all necessary to bee treated of, as Horstim wel observes; for the discase being cured, many

of them will vanish; (some reckon up 43, others 23.) We shall begin as he, so also Woodall, with those

CHAP. VIII.
Of the mouth.

ND here Lotions are to bee fharp and aftringent, if thee gums be much tumefied, flink, & bee putrified, then first lance them, after rub them wel with a cloth wett in a decoct. as, R Bifort. cum rad! Tormentil. an. Mij. Malicor. 3ij. Rhois obson. 3j. coq. in aq. thij. to toj. Col. ad. alum zij. Mel. rof. Zij .. Ar. Ægyptiac. Zij. Misce. vel Rin unguent. Agyptiac. 3ij. Mel. ros. 3j. Spir. vitrio. gut. xvj. This is excellent also in Ulcers in the mouth, in Lue Veneres; vel R vieriol, alb.vell roman. 3ij. aq. tbj. Mel. Coch. ij. coq. ad consumpt. 3 part. add. sal. prunella: 3s. Missce.

CHAP. IX.

FOR a spurious Palsey, and tumors that possesse the thighs, or other part. Foment. are good nade of a Lixisium, wher in is boyed Cham. Melilot dil. absintb. balm, osemary, thyme, sage, bay berry, uniper berries, Sem. anisi, fænic. Caruj, Coriand. aneth. &c. it's to bee applyed with stuffes, and the nasse of herbs applyed; after anoint ol. Cham. Castor, Laur. aneth. Lumbric. Spic. ag. vit. erc. As also. Ung. populeon. dialib. Martia. the part after must bt kept warm.

CHAP. X.

Vicers.

B Ecause in this disease the body is diversly affected, therfore
the medication of the Ulcers may
require the like, if there bee a hydropical inflation of the whole
body, then Ulcers will require
more desiccation, as ung. diapomph.
de Minio, rub. desiccativ. alb. campbor.
erin usti Secretum: If the body bee
consumed, then use Basilie. Le.
Arcei, ung. Nicotian. and observe
where obstructions of Liver and
Spleen

Spleen remain, there the Ulcers are difficult of curation. This is much any to be admired, that after the difeafilish hath been of long continuance, yethan coming on thore, without much min adoe hath cured them; and observe: few diseases happen to Seamen, butter what the Scurvy hath a part in the therefore a preservation from this would free them from the danger war of most other diseases. Wee shall we conclude this onely, describing fome proper medicines which may with beforuse when you come to lancount in any place. Re decott. Hord. this vin. albi, Ziiii. rapha. agrefis minu. tim cancifi, Bij. fol. cochlear. Miji contusa & expressa sine coctione in Saco cum transferantur de quo mane & vee !! speri cyathus assumatur.vel Rabsinth granor. juniper. contusorum, an. Mj lac. caprin. Ibiiij. coq. ad. 3 partin conf. colature add. croc. pul. 3j. denus ebulliant fervore une aut altero secundi colentur. Give of it 3 times a day! morning, noon, and at going to bed. For want of goats, milk, sheep or cowes, will serve : Wierm faith thii



ness of the retentive quality. 3 Tour much gurmandizing, as also eatings green fruit; hence children are free quently troubled with it. The 2 iss

CHAP. XII.

Lienteria.

Lienteria.

When the meat is cast our was received, and is a caused either from a crude pituite; and glutinous humor in the stommach and intestines; and so the expulsive faculty is above measured stirred up, or from the weakness of the retentive faculty, which is frequently deadly: These two onely, we see differ in degrees, and therefore may in cure be put together.

If there be strength, first give and vomit, as Sal. vitriol. Dij. vel gum. cambog. gr. xij. vel Aquile vite 1.gr. Mercur. vite, gr. iiij. After which, if he can, let him sleep fasting; it not, give him a little aq. Cinam. but to rather let that alone, and the next hid day give him a gentle purge with the rbab. & myrob. vel pil. mastic. them

COKO-

corroborate cum aq. cinam. and give conser, of slowes, or quinces; or of this; R. conser. ros. antiq. 3vj. Theriac. opt. 3ij. Mivæ cydon. q. s. f. opiat. de qua capiat. 3s. mané. drinking nothing upon it; outwardly to the stomach you may apply a bag of wormwood, Mints besprinkled with rose water and vineger. Heer Mithrid. nutmegs, diatrion. piper. diatesfar. are good; if need be, laudanum is to be exhibited; if flux continue, and rest be wanting. Dos. gr. iij. externall gum. Tachamahaca. is excellent.

CHAP. XIII.

Diarrhaa.

This is 3 kind, and is most frequently, if not alwayes Symptomatical, and therefore beneficiall to the body. If it be not of too long continuance, Some define it to be a waterish flux, and somtimes mixed with humors and slime; in others, all humors are cast out, especially choler, yet corrupted, without pain.

This

Diarrhea.

Carre.

This is not to be presently stayed but rather let alone 4 days at least or till the Patient is sensible hee grows weak, then you may admilinister a purge; as, rhab.torref. (i.e. dryed as Tobacco) Jij. or the im fusion thereof in aq. Card. vel. vin. ant aq. S. vel R rb. sleet i 3j. Myrobb citri.zs. Santal.citri. & rubr. an. 755 infund.in aq. plantag.in express.dissoll rhabar.pul. 3s. Syr. rusar. 3j. Vomii ting here may be beneficiall, some times to revel and evacuate that morbifick matter; and if ftrength be present, and blood abound open a vein; Yet in the beginning After purging, use this Glyker, R Hord. integri, p. ij. furfur. macri, & rofar.rub.an.p.j. Liquir.rof. & passul integra. an. 3j. coq. ad tbj. in colati diffol. Sacc. alb. 31. & vitel. over. Nij f. Enema. Apply warm cloaths to belly and fundament; and if these prevail not, use Laudanum: this opiat is good, R conser.ros.antiq.338 Cydenior. cond.3j. pul. Tormentil. 9j bol. Arm. Ds. cum Sacc. f. bol. which reiterate often. CHAP)

CHAP. XIV.

Dysenteria.

T's a bloody or purulent dejecti-Lon with pains and torments of he belly, proceeding from an ulcer of the intestines, caused from acrid nd biting humors, i.e. all kinds of holer and falt phlegm; this com: brehends under it all kind of blooy fluxes. Hildanss reduceth them b 4 kinds: 1 As when blood omes forth fincere; and this hapens after dismembring, or obstrution of the Menses, or Hemorods. o cure weh, if the fick be plethowick and strong, open a veine, and epeat it, and let the diet be sparing and thin. The 2 kind is, when the wherein flesh ath been washed; after 3 or 4 wayes purge with the infusion in warrhea, of rhei, Myr. e. after give tarrhod. abbat. Troch. de rbab. Kind, is, when that which is ected is black; thefe are improerly called Dysenteries; therefore te come to the 4 kind, which is le proper. The

Dysenteria

Signs.

Frognost.

The causes and signs are already dy handled, wee come to some on Prognosticks. Sometimes it's content tagious and kills many, if from adust choler, deadly; if it happens after long diseases; if upon it come as a dropsie, blew spots behinde the ear, if not appeased by sit remedies if there come like peeces of slesh, as hicket; after long continuance on the Flux great thirst, deadly; ii there be belchings, changing of the Excrements to the better, proceed from choler, it's good.

This happening as well at Lanco as at Sea, wee shall therefore pressure scribe first what diet, and what of its may bee had at Sea, may bee taken. Those things are to bee used that are of good norishment, as broths caudles; in your broths boyle the roots of Tormentil, bistort. fol. acetous Borag, &c. This is excellent, Lumbric, terrest. Lot. & concis. cumque carne Veru. cott. Give the Partient of it to drink, it hath been often tryed, Almond-milk is excellent, jellies and strong broths on lent, jellies and strong broths on

cock

cocks are good; freeled water is good, or beer wherein barley hath been boyled; tinctura rosar. Purging is to be after reiterated either daily, or every other day. Rhabarb. is accounted the best, either given in powder with broth, or in infufion Cum aq. plantag. add.aq. Cinam. vel Rrhabar. Tofti Diiij. Syr. rof. S. 3j s. aq. Hord. Zij. Milce f. p. vel R Tamarind. 3s. Myroba, citr. 3ij. coq in aq. Hord. & plantag. in colat. infund. rbab. 3, j s. Santal. citr. 95. colar. Ziiij. add. Syr. rof. Zj. If there be nauseousnesse in the stomach, to vomit; as R. S. al. vitriel. 3,8. Syrup. cydon. aq. betonic. an 31. aq. Cins. 3x. Mise. Great diffention there is about bleeding, but if it bee in the beginning, the Patient be feaverish, and intestines be inflamed, which is not seldome; if there be Ulcere, then some may be taken away from the Basilic, in the right arm. To ease pain and torment, wie glysters of milk, with yolks of eggs, ol. rof. vel amygd. dul. Ziij. vel iiij. in broth is excellent: ol. ovorum for eafing paing

pain, and curing excoriats is good! 10 if these doe not, to the glyster on milk add Mucilag. Sem. Cydon. 60 fenugr. an. 3ij. ol. rof. Ziij. opii gr.ilj vel laud. gr. iiij, v, vel vj. this laff may bee given inward twice out thrice repeated, 4 houres between For excoriations, a decoch. of bram (not too flimy) with Deer fewet, and yolk of an egge, if you can gett it. If there be gripings (being at seas, milk cannot be got) take the forefaid decoct of brann or meal, boyling in it such of these herbs as your have; Cham. Centaur. Absinth. Hyperic. Sem. Anisi, Fenicul. Aneth. Cymin. adding after the boyling 2 or 3 spoonfuls of resa solis, vel aq. vit. as also Deer sewet 3ij. cera 3s. To heal, R caput. vervec. per medium Sectum, Lingua cum cerebr. exempt. bul. in f. q. aq. donec caro ab offibus separ tur jur. col. add. summit. Hyperic. Mij. vel ij. rad. tormentil. crass.modo Contus. 3ij. infund. per bor. 3, vel 4 super cineres calid. f. ll. vel R aq. bord. toj. vitel. ever. N. ij. Sacc. Tho. Zij. f. Enem. To

To strengthen the stomach, a fyrup made of equall parts of Succ. absinih. & Mensh: is excellent to flay the Flux. Nutmeg is exceeding profitable, as also Harts horn burnt, bezoar; Succ. plantag. Rice pottage, or broths wherein knot graffe and Plantane is boyled; or this, R. Terr. figil.CC. wfti præp.cum aq. plantag. & centumnod. Margar. prep. Corall. pp. croc. mart. 211. 311. miscef. pul. dos. to a childe Di. vel s. to elderzs.to men zi.in aq.plant.vel centumned. Some highly commend flour of wheat tied hard in a cloth, close together, and boyled 3 or 4 houres; after of the powder give 3ii. or R ag rof. Coch. ii. Cinam. Zii. amygd. Valentia, Ziij. bruise the Cinam. and boylit in aq. Tbiij. till fbij. be consumed, then reserve that decoction; then add the fame quantity of water to the former, Cinam. and boyl it as before; after beat your almonds unblanched, adding some of the former decoct. and then strain it, and so doe till you have all the substance of the Almonds

Almonds, after add rosewater, two spoonfuls, and as much Sugar as: will sweeten it, and let the Patient: drink of it at his pleasure. This is highly commended in all Fluxes. Take claret wine a pint, burn it with a sprig or two of rosemary, then sweeten it with sugar, or boyl it in the wine after add of rhabarb. tosted zjs. Myrobal. Chebul. zj. infuse them a night by the fire, straining it forth in the morning; Give it at twice falling, it stayes the Fluxes in four dayes, strengthens the stomach & inward parts. This is is to be observed, if the Flux be accompanyed with malignity, add Cordials to what you administer, as Mithrid. Therias. Lond. Venet. Confec. Alker. Liberan. & belzoar. Of all which, saving the last, given in your glyster is excellent: Take heed of forcing the belly when you goeto stool, and sit not too long, and after apply hot cloaths to the fundament and belly, being fure you goe not to ease your self in the cold air.

CHAP.

CHAP. X V.

T's a defire to goe to stool, and yet no excrement avoided, except a little blood, and filthy mat-

ter like fnivell, with pain.

From an Ulcer in Intestin, rect. which is caused as that in Dysentery; from cold getting to those parts, by sitting on cold stones, &c. it may also come from instammation, Narcotick oyntments, salt humors, worms, choler.

If in it the Patient eat and drink well, there is no danger; if of long continuance it causeth swooning, and diseases of the head, Collick and Iliack passion, in women with child; and after a dysentery it's ill,

and hard to be cured.

If it be from sharp humors, purge with Rbab, and give glysters of the decoct of mutton an wax. If from inflammation, which is known by a fever, let blood in the arm; if that prevail not, use the Leeches, which is excellent. If from cold, apply

Terselmin:

Causes.

Prognoff.

Core.

to the fundament flor. Cham. coc. in vin. Maluatic, and sit upon a spunge dipt in it, and wrung out; after tomenting, Vel Rx flor. Cham. ros. an. Mj. vini rub. fbj. infund. p. 2. boras supra ciueres calidos. Foment the part with it, and apply a spnnge. as before; fumes are here good, as frankincense and pitch cast upon coals, and the Patient sit close over the fume. Vel & Maftic. 31. Thur. Aj. Mirtill. zjs. ros.rub. Dij. f. pul. prossffumigio. Suppositories in this profit much, as Goats sewet cut into the form of a suppository; or this which cured one after a dysentery; R. Myrrh. Creci, Styrac. calamit.an.3s. opii Dj bdellii, aloes an gr. 18. cer.cit.q.f. f. Sup. To ease pain, a glyster ex decost. fior. Cham. add. land. gr. vj. is excellent; your glysters must not be above the and the glyfter-pipe not put in above two fingers bredth, and given often: for to anoint withall after fomentation; Rol. ros. cham. lumbric, axung. hum. an.3]. Miscef. Lin. To give present eafe, let two baggs bee filled with wheat



Prognost.

If it give not place to fit remedies, then there is biting humor possesseth the Tunicles of the bowels; if the disease yeeld thereto, if there be good breathing it's good, if pusses upon the belly, cold sweats, often sobbing, or the hicket be present, is

an fin

the

vel

deadly.

Cure.

Those caused by wind, phlegme, and hardnesse of the excrements may receive the same cure, first beginning with an emollient glyfter, after which a carminative and difcusting. Which if the pain be desperate is to be reiterated twice, thrice or four times a day, but if one clufter or two provoke not the belly, then give a sharp Suppository: If there bee present a nauseousneis, give a vomit. Your Clyster may be composed thus; R. 4 Herb.emol.an. Mi.rutæ flor.cham.melilot.an.Ms.sem . anisi, carni, de bacc. Laur. an. 3ij. coq. in aq. Col. 153xiiij. ad.elect. diaphan. benedict. Lax. an. 3s. de bacc. Laur. Siij. ol. rute Aneth. an. 3j.s. Mifce, f.Clyft. To this if you add aq.bened. well shaked 3iij. will be excellent;

vel R diaphenic. diacath. an. 3j. pul. Holland. 3ij. ol. rute. 3j. Lac. q.f. f. Enem. After this is come away, cast in a pint of Sack hot, which seldom fails. Use Foment. Catapl. and anointings with the decoct. of the first glyster herbs and oyles. For Specificks, Buls pille in powder Dj. in Sack, urine drank Zviij. cum mel. despumat. decoc. flor. Cha. in vino alb. Manne Zis. ol. Amygd. d. Zij. given in broth. Re aloes opt. 3j. Land. opiat. gr. iiij. diagrid. gr. vj. Misce. Forment.pil.vjdeauratæ.givethem at a fit houre, they ease in an hour, and after evacuate the noxious humors. Reuphorb.pul.gr.xiiij. bace. laur. gr. xxviij. pul. Subtil. f. Maff. pill. cum Theriac, venet. all these are excellent. If of choler, give vomit, cool glysters, purge gently, and if need be open a vein in the Arm, unlesse the Faces and urine be suppressed, then in the foot. If from inflammation, open a vein both in arm and foot, and give cooling and anodyne glysters and juleps.

CHAP.

CHAP. XVII.

De Iliaco dolore.

\$11

gin

ibri

W.

Thi

ma

2.0

00

(E

Iliacus dolor.

Prognost.

Cure.

"His is a miserable disease, and herein the Patient dyes miserably, in the vomiting of his own excrements; the pain is in the small guts, below the navil, faith Zacutus. Others above, and towards the right fide, urin suppressed, coldness of the externe part, and whole body, and great difficulty of breathing.

If there be with it a distillation of urin, (without an ague enfue) Delirium; Convultion, calting up the excrements, and they stink much, as also the wind which is discharged upwards and downwards, it's ill and deadly; if the pain remove, it's of leffe danger.

It's caused either of hardnesse of the excrements, inflammation, or winding of the bowells.

For the firfi, give emollient glysters made of the decoction of Althea Malu.viol. &c. or only of com. mon oyle, or the decost of the intestines

intestines, and caul of a sheep, with hony butter and salt gemm; or a decost made of rad. althea, symphy. maj. Sem. lini. sanug, bace. laur. ol. aneth. pul. Arthr. vel Hier. 3j. putting may be here used, as pul. Arthritisj, in vino vel cerevisia or mercur. d. Upon the belly apply Emol. This is excellent; Cows dung new made and gathered, apply it thrice a day: inwardly exhibited is a a pound of the cause of a Ram dissolved, which is exceeding profitable; Woolfs dung is good.

If of infiammation, let blood both in arms and feet; apply the Cups with scarific. to the groines; use this glyster, Rerad. althea 3 ij. fol. malu. viol. an. Mj. Sem. Cucurbit. 3s. Sem. lini. psyll. an. 3ij. flor. nymph. & rosar. an. p. 1. flor. cham. p. s. f. decott. in cujus Ibj. dissol. ol. ros. 3ij. Case see tr. 3j. f. Ene. Of the masse you may make Catapl. and apply. After bleeding, give ol. Amygd. 3ij. vellini. & Sacc. Let the drink bee aq. bord.

If from twisting of the bowels,

which is either caused of Enterocele, then cure as there; or of wind, then give what is prescribed in Cholick; if that doe not, set a pair of bellows to the fundament, and blow therein wind, and after cast in an emollient glyster with Troch. albandal. bullets besmear'd with quicksilver are good, or quick silver it self 3 or 4 Ounces or more; giving before both ol. amygd.d. 3 iiij. cum vino & aq. parietarie.

CHAP. XVIII.

Calenture.

It's a contagious Feaver assaulting the Seamen somtimes without, otherwhiles with fits, which is hot and cold in some, and that very violent.

The intemperature of the climate causing an ill habit in the body, by the contagious aire, ill diet, strong obstructions.

A Delirium, the head being affeeted, when rest of the body is without any manifest distemper; they think the Sea a true medow, and assay to go in.

Calenture.

Caufes.

Signs.

It consisteth chiefly in Cordials, which is either to bee used to preferve or cure; these arengthen the faculties, and defends them from the venemous danger of the disease in Evacuation; therefore a Cordiall isto beexhib. as R mitbrad. 9j. Theriac. Lond. vel diateffar \$5. Syr. Lim. 3j. aq. plantag. vel f. 3iij. Spir. vitr.gut.vj. one or two houres after you may give another dose. Or Re Confect. Alker. vel liberant. CC.ufti, an. Jij. Theriac. Lond. diafcord.an. 3s. Syr. Lim. vel acetof citri, 3j. aq. sperm. ran.vel pap.errat.Ziij.Spir.vitr.q.f.ad grat-aciditatem; Forthwith also let him have a suppository or clyster; and so soon as he hath had a stool, let blood plentifully: if strengthwil bear. Appoint no diet for 2 or 3 days but thin broth, panadoes,&c. if there be need of purging, mercur. dul. if of vomit, mercur. vit. the first in a Pill, or aq. plantag. Ziij. & Syr. viol.3j. vel R Elect. Lenit. 3vj. vel 3j. Cremor. Tart. Dij. confect. Alker. Dj. f. bol. cum Sacc. Aurum vitæ is also good to procure sweat, which is profitable,

Cure.

profitable. To cause rest, give ladan. vel R diacod. & Syr.pap. err.an.3vj. aq.pap.errat. & sperm.ran.an. 3js. aq. . . theriac.misce f.p.exbib.bor.somni.For his ordinary drink, take either a decoction of barley, with liquoric. or R. Corn. Cer. #fi, 3j.aq. Hvj. coq. ad consum. 3. part. tunc remove ab igne postea add. Syr. Limon. 3ij. aq.rosar. Ziiij. Sacc. q. f. ad. dulcor & Spir. vitr. q. s. ad gratam aciditatem. To conclude, observe in all Seadiseases too much purging, bleeding, and thin diet is dangerous at Sea, and will bring your Patientto the Scurvy; for generally every ficknesse at sea terminates there, and that often unlades it felf by a Flux with death.

CHAP. XIX.

Arthridides Curatio.

Artbridi dis curatio. A rall denomination, therefore comprehends all paines in the joints, though there is and may be severall names given according to

the joynt affected, yet all may receive cure from this, except that commonly called Sciatica, which thall next be treated of.

It's caused from sharp, salt, and serous humors, inordinat diet; sometimes it's hereditary, the humors have in them an occult ma-

lign quality.

It's generally hard to bee cured, Three things herein is to bee performed. I To hinder the matter flowing to the affected part. 2 To remove that impacted. And 3 to ease pain in the mean time. For the first of these: 1 It's most fit to open a vein, if there be plenty, and phlegm abound not. If the right arm bee affected, open one in the left; if the right foot, then the right arm, &c. if there bee strength take enough at once, if not, reiterate it, taking leffe. For purging, it's to be used not onely at the beginning, but after: bur observe first, they are to be strong, otherwayes they will rather move then evacuatehumors, and that which is moved

Cure.

ved will fall upon the part, and cause more pain. 2 When you purge, apply defensitives to the part, and rowlers wet in experate. 3 In your purges let there be some specificks, vomiting is also exceeding good in those that can easily vomit, but it must bee gentle and after purge. The purges are thefe, Pul. Arthriticus. R. fol. Sen. Turbith. gum. Hermod. diagrid. off. Human. calcinat. an. 38. f. pul. subtil. dos. 31. You may frame it into an Electua: ry with Sugar dissol. in a convenient water, as aq. Iva arthritic.elect. Caryocostinum, pil. Cath. Aj. Zal spium diaphenic. diacartha. After purging use Diaphoreticks. Yet here is to be noted, if the Gout invade with a Fever, hot Sudorificks are not to be administred but such as are temperate; as Cor. Cer. crud. velufti in aq. Card. ben. vel ipsum. Receive a preparation of it which is excellent. Take Harts horn and burn it white, after which extinguish it in Eldern vineger, do thus 6 times, dosis Dj. ad Dij. it causeth sweat

more

more then Bezuar. Here also may be nsed Antimon. diaphor. & Aurum. vine. but in diuturnall affects, and where a Fever is ablent, you may use the decoct. of Sarsapar. China, Safafr, adding some cooling herbs; and after sweating take some broth altered with the same herbs, viz. Cichor. endiv. acetof. borag. Ruland commends this as trycd, Rx Centaur. min. Mij. rad. Afari, 3ij. bul. in aq. tex. ad medias, & colat. capiat. Zviij. calid. mane. for divers dayes, and sweat. Herinus adviseth to fweat with a decoct of Sarfap for 40 days, but you had then best intermit every 3, 4, or 6 day, and purge. Forestus highly commends rad. Bardana boyled in Beer, and administred hot: Baths are good in the beginning of the Fluxion. Betwixt times of purging give Juleps that doe coole and thicken, yea, if necessity be, exhibit Narcoticks, the fittest is Theriac. recens often reiterated, 3s.vel 3j. cum tamillo bol. opt. Landan. Parac. is also good. Now because pain is most in this,

Ruland.

Herinus.

Forestus.

therefore

therfore such things as ease pain is. to be applyed; as milk warm used with stuffs, or rather milked upon the part, or a Catapl. made of milk, white bread, yolks of egs & laffron; vel R. Mice pan. alb. in lact. rec. macerat. Ziij: rad. conselid. major. in latt. cott. pinsan. & trajici. Medul. panis, tosti & itidem cocti, an. Zijs. Medul. caff. rec.extract. Zij. Mucilag. sem.psyl. & Cydon. extract. in aq. verbaser, & Sper.ranar. Ziiij. Sper.cet rec. Anung. buman, an Zis. Croc.in pul. redact . zi. miscef. Catap. This may be written with a Nunquamfallax. Rvit.ov. Nx. conquassentur in frixorio cum tos. ol. ros.coquantur leniter ad inspissationem, add. Croci, 3ij. & Calid. applic. Sal. Saturni in spir.vin. tenui fl.di Jolutum mire dolores sedat, ol. ex pedibus vituli extractium præstantissimum est: The oyl or water of frogs are excellent, especially the latter; in the tife of which, one in Leieestersbire did not onely grow io famous as to commence Doctor-frog, but also got a good estate, the receipt wherof was communicated to me by a neare friend



therefore to bee mixed with Ano dynes. For derivation after suffin cient evacuation of the body, this Leeches to the part affected especial ally if the veines be swoollen is exten ceeding good. Refolvers may bee used in various forms; as ol. Caston land Scorpion, ol cere, ol ex offibus bumaning Repulorof. rub. Zij. Mastic. Zj. camphlan 3s. far. Hord. Ibs. cog. in uno alle continue agitando donec inspissetur, ec calid.applicetur Emp. R Empl.diapas vino rubro auftero soluii & ad vin consum. cotti toj. Myrtil. ros.rub. mann stic. tartari vini rubri pulver. an. 3il Chamep. & cham. odorati veri pulver an. 3js.f. Emp. applicandumubi tumula valde imminutus suerit. In dail and contumacious pains, especiall from a cold cause, apply vesicated ries, with which Varandem cured great and contumacions tumor the knee, which other Physician de could not effect, with purging with fweatings, and outward aphlicatt ons; note this, that men being various temperament, and all humors, that especial care be had th

the choice of proper medicaments. Sometimes in the Gout there happens knotty bunches, which if hey be old are of hard curation, if new, may bee thus conquered. Use Mirst emollient decoct, for Foment. After use ol. Ranar. which is this, Re anar. fluviat. Nxij. Lumbricor. I ereft. vino Lot. ; iiij. ol. ros. tbij. in quo Jug. Summit. Alibee, Hyoscyam. Chamanapith. flor. verbasc. Simbuc. Hyper. rosar. thj. deind. misceantur rane. ive in ol. donec. moriantur, tum coq. imminia ad dissolut. & ol. colat. atque expressibul parum. After apply this; Succ. Nicorian 311j. Cer. Citri. 31j. efin. pin. 3js. Terebinib.3j ol.Cham. f. f. ceratum molle. vel Empl. ex Atis Cochlear. ustis cum acri zytho si to esit boc, wiere oxycrato. The decoct. is f Sarsap, is good inwardly, in this onse plates of lead thin beat, and in esmeard with brimstone, and mickfilver is excellent, if applyed month together. For preservation (because though wared, it may return, especially in fring and fall) Let a convenient

diet

diet bee prescribed, abstain from wine; this drink is excellent, Rrace Zarsap. Zij. Liquir. Zj.cinam, & anij an.3s.f.pul.subtil.Coch.1.misce at.cum ex aq. quantit.que pro uno pastu /uffit eit, agitentur in duobus vafis ter, aus quater postea colentur pro potu ordinas rio; every meale reiterate it; foo evacuat. let blood Spring and Fall if it abound and be hot, in coll bodies forbear. Some advise to lee blood in the foot every month Purge not onely in the forefail time, but also 4 times a year, year every month in bodies Cacochy micall, with the Purges used in the cure; as also these pils; Re Aloes oph 3s. rosar.rub. Dij. Hermodact. all a cortic. exterioribus mundator. 31 diagrid. 31. cum aq. Ive. Arthrit. 80 melle rof. f. mass.cujus dos.31. Vomi ting is also good 2 dayes a month having eaten a full fupper, either with a feather, or some gentle vo mit, de decoct. rad. afari er geniff After Iweat ex decott. Zar fap. Chim Saffafras & guaiac. And that the difeafe may be extirpated; it's good fon

for to take daily for a yeare such things as are proper. This is admirable faith Zacutous prax. admir.lib. 2 obs. 169. Terebiuth reduced into powder Bi. in broth of any fowl, or the liquor; for this doth not only keep open the body without hurt, and carry away mucous phlegm, but strengthens all the internall parts, or this of Donzellinus; R. Chamedr. Chamepith.centau. miner, Aristal rotund. Salu, betonic. an 3j. Lign. Sanct. opt. 3viij. Singul. seorsim, contunde in tenniss. pul. & diligent. misce; dos. 3j. Mane. For many weeks; this was his fecret.

Lastly, let the joynt be strengthened with a fomentation made of Nervall herbs, to which adde some astringents: Anoint cum ol. Myrtin. vel rosar. Zij. Sal. Zij. Misee f. L. Empl. diachaleit. is good, and that in pag. 191. is excellent continually kept too, Riverius prax. med. p. 562.

after

U z

CHAP.

CHAP. XX.

Doloris ischiadici Curatio.

prehended under the former,

yet because of the structure and!

greatnesse of the part, it requires;

something more then the rest to be: considered, wee handle it alone.

Lthough this may bee com-

Doloris isebiadici Curatio.

Here need not be set down the: Causes or Signs; we shall therefore: briefly dispatch the Cure.

And first a glyster or gentle purge: premised, open a vein in the armi of the side pained, after in the foot: or hamb of the same side in the Sciatick; to open th Hemorrhod with Leeches is excellent. Here frong; purges are to be given, both Galenicall and Chymicall. Rondeles! commends vomiting rather then purging after sufficient evacuation. For externals, at the first use such as resolve, beginning with those more gentle, and lesse hot after more strong. Use a bath once or twice a day for 2 or 2 dayes; as Re bad bryon. thij. rad ebul. thj. bacc.

juniper.

Cure.

juniper. tbs. fol.iva. Arthr. menth. M.j. Salvie, rorisma. flor. cham. melil. an. Miiij. f. decoct. pro semicupio in princitio; boyl them in water, and after in water and wine, with the same decoct. you may foment the part pained; bagges made of juniper berries bruised, and boyled in wine and applyed. To anoint, use ol. Scorp. vel R. Succ. rad & fol. ebul.an. 3ij. ol. Cham. Zvj. bul. ad consump. succ. deind. rad. add. Cera.q.f. aceti.guttul. aliquot adpenetrationem, f. Unquent. vel R Axung. human. anseris, gallin. Medulla cruris vituli, cerni, & bovis, an. Zij, ol. vulp. Ziij. liquef. simul cum aq. salu. Chimic. iva, Arthr.an. an. 3js. ol. de cera, 3j. Misce simul. add. sub finem aq vita, 3s.f. Lt. for Cat. R iberidis, Miiij. decoq. in vino & contund. add. far. lup. orobi, o fabar. an- 3iij. pul. rute, flor. Cham. & rad. toft. an.3j. ol. Terebinib. 3s. ol. Lumbric. q f. f. Catap.

To draw out the morbifick water, apply the Cups upon the place 4 times repeated without scarificat. Leeches 8 or 10 applyed to the part U 2 affected:

Gost of the hands, feet, and kneess

after the body is evacuated.

For Plasters, Re cere citrin. 3xvj. Bdell pul. 3v. Colopbon. pic. Naw. an. Ziiij. Albes sucstrin. Ziij. gum. Amon., Zij. Misce & f. Emp. quod malaxetur el. ovor. If the pain be pertinacious, apply vesicatories on the hip, make: fontinels either in the hamb, or outlide of the leg; & if you suspect itto proceed from a Catarrh, make another in the occiput, or behinde the ears, which is excellent in all effects from distillations. Through the whole cure glysters are to bee frequently used; as R vini generof. ths. ol. nuc. & rutac. an. Ziij. ol. Terebinth. 3s, Missef. Enem. use it as often as pain requires. If the pain proceed from choler or hot humors, then the pain is more sharp and pricking, and every other day worse; the body is leane, he is of bilious constitution, young, if the time be hot, the pain is more hot and tharp. Therefore sit's fit to let blood; use purger of choler sometimes gentle, otherwhile ftrong, by adding diagrid.let julep be cooling, glyster the like, with molifying, bath with milk, noting that you are rather to incrassate then open. If the pain be extreme, use Narcot. inward especially diacodium, which rafeth pain, hinders fluxion, and incrassates the humor; for outward Medicines use to anoint with ol. rof. Lilion, viol. Cham. amygd.d. & Catap. ex Lactuc. solan. Endiv. far.bord.cum ol. prædict. Sometimes it comes to suppurat. and being opened, caufeth a confumption, for which use uonstantiy a decoction of Lig. Sanct. Grad. Sarsapar, which is exceeding effectuall in this desperate case.

CHAP. XXI.

Morbus sen Febris Militaris.

How many Souldiers this hath in these our intestine Warres destroyed, is uncertaine; and it may be doubtfull whether the Sword or it have cut off most. If we consider what havock it made, not only in Armies, both sides can U 4 testisse

Febris Militaris. testifie, but also in Garisons throughout the Kingdom; which the sufficiently evinceth the contagi-

Canfes.

If the Causes bee inquired after, an Army will answer for one, where there being fo much filth andnastiness in diet, worse lodging, unshifted apparell, can hardly continue long without contagious; diseases; but this is not all, the malignity of the air, joyned with its intemperature, may be another; but that which is the chiefest, is the tinger of God. If you would have a definition wherein internall causes are involved, receive this; It's a putrid continued Feaver, both malignant and contagious, which ariseth from pituit and cholerick humors heaped up and putrified in the stomach; and first wayes, i. e. intestines, midriff, and parts adjoyning, whence follows a notable alteration of the blood in the liver and whole body.

Signs are many, sudden losse of firength without evident cause, and

therewith

Signs.

therewith, sometimes swooning and frequent faintness, pain in the head, stomach, and joynts, dejection of the appetite, singing of the eares, and difficulty of hearing sometimes, vomiting frequently, fulness of the stomach, pulse sometimes weak, quick, and intermitting, other whiles strong, as I have often observed; as also spots of severall colours, large, and in abundance.

Horstius in lib. de Feb. p. 54. adwifeth first to make a strong purge, as Mechaec. opt. 3j. Cremor. Tartar. 35 f.pul. & exhib.cum brodio pisorum. And this in the very beginning, unlesse there be inclination to vomis, then to provoke it, and after to let blood. But with submission, being there is a great deal of maligvity in it, and that so fiercely affaulting the spirits, it's good first to exhibit some good Alexiteria to expell this malign Dialbesis; For this I have found (which is others experience as well as my own)that if presently upon complaint made,

Us

Care.

a Cordiall was given, and sweat provoked, hath, in not many hours given a delivery from the diftemper, which may well be, as one faith, by discussing and expelling Missma, and Inquinimentum putredinale, before it hath formented or affinulated the whole maffe. And by this means only was cured that fatall disease the Sweating fick: This was the course which I took, before I was privie to others method, which by Gods blefling so well succeeded, that of 700 and above Souldiers, and many inhabitants, there was very few dyed, though few escaped the disease; and many of the Inhabitants died under hand of others, though very able. Upou a complaint, I prescribed and gave them a Cordiall, then if the stomach was full, or they inclined to vomit, I gave one, if not a purge, and after let blood. I have with good successe let blood first, and presently after giving a Cordiall, and then as before. The Cordiall usually was compounded

of aq. Card.b.acetofe, Scabiof. Angelic. Theriacal, cum CC. ufto, Theriac. Lond. Mithrid. diascord. To the richer fort, Confect. Alker, Liberant. Hyacinth. For Syrups, Limon. Lainl. Caryophyl. Contrayer. Bezoar. some of these to cause rest, I adde diacod, or gave Land, but very feldonie; as R aq. Acetos. papau. err. an. 31s. Theriac. Lond. CC. ufti, an. Dij. Mithrid. Ds. diascord. 31. aq. Theriac. ziij. Syr. Lim. 31. cum Spir. vitrio. q. f. ad gratam aciditatem. To rest, this; R. Syr. papau. err. diacod. an. zvj. diascord. zj. aq. раран.erratic. 3 ijs. Theriac. 3s. Misce f. pot. exhib. in bor. somni. If they be able, add pul. gascon. & bezoar. all the time of the disease; It's safe to give every night a Cordiall, as diascard. Bij. CC. usti Bj. in Posset drink, wherein is boyled some hartshorn, and marygold flowers, or Theriac. Lo. For a vomit, I ulually with happy event gave this, R infus. vitri. Antim. zvj. ag. Hord 3ij. oxym. scillit. & syr. de 5. radicibus. an.3vj. Miscef. Emet. This or the like

(pa

関

13

the

Car

is

被

CO

like did so free from the heap of vitious humors, as that nauseousnels, pain, heat, bitternesse, and sadnesse was removed. For purges, I gave ilrong at the first, more gentle afterward; as pul. Arthritic. 3j. in aq. Endiv. Ziij. add. Elect. diaph. Bij. & Syr. rofar. 3j. or infutions with Electuaries; iometimes with these I administred Cordialls. For bleeding, I did in most take away largely, especially in those the quantity of whose blood distended the vessels, and was burdensome to nature; for if fulnesse of blood be dangerous, how much more when it's corrupted; wherefore as Gallen saith, Lib. 11. de Method. med. It's most safe in all putrid Fevers to let blood. This may bee done till the 4 day, the Hemorhods may be opened after. Nay, I have let blood in and after the 6 day, though they have been full of spots, this may be done if there be ingens Morbus & virium rebur. Onely this is to be noted, where Cacochymia prevails above Plethora

Plethera, the quantity must bee sparingly diminished, and the quality amended. If a reason be demanded, why we let blood when the spots appear, the answer is this, because they being symptomaticall rather then Criticall, and onely putrid vapors, then the matter it feif, doe discover abundance of putrifaction within, fit to be in part

drawn out by phlebotomy.

Hence I conceive, the spots appearing, and so daunting the Phyfitians from bleeding, was the cause of the death of so many inhabitants, for they have wondered how Idurst doe it. Vesicatories applyed to the wrists I have found ever excellent, if applyed in time. I used that of Horstins, which is this, Re Cantharid 35. Terebinib. 3ij. eliban. Myrrh. mastic. Camphor. an. 3s. ol. rof. cer. an. q.f. f. Empl. They may be applyed fafely at any time, except on a Criticall day : The diet is to be thin meat not to be allowed, nature having enough to do to concoct the morbifick matter, and therefore

190

(E)

福却

21

therefore cannot be lafely taken off from that employment to concost meat; therefore give broths altered with the shavings of Harts horn, and cool herbs, as Sorrel, Borage, and opening roots; for exchange, use water-grewel, pannado, caudle, mace ale, or small beer, bread, and nutmeg boyled together, and sweetned with Sugar. In hot fits forbid not the moderat use of beer if warm, least the preternaturall heat prey to much upon the radicall moissure; if it be not well boyled, posset drink is better, wherein Harts horn is decocted, unto which adde Spir. vitriol. The decoction of Harts horn in the Calenture is good, adding thereto some Alker. & Syr. Acetof. citri. For preservative, I never used for my felf any other then wormwood beer; but for the common Souldiers, they may take a leffer quantity of the former Cordials, or eat rue and sage with bread & butter, the rue and fage they may smel to; an infusion of the two former in wine

wine vineger with wormwood, is a good preservative. For Diaphoreticks in this disease, which I had almost forgot, beside those Cordials set down, Essentia auci, or CC. ust. prap. cum acet. Sambne. vel Rediascord. Fracast. Dij. Lap. Beziar. orient. Ds. Syr. & Succ. Card. bened. 3is. aq.pap.err.3ijs. Misse, f.baustus.

CHAP. XXII.

De Dolore Dentium.

Iverius Tom. 2. Sect. 5. Cap. 1. Lupon Galens affertion in his lib.5. de compos. med.cap. 8. & 16. de usu partium cap. 2, as also lib. de essibus, cap. 5. makes this conclusion; dolor igitur non solum nervulis et membranule interiori, sed etiam ipsi dentium substantie contingit. Which in brief amounts to this, That the pain is not only in the small nerves and membranes, but also in the substance of the tooth, though it be controverted; I shall not oppose it. It's caused from the flowing in of humors which are cold and pituite

Dolor. Dentium. Cure.

pituit, or els hot, serous, salt and sharp into the parts aforesaid, as also the gumms; most commonly from the head, sometime from the inferiour parts; it's also caused from wind, and then the pain is most cruell, and almost unsufferable, as also from the worms. For signs, they need not be set down.

First, the pain is to bee eased, if it be much, by Narcoticks; as cum opingr. ij. cum croc. equali parte in bombac. indita vel pil. ex opio & Therisac. Andromac. Ol. Buxi some think hath a stupefactive quality, and is excellent.

Secondly, the humor offending is to be evacuated by bleeding, it it be from a cold cause take away the lesse, unlesse there appear signes of Plethora, and then more may be drawn. If it be from a hot cause, which may be known by the intensnesse of pain, and the constitution, then take away liberally, for upon experience, as in all pains, so especially in this its most excellent. It's to be done on the same side: the

next

next day, if the humor be hot, Durge with Potions, but otherwayes with Pils; if pain continue, afe Cups with scarifications upon the shoulder blades, but especially Vesicatories under the eares; to stay Fluxion, apply to the tempies Emp.contra Ruptur. or make a plafter of alume, gals, and fome pitch; or R Nucum cupress. ros. rub. sem. Na-Rurio, torrefact. Mastic. Terr. Sigil. an. zjs. macerentur in aceto rofaceo per. bor. 24. postea siccentur & ad. spii in 199. vite diffol. 3iij. pic. Naval. Golobon. an. 3j. cera flan. in oleis expreff. em. byoscyam. & papan. alb. liquate, . f. f. Empl. this may be applyed o the Artery, or elfe to the teeth. Vel R Maftic. zij. opii Dj. cantharid. gr.ij.pul. omnia, deind. R Emp.contra Rupt. 3ij & pradict. Misc. exactiss. Empl. and apply as before.

oxycrat.

exycrat. Ibis. ad 3 part. confumpt.. Colat. The decoction of the roots of the greater nettle, with a little: nutmeg and faffron in equall partes Tol of red wine and vineger, and hold hot in the mouth is good; and though it may at first feem to increase the pain, yet within a littles while it will give ease; Masticatories is good: Stop them if they bee hollow with oyl of Cloves, Camphyre, Thyme; or R ol. Caryoph. 31, Joine Campbore gr.viij.and use it. If there be worms, then R Alors 31. On Campber. 3s. aq. vita 38. Misce. Iff these will not prevail, then they are: to be drawn either with Pulicanss or Percers, deviding first the guma with the Fleame. Others draw them out by Medicaments, this bearing away the bell, Elleborafter the leaves of it being beaten, and the tooth rubbed with it, covering the rest lest you touch them, with waxe. To conclude, some burn the hollow teeth with a wyer fit, and others burn them in the care, which have both been very fuccessfull.

blacknesse after they be scaled, if it be necessary, then use the ashes of Tobacco, or powder of Tyles, adding some cloves, nutmegs, and mix them with honey.

CHAP. XXIII.

Immoderate bleeding at the Nofe.

T's a Symptome rather then a Disease; now every Symptome hath its Morbus; and that is either Organicall, which is twofold, viz. the opening the mouths, or rarifyring of the veffels; or Common, which is also twofold, viz. the breaking or erosion of the same. The cause of these is blood, either exceeding in quantity, which openeth the mouths or breaks the veins; or els in quality, and fo it rarifies or erodes them: Thefe have also their cause, viz. Outward, and that either immediate, as blows, falls, and wounds, &c. or Mediate, and immoderation in the fix Nonnaturalls, which heateth, attenuateth, Immoderate bleeding at the Nose.

Cause.

attenuateth and increaseth the blood. It's sometimes Criticall otherwhiles Symptomaticall; the first being either with a Fever, and this must be warily dealt with sometimes without, when natura being over-burdened labours to exonerate it self, and this is good! Symptomaticall, happen especially in Chronicall diseases.

Signs.

If by opening the mouths of the vessels, the nose bleeds plentisully (as also when they are broken) the face is red, the veines distended. It by erosion, there is ill habit of bordy, and it gusheth out violently. It from rarefaction, it comes slowly and thin. If caused from Liver, Spleen, Head, there is pain in those parts. If from the womb, the Menses are stopt, and it may be good.

If it flow much, be of colours pale, livid, green, or brownish, if from debility of the brain. If it bestudden and violent, and accompanyed with swoonings, and cold off extreme parts, mortall; if from

the womb hard to cure.

Here:

Prognost.

Here bleeding is necessary on the same side it bleeds on, it must be by degrees, often stopping the orifice a while together, but it must be done warily; this I have found prove effectuall, when the Patient hath been given over as forlorn. Either before or after this is to be used frictions, ligatures of the extreme parts; Cups upon the same lide of the Hypochondries; the nose bleed, or a vein opened in the feet is good. Forestus applyed the Cups to the feet, and found it effe-Stuall. Zacutus, when nothing els would prevail, applyed an actuall Cautery to the soals of each foot. Apply to the forehead and temples a plaister made of gypsum with vineger and aq. Sper. ranar. or bole. Cast cold water upon the face unexpectedly. To the note, apply upon long tents some of the powder preseribed to stay bleeding, mixed with the white of an egge, and juice of plantane, burn their own blood under their nofe. Inwardly take this, R diascord. Diiij.

Forestus.

Zacutm.

philon.

philon. Perfic. 3j. Syr. pap. alb. 3j. aq. 11 papau. err. aut potius Sper. ranar. 3111 take it cold, it may be given ever 12 hours. Sal. prunell. in aq. plantago for specificks, the juice of nettlegiven inward to Ziiij. taken intelik the nose often, and mixed with len other Medicines. For the templess im &c. hog dung applyed to the term 7" ples and smell'd to, Assedung used la as the other, nay given in broth drinks, and formed into tablett with Sugar, but amongst the rest faith Riverius this is the most pree fent remedy, Spice Nardi 3j. in powder with broth, plantane was ter, or other fit liquor. Many use dryed toad, bloodstones, &c. but speciall Friend of mine told med in when upon a Flux at the note al meanes had been used by 3 or Physitians, and he given over, h himself being well skill'd in Phys fick prepared a purge and took, and by that he had had a stool it was stayed. Indeed Riverius advisent to an inveterate flux to purge once a week with this or the like; Illy Lamarine

Tamarind. Zs. fol. plantag. Mj. coq. ad Ziiij. in colat. infund. Rbab. electi 3j. Myrob. Citri. Zs. Spic. nard. gi. vij. in express. dissol. Syr. ros. Zj. pul. rbab. Dj. f. pot. Betwixt whiles taking juleps or opiats, that are aftringent; as R. Conserv. ros. & Miva Cydonior. an. Zj. Troch. de Spod. & de Ter. Sigil. an. Dj. Coral. pp. & Cor. C. ust an Dj. f. opiat. dos. the quantity of a Nut 2 or 3 a day.

CHAP. XXIV.

Hamorbods difeafes.

cially two distempers, that is, their immoderate slowing and suppression; with the latter is associated pain, inflammation, and Tumor. For the first, it's not necessary to set down the signes. The Cure

Is to be attempted not suddenly, but when they have continued long, strength begins to fail, the lively colour of the body decays. For cure, bleeding is to be drawn by repetition from the Arm; for

Hemo-

Cure.

it's

it's certain Phlebotomia in omni sangninis profluvio revulsorium est remedium. Here Frictions and Ligatures, and Cups are necessary to be: used, and these often repeated .. |-Purge gently choler, after incras. fate the blood, and binde up the: veines by fitting juleps, opiats. These Pills also may be used; Re pil. de Bdell. 3j. Troch. de carab. & de Ter. Sigil. an. 9j. cum Mucilag. sem. Cydon. extrac. cum aq. rof. f. maf.. Pilular. of which take 9j. twice at day before dinner and supper. For Topicks, a fomentation of mullen boyled in Smiths water, or red wine is excellent. Ung. Comitissa is good, anointing with it the Hemorhods and back. What is used in the bleeding of the nose may be here beneficiall; this Syrupe is highly commended; R Succ. plantag.verben.depurateburse, Paftor.an. thij.bull.in eo gum. Arabic. Ziiij. Sang. drac. Sorber. immatur. Myrtil. Ma-Stic. an. 3]. Col. of ad. Syr. Myrtill.de rofis fice. deplantag. de portulac. an. 3ij. Lap. bamat. 3ij. Coral. rub. 3js. f.Syr.

f. Syr. S. A. doj. Ziij. Three times a day, in the morning, four a clock afternoon, and three houres after supper; take it cold.

CHAP. XXV.

Hemorrhodes.

N the suppression of them, being I pain is most commonly sharp, It's after generall evacuation in the first place to be minded, yea, before, bleeding is here required in the Arm first, after in the Foot; Cups are to be applyed to the fides and pips, Lenitives are here to be used; for stronger exasperates the pain. To contemperate the acrimony of the humor, use Emulsion of the pur cold Seeds. Outwardly, to afe pain, ol. Buxi; or R ol. Lini. 3s. Buxi, Dj. and apply with it oyle f egges stirred long in a leaden fortar. Vnguent. populeon, vel R tel. ov. unius, conquassetur bene in ref. vel Amygd. add. Crocis 3j. d anoint the place with it; vel cum berb. Linaria cum floribus

Signs.

Cure.

cott.

cott. cum adipe porcin. cui express. 66 parumper refrigerato vitel evi permiscee Apply this with either common or Cotton wooll. For discussing of the Tumefaction, and ease paim use the roots of Leeks having been rofted under the Embers, and mix ed with butter. Balfam. sulphun made of flower of brimftone, am Spirit of Terebinthine is excellent to ease pain; discusse the Tumon, and cleanse the Ulcers of thou parts. A common Catapl. maco of milk, white bread, oyl of roles yolks of eggs and faffron is good To waste and dry them up, use: fame of brimstone. The Leech applyed to the internall Hemilia rhods is good: A half bathe: warm milk, whereto is added oy of Poppies Ibj. oyl of Violets I is excellent; when these prevanot, make an iffue in the thigh.

CHI

com barb. Latterid with

CHAP. XXVI.

Scabs and Itch.

THE latter is frequently the Præludium to the former, though the first is the greater affect, and so requires precedency in

handling.

密

A COLUMN TO THE PARTY OF THE PA

It's a Tumor with the distemper and exulceration of the skin: Sometimes it's Symptomaticall, otherwhile Criticall. It's caused from corrupt blood, mixed with burnt choler and falt phlegm produced by diet occasioning the same; especially if it happen the Liver to be very hot, or contagion.

In generals; First, the diet must be amended. Secondly, the humor contemperated and evacuated, and the liver reduced into it's former condition, by the frequent use of Syr. Coral. vel potins tiuctura ejusdem, & Conser. Cynorrhod.

It's sometimes humid, and is from falt phlegm, this is more eafily cured then the dry, therefore

Scabs and Itch.

Gure.

first give a Lenitive bole; as, R: In Catholic. 38. pul. Sen. 38. Misce: Then if the humor be hot, and al blood be plentifull open a veine ; In after purge with this, which Il have known effectuall. Take Seny? Im an ounce and half, the feeds of Anis, Fenel, of each two drachmes, Agrimony, Violet leaves, Fumitory, Scabious, Strawberry leaves, Mallow flowers, Borage, Buglos of each a handfull, Creame of Tartar. half an ounce, Rosemary half a handfull, Clarified whey 33 10 quarts, boyle them till a quart bee of wasted, then straine it, and put too it whites of eggs, and then after Mi 2, or 3 walmes, let it run through a Cotton bagg of it felf. Dof. hall a pint in the morning, and fo much at 4 a clock afternoon. You may increase the quantity, or decrease as you fee it work, that you may have 3 or 4 stooles aday, taking heed of cold; This is excellent not onely in this but dry Scab and Itch. After the body is infficiently purged, provoke fweat cum Effenti ASEY II

auri, Spir. guaiac. CC. usti. pp. Antim. diaph. vel R Spir. ebuli, 3s. 205 aq.Fumarie, Zijs. Misce exhib. For Topicall; baths are good, R. Cortic. rad. fringul. rec. rad. Lapath. acuti Scropbula. major. Enul. Camp. an. Zvj. incid. & contund. omnia in mortario, deind. projectis radicibse in vas vitreatum super affunde Aceti optim. this. Axung. porcin. this. Misc. lento igne, donec anungia sit resoluta; postea insolentur per mensem integrum. And then boyle them in a donble vessell almost to the consumption of the humidity, after straine it strongly; add Styrac. liquid. 31. Misce, and reserve it for use: Lo 3iiij. of this, may be added Alum. ufti, Tartari, Sulpburis, an. 3ij. ftirr it long in a Mortar, and make an Unguent more effectuall; the former without addition is good for this dry Scab, Itch, and Malum Mortuum.

bleeding, and sweating, you may use Vnguent. Enulat. compo. and anoint in the palms of the hands, X 3 wrists,

勃

are

計

wrifts, arm pits, bought of the arms, hambs, and foles of the feet, smelling to your hands. This is safe and proved, R. Calaminth. Styracis, Benion, an. 35. Sulphur. 3vj. f. pol. subviliff. & incorporent. cum f.q. Axung. suilla recent. Forchildren, administer Mercur.d. twice a week, for two or three weeks together; and also make an oyntment cum Mercur. d. & Axung. which use where it itcheth, or anoint a girdle with the oyntment, and weare it about the loynes, and some about the wrifts; this is also good for those of more maturity; or Re Mercur. d. 3j. Sulphur. Dij. Campbor. Aj. Caryophyl. 3ij. tenniss. pul. & optime. Misce. cum Ung. rof. 3ij. f. Unguent.

CHAP. XXVII.

I Ow because I have frequently made mention of Issues or Fontinels, I shall here briefly discover how they are made, and so put a could be a to our Appendix.

Wee

Ifues' and Fontinells.

the

E Ittle

1

198

IT,

me i

LOP

歐星

277

die

or A

rate

1000

We shall passe by the benefit which comes by them, which you may gather scattered up and down the whole Book. For the places, they are used in the head, neck, between the Scapular, on either side the back bone, and these are supposed by the ablest to be best for distillations or rheummatick Diseases proceeding from the head, In the sides, for Empyema, Arms, thighs, leggs, &cc. they are either made by Actuall or potential Cauteries, or by incision, the last being most in usc. If you defire to doe it with a Potentiall Cautery, take Param velvit one, which apply thus; First apply a plaister to the place of Diapalma, wherein a hole is made answerable to the bigness you desire to have the Issue, (the place being before marked out with Ink) then put in the Caustick, and upon it another Plaster, then a little boulster, and upon all roule it with a fillet; I have known it work its Effect in half an houre without pain; after scarifie the Eschar, and put in a Peale X 4

Pease and a Plaster, & so bind it up. If you would use an Actuall Cantery, use those that are made in Boxes. If by Incition, then having marked the place with Ink, take up the skin, and another holding one fide, make your Incifion with your Laucet; which being done, put in a little ball made of thick dry Eldern pith, (or of Gentian root) let it be pressed hard together, and put in, upon it apply an Ivie leaf, and upon it a linnen boulster, wherein let there be a shilling so bowed, that it may being rowled upon, make the harder compression upon the place, so dresse it every 24 houres till it bee formed, and then use Peale; Some use Artificiall Pease made of Empl. Melilot . Cautharia. Heleb. nigr. Agaric. Hermodact. Gentian & Cere. alb. Instead of an Ivie leafe, you may use Empl. Diapal. Some advile with a straw to race off the Cuticula, and upon the place apply a Pepper corn with a Compresse. For Setons, they are made with

with a needle for that purpose, but I find few that are willing to have this used.

Thus having passed over (by Gods help) the Appendix; we shall discover some Magistrall receipts under the name of an Addition, and so put (by Gods assistance) a finall conclusion to the whole.

X 5 APPENDIX.



ADDITION.

Balsame.

AKE of the best high

Balfame.

countrey White wine a pint, Oyl olive the eldest 3 pintes, put thereto of the leaves and flowers of Valerian, Cardum benedict. St. Johns wort, of each half a pound, Comfrey roots cleansed a handfull. Let them be bruised and infused for 24 hours, then boyl them in a pipkin till the wine be confumed, continually stirring of it, then strain it, after adding Terpentine (washed in damask rose water till it be white, and the water clean drained out) a pound, wax half a pound, shred. Boyle them at a gentle fire altogether a quarter of an houre, after take it from the fire, and let itt

frand

stand a night to cool, in the morning make holes to the bottome, and powre out the wine and water which may remain, then fet it on the fire again, and put to it black Ballame an ounce, Oliban. 4 3. and Myrrh 3 ounces, Dragons blood an ounce; let them boyle till the Olibanum and Myrrh be disfolved. After take it from the fire and let it cool, putting it in a glaffe close stopped, and set it in the Sun for 21 dayes; so keep it for use, it will last 30 or 40 yeares, it's excel: lent in all wounds. If it be said, this is before set down. I answer, this in somthing differs; and besides the yong Chirurgion hath hereby this benefit to see how they both are made.

Lucatella's Balfam:

Ake of Sallet oyle 3 pound, fome washit in a bason with a quart of red Rose water, stirring it till it be white) Venice Terpentine a pound, washed in a pint of Sack

Lucatel-

Chirurgery.

Ú

211

COR

the

01

til

200

Dis

Dec

WO

200

for

ting

Lan

他

は

elfe

助

0

Sack (some in a quart of claret) till it be white, of Betony, Bayes, Rosemary, Tetian, of each a small handfull, let them bee cut very small; let these infuse together for 24 houres, and then boyle them, Sack and all, for a matter of three houres, then strain them, and add of Bees wax half a pound, of oyle of Se. Johns wert 3 ounces, oyle of Nutmegs, of Cloves, naturall Balsame, Storax, Spermaceti, Myrrh, of each 2 ounces, oyle of Mace, Mummi, Camphire, of each an ounce, Oris roots, Alkenet, red Sanders, in powder of each an ounce and half, Sang. draconis as much; boyl them altogether again for a matter of 7 or 8 houres, then strain it, and let it cool for a night. In the morning, making holes in the balm, and io powring forth the water, (which is almost as precious as the balm) then fet it on a gentle fire, and when its diffolved, adde to it of Pearle, Amber grife, and red Corall, of each a dram, of leaf gold a book, Rirre them together

Utt)

统

1 20

till they be cold, and reserve it for use. Others make it onely of the like quantities as is set downe of Oyle, Terebinth, Sack, Wax, and an ounce of red Saunders, thus compounding it. First dissolve the Wax upon a gentle sire, then adde the Terpentine, stirring them till it be dissolved, then adde the oyl, and Sack, letting them boyle a quarter of an houre; then standing till morning, take out the water and drosse, boyl it again a quarter of an houre, then put in the Sanders.

Vertues.

It's excellent for all greene wounds, staying the blood also, if applyed cold, and bound hard on: for burning and scalding anointing it with a feather, and put fine Lawn upon it. It's good for bruifes, stitches, Sciatica: For the Collick 3ij. given in white wine; as also for wormes, being given every morning; it cureth the shrinking of the sinewes, ripens all Apofemes,

stumes, and healeth them; cureth Cancers and Ulcers; also Aches, cold Tumors, Palsey, and Apoplexy, and cold difeases of the brain. This the simple is faid to doe, then much more the magistrall, being of Dr. Burge's framing: Every one may use which he lift, the leffer I have used with good successe in wounds, &c. Others lay, it's good for the headach, the Temples and nostrils being anointed; against poyson and furfets given in Sack; as also the Plague, Fistulaes, Small pox, Meaflles; draweth forth broken bones, or any putrefaction, easeth pain, and hinders inflammation wounds

Balfame.

Balfame.

Ake of the red and ripe Seeds of Woodbind (especialy the wilde, which are ripe in September) a Peck or more, and set them in horse dung close for 8 dayes, in the body of a Still, after put on

on the water again, and set it again in the dung 24 houses; then distill it in ashes, after separate the oyle per Bal. whose force is admirable in the cure of wounds, surpassing that of Egypt or India, saith my. Author.

是是是是是

ALL PARTY

7 (18

Met

VOIS.

CEA,

Cataplasmes.

Re rad. Bryon. utrinsque, an. Ziiij. Lilior. alb. ths. fol. virid. Hyoscyam. & Cicuta, an. Miij. fol. Malu. viol. Cham. virid. an. Mij. pone omnia in olla cum operculo exactiffime lutato sepiliantur in calid. Cineribus per 2. bor. terantur, trajiciantur per setaceum add. farin. fanugr. & Lini. coct. ad pulticulam, an. Ziij. pul. ruta & flor. Sambue. an. Zj. Squam. ferri, lapid. pyrit. lavigat. in alcohol, an. Zjs. Absintb. Zs. Croci, Zj. Axung. suil. rec. Ziiij. Misce f. Catapl. this resolves hard Tumors of the Testicles and cods.

Cataplasmes.

Another.

Another.

Rrad. Lilior. alb. sub ciner. cost.
Nij. rad. Alıb. Zij. fol, malu. Violar.
parietar. an. Mj. coq. ad putrilag.
pinsantur & trajiciantur; add. Mic.
panus alb. Zijs. far. Sem. Lini. zvj.
pul. flor. Cham. Melil. an. zjs. per
decost. cum parum pracedent. decost.
ad pultis consistent. add. Axung. porcin. opt. Zs. ol. Cham. Lilior. alb. an.
zj. Croci, Dij. s. Catap. This is excellent in sip'ning and easing pain.

Another.

Take Rice whole, as much as you please, boyl it in the broth of a sheeps head (that hath boyled so long that the sless and bones fall asunder) till it be thick, then beat it, and adde the yolks of 2 egges, and saffron in powder Jij. f. Catap. It's good for Tumors, inflammations, and ulcers in womens breasts, it's to be applyed till the rednesse begone; sometimes it resolves it, otherwhiles it breaks it.

A

Add vine selice be for together togethe

Mot

WOO

DEGG

beale

DOL

HOE

CTYC

Ted I

里口

A Drink ..

Ildanus in his Cista Militaris, lets downe this; R Herb. Alchimille, bete, rub. pirole, Sanicul. vinc. pervinc. virg. Aurea, Sem. Angelic. an. partes aqual. Let the herbs be shred small, and the seeds grosly powdered, and after mixed well together. Of this powder take 3s. Renish wine thij. boyl them in a close double vessell, and make a clear decoct. He gives this testimony of it; It most happily cureth all wounds, whether made by gunshot, or otherways drives out iron, wood, lead, and all other extraneous bodies out of the wound; it heales more in a week, then when notused, in a month: And it's so worthy an experiment, that it deserves to be by Chirurgions received with both hands, and with much thankfuloeffe. Dose is 2 or 3 spoonfull morning, noon, and evening given hot. This is to be given when pain and inflammation

A Drink.

tion is past, and the wound comes: to digestion.

Aq.Lattis Nephritis. Aq. Lactis Nephritic.

R rad. 5. aper. an. Ziiij. rad. raphan. Ibj. Saxifrag. alb. Ziij. rad...
gram. Zij. fol. malu. Alth. parietar...
petroseli. plantag.an. Miij. Sem. Miliii
Sol. Saxifrag. carui, anisi, petroseli...
balicacab.barbana, an. Zj. bacc. juniper. Ziij. Liquir. rasa, Ziiij. contund!.
contund. & inciden. pomaiur im
Campan. cum lact. recent. R fbxxiiij.
& distil. S. A. This is excellent.

Pul. Solut.

Pul. Solut.

R. Sol. Sen. Alexand. Ziijs. rbabarb.

opt. Zjs. Hermod. Turb. gum. jslop.

Mastic. an. zvj. Scamon. cum Sulpb.

pp. zx. flar. Antimon.gum. got. an. zj.

ol. vitriol. carpophyl. origan. anist, an.

zs. Misce, f. pul. Subtil. Dos. à Dji

ad Dij. vel zj. This I have oft used.

it's very gratefull to the taste and simels.

Pil. cathol.

Pil. Cathol.
Rx Mass. pil. Aggregat. Colocynthis

pul. Scamon. ol. Caryoph. an. 3j. R. hujus Mass. 3ij. Mass. pil. Aggregas. Cochia. an. 3j. f. Mass. dos. 2gr. 9. ad gr. 18. vel 9j.

Emplast. Crocatum.
Regum. galbam. in aceto dissol. Ziij.
Empl. Meliloti, Diachyl. S. an. Zjs.
cera citrina, Zj. Terebinth. alb. Zs. Croc.
Ziij. Misce s. Empl.

Emplast.
Crocatum.

Pil. ex Turbith. Mineral.
Re aloes, Colocynth. diagrid.pul.q.v.
add. Turb. Min. quant. omnium, f. Pil.

end

Infus. Vomitoria.
Re Vitri. Antimon. ziß. Caryophyl.
Zinzib.an. zj. vini alb. Hj. s. pocul.
Emetic. Dos.zvj.

Ol.ex floribus Slotani, & pul. Laxat. vel Solut. Hildani; you have in the latter end of Hildanus Tract, De valetudine tuenda.

Ol. Buzi.

Take the wood of Box, and cut it in small peeces, after put it in an earthen

Ol. Buxi.

earthen pot full of holes in the bottome: Set another pot in the ground, and this upon it, and about it let there be a hot fire of coals, and the oyle will fall into the pot underneath, this is distillation per december; It is excellent in not only for the pain of the Teeth, and Hemorhods, but also for Epilepsy, Vertigo, and Palsie.

Unguent. pro Scab. pueror.

R. Ol. de liquid. Amb. vel bal. naturalis, 3 j. ol. Amygd. Amar. 3 iij. de Misce. This is sate and excellent, faith Zacussus.

To skin Ulcers hard to cicatrize.

Raq. gemar. quere. Ziiij. Cate...
vive in eo extinct. Zis. deinde filtr. or
add Mercur. dul. Dij. Misce.

Revi Hircini, 3j.ol. Hyperiei. 3ij. Misse. This is excellent for Ulcers in the paps and chaps, in hands and feet.

Refimi Equin. recent. Hovi, infund...
per noctem in vin. alb. Hoviij. Sem...
anisi, g'ycytrh. passul. major. an. Ziij.
Theriac...

Theriac. venet. 3ij. distill. & serva ad usum. This is very efficacious in Plurisies, Surfets, Collick, Mother, and for the expelling of Secundine.

Emplast. Rosarum.

Rol. Lini. Hij. Minii. Hj. Cera Citrin. Ziiij. pul. Rosar. Zij. Misce s. Emp. S. A. this we have used generally in most cases, and have found it effectuall.

Take Rue, Sage, of each this. fol. Lauri, junior, abfinth, an. Hs. shred the herbs small, and after beat them, then take of Sheep fewer, Ibiij. mince it small, and beat it and the herbs together; adde to them oyl Olives Ibiiij. Let them fland altogether in an earthen pot well stopt for 8 dayes, after seeth lit at a gentle fire then ftrain it,adding ol. Spic. Biij. it's best made in May. It's excellent for Aches, Scalds, Burns, Fellons, Bruises, Straines, Cramps, stitches, Sciatica, Mone in the Kidneys, and pain in the eares.

Emplast. Rosarum,

The Marrow, &c.

Aq. Campborata is in Page 2.1.
The prepard Spunge is Doctoo
Reads dipt in Melilot plaster mell
ted, and after pressed, and so constinued till it be cold.

Oleum quod vulnera in 24. bor. Sas nat, & est expertum.

R. ol. Hyperic. Lumbric. Terebinthe Mastic. an. 3j. Misce. Apply it had with Lint.

R. Succ. Sempervivi, 3s. Campborr gr. v. dissol. bene in Succ. add. Sacobb Cand. 3ij. Misco; dos. Dj. often for spitting blood.

FINIS.

contle ine then dirain it,

