Pharmacopoeia Londinensis: or, the London dispensatory further adorned by the studies and collections of the Fellows, now living of the said Colledg [sic] / [Nicholas Culpeper].

Contributors

Culpeper, Nicholas, 1616-1654.

Publication/Creation

London: P. Cole, 1653.

Persistent URL

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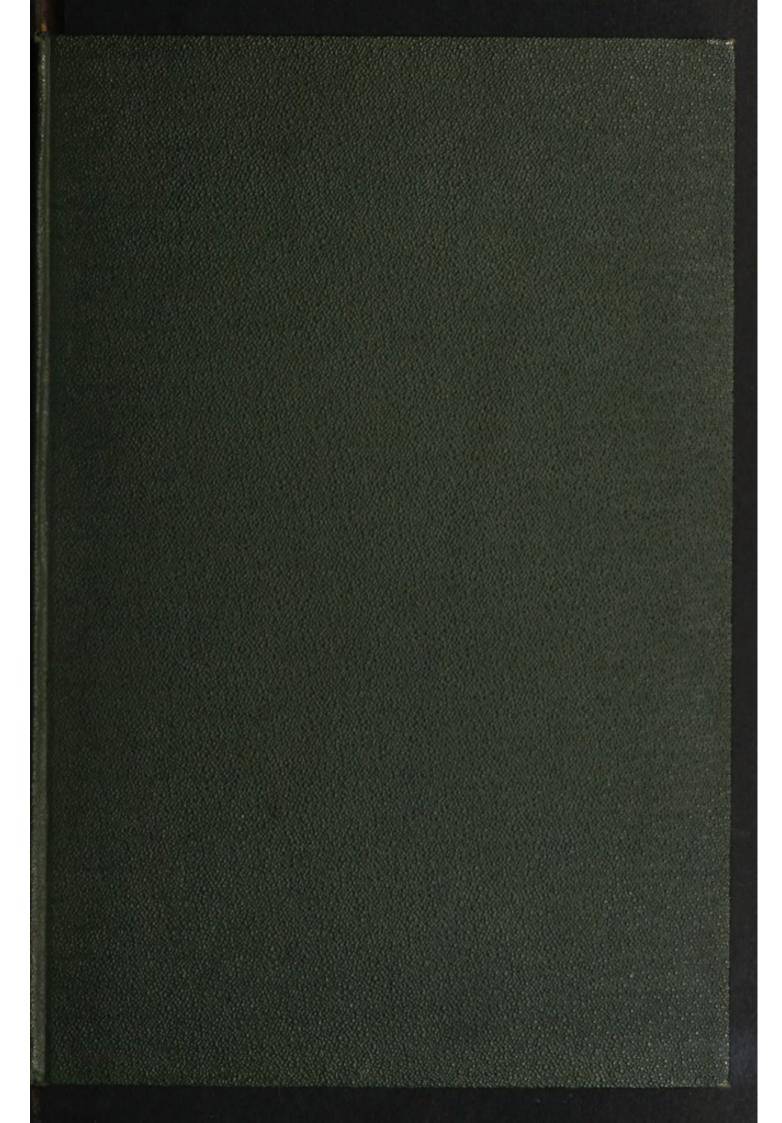
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PHARMACOPŒIA LONDINENSIS — CULPEPER





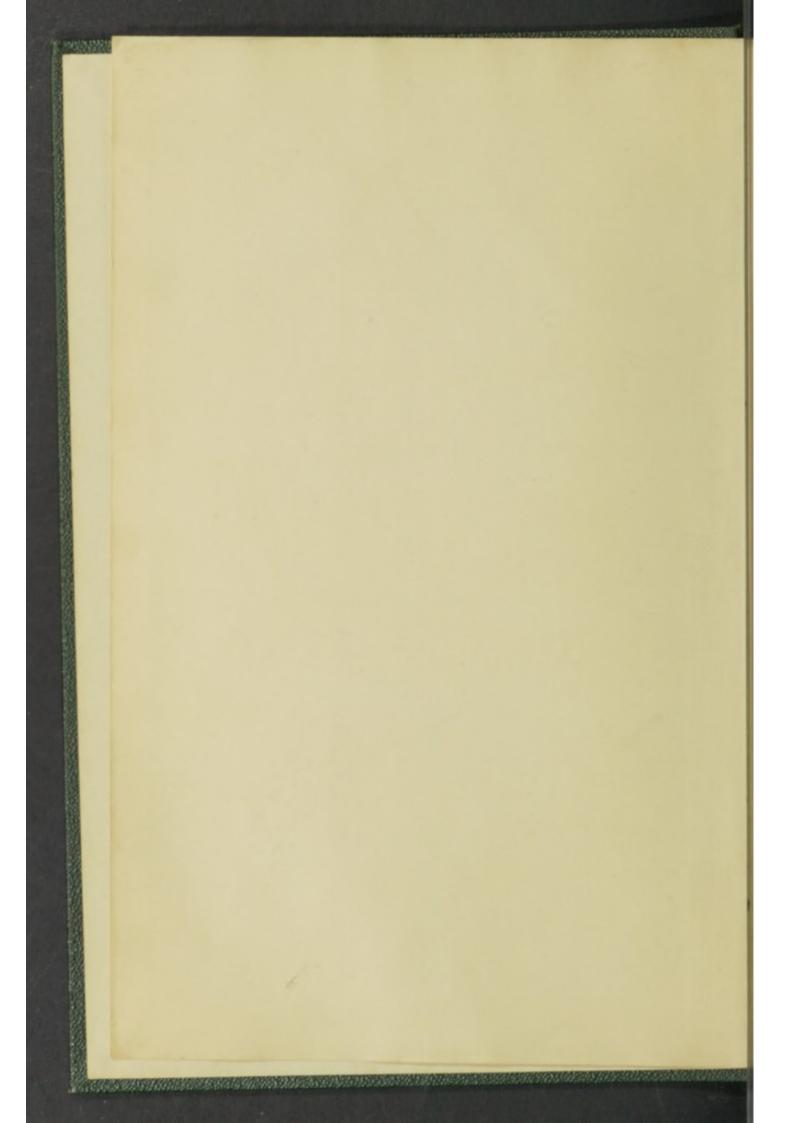


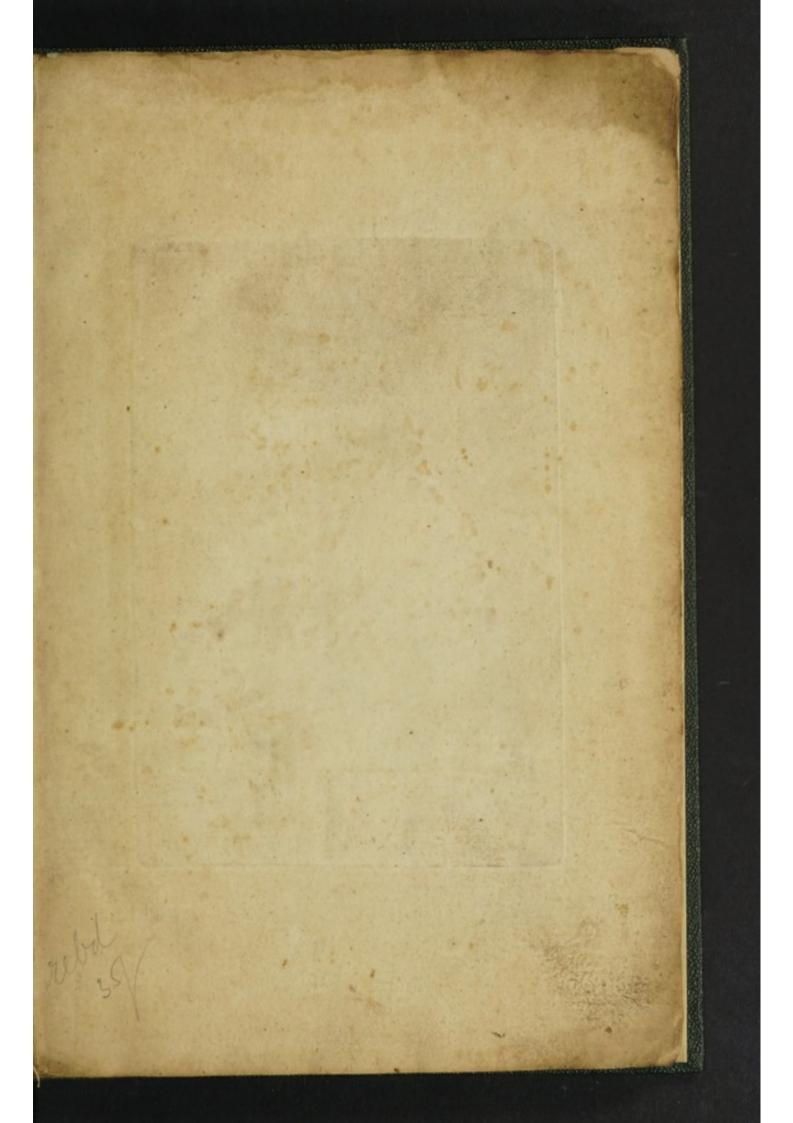
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In Effigiem Nicholai Culpeper Eguitis.

The shaddon of that Body heer you find which serves but as a case to hold his mind, His Intellatual part be pleased to looke.

In lively lines described in the Booke. crop subpit

MANGARAMAN KANGAN KANGARAMAN KANGARAMAN KANGARAMAN KANGARAMAN KANGARAMAN KANGARAMAN KANGARAMAN KANGARAMAN KANGARAMAN

Pharmacopœia Londinensis: OR THE R. Booth

London Dispensatory

Further adorned by the Studies and Collections of the Fellows, now living of the faid COLLEDG.

Wherein you may find,

1. The Vertues, Qualities, and Properties of every Simple.

2. The Vertues and Use of the Compounds.

3. Cautions in giving all Medicines that are dangerous.

4. All the Medicines that were in the Old Latin Dispensatory, and are lest out in the New Latin one, are printed in this fourth Impression in English with their Vertues.

5. A Key to Galen's Method of Physick, containing thirty three

Chapters.

6. What is added to the Book by the Translator, is of a different Letter from that which was made by the Colledg.

7. In this Impression the Latin name of every one of the Compounds is printed, and in what page of the New Folio Latin Book they are to be found.

By Nich. Culpeper Gent. Student in Physick and Aftrology; living in Spittle-fields neer London.

> Scire potestates Herbarum, usumque medendi Maluit, & mutas agitare (inglorius) artes. Virgil.

LONDON:

Printed for Peter Cole, at the fign of the Printing-Press in Cornhil neer the Royal Exchange. 1653.

Pharmacopeen Londmentis:

London Dalpenfatory

Further adorned by the Studies and Collections of the Fellows, now living of the Init

Wherein you migding,

r. The Vertues, Qualities, and Proposition very Simple 2. The Vertues and Use of the Companion

Sautions in giving all Medicined that are dangerous.

4. All the Medicines that were in the Ald Latin Dispersary, and are left out in the New Latin one steprimed in this fourth Impression in English with their Vertues.

5. A NO 10 Paller, Buller, Claudius Montague Miller, Chapter, Chapter, Tologie, 1996.

-Stile stori is a store Newington Road. Store Newington Road.

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- 2. Cantions in giving all Medicines characte dangerous.
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LONDON:

Printed for Peter Cole, at the fign of the Printing-Profit in Cornhit neer the Royal Exchange. 1632.



THE RIGHT WORSHIPFUL

Edward Hall Esquire, Justice of the Peace for the County of Surry; Nich. Culpeper wisheth increase of Grace in this World, and a Crown of Glory in that to come.

Right Worshipful

ET it not seem strange in so Solemn a Business, in which no less than the Preservation of Life, Health, and by confequence Wel-being of all the poor People in this Nation is concerned; in so weighty a business, contrary to all Presidents in this Nation, which is now Heart-fick of Ignorance, and cries out aloud for cure ; in fo Populous a City, and fo full of Cri-

ticks, before fo many Ancient Phylitians who might have done the Work better than I, had they not wanted will; neither could they have wanted that, had they not wanted real Love to this Nation: in fuch times (I fay) in fuch a place, and before fuch People, for me whose years are few, whose Exercise in the Physical Sphere small, (my greatest Studies being Spent about Natural Phylosophy) whose Judgment slender to venture upon this fo great a Work as to attempt to rectifie the Judgments of a whol Colledg, (which is indeed no less needful than great) may feem to some perhaps, great Arrogancy and Prefumption, to others no smal infolency and want of differetion: Notwithstanding, the Glory of God being my Aim, and the good of this languishing Nation my End (I do not call the Nation languishing in respect of Government, but in respect of Knowledg, as for the Government of this Nation, God knows what he hath to do, and I hope well) which I fay languisheth fo forely under a Disease which now turned Epidemical and rages so extreamly that it fweeps away millions in a year, leaving many woful Widdows, and Fatherless Children to the protection of those whose mercies are cruelty, and that is Ignorance in Phylick, or want of Knowledg of what may do them good; the Cure of this Difease cannot be performed neither by Aurum potabile, nor the Phylosophers Stone, but by the real indeavors of a Publick Spirit by the Fear of God, and Love to poor People, by laboring to discharge a good Conscience, by instructing People what belongs to their Health; this I affure you was the reason that moved me to adventure into the Stage of

the World in this Nature, and not any finister ends of my own what soever, for it is not unknown to your Worship that I have incurred many Enemies by my writing, though I do good, and but my duty; yet I shall ever chuse rather to satisfie the Godly minds of real Common-wealthsmen, in revealing to them what belongs to the Preservation of their Lives, and the helping of their poor Neighbors, than either wrong my own Conscience, or rob the whol Nation of what I may and ought to reveal to them: I confess I have chiefly been reviled of those to whom I have done good, who have received their greatest Knowledg of Physick by my Writings; I can pity them, but do not wonder a whit at it; it hath been so even in the dayes of old, when Christ and his Aposiles lived upon Earth, they cast out Devils, they cured their Diseases, they made the Blind to fee, and the Lame to go, for which of all these good Deeds were they perfecuted? doubtless it was done by that Monster Envy wch rules in the children of Disobedience, who having joyned to himself Pride, and Self-interest labors to surpress whatsoever is well done; but as I have fellowship with Christ and his Apostles in their Sufferings, fo I look to have fellowship with them in that Glory into which no Proud, nor Envious, nor Self-feeking man shall enter. I can freely (as I hitherto have done) yet continue doing them good, as being perswaded that by fo doing, I am the more like unto God, who causeth the Sun to shine upon the good and the bad, and the Rain to fall upon the just and the unjust; following that Rule which is so often repeated in holy Writ, If thy Enemy bunger give him meat, if be be athirst give him drink, for in so doing thou shalt heap coals of fire upon his head, and the Lord shall reward thee.

Worthy Sir, This Child of mine coming out the fourth time into the World, and wanting Defence, as most Truths do, cried aloud for a Patron, which made me so bold as to present it at your feet; rather I wil affure you to take a Pattern of your Patience than any waies to make a purchase of my own praise, that so in despight of Cavaliers it may be called the God-child of a Peerless God-father. You must not expect large incomiums of praise from him whose words & actions you know alwaies to be so plain, nor an Epistle stuffed as full of Flattery as an Egg is full of meat, which I hate to give, and you to receive, and God hates it in whomfoever he finds it; it is sufficient to you, and infinite joy to me, that your Works declare to the World what you are, even in these times when rich Pluto is accounted a better Phylosopher than learned Pluto, when Godlines is not accounted great Gain, as it was in better times than now are, but Gain is accounted great Godlines. I had Reasons enough to make me bold to dedicate it to you, as namely, That Ingenuity of your Spirit, your excellent Endeavors for the publick Good, that admirable Con-Stancy which Honor it self could not chook; fo that your Solendor (like other Justices in Office with you) has not gone out like a Candle, and left a flinking fruff behind, though it hath pleafed God to place you in Authority in fuch an Age, that calleth Vertue Vice, and Vice Vertue, that calleth Good, Evil, and Evil, Good, that firike at the Devil, and hit Christ in his Saints: To whom rather (these things considered) should I dedicate these my weak Labors, than to your felf, to whom God

hath

hath given the Knowledg to difcern Vertue from Vice, to love the one and hate the other, according to that excellent Speech of Plato, Oh Knowledg, how would menlove thee if they did but know thee, for as Health is the Con-Servation of the Body, So is Knowledg the Conservation of the Mind, which is too too much absconded (the more is the pity) from the eyes of this languithing Nation, and calls aloud for a Cure, for as Plato faith in another place, If Vertue could take upon her a bodily shape, she would be so beautiful as men would be in love with ber ; also if Vice could take upon her a Bodily shape, she would be such an ugly beast all men would loath and disdain her, for if Drunkards have so many Apish and beastly postures, what would Drunkenness it self have, which is the Author of them all, if that could appear in a visible form ? This I know you are well versed in; the love of a Real Common-wealth may be read in you even through a pair of Spectacles glassed with an inch board: this was another argument moving me to dedicate this Book to you, which tends towards the furtherance of a Common-wealth, and the pulling down a Monopoly extreamly prejudicial, yet scarce discernable.

I must be brief, because it is brevity you delight in, therefore to use many words I account it needles; your kind acceptance of this Book, I shall account such a favor as is never to be forgotten: The God of Heaven and Earth which hath hitherto preserved your Body in so many dangers and difficulties which you have passed, and your Spirit pure in these back-sliding Times, still be your Guide, and preserve your Spirit, Soul, and Body untill the time of your Change shall come, and present you blameless at the coming of the Lord Jesus Christ, in whom God hath

loved you, and washed you from your sins in his Blood. So praies, Sir

Your Worships most humble Servant

NICH. CULPEPER.

Stantanton Land the large feed in the love of a Leaf Common well and who were erratheogh a mir of sucher glabad with surface board; this was aturities argument stocking on to deduct cross fool the gran, which wends Almonoly entrearly probably and one discrept in the reference to the reference of the many words I accomplished to be every soft be in the reference of this Books, and account field and words a never to be formed in the Gald orders were and I are by the back his better the result of the contract of the result Souls and Pody usual the time of your Change thail comes and preferre word lameless at the coming of the Lord fold Chiling whiles God late loved yet, and weller you from your fan in dit lived. So praice, Sir Tour Worthips and Lincilla MICH CREPEPER.



Premonitory Epiftle TO THE R E A D E R.

Courteous READER,

8888 8 Hofe things which God did make first in the Beginning without means, He now preservets all things, according to the quality of the thing affed upon, as Fire affs upon wood to make a fire to warm one by, or the like; therefore as the Campe of Difeases is to be undermake a fire to warm one by, or the like; therefore as the Campe of Difeases is to be underflood to be Natural, so is their Cures also to be effected in a Natural may; and if you
do have consider the wheal Trainerse as one united Body, and Man an Epitomy of this Body;
it will see the man to have here had man and Body and Man an Epitomy of this Body; it will seem frange to none but Mad-men and Fools that the Scars hould have influence

a Celeficial World within himself; for to wind the strings a little higher; if there be a Trinity in the Deity (which is denied, but by none but Kanters) then must there be a Trinity also in all his works, if there be a zenity in the God-head, there must needs be a Unity in all his works, and a dependancy between them, and not that God made the Creation to hang together like Ropes of Sand, so God made but one world, and set in this one world a Trinity, first Elementary, which is formest 3 Secondly, Celestial, which is next above that > Thirdly, Intellectual, which is highest in degree, and happy, yeathrice happy is he that attains to it; if then Man be capable of the intellectual world as having an Epitomy of that in himself, whereby he knows that there is a God, and that God made this world, and Governeth it now he hath made it, that there are Angels, and that be bath an immertal Spirit in himfelf which causeth him to hope and expect immertality; if he have an Epitomy of the Elementary World in himfelf, whereby be feartheth and feeks after the Vertues of Elementary Bodies, and the various mixtures of Natural things, their Causes, Effects, Times, Fashions, Events, and bow they are produced by the Elements, must be not also by the same rule have an Epitomy of the Celestial World within himself, by which be searcheth out the Motion and Course of the Celestial Endies, and what their in fluence is upon the Elements, and Elementary Bodies; he that denies this, let him also deny that the whol world was made for man, that so the world may see what he is; it is palpable to those that sear God, and are conversant either in his word or in his works, that curry inferior world is Governed by its supevior, and receives influence from it. God Himfelf the only First-being, the Maker and Disposer of all things, Governs the Celestial world by the Intellectual, namely, the Angels; He governs the Elementary world, and all Elementary Bodies, by the Celeftial World, namely, the Stars; and that's the reason the influence of the Stars reacheth not to the Mind or Rational part of Man, because it is an Epitomy of the Intellectual world which is a superior to them: but because there is now some Dispute about it (I should have said Cavelling) by such as would fain have their own Knaveries hidden, and therfore they would fain have the Stars made to stop Bottles, or elfe for the Angels to play at bowls with ruben they had nothing elfe to do, but not rule the Elemen tary world, no, by no means : We shall prove they rule over the Elementary world, first by Scripture, second-

First, by Sovieture: I befeech you read in the first place, Genesis 1. 14, 15, 16, 17, 18. verses, And God said, let there be lights in the Firmament of the Heaven, to divide the Day from the Night: and let them be for SIGNS, and for SEASONS, and for DAIES and TEARS. And let them be for Lights in the Firmament of the Heaven to give light upon Earth: and it was fo. And God made two great Lights, the greater light to RULE the day, the lefter Light to RULE the night, He made the Stars also. And see them in the Firmament of the Heaven to give light upon Earth. And to RULE over the day and over the them in the Firmament of the Heaven to give light upon Earth. And to RULE over the day and over the night, and to divide the light from darkness. To this place also answers that in the 136. Plalm, He made the Sun to RULE by day, and the Moon and Stars to RULE by night. In these Scriptures God saith He made them to Rule. He set them say Signs, therefore they must firstlike something. He set them also for Seamade them to Rule.

made them to Rule, He set them for Signs, therefore they must signific something, He set them also for Seations, sor Dries, and for Years: the Scriptures are so elect, they need no Exposition.

But let us see a little what Reason saith to the business: It is published and apparant that all Elementary Bodies never fland at a flay, but are ever either increasing or decreasing: It is as apparant that the Celestial Bodies are not changed, but remain the very same they were at the first (reation; and if so, the Elementary

To the READER.

Bodies must needs be by Nature Passive, because they are subjett to change, and the Celestial Bodies active because they change not 5 as a Caspenter when he hews a Timber-log, the Timber-log must needs change form according as 'ess herved, but the Carpenter himself changeth not.

Secondly, Confider that all Time is measured out by Motion, and that the Original of all Motion is in the Heavens, for it is the motion of the Sun which causeth day and night, Summer, Winter, Spring, and Harves, from which Conversion of Times and Tears all changes proceed, both Heat and Cold, Dryness and Mossure, by which sow is caused Life and Death, Generation and Putrifallion, increase and decrease of Elementure, by which so the Elementure of the Elemen tany things, for the Elementary world is the womb of all Elementary Creatures, both Animals, Minerals, and Vegetables, it conceives them, and nourisheth and cherifieth them being conceived: this womb is alwaies Vegetables, it conceives them, and nourifieth and cherifieth them being conceived: this womb is always full of useful Matter, fit for the forming, increosing, and conserving Bodies, whether Animal, Mineral, or Vegetable; the Sun gives a vital feed, and stirs up all to motion and action, quickens, and defends what it beat which is caused by motion: both Sun and Moon make use of the other five Planets (even as the Heart below, and tempering them diverse waies according to their soveral motions, essentially and varying things the Elementary World would be of one Nature and Quality, and then the world could not substit for Man which of these qualities in him, cannot substit without any one of them: He, and he only is a Physician that knows remedy it; all the the resist that practice Physick are but Mountebanks, for there is no question to be made, but remedy it; all the the rest that practice Physick are but Mountebanks, for there is no question to be made, but that all Difeases have their original from super-aboundance or desiciency of Heat, Coldness, Dryness or Moisture; and that the Elements barely from themselves can cause this, is an opinion more fitting for a Hog-berd than a Phylosopher, for what soever is begotten must have a matter to be begotten of, as well as something to baget it, and this matter mult be proper to receive form, for man cannot make a Timber-log of a Turf, nor a Back of an Egg-fiel, therefore this Matter must naturally be affected to suffer whatsoever form the Author pleaseth to give it: the Author of every Generation must be altogether assive, not subject to any adverse principles, that so he may not run out of one thing into another before he hat similard, and this is proper to the Sun, Moon, and Stars: this will be demed by none that have lived a Rational Man but one Summer and the Sun, Moon, and Stars: this will be demed by none that have lived a Ransonal Man out one Summer and one winter, and felt a difference of heat and coldings, driving and maisture, caused by the verness and remonstrates, for when we see the Load-stone draws Iron, it shows plainly that Nature hath given it esseasy so to power to do s. so when we see these things done by the Heavens, we must need think Nature hath given the Heavens power to do so, and seeing those Qualities, Heat, Coldings, Dryness, and Moissure, are contrary the one to the other, of necessity sometimes the one must yeeld, and sometimes the other, and thence comes the Procreation, Corruption, and Vicissitude of things below; and seeing all likes rejoyce in their likes, and disagree with their dislikes, there must need she something in the Heavens agreeable to all thu, therefore some part of the Heavens is faid to be Hot, some Cold, some Dry, and some moist, not because they are so in themselves, but because they work such effects in Elementary Bodies, as is evident to the experience of them that search after it.

we have now showed you what a Physician ought to be in respect of Knowledg in the Celestial world: I Shall only now shew you in a word or two what knowledg be ought to have in the Elementary and Intellectual

worlds, and that very briefly, and fo conclude.

As in the Celestial world be ought very carefully to beed the oppositions and great conjunctions of the Planets, the Eclipses of the Luminaries, the Quarterly ingresses of the Sun and the Crisis of Diseases, so in the Elementary world be ought to heed the Seafons of the Year, whether they be hotter, colder, dryer, moister than they should be; he ought to be very well shilled in Vegetables and Minerals and how the Earth brings them forth, what is the Office of the Central Sun, and what is the office of the Celestial Sun, what is the office of the Central Moon, and what the office of the Celestial Moon in the production of things here below, and

CARCINANT PROPERTIES STATEMENTS DE SENTENCES DE SENTENCES DE LA PROPERTIE DE SENTENCES DE LA PROPERTIE DE LA P

tow, and by what Mediums they perform it.

Laftly, in the Intellectual World, he ought to be very frequent, fearing God, and escheming levil, for into his hands as the means, hath the eternal God of Heaven and Earth put the lives of those Christians whom, he hands as the means, hath the eternal God of Heaven and Earth put the lives of those Christians whom, he loved fo well that he redeemed them by the Blood of his only begotten Son: Let him be very fludious in those great Books of God, the Book of the Scripture, and the Book of the Creatures, let the Glory of God, and the Good of the Creature be his whol Aim, neither let fuch a Monster as Covetouineis have the least entertainment in his heart; let him be no respecter of Persons, but go as willingly to the Poor for nothing, as to the Rich for a reward, Knowing, That he that giveth to the Poor, lendeth to the Lord, and he shall be sure to have a good Pay-master. To conclude, In all his practices let him consider what he would have another do to bimif be were in like case, and do the like to them : and to them that follow this Rule, Peace shall be upon

Ita dixie

Nich. Culpeper.

Weights

The Names of several Books printed by Peter Cole, at the sign of the Printing Preß in Cornhil, by the Exchange, London.

TA Translation of the New Differsatory, made by the Colledg of Physicians of London. Whereunto is added, The Keyto Galen's Method of Phylick.

2 A DIRECTORY for Midwizer ; or a Guide for

3 GALEN'S Art of PHYSICE with a large Comment. 4 The English Physitian; being an Affredego-Physical Discourse of the Vulgar Herbs of this Nation; wherein is showed how to cure a mans self of most Difeases incident to mans Body, with such things as

grow in England, and for three-pence charge. Also in the same Book is showed, 1. The time of gathering all Herbs both Volgariy and Aftrologically. 2. The way of drying and keeping them and their Juyces. 3. The way of making and keeping all manner of uleful Compounds, made of those Heabs.

4. The way of mixing the Medicines according to Cause, and mixture of the Disease, and the part of the Body afflicted.

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Mr. Love's Case, containing his Patitions, Narrative,

Vox Pacifica, or a Perswafive to Peace. Dr. Prestons Saints submission, and Satans Overthrow.

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ving the Lords Supper, and Prayer.

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ed, I What Earthly-mindedness is, a The great Evil therof, on Phil. 3. part of the 19. Veri. Also to the same Book is joyned, A Treatise of Heavenlymindedness, and walking with God, on Gen. 5. 24.

and on Phil. 3. 10.

5 An Exposition, on the fourth, fifth, fixth, and seventh Chapters of the Prophetic of Hofea.

6 An Exposition on the eighth, ninth, and tenth Chapters of Holean

7 An Exposition on the eleventh, twelfth, and thirteenth Chapters of Hofed, being now Complett.

Twelve feveral Backs of Mr. William Bridg, Collected into one Volumn. Viz.

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Grace for Grace; or, the Overflowings of Christs Fulness received by all Saints.

The Spiritual Actings of Faith, through Natural Impossibilities.

6 Evangelical Repentance.

The Spiritual-Lite, and In-Being of Christ in all Beleevers.

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King Charls his Case, or an Appeal to all rational men concerning his Tryal.

Mr. Owens itedfaitness of the Promises.

Mr. Owen againfl Mr. Baxter.

Books Printed by Peter Cole.

A Vindication of Free-Grace: Indeavoring to prove, That we are not elected as holy, but that we should be holy; and that Election is not of kinds, but persons. 2. That Christ did not by his death intend to fave all men, and touching those whom he intended to fave, that he did nor die for them only if they would believe, but that they might believe. 3. That we are not justified properly by our believing in Christ, but by our Christ believed in. 4. That, that which differences one man from another, is not the improvement of a common ability reftored through Christ to all men in general, but a principle of Grace wrought by the Spirit of God in the Elect. By John

Six Sermons, Preached by Dr. Hill, viz.

1. The Beauty and Sweetness of an Olive Branch of

Peace and Brotherly Accommodation budding.

2. Truth and Love happily murried in the Saints, and in the Churches of Christ.

3. The Spring of Strengthning Grace in the Rock of Ages Christ Jesus.

4. The firength of the Saints to make Jelus Christ

their strength.

The Best and Worst of Paul.

Gods eternal Preparations for his dying Saints.

The Bishop of Canterbury's Speech on the Scaffold. The King's Speech on the Scaffold.

The Magistrates Support and Burden. By Mr. John Cardel.

Eaton on the Oath of Allegiance and Covenant, flewing that they oblige not.



Weights and Measures in the New DISPENSATORY.

Tiventy Grains make a Scruple. Three Scruples make a Drachm. Eight Drachms make an Ounce. Twelve Oances make a Pound.

The most usual Measures [amongst us] (quoth the Colledg) are thele : A Spoon which in Syrups holds half an ounce, in

distilled Waters three drachms.

A Tafter which holds an ounce and an half. A Congre which (in their former Diffensatory held nine pound, now) holds but eight pound, viz. just a Gallon: To miss but one Pint in a Gallon is nothing with a Colledg of Phyfitians, fuch Phyfitians as our times afford. The reason I suppose is, Because most Nations differ in the quantity of their Measures, and they quoted their Congins from one Nation be-fore, and from another now; for indeed their Di-fpensatory is borrowed a great part of it from Avabia, part from Greece, some from France, some from

Spain, and some from Italy, and now they vapor with ic. Oh bravel should a man that borrowed his Cloathes from fo many Broakers in Long-lane be proud of them?

Befides these, they have gotten another antick way of MENSURATION which they have not set down here, viz. By Handfuls and Pugils. An Handful is as much as you can gripe in one Hand ; and a Pu-gil as much as you can take up with your Thumb and two Fingers; and how much that is who can tell? Introth this way of Mensuration is as certain as the Weather-cock, and as various as mens Fingers are in length, and the things taken up in driness or form; for an Handful of green Herbs will not be half an Handful or not above when they are dry: and your mother-wit will teach you that you may take up more Hay in this manner than Bran, and more Bran than Sand. And thus much for their Weights, and also for their Measures: both rediculous and contradictive.

Weights and Measures in the Old Dispensatory.

Wenty Grains do make a Scruple. Three Scru-Ples make a drachm (commonly called a dram)

Eight Drachms make an Ounce. Twelve Ounces make a Pound.

As for the Colledges Measures I know not well what English Names to give them. Cochlearum holds in Syrups half an Ounce; in diffilled Waters three Drachms. Cyathus holds an ounce and an half. Hemina (which also they call Cotyla) contains nine Ounces. Libra holds twelve Ounces. A Sextary contains eighteen Ounces. A Congie fix Sextaries.

These Measures amongst the Romans contained not

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just the same quantities; for their Cyathus contained an ounce and an half, a drachm and a scruple. Their Sextary contained but fourteen ounces, three quarters, and balf a quarter; and among the Gracians not fo much: It is called a Sentary because it is the fire part of a Congie. Neither did the Roman Hemina contain altogether feven ounces and an half. Their Libra-I suppose to be that which Galen calls METGIENT, viz. A Vefiel to measure with ; it was made of cleer Horn, and by certain lines drawn round it like rings, was divided into twelve equal parts, each part containing an ounce.

DIRECTIONS.



RECTIO

Labough I did what I could throughout the whol Book to express my felf in fuch a language as neight be understood by all, and therefore avoided terms of Art as much as to write only to the Learned and the Nurshings of Apollo, but of my Self to do my Country good; which is the Center all my Lines tend to, and I defire (bould terminate in) Tet,

1. Some words must of necessity fall in, which need

explanation.

2. It would be very tedious at the end of every Receipt to repeat over and over arain, the way of admimiltration of the Receipt, or ordering your Bodies after It; onto instruct your the mixture of Medicines, and indeed would do nothing elfe but fulf the Book full of Tantology.

To answer to both thefe is my task at this time.

To the first:

The words which need explaining, fach as are ob-

1. Todifit in Baloco Matix, is the ufual way of eliftilling in water. It is no more than to place your Glass-Rody which wolds the matter to be distilled in a convenient veffel of water, when the water is cold (for fear of breating) put arrill of Straw, or the like under it, to keep it from the bostom, then make the Water boyl, that fo the Spirit may be diffilled farth ; take not the Glaß out till the Water be cold again, for fear of breaking : 11 is impossible for a man to learn bow to do it, unleft be faw it done.

2. Manica Hippocrates, Hippocrates his Sleeve, is a piece of woolen cloath, new and white, fewed together in form of a Sugar-loaf. Its ufe is, to Brain any Syrup or Decection through, by powring it into it, and suffering it to run through without pressing or crushing

3. Calcination, is a burning of a thing in a Craci-ble or other fuch convenient welfel, that will endure the fire: A Crucible is fuels a thing as your Gold-fmiths melt Silver in, and your Founders their Mettals; you may place it in the midft of the fire, with coals above, below, and on every fide of it.

4. Filtration, is straining of a liquid body through a brown Paper: Make up the Paper in form of a Funnel, the which having placed in a Funnel, and placed The Funnel, and the Paper in it in an empty Glaß, power in the Liquor you would filter, and let it run through at its leifure.

5. Coagulation, is cardling or bardning: It is used in Physick for reducing a liquid body to bardness by the

beat of the fire.

6. Whereas you find Vital, Natural, and Animal Spirits often mantioned in the Vertues of Receipts, I Shall explain what they be, and what their operation | mad work. is in the Body of Man.

The actions or operations of St. Senfitive, the Animal Vertues, are, 2 : Motive.

The Sensitive is \$1, External. T, External.

1. Secing The External Sences are 3. Talling.
4. Smelling.
5. Feeling.

1. Imagination to apprehend a thing-The Internal Judgment, to Judg of it. Sentes are. 2. Memory, to remember it-

The feat of all thefe is in the Brain. The Vital Spirits proceedesh from the Heart, and caufeth in Man Mirth, Jov, Hope, Truft, Humani-ry, Mildness, Courage, &c. and their appoints: Viz. Saunels, Fear, Care, Sortow, Depart, Envy,

Hatred, Stubbornnels, Revenge, &c. by hear Natural

by not Natural.

The Natural Spirit nourifbeth the Body throughout (as the Vital questions it, and the Animal gives it Sence and Motion) Its office is to after or consect Food into Chyle, Chyleinto Blood, Blood into Flesh, to Form, Engender, Nouriffs, and Increase the Body .

7. Infulion, is to fleep a groß body into one more Liquid.

8. Decoction, is the Liquor in which any thing is boyled.

As for the manner of using or ordering the Body ofter any freeating, or purging Medicines, or Pills, or the like, the Table at the latter end of the Vertues of the Medicines will direct you to what Pages you may find them in, look but the word [Rules] there, As alfo in the next Page.

The different forms of making up Medicines, as fome into Syrups, others into Electuaries, Pills, Tro-ches to c. was partly to pleafe the different Pallats of People, that (a Medicines might be more delightfull) or at least less burdensom : in such a case, the Table of Vertues at the latter end will univerfally furnish you with the generality of both Simples and Compounds apropriated to the Difeafe. You may make the mixtures of them in what form you please; only for your better instruction at present, accept of these sew Rules:

1. Consider, That all Difeases are cured by their contravies, but all parts of the Body maintained by their likes: Then if heat be the cause of the Disease, give the cold Medicine appropriated to it, if wind, fee how many Medicines apropriated to that Difease expel Wind, and use them.

z. Have a care you ufe not fuch Medicines to one part of your Body which are apropriated to another, facil your Brain be over heated, and you ale fach Medicines as cool the Heart or Liver, you may make

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3. The

DIRECTIONS.

3. The distilled water of any Herb you would take for a discase, is a sit mixture for the Syrup of the same Herb, or to make any Electuary into a Drink, if you affest such liquid Medicines best in it you have not the distilled water, make use of the Decotion.

NAMES AND ASSOCIATION OF THE PARTY OF THE PA

4. Difeases that lie in barts of the Body remot from
the Stomach and Bowels, it is in vain to think to carry away the cause at once, and therefore you had hest
do it by degrees; Pills, and such like Medicines which
are bard in Body, are fittest for such a business, because
they are longest before they digest.

5. Use no strong Medicines, if weak will serve the turn; you had better take one too weak by half, than too strong in the least.

6. Consider the Natural temper of the part of the Body afflicted, and maintain it in that, elfe you extinguish Nature, as the Heart is hot, the Brain cold, or at least the coldest part of the Rody.

at least the coldest part of the Body.
7. Observe this general Rule 3. That such Medicins as are bot in the first degree are most habitual to our Bodies, because they are just of the heat of our Bload.

8. All opening Medicines, and fuch as provoke Urine, or the Terms, or break the Stone, may ness conveniently be given in white it ine, because white it ine of it self is of an opening Nature, and clenseth the Reins gallantly.

9. Let all fuch Medicines as are taken to flop fluces or loofness, be taken before meat, about an how before, more or less, that so they may strengthen the algestion and retentive faculty, before the Food come into the Stomath: But such as are subject to vomit up their meat, let them take such Medicines as stay vomiting presents of they may close up the manth of the someth; and that is the reason why usually men eat a bit of these safer meat, because by its sowrness and binding it closes the mouth of the stomach, thereby staying belching and vomiting.

10. In taking Purges be very carefull, and that you may be fosblerve these Rules,

1. Consider what the humor offending is, and let the Medicine be such as purgeth that humor, else will you weaken Nature, not the Disease.

2. Take notice, if the humor you would purge out be thin, then gentle Medicines will ferve the turn, but if it be tough and viscous, take such Medicines as are enting and opening the night before you would take the Purge.

3. In purging tough humors, forbear as much as may be fuch dedicines as leave a binding quality bebind them.

4. Have a care of taking Purges when your Body is aftringent; your best way, is first to open it by a Clyster.

5. In taking opining Medicines, you may fafely take them at night, eating but a light supper three or four hours before, and the next morning drinking a draught of warm Posses, and the next morning drinking a draught of warm Posses. In this manner you may take Lenitive Electuary, Discatholicon, Pulp of Cassia, and the like gentle Electuaries, as also all Pills that have neither Disgrydium nor Colocynthis in them. But all violent Purges require a due or dering of the Body, such ought to be taken in the morning after you are up, and not to sleep after them before they have done working, at least before night; two hours after you have taken them, drink a draught of warm Posses drink, or Broath, and six hours after cat a bit of alutton, often washing about the Chamber; let there be a good fire in the Chamber, and sir not out of the Chamber till the Purge have done working, or not till next day.

Lastly, Take sweating Medicines when you are in bed, covered warm, and in the time of your sweating drink Posset-drink as hot at you can drink it; if you sweat for a Feaver, best Sorrel and red Sage in your Posset-drink, sweat an bown erlonger if your strength will permit, then (the chamber being kept very warm) shift your self all but your Head, about which (the Cap which you sweat in being still kept an) wrap a Naphin very hot, to repell the vapors back.

I confess these, or many of these Directions may be found in one place of the Book or other, and I delight as little to write tautology as another, but the Printer desiring they should be put here, and I considering it might make for the publick good, inserted them; if notwithstanding any will be so mad to do themselves a mischief, the fault is not mine.



The





The TRANSLATORS PREFACE to the Catalogue of SIMPLES.

*** Efore I begin the Catalogue, I thought good to pres mife a few words to the Reader.

1. Let him have a care he mistake not one thing for Flowers: If he cast but his eye up to the top of the Page he

Chall there fee which it is.

2. Let a due time be observed (cases of necessity excepted) in gathering all Simples ; for which take these few Rules. The time to gather all roots is before the hearb run up to feed, for then they are softest, as you may see by Radishes, carrots, parsneps &c. the roots of which, you may perceive hard when they run up to feed and not because the sap is then in the root, as the vulgar hold; for if the sap rose and fell as they hold, then the root must grow in winter only, as the branches do in Summer, which experience will show to be falce; for the root grows only in Summer, as the branches doe; you see what a wooden Docter Tradition is: Would not this make every one endevour to Study a reason for what he doeth? and see how our forefathers have been lead by the noses by Tradition. The truth is, it is the Sun is the author of life and growth to the wholl Creation, he was ordained of God for that end; when he comes on this fide of the Equator, the trees spring, when he passeth to the south side of the Equator they loose their verdant color and growth also till the revolution of time bring his presence to revive them; but enough of this in this place.

Herbs are to be gathered when they are fullest of juyce which is, before thy run up to seed; and if you gather them in a hot sunshine day, they will not be so subject to putrisse : the best way to dry them, is in the Sun, according to Dr. REASON, though not according to

E Dr. TRA-

Dr. TRADITION: Such Herbs as remaine green all the year, or are very full of juyce, it were a folly to dry at all, but gather them only for present use, as Housleek, Scurvy-graß &c.

Let Flowers be gathered when they are in their prime, in a sunspine day, and dried in the sun. Let the Seeds be perfectly ripe be-

fore they be gathered.

3. Let them be kept in a dry place; for any moisture, though it be but a moist air, corrupts them, which if perceived in time, the beams of the Sun will refresh the hearbs and flowers and do the Sun no harm.

4. Take notice, that only the Latin Names, were quoted by the Colledg, & are to beseen at the beginning of each Simple, in a different Letter; the English Name, together with the Temperature, and Vertues, were added by the Translator, for the publick good.

5. All the Latin Names to one Herb are not set down, most of which are superfluous, some ridiculous, some Idolatrous; as to attribute one Herb, to the Virgin Mary, another to St. Peter, and a third to St. Paul: Some blasshemous as to call one, the holy Ghost, another Allelujah, another, an Herb of the Trinity &c. So in the Compositions, To call an Oyntment, the Oyntment of the Apostles: to call one Plaister, Divine, another, Holy, a third, the grace of God. The Colledge might have been ashamed of it if they had ever come where shame grew: but, .1. The Heathen they dedicated herbs and trees to their Gods. 2. the Papists they must follow their patriarks and dedicate them to their Saints; Ours having not wit enough to find out a third, (for their wits were in print before they were born) they follow the Papists as their holy Fathers as in absconding their art so in their blasshemies, see how one sin ushers in another.



CATALOGUE OFTHE SIMPLES CONDUCING TO THE DISPENSATORY.

ROOTS.



Brance Ursina. Of Bears-breech, or Brank-urfine ; it is meanly hot and dry, it helps ach and numnels of the joynts, and is of a binding quality, good for wounds and bro-

ken bones. Dioscorides faith, they are profitable for Ruptures, or fuch as are burften, or burnt with fire, a drachm of the Root in Pouder being taken in the morning fasting, in a Decoction made with the same Root and Water.

Acari, Veri, Perigrini vulgaris, &c. See Calamus Arematicus. I shall not, nor dare not make a long Paraphrase about the forts of it, one of which is Water-flag, or Flower-de-luce, which is hot and dry in the (cond degree, binds, ftrengthens, ftops fluxes of the belly, and immoderate flowing of the terms in women, 2 drachm being taken in red wine every morning.

Allium. Garlick. It is hot and dry in the fourth degree, breeds naughty and corrupt blood, yet is an tnemy to all Poylons, and fach as are bitten by cold venemous bealts, viz. Adders, Toads, Spiders, &c. it provokes urin, and expels

Althere. Of Marshmallows : are meanly hot, of a digesting foftning nature, ease pains, help bloody fluxes, the stone and gravel; being bruised and well boyled in Milk, and the Milk drunk, is a gallant Remedy for the gripings of the belly, and the Bloody flux: If a Feaver accompany the Discase, boyl a handful of common Mallow leaves with a handful of these Roots.

Angelica. Of Angelica; is hot and dry in the third degree, strengthens the heart exceedingly, and is a fingular remedy against pestilence and poylon, half a drachm taken in the morning fafting.

Anchuse. Of Alkanet; cold and dry, bin-

ding, good for old Ulcers.

Anthora. An outlandish root, the counterpoylon for Monkshood, it is an admirable remedy for the wind-chollick, and refifts poylon. They that would know more of it, let them reade Guainerius, and Solerius, both which lived neer the places where it plentifully grew-

Apii. Of Smallage. See the Barks. Ariftolochia. Of Birthwort: of which are three forts, long, round, and climing: All hot and dry in the third degree.

The long, being drunk in Wine, brings a- Disfeoriway both birth and after-birth, and whattoever des. a carelels Midwife hath left behind.

Galen.

The round, being drunk with Wine, helps | (befides the former) stuffings of the lungues, hardifels of the spleen, ruptures, convulsions;

both of them refift poylon.

I never read any use of the climing Birthwort. Artanica, Cyclaminis, &c, Of Sowbread : hot and dry in the third degree, a most violent purge, dangerous; outwardly applied to the place, it profits much in the bitings of venemous beafts, also being hung about women in labor, it causeth speedy deliverance. See the

Arundinis, Vallatoria, & Saccharina. Of common Reeds and fugar Reeds. The Roots of common Reeds applied to the place draw out thorns, eafe sprains; the ashes of them mixed with Vinegar, take fourf, or dandrif off from the head, and prevent the falling off of the hair, they are hot and dry in the second degree, according

to Galen.

I would not have the Reader build too much confidence upon the degrees of temperature (or more properly intemperature) neither of this, or any other Simple, because most of them are quoted by Outlandish Authors ; and out of queltion the difference of the climate may fomthing alter their temperature in degree.

I never read any vertue of the Root of Sugar

Cane.

Ari, &c. Of Cuckow-pints, or Wake-Robin, hot and dry in the third degree. I know no great good they do inwardly taken, unless to play the rogue withal, or make sport : outwardly applied, they take off Scurf, Morphew, or Freekles from the face, and cleer the skin, and case the pains of the Gout.

Asclepiadis, vincetoxici. Of Swallow-wort, hot and dry, good against poylon, and gripings of the belly, as also against the bitings of mad-

dogs, taken inwardly.

Afari. Of Afarabacca : the Roots are a fafer purge than the Leaves and not fo violent, I do not much fancy any of them both, ignorant people had better let them alone than be too bufie with what they have no skill in ; they purge by vomit, stool, and urine, they are profitable for such as have Agues, Dropties, stoppings of the Liver, or Spleen, green fickness.

Albaragi. Of Sparagus, or Sperage: they are temperate in quality, opening, they provoke strine, and cleanse the reins and bladder, being boyled in white wine, and the wine drunk.

Affikedeli, Hafte Regie, fiem. Of Kings fpear, or formale Aiphodel. I know no physical use of the Roots, probably there is: for I do not beleeve God created any thing of no use.

Afphodels, Albuci, maris, of male Afphodel. Hot and and dry in the second degree. Inwardly taken, they provoke vomit, urine, and the terms in women : onewardly used in Oyntments, they cause hair to grow, clease Ulcers, take a-way Morphew and Freekles from the face.

Bardana &c. Of Bur, Clot-bur, or Burdes. dock, temperately hot and dry. Helps such as Apuleius. Spit blood and matter, brüssed and mixed wish

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falt and applied to the place, helps the bitings of mad-dogs. It expels wind, eafeth pains of the teeth, firengthens the back, helps the running of the reins, and the whites in women, being taken inwardly.

Beben, alb. vub. Of Valerian, white and red. MeJue, Serapio and other Arabians say they are hot and moift, in the latter end of the first, or beginning of the second degree, and comfort the heart, stir up lust. The Gracians held them to be dry in the second degree, that they stop fluxes, and provoke urine.

Bellidis. Of Dacies. See the Leaves.

Beta, nigra, alba, rubra. Of Beets, black, white, and red; as for black Beets I have nothing to fay, I doubt they are as rare as black Swans. The red Beet root boyled and preferved in Vinegar, makes a fine cool, pleafing, clenfing, digefting fawce. See the Leaves.

Bifterte cor. Of Biftort, or Snakeweed, cold and dry in the third degree, binding, the quantity of half a dram at a time taken inwardly, refift peltilence and poyton, helps ruptures, and bruiics, states fluxes, vomiting, and immoderate flowing of the terms in women, helps inflamations and foreness of the mouth, and fastens loofe teeth, being bruifed and boyled in white Wine and the mouth washed with it-

Borraginis. Of Borrage, hot and moist in Diojectithe first degree, cheers the heart, helps drooping de.

Brigae &c. Of Brigny both white and black, they are both hot and dry, some fay in the third degree, and some fay, but in the first : they purge flegm and watry humors, but they trouble the flomach much, they are very good for drophes; the white is most in use, and is admirable good for the fits of the Mother ; both of them externally used, take away Freckles, Sunburning and Morphew from the face, and clenic filthy Ulcers: It is but a churlish purge, but being let alone, can do no harm-

Buglossi. Of Buglos: Its vertues are the fame with Borrage, and the Roots of either fel-

dom used.

Bulbus Vemitorius. A vemiting Root : Incver read of it elfewhere by this general name-

Calami Aromatici. Of Aromatical Reed, or fweet garden flag : It provokes Urine, ftreng-thens the lungues, helps bruiles, refifts poylon, &c. being taken inwardly in pouder, the quantity of half a drachm at a time. In beating of it be very speedy, for the strength will quickly fly out. You may mix it with Syrup of Violets, if your body be feaverish.

Capparum. Of Cappar Roots. Are hot and dry in the second degree, cutting and clenting ; they provoke the Terms, help malignant Ulcers, case the Toothach, asswage Swellings, and help

the Rickets. See Oyl of Cappers.
Carrophillata &c. Of Avens, or Herb Bennet. The Roots are dry, and fomthing hot, of a cleaning quality, they keep garments from being moth-eaten. See the Leaves.

Caulium. Of Coleworts. I knownothing

Dioscori-

the herbs and flowers.

Centaury Majoris. Of Centaury the greater. The Roots help such as are bursten, such as spit blood, thrinking of finews, thornnels of wind, Coughs, Convultions, Cramps: half a drachm in pouder being taken inwardly, either in Muichadel, or in a Decoction of the same Roots-They are either not at all, or very scarce in England, our Centaury is the final Centaury.

Cepe. Of Onions. Are hot and dry (according to Galen) in the fourth degree : they cause drines, and are extreamly hurtful for cholerick people, they breed but little nourishment, and that little is naught ; shey are bad meat, yet good Phytick for flegmatick people, they are cpening, and provoke Urine, and the terms, if cold be the cause obstructing; bruised and outwardly applied, they cure the bitings of mad dods; rofted and applied, they help Boils, and Aposthumes; raw, they take the fire out of burnings; but ordinarily eaten, they cause head-ach, spoil the fight, dull the sences, and fill the

body full of wind. Chameleontis albi nigri &c. Of Chameleon white and black. Tragus calleth the Carline Thiftle by the name of white Chameleon, the root whereof is hot in the fecond degree, and dry in the third; it provokes fweat, kils worms, relifts peltilence and poylon, it is given with fuecels in peltilential feavers, helps the toothach, by being chewed in the mouth, opens the floppings of the Liver and Spleen, it provokes urine, and brings down the terms : give but little of it at a time, by reason of its heat. As for the black Chemeleon, All Physicians hold it to have a kind of venemous quality, and unfit to be used inwardly, both Galen, Clusters, Nicander, Dioscorides, and Agmeta. Outwardly in Oyntments, it is profitable for Scabs, Morphew, Tetters, &c. and all things that need clenning.

Chelidonij, majoris, minoris. Of Celondine, the greater and leffer: The greater is that which we usually call Celondine: The Root is manifeftly hot and dry, clenfing and fcouring, proper for such as have the yellow Jaundice, it opens obstructions of the Liver; being boyled in white Wine, and the Decoction drunk; and if chewed in the mouth it helps the tooth-ach.

Celondine the leffer is that which usually we call Pilewort, which though Galen, and Dio-fewides teach to be hot in the fourth degree, and might happily be so in those Countries where they lived, yet with us it scarce exceeds the first degree, the Juyce of the root mixed with Honey and fauffed up into the note, purgeth the Head, helps the Hemorrhoids or Piles being bathed with it, as also doth the root only carried about one, being made into an Oyntment helps the * difease in the neck commonly called the Kings

China, wonderfully extenumeth and drieth, provoketh (weat, refilleth putrefaction, ir ffrengthens the Liver, helps the Droptie and malignant Ulcers, Leprone, Itch, and French-pocks,

the Roots are good for, but only to bear the and is profitable in Diseases coming of fasting, It is commonly used in diet drinks for the premiles.

Cichorig. Of Succory; cools and dries in the fecond degree, ftrengthens the Liver and Veins, it opens obstructions, stoppings of the Liver and Spleen, being boyled in white Wine and the Decoction drunk.

Calchici. Of Meadow-Saffron. The Roots are held to be hurtful to the florach, therefore I let them alone.

Confolida, majoris, minoris. Confolida major, is that which we ordinarily call Comfry; it is of a cold quality, yet pretty temperate, of fuch a glattenous quality that according to Dioferrides. they will joyn meat together that is cut in funder, if they be boyled with it; it is excellent for all wounds, both internal and external, for spitting of blood, Ruptures or Burstness, pains in the back, it strengthens the Reins, it stops the Terms, and helpeth Hemorrhoids. The way to use them is to boyl them in water and drink the Decoction.

Consolida minor, is that we call Self-heal, and the Latins Prunella. See the Herb.

Costi utrinfque. Of Costus both forts, being Roots coming from beyond Sea, bot and dry, break wind, being boyld in Oyl, it is held to help the Gout by anointing the grieved place with it.

Cucumeris a greffis, Of wild Cucumer Roots, oc Cowcumber as the vulgar call them; they purge flegm, and that with such violence, that I would advise the Country man that knows not how to correct them, to let them alone.

Cinare &c. Of Artichokes. The Root purgeth by Urin, whereby the rank favor of the body is much amended.

Cynogloff's &c. Of Houndstong. Cold and dry : being roafted and laid to the fundament, helps the Hemorrhoids, is also good against burnings and Scaldings.

Curcume. Of Turmerick, hor, in the third degree, opens obstructions, is profitable against the yellow Jaundice, and cold distempers of the Liver and Spleen, half a drachm being taken at night going to bed in the pulp of a rolled Apple, and if you ad a little Saffron to it, it will be the better by far-

Cyperi utriusque, longi, rotundi. Of Cyperus grals, or English Galanga, both sorts, long and round; is of a warming nature, provokes urine, breaks the Stone, provokes the Terms; the Athes of them (being burnt) is used for Ulcers in the mouth, Cankers, &c.

Dauci. Of Carrots. Are moderately hot and moift, breed but little nourifhment, and it extream windy; I omit what vertues Galen writes of them, as being confident there was such a difference between them, that our Carrots will never answer those effects, or if any do, 'tis the wild kind.

Dentaria majoris &c. Of Tooth-wort, toothed Violets, or Coral-wort; they are drying, binding, and firengthening; are good to cale

* Scrophula.

Mathio-

lus. Dio(co-

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pains in the fides and bowels; also being boyled, the Decection is faid to be good to wash green Wounds and Ulcers with-

Distanni. Of Dittany : is hot and dry in the third degree, haftens travail in women, provokes

the Terms. (See the Leaves.)

Devenisi. Of Doronicum, a supposed kind of Wolf-bane : I am of opinion that Serapio and Avicensa and other Arabian Phylitians did not intend that Root we now use for Doronicum when they wrote so much against it, I shall adhear to the judgment of Gefner, which is verified by dayly experience; It is hot and dry in the third degree, strengthens the heart, is a soveraign cordial, and prefervative against the Pestilence; It helps the Vertigo or fwimming of the head, is admirable against the bitings of Venemous beafts, and fuch as have taken too much Opium, as also for Lethargies, the Juyce helps hot Rhewms in the eyes; a scruple of the Root in pouder is enough to take at one time.

Dracontil, Dracunculi. Diverse Authors attribute divers Herbs to this name, it is most probable to me that they mean Dragons, the Roots of which cleanse mightily, and take away proud, or dead flesh, the very smell of them is hurtful for women with Child; outwardly in Oyntments, they take away Scurf, Morphew, and Sunburning; I would not wish any unless very well read in Physick, to take them inwardly.

Ebuli. Of Dwarf Elder, Walwort, or Danewort; hot and dry in the third degree; the Roots are as gallant a purge for the Dropfie as any is under the Sun, which befides the Authority of the Ancient, was often proved by the never dying Dr. Butler of Cambridg, as my felf have it in a Manuscript of his. You may take a drachm or two drachms (if the Patient be

ftrong) in white Wine at a tim-

Echij. Of Vipers Bugloss, or Wild Bugloss: I warrant you if Authors had not differed about this herb, the Colledg would have fet down five or fix names to have explained their meaning, as they usually do where they need not : I have fet down the most utual name, and alwaics quote the vertues to what I fet down: They fay the root of this being carried in ones hand, no venemous beaft will bite him, (and so they say of Dragons which I forgot before) fo that you may walk without danger amongst Adders, Vipers, and Serpents; (but I beleeve you had best have a care you do not tread upon them): this root is cold and dry, good for such as are bitten by venemous beafts, either being boiled in Wine and drunk, or bruifed and applied to the place; being also boiled in Wine and drunk, it encreaseth milk in Nurses.

Ellebori, Veratri, albi, nigri. Of Helle-bore, white and black. The root of white Hellebore, or Sneezwort, being grated and fnuffed up the nofe, caufeth Sneezing, kills Rats, and Mice, being mixed with their meat: it is but a feurvy, churlish Medicine, being taken inwardly, and therefore better let alone than used; and yet Dr.Bright commends it for such as are mad

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through Melancholly. Others are of opinion fach harsh Medicines are not convenient for so fellen an humor, and of that opinion am I my felf: If you will use it, for sneezing, let your head and neck be wrapped hot for fear of cat-

ching cold.

Black Hellebore, Bears foot, or Christmas flower; both this and the former are hot and dry in the third degree. This is nothing fo violent nor dangerous as the former , Both Galen, and Julius Alexandrinus, report the roots of this boiled in Vineger to be an admirable remedy against inveterate Scabs, Itch and Leprosie, the same helps the Tooth-ach, being held in the mouth, and dropped into the ears, help deafnels coming of Melancholly, and notife in the ears; a You must a corrected with a little Cionamon (in pouder) bost them it purgeth Melancholly, refifteth Madnels. Al- but very fo Pliny, Abfyrtus, and Columella, affirm that little, a piece of root put into a hole made in the ear of for the a beaft troubled with the Cough ,or that hath ta- fivength ken any poylon, and drawn quite through next will day about that time, helpeth them : out of que-fly out in flion it is a special thing to rowel Cattel with- vapor.

Enule Campane, Helenij. Of Elecampone. Is hot and dry in the third degree, wholfom for the stomach, relists poylon, helps old Coughs and thoreness of breath, helps Ruptures and provokes lust: in Oyntments, it is good against

Scabs and Itch.

Endivise &c. Of Endive. Garden Endive which is the root here specified, is held to be fomewhat colder, though not fo dry and cleanfing as that which is wild, it cools hot flomachs, hot livers, amends the blood corrupted by heat, and therefore must needs be good in Feavers ; it cools the Reins, and therefore prevents the Stone, it opens obstructions and provokes Urine, you may bruife the root and boyl it in white wine, 'tis very harmless.

Evingij. Of Eringo, or Sea-holy: the roots are moderately hot, something drying and clenfing, bruifed and applied to the place, they help the Scrophula, or difeace in the throat called the Kings Evil, they break the Stone, encrease feed,

ftir up luft, provoke the Terms &c.

Efula, majoris, minoris. Of Spurge the greater and leffer; they are both (taken inwardly) too violent for a vulgar use 3 outwardly in Oyntments they clenie the Skin, and take away

funburning.

Filieis &c. Fearn, of which are two grand diflinctions, viz male and feemale; I suppose they intend the male here, because they adjoyn some other names to it, which the Greeks attributed only to the male, the formale is that which we in Suffex call Brakes; both of them are hot and dry, and excilent good for the Rickets in children, and difeases of the Spleen, but dangerous for women with child.

Filipendula. Of Dropwort, Theroots are hot and dry in the third degree, opening, clenfing, yet fomewhat binding, they provoke Urine, case pains in the bladder, and are a good

preservative against the Falling sickness.

Faniculi. Of Fennl: The root is hot and dry, fome fay in the third degree, opening ; it provokes Urine, and the Terms, ftrengthens the Liver, and is good against the dropsic.

Fraxini. Of Ath-tree. I know no great ver-

tues in Phylick of the roots.

Galanga, majoris, minoris. Galanga com-monly called Galingal, the greater and leffer: They are hot and dry in the third degree, and the leffer are accounted the hotter, it flrengthens the flomach exceedingly, and takes away the Mathiolus pains thereof coming of cold or wind, the finel of it strengthens the brain, it releeves faint hearts, takes away windiness of the womb, heats the Reins, and provokes luft: you may take half a drachm at a time.

* Gentius Gentiana, Of Gentian, called fo from * his a Prince. name that first found it out, some call it Felwort, and Baldmoney. It is hot, clenfing, and fcouring, a notable counterpoylon, it opens obstructions, helps the bitings of venemous beatls, and mad dogs, helps digeftion, and clenfeth the body of raw humors; our Chyrurgians use the root in form of a tent, to open the fore, they are also very profitable for Ruptures, or such as

are burft,

Glycyrhize. Of Liquoris; the best that is grows in England: it is bot and moist in temperature, helps the roughness of the Windpipe, Hoarineis, diseases in the Kidnies, and Bladder, and ulcers in the Bladder, (which in my opinion is a very difficult thing to cure, although curable) it concocts raw humors in the Romach, helps difficulty of breathing, is profirable for all falt humors; the root dried and beaten into pouder and the pouder put into the eye, is a special remedy for a Pin and a Web.

Graminis. Of Grals, such as in London they call Couch-Grass, and Squitch-grass, in Suffex Dog-Grafs. It gallantly provokes Urine, and eaferh the Kidnies oppressed with Gravel, gri-pings of the belly, and difficulty of Urine. Let such as are troubled with these Diseases, drink a draught of white Wine, wherein these Roots (being bruised) have been boyled for their mornings draught; if they find case, let them thank God, if not, let them blame me. Brussed and applied to the place, they speedily help green

Hermodalisti. Of Hermodaltils. They are hot and dry, purge flegm, especially from the joynts, therefore are good for Gours, and other Difeates in the Joynts. Their vices are corrected with long Pepper, Ginger, Cinnamon, or Maffich: I would not have unskilful people too

bufie with Parges. Hyacinchi. Of Jacinths: The Roots are

dry in the first degree, and cold in the second;

they stop looiness, bind the belly.

Iridu, vulgaru, & Florentine, &c. Otris, or Flower-de-luce (after the French name) both that which grows with us, and that which comes from Florence. They are hot and dry in the third degree, relift poyton, help shortness of the

breath, provoke the terms; the Root being green and bruifed, takes away blackness and blewness of a stroke being applied thereto.

Imperitorise &c. Of Masterwort. The Root is hot and dry in the third degree; mitigates the rigor of agues, helps Dropfies, provokes Sweat, breaks Carbuncles, and Plague-fores being applied to them; it is very profitable being given inwardly in bruifes.

Ifatidis, Glasti. Of Word. I know no great Physical vertue in the Root. See the Herb.

Labri Veneris, Dipfaci. Fullers-Thiffle Teazle. The Root being boyled in Wine till it be thick (quoth Dioscovides) helps by unction the clefts of the Fundament, as also takes away Warts and Wens. Galen faith, they are dry in the second degree; and I take it all Authors hold them to be cold and dry.

Lastuca. Of Lettice, I know no Physical

vertue refiding in the Roots.

Lauri. Of the Bay-tree. The Bark of the Root, drunk with Wine, provokes Urine, breaks the Stone, opens obstructions of the Liver and Galen. Spleen. But according to Diofeorides is naught

for women with Child.

Lapathi acuti, Oxylapathi. Sorrel, according to Galen: but Sharp-pointed-Dock, according to Diofcorides: But which the Colledg intends, I know not. The Roots of Sorrel are held to be profitable against the Jaundice. Of Sharppointed Dock; clenie, and helps Scabs, and

Levistici, Of Lovage. They are hot and dry, and exceeding good for any dileales coming of

Lillis albi. Of white Lillies. The Root is fomthing hot and dry, helps Burnings, foftens the Womb, provokes the Terms; if boyled in Wine, is given with good success in rotten Feavers, Pestilencus, and all Diseases that require suppuration: (it being outwardly applied) helps Ulcers in the head, and amends the ill colour of the face.

Malve. Of Mallows. They are cool, and digefting, relift Poylon, and help Errofions, or gnawing of the bowels, or any other part; as alfo Ulcers in the Bladder. See Marth-mallows.

Mandagovæ. Of Mandrakes. A Root dangerous for its coldness, being cold in the fourth degree, the Root is scarcy, and dangerous for the vulgar to use; therefore I leave it to those that have skill.

Mechoachane. Of Mechoscan. It is corrected with Cinnamon, is temperate, yet drying, purgeth flegm chiefly from the head and joynts, it is good for old diseases in the head, and may fafely be given even to Feaverish bodies, because of its temperature, it is also profitable against Coughs and pains in the Reins; as also against the French-Pox: the strong may take a dram at

Mes &c. Spignel. The Roots are hot and dry in the second or third degree, and send up unwholfom vapors to the head; and therefore feeing God hath alootted fuch plentiful Remedy

Galen. Diofcorides.

for those maladies, this Root conduceth to the cure of a I pass it by with filence.

Mezeri &c. Of Spurge Olive, or Widdowwail. See the Herb, if you think it worth the

feeing.

Merorum Celci. Of the Mulberry-tree. The bark of the Root is bitter, hot and dry, opens stoppings of Liver and Spleen, purgeth the belly, and kills worms, boyled in Vinegar, helps the tooth-ach.

Morfus Diaboli, Succefe &c. Devils bit.

Nardi Spica, Indica, Celtica. Of Spiknard, Indian, and Celtique. Celtick Nard, according to Randelitius wenderfully provokes Urine. They are both hot and dry, but I let the degree alone, till the Learned are agreed about it: The Indian also provokes Urine, and stops sluxes, helps windiness of the Stomach, resisted the perfulence, helps gnawing pains of the Stomach, and dries up Rhewms that molest the head. The Celtick Spicknard performs the same offices though in a weaker measure.

Nenupharis, Nymphe. Of Water-Lillies. They are cold and dry, and stop lust: I never dived so deep to find any other versue the Roots

Ononidis, Arrefte Bows & c. Of Cammock, or Reft-Harrow: so called because it makes Oxen stand still when they are ploughing. The Roots are flor and dry in the third degree; it breaks the Stone, (2017, the bark of it) the Root it felf, according to Pliny, helps the Falling-sickness, according to Mathiolus, helps Ruptures; you may take half a dram at a time.

Offratij. Mafterwort: given once before under the name of Imperitoria. But I have somthing else to do than to write one thing twice as they did.

Patimata, Sativa, & filvelini. Garden and wild Parinips. They are of a temperate quality, enclining something to heat: the Garden Parinips provoke luft, and nourish as much and more too, than any Root ordinarily caten; the Wild are more Phylical, (and so are usually all Wild Plants, I could give reasons for it if I durft spend time and paper) being cutting, clensing, and opening; they resist the bitings of venemous beafts, case pains and stitches in the sides, and are a soveraign Ramedy against the Wind Chollick.

Pentaphylli. Of Cinkfoyl! Commonly called Five-leaved, or Five-lingered grafs; the Root is very drying, but very moderately hot: It is admirable against all Fluxes, and stops blood flowing from any part of the body, it helps infirmities of the Liver and Lungues, helps putrified ulcers of the mouth, the Root boyled in Vinegar is good against the Shingles, and appealeth the rage of any fretting forces. You may fafely take a drachm at a time in any convenient Liquor.

Petaeire. Of Butter-bur. The Roots are hot and dry in the fecond degree, they are exceeding good in violent and petillential Feavers, they

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provoke the Terms, expel Poylon, and kill Worms.

Peucedani, faniculi porcini. Of Sulphurwort, Hog-fennel, or Hore-strange. It is very good applied to the navils of Children that stick out, Ruptures; held in the mouth, it is a present Remedy for the firs of the Mother; it being tataken inwardly, gives speedy deliverance to women in travail, and brings away the after-birth.

Provine, mais, famelle. Of Peony, male, and feemale. They are meanly hot, but more drying, the male is more effectual in operation than the feemale (fay Authors) and yet quoth Dr. Keafen, why should not the male be belt for men, and the feemale for women? The Rooe helps women not sufficiently purged after travail, it provokes the Terms, and helps pains in the Belly, as also in the Reins and Bladder, Falling-ficknies, and Convulsions in children, being either taken inwardly or hung about their necks. You may take half a drachm at a time, and less for children.

Phu, Valerine, majoris, minoris. Valerian, or Setwal, greater and leffer. They are temperately hot, the greater provoke Urine and the Terms, helps the Strangury, fluies Rhewms in the Head, and takes away the pricking pains thereof. The leffer refifts Poyfon, affwageth the fwelling of the Cods, coming either through wind or cold, helps cold taken after fweating or labor, Wind Chollick; outwardly it draws out thorns, and cures both Wounds and Ulcers.

Pimpinella* &c. Of Burnet. It doth this

good, To bring forth a gallant Physical Herb.
Plantaginus. Of Plantane. The Root is fomthing dryer than the Leaf, but not so cold, it opens stoppages of the Liver, helps the Jaundice and Ulcers of the Reins and Bladder. Dioscioles affirmeth that one Root helpeth a Quartan, which though our late writers hold to be fabulous, yet there may be a greater truth in it than they are aware of; yet I am as both to make Superstition a soundation to build on as any of them, let Experience be Judg, and then we weigh not modern Jury Men. A little bit of the Root being esten, instantly staies pains in the Head, even to admiration.

Polypodij. Of Polypodium, or Fearn of the Oak. It is a gallant, though gentle purger of Melancholly; Alio in the opinion of Melue (as famous a Phylitian as ever I read for a Gallenist) it dries up superfluous Humors, takes awayswellings from the hands, feet, knees, and joynts, stitches, and pains in the sides, infirmities of the Spicen, Rickets: correct it with a few Annis seeds, or Fennel seeds, or a little Ginger, and then the stomach will not loath it. Your best way of taking it, is to braise it well, and boyl it in white Wine till half be consumed, you may put in much, or little, according to strength of the Disessed, it works very fistly. I can give no better reason why Polypodium of the Oak should be the best, unless because 'tis rarest, it draws either very little sap from the Oak, or

none

none at all; or if it did, the renson were as far to feek. I am of opinion, that which grows on the ground is the best to evacuate Melancholly,

but it is more Sympathetical.

Poligonati, sigilli Salamonis &c. Of Solo-mons Seal. Les it be no dishonor to Galen nor Dioscorides that English men have found out in late daies that these Roots may safely be given inwardly; Intruth they may be excused if the difference of the climates they and we lived, and now live in, be but confidered, neither I hope will my Country men blame me for following only Dr. Experience in the vertues of this Root: stamped and boyled in Wine it speedily helps (being drunk I mean, for it will not do the deed by looking upon it) all broken bones, it is of an incredible vertue that way; as also being stamped and applyed to the place, it soon heals all Wounds, and quickly takes away the black and blew marks of blows, being bruifed and applied to the place, and for these, I am perswaded there is not a better Medicine under the Sun (or as Copernicus and Kipler will have it above the Sun.)

Porri. Of Leeks. They fay they are hot and dry in the fourth degree, they breed but ill favo-red nourithment at the best, they spoil the eyes, heat the body, cauf troubleforn fleep, and are noifom to the ftomach, yet are they good for some-thing else (than only to slick in Welchmens hats) for the juyce of them dropped into the ears, takes away the noise of them, mixed with a little Viniger and inuffed up the note, it states the bleeding of it; they are better of the two boiled then raw, but both waies exceeding hurtfull for Ulcers in the bladder; and so are Onions

and Garlick.

Prunellorum Silvestrium. Of Slo-bush, or Slo-tree. I think the Colledge set this amongst the roots only for fashion sake, and I did it be-

cause they did.

Pyvethri Salivaris &c. Pelitory of Spain. It is hot and dry in the fourth degree, chewed in the mouth, it draws away Rewm in the Tooth-ach; bruised and boiled in oyl, it provokes sweat by unction; inwardly taken, they say it helps Pal sies and other cold effects in the brain and nerves.

Rhapantici. Reupontick, or Reubarb of Pontus. It takes away windiness, and weakness of stomach, fighings, lobbings, spittings of blood, difcases of the Liver and Spleen, Rickets &c. if you take a dram at a time it will purge a little but bind much, and therefore fit for foul bodies that

have fluxes.

Rhaharbari, Of Reubarb. It gently purgeth Choller from the Homach and liver, opens froppings, withflands the Dropfie, Hypocondriack Melancholly, a little boyling takes away the verrue of it, and therefore it is belt given by infufion only; If your body be any thing fireng you may take two drams of it at a time being flifed thin and steeped all night in white Wine, in the morning strain it out and drink the white Wine; it purgeth but gently, it leaves a binding

quality behind it, therefore dryed a little by the fire and beaten into pouder, it is usually given

Rhaphani, Domestice & Stvestris. Of Radifhes, Garden and Wild. Garden Radishes provoke Urine, break the ftone, and purge by urine exceedingly, yet breed very bad blood, are offensive to the ftomach, and hard of digeftion, hot and dry in quality. Wild, or Horse Radifhes, fuch as grow in ditches, are hotter and drier than the former, and more effectual in the

Rhodie Rad. Rose Root, called (I suppose) by that name because of its sweetness. Stamped and applied to the head it mitigates the pains thereof, being fomewhat cool in quality.

Rhabarbari Monachorum. Patience, Monks-Reubarb, or BastardReubarb, It also purgeth, clenseth the blood, opens obstructions of the

Rubise tinctorum. Of Maddir. In this were Galen and Diofeorides quite beside the cushion, in taying this root was opening, and clenfing, when clean contrary ; it is both drying and binding, yet not without fome opening quality, for it helps the Yellow Jaundice, and therefore opens the obstructions of the Liver and Gall; it is given with good success to such as have had bruiles by falls, stops Looiness, the Hemor-rhoids, and the Terms in women-

Rufei. Of Knee-holly, or Butchers-broom, or Bruscus. They are meanly hot and dry, provoke urine, break the stone, and help such as cannot pils freely. Vie them like grafs roots.

Sambuci. Of Elder. I know no wonders the root will do.

Sarfe-Pariglie, Of Sarfa-Parilla, or bind-weed; fomewhat hot and dry, helpful against pains in the head, and joynts, they provoke iwear,

and are used familiarly in drying Diet drinks.

Satyrin utviusque. Of Satyrion, each fort.

They are hot and moist in temper, provoke luft, and encrease iced; each branch beareth two roots, both spongy, yet the one more folid than the o-ther, which is of most vertue, and indeed only to be used, for some say the most spongy root is quite contrary in operation to the other, as the one increaseth, the other decreaseth; yet if in your eye they contend for dignities, put them both in water, and the most solid which is for use will fink, the other swim.

Saxifragie alba. Of white Saxifrage; in Suffex we call them Lady-imocks. The roots owerfully break the Stone, expel wind, provoke Urine, and cleanfe the reins.

Sanguiforbe. A kind of Burnet.
Scabiofer Of Scabious. The roots either boyled or beaten into pouder and so taken, helps fuch as are extreamly troubled with Scabs and Itch, are medicinal in the French-pocks, hard fwellings, inward wounds, being of a drying, clenfing, and healing faculty.

Seardij. Of Scordium, or Water-Germander, See the Herb.

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Seithe. Of Squils. See the Vineger, and Wine | fwest, flairs vomiting, cheers the heart, expels of Squils in the Compounds.

Sevephularie &c. Of Figwort. The roots being of the same vertue with the herb, I refer

you thither.

Scorgonera. Of Vipers grafs. The root cheers the heart, and ftrengthens the vital spirits, relifts poylon, helps passions and tremblings of the heart, faintness, fadness, and melancholly, opens stoppings of the liver and spleensprovokes the terms, ealeth women of the fits of the mother, and helps fwimmings in the head.

Sefelees. Of Sefeli, or Han-wort. The roots provoke urine, helps the falling-fickness-

Sifari, fecacul. Of Scirrets. They are hot and moilt, of good nouriflment, fomething windy, as all roots are; by reason of which, they provoke luft, they ftir up apetitite, and provoke urine.

I hope I may without offence forbear mentioning, Comfry, and black Briony, twice, though the Colledg did not.

Sonchi. Of Sowthiftles. See the herb.

Spine Alba, Bedeguar. I scarce know what name to give it, that will please the Colledg; Our English, both physitians and Apothecaries, call that ball of threed that grows upon the Bryars, Bedeguar; but the Arabians called our Ladies thiftles, by that name; The roots of which are drying and binding, stops fluxes, bleeding, takes away cold fwellings, and cale the pains of the teeth.

Spatule foetide. Stinking Gladon, A kind of Flower-de-luce-, called to for its unfavory smel: It is not and dry in the third degree; outwardly they help the Kings Evil, foften hard fwellings, draw out broken bones: Inwardly taken, they help Convultions, Ruptures, Bruifes,

Infirimities of the Lungues.

Tamarifei. Of Tamaris. See the berbs, and Barks.

Tanateti. Of Tansie. The root eaten, is a singular remedy for the Gout: the rich may beflow the cost to preferve it.

Thapfi &c. A venemous root, outlandish:

therefore no more of it.

Termentille. Of Tormentil. A kind of Sinkfoil; dry in the third degree, but moderately hot; exceeding good in peftilences, provokes

poylon.

Trifolis. Of Trefoyl. See the Herb.
Tribuli Aquatici. Of Water Caltrops. The
roots lie too far under water for me to reach to.

Trachellij. Of Throatwort: by some called Canterbury Bels: by some Coventry Bels. They help diseases and ulcers in the throat.

Trinitatis beyba. Hearts-eafe, or Panfies. I know no great vertue they have.

Timicis. I shall tell you the vertues when I know what it is-

Tripolij. The root purgeth flegm, expels poy-

Turbith. The root purgeth flegm, (being hot in the third degree) chiefly from the exterior parts of the body: it is corrected with Ginger, or Mastick. Let not the vulger be to buse wish

Tubernum. Of Toad-stools. Whether these be roots or no, it matters not much: for my part I know but little need of them, either in food or Phyfick.

Victorialis. An Outlandish kind of Garlick. They say, being hung about the neck of Cattel that are blind suddenly, it helps them; and de-

fends those that bear it, from evil spirits.
Swallow-wort, and Teazles were handled be-

Ulmaria, Regina prati &c. Meadsweet. Cold and dry, binding, stops fluxes, and the immo-derate flowing of the terms in women: you may take a drachm at a time.

Urtice Of Nettles' See the Leaves.

Zedoaria. Of Zedoary, or Setwal,: This and Zurumber, according to Rhazu, and Mejue, are all one; Avicensa thinks them different: I hold with Mefue; indeed they differ in form, for the one is long, the other round; they are both hot and dry in the fecond degree, expel wind, refift poylon, ftop Fluxes, and the terms, ftay vomiting help the Chollick, and kill worms; you may take half a dram at a time.

Zingiberis. Of Ginger. Helps digettion, warms the flomach, cleers the fight, and is profitable for old men, heats the joynts, and therefore is profitable against the Gout, expels Wind;

it is hot and dry in the third degree.

BARKS.



BARKS.

A Pig Rad. Of the Roots of Smallage. Take notice here, That the Barks both of this Root, as also of Parsly, Fennel &c. is all that of the root which is in use, neither can it properly be called Bark, for it is all the Root, the hard pith in the middle excepted, which is alwaies thrown away, when the roots are used. It is something hotter and drier than Parsly, and more medicinal; it opens stoppings, provokes urin, helps digestion, expels wind, and warms a cold stomach: use them like Grass Roots.

Avellanarum. Of Hazel. The rind of the tree provokes Urine, breaks the Stone; the husks anp shels of the Nuts, dried and given in pouder, stay the immoderat flux of the terms in

Aurantionum. Of Orrenges. Both these, and also Lemmons and Citrons, are of different qualities, the outward bark, viz. what looks red, is hot and dry, the white is cold and moist, the juyce colder than it, the seeds hot and dry; the outward bark is that which here I am to speak to, it is somewhat hotter than that either of Lemmons or Citrons, therefore it warms a cold stomach more, and expels wind better, but it strengthens not the heart so much.

Berber &c. Barberries. The rind of the tree according to Cluffus, being steeped in Wine, and the Wine drunk, purgeth Choller, and is a singular remedy for the yellow Jaundice. Boil it in white Wine and drink it. See the Directions at the beginning.

ons at the beginning.

Caffia Lignea & L. It is something more oyly than Cinnamon, yet the vertues being not much different. I refer you thinker.

different, I refer you thither.

Capparis Rad. Of Caper Roots. See the Roots.

Castanearum. Of Chestnuts. The bank of the Chestnut tree is dry and binding, and stops Fluxes.

Cinnamonum. Cinnamom, and Caffia Liggers. Are hot and dry in the second degree, strengthens the stomach, helps digestion, causeth a sweet breath, results poyson, provokes urin, and the terms, causeth speedy delivery to women in travel, helps Coughs and Defluxions of humors upon the Lungs, Dropsies, and difficulty of Urin. In Ointments it takes away red pinsples, and the like deformities from the face.

There is fearce a better remedy for women in labor, than a drachm of Cinnamon newly beaten into pouder and taken in white Wine.

Citrij. Of Pome Citrons. The outward pill, which I suppose is that which is meant here: It strengthens the heart, resists poyson, amends a stinking breath, helps digestion, comforts a cold stomach.

Ebuli Rad. Of the Roots of Dwarf-Blder, or

Walwort. See the Roots.

Enule. Of Elecampane. See the Roots.

Efulæ Rad. See the Roots.

Faharum. Of Beans. Bean Cods (or Pods, as we in Suffex call them) being burned, the after are a fovereign remedy for aches in the joints, old bruifes, Gouts, and Sciaticaes.

Faniculi Rad. Of Fennel Roots. See the Roots, and remember the Observation given in Smallage at the beginning of the Barks.

Fraxiii Rad. Of the Bark of Ash tree Roots. That the vertue lies only in the Bark of the Root, I suppose it to be only nicety: but the Bark of the tree, helps the Rickets, is moderately hot and dry, staies Vomitting; being burnt, the Ashes made into an ointment, helps Leptose, and other deformity of the skin, easeth pains of the spleen. You may lay the Bark in steep in white Wine for the Rickets, and when it hath stood so two or three daies, let the disased Child drink now and then a spoonful of it.

Granatorum. Of Pomegranates. The rind or pill, cools, and forcibly binds, staies Fluxes, and the Terms in women, helps digestion, strengthens weak stomachs, fastens the teeth, and are good for such whose gums wast. You may take a drachm of it at a time inwardly. Pomegranate flowers are of the same vertue.

Garrujaci. See the Wood.

Juglandium Vivid. Of green Walnuts. As for the outward green bark of Walnuts, I suppose the best time to take them is before the Walnuts be shelled ar all, and then you may take Nuts and all (if they may proposly be called Nuts at such a time) you shall find them exceeding comfortable to the stomach, they resist posson, and are a most excellent preservative against the Plague, interior to none; they are admirable for such as are troubled with Consumptions of the longues; the rich may keep them preserved; they that cannot do as they would, must be

content to do as they may. viq. dry them and | so keep them.

Lauvi. Of the Bay tree. See the Root.

Limonum. Of Lemmons. The outward pill is of the nature of Citron, but held not so effectual; how ever let the poor Country man that cannot get the other, use this.

Mandragova. Rad. Be pleafed to look back

to the Root.

NAMES AND AND ASSOCIATED STATE OF THE STATE

Myrobalanorum. Of Myrobalans - See the Fruits.

Macis. Of Mace. It is hot in the third degree, ftrengthens the ftomach and heart excee-

dingly, and helps concection.

Maceris &c. It is held to be the inner bank of

Nutmeg-tree, helps fluxes and spitting of blood. Petroselini Rad. Of Parsly Roots. opens obstructions, provokes urine and the terms, warms a cold flomach, expells wind and breaks the stone, use them as Grais Roots, and take out the inner pith as you were taught in Smallage roots

Prunelli Silvestris. Of Sloe-tree. I know no

ule of it.

Pinearum putamine. Pine-shucks, or husks. I fuppose they mean of the cones that hold the feeds; both those and also the bark of the tree,

ftop fluxes, and help the lungues.

Querci. Of Oak-tree. Both the Bark of the Oak, and Acorn Cups are drying and cold, binding, stop fluxes and the terms, as also the running of the reins, have a care how you use them before due purging.

Rhaphans. Of Radishes. I could never see

any bark they had.

Suberis. Of Cork. It is good for something Paulus. else besides to stop bottles; being dry and bin-ding, stancheth blood, helps sluxes, especially the aftes of it being burnt.

Sambuci &c. Of Elder Roots and Branches;

purgeth water, helps the dropfie, Cort. Medius Tamaricus. The middle Bark of Tamaris, easeth the Spleen, helps the Rickets, you may use them as Ash-tree Bark.

Tillia. Of Line-tree. Boyled, the water helps

burnings.

Thurns. Of Frankincense. I must plead Ignovamies.

Ulmi. Of Elm. Moderately hot and clenfing, very good for wounds, burns, and broken bones. viz. boyled in water and the greived place bathed with it.

OODS and their CHIPS RASPING

(a) Scobs, properly fignifics Saw-duft-

Gallochus, Lignum Aloes. Wood of Aloes; | A is moderately hot and dry: a good Cordial: a rich Perfume: a great strengthener to the itomach.

Afpalathus. Rose-wood. There are diverse Bushes called by the name of Aspalathus : Bus because the Colledge have set it down amongst the Wood, (I suppose they mean the Tree) It is moderately hot and dry, stops loosines, provokes urin, and is excellent to clenfe filthy ul-

Brefilium. Braffil. All the use I know of it is, to dye Cloath, and Leather, and make red Ink.

Buxus. Box. Many Physitians have written of it, but no physical vertue of it : I suppose the

Colledg quoted it only as a word of course.
Cypressus. Cypress. The Wood laid amongst cloathes, fecures them from moths. See the

Ebenum. Ebeny. It is held by Diofcorides, to cleer the fight, being either boyled in Wine, or burnt the afhes-

Gaujaeum, Lignum vite. Dries, attenuates, caufeth sweat, resisteth purifaction, is admirable good for the French pocks, as also for Ul-Scabs and Leprofie, it is used in diet

Juniperus. Juniper. The finoke of the Wood,

drives away Serpents; the aflies of it made into ly, cures Itch, and Scabs-

Nephriticum. It is a light wood and comes from Hispaniola: being steeped in water, will foon turn it into a blew colour; it is hot and dry in the first degree, and so used as before, is an admirable remedy for the flone, as also for the obstructions of the liver and spleen-

Rhodium. Encreaseth Milk in Nurses.

Santalum, album, rubrum, citrinum. White, red, and yellow Sanders: They are all cold and dry in the fecond or third degree: The red ftops defluxions from any part, and helps inflamations ; the white and yellow (of which the yellow is best) cool the heat of Feaveas, strengthen the heart, and cause cheerfulness.

Saffafras. Is hot and dry in the second degree, it opens obstructions or stoppings, it strengthens the breast exceedingly, if it be weakened through cold, it breaks the ftone, staies vomiting, provokes urin, and is very profitable in the French pocks, used in diet drinks.

Tamaris. Is profitable for the Rickets, and

Xylobalfamum. Wood of the Balfam tree. Is hot and dry in the second degree, according to Galen. I never read any great vertues of it.

HERBS.

HERBS AND THEIR

Brotanum mas, samina. Southernwood, A male and formale. Is hot and dry in the third degree, refifts poylon, kils worms, provokes luft; outwardly in plaisters, it disfolves cold swellings, and helps the bitings of venemous beafts, makes hair grow: take not above half a drachm at a time in pouder.

Absinthium &c. Wormwood. Its several forts, are all hot and dry in the second or third degrees, the common Wormwood is thought to be hotteft, they all help weakness of the ftomach, clense Choller, kill Worms, open Stoppings, help Surfets, cleer the Sight, refift Poylon, clenfe the Blood, and secures cloaths from Moths.

Abugilissa &c. Alkanet. The Leaves are fomething drying and binding, but inferior in vertue to the Roots, to which I refer you.

Acetofa. Sorrel. Is moderately cold and dry, binding, cutteth rough humors, cools the brain, liver, and ftomach, cools the blood in Feavers, and provokes apetite.

Acanthus. Bears-breech, or Branch utfine.

Is temperate, fomething moift. See the root.

Adiantum, album, nigrum. Maiden hair, white and black. They are temperate, yet drying, white Maiden hair is that we usually call Wall-rue; they both open obstructions, clense the breaft and lungs of grois flimy humors, provoke urine, help ruptures and shortness of wind.

Adiontum Aureum, Politricum. Golden Maiden-hair 3 its temperature and vertues are the same with the former; helps the Spleen; burned, and Ly made with the Ashes, keeps the hair from falling off from the head.

Agrimonia. Agrimony. Galens Eupatorium: it is hot and dry in the first degree; binding, it amends the infirmities of the liver, helps such as pils blood, helps inward wounds, opens obstructions; outwardly applied it helps old fores, ulcers &c. Inwardly it helps the Jaundice and the spleen: You may either take a drachm of this or that following at a time inwardly in white, or boyl the herb in white Wine and drink the decoction.

Ageratum. Mefue his Eupatorium. Maudlein. Is hot and dry in the second degree, provokes urine and the terms, dries the brain, opens ftoppings, helps the green fickness, and profits fuch as have a cold, weak liver; outwardly applied, it takes away the hardness of the marrix, and fills hollow ulcers with flesh.

Agnus Caffus &c. Chaft-tree. The Leaves are hot and dry in the third degree; expel wind, confume the feed cause Chastity being only born

about one, it diffolves swellings of the Cods being applied to them, Headach, Lethargy. Alfo Dioscovides faith a branch of it preserves a

traveller from weariness.

Alleluja, Lujula & c. Wood Sorrel. It is of the temperature of other Sorrel, and held to be more cordial; cools the blood, helps ulcers in the mouth, hot defluctions upon the lungs, wounds,

ulcers &c.
Aleea. Vervain-Mallow. The root helps Atius. fluxes and burftnefs.

Allium. Garlick. Hot and dry in the fourth des. degree, troublefor to the ftomach, it duls the fight, spoils a cleer skin, resists poyson, easeth the pains of the teeth, helps the bitings of mad dogs and venemous beafts, helps ulcers, leprofies, provokes urine, is exceeding opening, and profitable for dropfies.

Althea &c. Marsh-Mallows. Are moderately hot and drier than other Mallows; they help degestion, and mitigate pain, case the pains of the stone, and in the sides. Use them as you were taught in the roots whose vertues they have, and both together will do better.

Alfine. Chickweed. Is cold and moift with- Galen. out any binding, aswages swelling, and comforts the finnews much, and therefore is good for fuch as are shrunk up, it dissolves Aposthumes, hard fwellings and helps mangy hands and legs, outwardly applied in a pultis.

Alchymilla. Ladies-Mantle: is hot and dry, fome fay in the second degree, some in the third: Outwardly it helps wounds, reduceth womens breafts that hang bagging : inwardly, helps bruifes, and ruptures, ftales vomiting, and the whites in women, and is very profitable for fach women as are subject to milicarry through cold and

Alcanna. Privet; hath a binding quality, helps ulcers in the mouth, is good against burnings and fealdings, cherisheth the nerves or finnews: boyl it in white Wine to wash your mouth, and in hogs greafe for burnings and fealdings.

Amaracus, Majorana. Marjoram. Some fay 'tis hot and dry in the second degree, some advance it to the third. Sweet Marjoram, is an excellent remedy for cold difeases in the brain, being only fmelled to: helps such as are given to much fighing, eafeth pains in the belly, provokes urine, being taken inwardly ; You may take a drachm of it at a time in pouder. Outwardly in Oyls or Salves, it helpeth Sinnews that are thrunk, Limbs out of joint, all aches and

Galen. Pliny-Diofcorides. Serapio.

Galen.

Diofco-

rides.

Pliny. Galen.

Tragus.

BRANDA BARAN B

fwellings coming of a cold cause.

Angelica. Is hot and dry in the third degree, openeth, digefteth maketh thin, strengthens the heart, helps fluxes, and loathfomness of meat, it is an enemy to poyfon and pestilence, provokes the terms in women, and brings away the afterbirth. You may take a drachm at a time in pou-

Anagallis, mas, famina. Pimpernel, male and formale. They are fomething hot and dry, and of fuch a drawing quality that they draw thorns and splinters out of the flesh, amend the fight, clenic ulcers, help infirmities of the liver and reins.

Anethum. Dill, is hot and dry in the second degree. Dioseorides faith, it breeds milk in Nutfes. But Galen he denies it : Howloever, it staies vomiting, eafeth hiccoughs aswageth swellings, provokes Urine, helps such as are troubled with the fits of the mother, and digefts raw humors-

Apium. Smallage: So it is commonly used ; but indeed all Parfly is called by the name of Aplum, of which this is one kind. It is formewhat hotter and drier than Parfly, and more efficacious ; it opens floppings of the liver, and spleen, clenfeth the blood, provokes the terms, helps a cold fromach to digeft its meat, and is fingular good against the yellow Jaundice. Both Smallage and Clevers may be well used in pottage in the morning instead of Herbs.

Apazine. Goole-grass, or Clevers; they are meanly hot and dry, clenting; helps the bitings of venemous beafts, keeps mens bodies from growing too fat, helps the yellow jaundice, staics bleeding, fluxes, and helps green wounds.

Aspergula odorata. Woodroof: Cheers the heart, makes men merry, helps melancholy, and

opens the stoppings of the liver.

Aquitegia. Columbines; help fore throats,

are of a drying, binding quality.

Argentum. Silver-weed, or Wild Tanfie: cold and dry all most in the third degree; stops Lasks, Fluxes, and the Terms, good against Ulcers, the Stone, and inward Wounds, it stops the immoderate Flux of the Terms in women, if it be but worn in their thoos: eafeth gripings in the belly, fastneth loose teeth; outwardly it takes away Freckles, Morphew, and Sunburning, it takes away Inflamations ; and bound to the wrests stops the violence of the fits of an ague.

Artanita. Sow-bread : hot and dry in the third degree; it is so dangerous a purge that I dare not take it my self, therefore would 1 not advise others: outwardly in Oyntments it takes away Freckles, Sunburning, and the marks which the Smal Pocks leave behind them: dangerous for women with child, yea so dangerous, that both Diescorides and Pliny say, it will make a woman milcarry if the do but stride over it-

Ariftolochia, longa, rotunda. Birthwort long

and round. See the Roots.

NAMES AND STREET AND S

Artemisia. Mugwort; is hot and dry in the fecond degree; binding: an herbapropriated to the famine fex, it brings down the terms, brings away both birth and after birth, eafeth

pains in the matrix. You may take a drachm at a time

Asparagus. See the Roots. Asaram &c. Asarabacca 3 hot and dry 3 provokes vomiting, and urine, and are good for dropfies; they are corrected with Mace or Cin-

Atriplex & c. Orach, or Arrach; it is cold in the first degree, and moist in the second, faith Galen, and makes the belly soluble. Dioscorides faith, they cure the yellow Jaundice. Lyeus Neop faith, they help such as have taken Cantharides. Mathiolus faith, (°) it purgeth upwards. ° I doubt and downwards. Hypocrates faith, it cools hot he was aposshhumes, and St. Anthonies fire. It is cer-missakentainly an admirable remedy for the fits of the mother and other infirmities of the matrix, and therefore the Latins call it Vulvaria.

Auricula muris, major. Mouse ear, hot and dry, of a binding quality, it is admirable to heal wounds, inward or outward, as also ruptures or burstness, Edg-tools quenched in the juyce of it, will cut Iron without turning the edg, as easy as they will lead, and lastly it helps the swelling of the Spleen, Coughs, and Consumptions of the lungues.

Attratiilis birfuta. Wild Bastard-saffron, Distast thistle, or Spindle-thistle; is dry and Galen. moderately digesting, helpeth the biting of ve- Diosco-nemous beafts. Mesue faith, it is hot in the first rides. degree, and dry in the second, and cleanseth the breaft and lungues of tough flegm: but if the Colledg do intend Carduus Bened by this, we shall talk with that by and by.

Balfamita &c. Costmary, Alecost: See

Maudlin, of which I take this to be one fort or kind.

Barba jovus, fedum majus. Housleck or Sengreen: cold in third degree, profitable against the Shingles and other hot creeping ulcers, inflamations, St. Anthonies fire, frenzyes, it cools and takes away corns from the toes being bathed with the juyce of it, and a skin of the leaf laid over the place, stops fluxes, helps scalding and

Bardana. Clot-bur, or Burdock, temperately dry and wasting, something cooling, it is held to be a good remedy against shrinking of the sinnews, they case pains in the bladder, provoke urine. Also Migaldus faith that a leaf applied to the top of the head of a woman draws the Matrix upwards, but applied to the foles of the feet draws it downwards, and is therefore an admirable remedy for fuffocations, precipitations, and diflocations of the Matrix, if a wife man have but the using of it.

Beta, alba, nigra, rubra. Beets, white, black, and red, Black Beets I have, as yet, as little skill in as knowledg of. The white are something colder and moisser than the red, both of them loofen the belly, but have little or no nourish-ment. Simeon Setla tells a large flory of several diseases they breed in the stomach. I scarce beleeve him. This is certain, the white, provoke to flool, and are more clenting, open Hoppings

of the liver and spleen, help the vertigo or swim-ming in the head. The red stay fluxes, help the immoderate flowing of the terms in women, and are good in the yellow Jaundice.

Benedicta Caryophyllata. Avens : bot and dry, help the chollick and rawners of the ftomach, stitches in the sides, help bruises, and take away

Galen.

clotted blood in any part of the body.

Betonica vulgaris. Common or wood Betony; hot and dry in the second degree, helps the falling fickness, and all headaches coming of cold, clenieth the breast and lungs, opens stoppings of the Liver and Spleen, as the Rickets, &cc. procures appetite, helps four belchings, provokes urine, breaks the flone, mitigates the pains of the reins and bladder, helps Cramps and Con-vultions, refilts Poylon, helps the Gout, fuch as pifs blood, madness and headach, kills worms, help bruises, and clenseth women after their labor. You may take a drachm of it at a time in white Wine, or may other convenient liquor proper against the Disease you are afflicted with.

Betonica Pauli &c. Pauls Betony, or male Lluellin, to which ad Elatine or formale Lluellin which comes afterwards; they are pretty temperate, stop defluxions of humors that fall from the head into the eyes, are profitable in wounds, helps filthy foul eating Cankers: Pena tells of one of her Country men, a Shendeman of Wales, who had her note almost earen off with the Pocks, yea it was so pitiful fore it had almost brought her to a Leprofie, &her was cured by only taking her own country Herb Lluellin inwardly, and applying the Herb outwardly to the place. Betonica Coronaria &c. Is Clove Gilliflowers. See the Flowers.

Bellis. Daifies, are cold and moist in the second degree, they ease all pains, and swellings coming of heat, in Clysters they loose the bel-ly, are profitable in Feavers, and inflamations of the stones, they take away bruises, and black-ness and blewness: they are admirable in wounds and inflamations of the lungues or blood.

Blitum. Blites. Some fay they are cold and moift, others cold and dry, none mention any great vertues of them.

Borrage. Borrage: hot and moift, comforts the heart, cheers the spirits, drives away fadnets and melancholly, they are rather laxative than binding; help (wooning and heart-qualms, breed special good blood; help consumptions, madness,

and such as are much weakned by sickness. Bonus Henricus. Good Henry, or all good; hot and dry, clenfing, and scouring, inwardly taken it loofens the belly, outwardly, it clenfeth old fores and Ulcers-

Borrys. Oak of Jerusalem: hot and dry in the fecond degree, helps such as are thort-winded, cuts and wasts gross and tough flegm, laid amonght cloaths they referve them from moths, and give them a fweet and.

Branca sufina. Bears-breech.

Brionia &c. Briony, white and black : both are hot and dry in the third degree, purge | morphew, funburning and freckles-

violently, yet are held to be wholfom Phyfick for fuch as have Dropfies, Vertigo, or swimming in the Head, Falling fickness &c. Certainly it is a feurvy, strong, troublesom purge, therefore ill to be tampered with by the unskilful; outwardly in Oyntments, it takes away freekles, wrinkles, morphew, fears, spots, &c. from the face.

Eurfa paftoris. Shepherds purfe ; is manifeftly cold and dry, though Lobel and Pena thought the contrary; it is binding and stops blood, the terms in women, spiting and piffing of blood, *In Susfex

cools inflamations.

Bugloffum. Bugloss. * Its vertues are the

perate for heat, but very drying, excellent for fied) cal-falls or inward bruifes, for it diffolves congealed blood, profitable for inward wounds. Rickets and other floppings of the Liver; out in plan wardly it is of wonderful force in curing wounds English , and ulcers, though feftered, as also gangreens Oxtongue and Fiftulacs, it helps broken bones, and dil-locations. (°) To conclude, let my Country (°) Or men efteem it as a Jewel. Inwardly you may take Members it in pouder a drachm at a time or drink the deco- out of ction of it in white Wine, being made into an joynt.
oyntment with hogs greafe, you shall find it admirable in green wounds.

Euphthalmum &c. Ox eye. Mathielus faith they are commonly used for black Hellebore, to

the vertues of which I refer you.

Buxus. Boxtree. The leaves are hot, dry, and binding, they are profitable against the bitings of mad dogs, both taken inwardly, boyled and applied to the place, belides they are excellent to

cure horses of the bots.

Calamintha, Montana, Palustris. Mountain, and Water Calamint. For the Water Calamint 5 fee Mints, than which it is accounted ftronger Mountain Calamint, is hot and dry in the third degree, provokes urine and the terms, haftens the birth in women, brings away the after-birth, helps cramps, convultions, difficulty of breathing, kills worms, helps the leprofie; outwardly used, it helps Galen. fuch as holds their necks on one fide : half a Diofcoridrachm is enough at one time-

The Leaves are Hpuleius. Calendula &c. Maeigolds. hot in the fecond degree, and something moift, loosen the belly, the juyce held in the mouth, helps the toothath, and takes away any inflamation, or hot fwelling being bathed with it mixed with a

little Vineger-Callitricum. Maiden-hair. See Adianthum.

Caprifolium. Honyluckles: The Leaves are hot, and therfore naught for inflamations of the mouth and throat, for which the ignorant people often give them, and Galen was true in this, let modern Writers write their pleasure. If you chew but a leaf of it in your mouth, experience will rell you, that it is likelier to cause than to cure a fore throat, they provoke urine, and purge by urine, bring speedy delivery to women in travail, yet procure barrenness, and hinder conception; outwardly they dry up foul ulcers, and clente the face from

Cardun-

Aginera.

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Carduncellus &c. Groundfel. Cold and moist according to Tragus, helps the Chollick, and pains or gripings in the belly, helps fuch as cannot make water, cleanfeth the reins, purgeth Choller and tharp humors, the usual way of taking it is, to boyl it in water with Currance and fo eat it, I hold it to be a wholfom and harmless purge. Outwardly it eafeth womens breafts that are swollen and inflamed, (or as themselves say) have gotten an ague in their breafts, as also inflamation of the joynts, nerves, or finnews.

Carduns B. Maria. Our Ladies Thiftles. They are far more temperate than Carduns Benediffus, open obstructions of the liver, help the Jaundice and Dropfie, provoke Urine, break the

Stone.

Camera-20.005.

Carduns Benedictus. In plain English, Bleffed Thiftle; Though I confels it be better known by the Latin name : it is hot and dry in the fecond Arnoldus degree, clenfing and opening, helps fwimming villanova- and giddiness in the head, deafnels, strengthens the memory, helps griping pains in the belly, kills worms, provokes (weat, expels poylon, helps inflamation of the liver, is very good in peltilences, and the French-pocks; outwardly applied, it ripens Plague-fores, and helps hot fwellings, the bitings of mad-dogs, and venemous bealts, and foul filthy ulcers. Every one that can but make a Carduus poffet knows how to ule it.

Carlina. See the Roots, under the name of

white Chameleon.

Corallina. A kind of Sca-Moss : cold, binding, drying, good for hot gours, inflamations 5 also they say it kills worms, and therefore by some is called Maw-wormseed.

Cassutha, cuseuta, potagralini. Dodder. Sec

Epithimum.

Caryophyllata. Avens or Herb Bennet. Hot and dry, they help the Chollick, Rawnels of the flomach, Stitches in the fides, Stoppings of the liver, and Beuifes.

Catagutia minor. A kind of Spurge: See Tithymalus.

Cattaria, Nepeta. Nep, or Catmints. The vettues are the fame with Calaminth.

Cauda Equina. Horse-tail; is of a binding drying quality, cures wounds, and is an admirable remedy for finnews that are fhrunk; yea, Galen faith it cures finnews though they be cut in funder: but Columbus holds that is incurable unless they be cut within the Muscle; well then we will take Galen in the charitablest sense-However this is certain, it is a fure remedy for bleeding at the noic, or by wound, fleps the Terms in women, Fluxes, Ulcers in the Reins or Bladder, Coughs, Ulcers in the Lungues, Difficulty of breathing.

Canlis, Braffica bostenfis, filvestris. Cole-worts, or Cabbages, Garden and Wild. They are drying and binding, help dimness of the fight, help the ipleen, preferve from drunkennels, and help the evil effects of it, provoke the terms; they fay, being laid on the top of the head, they draw the matrix upward, and therefore are good for the falling out of the womb. Chrysippus writes

TO PROPERTY AND A CONTROL OF THE STATE OF TH

a whol treatife of them, and makes them a univerfal medicine for every difease in every part of the

body. Centaurium, majus, minus. Centaury the greater and leffer. They fay the greater will do wenders in curing wounds : fee the Root. The leffer is that which is commonly in Suffex known by the name of Centaury, and indeed to throughout that part of the nation that I have travailed over 3 a prefent remedy for the yellow Jaundice, opens stoppings of the liver, gall, and spleen purgeth choller, helps the Gout, cleers the fight, purgeth the fromsch, helps the dropfie and green-fickness. It is only the tops and flowers which are ufeful, of which you may take a drachm inwardly in pouder, or half a handful boiled in posset drink at a time.

offer drink at a time.

Centinodium &c. Knotgrafs; cold in the fe-lus. cond degree , helps spitting and pissing of blood, Cameraftops the terms and all other fluxes of blood, vo-miting of blood, Gonorrhaa, or running of Reins, weakness of the back and joints, inflamations of the privities, and fuch as pils by drops, and it is an excellent remedy for hogs that will not eat their meat. Your only way is to boyl it, it is in its prime about the latter end of July or beginning of August: at which time being ga-thered it may be kept dry all the yeer.

great Chervil: Take them both together and they are temperately hot and dry, provoke urine, they flir up lust and defire of copulation, com-fort the heart and are good for old people, help pleurifies and pricking in the fides.

Capaa, Anagallis aquatica. Brooklime, hot and dry, but not fo hot and dry as Water-creffes; Tragus faith they are hot and moift, but the man dreamed waking, they help mangy Horses: see Water-creffes.

Ceterach & c. Spleenwort ; moderately hot, waits and confumes the ipleen, in fo much that Vitruvius affirms he hath known hogs that have fed upon it, that have had (when they were killed) no spleens at all. It is excellent good for melahcholly people, helps the firangury, provokes urine, and breaks the stone in the bladder. Boyl it and drink the decoction; but because a little boyling will carry away the strength of it in vapours, let it boyl but very little, and let it stand close storped till it be cold before you strain it out; this is the general rule for all Simples of this nature.

Chamapitys. Ground-pine; hot in the lecond degree, and dry in the third, helps the Jaundice, Sciatica, stoppings of the liver, and spleen, provokes the Terms, clenfeth the entrails, diffolves congeled blood, relifts poylon, cures wounds and ulcers. Strong bodies may take a dram, and weak bodies half a drachm of it in pouder at a time.

Chamamelum, fattvum, filvefire. Garden and Wild Chamemel. Garden Chamemel is hot and dry in the first degree, and as gallant a medicine against the stone in the bladder as grows upon the carth, you may take it inwardly, I mean the decoction of it, being boyled in white Wine,

or inject the juyce of it into the bladder with a fyringe. It expels wind, helps belchings, and potently provokes the terms sufed in baths it helps pains in the fides, gripings and gnawings in the belly.

Chamedrus & Germander ; hot and dry in the third degree; cuts and brings away tough humoes, opens stoppings of the liver and spleen, helps coughs and thortnels of breath, ftrangury and stopping of urine and provokes the terms; half a drachm is enough to take at a time.

Chelidonium utrumque, Celondine both forts. Small Celondine is ulually called Pilewort, it is fomething hotter and dryer than the former, but not in the fourth degree as Galen and Diofegrides would have it; they fay it helps the Hemorrhoids or Piles, by only carrying it about one, (but if it wil not, bruile it and apply it to the grief) and from thence it took its name. Celondine the greater is hot and dry (they fay in the third degree) any away used, either the juyce, or made into an Oyl or Ointment, is a great preserver of the fight and as excellent an help for fore eyes as any is-

Cinara coc. Artichokes. They provoke luft,

and purge by urine.

Cichprium. Succory, to which ad Endive which comes after. They are cold and dry in the lecond degree, clenfing and opening, they cool the heats of the liver, and are profitable in the yellow Jaundice, and burning Feavers, helps excoria-tions in the Yard, hot Stomachs; and outwardly applied, help hot rewms in the eyes.

Cienta. Hemlock: Cold in the fourth degree, poylonous; outwardly applied, it helps Pringifmus, or continual standing of the Yard, the Shingles, St. Anthonies fire, or any eating

Ulcers.

Clematis Daphnoides , Vinca provinca. Peruinkle. Hot in the second degree, somthing dry and binding, ftops Lasks, spitting of blood, and the Terms in women.

Confolida major. Comfry. I do not conceave the Leaves to be so vertuous as the Roots,

Consolida media. Bugles, of which before-Consolida minima. Daizes.

Confilida rubra. Golden Rod : hot and dry in the second degree; clenseth the Reins, provokes Urin, brings away the Gravel; an admirable herb for wounded people to take inwardly, ftops blood &c.

Confolida Regalu. Delphinium. Larks heels, relift poylon, help the bitings of venemous

Saracenica Solidago. Saracens Confound. Helps inward wounds, fore mouths, fore throats,

wasting of the lungues, and liver-

Coronopus. Buchorn-Plantane, or Sca-Plan-Agineta. tane : Cold and dry, helpeth the bitings of venemous beafts, either taken inwardly, or applyed to the wound; helps the Chollick, breaks the Stone.

Cottonweed, Cudweed, Chaffweed, and Petty Cotton: Of a drying and binding nature; boy-

led in Ly, it keeps the head from Nits and Lice; being laid among Cloaths, it keeps them fafe from Moths, kils Worms, helps the bitings of venemous beafts; taken in a Tobacco-pipe, it helps Coughs of the lungues, and vehement head-

Cruciata. Croslewort. (there is a kind of Gentian called also by this name, which I paffe by) Is drying and binding, exceeding good for inward or outward wounds, either inwardly taken, or outwardly applied; and an excellent re-medy for fuch as are burften.

Crassula. Orpine. Very cool : Ontwardly ufed with Vineger, it cleers the Skin; inwardly taken, it helps guawings of the ftomach and bowels, ulcers in the lungues, bloody flux, and Quinfie in the throat: For which last disease, it is inferior to none: take not too much of it at a time, because of its coolnesse.

Crithamus, &c. Sampier. Hot and dry, helps Galendifficulty of urine, the yellow jaundice, provokes the terms, helps digeftion, openeth ftoppings

of the liver and fpleen.
Cucumis Afininus. Wild Cucummers. See Elaterium.

Cyanus major, minor. Blewbottle, great and tmall, A fine cooling herb, helps bruifes, wounds, broken veins; the juyce dropped into the eye,

helps the inflamations thereof.

Cygnaglossum. Hounds-tongue. Cold and dry ; applied to the fundament, helps the He- Diofcorimorroids, healeth wounds, and ulcers, and is a des. present remedy against the bitings of Dogs, burnings and scaldings. Some say, if you put the herb under your foot, within your stocking, no Dog will bark at you.

Cypressus. Chame cyparissus. Cypresse tree. The leaves are hot and binding, help Ruptures,

and Polypus, or flesh growing on the Nose. Chamacyparissus. Is Lavender Cotton. Resists poylon, kils worms, and withal take notice how learnedly the Colledge could confound the Cypress tree, and Lavender Cotton together 5 and if they say some Authors say Cyprefius and Chamacypariflus are all one, and withal shew you where, then tell them I thought their brain was in their books not in their heads.

Distamus Cretensis. Dictamny, or Dittany of Creet, hot and dry, brings away dead children, haftens womens travail, brings away the afterbirth, the very finel of it drives away venemous beafts, so deadly, an enemy is it to poylon; it's an admirable remedy against wounds and Gunthot, wounds made with poyloned weapons, it draws out splinters, broken bones &c. The dose from halfe a deachm to a deachm. They fay, the Goats and Deers in Creet, being wounded with Virgit.

Arrows, cat this herb, which makes the Arrows Aniad. fall out of themselves : And from thence came lib. 12.

the tale in Virgit * about Aneas.

Dipfacus, fativ. fylv. Teazles, Garden and wild: the leaves bruifed and applied to the tem- Galen. ples, alay the heat in feavers, qualific the rage in frenzies; the juyce dropped into the ears, kill worms in them, (if there be any there to kill)

dropped into the eyes, cleers the fight, helps rednefs and pimples in the face being anointed with it-

Ebulist. Dwarf-Elder, or Walwort: hot and dry in the third degree; wafts hard (wellings, being applied in form of a pultis; the hair of the head being anointed with the juyce of it turns black; the leaves being applied to the place, help inflamations, burnings, scaldings, the bitings of mad-dogs; mingled with Buls suct is a present remedy for the gout; inwardly taken, is

D' Butler, a fingular purge for the dropfie and gout.

Echium. Vipers-bugloffe, Vipers-herb, Snake-bugloffe, Wall-bugloffe, Wild-bugloffe; feveral Countries give it thefe feveral names: it is a fingular remedy being eaten, for the biting of venemous beafts; Continual eating of it makes the body invincible againft the poylon of Serpents, Toads, Spiders &c. however it be administred; It comforts the heart, expels fadness, and melancholly: It grows abundantly about the Castle walls, at Lewis in Suffex. The rich may make the flowers into a conferve, and the herb into a fyrup; the poor may keep it dry; both may keep it as a Jewel.

Empetron, Calcifraga, Herniaria & C. Rupture-wort, or Bust-wort; the English name tels you it is good against Ruptures, and so such as are bursten shall find it, if they please to make trial of it, either inwardly taken or outwardly applied to the place, or both. Also the Latin names hold it forth to be good against the stone, which who so tries shall find true.

Enula Campana. Elicampane. Provokes Urine: See the root.

Epithimum. Dodder of Time, to weh ad comen Dodder weh is usually that weh grows upon Flax: indeed every Dodder retains a vertue of that herb or plant it grows upon, as Dodder that grows upon Broom, provokes urin forcibly, & loofens the belly, and is moifter than that which grows upon Flax, that which grows upon Time, is hotter and dryer than that which grows upon Flax, even in the third degree, opens obstructions, helps in-firmities of the spleen, purgeth melancholly, releeves drooping spirits, helps the rickets; that which grows on Flax, is excellent for agues in young children, strengthens weak stomachs, purgeth choller, provokes urine, opens ftoppings in the reins and bladder; that which grows upon Nettles, provokes urine exceedingly. The way of using it is to boyl it in white Wine, or other convenient decoction, and boyl it very little, remembring what was told you before in Ce-

Gales. Eruca. Rocket, hot and dry in the third degree, being eaten alone, causeth headach by its heat, procureth lust.

Eupatorium. See Ageratum.

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Euphragia. Eybright: formhing hot and dry, the very fight of it refresheth the eyes; inwardly taken, it restores the fight, and makes old mens eyes young; a drachm of it taken in the morning is worth a pair of Spectacles, it comforts and strengtheneth the memory, outwardly ap-

plyed to the place is helps fore eyes.

Filicula, polypodium. See the Roots.

Malabathrum. Indian-leaf, het and dry in the second degree, comforts the Stomach exceedingly, helps digestion, provokes urine, helps inflamations of the eyes, secures cloathes from moths.

Funiculum. Fennel, Encreafeth milk in Nurfes, provokes Urine, breaks the ftone, eafeth pains in the Reins, opens stoppings, breaks wind, provokes the terms, You may boyl it in white Wine

Fragaria. Strawberry leaves, are cold, dry, and binding, a fingular Remedy for inflamations and wounds, bot difeases in the throat, they flop fluxes, and the terms, cool the hear of the stomach, and inflamations of the Liver. The best way is to boyl them in barley water.

Fraxinus &c. Afterees: the leaves are moderately hot and dry, cure the bitings of Adders, and Serpents, by a certain antipathy (they fay) there is between them, they frop loofness, and fray vomitting, help the Rickets, open frappages

of the Liver and Spleen.

Fumaria. Fumitory: Cold and dry, it openeth and clenfeth by Urine, helps such as are Itchy, and Scabbed, cleers the skin, opens stoppings of the Liver and Spleen, helps Rickets, Hypochondriak Melancholly, madness, frenzies, Quartan Agues, loosneth the belly, gently purgeth Melancholly, and addust choller: boyl it in white Wine, and take this one general rule, All things of a clensing or opening nature may be mest commedically boyled in white Wine. Remember but this and then I need not write one thing so often.

Galega. Goats-tue: Temperate in quality, refifts Poyfon, kills Worms, helps the Falling-fickness, refifteth the Pestilence. You may take a drachm of it at a time in pouder.

Gallon. Ladies-bedftraw: dry and binding, ftancheth blood: boyled in Oyl, the Oyl is good to anoint a weary Traveller; inwardly it provokes luft.

Gentiana. See the Root.

Gentia. Broom: bot and dry in the fecond degree, clent and open the Stomach, break the Stome in the Reins and Bladder, help the green fickness. Let such as are troubled with heart-qualms or faintings, forbear it, for it weakens the Heart and Spirit Vital. See the Flowers.

Geranium. Cranebil, the divers forts of it, one of which is that which is called Muscata, and in Suffex barbariously Muscovy; it is thought to be cool and dry, helps hor swellings, and by its smel amends a hor brain.

Geratium Columbinum. Doves-foot; helps the wind Chollick, pains in the belly, from in the reins and bladder, and is fingular good in ruptures, and inward wounds. I suppose these are the general vertues of them all.

Gramen. Grofs : See the Root.

Gratisla.

Atius. Mefue. Aliuarius. Serapio. Avicenna. Gratiola. Hedg- Hylop, purgeth water and flegm, but works very charlishly. Gefuer commends it in Droptics.

Asphodelus fæm. See the Root.

Hepatica, Lichen. Liverwort, cold and dry, excellent good for Inflamations of the Liver, or any other Inflamations, yellow Jaundice.

Hedera Arborea, Terrestris. Tree and Ground-Ivy. Tree-Ivy helps Ulcers, Burnings, Scaldings, the bad effects of the Spleen; the Juyce fnuffed up in the note, purgeth the head, it is admirable for furfets or headach, or any other ill effects coming of drunkenness, and therefore the Poets feigned Bacchus to have his head bound round with them. Your best way is to boyl them in the same liquor you got your furfet by drinking.

Ground-Ivy is that which usually is called Alchoof, hot and dry, the Juyce helps noise in the ears, fiftulaes, gouts, stoppings of the Liver, it strengthens the Reins and stops the terms, helps the yellow Jaundice, and other diseases coming of stopping of the Liver, and is excellent

for wounded people.

Herba Campbovata. Stinking Ground-pine, is of a drying faculty, and therefore ftops defluxions either in the eyes, or upon the Lungues, the gour, cramps, palifes, aches, flrengthens the Nerves.

Herba Moschata. Mentioned even now, me thinks the Colledg fhould not have forgotten themselves so soon: How can a man that forgets himfelf remember his patient ?

Herba Paralysis, Primula veris. Primroses, or Cowslips, which you will. The Leaves help pains in the head and joynts; fee the Flowers which are most in use.

Herba Paris. Herb True-love, or One-berry. Pena and Lobel, affirm it refilts poylon. Mathiolus faith it takes away evil done by witchcraft, and affirms it by experience, as also long lingring fickness; however it is good for wounds, fals, bruiles, apoltomes, inflamations, ulcers in the privities. Herb True-love, is very cold in temperature. You may take half a dram of it at a time in pouder.

Herba Roberti. A kind of Cranebil.

Herba venti, Anemane. Wind-flower; the Juyce inuffed up the note purgeth the head, it elenfeth filthy Ulcers, encreateth milk in Nurfes, and outwardly by Oyntment helps Lepro-

Herniacia. The same with Empetron.

Helxine. Pellitory of the wall. Cold, moift, denling, helps the stone and gravel in the Kidnies, difficulty of Urine, fore throats, pains in the ears the Juyce being dropped in them; out-wardly it helps the flingles and St. Authories

Hippoglaffum. Horstongue, Tongueblade or Double-tongue. The Roots help the thrangury, provoke urine, case the hard labor of women, provoke the terms, the Herb helps ruptures and the fits of the mother, it is hot in the lecond degree, dry in the first, boyl it in white Wine.

Hippolapathum. Patience, or Monks Reubarb : fee the Roots.

Hippofelinum. Alexanders, or Alifanders. Provoke urin, expel the After-birth, help the

ftrangury, expel wind.

Harminum, Clary; hot and dry in the third degree; helps weakness in the back, stops the running of the Reins, and the whites in women, provokes the Terms, and helps women that are barren through coldness, or moulture, or both, caufeth fruitfulnels, but is hurtful for the memo-The usual way of taking it, is to fry it with

Butter, or make a Tanfie with it.

Hydropiper. Arfmart. Hot and dry, con-fumes all cold fwellings, and blood congealed by bruifes and stripes; applied to the place, it helps that aposthume in the joynes, commonly called a Felon: (but in Suffex, an Andicom) If you put a handful of it under the faddle upon a tired horfes back, it will make him travel fresh and luftily; ftrewed in a chamber kils all the Fleas there; this is the hottest Arimart, and is unfit to be given inwardly: there is a milder fort, called Persicaria, which is of a cooler milder quality, drying, excellent good for putrified ulcers,kill worms: I had almost forgot that the former is an admirable remedy for the Gout, being rofted between two Tiles and applied to the grieved place, and yet I had it from D' Butler too.

Hylopus. Hylop. Helps Coughs, shortness of Breath, Wheezing, Diffillations upon the Lungues; it is of a clenfing quality: kils worms in the body, amends the whol colour of the body, helps the Dropsie and Spleen, fore Throms,

and not in the Ears. See Syrup of Hylop.

Hyofcyamus & C. Henbane. The white Henbane is held to be cold in the third degree, the black or common Henbane and the yellow, in the fourth: They stupine the sences, and therefore not to be takn inwardly; outwardly applied, they help inflamations, hot gouts; applied

to the temples, they provoke fleep.

Hypericon. St. Johns wort. It is as gallant a Wound-herb as any is, either given inwardly, or outwardly applied to the wound; it is hot and dry, opens itoppings, helpeth spitting and vomiting of blood, it clenfeth the Reins, provokes the Terms, helps congealed blood in the Stomach and Meferaick Veins, the Fallingfickness, Palsy, Cramps and Aches in the joynts; you may give it in pouder or any convenient de-

Hypoglottis Laurus Alexandvina. Laurel of Alexandria, provokes urin and the terms, and is held to be a fingular help to women in travail.

Hypogloffum, the same with Hippogloffum before, only different names given by different Authors, the one deriving his name from the tongue of a horse, of which form the Leaf is ; the other from the form of the little leaf, because fmall leaves like fmall tongues grow upon the greater, but whether the Colledg knew this or no, is some question.

Iberis Cardamantice. Sciatica-creffes. I suppose so called because they help the Sciatica, NAMES AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE

or Huckle bone-gout-

Ingunialis, After. Serwort, or Shartwort : being braifed and applied they help swellings, botches, and venerious buboes in the groyn, whence they took their name, as also inflamation and falling out of the fundament.

I'B. See the Roots.

Ifatis, Glastum. Woods Drying and binding; the fide being bathed with it, it eafeth pains in the spleen, clenseth filthy corroding gnawing ulcers.

Iva Arthritica. The same with Camapytis. Juneus odoratus. The fame with Schwnan-

thus.

Labrum veneris. The same with Dipfacus. Lattuca. Lettice. Cold and moist, cool the inflamation of the stomach commonly called heart-burning, provoke fleep, refift drunkenness and take away the ill effects of it, cool the blood, quench thirst, breed milk, and are good for chollerick bodies, and such as have a frenzy, or are frenitique, or as the vulgar fay frantick. They are far wholfommer caten boyled than raw-

Lagobus, Herba Leporina. A kind of Trefoil growing in France and Spain. Let them that

ive there look after the vertues of it.

Lavendula. Lavender: hot and dry in the third degree; The temples and forehead bathed with the juyce of it, as also the smel of the herb helps fwoonings, Cataleptis, Falling fickness, provided it be not accompanied with a Feaver. See the flowers.

Laureola Laurel. The leaves purge upward and downward, they are good for thewmatick people to chew in their mouths, for they draw

forth much water.

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Laurus Bay-tree : the leaves are hot and dry, refift drunkennels, they gently bind and help difeases in the bladder, help the stinging of Bees and Waips, metigate the pain of the flomach, dry and heal, open obstructions of the liver and fpleen, relift the pettelence.

Lappa minor. The letter Burdock.

Lentifeus. Maftick-tree, both the leaves and back of it stop fluxes, (being hot and dry in the second degree) spitting and pissing of blood, and the falling out of the fundament.

Lens palustris. Duckmeat: cold and moist in

the fecond degree, helps inflamations, hot fwellings, and the falling out of the fundament, being warmed and applied to the place.

Lepidium Piperites. Dittander, Pepper-wort, or Scarwort: a hot fiery tharp herb, admirable for the Gout being applied to the place, being only held in the hand it helps the toothach, and withal leaves a wan color in the hand that holds

Livisticum. Lovage : Clears the fight, takes away redness and freckles from the face.

Libanotis Coronaria. See Rosemary. Linaria. Tead-flax, or Wild-flax; hot and dry, clenfe the reins and bladder, provoke urin, open the stoppings of the liver and spleen, and belp diseases coming thereof: outwardly they take away yellowness and deformity of the skin.

Lillium convallium. Lilly of the Valley. See the flowers-

Lingua Cervina. Harts-tongue: drying and binding, ftops blood, the terms and fluxes, opens stoppings of the Liver and Spleen, and dileases thence arifing. The like quantity of Hartstongue, Knotgrass and Comfry Roots being boyled in water, and a draught of the decoction drunk every morning, and the materials which have boyled applied to the place, is a notable remedy for fuch as are burft.

Limonium. Sca-bugloss, or Marsh-bugloss, or as some will have it Sca-Lavender: the seeds being very drying and binding, ftop fluxes and the terms, help the chollick and strangury-

Lotus urbana. Authors make some flutter a-bout this Herb, I conceive the best take it to be Trifolium Odovatum, Sweet Trefoyl, which is of a temperate nature, clenfeth the eyes gently of fach things as hinder the fight, cureth green wounds, ruptures, or burftness, helps such as pils blood or are bruifed, and fecures garments from

Lupulus. Hops. Opening, clenfing, provoke urine; the young sprouts open stoppings of the Liver and Spleen, clente the blood, cleer the skin, help scabs and irch, help agues, purge choller: they are usually boyled and taken as they cat Sparagus, but if you would keep them, for they are excellent for these diseases, you may make them into a Conferve, (as you shall be raught hereafter) or into a Syrup.

Lychnitis Cerenaria: or as others more properly from the Greek write it, Lychnis. Role Campion. I know no great phytical vertue is

hath.

Macis. See the Barks.

Magistrantia &c. Masterwort: Hot and dry in the third degree; it is fingular good against poylon, peltilence, corrupt and unwholfom air, helps windiness in the stomach, causeth an appetite to ones victuals, very profitable in fals and bruifes, congealed and clotted blood, the bitings of mad-dogs; the leaves chewed in the mouth, clenfe the brain of superfluous humors, thereby preventing Lethargies, and Apoplexes.

Malva, Mallows. The best of Authors account wild Mallows to be beft, and hold them to be cold and moist in the first degree 3 they are profitable in the bitings of venemous beafts, the flinging of Bees and Wasps &cc. Inwardly they relift poylon, provoke to flool; outwardly they affwage hard fwellings of the Privities or other places, in Clyflers they help roughness and fretting of the Guts, Bladder, or Fundament; and so they do being boyled in water and the decoction drunk, as I have proved in this prefent Epidemical disease, the Bloody-flux.

Majorana See Amaracus.

Mandragora. Mandrakes. Fit fot no vulgat use, but only to be used in cooling Oyntments.

Marrabium, clbum, nigrum, fandum. Maabium elbum, is common Horthound- Hot in the fecond degree, and dry in the third, openeth

Agineta. Pliny. Rondeletius.

the Liver and Spleen, clenfeth the breaft and lungs, belps old Coughs, pains in the fides, Phtificks, or ulceration of the lungues, it provokes the Terms, easeth hard labor in Childbearing, brings away the after-birth. See the Syrups.

Marrubium, nigrum, & fatidum. Black and flinking Horehound, I take to be all one. Hot and dry in the third degree ; cure the bitings of mad-dogs, walt and confume hard knobs in the fundament and matrix, clenie filthy Ulcers.

Unless by stinking Horehound the Colledg should mean that which Fuehfius cals Stachys, if they do, it is hot and dry but in the first degree, and a fingular Remedy to keep wounds from in-

Marum. Herb Mastich. Hot and dry in the third degree, good against Cramps and Convul-Gons.

Matricaria. Featherfew. Hot in the third degree, dry in the second; openeth, purgeth; a fingular remedy for difeases incident to the Matrix, and other discases incident to women, eales their travail, and infirmities coming after it; it helps the Vertigo or diffinels of the head, Melancholly, fad thoughts: you may boyl it either alone, or with other Herbs fit for the same purpose, with which this Treatise will furnish you: applied to the wrists, it helps the Ague.

Matrifylva. The fame with Caprifolium.

Meliotus. Melilot. Inwardly taken, provokes urine, breaks the Stone, clenfeth the Reins and Bladder, cutteth and clenfeth the Lungs of tough Flegm; the juyce dropped into the eyes, cleers the fight, into the ears, mitigates pain and noise there 5 the head barked with the juyce mixed with Vinegar, takes away the pains thereof: outwardly in Pultifles, it affwageth swellings in the privities, and else where.

Melliffa. Bawm. Hot and dry; outwardly mixed with falt and applied to the neck, help the Kings Evil, bitings of mad-dogs, venemous Avicenna beafts, and fuch as cannot hold their necks as they should do; inwardly it is an excellent re-medy for a cold and moist stomach, cheers the heart, refresheth the mind, takes away grief, forrow, and care, instead of which it produceth

joy and mirth. See the Syrup.

Mentha Sativa. Garden Mints, Spear Mints. Are hot and dry in the third degree, provoke hunger, are wholfom for the ftomach, Itay vomiting, stop the terms, help fore heads in in children, ftrengthen the ftomach, cause digeftion ; outwardly applied, they help the bitings of mad dogs: Yet they hinder conception, and are naught for wounded people, they lay by reafon of an antipathy between them and Iron.

Mentha aquatica. Water Mints. Eale pains of the belly, headach, and vomiting, gravel in

the Kidnies and Stone.

Methastrum. Horse-mint. I know no difference between them and Water Mints.

Mercuralis, mas, famina. Mercury, male and formale, They are both hot and dry in the

fecond degree, clenhing, digefting, they purge watry humors, and further conception. Theophrastus relates that if a woman use to eat either the male, or formale Mercury, two or three daies after conception, the thall bring forth a child cither male or formale according to the fex of the

Mezeveon. Spurg-Olive, or Widdow-wail. A dangerous purge, better let alone than medled

Millefolium. Yarrow. Meanly cold and binding, an healing Herb for wounds, stancheth Galens bleeding; and some say the Juyce snuffed up the nose, causeth it to bleed, whence it was called; Nofe-bleed; it stoppeth Lasks, and the Terms in women, helps the running of the reins, helps inflamations and excoriations of the Yard, as alfo inflamations of wounds.

Museus. Moss. Is somthing cold and binding, yet usually retains a smatch of the property of the tree it grows on, therefore that which grows upon Oaks is very dry and binding; Serapio faith that it being infused in Wine and the Wine drunk, it staies vomiting and fluxes, as al-

to the whites in women-

Myrtiss. Mirtle-tree- The Leaves are of a cold earthy quality, drying and binding, good for fluxes, spitting, vomiting, and pissing of blood, stop the Whites and Reds in women.

Nardus. See the Root.

Nafturtium, Aquaticum, Hortenfe. Water-

creffes and Garden-creffes.

Garden-cresses are hot and dry in the fourth degree, good for the Scurvy, Sciatica, hard swellings, yet do they trouble the belly, ease pains des. of the Spleen, provoke luft.

Water-creffes are hot and dry clenfe the blood, help the Scurvy, provoke urine and the terms, break the stone, help the green fickness, cause 2 fresh lively color-

Nasturtium Album, Thlaspi. Treacle-mustard. Hot and dry in the third degree, purgeth violently, dangerous for women with child : Out-

wardly it is applied with profit to the Gout.
Nicotiani. Tabacco. And in reciting the 2000 did. vertues of this herb, I will follow Cluftus, that I know none should think I do it without an Author. It not what is hot and dry in the second degree, and of a better clenfing nature, the leaves warmed and applied name to to the head are excellent good, in " inveterate give it, head-aches and Negrims, if the dileales come Old beadthrough cold or wind, change them often till aches, the difeases be gone, help such whose necks be continual ftiff, it exfeth the faults of the breaft, Afthmacs bead-aor hard flegm in the lappers of the lungues, exf- ches : take eth the pains of the flomach and windiness there- which ye of being heat hor by the fire and applied to it; will. eafeth the pains of the spleen being moistened in (2) This I vineger and applied hot to the fide, they loosen know by the belly and (4) kill worms being applied to it in experience like manner, they break the stone being applied even wher in like manner to the region of the bladder, help many othe rickets, being applied to the belly and fides; they mediapplied to the navil they give present ease to the cines bave fits of the mother, they take away cold ach in failed.

Pliny. Galen.

Galen.

the joints applied to them, boyled, the liquor absolutely and speedily cures scabs and itch, neither is there any better falve in the world for wounds than may be made of it, for it clenicth, fetcheth out the filth though it lie in the bones, brings up the flesh from the bottom, and all this it doth speedily, it cures wounds made with poifoned weapons, and for this Cluftus brings many experiences too tedious here to relate; It is an admirable thing for Carbuncles, and Plaguefores, inferior to none; green wounds 'twill cure in a trico, Ulcers and Gangrenes very specdily, not only in men but also in beafts : therefore the Indians dedicated it to their god. Taken in a pipe it hath almost as many vertues, it eafeth wearinels, takes away the sence of hunger and thirst, provokes to stool, he faith, the Indians will travail four daies without either meat or drink, by only chewing a little of this (made up like a Pill) in their mouths; It easeth the body of superfluous humors, opens stoppings. Mowardus also confirms this judgment, and indeed a man might fill a whol Volumn with the vertues of it. See the Oyntment of Tobacco

Nummularia. Money-wort, or Herb Twopence; cold dry, binding, helps Fluxes, ftops the Terms, helps ulcers in the lungues; outwardly it is a special herb for wounds. Nymphea. See the Flowers.

Ocymum. Bafil, hot and moift. Simeon Sethi, faith the finel of Bafil is good for the head, but Hollerius (and he no mean Physician neither) faith the continual fmell of it harts the brain and breeds Scorpions there, and affirms his own knowledg of it, and that's the reason (faith he) there is fuch an Antipathy between it and Rue, which I am confident there is, the truth is, it will quickly putrific and breed worms-Hollerius faith, they are venemous; and that's the reason the name Basilican was given to it: The best use that I know of it, is, it gives speedy deliverance to women in travail. Let them not take above half a drachm of it at a time in pouder, and be fure also the birth be ripe, else it causeth abortion.

Olea folia. Olive-leaves; they are hard to

come by here.

Onouss. Reft-harrow. See the Roots.

Ophiogloffon. Adders-tongue: the leaves are very drying being boiled in Oyl they make a dainty green Balfom for green wounds : taken inward-

ly, they help inward wounds.

Origanum. Organy: a kind of wild Marjoram ; hoe and dry in the third degree ; helps the bitings of venemous bealts, such as have taken Opium, Hemlock, or Poppy; provokes urine, brings down the terms, helps old coughs; in oynement it helps scabs and itch.

Oxylapathum. Sorrel. See Acetofa.

Papaverere. Poppies; white, black, or erratick. I refer you to the Syrups of each

Parietaria. Given once before under the name of Helxine.

Pastinaca. Parinips. See the Roots. Perficaria. SceHydropiper:this is the milder fort

of Arimart I described there: If ever you find it amongst the Compounds, take it under that notion-

Pentaphyllum. Cynkfoil: very drying, yet but meanly hot, if at all ; helps ulcers in the mouth, roughness of the windpipe, (whence comes hoarinels and Couges &e.) helps fluxes, creeping ulcers and the yellow jaundice; they fay one leaf cures a quotidian ague, three a tertian, and four a quartan: I know it will cure agues without this curiofity, if a wife man have the handling of it; otherwise a Care load will not do it.

Petrofelinum. Parily. See imallage Pes Columbinus. See Geranium.

Perflearum folia. Peach leaves : they are a gentle, yet a compleat purger of choller, and diseases coming from thence, fit for children because of their gentleness. You may boyl them in whiteWine, a handful is enough at a time.

Pilofella. Moulear: once before, and that's often enough.

Pithyufa. A new name for Spurge, of the laft

Edition.

Plantago. Plantane. Cold and dry, an herb though common, yet let none despise it, for the decoction of it, prevails mightily against tormenting pains and excoriations of the gurs, bloody fluxes, it stops the terms, and spitting of blood, Phtificks, or Confumptions of the Trague. lungues, the running of the reins, and the Dioscowhites in women, pains in the head, and fren- rides. zies: outwardly it cleers the fight, takes away inflamations, scabs, itch, the thingles, and all spreading fores, and is as wholsome an herb as can grow about a house.

Polium &c. Polley, or Pellamountain: all Diofcarithe forts are hot in the fecond degree, and dry in des. the third : helps dropfies, the yellow-jaundice, infirmities of the spleen, and provokes urine.

Polygonum. Knotgrafs.

Polytricum. Maidenhair. Portulaca Porflain: Cold and moist in the second or third degree; cools hot stomachs, and (I remember fince I was a child that) it is admirable for one that hath his teeth on edge by cating fowr apples, it cools the blood, liver, and isgood for hot dileales, or inflamations in any of these places, stops fluxes, and the terms, and helps all inward inflamations whatfoever.

Parrum. Leeks. See the Roots. Primula Vern. See Cowflips, or the Flowers, which you will.

Primella. Self-heal, Carpenters-Herb, and in Suffex Sicklewort. Moderately hot and dry, binding. See Bugle. So shall I not need to write one thing twice, the vertues being the

Pulegium. Penyroyal: hot and dry in the third degree; provokes urine, breaks the stone in the reins, (for I take it, the herb is chiefly apropriated to those parts) strengthens womens backs, provokes the terms, caseth their labour in Child-bed, brings away the afterbirth, staies vomiting, ftrengthens the brain, (yea the very

(mell of it) breaks wind, and helps the Verti-

Pulmonari, arborea, Symphytum maculojum. Lunguewort. I confess I fearthing Authors for these, found out many forts of Lungueworts, yet all agreed that both these were one and the fame; and helps infirmities of the Lungues, as hoarceness, coughs, wheezing, fhortness of breath &c. You may boyl it in Hytop water, or any other water that firengthens the Lungues.

Pulicaria. Fleabone; hot and dry in the third degree, helps the bitings of venemous beafts, wounds and fwellings, the yellow Jaundice, the falling-fickness, and such as cannot pils; it being burnt, the smoke of it kils all the Gnats and Fleas in the chamber, as also Serpents if they be there; it is dangerous for women with child,

Pyrus fylvestru. Wild Pear-tree. I know no vertue in the Leaves.

Pyrola. Wintergreen. Cold and dry, and very binding, stops fluxes, and the terms in women, and is admirable good in green wounds.

Quereus folia. Oak Leaves: are much of the nature of the former, stay the whites in women. See the Bark.

Ranunculus. Hath got a fort of English names: / Crowfoot, King-kob, Gold-cups, Gold-knobs, Butter-flowers &c. they are of a notable hot quality, unfit to be taken inwardly; If you bruise the Roots and apply them to a Plague-fore, they are notable things to draw the venom to them. Also Apuleius faith, that if they be hanged about the neck of one that is lunatick in the want of the Moon, the Moon being in the first degree of Taurus, or Scorpie, it quickly rids him of his difeafe.

Raparum folia. If they do not mean Turnepleaves, I know not what they mean, nor it may be themselves neither, the greatest part of them having as much knowledg in Simples, as a horse hath in Hebrew. Rapum is a Turnep, but furely Rapa is a word feldom used; If they do mean Turnep-leaves: when they are young and tender, they are held to provoke urin.

Rosmarinum. Rosemary, hot and dry in the fecond degree, binding, ftops fluxes, help ftuf-fings in the head, the yellow Jaundice, helps the memory, expels wind: See the Flowers.

Rofa Solis. See the Water.

Rofa Alba, Rubra, Damascena. White, Red, and Damask Rofes. I would some body would do so much as ask the Colledg wherefore they set the Leaves down-

Rumex. Dock : all the ordinary fort of Docks are of a cool and drying substance, and therefore ftops fluxes; and the Leaves are feldom ufed in Phyfick.

Rubus Idaus. Raspis, Rasberries, or Hindberries: I know no great vertue in the Leaves.

Ruta. Rue, or Herb of grace; hot and dry in the third degree, confumes the feed, and is an enemy to generation, helps difficulty of breathing, and inflamations of the lungues, pains in the fide, inflamations of the Yard and Matrix, is

naught for women with child : An hundred fuch things are quoted by Dioscovides. This I am fure of, no Herb relifteth poylon more. And some think Mitbridates, that renowned King of Pontus, fortified his body against poylon with no other medicine. It itrengtheneth the heart exceedingly, and no Herb better than this in Pestilential times, take it what manner you wil

Ruta Muvaria. See Adianthum.

Sabina. Savin; hot and dry in the third degree, potently provokes the terms, expels both birth and after-birth, they (boyled in oyl and used in Oyntments) stay creeping ulcers, scour away spots, freckles, and funburning from the face, the belly anointed with it kils worms in children.

Sage: hot and dry in the second or Salvia. third degree, binding, it staies abortion in such women as are subject to come before their times, it causeth fruitfulnels, it is singular good for the brain, strengthens the sences and memory, helps spitting and vomiting of blood; -outward-ly, heat hot with a little Vinegar and applied to the fide, helps stirches, and pains in the fides-Salix. Willow-leaves; are cold, dry, and bin-

ding, ftop spitting of blood and fluxes; the boughs fluck about a chamber, wonderfully cool the air, and refresh such as have feavers; the leaves applied to the head, help hot diseases there, and frenzies.

Sampfucum. Marjoram.

Sanicula. Sanicle: hot and dry in the second degree, clenieth wounds and ulcers.

Sapenaria. Sope-wort, or Bruile-wort; vulgarly used in bruises and cut fingers, and is of notable use in the French-pocks.

Satureia. Savory. Summer-favory, is hoe and dry in the third degree, Winter-favory is not fo hot, both of them expel wind gallantly, and that (they fay) is the reason why they are boyled with Pease and Beans, and other such windy things: 'tis a good fashion and pitty it should be left.

Saxifragia alba. White Saxifrage; breaks wind, helps the chollick and frone.

Scabiofa. Scabious; hot and dry in the fehelps old rotten coughs, and difficulty of breathing, provokes urine and clenfeth the bladder of filthy fluff, breaks Aposthumes, and cures Scabs and Itch. Boyl it in white wine.

Scariola. An Italian name for Succory. Schananthus. Schananth, Squinanth, or Chamels-hay; hot and binding. Galen faith it causeth headach, beleeve him that lift; Diosewides faith it digests and opens the passages of the veins: furely it is as great an expeller of wind as any is.

Scordium. Water-Germander 3 hot and dry, clenfeth ulcers in the inward parts, it provokes urine and the terms, opens floppings of the liver, ipleen, reins, bladder, and matrix, it is a great counterpoyfon, and eafeth the breast op-pressed with flegm. See Diascordium. K 2. Scropba-

Serapio. Diofcorides.

Scrophulavia. Figwort, io called of Scrophula, | the Kings Evil, which it cures, they fay by being only hung about the neck if not, bruife it and apply it to the place, it helps the Piles or Hemorrhoids, and (they fay) being hung about the neck preferves the body in health-

Sedum. And all his forts. See Barba Jovis. Senna. In this give me leave to flick close to Mefue, as an imparaleld Author : it heats in the fecond degree and dries in the first, clenfeth, purgeth, and digesteth, it carries downwards both choller, flegm, and melancholly, it clenieth the brain, heart, Liver, Spleen, it cheers the fences, opens obstructions, takes away dulness of fight, preferves youth, helps deafnels (if pur-ging will help it) helps melancholly and madnets, keeps back old age, relifts resolution of the pains in the head, scabs, itch, fallingfickness, the windiness of it is corrected with a little Ginger... You may boyl half an ounce of it at a time, in Water or white Wine, but boyl it not too much; half an ounce is a moderate dole to be boyled for any reasonable body

Serpillum. Mother-of-Time, Wild Time; it is hot and dry in the third degree, it provokes the terms gallantly, as also helps the itrangury or stoppage of urine, gripings in the belly, ruptures, convultions, inflamations of the Liver, Lethargy, and infirmities of the spleen : boyl it

in white Wine.

Sigillum Solomonis. Solomons Seal. See the Root.

Smyrium. Alexanders of Creet.

Solanum. Nightfhade: very cold and dry, binding, it is formwhat dangerous given inwardly, unless by a skilful hand; outwardly it helps the Shingles, Se Anthonies fire, and other hot inflamations.

Soldanella. Bindweed, hot and dry in the fecond degree, it opens obstructions of the Liver, and purgeth watry homors, and is therefore very profitable in dropfies, it is very hurtful to the fromsch, and therefore if taken inwardly it had nced be well corrected with Cinnamon, Ginger, or Annis-feeds &c. Yet the German Physitians affirm that it cures the dropfie being only bruifed and applied to the navil and fomthing lower, and then it needs not be taken inwardly at

Sonchus levis After. Sowthiftles smooth and rough; they are of a cold watty, yet binding quality, good for frenzies, they encrease milk in Nurses, and cause the children which they nutrie to have a good color, help gnawings of the flomach coming of a hot cause; outwardly they help inflamations, and her fivellings, cool the heat of the fundament and privities.

Sophia Chirurgorum. Flixweed : drying without any manifest heat or coldness, it is usually found about old ruinous buildings, it is fo called because of its vertue in stopping fluxes Pavacelfus highly commends it, nay elevates it up to the skies for curing old wounds and fittulnes ; which though our modern Chyrurgians despile, yet if it were in the hands of a wife man, such as than taken inwardly, hair anointed with the juyce

Paracelfus was, it may do the wonders he faith it will.

Spinachia. Spinage. I never read any physical vertues of it-

Stina alba. See the Root.

Spica. See Nardus.

Stabe. Silver Knopweed: The vertues be the fame with Scabious, and fome think the Herbs too; though I am of another opinion.

Steebas. French Lavender, Cashidony, is a great counterpoylon, open obstructions of the Liver and Spieen, clesieth the matrix and bladder, brings out corrupt humors, provokes urine. There is another Starhas mentioned here by the name of Amazonthus, in English, Golden flower, or Flower-gentle: the flowers of which expel worms; being boyled, the water kils Lice and Nits.

Succija, Morfus Dieboli. Devils-bit: Hot and dry in the fecond degree: inwardly taken, it eafeth the fits of the mother, and breaks wind, takes away swellings in the mouth, and slimy flegm that flicks to the jaws, neither is there a amore present remedy in the world for those cold wellings in the neck, which the vulgar call, the Almonds of the cars, than this Herb bruised and applied to them.

Suchaha. And Egyptian Thorn- Very hard,

if not impeffible to come by here.

And here the Colledg make another racket about the several forts of Comfryes, which I país by with filence, having spoken to them be-

Tanacetum. Tanhe: hot in the second degree, and dry in the third; the very imel of it flaies abortion, or milcarriages in women ; fo it doth being bruifed and applied to their navils, provokes urine, and eafeth pains in making wa-

ter; and is a special help against the Gout.

Taraxaton. Dandelyon, or to write better French, Dent-de-lyon, for in plain English it is called Lyons-tooth; it is a kind of Succory,

and thither I refer you.

Tamarifeus. Tamaris. It hath a dry clenfing quality, and hath a notable vertue against the Galen. Rickets, and infirmities of the Spleen, provokes Diofcorides.

Telephium. A kind of Orpine. Thlashi. See Nasturtium.

Thymbra. A wild Savory. Thymum. Tyme. Hot and dry in the third degree; helps coughs and thornnels of breath, provokes the terms, brings away dead children and the after-birth, purgeth flegm, clenfeth the breaft and lungues, reins and marrix, helps the Sciatica, pains in the breaft, expels wind in any part of the body, refifteth fearfulnels and melancholly, continual pains in the head, and is profitable for fuch as have the Falling-fickness to fmell to.

Thymalea. The Greek name for Spurge-Olive: Mexercon being the Arabick name.

Tribymalus, Efula & c. Spurge. Hot and dry in the fourth degrees a degged purge, better let alone

a gittrangia.

Atius. Galen.

Galen

CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF

of it will fall off; it kills Fifth, being mixed with any thing that they will cat: outwardly it clenteth ulcers, takes away freckles, funburning and morphew from the face.

Tormentilla. See the Root.

Trinitatis berba. Panties, or Hearts-case: They are cold and moift both Herbs and Flowers, excellent against inflamatious of the breast or lungs, Convultions, and Palling fickness, also they are held to

be good for the French Pocks.

Trifolium. Trefoil: dry in the third degree, and cold. The ordinary Medow Trefoil, (for their word comprehends all forts) clenfeth the guts of flimy humors that flick to them, being used either in Drinks or Clysters; outwardly they take away inflamations, Pliny faith the Leaves stand upright before a storm, which I have observed to be true oftener than once or twice, and that in a cleer day, 14. hours before the storm came.

Tuffilago. Colts-foot: fomething cold and dry, and therefore good for inflamations, they are admirable good for Coughs, and Confumptions of the lungues, thortness of breath &c. It is often used and with good success taken in a Tobacco-pipe, being cut and mixed with a little oyl of Annis feeds. See

the Syrup of Colts-foot.

Valeriana. Valerian, or Setwal See the Roots Verbascum. Thapfus Barbatus. Mullin, or Higeaper. It is fomething dry, and of a digefting, clenfing quality, ftops fluxes and the hemorroids, it cures hoareness, the cough, and such as are broken winded; the Leaves worn in the shooes provokes the terms, (especially in such Virgins as never had them) but they must be worn next their feet : also they say, that the Herb being gathered when the Sun is in Virgo, and the Moon in Aries, in their mutual Antifcions, helps fuch of the falling-fickness as do but carry it about them : worn under the feet it helps such as are troubled with the fits of the mother.

Verbena. Vervain t hot and dry, a great opener, clenfer, and healer, it helps the yellow jaundice, de-

fects in the reins and bladder, pains in the head, if it be but bruifed and hung about the neck; all difeafes in the feerer parts of men and women; made into an ointment it is a fovereign remedy for old headaches, called by the name of neganaia as also frenzies; it cleers the skin, and caufeth a lovely colour.

Veronica: See Betonica Pauli. Violarks. Violet Leaves: They are cool, case pains in the head proceeding of heat, and frenzies, either inwardly taken, or outwardly applied, heat of

the stomach, or inflamation of the lungues.

Vitis Vinifera. The Manured Vine, * The *Vines of Leaves are binding and cool withal; the burnt after different of the flicks of a Vine, fcour the teeth and make them elimates, as white as snow; the Leaves stop bleeding, fluxes, bave difheart-burnings, vomitings, as also the longing of wo- ferent omen with child. evations.

Vincitoxicum. Swallow-wort. A pultis made with I write of the Leaves helps fore breafts, and also foreness of the English Vinen

Vinga Paftoris. A third name for Teazles. (Thus you see the Golledg will be surer than the Miller who took his soll but twice.) See Dipfacus.

Virga Auria. See Confolida

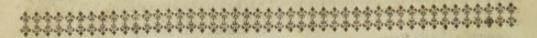
Ulmaria. See the Root. Meadfweet. Umbilious Venevis. Navel-wort; Cold, dry and binding, therefore helps all inflamations; they are very good for kib'd heels, being bathed with it, and a leaf laid over the fore.

Urtica: Nettles; an herb fo well known, that you may find them by the feeling in the darkeft night: they are something hot, not very hot; the juyce stops bleeding; they provoke lust exceedingly, help difficulty of breathing, pleurifies, inflamations of the lungues, that troubliome cough that women call the Chincough; they exceedingly break the ftone, provoke urine, and help fuch as cannot hold their necks upright. Boyl them in white Wire.

Ujnea. Moffe; once before.



FLOWERS.



WERS.

Borrage, and Bugloss flowers, flrengthen the Bheart and brain, and are profitable in Feavers.

Chamomel flowers. heat and affwage fwellings, inflamstions of the bowels, diffolve wind, are profitable given in Clyffers or drink, to fuch as are troubled with the Chollick, or Stone.

Stachas, opens stoppings in the bowels, and streng-

thens the whole body.

Saffron powerfully concocts, and fends out whatever humor offends the body, drives back inflamations, being applied outwardly, encreafeth luft, provokes urine.

Clove-Gilliflowers, refult the pestilence, streng-

then the heart, liver, and flomach, and provokes luft. Scheenanth (which I think I touched flightly amengit the Herbs) provokes urine potently, provokes the terms, breaks wind, helps such as spit or vomit blood, caseth pains of the stemach, reins, and spleen, helps droplies, convultions, and inflamations of the womb.

Lavender-flowers, refift all cold afflictions of the brain, convultions falling-fickness, they ftrengthen cold fromachs, and open obstructions of the liver, they provoke urine and the terms, bring forth the birth and afterbirth.

Hops, opens floppings of the bowels, and for that cause Beer is better than Ale-

Eawm flowers, cheer the heart and vital spirits, firengthen the ftomach.

Rolemary-flowers, flrengthen the brain exceeding-

ly and refift modness, cleer the fight.
Winter-Gilliflowers, or Wall-flowers (as some call them) help inflamation of the womb, provoke the terms, and help ulcers of the mouth.

Hony-fuckles, provoke urine, ease the pains of the fpleen, and fuch as can hardly fetch their breath.

Mallows, help Coughs.

Red Roies, cool, bind, strengthen both vital and animal vertue, reftore such as are in consumptions, strengthen. There are so many Compositions of them which maks me the briefer in the Simples.

Violets, (to wit the blew ones, for I know little or no use of the white in physick) cool and moisten, provoke fleepe loofen the belly, relift feavers, help inflamations, correct the heat of choller, ease pains in the head, help the roughness of the wind-pipe, diseaics in the throat, inflamations in the breatt and fides, plurefies, open stoppings of the liver, and help the yellow Jaundice.

Cichory, (or Succory as the vulgar calls it) cools and strengthens the liver : so doth Endive.

Water-lillies case pains of the head coming of choller and heat, provoke fleep, cool inflamations, and the heat in feavers.

Pemegranate-flowers, dry and bind, flop fluxes,

and the terms in women.

Cowflips, ffrengthen the brain, fences, and me-mory, exceedingly, relift all difectes there, as con-

vulfions, falling-fickness, palfies &c.
Centaury, purges choller and gross humors, helps
the yellow Jaundice, opens obstructions of the liver,
helps pains of the spleen, provokes the terms, brings
out the birth and afterbirth.

Elder, flowers, help dropfies, clenfe the blood, cleer the skin, open floppings of the liver and spleen, and discases arising there from-

Bean-flowers, elect the skin, flop humors flowing into the eyes.

Peach-tree flowers, purge choller gently.

Broom-flowers, purge water, and are good in drop-

The temperature of all these differ either very little or not at all from the Herbs. And now I think I have done full out as well as the Colledge, that named three times as many and gave the vertues of none-

The way of using the Flowers I did forbear, because most of them may, and are usually, made into Conferves, of which you may take the quantity of a Nutmeg, in the morning; all of them may be kept dry a yeer, and Boyled with other herbs conducing to the cures they do.

FRUITS

FRUITS and their BUDS.

Reen Figs, are held to be of ill juyce, but the beft is we are not much troubled with them in England; dry Figs helps coughs, clenie the breaft, and help infirmities of the lungues, thorrness of wind, they loose the belly, purge the reins, help inflamations of the liver and spleen; outwardly they dissolve fwellings; fome fay the continual eating of them makes men loulic-

Pine-Nuts, reftore such as are in confumptions, amend the failings of the lungues, concoet flegm, and yet are naught for such as are troubled with the

headach.

Dates, are binding, stop eating ulcers being applied to them, they are very good for weak flownachs, for they foon digelt, and breed good nourishment, they help infirmities of the reins, bladder, and womb.

Sebestens, cool choller, violent heat of the stomach, help roughness of the tongue and windpipe,

cool the reins and bladder.

Railons of the Sun, help infirmities of the breath and liver, restore Confumptions, gently clense and move to stool.

Walnuts, kill worms, refift the Pestilence, (I

mean the green ones, not the dry.)

Capers, eaten before meals, provoke hunger. Nutmegs, strengthen the brain, stomach, and liver, provoke urin, cafe the pains of the fpleen, ftop looineis, eafe pains of the head, and pains in the joynts, ad strength to the body, take away weakness coming of cold, and cause a sweet breath-

Cloves help digettion, ftop loofness, provoke lust,

and quicken the fight.

Pepper, binds, expels wind, helps the chollick, quickens digeftion oppreffed with cold, heats the ftomach, (for al that old women fay, 'tis cold in the ftomach.)

Quinces, See the Compositions-

Pears are grateful to the ftomach, drying, and therefore help fluxes.

All Plums that are thurp or four, are binding, the

fweet are loofning.

Cucumers, or (if you will) Cowcumbers, cool the stomach, and are good against ulcers in the blad-

Gaules, are exceeding binding, help ulcers in the mouth, wasting of the guns, ealeth the pains of the teeth, helps the falling out of the womb and funda-ment, makes the hair black.

Pompions are a cold and moist fruit, of smal nourithment, they provoke utine, outwardly applied, the fiesh of them help inflamations and burnings, being applied to the forehead they help inflamations of the eyes.

Melones, called in London Musk-millions, have

few other vertues. Apricocks are very grateful to the floratch, and dry up the humors thereof, Peaches, are held to do the

Cubebs, are hot and dry in the third degree, they

expel wind, and clenie the fromach of tough, and viicus humors, they ease the pains of the spleen, and help cold difeases of the womb, they clease the head of flegm and ftrengthen the brain, they heat the flomach and provoke luft.

Bitter Almonds, are hot in the first degree and dry in the second, they clenic and cut thick humors, clenfe the lungues 3 and exten every morning they are

held to preferve from drunkenness,

Bay-berries, heat, expel wind, mitigate pain; are excellent for cold infirmities of the womb, and drop-

Cherries, are of different qualities according to their different talt, the fweet are quickeft of digeftion, but the four are most pleasing, to a hot stomach, and procure appetite to ones meat.

Medlers, are firengthening to the flomach, binding, and the green are more binding than the rotten,

and the dry than the green.

Olives, cool and bind. English-Currance, cool the stomach, and are profitable in acute feavers, they quench thirft, refut vomiring, cool the heat of choller, provoke appetite, and are good for hot complexions.

Services, or (as we in Suffex call them) Checkers, are of the nature of Medlars, but fomething weaker

in operation.

Barberries, quench thrift, cool the heat of chollet, relift the pettilence, flay vomiting and fluxes, ftop the terms, kill worms, help spitting of blood, fasten the teeth, and ftrengthen the gams. Strawberries, cool the stomach, liver, and blood,

but are very hurtful for fuch as have agues.

Winter-Cherries, potently provoke urine, and break the stone.

Caffia-fiftula, is temperate in quality, gently, purgeth choller and flegm, clarrifies the blood, relifts feavers, clenieth the breaft and lungues, it cools the reins, and thereby relifteth the breeding of the stone, it provokes urine, and therefore is exceeding good for the running of the reins in men, and the whites in women.

All the forts of Myrobalans, purge the flomach, the Indian Myrobalans are held to purge melancholly most especially, the other flegm; yet take heed you use them not in stoppings of the bowels : they are cold and dry, they all ftrengthen the heart, brain, and finnews, firengthens the fromach, releeve the fences, take away tremblings and heart-qualms. They are feldom used alone:

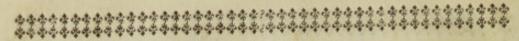
Prones, are cooling and lookning.

Tamacinds, are cold and dry in the second degree, they purge choller, cool the blood, flay vomiting, help the yellow Jaundice, quench thrill, coel hot ftomachs, and hot livers.

I omit the use of these also, as resting consident a child of three yeers old, if you should give it Raifons of the fun or Cherries, would not ask how it

should take them.

HANNING TO THE THE THE TAKEN THE THE TAKEN THE



SEEDS OR GRAINS.

Oriander feed, hot and dry, expels wind, but is to the brain, dangerous for mad people; therefore let them be prepared as you shall be taught towards the latter end of the Book.

Fenugreek feeds, are of a foftening discussing nature, they cease inflamations, be they internal or external, bruifed and mixed with vineger they cale the pains of the Spleen; being applied to the fides, help hardness and fwellings of the matrix ; being boyled, the decoction helps (cabby heads.

Linfeed hath the fame vertues with Fenugreek.

Gromwel-feed, provokes urine, helps the chollich, breaks the flone, and expels wind- Boyl them in white

Wine, but bruite them first.

Lupines, ealeth the pains of the spleen, kils worms, and casts them out; curwardly, they clenic filthy ulseers, and Gangrenes, help leabs, itch, and inflamations

Dill feed, encreafeth milk in Nurses, expels wind, flaies vemitings, provokes urine; yet it duls the fight

and is an enemy to generation.

Smallage feed, provokes urin and the terms, expels wind, refifts poyton, and cafeth inward pains, it opens floppings in any part of the body, yet it is hurtful for fuch as have the falling fickness, and for women with child.

Rocket feed, provokes urine, flirs up luft, encreaseth feed, kills worms, enfeth the pains of the spleen : use

all thefe in like manner.

Bafil feed : If we may believe Diojeorides and Crefeertius, cheers the heart, and strengthens a moist fromach, drives away melancholly, and provokes

Nettle feed, provokes luft, opens ftoppages of the womb, helps inflamations of the fides and lungues, orgeth the breaft: boyl them (being bruised) in

White Wine also:

The feeds of Ammi, or Bishopsweed, heat and dry, help difficulty of urine, and the pains of the chollick the bitings of venemous beafts, they provoke the

terms, and purge the womb.

Annis feeds, heat and dry, case pain, expel wind, cause a sweet breath, help the dropsie, resist poyson, breed milk, and ftop the whites in women, provoke luft, and eafe the headach

Cardamoms, heat, kill worms, clenie the reins, and

provoke prine.

Fennel feeds, break wind, provokes urine, and the terms, encreafeth milk in Nuries.

Commin feeds, heat, bind and dry, stop blood, expel wind, ease pain, help the bitings of venemous beaffs: outwardly applied (vez in plaisters) they are of a discussing nature.

Carrot feeds, are windy, provoke luft exceedingly, and encrease seed, provoke urine and the terms, cause speedy delivery to women in travel, and bring away the after-birth. All thefe also may be boyled in White Wine.

Nigella feeds, boyled in oyl and the forehead anointed with it, case pains in the head, take away leprofie, itch, fcutff, and hepls feald-heads: inwardly taken they expel worms, they provoke urine, and the terms, help difficulty of breathing: the smoke of them (being burned) drives away Serpents and venemous

Stavefager, kills Lice in the head, I hold it not

fitting to be given inwardly.

The feeds of water-creffes, heat, yet trouble the flomach and belly, cafe the pains of the spleen, are very dangerous for women with child, yet they provoke luft; outwardly applied, they help leproties scaldheads, and the falling off of hair, as also Carbuncles, and cold ulcers in the joynts.

Mustard feed, hears, extenuares, and draws moiflure from the brain; the head being shaved and anointed with Mustard, is a good remedy for the le-thargy, it helps filthy ulcers, and hard swellings in the mouth, it helps old aches coming of cold.

French Barly, is cocling, nourifhing, and breeds

milk.

Sorrel feeds, potently refift poyfon, helps fluxes, and fuch flemachs as leath their meat.

Succory feed, cools the heat of the blood, extinguisheth luft, openeth floppings of the liver and bo-wels, it allaies the heat of the body, and produceth a good colour, it flrengthens the flomach, liver, and reins.

Poppy feeds, cafe pain, provoke fleep. Your best way is to make an Emulsion of them with Barly-wa-

Mallow feeds, ease pains in the bladder.

Cich-Peale, are windy, proveke luft, encrease milk in Nurses provoke the terms, outwardly, they help feabs, itch, and inflamations of the ftones, ulcers

White-Saxifrage feeds, provoke urine, expel wind, and break the ftone. Boyl them in white Wine.

Rue feeds, help fuch as connot hold their water. Lettice feed, cool the blood, restrains lust.

Also Gourds, Citruls, Cucumers, Mellens, Purflain, and Endive Seeds, cool the blood, as also the ftomach, ipleen and reins, and allay the heat of feavers. Use them as you were taught to do Poppy feeds.

Wormseed, expels wind, kills worms-

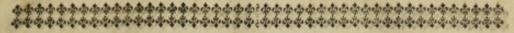
Ash-tree Keyes, ease pains in the sides, help the dropfie, releeve men weary with labor, provoke luft, and make the body lean.

Peony feeds, help the Ephialtes, or the difease the vulgar call the Mare, as also the fits of the mother, and other fuch like infirmites, of the wemb, stop the terms, and help Convulsions.

Broom feed, potently provoke urine, breaks the

Citron feeds, strengthen the heart, cheer the vital spirit, refult pestilence and poylon-

TEARS,



TEARS, LIQUORS, AND ROZINS

Adanum, is of a heating molifying nature, it o- | pens the mouth of the veins, states the hair from falling off, helps pains in the eas, and hardness of the womb. It is used only ourwardly in Plaisters.

Asa fatida, is commonly used to allay the fits of the mother by imelling to it, they fay, inwardly taken, it provokes luft, and expels wind.

Benzoin, or Benjamin, makes a good perfume. Sanguis Draconis, cools and binds exceedingly.

Aloes, purgeth choller and flegm, and with fuch deliberation that it is often given to withstand the violence of other purges, it preferves the sences and betters the apprehension, it strengthens the liver, and helps the yellow Jaundice. Yet it is naught for such as are troubled with the Memorrhoids, or have agues. I do not like it taken raw. See Aloe Rosata, which is nothing but it washed with juyce of roles.

Manna, is temperatly hot, of a mighty dilative quality, wlndy, clenicth choller gently, also it clenfeth the throat and stomach. A child may take an ounce of it at a time melted in milk, and the drofs frained out, it is good for them when they are feab-

Scamony, or Diagridium, call it by which name you please, is a desperate purge, hurtful to the body, by reason of its heat, windiness, corroding, or gnawing, and violence of working, I would advise my country to let it alone 'twill gnaw their bodyes as fatt as Doctors gnaw their puries.

Opopanex, is of a heating, molifying, digefting quality.

Gum Elemi, is exceeding good for fractures of the skul, as also in wounds, and therfore is put in plaisters for that end. See Arceus his Liniment.

Tragacanthum, commonly called Gum Traganth,

and Gum Dragon, helps coughs, hearfness, and die

Hillations upon the lungues.

Bdellium, heats and fostens, helps hard swellings, ruptures, pains in the fides, hardness of the fin-

Galbanum, hor, dry, discussing applied to the wombs it haftens both birth and afterbirth, applied to the navel it staies the strangling of the womb, commonly called the fits of the mother, helps pains in the fides, and difficuty of breathing, being applied to it, and the finel of it helps the vertigo or diffines, in the heads

Mirrh, heats, and dries, opens and foftens the womb, provokes the birth and after birth; inwardly taken, it helps old coughs, and hoarineis, pains in the fides, kills worms and helps a ftinking breath, helps the wastings of the gums, fastens the teeth; outwardly it helps wounds, and fills up ulcers with flesh. You may take half a drachm at a time.

Maftice, threngthens the Homach exceedingly, helps fuch as vomit or ipit blood, it fattens the teeth and ftrengthens the gums, being chewed in the mouth-

Frankinsence and Olibanum, hear and bind, fill up old ulcers with flesh, stops bleeding, but is extream bad for mad people.

Turpentine purgeth, clenfeth the Reins, helps the running of them.

Styrax calamitis, helps coughs and diffillations upon the lungues, hearfnels, want of voice, hardnels of the womb, but it is bad for headaches.

Amoniacum, applied to the fide, helps the hardness and pains of the ipleen.

Campbire, eafeth pains of the head coming of hears takes away inflamations, and cools any place it is applied to.

UYCES.

Hat all Juyces have the same vertues with the Herbs, or Fruits whereof they are made, I suppole few or none will deny; therefore I shall only azzne a few of them, and that briefly.

Sugar is held to be hot in the first degree, strengthens the Lungues, takes away the roughness of the Throat, succours the Reins and Bladder.

The Juyce of Citrons cools the Blood, strengthens

the Heart, mitigates the violent heat of Feavers-

The Juyce of Lemmons works the fame effect, but not so powerfully (as Authors say,)

Juyce of Liquoris strengthens the Lungues, helps Coughs and Colds.

I am loth to trouble the Reader with Tautology, therefore I pais to

a I take

our Ent-

lifb Ad-

der to be

Viper,

the true

mosts as

they are



THINGS BRED OF PLANTS.

Those few have been treated of before, only two excepted; the First of which is,

Agaricus. Agrick, It purgeth Flegm, Choller, and Melancholly, from the Brain, Nerves, Muscles, Marrow, (or more properly Brain) of the Back, it clenfeth the Breaft, Lungues, Liver, Stomach, Spleen, ly, or hung about ones neck.

F these, the Colledg names but few, and all of those few have been treated of before, only two Terms, kills Worms, helps pains in the Joynts, and causeth a good Colour: It is very feldom or never ta-

ken alone. See Syrup of Rofes with Agrick.

Laftly, Viscus Quareinus, or Misleto of the Oak, helps the Falling sickness, being either taken inward-

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LIVING-CREATURES.

Millepedes (so called from the multitude of their feet, though it cannot be supposed they have a wardly being boyled in oyl, help pains in the ears, a

drop being put into them.
The flesh of Vipers being eaten, cleer the fight, help the vices of the nerves, refitt poyfon exceedingly, neither is there any better remedy under the Sun for their bitings than the head of the Viper that bit you, bruised and applied to the place, and the flesh eaten, you need not ear above a drachm at a time, and make it up as you shall be taught in Troches of Vipers. bappuly not Neither any comparable to the stinging of Bees and fo vene- Wasps &c. than the same that stung you, bruised

and applied to the place.

Land Scorpions, cure their own stingings by the same means, the ashes of them (being burnt) potent-Countries. ly provokes urine and breaks the stone.

Earth-Worms, (the preparation of which you may find towards the latter end of the Book) are an admirable remedy for cut nerves being applied to the

place, they provoke urine, fee the oyl of them, on-ly let me not forget one notable thing quoted by Mi-galdus, which is, that the pouder of them put into

an hollow tooth, makes it drop out.

Eels, being put into Wine or Beer, and suffered to die in it, he that drinks it will never endure that fort of liquor again.

Oysters, applied alive to a pestilential swelling, draw the venom to them.

Crab-fish, burnt to ast es, and a drachm of it taken every morning helps the bitings of mad-dogs, and all other venemous beafts.

Swallows, being eaten, cleer the fight, the aftes of them (being burnt) eaten, preferves from drunkennels, helps fore throats being applied to them, and inflamations.

Grashoppers, being eaten, ease the chollick, and pains in the bladder.

Hedg-Sparrows, being kept in falt, or dryed, and eaten raw, are an admirable remedy for the ftone.

Young Pidgeons being eaten, help pains in the reins, and the difease called Tenasmus.

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PARTS

PARTS OF LIVING CREATURES AND EXCREMENTS

HE brain of Sparrows being eaten provoke luft

The brain of an Hare being rofted helps trembling, it makes children breed teeth eafily, their gums being rubbed with it, it also helps scald heads and falling off of hair the head being anointed with it.

The head of a cole black Cat being burnt to ashes in a new pot, and some of the ashes blown into the eye every day, helps fuch as have a skin growing over their fight, if there happen any inflamation, moisten an Oak leaf in water and lay over the eye; Mizaldus faith (by this one only medicine) cured fuch as have been blind a whol yeer.

The head of a young * Kite, being burned to athes and the quantity of a drachm of it taken every them morning, in a little water, is an admirable remedy for the Gout-

* Some

Gleads,

& others

Countries

Crabs-eyes, breaks the stone, and open stoppings Puttocks. of the bowels.

The lungues of a Fox well dried (but not burned) is an admirable strengthner to the lungues: See the Lohoch of Fox lungues

The liver of a Duck, ftops fluxes, and ftrengthens the liver exceedingly

The liver of a Frog, being dried and eaten, helps quartan agues, or as the vulgar call them third-day

Cocks stones nourish mightily, and refresh and re-store such bodies as have been wasted by long sickness they are admirable good in Hectick feavers, and (Galens supposed incurable) Marasmus, which is a confumption attending upon a Hectick feaver; they encrease seed, and help such as are weak in the sports of Venus.

Caftorium refifts poylon, the bitings of venemous beafts, it provokes the terms, and brings forth both birth and after birth, it expels wind, eafeth pains and aches, convultions, fighings, lethargies, the fmell of it allaies the fits of the mother; inwardly given, it helps tremblings, falling-fickness, and other such ill effects of the brain and nerves: A scruple is enough to take at a time, and indeed (pirit of Castorium is better than Castorium raw, to which I refer

The yard of a ftag, helps fluxes, the bitings of venemous beafts, provokes urine, and ftirs up luft ex-

A sheeps or Goats bladder being burnt, and the athes given inwardly, helps the Diabetes, or continu-

Unicorns horn, relifts poylon and the peftilence, provokes urine, reftores lost strength, brings forth both birth and after-birth.

Ivory, or Elephants tooth, binds, flops the whites in women, it strengthens the heart and stomach, helps the yellow Jaundice, and makes women fruit-

The vertues of Harts-horn, are the same with Unicorns horn.

The bone that is found in the heart of a stag is as foveraign a Cordial, and as great a strengthner to the heart as any is, being beaten into pouder and taken inwardly, also it refists peltilences and poyson.

The fcull of a man that was never buried, being beaten to pouder and given inwardly, the quantity of a drachen at a time, in Bettony water, helps palfies, and falling fickness.

That fmall Triangular bone in the Skul of a man, Called Os triquetrum, so absolutely cures the falling sickness that it will never come again (faith Paracet-

Those small bones which are found in the fore see of a Hare being beaten into pouder and drunk in Wine, powerfully provoke urine. A Ring made of an Elks Claw, being worn helps

The fat of a man is exceeding good to anoint fuch limbs as fall away in flesh.

Goofe greafe and Capons greafe are both foftning, helps gnawing fores, fitiness of the womb, and mitigate pain.

I am of opinion that the Suet of a Gost, mixed with a little Saffron is as excellent an ovntment for the Gout, especially the Gout in the knees as any

Bears greafe staies the falling off of the hair,

Fox Grease helps pains in the ears. Elks Claws or Hoofs are a Soveraign remedy for the falling fickness, thoughtit be but worn in a Ring, much more being taken inwardly, but (faith Mizale dus) it must be the Hoof of the right foot behind

Milk is an extream windy meat, therefore I am of the Opinion of Diosecrides, viz, that it is not pro-fitable in head-aches, yet this is for certain, that it is an admirable remedy for inward ulcers in any part of the body, or any corrolions or excoriations, pains in the reins and bladder, but it is very bad in difea-fes in the liver, fpleen, the falling fickness, vertigo, or diffinels in the head, feavers, and head aches : Goars milk is held to be better than Cows for Hectick feavers, Phrificks, and confumptions, and io is Affes

Whey, attenuateth and clenfeth both choller and melancholly, wonderfully helps melancholly and madnels coming of it, it opens thoppings of the bowels, helps fuch as have the dropfie, and are troubled with the stoppings of the spleen, rickets, and hypocondriack melancholly : for fuch diseases you may make up your Physick with Whey. Quiwardly it clenieth the skin of such deformities as come through choller or melancholly, as feabs, itch, morphew, leprofie

Honey, is of a gallant clenfing quallity, exceed-ing profitable in all inward ulcers, in what part of the body foever, it opens the veins, clenfeth the reins and bladder: he that would have more of the vertues of it, let him read Butler his Book of Bees, a gallant experimental work. I know no vices belonging | more they flink.

to it, but only it is foon converted into choller-

Wax, foftens, heats, and meanly fills fores with fieth, it fuffers not the milk to curdle in womens. breafis 3 inwardly it is given (ten grains at a time)against bloody-fluxes.

Raw-Silk, heats and dries, cheers the heart, drives away fadness, comforts all the spirits, both Natural,

Vital, and Animal.

As for Excrements, there the Colledg makes thittin work, and paddle in the turds like Jakes Farmers, I will let them alone for fear the more I ftir them the

BELONGING TO THE

SPerma Cati, is well applied outwardly to eating Ulcers, the marks which the small pocks leave behind them, it cleers the fight, provokes (weat; inwardly it troubles the ftomach and belly, helps bruifes, and stretching of the nerves, and therefore is good

for women newly delivered.

Amber greefe, heats and dryes, strengthens the brain and nerves exceedingly, if the infirmity of them

Sea-fand, a man that hath the dropfie, being fet up to the middle in it, it draws out all the water.

Red Corral, is cold, dry and binding, fteps the immoderate flowing of the terms, bloody-fluxes, the running of the reins, and the whites in women, helps fuch as spit and pisse blood, helps witchcrast being carried about one, it is an approved remedy for the falling sickness. Also if ten grains of ted Corral be given to a Child in a little breaft-milk to foon as it is born, before it take any other food, it will never have the falling fickness, nor convulsions. The common dose is from ten grains to thirty.

Pearls, are a wonderfull ftrengthner to the heart, encrease milk in Nurses, and amend it being naught, they restore such as are in Consumptions, both they and the red Corral preserve the body in health, and refift feavers. The Dole is ten grains or fewer ; more I suppose because it is dear, than because it would do

Amber, (viz. yellow Amber) hears and dryes, therefore prevails against moist diseases of the head, it helps violent Coughs, helps Confumptions of the lungues, spitting of blood, the whites in women, it helps such women that are out of measure unwealdy in their going with child, it stops bleeding at the nose, helps difficulty of urine: You may take ten or twenty grains at a time

The Froath of the Sea, it is hot and dry, helps scabs, itch, and leprosie, scald heads &c. ie clenseth the skin, helps difficulty of urine, makes the teeth white, being tubbed with it, the head being washed with it, it helps baldness, and trimly decks the head

with hairs.

METTALS,



METTALS, MINERALS, AND STONES.

GOLD is temperate in quality, it wonderfully firengthens the heart and vital spirits; which one perceiving very wittily inferted thele verles-

For Gold is Cordial; and that's the reason, Your valeing Mifers live fo long a feafon.

However this is certain, in Cordials, it refifts melancholly, faintings, swoonings, feavers, falling-sick-ness, and all such like infirmities incident, either to the vital or animal spirit. What those be, see the directions at the beginning.

Alam, hears, binds, and purgeth, feours filthy ul-

cers, and faftens loofe teeth.

Brimftone, or flower of Brimftone, which is Brimflone refined, and the better for Physical uses, helps coughs and rotten flegm; outwardly in oyntments it takes away leprofies, leabs, and irch, inwardly it helps the yellow Jaundice, as also worms in the belly especially being mixed with a little Salt-peter, it helps lethargies being fnuffed up in the note, the truth is I shall speak more of this, and many other Simples (which I mention not here) when I come to the Chymical Oyls of them.

Litharge, both of Gold and Silver, binds and dries much, fils up ulcers with flesh, and heals them-

Lead, is of a cold dry earthly quality, of an healing nature, applied to the place it helps any infla-mation, and dries up humors-

Pompholix, cools, dries, and binds-

(*) Jacynth, strengthens the heart being either beaten into pouder and taken inwardly, or only worn in a Ring; Cardanus faith it encreaseth riches and

Saphyre, relisteth Necromantick apparitions, and by a certain divine gift, it quickens the sences, helps fuch as are bitten by venemous beafts, ulcers in the guts, Galen, Dioscorides, Garcias, and Cardanus

are my Authors

Emerald, called a Chaft stone, because it refisteth luft, and will break (as Cardanus faith) if one hath it about him when he deflowrs a Virgin; moreover being worn in a Ring, it helps or at least mitigates the falling fickness, and vertigo, it strengthens the memory, and stops the unruly passions of men, it takes away vain and foolish fears, as of Devils, Hobgoblins &c. it takes away folly, anger &c. and caufeth good conditions ; and if it do fo being worn about one, reason will tell him that being beaten into pouder and taken inwardly, it will do it much

Ruby (or Carbancle, if there be fuch a stone) restrains lust, relists postilence, takes away idle and foolith thoughts, makes men cheerful.

Granate, ftrengthens the heart, but hurts the brain, cauleth anger, takes away fleep.

men more fecure or fearless than careful, which it doth by over-powring the spirits; as the Sun though it be light it felf, yet it darkens the light in beholding its body. Amethali, being worn, makes men fober and flaied, keeps them from drunkenness, and too much sleep, it quickens the wit, is profitable in huntings, and fightings, and repels vapors from the head.

Bezoar, is a notable reftorer of nature, a great cor-

Diamend, is reported to make him that bears it

infortunate, It makes men undaunted (I suppose be- Gracius

cause it is a stone of the nature of Mars) it makes Cardanus

dial, no way hurtful nor dangerous, is admirable good in feavers, pettilences, and confumptions, 1/7. taken inwardly, for this stone is not used to be worn as a Jewel; the pouder of it being put upon wounds made by venemous beafts, draws out the poylon.

Topas, (If Spiphanius (pake truth) if you put it into boyling water, it doth so cool it that you may presently put your hands into it without harm, if so, hen it cools inflamations of the body by touching of

Toudstone, being applied to the place helps the bi-tings of venemous beasts, and quickly draws all the Lemning poylon to it, it is known to be a true one by this, hold it neer to any Toad, and the will make proffer to take it away from you, if it be right, elfe not. There is a stone of the bigness of a Bean found in

the Gizzard of an old Cock, which makes him that Lemnius bears it, beloved, constant, and bold, valiant in fighting, beloved by women, potent in the sports of

Nephriticus lapis, help pains in the stomach, and is of great force in breaking and bringing away the ftone & gravel; concerning the powerful operation of which I shall only quote you one story of many, out of Monardas, a Physitian of note. A certain noble man (quoth he) very well known to me, by only bearing this stone tyed to his arm, voided such a deal of gravel, that he feared the quantity would do him hurt, by avoiding fo much of it, wherefore he laid it from him, and then he avoided no more gravel; but afterwards being again troubled with the stone, he ware it as before, and prefently the pain caled, and he avoided gravel as before, and was never troubled with the pain of the stone so long as he ware it.

Jasper, being worn stops bleeding, easeth the labor of women, stops luft, refift teavers and drop-

Atites, or the stone with child, because being hollow in the middle, it contains another little ftone within it, it is found in an Eagles neft, and in many other places; this stone being bound to the left arm Dioscoriof women with child, staies their miscarriage or ades.

Pline. bortion, but when the time of their labor comes, re- Pling. move it from their arm, and bind it to the infide of

Cardanus

Garcius.

*The front,

not the

Cardanus

their thigh, and it brings forth the child, and that (al-

most) without any pain at all.

Young Swallows of the first brood, if you cut them up, between the time they were hatched, and the next full Moon, you shall find two stones in their ventricle, one reddish, the other blackish, these being hung about the neck in a piece of Stags leather, help the talling seekness, and feavers. The truth is, I have found the reddish one my self without any regard to the lunation, but never tried the vertues of it.

Laps Lazuli, purgeth melancholly being taken in-

wardly; outwardly worn as a Jewel, it makes mencheerful, fortunate, and rich-

And thus I end the Stones, the vertues of which if any think incredible, I answer, 1. I quoted the Authors where I had them, 2. I know nothing to the contrary but why it may be as possible as the found of a Trumpet is to incite a man to valor, or of a Fiddle to dauncing; and if I have added a few Simples which the Colledg left out, I hope my fault is not much, or at least wife, venial.

Hus much for their old Dispensatory, which with them is now like an old Almanack out of date: Indeed had not the Printer desired it might not be (and withall promised me that he would do it in a smaller print that so the Book might not exceed the former price) I had lest out what hitherto hath bin written, having published in print such a treatise of, for their own preservation of health or cure of diseases, such as grow neer them and are easily to be had; that so by the help of my book they may cure themselves, and never be beholding to such Physitians as the iniquity of these times affords.

And thus I come to the thing they call their New Dispensatory, or as more properly it is, their old one new vamped; And first to their Cotalogue of simples.

A CA-



CATALOGUE SIMPLES NEW DISPENSATORY.

ROOTS, of

ca, Virginian, Snakeweed, Swallow-wort, Sparagus, Alphodel male and sumale, Burdocks great and small, Beben, or Bazil, Valerian white and red, Dazles, Beets, white red and black, Marth-mallows, Bisort, Borrage, Briony white and black, Bugloß garden and wild, Calamus Aromaticus, our less thisses, Avens, Coleworts, Centawy the less, Omions, Chameleon white and black, Chelondine, Pilemon, Chang Success, Articlosky, Virginian Snakewort, China, Succory, Articholes, Virginian Snike-toot, Comfry greater and leffer, Contra yerva, Coftus, fweet and bitter, Tarmerick, wild Cucumers, Sowbread, Hounds-tongue, Cyperus long and round, toothwort, White Dittany, Doronicum, Dragons, Woody Nightsbade, Vipers Bugloß, Smallage, Hellebore white and black, Endive, Alicampane, Eringo, Coltsfoot, Fearn male and samale, Filipendula or Dropwort, Fearnel, White Dittany, Galanga great and [mail, Gentian, Liqueris, Dog-graß, Hermodic-tills, Swallow-wort, Jacinth, Henbane, Jallap, Mafterwort, Orris or flower de-luce both English and Florentine, Sharp-pointed-dock, Burbock greater and leis, lovage, Privet, white Lillies, Liquoris, Mallows, Mechoacan, Jallap, Spagnel, Mercury, Devils Bit, Sweet Navew, Spagnel, Mercury, Devils Bit, Baughty mind before destruction.

In antient times when men lived more in health, simples were more in use by farr than now they are a now compounds take the cheif place, and ment are farr more fieldly then before; The reason I conceive to be polypodium of the Oak, Selomons Seal, Leeks, Pellitory of Spain, Cinkfoyl, Turneps, Rhadishes garden and wild, Rhapontick, Common Rhubaub, Monter that leis, lovage, Priver, white Lillies, Liquoris, Mallows,

king Gladon, Devills-bit, Dandelion, Thapfus, Tor-mentill, Turbith, Colts foot, Valctian greater and leffer. Vervain, Swallow-wort, Nettles, Zedeary,

long and round, Ginger.
Culpeper] These be the Roots the Colledge hath named, and but only named, and in this order as I have fet them down. It feems the Colledg hold a ftrange opinion, viz. That it would do an English man a mischeise to konw what the herbs in is garden are good for, such admirable Common-wealths-men they are, so infinitly beneficiall to their

Country ; even in the suparlative degree. For my own particular I aim folely at the benefit of my country in what I do, and shall impartially reveal to them what the Lord hath revealed to me in Physick: I fee my first labours were so well accepted, that I shall not now give over till I have given my country that which is called the whol body of Physick, in their own mother tongue; I waigh the ill language of the Colledg no more than I do a straw under my foot; Wildom will be justified of all her children ! only I defire them not to grow to proud, but remem-ber who it was faid, Pride goes before a fall, and a

rowed fome from Arabia, others from Greece, and fome few from Italy: I know no reason why they abGonded the names of the Authors from whence they borrowed them, unless it were either to make the Generation to come, believe they were their own: or else to put an exceeding difficulty to all, an utter impossibility upon most, to find the vertues of them, as not knowing in what Authors to search for them;
The one of these shews the pride, the other the dishonesty of their hearts.

But to return to my purpose, my opinion is, that those herbs, roots, plants &c. which grow neer a man are fart better and more congruous to his nature than any out-landish rubbish whatsoever, and this I am able to give a reason of to any that shall demand it of me, therefore I am so capious in handling of them, you shall observe them ranked in this order.

1. The Temperature of the Roots, Herbs, Flowers

&c. are of, viz. Hot, cold, dry, moift, together with the degree of each quality.

2. What part of the body each root, herb, flower, is apropriated to, viz. head, throat, breaft, heart, flomach, liver, ípleen, bowells, reins, bladder, womb, joynts, and in those which heat those places, and which cool them.

3. The property of each Simple as they, bind, open, mollify, harden, extinuate, discusse, draw out, suppure, clense, glutinate, break wind, breed feed, provoke the terms, stofft poylon, abate swellings, ease pain.

This I intend shall be my generall method throughout the Simples, which having finished; I shall give you a paraphrase explaining these terms, which rightly considered will give the key of Galens way of administring Physick.

The Temperature of the Roots.

Roots hot in the first degree.

Marshmallows, Bazil, Valerian, Spattling poppy, Burdocks, Borrage, Bugloss, Calamus Aromaticus, Avens, Pilewort, China, Self-heal, Liquoris, Dog-grass, White-Lillies Peony male and formale, Wild parsneps, Parsly, Valerian great and small, Knee-holly, Satyrion, Scorzonera, Skirrets.

Hot in the fecond degree.

Water-flag, Reeds, Swallowwort, Afphodel male,
Carline thiftle, Cyperus long and round, Fennel,
Lovage, Spignell, Mercury, Devils-bit, Butter-burr,
Hogs-Fennel, Sarfa-parilla, Squills, Zedoary.

Hot in the third degree.

Angelica, Aron, Birthwort long and round, Sowbread, Alarsbacca, Briony, white and black, Sullendine, Virginian Snake-root, Hermerick, White dittany, Doronicum, Hellebore white and black, Alicampane, Filipendula, Galanga greater and leffer, Maftetwort, Orris, English and Florintine, Restharrow, Stinking Gladon, Turbith, Ginger.

Hot in the fourth degree. Garlick, Onnions, Leeks, Pellitory of Spain.

Roots temperate in respect of heat are, Bears-breech, Sparagus, Our Ladies thiftles, Eringo, Jalap, Mallows, Mechoacan, Garden-Parsnips, Sink-foyl, Tormentill.

Roots cold in the first degree.

Sorrel, Beets white and red, Comfry the greater,
Plantane, Rose root, Maddir.

Cold in the fecond degree-Alcanet, Dazies, Succory, Hounds-tongue, Endive, Jacinth-

Cold in the third degree, Biftort and mandrakes, are cold in the third degree, and Henbane in the fourth.

Roots dry in the first degree Bearsbreech, Burdocks, Red beets, Calamus Aromaticus, Pilewort Self-heal, Endive, Eringo, Jacinth, Maddir, Knee-holly.

Dry in the second degree.

Waterstag, Marsh-mallows, Alkanet Smallage, Reeds,
Sorrel, Swallow, wort, Asphodel male, Bazill, Valerian and Spatling-poppy, according to the opinion
of the Greeks, Our Ladies thistles, Avens, Succory,
Hounds-tongue, Cyperus long and round, Fennell,
Lovage, Spignel, Mercury, Devills birt, Butter-burr,
Parsly, Plantane, Zedoary.

Dry in the third degree.

Angellica, Aron, Birthwort long and round, Sowbread, Biftort, Afarabacca, Briony white and black, Carline thiftle, China, Sullendine, Virginian, Snakeroot, White Dittany, Doronicum, Hellebore white and black, Alicampane, Filipendula, Galanga greater and leffer, Mafter-wort, Orris English and Florentine, Reft-harrow, Peony, male and formale, Sinkfoyl, Hogs-Fennell, Saría-parilla, Stinking-Gladon, Tormentill, Ginger.

Ory in the fourth degree Garlick, Onnions, Costus, Leeks, Pellitory of Spain.

Roots moift are, Bazil Valerian, and Spattling-poppy, according to the Arabian Physitians, Dailies, white Beets, Borrage, Bugloss, Liquoris, Dog-grass, Mallows, Satyrion, Scorzonera, Parsnips, Skirrets.

Roots are also apropriated to several parts of the body; and fothey,

Hear the head,

Doronicum, Fennel, Jallap, Mechoacan, Spicknard, Celtick, and Indian, Peony male and formale. Neck and throat.

Dilewort, Devils-bit.

Breaft and lungues.

Birthwort long and round, Elicampane, Liquoris, Orris English and florentine, Calamus Aromaticus, Sinkfoil, Squills.

Angellica, Borrage, Buglos, Carline thiffle, Doro-nicum, Butter bur, Scorzonera, Tormentil Zedoary, Bazil, Valerian white and red.

Alicampane, Galanga greater and leffer, Spicknard, Celtick, and Indian, Ginger, Fennel, Avens,

Valerian great and small, Zedoary, Ginger.

Liver

Smallage, Carline thiftle, Sullendine, China, Turmerick, Fennel, Gentian, Dog-grafs, Cinkfoyl, Parfly, Smallage, Sparagus, Rhubarb Rhapontick, Knee-holly.

Smallage, Carline thittle, Fearn male and formale, Parfly, Water-flag, Sparagus, round Birthwort, Fennel, Capers; Ash, Gentian.

Reins and bladder.

Marihmallows, Smallage, Sparagus, Burdock, Ba-zil, Valerian, fpatling Poppy, Carline thiffle, Chi-na, Cyperus long and round, Filipendula, Dog-grafs, Spicknard, Celtick, and Indian, Parfly, Kneeholly, white Saxifrage.

Birthwore long and round, Galanga greater and leffer, Peony male and famale, hogs Fennel Fundament

Pilewort.

Bears-breech, Hermodactils, Jallap, Mecoacan, Ginger, Coftus.

Roots cool the Head

Rose Root.

Sow thiftles, Endive, Succory, Biftort. Liver and spleen Maddir, Endive, Cichory.

The properties of the Roots.

Although I confess the properties of the Simples may be found out, by the enfuing explanation of the terms, and I suppose by that means they were found out at first, and although I hate a lazy Student from my heart, yet to encourage young Students in the art; I shall quote the cheifest of them, I desire all lovers of Phylick to compare them with the explanation of these Rules, so shall they see how they agree, so may they be enabled to find out the properties of all Simples, (yea of fuch as are not mentioned in the learned Colledges Apish Dispensatory) to their own exceeding benefit in Physick.

Roots, Bind, Cyperus, Biftort, Tormentil, Cinkfovl, Bears breech, Waterflag, Alkanet, Toothwort, &c. Discuss

Birthwort, Asphodel, Briony, Capers, &c. Clenie

Birthwort Aron, Sparagus, Grass, Asphodel, Sullendine, &cc.

Afarabacca, Garlick, Leeks, Onions, Rhapontick, Turmetick, Carline thiftle, Succory, Endive, Filipendula, Fennel, Parfly, Bruicus, Sparagus, Smallage, Gentian &c.

Extenuate

Orris English and florentine, Capers, &c.

Garlick, Onions, Pellitory of Spain &c. Mollifie

Mallows, Marshmallows, &c.

Suppure Marshmallows, Briony, white Lillies, &c. Glutinate

Comfry, Solomons feal, Gentian, Birthwott, Daifies, &cc.

Expell Wind

Smallage, Parfly, Fennel, Waterflag, Garlick, Coflus, Galanga, hogs Fennel, Zedoary, Spicknard Indian and Celticque, &cc. Breed feed

Waterflag, Eringo, Satyrion, Galanga, &c. Provoke the terms

Birthwort, Alarabacca, Aron, Waterflag, white Dittany, Afphodel, Garlick, Centaury the lets, Cyperus long and round. Coffus, Capers, Calamus, A-romaticus, Dittany of Creet, Cartot s, Eringo, Fennel, Par fly, Smallage, Grais, Alicampane, Peony, Valerian, Kneeholly, &c.

Stop the terms Comfry, Tormentil, Biftort, &c. Provoke Iweat

Carling

Carline thiftle, China, Sarfa parilla, &c. Relift poyton

Angellica, Garlick, long Birthwort, Smallage, Doronicum, Coftus, Zedoary, Cyperus, Gentian, Carline thiftle, Biftort, Tormentil, Swallow-wort, Vipers, Buglois, Alicampane &c. Help burnings Afphodel, Jacinth, white Lillies, &c. Ease pains Water-flag, Eringo, Orris, Reft-harrow, &c.

Of Roots, some purge,

Afarabacca, Rhubarb, Rhapontick, Fern, &c. Melancholly Hellebore, white and black, Polypodium. Flegm and warry humors

Squils, Turbith, Hermodactils, Jallap, Mechoacan, wild Cucumers, Sowbrend, male Alphodel, Briany white and black, Elder, Spurge, great and fmall.

* I quoted some of these properties, to teach you * How to of thele terms will give you ample instructions in: I bodies in, quoted not al because I would tain have you studious; and after be dilligent, gentle Readers be dilligent, who knows taking but you may come to be Collegiates, or as good Phy- Purges, litians as Collegiates, before you die.

you thall be taught by and by



The BARKS which the Colledg blot paper with, are these that follow,

Colledg H Azel Nats, Orvenges, Barberries, Burch-tree, Caper voots, Caffia Lignea, Chestnuts, Cinnamon, Citron Pills, Dwarf-El-der, Spurge Roots, Alder, Ash, Pomegranates, Guajacum, Walnut-tree, green Walnuts, Lawel, Bay, Lemmons, Mace, Pomegranates, Mandrahe roots, Mezereon, Mulberry-tree voots, Sloe-tree voots, Pinenuts, Filtick-nuts, Poplar tree, Oak, Elder, Saffafras, Cork, Tamaris, Line-tree, Frankinfence, Elm, Capt. Winters Connamen-

Culpeper A. Of these, Captain Winters Cinnamon, being taken as ordinary Spice, or half a dram taken in the morning in any convenient Liquor, is an excellent remedy for the Scurvey, the pouder of it being fnuffed up in the note, clenfeth the head of Rhewn gallantly

The Bark of the black Alder-tree, purgeth choller and flegm, if you make a decoction with it : Agrimony, Wormwood, Dodder, Hops, Endive, and Succory roots, Parfly, and Smallage Roots, or you may bruile a handful of each of them, and put them * Half a pint, more drunk every morning, helps the dropfie, Jaundice, evil or lefs, acdisposition of the body, helps the rickets, strengthens the liver and Spleen, makes the digestion good, troubles not the flomach at a l, caufeth appetite, and helps

fuch as are feabby and irehy.

The rest of the Barks that are worth the noting, and the vertues of them are to be found, in the former part of the book

Barks are bot in the first degree-Guajacum, Tamaris, Orrenges, Lemmons, Citrons.

In the Second Cinnamon, Cassia Lignea, Captain Winters Cin-

namon, Frankinsence, Capers. In the Third

Cold in the first

Oak, Pomegranates. In the third

Mandrakes

According to Place, they

Heat the Head Captain Winters Cinnamon-The Heart

Cinnamon, Cassia Lignea, Citson Pills, Walnuts, Lemmon Pills, Mace

The Stomach Ortenge Pills, Cassia Lignea, Cinnamon, Citton Pills, Lemmon Pills, Mace, Sassafras.

The Lungues Caffia Lignea, Cinnamon, Walnuts-The Liver

Barberry-tree, Bay-tree, Capt. Winters Cinnamon.

The Spleen Caper Bark, Ath-tree Bark, Bay-tree. The reins and Bladder

Bay-tree, Sallafras. The Womb

Caffia Lignery Cinnamon-Cool the Stomach

Pomegranate Pills. Purge choller The Bark of Barberry-tree.

Purge Flegm and Water. Elder, Dwarf-Elder, Spurge, Laurel.

or less, according to the age of him that drinks it-



To fill up another part of a Page, the Colledg quote a few WOODS, which are these;

Colledg] Fire, wood of Aloes, Rhodium, Brazil, Box, Willow, Cipreß, Ebeny, Guajacum, Juniper, Lentusk, Rephriticum, Rhodium, Rosemany, Sanders, white, yellow, and red, Sassafras, Tamaris.

Of these some are hot, As, Wood of Aloes, Rhodium, Box, Ebeny, Guajacum, Nephriticum, Rosemary, Sastaíras, Tanaaris-Some cold, As

Cypreis, Willow, Sanders, white, red, and yellow.
Rolemary is appropriated to the Head, Wood of A-loes to the Heat and Stomach, Rhodium to the Bowels and bladder, Nephriticum to the Liver, Spleen Reins, and Bladder, Saffafras to the breatt, ftomach and bladder, Tamaris to the Spleen, Sanders cools the heart and spirits in feavers.

For the particular vertues of each fee that part of the book preceeding.



The HERBS which the Colledg spent so much pains and Study, barely to name, are,

The Colledg] S Outhernwood male and famale, wormwood, Common,
Roman, and such as beares, wormseed, Sorrel, wood
Sorrel, Maiden-hair common, white or was Rue,
black and golden, Maudhn, Aerimony, Vervain,
Mallow, Ladies manile, Chickweed, Maishmallows,
and Pimpirnel both male and semale, water Pimpernel, Dill, Angellica, Smallage, Goose-graß or cleavers,
Columbines, wild Tansy, or filver weed, Magmore,
Afarabasca, Wood roose, Arach, Distasse thisle, Monsear, Cost-mary, or Alexos, Burdwer greater and lefsear, Cost-mary, or Nessos, Burdwer greater and lefsear, Cost-mary, or water Pimpernal, neets white, red,
and black, Bettony of the wood and water, Daises
greater and lesser, Bire, Mercury, Borrage, Oak of
Jerusalem, Cabbages, Soldanella, Briany white and
black, Buglos, Bugles, Sheaphards purse, Ox-cye,
Box leaves, Calaminth of the Mountains, and Fens,
ground Pine, Wood-bine, or Honey suchles, Ladysmocks, Margoolds, our Ladies thisses, Carduns,
Benedistus, Avens, small Spurge, Horse tail, Coleworts, Centanny the less, Knotgrass, Ceterach, Chervis, Germander, Chamonel, Chamephys, Semale
Southernwood, Chelondine, Plewort, Chicory, Hemlock, garden and Sea Seurvy-graß, Fleawort, Confry
great, middle, or Bugle, least or Daisses, Sarason consound, Buck born, Plantane, May weed, (or Margweed, as we in Sussex call it) Organe, Sampeer, Crojwort, Dodder, Elew bottle great and smal, Artichoaks,
Houndslowgues Cypieß leaves, Dandelion, Dictany of
Creet, Fox leaves, Teazles garden and wild, Dwarsse
Elder, Vipers Bugloß, Liwellin, Smallage, Endive,
Alicampane, Horstail, Epithimum, Groundsel, Hedgmustard, Spurge, Agrimony, Maudlin, Eye-bright,
Orpine, Fennet, Sampeer, Filipendula, Indian leaf,
Srawberryloaves, Ashree leaves, Famitory, Goats

rue, Ladies Bedfiraw, Broom, Mascata, Herb vobert, Doves foot, Cotton-weed, Hedg-hysop, tree Ivy, ground Ivy, or Alchoofe, Alicampane, Pellitory of the wall, Liver-wort, Cowssips, Rupture-wort, Hawk-weed, Monks Rhubarb, Alexanders, Clary garden and wild, Henbane, St. Jahns-wort, Harstongue, or double tongue, Hysop, Sciatica-cresses, Small Sengreen, Sharewoot, woad, Reeds, Schwaatth, Chamepitys, Glas wort, Lettice, Lagobus, Archangel, Burdock great and small, Lavender, Lawel, Bay leaves Engish and Alexandrian, Duck meat, Dittander or Pepper wort, Lovage, Privet, Sca Buglos, Toad-stax, Harts-tongue, sweet Trefost, Wood Sortel, Hops, willow berb, Marjoram, common and tree Massoys, Mandrakes, Horebound white and black, herb Massis, Marter-few, Woodbine, Melisot, Bawm, garden and water Mints, Horse-mints, Mercury, Mezerens, Tarrw, Devils-bit, Mosses sweet Chivil, Mirtle leaves, Garden and water Cresses, Rep, Tobacco, Manywort, Water-lillies, Baxil, Olive leaves, Rest harrow, Adders tongue, Originum, Sharp-poynted Dark, Poppy, white, black, and red, or Erratick, Pellitory of the wall, Cinkfoyl, Arsmart, spotted, and not spotted, Peach leaves, Throughwax, Par styllauss-tongue, Valerian, Mousear, Bornet, smal Spurge, Plantane, common and narrow leaved, Moustain and Cretick Poley, Knotgas, Golden Maiden-hair, Poplar leaves and Buds, Lechs, Purstain, Silvetweed, or wild Tanse, Horchound white and black, Prim-roset, Self heal, Field Pellitory, or Sneez, wort, Peny-layal, Fleabane, Lungue-wort, winter-green, Oak Leaves and Ends, Cinkfoyl, Crowssot, Rose sole, Rasberry and Eramble Leaves and Buds, Dacks, Cammon Rue, or Herb of Grate, Goats Rue, Wall Rue, or white Maiden-hair, Wild Rue, Savin, Ozier Leaves, Rukhue, or Herb of Grate, Goats Rue, Wall Rue, or white Maiden-hair, Wild Rue, Savin, Ozier Leaves, Garden

Garden Sage, the greater and histor, wild Sage, Elder leaves and buds, Marjoram, Burnet, Sanicle, Sopewort, Savory, whate faxifrage, Scabious, Cichory, Schernanth, Clary, Scordium, Figwort, Housleck or sengreen, the greater and lesser, Groundsel, Senna leaves and cods, Mother of Time, Solomons seal, Alexanders, Nightshade, Soldanella, Sowthistes, smooth and vough, Flixweed, Common spike, Spinach, Hawthorn, Devils htt, Comfry, Tamaris leaves, Tambe, Dandelyon, Mullen or Higtaper, Time, Limetree Leaves, Spurge, Tormentil, common and golden Trefoil, Woodsorel, sweet Trefoyl, Colissont, Valerian, Mullen, Vervam, Pauls Bettony, Lluellen, Violets, Tanssies, Perewinkles, Swallow-wort, Golden rod, Vine leaves, Meadsweet, Elm-leaves, Navil-wort, Nettles, common and Roman, Arch-Angel, or dead Nettles, white and red.

Culpeper] A. These be the Herbs as the Colledg fet them down to look upon; we will see if we can translate them in another form for the use and benefit of the body Man.

Herbs Temperate in respect of Heat, Arc

Common Maiden-hair, Wal-rue, black and golden Maiden-hair, Wood-roof, Bugle, Goats Rue, Hartstongue, fweet Trefoyl, Flixweed, Cinkfoyl, Trefoyl, Pauls Betony, Fluellin.

Intemperate, are hot in the first degree, as

Agrimony; Marshmallows; Goosgrass or Cleavers; Dislass thistle; Borrage; Bugloss; our Ladies thistles; Avens; Cetrach; Chervil; Camomel; Eyebright; Cowslips; Melilot; Bazil, Self-heal.

In the fecond degree

Common and Roman Wormwood; Maudlin; Ladies Mantle; Pimpernel, male and foemale; Dillis Smallage; Mugwore; Coltmarv; Betony; Ook of Jerufalem; Marigolds; Cookow flowers; Carduus Benedictus; Centaury the lefs; Camepitys; Scurvy-grafs; Indian leaf; Broom; Alchoof, Alexanders; Doubletongue, or tongue-blade; Arch-Angel, or dead Nettles; Bay leaves, Marjoram; Horehound; Bawm; Mercury; Devils-bir; Tobacco; Parfly; Poley mountain; Rofemary; Sage; Sanicle; Scabious; Senna; Soldanella; Tanfy; Vervain; Peruinkle.

In the third degree

Southernwood, male and formale; Brooklime; Angellica; Briony, white and black; Calaminth; Germander: Sullendine: Pilewort: Fleabane: Dwarf-Elder: Epithinum: Bank-creffes: Clary: Glafswort: Lavender: Lovage: Herb mallich: Featherfew: Mints: Water-creffes: Origanum: biting Arfmart, called in Latin, Hydropiper: (the Colledg confounds this with Perfectia, or mild Arfmart, which is cold) Sneezwort: Penyroyal: Rue: Savin Summer and Winter Savory: Mother of Time: Lavender: Spike: Time: Nettles.

In the fourth degree

Sciatica-creffes: ftone crop. Dittander or Pepperwort: Garden-creffes: Lecks: Crowfoot: Rofa iolis: Spurge.

Herbs cold in the first Degree.

Sorrel, wood Sorrel, Arach, Burdock, Sheaphards purse, Pellitory of the wall, Hawk-weed, Mallows, Yarrow, mild Arsmart called Persacaia; if you be assaid of mistaking this for the other, break a least cross your tongue, that which is hot will make your tongue smart, so will not this, (and here by the way let me tell the Colledg one of their errors, and I will tell them but the truth, whereas they affirm, Persacaia Maculata, or spotted Arsmart to be the Hydropiper, 'tis no such matter in our Country, most of the wild Arsmart, though not all, hath blackish spots in the leaves, almost Semi circular, like a half Moon, but to proceed) Burnet, Coltssoot, Violets.

Cold in the second Degree.
Chickweed, wild Tanfy, or Silver-weed, Daisies, Knot-grass, Succory, Buckhorn, Plantane, Dandelion, Endive, Fumitory, Strawberry leaves, Lettice. Duckmeat, Plantane, Purssain, Willow leaves.

In the third Degree.

In the third Degree.

Sengreen or Housleek, Nightshade.
In the fourth Degree.
Hemlock, Henbane, Mandrakes, Poppies.

Herbs dry in the first Degree.

Agrimony, Marshmallows, Cleavers, Burdocks, Sheaphards purse, our Ladies thisses, Chervil, Chamomel, Eyebright, Cowslips, Hawkweed, Tongue blade, or double Tongue, Melitot, mild Arsmart, Self-heal, Senna, Flixweed, Coltsfoot, Peruinkle.

Dry in the second Degree-

Common and Roman Wormwood, Sorrel, wood Sorrel, Maudlin, Ladies mantle, Pimpernel male and foemale, Dill, Smallage, wild Tanty or Silverweed, Mugwort, Diftaffe thiftle, Cost-mary, Bettony, Bugle, Cookow flowers, Carduus Benedictus, Avens, Centaury the less, Chicory commonly called Succory, Scurvy-grass, Buckhorn, Plantane, Dandelion, Endive, Indian leafe, Strawberry leaves, Fumitory, Broom, Alchoofe, Alexanders, Archangel or dead Nettles white and red, Bay leaves, Marjoram, Feather-few, Bawm, Mercury, Devils-bit, Tobacco, Parsly, Burnet, Plantane, Rosemary, Willow leaves, Sage, Sanicle, Scabious, Soldanella, Vervain.

Dry in the third Degree.

Southern wood male and feemale, Brooklime, Angellica, Briony white and black, Calaminth, Germander, Chamepitys, Sullendine, Pilewort, Fleabane, Epithimum, Dwarff Elder, Bank creffes, Clary, Glalwort, Lavender, Lovage, Horehound, herb Mastich, Mints, Water-creffes, Origanum, Cinkfoyl, hot Arlmatt, Poley mountain, Sneezwort, Peny-royal, Rue, or herb of Grace, Savin winter and fummer Savory, mother of Time, Lavender, Spike, Tanty, Time; Trefoyl.

In the fourth Degree.

Garden creffes; wild Rue; Leeks; Onions; Crowfoot; Rofa folis; Garlick; Spurge.

Herbs moift in the first Degree.

Borrage; Bugloss; Marigolds; Pellitory of the wall;
Mallows; Bazil.

In the fourth Degree.

Chickweed; Arach; Daifies; Lettice; Duckmeat; Purslain; Sow thistles; Violets; Water-Lillies.

Herbs

Herbs apropriated to certain parts of the body of man, and so they,

Heat the Head; as,

Maudlin; Coftmary; Bettony; Carduus. Benedictus; Sullendine; Scurvy graß; Eyebright; Goats Rue; Cowflips; Lavender; Laurel; Lovage; herb Mattich; Feather-few; Melilot; Sneezwort; Peny-toyal; Sen-na; mother of Time; Lavender, Spike; Time; Vervain, Rosemary. Heat the Throat.

Archangel white and red; otherwise called dead Nettless Devils-bit

Heat the Breaft.

Maidenhair; white, black, common and Golden; Distasse thisses, Time, Betony; Calaminth; Cha-momel; Fennel; Iudian Icase; Bay leaves; Hysop; Bawm; Horehound; Oak of Jerusalem; Germander; Melilot; Origanum; Rue; Scabious; Peruinkles; Nettles.

Heat the Heart.

Southernwood male and fæmale; Angellica; Woodroofe, Buglos; Carduus Benedictus; Borrage; Goats Rue; Bay leaves; Bawm; Rue; Senna; Bazil; Rosemary; Alicampane-

Heat the Stomach.

Wormwood common and Roman, Smallage, Avens, Indian leafe, Broom, Schenanth, Bay leaves, Bawm, Mints, Parfly, Fennel, Time, mother of Time, Sage.

Heat the Liver. Agrimony, Maudlin, Pimpernel male and formale, Smallage, Columny, or Alecost, our Ladies thistles, Centaury the lefs, Germander, Chamepiyes, Sullendine, Sampier, Fox gloves, Atheree leaves, Bay leaves, Toad-flax, Hops, Hore-hound, Water-creffes, Parily, Poley mountaine, Sage, Scordium, Senna, mother of Time, Soldanella, Afarabacca, Fennel,

Hylop, Spicknard.

Heat the Bowels. Chamomel, Alchoofe, Alexanders.

Heat the spleen. All the four forts of Maiden-hair, Agrimony smallage, Centaury the less, Cetrach, Germander, Chamepitys, Sampier, Fox-gloves, Epithimum, Affitree, Bay leaves, Toad flax, Hops, Hore-hound, Parily, Poley mountain, fage, fcordium, fenna mother of Time, Tamaris, Wormwood, Water-creffes, Hartstongue.

Heat the Reins and Bladder.

Agrimony, Maudlin, Marthmallows, Pimpernel male and feemale, Brooklime, Coftmary, Betony, Chervil, Germander, Chamomel, fampier, Broom, Rupture-wort; Clary, schenauth, Bay leaves, Toad-flax, Hops, Melilot, Water-cresses, Origanum, Peny-royal; scordium, Vervain; mother of Time; Rocket, Spicknard, Saxifrage; Nettles.

Heat the Womb.

Maudlin Angellica; Mugwort, Coftmary, minth, Pleabane, May weed; or Marg-weed, Dittany of Creet, Schenarth; Archangel or dead Nettles, Melilot; Feather-few; Mints; Devils-bit, Origanum; Bazili Peny-royal; Savin; Sage; Scordium; Tanly: Time: Vervain, Perninkles: Nettles.

Heat the Joynts.

Cowflips: sciatica-creffes, hot Arimant: Garden ereffes: Coltmary, Agrissony, Chamomel: Saiut

Johns-wort, Melilot, Water-creffes, Rofemary, Rue, Sage, Stechas.

Herbs cooling the Head.

Wood forrel, Teazles, Lettice, Plantane, Willowleaves, sengreen, or Houslock, strawberry leaves, Violet leaves, Fumitory, Water-Lillies. Cool the Throat-

Orpine, ftrawberry leaves, Privet, Bramble leaves-Breaft.

Mulberry leaves Bramble leaves, Violet leaves, firawberry leaves, forrel, Wood-forrel, Poppies, Orpine, Money-wort, Plantane, Colts-foot. Heart

Sorrel, Wood forrel, Vipers, Bugloss, Lettice, Burnet, Violet leaves, flrawberry leaves- Water-

Stamach

Sorrel, Wood-forrel, Succory, Orpine, Dandelion, Endive, strawberry leaves Violet leaves, Hawkweed, Lettice, Purslain, fow thistles, Violet leaves.

Liver Sorrel, Wood-forrel, Dandelion, Endive, fuccory; ftrawberry leaves, Fumitory, Liver-wort, Lettice, Purslain, Nightshade, Water-Lillies.

Bowels

Fumitoty, Mallows, Buckhorn-Plantane, Orpine Plantane, Burnet.

Fumitory, Endive, fuccory, Lettice. Reins and Bladder

Knot-grass, Mallows, Yarrow, Money-wort; Plantane, Endive, fuccory; Lettice, Purslain, Water-lillies, Housleck, or lengreen.
The Womb

Wild Tanfy, Arach, Burdocks, Willow herb, Mirtle Leaves, Money-wort, Purflain, fow thiftles, Endive, faccory, Lettice, Water-Lillies, fen-

The Joynts Willow leaves, Vine leaves, Lettice, Henbane Nightshade, sengreen; or Housleek.

Herbs altering according to property, in open ration; (ome Bind; as;

Amomusi Agnus Castus; sheaphards purse; Cypres; Horstail; Ivy; Bay leaves; Melilot: Bawm; Mirtles; forrel; Plantane; Knot-grafs; Comfrys Cinkfoyl; Fleawort; Purslain; Oak leaves, Willow leaves; sengreen; or Housleek; &cc.

Open; as; Garlick; Onions; Wormwood; Mallows; Marthmallows; Pellitory of the wall; Endive; fuccory

Soften Mallows; Maribmallows; Beers; Pellitory of the wall; Violet leaves; strawberry leaves; Arach: Cypreis leaves: Bay leaves: Felawore: &c.

Harden Purslain, Nightshade: Housleek, or sengreen: Duckmeat: and most other Herbs that are very

Extenuate Mugwort: Chamomel: Hylop Penyroyal: Steechas: Time: Mother of Time: Juniper Stc.

Discuss Southernwood, male and foemale, al; the four forts of Maiden-hair: Marshmallows: Dill: Mallows: Arrach: Beets: Chamomel: Mints: Melilot: Pellicory of the Wal: Chickweed: Rue: fteechas: Marjoram.

Draw

Pimpernel: Birthwore: Dittany: Leeks: Onions: Garlick: and also take this general Rule, as all cold things bind and harden, as is apparant by the frost binding and hardning water and mire; fo all things very hot are drawing, as is cleer by the Sun who is the Original of heat, drawing up the dew.

Suppure Mallaws, Marsh-mallows, white Lilly leaves &c. Clenfe

Pimpernel: fouthernwood: sparagus: Cetrach: Arrach: Wormwood: Beets: Pellitory of the wal: Chamepitys: Doddar: Liverwort: Horehound: Willow leaves &cc.

Marshmallows: Pimpernel: Centaury: Chamepitys: Mallows: Germander: Horstail: Agrimony: Maudlin: strawberry leaves: Woad: Chervil: Plantane: Ciakfoyl: Comfry: Bugle: self-heal: Woundwort: Tormentill: Rupture-wort: Knotgrafs: Tobacco

Expel wind Wormwood; Garlick; Dill; Smallage; Chamomel; Epithimum; Fennel; Juniper, Marjoram; Origanum; Savory, both winter and fummer ; and that, I am of opinion, was the reason in ancient times, women alwaies boyled Savory with their beans and peale, viz. to expel the windiness of them; it was a good fashion, and therefore I would not have it left: however this shews that in ancient times, people were more studious in the nature of Simples, or at the least Phyficians were more honest, I mean more free in imparting their knowledg for the benefit of the vulgar; ar last Honesty began to leave the Earth, and then Ignorance quickly stepping up in the place of Know-ledg, people used them a while for custom sake, at last they were esteemed superstitious, and quite left

I care not greatly, now I am at it, if I quote one more of like nature (I am confident, were it my present scope, I could quote an hundred) and that is

Taniy.

NAMES OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P

Tansie is excellent good to clense the stomach and bowels of tough viscous flegm, and humors that stick to them, which the flegmatick constitution of the Winter usually infects the body of man with, and occasions gours and other diseases of like nature, and lafling long; this was the original of that cultom to eat Tanties in the Spring, which afterwards grew to be superstitious, and apropriated only to some cerrain daies, as Palm-Sundaies &c. and fo at last the evils of observing daies being known, and the vertues of the meat ablconded, it is quite almost left off. For my part, if any think it superstitious to eat a

Tanfie in the Spring, I shall not burden their consciences, they may make the Herb into a Conferve with Sugar, or boyl it in Wine and drink the Decoction, or make the Juyce into a Syrup with Sugar, which they will. But to proceed.

Herbs breed fred

Clary, Rocket, and most Herbs that are hot and moift, and breed Wind.

Provokes the Terms.

Southernwood, Garlick, al the forts of Maidenhair, Mugwort, Wormwood, Bithopsweed, Cabbages, Bettony, Centaury, Chamomel, Calaminth, Germander, Dodder, Dittany, Fennel, St. Johns-wort, Marjoram, Horchound, Bawm, Water-creffes, Origanum, Bafil, Penyroyal, Poley-mountain, Parfly, fmallage, Rue, Rolemary, Sage, Savin, Hartwort, Time, Mother of Time, Scordium, Nettles.

Stop the Terms
Shepheards-purfe, ftrawberries, Mirtles, Water-Lillies, Plantane, Housleek or sengreen, Comfry, Knotgrafs.

Refift Poylon Southernwood; Wormwood; Garlick; al forts of Maiden-hair; finallage; Betony; Carduus Benedictus; Germander; Calaminth; Alexanders; Carline thiftle; Agrimony; Fennel, Juniper; Horehound; Origanum; Penyroyal; Poley-mountain; Rue; fcordium; Plan-

Discuss swellings Maiden-hair, Cleavers or Goofgrass, Mallows, Marshmallows, Docks, Bawm, Water-creffes, Cinkfoyl, (cordium &c.

Ease pain Dil, Wormwood, Arrach, Chamomel, Calaminth, Chamepitys, Henbane, Hops, Hogs Fennel, Parflya Rolemary, Rue, Marjoram, Mother of Time.

Herbs Parging

Groundsel, Hops, Peach Leaves, Wormwood, Centaury, Mallows, fenna-

Melancholly

Ox-eye, Epithimum, Fumitory, fenna, Dodder-Flegm and Water

Briony, white and black: spurge: both work most violently and are not therefore fit for a vulgar use: Dwarf Elder: Hedg Hylop: Laurel Leaves: Mercury Mezercon also purgeth violently, and so doth sneezwort: Elder Leaves fenna.

For the particular operations of thefe, as also how to order the body after purges, the quantity to be taken at a time, you have been in pare instructed al-ready, and shal be more fully hereafter.



The FLOWERS which the Colledg acquaints you with the Latin names of, only, are these.

maranthus: Dill Rosemary, Columbines: Orrenges: Balauftins: or Pomegranate flowers: Betony: Borrage: Bugloft, Marigolds: Wood-bine: or Honey suckles: Clove gill flowers: Centaury the lest: 1Chamomel: Winter-gillistowers: or Walsto-wers: succesy: Comfry the greater: suffron: Blewbottle great and small: (Cynosbatus, Tragus, and Dedonaus bold our white thorn to be it : Cordus and Marcellus think it to be Bryars: and Lugdunenfis takes for the sweet Bryar: but what our Colledg takes it for: I know not) Cytinus: (Dioscorides calleth the Flowers of the Manured Pomeranates: Cytinus: but Pliny calleth the Flowers of the wild kind by that name:)
Fox gloves: Vipers Buglos: Rocket, Eye-bright:
Beans: Fumitory: Broom: Cowslips: St. Johns-wort: Hysop: Jasmine: or sbrub Trefogl, Archangel: or dead Nettles white and red: Lavender, Walflowers: or Winter-gillislowers: Privet: Lillies: white: and of the wally: Hops: Comon and tree Mallows: Feather-few: Woodbine: or Honeyluckles: Melilot: Bawm, Walnuts: Water-Lillies: white and yellow: Origanum: Poppies: white: and red: or erratich: Poppies, or corn Rofes: fo called because they grow amongst Corn, Peony, Honey-suckles: or Woodbine: Peach-stowers: Prim-rofes, self-beal: sloebush: Rolemary flowers: Roses: white, Damack: and red, sage: E ider: white saxifrage: scalious, sligo (I think they mean wheat by it: Authors are not agreed about it:) stachas: Tamaris: Tanfy: Mullen, or Higtaper: Line-tree: Clove-Gilli-Bowers, Colts-foot, Violets: Agnus: Callus: dead-Nettles white and red-

That these may be a little explained for the Publique good: be pleased to take notice that of these:

Some are hot in the first degree: as: Borrage: Bugloss: Betony: Ox-eye: Melilot Chamomel: storchas.

Hot in the second degree.

Amomus: saffron: Clove-gilli-flowers, Rocket:
Bawm, spicknard, Hops: schenanth: Lavender: Jafmine, Rosemary.

In the third degree.

Agnus: Castus: Epithimum: Winter-gilli-flowers:
or Wal-flowers: Woodbine: or Honey-suckles.

Mallows: Rofes: red: white: and Damask: Violets.

In the fecond.

Anomom: or wind-flower: Endive: fuccory: Water-Lillies: both white and yellow.

In the third,
Balaustins: or Pomegranate flowers,
In the Fourth.

Henbane- and all the forts of Poppies: only where-

Ormwood, Agnus Caltus: Aas Authors say: field Poppies: which some call red:omaranthus: Dill Rosemay,
thers: erratick: and corn Roses, are the coldest of all
the others: yet my opinion is: that they are not cold
in the fourth degree.

Moift in the first degree.

Borrage: Buglos: Mallows: succory, Endive.

In the second.

Water-Lillies: Violets.

Dry in the first degree. Ox-eye: saffron: Chamomel: Melilot: Roses.

In the second.

Wind-flower: Amomus: Clove-gilli-flowers, Rocket: Lavender: Hops: Peony: Rosemary: spicknard.

In the third.

Woodbine, or Honey-fuckles: Balauftines: Epi-

thimum: Germander: Chamepitys.

The Temperature of any other flowers not here mentioned are of the same temperature with the herbs 3 you may gain skil by searching there for them, you can lose none.

For parts of the Body they are apropriated to, some heat

The Head, as
Rosemary flowers; selt-head; Chamomel; Betony;
Cowslips; Lavinder; Melilot; Peony; sage; steechas.
The Breast

Betony: Bawnt: scabious: schænanth. The Heart

Bawm: Rolemary-flowers: Borrage: Bugloss: inffron: ipicknard.

The Stomach Rolemary-flowers: spicknard: schænanth.

The Liver Centaury: schænanth: Elder: Betony: Chamomels spicknard.

The Spleen

Betony: Wal-flowers.
The Reins and Bladder

Betony: Marshmallows: Melilot: schananth: spicknard.

The Womb

Betony: fquinanth or fchænanth: fage: Orris or
Flower-de-luce.

The Joynts
Rosemary-flowers: Cowflips: Chamomel: Melilote-

Flowers as they are cooling, fo they cool

Violets, Rofes, the three forts of Poppies, and P 2 Wate

Water-Lillies. The breatt and heart-Violets, red-Roses, Water-lillies. The ftomach.

Red-Roses, Violets.

The Liver and spleen.

Endive, and Succory. Violets, Borrage, and Bugloss moisten the heart, Rolemary flowers, Bawm, and Betony , dry it.

According to property so they, Bind,

Balaustins, Saffron, succory, Endive, red-Roses Melilot, Bawm, Clove-gilliflowers, Agnus Caftus.

Disculs.

Dill, Chamemel; Marthmallows, Mallows, Melilot, fteechas, &c. Clenfe.

Damask-rofes, Elder flowers, Bean-flowers, &c. Extenuate.

Orristor Fower-de-luce: Chamomel: Melilott, ftechas: &c.

Mollify. Saffron: white Lillies: Mallows: Marshmallows:

Scc. Suppurc.

Saffron: white Lillies &c. Glutinate:

Balauftins, Centaury, &c. Provoke the terms.

Betony: Centaury: Chamomel: Schoenanth, Walflowers, Bawm: Peony: Rolemary, Sage.

Stop the terms. Balaustins, or Pomegranate flowers, Water-Lillies.

Expell wind-Dill: Chamomel: Schoenanth: Spicknard. Help burnings.

White Lillies, Mallows, Marthmallows, Relift poylon.

Betony: Centaury.

Bale pain.

Dill Chamomel: Centaury: Melilot: Rosemary. Flowers purge Choller-

Peach flowers, Damask Rofes, Violets.

Flegm. Broom flowers, Elder flowers.

If you compare but the quallities of the Flowers, with the Herbs, and with the Explanation of these perms at the latter End, you may eafily find the tem-perature, and property of the reft.

As for the vertues of the flowers, there were but few quoted before, and those very briefly; I think the reason was, because the Printer was afraid the book would be too big: I shall therefore give a supply here, to what was wanting there, and where I was too briefe there, I shall be more large here.

The Flowers of Ox-eye, being boyled into a pultis, with a little barly meal, take away (wellings, and hardness of the flesh, being applied warm to the

place

Chamomel flowers heat, discuss, Loosen, and rarifie, boyled in Clifters, they are excellent in the wind chollick, boyled in Wine, and the decoction drunk, purgeth the reins, breaks the ftone, opens the pores, casts out chollerick humors, succors the heart, and eaferh pains and aches, or stiffness coming by traval-

The flowers of Rocket used outwardly, discuss, fwellings, and diffolve hard tumors, you may boyl them into a pultis, or Cataplaine, as Scholers cal it, But inwardly taken, they fend but unwholfom vapors

up to the head.

Hops open obstruction of the bowels, Liver, and fpleen, they clense the body of Choller and flegm, provoke urine. I wonder in my heart how that apifh fashion of drinking Beer and Ale together for the stone, came up, and others affirm that the disease of the stone, was not in revum naturam, before Beer was invented, a gross untruth: for Physitians have written of the flone, that lived a thouland years before Beer was invented. I deny not but staleness of Beer, may cause sharpness of urine, otherwise Beer, if mild, is ten times better drink for fuch as are troubled with the stone, than Alc, as being more opening.

Jaimine flowers boyled in Oyl, and the greived place bathed with it, takes away cramps, and fliches in the fides: The plant is only preferved here in the gardens of some few, and because hard to come by, I pais it; If you defire more vertues of it, be pleased to

learch it in Dodonaus.

The flowers of Woodbine, or Honey-fackles, being dryed, and beaten into pouder, and a drachm, taken in white Wine in the morning, helps the rickets, difficulty of breathing, provoke urine, and help fuch as cannot make water: I would have none make a common practice of taking it, for it clenfeth the uritery veffels, so potently that it may cause piffing of blood.

The flowers of Mallows, being bruifed, and boyled in hony (two ounces of the flowers is lufficient fora pound of hony, and having first clarified the honey, before you put them in) then strained out, this honey taken with a Liquoris stick, is an eccellent remedy both for Coughs, Astmaes, and cansumptions of

the Lungues-



Certain F R U I T S, mentioned by the Colledg, in this Order.

Colledg] \ Inter Cherries, Love-Apples, Almonds, sweet and bitter, Anacardia, Orrenges, Hazel Nuts, the oyly Nut Ben, Barberries, Capers, Guinny Pepper, Figs, Carpobalfa-mum, Cloves, Caffia Fiftula, Chefinuts, Cherries, black and red, Cicers, white black and red, Pome Citrons, Coculus Indi. Colocynthus, Currance, Cornels, or Cornelian Cherries, Cubebs, Cucumers, garden and wild, Guords, * Cynosbatus, Cyprefi Cones, Quinces, Dates, Dwarf Elder, Green Figs, Strawberries, common and Turky Galls, Acorns, Acorn cups, Pomegranates, Goof-berries, Ivy, Herb True-love, Walnuts, Jujubes, Juniper beiries, Bay-berries, Lemmons, Orrenges, Citrons, Quinces, Pomegranates, Lemmons, Mandrakes, Peaches, Stramoneum, Apples garden and wild, or Crabs and Apples, Musk Melones, Medlars, or open Arfes, Mulberries, Myrobalans, Bellericks, Chebs, Emblicks, Citron and Indian, Mirile berries, water Nuts, Hazel Nuts, Chelt-nuts, Cypreß Nuts, Walnutss Nutmegs, Fiftick Nuts, Vomiting-Nuts, Olives pickled in brine, Heads of white and black Poppies, Pompions, Peaches, French or Kidney Beans, Pine Comes, white black and long Pepper, Fiftick Nuts, Apples, and Crabs, Promes French and Da-mash, Sloes, Pears, Englift Currance, Berries of purging Thorn, Black-berries, Rasberries, Elder-berries, Sebestens, Services or Checkers, Hawthorn Berries, Pinenuts, Water nuts, Grapes, Goof-berries, Raifons, Currance.

Culpeper] That you may reap benefit by thefe, be pleased to consider, that they are, some of them

Temperate in respect of heat Raisons of the Sun, Currance, Figs, Pinenuts, Dates, Sebestens.

Hot in the first degree Sweet Almonds, Jujubes, Cypreis nuts, green Hazel Nuts, green Walnuts.

The Nut Ben, Capers, Nutmegs, dry Walnuts, dry Hazel Nuts, Fiftick nuts.

In the third degree Juniper Berries, Cloves, Carpobaliamum, Cubebs, Anacardium, bitter Almonds.

In the fourth degree Pepper, white black and long, Gminny Pepper-

Cold in the first degree
The flesh of Citrons, Quinces, Pears, Prunes, &c.
In the second

Guords, Cucumers, Melones, (or, as they are called in Landon, Musk Melones, I suppose for the sweetness of their smell) Pompions, Orrenges, Lemmons, Citrons, Pomegranates, viz-the Juyce of them, Peaches, Prunes, Galls, Apples In the third

Mandrakes.

In the fourth

Stramonium.

Moist in the first degree

The flesh of Citrons, Lemmons, Orrenges, viz.
the inner rind which is white, for the outer rind is
hot.

In the second Guords, Melones, Peaches, Prunes &cc. Dry in the first degree

Juniper berries.

The Nut Ben, Capers, Pears, Fiftick nuts, Pinenuts, Quinces, Nutmegs, Bay-berries.

In the third Cloves, Galls, &c. In the fourth All the forts of Pepper.

As apropriated to the body of man, so they heat the Head, as

Anacardia, Cubebs, Nutmegs, The Breaft

Bitter Almonds, Dates, Cubebs, Hazel Nuts, Pinenuts, Figs, Raifons of the Sun Jujubes. The Heart

Walnuts; Nutmegs; Juniper Berries. The Stomach

Sweet Almonds; Cloves; Bén; Juniper berries; Nutmegs; Pinenuts Olives. The Spleen

Capers.

The Reins and Bladder
Bitter Almonds; Juniper Berries; Cabebs; Pinenuts; Raifons of the Sun.

The Womb
Walnuts; Nutmegs; Bay-berries; Juniper berries.
Cool the Breaft

Sebestens; Prunes; Orrenges; Lemmons-The Heart

Orrenges; Lemmons; Citrons; Pomegranates; Quinces; Pears.

The Stomach
Quinces; Citruls; Cucumers; Guords; Musk Melones;
Pompions; Cherries; Goofeberries; Cornelian, Cherries; Lemmons; Apples; Medlars; Orrenges; Pears;
English Currance; Cervices or Checkers.

The Liver

Those that cool the stomach, and Barberries.

The Reins and Womb

Those that cool the stomach, and Strawberries.

wers-

see the

ARON MARKO DE POTATORIO E AL MERCA GOVERNO POR PERO DE PERO PERO PERO DE PORTO DE LA PERSONA DE PARA PARA PARA

By their Several Operations; Some

Bind, as

The berries of Mirtles; Barberries, Cheftnuts, Cornels or Cornelian Cherries; Quinces; Galls; Acorns; Acorn-cups; Medlars; Checkers, or Services; Pomegranates; Nurmegs; Olives; Pears; Peaches.

Discuss Capers; al the forts of Pepper.

Extenuate Sweet and bitter Almonds; Bay-berries; Juniperberries.

Glurinate

Acorns; Acorn cups; Dates; Railons of the Sun; Currance.

Expel Wind

Bayberries, Juniper berries, Nutmegs, al the forts of Pepper.

Breed feed

Raifons of the Sun, fweet Almonds, Pinenuts, Figs &c.

Provoke Urine

Winter-cherries.

Provokes the Terms

Ivy Berries, Capers &c. Stop the Terms

Barberries &c.

Refift poyfon

Bay berries, Juniper berries, Walnuts, Citrons, commonly called Pome-citrons, al the forts of Pepper. Ease pain

Bay berries, Juniper berries, Ivy berries, Figs, Wal-nuts, Raifons, Currance, all the forts of Pepper.

Fruits Purging

Choller

Caffia Fiftula: Citron Myrobalans: Prunes: Ta-

marinds: Raifons.

Melancholly

Indian Myrobalans.

Flegm Colocynthis and wild Cucumers purge it violently, and therefore are not rashly to be medled withal; I defire my book should be beneficial, not hurtful to the vulgar; but Myrobalans of all forts, especially Chebs, Bellericks, and Emblicks purge flegm very gently, and without danger.

Of all thefe, befides what hath been formerly mentioned in this Book (to which I refer you) give me leave to commend only one to you, as of special concernment, which is Juniper berries; They may be found all the Winter long plentifully growing on Warley Common in Effex neer Brent-wood, about

fifteen miles from London.

Tragus faith, the Vertues of Juniper berries are fo many, that they cannot be numbred; amangft which these are some: The Berries eaten (for they are pleafant in taft) are exceeding good against the biting of Adders, they relift poylon, peltilence, or any infectious difease, help the strangury, and dropfie. Mathioins affirms that a lye made with the other of Juniper and water, is as great a provoker of Urine as can be;
The Berries expel wind exceedingly, heat the flomach, help the digeflion, provoke the Terms, the
Germans make an universal medicine of them; they
help the cough, shortness of breath, weakness of the lungues, convultions, cramps, they give eafie delivery to women with child; five or fix berries taken every morning preferves the body in health, helps the chollick and stone, rawness of the stomach, faintings, and heart-qualms, Madneis and frenzies, they strengathen the eyes and help rhewms there, the yellow jaundice, falling fickness, goor, and palley.

Take those berries that are ripe, which look black.



SEEDS





SEEDS barely mentioned by the Colledg are, of

Colledg Sorrel: Agnus Castus: Marshmallows: mus: Dill: Angellica: Annis: Rose-seeds: Smallage: Columbines: Sparagus: Arach: Oates: Orrenges: Burdocks: Bazil: Barberries: Cotton: Bruscus: or Knecholly: Hemp: Cardamoms grater and lesser: Cardaus Benedictus: our Ladies chistles: Bastard Saffrom: Caraway: Sparge greater and lesser: Coleworts: Onions: the Kernels of Cherry stones: Chervil: Succory: Hemlock, Citrons: Citruls: Garden Scurvy-graß: Colocynthis, Coriander: Sampier: Cucumers garden and wild: Guerds: Quinces: Cummin: Cynosbatos: Date-flones: Carrots English and Cretish: Dwarffe-Elder: Endive: Rocket: bedg Mustard: Orobus: Beans: Fennel: Fenngreek! Albtree keyes: Fumitory: Broom, Grains of Paradice: Pomegranates, wild Rue: Alexanders: Barly: white Henbane: Saint Johnswort: Hyfop: Lettice. Sharp-pointed-Dock: Spurge: Laurel: Lentils: Lovage: Lemons: Ashtree keyes: Linfeed: or Plaxfeed: Gromwel: Darnel: sweet Trefoyl: Lupines, Master-wort: Marjoram: Mallows: Mandrakes: Melones: Medlars, Mezereon:Gromwel: fweet Navew: Nigella: the Kernils of Chercies: Apricocks: and Peaches, Bazil: Ocobus: Rice: Panick Poppies white and black: Parfneps Garden and wild: through wax: Parfly: English and Macedonian: Burnet: Peafe: Plantane: Peary: Leeks Purstain: Flea-wort: Turneps: Radisbes: Sumach: Spurge: Roses: Rue garden and wild: wormfeed: Saxifrage: Succory: fefami, Hart-wort: common and Cretift, Mustardfeed: Alexanders: Nightshade: staves-ager: Sumach: Treacte: Mustard, sweet Trefoyl: Wheat: both the

* I think fine flower and the brann: and that which * Starch is the Col- made of: Vetches or Tares: Violets: Nettles common ledg have and Roman: The flower of Grapes: Greek wheat: or

almost as [Pelt Wheat.

much skill Culpeper] That you may receive a little more benein making fit by these, than the bare reading of them, which doth
starch as I at the most but tel you what they are 3 the following
have.

Method may instruct you what they are good for.

Seeds are bot in the first degree.

Linfeed, Fornugreek, Coriander, Rice, Gromwel, Lupines.

In the fecond.

Dill, Smallage, Orobus, Rochet, Bazil, Nettless
In the third.

Bishops weed, Annis, Amomus, Caraway, Fennel, (and so I beleeve is Smallage too, let Aurhors say what they wil, for if the herb of Smallage be somewhat hotter than Parsly, I know little reason why the feed should not be so hot) Cardamoms, Parsly, Cummin, Carrots, Nigella, Navew, Hart-wort, Staves-ager.

In the fourth. Water-creffes, Mustard-feed. Cold in the first degree-

Barly, &cc.

Endire, Lettice, Purflsin, Succory, Guords, Comers, Melones, Citruls, Pompions, Sorrel, Nigheflade.

In the third. Henbame, Hemlock, Poppies white and black-Moift in the first degree.

Mallows, &c.
Dry in in the first degree.
Beans, Fennel, Fenugreek, Barly, Wheat, &c.
In the fecond.

Orobus, Lentils, Rice, Poppies, Nightshade, and the like.

In the third.

Dill Smallages Bifhops-weed, Annis, Caraway,
Cummin, Coriander, Nigella, Gromwel, Parily.

Apropriated to the body of Man, and so they

Heat the head. Fennel, Marjoram, Peony, &c., The Breaft.

Nettles.

The heart.

- Bazil, Rue, &c. Mustard feed, &c.
The stomach.

Annis, Bishops-weed, Amemus, Smallage, Cummin, Cardamoms, Cubebs, grains of Paradice. The Liver.

Annis, Fennel, Bishops-weed, Amomus, Smallage, Sparagus, Cummin, Caraway, Carrots.

The spicen.

Annis, Caraway, Water-creffes.

The Reins and Bladder.

Cicers: Rocket: Saxifrage: Nettles: Gromwel-The Womb.

Peony: Ruc.

The Joynts.
Water-craffes: Rue: Muftard-feed.
Cool the Head.
Lettice: Purflain: white Poppics.
The Breaft,
White Poppies: Violets.

Otrenge: Lemon: Citron: and Sorrel feeds.
Laftly: the four greater and four leffer cold feeds,
which you may find in the beginning of the Compofitions, as also the feeds of white and black Poppies,
cool the Liver and spleen, reins, and bladder, womb:

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According

According to operation fome Seeds,

Bind, as Rofe-feeds, Barberries, Sheaphards purse, Purstain,

Dill, Carrots, Linfeeds, Fenugreek, Nigella,&c.

Beans, Orobus, Barly, Lupines, Neules, &c.

Linked, or Flax feed, Fenugreek feed, Mallows, Nigella.

Purflain feed, &c.

Linfeed, Fenugreek feed, Darnel, Barly husked, commonly called french Barly.

Glutinate. Orobus, Lupines, Darnel, &c. Expell windAnnis, Dill, Smallage, Caraway, Cummin, Carrots, Fennel, Nigella, Parfly, Hartwort, Worm-feed.

Breed feed.

Rocket, Beans, Cicers, Ashtree keyes. Provoke the terms.

Amomus, Sparagus, Annis, Fennel, Bishops-weed, Cicers, Carrots, Smallage, Parsly, Lovage, Hartwort.

Break the flone.
Mallows, Marshmallows, Gromwel, &c.
Stop the terms.

Rose seeds, Cummin, Burdock, &c. Resist poyson.

Bishops weed, Annis, Smallage, Cardamoms, Orrenges, Lemons, Cirrons, Fennel, &c. Ease pain.

Dill, Amomus, Cardamons, Cummin, Carrots, Orobus, Fenugreek, Linfeed, Gromwel, Parfly, Panick.

Affwage fwellings.

Linfeed, Fenugreek feeds, Marthmatlows, Mallows, Coriander, Barly, Lupines, Darnel, &c.



Then the Colledg tell you a tale that there are such things in rerum Natura, as these Gums, Rozins, Balsams, and Juyces made thick, viz.

Colledg] I wyces of Wormwood and Maudlin, Acacia: Aloes: Lees of Oyl: Affa-fatida: Balfam of Pera: and India: Bdellium Bengin: Camphire: Caranna: Colophonia: Juyco of Maudlin: Euphorbium: Lees of wine, Lees of Oyl: Gums of Galba-num: Ammoniacum: Anime: Arabich: cherry trees: Coopal, Elems: Juniper: Ivy: Plum-trees: Cambuge: Hypocyftis: Labdanum: Lacca: liquid-Amber:Manna: Maftich: Mirrh: Olibanum: Opium: Opopanax: Picebitumen: Pitch of the Cedar: of Greece : Liquid and dry, Rozin of fire tree, Larch tree, Pine tree: Pinefruit: Mastich: Venice and Ciprest Turpentine: Sugar: white, red, and Whristalline, or Sugar-Candy white and red, Sagapen. Juniper, Gum, fanguis draconis: farcocolla: seamony, styrax: liquid and Calamitis: Tacha Mahacca: Tartar, Frankinsence: Olibanum:Tra gacanth: Birdlime, Who would have thought our Col-ledg of Phylitians were turned Bird-catchers.

Culpeper. That my Country may receive more benefit than ever the Colledg of Physicians intended them from these, I shall treat of them severally.

1. Of the Juyges.

2. Of the Gums and Rofins

Concrete Juyces, or Juyces made thick, are either

Temperate, as Juyce of Liquoris, white tharch.

Hot in the first degree

Sugar

In the fecond

Labdanum.

In the the third Benzoin, Affafortida.

Cold in the first degree

Sanguis Draconis, Acacia. In the third

Hypociftis

In the fourth

Opium, and yet some Authors think Opium is hoe because of its bitter tast

Aloes and Manna purge Choller gently; and Scamony doth purge choller fo violently, that it is no waies fit for a vulgar mans use, for it corrhodes the Bowels. Opopanax purgeth flegm very gently.

Confidering I was very brief in the handling the Vertues of these in my former part, I shall supply.

bere what was wanting there.

White flarch gently levigates or makes smooth such parts as are rough, Syrup of Violets being made thick with it and so taken on the poynt of a knife, helps coughs, roughness of the throat, wheezings, exceriations of the bowels, that same very disease which so lately puzzled the Learned Rabbies of our times, the Bloody-flux, or the plague in the guts (as their Worthips learnedly called it) I cut my finger the other

day, and then had I got the plague in my finger by |

Juyce of Liquoris heips roughness of the Trachea Arteria, which is in plain English cilled the Windpipe, the roughness of which causeth coughs and hoarceness, difficulty of breathing &c. It allaies the heat of the flomach and Liver, eafeth pains, foreness and roughness of the teins and bladder, it opencheth thirst, and strengthens the stomach exceedingly: It may easily be carried about in ones pocker, and eat a little now and then.

Sugar clenfeth and digesteth, takes away roughness of the tongue, it strengtheneth the reins and bladder being weakned; being besten into fine pouder and put into the eyes, it takes away films that grow over

Labdanum is in operation, thickning, heating and mollifying, it opens the paffage of the veins, and keeps the hair from falling off, the use of it is usual ly external; being mixed with Wine, Mirch, and Oyl of Mirtles, and applied like a plaifter, it takes away filthy fears, and the deformity the small pocks leave behind them; being mixed with Oyl of Roles, and dropped into the ears, it helps pains there; being used as a pellary, it provokes the terms, and helps hardness or itiffness of the womb: It is fometimes used inwardly in such medicines as ease pains and help the cough; it you mix a little of it with old white Wine and drink it, it both provokes urine, and stops loolness or fluxes.

Dragons blood, cools, binds and repels

Acacia and Hypoliftis do the like.

The juce of Maudlin, (or for want of it Collmary, which is the same in effect, and better known to the vulgar, some Countries call it Alecost) the juyce is made thick for the better keeping of it; first clarifie the juyce very wel, before you boyl it to its due thicknels, which is fomething thicker than Honey.

It is apropriated to the Liver; and the quantity of a drachm taken every morning, helps the Cachensa, or evil disposition of the body proceeding from cold-ness of the Liver; it helps the rickets, and worms in children, provokes urine, and gently (without purging) disburdens the body of choller and flegm; it fuccours the lungues, opens obstructions and resists purifaction of blood.

The rest which are material and easie to be had may

be found in what goes before; fuch as are hard to come by I pass by, as considering it would do the Reader little good to tell him a long tale of what things are in the East Indies or Arabia.

Gums are either temperate, as

Lacca, Elemi, Tragacanth &c. Intemperate, and so are hot in the first degree, as Bdellium, Gum of Ivy. In the fecond

Galbanum, Mirrh, Mastich, Frankinsence, Oliba-

num, Pitch, Rozin, Styrax, In the third

Ammoniacum.

In the Fourth

Euphorbium. Gum Arabick is cold.

Colophonia and Styrax fosten. Gum Arabick and Tragacanth, Sandarack or Juniper Gum, and Sascocolla bind.

Gum of Cherry trees, breaks the ftone. Styrax provokes the terms. Opopanax gently purgeth flegm.

Because I was brief in the vertues of these before,

I shall supply here what was wanting there-From the prickly Cedar when it is burned comes forth that which with us, is usually known by the name of Tar, and is excellent good for unction either for leabs, itch, or manginess, either in men or bealls; as also against the leprosic, Tetters, Ringwerms, and Scald-heads.

All fores of Rozins fill up hollow ulcers, and re-lieves the body ore prefled with cold griefs.

The Rozin of pitch tree, is that which is commonly called Burgony-pitch, and is something hotter and sharper than the former, being spread upon a cloath is excellent good against old aches coming of former bruiles or diflocations.

Pitch mollifies hard Swellings, and brings boyls and fores to suppuration, it breaks carbuncles, difperfeth Aposthumes, clenseth ulcers of corcuption

and filleth them with flesh.

Bdellium hears and mollifies, and that very temperately, being mixed with any convenient Oyntment or Plaister, it helps kernels in the neck and throat, Scropbula, or that difease which was wont to be called the Kings evil, because people dream'd waking that the Kings of England could cure it by touching. which to me is as credible as the Hiftory of Bell and the Dragon.

Inwardly taken in any convenient Medicine, it provokes urine and the terms, and breaks the stone 5 ic helps coughs and the bitings of venemous beatls, it helps windiness of the Spleen, and pains in the fides thence comings both outwardly applied to the place & inwardly taken, it helps ruptures or fuch as are burft, it foftens the hardness of the womb, dries up the moi-

fture thereof, and expels the dead child. Bitumen Judaicum is a certain dry pitch which the dead Sea, or Lake of Sodom in Judea cast forth at certain times, the Inhabitants there abouts pith their Ships with it. It is of excellent use to mollifie the hardness of swellings and discuss them, as also against Inflamations; the imoke of it burnt is excellent good for the fits of the mother, and the falling-fickness \$ Inwardly taken in Wine it provokes the terms, helps the bitings of venemous beafts, and diffolves congea-

led blood in the body.

Ambergreefe is hot and dry in the fecond degree; I will not dispute the case whether it be a Gam or not: It firengthens nature much which way foever it be taken; there are but few grains usually given of it at a time, I suppose rather for fear it should be too heavy for the purie than too hot for the body; mixed with a little Oyntment of Orrenge flowers, and the temples and forehead anointed with it, it eafeth the pains of the head and ftrengthneth the brain exceedingly: the same applied to the privities helps the fits of the mother, inwardly taken it ftrengthens the brain and memory, the heart and vital Spirit, warms cold fromachs, and is an exceeding frengthener of nature to old people; adding vigor to decayed and worn-our spirits, it provokes luft, and makes barren women fruitful, if coldness and moisture or weakness

be the cause impediting.

Assacrida being smelled to, is vulgarly known to repress the fits of the mother; a little bit put into an aching tooth, prefently eafeth the pains; ten grains

of it taken before dinner walking half an hour after it, provokes appetite, helps digeftion, ftrengthens the ftomach, and takes away loathing of meat, it provokes luft exceedingly, and expels wind as much.

Borrax, or Borrace as fome cal it, befides its vertues it bath to fodder Gold, Silver, and Copper &c. Inwardly given in fmal quantities, it stops fluxes, and the running of the reins; being in fine pouder, and put into green wounds it cures them at ounce dref-

Cambuge, which out of many names, which every Country bestows upon it, the Colledg are pleased to call Gutta Gumba : Authors are extreamly different, both about its being, what is is, whether a juyce or not; If a juyce, of what, and about its operation, whether it work violently or not : for my part I care not for medling with an unknown medicine my felf, neither would I advise my Country men-

Caranna outwardly applied, is excellent for aches, and swellings in the nerves and joynts; If you lay it behind the ears, it draws back humors from the eyes, applied to the temples as they usually do Mastich, it

helps the tooth ach.

Gum Elemi Authors apropriate to fractures in the

skull and head. See Areeus his Liniment-

Gum Lacca being well purified, and the quantity of half a drachm taken in any convenient liquor, ffrengthens the flomach and liver, opens obstructions, helps the yellow jaundice and dropfie, provokes urine, breaks the flone in the reins and bladder.

Liquid Amber is not much unlike liquid Styrax; by unction it warms and comforts a cold and moift brain, it eafeth all greifs coming of a cold cause; it mightily comforteth and firengtheneth a weak ftomuch, being anointed with it, and helps digeftion ex-ceedingly, it diffolves fwellings. It is not in the third

degree, and moist in the first.
I think it would do the Common-wealth no harm, if I should speak a word or two of Manna here, aithough it be no Gum; I confess Authors make some flutter about it, what it is, some holding it to be the juyce of a tree; I am confident it is the very fame condensated that our honey-dews here are, only the Countryes whence it comes being far hotter it fulls in greater abundance : Let him that defires reasons for it, be pleased but to read Butler his book of Bees, a most excellent experimental work, where he shal find reason enough to satisfic any reasonable man. Chuse the dryeft, and whitest, it is a very gentle purger of choller, quencheth thirft, provokes appetite, cafeth the roughness of the throat, helps bitterness in the throat, and often proness to vomit; It is very good for such as are subject to be costive to put into their drinks in flead of Sugar, it hath no obnoxious quality at al in it, but may be taken by a woman with child, withour any danger, a child of a year old may take an ounce of it at a time, diffolved in milk, it wil melt like Sugar, neither wil it be known from it by the taft.

Mirrh is hot and dry in the fecond degree, excee ding dangerous for women with child; It is bitter, and yet al Authors hold it to be good for the roughness of the throat and wind pipe; half a drachm of it taken at a time, helps the wnatick distillations upon the Lungues, pains in the fides, it frops fluxes, provokes the terms, brings away both birth and afterbirth, foftens the hardness of the womb : being taken two hours before the fit comes, it helps Agues, Mathioles faith be feldom used any other medicine for the

THE PARTY OF THE P

quartan ague, than a deachm of Mirrh given in Muskadel, an hour before the fit usually come; if you make it up into pills with Treacle, and take one of them every morning fasting; it is a foveraign prefervative against the pestilence, against the poylon of ferpents and other venemous beafts, a fingular remedy for a flinking breath, if it arise from purrifaction of the fromoch, it fastens loose teeth, and states the shedding off of the hair, outwardly used, it breeds flesh in deep wounds, and covers the naked bones with flesh.

Olibanum is bot in the fecond degree, and dry in the first : you may take a drachm of it at a time, it fteps looiness and the running of the veins, it ftreng-thens the memory exceedingly, comforts the heart, expels fadness and melancholly, strengthens the heart, helps Coughs, Rhewms, and pleurities; your belt way (in my opinion to take it, is to mix it with conferves of Roles, and take it in the morning fa-

Tachamacha, is feldom taken inwardly, outwardly spread upon leather, and applied to the navil, it flaieth the fits of the Mother, applied to the fide, it mitigates speedily, and in little time quite takes away the pain and windiness of the spleen 5 the truth is whatfoever ach or fwelling proceeds of wind or cold raw humors, I know no better Plaister coming from Beyond Sea then this Gum; it strengthens the brain and memory exceedingly, and stops al such defluxions thence, as trouble the eyes, ears or teeth, it helps the goot and Sciatica.

Gum Coopal, and Gum Anime are very like one another, both in body and operation, the former is hard to come by, the last not very easy, it stops defluxions from the head, if you perfume your Cap with the smoke of it, it helps the headach and Megrim, fliengthens the brain, and therefore the Sin-

news.

Gum Tragaganth, which the vulgar call Gum dragon, being mixed with pectoral Syrups (which you shall find noted in their propper places,) it helps coughs and hoarceneis, falt and thatp diftillations upon the Lungues, being taken with a liquoris flick, being dissolved in sweet Wine, it helps (being drunk) gnawings in the bowels, sharpnels and freeting of the urine, which caufeth excoriations either in the reins or bladder, being dissolved in milk and the eyes washed with it, it takes away wheals and scabs that grow on the eye lids, it is excellent good to be put in pultifies to folder wounds, especially if the nerves or finnews be hurt.

Sagapen- diffolved in juyce of Rue and taken, wonderfully breaks the ftone in the bladder, expels the dead child and after-birth, eleers the fight, diffolved in Wine and drunk, it helps the cough, and diffillations upon the Lungues, and the fits of the mo-ther, outwardly in Oyls or Oynements, it mightly helps such members as are out of joynt or overstret-

Galbanum is of the same operation, and also taken from the same plant, viz. Fennel, Giant.

Gum Arabick, thickneth and cooleth, and correfreth Chollerick sharp humors in the body, being diffolved in the white of an Egge well beaten, it helps burnings, and keeps the place from bliftering.

Mattich flaies fluxes, being taken inwardly any way: Three or four fmall grains of Maftich (wallowed down whol at night going to bed, is an excellent remedy for pains in the flomach : Being beaten into pouder, and mixed with conferves of Rofes, it frengthens the stomach, stops distillations upon the lungues, staies vomiting, and causeth a sweet breath, being mixed with white Wine and the mouth washed with it, it clenfeth the gums of corruption, and fasteneth loofe teeth-

Frankinsence being used outwardly in the way of a Plaister, heats and binds, being applied to the rem-ples, stops the Rhewms that flows to the eyes, helps ples, itops the Khewms that flows to the eyes, helps green wounds, and fills hollow ulcers with flesh, stops the bleeding of wounds, though the Arteries be cut, being made into an Oyntment with Vineger and Hogs-grease, helps the Itch, burnings, ulcers in the head, pains in the ears, inflamations in womens breasts, commonly called the Ague in the breast; beware of taking it inwardly, least it cause mydrass.

ware of taking it inwardly, least it cause madness.

Turpentine is hot in the second degree, it heals fostens, it discusses and purgeth, clenseth the reins, provokes urine.

Styrax Calamitis is not and dry in the second de-gree, it healeth, mollifieth, and concocteth; being taken inwardly helps the cough, and distillation of the Lungues, hoarceness and losse of voice, helps the hardness of the womb, and provokes the terms; if you take ten grains of it at a time made up in the form of a Pill

Ammoniacum, hot and dry in the third degree, foftens, draws, and heats; being diffolved in Vineger, strained and applied plaister-wise, it takes away bunckles and hardness in the flesh, it is one of the bett remedies that I know for infirmities of the spleen, being applied to the left fide; being made into an Oyntment with Oyl, it is excellent good to anoint the Limbs of fuch as are weary; a scruple of it being

taken in the form of a Pill losens the belly gives speedy delivery to women in travail, helps diseases in the fpleen, the sciatica and all pains in the joynts, such as pils blood, and have any humor afflicting their Breaft.

Camphire, it is held by al Authority to be cold and dry in the third degree, it is of very thin and fubtil parts, infomuch that being beaten into very fine pou-der it will vanish away into the air, being beaten into pouder and mixed with Oyl, and the temples anointed therewith, eafeth head aches proceeding of heat, al inflamations whatfoever; the back being anointed with the same, cools the reins, and Seminal Vessels, ftops the running of the reins and whites in women, the moderate use of Venery, the like it doth if it be drunk inwardly with Betony Water, take but a small quantity of it at a time inwardly, it retifts poyfon and birings by venemous beafts; outwardly applied as before and the eyes anointed with it, stops hot rhewms that flow thither.

Opopanax purgeth thick flegm from the most re-more parts of the body, viz. the brain, joynts, hands and feet, the nerves and breaft, and strengthens all these parts when they are weak, if the weakness proceed of cold as usually it doth; it helps weakness of the fight, old rotten coughs, and gours of all forts, drop-fies, and swellings of the spleen, it helps the strangury and difficulty of making Urine, provokes the terms, and helps all cold afflictions of the womb, have a care you give it not to any women with child. The dole is one drachm at most corrected with a little Mastich, dissolved in Vineger and outwardly applied helps the paffions of the Spleen.

In the next place, the Colledg tells you a fowr tale concerning Liquid Fuyces and Tears, which are to be kept for present use; Viz.

Colledg. V Integer, Juyce of Citrons, Juyce of red and Damash Roses, Wine, Tares of a Vine.

[fowr Grapes, Orrenges, barberries, Culpeper] A The Vertues of most of these may

Tares of a Birch-tree, Junce of Chermes, Quinces, be found in the Syrups, and are few of them used a-lone, unless it be Vineger to make sawce, and Wine Olives, and ripe Olives both new and old, Juyce of to drink.

Then the Colledg tells you there are these things bred of PLANTS, and that every child knows; Viz.

Colledg. A Grick, Jews-ears, the Berries of Cerar, Moß, Viscus Quercinus, Oak Apples.
Culpeper] A. As the Colledg would have you know these, so would I know what the chiefest of them are good for them are good for.

Jews-ears boyled in Milk and drunk, helpeth fore Throats: it is the opinion of those that have studied

Hermetick Phylosophy, That those things which refemble any parts of mans body, ftrengthens those parts of the body they resemble, and help the diseases they are vulgarly incident to, which is an approved truth in this; for as they refemble the Ear of a man, to being boyled in white Wine, and the Wine drunk, and the Jews-ears applied to the Ear ourwardly, will help deafnels, inflamations, and other infirmities of the Ears,

Moss, is cold, dry, and binding, therefore good for fluxes of all forts: if you defire to know more of it, I defire you would fee my English Physician.

Our Collede must have none but Misleto of the

Oak used, and what has any body to do to question them for so doing? let the Apothecaries buy only such, and pay fawce for it; it is nothing to me, but as for the poor Country man, I can tell him this, and I will tell him but the truth, and am able to prove it when I have done, That one fort of Milleto is as good as another; it helps the falling-fickness, and the convulsions being discreetly gathered and used.

Oak Apples: Mathielus faith if Oak Apples be broken atunder about the time of their withering before they have a hole through them, they contain in them one Living-creature or another, which it it be a Fly it fignifies War , if a Spider, Peftilence, if a Magget Murren of beafts, if a Worm, fearcity of Vi-Etuals, if an Ant, plenty of Corn for us; I'le bind no bodies faith to beleeve it, because I never tried it my felt; this I say, they are dry and binding: being boyled in milk and drunk, they stop fluxes and the terms, and being boyled in Vineger, and the body anoyated with the Vineger cures the Itch.

Then the Colledg acquaints you with more wonders, That there are certain Living-Creatures, called

Grashoppers, Cancharides, Cothanel, Hedg-hogs, Emets or Ants, Larks, Swallows, and their your ones, Horf-leeches, Snails, Earth-worms, D (b-mafhers or Wagtails, House Sparrows, and Hedg Sparrows, Frogs, Scinens, Land Scorpions, Moles, or Mants, Tortoise of the woods, Tenches, Vipers and Foxes.

Culpeper] A. The part of this crew of Cartel and forme others which they have not been pleased to learn may be made beneficial to your fick bodies, be pleafed

to understand, that

Bees being burnt to ashes, and a Ly made with the aftes, trimly decks a bald head being washed with

Snails with fiels on their backs, being first washed from the dirt, then the fiels broken, and they boyled in spring Water, but not scummed at all, for the scum will link of it felf, and the water drunk for ordinary drink is a most admirable remedy for a confumption, and here by the way I cannot but admire at the simplicity of most Physitians, who prescribe that the fnails ought to be purged from their flime either with falt or bran before they be used, which if you do, you take away their vertue, for the reason why they cure a consumption is this, Man being made of the flime of the Earth, the flimy substance recovers him when he is wafted; if you pleafe to eat the Snails when they are boyled you may, for they have a very pleafing tait, & it would be very cunning-

Colledg. BEES, woodlice, Silkworms, Stoads, ly done of you, if you did so, especially in these hard times, for then would you have meat, drink, and medicine all together. Befides this, being bruifed and applied to the place they help the gout, draw thorns out of the flesh, and held to the Nose help the blee-

> Frogs. It is a vulgar fathion of the Walloons to catch live Frogs and cur off their hinder Legs and fry them and eat them; whether they be good meat or no I know not, but I am fure 'tis a good medicine for the biting of Serpents: An Oyl made of it is ex-cellent good for the ftifnels of the Tendons, and the

> falling off of hair. Before I come to the Compounds, left any should think I go about to hide from them any thing that might do them good, I have here inferted the living Creatures, and Excrements, &c. in the order the Colledg left them, (for impose them they could not for want of Authority's Alack! alack! the King is dead, and the Colledg of Phylitians want power to impose the Turds upon men.) The use of the Fais and Sucts, you flial have it you please but to flay til I come to the Oyls and Oyntments; the other which you think not uleful for Phylick, will ferve to laugh at, the reading of them may make you merry, though the smell of them might turn your stomach: My self cannot chuse but smile to think in what part of the Apothecaries Shop the Colledg would have them kept, they had need place them neer the Civit pot.

Therefore consider that the Colledg gave the Apothecaries a Catalogue of what Parts of Living Creatures and Excrements they must keep in their Shops. Viz.

(if you know where to get it) Dog, Capon, Bever, wild Cat, Stork, Coney, Horfe, Hedg-hog, Hen, Man, Lyon, Hare, Pike or Jack, (if they have any fat I am

Colledg. THE Fat, Greafe, or Suct of a Duck, Mouse of the Mountains, (if you can carch them) Par-Goofe, Eel, Bore, Herron, Thymallos dal, Hog, Screent, Badger, gray or brock, Bear, Fox, (if you know where to get it) Dog, Capon, Bever, Vultur (if you can carch them) Album Graeum Anglice, a Dogs Turd, the bucklebone of a Have and a Hog, East and west Bezoar, Butter not salted and perswaded 'tis worth twelve pence a grain) wolf, falted, flone taken out of a mans Bladder, Vipers

flesh, fresh Cheefe, Castorium, white, yellow, and vir- 1 on their backs; any thing will serve to cheat the peogins wax, the brain of Hares and Sparrows, Crabs claws, the Rennet of a Lamb, Kid, a Hare, and a Calf, and a Horse too (quoth the Colledge) [They should have put in the Rennet of an Assto make a Medicine for their adle brains; the next time they alter their Dispensatory, let them go take counsel of the But-chers, and allow them a place in their Colledg Garden in Amen-Corner as they have done their learned Alchymist; truly they would have knocked down such an error like an Ox, and told them no creatures had Rennets but only such as sucked: to proceed.]

The Heart of a Bullock, a Stag, Hog, and a weather, the Horn of an Elk, a Hart, a Rhinocerot, an Unicorn, the skull of a Man killed by a violent death, a Cocks comb (to hang upon their learned heads) the Tooth of a Bore, an Elephant, and a Sea-borfe, Ivory, or Ele-phants tooth, the skin a Snake bath caft off, the gall phants tooth, the skin a Snake hath cast off, the gall of a Hawk, Bullock, a shee Goat, a Have, a Kite, a Hog, a Bull, a Bear, the cases of Silk-worms, the Liver of a Wolf, a Notter, a Frog, Ising-glass, the guts of a Wolf and a Fox, the milk of a shee As, a shee Goat, a Woman, an Ewe, a Heiser, East and West Bezoar, the stome in the head of a Carp, and a Peareth, if there he any stome in an Ox Gall, stone in the Bladder of a Man, the Jaw of a Pike m Jack, Pearls, the marrow of the Leg of a Sheep, Ox, Goat, Stag, Cass, Common and virgin Honey, Musik, Munmy, a Swaltows nest, Crabs eyes, the Omentum or Call of a Lamb, Ram, Weather, Calf, the whites, yolks, and shells of Hens Egs, Emets Egs, hone of a Stags heart, an Ox leg, Ossepha, the inner skin of a Hens Gizzard, the Wool of Hares, the feathers of Partridges, that which Bees make at the entrance of the Hive [to keep out Wool of Hares, the feathers of Partridges, that which Bees make at the entrance of the Hive [to keep out cold if they make any thing at all, for I assure you I could never find any yet, and have been a diligent searcher after it] the pixzle of a Stag, of a Bull, Fox Lungues, saling spittle, the blood of a Pidgeon, of a Cat, of a hee Goat; of a Hare, of a Partridg, of a Sow, of a Bull, of a Badger, of a Snail, [they might have been a little plainer; Testudo, which is their word, signifies any shell-sish, as also snails that have shels

ple with] Silk, whey, the fuet of a Bullock, of a Star, of a hee Goat, of a Sheep, of a Heifer, Sperma Ceti, a Bullock's Spleen, the skin a Snake hath cast off, the Turds of a Goofe, of a Dog, of a Goat, of Pidgeous, of a lone-borfe, of a Hen, of Swallows, of Men, of Women, of Mice, of Peacocks, of a Hog, of a Heifer, the Ancle of a Hare, of a Sow, Cobwebs, water shels, as Blatta Bizantia, Buccina, Crabs, Cockles, Dentalis, Entalis, mother of Pearl, Mytuli purpura, Os lepix, umbilicus, Marinus, the flones of a horfe, of a Cock, the hoof of an Elk, of an Aß, of a Bullock, of a Horfe, of a Lyon, the piß of a Bore, of a flee Goat, of a Mad or Woman that is a Maid, and that is not a Maid, the

moß on a Mans skull, Zibeth.

Culpeper] A. The Liver of a [Hedg-hog being dried and beaten into pouder and drunk with Wine, strengthens the Reins exceedingly, and he'ps the droptie, convulsions, and the Falling-sickness, together with all fluxes of the Bowels.

The Liver being in like manner brought into pouder firengthens the liver exceedingly, and helps

the dropfie.

The Heart of a Frog being applied to the Region of the Heart in a burning feaver, mitigates the fits to

The Heart of a Lark being bound to the Thigh of those that have the collick helps them; it doth the like also, being eaten.

Then the Colledg tells you these things may be taken from the SEA, as

Coll. A Mber-greefe, Sea water, Sea fand, Bitu-men, Amber white and yellow; Jet, Ca-rallina, Corral white and red, Fome of the Sea, Spunge some, Pamice, Sea salt, Spunges, Amber.

METTALS, STONES, SALTS, and other MINERALS.

VErt-de-greese, scales of Brass, Ætitis, Alana
Tetra, Alabaster, Alectorious, Allum Scisse
and Roch, Amethist, Amianth, Amphelites, Antimony,
Leaves and filings of Silver, Quick-silves, Lapis Atmenius, native and real, ortificial
Arsnick, white and realgar, Argilla, Astria, Leaves
and silings of Gold, Belemnites, Beril, Bose-armenick,
Borax, Toads-stone, Lapis Calaminaris, Cadmia,
Lime quick and quenched, Vitriol, white, blem, and
green, Steel, Borax chrysolite, Crysopus, Cimabris, native and artificial, Myst, Naphtha, Lapis Nephriticus, Niter, Oaker yellow and red, Onyx, Opalus, Ophytes, Osteocolla, Lead white and black, Plumbago,
Pompholix, Marchastic, Realgar, Ruby, red Oker,
Sal Armoniack, Sal Gem, and Sal Niter, Saphir and
Sardine, Selenites, Flints, Emerald, Smires, Seri,
Sardine, Selenites, Flints, E Hematites, Heliotropium, Jacinth, Hybernicus, Jaf-per, Lapis Judalcus, Tiles, Lapis Lazuli, Lapis Lin-cis, Lithauthrax, Litharge of Silver and Gold, Load-Stone, Marchaste, or fire-flone, Marble, red Lead, na-

one to one simple, and sometimes to repeat them in diverse places, it pleased us to note those that are iterated in a different Character, lest we should seem to make a needless repetition, or in-crease our Latologue for vain glory sake. Well said Colledg.

Culpeper] A. Alio I repeated them twice or thrice when they did, & caused them to be set down in a different Letter; also I hope it will make to my honor and not to my difgrace, to imitate such a learned Colledg of Physicians.

Of fome precious Stones I spake before in the former Edition ; I shall here reduce them all into order, and treat of fuch as were calually there omitted : whether they were mentioned by the Colledg or no it

matters nothing to me.

Precious Stones alter by a way manifest or hidden.

By a way manifest, they are Hot in the first degree.

Hemetites, Pyrites, Lapis Afius, Thyites, Smyres, Lapis Schistus.

Precious Stones cold, are in the first degree.

Jacinth, Saphir, Emerald, Criftal, Lapis Samius, Lapis Phrygius.

In the fecond degree. Ruby, Carbuncle, Granate, Sardony. In the fourth degree.

Diamond.

In respect of property, they bind, As Lapis Asius, Nectius, Geodes, Pumice-stone.

Emollient, as Alabaster, Jet, Lapis Thrasius. Stupifie, as

Memphites, Jasper, Ophites. Clense, as

Lapis Arabicus.

Glutinate, as Galactites, Melites. Scarrifie, as

Morochtus-

Break the stone, as Lapis Lyncis, Lapis Judaicus, Lapis Sponge. Retain the Fruit in the Womb, as

Atites, Jasper-Provoke the Terms-

Oftracites.

Establish

Stones altering by a hidden property (as they call it) Are

Bezoar, Topas, Lapis Colubrinus, Toad-flone, Emerald, Alcetorius, Calcidonius, Amethirt, Saphir, Jasper, Lapis Nephriticus, Lapis Tibernum, Lapis Spongites, the Stone found in the Maw of a Swallow, Load-stone, Lapis Vulturis, Merlucius, Corral, Lynturius, Jet, Ætites, the stones of Crabs, Amber, Criftal, &c.

The Load-stone purgeth gross humors. Lapis Armenius, and Lapis Lazuli, purge Melan-

cholly.

To speak a word or two of those which were then

pretermitted.

A Water-Snake, a string being thrust through her tail, and she hung up, a Vessel full of Water being set underneath, into which she may put her Head; after certain hours, or dayes, she will vomit up a Stone, which being received in the vessel full of water will drink it all up, which being bound to the Navil of one that hath the Dropfie, drinks up all the water.

Lapis Calcidonius, being hung about the neck, helps thole melancholly illufions, and melancholly fancies. of it.

In the Indian Sea, are taken certain strong fighting Fish, called Tyburones; in the Heads of which, are Nicholaus found three or four Stones, sometimes more, very Monardiswhite, great and ponderous, infomuch, that fometimes they weigh two pound: The pouder of this Stone is very profitable for such as are troubled with the Stone and difficulty of Urine, breaks the stone in the Reins and Bladder.

Blood-stone is a kind of Jasper of diverse colors, Nicholans with red spots in it like blood, stops the Terms and Monardis.

bleeding in any part of the Body. Hemetites ftops blood, the Eyes being often ftro-ken with it, helps bloodfied; being beaten into pouder and taken inwardly provokes prine and stops the des.

Pyrites, hears and clenfeth, takes away dimnels of Diofcorifight.

Lapis Afius binds, and moderately corrodes and des. clenicth filthy ulcers, and fills them up with flesh; being mixed with Honey, and applied to the place, is an admirable remedy for the Gout.

Christal being beaten into very fine pouder, and a Mathielast drachm of it raken at a time helps the bloody-flux, stops the whites in women, and increaseth milk in

Lapis Samius is cooling and binding, it is very Diofeori-comfortable to the flomach, but it dulls the Sences, des-helps Fluxes of the Eyes and Ulcers: Diofeorides held that it was little inferior to Lapis Ætites in all

That which comes off from a Whetstone of Cypress by whetting, helps baldness; being taken inwardwith Vineger confumes the Spleen and helps the falling-ficknels.

Geodetes binds and dries; being beaten into pouder and mixed with water, and applied to the place, takes away inflamations of the Testicles.

Pumice-stone being beaten into pouder and the piofeori-teeth rubbed with it, clenfeth them.

Jet, it is of a fostening and discussing nature, it resistes the fits of the Mother.

Lapis Memphites : Dioscovides faith, that if it be beaten to pouder and made into an Oyntment, and the part of a man which is to be cut off anointed with it, it takes away the sence of it without any danger.

Lapis Ophites: some of these stones have white

lines in them; these are an admirable remedy both for Head-ach and Lethargy; all of them being born about one help the Head-ach, and the biting of Ser-

Lapis Arabicus being beaten into pouder and made into an Oyntment, helps the Hemorrhoids.

Offrocites, a drachm of it taken in pouder pro- piofcori-vokes the terms, being taken after that purgation des-caufeth conception; also being made into an Oyntment helps inflamations of the breafts.

Lapis Selenites is an admirable stone of the Moon; the Women in Germany wear them as Jewels because they would be fruitful; they cure the falling-tickness, and being bound to trees make them fruitful.

Lapis Amianthus being born about one helps fuch Diofcorias are bewitched.

Myexis being born about one takes away pains in Cardanus. the reins and hinders the breeding of the stone.

Lapis Armenius purgeth Melancholly, and also causeth vomiting, I hold it not very fafe for our English bodies, and therefore I will speak no more

An Ex-



An Explanation of certain Uncupations, comprehending more things than one under one name.

The five opening Roots.

Smallage, Sparagus, Fennel, Parfly, Kneebolly.

The two epening Roots.

Fennel, Parfly.

The five emollient Herbs.

Marsh-mallows or Mallows, Beets, Mercury, Pellitory of the wall, Violet Leaves.

The five Capillary Herbs.

Maidenhair, Wall-rue, Cetrach, Harts-tongue, Politricum.

The four Cordial Flowers.

Borrage, Bugloß, Rofes, Violets.

The four greater hot Seeds, Carminative, or breaking wind.

Annis, Caraway, Cummin, Fennels

The four leffer bot Seeds.

Bishopsweed, Amomus, Smakage, Carrotsi

The four greater cold Seeds.

Citrul, Cucumer, Guord, Melone.

The four teffer cold Seeds.

Succory, Endive, Lettice, Purstain-

Five fragments of precious Stonesi

Granate, Jacinth, Saphire, Sardine, Emeraldi

culpeper] A. I was the more willing to quote these again, although they be almost the same in their former Dispensatory; 1. Because this is all the good the Learned Colledg hath done their Country, an this their refined Master-piece; namely, To tell them that such and such Roots are opening, such and such Flowers Cordial, or strengthening to the heart, such and such Seeds break wind, &c. and if any should be so bold as to object against a whol Colledg of learned Physicians, That they did the generality of the Common-wealth no good at all, because they

wrote it in Latin, which is a Language understood but by few; it were easily answered, They did it in Latin to animate people to bring up their children to learning, which is a thing I wish from my heart were done; what the Colledg doth, I know not. 2. Because they have here left out some Oyntments, the use of which they would not have the Chyrungi-

2. Because they have here left our some Oyntments, the use of which they would not have the Chyrurgians know, (the most part of which are no Scholars; (the more is the pity) and that they know well enough) it were a brave trick if they could catch old birds with chaff.



T

KIND



KIND READERS,

HE Right VVorshipful, the Colledg of Physitians of London in their new Dispensatory, give you free leave to distill these common VVaters that follow, but they never intended you should know what they are good for.

SIMPLE DISTILLED WATERS.

Of Fresh Rocts of

BRiony, Onions, Alicampane, Orris, or Flower-de-

Of Flowers and Buds of

Southernwood, both forts of wormwood, wood-forvel, Ladies-Mantle, Marsh-mallows, Angelica, Pim-pernel with purple flowers, Smakage, Columbines, paragus, Mousear, Borrage, Shepheards-purje, Calaminth, wood-bine or Honey-Juckles, Carduns Benedi Etus, our Ladies thiftles, ignorgrafi, Sulcory, Dra-gons, Coltsfoot, Franci, Goati-rue, Graf. Hylop, Lettice, Lovage, Toadfax; Hops; Marjoram; Mallows; Horebound; Featherfew; Bawm; Mints; Horfemints; Water-creffes; English Tobacco; white Poppiets, Pelli-tory of the wall; Parshy; Plantane; Phiston: Self-beal: Penyroyal: Oak Leaves: Sage: Scablous: Figwort or Throatwort: Houllesk or Sengreent the greater and lef- pies: famom of Frogs.

fer: Mother of Time: Nightshade: Tanfie: Tormentil: Valerian

Of Flowers of

Orrenges [if you can get them] Blew-bostle the greater: Beans: Water-likes: Lavender: Nut-tree: Cowflips: Slees: Rofemery: Rofes, white damask and red: Satyrion: Line-tree: Clove-gilliflowers: Violets.

Of Fruits of

Orrenges: black cherries: Pome-citrons: Quinces: Cucumers: Stramberries: Winter Cherries: Lemmons: Rasberries: unripe walnuts: Apples.

> Of parts of living creatures and their Excrements.

Lobfters: Cochles, or Snails: * Hartsborn: Bullocks afford to dung made in May: Swallows: Earthworms: Mag-

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SIMPLE WATERS DISTILLED being digested beforehand.

Of the fresh Roots of Nettles.

Of the Leaves of

Agrimony: wild Tanfie, or Silverweed, Mugwort, Betony, Marigolds, Chamomel, Chamepitis, Sullondine, Pilewort, Scurvy-graß, Comfry the greater, Dandelyon, Ashtree leaves, Eyebright, Fumitory, Alehoof or ground Ivy, Horstail, St. Johns wort, Yarrow, Moneywort, Restharrow, Solomons seal, Ros solis, Rue, Savin, Saxifrage, Hartstongue, Stordium, Tamaris, Mullin, Vervain, Pauls Betony, Meadfweet, language, is -

Of the Flowers of

Mayweed: Broom: Comflips: Butter-bur: Peony: write true Elder.

Of the Berries of

Broom, Elder.

Culpeper] A. Then the Colledg gives you an Ad- that fo a monition concerning distilling these (such a one man can as it is) which being and and your native neither tel what gender nor

* I know not which their work fignifies, Cockles, Snails, Peruinkls and al fuch fhel-fifh: former word wch I tranflated Lobfters, fignifies Crabs as well as Lobstors, & I could think they intend river Crabs here, by 2 of a word, wch they ad at the latter end of it, it being utual with Phyfitians because they cannot latin to abreviate thir words by the middle,

We what case they are of.

Iknow homthey nay thank or this tillation.

we give you warning that these common waters be better prepared for time to come, either in common stills, putting good flore of Ashes underneath, the Roots and Herbs being dryer, &c. Or if they be full of Juyee, by distilling the Juyee in aconvenient Bath, that so burning may be avoided, which hitherto hath seldom been: But let the other Herbs, Flowers, or Roots, be bruifed, and by adding Tartar, common Salt, or Leven, bedigefted, then putting formy water to them: diffill them in an Alembick with his refriger atory, or worm, till the change of the tall flew the vitue to be drawn off, then let the Oyl (if any be) be seperated from the water acmy of di- Cording tours.

Into the number of these waters may be ascribed,

The Teares of Vines, The Liquor of the birch tree, May dew.

Culpeper] A. That my Country may receive the be-nefit of these Waters: I shall first show the Temperatures, secondly, the vertues of the most usual & most easier o come by it any should take exceptions that I mention not all (for itis imposible to write to please every body) I answer first I me ntion enough, fe-condly; Who ever makes this objection, they shew extream ingraritude, for had I mentioned but only one; I had revealed more to them than ever the Colledg intended they flould know, or con me thanks for doing but the belt is, I respect their love, and fear their hatred much at one.

The quallities and apropriation of the simple distilled Waters.

Simple diffilled Waters either cool or heat; Such as cool, either cool the blood or Choller.

Waters cooling the blood-Lettice, Purslain, Water-Lillies, Violets, Sorrel,

Endive, Succory, Famitory. Waters cooling and repreffing chollerick humors,

or vapors in the head Nightshade, Lettice, Water-Lillies, Plantane, Poppies, viz. The flowers both of white, black, and red Poppies, black Cherries.

The breaft and lungues Violets, Poppies all three forts, Colts-foot.

In the heart. Sorrel, Quinces, Water-Lillies, Roles, Violets, green or unripe Walnuts.

In the flornach. Quinces, Rofes, Violets, Nightshade, Housleek,

or Sengreen, Lettice, Purflain. In the River-

Endive, Succory, Nightshade, Purslain, Water Lil-

In the Reins and bladder. Endive, Success, winter Cheries, Plantane, Water-Lillies, Strawberries, Houfleektor Sengreen, black Cherrica.

In the Womb. Endive: Succory, Lettice, Water-Lillies, Purflain,

Simple Wargs which are hot, concoct either flegm or Mclanchelly.

waters concolling flegowin the Head are of:

Beteny, Sage, Marjoram, Chamomel, Fennel, Calaminth, Rolemary flowers, Primrofes, Eye-bright. In the B caft and Lunques-

Maidenhair, Betony, Hyfop, Hore-hound, Carduus Biredictus, Sezbious, Orris, or Flower-de-luces

In the heart.

Bawm, Rolemary.

In the ftomach. Wormwood, Mints, Fennel, Chervil, Time, mother of Time, Marigolds.

In the Liver.

Wormwood: Centaury: Origanum; Marjoram? Maudlin: Coftmary; Agrimony: Fennet. In the Spleen.

Water-creffes: Wormwood: Calaminth-In the reins and bladder.

Rocket: Nettles: Saxifrage: Pellitory of the wall! Alicampane: Burnet.

In the Womb.

Mugwort: Calaminth: Peny-royal: Savin: mother of Time: Lovage.

Waters concocting Melancholly in the head: at of Hops: Fumitory. The Breaft.

Bawm: Cardons Benedictus.

The Heart

Borrage: Boglofs: Bawm: Rofemary-The Liver.

Endive, Cichory, Hops.

The Spleen, Dodder: Harts-tongue: Tamaris: Time-Having thus ended the apropriation, I shall speak

breifly of the vertues of diffilled Waters.

Lettice Water cools the blood when it is overheated, for when it is not, it needs no cooling, it cools the head and Liver, staies bot vapors ascending to the head, and hi ndring fleep, it quencheth immoderate thirst, and breeds milk in nurses. Distilt it in May.

Purslain Water cools the blood and Liver, quencheth thirst, helps such as spit blood, have hot coughs or pestilences.

The diffilled Water of water Lilly-Flowers, cools the blood and the bowels, and al internal parts of the body, helps such as have the yellow Jaundice, hot coughs or pleurefies, the headach coming of heat, feavers peftilential, and not petilential, as also he-Etick feavers.

The Water of Violet flowers, cools the blood, the heart, Liver, and Lungues overheated, and quencheth an infatiable defire of deinking; they are in their prime about the latter end of March, or begining of April, according as the year fals out.

The Water of Sorrel cools the blood, heart, Liver, and spleen; if Venis Treacle be given with it, it is preficable in pettilencial feavers, diffil it in May.

Endive and Succory Water, are excellent against heat in the stomach; If you take an ounce of either (for their operation is the fame) morning and evening four daies one after another, they cool the Liver, and clenic the blood; they are in their prime in

Fumitory Water is usual with the City Dames, to

wash their faces with, to take away morphey freckles, and Sunburning, inwardly taken it helps the yellow Jaundice, and Itch, clenfeth the blood, provokes fweat, flrengthens the ftomach, and clenfeth the body

of adult humors, It is in its prime in May and June The Water of Nightshade helps pains in the head coming of heat; take heed you distill not the deadly Nighthade inftead of the common, if you do, you may make mad work; let fuch as have not wit enough to know them afunder, have wit enough to let them both alone til they do.

The Water of white Poppies extinguisheth al heat against nature, helps headaches coming of heat, and too long flanding in the Sun : Diftil them in June

Colts-foot Watar is excellent for burns to wash the place with it, inwardly taken it helps Phthificks, and other diseases incident to the lungues 3 Diffil them in May or June.

The Water of distilled Quinces strengthens the heart and fromach exceedingly, staies vomiting, and sluxes, and strengthens the retentive faculty in

Damask Role-water, cools, comforts, and strengthens the heart; so doth red Rose-water, only with this difference, the one is binding, the other loolening, if your body be coffive, use Damask Rose-water, because it is loosening, if loose, use red, because it is

White Rose-water is generally known to be excellent against hot rhewms, and inflamations in the eyes,

and for this it is better than the former.

The Water of Red Poppy flowers, called by many Corn-roles, because they grew so freequently amongst corn, cool the blood, and spirits overheated by drin-king or labor, and is therefore excellent for surfets.

Green Walnuts gathered about the latter end of June, or beginning of July, and bruited, and fo ftilled, ftrengthens the heart, and refifteth the peffilence.

Plantane Water helps the headach, being dropped into the ears it helps the toothach, helps the Phthifick, dropfie, and fluxes, and is an admirable remedy for ulcers in the reins and bladder, to be used as common drink : the herb is in its prime in May.

Strawberry Water cooleth, quencheth thirft, clarifieth the blood, breaks the stone, helps al inward inflamations, especially those in the reins, bladder, and paffages of the urine, it ftrengthens the Liver, and

helps the yellow Jaundice.

The diffilled Water of Dog-grafs, or couch-grafs as fome cal it; clenfeth the reins gallantly, and provokes urine, opens obstructions of the Liver and spleen, and hile warms. and kils worms.

Black Cherry Water, provokes urine, helps the dropfie; It is usually given in diseases of the brain, as convulsions, falling tickness, passey, and Apople-

Betony is in its prime in May; the diffilled Water thereof is very good for such as are pained in their heads, it prevails against the dropsie, and al forts of feavers, it fuccors the Liver and spleen, and helps want of digestion, and evil disposition of the body thence arising, it hastens travail in women with child, and is excellent against the bitings of venemous beafts.

Diffil Sage whileft the flowers be on it; the Water ftrengthens the brain, provokes the terms, helps nature much in al its actions

Marjoram is in its prime in June; the diffilled

Water, is excellent for fuch whose brains are too cold, it provokes urine, heats the womb, provokes the terms, strengthens the memory, and helps the judgment, cauleth an able brain, and therefore I commend it to the Colledg of Physitians.

Distil Chamomel Water about the beginning of

June : It eafeth the chollick and pains in the belly, it breaks the stone in the reins and bladder, provokes the terms, expels the dead child, and takes away pains

in the head.

Fennel water strengthens the heart and brain, dilates the breaft, helps the cough, provokes the terms, encreaseth milk in nurses, and if you wash your eyes with it, it cleers the fight.

CalaminthWater, hea ts and clenfeth the womb, provokes the terms, and eafeth the pains of the heads

diffil it in May-

The Diffilled water of Rolemary flowers, helps fuch as are troubled with the yellow Jatindice, Afthma; it clenfeth the blood, helps concoction, firengthens the brain and body exceedingly.
Waters of the flowers of Lillies of the valley, ftreng-

thens the brain, and all the fences.

The water of Cowflip flowers, helps the palley, and thence they obtained the name [Paralyfis] takes away pains in the head, the vertigo, and megrim, and are exceeding good for women with child.

The eyes being washed every morning with Eyebright water, most strongely cleers and strengthens the

Maidenhair diftilled in May, the water clenfeth both Liver and Lungues, clarifies the blood, and break the ftone.

Hylop water clenieth the Lungues of flegm, helps

Coughs, and Afthmacs; diftill it in August.
The water of Hore-hound, helps the Cough, and ftraitness of the breaft, it strengthens the breaft, Lungues, and ftomach, and Liver; diffil it in June. Carduus water fuccors the head, ftrengthens the

memory, helps such as are troubled with vertigoes, and quartan agues, it provokes fweat, ftrengthens the heart, and is good in peftilences, and all other feavers of choller; it is in its prime in May and June.

Scabious water, helps pleurefies, and pains, and prickings in the fides, Apostthemes, Coughs, pesti-

ence, and straitness of the breast.

Water of Flower de-luce, is very profitable in dropfies, an ounce being drunk continually, morning and evening, as also pains and torments in the bowels.

Bawm water diffilled in May, restores memory when it is loft, it quickens al the sences, strengthens the brain, heart, and ftomach, caufeth a merry mind, and a sweet breath.

The water of Comfry fodders broken bones, being drunk helps ruptures, outwardly it stops the bleeding

of wounds, they being washed with it.

Wormwood water distilled cold, about the end of May, heats and strengthens the stomach, helps concoction, staies vomiting, kills worms in the stomach, and bowels, it mitigates the pains in the teeth, and is profitably given in feavers of Choller.

Mint water strengthens the stomach, helps concoction and flaies vomiting; diffil it in the latter end of May, or beginning of June, as the year is in forward-

neis, or backwardneis; observe that in all the rest. Chervil water distilled about the end of May, helps ruptures, breaks the stone, dissolves congealed blood, ftrengthens the heart and ftomach.

The water of Mother of Time strengthens the .

brain and flomach, gets a man a good flomach to his victuals, provokes urine, and the terms, hears the womb; it is in its prime about the end of June-

The water of Marigold flowers, is apropriated to most cold diseases of the head, Eyes, and stomach; they are in their vigor when the Sun is in the Li-

Distilled water of Centaury, comforts a cold sto-mach, helps in scavers of choller, which the Greeks call kaŭros, and retralopores it kills worms,

and provokes appetite to victuals.

Mandlin and Coftmary water diffilled in May,or June, strengthens the Liver, helps the yellow Jaundice, opens obstructions, and helps the dropsie.

Water-creffes distilled in March, the water clenteth the blood, and provokes urine exceedingly, kils worms, outwardly mixed with Honey, it cleers the skin of morphew and Sunburning.

Diffil Nettles when they are in flower, the water helps coughs, and pains in the bowels, provokes u-

rine, and breaks the stone.

Saxifrage water provokes urine, expels wind, breaks the stone, clenfeth the reins and bladder of gravel ;di-

stil them when they are in flower.

The water of Pellitory of the wal, opens obstru-ctions of the Liver and Spleen, by drinking an ounce of it every morning, it clenset h the reins and bladder, and eafeth the gripings of the howels coming of wind; diftil it in the end of May, or beginning of

Sinkfoyl water breaks the ftone, clenfeth the reins, and is of excellent use in putrified feavers; diffil it

in May.

The water of Radishes, breaks the stone, clenseth the reins and bladder, provokes the terms, and helps the yellow Jaundice.

Alicampane water strengthens the stomach and Lungues, provokes urine, and clenfeth the passages of

it from gravel.

Distil Burnet in May or June ; the water breaks the ftone, clenfeth the paffages of urine, and is exceeding profitable in pettilential times.

Mugwort water distilled in May, is excellent in coughs, and difeates proceeding from Roppage of the terms in women, it warms the itomach, and helps the

Diftil Peny-royal when the flowers are upon it; the water heats the womb gallantly, provokes the terms, expels the Afterbirh, cuts, and casts out thick and gross humors in the breatl, eafeth pains in the bowels, and confumes flegm-

The water of Lovage distilled in May, eafeth pains in the head, and cures ulcers in the womb being washed with it, inwardly taken it expels wind, and

breaks the ftone.

The tops of Hops when they are young, being di-filled; the water clenieth the blood of addult and melancholly humors, and therefore helps Scabs, Itch, and leprofie, and fuch like difeafes thence proceeding, it open obstructions of the spleen, helps the rickets, and Hypocondriack melancholly.

The water of Borrage and Bugloss, distilled when their flowers are upon them, strengthen the heart and brain exceedingly, clenfe the blood, and takes away

fadness, greife, and melancholly.

Doddar water clenseth the Liver and spleen, helps the yellow jaundice.

Tamaris water opens the obstructions, and helps the hardness of the spleen, and strengthens it.

English Tobacco distilled; the water is excellent good for fuch as have dropfies, to drink an ounce of too every morning, it helps ulcers in the mouth, firengthens the Lungues, and helps fuch as have Afth-

The water of Dwarffe Elder hath the same effects.

Thus have you the vertues of enough of cold waters, the use of which is for mixtures of other medicines, whose operation is the same, for they are very feldom given alone; if you delight most in liquid medicines, having regard to the discase, and part of the body afflicted by it, these will furnish you with, where withal to make them, so as will please your pal-



COM



COMPOUNDS.

SPIRITS and COMPOND DISTILLED WATERS.

Cutpeper] A. Before I begin these, I thought good to premise a few words:
They are all of them hot in operation, and therefore not to be medled with by people of hot Constitutions, when they are in health for fear of Feavers, and adultion of blood; but for people of cold conflitu-tions, as Melancholly and Flegmatick people. If they drink of them moderately now and then for recreation, due confideration being had to the part of the body which is weakeft, they may do them good; yet in difeases of melancholly, neither strong Waters nor Sack is to be drunk, for they make the humor thin, and then up to the head it flies, where it fills the brain with foolish and fearful imagina-

2. Let all yong people forbear them whilst they are in health, for their blood is usually hot enough without them.

3. Have regard to the season of the year, so shall you find them more beneficial in Summer than in in Winter, because in Summer the body is alwaies coldest within, and digestion weakest, and that is the reason why men and women eat less in Summer than they do in Winter.

Thus much for people in health, which drink ftrong waters for recreation.

As for the Medicinal use of them, it shall be shewed at the latter end of every Receipt; only in general they are (due respect had to the humors afflicting, and part of the body afflicted) medicinal for diseafes of cold, and flegm, chilline's of the spirits &c.

But that my Country men may not be miltaken in this, I shall give them some Symptoms of each Complexion, how a man may know when it exceeds its

Signs of Choller abounding.

Leanels of body, costiveness, hollow eyes, anger without a cause, a testy disposition, yellowness of the skin, bitterness in the throat; pricking pains in the head; the pulse swifter and stronger than ordinary; the urine higher colourd, thinner and brighter; troublesom sleeps; much dreaming of fire; lightning; anger and sighting.

Signs of Blood abounding.

The Veins are bigger (or at least they feem to) and fuller than ordinary; the skin is red, and as it were (wollen; pricking pains in the fides and about the temples; thortness of breath; headach; the pulse great and full; urine high coloured and thick; dreams

Signs of Melancholly abounding.

Fearfulnels without a cause, fearful and foolists imaginations, the skin rough and fwamby, leanness, want of sleep, frightful dreams, sowrnels in the throat, the pulse very weak, solitatiness, thin cleer urine, often sighing &c.

Signs of Flegm abounding.

Sleepiness, dulness, flowness, heaviness, cowardlinels, forgetfulnels, much spitting, much superfluities at the note, little appetite to meat, and as had digestion, the skin whiter, colder and fmoother than it was wont to be, the pulfe flow and deep, the urine thick and low colored, dreams of min, flouds, and water &c.

These things thus premised I come to the matter.

The first the Colledg presents you with, is

Spiritus et Aqua Absinthii minus Composita. Pag. 30.
Or, Spirit and Water of Wormwood
the lesser Composition.

The Colledg] Take of the Leaves of * dried *You may wormwood two pound; Annus feeds half a pound; take what sleep them in six gallons of small wines twenty four Wormhours, then distilled mater two sunces of the best pleas, what

Let the two first pound you draw out be called Spirit fo they get of wormwood; those which follow, wormwood wa- money, ter the leffer Composition.

they have

Culpeper] fire.

Culpeper] A. I like this diffinction of the Colledges very well, because what is first stilled out is far ftronger than the reft, and therefore very fitting to be kept by it felf, you may take which you pleafe, according as the temperature of your body, either to heat or cold, and the featon of the yeer requires.

A. It hath the fame vertues Wormwood hath, only fitter to be used by such whose bodies are chilled by age, and whose natural heat abateth. You may search the Herb for the vertues; it heateth the flomach and

helpeth digettion.

The Colledg] After the same manner (only omitting the Annus seeds) is distilled Spirit and water of Angelica, both Herb and Root; Bawm, Mints, Sage & o.The Flowers of Rosemany Clary, Clove-gilliflowers Co.the feeds of Caramy So. I uniper berries, Overnge pils, Lemmons, Citrons Soc. Comamon, Natmens Soc.

Culpeper] A. I would fome body (that knows their conditions) would do but fo much 'as ask the Colledg what the meaning of all these et catera's is.

Spiritus et Aqua Absynthii magis composita. Pag. 30. Or, Spirit and Water of Wormwood the greater Composition.

The Colledg] Take of common and Roman Wormwood, of each a pound; Sage, Mints, Bawm, of each two handfuls; the roots of Galanga, Ginger, Cala-mus Aromaticus, Alicampane, of each three drams; Liquoris an ounce, Raifons of the Sun floned three ounces; Annis feeds and fweet Fermel feeds, of each three drachms, Cinnamon, Cloves, Nutmers, of each two drachms; Cardamoms, Cubebs, of each one drachm : Let the things be cut that are to be cut, and the things bruifed that are to be bruifed; all of them infused in twenty four pints of Spanish wines for twenty four bours, then distilled in an Allembick, adding two ounces of white Sugar to every pint of diffitled water.

Let the first pine be called Spirit of Wornswood the

greater composition.

Culpeper] A. In this Receipt they have only in their new Masser-piece, left out According to Art, and I commend them, for fure it was advitedly done of them not to write of what they never had.

A. The Opinion of Authors, is, That it heats the stomach, and strengthens it and the lungues, expels wind, and helps digeftion in ancient people.

Spiritus et Aqua Angelica magis composita. Page 31.
Or, Spirit and Water of Angelica the greater Composition.

bid the The Colledg Take of the * Leaves of Angelica eight ounces, of Cardans Benedictus fix ounces, of my last fix ounces, of each four ounces; Angelica feeds fix ounces; (weet Fennel feeds nine ounces: Let the Herbs being dried and the feeds be grofty briefed, to which ad of the Species called Aromaticum Rolatum, and of the Species called Diamolchu Dulce, of each an ounce and an half & infuse them two daies in thirty two pints of Spanish wine; then distil them with a gentle fire (according to that art which we never had) and with every pound mix two ounces of Sugar diffelved in Rofe water.

Let the three first pomid be called by the name of Spiric, the rest by the name of water.

Culpeper A This Receipt was far different from that Angelica water which they preferibed in their

last Dispensarory; I could at first imagine no reason worth the quoting, unless it were done to make it dearer, as who should say, seeing the common people cannot be kept from knowing the vertues of what we have fo long monopolized into our own hands, through the iniquity of the times in abolithing Kingly Government, which was the only flaff we had to lean upon; yet will we to work again, and leave never a stone unsurned that may uphold us in our pride and unconfcionable domineering: and though we cannot write but it will be transflated into such a language as will be in the reach of the vulgars brain, yet will we wind the buffness so high, that it shall be out of the reach of his purie; this I thought to be the plain English of it : yet afterward I found, that their former Difpenfatory had a water called Cordial Water, which here shouldered out, Angelica water, and having got into its place, stole its name. Pray do but so much as tell what good it doth the vulgar for you to change the names of Medicines : I finell a Rat, a new trick to cheat the world.

A. The chief end of composing this Medicine, was to firengthen the heart, and relift infection, and therefore is very wholfom in pettilential times, and

for fach as walk in flinking airs.

I shall now quote you their former Receipt in their former Dipenfatory.

Angellica water the greater Composition.

The Colledg Take of * Angellies two pound, An- *Take the nis feeds half a pound, Coriander and Caraway feeds, Leaves. of each four ounces, Zedoary bruifed, three ounces, fleep them twenty four hours in fix gallons of final wines, then draw out the Spirit, and fivetenit with

Culpeper] A. It comforts the heart, cherisheth the vital Spirits, refifteth the peffilence, and al corrupe airs, which indeed are the natural causes of al Epidimical difeases; the fick may take a spoonful of it in any convenient cordial, and fuch as are in health, and have bodies either cold by nature, or cooled by age, may take as much either in the morning faffing, or a little before meat.

Spiritus Lavendule compositus. Matthia. Pag. 31. Or, Compound Spirit of Lavender, Marthias.

The Colledg] Take of Lavender flowers onegalton, to which pour three gallons of the best Spirit of wine, let them stand together in the Sun six daies, then destil them with an Alembich with his refrigera-

Take of the flowers of Sage, Rosemary, and Betony of each one handfal, the flowers of Borrage, Buglos, Lillies of the vally, Cowslips, of each two handfuls; let the flowers being newly and scalonably gathered, being insused in one gallon of the best Spirit of Wine, and mingled with the asoregoing Spirit of Lavender flowers, adding the leaves of Bawm, Feather-few, and Orrenge tree fresh gathered; the slowers of Stachas, and Orrenge tree, Bay berries, of each one ounce; af-ter convenient digestion, destit is again, after which add, Citren pills the ontward Bark, Peony feeds bushed, of each fix drachms, Cinnamon, Nutmers, Mace, Cardamoms, Cubebs, yellow Sanders, of each half an ounce, wood of Aloes one drachm, the best Jujubes, the stones being taken out, balf a pound, digest them fix weeks, then firmin it, and filter it, and add to it,

prepared Pearls two drachms, Emeralds prepared a frength is drawn out. scruple, Ambergreese, Musk, Saffron, of each half a scruple, red Roses dried, red Sanders, of each half an ounce, yellow Sanders, Citron pills dried, of each one drachm; let the Species being tied up in a ray, be

hung into the aforegoing Spirit.

Culp Although I could have eafily been brought to believe, that the Colledg sever intended the company of Apothecaries any good, yet before I read this Receipt; I could not conceit they willingly intended to impose impossibilities upon them; I could wish the Apothecaries would defire to be certified by the Colledg.

A. 1. Whether the Gallon of Lavender flowers

must be filled by heap, or by strike.

A. 2. Next, whether the flowers must be pressed down in the Measure , or not.

A. 3. How much must be drawn off in the first distillation.

A. 4. Where they should get Orrenge leaves and flowers fresh gathered.

A. 5. What they mean by Convenient Digeftion.

A. 6. Where you shal find Borrage, Bugloss, and Cowflips flowring together, that so you may have them al fresh according to their prescript, the one flowring in the latter end of Aprill, and beginning of May, the other in the end of June, and beginning of Fully.

A. 7. If they can make a shift to make it (which is a task almost, if not altogether, as hard as to pils down Pauls, how, or which way the vertues of it wil countervail the one half of the charge and coft, to leave the pains and trouble out. But Dr. Ignoramus followed Matthias and never confidered he lived in

a different Climate.

Spiritus Castorii. Page 32. in the Latin Book. Or, Spirit of Castorium.

The Colledg Take of fresh Castorium four oun-tes, Lavender slower on ounce, the tops of Sage, and Rosemary, of each half an ounce, Cinnamon fox drams, Mace, Cloves, of each two drachms, Spirit of Wine rettified fix pound ; digeft them in a Phial filled only * A table to the third part, close stopped with cork and bladder, at the lat- in warm oftes for two daies, then distilled in * Balneo Maria, and the distilled water kept close stop-

Culpeper] A. By reason of its heat it is no waies in al fuch fit to be taken alone, but mixed with other convenient medicines, apropriated to the diseases you would give it for; It rebits poylon, and helps such as are bitten by venemous beafts, it caufeth speedy deliver y to women in travail, and cafteth out the after-birth, it helps the fits of the mother, Lethargies, and Convulfions; being mixed with white Wine, and dropped into the eats, it helps deafnels, if stopping be the cause of it ! the dose to be given inwardly, is between one drachm, and half a drachm according to the age and strength of the parient.

> Aqua Petastidis composita. Page 32. in Latin Book. Or, Compound water of Butter-Burrs.

The Colledg] Take of the fresh roots of Butter Burr bruised, one pound and an half; the roots of Angelica, and Maller-wort, of each half a pound; fleep them in ten pines of flrong Ale, then distil them, till the change of the tast gives testimony that the

Culpeper] A. This water is very effectual, being mixed with other convenient cordials, for such as have pellilential feavers; also a spoonful taken in the morning, may prove a good prefervative in peftilential times: it helps the fits of the mother, and fuch as are fhort winded, and being taken inwardly, dries up the moisture of such fores as are hard to be cured.

Aqua Raphani Composita. Page 33. in the Latin B. Compound water of Rhadishes.

The Colledg] Take of the leaves of both forts of Sem vy-graß, of each fix pound; having bruised them, preß the Juyce out of them, with which mix of the Juyce of Brooklime, and Water-celles, of each one pound and an half, of the best white wine eight pound, twelve whole Lemmons, pills and all, fresh Briony roots four pound, the roots of wild Raddifbes two pound; Caps, winters Cinnamou balf a pound, Nut-megs four ounces; (leep them altogether and then di-

Culpeper] A. In their former Dispensatory, when they had that Ingenuity left to confess where they had their medicines; I gave them a modest term, and hid they borrowed them from such or such an Author; but now all ingenuity hath left them, and nothing but Self remains in them, and they ableond their Authors; I know not what to lay, unless I should say they; stole them; whether this be their own or not I know not, 'tis something like them, a churlish medicine, to a churlish Collede; I fancy it not, and so I leave it; I suppose they intended it for purgation of women in childbed, and 'tis as fit for it, as a Sow is for a Saddle.

Aqua Peenie Composita. Page 33. in the Latin B. Or, Compound water of Peony.

The Colledg Take of the flowers of Lillies of the vally, one pound; infuse them in four gallons of Spanish Wine, so long til the following flowers may be

bad fresb.

Take of the fore named flowers half a pound, Peony flowers four ounces; fleep them together fourteen daies, then diftil them in Balneo Mariz til they be dry, in the distilled liquor, infuse again male Peony roots, gathered in due time, two ownces and an * And half, white Dittany, long Birthwort, of each balf an ounce, the leaves of Misseto of the Oak, and Rue, of that is each two handfuls, Peony feeds bushed ten drachms, they know Rue feeds three drachms and an half Castorium two not when: foruples, Cubebs, Mace, of each two drachms, Cinna- 1, you wi mon an ounce and an half, Squals prepared three be precife drachms, Rosemany flowers six pugils, Arabian Star in your chas, Lavender, of each four pugils, the flowers of time, let is Betony, Clove-gilli-flowers, and Cowslips, of each be in the eight pugils. eight pugils; then adding four pound of the Juyce of hour and black cherries : Distil it in a glass stil, til it be dry.

Culpeper] A. It feems the Colledg was flirewdly Sun, he ri-put to it, to alter the name of this Receipt, from fing in the Langius his Antepileptical water, to Compound wa- lion, and ter of Peony, a new trick to cheat the world, and they the moon have also altered some few things not worth the no- applying to his *

A. If the Authority of Erastus, or daily experience or A. wil ferve the turn, then was this Receip: chiefly compiled against the Convulsion fits, but the derivation of the word notes it to be prevalent against the fal-

ter end Atruct you ped. shal incrabbed

words.

ling sickness also, for stillstone in Greek, signifies Falling sickness; and indeed Erastus and experience pleads for this also: It is true, the Composition of Erastus differs from this, and so doth another recited by Johannes Langius; but it seems our Physicians (for some reasons best known to themselves) effected this the best at this time, for their minds are murable.

A. Well then, having now learned the vertues of the Water, a word or two of the Use will not be a-mis. Erastas was of opinion that both these diseases were caused by the Moon (and so am I of that opinion also, for I know some at this time that are constantly troubled with the falling sickness, only at the new and full Moons; I could give reasons for this judgment of Erastas but I am unwilling to be tedious.) Then saith he, if the disease come daily, let a spoonful to it be taken morning and evening, if weakly, then let it be taken only at the new and ful Moon, and at her quartiles to the Sun, if it begin to wear away, then only twice a month viz. at the new and sull Moon wil suffice. It profits also in time of the six, by rubbing their temples, nothrils, and Jaws with it.

Aqua Bezoartica. 34. in the Latin Book. Or, Bezoar Water.

The Colledge Take of the leaves of Sullendine roots and al, three bandfuls and an half, Rue two bandfuls, Scordium four handfuls, Dittiny of creet, Carduns, of each one bandful and an half, Zedoary, and Angellica roots, of each three drachms, Citrons, and Lemmon pills, of each fix drachms, Clove-gilliflowers one ownce and an half red Rofes, Centaury the left, of each two drachms, Cinnamon, Cloves of each three drachms, Venis Treacle three ownces, Mithridate one ownce and an half, Camphire two feruples, Troches of vipers two ownces, Mane two drachms, wood of Alots half an ownce, yellow Sanders one drachm and an half, Cardus feeds one ownce, Citron feeds fix drachms; let them be cut, and infused in Spirit of wine, and Malaga wine, of each three pound and an half, Vineger of Clove-gilli-flowers, juyce of Lemmons, of each one pound, and diffilled in a glass tit in Balneo Marix; after it is half stilled off, the refidue may be strained through a timmen cloath, and be reduced to the thickness of Honey, and called the Bezoartich extract.

culpiper] A. Extracts have the same vertues with the waters they are made from, only the different form is to please the quaint pallats of such whole fancy loaths any one particular form.

A. This Bezoar water strengtheneth the heart, Arteries and spirit vital: It provoketh swear, and is exceeding good in pestilential seavers, in health it withstands melarcholly and consumptions, and makes a merry blith cheerful creature. Of the extract you may take ten grains at a time or somewhat more if your body be not seaverish; half a spoonful of water is sufficient at a time and that mixed with other coticals or medicines apropriated to the disease that troubles you, which the Table at the latter end of the Book will direct you to. And take this for a general rule, when any thing is too hot to take it by it self, resort to the Table of diseases, which will amply surnish you with what to mix it, and especially the cold waters, the vertues of which you have amply in this third Edition: This is Langies Receipt, though the Colledg would have no body know it.

Aquaet Soiritus Lumbricovum Magistraiis.P.34.L.B. Or, Water and Spirit of Earth-worms.

The Colledg] Take of Earth-worms wel cleafed, three yound, Snails with fibels on their backs cleafed, two Gallous; beat them in a mortar, and put them into a convenient veffel, adding finging Nettles youts and all, fix handfuls, wild Augellica four banafuls, Brank wifine feven handfuls, Agrimony, Betony, of each three bandfuls, Rue one handful, common womwood two handfuls, Rosemary flowers fix ounces, Dock roots ten ounces, the roots of Sorreet five owness, Turmerick, the inner bark of Barberries, of each four ounces, Hauts-born, Ivory in groß pouder, of each four ounces, Saffron three drachms, smal Spirit of wine four gallons and an half; after twenty four hours infusion, distil them in an Alembick. Let the four first pounds be reserved for Spirit, the rest for water.

Culpeper] A. 'Tis a mess of Altogether; it may be they intended it for an Universal medicine.

Aqua Gentiana composita, Page 35. in the Latin B. Ot, Gentian Water Compound.

The Colledg] Take of Gentian voots sliced, one pound and an baif, the leaves and slowers of Centaury the less, of each four ounces; sleep them eight daies in twelve pound of white wine, then distil them in at Alembick.

Cutpeper] A. It conduceth to prefervation from ill air, and peftilential feavers, it opens obfiructions of the Liver, and helps such as they say are Liver grown, it easeth pains in the stomach, helps digestion, and easeth such as have pains in their bones by ill lodging abroad in the cold, it provokes appetite, and is excellent good for the yellow jaundice, as also for prickings or stitches in the sides; it provokes the terms, and expells both birth and after-birth; it is naught for women with child: If there be no seaver, you may take a spoonful or taster full by it self, if there be, you may if you please mix it with some cooler medicine apropriated to the same use you would give it for.

Aqua Gilberti. Page 35. in the Latin Book. Or, Gilberts Water.

The Colledg Take of Scabious, Burnet, Dragons, Burnet, Angellica, Pimpernel with purple flowers, Tormentil roots and all, of each two handfuls; let al of them being rightly gathered and prepared, be fleeped in four gallons of Canary wine, fill off three gallons in an Alembick, to which ad three ounces of each of the cordial flowers, Clove-gilli-flowers fix ounces, Saffron half an ounce, Turmerick two owness, Galanga, Bazil feeds, of each one drathm, Citron pills one ounce, the feeds of Citrons, and Cardus, Cloves, of each five drathms, Harts-born four ounces; fleep them twenty four bours, and then diffil them in Balneo Maria; to the flilled water add Pearls prepared, are ounce and an half, red Carral, Grabs eyes, white Amber, of each two drathms, Crabs claws fix drams, Beyour Ambergreefe, of each two feruples, fleep them fix weeks in the Sun in a veffel well flopped, often flaking it, then filter it (you may keep the pamiers for Spi cord-temp.) by mixing twelve ounces of Sugar (2014).

eandy, with fix owners of red Rose water, and four | ces, Canary wine twelve pound, Vineger fix pound,

ounces of Spirit of Cinnamon with it.

Culpeper A. I suppose this was invented for a cordial, to strengthen the heart, to releeve languishing nature, it is exceeding dear; I forbear the doie, they that have money enough to make it themselves, cannot want time to study both the vertues and dose; I would have Gentlemen men to be studious.

A. Only one thing I would demand of the Colledg that makes their brags so much of minding stheir Countryes good, these same species which they appoint to be left (after use in this medicine) for Spe-ties Cordiales Temperata. Doth the vertue come out of them in this medicine or not? if not, why are they put in? if yes, then wil the Species cordiales Temperate be like themselves, viz. good for nothing but to deceive people.

Aqua Cordialis frigida Saxonia. Page 36. in Lat. B.

The Colledg] Take of the Juyce of Borrage, Bugloß, Brown, Bistort, Tormentel, Scordium, Vervain, Sharp-pointed dock, Sorrel, Goate Rue, Mirrbis, blew Bottle great and smal, Roses, Marigolds, Lemmons, Citrons, of each fix onnees, Enrnei: Sinkfoyl, of each three ounces, white wine Vineger one pound, Purflain feeds two ownces, Chron and Cardus feeds, of each half an ounce, water Lilly flowers two ounces, the flowers of Borrage, Bugloß, Violets, Clove-gilli-flowers, of each one ounce, Diatrion Santalon fix drachms; let all of them being rightly prepared, be infused three dates, then diffilled in a giaß fiell; to the distilled Liquor add earth of Lemnos Siletia, and Samos, of each one ounce and an half, Pearls prepared with the juyce Citrons, three drachms, mix them, and keep them together.

Culpeper] A. No sooner had I translated their old Dispensatory (which should have been Authentick til dooms day in the afternoon had not I done it) to work go they and make another fuch a one as 'tis, and then the old one is thrown by like an old Almanack out of date 3 fome final alterations they have made in some medicines (of which this is one) not worth speaking of, yet wil they serve to vapor with, look here quoth they here's such a thing altered, here is a grain and an half put in, where there was but a grain before, the other is dangerous and destructive to the Common-wealth, and lo care not a straw for defaming their predeceffors; nay some of their own ! handy works, so they may but uphold their own interefts and unconfcionable domineering; thus they ferve the poor people just as a Cat ferves a Mouse; first play with them, and then ear them up.

A. It mightily cools the blood, and therefore profitable in Feavers, and al difeales proceeding of heat of blood; it provokes fleep. You may take half an ounce at a time, or two drachms if the party be

Aqua Theriacalis. Page 36.in the Latin Book. Or, Treacle Water.

weak.

The Colledg] Take of the Juyce of green Walnuts, four pound; the juyce of Rue three pound, suyce of Carduus, Marigolds and Bawm, of each two pound, Geeen Petafitis roots one pound and an half, the roots of Burrs one pound, Angellica and Master-wort, of each half a pound, the leaves of Scordium fork handfuls, da venis Treach, Mitbridate, of each eight oun-

suyce of Lemons two pound; digest them two dues, either in horfe-dung or in a bath, the veffel being slofe (but, then diffel them in Sand : in the diffellation you

may make a thereacai extraction.

Culpeper] A. This water is exceeding good in all Feavers, especially pestilential, it expelleth venemons humors by fweat, it ftrengtheneth the heart and vitals, it is an admirable counterpoylon, special good for such as have the Plague, or are poyloned, or bitten by venemous beafts, and expelleth virulent humors from such as have the French Poeks. If you defire to know more vertues of it, fee the vertues of Venis Treacle. The dose is from a spoonful to an ounce.

Aqua Brionia Composita. Page 37. in the Lat. Book. Or, Briony water Compound.

The Colledg] Take of the juyce of Briony roots, four pound, the leaves of Rue, and Mugwort, afeath two pound, dried Savin three handfuls, Feather few, Nep, Peny-royal, of each two bandfuls, Baxil, Dittamy of Creet, of each one handful and an half, Orrenge pills four ounces, Mirrh two ounces, Caftorium one ounce, Canaly Wine twelve pounds; digeft them four daies in a convenient veffel, then fil them in Balneo Maria; about the middle of the diffillation frain it out, and make an Hysterical extraction of the resi-

Culpeper] A. A spoonful of it taken easeth the fits of the mother in women that have them; it potently expels the after-birth, and clears the body of what a mid-wife by heedlefness or accident hath left behind, it clenfeth the womb exceedingly, and for that I fancy it much; take not above a talter full at a time, and that in the morning fasting, for it is of a purging quality, and let women with child forbear it. This was called Aqua Historica in their former Edition; let any body unless it be an Ass be judge if the Colledges intentions in changing the names only of their medicines, the Ingredients being all the very fame; If I could not have found out this, I had certainly been as great a fool as themselves.

Aqua Imperials. Page 37. in the Latin Book. Or, Imperial Water.

The Colledg] Take of dried Citron, and Orrenge pills, Nutmegs, Cloves, Cinnamou, ef each two ounces, the roots of Cyperus, Orris Florentine, Calamus, Aromaticus, of each one ounce, Zedoary, Galanga, Ginger, of each half an ounce; the tops of Lavender, and Rosemary, of each two handfuls, the leaves of Bay, Marjoram, Bawm, Mints, Sage, Time, of cach one handful, the flowers of white and Damask Roje s fresh, ef each half a handful, kofe water four pound white trine eight pound; let al of them being bruised, and infused twenty four hours, then distil them accor-

Calpeper] A. You must distil it in a Bath, and not in fand : It feems the Colledg were but mean practioners in Alchymy, but in this, and many other Receipts, truffed to that monfter called Tradition; therefore take this for a general Aphorism, All groß bodies stilled in sand, will slink egycgiously. This so gravelled the Colledg that in their new Dispensatory they quite left out the manner of distillation.

A. It comforts and strengtheneth the heart a gainst Faintings, and Swoonings, and it is held to be a preservative against Consumptions and Apoplexies. You may take half a spoonful at a time.

Aqua Mirabilis. Page 38. in Lat. Book.

The Colledg] Take of Cloves, Galanga, Cubebs, Mace, Cardamoms, Nutmegs, Ginger, of each one drachm; Juyce of Sullendine balf a pound; Spirit of wine one pound; white wine three pound; infufe them twenty four bours and draw off two pound with

Culpeper] A The Simples also of this regard the ftomach, and therefore the water hears cold itemachs: besides Authors say, it preserveth from Apoplexies,

and restoreth speech lost.

Aqua Protheriacalis. Page 38. in Lat. Book.

The Colledg] Take of Scardium, Scabious, Cardus, Goats-rue, of each two bandfuis, Curon and Orrenge Pills, of each two owners; the feeds of Cetrons, Car-dus, Hartwore, Treacle Mustard, of each one owner; the flowers of Marigolds, and Rosemary of each one bandful: cut them and bruise them grofly, then insufe them in four pound of white wine, and two pound of Cardus water, in a glaß fiopped close, and fet in the fun or bath for a fortnight, often fhahing it, then fiell it in Balneo Marine. Let the two first pounds be kept by themselves for use, and the remainder of the di-stillation by it self: Lastly, mix an ownce of Julep of Alexandria, and a spoodful of Cinnamon water with each pound.

Culpeper] A. Aqua Protheriacolis, fignifies a Water for Treacle, lothen if you put Discordium to it, it is a water for Dialcordium: well then, we will take it for a general water for all Physick.

> Aqua Caponis. Page 38. in Lat. Book. Or, Capon Water.

The Colledg Take a Capon the guts being pulled out, cut in pieces the fat being taken away, boyled in a E Dolo E sufficient quantity of spring water, in a close vessel, much som take of this broath three pound, Borrage and Violet of you that water of each a pound and on half, white wine one know their know their pound; red Rofe Leaves two drachms and an balf; qualities, the flowers of Borrage, Violets and Buglofs, of each as ask the one drachm; pieces of bread bot out of the Oven balf a pound ; Cinnamon bruifed balf au ounce ; flill it in this word, a glass still according to art.

Culpeper] A. Divers Phylitians have written fe-[fufficient veral Receipts of this water, as Gefaer, Andr. è La-quantity] cura, Med. Florent. and Colonienf. But the truth is, I told the this Receipt (although our Phylicians conceal it) was of it be- borrowed from the Augustan Phylitians, and only before, but cause they thought (as I suppose) a Capon must not they are be caren without bread, they added the bread to it, the too proud reft is verbatim from the Maguillan Phylitidus.

A. The Simples are most of them apropriated to the heart, and in truth the the composition greatly nourithes and strengthenesh such as are in consumptions, and refloreth ffrength loft, either by feavers or other lickness: It is a Soveraign remedy for He-Etick feavers, and Maraimes, which is nothing elic but a confumption coming from them; let fuch as are subject to these diseases hold it for a Jewel.

Aqua Limucum Magiftr. P. 39. Or, Water of Snails.

The Colledg] Take of the Juyce of * Ground-1-

ty, Coltsfoor, Scabions, Lungwort, of eath one pound and an half, the Jugee of Purstain, Plantane, Am- Oak of broffa, Pauls Betony, of each a pound; Hogs blood, Capadocia twinte, of each four pound; Garden Sauls, two if you can bound. pound; died Tobacco Leaves, eight; pouder of get it. Liquoris two ounces; of Alicampane, half an ounce: of Oreis an obace; Cotton feeds, an ounce and an bulf , the greater cold feeds, Annis feeds, of each fix drachms, Saffron one drachm, the flowers of red Ro-fes, fix pugits, of Violets and Borrage, of eath four pugils, steep them three daies warm, and then distill them in a glaß flill in fand.

Culpeper] It purgeth the lungues of flegm, and helps confumptions there: If you thould happen to live where no beetter nor readier Medicine can be

gotten, you may use this.

Aqua Scordii Composita. Page 29. in the L. Book. Or, Compound Water of Scordium.

The Colledg Take of the Juyee of Goats rue, Surrel, Scordium, Citrons, of each one pound; London Treacle half a pound 3 steep it three daies and difell it in (and.

Culpeper] A. A tafterful taken in the morning

preferves from ill airs.

Aqua Maria. Page 39. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg Take of Sugar candy a pound, Caparystine fix ounces, Roje water four owness; boylise well into a Syrup, and ad to it Imperial Water two pound, Ambergreefe, Mush, of each eighteen grains; Saffron fiefeen grains; yellow Sanders infufed in Imperial water two drachms; make a cleer water

Culpeper] A. The difference between this and their former Aqua Maria is this, Here they appoint Imperial water, and before Aqua Caleftis, which they very fubrilly have left out here: any tooth good Barber, to we may hold up our honor and gains. Both Receipts are very coffly, as far beyond the reach of a poor mans purfe, as of his brains,

Aqua Papaveris Composita. Page 39. in L. Booke Or, Poppy Water Compound.

The Colledg] Take of ved Poppies, four pound; frinkle them with white wine two pound; then di-fiell them in a common fiell: let the distilled mater be powred upon fresh flowers and repeated three times; * Must to which distilled water ad two * Numegs sixed; they be red Poppy flowers a pugil, Sugar two ounces; fet it peny ones, in the Sun to give it a pleasing sharpness; if the sharp- or halfpeness be more than you would have it, put some of the ny ones? Same water to it which was not set in the Sun; and then it will be a pretty water good for nothing.

Aqua Juglandium Composita. Page 40. in L. Book, Or, Walnut Water Compound.

The Colledg Take of green Walnuts a pound and an half, Rhadish roots one pound, green Aforobacca fix ounces, Rhadish feeds four onnees: let all of them being bruisfed be fleeped in three pound of white wine for three daies, then diffilled in a leaden fill till they be dry; And when you have done to, I pray ask the Colledg what it is good for, in truth I know not-

Some

* Or Alehoof, wch

the mea-

to learn.



Some Waters kind country men, the Colledg have plaid the men and left out in their new Dispensatory, which were in their old one; and they are these.

Mathiolus, bis Bezoar Water.

The Colledg Take of Mathiolus his great Anti-dote, Syrup of Citron Pills, of each one pound; spi-rit of wine diffilled five times over, five pound: put all these in a glass that is much to his to hold them, stop it close that the Spirit fly not out, then fhake it together, that the Electuary may be well mingled with the Spirit, so let it stand a month, shaking it together twice a week (for the Electuary will settle to the bottom) The month being ended, powr off the cleer water into another glaß to be kept for your use, stopping it very close with wax and Parchment, else the strength will easily fly away in vapors.

Culpeper A. Mathiolus is very large in commendation of this Water, for (quoth he) four drachms (that is half an ounce) of this water being taken, cither by it self, or in the like quantity of good Wine, or any other Cordial Water, to absolutely and speedily cureth the bitings of any venemous beatls whatfoever, that although the danger of death be fuch, that the patient have loft his speech, fight, and almost all the rest of his sences, yet will he be rouzed up like a man out of his fleep, to the wonderful admiration of the beholders which he faith he bath proved a h thousand times. It draws away poyson from the want 900. heart, and cures fuch as have drunk poylon, it cashs maters not a house the a O'l much, it is as have the peftilence.

A. For my own particular part, thus much I can but a figur reftifie by experience in the commendations of it; I called an have known it given in acute, in peracute feavers with

Hyperbole: callent force and affe in Confunctions, yea, in Hyperbole: gallant success, and also in Consumptions, yea, in weh is as Hecticks, and in Galens supposed incurabe Mamuch asto rasmos, neither hath it missed the desired effects; and fay in Eng- therefore out of queltion it threngtheneth the heart exceedingly, and the spirit vital. It helps in the fal-Eloquent ling-ficknels, apoplexies and convultion-

A. And then your own genius will tell you, this is Which fittest for cold complexions, cold diseases, and had it bin such diseases as the heart is most afflicted in. It is so, my self too hot to be taken alone; and half a drachm is the had not most may be taken at a time.

Cinnamon Water.

this Book. The Colledg] Take of bruised Cinnamon a pound and an half, Spanish wine twelve pints: Infuse the Cinnamon in the wine twenty four bours, then distil them in an Alembick's draw out three pints of strong Waters (and small as much as you think sufficient) sweeten it with Sugar sufficiently, and so keep it for your use.

Culpeper] A. The vertues are the fame that Cinnamon it felf hath, to which I refer you-

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Mathiolus bis Cinnamon Water.

The Colledg Take of bruised Cinnamon a pound, put it into a glass ftill, powering upon it four pints of Rose water, a pint and an half of Spanish wine, stop the fill body close, and place it in a warm bath twenty four hours; then put on the still-head, lute it well, and distill it according to art.

Culpeper] A. Mathiolus appoints Wine of Creek four pines, and that is all the alteration.

A. The Authors own Judgment is, That it ftrengthens the brain, heart, liver, ftomach, lungues, fpleen, and nerves, quickens the fight, refifteth poyion, helpeth bitings by venemous beafts, caufeth a fweet breath, bringeth down the terms in women, and hath vertue, attenuating, opening, digefting and ftrengthening.

A. The truth is, I believe it prevails in cold dif-eases, being orderly regulated in quantity, according to the nature of the ditease, the age and strength of the patient, and the feafon of the year; have a care

of taking too much of it in feavers.

Cinnamon Water made by Infusion.

The Colledg Take of Cinnamon bruifed, four ounces; Spirit of trine, two pints; infuse them together four daies, in a large glaß close flopped with Cork and a Bladder, flaking the Glaß twice a day.

Diffolve half a pound of white Sugar Candy, in a quart of Rose water ; then mix both these liquors together, then put into them four grains of Musk, and half a feruple of Amberereefe tied up in a linnen rag and hung to the top of the glaß.

Culpeper] In my opinion this latter water is more prevalent for heart-qualms, and faintings than Mathiolas his, neither is it half so hot, therefore more

Aqua Caleftis. Mathiolus.

The Colledg Take of Cinnamon an ounce; Ginger half an ounce; white, red, and yellow Sanders, of each fix drachms; Cloves, Galanga, Nutmegs, of each two drachms and an half; Mace, Cubebs, of each one drachm; both forts of Cardamoms, Nigella feeds, of each three drachms; Zedoary, half an ounces feeds of Annis, (weet fennel, wild Parfnips, Bazil, of each a dracism and an half; Roots of Angelica, Avens, Calamus Aromaticus, Liquoris, Valerian the LeB, the leaves of Clary, Time, Calaminth, Penyroyal, Mints, Mother of Time, Marjoram, of each two drachms; the flowers of red Roses, Soge, Rosemary, Betony, Stachas, Bugloß, Borrage, of each one drachm and an half; Citron Pils three drachms: Let the things be bruifed that are to be bruifed, and infufed fifteen daies in twelve pints of the best spirit of wine

lifh, an Lye. k Which

to have

written

in a class body well stopped, and then let it be distilled in Balneo Marix according to art. Adding to the diffilled water, Penders of Diambra, Diamoleu dulce, Aromaticum Rofatum, Diamagariton frigidum, Diarhodon Abbatis, ponder of Electuary de gemmis, of each three drachms; yellow Sanders bruifed two drachms; Musk, Ambergreefe, of each a fevuple sied up in a fine ray 5 cleer Julip of Roses a pound 3 soake them well together, stopping the glass close with wax and Parchment till it grow cleer to be kept for your usc.

Culpoper] A. It comforteth and cherifieth the heart, reviveth drooping spirits, prevaileth against the plague and all malignant feavers, preferveth the Sences; and reftoreth such as are in Consumptions; It is of a hot nature. Let not the quantity taken at a time exceed half a drachm-

A. Only take this Caution, both concerning this and all other strong waters; They are not safely given by themselves in Feavers, (because by their hot quality they inflame the blood, and all fuel to the fire) but mixed with other convenient Cordials, and confideration had to the ffrength, complexion, habit, age, and fex of the patient : for my own part, I aim fincerely at the publick good in writing of this, and therefore as I would not have Phylicians domineer; fo I would not have fools turn Physicians.

Bawm Water : The greater Composition.

The Colledg | Take of Bawm a pound , Time, Pe-"And they deachms; Cardamoms the less one drachm: "Grains of Paradice balf an ounce : Sweet Fennel feeds an ounce; Nutmegs, Ginger, of each a drachm, Galanga, fix drathms; Calamus Aromaticus, Cyperus, of moms, as each one drachm and an half; Distanni, balf a most of drachm: Let all of them be bruised and infused in the Arabi-eight pints of Spanish wine, and six pints of strong Ale, an Physici-for twenty four bours together, and then distilled by an ann held. Alembick, draw out of the stronger water three

are the

greater Carda-

Culpeper] A. The Simples feem chiefly apropriated to the itomach, and therefore mult needs ffrengthen cold and weak ftomachs, and help digeftion: befides Authors fay, It reftoreth memory loft, quickkens all the fences, keeps away gray bairs and baldness, ffrengtheneth the brain, makes the heart cheerful, and helps the lifping of the tongue, eafeth the pains of the reeth, and caufeth a fweet breath-

Rosa Solis.

The Colledg] Take of Nutmegs, Annis feeds, Coriander feeds, of each one ownee; Galanga, Ginger, Cloves, of each balf an ownce; ved Rofe Leaves, one bandfal; Ref-felis fix bandfuls; Liqueris two ounces ; Cardamons, Zedosry, Grains of Paradice, Calamus Aromaticus, of each one drachm; red Sanders,

Cinnamon, of each an ounce and an balf; of the belt Aqua vite, twelve pints: make an infusion of them for eight daies, then firainit and ad to the Liquor, one

pound and an balf of Sugar.

Culpeper A, The Balis of this Medicine, feems to be the Herb Rof-folis, which is of a drying and binding quality, and apropriated to the Lungues, and therefore must needs be available for Phasticks, or Confumptions of the Lungues, and because this herb provokes luft exceedingly, I suppose therefore the Rose leaves were added, which according to Authors

Dr. Stephens Water.

The Colledg] Take of Cinnamon, Ginger, Galanga, (loves, Nutmegs, Grains of Paradice, Seeds of Annis, Fennel, Caramay, of each one drachm; Herbs of Time, Mother of Time, Mints, Sage, Pengroyal, Pellitory of the Wall, Rolemary, flowers of red Roles, Chamomel, Origanum, Lavender, of each one bandful; infuse them twelve bours in twelve pints of Gascoign Wine, then with an Alembick, draw three pints of strong Water from it.

Culpeper] A. Authors hold it profitable for women in labor, that it provokes the terms, and brings away the after-birth.

Ordinary Aqua vita.

The Colledg] Difil Ale and Lees of wine in an Alembick (whose worm runs through cold water) into small wine, in ten Congies of which, infuse one pound of bruised Annis seeds, for twenty four bours, then (till it again into flrong water.

Aqua vite Compound.

The Colledg] Is made of smal wines, in fix congies of which, infuse Annis feeds balf a pound; feeds of Fennel, and Caraway, of each two owners; Cloves, Cinnamon and Ginger, of each one ounce, and then draw the fireng Spirit from it.
Culpeper] A. This is excellent good in my opini-

on for luch as are troubled with wind,

Vlquebach.

The Colledgy Take of strong Aqua vita inventy four pints, in which, for four daies infuse a pound of Liquoris, Raisons of the Sun half a pound; cloves half an ounce; Mace, Ginger, of cach two drachms;

firain it and keep it for your use.

Culpeper] A. It firengthens the stomach, and helps indigestion coming of slegm and cold-

A. It is possible I may have overshipped some ethort, and my understanding dull : and the truth is, their new model shows far more subtilty than ho-



TINCTURES.

Tinetura Croci. Page 41. in the Latin Book. Or, Tineture of Saffron.

Colledg. T Ake two drachms of Saffron, eight ounces of Treacle water, digest them fix daies, then strain it.

Cutpeper] A. See the Vertues of Treadle Water, and then know that this firengthens the heart something more, and keeps melancholly vapors thence by drinking a spoonful of it every morning.

Tinetura Castorii. Page 41. in the Latin Book. Or, Tineture of Castorium.

The Colledg] Take of Castorium in pouder half an ounce; Sirrit of Castorium half a pound; digest them tendates cold: strain it, and keep the Liquor for Tinkture.

Culpeper] A. A learned invention! 'Tis fomething more prevalent than the Spirit.

Tinttura Fragorum. Page 41 in the Latin Book.
Or, Tincture of Strawberries.

The Colledgy Take of ripe Wood-Strawberries, two pound; put them in a Phiol, and put so much small sprit of rine to them, that it may overop them the thickness of sour singers; stop the vessel close, and set it in the Sun two daies, then strain it and press it but gently; powr this Spirit to as many fresh Strawberries, repeat this six times, at last keep the cleer Liquor for your use.

Culpeper] A. A gallant fine thing for Gentlemen that have nothing elic to do with their money, and it will have a lovely look to please their eyes.

Tinetura Scordii: Page 41. in the Latin Book. Or, Tineture of Scordium.

The Colledgy Take of the Leaves of Scordium gathered in a dry time, half a pound; digest them in fix pound of small spirit of wine, in a well el well stopped for three daies, press them out gently, and repeat the infusion three times, and keep the clarified Liquor for use.

So is made Tintture of Sullondine, Rest-barrow, Ros-folis.

Culpeper] A. See the Herbs for the Vertues, and then take notice that these are better for cold stomachs, old bodies.

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Tillura Theriacalis Vulgo Aqua Theriacalis Lugd. perinful. Page 41 in Lat. Book. Or, Tincture of Treacle.

The Colledg? Take of Canary wine often times difilled, Vineger in which half an ounce of Rue feeds have been boyled, two pound; choyce Treade, the best Mithridate, of each half a pound; mix them and set them in the Sun, or heat of a Bath, digest them and keep the water for use.

Tinchwa Cinnamomi, vulgo, Aqua Clareta Cinnam. Page 42. in the Latin Book. Or, Tinchure of Cinnamon.

The Colledg] Take of bruised Cinnamon two ounces; restified Spirit of wine two pound: infuse them four daies in a large glass stopped with Cork and Bladder, shake it twice a day, then dislotve half a pound of Sugar candy by it self in two pound of Rose Water, mix both Liquors, into which hang a Nodule containing, Amber greese half a scruple, Mush four grains.

Culpeper] A. This was before amongst the Waters, only there is four ounces of Cinnamon appointed, and here but two.

Tillura Vividis. Page 42. in the Latin Book. Or, A Green Tincture.

The Colledg Take of Vert-de-greece, balf an ounce; Aurisigmentum fix drachms; Allum three drachms; boyl them in a found of whate is ine till balf be confumed, adding after it is cold the Water of red Roses, and Nightsbade, of each fix ounces.

Culpeper] A. This was made to clenfe ulcers, but I fancy it not.

Aqua Aluminofa Magistralis. Page 42. in the Latin Book.

The Colledge Take of Plantane and red Rose water, of each a pound; roch Allum and Sublimatum, of each two drachms: Let the Allum and Sublimatum being in pouder buyl in the waters, in a vessel with a narrow mouth till half be consumed; when it hath stood five daies, strain it.

Culpeper] A. Now they have left out the Quickfilver as I bid them, I like men will do as they are bid, yet I fancy it not. Follopius invented it, but you must tell no body.

PHYSI-



HYSICAL

Vinum Absynthites. Page 43. in the Latin Book-Or, Wormwood Wine.

Ake a bandful of dried Wormwood in a veffet close, and so let it remain in fleep: so is prepared wine of Roleman, flowers, and Eye-bright.

Culpreer] A. It helps cold fromachs, breaks wind, helps the Wind Chollick, it rengtheners the stomach, kills worms, and helps the green fickness.

A. Rosemary-flower-Wine is made after the same

manner that Wormwood Wine is made.

A. It is good against al cold diseases of the head, conformeth flegm, threngthental the gums and reeth-

A. Eyebright Wine is made after the same manner.

A. It wonderfully cleers the fight being drunk, and revives the fight of ancient men: A cup of it in the morning is worth a pair of Spectacles.

A. All other Wines are prepared in the same manner, when the Phylitian thall fee it fit [quoth the Colledg] in their former, but here they left it

A. But what if there be never a Physitian worth a rush in 20. 30. 40. or 50. miles, (as tome such places may be found in this Nation) must the poor Country man lose his cure ? truly this charity is according to vulgar Fervent cold : in such cales let them view the vertues of the Simple the Wine is made of, and then let them know the Wine of that Simple is far better and fitter for cold bodies and weak fromachs, than the Simple it felf.

A. The best way of taking any of these Wines is, To drink a draught of them every morning. You may if you find your body old or cold, make Wine of any o ther herb, the vertues of which you defire, and make it and take it in the same manner: I have done, only I would know of the Colledg whether their wooden wits intend Sack or white Wine to be used in thefe.

Vinum Cerafforum Nigrorum. Page 43. in Latin B. Or, Wine of Black Cherries.

The Colledg] Take a gallon of the juyce of black Cherries, keep it in a wesset elose stoped ril it begin to work, then filter it, and an ownee of Sugar being added to every pound, let it paß through Hippocrates his sleeve, and keep it in a vessel close stopped for use

Culpeper] A. If ever I knew the like of the Colledg never truft me, here they go and appoint the Wine of black Cherries with never a drop of Wine in it, and the juyce will not keep without it, above a week or to, and to if you are minded to make it, you may by that time fing

> Alack, alack now have I loft My pains, my labor, and al my coft.

Patriaks the Papifts, as wel in this, as in their reaions, why Phylick must not be printed in our mother tongue; and they were minded to pop you off with the juyce, and drink al the wine themselves : Or to judge as modefily as can be judged, they were formed because I had translated their former, that anger to beforted them in this, that they knew not what they wrote.

Impedit Ira animum ne possit cernere verum.

Unbridled anger takes away mens knowledge; And clouds the The truth (and so it did the Colledg.)

Vinum Helleber atum. Page 43. in the Latin B. Or, Wine Helleborated.

The Colledg] Take of white Hellebore cut fmal, four ouncer, Spanish it me two pound; fleepit in the Sun in a Phial close flopped, in the Dog d ares or other bot weather.

Culpeper] A. And then it will make a dogged purge, as like the Colledg as a pomewater is like an

Vinum Rubellum. Page 43. in the Latin Book.

The Coilede | Take of Stibium in pouder one ounce, Cloves fliced two dvachms, Claret Wine two pound, keep it in a Phial close shut.

Vinum Benedictum. Page 43. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of Crocus Mettallorum in pouder one onnce, Mace a drachm, Spanish wine one pound and an half, sicep it.

Vinum Antimoniale. Pege 43. in the Latin Book. Or, Antimonial Wine.

The Colledg Take of Regulus of Antimony in ponder, four ounces, fleep it in three pound of white stine, in a glaß well ftopped, ofter the first faking let the Regulus fettle.

Culpeper] A. These three last mentioned are vo-mits, and vomits are fitting medicines for but a few, as I told you before, the mouth being ordained to take in nourithment not to cast out excrements, and to regulare a mans body in vomiting ; and dofes of of vomits requires, a deeper fludy in Phylick, then I doubt the generality of people yet have; I omit it therefore at this time, not because I grotch it my Country, but because I would not willingly have them do themselves a mischeise, I shal shortly teach, them in what difeases vomits may be used, and then A. Or I know not, it may be they followed their and not til then the use of vomits. PERMIT

Vinum Scilliticum. Page 44. in the Latin Book. Or, Wines of Squils.

The Colledg Take of a white Squil of the mauntains, gathered about the rifing of the dog starre, cut in thin peices, and dryed for a month, one pound, put it in a glaß bottle, and pour to it eight pound of french Wine, and when it bath flood fo four daies, take out

the Squil.

Culpeper] A. I told told them before that Squils grew by the Sea fide, and not upon mountains; but a man shall as foon knock a Spunge into a militone, as any wit into the head of a conceited fool; and then again it must be gathered at the rifing of the dog-star; yes forfooth by al means: truly right worshipful against the time you are minded to play the anticks again, I will give you as much directions in this butiness, as is needful to give men of your

Rank and quallity. Therefore know, that the dogs are two confiellations between the Equator and the South pole, confifting of divers Stars, two of which are most remarkable, and of the first magnitude, whereof that in the great dog is called Syejus: that in the leffer dog, Prospon, each of these two Stars bath three risings, Accomical, Cosmical, and Heliacal, and as many fettings. I dare pals my word it is not the Heliacal rifing here meant; If it be, I hope to lear-ned a Colledg is not to feek of finding fach a trifle out, Procyon rifeth Actonically upon the fifteen or fixteen of fanuary; Syrjus upon the twenty fix or twenty leven of the lame month, Procyon rifeth Cofmically upon the ninteenth of fuly, and Syejus upon the last day of the fame month; the next time you write, pray lay your noddles together; to fludy out at which of these times the Squil must be gathered.

A. The vertues of this are the same with Vineger

of Squils, only 'tis hotter.



PHYSICAL VINEGERS.

Acetum Distillatum. Page 45. in the Latin Book.
Or, Distilled Vineger.

Colledg Fill a glass or stone Alembick with the best Vineger to the third part, separate the flegm with a gentle fire, then encrease the fire by degrees, and perform the work.

Acetum Rofatum. Page 45. in the Latin Book. Or, Rose Vineger.

The Colledg Take of red Rose buds gathered in a dry time, the whites cut off, dried in the shadow three or four daies, one pound, Vineger cieht Sextaries; fet them in the Sun fourty dues, then fram out the Roses, and repeat the infusion with fresh

After the same mamier is made Vineger of Elderflowers, Rosemary slowers, and Clove-gille-slo-

Culpeper] A. For the vertues of al Vinegers take this one only observation, they carry the same vertues with the flowers whereof they are made, only as we faid of Wines, that they were better for cold bodies than the bare Simples whereof they are made, fo are Vinegers for hot bodies. Befides Vinegers are often, nay most commonly used externally, viz. to bath the place, then look a mongst the Simples, and fee what place of the body the Simple is apropriated to, and then you cannot chuse but know (if you have but a grain of understanding, more than a beast) both whate Vineger to use, and to what place to apply

Acetum Scilliticum. Page 45, in the Latin Book. Or, Vineger of Squils.

CONTROL OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR

is between the outward bark and the bottom, cut in thin flices, and placed thirty or fourty daies in the Sun or some remiß beat, then a pound of them (being cut smal with a knife made of Ivory or some white wood) being put in a vessel, and six pound of Vineger put to them; set the restel being close stopped in the Sun thirty or sourty daies, afterwards strain it, and here to see the second keep it for use.

Culpeper] A. A little of this medicine being taken in the morning fasting, and walking half an hour after, preferves the body in health, to extream old age, (as Sanius tryed, who using no other medicine but this, lived in perfect health til an hundred and feventeen years of age) it maketh the digestion good, a long wind, a cleer voice, an acute fight, a good colour, it fuffers no offensive thing to remain in the body, neither wind, flegm, choller, melancholly, dung nor urine, but brings them forth, it brings forth filth though it lie in the bones, it takes away falt and four d I would belchings, though a man be never fo d'licentious in diet, he shal feel no harm ; It hash cured such as have not have the Phtifick, that have been given over by al Phyfiti- Galens the Phtifick, that have been given over by at I myher-ans: It cures such as have the Falling sickness, gours, judgment tried in and diseases and swellings of the Joynts; It takes a tried in way the hardness of the liver and spleen. We should this partinever have done if we should reckon up the particular it benefits of this medicine; Therefore we commend is far fafer it, as a whollow medicine for foundings of hody, to take it it, as a wholsom medicine for soundness of body, to take it preservation of health, and vigor of mind; thus word.

Acetum Theriacale Norimberg. Page 46. in Lat. B. Or, Treadle Vineger.

The Colledg] Take of the roots of Sullendine the greater, one ounce and an half, the roots of Angellica, Mafter-wort, Gentian, Biftort, Valerian, Burnet, The Colledg Take of that part of the Squit which white Dittany, Alicampane, Zedoary, of each one

drachm, of Plantane the greater one drachm and an half, the leaves of Monfear, Sage, Scalious, Scordium, Dittany of Creet, Cardus, of each half a hand-ful, back and feeds of Citrons, of each half a drachm, Bole Armenick one drachm, Saffron three drachms, Harts-born one drachm and an balf ; of thefe let the Saffron, Harts-born, Dittany, and Bole, be tied up in a vagge, and steeped with the things before mentioned, in five pints of Vineger, for certain daies by a temperate heat in a glass well stopped, strain it, and ad six drachms of the best Treacle to it, shake it together, and keep it for your ufe.

Acetum Theriacale. 46. in the Latin Book. Or, Treacle Vineger.

The Colledg] Add to the description of Treatle water, Clove-gilli-flowers two ounces, Lavender flowers an ounce and an half, Rofe, and Elder flower Vineger, of each four pound, digeff it without boyling three daies, then strain it through Hippocrates his

Culpeper] A. See Treacle water for the vertues, only this is a little more cool, a little more phantaffi-



DECOCTIONS.

Or, A common Decoction for a Cylster.

The Colledg] Take of Mallows, Violets, Pellitory, Beets, and Mercury, Chamomel flowers, of each one bandful, sweet Fennel feeds baif an ounce, Linfeeds two drachms, boyl them is a sufficient quantity of common water to a pound.

cutpeper] A. This is the common Decoction for all Clysters, according to the quality of the humor abounding, so you may ad what Simples, or Syrups, or Electuaries you please; only half a score Linseeds, and a handful of Chamomel flowers are ad-

Decollum Fpythimi. Page 47. in the Latin Book. Or, A Decoction of Epithimum.

The Colledg Take of Myrobalant, Chebs, and Inds, of each balf an ounce, Stuchas, Kaifens of the Sun staned, Epithimum, Senna, of each one ounce, Fumotory balf an oance, Mandim five drachms, Poli-podium fix drachms, Turbith half an oance, whey made with Goats milk, or Heifers milk four pound, let them all boyl to two pound, the Epithimum excepted, which boyl but a walmor two, then take it from the fire, and ad black Hellebore one drachm and an half, Agrick half a drachm, Sal. Gem. one drachm and an half, fleep them ten bours, then press it strong-

Culpeper] A. Here is half a drachin of black Hel-lebore added, and I like the Receipt never the better for that.

A. It purgeth melancholly gallantly, as also addust choller, it refifteth madnels, and al difeases coming of melancholly, and therefore let melancholly people efleem it as a Jewel.

A. I cannot but commend it to such of my Country men as abound with melancholly humors: Let them take a quarter of a pint of this in the morning, and keep by the fire fide at day; imagine they a long wind, refultech coughs, hoarceness, Althmaes

Decollum Commune pro Clyftere. Page 47. in Lat B. take it at fix of the Clock, then let them drink a draught of poffet-drink at eight, and eat a bit of hos Mutton at twelve, if their bodies be firong, (for people opprefied with Melancholly, usually go hardly to stool, by reason it is a retentive humor) Let them mix those Syrups (which I shal quote when I come to them) with it, and I dare hazard that small credit I have in Phylick, that it shall in a few mor-nings fetch them out of their Melancholly dumps, which though they may feem pleating, yet are no way profitable to the body of man, especially if the body be troubled also with [ill tumors] I know not what better word to give [Cacochynna.]

> Decoffum Senne Gereonis. Page 47. in the Lat. Book. Or, A Decoction of Senna.

The Colledg] Take of Senna two ounces, Pollipodium balf an ounce, Ginger one drachm, Raifons of the Sun floned two ounces, Se beftens, Prunes, of each twelve, the flowers of Borrage, Violets, Rofes, and Rosemary, of each two drachms; boyl them in four pound of water till half be conjumed.

Culpeper] A. It is a common Decoction for any purge, by adding other Simples or Compounds to it, according to the quality of the humor you would have purged, yet in its felf, it chiefly purgeth melancholly. I shal quote it when I come at such Compounds as are fit to mix with it.

Decoffum Pettorale. Page 48, in the Latin Book, Or, A Pettoral Decoction.

The Colledg | Take of Raifons of the Sun flowed, an ounce, Seb eftens, Jujubes, of each fifteen, Dates fix, Figs four, french Rarly one ounce, Liquoris balf an onnce, Maiden-hair, Hyfop, Scabious, Colts-foot of each one handful, boyl them in three pound of wa-

Culpeper A. The medicine is cheifly apropriated to the Lungues, and therefore canleth a cleer

&c. You may drink a quarter of a pint of it every \ morning, without keeping any diet, for it purgeth not. I shall quote some Syrups string to be mixed with it, when I come to the Syrups.

> Decollum Trumaticum. Page 48. in the Latin Book.

*And why *wild Angelica, St. Johns ware, Mensear, of each wild? I two handfuls; Wormwood half a handful; Souknow no thernwood, Betony, Bugloß, Comfry the greater and good, this is as like to do it as any I know. reason, nor

bigger head than I. The garden is beft.

a horfe

leffer, voots and all, Avens, both fores of Plantane, Samiele, Tormentil with the roots, the buds of Kasberries and Oak, of each a bandful: all these being gathered in May or June and dilligently dried, but them be cut and put up in skins or papers against the time of use 3 then take of the fore named Herbs three handfuls, boyl them in four pound of Conduit water, and two pound of white wine gently till half be confumed; strainit, and a pound of Honey being added to it, let it be scummed and kept for use.

Culpeper] A. It fight of a Medicine will do you

Some they have left out in their new Model, which are these that follow:

A Carminative Decottion.

shem.

"You must Colledg] Take of the feeds of Annis, Carrots, bruise the the Deco-Raifms of the San an ounce and an half: boyl them in the Deco-Raifms of the San an ounce and an half: boyl them in the Deco-Raifms of the san an ounce and an half: boyl them in the best lit-Culpeper] A. It is commonly used in Clysters, to the the bet-such whose bodies are molested or oppressed with the san and the towns Decomposition. wind, these seeds being added to the former Deco-Etion.

A Decoction of Flowers and Fruits.

The Colledg] Take five Figs, fifteen Prunes, Jujubes, and Sebestins, of each twenty, Tamarinds an omnce, she flawers of Roses. Violets, Borrage, Bugloß, of each a drachm; Madenbar, Hops, Endive, of each balf an bandful, Liquoris two drachms: being cut. and bruifed, boyl them in three ornes of fpring Water to the confumption of the third fort.

[ulseper] A. It strengthens the Lungues, and belps Obstruction.

Lac Vivgineum.

d Beaten into very fine pouder.

The Colledg Take of Allum four ounces, boyl it in a quart of pring water, to the third part : Af-

ger a pint and an half; boyl it to a pint, fiv ain both the waters, then mix them together, and fter them about till they are white.

Culpeper] A. It takes away Pimples, redness, freekles and funburning, the face being washed with it-

A Drink for wounded men-

The Colledg Take of Crabs of the River calcined, and beaten into very fine pouder, two drachms; the roots of round Birthwort, and of Comfry the greater, Self-beal, Bay-berries lightly bruised, of each one drachm; tie them all up in a linnen cloath, and boyl them in three pints of white wine till the third part be consumed, adding about the middle of the Decollion, one pugil of "Perewinkles, then strain it for not the

This Decottion must be prepared only for the prefent fith. when the Physician appoints it, as also must almost all the rest of the Decoctions.

Culpeper] A. And therefore left my poor wounded Country man should perish for want of an Angel to fee a k Physitian, or if he have it, before the Phy- Too mafitian (which in some places is very remote) can ny Physicome at him; I have taken the pains to write the tians in Receipt in his own Mother tongue; he may get any England friend to make it : He may drink half a pint of it in being like the morning; or if he please to boyl it in smal Ale Balaams instead of Wine; he would be well the sooner if he. Asse, they drunk no other drink.

fpeak unless they fee an An-

gel: yet I

accuse not

SYRUPS.



SYRUPS ALTERING SYRUPS.

Syrup of Wormwood, Simple.

The Colledg.

The Colledg.

Ake of the clarified Juyce of common Wormwood, clarified Sugar, of each four pound; make it in-

so a Syrup according to art. After the same manner, are prepared simple Syrups of Betony, Borrage, Bugloß, Cardus, Chamomel, Succery, Endive, Hedg-mustard, Strawberries, Fumitory, Ground-Ivy, St. Johns wort, Hops, Mercury, Moufear, Plantane, Apples, Pur flain, Rasberries, Sage, Scabious, Scordium, Housteen, Coltsfoot, Pauls Be-

Culpeper-A. See the Simples, and then you may eafily know both their vertues, and also that they are pleasanter and fitter for delicate ftomachs when they are made into Syrups,

Syrupus de Absinthio Compositus.49. in the Lat. B.

Syrap of Wormwood, Compound. The Colledg.

Take of common wormwood meanly dry, balf a pound, ved Koses two ounces, Indian Spicknard three drachms, old white Wine, Juyce of Quinces, of each two pound and an half; steep them a whol day in on earthen veffel, then boyl them gently, and fir ain it, and by adding two pound of Sugar boyl it into a Syrup according to art.

Culpeper.

A. Mefue is followed verbatim in this ; and the Receipt is apropriated to cold and flegmatick flomachs, and in my opinion 'tis an admirable remedy for it, for it strengthens both stomach and liver, as also the instruments of concoction; a spoonful taken in the morning, is admirable for fuch as have a weak digeftion, it provokes an appetite to ones victuals, it prevails against the yellow Jaundice, breaks wind, purgeth humors by urin. It was Roman Wormwood before, and so Mesue hath it, and our Colledg is as well able to correct Mesue as the Pigmies were to beat Hercules.

Syrupus Acetofus Symplex. Pag. 50. in the L. Book. Syrup of Vinegar Simple.

The Colledy. Take of cleer Water four pound, white Sugar five pound, boyl them in a glazed veffel over a gentle fire,

Syrupus de Absinthio Symplex. Pag. 49. in Lat. Book. | scumming it till half the water be consumed, then by putting in two pound of wine Vineger by decrees, perfeet the Syrup.

> A. That is, Only melt the Sugar with the Vinegar over the fire, fcum it, but boyl it not-

> Syrupus Acetofus Simplicior. Pag. 50. in the L. Book.

Syrup of Vineger more Simple. The Colledg.

Take of white Sugar five pound, white wine Vinegar two pound, by melting it in a bath, make it into a

Culpeper. A. Of these two Syrups let every one use which he finds by experience to be best; the difference is but little, I hold the laft to be the best of the two, and would give my reasons for it, but that I fear the Book will swell too big : They both of them cut flegm, as alfo tough, hard, vifcous humors in the fromach; they cool the body, quench thirst, provoke urine, and propare the ftomach before the taking of a vomit. If you take it as a preparative for a vomit, take half art ounce of it when you go to bed the night before you intend to vomit, it will make you to vomit the easier, but if for any of the foregoing occasins, take it with a Liquoris stick.

Syrupus Acetofus Compositus. Pag. 50. in the L. Book.

Syrup of Vinegar Compound.

The Colledg.

Take of the Roots of Smallage, Fennel, Endive, of each three ounces; the feeds of Annis, Smallage, Fennel, of each one ounce; of Endive half an ounce, eleer water fix pound; boyl it gently in an earthen vessel till balf the water be consumed, then strain and clarifie it, and with three pound of Sugar, and a pound and are half of white wine Vinegar, boyl it into a Syrup. Culpeper.

This in my opinion is a gallant Syrup for fuch whose bodies are stuffed either with flegm, or tough humors, for it opens obstructions or stoppings both of the Homach, liver, spleen, and reins; it cuts and brings away tough flegm and choller, and is therefore a special remedy for such as have a stuffing at their Stomath. Mefue prescribes ten pints of Water, and a quart of Vineger, let every one use which D' Experience tels him is best.

* What

they are

See at the

Syrupus de Agno Casto. Pag. 50. In the L. Book.

Syrup of Agnus Caftus, The Collecte.

Take of the feeds of Rue, and Hemp, of each half a drachm; of Endive, Lettice, Purflain, Guords, Melones, of each two drachms; of Fleawort balf an ounce, of Agnus Castus four ounces, the Flowers of water-Lillies, the Leaves of Mints, of each half a handful; Decottion of feeds of Lentils, and Corian-der feeds, of each half an ounce, three pound of the Decostion, boyl them all ever a gentle fire til two pound be consumed, ad to the still use being strained, two ounces of Juyce of Lemmons, a pound and an half of white Sugar, make it into a Syrup according to art.,

A. A pretty Syrup and good for little.

Syrupus de Althea. Pag. 51. In the L. Book.

Syrup of Marsh-Mallows. The Colledg.

Take of Roots of Marsh-Mallows two ounces, the Roots of Grass Sparagus, Liquoris, Raisons of the Sun flowed, of each half an ounce, the tops of Mallows, Marsh-Mallows, Pellitory of the Wall, Burnet, Plantane, Maiden-hair white and black, of each a hand-ful, red Cicers an ownce, of the * four greater and four lesser cold feeds, of each three drachms, boyl them in six pound of cleer Water till four remain, end of the which being strained, boyl into a Syrup with four Simples, pound of white Sugar.

Culpeper. and before the Com- A. It is a fine cooling, opening, flippery Syrup, and pounds in chiefly commendable for the chollick, ftone, or grathe Comthis Book. vel, in the kidnies or bladder.

A. I shall only give you a Caution or two concerning this Syrup, which for the forenamed effects, I hold to be excellent.

A. 1. Be fure you boyl it enough, for if you boyl it never to little too little, it will quickly be

A. 2. For the Chollick (which is nothing else but an infirmity in the gut called Colon, and thence it takes its name) you had belt ule it in Clyfters, but for gravel or the stone, drink it in convenient Medicines, or by it self; If both of them afflict you use it both waies: I assure you this medicine will save those that are subject to such diseases, both mony and misery.

Syrupus de Ammoniaco. Pag. 51. In the L. Book. OR

Syrup of Ammoniacum. The Colledg.

Take of Maudin and Cetrach, of each four handfuls ; common Wormwood an ounce, the Koots of Succory, Sparagus, bark of Caper Roots, of each two ownces, after due preparation (leep them twenty four hours in three ounces of white Wine, Rhadish and fumitory water, of each 2. pound, then boyl it away to one pound eight ounces, let it settle, in four ounces of which whilst it is warm, diffolve by it self Gum Ammoniacum, first dissolved in white wine Vinegar, two ounces, boyl the rest with a pound and an half of white Sugarinto a Syrup, adding the mixtures of the Gum at the end.

Culpeper. A. It cools the Liver, and opens obstructions both of it and the Spleen, helps old Surfets and fuch-like | fire boyl it to a Syrup.

diseases, as scabs, irch, leprosy, and what else proceed from the Liver overheated ; you may take an ounce at a time.

Syrupus de Artemisia. Pag. 51. In the L. Book-

Syrup of Mugwort. The Colledg.

Take of Mugwort two handfuls, Penyroyal, Calaminth, Origanum, Bawm, Arsmart, Dillani of Creet, Savin, Marjoram, Germander, St. Johns Wort, Chamepitis, Featherfew with the Flowers, Centaury the left, Rue, Bettony, Engloft, of each a handful; the Roots of Fennel, Smallage, Parfly, Sparagus, Erufcus, Saxifrage, Alicampane, Cyperus, Maddir, Orris, Peony, of each an onnce; Juniper Berries, the feeds of Lovage, Parfly, Smallage, Annus, Nigella, Carpobalfamum or Cubebs, Costus, Cassia Lignea, Cardamoms, Calamus Aromaticus, the Roots of Afarabacca, Pellitory of Spain, Valerian, of each half an ounce; being clensed, cut, and bruised, let them be insused twenty four hours in fourteen pound of eleer water, and boyled till half be consumed, being taken off from the fire and rubbed between your bands, whilft it is warm, strain it, and with Honey and Sugar of each two pound, sharp Vineger four ounces, boyl it to a Syrup, and perfume it with Cinnamon and Spiknard, of each three drams.

Culpeper-A. It helps the paffion of the matrix, and retains it in its place, it dissolves the coldness wind, and pains thereof, it strengthens the nerves, opens the pores, corrects the blood, it corrects and provokes the terms in women. You may take a handful of it at a

Syrupus de Betonica Compositus. Pag. 52. In L. Book.

O R, Syrup of Betony Compound-The Colledg.

Take of Betony three handfuls, Marjoram a handful and an half; Time, ved Roses, of each a handful; Violets, Stochas, Sage, of each half a handful; the seeds of Fennel, Annis, and Ammi, of each half an ouce; the roots of Peony, Polypodium, and Fennel, of each five drachms; boyl them in fix pound of river water to three pound, firain it, and ad juyce of Betony two pound, Sugar three pound and an half, make it into a Syrup.

Culpeper. A. It helps diseases coming of cold, both in the head and ftomach, as also such as come of wind, vertigoes, madness, it concocts melancholly, it provokes the terms in women, and so doth the Simple Syrup more than the Compound. The Composition was framed by the Augustan Physitians. Certainly our Physitians have but shallow brains, that they are fain to trot as far as Ausberg in Germany to Real

Syrupus Byzantinus, Simple. Page 53. In the Latin Book. The Colledg.

Take of the Juyce of the Leaves of Endive and Smallage, of each two pound; of Hops and Bugles, of each one pound; boyl them together, and scum them, and to the clarified Liquor, ad four pound of white Sugar, to as much of the Juyces, and with a gentle

Syrupus

Syrupus Byzantinus, Compound. Page 53. In the Latin Book.

The Colledg.

Take of the Jugees so ordered as in the former, four pound, in which boylved Rofes two ounces, Liquoris half an ounce, the feeds of Annis, Fennel, and Smallage, of each three drachms, Spicknard two drams, strain it, and to the three pound remaining, ad two pound of Vineger, four pound of Sugar, make it into a Syrup according to art.

Culpeper.

A. They both of them (viz. both Simple and Compound) opens stoppings of the stomach, liver, and spleen, help the Rickets in children, cuts and brings away tough flegm, and helps the yellow Jaun-dice: Mefue faith the Compound Syrup is of more effect than the Simple for the same uses. You may take them with a Liquotis stick, or take a spoonful in the morning fasting.

Syrupus Betryes. Page 53. In the Latin Book.

O R Syrup of Oak of Jerufalem. The Colledg.

Take of Oak of Jerusalem, Hedg-mustard, Nettles, of each two handfuls; Coltssoot, an handful and an half, boyl them in a sufficient quantity of cleer water till half be consumed; to two pound of the Decoclion ad two pound of the Juyce of Turneps baked in an Oven in a close pot, and with three pound of white Oven in a close poss Sugar boyl it into a Syrup. Culpeper.

This Syrup was compoled against Coughs, short-ness of breath, and other the like infirmities of the breast proceeding of cold, for (which if you can get it) you may take it with a Liquoris stick.

Syrupus Capillorum Venerus. Pag. 53. In L. Book.

Syrup of Maidenhair. The Colledg.

Take of Liquoris two owners, Maidenbair five ounces, steep them a natural day in four pound of warm water, then after a gentle boyling and throng ftraining, with a pound and an half of fine Sugar make it into a Syrup.

Culpeper-A. It opens stoppings of the flomach, strengthens the Lungues, and helps the infirmities of them. This may be taken also either with a Liquoris stick, or mixed with the pectoral Decoction like Syrup of

Syrupus Cardiacus, vel Julepum Cardiacum. Pag. 53. OR

A Cordial Syrup. The Colledg.

Take of Rhenish wine two pound, Rose water two ounces and an half, Cloves two scruples, Cinnamon half a drachm, Ginger two scruples, Sugar three ounces and an half, boyl it to the confilence of a Julep, adding Amber-greefe three grains, Musk one grain.

Culpeper.

A. He that hath read thus far in this Book, and doth not know he must first boyl the Simples in the Wine, and then strain them out before he puts in the Sugar, is a man that in my opinion hath not wis

enough to be taught to make up a Medicine; and the Colledg in their new Mafter-piece hath left it

A. If you would have this Julip keep long, you may put in more Sugar, and yet if close stopped, it will not easily corrupt because 'tis made up only of Wine; indeed the wifeft way is to order the quantity of fugar according to the " pallat of him that takes it. "That la-

A. It restoreth such as are in Consumptions, com-titude may forts the heart, cherisheth the drooping spirits, and be given is of an opening quality, thereby carrying away those fafely in al vapors which might otherwise anoy the brain and Composiheart : You may take an ounce at a time, or two if tions you pleafe.

Syrupus infusionis Floram Caryophillorum. Pag-54.

Syrup of Clove-gilliflowers.

The Colledg.

Take a pound of Clove-gilliflowers the whites being out of, infuse them a whol night in two pound of water, then with four pound of Jugar melted in it, make it into a Syrup without boyling.

Culpeper. A. In their former they added three pound of Water, if you would infuse them you must do it at several

A. The fyrup is a fine temperate fyrup, it flrenge thens the heart, liver, and stomach, it refreshesh the vital spirits, and is a good cordial in feavers; and ufually mixed with other Cordials, you can hardly ere in taking it, it is so harmless a syrup.

Syrupus de Cinnamomo. Pag. 54. In the L. Books

O R, Syrup of Cinnamon The Colledg.

Take of Cinnamon grofty bruifed, four ounces ; fleep it in white wine, and small Cinnamon water, of each half a pound, three daies in a glass by a gentle beat; strain is and with a pound and an half of Sugar boyl it gently to a syrup.

Calpeper. A. This comes fomething neerer the Augustan Dispensatory than their former did ; it is not altogether the same, for then people would have said they did nothing, whereas now tis apparent they did fomething though to little purpole.

It refresheth the vital spirits exceedingly, and cheereth both heart and stomach languishing through cold; it helps digestion exceedingly, and strengthens the whol body. You may take a spoonful at a time in a Cordial.

The Colledg. Thus also you may conveniently prepare syrups (but only with white wine) of Annis feeds, sweet Fennel feeds, Cloves, Nutmegs, Ginger &c.

Syrupus Acctositatis Citriorum. Pag. 54. In L. Book. 0 R,

Syrup of Juyce of Citrons, The Colledg.

Take of the Juyce of Citrons, strained without ex-pression and clensed a pound, sugar two pound, make it into a fyrup like fyrup of Clove-gilliflowers.

Culpeper.

A. It prevails againftfall diseases proceeding from Choller, or heat of blood, feavers, both peftilential and not pestilential, it relisteth poylon, cools the Aaz

blood, quencheth thirst, cureth the Vertigo, or diffiness in the head.

The Colledg.

After the Jame manner is made fyrup of Grapes, Orrenges, Barberries, Cherries, Quinces, Lemmons, re ood forrel, Mulberries, Sorrel, English Currence, and other four Juyces.

Culpeper. A. If you look the Simples you may fee the vertues of them, they all cool and comfort the heart and strengthen the stomach, syrup of Quinces staies vomiting, fo doth also syrup of Grapes.

Syrupus Corticum Citriorum. Pag. 54. In the L. Book.

Syrup of Citron Pills. The Colledg.

Take of fresh yellow Citron Pills five ounces, the Berries of Chermes, or the Juyce of them brought over to us two drachms, spring water, four pound, steep them all night, boyl them till half be consumed, taking off the feum, firain it, and with two pound and an half of sugar boyl it into a syrup, let half of it be without Mush, but persume the other half with three grains of

Of use eyed up in a rag.

Culpeper.

A. It strengthens the stomach, resists poyson, strengthens the heart, and resists the passions thereof, pulpitation, faintings, fwoonings; it strengthens the vital spirits, restores such as are in Consumptions, and Hectick Feavers, and strengthens nature much. You may take a spoonful at a time.

Syrupus è Corallius Simplex. Pag. 55. In the L. Book.

O R, Syrup of Corral Simple. The Colledg.

Take of red Corral in very fint pouder four ounces, elissolve it in clarified Juyce of Barberries in the heat of abath, a pound, in a glaß well stopped with wax and Cork, a digestion being made three or four daies, pour off what is dissolved, put in first clarified Juyce and proceed as before; repeat this so often till all the Corral be dissolved; lastly to one pound of this Fuyce ad a pound and an half of fugar, and boyl it to a fyrup gently.

Syrupus è Coralliis Compositus. Pag. 55. In L. Book.

Syrup of Corral Compound. The Collede.

Take of red Corral fix onnces, in very fine pouder and levigated upon a marble, ad of clarified surce of Lemmons, the flegm being drawn off in a bath, fixteen onaces, clarified jugge of Barberries, eight ounces; Sharp wine Vinegar and susce of wood-forrel, of each fix ounces; mix them together and put them in a glaß Stopped with Cork and Bladder, Shaking it every day till it have digested eight daies in a bath or borfdung, then filter it, of which take a pound and an half; juyce of Quinces half a pound, Sugar of Roses twelve ounces, make them into a fyrup in a bath, adding fyrup of Clove-gilliflowers fixteen ounces keep it for ufe,omitting the half drachm of Ambergrees and four grains of Mush till the Physitian command it-Culpeper.

A. Syrup of Corral both Simple and Compound, restore such as are in Consumptions, are of a gallant cooling nature, especially the last, and very Cordial,

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special good for Heclick feavers, it stops fluxes, the running of the reins, and the whites in women, helps such as spit blood, and such as have the Fallingfickness, it staies the terms in women: And indeed it had need be good for fomthing, for it is exceeding coftly. Half a ipoonful in a morning is enough for the body, and it may be too much for the purie.

Syrupus Cydoniorum. Pag. 56. In the L. Book.

0. R Syrup of Quinces.

The Colledg.

Take of the Junce of Quinces clarified fix pound, boyl it over a gentle fire till half of it be consumed, seumming it, adding red wine three pound, white sugar tour pound, boyl it into a fyrup, to be perfumed with a drachm and an balf of Cinnamon, Cloves and Ginger of each two scruples.

Culpeper.

A. It strengthens the heart and stomach, stales loofness and vomiting, releeves languishing nature, for loofness take a spoonful of it before meat, miting after meat; for both as also for the rest, in the

Syrupus de Erysimo. Pag. 56. In the L. Book-OR

Syrup of Hedg-mustard. The Colledg.

Take of Hedgmustard fresh, fix handfuls, the Roots of Alicampane, Coltsfoot, Liquoris, of each two ounces; Borrage, succory, Maiden-bair, of each a handful and an half the Cordial Flowers, Rosemary, and Betony, of each half a handful, Annis feeds half an ounce, Raifons of the Sun stoned two ownces, let all of them being prepared according to art be boyled in a sufficient quantity of barley Water and Hydromel, with fix ounces of juyce of Hedgmustred to two pound and an half, the which with three pound of fugar boyl into a Syrup according to art-

Culpeper. A. It was invented against cold afflictions of the breaft and Lungues, as Aftmaes, hoarceness &c. you may take it either with a Liquoris stick, or which is better, mix an ounce of it with three or four ounces of pectoral decoction, and drink it off warm in the

Syrupus de Fumaria. Pag. 56. In the L. Book. Syrup of Fumitory-The Colledg.

Take of Endive, common Wormwood, Hops, Dodder, Hartstongue, of each a bandful; Epithimum an ounce and an half; boyl them in four pound of water till half be consumed; strain it, and ad the suyce of Fumitory a pound and an half; of Borrage, and Bugloß of each half a pound, white Sugar four pound; make them into a Syrup according to art-

Culpeper.

A. The Receipt is a pretty concocter of melan-cholly, and therefore a rational help for difeases ari-lancholly fing thence, both internal and external; It helps is a fad diseases of the skin, as Leprosies, Cancers, Warts, sullen hu-Corns, Itch, Tetters, Ringworms, Scabs, &c. and mor, you it is the better to be liked because of its gentleness, had as For in my experience, I could never find a violent good vex Medicine do good, but ever harm in a b Melancholly a nest of difease. It also strengthens the stomach and liver, Wasps as

opens vex it.

opens obstructions, and is a soveraign remedy for Hypocondriack Melancholly. You may ad an ounce of this to the decoction of Epithimum before mentioned, and order your body as you were taught there. It helps furfets exceedingly, clenfeth, cooleth, and flrengtheneth the liver, and caufeth it to make good blood, and good blood cannot make bad flesh. commend this Receipt to those whose bodies are sub-ject to scabs and lech. If you please you may take two ounces by it felt every morning.

Syrupus de Glycyrbiz a. Pag. 56. In the L. Book. Syrup of Liquoris.

The Colledg.

Take of green Liquors scraped and bruised two ounces, white Maidenhair an ounce, dryed Hysop half an ounce, steep these in four pound of hot water, after 24. hours boyl it till half be consumed, strain it and clarifie it, and with Honey, Penids, and Sugar of each eight ownces, make it into a fyrup, adding before it be perfettly boyled red Rofe-water fix ounces. Culpeper.

A. It clenieth the breaft and lungues, and helps continual Coughs and Pleurefies. You may take it with a Liquoris stick, or ad an ounce of it or more to

the pectoral Decoction.

Syrupus Granatorum cum Aceto: vulgo, Oxyfaccharum fimplex. Page 57. in the Latin Book.

OR Syrup of Pomegranates with Vineger-

The Colledg.

Take of white Sugar a pound and an half, Juyce of Pomegranates eight ounces, white wine Vineger four ounces, boyl it gently into a Syrup.

Culpeper. A. Look the Vertue of Pomegranates amongst the

Syrupus de Hyffopo. Page 57. in the Latin Book. Syrup of Hylop.

The Colledg.

Take eight pound of (pring Water, half an ounce of Barley, boyl it about half an hour, then ad the Roots of smallage, Parsty, Fennel, Liquoris, of each ten drams; Impubes, Sebestens of each fifteen; Raisons of the sun stoned an ounce and an balf; Figs, Dates, of each ten; the feeds of Mallows and Quinces, Gum Tragacanth tyed up in a ray, of each three drachms; Hysop meanly dried ten drachms, Maiden-bair six drachms; boyl them together, yet fo, that the Roots may preceed the Fruits, the Fruits the Seeds, and the Seeds the Herbs, about a quarter of an hour; at laft, five pounds of water being consumed, boyl the other stree (being first Brained and elavified) into a syrup with two pound and an balf of Sugar.

By the Culpoper. A. You may thank Mefue for it, not the Colledg. aics an that A. It mightily ftrengthens the breaft and lungs, ich is causeth long wind, cleer voice, is a good remedy aed gainst coughs. Use it like the fyrup of Liquoris. wax.

Syrupus Ive arthritice, five Chamepityos. Pag.57.

O R

Syrup of Chamepitys.

The Colledg.

Take of Chamepitys two handfuls; Sage, Rosemary, Poley mountain, Origanum, Calaminto, wild mints, Peniroyal, Hyfop, Time, Rue, Garden and wild, Betony, Mother of Time, of each a handful; the roots of Acorus, Eirthwort long and round, Briony, Dittany, Gentian, Hogs Fennel, Valerian, of each half an ounce, the roots of smallage, paragus, Fennel, Parsly Bruscus, of each an ounce, Pellitory of Spain an ounce and an balf, flechas, the feeds of Annis, Ammi, Carraway, Fennel, Lovage, Hartwort, of each three drachms, Raifons of the fun two ounces; boyl them in ten pound of water to four, to which ad Honey and Sugar of each two pound, make it into a syrup to be perfumed with sugar, Nutmegs, and Cubebs, of each three drachms.

Culpeper-

A. I bid them mend this for shame last time, and the truth is, so they have ; before it was a Hodg-podg that could not be made, and now 'tis a Hode-podg only not worth the making.

Syrupus Jujubinus. Page 58. in the Latin Book. OR

Syrup of Jujubes. The Colledg.

Take of Jujubes, Violets, five drachms; Maiden hair, Liquoris, French Barley, of oach an ownce; the feeds of Mallows five drachms; the feeds of white Poppies, Melmes, Lettice, [feed of Quinces and Gum Tragacanth tyed up in a rag] of each three drachms 3. boyl them in fix pound of rain or spring water till half be consumed, strain it and with two pound of sugar make it into a syrup.

Culpeper-

A. Those that adore the Colledg as so many little God-a-mighties, let them ask them what part of the Violets must be put in, for they must operate as neer to their meanings as the men of Benjamin could throw a stone and not miss; others that do not, may be pleased to make use of the Flowers.

A. It is a fine cooling lyrup, very available in Coughs, Hoarineis, and Pleurefies, Ulcers of the Lungues, and Bladder, as also in all inflamations whatfoever. You may take a spoonful of it once in three or four hours, or if you please take it with a Liquoris stick-

Syrupus de Meconio, sive, Diacodium. Page 58. Syrup of Meconium, or, Diacodium. The Colledg.

Take of white Poppy heads with their feeds, gathered a little after the flowers are fallen off, and kept three daies, eight ounces ; black Poppy beads (fo ordered) fix ounces, rain Water eight pound, fleep them twenty four hours, then boyl and preß them gently, boyl it to three pounds, and with twenty four ounces of sugar boyl it into a syrup according to art.

Syrupus de Meconio Compositus. Page 59.in L. Book. Syrup of Meconium Compound-The Colledg.

Take of white and black Poppy heads with their feeds fifty drachms; maindenhair fifteen drachms; Jujubes thirty; the feeds of Lettice fourty drachms;

of Mallows and Quinces tied up in a ray a drachm and an balf; Liquoris five drachms; Water eight pound; boyl it according to art, firain it, and to three pound of Decollion ad Jugar and penids, of each a pound, make it into a fyrup.

Culpeper.

A. Meconium : The bluft of which this Receipt carries in its frontispiece, is nothing else but the juyce of English Poppies boyled till it be thick : As I am of opinion that Opium is nothing elie but the juyce E For such of E Poppies growing in hotter Countries (and there-Opium as fore in all reason is colder in quality ;) and therefore (I speak purely of Meconium and Opium, not of these fyrups) though they be no edg-tools, yet 'tis ill jefting comes fro with them.

Ultopia.

Authors

A. All these former syrups of Poppies provoke sleep, but in that, I define they may be used with a great deal of caution and warinels, fach as their are, are not fit to be given in the beginning of Feavers, nor to fach whole bodies are coffive ; ever remember my former Motto, Fools we not fit to make Phylinons. Yet to fuch as are troubled with hot, tharp Rhewms, you may fafely give them 3 and note this, the last, which is borrowed from Mesue, is apropriated to the Lungues, whole own words (translation excepted) of it are thefe, It prevails against dry Coughs, Phtificks, hot and fharp gnawing Rhewms, and provokes fleep. It is an utual fathion for Nurses when they have heat their milk by exercise or strong liquor, (no marvel then if their children be froward) then run for fyrup of Poppies to make their young ones fleep. I would fain have that fathion left, therefore I forbear the dose; let Nurses keep their own bodies temperate, and their children will fleep well enough, never tear.

Syrupus Melifforbylli. Page 59/ in the Latin Book. Or, Syrup of Bawm.

The Colledg.

Take of the Bark of Bugloß Roots an ounce; the Roots of white Dittany, fint foyl, (corzonera, of each balf an ounce; the Leaves of Bawm, feabious, Devils-bit, the Flowers of both forts of Buglof, and Rofemary of each a handful; the feeds of forrel, Citrons, Fennel, Cardus, Bazil, of each three drachms; boyl them in four pound of water till half be confumed, Perain it, and ad three pound of white fugar; Juyce of Bawm, and Rofe Water, of each balf a pound, boyl them to a fyrup, the which perfume with Cinnamon and yellow fanders of each half an ounce.

Culpeper.

A. The scorzonera Roots, and Bugloss Roots are added, and the Bertony Roots left out, and Fernelius his name buried in oblivion; that is all the Alteration: If the name of the wicked shall rot, 'tis more likely to happen upon themselves than Fernelius.

A. Alwaies tie perfumes up in a rag, and hang them into the fyrup by a ftring when it boyls, and hang them by a string in the veilel (be it pot or glass) that

you may keep the fyrup in being boyled.

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A. It is an excellent Cordial, and frengthens the heart, breaft, and ftomach, it refifteth Melancholly, revives the spirits, is given with good success in Feavers, it ftrengtheneth the memory, and relievs langushing nature. You may take a spoonful of it at a time,

Syrufus de Mentha, Page 59, in the Latin Book, Or, Syrup of Mints. The Colledg Take of the juyce of Quinces sweet and between sweet and sowr, the juyce of Pomegranates (weet, between (weet and fowr, and fowr, of each a pound and an balf, dryed mints half a pound red Rojes two ounces, let them lie in steep one day, then boyl it half away and with four pound of Jugar boyl it into a fyrup according to art, perfume it not unleß the Physitian command.

Culpeper.] A. The fyrup is in quality binding, yet it comforts the ftomach much, helps digeftion, ftaics vomiting, and is (in my opinion) as excellent a remedy against sowr or offensive belchings, as any is in the Dispensatory: Take a spoonful of it after meat-

Sympus de Mucitaginibus. Page 60. in the L. Book. Or, Syrup of Mushilages.

The Colledg. Take of the feeds of Mash-Mallows, Mallows, Quinces, of each an ocace; Gum Tragacanth, three drachms ; let thefe infufe fix hours in warm Decellion of Mallows, white Poppy feeds, and winter-therries; then pres out the Musilage to an ounce and an baif; with which, and three ounces of the aforefaid Decottion, and two ountes of Sugar, make a fring according to art.

Culpeper. A. A spoonful taken by it self, or in any convenient Liquor is excellent for any sharp corroding humors be they in what part of the body foever, Phrificks, bloody Flux, stone in the Reins or Bladder, or Ulcers there, it is excellent good for lach as have taken Purges that are to strong for their bodies, for by its flippery nature it helps corrofians, and by its

cooling, helps inflamations.

Syrupus Myrtinus. Page 60. in the Latin Book. Or, Syrup of Mirdes.

The Colledg. Take of Mirtle berries two oun-Balaustines, Barberry Stones, red Roses of each and ounce and an balf; Medlars half a pound; bruise them in eight pound of water to four; firain it and ad juyce of Quinces and four Pomegranates, of each fix ounces; then with three pound of Jugar boyl it in-

Culpeper.] A. The fyrup is of a very binding, ye comforting nature, it helps such as spit blood, all fluxes of the belly, or corrofions of the internal parts, it fivengthens the retentive faculty, and stops immo-derate flux of the terms in women: A spoonful at as

time is the dose.

Syrupus Florum Nymphee simplex. Page 60. Or, Syrup of Water-Lilly-flowers, fimple.

The Colledg.] Take of the whitest of white Water-tilly-flowers, a pound; fleep them in three pound of warmwater, fix or feven bours; let them boyl a little and strain them out; put in the same waight of Flowers again the fecond and third time; when you have strained it the last time, ad its waight of Jugar to it and boyl it to a syrup.

Syrupus Florum Nymphee compositus. Page 60. Syrup of Water-lilly-Flowers, compound.

The Colledg-] Take of white water-tilly-Flowers

half a pound 3 Violets two ounces, Lettice two handfuls; the feeds of Lettice, Pussian, and Guords, of each balf an ounce ; boyl them in four pound of eleer water till one be consumed; firainit, and ad balf a pound of red Rose water; white sugar four pound, boyl t into a fyrap according to art.
Culpeper.] A. They both are fine cooling fyrups,

they allay the heat of Choller, and provoke fleep, they cool the body, both head, heart, liver, reins, and matrix, and therefore are profitable for hot difeases in either: you may take an ounce of it at a time when

your fromach is empty.

Syrupus de Papavere Erratico, five Rhubro. Page 61. Or, Syrup of Eratick Poppies.

The Colledg.] Take of the fresh Flowers of red Poppies two pound, steep them in four pound of warm fpring water; the next day frain it and boyl it into a

fyeup with its equal waight in Sugar.

Culpeper.] A. I know no danger in this fyrup, fo it be taken with moderation; and bread immoderately taken, hurrs; the fyrup cools the blood, helps furfets, and may fafely be given in Frenzies, Feavers, and hot Agues.

Syrupus de Pilofella. Page 61. in the Latin Book. Or, Syrup of Mouleur.

The Colledg. Take of Monfear three handfuls, the Roots of Ladies mantle, an ownce and as half; the Roots of comfry the greater, Maddir, white Dittany, Tormentil, Biftort, of each an ownce; the Leaves of Wintergreen, Horffail, Ground-Luy, Plantane, Adders tongue, Strawberries, St. Johns Wort with the Flowers, Golden rod, Agrimony, Bestony, Burnet, Avens, Sinkfoyl the greater, red Coleworts, Balaustines, red Roses of each a handful; boyl them gently in fix pound of of Plantane Water to three, then fivain it strongly and when it is settled, ad Gum Tragacanth, the feeds of Fleawort, Marsh-mallows, and Quinces, made into a Mussilage by themselves in strawberry and Bettony Water, of each three onnees; white sugar two pound, boyl it to the thickness of Honey.

Culpeper.] A. Certainly they intended an univerfal Medicine of this, and may prove as good as Claysppns his Coleworts. It is profitable for wounded people to take, for it is drying and healing, and therefore good for Ruptures.

Syrupus infufionis Florum Paonia. Page 61. Or, Syrup of the infusion of Peony Flowers.

The Colledg.] It is prepared just for all the world like syrup of Clove-gilliflowers.
Culpeper.] A. Scelyrup of Meconium for the ver-

Syrupus de Pæmia Compositus. P. 62.in L. Book. Or, Syrup of Peony Compound.

"The Colledg.] Take of the Roots of both forts of Peony taken up at the full Moon, cut in flices and flee-ped in white wine a whol day, of each an ounce and an half; Contra yerva half an ounce; Siler mountain fix drachms; Elks Claws an ounce, Rosemary with the Flowers on, one bandful; Bettony, Hyfop, Origanum, Chamepitys, Rue, of each three drachms; Wood

of Aloes, Cloves, Cardamoms the left, of each two drachms; Ginger, Spicknard, of each a drachm; stochas, Nutmegs, of each two drachms and an half i boyl them after one daies warm disclition, in a sufficient quantity of distilled water of Peony Roots, to four pound; in which being frained through Hippotrates his steeve, put four pound and an balf of white sugar and boylit to a fyrup.

Culpeper.] A. It is somewhat costly to buy, and as troubleforn to make, a spoonful of it taken helps the Falling-fickness and Convulsions.

Syrupus de Pomis alterans. Page 62, in the L. Book. Or, Syrup of Apples.

The Colledge Take four pound of the juyce of (weet scented Apples, the juyce of Bugloß garden and wild, of Violet Leaves, Roje water, of each a pound; boyl them together and clarific them, and with fix pound of pure sugar, boylitime a syrup according to

Culpeper.] A. It is a fine cooling fyrup for fuch whole hearts and ftomachs are overprefied with hear, and may fafely be given in feavers, for it rather loofens than binds; it breeds good blood, and is profitable in Hectick feavers, and for such as are troubled with palpitation of the heart, it quencheth thirst admirably in Feavers, and states Hiccoughs. You may take an ounce of it at a time in the morning, or when

Syrupus de Prafio. Page 62. In the Latin Book. Or, Syrup of Horehound.

The Colledg] Take of white Horehand fresh, two ounces; Liquoris, Polipodium of the Oak, Fennel, and (mallage Roots of each balf an ounce; white Maiden-bair, Origanum, Hylop, Calaminth , Time, favory, scabious, Coltsfoot of each fix drachms; the feeds of Annis and Cotton, of each three drachms; Raifons of the fun Roned two ountes, fat Figs ten, boyl them in eight pound of Hydromel till half be confumed, boyl the Decottion into a fyrup with honey and fugar of each two pound, and perfume it with are ounce of the Roots of Orris Florentine.

Culpeper.] A. It is apropriated to the breast and lungues, and is a fine clenter, to purge them from thick and putrified flegm, it helps Phtificks and Coughs, and diseases subject to old men and cold natures. Take it with a Liquoris stick. Both this Receipt and the former, Fernelius was the Author of.

Syrupus de quing Radicibus. Page 63. In L Book. Or, Syrup of the five opening Roots.

The Colledg.] Take of the Roots of Smallage, Fennel, Parfly, Bruscus, Sparagus, of each two ounces, spring water fix pound; boyl away the third part and make a fyrup with the rest according to art; with three pound of Juzar, adding eight onaces of white white Wine Vinegar towards the latter end.

Culpeper] It clenfeth and openeth vity well, is profitable against Obstructions, provokes Urine, clenfeth the body of flegm, and is fafely and profitably given in the beginning of Feavers. An ounce at a time upon an empty fromach is a good dofeSyrupus Raphani. Page 63. In the L. Book. Or, Syrup of Rhadishes.

The Colledg] Take of Garden and wild Rhadish Roots, of each an ounce; the Roots of white Saxtfrage, Lovage, Brufens, Eringo, Restharrow, Partly, Fennel, of each half an ounce; the Leaves of Bettony, Burnet, Penyroyal, Nettles, Watercreffes, Sampier, Maidenbair, of each a handful; winter Cherries, Jujubes, of each ten; the seeds of Bazil, Bur, Parfly of Macedonia, Hartwort, Caraway, Carvots, Gromwel, the Bark of the Root of Bay-tree, of each two drachms ; Raisons of the sun floned, Liquovis, of each fix drachms; boyl them in twelve pound of water to eight 3 strain it, and with four pound of Sugar and two pound of Honey, make it into a lyrup and persume it with an ounce of Cinnamon, and balf an ounce of Nutmegs.

Culpeper] A. A tedious long Medicine for the ftone: I wonder why the Colledg affect fuch Long Receipts, furely it will be Long enough

before they be wifer.

Syrupus kegius, alias Julapium Alexandrinum. P.64 Or, Julep of Alexandria,

The Colledg] Boyl four pound of Rose water, and one pound of white sugar into a Julep.

Julep. of Roses is made with Damask Rose water,

in the very same monney.

Culpeper] Two fine cooling drinks in the heat of fummer for them that have nothing else to do with their money.

Syrupus de Rosis siccis. Page 64. In the L. Book. Or, Syrup of dried Rofes.

The Colledg] Make four yound of spring water bot, in rebich infuse a pound of dried Roses by some at a time; preß them out, and with two pound of fu-

gar boyl it into a fyrup according to art

In fyrups Cul rper] A. If you boyl it, it will lefe both 1 colour and vertue, and then who but the Colledg would first cry out against such paltry stuff? I am weary with noting this in every Receipt, therefore be pleased to accept of this one general Rule, It is not best to boy! any syrups made of Infusions, but by adding the double weight of Sugar (217, two pound of fugar to each pint of infusion) melt it over a fire

A. Syrup of dried Roses, strengthens the heart, comforts the spirits, bindeth the body, helps fluxes and corrolions or gnawings of the guts, it strengthens the stomach, and states vomiting. You may take an ounce at a time, before meat, if for fluxes; after meat,

if for vemiting.

Syrupus Scabiofa. Page 64. In the L. Book.

The Colledg] Take of the Roots of Alicampane, and Polypodium of the Oak, of each two onnees; Raifons of the the fun flowed an ounce, febeflens twenty, Coltsfoot, Lungwort, Savory, Calaminib, of each a handful and an half; Liquoris, Spanish Tobacco, of each half an ounce; the jeeds of Nettles and Cotton of each three drachers; boyl them all (the Roots being infused in white wine the day before) in a suffi-

cient quantity of wine and water to eight ounces; strain it, and adding four ounces of the Juyce of Scabious, and ten ounces of sugar boyl it to a syrup, adding to it twenty drops of oyl of Sulphur.

Culpeper] A. It is a clenling syrup, apropriated to the breaft and lungues; when you perceive them opprefled by flegm, crudities, or ftoppings, your remedy is to take now and then a spoonful of this syrup, it is taken also with good success by such as are itchy or feabby.

Syrugus de Scolopendrio. Page 64. in the L. Book. Or, Syrup of Hartstongue.

The Collede] Take of Hartstongue three handfuls, Polypodium of the Oak, the Roots of both forts of Bugloß bark of the roots of Capars & Tamaru of each two ounces, Hops, Doddar, Maiden-hair, Bawm of each two bandfuls, boyl them in nine pound of spring water to five, and firain it, and with four pound of white sugar make it into a syrup according to art.

Culpeper] A. It helps the stoppings of Melancholly, opens obstructions of the Liver and spleen, and is profitable against splenetick evils, and therefore is a choice remedy for the discase which the vulgar call the Rickets, or Liver-grown: A spoonful in a mor-ning is a precious Remedy for children troubled with that discale. Men that are troubled with the spleen, which is known by pain and hardnes in their left fide, may take three or four spoonfuls, they shall find this one Receipt worth the price of the whol Book-

Syrupus de Stachade. Page 65. in the Latin Book. Or, Syrup of Steechas.

The Colledg] Take of Stachas flowers four ounces, Resembly flowers half an ounce, Time, Calaminth, Origanum of each an ounce and an half, Sage, Betony of each half an ounce, the seeds of Rue, Peony, and Fennel, of each three drachms , fring water ten pound, boyl it till half be consumed, and with Ho-ney and sugar of each two pound boyl it into a syrup, which perfume with Cinnamon, Ginger, and Calamus Aromaticus, of each two drachms tyed up in a rag.

Syrupus de Symphyto. Page 65. in the Latin Book. Or, Syrup of Comfry.

The Colledg] Take of the Roots and Tops of Comfry the greater and leffer, of each three handfuls, red Roses, Betony, Plantane Burnet, Knot-graft, scabious, Colesfoot, of each two bandfuls, preß the Juyce out of them all being green and bruised, boylit, seumit and (train it, ad its weight of sugar to it that it may be

made into a syrup according to art.

Culpeper A. The syrup is excellent for all inward wounds and bruiles, excoriations, vomitings, spittings, or piffings of blood, it unites broken bones, helps ruptures, and ftops the terms in women: you cannot

er in taking of it.

Syrugus Violarum. Page 65. in the Latin Book. Or, Syrup of Violets.

The Colledg Take of Violet Flowers field and picked, a pound, elect water made boyling bot two pound shut them up close together in a new glazed pot, a whol day, then press them hard out, and in two pound of the Liquor diffeive four pound and three ounces of

Or, Syrup of Scabious.

THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T

made of

Decocti-

ons, the

colour is

material.

not lo

white Sugar, take away the feum, and so make it

into a fyrup without boyling.

Syrup of the Juyce of Violets is made with its don-

ble waight of Sugar like the former.

Culpeper] A. This latter fyrup is far more chargable than the former, and in all reason is better, although I never knew it used; they both of them cool and moiften, and that very gently, they correct the sharpness of choller, and give ease in hot vices of the breaft, they quench thirst in acute fea-

vers, and refift the heat of the disease, they comfore hot stomachs exceedingly, cool the liver and heart, and refift putrifaction, pestilence and poylon. It is so harmless a syrup you shall hurt your purse by it sooner than your body

The Colledg] Julep of Violets is made of the water of Violet flowers and sugar like Juley of Roses.
Culpeper] A. It is cooling and pleasant for the

Gentry when they are hot with walking, for few of them much trouble their fludy.



PURGING SYRUPS.

Syrupus de Cichorio cum Rhabarbaro. Page 67. Or, Syrup of Succory with Rhubarb.

The Take of whol B arley, the Roots of Smal-Colledg. Tlage, Fennel and Sparagus of each two onness, Succery, Dandelyon, Endive, Smooth Sowthisses of each two handfuls, Lettice, Liver-wort, Funitory, tops of Hops, of each one handful, Maiden-hair white and black, Cetrach, Liqueris, Winter Cherries, Dodder of each fix drachms; to boyl these take sixteen pound of spring water, strain the liquor and boylin it six pound of white Sugar, adding towards the end fix ounces of Rhubarb, fix drachms of Spicknard bound up in a thin and flack vay, the which crush often in boyling, and so make it into a syvup according to art.

Culpeper] A. This Receipt (without a name) was borrowed from Nicholaus Florentinus; the difference is only in the quantity of the Rhubarb, and Spike, besides the order inverted, whose own aproba-

zion of it runs in thele terms.

A. It clenieth the body of venemous humors, as Boyls, Carbuncles, and the like; it prevails against peftilential Feavers, it strengthens the heart and nutritive vertue, purgeth by flool and urine, it makes a man have a good fromach to his meat, and provokes

A. But by my Authors leave, I never accounted purges to be proper Phylick in Pellilential Feavers; this I beleeve, the fyrup clenfeth the liver well, and as exceeding good for such as are troubled with Hypocondriack Melancholly. The firong may take two ounces at a time, the weak one; or you may mix an ounce of it with the Decoction of Senna-

Syrupus de Epithymo. Page 67. in the Latin. Book. Or, Syrup of Epithimum.

d Would I could fce The Colledg] Take of Epithimum twenty drams , them: tru- Mirobalans, Citron, and Indian of each fifteen drams, Emblicks, Bellevicks, Polypodium, Liquoris, Agrick, would hav Time, Calaminth, Bugloff, Steechas of each fix drams, them, I Dodder, Fumitory, of each ten drachms, red Roses, doubt you Annis seeds and fiveet Fennet seeds of each two must go to drachms and an balf, sweet Prunes ten, Raisons of the fun flowed four ounces, Tamarinds two ounces where Me- and an balf 3 after twenty four bours infusion in ten ! fue dwelt.

pints of spring water, boyl it away to fix, then take it from the fire and strain it, and with five pound of fine Sugar boyl it into a fyrup according to art.

Culpeper] A. It is best to put in the Dodder, Steechas and Agrick, towards the latter end of the De-

A. This Receipt was Mefue's, only instead of five pound of Sugar, Mefue appoints four pound of Sugar and two pound of Sapa (the making of which shall be shewed in its proper place) and truly in my opinion the Receipts of Mesue are generally the best in all the Dispensatory, because the Simples are so pertinent to the purpole intended, they are not made up of a mels of Hodgpodg as many others are : but to the purpole.

A. It purgeth Melancholly, and other humors, it ftrengthenerh the stomach and Liver, clenfeth the body of adduft choller and adduft blood, as also of falt humors, and helps diseases proceeding from these, as scabs, itch, tetters, ringworms, leprofie &c. and the truth is, I like it the better for its gentlenels, for I never fancied violent Medicines in Melancholly difeases. A mean man may take two ounces at a time, or ad one ounce to the Decoction of Epithimum.

Syrupus è Floribus Persicorum. Page 68. in L. Book. Or, Syrup of Peach-flowers.

The Colledg] Take of fresh Peach-flowers a pound; steep them a whol day in three pound of warm water, then boyl it a little and strain it out, repeat this infusi-on five times in the same Liquot, in three pound of which dissolve two pound and an half of Sugar and boyl it into a fyrup.

Culpeper] A. It is a gentle Purger of choller, and may be given even in feavers to draw away the sharp chollerick humors according to the opinion of Audernacus, whose Receipt (all things considered) dif-

fers little from this.

Syrupus de Pamis Purgans. Page 63. in the L. Book. Or, Syrup of Apples, purging

The Colledg] Take of the Juyee of fiveet [melling Apples two pound, the juyce of Borrage and Bugloss of each one pound and an half, Senua two ounces, Annis feeds half an ounce, Saffron one drachm ; let

the Senna be fleeped in the Juyees twenty four hours, and after a walm or two strain it, and with two pound of white sugar boyl it to a syrup according to art, the Saffron being tyed up in a rag, and often cru-[hed in the boyling. Culpeper] A. Mesue oppoints Senna Cods, and

fo do the Augustan Physitians, vig. the busk that holds the feeds; and the Colledg altered that, and added the Annis feeds, I suppose to correct the Sen-

na, and in to doing they did well-

A. The syrup is a pretty cooling purge, and tends to rectifie the diffempers of the blood, it purgeth choller and melancholly, and therefore must needs be effectual both in yellow and black Jaundice, madness, scurf, Leprosie, and scabs; It is very gentle, and for that I commend both the Receipt, and Melue the Author of it. The dole is from one ounce to three, according as the body is in age and ffrength. An ounce of it in the morning is excellent for fuch children as break out in scabs.

Syrupus de Pomis Magistralis. Page 68. in L. Book. Or, Syrup of Apples Magisterial.

The Colledge Take of the Juyce and Water of Apples of each a pound and an half, the Juyce and Water of Borrage and Bugloß of each nine onnces, Senna and why balf a pound, Annis feeds, and sweet Fennel feeds of Creet? of each three drachms, Epithimum " of Creet two there grew ounces, Agrick, Rhubarb, of each balf an ounce, most Time Ginger, Mace of each four scruples, Cinnamen two upon Hi- scruples, Saffron half a drachm; Insufe the Rhubarb mettus in and Connamon apart by it felf, in white wine and Greece, & Juyce of Apples, of each two ownces, let all the reft, Hybla in the Saffron excepted, be fleeped in the Waters above Sycilia, & mentioned, and the next day jut in the Juyces, which fo by con- being boyled, scummed and sirained, then with four sequence ownces of white Sugar boyl it into a fyrup, erushing the most Epi- Saffron in it being tyed up in a linnen rog, the insufficient

Culpeper] A. Out of doubt this is a gallant fyrup to purge addust Choller and Melancholly, and to refift madness. I know no better purge for such as are almost, or altogether distracted by Melancholly, than one ounce of this mixed with four ounces of the Decoction of Epithimum, ordering their bodies as they

were taught.

Syrupus de Rhabarbaro. Poge 69. in the Lat. Book.

Or, Syrup of Rhubarb.
The Colledg] Take of the best Rhubarb and Senna of each two ounces and an half, Violet Flowers a bandful, Cinnamon one drachm and an balf, Ginger half a drathm, Beteny, Success and Engloss water of each one pound and an half; let them be mixed together warm all night, and in the morning strained and boyled into a frup with two found of white sugar, adding towards the end four owners of fyrup of Rofes.

Culpeper] A. It clerifeth choller and melancholly very gently, and therefore is fit for children,old people, and weak bodies. You may ad an ounce of it to the Decection of Epithimum or to the Decection of

* God re- Senna. It is a very pretty Receipt made by the Aujoyceth in guftan Physitians.

CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF

odd num- Syrupus Rosacens Solutivus. Page 69. in L. Book. bers,
Quoth one The Colledg Take of firing water boyling bot of their sour sound, Damask Reseleuves fresh as many as the Patriarks, Water will contain, let them remain ewelve hours in I should infusion, close popped; then prefi them out and jut in have faid fielb Rofe leaves, do jo " nine gimes, in the fame li-

quor, encreasing the quantity of the Roses as the Liquor encreaseth, which will be almost by the third part every time; Take six parts of this Liquor and with four parts of white Sugar boylit to a Jyrup according to art.

Culpeper] A. It loofneth the belly, and gently bringeth out choller and flegm, but leaves a binding

quality behind it.

Syrupus è Succo Rofarum. Page 70. in the Lat. Book. Or, Syrup of the Juyce of Roles.

The Colledg It is prepared without steeping, only with the Juyce of Damark Roses pressed out, and clarified, and an equal proportion of Sugar added to

Culpeper] A. This is like the other.

Syrupus Rofaceus Solutivus cum Agavico. Page 70. Or, Syrup of Roses Solutive with Agrick.

The Colledg] Take of Agrick cut thin an ownce, Ginger two drachms , Sal-Gem one drachm, Polypodium bruifed two ounces, sprinkle them with white wine and steep them two dates over warm ofbes, in a pound and an half of the insusion of Damask Roses prescribed before, and with one pound of Sugar boylit into a syrup according to Art.

Culpeper] A. You had better ad twice so much sugar as is of the infusion, for fear the strength of the

Agrick be loft in the boyling.

A. It purgeth flegm from the head, relieves the sences oppressed by it, it provokes the terms in women, it purgeth the flomach and Liver, and provoketh urin. Some hold it an univerfal purge for all parts of the body: a weak body may take an ounce at a time, and a firong, two ounces, guiding himfelf as he was taught in Decoction of Epithimum.

Syrupus Rofaceus Solutivus cum Hellebero. Page 70. Or, Syrup of Roses Solutive with Hellebore.

The Colledg] Take of the back of all the Myrobalans of each four ownces, bruise them grofly and steep them twenty four hours in twelve pound of the infusion of Roses before Spoken ; Senna, Epithimum, Polypodium of the Oak, of each four ounces; Cloves an ounce, Citron seeds, Liquoris of each four ounces, the bark of black Hellebore roots six drachms; let the Take th fourth part of the Liquor gently exhale, firain it, and Roots with five pound of Sugar and fixteen drachms of Rhu- themselve barb tyed up in a linnen ray, make it into a fyrup ac- for if th cording to Art.

Culpeper] A. You must not boyl the black Helle- be had, i bore at all, or but very little, if you do you had as is very good put none in; me thinks the Colledg should rare. have had either more wit or honefly, than to have left Receipts so woodenly penned to posterity, or it may be they wrote as they fay only to the Learned, or in plain English for their own ends, or to satisfie their coveroulness, that a man must needs run to them every time his finger akes.

A. The fyrup rightly used, purgeth melancholly, refisseth madness. I wish the ignorant to let it alone, for fear it be too hard for them , and use them so

courfly as the Colledg hath done.

Syrugus Rofaceus Solutivus cum Sena. Page 72. Or, Syrup of Roles Solutive with Senna-

The Collede Take of Senna fix sunses; Emaway

Bark be to

kle them with white wine and infuse them two daies in three pound of the infusion of Roses aforesaid, then strain it, and with two pound of Sugar boyl it into a

Culpeper] 'A. It purgeth the body of choller and melancholly, and expels the relicts a difease hath left behind it; the dose is from one ounce to two: you may take it in a Decoction of Senna, it leaves a bin-

ding quality behind it.

Surupus de Spina Cervina. Page 71.

Or, Syrup of Purging Thorn.

The Colledg Take of the Berries of Purging Thorn, gathered in September, as many as you will, I giate.

and sweet Fennel feeds of each three drachms, forin- | bruife them in a stone Mortar and pres out the Juyce, let the fourth part of it evaporate away in a bath, then to two pound of it, ad fixteen ounces of white Sugar, boyl it into a Syrup, which perfume with Mastich, Comamon, Nutmegs, Annis feeds, in fine pouder of each three drachms.

Culpeper] A. Tragus and Pena commend it much against the Dropsie, I know nothing of it by experience, and I am confident the Colledg when they writ it knew as little, and therefore I hold it modely to let it alone, as an upftart Medicine appointed to try experiences upon poor mens bodies, and if it kill them, their friends by Law cannot question a Colle-

SYRUPS MADE WITH VINEGER AND HONEY.

Mel Anthofatum. Page 71. in the Latin Book. Or, Honey of Rolemary Flowers.

Take of fresh Rosemany Flowers a pound, clarified Honey three pound, mix them in a glass with a narrow mouth, set them in the sun, and keep them for use.

Culpeper] A. It hash the same vertues with Rosemary flowers, to which I refer you, only by reason of the Honey it may be formwhat clenhing.

Mel Helleboratum. Page 72. in the Latin Book.

Or, Honey Helleborated. The Colledg] Take of white Hellebore Roots buisfed a pound, cleer water fourteen pound, after three daies infusion, boyl it till half be consumed, then strain it diligently, and with three pound of Honey boyl it to the thickness of Honey.

Culpeper A. What a monfirum horrendum, hot-rible terrible Receipt have we got here? A pound of white Hellebore boyled in fourteen pints of Water to feven; I would ask the Colledg (if they would not be angry, or if they be I cannot help it) whether the Hellebore will not lofe its vertue in the twentieth part of this infulion and decoction (for it must be infuled (forfooth) three daies to a minute;) if a man may make so bold as to tell them the truth, A Taylors Goose being boyled that time, would make a Decoction neer as firong as the Hellebore, but this they will not believe; well then be it so, imagine the Hellebore still to retain its vigor after being so long tired out with a tedious boyling (for less boyling would boyl an Ox) what should this Medicine do purge Melancholly say they, but from whom? from men or beafts? for the Medicine would be so flrong the Devil would not take it unless it were powred down his throat with a horn. I will not fay they intended to kill men cum privilegio, that's too gross; I charibly judg thus, They fearing their monopoly would not hold as being built upon a rotten foundation, intended when it failed to turn Horie-Doctors,

and so provided this Receipt against a wet day, For,

A. Either the vertue of the Hellebore will fly away in such a martyrdom, or clie it will remain in the Decoction.

A. If it evaporate away, then is the Medicine like themselves good for nothing.

A. If it remain in, it is enough to spoil the ftron-

gelt man breathing.

A. 1. Because it is too strong.

A. 2. Because it is not corrected in the least, and because they have not corrected that, therefore I take leave to correct them.

Mel Mercuriale. Page 72. in the Latin Book. Or, Honey of Mercury.

The Colledg Boyl three pound of the Jugee of Mercury with two pound of Honey to the thickness of

Culpeper] A. It is used as an Emollient in Cly-

Mel Mororum, vel Diamoron. Page 72. in L. Book.
Or, Honey of Mulberries.
The Colledg] Take of the Juyce of Mulberries and black berries, before they be ripe, gathered before the Sun be up, of each a pound and an half, Honey two pound boyl them to their due thickness.

Culpeper] A. It is vulgarly known to be good for fore mouths, as also to cool inflamations there.

Mel Nuceum, alias, Diacaryon et Dianucum. P. 72. Or, Honey of Nuts.

The Colledg] Take of the Juyce of the outward back of green walnuts, gathered in the dog daies two pound, boylit gently till it be thick, and with one pound of Honey boyl it to the thickness of Honey

Culpeper] A. It is a good preservative in pestilential times, a spoonful being taken so soon as you are

Mel Passulatum. Page 72. in the Latin Book.

Or, Honey of Raisons.

The Colledg Take of Raisons of the Sun elensed from the stones two pound, steep them in fix pound of warm water, the next day boylist half away and prefs it Brongly, and with two pound of Honey let the expreffed liquor boyl to its thickness.

Culpeper] A. It is a pretty pleating Medicine for fuch as are in Confumptions, and are bound in body.

Mel Rosatum commune, five Foliatum. Page 73. Or, Common Honey of Roles.

The Colledg Take of red Rofes not quite open tree pound, Honey fix pound, fet them in the Sun according to art.

Mel Rofatum Colatum. Page 73. in the Latin Book. Or, Honey of Roles strained.

The Colledg] Toke of the best clarified Honey ten pound, Juyce of fresh red Roses one pound, set it handsomly over the fire, and when it begins to boyl, put in four pound of fresh red Roses, the whites being cut off 3 the Juyce being consumed by boyling and stivring, firainit, and keep it for ufe.

Culpeper] A. They are both used for diseases in

the mouth.

Mel Rofatum Solutivum. Page 73. in L. Book. Or, Honey of Rofes Solutive.

The Colledg] Take of the often Infusion of Damask Roses five pound, Honey rightly clarified four pound, boyl it to the thickness of Honey.

Culpeper] A. It is used as a laxative in Clysters, and some Chyrurgians use it to clense wounds.

The Colledg] After the same manner is prepared

Honey of the Infusion of red Roses. Mel Scilliticum. Page 73. In the Latin Book. Or, Honey of Squils.

The Colledg] Take one Squill full of Juyce, cut it in bits, and put it in a glass vessel, the mouth close flopped, and covered with a skin, fet it in the Sun fourty daies, to wit, twenty before and after the rifing of the Dog Star, then open the veffel and take the Juyce which lies at the bottom, and preferve it with the best Honey.

Culpeper A. A man never shews his folly so much as in medling with things he hath no skill in : Were it not folly in me to go teach a Smith how to make mails, or a Farmer how to mend his Land? And what then is it for our learned Colledg to write of Aftronomy, which is a Science they have as much skill in as Banks his horse ? I told them of it last Edition, and now they have mended it as the Fletcher mended his Bolt, made two faults for one before; what should a Common-wealth do with such creazures that know nothing, and are too proud to learn. It belongs to their flaves, viz. the Company of the Apothecaries to ask them, 1. Which Dog Star they mean, 2. Which rifing whether Acronical, Cosmical, or Heliacal.

The Colledg] Honey of Violets is prepared like as

Honey of Roses. Oxymel Simple. Page 73. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of the best Honey four pound, elter water and white wine Vineger of each two pound, boyl them in an earthen veffel, taking the foum off with a wooden Scummer, till it be come to the con-

fillence of a Syrup.

Culpeper] A. Your best way is to boyl the Water and Honey first into a Syrup, and ad the Vineger afrerwards, and then boyl it again into a Syrup. Obferve, that the later it be before you ad the Vineger to any Syrup, the fowrer will it be : fo may you pleafe your felf, and not offend the Colledg, for they give you latitude enough.

A. It cuts flegm, and it is a good preparative a-

gainst a vomit.

THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY

Oxymel Compound. Page 73. in the L. Book. The Colledg Take of the Bark of the Root of Fermel, Smallage, Parfty, Erufeus, Sparagus, of each two ounces, the Seeds of Fermel, Smallage, Parfty, Annus, of each one ounce, steep them all (the Roots being first clensed and the Seeds bruised) in fix pound of cleer water, and a pound and an balf of wine Vineger, the next day boyl it to the consumption of the third part, boyl the rest being strained, with three

pound of Honey into a liquid Syrup according to art-Culpeper] A. First, having bruised the Roots and Seeds, boylthem in the water till half be consumed, then strain it and ad the Honey, and when it is almost boyled enough, add the Vineger; and with all my heart I will put it to Dr. Reason to judg which is the best way of making of it, the Colledges or mine.

Oxymel Helleboratum. Page 74. in the Latin Book. Or, Oximel Helleborated.

The Colledg] Take of Rue, Time, Dittany of Creet , Hysop , Penyroyal , Horebound, Cardus, the Roots of Celtick Spicknard without Leaves, the inner bark of Elders, of each a handful, mountain Calaminth two pugils, the Seeds of Annis, Fennel, Bazil, Romane Nettles, Dill, of each two drachms, the Roots of Angelica, Marsh-Mallows, Aron, Squils prepared, Birthwort, long, round, and climing, Turbith, English Orris, Costus, Polypodium, Lemmon Pills, of each an ounce, the strings of black Hellobore, Sparge, Agrick, added at the end of the Decostion, of each two drams; the bark of white Hellebor half an ownce, let al of them being dried & bruised, be digested in a Glas, or glazed veffel close ftopped, in the heat of the Sun, or of a Furnace; Posca, made of equal parts of Water and Vineger, eight pound, Sapa two ounces; three claies being expired, boyl it a little more than balf away; firain it pressing it gently, and ad to the liquor a pound and an half of Honey-Roses, wherein two ounces of Citron Pills have been infused, boyl it to the thickness of Honey, and perfume it with Cloves, Saffrom, Ginger, Galanga, Mace, of each a drachm.

Culpeper] A. It is such a mess of altogether, that a man scarce knows what to do with it; here are many Simples very Cordial, many provoke the terms, some purge gently, some violently, and some cause vomiting; being all put together I verily think the labor and cost if put in an equal ballance would outweigh the benefit; but the Apothecaries must make

it, the Colledg commands it.

Oxymel Julianizans. Page 75. in Lat. Book. The Colledg] Take of the bark of Caper Roots, the Roots of Orris, Fermel, Parfly, Brufcus, Cichory, Sparagus, Cyperus, of each half an ounce, the Leaves of Harts-tongue, Schananth, Tamaris, of each half a handful, sweet Fennel Seed half an ownce, infuse them in three pound of Pofca which is fomthing fowr, afterwards boyl it till half be confumed, strain it, and with Honey and Sugar clarified, of each half a pound,

boyl it to the thickness of Honey.

Culpeper] A. This Medicine is very opening, very good against Hypocondriack Melancholly, and as fit a Medicine as can be for that difease in children called the Rickets. Children are as humorfom as men (and they are humorforn enough Experience the best of all Doctors teacheth) some love sweet things, let them take Syrup of Harts-tongue 3 others cannot abide sweet things, to their natures this Syrup suits, being taken in the same manner.

The Colledg] Oximel of Squits simple is made of three pound of clarified Honey, Vineger of Squils two

pound, boyl them according to art.

Culpeper] A. They fay they borrowed this Receipt of Nicholaus, but of what Nicholaus I know

not, the felf same Receipt is word for word in Mesuc | whose commendations of it is this, It cuts and divides humors that are tough and viscus, and therefore helps the stomach and bowels afflicted by such humors, and helps four belchings. If you take but a spoonful in the morning, an able body will think it

enough.

A. View the Vineger of Squils, and then your reafon will tell you this is as wholfom, and fomwhat

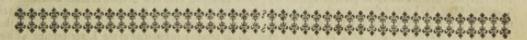
more toothfom.

Oxymet Scilliticum Compositum. Page 75. in L. Book. Or, Oximel of Squils Compound.

The Colledg.] Take of Origanum, dried Hysop, Time, Lovage, Cardamoms the left, Stuchas, of each five drachms, boyl them in three pound of Water to one ; firain it, and with two pound of Honey, Honey of Raisons balf a pound, Juyce of Briony five ounces, Vineger of Squils a pound and an balf, boyl it and scum it according to art.

Culpeper.] A. Mefue faith this is good against the Falling-fickness, Megrim, Head-ach, Vertigo, or fwimming in the head, and if these be occasioned by the stomach as many times they are; it helps the Lungues obstructed by humor, and is good for women not well clenfed after labor, it opens the passage of the womb. 'Tis too churlish a purge for a Country man to meddle with: If the ignorant will be medling they will meet with their matches, and fay I told

A. Such Syrups as are in their rejected Dispensatory, and left out in this, (for they love to reject the best and chuse the worst, as though they were born for nothing else but to do mischief) are these that



A. R Eader, before we begin, I thought good to advertise thee of these sew things, which indeed I had inserted at the beginning of the Syrups had I

not forgotten it.

A. 1. A Syrup is a Medicine of a liquid body, compounded of Decoction, Infufion, or Juyce, with Sugar or Honey, and brought by the heat of the fire, into the thickness of Honey.

A. 2. Because all Honey is not of a thickness, understand new Honey, which of

all other is thinnest.

A. 3. The Reason why Decoctions, Infusions, and Juyces, are thus used, is, because thereby,

1. They will keep the longer. 2. They will tast the better.

A. 4. In boyling Syrups have a great care of their just confishance, for if you boyl them too much they will candy, if too little, they will four.

A. 5. All Simple Syrups have the vertues of the Simples they are made of, and are far more convenient for weak people, and queazy stomachs.

Syrup of Purflain. Mefue.

The Col- Take of the feeds of Purstain evolty ledg. Thrisfed, half a pound, of the Jusce of Endive boyled and clarified two pound, Sugar two pound, Vineger nine ounses; infuse the seeds in the juyce of Endive twenty four bours, afterwards, boyl it half away with a gentle fire, then strain it and boyl it with the Sugar to the confiftence of a Syrup, adding the Vineger towards the latter end of the Decoction.

Culpeper.] A. It is a pretty cooling Syrup, fit for any hot difeates incident to the stomach, reins, bladder, matrix, or liver, it thickens flegm, cools the blood and provokes fleep. You may take an ounce of it at a time when you have occasion-

Compound Syrup of Coltsfoot. Renodxus.

about I could The Colledg.] Take fix bandfuls of green Colts-ily prov foot, two bandfuls of Maiden-hair, one bandful of ing wa- Hysop, and two owntes of Liquoris, boyl them in four to be pints, either of vain or spring water, till the fourth black Poppies, seeds and all, of each fifty drachms, both by part be consumed, then strain it and clarific it, to Maiden-hair sisteen drachms, Liquoris sive drachms,

I durft

nd pa-

which ad three pound of white Sugar, boyl it to the perfect consistence of a Syrup.

Culpeper.] A. The Composition is apropriated to the Lungues, and therefore helps the infirmities, weaknesses, or failings thereof, as want of voice, difficulty of breathing, coughs, hoarineis, cathars &c. The way of taking it is with a Liquoris stick, or if you please you may ad an ounce of it to the pectoral Decoction before mentioned.

Syrup of Poppies, the leffer Composition.

The Colledg] Take the beads of white Poppies and black, when both of them are green, of each fix ounces; the feeds of Lettice, the Flowers of Violets, of each one ounce, boyl them in eight pints of water, till the vertue is out of the heads, then strain them, and with four pound of Sugar boyl the Liquor to a fyrup.

Syrup of Poppies, the greater Composition. Meluc.

The Colledg] Take of the heads of both white and Jujubes

growing

in Egypt

and Arabia.

Jujubes thirty by number, Lettice feeds fourty drams; | of the feeds of Mallews and Quinces (tied up in a thin linnen cloath) of each one drachm and an half, boyl thefe in eight pints of water till five pints be confumed 3 when you have firained out the three pints remaining, ad to them, Penides and white Sugar of each a found, boyl them into a Syrno according to

Culpeper.] A. All thefe former Syrups of Poppies provoke fleep, but in that, I defire they may be used with a great deal of Caution and wariness, such as these are, are not fit to be given in the beginnings of Feavers, nor to fuch whole bodies are collive; ever remember my former Motto, Fools are not fit to make Physicians. Yet to such as are troubled with hot, thatp Rhewms, you may fafely give them; and note this, the last, which is borrowed from Melne is apropriated to the Lungues, whole own words (translazion excepted) of it are thefe, It prevails against dry Coughs, Phtificks, hot and fharp gnawing Rhewms, and provokes fleep. It is an ufual inflition for Nurfes when they have heat their Milk by exercise or strong liquor, (no marvel then if their children be froward) then run for Syrup of Poppies to make their yong ones fleep. I would fain have that fashion left, therefore I forbear the doie; let Nurses keep their own Eodies temperate, and their children will fleep well enough, never fear.

Syrup of Eupatorium (or Maudlin) Mefue.

The Colledg. Take of the Roots of Smallage, Fernel, and Success, of each two ounces; Liquorus, Schananth, Dodair, "A kind of hair, Bedequar, or instead thereof the Roots of Car-Thorn dus Maria, Suchaba, or instead thereof the Roots of Avens, the flowers or roots of Bugloß, Annis feeds, fweet Fennel Jeeds, Ageratum, or Maudlin, of each five drachms, Rhubarb, Maltich, of each three petite. You may take a spoonful at a time.

drachms, Spickward, Indian Leaf,or inflead of it put Roman Spike, of each two drachms: boyl them in eight pints of water till the third part be consumed ; then firain the Decettion, and with four pound of Sugar, clarified suyce of Smallage and Endrue, of each balf a pound, boyl it into a Syrup.

Culpeper.] A. 'Tis a ftronge clause, and the ftranger because it comes from a Colledg of Physitians : that they should set Bedeguar, or initead thereof Car-duns Maria: It is well known that the Bedeguar ufed here with us, or rather that which the Physitians of our times use for Bedeguar, is a thing that grows upon wild Rofes, but the Bedeguar of the Arabians was * Carduns Marie, and they knew well enough * It is the Mefue (whose Receipt this was) was an Arabian : we call outruly this is just as if they should say, they would have Ladies ten shillings for a vifit, or instead of that an angel ; thistle, he there being in deed and in truth as much difference ving whi between Bedegnar and Carduns Maria, as between veins in eightpence and two groats.

A. It amends infirmities of the Liver coming of used to ! cold, opens ebstructions, helps the Dropsie and evil eaten in flate of the body, it extenuates gross humors, ftreng- the spring thens the Liver, provokes urine and is a prefent fue-time. cour for Hypocondriack Melancholly. You may take an ounce at a time in the morning : it opens,

but purgeth not.

Henry of Emblicks. Augustanus.

The Colledg.] Take Ffty Emblick Myrobalans, bruife them and boyl them in three pints of water till two be consumed ; strain it, and with the like weight of Honey, boyl it into a Syrup.

Culpeper.] A. It is a fine gentle purger both of flegm and Melancholly, it strengthens the brain and nerves, and fences both internal and external, helps tremblings of the heart, flaies vomiting, provokes ap-

ROB



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ROBORSAPA AND JUYCES.

ROB is formidable to the ignorant Coun-man in these thieving times; and therefore in the first place, I will explain the word.

A. 1. Rob or Sapa, is the Juyces of a Fruit, made thick by the heat either of the Sun or the Fire, that

it is capable of being kept fafe from putrifaction.

A. 2. Its use was first invented for Diseases in the mouth, (however or for whatfoever it is used now, it matters not.)

A. 3. It is usually made, in respect of body, somthing thicker than new Honey.

A. 4. It may be kept about a year, little more or Icis.

Rob, five Sapa, Simplex . Page 76. in the L. Book.

Or, Simple Rob, or Sapa.

The Colledg.] Take of wine newly pressed from white and ripe Grapes, boyl it over a gentle fire to the

thickness of Honey.
Culpeper] A. When ever you reade the word Rob, or Sapa throughout the Dispensatory, simply quoted in any medicine without any relation of what it should be made, this is that you ought to use.

Rob de Berberit. Page 76. in the Latin Book.

Or, Rob of Barberries.

The Colledg.] Take of the Juyce of Barberries firained as much as you will, boyl it by it felf (or elfe by adding half a pound of Sugar to each pound of Juyce) to the thickness of Honey.

[ulpeper.] A. It quencheth thirst, closeth the mouth of the stomach, thereby staying vomiting, and belching, it flrengthens flomachs weakened by heat, and procures appetite. Of any of these Robs you may take a little on the point of a knife when you need.

Rob de Cerafis. Page 76. in the Latin Book.
Or, Rob of Cherries.
The Colledg. Take of the juyce of red Cherries formbat fourish, as much as you will, and with half their weight in sugar boyl them like the former.

Culpeper.] A. See the vertues of Cherries, and there have you a neat trick to keep them all the year-

> Rob de Cornie. Page 76. in the latin Book. Or, Rob of Cornels.

The Colledg] Take of the payer of Cornels two pound, sugar a pound and an balf, boyl is according to art.

Culpeper.] A. Of these Cornel trees are two forts, male and formale; the fruit of the male Cornel, or

is that which is called Dogberry, in the North Country they call it Gatter-wood, and we in Suffex Dog-wood, I suppose because the Berries will make Dogs mad as some hold; also it is very unwholsom wood, specially for such as have been bitten by mad

A. The fruit of male Cornel, binds exceedingly, and therefore good in fluxes, bloody fluxes, and the immoderate flowing of the terms in women.

Rob Cydoniorum. Page 76. in the Latin Book. Or, Rob of Quinces.

The Colledg] Take of the clarified juyce of Quinces, boyl it till two parts be consumed, and with its equal waight in Sugar boyl it into a Rob.

Miva vel Gelatina Eorundem. Page 76. in L. Book.
Or, Gelly of Quinces.

The Colledg Take of the suyce of Quinces clarified twelve pound, boyl it half away, and ad to the re-mainder, old white wine five pound, consume the third part over a gentle fire, taking away the feum (as you ought) let the rest feitle, and strain it and with three pound of fugar boyl it according to art-

Culpeper] A. Both are good for weak and indifpofed ftomachs.

The Colledg] Rob of four Plums is made as Rob of Quinces, the use of sugar is indifferent in them both.

Rob of English Currence is made in the same manner, let the juyce be clarified.

Culpeper] A. The vertues are the same with Rob of Barberries.

Rob Baccarum Sambuci. Page 77. in L. Book.

Or, Rob of Elder Berries.

The Colledg Take of the Juyce of Elder Berries and make it thick with the help of a gentle fire, either by its felf, or a quarter of its waight in sugar being added.

Culpeper] Both Rob of Elder Berries, and Dwarf-Elder are excellent for fuch whose bodies are inclining to Dropfies; neither let them neglect nor despile it, if they do 'tis not my fault : They may take the quantity of a Nutmeg each morning, 'twill gently purge the watry humor.

The Colledg In the same manner is made Rob of Dwarf Elder, Junipers and Pauls Betony, only in the last, the Sugar and Juyce must be equal in waight. Succus Glycyrrbige simplex. Page 77. in Lat. Book.

Or, Juyce of Liquoris simple. The Colledg Infuse Liqueris Roots clenfed and gently bruised three daies in spring water, to much Cornelian Cherry is here to be used, for the formale | that it may overap the Roots the breadth of three fin-Dd 2

gers, then boylit a little and preß it hard out, and boylthe Liquor with a gentle fire to its due thickme B.

Culpeper] A. It is vulgarly known to be good against coughs, cold, &c. and a strengthener of the Lungues.

Succus Glycyrrhize Compositus. P.77. in L. Book. Or, Juyce of Liquoris Compound.

The Colledg] Take of the water of tender Oak leaves, of Scabious of each four pounds, English Liquogrees till they be soft, then pres out the Liquor strong-ty in a pres, to which ad three pound of Juyce of Hy-sop, and dry it away in the Sun in a broad Earthen thickness. vis scraped and bruised two pound, boyl them by de-

culpeper] A. The vertues are the same with the former, but that the Colledg loves to be troublesom.

Succus Pronorum Stveffrum. Page 78. in Lat. Book. Or, Juyce of Sloes, called Acacia-

The Colledg Take of Sloes hardly ripe, pres out the Juyce and make it thick in a bath.

Culpeper] A. It stops Fluxes, and procures appetite.

The Colledg] So are the juyces of wormwood, Maudlin, and Fumitory made thick, to wit, the Herbs bruised while they be tender, and the juyce preffed out and after it is clarified, boyled over the fire to its just



LOHOCH ECLEGMATA.

A. BEcause this word also is understood but by few, we will first explain what it is.

A. I. The word Loboch is an Arabick word, called in Greek εκλιγμα, in Latin, Linetus, and fignifies a thing to be lick'd up.

A. 2. It is in respect of Body, somthing thicker

than a Syrup, and not so thick as an Electuary.

A. 3. Its use it was invented for, was against the roughness of the windpipe, diseases, and inflamations of the Lungues, difficulty of breathing, Colds, Coughs &c.

A. 4. Its manner of reception is with a Liquoris flick, bruised at end, to take up some and retain it in the mouth, till it melt of its own accord.

Loboch de Farfara. Page 79. in the Latin Book. Or, Lohoch of Coltsfoot.

The Colledg Take of Collsfoot voots clenfed eight ounces, Marsh-mallow roots four ounces clensed, boyl them in a sufficient quantity of water, and preß the pulp out through a five, diffolve this again in the De-cottion, and let it boyl once or troice, then take it from the fire, and ad two pound of white Sugar, Honey of Raijons, fourteen ounces, juyce of Liquoris two drachms and an half, stir them stoutly with a wooden pessel, mean season sprinkle in softron, and cloves of each a scruple, Cinnamon and Mace, of each two scruples, make the manual of the season of each two scruples, make them into a Lokoch according to art.

Culpeper] A. It was invented by an uncertain, or an unrevealed Author for the Cough, and they that cannot get a better nor a cheaper may freely use this,

CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF

not else; those that have read the Augustan Physicians may reade a cheaper there, and those that have not nor cannot, may know if they please, how they are led by the nofes by a company of Colledg gulls.

Lohoth de Papavere. Page 79. in the Latin Book. Or, Lohoth of Poppies.

The Colledg] Take white Poppy feeds twenty four drachms, sweet Almonds blanched in Rose water, Pinenuts clensed, Gum Arabick and Tragacanth of each ten drachms, juyce of Liquoris an ounce, starch three drachms, the feeds of Lettice, Pursian, Quin-ces of each half an ounce, Sasfron a drachm, Penids four ounces, Syrup of Meconium three pound, make it into a Loboch according to art

Culpeper] A. The right Worshipful, the Col-ledg of Phylitians, having found a Medicine called by this name in the Augustane Dispensatory, did as well as they could to alter it a little, that fo they might make fools beleev it was their own. It helps falt fharp and thin distillations upon the Lungues; it allaies the fury of such sharp humors which occasion both roughness of the throat, want of sleep, and seavers ; It is excellent for such as are troubled with Pleurefiesto take now and then a little of it.

Loboch è Passulis. Page 80. in the Latin Book. Or, Lohoch of Raisons.

The Colledg Take of male Peony Roots, Liquoris of each half an ounce, Hyfop, Bawm, Hartstongue, or Cetrach of each half a handful, boyl them in spring for the Colledg gives them leave if they appoint it, water, and gress them strongly, and by adding a pund

alianen cloath, then with a pound of white Sugar

make it into a Loboth according to art.

Culpeper] A. Although this Medicine be seldom in use with us in England, yet by report of forraign Physitians, it is very prevalent, both against coughs, consumptions of the Lungues, and other vices of the breaft, and is usually given to children for such disea-The dif- ses, as also for the convultions, and falling sickness, ference of and indeed the simples testifie no less-

which two diseases is not much.

Afthma,

ough

Lungs.

Lohoch è Pino. Page 80. in the Latin Book. Or, Lohoch of Pinenuts.

The Colledg Take of Pinenuts, fifteen drachms, fweet Almonds, Hazel nuts gently rofted, Gum-Arabick, and Tragacanth, ponder and juyce of Liqueris, white flarch, Maiden-bair, Orris Roots of each two drachms, the pulp of Dates seventeen drachms, bit-ter Almonds one drachm and an half, Honey of Raifons, white Sugar-Condy, fresh Butter, of each two ounces, Honer one pound and an half, dissolve the Gums in so much Decoction of Maiden-hair as is sufficient, let the rest be mixed over a gentle fire, and stir-

red that so it may be made into a Loboth.
Culpeper] A. Before, the Colledg followed the Augustan Physitians to a hair, and indeed who can blame them for following wifer men than themselves, now they have altered the quantities, of the simples, and if you ask them the reason why they did so, you shall have the same answer Balaam gave when he disputed with his Ass, "Oh, that there were a sword in my hand that I might kill thee.

A. The Medicin is excellent for continual coughs, and difficulty of breathing, it fuccours fuch as are Afthmatick, for it cuts and attenuates tough huwhe thick mors in the breaft.

Loboth de Portulaca. Page 80. in the Latin Book. Or, Lohoch of Parflain.

n the lapness of the Praches of Ambar Course of the Brained juyce of Purpers of the Traches of Ambar Course of terra Lemnia two drams, Troches of Amber, Gum-Arabick, Dragons blood of each one drachm, Lapis Hematitis, the wood of a Hare tofted, of each two scruples, white Sugar one pound, mix them together, that so you may make a Loboch of them.

Culpeper] A. The Medicine is so terribly binding that it is better let alone than taken, unless in inward bruises when men spit blood, then you may safely take a little of it; if you would know whence they stole it, it was from Ausberg: you shall shortly hear the Augustan Physitians come with Hu and Cry after the Colledg, and cry, STOP THEEVES!

Lohoch è Pulmone Vulpis. Page 81. in Lat. Book. Or, Lohoch of Fox Lungs.

The Colledg] Take of Fox Lungues rightly prepared, juyce of Liquoris, Maiden-bair, Annus feeds, fweet Fennel feeds, of each equal parts, Sugar diffolved in Coltsfoot and Scabious water and boyled into a Syrup, three times their waight; the vest being in sine pouder, let them be put to it and strongly stirred together, that it may be made into a Loboth according to

Culpeper] A. Look what pains the Colledg hath taken in altering this Receipt, here is a little Scabi-ous water added and that's all: Why should they think themselves wifer than Mesue, when they are not (God knows) half so honest.

of Raifons bruifed, boyl it again, pressing it through no Sugar nor uncertain quantity of any thing, and reason it self will tell you Honey is most clenting-

A It clenfeth and uniteth ulcers in the Lungs and breaft, and is a present remedy in Phtisicks.

Lohoch fanum et Expertum. Page 81. in L. Book Or, A found and well Experienced Lohoch.

The Colledg] Take of dried Hyfop and Calamintis of each half an ounce, Jujubes, Sebestens, the stones being taken out, fifteen, Raifons of the Sun stoned,
P fat Figs, Dates, of each two ounces, Linseed Fe-P Now nugrick feed, of each five drachms, Maiden-bair one they aphandful, Annis seeds, and sweet Fennel seeds, Orris pointed Roots cut, Liquoris, Cinnamon, of each an ounce, boyl far Figs as them all according to art in four pound of cleer water I bid them till half be consumed, and with two pound of Penids last times boylit into a fyrup, afterwards cut and bruise very Smal Pinenuts five drachms, sweet Almonds blanched, Liquoris, Gum Tragacanth and Arabick, white Starch, of each three drachms, let thefe be put into the Syrup when it is off from the fire, and stirit about fwiftly with a wooden Peftel till it look white.

Culpeper] A Only Mefue appoints one drachin less of Linfeeds, and whereas they appoint white Sugar, he appoints Penids, else the Receipt is verbatim-

A It succours the Breast, Lungs, Throat, and * Trachea Arteria oppressed by cold, it restores the *Or wind voice loft by reason of cold, and attenuate thick and pipe. gross humors in the Breast and Lungs.

Lohoch Scilliticum. Page 81. in the Latin Book.

Or, Lohoch of Squils.

The Colledg] Take three drachms of a Squill baked in pall, Orris Roots two drachms; Hyfop, Hotebound, of each one drachm, Saffron, Mirrb, of each half a drachm, Honey two ounces and an half, bruife the Squill, after it is baked in a stone Mortar, and after it bath boyled a walm or two with the Honey, put in the rest of the things in pouder, dilligently stirring it, and make it into a Lohoch according to art.

Culpeper] A. In their former Edition (if they be not assumed to own it, as they need not for they cannot mend it) they quoted another Lohoch of Squills, and faid it was Mefue's, but they were befide

the cushion, it was this.

Eclegma of Squils. Melue.

The Colledg] Take of the juyce of Squils and Honey, both of them clarified, of each two ponud, boyl them together according to art to the confishence of

A. And my Descant upon it was this,

A. How the name of Mefue came to be obtruded upon this Receipt I know not; this I am confident of, Galen was the Author of it , neither is it probable the Colledg would have given the name of Eclegma, but Lohoch, had it been the Receipt of an Arabian; neither can it be the Printers fault, for he vapors at the latter end of the Book, that he hath made none, and he hath done it in English, that the vulgar may understand THAT in the Book, though nothing elfe.

A. Ah ha, quoth they, have we got the rong Sow by the ear, and hath he found out our knavery? cannot be holp, we will leave out that here, and fleal one from Mefue to put instead of it, which is what A. Mefue appoints fixteen ounces of Honey, and I they prescribed but now; and just as I was writing

of this I heard my neighbors dogs howl, it may be it was because he was ashamed of their baseness, or else because if they had that trick, they had others

A. For the vertues of it see Vineger of Squils, and Oximel of Squils, only this is more mild, and not fo harsh to the throat, because it hath no Vineger in it, and therefore is far more fitting for Ashames, and fuch as are troubled with difficulty of breathing, It cuts and carries away humors from the breaft, be they thick or thin, and wonderfully helps indigeftion of victuals, and eafeth pains in the breaft; and for this I quote the Authority of Galen. Alwaies take this as a general Aphoritm in Phylick, Sour things ere offensive to the Wind-pipe.

A. Lohochs left out in their new Moddel, because they must be doing.

Loboth of Coleworts. Gordonius.

The Colledg Take one pound of the Juyce of Coleworts, clarified, Saffron three drachms, clarified Honey and Sugar, of each balf a pound, make of them a Loboch according to art.

Culpeper] A. It helps hoarineis, and lois of voice, eafeth furfets and Headach coming of drunkennels, and opens obstructions of the Liver and Spleen, and therefore is good for that disease in children which women call the Rickets.

PRESERVED ROOTS, STALKS, BARKS, FLOWERS, FRUITS, PULPS.

the pith,

Colledg pipe for Ginger, Zedoary. the pith.

T Are of Evingo Roots as many as you will, elense them without and within, the * Pith being tawould fee hen out, steep them two daies in cleer water, shifting the water fomtimes, then dry them with a cloth, then you must take their equal waight in white Sugar, and as much put on Rose water as will make it into a syrup, which being your Spe- almost boyled, put in the Roots, and let them boyl till Etacles; the moisture be consumed, and it be brought to the due Surely the body of a Syrup.

Not much unlike to this, are preserved the Roots of mistook a Acorns, Angelica, Borrage, Bugloß, Succory, Alicam-Tobacco- pane, Burnet, Satyrion, Sicers, Comfry the greater,

> Take of the Stalks of Artichokes not too ripe as mamy as you will, and (contrary to the Roots) take onty the pith of thefe, and preferve them with their e-

> qual waight in Sugar like the former.
> So is prepared the Stalks of Angelica, Burs, Lettice e. before they be too ripe

> Take of fresh Orrenge Pills as many as you will take away the exteriour yellownes, and steep them in spring water three daies at the least, often renewing the water, then preferve them like the former.

> In like manner are Lemmon and Citron Pills preser-

q But Preferve the Flowers of Q Citrons, Orrenges, Borvage, Primrofes, with Sugar according to art. Take of Apricocks as many as you will, take away hav them? the outer shin and the Stones, and mix them with

their like waight in Sugar, after four hours take them out, and boyl the Sugar without any other Liquors then put them in again, and boyl them a little-

Other Fruits have the same manner of being preferved, or at least not much unlike to it, as whol Barberries, Cherries, Cornels, Citrons, Quinces, Peaches, common Apples, the five forts of Myrobalans, Hazel Ruts, Walnuts, Rutmegs, Raisons of the Sun, Pep-per brought green from India, Plums Garden and wild, Pears, Grapes.

Pulps are also preserved, as of Barberries, Cassia Fistula, Citrons, * Cynosbatus, Quinces, and Sloes,

Take of Barberries as many as you will, boyl them in the fruit c spring Water till they are tender, then having pulped Bryars, them through a five, that they are free from the stones, chooky boyl it again in an Earthen vessel over a gentle fire of thing, ju ten stirring them for fear of burning, till the watry like the humar be confumed, then mix ten pound of Sugar with Colledg,

fix pound of this Pulp, boyl it to its due thickness. and go Broom Buds are also preserved, but with Brine and for as Vineger, and so are Olives and Capars.

Lastly, Amongst the Barks, Cinnamon, amongst the Flowers, Roses and Marigolds, amongst the Fruits, Almonds, Cloves, Pinenuts and Fistick Nuts, are faid to be preferved but with this difference, they are encrufted with dry sugar, and are more called Confects than Preferves.



CONSERVES AND SUGARS.

The Colledg. Sorrel, woodforrel, the Flowers of Orrenges, Borrage, Bugloß, Bettmy, Marigolds, the tops of Cardus the Flowers of Centawy the leß, Clove-gillistowers, Germander, Success, the Leaves of Sewry-Iknow graß, the Flowers of Comfry the greater, "Citraria; it what Cynosbati, the roots of Sparge, Herbs and Flocy mean wers of Eyebright, the tops of Fumitory, Goats-rue, Citraria the Flowers of Broom not quite open, Hysop, Lavenor what der, white Lallies, Lillies of the Valley, Marjoram, I'Cruos-Mallows; the tops of Bawm, the Leaves of Minte. c'Cynos- Mallows; the tops of Bawm, the Leaves of Mints, atus, un-the Flowers of water Lillies, red Poppies, Peony, is they Peaches, Primrojes, Roses, damask, red, Rosemary, can Bry- the leaves of Rue, the flowers of Sage, Elder, Scabiflowers one, the Leaves of Scordium, the flowers of Lime-hich hav tree, Coltsfoot, Violets; with all these are Conserves s much made with their trebble proportion of white Sugar, ertue in yet note, that all of them must not be mixed alike, ne as the some of them must be cut, beaten and gently boyled, alledg. Some neither cut, beaten, nor boyled, and some admit but one of them, which every Artist in his Trade may find out by this Premonition and avoid errour.

> Culpeper] A. What a half-faced order to make up Conserves do the Colledg here leave? Indeed it belongs to the Apothecaries Trade, Is it not fufficient for a gentle man to go to a Smith and bid him thoo his Horfe, but he must go about to teach him how to make his shoos and nails? would he not by medling with what he hath no skill in, quickly shew what a Lubber he is? and what then can one fay of the Colledg? Mutato nomine de te, fabula narra-

> > SUGARS.

Diacodium Solidum, sive Tabulatum. Page 86.

The Colledg] Take of white Poppy heads, meanly vipe and newly gathered, twenty, steep them in three pound of warm spring water, and the next day boyl them till the vertue is out, then frain out the Liquor, and with a sufficient quantity of good Sugar, boyl it according to art that you may make it into Lozenges.

Culpeper] A. This Receipt is transcribed verbatim from the Augustan Physicians, though the Colledg (through forgetfulness or something else) hide it, the vertues are the same with the common Diacodium, viz. to provoke fleep and help thin Rhewms in the head, coughs and roughness of the Throat, and may eafily be carried about in ones pocket.

Saccharum Tabulatum Simplex, et Perlatum-P.86. Or, Lozenges of Sugar, both Simple and Pearled.

The Colledg The first is made by pouring the Sugar out upon a Marble; after a sufficient boyling in half its waight of Damask Rose water & And the latter by adding to every pound of the former towards the latter end of the Decoltion, Pearls prepared and bruised half an ounce, with eight or ten Leaves of

Culpeper] A. Here the Colledg have left out that blasphemous speech, which I cannot write without horror, nor an honest man read without trembling, viz. To call a little Rose-water and Sugar boyled together, THE HAND OF CHRIST: The truth is, if they had left out the rest of the blafphemies, I should have had some hopes they would in time turn honest, but I see to my grief they re-main, especially that abominable blasphemy in their Dedicatory Epistle to King James, which they having not wit enough to alter, ftill let fland, or elfe it was because like Sodom, they would declare their fin and hide it not, but manifest to the world in the fight of the Sun, that they are not a Colledg of Christians, but of RANTERS, by calling KING JAMES their GOD; blush O Sun at such blasphemy. It may be they left it out because King Charls is dead, for worthiping old Jemmy for God, tis more than probable they worshiped his Son for Christ; and their Tubelary gods being apud Inferos, gives me some hopes they will follow them quickly, and so all the Tyrants will go together.

A. It is naturally cooling, apropriated to the heart, it reftores loft ffrength, takes away burning feavers, and false imaginations, (I mean that with Pearls, for that without Pearls is rediculous) it hath the fame

vertues Pearls have.

Saccharum Tabell atum Compositum. Page 86. Or, Lozenges of Sugar Compound.

The Colledg] Take of choyce Rhubarb four feruples, Agrick Trochifeated, Corallina, burnt Hartsborn, Dittany of Creet, Wormfeed and Sorrel feed, of each's feruple, Cinnamon, Zedoary, Cloves, Saffren, of each half a feruple, white Sugar a pound, diffeived in four ounces of wormwood water, wormwood wine an ounce, Cinnamon water a fpoonful, with the forenamed poudersmake it into Lozenges according to

Culpeper] A. The title flews you the verturs of it : for my part I think in penning of it, they made a long Harvest of a little Corn.

Ec 2

Secthar um Penidium. Page 86. in Latin Book, Or, Sugar Penids.

The Colledg] Are prepared of Sugar dissolved in spring water by a gentle fire, and the whites of Egs elikigently beaten, and clarified once, and again whilf it is boyling, then strain it and boylit gently again, till itrise up in great bubbles, and being chewed it slick not to your teeth, then powr it upon a Marble, anointed with Oyl of Almonds, (let the bubbles first sink, after it is removed from the fire) bring back the outsides of it to the middle till it look like larch Rozin, then your hands being rubbed with white starch, you may draw it into threeds either short er long, thick or thin, and let it cool in what form you please.

Culpeper] A. I remember Country people were went to take them for coughs, and they are fometimes used in other Compositions.

Confectio de Thure. Page 87. in the Latin Book. Or, Confection of Frankinsence.

The Colledg Take Coviander seeds prepared half en ounce, Nutmegs, white Frankinsence, of each three drachms; Liquoris, Mastich, of each two

drachms; Cubebs, Harts-horn prepared of each one drachm, Conferves of red Rofes on ounce, white Sugar as much as is sufficient to make it into mean bits-Culpeper] A. I cannot boalt much neither of the rariety nor vertues of this Receipt.

Saccharum Rofatum. Poge 87. in the Latin Book. Or, Sugar of Rofes.

The Colledg] Take of red Rose Leaves the whites being cut off, and speedily dried in the Sun an ounce, white Sugar a pound, melt the Sugar in Rose water and juyce of Roses of each two ounces, which being consumed by degrees put in the Rose Leaves in Pouder, mix them, put it upon a Marble, and make it into Lozenges according to art.

Culpeper] A. As for the vertues of this, It strengthens weak stomachs, weak hearts, and weak brains, restores such as are in consumptions, restores lost strength, staics stuces, easeth pains in the head, ears, and eyes, helps spitting, vomiting, and pissing of blood; it is a fine commodity for a man in a Consumption to carry about with him, and eat new and then a bit. This they mended as I bid them, 'tis a comfort they will do something as they are bid.



SPECIES





SPECIES OR POUDERS.

Aromaticum Carsophyllatum. Page 88. in the Latin Book.

Colledg. Take of Cloves Seven drachms, Mate, Zedoary, Galanga the left, yellow Sauders, Troches, Diarrhodon, Cinnamon, wood of Alees Indian Spicknard, long Pepper, Cardamoms the less of each a drathm, red Roses sour drachms, Gallia Mosebata, Liquoris, of each two drachms, Indian leas, Cubebs, of each two scruples, beat them all dilli-

gently into ponder.
Culpeper] A. This pouder firengthens the heart and fromach, helps digeftion, expelleth wind, fraies vomiting, and clenfeth the flomach of putrified humors. This they have mended also, as I in my for-

mer Edition shewed them-

Aromaticum Rofatum. Page 88. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of red Roses exungulated fifteen drachms, Liquoris seven drachms, wood of A-loes, yellow Sanders, of each three drachms, Cinnamon five drachms , Cloves, Mace, of each two drams and an balf, Gum-Arabick, and Tragacamb of each eight scruples, Nutmegs, Cardamoms the less, Ga-langa, of eath one drachm, Indian Spicknard, two scruples, make it into pouder to be kept in a glaß for

Culpeper] They have here only left out the Musk and Ambergreece, viz. Musk one scruple, Ambergreece two scruples, for fear the Receipt should be

A. It f . It strengthens the brain, heart, and stomach, and all fuch internal Members as help towards concoction, it helps digeftion, consumes the watry excrements of the bowels, ftrengthens such as are pin'd away by reason of the violence of a disease, and reftores fuch as are in a confumption.

Pulvis ex Chelis Cancrorum Compositus. Page 89. Or, Pouder of Crabs Claws Compound.

The Colledg Take of Pearls prepared, (rabs eyes, red Corral, white Amber, Harts-horn, Oriental Bezoar, of each half an ownce, Pouder of the black tops of Crabs Claws, the waight of them all, beat them into pouder which may be made into Eall's with gelly, and theskins which our vipers have call off, warily dried andkept for use.

Culpeper] A. This is that pouder they ordinarily call Gascoiens pouder, there are diverte Receipts of it, of which this is none of the worst, though the manner of making it up be antick and exceeding difficult if not impossible 3 but that it may be had to do a man good when Adders skins cannot be gotten you may make it up with gelly of Harrs-horn, into which bring down the terms in women, to-bring away the

put a little Saffron : four, or five, or fix grains is excellent good in a feaver to be taken in any Cordial, for it cheers the heart and vital spirits exceedingly, and make them impregnable.

Species Cordiales Temperata. Page 89. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of wood of Aloes, Spedium of each advachm, Cinnamon, Cloves, bone of a Stags heart, the Roots of Angelica, Avens and Tormentil, of eath a drachm and an half, Pearls prepared fix drachms, raw fill tofted, both forts of Corral of each two drachms, Jacinth, Emerald, Saphir, of each balf a drachm, Saffron a scruple, the leaves of Gold and Silver, of each * ten make them into pouder ac- *How big cording to art.

Cuipeper] A. Musk and Ambergreece of each half be ? a drachm, is here left out ; it was not done for cheapness, for it will still be dear enough; but the world changeth fo doth the Colledg, the world grows

worse and worse so do the Colledg.

A. It is a great Cordial, a great strengthener both of the heart and brain.

Diacalaminthe Simple. Page 89. in the Latin Book.

The Colled Take of mountain Calaminth, Penyvoyal, Origanum, the feeds of Macedonian Parfly, common Parsly, and Hartwort, of each two drachms, the feeds of Smallage, the tops of Time of each half an ounce, the feeds of Lovage, black Pepper, of each an ounce, make them into ponder according to art.

Culpeper] A. It heats and comforts cold bodies, cuts thick and gross flegm, provokes urin & the terms in women. I confels this differs fomthing from Galen, but is better at leastwife for our bodies in my opinion than his. It expels wind exceedingly, you may take half a drachm of the pouder at a time. There is nothing furer than that all their Pouders will keep better in Electuaries than they will in Pouders, and most part of them were quoted Electuaries by the Authors whence they had them; and into fuch a body, if you please you may make it with two pound and an half of white Sugar diffolved in Rofe-water.

Diacalaminthe Compound. Page 89. in the Latin Book

The Colledg Take of Diacalaminthe simple half an ounce, The Leaves of Horebound, Marjoram, Bawm, Mugwort, Savin dried, of each a drachm, Cyperus Roots, the feeds of Maddir and Rhue, Mace, Cinnamon, of each two fixuples, beat them and mix them dilligently into a ponder according to art.

Culpeper] A. This feems to be more apropriated to the feeminine gender than the former, viz. to

birth and after-birth, to purge them after labor, yet | Stags heart of each a drachm and an half, Magisteriis it dangerous for women with child.

Dianifum. Page 90. in the Latin Book.

The Colledgy Take of Annis Jeeds two ounces and en half, Liquoris, Maftich, of each an onnce, the feeds of Caraway, Fernel, Gulanga, Mace, Ginger, Cimumon, of each five dracims, the three forts of Pepper, Caffia Lignea, Mountain Calaminth, Pellitory of Spain, of each two drachms, Cardamoms the greater, Cloves, Cubebs, Indian Spicknard, Saffron, of each a drachm and as bail, make them into ponder. Culpeper] A. Mesue appointed this to be made into an Electuary, it is chiefly apropriated to the ftomach, and helps the cold infirmities thereof, raw flegm, wind, continual coughs, and other such difeafes coming of cold. You may fafely take a drachm of the Electuary at a time. You may make an Electuary of it with its trebble waight of clarified Honey.

Pulvis Radicum Ari Compositus. Page 90. Or, Pouder of Aron Koots Compound.

The Colledg Take of Aron Roots two ounces, of common Water-flag and Burnet, of each one ounce, Crabs Eyes half an ounces Cinnamon three drachms, Salt of Wormwood, and Juniper of each one drachm, make them into pouder.

Culpeper] A. And when you have done, tell me

What 'tis good for.

Diaireos Simple. Page 90.
The Colledg Take of Orris Roots half an ounce,
Sugar Candy, Diatragacanthum frigidum, of each two

drachms, make them into pouder.

Culpeper] A. I do not mean the Diatragacanthum frigidum, for that is in pouder before. It comforts the breaft, is good in colds, coughs, and hoarinefs. You may mix it with any pectoral Syrups which are apropriated to the same diseases, and so take it with a Liquoris flick.

Dialacca. Page 90. in the Lat. Book.

The Colledg] Take of Gum-lacen prepared, Rhubarb, Schananth, of each three drachms, Indian Spicknard, Mastick, the Juyce of wormwood and Agrimony made thick, the seeds of Smallage, Annis, Fennel, Ammi, Savin, Eitter Almonds, Mirrh, Coffus or Zedoary, the Roots of Maddir Afarabacca, Birthwort long and round, Gentian, Saffren, Cinnamon, dried Hylop, Cassia Lignea, Bdellium of each a dram and an half, black Pepper, Ginger, of each a drachm, make them into ponder according to art.

culpeper] A. If the Colledg were made to fast till they could beat this into pouder, they would make fuch poor- weak - Receipts in a little time.

A. According to Mesue you ought to dissolve the Mirch and Bdellium in Wine, and together with the fimples, beaten in fine pouder, make it into an Ele-Awary with a fufficient quantity of clarified Honey. It strengthens the stomach and liver, opens obstructions, helps dropfies, yellow jaundice, provokes urine, breaks the frone in the reins and bladder. Half a drachm is a moderate dole; if the parient be flrong they may take a drachm in white Wine: let women with child forbear it.

Pulvis Cardiatus Magistralis. Page 91. in the Latin Book. The Colledg] Take of East Bezoar, Bone of a special good for women and old men. Your best

um of white and red Corral, white Amber, Magifterium of Pearl, Harts-born, Ivory, Bole-Armenick; Earth of Germany, Samos and Lemnos, Elks Claw, Tormentil Roots of each a drachm, Wood of Aloes, Cirron Pills, the Roots of Angelica and Zedoary, of each two scruples, Leaves of Gold twenty, Ambergreece one scruple, Musk fix grains, mix them and make them into pouder.

Culpeper] A. It is too deer for a vulgar purfe, yet a mighty Cordial and great ftrengthner of the Heart

and Vitals in Feavers.

Diamargariton frigidum. Page 91. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg Take of the four greater cold feeds, the feeds of Pur flain, white Poppies, Endive, Sorrel, Citrons, the three Sanders, wood of Aloes Ginger, red Rofes exangulated, the Flowers of Water-Lallies, Bugloft, Violets, the bersies of Mirtles, bone in a Stags beart, Ivory, Contra yerva, Cinnamon, of each one drachm, both forts of Covral, of each half a drashm, Pearls, three drachms, Campbire fix grains, make them into ponder according to art.

Observe that the four greater cold feeds, and the Poppy feeds are not to be added before the ponder be required by the Physitian for use. Do so by the other pouder in the Composition of which these pouders are

used.

Culpeper.] A. Here may you see what a labarinth the Colledg have run themselves into through their fontallicalness, viz, because they would seem to be singular in Sayling contrary to wifer Physicians, they run upon two dangerous Rocks in this one Receipt, 1. It is a coftly Cordial, and not usually above one drachm of it (very feldom half so much) given at one time, and these Seeds excepted against in their caution, and upon grounds just enough, are not the tenth part of the Composition, which (a drachm being prescribed) is but fix grains, which fix grains must be divided into five equal parts (a nice point) one part for each feed. 2. If this Rock were put off, yet then can you not beat them into pouder alone because they are so moist, and yet is not mended now ; fure they are mad, and there is some hopes they will not live long. They have left out the Ambergreece fix grains, and the Reman Doronicum, instead of which they put in the like quantity of Contra yerva-

A. As for the vertues of it, Authors hold it to be reftorative in confumptions, to help fuch as are in heelick Feavers, to restore strength lost, to help Coughs, Afthmaes, and confumptions of the lungs, and reftore such as have labored long under langui-

thing or pining difeafes.

Diambra. Page 92. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg.] Take of Cinnamon, Angelica Roots, Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs, Indian Leaf, Galanga, of each three drachms, Indian Spicknard, Cardamoms, greater and leffer of each one drachm, Ginger a dram and an balf, wood of Aloes, yellow Sanders, long Pepper, of each two drachms, Amber-greece a dram and an half, Musk half a drachm, make them all into ponder according to art.

Culpeper.] A. Mefue apropriates this to the head, and laith, it heats and firengthens the brain, caufeth mirth, helps concoction, cherisheth the Animal, Vital, and Natural Spirit, it flrengthens the heart and ftomach, and refifts all cold discases, and is therefore

way is to make it into an Electuary, by mixing it with three times its waight of clarifyed Honey, and take the quantity of a Nutmeg of it every morning. Here also they have left out Doronicum, and put in Angelica Roots; fure they hate Doronicum as bad as they hate Honesty.

Diamofebu Dulce. Page 92. in the Larin Book.

The Colledg] Take of Saffron, Galanga, Zedoary, Wood of Aloes, Mace of each two drachms, Pewls van Silk tofted, white Amber, red Corral prepared, Gallia Moschata, Bazill, of eath two drachms and an half; Ginger, Cuhebs, long Pepper of each a dram and an half, Nutmegs, Indian Leaf or Cinnamon, Cloves, of each one drachm, Musk two scrugles, make them into pouder according to art

Culpeper] A. It wonderfully helps cold afflictions of the brain, that come without a feaver, melancholly and its attendance, viz, fadness without a cause &c. Vertigo or diffiness in the head, Falling-fickness, Palfies, resolution of the nerves, Convulsions, Heartqualms, afflictions of the Lungues, and difficulty of breathing. The dose of the pouder is half a drachm, or two scruples, or less, according to the age or strength of him or her that takes it. Mesus appoints it to be made into an Electuary with clarified Honey, and of the Electuary, two drachms is the dofe; the time of taking it is, in the morning falting.

> Diamofchu Amarum. Page 92, in the Latin Book.

The Colledg Is prepared by adding to the fore-named wormwood, dried Roses of each three drams, Aloes half an ounce, Cinnamon two drachms and an balf, Castorium and Lovare of each one drachm,

make them into pouder.

Culpeper] A. Belides the vertues of the former, It purgeth the flomach of putrified humors.

> Species Dianthus. Page 93. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of Rosemary flowers an ounce, ved Roses, Violets, Liquoris, of each fix drachms, Cloves, Indian Spicknard, Nutmegs, Galanga, Cinnamon, Ginger, Zedoary, Mace, wood of Aloes, Cardamoms the left, the feeds of Dill and Annis, of each four scruples, make them into ponder according to

Culpeper] A. It strengthens the heart and helps the passions thereof, it causeth a joyful and cheerful mind, and strengthens such as have been weakned by long fickness, it strengthens cold stomachs, and helps digestion notably. The dose is half a drachm, you may make it into an Electuary with Honey, and take two drachms of that at a time.

Dispenidion. Page 93, in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of Penidies two ownces, Pinenuts, sweet Almonds blanched, white Poppy seeds, of each three drachms and a scruple, [Cinnamon, Cloves, Ginger, (which three being omitted it is Diapenidion without Species] Juyce of Liquerus, Gum Traga-canth, and Arabick, white Starch, the four greater cold feeds bucked, of each a drachm and an half, Cam-

phire seven grains, make them into pouder.

Culpeper] A. It helps the vices of the breast, coughs, colds, hearinels, and contamptions of the lungues, as also such as spit matter. You may thix then a little of it with a Liquoris slick.

it with any pectoral Syrup, and take it with a Liquoris flick, it you fancy the Pouder beit ; but if the Electuary, you may take a drachm of it upon a knifes point at any time when the cough comes-

Diarrhedon Abbatus. Page 93. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of Sanders white and red, of each two drachms and an bolf; Gum Tragacanth, Arabick, Lvory, of each two scruples; Afarabacca roots, Mastick, Indian Spicknard, Cardamoms, Liquorns, Saffron, Wood of Aloes, Cloves, Gallia Mof-chata, Annis and sweet Fennel seeds, Cinnamon, Rhubarb, Bazil Seeds, Barberry feeds, the feeds of Succery, Purstain, the four greater cold Seeds clensed, white Poppy feeds, of each one scruple 3 Pearls, bone of a Stags heart of each half a scruple ; red Roses exungulated, one ounce and three drachms; Campbire feven grains, make them into pouder according to art.

Culpeper] A. It cools the violent heat of the heate and stomach, as also of the liver, lungues and Spleen, eafeth pains in the body, and most infirmities coming to the body by reason of hear. The dose of the Pouder is half a drachm, and two ounces of the Electuary, into which with Sugar diffolved in Role-water you may make it ; and can the Colledg justly fay 'tis

destructive to the Common-wealth?

Diaspoliticum. Page 94. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of Cummin feeds fleeped in Vineger and dried, long Pepper, Encleaves, of each an ounce, Niter balf an ounce, make them into pou-

Catpeper] A. It is an admirable remedy for fuch whole meat is patrified in their ftomeshs, it helps cold ftomachs, cold belchings and windy. You may take half a drachm after meat, either in a spoonful of Muskadel, or in a Syrup of Mirtles or Quinces, or any Cordial Water whole effects is the fame-

Species Diatragacanthi frigidi. Page 94. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg Take of Gum Tragacanth two ounces, Gum Arabich an ounce and two drachms, white ftarch half an ounce, Liquoris, the feeds of Melones and white Poppies, of each three drachers, the feeds of Citruls, Cucumers and Guords of each two drachms, Penids three ounces, Campbire balf a scruple, make of them a Pouder according to art.

Also you may make an Electuary of them with a suf-ficient quantity of Syrup of Violets; but have a care of what was told you before, Of the feeds. (quoth the Colledg, Before, when all honefty was not fled from them to Heaven.)

A. If you pleate to put in the cold feeds (which the Reverend Colledg appoints to be left out, till the Pouder come to be used, and then 'tis impossible to put them in, as I shewed before, page 122.) and so make it up into an Electuary; then I can tell you what the vertues are : It helps the faults of the breaft and Lungs coming of heat and drinefs, it helps Confumptions, Leannels, Inflamations of the fides, Pleurefies &cc. hot and dry Coughs, roughness of the Tongue and Jaws: but how to make ought of the Receipt as the Colledg have ordered it, belongs to another Oepidibus and not to me. It is your best way to make the Electuary very moift, and take now and

Ffz

Districts

Distrion Pipercon. Page 94. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg Take of the three forts of Peppers of each fix drachms and fifteen grains, Annis feeds Time, Ginger of each one drachm, beat them into

groß pouder.

Culpeper. A. It heats the ftomach and expels wind. Half a drachm in pouder, or two drachms in Electuary (for fo Galen who was Author of it appoints it to be made with clarified Honey, a sufficient quantity) if age and firength permit; if not, half so much, is a sufficient dose, to be taken before meat, if to heat the flomach and help digeftion; afzer meat, if to expel wind.

Diatrion Santalon. Page 94. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg Take of all the forts of Sanders, ved Rofes, of each three drachms, Rhubard, Ivary, June of Liquors, Purflain feeds of each two drams and fifteen grains, white Starch, Gum Arabick, Tragacanth, the feeds of Melones, Cucumers, Citruls, Guards, Endive, of each a drachm and an half; Camphire a scruple, make them into pouder according to

Culpeper. A. It is very profitable against the heat of the stomach and liver, besides it wonderfully helps fach as have the yellow Jaundice, and confump-zions of the Lungues. You may fafely take a drachm of the pouder, or two drachms of the Electuary in the morning fasting; for most of their pouder will keep better by half in Electuaries, and were so appointed

by those from whence they stole them.

Pulvis Haly. Page 95. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg Take of white Poppy feeds ten drachms; white Starch, Gum Arabick and Tragacanth, of each three drachms, the feeds of Pur flain, Marsh-mallows, Mallows, of each five drachms, of Cucumers, Melones, Guords, Citruls, Quinces, of each seven drachms, Ivory, Liquoris, of each three drachms; Penids, the waight of them all, make them into ponder according to art.

Culpeper.] A. It is a gallant cool Pouder, fit for all het imperfections of the breaft and Lungues, as

consumptions pleureties, &c.

A. Your best way is to make it into a soft Electuary with Syrup of Violets, and take it as Diatragacanthum frigidum. They have only taken a little wins to less purpose to alter the quantities, else 'tis the fame with their former.

Letificans. Page 95. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg Take the flowers of Clove-Bazil, with feeds thereof, Saffron, Zedoary, Wood of Aloes, Cloves, Citron Pills, Galanga, Mace, Mutmegs, Styvax Calamitis of each two drachms and an half, Ivory, Annis feeds, Time, Epithimum, of each one dram, bone of a Stags beart, Pearls, Campbire, of each half a drachm, Leaves of Gold and Silver of each balf a Jeruple, make it into ponder according to art.

Culpeper] A. It cauleth a merry heart, a good co-lour, helps digestion, and keeps back old age. You may mix half a drachm of it to take at one time, or less if you please, in any Cordial Syrup, or cordial Electuary apropriated to the same uses.

Pulvis Bezoardicus Magifiralis. P. 95. in L. Book. Or, A Bezoartick Pouder Magisterial.

The Colledg Take of Saphire, Ruby, Facinth, Granates, Emerald of each a drachm, Terra Lemma, Bole-armenick, red Corval prepared, Pearls prepared of each two drachms, Zedowy, unicoms born, Eaft and well Bezoar, Musk, Ambergreece, Campbire, Squinanth, Soffren, of each half a drachm, yellow Sanders, Wood of Aloes, Benjamin, of each two feruples, Magisterial Phylonium four scruples, bone of a Stogs heart Citron Pills, Chermes, of each half a drachm, Chymical Oyl of Cinnamon and Nutmegs of each five drops, make of them a most subtil Pouder according to art.

[ulpeper] A. Surely the Colledg laid all their heads together to invent a Cordial that should be so dear no body should buy it, I am afraid to look upon 'Tis a great Cordial to revive the body, but it

will bring the purse into consumption.

Species confectionis Liberantis. Page 96. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of Tormentil Roots, the feeds of Sorrel, Endrue, Cortander prepared, Citron, of each one drachm and an half, all the Sanders, white Dittery of each a drachm, Bole-armenick, Earth of Lemnos of each three drachms, Pearls, both forts of Corral, white Amber, Ivery, Spedium, bone of a Stags beart, the roots of Serpentary, Avens, Angelica, Cardamens, Cinnamon, Mace, Wood of Aloes, Cassia Lignea, Soffron, Zedoary, of each half a drachin, Penids, van Silk tofted, Emeralds, Jacinth, Granate, the flowers of water-Lillies, Buelof and red Rofes, of each a scruple, Campbire seven grains, make them into pouder according to art.

Culteper] A. The Scrpentary Roots are added, and Musk and Ambergreece of each three grains, left out, because destructive to the Common-wealth.

A. It is exceeding good in peftilential Feavers, and preferveth frem ill airs, and keepeth the humors in the body from correption, it cools the heart and blood, and firengtheneth fuch as are opprefied by heat; to conclude, it is a gallant cool cordial though coffly. It being out of the reach of a vulgar mans purfe, I emit the dole, let the Gentry and Nobility study Phylick themselves, so shall they know it, for had they wanted hearts to that fludy no more than they wanted time and means, it had been far better for this Common-wealth than now it is. If a Gentleman have no skill in Phytick himfelf, Dr. Dunce if he have a Plush Cloak on will serve his turn.

Pulvis Saxonicus. Page 96. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg Take of the Roots of both forts of Angelica, Swallow-wort, Garden Valerian, Polypodium of the Oak, Maish-mallows, Nettles, of each half an onnee, the Back of German Mezercon, two drachms; twenty grains of Herb True-love, the Leaves of the same, Roots and all, thirty six; the Roots being sleeped in Vineger and dried, beat it all into pouder.

Culpeper] A. It feems to be as great an expeller of poyfon, and as great a prefervative against it, and the pestilence as one shall usually reade of. Widdowwail left out by Geface, Crato, and others : and out of question it makes the Receipt the worse, and not the better. Whether they intend the flower of herb True-

love, thereby diftinguishing it from one leaf of the flower, or whether they mean the flower and branch, is very difficult if not impossible to judg ; for their word [cam toto] comprehends all, both root, branch, leaf, and flower.

Pulvis Antily Jus. Page 97. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg Take of the Leaves of Rue, Ver-vain, Sage, Plantane, Polypodium, commonWormwood, Mints, Mugwort, Bawm, Bettony, St. Johns wort, Centaury the left, of each equal parts, let them all be gathered in their greatest strength, which is about the full Moon in June, and dried speedily in a warm Sun, and renewed yearly, and not beaten to pouder till you have occasion to use them.

Culpeper] A. I see now the Colledg is not too old to learn how to dry Herbs, for before they appointed them to be dried in the shadow; I would they would learn humility and honesty, and mind the common good, and confider what infinite number of poor creatures perish daily (whom Christ hath both purchased to himself, and bought with the price of his blood) through their hiding the rules of Phyfick from them, who else happily might be preserved if they knew but what the Herbs in their own Gardens were good for; with what face will they anfwer for this another day before God and the Lord Jesus Christ and the holy Angels? a few thoughts of this might put them upon such principles as might be a lengthning to their Tranquility; but why do I fpend time about them, feeing there is little hopes they will be honester? for why did they change the name of this Receipt from a pouder against the bitings of Mad-dogs, to Pulvis Antilyffus? was it not because people should not know what it is good for, but if they be bitten, they may be mad and hang themselves for all them? I believe I have hit the nail at head the first blow. A drachm of the Pouder

is fufficient to take every morning. Rofate Novelle. Page 97. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg Take of red Roses, Liquoris, of each one ounce, one drachm, two scruples and an half; Cinnamon, * two drachms, two scruples, and two ould grains, Cloves, Indian Spicknard, Ginger, Galanga, av added Nutmegs, Zedoary, Styrax Calamitis, Cardamoms, quarter Parfly feeds of eath one scruple eight grains, beat a grain, them into pouder.

They

uarter.

nd half a Culpeper] A. Excellently penned, even to half a

A. It quencheth thirst, and staies vomiting, and the Author faith it helps hot and dry ftomachs, as also heat and driness of the heart, liver, and lungues, (yet is the pouder it felf hot) it ftrengthens the vital fpirit, takes away heart-qualms, provokes fweat, and ftrengthens fuch as have labored long under Cronical diseases. You may take a drachm of the Electuary cvery morning, if with clarified Honey you please to make it into fuch a body.

Pulvis Thurslors. Page 97. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of Frankinsence a drachm, Atoes half a drachm, beat them into pouder.

Culpeper A. And when you have occasion to use
Beat the it, mix so much of it with the white of an a Bgg as hite of will make it of the thickness of Honey, then dip the wool of a Hare in it, and apply it to the fore or part ell first. that bleedeth, binding it on.

A. In my opinion this is a pretty Medicine, and

will flick on till the fore be throughly healed, and then will come off of it felf. I remember when I was a child, we applied such a medicine, (only we left out the Aloes and Frankinsence, and used only Concys wool and the white of an Egg) to kibed heels, and alwaies with good fuccels. And why could they not here fet down the vertues and way to use it as they did last time? Do they delight to have the curies of the Widdow and Fatherless, and the laft groans of poor dying People ring in the ears of the Lord God Almighty against them, or did they think I was dead, they (and their Imps) having so often curfed me to the pit of Hell for doing my Country good? No, I would have them know that through the prayers of so many honest people, and so many that blefs God for me, my life shall be lengthned to a longer date than their Charter, and when I die I shall have more weeping eyes accompanying me to the Grave than all they have friends in the whol Universe.

Pulvis Hermodactylorum compositus. Page 97. Or, Pouder of Hermodactils compound.

The Colledg] Take of mens bones burnt, Scammony, Hermodactils, Turbith, Senna, Sugar, of each e-

qual parts, beat them into ponder.

Culpeper] A. 'Tis a devilish purge like themselves good for nothing but to deftroy men; your fouls being led to your graves by their directions like sheep to the flaughter, and know not whither you are going nor what hurts you, or if you do, are they queffio-nable by law? Dear fouls, avoid this Medicine, else the Colledg will have mens bones enough to burn, it may be they appointed it for that end: And oh Colledg, Colledg, may I not use the speech of Cicero to you? Iam vos non stultos ut semper, non improbos ut sape, sed dementes et insa nos rebus addicam neceffariss, I cannot now accout you fools as alwaics, not wicked as fometimes, but mad men and lunarick, and prove it by good reasons; would you offer to appoint such a violent purger without any thing to correct it? God be merciful to your fouls, for if you give fuch Thyfick you will kill more men by half than you cure, and men must give you an angel at least to kill them, when the hangman would do it at a cheaper rate.

Pulvis Senæ Compositus major: Page 98. in L. Book. Or, Pouder of Senna, the greater

Composition. The Colledg] Take of the feeds of Annis, Carraway, Fennel, Cummin, Spicknard, Cinnamon, Galanga, of each half an ounce; Liquoris, Gromwel, of each an ounce, Senna the waight of them all, beat it into Pouder.

Culpeper] A. That this Receipt is gallantly composed none can deny, and is an excellent purge for iuch bodies as are troubled with the wind chollick, or floppage either of the guts or Kidneys; two drams taken in white Wine will work fufficiently with any ordinary body. Let weak men and children take lefs. keeping within doors, and warm. And why muft the Colledg fpit their venom in defacing the name of the deceased Dr. Ralf, Holland with a delearne? why should all be accounted their own when nothing indeed is theirs but folly and balenels.

Pulvis Senæ Compositus minor. Page 98. in L. Book. Or, Pouder of Senna, the leffer Composition.

The Colledg] Take of Senna two ounces, Cremor

Tarter half an ounce, Mace two feruples and an half, | each two ounces, Cloves, Cinnamon, Galanga, Ammi, Ginger, Cinnamon, of each a drachm and an half, Sal gem one drachm, beat it into ponder according to

Culpeper] A. This Pouder purgeth melancholly, and clense the head; Montagnanus was the Author of it, only the Colledg something altered the quantities of the Simples: the following pouder works fomthing violently by reason of the Scammony that is in it, this is more gentle, and may be given without danger, even two drachms at a time to ordinary bodies. I would not have the unskilful meddle with the following. Neither is it fitting for weak bodies and children; fuch'as are firong may take a drachm, or a drathm and an half, mixing it with white Wine; let them take it early in the morning after they are up, and not fleep after it for fear of danger; two hours after let them drink warm poffet drink, and fix hours after eat a bit of warm Mutton, let them walk about the chamber often, and not ftir out of it that day.

Diafene. Page 98. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg Take of Senna, Cremor Tartar, of than they can claw off again in half a year.

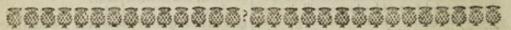
of each two drachms; Diacrydium half an ounce, beat it into pouder according to art.

Culpeper] A. Out of question some body had formerly curied the Colledg for calling so violent a purge a HOLY POUDER, and therefore now they changed the name; yet this Use may safely be made of their Doctrine; "Themselves being violent, "count the violentest things the most holy.

Diaturbith with Rhubarb. Page 98. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of Turbith, Hermodaltils, of each au ounce, Rhubarb ten drachms, Diacrydium balf an ounce, Sanders red and white, Violets, Gmger, of each a drachm and an half, Mastich, Annis feeds, Cinnamon, Sasfron of each half a drachm, make it into pouder.

Culpeper] A. This also purgeth flegm and choller. Once more let me desire such as are unskilful in the rules of Physick, not to meddle with purges of this nature (unless prescribed by a skilful Physitian) left they do themselves more mischief in half an hour,



Culpeper] The Pouders they in their new Moddel | have plaid the men and lett out, are there :

The leffer Cardial Ponder. Fernelius.
The Colledg Take of Harts-born, unicarns-born, Pearls, Ivory, of each fix grains : beat them into fine pouder; If you mean to keep it, you may encrease the quantity analogically.

The greater Cordial Pouder. Fein. The Colledg Take of the Roots of Tormentil, Dittany, Clove-gilliflowers, Scabious, the feeds of Sorrel, Corrander prepared, Citron, Carduns Benedielus, Endive, Rue, of each one drachie 5 of the three forts of a Sanders, Been white and red, (or if you cannot get them, take the Roots of Avens and Tormenyellow til in their fleads) Roman Doronicum, Cinnamon, A kind of Cardamoms, Saffron, the flowers of both forts of wolf-hane. Buglos, red Roses, and Water-Lillies, Wood of Aviz. Bor- loes, Mace, of each two scruples, Ivory, Spodium, rage and Bone of a Stags beart, red Correl, Pearls, Emeral'd, Jacinth, Granate, of each one scruple, ram Silh 4 tor-Dried or refied, Bole Armenick, Earth of Lemnos, of each half rosted by a drachm; Campbire, Amber-greese, Musk, of each fix grains ; beat them into pouder according to art, and with eight times their weight in white Sugar, diffolved in Rose-water, you may make them into Lozen-

ges, if you please.

Culpeper A. Both this and the former Pouder, are appropriated to the heart, (as the titles shew) therfore they, do ftrengthen that and the vital spirit, and relieve languishing nature. All these are Cordial Pouders, and feldom above half a drachm of them given at a time, I suppose more for the cost of them

Dragons than any ill effects they would work, they are too high for a poor mans purie, the Rich may mix them blood, fo called; with any cordial Syrup or Electuary which they find though it apropriated to the same use these are. be nothing

A Pouder for such as are brussed by a Fall.

The Augustan Physicians.

The Collede Take of Terra figillata, Sanguis less, but only the gum of a

Ceti one drachm; Rhubarb half a drachm; beat them into Pouder according to art.

Culpeper] A. You must beat the rest into pouder, and then ad the Sperma Ceti to them afterwards, for if you put the Sperma Ceti and the rest all together, and go to beat them in that fashion, you may as foon beat the Mortar into pouder, as the Simples. Indeed your helf way is to beat them feverally, and then mix them all together, which being done, makes you a gallant medicine for the infirmity (pecified in the title, a drachm of it being taken in Muskadel, and fweating after it-

Species Electuarii Diacymini. Nicholaus. The Colledg] Take of Cummin feeds, infufed anatural day in Vineger, one ounce and one scruple; Cinnamon, Cloves, of each two drachms and anhalf; Galanga, Savory, Calamith, of each one drachm and two scruples; Ginger, black Pepper, of each two drachms and five grains; the feeds of Lovage and *Bishop *Ammi, of each one drachm and eighteen grains; long weed. Pepper one drachm; Spicknard, Nutmegs, Cardamoms, of each two scruples and an half; beat them and keep them diligently in ponder for your uft.

(ulpeper.] A. It heats the ftomach and bowels, expels wind exceedingly, helps the wind chollick, helps digestion hindred by cold or wind, is an admirable remedy for wind in the guts, and helps quartan agues. The pouder is very hot, half a drachm is enough to take at one time, and too much if the patient be feaverish; you may take it in white Wine. It is in my opinion a fine composed Pouder.

Species Electuara Diagalanga. Mefue. The Colledg. Take of Galanga, Wood of Aloes, of each fix drachms; cloves, Mace, feeds of Lovage of each two drachms ; Ginger, long and white Pepper, Cimiamin, Calamus Aromaticus, of each a dram and an half ; Calaminth, and Mints dried, Cardamoms the greater, Indian Spicknard, the feeds of Smallage, Anuis Fennel, Carraway, of each one dram, beat them into Pouder according to art. Alfo it may Deaconis, Munny, of each two deachus; Sperma be made into an Electuary with white Sugar diffolved

the fire.

tree.

CONTRACTOR DE LA CONTRA

red, and Buglofs.

2 White,

in Malaga wine, or twelve times the weight of it of

clarified Honey.

Culpeper] A. I am afraid twelve times the weight of the weight of the simples is too much by half, if not by three parts : Honeft Mefue appoints only a fufficient quantity, and quotes it only as an Electuary, which he saith prevails against wind, fowr belchings, and indigeftion, gross humors and cold af-flictions of the fromach and liver. You may take half a drachm of the pouder at a time, or two of the Electuary in the morning faiting, or an hour before meat. It helps digestion exceedingly, expels wind,

and heats a cold fromach.

Species Eleliuarii de Gemmis frigidi.
The Colledg] Take of Pearls prepared three drachms; Spedium, Ivory, both forts of Corral, of each two drachms; the flowers of red Rofes a dram and an half ; Jacinto, Saphire, Emerald, Sardine, Granate, Sanders white red and yellow, the flowers of Borrage and Bugloss, the feeds of Sorrel and Bazil, both forts of Been (for want of them, the Roots of Avens and Tormentil) of each one drachm; Bone of a Stags beart half a drachm ; Leaves of Gold and Silwer of each fifteen: make of them all a ponder according to art, and let it be diligently kept.

Species Electuarii Diamagariton Calidi.

Avicenna-

The Colledg.] Take of Pearls and Pellitory of the wall; of each one drachm; Gineer, Mastich, of each half an ounce; Doronicum, Zedowy, Smallage feeds, both jorts of Cardamoms, Nutmegs, Mate, of each two drachms; Been of both forts (if they cannot be procured take the Roots of Avens and Tormentil) black and long Pepper of each three drachms; beat them into pouder and ecep them for your use.

Culpeper] A. Avicenna prescribes this as an E-lectuary, and so are most of all the Colledges Pouders prescribed by those by whom they borrowed them, as I told you before, and they will keep longer and better in Electuaries than in Pouders; but people must

A. This (quoth Avicenna) is apropriated to women, and in them to diseases incident to their matrix, but his reasons I know not; It is Cordial and heats the ftomach.

Lithentribon Nicholaus, according to Fernelius.

The Colledg] Take of Spicknard, Ginger, Cinnamon, black Pepper, Cardamoms, Cloves, Mace, of each half a drachm; Coftus, Liquorus, Cyperus, Trah Ammi. h Bishops weed, Smallage, Sparagus, Bazil, Nettles, Citrons, Saxifrage, Burnet, Carraway, Carrots, torHart-Fennel, Bruscus, Parsly of Macedonia, Burs, & Sefeli, Afarabacca, of each one drachm; Lapis spongia, Lyncis, Cancri, Judaici, of each one drachm and an half Goats blood prepared an ownce and an walf 3 beat

them all into pouder according to art.
Culpeper] A. The truth is, the Colledg have altered this Receipt much, and I am perswaded have made it much better, Neque enim benefalfa maligne, de-traffare meum eft.

A. It heats the ftomach, and helps want of digefti-"A diseas, on coming through cold, it easeth pain in the belly that cau- and loyns, the "Illiack passion, powerfully breaks fethmen to the stone in the reins and bladder, it speedily helps taking it by their pallat : It is something purging-

the chollick, strangury, and disury. The dose is from a drachm to half a drachm, take it either in white Wine, or Decoction of Herbs tending to the fame purpotes.

Pleres Arconticon. Nicholaus.

The Colledg] Take of Cinuamon, Cloves, Galan-The Colledg] Take of Cinuamon, Cloves, Galanga, wood of Aloes, Indian Spicknard, Nuimegs, Ginger, Spodium, Schwannihus, Cyperus, Rofes, Violets out of queofeach one deachm, Indian Leaf or Mace, Enquorus, ftion: yet Mafich, Styrax Calamitis, Marjoram, Coffenays, it feems or water-Mints, Bazil, Cardamoms, long and the Coledg white Pepper, Mirtle berries, and Citron pills, of either did each half a drawm and fix grains, Pearls, been white not know, and red (or if they be wanting tuke the roots of Avens or did not and Tormentii in their fleads) red Corral, torrefied care which Silk, of each eighteen grains, Mask fix grains, Cam-Silk, of each eighteen grains, Mush fix grains, Camphire four grains, beat them into ponder according to art, and with ten times their weight in Sugar diffelved in Barom water you may make them into an Electrary.

Culpeper.] A. It is exceedingly good for fad; me-lancholly, lumpish, pensive, grieving, vexing, pining, fighing, fobbing, fearful, careful spirits, it strengthens weak itomachs exceedingly, and helps such as are prone to faintings and (woonings, it strengthens such as are weakned by violence of fickness, it helps bad memories, quickens all the fences, ftrengthens the brain and Animal fpirit, helps the falling-fickness, and fuccours such as are troubled with Asthmaes, or other cold afflictions of the lungs. It will keep best in an Electuary, of which you may take a drachm in the morning, or more, as age and livength requires.

A Preservative Ponder against the Pestilence.

Montagnan. The Colledgy Take of all the d Sanders, the feeds d Whitely of Bazil, of each an ounce and an half; Bole Armered, end nich, Cinnamon, of each an ounce; the Roots of Diryellows tany, Gentian and Tormentil of each two drams and an half; the feeds of Citron and Sorrel, of each two drachms ; Pearls, Saphire, bone of a Stags beart, of each one drachm: beat them into ponder according to

Culpeper.] A. The title tels you the vertue of it. Besides it cheers the vital spirit and strengthens the heart. You may take half a dram every morning either by it felf, or mixed with any other convenient composition, whether Syrup or Electuary

Diaturbith the greater, without Rhubarb.

The Colledg. Take of the best Turbith an omnce ; Diagridium, Ginger, of each balf an ounce; Crima-mon, Cloves, of each two drachms; Galanga, long Pepper, Mace, of each one drachm; beat them into Pouder, and with eight onnces and five drachms of white Sugar diffolved in Success water, it may be made into an Electuary.

Culpeper] A. It purgeth flegm, being rightly ad-ministred by a skilful hand. I fancy it not.

A Pouder for the worms. The Colledg] Take of Wormfeed four nunces; Senna one ounce; Coriander feed prepared, Harts born, of each balf a drachm ; Roubarb balf an ounce; dried Rue two drachms : beat them into Ponder.

Culpeper] A. I like this Pouder very well, the quantity (ort o write more Scholaffically, the dole) must be regulated according to the age of the patient, even from ten grains to a dram, and the manner of

Gg 2 ELECTU-

vomit up their Excrements.



ELECTUARIES.

Antidotus analeptica. Page 99. in the Latin Book.

Colledg] The of red Roses, Liquovis, of each two drachms and five grains; Gum Arabick and Tragacanth of each two drachms and two scruples; Sanders white and red of each four scruples, Juyce of Liquovis, white Starth, the seeds of white Poppies, Purstain, Lettice, and Endive of each three drachms, the four greater cold seeds husded, the feeds of Quinces Malorws, Cotton, Violets, Pinenuts, sistick nuts, sweet Almonds, Pulp of Schesiens, of each two drachms, Cloves, Spodium, Cinnamon, of each one drachm, Sassiron five grains, Penids, half an ounce, being boaten, make them all into a soft Electuary with three times their weight in Syrup of Violets.

Culpeper] A. It restores Consumptions, and Hectick seavers, strength lost, it nourisheth much, and restores radical moisture, opens the pores, resists choller, takes away coughs, quencheth thirst, and resistent feavers. For the quantity to be taken at a sime, I hold it needless to trouble the Reader: you may take an ounce in a day by a drachm at a time, if you please; you shall sooner hurt your purse by it than your body.

Confectio Alkermes. Page 99. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg Take of the Juyce of Apples, Damask Rose-water, of each a pound and an half, in which insuse for twenty four hours, raw Silk four ounces, strain it strongly and ad syrup of the Berries of Chermes brought over to us two pound, Sugar one pound, boyl it to the thickness of Honey, then removing it from the fire whilst it is warm, ad Ambergreese ent small balf an ounce, which being well mingled put in these things following in pouder, Cinnamon, wood of Aloes of each six drachms, Pearls prepared two drachms, Leaf-Gold a drachm, Musk a scruple, make it up according to art.

Culpeper] A. They have added the double quantity of Juyce of Chermes, whereby the Medicine is made both hotter and stronger, and if they had doubled the quantity of Sugar also, that so it need not have boyled away so much, they had done better; also they have subtracted from the quantity of Musk there being a drachm appointed before, but why they have done so, neither I, nor I think themselves know; and as little reason can be given why they should leave out the Lapis Lazuli, unless it be for an Apish opinion they hold, that Lapis Lazuli purgeth, whereas indeed, it strengthens the heart exceedingly against Melancholly vapors. Their former Composition contained of it (being first burnt in a Crucible, then often washed in Rose-water till it be clean) fix

A. Queftionless this is a great Cordial, and a mighty firengthner of the heart, and spirit vital, a restorer by according to art.

of such as are in consumptions, a resister of pestilences and poylon, a great relief to languishing nature 3 it is given with good success in seavers, but give not too much of it at a time, lest it prove too hot for the body, and too heavy for the purse. You may mix ten grains of it with other convenient Cordials to children, twenty or thirty to men.

Electuarium è Saffaphras. Page 100. in L. Books Or, Electuary of Saffafras.

The Colledg] Take of Saffafras two owness; common Water three pound, boyl it to the confumption of the third part, adding towards the end Cinnamont bruised half an ownee, strain it and with two pound of white Sugar, boyl it to the thickness of a Syrup; putting in, in pouder, Cinnamon, a drachm, Nutmegs half a scruple, Mush three grains, Ambergreese two and thirty grains, ten Leaves of Gold, Spirit of Vitiol four drops, and so make it into an Electuary according to art.

Culpeper] A. It opens obstructions of the Liver and Spleen, helps cold Rhewms or defluxions from the head to the lungs, or teeth, or eyes; it is excellent in coughs, and other cold afflictions of the lungues and breast; it helps digestion, expels wind and the gravel of the kidneys, it provokes the terms, warms and dries up the moisture of the womb, which is many times the cause of barrenness, and is generally a helper of all diseases coming of cold, raw thin humors: you may take half a drachm at a time in the morning.

Or, Electuary of Eay-berries.

The Colledg Take of the Leaves of dried Rhue ten drachms, the feeds of Ammi, Cummin Lovage, Origanum, Rigella, Carraway Carrots, Parfly, Bitter Almonds, Pepper black and long, wild Mints, Calamus Aromaticus, Bay-berries, Castorium of each two drachms, Sagapenum half an ounce, Opopanax three drachms, clarified Honey a point and an half, the things to be beaten being beaten, and the Gums dislotved in wine, make it into an Electuary according to art

Culpeper] A. It is exceeding good either in the chollick, or iliack paffion, or any other difease of the bowels coming of cold or wind, it generally easeth pains in the bowels. You may give a drachm in the morning fasting, or half an ounce in a Clyster, according as the disease is.

Diacapparis. Page 101, in the Latin Book.

The Colledg Tage of Capars four ounces, Agrimony Roots, Nigella feeds, Squils, Afarabacca, Centaury, black Pepper, Smallage, Time of each an ounce, Honey three times their weight, make into an Electuary according to art.

[ulpeper]

Culpeper] A. They say it helps infirmities of the spleen, and indeed the name seems to promise so much; it may be good for cold bodies it they have ftrength of nature in them; me thinks 'tis but odly composed: the next looks more lovely in my eyes, which is -

Diacinnamomu. Page 101. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of Cinnamon fifteen deachms; Caffia Lignea, Alicampane roots, of each half an ounce; Galanga feven drachms, Cloves, Long Pepper, both forts of Cardamoms, Ginger, Mace, Rutmegs, Wood of Aloes, of each three drachms, Saffron one drachm, Sugar five drachms, Musk two feruples, added according to the prescript of the Physitian, and by adding three pound eight ounces of clarified Honey, boyl it and make it into an Electuary according to art.

Culpeper] A. Diacinnamomum, or in plain English, a Composition of Cinnamon, hears the Stomach, causeth digestion, provokes the terms in women, strengthens the stomach and other parts that distribute the nourishment of the body; a drachm of it taken in the morning fasting is exceeding good for ancient people and cold bodies, fuch as are subject to dropfies and diseases of flegm, or wind, for it comforts and strengthens nature much. If you take it to help digeftion, take it an hour before meat, do so in all things of like quality.

Diacorallion. Page 101. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of Corral white and red, Bale 'Armenick, Dragons blood, of each one drachm, Pearls balf a drachm, wood of Aloes, red Roses, Gum Tra-gacanth, Cimamon of each two scruples, Sanders white and red of each one scruple, with four times its weight in Sugar dissolved in smal Cimamon water, make it into an Eleltuary according to art.

Culpeper] A. It comforts and strengthens the heart exceedingly, and reftores such as are in confumptions, it is cooling, therefore good in Hectick feavers; very binding, and therefore flops fluxes; neither do I know a better Medicine in all the Difpensatory for such as have a consumption accompanied with a loosness. It stops the terms and whites in Women, if administred by one whose wits are not a woolgathering. Take but a drachm at a time every morning, because of its binding quality, except you have a loofnels, for then may you take to much two or three times a day.

Page 101. In the Diacerum. Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of the roots of Cicers, Acorus, or Calamus Aromaticus, Pine-nuts, of each a pound "In water " boyled and pulped, be added to ten pound of clarified faith Me- Honey, and boyled (firring it) to its just thicknes, fue, then being removed from the fire ad the Acorus roots beaten, the Pine-nuts cut, and these following in pouthe Col- der; Take of black Pepper an ounce, Lung Pepper ledg left it Cloves, Ginger, Mace, of each half an ounce, Nutout. You megs, Galanga, Cardamous of each timee drachms, mightboil mix them with the Roots and Honey into an Electuary according to art.

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Culpeper] A. The Electuary provokes luft, heats the brain, firengthens the nerves, quickens the fences, fwerve fro causeth an acute wit, easeth pains in the head, helps their Re- the falling-fickness and convultions, coughs, cathers, and all difeafes proceeding from coldness of the Brain. Half a drachm is enough to take at one

time because of its heat-Discydonium Simple. Page 102: in the Latin Book

The Colledg] Take of the flish of Quinces cut and boyled in fair water to a thickness eight pound, white Sugar fix pound, boyl it to its just thickness.

Diacydonium with Species. Page 102. in the

Latin Book.

The Colledg Take of the Juyce of Quinces, Sugar of each two pound, white Wine Vineger half a pound, added at the end of the Decollion, it being gently buyled and the frum taken away, ad Ginger two ounces, white Pepper, ten drachms and two feruples, braife them grofly, and boyl it again to the thickness of

Culpeper.] A. Is not this then more a Syrup than an Electuary? Surely either the Colledg or I doted, when we fet this among the Electuaries, and would not be besten out of our follies.

Diacydonium Compound, Magisterial, Page 101. in the Latin Book.

The Colledy Take of white Sugar fix pound, firing water four pound, clarific them well with the white of an Eg seumming them, then take of ripe Phinces elensed from the rind and feeds, and cut in four quarters eight pound, boyl them in the foregoing Syrup till they be tender, then strain the Syrup through a limen clouth, vocata Anglice boulter, boyl them again to a Gelly, adding four ounces of white wine Vi-neger towards the end; remove it from the fire and whilst it is warm, put in these following Species in groß pouder, Ginger an ounce, white Pepper, Cisnamon, Numegs of each two drachms 3 heep it in diverse bones.

Culpeper.] A. If a man void of partiality should compare this and the former Receipt together, he would find but little difference between them, only

a little Cinnamon and Nutmegs added.

A. The vertues of all these three are, They comfort the ftomach, help digeftion, ftay vomiting, belching &c. ftop fluxes and the terms in women. are all harmless, you may take the quantity of a Nutmeg of them at a time, before meat to help digeftion and fluxes, after meat to flay vomiting, in the morning for the reft.

Confectio de Hyacintho. Page 103. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of Jacinth, red Corral, Bole Armenick, Earth of Lemnos of each belf an ounce, the Berries of Chermes, the Roots of Tormentil and Dittany, the feeds of Citrons, Sorrel, and Purflain, Saffron, Mirch, red Rofet exungulated, all the forts of Sanders, bone of a Stags beart, Harts-born, Ivory prepared, of each four scruples, Saphire, Emerald, Topas, Pearls, raw Silk, Leaves of Gold and Silver of each two feruples, Campbire, Musk, Ambergreefe of each five grains: with Syrup of Lemmons, make it into a Confection according to art.

Culp eper] A. It is a great Cordial and cool, exceeding good in acute feavers, and Peffilences, it mightily ftrengtheneth and cherrisheth the heart. Never above half a drachm is given at a time, very feldom fo much; not because of its offensiveness, I suppose its chargableness.

Antidotum Hamagorum. Page 103, in the Latin Books

The Colledg] Take of Lugines bunked two drams, Hh

black Pepper five feruples, and fix grains, Liquoris four feruples, long Birthmort, Mugwort, Caffia Lignea, Macedonian Parfly seed, Pellitory of Spain, Khue feed, Spicknard, Mirrh, Penyroyal, of each two seru-ples fourteen grains, the seeds of Smallage, Savin, of each two seruples and thirteen grains, Centawy the greater, (retish Carrots, Nigella, Carraway, Annis, Cloves, Allum of each two scruples, Bay-leaves one scruple, one half scruple and three grains, wood of Aloes a scruple and fourteen grains, Schananth one scruple and thirteen grains, Asarabacca, Calamus Aromaticus, Amomum, Centaury the left, the feed of Orrach, Peony, Fennel, of each one scruple and fix grains, Cyperus, Alicampane, Ginger, Cappar voots, Cummin, Orobus of each one scruple: All of them being beaten into very fine pouder, let them be made into an Electuary according to art, with four times their weight in Sugar, let it stand one month before you use

Culpeper] A. It provokes the terms, brings away both birth and after-birth, the dead child, purgeth such as are not sufficiently purged after travail; it provokes urine, breaks the stone in the bladder, helps the strangury, difury, iskury, &c. helps indigeftion, the chollick, opens any stoppings in the body, it heats the ftomach, purgeth the liver and spleen, confumes wind, fraics vomiting; but let it not be taken by women with child, nor fuch people as have the Hemorrhoids.

A. Nicholans I take to be the Author of this fantaftical Medicine, (though the Colledg give it a more general term) and the vertues also are quoted from him. The dole is from one dram to two drams.

Diafatyrion. Page 104. in the

Latin Book.

The Colledg Take of Satyrion Roots three ounces, Dates, bitter Almonds, Indian nut, Pinenuts, Fistick Nuts, green Ginger, Eringo Roots preferved, of each one ounce; Ginger, Cloves, Galanga, Pepper long and black, of each three drachms, Ambergreefe one scruple, Mush two scruples, Penids four ounces, Cinnamon, Saffron, of each balf an ounce, Malaga Wine three ounces, Nutmegs, Mace, Grains of Paradice, of each two drachms, Ash-tree Keys, the belly and loyns of Scinks, Borax, Benjamin, of each three drachms, wood of Aloes, Cardamoms, of each two drachms, the feeds of Nettles and Onions, the roots of Avens of each a drachm and an half, with two pound and an half of Syrup of green Ginger make them into an Electuary according to Act.

> Electuarium Diaspermaton. Page 104. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of the four greater and leffer cold feeds, the feeds of Sparagus, Burnet, Bazil, Parfly, Winter Cherries of each two drachms, Gromwel, Juyce of Liquoris, of each three drachms, Cinnamon, Mace, of each one drachm, with eight times their weight in white Sugar diffolved in Marsh-mallow water, make it into an Electuary according to Art.

Culpeper] A. It breaks the stone, and provokes urine. Men may take half an ounce at a time, and children half so much, in Water of any Herbs or Roots &c. (or Decoction of them) that break the stone; which the last Catalogue in the Book (viz. the Catalogue of Diseases) will furnish you with. I delight to have men studious,

Micleta. Page 105. in the Latin Book. The Colledg Take of the Barks of all the Miro-balans torrefied, of each two drachms and an half, the feeds of water-creffes, Cummin, Annis, Fennel, Ammi, Caraway, of each a drachm and an half, bruife the feeds and fprinkle them with sharp white Wine Vineger, then beat them into ponder and add the Myrobalans and thefe things that follow, Spodium, Balanstines, Sumach, Mastich, Gum Arabick of each one drachm and fifteen grains, mix them together, and with ten ounces of Sycup of Mirtles make them into an Electuary according to Art.

Culpeper] A. It gently easeth the bowels of the wind Chollick, wringing of the guts, infirmities of the spleen, it stops fluxes, the Hemorrhoids, as also

the terms in women-

A. A drachm or two of this taken in the morning had been a better remedy (I fay among it their Hodg podg) than most they gave in the late Epidemical difeate, the bloody flux.

Electuarium Pectorale. Page 105. in the Lat. Book.
Or, A Pectoral Electuary.
The Colledg Take of the juyce of Liquoris, sweet
Almonds, Hazel Nues of each half an ounce, Pinenuts an ounce, Hysop, Maiden-hair, Orris, Nettle feeds, round Birthwort of each a drachm and an balf; black Pepper, the feeds of Water-creffes, the Roots of Alicampane, of each half a drachm, Honey fowteen ounces; make them into an Electuary according to

Culpeper] A. It strengthens the stomach and lungs, and helps the vices thereof. Take it with a Liquoris flick.

> Theriaca Diateffaron. Page 105. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg Take of Gentian, Bay-berries, Mirrh, round Birthwort, of each two ounces, Honey two pound, make them into an Electuary according to

Culpeper] A. This is a gallant Electuary, like the Author, which was Mefue. It wonderfully helps cold infirmities of the brain, as convultions, fallingfickness, dead palicys, stoaking palicys &c. as also the stomach, as pains there, wind, want of digestion; as also stoppings of the Liver, dropsies; it refifts the peftilence, and poylons, and helps the bitings of venemous beafts. The dole is from half a drachm to two drachms, according to the age and ftrength of the patient, as also the ifrength of the diseases; you may take it either in the morning or when urgent occasion cals for it.

Diascordium. Page 106. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of Cinnamon, Caffia Lignea, of each half an ounce, Scordium one ounce, Dittany of Creet, Tormentil, Biftort, Galbanum, Gum Arabick of each half an ounce; Opium one drachm and an baif; Sorrel feeds one drachm and an half; Gentian half an ounce, Bole-Armenick an ounce and an half, Earth of Lemnos, half an ounce; long Pepper, Ginger, of each two drashms; clarified Honey two pound and an balf; Sugar of Roses one pound, Canary Wine ten ounces; make them into an Efectuary according to Art.

Culpeper] A. It is a well composed Electuary, fomething appropriated to the nature of women, for it

provokes

provokes the terms, haftens their labor, helps their usual fickness at the time of their lying in, I know nothing better; it flops fluxes, mightily firenytheneth the heart and ftomach; neither is to hot but it may fafely be given to weak people; and befides provokes fleep. It may fafely be given to young children ten grains at a time; ancient people may take a dram or more: It is given as an excellent cordial in fuch feavers as are accompanied with want of fleep.

Mithridate. Page 106. in the Latin Book-

The Colledg Take of Mirrh, Saffron, Agrick, Ginger, Cinnamon, Specknard, Frankinsence, Treaste Mustard seeds, of each ten drachms; the seeds of Hart-wort, Opobalfamum, or Oyl of Nutmegs by expression, Schenanth, Stechas, Coffes, Galbanum, Turpentine, long Pepper, Castorium, Jusce of Hypocistis Styrax Calamitis, Opopanax, Indian leaf, or for want of it, Mace, of each one ounce 3 Cassia Lignea, Poly mountain, white Pepper, Scordium, the seeds of Carrots of Creet, Carpabalfanum or Cubebs, Troch. Cypheos, Bdellium, of each seven drachms; Celtick Spicknard, Gum Arabick, Macedonian Parsty seed, 0pium, Cardamoms the left, Fennel feed, Gentian, red Rofe Leaves, Dittany of Creet of each five drachms; Annis feeds, Afarabacca, Orris, Acorus, the greater Valerian, Sagapen. of each three drachms, Menm, A-cacia, the bellies of Scinks, the tops of St. Johns Wort, of each two drachms and an half; Malaga wine so much as is sufficient to dislove the Juyces and Gunt, clarified honey the trebble weight of all, the wine excepted, make them into an Electuary according to Art.

Culpeper.] A. I have not time to fearch whether there be any difference between Damocrates and the Colledg. It was also corrected afterwards by Baytholomew Maranta. Also diverse Authors have spent more time about this and Venis Treacle (both of them being terrible meffes of Altogether) in reducing them into Classes, than ever they did in saying their prayers. Also Andromacus hath another fort of Methridate. It may be it is that usually called with us [Venis Mithridate] but because the Electuary is very chargable to be made, and cannot be made but In great quantities, and only that here prescribed is to be gotten, or at least, easily to be gotten; I am willing to spare my pains in any further search.

A. It is good against poylon, and such as have done themselves wrong by taking filthy Medicines, it provokes (weat, it helps continual watrings of the fromach, ulcers in the body, confumptions, weakness of the limbs, rids the body of cold humors, and difeases coming of cold, it remedies cold infirmities of the brain, and stopping of the passage of the lences (vig. hearing, feeing, fmelling, &cc.) by cold, it expels wind, helps the chollick, provokes appetite to ones victuals, it helps ulcers in the bladder if Galen fay true, as also difficulty of Urine, it casts out the dead child, and helps such women as cannot conccive by reason of cold, it is an admirable remedy for melancholly and all diseases of the body coming through cold, it would fill a whol sheep of paper to reckon them all up particularly. You may take a feruple or half a drachm in the morning, and follow your business; two drachms will make you sweat, year one dram if your body be weak, for then two drams may be dangerous because of its heat: how to order your felf in sweating you were taught before, if you have forgot where, look the Table at latter endPhylonium Perficum. Page 107. in the Latin Book-

The Colledg | Take of white Pepper, the feeds of white Henbane of each two drachms, Opinm Earth of Lemnos of each ten drachms, Lap. Hematitis, Saffrom of each five drachms, Caftorium, Indian Spicknard, Euphorbium prepared, Pellitary of Spain, Pearls, Amber, Zedoary, Alicampane, Troch. Ra-mach, of cach a drachm, Camphire, a scruple, with their trebble waight in Honey-Roses make it into an Electuary according to art.

Culpeper] A. All the difference is, Me/ne appoints Honey, whole commendations of it is this : It stops blood flowing from any part of the body, the immoderate flowing of the terms in women, the hemorrhoyds in men, spitting of blood, bloody fluxes, and is profitable for fuch women as are subject to miscar-

ry: See the next Receipt.

A. Now they have made the quantity the fame with Mefue, before I think they followed wither.

> Phylonium Romanum. Page 107. in the Latin Book-

The Colledg] Take of white Pepper, White Henbane feeds of each five drachms, Opium two drachms and an halfe, Caffia Lignea a drachm and an halfe, the feeds of Smallage a drachm, Parlly of Macedonia, Fennel, Carrots of Creet of each two famples and five grains, Saffron a scruple and an half, Indian Speck-nard, Pellitory of Spain, Zedoary, fifteen grains, Cinnamon a drachm and an haife, Suphorbium prepared, Mirch, Castorium, of each a deachm, with their trebble waight in clarified Honey, make it into an

Culpeper] A. It is a most exquisite thing to ease vehement and deadly pains in what part of the body foever they be, whether internal or external : that vehemency of pain will bring a feaver, and a feaver, death, no man well in his wits will deny 5 therefore in such difeases which cause vehemency of pain, as Chollicks, the Stone, Strangury &cc. this may be given (ordered by the diferetion of an able brain, for it conduceth little to the cure) to mitigate the extremity of pain, until convenient remedy may be had: (as men pump water out before they can itop the hole in a leaking veffel.) As for other vertues which Authors fay this Electuary hath, I shall pais them by, refting confident that other remedies may be found our for them in this Book, as effectual, and lefs dangerous; and because the former Electuary is not much unlike to this in some particulars, take the same caution in that also. I would not have the value gar meddle with this, nor the former-

> Phylonium Magistrale. Page 108, in the Latin Book.

The Colledg Take of Opium four ounces, Benjamin, Mirch: Mummy of each balfe an ounce, Spirit of wine as much as is sufficient to male it imo an Gu

Culpeper] A. I hold their Laudanum to be a ber ter Midicine, for this (being exceeding dangerous) for an unskilful man to meddle withal, Her it alone, yet am not ignorant what good it might do to fuch whose wounds have brought them into a frenzy, if given by an able hand.

Hhz

Electinarium

Electuarium de Ovo. Pog. 108 in the Latin Book.
Or, Electuary of Eggs

The Colledg Take a Hens Egge new laid and the white being taken out by a small hole, fill up the void place with Sassion, leaving the yolk in, then the hole being stopped, rost it in assestill the shell begin to look black, take disligent heed the Sassion burn not for then is the whole Medicine spoiled, then the matter being taken out dry if so that it may be beaten into pouder, and ad to it as much Pouder of white Mustard Seed as it waighs. Then take the Roots of white Dittany, and Tormentis, of each two drachms, Mirrh, Harts born, Petassits roots of each one dram, the roots of Angellica and Burnet, Juniper berries, Zedoary, Camphire of each halfe an ounce, mix them all together in a mortar, then ad Venis Treacle the waight of them all, stir them about with a pessile three bours together, putting in so much Syrup of Lemmons, as is enough to make it into an Electuary according to art.

Culpeper] A. A drachm of it given at a time is as great a help in a peftilential feaver as a man shall usually reade of in a Galenis. It provokes sweat, and then you shall be taught how to use your self: if years do not permit, give not so much.

The second secon

Theriaca Andromachi. Page 108. in Lat. Bookor, Venis Treacle.

The Colledg Take of Troches of Squills fourty eight drachms, Troches of Vipers, long Pepper, Opium of Thebes, Magma, Hedycroi dried of each swenty four drachms, Red Roses exungulated, Orris, Illirick, juyce of Liquoris, the feeds of sweet Navew, Scordium, Opobalfamum, Cinnamon, Agrick, of each twelve drachms, Mirrh, Coftus, or Zedoary, Saffron, Cassia, Lignea, Indian Spicknard, Schenanth, Pepper, white and black, Olibanum, Dittany of Creet, Rhapontick, Stuchas, Horebound, Macedonian Parfly feed, Calaminth, Cypress, Turpentine, the roots of Cinkfoyl and Ginger of each Six drachms, Polcy, mountain, Chamepitis, Celtick Spicknard, Amomus, Styrax Calamitis, the roots of Meum, the tops of Germander, the roots of Rhapontick, Earth of Lemnos, Indian leafe, Chalcitis burnt or in stead thereof Koman Vitriol burnt, Gentian voots, Gum Arabick, the juyce of Hypocistis, Carpobalsamum or Nutmees, or Cubebs, the feeds of Annis, Cardamoms, Fennel, Hart-wort, Acacia or in stead thereof the juyce of Sloes made thick, the feeds of Treacle Mustard, and Ammi, the tops of Saint Johns wort, Sagapen. of of each four drams , Castorium, the roots of long Birth-wort, Bitumen, Judaicum, Carrot seed, Opopanax, Centaury the lest, Galbanum of each two dracims, Canary Wine enough to diffolve what is to be diffolved, Honey the trebble waight of the dry Species, make them into an Electuary according to art-

Culpeper] A. It is confessed many Physicians have commented upon this Receipt; as Bartholomaus Maranta, Galen, Medici Romani, and Medici Bononienses, cum multis aliis; but with little difference. The vertues of it are, It resists poyson and the bitings of venemous beasts, inveterate headaches, vertigo, deasness, the falling sickness, associations, apoplexes, dulness of sight, want of voice, asthmaes, old and new coughs, such as spit

or vomit blood, such as can hardly spit or breath, coldness of the stomach, wind, the chollick, and Illiach passion, the yellow jaundice, hardness of the spleen, stone in the reins and bladder, difficulty of urine, ulcers in the bladder, feavers dropfics, leprofies; it provokes the terms, brings forth both birth and afterbirth, helps pains in the joints, it helps not only the body, but also the mind, As vain fears, melancholly &c. and is a good remedy in peftilential feavers. Thus Galen. You may take half a drachm and go about your bufiness, and it will do you good if you have occasion to go in ill airs, or in pestilential times; if you shall fweat upon it, as your best way is, if your body be not in health, then take one drachm, or between one and two, or lefs than one, according as age and ftrength is; it you cannot take this or any other fweating medicine by it felf, mix it with a little Carduus or Dragons water, or Angelica water which in my opnion is the best of the three.

Theriaca Londinensis. Page 110. in Lat. Book. Or, London Treacle.

The Colledg] Take of Hartshorn two ounces, the seeds of Citrons, Sorrel, Peony, Bazil, of each an ounce, Scordium Covallina of each six drams, the roots of Angellica, Tormentil, Peony, the Leaves of Dittany, Bay berries, Juniper berries, of each half an ounce, The slowers of Rosemary, Marigolds, Clove Gillistowers, the tops of Saint Johns wort, Nutmegs, Sassfrom of each three drachms, the Roots of Gentian, Zedoary, Ginger, Mace, Mirrh, the leaves of Scapious, Devilshit, Cardus, of each two drachms, Cloves, Opium of each a drachm, Molaga Wine as much as is sufficient, with their trebble waight in Honey, mix them according to art.

Culpeper] A. The receipt is a pretty cordial, refifts the petitience, and is a good antidote in petitiential times, it refifts poyfon, strengthens cold stomachs, helps digestion, and crudities, of the stomach. A man may safely take two drachms of it in

a morning and let him fear no harm.

Diacrocuma. Page 110. in the Latin Book.

Colledg] Take of Saffron, Afarabacca roots, the feeds of Parsly, Carrots, Annis, Smallage, of each half an ounce, Rhubarb, the roots of Meum, Indian Spicknard of each six drachms, Cassia Lignea, Costus, Mirrh, Schenanth, Cubibs, Maddir roots, the juyces of Maudiin, and Wormwood made thick, Opobalfamum, or oyl of Nutmegs of each two drachms, cinnamon, Calamus Aromaticuus, of each a drachm and an half, Scordium Cetrach, juyce of Liquoris of each two drachms and an half, Tragacanth a drachm with eight times their waight in white Sugar, dissolved in Endive water, and clarified, make it into an Elestuary according to art.

Culpeper? A. Mefue appoints clarified Honey. It is exceeding good against cold diseases of the stomach, liver, or spleen, corruption of humors, and putrifaction of meat in the stomach, il-favored colour of the body, dropsies, cold faults in the reins and bladder, provokes urine. Take a drachm in

the morning.



PURGING ELECTUARIES.

Benedica Laxativa. Page 111. in the. Latin Book.

Ake of choyce Turbith ten drachms, Diacridium, back of Spurge roots pre-pared, Hermodallils, Red-roses of each five drachms, Cloves, Spicknard, Ginger, Saffron, long Pepper, Amomus, or for want of it Calamus Aromaticus, Car-damoms the left, the feeds of Smallage, Parfly, Fennel, Sparagus, Bruseus, Saxifrage, Gromwel, Car-raway, Sal.gem. Galanga, Mace of each a drachm, with their trebble waight of clarified Honey, make them into an Electuary according to art. Alfo you

may beep the Species by it felf, in your shops.

Culpeper] A. It purgeth flegm, chiefly from the joynts, also it purgeth the reins and blad-

A. I willingly omit the quantity of these purges, because I would not have foolish women and dunces do themselves and others mischief. For it worketh too violently for their uses, and must be prudently ordered, if taken at all, for I fancy it not at all, but am of opinion it kills more men than cures.

Caryocostmum. Page 111. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg Take of Cloves, Cofins, or Zedoa-ry, Ginger, Cummin of each two drachms, Hermodastils, Diacridium, of each half an ounce, with their double waight of Honey clarified in white Wine, make them into an Electuary according to art.

Culpeper] A. Authors fay it purgeth hot Rewms, and takes away inflamations in wounds, I affure you the Electuary works violently, and may fafeft be given in Clysters, and so you may give two or three drachms at a time, if the patient be iltrong. For taken orherwise it would kill a horse cum privilegio. I wonder the Colledg is not a shamed to free mens guts out with outlandish rubbish, and then they may fafely cry out they have the Plague in their guts, and they know not how to cure them-

Cassia Extralta pro Clysteribus. Pag. 111. in L. Book. Or, Cassia extracted for Clyster.

The Colledg Take of the leaves of Violets, Mallows, Beets, Mercury, Pellitory of the Wall Violet flowers of each a handful, boyl them in a sufficient quantity of water, by the benefit of which let the Cassia be extrasted, and the Canes washed; Then take of this Coffia fo drawn, and boyl it to its confiftance, a pound, Sugar a pound and an halfe, boy! them to the form of an Electuary according to art.

Culpeper] A. It is no more than breaking the Canes of the Caffia, and pick out the pulp (catting away the feeds, boyl the pulp in a little of this decoction, then prefs it through a pulping fieve, the title shows the use of it: or if you will take an cunce of it inwardly, you shall find it work with great gentlenels. You may take it in white Wine, it is good for gentle bodies, for if your body be hard to | not the double quantity of the Syrup have ferred the

work upon, perhaps it will not work at all; it purgeth the reins gallantly and cooleth them, thereby preventing the stone and other diseases caused by their heat.

Electuarium Amarum Magistrale Majus. P. 111. Or, The greater bitter Electuary.

The Colledg.] Take of Agrick, Turbith, Species, Hiera Simplex, Rhubarb of each one drachm,
* choise Aloes unwashed two drachms, Ginger, * Choyce Christal of Tartar, of each two ferniles, Orras Flo- foul Aloes, rentine, sweet Fennel seeds of each a scraple, Syrup a foul exof Rofes, Solutive as much as is sufficient to make it preffion into an Electuary according to art-

Colledg-

Electuarium Amarum Minus. P. 112. in the L. B. Or, The lefter bitter Electuary.

The Colledg] Take of & pithimum half an ounce, the roots of Angelica three drachms, of Gentian Zedoary, Acorus, of each two drachms, Cinnamon one drachm and an balf, Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs, Saf-fron, of each one drachm, Aloes fix ounces, with Syrup of Fumitory, Scabions, and Sugar fo much as is

sufficient to makert into a fost Electuary.

Culpeper] A. Both these purge cholor, the former flegm, and this melantholly 5 the former works ftrongest, and this strengthens most, and is good for such whole brains are anoyed. You may take half an ounce of the former if your body be any thing strong in white Wine, if very strong an ounce, ordering your felf as you were taught before, and the Table at later end will direct you to the place: a reasonable body may take an ounce of the latter, the weak less. I would not have the unskilful too butie with purges without advice of a Phylitian-

> Diacaffia with Manna. Page 112, in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of Damash Prunes two ownces, Violet-flowers a bandful and an balf, Spring water a pound and an half, boyl it according to art till half be confirmed, Strain is, and differe in the decolition fix ounces of Caffia newly drawn, Sugar of Violets Syrup of Violets of each four ounces, Pulp of Tamarinds an ounce, Sugar Candy an ounce and an balf, Manna two ounces, mix them, and make them into an Electuary according to art.

Culpeper ..] A. It is a fine cool purge for fuch as are bound in the body, for it works gently and without trouble, it purgeth choller, and may fafely be given in feavers coming of choller; but in fuch caies, if the body be much bound, the best way is first to administer a Clyster, and then the next morning an ounce of this will cool the body and keep it in dae temper. I wonder what they need have put in Sugar of Violets, and Syrup of Violets, why would

turn ; I protest they will do any thing, to make their Recipts dear and difficult, that so they may grow rich by a lozy life, and uphold themselves in their lawless domineering. A most unconscionable thing that men should prefer their own greatness before the the lives of poor men and women; the stones in the ffreet, would cry out against them shortly, if I should hold my peace.

Caffia E stratta fine foliis Sena, P. 113. in L. Book. Or, Caffia extracted with the leaves of Senna-

The Colledg Take twelve Prunes, Violet flowers a handful, French Barly, the feeds of Annis, and baltard Saffron, Polypidium of the Oak, of each five drachms, Maidenhair, Time, Epithinum, of each balf a handful, Raifons of the Jun flowed balf an ounce, freet Fennel feeds two drachms, the feeds of Purflain, and Mallows of each three drachms, Liquovis balf an ounce, boyl them in a sufficient quantity of water, Strain them, & diffolve in the Decoction, Pulp of Caffia two pound, of Tamarinds an ounce, Cinnamon three drachms, Sugar a pound, boyl it into the form of an Electuary.

Caffia Extracta cum Foliis Sena. P. 113. in L. Book. Or, Caffia extracted with the leaves of Senna.

The Colledg Take of the former Receipt two pound, Senna in pouder two ounces, mix them accor-

[ulpeper.] A. This is also a fine cool purge, gentle, elenfing the bowels of choller and melancholly without any griping, very fit for feaverish bodies, and yet the former is gentler than this. They both clenfe and cool the reins; a reasonable body may take an ounce and an half of the former, and an ounce of the latter, in white Wine, if they keep the house, or their bodies be oppressed with melancholly, let them take half the quantity in four ounces of decoction of Epithium.

Diacarthamum. Page 113. in the Latin Book.

or not, now the Colledg doth not

*Ask the The Colledg Take of Diatragacanthum Fri-whether gidum half an ounce, Pulp of preferved Quinces an you must ounce, the milde of the feeds of Bastard Saffron half put in the an ounce, Ginger two drachms, Diagrydium beaten cold feeds by it felf three drachms, Turbith six drachms, Mannativo ounces, Honey Rofes, Solutive, Sugar-can-dy of each one ounce, Hermadaelils half an ounce, Sugar ten ounces and an half, make of them a Liquid

bid them. Culpeper A. I wonder what art it must be,
wherewith a man should make up an Electuary and have not wherewithal; I tell you truly, that to make up an Electoary of this without more moisture (for here is not a quarter enough) is a task harder than al Hereales his twelve labors, abore me but his fetching Cerberus out of Hell: For my part I shall trouble the Reader no further, but leave the Receipt to Arnoldus and the Colledg for a pure piece of non-lence-Only let me admire at the pride and Headstrongness of the Colledg, that will not mend any error, though as apparant as the Sun is up, when he is upon the Meridian; but quos perdere vult Jupiter dementis facit, choic whom Jupiter will deltroy, he firth makes mad; fo their Jupiter, or Juvans pater (as they often in their Dedicatory Epifile Itile the

King, and the only God they (poor fooles) worship, unless like heathens they worship many gods) being now fent to take his supper apud inferos, hath left fuch a spirit of madnels upon them, which is an sbiolute forcrunner of their end.

> Diaphanicon. Page 113. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg Take of the pulp of Dates boyled in Hydromel, Pemds, of each balf a pound, sweet Almonds blanched three ounces and an balf, to all of them being bruised and permixed, add clarified Honey two pound, boyl them a little and then firew in Ginger, long Pepper, Mace, Cinnamon, Rue leaves, the feeds of Fennel and Carrots, of each two drams; Turbith four ounces, Discridium an ounce and an half; make of them an Electriary according to art.

Culpeper] A. I cannot believe this is to profitable in Feavers taken downwards as Authors fay, for it is a very violent purge: Indeed I beleeve being mixed in Clyfters, it may do good in Chollicks and infirmities of the bowels coming of Raw humors, and

fo you may give half an ounce at a time.

Diagranum Lenitive. Page 114. in the Latin Book

The Colledg] Take one hundred Damask Prunes boyl them in water till they be foft, then pulp them, and in the Liquor they were boyled in, boyl gently one ounce of Violet flowers; firain it, and with two pound of Sugar boyl it into a Syrup; then ad half a pound of the aforefaid pulp, the pulp of Caffia and Tamarinds of each one ounce; then mix withit thefe Pouders following, Sanders white and red, Spodium, Rhubarb, of each three drachms, red Rofes, Violets, the feeds of Purflain, Succory, Barberries, Gum Tragacanth, Liquoris, Cinnamon, of each two drachms; the four greater cold feeds of each one drachm's make it into an Electuary according to art.

Culpeper] A. It may fafely, and is with good fuccels given in acute, burning, and all other feavers, for it cools much and loofens the body gently; it is good in agues, hectick feavers and Marasmos. You may take an ounce of it at a time, at night when you go to bed, three hours after a light supper, neither need you keep your chamber next day, unless the weather be very cold, or your body very tender.

> Diagrunum Solutive. Page 114. in the Latin Book

The Colledg] Take of Diaprunum Lenitive whits it is warm, four pound; Scammony prepared two ounces and five drachms; mix them together and make them into an Electuary according to art.

Seeing the dole of Scammony is encreased according to the Author in this Medicine, you may use a less

weight of Scammony if you pleafe-

Culpeper] A. This they left out now, and left their honesty withal. Although therein the Colledg faid true, for the Medicine according to this Receipt is too firong, violent, corroding, gnawing, fretting, and yet this is that which is commonly called Duaprunes, which simple people take to give themselves a purge, being fitter to do them mitchief (poor fouls) than good, unless ordered with more discretion than they have 3 it may be they build upon the vulgar proverb, That no carrion will kill a Crow. Let me intreat them to have a greater care of themselves, and not meddle with such desperate Medicines: Let them not object to me they often have | taken it and felt no harm; they are not capable of knowing what harm it may do them a long time af-ter: let them remember the old proverb, The pitcher never goes fo often to the well, but it comes broke home at last.

> Catholicon. Page 114. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of the pulp of Cassia and Tamarinds, the Leaves of Senna, of each two ounces; Polipodium, Violets, Rhubarb, of each one ounce; Annis feeds, Penids, Sugar Candy, Liquoris, the feeds of Guords, Citruls, Cucumers, Melones, of each two drachms, the things to be bruifed being bruifed, take of fresh Polypodium three ounces, sweet Fennel feeds fix drachms, boyl them in four pound of water till the third part be confumed, strain it, and with two pound of Sugar boyl the Decoction to the thickness of a Syrup, then with the pulps and pouder make it into an Electuary according to art.

Culpeper] A. It is a fine cooling purge for any part of the body, and very gentle, it may be given (an ounce, or half an ounce at a time, according to the strength of the patient) in acute, in peracute difeases, for it gently looseneth the belly and adds strength, it helps infirmities of the liver and spleen, gouts of all forts, quotidian, tertain, and quartan Agues, as also headaches. It is usually given in Cly-fters. If you lift to take it inwardly, you may take an ounce at night going to bed, in the morning drink a draught of hot poffet drink and go about your

bufinefs.

A. They have altered the quantities of some of the Simples that are harmless, for they do wonders as fast as Bell in the Apocripha eat Mutton.

Electuarium de Citro Solutivum. Pag. 115. in L.B. Or, Electuary of Citrons Solutive.

The Colledg] Take of Citron Pills preferved, Conferves of the flowers of Violets and Bugloft, Diatragacanthum frigidum. Diacrydium of each balf an ounce; Turbith five drachms, Ginger balf a drachm, Senna fix drachms; fweet Fermel feeds one drachm; white Sugar diffolved in Rofe water and boyled according to art ten ounces; make a follid Electuary according to art.

Culpeper] A. Here are some things very cordial, others purge violently, both put together, make a composition no way pleasing to me; therefore I account it a pretty Receipt, good for nothing.

Electuarium Eleccoph. Page 115. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg Take of Diacrydium, Twbith, of each fix drachms; Cloves, Cinnamon, Ginger, Myrobalans, Emblicks, Nutmegs, Polypodium, of each two drachms and an half, Sugar fix ownces, clarified Honey ten ounces, make it into an Electuary according to art.

Culpeper.] A. Mesue appoints only clarified Honey, one pound and four ounces, to make it up into an Electuary; and faith, it purgeth choller and flegm, and wind from all parts of the body 3 helps pains of the joynts and fides, the Chollick, it clenfeth the reins and bladder : yet I advise you not to take too much of it at a time, for it works pretty violently, though well corrected by the pen of a Mefue: let

half an ounce be the most, for such whose bodies are strong, alwaies remembring that you had better ten times take too little, than once too much. You may take it in white wine, and keep your felf warm. If you would have my opinion of it, I do not like it.

> Confectio Hamech. Page 115. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of the bark of Citron Myrobalans two ounces; Myrobalans, Chebs and blacks, Veolets, Colocynthis, Polypodium of the Oak, of each one ounce and an half; wormwood, Time, of each half an ounce; the feeds of Annis and Fennel, the flowers of ved Rojes of each three drachms; Let all of them being brusted be infused one day in fix pound of whey, then boyled till half be confumed, vubbed with your bands and preffed out : to the Decoffion add juyce of Lumitory, pulp of Primes, and Raifons of the Sun, of each half a pound; White Sugar, clarified Honey, of each one pound; boyl it to the thickness of stoney, strewing in towards the end, Agrick Trochiscated, Senna of each two ounces; Rhubarb one ounce and an balf; Spithimum, one ounce; Diacrydium fix drams; Cinnamon half an ounce; Ginger two drachms, the feeds of Fumitory and Annis, Spicknard, of each one drachm; make it into an Electuary according to

Culpeper] A. The Receipt is chiefly apropriated as a purge for Melancholly and fale flegm, and difcases thence ariting, as Scabs, Itch, Leptolies, Cancers, infirmities of the skin, it purgeth addult humors, and is good against madness, melancholly, forgetfulnels, vertigo: It purgeth very violently, and is not fafe given alone. I would advise the unskilful not to medale with it inwardly : You may give half an ounce of it in Clysters, in melancholly diseases, which commonly have aftringency a constant compa-

nion with them-

A. They have now fomething mended it, as well as they could, they having no more skill in making up Medicines than a Cow hath in dauncing.

Electuarium Lenitivum. Pag. 116. in Lat. Book. Or, Lenitive Electuary.

The Colledg] Take of Raisons of the Sun flowed, Polypodium of the Oak, Senna, of each two ounces; Mercury one handful and an half; Jujubes, Sche-flens of each twenty; Maiden-bair, Violets, French Barley, of each one handful; Damask Prunes stoned, Tamarinds, of each fix drachms; Liquoris half an ounce: boyl them in ten pound of water till two parts of three be confumed; strain it, and dissolve in the Decostion, pulp of Cassia, Tamarinds, and fresh Prunes, Sugar of Violets, of each six ounces; Sugar two pound; at last ad Pouder of Senna Leaves, one bunce and an balf 3 Annis feeds in pouder two drams to each pound of Ecceluary; and fobring it into the form of an Eleftuary according to Art.

Culpeper] A. It gently opens and mollifies the howels, bringing forth choller, flegm, and melancholly, and that without rouble : It is cooling, and therefore is profitable in Pleurefies, and for wounded people: A man of reasonable strength may take an ounce of it going to bed,weh wil work next morning.

A. And intruth they have done well here to ad the Annis feeds to correct the Senna; Oh that they would but do fo alwaies!

Eleffuarium Paffulatum. Page 117. in the Latin Book

The Colledg Take of fresh Polypodium roots, three ounces; fresh Marsh-Mallow roots, Senna, of each two ounces, Annis feeds two drachms, fleep them all in a glazed Vessel in a sufficient quantity of fring water, boyl them according to art; frain it and with Pulp of Raisons of the Sun half a pound, white Sugar, Manna, of each four ounces; boyl it to the thickness of a Cydoniate, and renew it four times a

Culpeper] A. The Colledg are so mysterious in this Receipt, a man can hardly give directions how to make it, for they give only incertainties.

A. You had best, first boyl the Roots in three pines of water to a quart, then put in the Senna, and feeds, boyl it to a pint and an half, then strain it and ad the rest; the Manna will melt of it self as well as the Sugar, indeed you had best dissolve the Manna by it felf in some of the Decoction, and so strain it because of its dross.

A. It gently purgeth both choller and melancholly, clenieth the reins and bladder, and therefore is good for the stone and gravel in the kidnies. I leave out the dose till the Colledg have learned wit enough to

make the Receipt plainer.

Electuarium è succo Rosarum. Pag. 117. in L. Book. Or, Electuary of the Juyce of Roles.

The Colledg] Take of Sugar, the juyce of red Rofes clarified, of each a pound and four onnces; the three forts of Sanders of each fix drachms, Spodium three drachms, Diacydonium twelve druchms, Camphire a scruple: Let the Juyce be boyled with the Sugar to its just thickness, then add the rest in Pouder and so make it into an Electuary according to art. Culpeper] A. It purgeth Choller, and is good in tertian Agues, and dileales of the joynts; it purgeth violently, therefore let it be warily given. I omit the dose, because it is not for a vulgar use. I would not willingly have my Country men do themselves a mischief; let the Gentry study Physick, then shall they know what belongs to it. A lazy Gentry makes blockheaded Physicians.

Hiera Picra Simple. Page 117. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg Take of Cinnamon, Xylobalfamum, or wood of Aloes, the roots of Afarabacca, Spicknard, Mastich, Saffron, of each fix drachms, Aloes not wa-(hed twelve ounces and an balf, clarified Honey four pound and three ounces, mix them into an Ele-Etnary according to art. Also you may keep the Spe-

cies by st felf in your shops.

THE RESERVE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF

Culpeper] A. It is an excellent remedy for vicious juyces which lie furring the tunicle of the stomach, and fuch idle fancies and fymtomes which the brain fuffers thereby, whereby fome think they fee, others that they hear ftrange things, especially when they are in bed, and between fleeping and waking; befides this, it very gently purgeth the belly, and helps fuch women as are not sufficiently purged after their

A. Being thus made up into an Electuary, it will be so bitter a dog would not take it, and the Species kept by it felf is not so sweet : your best way (in my opinion) to take it (for I fancy the Receipt very much, and have had experience of what I have written of it) is to put only so much Honey to it as will make it into Pills, of which you may take a scruple at night going to bed (if your body be not very weak) in the morning drink a draught of hot broath or polfet drink; you need not fear to go about your bufinels, for it will hardly work till next day in the afternoon, and then very gently. I have found the benefit of it, and from my own experience I commend it to my Country men.

> Hiera with Agrick. Page 117. in the Latin Book

The Colledg Take of Species Hiera, simple without Aloes, Agrick Trochishcated, of each half an ounce, Aloes not washed one ounce, clarified Honey fix ounces, mix it, and make it into an Electuary according to art.

Culpeper.] A. Look but the vertues of Agrick and ad them to the vertues of the former Receipt, for is the bufiness done without any further trouble.

> Hiera Logadii Page 117, in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of Coloquintida, Polipodium, of each two drachms, Euphorbium, Poley mountain, the Seeds of Spurge, of each one drachm and an half, and fix grains, Wormwood, Mirrh, of each one dram and twelve grains, Centaury the less, Agrick, gum Ammoniacum, Indian leafe or Mace, Spicknard, Squills prepared, Diacrydium of each one drachm, Aloes, Time, Germander, Caffia Lignea, Edellum Horehound, of each one scruple and fourteen grains, Cin-namon, Opopanax, Castoreum, long Birthwort, the three forts of Pepper, Sagapen. Saffron, Parlly of each two drachms, Hellibore black and white, of each fix grains, clarified Honey a pound and and half, mix them, and make of them an Electuary according

to art. Let the Species be kept dry in your shops.

Culpeper A. It takes away by the roots daily evils comming of mellancholly, falling fickness, vertigo, convultions, megrim, leprofie, and many other infirmities; for my part I should be loth to take it inwardly unless upon desperate occasions, or in Clyfters. It may well take away discases by the roots, if it take away life and all.

Hiera Diacolocynthides. Page 118. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg Take of Colocyuthis, Agrick, Germander, white Horehound, Stechas, of each ten drachms, Opopanax, Sagapen. Parfly feeds, round Birthwort roots, white Pepper of each five drachms, Spicknard, Cinnamon, Mirrh, Indian leaf or Mace, Saffron of each four drachms, bruife the Gums in a mortar, life the reft, and with three pound of clarified *Which is Honey, three onnees and five drachms, make it an indeed the

Electuary according to art.

Culpeper.]. A. It helps the falling fickness, madnels, and the pain in the head called xeealalyia, pains in the breast and stomach whether they come by fickness or bruises, pains in the loins or backbone, hardness of womens breasts, purrifactions of meat in the stomach and sour belchings! It is but used

feldom and therefore hard to be gotten.

Triphera the greater. Page 110. in the Latin Book. The Colledg] Take of Myrobalans, Chebs, Belle-

ELECTUARIES.

vichs, Inds, and Emblicks, Nutmegs, of each five drachms, watercreß feeds, Afarabacca roots, Perfian Origanum, or elfe Dittany of Creet, black Pepper, Olibanum, Ammi, Ginger, Tamarn, Indian Xard, Squinanth, Cyperus roots, of each balf an ounce, filings of Steel prepared with Viniger twenty drams, let the Myrobalans be rolled a little with fresh butter, let the rest being poudered, be sprinkled with Oyl of sweet Almonds, then add Music one drachm, and with their trebble waight in Honey, make it into an Electuary according to art.

C.A.It helps the immoderat flowing of the terms in women, and the Hemorrhoids in mea, it helps weaknels of the ftomach and reftores colour loft, It frees the body from crude humors, and ftrengthens the bladder, helps melancholly, and rectifies the di-ftempors of the spleen. You may take a drachm in the morning, or two if your body be any thing flrong, and by that you have read this, you cannot chuse but ice a reason, why they fet a binding Electuary amongst the Purges, as also why the name is changed, from Triphera the less, to Triphera the greater, viz.

Because a great piece of ignorance to set it here, they are like to give Medicines to good purpole, when they know the operations no better.

> Triphera Solutive. Page 119. in the Latin Book

The Colledg] Take of Diacrydium ten drachms, Turbish an ounce and an half, Cardamoms the left, Cloves, Cinnamon, * Honey of each three drachms, * Alias yellow Sanders, Liquoris, freet Fennel feeds of cach Mack half an onnice, Acorus Schenanth, of each a dram, Red-Rofes, Cieron pills preserved, of each three drachms, Violets two drachms, Penids four ounces, white Sugar half a pound, Honey clarified in juyce of Apples

one pound, make an Electuary according to art.

Culpeper] A. The Diacrydium and Turbith, are a couple of untoward purges, the rest are all Cordials, but what to make of them all together I know not, and as little reason do I know, why they should put Honey in twice, unless they mistook honey for Mace, they have a bleffed turn in this world, 'tis lawful for them to mistake, but for no body else.

ELECTUARIES left out in their new Master-piece which is famous for its baseness.

Athanasia Mithridatit. Galen.

Meum. Colledg. Take of Cinnamon, Cassia, Schoenanth, of Waterag per-of each one ounce; Costus, Spignel, Acorus, Aaps they grick, Scordium, Carrots, Parsty, of each balf as ounce,
agns. See white Pepper, eleven grains; Honey, so much as is
sufficient to make it into an Electure search. Sufficient to make it into an Electuary according to ne root

n the Ca- art. alogue of Culpeper] A. It prevails against poyton and the imples. bitings of venemous beafts, and helps such whose meat putrifies in their flomach, flaies vomiting of blood, helps old coughs, and cold difeases in the liver spleen, bladder, and matrix. The Colledg hath made some petty alterations in the quantities of the Simples, but not worth the speaking of. The dose is half a drachm.

Electuarium è b scoria ferri. Rhalis.

Scoria

Ferri is

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properly

The Colledg.] Take of the flakes if Iron infufed in Viniger feven daies and dried, three drams, Indian Spicknard, Schanasth, Cyperus, Ginger Pepper thole flaks Bishops weed, Frankinsence, of each half an ounce; Myrocalans, Indian, Bellericks, and Emblicks, tto-ncy boyled with the decolition of Emblicks fixteen ounces : mix them together and make of them an Efrom Iron left wary.

when it is Culpeper] A. I wonder how the quantities of the Myrobalans escaped the great care, labor, pains, and the industry of the honorable Society the Authors of Rhaffs an Arabian Physitian, the Author of the Receipt appoints a drachm of each: the medicine hears
the spleen gently, purgeth melancholly, easeth pains
in the stomach and spleen, and thre ngthens digestiin the stomach and spleen, and thre ngthens digestithat Book, or the vigilancy of the vaporing Printer.

on. People that are strong may take half an ounce in the morning faiting, and weak people three drams. It is a good remedy for pains and hardness of the ipleen:

Confectio Humain. Mesuc.

The Colledg.] Take of Eyebright two ounces, Fennel feeds five drachms, Cloves, Cinnamon Cubebs, long Pepper, Mace, of each one drachm : beat them all into pouder, and with clarified Honey one pound, in which boyl juyce of Fennel one ounce, sugge of Cetoudine and Rue, of eath half an ounce, and with the pouders make it up into an Elettuary.

Culpeper.] A. It is chiefly apropriated to the

brain and heart, quickens the lences, especially the fight, and refisherh the pestilence. You may take half a drachm if your body be hot, a drachm if cold, in the morning faiting.

Diabreot Salominis. Nich.

The Colledg Take of Orris roots one ounce; Pennyroyat, Hylop, Liquoris, of each fix drams; Traganths white Starch, bitter Almonds, Pine Nats, Cinnamon, Ginger, Popper, of each three drachms; fat Figs, the pulp of Raifons of the Sun, and Dates of each three drachms and an half; Styrax Calamitis two drachms and an bulf ; Sugar difforced in Hyfop water, and clarified Honey, of each twice the weight of all the reft : make them into an Bleffuziy accor-

Diafatryon. Nich.

"Look the Roots in you have meed c-

in them.

d I know

not what

English

name to

give it.

The Colledg Take of the roots of Satyrion fresh and found, Garden Parfnips, Eringo, Pine Nuts, Inahe Simples dian Nuts, orif Indian Nuts be wanting, take the and there double quantity of Pine Nuts, Fiftieb Nuts, of each you shall one bounce and an half; Cloves, Ginger, the feeds of find those Annis, Rockit, Alb Keys, of each five drachms; directions Cinnamon, the tayls and loins of Scincus, the feeds of you have Bulbus, Nettles, of each two drachms and an half; Musk seven grains ; of the best Sugar diffolved in nough of. Malagawine, three pounds : make it into an Electu-

The Auary according to art.

The Auary according to art.

Culpeper J. A. Either the Colledge or the Printer,

points feleft out Cicer roots feven drachms, which I think ven drams, are proper to the Receipt; they also added the loins viz. The of Scincus and the Nettle seeds, and in so doing seeds with-

A. It helps weakness of the reins and bladder, and fuch as make water with difficulty, it provokes luft exceedingly, and speedily helps such as are impotent in the acts of Verus. You may take two drachms or more at a time.

Mathiolus bis great Antidote ogainst Poyfon and Peffilence.

The Colledg] Take of Rhubarb, Rhu-pontick, Valerian Roots, the Roots of Acorus or Calamus Aromaticus, Cyperus, Cinkfoyl, Tormentil, round Birthwort, male Penny, Alicampane, Coftus, Illivick, Orvis, white Chamelion, or Avens, of each three drachms, the roots of Galanga, Masterwert, white Diclammi, Angelica, Yarrow, Filipendula or Dropwort, Zedoay, Ginger, of each two drachms ; Rojemary, Gentian, Devils-bit, of each two drachms and an half, the feeds of Citrons, and Agnus Castus, the berries of Kermes, the feeds of Ash-tree, Sorrel, wild Parsueps, Nazere, Nigella, Teony the male, Euzil, Hedg Mu-Rard, Treacle Mullard, Firmel, Elbops weed, of each two drachms; the berries of Bay, Juniper, and 127, b Sarfaparilla (or for mant of it the double weight of Cubebs) (ubebs, of each one deachm and an half; the leaves of Scordium, Germander, Chamepitys, Centaury the less, Stuchas, Celtick Spicknard, Calaminth, Rue, Mints, Betony Vervain, Scabious, Carduns Benedictus, Bawm, of each one drachm and on balf, Dittory of Creet, three drachms, Mar-joram, St. Johns wert, Schanauth, Horebound, Goats Rue, Savin, Burnet, of each two drachms; Ites, Walnuts, Fiftick nuts, of each three ounces; Emblick Myrobalans balf an ounce, the flowers of Violets, Borrage, Bugloff, Rofes, Lavender, Sage, Rofemary, of each four (cruples, Safron three drachms, Caj-fia Lignea ten drachms, Cloves, Mutmegs, Mace, of each two drachms and an half, black Pepper, long Pepper, all the three forts of Sanders, wood of Alocs, of each one drachm and an half, Harts-horn half an ounce, unicorns-born, or in its flead, Bezoar Stone one drachm, Bone in a Stags heart, Ivory Stags prace, Casterium, of each four scruples, Earth of Lemnos three drachms; Opinm one drachm and an balf, Orient Pearls, Emerald, Jacinth, red Corral, of each one dram and an half, Camphire two drams, Gum Arabick, Mastich, Frankinsence, Styrax, Tur-Jentine, Sagopenum, Opopanar, Loferpitinm or Minch,

point of a Knife, a little of it at a time, and ofof each two drachms and an half, Musk, Amberten.

greefe, of each one drachm, Oyl of Vitriol half an * Species cordiales temperatæ, Diamargeri- * See the ton, Diamolco, Diambra, Elcctuarii de Gemmis, way to Troches of Camphie, of Squils, of each two drams make their and an helf, Troches of Vipers two ounces, the in their juyce of Sorrel, Sowthiftles, Scordium, Vipers Bug- proper loß, Borrage, Bawm, of each half a pound, Hypoci-places. itis two drachms, of the best Treacle and Mithridate "Ecchium" of each fix ownces, Old wine three pound, of the best Sugar or choree best Honey eight pound six ownces: b A wise These being all chosen and prepared with diligence and man will art, let them be made into an Electuary, just as Treacle take Hone or Methridate 15.

Culpeper] A. The Title shews you the scope of the Author in compiling it, I believe it is excellent for those vies: I want time to examine what alterations the Colledg bath made in it, or whether any or none 3 for particular vertues (to avoid Tautology) I refer you to his Bezoar Water. The dole of this is from a scruple to four scruples, or a dram and an half; It provokes (weating abundantly, and in this or any other sweating. Medicine, order your body thus: Take it in bed, and cover your self warm, in your fweating, drink poffet drink as hot as you cap; if it be for a feaver, boyl Sorrel and red Sage in the poffet drink, fweat an our or two if your ftrength wil bear it, then the chamber being kept very warm, shift your felfall but your head, about which (your cap which you sweat in being kept on) wrap a hot napkin, which will be a means to repel the vapors back. This I for present hold the best method for sweating in feavers and pestilences, in which this Electuary is very good.

A. I am loth to leave out this Medicine, which if it were firetched out and cut in thongs would reach round the world.

Requies. Nicholaus.

The Colledg] Take of red kofe Leaves, the whites being cut off, blew Violets, of each three drachms : Opium of Thebes diffolved in Hine, the feeds of white Henbane, Poppies, white and black, the voots of Mandrakes, the feeds of Endive, Purflain, Garden Lettice, 'Pfyllium, Spodium, Gum Traganth, of each 'I take it two scruples, and fre grains: Quimigs, Cinnamon, to be Flea-Ginger, of each a drach m and on balf : Sanders, yel- wort, not low, white, and red, of each a drachm and an half : Fleabane; Sugar three times their weight diffolued in Rofe 1847 the feeds ter: Mix them together, and make of them an Ele- look just Eluary according to get. like fleas.

Culpeper] A. Requies, the title of this Prescript, fignifies Reft: but I would not advise you to take roo much of it inwardly, for fear inflead of Reft it brings you to Madness, or at best to Folly : outwardly I confess being applied to the temples, as also to the infides of the wrefts, it may mitigate the heat in fervers, and provoke the Reft; as also mitigate the violent heat and raging in Frenzies. I like not the Receipt taken inwardly.

Electuarium Regina Coloniens.

The College Take of the feeds of Saxifrage and Grommel, juyce of Liquoris, of each balf an onnice: the feeds of Carraway, Annie, Smallage, Fennel, Par-By of Macedonia, Broom, Carrots, Bruseus, Sparagus, Low oge, Cummin, Jumper, Rue, Siler Mountain, the

2 Irio.

b I think zhey mean shat by Smilex aspera.

feeds of Acorus, Penyroyal, Cinkfoyl, Bay-berries, of any according to art, with three times their weight is each two drachms: Indian Spickmand, Schenanth, Sugar difficult in white wine. Amber, Valerian, Hogs Fennel, Lapis Lincis, of each a drachm and an half: Galarga, Ginger, Turbith, of a drachm and an balf: Galanga, Ginger; Turbith, of each two drachms: Senna an ounce: Goats blood flore and wind chollick, a drachm of it being taken prepared, half an ounce: mix them together: first every motning; I affaire such as are troubled with beat them into pouder, then make them into an Electu- such discuss, I commend it to them as a Jewel.



A. PILLS in Greek are called, Karanoria, in Latin, Pilule; which fignifies little Balls: because they are made up in such a form, what they may be the better swallowed down, by reason of the offensivenels of their tast.

A. They were first invented for the purging of the head (however Physitians have fince ordered the bufiness) because the matter there offending is not so foon taken away by any other Phylick.

A. Such as have Scammony, otherwise called Diagrydium in them, or Colocynthis, work strongly, and must be taken in the morning, and the body well regulated after them, keeping your chamber and a good fire. I shall instruct you in the dose as I come to them, Such as have neither Colocynthis, nor Diagrydium, may best be taken in the evening; neither need you keep the house for them-

Pilula de Agarico. Page 121. in the Latin Book. Or, Pills of Agrick.

The Colledg] Take of Agrick three drams : our own blew Orris roots, Mastich, Horebound, of each one drachm: Tarbith five drachms, Species Hiera Piera balf an ounce: Colocynthia, Sarcocol, of each two drachms: Mirrh, one drachm: Sapa as much as is sufficient to make it into a blaß according to art.

Culpeper] A. It was invented to clenfe the breaft and lungues of flegm, it works pretty tithly, therefore requires a good headpiece to direct it. Half a drachm at a time keeping your felf warm cannot well do you harm, unless your body be very weak.

Pilula Aggregativa. Page 121. in the Linin Book. The Colledg Take of Citron Myrobalans, Rhubarb, of each half an onnee, jayre of Agrimony and normwood made thick of each two drackms: Diagridium five dracks. dium five drachms : Agricks Colocynthis, Polypodium, of each two drachms: Turbith, Aloes, of each fix drams: Mastich, red Rojes, Sal. gem. Epithimum, Annu, Ginger, of each one drachm: with Syrup of Damask Rofes, make it into a Mafi eccording to ort.

Culpeper] A. It purge is the head of choller, flegm, and Melantholly and that Rearly 5 it is good against quotidian agues, and faults in the fromach and liver 5 yet because it is well corrected if you take but half a

entire, Gone of all forts, par

drachm at a time, ond keep your felf warm, I fup-

Pilule Alwohmgine. Page 121. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of Cinnamon, Cloves, Cardamoms the left, Nutmegs, Mace, Calamus Aromaticus, Carpobalfamum, or Juniper Berries, Squinanth wood of Alocs, yellow Sanders, red Rojes dried, Wormwood, of each half an ounce: Let the tingine be taken out of these being grossy braised in spirit of wine, the vessel being close stopped, in three pound of this tinsture being strained, dissolve Alocs one pound: which being strained, dissolve Alocs one pound: which being strained, dissolve Alocs one pound: which was dissolved and Mastich, Mirrb, of each half an ounce: Saffron two drachms: Balfam of Peru one drachm: the superfluous Liquor being consumed, either over bot ofhes or a bath, bring it into a Maß of Pills.

Culpeper] A. This Receipt differs much from that which Mefue left to posterry : perhaps the Colled g followed Remodeus more closly in it than they did Mefue : But some question whether Renodeus or the Colledge either can amend the Receipts of Mefue. The chief alterations are: Afarabacca roots, Indian Spicknard, of each one onnce, is totally left out; befides, all the Simples till you come to the Wormwood, are fet down but half fo much in quanrity as Mefue prescribed them: Some other small alterations are also in most of the quantities. But I must return to my scope.

A. It clenieth both flomach and brain of gross and putrified humors, and fets the fences free when they are thereby troubled, it clenieth the brain of-fended by ill humors wind &c. helps vertigo, and head-aches, and firengthens the brain exceedingly, helps concoction, and firengthens the flomach. I have often made experience of it upon my own body and alwaies with good fuccess in such occasions, and therfore give me leave to commend it unto my Country men, for a wholfom elenting Medicine, firengthening, no waies violent: one drachm taken at night going to bed will work gently next day; if the party be weak you may give lets, if it ong, more. If you take but half a drachin you may go abroad the next day, but if you take a drachm, you may keep the house, there can be no harm in that.

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Pilula de Alor Lota. Page 122. in the Latin Book.

Or, Pills of wathed Aloes.

The Colledg] Take of Aloes we fled with juyce of Red-Roses one ounce, Agrick three drachms, Mastich two drachms, Diamoschu Dulce half a drachm, Syrup of Damask Roses, so much as is sufficient to make it into a Maß according to art.

Eulpeper] A. It purgeth both brain, ftomach, bo-wels and eyes of purified humors, and also ftreng-

thens them. Use these as the succeeding.

Aloc Rofata. Page 122, in the Latin Book.

The Colledg.] Take of Aloes in pouder, four ounces, juyce of Damask Rojes clarified one pound, mix them and digift them in the Sun, or in a bath,

By Maß supporate it four times are drawn off, digeft it, and evaporate it four times over, and keep the * Maß.

(ulpeper) A. It is a gallant gentle purger of cholunderstand ler, frees the stomach from superfluous humors, opens stoppings, and other infirmities of the body proceeding from choller or flegm, as yellow Jaun-dice &c. and ftrengthens the body exceedingly. Take into such a a scruple or half a drachm at night going to bed, you thickness, may walk abroad, for it will hardly work till next may eafily day in the after noon.

Pilule Auree. Page 122. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of Alves, Diacrydium, of each five drachms, Red-Roses, Smallage seeds, of each two drachms and an half; the feeds of Annis and Fennel, of each one drachm and an half, Mastich, Saffron, Troch. Albandal of each one drachm, with a sufficient quantity of Honey roses, make it into a

Maß according to art.
Culpeper] A. They are held to purge the head, to quicken the sences, especially the fight, and to expel wind from the bowels, but works fomething harshly. Half a drachm is the utmost dose, keep the fire take them in the morning and fleep after them,

they will work before noon.

Pilula Cochia the greater. Page 122. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg.] Take of Species Hiera Piera ten elrachms, Troch-Alhandal three drachms and an half, Diacrydium two drachms and an half, Turbith, Ste-chas, of each five drachms, with a sufficient quantity of Syrup of Steebas, make it into a Mass according

Culpeper] A. Gesner, and Mato. de Grad. put in only two scruples and a half of Diagrydium, belike because they would not have it work so violently. But Mefue, Rhafis, and Nicholans Myrepfus prescribe two drachms and an half, as here in the Difpensatory; only Mesue appoints it to be made up with syrup of Wormwood. 'Tis held to purge the head, but 'tis but a dogged purge at best, and must be given only to ffrong bodies, and but half a drachen at a time, and yet with great care.

> Pilula Cochia the lest. Page 123.in the Latin Book.

The Colledg.] Take of Aloes, Scammony, Colocynthis, of each one ounce, with equall parts of Symp of Wormwood and of purging thorn, make it into a Maß according to art.

Pilule de Cynoglosso. Page 123. in the Latin Book Or, Pills of Houndflongue.

The Colledg] Take of the oots of Houndstongue dried, white Henbane feed, Opium prepared of each half an ounce, Mirrh fix drachms, Olibanum five drachms, Saffron, Castoreum, Styrax Calamitis, of each one drachm and an balf, with Syrup of Sixchas, make it into a Maß.

Culpeper] A. It staics hot rhumes that fall down upon the lungues, therefore is good in Phtilicks, also it mitigates pain : a scruple is enough to take at a time going to bed, and too much if your body be weak, have a care of opiates for fear they make you

fleep your laft.

Pilule ex Duobus. Page 123. in the Latin Book. Or, Pills of two things.

The Colledg Take of Colocynthis, and Scamony, of each one ounce, Oyl of Cloves as much as is sufficient to malax them well, then with a little Syrup of

purging Thorn, make it into a Maß.

Culpeper] A. Surely the Colledg intend to go to Hell, and give Philick to the Devils, they elfe would never invent such Pills as this and put Cochia the lefs, without any corrigents at all, in truth 'tis pity but they should have the just reward of Perillus, wig. be forced to take them themselves, they being not only to strong, but also of a base gnawing nature, that so they may gnaw out their ill conditi-

Pilulade Eupatorio. Page 123. in the Latin Book. Or, Pills of Eupatorium.

The Colledg Take of the juyce of Maudlin, and Wormwood made thick, Citron Myrobalans, of each three drachms, Rhubarb three drachms and an balf, Mastich one drachm, Aloes five drachms, Saffron half a dram, Syrup of the juyce of Endive, as much as is sufficient to make it into a Maß.

Culpeper] A. Having compared this Receipt of Mefue with reason, I find it a gallant gentle purge, and strengthening, fitted for such bodies as are much weakened by difeates of choller. The author apropriates it to fuch as have tertain agues, the yellow Jaundice, obstructions or stoppings of the liver; half a drachm taken at night going to bedy will work with an ordinary body, the next day by noon; the truth is, I was before sparing in relating the dolesof most purging physicks because they are to be reguated according to the ftrength of the patient &c. Phylick is not to be prefumed upon by Dunces, left they meet with their matches and overmatches

Pilule Fatide. Page 123. in the Latin Book. Or, Stinking Pills.

The Colledg] Take of Aloes, Colocynthis, Amoniacum, Sagapen. Murh, Rue feeds, Epithymum, of each five drachms, Scammony three drachms, the roots of Turbith half an ounce, the roots of Spurge the less prepared, Hermodaltils of each two drachms, Ginger one drachm and an half, Spechnard, Cinna-mon, Saffron, Castoreum, of each one drachm, Euphorbium prepared two femples, diffolve the Gums in juyce of Leeks, and with syrup made with the juyce

of Leeks and Sugar, make it into a Maß.

Culpeper] A. They purge grots and raw flegm, and discases thereof arising, Gouts of all forts, pains

In the backbone and other joynts; it is good against Leprofies, and other fach like infirmities of the skin. I fancy not the receipt much. Both because of its violence and apish mixture.

Pilule de Hermodastilis. Page 124 in the L. Book. Or, Pills of Hermodastils.

The Colledg] Take of Sagapen. fix drachms, Oppopanax three drachms, melt them in warm juyce of coleworts, so much as is sufficient, then strain it through a convenient ragg, afterwards boyl it to a mean thickness, then take of Hermodallils, Aloes, Citron, Myrobalans, Turbith, Coloquintida, soft Bdellium, of each six drachms, Euphorbium prepared, the seeds of Rue and Smallage, Castorium, Sarcocol, of each three drachms, Sassivane drachm and an half, with Syrup of the juyce of Coleworts made with Homey, make it into a Mass according to art.

culpeper] A. They are good against the Gout and other cold afflictions of the joynts. These are more moderate by half; than Pilula Fatida, and appropriated to the same diseases. You may take a drachm in the morning, if age and strength agree; if not, take less, and keep your body warm by the fire, now and then walking about the chamber.

Pilule de Hiera cum Agarico. P. 124. in Lat. Book. Or, Pills of Hiera with Agrick.

The Colledg] Take of Species Hiera Piera, A-grick, of each half an ownee, Aloes one ownee, Honey roses so much as is sufficient to make it into a Mass according to art.

Culpeper] A. Very many are the vertues Authors have been pleased to confer upon this Medicine, as making it universal, and applying it to all parts of the body, and almost all diseases in them; proceed they either of choller, slegm, or of melanceolly: nay they make it to resist poysion, and Epidemicall diseases, to help the Gout, dropsie, and falling sickness; to provoke the terms, and ease the fits of the mother, to cure agues of all forts, shortness of breath, and consumption of the lungues, vertigo, or diffiness in the head, to open obstructions of the liver and spleen, we cure the yellow Jaundice, and sharpness of urine: to strengthen the brain and memory, and what not; the truth is, it is as harmless a purge, as most is in their Dispensatory. You may safely take a scruple at night going to bed, having cat a light supper three hours before; and you may safely go about your business the next day, for it will not work too haltily, but very gently; so you may continue taking it a week together, for it will not do wonders in once taking.

Pilula Imperiales. Page 124. in the Laiin Book-Or, Imperial Pills.

The Colledg] Take of Aloes two ounces, Rhubarh one ounce and an half, Agrick Senna, of each one ounce cinnamon three drachms, Ginger two drachms, Nutmegs, Cloves, Spicknard, Mastick, of each a dram, with Syrup of Violets, make it into a Mass according to art.

Culpeper] A. It clenfeth the body of mixt humors, and firengthens the flomach exceedingly, as also the bowels, liver, and natural spirit; it is good for cold natures, and cheers the spirits. The dose is a feruple or half a drachm, taken at night; in the morning drink a draught of warm poffet drink, and then you may go about your bufiness: both these and such like Pills as these, 'tis your best way to take them many nights together, for they are proper for such infirmities as cannot be carried away at once, observe th is rule in all such pills as are to be taken at night.

Pilule de Lapide Lazuli. P. 124. in the Lat. Book. Or, Pills of Lapis Lazuli.

The Colledg Take of Lapis Lazuli in ponder and well welfeed five drachms, Epithimum, Polypodium, Agrick, of each an onnce, Scammony, black Hellebore roots, Salgem of each two drachms and an half, Cloves, Annus feeds of each half an ounce, Species Hiera Simple, fifteen drachms, with Syrup of the juyce of Fumitory, make it into a Maß according to art.

Culpeper.] A. It purgeth melancholly very violently, we will not now dispute the story how, or in what cases violent purges are sit for melancholly, let it suffice that it is not sit for a vulgar use.

Pilale Macri. Page 125. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg Take of Aloes two ounces, Masticb balf an ounce, dried Marjoram two drachms, Salt of Wormwood one drachm, make them all being in pouder, into a Mast according to art with juyce of Coleworts and Sugar, so much as is sufficient.

Culpeper] A. It is a gallant composed Pill, who ever was the Author of it, I have not time to fearch, it strengtheneth both stomach and brain, especially the nerves and muscles (what they are you shall be instructed in a table by it self , at the latter end of the Book, as also in all other hard words that puzzle your brains) and easeth them of fuch humors as afflict them, and hinder the motion of the body, they open obstructions of the liver and spleen, and takes away diseases thence coming. Your best way is to take them often going to bed, you may take a scruple, or half a drachm at a time; I commend it to such people as have had hurts or bruiles, whereby the ule of their limbs is impaired, and I defire them to take it often , because diseases in remote parts of the body cannot be taken away at a time; It will not hinder their following of their bufiness at all, and therefore is the fitter for poor people.

Pilule Mastichine. Page 125. in the Latin Book. Or, Mastich Pills.

The Colledg. Take of Mastich two ounces, Aloes four ounces, Agrick, Species Hiera simple, of each one ounce and an half with Syrup of Wormwood, make it into a Mast according to art.

[ulpeper] A. They purge very gently, but ftrengthen much, both head, brain, eyes, belly and reins. Both dofe, and order is the same with the for-

Pilula Mechoacana. Page 125 in the Latin Book.
Or, Pills of Mechoacan.

The Colledg] Take of Mecoacan roots half an ounce, Turbith three drachms, the leaves of Spunge sleeped in Viniger and dried, the seeds of Walwors, Agrick, Trachistated, of each two drachms, Spunge El

roots prepared, Mastieh, of each one drachm and an half, Mace, Cinnamon, Sal. gem. of each two scruples, beat them into pouder, and with white Wine bring them into a Maß. When it is dry beat it into pouder, and with Syrup made with the juyce of Orris roots and Sugar, make it the second time into a Maß for Pills.

Culpeper] A. They purge flegm very violently. If the disease be desperate, you may take half a dram, (or a scruple if your body be weak keeping the house) else I would advise you to let them alone.

Pilule de Opopanace. Page 125. in the Latin Book. Or, Pills of Opopanax.

The Colledg] Take of Opopanax, Sagapen. Bdeltium, Amoniacum, Hermodattils, Coloquintida, of each five drachms, Saffron, Castorium, Mirrh, Ginger, white Pepper, Caffia Lignea, Citron, Myroba-Turbeth half an ounce, Aloes one ounce and an half, the Gums being dissolved in clarified juyce of Coleworts, with Syrup of the suyce of Coleworts, make them into a Maß according to art.

[ulpeper.] A. It helps tremblings, palfies, gouts of all forts, clenfeth the joynts, and is helpful for fuch as are troubled with cold afflictions of the nerves. It works violently, take but half a drachm at a

time and ftir not abroad.

Pilula Rudii. Page 126 in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of Coloquintida fix drachms, Agrick, Scammony, the voots of black Hellebore, and Tarbith, of each half an ounce, Aloes one ounce, Diarrodon abbatis half an ounce let all of them (the Diarrh. Abb. excepted) be grofly bruised, and insused eight daies in the best spirit of wine in a vessel close stopped in the Sun, so that the Liquor may from at top the breadth of fix fingers: afterwards infuse the Diarrh. Abb. in the same manner four daies in aqua vite, then having strained and pressed them hard mix them both together, Casting the droß away, and draw off the moisture in aglas Alembick, and let the thick matter remain in a Maß.

Culpeper] A. As this is the dearest, so in my opinion it is most excellent in operation of all the Pills in the Dispensatory, being of a quick searching nature, yet though many violent fimples be in it, the terrene part is cast away, and only the tineture used, whereby it is apparent it cannot lie gnawing in the body fo long; It clenfeth both head and body of choller, flegm, and melancholly : it must not be taken in any great quantity, half a drachm is sufficient for the strongest body; let the weaker take but a feruple, and the weakest less; keep your chamber: they work very speedily being of a penetra-

zing nature.

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Pilule Ruffi. Page 126. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of Aloes two ounces, Mirrh one ounce, Saffron half an ounce, with Syrup of the Juyce of Lemmons, make it into a Maß according to

Culpeper] A. A scruple taken at night going to bed, is an excellent preservative in pestilential times; also they clense the body of such humors as are gotten by furfets, they strengthen the heart, and weak

flomachs, and work so easily that you need not fear following your bufiness the next day.

Pilula fine Quibus. Page 126. in the Latin Book. Or, Pills without which-

The Colledg Take of washed Aloes, fourteen drachms: Scammony prepared fix drachms: Agricks Rhubarb, Senna, of each half an ounce: Wormwood; red Roses exungulated, Violet flowers, Doddar, Mafisch, of each a drachm: Salt of wormwood, of each half a drachm: with Syrup of the Juyce of Fennel made with Honey, make it titto a Mass according to

Culpeper] A. It purgeth flegm, choller, and melancholly from the head, makes the fight and hearing good, and giveth case to a burdened brain. Pilule fine quibus effe nolo, is in English, Pills without which I will not be: But unless they worked more gently, I had rather let them alone than take them. I doubt they were miftaken, it should have been Pilula fine quibus effe volo, not fine quibus effe noto-

Pilule Stomachice. Page 126. in the Latin Book. Or, Stomach Pills.

The Colledg Take of Aloes fix drachms : Mastich, red Roses, of each two drachms: with Syrup of Wormwood, make it into a Mass according to

Culpeper.] A. They clense and strengthen the stomach, they clenie but gently, ffrengthen much, help digeftion. Take them as the former.

Pilula Stomachica cum Gummi. Pag. 127. in L. B. Or, Stomach Pills with Gums.

The Colledg] Take of Aloes an ounce: Senna five drachms : Gum Ammoniacum disfolved in Bider-flower-Vineger, half an onnce: Mastich, Mirrh, of each a drachm and an half: Saffron, Salt of Wormwood, of each balf a drachm : with Syrup of Purging Thorn, make it into a Mass according to art.

Culpeper] A. They work more strongly than the

former did, and are apropriated to such whose stomachs are weakned by furfets; let fuch take a drachm of them in the morning, and if they can fleep after them, let them. They may take them by four of the clock, and keep the house all day.

Pilule & Styrace. Page 127. in the Latin Book. Or, Pills of Styrax.

The Colledg Take of Styrax Calamitys, Olibanum, Mirrh, fuyce of Liquoris, Opium, of each half an ounce: with Syrup of white Poppies, make it into

a Maß according to art
Culpeper] A. They help such as are troubled with
defluxion of Rhewm, Coughs, and provoke sleep to fuch as cannot fleep for coughing. Half a fcruple is enough to take at a time, if the body be weak, if ftrong, they may make bold with a little more: I defire the ignorant to be very cautious in taking Opiates; I confess it was the urgent importunity of friends moved me to fet down the Dofes ; they may do wife men very much good, and therefore I confented: if people will be shad and do themselves mis-chief, I can but warn them of it, I can do no

Pilula

Pilula de Suttine. Page 127. in the Latin Book. Or, Pills of Amber

The Colledg] Take of white Amber, Mastich, of each two drachms: Aloes five drachms: Agrick, a drachm and an half: Long Birihwort, half a drachm: with Syrup of wormwood make it into a Mass.

Culpeper] A. It amends the evil state of a woman holy throughout consension.

mans body, ftrengthens conception, and takes away what hinders it; it gently purgeth choller and flegm, and leaves a binding, frengthening quality behind it. Take them as Imperial Pills.

Pilula ex Tribus. Pag. 127. in the Latin Book. Or, Pills of three things.

The Colledg Take of Mastich two ounces : Aloes four ounces, Agrick, Hiera Simple of each an ounce and an half, Rhubarb two ounces, Cinnamon two drachms: with Sprup of Success, make it into a Maß according to art.

Culpeper.] A. They gently purge choller, and help different thence arifing, as itch, Scabs, wheals, &c. They ftrengthen the ftomach and Liver, and open obstructions; as also help the yellow Jaundice. You may take a scruple or half a drachm at night going to bed, according as your body is in ftrength; neither need you fear next day to go about your bufi-

Pilula Turpeti Aurea. Page 127. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg Take of Turbith two ounces: Aloes an ounce and an half: Citron Myrobalans, ten drams: Red Roses, Mastich, of each six drachms: Saffron, three drachms: Beat them all into ponder, and with

Syrup of wormwood bring them into a Maß.

Culpeper? A. They purge choller and flegm, and that with as much gentlenets as can be defired; also

they threngthen the flomach and liver, and help digeftion. Take a fcraple or half a drachm, according as your body and the feafon of the yeer is, at night; you may follow your business next day-

Laudanum. Page 127. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg Take of Thebane Opium extrasted in Spirit of Wine, one sunce: Saffron alike extrailed, a drachm and an half: Castorium one drachm: Let them be taken in tiniture of half an ounce of Species Diamben newly made in Spirit of Wine; add to them Amber greefe, Musk of each fix grains: Oyl of Nurmegs ten drops : Evaporate the moissure away in a bath, and leave the Maft.

Culpeper] A. It was invented (and a gallant invention it is) to mitigate violent pains, thop the fumes that trouble the brain in feavers (but beware of Opiates in the beginning of Feavers) to provoke fleep, take not above two grains of it at a time, going to bed; if that provoke not fleep, the next night you may make bold with three. Have a care how you be too busie with fuch medicines, left you make a man fleep till dooms-day.

Repenthes Opiatum. Page 118. in the Latin Book.

The Collede Take of Tintime of Opium made first with distilled Vineger, then with Spirit of vine, Saffron extrasted in spirit of wine, of each an onnee: Salt of Pearl and Corral, of each balf an onnee:
Tincture of Spec. Diambræ, feven drachms: Amber
greefe, one drachm: uring them into the form of Pills
by the gentle heat of a bath.
Culpeper A. The Operation is like the former,
only 'tis dearer, and not a whire better: This is for

the Gentry that must pay dear for a thing, else 'tis



The PILL's left out by the Colledg in their New piece of Wit, are thefe.

Pilule Affaireth. Avicenna.

The Colledg] Take of Species Hiera Piera Galeni an ounce: Maltich, Citron Myrobalans, of each balf an ounce: Aloes two ounces: the Syrup of Stuchas as much as is sufficient: Make of them a Mass ac-

Culpeper] A. It purgeth choller and flegm, and firengtheneth the whol body exceedingly, being very precious for fuch whole bodies are weakened by furfers, or ill dier, to take half a drachm or a ferupie at night going to bed.

Tills of Bdellium. Mefue.

*Akind The Colledg] Take of Edellium ten drachms to of Seathel Myrobalaus, Bellevicks, Emblicks, and Blacks, of each to be had five drachms: flakes of Iron, Leek feeds, of each Species Hiera Piera Simp. Galeni, ten drachms: with five apoint at the Apo three drachms: * Choncula Veneris barns, Corral jugge of Fennet not clarified; and Honey fo much as not Fenned thecaries.

burnt, Amber, of each a drachm and an half: Pearls, half an ounce : a Diffolve the Bdellium in juyce of a Not in-Leeks, and with so much Syrup of juyce of Leeks as susceptible is sufficient, make it into a Mass according to art. Colledge Culpeper A. Both this and the former are seldom prescribe.

used, and therefore are hardly to be had. Those that please may easily make the former, this is more tediplease may easily make the torner, the into stop the out of band why mouth of Momus. not calri-

Pills of Rhubarb. Meloc.

The Collede Take of chorce Rhubarb three drams: but a piece Citron Myrobalans, Trochifei Diarhodon, of earb of a reason three drachms and an half: Juyce of Liquors, and for it? I Juyce of Wormmood, Mastich, of each one drachm: am deceithe feeds of Smallage and Fernel, of each half a drame ved if Me-Species Hiera Piera Simp-Galeni, ten dvachms : with file apoint is fuf- water.

fied ? Can

is sufficient, make it into a Maß.

Culpeper] A. It purgeth choller, opens obstructions of the Liver, helps the yellow jaundice and dropfies in the beginning, strengtheneth the sto-mach and lungues. Take them as Pilula Imperiales. They are never the worse because the Colledg left them out.

Pilula Arabica. Nicholaus.

The Colledg] Take of the best Aloes, four ownces : Briony Roots, Myrobalans, Citrons, Chebs, Indian, Bellerick, and Emblick, Mastich, Diagrydium, Afarabacca, Roses, of each an ounce: Castorium, three drachms: Saffron, one dram: with Syrup of Wormwood, make it into a Maß according to art.

Culpeper.] A. It helps such women as are not sufficiently purged in their labor, helps to bring away what a careless Midwife hath left behind, purgeth the head, helps head-ach, megrim, vertigo, and purgeth the stomach of vicious humors, besides Authors say it preserves the sight, and hearing, and preserves the mind in vigor, and caufeth joyfulness, driving away melancholly; 'tis like it may, but have a care you take not too much of it, a scruple is enough to take at a time, or half a drachm if the body be ftrong, take it in the morning about four of the clock, and (if you can) fleep an hour or two after,keep your felf warm by the fire, and order your felf as after other purges. I pray be not too busic with it, and say I warned you of it.

Pilula Arthritica. Nicholaus.

The Colledg | Take of Hermodallils, Turbith, Agrick, of each balf an ounce: Caffia Lignea, Indian Spicknard, Cloves, Xylobalfamum, or wood of Alocs, Carpobalfamum or Cubebs, Mace, Galanga, Ginger, Mastich, Affafætida, the seeds of Annis, Fennel, Saxifrage, Sparagus, Bruscus, Roses, Gromwel, Sal. gem. of each two drachms: Scammony, one ounce: of the best Aloes the weight of them all: Juyce of Chame-pitys made thick with Sugar so much as is sufficient, or Syrup of the Juyce of the same, so much as is suf-

ficient to make it into a Maß.

Culpeper.] A. As I remember the Author appoints but a drachm of Scammony, which is but the eighth part of an ounce, and then will the Receipt be pretty moderate, whereas now it is too too violent. I know well enough it is the opinion of Do-Ctors that Aloes retards the violent working of Scamsnony, I could never find it, and I am the worst in the world to pin my faith upon another mans fleeve, and I would as willingly trust my life in the hands of a wild bear as in the hands of that Monster called TRADITION: If but a drachm of Scamthony be put in, then may a man fafely (if not too much weakned) take a drachm of it at a time, about four in the morning, ordering your self as in the for-sner: but made up as the Colledg prescribes, I durst not take them my self, therefore will I not prescribe them to others. It helps the gout and other pains in the joynts, comforts and strengthens both brain and ftomach, and confumes diseases whose original comes

Pilule Cochie with Hellebore.

with Syrup of Stachas according to art. culpeper] A. The former purgeth the head of flegm, and therefore is fit for Lethargies: this of Melancholly, and is therefore fit for mad people, if

Melancholly be the cause.

Pills of Fumitory. Avicenna.

The Colledg] Take of Myrobalans, Citrons Chebs, and Indian, Diagrydium, of each five drachms: Aloes seven drachms: Let all of them being bruised, be thrice moistened with juyce of Fumitory, and thrice Suffered to dry, then brought into a Maß with Syrup

Culpeper] A. It purgeth Melancholly from the liver and spleen, sharp, chollerick, and addust humors, falt flegm, and therefore helps leabs and itch. Take but half a drachm at a time in the morning, and keep by the fire. Be not too bufie with it I bekeech you.

Pilula Inda. Melue out of Haly.

The Colledg] Take of Indian Myrobalans, black Hellebove, Polypodium of the Oak, of each five drams: Epithimum, Siechas, of each fix drachms : Agricke Lapis Lazuli often washed, Troches Albandal, Sal. In-di, of each half an ounce: Juyce of Maudlin made thick, Indian Spicknard, of each two drachms: Cloves one drachm: Species kiera picra Simplex Galeni, twelve drachms: with Syrup of the Juyce of Smallage, make it into a Mass according to art.

Culpeper] A. It wonderfully prevails against afflictions coming of Melancholly, Cancers which are not ulcerated, Leprofie, Evils of the mind coming of melancholly, as sadness, fear, &c. quartan agues, jaundice, pains and infirmities of the spleen. I advise to take but half a drachm, or a scruple at a time, and take it often, for melancholly infirmities are not eafily removed upon a fudden, take it in the morning and

keep the houle.

Pilnla Lucis majores. Melue.

The Colledg] Take of Roses, Violets, Wormwood, Colocynthis, Turbith, Cubebs, Calamus Aromaticus, Nutmegs, Indian Spicknard, Epithimum, Carpobalsamum, or instead thereof, Cardamoms, Xylobalsamum, or wood of Aloes, the feeds of Sefeli or Hartwort, Rue, Annis, Fennel, and Smallage, Schenanthus, Mastich, Asarabacca roots, Cloves, Cinnamon, Cassia Lignea, Sastron, Mace, of each two drachms; Myrobalans, Citrons, Chebuls, Indian, Bellerick, and Emblick, Rhubarb, of each half an ounce: Agrick, Senna, of each five drachms : Aloes succotrina the weight of them all: with Syrup of the juyce of Fennel make it into a Maß according to art.

Culpeper] A. It purgeth mixt humors from the head, and cleers it of fuch excrements as hinder the * A kind fight. You may take a drachm in the morning, keep of Spurge, your felf warm and within doors, you shall find them three of itrengthen the brain and visive vertue: If your body the seeds

be weak take less.

Pills of Spurge. Ferndius.

The Colledg Take of the Bark of the roots of ones too)
Spurge the left, steeped twenty four hours in Vincer fay, will The Colledgy Take of the pouder of the Pills before prescribed, the pouder of the bark of the roots of
and juyce of Purstain, two drachms: Grains of *Pal-give a man
black Hellebore, one ownee: make it into a Mas ma Christi torrefied, by number fourty: Citron My- a sufficience robalans purge.

of which

fome Au-

thors (and

robalans, one drachm and an balf: Germander, Chamepitys; Spicknard, Cinnamon of each two scruples;
being beaten into fine ponder with an ounce of Gum
Traganth dissolved in Rose water, and syrup of Roses
so much as is sufficient, let it be made into a Mass.
Culpeper A. I could say it I would, and prove

culpiper] A. I could fay if I would, and prove it too, that the ounce of Gum Traganth fo diffolved is enough to make fix times so much into a Mass, but because the Receipt (in my eyes) seems more fitting for a horse than for a man, I leave it.

Pills of Enphorbium. Mefue.

The Colledg Take of Euphorbium, Colorynthis, Agrick, Bdellium, Sagapenum, of each two drachms: Aloes five drachms: with Syrup made of the juyce of Leeks, make it into a mass.

Culpeper] A. The Pills are exceeding good for droplies, pains in the loins, and Gouts coming of a moift cause. Take not above half a drachm at a time and keep the house.

Pilule Scribonii.

The Colledg Take of Sagapenum, and Mirrb, of be so wife to see their flavery-

each troo drachms: Opium, Cardamoms, Castorium, of each one drachm; white Pepper, half a drachm; Sapa so much as is sufficient to make it into a Mast according to art.

Culpeper] A. It is appropriated to fuch as have Phtificks, and fuch as fpit blood, but ought to be newly made, a feruple is sufficient taken going to bed. Galen was the Author of it.

A. I have now done with the Pills, only take notice that such as have Diagrydium (otherwise called Scammony) in them, work violently and are to be taken early in the morning, with discretion and administred with due consideration; the other work more gently, so that you may take a scruple of them at night going to bed and follow your imployments next day without danger;

A. I put in these only to satisfie the desires of the curious, being confident that the Colledg quoted more by half than needed; and Apothecaries must have them all in a readiness because the Colledg appoints them; for if a Master, bid his boy quench out the fire and make a new one, he must do it, because he is commanded; Oh! that they would once he so wise to see their flavery.



TROCHES.

Lulpeper.

A. IF any cavil at this name, and think it hardly
English; let them give a better and I shall be
thankful: I know no other English name but will
fall far below it.

A. They have gotten many Greek names, almost as many as a Welchman: Troyioxos, xoxxioxos, and agrioxos. The Latins, belides the Greek name, Trochisci and Passilli, and Placentula.

A. Although a man may make them into what form he pleaseth, yet they are usually made into little flat thin cakes, of a scruple or twenty grains in weight plus minus: some print Images (as of Serpents upon Troches of Vipers) upon them, some guild them with Leaf-Gold, some do neither.

A. They were first invented by the Ancients, that Pouders being brought into this form may be kept pure the longer; for the vertues of Pouders will soon exhale by intromission of air, which the thick body of troches resist; also such as are pectoral are the easier carried in ones pocket.

A. Few of them are taken by themselves, but mixed with other Compositions.

Trochisci de Absimbio. Page 129. in the Latin Book. Or, Troches of Wormwood.

The Colledg] Take of Red Roses, Wormwood leaves, Annis seeds, of each two drachms, Juyce of Maudlin made thick, The resis of Asarahassa, Rhu-

harb, Spicknard, Smallage feeds, bitter Almonds, Maflich, Mace, of each one drachm, juyce of Succory so much as is sufficient to make it into Troches according

Culpeper] A. Before they used the term Absarbium Ponticum, which is a term they gave before both to Roman and common wormwood, as I then told them in the Margin, and they it seems either not knowing what Wormwood Mesue the Author of the Receipt intended, or what pontick Wormwood, which before they pratted of was, now quite left out-

before they pratled of was, now quite left our.

A. They strengthen the stomach exceedingly, opens obstructions or stoppings of the belly or bowels, ittengthens digestion, open the passages of the liver, helps the yellow Jaundice, and consumes warry superfluities of the body. They are somewhat bitter and seldom taken alone; if your pallat affect bitter things, you may take a drachm of them in the morning: They clense the body of choller, but purge not, or not to any purpose.

Agaricus Trochifeatus. Page 129. in the Lat. Book. Or, Agrick Trochifeated.

The Colledg] Take of Agrick fifted and pondered, three ounces, Steep it in a sufficient quantity of white wine, in which two drachms of Ginger have been infused, and make it into Troches.

Culpeper] A. See Troches of Agrick. This being indeed but the way to correct Agrick, and make it the M m fitter

fitter for ule, and to perform thole vertues Agrick | make it into Troches according to art. hath, which you may find among the fimples.

Trochifei Albi, Rhafis. Pag. 129, in the Latin Book. Or, White Troches.

The Colled g] Take of Cerus washed in refewater ten dracbms, Sarcocol three drachms, white Starch two drachms, Gum Arabick, and Tragacanth, of each one drachm, Campbire half a drachm, either with Rosewater, or womens milk, make it into Troches ac-

cording to art. Culpeper] A. They are cool without Opium, but cooler with it, as also very drying, and are used in injections in ulcers in the yard, and the running of the reins &c. It feems now the Colledge, is very unwilling that you should know, that they use to contain half a drachm of Opium. If there be an inflamation you may use them with Opium, if not, without, and the manner of using them is this, take a drachm of the Troches, which having beaten into pouder, mix with two ounces of plantane water, and with a Syringe inject it into the yard.

Trochifei Alexiterii. Page 129. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg Take of Zedoary roots, pouder of Crabs claws, of each one drachm and an half, the outward Citron pills preferred and dryed, Angelica feeds, of each one drachm, Bole Armenick balf a drachm, with their trebble weight in Sugar make them into pouder, and with a sufficent quantity of Mussi-lage of Gum Tragacanth, made in treacle water di-stilled, make it into past, of which make Troches. Culpeper A. The Greeks call all medicines that

expell poylon Alexiteria, fo then Trochifei Alexitevii, are nothing else but troches to expel poylon; this receipt is far different from what they prescribed be-fore under that name, It may be I shall find under a-nother name before I have done with the troches, they use to do such tricks sometimes, if I do not; you shall have it at latter end; mean feason, this preferves the body from ill airs, and Epedemical difeaies, as the pestilence, small pocks &c. And strengthens the heart exceedingly, cating now and then a little, you may fafely keep any trockes in your pocket, for the dryer you keep them, the better they are.

Trocbifci Albandal. Page 130. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of Coloquintida freed from the feeds, and cut Small, and rubbed with an ounce of on of Roses, then beaten into fine pouder ten ounces, Gum Arabick, Tragacanth, Bdellium, of each six drachms, Steep the Gums three or four daies in a Juffitient quantity of Rosewater till they be melted, then with the afore aid pulp, and part of the faid Mussi-lage, let them be dried in the shadow, then beaten again, and with the rest of the Mussilage, make it up again, dry them and keep them for use.

Culpeper] A. They are too violent for a vulgar

Trochifci Alipta Moschata. P. 130, in Lat. Book.

The Colledg] Take of Lapdanum bruised, three ounces, Styrax Calamitis one ounce and an half, Benjamin one ounce, wood of Aloes two drachms, Amber greefe one drachm, Campbire half a drachm, Mush balf a scruple, with a sufficient quantity of Rosewater,

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Culpeper] A. It is fingular good for such as are Afthmatick and can hardly fetch their breath, as also for yong children, whose throat is so narrow that they can hardly swallow down their milk, A very little taken at a time is enough for a mans body, and too much for a poor mans purie; for young children, give them four or five grains at a time in a little breaft

Tro chifci Alk ekengi Page. 130. in the Latin Book. Or, Troches of winter cherries-

The Colledg] Take of winter Cherries three drachms, Gum Arabick, Tragacanth, Olibanum, dragons blood, Pine nuts, bitter Almonds, white Starch, Juyce of Liquoris, Bole Armenick, white Poppy feeds, of each fix drachms, the feeds of Melones, Cucumers, Cirrulls, Guords, of each three drachms and an half, the feeds of Smallage and white Henbane, Amber, earth of Lemmos, Opium, of each two drachms, with juyce of fresh winter Cherries, make them into Tro-ches according to art.

Culpeper] A. They potently provokes urine, and break the Rone. Mix them with other medicines of that nature, half a drachm at a time or a drachm if

age permit.

Trochifei Bechici albi, vet, Rotule Pettorales. 130. Or, Pectural roules.

The Colledg Take of white Sugar one pound, white Sugar Candy, Penids of each four ounces, Orvis Florentine one ounce, Liquoris fix drachms, white Starch one ounce and an half, with a sufficient quan-tity of Mussiage, of Gum Tragacauth made in Rosewater, make them into small troches.

You may add four grains of Ambergreese, and three grains of Musk, to them if occasion serve.

Trochifei Bechiei Nigri. Pag. 131, in Lat. Book.

The Colledg Take of juyce of Liquoris, white Sugar of each one drachm, Gum Tragacanth, fweet Almonds blanched, of each fix drachms, with a fufficient quantity of Mufflage, of Quince feeds, made with Rofewater, make them into Troches according to

Culpeper] A. Both this and the former will melt in ones mouth, and in that manner to be used by such as are troubled with coughs, cold, hoarceness or want of voice, the former is most in use, but in my opinion the last is most effectual, You may take them any time when the cough troubles you, and this convenience you shall find in Troches more than in. any other Phylick, you may carry them any whether in your pocket in a paper, without spoyling, though you travel as far as the East, Indies.

Trochisci de Barberis. Page 131. in the Latin Book. Or, Troches of Barberries.

The Colledg]. Take of juyce of Barberries, and Liquoris made thick, Spodium, Purstain feeds, of each three drachms, Red-rofes fix drachms Indian Spicknard; Saffron, white Starch, Gum Tragganth, of each a deachm, Citrull feeds elenfed three drachms and an half, Campbire half a drachm, with Manna diffolved in juyce of Barberies, make them into Troches according to art.

Culpeper A. They wonderfully cool the heat of the liver, reins, and bladder, breaft and ftomach, and ftop loolness, cools the heat in feavers. They are very fit for bodies that are diftempered with heat to carry about with them when they travail, they may take them at any time; I suppose their mothers wit will teach them that it is best to take them when the stomach is empty: I cannot write every thing, neither if I did should I please every body; I had as leeve undertake (with the Sicilian Phylosopher) to teach an Ass to speak, as to teach a Dunce physick.

Trochisci de Camphora, Page 131, in the Lat. Book. Or, Troches of Camphire.

The Colledg Take of Camphire half a drathm: Saffron two drachms: white Starch three drachms: red Rofes, Gum Arabick, and Tragacanth, Provy, of each half an ounce: the feeds of Cucumers husked of Purstain, Liquoris of each an ounce, with Muffilage of the feeds of Eleawart, drawn in Rofe water, make them into Trothes.

Culpeper] A. It is exceeding good in burning feavers, heat of blood and choller, together with hot differences of the stomach and Liver, and extream thirst coming thereby, also it is good against the yellow Jaundice, Phtisicks, and Hectick feavers. You may use these as the former. They have much altered this, for they must be doing, though to little purpose.

Trochisci de Capparibus. Pag. 132. in L.Book. Or, Troches of Cappers.

The Colledg] Take of the Back of Cappar roots, the seeds of Agnus Castus, of each six drachms: Ammoniacum, half an ounce: the seeds of water-cresses and Nigella, the Leaves of Calaminth and Rue, the voots of Acorus and long Birthwort, the suyce of Maudlin made thick, bitter Almonds, of each two drachms: Harts-tongue, the roots of round Cyperus, Maddir, Gum Lac. of each one drachm: Being bruised let them be made into Troches according to art, with Ammoniacum dissolved in Vineger and boyled to the thickness of Honey.

Culpeper A. They open stoppings of the liver and spleen, and help diseases thereof coming, as Richard

Culpeper] A. They open floppings of the liver and ipleen, and help difeases thereof coming, as Rickets, Hypocondriack Melancholly &c. Men may take a drachm, children a scruple in the morning: you need not ask how children flould take it, 'tis well if you can get them to take it any how.

Trochifci de Carabe. Page 132. in the Latin Book. Or, Troches of Amber.

The Colledg Take of Ambet an ounte: Hartsborn burnt, Gum Arabick burnt, red Corral burnt, Tragacanth, Acacia, Hypocifits, Balauftines, Mastich, Gum Lacca washed, black Poppy seeds rosted, of each two drachms and two scruptes: Frankinsence, Saffron, Opium, of each two drachms: with a sufficient quantity of Mussiage of the seeds of Fleawort drawn in Plantane water, make them into Troches according to art.

Culpeper. A. They were invented to ftop fluxes of blood in any part of the body, the terms in women, the Hemotrhoids or piles; they also help ulcers in the breast and lungues. The dose is from ten grains to a scruple.

Trochifei Cypheos for Methridate. Page 13 2: in the Latin Book.

The Colledge Take of Pulp of Raifons of the finis Cyprest, Turpentine, of each three ownces: Missib, Squinanth, of each an ounce and an half? Cinnamon, half at ounce: Calamus Aromaticus, nine drachms: the roots of round Cyperns, and Indian Spichnard, Cassia Lignea, Juniper Berries, Edellium, Aspalathus or wood of Aloes, two drachms and an half: Saffron one drachm: clarified Honey as much as in sufficient: Canary wine a little: Let the Mirib and Balellium be ground in a Mortar with the wine, to the thickness of liquid Honey, then ad the Turpentine, then the pulp of Raisons, then the Pouders? at last with the Honey let them all be made into Troches.

Culpeper] A. It is excellent good against inward ulcers in what part of the body soever they be. It is chiefly used in Compositions, as Treacle and Me-

Trochifei de Eupatorio. Page 133. in the Lat. Book. Or, Troches of Maudlin.

The Colledge Take of the Juyce of Maudlin made thick, Manna, of each an ounce: red Rofes half an ounce: Spodium three drachms and an half: Spieknard three drachms: Rhubarb, Afarabatta roots, Annis feeds, of each two drathms: Let the Nard, Annis feeds and Rofes be beaten together; the Spodium, Afarabacca and Rhubarb by themselves; then mix the Manna and Juyce of Maudlin in a Mortar, add the pouders, and with new juyce make it into

Culpeper J A. Obstructions, or stoppings, and swelling above nature, both of the liver and spleen, are cured by the inward taking of these Troches, and differes thereof coming; as yellow and black jaundice, the beginning of dropties &c. Take them as Troches of Wormwood.

Throthes of Gallia Mofthata. Page 133. in the Latin Book.

The Colledge Take of Wood of Alots five drams: Ambergreece, three drachms: Musk, one drachm: with Muscilage of Gum Tragacanth made in Rose water make it into Troches according to art.

Culpeper] A. They firengthen the brain and heart, and by confequence both vital and animal spirit, and cause a sweet breath. They are of an extream price, therefore I pass by the dose.

Trochifei Gordonii. Page 133. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of the four greater cold feede busked, the feeds of white Poppies, Mallows, Cotton, Purshim, Quinces, Mirtles, Gum Tragacanth and Arabick, Fistick Nuts, Pine nuts, Sugar-condy, Penids, Liquoris, French Barley, Mussilage of Fleawort feeds, sweet Almonds blanched, of each two drachms: Bole Armenick, Dragons blood, Spodium, red Roses, Mirth, of each half an ounce: with a sufficient quantity of Hydromel make it into Troches according to art.

Culpeper.] A. They are held to be very good in alcers of the bladder, and all other inward ulcers whatfoever, and eafe feavers coming thereby, being of a fine cooling, flippery, heating nature. You may mix half a drachm of them with Syrup of Marthmallows, or any other Syrup; or Water apropriated to

Mm a

these uses: they ease the pains of the stomach much. They have left out the four lefter cold feeds of each two drachms, and altered some of the quantities of the rest, if you ask them a reason, they can scarce give you a wife one.

Trochifei Hedychroi Galen, for Treacle. Page 134. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg Take of Aspalathus, or yellow Sanders, the leaves of Mastich, the roots of Asarabacca, of each two drachms, Rhupontick, Castus, Calamus Avomaticus, Wood of Aloes, Cinnamon, Squinancth, Opobalfamumor Oyl of Nutmegs by expression, of each three drachms: Cassia Lignea, Indian Leaf or Mace, Indian Spicknard, Mirrh, Sassion, of each fix drachms : Amomus, or Cardamoms the left, an ounce and an half: Mastich a drachm: Canary Wine as much as is sufficient: Let the Mirrh be dissolved in the Wine, then add the Mastich and Sasfron well beaten, then the Opobalfamum, then the reft in pouder, and with the wine, make them up into Troches, and dry them gently.

Culpeper] A. They are very feldom or never used but in other compositions; yet naturally they heat cold ftomachs, help digeftion, ftrengthen the heart

and brain.

Trochifei Hysterici. Page 134. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg Take of Assatida, Galbanum, of each two drachms and an balf: Mirrh, two drachms: Castorium a drachm and an half: the roots of Afarabacca and long Birthwort, the Leaves of Savin, Featherfew, Nep, of each a drachm: Dittany balf a drachm: with either the juyce or decoction of Rue, make into Trothes according to art.
Culpeper] A. These are applied to the feeminine

gender; help fits of the mother, expel both birth and after-birth, clense women after labor, and expel the reliets of a careless Midwife. Search what other compositions are apropriated to the same purpose ; you may find them in the Table at the latter end of the Book; and then you may ad half a drachm of this to them-

Trochifes de Ligno Aloes. Page 134. in Lat. Book. Or, Troches of Wood of Aloes.

The Colledg] Take of Wood of Aloes, red Roses, of each two drachms: Mastich, Cinnamon, Cloves, Indian Spicknard, Nutmegs, Parsnep seed, Carda-moms the greater and tester, Cubebs, Gallia Moschata, Citran Pills, Mace, of each a drachm and an half: Ambergreefe, Mush, of each half a scruple: with Honey of Raisons make it into Troches.

(aspeper-] A. It strengthens the heart, stomach, and liver, takes away beart-qualms, faintings, and flinking breath, and relifteth the droplie. The rich

may take half a drachm in the morning-

Trachifci è Mirrha. Page 135. in the Latin Book. Or, Troches of Mirch.

The Colledg] Take of Mirrh three drachms : the med of Lupines five drams: Maddir roots, the leaves of Rue, wild Mints, Dittany of Creet, Cummin feeds, Affafæida, Sagapen. Opopanax, of each two drams; Diffolve the Gum; in wine, wherein Mugwort, hath good Bar- been boyled, or elfe " Juniper Buffier, this add the

rest, and with juyce of Mugworts make it into tro-

ches according to art.
Culpeper] A. They provoke the terms in women, and that with great eafe to luch as have them come down with pain. Take a drachm of them beaten into pouder, in a spoonful or two of syrup of Mugwort, or any other Composition tending to the same purpose, which the Table at latter end will direct you.

Sief de Plumbo. Page 135 in the Latin Book. Or, Sief of Lead.

The Colledg Take of lead burnt and washed, Bras burnt, Antimony Tutty washed, Gum Arabick and Tragacanth, of each an ounce, Opium balf a drachm, with Rosewater, make them being beaten and fifted into Troches.

Culpeper] A. It fils up and cures ulcers in the eyes. If you put it into them (fay authors), but in my opinion 'tis but a scurvy medicine.

Trochifci Polyida Androm. Pag. 135. in Lat. Book.

The Colledg] Take of Pomegranat flowers twelve drachms, Roch album three drachms, Erankinsence, Mirrh, of each half an ounce, Chalcauthum two drams, Buls gall fix drachms, Aloes an ounce, with Austere Wine, or suyce of Nightshade or Plantane, make them into Troches according to art.

Culpeper A. They are very good they say, be-

ing outwardly applied, both in green wounds and ul-cers. I fancy them not.

Trochifci de Rhabarbaro. Pag. 135. in Lat. Book. Or, Troches of Rhuberb.

The Colledg] Take of Rhubarb ten drachms, juyce of Maudlin made thick, bitter Almonds, of each half an ounce, red Roses three drachms, the roots of Asarabacca, Maddir, Indian Spicknard, the leaves of Wormwood, the feeds of Annis and Smallage, of each one drachm, with Wine in which Wormwood bath been boyled, make them into Troches according

Culpeper] A. They gently clense the liver, help the yellow Jaundice and other diseases coming of choller and stoppage of the Liver. You may take a drachm of them every moraing, or if you lift not to take them alone, beat them into pouder, and mix them with white Wine.

Trochifei de Santalis. Page 136. in the Latin Book. Or, Troches of Sanders.

The Colledgy Take of the three Sanders, of each one ounce, the feeds of Cucumers, Guords, Citrulls, Purflain, Spodium, of each half an ounce, red Rofes feven drachms, juyce of Barberies fix drachms, Bale armenick half an ounce, Camphire one drashm, with

Purstain water make it into Troches.

Culpeper A. The vertues are the same with Troches of Spodium, both of them harmless.

Trochifci de feill a ad Theriacam. P.136.in L. Book. Or, Troches of Squills for Treacle.

The Colledg Take a Squill gathered about the beginning of July, of a middle bignes, and the band part to which the Small roots slick, wrap it up in past, and bake it in an Oven, till the past be drie, and the

* Any

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Squill tender, which you may know by peircing it with a wooden flick, or a bodkin, then take it out and bruste it in a mortar, adding to every gound of the Squill; eight ountes of white Orobus, or red licers in pote-der, then make it into Troches, of the weight of two drachms a perce (your hands being anounted with * Ask the ing towards the South, in the Shadow, often turning them till they be well drie then keep them in a peliter or glas veffell. the South

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Maid wind up

part of the Traches of Spedium. Page 136, in the Latin Book.

goward the The Colledg Take of redRoses twelve drachms, Spodium ten drachms, Sorrel seed fix trachms, the fhaddow, feeds of Purstain and Coriander, steeped in Vineyer and dried, Pulp of Sumach, of each two drachms and an balf, white Starch rolled, Balaullines, Barber-North:inries, of each two drachms, Gum Arabick rofted one drachm and an half, with juyce of unripe grapes, make turned up- it into Troches: fide down,

culpeper] A. They are of a fine cooling, binding nature, excellent in feavers coming of choller, espeor they or cially if they be accompanied with a loofnels, they also quench thirst. You may take half a drachm, either by themselves, or in any other convenient medi-

> Trochifci de terra Lemnia. Pag. 137. in Lat. Book. Or, Troches of Barth of Lemnos

> The Colledg Take of Earth of Lemnos, Bole Ar-menick, Acasta, Hypoliftis, gum Arabick tofted, Dragons blood, white Stareh, red Rofes, Rofe feeds, Lap. Hematitis; red Corral, Amber, Balaustins, Spodium, Purstain seedsalittle tosted, Olibanum, Hartsborn burnt, Cypres Nuts, Saffron, of each two drachme, black Poppy seeds, Tragacanth, Pearls, of eath one drachm and an half, Opium prepared one drachm,

> with Jugee of Plantane make it into Troches.
>
> Culpeper] A. Indeed in external applications, if any inflamation, or feaver be, I think it better with Opium than without, else better without than with

A. It was invented to stop blood in any part of the body, and for it, 'tis excellent: well then, for the bloody flux, take half a drachm of them inwardly (being beaten into pouder) in red Wine every morning; for spitting of blood, use it in like manner in Plantane water; for piffing of blood, inject it into the bladder; for bleeding at the note, either fnuff it up, or anoint your forehead with it mixed with oyl; for the immoderate flowing of the terms, inject it up the womb with a fyringe, but first mix it with Planrane water; for the hemorrhoids or wounds, apply it to the place bleeding.

Sief de Thure. Page 137. in the Latin Book; Or, Sief of Frankinsence.

The Colledgy Take of Frankinfence, Lap. Caliminaris, Pompholix, of eath ten drachms Civust fourty drachms, Gum Arabick, Opium, of each fix drachms, with fair water make it into Ball's dry them and keep shem for use.

Culpeper] A. Sief is a general term which the Arabians give to all medicines apropriated to the eyes; of which this is one, and a good one to dry up rewms

Troshifei e Violii Salutivi. P. 137. in Lat. Book! Or, Troches of Violets Solutive.

The Colledg] Take of Violet flowers meanly dry; fix drachms, Turbith one ounce and an half, juyce of Liquoris, Scammony, Manna, of each two drachmi, with Syrup of Violets make it into Trothes.

Culpeper] A. They are not worth talking of; much less worth cost, the cost and labor of making.

Trochifci de Vipera ad Theriacam.P.137.in L. B. Or, Troches of Vipers for Treacles

The Colledg Take of the flesh of Vipers, the skin, entrals, head, fat, and tall being taken away; boyled in water with dill, and a little Salt eight ountes, white bread twice baked, grated and lifted two ounces, make it into Troches, your hands being anounted with Opobalfamum, or Oyl of Hutmegs by expressionsdry them upon a sieve turned the bottom upwards in an open place, often turning them till they are well dried, then put them in glaß, or stone pot glazed, stopped close, they will keep a year, yet is it far better to make Treacle, not long after you have made them.

Culpeper.] A. They expel poylon, and are excel-lent good, by a certain Sympatheticall vertue, for fuch as are bitten by afi Adder.

Trochifci de Agno Casto. Pag: 138, in Lat. Book. Or, Troches of Agnus Castus.

The Colledg] Take of the feeds of Agnus Castus, Lettice, redRose stowers, Balanstins, of each a dram, Ivory, white Amber, Bole Armenick washed in knot erast water, two drams; Plantane seeds sour scruples, Sassafras two scruples, with Mussiage of quinte seeds extrasted in water of water lilly stowers, let them be made into Troches.

Culpeper] A. Very prosty Troches, and good for

descript of the helps sloppings of the liver and seed there of blood, as also the first on the the



These Troches they have left out, and left to be spoyled in the Apothecaries Shops: it is the wifest way to keep those poor, you would make slaves of.

Trochisci Alexiserii. Renodæus.

Colledg Take of the roots of Gentain, Tormentil, Orris Florentine, Zedoary, of each two drachms; Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, of each half a dram; Angelica roots three drachms; Coriander feeds prepared, Rojes, of each one drachm; dried Citron pills two drachms: beat them all into ponder, and with juyce of Liquovis sostened in Hippocras, six ounces, make them into a soft Past, which you may form into either Troches or small rowls, which you please.

Culpeper] A. It preserves and strengthens the

heart exceedingly, helps fainting and failings of the vital spirits, refists poylon and the pestilence; and is an excellent medicine for such to carry about them whose occasions are to travail in pestilential places and corrupt air, only taking a very small quantity now and then.

Troches of Annis feeds. Mcfue.

The Colledg Take of Annis feeds, the juyce of Maudlin made thick, of each two drachms sthe feeds of Dill, Spicknard, Mastich, Indian leaf or Mace, the leaves of Wormwood, Asarabacca, Smallage, bitter Almonds, of each half a drachm: Aloes two dtams; anyce of Wormwood so much as is sufficient to make it

into Troches according to art.
Culpeper] A. They open obstructions of the liver, and that very gently, and therefore diseases coming thereof, help quarran agues. You can scarce do amiss in taking them if they please but your pallat.

Trochisci Diarhodon. Mesue

The Colledg] Take of the flowers of red Rofes fix drachms; Spicknard, wood of Aloes, of each two drachms, Liquoris three drachms; Spodium one drachm; Saffron half a drachm, Mastich two drachms, make them up into Troches with white Wine according so art.

Culpepeper A. They wonderfully ease feavers, coming of flegm, as quotidian feavers, agues, Epialos, & pains in the belly.

Trochifci de Lacca. Mefue.

The Colledg Take of Gum Lacca clenfed, the juyce of Liquoris, Maudlin, Wormwod, and Barberries all made thick, Rhubarb, long Birthwort, Coftus, Afarabacca, Bitter Almonds, Maddir, Annis, Smallage, Schotnanth, of each one drachm: With the Decoffion of Birth-wort, or Schananth, or the juyce of Maudlin, or Wormwood, make them into troaches according to art.

[mpeper] A. It helps stoppings of the liver and

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spleen, and seavers thence coming; it expels wind, purgeth by urine, and refifts dropfies. The dose is between half a drachm and a drachm, according to the age and strength of the patient.

Pastilli Adronis. Galen.

The Colledg] Take of Pomegranate flowers ten drachms : Copperis twelve drachms : unripe Galls, Birthwort, Frankinsence, of each an ounce; Allum, Mirrh, of each half an ounce: * Mily, two drachms: *it may be With eighteen ounces of austere Wine make it into tro- they mean

ches according to art.

Culpeper] A. This also is apropriated to wounds, Copperistulcers, and fiftulaes; it clears the ears, and repreffeth all excressences of fleth, clenseth the filth of the bones.

Trochifei Mufa. Galen.

The Colledg. Take of Allum, Aloes, Copperis, Mirrh, of each fix drachms: Crocomagua, Saffron, of each three drachms; Pomegranate flowers, balf an ounce: Wine and Honey of each fo much as is fuf-ficient to make it up into troches according to art.

Culpeper. A. Their use is the same with the for-

Crocomagma of Damocrates. Galen.

The Colledg. Take of Saffron, a hundred drams: ved Roses, Mirrh, of each sifty drachms; white Starch, Gum, of each thirty drachms; wine so 21 think much as is sufficient to make it into troches.

Culpeper. A. It is very expulsive hears and fireng- GumAray thens the heart and ftomach.

Trochifci Ramich. Melue.

The Colledg. Take of the juyce of Sorrel, fixteen ounces; red Rofe Leaves, an onnce; Mirtle berries two ounces: boyl them a little together , and strain them : ad to the decoffion, Galls well beaten, three ounces: boyl them again a little, then put in these following things in fine ponder: take of red Roses an ounce; yellow Sanders ten drachms; Gum Arabick an ounce and an half; Sumach, Spodium, of each an ounce; Mirtle berries four ounces: wood of Aloes, Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs, of each half an ounce; four Grapes seven drachms: mix them all together, and let them dry upon a stone, and grind them again into ponder, and make them into smal troches with one drachm of Camphire, and so much Rose water as is sufficient, and perfume them with fifteen grains of Musk.

Culpeper. A. They strengthen the stomach, heart, and liver, as also the bowels, they help the chollick, and fluxes of blood, as also bleeding at the nose if

they mean

you fruff but up the pouder of them 3 disburden the body of falt, fretting, chollerick humors. You may carry them about you and take them at your pleasure.

Troches of Rofes. Meluc.

The Colledg] Take of red Rofes, half an osmice : wood of Aloes two drachms: Mastich, a deachm and an half: Roman Wormwood, Cinnamon, Indian Spicknard, Caffia Lignea, Schananth, of each one drachm: old wine, and decoltion of the five opening Roots; for much as is sufficient to make it into troches according

Culpeper] A. They help pains in the stomach and ill digeftion, the Illiack paffion, Hectick feavers, and drophes in the beginning, and cause a good colour. Ule them like the former-

Trochifei Diacorrallion. Galen.

The Colledg Take of Bole Armenick, red Corral, of each an ounce: Balaustins, terra Lemnia, white Starch, of each half an ounce: Hypocystus, the feeds of Henbate, Opium, of each two drachms : juyce of Plantane so much as is sufficient to make them into troches according to art.

Culpeper] A. These also stop blood, help the bloody-flux, stop the terms, and are a great help to fuch whose stomachs loath their victuals. I fancy

Trochifci Diafpermaton. Galeni.

The Colledg Take of the feeds of Smallage, and Bishops weed of each an ounce; Annis and Fennel feeds of each balf an ounce : Opium, Caffia Lignes, of each two drachms: with rain Water, make it into

trothes according to art.
Culpeper A. These also bind, ease pain, help the pleurefie.

Hemoptoici Pastilli. Galen.

The Colledg Take of white Starch Balaufins, earth of Samos, juyce of Hypocistis, * Gum, Saffron, * If it be Opium, of each two drachms: with juyce of Plan-not Gum tane, make them into traches according to art.

Arabick, Culpeper A. The Operation of this is like the I know

Trothes of Agrick.

The Colledg] Take of choice Agrick three ounces; Sal. Gem. fex drachms; Ginger two drachms; with Oxymel Simplex so much as is sufficient, make it into Troches according to art.

Culpeper] A. The vertues of both these are the same with Agrick, only it may be more safely given this way than the other; they clinic the brain of flegm, and the stomach of tough thick, viscous hu-mors. The dose is one drachm as a time.

Of the Use of Oyls, &c.

Before I begin with their Oyls, Oyntments, and Shall be treated of in this order. Plaisters, give me leave to swerve a little from the Colledges mode, they swerve ten times more from the truth : I would but give a few Rules for the Use of them, and I had as good do it here as any where : and to write but the truth, many City Chyrurgians that I have talked with, are scarce able to give reason for what they do; 'tis to be feared, that those that live in the country far remote, are far less able : to do all these a curtesy, do I candidly deliver these Rules, and let me never be accounted so basely bred, as to forget those kind Ladies and Gentlewomen that for Gods fake help their poor wounded neighbors, the great God reward them with a plentiful increase of estate in this world, and eternal Beatitude in that

The cheifest of all these, Chyrurgicall Antidota-

Of Medicines.

Anodine	00000	2000	I
Repelling	4444		2
Attracting			3
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Chap. 1.

Of ANODINES.

know what they mean) Anodines.

All pain is caused by heat, or driness, or both, for moisture seldom, unless heat be joyned with it cau-

feth pain.

Anodines, also some divide into proper and improper, improper Anodines, (if a man may call them Anodines) they call Narcoticks, for I affure you if crabbed words would cure difeases, our Physitians would come behind none in the world: the truth is, thefe words were borrowed from Galen, and are Greek words, and Galen writing in his mother tongue, they were understood well enough there; ours retain the fame words, only to blind peoples eyes, that so they may not pric into the Mystery of their Monopoly, for then all the fat were in the fire. But to procced.

Proper Anodines are either temperately hot or

remperately cold.

Hot Anodines are

Oyl of sweet Almonds, Linseed Oyl, Oyl of Eggs, Oyl of Saint Johns-wort, Hen-grease, Ducks grease, Goofe greafe, Chamomel, Melilot, Fenugreek feeds, Dill, Bay leaves and berries, Juniper berries, Rose-mary, Oyles and Ointments made of them; Oyle of Earth-worms Oyle of Elder, Wax, Turpentine, Oyntment of Marthmallows, Martiatum, Arregon, Refumptivum, Oxycroceum.

If any external part of your body be pained, thefe, or any of thele made into fomentations, to both the part pained, or into pultifies, or Oyls, or Oyntments by adding Hogs greate, or Plaisters, by adding Wax, or Rozin, or both to the Oyntment; and applying

it to the place, ease pain.

But if together with the pain there be an inflama-

Such Oyls, Oyntments, and Plaisters, as ease pain tion, then Anodines of a cooler nature are more con-are called by Physicians (because you should not venient, such be Oyl Omphacine, viz. Oyl of Ovenient, such be Oyl Omphacine, viz. Oyl of Olives prefied from them before they be ripe, Poppies, Roles, Violets, Pellitory of the wall, Fleawort: thefe, or any of thefe made into Pultifles, Oyls, Oyntments, or Plaisters, Oyntment of Roles, Unguantum Album, Populcon, Refrigerans, Gale-

> Improper Anodines, or Narcoticks which you please, are Medicines of another nature, and (you may thank the Colledge of Phylitians, for training you up in such ignorance) scarce fit for a vulgar ute, till they have learn'd more skill in Physick than yet they have ; yet be pleafed to confider, that in taking away pains, three things are to be confidered; The cause, the pain, the part pained. To these are medicines apropriated, for some take away the cause, but these belong not to my present scope ; others take away the pain, and meddle not with the cause, as those proper Anodines I mentioned before and fome take away neither cause nor pain, but only stupisse the sences, that so it cannot be felt: these are to be ufed with abundance of skill and diferetion, and never but in cases of necessity, when the pain is so vehement that Nature is not able to bear it, or a Feaver thereby threatned. Of this Nature, and for this use are No-

> Of these some are Simple; As, Mandrakes, Henbane, Poppies, Opium, Lettice, Sengreen, Nightshade, Camphire, Hemlock, &c. Compound are, Oyls and Oyntments of these, Philonium Persicum, Thilonium Romanum, Pillule

è Cynoglosso, or Pills of Houndstongue, Pilule è Sty vace; and most Opiates you meet withal in the Difpenfatory.

Chap. 2.

Of Repelling Medicines.

BY Repelling, or Repulfive Medicines I mean,

I. Such as by a cold quality put back the humor.

2. Such as by binding, strengthen the part affli-Eted.

They are in \$1. Hot and binding.
quality; 2. Cold and binding.
They are devided into Simple, and Compound. Simple Repercussives (which is another term they have)

are Strong, binding.

Mild Repulfives are,

Roses, Endive, Lettice, Sorrel, Navel-wort, Pur-flain, Violets, Water-Lillies, cold water, Whey, Co-riander, Cinkfoyl, Trefoyl, Pellitory of the Wall, Apples, Pears, Whites of Eggs, Horstail, Woodbine.

Strong are, Teazles, Shepheards purfe, Plantane, Nightshade, Sengreen, or Houfleeks, Melones, Guords, Citruls, Duckmeat, Fleawort, Mirtles, Quinces, Pomegranat rinds and flowers, Sanguis Draconis, Poppy, Opium, Bole Armenick, Ceruis, Terra Sigillata, Lead, burnt and not burnt, Cypress Nuts. Hot and binding

Comfry the greater, Worsnwood, Centaury, Hore-

hound, Cardamoms, Cyperus grass, Calamus Aro- | Galen , Unguentum Album, Rhasis , unguentum maticus, the meal of Lupines and of Orobus.

Compounds are, The Oyls and Oyntments of these, Refrigerans,

Citrinum, sanguentum Populeon, Tumgnentum de Siccatioum rubrum , unguentum Petterale; Diacalciteos.

Chap. 3.

Of ATTRACTIVES.

A Tractives (called by the Greeks, Electica) are Matiatum and Agrippa, Mithridate, and Venis Treadile applied outwardly, for Plaisters, Diathylon magneting, Repulfive, or Repercussive Medicines, is num, Diathylon cum Gummi, A Plaister of Melilots to drive from the Circumference to the Centre, but of Attractives to draw from the Centre to the Circumference.

They are all hot in temper, and of thin parts.

St. Natural Heat.

2. Putrifaction. Attractives draw by 3. Hidden Property.

2. Such as draw by Natural heat are, \$ 1. Simple.

Simple are, Onions, Briony, Leeks, Garlick; and now you may know a reason why the cutting of Onions makes your eyes run a water; Birthwort, Spurge, Souzhernwood, Nettles, Arron, Genzian, Afphodel, Bdellium, Opopanax, Euphorbium, Water-creftes, Affatœtida, Xylobalfamum, Carpobalfamum, Fran-kinfence, Mirrh, Marjoram, Refemary flowers, Cabbage; Aqua vitæ, Sea water, Ammoniacum, Pitch, Bitumen, Calaminth, Dittany, Multard, Afarabacca, Galbanum, Pellitory of Spain, Cantharides, Crowfoot, &c.

Compound are, The Oyls and Oyntments made of these, Turpentine, Oyl of Bricks, Oyl of Foxes, Oyl of Bays, Oyl of Dill, Oyl of Rhue, Peter Oyl, Oyl of Caftorium, Oyl of St Johns wort, Oyntment of Arregon with a horn.

num, Diachylon cum Gummi, A Plaister of Melilots both Simple and Compound, Oxycrocenm, with many others, which Reading and Dilligence (if they be gentlemen of your acquaintance) will help you to; and furnish you with.

Such as draw by Putrefaction are,

All Turds in general, especially Pidgeons and Goats dung, Leaven, Old Cheese, &c.

By hidden Property as they call it, All purges in general, Amber, Viscus Quercinss, or Milleto, Peony, the Load-flone; these they (poor fools, being utterly ignorant of the Sympathy and Antipathy of the Creation, and by consequence of the Magnetick Vertue of things, upon which the Foundation of Physick is built) call them Hidden Qualities, and so give Physick by rote, as a Parrot speaks. I could if I durft tell you of common things obvious to the eye of every one, that have a far greater Magnetick Vertue in them than the Load-stone 5 but I must be filent till men learn to be Honester : It is denyed me to write all I know.

By Fuga Vacui, or driving away Emptiness. It is a most certain truth that nature abhors Vacuum or Empriness, neither is there such a thing in rerum Natura, let Baptista van Helment speak his pleasure; And this way do Cupping glasses, and Horse Leaches draw 3 and thus may you draw

Chap. 4. Of Resolving Medicines.

Carminativa, and these are used externally as well as internally; for it is the external use of Me-dicines we are to speak of in this place.

1. To open the Pores. 2. To make the Humor thin. Their Useis, 3. To Evacuate them by Sweat, which is that they call, Infenfible transpiration.

1. Simple. The Simple are, \$ 1. Weak.

Weak are, Savin, Marjoram, Rolemary, Origanum, Wormwood, Melilot, Arrach, Spicknard, Chamomel, Dill, Annis, Cummin, Hylop, Fumitory, Elder, Dwarf El-

Hese the Greeks call Diaphoretica, the Latins, | der, Valerian, Southernwood, Wormwood, Foenugreck, Rozin, all forts of Turds, Turpentine, old Cheefe, Wine, strong-water.

Strong are; Dittany, Leeks, Onions, Garlick, Vineger, Aqua vitæ, Pellitory of Spain, all the hot feeds which you may find ranked in Battalia at the beginning of the Compounds, Cinnamon, Chervil, Nutmegs Pepper, Crowfoot.

Oyls, Oyntments, and all Compositions of the former; Oyl of Euphorbium, Oyntment of Bays, Diachylon magnum, and cum Gummi, Emplastrum de Cymino,Oxicroceum, Emplastrum de Baccis lauri : Of Melilot, Oyntments of Agrippa, Arregon, and Martiatum.

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Chap. 5.

Of Emollients.

Ee use of Emollients, is to soften hard places, and bring them to their pristine estate, of which we spake more at large in the Simples.

They are, \{ 1. Common. 2. Propper.

Those are common, whose general operation is to soften hard swellings, and such parts and places of the body, as are hardened by Congralation.

They are Propper which are apropriated to pecu-liar humors, and belong to my scope at present; for I intend not a Treatise of Chyrurgery, but to givea Candle and a Lanthorn, to light you through the Oyls, Oyntments, and Plaisters; that you may see what a mift the Colledge being ballanced with ignorance, and Sailing by the wind of Authority, hath hitherto wrapped you in, and compassed you round a-bout with: for take this for a general rule, and you (if you have any Ingenuity in you) must needs confels, Ignorance is encroaching, and seeks Authority 20 back it; But wisedom desires to be publick, and is alwaies justified of her children.

To proceed, confider that Emollients are more cemperate than Attractives, but less temperate than Suppuratives; of which more in the next Chap-

Also take notice that if the tumor be in any principal part of the body, mix your Emollients with A-Atringents.

Emollients are either Simple or Compound.

Simple are,
Almost, if not altogether, all Marrows, as of a
Stagge, Dog, Horse, Calfe, Bear, Man, Hog, Hen,
Goole, Duck, Lion, Goar, &c. The Colledge in their Simples rattle you up enough of them, one after another, (I promifed then to tell you what they were held to be good for, and now I am as good as my word; and although I am of opinion, that there is a far neerer and fafer way to cure difeafes than they use, yet this book (if you have but wit enough to be a Physitian) this Book I say, if heedfully read and wise.

that you may be able to understand, that when God shall enable me to put it forth. A man shall never know any thing of the mysteries of his Creator, till he knows himself: and he shall never know himself, First, Till he hath the honesty freely to impart to others, what God hath freely revealed to him for the publick good; Secondly, Till he hath the Discretion to impart every thing in its due feason. But to pro-ceed to Simple Emollents where I left) Gum Amoniacum, Bdellium, Opopanax, Galbanum, Turpen-tine, Rozin, Colophonia, Pitch, the Emollient hearbs (you have them in rank and file, at the beginning of the Compounds) Linfeed, Fennugreek feed, white Lilly roots, Aftrach, Figs, Wheat and Barly Meal, Malt, Flower, &c.

Compounds are,

Oyls, Oyntments, and Plaisters, made of all or any of these, Oyl of Lillies, Oyl of Chamomel, Oyl of Earth-worms, Oyl of Foxes, Oyntment of Marshmallows, Resumptivum Diachylon, cum muliu ali-

I'shall give a notion or two, and then I have done with this, (you had had them before had I not forgotten them, and now before I go any further let me advise those that intend to reap any benefit by my writings, to take a pen and ink, and note down what ever they find of consequence in them 3 for I know and they shall find by experience; that once writing of a thing, feates it better in the memory, then a hundred times reading of it.)

1. The greafe of all males is hotter, then the greafe either of fæmales, or Eunuchs, as for exampte; the grease of a Bull is hotter by far, than either the grease of a Cow or an Ox.

The greafe of wild Beafts, is hotter then that of fuch as are tame or demostical, as the grease of a wild Cat is botter than that of a house Cat; judge ye the like of Fowles, the greafe of a wild Duck, is hotter than that of a tame. A word is enough to the

Chap. 6.

Of Suppuratives.

THe Greeks call these Peptica. the Lattines Maturantia, we had some talk about them amongst the Simples.

Their office is by natural heat, to bring the blood and superfluous humors into matter, to help nature so to concoct a superfluous humor, that it may be fit to be cast out, to ripen it as the vulgar proverb is.

Emplatticks are af this nature, which we treated of by themfelves in the Simples, and may well be re-For, duced to this head.

First, Some close the pores of the body, and so natural heat being kept in is encreased, as the Sulphurious Vapors being kept in the Cloud turn to real fire, and that is that we call Lightning; So that cortuption of the body being kept in together putrifies, and turns to matter.

Of this number (for before we told you what Emplafticks were in general, now we tell you, what particulars are Emplasticks, and a little Ingenuity will find out more, by viewing the qualities of thele) of this number I fay, are Mallows, Marshmallows, yolks of Eggs, Turpentine, Honey, Amoniacum, Galbanum, Labdanum, Frankinsence, Liquid Sey-

2. As the former forced nature to do the work, so chefe help nature in it, the former did it per accidens, these per fe, viz. they are friendly to nature, and conspire together with it to bring the Superfiaous matter to form, yea to luch a form as may be caft out, and the body afflicted may thereby be eafed.

Such Simples are,

Marshmallow roots, white Lilly roots (which is the best internal medicine of Gallen's Method,

which I know for such an use, for you must note, that I chiefly speak of external medicines now.)
Wheat, and Barly, and malt Flower, Linseed Fenugreek seed, Brank Urline, or Bears breech, Figs, Rain fons, Currance, Dates &c.

As for Compounds, I shall not use any distinction between them, they that do one may happily do both together, there are besides Compounds made of these (let the not forget Oyl of Lillies, because I fancy it) Unguentum Bafilicon) Diachylon fimplex, Diachylon magnum, Dischylon cum Gummi, a Plaister of Muffilages, your own genius, if it be not dull, will fute you with more.

Chap. 7.

Of Clenfing Medicines.

Lenfing medicines are fuch as by a drawing quality, have power to draw away parulentus excrements (which Chyrurgians call the Sanies of a wound) or mattery quality which arifeth in all wounds after putritaction, (and then Chyrurgians call the ulcers) from the Centre of the ulcers, to the call the form the call the circumference, you have an ulcer, you would fain clense it, for you must make it clean before you can heal it, clenting medicines were ordained you for hat end.

Of these some are, { 1. Simples. 2 Compounds. Of Simples some are, \$ 1. Weak.

Eulcers which is indeed nothing else but a wound putrified, 'tis neither better nor worfe.]

Strong Simples are, Warmwood, Agrymony, Betony, Smallage, Southernwood, Mirrh, Aloes, Sarcocolla, Turpentine, bitter Almonds, Vert-de greece, Bullocks gall, Ali-campane, Briony, the roots of Aron, or Cooko pin-tles, Gentian, Hellebore, Allum, Whey, Birthwort, both long and round.

Compounds are.

Oyls and Oyntments of thele, and what hath thele in them doth more or less clense, Oximel, That Plaister which the Colledge like blasphemous wretches call Divine, that Oyntment of twelve ingredi-Weak Simples are,
Honey, Sugar, Salt Urine, especially your own Urine, white Wine, these gently clense all wounds and are so seared, unguentum Egiptiacum &c. ents which they are not afhamedwithout blufhing, to call an Oyntment of the Apostles, their consciences

Chap. 8.

Of Incarnatives:

He Greeks call Incarnatives Sarcotica. Their office is to dry, and change the blood

They must be hot, and but hot in the first degree; because they must be friendly to nature, else they can-

not be helpful. They must all be dry, yet so as there must not be a difference in their driners, for if the ulcer happen in a dry part of the body, the Sarcotick must be very dry, and therefore fome of them are drying even to the fourth degree: but if the part of the body where they happen be moift, you must use Incarnatives, (or Sarcoticks which you please to call them by) that are less drying.

According to the degrees of Comparison I shall

Stronger: Estronger: Estrongeft. divide them into,

Barly Meal, malt Flower, Fenugreek feeds; thefe ought to be applied to moift and dilicate bodies.

Stronger are, Birthwort both long and round, Orris, Meall of Lupines, and Orobus, these ought to be applied to dry bod ies, and hollow wounds. Strongest are, Centaury the greater and lesser, burnt

Lead, Mirrh, these are apropriated to deep ulcers.

Then according as formerly, I shall divide them into Simple and Compound, If you learch the Simples you may there find their degree of dryneis, and be fure of this, you can loose nothing by dilligence and fearching, then as the wound or ulcer abounds with moisture, so let your Incarnatives be surable for dri-

Simple Incarnatives are.

Olibanum, Maitich, Alocs, Borax, Colophonia, the meale of Lupines, Barly, Orobus and malt of Alega are Olibanum, Colophonia, Manick, Aloes, Sheephards purse mouse eare, Saint Johns wort Cen-

raury, Sanicle Vervain, Scabious, Burnet Tutty, Gum Arabick and Tragacanth. Compounds are.

The compositions of these, I Unguentum aurium and Committiss, Plaisters of Betrony, Diapalma, Emplastrum nigrum, Emplastrum de janua-

Chap. 9.

Of Cicatrizing Medicines.

Hese the Greeks call Epilotica, the Latins, Ci-catrizantes, and we in English Scarrifying medicines, though the greater half of the nation know not what the word [Scarrifying] means.

Therefore take notice that a Scarrifying medicine,

is fuch a medicine as cloaths a place again with skin, when the skin is off, and this it doth by a drying and binding quality.

Of these some are Simples, some Compounds. Simples are,

Galls, Spunge burnt, Lirharge, terra Sigillata, or Lemnia, Pomegranate Pills, or Flowers, Aloes, Caffia Lignea, Pompholix, Spodium, Cyprels Nuts, Mirrh, Frankincenie, Lead, Bole Armentck, Cerufs, Sarcecolla.

Compounds are-All mixtures of thele, unquentum album, Dificcativum Rubrum, Dia Pompholigos, Emplastrum de minio, Dia palma, &c.

Chap. 10.

Of Aglutinative Medicines.

He Greeks call Aglutinative medicines, Sym- | grass, Comfry, Marjoram, Gum Tragacanth, Gum phitica, and that's the reason Comfry is cal-

ed Symphitum, because of its Glutenous quality.

The meaning of the word [Aglutinative] is best known by its ule, which is to dry up that humidity, that is between the lips of a wound, that so it may be healed.

They are all usually drying in the second degree

Mastich, Sarcocolla, Frankincense, Mirrh, Colo-phonia, Bole Armenick, Dragous blood, terra Lemnia, Saint Johns-wort, Rolemarry flowers, Knotof Ivy, Gum Elemni, red Wine, Vervain, Yarrow, wild Tanfy, Cranebil, Sanicle, Cobwebs, Horse tail, Sinkfoyl.

Compounds are , the Compositions of these, Diapalma Emplastrum de minie.

And now by comparing these with the Scarrifying medicines, you may fee that they are as like, as one eg is like another; and what a multitude of rules Phylitians have imposed upon you, that so they might make their way difficult to you.

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Chap. 11.

Of Cathereticks, Septicks, and Causticks.

They all being as neer of kin, as a man and his brother, I have put them all together, but before I treat of them, I care not greatly, if I explain their degrees: Therefore take notice that they are all such medicines as have force to corrode the flesh or skin.

Of these Septicks ftronger. L' Caustick's strongest.

The mean, if there be any meaners in them, or a more propper term is those weh are least violent, for all that are violent are called Catheritica, or Corrofives, by vehement drying these consume the excresiences of fleth.

They are usually applied to ulcers that have dead flesh in them.

They are & Simple.

Verr-de-greece, Coperas, or Vitriol, Allum, burnt and not burnt, burnt Salt, Antimony, Mercury Sublimate and Precipitate, Euphorbium.

Compound are, Unguentum Egiptiacum, and that which the Devil and his Imps attribute to the Apostles, as though they performed their cures by Oyntments, and not by the pirit of God : All Oyntments that have the Simples before mentioned in them.

The

The stronger the Greeks call Septica, or Putrifa-ctive Medicines. By their vehement hear they ulcecate the skin and yet with little pain.

Such are, Arienick, Crowfoot, Spurge, Mustard-seed, Cancharides, Euphorbium.

Cauffices are the strongest, and those the Greeks cal Escaratica. These have got a faculty to consume all they come neer.

Such are, Quicklime, fublimated, Arfenick-Strong be, Lapis infernalis. I shall give you the use of them all in a very few words, as few as can be imagined.

The Second, Sis used to Draw Blifters.

Third, Make Issues.

Chap. Ult.

Of Medicines used to stop Blood.

Such sre, Bole Armenick, terra Sigillata, Dra-gons blood, Crocus Martis, Chalk, Eggshels, Ce-russ, Litharge, Frankinsence, Mastick, Aloes, Rozin, white starch, stones of Raisons, Purstain, Houseek or Sengreen, Horstail, the Herb I alwaies mean, so called, not the tail of a Horse; the Herb Mousear, menths estra of a Mouse. Elegwort, white and red not the ears of a Mouse; Fleawort, white and red Corral, Lapis Hematitis, the Blood-stone, dried blood, Gum Tragacanth, and Arabick, Knotgrass, Oyls, Oyntments, and Plaisters following-

I have now done with my Prozemium to the Oyls; Oyntments, and Plaisters: I defire you to excuse me for not following one and the same Author in the Simples, and here; the more you know the variety of Authors, the better Physitians in time you may come to be. Ville sum enique est net voto vivitur uno, and according to these Rules, so understand the

OYLS.



Y

SIMPLE OYLS EXPRESSION.

Oyl of sweet Almonds.

Colledg. TAke of sweet Almonds not corrupted, as many as you will, cast the shell's away, and blanch them, beat them in a stone Mortar, beat them in a double Veffel, and pref out the Oyl without beat.

Culpeper.] A. It helps roughness and soreness of the throat and stomach, helps Pleuresies, encreaseth feed, eafeth coughs, and Hectick feavers; by injection, it helps such whose water scalds them; ulcers in the bladder, reins, and matrix. You may either take half an ounce of it by it felf, or mix it with half an ounce of Syrup of Violets, and so take a spoonful at a time, still thaking them together when you take them; only take notice of this: If you take it in-wardly, let it be new drawn, for it will be fowr in three or four daies.

A. In their new Moddel, they bid you hear them in a double vessel, and then press out the Oyl without the help of heat; Oh Heavens! did ever the Sun thine upon fuch rediculous creatures! who would think a whol Colledg of Physitians should dote so young !

Oyl of bitter Almonds.

The Colledg It is made like Oyl of fiveet Almonds, but that you need not blanch them, nor have fuch a care of heat in pressing out the Oyl.

Culpeper] A. It opens stoppings, helps such as

are deaf, being dropped into their ears; it helps the hardness of the nerves, and takes away spots in the face. It is feldom or never taken inwardly.

Oyl of Hazel Nuts.

The Colledg] It is made of the Kernels, clenfed, brufed, and heat, and preffed, like Oyl of fiveet Almonds.
Culpeper] A. You must put them in a velici, (viz.

a glass, or some such like thing) and stop them close that the water come not to them when you put them into the bath.

A. The Oyl is good for cold afflictions of the nerves, the gout in the joynts &c.

The Colledg] So is Oyl of Been, Oyl of Nutrangs,

and Oyl of Mace drawn.

Oleum Caryinum.

The Colledg] Is prepared of Walnut Kernels, in like manner, fave only that in the making of this fomtimes is required dried, old, and rank Nuts.

Oleum Chrysomelinum.

The Colledg] Is prepared in the same manner of Apricocks; so is also Oyls of the Kernels of Cherry Stones, Peaches, Pine-nuts, Fistick nuts, Pranes, the feeds of Orienges, Hemp, Baftard Saffron, Citrons, Cucumers, Guords, Citruls, Dwarf Elder, Henbane, Lettice, Flax, Melones, Poppy, Parfly, Rhadishes, Rapes, Ricinum, Sefani, Mustard Seed, and Grape stones.

Culpeper] A. Because most of these Oyls is out of use, I took not the pains to quote the Vertues of them; if any lift to make them, let them look the Simples and there they have them; if the Simples be not to be found in the Book, there are other plentiful Medicines conducing to the cure of all usual diseases which are.

Oyl of Bays.

The Colledg] Take of Bay-berries ripe, and new gathered, being bruifed let them be boyled in water, and pressed in a press; then bruise them again, and boyl them as before, and take away the Oyl that swims at top of the water according to art. It will foon be rank.

Culpeper] A. This is different from their former manner of Extraction, and in my opinion worfe: Their former manner was thus:

The Colledg] Take of Bay berries, fresh and ripe, so many as you please; bruise them sufficiently; then boyl them in a sufficient quantity of water, till the Oyl froim at top, which separate from the water and

keep for your use.
Culpeper] A. It helps the Chollick, and is a soveraign remedy for any discases in any part of the body coming either of wind or cold. For the Chollick you may take a few drops inwardly in any Compound apropriated to the Chollick: The Table of diseases will direct you, I love to have men studious : Negligent people make wooden Physitians.

The Colledg] Common Oyl of Olives is preffed out of ripe Olives, not out of the flones.

Oyl of Olives Omphacine, is preffed out of unripe Olives.

Oyl of Yolks of Eggs.

The Colledg] Boyl the Yolks till they be hard, and bruise them with your hands, or with a Pelile and Mortar ; beat them in an Earthen veffel glazed until they begin to froath, flirring them dilligently that

they burn not; being bot, put them in a linnen bag, and sprinkle them with Aromatick Wine, and prest out the Oyl according to art.

Culpeper] A. It is profitable in filtulaes, and malignant ulcers, it causeth the hair to grow, it cleers the skin, and takes away deformities thereof, viz. Tetters, Ringworms, Morphew, Scabs. I suppose none is to simple to take it inwardly to cleer their skin; nor to anoint their feet to take away the deformity

SIMPLE OYLS BY INFUSION, AND DECOCTION.

Oyl of Roses Omphacine.

The Colledg] Take of red Roses before they be ripe bruifed in a flone Mortar four ounces, Oyl Omphacine one pound 3 fer them in a hot Sun in a glast close stopped, a whol week, haking them every day; then boyl them gently in a bath; press them out, and put in others, use them in like manner; do so the third time, then keep the Oyl upon a pound of juyce of Roses.

Oyl of Roses Compleat.

Is made in the fame manner with sweet and ripe Oyl aften washed, and red Roses fully open, bruised, set in the fun and boyled gently, in a double veffel; only let the third infusion stand in the fint fourty daies, then keep the Rofes and Oyl together.

In the fame manner is made Oyl of wormwood, of the tops of common Wormwood thrice repeated four ounces, and three pound of ripe Oyl, only the last time put in four ounces of the juyce of Wormwood, which

Out of Dill, of the flowers and leaves of Dill four ounces, compleat Oyl one pound, thrice repeated.

Oyl of Castoreum, of one ounce of Castoreum, Oyl one pound, wine four ownces, which must be confumed with the heat of a bath.

Oyl of Chamomel (which more than one call Holy) of compleat Oyl, and fresh Chamomel flowers, the little white leaves taken away, cut, bruifed, and the veffel covered with a thin linnen Cloth, fet in the Sun, pressed out, and three times repeated.

Oyl of wall flowers as Oyl of Dill.

Oyl of Quinces of fix parts, of Oyl omphacine, the meat and survey of Quinces one part: fet them in the Sun fifteen daies in a glaß, and afterwards boyl them four hours in a double velfel; prefi them out and renew them three times.

Oyl of Alicampane, of ripe Oil and the roots of Alicampane bruifed, and their juyce, of each one part, and of generofe wine balf a part, which u to be evaporated away.

Oyl of Euphorbium, of fix drachus of Euphorbium, Oyl of Walflowers, and fweet wine, of each five ounces boyling it in a double weffel till the wine be confumed.

Oyl of Ants, of winged Ants infused in four times their weight of sweet Oyl, set in the sun in a glast fourty daies, and then strained out.

Oyl, or Balfom of St. Johns wort simple is made of the Oyl of the feeds beaten and preffed, and the flowers being added, and rightly fet in the fun-

Oyl of Jesmine is made of the flowers of Jesmine; put in cleer Oyl and fet in the fun, and afterward preffed out.

Oyl of of Orris made of the roots of Orris Florentine one pound, purple Orris flowers half a pound; boyl them in a double vessel in a sufficient quantity of Decollion of Orris Florentine, and fix pound of freet oyl, putting fresh roots and flowers again and again, the former being cast away as in oyl of Roses.

Oyl of Earthworms is made of half a pound of Earthworms washed in white Wine, ripe out two pound, boyled in a double veffel, with eight ounces of good white wine till the wine be consumed.

Oyl of Marjoram is made with four ounces of the Herb a little bruised, white Wine fix ounces, ripe only one pound; mixed together, let them be fet in the fun repeated three times; at last boyled to the conjumption of the Wine.

Oyl of Mastich, is made of oyl of Roses omphatine one pound, Mastich three ounces, Wine four ownces; boyl them in a double veffel to the confumption of the

Oil of Melilot is made with the tops of the Herb

like oyl of Chamomel.
Oyl of Mints is made of the Herb and oyl omphasine as out of Roses.

Oyl of Mireles is made of Mirele berries bruifed and sprinkled with austere wine one part, of omphacine three parts, fet in the Sun swenty four dates, and in the intrim thrice renewed, boyled and the berries preffed out.

Out of Daffadils is made as out of Rofes.

Nard of is made of three ounces of Spicknard fiveet oyl one pound and an half, sweet white wine and elect water, of each two ounces and an half, boyled to the consumption of the moisture,

Oyl of water Lillies is made of fresh white water lilly flowers, one part, oyl omphasine three parts repeating the flowers as in oyl of Rofes. Oyl Oyl of Tobacco is made of the juyce of Tobacco and common oyl, of each equal parts boyled in a bath.

Oyl of Poppies is made of the flowers, heads and leaves of Garden Poppies, and oyl omphacine, as oyl

of Dill.

Oyl of Poplars is made of the buds of Poplar tree three parts, rich white wine four parts, sweet onlifewen parts, first let the buds be bruised, then infused in the wine and Oyl feven daies, then boyled, then preffed out.

Oyl of Rue is made, of the berbs bruised and ripe

Oyl, like Oyl of Rofes.

Oyl of Savin is made in the same manner.

So also is Oyl of Elder flowers made.

Oyl of Scorpions, is made of thirty live Scorpions, taught when the Sun is in the Lyon, Oyl of bitter Almonds two pound, let them be fet in the Sun, and after fourty daies strained.

Oleum Cicyonium, is made of wild Cucumer roots, and their space, of each equall parts, with twice as much ripe Oyl boyl it to the consumption of the

Oyl of Nightshade, is made of the berries of Nightshade ripe, and one part boyled in ripe Oyl, or Oyl of

Roses three parts.

Oyl of Styrax, is made of Styrax and Sweet white wine, of each one part, Ripe Oyl four parts gently boyled, till the wine be consumed.

Orl of Violets, is made of Oyl Omphacine, and Violet flowers, as Oyl of Roses.

Oyl of Vervain is made of the berb and Oyl, as Oyl of

Culpeper] A. That most of these Oylsif not all of them, are used only externally, is certain; and as certain that they retain the vertues of the Simples whereof they are made; therefore the ingenious might help themselves. But because we live in a fri-gid age, I shall vouchfase to quote the Vertues of the chiefest of them.

A. Oyl of Roles (the stomach being anointed with it) strengthens it, cools the heat of it, thickens,

rakes away inflamations, abates (wellings.

A. Oyl of Wormwood doth moderately heat and frengthen the ftomach, being anointed with it; it procures appetite, opens obstructions, furthers digeftion, and kills worms.

A. Oyl of Dill doth moderately digelt, affwage the

pains of the head and nerves, and procures fleep.

A. Oyl of Castorium helps cold diseases of the nerves, drafnels being dropped into the ears, and noise

A. Oyl of Chamomel strengthens the sinnews, greatly affwageth pain, and breaks the stone.

A. Oyl of Meliot hath the same effects.

A. Oyl of Walflowers affwageth pains in the breaft

and reins, finnews, joynts, and bladder.

A. Oyl of Quinces, cools, binds, and strengthens,

ftops vomiting, loofnels and fweating.

A. Oyl of Euphorbium hath the same effects with that of Castorium, but works more forcibly; being inuffed up the nofe, it purgeth the head of flegm.

A. Oyl of Emmats, the privities being anointed

with it, provokes luft.

A. Oyl of Saint Johns-wort, is as good a thing

in green wounds as a man can ufe.

A. Oyl of Orris, doth concoct and diffolve, af-fwage pain of the womb, liver, and joynts; also it strengthens the breast.

A. Oyl of Earthworms mollifie heat, and affwage pains, and is special good for such as have been brui-

ied or hurt in their joyats.

A. Oyl of Marjoram, helps weariness, cold dis-cases of the brain, noise in the ears being dropped into them, the bitings of venemous beafts, and provokes the terms in women.

A. Oyl of Mastich, strengthens the brain, stomach, and liver, finnews, and veins, staies vomiting, and

A. The stomach being anointed with Oyl of Mints, staics the weakness, heats and strengthens it, ftaies vomiting, helps digeftion and provokes appear

A. Oyl of Mirtles hath the same effects with

Quinces.

A. Oyl of Mirrh preserves any thing from putrifying that is anointed with it makes the face fair and youthful.

A. Nard Oyl doth heat, digeft, and strengthen, refifts all cold and windy diseases throughout the bo-

A. Oyl of Water Lillies cools and affwageth the violent heat, especially of the head, reins and bladder, thereby mitigating frenzies, procuring fleep, and is a good prefervative against the stone, and help fuch women (their backs being anointed with it) as are subject to miscarry through heat of their reins, which they may easily know by continual pain in their backs, and (welling of their legs. Also Oyl of poppies have the same vertue.

A. Oyl of Rue, heats, and makes thin gross humors, expelleth wind, helps palfies, cramps, cold-

ness of the womb and bladder.

A. Oyl of Violets cools inflamations, eafeth the Plurifie, and pains of the breaft.

A. Oyl of Nightshade hath the same effects with

that of water Lillies.

A. Then remember that these Oyls must not be given inwardly as men take drink, but outwardly ap-plied or cast in as injections or Clysters.

One material Oyl only, which was in their last Dispensatory; which is, Oyl of Mirrh, which is thus made.

be hard, then cut them through the middle, the longest way; take out the yolks, and fill the hollow place wine-celler, or some other cool place under the ground, half full of Murch 3 then joyn the whites together a- so will the melted Liquor of the Mirrh distill down ingain and bind them gently with a ftring, then place to the inferior difb.

Take certain new-laid Egs, and boyl them till they | them between two dishes, a small grate being between that they fall not to the bottom; then place them in a

COM-

COMPOUND OYLS BY INFUSION

AND DECOCTION.

Oleum Benedittum. Page 146, in the Latin Book. Or, bleffed Oyl.

Colledg] Ake of the roots of Cardus and Valerian of each one ounce, the flowers of Saint Johns-wort two ounces, wheat one ounce and an half, old Oyl four ounces, Cipreß, Turpentine eight ounces, Frankinsence in pouder two ounces, infuse the roots and slowers being bruised, in so much white wine as is sufficient to cover them, after two daies insussing, put in the Oyl with the wheat bruised, boyl them together till the wine be consumed, then preß it out, and ad the Frankinsence, and Turpentine, then boyl them a little and keep it.

Culpeper] A. It is apropriated to clense and confolidate wounds especially in the head.

Oleum de Capparibus. Page 145. in the Latin Book. Or, Oyl of Cappers.

The Colledg] Take of the bark of Capper roots an ounce, bark of Tamaris, the leaves of the same, the seeds of Agens Cassus, Cerrach, or Spleenwort, Cyperus roots, of each two drachms; Rue one drachm, Oyl of ripe Olives one pound, white wine Vineger, and white wine, of each two ounces, cut them and sleep them, and boyl them (two daies being elapsed) gently in a bath, then the 15 ine and Vineger, being consumed, strain it, and keep it.

Culpeper] A. The Oyl is opening, and heating, absolutely apropriated to the spleen, hardness and pains thereof, and diseases coming of stoppings there, as Hypocondriack melancholly, the rickets &c. Bath the breast and afflicted side with it hot by the fire, and if you please to ad its like weight of oyntment of the opening juyces to it, it will be the better, then if you apply a Virginia Tobacco leaf to the place, you shall find it an incomparable remedy.

Oyl of Castorium compound. P.146, in Latin book.

The Colledg Take of Castorium, Styrax Calamitus, Galianum, Enghorbium, Opopanax, Cassia Lignea, Sastron, Carpobalfamum or Cubebs, Spicknard, Costus, of each two drachms; Cyperus, Squinanth, Pepper long and black, Savin Pelletory of Spain, of each two drachms and an half; ripe Gyl four pound, Spanish wine two bound, the five first excepted let the rest be prepared as they ought to be, and gently boyled in the Oyl and wine, while the wine be consumed, mean scason the Galbanum, Opopanax, and Euphorbium beaten in fine pouder, being dissolved in part of the wine, and strained, let them be exquisitely mixed withit (while the Oyl is warm) by often string, the boyling being sinshed put in the Styrax and Castorium.

Culpeper] A. The vertues are the same with the Simple, only it is held to be more effectual in the premises.

Oleum Catellerium. Page 146. in the Latin Books Or, Oyl of Whelps.

The Colledg] Take of Sallet Oyl four pound, two Puppy Dogs newly whelped, Earth worms welled in white wine one pound, book the whelps till they fall in pieces, then put in the worms, a while after firain it, then with three ounces of Cypress Turpentine, and one ounce of Spirit of Wine, perfell the Oyl according to art.

Culpeper] A. It is excellent good to bath those limbs and muscles, that have been weakned by wounds or bruises.

Oleum Costinum. Page 146, in the Latin Book.

The Colledg Take of the roots of bitter Coftus, two ownces; Cassia Lignea one ownce, the tops of Marjorum eight ownces, being bruised, steep them two dates in twelve ownces of sweet white wine; then with three pound of Sallet Oyl washed in white wine boyl it in Balneo maria till the wine be consumed.

(ulpeper.] A. It heats, opens obstructions, strengthens the nerves, and all nervous parts, as muscles, tendons, ligaments, the ventricle; besides these, it strengthens the liver, it keeps the hairs from turning gray, and gives a good colour to the body. I pray you take notice that this and the following Oyls, (til I give you warning to the contrary) are not made to eat.

Oleum Crocinum. Pag. 146. in the Lat. Book. Or, Oyl of Saffron.

The Colledg] Take of Saffron, Calamus Aromaticus, of each one ounce; Mirrh half on ounce, Cardamoms nine drachms, steep them fix daies, (the Cardamoms excepted, which are not to be put in till the last day,) in nine ounces of Vineger, the day after put in a pound and an half of washed Oyl, boyl it gently according to art, till the Vineger be consumed, then strain it.

Culpeper] A. It helps pains in the nerves, and ftrengthens them, mollifies their hardness, helps pains in the matrix and causeth a good colour.

Oyl of Euphorbium. Page 147. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of Stavesacre, Sopewort, of each half an ounce; Pellitery of Spain fix drachms; dryed Mountaine Calaminth one ounce and an balf, Collus two drachms, Cafforium five drachms, being Qq brusjed

and an balf of wine, boyl them with a pound and an half of Oyl of wall flowers, adding half an ounce of Euphoronum, before the wine be quite conjumed, and fo boyl it according to art.
Culpeper] A. It hash the same vertue, only

fomething more effectual than the Simple.

Oleum Excestrense. Page 147 in the Latin Book. Or, Oyl of Exceter.

The Colledg Take of the leaves of Wormwood, Centaury the left, Eupatorium, Fennel, Hyjop, Bays Marjoram, Bawm, Nep, Penyroyall, Savin, Sage, Time, of each four ounces; Southernwood, Bettony, Chamepitys, Lavender, of each fix ounces; Rose-mary one pound, the slowers of Chamomel, Broom, white Lillies, Elders, the feeds of Cummin, and Fenugreek the roots of Hellebore black and white, the back of Ash and Lemmons, of each four ounces; Euphorbium, Muftard, Caftorium, Pellitory of Spain, of each an ounce : Oyl fixteen pound, wine three pound, the berbs, flowers, feeds, and Euphorbium being brufed, the roots, Barks, and Caftarium cut, all of them infuled twelve hours in the wine and Oyl, in a warm bath, then boyled with a gentle fire, to the confumption of the Wine and moisture, strain the Oyl and keep it.

Culpeper] A. Many people by catching bruifes when they are young, come to feel it when they are old: others by catching cold, catch a lameness in their limbs; to both which I commend this Sovereign Oyl to bath their grieved members with.

Oleum Hirundinum. Page 148. in the Latin Book. Or, Oyl of Swallows.

The Colledg Take of wholl Swallows fixteen, Chamomel, Rue, Plantone the greater and leffer, Bay leaves, Penyroyal, Dill, Hyfop, Rofemary, Sage, Saint Johns-wort, Costmary, of each one handful's Common Oyl four pound, Spanish wine one pound, make it up according to art.

Culpeper] A. But if instead of Oyl you will put so much May Butter to it as here is appointed Oyl, and boyl it with the foregoing Simples, then will it have both the name and confiftance of an Oynt-

A. Both this and the former are aptopriated to old bruiles and pains thereof coming, as also to sprains. If you please you may mix them together,

Oleum Hyperici Compositum. Pag. 148 in Lat. Book. Or, Oyl of Saint Johns-wort Compound.

The Colledg Take of the tops of Saint Johnswort four ounces, steep them three wholednies in a pound of old Sallet Oyl, in the heat either of a bath, or of the Sun, then press them out, repeat the infusion the second, or third time, then boyl them, till the Wine be almost consumed preß them out, and by adding three ounces of Turpentine, and one scruple of Saffron, boyl it a little and keep it-

Culpeper] A. See the Simple Oyl of Saint Johnswort, than which this is flronger.

Oleum Hyperici magis Compositum. P.148.in Lat. B. Or, Oyl of Saint Johns-wort more Compound

bruised, let them be three daies steeped in three pound | tops of Saint Johns-wort ripe and gently bruised, sour handfuls, fleep them two dates in a glass close stopped, boyl them in a bath, and strain them strongly, repeat the infusion three times, having strained it the third time, add to every pound of decostion, old Oyl four pound, Turpentine fix ounces, Oyl of 11 or mwood three ounces, Dittany, Gentian, Cardus, Tormentil, Carline, or Cardus Maria, Calamus Aromaticus, all of them bruised, of each two drachms, Earth worms often washed in white Wine two ounces, set it in the Sun

five or fix weeks, then keep it close flopped.

Culpeper A. Besides the vertues of the simple
Oyl of St. Johns-wort, which this performs more effectually, it is an excellent remedy for old bruifes,

aches and sprains.

Oleum Irinum. Page 149. in in the Latin Book. Or, Oyl of Orris.

The Colledg Take of the roots of Orris Florentine, three pound four ounces, the flowers of Purple Orris, fifteen ounces, Cyperus roots fix ounces, of Alicampane three ounces, of Alkanet two ounces, Cinnamon, Spicknard, Benjamin, of each one ownce, let all of them being bruised as they ought to be, be fleeped in the Sun, or other hot place in fifteen pound of old Oyl, and four pound and an half of cleer water, after the fourth day, boyl them in Balneo Maria, the water being consumed, when it is cold strain it and keep it.
Culpeper] The effects are the same with the Sim-

ple, only 'tis ftronger, and better composed here than it was in their former Dispensatory, yet I know no great reason why this, or any other Oyl must be boyled in a bath. I see the Apothecaries shall never want ignorance nor trouble, if the Colledg can help

Oleum Majorana Page 149. in the Latin Book. Or, Oyl of Marjoram.

The Colledg] Take of Marjoram four handfuls mother of Time two handfuls, the leaves and berries of Mirtles one handful, Southernwood, water Mints, of each half an handful, being cut, bruifed, and put in a glaß, three pound of Oyl Omphacine being put to it, let it fland eight daies in the Sun, or in a bath, clofe stopped, then strain it out, in the Oyl put in fresh Simples, do fo the third time, the Oyl may be perfected

according to art.

Culpeper] A. It helps weariness and diseases of of the brain and nerves, coming of cold; it helps the dead palife, the back (viz. the region along the back bone) being anointed with it; being inuffed up in the nose, it helps Spasmus Cynicus, which is a wrying the mouth afide; it helps noise in the ears being dropped into them; it provokes the terms, and helps the bitings of venemous beafts, it is a most gallant Oyl to strengthen the body, the back being anointed with it; ftrengthens the muscles, t hey being chafed with it; it helps headach the forehead being rubbed with it.

Oleum Mandragora. Page 149. in the LatinBook. Or, Oyl of Mandragues.

The Colledg] Take of common Oyl two pound, Juyce of Mandrake apples, or for want of them, of the leaves, four ounces, Juyce of white Henbane The Colledg] Take of white wine three pound, two ounces, Juyce of black Poppy heads three ownces,

Juyce of Violets, and tender Hemlock, of each one ounce; Set them all in the Sun, and after the tenth day, boyl them to the consumption of the Juyce, then put in Opium finely beaten, and Styrax Calamitis dif-Jolved in a little Turpentine, of each balf an ounce.
Culpeper. A. It is probable the Author studied

to invent an Oyl extreamly cold, when he invented this. I am of opinion it may be used safely no way but only to anoint the temples and notes of fuch as have a frenzy. If by using this Ointment you see they fleep too long, dip a spunge in Viniger, and hold to their notes, it may be a means to awake them. It is scarse safe, yet if you let it alone, it cannot do you harm.

Moschelaum. Page 149. in the Latin Book. Or, Oyl of Musk.

The Colledg] Take two Nutmegs, Mush one drachm, Indian leafe or Mace, Spicknard, Collus, Mastich of each fix drachms, Styrax-Calamitis, Caffia Lignea, Mirrh, Saffron, Cinnamon, Cloves, Carpobalfamum, or Cubebs, Bdellium, of each two drachms, pure Oyl three pound, Wine three ounces, bruife them as you ought to do, mix them and let them boyl eafily, till the wine be consumed, the Musk being mixed according to art after it is strained.

Culpeper.] A. It is exceeding good against all diseases of cold, especially those of the stomach, it helps diseases of the sides they being anointed with it, the stranguary, chollick, and vices of the nerves, and afflictions of the reins.

A. The Receipt was made by Niebolaus Alex-andrinus, only the Colledg something altered the quantities and that not worth speaking of.

Oleum Nardinum. Page 150. in the Latin Book. Or, Oyl of Nard.

The Colledg] Take of Spicknard three ownces, Marjoram two ounces, wood of Aloes, Calamus Aromaticus, Alicampane, Cyperus, Bay leaves, Indian leafe or Mace, Squinanth, Cardamoms, of each one ounce and an half bruise them al grofty, & steep them in water, and wine, of each fourteen ounces, Oyl of Sefamin, or Oyl of Olives four pound and an half, for one day, then perfect the Oyl, by boyling it gently in a double Veffell.

Culpeper] A. I wonder why they should put in cident to many in these times.

Oyl of Sefamum, or Oyl of Olives; when every body knows Sciamum is a kind of purging pulle, but purge or bind, it is all one to them it feems; So Authors fay it. Will that answer serve the turn before the Lord God Almighty another day ? I left out Oyl of Sefamum in the coppy because of that, and if it be made as I have written it, It heats, attenuates, digefts, and moderately binds, and therefore helps all cold and windy afflictions of the brain, ffomach, reins, spleen, liver, bladder, and womb, being snuffed up the note it purgeth the head, and gives a good colour and fmel to the body.

Oleum Nicodemi. Page 150. in the Latin Books

The Colledg Take of the feeds or tops of Saint Johns wort, old Turpentine, of each one pound, Litharge fix drachms, Aloes, Hepatick, Tutty, of each three drachms; Saffron one ounce, white wine four pound, old Oyl two pound; The fourth part of the is the being consumed in a bath, or fand, or in the Sun, in the Dog daies, after the tenth day strain it, and keep the Oyl apart from the Wine.

Culpeper] A. Both Wine and Oyl are exceeding drying, (that the Wine is more clenting, and the Oyl best to skin a fore, your genius (though never fo dull / will tel you) and therefore excellent for fores and ulcers that run much, as for feabs, itch, fmall pocks, fwine pocks &c.

Oleum Vulpinum. Page 150. in the Latin Book. Or, Oyl of Foxes.

The Colledgy Take afat Fox, of a middle age *That was * (if you can get (uch an one) caught by hunting, about Autumn out in pieces, the skin, and bowels wel put in, taken away, the bones broken, boyl him (feamming it therefore dilligently) in white Wine, and Spring water, of each when you fix pound, till balf be consumed, with three ownces have of Sea salt, the tops of Dill, Time, and Chamepitys, caught a of each one handful, after straining boyl it again with Fox, bring sour pound of old Oyl, the slowers of Sage and Rose-him alive mary, of each one handful, the water being consumed, to the Col-firm it again, and keep the pure Oyl for use. ledg, and

train it again, and keep the pure Oyl for use. ledg, and Culpeper A. It is exceeding good in pains of the let them joynts, gouts, pains in the back and reins, it heats look in his the body being afflicted by cold, and hard lodging in mouth first the airs, whereby the joynts are stiffe, a diseass in- and tell

old he is, previlegio.

Oyls left out in the new Dispensatory.

Oyl of Pepper. Melue.

The Colledg.] Take of long, black, and white Pepper, of each three drachms; Myrobatans, Chedrachms: the roots of Smallage and Fennel, of each trembling or shaking paise, likewise cold afflictions

He Receipt is before; the vertues , three drachms and an half; Sagapenum, Opopanax, A. It is a gallant remedy for deep wounds, scabs and an half; Turbith two drachms; Ginger three or itch, as any is under the Cope of Heaven, and drachms; the branches of green Time and green no way prejudicial: See the Oynement.

Rue, of each one handful: infuse them according to in a sufficient quantity of Aquavita, Oyl of walflowers otherwise called winter Gilliflowers two pound: then boyl them to the consumption of the A-

Culpeper] A It helps cold discases of the nerves, bul, Bellerick, Emblick, and Indian, of each five as Palties, falling fickness, convultions, wry-mouths,

all diseases of the joynts, it heats, makes thin, and clenfeth, and therefore it opens obstructions or stoppings, and breaks the stone.

Oleum Populcum. Nich.

The Colledg Take of fresh Poplar buds three pound; Wine four pound; common Oyl feven pound lafter is far better .

of the reins, and bladder, yard and womb, gouts and two owness, beat the Poplar buds very well, then steep them seven daies in the Oyl and wine, then boyl them in a double vessel till the wine be consumed (if you infuse fresh buds once or twice before you boyl it, the medicine will be the fironger) then prefi out the Oyl and keep it.

Culpeper.] A. It is a fine cool Oyl, but the *Oyntment called by that name which follows here-



YNTMENTS MORE SIMPLE.

Or, white Oyntment.

The Colledg] The lof Oyl of Roses nine ounces Ceruß washed in Rosewater, and difficently ferfed, three ounces, white wax two ounces, after the wax is melted in the Oyl, put in the Cerus, and make it into an Oyntment according to art, add two drachms of Camphire, made into pouder with a few drops of Oyl of fweet Almonds,

fo will it be camphorated,
Clippper A. Some hold it impossible to make it into an Oyntment this way 1 others hold it not convenient, but instead of Oyl of Roses they add so much Hogs greate; and leaving out the white Wax they make a into an Oyntment without the help of the fire, but 'tis to be supposed, that 'tis so long ago fince the Colledg made an Oyntment, they have forgot how to make it, but they are not to be blamed for that, but for commanding in what they have no skill in, they must go teach how to make Oyntments when they have no more skill in it, than a hobby horfe.

A. It is a fine cooling drying Oyntment, ealeth pains, and itching in wounds and ulcers, and is an hundred times better with Camphire than without

Unguentum Egyptiacum. Page 153,in the Latin B.

The Colledg Take of Vert-de-greafe finely pondered, five parts, Honey fourteen parts, sharp Vine-ger seven parts, boyl them to a just thickness, and a rediff colour.

Culpeper. A. It clenfeth filthy ulcers and fiftulaes forcibly, and not without pain; it takes away dead and proud flesh, and dries: The Chyrurgians of our dater use it commonly instead of Apostalorum, to clenie wounds, it clenieth more potently indeed, and therefore may be fitter in fanious ulcers, but it ftrengthens not fo much.

tenguentum Album. Page 153. in the Latin Book. Unguentum Anodynum. Page 153. in Lat. Book.

Or, an Oyntment to esse pain.

The Colledg Take of Oyl of white Lillies, fix ounces, Oyl of Dill and Chamomel, of each two ounces, Oyl of sweet Almonds one onuce; Ducks greafe and Hens greafe, of each two ounces, white wax three ounces: mix them according to art.

Culpeper] A. I take the Augustan Physitians to be the Authors of this, for there it is to be found verbatim, only they prescribe no certain quantity of Wax: Its use is to asswage pains in any part of the body, especially such as come by inflamations, whether in wounds, or tumors, and for that it is admi-

unguentum ex Apio. Page 153. in the Latin Book. Or, Oyntment of Smallage,

The Colledg] Take of the Juyce of Smallage ona pound, Honey nine ounces, Wheat flower three ounces, boyl them to a just thickness.

Culpeper] A. It is a very fine, and very gentle clenfer of wounds and ulcers.

Liniment of Gum Elemi.

The Colledg] Take of Gum Elemi, Turpentine of the fir tree, of each one ownce and an half; old Sheeps Suet clenfed two ounces ; old Hogs greafe clenfed one ounce, mix them, and make them into an

Oyntment according to art.

[ulpeper] A. Although our Chyrurgians usually use this only for wounds and ulcers in the head, yet he that makes trial shall find it excellent for ulcers, if not too fanious, in any part of the body, though in the feet, and they are at the greatest diftance from the head; it gently clenseth, and filleth up an ulcer with fleth, it being of a mild nature and friendly to the body.

Unquentum Aureum. Page 154. in Lat. Book.

The Colledg Take of yellow was half a pound

common Oyl two pound, Turpentine two ounces pine-Rofin, Colophonia, of each one ounce and an half, Frankinfence, Mastich, of each one ounce; Suffron one drachm; fust melt the wax in the Oyl, then the Turpentine being added, let them boyl together, having done boyling, put in the rest in fine pouder (let the Saffron be the last) and by disligent strring, make them into an Oyntment according to art.
Culpeper] A. If you remember, the Colledg com-

mends this Oyntment to engender flesh in the beginning of the Compounds, and indeed it doth fo; but if you please to takecounsel of Dr. EXPE-RIENCE, he will tell you that the former is worth

two of this for that use.

Basilicon the greater. Page 154. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg Tage of white Wax, pine Rofta, Heifers Suet, Greek Pitch, Turpentine, Olibanum, Mirrh, of each one ounce ; Opl five ounces, Pouder, the Olibanum and Mirrb, and the rest being melted, make it into an Oyntment according to art.

Basilicon the less. Page 154. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of yellow wax, fat Rofin, Greek Pitch, of each half a pound; Oyl nine ounces; mix them together, by melting them according to

Culpeper] A. Both this and the former, heat, moisten and digest, procure matter in wounds, I mean, bring the filth or corrupted blood from green wounds; they clenfe and cafe pain.

Oyntment of Bdellium. P. 154 in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of Edellium, fix drachms; Euphorbium, Sagapen. of each four drachms; Castorium three drachms; Wax fifteen drachms, Oyl of Elder or Walflowers, ten drachms, the Edellium, and Sagapen. being differed in water of wild Rue, let the rest be united by the beat of a bath. Culpeper] A. And why in a bath? the Colledg have a brave time of it, to appoint what they list, it

being sence, or no sence, they are not to give a rea-

Son of it.

A. I consels Mesue appoints it to be made up in the same manner: I do not well know whether it be possible or not; if not, it may be done with the Oyl, but 'tis ordinary with the Colledge, to appoint impossible things.

unguentum de Calce. Page 155. in the Latin Book. Or, Oyntment of Chalke.

The Colledg] Take of Chalke washed seven times at least, balf a pound, wax three ounces, Oyl of Rofes one pound, fir them al together dilligently, in a leaden morta, the wax being first melted by a gentle fire in a sufficient quantity of the preseribed Ord.

Culpper. A. It is exceeding good in burnings, and sexidings.

unguentum Dialthea. Page 155. in Lat. Book. Or, Oyntment of Marshmallows

The Colledg] Take of common Oyl four pound; Mufflage of Marfimation roots, Linfeeds, and Fenugreek seeds two pound; boyl them together till the and half, make it into an Oyntment according to art, water part of the Mufflage be consumed, then add in a Pelile and mortar made of Lead.

Wax balf a pound, Rozin three ounces, Turpentine en ounce, boyl them to the confiltence of an Oyntment, bus let the Muffilage be prepared of a pound of fresh roots bruifed, and balf a pound of each of the Seeds steeped, and boyled in eight pound of spring water See the Compound. and then preffed out.

unquentum Diapompholygos. Pag. 155. in Lat. Book.

The Colledg Take of Oyl of Nightshade Sixteen ounces, white wax; washed Cerus, of each four drachms, Lead burnt and washed, Pompholix prepared, of each two ounces, pure Frankinsense one ounce, bring them into the form of an Oyument according to art.

* Culpeper] A. This much differing from the former, you shall have that inserted at latter end, and

then you may use which you please.

Unquentum Enulatum. Page 155, in Lat. Book. Or, Oyntment of Alicampane.

The Colledg Take of Alicampane roots boyled in Viniger, bruised and pulped one pound, Turpentine washed in their decollion, new wax, of each two ounces, old Hogs greafe falted ten ounces, old Oyl four ounces, common Salt one ounce, add the Turpentine, to the greafe, wax, and Oyl, being melted, as also the pulp, and Salt being finely poudered, and so make it into an Oyntment according to art.

unguentum Enulatum cum mercurio.P. 156. in L.B. Or, Oyntment of Alicampane with Quickfilver.

The Colledg] Is made of the farmer Oyntment, by adding two ounces of Quickfilver, killed by conti-nual firring (not only with Spittle, or juyce of Lem-mons, but with all the Turpentine kept for that intent, and part of the greafe, in a stone mortar.

(briefly) this, It was invented for the Itch; without Quick filver it will do no good, with Quick fil-

ver it may do harm.

Unguentum Laurinum commune.P. 156. in Lat. B. Or, Oyntment of Baies common,

The Colledg] Take of Bay leaves braifed, one pound ; Bay berries bruifed, balf a pound, Cabbage leaves four ounces, Neats-foot Oyl five pound, Bullocks Suct two pound, boyl them together, and frain them that foit may be made into an Oyntment accor-

ding to art. Culpeper] A. Let the leaves and berties being bruised and boyled with the Oyl and Suet till their Juyce be confumed, let it be strained and kept.

A. It heats and expels wind, is profitable for old aches, and sprains, but what good it should do to the itch (for which simple people buy it.) I cannot imagin-

unguintum de miniofive rubrum Camphora. F. 156. Or, Oyntment of red Lead

The Colledg] Take of Osl of Rofes, one pound and an half; red Lead three ounces, Lithage two ounces, Cerug one ounce and an half, Tatty three drachms, Campiere two drachms, Wax one ownce and

Culpeper] A. This Oyntment is as drying as a man thall usually read of one, and withal cooling, therefore good for fores, and fuch as are troubled with defluxions. I remember once Dr. Alexander Read applyed it to my Mothers breast when she had a Cancer, before it brake long time, but to as much purpose as though he had applied a rotten Apple; yet in the foregoing infirmities I beleeve it seldom fails: they have fomething altered the quantities, but not worth speaking off; first melt the Wax in the Oyl, then put in the rest in pouder.

unguentum è Nicotiona, seu Peto.P. 156. in Lat. B. Or, Oyntment of Tobbacco.

The Colledg Take of Tobacco leaves bruised, two pound, fleap them a whol night in red wine, in the morning boyl it in fresh Hogs greafe, dilligently wolfbed, one pound, till the Wine be confumed, ftrain it, and add half a pound of Juyce of Tobacco, Rofin four ounces, boyl it to the confumption of the Juyce, adding towards the end, round Birthwort roots in pouder, to ounces, new wax as much as is sufficient to make it into an Oyntment according to art.

Culpeper] A. It would ask a whol Summers day to write the particular vertues of this Oyntment, and my poor Genius is too weak to give it the hundreth part of its due praife, It cores Tumors, Aposthumes. Wounds, Ulcers, Gun-shot, Botches, Scabs, Itch, stinging with Nettles, Bees, Wasps, Hornets, venemous beafts, Wounds made with poyloned Arrows &c. Tush! this is nothing _____paulo majora eanamus. It helps Scaldings though made with Oyl, Burnings though with Lightening, and that without any Scar: It helps nafty, rotten, flinking, putrified Ulcers, though in the legs, whither the humors are most subject to refort; in Fistulaes though the bone be afflicted it shall scale it without any inftrument, and bring up the flesh from the very bot-tom: Would you be fair? your face heing anoin-ted with this, foon will the Redness, Pimples, Sunburning vanish, a Wound dressed with this will never putrifie, a Wound made with fo fmall a weapon that no tent will follow, anoint but with this and you need fear no danger, If your head ach, anoint your temples with this and you shall have case; The sto-mach being anointed with it, no infirmity dares harbor there, no not Afthmaes, nor confumption of the lungues 3 The belly being anointed with it, helps the Chollick and Illiack passion, the Worms, and what not ? it helps the Hemorthoids or Piles, and is the best Oyntment that is, for gouts of all forts : finally there may be as univerfal a medicine made for all difeales, of Tobacco as of any thing in the world, the Phylosophers Stone excepted. O Joubertus! thou shalt never want praise for inventing this medicine, by those that use it, so long as the Sun and Moon endureth.

tinguentum Nutritum Jeu Trifarmacum.P.156.L.B.

The Colledg Take of Litharge of Gold finely poudered, half a pound; Vineger one pound, Gyl of Roses two pound, grind the Litharge in a mortar, pouring to it sometimes Oyl, sometimes Vineger, till by continual stirring the Viniger do no more appear, and it come to a whitish Oyntment.

Culpeper] A. It is of a cooling, drying nature, good for itching of Wounds, Itch and Scabs, and Culpeper] A. I know not what to make of it.

fuch like deformities of the skin, as Tetters, Ringworms &cc.

unguentum Ophthalmicum. Pag. 157. in Lat. Book. Or, Oyntment for the eyes.

The Colledg] Take of Bole Armenich washed in Rose water, one ounce; Lapis Calaminaris woshed in Eye-bright water, Tutty prepared, of each two drachms; Pearls in very fine pouder half a drachm, Camphire half a scruple, Opium five grains, fresh butter woshed in Plantane water, as much as is sufficient to make it into an Oyntment according to art.

Culpeper] A. It is exceeding good to stop hot Rhewms that fall down into the eyes, the eye-lids being but anointed with it.

unquentum ex Oxylapatho . Pag. 157. in Lat. Book-Or, Oyntment of Sharp-pointed Dock.

The Colledg] Take of the roots of Sharp pointed. Dock boyled in Viniger until they be fost, and then pulped, Brimgione washed in juyce of Lemmons, of each one ounce and an balf, Hogs greafe often washed in juyce of Scabious, balf a pound, Unquentum populcon, wested in juyce of Alicampane, balf an ounce, make them into an Oyntment, in a mortar.

Culpeper.] A. It is a wholfom though troublefom medicine for what the Title specifies, before it was called an Oyntment against Scabs, and Itch, now because none should know what its good for, it is called an Oyntment of Sharp-pointed Dock; If they were as able, as they are willing: good God what ignorance would they lead poor man too, but a curft Cow, hath but thort horns.

unquentum è Plumbo. Page 157. in Lat. Book. Or, Oyntment of Lead.

The Colledg | Take of Lead, Burnt according to art, Litharge, of each two ounces, Ceruf, Antimony, of each one ounce, Oyl of Roses, as much as as sufficeent, make it into an Oyntment according to art.

Culpeper] Take it one time with another, 'twill go neer to do more harm than good.

unguentum Pomatum. Page 157. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of fresh Hogs greafe, three pound, fresh Sheep Suet nine ounces, Pomervater pared and cut, a pound and nine cunces, Damask Rofewater, fix ounces, the roots of Orris Florentine erofly bruifed, fix drachms, boyl them in Balneo Marix till the Apples be soft, then strain it, but press it not, and keep it for use " then warm it a little agam, and wash it with fresh Rose-water, adding to each pound, What after

twelve drops of Oyl of Lignum Rhodium. you have Culpeper] A. Its general use is, to soften and sup-used it? ple the roughness of the skin, and take away the the chops of the lips, hands, face, or other parts.

unquentum Patabile. Page 158. in the Latin Book The Colledg.] Take of butter without salt a pound and an balf, Spermacett Maddir, Tormentil roots, Castorium of each half an ounce, boyl them as you ought in a sufficient quantity of wine, till the wine be consumed, and become an Oyntment.

nguentum

Unguentum Refinum. Page 158. in the Lain Book.

The Colledg Take of Per-rofin, or Rofin of the pine tree, of the purelt, Turpentine, yellow Wax washed, pure Oyl, of each equal parts, melt them into an

Oyntment according to art.

Culpeper] A. It is as pretty a Cerecloath for a new iprain as most is, and cheap. Let it not be despised, for I have known a gentlewoman in Sussex do much good with it, even before their Dispensatory, was ever hatched, or in the Egge.

Unguentum Rofatum. Page 158. in the Latin Book. Or, Oyntment of Roles.

The Colledg Take of fresh Hogs greafe elensed a pound, fresh Red roses balf a pound, juyce of the fame three ounces, make it into an Oyntment according to art.

Culpeper] A. The Colledge give you but a fhort come off in this Oyntment, they love to be breife and tedious, last time when they were honester, they taught you how to make it, which was thus,

them.

Be fure The Colledge Take of Hogs greafe well clenfed from the skins a pound; wash it nine * times in not one of wasm water, then as often in cold water; fresh red Roses a pound: mix them together and so let them stand seven daies, then boyl them over a gentle fire, and fir ain out the Roses, then mix with the Oynt-ment the like quantity of fresh red Roses, and then let them fland together as many daies, then strain them out having first boyled them; at the last ad juyce of red Roses six ounces, boyl them over a gentle fire till the juyce be consumed, then strain it, and make an

Culpeper A. You need do no more than let it Culpeper] A. ftand till it is cold, and you shall see it is Oyntment alone without any further making, now compare but this with what I wrote before, and fee if they do not

love to be breife and tedious.

A. It is of a fine cooling nature, exceeding ufefull in all gaulings of the skin, and frettings accompanied with chollerick humors, angry pushes, tetters, ringworms, it mitigates diseases in the head coming of heat, as also the intemperate heat of the stomach

Deficeativum Rubram. Page 158. in the Latin Book. Or, 2 drying red Oyntment.

The Colledg Take of Oyl of Roses, Omphacine, a pound, white wax five ounces, which being melted and put in a leaden Mortar, put in, Earth of Lem-nos or Bole-Armenick, Lapir Calaminavis of each four ounces, Litharge of gold, Ceruß, of each three ounces, Camphire one drachm, make it into an Oyntment according to art.

Culpeper] A. It binds and restrains fluxes of humors and is as gallant an Oyntment to skin a fore as

any is in the Dispensatory.

singuentum e Solano. Page 158. in the Lat. Book Or, Oyntment of Nightshade.

The Colledg] Take of juye of Nightsbade, Li- will pretently Ceafe.

tharge washed, of each five ounces, Cerus washed eight ounces, white Wax seven ounces, Frankinsenie in pouder ten drachms, Oyl of Roses of ten washed in water two pound, make it into an Oyntment according to art.

Culpeper] A. It was invented to take away inflamations from wounds, and to keep people from ferac-

Unguentum Tutie. Page. 158. in the Latin Book. Or, Oyntment of Tutty

The Colledg] Take of Tutty prepared two ounces; Lapit Calaminaris, often burnt and quenched its Plantane water, as ounce, make them being finely poudered into an Oyntment, with a pound and an balf of Oyntment of Rofes.

Cul.A. It is a cooling, drying Oynement apropriated to the eyes, to dry up hot and falt humors that flow down thither, the eye-lids being anointed with it.

Valentia Scabiofa. Page 159. in the Latin Book. A famous Oyntment much in use 300. years ago.

The Colledg] Take of the juyce of green Scabious proffed out with a ferue, and strained, through a cleath Hogs greafe, of each as much as you will, beat the Hogs greaf in a stone mortar pot grind it putting in the juyce by degrees for the more commodious mixture and tineture, afterwards fet it in the Sun in a convenient vessel, so as the juyce may overtop the grease; nine daies being passed, pour of the discoloured juyce, and beat it again as before, putting in fresh juyce, set in the Sun again sive daies, which being elapsed, beat it again putting in more juyce, after 15 daies more do so again, do so five times, after which keep it in a glass or glazed velsel.

Tapfiva'entia. Page 159. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of the juyce of Mullen, Hoge grease, of each as much as you will, let the grease be elensed and cut in pieces, and beat it with the juyee, pressed and strained, as you did the former Oyutment, then keep it in aconvenient vessel nine or tent daies, then beat it twice, once with fresh juyce, un-til it be green, and the second time without juyce, beaten well, powring off what is discoloured, and keep it for use.

Tapfimel. Page 159. in the Latin Book.
The Colledg] Take of the juyce of Sullendine and Mullen, of each one part, clarified Honey two parts, boyl them by degrees till the juyce be confumed, adding (the Physitian prescribing) Vitriol burnt, Alum burnt, Ink, and boyl it again to an Oyntment accor-

ding to art.

Culpeper] A. These three last was stolen out of the Manuscripts of Mr. John Ardern for a Chyrargi-an at Newwark upon Trent, though now the Colledg have the honelty to conceal his name, you may know the vertues of the two former, if you view but the Simples, as for the latter he quotes a pretty palfage of, which is like to be the truet because the Colledge conceales it now, and did not before, it is this, when you are troubled with the Itch, put a little Tapfimel up your fundament, and the Itching

OYNT-

OYNTMENTS MORE COMPOUND.

The Colledg] T Ake of Eriony roots two pound, the roots of wild Cucumers, one pound, Squills half a pound, frish Englifb Orris roots, three ounces, theroots of Male Feam, Dwaffe Elder, water Caltrops, or Aron, of each two ounces, bruife them all being fre b, and fleep them, fix or seven daies in four pound of old Oil, the whitell not rank then boyl them and preß them out, and in the Oyl melt fifteen ounces of white wax, and make it into an Oynement according to art.

culpepted A. It purgeth exceedingly and is good to anoint the bellies of such as have dropsies, and if there be any humor of slegm in any part of the body that you know not how to remove (provided the part be not too tender) you may anoint it with this, but yet be not too busic with it, for I tell you plainly 'tis not very fale-

Unguentum de Alabastro. Page 160. in the Latin B. Or Oyntment of Alabafter.

The Colledg] Take of of the juyce of Chamomel four ounces, the juyce of red Roses, Marshmallow roots, of each two ounces, the juyce of Rue, and Bettony, of each an ounce and an half, Oyl of Rojes, Omphaeme a pound and an half, Alabafter in very fine pouder three ounces, mix them, and lee them alone till the next day, then boyl it till the payce be confumed, then with fix ounces of white wax make it into an

Oyntment according to art.
Culpeper.] A. I never knew it made, neither know I what to make of it, tis among it Victorius his Empericks to be found, and a hundred to one but he faith 'tis good 'for fomething, but I know not for what. There he quotes abundance of Receipts, and it feems this is one, I have about a hundred of them, but this is none of them-

Unguentum Amarum. Page 160 in the Latin Book. Or, a bitter Oyntment,

The Colledg Take of Oyl of Rue, Savin, Mints, Wormspood, bitter Almonds, of each one owner and an balf, juyce of Peach flowers and leaves, and wormwood, of each half an ounce, pouder of Rue, Mints, Centaury the left, Gentian, Tormentil, of each one drachm, the feeds of Coleworts, the pulp of Colocynthis of each two drachms, Alaes Hepatick, three drams, me al of Lupines half an ounce, Mirrh washed in grass an half, with a fufficient quantity of surce of Lem-mons, and an ounce and an half of Wax, make it into an Oyntment according to art .

Culpeper A. Do but so much as compare the simples of this Oyntment, with my rules at the begin-cannot much commend it, unless I should commend ning of the Oyls, and you shall see pretty sport to it for its length and tediousness.

senguentum Agrippa. Page 160. in the Lat. in Book. | laugh at, the Simples making as great a discord, as a Second and a Seventh in Mulick, which can hardly be reduced to harmony, but agrees like a harp and a har-

> unguentum Apoftolorum. Page 161 in the Latin B. Or, Ovnement of the Apostles.

The Colledgy Take of Trapentine, yellow Wax, Rofin, Amontacum, of each fourteen drachms, long Buthwort roots, Olibanum, Edellium, of each fix drachms, Mirib Galbanum, of each baif an ounce, Opopanax, Vert-de-greefe of each two drachms, Litharge nine drachms, Oyl two pound, Vineger enough to diffore the gums, make it into an Oyntment at cording to art.

Culpeper] A. It confumes corrupt and dead fleft, and makes fleft foft which is hard, it clenfeth wounds, Ulcers, and Fiftulaes, and reftores flesh where it is

A. Here is our Colledges Religion, ad unguem-King James is their god, Harrs-case their Trinity, their Divinity and holiness in a couple of Plaisters, these twelve ingredients are their Apostles, their Colledge in Amen Corner, where they all fing Allelujah, Anglice Woodforrel together. Unless their hand of Christ, which is made of Rosewster and Sugar help them, I know not what will become of them, they have no other remedy to fly too but their Plaister called the grace of god, to fee if that will help at a dead lift.

Unguentum Aregon. Page 161. in the Latin Book

The Colledg Take of Rosemary, Marjoram, mother of Time, Rue, the roats of Avon, and wild Que cumers, of each fow onnecs and an half, the teaves of Bay Jage, Savin, Briday roots, of each three ounces, Fleabane, Laurel, of each nine ounces, the leaves of wild Cucumers, Nep, of each half a pound, let all of them being gathered in May, clenfed and bruifed, be freezed feven daies, in fix pound of Sallet Oyl, and a pound of Spirit of Wine, boyl them gently till the Spirit be confumed, then firm the Oyl, in which mele wax fixteen ounces, Bears greafe, Oyl of Bayes, of each three ounces, Moschalcum half an ounce, Peter-Oyl an ounce, Butter four ownces, fir them, and put in these following things in ponder; Mastich, Olivanum, of each seven drachms, Pellstory of Spain, Enphorbium, Ginger, Pepper, of each an onnee, make them into an Oyatment according to art.

Culpeper. A. It mightily digeffeth and maketh thin, and that not without some purging quality; and is very comodious against cold afflictions of the body, but especially of the finnews, convulsions, falling ficknels, pains of the joynts, and great guts \$ I

Unquentum de Artenita. Page 162. in Lat. Book. Or, Oyntment of Sow-bread.

The Colledge Take of the Juyce of Sowbread, or for want of it, a firing decodion of the roots, three pound, juyce of wild Cucumers, Heifers Butter, of each a pound, Oyl of Orris two bound, Pulp of Coloquintida, four ownes, Polypodium fix ownes, Emphorbium half an ownee: the things to be bruifed being bruifed, let them be steeped in a glazed vessel elose shut eight daies, afterwards boyled in a double vessel till the Juyce be almost consumed, then press it out and dissolve in the Liquor yellow wax sive owness: whilst it is warm mix with it Sagapen, dissolved in Vineger, Bulls gall boyled in a bath to the thickness of Honey, of each an ownee, then put in these things sollowing in Pouder; Scamwony, Turbith, Coloquintida, berries or leaves of Mezeren, Aloes, of each seven drachms; Sal. Gem. half on ownee; Emphorbium long Pepper, Murth, Ginger, Chamomel sowers, of each tiree drachms, make them into an syntment according to art.

Culpeper] A. The flomach being anointed with it, it purgeth by flool: the truth is, it is a desperate kind of purge, yet I hold it as fitting as can be to anoint the belies of such as have drophes, because I conceive it especially purgeth water, and the water in drophes lie neer the skin. They have altered it a little, and to as little purpose. I sancy not such violent Remedies, sometimes they kill, and sometimes they

cure.

Unquentum Catapforas Page 162. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of Ceruß washed in Purslain water, then in Vinegar wherein wild Rhadish Roots have been steeped and pressed out, Lapis Calaminaris, Chalcitis, of each fix drachms, burnt Lead, Goats blood, of each half an ownte, Quick-silver sublimated an ownce, the super of Housteel, Nightshade, Plantane of each two ownces, Hogs greafe clensed three pound, Oyl of Violets, Poppies, Mandrakes, of each an ownce, first let the Sublimate and Exungia, then the Oyls, Juyces, and Pouders, be mixed, and so made into an Oyntment according to art.

Oyntment according to art.

(ulpeper] A. The Title shews it to be invented against scabs and itch. But I delight not in such kind of Medicines, they are Collegiates that appoint them and may do what they lift, nemine contradicence.

unguentum Citrinum. Page 163. in the Lat. Book, Or, A Citron Oyntment.

The Colledg] Take of Borax an ounce; Campbire a drachm, white Corral half an ounce, Allum Plume on ounce, Umbilicus Marinus, Tragacanth, white Starch of each three drachms, Criffal, Dentalis Eutalis, Olibanum, Niter, white Marble of each two drachms, Geria Serpeutaria an ounce, Ceruß fix ounces, Hogs greafe not falted, a pound and an balf, Gosts Suct prepared an ounce and on half, Hens fat two ounces and an half, Pouder the things as you ought to do both together, and by themfelves, melt the fats being clenfed in a flowe welfel, and fleep in them two Citrons of a mean breneft cut in bits, in a warm bath, after a whol week framit and put in the Pouders by degrees, amonest which, let the Campbire and Borax be the last, stir them and bring them into the form of an Oyntment.

Culpeper? A. Iter es away Pimples, redness, freekles, and other deformities of the face, Scabs in any part of the body; it takes away the redness of the eyes, and makes a rough skin smooth. It is a terrible tedious piece of stuff, such as they usually use to make men believe wonders, only here they lets our Gipsum because they could not tell what it was, they should have asked their Brother Dr. P. S. the Receipt coming from Rome, he could have rold them when he was there to be confirmed in his Religion what the walls were plaistered with, for Gypsum is the plaister of a wall.

Unguentum Comitiffe. Page 163. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg Take of the middbe Bark of Atorns, Chestnuts, Oaks, Beans, the berries of Mirtles, Harftail, Galls, Grapes stones, unripe Services and Medlars dried, the leaves of Sloe-tree, the Roots of Bistort and Tormentil, of each an ounce and an half, bruise them grossy and boyl them in ten pound of plantane water till half be consumed; then take new yellow wax eight ounces and an half, Oyl of Myrtles simple, two pound and an half; melt them and wash them nine times in the aforefaid Decostion, being washed and melted put in these following Pouders, the middle bark of Acorns, Chestnuts, and Oak, Galls, Juyce of Hypocistis, Ashes of the bone of an Ox Lag, Mirtle berries, unripe Grape stones, unipe Services, of each bulf an numee, Troches of Amber two ounces, with oyl of Mastich so much as is sufficient, make it into an Oyntment according to art.

Culpeper.] A. It icems in my eyes a gollant binding Oyntment, composed nearly by a judicious brain. The belly and reins being anointed with it, it staics abortion, or miscarriage in women though already begun, it strengthens weak backs exceedingly, and stops the immoderate flowing of the terms, and hemorrhoids, and falling out of the fundament and womb; finally, for every occasion that requires binding, I would if I were Eloquent, commend it in

the superlative degree.

Unguentum Martintum. Page 164, in the Latin Book.

The Colledg Take of fresh Bay leaves three pound Garden Rue two pound and an half, Marjoram two pound, Mints a pound, Sage, Wormwood, Costmary, Bazil of each half a pound, Sallet of twenty pound, yellow wax four pound, Malaga wine two pound, of all of them being bruised, boyled and presed out as they ought, make an Oyntment according to art.

Culpeper. A. This is not the Oyntment they

Culpeper. A. This is not the Oyntment they prescribed before under that name, nor half so tedious, therefore I like it better: It is a great strengthener of the head, it being anoynted with it; as also of all the parts of the body, especially the nerves, muscles and arteries.

unguentum Mastichinum. Page 164. in Lat. Bock. Or, An Oyntment of Mastich:

The Colledg Take of Oyl of Mastich, Wormwood and Ward, of each an ounce, Mastich, Mints, red Roses, red Corral, Cloves, Cinnamon, Wood of Aloes Squinanth, of each a drachm, wax as much as is sufficient to make it into an Oyntment according to art.

Culpoper A. This is like the former, and not a

whit inferior to it, it flrengthens the flomach being

fore it was called a Stomach Oyntment.

unguentum Neapolitanum. Page 165, in the Latin Book.

gallant for Hogs dung, as the man men Chymicum.

"It were a of Sage a pound, Quick-fiber " frained through Lether, killed with Spittle four aunces, Oyl of Bays, thing if Chamomel and Earthworms, of eath two ounces, Sot-you could rit of Wine an ounce, Jellow wax two ounces, Twikill quick-pentine washed in suyte of Elicampane three onnees, filver so, Pouder of Chamepytis and Sage, of each two drams, better call make them into an Oyntment according to art.

Culpeper] A. A Learned are to spayl people : hundreds are bound to curse such Oyntments , and thole that appoint them; 'tis not enough for a man to be plagued with the pocks, but he must be worse did in Lu- plagued with perpofterous Medicines-

Unguentum Wervinum. Page 165, in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of Cowflips with the Flowers, Sage, Chamepytis, Rosemary, Lavender, Baywith the Berries, Chamomel, Rue, Smalloge, Melilot with the flowers, Wormwood of each a handful, Mints, Betony, Penyeoyal, Paefly, Centaury the left, St. Johns wort, of each half a handful, Oyl of Sheeps or Bultocks feet, dive pound, Oyl of Spike half an ounce's Sbeeps or Bullacks fuet, or the Marrow of esther two pound, the Herbs being bruifed and boyled with the Oyl and Suet, make it into an Oyntment according 10 drt.

(Mpeper-) A. It is appropriated to the nerves, and helps their infirmrties coming of cold, (which you may find often enough related, I do not love alwaies to hatp upon the fame firing) as also old bruiles; make use of it in dead palifeys, chilliness or coldness of particular members, such as the Arteries perform nor their office to as they ought; for wind anount your belly with it; for want of digeftion, your Homach; for the Chollick, your belly sfor what ever difeat in any part of the body comes of cold, eftern of this as a Jewel, and you thall give me thanks for declaring it, after you have been thankful to God for raifing me up to that end-

Unguentum Pelturale. Page 165. in Lat. Book. Or, A Pectotal Cyntment.

The Colledg Take of fresh Butter mashed in Violet Water, fix ounces, oyl of freet Almonds four ounces, oyl of Chamomel and Violets, white wax, of each three ownces, Hens and Ducks greafe of each two ounces, orrisroots two drachms, Saffron half a drachm: the two last being finely pondered the rest multed and often moshed in Barly or Hysop water make an oyntment of them according to art.

Culpeper] A. It strengthens the breast and stomach, eafeth the pains thereof, helps pleurefies and confumptions of the lungues, the breaft being anointed with it. Now they have mended their nonfenfical

boyling of the Butter.

unguentum Populaeum. Page 166. in Lat. Book. Or, Oyntment of Poplar.

The Colledg Take of fresh black Poplar buds one pound and an half, the flowers of Violets and Navilwort of the wall, of each three ounces; fresh Hogs any Latin might understand, they invented a hideous

shointed with it, restores appeare and digestion. Be- greafe three pound, all of them being beaten together, in May let them flund a while, add the tops of Rasbervies, the leaves of black Poppies, Mandreke, Henbane, Nightsbade, Lettice, Housterk, great and smal, Burs the greater of each three enners, best them all together, and all of them being mixed, after sendaies with a pound of Rose water, boyl it till all the superfluous humidity be confirmed, then firm it and prefit it out that it may be an syntment according to art.

culpeper] A. It is exceeding good in burnings, feeldings, and inflamations, it affiwageth the heat of the head and Kidneys; the temples being anointed with it, it provokes fleep. They have in their left formething altered this, but to little purpose, or none at all; they must do something as the woman faid, when the th in the house and made it clean again.

Unguentum Resumptionm. Page 166 in Lat. Book.

The Colledg Take of Hogs greafe three onnees, the greafe of Hens, Geefe, and Ducks, of each two ounces, Oelipus ball an ounce, oil of Violets, Cha-momel and Dill, of each two ounces, fresh Buster a gound, white wax six ounces, Mussilage of Gum Tragacanth, Arabick, Quince feeds, Linfeeds, Marfis Mallow roots, of each balf an ounce; let the Muffilages be made in Rose water, and adding the rest, make it into an syntment according to art.

Culpeper] A. It mightily mollifies without any manifelt heat, and is therefore a fit oyntment for fuch as have Agues, Afthmaes, hectick Feavers, or Confumptions. It is a gallant oyntment to eafe pains coming by inflamations of wounds or Aposthumes, especially such as drinels accompanies, an infirmity wounded people are many times troubled with. In inward Apolitheres, as pleurefies, is one of them to a-noint the external region of the part is very bene-

unguentum Splanchnieum. Page 166, in the Latin Book.

The Colledgy Take of onl of Cappars an ounce, oyl of white Lillies, Chamonnel, fresh Butter, juyce of Briony and Sow-bread, of each half an ounce, boylit to the confumption of the twyce, ad Ammoniacum diffolved in Vinegar two drachms and an half, Hens greafe, Oefypus, Marrow of a Calfs leg, of each half an ounce, Pouder of the Bark of the voots of Tamaris and Cappers, Fearn roots, Cetrach, of each a drachm, the feeds of Aguns Caltus, and Broom, of each a fernple, with a sufficient quantity of wax make it into an oyatment actording to art.

Unguentum Splanchnicum Magistrale. Page 167. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of the Bark of Capperroots fix drachms, Brionyroots, orris Florentine, ponder of sweet Fennel feed, Ammoniacum diffolved in Vineger, of each half an ounce, tops of wormwood, Chamomel flowers of each a drachm, syntment of the juyce and flowers of orvenges of each fix drachms, out of orris and Cappers of each an ounce and an half, the things which ought being paudered and lifted, the rest dilligently mixed in a hot mortar, make it into an Oyntment according to art.

Culpeper] A. Before they called these unguentum Splenieum, which because every one that understood

name, ungurntum Splanthnieum.

A. There are fome that cannot abide Oyntments, yet can eafily bear Plaisters; therefore when occusion is given, you may make up the Oyntment in form of a Plaister, by adding a little Wax, Ship Pitch, Cyperus, Turpentine.

A. Both these Oyntments are apropriated to the fpleen, and ease the pains thereof, the fides being a-nointed with chem. I fancy nor the former.

Unguentum e Succie. Page :67. in the Latin Book. Or, Oyntment of Juyces.

The Colledg Take of Juyce of dwarf Elder eight ounces, of Smalloge and Parlly of each four ounces, wormwood and Ovris of each five ounces, Common Oyl half a pound, Oyl of white Lillies ten ounces, of wormwood and Chamomel of each fix omices, the fat of Ducks and Hens of each two ownses, boyl them together with a gentle fire till the Juyces be confumed, then strain it and with seven ountes of white wax, and a little white wine Vineger, make it into an Oynt-ment according to art. See Unguentum ex Sucment according to art. cis Apericivis.

Unguentum Sumach. Page 168, in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of Sumath, unripe ealls, mirtle Berries, Balaustines, Pomegronate Pills, Acom Cups, Cyprest Ruts, Acacia, Mastich, of each ten drachms, white wax five ounces, Ort of Roses of an washed in Allam water, a paula and ten ounces, make a fine pouder of the things you can and fleep them four whol daies in juyce of Mediars and unripe Services, of each a sufficient quantity, then dry them by a gentle fire, and with the Oyl and wax boyl it into an Ownement.

Culpeper] A. It is a gallant drying and binding Oynement, my former Rules will them you what it's good for, be studious, be studious; besides the stomach anounted with it states vomitting, and the belly an oynted with it staies loolness; if the Fundament fall out, when you have put it up again, anoynt it with this Oyntment and it will fall out no more; do the like by the womb if that fall out. They had the honesty before to call it a binding Oyntment, now it hath another name, and its place is changed, give God the glory that he hath left a way to do you good in spite of their subrilty, and I shall do the like that he hath made me an Instrument to do it.

Oyntments left out in this Dispensatory.

Oynement of Marsh-Mallows Compound. Nich.

The Colledg Take of Marsh-Mallow Roses two pound; the seeds of Flax and Fanugreek of each one pound; Pulp of Squils half a pound; Oyl four pound; Wax one pound; Tur pentine, Gum of Ivy, Galbanum, of each two ounces, Colophonia, Rozin, of each half a pound: let the Roots be well washed and benised, as alfo the Linfeed, Fanugreck feed and Squills, then flee p them three daies in eight pints of water, the jourth day boyl them a listle upon the fire, and draw out the sauffilage, of which take two pound and boyl is with the Oyl to the confumption of the juyce; afterwards, add the Wax, Rogin, and Colophonia; when they are melted, add the Turpentine, afterwards the Galba-num and Gum of Ivie, diffolved in Vineger, boyl them a little; and having removed them from the fire, fire them till they are cold, that so they may be well incor-

Culpeper] A. They both (viz. this and the for-mer) heat and motition; the latter helps pains of the breaft coming of cold and pleurefies, old aches, and flitches, and toftens hard fwellings.

Unquentum Dispompholiges nibili-Nicholaus-

The Colledgy Take of Oyl of Rofes fixteen ounces; June of Nightfinade fix ounces! let them boyl to the conjumption of the juyce, then add white wax five ounces; Ceruß washed two ounces; Lead burnt and washed, Pompholix prepared, pure Frankinsence, of each arounce; let them be brought into the form of an Ountment according to art.

Cutpeper] A. It cools and binds, dries, and staies fluxes, either of blood or humors in wounds, and fills

hollow ulcers with flesh; this is much like their Oyntment of Nightfhade in their last Edition, and of the same operation, and the very same receipt, they last time called Guitielmus Placentinus Simple Liniament. Good Lord what shifts are they put too, to cheat this Nation! well, though I cannot rout the Colledge, yet know all men by this Oyntment, I have put them to their thifts.

unquentum Refrigerans. Galenus. Et is also called a Cerecloath

The Colledge Take of white wax four ounces; Oyl of Roses Omphasine a pound; melt it is a double veffel, then power it out into another, by degrees putting in cold water, and often powring it out of one vef-lel into another, stirring it till it be white; last of all wash it in Rose Water, adding a little Rose water and Rofe Vineger.

Culpeper] A. It is a fine cooling thing, (for white denomination to give it I (carce know) and exceeding good, yea super-excellent to cure inflamations

in wounds or tumors.

Unquentum è Succis Aptritivis primum. Fæfius.

The Colledg] Take of the payce of Smallage, Endive, Mints, warmwood, Common Parfly, Valeriza, of each three ounces; of of wormwood and Mints, of each half a pound; yellow was three ounces: mix them together over the fire, and make of them an Oyntment. Sometimes is added also the powders of Calamus Aromaticus, Spicknard, of each one drachm;

a little oyl of Cappers.

Culpeper] A. It opens stoppsges of the stomach and spleen, easeth the Rickers, the breast and sides

being anointed with it.

Unguentum

unguentum Martiatum. Nich.

The Colledg Take of the Leaves of Bay and Rofemary, of each eight ounces; Kue feven ounces; Ta-mars fix ounces; the Leaves of Dwarf-Elder, Marjoram, Savin, Coftmary, or elfe, 11 ater-mints, Sage, Bazil, Polcy mountain, Calaminth, Mugwort, Elicampane, Betony, arang- Urfine, Goofe graff or Cleavers, Anemone or Wind-flower, or for want of it, Pellitory of the Wall, Barnet, Agrimony, Wormwood, Cowflips, Garden Coftus, Elders, Orplaine the greater,

* Called Housleek the greater and lesser, Yarrow, Germander, also Syde- Centaury the lest, Plantane, Stramberries, * Tercalit rites, and or for "want of it Golden-rod, Cynhfoyl, of each four Ironwort, ounces and an half; the roots of March-mallows, the because of feeds of Cummin, Mirrh, of each three ounces ; Faits excelen nugreek an ounce and an balf; the feeds of the greater cy to cute Nettles, of Violets, red or erratick Poppies, common-wounds. by called Corn-rofes, Garden Mints, Sorrel, wild "Which in Mints, Maindenbarr, Carduus Benedictus, woodbind or Honey suckles, Valerian the greater, sweet Crane-London cannot be, bil, or Muschata, Wood-forrel, Harts-tonque, "Ox-cye, because it Southernwood, Marrow of a Star, Styrax Calamigrows al- tys, of each balf an ounce; Butter ten drachms; Bears most in e- and Hens greafe, Mastreb, Frankinsence, of each one verydisch. ownce; Nard Oyl two ownces; wax two pound: Bubthal- let the Herbs being green, be cut, and insufed in eight pounds of Oyl with Wine for seven daies, on the eighth day let them be boyled almost to the consump-

it be strained and the Oyl put into the pan again, to which (being a little warmed) ad the Butter Marrow, Fat, Nard Oil, and Wax, then the Styrax diffolved in wine and mixed with a little Turpentine, but let the Mastich, Mirrh, and Frankinsence being beaten into pouder be put in last of all, and when they are all wel mixed together, keep the Opntment in a veffel.
Culpaper. A. This long. Receipt of Nich. Myrep-

wis, is beld to be profitable against cold afflictions of the brain, nerves, and joynts, as shaking paltey, dead palley; convultions &c. it helps numbnels of the joynts, the gout and hard tumors of the fpleen.

An Oyntment for the Worms. Fcefius.

The Colledg Take of Orl of Rue, Savin, Mints, Wormwood, and bitter Almonds, of each an ownee and on half; juyce of the flowers or leaves of Peaches, and Wormwood, of each half an ounce; Pouder of Rue, Mints, Gentian, Centaucy the left, Tormentill, of each one drachm; the feeds of Coleworts, the Pulp of Colocynthis, of each two drachms; Aloes Hepatich, three drachms; the meal of Lupines half an ounce; Mirrh washed in graß water, a drachm and an half ; Bulls Gall an ounce and an balf : with suyce of Lemmons so much as is sufficient, and an ownce and an half of wax, make it into an Oyntment according to avt.

Culpeper] A. The Belly being anointed with it. tion of the wine, then being removed from the fire, let kills the worms



CERECLOATHS.

Ceratum de Galbano. Page 169. in the Latin Book. drachms and an balf, Saffron a drachm and an balf, Or, Cerecloath of Galbanum.

The Colledg] T Ake of Galbanum prepared an ounce and an balf, Allafætida half an ounce, Bdellium a drachm, Mirrh two drachms, wax two ounces, Carrot Jeeds a scruple; Featherfere, Mugwort of each half a drachm difforce the Gums in Vineger, and make it a Cerecloath according to avt.

Culpeper] A. Being applied to the belly of a wo-man after labor, it clenleth ber of any relicts accedentally left behind, helps the fits of the mother, and other accedents incident to women in that cafe.

Ceratum Desypatum. Page 169. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of Oefypus ten ounces, Oyl of Chamomel, and Orris, of each balf a pound, yellow Wax two pound, Rozin a pound, Mastich, Ammoniacum, Turpentine, of each an ounce, Spicknard two Styrax Calamitis, balf an ounce, make them into a Cerecloath according to art.

Culpeper] A. It mollifies and digefts hard fwellings of the liver, spleen, womb, nerves, joynts, and other parts of the body, and is a great ealer of

Ceratum Santalinum. Page 169. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of red Sanders ten drachms, white and yellow Sanders, of each fix drachers, red. Roses twelve drachms, Bole Armenick seven drams, Spodium four drachms, Campbire two drachms, white wax washed thirty drachms, Oyl of Roses, Omphacine fix ounces, make it into a Cerecloath accor-

Culpeper] A. It wonderfully helps hot infirmities of the Homach, liver, and other parts, being but aplied to them.

PLAI-



PLAISTERS.

cloath or white leather.

Emplastrum ex Ammoniaco. Page 170. in the Lat. B. Or, A Plaister of Ammoniacum

The Colledg Take of Amoniacum, Bran well fified, of each an ounce, Oyntment of Machmallows, Mellilot Plaister compound, roots of Briony, and Orvis in pouder, of each balf an ounce, the fat of Ducks Geefe, and Hens, of each three drachms, Bdellium, Galbanum, of each one drachm and an half, Perrozin, wax, of each five ounces, Oyl of Orris, Turpentine, of each half an ounce, boyl the Fats and Oyl with Mussi-lage of Linseed, and Fanugreck seed, of each three ounces, to the consumption of the Mussilage, strain it, and and the wax, Rozin, and Turpentine, the Oyntwent of Mashmallows with the Plaister of Meliot, when it begins to be cold, put in the Amoniacum, diffolved in Vineger, then the Edellium in ponder, with the reft of the ponders, and make it into a Plaifer according to art.

Culpeper] A. By [Plaister] alwaies understand not a Plaister spread upon a cloath, but a roll made to

spread such a one withal.

A. It foftens and affwageth hard swellings, and scatters the humors offending, applied to the fide it foftens the hardness of the spleen, asswageth pains thence arising.

Emplaistrum è Baccis Lauri. Page 170. in Lat. B. Or, a Plaister of Bay berries.

The Colledg Take of Bay berries bushed Turpen-tine of each two ounces, Frankinsence, Mastich, Mirrh, of each an ounce, Cyperus, Coffus, of each builf an ounce, Honey warmed and "not seummed, four

"And why owners, make it into a Plaister according to art. Culpeper] A. It is an excellent Plaister to case med ? I any pains coming of cold or wind, in any part of the had forgot, body, whether stomach, liver, belly, reins, or bladder, the Col- It is an excellent remedy for the Collick and wind in ledg is not the bowels.

give a rea- Emplastrum Barbarum Magnum. P. 171. in Lat. B. bound to

fon for

The Colledg] Take ofdry Pitch eight pound yelwhat they low wax fix pound and eight owners, Perrofin five pound and four ounces, Bitumen, Judaicum, or Mummy four pound, Oyl one pound and an balf, Vert-degreafe, Litharge, Ceruft, of each three ounces, Franhinfence balf a pound, Roch Alum not burnt an ounce

Culpeper] A Hope no body is so simple to eat and an half, Burnt four ounces, Opopman, Scales of Plaisters. The general way of Braß, Galbanum, of each twelve, drachms, Aloes, Opopman, Mirrh, of each bull an ounce, Turpentine two them in any earthen dish, and so spread them upon a pound, Juyce of Mandrakes, or else dried Bark of the Braß, Gal banum, of each twelve, drachms, Aloes, O-pium, Mirrh, of each bulf an ounce, Turpentine two root, fix drachms, Vineger five pound, let the Li-tharge, Cerus, and Oyl, boyl to the thickness of Honcy, then incorporate with them, the pitch being mel-ted with Bitumen in pouder, then add the reft, and boyl them according to art, till the Viniger be confus med, and it flick not to your hands.

> Culpeper] A. It helps the bitings ofmen and beatls, eateth the inflamations of wounds, and helps infirmities of the joynts, and gours in the begin-

Emplastrum de Betonica. Page 171.in the Lat. Book. Or, A Plaister of Betony.

The Colledg Take of Betony Burnet, Agrimony,
Sage, Penyioyal, Yarrow, comfry the greater, * Clary, * Whether
of each fix ounces, Frankinsence, Mastich, of each by Gallethree drachms, Orris, round-Birthwort, of each fix trium, they dvachms, white wax, Turpentine, of each eight own- mean wild ces, Per-rofin fix ounces, Gum Elemi, " Oyl of fix, of Clary or each two ounces, white Wive three pound, brusfe the garden, is hearbs, boyl them in the Wine, then strain them, and some queadd the reft, and make them into a Plaifter according Rion.

Culpeper] A. It is a gallant Plaister to unite the no other skul when it is cracked, to draw out pieces of broken Oyl ofFir bones and cover the bones with fleth; It draws filth unless they from the bottom of deep ulcers, rett ores flefa loft, mean Tucclenieth, digesteth, and drieth.

Emplastrum Cafaris. Page 171. in the Latin Book, and that

The Colledg] Take of red Roses one ounce and an half, Bistore roots, Cipres Nuts, all the Sanders, Mints, Coriander seeds, of each three drachms, Ma-slich half an ounce, Hypocistis, Acacia, Dragons blood, Earth of Lemnos, Bole-Armenick, red Corral, of each two drachms, Turpentine washed in Plantane water, four ounces, Oyl of Rofes three ounces, white wax twelve ounces, Per-rofin ten ounces, Pitch fix ounces, the juyce of Plantane Houst cek, and Orpine, of each an ownce, the wax, Rofin, and pitch, being melted together, add the Turpentine and Oylythen the Hypotiftus, and Acacia diffolved in the Juyces, at last the Pouders, and make it into a Plaister according to

Culpeper] A. It is of a fine, cool, binding, frengthening nature, excellent good to repel her rhewms or vapours that alcend up to the head, the hair being shaved off and it applied to the crown.

Was once

Emplastrum Catagmaticum the first.P.172.in Lat. B.

The Colledg Take of juyce of Marshmallow roots fix ounces, Bark of Ash treeroots, and their leaves, the roots of Comfry the greater, and smaller with their leaves, of each two ounces, Mirtle berries, an ounce and an half, the leaves of willow, the tops of St. Johns wort, of each an handful and an half, having bruifed them, boyl them together in red Wine, and Smiths water, of each two pound, till half be confumed, strain it, and ad Oyl of Mirtles, and Roses, Omphacine, of each one pound and an half, Goats Suet eight ounces, boyl it again, to the consumption of the decoction, firain it again, and add Litharge of Gold and Silver, red Lead, of each four ounces, yellow wax one pound, Colophonia half a pound, boylit to the confishance of a Plaster, then add Turpentine two ounces, Mirrh, Frankinfence Mastich, of each half an ounce, Bole Armenick, Earth of Lemnos, of each an ounce, fir them about well, till they be boyled, and made into an Emplaister according to art.

Catagmaticum the second. Page 173. in the Lat.B.

The Colledg Take of the roots of Comfry the greater, Marshmallows, Missleto of the Oak, of each two ounces, Plantane, Chamepitys, St. Johns-wort, of each a handful, boyl them inequal parts of black Wine, and Smiths water, till half be consumed, strain it, and and Aussilage of Quince feeds, made in tripe water, Oyl of Mastich, and Roses, of each four onnces, boyl it to the consumption of the Humidity, and having strainedit, ad Lithurge of Gold four ownees, boyl it to the consistance of an Emplaister, then ad yellow wax four ownees, Turpentine three ownees, Colophonia six drachms, Ship-pitch ten ountes, pouders of Balauftines, Rofes, Mirile, Acacia, of each baif an ounce, Mammy, Androfamum, Maftich, Amber, of each fix drachms, Bole Armenick, fine flower, Fran-kinfence, of each twelve drachms, Dragons blood two ounces, make it into a Plaifter according to art.

Culpeper. A. Both this and the former are binding, and drying, the former rules will instruct you in

the ule.

Emplastrum Cephalicum. Page 173. in the Lat B. Or, A Cephalick Plaister.

The Colledg] Take of Rosin two ounces, black Pitch one ounce, Labdanum, Turpentine, slower of Beans, and Orobus, Doves dung, of each half an ounce, Merrh, Mastich, of each one drachm and an half, Gum of Juniper, Nutmegs, of each two drams, dissolve the Merrh, and Labdanum in a bot mortar, and adding the reft, make it into a Plaister according to art. If you will have it fronger, ad the pouders, Euphorbium, Pellitory of Spain, and black Pepper, of each two scruples.

Culpeper] A. It is proper to ftrengthen the brain and repel fuch vapours as anoy it, and those pouders being added it dries up the superfluous moisture thereof, and caleth the eyes of hot fealding vapors that a-

noy them-

Emplastrum de Ceruffa. Page 174.in the Larin Book. Or, A Plaister of Ceruls.

The Colledg Take of Ceruf in fine ponder, they know by experience.

white wax, Sallet Oyl, of each three ounces, ad the Oyl by degrees to the (cruß, and boyl it by continuall firring over a gentle fire, till it begin to freel, then ad the wax, cut small, by degrees, and boyl it to its just confistance.

Calpeper J. A. It helps burns, dry scabs, and hot ulcers, and in general what ever fores abound with

moisture.

Emplaistrum ex Cicuta cum Ammoniaco. P.174.L. B. Or, A Plaister of Hemlock with Amoniscum-

The Colledg] Take of the juyce of Hemlock four ounces, Vineger of Squills, and Ammoniacum, of each eight ounces, difforve the Gum in the juyce, and Vineger, after a due infuffon, then firain it into its just consistance according to art.

Culpeper] A. I suppose it was invented to mitigate the extream pains, and alay the inflamations of wounds, for which it is very good; Letie not be

applied to any principal part.

Emplastrum e Cinnabari. Page 174. in the Latin B.

The Colledg] Take of Cinnabaris an ounce and an half, Euphorbium, Auripigmentum, of each two drachms and an half, beat them into fine pouder, and unite them with Galbanum, Burgundy, Pitch, of each two ounces and an half, Plaister of Mussilages three ounces, Unguentum Egiptiacum half an ounce, make it into a Plaister without boyling.

Culpeper] A. I wonder what this poylonous Plaifter was invented for unless to Poylon mens wounds, and fet the core as fast backward, as a months well dreffing can let it forward, to eat out dead flesh it cannot, for that is belonging to Oyntments, dead flesh is usually in hollow ulcers, and a Plaister cannot come at it; but imagine it could, yet would fuch a Plaister as this poyfon the flesh round about.

Emplastrum è Crusta Panis.P. 174. in the Lat. Book Or, A Plaister of a crust of Bread-

The Colledgy Take of Mastich, Mints, Spodium, red Corral, all the Sanders of each one drachm, Oyl of Mastich, and Quinces, of each one drachm and an balf, a Crust of Bread tolled, and three times steeped in red Kofe Vineger, and as often dried, Labdanum, of each two ounces, Rofin four owners, Styrax Calamitis half an ounce, Barly meal five drachms, make them into a Plaister according to art.

Culpeper] A. I shall commend this for as gallant a Plaister to threngthen the brain as any is in the Dis-pensatory, the hair being shaved off and it applied to the crown; also being applied to the stomach is strengthens it, helps digestion, states vomiting and putrifaction, of the meat there. Montagnana was

the Author of it, nor the Colledg.

Emplastrum è Cymino. Page 174. in the Latin Book. Or, A Plaister of Cummin.

The Colledg.] Take of Cummin-feed, Bay ber ies, vellow wax, of each one pound, Per-rafin two pound, common Rofin three pound, Oyl of Dill balf a pound, mix them, and make them into a Plaister.

Culpeper.] A. I am of opinion here is not half Oyl enough to make it into a Plaister; they that make of it know better than I; I judge but by reason,

A. It asswageth swellings, takes away old aches coming of bruiles, and applied to the belly, is an excellent remedy for the wind chollick. This I have often proved, and alwaies with good fuccels.

Emplastrum Diacalciteos. Page 175. in the L. B.

The Colledg Take of Hogs greafe, fresh and purged from the skins two pound, Oyl of Olive omphacine, Lithurge of Gold beaten and sifted, of each three pound, white Vitriol burnt and purged four ounces: Let the Lithwige, greafe, and on boyl together with a gentle fire, with a little Plantane water, alwaies firring it to the confiltence of a Plaister, into which (being removed from the sire) put in the Vitriol and make it into a Plaister according to art.

Culpeper] A. Before it was to be made in this manner: First let the Litharge boyl with the Oyl and Grease a long time, continually stirring it with the branch of a Palm or other tree of a binding nature, as Oak, Box, or Medlar, which is new cut, that lo the vertue of the Spatula may be mixed with the Plaifter, cutting off the top and the rind, even to the wood it felf; the mixture being thus made thick by boyling and ftirring, and removed from the fire, put in white Copperis for want of true Chalcitis in pou-der, and so make it into a laudable mass for an Emplaister.

A. It is a very drying, binding Plaister; profita-ble in green wounds to hinder putrifaction, as also in pestilential fores after they are broken, and ruptures; as also in burnings and scaldings.

A. Before it was called Dispalma, because of the branch of the Palm-tree, and Diacalciteos, because of the Calcitis in it ; but now neither of both be in : ene thinks such a Learned Colledg might in three daies hard study, have invented a new name.

Dinchylon Simple. Page 175. in Lat. Book.

The Colledg] Take of Mullilage of Linfeed, Fanu-greek feed, Marlo mallow rooss, of each one pound; old Oyl three pound; boyl it to the confumption of the Muffilage, frain it, and ad Litharge of Gold in fine Pouder, one pound and an balf; boyl them with a litthe water over a gentle fire awaies stirring them to a juft thickness.

[ulpeper] A. It is an exceeding good remedy for all (wellings without pain, it foftens hardness of the Liver and Spleen, it is very gentle like the Author of it [Mefue] very moderate and harmless, and it may be therefore neglected by the phantaftical Chyrurgians of our age.

Dischylon Ireatum. Page 175. in Lat. Book.

The Colledg Ad one ounce of Oreis in Ponder to every pound of Dischylon simple.

Dischylor magnum. Page 175. in Lat. Book.

The Colledg Take of Muffilage of Raifons, fat Figs, Maltich, Mallow Roots, Lingeeds and Fanu-greek feeds, Birdlime, the Juyce of Orris and Squills, of each twelve drachms and an half, Octypus or Oyl of sheeps feet, an ounce and an balf; oyl of Ores, Chamomel, Dill of each eight ownces; Lithwige of Gold

Oyl with the Musiliages and Juyces to the consump-tion of the humidity, strain the Oyl from the Factes and by adding the Litharge boyl it to its confiftence; then ad the Kozin and wax; Lastly, it being removed from the five, ad the Tuo centine Octyous, and Evidline, make of them a Plaister by melting them according to

Culpeper] A. It diffolves hardness and inflamations.

Diachylon magnum cum Gammi. Page 176. in the Latin Book.

The Collede] Take of Bdellium, Sagapenum, Ammaniacum, of each two ounces, diffolved in wine, and added to the Maß of Dischylon magnum; first boot the Gums being difforced, to the thickness of Honey.
Culpeper] A. This is the best to dissolve hard fwellings of all the three.

Diachylon Compositium, sive Emplostrum è Muti-laginibut. Page 176, in the Latin Book, Or, A Plaitter of Mutilages.

The Colledg] Take of Mucilages of the middle back of Elm, Marsh-mallow roots, Linjeed and Fanugreck feed of each four ounces and an half, Oyl of Chamomel, Lillies, and Dill, of cath an ounce and en balf; Ammoniacum, Galbanum, Sagapen. Opopanax of each half an ounce, new wax twenty ounces, Tur-pentine two ounces Saffron two drachms, diffoliothe Gums in wine, and make it into a Plaifter according to art.

Culpeper] A. It ripens swellings and breaks them, and clenfeth them when they are broken. It is of a most excellent ripening nature-

Emplastrum Diaphanicon hot. Page 176, in L. B.

The Colledg Take of yellow wax two owncer, Per-rozin, Pitch, of each four ounces, Oyl of Rofes and Nard, of each one ounce, milt them together, and add Pulp of Dates made in wine four ounces, fifth of Quinces boyled in red wine an ounce, then the Pouders following; Take of bread twice baked freeged in Wine and dried two ounces, Maltich an ounce, Frankinfense, wormwood, red Rofes, Spiehnard, of each two drachms and an half, wood of Aloes, Mate, Mirrh, washed Aloes, Acacia, Troches of Gallia Moschata, and earth of Lemnos, Calamus Aromaticus, of each one drachm, Labdanum three ounces, mix them and make them into a Plaifter according to art.

Culpeper] A. It firengthens the flomach and Liver exceedingly, helps fluxes, apply it to the places grieved, your mother wit will teach you not to apply it to the Noie for fluxes, nor yet to the foles of your feet to strengthen your stomach.

Diaphanicon cold. Page 177. in Lat. Book.

The Colledg Take of wax four ounces, Ship Pitch five ounces, Labdanum three ounces and an half; Eurpentine an ounce and an half; oyl of Rofes one ounce, melt these and ad Pulp of Dates almost ripe boyled in auttere wine four ounces; flesh of Quinces in like manner boyled, Bread twice baked, often ficeped in red wine and deted of each an onnce; Styrax in fine pouder one pound; Turpentine three ounces; Calamitys, Acacia, tenripe Graves, Balandines, gellow Per-rozin, yellow Wax, of each two ounces: boyl the Sanders, Troches of Terra Lemnia, Mirrh, wood of Aloes of each balf an ounce, Mastich, red Roses, of each an ounce and an half, Austere Wine, as much as is sufficient to dissolve the juyces, make it into a Platfter according to art.

Culpeper A It strengthens the belly and liver, helps concoction in those parts, and distribution of

humors, flaics vomiting and fluxes.

Emplastrum Divinum, Page 177. in Lat. Book. Or, A Divine Plaister.

The Colledg Take of Load-stone four ounces, Ammoniacum three ounces and three drachms; Bdellium two ounces; Galbanum, Mirrb, of each ten drachms; Olibanum nine drachms; Opopanax, Maflich, Long Birthwort, Vert-de-greece, of each one ounce; Litharge, common Oyl, of each a pound and an half; new wax eight ounces : Let the Litharge in fine Ponder be boyled with the Oyl to a thickness, then ad the wax, which being melted, take it from the fire, ad the Gums diffolved in wine or Vineger, fivain it, then ad the Mirrh, Mastich, Frankinsence, Birthwort, and Load stone in Pouder; Last of all the Vert-degreese in Pouder, and make it into a Plaister according to art.

(ulpeper] A. It is of a clenting nature, exceeding good against malignant Ulcers, it consumes corrupti-

on, engenders new fleth, and brings them to a fear.

A. Herein lies the Colledges Religion, if you would know what it is ; for they are neither Presbiterians, nor Independants.

Emplastrum Epispasticum. Page 177. in Lat. Book

The Colledg | Take of Mustard feed, Euphorbibium, Long Pepper, of each a drachin and an half; Staves-acre, Pellitory of Spain, of each two drachms ; Ammoniacum, Galbanum, Bdellium, Sagapon. of each "Mustyou three drachms, " whol Canthavides five drachms; put them Ship-pitch, Nozin, yellow wax, of each fix drachms; whol into Turpentine as much as is sufficient to make it into a the Plai- Plaister.

Culpeper] A. Many people use to draw blisters in their necks for the toothach, or for Rhewns in their eyes, if they please to lay a Plaister of this there, it

will do it.

Emplastrum à nostratibus, Flos Unguenterum Diffum. Page 178. in the Latin Book. Or, Flower of Oyntments.

The Colledg Take of Rozin, Per-rozin, yellow wax, Sheep luct, of each half a pound, Olibanum four ounces, Turpentine two ounces and an half; Marrh, Mastich of each an ounce; Camphire two drachms;

white is me half a pound, boyl them into a Plaister.
Culpeper] A. I found this Receipt in an old Manulcript written in the year 1513. the quantity of the Ingredients but very little altered (except analogically) and the vertue of it thus described verbatim-

A. Yt ys well clenfande and well fowdande and generande the flesh, and heland more yn eight days then ony other Trete woll doe yn a monyth, for yt wyll soffer noe corruption yn a wounde, ne noe dead flesh to byde thereyn; also yt ys good for headache and for wynde yn the brayn, and for all mannyr posthymes yn the head, or yn the body, for fwelling of the cares, or of the cheekes, for all mannyr of synowes that ys grieved, or breyfyd, or fprong, and yt woll draw out

yrne or splynts of trees, or thornes, or broken bones, or ony other thyngs that may grow yn a wounde, and yr ys good for bytyng of venemos bells, and yt rotts and healls all mannyr of boches without fawt, and yt ys good for lefter or canker, and for noti me tangere, and yt drawys out all mannyr of akyng yn the lyver or reynes, or mylt, and helpyth the emerauds.

> A Plaister of Gum Elemi. Page 178. in the Latin Book-

The Colledg] Take of Gum Elemi three ounces ; Per-rozin, Wax, Ammoniacum, of each two ounces 3 Turpentine three ounces and an half ; Maloga wine so much as is sufficient, boyl it to the consumption of the Wine, then ad the Ammoniacum diffolved in Vi-

Culpeper] A. The operation is the same with

Arceus Liniment.

A Plaister of Lapus Calaminaris. Page 178. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of Lapis Calaminaris prepared an ounce, Litharge two ounces, Ceruß half an ounce, Tutty a drachm, Turpentine six drachms; white wax an ounce and an half; Stags suet two ounces; Frankinsence sive drachms; Massich three drachms; Mirrh two drachms; Camphire a drachm and an

half, make it up according to art.

Culpeper.] A. Before they fet down Stags fuet twice, and now they left out a sufficient quantity of it; do not they know that both Lapis Calaminaris and Litharge are of an exceeding drying nature? and that fix drachms of Turpentine and two ounces of Stags fuet is not half enough to make only them two into a Plaister ? If they do know it, why do they fet it fo down? if they do not know it, why do they meddle with what they have no skill in ? and yet forfooth tis two-penny treason to swerve from their rediculous Receipts; so imperious they are, just like a Spaniard that will not leave his mageifical gate, even when he is whipt at carts tail.

Emplastrum ad Herniam. Page 178.in the Lat. Book

The Colledgy Take of Galls, Cipres Muts, Pomegranate pills, Balaustines, Acacia, the seeds of Plantane, Fleawort, Watercreffes, Acorn cups, Beans torrified, Birt bwort long and round, Mirtles, of each half an ounce, let these be poudered, and steeped in Rose Vineger, sour daies, then torrified and dried, then take of Comfry the greater and leffer, Horse tail, Woad, Cetrach, the roots of O [mond Royall, Fearn, of each an ounce, Frankinsence, Mirrh, Aloes, Mastich, Mummy, of each two ounces, Bole-Armenick washed in Vineger, Lap. Calaminaris prepared, Litharge of Gold, Dragons blood, of each three ounces, Ship-pitch two pound, Turpentine fix ounces, or as much as is sufficient to make it into a Plaister according to

Culpeper] A. The Plaister is very binding and knitting, apropriated to ruptures or burfleness, as the title of it specifies; it strengthens the reins and womb, fraies abortion, or miscarriage in women, it confolidates wounds, and helps all difeases coming of cold and moiftur c. If you mix a little Dispalma with

it, it will flick the better.

Emplastrum

Emplastrum Hystericum. Page 179.in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of Biffort roots one pound, Wood of Aloes, yellow Sanders, Nutmegs, Barbery Kernels, Rofe feeds, of each one ounce, Comamon, Cloves, Squinanth, Camomet flowers, of each bulf an ounce, Frankinsence, Mastich, Alipta Moschata, Gallia Moschata, Styrax Colamitis, of each one dram, Mosch half a drachen, yellow wax one pound and an half, Turpentine half a pound, Moschaleum four ources , Labdanum four pound, Ship-pitch three pound, let the Labdanum and Turpentine, be added to the pitch and wax, being melted, then the Styrax, lallly the rest in pouder, and sisted, that they may be made into a Plaister according to art.

Culpeper] A. I know not juftly what they mean by that word [Authora] in the Receipt, unless they mean the hairy threeds in the middle of the Role, which usually Country People call (though fally) Rose seeds: As I take it Apothecaries call them by an apish name Anthera Rofarum, of the Greek words, the flowers of Roses. But indeed

Ancients, as Galen &c. gave the word Anthera to many Compound medicines that had no Rofes at all in them: but I cannot stand to dispute the story here. The plaitter being applied to the navil, is a means to withfrand the fits of the mother in such women as are subject to them, by retaing the womb in its place.

Emplastrum de Mastiche. Page 179, in the Latin Book. Or, A Plaister of Mastich.

The Colledg] Take of Mastich three ourses, Bole-Armenick wafred in black wine, an ownce and an half, red Roses six drachms, Ivony, Mirtle berries, red Corral, of each balf an ounce, Turpentine, Colophonia, Tachamahacca, Labdanum, of each two ounces, yel-low wax half a pound, Oyl of Mirtles, four ounces, make it a Plaister according to art.

Culpeper] A. It is a binding Plaifter, ftrengthens the stomach, being applied to it, and helps such as loath their victuals, or cannot digeft it, or retain it till it be digested.

Emplastrum de Meliloto Simplex. Page 180. in Lat. B. Or, A Plaister of Melilot Simple:

The Colledge] Take of Rosin eight pound, yellow Wax four pound, Sheeps Suet two pound, thefe being melted, add green Meltlot ent Small, five pound, make it a Plaister according to art.

Culpeper] A. It is a gallant drawing and healing Plaister, no way offensive to any part of the body, it clenieth wounds of their filth, tipeneth swellings, and breaks them, and cures them when it hath done, it is special good for those swellings vulgarly in London called Felons, in Suffex Andicoms, only have a care of applying it to the legs, because of its drawing qua-lity, to any other part of the body, in a fore that harh any putrifaction in it, it is none of the worlt Plaifters.

Emplastrum de Meliloto Compostum.P. 180.in L .B Or, A Plaister of Melilos Compound.

The Colledg] Take of Melilot flowers fix drams,

Chamomel flowers, the feeds of Fenuorcek, Bay bervies bushed, Marhmallaw roots, the tops of it or mwood and Marjoram, of each three drachms, the feeds of Smallage, Ammi, Cardamoms, the roots of Orris, Cyperus, Spicknard, Coffia Lignea, of cach one dram and an half, Bdellium five drachms, beat them all into fine pouder, the Pulp of twelve Figs, and incorpovate them with a pound and an half of Melilot Plaifter Simple, Turpentine an ounce and an half, Amoniacum diffulved in Hemlock Vineger, three ounces, Styrax five drachms, Oyl of Margiram, and Nard, of each balf an ounce, or a sufficient quantity, make it into a Plaister with a hot mortar and peffle, without

Culpeper] A. It mollifies the hardness of the ftomach liver ipleen, bowels and other part of the body 5 it wonderfully affwageth pain, and eafeth Hypocondriack melancholly, and the Rickets.

Emplastrum de minio Compositum.P. 180. in Lat. B. Or, A Plaister of red lead Compound.

The Colledg Take of Opl of Roses, Omphasine twenty ounces, Opl of Mastich two ounces, Suet of a Sheep and a Calfe, of each balf a pound, Lithage of Gold and Silver, red Lead, of each two owners, a tafter full of wine, boyl them by a gentle fire, continually firering it, till it grow black, let the fire be botteft towards the latter end, then add Turpentine balf a pound, Maftich two ounces, Gum Elemi one ounce, white wax as much as is sufficient, boyl them a little, and make them into a Plaister according to art.

Eulpeper. A. It potently cures wounds, old malignant ulcers, and is very drying.

Emplastrum de minio Simplicius. Pag. 1\$1, in Lat. B. Or, A Plaister of red Lead Simple.

The Colledg] Take of red Lead nine ounces, Oyl of red Rofes, one pound and an half, white wine Vineger fix ounces, boyl it into the perfect body of a Plaifter.

It is prepared without Vineger thus, Take of red Lead one pound, Oyl of Roses one pound and an half, wax half a pound, make it into a Plaister according to

Culpeper] A. It is a fine cooling healing Plaifter, and very drying-

Emplastrum Metroproptoticon. Pag. 181.in Lat. B.

The Colledg Take of Mastich one ounce and sat half, Galbanum diffolved inved wine and strained, fix drachms, Cypreft, Turpentine two drachms, Cypreft Muss, Galls of each one drathm and an half, Oyl of Nutmers by expression one drachm, Muck two grains and on bulf, Pitch scraped off from old Ships, two drachms and an half, beat the Galbanum, Pitch, Turpentine, and Massieh, gently in a hot mortar and Pelle, towards the end, adding the Oyl of Nutmegs then the rell in pouder, last of all the Mush mixed with a little Oyl of Mastich upon a Marble, and by

exact mixture make them into a Plaister.
Culpeper] A. It was invented (as I suppose) to comfort and ftrengthen the retentive faculty in the ftomach and belly, and therefore states loofness and vomiting, and helps the firs of the mother, being

applied to the navill.

* By all

first.

means let

a Sowgel-

Emplastrum Nevvinum. Page 181. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of Oyl of Chamomel, and Rojes, of each two ownces, of Maftich, Turpentine, and Linjeeds, of each an ounce and on half, Two pentine boyled four ounces, Suet of a "Gelt Calfe, and of a Hee Goat, of each two ownces and an half, Rosemary, Bettony, Horstail, Centaury the lest, of each an bandful, Earth-worms washed and clensed in wine, three der view it ounces, tops of St. Johns wort a handful, Mastich, Gum Elemi, Maddir roots, of each ten drachms, Ship-pitch, Rofin, of each an ounce and an half, Lithange of Gold and Silver, of each two ounces and an balf, red Lead two ounces, Galbanum, Sagapen. Amoniatum, of each three drams, boyl the Roots, Herbs, and worms, in a pound and an balf of wine, till balf be consumed, then press them out, and boyl the decoffion again, with the Oyls Suets, Litharge, and red Lead, to the consumption of the Wine, then ad the Gums differed in Wine, afterwards the Turpentine, Rofin, Pitch, and Maftich, in pouder, and make them into a Plaister according to art.

Culpeper. A. It strengthens the brain and nerves, and then being applied to the back, down along the bone, it must needs add firength to the body.

Emplastrum Oxycroceum. Page 182. in the Latin B.

The Colledg] Take of Saffron, Ship-pitch, Colophonia, yellow wax, of each four ownces, Turpentine, Galbanum, Ammoniacum, Mirrh, Olibanum, Maflich, of each one ownce and three drachms, let the Pitch and Colophonia be melted together, then ad the Wax, then (it being removed from the fire) the Turpentine, afterwards the Gums diffolved in Vineger, lastly the Saffron in pouder, well mixed with Vineger, and so make it into a Plaister according to art.

Culpeper] A. It is of a notable loftening & discuffing quality, helps broken bones, and any parts molefled with cold, old aches, flifnels of the limbs by reason of wounds, ulcers, fractures, or diflocations, and diffipares cold fwellings.

Or, a Plaister of Frogs.

The Colledg] Take fix Live Frogs, Worms wa-Shed in white wine, three ounces and an half, Oyl of Chamomel, Dill, Spicknard, Lillies, of each two ources, Oyl of Saffron one ounce, of Bayes, one ounce and an half, the fat of an Heg, and a Calf, of each one pound, Vipers fat two ounces and an half, Suphorbi- it may be made into a Plaister according to art. um five drachms, Frankinsence ten drachms, Juyce of the roots of Alicampane, and! Dwarff Elder, of each two ounces, Squinanth, Stechas, Mugwort, of each one handful, wine two pound, boyl them to the consumption of the wine, strain it, and ad one pound of Lisharge of Gold, Turpentine three ounces, white Wax as much as is sufficient to make it into a Plaister, adding in the end when it is removed from the fire, Liquid Styrax an ounce and an half, stirring it about with fpatule ; laftly, the Maß being warm, ad Quickfilver four ounces, killed in the Turpentine, and Liquid Styrax, and incorporate them very well toge-

Emplastrum Sicyonium. Page 183. in the Lat. Book.

ounces, Sulphur vivum, Cummin-feeds, of each two ounces, Euphorbium one ounce and an half, beat them all into very fine pouder, which incorparate with Burgundy, Pitch twenty eight ounces, over a gentle fire, fturing it with a Spainle, edding at the end, Oyntwent of Sow-bread three ounces, make it into a Plaifler according to art.

Culpeper] A. This Plaisfer will go neer to cure, what ever 'tis applied to, but a halter will do it a

great deal fooner, and cheaper.

Sparadrap fen tela Galteri. Page 183. in the Latin B.

The Colledg] Take Oyl of Roses balf a pound, Rams Suet four ownces, Wax ten ounces, Libarge, Per-rofin, Frankinfence, Mastich, of each two ounces, Bole Armenick, fine Flower, of each one onnce, boyl the Oyl, Suet, and Litharge together, and when they are well incorparated, then make them all into a Plais fler according to art, in which being bot dip your

Culpeper] A. I never knew it used, yet it dries.

Emplastrum Stephaniaim. Page 183. in the Latin B

The Colledg] Take of Labdanum balf an ounce, Styrox, Juniper Gum, of each two dracisms, Amber, Cypres, Turpentine, of each one drachm, red Corral, Maffich, of each half a drachm, the flowers of Sage, red Roses, the roots of Orris Florentine, of each one scruple, Rosin washed in Rosewater, half an ounce, an ounce, the Rofin, Labdanum, Juniper Gum, and Turpentine, being gently beaten in a hot mortar, with a hot pefile, sprinkling in a few drops of red wine, till they are in a body, then put in the Pouders, and by dilligent ftirving, make them into an exact Plaister.

Emplastrum Stifficum. Page 184. in Lat Book.

The Colledg] Take of Oyl of Olives fix ounces, yellow wax an ounce and an half, Litharge in ponder four ounces and an half, Ammoniacum, Edellium, of each half an ounce, Galbanum, Opopanax, Oyl of Emplastrum de Ranis. Page 182. in the Latin Book. Bays, Lapis Calaminaris, both forts of Birthwort, Mirrh, Frankinfence, of each two drachms, pure Tur-pentine an ounce: Let the Oyl, wax, and Licharge, be boyled together till it flick not to your fingers, then the maß being removed from the fire, and cooled a little, and the Gums differed in white wine Vineger, which evaporate away by boyling, strain it strongly, then ad the Pouders, Turpentine, and Oyl of Bays, that

> Culpeper] A. It ftrengthen the nerves, draw out corruption, take away pains and aches, and reftores strength to members that have loft it : the last is most

> Emplastrum Stomachicum Magistrale. Page 184.L.B. Or, A Stomach Plaister.

The Colledg] Take of Mints, Wormwood, Stathas, Bayleaves, of each a drachm, Marjoram, red Rofes, yellow Sanders, of each two drachms, Calamus Aromaticus, wood of Alges, Lavender flowers, Nutmegs, Cubebs, Galanga, Long Pepper, Mace, of each a drachm, Mastich three drachms, Cloves two drams and an half, Oyl of Mints an ounce and an half, Oyl The Colledg] Take of wild cheumer roots three of Nard an ownee, Oyl of Spike a dram, Rozin, wax,

of each four ounces, Labdanum three ounces, Styrax half an ounce, make it into a Plaister.

[ulpoper.] A. Both this and the other of that name which you shall have by and by, strengthen the ftomach exceedingly, help digeftion, and stay vomiEmplastrum Tonforis. Page 185. in Lat. Book.

The Colledg] Take of dry pitch two pound, wax one pound, Per-vozin, half a pound, Pouder of Fanagreek, roots of black Chameleon or Briony of each four ounces, Cummin feeds, finely poudered two oneces, make it into a Plaifter according to art-· Culpeper] A. A pretty Plaister and good for little.



Such Plaisters as their Worships (being wife) thought fit to leave out, are thefe.

Emplastrum Ceroma, or Ceroneum. Nich. Alex.

The Colledg] Take of Pitch scraped from a Ship that hath been a long time at Sea, yellow wax, of each seven drachms; Sazapenum six drachms; Am-montacum, Turpentine, Colophonia, Saffron, of each four drachms; Alocs, Olibanum, Mirrh, of each three drachms; Styrax Calamitys, Mastich, Opopanax, Galbanum, Allum, the feeds of Fanuereck, of each two drachms; the fetlings or feeces of liquid Styrax, Bdel-

limm, of each one dvachm; Lithurge balf a deachm.
Culpeper? A. It is of a gentle emolline nature,
prevails against stoppings of the stomach coming of
cold, hardness of the spleen, coldness of the liver and

Emplastrum Gracia Dei. Nicholaus. Or, the Grace of God.

The Colledg Take of Turpentine half a pound; Rown one pound; white wax four ounces; Mastich an ounce; fresh Betony, Vervain, and Burner, of each a handful: Let the Herbs being bruised, he sufficiently bouled in white wine, the Liquor pressed out, in which let the wax and Rozin be boyled to the confumption of the Liquor; being taken from the five, let the Turpentine be mixed with it; lastly the Mastich in pouder, and so make of them a Plaister according to

Culpeper] A. It is excellent good in wounds and green uleers, for it keeps back inflamations, clenfeth and joyneth wounds, fills up ulcers with flesh. Alas poor men, they have left out the Grace of God; it feems they are past Grace.

Emplastrum de Janua, or of Betony. Nicholaus.

The Colledg Take of the juyce of Betony, Plantane, and Smallage, of each one pound; wax, Pitch, Koren, Turpentine, of each half a pound: boyl the Wax and Rogin in the Junces with a gentle fire, continually flivring them till the Juyce be confuned, then ad the Turpentine and Pitch, continually striving it till it be brought into the confisence of a Plaister accor-

Culpeper] A. I take Mefue indeed to be the Authon of it (or elfe I am mistaken) it matters not much which. It is a gallam plaister for pains in the head, and to recruit an addle brain, helps green wounds, ealeth inflamations, firengthens the liver.

Emplastrum Isis Epigoni. Galen.

The Colledg] Take of yellow wax an bundred di achms ; Tur pentine two hundred drachms ; scales of Copper, Vert-de-greece, round Birthwort, Frankin-fence, Sal Armoniach, Ammoniacum, burnt Braß, of eath eight drachms; burnt Allum, fix drachms, Aloes, Mirrin, Galbanum, of each an ounce and an balf ; old Oyl one pound, harp Vineger so much as is sufficient, let the mettals be diffaired in the Sun with the Vineger, then put in those things that may be melted; last of all the Ponders, and make them all into an Emplasster.

Culpeper] A. Galen apropriates it to the head, and ulcers there. I know no reason but why it may as well ferve for other parts of the body-

A Plaister of Mastich. Nich. Alex.

The Colledg] Take of Maflich, Ship pitch, Sagapenum, wax, of each fix drachms, Ammoniacum, Tur-pentine, Colophonia, Saffron, Aloes, Frankinfence, Mirrh, of each three drachms, Opopanax, Galbanum, Styrax Calamitie, Allum, (Rondeletius appoints, and we for him) Bitumen, Fanugreck, of each two drams; the feeces of Liquid Styrax, Bdellium, Litharge, of each half a drachm: Let the Litharge being beaten into Pouder, be boyled in a sufficient quantity of Water, then add the Pitch, which being melted, ad the wax and Ammoniacum, afterwards let the Sagapenum, Opopanax, and Galbanum be put in, 1000 the Styrax and feeces being mixed with the Turgentine, last of all the Colophonia, Mastich, Frankinsence, Edellium, Allum, Mirch, and Fænugreck in Pouder, les them be

made into a Plaister. Culpeper] A. It strengthens the stomach, and helps digeftion.

> Emplastrum nigrum. Aug Called in High Durch August. Stichpflafter.

The Colledg] Take of Colopbania, Rozin, Ship-Pirch, white Wax, Roman Vitriol, Ceruft, Glibanum, Mirrb, of each eight ounces; Oyl of Rofes feven ounces; Oyl of Juniper berries three ounces; Oyl of Egs two ounces; Oyl of Spike one ownce 3 white Vitriol, red Carral, Maniny, of eath two ounces; Earth of Demyos, Malith, Dragons blood, of each one ounce; the fat of an Heron one ounce, ; the fat of * Timullus three ounces; Loadfone prepared *Akind of

two Fifb.

two ounces; Earth-worms prepared, Campbire, of each one ounce : make them into a Plaister according

Culpeper] A. It is very good (fay they) in green wounds and pricks.

> Emplastrum Santtum. Andr. è Cruce. A. A holy Plaister composed by Andrew of the Gollows.

The Colledg Take of Per-rozin twelve ounces 3 Oyl of Bays, Turpentine, of each two ounces; Gum Elemni four ounces: Let the Roxin and Gum be melted over the fire in a braß pan stirring it with a braß instrument, then ad Oyl of Bays and Turpentine, boyl it a little, then put it in a linner bag, and that which drops through keep in a glazed pot for your use. Culpeper A. The vertues are the same with Arce-

us his Liniment.

Emplastrum fine Pari.

The Colledg] Take of Frankinsence, Bellium, Styrax, of each three drachms; Ammoniacum, Galbanum of each one drachm and an half; Ship pitch, fix drachms; the Marrow of a Stag, fat of Hens and Geefe, of each two drachms; Sulphur vivum washed in Milk, Hermodactils in pouder, of each a drachm and an half: Let the Gums be diffolved in white Wine, (not in Vineger, because that is inimical to the nerves) and with two parts of Oyl of Roses sompleat, and one part of Oyl of Eggs, and a little Oyl of Turpentine, make it into a Plaister according to art.

A Plaifter for the Stomach. Mclue.

The Colledg] Take of wood of Aloes, Wormwood, Gum Arabick, Maltick, Cyperus, Collus, Ginger, of each balf an ounce; Calamus Aromaticus, Olibanum, Aloes of each three drachms; Cloves, | poicd to laugh,

Mace, Cinnamon, Spicknard, Nutmegs, Gallia Moschata, Schananthus, of each one diachm and an half; with Rob of Quinces nike is into on Emplaster: And when you have spread it upon a Cloath, persume it with wood of Aloes, and apply it to your flomach.

A Cerecloath of Ammoniatium.

The Colledg Take of Ammoniacum diffolved in Vineger an ounce; Unguentum de Altham, Melilot Plaister, of each half an ounce; Bran an ounce; ponder of the Roots of Briony, and Orris, of each half an ounce, the Grease of Ducks, Geese, and Hens, of each three drachms; Oyl of Orris one ownee and an half: Let them boyl gently in the Musfilages of List and Fanugreek feeds so much as is sufficient: by adding wax four ounces, make it into a Cerecloath according to

Culpeper.] A. It affwageth (wellings, or ripens and breaks them, and eafeth pains thereby coming-

Ceratum Stomachium. Galen-

"The Colledg Take of red Rofes, Mastich, of each twenty drachms: dried wormwood fifteen drachms : Spicknard ten drachms : Wax four ounces: Rose water so much as is sufficient : Oyl of Roses a pound and anhalf: Let it boyl fo till it be like an Oyntment : Then ad Oyl of Roses eight ounces ; Wax fourteen ounces; the Pouders afore mentioned (excepting the Mastich which must be melted in the Oyl of Roses) of all of them used in this manner, make a Cerecloath according to art.

Culpeper] A. It strengthens the stomach and liver, easeth their pains, provokes appetite to ones meat, and helps digeftion.

A. And thus you fee I have left out Vigo his nonsence, or his most excellent Plaister of Vineger and Saffron in which is no Saffron, there being other things in the book rediculous enough, if you are dif-



CHYML



CHYMICAL OYLS, AND OTHER CHYMICAL LIQUORS.

OYL of HERBS and FLOWERS.

culpeper] A. I Defire you to take notice before I begin, that Chymical Oyls generally are not to be taken alone by themselves by reason of their vehement heat and burning, but mixed with other convenient medicines.

A. 2. They carry the very fame vertues the Simples do, but are far more prevalent, as having far more spirit in them and far less earthly drofs.

A. 3. The generall way of taking them, is to drop two or three drops of them in any convenient liquor or other medicine, which the last Table will fit you with, and so take it; for some of them are so hot (as Oyl of Cinnamon) that two or three drops will make a dish of pottage so hot of the Simple that you can hardly cat them.

Oyl of Wormwood.

F The Colledg.] Take of dried wormwood a pound, fpring water twenty pound, sleep them twenty four bours, and distill them in a great Alembick, with his refrigeratory, or a Copper one with a worm, let the Oyl be separated from the water with a Funnel, or seperating glass as they call it, and let the water be kept for another distillation.

Let two or three of the first pounds of Water be kept for the Physicians use, both in this, and other Chymical Oyls drawn with Water.

Culpeper.] A. Your best way to learn to still Chymical Oyls, is to learn of an Alchymist: for I rest consident the greatest part of the Colledg had no more skill in Chymistry than I have in building houfes, but having found out certain models in old rusty han the state of the Colledg had no more skill in Chymistry than I have in building houfes, but having found out certain models in old rusty hathors, tell people S O they must be done. I can teach a man S O, how to build a house: first he may lay the foundation, then rear up the sides, then joyn the rasters, then build the chimneyes, tile the top, and plaister the walls; but how to do one jot of this I know not: And so play the Colledg here: for the Alchymists have a better way by far to draw them: the truth is, I am in a manner tied to their method here, from which I may not step asse; if my Country kindly accept this, (which is the beginning of my labors) I may happily put forth some hing else for the longenious to whet their wits upon; Only here I quote the Oyls in the Colledg order, and then quote the vertue of the chieft of them, that so the

Reader may know by a penny how a shilling is coy-

The Colledg In the same manner are prepared Oyls of Hysop, Marjoram, Mints, garden water Cresses, Origanum, Peny-royal, Rosemary, Rue, Savin, Sage, Savory, Time &c. the Flowers of Chamomel, Lavender &c.

Culpeper] A. I shall instance here only Oyl of Lavender, commonly called Oyl of Spike, which helps the running of the reins they being anointed with it; it expels worms, two drops of it being taken in Wine, the region of the back being anointed with it, it helps the Palicy. For all the rest see the vertues of the Herbs themselves.

After the fame manner are made Oyl of dryed Barks.

The Colledg] Of Orrenges, Citrons, Lemmons; But it is better prepared of the Barks, being green and full of Juyce, separated from the internal white part, bruised, and with a sufficient quantity of Simple distilled water, so will the Oyl be drawn easter, and in greater plenty, and no less fitting for the Physicians use.

Oyl or fat of Roses, commonly called Spirit of Roses.

The Colledg Take as many fresh Damask Roses as you will, insufe them twenty four hours, in a sufficient quantity of warm water, after you have pressed them out, repeat the insusion certain times, till the Liquor be strong enough, which distill in an Allembick with his refrigeratory, or a Copper with his worm, seperate the Sprit from the water, and keep the water for another insusan.

So may you draw Spirit from Damash Rojes, pickled in Salt, as also Spirit of red Roses. Culpeper] A. 'Tis a good periume.

OYL of SEEDS:

Oyl of Dill Seeds

The Colledg Take of Dill feeds bruifed two pounts,

pound, spring water twenty pound, sleep them twenty four bours, then distil them in a copper Stil, or an Allembick with his refrigeratory, seperate the Oyl from the water with a Funnel, and keep the water for a new distillation.

So also is prepared Oyl of the seeds of Annis, Laraway, Cummin, Carrots, Fennel, Parsly, Saxifrage,

600

Calpeper] A. Oyl of Annis feeds although it be often given and happily with good fuccels in vertigoes or diffinels in the head, yet its chief operation is upon the breaft and lungues, it helps narrownels of the breaft, rawnels and wind in the ftomach, all infirmities there, coming of cold and wind, ftrengthens the nerves; fix drops is enough at a time, taken in broath or any other convenient liquor.

A As Annis feeds are apropriated to the breaft, fo are Fennel feeds to the head, the Oyl of which clenfeth the brain of cold infirmicies, lithargies, indifpolition of the body, numbers, want of motion, also

it helps the stomach and expels wind.

A. Cummin feeds, the Oyl of them is a great expeller of wind, nothing better; it also wonderfully easeth pains of the spleen, pains in the reins and bladder, stopping of urine especially it is come of wind, and is a present remedy for the chollick; for the way of taking of them see Annis seeds.

The Colledg | So also are made Oyl of Spices, as of Cinnamon, Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs, Pepper &c.

Culpeper] A. One or two drops of Oyl of Cinnamon is enough to take at a time, and is exceeding good for such as are in consumptions. See [Cinnamon] among the Simples.

A. Oyl of Mace is excellent good for Rhewms in the head: and Oyl of Pepper for the Chollick.

The Colledg Alfo Oyls of Aromatical woods, as of Saffafras, and Rhodium, &c.

OYL of BERRIES.

Oyl of Juniper Berries.

The Colledg] Take of fresh Juniper berries fifty pound, brusse them and part them in a wooden Vessel, with twenty four pound of spring water, sharp leaven one pound, keep them in a Cellar three months, the wester being close stopped, then distill them in an Allembick, with a sufficient quantity of Simple water, after the Oyl us separated, keep the water for a new distillation.

After the same manner is made Oyl of Bay berries,

Tuy berries &c.

Or you may draw Oyl from the aforenamed berries bruifed and steeped twenty four bours in warm water, adding fix pound of water, or if the berries be very dry, ten pound of water to each pound of berries, and

stilling them as before.

Culpeper] A. Oyl of Juniper berries, prevails wonderfully in pains of the yard, and running of the reins, the falling fickness, it is a mighty prefervative against the pestilence, and all evil airs, it purgeth the reins, provokes urine, breaks the stone, helps the dropfie: the quantity to be taken at a time in any convenient liquor, is three or four drops; outwardly by unction it helps the gont; two or three drops dropped upon the navil helps the Chollick.

 A. Oyl of Bay berries helps the Chollick and Illiack passion.

A. Oyl of Ivy berries helps cold difeates of the joynts, the it one, and provokes the terms in women. Use them as Juniper Oyl.

Oyl of Turpentine.

The Colledg] Take of Venis Turpentine as much as you will, put it into an Allembick, with four times its waight in common Water, fill it with a convenient fire, and draw off a white thin Oyl like water, the Colophonia will remain in the bottom of the veffel, thus Oyl may be drawn into a bath, more apply from bur-

ning in a glaß ftill-

Culpeper] A. It is wonderful good in cold afflictions of the nerves, and all difeases coming of cold and wind, it corrects the cold afflictions of the lungues, as Asthmaes, difficulty of breathing &c. A drachm being taken in the morning: outwardly it adorns the body, takes away the prints of scabs, and the small pocks, chops in the skin and breasts of women, and deasness being dropped into the cars.

Oyl of Mirrh.

The Colledgy Take of Mirrh bruifed, Bay Salt, of each fix pound, diffolve them in fixty pound of firing water, and still them in a Copper field, or Allembick.

Cutpeper] It keeps wounds (and all things elfe faith Fioravantus) from purifaction, it makes the face fair and youthful, quickly cures wounds, and deafnels be-

ing dropped into the ears.

Oyl of Guajacum.

The Colledz] Take of Guay acumin groß pouder, as much as you will, put it in a retort, and fill it in Sand, the Oyl that comes first out, because it is thinner and sweeter keep it by its self, which by rectifying with much water will yet be sweeter.

The same things are to be observed in the distillation of Box, and Oak, and other folid woods, as also Oyl of Tartar, with its Tart Sprit, which may better be distilled out of Christal of Tartar in the same man-

ner.

Oy! of wax.

The Colledg] Take of yellow Wax melted one pound, with which mix three pound of Tiles in pouder, draw out the Oyl in Sand with a retort, which relifie with water.

Culpeper] A. I am of Opinion that Oyl of Wax, is as fingular remedy for burns, and burning ulcers,

as any is, or need to be.

The Colledg After the same manner is drawn Oyl of Fats, and Gums, and Rosins, which cannot be beaten into pouder, as Ammoniacum, Carranna, Opopanax, Sagapen-Liquid Styrax, Tacha mahaca &c.

Oleum Latericium Phylofophorum. Page 190. in L. B.

The Colledg] Take of Bricks broken in pieces, as big as an Hens egge, heat them red bot, and quench them in old Oyl, where let them lie till they be cool, then beat them into fine Pouder, and fill them in a glaß MANAGE MANAGEMENTENSKA STANDAR POR STANDAR STANDAR STANDAR STANDAR STANDAR STANDAR STANDAR STANDAR STANDAR STA

glaß retort, with a fit receiver, give fir eto it by degrees, and keep the Oyl in a glast Close stopped.

Culpeper] A. The Oyl will quickly penetrate, and is a foveraign remedy for the gout, and all cold afflions in the joynts or nerves, cramps, epileplies, or falling fickness, palfies; it mollifies hard swellings, diffolves cold fwellings, as also cold diftempers of the fpleen, reins and bladder.

Oleum Succini. Page 19 1. in the Latin Book. Or, Oyl of Amber.

The Colledg Take of yellow Amber one part, burnt Flints, or pouder of Tiles two parts, diffil them in a retort in Sand, keep the white cleer Oyl which comes out first by it self, then distilit on, till all come out, keep both Oyls severally, and rectifie them with water: gather the Salt of Amber which slicks to the neck of the retort, and being purged by Solution, Filtration, and Congulation, according to art keep it for

culpeper A. It speedily helps all afflictions of the nerves, and convultions, falling fickness &c. Being given in convenient liquors, it is a fingular remedy against poyson and pestilent air, diseases of the reins and bladder, the fits of the mother; the noie being anointed with it, the chollick; it causeth speedy labor to women in travail being taken in Vervain Water, it ftrengthens the body exceedingly, as also the brain and fences and is of an opening nature.

The Colledg | So is distilled ont of * Jet, and of Gums and Rollars, which may be poudered, as Benjamin, Maftich, Frankinfente, &c.

culpeper] A. Having peruled these Oyls follow-ing, I would willingly have left them quite out, I mean, the manner allotted by the Colledge to make

Alchymist them. A. I. Because I fear they and the truth are Separathus in

* Hold

learned

Colledg !

do not go

about to

teach an

mical

rected in

you will

your chy- tifts. A. 2. Because the Ignorant will know as well how to make them as they did before, when I have thop you done what I can. have e-

A. 3. As to Alchymists (to whose profession the making of them belongs) I shall seem like Phyrmio in your Colledge Colledge the Phylosopher, who never having feen Battel, un-garden, if dertook to reade Military Lecture before Hambal, you do, who was one of the best Soldiers in the world; But I am in a manner forced to it. He that is able to break your understand the Receipt, is able to understand that the brains, and failings are not mine, but the Colledges.

to of fooles turn mad Oleum feu Butyrum Antimonii. Page 191. in Lat. B. Oyl or Butter of Antimony.

> The Colledg] Take of crude Antimony, Merency fublimate, of each one pound, bear them into pouder, and put them in a glass retore, with a large neck, give fire by degrees into a reverberatory, or elfe in Sand, the Fat will diffil down into the receiver, that part of which that flicks to the neck of the receiver, will eafily be melted, by putting a gentle fire underit; let this fat be rellified in a [mall retort, and kept either in an open Phiol, or in a Celler or other moilt place, that it may be diffolded into Oyl, which must be kept in a vellet close (topped:

Oleum Arfenici. Page 191. in Lat. Book. Or, Oyl of Arfenick.

The Colledg | Take of Christalline, Arsenick first sublimated with Colcother alone, mix it with an equal part of Salt of Tartar, and Salt peter, calcine it between two pots, the uppermost of which, bath a bole through, till no smoke ascend, dissolve the matter so calcined in warm water that you may draw out the falt, moilten the Pouder which resides at the bottom with Liquor Tartari, and dry it by the fire, do fo three times, then diffolve the matter again that you may draw out the falt, and there will remain a white youder and fixed, which being kept in a moist lace will diffolve into a most substance like Oyl or Buster.

Oleum Salis. Page 192. in the Latin Book. Or, Oyl of Salt.

The Colledg] Take of French, or Spanish Bay falts as much as you will, diffolve it in water and filter it, and having then put it in a Copper veffel, mix with the Brine fine Pouder of tiles or bricks two or three times the weight of the Salt before it was difficult, and set it upon hot coals, and let the water evaporate away (continually flirring it) till it be very dry, then put the Ponder into a glaß Retort well luted, placed in a furnace with a fit receiver, giving fire by degrees, to the height, for the space of smelve bours, ja shall you have an Oyl, or have forest of Salt in the receiver's rediffic this by feparating the flegmin a resert in find, and keep it close stopped for use.

Culpeper] A. Being mixed with Turpentine and

applied outwardly, it helps the gout; three drops caken every morning in convenient Liquor, preferves, youth, confumes the dropfie, refuls feavers, convulfions, and the falling-fickness; being mixed with Oyntments, it is exceeding good in ruptures and diflocations.

Oleum Sulphuris. Page 192. in the Latin Book. Or, Oyl of Sulphur.

The Colledg It is prepared in a Bell still by topious burning and consuming of Brimstone, by which a Sharp Spirit beating against the sides of the still, will turn into liquor, and flow down like water or oyl, the orderly disposing of the fill and Brimstone, and other commodities belonging to this operation, we leave to

the ingenuity of the Artificer.

Culpeper] A. Prevails against diseases coming of cold, putrifaction or wind, feavers, ague, tertian, quartan or quotidian, pestilence; wounds and ulcers, affects of the brain, mouth, teeth, liver, stomach, spleen, matrix, bladder, entrails, and arteries coming of aboutdance of humois or putrifaction; outwardly applied it helps fiftulaes, ulcers of the mouth, and gangrenes s the way to take it inwardly is thus, dip the top of a feather in the Oyl, and wash it in the liquor or decoction you give it in ; in quotidian agues, give it in wine, in which Rolemary or Mints or both have been boyled; in terrian agues in Wine, in which Centaury hath been boyled; in quartan agues, in Bugloss water 3 in all of them a little before the fit come : in pestilences, in Wine in which Rhadishes have been boyled, mingled with a little Venice Treacle 3 in the falling-fickness, with decoction of Betony or Peony; in coughs with decoction of Nettle feed and Hylop, both of them made with Wine; for flegm in Wormwood Water; for the wind chollick, in Chamomel flower water; for dropfies and cold livers, in Schondine water and Honey ; for the rickers and stoppage of the spleen, in Tamamaris Water : for the French pox, in Fumitory or Broom-flower water : against worms, in Grass or Wormwood water : for the fits of the mother, in decoction of Betony or Featherfew in Wine : for fuppreffion of Urine, in decoction of Onlick with Wine: for the gout, in decection of Chamepitys Wine; in wounds and ulcers, the place is lightly to be touched with a feather wet in the Oyl: if a hollow tooth ach, put a drop into it, if all your teeth ach make a decoction of Mints in Wine and put a drop or two of this Oyl to it, and hold it warm in your mouth.

Oleum Vitrioli. Page 192. in the Latin Book. Or, Oyl of Vitriol.

The Colleda Take ungarick or English Vitriol of the best, as much as you will, melt it in an Earthen veffel glazed, and exhale away all the mosture, continually stirring it, and so bring it into a yellow pouder, which is to be put in earthen Retorts that will endure the fire, placed in an open furnace, give fire by degrees, even to the height for three daies, till the receiver which before was full of fmoke be cleer, rettifir the liquor from the flegm in fand, and keep the flrong and pouderous Oyl by it felf.

Culpeper] A. It must be mixed with other medicines, for it kills being taken alone; it affwagerh thirst, allayeth the violent hear in feavers and peltilences, and a few drops of it gives a pleafant grateful

saft to any medicine.

Aqua fortis. Page 192. in the Latin Book.

The Colledg] Take of Vitriol prepared, as for Oyl of Vitriol two pound; Salt peter purged one pound; beat them together, and put them in a Retort well luted, place it in a furnace with a large receiver, and giving fire to it distill it by degrees for twenty four bours, restifie the water in fand. Aqua Mellis. Page 193, in Lat. Book. Or, Water of Honey.

The Colledg] Take of the best Honey four pound; dry Sand two pound : diftill it in a glaß fill, fo ca-pacious that the matter take up only the fift part of it,

draw off the figm in a bath, then energie the fire, and draw off the yellow fo water.

Culteper.] A. Paracelfus advicts it to be drawn five times over, and calls it Quinteffence of Honey, and extols the vertues of it to the skies; faith, it will revive dving men : which Mr. Charls Butler of Ham-

(bire also affirms.

Liquor seu Liquamen Tartari, seu Oleum Tartari Per Deliquium. Page 193. in Lat. Book. Or, Liquor oi Tartar.

The Colledg] Take of Tartar of white wine caleined till it be white as much as you will, put it in Hypocrates his sleeve, and hang it is a most Celler that the Tartar may dissolve, putting a vessel under it toreceive it, diffolve what remains in the fleeve in common water, filter it, and evaporate it away till it begin to be like Allum, then use that like the former.

culpeper] A. This is common to be had at every Apothecaries. Virgins buy it to take away the Sunburn and freckles from their faces. It takes off the ruft from Iron, and preferves it bright a long

Oleum Mirrhe per Deliquium. Page 193. in L. B. Or, Oyl of Mirrh.

The Colledg] Boyl Hens Eggs till they be hard, then cut them through the middle of the length, take out the yolk and fill the Cavities half full of beaten Mirrh, joyn them again and bind them gently with a threed, place them between two diffes in a moist place, a grate being put between, so will the Liquor of the Mirrh distill down into the lower dish.

Culpeper] A. You had both it and its vertues be-



Only Oyl of Tartar Chymical is left out.

put it into a large Retort, with that proportion, that but the third part of the veffel be fid diffill it in

Oyl of Tartar.

Sand with a firong five; afterwards (the Oyl being first separated from the water, or spirit of Tartar)
The Colledg Take of Tartar so much as you will, rectific it with much water, to correct the smell of it; let it fland open a long time in the Sun-

CHYML



CHYMICAL PREPA-RATIONS MORE FRE-QUENT IN USE.

Antimonium cum Nitro calcinatum. Page 194. Or, Antimony calcined with Niter.

Colledg] The of the best Antimony one part, price Niter two parts, bruise the Antimony, then ad the Riter to it, bring them both into Pouder, which burn in a Crucible, which will be most conveniently done if you put it in the red hot Crucible, with a ladle or such a like instrument, then take it out and heat it again and mix it with the same quantity of Niter as before, put it into the Crucible upon hot coals, and putting into it also the Crucible upon hot coals, and putting into it also the coal, freit, stirring it with an iron thing that it may burn all about equally, and when there needs put in more fresh coals, surject the third time, and with the like quantity of Riter use it as before, at last beat it into pouder, wash it in pure water and keep it for use.

Chalybs Praparatus. Page 194. in Lat. Book. Or, Steel prepared.

Take of filings of Steel clinfed with a Loadstone, as much as you will, moisten them twelve times with sharp white Wine Vineger, dry it in the Sun or a dry air, heat it in an iron mortar, and levigate it apon a Marble with a little Chinamon water, and so bring it into a very sine pouder and keep it for use.

Cryftal of Tartar. Page 195. in the Latin Book.

Take of Tartar of white, or Rhenish wine as much as you will, be at it in groß pouder, and wash it from the droß in water, then boyl it in a sufficient quantity of spring water, after you have taken away the seum, filter it, being somewhat warm through a brown paper into a glaß warmed before, least it break, then place it in a Cellar, that the Crystal may stick to the sides of the glaß, the which wash in pure water and keep for use.

Crocus Martis. Page 195. in the Latin Book.

Heat pieces of Iron or Steel red hot, and thrust them intola great heap of Brimstone, a bazon of water being set underneath, the mettle will run out like wax, which being separated from the Sulphur, heat into very sine pouder in an Iron mortar, which put into sourguare earthen pans, not above assugers breath in deepnes, set it at the same of a reverberatory three or four daies, till it look red like a Sponge, the tops of which take away with an Iron, set the rest at the sire again, till it look so all of it.

Crocus Metallorum. Page 195. in the Latin Book.

Take of the best Antimony, and falt Peter, of each

equal parts, beat them into pouder severally, then
mux them together, put them into a hot crucible with a
ladle, or other convenient instrument, let it be beaten till the noyse ceaseth, then remove it from the sire
and coolit, then the wessel being broken, seperate it
from the white crust at top, and keep it for use.

Flos Sulphuris. Page 196. in the Latin Book Or, Flower of Brimstone.

Take of the best Brimst one, and beat it with equal parts of Colcothar of Vitriol, put it in a long earthers still, a head of glass large enough being put over it, give fire to it in sand by degrees, stirring it with a Hares foot, it will be the purer if you iterate it with new Colcothar.

Lapis infernalis. Page 196. in the Latin Book.

Take of Ly of which black Sope is made, and boyl it to a stone in a frying Pan, do not consume all the humor, when it is cold cut it in the form of dice, and begins in a stall close stoned.

keep it in a glass close stopped.

Otherwise. Take of Viriol calcined to redness two ounces, Salarmoniack one ounce, Tartar calcined to whiteness, quick Lime, of each three ounces, sprinkle all of them being beaten, with Ly made of Figtrees, or Spurge, or Sope, strain it often till almost all the matter be dissolved, then bool it in a brass resselled, till the moissure be consumed, that which is left keep close stopped for use.

Lapis feu Sal Prunella. Page 196.in the Latin Book.

Take of pure falt peter one pound, put it in a crucible, and place coales round about it, that the niter may flow like mettle, then put in by degrees two ounces of flower of Brimstone, after the Brimstone is consumed, pour the Niter out into a brass bason, when it is cold keep it in a glass close stopped.

Magisterum of Pearl and Corral. Page 196. in L. B

Take of Pearl or Corral, as much as you will, levigate it into very subtil ponder, to which put such a quantity of Spivit of radicate Vineger, that it may overtop it the breadth of three or four singers, digest in assestill it be dissolved, then pour off the Liquor, and put in fielh till the residue be dissolved, filter it, and put a little Liquor of Tart at to it, so will a white pouder fall down to the bottom of the glass, which being seperated from what is dissolved, is to be washed, first with spring water, then with Bawm or Borne water. Radicate Vineger is that which is dissilled with Bay Salt in Sand.

NAMES OF THE PROPERTY OF THE P

Mercurius Sublimatus Corrolivus. P. 197. in Lat. B. Mercury Sublimate Corrolive.

Take of Vitriol purified by Solution, Filtration, and Congulation, and calcined till it be yellow one pound, Bay Salt in like manner purified and dried, Inster in like manner purified, of each builf a pound, crude Mercury clenfed by the atuning through a Linnen ragge, one pound, bruife them all in a wooden morter, with a wooden Pefile, till the Salts are in pounder, and no bits of the Mercury are feen, which will be best done if jou do it at divers times; as for example sake, taking Vitriol and Mercury, of each one ounce, Salt and Nyter, of each balf an ounce at a time, and so forth, till the whole matter be brought into a pouder and mixt, then put this matter into a glass body, so capacious that it fill not above the one half of it, place the glass a little above the middle in Sand, in a convenient Furnace, give fire to it by degrees, event to the height, twelve we fixteen hours being passed, the sublimated Mercury will slick to the top of the glass, which being separated and brussed, sublimate by it felf the second and third time, and oftener if it be too impure, till it be at white as snow, and no droß mixed with it.

Mercurius dulcis Sublimatus. Page 198, in Latin B.

Take of Mercury substimated as before four ounces crude Mercury three ounces, bruife them, and grind them in a wooden mortar, with a wooden pestle, till they be persetly mixed, sut them into a long Phiol, which place above the middle in Sand, put sirst a gentle fire under it, then encrease it by degrees fix hours, that the Mercury may be driven from the bottom, into the middle region of the Phiall, which being seperated from that at top and bottom, substime it the second time, and the third if need be, till it have lest its acromony, and be freed from all impurity, and be as white as snow.

Mercurius dulcis precipitated. Page 198. in Latin B.

Take of crude Mercuiy, driven from Sea falt in a retort, one part: Aquafortis of our discription two parts, make a dissolution according to art, mean sea-fon provide brine of Sea salt, and fair water as strong as you can make it, filter it, and put your solution of Mercury into this brine, and forth with a white pouder will precipitate, which is to be washed from its acrimony in Simple dissilled water, or warm spring water, dried and kept in a glaß for use.

Mercuius pracipitatus Corrofivus. Page 198. in L.B.
Or, Corrofive precipitate.

Make a diffolution of crude Mercury, and Aqua forts as before, then evaporate it till it be dry, at last encrease the fire and stir the matter with an Iron, till it be red, keep it in a glass for use.

Merciaius vita. Page 198, in the Latin Book.

Take of butter of Antimony distilled according to our prescript, put it into cleer water, which will forthwith be white, a milk white pouder will precipitate, which is to be sweetened by much washing in warm water, and dried by a gentle heat and kept for use.

Regulus Antimonii. Page 199. in the Latin Book.

Take of crude Antimony, Salt peter, Tarear, of each equall parts, beat the Antimony a part in an tron martar, with an Iron Pefile, then ad the reft in pouder, put this pouder by degrees with a ladle into a hat Crucible, placed amongst hot coals, after its burned shake the Crucible gently, that the Regulus may fink to the bostom, which being taken out and cooled by degrees, and freed from the droß, keep for use.

Sattharum Saturni. Page 199 in the Latin Book.

Put as much red Lead as you will in a glaß, and put so much Vineger to it, as may over top it the breadth of sour singers, warm it, and sir it a good while, after it is settled, pour off the sweet Vineger, and put in fresh, do it so often till no more sweetness be drawn from it, put all the liquors together, and let them settle, then exhale it away in a glaß, till half be consumed, or until, it being set in a Cellar, the Cristal appear, which having taken out, exhale it again, and set it in a Cellar or cold place, till more Cristal arise, do so till no more appear, then dissolve the Cristal in cleer water, silter and coagulate it.

Sal Vitrioli. Page 199, in the Latin Book-Or, Salt of Vitriol.

Reduce singarick, or English Visited being calcined in a crucible into ponder, of an observe purple colour, which ponder cast by degrees into a large glass, in which is either distilled, or other very elect water which ring it continually with a stick, till the water which was at first hot, is cold, then let it stand twenty four bours, then sitter it, lastly exhale it in a glass welfel, and coagulate it according to art.

Turpethum Minerale. Page 200. in the Latin Book.

Take of crude Merenry, Oyl of Vivial seperated from all the slegm, of each equal parts, still them in Sand, entreasing the fire by degrees, till all the moisture be slown up in the air, a white Mastremaining in the bottom, which being separated from the crude Mercury, wash inspring water, and sorth with it wil be yellow, wash it in warm water from all its Acrimony, dry it, and keep it for use.

Tartarum Vitriolatum. Page 200. in the Latin B.

Take of liquor of Tartar four ounces, into which drop by drops two ounces of Oyl of Vitriol, well relified, fowil a white pouder fall to the bottom, which dry, and keep for use.

Vitriolum album depuratum.Page 200.in the Lat.B.
Or, White Vitriol clenfed.

Dissolve white Vitriol in cleer water, filter it and coagulate it.

- Vitrum Antimonii. Page 200. in the Latin Book.

Take of good Antimony in fine pouder, and put it in a large from vessel, put fire under til it erow into clots, beat it, and do so again, and again, alwaies sirring it til it resemble white ashes, or smokenot at alsthen take of this half a pound, Corax half an ounce, put them in a crusible, the which cover with a Tile, set it in a strong fire, till there show a matter like water, then put it into a brash or copper vessel, and keep the glass for use.

THE



THE GENERAL WAY OF MAKING EXTRACTS.

EXTRACTS may be made almost of every Merate the liquor and put in more as before, do so till the
dicine, whether Simple, as Herbs, Flowers,
Medicine afford no more tincture; put all these Liseeds; or Compound, as Species or Pills: Therefore quors together and filter them and exhale the humidity Seeds 3 or Compound, as Species or Pills : Therefore sake of any Medicine cut or bruised, or prepared as the infusion requires, and powr to it Spirit of Wine, or distilled water, as the Physition commands, let it stand in infusion in the heat of a bath, two daies more or less according as the thickness or thinness of the matperrequires untill the tinfture be fufficient then fepa- longer.

to the heat of a bath, till the matter be left at the bottom of the thickness of Honey to which if the Physitian prescribe, you may add two scruples or half a dram of its own proper, or other convenient Salt to every ounce of Extract that so it may keep the

ARTICLES AND CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE



WAY OF MAKING

Salt Volatle, or Effential, is thus made.

Take of any Plant when it is fresh and full of I rige of any Plant when it is fresh and full of Juyce a sufficient quantity, bruise it in a wooden Morrar, and a great deal of cleer water being added, boyl it till half be consumed, strain the decostion, press it strongly and boyl it to the thickness of Honey, set it in a glass or glazed vessel in a cold place right daies at least, and a Cristal Sale will arise like Sal. Gen., which gather and mass, with with Sal. Gem. which gather and wash with its proper water, and dry for your use. Thus is Salt made of sverenwood, Cardus, Mugwort, and other better Herbs 3 but of other Herbs with much difficulty.

Salt fixed, or Elementary, is thus made.

It conflits in feur things, Calcination, Selution, Bawm, Cetrach &c.

Filtration, Coagulation.

Burn the matter you would make falt of into white ashes, and herein sometimes you must have a care lest by too halty burning they run to glass; then with cleer water make the offies into by to draw out the Salt, filter the Ly and boyl it in an earthen reflet by a gentle fire, that the water may be exhaled and the Salt left's which Solution, Filtration, and Congulation being repeated certain times it will be free from all impurity, and be very white.

Thus is prepared Salt of Plants, and parts of living Creatures amongst which these excel; Salt of wormwood, Time, Rosemary, Centaury the less, Magwort, Cardus, Masterwort, Parsy, Rest-harrow, Ash, Dwarf Elder, Box, Chamomel, St. Johns wore, Cichory, Sullendine, Scurvy-grass, Betony, Maudlin,

PREPARATIONS OF CERTAIN SIMPLE MEDICINES.

The way of Preparing Fats.

The of fresh fat, the veins, strings, and skins being taken away wash them so often in fair water till they be no longer bloody, then beat them well, and melt them in a double vessel, strain them and powr off dure a yeer.

So is also prepared Marrow taken out of frelb bones, especially in Autumn.

The burning of Braft.

Lay flakes of Braß in an earthen veffel, interpoling Salt or Brimftone between each of them, fo lay flake the mater, keep it in a glass in a cold place; it will en- upon flake burn them sufficiently and wash the Afres with warm water till they be fweet.

The washing of Aloes.

Put as much Aloes in pouder in a glaß, as you will, putting a sufficient quantity of warm water to it, that it may overtop it two or three fingers thickness, firring it about with a Spatule, that the purer part of the Aloes may be mixed with the water, that being poured off, put in fresh warm water, and flir it in like manner, that the drop may be separated, gather those waters together, evaporate the Humidity, and keep the Maß.

The preparation of Bole Armenick.

Grind it smal, and diffolve it so often in Rose water, till the droß and Sand be taken away, dry it in the Sun, and keep it being dryed.

Fæcula Brionia.

Take of Bryony roots (craped, bruifed, and the juyce pressed out, which being let it stand fill a while in a wessel, a white pouder like Stareh will fall from the bottom, from which pour the water, and let it dry for

So is Gersa Serpentaria prepared of Aron roots, and Facula of the roots of Radishes, and Orris.

May Butter.

About the latter end of May, take fresh Butter without Salt, and in a glazed earthen wessel, set it in the Sun, that it may be all melted, strain it through a rag without preffing, fet it in the Sun agoin, frain it again, and keep it a year.

The preparation of Lapis Calaminaris.

Heat it red bot three times in the fire, and quench it as often in Plantane and Rose water, at Hast levigate it upon a Marble, and with the fame waters make it into Balls .

The washing of Lime.

Bruise quicklime, put it in a pan, and mix it with sweet water, and when it is settled to the bottom, change the water, and mix it again, do so seven or eight times, filtring it every time, at last doit with Rose water, and dry the Lime.

The preparation of Corval, Pearls, Crabs Eyes, and other precious Stones.

Beat them in a feel mortar, and levigate them on a Marble, putting a little Kofe water to them, till they are in very fine pouder, then make them into Balls.

The preparation of Coviander feed.

Steep them twenty four hours in sharp Vineger, then dry them. So may you prepare Cummin feed.

The burning of Harts born, Ivory, and other bones.

Burn them in a crucible till they e white, then beat them into pouder, and wash them with Rose water,

Troches, you may diffolve Campbire half an ounce in the last pound of Roje water, if you pleafe.

A new Preparation of them

Hang them by a thred in a veffel of Aqua vita, fo as that they touch not the Liquor, then putting on the head distill it, and the vajors ascending will make them casie to be brought into pouder, after many distillations.

The way to make Elaterium.

Take of wild Cucumers almost ripe, and cut them with the knife upwards, and gently prefi out the juyce with your foremost fingers, let it van through a sieve into a clean glazed veffel, let it fettle, and powr off the cleer water into another veffel, dry the fettings in the Sun and keep them for use; if you will you may keep the cleer water for Unguentum de Artanita.

The Preparation of the bank of Spurge Roots.

Clenfe them and infuse them three daies in sharp Vineger, then dry them. So are Lawrel leaves, Mexereon, and other things of that nature prepared.

The Preparation of Euphorbium.

Take of Euphorbium purged from the droß and poudered, put it in a glass and put so great a quantity of Juyce of Lemmons to it, that it may overtop it three or four fingers; then place them in a bot bath, till the Euphorbium be dissolved in the fuyce, strain it through a rag, place it in a bath ogain, and evaporate away the juyce, and keep the Euphorbium for use-

The Preparation of Black Hellebore Roots.

Steep fuch black Hellebore Roots as are brought to us, the woody pith being taken away, three dayes in juyce of Quinces by a moderate heat, then dry them and lay them up.

The Preparation of Goats blood.

Take a Goat of a middle age, and feed him a month with Burnet, Smallage, Parfly, Mallows, Lovage, and such like things, kill him in the end of Summer, about the Dog dayes, then take the blood which flows out of his Arteries and let it fettle, powring off the water, dry the blood in an Oven.

The Burning of young Swallows-

Kill young Swallows fo as the blood may flow upon their wings, then frinkle them with a little Salt and burn them in a new glazed veffel, and keed the aftes for use.

So are burned Hedg-hogs, Frogs, Tongs, and the like creatures.

The Preparation of Lacca.

Take of Lacea not clenfed, for otherwise your labor were vain, bruised a little, and boyled in water in which the Roots of long Birthmort, and Squinanth of each equal parts have been boyled, till the purer part at last levigate them on a Marble, and make them into | from at top and the droß sink to the bottom, keep that purer part, but it in a Glass and cover it, and evapo-rate the monsture either by the beat of the Sun, or of a bath, and being dry keep it for your ufe-

The preparation of Lapis Lazuli.

Let Lapis Lazuli being beaten into very fine pouder, be fo often washed in water continually stirring it, till the water (after washing) remain cleer without any other taft than its own.

The preparation of Litharge. Let the Litharge be ground into very fine pouder in a mortar, then pour elect water upon it, and fir it up and down till it be troubled and thick, then pour off that water into another veffel, and que in fresh water to the pouder of the stone, fir that up and down till it be thick, and pour that water off to the former; do this so often till nothing but droß remains in the mortar, the thinner substance being all mixed with the water you poured off, let that stand and settle so will the pure Litharge remain in the bottom, pour the water off gently, dry the Lithurge and grind it upon a Mar-ble folong, till no harsbness can be discerned in it by

The preparation of Earth-worms. Stit them in the middle and wash them so often in white wine till they be clenfed from their impurity, then dry them and keep them for your ufe.

The preparation of Sows or Wood-lice. Take of wood-lice as many as you will, wash them very clean in pure white wine, then put them in a new glaffed pot, which being fout close out into a hot oven, that so they may be dried with a moderate heat to be beaten into pouder.

The manner of preparing Oefspus.

Take of wood unclensed which was taken off from the Neck, Ribs, and Shoulder-pits of the Sheep, put it into warm water often times, and wash it dilligently til all the fatness be come off from it into the water; after-wards press it out and lay it by, then pour that fat and filthy water out of one veffel into another, holding the wellet on high, pooring and repouring till it be froathy; let the froath fettle, then take away the fat that swims on the top, pour it and repour it as before till it be froathy, then again take away the fat that swims at the ten date. Confermill was not for that swims at the top, do so, so often till no more froath appear, nor fat swim at top; then take the fat with the froath and wash it up and down with your hand in cleer water, So often and folong till the filth be washed from it, which may be known by the water remaining cleer, and the fat being tafted do not bite your tongue, then keep it in a thick and clean pot in a cold place. The Preparation of Opium.

Diffolve the Opium in Spirit of Wine, firain it and

evaporate it to its due confisence.

Pouder of Raw Lead.

Beat your Lead into very thin Plates, and cut these thin Plates into very small pieces, the which steep three directions of the plates in th daies in very sharp Vineger, changing the Vineger every day, then take them out, and dry them, without burning them, and take a little pains with them in a mor-ter to bring them into very fine Pouder.

The washing of Lead. Stir about Water in a Leaden Morter with a Leaden Pestle, and labor at it to some purpose, till the water look black and thick; strain out this water, dry it, and make it into balls.

The burning of Lead. Take as many thin Plates of Lead as you please, put

them into a new earthen pot, lay them plate upon plate with Brimstone between each plate, then put the Poe in the fire, and stir the Lead about with an tron Spatule roben the Brimflone burns, until you have brought it all into after, the which wash in clean water and keep for your afe.

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The Preparation of Fox Lungues. Take of the fresh Lungues of a Fox, the Aspera Acteria being taken away, wash them dilligently in white wine, in which Hyfop and Scabious hash been boyled, then dry them in an Oven fo moderately hot that no part of them may be burned, then keep them in a glaß Stopped with wax.

The Preparation of Scammony: Take the Core out of a Quinte and fill the void place with ponder of Scammony, then joyn the Quince together again, and wrap it up in Past, bake it in an Oven, or roll it under the ashes; afterwards take out the Scammory and keep it for use. This is that which is vulgarly called Discrydium or Diagry-

Another way of Preparation of Scammony with Sulphur. Take of Scammony beaten [mall, as much as you wil, spread it upon a brown Paper and hold it over bot

toals upon which you have put Brimstone, stir the Scammany about all the while till it begin to melt or look white; and this is called Scammony Sulphura-

The Prepatation of Squils.

Take a great Squit whilft it is green, casting away the outward rinds, wrat it in past and bake it in an oven till it be tender, which you may know if you pierce it through with a Bodkin, then take it out of the oven and take off all the flakes one by one (leaving that part which is bard, behind) draw a cord through them md hang them in a dry place, at that distance the one from the other, that one may not touch another, til they be dryed; yet take this caution along with you, That you ought not to cut nor pierce them with any Iron In-frament, but with Wood, Ivory, or Bone.

Washed Tartar. Take of braifed Tartar as much as you will, pour cold and eleer spring water to it, stir it up and down, then let it settle, pour off that water and pour on more, use it as before, and repeat the usage so long till the water remain cleer after washing.

Boyled Turpentine. Take of Venice Turpentine a pound, to which pour twenty four pound of water, in which, boyl it follows till it be thick, and being cold may be rubbed in pouder like Rozin and beaten like Glaß.

The Preparation of Tatty. Tutty is prepared the fame way that Lapis Calaminaris is 3 tye it up in a clean Linnen cloath, which shake up and down, drawing it this way and that way in a veffel full of clean water, till the thinner and more profitable part come out into the water, and the thicker and impurer remain in the cloath; then let it fettle, and power off the water gently from it ; repeat this operation so often, till nothing good for any thing remainin the cloath: Then take what you have purified, fprinkle it with a little Rose water, make it into Traches to be kept for ufe.



A CONCLUSION.

Have now (courteous Reader) led thee through the Colledges reformed and refined Dispensatory; I affure thee not led thereto by any envious principles against them, for I bear them more good will, and love them better than they love themselves; only I hate selvishness in whomsoever I find it. If thou findest me here and there a little lavish in such expressions as many like not, I pray pardon that, it is my Dialect, I cannot write without it : I affure thee it was not premeditated : If thou thinkest I did it for gain, thou art fo far wide from the truth, that unless thou change thy opinion, 'tis to be feared truth and you will not meet again in a long time. I have taken up this World as Travellers takes up an Inn, not as a Freeholder takes a Dwelling: Itake no care for Vicuals before Iam hungry, nor new Cloathes before my old lack mending. I have read in some Authors that Mammon which fignifies Coverenfnels is the mafter Devil over those that tempt men to fin, and I partly beleeve it : I have read also in Hosea, 4. 12. That those that make the Earth their happiness, go a whoring from under their God, which made me terribly afraid, lest in one act, I should commit two evils, forfake the fountain of Living-waters, and buy my felf a Cestern that would hold none. I have a very simpathetical Spirit, and could either weep with Heraelins or laugh with Demecritus to fee men spend all their pains about the gains of this world; and when they have done, must die and leaveit (as Solomon faies) they know not to whom, whether he will be a wife man or a fool; therefore mistake me not, but judg of me as I am : I desire not to spend the strength of an immortal Spirit in seeking after what hath no worth in it, which may make me worse, cannot make me better. There was a tale lately told me of a Lady of a great estate, that was so extream foolish, that she would ride in the Coach-box and drive the Horses, whilst the Coach-man rid in the Coach : you think this was a great madness; yet a greater madness by odds it is, for a man that is Heir to an Eternal Being to make himself a flave to the Earth, which must perish : I will affure you it was a higher principle than all these, moved me to write, viz. Pure love to that Nation in which I was born and bred ; of which I may juftly fay, If the Spirit of God faid Ifrael was destroyed for want of knowledg when fin reigned but fingle, how much more this Nation when it reigns by troops? I weigh not the ill language of those that mind earthly things; I wish them all the riches their hearts can defire, for they have all their wit alread ; 'tis comfortable enough for me that I am beloved of the honest: my reward I expect hereafter in that place whereinto no Earthly-minded nor felfish man shall come.

Nich. Culpeper.



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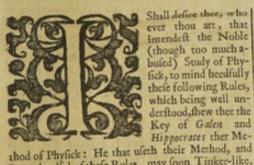
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KEY

GALEN'S Method of Physick.

The General Use of PHYSICK.



(though too much a-buled) Study of Phyfick, to mind heedfully these following Rules, which being well understood, shew thee the

is not heedful of these Rules, may soon Tinker-like, mend one hole and make two; cure one Difeafe, and cause another more desperate.

That then thou maiest understand what I intend, It is to discover in a general way of the manifest Ver-

tues of Medicines,

I say of the Manifest Vertues, and Qualities, Vix. Such as are obvious to the Sences, especially to the Tast and Smel : For it hath been the practice of most Physitians, (I say not of [all) in these latter ages as well as ours, to say, when they cannot give, nor are minded to study a Reason, Why an Herb, Plant, &c. hath such an operation, or produceth such an effect in the Body of Man: It doth it by an hidden quality: For they not minding the whol Creation, as one United Body, not knowing what belongs to Aftrail Influence, nor regarding that excellent Har-mony the only wife God hath made in a composition of Contraries (in the knowledg of which confifts the whol ground and foundation of Phyfick) no more I am to speak to, and you may be pleased to behold it than a Horse that goes along the street regards when in this order.

Shall defire thee, who ever thou art, that intendeft the Noble (though too much at the Soula of Physical Soula of Physical Conference of the Physic fon for the operation of no Medicine, but what is an Object to Sence; this their Worthips call Manifelt, and the other Hidden, because it is hidden from them, and alwaies will if they search no further after it than hitherto they have done. A Common-wealth is well holp up with such Physitians, that are not only so issue at his also constants. fo ignorant, but also so careles of knowing the founda-tion upon which the whol Fabrick of Physick ought to be built, and not upon Tradition. They profess themselves Galenists: I would civilly encreat them but ferioufly to perule, and labor to be well skilled in the Aftronomy of Galen and Hippotrates.

I confess, and am glad to think of it, That all A-ges have afforded some wise Physicians, well skilled in the Principles of what they profess, of which this our Age is not wanting, and they begin to encrease daily. As for others, my comfort is, That their whol Model will not fland long, because it is built upon the Sand. And if I be not miltaken in my Calculation, there are fearthing times coming, and with speed too, in which every building that is not built upon the Rock shall fall. The Lord will make a

quick search upon the face of the Earth.

But to return to my purpose

It is the Manifest Qualities of Medicines that here

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Sect. I. Of the Temperature of Medicines.

Erbs, Plants, and other Medicines manifestly operate, either by Heat, Coldness, Driness, or Moisture, for the world being composed of so many qualities, they and only they can be found in the world, and the mixtures of them one with another-

But that these may appear as cleer as the Sun when he is upon the Meridian, I shall treat of them severally, and in this order.

1. Of Medicines Temperate.

2. Of Meditines Hot. 3. Of Medicines Cold.

4. Of Medicines Moift.

5. Of Medicines Dry.

Of Medicines Temperate.

If the world be composed of Extreams, then it acts by Extreams, for as the man is, so is his work: therefore is is impossible that any Medicine can be temperate, but may be reduced to Heat, Cold, Drinels, or Maisture, and must operate (I mean such as operate by manifest quality) by one of thele, be-cause there is no other to operate by, and that there should be such a temperate mixture, so exquisitely of these qualities in any Medicine, that one of them should not manifestly excel the other, I doubt it is a Systeme too rare to find.

Thus then I conclude the matter to be, Those Medicines are called Temperate (not because they have no excels of Temperature at all in them) which can neither be faid, to hear nor cool fo much as wil amount to the first degree of excess, for daily experience witnef-feth that they being added to Medicines, change not their qualities, they make them neither hotter nor

colder-

They are used in such Diseases where there is no Their Ufc. They are used in luch Discussions, viz. Heat manifest distemper of the first qualities, viz. Heat and Cold, for example, In obstructions of the Bo-wels, where cold Medicines might make the Obstruction greater, and hot Medicines cause a Feaver.

In Feavers of Flegm, where the cause is cold and moift, and the effect bot and dry, in fuch use, temperate Medicines, which may neither encrease the Feaver by their heat, nor condensate the Flegm by

their coldness.

Befides, Because Contraries are taken away by their Contraries, and every Like maintained by its Like, They are of great use, to preserve the constitution of the Body temperate, and the Body itself in strength and vigor, and may be used without danger, or fear of danger, by considering what part of the Body is weak, and uting such temperate Medicines as are apropriated to that part.

Of Medicines Hot

The care of the Ancient Physitians was such that they did not labor to hide from, but impart to posterity, not only the temperature of Medicines in general, but also their degrees in temperature, that so the distempered part may be brought to its tempe-rature, and no further; for all things which are of a Galen. de contrary temperature, conduce not to cure, but the fimp. med fliength of the contrariety must be observed, that so facul. lib-3 the Medicine may be neither weaker nor stronger, cap. 12. than just to take away the distemper; for if the diftemper be but meanly hot, and you apply a Medicine cold in the Fourth Degree, 'tis true you may foon re-move that differmeer of Heat, and bring another of Cold twice as bad.

Then Secondly, Not only the diffemper it felf, but also the part of the body diffempered must be heeded, for if the Head be differnered by Heat, and you give such Medicines as cool the Heart or Liver you will bring another Difease and not cure the for-

The Degrees then of Temperature are to be diligently heeded, which ancient Physitians have concluded to be Four, in the first qualities, viz. Heat and Cold, of each of which we shall speak a word or two feverally.

Of Medicines Hot in the first Degree.

Hose are said to be hot in the first Degree which induce a Moderate and Natural heat to the Body, and to the Parts thereof, either cold by Nature, or cooled by accedent, by which Natural heat is cherished when weak, or restored when want-

The first Effect then of Medicines hot in the first Effect. 1. Degree is, by their sweat and temperate heat, to reduce the Body to its natural heat, as the fire doth the external parts in cold weather, unless the action of cold be so great that such mild Medic

ferve the turn

The Second Effect is, The Mitigation of pain a- Effect. 2. hatk other Medicines, some that are cold, and some that are hotter than the first degree, they being rationally applyed to the diffemper, these Medicines the Greeks call are dura, and shall be speken of in their proper places. In this place let it suffice that Medicines

hot in the first degree, make the offending humors thin & expel them by Iwear, or intentible transpiration, and these of all other are most congruous or agreeable to the Body of Man, for there is no fuch equal temperature of heat and cold in a found Man, but heat exceeds, for we live by heat and moisture, and not by cold.

Medicines then which are hot in the first degree are fuch as just correspond to the Natural heat of our Bodies; fuch as are hotter or colder, are more fubject to do mischeif, being administred by an unskil-full hand, than these are, because of their contrariety to Nature; whereas these are gratefull to the Bo-

dy by their moderate heat. Thirdly, Theie take away weariness, and help Feavers, being outwardly applied, because they open the pores of the Skin, and by their gentle heat prepare the humors, and take away those fuliginous vapors that are caused by Feavers.

ffeet. 3.

Discomo-

Effett. 4.

Yet may discommodities arise by heedless giving even of these, which I would have young Students in Physick to be very careful in, left they do more milcheif than they are aware of, viz. It is possible by too much use of them, to consume not only what is inimical in the Body, but also the substance it self, and the ftrength of the spirits, whence comes fain-tings, and sometimes death: Besides, by applying them to the parts of the Body they are not spropria ted to, or by not heeding well the complexion of the Parient, or the Natural temper of the part of the Body afflicted, for the Heart is hot, but the Brain tem-

Laftly, Medicines hot in the first Degree, cherisheth heat in the internall parts, help Concoction, breed good Blood, and keep it in good temper, be-

Of Medicines hot in the Second

Aving spoken of Medicines hot in the First De-gree, it follows now in order to speak of those that are hot in the Second; These are something

Nature in the work, but these cut tough humors, and scatter them by their own force and power when Nature cannot.

Of Medicines hot in the Third Degree.

Hose which attain the Third Degree of heat, have the same faculties with those before mentioned; but as they are hotter, fo are they more po-werfull in their operations, for they are so powerfull in heating and cutting, that if unadvifedly given they

cause Feavers; Their Use is to cut tough and compacted humors, to provoke fweat abundantly, hence it comes to pass that all of them relist poylon.

-Of Medicines hot in the Fourth Degree.

Hole Medicines obtain the highest degree of heat, which are so hot that they burn the Body of Man being outwardly applied to it, and cause inflamations, or raife blifters; as Crowfoot, Muftarda feed, Onions, &c. Of these more hereafter.

Of Cooling Medicines.

Physitians have also observed Four Degrees of Coldness in Medicines, which I shall briefly treat of in order.

Of Medicines Cold in the First Degree.

Those Medicines which are least cold of all, obtain the First Degree of Coldness, and I befeech you take notice of this, That freing our Bodies are nourished by heat, and we live by heat, therefore no cold Medicines are Naturally, and Per se (as Scholers call it) friendly to the Body, but what good they do our Bodies, they do it per accedens, viz. by removing an unnatural heat, or the Body heated above its Natural temper.

The giving then of cold Medicines, to a Man in his Natural temper, the scason of the year also being but moderately hot, extinguisheth Natural heat in the Body of Man.

Yet have these a necessary Use in them too, though not fo frequent as Hot Medicines have; and that may be the reason why an All-wise God hash furnished us with far more Hot Herbs and Plants &c. than

Their Use is first, In Nourishments, that so the heat of Food may be qualified, and made fit for a weak Stomach to digeft, and therefore are Sallets ufed in Summer.

Secondly, To restrain and asswage the heat of the Bowels, and to cool the Blood in Feavers.

Therefore if the diftemper of heat be but gentle, Medicines cold in the first degree will Suffice; also Children, and fuch people whose Stomachs are weak, are easily hurt by cold Medicines.

Of Medicines Cold in the Second and Third Degrees.

Such whose Stomachs are strong, and Livers hot may easily bear such Medicines as are cold in the fecond degree, and in cases of extremity find much

Degree.

horter than the Natural temper of a Man.

Their Use is for such whose Stomach is filled with Use.

moisture, because their faculty is to heat, and dry, they take away obstructions or stoppings, open the pores of the skin, but not in the same manner than fuch do as are hot in the First Degree, for they do it without force, by a gentle heat, concocting, and excelling the humors, by firengthening and helping

help by them: as also by such as cool in the third it for purgation-degree, the expensity of the disease confidered; for The immode by both these the unbridled heat of Choller is asswa-

USC 2.

Also they are outwardly applied to hot swellings, due confideration being had, That if the Inflamation be not great, use those that are less cool; if the Inflamation be vehement, make use of Medicines cold in the second or third degree; Alwaies let the Remedy correspond to the just proportion of the Affli-

Use 3.

Thirdly, Semetimes the Spirits are moved inordinately through heat, thence follows immoderate watchings, it not deprivation of the Sences: this alfo must be remedied with cold Medicines ; for cold flops the pores of the Skin, makes the humors thick, represents Sweat, and keeps up the Spirits from fain-

Of Medicines Cold in the Fourth Degree.

Aftly, The Use of Medicines cold in the Fourth Degree, is, To mitigate desperate and vehement Pains, by stupitying the lences, when no other course can be taken to save life: Of the Use of which more hereafter-

Of Moistning Medicines.

Here can be no such difference found amongst Moistning Medicines, that they should surpass zher hot or cold; neither heat nor cold, feeing they are extreams, can confift with moiflure, for the one dries it up, the other condensates it.

Philotophers therefore call Moisture and Dryneis, Passive qualities, yet have they their operation like-wise 3 for moist Medicines lenific and make slippery, case the Cough, and help the Roughness of the Threat: These operations are proper to Medicines moist in the First Degree.

Those which are moister, take away Naturally

firength, help the sharpness of humors, make both Blood and spirits thicker, looseth the Belly, and fit alwaies have an eye to thele.

The immoderate or indifferent use of them duls the Body, and makes it unfit for action.

Of Drying Medicines.

Rying Medicines have contrary faculties to thefe, viz. To confume moisture, stop fluxes, and make fuch parts dry as are flippery, they make the Body and Members firm, when they are weakened by too much moisture, that so they may perform their

proper functions.

Yet although the Members be strengthened by drying medicines, they have, notwithstanding their own proper moisture in them, which ought to be conferved, and not destroyed, for without it they cannot confist: If then this moisture be consumed by using, or rather over-use of drying Medicines, the Members can neither be nourished, nor yet perform their pro-

Such Medicines as are dry in the third degree, being unadvisedly given, hinder the parts of the Body they are apropriated to, of their nourishment, and by that means brings them into a Confumption.

Belides, There is a certain moisture in the Body of Man, which is called Radical Moissure, which being taken away, the parts must needs die, seeing natural heat and life also confists in it; and this may be done by too freequent use of medicines dry in the De Simpl. fourth degree; And it may be this was the Reason of Med. Fa-Galen his writing. That things dry in the fourth de-cult.Lib.5. gree must of necessity burn ; which is an effect of heat, Cap. ult. and not of drinels, unless by burning, Galen mean consuming the Radical moisture,

The Use then of daying Medicines is only to such Bodies and parts of the Body as abound with moi-

fture, in which observe these Rules, 1. If the moisture be not extream, let not the medicine be extream drying.

2. Let it be proper to the part of the Body afflicted; for if the Liver be offlicted by moisture, and you go about to dry the Brain or Heart, you may fooner kill than cure.

Thus have we briefly spoken of the first Qualities of Medicines, and in the general only; and but briefly, because we shall alwaies touch upon them in the Expedition of the other Qualities, in which you must



Sect. 2.

Of the Apropriation of Medicines to the several Parts of the Body.

ket about this, fome denying any specifical vertues at all in Medicins, or any congruity to certain parts of the Body, but were of O-pinion that such as itrengthen the Head must needs strengthen the Bowels and all other parts of the Body, by the same Rule, because being ignorant of the in-fluence of the Heavens, they would give no Reason for the contrary, and so whatsoever is obnoxious to one part of the Body must needs be obnoxious to all the rest, by the same Rule.

Others hold them to be apropriated to the particu-lar parts of the Body by an hidden property as they call it, because their ignorance in Astronomy knew not what to make of it, or how the Midicines operated and their experience tellifying that they had dift-

Others have labored to find our a middle way be-tween both these, and they hold that what Medicines firengthen one part of the Body, must needs in some measure strengthen all the rest, yet so as that it is pe-culiarly apropriated to that Part of the Body which it ftrengthens, and their reason is, Because the subflance of the Medicine agrees with the substance of that Part of the Body which it strengthens, and e-very one almost that hath but wit enough to eat an Eg, knows that the substance of all Parts of the Body are not alike. This argument hath some weight in it,

Ntient Physicians also kept a grievous rac- | though in my Opinion it falls a little too low, for it is a certain truth, the Sympathy, and Antipathy in the Creation is the cause both of all Diseases, and also of the operations of all Medicines, However I may intertex my Opinion of what Physitians call [hidden Qualities] now and then with it, yet my scope shall be to treat chiefly of this at this time till time and oppertunity (together with the will of my Crestor) give me leave to digest what they call [hidden Qualities] into fuch a form that others may understand it as well as my felf : I am fickly and have no body to help me, I can do things no faster than I can.

That the Qualities and Use of these Medicines may be found out, and understood by every one, and fo my Country reap the benefit of my Labor, they shall find them presented to their view in this Or-

1. To the Head. 2. To the Breast and Lungues. 3. To the Heart. 4. To the Stomach. Medicines a-5. To the Liver. propriated, 6. To the Spleen. 7. To the Reins and Bladder-3. To the womb. 19. To the Joynts.

CHAP 1. Of Medicines apropriated to the Head.

BY [Head] is usually understood all that part of the Body which is between the top of the Crown, and the uppermost joynt of the Neck; yet are those Medicines properly called Cephalical which are apro-priated to the Brain, not to the Eyes, Ears nor Teeth; peither are those Medicines which are proper for the Ears proper also for the Eyes, therefore (my intent being to write as plain as I can) I shall subdivide this Chapter into thele parts.

1. To the Brain. 2. To the Eyes. Medcines apro-)3. To the Mouth. and Noftrils. priated-4. To the Ears. 5. To the Teeth.

For what Medicines are apropriated to an unruly Tongue, is not in my power at present to deter-

Of Medicines apropriated to the Brain.

Before we treat of Medicines apropriated to the Brain, it is requifite that we discribe what the nature and affection of the Brain is.

The Brain which is the Seat of Apprehension Judg-ment, and Memory, the Original of Sence and Motion, is by nature temperate, and if fo, then you will grant me that it may cafily be afflicted both by Heat and Cold, and it is indeed more subject to afflictions by either of them, than any other part of the Body, for if it be afflicted by heat, Sence and Reafon is immoderately moved, if by cold, they languish,

Also this is peculiar to the Brain, that it is delighted or offended by finels, fights, and founds, but I shall meddle no further with these here, because they

are not Medicines.

Cephalical Medicines may be found out from the Affections of the Brain it felf. The Brain is usually oppressed with moisture in such afflictions; therefore give such Medicines as very gently, warm, clense, cut, and dry; but withal, let them be such as are apropriated to the Head, such as Physitians say [by an hidden quality] ftrengthens the Brain.

Again, if you confider the scituation of the Brain, you that find it placed in the highest part of all the Body, therefore it is eafily afflicted with hot vapors, this punisheth a man with watchings and head-ach, as the former did with fottishness and fleepiness; in such cases use such Cephaletts as gently cool the Brain.

To make Cephaletts of Narcoticks, or flupitying Medicines is not my intent, for I am confident they are inimical both to Brain and Sences. Of these, and fuch Medicines also as purge the Brain, I shall speak

by and by. To return to my purpole. Some Cephalicks purge the Brain, some heat it, fome cool it, some strengthen it; but how they per form this Office peculiarly to the Brain, most Physi-tians confess they could neither comprehend by Reafon, nor discribe by Precepts, only thus, they do it by an hidden quality, either by strengthening the Brain, thereby defending it from Diseases, or by a certain Antipathy between them and the Diseases incident to the Brain.

Laftly, For the Use of Cephalicks, observe, if the Brain be much afflicted, you cannot well ffrengthen it before you have purged it, neither can you well purge the Brain before you have clenfed the reft of the Body, it is so subject to receive the vapors up to it; give cooling Cephalicks when the Brain is too hot, and

hot Cephalicks, when it is too cold-

Beware of using cooling Medicines to the Brain when the Crisis of a Disease is neer: How that time may be known, I shall (God afisting me) instruct you hereafter, I cannot do all things at one time; let it suffice now, that according as the Discase afflicting your Head is, so let your remedy be.

Of Medicines apropriated to the Eyes.

Ake fuch Medicines as are apropriated to the Eyes under the name of [Ocular Medicines] I do it partly to avoid multiplicity of words, and partly to instruct my Country Men in the Terms of Art belonging to Phyfick, (I would have called them [Ophthalmicks] had not the word been troublesom to the reading, much more to the underflanding of a Country man) as I even now called fuch Medicines

[Cepbalicks] as were apropriated to the Brain.

Ocular Medicines are two fold, viz, such as are referred to the Visive Vertues, and such as are referred

to the Eyes themselves.

Such as flrengthen the Visive Vertue or the Optick Nerves which convey it to the Eyes (fay Do- fon the con ctors) do it by an hidden Vertue, into the reason of the Teeth.

and are dulled, to pass by other symptems which which no man can dive, unless they should fetch it invade the Head, if the Brain be altered from its profay a Goats Liver conduceth much to make one fee in the night, and they give this Reason, Because Goats fee as well in the night as in the day. Yet is there no affinity in temperature nor substance between the Liver and the Eyes ; However Aftrologers know wel enough that all Herbs, Plants, &c. That are under the Dominion of either Sun or Moon, and apropriared to the Head, be they hot or cold they strengthen the Vifive Vertue, as Eyebright which is hot, Lunaria or Moonwort which is cold.

As for what appertains to the constitution of the Eyes themselves seeing they are exact in sence, they will not indure the least inconvenience, therefore such Medicines as are outwardly applied to them (for fuch Medicines as strengthen the visive Vettues are all given inwardly) let them neither hurt by their hardness nor gnawing quality, nor be so tough that they should stick to them, Therefore let Oculiar Medicines be neither in Pouders nor Ointments, because Oyl it felf is effensive to the Eyes, and how pleasing Pouders are to them you may perceive your felf by but

going into the duft.

Medicines apropriated to the Mouth and Nofe.

PPly no slinking Medicine to a Disease in the Note, for fuch offend not only the Note, but also the Brain; neither administer Medicines of any ill taft to a Difease in the Mouth, for that subverts the Stomach, because the tunicle of the mouth and of the Stomach is the same; And because both Mouth and Nostrils are wayes by which the Brain is clenfed, therefore are they infected with fuch vices as need almost continual clenting; and let the Medicines you apply to them be either pleasant, or at least, not ingrateful.

Medicines apropriated to the

He Ears are cafily afflicted by Cold, because they are alwaies open, therefore they require hot Medicines. And because they are of themselves very dry, therefore they require Medicines which dry much

Medicines apropriated to the

Thement heat, and vehement cold is inimical to the Teeth, but they are most of all offended by sharp and four things, and the reason is, because they have neither Skin nor Flesh to cover them, they delight in such Medicines as are clensing and binding, because they are troubled with Defluxions and Rhewms upon every light occasion, and that's the reafon the common use of fat and sweet things, foon rots

CHAP.

CHAP. 2.

Of Medicines apropriated to the Breast and Lungues.

The Medicines apropriated to the Breaft and Lungues, you shall find called all along by the name of [Pettorals] that's the term Physitians give there are very cold, which are used only when the matter offending is sharp. them, when you hear them talk of Pectural Syrups, Pectoral Rowls, or Pectoral Cyntments, now you know their Ufe.

They are divers, some of which regard the part

afflicted, others the matter afflicting.

But although fometimes in Ulcers of the Lungues we are forced to use binding Medicines, to joyn the Ulcer, yet are not these called Pectorals, because binding Medicines are extream hurtful to the Breaft and Lungues, both because they hinder ones fetching his breath, and also because they hinder the avoiding that Flegm by which the Breaft is oppressed.

Such Medicines are called Pectorals, which are of *The next a * lenifying Nature, for by their operation is the Section breath the eafier fetched, and what sticks to the Sto-

mach the easier spit out.

Neither yet is the way or manner of provoking this same spitting alwaics one and the same, for somtimes the matter is so thin that it cannot be cast up by the motion of the Lungues, but it slips besides. Again, Sometimes it is so thick that it cannot be cast out by the narrow Arteries of the Lungues. These then are the genuine operations of Pectorals, 217. Some to make the thin matter thicker, others to make the thick matter thinner.

Befides, Those which make thin matter thicker are of two forts, viz. Some are mild and gentle, which may fafely be administred, be the matter hot or cold which offendeth, (the degrees of temperature will fatisfie, which such be among the Simples, neither shall ning, being outwardly applied to the Breast.

ter offending is sharp.

But because such Medicines as conduce to the cure of the Phtificks (which is an Ulceration of Lungues and the difease usually called, The Consumption of the Lungues) are also reckoned in amongst Pectorals. It is not smils to speak a word or two of them-

In the cure of this disease are three things to be regarded.

1. To cut and bring away the Concreated Blood, 2. To chevish and strengthen the Langues.

3. To conglutinate the Vicer.

And indeed some particular Simples will perform all thefe, and Physitians confess it; which shews the wonderfull Mysterie the All-wise God hathmade in the Creation, That one and the Same Simple should perform two contrary Operations on the same part of the Body; for the more a Medicine clenseth the more it conglutinates; And it is wifely done of Phy-fitians to thut their Eyes against such a Mysterie, and against Astrology also, which is one means to reveal it, they make a long Harvest of little Corn, and get the more money by it. They usually in such cases first use Medicines which are more clenfting; laftly, Medicines more binding and ftrengthen the Lungues all

To conclude then, Pectoral Medicines are such as either cut and clenfe out the compacted humors from the Arteries of the Lungues, or make thin Defluxions

CHAP. 3.

Of Medicines apropriated to the Heart.

These are they that are generally given under the fame; for as the Heart is variously disturbed, einter of Cordials, take them under that name ther by Anger, Love, Fear, Hatred, Sadness, &c.

The Heart is the feat of the vital Spirit, the fountain of life, the original of infuled heat, and of the natural affections of man-

So then these Two Things are proper to the Heart.

1. By its heat to che: ifh life thorow out the Bo-

dy. 2. To add vigor to the Affections.

And if these be proper to the Heart, you will easily grant me, that it is the property of Cordials to administer to the Heart in these Particulars.

Of Cordials, some cheare the Mind, some streng-then the Heart, and refresh the Spirits thereof, being decayed.

Those which cheer the Mind are not one and the

So such things as flatter Lovers, or appeale the Art-gry, or comfort the Fearful, or please the Hateful, may well be called Cordials; for the Heart, feeing it is placed in the middle between the Brain and the Liver, is wrought upon by Reason, aswell as by Digestion; yet these, because they are not Medicines, are beside my present scope.

And altough it is true, That Mirth, Love, &c. are actions, or motions of the Mind, not of the Body 3 yet many have bin induced to think such Affections may be wrought in the Body by Medicines, which some hold is done by an bidden property (the old Buth ignorant Physicians have run into) Others that denied any hidden quality in Medicines, held it to be done by Enchantment, and that is the only way of a thousand to lead people in ignorance, ort.

will in-Bruet you in the term.

To tell them (when they cannot give, nor will not fludy a reason of a thing) It is Diabolical, and done by Sorcery. I could give a Reason of the sormer, if it were my present scope to speak of hidden proper-ties; a very short time will discover the latter to be the greatest of Falshoods. But to return to my pur-

The Heart is chiefly efflicted by too much hear, by Poylon, and by flinking Vapors, and these are re-medied by the second sort of Cordials, and indeed

chiefly belong to our present scepe.

According to these Three Afflictions, viz. 1. Excessive beat. 2. Poyfon. 3. Melancholly

Are Three kinds of Remedies which feccor the afflicted Heart :

C 1. By their cooling Nature mitigate the beat of Feavers.

Such as <2. Refift Poyfen.

13. Cheriff the vital Spirits when they longuifb.

All these are called Cordials.

1. Such as cool the Heart in Feavers, yet is not every thing that cooleth Cordial, for Lead is colder than Gold, yet is not Lead Cordial as Gold is, some hold it Cordial by hidden Quality, others by Reafon, Because it cheers a mans heart to see he hath gotten Money an Apish Reason, unbeseeming a Scho-ler; for Pearls, taken inwardly, cool the heart, and cheer it exceedingly, and fuch a frigid Reason will no waies hold in that, what Medicines do by hidden and many other Quality is not my task at prefent, it may be here- nish you withafter, only here let it suffice, that cool Cordials are

fuch Medicines as are aprepriated to the Heart, and let the Heart be afflicted with beat, elte take them not, for fear of Cordials they prove ruptures, for the Heart is maintained by heat, and not by cold.

2. Such as refift Poylon, There is a two-fold re-

fifting of Poylon.

1. By an Antipathy between the Medicine and the Poyfen.

2. By a Sympathy between the Medicine and the

Heart.

Of the First we shall speak snen, in a Chapter by it felf. The latter belongs to this Chapter, and they are such Medicines, whose nature is to strengthen the Heart, and fortific it against the Poyson, as Rue, Angelica, &c. For as the operation of the former is upon the Poylon, which afflicteth the Heart, fo the operation of the latter is upon the Heart afflicted by the Poylon.

To this Cloffis may be referred all fuch Medicines, as strengthen the Heart, either by Astral influence, or by likeness of substance, if there be such a likeness in Medicines, for a Bullocks heart is of like subflanceto a Mans, yet I question whether it be Cor-

dial or not.

3. And laftly, Such as refresh the Spirits, and make them lively and active, both because they are aprepriated to that Office, and also because they drive stinking and Melancholly vapors from the Heart, for as the Animal spitits be retrested by fragant smels, and the Natural Spirits by Spices; so are the vital Spirits refreshed by al such Medicins as keep back Melanchelly vapors frem the Heart, as Borrage, Buglois, Rolemary, Citron Pills, the Compositions of them, and many others, which this Treatife will amply fur-

CHAP. 4. Of Medicines apropriated to the Stomach.

BY Stomach, I mean that Ventricle which con-tains the Food till it be concected into Chyle.

Appetite after these are expelled.

2. Such Medicines help Dig Medicines apropriated to the Stemach are usually

called Stomachicals.

The informities usually incident to the Stomach are Three.

1. Appetite loft.

2. Digeftion weakened.

The retentive Faculty corrupted.

When Appetite is loft, the man feels no hunger when his Body needs Nourishment.

When Digestion is weakened it is not able to concoet the meat received into the Stomach, but it putrifies there.

When the retentive Faculty is spoiled, the Stomuch is not able to retain the Food till it be digefted, but either vomits it up again, or caufeth Fluxes.

Such Medicines then as remedy all these, are called

Stomachicals. And of them in order.

1. Such as provoke Appetite are usually of a flistp or sourish tast, and yet withal of a grateful tast to the Pallat, for although loss of appetite may proceed from divers causes, as from Choller in the Stomach, or putrified humors or the like, yet such things as purge this Choller or humors, are properly called Oretticks, not Stomachicals; the former thengthen after meat, if to flay vemiting.

2. Such Medicines help Digeftien as ftrengthen the Stemach, either by convenient heat, or Arematical (viz. spicy) faculty, by hidden property, or congruity of Nature; by which last, the inner skin of a Hens Gizzard dried and beaten to Pouder and taken in Wine in the morning fasting is an exceeding flrengthener of Digeffien, because those Creatures have such strong Digestions themselves.

3. The resentive Faculty of the Stemach is corre & ed by binding Medicines, yet not by all binding Medicines neither, for some of them are adverse to the Stemach, but by fuch binding Medicines as are

sprepriated to the Stemach.

For the Use of these. 1. Use not fuch Medicines as provoke Appetite be- Use 1. fore you have clenfed the Stemach of what hinders

2. Such Medicines as help Digeffien (which the Ufe 2. Greeks coll merina) give them a good time before mest that fo they may pals to the bottem of the Stomach (for the digeflive Faculty lies there) before the food come into it.

3. Such as Arengthen the retentive Faculty, give vie 3, them a little before meat, if to flay Fluxes; a little

CHAP.

CHAP. 5.

Of Medicines apropriated to the Liver.

1. Some the Liver is delighted in-

2. Others strengthen it. Others help its vices.

The Pallat is the Seat of tait, and its Office is to judg what Food is agreeable to the Stomach, and what not, by that is both the Quality and Quantity of Food fit for the Stomach discerned: the very same Office the Meferaick Veins perform to the Liver.

Sometimes such Food pleaseth the Pallat which the Liver likes not (but not often) and therefore the Meferaick Veins refuse it, and that's thereason some few men fancy fuch food as makes them fick after the

eating thereof.

1. The Liver is delighted exceedingly with fweet things, draws them greedily, and digestern them as fwiftly, and that's the reason Honey is so soon turned

2. Such Medicines strengthen the Liver, as (being appropriated to it) very gently bind, for seeing the Office of the Liver is to concoct, it needs some adstriction, that so both the heat and the humor to be concocted may be fraied that so the one slip not away, nor the other be scattered.

Yer do not Hepatical Medicines require so great a binding faculty as Stomachicals do, because the passa-

BE pleased to take these under the name of Hepa-ticks, for that is the usual name Physicians give them, and these also are of Three sorts.

ges of the Stomach are more open than those of the Liver, by which it either takes in Chyle, or sends out Blood to the rest of the Body, therefore Medicines which are very binding are hursful to the Liver, and either cause obstructions, or hinder the distribution of the Blood, or both.

3. The Liver being very subject to obstructions, Medicines which withstand obstructions, or open them being made, are truly Hepatical, and they are fuch as cut and extenuate without any vehement heat (to these we shall speak in their proper places) and yet they retain a faculty both gently binding, and clen-

Sometimes Inflamation follows the obstruction, and then must you use Hepatical Medicines, which cool, clenfe, and extinuate.

In using these have a special care that your cooling Medicines be so tempered with heat, that the digeflive faculty of the Liver be not spoiled, and that the Diaphragma (which is very neer unto it) be not so

And thus much for the Liver, the Office of which is to concoct Chyle (which is a white substance the Stomach digetts the food into) into Blood, and distribute it by the Veins to every part of the body, whereby the Body is nourished, and decaying flesh



CHAP. 6.

Of Medicines apropriated to the Spleen.

The proper feat of Choller is in the Gall.

The Urine passeth down to the Reins or Kidneys, which is all one.

The Spleen takes the thickest or melancholly blood

I hope shortly to give you the exactest piece of Anatomy now extant, in your own mother tongue, wherein you may as perfectly fee these and all other internal operations of your Body, as you can your Faces in a Looking Glass. But to return.

This Excrement of Blood is twofold: for either by excessive heat, it is addust, and this is that the Latins call Atrabilis : or else it is thick and earthly of it felf, and this properly is called Melancholly hu-

Hence then is the nature of Splenical Medicines to be found out, and by these two is the Spleen usually afflicted, for Atra bilis (I know not what distinct that they may the more easily be evacuated; foch Mely afflicted, for Atra bilis (I know not what differed that they may the countries and opening, and they differ from English name to give it) many times causeth Maddicines are cutting and opening, and they differ from Hepaticals

I N the breeding of Blood are three Excrements most ness, and pure Melancholly causeth obstructions of the Bowels, and tumors, whereby the concoction of the Blood is viciated, and Drophes many times fol-

Medicines then peculiar to the Spleen must needs be twofold alfo, some apropriated to Atra biles, others to pure Melancholly; but of purging either of them, I shall omit till I come to treat of Purging in a Chapter by it felf.

1. Such Medicines are Splenical, which by cooling and moiltning temper Atrabilis : let not thefe Medicines be to cold neither, for there is no fuch heat in Atrabilis as there is in Choller, and therefore it needs no fuch excessive cooling; amongst the number of these are such as we mentioned amongst the Cordials, to repel Melancholly vapors from the Heart, such temper and affwage the malice of Atra

2. Those Medicines are also Splenical, by which Melancholly humors are corrected and so prepared,

Hepaticals, in this, that they are no waies binding, for the Spleen being no waies addicted to concoction, binding Medicines do it harm, and not good.

 Sometimes the Spleen is not only obstructed, but also hardned by Melancholly humors, and in such cases Emolient Medicines may be well called Splenicals; not such as are taken inwardly, for they ope-

rate upon the Stomach and Bowels, but fuch as are outwardly applied to the Region of the Spleen. And although fometimes Medicines are outwardly

And although fometimes Medicines are outwardly applied to hardness of the Liver, yet they differ from Splenicals, because they are binding, so are not Splenicals.

Chap. 7.

Of Medicines apropriated to the Reins and Bladder.

The Office of the Reins is, To make a feparation between the Blood and the Urin, to receive this Urine thus feparated from the Blood, is the Bladder ordained, which is of a sufficient bigness to contain it, that so a man may go about his buliness and not be alwaies pissing.

Both these parts of the Body officiating about the Urin, they are both usually afflicted by the vices of

he Urin.

The Urin is oppressed 2. By Instantion.

Medicines apropriated to the Reins and Bladder are plually called Nephriticals and are Threefold; some cool, others cut gross humors, and a third fort breaks the Stone.

In the Use of all these, take notice, That the con-

stitution of the Reins and Bladder is such, That they abhor all binding Medicines, beacuse they cause stoppage of Urine.

The truth is, I shall speak of all these apart in so many Chapters by themselves, only let it suffice here, That Phylitians confess some Medicines perform these by an hidden qualitie, and even break the hardest Stone; but no man (they say, because they cannot themselves) can give a Reason how, nor why they

And Secondly, take notice, That the Reins and Bladder being subject to Inflamations endure not very hot Medicines.

Thirdly Because the Bladder is further remote from the Centre of the Body than the Kidnies are, therefore it requires stronger Medicines than the Kidnies do, lest the strength of the Medicine be spent before it be come to the part afflicted.

Chap. 8.

Of Medicines apropriated to the Womb.

These Physicians call Hystericals, and to avoid multiplicity of words, take them in this discourse under that notion,

Take notice that such Medicines as provoke the Terms, or stop them when they flow immoderately, are properly Hystericals, but shall be spoken to by and by in a Chapter by themselves.

As for the Nature of the Womb, it feems to be much like the nature of the Brain and Stomach, for experience teacheth that it is delighted with fweet and Aromatical Medicines, and flies from their contraties.

For example: A Woman being troubled with the Fits of the Mother, which is a drawing of the Womb upwards, apply fweet things, as Civit, or the like, to the place of Conception, it draws it down again, but apply flinking things to the Nofe, as Aflafortida, or the like, it expels it from it, and fends it down to its proper place.

Again, Sometimes the Womb of a Woman falls out, in such cases, sweet scents applied to the Nose, and stinking things to the privy passage, reduces it to its proper place again, and this made some Physitians of Opinion that the Womb of a Woman was capable of the sence of smelling. For my part I believe nothing less; only it doth it by apropriation to that part of the Body, for the Stomach is also offended with stinking things, not because it smels them, but because they are obnoxious to that part of the Body, judg the like by the Womb; it is offended by stinking things, and strengthened by sweet: for smell is one of the Touch-stones by which Nature trieth what is convenient for its self; yet, that the Womb hath much assument, with the Head is most certain, and undeniable by this argument, Because most Cephalick Medicines conduce to the cure of Diseases in the Womb, neither is the Womb often afflicted, but the Head principally suffers with it.

CHAP.

Chap.

Of Medicenes apropriated to the Joynts.

lick Medicines.

Medicines apropriated to the Joynts, are called by the name of Arthritical Medicines.

The Joynts, seeing they are very Nervous, re-quire Medicines which are of a hearing and drying Nature, with a gentle binding, and withal fuch as by a peculiar vertue are apropriated to them, and ad strength to them. It is true, most Cephalicks do so, yet because the Joynts are more remote from the Centre, they require ftronger Medicines.

For removing pains in the Joynts this is the Me-

thod of proceeding.

Pains is either taken away, or eased, for the true cure is to take away the cause of the pain, sometimes the vehemency of the pain is so great that you must be forced to use Anodines (for so Physitians call such Medicines as case pain) before you can meddle with

The Joynts are usually troubled with Cephalick the cause, and this is usually when the part pained is Diseases, and then are to be cured by Cephalick inflamed, for those Medicines which take away the inflamed, for those Medicines which take away the cause of pain being very hot, if there be any Infla-mation in the part pained, you must abstain from them till the Inflamation be taken away.

Also the manner of easing the pain is two-fold, for if you regard only the pain, use Anodines, but if you regard the Inflamation, use cooling Medicines; because by them, not only the heat is asswaged, but alfo the Flux of Blood to that part is stopped, especially if you mix some repelling Medicine with it. We
shall speak of all these in the next Section.

Only here take notice, That such Medicines as take away the cause of pain from the Joynts, are of very thin substance and forcible in cutting and drawing ; and when you see the cause is taken quite away, then use such as bind and strengthen the Joynts, that fo you may prevent defluxions for the time to comes And thus much for the Second Section.

Sect. 3. Of the Properties or Operations of Medicines.

Hat I may be as plain as can be in this (for I desire to be understood of all) I shall devide this SE CT 10 K into these Chapters, Viz.

Of MEDICINES.

	Chap.		Chap:
Emollient.	T T	Suppuring:	13
	1		
Hardning.	2	Provoking Urin.	14
Loofning.	3	Provoking the Terms.	15
Making thin, and thick	4	Breeding Milk.	16
Opening the Vefels.	5	Regarding the Seed.	17
Attinuating.	6	Easing Pain.	18
Drawing.	7	Breeding Flesh.	19
Discussing.	8	Glutinative.	20
Repelling.	9	Scarrifying.	21
Burning.	10	Resisting Poyson.	22
Clenfing.	11	Adorning the Body.	23
Emplasticks.	12	Parging.	24

Of all these in order, and in the same order they are set down-

Dddd 2

CHAP.

Chap. 1. Of Emollient Medicines.

He various mixtures of Heat, Cold, Driness, and Moisture in Simples, must of necessity produce variety of Faculties, and Operations in them, which now we come to treat of, beginning first at Emollients.

What is hard and what is loft, most men know, but few are able to express; Phylosophers define that to be hard which yields not to touching, and foft to be the contrary; An Emollient, or foftning Medi-cine (which is all one) is such a Medicine as reduceth a hard fubflance to its proper temperature.

But to leave Phylosophy, and keep to Physick; Physicians describe hardness to be two-fold.

1. A differrion or ffretching of a part by too much fulness.

2. Thick humors which are destitute of heat, growing hard in that part of the Body into which they flow.

So many properties then ought Emollient Medicines to have, viz. to moisten what is dry, to difculs what is ftretched, to warm what is congealed by cold, yet properly, that only is faid to mollifie which reduceth a hard substance to its proper temper.

Drine's and thickness of humors being the cause of hardness, Emollient Medicines must of necessity be hot and moist ; and although you may peradventure find some of them dry in the Second or Third Degrees, yet must this driness be tempered and quali-fied with heat and mosisture, for Reason will tell you that dry Medicines make hard parts harder.

Befides, In Scirrhous humors (in which Emollients are most in use) various Symptoms appear, so that the hardness being not Simple, the Emollients are not, nor ought not to be alwaies one and the fame, as for example: Sometimes the Swelling abounds with moisture, and then the Medicine must be dryer, not to mollifie the fwelling, but to confume the moiflure; Sometimes the humor is so tough, that temperate Medicines will not ftir it, then must the Medicine be the hotter, these things are accedental according as the humor offending is; it follows not for all this, that Emollient Medicines should not be temperately hot and moist in their own Nature; for general Rules are not to be accounted false, because a man must fometimes swerve from them, for this is the true use of all Rules, viz. To vary them according to the various Symptoms of the Dilease, and herein is the judgment of the Phylitians tried.

Laftly, Molifying Medicines are known, 1. By their taft, 2. By their feeling.

Oyly, they are neither fharp, nor auftere, nor fowr, nor falt, neither do they manifest either binding, or nor last, neither do they manifest either binding, or vehement heat, or cold to be in them.

 In feeling you can perceive no roughness, nei-ther do they stick to your Fingers like Birdlime, for they ought to penetrate the parts to be mollified, and therefore many times if occasion be, are cutting Medicines mixed with them.

Chap. 2.

Of Hardning Medicines.

to be cold and moift, and he brings fome arguments to prove it, against which other Physicians contest.

I shall not here stand to quote the Dispute, only take notice, That if softning Medicines be not and moift (as we shewed even now) then hardning Medieines must needs be cold and dry, because they are contrary to them.

The Universal course of Nature will prove it, for driness and moisture are passive qualities, neither can extremities confift in moisture as you may know, if you do but confider that drinels is not attributed to the Air, nor Water, but to the Fire, and Earth.

2. The thing to be congealed must needs be moift, therefore the Medicine congeating must of necessity bedry, for if cold be joyned with driness, it con-tracts the pores that so the humors cannot be scatter-

Yet you must observe a difference between Medi-

GALEN in Lib. 5. De Simpl. Med. Facines drying, making thick, hardning, and concult. Cap. 10. determins Hardning Medicines gealing, of which differences a few words will not do amils.

1. Such Medicines are faid to dry, which draw out, or drink up the moisture, as a Spunge drinks

2. Such Medicines are faid to make thick, as do not consume the moisture, but ad driness to it, as you make Syrups into a thick Electuary by adding Pouders to them-

3. Such as congeal, neither draw out the moisture nor make it thick by adding driness to it, but contract it by vehement cold, as Water is frozen into

4. Hardning differs from all theft, for the parts of the Body swell and are filled with Flegmatick humors, or Melancholly Blood, which at last grows

That you may cleerly understand this, observe but these two things.

1. What

1. What it is which workerh.

2. What it worketh upon. That which worketh is outward cold, that which is wrought upon is a certain thickness & driness of humors, for if the humor were fluid as water is it might properly be faid to be congested by cold, but not fo

properly hardned. Thus you fee cold &drines to be the cause of hardning. But enough of this (perhaps some may think too much) This hardning being so far from

being useful, that it is obnoxious to the Body of Man, I pass it without more words. I suppose when Galen wrote of hardning Medicines, he intended fuch as make thick, and therefore amongst them he reckons up, Fleawort, Purflain, Housleck, and the like, which asswage the heat of the humors in Swellings, and ftop fubril and fliarp Defluxious upon the Lungues, but of these more anon-

CHAP. 35 Of Loofning Medicines.

By Loofning here, I do not mean Purging; not and fuch as are emollient, are both of them hot and which is opposit to Aftringency, but that moift.

To that, thus: Sretching and Loofning are afterwhat fitter English Name to give it, than Loofning or Laxation, which latter is scarce English.

The Members are diftended or firetched divers waies, and ought to be loolned as many, for they are stretched sometimes by drines, sometimes by cold, fometimes by repletion or fulnels, fometimes by fwellings, and fometimes by some of these joyned to-gether. I avoid terms of Art as much as I can, because it would profit my Country but little, to give them the Rules of Physick in such English as they understand not.

I confess the Opinion of Ancient Physitians hath been various about these Loolning Medicines. Galen's Opinion was, That they might be referred either to moistning, or heating, or mollifying, or evacuating Medicines, and therefore ought not to be referr'd to a Chapter by themselves.

Tis like they may, and so may all other Medicines be referred to hear, or coldness, or dryness, or moi-flure: But we speak not here of the Particular properties of Medicines, but of their Joyned proper-ties, as they heat and moisten.

Others, they question how they can be distinguish-

ed from such as mollifie, seeing such as are loolning,

To that, thus: Stetching and Loofning are afcet-bed to the movable parts of the Body, as to the Mus-cles and their Tendons, to the Ligaments, and Memby ane; But foftness and hardness to fuch parts of the Body as may be felt with the hand: I shall make it cleer by a Similitude: Wax is softned being hard, but Fiddle-strings are loosned being stretched. And if you fay that the difference lying only in the parts of the Body, is no true difference; then take notice; that such Medicines which loolen, are less hot and more motifining than such as soften, for they operate most by heat, these by motifure.

The truth is, I am, of Opinion, the difference is not much, nay, fearce femilile, between Emollien, and Loofning Medicines, Only I quoted this in a Chapter by it felf, not so much because some Authous do, as because it conduceth to the encrease of knowledge in Physick, for want of which this poor Nation is almost spoiled.

The chief Use of Loosning Medicines is in Con-vulsions and Cramps, and such like infirmities which

cause differition or stretching.

They are known by the very same marks and to kens that Emollient Medicines are.

CHAP. 4.

Of Medicines making thin and thick.

Medicines which rarify, or make thin, are fuch which open the pores of the skin, and make them wider, they are not so moist as Bimollient Medicines are, but of thin and subtil parts, they are hot, but not so hot that they should draw the matter to them, or discuss it, as we shall show when we come to speak of those Faculties.

Such as make thick are contrary to there, there are cold and frop the potes of the skin.

There Galen would have to be moift, neither is there any difference between his Description of hardning Medicines, and fuch as make thick.

1. The Hie of Rarifying Medicines is, to open the

the vapors arising from Blood overheated may pals out, and that was the Reason Wrefflers in ancient times came to their exercise with their Bodies anoya-ted, that so the vapors caused by stirring their Bodies might pals out, and not cause Feavers or other mis-

chief to the Bowels by being kept in.

2. Rarifying Medicines conduce much to the mitigation of palh, for the pores of the Skin being opened, the matter causing the pain is the easier expel-

Again, In swellings, it is not only the plenty of humors that caufeth pain, but the driness, hardness, or firetching of the Skin, therefore seeing Medipores of the skin, and make them wider, that io cines which rarify or make thin, do both loofen and

fe., 1.

Also there is much profit in the use of thickning Medicines, for they make the Skin firm, thereby

mollifie, they must of necessary by these operations | not only the better resisting cold, but also they stop too much sweating, and desolution of the spirits that way, which often happens to them that are weak.

CHAP 5.

Of Medicines opening the Mouths of the Veffels.

to Medicines of an opening substance, seeing thicknels feems rather to Rep than to open. For answer to this, you must consider the manner of opening contractions, and of opening the mouths of the Ver-fels is different, Obstructions require cutting Medi-cines by which the thickness of the matter of structand is made thinner, therefore the Medicine ought por to be thick, but of thin substance that it may the better penetrate (I do not mean of a thin Body, like water, for that causeth Obstructions rather then take them away, but of thin parts, viz. Making thin) But those Medicines which are faid to open the mouths or pallages of the Veffels, are of thick parts, that they may not only penetrate, but also firengthen ping, are cold and binding, and contract the tengue the passages by which they pass, therefore Galen be- in calling of them.

Hese Galen thought to be hot, but of thick fides heat, appointed thickness of parts and sharpness, or biting, as Pepper bites, for such a sharp heat is Let none admire that thickness should be attributed very effectual to penetrate, and cannot stop in the leaft; for although the Skin be easily contracted by gentle Medicines, the Vessels cannot be shut but by things vehemently binding, and therefore let these Medicines of thick substance be also moist, for moiflure cannot fo forcibly bind as to ftop the mouths of the Veffels.

The Use of opening Medicines may be cally ga- use. thered from the use of the Velicls to be opened, for freing their ule is to hold Blood, which fometimes effend in quantity, fometimes in quality, such infir-

mities are to be remedied by opening Medicines.

They are easily known by taft, being tharp and piercing, and bite the tongue, but such as are stop-

CHAP. 6.

Of Attenuating Medicines.

The Bowels are obstructed or stopped by torgh and viscus humors, hence then it is elect that Attenuating, or Extenusting Medicines ought to be thin of Subtlence, but whather they ought all to be hot or not, is some quellion, for indeed many cold Medicines cut teuch humors and open obstructions, as Vinegar, Endive, Succory, and the like. I shall not enter into the Dispute here whether all cold things bind or not, and therefore some hold Vinegar to be hot in itself, and cool only by accedent; we know Wine is hot, and Vinegar is nothing but corrupted Wine, and we know as well that puttifaction turns Inot.

"He wie of Attenuating Medicines is to open the things usually into a contrary quality, and befides if you ask Physicians Low one. Simple can perform two

Contrary operations, they prefently the into the old lefth, Is doch it (fay they) by a hidden quality.

The use of Attenuating Medicines is to open the Bowels, occupie the Breast of Flegm, co expel the

Your best course is, first to clense the body by some gentle purge before you use Attenuating Medicines, lest they teile upon the Blood and cause Feavers, or other mischeifs as bad.

They are in tall thatp, fowr, or bitter, yet fuch as being tafted dilate the tongue, and contract it

Chap. 7.

Of Drawing Medicines.

The Opinion of Phylitians is concerning these as it is concerning other Medicines, viz. Some of thin parts; hot because the Nature of heat is to draw, of thin parts that so they may penetrate to the sold quality, they draw to themselves both humors that are to be drawn out.

Their Use is various, viz.

I. That

fe, I. humors

3

5.

26 €.

Mote.

- 2. Ontwardly used, by them the offending humor (I should have faid the Peccant humor, had I written only to Scholers) is called from the internal parts
- of the Body to the Superficies.

 3. By them the Crifis of a Difesse is much helped forward.
- 4. They are exceeding profitable to draw forth Poy-fon out of the Body.
- 5. Parts of the Body overcooled are cured by these Medicines, viz. By applying them outwardly to the place, not only because they heat, but also because they draw the spirits by which life and and heat are cherished to the part of the Body which is destirate of them, you cannot but konw that many times parts of

1. That the Bowels may be disburthened of corrupt amors.
2. Outwardly used, by them the offending humor I should have faid the Peccant humor, had I written only to Scholers) is called from the internal parts of the Body to the Superficies.
3. By them the Crifs of a Disease is much helped orward.
4. They are exceeding profitable to draw forth Povened and nowished.

ned and nowished.

They are known almost by the same tokens that Attenuating Medicines are, leeing Heat, and thinness of parts is in them both, they differ only in re-spect of quantity, thinnels of parts being most pro-per to Attenuating Medicines, but Attractive Medicines are hotter.

Chap. 8.

Of Discusive Medicines.

them by the names of Diaphoretick's sin plain English, they are such Medicines as provoke Sweat, or as work by insensible transpiration, which is another term they give to Sweating. I quote these terms, and explain them, because I would not have my Country-men shood-wink'd with strange terms; I am half of Opinion it is one way by which they are trained up in sla-

The nature of Discussing (or Sweating) Medi-cines is almost the same with Attractive, for there are no discussive Medicines but are attractive, nor scarce any attractive Medicine but is in some measure or other discussing. The difference then is only this; That discussive Medicines is hotter than attractive, and therefore nothing else need be written of their na-

Their Use may be known even from their very Name ; for diseases that come by repletion or fulness, are cured by evacuation or emptying, yet neither Blood not gross humors are to be expelled by Sweating or infensible transpiration, (as they call it) but the one requires Blood-letting, the other Purgation; but Serofus or thin humors and filthy vapors, and such like superfluities, are to be expelled by sweat, and be

BY Discussive Medicines I intend such as the wary in this too, for many of them work violently, Cantill and violent Medicines are not rashly to be gi-

Befides, Swellings are fometimes made fo hard by Carry and fweating Medicines, that afterwards they can never be cured; For what is Thin being by luch Medicines taken away, nothing but what is perfectly hard remains. If you fear luch a thing, mix Emellients with them-

Again, Semetimes by using Discussives, the hu- Caurage mors offending (which Physicians usually call the Peccant humor) is driven to lome more noble part of the Body, or elle it draws more than it discussed; in fuch cates, concoct and attenuate the matter offen-

ding before you go about to discuss it.

From hence may easily be gathered at what time of the Discase Discussive Medicines are to be used, viz. about the declining of the discase, although in dif-eases arising from heat of blood, we sometimes use them in the encrease and state of them.

They are known by the same marks and tokens attenuating Medicines are, viz. by their burning and biting quality, they being very hot and of thin parts, void of any biting quality, therefore they contract not the Tongue in talting of them-

Chap. 9. Of Repelling Medicines.

R Epelling Medicines are of Contrary operation to these three last Mentioned, viz. Attenuating, Drawing, and Discussive Medicines; 'Tis true, there is but little difference between these three, fome hold none at all; and if you will be fo nice, you may oppose them thus. And so Medicines making thick correspond to Attenuating Medicines, or fuch as make thin, repelling Medicines are opposed

to fuch as draw, and fuch as retain the humors and make them rough, are oppifit to fuch as discuss, some hold this nicencis needless-

2. The fentence of Authors about Repulfive Medi-

For feeing an Influxion may be caused many waies:

A Repullive hath got as many defenitions.

For such things as cool, bind, stop and make thick,

ftay Influxions, and therefore Repulfives are by Authors opposed, not only to Attractives, but also to Atte-

nuating, and Discussing Medicines.

But properly such things are called Repulsives, which do not only flay Influxions, (for fo do fuch Medicines which Rop and and make thick) but fuch as drive the homors flowing to, or inherent in the place, to some other place.

The truth is, Binding is inherent to Repullives, To is not coldness nor making thick : Yet such as are binding, cold and thin in operation are most effectu-

Use, I.

D∫e, 2.

Your taft will find Repulfives to be, tart, or fharp, or auftere, with a certain binding which contracts

Their Use is manifold, as in hot Tumors, Headaches or the like.

By these in Feavers are the Vapors driven from the Head: Vineger of Roses is notable.

They are most commodious in the beginning and Time of encrease of a disease, for then Influxions are most giving.

But seeing that in the cure of Tumors there are two Scopes, 1 That that which flows to it may be re-pelled. 2 That that which is already in it may be discussed: Repulsives are most commodiously used in the beginning, discussives in the latter end.

In the middle you may mix them with this Provifo, That Repulsives exceed in the beginning, Dif-

cuffives in the latter end. If the matter offending be of a venemous quality, Caut. 1. either abstain from Repullives altogether, or ule Purging first, lest the matter fly to the Bowels and prove

dangerous, especially if the Bowels be weak.

Also forbear Repulsives, if the pain be great.

Lastly, Have a care lest by Repulsives you contract the Pores to much, that the matter cannot be remowed by Discussives.

Chap. 10. Of Burning Medicines.

Such Medicins are called by the Greeks Trating, of Gouts, and Lethargies.

Fiftulaes and malignant like fire or scalding water. Physicians to keep the way, and dangerous defluit People in ignorance that fo they may the better make flaves of them, use the Greek name [Fyreticks]

Yet these also are distinguished by their degrees,

for some are milder, and only cause redness to, or blifters upon the skin, others burn both skin and fiesh, and are used to make I flues.

The mildest are many times used to such Limbs as

To born off Hair, to diffolve hard and callous tumors, to confume Warts, and Polypus which is a
fleshy excressence growing in the Nose, in the cure

Fiftulses and malignant Ulcers are restrained this Ufe, 3. way, and dangerous defluxion of humors to the fu-perficies of the Body and many things of the like Na-

Yet must this fort of Medicines be used very circumspectly, lest it cause either Feavers or Convusions, Cant. 2, therefore use it not at all till the Body be first well

If you use it to restore Limbs, temper it with mil- cant. 2.

der things.

Laftly, Have a care left the parts adjacent be in-

Chap. 11. Of Clenfing Medicines.

heat, nor coldness,, because some of both forts

A clenfing Medicine then is of a terrene quality, which takes away the filth with it and carries it out.

Here to avoid confusion, a difference must be made

between washing and clenting.

A thing which westerth, carries away by Fluxion, as a man washeth the dirt off frem a thing.

A clenting Medicine by a certain roughness or nitrous quality, carries away the compacted filth with

This also is the difference Letween clerfing and discussing Medicines, the one makes thick hamors thin, and to featters them, but a clerking Medicine takes the most tenasious hi mor along with it, without any alteration.

Lenfing Medicines can neither be defined by | Besides, Of clenfing Medicines seme are of a gentler nature which the Greeks call gurrad,, fome are more vehement called na Baigerina.

These are not known one and the same way, for fome are (weet, some falt, and some bitter-

The Use of clenfing Is external, as the use of Purges internal.

They are wed to clenfe the Sanies and other filth of Ulcers, yearnd to confume and cat away the Flesh it felf, as burnt Allum, Prefeigetate, &c.

When these must be used, not only the affects of the Ulcers, but also the temperature of the Body will

For if you see either a Discase of fulness, which our Physicians call [Pletkera] or correpted humors which they call [Catechyma] you must empty the Body of thefe, viz. fulnels by bleeding, and corrupt

Definition-

Use, 2.

3/6

humors or evil flate of the Body, by purging before you use clenfing Medicines to the Ulcer, else your oure will never proceed prosperously.

In the Ulcer, pain to be eased, some part of the Ulcer to be ripened, Flux to be stopped, or Inflamation to be ceased will instruct a prudent Artificer.



Chap. 12.

Of Emplasters.

BY emshariza here, do I mean things glutinative, whether hot or cold but fat, infipid or without talk or fweet, viscous in feeling.

They are of a fat glutenous or tenareous fubftance. They differ from things stopping because they do not stop the pores so much, as stick to them like Bird-

They have a certain glutenous heat, tempered both with coldness and moisture.

From thele, Plaisters take their names.

Their taft is either none at all, or not discernable

Their use is to stop flowing of Blood and other Fluxes, to cause suppuration, to contain in the heat, that so tumors may be ripened.

Also they are mixed with other Medicines, that they may the better be brought into the form of an Emplaster, and may stick the better to the Mem-



Chap. 13.

Of Suppuring Medicines

Hefe have a great affinity with Emolients, like | to them in temperature, only Emollients are omething hotter.

Yet is there a difference as apparent as the Sun is when he is upon the Meridian, and the use is mani-

fest. For, Emollients are to make hard things foft; but what Suppures, rather makes a generation than an alterati-

on of the humor. Natural heat is the efficient cause of Suppuration,

neither can it be done by any external means. Therefore such things are said to suppure, which by a gentle heat cherish the inbred heat of man. This is done by such Medicines which are not on-

ly temperate in heat, but also by a gentle viscosity, fill up or ftop the Pores, that so the heat of the part affected be not scattered.

For although fuch things as bind hinder the diffipation of the Spirits, and internal heat, yet they rerain not the moisture as Suppuring Medicines properly and especially do.

The heat then of Suppuring Medicines is like the

internal heat of our Bodies.

As things then very hor, are ingrateful either by biting, as Pepper, or bitterness: in Suppuring Medicines, no biting, no binding, no nitrous quality is perceived by the tast (I shall give you better stisfaction both in this and others, by and by)

For Reason will tell a man, that such things hinder rather than help the work of Nature in Matu-

Yet it follows not from hence, That all Suppuring Medicines are grateful to the talk, for many things grateful to the taft provoke Vomiting, therefore why may not the contrary be?

The most frequent use of Suppuration is, to ripen Phlegmone, a general term Phylitians give to all fwellings proceeding of Blood, because Nature is very apt to help such cures, and Physick is an art to help, not to hinder Nature.

The time of Use is usually in the height of the difeafe, when the flux is staied, as also to ripen matter that it may be the easier purged away.

Chap. 14.

Of Medicines provoking Urin.

THe causes by which Urine is suppressed are ma- | ped by compression.

1. By too much drying, or swearing, it may be the thickest pare in the Reins.

Urin is the thinnest part of Blood, separated from

If then the Blood be more thick and viscous than 2. By hear or inflamation of the Reins, or passa - ordinary, it cannot easily be separated without cut-

This

This is for certain, That Bloud can neither bo fe- Reins, and cut the groft humors there. parated nor diffributed without heat.

Yet smongst Diurcticks are some cold things, as the four greater cold Seeds, Winter-Cherries, and

Although this feem a wonder, yet may it be, and both fland with truth.

For cool Diurcticks, though they further not the separation of the Bloud one jot, yet they clenic and purge the poffages of the Urin.

Diurcticks then are of two forts:

1. Such as conduce to the separation of the Bloud.

2. Such as open the Urinal paffages.

The former are biting (and are known by that taft) not a bet-very hot and cutting, whence they penetrate to the

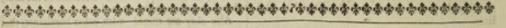
Bitter things, although they be very hot and cut gross humors, yet are they of a more dry and terrent substance, than is convenient to provoke Urin-

Hence then we may fafely gather, That bitter things are not so moist not penetrating as such as

bite like Pepper.
Those cold things which provoke Urin, though they bite not, yet have they a nitrous quality where-

by they open and clenfe, For the Use of these the Title will instruct you, only, left they carry the humors they find in the Veins to the Reins and so make the stopping the greater, purge those places they must pass through before you administer them.

Iknow ter word for Acer, than biting like Pepper.



CHAP. 15.

Of Medicines provoking the Terms.

Hofe Medicines have a great affinity with those before-going.

For fuch as provoke the Terms, provoke also u-rine, their Nature is almost the same, wix. Hot and of thin effence.

Only thus much, to provoke the Terms not only the Blood is to be attenuated, but the mouths of the Veffels also to be opened.

Such as open those Vessels carry a certain terrene quality with them, whereby they not only penetrate, but also penetrating dilate the Vessels, and carry away the filth with them.

Things provoking the Terms ought to be hot in

the third Degree, and yet not very dry.

That there is an appointed time for the Terms to come down: every Woman that is but fixteen years old can tell you.

Be fure you administer the Medicine at the time they should come down, else you will do no other good than weaken Nature.

Neither must those things be neglected which may bring the Body into a fit temper for such a busi-

nefs
If the Body be full of ill humors, purge them out first before you administer hot things, left you thrust the crude humors into the Veins.

By avoyding the Menstruis the Body is made lighter, and nature disburthened, health fecured, alacrity procured.

The retaining of them breeds Droplies, Fallingfickness, and other cruel Difeases, yea sometimes Madnels.

Hippocrates denies any Women have the Gout fo long as they have the Terms

Chap. 16.

Medicines breeding, or taking away Milk.

Steing Milk is bred of Blood, there is no question | Terms, certainly it is most adverse to breeding Milk.

To be made but the way to encrease Milk, is to | Medicines which breed Milk, are in task either fat encrease the Blood.

Yet though Blood be very copious, it doth not alwater follow that Milk must of necessity be so too, for the Bloud may be naught, or not fit to be turned into Milk, or impedited that it cannot.

Those things are properly faid to breed Milk, which breed much Bloud, and it good, and have a mode-

rate cutting faculty also. Such things then as breed Milk are bot and of thin parts, yet differ much from those that provoke Urine or the Terms. The other Being Vehemently hot, these which breed Milk temperately bot.

And if driness be adverse to the provoking of the impure Bodies the more you offend them.

Medicines which breed Milk, are in taft either fat

For seeing both Blood and Milk are temperate, or at least very moderately hor, they must be bred of fuch things as are not unlike to them in Nature.

Such things as leffen Milk must needs be contrary to feeh things as encrease it.

This is done by drying or thickning the Blood.

They are known by taft, bitter, sharp, tart, auflere, &c. and wharloever is excessive either in heat or cold.

If the Body be full of cvil juyce, purge it before you go about to breed Milk, for the more you nouriff

Chap.

Chap. 17.

Of Medicines regarding the Seed.

A S Milk, so also Seed takes his Original from things as make Seed either thinner or thicker, are not properly faid to breed Seed.

Therfore of necessity nourishing means beget much

Seed, because they beget much Blood.

This is the difference between such things as breed
Milk, and such as breed Seed, Seed requires a more windy Bloud than the other doth.

For this faculty ought to be in Seed, that being heat with spirits it may cause the Yard to stand.

Such Medicines are temperately hot and moift,
Also to provoke one to the sports of Venus, we use
such things as stir up the venereal faculty.

These are hotter than those that encrease Seed, yes not fo dry that they should consume the Seed.

Take notice of this also, that fome things dull Ve-The one of those confumes the Seed, the other

makes it torped and fluggish, staies the Itching. For the Seed of Man is subject to as many contin-

gents as the Man himfelf is. It is not my scope here to treat of them, for such

properly faid to breed Seed.

For the time, when Seed should be encreased, I need fay nothing, unless I should fay when a Man hath got

a prety Wench.

If the Body be vicious, let it first be purged, let
Seed be encreased before it be provoked.

Biting things lessen the Seed, stir up the Venerial

parts to expulsion, cause Itching, or tickling of the privities, therefore they are good to be used a little before the act, otherwise the constant use of them, consumes and scatters the Seed.

Observe thus much, that one and the same Medicine doth not fuit with every complexion, for example, If the person be Phlegmatick let the Media cine be the hotter.

The use of these Medicines is the propagation of Mankind, for the defire of Children incites many to Copulation, but the pleasure that is in the actt ten times more.

Chap. 18.

Of Medicines eafing Pain.

causeth the disease causeth the pain, as also what

curerh the disease easeth the pain. Yet are those properly called Anodines, (which is the Physical term for such Medicanes) which barely regard the pain, both cause and disease remaining.

These are temperate for heat, and thin for effence. For feeing they are to be applied both to hot and cold effects, they ought not to vary much from tem-

They fomething excel in heat, and fo they cafe pain, because they open the pores, and loosen the

But they also cool because they let out those hot fuliginous vapors which cause the pain. Such things as ease pain by stopisaction, are called

Here is no dispute of the story but that which programmed, not drawfied; o'minered, not

They do not take away the pain at all, but either cause sleep, or so dul the sences that they cannot fed

They are administred at such times when the Symp-toms are so grievous that they threaten a greater danger than the disease is.

If in giving them, you fear a greater fluxion will come to the part afflicted, mix fome things with them, which are medicinal for the difease.

If the pain lie in the skin, let the anodines beliquid, the deeper it lies, the more folid let them be, left their vertue be discussed before they come at the part afflicted.

CHAP. 19. Water (valued dated a mindred)

Of Medicines breeding Flesh.

There are many things diligently to be observed in the cares of Wounds and Ulcers, which in our and hinder that the cure cannot be speedily done, our and hinder that the cure cannot be speedily done, our present scope is, To show how the cavity of nor the separated parts reduced to their natural state.

Such Medicines are called ougnamed, Sareo- these by drying are said to breed Flesh, because by

This, though it be the work of Nature, yet it is helped forward with Medicines, that the Bloud may be prepared, that it may the easier be turned into

These are not Medicines which breed good Bloud, nor which correct the intemperature of the place af-flicted, but which defend the Bloud and the Ulcer it self from corruption in breeding Flesh.

For Nature in breeding Flesh produceth two forts of exciements, viz. serosus humors, and purulenrus drofs.

Those Medicines then which clense and consume,

their helps Nature performs that Office.

Also take notice that these Medicines are not so drying that they should consume the blood also as well as the Sanies, nor fo clenfing that they should confume the Flesh with the drofs.

Let them not then exceed the first Degree unless the Ulcer be very moift.

Their difference are various; according to the part wounded, which ought to be restored with the same

The fofter then and tenderer the place is, the gentler let the Medicines be-



Chap. 20.

Of Glutinative Medicines.

Hat is the true cure of an Ulcer which joyns the mouth of it together.

That is a glutinative Medicine, which couples together by drying and binding, the fides of an Ulcer before brought together.

These require a greater drying faculty than the former, not only to confume what flows out, but what remains liquid in the flesh, for liquid flesh is more subject to flow abroad than to stick together-

The time of using them, any body may know without teaching, viz. when the Ulcer is clenfed and filled with Flish, and such symptoms as hinder are taken away.

For many times Ulcers must be kept open that the Sanies, or fords that lie in them may be purged out, whereas of themselves they would heal before.

Only beware left by too much binding you cause pain in tender parts.

Chap. 21 Of Scarrifying Medicines.

He last part of the cure of an Ulcer is to cover it with Skin, and restore the place to its prestin vert it into Skin. beauty

Such Medicines the Greeks call Epulotica.

This also is done by things drying and binding. They differ from the former thus, in that they

Before you administer Epuloticks, let not only the Ulcer but the places adjacent be diligently viewed, left ill Symptoms follows.

Chap. 22.

Of Medicines resisting Poyson.

Such Medicines are called Alexiteria, and Alexi- do it to the whol Body universally, or else streng-

Some of these relist Poyson by Astral influence, and some Physitians (though but few) can give a rea-

These they have forted into three Ranks.

x. Such as firengthen Nature that so it may tame the Poylon the eafier.

2. Such as oppose the Poyson by a contrary quali-

3. Such as violently thrust it out of doors.
Such as strengthen Nature against Poyson either

then some particular part thereof.

For many times one particular part of the Body is most afflicted by the Poyson, suppose the Stomach, Liver, Brain, or any other part, such as cherish and strengthen those parts being weakned, may be said to refift Poylon.

Such as strengthen the Spirits, strengthen all the Body.

Sometimes Poylons kill by their quality, and then are they to be corrected by their contraries.

They which kill by cooling are to be remedied by

heating, and the contrary, they which kill by corrhoding are to be cured by lenitives such as temper their

Those which kill by Induration, or Coagulation

require cutting Medicines.

Also because all Poysons are in motion, neither stay they in one till they have feifed and oppressed the Fountain of Life, therefore have they invented another faculty to ftay their motion, viz. Terrene and Emplastick.

For they judg, if the Poylon light upon these Medicines, they embrace them round with a viscous

Also they say the waies and passages are stopped by fuch means, to hinder their proceeding, take Terra

Lemnia for onc.

Truly if these Reasons be good, which I leave to future time to determin, it may be done for a little

Some are of opinion that the fafelt way is to expel the Poylon out of the Body, fo foon as may be, and that is done, by Vomit, or Purge, or Sweat.

You need not question the time, but do it assoon

as may be; for there is no Parlying with Poyfon.

Let Vomiting be the first, Purging the next, and
Sweating the last. This is general. But,

If thou doest but observe the nature and motion of he Venem, that will be thy best Instructer.

In the Stomach it requires Vomiting, in the Bloud and Spirits Sweating; if the Body be Plethorick, Bleeding; if full of evil humors, Purging. Laftly, The Cure; being ended, strengthen the

parts afflicted.

Thus our common Physitians, But out of question, Medecines whole operation is by Aftral influ-ence, are both fafeft and speediest, not only in this but in all other Diseases, but this is beside my prefent scope, and Physitians confess is hid from their eyes, that belongs to my own Model, which I trust in God I shall live to perfect. This is that that cures diseases per le, the other per accidens; this Moderns quite neglected : some Ancients were groping at it, though left it not to posterity.

Chap. 23.

Of Medicines Adorning the Body.

Such Medicines as adorn the Body, adding Com-liness and Beauty to it, are called in Greek MOTHNITING.

Beauty is a bleffing of God, and every one ought to preserve it ; they offend as much that neglect it, as they do that paint their Faces.

They are apropriated to the Skin, Hair, and

Teeth.

The Skin is peftered with Spots, Pimples, Freckles, Wrinkles and Sunburning-

The Hair either fals off, or hangs not as it should

do. The Teeth are either loofe, or fal out, or Rink,

or are black. Spots and Sun-burning, as also blackness of the Teeth are to be taken away by clenfing Medicines,

Redness of the Face proceedeth from diverse cau-

fes, therefore are the remedies as diverte. If of heat, cool the Blood; if it be impacted to the Skin, use extenuating Medicines; if of both,

If the failing be extrinsecal, whe extrinsecal Media cines; if intrinsecal, let the remedy be so also.

Wrinkles are taken away by Laxarive, Lenient, and Emollient Medicines.

For falling off of Hair, correct the pravity of the humor that causeth it.

Gentle heat breeds hair, and preserves it; clenfing and corrhoding Medicines take it away

Drying and binding Medicines cause Hair to cutl. Clenting things make the Teeth clean, binding things ftrengthen them, but have a care they have not a blackiff quality with them, which is incident

to many binding Medicines.

Clenling and discuffing Medicines take Scurf or Dandrit from the Head.

In all thefe, fee the Bowels be clean, elfe local Medicines are applied in vain-

In preserving Hair, only two things are consider-

1. To contract the pores.
2. To fee that the Hair have nourishment.

Chap. 24.

Of Purging Medicines.

draw the humors to them by a hidden quality, which in plain English is, they know not how; or whether they perform their office by a manifest quality, make the matter as plain as I can, I subdivide this

Much jarring hath been amongst Physicians a-bout Purging Medicines, namely whether they draw the humors to them by a hidden quality, which to me that every like should draw its live, only to

Gggg

Chapter into these following Parts.

- 1. Cautions concerning Purging. 2. Of the choice purging Medicines.
- 3. Of the time of taking them.
- 4. Of the correcting of them.
- 5. Of the manner of Purging.

Cautions concerning Purging.

IN this, first consider diligently, and be exceeding cautious in it too, what the matter offending is, what part of the Body is afflicted by it, and which

Is the best way to bring it out-

Only here by the way first, have a care of giving Vomits, for they usually work more violently, and afflict the Body more than Purges do, therefore are not fit for weak Bodies, be fure the matter offending lie in the tunicle of the Stomach, else is a Vomit given in vain.

Secondly, Vomits are more dangerous for Women than Men, especially such as are either with Child, or subject to the Fits of the Mother. This is the

first Caution.

Secondly, What Medicine is apropriated to the purging of such a humor, for seeing the offending matter is not alike in all, the purging Medicine ought not to be the same to all. I shall speak more of this anon. As also of the divers waies whereby Medicines draw out or cast out humors, viz. By lenifying, clensing, provoking Nature to expulsion, and (which is stranger than the Doctors bidden Quality) some purge by binding, but indeed and in truth such as are properly called purging Medicines, which befides these faculties have gotten another, by which they draw, or call out the humors from the most remore parts of the Body, whether these do it by heat, or by an hidden quality, Physitians are scarce able to determin, it being very well known to modern Phyfitians though the Ancient denied it, that many cold Medicines purge: For my part I shall forbear the Dilpute here, not because I am not able to answer first a little better in the Grounds of Physick, it being my Opinion that yong Physitians as well as yong Christians ought not to be led into doubtful Disputations. This is the Second Caution.

Thirdly, There is this Faculty in all the Purges of Galen's Model (because he gives the whol Simple, which must needs confist of divers qualities, because the Creation is made up of, and confists by a harmony of contraries) there is (I say) this Faculty in all they ail any thing, they take any Purge what their Purges of that Nature, that they contain in them a next Neighbor adviseth them to, right or wrong substance which is inimical both to the Stomach and 'tis no matter, their wit in, and consideration of Bowels, and some are of opinion this doth good, the business being much at one.

namely, Provokes Nature the more to expulsion; the reason might be good if the Foundation of it were so, for by this reason Nature her self should purge not the Medicine, and a Physitian who takes his name from evors, which fignifies Nature, should help Nature in her business and not hinder her. But to forbear being critical, this substance which I told you was inimical to the Stomach, must be corrected in

every Purge; And this is my Third Caution.

Fourthly, The choice of Purging Medicines is very difficult, they are not Physick for every Ignorannes to prescribe, for some purge gently, some violently, some are apropriated to Flegm, some to Choller, fome to Melancholly, and fome to Water, or ferofus humors: Confider this but duly, and withal, what mischief may accrue by giving a Medicine pur-ging Choller, in a Disease proceeding of Flegm or watry humors, you may easily see without a pair of Spectacles, that it cannot but weaken the Spirits exccedingly, and abate Natural heat, which is all Na-ture nath to help her felf in such a case, as also hinder the elarification of the Blood which is done by Choller, thereby encreasing the Difease, and opening a gap to let out Life, and let in Death ; It were vain to recite what mischies may follow the giving of violent Purges to weak Bodies, or to strong Bodies where the humor offending is not tough and viscous, but fluid and easie to be carried away, I shall touch upon them by and by, only here you may fee reason enough, why I am so long upon this Subject. Lastly, When you perfectly know the humor offen-

ding, the convenient Medicine, and fit correction for it, the time and manner of using it remains to be

These I thought to premise by way of Caution before I come to the matter it felf intended, and so much the rather because people from one Generation to another have been fo trained up in ignorance by Phyfitians who have absconded the Method of Physick from them, that now like mad men (oppression having almost, if not altogether made them (o) when

Of Purging Medicines.

Alth invited lach been commend Phylidiens of the Rybeas, defacts, coldering remaillines of the Local Phylide in Dispute and Phylide in the Manager of Mana

Of the Choyce of Purging Medicines.

E told you before, that purging Medicines were apropriated to certain humors, the redundancy or overflowing of which causeth diseases in the Body of Man, of these such as proceed from Blood are not to be remedied by Purging.

The Humors to be purged are Four, viz.

Flegm. Watry Humor. Choller.

Mclancholly. According to the quality of these are Purging Medi-

cines to be chosen.

Before I come to them, give me leave to premile one word or two, I shall only here quote Purging Sim-ples because I am now upon the Simples, I shall touch mpon the Purging Compounds when I come unto them, and if any ask why I meddle with no other Medicines than what the Colledg majes use of, tell them the reason is, Because the Colledg have so ordered the matter, that a man can buy no other for his money.

The most noted qualities of Purging Medicines.

I shall first give you a Synopsis or Joynt-view of Pur-

ging Simples usually to be had.

Secondly, speak as briefly as I can of their Propertics.

Purging Sim- Sently.
ples work Strongly.

Wormwood, Centaury, Aloes, Hops, Mercury, Mallows, Peach leaves and flowers, Damask Rofes, Blew Violets, Caffia Fiftula, Citron Mirobalans, Prunes, Tamarinds, Rhubarb, Rhapontick, Manna.

Purge Flegm, As,

Hylop, Hedg Hylop, Baftard Saffron, Broom flowers, Elder flowers, Myrobalans, Bellerick, Chebs, and Emblicks, the Seed of Baftard Saffron and

Broom, Jallap and Mechoacan.

The Leaves, Bark and Roots of Elder, and Dwarf Elder, or Walwort, Elder Flowers, Broom Flowers, Agrick, Jallap, Mechoacan, Orris, or Flower-deluce Roots.

Melancholly. Senna, Fumitory, Dodder, Epithimum, Indian Myrobalans, Polipodium, Whey, Lapis Lazuli &c.

**Piolent Simples purge Choller, As

The Seeds of Spurge, the Bark and Root of the fame, Scammony, Elaterium.

**Florenced Water.

Flogm and Water.

Elaterium, Euphorbium, Spurge, Opopanax, Sar-cocolla, Briony Roots, Turbith, Hermodactils, Colocynthis, Wild Cucumers, Sowbread, Mezereon,

Melantholly.

Hellebore white and black. Secondly, In all these observe, That such as are gentle are only to be given to delicate and tender bodies, whether the body be weake naturally, or caused it may.

fo by fickness, above all give not vomits to weak ftomachs, for the Fundament is ordained by nature to avoid the Excrements and not the mouth, which was ordained to take in, not to vomit out, therefore

use vomits as saldom as may be.

But for the Election of Purges, Let fuch as are apropriated to flegm and Melancholly be mixed with fuch things as are thin in fubstance, and of a cutting quality, because these humors are tough, gentle Me-dicines will serve to evacuate Water and Choller usually, I say [usually] because sometimes water requires fuch Medicines, as are of force to call them from the extream parts of the Body, and fuch must needs be violent in operation. I entreat all yong Students in Physick to be very careful in administring violent Medicines, and that never without due prepartion of the Body beforehand, never unlefs the humor be fo repugnant that it will not yield to gentler: And oh! that simple people would learn to be but so wife as to let them alone, and not take them themselves, the evil they may do them (if not regulated by an abler brain than dwels in their skuls) is certain, the good very uncertain; for such violent Medicines as purge Choller if immoderately taken, first draw the Choller, then the Flegm, afterwards the Melancholly, then they cause corrosions and draw the blood; Such as purge Flegm and Water violently when they have drawn that, then they draw the Choller, then Melancholly, they then corrode, and so either by excoriation or opening the mouths of the Veins, bloody Fluxes also tollow, and many times the disease ends in the Grave; and so also the immoderate Purgation of Melancholly, first draws Choller (I mean after the Melancholly is evacuated) then Flegm, and ends as the other do, but I think this is enough to wife men. To return.

If you prepare the body beforehand (you will not want instructions how to do it in the COM-POUNDS) then gentler Medicines will ferve the turn, and therefore fuch Medicines as purge Water, ad but cutting Medicines to them, and they purge

Flegm.

And then again, I defire you to take notice that fuch Medicines as have a binding quality in them are very hurtful to tough Flegm, and Melancholly, be-cause the humors themselves being tough they make them the tougher, but they are most proper for chol-ler and putrihed flegm, because the first of them often

caufeth Defluxions, the second a loofnels. Again, Another thing I thought good to give no-tice of, and so much the rather because I have seen it p-inted in English, and heard it contended for by Students in Phylick, yet is the conceipt very dangerous, viz. That the operations of Purging Medicines may be known by their colors, for lay they, white Medicines purge Flegm; black, Melanchollys and yellow, Choller: I confess some Ancient Physics of the purpose of the confess some Ancient Physics of the purpose of the confess some Ancient Physics of the purpose of the confess some Ancient Physics of the purpose of the pur fitians were of this apish Opinion, which in no wife holds true in the general, though in some particulars

Of the time of Purging.

T was the Opinion of Hippocrates alwaies to pre-pare the Body with hot and cutting Syrups before the purging Medicine be given, with this Proviso, That the matter be not so hot that it be thrust into

the Veins and cause Feavers-

If your Purge must be strong, take some lenitive Purge, or else a Clyster before you take it, left the passages being not opened, the matter being violently expelled be ftopped in its passage, and so either Chollicks, or vehement Belly-ach, or worse mischief follow.

Let it be two hours ere you drink, and four or five ere you eat after you have taken a Purge, and let your Stomach be empty when you take them.

1. Lest being mixed with the nourishment they lose their force, and so Nature convert them into nourishment, thereby corrupting the Blood.

2. All Purges are enemies to Nature, and if you mix them with food, Nature detains them the longer, and by consequence is the more prejudiced by

3. It is very unfitting to moleft Dame Nature with two several motions at one time, viz. To expel the Purge and the obnoxious humor with it, and also at the same time to nourish the Body.

As for Lenitives or gentle Purges, and many Pills, they may fafely be taken at night, as you were raught in the first part of my Directory, to which I refer you for Directions in all Purges, and I shall have a word or two to fay concerning Vomits before I have done this Book: I refer it here therefore to its pro-

per place.

I shall here conclude with this Caveat, Never take fweet things after Purges, because the Liver draws them so greedily that they soon turn the Purge to ali-ment, which if any thing will bring mischies more than enough to the Body, this will.

Of the correcting of Purging Medicines

N Purging Medicines are many things confiderable which are either to be helped forwards or corrected for of Purges some work too flowly others too

Or to be a little more diffinct, some vices of a Purge may be known before it is given, and others

not till after, I shall begin with the first.

There is this almost properly in all Purges, that they are obnoxious to the Stomach, and indeed to Nature it felf, therefore mix fome things with them

which strengthen the Heart and Stomach.

Again, The gentlest Purgers that are have one discommodity in them that they are eafily turned to Wind, therefore mix such things with them as expel wind (the former Rules amongst the Simples will furnish you with enough and more than enough of either) for although they be not windy of themselves, yet by their hear they stir up wind, though they meet with Flegm, or Melancholly.

Violent Purges by their Acrimony or fliarp gnawing quality are inimical to the Bowels, which must in no wife be corrected with binding Phylicks, for that will mend them as the Fletcher mends his Bolt, viz. Spoil all, and that by keeping them follong in the Body; such things as make slippery, lenishe, and fomething thicken, are proper corrigents for them, such are Quince Seeds, Mallows, Gum Tragacanth, and the like.

After the Purge is given, it may offend on either hand, viz. By working either not at all, or too violently, If it work not at all, take hot Broaths; if they will not do the deed, use a Clyster.

Various and manifold are the evils that a Purge

working too violently may afflict upon the Body of Man, and very dangerous, for fuch may produce these, or any of these consequences, and poor filly people that take them, never know whence they

2. Vehement Head-ach.

3. Vertigo or Diffinels in the Head.

4. Weakness of Sight.

5. Weakness of Digestion.
6. Loss of Appetite.

7. Ulcers in the Bowels. 8. Hiccoughs. 9. Bloody Fluxes.

10. Tenalmus.

11. Weakness of the Body.

12. Convulsions.

If you feel these, or any of these Symptoms after Purging, you may give a shrewd guels, either your Purge was not proper for your Disease, or else wrought too violently.

It is not my present Task to shew you how to re-medy these, the Table at the latter end will instruct you with Medicines for each, and you cannot be more unwilling to pay for one thing twice, than I am to write it.

For preventing such evils as these are (or others which perhaps a man might find in Authors) accept of these following Aphorisms.

1. Be sure you strengthen the Heart, for if that fail,

all will be naught.

2. When you perceive your Purge works too vio-lendly, you may then know Nature hath got an E-nemy that is too hard for her, therefore make as much halt as you can to expel him, ease your Body of the Purge lo foon as you can, for the longer it stales in your Body, the more inimical it proves, either poyfoning it, or leaving such Symptoms behind it as we mentioned even now, which may be done by drin-king much Barly Water (or for want of it take any waim Water, that is clean, as Spring Water or the the like) wherein the Seeds of Fleawort, or Quince Seeds, or Gum Tragacanth is diffolved, for that

makes the passages slippery, and hinders excoriation of [the Bowels: Country people that know not how to get thefe, may boyl two handfuls of Mallows in a quart of Water to a pint, and drink it up, if that help not, let them drink another.

3. If you find the Mouths of the Veins be opened, which you may know if much blood come from you without any skins, then take a Clyster made only of new Milk, a drachm of Mastich in pouder being added

 Oyl of (weet Almonds taken inwardly, an ounce at a time, and as often as you will, is excellent in such a case, but let it be newly drawn.

5. Juyce of Quinces, Syrup of Quinces, Preserved Quinces, or that which in Suffex the Gentry call Marmilade is very good; according to Mefue in such a case

to be taken often.

6. Anoint the Belly and Stomach with Oyl of Rofes as hot as can be endured, after which sprinkle the pouder of Mastich, or for want of it pouder of Galls, or red Rofe Leaves upon them; if you apply any Rofe Cake

to the Belly in such a case it would do good.

Lastly, If for all this the matter grow desperate and will not be stopped, Mefue leaves two remedies more, which he defires may be the last that are used; and truly fo do I, only I shall quote his last first, because I hold it (of the two) the fafeft.

His last (but my first) is this; To take three grains

of Laudanum, or if your Body be weak, but two.
The Second is, To take a Vomit, thereby to divert the humors from their unbridled Courfe downward.

Of the Way, or Manner of Purging.

Arious is the way, and manner of Purging, according to the variety of the humor offending; concerning which, take these few and brief Rules, which may serve you as a Candle and Lanthorn to light you through the dark mift of your ignorance, which Phylitians have envelopted you in, till fuch time as the Sun of Light begin to rife upon you.

1. If the humors be to be drawn from remote parts of Purge be made up in a hard form as Pills are, for by that means it flaies the longer in the Body, and is in all reason therefore the better able to perform its Office.

2. If the afflicting humor lie in the Bowels, or parts adjacent, use liquid Medicines, for they operate speediest,

and the Bowels are foon hurt by Purging Medicines.

3. The infusion of such Medicines as leave a binding quality behind them, or their Decoction is most fitting to be used, for it is the earthy quality of them which binds, much of which is cast away in an Infusion of

Decoction, but all of it taken if you take the body of the

Such Purging Medicines as do leave a binding quality behind them, the chiefest of them are these, Aloes, wormwood, Damask Roses, Rhubarb, Rhapontick, all the five forts of Myrobalans, Prunes, Tamarinds, &c.

If the matter be tough, viscous, and long continuance, it is impossible to carry it away all at once, your way then is to take gentle Purges, and take them often; for if the Purge be too strong, it will weaken Nature so, that the House (I mean the Body) will fall down before you can clense it of the filth; and of such a Nature usually is Melancholly.

As for the Doles of Purges it is impossible to prescribe fuch general Rules, but they must of necessity do far more harm than good, for particulars you may if you pleate find them in the first part of the Book concerning Simples, and in that part concerning Compounds.



FINIS.



ALPHABETICAL TABLE FOR THE ENGLISH NAMES IN THE Catalogue of Simples.

A directs to the first Column, B to the second, the Number to the Page.

TON SERVE ASSESSED IN THE VIEWS					
ROOTS.		[Centaury	. 4 1	H	
		Coffus	65	Hartwort	4 10
A		Corralwort	05	Hermodactils	47
A Lkanet	63	Cucumers wild	65	Hellebore white	46
Angelica	63	Cyperus long	65	Black	. 66
Anthora	63	Round	65	Houndstongue	
Alarabacca	11 4	Chamock	a 8	Horestrange	b 7
Afphodel Male	a 4	Cinkfoyl	a 8	Hogs-Fennel	b 7 b 8 b 8
Female	44	Canterbury, or	ALC: MARKET	I I	HE PUBLISHED TO
Avens	64	Coventry Bells	6 10	Jacinth	47
Artichoaks	65	D D	100 100 30	K	and the same
В	,	Danewort	26	Knee-holly	69
Bay-Tree	67	Doronicum	46	L	0 9
Bears-breech	a 3	Dittany	a 6	Ladies Thiftle	4.10
Birthwort Long	63	Dragons	46	Liquoris	
Round	a 4	Dwarf-Elder	46	Lillies white	47
Branck-Urfine	1000	Dropwort	66	Lovage	67
Beets	4 3 b 4	Diopwort	00	Lecks	67
Biftore	10000000	PIC	66	Lecks	4.9
		Elicampane Endive	66	Marth-mallows	
Borrage Burdock			66	Meddow Saffrom	63
Briony	a 4	Eringo	00	The state of the s	65
	1000000	The second of th		Mafterwort	67
Bugloss Brakes		Fearn	66	Mallows	67
		Filipendula	66	Mandrakes	67
Butter-bur		Flower-de-luce	a 3	Mechoacan	67
Brufcus	69	Fullers thiftle	67	Mezereon	48
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An Alphabetical Table to the English Names

	The state of the		- 170 1000	The state of the s	100000
Featherfew	a 21	Mols	b 21	Senna	a 24
Fleabane	n 23	Mirde-nec	b 21	Sow-thiftles	a 24
Figwort	a 24	Moneywort	a 22	Spinach	b 24
Flixweed	a 24	Mother of Time	d 24	Steechas	b 24
G		Mullin	a 25	Spurge	b 24
Garlick	6 13	N	2000	Swallow-wort	b 25
Good Henry	a 15	Navil-wort	b 25	T	PARTY NAME -
Goof-grafs	d 14	Nep	a 16	Tamaris	b 24
Groundfel	a 16	Nettles	b 25	Tanfie	b 24
Germander Groundpine	a 17	Nightshade	a 24	Teazles	6 17
Golden rod	d 17	Oak of Jerusalem	a 15	True-love	a 19 b 19
Goats Rue	b 18	Ox-cye	6 15	Tongue-blade	b 19
Gold knobs	a 23	Orpine	6 17	Toad-flax	b 21
H		One-berry	a 19	Treacle-muftard Tobacco	b 21
Herb two-pence	a 22	Origany Origanum	0 22	Turnips	a 23
Harts-tongue	6 20	P	No. of the last	Time	b 24
Harts-ease	a 25	Panfies	4 25	Trefoyl	a 25
Houfleek	b 14	Patience	b 19	V	The state of the s
Honey-fuckles	b 15	Pauls Bettony	a 15	Vervain-mallows	b 13
Herb Bennet	a 16	Pimpernel	a 14	Vipers buglos	a 18
Horstail	a 16	Perewinkle	b 25	Vervain	a 25
Hemlock	a 17	Primrofes	b 22	Violet leaves	b 25
Houndstongue	b 17	Pellitory of the wall	a 19	Vine leaves	b 25
Hedg-hylop	a 19	Pepper-wort	a 20	W	A SHOW THE PARTY
Horf-tongue	a 19	Penyroyal	b 22	Water-creffes	b 21
Hylop Herb McGish	6 19	Peach leaves	6 22	Walwort	a 18
Herb Mastich Hops	4 21	Plantane	b 22	Wormwood	A 13
Horehound	b 20	Poppies	a 22	Wood-forrel	1 6 13
Higraper	A 25	Poley-mountain	b 22	Woodroof	a 14
I i	4 ->	Purflain	6 22	Wild Tanfie	a 14
Indian leaf	b 18	Rocket	a 18	Wild-flower Woad	a 19
Tvy	a 19	Ruptue wort	a 18	Widdow-wail	b 21
K	Seamon	Rolemary	4 23	Winter-green	. 4 23
King Cob	A 23	Rofes	a 23	Willow leaves	b 23
Knapweed	b 24	Rue	a 23	Y	25/25/5/
Knotgrafs	b 16	S	pull est	Yarrow	b 21
L	The state of the	Sampier	b 17	2 2 2	animetre;
Ladies Mantle	a 18	Saranens confound	a 17	FLOW	ERC
Llucilin	a 15	Sage	b 23		E IVO
Ladies Thiftle	a 17	Sanicle	b 23	Bawn	a 26
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Ladies Bedftraw	6 18	Saxifrage	b 23 b 23	Borrage	16
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Laurel of Alexandria	4 20	Southernwood	a 13	Broom	26
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Laurel	£ 20	Smallage . A M M	a 14	Chamomel	26
Lettice	a 20	Silverweed	a 14	Clove gilliflowers	16
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Lungwort	A 23	Sengreen	b 14	Elder flowers	26
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Maiden-hair	a 13	Sullendine	4 17	Lavender flowers	1100- 26
Maudlin	a 13	Succory	a 17	Mallows	200 26
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Moulear	b 14	Saint Johns-wort	6 19	Rofes	26
Mugwort	# 14	Sciatica-creffes	b 19	Saffron	26
Mulchata	b 18	Star-wort	a 20	Steechas	26
Mafterwore Maftick man	6 20	Share-wort	4 20	Schænanth	26
Maftick-tree Mallows	A 21	Sea Bugloss	6 20	Succory	26
Mandrakes	b 20 b 20	Sea Lavender	6 20	Walflowers	26
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Mexercon	b 21	Scordium	b 23	Apricocks	Bayberries

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SEEDS. 28	Citrons	Foam of the Sea 32 Pearls 32 Red Corral 32 Sea fand 32 Sperma Ceti 32 METTALS. STONES. Ætitis 33 Amethift 33 Bezoar 35 Brimftone 35 Carbuncle 35 Cocks ftone 35 Diamond 35 Emerald 35 Granate 35 Gold 37 Jaiper 38 Lazuli 34 Lead 33 Litharge 35 Nephriticus 35 Nephriticus 35 Nephriticus 35 Nephriticus 35 Saphire 35 Swallows ftone 34
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Iiii A TA



A TABLE of the COMPOUNDS in the Order they are fet down in every Classis.

A directs to the first Column, B to the second, the Number to the Page.

SPIRITS, and COMPOUND DISTILLED WATERS.

SPiritus et Aqua Absinthii minus Composita: Or spirit and Wa-ter of Wormwood the lesser Compolition. Spiritus et Aqua Absynthis magis
Composita: Or spirit and Water
of Wormwood the greater Composition
4 63 Spiritus et Aqua Angelica magis Composita: Or spirit and Water of Angelica the greater Composi-Spiritus Lavendula Compositus : or Compound spirit of Lavender. Spiritus Caftorii : or Spirit of Cafto-Agua Petaffeidis Composita : Or Compound Water of Butter-burs. Aqua Rhaphani composita : Or, Compound Water of Rhadifbes. Aqua Peonie composita : or, Compound Water of Peony Aqua Bezoartica: Or, Bezoar Wa-Aqua et spiritus Lumbricorum Magi-Brales : Or, Water and fpirit of Earth-worms. Aqua Gentiana composita : or Gen-Aqua Gilberti: or, Gilberts Water Aqua Cordialis frigida Saxonia. Aqua Theriacalis : Or, Treacle Water thid Agua Brionia composita : Or, Baiony Water Compound 6 66 Agua Imperialis : Or, Imperial Water ibid Aqua Mirabilis a 67 Aqua Prothegiacalis ibid Aqua Caponise Or, Capon Water. ib Aqua Limacum Magistr. Or, Water of fnails

CC DOMESTIC	-
Aqua Scerdii composita : Ot	Com-
pound Water of Scordium.	b 67
pound water or ocoro-	ibid
Aqua Maria	HALL DE TRACE
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