The womans doctour. Or, an exact ... explantation of all such diseases as are peculiar to that sex. With choise ... remedies ... / Faithfully translated.

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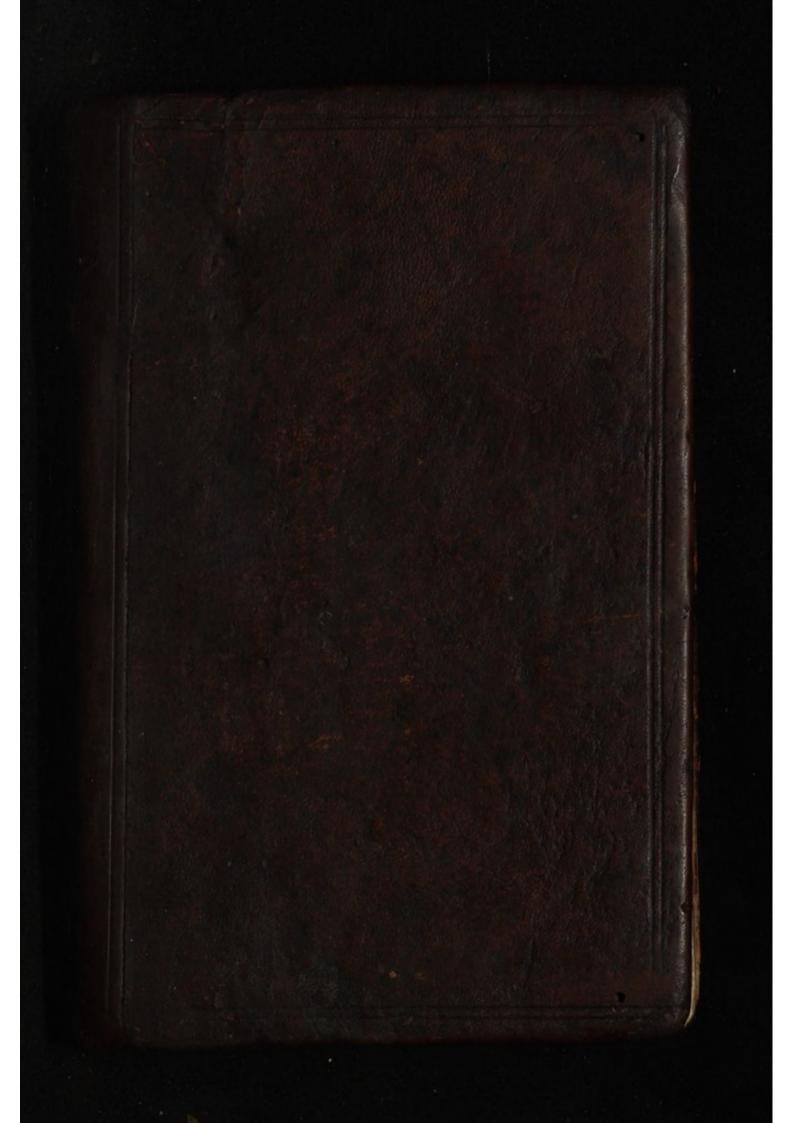
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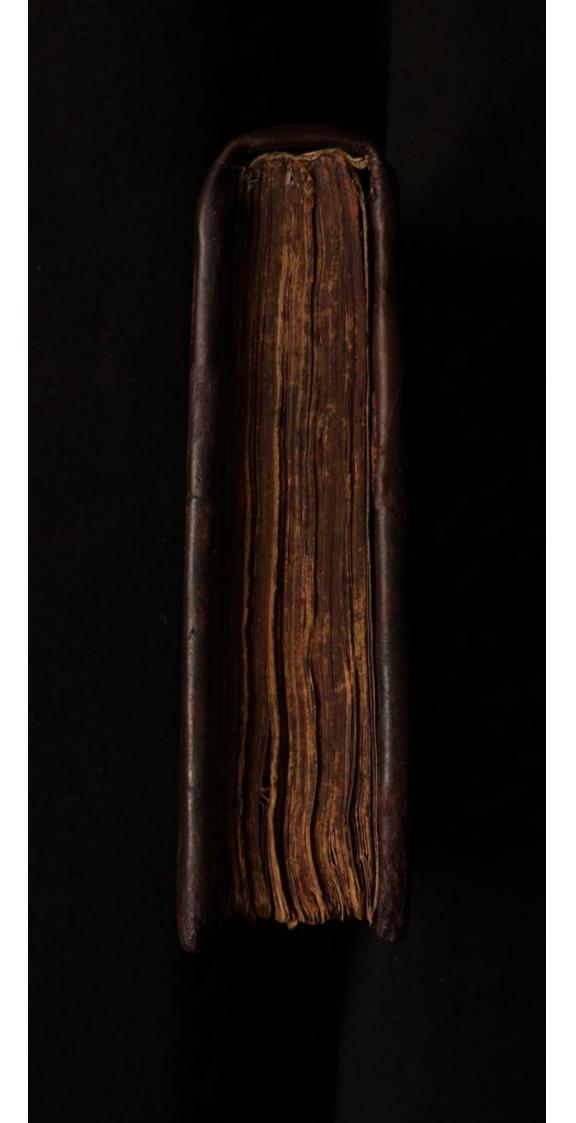


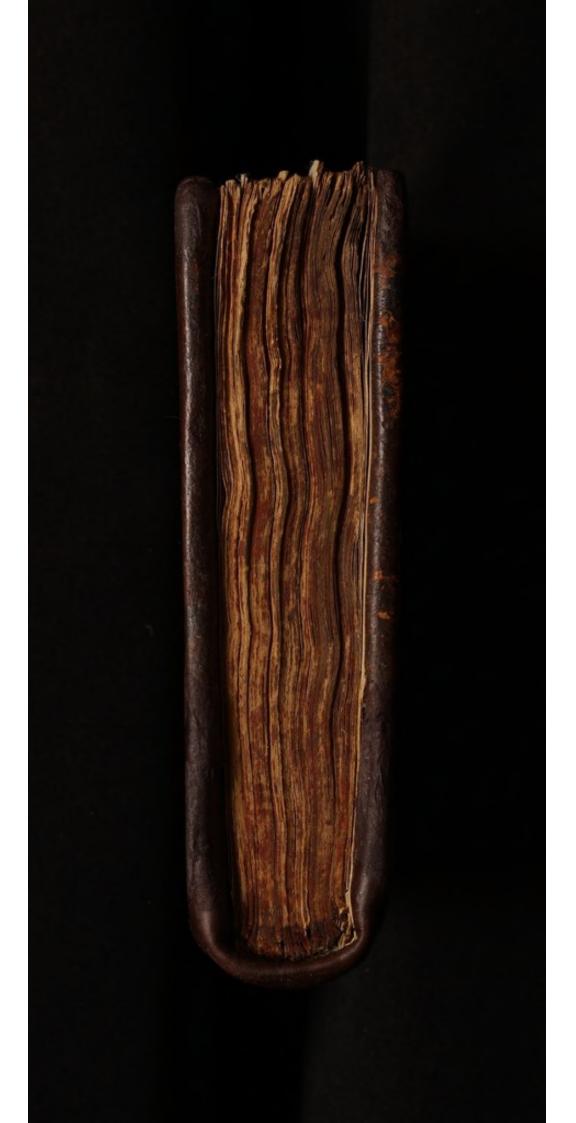
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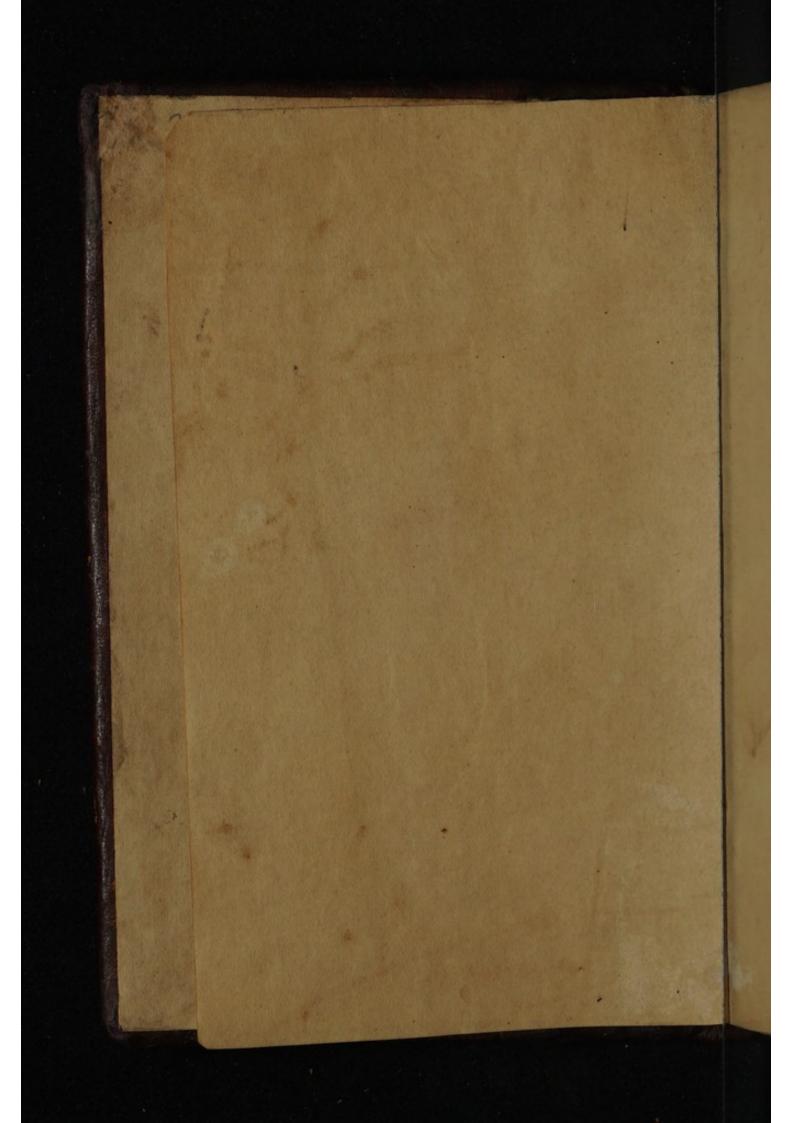


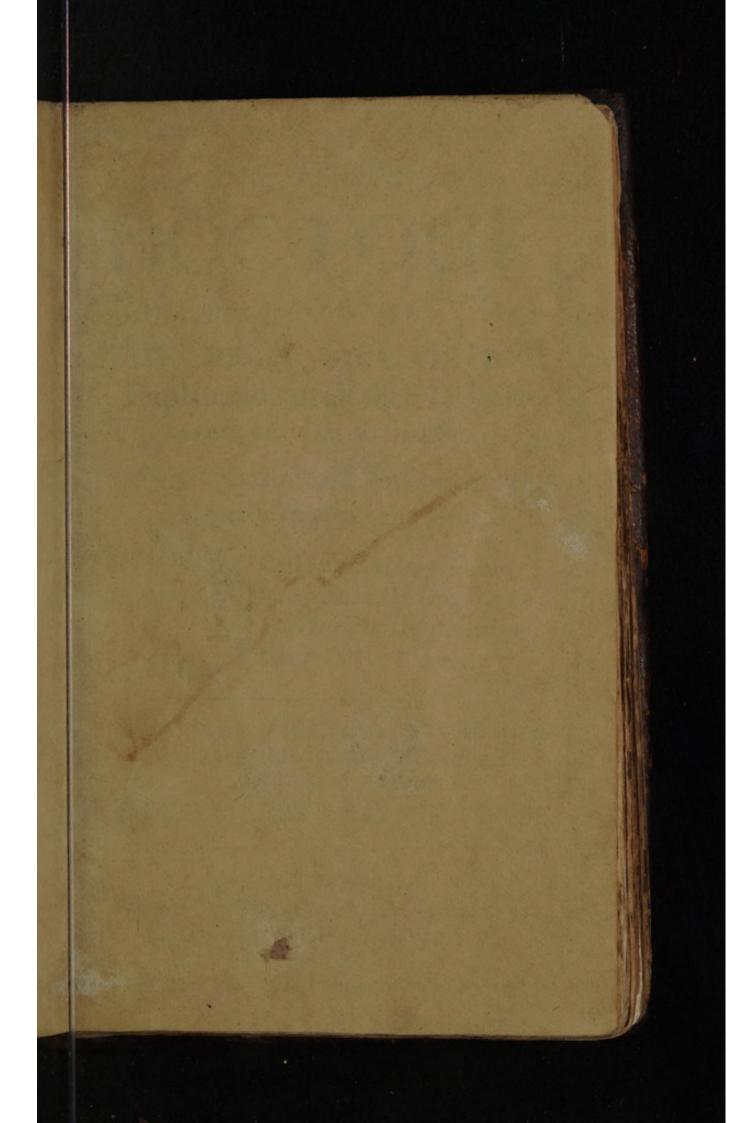


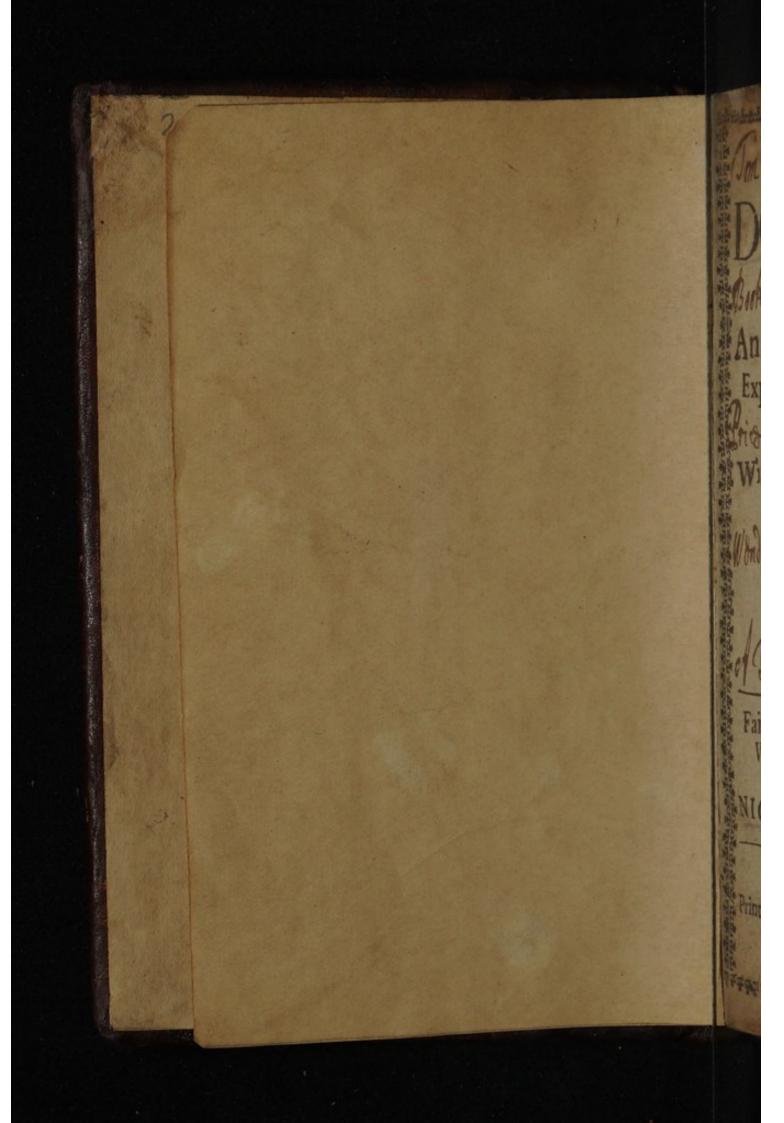




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#### THE

## FIRST BOOK

OF

## Womens Diseases.

The Proem by the Author.



T is acknowledged by the most able Physitians, that it requires great diligeuce, and Judgement to contrive an exact Partition, or

Explanation of Womens Diseases, and to oblige the World with a right Method, and Meanes to cure them: because sometimes a part is diseased by consent, and sometimes primari-

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ly, by it selfe, or without any communication of distemper either with, or without matter, from any other part. The Ancients, whose studious endeavours conspired the subduing of these Diseases, have left behinde them most honourable testimonies of their labours, in favour of that Sex. Modern men also have been stirred up to their defence, as Mercurialis, and Mercatus, the former indeed with sufficient elegance, but the latter with somuch tediousness, and confusion; that you may sooner finde your Patient dead, then a remedy in his writings for her recovery; to correct this inconvenience, Rodericus a Castro engaged his pen in their quarrell, but with no great successe, for if my Judgement be any thing confiderable, his writings are more learned, then usefull. When I had noted these desiciencies, I thought with my selfe, that if I culled out the choicest Medicines (omitting

#### The Proem.

(omitting the superfluous) and digested them into a little worke by
themselves, it might prove an undertaking worthy of a generall acceptation; This was the birth, and
growth of my designe, warrantable enough, as I conceive, if not
praise worthy, and if I flatter not
my selfe in an opinion of my own
paines, I have proceeded with so
much perspicuity, and tender circumspection, as will make the event
answerable.

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(omitting the Inperfluors) and digefred them into a tittle worke by themselves, it might prove an amdertaking worthy of a generall ac-ceptation: This was the birth, and growth of my deligne, watlantable enough, as Leonocive, if not praise worthy, and if I flatter not my felfe in an opinion of my own paines, I have proceeded with fo much perspicuity, and render circumspection, as will make the event

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# WISHASES.

#### The first Chapter.

Of the consent between the Diseases of the Matrix, and those of the other parts.



OMEN were made to flay at home, and to looke after Houshold employments, and because such business is accompanied with much ease, without any vehement stirrings of the body, therefore

hath provident Nature assigned them their monethly Courses, that by the benefit of those evacuations, the seculent and corrupt bloud might be purified, which otherwise,

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as being the purest part of the bloud, would turne to ranke poyfon, should it remaine in the body and putrifie; like the feed ejaculated out of its proper veffells. Hippocrates had a perfect understanding of these things, as may appeare by those words, in his booke de locis in bomine, where he faith, that the Matrix is the cause of all those diseases which happen to women; and it is no strange thing which he speaketh; for the Matrix hath a Sympathie with all the parts of the body; as with the Braine by the Nerves and Membranes of the parts about the spine, from whence sometimes ariseth the paines, in the fore part, and the hinder part of the head, with Heart alfo, both by the Spermatick, and the Epigastrick arteries, or those that lie about the Abdomen at the bottome of the bellie, from hence cometh the paine of the heart, fainting, and swounding fits, the passion of the Heart, anxietie of minde, dissolution of the spirits, insomuch as you cannot discerne, whither a woman breaths or not, or that the hath any pulse; it hath likewise a consent with the breafts; and from hence proceed those swellings, that hardness, and those terrible Cancers that afflict those tender parts, that a humour doth flow upwards

upwards, from the Matrix to the Breafts, and downwards again, from the Breafts to the Matrix, is the unanimous affertion of Galen, Hippocrates, Laurentius, Duretus, and others; moreover it hath a sympathie with the Liver; and thus the sanguification is perverted, and the body inclines to a Dropfie, and with the stomach and the Kidneys also, as those paines which great bellied women doe feele, and the torments which some Virgins undergoe, when they have their Courses, sufficiently witnesse. And lastly, Hippacrates hath taught us, that this confent holdeth with the bladder, and the straight gut; for, faith he, when that part is inflamed, then the urine commeth away by drops, and the Patient hath frequent defires, and folicitations to goe to stoole, but but without any performance.

Womens diseases are divided into source Classes, whereof the first containerh the difeases that are common to all women: the second comprehendeth such as are peculiar to Widowes, and Virgins; The third specifieth those Affects that concern barren women, and fuch as are fruitfull; And the fourth treateth of such diseases, as befall Women with Childe, and Nurses; of all which we shall now speak, one after ano-Those

ther, in their order.

W

Those diseases that are common, both to widowes and wives, both to barren women, and women that are fruitfull, as also to young Maids, and Virgins, proceed from the retention, or stoppage of their Courses, as the most universall, and most usuall cause; when these come from them, in a due and regular manner, their bodies are preserved from most terrible diseases; but otherwise, they are immediately subject to the falling Sickness, the Palsie, the Consumption, the Whites, the Mother, Melancholy, Burning Fevers, the Dropfey inward inflammations of all the principall parts, the suppression of the urine, naufeating, vomiting, loathing of meat, yex, ing, and a continuall paine in the Head, arifing from ill vapours, communicated from the Matrix to the Braine.

Wives are more healthfull then Widowes, or Virgins, because they are refreshed with the mans seed, and ejaculate their own, which being excluded, the cause of the evill is taken away. This is evident from the words of Hippocrates, who adviseth young Maids to marrie, when they are thus troubled; that women have stones and seed, no true Anatomist will denie; the wormans seed, I consess, in regard of the small

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quantity of heat, is more imperfect then the feed of the mans, yet is it most absolute in it selfe, and fit for Generation. Another cause also may be added, besides that which is alledged from Hippocrates, namely, that married women by lying with their husbands, doe loosen the passages of the seed, and so the Courses come down more eafily thorow them; Now in Virgins it falls out otherwise, because the bloud is stopped by the constipation and obstruction of the veines, and being stopped putrifies, from which putrifaction groffe vapours doe arise, and from thence heavinesse of minde, and dulnesse of spirit, a benummednesse of the parts, timorousnesse, and an aptness to be frighted, with a sudden propensitie to fall into fits of the Mother, by reason of much bloud, oppresfing and burthening the heart, also continuall anxiety, sadness, and want of sleep, with idle talking, and an alienation of the minde, but that which most commonly afflicts them, is a difficulty, and paine to fetch their breath, for the cheft by a continuall dialacation and compression, draweth the bloud from the Matrix to it lelfe, in a large proportion, and sometimes produceth asthmaticall effects. Fue What

what shall we say concerning Widowes, who lye fallow, and live sequestred from these Venereous Conjunctions? we must conclude, that if they be young, of a black complexion, and hairie, and are likewise somewhat discoloured in their cheeks, that they have a spirit of salacity, and feele within themselves a frequent titillation, their feed being hot and prurient, doth irritate and inflame them to Venery, neither is this concupiscence allaid and qualified, but by provoking the ejaculation of the feed, as Galen propounds the advice in the example of a widow, who was afflicted with intolerable symptomes, till the abundance of the spermatick humour was diminished by the hand of a skilfull Midwife, and a convenient oyntment, which pafsage will also furnish us with this argument, that the tife of Venery is exceeding wholsome, if the woman will confine her selfe to the lawes of moderation, so that she feele no wearisomnesse, nor weaknesse in her body, after those pleasing conflicts.

Most certaine it is, that barren women are more tormented with ficknesse, then those that are fruitfull, because, they who have children, live in a more healthfull condition, by reason of the opening of the

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veines, and the comming away of the superfluous bloud; which being of an earthy, and feculent substance, must needs introduce prodigious symptomes in the bodies of other women, who have no feafonable meanes to vent and purge it out, and daily experience doth witnesse it to the private consideration of such women, that very many obstructions breed in their Livers, Mesenteries, and Matrices. That women in Child bed also, and such as nurse their owne children, are subject to most bitter, and vehement affects, Galen doth daily teach us by an undeniable reason; for whereas the childe in the wombe is nourished by the sweetest, fattest, and most elaborate part of the menstruous Bloud, in its own nature filthy, and dreggish, when the woman is delivered , that bloud is forcibly evacuated by a criticall kinde of motion, and violent ebullition, whereupon the fpirits are exhausted, and the feeble creature is precipitated into mortall infirmities, as fainting fits, incredible torments, and frequent soundings.

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Many times also, besides that perticular sulnesse of the womb through the swelling, and strutting of the veines; such women all the time that they be great with childe,

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mours, contracted, and heaped up together by a bad diet, after which the upper parts of their bodies are many times most

wofully inflamed.

After the same manner also Nurses are tormented with sore breasts, painfull swellings, Ulcers, and Cancers, and the like cruell diseases, by reason that the Menstruum sloweth in an unmeasurable quantitie to the breasts, and there settles. But now, by the permission of Heaven, we shall set down a particular Explanation of these Diseases.

# CHAP. II. The suppression of the Courses.

The suppression of the Courses, is an interception, or stoppage of that usuall evacuation of bloud, which is wont to flow

from the Matrix every month.

There is a twofold cause hereof; one inward, the other outwards; the inward cause is also manifold; for sometimes it is one kinde of distemper, sometimes another; and sometimes againe, a humour is the cause thereof, the distemper is either

either hot, or cold, and concerning the former, this is controverted among the Doctors, how a hot distemper can stay the Courses: for if we will credit the b ft Authors, or submit our judgements to the generall Vote of Philosophy; it is the property of heat to open, to rarifie, to make thin, and to dilate: as on the contrary, it is the property of cold to obstruct, to thicken, to binde, and to condensate, the anfwer is easie and obvious; wherefore we say that heat properly doth not flay the Courfes, but onely by accident, as namely by attenuation, diffipating, and consuming the thinner parts of the Menstruum, for any humour is reasonably conceived to become more drie and thick, when the thinner part thereof is wasted away; and againe, the thicker and dryer it is, it must needs be so much the more unapt to be expelled: and this is the reason that sturdie women in the Country, who are accustomed to Jabour, and take much paines, and fuch Virgins, as are of a hot constitution, have very little, or no evacuation this way, because the Mnstruum is wasted, and vanisheth by their continuall exercise, and paines taking. Secondly, when the moisture is consumed away. the veffels are so much the more narrow

and bound up, so that there is almost no passage left for the exclusion of the Courses.

A cold Distemper stayeth the Courses, because it weakneth and cooleth the parts, breeds bad humors and obstructions, straightens the passages, obstructs the conduits, infirmes, and overcooleth the Matrix, and so retaines, sup-

presseth, and stoppeth the Courses.

Swellings, Imposshnmes, scars, and the like, are all reducible to the inward causes; but the most usuall inward cause is a slow, tough and slimy humour, which glewing up, as it were, the vessells of the Matrix, and thickning the bloud, retaineth the Menstrum, according to the opinion of Galen, delivered in severall places of his works.

The outward Causes are all those things, which any way increase a cold juice in the body, as a cold and moist Ayre, gluttony, crudities, cold Baths, and an unscasonable use of them, meats that yield a grosse nourishment, and are hard to digest, and such as constipate the humours, and thicken the bloud; in which number are thick and sweet wines, pulse of all forts, white meats made with milke, hard sish, and salt slesh, pothearbs, Vineger, Olives, Rice, and the like; also an unseasonable use of Venery, a disorderly motion of the body, presently after meates, cold drink,

ale, and other Pourtents, or liquors which

breed flow, and thick juices.

You may know when the Menstruum is, or will soon be suppressed by the relation of the fick woman, who commonly will make these discoveries; that she hath no stomack to her meat, that for a long time together the hath felt a heavinesse over all her body, with a paine in her back, her privities, and her Matrix: besides, you your self may discern agreenish paleness in her face ; Sometimes she is troubled with loud belchings, and cruell paines in her belly ; but frequently with the head-ach, especially in the forepart of her head, and when the bloud is stopped, & putrifies in her body, presently there ariseth a Fever, by reason of that Sympathy, Communion, or consent between the Matrix & the other parts.

Many, and irreparable are the inconveniences, and evills, which happen by this stoppage of the Courses, if we may believe the great Hippocrates, who in one of his Aphorismes saith, if the Menstruum comes away without moderation, diseases sollow; but if it comes not away at all, yet then diseases happen also from the Matrix: but if it comes away in a due, and naturall manner, it preserves the woman from all gowtie torments, from paines in her joints,

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from the Pleurisse, and all other inflammations in her sides, from the Apoplexy, from the difficulty to fetch her breath, and from loofing her voyce; Women that have not their Courses, must seeke for remedies with speed and prudence; let them betake themselves to a temperate and moyst Ayre, for if the Ayre be too hot, it wasteth the bloud, and drawes it upwards from the Matrix; it likewise exhausts the Spirits, and is thought to be a weakner of the body: on the contrary, when the Ayre is too cold, it compels the bloud to retire, it weakens the Matrix, breeds groffe and thick humours, and locks up the passages, so that the Menstruum cannot descend, the molt convenient drinke in this case is small Rhenish wine, if there be a Fever, or, which will be lesse dangerous, small beere boiled with a little Cinamon, Anise, Maydenbaire, or Birthwort.

Her diet should be such as will bee soon concocted, and easily distributed to all the parts; boiled meats are more wholesome forher then rosted, because these dry up the bloud, but they soften the body, and keep it moist: let her also choose to seed upon tame creatures rather then wilde, because these are more hot and dry, but those are more moist and temperate; boyle them

with

with red fitches, for the broth that is thus made doth most powerfully bring down the Courses. What meats must be avoided hath been said above; but above all things, let her refraine the use of sowre things, because, as Hippocrates hath warned us, they bring paine to the Matrix; it will be good to rub the lower parts of her legs very often, and to tie straight ligatures about them, till they make her complaine of much paine. son of our source anotheride mile

Having thus prescribed her Diet, the nexo designe must be to evacuate the Cause; this may be done severall wayes, but especially by letting bloud, and fometimes by purging her body; the Physicians have long contended, but very foolishly, which wein should be cut: but we omitting the frivoulous alterations on both fides, conclude with Galen, that when the Courses arestop'e, if the strength of the woman will beare it, and the nature of the Disease require it, the vein in the Ankle must alwayes be opened; not in the Arme as Aetius commands; who also is backt in that opinion by Gradus, Mercurialis, and Amatus Lusitanus, who was taught by Ruffus to open a vein in a womans arme, to advance the cure; but I cannot approve of that course, because rectitude

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11. instead of opening a vein, useth Scarification to the domesticall part, as having the greatest resemblance with Phlebotomy, and if these things doe not overcome the Disease, apply Leeches to the Hemorrhoids, to take away the accumulation of melancholy bloud; for they suck out the feculent, and dreggish humours, impacted in the Matrix, by reason that those parts are so neere the one to the other.

Zacutus Lusitanus applieth them to the inner part of the Matrix, and boasteth himfelse the Author of this kinde of remedy; but whether it be consonant to reason, I leave to considering persons to judge.

There is no doubt but the application of Leeches may be usefull, because the humour is slow, thick and earthy: but in regard that no part is evacuated, till the whole body be first purged, therefore I shall advise you to give her this Purge following, which will worke very gently.

Take three drams of Sena. Three scruples of Agarick. A dram of Annise-seeds.

Macerate them together, in a sufficient quantity of Penniroyall water, for the space space of a night, to three ounces, in the morning allow them one or two bublings, and to the liquor which you presse out, add

Foure drams of Diaphenicon.

Mingle them, and give it her to drinke.

Or of the Electuary make a Bolus.

When the body is purged, and a vein hath been opened, let your Judgement keep company with Galens directions, and prepare the thick humour with this Decoction following.

Take Smallage, Fennell, and Sparagus roots, of each halfe an ounce, the leaves of Hysope, Pennyreyall, and Birthwort, of each a

handfull.

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Two drams of Carretts feeds.

Boile them in a sufficient quantity of Barley water, to a quart; to the strained liquor add Syr. de 5. radicibus, and Syr. lupulorum, of each an ounce, mingle them, and make an Apozem. Or

Take the roots of Acorns, and Elecampane,

of each two drams.

The leaves of Pennyroyall,

Motherwort,

Balme,

Betony, of each a handfull.
Two ounces of white Agarick.
An ounce and a halfe of Anise seeds.

Boile

Syrupe of Motherwort,

Syrupe of Maydenhaire, of each an ounce.

Mingle them, and make an Apozem.

Note that Agarick hath respect unto the nervous parts, and that the Syrup of the five roots with vinegar doth hurt the Nerves, because all sharp things are hurtfull to the Matrix, according to Hippocrates, whose Judgement winneth reverence with the best Physicians.

Fomentations must be applyed to the small guts, to the privie parts, and you must make them of opening simples, and such as will cut into, and make thin the grosse and

thick humours.

Baths and halfetubs prepared of the like fimples will be very usefull; and the best liniments you can choose are made of oyle of Lillies, castor, dill, and capers, and the most profitable oyntments are unguent. Agrippe, and de Althea, with gums.

After you have gone thus far, you must evacuate the bloud, and provoke urine: to which purposes prescribe this Decocion

following.

Take the roots of Butchers broome,

Sparagus,

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Fennill, of each an ounce.

The roots of Aristolochy the round. Birthwort of each two drams.

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The leaves of Penniroyall

Snakeweed,

Motherwort, of each a handfull.

Foure drams of Sena.

Two ounces of white agarick.

Foure ounces of Hermodactyls.

An ounce and a halfe of Epithymum.

Anise and fennill seeds, of each an ounce. Boile them in a sufficient quantity of water, to a pint and a halfe, to the strained liquor being hard prest, add two ounces of the best boney, mingle them, and make an Apozem.

Every other morning let her drink foure ounces of this fasting, and in the meane time strengthen her belly, and her Matrix, with fomentations that are good to expell winde: you may make them of the Simples aforesaid, with the powders Dianis,

Diacumin, Diagalang. and the like.

You must provoke the Menstruum with Pessaries, made of the juyce of Mercury, Cucumbers, Restbarrow, unsalted butter, Hogsgrease, the gall of art Oxe, Sagapenum, Ammoniacum,

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moniacum, Castor, Assa-fetida, and the like. Pertumes made with spices bring down the Courses, if the steame or vapour of them be conveighed into the Matrix; or you may appoint little Trochishs to be made with rue, aristolochy, Castor, assa fetida, Sagapenum, and turpentine, which being cast upon hot burning coles they will smoke, and that smoke will speedily bring down her Courses, if it be received up thorow a tunnell.

You must make an issue in her leg, that the Matrix may exhale, and the thick hu-

mours may be purged out.

Such Compositions as have steele in them will be most essectuall, for it is manifest by experience, that steele is good to cut into, and make thin the thick and slow humours, to open obstructions, to bring down the Courses, to provoke urine, and to free the vessels from all matter that stop them: and all these things it performes by mansest qualities inherent in it, and not by the ponderosity, or heavinesse thereof, as some have conjectured.

Severall Authors have devised severall preparations of it; but we alwayes used to prepare it after this manner following.

Take a pound of Steele filed into a most fine dust, wash it in Pennyroyall water distil-

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led, till the water look pure and cleare, then put it into a glasse Viol, pouring upon it a sufficient quantity of Vinegar, made with Penniroyall: set it in the Sun thirty dayes, stirring it about every seventh day, afterwards dry it, weare it to a most subtle powder in a Marble morter, sift it, and keep it for your use; the Dose, or quantity hereof to be taken, is a dram with mormewood wine, or Rhenish wine, or with Hydromel.

Note, that we advisedly make use of the vinegar aforenamed, because the use and vertue of Steele is to unlock obstructions; and Vinegar hath a faculty to penetrate, make thin, and cut asunder the thickest humours, and therefore by the help there-of the Steele is with the more expedition transmitted to the remotest parts of the body.

Yet if the patient be troubled with a hot distemper in her Liver, stomack, or spleen, or if you discerne any weaknesse in her inward parts, then prepare the steele with Rose-

mater, or whey of Goats milke.

When she hath taken the steele, let her walke an houre after it; for exercise opens the pores, and thereby the Medicine is the more easily distributed: when she hath observed

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ferved this injunction, let her lie down till she begin to sweat, or if she finde in her selfe a disposednesse, let her sleep: afterwards give her to eat, but her meat should rather be rosted, then boyl'd, and for her drink, allow her small wine, or wine pre-

pared with steele. The day Man Man Man Man

I doe not judge it meet to determine any time for the continuance of these Rules, and precepts, onely in generall, I hold it convenient to use them, till the Patient be more apt, and disposed for exercise, till she can walke without any lazy complaint of wearinesse, till her lips begin to look of a more lively colour, till no obstruction be perceiveable by the touch, and in a word, till the urine, which was thin, pale, and discoloured, appeare reddishlike unto the urine of a healthfull woman.

The Spring time is the most convenient to undertake this Cure; for then the humours are most apt to slow, which in the Winter are congealed, and impacted in the severall parts; and in the Summer time it will not be altogether so proper to begin the Cure, for then thorough the immoderate heat of the season, the humours doe daily threaten to precipitate the sick woman into a fever.

If the woman be weake in her body, let her refraine from exercise, and rest her selse upon her bed, and after the space of a sull houre, let her body be diligently rubbed, till it looke red, that the faculties of the steele may be actuated, and assisted in their operation; for Galen in his book de Puero Epileptico and the fourth Chapter saith, that the rubbing of the body supplies the want of exercise, because it attenuateth and cut-eth the humours, unlocks the obstructions, quickens, and kindles the naturall heat, and dissolves the peccant matter.

Many mingle steele prepared with Conserves, and Syrups; Some make Lozenges thereof, and so doe we also; especially when the Patient resuseth Wine, or Conserves, and the like: for in some cases we must allow pardon to the queazinesse of the sick, and humour the Palate with a safe

indulgence.

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The powders Diarhod. Abbat, Dialacca, and Diacucurma, are very good to open the passages which are stop't, and therefore you may prudently mingle them among the ingredients for the Lozenges aforesaid.

Here perhaps you will start this question; if heat provokes to stoole, and brings down the urine, if it attenuates, cuts in-

to the humours, and open the obstructions; why doe Physicians unanimously command the staying of a loofenesse, or an Iffue of bloud, in what part of the body. soever it happen, and to that intent prescribe water, or wine, or beer, wherein steele hath been quenched, thereby to make it more binding, and more apt to flay any flux? I answer, that steele is indued with those qualities I readily grant; but the Method which is observed in the use of steele doth cleerely demonstrate a diversity of faculties to be in it: wherefore if your aime and intention be to open the obstructions, drinke the wine when the feele hath been once, twice, or thrice quenched in it; but if you defire it should binde, then prescribe it to be taken after the fixth, or seventh quenching; for the first water or wine openeth, because in that lieth the fiery quality; but the other bindeth, because in that consists the earthy part: neither shall you need to wonder, that feverall and contrary qualities should lie concealed in one, and the same minerall, mettall, or fimple, seeing that by daily experience we have a demonstrative certainty of the truth thereof; for thus Aloes hath an Emplastick and an opening quali-

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ty: thus Rubarb both binds and purgeth.

Now you must note that these Simples are called hot and cold, as they have hot or cold parts predominant in them: thus we conclude endive to be cold, because the parts thereof are more most then bitter, and we say Rubarb is hot, because it hath a nitrous, stery, purging quality predominant in it, above the earthy, binding, and

cold parts.

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Christopherus a Vega, a man otherwise very learned, seemes to my understanding to forfake the offers of reason, in saying that steele is unprofitable, because he never saw any woman, who had not her Courses, or who was troubled with obstructions, cured by the meanes of this Remedy; but truly, if it doth not sometimes totally; subdue the evill, yet the fault must not therefore consequently be charged upon the Medicine, because the Matrix is sometimes vitiated by an habituall diftemper, or else the obstructions thereof are so many, or so stubborne, that sometimes they destroy the sick woman; and if it doe not fall out fo, yet is it an undeniable truth which the Poet tells us,

Non est in Medico semper relevetur ut Æger, Interdum docta plus valet arte malum.

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That is,
The Doctour cannot still successefull be,
Sometimes the evill gets the victory.

## CHAP. III.

The immoderate flowing of the Courses.

This disease is contrary to the former; for as in that the Menstruum is too long retained, so in this they run too long.

There is also this difference between them: the one proceedeth from a hot dif-

temper, the other from a cold one.

This we now treat on, is produced by a twofold cause, the one inward, and the

other outward.

The inward Cause is a hot distemper of the Liver, whereby the bloud growes hot, thin, boyling in the vessells, and opening them, so that the Menstruum is purged out, before the usuall and due time.

The outward Cause is that which heateth and inflames the bloud, and withall makes it thin, as vehement and sturdy exercises, pensivenesse, and immoderate cares of the minde, excessive anger, and thoughts busied upon revenge: a custome of eating

neats

ly, such as are full of pepper, and salt, bibing of wine, and strong drinks, too much bathing of the body, long watchings, siting in the Sun overmuch, or by the sire

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You may easily make your selfe acquainted with the fignes by converting with, and questioning the fick woman, besides, you may of your selfe observe, that the Patient is much weakned, in regard that the parts are deprived of the purest portion, and the most laudable substance of the bloud, by which the life of a Creature is prolonged; women thus affected are very fad, and melancholy, by reason that the bloud faileth, which otherwise containes a spiritin it, that makes them cheerefull and lively, they grow leane and feeble, scarce able to stand upon their legs, they are apt to Nauseate, and forsake their meat, they are bound in their bodies, and grow puft, and swel'd up; they are troubled with. weaknesse in their stomacks, they cannot digest their meat, their eye-lids fink inwards, the calfes of their legs swell, and their outward parts look pale, and discoloured: yea, by degrees the whole radicall moisture, and inborne preservative decayeth,

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cayeth and the Patient perisheth.

Wherefore make no delay, but immediately oppose all your helps of Art to the subduing of the Disease; let her be lodged in an ayre that is cold and dry, and let her not be exposed to any ayre by night : ftrew coole hearbs about her chamber, and let her avoid the ayre which is hot, because it rarifies the bloud, makes it thin and waterish, and also inflames, and overhears it.

She must forbear the use of hot meats, as Leeks, Onyons, Watercresses, Origanum, and the like; let her likewile refraine from feeding upon spiced meats, and such as breed a thin juyce; Rice boyled with sheepsfeet is good for her; and so are rosted Quinces. Medlars, and Services.

Three houres after Supper, let her take fine flower, or pure Bisket dissolved in Plantane, or Rosewater, and sweetned with

Sugar.

Give her no wine, unlesse it be sowre, and binding red wine; but it will be more profitable to give her water, wherein gum, tragacanth hath been boiled, and perfumed with Mastick, beere in which steele hath been infused will be profitable for her, about the third, or fourth day, for this drink hath

hath a binding faculty without heating.

But the opening of a vein twice, or thrice in a day, obtaines the preheminence from all other remedies, according to the judgment of Galen, because it drawes back the humour more forcibly to the upper parts when it is often repeated, then when it is done all at once; heare him in his own words. Quanto majorem in numerum particulares auxeris detractiones, tanto efficaciorem revulsionem efficies, that is, the oftner you open a vein, taking away a small quantity of bloud at a time, so much more effectuall will the Revulsion be; for when the bloud is allured to the contrary part by these frequent iterations; Nature is accustomed to summon the bloud to the upper parts; and thus that ordinary faying among the Doctors may properly be understood, that one flux cureth another.

Hippocrates commendeth a large Cuppinglass applied to the breasts; and very deservedly, because there is a great consent and Simpathy between the veins of the Matrix,

and those of the Breasts.

Moreover, you must prescribe such things as are of tried, and known vertue, to thicken the bloud, syrup of Poppy, Quinces, dried Roses, Myrtles, and the like.

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We usually prescribe this Draught following for the sick, and we must add this to its commendation, that it seldome faileth in its operation.

Two scruples of boiled Rubarb. A scruple of Citron myrobalans.

Halfe an ounce of syrup of Quinces.

Two ounces, and a halfe of Plant ane

Mingle them, and let her drink it.

Divers Authors, as Rondeletius, Hollerius, Amatus Lusitanus, and others condemn the boiling of Rubarb; and the reason is this, as things fay they, become more milde, and weake in their operations, when they have past the fire; so those things which are gentle, become more vehement, having ac. quired a new kinde of faculty by the force of the fire: this I grant most willingly, but in the meane time they purge lesse, and binde more, which we defire, and as for any corrupt quality, which the power of the fire may have contributed to it, that is easily washt away by the help of Plantane water, or the juice of Quinces, if you de. mand whither this humour should be prepared? I answer, evacuate it without any. delay, for you must not expect, or wait the concoction thereof.

Binding

CHAP. 3. Womens Diseases.

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Binding Glysters will be very usefull; you may make them after this manner.

Take foure drams of the roots of Confo-

lida major.

The leaves of plantane and horsetayle, of each a handfull.

Halfe a handfull of red Roses. Two drams of shaled Pease.

Boile them in a sufficient quantity of plantane water, to nine ounces; to the strained liquor add a dram of the Trochischs de Carabe, two ounces of syrup of Roses made with dried Roses.

The whites of two Eggs.

Mingle them, and make a glyster. Or Take foure drams of the greater Compbrey roots.

The leaves of knotgrass, and plantane, of each a handfull.

As many red Roses as your thumb, and two fingers can take up.

Sumach and Quince seeds, of each two

drams.

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Three drams of barley parched, and beaten to a groffe powder.

Boile them in a sufficient quantity of

plantane water to nine ounces.

To the strained liquor add two ounces of syrup of Myrtles.

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A dram of terra sigillata.

Mingle them, and make a glyfter.

After these glisters are injected, anoint the Matrix with altringent oyntments; Take as many plantane leaves as you can grasp between your thumb and two fingers at twice.

Red Roses.

Mulberry leaves.

Oake leaves, of each halfe the quantity aforefaid.

A dram of Sumach feeds.

Boile them gently in foure pints of oyle of Quinces.

Straine and presse the liquor hard, and

then put in

True Bolearmanick,

Trochischs de Carabe, of each a dram.

With a sufficient quantity of white wax, make a soft oyntment, according to art, or

Take two ounces of unguentum Comitisse.

Oyle of myrtles, and oyle of quinces, of each two drams.

Mingle them, and make a liniment.

You must likewise bath the Matrix with fomentations made after this manner.

Take the leaves of plantane,

Knotgrasse, Oake leaves.

Red

Red Roses, of each a handfull. The seeds of plantane, Sumach. Quinces, of each three drams.

Boile them in a sufficient quantity of red wine, or water wherein steele hath been quenched to three pints: use the strained

liquor as was faid above.

That which remaines after the straining may be kept for a Poultis, unto which you may add oyle of quinces, and unquentum Comitisse, of each two ounces, and mingling them together, you have an excellent Poultis.

But if the disease yield not to these Remedies, you may exhibit half a dram of new Treacle, or Philonium Persicum, or a scruple of the masse of Pils de Cynoglossa; if the Patient incline to a Consumption a give her Cowes milk prepared rightly with seele, to drink in a morning sasting; if the evill still persevere, and you suspect the heat of the Liver to be the Cause of the disease, make an issue in her leg, that the Liver may exhale at that vent, and the other bowells may evaporate, or else let her goe into a Bath, the waters whereof run from an iron Mine; for these naturally binde and thicken.

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## CHAP. IV.

Of the coming away of the Courses by Drops, of the vehement Symptomes thereof, and of the Whites.

As the urine irritates the expulsive faculty, so many times doth the Menstruum, for as that, when it is too hot, doth prick, burn, and is frequently pist out, so the Menstruum being vehemently hot, doth cause an itch, and an irritation, and produceth a Disease, which the Doctours call Stillicidium Uterinum, which we may english, to be a coming away of the Courses by drops.

The Disease proceeds from the same Causes, as doth the immoderate; slowing of the Courses: therefore the same Remedies will be also proper to overcome them; yet in this present cure you need not prescribe so

many Remedies, nor so often.

When any notable Symptomes accompanie this Disease, as a vehement burning, torments in the Matrix, a paine about the secret parts, it is called the Stillicide, or Dropping of the Matrix, from a sharp humour.

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mour, arising through the hot distemper of the Liver, and the Kidneys; and whereas it takes beginning from a hot distemper, from whence sharpe, hot, and fiery humours are generated, your Method must be first to root out the Cause, and then to cure the distemper; wherefore her body must be cooled, her bloud must be thickned, and the Flux must be drawn back to the upper parts; this is done by a coole Ayre, by giving her whey to drinke, wherein steele hath been often quenched; and lastly, you may prescribe for her the cold thickning Dyet, which we have set down above.

You may let her bloud in both armes, and appoint the opening of the veine called Salvatella; Leeches must be applied to the Hemorrhoids, that the adust and melancholly bloud may be drawn out. Purge her often with Rubarb and Cassia, Syrupe of Violets, Citron Myrobalaus, Manna, Tamarinds, Diaprun. simpl. and the like Simples which gently bring away choler. Cooling and thickning Juleps will be very necessary, which you

may make after this manner.

Take twelve ounces of plantane water,

Foure ounces of Rose mater.

Two ounces of Syrupe of the juice of Quinces. no b Ang 18 Laved.

Mingle

Mingle them, and make a Julep, or Take the waters of Plantane,

Purselane, of each eight ounces, Syrup of Poppy,

Syrupe of restbarrow, of each an ounce and a half.

Mingle them, and make a Julep.

If the chiefest fault lie in the Ridneys, Take ten ounces of Bean water distilled. The waters of Plantane.

Mallower, of each two ounces.

Syrupe of Myrtles.

Syrupe of Poppy, of each an ounce.

A scruple and a halte of Lapu Prunelle.

Mingle them, and make a Julep.

But note, if the Patient have a hot Liver, and a cold stomack, it will be convenient to lessen the quantity of the distilled mallow water, or to prescribe an equall part of Rose water, the vertue whereof

strengthens the inward parts.

Baths made with binding Simples, are highly profitable in this Disease; for they doe not onely attemper the sharpnesse of the humours, but they drive the humours to the outward parts, and so defend and fortise the Matrix from that annoyance, which they threatned unto it, and in a while the Flux is stayed.

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Whey, although it be Diureticall, and provoke urine, yet when steele is quenched in it, it is wonderfull wholsome for her: as Hippocrates affirmeth concerning the Son of Erotelaus, lying sick of a bloudy Flux, for when he had drunk whey, in which red hot slints were quenched, his evacuations were more moderate, although they were bloudy, and in a short time they ended; here is to be noted, that whey although upon a slight consideration, it may seeme to be Diureticall, and so to provoke rather then to stay the flux, yet if steele be frequently quenched in it, till the thin and stery parts thereof be wasted away, it stayeth the Flux.

If these Remedies prevaile not to perfect the Cure, I shall counsell you to make an Issue upon the knee, for this being kept open, the corrupt humours are evacuated, without any decay of the spirits, which otherwise doe many times produce grievous and vehement Symptomes; we have spoken of the coming away of the Menstrum by Drops, with the terrible Symptome which accompanies it, namely, a vehement and insupportable paine, but because this paine proceeds from divers causes, the Cure

must be also diversified.

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Women therefore which are of a cold Constitution,

36 Womens Diseases. CHAP. 4.

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Constitution, especially if they be young, prone to Venery, Black, and Hairy, must be purged, that the Cause may be taken away, and therefore their bodies must be first prepared before you can hope to appeale the paine.

You may evacuate the humour with Diaphenicon, Benedicia laxativa, or with Pills of Hiera: and you may prepare the humour with smallage, and fennill roots, with agrimony and Motherwort leaves, boiled in water wherein steele hath been quenched with

Rhodomel.

The paine must be appeased with unguent. Populeum, unto which you may add a few graines of opium; or else you may apply fomentations to the head.

A vein also must be opened, as we have

shewed you above.

If a woman or Virgin have the whites, which come away of a thick and fattish substance, you must proceede as in the former Cure; but you must be exceeding cautious how you let bloud, for such bodies are full of raw humours, by reason whereof the spirits are much exhausted, and her body is weake and infirme, according to the Judgement of Galen, in his book de Sanguin, missione. chap. 11. wherefore in such cases.

cases, I counsell the Patient to goe to the Span waters, or some other of the like Nature; for they purge away the thick humour both by siege and by urine, but especially the melancholy juice, which is the cause of this disease.

A Decostion of China and Salzapavilla cannot be improper, nor Leeches applied to the Hemorrhoids. Note that the Caul of a Ram or Weather newly killed, must be laid to the affected part, being first anointed with oyle of Castor; for as the skull of a man is good against the Falling Sicknesse, and the Lungs of a Fox against the stoppage of the pipes, by a specificall vertue, or hidden similitude, so is this good for the stoppage.

The Whites are defined to be a lasting distillation from the Matrix, however it be affected; for Nature indevoureth to expell that supersuous, moist, and excrementitious bloud thorough the Matrix, and even at the same time disburtheneth the body from this unprofitable and offensive hu-

mour.

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This evill is reckoned among the Symptomes of those things, which are immoderately expelled out of the body, the Causes whereof are divers; for sometimes a predominancy

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dominancy of choler, sometimes a phlegmatick juice; many times melancholy, and very often bloud is evacuated; this is easily known, because a snottie kinde of humour drops, and distills continually from the Matrix, which is it be red, it proceeds from bloud; if white, from phlegme, if yellow,

it takes beginning from choler.

The sick woman complaines of a general weaknesse over all the parts of the body, her legs and eyelids are swelled, she cannot digest her meat, her stomack failes her, she is lazie, and loves no exercise, and cares not to stir up and down; so that at length her strength decayeth, and her spirits faile, through the abundance of bloud which hath come from her: wherefore this disease calls for early help, least it degenerate, as not seldome it doth, into a Dropsey, or a Consumption, or the like terrible Diseases.

If the body therefore abound with much bloud, let a veine be opened in the arme, to draw back the course of the humour, which is hastening from all parts of the body to the Matrix. Thus we read that Galen cured the wife of Boetius, unto whom other Physicians had preposterously prescribed Medicines without opening a

veine.

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Afterwards

Afterwards you must prepare the phlegmatick humour with a decoction of wormewood, unto which add Syr. of Roses, or Syr. de artemisia, the cholerick humour must be prepared with a decoction of endive, sorrell, unto which may be added Oxysaccarum, or Syrup. de succe Cichorii; if it be a Melancholy humour, prepare it with a decoction of Fumitary, Buglos, unto which add Syr. of Fumitary, and Syr. Lupuli.

Then expell the humour with some gen-

tle purge; if it be phlegmatick,

Take three scruples of white agarick Trochischt.

Two scruples of the root of Mecheacha.

A dram of Annise seeds.

Macerate them the space of a night, in a sufficient quantitie of fennil water; in the morning to two ounces and a halfe of the liquor which you presse out, add

Three drams of Diacarthamum.

Halfe an ounce of Diacnicum.

Mingle them together for a Potion.

If Cholerick humours abound in the body, Take two drams and a halfe of the best Rubarb.

Citron myrobalans.

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ds

Cinamon, of each a scruple.

Macerate them a whole night in a suffici-

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ent quantity of endive water, presse them with all your might, and add

An ounce and a halfe of Syrupe of roses

laxative.

Mingle them, and give it her to drinke in

the morning.

If Melancholy humours be predominant. Take two drams and a halfe of Sena.

A dram of Annife feeds.

Macerate them overnight, in a sufficient quantity of fumitary water, in the morning presse out the liquor, and add

To two ounces and a halfe of the liquor

Arained and preft,

Two drams of Confectio Hamech. Halse an ounce of Syrup of sumitary.

Mingle them for a Potion.

If the Disease yield not to these Medicines, expell the humour by an Epicrasis, that is, by some Decostion, that by degrees will digest, open, and evacuate the humour, and also mightily provoke urine; this Apozem following hath all these vertues.

Take the roots of Parfly,

Fennell, Euglos,

Polypody of the Oake, of each halfe an ounce.

The leaves of Maidenhaire.

Agrimony,

Motherwort,

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Motherwort, of each a handfull.

Six drams of Sena.

Two drams of rubarb.

One dram of agarick.

As much Epithymum as you can graspe between your thumb and two fingers.

Two drams of Annise seed.

Macerate them together a whole night, in two pints of barley water, upon hot embers, in the morning allow them one or two gentle bublings, and when you have strained them, add

Syrupe of fumitary.

Syrupe of roses laxative, of each an ounce.

Mingle them for an Apozem.

Every other morning let her have foure

ounces of it fasting.

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If all these things prove inessectuall, insuse a whole night six graines of Antimony
in wine, and let her drinke it, if her body
be strong enough to abide the conssist of
the medicine: for besides that, it draws back
the humours from the Matrix, by provoking
to Vomit, it likewise purgeth away by
stool that tenacious, phlegmatick, and thick
humour which is the cause of the Disease.

Wormewood beere is not unwholsome for her, or instead thereof, prescribe to her, beer wherein China roots have been insused,

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for

and dries up the superfluous moisture; for the same purpose, we advise, with Galen, that a Bath of hot sand be prepared; that after the use thereof the body be well rubbed, and anointed with honey heated by the fire; then, as we prescribed above, make an Issue in her knee.

## CHAP. V.

Of the Complication of the Menstrunm, with other Diseases.

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The Complication of the Menstruum with other Diseases is hard to be known, and not easie to be cured; for if any woman be sick of any Disease, and if her Courses be supprest, or appeare not, the Physicians are at a stand, what is most sit, during this Judication, to be done, for if we follow the motions of Nature, who worketh rightly, and open a vein in the ankle, this will not cure the Disease, which is rooted in the upper parts.

And if you draw bloud from the arme, you pervert the course and order of Nature, to the great disadvantage of the fick woman.

CHAP. 3. Womens Diseases.

43

woman. But you will say, in such a case as this, what is to be done? I shall tell you in few words.

The Disease is either vehement, or moderate, and of long continuance; if the Courses appeare, or come down, in a disease of long continuance, you may defer the opening of a vein till a more convenient season, be it either a vein in the arme, or in the ankle, which you intended to cut, for you can doe no hurt by omitting, or

at least suspending this remedy.

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But if the Disease be acute, and require a speedy evacuation; you must observe whither the Menstruum be answerable to the plentie of bloud which abounds in the body; if her Courfes come down, according to the prescription of Hippocrates, you must not be busie, but leave the whole matter to Nature; of the same opinion is Galen also, for, saith he, if at that time when you are letting bloud, it should so fall out, that her Courses come down, or that she should on a sudden have the Piles, you must defift from phlebotomy, and commit the whole businesse to Nature, if you are satisfied that the Menstruum commeth away in a sufficient quantity; but otherwise take from her so much bloud, as may make

Womens Diseases. CHAP.5.

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good the deficiency of her Courses.

But if a burning Fever be upon her, if the have not her Courses according to cuftome, and to the satisfaction of her own desires, then this defect must be supplied with medicines, by opening a veine in her ankle, applying Cuppinglasses with scarification to the calfes of her legs, or Leeches to the Hemorrhoids, to take away the super-

fluity of the bloud.

One thing must be considered, namely, if a woman after her delivery have a burning Fever upon her, her Courses actually flowing, whither it be lawfull, in regard of the vehemence of the Fever, to open the upper veines? Fernelius, Valeriola, Amatus Lusitanus, and divers others of good account, affent the lawfulnesse and expediency thereof; for although some have imagined, that if the upper veines be opened, the bloud will ascend to the upper parts; yet if it be true which they imagine, more profit and advantage will accrew thereby to the fick woman, then hurt or danger; for when a veine in the ankle is cut, although it bring down the Courses, and supply the defective motion of Nature, in respect of the part particularly affected; yet is it not equally prevalent against a most vehement inflimmation,

mation, nor altogether so profitable in a most acute disease; because the bloud must be drawn out from some vessell, that is nearer to the part affected, that the conjunctive cause may be taken away, and although by cutting a vein in the ankle, we can draw the whole masse of bloud out of the body, yet the bloud is not so sitly taken from one part, as from another; for in a Quinsey, or a Pleurisey, 'tis more commodious to open the Basilick veine to temper the heat, then any other veine in the whole body.

## CHAP. VI.

Of hard swellings in the Breasts.

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The Breasts are naturally thin, spongy, or sungous, and loose; for this reason they are apt to entertaine any crude, and melanchely humours, slowing to them either from the Matrix, or from any other parts; these, if they are not rightly, and duly expelled, they breed painefull, yea malignant and cankerd Vicers: wherefore you must addresse your selfe to the Cure, without any truce or delay; and this consists.

46 Womens Diseases CHAP. 6.

fifts in three things; in prescribing a Diet, in the manuall operations of Surgery, and

in outward and inward Medicines.

Let her therefore make choise of a pure ayre, let her drink be small beer boiled with annise and snakeweed; let her meat be of good concoction, and easie distribution, as Mutton broth, Cock broth, and rosted Chickens; let her avoid meats that thicken the bloud, as milke, cheese, bacon, sish, and the like; open a veine, if she have not her Courses, in her ankle, or cut the Basiliek veine twice or thrice, to ease the Liver, the Spleen, and the Kidneys, as the multitude of bloud shall require it.

Note that the humour must be prepared,

and attempted with this Apozem.

Take the roots of Succhory, Polipody, of each an ounce.

The barke of the root of the Caper, and Tamarisk tree, of each halfe an ounce.

The leaves of Buglos,

Fumitary,

Balme, of each a handfull.

Two drams of Fennill seeds.

Boile them in a sufficient quantitie of barley water to two pints, and to the strained liquor add

Syrupe of Borage,

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Syrupe of fumitary, of each an ounce and a halfe.

Ten graines of Spirit of Vitriol.
Mingle them, and make an Apozem.

Because the humour is thick and dreggish, you must purge her body severall times, till it be perfectly cleansed, this may be done with this decoction following.

Take an ounce of Polypody of the oake.

The leaves Fumitary, war and A dough A

Borage,

Endive, of each a handfull.

Epithymum,

Century the less, of each halfe

a handfull isting A white of ament ow T

Boile them in a sufficient quantity of Barley water, to two pints, and in the strained liquor insuse a whole night,

An ounce of Sena.

Foure drams of Rubarb.

Agarick Troch.

Creame of Tartar, of each two drams.

Epithymum, and and desired to the land

The flowers of berage, bugles, and rosemary, of each as many as you can grasp between your thumb and two fingers at twice.

Two drams of annise seeds.

In the morning give it one or two bub-

48 Womens Diseases. CHAP.6. lings, straine and presse it, and to the liquor, add

Syrupe of violets.

Syrupe of fumitary, of each an ounce.

Make an Apozem, or

Take the leaves of buglos,

Fumitary, of each a handfull.

Balme,

Germander, of each halfe a handfull.

As much Epithymum, as you can containe

between your thumb and two fingers.

Boile them in a sufficient quantitie of whey, to a pint, and a halfe, insuse for a night in the strained liquor

Six drams of Sena.

Two drams of white Agarick.

A dram and a half of annise seeds.

In the morning presse out the liquor

Syrupe of Violets,

Syrupe of fumitary, of each an ounce and a halfe.

Mingle them for an Apozem.

Confectio Hamech and Diacricu will be highly profitable; so also are Pils de Lapid.

Sometimes you may prescribe glysters, to temper the melancholy humour; as for example.

Take

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much

Take the leaves of Mallowes,
Marishmallowes,

Violets, of each a handfull. Halfe a handfull of bran.

Two drams of fennill seeds.

Boile them in a sufficient quantitie of barley water to nine ounces: in the strained liquor put in

Confectio Hamech,

Diacatholicon, of each an ounce.

An ounce and a halfe of oyle of violets.

Mingle them, and make a glyster, or

Take half an ounce of Polypody roots.

The leaves of bugles,

Fumitary,

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ake

Violets, of each a handfull.

Foure ounces of fena.

As much Epithymum as you can take up, between your thumb and two fingers.

Two drams of fennill feeds.

Boile them in a sufficient quantitie of Cock broth to nine ounces, to the strained liquor add

Diaprun. Laxativum,

Confectio Hamech, of each an ounce.

Half an ounce of Syrup of Violets.

A dram of Sal gemme.

Mingle them, and make a glyster.

Leeches applied to the Fundament may much promote the Cure. The

50 Womens Diseases. CHAP. 6.

CHA

The event may likewise gratise your sriall, if you prescribe Gordials, Treacle, Mibridate, Lozenges of Pearle, Alkermes, and the like: which with their coldnesse, drynesse, and cordiall vertue, retains the spirits, correct the bloud, even when it is putrisying, and preserve the bowells in their due Symmetry, and naturall constitution; Note, that you may not forget to wash her legs, with a decoction of Hops, Violets, Fumitary, Roses, Mallowes, and Vine leaves.

If by the advantage of time it prove a cankerd, and a creeping Ulcer, you must not vex, and discompose the Patient with many, or strong Medicines, but you must institute a palliative Cure; for Galen boasteth that he thus cured a woman, who had a Cancer in her breast, for when the thinner part was brought away, it became thicker, more full of putresaction, and subject to exulcerate; for it is undenyable, as the same Author affirmeth, that the vehemence of the remedies instame the humor, and set it on sire, by that acrimonius quality, which is naturally in them.

Almost all Authors agree that Issues are convenient, for they supply the stead of Purges, and Phlebotomy, as Guido a good writer

witnesseth in his book de Cauteriis.

The end of the first Book of Womens Diseases.

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## THE SECOND BOOK,

Written by NICHOLAS FONTANUS:

OF

Womens Diseases.

The first Chapter.

OF the Mother.



it

Hat Disease which we commonly call the Mother, the Physitians terms the Strangulation, or Suffocation of the Matrix, and sometimes the Ascent of the Matrix. Ga-

len took it to be a drawing back of the Matrix, to the upper parts. Hereupon some of the

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the Ancients conceived the Matrix, to be some stragling Creature, wandring too and fro thorough severall parts, to which phantasticall conceit, Fernelius, Eugenius, and Laurentius, contributed a credulous Affent; for though a woman be dead, yet can you not with an ordinary frength remove the Matrix from the naturall place; neither is that reason, which Fernelius alledgeth, of any moment, who faith, that in these diseases he hath toucht it upwards, feeing that this is not the true Matrix, but a grosse, windie swelling, of a roundish figure, and somewhat resembling the Matrix; you will say the Matrix doth remove, and slip from its proper place; I grant it, for by reason of the moisture, wherewith those parts abound, the Matrix is loosened, and exceedingly firetched: and this is the truth of the whole matter.

The Cause of this Discase is twofold: the Retention of the Seed, and the Menstruum, which are the materiall cause: and a cold and moist distemper of the Matrix, breeding phlegmatick and thick juices, which is the efficient cause; for when the Seed is retained, and the Menstruum hath not the customary, and usuall vent, they burthen the Matrix, and choak, and extinguish

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the heat thereof: then upon the diminishing of the naturall heat, windy humours are bred, especially in the Matrix, which by nature is a cold, nervous, and bloudlesse part; after the tame manner, if the feed be kept too long, it disturbeth the Function of the spiritous parts, and the Midriffe, it oppreiseth the heart, causeth fainting and founding fits, bindeth as it were, and girteth about the parts, and feemes in such a manner to stop the breath, that the fick woman is in danger to be strangled : her puls is sometimes weake, various, and obscure : she hath inward discontents and anxieties, and is most commonly invaded by, at least very subject unto Convulsion fits: she lies, as if she were astonished and void of sense: and from her belly you may heare rumbling, and murmuring noises; she breatheth so weakly, that it is scarce discernable, and indeed she is so sad an object, that the by-standers may eafily mistake her to be dead. The drowsie and fleepy disease called Carus differs from this, because they who are affected with it, have the use of their breath free, without any molestation: and it differs from a Cataleply (another drowsie disease, casting the fick into a profound and dead fleep ) becaule

45 Womens Diseases. CHAP. I. cause they who are taken with that, lie

without any motion, but they who have the mother, are tormented with Convulsion fits, their legs and their hands are stretched and wrythed into unusuall figures, and strange postures; and by this it is distinguished from an Apoplexy, unto which it is ex-

ceeding like and and dishlanggo at antiphilm

Galen wondreth how these women can live, who are troubled with these cruell fits of the Mother, without any puls, or breathing, in as much as it is impossible for one that liveth not to breath, or for one that breatheth not, to live; for folong as we live, to long we breath. To this I answer, that although these women live without respiration, yet doe they not live without transpiration; for this being performed thorough the pores of the skin, by the motion of the arteries, conserves the symmetry of the vitall heat; for then that fmall heat retiring to the heart, as to a Castle, may be preserved by this benefit of transpiration alone, and bylles of solid vq solt

Now so procure an affurance, whither the woman be living or dead, hold a feather, or a looking-glaffe to her mouth, if the former flir, or the latter be spotted, it is an undoubted signe that she liveth.

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This is a most acute Disease, and soone dispatcheth the sick woman, especially if it took beginning from some very contagious, and poisonous vapours; lecherous women, and lusty widowes that are prone, and apt to Venery, are most subject to it: but married women that injoy the come pany of their husbands, and such as are with childe, are seldome invaded by it.

You must apply your Remedies in the sit, and after the sit: in the sit, the humour must be drawn back with rubbing the parts, tying painfull Ligatures about them, and applying Cuppinglasses, with scariffication to the calses of her legs: have such Glysters in readinesse, as will take away the paine, dissolve, draw back, and purge out the thick humours: you may compound them by

these formes following.

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Take halfe an ounce of Elecampane roots.
The leaves of rue, penniroyall, Motherwort, and pellitory of the wall, of each a handfull.

Three drams of fena.

Bran, Camomile flowers, and the tops of Dill, of each halfe a handfull.

Bastard Saffron, and Annise seeds, of each

Boile them in a sufficient quantitie of E 2 birthwort

56 Womens Diseases. CHAP.I. birthwort water to nine ounces, to the strained liquor being squeezed, and prest very hard, add

Diaphenicon, and benedicta laxativa, of each

an ounce.

Oyle of dill, and oyle of rue, of each fix drams.

Halfe an ounce of butter.
A dram and a halfe of salt.

Mingle them, and make a Glyster.

Carminative medicines must be laid upon the whole inward region, as fomentations made of the leaves of Rue, Motherwort, Penniroyall, the flowers of Melilot, and Camomile, or unquent. de Althea, with the oyles of Camomile, Dill, and Rue; for this loofeneth the passages by opening the pores, and expelling the winde; pessaries may be put up, made with Civet, Musk, and Amber; but you must affront her nose with stinking odours, as the steame of brimstone, the smoke ascending from old shoes burnt, Partridge feathers, sagapenum galbanum, assa fetida, and the like, cast into the fire; because the Matrix doth, as it were abhor, retreat, and flie from these things, whereas fweet things doe allure to them.

But some curious braine may here demand, why sweet things held to the nose,

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doe breed the fits of the Mother, and on the contrary, flinking things appeale those fits ? I answer; sweet things applyed to the Matrix, in regard that they are hot, doe expell the winde, cut into the flow and tenacious phlegm, and afterwards purge it out : but stinking things applied to the Nose, consume the ascending vapours with their heat; but you may still demand, if hot stinking things be good to break the winde, why may they not be laid to the Matrix, as well as fweet things? I answer? the Matrix embraceth, and meeteth sweet odours and perfumes, but unfavory and stinking sents it abhors, and slies from; for 'tis a most certaine truth, that every crea. ture, even by naturall instinct, shunneth inconveniences, and affecteth things convenient.

If the evill still increase, and if the Virgin be of a good habit, sleshie, and for a long time hath not had her Courses, or for too long a time hath had them: the safest course, although upon the approach of the Fit, will be to open a veine in the ankle, without delay, especially, if any excretion of bloud appear, either at the nose, or at the mouth; for as Hippocrates hath excellently taught us; as the coming down

of the Courses, is a present Remedie for those who vomit bloud; so in a body that is plethorick, by reason that the Menstruum hath been long suppressed; you may help a woman who vomits bloud, if you cut one of her lower veines; the same opinion is favoured by Galen in his Commentry, saying, in this case we ought to endeavour an evacuation, namely, such an one as is correspondent to nature, when she is obedient to her own lawes.

After the Phlebotomy, if her body be strong, and the Disease continue, apply Cuppinglasses, with scarification to her thighes, Leeches to the Hemorrhoids, and with iteraced Glysters, and medicines given again and again into the body, purge out the

Melancholy juices.

Many, who are more rash then learned, more bold, then skilsull, because of the cold and the winde, which are the causes of this Disease, at the beginning will unadvisedly be offering wine to the sick, which being odoriferous, is apt to allure the Matrix to the upper parts; therefore I counsell all those that value the health of their friends, to sorbeare this temerity: yet if she saint, and her spirits be so far spent, that she swounds, or is ready to swound, in such

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When the Fit is over, let her live soberly, and feed upon hot meats, that yield a
thin, and subtle nourishment, and be very
carefull to preserve her self, least she fall into
a Relaps; hearbs, and roots, and such
thinge as thicken the bloud, or are hard to
digest, must be no part of her diet, Wormemood beer may be allowed her, or in her
beer mingle Cinamon water, or boile Annise
seeds, or China roots in it.

The humour must be prepared with cutsting Syrups, as Rhodomell, Syrupe of Wermewood, Syrupe of Mint, or Syrupe of

the five roots.

You may prescribe the Purge of Mechoaca, Hiera Picra, pills of agarick, of Hiera,

with Confectio Hamech, or Sena.

You must open a veine in the ankle again, and because this thick and stubborne humour will not obey a single evacution, you must also purge her body againe with agarick, bellebore, Pills of Mastick, or of Rubarb.

Steele taken in powder, or mingled among the other medicines, will much advance the Cure; so will an Issue, and an artificiall Bath made with Sulphur, or a decoction

60 Womens Diseases. CHAP. 2. coction of Salsa parilla 5 Guaiacum, and China.

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Lastly, if the Disease take beginning from the seed, because in Physick, no peculiar, or elective purging medicine is consecrated to it, you must lessen her diet, enjoyne her an abstinence from hot wine, and let her continually weare plates of lead upon her back; for it is most certaine, that these doe diminish the seed; if the Patient for twelve mornings together upon an empty stomack, drink three ounces of a decoction of agnus castus seeds, boiled with six graines of Campbire.

## CHAP. II.

Of the Epilepsy in the Matrix, And the severall kindes thereof.

Physicians reckon up a twofold Epilepsy in the Matrix; one by Consent, the other by Propriety; the Cause of this is a thick, viscous, and slow humour, obstructing the hollow parts of the Nerves: the cause of that is a cold distemper of the Matrix, and a contagious vapour assaulting, and shaking the Braine, and the pervous parts:

CHAP. 2. Womens Diseases.

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parts: for when the animall faculty frives to expell that humour, or vapour from it felfe, the hollow parts of the Nerves are crusht together, and the passages are stopt, and thus there happens a constipation, or an obstruction, the insides of the Nerves being, as it were straightned, bound, and closed up together.

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That there is such a Disease, as an Epi-1 ply by Consent, we are warranted by Galen to beleeve, who in his book de Locis, propounds the example of a boy, who being lame in his legs, fell afterwards into an Epilepsy, and after the same manner Virgins, who are troubled with obstructions, winde, or a malignant vapour in their Matrices, doe frequently fall into the Fal-

ling Sicknesse.

This is eafily known; for imminent windie humours, and rumblings in her belly doe presage it, her stomack swells, her mind is confused, her eyes are dim, and when the is ready to fall into a fit of the Epilepsie, or Falling Sicknesse, she may perceive a tingling noyse in her eares, a giddinesse, circumagitation, or turning round in her head : she is sad in her minde, disquieted in her body, troubled with the passion of the heart, and not seldome with sounding

fits;

fits; 'tis a sad spectacle to behold her in this condition, from which if she be not seasonably delivered, she is very likely to fall into an Apoplexy; this we have learn't from Galen, who in his third book de Locis. and 5. chapt. faich, Epilepticks doe often degenerate into a melancholy madnesse, and fo on the contrary; for this melancholy mood turnes to the Falling Sicknesse, when the humour invades either the body, or the minde; or if that darke vapour becloud the minde, inducing a dimnesse, or gloominesse in the thoughts, with sadnesse, despaire, and deep melancholy; if the spirits, which are bright and cleare in their own nature, be obscured with the foggy commerce of black vapours, the very presence of them dismayeth, terrifies, and discomposeth the minde: or if a confluence of those vapours affault the body, that is, the braine and the nerves, they produce the Falling Sicknesse.

This requires a twofold cure: one in the Fit, the other after the Fit. In the Fit you must quicken and excite the animall faculty, and force back those poisonous vapours, that are stealing from the Matrix to invade the upper parts: then the winde must be expelled, the wayes kept open, and

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1.2. CHAP. 2. Womens Diseases.

63

in the thick humour must be got out of the body, by rubbing the parts, by tying straight ligatures about her legs, by fomentations, and baths, made with the leaves of penniroyall, motherwort, thyme, nip, camomile, falt, vinegar, and water; softning Glysters are so usefull, that you must not forget to inject them; you may make them thus.

Take the leaves of motherwort,

Penniroyall,

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Birthwort, of each a handfull.

Rosemary,

Mint, of each a handfull.

Two drams of fennill seeds.

Boile them in a sufficient quantity of water, to nine ounces, straine and presse out the liquor, and then add

Hiera picra Galeni,

Diaphenicon, of each an ounce.

A dram of sal gemme.

Mingle them, and make a glyster, or

Take the roots of Elecampane,

Restharrow, of each foure drams.

The leaves of Marjoram,

Motherwort,

Birthwort, of each a handfull.

The tops of Dill,

Camomile Flowers, of each halfe a hand-

Two

Two drains of Annise seeds.

Boile them in a sufficient quantity of Barley water, to nine ounces, to the liquor which you presse out, add

An ounce and a halfe of Diaphenicon.

Maff. pill. fetidar.

De hiera cum Agarico, of each two scruples.

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Oyle of Dill, Man Andrews Man

Butter, of each halfe an ounce.

Mingle them, and make a glyster.

If necessitie urge you, and the strength of the Patient will beare it, you may prescribe a sharper glyster, to draw the humours from the farthest distant parts, and to imitate the nature and effects of a Purge; be this for an example to you.

Take half an ounce of Polypody roots.

Two drams of Mechoaca.

The leaves of Sage,

Rosemary, Will to a not set

Betony, of each a handfull.

Halfe an ounce of bastard Saffron seeds.

Two drams of Agarick.

As much Epithymum as you can take up

between your thumb, and two fingers.

Boile them in a sufficient quantity of bonied water to ten ounces, straine, and presse

CHAP. 2. Womens Diseases. presse out the liquor, and add An ounce of Hiera Logodii. A dram of the Masse of Pills of Cochia. 100 Ten graines of Troch. Albandal. Half a dram of sal gemme. Mingle them, and make a glyster. For this being a most acute Disease, re-CIL. quires the utmost tryalls of art, that it may not degenerate (as it is very prone to doe ) into a true Apoplexy. To the Matrix ( to make a sudden dispatch of the Cure ) apply Carminitive for hof mentations, and bath the privie parts, to ribe break, and expell the winde. After the use of the Fomentation, apply mon oyle of Castor, oyle of wormswood, and inthe ject odoriferous Pessaries of musk, amber, Ci-30 vet, made up with gallia Moschat, and a piece of Cotton, according to the fecret rules of Art; to the nose you must hold stinking things, as sagapenum, galbanum, assa fetida, Castor, rue, and the like. When the Fit is approaching, Hippocrates adviseth to open a veine in the Ankle, and this advice is magnified, and applauded by Galen in his book de Rigore Chapt. 8. neiqu s ther may you forget to apply Leeches to the Hemorrhoids, or the calfes of her legs; y of for they will suck out the feculent and and dreggifh reffe

dreggish humour, that is impacted in the Matrix.

Cordialls must be administred, as Treacle, Mithridate, Alkermes, Confection de Hyacyntha, and the like: or if you please compound them after this manner.

Take the hoofe of an Elk.

The wood of Misletee of the Oake, of each two drams.

The skull of a man newly dead of some violent death.

Hartsborne, of each two drams.

Pearle prepared, it and has another

Burnt Ivory,

Mustick, of each a dram and a half.

The powder of Rosemary,

Stechas, dans to same and starting

Sage, of each a scruple.

The species Diacastor.

Diaccumin. of each a scruple.

With a sufficient quantitie of boney, of roses, and Syrupe of Stechas, make a mixture.

If the Disease become againe indigested and crude, prescribe another Purge, of Aloes, Hiera Picra, Benedicta Laxativa, or Turbith; but that the ignorant may not be rashly precipitated into some erroneous composition, we shall limit him to this prescription. Take

CHAP. 2. Womens Diseases. 67 Take two scruples of the masse of Pills

de Hiera cum agarico.

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Take

Ten graines of pill. fetide.

Troch. Albandal, to million with the

Diagrydium, of each five graines.

With a sufficient quantity of Syrupe of Stechas make nine Pills.

Sometimes the retention of the Seed is the Cause of these Symptomes, which if they be so vehement, that the former remedies cannot tame them, proceed as followeth. He be your deliver, survivaled delide

Take Storax in powder, Hot and and the

Aloes in powder,

White agarick, of each two drams.

The juice of the hearb Mercury,

The juice of the wild Cucumber, of each 

A sufficient quantity of Turpentine.

With a piece of Cotton make a peffary, according to art, put it up, and move it up and down, till the superfluous seed be ejaie flourers of Second in culated.

If the fick woman have many Fits in a day, certaine it is, that the difease is fixt, and rooted in the Head : wherefore in fuch cases I have known no better remedy, then an actuall cauterizing in the hinder part of the head, from whence as from an Iffue,

In the intermission of the Fits, you must open a vein in her Ankle; this is not my counsell onely, but Galen enjoynes the same remedy; for in his book de Cur. ration. per sang. missionem, he saith; if you will prevent the Falling Sicknesse, cut the Seyrbena, that is the veine in the Ankle; afterwards he commands the preparation of that cold, and thick humour, which may be effected by this Apozem sollowing.

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Take the roots of fennill, wor mi mall

Small Ariftolochy, and a sound suite

Elecampane, of each foure drams.

The roots of Dittany, 10 10 soil of

Piony, of each two drams.

The leaves of Nip, singup sasioillul A

Denniroyall, when nathed to sorte a daiW

Calamint , bas que i sur , tra os

68

- Sage, of each a handfull,

The flowers of Stechas,

Rosemary, of each as much as you can graspe between your thumb, and two fingers at twice.

A dram of annise seeds.

Boile them in a sufficient quantity of water, wherein steele hath been insused, to two pints.

Womens Diseases. CHAP. 2. 69 To the strained liquor add An ounce and a halt of Syrupe of Stechas. An ounce of oxymell Scilliticum. Mingle them, and make an Apozem. After you have prepared the humours purge the body with this composition following. Take two drams and a halfe of Sena. Three scruples of white agarieka A dram of annife feeds: A scruple of Ginger, Macerate them for a night in a sufficient quantity of parfley water; in the morning give them one or two bublings, and to the liquor which you presse out ( I meane three ounces of it ) Add two scruples of Mass. Pill. Fetid. Mingle them for a Potion, or You may prescribe some other mixture

to purge phlegm, and more valiantly to break and expell winde , or niake featly this plaister following, to be applied to her Navell, and her feeret parts:

Take three ounces of biftoft roots,

Lign. Aloes.

Sautali moschatelin.

Nutmegs. Barbaries.

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Dill, of each two drams,

Cinamons

Cinamon,
Cloves,
Scevanib,
Camamile flowers, of each a dram.
Male frankincense, or Olibanum,
Mastick,
Trochischs de Gallia Moschata,
Storax calimata,
Red storax, of each a scruple.
Seven graines and a halfe of musk.
Three ounces and a halfe of yellow wax.
An ounce and an halfe of turpentine.
A pound of pure ladanum.
Nine ounces of ship Pitch.

Mingle them, and according to Art make a Plaister.

If the contumacity of the evill be such, as not to yield to all these remedies, make Issues in the legs, and if those also prove inessectuall, my last recourse is to a decodion of Guaiacum wood, wherewith the learned Jachinus, as he averreth in his Commentaries upon Almansor, hath cured many of this Disease.

CHAP. III.

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## CHAP. III.

of Melancholy proceeding from the Ma-trix.

His hath one and the fame Cause with 1 the Epilepsy, namely the retention of the Seed, and the suppression of the Menstruum, which being earthy, and not obtaining a vent, they putrifie, beget vapours, which doe not onely affault the braine, but they oppresse the heart also, and the Midriffe; for when a gloomy and black vapour ascends to the braine, the principall parts, and their instruments are depraved, and the animall spirit, which is the chiefest instument of the soule, and in its own nature cleare and perspicuous, is rendred darke, and obfcure suclesibir llagaris bastupili -

The true signes of this disease are sadnesse, fearfulnesse, anxiety of minde, and severall figures or postures of unquietnesse ap-

pearing in the body. and the start of

They despaire, they doate, they talke idely, especially at that time when they expect their Courfes; in these you may observe a depraved motion of the principall nwonsen .

F 2

Members.

Members, because the temperament of the braine is perverted by that cold and dry humour; moreover they are unwilling to dye, they cannot fleep, they have no ftomack to their meat, and being taken with a strange loathing of aliment, their bodies waste and consume; sometimes they imagine that they undergoe the corments of damned foules in Hell ; they weep without any cause, they groan, they lament, anon againe they laugh, defire to goe into fome by corners, and according to the inward discomposure of their mindes, they turne, wary, and alter their geffures, and countenances into feverall figures: fometimes they have a conceit that they are talking with Angels, sometimes they murmur, fometimes they fing ; certainly there is not a more frrange and wonderfull difeafe, for in severall persons it bewrayeth a thousand, severall, ridiculous, and antick behaviours. still side to compil our off

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He sees the difficulty of this Cure, both in regard of the Symptomes, and the stubbornesse of the disease, who understands it to be a cold and dry affect (for there is no doubt, but the braine labours under a cold, and dry distemper) and how much drienesse resisteth the best medicines, is not unknown

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unknown to Philosophers; for as it is of a dull, and sluggish action, so are there many renstances: and from thence comes the danger, because it easily degenerates into raveing, and raging madnesse, or into the Falling Sicknesse, or into an Apoplexy, and it is held incurable, if the braine be primarily affected, because in continuance of time, it takes so deep a root, that no Magazine of Remedies, no stratagems of Art can remove it.

Wherefore you must be very carefully when you undertake the Cure ; as for her Diet, let it incline to hot and moift, assigne her a gently breathing ayre; boile her drink with the roots of buglos, angelica, and fnakemeed; with the leaves of bops, buglos, balme, and fumitary; allow her white Wine that is small, and well sented, let her be indulgent to her fleeps, avoiding cares, penfivenesse, and troublesome thoughts; if her body be costive, make it, and keep it folu-Venery is wholfome for melancholy persons, provided that it be acted seasonably, and with moderation. Hippocrates placed the whole hope of the Cure in the evacuation of that excrement, commanding, as we have taid above, fuch Virgins to marry. The same and a mi

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To

74 Womens Diseases. CHAP.3.

To facilitate the Revulsion, and the evacuation of the humour, loosen the belly with moissing Suppositories, and Glysters, observe their composition.

Take two scruples of the species Hiera picra.

Ten graines of Troch. Albandal.

Halfe a dram of common Salt.

With a sufficient quantity of honey boiled to a due thicknesse, make a Suppository, or Take a scruple and a halfe of Hiera Picra

in the species.

Trochishs of agarick.

Troch. Albandall, of each a scruple.

Halfe a dram of Sal gemme.

With a sufficient quantity of honey, according to art make a Suppository.

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Take the roots of Elecampane,

Polypody, of each foure drams.

The leaves of mallowes,

Violets , and and over a political

Balme, stuncks supplied to b

Pellitory on the wall.

Mercury, of each a handfull.

Ten good prunes.

Five drams of Sena.

As much Epithymum as your thumb, and two fingers can grasp.

Two drams of annife feeds.

Boile them in a sufficient quantity of fumitary

CHAP. 3. Womens Difeases.

75

fumitary water to nine ounces, when you have trained and prest out the liquor, add,

Diaprun. Lazat. ain by dei monimor

Diaphenicon, of each an ounce.

An ounce and a halfe of oyle of Violets.

A dram of Sal gemme.

Mingle them, and make a glyster. Or,

Take the leaves of Buglos.

Borage , bed os dos enco edos band ed

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Balme, of each a handfull.

Halte a handfull of Violets.

Fouredrams of Sena.

Halte an ounce of the roots of black.

As much Epithymum as you can take up between your thumb and two fingers.

A dram of fennill seeds.

Boile them in a sufficient quantity of broth, made of a sheepsbead and guts, soundly wash't before you put them into the pota and to ten ounces of the liquor which you pressout, add

An ounce of Diaprun. Laxat.

Halfe an ounce of Confectio Hamech.

An ounce and a halfe of oyle of Violets,

Twodrams of common (alt.

Mingle them, and make a glyfter.

But if the Disease arise from a suppression of the Courses, thinke upon that Oracle of

F 4

Hippocrates,

dy, open the Basilick veine on the right side: from whence, if an earthy and black bloud flow away, Galen adviseth you to

disease; if the body be full, and the disease

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of

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take out a large quantity.

hairy, adventure upon deep scarifications made in her back, and fasten great Cuppin-

glasses to her arteries.

These universall administrations being premised, and the humour being rightly prepared, it will be convenient to pre-scribe a Purge to cleanse her body from melancholy: to this purpose

Take three drams of Sena.

A dram of the roots of black Hellebore.

Two scruples of agarick Trochist.

Halfe a dram of fennill seeds.

Macerate them in a sufficient quantitie of fumitary water for a night, and when in the morning you have prest out the liquor,

CHAP. 3. Womens Diseases. take three ounces of it, and add Three drams of Diacatholicon. Two drams of Confectio Hamech. Halfe an ounce of Syrup of Violets, Mingle them, and make a Potion. She must not take any Pills, for they are too great driers, both in respect of their forme, and also in regard of the ingredients whereof they are compounded. But by all meanes, let her have somewhat. to dispose her to sleep; as this, or the like emulfion. Take the feeds of Gourds, Melons , Citruls, Cucumbers of each an ounce. Six sweet Almonds blanched. Two drams of white Poppy feeds. Withten ounces of a decoction of Lettuces and Poppy heads, and an ounce of Syrupe of Foppy, make an Emulsion, to be taken about nine a clock at night, and at two a clock in the morning. Embrochations also may be prepared for the head; you may make them of a decoction of poppy heads, barley, roles, violets, ma-Berlilles, night shade, lettuce, coriander, and ntitie mandrake roots. nen in Anoynt her nose and her Temples with quor, Take this oyntment following.

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Take halfean ounce of unquent. Populeum.
Two drams of unquent. rofarum.

Half a dram of Opium, diffolved in vine-

Mingle them for the use aforesaid.

Let her have cooling Lotions, to bath the palmes of her hands, and the soles of her feet; if the cruelty of the disease be such, as to deprive her of all sleep, prescribe this draught following; yet suspend the use thereof till you have tried other meanes, to procure rest for the sick Creature.

Take a scruple of Philonium Romanum.

Three ounces of Lettuce water.

Mingle them, and let her drink it when the goeth to bed, or

Take Philonium Persicum,

Requies Nicholai, of each a scruple.

Two ounces of a decoction of poppy.

Mingle them for a Draught.

Sometimes we use to exhibit two or three graines of laudanum opiatum: yet forbear this remedy, unlesse an urgent occasion prompt you to it.

Baths are most wholsome, if they be made of the decocion before prescribed; or else

you may follow this example.

Take two ounces of Barley,
The leaves of Violets,

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Vine leaves, each an ounce.

Lettuce,

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Vine

Willow leaves.

Mallowes, of each two handfulls.

The leaves of red roses, mater lillies, of

each a handfull.

Boile them altogether, in a sufficient quantity of broth made with a sheeps-head, and let her bath her selfe in the strained

liquor.

A Bath prepared of oyles, and sweet waters is very effectuall; fo also is a Bath of Affes milke; for these things temper the earthy humour, mitigate the acrimony thereof, correct the drynesse, and parchednesse of the skin, render the bloud more apt to descend, provoke sleep, qualifie the furious motions of the spirits, and nourish and fatten such bodies as are dryed up, and consumed. You must also comfort the heart with Cordialls, and to the fame purose

Take the waters of Borage,

Balme, of each fix ounces.

Syrupe of the juice of Borage.

Syrupe Regis saboris, of each an ounce.

Two drams of Cinamon water.

Mingle them, and make a Julep, or

Take Conserve of rheflowers of Violets,

Borage,

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Borage, Oringes, of each an ounce.

Confectio Alkermes,

Confectio de Hyacyntha, of each a dram and a halfe.

Species Diamargarit. frigid.

Species Diambre, of each a dram.

With a sufficient quantitie of Syrupe de pomis Regis saboris, adding two leaves of gold, make a mixture, or

Take the species Letificant. Galeni,

The species Diambra, of each halfe a dram.

Pearle prepared.

Bezoar stone, of each a scruple.

Two ounces of Sugar dissolved in Rose-

Make them into Lozenges according to

If these remedies get not the victory, we counsell you to make deep issues upon the knee; and if the disease be inveterate, prescribe an extract of black Hellebore, and apply Causticks to the region of the spleen, by the force and strength whereof, the black and cloudy humour, which sticks so close to the bowell, may by degrees be brought away.

CHAP. IV.

Of a cold Distemper, or a swelling in the Matrix.

The Matrix is sometimes swelled, either because the Courses are stopped, or else in regard of a continuall suppeditation of cold aliment, which generates a cold distemper in those parts: which because it cannot be simple, or folitary, therefore it presently consociates it selfe with moisture, and from thence arise thick, slow, and cloudy windes, in the very cavernes, or hollow parts of the Matrix, tormenting the woman with unspeakable paines.

The fignes are a swelling below the Navell, neare the privie parts, flow windes, with rumbling, and murmuring of the guts, forfaking of meat, sadnesse, slothfulnesse, heavinesse in the head, and about her secret

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This is a grievous disease, because many times it turnes to a Dropfey in the Matrix: for, in regard that those windie humours are bread, and increased by the diminution of the naturall heat, as Galen hath obferved

served in his book de Sumptom. Causis, it comes to passe, that the seeble heat, now generating winde, proceeding from a cold distemper in the Matrix, doth so weaken it, that instead of winde, water, or a waterish

humour is produced.

This disease is cured by an extreame thin, and drying diet: wherefore let the ayre incline to hot and dry: but if the place be such as doth not naturally afford such an ayre, prepare it by art, sprinkling aromaticall things about her chamber, as sage, nip, betony, rosemary, stechas, thyme, origanum,

and lavender.

Let her choise be of those dishes, which will be of good nourishment to the body, easie to digest, and soon distributed to all the parts, as thrushes, young sparrowes, partridges, pheasants, and pigeons: she may not eat the slesh, of goats, Kids, hares, cowes, sheep, nor Deer: meats made with milke are unwholsome for her: so are roots, sallads, and pothearbs: new laid egs, raisins, and sigs may be allowed her: but command a forbearace of chesnuts and almosts; for they are thick and windy; let her eat the whitest bread baked with annise, or sensible seeds, or a little honey; course barley bread, and the like, is not good for her, but nothing is

P.4 CHAP. 4. Womens Diseases. 8

more unwholfome for her then fruit; you may grant her the use of some sew hearbs, as sparagus, parsley, alexanders, mater pepper,

borage, and buglos.

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For her danke, give her Fountaine water, wherein annife seeds, or cinanon, or china roots, or the like have been boiled; but the most wholsome drink for her is wormenood beer.

other artificiall drinks, as cider, perry, metheglin, steepona, Necturella, Medea, and the like are huntfull for her.

The humour must be prepared with Rho-domel, Syrupe of mormewood, Syrupe of mining,

and the like.

Her body must be purged by sits, for the crude, thick, and windie humour, will not be got out with one medicine; this is taught us by our great Master Hippocrates, who in his fourth book de Acutis, saith, whosoever indeavours at the beginning of a disease to dissolve, or take away an instammation by a purging medicine, he will finde himselse much mistaken; for whilest the part is intensively instamed, and the affect yet crude, and unconcocted, the physick gets no victory, hath no laudable operation

Womens Diseases. CHAP. 4. (H ration at all : but rather it brings away fuch things, as would have made relistance against the disease, and so by this rathnesse, the body is weakned, and the disease gets strength: which when it hath once overcome the body, becomes uncurable: therefore whenfoever you undertake to purge a body, you must not onely make the humours fluid, but you must also stay till they are concocted, especially in chronicall, and long-lasting diseases; this may be done by the help of this Apozem following.

Take the roots of fennil, Elecampane, of each halfe an ounce. The leaves of penniroyall, Wormerwood, a hoster myore to sour

Hops, Motherwort, of each a handfull.

As many Camamile flowers, as you can take up, between your thumb and two fingers at twice.

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Two drams of agarick Trochischated. Half an ounce of Mechoca roots.

The feeds of fennill,

Annise, of each two drams.

Boile them according to art, in a fufficient quantitie of barley water, to two pints; when you have prest out the liquor with all your strength, add TWO

Womens Diseases. CHAP. 4. Two ounces of Diacnycum. Mingle them, and make an Apozem, or Take the roots of Polipody, Angelica. Hermodaltyls. Of each halfe an ounce. The leaves of Hops, Motherwort, Monday & Barrey Fumitary, Balme, I ni mind danodale sai Betony, of each a handfull. Six drams of sena. Agarick Trochischated. The roots of Mecheaca, of each two drams. Halfe an ounce of Bastard Saffron, seeds. Epithymum, Camomile, of each as much as you can take up between your thumb and two fingers. Two drams of fennill feeds. Boile them according to art, in a sufficient quantity of Cock broth, to two pints; presse out the liquor with your utmost firength, and add Two ounces of Syrupe of the juice of fumitary. An ounce of Diacnycum. Mingle them, and make an Apozem.

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86 Womens Diseases. CHAP.4.

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Let her every day drink three ounces of it.

For nothing cleanfeth the Matrix from tenacious, and slimy humours, so essedually as Agarick; or which is a surer, and more intallible remedy against the Mother; if we may credit Galen, and Mesur. Monardus, Costa, Clusius, Lobel, and Weckerus, ascribe the same vertues to Mechoaca, which is hot, and dry.

Turpentine, although Galen in his booke de sanitate tuenda, saith, that it serves onely to loosen the belly, yet it purgeth, and cleanseth all the bowells, as the Liver, the Spleen, the Kidneys, the Lungs, and the Matrix, from those tough and slimy humours, which are strongly impacted in them.

There are severall wayes to prepare it: sometimes it is most easily taken with the yelk of an Egg, sometimes in powder, and sometimes being reduced into an oyle, the admirable essicacy hereof frequent experience doth more and more discover to me; so that I have often adventured to give it (and with blessed success) in many diseases, both of the Chest, the Kidneys, and the bladder; for this cleanseth the stomack from thick, and tough humours, from which part sloweth the whole streams of phlegmatick humours, it wonderfully warmeth

eth the Matrix, wipeth away the clammy filth which sticks about the walls of it, expelleth winde, provokes the Courses, and brings down urine. You may make an excellent Fomentation

after this manner.

Take the leaves of Motherwort,

Penniroyall, o sil 100 fl. ma bas suis and

Birthwort, Rue, of each a handfull and a halfe,

Rolemary, o median bas, mania alanima

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Betony, of each a handfull. The flowers, of Camomile,

Stechas, of each halfe a handfull.

The tops of Dill,

Able and Diamothus dulois or boomsmroW -

Of each as much as you can take up be-

tween your thumb and two fingers.

Boile them in white wine to foure pints; use the strained liquor for a Fomentation, and with sponges dipt in it, bath all about the bottome of her belly, her groiny and her privie parts.

After the Fomentation, apply this admi-

Take oyle of laurel,

Wormewood, of each an ounce, and a half. Oyle of Caftor, mark and does to send to

Earthwormes

Earthwormes, of each an ounce. In these oyles boyle gently The powder of aromaticum rolatum, Wormewood,

You may inske an excellent Fomeson&in

88

Lignum aloes, of each a dram and a halfe. A dram of red Corallin savant and alle

Straine, and presse out the unctious substance, and add

Three drams of yellow wax.

Mingle them, and make an oyntment.

If you augment the severall doses of the aforesaid hearbs prescribed, for the Fomentation, you may make a halfe Tub: or you may lay on the plaister pro Matrice ('cis fold in the shops ) aromatized with Diarrhodon Abbat. and Diamoschus dulcis, or instead thereof apply the plaister Tachamacha, or Catanua. Antidotes may not be omitted, as Treacle, and Mithridate. Excellent Lozenges may be made for her of sugar, with the species Diamoschus, Diagalanga, Diacinnamomum, or Diacuminum, or if you please, prescribe this mixtue following. privice parts.

Take the roots of Elecampane candied, Ginger candied, of each an ounce. o slds1 Conserve of the Flowers, of Sage, 235 Rolemary, sould us has to browsmin !!

Orenges, of each fix drams:

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The species aromaticum rosatum,

Diamoschus, of each a dram, and a halfe.

With a sufficient quantity of Syrupe of Wormewood, mingle them for your use.

If these medicines doe not overcome the disease, let her use minerall, sulphureous baths, or the like.

Zacutus Lusitanus saith, if you take the dure in the bottome of one of these baths, and say it upon the Matrix, it is as divine a medicine against the cold affects of the Matrix; but in these words of his, I conceave there is more of ostentation, then of truth.

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If the evill yet persevere, we used in the next place to prescribe sweating remedies, of guaiacum, china and sassaphraz roots to be administred, as we have already shewed in the foregoing cures; and afterwards we make issues that the Matrix may exhale.

Now let us consider what must be determined in this case concerning Phlebotomy; some will say that in a bad habit of the body, in a Dropsey, in the trembling palse, and the like, where there is a desiciencie of naturall heat, no man will adventure to let bloud: seeing that when the bloud is diminished, the heat is also lessened, and

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the crude humours become fo much the more crude: this was Avicens feare, as is manifest by these words of his: beware least you precipitate your Patient into one of these extreams, either into an ebullition of chollerick, or an indigested abundance of cold humours; this we confesse to be true; yet not fo, but that sometimes ( all other administrations being rightly and duely premised) with Galen we may take away bloud by fits, then exhibit Mellicratum, Then againe open a vein, either the same day, or the day following, as the disposition of the matter shall dicate to your reason; we leave much also to nature her selfe, who many times concocts the thick humours; the veine in the ankle must be opened, if women are thus affected; but when men are troubled with these windy humours, the Basilick vein is the most proper to be opened.

# CHAP. V. A Schirrhus in the Matrix.

A Schirrhus in the Matrix is a hard, and flony swelling, bread of earthie humours

CHAP. 3. Womens Diseases.

mours, and of a thick and melanchely bloud retained in the body on Osar sold sold sold

This is either produced by a cold di-Remper in the Matrix, or elfe it proceeds from a weaknesse in the upper parts from whence thick humours doe arise.

This disease is very easie to be known, because in those who languish under it, the Matrix appeareth hard in the circumference, like unto some great bowle, or a round

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It differs from a swelling which is caused by winde; because in this winde is heard within, which yieldeth to the touch, and is moved from place to place: but a Schirrus is a hard unmoveable swelling, of a black colour, and sometimes of a palish, want colour, if any phlegmatick humour be mixed with it.

It differs from an inflammation in the Matrix, because in this there is a burning Fever conjoyned, and other fignes which

manifest an inward fiery Disposition.

This is a Chronicall Disease, continuing many times beyond the space of a yeare; for the Matrix, not being numbred among the more noble parts, doth better endure these molestations; it is also a contumacious affect, despising ordinarie remedies, and 92 Womens Diseases. CHAP. 5.

if you oppose such as are vehement, it de-

generates into a Cancer.

After this sometimes followes a Dropsey in the Matrix, which when it is much hardned, becomes void of sense, incurable, drawing the neighbouring parts into confent with it, and so weakning them, that many times the Creature perisheth for lack of warmth and cherishing heat.

She must forbeare all those things, that yield a thick juice, and what these things be we have already in good part told you; for her drink, allow her a mixture of wine and water, in which tamarisk roots, or the barke of the Caper tree have been boiled.

The first regions of the body must be gently cleansed, and then that humour which
nourisheth the swelling, must be rooted out
with some peculiar and elective medicine; if
it proceed from a suppression of the Courses,
or Hemorrhoids, open a veine in her ankle,
or open the bemorrhoidall veines with leeches:
but if it arise from some fault in the Liver,
or the Spleen, cut the basalick veine.

Having thus shewed your selfe carefull of the whole body, you must in the next place be solicitous of the affected part; first by applying such things as will gently mollishe it, as the fat of a ben, the marrow. ofa

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CHAP. 5. Womens Diseases. 93
of a deare, or of a calfe, with ammoniack, Storax, or bdellium: or with discutient fomentations after this manner.

Take an ounce of the roots of Polypody of

the Oake.

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The barke of the root of the Caper tree.

The barke of the tamarisk tree, of each halfe an ounce.

The leaves of wormewood,

Sage,

Savine,

Penniroyall, of each two handfulls.

Balme,

Motherwort,

Hops, of each a handfull.

- The feeds of broome,

Fennill, of each halfe an ounce.

Boile them in a sufficient quantity of water wherein steele hath been quenched, to six pints and bath the affected part with the strained liquor; This oyntment sollowing hath a like efficacy.

Take unguent. Agrippe.

Unquent. Martiatum, of each an ounce.

Halfe an ounce of unquent. de althea.

Oyle of mormewood,

Capers,

Dill, of each three drams.

Mingle them, and make an Oyntment.

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Take ammoniack,

Sagapenum, of each an ounce.

Opoponex,

Bdellium, of each halfe an ounce.

Dissolve them in strong wine vinegar, thicken them to the forme of a hard oyntment, and then add

the leaves of moreors

The powder of ireos.

Ceterach.

Auripiguentum, of each a dram.

With oyle of Capers make a maffe of plaistering stuffe, and spread it upon a piece of leather, cut into a convenient forme.

If these medicines availe not, prescribe Iweating drinks for her, made with Guaiacum, China, and Salsaparilla; for as Fallopius, an Author of good account, saith, Salsa parilla hath a soveraine faculty to dissolve a skirrhus, or any hard knotty swelling.

Sulphureous Baths are also most excellent

in their operations.

Some commend a poultis made of Goats dung; for this draweth away the winde, firengthem, and the later

P.J. CHAP.5. Womens Diseases.

95

ftrengthens, and mollifies the part afflicted, and confumes the thick matter, whereof the schirrus is bred. I usully made it after this manner.

Take three ounces of Goats dung.

Meale of Lupines,

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CIB,

Fitches, or Vetches, of each two ounces.

An ounce of Bran.

Half an ounce of Sulpbur in powder.

With the sharpest and strongest vinegar, wherein steele hath been ten times infused, make a Poultis.

Steele is commended by all Authors, it mollifies and opens the Matrix; quickens the naturall heat of the upper parts, and brings down the Cour fes, the stoppage whereof is the undoubted cause of this disease; this, as hath already been declared at large, is taken many wayes, either in water, or in the forme of a Bolus, or in Lozenges, or in powder, or in some conserve, as it shall feeme good to the Physitian, and most acceptable to the fick womans palate.

Issues will be profitable; for whatsoever flimy, or clammy humour doth daily fall downe, more and more from the upper parts into the Matrix, findes a passage out of the body againe, fo long as these are

kept open.

CHAP. VI.

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Of the Dropsey in the Matrix.

7 Eaffirme with Galen, that an universall Drosey can by no meanes be generated without the fault of the Liver, seeing that the first instrument of sanguification is the author of the bloud, which if it faile in its action, 'tis no wonder if water and winde be generated in the body, instead

of laudable and pure bloud.

But we confesse with Hippocrates, that a particular Dropsey may be produced without any fault in the Liver; thus there is a Dropsey of the Chest, in the Foot, the Finger, the Arme, the Matrix, which we our felves have often seen ; the Cause thereof is a waterish swelling, rising in the hollow parts of the Mairix, partly by reason of the suppressed Menstruum, and partly by some violent labour, or some vehement Abortivenesse, or by some cold distemper, and winde in the Matrix. 1 97010 bins 91010 , 91841643

The swelling is discernable by the touch: and if you lay your fingers upon her Matrix, the print of them remaines : if the Patient

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tient turne her selfe from one side to another, the waterish humour immediately salls down on that side; within you may perceive a rumbling noise of waters, her Courses are stopped; she salsly surmiseth that she is with Childe: the breasts grow lank, and there is no appearance of milke.

She feeles some difficulty to fetch her breath; she is troubled with passions of the minde, she is tormented with thirst, complaines of heat in all the parts of the body, is apt to nauseate, subject to a paine in her heart, and all other things molest her, that usually accompany a true Dropsey, and that in regard of a salt and waterish phlegme, retained in the hollow parts of the Matrix, and communicated thorough the common wayes to the upper provinces of the body.

It differs from an inflammation in the Matrix; because this is consociated with a Fever, continually burning all the parts of the body: but in a Dropsey of the Matrix, the heat is more gentle and temperate; all things are lockt up in the Matrix, that is, nothing worth the mentioning comes from thence in an inflammation: but in a Dropsey a waterish, slimy and stinking excrement floweth away.

This is a Chronicall Disease, and doth not quickly

Womens Diseases. CHAP. 6. quickly either destroy, or take leave of the Patient.

It differs also from the windinesse which swells the Marrix, for in that the swelling is not so great, the flesh is not so pale and shining, neither is there so much winde, and it is easily differenced from a Schirrus, for in this you may feele a great hardnesse, but in the Dropsey, the flesh is soft and lanke, And: dier beterener si

The Dropfey in the Matrix is a direfull disease, whereby the upper parts being vitiated, fometimes the whole body is drawn into consent, and then the naturall heat of the Matrix is diminished, and indeed the oeconomy of this part onely is not disturbed, but the universall strength of the influent

heat is by degrees extinguisht.

Wherefore you must begin the Cure without any procrastination, or carelesse delayes, by a heating and drying diet; the forme, quantity, quality, and manner whereof, we have fet down already at large, in the Chapter of a swelling in the Ma-

Allow her pure wine for her drinke; that is fincere wine; or elfe wormewood wine; or if it seeme pleasant to her, boile china roots, with Annife feeds, Cinamon, and

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6. CHAP. 6. Womens Diseases.

Agrimony in water, for her to drink; or alter her beer with China, or wormswood, or ich Century of anthroose wiffs thezaw

All moist things must be avoided : and the ayre must be artificially heated, unlesse you can fettle her in an ayre, which is na-

turally hot doubte appoint short stiere

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Among the univerfall remedies you must omit Phlebotomy, for this exhausts the hoe substance, and weakens the naturall heat, cooleth the body, extinguished the inborne preservative; yet this rule is not fostrict, or so generall, but that fometimes it may be lawfull, yea necessary to cut a veine, when her Courses are supprest, or when the Piles are stopt : yea, if she be young, and in the flower of her youth, it may be requisite to let her bloud in the fpring of the yeare, especially if the conflitution of the weather be agreeable, and the constitution of her body temperates and sanguine, but otherwise never, or at least very sparingly, and that in the Ankle.

Purge the first regions of her body with Diasenua, Mechoaca, or Diaphenicon, the thick, nie; viscous, and waterish humours, neverthelesse, being first prepared, specially with such remedies as we have commended unto you above, and although the waterish humours may

Take the last named five roots, of each

half anounce.

Three drams of danewort roots.

The leaves of wormewood,

Water agrimony,

Maidenbaire, of each a handfull.

Six drams of Sena.

An onnce of the juice of Irees roots.

Boile them in a sufficient quantity of Barley water, to two pints, unto the strained liquor clarified with the white of an Egg, add

Two ounces, of Syrupe Byzant. simpl.

An ounce of Syrupe of wormewood.

Mingle them, and make an Apozem.

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CHAP. 6. Womens Diseases.

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When the humor is prepared, exhibit pills de Hiera cum agarico to the quantity of a dram. Antimony warily administred, is a divine medicine, and so are the Trochischs Albandal; for these irresistably bring away those thick and clammy humours, which stick so fast to the Matrix; afterwards the Matrix must be strengthned, and the windy humours must be expelled, with Lozenges made according to this manner.

Take the Electuary Diacinnamomums

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Dialacca, of each halfe a dram.

Two ounces of sugar dissolved in Cinamon-water.

According to Art, make them into Lo-

Take an ounce of old Treacle.

Two drams of aromaticum rosatum.

With a sufficient quantity of Syrup of wormewood make a mixture.

The Oyntments, Plaisters, and Poultisses, which are mentioned above, must be applyed to the secret parts: issues also and scarifications will be convenient, as we have already taught; Pessaries likewise may bee made after this forme following.

Take Troch. Alhandal, Troch. de agarico,

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The best Aloes of each two drams.

A dram of Elaterium, which is the juice of the wilde Cucumber inspissated.

The yelke of an Egg,

Unsalted Butter,

The juice of Mercury, of each three drams. With a sufficient quantity of wax, a piece of Cotton, and a piece of taffata make a peffary.

This being administred, apply the Fomen-

tation following to her privie parts.

Take danewort roots newly gathered. The roots of the Florentine Flowerdeluce, The roots Cucumer. asicrin. of each fix drams.

The flowers of Camomile, Melilot, of each two handfulls. A handfull of the tops of Dill,

Juniper berries,

Laurell berries, of each halfe an ounce.

Boile them in a sufficient quantity of normewood water distilled, to foure pints, to the strained liquor add

Oyle of Lillies, Laurell berries, of each three ounces. Use it as was said above.

CHAP. VII.

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# Of the falling down of the Matrix.

THe Matrix sometimes falleth down up-I on the lower parts, and this disease the Physicians call the Descent of the Matrix; this is resembled to a pare, or a gooseegg, as it is small or great; as there are many Causes of this disease, namely a hard labour, and a frequent bringing forth of children, miscarrying, a bringing away of the dead child, some fall from on high, hard riding, or immoderate dancing, yet there is one, in my judgement, more common then any of the reft, namely too much moisture in that part, whereby the Matrix becomes foft, and loose; 'cis neediesse to fet down any fignes whereby to know this disease: for of it selfe it is conspicuous,

Yet in the meane time you must not let passe any opportunity of help, because it is accompanied with a diuturnal Fever, many times with Convulsion Fits, and a

trembling of the parts.

Wherefore if the disease proceed from an excesse of moisture, prescribe a drying diet 3

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and open the basalick veine for Revulsion sake.

A purge must by no meanes be granted her, for 'tis exceeding hurtfull, because it precipitates the humours to the part affected, and there breeds an inflammation; but a Vomit is very proper in this case; because by drawing the humours to some other part, it doth derive them from the Matrix.

When you have done these things, labour to settle the Matrix in its former place, and to this purpose the woman must be laid upon her bed, with her legs stretched out, then the Matrix must be gently bathed with mollifying fomentations, afterwards to the end it may not fall down againe, rub the parts well, tye ligatures upon her armes: yea, apply stinking things to her Matrix, as assa settle, galbanum, Castor, and stinking pisse: but to the nose hold sweet things, as musk, civet, and amber.

When you have thus done, dry up the moisture, digest the slimy humour, and expell the winde with this Fomentation.

Take half an ounce of tormentill.

The leaves of wormewood,

Mint,

Tenniroyall, of each two handfulls.

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CHAP. 7. Womens Diseases.

105

The flowers of Camomile, Red roses, of each a handfull.

Burnt alum,

Live Sulphur, of each three drams.

Boile them in sowre red wine to three pints, and with the strained liquor bath her fecret parts.

After the fomentation, lay on this plaister. Take two ounces of Emplastrum pro ma.

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Gummi laranne, of each a dram.

Two drams of the Trochischs de Gallia Moschata.

The powder of red roses,

Red Corall

Acornes, of each a dram and a halfe.

With a sufficient quantity of wax make a Masse and spread it upon a piece of lea-

ther cut into a convenient forme.

If it cannot be reduced to its naturall fite and polition, by the dexterity of the hand, but begins to mortifie by the inclemency of the ayre, cut it off, and afterwards fasten it by actuall Cauterizing, onely or Storing be carefull of some ligaments, and feare not the incision, because it is none of those principall parts, without which we can live no longer, but it is a part intended by

106 Womens Diseases. CHAP. 8.

Nature for Conception onely and generation. Avicen reports of some women, who lived eighteen yeares without a Matrix; and the possibility hereof we affirme to be true upon our owne experience.

## CHAP. VIII.

Of an Itch, Clefts, Chaps, and an Inflammation in the Matrix.

A N Inflammation in the Matrix is a preternatural swelling, arising from a hot bloud, or from the suppression of the Menstruum, in the hollow parts thereof.

The Causes of this swelling are either inward or outward; the inward Causes are a great plenitude or fulnesse of the whole body, begot by a hot distemper of the Li-

ver and the veines.

By the vehemence of this distemper, the bloud it selfe is compelled in a large proportion to the Matrix: and thus the retained bloud, being no wayes able to get out, either putrifies, or else without putrifying, produceth an inflammation: sometimes also an Ulcer in the Matrix, or clefts, or chaps, or the Piles, doe most specalily

CHAP. 8. Womens Diseases. 107

dily draw the bloud unto them by reason

of the paine and heat.

The outward Causes are a fall, a blow, a stroke, a hard labour, immoderate coition, and the like, which weakning the Matrix, the bloud flowes unto it, and settles there without resistance; after this inflammation in the Matrix, there followes an acute Fever, bred of the putrifaction of the bloud, which Fever, Galen faith, must be numbred

among the continuall Fevers.

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She complaines of a great paine in her head, by reason of vapours ascending from her Matrix: also her eyes ake, and her neck is drawn to one side, her stomack is affeched by consent with nauseating, vomiting, and a griping paine; and from hence many times proceeds a paine in her back, and idle talking; the excrements are fuppressed by the compression of the straight gut, and from hence comes a difficulty to make water, or a pissing by drops.

Every one knoweth how dangerous, and mortall this disease is, by reason of the consent, which it hath with the parts aforesaid: wherefore you must presently addresse your selfe to the Cure; first prescribing a thin and cold Diet, which Hippocrates enjoynes to be observed in all Fevers,

and

108 Womens Diseases. CHAP. 8. and inflammations, and afterwards open-

ing a veine.

Many Physitians have been puzled to finde out Galens meaning, who first commands the Basilick veine to be cut; Second-By, the Saphena, or veine in the ankle, but the reason is obvious; for whereas in the beginning of the disease the body is full, he prescribed the opening of the basilick veine to expedite the Revulsion: otherwise he had drawn the humours by a precipitate motion, to the part affected, and so superinduced an inflammation.

When this is done, he proceeds to lessen the predominancy of the bloud, by cutting a veine in the ankle, and not without found reason: for by the proximity, or nearnesse of that part, the labouring parts are soonest

disburthened.

A Purge is in this case inconvenient, by reason of the inflammation of the part, and thedrawing faculty of the purging simples. Glysters may be profitable, both to bring away the antecedent cause, and also to free the afflicted part from the peccant matter; Make them by this example.

Take the leaves of Violets,

Mallowes, Beet, of each a handfull. The flowers of dwarfelder, Violets, of each a handfull.

Roses ,

Prunes, ten in number.
The feeds of Melous,

Cucumbers,

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Gourds, of each two drams.

Boile them in a sufficient quantity of whole barley water, to nine ounces, to the strained liquor, add

Two ounces of Electuarium lenitivum.

Oyle of Rofes,

Oyle of Violets, of each an ounce. Mingle them, and make a glyster.

To appeale the paine, you may mingle Topicall remedies with the Anodynall, and apply them.

Take the leaves of Mallowes, Violets, of each a handfull.

Boile them to softnesse, then set them into an oven, and dry them, beat them to powder, sift them, and to the sifted matter add

The whites of two eggs beaten together.
The meale of marish mallowes,

Unsalted butter,

Oyle of Violeis, of each an ounce.

Two drams of Opium dissolved in wine winegar. Mingle

CHAP. 8. CHA Womens Diseases. IIO

Mingle them, and make a Poultis, or Take foure ounces of the crums of white bread.

The whites of two egs. Oyntment of Roses, Oyntment of Poplars, of each an ounce. Two scruples of Saffron. Mingle them, and make a Poultis.

This Inflammation will either be disfolved, or hasten to suppuration; you may gueffe by the vehemence of the fever, when it will dissolve; for seeing that the greatnesse of the fever doth accompany the greatnesse of the inflammation; if the fever remit, which depends upon the inflammation, 'tis a certaine signe, that the inflammation shortly will be dissolved; but if after the universall administrations, the fever still continue vehement, it is a true figne of suppuration, and the rather if the paine be increased, according to that Oracle of Hippocrates, whilest Matter or Corruption is ripening, the paines and the Fevers are more importunate then when it is full ripe.

The proper signe of suppuration is a most vehement paine upon the privie parts; and therefore to humour the evill, and to haften the suppuration, prescribe this Poultis

following.

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CHAP. 8. Womens Diseases. 11

Take the heads of white Lillies.

The roots of marish mallowes, of each two ounces.

The leaves of mallowes,

Marish mallowes, of each a handfull.

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Camomile flowers, of each half a handfull.

Twelve fat figs.

Boile them all to softnesse, pulp them thorough a haire sieve, and add to the pulp

Two ounces of the meale of line seed.

Unsalted butter,

The oyle of sweet almonds, of each halfe an ounce.

Hogsgrease,

The fat of a ben, of each half an ounce.

A dram of Saffron.

Minglethem, and make a Catapla sme.

A Fomentation made of these things, and with sponges applied to the secret parts, are of knowne vertue; but then note, that when you use it, it must be hot or luke-warme; for the Matrix being a part full of Nerves is easily offended with cold things.

When there is an itching in the Matrix, by reason of an influx of some cholerick, and biting humour, usually there sollow chinks, chaps, and clefts, all which require one and the same manner of cure, with an inflammation.

112 Womens Diseases. CHAP. 9.

If the Itching continue long, give her whey, or an infusion of Rubarb to drink, lay cooling Epithems upon her Liver, and then washher Matrix with this Injection.

Take a dram of Trochisch. All. Rhasis.

Mallow water.

Breast milk of each three ounces.

Mingle them together for an injection.

From hence, if there be occasion proceed

#### CHAP. IX.

Of a Cancer, and an Olcer in the Matrix.

Awith paine, and filthy to behold, this is twofold, either with, or without an Ulcer; the one hath fordid lips, from whence issueth a black corruption, unsavory and shinking; but the other, namely, that without an Ulcer, is called almost by all Antiquity a hidden Ulcer.

The cause of this is the menstruous bloud detained in great abundance, and afterwards dried, and burnt up to adustion: sometimes it is produced by a dry humour falling down from the upper parts upon the Ma-

trixe

CHAP. 9. Womens Diseases. 113

P.9. rix, from whence that accumulation of reher fordid, and blackish bloud floweth away.

You may discerne the signes by a paine and about the groine, the abdomen, the bottome on, of the belly, and in the loines of her back: it is a stubborne disease : both in respect of the incommodiousnesse of the place, which is the finke of all the humours, and also in regard of her frequent desire, and indeavour to make water, which render the medicines so moist, that they cannot stick to the part; moreover light remedies it contemnes, and vehement medicines make it worse: wherefore Hippocrates in one of his Aphorismes most wisely adviseth us, not to trix, cure a hidden Cancer; because they who are cured quickly perish, they who are not elling cured live so much the longer; and we say the same of a Cancer, which is exulcerated, n VI the paines whereof are greater, and doe hence more torment the woman, when the Cure y and of the Vicer is attempted. with-

We must therefore content our selves with a palliative Cure, that the Patient may live the longer (for in the midst of misery life is sweet) this may be done by appointing a good Diet, and forbidding the use of Me-

times lancholy meats.

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tring

Upon the approach of the Spring, and about

about the end of Autumne, let her bleed from the basilick veine; but if she have not her Courses open a veine in the ankle.

Prescribe such simples as are good to purge Melancholy, as Sena, Hellebore, myrobalans, epithymum, and annise teeds; Some of these must be insused a whole night in whey, and so strained and dranke, but exhibit not stronger Physick, because the humour is so apt to be outragious.

Locall remedies which are moderately cold and binding, may be applyed to the privie parts, as roses, myrrhe, the juice of unripe grapes mingled with rosewater, breast-

milke, and the white of an egg, or

Take Cerus wash't,

Tutia, of each an ounce and a halfe.

Burnt Lead,

Frankincense, of each two drams.

With foure ounces of oleum Omphacinum stirred much, and long in a marble morter, and

Three drams of white wax, make an oynt-

ment, or

Take foure ounces of Litarge of silver wash't in the juice of Pomegranets, and for two whole dayes worne to dust in a marble morter.

Frankincense,

Burse

P.9. CHAP. 9. Womens Diseases. bleed Burnt Lead, Auripigment, of each two drams. renot

Hog greafe,

The greafe that is gathered from fleeps Myro. wool,

Some New butter, of each halfe an ounce.

thin Foure ounces of oyle of refes.

Foure drams of wax.

the According to the rules of Art make an

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Burk

If any filthy matter, or bloudy corrupto the tion run from the Ulcer, beat the shells of of un- Crab fishes to ashes ( having first dried them break in an oven) and ffrow the ashes upon the Ulcer, aud anount it twice a day with oyle.

If the paine increase, and grow insufferable, inject this decoction into her Matrix

with a Syringe.

Take an ounce of the sperme of Frogs.

The leaves of mallowes.

Marish mallowes,

Violets,

Mercury, of each a handfull.

Coriander seeds,

Poppy feeds, of each two drams.

Boile them in a sufficient quantity of whole barley water, to eighteen ounces; to three ounces of the strained liquor add

Syrupe

Syrup of the juice of Pomegranets,

Hony of roses strained, of each an ounce and a halfe.

Mingle them together, and make an injection for fix times, to be injected twice every day.

Purge her body once a moneth with this

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Medicine following.

Take three drams of Sena.

A dram of Agarick Trochischated. Halfe a dram of black bellebore.

A dram of annise seeds.

Macerate them a whole night in a sufficient quantity of fumitary water, to three ounces; in the morning set them upon the fire, and after one or two bublings, add to the liquor which you presse out, halfe an ounce of Syrup of the juice of sumitary.

Two drams of Confectio Hamech. Mingle them for a draught.

If her body be sufficiently strong, open a veine, yet be sparing of her bloud; the Surgeons worke, which may be profitable, when the breasts, or the other parts are infested with a Cancer, must in this case be omitted: first, because he cannot have a full view of it, and secondly, being irritated by his administrations, it would cast the Patient into Convulsion Fits, in regard of

CHAP. 9. Womens Diseases. 117
the consent which it hath with the braine, which by this meanes would presently perish.

Wayes, either upon the coming down of the whites, proceeding from an acrimonious and sharp humour, or else from clefts and chaps, which are not easily curable, because of the humour which infinuating it selfe, corrodes, and exulcerates the part.

The fignes of an Ulter in the Matrix are, a pricking paine about the privile parts, fluxes of a virulent and corrupt humour, a gentle Fever, idle talking, and sometimes

the founding Fits.

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These Vicers are very hard to cure, partly because of the distance of the place, the virulency and malignity of them, and partly also, because it is so full of Nerves, that they hinder the coalescence, and healing of it.

The most proper and convenient diet which in this case you can prescribe, is that which is moderate and temperate: let her surrender her whole desires to sleepe, not fearing any excesse; hot meats must be avoided, and exercise must be forborne; but above all things, let her refuse her husband in his loving offers of Benevolence; for by heat

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and

118 Womens Diseases. CHAP.9.

and motion the humours melt, and falling down upon the Matrix, they exasperate the Vicers.

When you let bloud open the black vein; a Vomit may be given with fecurity, and fafety, but the event of a Purge is doubtfull: yet if you prescribe one, let it be ve-

ry gentle for the reasons aforesaid. egeno

Locall remedies are very proper and profitable: so are Baths, and the Injections which we have already commended to you; provided, that you add a dram and a half of the Trochisch. alb. Rhasis, with two ounces of Hydromel, and the whey of Goats milke.

If you can gather from the confession of the sick woman, that these Vicers owe their beginning to the French Pox, having sirst made trial of all these remedies aforesaid, as well universall, as particular, prescribe compositions which receive Mercury, the severall formes whereof, if God permit, when we describe the Cure of the French Pox, we shall set down at large.

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CHAP. X.

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### CHAP. X.

Of Wormes, the Stone in the Matrix, and the Hemorrhoids.

Hat wormes breed in all the parts of our bodies is a truth not to be denyed. The Cause of these wormes is a viscous, phlegmatick, raw, and cold humour, flicking by its clamminesse to the very Matrix, or to the neck thereof, and by degrees putrifying.

The fignes of them are a dew, or moissure upon the lips of the Matrix, slendernesse, troublesome sleeps, an itching in the belly,

and a flow Fever.

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This is a disease full of molestation; in regard of the Fever, and the want of fleep, which waste and consume the fick Greature.

To facilitate the Cure, a dry regiment is necessary; meats that yield a thick, cold, and moist juice must be avoided; her beer should be boiled with rubarbe , pur selane, or forrell, and you may purge her body with pills of mastick, or de Hiera, cum agarico, Or

Take an ounce of graffe roots;

Womens Diseases. CHAP. 10. 120 The leaves of plantane. Tansie, of each a handfull. Two drams of citron feeds. Boile them in a sufficient quantity of balme water to a pint, in the strained liquor infuse for the space of a night Three drams of the choisest Rubarb, A dram and a halfe of agarick Troch. Coralline, Hartshorne prepared, of each a dram. In the moring set them upon a gentle fire, allow them one or two bublings, straine them, and presse out the liquor, and then add Foure ounces of Diacnicu. Mingle them for an Apozem. Every other day let her drinke three ounces of it. You may make your injections after this Take halfe an ounce of Dittany roots. The leaves of Tanfie,

Calamint, of each a handfull.

Halfe a handfull of Century the leffe.

Two drams of citron feeds.

Boilethem in a sufficient quantity of bonied water to nine ounces, add

An ounce and a halfe of Syrup of Worme-

wood.

Two drams of aloes in powder.

Meale

Meale of Lupines.

Rubarb in powder, of each a dram.

Mingle them, and make an Injection to

Take the roots of Costmary,

Aristolochy, the long, of each two drams, Coloquintida,

Aloes

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aine add

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this

The gall of an Ox, of each three drams.

Two drams of bartshorne prepared.

Boil them in a sufficient quantity of wormwood water to nine ounces, every morning inject three ounces of the strained liquor.

Or make a plaister of the things aforesaid, according to art, and lay it to the

privie parts.

The same administrations will serve against the stone in the Matriz; provided that you are sure, that that is the Materiall and efficient Cause; that is a thick, slow and viscous humour, the other, namely the efficient, is an immoderate heat.

Stones many times also are generated of a corruption, or matter congealed in the Matrix, and grown dry; the Cause is two-fold; one inward, the other outward; the inward hath already been declared; the outward is a thick, cold, and waterish meat, suppeditating matter to the Concre-

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Meale

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122 Womens Diseases. CHAP. 10.

tion of the stone; as milke, fish, pulse, and other grosse aliments, as cheese and muddy ale.

The Stone in the Matrix is known by the paine in the part, and if you presse down

the Matrix the paine is exasperated.

The woman conceives not, her Courses come down immoderately, and if she put her singer up her fundament, she may seele the Stone. Use your utmost speed and diligence to cure it; for whereas the Matrix is as the sinke, or common shore, into which Nature empties out all the grosse and superfluous bloud, it may be seared that that corrupt matter will turne to a Stone, which in continuance of time growes sometimes to such a bignesse (as we of our own knowledge can testisse) that it fills the whole capacity of the Matrix, and totally suppressent the Courses, breeding Vicers sull of corruption and purulency.

The Cure consists in a good regiment, in the preparation of the humours, and in the evacuation and expurgation of them, to prepare the humours, give her this Apo-

zem following.

Take the roots of parfly.

Eryngos, Fennill,

Alexander, of each halfe an ounce.

The

The leaves of Germander, Mioletr, of each a handfull.
White Maidenbaire,

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Century the leffe, of each halfe a handfull.
The feeds of grummell,

Nettles, of each two drams

Six drams of raisins pickt and floned.

Foure drains of licoras, or solar alad bas

Boile them din a sufficient quantity of barley water, to two pints, to the strained liquor add

Syrupe of the five roots.

Syrup of Lemons, of each an ounce and a halfe.

Mingle them, and make an Apozem.

When she hath drunk the Apozem, make ready this Potion.

Take the roots of Polypody, and to 100

Marish mallowes, sames 18 to mail A

The leaves of Violets, Indiana Indiana

Mallowes, of each a handfull.

The leaves of Sena, and in the Market

Bastard saffron seeds, of each halfe an ounce. Agarick Trochischated,

Mechoacha, of each two drams.

Macerate them a whole night in a sufficient quantity of Rhenish wine to eight ounces, and boyle them gently in the morning, fraine and presse out the liquor with a

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ftrong

124 Womens Diseases. CHAP. 10.

Brong hand, and add to it

Halfe an ounce of Electuary Diacarthamum: Mingle them together, and make a Potion for two doses to be taken every other

day.

We have already furnisht you with Fomentations, Poultisses, Oyntments, Plaisters, and halfe tubs to bath in, which are very serviceable in this cure; but above all things inject these glysters following very often, throughout the whole progresse of the Cure.

Take nine ounces of some emollient de-

coction.

Diacatholicon, and adden bate another sail

Benedicia Laxativa, of each an ounce.

Oyle of Dill.

Oyle of bitter Almonds, of each fix drams.

A dram of Sal gemme.

Mingle them, and make your glyfter, or

Take the roots of restharrow,

Marishmallowes, of each halfe an ounce.

The leaves of mallowes.

Violets,

Pellitory of the wall, the lo mandant

Mercury, of each a handfull.

The tops of Dill, The day to winness and

Camomile flowers, of each half a handfull.

Line feed.

Fenugreek,

Fenugreek, of each three drams.

Two drams of nettle feeds.

Boile them in a sufficient quantity of water to nine ounces, to the strained liquor add

Diaphenicon.

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greek,

Benedicta laxativa, of each an ounce.

Oyle of Lillies,

Unsalted butter, of each an ounce and a

Mingle them and make a glyster.

When these things are done, let the Midwise put her singer up into the Patients Fundament, and artificially presse downe the belly upon the bones, that joyne neer the privie parts, that the place where the stone lies, may be raised up: this being dryed, put in a hooked instrument, and draw it out, as we have sometimes seen it done, but afterwards let issues made in her body be kept open.

HAR TO Tomous Defenses. Femily reis of carly three drams. Two drame of stende Tengs, Pharman Boile fished in a mindenrequantly of ater to nine ouncer. to the frained libror Disphenicon Benedicia invativat of carn du cunce. Ople of Lillier Unfaired butters of tack an ounce and a Magte chemand welcongigher. When endethings medone, let the Midife but her finger up jaco the Pathner, and smeller of and artificially preffe downer te beily upon the bones chat journ nour te privie pares, that the place where the one lies, may be railed up : this bring dryto per in a booked in home ment , and draw cone, at we have formetimes from it done, afterwards let it mes it ade in her box od Podeni straniški sinkatokačni dola



#### THE

## THIRD BOOK,

OF

Barrennesse, and such Diseases, as befall Women with Childe.

### The first Chapter.

OF Barrennesse, both Absolute and Respective.

Rovident Nature that she might contrive the continuation of Mankinde for a long time, if not in the Individuall, yet at least in the Species, hath imprinted in those parts dedicated to generation, a vehement, continuall, and inexpressible

by a due commixture of the womans blouders with the feed of the man, the formeth another fashioneth a Creature in the Matrix, which is at a certaine, and appointed time, the fender in its Conformation.

Wherefore in my Judgement, Conception is nothing else then a receiving of the mans feed in the Matrix, being exquisitely work and proportionably intermingled, aptly and recained, and fully perfected, and therefore the by the rule of Contraries, we may affirmed accompanies to be a Depravation, or defectly of

of these operations.

Barrennesse is either naturall, and actual quired from the sirst Elements of the Control formation, or introduced by sicknesse; or she lastly Respective, namely in reference to the the Man, or the Woman, the first is incumble rable; for no Physitian can correct those the errours, which Nature commits in the my-sterious purpose of our generation; one to of these errours is the straightnesse of those and passages which lead to the Matrix, being sometimes so narrow that they hinder the the right transmission of the seed into the wessells of Generation, or if it be injected, and yet is it received with so much paine and labour.

AP. I .. HAP. I. Womens Diseases. 129

blond or perfect it, another errour is the wideth and esse of those parts, into which although
which he seed be duely ejaculated, yet it presentnessed y slips out againe, because the capacity
persent f the Matrix is too wide; the crookednesse

oncep. nent; for we may many times meet with of the esting errours, as I may call them, in the missely vorkmanships of Nature; thus in one boathly ly a double Matrix hath been seen, in an another other two hearts, in a third, the Spleen placed where the Liver should stand, and mandest in other such like recreations of Nature,

is Realdus Columbus hath discoursed of them

and ac it large in his Anatomy.

The second kinde of barrennesse is that which is contracted by some disease; for which is contracted by some disease; for whereas the seed is a certaine spirituall since substance, generated of the purest part of the bloud, it is necessary that it should be concocted in a temperate wombe; but if the Matrix be too hot, it consumes the seed, as a little water thrown into a fire, is presently dryed up, and on the contrary, if it bee too moist and cold, the actions that are ordained for conception are weakned, and disabled, because cold is unprositable, and disabled because cold is unprositable, and uselesse for any function: it shuts up the

the mouthes of the veines in the Matrix hash it renders a woman averse from, and indisposed to the pleasure of the Lawfull sheets in the Matrix hash for a waterish seed cooles the Testicles, and penals

make it fit to unite and mix with the mans perafeed; unto these impediments Hippocrates to

hath also added another which in his Apho-one to

From all which it is manifest, that the and temperate Matrix is most fruitfull, namely ing that which obtaines a mediocrity, approaching to no excesse, either of an active like or passive quality; by the universall Constitution of the whole body, you may best discerne the temperature of the wombe, which is most fit for conception; for such women are fresh coloured, and of a rosse complexion, gentle of behaviour, affable in their cariage, merry and pleasant in their cariage, merry and pleasant in their conversation, not dull and drowsie, and full of pensivenesse.

The third cause of barrennesse proceeds neither from the Nativity of the Patient, nor from any sicknes, but relates to the man, as for example; one and the same woman may have had Children by a former husband, and yet no children by a second husband, not because she is now barren, or un-

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CHAP. I. Womens Diseases.

fruitfull, but she is so called because of her husband, by whom the hath now no children, the case is likewise the same on the mans part, respectively to the woman; but perhaps you will demand a reason hereof, mand i answer; because the proportion and temperature of both the feeds, which ought to concur to generation, are contrary the man and the woman, if it be prolificall and fruitfull, will be of a white, and shineing colour, not thin and waterish, but of i thick, and compacted substance, in sent thive like unto the flowers of the Dwarfelder Contree, and being put into water, it will inke to the bottome; but that which is ombe, anfit for generation will swim upon the rich top of the water, and is in all respects conrolle rary to the former; the man ought to be of a strong constitution, well set, full of int in nuscles, and neither too slender, nor too owie, :hick; for those that are slender, are usualy too weak to get children, at least such ceds is are healthfull, strong, and lively, and those who are to grosse, are commonly of min, 1 cold temper, have a thin and slippery oman feed, and are more desirous of Venery, then ible to performe it.

Barren men are commonly beardless, slow ezam

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tfull,

in imagination, and dull in practife, because their seed is cold, and containes not any spirit to tickle, and warme their Phantasies, but they sit like images, and are sad, and insociable; on the contrary, hairy men, that have Testicles of an indisterent size, and a well concocted seed, are cheerefull, assable, ever frequenting the young company of Maids, and Virgins, being excited by the slagrancy of their eyes to Venereous dalliances, and lustfull speculations.

After the same manner we must give judgement concerning women, which besides the signes aforesaide, if they be bald, and harelesse in the privie parts, they are suspected to be barren; but if they be rough, and sull of haire, it is a signe that they are fruitfull; the wiser fort of Physicians know, that much haire is an undeniable argument of much heat, and of the strength of that heat, which driveth out those sure liginous humours, whereof those haires are generated.

Those women that have black haire, are more apt for Venery, then any other complexion, because they are hotter, and have their Courses in a more plentifull manner: which Courses, how conducible they are to

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CHAP.1. Womens Diseases. 13:

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make her fruitfull, is manifest to any ordinary capacity, because the menstruous blood is one of the Principles of our generation.

Other forts of barren women must be referred to this Catalogue, as those that are luxuriant, and the whorish crew; the former, because by frequent coition their bodies become empty of seed, and if any at that time be ejaculated, it is not sit for generation, because Nature is not allowed time enough to elaborate and concoct it and the latter fort conceive not, partly by reason that many, and various seeds are mingled together, and partly also by reason of their frequent cohabitation with men, whereby the neck of the Matrix is made so slippery, that it cannot retaine the mans seed.

It will not be impertinent to enquire at what time women begin to have their Courses? I answer, that for the most part, they begin when the Virgin is twelve years of age, and end when she hath attained to forty sive: and in all that intercourse of time women are held capable of children; but if any Auhors will affirme that women may conceive, before and after those forenamed periods of time; we also affirme, that this is not ordinary, but very rare;

Womens Diseases. CHAP.I. 134 Jet the learned Reader confult Marcellus Donatus, and Schenchius de menstruo sanguine, in the chapter de cita & fera Conceptione admiranda, and he will ftraight demand, whither a woman can conceive without the Menstruum? I answer negatively; for when either Principle of Generation is defective, there can be no conception; if you fill obtrude upon me, that many women have conceived without the Menfruum, I grant it to be true; if you speak of the outward Menstruum, namely that, which we call their monethly Courses: but if you meane it of the inward, that is of that, which runneth out of the veffells into the Matrix for conception fake, you are deceived; for no woman can conceive without this inward menstruum; you will ask againe peradventure, can a woman conceive without pleasure? and whither it te absolutely necessary that the seeds should be intermingled, and that the man and the woman should both spend at one, and the same point of time ? to the first I anfwer, that they enjoy an unspeakable pleasure, although that conduceth little or nothing to conception; and to the fecond I affirme, that it is not necessary that they both spend at one time, although

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CHAP.I. Womens Diseases.

135

I confesse that may facilitate, and much help conception, but that it is sufficient, if the feed be received into the Matrix, and rightly concocted, for there is in the womans feed, fuch an earnest, coverous, and greedie desire, to embrace, and be united with the feed of the man, that although the man spend after the woman, yet she fucks it in, and the conception is nevertheleffe perfect and liw man amat all sollen

Thus we have declared unto you ( with all possible observation of modest expressions ) the Caufes of barrennesse in generall; and the fignes of fuch men and women that are unfruitfull, by which notes you may discerne the particular conflitution of either Sex V men Ploes to no

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It would be needlesse to fet down any prognostick fignes, because from a true confideration of the precedent notes, you may raise an unerring determination, whither the fault be in the man, or the womanifestry whereof, the spirit which, irain

Let us now advance to the cure ; we have faid that there is a threefold kinde of barrennesse, Naturall, Respective, and that which is contracted by some disease; that which comes from the Nativity of the Patient is incurable; but that which

Womens Diseases. CHAP. I. 136 is comparative in relation to the woman, or the man, may have help from artificiall administrations; for if the man or the woman be unfruitfull through an excesse of the first qualities, that intemperance must be corrected; how to bring this to

paffe, now heare and understand; if any man thoroughly knoweth how to cure that barrennesse; which comes by fick-

nesse, the same man will be able to particu-Tarize every cause that introduceth un-

polible oblervation of modeling - Now this barrennesse that happens by reason of some disease, must be cured by a distinct observation of the cause, whereupon it hath dependance; if it proceed from an Vicer, that Vicer must be cured; if it arife from frequent coition, the incontinent person must curb her, or his appetice; if the Ayre be a suspected cause, remove to another place ; if any poyfon hath got into the body, by the power and malignity whereof, the spirit which is in the feed is weakned, and dulled, you muß prescribe remedies of Bezar stone, and apply fuch medicines to the privities, as have a faculty to relift poyfori. 12000 at dointer

If the party be bewitched, as it often comes to passe, even by the malicious art

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CHAP. 1. Womens Difeases. 137

of the Devill, or his instruments, besides the ordinary helps, you must indeavour to subdue the evill with other meanes, as the learned Fernelius hath taught us in his booke de abditis rerum causis; for some diseases and remedies exceed the limits and boundaries of Nature.

If stendernesse be the cause of unfruitfullnesse; you must nourish and fatten the body with meats that yeild good juyce, and with moistning baths: and you must be carefull to avoid evacuations, and all other things, which weaken the strength,

and exhauft the spirits.

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If fatnesse hinder fruitfulnesse; the body must be extenuated, made lean, dried, and rub'd, and all other meanes muft be used to dissolve and evacuate the thick juyces; the Patient must accustome her selfe to much exercise, refraine from anger, and all passions of the minde, and content her selfe with little spleen; for these things introduce leannesse, bring down the body, and take away all groffenesse, and corpulency; for the same purpose also you may frequent the Bath, and hot houses, for sweating doth much extenuate a fat body. If the Affect be produced by an excesse of the first foure qualities, as we have already

already intimated, that hot distemper must be corrected by a various administration of remedies, in contrariety to that exceffe; first with a cold, and moist ayre, for in fuch cases, a hot ayre weakens our Arength, and drawes out the naturall heat to the circumference, inflames, disfolves, and enervates the faculties of the Matrix, and because a hot distemper cannot long continue simple, and uncompounded, but in a short space affociates to it selfe a dry distemper, therefore the aliments must be moult to refift the increase of that drought, which is not cured without much trouble and difficulty, if it be once introduced into the Matrix, which by Nature is a dry and nervous part; wherefore let her drinke be potentially moift, as small beer, or a decoction of barley, but enjoyn her an abstinence from wine, and all such meats as are spiced with cinamon, and Ginger. oracle tolern , for cheer hilly eller

Let her meat be of easie concoction and distribution, potentially cold, and moist, that is, cold and moist in their qualities, and operation, though they be actually not when she eats them, it would be superstuous to name them, having already sufficiently spoken of them in the prece-

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CHAP. I. Womens Diseases. 139 dent chapters of a hot dihemper in the Matrix, and an inflammation in the Matrix.

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It will be convenient to draw bloud from the basilick vein, in the right arme, and if the hot distemper be the cause, that the Patient hath not her Courses, cut a veine in her ankle.

Moreover you may prepare cooling, and moistning Juleps after this manner.

Take Syrup of Violets and water lillies, of

Twelve ounces of Endive water.

Six drops of Spirit of vitrioll, mingle

Take Syrup of borage, and Syrupe of purselane, of each an ounce and a halfe.

A decoction of lettuce, with cucumber, citrul, gourd, and melon feeds, of each a dram and a halfe, take a pint and a halfe of the decoction mingled with the Syrups, and let her drink it at three doses.

Prescribe a Purge also to evacuate choler.

Take three drams of the best rubarb.

A scuple and a halfe of citron seeds.

Macerate them a night in a sufficient quantity of a decoction of tamarinds, to two ounces and a halfe, in the morning straine and presse them, and to the liquor K 4 add add three drams of the Electuary Diaprun. laxative. Halfe an ounce of Syrupe of Violets by infusion, mingle them, and give it in the morning.

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Whey of it selfe is exceeding wholsome, or else you may thus compound it for your

Patient.

Takean ounce of borage roots.

Two handfulls of sorrell leaves with the roots.

Endive and borage leaves, of each a handfull.

Six drams of tamarinds.

Boyle them in a sufficient quantity of whey to a quart, and in the strained liquor insuse for a whole night

Halfean ounce of choise rubarb.

Two scruples of Cinamon.

In the morning let them bubble a little over a gentle fire, and when you have prest them hard, add

Three ounces of Syrupe of roses laxative.

Mingle them together for an Apozem.

Which is of most excellent vertue to correct the heat, and distemper of all the veynes, and principall parts; this Bath also will be very effectuall to coole the body.

Take foure handfulls of vine leaves.

The leaves of mallowes, violets, and endive,

d. CHAP. I. Womens Diseases. dive, of each two handfulls. A handfull and a halfe of bran, re it A handfull of falt. Boyle them in a sufficient quantity of water to eight quarts, let her hold her feet in the strained water, two or three houres together. You may likewise prepare fomentations of the hearbs aforesaid, and bath the privities, the Liver and the Reynes of the back; and afterwards you may make use of this oyntment. Take two ounces of unguent. infrigidan, tia Galeni. y of An ounce of Cerat. Sautalin. Oyle of roses, and oyle of violets, of each halfe an ounce.

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dive,

Two drams of the powder of red corall. Halfe an ounce of vinegar of roses.

With a sufficient quantity of white wax,

make an oyntment according to Art.

Take the liquor which is distilled out of Cockles, Snailes, or Frogs, mingle it with Saccharum perlatum, and give it her to drink, as a most effectuall remedy against this Disease.

A decoction of young Chickens boiled with prunes, and borage leaves, and taken every morning upon an empty stomack, doth

Womens Diseases. CHAP. I. CHA 142 doth refresh the body, strengthen the spirits, moisten the Matrix, cleanseth away by the foulnesse that groweth in those parts, and very powerfully relifts the causes of barrenneffe, i and - arrang affin or remain

When unfruitfulnesse proceedeth from a cold diftemper, you must observe a contrary method of cure, as for example.

The ayre must incline to hot and dry. the meat must be also potentially hot and day : and because this cold distemper is perpetually consociated with moisture. whereby cloudy and groffe vapours get into the Matrix, which is cold and nervous, therefore it will be requisite to correct this coldnesse, to take away the moiflure, and to confume, and diffipate those windy vapours; from hence you may gather, that this is a very frequent cause of barrennesse, and abortivenesse; and so likewife are flatulent and windy humours ; for they extreamely swell the Matrix, fo that the feed cannot be perfectly retained, neither can the child be held fast by the Cotyledous. Thomas Mandallo from a an

When you attempt the Cure, abstaine from Phlebotomy, unlesse it be preparative onely, to disburthen the oppressed vessells; when the Patient is in the spring of her

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pi yeares, and at the Spring of the yeare, leaft way by taking away the bloud, the spirits fhould be wasted, the humours should become more cold, and indigested, which otherwise, were not the bloud prodigally let out, might be feafonably concocted, and this you may observe with the learned Fernelius, to prescribe a Purge, before you open a veine in crude bodies, that the first region may be cleansed; if any man shall rashly proceed to a contrary course, doubtlesse with great disadvantange to the Patient, he shall pervert the right order of Nature: for when as he hath emptied the veines by Phlebotomy, he will fill them again with that filthy accumulation of corrupt humours, which they fuck in with greedinesse from the first places, and so he shall not lessen, but double the disease; the Purge may be made as followeth.

Take a dram and a halfe of the whitest

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Two drams of bastard Saffron seeds.

A scruple of Ginger.

Halfe a dram of Anniseeeds.

Macerate them a whole night in a sufficient quantity of marjoram water, to three ounces; in the morning presse them hard, and add to box and out them

Diaphenicon

Womens Diseases. CHAP. I. 144

Diaphenicon and Diaenicum, of each halfe an ounce.

Mingle them, and let her drink it in the

morning.

If her body be not sufficiently open, give the same potion every third day, or else prescribe this Glyster following.

Take nine ounces of a mollifying decoction made with marjoram and groundpine,

or germander, of each a handfull.

Diacarthamum and Diaphenicon, of each an ounce.

An ounce and a halfe of honey of roses ftrained.

Mingle them, and make a Glyfter.

When you have thoroughly purged the body, and taken away the cause, the parts must be strengthned, and the distemper must be corrected with these pills.

Take a dram of right lign. aloes beaten

to powder.

Two scruples of aloes rosat.

Musk and amber, of each a scruple.

With a sufficient quantity of alkermes,

make thirty five pills.

Let her swallow five of them, or fewer, every morning; they are exceedingly provocative, and withall they strengthen the braine, the heart, the liver, and the Matrix;

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P.I. CHAP. I. Womens Diseases.

when the man and the woman intend conjunction, let him anoint his yard with oyle of mastick, and wormewood mingled with a few graines of musk and civer; and let the woman also anount her privie parts therewith, as well within as without; for by this meanes there is raised a mutuall inclination to Venery, and the feed is received with a greater pleasure, and is more duely retained and elaborated; reafon it felfe will convince us, that fweating remedies made of ebony, and Salfaparilla will mightily help, and prepare the Matrix; for they expell the windy humours, ftrengthen the Matrix, and diffipate the fuliginous and groffe vapours; naturall Baths are excellent for the same purposes, and so are Treacle, Mitbridate, Alkermes, Aromaticum rosatum, Diarrhodon Abbatie, Diamargarit. calidum, and Diacinnamomum; and lastly if you defire any satisfaction from our opinion concerning Issues, we answer, that they evacuate those cold and thick juyces which daily flow unto, and settle in the Matrix, and therefore, as we faid almost every where, we affirme the use of them to be very expedient, and conducible.

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Of the shapeles lump of Flesh called a by this meanes there is raifed asloM

firelination to Fenery, and the feed is

Mola is an unprofitable and shapeleffe Alump of flesh, bred in the Matrix of the menstruous bloud, as the Materiall cause thereof, according to the opinion of Ga-

ten, in fundry places of his works! I'm him

He faith of the menstruous bloud, that is, fuch as is very thick and much hardned in the Matrix; but note, that he doth not here exclude the feed of the man, for every Physician knowes that a Mola proceeds from a mixture of the menstruum, and a corrupted feed, which indeed doth somewhat indeavour Conception, but cannot perfect it : neither is there any cause of wonder that such a lump of deformity should be fashioned in the wombe, feeing that severall kindes of monsters are bred there, according to the variety of the humour, which floweth into the Matrix; he that would acquaint himselfe with the knowledge of these things, may read Skenkius

CHAP. 2. Womens Diseases.

147

Skenkius his Observations, and the wonderfull stories related by Marcellus Donatus; if also he would search into, and examine the true cause of these things, let him read

Laurentius his book of Anatomy.

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But why doth this breed in the Matrix onely of a woman, and not in some other part? I answer, because, although the bloud may congeale, and become clotted in the other parts of the body, yet it happens so more frequently in the Matrix of a woman, then in any other part of her body, because the Matrix is as the common shoore of the body, where most of the excrements are exonerated.

But why doth a Mola breed in women onely? I answer, because women onely have an abundance of this menstruum, more then other Creatures, and that their bodies are full of grosse, thick, and tenacious humours, by reason that for the most part they use a moist diet, and abandon themselves to a reproveable, and disorderly course of life. This Mola is of severall kindes; for sometimes it is waterish, sometimes windy and humorall, and sometimes windy and humorall, and sometimes againe tis skinnie and bloudy; this last is the most ordinary, and all Physitians have granted it, this is that which

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is most usually presented to our observation; and lastly, this is that which so often hath deceived women, who boasted themselves to be with childe, and were not, and their Physicians also who told them they were with child, when they were not.

Wherefore to avoid these common couzenages, let us be circumspect in the knowledge, and right understanding of the fignes, which are a swelling, with a drawing back of the Hypochendriacall parts, the women grow leane, are full of paine, and very apt to long; the belly is burthened, her back aketh, her breasts swell, and her Courses are stopped, and that at the beginning of her conception: but afterwards in processe of time, she seemes to have the Dropsey, her belly is so immoderately swelled; but you may know this from a Dropsey; for in that the belly founds like a Drum: the woman feeles within a kinde of fluctuation, or waving motion, and if a finger be laid hard upon her belly, the print of it remaines.

A Mola is distinguished from a perfect conception, by three most certain signes, that is, by the motion, by the milk, and by the time that a woman beareth her

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of childe; in the motion, because there is a ho great difference between the motion of a childe, and the motion or stirring of a Mola, because the childe kicks, and turneth about to all the parts of the bottome of the belly, but a Mola moveth like a Globe, now on the right side, and anon on the left; this also, if you presse down the womans belly with a gentle hand, regof moveth from the place, and returnes not fuddenly into it againe; and from the milke you may gather a never-failing figne, because the breafts swell all the time a woman is with childe; but in the other it happeneth otherwise; the time likewise affords a never-failing signe; for if the swelling of the belly continue beyond the eleventh moneth (which is the most confant and certaine period of a womans Reckoning) and no fignes of a Dropsie at that time appeare, you may warrant your owne confidence that she hath a Mola, but no childe in her belly.

This is a most dangerous disease; for many times a woman carries it in her wombe, the space of two or three yeares, and sometimes longer, insomuch that the naturall heat is suffocated therewith; moreover, in the expulsion of it, there is

150 Womens Diseases. CHAP.2.

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no small danger, for many times it groweth to such a bignesse, that it comes not away without extreame hazard of the womans life: for a great Issue of bloud ensueth, whereby the spirits being spent and exhausted, she waxeth feeble, wan and pale, and many times perisheth in the very act of expelling it.

This evill hath a twofold manner of Cure; one Preservative, to prevent the Generation or breeding of the Mola, and the other curative, to destroy and bring it away, when it is bred; and this last is also twofold; for the sirst designe must be to exclude it; and the second to save the wo-

man in the very act of excluding it.

The Preservation consists in a due observation of these things following; the ayre she lives in must be hot and dry, and the place healthfull, being scituate towards the East: let her keep a good diet, seeding upon meats that yield a wholsome nourishment to the body, and such as are soone concocted, and distributed to all the parts: let her choice also be rather of hot, then cold meats, avoiding such as are fat, salt, and hardned with smoak, sish which breed thick, windy, and viscous juyces, are unwholsome for her;

CHAP.2. Womens Diseases. 151

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her; she cannot desire a more wholesome drink then Wormewood wine, or excellent generous French wine; her belly must be kept open and soluble; exercise must be used, and sleep refrained; angry chidings and cares of the minde must be moderated, and all such things forborne, as dry the bloud, and diminish the naturall heat.

In the next place prepare the thick, and groffe humours with Rhodomel, Syrupe of mormewood, Syrupe of mint, and the like, mingled with some convenient water, af-

terwards prescribe this Purge.

Take three drams of Sena,

A scruple of Agarick Trochischt.

A dram of the root Mechoaca. It

A dram and a halfe of annifeeds.

Boile them a short space in a sufficient quantity of pure water to three ounces: then straine and presse them, and to the remaining liquor add three drams of Diaphenicon. Mingle them, and let her drink it in the morning early.

If her Courses be stopped, cut a veine in her ankle; Leeches also may be applyed to the Hemorrhoids, but with caution and warinesse, least thereby you more and more weaken such women, whose bodies are full of raw and indigested humours,

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afterwards you must purge her body again, with a scruple of exeract. Catholic. and as much of mass. pillul. fætidar. and lastly, prescribe an Apozem, or Decoction to cut asunder, and evacuate the groffe and tough humours, to provoke urine, to open the obstructions of the Matrix, and to bring down the Courses: all which vertues meet together in this Composition following.

Take the roots of smallage,

Eryngos,

And Fennill, of each halfe an ounce. The barke of the root of the Caper, And Tamarisk tree, of each two drams. The leaves of penniroyall, and birthwort,

of each a handfull.

Germander, Maidenhaire, Balm, of each halfe a handfull.

Ten drams of Sena.

Three drams of agarick trochischt.

A dram and a halfe, or two drams of Epythymum.

Boile them all according to art, in a fufficient quantity of water, wherein steele hath been infused to a quart: when you have strained, and with a strong hand prest cu the liquor, add

Three ounces of Syrup of roses.

Mingle them, and make an Apozem, or Take

Take the roots of Butchers broome,

A paragus,

Polypody of the oak,

And fennill, of each halfe an ounce.

The leaves of Penniroyall,

And motherwort, of each a handfull.

A dram and a halfe of annise seeds.

The flowers of Violets, Rosemary, and Borage, of each as many as you can take up between your thumb and two fingers.

An ounce of raisins of the Sun.

Boyle them in a sufficient quantity of barley water to a quart. In the strained liquor infuse for a night

Ten ounces of Sena.

Three drams of the whitest agarick. Two drams of the best rubarb.

A dram of Epithymum.

In the morning let them buble once, or twice, and then to the liquor which you presse out, add

Syr. Byzantin.

And Syr. de eupatorio, of each an ounce.

Mingle them and make an Apozem.

Of this, or of the former let her take twice in a day the quantity of three ounces for a week together, once in the mo ning, and the second time at foure a clock in the afternoon. Excellent

Excellent Lozenges may be made of the species Diamosch. and Diacinnamomum, or you may compound them with Treacle, Mi-

thridate, and Bezoar stone.

When the Mola hath obtained some growth, if it be waterish, it must be brought away with such simples, as have a faculty to purge out waterish humours; or if it be windy, you must prescribe such medicines, as are of a known, and approved vertue to strengthen the Matrix, and to expell winde; and Carminative glysters in such cases will be very convenient; so also will plaisters and somentations applyed to her privile parts: but that which is humorall, skinny and bloudy may be overcome with the same remedies as are set down at the beginning, against the stoppage of the Courses.

When Nature indeavours to expell this unprofitable burthen, and an issue of bloud ensueth thereupon, with fainting and swounding fits, then you must be diligent to strengthen the Patient with broths made of the slesh of Capons, and Partridges, and with such things as will stay the bloud, and refresh the exhausted spirits; such as are Chalybeated wine, Su-

gar of Pearle, Corall, &c.

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You will object that wine cannot be seasonable, because by the heat thereof it makes the bloud thin, and makes it more apt to flow away in greater measure by opening the passages, rather then it can any way help to stay it. I answer, it is not guilty of this mischiese, if it hath a reddish Tineture; for if good Claret wine be chalybeated, as hath bin said, besides that it nourisheth the body, it is also a binder; for it comforteth the spirits, and refresheth the whole body, which vertues must needs be profitable for, and welcome unto a Creature, who is hourely subject to faint and swound, and although it might provoke the bloud to flow, yet a greater good must be preferred before a small inconvenience, and therefore give her wine to refresh her spirits, which will be more to her advantage, then the issue of bloud can be to her prejudice, for she may perish suddenly in one of those fits, but the flux of bloud may be restrained by degrees.

Note that foure things require an abstinence from wine. First, an inflammation of the bowells. Secondly, a vehement paine in the head. Thirdly, a Phrensie. Andfourthly, a burning Fever in a crude disease;

LA

disease; and of this opinion was Galen, as appeares in his first book ad Glauconom, and the 14. chapter Moreover the Patient should be refreshed with the choicest meats, and then the Mola should be disposed to come forth by softning and loosening somentations, made of a decoction of marishmallowes, mallowes, motherwort, Mercury, Birthwort, Sage, Hyssope, Calamint, the seeds of line, marishmallowes, senugreek, camomile, melilot, and rosemary; in this you may dip a clout, and bath her privie parts.

But if the bloud come not away, rub her legs, and apply drie Cuppinglasses to the calses of her legs, and binde most painfull ligatures about them; and in a word make tryall of all such remedies, as will draw down Nature, the humours, and the

Mola to the lower parts.

# CHAP. III. Of Womens Longings.

Omen are sometimes so extravagant and preposterous in their appetite, that they resuse wholsome mear, and long after coales, chalke, a piece of CHA

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Womens Diseases. CHAP.3. an old wall, starch, earth, and the like trash, which they devoure as ravenously, as a hungry Plowman will winde downe a

good bag-pudding.

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Now perhaps you may also long to know the cause hereof, which is no other then the menstruous bloud, especially if it be retained about the middle of their time, and grow corrupt; for the child in the wombe is nourished with the sweetest part of the bloud, and the other part remaining which is vitious, filthy, and dreggish, noisome exhalations, especially in the middle moneths arise from it, and in such a manner contaminate all the upper partts, that the worlt things are vehemently defired, and the most wholsome refused; the fignes are apparent from the depravation and irregular temper of their flomack.

This Disease is hard to cure; yet not so much in respect of the disease it selfe, as of the subject wherein it is generated, which is a woman with childe; now we know that fuch women must be warily, and religiously dealt withall, and unlesse it be in extreame necessity, their bodies ought not to be purged. By this unavoidable abstinence the disease is increased,

Womens Diseases. 158 CHAP. 3. and the bad humour, being long retained in the body, becomes daily more and more corrupt, by the tetrous exhalations which ascend up from the pollutions of the Matrix: therefore having first appointed a strengthning, and drying dyet, you must indeavour to rid away that humour, with Syrup of roses solutive, and afterwards when the body is cleanfed, and free from the humour you may prescribe a gentle Purge of Rubarb, which hath both a purging and a strengthning faculty; for if we may adventure our beliefe to the affertions of the best Physicians, Rubarb may be safely given to old men, infants, and women with childe; and Fallopius in his booke of purging Simples, and in the chapter where he speaketh of Rubarb, saith, it dries up all superfluous moisture contained in the vessells of the Matrix, it is a gentle cleanser, it strengthneth the Heart, and the stomack by its astringent faculty, neither need you to entertaine the vaine feares of some, who suspect that the bitternesse thereof may destroy the childe, for the taste of it is not horrible to nature, and besides the bitternesse quickly vanisheth.

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fwered; namely, whether it be more proper and advantagious to prescribe an infusion of Rubarb, or to give it in the substance? I answer, that it purgeth most in the substance, or body of it, expelling the humours by siege, which it doth not in an insusion, at least not so powerfully, because then it evacuates onely by the purgative vertue which is in it, and of the same opinion is the Author before named.

#### CHAP. IV.

of a bad stomach, proceeding from Vo-

Tisa known truth, that most dangerous, direfull, and pernicious Symptomes invade women with childe, from
which also forsaking of meat, and Vomiting doe afterwards follow, all which
things proceed from those noysome and
soggy exhalations, which are distributed
into the severall parts, from the corruption of the bloud; for whereas there is a
sympathy, and consent between the stomack and the Matrix, when any poysonous, or malignant vapour ascendeth from
the

the latter, it immediately invades, and overcomes the stomack, which being weakned in the conslict, or indeavour to resist, and keep out those vapours, the sunctions of it are depraved, it resustant all comfort or nourishment, or if at any time it admit any, 'tis no sooner swallowed, but vomited up againe; these are the signes of this disease, and to cure it, proceed according to the Method following. In the sirst place prescribe a cleansing potion.

Take three drams of Elecampane roots
The leaves of wormewood, and
Century the lesse, of each halfe a handfull.

Boile them in a sufficient quantity of whole barley water to a pint, and a halfe, to the strained liquor add three ounces of boney of roses strained, mingle them for a Potion; against the next morning prepare this purge following.

Take three drams of rubarb.

Two scruples of agarick Trochischt.

A dram of annise seeds.

Macerate them a whole night in a sufficient quantity of mint water, to two ounces and a halfe; in the morning presse them hard with all your strength, and add three

R.4. CHAP. 4. Womens Diseases. ad three drams of the Electuary Diaphenicon; West. if the cannot take down a Purge, let her re. swallow these Pills following. Take a dram of the mass. of Pills de Hitunera cum agarico. hall Make nine pills, and guild them. time The next day following, give her this wed, Arengthning mixture, which doth not the oro.

purge at all; and every morning let her eat the quantity of a Nutmeg.

Take Elecampane roots candied,

Marmalade of Quinces, of each an ounce. Halfe an ounce of Conserve of red Roles.

Foure scruples of aromat.rosat.in powder. Two scruples of mastick in powder.

With a sufficient quantity of Syrup of

mint make a Confection.

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After the use of these things, make this plaister following, and lay it to her stomack.

Take lignum aloes, Yellow Sanders, And the round Cyperus, of each two drams.

Galangale, mace, cloves, And calam, aromat. of each a dram. Common wormswood, roman wormswood, Spikenard, dried mint,

Of each as much as you can take up between your thumb and two fingers.

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Storax calamitu.

Red Corall, of each two scruples.

Amber,

Musk, of each a scruple.

Pure ladanum,

Turpentine, of each an ounce.

Foure ounces of white wax.

Make a Masse; whereof let him take a sufficient quantity, and spread it upon lea-

ther, and lay it to her stomack.

Bisket steeped in muskadine is excellent good for her : because it refresheth the spirits, and mightily strengthneth the stomack.

### CHAP. V.

Of a Pain in the Belly, the Passion of the Heart, and of sounding Fits.

70men with Childe doe often feele a pain in their bellies, and this also proceeds from winde, and the malignant vapours aforesaid : neither are the swounding Fits, or the Passion of the heart produced

CHAP. 5. Womens Diseases. 163 duced by any other causes, because the heart when it is shaken with this fuliginous, and grosse spirit, doth frequently stretch, and contract it selfe, and ended-

vouring to expell the evill which annoyes

it, it falls into an inordinate and strange motion, like unto trembling.

Under these diseases the woman languisheth, is full of seares and frights, prone to despaire, subject to faint, can obtaine no sleep, but wasteth away daily, and

waxeth leane and meager.

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To take away her paine, you may administer such remedies, as will expell the winde, and strengthen the bowell; of which fort you may furnish your selfe with plenty above, in the chapter of a cold distemper, and windy humours in the Matrix:

You may likewise anount the stomack with this oyntment following.

Take an ounce of unguent. Altheæ.

Oyle of wormewood,
Oyle of Camomile,
And oyle of rue, of each three drams.
The powder of lignum aloes,
Mastick,

Wormewood,

And both forts of Corall, of each a dram.

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Halfe a dram of aromat. rosat. in powder.

Six drops of oyle of annije feeds.

With a sufficient quantity of yellow wax, according to art make an oyntment.

This, or the like fomentation may like-

wife be very usefull.

Take halfe a dram of elecampane roots.

Two drams of lignum aloes.

The leaves of Rue,

Motherwort,

Sage,

Wormewood,

Mint, of each a handfull.

Mastick,

Cloves, of each two drams.

Boile these Simples in a sufficient quantity of water to three pints, and prescribe

the strained liquor for a fomentation.

Atter the use of the fomentation, clap to the stomack the caus of a sheep newly killed. In Spaine the greatest persons, and those the wisest also, take hot bread from the oven, afterwards they soake it in Muskadine, and having sprinkled upon it the powders of red and white corall, and aromat, rosatum, they lay it to the heart: others instead thereof use Treacle, Alkermes, and Confect. Hischytorum, to all, which may be added, if the evill yield not

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5. CHAP.5. Womens Diseases. to the remedies aforesaid, a little bag to be worne upon the left pap, and made after this manner following.

Take two drams of lignum aloes.

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Red corall, of each a dram.

Red and yellow Sanders, of each two scuples.

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And Diambr. of each a scruple and a half. With a piece of red taffata and cotton make a quilted bombast for the use aforesaid.

Mingle cordialls with her dinke; and

cordiall conserves, as for example.

Take two ounces of conserve of red roses.

Two drams of alkermes.

Macerate them a night in two pints of plantane water, and red wine, in the morning straine it thorough Hippocrates his sleeve, that is a woollen bag, and give her now and then the quantity of a small wine glaffe.

If these remedies overcome not the diseafe, apply an exceeding great Cuppinglaffe to the heart; by the force whereof the windy vapour will evaporate; for although Glysters doe draw back the humour from the affected part, yet in reference to great bellied bellied women you ought to suspect the event of them, because they raise too great a disturbance by provoking nature downwards, and many times cause abortivenesse; yet if the paine be insupportable, then inject carminative glysters, and omit all bitter ingredients, as Hiera, benedicta Laxativa, or Scammoniata; but to prevent all errour, prescribe this following.

Take a handfull of mallow leaves.

The flowers of melilot,

The tops of Dill, of each halfe a handfull.

Two drams of fennill seeds.

Boile them in a sufficient quantity of barley water to nine pints, to the strained liquor add two ounces of Syrup of roses Laxative.

An ounce of red Sugar.

Mingle them, and make a glyster. Or
Take the flowers of melilot.

And mallowes, of each a handfull.

Annise and Fennill seeds,

Of each two drams.

Boyle them in a sufficient quantity of broth, made with an old Cock to nine ounces, to the inward liquor add

Calabrian Manna.

Andred Roses, of each an ounce and a halfe.

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Mingle them, and make a glyfter.

It might doe much good, if you gave her a draught of balme water in the morning, in which water you may steep lignum aloes the space of a night, and afterwards put to the strained liquor a sufficient quantity of Syrup of mint; for this expells the winde, cleanseth away the phlegme, and powerfully strengthens the stomack.

You must frequently and laboriously rub her lower parts, tye ligatures about them, and apply Cuppinglasses to them, if there be no imaginable cause to feare abortivenesse, but if there be the least suspicion of that, omit all such applications as may procure a revulsion of the bloud, nay, let me give you this caution absolutely to sorbeare them, unlesse she be taken with desperate trembling and fainting sits, or swounding, in the spring time too, when her spirits require them.

You must cause her Basilick veine to be opened, if she be young, sleshy, and strong, for this Remedy, besides that it letteth out the thick, dreggish, and black blood, it refresheth the childe also, and the heart is sweetly, easily, and safely delivered from that burthensome humour, which eid oppresse and almost overwhelme it. M 2 CHAP.

#### CHAP. VI.

Of a Cough in Women with Childe.

Momen, by reason of their being with childe, have not sometimes a free vent for their crude and indigefted aliments, either by Stoole, or by Urine, or by any other Emunctories of the body; these being unduly kept in the body putrifie, wax hot, and communicate noyfome fumes, and vapours to the spiritous parts, which by their clamminesse, thicknesse and sharpnesse, together with the bad quality that is in them, gripe, and twitch the Woman, and force her to cough.

Some perhaps may demand, why doth this Coughing happen in the last months? the answer is obvious; namely, because in those moneths a greater plenty of excrements are lodged in the body, then were ac-

cumulated at the firft.

The cause of the Cough, according to Hippocrates, is a viscous, thick, and tough humour, impicted in the Pipes of the Lungs; which humour sometimes also, thorough

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CHAP. 6. Womens Diseases. 169 that consent which is between the Matrix,

and the Chest, invadeth that part, and raiseth a Coughing: and these are set down

as the true fignes of this evill.

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As for the Prognosticks, you must know that a Cough befalling a woman with childe is a bad Symptome: seeing that by the least stretching, and shrinking the Cotyledons or vessells of the wombe, are many times loosned, yea sometimes burst asunder, and from thence comes abortivenesse.

The Cure is perfected with sweet wine, mild beere, and the frequent use of a Ptisan. sharp, sowre, and cold things must be avoided; meats also must be forborne which breed a thick nourishment, and are hard to digest; vehement evacuations likewise are not good; wherefore having given order for the observation of a good Diet, prescribe some gentle, lenisying medicines to provoke her to spit, as manna, Syrup of roses laxative, Diacnicu, and the like.

These things being administred, proceed to Electuaries, and expectorating medicines, and especially to this Apozem following.

Take an ounce of cleanfed Barley.

The roots of Aristolochy,

Licoras scraped, of each two drams.

The leaves of Asarabacca.

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Nettles,

White Maidenhaire, of each a handfull.

Two drams of raisins picke.

The flesh of Dates.

Fat Figs, of each three drams.

Boyle them in a sufficient quantity of water, to two pints, and to the strained liquor, add

Two ounces of Diacodium.

Mingle them, and make an Apozem, or You may prescribe Lozenges after this manner.

Take a dram of the species Diatragacanth. frigid.

Diaireos,

Poppy feeds, of each a scruple.

Two ounces and a halfe of Sugar dissolved in rose water, according to art make them into Lozenges.

Then prescribe this Conserve. Take Conserve of red Roses,

Elecampane candied, of each an ounce.

Conferve of Violet flowers,

Rosemary flowers, of each halfe an ounce.

Twodrams of meale of beanes.

A dram of Diaireos.

Ten graines of Sulphur.

With Syrup of Colisfoot make a Conferve.
Meale of beanes, according to Galen, doth
cleanse

CHAP. 6. Womens Diseases. 171

cleanse and mundifie the Chest, digests the crude spittle contained in the pipes, and makes it easie to be excerned; bean-slower water is exceeding good for the Lungs, especially if she drinke it with Syrupe of Maydenhaire, or Oxymel Scillivicum; the same faculties hath the distilled waters of red Poppies.

The yolke of an egg taken in the morning with Sugar, and the oyle of sweet Almonds is a most incomparable remedy, and

hath done good to thousands.

Anoynt her Breast with this Oyntment, which is good to prepare the crude, and thick matter which stops her pipes.

Take an ounce of the oyntment of marish

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The axungia of a ben
Of a Duck, of each halfe an ounce.

Oyle of sweet Almonds,

Oyle of Violets, of each two drams.

Ten graines of Saffron.

Mingle them, and according to art make an cyntment; heat it when you use it, and anount the whole region of her Chest therewith.

M 4 CHAP. VII.

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# CHAP. VII.

Of the swelling of the Legs in Women with childe. we and mindred to court

Rom the same cause, namely from abun-I dance of phlegme, and crude humours, especially in the last moneths, proceed the swelling of the legs, face, and eye-browes, and when I have told you that the flesh of the whole body groweth fost, and that she looketh white and wan in the face, I have discovered unto your consideration the fignes of this disease.

Women in this condition cannot be restored to perfect health till she be delivered: yet may we not delay our helps, least a worse evill happen unto her; for whereas the legs and feet are outward parts, and at a great distance from the fountaine of heat, they are quickly affected with cold, and mortified through the abundance of crude humours, which many times fettle in them.

You may securely, speedily, and gently accomplish the cure by strengthning and disfolving remedies.

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CHAP. 7. Womens Diseases. 173

In the first place therefore provide a bath with chalybeated water, Saltpeter, Sulphur, Wormewood, Stechaz, Rosemary, and Camomile: in this liquor let her wash her lips, her thighes, her legs, and her feet, and when she washeth them, let her also rub them soundly.

If her flesh grow very soft and lank, so that you feare a mortification, apply this Poultis following, which will exceedingly

comfort her.

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Take two handfulls of Wormewood,

Meale of Vetches, Meale of beanes,

Meale of barley of each an ounce and a halfe.

An ounce of Bran.

With a sufficient quantity of exymel, and a brine made with lemon pills, according

to art make your Poultis.

If the coldnesse of the part be such, that you feare a gangreen, there is nothing will more certainly prevent it then Scarification: for by this meanes the part is ventilated, and preserved from putrifaction.

Strengthning remedies must sometimes be exhibited to expell the winde, yet you must administer them with a good diet, consisting of drying, and corroborating things,

CHAP. 8. CHA Womens Diseases. things, as Treacle, Mithridate, and other drying confections and powders, Diacinnamomum, aromaticum rosatum, Diarrhodon Abba, tis, unto which we may well adjoyne a decoction of China and Salfaparilla with a little flick of cinamon, and a few annise seeds.

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Note that these remedies may properly be accommodated to the cure of the disease, called the Uterine Flux, which happens sometimes to women when they are ready to lye down, by reason that there is an excessive abundance of humour in their bodies, or else because the childe in their bellies is very large and great.

# CHAP. VIII.

Of Costiveness in Women with Childe.

He inner part of the humour being spent upon the nourishment of the childe in the womans belly, the dregs grow hard, and when Nature striveth to cast them out by a strong and vehement indeavour, the Matrix suffers a compression, by which compression the childe is offended, the Cotyledons are loosened, and many times the woman miscarrieth, and the child The proves abortive.

M. 8. CHAP. 8. Womens Diseases.

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The belly must be sollicited, but not with glysters, because they hurt the childe, abba, especially if it be grown to some bignesse, but with Suppositaries made with hogsgrease, alli- and sive or sixgraines of Diagrydium; for these will irritate.

Her meat should be of a moistening and seale, mollifying quality, as mallow, and borage pens leaves eaten with butter and Sugar; fat pottage also is good for her, in which, if she is an complaine of no torments, you may boyle

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Manna above all other things is in prefent case to be preferred: and next to it we commend Syrup of roses laxative, and Syrupe of Violets made with a frequently iterated infusion.

Sometimes you may prescribe this Julep. Take the waters of borage,

Fumitary, of each eight ounces.

Three ounces of Syrup of Violets.

Mingle them, and make a Julep.

Forbeare the use of sharp medicines, for they worke with an unnecessary vehemence, and not seldome cause Abortivenesse.

Unto this disease we adjoyne a loosenes, which hapneth, when women are of a cold constitution, and full of crudities, or when they have a weake belly: Some-

times

Womens Diseases. CHAP. 8. MAP 176 times also it happens by their inordinate Longings, when they wish for a greater variety of dishes then they are able to concoct; for then many times what they have fo greedily devoured paffeth down into the guts without digestion, and causeth a loofnesse through the weaknesse of the retentive facultie.

We have learnt from Hippocrates to accou t this among the dangerous diseases; for in the fifth brok of his Aphorismes he hath these words: If a woman with childe be troubled with a great loofnesse, 'tis to be feared that she will miscarry, and n te well the reason hercof: for when she is thus afflicted, the good and the bad goe away together, the childe is defrauded of its due nourishment, and so perisheth.

You must presently strive to stay the loofnesse with binding and thickning meats, as quinces, rubarb, beer wherein steele hath been often infused; or else you may pre-

scribe this Potion following.

Take a handfull of plantane leaves.

The feeds of flux wort.

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The feeds of Sumach, of each a dram.

Boyle them in a sufficient quantity of red wine, to a pint and a halfe, to the strained liquor add

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Strupe of Compbrey.

Syrupe of Quinces, of each an ounce.

Make a Potion.

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Boile, or fleep anni e feeds in her drinkes one and apply the same fomentations, oyntments, ind plaisters, as we have already commend-

entite ed unto against Vomiting.

But if the excrements be slimy, putrified, and flinke, you must not neglect the use of tales; Rubarb gently rosted, and of myrobalans 18 he flightly rosted; for these doe not onely hilde purge, but they binde withall, and strengthen the parts. Sometimes you may exhibit n te Philonium Persicum, Requiem Nicholai, or Pill. thus de Cynoglossa, but with a sober caution; away the quantity is a scruple, or at the most but two scruples, and that when the other things have proved unsuccessefull, and also oof when the strength of the Patient will alleats, low the taking of them.

#### CHAP. IX.

Of the flowing away of Bloud from the Matrices of women with & bilde.

Lthough we made mention of this difease in the first booke, where we treated of the immoderate flowing of the Courses; yet we conceive it may be worth our labour, and the Readers thanks to add a few things, which in the Chapter aforesaid, were purposely omitted by us.

Bloud then floweth immoderately from the Matrix, either when the lips thereof are unlockt, or when the vessells are open, or

laftly, by transcolation.

The inward cause of these symptomes is an extreame heat, or thinnesse in the bloud; which either eats asunder the vessells, or rarefies the tunicles thereof; the outward causes are all those things which have a power to make thin, to heat, to open, to rarefie, and to subtilize the bloud; as immoderate cares of the minde, long watchings, a continuall use of hot meats, as dishes pepperd and spiced: also drinking too much wine; yet you may exhibit a glasse of Claret wine in a moderate quantity, to refresh her spirits, provided that no Fever be suspected, and that her Matrix be not instanced.

The fignes of this evill are manifest; for the spirits are desicient, the heat is diminished, the sace groweth pale, the feet swell, the strength decayes, the meat is forsaken,

and no sleep can be obtained.

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CHAP. 9. Womens Diseases. 179

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The danger of this Flux is unknown, I suppose, to few women; for seeing that our naturall heat hath its chiefe, and sole perseverance in the bloud, the losse of that bloud in an immoderate quantity, must needs exhaust the spirits, weaken the body, and at length when the naturall heat is almost extinguisht, and the sanguisication is depraved, there will undoubtedly tupervene either a Dropsey, or a Consumption.

When you begin the Cure, keep the Patient in a darke roome, and let the ayre be cold and dry; or if naturally it be not fo, make it so by art; her meat should be potentially cold, thick, and binding : as the fielh of Partridges, and sbeeps feet, or sheeps-heads, or broths made of them; peafe beanes, quinces, Services, and the like, are not unwholsome for her, and for her drinke, let it bee beere, or water wherein

steele hath often been quenched.

Let her bloud immediately to divert the humour, but in what part, there is indeed a great controversie among the Physicians about it; but to promote the Revulsion of the humour, if the Patient be strong enough, we tye ligatures about her legs, and boldly open a vein in her arme; or if the be very strong, we apply Cuppinglasses

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Womens Diseases CHAP. 9. 180

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with scarification to her shoulders.

When the veine is opened, give her thickning Syrups, as Syrup of poppies, Myrtles, quinces, or Syrupe of restbarrow; Juleps also made with the distilled waters of plantane and roses, and mixt with the Syrups aforesaid, will be convenient for her, or you may mingle Conserve of roses, or Conferve of acacia with Bolearmenick, and the Trochisch. de Carabe, which will be an excellent mixture to thicken, and stay the bloud; but however forget not to prescribe this Purge.

Take two scruples of Rubarb gently

boyled.

Ten grains of the myrabolans called chebule.

Syrup of dried roses, or

Syrupe of sowre Pomegranets, halfe an

Three ounces of plantane water, or a de-

coction of tormentill roots.

Mingle them, and make a Potion.

Procure some sleepe for her with Opiates, as Athenasia, Requies, Nicholai, Philonium Persicum, new Treacle, or Philonium Romanum; yea with pills de Cynoglossa, or foure or five graines of Opium: all these things doe wonderfally thicken the bloud, straighten the passages, fatten the body, concoct

Womens Diseases. 1.9. CHAP. 9. concoct the bloud, provoke sleep, and hick. therefore are very proper for women thus affected. Note that the Opium restraines, ttles, and stops all superfluous evacuations, sweat excepted, which it provokes; besides, by inviting sleepe it refresheth the body; for or by fleep the aliment is foonest concoded, con the naturall heat retiring to the inward the parts, whereas when the Patient waketh, the heat is distributed and diffused all over the the outward parts. Lay this plaister which followes the cribe oyntment to the reines of her back, and with the oyntment anount her privie parts, and the region of her Kidnies, Take the powder of Coprus Nuts. The roots of Compbrey, Biftort, of each two drams. e an Red Sanders; Red Corall, a de-Bolearmenick, Mastick, of each a dram. With foure ounces of Unquentum Comitifintes, fe make an oyntment. THE R After the oyntment apply this Plaister, 0754 as was faid above. onre Take a pound of loom, and beat it to powings der, with ten drams of gum-grabick tofted oud, by the fire, and the whites of four Egs, ody, colt incorporate

#### AROUND CHAP. X.

of water flowing away from the Matrices of women with Childe.

Of certaine it is, that Women with IVI Childe by reason of their depraved appetites, and continuall intemperance in their diet, abound with crude and unconcocted juices, which nature not knowing how to digeft, nor being able to expell them by her monethly Courses, are accumulated in a largemeasure, pollute the body, and introduce a cold distemper, from whence that water comes, which is the intended subject of our present discourse; they who live a fedentary and an idle life, are very obnoxious to this disease; in such women this waterish humour comes away at the Matrix, cold to the touch, flow in motion, flimy in substance, and white to the eye, and voide of all manner of sharpnesse; these women look pale, their skin is lanke or loofe, they are lazy, and loath to useany exercise, they are troubled with winde, and loud rumblings in their bel-Account lies.

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CHAP. 10. Womens Diseases. 183

Account this a difficult Cure: especially when it happens in the last moneths, when we dare not administer convenient remedies, fearing to destroy, or hurt the childe; because such kinde of remedies dissolve, and exhaust the spirits, and when the body is extreamely weakned, they precipitate the Patient into a Dropsey, which is scarce curable; or else she miscarries by reason that the retentive faculty is too much weakned by excesse of moysture.

You must therefore indeavour the cure by a drying Diet, as Bisket made with annise seeds, and with slesh meat rather rosted then boiled; forbid windy meats, salt meats, such as breed a thick juice, and yield too much moisture; almonds, chesnuts, pine ker-

nells, and boyled rife are very wholfome,

all hearbs and fruit, beside quinces and

medlars, are unwholfome. on bas

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For her drinke, give her binding red wine, or wine wherein steele hath been quenched: for this comforts the spirits; a decoction of china and Salsaparilla may be prositable, because it dries up the descending moissure, and cleanseth the body from it, this potion sollowing will doe her much good.

Take two drams of Cyprus nuts.

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The leaves of wormewood,

Mint,

Red roses, of each halfe a handfull.

The feeds of quincer,

Services, of each two drams.

Parcht rife,

Mastick, of each a dram.

Halfe a dram of gum dragon.

Boile them in a sufficient quantity of water, wherein steele hath been quenched, to two pints; to the strained liquor add

Syrup of dried roses,

Syrup of the juyce of quinces, of each an ounce.

Halfe an ounce of honey of roses.

Mingle them, and make a Potion.

Let her take three ounces of it early in the morning; it evacuates the waterish humour, and not onely strengthens, but also bindes the parts, dryeth the Cotyledons, and retaineth the childe in the Matrix, that it come not into the world before its due time; after the Potion, the next day lay this Plaister to her privie parts.

Take two drams of Loadstone beaten to

powder.

Spikenard, Mastick,

Red corall, of each a dram.

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CHAP. 10. Womens Diseases. 185
Two ounces of oyle of quinces.
Six drams of white wax.

Mingle them and make a Plaister.

A gentle laxative Decoction cannot be inconvenient, and therefore we shall here set down that which hath often purchased sweet ease to the Patient, and credit to our selves.

Take a handfull of plantane leaves.

A pugill of red roses.
Foure drams of rubarb.

Two drams of agarick trochischated.

Mastick,

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Spikenard, of each a scruple.

Macerate them together in two pints of water, wherein steele hath been insused upon hot coales, the space of six houres; afterwards set them upon the sire, and when they begin to bubble, presse out the liquor with a strong hand, and add to it

Two ounces of Syrup of Fumitary.

Mingle them according to Art.

Give her every other morning fasting three ounces of this decoction; for it gently strengthens the parts, diverts the waterish humour from the Mutrix, and with much benignity evacuates it.

When the woman is almost ready to be in labour, a wheyish or waterish humour

N 3

floweth

Matrix, either because of some dilatation of the Membranes, in which the childe is enwrapped, or else because those membranes are burst asunder; and although it descend leasurely, yet a large quantity comes from her; if this happen when she is in labour, suspend all helps of art, for it is a good omen that she will be safely delivered; but if it should fall out in the fifth, sixth, seventh, or eigth moneth, in which there is, or may be a feare of miscarrying, then may you properly and securely adadminister those things, which we even

now prescribed.

If you demand from whence that abundance of waterish humours doth come, which sloweth before she is in Labour? I answer from the Membrane, or skin called Ammion, which is fastned to the Childe, and from the other called Chorion, in which two skins, the urine of the Childe is so long reserved, till the sulnesse of time be accomplished, in which it should be borne; at which time seeking by instinct of nature, for a greater proportion of nourishment, it kicks, and teares these membranes, out of which when a large plenty of waters have run, it comes forth into the world.

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# CHAP. XI.

Of Acute Diseases, befalling Women with Childe. and the more days 198 them meat and drinke figure for a the con-

Tomen are preserved both from the threatnings, and also from the Invalions of those Diseases whereunto they are subject by a threefold kinde of Remedies : by Diet, by Phlebotomy, and by Purging, or to speake more properly, by being

purged.

But the two latter are the more difficult, according to the opinion of Galen, who in this hath the concurrence of Avicens judgement also; you must know, saith he, that every disease of repletion, or the malice of a complexion is not cured by his contrary, but sometimes by a good regiment of health; wherefore if it be a slight disease, it will be cured of its own accord; for the eisno kinde of disease so fierce, faith Galen in his book of Diet, which is not tamed by it; but yet a moderation must be observed; for they who are neere their time, and looke every day to be in labour, want a larger proportion of nourishment, because

because the childe is big, and should they be defrauded of this mediocrity, they would perish by the cruelty of an acute disease; wherefore here lies all the difficulty to prescribe a convenient and fit Diet for fuch women; for should you allow them meat and drinke fuitable to the condition of women who are not with childe, you should destroy the childe: and should you, out of a regard to the preservation of the childe, be more liberall and indulgent to their appetites, this condescension would espouse you to another errour, for hereby you might cherish the cause of the disease; let her therefore be fed with meats that are of easie concoction and distribution, and prohibit her the use of thick, sharp, sowre, bitter, and windy meats, that are hard to digeft.

Having prescribed a good Diet, you must consider whether it be expedient she should be let bloud. Valessus sets down the reasons on both sides, and for the Negative he alleadgeth an Aphorisme in Hippocrates, running to this sense; if a woman with childe be let bloud, she miscarries, and the rather, if the childe in her wombe be big; because the childe is thereby desrauded of its aliment. Secondly Galen saith, Physici-

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CHAP. 11. Womens Diseases. 189

they ans ought not to be busie in offering helps, they or strong remedies to women with childe, nor any exquisite manner of Diet; here you must understand Phlebotomy fay they; therefore it must from Galens words be conallow cluded inexpedient. Thirdly, if any evacon cuation be a cause of abortivenesse, as a ile, flux of the belly, or a loosenesse, as Hippecrates in another Aphorisme affirmeth, how much more will the opening of a veine be a cause, by meanes whereof the aliment is taken away from the childe. Fourthly, a for Fever kills the childe, by wasting the spithe rits, and drying up the bloud with the veeats hement heat thereof; therefore so also will uti- phlebotomy kill the childe by exhausting the fpirits, and consuming the bloud.

But all these reasons to my understanding are of no weight, no moment, no validity, seeing that it is most certaine, that the very impregnation, or being with child doth forbid phlebotomy, in respect of it self, yet not as one of those principall scopes which withstand it, but of those which indicate and advise to a sober and due celebration of it; wherefore when a woman sick of an acute disease must be let bloud, yet must she bleed lesse then the affect and the plenitude require, because of that indica-

tion,

Womens Diseases. CHAP. II. 190 tion, which is taken from the childe in her wombe; for her gravidation, or being with childeought to be reputed as a Symptome which wasts the spirits, because her bringing forth the childe is a kinde of evacuation. W. W. Dilli

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To the fecond I answer, that Galen in that place meanes nothing elfe, but that Physicians should counsell their Patients to avoid intemperance, because women with childe admit not of the least degree beyond aken away from the childe.

a medioicity.

To the third I answer, that it is not alwayes true that abortivenesse followeth upon any large evacuation; and therefore it thould not onely have beene faid, but proved by the Interpreters of Hippocrates; for wee see that it followes not upon hunger, or emptinesse, unlesse it be diuturnall, nor from a loosenesse, unlesse it be immoderate, nor lastly, from phlebotomy, if a veine be opened in the arme, wherefore, that I may conclude, I conceive Hippocrates did intend only to prohibit the cutting of a veine in the ankle, but not in the arme: for I confesse, if a veine in the ankle be cut, the bloud is drawn in abundance to the Matrix, and so may strangle, or choake the childe, and cause abortivenesse: the like also doth any vehement

vehement and exorbitant Purge.

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Wherefore if an inflammation be prefent, we affirme that a woman with childe may be let bloud without any danger of abortion: yet with this condition, that the be first well nourished with meats of good concoction and quick distribution, and that a small quantity onely be taken away, least the spirits should be empaired either for the present, or the future. Moreover I like not the cutting of the Bafilick veine, because it much exhausts the bloud, and may cheat the childe of his nourishment. Lastly, I counsell you to apply strengthning, and nourishing things to the navell before you cut the veine, as unguentum Comitisse, or Emplastrum stomachichum, or fomentations made of wormewood, roses, mastick, lignum aloes, quince seeds, and Claret wine: and whileft the is bleeding, let her hold cold water in her mouth, or cold beer, that if perhaps she begin to faint, she may fwallow it, and preserve her selfe from fwounding.

But what shall be said concerning Purges, which consist of hot ingredients, and as Galen and Averroes contend, disturb and hurt the childe. I answer, all purging medicines are not of that quality; wherefore

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Ver

we may fafely prescribe manna, sena, tamarinds, rubarb, and cassia, omitting such simples as have any participation of vehemence; and we confidently aver, that Hippocrates must be understood in this sense. where he faith, women with childe must be phylickt or purged, if the matter be turgid, in the fourth moneth unto the seventh; because the childe in the wombe is likened to the fruit upon a tree, which as at first they fall down by any slight motion, and afterwards flick faster to the tree, but when they are full ripe fall of their own accord; so the childe; wherefore if you will prescribe any physick, follow the directions of Hippocrates, and exhibit it between the fourth and the seventh moneth, because then there is a firme connexion between the Membranes, and the Cotyledons.

If you desire exactly to know these middle moneths? I answer, they are the fifth, the

fixth, and part of the seventh.

If you object the words of Galen, who saith that a child three months old is strong, and able to resist the injuries of physick. I answer, that he reckons the end of the third to be compleat, not till the fourth moneth be begun, concerning which argument the learned may consult the Epistles of Mainendus.

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# THE FOURTH BOOK,

OF

# VVomens Diseases.

The first Chapter.

OF a Naturall Firth, and of Abortion.

Rovident Nature at all times hath not a greater care of any thing, then of the propagation of mankinde, and this although it appeare not so much in the species, yet it is

cleare and manisest in the individuall, and thus she hath framed women to a delight in Venereous conjunctions, that they might with greedinesse suck in the mans seed, and dispose

dispose and cherish it to Generation. So soone as the woman hath conceived, Nature hath an especial care to fashion, augment, nourish, adorne, and perfect the childe, and at a determined time to send it out into the world, in all respects com-

pleat and absolute.

This sending forth of the childe is twofold; either naturall, or preternaturall;
the first is when Nature at a time prefixed,
sends out into the Province of the world
a perfect Cicizen, with an exact dearticulation of all the parts, with a little paine,
without any fever, or passions of the minde:
this sometimes comes forth before its time,
with great paine to the woman in her
back and belly, as in the fifth, seventh, or
eighth moneth: or else it stayes beyond the
ordinary date of time.

There are severall opinions among the Physicians, why a childe that is borne in the eighth moneth should be weake, and not healthfull, whereas a childe borne in the seventh moneth is held to be both strong, and healthfull. Laurentius in his book de re Anatom. handles these things with much elegance, and thither we refer the Reader, and for our own opinion, we shall most readily declare it to be this; that I

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CHAP. I. Womens Diseases.

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hold it impossible, that the childe should be able to undergoe two afflictions, the one immediately following the other; the namely, one in the seventh, and the other in the eighth moneth, in which it is very obnoxious to fufferance and danger , and therefore must commonly perisheth in the two eighth moneth, for it comes to passe that rall; the childe is doubly, or confequently afixed, flicted; first with that affliction which beworld falls it in the wombe, and afterwards with that which happeneth in the birth; but this paine, betalleth not the childe, which comes forth inde: in the feventh moneth, because it comes into the world perfect, firong, and withher out the labour of the feventh and eighth moneth.

ditte - Galen describes Abortion to be an imperfeet Emission of the Childe, or a violent Excretion of the Childe.

The Causes hereof are many and various; some inward, some outward; the outward cause, which for the most part is. subjected to the arbitrement of sense, is a vehement fever, which kills the childe, especially if it continue long; for it is defiructive, both to the Mother and the Childe; the fiery heat thereof devoures the whole substance of the moisture, wastes the, spirits,

spirits, consumes the flesh, and so weakens the body, and destroyes the childe by exhausting the spirits, and dissipating the aliment; to this we have already adjoyned an excessive, or lasting loosenesse, because as we have said, it looseneth the Cotyledons, and by the sharpnesse of the humours irritates the Matrix, shaking, agitating, and affaulting it, till provoked Nature excern the Childe: dancing, leaping, loud crying, long fafting, doe all presage that the woman will miscarry; so also are the relations of some unexpected events, anger, chiding, thunder, the sudden noise of some pistoll or musket, a fall, the denyall of some ardent request, and an innumerable

The inward are reduced to three Causes namely, to the weight or heavinesse of the humour, whereby the suffocated childe is overwhelmed and perisheth; the second is the great bulke of the Matrix, by reason whereof the childe is scarce held fast, but slides away, and slips out; or the small and narrow capacity of the Matrix, wherein it neither groweth to any bignesse, or perfection, but perisheth for want of roome; the third is a skirrosity or hard swelling, which is an impediment to the childe, that

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it cannot lye ftretcht out to its full dimenfions, but endures a compression, and dieth.

Galen reckons up those fignes which goe before abortion; the first whereof is an extenuation of the nipples, the fecond a diminution of the milke; the third when the child is not perceived to stir in the belly; the fourth the slendernesse of the woman; the fifth, the loofenesse or lanknesse of the whole belly; the fixth, the depravation of the appetite: the seventh, which is a true figne that she is now ready to miscarry, is a paine in her back, in her privie parts, and torments all over her belly, with a thin humour distilling from her Matrix.

This is far more dangerous, then a lawfull and naturall birth, in regard of the perturbations and violence which is offered

to nature.

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As for the Cure, the woman having already miscarried, that confiss in the point of preservation, namely, to prevent the supervening of a Fever, or the Whites; this may be done by the help of those things which we have noted above; sleep must be procured; then the belly and the Matrix must be strengthned with fomentations, litle bags, and fuch like administrations as are good to expell winde.

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To prevent obortion, and to preserve the woman from miscarrying, we approve (if the danger be threatned from an extreame fulnesse of humours, the cutting of the Basilick or the middle veine; for this counsell we have the Authority of Fernelius, who in his fecond book de Meth. Med. faith , unlesse many veines be unlockt about the mouth, in which the woman looketh, the will miscarry; for the childe is overwhelmed, and choak't with too much bloud; but if it proceed from the amplitude and large capacity of the Matrix, apply aftringent decoctions; if from the narrownesse of the part, mollifying medicines will be most proper, yea, and such as resolve and confume away hard swellings, may be convenient for this cure.

# CHAP. II. Of a hard Labour.

VVE call a womans Labour hard, and difficult for five conditions, or five reasons: the first whereof is an Anticipation of, or as we use to say, when she comes before her due time, in the fourth, fifth,

CHAP. 2. Womens Diseases.

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fifth, or fixth moneth, which because it is excerned by nature before the naturall time, it is imperfect, precipitating the woman into many straights and bitter pange: the fecond is a cran sversall, or preposterous Egresse, as when one foot onely, or an arme appeareth, or when the breech cometh before the head, or when both the feet joyned together come out first, and afterwards the head; the third is, when the childe which comes forth of the wombe is mishapen, nature having erred in the conformation; the fourth is intolerable paine, fainting, swounding fits, and bitter torments about the bottome of her belly, and the fecret parts; the fifth is, an effusion or running out of water many dayes before the birth: which being run out, the passages which before were slippery to affift the emission of the childe, now remaine hard and dry, and become an impediment to the birth; this humour is of no small advantage, nay, it is of admirall concernment to facilitate the birth, if we may without procuring envie to the man, beleeve Galen, who faith in his book de usu partium; that that humour serves not onely to moitten the childe, and to make the wayes slippery, but it likewise subdues the

the callosity and hardnesse of the matrix, almost to an incredible dilatation; to these we may adjoyne the weaknesse of the mother, and the imbecillity of the expulsive

faculty, as also the strength of the Reten-

ceeding, are vehement, but vaine indeavours and strivings, seeing that the childe for the reasons aforesaid is hindred from

coming forth comes forth affined gnimos

No man of understanding can deny, but this must be terrible to behold, and paintful to endure; for if the childe chance to dye, and lye dead in the Matrix some dayes, it is most certaine, that it will putrise, infest the principall parts with noysome varpours, and poysonous exhalations, weaken their strength, and bring an unavoided death upon the woman.

We have often, and with the saddest apprehensions, beheld, how much diligence was necessary both to the reliefe of the Mother, and the preservation of the childe: wherefore having provided a skilfull Midwise, you must lay the woman in a darke place, least her minde should be distracted with too much light; all passions of the minde must be diverted by a pleasant, and

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Womens Diseases. CHAP. 2. the cheerefull conversation, and provide such this meat for her as is easie of concoction. Let to her drinke be small beere, or barley water the boiled with Maidenhaire, and cinamon, unto which add a small quantity of Rhenish tien wine; for this brings down the urine, moves the Courses, and facilitates the birth; boiled he meats are mod wholfome for her, as mutton de boiled with Rosemary; chicken broth also is hilde good for her, and fo are the chickens Binding, from and tharp things must be avoided; gentle, and moderate exercise is commendable; but and afterwards the Midwife may rub her ine legs and her feet.

eto We have acquainted you with the Conditions of an ill birth; and now we shall furnish you with remedies to prevent, or op-

eve posethole conditions.

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When the childe goeth out in a depraved death figure, the Midwife must gently dilate the parts with her hand, or with some convenient instrument; certaine it is that this happens very often, if a monster be borne, Mo. in regard of the bad conformation of the ilder body; if a foot, or an arme, or the shoul-Mid- ders, or the buttocks come out first, then larke the Midwife by the activity of her hand, and anounted with oyle of fweet almonds, must the thrust back the childe, and dispose it to a mora OT

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more regular egresse: but if this cannot be done, the childs life is in danger; and if the child periff, it must either be expelled with medicines, or drawn out with an hooked instrument, as we shall shew you

in the chapter next following.

If vehement Symptomes arise from hence, all which are wont to proceed from the weaknesse of the Mother, or else from clotted bloud destilling from the Mairix before the birth, and that you feare a greater inquination in regard of that putrified bloud, then comfort the feeble and decayed spirits of the woman with the Rhenish wine and broths aforesaid; when this is done, provoke the clotted bloud, and feculent humour by firong ligatures, by rubbing her body with a course cloath, and applying Cuppinglasses to her legs; and if the woman be fallen into an agony, if the be young, of a good habit, full of bloud, or of a fanguine complexion, and if it be also the Spring time ( if those about her have strong feares that she will dye ) open a veine in her ankle; for thus Nature is disburthened, and the womb which was oppress with the weight of the bloud feeles ease, and many times the woman recovers who was at deaths doore.

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To witnesse the truth hereof, we have an authentick warrant from the writings of Hippocrates, who in his booke de morbis mulier. hath these words; if a woman with childe be a long time restrained, and cannot bring forth; if the be likewife in the vigour of her age, and full of bloud, you must open a veine in her ankles, and draw away the bloud, respect being had to the strength of her body. Note that he saith out of her ankles, that is, at one time from both ankles, as Cordeus his Commentatour hath observed unto us; but yet in our Climates, we conceive it sufficient to cut a veine in the left ankle onely; because our opinion is, that somewhat must be left to Nature, who is somewhat wearied, but yet able to make a further resistance.

After the phlebotomy, curb the malice of the humours with Bezoar stone, Treacle, Mithridate, Alkermes, Hyacyntha, with Lozenges made of Manus Christi, Diamargatiton frigidum, Aromaticum rosatum, and the like.

If great plenty of waters come away before the birth, if the Matrix and the Scabard thereof remaine dry, if the Cotyledons be contracted and straightned, so that no roome is left for the egresse of the childe; then must it be your indeavour to soften,

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with oyle of sweet almonds, or with a warm cloath dipped in the oyle, or else fill a bladder full of this oyle, and lay it upon her privities; or lastly, you may mingle it with a decoction of onyons, garlick, rue, and birth-wort.

Half Tubs are in this case very profitable, being made after this manner following.

Take the leaves of mallowes, Marish mallowes, of each foure handfulls.

Motherwort,

Rue, Birthwort,

Penniroyall, of each three handfulls.

Melilot flowers,

The tops of Dill, of each two handfulls and a halfe.

The feeds of Fenugreek,

Marish mallowes,

Line, of each an ounce and a halfe.
An ounce and a halfe of Laurel berries.

Boyle them all in thirty pints of water, put them into a tub, and let the woman sit covered in it, till all things correspond with her expectations.

You cannot scandalize your judgement by an errour, if you present her with an opening, opening the

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R.2. CHAP. 2. Womens Diseases. 205 opening, dilating, and provoking draught, warm as the is seated in the Tub; the forme

blad whereof may be this. Take two scruples of the Trochischs of

with Myrrhe.

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Ten graines of Borace. Eight graines of Saffron.

Halfe an ounce of Syrup of Motherwort.

Three ounces of a decoction of madder roots and rosemary.

Mingle them for a draught.

Many commend this oyntment following, which they apply to the privie parts.

Take unquentum de Althea,

Unguentum Resumptivum, of each an ounce.

Oyle of white lillier,

Oyle of Dill,

Hensgrease, of each halfe an ounce.

Saffron,

Dittany beaten to powder, of each two drams.

With a sufficient quanty of wax make an

oyntment.

But if nature be culpable in both, namely in the weaknesse of the Mother, and the expulsive faculty, and also in the strength of the retentive; then against one you must administer corroborating medicines, as hath already been said, and to rectific

Womens Diseases. CHAP. 3. CHA 206 rectifie the other fault, you must adhibit the loosening remedies, such namely as are recited above.

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### CHAP. III. Of the Retained Secundine.

Alen in his book de usu partium hath Irekoned up three membranes, which enwrap the childe in the wombe; the first whereof is called Ammios, this on every fide is spread over the whole childe, and receiveth the childs sweat, that it may fwim in it; The second is named Allantoeides, or Intestinalis, or as others name it better, Urinaculum, whose use is, to receive the urine; the third is called Chorion, our Midwives call it the Secundine, which is nothing else but a multitude and connexion of vessells and membranes, thorough which as by little springs or rivolets, the child draweth bloud and ayre; these membranes are burst when the childe begins to kick his way out into the world, from whence that liquor diffilleth, as we have noted above, which makes the passages flippery; after the nativity of the childe thefe

GHAP. 3. Womens Diseases.

207.

these membranes are excerned, but if they chance to be retained, they introduce most outragious Symptomes, and a disease of

number, in the excesse.

The Causes of the retention are diverse, for many times the Matrix is confirmed after the childe is borne; many times the immoderate passions of the minde make nature forget her selfe in his duty; sometimes odoriferous things draw the Matrix upwards, and so nature is disturbed in her purposes of exclusion; an unseasonable drinking of cold water is a very frequent cause of it; and so are grosse meats that staffe the body and thicken the bloud.

You may know by the Midwives relation, that the Secundine is retained, unto whom (if she be skillfull) you ought at the command of Hippocrates yield up your beliefe, or you may conjecture it; if the woman be sad in minde, subject to saint and swound, full of tossing, and unquietnesse, if she seele a heavinesse in her wombe, or a round substance, like unto a fixt and immoveable

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This is a most lamentable disease; for if he Secundine be retained for any considerate le time it putrisses, and communicates poi-bsonous exhalations to the principall parts,

as the heart, the brain, the liver; from whence arise swounding fits, anxiety of minde, giddinesse in the head, and direfull tor-

Wherefore let it be the Midwives care with all speed to attempt the cure, bringing down the Secundine with her singers besmeared with oyle, and let her hold fast the umbilicall vessells, till the Secundine sollow; but what if it remaine behinde? then according to the Oracle of Hippocrates delivered in the sortieth Aphorisme of his sist hook; you may exhibit sneezing medicines to the nostrills; for these by that motion compresse the upper parts, and the expulsive faculty being irritated, out comes the Secundine.

Take black pepper, (Hintlike ad and 11)

Mustard feed, bliv souvoggiel

Sagapenum of each a dram and a halfe.

Tobaccoons mister Bridge baint and bal ad

el Caffor, i ellemeinen bas gallos lo liff

ments.

White bellebore, of each a dram. I mived o

of A scruple of Euphorbium. in odil ornalical

Make a fine powder of them, and upon the point of a knise, or thorow a quill let her snisse up a little of it at a time; or you may prescribe this Potion for two Doses; it hath often done the Cure.

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Womens Diseases. hence CHAP. 3. unde, Take eight ounces of penniroyall water. tor- An ounce and a halfe of aqua Hysterica. Two scruples of Castor in powder. Mingle them for a Potion, to be taken ring at twice, or he toth mean we sub be Take two scruples of the Trochischs de Caour, give the woman Cordialis, as Larday lith nine of A fcruple of Borace. ndel - Halfe an ounce of the Syrup of juice of Three ounces of a decoction of Savine. norma-

- Mingle them for a Draught.

Suffumigations are also very profitable to bring away the Secundine.

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ru Benjamin, now anotoredw : enfense?

Lign. aloes, of each two ounces.

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Civet, of each a scruple.

Make a pessarie of them, adding Unguennon Agrippe and the juice of Mercury. Liniments must not be omitted, made with unguentum de Althea, de Agrippa, oyle of Almonds, and oyle of Dill; fomentations and halfe tubs are equally necessary, made of a decottion of camomile, pellitory of the wall, Motherwort, Birthwort, Origanum, Sage Savine, annise, fennill, and Line seeds, unto all which may be added oyle of Almonds, and and oyle of Dill; Glysters must also be injected, and with good successe-you may continually rub her hips and her thighes, tye ligatures about her legs, apply Cuppin-

glasses, and cut a veine in her ankle.

When the Secundine is ejected or drawn out, give the woman Cordialls, as Bezoar stone, Treacle, Confest. de byacintha or Alkermes: all which things are of undoubted vertue to restraine the malignity of the vapours; sometimes a Mole remaineth in the Matrix after the birth, which by reafon of the congealed bloud, and the fleshio fubstance, whereof it is compounded, is as difficult to cure, as the retention of the Secundine: wherefore you must indeavour to expell that by the help of those remedies, which we have prescribed above in the chapter of a Mola, and here also a little above.

Note the difference betweene the Secundine and a Mole; this is fixt and unmoveable, but that is moveable from one place to another in a Mole, or when a woman is troubled with that halfe conception, fo called, a black and clotted bloud drops from the Matrix, which upon the retention of the Secundine appeares not.

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# CHAP. IV. Of the Dead Childe.

Ertaine it is, that the Childe dyes in the Mothers wombe for many causes; the first of these is an inward cause, as a defect of aliment, or the corruption of it; the second is a most vehement burning Fever, which by the excessive heat thereof wastes the spirits, and destroyes the natulessio rall heat; The third cause is an unseasonable evacuation of bloudat the nofe, the the mouth, the Matrix, or by phlebotomy; The your fourth is an exuperance, or an immoderate oredominancy of humours in the body; The fifth is a great quantity of moysture loosening the vessells; The fixth is some vehement medicine. The first outward cause is some blow; the second a Cough : the third vociferations, or loud and clamorous yawlings: the fourth meezing; the fifth, sad tydings; the fixth, somehorrible and dreadfull fights.

The Childe may be known to be dead by a coldnesse about the Mothers navell, and by a kinde of fixt and immoveable weight

in her belly: by a bad taste in her mouth,

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and by her flinking breath.

Use your utmost activity and cunning, to bring away the dead childe, both by inward administrations, and by outward applications, inwardly let her take this Potion.

Take a a dram of the Trochishs of myrrbe.

Caftor,

Borace, of each ten graines.

Foure ounces of a decoction of Savine.

Mingle them for a draught, or Take the powder of assa fætida.

Trochishs of myrthe, of each a scruple.

Troch. Albandal.

Borace of each ten graines.

Nutmeg,

Saffron, of each five graines.

Two ounces of a decoction of Savine,

Two ounces of muscadine,

Mingle them for a Draught, or

Take the powder of Euphorbium,

Dittany of Creet, of each a scruple.

Ten graines of borace.

Five graines of Cantharides prepared.

Three ounces of a decoction of Savine.

Mingle them for a Draught.

Glystars and Suppositaries are of great con-

Womens Diseases. AP.L CHAP. 4. 213 cernment, and thus make you them, Take a dram of rest-barrow roots. The leaves of Savine, Pennyroyall, Birthmort, Motherwort, of each a handfull. Origanum, Sage, Dittany of Creet, of each halfe a handfull, Fennill feeds, Nettle feeds, The pulp of Coloquintida, of each two drams. Boile them in a sufficient quantity of water to nine ounces, to the strained liquor add Two ounces of benedicta laxativa, Halfe an ounce of biera picra.

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Mingle them, and make a Glyster, or Take Troch. Allbandall. Scammony, of each a scruple. A dram of common (alt.

With a sufficient quantity of white boney boiled according to Art, make your Suppository.

Outwardly you may apply oyntments made of oyle of Caftor, oyle of Foxes', oyle of Euphorbium, with unguentum Agrippe, unto which may be added a little coloquintida,

powder

Womens Diseases. CHAP. 4. powder of dittany, scammony, the gall of an Oxe. Take two ounces of Unguentum Agrippa. Oyle of Castor, Foxes, Euphorbium, of each halfe an ounce. The pulp of coloquintida, Dittany of Creet, Scammony, of each two drams. The gall of an Oxe, the Total Euphorbium, of each a dram. Mingle them, and make an oyntment. Suffumigations may be prepared by this forme following. Take halfean ounce of live Sulphur. Opoponax, Galbanum, Assa fætida, of each two drams. The powder of rue, Savine, of each a dram and a halfe. The gall of an Oxe, The juice of an onyon, of each a sufficient quantity. Make them into Trochischs for your use. Pessaries must not be forgotten; therefore Take three drams of Hiera picra in the Species. A dram and a halfe of myrrhe, A sufficient quantity of unquentum Agrippe. With a piece of cotton according to Art, make a Peffary. Or

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Take Ammoniack,

Assa fætida,

Black bellebore, of each two drams.

Troch. Albandall,

Troch. Albandall, Scammony, of each a dram.

The juice of rue,

The gall of an Oxe, of each halfe a dram.

Two drams of Turpentine.

With wooll and cotton (according to Art)

make a long Pessary.

If these things will not bring away the childe, and if the Mother be sadly fallen into an agony, the safest method will be, to draw out the childe with instruments, if no contraindications appeare, as a bad pulse, and a difficulty of breathing, with anxiety and unchearfulnesse of disposition in the woman.

#### CHAP. V.

Of the Torments, and the suppression of the Courses after the Birth.

Whandled, and carefully lookt unto, both in respect of the roome where she is P 2 laid,

laid, and also in regard of the Diet which is most proper for her in that condition.

As for the place, it must be darke, far and free from noise, or any other disturbance that way; least she should be offended by any accidents of feare, or sadnesse, or by any sudden surprizalls of anger or griefe.

The Diet consists in meats of good juice, and easie concoction, and such as are not slow in their distribution to the severall parts, because they thicken the bloud, and

obstruct the passages.

Let her drinke be small beer, cleare, and well setled from dregs. Barley water in which birthwort and borage leaves have been boiled, is incomparably the best drinke you can device for her: and next to it we prefer Rhenish wine, conditionally, that the presence of a Fever doth not forbid it.

The whole hope of preserving the Woman, yea, of curing the Diseases which happen after the birth, is placed in the evacuation of the seculent menstruous bloud, and therefore is the duty of our skill to provoke, and urge down that bloud, least that evill befall her, which Physicians call Torment.

This is a paine in the whole lower region of the belly, felt upon the privie parts,

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CHAP. 5. Womens Diseases. neere the small guts; the inward cause thereof is a multitude of thick menstruous

bloud retained in the body.

The outward cause, is the inclemency of the outward ayre, in regard of the coldnesse, and the passions of the minde: thick meats, as creame, custards, and the like, coarse bread, salt flesh, hard fish, and many other things which are hard to digelt, and not kindely distributed to all the regions of the

body.

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You may most easily discover this affect by the fignes; for the Courses are retained, at least they come downe not so freely, nor in such plenty as at other times they were wont; a wandring and unquiet paine is perceived beneath the navell, with gurgulations and rumbling in the guts; the woman breaks winde, both upwards, and downwards; and this winde is bread of a thick and feculent bloud.

This affect must not be despised by neglect; for the matter making way by degrees to the affected part, augmenteth the paine, yea, and introduceth inflammations with a Fever ; wherefore, when you have duely confidered the age of the woman, the Climate in which the liveth, the time of the yeare, and the menstruum, you mist with-P 3 SVELSE OUT

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out delay open a veine in the ankle, and not once onely, but twice or thrice, as it shall seeme expedient; for by this adminification the thick and seculent bloud is drawn out; rubher legs, till by her complaints you know she seeles paine, and apply Cuppinglasses to the inward part; neither may you forget to lay Leeches to the Fundament, by reason of its neernesse to the Matrix and the spleen.

A Purge be it strong, or be it gentle, must be exhibited the sirst dayes, because the belly is not sufficiently open, and inclined to evacuate the menstruum; for should you afterwards purge her body, it would take off Nature, and interrupt her in her duty, as Avicen sheweth in his fourth Fen. and

and first chapter.

Therefore let the bloud be made fluid, and the passages kept open : and then mitigate the paines with mollifying fomen-

tations mixt with Anodynalls.

Take the Caul of a meather newly killed, and clap it upon the part; for by the actuall and affwaging heat thereof, it takes away the paine: and the same vertue hath the bladder of an Oxe, if it be filled halfe full of this decoction following.

Take the leaves of mallowes,

Oyle of Lillies,

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Oyle of camomile, of each two drams.

A dram of Opium dissolved in burnt wine.

Mingle them for a Liniment.

Between the suppression of the Courses, and the staying of the menstruum, after a womans delivery, there is little or no difference; for there is one cause of both, and that accompanied with the same signes, and therefore we shall not diversifie the Cure, but direct the Reader to the second chapter.

ter of our first book, where she may surnish her selfe with convenient remedies.

#### CHAP. VI.

Of the immoderate coming down of the Courses after the birth.

TE have sufficiently handled the Causes of the immoderate flowing of the Courses in our first book; we have also related unto the signes; wherefore now we shall tell you further from an Aphorism in Hippocrates, that if Fainting and Convulsion fits befall a woman in Childbed, 'tis a bad signe, because they argue a great weaknesse, after which follow inexpressible tortures, with paine in the Hypochondriacall parts, by reason of the clotted bloud, a small, frequent, and swift pulse, yea, and death it selte; sometimes the woman is surprized with dotage, a quinsey, or a Lethargie; wherefore you must labour to stop the Courses with all your best premeditation, and caution: and the most expedite meanes you can use, are a thickning, bindiug, and cold diet, as broth made with trotters, in which you may also boile

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ARA CHAP. 6. Womens Diseases. boile rise, quinces, or pease: but abstaine from wine; for it opens the parts, thins the humours, and provokes the Courses, as on the contrary cold things, bind, thicken, and stop up. Rub her hands, and tie Ligatures about fibe her upper parts; and according to the injunction of Hippocrates, in his Aphorismes, lay Cuppinglasses to her Breafts. Finally, if the womans strength will the bear it, there is not a surer remedie then wing letting bloud; and you must open the Basta have lick vein twice, or thrice. efore Thickning things are very necessary, 160and of great moment in this cure. and Take true bolearmenick, The species Diatragacanth. frig. 1. of each a scruple. Halfe an ounce of Syrupe of Quinces. Halfe an ounce of plantane water. Mingle them for a Draught, or Take terra sigillata, Red corall prepared, Troch. de carabe, of each a scruple. Halfe an ounce of Syrup of pomegranets. Three ounces of a decoction of red rose leaves. Mingle them for a Draught, or Take the leaves of plantane, Knotgraffe,

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Knotgraffe, of each a handfull.

Redrofes,

Pomegranet flowers, of each half a handfull.
Myrtle seeds,

Sumach seeds, of each two drams.
A dram of the juice of bypocystis.

Boile them to six pints in a sufficient quantity of water, wherein steele hath been quenched, give the strained liquor for a fomentation, or

Take the powder of Cyprus nuts.

The roots of Tormentill,

Dragons bloud, of each a dram and a half.

A dram of mastick,

Halfe a dram of right bolearmenick. Two ounces of unquentum Comitisse, Oyle of mastick,

Oyle of myrtles, of each two drams.

With a sufficient quantity of wax make an oyntment.

If these get not the victory;

Take a scruple of the masse of pills de

Cynoglossa.

Make five pills, and guild them, or Take halfe a dram of new Treacle. Halfe a scruple of Requies Nicholai. Two drams of Syrup of poppy. Three ounces of plantane water. Mingle them for a Draught.

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If any fault in the Liver, as sometimes it hapneth, is the cause of this evill; apply cooling Epithems unto it, or instead thereof you may adhibit Ceratum Santalinum mixt with the powders of Gorall, Roses, and Campbire.

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## CHAP. VII.

Cures of such Diseases as usually befall a moman, after she is delivered.

TE are taught by Hippocrates, that those Diseases which happen after the Birth, are more dangerous and venomous then the rest, because they are produced by agrosse, impure, thick, and feculent bloud; for the Childe in the wombe sucketh away the sweetest part of the bloud for its own nourishment, which it purifies, and referves, the melancholy, and thicker portion thereof being separated, and forsaken, which if the providence of Nature doe not duly evacuate, and purge away, the woman in Childebed will without all doubt be invaded by strong and vehement Fevers, by reason of the boyling and putrifying of the bloud in the veines of the Matrix, which, according

Thoids. But the Controversie will be what vein must be cut; for if she bleed from the arme, you draw the bloud upwards; if from the ancle, you weaken the body, and contribute no ease; but if you will follow my direction, tie strong Ligatures about her thighes and legs, having first well rubbed them, and then open the Cubit veine without any discouragement; for this cleanseth the very Minerall, sinke, and puddle of the putrified Humours. Galen indeed affirmeth, that if a veine be opened in any part of the body, it will exhauft and emptie all the Vessells; but not equally, and in all respects alike: for we deliver it for an undoubted truth, that the whole maffe of bloud will foonest flow away, if the Basilick veine be opened, which is greater then any of the reft; and of the same Judgement is Fernelius, who saith; if the menstruum flow away from women in Childe-bed, thorough the veCHAP. hemence

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At the beginning you must refraine the use of purging medicines; for although emer. you should make choice of such as are most gentle in their operation, yet they ffir the humours, and doe not expell them from convenient places. Againe, should you prescribe strong purges, they would draw back the menstruum from the Matrix to the stomack, and disturb Nature, when she is labouring to expell it; and that this were no rationall, and well-grounded meanes of Cure, but rather a rash and preposterous adventure, any sober judgement will acknowledge, because the expedition, the Art, and the Mystery of the whole Cure consisteth in the provocation of the Menstruum.

If it be a violent burning Fever, prescribe such things as will qualifie and temper the heat of the bloud; but avoide cold Simples, because they keep in the menstruum by binding up the parts; neither may you be too bold with hot things, for

they inflame the bloud.

These Glysters following will be of ex-

cellent use for the purpose aforesaid.

Take nine ounces of some softning De-An coction.

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An ounce and a halfe of the Electuary called Diacatholicon.

An ounce of bony of roses.

Butter, and oyle of sweet Almonds, of each halfe an ounce.

Adram of falt, mingle them, and make a Glyster, or

Take nine ounces of mutton broth well

boiled.

The leaves of Motherwort, Violets, and Pellitory of the wall, of each a handfull.

Two ounces of honey of roses.

The yolkes of two eggs.

An ounce of oyle of Violets, mingle them,

and make a Glyster.

You may make a Ptison of Raisins, Barley, and Licorist, which will be very profitable for the fick; and of no lesse efficacie is this Julep following.

Take Endive and Borage water, of each

fix ounces,

Syrup of Betony, and Pomegranets, of each an ounce.

Mingle them together for a Julep, or Take twenty graines of Mitbridate.

Ten graines of Alkermes without Musk, or Amber.

Three ounces of Bugles water,

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CHAP. 7. Womens Diseases. 227

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If the Disease yield not to these remedies, wee judge it expedient to let her bloud againe, but in the Ankle; if you suspect that Obstructions occasion the disease, as commonly indeed they are to be suspected, you may observe the same way of Cure, as is approved in a Fever, arising from Obstructions, and

Take halfe an ounce of parsley roots.

The leaves of betony, and carduus Benedicius, of each a handfull.

Halfe a handfull of white Maidenhaire.

The flowers of Borage, Buglos, Violets, or Roses, of each as many as you can take up between your thumb and two fingers at twice.

Boile them in a sufficient quantity of Barley water, to a pint and a halfe; in the strained liquor insuse source drams of the choicest Rubarb, the space of a night setting the vessell upon hot ashes, with source scruples of agarick Trochiscated, and a scruple of cinamon, all put in together.

In the morning boile them a little, and when you have strongly prest out the liquor, add three ounces of Syrup of roses laxative, and make an Apozem, or a Deco-

228 Womens Diseases CHAP. 7.

Let her drinke three ounces of this Deco-

ction every other morning.

Hereupon ensueth a Lask, or Loosenesse in the belly, but without any paine, acrimony, or griping: and fo long as it continueth free from any of those bad qualities, you may by no meanes stay it; but if it last longer with the Fever, the most prudent course will be to open a veine in her Ankle, having alwayes a diligent regard to the strength of her body: for this evacuation is Symptomaticall( as Physicians speake) and according to the Prognostications of Galen, it is either mortall, or very difficult to be judged: his words are these; when any disease beginneth, if any thing be evacuated, it is not evacuated by any help or curtesie of Nature; but all fuch things happen by chance in regard of those dispositions, which are in the body besides nature; for it is impossible that any thing should be well purged out when Nature is oppressed ( as then she is with the crudenesse of the humours) with those causes which did produce the disease; for that the Crisis and Judgement upon this difease may be sound and good, it is requifite that those erudities must full be concocted, and afterwards duly purged

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happen at the beginning, you must neglect that, and be intentive to cure the Fever, yet with an eye to the loosenesse by letting her bloud; but very sparingly, least the spirits should be wasted; if the loosenesse continue so long, as to weaken the body, and bring the sick creature very low, then stay it, but with caution, and tender warinesse; but above all things, avoid the use of such things, as will thicken the humours, for thus indeed you might stop the Loosenesse, but then withall you should stay the menstruum, which inconvenience you ought chiefly to feare.

Your safest way therefore will be to apply strengthning Fomentations and Plaisters, that will moderately binde; and with such

you may furnish your selves above.

It would not be unprofitable to purge away the cause of the Loosenesse, that so one Flux might be cured by another, therefore

Take halfe a dram of tosted Rubarb.

Ten graines of that fort of Myrobalans called Chebule.

Halfe an ounce of Syrupe of dried roses.

Three ounces of plantane water. Mingle them, and make a Potion.

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Many times this Loofenesse turnes to the Blondy-Flux, with cruell paines, want of sleep, a continual Fever, and frequent going to stoole.

This must be helped with Glysters of a binding, qualifying, and cleansing faculty,

as for example.

Take the roots of Comphrey, and marsh-

A handfull of plantane leaves.

Halfe a handfull of red roses.

Boile them in a sufficient quantity of barley water to nine ounces; and to the strained liquor put in

Two ounces of boney of roses strained,

An ounce of red Sugar. The yolke of an egg.

Mingle them, and make a Glyster. Or

Take violet leaves, plantane, and pellitory,

of the wall, of each a handfull. Halfe a handfull of red 10 ses.

Halfe an ounce of whole barley.

Boile them in a sufficient quantity of broth made with sheeps feet, to nine ounces; to the strained liquor add

Two ounces of boney of roses strained.

The yolke of an egg.

Mingle them, and make a Glyster.

You must not neglect to open the Basilick veine,

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CHAP. 7. Womens Diseases. 23

veine, and the Salvatella; a veine which brancheth out of the Cephalick veine, on the outside of the elbow, for these administrations will be wonderfully helpfull to cure a flux of bloud, arising from a diffemper in the Liver; those astringent fomentations also, with the oyntments, and Epithems, whereof we have spoken at large in the precedent chapters, will be of sin-

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The next Disease, unto which women are subject after their delivery, is a Lientery, fo called, because the meat passeth thorough the body, as it was chewed in the mouth, without any change or alteration; this is a most dangerous disease, and therefore all diligence imaginable must conspire to stop it : no lesse terrible, and perillous is that other, named by the Doctors Iliaca Passio, when the guts are so bound up, or inflamed, or enwrapped one about another, that whatsoever is swallowed down, is presently cast up againe by vomit, this also requires a seasonable and prudent use of remedies, least the Patient should pine away, and perish for want of sustenance : besides, it is so much the more dangerous, because by those frequent Vomitings Nature is interrupted,

232 Womens Diseasts. CHAP. 7. THAP. 7

rupted, and distracted, and that menstru-

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have been purged out from beneath.

But note that these Vomitings proceed from severall causes. First from a certaine contagious vapour, ascending from the Matrix, and with the noysome odour thereof, irritating and pricking the stomack, so that it suddenly parts with all the aliment that was contained in it.

You must be exceeding industrious with all convenient speed, to free the woman from this infirmity; the vapours must be opposed, and forced downwards, that so by the discreet helps of art, Nature may be assisted to expell those faulty, and of-

fensive humours by the Matrix.

This may be accomplish't by tying Ligatures about the lower parts, and by rubbing of them till she complaines you hurt her, by putting Pessaries up into the Matrix, and applying Cuppinglasses to her thighes, also by holding things of a strong, and unpleasent odour to her nose, and by opening a vein in her Ankle.

When her body is duely nourished, and

well refresh't, give her this Glyster.

Take the leaves of violets, pellitory of the wall, and beares-breech, of each a handfull Halfe

HAP. 7. Womens Diseases. Halfe a handfull of red rose leaves. Two drams of fennill feeds. Boile them to nine ounces in a sufficient antity of a decoction of an old ben, and from the strained liquor add Two ounces of boney of roses frained. to An ounce of new butter. hal Make a Glyffer. This being given ; you must frengthen e flomack with the flomachicall Plaister ready prescribed, and with these Lo-Take a dram of animaticum refutum in the that Red oralland pearl prepared, of each half With two ounces and a halfe of white gar diffolyed in a fofficient quantity of hun fe water, make finde Lezenger according Art, or Take old Conferre of red rofes. ght, Roman rounnewood. dun-The Conferve of Quiner, of each an opeance. Halfe an ounce of the Conferre of Acacia. A dram and a halfe of arounticum rosam in the species. A dram of the Trochichs de carabe. and-Two scruples of red corall prepared. talfe With 234 Womens Diseases. CHAP. 7.

With a sufficient quantity of Syrup of

Pomegranets make a mixture.

Sometimes the Vomiting is accompanied with yexing, and they both proceed from the same causes, and therefore may both be cured with the same remedies : but if it be of long continuance, the most rationall and best grounded proceeding, is to apply a Cuppinglasse to the mouth of the

stomack with a mighty flame.

Refun After all these follow two more, namely spitting of Bloud, and a Cough: the former whereof is cured by cutting a veine in the Ankle; which kinde of remedy is approved by Hippocrates, in the thirty two Aphorisme of his fifth book, saying, a woman is freed from spitting or vomiting bloud, if the menstruum breake forth, and frequent experience justifies this truth; for divers women, by the omission hereof, as Galen hath observed in his booke of Letting Bloud, fell into the Tiffick, and other most lamentable diseases.

therefo But the Cough is twofold, either dry, you m or moist; the cause of the former is a certaine, contagious vapour communicated to the spiritous parts, provoking the Midand a riffe, the Lungs, and the other instruments of breathing, to expell whatfoever is faul-

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AP., CHAP.7. Womens Diseases. up of tie, and offensive; the cause of the latter is

a crude, and raw humour, afcending up from the Matrix to the Cheft, and Rick-

roced ing fast unto it. abil to be strong to a server

This is cured by rubbing the parts, and tying straight Ligatures about them, by offra Peffaries, Glysters, Cuppinglasses, opening a g, i veine in her ankle, by Electuaries, Ptisans, of the expectorating Potions to cleanse away the bad humour, by laying on Emplastrum mely Resumptivum Pestorale, or Unquentum de Alfor thea; among which you must mingle Cumveint min feeds and Saffron.

After the same manner Women in Childtwo bed are troubled to fetch their breath, beawo. cause by a mutuall, and frequent stretching, and compression of the Chest the vaand pours are transmitted to the Lungs, and they who feele themselves molested with of a fuch vapours do seldome escape that Cough

not a primper the

Let. we last mentioned.

ments faul.

tie,

Moreover to this Catalogue belongeth the Pleurisse, which is a most acute, and therefore a most dangerous disease; this you may discerne by these signes following, an acute and burning Fever, a Cough, dif-Mil ficultie to fetch breath, a pricking paine, and a hard pulse.

Open a veine, and you overcome this Q 4 disease,

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disease, without any further remedy; but the question will be, in what part of the body? I answer, if it be a most violent Pleurisie, that torments the fick, if her Courses come down after a right manner, and yet the evill abates not, then cut a veine in her ankle; but if this availe not, fo as the Patients life is now in danger, then open a veine in her arme, especially, if she be full of bloud, that the vitious humour may be drawn away from the inflamed place, and seasonably evacuated; this advice of mine is justified by the approbation of Mercurialis Mercatus, Alphon sus a Castro, Meschius, Valeriola, and the leared Zacutus Lusitanus; neither will it be incovenient; if you interchange this administration of phlebotomy, namely, first to draw bloud from the ankle, then from the arme, then from the ankle againe, and so keeping turnes, as need shall require; for thus you will give ease, both to the part inflamed, and likewise to the Matrix, which is the part mandant, or that from whence the evill is communicated and distributed to the other regions.

This being carefully performed, your next designe must be to mitigate, and take away the paine with fementations, liniments Electuaries, and Ptisans. Take

CHAP. 7. Womens Diseases. 237 Take an ounce of the roots of marish nebo nallowes. The leaves of mallowes, marish mallows, Plen. and white Maidenbaire, of each a handyet full. inher Halfe a handfull of the flowers of dwarfne Pa- elder. Annise and Line seeds, of each halfe an en a efull ounce. Boyle them in water to a quart, and give may her the strained liquor to drinke at severall lace, times, then ce of Take a dram of unguentum de Althea. Mer-The Axungia of a ben, and new butter, of bius, each halfe an ounce. 加粉; Two ounces of oyle of sweet Almonds. DOA Mingle them, and make an oyntment, botathen 1 the Take Syrup of Violets compound, and the the Syrup of Maidenhaire, of each an ounce and , 25 a halfe. give Mingle them, and make a mixture to be likelicked from the point of a knife. min. Afterwards. om-Take two ounces of cleansed barley. ther An ounce of raisins pickt, stoned and washt. TUO Two drams of the best Licoras. rake Boile them in raine water to a quart, and ents give ake

238 Womens Diseases. CHAP. 7.

give her the strained liquor to drinke.

Note that in all diseases of the Membranes, the upper part of the throate, and the Jawes, yea, and in the Falling-Sicknesse, the Apoplexy, the Palsie, and the Convulsions, you must begin the Cure by letting bloud, if plentie of bloud give occasion to the Disease.

The swelling of the seet is the last of all those Symptomes, which invade a woman after her Delivery; and this proceeds from a disorderly, and negligent Diet, during the time of her being with Childe; for by that meanes raw humours are bread in her body, which after her Delivery settle in her legs; as being cold parts, full of nerves, and far distant from the Liver, which is the sountaine of bloud, in which places you shall perceive soft kinde of swellings, which being crusht down, retaine the print of your singers.

This must be cured with strengthning administrations, and such medicines as are good to expell the raw humours, and like wise with such as will moderately binde; for should you give her strong binders, you would thereby allure the humours towards the upper parts; therefore to avoide that

errour, prepare this Bath following.

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CHAP. 7. Womens Diseases. 239

Take two ounces of marish mallow roots.
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Wormewood,

Sage,
Rosemary, of each two handfulls.
The leaves of red roses and camomile,
Of each a handfull.

An ounce of Laurell Berries .

Saltpeter,

Sulphur, of each half an ounce.

Boile them to eight pints in a sufficient quantity of water, wherein steele hath been often quenched, and let her put her seet into the strained liquor.

Then take the dreggish substance which remaines, after the straining of the said li-

quor, and add to it

The meale of Orebus,

And Lupines, of each three ounces.

Foure ounces of Oxymel.

With a sufficient quantity of brine, made with the juice of Lemmons, reduce them into the forme of a Poultis, and lay it to the swelled feet.

But if the humour fall down againe into the legs, by reason of an habituall distemper in the upper parts, you must either make an issue upon the knee, or else provoke voke her to sweat, with a decoction of Salsaparilla, and China roots; for by the vertue
of these Simples the humour is made thin,
and more apt for expulsion, and the lower
parts wax more firme and strong.

Resembly of each two handfulls.

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## CHAP. VIII.

Of an inflammation in the Matrix after a womans Delivery.

The Cause of an Inflammation in the Matrix is a hot and boiling bloud retained in the vessells, and putrifying.

The signes are a paine in her secret Parts, a vehement Fever, much heat, swelling, and a great itching about all the parts of the Matrix; hereupon the woman becomes very prone to fainting sits, to lye as if she were stupisfied, to talke idely, and the like, by reason of the consent between the Matrix, and the other parts, as we have already shewed. Lastly, she can neither goe to shoole, nor make water, without great difficulty, because the parts are so exceedingly swelled.

This is a most terrible disease, as well in regard

CHAP. 8. Womens Diseases. 241

fithume, which, if it be broken, leaves behinde it an incurable Ulcer, from whence filthy and noyfome exhalations are communicated to the principall parts, which

is an unerring figne of Death.

The Cure is Universall, and Particular: the universall is the opening of a veine in the ankle, regard being had onely to the part inflamed, and the motion of nature; but afterwards, we deny not, but it may be expedient, and efficacious to draw bloud from the arme, in respect of the Fever.

The Particular is accomplished by lenifying medicines, and by washing the part, the one is done by a Cataplasm made after

this manner.

Take two ounces of the crums of white

The Pap of rosted apples.

The Pulp of cassia newly drawn out, of each an ounce.

Half an ounce of the mucilage of Fleabane-

seeds.

Ten graines of Saffron.

Make a Cataplasme according to Art.

But if the Inflammation seeme to hasten to suppuration, which you may perceive by the Fever, and the vehemence of the paine, then then you must discreetly assist Nature, by an application of suppurating medicines, but by no meanes adventure to give her a purge: remedies of the former sort are as follow.

Take an ounce of marish mallow roots.

The leaves of mallowes.

And marish mallowes, of each a handfull and a halfe.

Line seed,

Fenugreek, of each halfe an ounce.

Boile them in a sufficient quantity of breast-milke unto softnesse; pulp them thorough a Sieve, and add to the pulp

Two ounces of Hogf-greafe. An ounce of oyle of roses.

Make your Cataplasm.

When you have overcome the Imposhume, use this Injection with a Syringe.

Take fix ounces of a decoction made

with wole barley, and rose leaves.

An ounce and a halfe of boney of roses

ftrained.

Make an Injection, and wash the ulcerated part very often every day, till the paine cease, and the Ulcer be healed, though the continue the use thereof for weeks, months, and yeares.

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## CHAP. IX.

Of too little, and too much Milke.

Ant of milk ariseth from these three severall Causes. First, from the fault of the milk. Secondly, from some impediment which hinders the transmission of the milke to the breasts; or if it be transmitted, it is not retained. Thirdly, a penury, or lack of bloud, either for want of necessary food, or by reason of some immoderate issue of bloud from the Matrix, or from

some other part.

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The Signes of these things are the slendernesse of the breast, a sharp taste in the milke, and a bad smell; other signes you need none, because the disease is manifest of it selfe; in the meane time you must take heed, that this corrupt milke doe not settle in the Breasts, and exulcerate them; wherefore beginning with the first cause, you must correct and amend the faults of the milke by purging out the bad juice: if phlegme abound, give her hot things, not onely to purge her, but also to nourish her body;

244 Womens Diseases CHAP. 9.

body; if choler be predominant, prescribe

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cooling and moistning things.

But when the Breasts doe neither draw the bloud nor retaine it, you must be solicitous to strengthen the Breasts by drawing bloud unto them; to this purpose you must rub her body, apply fomentations, and Cataplasmes, that will moderately heat, and expell, made of marish mallow roots, the leaves of Violets, mallowes, melilot, fenugreek, the crum of white breead and the yolks of Eggs.

Moreover, if the parts want nourishment, then let her feed upon the choicest dishes, or at least appoint such things for her, as are good to increase bloud, and milke, as eggs, butter, milke boiled with

fennill, par fnips, and the like.

Rock her to sleep, by peaceable and sweet admonitions, and exercise your wits to keep her from anger, melancholy, and all

other perturbations of the minde.

It will not be hurtfull, but rather expedient to allow her the use of good wine, but then remember to put into it the powder of earth wormes.

Contrary to this is the immoderate plenty, and superfluitie of the milke, which you may easily discerne by that which comes

CHAP.10. Womens Diseases. 245

the bloud will congeale and grow clotted, then lessen the abundance of the mike,
with a thin and spare diet; enjoyne her
to be very abstemious and moderate in her
drinke, and if her Courses be stopped, open
a veine in her ankle; but otherwise in
heat, heat meanes to divert the bloud from the
Breasts; but above all things, let her use
Exercise, which is the best remedie in this
case.

Yet if the bloud be congealed, and if by the exhalation of the thinner part, the rest wax thick, then you must administer attenuating and drying medicines to cut, make thin, and dissolve the clotted bloud; of this sort are Emplastrum de muciloginibus, and emplastrum de Meliloto, among which you may mingle the juice of Smallage, and Frankincense.

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CHAP. X.

Of the Inflammations of the Breasts.

Vomens Breafts, those delicate and tender parts, are not only frequent-

246 Womens Diseases. CHAP. 10. ly afflicted with the congealing of the bloud. but they are likewise very apt to be inflamed, by reason of a mixt plenty of bloud and milke, whereby they swell exceedingly, looke of a high, red colour, and are full of paine and forenesse; This Inflammation is accompanied with a Fever, which the Phymians call Lactaria, that is by Interpretation, the Fever of the milke; or the milky Fever; and the learned Midwives call it Fila, because presently, unlesse the Breasts be well chased and rubbed, there appeareth to the touch an exact refemblance of a Ball; This taketh not beginning from any venomous humour contained in the Breasts, but is rather to be accounted a Symptome, driven to the Breasts by the motion of Nature, and the bloud; it is likewife very hardly distinguishable from a true Fever, in which all the fignes are conspicuous and manifest, as appeare in this, the swelling in the Breafts onely being excepted, which is not some Ball accidently swallowed with the drinke, as many learned men have vainely, and irrationally furmifed; for how is it possible, that a Ball should slip from the stomack thorough those slender passages of the Messentery, and the Liver,

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Womens Diseases. CHAP. 10.

the hollow veine, and the Axillary veines, to the region of the Breafts; therefore in my Judgment, it is a phlegmatick matter, ravelled as it were by the burning heat of the part into long threads, as it happeneth to the flow matter contained in the Kidneys, and the Bladder.

If the Fever and the Inflammation be urgent, you must immediately command a veine in her ankle to be opened, if it happen presently after her delivery: but if a moneth be overpast, let the Basilick vein

on the same side be opened.

You must prescribe medicines to repell the humour, but be carefull that they be not extreame cold , least the humour should retire back to the principall parts; a Glyster also must be first injected; and you may afterwards prescribe this Poultis following, which will mollifie and dissolve the humour, and be very prositable.

Take an ounce of marish mallew roots.

The leaves of mallowes,

Violets,

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Plantane, of each a handfull and a halfe. Boile them altogether in milke to softnesse, and pulp them thorough a Sieve, and to the pulp add Foure

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248 Womens Diseases. CHAP.10.
Foure ounces of the crum of white

Bread.

A scruple of Saffron.

Mingle them, and make a Poultis.

Many times the Breaks and the Nipples are full of chaps, which exceedingly torment and paine a woman: these are caused by a sharp waterish humour falling down upon them, and may be cured with mallowes boiled in breast milke, or with the white of an egg, or with Lilly leaves moissned in oyle, or with Unquentum Pompholygos, or which will exceed all the former with oyle of Nutmegs; among which you may mingle bolearmenick with Cerus, and some drops of oyle of Lead, or some other oyle by it self.

CHAP. XI.

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## CHAP. XI.

f wrinckles remaining in the Matrix after a Womans Delivery, and of the meanes to contract the Matrix.

Hen a woman is delivered, there appeare Chaps, or Wrinckles, by reason of the coming forth of the Childe, Il the and the flux of the Menstruum : these we mong have often cured with gentle, aftringent with medicines, having first administred this Ind, or jection thorough a Syringe.

Take halfe an ounce of Compbrey roots.

Two drams of Cyprus nuts.

Pomegranet flowers,

Red roses, of each as many as you can containe between your thumb and two fingers at twice.

Myrtle seeds,

Shumach feeds, of each a dram.

Boile them in a sufficient quantity of red wine, to sixteen ounces, and reserve the Arained liquor for an Injection; or

Take a dram of Compbrey roots. Cyprus nuts, and the feeds of rhois,

Ofrach halteadram.

As many red roses as your thumb and ra

fingerscan grasp.

Beat them to a groffe powder, and wit an ounce of unguent. Pompholygor, and

piece of Cotton, make a Peffury.

With thesame medicines, intermingling some other things that are greater binders. you may help the loosenesse, and widenesse of the secret parts; which if they be not seasonably and prudently contracted. may possibly be a cause that the woman will have no more Children. Some Midwives use water wherein, steele hath been infused, which we dislike not, provided that when you boile the water, you put in a quantity of Sumach feeds, Medlar feeds, and red Rofes.

Red roller, of each as many have and can

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