

Report of the Committee of Visitors, and thirteenth annual report of the medical superintendent, of the asylum for the insane poor of the County of Wilts / Wiltshire County Lunatic Asylum.

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REPORT

OF

THE COMMITTEE OF VISITORS,

AND

IRTEENTH ANNUAL REPORT

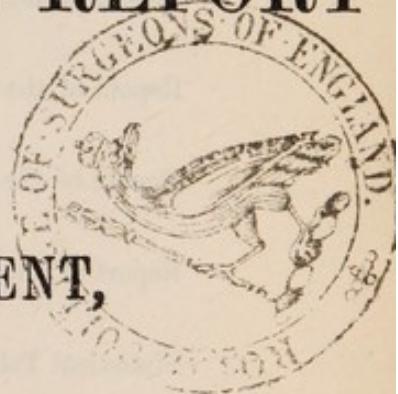
OF THE

MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT,

OF THE

ASYLUM FOR THE INSANE POOR

OF THE COUNTY OF WILTS.



DEVIZES :

PRINTED BY GEORGE SIMPSON,
1864.

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COMMITTEE OF VISITORS.

Appointed at the Hilary Sessions for 1863.

GORGES PAULIN LOWTHER, CLK., *Chairman.*

GEORGE ALEXANDER, ESQ.

SIR JOHN WITHER AWDRY, KNT.

MAJOR GENERAL BUCKLEY, M.P.

THE RIGHT HON. THOMAS HENRY SUTTON SOTHERON
ESTCOURT, M.P.

EDWARD BETENSON EDGELL, CLK.

ORATIO NELSON GODDARD, ESQ.

THOMAS HUNT GRUBBE, ESQ.

RALPH LUDLOW LOPES, ESQ.

WILLIAM MAURICE MACDONALD, CLK.

HENRY ALWORTH MEREWETHER, ESQ., Q.C.

STEPHEN MOULTON, ESQ.

ROBERT PARRY NISBET, ESQ.

WILLIAM BALLARD SEAGRAM, ESQ.

FRED SMITH, CLK.

WILLIAM STANCOMB, ESQ.

MATTHEW WILKINSON, D.D.

ALEXANDER MEEK, *Devizes,*

Clerk to the Committee of Visitors.

HOUSE COMMITTEE.

GORGES PAULIN LOWTHER, *Chairman.*

EDWARD BETENSON EDGELL, CLK.

THOMAS HUNT GRUBBE, ESQ.

RALPH LUDLOW LOPES, ESQ.

STEPHEN MOULTON, ESQ.

ROBERT PARRY NISBET, ESQ.

WILLIAM BALLARD SEAGRAM, ESQ.

ALFRED SMITH, CLK.

MATTHEW WILKINSON, D.D.

MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT.

JOHN THURNAM, M.D.

TREASURER.

A. MEEK, ESQ.

CHAPLAIN.

REV. B. C. DOWDING.

MEDICAL ASSISTANT.

MR. J. P. SYMES.

CLERK AND STEWARD.

MR. H. C. WARD.

MATRON.

MISS ROSEDON.

REPORT

OF THE

COMMITTEE OF VISITORS,

Presented at the Hilary Sessions for 1864.

The Committee of Visitors of the Wilts County Lunatic Asylum report as follows:

	MALE. FEMALE. TOTAL.		
The number of patients in the Asylum January 1st, 1863, was :	153	226	379
	M.	F.	T.
Admitted for the first time during the year	43	45	88
Re-admitted during the year	7	13	20
	<hr/>		
	50	58	108
Total under care during the year ...	203	284	487
Discharged or Removed :			
	M.	F.	T.
Recovered	12	28	40
Relieved	4	0	4
Not improved	1	2	3
Died	28	25	53
	<hr/>		
Total discharged and died within the year	45	55	100
	<hr/>		
Remaining in the Asylum Dec. 31st, 1863, inclusive of 3 absent on trial, 1 male and 2 females.....	158	229	387

The receipts and payments during the year are as follows :—

MAINTENANCE ACCOUNT.

The weekly rate of payment for patients has been throughout the year at 7s. 7d., and the loss on the year, £104 3s. 11d., has been less than was anticipated ; and, therefore, your Committee, at the present price of provisions, find no difficulty in continuing the same scale of payments.

PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST ACCOUNT.

The amount received from the rates during the year has been £3555 4s. The following payments have been made :—

	£	s.	d.
Principal paid off	2000	0	0
Interest on debt	1441	14	4
	<hr/>		
	3441	14	4

Leaving a balance in the hands of the Treasurer of £750 10s. 8d. (on this account), which will be required for the payment of interest, amounting to £503 6s. 7d., due before the Easter Sessions. £2000 has been paid off during the year, but it has been necessary to borrow £2500 (by the authority of Sessions) to meet the expenditure on the new buildings, which leaves the present debt £34,000.

SPECIAL RATE AND REPAIR ACCOUNT.

This account has been drawn upon to the extent of £79 8s. 6d., leaving a balance of £565 19s.

FIRST COST ACCOUNT.

The receipts during the year, from Unions and Parishes, for charges beyond the ordinary payment for maintenance—all of which are carried to this fund—have amounted to £267 6s. 8d. There has also been received £2500 on loan, already referred to. The payments during the year have amounted to £3272 0s. 4d., leaving a present balance of £475 19s. 5d.

NEW BUILDINGS.

Your Committee are glad to inform the Court that the New Buildings are finished, and occupied by the patients for whom they were designed, and that they fully answer the expectations of the Medical Superintendent as to the convenience of the arrangements. Additional accommodation has been supplied for 80 female patients.

Much delay in the progress of these works has taken place, and complaints have been made of the manner in which portions of the work have been executed, and, in some instances, of the materials. These complaints have been investigated, and the things complained of have been rectified. The work appears to be very substantial and to have been now left in a satisfactory condition, but the final Report of the County Surveyor has not been received. Considerable demand for extras has been sent in by the Contractor, which has still to be investigated by the County Surveyor.

The sum voted for this work, at the Lent Sessions, was £3500. The actual cost of the work undertaken by

Mr. Taylor, the contractor, will be £3430 2s. 6d., which includes the extra joisting for an upper floor.

THE SEWAGE.

We now call the attention of the Court to the subject of the sewage of the Asylum.

The complaints which have been made by the proprietors of lands adjoining the Asylum are well-known to this Court; to the rectifying of which the Committee have given their best attention.

The daily consumption of water in the Asylum has heretofore amounted to 14,000 gallons, all of which was discharged into a brook flowing into Drew's Pond. The solid matter was arrested in its progress by large manure tanks in the Asylum grounds, but the liquid portion flowed into this brook, and probably increased the already fetid state of Drew's Pond. The whole of this sewage will now be distributed over the fields of the Asylum, which it has already rendered productive in an extraordinary degree. Since the opening of new buildings, the daily consumption of water has been increased to 18,000 galls., to which must be added the rain-fall collected in the large tank, amounting to 2,000 gallons, thus raising the quantity of sewage distributed over the land to 20,000 galls. daily.

Your Committee were charged with the responsibility of finding a remedy for the evil complained of, and though the expense of effecting this has been considerable, they are inclined to believe that it may eventually prove a profitable investment of the money disbursed. In order

to receive this continuous flow of top-dressing, it has been necessary to convert some of the arable land into pasture, and the fertility arising in consequence of this irrigation is so great, that, under any circumstances, it would be necessary to buy or take in cattle to feed off the grass. But this fertility may be turned to more profitable account, by enabling the bailiff to produce the milk daily required in the Asylum, from off your own land, instead of purchasing it at the exorbitant rate of 11d. a gallon.

The yearly consumption of milk is between five and six thousand gallons, the cost of which amounts to £251 7s. It is believed that a considerable saving may accrue—arising from the fertilizing powers of these water works, which have been for some time in full and perfect action.

The cost of the wheel, which is of 14 feet diameter, with all the necessary pumps and various works, will probably rather exceed £500. But it must be borne in mind that the nuisance complained of was to be abated, and the expense of effecting this object must have been incurred without reference to any advantage or beneficial result arising from it.

The contract for the wheel and pumps was £152 12s. The rest of the expense is for conducting the springs to the water-wheel, the united flow of which amounts to 89 gallons a minute, or 128,160 gallons in every 24 hours. It is satisfactory to know that there has been no variation in the quantity of water supplied by these springs, and the engineer reports that the work of the wheel is now done more quickly than at first. This work has been executed by Messrs. Haden of Trowbridge.

CHAPLAIN.

The Chaplain will append his own report. Your Committee have, therefore, only to say that full service with a sermon has been duly performed on Sundays, Christmas-day, and Good Friday, and that Morning Prayer has been daily said throughout the year.

CONDITION AND MANAGEMENT OF THE ASYLUM.

The Commissioners in Lunacy who inspected the Asylum in September, have entered a report of their inspection in the Visitors' Book, in which they "express their satisfaction in having to report as favourably as heretofore of the state and management of the Asylum." Your Committee are glad to confirm this testimony, and to add that in their own quarterly inspections, as also in the monthly inspections of the House Committee, they have found exact cleanliness and good order throughout the Wards, and they desire to record their satisfaction at the general condition and management of the Asylum under the superintendence of Dr. Thurnam.

To this Report of the Committee of Visitors will be appended a detailed and very minute Account of the General Expenditure; with Dr. Thurnam's Report of the Management and Statistics of the Asylum. The whole will be completed and ready for delivery amongst the Magistrates previous to the Lent Sessions.

For the Committee,

G. P. LOWTHER,

Chairman.

THIRTEENTH ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT.

The Medical Superintendent lays before the Committee of Visitors his Thirteenth Annual Report, as follows:—

Thirteenth
Annual
Report.

The numbers admitted during the year are somewhat less than for the preceding four years; and amount to 108, of which 20 are re-admissions. The number under care has been 487, or nearly the same as in the preceding year; whilst the average numbers have amounted to 384.4 (viz., 156 men, and 228.4 women); being an increase of twelve upon the year 1862. The numbers now in the Asylum (inclusive of three absent on trial) are 158 men and 229 women, total, 387; being an increase of eight during the year.

Numbers
and
Admissions.

Average
Numbers.

The *recoveries* have been 40 in number, a somewhat smaller proportion than usual; but it may be observed that in the previous year they exceeded the average. Four men have been discharged *relieved*, 2 to their own homes, the other 2 were removed by the parochial authorities, one to the Union House at Poole, and one to the County Asylum at Gloucester, to a Union of which county the patient was chargeable. The 3 patients *not improved* were transferred, the man to the County Asylum for Dorset, and the 2

Discharges
and
Recoveries.

women (Criminal Lunatics) to the State Asylum at Broadmoor.

Cases
Discharged
on Trial.

Of the 40 discharged as recovered, nine had been sent out on probation for periods of two and three months each. Three others so discharged were brought back before the expiration of the period of trial, and three are still absent on similar probation.

"Criminal
Lunatics."

There are now in the Asylum 8 "Criminal Lunatics," all of the male sex. Two of this number were admitted during the year, under orders of the Secretary of State, one from the prison at Devizes, the other from the gaol at Worcester; both having been found insane whilst in prison, the one on a charge of "larceny," the other on that of "stealing an ass." The two female criminals under care at the date of the last Report were transferred, under orders of the Secretary of State, to the New Asylum at Broadmoor, near Wokingham, Berks, lately established for patients of this class. Several of the men will probably before long be removed to the same place; but it is not contemplated by the Government to transfer more than a certain proportion, including the worst cases, to this central Asylum.

General
Health.

Deaths and
rate of
Mortality.

Notwithstanding the happy exemption of the inmates from any prevalent disorder, the deaths have considerably exceeded the average; being 53 in number—28 men and 25 women. Of these as many as 12 were from 70 to 82 years of age, and 8 others between 60 and 70. In the year 1859, there were 57 deaths out of a considerably less number of patients, viz., 339, as compared with 384. In 1862, there were only 29 deaths, the average mortality being at the low rate of 7.8 per cent.; whilst for the past year it

approaches double that amount, viz., 13.7 per cent. As often pointed out in these Reports, statistical results for single years are of little value; and it is important to remark that when the mortality of the two years is taken together, we obtain the mean rate of 10.7 per cent., or somewhat less than the average (11.6 per cent.) since the opening of the Asylum.

MEAN ANNUAL MORTALITY.	MALES.	FEMALES.	BOTH SEXES.
For the year 1863 . . .	17.9	10.9	13.7
For 12.35 years—1851-1863*	15.2	8.9	11.6

Of the causes of death, 23 were from diseases of the brain and nervous system, including softening and other lesions of the central organ, epilepsy, apoplexy, paralysis, and general paresis, of which last disease there were two cases. There were also as many as 10 deaths—from pulmonary consumption (8) and tubercular pneumonia (2); 5 from inflammation of the lungs &c.; and 6 from chronic disease of the lungs and heart. 2 were from peritonitis, the one chronic and tubercular, the other excited by a perforating ulcer of the intestine. One was from cancer of the breast; one (a woman of 71 years) from gangrene of the leg, following an accidental bruise; and 3 from general exhaustion without obvious organic disease, being persons of 73 years and upwards. One death was remarkable as arising from the unusual cause of rupture of the spleen. The patient, a young man of 23, had always been imbecile and was of a very lymphatic habit. No disease was suspected, and he died after about six hours illness from syncope, which at first appeared to yield to the

Causes of
Death.

* Viz., from the opening of the Asylum, Sept. 19th, 1851, to the end of the year 1863.

usual remedies. On examination after death, the spleen, which has an average weight of 4 or 5 oz., (*)

Note on
Weight of
the Spleen.

* The average weight of the spleen here given is obtained from 50 observations, 25 of each sex, made during the last 14 months—1862-1863, in this Asylum, and which give 4.7 oz. for the weight of this organ in the male, and 4.6 oz. in the female. It has been surmised that the weight of the spleen in the insane is less than in the sane. This view derives much support from a comparison of these 50 observations with 58 others (39 of men and 19 of women) in patients of sane mind in the Royal Infirmary of Edinburgh, made by Dr. Peacock in 1842 and 1843. On a comparison of the several weights, it appears that the average weight of the spleen in these 58 cases exceeded by one half that in the 50 insane persons in this Asylum, in whom the average weight was about 4½ oz., whilst that in the Edinburgh cases was 7 oz. It is further remarkable that out of the 58 Edinburgh cases there were only 4 in which the spleen weighed less than 3 oz., whilst out of the 50 Asylum cases as many as 10 were of this unusually small weight. The average weight of this organ appears to be greater in the young than in the aged, and part of the difference to be observed in the two series seems due to the greater proportion of aged persons in the deaths at the Asylum. The following Table gives a comparative view of the weight of the spleen in the sane and insane, derived from these two sets of observations. It is curious that out of twelve cases observed by Dr. Peacock, in which the brain was diseased, and which are arranged in a separate table, there is one in which the spleen contained "fibrinous masses," and had the extreme weight of 42½ oz. This however is small as compared with our case of 64 oz. Neither of these enlarged spleens are included in the Table which follows.

WILTS COUNTY ASYLUM, 1862-63.	NUMBER OF CASES.		WEIGHTS OF SPLEEN.								AVERAGE WEIGHTS. IN OZ.		
	M.	F.	Not more than 4oz.		4 to 8 oz.		8 to 14 oz.		M.	F.	M.F.		
			M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.					
25 to 40 years	7	2	3	.	3	2	1	.	5	5½	5½		
40 to 60 „	9	9	4	3	5	5	.	1	4	4½	4½		
60 to 82 „	9	14	3	8	5	5	1	1	5½	4½	4½		
Total Nos.	25	25	10	11	13	12	2	2					
	50												
Average Weights . .			oz. 3	oz. 2¾	oz. 5½	oz. 5½	oz. 9¼	oz. 9½	oz. 4¾	oz. 4½	oz. 4½		
ROYAL INFIRMARY, EDIN- BURGH, 1842-43.													
17 to 40 years	19	12	4	1	8	4	7	7	oz. 7	oz. 9	oz. 7½		
40 to 60 „	19	6	5	3	10	2	4	1	6½	5½	6		
60 to 74 „	1	1	.	.	1	1	.	.	6¼	7	6½		
Total Nos.	39	19	9	4	19	7	11	8					
	58												
Average Weights . .			oz. 3	oz. 3½	oz. 6	oz. 6½	oz. 10½	oz. 12¼	oz. 6¾	oz. 7¾	oz. 7		

The results here obtained are in the main confirmed by the "colossal tables" by Dr. Boyd, in the Philosophical Transactions for 1861. (pp. 241-262). These give about 4¼ oz. as the average weight of the

was found of immense size, weighing 4 lbs. Av. The liver weighed 2 lbs. 13½ oz. There was a fissure of two inches in length in the anterior margin of the spleen, through which hæmorrhage to a large amount had taken place. The exciting cause of the rupture appears to have been mental emotion, of the character of groundless fear. One man died suddenly, as he was finishing his supper, from "suffocation by his food," which occurred notwithstanding the extra care bestowed upon him, he being known to suffer from difficulty of swallowing. The Coroner's Jury returned a verdict of "Accidental Death." The only other inquest was in the case of an epileptic patient, who was found dead in bed, doubtless from a fit occurring during the night; a verdict of "Visitation of God" was returned.

Inquests.

It is noteworthy that during the year a post mortem examination was, for the first time, omitted. This was in compliance with the special request of the wife of the patient, a respectable farmer. During the twelve years since the opening of the Asylum, post mortem examinations have been made in about 440 cases; and if by this means much new light has not been thrown on the pathology of mental disorders—though the amount of this is sometimes underrated—much more precision and accuracy have been attained in assigning the causes of death, as exhibited in the Statistics appended to the successive Reports, than could otherwise have been possible.

Post Mortem Examinations.

spleen in the insane at the Somerset County Asylum; but only 5¼ oz. as the weight in patients at the Marylebone Infirmary. The difference is considerable, even when it is remembered that among these latter there were not a few insane persons, though how many we are not told. Can this organ be of larger size in the Scotch than in their cousins south of the Tweed? Out of more than 2,600 cases tabulated by Dr. Boyd, the heaviest spleen weighed by him seems to have been one of 36 oz.

Birth of
Child.

One child has been born in the Asylum during the year, eight months after the admission of the mother, who gradually improved after her delivery, and six months afterwards was discharged recovered. The occasional incident of a birth in the wards, whilst adding to the cares of the attendants, is not without its use in exciting the sympathies of many of the poor patients, and is a source of interest to almost all. The birth is in all cases registered according to law, and the child vaccinated before leaving the Asylum. When about six weeks old, it is removed to its home or to the Union House, as the case may be.

Escapes.

The escapes have been seven in number; and, as is very unusual, the majority have been of women. The first is a rare example of combination among the insane, or those recovering from insanity. It is that of three young women of 16, 18, and 23 years, all more or less convalescent and of vicious propensities. One evening in January, after dusk, according to a pre-concerted plan, they escaped from the laundry. After walking all night they reached the village of Netheravon, about twelve miles distant, where they were found in a garden, and brought back by the police the next day. Their object appears to have been that of reaching Southampton, with a view to leading a life of prostitution, with which the elder of the three was already familiar. Another escape was that of the young woman who three years previously had effected the same object, as detailed in the Tenth Report. Shortly after that occurrence she was discharged, but speedily relapsing, was re-admitted. She is subject to severe paroxysms of mania. On the occasion of her escape in April last, she slipped away from the

attendant on her way to Morning Service in the Chapel, and reached the village of Imber, fifteen miles distant on the downs, whence she was brought back on the following day. A male patient—an old soldier and sailor—made his escape on the 12th of October, and after a very circuitous walk reached Abbots Ann near Andover, about thirty miles distant, where his sister is living. At the end of five days he was brought back by the Hampshire police, by whom the establishment was put to considerable expence, a great part of which might have been avoided. The other cases do not call for any particular notice. It must, however, be named that the man who escaped at the close of 1861 (December 27), referred to in the last Report, as supposed to have reached South Wales, was again admitted on the 4th of November last, after an absence of almost two years. He was transferred hither from the Warwick County Asylum, where he had been for a period of about thirteenth months, having been taken by the police as a wandering lunatic at Stratford-on-Avon. Nothing certain can be ascertained as to his proceedings during the interval. His own account is that he begged his way through the country, wishing to reach what he called his home at Abergavenny.

After great delays in the work, the new wing for female patients was opened on the 17th day of Dec. For the present, it is only needful to occupy one of the two wards which it contains. The new wing is placed at the western angle of the original building, with which it is connected by a corridor 90 feet in length and 7 in width. On the north side of this corridor, are eight single sleeping rooms, a staircase, closets, and bath-room. In the main building, on the ground floor, are

Addition to
the Asylum.

Description
of the
Building.

two large day rooms and a dormitory, which vary from 32 to 40 feet in length, and from 18 to 20 feet in width. Immediately adjoining, are two rooms for attendants, two sculleries, and a wide staircase leading to the first floor. Here are three additional dormitories, of similar size to the rooms below, and each capable of accommodating at least 16 beds. Adjoining these, are two rooms for the attendants, and a commodious bathroom. In the basement below the staircase is a small warming apparatus, erected by Mr. Lea, successor to Mr. Price, by which hot water is supplied and the building warmed, three coils of pipes being placed in the corridors on each floor. The building is well lighted and ventilated, and there is excellent accommodation for about 80 patients. On one side is a porch opening into one of the old airing courts, where the less orderly of the patients will take their exercise. This court has been considerably improved by the erection of a verandah, 80 feet long, against the wall of the connecting corridor. This is provided with seats, and will afford pleasant shelter in hot, cold, or showery weather. On the south west front a piece of pleasure ground has been laid out, enclosed only with a beech hedge and light iron fence, which is intended for the better conducted of these patients; who, it is hoped, will appreciate the difference between a garden and a mere airing court enclosed with walls. Each day room has its door and verandah leading directly to the garden. These wards have been comfortably furnished, and present a very cheerful appearance. The decoration of the walls has been much aided by a liberal donation of prints, which the Superintendent has obtained from Mr. Henry Graves, the eminent publisher.

All undue crowding in the female department has been obviated by the recent addition, and space has been provided for about 40 additional patients. The male department, however, is now full, and with a slight increase of numbers the sleeping accommodation would be deficient. By means of some modification of existing arrangements it may be possible to receive a few more male patients, and thus postpone for a year or two the necessity for the enlargement of that division of the establishment.

Male
Division
full.

At the meeting of the Committee of Visitors, in October last, it was referred to the Medical Superintendent to report at the next meeting "as to the number of patients, if any, who, in his judgment, may be advantageously removed to the Workhouses." The Superintendent has reviewed the cases in reference to this question, but does not find any whom he could confidently recommend for such a transfer, as the Union Houses are for the most part at present organised. Were there in any of them separate wards properly arranged for the care and custody of insane patients, a certain number, in the first instance perhaps twenty or thirty, might be selected for removal. If such a plan were adopted, it must now be regulated under the provisions of the "Lunacy Acts Amendment Act, 1862," s. 8; as explained by the 2nd section of the "Lunacy Acts Amendment Act, 1863." By these acts the Visitors are authorised, with the approval of the Commissioners in Lunacy and the President of the Poor Law Board, to make arrangements with the Guardians of any Parish or Union within the district for which the Asylum has been provided, for the removal from the Asylum to the Workhouse of such

Lunatic
Wards in
Work-
houses.

parish or Union, and the reception and care therein of a limited number of Chronic Lunatics, chargeable to the same or to any other parish or Union in the county. These powers are, it appears, conferred with the intention of meeting the deficiency of accommodation in Asylums, and to enable Visitors, on the one hand, to make provision for the immediate reception into the Asylums of all recent and probably curable cases; and, on the other, by the establishment of subsidiary wards in one or more Workhouses, "in which adequate accommodation, care, and attendance can be ensured," to provide for a certain number of the "chronic lunatics, to be selected by the Superintendent of the Asylum and certified by him to be fit and proper so to be removed." In the last Report of the Commissioners in Lunacy, this subject has been treated of at length; and there can be no doubt of the correctness of the opinion therein expressed, "that the general construction and arrangement of Workhouses render them altogether unsuitable for the accommodation and treatment of insane patients." In a recent circular, dated Nov., 1863, the Commissioners have stated the conditions which they regard as indispensable, and on which they will insist, before giving their approval to arrangements made with the object referred to.* They are as follows:—

"(1.)—Separate wards properly constructed, arranged, and furnished for the patients of the respective sexes. The dormitories to be distinct from

* Seventeenth Report, 1863, pp. 21—25. See also the valuable observations by Dr. Sherlock in the Tenth Report of the Worcester County Asylum, 1863. It may be regretted that the Commissioners do not insist on some means of occupation being provided. See the observations on this part of the question, in the 5th Report of the Commissioners in Lunacy for Scotland, 1863, pp. xlvi—1.

the day-rooms, and the former to afford cubical space per patient, of 500 feet, and the latter 400. Single bed-rooms to contain at least 600 cubic feet.

(2.)—A liberal dietary analogous to that of the Asylums.

(3.)—Ample means of out-door exercise and recreation.

(4.)—Due medical visitation.

(5.)—Properly qualified paid attendants.

(6.)—Medical and other Registers ; Records similar to those in use in Licensed Houses."

They have also determined that all applications for the approval of any Workhouse for this object must originate with Visitors of Asylums, and no such application received directly from a Board of Guardians can be entertained.

Under these circumstances it remains for the Committee of Visitors to determine whether they will take any steps in the matter. The Superintendent will only remark that if suitable arrangements could be made with the Guardians of some Union in a central situation, considerable advantage might arise from the establishment of wards in one of the Workhouses, where a certain proportion of chronic lunatics might be received ; as by this means the necessity for any material addition to the male division of the Asylum might be postponed, and possibly avoided.*

* This part of the Report, referring to the question of lunatic wards in Workhouses, as provided for in the recent "Lunacy Acts Amendment Acts," was read at the meeting of the Committee of Visitors, held January 20, 1864. It is expedient so far to anticipate the record of the proceedings of the current year, as to state that the Committee after its perusal resolved, that it appeared from the Report of the Superintendent "there was no present prospect of the Committee being able to avail itself of the provisions of these Acts."

Sewage.

The plan referred to in the last Report for the distribution of the sewage over a part of the farm, by means of a water-wheel, (*) was successfully carried out in the spring of the year; and about twelve acres of land have been laid down in grass, and constantly irrigated with the sewage. Not only have plentiful supplies of grass been produced, but the appearance of the farm has been much improved, and at present no material inconvenience has arisen from any effluvium from the land thus irrigated. It is almost superfluous to express a hope that all complaints connected with this subject will now be completely allayed.

Additional
Works and
Improvements.

The drying closets in the laundry, which were heated by steam pipes, had never been very efficient, and with the increasing number of inmates had become quite inadequate to the wants of the establishment. The Visitors directed that Messrs. Haden of Trowbridge should be consulted, who advised that the existing closets should be heated by hot air stoves, instead of steam. This plan has been carried out, and has proved very effectual. Provision has at the same time been made for the future enlargement of one of the closets, which may at any time be done without further addition to, or alteration in, the furnaces. The drying ground for the laundry having been encroached on by the new wing, some extension was quite essential; and the plot of ground now fitted up and surrounded by a

* The wheel is turned by the water from four springs, the produce of which is 89 gallons per minute. A moiety is from two springs on the Asylum estate, one affording 40, the other 4 gallons per minute. The rest of the water is derived from two springs on the property of Watson Taylor, esq., in the adjacent Drew's Pond Wood, one of which yields 13 and the other 32 gallons per minute. For his sanction for the use of this water, the thanks of the Magistrates of the county was directed to be expressed to Mr. Taylor at the Quarter Sessions held at Devizes, January 5th, 1864.

suitable iron fence, seems well adapted for the purpose : though, if possible, a site further removed from the chimneys of the gas-works and wards, was to have been desired. The gas-works have required enlargement ; and two new purifiers, with larger pipes from the retorts, a new scrubber, and a condenser have been erected by Messrs. Cockey of Frome.

The patients have enjoyed their usual recreations and festivities. On the tenth of March, on the occasion of the marriage of the Prince of Wales, they participated in the general rejoicings. As many as one hundred of the two sexes, properly attended and bearing flags, joined in the procession of all classes, who, on the morning of that day, perambulated Devizes with music and banners. A large trophy of the flags of various nations, many of them painted for the occasion by one of the patients, was erected on the lawn ; and a tea party, with music and the usual amusements, was given to all the inmates ; who were not among the least loyal of the subjects of the Queen in their interest in the auspicious event.

Recreations,
&c.

There have been no changes in the officers of the Asylum during the year ; but those among the male attendants have been rather more frequent than usual. With the exception of one case calling for the discharge of an attendant, the conduct of the servants and attendants has been generally satisfactory. The Superintendent must express his sense of the assiduous aid rendered by his assistant, Mr. J. P. Symes, who has filled that office for a period of nearly six years. He must also refer to the very valuable services of the Matron, during upwards of twelve years ; as well as to those of the Clerk and Steward during nearly seven

Officers,
Attendants,
and
Servants.

years. The Chaplain's duties have been regularly performed, as prescribed by the Act and by the Rules of the Asylum. Mr. Dowding this year presents a written Report; a plan which, as may be seen in the Reports for 1851 and 1852, was not, in the first instance, altogether neglected. In referring to the services in the chapel, the Superintendent may express the hope that a Scudamore Organ, or other suitable instrument, may be provided, as the old barrel-organ, many years ago lent to the Asylum by a friend of the Superintendent, is now much worn and was never very satisfactory.

Conclusion.

In conclusion, the Medical Superintendent must renew the expression of his thanks to the Committee of Visitors for their continued kind support.

(Signed)

JOHN THURNAM, M.D.

REPORT
OF THE
CHAPLAIN.

*To the Chairman and Visitors of the Wilts County
Lunatic Asylum.*

GENTLEMEN,

I have the honor of herewith submitting to you an account of the duties performed by me, or my substitute, at the County Asylum during the past year.

Daily Service in the morning has been duly said throughout the year, and on Sundays and the great Holy Days of the Church an afternoon Service, with Sermon, has likewise been given.

The number of patients attending these Services has usually amounted to about 180 on week-days, and 200 on Sundays. Their behaviour at such times is throughout orderly, and, with many, devout. The responses are very general, and made in a tone which might be an example to many a more intelligent congregation. The Sermons are listened to by many with much attention and frequently alluded to afterwards.

At the suggestion of the Medical Superintendent, a "Book of Hymns" has recently been introduced, viz., that of the enlarged edition of the Christian Knowledge

Society ; and, as I have reason to believe, with profit to the patients.

It is hoped that ere long the musical element will be made a more predominant feature of worship than it has hitherto been, as specially soothing and instructive to those joining in it.

Holy Communion has been celebrated four times during the year, and the number of patients attending has slightly increased.

The attendance in the wards is necessarily very occasional, but my visits have been somewhat more called for during the past year.

On the whole, I feel convinced of the great benefit of Religious Services to this afflicted class ;—specially profitable to the more intelligent, and tending to diffuse a reverential spirit over the congregation at large.

I am, Gentlemen,

Your very faithful Servant,

B. C. DOWDING.

Southbroom Parsonage, 1st January, 1864.

REPORT

OF THE

COMMISSIONERS IN LUNACY.

“ WILTS COUNTY ASYLUM,
3rd Sept., 1863.

“ The following Tabular Statement shews the changes in the patients since the 19th June, 1862, (the date of the last visit of the Commissioners) and their present numbers :—

	MALES.	FEMALES.	TOTAL.
Admitted	59	72	131
Discharged	29	36	65
Of whom recovered	25	34	59
Removed to other County Asylums	2	„	2
„ to Broadmoor Criminal Asylum	„	2	2
Died (all from ordinary causes)	24	25	49
Present numbers on the Books	159	233	392
Of whom absent on trial	1	2	3

“ The patients received under contracts with Boroughs determinable on 6 months notice from either party, are in number as follows :—

	M.	F.	TOTAL.
Salisbury	7	10	17
Devizes	2	8	10

“ The ordinary weekly charge is now 7s. 7d., an additional charge is made in the cases of Salisbury and Devizes of 3s., and as to paupers from other Counties and Boroughs (of which there are none at present) of 4s. These additional sums are carried to the Building and Repairs Account.

“ The new building on the female side, which will afford sleeping accommodation for about 80 patients, will, it is expected, be ready for occupation in six weeks. Inasmuch, however, as about 40 beds will be transferred from the existing wards, which are now much crowded, the ultimate number of vacant beds in the female division will not exceed forty. The male division is now full, but in a case of emergency arrangements might be made by a re-distribution of beds, for the reception of a few more male patients. It is satisfactory to state that, as yet, no recent cases have been refused admission from want of room. The dormitories and day-rooms in the new female building are spacious and light. They are, however, deficient in the means of ventilation, and require some grated or other openings in the external walls for the introduction of pure air. This important subject also calls for attention as respects the single sleeping-rooms, in which we think it desirable that the lower sashes of the windows should be made to open as the upper ones.*

“ We have satisfaction in reporting as favorably as heretofore of the extreme cleanliness and excellent order of the several wards and rooms, beds, and bedding. There was very little excitement among the patients of

* These suggestions were carried out before the completion of the works. (J.T.)

either sex. The female patients more especially were orderly and well clad. We were pleased with the manner towards their patients of the attendants and nurses, and were glad to learn that their wages have been advanced, and that there have been very few changes.

“The sanitary state of the Asylum appears to be good, the numbers registered as under medical treatment being 20 in the male, and 24 in the female division. The instances of seclusion since the last visit have been few.

“The general arrangements in reference to religious services and instruction, and the occupations, exercise, and recreation of the patients, are the same as previously reported. There is a good walk nearly round the estate.

“The land, the property of the Asylum, comprises 47 acres, of which about 18 are cultivated by spade husbandry, and 12 pasture. From 12 to 14 acres in addition will come into the possession of the Asylum upon the death of the present tenant for life, making altogether about 60 acres.

“Excepting a few potatoes occasionally purchased, all the vegetables consumed in the Asylum are the produce of the land, and vegetables other than potatoes are sold.

“The whole of the clothes and leather shoes are made in the Asylum.

“There are still no special night attendants, whose appointment would, we think, be attended with advantage, and lead to a diminution of the number of straw beds.

"The male patients are under the immediate charge of 11 attendants, including a tailor and gardener. There are 12 nurses on the female side, and a paid laundry-maid. Two additional nurses will be engaged upon the opening of the new wards.

"An Attendants' Band has recently been organized and instructed; and there have, since the last visit, been several *fêtes champêtres*.

"We now submit the following suggestions:—

"1. The introduction into the wards generally of more furniture of a light domestic kind.

"2. The complete furnishing of one ward as an example.

"3. Bright vallances to the windows at the ends of all the galleries, and to all the windows of wards No. 4.

"4. The papering of one or more of the day-rooms in each division.

"5. Hand-rails to staircases.*

"6. The relaying of the floor of the Washhouse.

"The general condition and management of the Asylum continues most satisfactory.

"R. W. S. LUTWIDGE } Commissioners
"S. GASKELL } in Lunacy."

* The staircases have always had hand-rails.

STATISTICAL TABLES.

TABLE 1.—SHEWING THE ADMISSIONS, RE-ADMISSIONS, DISCHARGES AND DEATHS, DURING THE YEAR 1863.

at the Asylum Jan. 1st, 1863	Male.	Female.	Total.
	153	226	379
Admitted for the first time during the year	Male	Fem.	Total
Re-admitted during the year	43	45	88
Total admitted	7	13	20
Total under care during the year	50	58	108
Discharged or Removed:	203	284	487
Recovered	12	28	40
Relieved	4	.	4
Not improved	1	2	3
Died	28	25	53
Total Discharged and Died during the year	45	55	100
Remaining in the Asylum, Dec. 31, 1863 (inclusive of 3 absent on trial—1 male and 2 females). . . }	158	229	387
	Male.	Female.	Total.
Average Numbers Resident during the year	156.	228.4	384.4

TABLE 2.—SHEWING THE ADMISSIONS, RE-ADMISSIONS, DISCHARGES AND DEATHS, FOR THE 12 YEARS AND 15 WEEKS, FROM SEPT. 19, 1851, to DEC. 31, 1863.

Cases admitted during the Twelve years and 15 weeks.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Admissions	604	678	1282
Re-admissions	89	130	219
Total of Cases admitted	693	808	1501
Discharged, Removed, or Escaped (2):	Male	Fem.	Total
Recovered	230	346	576
Relieved	44	32	76
Not improved	14	7	21
Died	247	194	441
Total Discharged and Died during the 12.35 years . .	535	579	1114
Remaining, Dec. 31, 1863	158	229	387
	Male,	Female,	Total,
Average Numbers Resident during the 12.35 years	132.2	175.6	307.8

TABLE 3.—SHEWING THE ADMISSIONS, DISCHARGES, AND DEATHS; WITH THE MEAN ANNUAL MORTALITY AND PROPORTION OF RECOVERIES PER CENT. OF THE ADMISSIONS, FOR EACH YEAR SINCE THE OPENING OF THE ASYLUM.

YEARS.	Admitted.			Discharged.						Died.			Remaining at end of each year.			Average Numbers Resident.			Per centage of Deaths on average Numbers Resident.			Per centage of Recoveries on Admissions.		
	Male	Fem.	Total	Recovered.			Relieved.			Not improved.			Male	Fem.	Total	Male	Fem.	Total	Male	Fem.	Mean	Male	Fem.	Mean
				Male	Fem.	Total	Male	Fem.	Total	Male	Fem.	Total												
From Sept. 19th to Dec. 31st, 1851	73	94	167	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	71	94	165	27.1	50.3	77.4	.	.	.	.	.	.
1852	57	60	117	7	28	35	1	.	1	1	1	2	103	116	219	95.3	109.3	204.6	16.8	8.2	12.2	12.3	46.6	30.
1853	44	61	105	16	18	34	4	6	10	2	.	2	110	145	255	112.8	131.8	244.6	13.3	6.1	9.4	36.3	29.5	32.3
1854	48	72	120	16	35	51	3	2	5	1	.	1	128	161	289	120.6	154.8	275.4	8.3	12.3	10.5	33.3	48.6	42.5
1855	69	49	118	31	27	58	4	2	6	.	.	.	141	160	301	132.7	153.5	286.2	15.8	13.7	14.7	44.9	56.1	49.1
1856	39	61	100	17	35	52	1	5	6	1	.	1	145	169	314	138.7	155.3	304.	11.5	7.2	9.2	43.5	57.3	52.
1857	54	46	100	25	17	42	3	4	7	.	.	.	144	189	333	145.9	177.1	323.	18.5	2.8	9.9	46.2	36.9	42.
1858	45	49	94	24	25	49	1	.	1	.	.	.	146	197	343	142.4	191.1	332.5	12.6	8.4	10.2	53.3	51.	52.1
1859	54	62	116	22	32	54	5	3	8	2	.	2	138	200	338	140.2	199.	339.2	23.5	12.	16.8	40.7	51.6	46.5
1860	50	61	111	16	33	49	5	4	9	.	2	2	141	209	350	140.9	202.	342.9	18.4	6.4	11.4	32.	54.	44.1
1861	53	69	122	12	32	44	5	5	10	2	2	4	153	213	366	141.5	209.7	351.2	16.5	12.4	13.6	22.6	46.4	36.
1862	57	66	123	32	36	68	8	1	9	4	.	4	153	226	379	149.7	222.3	372.	8.7	7.2	7.8	56.1	54.5	55.3
1863	50	58	108	12	28	40	4	.	4	1	2	3	158	229	387	156.	228.4	384.4	17.9	10.9	13.7	24.	48.2	37.
Totals (12.35 years)	693	808	1501	230	346	576	44	32	76	14	7	21	158	229	387	132.2	175.6	307.8	15.2	8.9	11.6	37.	48.4	43.1

* The proportion of recoveries for the entire period is here calculated on the admissions during 12 years only; viz., 1334. The 167 admitted in 1851 were patients

TABLE 4.—SHEWING THE LENGTH OF TIME AFTER DISCHARGE, AT THE TIME OF RE-ADMISSION, 1863.

LENGTH OF TIME AFTER DISCHARGE.	Had been Discharged Recovered.			Had been Discharged not Recovered		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Under 1 month . . . . .	.	1	1	.	.	.
From 1 to 3 months . . . . .	.	1	1	.	.	.
„ 3 to 6 „ . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
„ 6 to 9 „ . . . . .	.	2	2	.	.	.
„ 9 to 12 „	1	2	3	1	.	1
„ 1 to 2 years	2	3	5	.	.	.
„ 2 to 3 „ . . . . .	.	1	1	.	.	.
„ 3 to 4 „ . . . . .	.	.	.	1	.	1
„ 4 to 5 „	1	1	2	.	.	.
„ 5 to 8 „ . . . . .	.	2	2	1	.	1
Total	4	13	17	3	.	3

TABLE 5.—SHEWING THE NUMBERS ADMITTED DURING EACH MONTH.

MONTHS.	Male.	Female.	Total.
January	5	5	10
February	2	6	8
March	2	6	8
April	4	6	10
May	6	4	10
June	3	6	9
July	4	5	9
August	5	4	9
September	5	6	11
October	5	3	8
November	3	2	5
December	6	5	11
Total	50	58	108

TABLE 6.—SHEWING THE CONDITION IN REFERENCE TO EDUCATION.*

EDUCATION.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Fair Education	3	3	6
Can Read and Write.	18	17	35
Can Read only	13	17	30
Can neither Read nor Write	7	7	14
Unknown	2	1	3
Total	43	45	88

*The 20 re-admitted cases having been once given, are not repeated in this Table. The same applies equally to Tables 7, 8, 9, and 10.

TABLE 7.—SHEWING THE OCCUPATION.

OCCUPATION.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Agricultural and other Labourers ; their Wives and Children	23	14	37
Farmer	1	.	1
Baker	1	.	1
Publican	1	.	1
Weavers, Factory Labourers, and Cloth-workers . . .	2	5	7
Seamstresses . . . . .	.	4	4
Tailor	1	.	1
Shoemakers	2	.	2
Smith's and Engine Fitter's Wives . . . . .	.	2	2
Basketmaker	1	.	1
Carpenter	1	.	1
Sawyer	1	.	1
Mason's Wife. . . . .	.	1	1
Painter's Wife . . . . .	.	1	1
Harness-maker	1	.	1
Schoolmaster	1	.	1
Governess . . . . .	.	1	1
Soldier's Wife ; Pensioner and Wife.	1	2	3
Clerk's Wife and Widow . . . . .	.	2	2
Domestic Servants	2	7	9
Gatekeeper's Wife . . . . .	.	1	1
Rag Collector.	1	.	1
Hawker . . . . .	.	1	1
Pickpocket	1	.	1
No occupation (Imbeciles)	2	4	6
Total	43	45	88

TABLE 8.—SHEWING THE RELIGIOUS PROFESSION.

PROFESSION OF RELIGION.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Church of England	33	29	62
Roman Catholics	1	2	3
Independents	2	.	2
Baptists	4	9	13
Wesleyan Methodists	1	3	4
Mormonite . . . . .	.	1	1
Unknown	2	1	3
Total	43	45	88

TABLE 9.—SHEWING THE CONDITION IN REFERENCE TO MARRIAGE.

CONDITION IN REFERENCE TO MARRIAGE.		Male.	Female.	Total.
Unmarried		17	20	37
Married		20	15	35
Widowed		6	10	16
Total		43	45	88

TABLE 10.—SHEWING THE AGES AT THE TIME OF THE FIRST ATTACK, AND UPON ADMISSION.

FROM ADMISSION.

AGE.	Age at First Attack.			Age at Admission and Re-admission.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Under 5 years	2	4	6	.	.	.
From 5 to 10 years. . . . .	.	.	.	.	1	1
„ 10 to 15 „ . . . . .	.	.	.	1	1	2
„ 15 „ 20 „	5	1	6	2	2	4
„ 20 „ 30 „	5	10	15	8	5	13
„ 30 „ 40 „	10	11	21	13	11	24
„ 40 „ 50 „	10	11	21	9	20	29
„ 50 „ 60 „	4	2	6	7	8	15
„ 60 „ 70 „	3	4	7	5	4	9
„ 70 „ 80 „	4	2	6	2	6	8
„ 80 „ 90 „ . . . . .	.	.	.	3	.	3
Unknown . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total	43	45	88	50	58	108
AVERAGE AGES IN YEARS .	Male.	Female.	M. & F.	Male.	Female.	M. & F.
	40.3	37.3	38.7	44.4	45.	44.7

TABLE 11.—SHEWING THE DURATION OF THE DISORDER WHEN ADMITTED.

DURATION OF DISORDER WHEN ADMITTED.	Male.	Female.	Total.
FIRST CLASS.—Cases of the first attack, of not more than three months' duration	9	5	14
SECOND CLASS.—Cases of the first attack, of more than three, but not more than twelve months' duration.	10	10	20
THIRD CLASS.—Cases not of the first attack, and of not more than twelve months' duration	13	22	35
FOURTH CLASS.—Cases of the first or not first attack, and of not more than twelve months' duration.	18	21	39
Total	50	58	108

TABLE 12.—SHEWING THE PROBABLE CAUSES OF THE DISORDER,
SO FAR AS ASCERTAINED.

CAUSES.	Male.	Female.	Total.
PREDISPOSING CAUSES.			
Hereditary Predisposition ascertained	14	15	29
Congenital Weakness of Mind	3	5	8
Nervous Temperament	3	4	7
Advanced Age	7	5	12
Sun-stroke	1	.	1
Apoplexy (1), Paralysis (2)	3	.	3
Epilepsy . . . . .	.	5	5
Hysteria . . . . .	.	1	1
Feeble Health	2	2	4
Prolonged Lactation . . . . .	.	1	1
Intemperance	7	.	7
Irregular and Dissolute Life	1	1	2
Total	27	24	51
EXCITING CAUSES.			
PHYSICAL.			
Fright to Mother whilst Pregnant . . . . .	.	1	1
Injuries of the Head	1	.	1
Fever	1	1	2
Paralysis	1	2	3
Epilepsy	4	2	6
Disorders of Menstruation . . . . .	.	3	3
Puerperal Disorders . . . . .	.	4	4
Intemperance	10	3	13
Overwork	1	.	1
MORAL.			
Disappointed Affections	2	2	4
Poverty, Distress, and Pecuniary Reverses	2	6	8
Grief for Loss or Illness of Relatives . . . . .	.	7	7
Other Domestic Troubles (Desertion, &c.)	1	3	4
Imprisonment	2	.	2
Remorse . . . . .	.	2	2
Religious Anxiety . . . . .	.	1	1
Total	25	37	62
NO CAUSE ASCERTAINED	3	4	7

TABLE 13.—SHEWING THE FORM OF MENTAL DISORDER ON ADMISSION.

FORMS OF DISORDER.		Male.	Female.	Total.
MORAL INSANITY		1	.	1
MONOMANIA . . . . .		.	1	1
MELANCHOLIA		11	23	34
MANIA.				
Acute		9	3	12
„ Slight		7	5	12
Chronic		4	5	9
Recurrent		2	6	8
Puerperal . . . . .		.	3	3
DEMENTIA.				
Imbecility (acquired).		8	2	10
Fatuity		1	4	5
Senile Dementia		5	2	7
AMENTIA.				
Imbecility (congenital)		1	3	4
Idiotcy (congenital)		1	1	2
Total		50	58	108

TABLE 14.—SHEWING THE AGES OF THOSE DISCHARGED RECOVERED, AND OF THOSE WHO HAVE DIED.

AGE.	Ages of those discharged Recovered.			Ages of those who have Died.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
From 5 to 10 years . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
„ 10 „ 15 „ . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
„ 15 „ 20 „	1	.	1	.	.	.
„ 20 „ 30 „	1	5	6	2	.	2
„ 30 „ 40 „	1	6	7	6	3	9
„ 40 „ 50 „	4	11	15	8	7	15
„ 50 „ 60 „	3	4	7	3	4	7
„ 60 „ 70 „	2	1	3	5	5	10
„ 70 „ 80 „ . . . . .	.	1	1	2	6	8
„ 80 „ 90 „ . . . . .	.	.	.	2	.	2
„ 90 and upwards . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total	12	28	40	28	25	53

TABLE 15.—SHEWING THE CLASSES, IN REFERENCE TO THE DURATION OF THE DISORDER, IN THOSE WHO HAVE RECOVERED AND IN THOSE WHO HAVE DIED.

DURATION OF DISORDER WHEN ADMITTED.	Recovered.			Died.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
FIRST CLASS.—First attack, and within three months .	3	4	7	1	4	5
SECOND CLASS.—First attack, above three, but within twelve months	3	6	9	9	2	11
THIRD CLASS.—Not first attack, and within twelve months.	6	15	21	4	4	8
FOURTH CLASS.—First attack or not, and more than twelve months . . . . .	.	3	3	14	15	29
Total	12	28	40	28	25	53

TABLE 16.—SHEWING THE LENGTH OF TIME AFTER ADMISSION IN THOSE WHO HAVE RECOVERED, AND IN THOSE WHO HAVE DIED.

LENGTH OF TIME AFTER ADMISSION.	Recovered.			Died.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Under 1 month . . . . .	.	.	.	3	.	3
From 1 to 3 months. . .	3	9	12	3	3	6
„ 3 „ 6 „	5	6	11	2	2	4
„ 6 „ 9 „	2	2	4	2	3	5
„ 9 „ 12 „ . . . .	.	4	4	2	.	2
„ 1 „ 2 years	2	4	6	4	5	9
„ 2 „ 3 „ . . . .	.	.	.	2	2	4
„ 3 „ 5 „ . . . .	.	3	3	3	2	5
„ 5 „ 7 „ . . . .	.	.	.	.	1	1
„ 7 „ 9 „ . . . .	.	.	.	2	2	4
„ 9 „ 10 „ . . . .	.	.	.	1	2	3
„ 10 „ 11 „ . . . .	.	.	.	.	1	1
„ 11 „ 12 „ . . . .	.	.	.	4	2	6
Total	12	28	40	28	25	53

TABLE 17.—SHEWING THE DISEASES WHICH HAVE PROVED FATAL.

CAUSES OF DEATH.*	Male.	Female.	Total.
Pulmonary Consumption	3	5	8
Tubercular Pneumonia	1	1	2
Cancer of Breast . . . . .	.	1	1
Apoplexy	3	1	4
Paralysis	4	4	8
General Paresis	1	1	2
Epilepsy	1	.	1
Abscess (1) and Tubercle of Brain (1)	2	.	2
Softening and other Disease of Brain	5	1	6
Inflammation of Lungs, Pleuræ and Bronchi	2	3	5
Disease of Heart and Lungs	2	4	6
Chronic Peritonitis . . . . .	.	1	1
Enteritis with Perforation	1	.	1
Rupture of Spleen	1	.	1
Engorgement . . . . .	.	1	1
Gradual Exhaustion	1	2	3
Asphyxia †	1	.	1
Total	28	25	53

* With two exceptions, ascertained by *post mortem* examination.

† See p. 15.

TABLE 18.—SHEWING THE NUMBER OF “INSANE PERSONS, LUNATICS, AND IDIOTS,” IN THE COUNTY OF WILTS, CHARGEABLE TO THE SEVERAL UNIONS &c., ON THE 1ST DAY OF JANUARY, 1864.*

UNIONS, &c.	In Wilts County Asylum		In Private or other County Asylums.		In Union or Parish Workhouses.		In Lodgings or with their Friends.		Totals.	
	Male	Fem.	Male	Fem.	Male	Fem.	Male	Fem.	Male	Fem.
1 Alderbury . .	13	24	.	.	4	1	1	3	18	28
2 Amesbury . .	4	6	.	.	1	.	1	1	6	7
3 Andover† . .	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2
4 Bradford† . .	12	9	.	.	.	3	10	11	22	23
5 Calne. . . .	8	12	.	.	10	6	3	7	21	25
6 Chippenham .	12	14	.	.	7	10	14	12	33	36
7 Cirencester† .	2	.	.	.	.	.	1	1	3	1
8 Cricklade and Wootton Bassett	5	8	.	.	2	3	1	7	8	18
9 Devizes . .	11	16	.	.	5	5	.	6	16	27
10 Farringdon† .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
11 Fordingbridge†	1	1	.	.	1	1	.	1	2	3
12 Highworth and Swindon . .	11	13	.	.	1	3	6	6	18	22
13 Hungerford† .	8	9	.	.	1	4	.	1	9	14
14 Malmsbury .	7	4	.	.	2	2	5	11	14	17
15 Marlborough .	5	7	1‡	.	1	.	2	2	9	9
16 Melksham . .	13	20	.	.	4	9	7	12	24	41
17 Mere† . . .	2	3	.	.	1	2	2	1	5	6
18 New Forest† .	.	.	.	.	.	1	.	.	.	1
19 Pewsey . . .	6	9	.	.	1	3	1	.	8	12
20 Romsey† . .	.	2	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2
21 Stockbridge† .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
22 Tetbury† . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
23 Tisbury† . .	7	7	.	.	3	3	5	11	15	21
24 Warminster .	8	21	.	.	2	4	7	4	17	29
25 Westbury and Whorwellsdown	6	12	.	.	1	2	6	4	13	18
26 Wilton . . .	3	9	.	.	3	5	8	12	14	26
Extra Parochial Place . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
Salisbury City§	10	11	2	.	3	.	1	1	16	12
Devizes Borough§	2	8	.	.	2	1	.	.	4	9
Chargeable to the County . . .	1	1	1‡	.	.	.	.	.	2	1
Chargeable to other Counties	1	1	.	.	.	.	.	.	1	1
Totals	158	229	4	.	55	68	81	114	298	411
	387		4		123		195		709	

* Extracted from the returns of the Clerks of the Unions, to the Clerk of the Peace.

† The Unions marked thus † are only partly in the county of Wilts.

‡ Criminal patients, under order of the Secretary of State.

§ The City of Salisbury and Borough of Devizes, not having contributed to its erection, are not entitled to send their patients to the County Asylum, unless under special agreement and at a higher rate.

BLE 19.—SHEWING THE NUMBERS ADMITTED FROM THE SEVERAL UNIONS AND BOROUGHS DURING THE YEAR 1863, AND FROM THE OPENING OF THE ASYLUM IN 1851.

	1851 to 1862.			1863.			Total No. admitted.			*Population of Unions; Census 1861.
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	
Alderbury	44	47	91	2	3	5	46	50	96	14,770
Amesbury	14	22	36	.	1	1	14	23	37	8,127
Andover†	1	2	3	.	.	.	1	2	3	1,648
Bradford†	31	41	72	3	.	3	34	41	75	9,891
Calne	41	28	69	5	6	11	46	34	80	8,885
Chippenham	48	50	98	3	1	4	51	51	102	22,029
Cirencester†	4	4	8	.	.	.	4	4	8	1,266
Cricklade and Wootton } Bassett }	19	28	47	1	1	2	20	29	49	11,470
Devizes	46	52	98	4	5	9	50	57	107	15,042†
Farringdon† . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	11
Fordingbridge†	4	3	7	.	1	1	4	4	8	1,487
Highworth and Swindon	38	50	88	3	2	5	41	52	93	19,237
Hungerford†	21	27	48	2	4	6	23	31	54	9,936
Malmesbury	46	29	75	4	4	8	50	33	83	14,556
Marlborough	27	32	59	2	1	3	29	33	62	9,774
Melksham	41	68	109	3	13	16	44	81	125	17,233
Mere†	7	9	16	.	2	2	7	11	18	5,887
New Forest† . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	443
Pewsey	37	33	70	4	6	10	41	39	80	12,466
Romsey† . . . . .	.	2	2	.	.	.	.	2	2	685
Stockbridge† . . . . .	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	195
Tetbury†	1	.	1	.	.	.	1	.	1	367
Tisbury†	27	30	57	2	1	3	29	31	60	9,862
Warminster	32	56	88	5	2	7	37	58	95	15,942
Vestbury and Whor- } wellsdown }	28	38	66	1	2	3	29	40	69	11,751
Wilton	20	40	60	1	.	1	21	40	61	10,674
Extra-parochial Places		1	1	.	.	.	.	1	1	
Salisbury City	38	30	68	3	2	5	41	32	73	9,039
Devizes Borough	17	19	36	1	1	2	18	20	38	6,638
Chargeable to the } County }	2	3	5	.	.	.	2	3	5	
Chargeable to other } Counties }	6	4	10	1	.	1	7	4	11	
Private Patients	3	2	5	.	.	.	3	2	5	
Totals	643	750	1393	50	58	108	693	808	1501	249,311‡

* The Population of the Unions is exclusive of Parishes not in Wiltshire.

+ Exclusive of the Borough of Devizes.

‡ The Population according to the Census of 1861 was kindly supplied by the Registrar General prior to publication.

TABLE 20.—SHEWING THE CLOTHING &c. MADE AND REPAIRED DURING THE YEAR.*

Description of Articles.	Made.	Repair- ed.	Description of Articles.	Made.	Repair- ed.
<i>In the Female Wards</i>			Mangling-cloths. . . .	29	.
Shirts	504	3378	Window-blinds (roller)	28	31
Collars and fronts . .	56	72	„ „ (muslin)	54	.
Chemises	345	3691	Window-curtains . . .	4	12
Petticoats	261	892	Mattresses—re-made .	52	42
Bedgowns	163	912	Pillows—re-made . . .	201	48
Night caps	230	498	Chair-cushions	12	.
Flannel vests. . . .	210	912	Bed-stretchers . . . .	.	56
Knitted stockings (prs)	15	12912	Bed-valances.	6	18
Garters (pairs)	12	.	Dusters, house-cloths,		
Drawers (pairs)	31	202	&c., &c.	1047	.
Neckerchiefs.	510	705	Shaving-cloths	30	.
Handkerchiefs	570	360	Iron-holders	357	.
Stays	67	210	Bags	10	.
Gowns	196	3268	Carpets and rugs . . .	18	155
Bodies for gowns . . .	292	.	Blankets marked . . .	.	.
Aprons	602	3105	Stockings marked (prs)	580	.
Pinafores and bibs . .	64	144	Handkerchiefs marked.	320	.
Day-caps	256	1041	Mats	32	85
Bonnets	84	170			
Frocks	12	110	<i>In the Tailor's Shop</i>		
Shawls . . . . .	.	62	Jackets	60	199
Cloaks	7	32	Waistcoats	80	123
Holland-jackets . . . .	.	.	Trowsers	52	918
Smock-frocks	60	658	Braces (pairs)	68	.
Strong dresses	7	180	Cloth caps	1	.
Ticking boots (pairs) .	12	.	Bed sackings. . . . .	.	68
Boots and shoes bound					
(pairs)	72	.		261	1308
Lace (yards) . . . . .	.	.	<i>In the Shoemaker's Shop</i>		
Shrouds	56	.	Men's strong boots(prs)	127	180
Linen buttons	3056	.	„ light shoes „	.	.
Sheets	550	1605	Women's strong		
Pillow-cases	465	1012	boots „	53	136
Bed-cases	78	672	„ light shoes „	11	73
Blankets . . . . .	.	380	Straps	6	.
Counterpanes	59	.			
Strong quilts.	7	62		197	389
Table-cloths	56	312			
Chair-covers	12	9			
Towels	265	680			

* Many other items of work were executed, but could not be shewn in the Table.

DAYS OF THE WEEK	DINNER										SUPPER.					
	Males.					Females.					Males.			Females.		
	Bread.	Butter.	Coffee.*	Bread.	Butter.	Coffee.	Meat in Stew	Soup.	Vegetables.	Rice Pudding	Suet Pudding	Bread.	Beer.	Cheese.	Beer.	or, Porridge.
SUNDAY	6	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	5	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	.	8	.	.	4	$\frac{1}{2}$	2	$\frac{1}{2}$	1
MONDAY	6	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	5	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	.	.	.	16	.	4	$\frac{1}{2}$	2	$\frac{1}{2}$	1
TUESDAY	6	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	5	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	.	8	.	.	4	$\frac{1}{2}$	2	$\frac{1}{2}$	1
WEDNESDAY	6	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	5	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	.	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	.	.	.	4	$\frac{1}{2}$	2	$\frac{1}{2}$	1
THURSDAY	6	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	5	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	.	8	.	.	4	$\frac{1}{2}$	2	$\frac{1}{2}$	1
FRIDAY	6	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	5	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	.	3	8	.	.	4	$\frac{1}{2}$	2	$\frac{1}{2}$	1
SATURDAY	6	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	5	$\frac{1}{2}$	1	.	.	8	.	.	4	$\frac{1}{2}$	2	$\frac{1}{2}$	1
Totals.....	42	3 $\frac{1}{2}$	7	35	3 $\frac{1}{2}$	7	19 $\frac{1}{2}$	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	32	16	16	28	2 $\frac{1}{2}$	14	2 $\frac{1}{2}$	.

EXTRA DIET :—For Out-door Workers, Artizans, and Laundry Women, &c : $\frac{1}{2}$ pint beer, with bread and cheese, or dripping, at 11 o'clock a.m. ; and the men $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. beer at 4 p.m. ; the female workers $\frac{3}{4}$ pt. tea at 4 or $\frac{1}{2}$ -past 4 p.m.—Tobacco and snuff are also given as indulgences to the workers.

DIETARY FOR SERVANTS :—MEN : 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. bread, 1 lb. cooked meat with the bone[†], $\frac{3}{4}$ lb. vegetables, 1 pt. coffee, 3 pts. beer, $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. milk, daily ;—2 oz. tea, 8 oz. sugar, 8 oz. butter, per week.—WOMEN : 1 lb. bread, $\frac{3}{4}$ lb. cooked meat with the bone, [†] $\frac{3}{4}$ lb. vegetables, 2 pts. beer, $\frac{1}{2}$ pt. milk, daily ; 2 oz. tea, 8 oz. sugar, 8 oz. butter, per week.

* $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. of Coffee ; $\frac{3}{4}$ oz. sugar ; $\frac{1}{2}$ pint milk—to 1 pint.

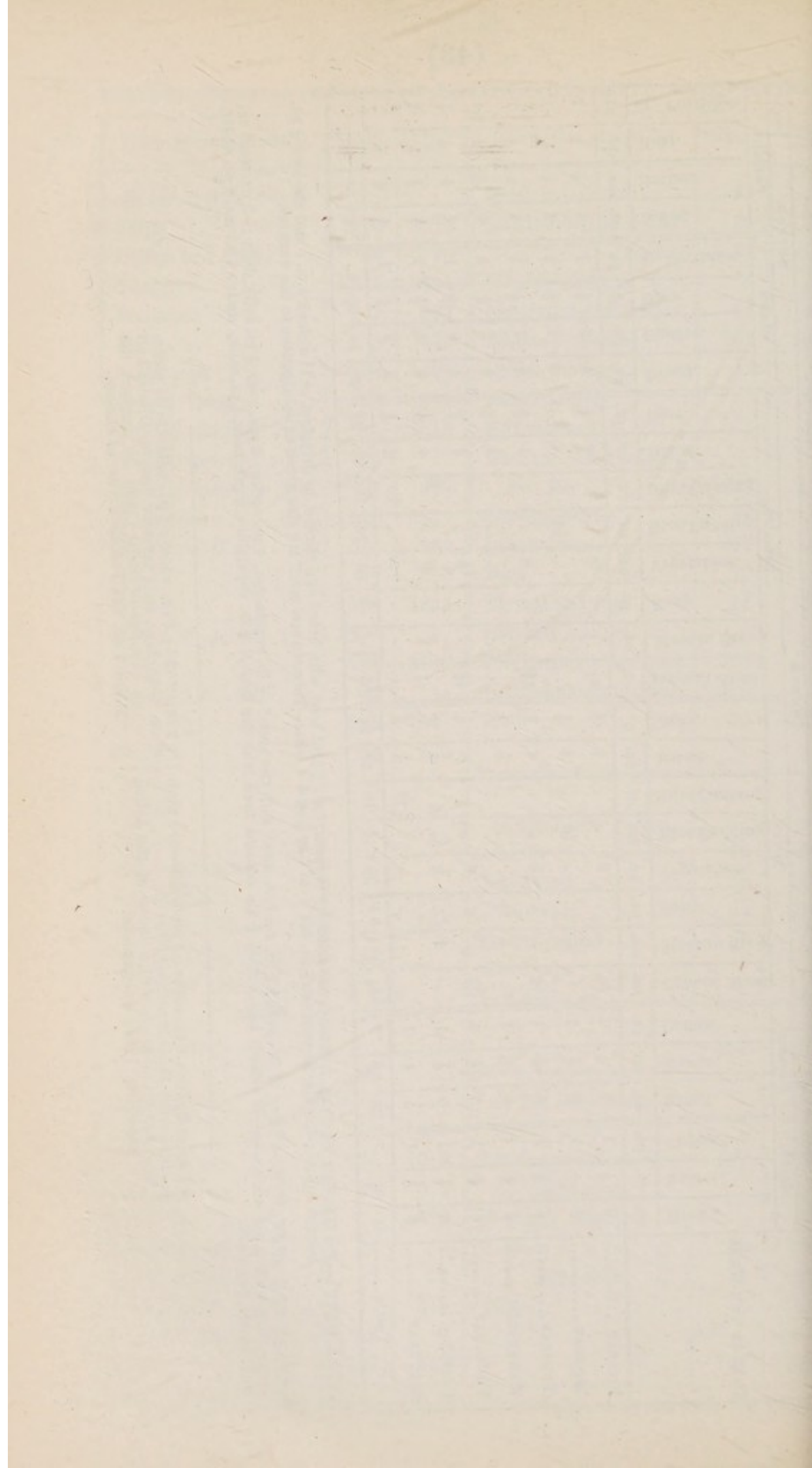
† The Cooked Meat is without bone.

The Soup is made from the liquor of the boiled meat, with pease & vegetables.

|| 1 oz. of Tea ; 4 oz. sugar ; $\frac{3}{4}$ pt. milk—to 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ pints.

¶ On Saturdays, each Servant has for Dinner half the quantity of meat ; and for Supper, the

Males 4 oz. the Female 3 oz. of cheese.



FINANCIAL ACCOUNTS.

ABSTRACT OF THE RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS, FROM THE FIRST DAY OF JANUARY
TO THE 31ST DAY OF DECEMBER, 1863, (AS PREPARED BY THE CLERK OF
THE ASYLUM, PURSUANT TO THE STAT. 16 & 17 VICT. CAP. 97, SEC. 58).

RECEIPTS.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
1. From Sales of						
Farm and Garden Produce						
(exclusive of that con-						
sumed in the Asylum). £ 27 6 2						
Pigs (51) . . . 101 2 0						
	128	8	2			
Dripping (1640 lbs.) . . 41 0 0						
Rags (5 cwt. 5 lbs.) . . 2 6 8						
Gas Tar . . . 0 0 4						
Ashes . . . 2 11 3						
Old Iron . . . 1 13 0						
	47	11	3	175	19	5
2. MAINTENANCE ACCOUNT.						
1. From Unions and Parishes con-						
tributing to the erection and re-						
pairs of the Asylum,						
For Patients, at 7s. 7d. per week—viz.:						
Alderbury . . . £704 7 8						
Amesbury . . . 186 8 10						
Andover . . . 39 10 10						
Bradford . . . 457 4 5						
Calne . . . 390 17 4						
Chippenham . . . 510 6 1						
Cricklade and Wootton						
Bassett . . . 224 8 3						
Cirencester . . . 61 17 2						
Devizes . . . 479 4 3						
Fordingbridge . . . 42 2 10						
Highworth and Swindon 488 8 5						
Hungerford . . . 309 8 0						
Malmesbury . . . 225 14 3						
Marlborough . . . 275 6 7						
Melksham . . . 764 5 10						
Mere . . . 102 3 2						
Pewsey . . . 347 17 2						
Romsey . . . 39 10 10						
Tisbury . . . 258 7 6						
Warminster . . . 510 16 11						
Carried forward . 6418 6 4	.	.	.	175	19	5

PAYMENTS.

[illegible]

	£	s.	d.	£	s.
Brought forward	1375	17	2		
1 Housemaid	8	.	.		
1 Laundress at £15 216 days	8	18	4		
1 Laundress at £12 169 days	5	14	.		
1 „ (occasional)	5	7	.		
1 Tailor	21	.	.		
1 Shoemaker at £21 47 days, and £42 (without Board) 318 days	39	9	1		
1 Fireman at 15s. 17 weeks, and 16s. 35 weeks	40	15	.		
1 „ at 14s. per week	36	8	.		
1 Messenger at 9s. per week.	23	8	.		
Lodge Gate Keeper at 7s. per week.	18	4	.		
Out-Door Attendant £16 18s. ($\frac{2}{3}$ rds. charged to Farm Account).	5	12	8		
				1588	13
2.—PROVISIONS.					
Bread—157,560 lbs.	813	8	3		
Flour—Best: 5 bags 1 bush. £10 9 5					
Seconds: 33 bags 58 12 0					
	69	1	5		
Meat—37,612½ lbs.	1028	5	6		
Suet—2,330 lbs.	60	14	4		
Bacon—4,588 lbs.	129	.	8		
Beer—Patients: 20,196 gals. 458 2 6					
Establishment: 4,068 gals. 137 17 0					
	595	19	6		
Cheese—Officers: 97½ lbs. 3 1 1					
Attendants: 489¼ lbs. 11 2 10½					
Patients: 6,639 lbs. 86 10 2					
	100	14	1½		
Butter—Milk: 21 lbs. 1 4 1					
Whey: 1665 lbs. 70 0 4					
Salt: 2362 lbs. 72 15 8					
	144	.	1		
Milk—5,502 gals. 252		3	6		
Coffee—Jamaica: 1,981 lbs. 92 17 4½					
Plantation: 56 lbs. 4 4 0					
	97	1	4½		
Tea—Congou: 33½ lbs. 4 3 8½					
Hyson: 15¼ lbs. 2 4 9					
Mixed: 729¾ lbs. 93 3 10					
	99	12	3½		
Sugar—Lump: 157 lbs. 3 14 5½					
Carried forward 3 14 5½	3390	1	0½	1588	13

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Brought forward. £666 6 8				5203	10	
Coal—Smith's: 1 ton 4 cwt.	1	6	5			
	667	13	1			
Soap—Yellow: 3 tons 6 cwt. 2 qrs. 3 lbs.	£83	8	9			
Soft: 3 cwt. 1 qr. 25 lbs.	4	14	0			
Honey: 3 lb.	0	4	6			
	88	7	3			
Soda—2 tons 9 cwt. 1 qr. 17 lbs.	17	9	.			
Faggots—1200	12	10	.			
Coke—45 qrs.	4	10	.			
Bath Bricks—6 dozen. . . . .	.	18	.			
Blacking—72 dozen	1	16	.			
Blacklead—84 lbs. . . . .	.	18	.			
Blue—35 lbs.	1	6	3			
Burnt Clay—5 loads	1	13	.			
Candles—22 dozen	6	4	6			
Chimney Sweeping	7	.	.			
Disinfecting Powder—56 lbs. . . . .	.	5	6			
Dubbing—42 lbs.	1	15	.			
Emery Cloth—12 quires . . . . .	.	18	4			
Gallipoli Oil—22 gals.	8	14	3			
House Flannel—626 yards	12	11	7½			
Lime for Gas—240 bushels	5	5	.			
Matches—1 gross . . . . .	.	12	.			
Pipe Clay—140 lbs.	1	7	6			
Packing Paper—30 quires	1	9	10			
Phosphor Paste . . . . .	.	1	.			
Prussiate of Potash . . . . .	.	1	6			
Sand—240 bags	6	4	4			
Sawdust—3 sacks . . . . .	.	2	.			
Starch—132 lbs.	2	1	3			
Twine—21 balls . . . . .	.	15	10			
				852	10	0
4. SURGERY AND DISPENSARY.						
Bottles—14 dozen . . . . .	.	14	11			
Corks—5 gross . . . . .	.	4	10			
Drugs, &c.	33	10	8			
Leeches—58	1	3	.			
Linseed Meal—42 lbs. . . . .	.	9	3			
Sponges—26	2	10	.			
Truss—1 . . . . .	.	7	6			
Wadding—7 sheets . . . . .	.	4	6			
				39	4	8
5. WINE, SPIRITS, AND PORTER.						
Brandy—276 bottles	46	.	.			
Carried forward	46	.	.	6095	5	1

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Brought forward	46	.	.	6095	5	1½
Gin—132 bottles	13	15	0			
Port Wine—312 bottles	32	18	0			
Sherry Wine—168 bottles	16	2	.			
Ginger Wine—6 bottles . . . . .	.	7	.			
Porter—18 bottles . . . . .	.	6	.			
				109	8	.
6. CLOTHING.						
Apron Check—359½ yards	13	17	0½			
Black Calico—85 yards	2	13	1			
Brass Strap Locks—6 dozen	1	16	.			
Buttons—29½ gross	1	13	11			
Bees Wax—1 lb. . . . .	.	2	6			
Braid—3 yards . . . . .	.	.	4			
Belt—1 . . . . .	.	.	9			
Calico—Unbleached : 2189½ yards.	56	11	6½			
Cloth Boots—36 pairs.	7	4	.			
Cotton—Bonnet : 12 lbs. £1 1 0						
Sewing : 44 doz. 2 6 5						
	3	7	5			
Canvas	6	5	7½			
Coat and Vest . . . . .	.	18	3			
Corduroy—53½ yards	7	.	5			
Felt Hats—14 dozen	6	16	6			
Flannel—310 yards	13	17	8½			
Fustian—74 yards	9	14	3½			
Forfar—488 yards	13	19	5½			
Gloves—Leather : 6 pairs . . . . .	.	6	4			
Galloon—12 yards . . . . .	.	1	.			
Handkerchiefs—74 dozen.	20	8	.			
Hose—Worsted : 34 doz. 23 12 0						
Cotton : 1 doz. 9 2						
	24	1	2			
Irish Linen—29 yards.	2	3	6			
Jean—Drab : 60½ yards	3	10	7			
Lawn—26 yards	1	14	8			
Long Cloth—56½ yards	1	15	4			
List Shoes—78 pairs	5	17	.			
Leather, &c.	45	11	4			
Needles . . . . .	.	2	9			
Plaid Aproning—98½ yards	6	7	3			
Print—732½ yards	22	13	5			
Pins—4 lbs. . . . .	.	7	10			
Stay Laces—4 gross . . . . .	.	18	.			
Stay Binding—73 pieces	2	.	1			
Shirting—White : 1357 yards 48 1 2½						
Striped : 1384 yards 51 18 0						
	99	19	2½			
Shoemaker's Tools	1	8	6			
Carried forward	385	4	9½	6204	13	1½

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Brought forward	385	4	9½	6204	13	1½
Straw Hats—3 dozen	2	12	6			
Silk—4 skeins . . . . .	.	.	4			
Tape—26 dozen	4	12	7			
Thread—80 lbs.	11	11	10			
Thimbles—2 gross	1	.	6			
Woolsey—Grey: 432 yds. £19 16 0						
Striped : 102						
yards	6	11	9			
	26	7	9			
Woollen Shawls—8 dozen	14	19	6			
Worsted—48 lbs.	6	10	.			
				452	19	9½

7. FURNITURE AND BEDDING.

Replaced—viz. :

Blankets—White : 50	13	12	11
Grey : 50.	14	17	11
White Sheeting — 789			
yards	55	17	8
Forfar Sheeting — 831			
yards	40	13	8½
Waterproof Sheeting—			
50 yards	8	2	6
Pillow-case Linen—405			
yards	17	5	11
Huckaback Towelling—			
450 yards	13	11	10½
Diaper—94 yards	6	17	1
Carpet—98½ yards	18	2	6
Drugget—8 yards.	1	6	0
Floor Cloth—9 yards	1	13	9
Hearth Rug—1	1	1	0
Combs—32 dozen.	9	12	0
Crockery	40	7	6
Straw—33 tons 14 cwt.			
2 qrs.	84	2	6
Binding—11 pieces	3	3	10
American Cloth—12 yds.	1	13	0
Bed Sackings—25	5	0	6
Buckets—24	4	4	0
Baskets—Clothes: 14	3	12	0
Hand : 4	4	9	
Coal : 1	3	0	
Blind Line—4 pieces.	14	0	
Beer Taps—11.	1	17	6
Brushes—Sweeping : 72.	6	4	0
Scrubbing: 288	10	2	0
Stove : 24	1	2	0
Hearth : 27	16	0	
Bannister : 24	18	0	
Carried forward	366	19	5

£	s.	d.
6657	12	11

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Brought forward . £366 19 5				6657	12	11
Brushes—Blacklead : 24	4	0				
Dusting : 12 .	11	0				
Brooms—Bass : 60 . .	2	5	0			
Birch : 48 . .	8	0				
Carpet : 4 . .	11	9				
Bowl—1	2	0				
Cabbage Nets—12 . .	1	10	0			
Coal Shovels—2 . . .	6	0				
Curtain Rings—6 dozen.	2	0				
Canvas—12 yards . .	4	0				
Dustpans—6	7	3				
Dripping Pan—1 . . .	4	6				
Gutta Percha chambers						
—6	1	0	0			
Garden Line—1	3	0				
Horsehair—20 lbs. . .	1	0	0			
Horsehair Clothes Line						
—1	1	3	0			
Holland—6 $\frac{3}{4}$ yards . .	5	5				
Iron Spoons—9 dozen .	1	7	0			
Italian Irons—5	3	0				
Ladles—2	2	0				
Mats—Door : 13	2	11	0			
Scrubbing : 37	1	17	9			
Muslin—2 pieces	13	0				
Measuring Tape—1 . . .	5	0				
Mop Heads—36	1	8	6			
Razors—2	2	0				
Razor Strops—6	9	0				
Saucepans—3	8	1				
Scissors—6 pairs	8	0				
Sieve—1	3	0				
Scales and Weights . . .	15	6				
Shears—1 pair	2	2				
Scythe and Sneads—2 . .	7	0				
Sheaths—2	5					
Spades—2	6	0				
Strainer—1	2	0				
Table Covers—11	5	6	0			
Table Cloths—12	4	1	0			
Thermometers—3	9	0				
Tea Kettles—4	1	0	0			
Tins—Pudding : 6	1	13	0			
Tin Teapots—5	1	7	6			
Tin Coffee Pot—1	3	6				
Tin Cans—3	1	9	6			
Tin Cups—13	10	4				
Tub—1	6	0				
Waterpet—1	3	6				
Whetstones—2	10					
Well Rope—1	5	10				
	405	12	9			
Carried forward	405	12	9	6657	12	11

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Brought forward . .	405	12	9	6657	12	11
<i>Repairs :</i>						
Carpenter	£16	0	10			
Baskets	1	5	11			
Buckets and Tubs.	1	18	0			
Chairs	1	2	9			
Couch		7	6			
Cans	1	0	9			
Coal Boxes	1	6	5			
Clocks		15	0			
Copper Pump		13	0			
Corkscrews		1	6			
Dyeing	1	1	2			
Grinding Razors		10	0			
„ Scissors		3	5			
Heaters		7	0			
Lanterns		3	0			
Lamp		1	0			
Mats		12	0			
Pudding Tins	1	4	0			
Paper Hanging		13	9			
Roasting Jack		5	0			
Saucepans		1	0			
Strainers		1	6			
Tea Kettles		2	0			
Tea Pots		3	0			
	29	19	6	435	12	3
8. FARM & GARDEN EXPENSES.						
Implements, &c., (<i>replaced</i>) viz. :						
Brooms—2 bundles	£	15	0			
Baskets—12		8	0			
Hay Rakes—6		3	6			
Hay Forks—4		12	3			
Hoes—6		7	0			
Scythe—1		4	0			
Shovels—5		14	3			
Waterpots—2		15	0			
		3	19			
Implements (<i>repairs to</i>)		2	6	10		
Beer at Haymaking			5	6		
Horse Shoeing			16	10		
Market Tolls			5			
Moiety of Rates and Taxes		5	8	11		
Stamps			5	6		
Straw—16 tons 16 cwt. 1 qr.		42		6		
Purchase of Pigs (81).		77	3			
Purchase of Seeds and Plants		3	9	11		
Provender, viz. :						
Beans—4 sacks		4	12	3		
Carried forward	4	12	3	136	1	0
				7093	5	2

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Brought forward	136	1	0	7093	5	2
Pollard—36 cwt.						
Sharps—2 cwt.						
Oats—6 sacks						
Grains—340 bushels						
Grinding Corn						
	29	17	6			
Wages of Bailiff and Labourers	155	5	4			
Sundries . . . . .	.	8	2			
				321	12	.
9. MISCELLANEOUS.						
Advertising	7	17	.			
Account Books and Stationery	10	1	1			
Bibles, Testaments, Prayer Books and Hymn Books	9	10	.			
Binding Books	1	8	.			
Bird Seeds	1	3	5			
Birds, &c.	3	6	.			
Cricket Bats and Ball . . . . .	.	16	6			
Care of Letter Bag, one year.	1	1	.			
Carriage of Goods and Parcels	11	3	8			
Cleaning Boilers	2	6	.			
Destroying Rats . . . . .	.	6	6			
Emptying Vaults	2	12	4			
Flower Pots and Saucers	2	12	11			
Flower Plants . . . . .	.	14	.			
Framing Pictures	1	.	6			
Illuminated Texts	2	2	.			
Marking Ink . . . . .	.	11	.			
Moiety of Rates and Taxes	5	9	.			
Musical Instruments and Amusements for Patients	2	13	9			
Musician for Instruction	10	8	.			
Newspapers and Periodicals	7	4	10			
Prints for Wards . . . . .	.	18	8			
Printing 23 0 0						
Ditto Annual Report for 1862—700 copies 18 18 0						
	41	18	.			
Recapturing Escaped Patients	8	15	.			
Repairing Organ . . . . .	.	10	6			
Stamps—Postage 10 0 0						
Receipt 8 0						
	10	8	.			
Spectacles—6 pairs . . . . .	.	10	6			
Snuff—45 lbs.	6	18	6			
Tobacco—222½ lbs.	36	15	6			
Tobacco Pipes	1	3	.			
Treasurer's Incidents	3	.	.			
Unpaid Letters . . . . .	.	.	6			
				195	5	8
Carried forward . . . . .	.	.	.	7610	2	10

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Brought forward . .				7610	2	10
10. TENANT'S REPAIRS TO BUILDINGS AND FIXTURES.						
Carpenter	34	18	4			
Copper Sash Cord—150 feet.	1	2	6			
Boiled Oil—2 gallons		8	8			
Glass	6	6	9			
Glue—203 lbs.	5	18	5			
India Rubber for Valves, &c.	2	16	9			
Ironmonger, Founder, &c.	48	12	9			
Linseed Oil—16 gallons	3	5	8			
Lime—16 bushels		16				
Mason	15	15	9			
Parian Cement—1 barrel		18				
Painter, &c.	3	12	11			
Plasterer and Colourer.	48	3	2			
Plumber		9	9			
Road Stone and Repairing Roads	42	18	2			
Red Lead—2 qrs. 20 lbs.	1	6				
Repairing Turret Clock	1	5				
Sash Line—1 gross	1					
Stone, Slate, &c.	6	14	11			
Sawing Timber	1	10	3			
Timber	12	9	8			
Turpentine—12 gallons	5	12	6			
Varnish—1 gallon		14				
White Lead—4 cwt. 1 qr. 20 lbs.	7	1	11			
Whiting—1 cwt. 1 qr. 5 lbs.		5	2			
Whitewash Brushes—14	1	16	8			
				255	19	8
				7866	2	6
11. FUNERAL AND OTHER EXPENSES. (Repaid by Unions).						
Bearers (42 interments) . £ 8 8 0						
Coffins—46 16 4 2						
Calico for Shrouds—137½ yards 3 4 8						
Grave-digger (41 interments) 6 3 0						
	33	19	10			
Expenses of Removals, &c.	4	19	8			
				38	19	6
Total Payments . .	.	.	.	7905	2	.

ARTICLES.	1st Quarter	2d Quarter	3d Quarter	4th Quarter
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
our—seconds, per sack of 280 lbs.	1 15 6	1 13 0	1 12 6	1 8 6
read from do. do. gallon of 8 lbs.	10	9½	9¼	8
eat including prime joints. per cwt.	3 3 0	3 3 0	2 15 6	2 14 0
ef and Mutton Suet	2 16 0	3 3 0	2 16 0	2 16 0
icon	£3	3 0	£3	0 0
ew Milk per gall.	.	11	.	11
ilk Butter per lb.	.	1 1½	.	1 2
hey ditto . . . . .	.	10	.	10
lt ditto . . . . .	.	6¾	.	6½
eeese (Patients) per cwt.	1 8 6	6	1 9 0	0
tto (Attendts. & Servts.)	2 12 0	0	2 14 0	0
ce per cwt.	.	14 0	.	14 6
bist Sugar	1 17 0	0	1 16 0	0
ixed Tea per lb.	.	2 7	.	2 1
maica Coffee . . . . .	.	11¼	.	11¼
er (Patients) 36 galls.	.	16 0	.	15 6
tto (Establishment)	1 4 0	0	1 4 0	0
bacco per lb.	.	3 3	.	3 2
llow Soap per cwt.	1 4 0	0	1 4 6	6
da . . . . .	.	5 10	.	6 0
reened Coal per ton.	.	14 9	.	15 3
all ditto . . . . .	.	8 6	.	8 9

AGGREGATE NUMBER OF DAYS RESIDENCE OF PATIENTS.

Males . 56,211 : Females . 83,328 = Total . 139,539

AVERAGE DAILY NUMBER OF PATIENTS, (from Sept. 22, 1862, to Sept. 21, 1863, inclusive.)

Males . 154 $\frac{1}{365}$: Females . 228 $\frac{108}{365}$ = Total . 382 $\frac{109}{365}$

SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS PER HEAD PER WEEK:—

aries and Wages	£1588 13 3	1s. 7 d.—	<u>70848</u>
			139539
visions	3614 17 2	3 7½ —	<u>12062</u>
			139539
ecessaries	852 10 0½	10¼ —	<u>7715</u>
			139539
gery and Dispensary	39 4 8	0¼ —	<u>124109</u>
			139539
re and Spirits	109 8 0	1¼ —	<u>37473</u>
			139539
hing	452 19 9½	5¼ —	<u>113771</u>
			139539
aiture and Bedding	435 12 3	5 —	<u>136536</u>
			139539
n and Garden	321 12 0	3¾ —	<u>68067</u>
			139539
ellaneous	195 5 8	2¼ —	<u>56453</u>
			139539
ant's Repairs to Buildings	255 19 8	3 —	<u>45740</u>
			139539
	£7866 2 6	7s. 10½ d.—	<u>114618</u>
			139539
from Miscellaneous Receipts	175 19 5	2d. —	<u>66212</u>
			139539
Total	£7690 3 1	7s. 8½ d.—	<u>48406</u>
			139539

SPECIAL RATE & REPAIRS ACCOUNT.

To balance in Treasurer's hands.	£	s.	d.	ALTERATIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS.		
645	7	6		Brickwork, Flues, &c., Laundry Drying Closets . . .		
					£	s. d.
					67	19 0
LANDLORD'S REPAIRS TO BUILDINGS.						
Mason					12	0 10
Slater and Plasterer.					3	3 0
Slates					2	9 0
Balance in hand					85	11 10
					559	15 8
£645 7 6				£645 7 6		

FIRST COST ACCOUNT.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
To balance in Treasurer's hands.	980	13	1	Additional Furniture for Wards.			5 8 0
To Cash received from Non-contributing places for extra charge on Patients chargeable thereto, viz. :—				Balance of account for <i>Engineer's House</i>			7 5 8
Borough of Devizes	£90	13	11	To Contractor on account of <i>New Wards</i> . £2500	0	0	
City of Salisbury	162	9	1	On account of Hot Water Apparatus	100	0	0
Mere (Dorset)	9	15	1	Clerk of the Works	34	10	0
Romsey (Hants)	4	8	7	Iron Fence for Garden and Drying Ground.	29	12	0
				Carriage of Iron, &c.	3	5	1
	267	6	8	Furniture, Bedding, &c., <i>New Wards</i>	120	7	4
To Cash received on Mortgage of the County Rates	2500	0	0	Advertisements	1	14	6
							2789 8 11
				On account of Water Wheel, Pumps, &c.	300	0	0
				Excavating and laying down land for Sewage	55	3	6
				Bricks, Stone, Lime, Cement, &c.	68	12	2
				Masons, Bricklayers, and Labourers	39	18	0
				Iron Fence and Roof.	22	14	10
				Carriage of Cement, &c.	5	7	2
							491 15 8
				Balance in hand			454 1 6
							£3747 19 9

FARM AND GARDEN ACCOUNT FROM JANUARY 1ST TO DECEMBER 31ST, 1863.

RECEIPTS.			PAYMENTS.		
From Articles supplied to the Establishment,					
viz. :—					
Vegetables	£	s. d.	For Horse Shoeing.	£	s. d.
Pork—1685 lbs.	168	11 3	Implements (replaced)	3	19 0
Fruit	43	2 0	Ditto (repairs of old).	2	6 10
	1	3 10	Market Tolls	5	0
	212	17 1	Moiety of Rates and Taxes	5	8 11
From Sales of			Stamps	5	6
Pigs—51	101	2 0	Provender for Live Stock	29	17 6
Farm Produce	27	6 2	Purchase of Beer—Haymaking.	5	6
	128	8 2	Pigs—81	77	3 0
Estimated Labour of Horse and Man in Works not connected with the cultivation of the Farm and Garden—			Seeds and Plants	3	9 11
69 days	17	5 0	Straw—16 tons 16 cwt. 1 qr.	42	0 6
	£358	10 3	Wages of Bailiff and Labourers	155	5 4
			Sundries	8	2
			Balance	36	18 3
				£358	10 3

MAINTENANCE ACCOUNT.

STATEMENT OF THE RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS BETWEEN JANUARY 1ST AND DECEMBER 31ST, 1863.

RECEIPTS.		PAYMENTS.	
	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Balance in hand January 1st	295 9 5	For Salaries and Wages	1588 13 3
From Sales of Produce, &c.	175 19 5	Provisions	3614 17 2
„ Maintenance of Patients chargeable to Unions, &c.,		Necessaries	852 10 0½
in the county of Wilts	7757 17 2	Surgery and Dispensary	39 4 8
„ Ditto in other counties	26 17 4	Wine and Spirits	109 8 0
„ Repayment of Funeral and other Expenses	48 11 4	Clothing	452 19 9½
		Furniture and Bedding	435 12 3
		Farm and Garden Expenses	321 12 0
		Miscellaneous	195 5 8
		Tenant's Repairs to Buildings and Fixtures	255 19 8
			<hr/>
		Funeral and other Expenses	7866 2 6
		Balance in hand December 31st	38 19 6
			<hr/>
			399 12 8
			<hr/>
			£8304 14 8

HENRY C. WARD, Clerk of the Asylum.

RECORD OF HUSBAND'S LIFE

NAME	DATE OF BIRTH	DATE OF DEATH	PLACE OF BIRTH	PLACE OF DEATH	CAUSE OF DEATH	EDUCATION	OCCUPATION	MARRIAGE	CHILDREN	RELIGION	NOTES
John Doe	1850	1920	New York	New York	Heart Disease	High School	Farmer	1875	3	Methodist	
Jane Doe	1855	1925	New York	New York	Stroke	High School	Homemaker	1875	3	Methodist	
Robert Doe	1860	1930	New York	New York	Pneumonia	High School	Teacher	1880	2	Methodist	
Mary Doe	1865	1935	New York	New York	Cancer	High School	Homemaker	1880	2	Methodist	
William Doe	1870	1940	New York	New York	Heart Disease	High School	Farmer	1890	1	Methodist	
Elizabeth Doe	1875	1945	New York	New York	Stroke	High School	Homemaker	1890	1	Methodist	
Charles Doe	1880	1950	New York	New York	Pneumonia	High School	Teacher	1900	0	Methodist	
Anna Doe	1885	1955	New York	New York	Cancer	High School	Homemaker	1900	0	Methodist	
Thomas Doe	1890	1960	New York	New York	Heart Disease	High School	Farmer	1910	0	Methodist	
Sarah Doe	1895	1965	New York	New York	Stroke	High School	Homemaker	1910	0	Methodist	
James Doe	1900	1970	New York	New York	Pneumonia	High School	Teacher	1920	0	Methodist	
Emily Doe	1905	1975	New York	New York	Cancer	High School	Homemaker	1920	0	Methodist	
Frank Doe	1910	1980	New York	New York	Heart Disease	High School	Farmer	1930	0	Methodist	
Grace Doe	1915	1985	New York	New York	Stroke	High School	Homemaker	1930	0	Methodist	
Henry Doe	1920	1990	New York	New York	Pneumonia	High School	Teacher	1940	0	Methodist	
Ida Doe	1925	1995	New York	New York	Cancer	High School	Homemaker	1940	0	Methodist	
John Doe	1930	2000	New York	New York	Heart Disease	High School	Farmer	1950	0	Methodist	
Katherine Doe	1935	2005	New York	New York	Stroke	High School	Homemaker	1950	0	Methodist	
Leo Doe	1940	2010	New York	New York	Pneumonia	High School	Teacher	1960	0	Methodist	
Margaret Doe	1945	2015	New York	New York	Cancer	High School	Homemaker	1960	0	Methodist	
Nathan Doe	1950	2020	New York	New York	Heart Disease	High School	Farmer	1970	0	Methodist	
Olivia Doe	1955	2025	New York	New York	Stroke	High School	Homemaker	1970	0	Methodist	
Peter Doe	1960	2030	New York	New York	Pneumonia	High School	Teacher	1980	0	Methodist	
Quinn Doe	1965	2035	New York	New York	Cancer	High School	Homemaker	1980	0	Methodist	
Samuel Doe	1970	2040	New York	New York	Heart Disease	High School	Farmer	1990	0	Methodist	
Tina Doe	1975	2045	New York	New York	Stroke	High School	Homemaker	1990	0	Methodist	
Ulysses Doe	1980	2050	New York	New York	Pneumonia	High School	Teacher	2000	0	Methodist	
Vivian Doe	1985	2055	New York	New York	Cancer	High School	Homemaker	2000	0	Methodist	
Walter Doe	1990	2060	New York	New York	Heart Disease	High School	Farmer	2010	0	Methodist	
Xavier Doe	1995	2065	New York	New York	Stroke	High School	Homemaker	2010	0	Methodist	
Yvonne Doe	2000	2070	New York	New York	Pneumonia	High School	Teacher	2020	0	Methodist	
Zoe Doe	2005	2075	New York	New York	Cancer	High School	Homemaker	2020	0	Methodist	

RECORD OF HUSBAND'S LIFE