The forty-eighth annual report of the visitors of the County Lunatic Asylum, Stafford : for the year ending December 31, 1866.

Contributors

Staffordshire County Lunatic Asylum (Stafford, England) Bower, Mark Noble. Chetwynd, Henry John, Earl of Talbot, 1803-1877. Campbell, W. G. Cleaton, John D.

Publication/Creation

[Stafford] : [printed by R. and W. Wright], [1867]

Persistent URL

https://wellcomecollection.org/works/yucbd5zr

License and attribution

This work has been identified as being free of known restrictions under copyright law, including all related and neighbouring rights and is being made available under the Creative Commons, Public Domain Mark.

You can copy, modify, distribute and perform the work, even for commercial purposes, without asking permission.



Wellcome Collection 183 Euston Road London NW1 2BE UK T +44 (0)20 7611 8722 E library@wellcomecollection.org https://wellcomecollection.org

FORTY-EIGHTH

THE

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE VISITORS

OF THE

COUNTY LUNATIC ASYLUM,

STAFFORD,

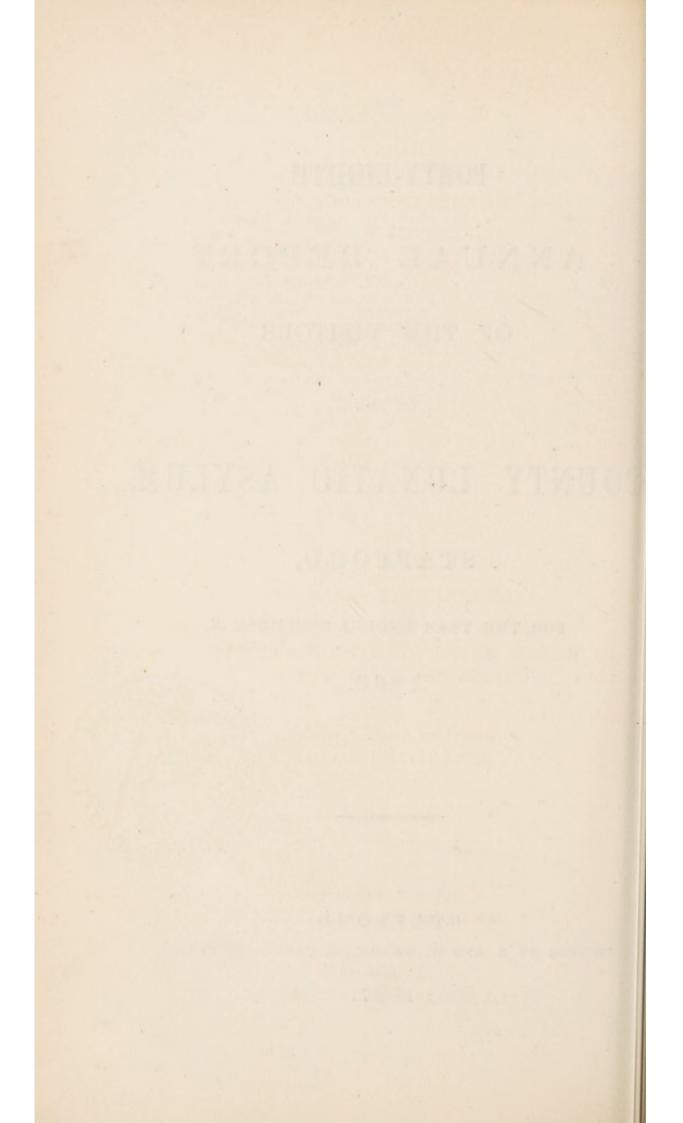
FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31,

1866.



STAFFORD: PRINTED BY R. AND W. WRIGHT, 56, GREENGATE STREET.

1867.



Committee of Visitors.

CHAIRMAN.

THE RT. HON. THE EARL OF SHREWSBURY AND TALBOT. THE RT. HON. THE EARL OF C. HOLLAND, ESQ., M.D. HARROWBY, K.G. THE RT. HON. THE EARL OF R. HARGREAVES, ESQ. A. E. MANLEY, ESQ. LICHFIELD, LORD-LIEUTENANT. E. D. SCOTT, ESQ. THE RT. HON. LORD HATHER-COLONEL C. BAGOT. J. N. BAGNALL, ESQ. TON. J. H. WEBB, ESQ. W. T. LOCKER, ESQ. VISCOUNT INGESTRE. STEVENSON VILLIERS SIR SURTEES. T. SALT, JUN., ESQ. THE RT. HON. C. B. ADDER-R. T. K. LEVETT, ESQ. E. MAYNE, ESQ. LEY, M.P. MAJOR CHETWYND. J. T. HARLAND, ESQ., M.D. LIEUT.-COL. LEVETT. W. C. WOODROFFE, ESQ. LIEUT.-COL. DYOTT, M.P. JAMES TYRER, ESQ. W. MOTT, ESQ. COL. R. N. PHILLIPS. H. KILLICK, ESQ. THE REV. T. O. B. FLOYER. R. C. CHAWNER, ESQ. THE REV. J. MUCKLESTONE.

> Chaplain. THE REV. THOMAS HARRISON.

Resident Medical Officer and Superintendent. MARK NOBLE BOWER, M.D.

> Assistant Medical Officer. MR. WILLIAM RAYNER.

> > Housekeeper. MRS. ILIFF.

Clerk and Storkeeeper. MR. JAMES TILSTON.

Treasurer. THOMAS SALT, ESQ., STAFFORD.

ROTA OF HOUSE COMMITTEE OF VISITORS FOR THE COUNTY ASYLUM, STAFFORD.

From the 25th of December, 1866, to the 25th of March, 1867.

SIR STEVENSON VILLIERS SURTEES. W. T. LOCKER, ESQ. E. MAYNE, ESQ. W. C. WOODROFFE, ESQ. JAMES TYRER, ESQ.

From the 25th March to the 25th June, 1867. THE RIGHT HON. THE EARL OF LICHFIELD, LORD-LIEUTENANT. LIEUT.-COL. LEVETT. H. KILLICK, ESQ. E. D. SCOTT, ESQ. T. SALT, JUN., ESQ.

From the 25th June to the 25th September, 1867.

THE RIGHT HON. LORD HATHERTON. MAJOR CHETWYND. R. HARGREAVES, ESQ. COLONEL CHARLES BAGOT. J. H. WEBB, ESQ.

From the 25th September to the 25th December, 1867.

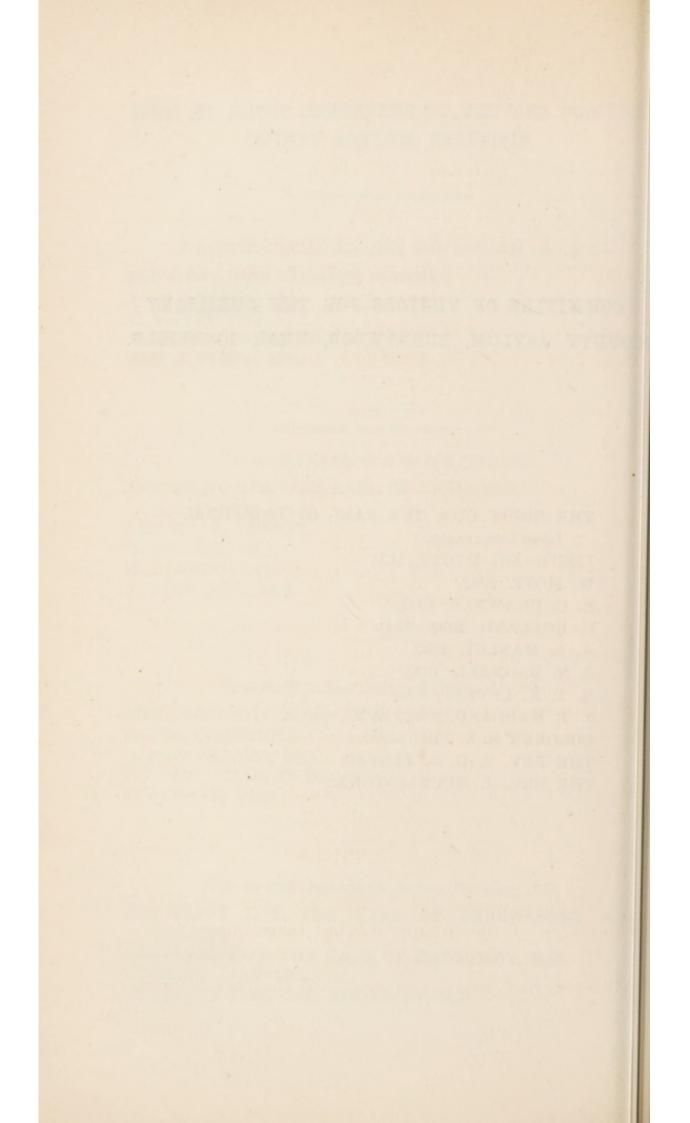
THE RIGHT HON. THE EARL OF SHREWSBURY AND TALBOT.

THE RIGHT HON. THE EARL OF HARROWBY, K.G. VISCOUNT INGESTRE.

THE RIGHT HON. C. B. ADDERLEY, M.P.

COMMITTEE OF VISITORS FOR THE AUXILIARY COUNTY ASYLUM, BURNTWOOD, NEAR LICHFIELD.

THE RIGHT HON. THE EARL OF LICHFIELD, LORD-LIEUTENANT.
LIEUT.-COL. DYOTT, M.P.
W. MOTT, ESQ.
R. C. CHAWNER, ESQ.
C. HOLLAND, ESQ., M.D.
A. E. MANLEY, ESQ.
J. N. BAGNALL, ESQ.
R. T. K. LEVETT, ESQ.
J. T. HARLAND, ESQ., M.D.
COLONEL R. N. PHILLIPS.
THE REV. T. O. B. FLOYER.
THE REV. J. MUCKLESTONE.



THE

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF VISITORS OF THE COUNTY ASYLUM FOR LUNATICS, STAFFORD,

PRESENTED TO THE

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS, 31st DECEMBER, 1866.

FROM the Quarterly Returns supplied by the different Unions, it appears that there are 1104 registered pauper lunatics in the County of Stafford :

Of these 721 are now under treatment in the County Asylums at Stafford and Burntwood; the remaining portion being either inmates of the different workhouses, or taken care of by relatives at their own residences.

From the 1st January 1866, up to the present date, 261 lunatics have been admitted into the County Asylum at Stafford, of whom 126 are males and 135 females.

Within the same period 31 males and 77 females have been discharged recovered, whilst 15 females and 31 males have been transferred to Burntwood, forming a total of 154 removals from this Asylum within twelve months.

Of those discharged 5 have been brought back, a recurrence of the insanity having taken place.

80 deaths have taken place, of which number 16 have occurred within one month of the time of admis-

sion, whilst 50 have been in a hopeless and incurable state when brought to the Asylum.

The average of recoveries on the admissions has been 41.53. The average of deaths on those under treatment has been 10.97.

The numbers resident have averaged 484.

The actual increase on the books during the year, including the lunatics at Burntwood, is 57.

The average of admissions during the year has been 5 per week; and the rate of charge 9s. 5d. per week for each lunatic.

There are now 434 incurable cases in the Asylum out of 496 resident; and as the increase of this class is to be accounted for by the accumulation of chronic cases, we cannot anticipate any diminution in the numbers.

In the male department there are from 28 to 30 vacant beds, but on the female side the accommodation is insufficient, there being 25 more than the wards are calculated to hold.

The original portion of the building is in a firm and substantial condition, but continual repairs are required in the parts more recently built.

Your Committee have visited the Asylum regularly during the year, and they have had every reason to be satisfied with the clean and efficient state of the Establishment, and the conduct of the officers and attendants.

Signed,

SHREWSBURY AND TALBOT.

REPORT OF THE COMMISSIONERS IN LUNACY.

Stafford County Asylum, 31st October and 1st November, 1866.

SINCE the visit of our colleagues on the 17th August, 1865, 143 male and 151 female patients have been admitted: 104 males and 105 females have been discharged or removed, and 53 males and 36 females have died.

Of the patients discharged, 132 were recovered and 74 were removed to the new Asylum at Burntwood.

As regards the admission of patients, we find that all cases are sent to this Asylum in the first instance, and that such as subsequently appear to be of a quiet and chronic class are transferred to Burntwood.

The condition in which patients are brought to the Asylum is often very unsatisfactory, and it appears from the register that of those admitted since the last visit, 16 have died within a month, and of these 5 lived only three days.

One woman was admitted in a moribund state, and survived only a few hours. In this case an inquest was held, and although the death was attributed to natural causes, the jury appended to their verdict a censure upon the medical man who had authorised her removal. The present numbers on the books are 226 of the male and 270 of the female sex; of these, two are absent on trial.

We have personally examined every patient, and inspected all the wards and offices.

With the exception of a few in the basement ward in each division, the patients were free from excitement, and personally in a satisfactory state.

We were present in the Dining Hall at dinner time— 180 of the men were assembled together, and their conduct was quite orderly. The food was ample and of good quality.

The practice is for the attendants to collect all their patients in the hall half-an-hour before the dinner hour, and after having seated them in their proper places, to take their own dinner at a table in the centre of the room. We think that during this period the patients might with advantage be allowed the use of newspapers and periodicals, or that some one should be appointed to read aloud to them.

The hall is used on Thursday evenings for the practice of music by the brass band, and on these occasions the male patients are assembled there for supper and remain afterwards.

Once a month a ball is given, when patients of both sexes are assembled together. The result of these meetings is stated to be very favourable, and we strongly urge that in future they should be held weekly, and that the privilege of attending them should be extended to a larger number, including the apathetic and troublesome patients of both sexes, whose habits and demeanour we feel well assured would be greatly improved by the indulgence. The following return has been given us relative to the employment of the inmates:—Of the men 89 work on the land, 31 at trades, and 38 assist in the galleries: about 104 women occupy themselves with needle-work and ward duties, and 27 are employed in the laundry and kitchen.

The schools are attended by between 30 and 40 patients of each sex.

On Sundays the services are attended by about 143 males and 147 females, and nearly the same numbers are present on Wednesdays and Fridays.

No case of seclusion is reported since the last visit, nor has there been any mechanical restraint.

Throughout the Asylum we found only one patient in bed, but in the infirmaries in both divisions there was a large number of feeble and paralytic cases.

Ten patients only, viz., 6 men and 4 women, are registered as being under medical treatment.

The 89 deaths reported since the last visit are attributed to the following causes, viz.—

Maniacal Exhaustion	13
General Paralysis	15
Diseased Brain, Paralysis, and Apoplexy	22
Epilepsy	8
Pulmonary Consumption	10
Senile Decay	11
Other causes	10
in second property of the second second based	

89

The condition of all the wards, as regards cleanliness and ventilation, was quite satisfactory, and the bedding throughout was in the best order.

Some of the Galleries require re-papering, painting,

and whitewashing, and Dr. Bower informs us that, as regards No. 5 on the womens side, the works will be commenced forthwith.

The ceiling of this Gallery has not been whitewashed for five years, and we recommend that in future this should be done throughout yearly, as is usual in other Asylums.

Although clean, the basement wards in each division still present a bare and cheerless appearance, and we repeat the recommendations formerly made for the improvement of this department of the Asylum. The gloomy and objectionable construction and arrangements of these wards render necessary increased attention to their furniture, fittings, and decoration.

In the womens wards the day-room accommodation is stated to be insufficient for the proper classification of the patients. The crowding complained of might, we think be easily avoided, if the galleries, which are now bare and but little used, were rendered more attractive and comfortable by a proper supply of furniture, carpeting, and matting, and by additional fire-places or stoves.

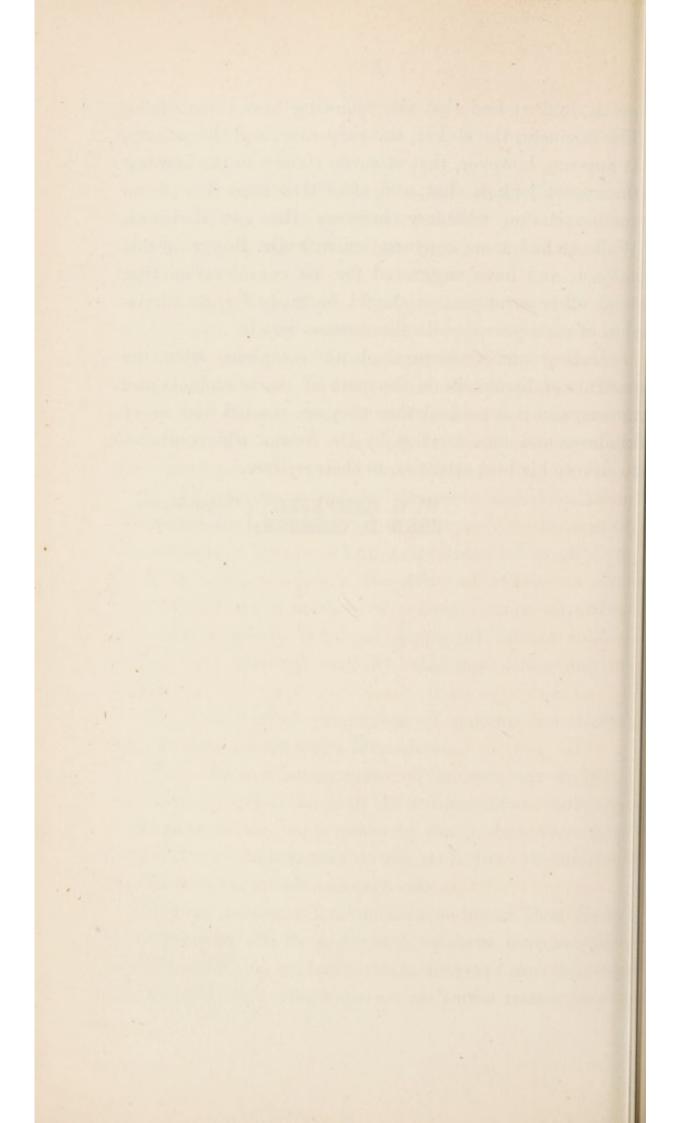
About the usual proportion of patients are taken beyond their airing courts for exercise.

With a view to an increase of the numbers enjoying the privilege and of keeping the subject more constantly under observation, we recommend that a daily record be kept of those patients who do not go beyond their airing courts, with the reasons in each case.

In consequence of an occurrence which has lately taken place in a County Asylum, we have been induced to make enquiries as to the male servants and artizans who are entrusted with keys giving access to the female wards, and we find that the following have them, viz.— The engineer, the stoker, the carpenter, and the painter. It appears, however, that at seven o'clock in the evening the master lock is shot, and after that time there is no communication whatever between the two divisions. We have had some conversation with Dr. Bower on this subject, and have suggested for his consideration that some other arrangement should be made for the admission of male persons into the womens wards.

During our visit we had no complaint from the patients of harshness on the part of the attendants and nurses, and it is evident that they are treated with every kindness and consideration by Dr. Bower, who continues to devote his best attention to their welfare.

> W. G. CAMPBELL, Commissioners JOHN D. CLEATON, in Lunacy.



ANNUAL REPORT OF THE MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

The admissions into this Asylum during the past Admissions. 12 months have been greater in number than at any former period since it was opened, the apparent larger number in 1865 having resulted from the return of Lunatics boarded out in other counties, and necessarily entered again upon the books.

Of the 261 Lunatics from the County of Stafford State of health alone, brought to the Asylum in the 12 months ending December 31st, 1866,—35 are recorded as being in good health, the remaining 226 having been received in diseased bodily health, and principally affected with structural diseases of the brain in a more or less advanced stage.

At the present time there are 434 Lunatics out Incurable of 496 in the Asylum perfectly incurable, and of majority. these 104 are affected with Epilepsy; giving an average of nearly 2 out of every 9 patients in the house afflicted with this incurable complaint.

It is believed that this exceeds the proportion Epileptics. of Epileptics in other similar establishments, and besides adding greatly to the risk of life among lunatics, forms a very distressing feature for all who come in contact with them to witness. Change of type.

In the list of admissions are 82 cases of Acute Mania, in very many of which the usual amount of excitement and violence has been accompanied with great exhaustion of the vital powers, and want of reaction in the system. As in other diseases so in lunacy, a change of type seems evidently taking place. From whatever cause it may arise, it is very certain that the long-continued violence and excited state formerly observed are now less frequently seen ; whilst the exhaustion and collapse which more quickly follow, shew a less amount of vital energy and ability to contend with the disease. Recovery or death has been found in all instances more rapidly to follow the attacks, and during the year, instances of both termination but more especially of the latter, have been more than usually frequent.

The remaining cases brought into the Asylum have differed but little from those usually admitted, except that they have in general been attended with more than the usual amount of bodily illness and debility.

Poverty the frequent cause of lunacy. Want of proper nourishment, and all the various forms of low living, have been found in too many instances to have been the predisposing if not the exciting cause of the insanity; to counteract which more than the usual amount of stimulants and generous diet have been absolutely necessary.

Recoveries.

Notwithstanding the above, the recoveries, 107 in number, form a pleasing feature in the recapitulation of the years experience; they constitute an average of nearly 41 per cent. of recoveries, and fully justify the increased liberality of diet required in the treatment, and without which probably many of the recoveries never would have taken place.

Of those discharged in 1866, 5 only have been Readmissions. readmitted, making a considerable diminution since 1865,

When it is shewn that of the 261 cases of insanity admitted, 56 are clearly proved to have arisen from hereditary predisposition, a recurrence of the attack at some period of life is almost certain to occur; and as all experience proves that this cause of the disorder is from generation to generation on the increase, it is only a matter of wonder that the readmissions are not more frequent.

Intemperance, poverty, and bodily disease, con-Physical tinue to prove prolific sources of insanity in the disease the cause. cases brought to the Asylum; and, by reference to Table 9, it will be seen that in most, if not all, physical causes, such as the various forms of cerebral or other organic disease, have contributed materially to aggravate, if not to cause, the attack.

Occasionally cures are effected even where such are the causes: in one instance the disorder was found to depend upon a large inguinal hernia, and was arrested by the application of a truss, as long as its support continued to keep up the rupture. In the great majority of such cases, especially when structural change of the brain has taken place, medical treatment avails not; although even here the disease may for a time be checked.

71 of the 261 Lunatics admitted have at some Relapses. former period of their lives been insane, many of whom had been in Asylums previously; in one instance a female was admitted for the 13th time.

C

Idiots.

Amongst the admissions were 12 idiots, most of whom were under 10 years of age. At the present time there are 49 idiots in the Asylum,—that is persons who have never from birth had any mental intelligence; as intellect cannot, by even the most subtle treatment, be restored where it has never existed, the whole of these unfortunate beings may be considered permanent residents for life, or until removed to other Asylums.

It is found that the class of idiots are on the increase in this Asylum; 9 years since there were 5, whilst in the table appended to the present report it will be seen that 49 are now resident.

As hereditary predisposition continues to become more prevalent, Idiocy will also be of more frequent occurrence; and after some years it may perhaps become a question whether some separate receptacle for such individuals may not be desirable in the county.

Deaths.

51 males and 29 females have died within the year,—giving a per-centage of 10 and a fraction on the numbers under treatment; that is on those resident in the Asylum.

Of these, 19 were over 60 years of age, and 16 had been in the Asylum less than one month.

Diseased state on admission.

Much as it is to be desired, that this list of deaths should be diminished, such cannot reasonably be expected, whilst authorities continue to send cases which are in an unfit state to be removed from their homes : in many instances they are not received until perfectly hopeless ; and sometimes in a condition certain to end in death within a few days of admission.

Frequently as this subject has been alluded to in these reports, still the returns for the past year are even worse than in former times ; it is not an unfrequent occurrence for the lunatics when brought to the Asylum to require the administration of stimulants before they can be even carried to their beds, from which they are destined never again to rise.

10 have died from old age alone, all of whom Causes of deaths. had been recently admitted; the principal portion of the others succumbed to General Paralysis, Maniacal exhaustion, or the other numerous forms of disease of the Brain or cavities; in no instance has death occurred from disease acquired since residing in the Asylum.

The usual attempts to counterbalance the mono- Amusements tony of life in an Asylum, and to restore the dormant tion. faculties have been resorted to, and frequently with gratifying success.

Amusements and employment, of whatever kind the lunatic seems capable, are tried ;--occupation in some industrial employment seems most congenial to a class whose lives are spent in manual labour; and unless bodily debility forbids, the disposition to work is taken advantage of, whether the occupation be remunerative or not.

Cultivation of the land attached to the Asylum is found best adapted for the purpose, more especially as there are but few skilled artizans admitted; the great majority of the inmates being either labourers, miners, or domestic servants.

Besides the benefit to patients, obtained by the Advantage of cultivation of land, great profit is also found to result, employment.

and occupa-

—many articles of diet which must otherwise be purchased at a loss are supplied, and the rate of maintenance is considerably diminished thereby.

Amongst the different methods employed for the cure of Lunacy none seems so well adapted for the purpose as this kind of out-door employment; the wise provision requiring that land should be attached to all Asylums has well repaid the originators of the system, and might in many instances be extended with benefit and profit.

Incapacity of many for employment.

Many of our residents are however incapable, from physical debility or mental incapacity, from thus occupying their time; for such cases, games of various kinds, music, theatrical performances, dancing, &c., are provided; whatever method seems adapted to rouse the melancholic or to divert others from their delusions is turned to account, and where such is the object nothing is thought too trivial or childish to be adopted.

School.

The school is still kept up, and is fairly attended; although it is found useful as a means of occupying the time and attention, still it must be confessed, that as far as improving the education is concerned, it is not successful. For patients who are desirous of writing to their relations it offers every facility, and even on this account and the plea of occupation, it seems desirable that it should still be continued.

Chapel.

In the chapel, service has been regularly performed three times in the week, and the services have invariably met with attention and decorous behaviour : the usual attendances, including officers and servants, average 330. Neither accidents, suicides, nor other casualties Exemptions have occurred, and the Asylum has been free from from accidents fevers, epidemic, or any local diseases.

One inquest has been held on a young female, brought to the Asylum in a dying condition; to the verdict of death from natural causes, censure of the Medical Officer for sending a person in so exhausted a condition was added.

The conduct of the whole of the staff of officers Conduct of officials. and servants has at all times throughout the year contributed, to lighten the arduous and frequently very trying duties incidental to the management of a Lunatic Asylum; and I feel much pleasure in stating that I have met invariably with most cheerful and untiring assistance from all connected with the establishment.

> I am, my Lords and Gentlemen, Your most obedient Servant, MARK NOBLE BOWER, Medical Superintendent.

January 1st, 1867.

STATISTICAL TABLES.

Ι.

FORM OF DISORDER ON ADMISSION.

II.

	Males.	Females	Total.
Dementia	23	10	33
Melancholia	15	19	34
Imbecility	4	4	8
Senile Imbecility	2	7	9
Acute Mania	38	44	82
Chronic "	11	5	16
Epileptic "	13	12	25
Ordinary "	9	6	15
Suicidal "	2	3	5
Puerperal "		16	16
Hysterical "		6	6
Idiocy	9	3	12
	126	135	261

	Males.	Females	Total.
One week	26	28	54
One month	28	40	68
Two months	18	25	43
Four months	17	6	23_
Twelve months	17	14	31
Two years	7	6	13
Five years	4	5	9
More than five years	3	6	9
From birth	6	5	11
	126	135	261

DURATION OF DISORDER ON ADMISSION.

IV.

NUMBER OF ATTACKS.

	Males.	Females	Total.
First Attack	98	92	190
More than one attack	28	43	71
Total	126	135	261

III.

SOCIAL AND RELIGIOUS CONDITION.

v.

	Males.	Females	Total.
Married	56	79	135
Single	59	46	105
Widowed	11	10	21
, Total	126	135	261
Established Church	79	89	168
Dissenters of various persuasions	35	29	64
Roman Catholics	6	13	19
Not ascertained	6	4	10
Total	126	135	261

Ð

	Males.	Females	Total.
Read and write	46	44	90
Read only	29	42	71
Totally uneducated	48	28	76
Not ascertained	3	21	24
Total	126	135	261

AMOUNT OF EDUCATION.

VI.

VII.

AGE OF PATIENTS ON ADMISSION.

		Males.	Females	Total.
From 5 to 15 year	urs	5	3	8
" 15 to 25 "		20	29	49
,, 25 to 35 ,,		38	33	71
" 35 to 50 "		37	41	78
" 50 to 60 "		20	16	36
" 60 to 70 "		6	6	12
" 70 to 80 "			6	6
" 80 to 90 "			1	1
		126	135	261

BODILY DISEASE, OR CONDITION ON ADMISSION.

land plannin wind	Males.	Females	Total.
Affected with General Paralysis	14	3	17
", " other forms of Paralysis	20	3	23
", " Diseased Brain	24	13	37
", ", Chorea	2	1	3
" " Phthisis Pulmonalis	2	1	3
", " Epilepsy	15	12	27
" " Puerperal Disease		16	16
", " Hysteria		5	5
", ", Spinal Disease		1	1
In a state of Collapse	1	2	3
With Wound of Throat	1	1	2
Natural Decay from Old Age	9	8	17
Pregnant		3	3
In good health	9	6	15
In feeble condition	29	60	89
	126	135	261

CAUSE OF DISORDER IN THOSE ADMITTED.

IX.

	Males.	Females	Total.
Intemperance	27	8	35
Diseased Brain	16	9	25
Hereditary Tendency	26	30	56
Poverty and want of Food	8	15	23
Epilepsy	16	15	31
Injury to Head	4		4
Trouble and Anxiety	10	6	16
Masturbation	3		3
Congenital	8	9	17
Religious Excitement	2		2
Old Age	2	6	8
Amenorrhœa		2	2
Ill Treatment		2	2
Rheumatism		2	2
Puerperal		16	16
Other Bodily diseases	4	15	19
	126	135	261

CAUSE OF DEATH.

	Males.	Females	Total.
Diseased Brain and Lungs		1	1
" " Paralysis	6	2	8
", " Exhaustion	3	3	6
", ", Apoplexy	1		1
", ", Convulsions	2		2
", ", Marasmus	1	1	2
Chronic Hydrocephalus, and exhaustion	1		1
Cerebral Convulsions	1		1
Acute Maniacal exhaustion	7	6	13
Convulsions, and Coma		1	1
Epileptic Convulsions	3	1	4
Epilepsy, and Paralysis	1		1
Abscess in Brain & Rupture of a vessel		1	1
General Paralysis	11	3	14
Asthma and Old Age	1		1
Phthisis Pulmonalis	5	2	7
Muco Enteritis & Gangrene of intestine	2	1	3
Scrofula, and exhaustion	1		1
Cancer of the Face	1		1
Old Age	3	7	10
Congestion of Lungs, & Fracture of Ribs	1		1
Total	51	29	80

х.

AGE OF	THOSE WHO	HAVE	DIEÐ	DURING	THE
	TWELV	VE MON	NTHS.		

XI.

				Males.	Females	Total.
From	15 to	25	years	 3	. 3	6
"	25 to			 11	3	14
,,	35 to	50	"	 25	7	32
"	50 to	60	,,	 5	4	9
,, .	60 to	70	"	 2	6	8
"	70 to	80	"	 3	4	7
"	80 to	90	,,	 2	2	4
				51	29	80

XII.

LENGTH OF RESIDENCE OF THOSE WHO HAVE BEEN DISCHARGED OR HAVE DIED DURING THE YEAR.

	DIS	SCHARG	ES.	DEATHS.				
	Males.	Females	Total.	Males.	Females	Total.		
1 Week				3	2	5		
2 Weeks				2	3	5		
1 Month	5	4	9	5	1	6		
2 Months	9	15	24	2	2	4		
4 Months 8 Months	8	20	28	5	1	6		
	7	23	30	8	7	15		
12 Months	1	7	8	4	2	6		
2 Years	1	7	8	9	2	11		
3 Years		1	1	4	6	10		
4 Years				2	2	4		
5 Years				2		2		
7 Years				1	1	2		
10 Years, & above}		·		4		4		
	31	77	108	51	29	80		

XIII.

OCCUPATION OF PATIENTS.

						1000	-			-				1				-	-	1
209	1	1	1	1	6	4	67	19	5	67	1	1	1	1	53	1	1	21		261
109	:	:	:	:	67	:	5	18	:	5		:	:	1	:	1	:	:		135
100	1	1	1	1	-	4	:	1	67	:	1	1	1	:	5	:	1	67		126
Brought forward	Patternmaker	Plasterer	Policeman	Porter	Potters	Puddlers	Screw-Turners	Servants	Shoemakers	Silk-Piecers	Sinker	Striker	Stirrupmaker	Tack-Filer	Tailors	Tailoress	Timekeeper	Warehousemen		
29	53	1	1	4	1	1	61	1	67	1	86	28	1	00	1	-	4	33	1	209
:	5		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	86	:	.:	:	:	:	61	19	:	109
29	:	1	1	4	1	1	67	1	67	1	:	28	1	00	1	1	61	14	1	100
Brought forward	Dressmakers	Farmer	Fireman	Forgemen	Gentleman	Green-Grocer	Gunmakers	Harnessmaker	Hawkers	Hingemaker	Housewives	Labourers	Latchmaker	Locksmiths	Miller	Miners	Nailors	No Occupation	Painter	Carried forward
	1	67	1	5	1	1	1	1	1	63	67	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7	29
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	1	67	1	67	1	1	1	1	1	67	61	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7	29
0.0	Basketmaker	Bitmakers	Blacksmith	Boilermakers	Brass Dresser	Bricklayer	Broker	Butcher	Cabinetmaker	rpenters	Carters	Coachsmith	Coachman	Coal Dealer	Commission Agent	Collier	oper	Coppersmith	Drapers Assistants	Carried forward
	29 29 Brought forward 100 109	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	I $Brought forward$ 29 $Drought forward$ 100	1 \dots 1 $Drought forward.$ 29 \dots 29 $Brought forward.$ 100 109 109 109 2 \dots 2 2 P Patternmaker 1 \dots 1	Brought forward 29 Erought forward 100 <t< td=""><td>I Brought forward. 29 \cdots 29 Brought forward. 100 100</td><td>Image: Description of the state o</td><td>Brought forward. 29 Brought forward. 100 10</td><td>Brought forward. 29 Brought forward. 100 109 2 2 Patternmaker 1 1 1 2 2 Patternmaker 1 1 1 2 2 Patternmaker 1 1 1 2 Farmer 1 1 1 1 1 2 Forgemen 4 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 Forgemen 1 <</td><td>I Brought forward. 29 I Brought forward. 100 109 10</td><td>Brought förward. 29 Brought förward. 100 109 2 1 2 2 Patternmaker 1 2 2 2 2 2 Patternmaker 1 2 2 2 2 2 Patternmaker 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1<</td><td>Brought förward. 29 Brought förward. 100 109 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1</td></t<>	I Brought forward. 29 \cdots 29 Brought forward. 100	Image: Description of the state o	Brought forward. 29 Brought forward. 100 10	Brought forward. 29 Brought forward. 100 109 2 2 Patternmaker 1 1 1 2 2 Patternmaker 1 1 1 2 2 Patternmaker 1 1 1 2 Farmer 1 1 1 1 1 2 Forgemen 4 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 Forgemen 1 <	I Brought forward. 29 I Brought forward. 100 109 10	Brought förward. 29 Brought förward. 100 109 2 1 2 2 Patternmaker 1 2 2 2 2 2 Patternmaker 1 2 2 2 2 2 Patternmaker 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1<	Brought förward. 29 Brought förward. 100 109 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1

MENTAL CONDITION OF THOSE REMAINING IN THE ASYLUM ON THE 31st DECEMBER, 1866.

	Males.	Females	Total.
Acute Mania	10	18	28
Chronic "	78	87	165
Recurrent "	10	9	19
Epileptic "	29	19	48
Puerperal "		9	9
Hysterical "		5	5
Dementia	33	18	51
Melancholia	10	17	27
Imbecility	11	19	30
Idiocy	11	15	26
Epilepsy with Idiocy	9	14	23
Epilepsy with Imbecility	9	24	33
Dementia with General Paralysis	8	3	11
Imbecility with ,, ,,	5		5
Dementia with Diseased Brain	5	5	. 10
Senile Imbecility	2 .	4	6
	230	266	496

XIV.

XV.

BODILY HEALTH AND CONDITION OF THOSE REMAINING IN ASYLUM, DECEMBER 31st, 1866.

	Males.	Females	Total.
In good health and condition	100	91	191
In impaired health and condition	56	92	148
Paralyzed	26	10	36
Epileptic	48	73	121
Total	230	266	496

E

XVI.

	NUMBERS ADMITTED IN EACH MONTH	сн Мол	TH.		NUMBERS I IN EACH	RS DISC ACH MC	NUMBERS DISCHARGED IN EACH MONTH.	N	NUMBERS DIED EACH MONTH.	IN IN HI
1		Males.	Females	Total.	Males.	Females	Total.	Males.	Females	Total.
	January	11	6	20	2	3	5	3	3	9
	February	8	13	21	5	7	6	5	5	10
	March	12	9	18	4	4	8	3	5	5
	April	11	7	18	1	9	1-	4	1	ð
	May	18	15	33	3	9	6	67	5	-
	June	13	12	25	::	6	6	9	1	2
	July	13	10	23	1	11	18	67	::	67
	August	9	13	19	67	9	8	5	5	1
	September	9	∞	14	67	1	6	9	1	2
	October	1	6	16	4	ŝ	2	3		3
	November	1	15	22	3	11	14	4	õ	6
	December	14	18	32	1	4	õ	8	4	12
	Transferred to Bruntwood Asylum		::	:	31	15	46	:	:	:
		126	135	261	62	92	154	51	29	80

XVII.

GENERAL STATEMENT OF ADMISSIONS, DIS-CHARGES, AND DEATHS, SINCE THE OPENING OF THE INSTITUTION.

	1	Disch	narged.	1	1 80	1	1	0	1 ,
Year.	Number of Admissions.	Recovered.	Relieved and on Trial.	Died.	Number remaining 31st December.	Average Number Resident.	Per-Centage of Recoveries on Admissions,	Per-Centage of Deaths on Ayerage number resident.	Per-Centage of Deaths on Total Number under Treatment.
1819 1820 1821 1822 1823 1824 1825 1826 1827 1828 1829 1830 1831 1832 1833 1834 1835 1836 1837 1838 1839 1840 1841 1842 1843 1844 1845 1846 1847 1848 1849 1850 1851 1852 1853 1854 1855 1856 1857 1858 1859 1860 1861 1862 1863 1864 1865	$\begin{array}{c} 121\\ 94\\ 85\\ 92\\ 104\\ 103\\ 126\\ 111\\ 108\\ 153\\ 123\\ 126\\ 111\\ 108\\ 153\\ 123\\ 128\\ 121\\ 128\\ 121\\ 133\\ 128\\ 113\\ 116\\ 112\\ 133\\ 116\\ 112\\ 133\\ 118\\ 107\\ 139\\ 121\\ 128\\ 122\\ 53\\ 59\\ 68\\ 49\\ 57\\ 179\\ 166\\ 172\\ 165\\ 174\\ 172\\ 203\\ 205\\ 222\\ 250\\ 225\\ 236\\ 219\\ 225\\ 338\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 36\\ 32\\ 36\\ 46\\ 45\\ 41\\ 55\\ 69\\ 38\\ 57\\ 65\\ 63\\ 55\\ 55\\ 67\\ 51\\ 66\\ 46\\ 52\\ 51\\ 34\\ 46\\ 55\\ 58\\ 56\\ 61\\ 48\\ 24\\ 30\\ 33\\ 33\\ 16\\ 46\\ 72\\ 96\\ 70\\ 91\\ 97\\ 100\\ 101\\ 116\\ 108\\ 109\\ 148\\ 124\\ 95\\ 108\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 8\\ 10\\ 12\\ 9\\ 14\\ 15\\ 27\\ 19\\ 17\\ 23\\ 29\\ 34\\ 24\\ 18\\ 19\\ 31\\ 25\\ 38\\ 26\\ 35\\ 34\\ 36\\ 25\\ 33\\ 36\\ 25\\ 33\\ 34\\ 18\\ 17\\ 21\\ 11\\ 19\\ 38\\ 31\\ 58\\ 53\\ 51\\ 67\\ 74\\ 62\\ 70\\ 82\\ 64\\ 87\\ 76\\ 78\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{z} \\ \hline 61 \\ 91 \\ 89 \\ 104 \\ 124 \\ 138 \\ 150 \\ 143 \\ 154 \\ 154 \\ 177 \\ 189 \\ 183 \\ 201 \\ 197 \\ 200 \\ 200 \\ 213 \\ 239 \\ 245 \\ 238 \\ 235 \\ 245 \\ 238 \\ 235 \\ 247 \\ 250 \\ 258 \\ 260 \\ 258 \\ 260 \\ 258 \\ 260 \\ 258 \\ 260 \\ 258 \\ 260 \\ 258 \\ 260 \\ 256 \\ 252 \\ 246 \\ 261 \\ 349 \\ 400 \\ 399 \\ 384 \\ 406 \\ 410 \\ 427 \\ 459 \\ 480 \\ 527 \\ 518 \\ 475 \\ 483 \\ 502 \\ 469 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 57\\ 80\\ 83\\ 94\\ 114\\ 134\\ 150\\ 150\\ 151\\ 166\\ 180\\ 172\\ 179\\ 182\\ 189\\ 193\\ 197\\ 203\\ 202\\ 209\\ 233\\ 245\\ 244\\ 232\\ 234\\ 242\\ 250\\ 260\\ 258\\ 254\\ 248\\ 250\\ 303\\ 375\\ 405\\ 386\\ 398\\ 412\\ 420\\ 448\\ 471\\ 513\\ 509\\ 492\\ 483\\ 513\\ 481\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 29.75\\ 34. \ 4\\ 42.35\\ 50. \ 0\\ 43.26\\ 39.80\\ 43.65\\ 62.16\\ 35.18\\ 37.25\\ 52.84\\ 46.66\\ 45.45\\ 42.96\\ 55.37\\ 38.34\\ 56.25\\ 40.70\\ 44.82\\ 45.53\\ 25.56\\ 38.98\\ 51.59\\ 41.72\\ 46.28\\ 47.65\\ 39.34\\ 45.28\\ 50.84\\ 50.84\\ 50.84\\ 50.84\\ 50.84\\ 50.84\\ 50.84\\ 50.84\\ 50.84\\ 50.84\\ 50.84$	$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \end{array} \end{array} \\ 14. \ 3 \\ 12.50 \\ 14. \ 45 \\ 9.57 \\ 12.28 \\ 11.19 \\ 18. \ 0 \\ 12.66 \\ 11.25 \\ 13.85 \\ 16.11 \\ 19.76 \\ 13.40 \\ 9.89 \\ 9.52 \\ 9.84 \\ 15.73 \\ 12.31 \\ 18.81 \\ 12.44 \\ 15. \ 2 \\ 13.87 \\ 13.52 \\ 15.51 \\ 10.68 \\ 13.64 \\ 13.60 \\ 6.92 \\ 6.58 \\ 8.26 \\ 4.47 \\ 7.60 \\ 12.54 \\ 8.26 \\ 14.32 \\ 13.73 \\ 12.81 \\ 16.26 \\ 17.61 \\ 13.83 \\ 14.86 \\ 15.95 \\ 12.57 \\ 12.60 \\ 18.10 \\ 14.81 \\ 16.21 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & & $
1866	261	107	47	80	496	484	40.99	16.52	10.95
Total	6893	3108	1524	1765		13128	45.08	13.44	8.40

XVIII.

ADMISSIONS, DISCHARGES, AND DEATHS, FOR DECENNIAL PERIODS.

,		0			
Per-Centage	of Deaths on Total Num- ber under Treatment.	7.7	8.3	1.7	9.8
Per-Centage	of Deaths on Average Number Resident.	14.27	13.18	9.99	14.18
	rer-Centage of Recoveries on Admis- sions.	45.26	42.76	45.84	47. 1
	Died.	199	268	247	586
Discharged.	Relieved, and on Trial.	343	361	226	159
Disch	Recovered.	515	523	414	897
	Number of Admissions.	1140	1223	903	1908
	Number Resident.	1394	2032	2472	4132
	Decennial Period.	$1821 \\ to \\ 1830 \\ \end{bmatrix} \cdots$	$1831 \\ to \\ 1840 \\ \end{bmatrix} \cdots$	$\left. \begin{matrix} 1841 \\ to \\ 1850 \end{matrix} \right\} \dots$	$1851 \\ to \\ 1860 \\ \end{array} $

36

AVERAGE NUMBER OF PATIENTS EMPLOYED, AND OF THOSE ATTENDING CHAPEL AND SCHOOL.

XIX.

	Males.	Females	Total.
Numbers employed daily		145	310
" attending Chapel at each Service	143 .	148	291
" " School each time	41	38	79

XX.

AVERAGE CHARGE PER HEAD, PER WEEK, FOR THE YEAR 1866.

	s.	D,	
March Quarter	10	. 0	
June Quarter	9	. 0	
September Quarter	9	. 6	*
December Quarter	9	. 2	
4)	37	. 8	
Average for the year	9	. 5	

.

AVERAGE COST PER HEAD, PER WEEK,

(UNDER THE DIFFERENT HEADS OF EXPENDITURE,) FOR THE YEAR 1866, OF PATIENTS IN COUNTY ASYLUM.

	S. D.	
Salaries and Wages	1.9	$\tfrac{4912}{25149}$
Provisions	$4 . 9\frac{1}{2}$	$\tfrac{8058}{25149}$
Wine and Spirits	0.1	$\tfrac{1356}{25149}$
Necessaries	$0 . 9\frac{3}{4}$	$\tfrac{9813}{25149}$
Surgery and Dispensary	$0 . 0\frac{1}{2}$	$\tfrac{12254}{25149}$
Clothing	0 . $7\frac{1}{2}$	$\tfrac{13566}{25149}$
Furniture, Bedding, &c	$0.4\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{13283}{25149}$
Garden and Farm	$0.4\frac{1}{4}$	$\tfrac{20235}{25149}$
Other Expenses (Miscellaneous)	$0 . 1\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{23314}{25149}$
Average for the Year	9.0 $\frac{1}{4}$	$\frac{6195}{25149}$

38

XXI.

XXII.

AMOUNT OF POPULATION, AND NUMBER OF LUNATICS CHARGEABLE

TO UNIONS.

20,061,725	769,541	383	721	1 in 697	1 in 491	40,852
Population of England and Wales	" of Staffordshire	Number of Pauper Lunatics in Unions, or with friends throughout Staffordshire	", ", on the books of the Stafford County Asylum	Ratio of Pauper Lunatics to Population in Staffordshire	", ", in England and Wales	Total amount of Lunatics in England and Wales

39

MLLOR	
5	w.
cabbage, celery, parsley, and parsnips, according to the season, and sufficient water to make 100 pints.	TO MAKE COCOA FOR 200 PATIENTS. 203 f nonnds and 4 onnees of sugar, 9 quarts of milk, and sufficient water to make 200 pints.
·	io me
nts.	, ater t
100 pi	ient w
nake]	, 200 PATIENTS. , 9 quarts of milk, and sufficient wate
r to n	and
wate	TO MAKE COCOA FOR 200 PATIENTS. Inds and 4 ounces of sugar, 9 quarts of milk,
licient	ATHE rts of
d suf	9 qua
on, an	FOR :
Seas(OA 1
to the	COC
ding	MAKI nd 4 9
accor	TO 1
mips,	tion 8
l pars	DCDB.
7, and	of c
arsle	nnces
ery, p	o B Po
e, cel	de or
cabbag	0 1001
-	

The liquor in which the meat of the previous day has been boiled, 125 pounds of meat, consisting of legs and shins of heef, 15 pound of turnips, cabbage, celery, parsley, and parsnips, according to the second of the previous of pound of points of personal second points.

TOTAL AMOUNT OF MEAT CONSUMED BY EACH PATIENT WEEKLY. Males, 30 ounces, cooked and free from bone.

Full Diet, consisting of 6 ounces of meat, with ale, wine, or brandy, in cases of illness or debility. Soup, arrowroot, eggs, bacon, &c., if necessary. TO WORKING PATHENTS.—Bread, cheese, beer, and tobacco, as indulgences,

EXTRAS.

	ES.	Tea with Milk and Sugar.	pt.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	FEMALES	Butter.	0Z.	-101	ria.	nija	m(ct	Ha	48	-10	33
PER.	FEI	Bread.	0Z.	9	9	8	8	9	9	۳ ا	42
UP		Beer.	pt.	10]4	ester	n(#	124	15/41	m(4)		51
S	MALES	Cheese.	0Z.	67	50	67	2	53	67	63	14
	M	Bread.	0Z.	80	80	80	8	8	80	8	56

A DLLL. discretion. Vegetables. N R N N Here from bone. N R N N Here from bone. N R N N Here from bone. N R N Here from bone. N R N N Here from bone. N R	$\left \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $
FEMALE IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	32 31 2 20 16 21
FEMALES IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	32 31 2 20 16
FEMALES Meat Pie. II I I I E	32 31 2 20
	32 31 2
	32 31
	32
H G G F G G F G G F G G Bread.	
	15
Image: Second state of the se	
Vot weighed but served out at Other Other Signation.	N
H H Potatoes, D H	24
H: : 5 : 5 : 8 Rice or other	20
I. H. MALES. MALES. MALES.	28
TO MW dnos to I I I I I I I I	63
- + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	53
w a a a a a a a b Bread.	36
tash Mosked Meat . a : a : booked mone.	18
H H an an an an an an sa sa sa Butter.	33
KFAST. KFAST.	42
H H L L L L L L L L Z Coffee with Milk H K	1-
Image: Second	56
H A Cocca with Milk A B	1.
X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	Mei
X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	BRE
DDA	TOTAL
XXIII SUNDAY SUNDAY MONDAY TUESDAY FUESDAY FRIDAY FRIDAY	WEEKLY
SSAA SS	FA

ACCOUNTS.

.

Dr.	GARI	DEI	4	AI	IV
Stock on hand 31st December, 1865— Cows, Calves, and Pigs Straw, and Hay Mangold Wurtzel, and Turnips Poultry, Mule, and Donkey Implements	$519 \ 10 \\ 375 \ 0 \\ 7 \ 10$	d. 0 0 0 0 3	£	8.	d.
			076	10	3
Stock purchased Food for Pigs, do.	188 19		25	16	6
Grains and Wash from House	60 0		248	19	0
Barley purchased for Fowls			4	2	0
Land Rented— Rent Rates and Taxes	$\begin{array}{ccc} 27 & 0 \\ 7 & 2 \end{array}$	0			
Seed Potatoes purchased Portion of Straw purchased, and made { into Manure	14 14 1 29 18	.0			
			78	15	8
Arable Land, belonging to Asylum— Rates and Taxes Mangold, Turnip, and Carrot Seeds Portion of Straw made into Manure	4 5	222			
•					
Gardens— Seeds	05 15	_	23	14	2
Portion of Straw made into Manure Rates, and Taxes					
Grass Land, rented—		-	48	6	6
Rent of 22 acres Rates, and Taxes on same Grass Land, belonging to Asylum—		$\frac{2}{6}$			
Food purchased for Cows Horse hire	23 9	6 9 5			
Implements Insurance of Stock Gardeners Wages	24 12	$\begin{pmatrix} 6\\ 4\\ 0 \\ \end{pmatrix}$			0
		_ 2	94	6	2
		£ 18	00	10 .	3

FARM ACCOUNT. Cr.			PRO	FIT	
Stock on hand 31st December, 1866— Cows, Calves, and Pigs Straw, and Hay Mangold Wurtzel, and Turnips Mule, Donkey, and Poultry Implements	$ \begin{array}{c} 272 \\ 53 \\ \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{cccc} 18 & 0 \\ 16 & 0 \\ 16 & 0 \\ 10 & 0 \end{array}$	£	s.	d.
Less Stock as per Debit	1163 1076		87	7	5
Stock Sold Less Stock purchased	65 25		39	5	6
Pigs sold to House, $747\frac{3}{4}$ score at 9s Less Food purchased			87	10	9
Eggs sold to House, ,, to Market		$\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 9 \\ 3 & 6 \end{array}$	/		
Less food purchased	11 4		7	4	3
PRODUCE:— Potatoes, 1350 bushels at 3s., sold to House Potatoes, 427 bushels for Pigs.	202 1	10 0			-
Less for Rent, and other expenses	202 1 78 1		123	14	4
Parsnips, 3 tons, sold to House	11 1	1 0 11 0	-		
Mangold Wurtzel, 40 tons, used for Cows Less Seeds, Rates, &c.	41 1 23 1		17	17	10
Potatoes, 70 bushels at 3s., sold to House Onions, Cabbage, &c., do	10 1 96				
Less Seeds, Rates, &c	106 1 48		58	3	6
Hay, 64 tons at £4, for Cows. Milk sold to House Returned from Cattle Insurance	509 9	$ \begin{array}{ccc} 9 & 2 \\ 2 & 6 \end{array} $			
Less for Rent, Rates, &c	518 1 294		224	5	6
Total Credits Total Debits	$2445 \\ 1800 $				
Balance to Profit			£645	9	1

BALANCE

Receipts.

£ s. d.	£	s.	d.
Arrears due from Unions, 31st			
December, 1865 3745 0 0	chi		
Less Balance due to Treasurer 2121 15 7			
Balance in favour of Asylum, 31st December, 1865	1623	4	5
By Sale of Produce, &c 162 7 9			
" of Farm Stock 65 2 0			
	227	9	9
From County Treasurer for Building Repairs,			
including Artificers Wages, Insurance, &c	1234	15	0
From Unions for Care, Maintenance, Clothing,			
and other Expenses of the whole of the			
Lunatics in both Asylums	3061	13	2
Arrears due from Unions, 31st December, 1866	3992	12	11
		-	

£20139 15 3

STATEMENT OF THE FINANCES OF

Cr.

0	£	S.	d.	
Balance in hands of Treasurer	369			
Arrears due from Unions for the Maintenance of				
Patients (as stated above)	3992	12	11	

£4362 10 4

SHEET.

Payments.

£ s.	d.
By Building Repairs, including Artificers Wages,	
Insurance, &c., as specified on next page 1234 15	0
By the years expenditure on account of the	
Maintenance of Patients at the Stafford Asy-	
lum, as specified on next page11685 14	9
By the years expenditure on account of the	
Maintenance of Patients at the Burntwood	
Asylum	9
and the second of the second	_
18293 10	6
Balance in favour of Asylum, 31st December,	
1866 1846 4	9

£20139 15 3

THE ASYLUM, DECEMBER 31st, 1866.

Dr.

C***	£	s.	d.	
Amount due on Tradesmens Bills on account of				
Maintenance of Patients	1209	17	0	
Amount due to Burntwood Asylum for Main-				
tenance of Patients	1306	8	7	
Balance in favour of Asylum (as stated above)	1846	4	9	
-	£4362	10	-	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	64302	10	4	

February 6th, 1867,

Examined and found correct,

W. F. CHETWYND, J. H. WEBB, W. T. LOCKER, AUDITORS.

ABSTRACT OF THE YEARS EXPENDITURE.

£ s. d. £ s d.

BUILDING ACCOUNT.

Materials for Ordinary Repairs	699	18	7			
Painting Dining Hall	1000					
Artificers Wages	384	15	10			
Insurance			9			
Law Expenses	61	15	10			
			_	1234	15	0

MAINTENANCE ACCOUNT.

Bread, 13822_4^3 stones	1381	11	3
Butter, 2497 pounds	148	16	0
Candles and Lamp Oil	19	16	0
Cheese, 123 cwt. 3 qrs. 11 lbs	382	18	0
Clothing	800	0	9
Coals and Coke, 1270 tons 16 cwt. 1 qr	685	10	6
Cocoa, Coffee, Currants, and Raisins	173	18	4
Expenses in the Grounds, Garden, & Farm	72	15	5
Eggs, Fish, and Poultry	30	1	2
Flour, 1248 stones	122	5	0
Food for Stock	216	10	9
Funeral Expenses	105	0	0
Furniture	440	19	10
Gas, Fittings, &c.	196	18	9
Insurance of Cattle	24	12	4
Meat, 77,848 pounds	2445	18	0
Medicine, &c.	65	3	2
Malt and Hops	929	13	7
Mops, Brooms, &c	29	1	2
Oatmeal, Peas, &c	20	12	0
Plants, Shrubs, Seeds, &c	44	14	10
Potatoes and other vegetables	35	0	7
a			

Carried forward £8371 17 5

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Brought forward	. 8371	17	5	1234	15	0
Rates and Taxes on Asylum Property-	-					
Land Tax, £7. 8s. 0d.; Poor Rate,						
£17. 3s. 6d		10	101			
Tithe, £5. 7s. 0d. ; Cattle Plague Rate,	1 00	18	104			
£4. 0s. 4 ¹ / ₄ d)					
Rent of Land with Taxes-						
Rent, £136. 15s. 2d.; Land Tax,	1					
£2. 6s. 11d						
Tithe, £2. 10s. 4d.; Poor Rate,	159	11	$1\frac{3}{4}$			
£15. 3s. 9\d						
Cattle Plague Rate, £2. 14s. 114d)					
Rice		13	9			
Salaries and Wages		2	7			
Salt, Pepper, Mustard, &c	37	4	7			
Soap, Starch, Blue, &c	129	12	9			
Stationery, Printing, Periodicals, &c	103	19	2			
Straw for Cattle	59	16	8			
Sugar, 11196 pounds	206	17	0			
Tea, 1152 pounds	140	8	2			
Tobacco and Snuff	85	16	0			
Wine and Spirits	106	4	0			
Removing Patients to Burntwood	16	3	6			
Carriage of Goods, and Incidentals	12	9	2			
				11685	14	9
Maintenance of Patients at the Auxil						
Asylum, Burntwood				5373	0	9
			-	010000	10	
Total				E18293	10	6

