The reports of the County Lunatic Asylums at Lancaster, Rainhill, and Prestwich : presented to the Court of Adjourned Annual Session held on the 6th of January 1858 with the accounts of the receipts and payments of the respective treasurers of the said asylums.

Contributors

Lancaster County Lunatic Asylum. MacKreth, Thomas. Campbell, W. G. Wilkes, James, 1932-Gaskell, Samuel. Broadhurst, John. Vitré, Edward D. de. Walker, John. Earle, Hardman. Mills, Thomas S. Holland, Joseph. Chappé, J. B. Paul. Cleaton, John D. Higgins, Henry H. Lewis, R. C. Lancaster County Lunatic Asylum at Prestwich. Lancaster County Lunatic Asylum at Rainhill.

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REPORTS

OF THE

COUNTY LUNATIC ASYLUMS

AT

Lauraster, Rainhill, and Prestwich,

Presented to the Court of Adjourned Annual Session held on the 6th January, 1858.

WITH THE ACCOUNTS

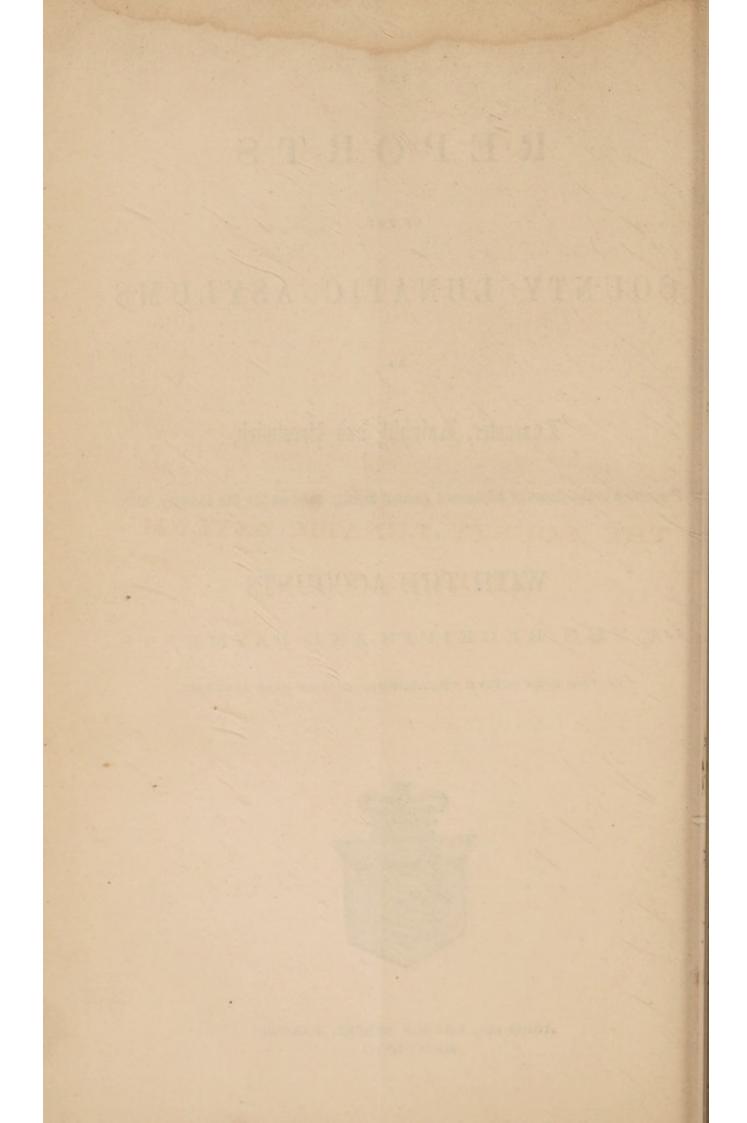
OF THE RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS

OF THE RESPECTIVE TREASURERS OF THE SAID ASYLUMS.



ADDISONS, CHURCH STREET, PRESTON. MDCCCLVIII

THE



THE COUNTY LUNATIC ASYLUM AT LANCASTER.



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REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF VISITORS

OF THE

County Lunatic Asylum at Laucaster,

TO THE

Adjourned Annual General Session held the 6th day of January, 1858.

To Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of Lancaster, in General Session assembled.

The Committee of the Lancaster Lunatic Asylum, in presenting the usual annual Report to the Magistrates of the County, has the gratification to state that the Asylum continues in a highly satisfactory condition, and continues to reflect credit on those to whom its supervision and management are more immediately entrusted.

The general health of the patients has been very good, and there has been no disease of an epidemic character. The mortality has been two per cent. less than that of last year.

The daily average number in the Asylum has been about 718: the number at the present time is 723, viz., 361 males and 362

females. Of these about 277 men are employed in out-door labour and in various trades. The women employed in the kitchen and laundry are about 52.

The admissions in the course of the year have been 137, viz., 86 men and 51 women. It may be proper to state that in the previous year the admissions were greater, being 186; viz., 95 men and 91 women.

The patients discharged cured, are 20 men and 27 women; upon the application of relatives &c., 7 men and 10 women. The deaths have been 61; viz., 42 men and 19 women.

The attendance at chapel has only averaged about 270, in consequence of the want of accommodation :—if the chapel were sufficiently large, about 400 would attend.

The weekly charge for the maintenance and care of the patients: for the first half of the year was 7s. 7d.; for the second half your Committee was obliged to raise it to 8s. 2d.

The Asylum has been kept unusually full during the whole of a the year, and your Committee regrets to state that applications for the admission of 70 men and 111 women were obliged to be refused. In previous years the refusals had been very few. How these 181 patients have been disposed of, and where placed, must be a subject of anxious solicitude to every humane mind; especially

9

as your Committee has been informed that similar refusals, and even to a greater extent, have been found necessary at the Rainhill and Prestwich Asylums. A very great majority of Workhouses must be considered as totally unfit for the reception and treatment of urgent cases ;—few of them, your Committee believes, are adapted (even yet) for the proper care of the idiotic and imbecile class of patients. These facts seem plainly to indicate that additional Asylum accommodation is much needed for the County.

In the beginning of the year your Committee, in consequence of the failing health of the Chaplain, Mr. Danby, thought it desirable that some arrangement should be made for the more efficient discharge of the important duties of that office; and in the month of March the Reverend Henry Fielding Smith was appointed Assistant-Chaplain for one year, at a salary of £100., to be paid by Mr. Danby. In October last Mr. Danby died, and in December the Reverend Mr. Onion, of Birmingham, was appointed his successor, at the annual salary of £250., with an allowance of £40. per annum till a Chaplain's residence was provided.

No other circumstances have occurred which your Committee considers to require any further special notice; but as a misunderstanding continues to exist in some parts of the County, as to the grounds upon which your Committee usually acts in granting applications from Guardians for the removal of idiotic and imbecile patients from the Asylum to a Workhouse, it seems desirable to repeat what your Committee stated upon this subject in last year's

report. "In every case where the medical officers of the Asylum can give the assurance that the idiotic and imbecile patient sought to be discharged is harmless, and not likely, if kept in the Asylum, to be benefitted by any remedial treatment; and if upon inquiry of the Guardians applying, or from any other person competent to give the information, your Committee finds that there is a separate ward in the Workhouse in which the patient can be kept, such discharges are readily granted. Your Committee, in acting upon these considerations, and in exercising this discretion, has been accused (so it has been reported) of claiming a right to interfere beyond the limits of the Asylum. Your Committee has no such right, and disclaims all such intention. But your Committee will not forbear from expressing a hope that the Guardians (and especially is this appeal made to the ex-efficio Guardians and medical officers of these Workhouses) will see that these patients so transferred are really kept apart, and free from the taunts and provocations they are so apt to meet with from the ordinary inmates of a Workhouse, and that they receive such treatment and accommodation as their helpless and afflicted condition so justly requires."

Subjoined is the report of the Commissioners in Lunacy, made in October last.

THOS. MACKRETH,

Chairman.

Lancaster Asylum, 5th January, 1858. Lancaster County Asylum, 27th October, 1857.

Since the last visit of the Commissioners on the 13th September 1856, 166 patients have been admitted, 92 have been discharged, and 75 have died: -14 dying from general paralysis, 12 from general disease of brain, 26 from diseases of the chest and lungs, 5 from epilepsy, and the rest from various other causes, including one suicide, in which case an inquest was duly held. This, however, occurred thirteen months ago.

There are now 731 patients in the Asylum, of whom 368 are males and 363 are females. 40 of these are registered as being under medical treatment, and 6 as having been recently secluded, which is more than the average weekly seclusion.

We have to-day seen the patients, and have inspected the wards. The patients were generally tranquil, and their wards and rooms clean and in good order.

About 305 men patients are employed in various ways, 140 of them being occupied out of doors and in different trades; and 270 patients attend chapel. The patients of both sexes are mainly in good health, not more than 10 (including those in both infirmaries) being confined to their beds. On going through the various wards, we observe that many of the day-rooms and several of the dormitories are overcrowded, and we have made some suggestions to Mr Broadhurst in order to remedy the inconvenience.

We learn on enquiry that 150 patients have been refused admission into this establishment in the course of the present year. As the Asylum at present contains 731 patients, a number too large, in our opinion, to be properly dealt with in one Asylum, we think it highly inexpedient to admit more, or to make any arrangements for that purpose. The majority of patients at present in the house (not less in fact than 500) belong to the Southern division of the County, where they should rightly be placed. At present they are sent, at an unnecessary expense, a long way from their homes and friends, who are scarcely ever able to visit them.

There has been a great deficiency of water for between two and three months. We think it highly desirable that this great evil should at once be remedied, by obtaining a regular supply of water from the Corporation Waterworks.

In reference to the points noticed in the last entry, we find that lavatories have been introduced in the central building, and that the windows of the infirmary have been lowered.

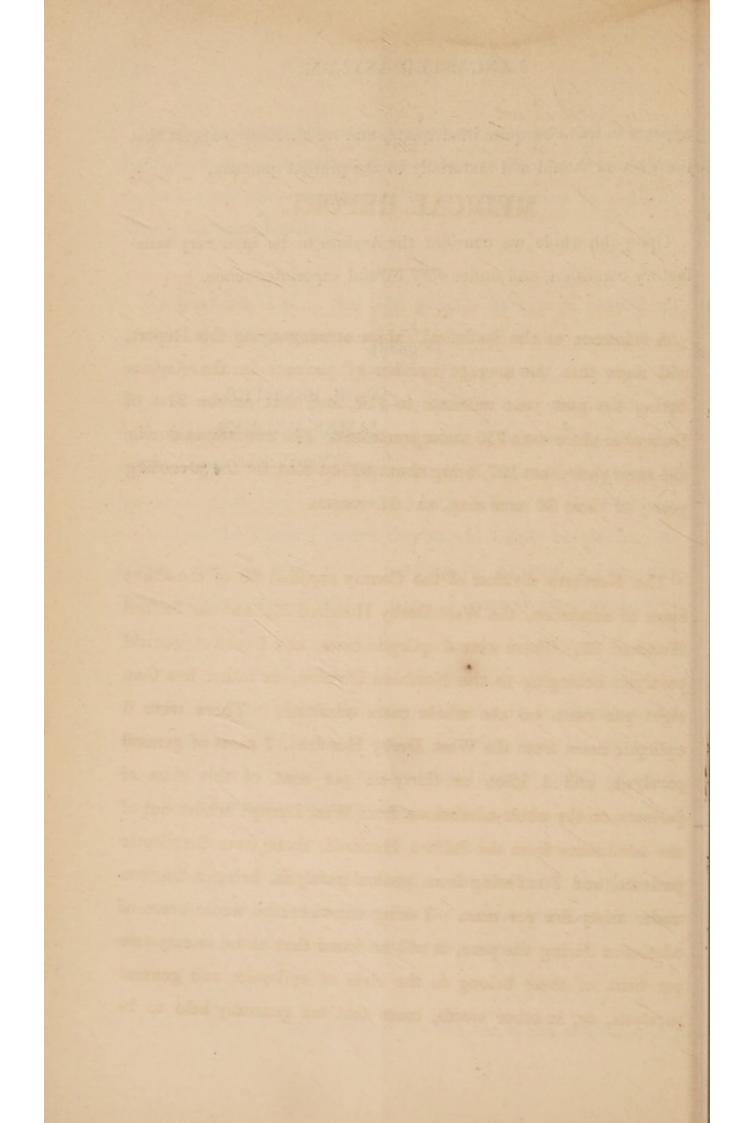
The amount of land provided for the use of the establishment

appears to us to be quite inadequate, and we therefore suggest that the Visitors should add materially to the present quantity.

Upon the whole we consider the Asylum to be in a very satisfactory condition, and under very careful superintendence.

(Signed)

W. B. PROCTER. JAMES WILKES. Commissioners in Lunacy.



MEDICAL REPORT.

A reference to the Statistical Tables accompanying this Report, will shew that the average number of patients in the Asylum during the past year amounts to 718, and that on the 31st of December there were 725 under treatment. The admissions during the same period are 137, being about 50 less than for the preceding year; of these 86 were men, and 51 women.

'The Northern division of the County supplied 66 of the above cases of admission, the West Derby Hundred 39, and the Salford Hundred 32. There were 4 epileptic cases, and 1 case of general paralysis belonging to the Northern Division, or rather less than eight per cent. on the whole cases admitted. There were 6 epileptic cases from the West Derby Hundred, 7 cases of general paralysis, and 1 idiot, or thirty-six per cent. of this class of patients on the whole admissions from West Derby : whilst out of the admissions from the Salford Hundred, there were 8 epileptic patients, and 3 suffering from general paralysis, being a fraction under thirty-five per cent. 'Taking therefore the whole cases of admission during the year, it will be found that about twenty-two per cent. of these belong to the class of epileptics and general paralysis, or, in other words, cases that are generally held to be incurable. The foregoing analysis cannot but direct attention to the great disproportion of incurable patients from the different divisions of the County, and to whatever cause this may be assigned, it is assuredly a fact that a very large per-centage of the whole were hopelessly incurable on admission. There have been 13 of the patients admitted during the year discharged cured, and 13 have died during the same period, or about ten per cent. of the whole. It may be remarked that one man died within a few hours of his admission, from exhaustion and advanced disease of brain.

Applications for the admission of patients have been numerous and urgent, and nearly 200 of these have been rejected from inability to provide accommodation.

The mortality during the year contrasts favourably with that of the last; the per-centage of deaths being $8\frac{1}{2}$. The long continuance of east winds in the spring months caused more than the usual amount of chest diseases, but the remarkably fine dry weather of the after part of the year was conducive to the health of the inmates.

A few alterations have taken place in the interior of the building, with a view, as far as practicable, to render the institution more cheerful, and to divest it of any semblance of a prison-like character. The chief of these has been the removal of the ponderous iron gates placed across the main galleries on both sides of the establishment, for the purpose of better separating the patients or confining them to their respective divisions.

17

Experience has satisfactorily proved that precautions formerly deemed desirable for the safety and security of the patients may, in many cases, be done away with; and in this instance, some trifling domestic changes have sufficed hitherto to meet every difficulty, whilst the general cheerfulness of the wards has been considerably improved. It may be added that the weight of ironwork thus removed amounted to about four tons.

Additions have been made to the furniture in the different wards. Looking-glasses of improved construction have been put up; washstands have been provided in many of the dormitories, in addition to the lavatories previously in use; some book-cases have afforded increased facilities for reading for those patients who may have a taste for it; and birch bedsteads of an improved construction have replaced many of the old and unsightly cribs, which were no longer suitable for use.

Abundant occupation has been provided for the men in the alterations and improvements still in progress in the grounds, the main work being on the west side of the new and spacious airingcourt for the men; the cultivation of the farm and garden produce in the proper season, is a suitable and agreeable means of employment for those who are able to engage in it; whilst for the more excited and troublesome patients, the most valuable agent is found to be active out-door exercise. The varied walks within the grounds afford much scope and variety of scenery, and in addition frequent exercise is taken in the more secluded parts of the neighbourhood. A party of 150 women are permitted to take a long

walk in the country twice a week; and during the summer months several excursions were made to Morecambe bay, much to the enjoyment of those who were privileged to be of the party.

The spacious kitchen makes a tolerably efficient substitute for a recreation-hall during the winter months, when about 300 patients of both sexes (being as many as the room will hold) are assembled together for the enjoyment of dancing and singing. The order and good conduct observed on these occasions are very gratifying, and must be attended with a salutary effect upon both servants and patients. Out-door parties are held on the green in front of the building during the summer.

In conclusion, it is a matter of thankfulness that the year has passed over without any accidents, or occurrences of an unpleasant nature; and our warmest acknowledgments are due to both officers and servants for the energy and zeal which they have evinced in the discharge of their respective duties.

E. D. DE VITRÉ, M.D. Visiting Physician.

JOHN BROADHURST, Surgeon and Superintendent.

County Asylum, Lancaster, March 2nd, 1858.

STATISTICAL TABLES.

TABLE I.

Report of Admissions, Deaths, and Discharges, from January 1st to December 31st, 1857.

MEN. In the House, 1st January 1857 Admitted to the 31st December Recovered Died Discharged at request Remaining in the house 31st Dec	344 86 20 42 7	430 69 361				
WOMEN. In the House, 1st January 1857 Admitted to the 31st December Recovered Died Discharged at request	367 51 27 19 10	418 56				
Remaining in the House 31st Dec	and a	362				
Total under treatment during the year849Daily averageAdmitted since 28th July, 1816						

TABLE II.

Duration of Treatment of Patients Discharged Recovered.

Under 3 Months, ,, 6 ,,, ,, 9 ,,, ,, 12 ,,, ,, 18 ,,	3 10 16 8 5	Brought forw. Under 2 years ,, 3 ,. ,, 4 ,, ,, 5 ,, ,, 10 ,,	ard	42 1 1 1 1 1
Carried forward .	42	Total	••••••	47

TABLE III.

Duration of Treatment of Patients who have Died.

æ

	18 19 20	>> >> >> >> >>	 	2 1 1 1 1
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	24	1,	 •••	1

TABLE IV.,

Causes of Deaths during the year 1857.

Disease of Brain, or its membranes Ditto with General Paralysis General Debility, and Old Age Epilepsy Exhaustion Purpura Hœmorrhagica Consumption Bronchitis Pneumonia Hœmoptysis Effusion on Chest Chronic Pleurisy Emphysema of Lungs	$ \begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 6 \\ 3 \\ 5 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{array} $	F. 2 1 4 1 0 0 9 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Hæmoptysis Effusion on Chest Chronic Pleurisy	1 1 1	0 0
	42	19

20

TABLE V.

Extract from the Daily Account of the State of the Patients.

MEN.

Employed, 17th to 19th December, 1857.	rsday th.	Frie 18	day th.	Saturday 19th.				
and more able and more a	Morn	After	Morn.	After.	Morn.	After.		
In the Garden , Land , Airing Courts , Joiner's Shop , Plumber's Shop , Shoemaker's Shop ,	$ \begin{array}{c} 14\\74\\2\\3\\4\\7\\11\\4\\3\\93\\3\\16\\38\\4\\3\\2\\2\end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 13\\70\\1\\3\\4\\7\\11\\4\\3\\62\\3\\16\\45\\$	$ \begin{array}{c} 14\\77\\2\\3\\4\\7\\11\\4\\3\\93\\2\\2\\2\\37\\\\\\\\37\\2\\2\\2\\37\\\\\\\\32\\2\\2\\2\\37\\\\\\\\32\\2\\2\\2\\$	$ \begin{array}{c} 13\\75\\1\\3\\4\\7\\11\\4\\3\\59\\2\\2\\2\\43\\\\\\\\3\\2\\2\\2\\2\\2\\2\\2\\2\\2\\2\\2\\2\\2$	$ \begin{array}{c} 15\\80\\2\\3\\4\\7\\11\\4\\3\\96\\1\\3\\2\\39\\\\\\\\39\\\\\\\\39\\\\\\\\39\\\\\\\\2\\2\end{array}\right) $	$7 \\ 31 \\ 7 \\ 34 \\ 7 \\ 11 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 68 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 47 \\ \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 2$		
Total Employed	286	252	268	236	277	205		
Unemployed.			1		1			
Excitement with Seclusion Sick and in Bed Quiet	1 9 66	 7 103	1 9 84	1 6 119	 8 77	 5 153		
Total unemployed	76	110	94	126	85	158		
Admissions Deaths and Discharges		:	:		1			
Total	3	62	30	32	30	63		

21

TABLE V.-Continued.

Extract from the Daily Account of the State of the Patients.

WOMEN.

Emyloyed, 17th to 19th December, 1857.		rsday th.		iday th.	Saturday 19th.			
	Morn.	After,	Morn.	After.	Morn.	After.		
Cleaning in the Galleries Assisting in the Kitchen , Laundry and Wash-house. Peeling Potatoes Binding Boots Making Bonnets Sewing and Quilting Sewing and Quilting Mending Stockings Picking Flocks Making Stocks	170 10 40 30 34 	10 40 150 20 30 34 	180 10 40 20 34 	10 40 150 20 30 34 	180 10 40 12 30 14 	 10 40 12 4 156 20 30 14 		
Total employed	284	284	284	284	286	286		
Unemployed.				10.00				
Excitement with Seclusion without Seclusion Sick Quiet	2 4 12 56	2 4 12 56	1 3 12 58	1 3 12 58	3 4 12 53	3 4 12 53		
Total unemployed	74	74	74	74	72	72		
Admissions Deaths and Discharges		:			1.1.1.1.1	:		
Total	3	58	3	58	3	58		

TABLE VI.

ARTICLES MADE and REPAIRED by the Tailors, Shoemakers, and Women Patients.

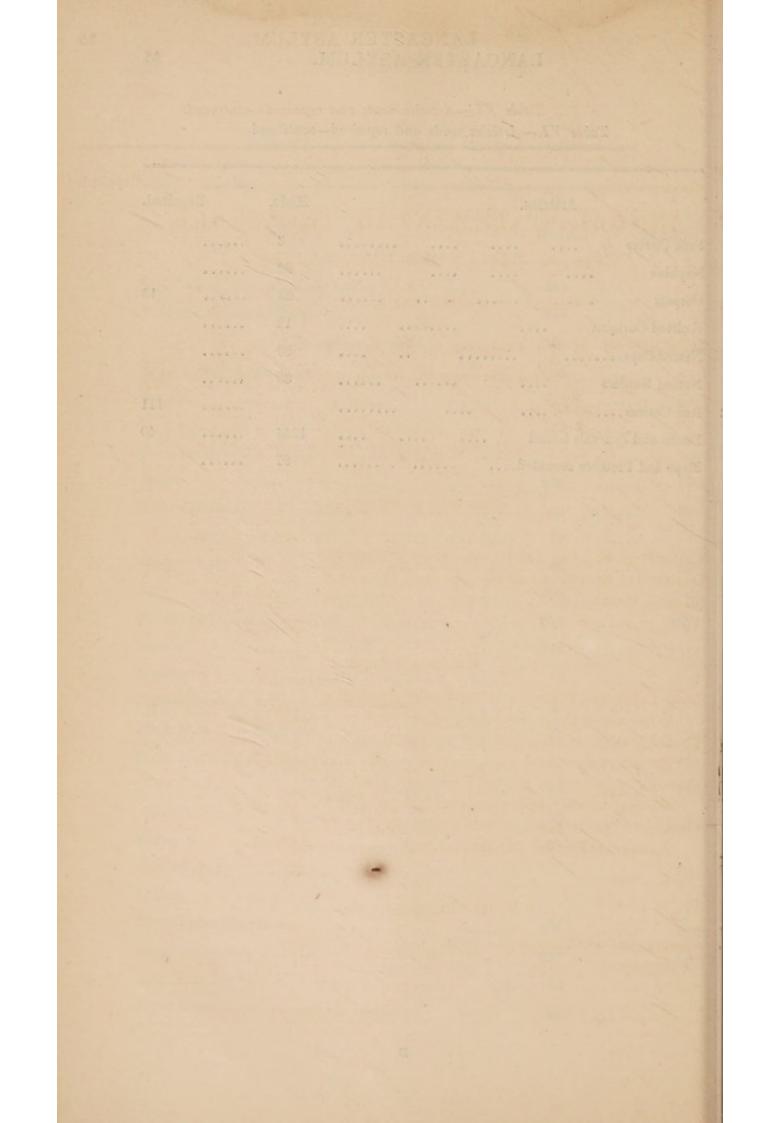
the second the second second	Hite Base	a perior in	mentil
Articles.	Made.	R	epaired.
Shirts	1034		2931
Shifts	883	·····	6274
Flannel Singlets	620		2919
,, Drawers	109		286
Top and Under Petticoats	975		4994
Stays	132		1715
Vests			169
Gowns	62		120
Bedgowns	512		3583
Nightgowns	59		134
Pairs of Stockings	227		16425
Handkerchiefs	559		385
Aprons	995		3386
Day Caps	514		2379
Night Caps	258		376
Men's Caps	279		
Patients' Jackets	220		140
", Waistcoats	212	·····	92
", Trowsers	353		293
Attendants' Jackets	12		
,, Waistcoats	25		
" Trowsers	40		
Kirtles	6		18
Mens' Shoes and Boots	228		23

Articles.	Made.	Re	epaired.
Mens' Shoes, &c., soled and heeled	. 545		
Womens' Shoes and Boots	. 448		37
,, ,, soled and heeled	. 396		
Mens' strong Ancle Jacks	. 64		
Bonnets	. 119		657
Stocks	. 162		
Shirt Fronts			170
Towels	. 236		195
Ticken Dresses	. 39		265
,, Rugs	. 12		11
Quilted Rugs	. 340		294
Beds	100		42
Pillows and Cases	. 857		1974
Sheets	. 1184		3134
Mattrasses	. 13		7
Bolster Cases	. 34		7
Fibre Mats	. 17		20
Cloth Mats	. 50		105
Table Cloths	. 53		116
Window Blinds	. 60		43
V-11	. 50		
Shawls			30
Gloves			44
Counterpanes hemmed	. 194		210
Blankets overcast			185
Boot Tons bound	. 102		

Table V1 .--- Articles made and Repaired-continued.

Articles.	Made.	Repaired.
Sofa Covers	6	
Napkins	20	
Carpets	22	13
Knitted Curtains	12	
Netted Caps	30	
Netted Borders	30	
Bed Canvas		111
Books and Journals bound	1246	40
Maps and Pictures mounted	97	

Table VI.-Articles made and repaired-continued.



ANNUAL STATEMENT OF TREASURER,

FROM JAN. 1 TO DEC. 31, 1857.

RECEIPTS by the Treasurer of the County of Lancaster Lunatic Asylum at Lancaster, from the 1st January to the 31st December, 1857, inclusive.

I. From Sales of Miscellanies.

	£.	s,	d.	£.	s.	d.
Rags £17 2s. 2d., Pigs £33 18s. 4d., Bones £27 12s. 4d.	78	12	10			
Hay £22 12s. 8d., Onions £3 16s 8d., Barm 17s	27	6	4			
Mangold Wurtzel	2	12	0			
				108	11	2

II. Maintenance Account.

From Unions and Townships in the County contributing			
to the Asylum, at 7s. 101d. per head per week	11775	8	0
From Townships in other Counties not contributing, at			
12s per head per week	63	1	9
From the Treasurer of Liverpool Borough Gaol, for			
Criminal Lunatics, at 7s. 10 ¹ / ₂ d. per head per week	67	9	2
From the County Treasurer, for Criminal and Vagrant			
Lunatics, at 7s. 101d. per head per week	2567	4	2

--- 14473 3 1

III. Building Account.

From the County Treasurer, for Buildings, Repairs, Furniture, Fittings, &c..... 1838 5 1

Total Receipts.....£16419 19 4

PAYMENTS by the Treasurer of the County of Lancaster Lunatic Asylum at Lancaster, from the 1st January to the 31st December, 1857, inclusive.

I. Salaries and Wages.

	£.	5.	d.	£.	s.	d.
John Broadhurst Superintendent	400	0	0 -			
Edward D. de Vitré Physician	150	0	0			
Rev. F. B. Danby Chaplain	168	15	4			
Rev. H. F. Smith Assistant Chaplain	128	14	8			
P. W. Starke House Surgeon	94	9	3			
Robert Jackson Law Clerk						
John Walker Treasurer and Clerk	130	0	0			
Henry ShawHouse Steward	100	0	0			
Sarah Procter Matron	80	0	0			
Mary Barker Assistant Matron	22	0	0			
Servants In-door	264	0	8			
Out-Door	158	12	0			
Attendants						
Labourer						
				3019	3	9

Average cost per head per week 1s 71d.

Men Servants.

1	Chief Attendant	at	£55.	Os.	per	year.
	Attendant			12s.	,,	
10	ditto		34.	2s.	,,	each
2	ditto		32.	Os.	,,	,,
	ditto		28,	0s.	,,	,,
	ditto		27.	0s.	,,	"
2	ditto		26,	0s.	,,	,,
3	ditto		25,	0s.	,,	,,

Carried over 3019 3 9

28

£. s. d. Brought over...... 3019 3 9

Men Servants-continued.

1	Attendant and Tailor £28.	0s.	per year
1	ditto and Shoemaker	16s.	per week
1	Porterat £30	. Os.	per year
1	ditto 25.	0s.	"
1	Gardener	24s,	per week
1	Baker	24s.	"
1	Brewer and Carter	20s.	,,
1	Steam tenter	18s.	"
1	Swine herd	14s.	,,
1	Laborer	15s.	,,
1	ditto	13s.	"
1	Lodge porter	3s.	,,

Women Servants.

3	Nursesat	£18.	7s.	per year	each
6	ditto	18.	Os.	,,	,,
1	ditto	17.	12s.	"	
1	ditto	16.	0s,	,,	
3	ditto	15.	0s.	,,	,,
2	ditto	14.	0s.	,,	,,
5	ditto	13.	0s.	,,	,,
1	Housemaid	10.	0s.	,,	
1	Cook	16.	Qs.	,,	
1	Assistant Cook	13.	Os.	"	
4	ditto	8.	8s.	"	,,
1	Laundrymaid	20.	0s.	,,	
1	Assistant ditto	12.	0s.	,,	
2	ditto ditto	8.	8s.	,,	,,

II. Provisions.

Porter	240	gallons	at 1s.	73d	19	8	0	
Barley	3	cwt	at 20s.	4d	3	1	0	
Malt	180	quarters	at 72s.	93d	655	7	9	
Hops	661	lbs	at Os.	93d	26	13	4	

Carried over...... 704 10 1 3019 3 9

					£.	s.	d,	£.	8.	d.
		Brough	t ove	r	704	10	1	3019	3	9
Butter 9256										
Cheese 33	cwt. 2 qrs. 2	26lbsat	68s.	0d	114	12	9			
Coffee 3478	lbs	at	1s.	1d	188	7	8			
Chicory										
Currants 124	lbs	at	Os.	91d	4	17	2			
Fish, Pigs, Poultry, &							1			
Meat102079							8			
Milk							121-02			
Oatmeal 89										
Indian meal 384							3			
Split peas 13										
Potatoes 2028										
Raisins 50 Rice 0716										
Rice 9716	105	at	Us.	14.15a.	63	5	7			
Sugar (soft) 16580	105	at	Os.	5%d	407	19	8			
Sugar (loaf) 175	lbs	at	0s.	7 ³ / ₄ d	5	12	4			
Tea 1700	lbs	at	2s.	9åd	235	5	6			
Tobacco and Snuff	•• •••				87	13	4			
Vinegar, Salt, Mustard	, Pepper, &c	C			85	9	8			
Arrowroot and Sago					19	14	3			
Flour 1084	packs	at	39s.	111d	2160	13	6			
						-	-	8280	4	0

Average cost per head per week 4s. 5d.

III. Fuel, Lighting, Washing, &c.

Candles (moulds)	24 lbs.	at Os.	111d	1	3	0
Candles (dips)						
Coals1						
Slack						
Turf						
Gas						
Soda	10 cwt	at 8s.	7±d	4	6	0
Soap (hard)	113 cwt	at 30s.	9d	173	15	0
Soap (soft)	11 cwt. 2 qr.	at 33s.	6d	19	5	6
Blue and Starch				10	9	4
7 9						- 1036 11 7

Average cost per head per week 61d.

Carried over 12335 19 4

50

£. s. d. Brought over..... 12335 19 4

IV. Surgery and Dispensary.

			_				123	18
Wine and S	Spirits		 	93	17	0		
Drugs		 	 	30	l	8		

Average cost per head per week 03d.

V. Clothing.

					-	1264	2
Woollen Cloth	•••••	••••••	363	8	0		
Thread, Needles, &c							
Stockings			90	3	0		
Linen	••••••		300	9	5		
Leather							
Flannel	/		162	13	0		
Calico							

Average cost per head per week 8d.

VI. Furniture and Bedding.

Bedding	163 1	0 4	
Blankets	238 1	17 8	
Counterpanes	103	0 6	
Crockery	54 1	5 9	
Culinary and other Utensils, Brushes	133 1	3 9	
Ironmongery	43 1	5 0	
Sheeting	213	9 6	
Straw, Noils, and other materials for Bedding	167 1	4 2	
Upholstery	70 1	17 9	
Towelling	91	3 3	

1199 17 8

Average cost per head per week 8d.

Carried over...... 14923 18 5

8

9

Brought	over		1	£. 4923		
VII. Funeral Expenses.						
	23	0	0			
Coffins	17			40	2	0
Average cost per head per week 04d.						
VIII. Garden and Farm.						
Seeds	20	0	0			
Seeds	38					
Saddlery		16			17	10
			-	58	17	10
Average cost per head per week 04d.						
IX. Miscellaneous.						
Advertising, Printing, Books, Stationery and Postages	97	9	7			
Rates, Tithes, and Taxes	10	9	1			
Whitewashing	75	10	0			
Carriage of Goods	13	13	1			
Travelling Expenses of Patients	20	12	2			
Ditto of Officers	2	6	6			
Ditto of the Candidates for Chaplain	26	0	0			
Interest 13 4 Bank Commission and Postages						
Bank Commission and Postages 36 19 4	50	3	8			
			_	296	4	
Average cost per head per week 2d.						
X. Building and Repairs.						
Cartage	4	4	0			
Ironwork and Castings	205	0	4			
Labour and Wages	660	17	7			
Plumber and Glazier	62	2 5	0			
Carried over	932	6	11	15318	3 12	

		£.	8.	d.	£.	8.	d.
	Brought over	932	6	11	15318	12	4
			10				
Slater and Plasterer							
Stonemason		181	4	0			
Lime, Sand, and Gravel		22	6	3			
Timber		152	10	4			
Slack		3	13	4			
Ironmongery		71	14	0			
Oil and Paint		72	12	9			
Fire Insurance			10	9			
Plants, and laying out the grounds			7				
		3					
William Bell, Travelling Expenses							
Bedsteads			0	0			
Steam Engine and Boiler	•••••	85	17	0			
Tile Draining Pipes, and cleaning Tank		56	14	0			
Architect and Superintendent of Works.		25	0	0			
John Shaw, Pension for 1 year		40	0	0			
William Megrady, ditto		15	0	0			
John Sandham, ditto		18	5	0			
Two Baths		5	0	0			
				-	1845	3	10

Total Payments £17163 16 2

8 2

Summary of Average cost per head per week.

	8.	d.
ISalaries and Wages	1	71
IIProvisions	4	5
IIIFuel, Lighting, Washing, &c.	0	61
IV Surgery and Dispensary	0	$0\frac{3}{4}$
VClothing	0	8
VI Furniture and Bedding	0	8
VIIFuneral Expenses	0	0‡
IIIGarden and Farm	0	04
IXMiscellaneous	0	2

Average number of Patients 718.

BALANC

GENERAL STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS and PAYMENTS Between the 1st day of Januar

Dr.

RECEIPTS.

				æ.	8.	a.	
IFrom Sales of Miscellanies				108	11	2	
II From Maintenance of Pauper Patients				14473	3	1	
IIIFrom County Treasurer for Buildings, Repairs,	Furni	ture	,				
Fittings, &c				1838	5	1	
To Balance of Maintenance Account	1018	6	6				
Less Balance due on Building Account	14	3	5				
			-	1004	3	1	

Total Receipts £17424 2 5

JOHN WALKER, Clerk.

STATEMENT OF THE FINANCIAL AFFAIRS OF

1857. £. s. d. Dec. 31. To Amount due for Maintenance of Patients, this day 3923 18 8

£3923 18 8

JOHN WALKER, Clerk.

HEET.

ACCOUNT of the COUNTY LUNATIC ASYLUM at LANCASTER. and the 31st day of December, 1857.

PAYMENTS.

			£.	8.	d,	£.	8.	d.
By Balance from 1st January, 1	1857		•••			260	6	3
1 By Salaries and Wages			3019	3	9			
IIBy Provisions			8280	4	0		3	
IIIBy Fuel, Lighting, Washing, &	c		1036	11	7			
IV By Surgery and Dispensary			123	18	8			
VBy Clothing			1264	2	9			
VIBy Furniture and Bedding			1199	7	8			
VII By Funeral Expenses			40	2	0			
VIII By Garden and Farm			58	17	10			
IX By Miscellaneous			296	4	1			
and the second second						15318	12	4
X By Building and Repairs	••••					1845	3	10
	Total	Payme	nts		£	17424	2	õ

Audited 29th January, 1858,

.

WM. JACKSON, S, E. BOLDEN.

NATIC ASYLUM AT LANCASTER, 31st DECEMBER, 1857.

1857.			£.	8.	d.
Dec. 31.	Dec. 31. By Balance due to the Treasurer (see above) By Amount due to sundry Tradesmen on account		1018	6	6
	tenance of Patients, this day		2284	13	8
	By Balance in favor of the Asylum	•••••	620	18	6

£3923 18 8

Cr.

GARDEN AN

Dr.

	3	e. 1	8	d.
To Stock of Pigs, 1st January, 1857	2	220	13	6
Poultry ditto		3	15	0
Vegetables ditto		9	6	0
Swineherd's wages		36	8	0
Oatmeal for feeding Pigs	1	123	15	0
Indian meal ditto		36	1	0
Meal dust · ditto		8	4	4
Grains from Brewery		25	15	0
Pig wash from the House		15	0	0
Coals for boiling food		5	5	9
Oats, &c. for Poultry		2	15	8
Butcher for killing Pigs		3	6	0
Sundries		0	13	0
Gardener's Wages		54	12	0
Laborer's Wages		38	8	2
Seed Potatoes		6	15	11
Garden Seeds		14	15	2
Garden Implements		6	4	8
Rent of Land,		50	0	0
Balance		226	12	1

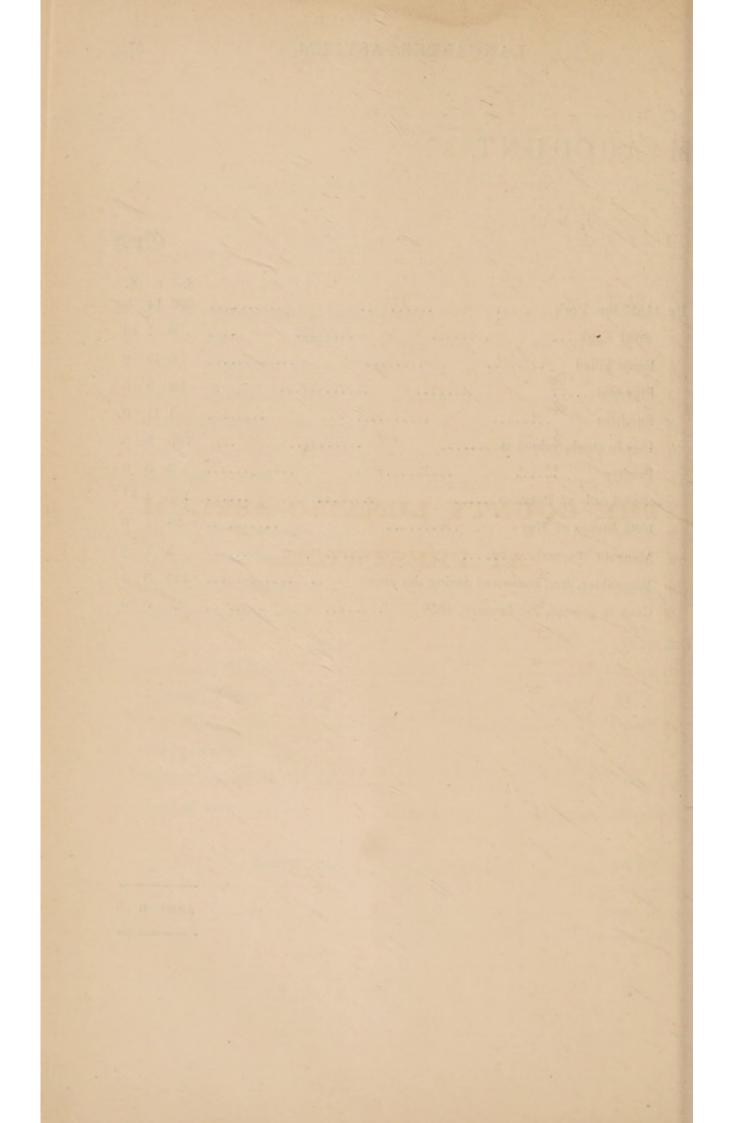
£888 6 3

ARM ACCOUNT.

		£.	8.	d.
By	11557 lbs. Pork	292	14	0
	2631 Eggs	8	1	10
	Fowls killed	0	17	2
	Pigs sold	29	6	0
	Sundries	4	11	0
	Pigs in stock, valued at	196	5	0
	Poultry	3	5	0
	342 Loads of Potatoes	160	4	11
	1084 Stones of Hay	22	11	8
	Mangold Wurtzel	5	1	3
	Vegetables, &c., consumed during the year	140	8	5
	Crop on ground, 1st January, 1858	25	0	0

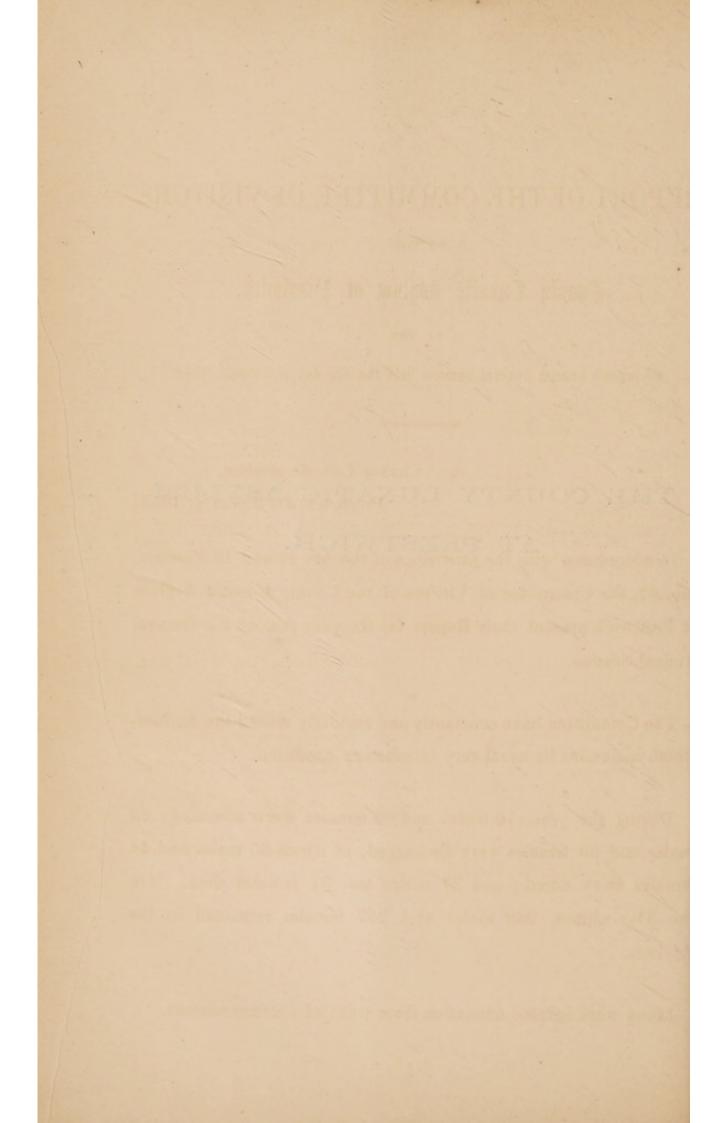
£888 6 3

Er.



THE COUNTY LUNATIC ASYLUM

AT PRESTWICH.



REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF VISITORS

OF THE

County Lunatic Asylum at Prestwich,

TO THE

Adjourned Annual General Session held the 6th day of January, 1858.

County Lunatic Asylum, Prestwich, 1st January, 1858.

In accordance with the provisions of the Act 16 and 17 Victoria, cap. 97, the Committee of Visitors of the County Lunatic Asylum at Prestwich present their Report for the past year to the General Annual Session.

The Committee have constantly and regularly visited the Asylum, which maintains its usual very satisfactory condition.

During the year, 76 males and 92 females were admitted; 42 males and 58 females were discharged, of whom 30 males and 44 females were cured; and 37 males and 31 females died. On the 31st ultimo, 248 males and 257 females remained in the Asylum.

Many were refused admission from want of accommodation.

A continued course of improvement has taken place in the buildings of the Asylum A very handsome gallery has been erected in the recreation-room, the summer-house has been improved, and the inside and outside of the buildings have been painted and whitewashed. Improvements have been made in the kitchens, and the entire work has been done by the attendants and patients, under the direction of the Superintendent.

The Medical Report, when presented, will convey to the Magistrates the gratifying intelligence that the bodily health of the patients has been good.

Although with difficulty, during the high prices of provisions, the Committee has been enabled to maintain the patients at the usual weekly charge of 7s. 7d., without any diminution in the quantity or quality of the food supplied, or in the comforts of the patients. The diet is good, sufficient, and very satisfactory.

In conclusion the Committee desire to express their approval of the conduct of the officers of the institution, among whom there have been no changes.

> THOS. S. MILLS, Chairman.

REPORT OF SUPERINTENDENT.

County of Lancaster Asylum, Prestwich, February 17th, 1858.

Gentlemen,

I have the honour to present to you the customary tabular statements in relation to the admission and discharge of patients during the past year. In the general routine of the Asylum, so little deviation has there been from the practice of former years, that very few remarks beyond the usual summary will, on my part, be required.

The number of patients remaining in the Asylum on the 1st of January 1857, was 505, 251 men and 254 women. 'The number admitted in the year amounted to 168 (76 men and 92 women,) making altogether 673 under care and treatment throughout the year. The removals have been as follows:-

74	have	been	discharged,	recovered, (of whom one	
				has been re-admitted);	
8		ditte	0	relieved;	

18 ditto unimproved; and

68 have died;

leaving 505 in the institution on the 1st of January 1858.

The proportionate number of cures on the admissions of the year was 44.8 per cent.; the rate of recovery upon the admissions of the last *four* years has been 50 per cent.

The deaths are about the average of the previous six years; viz. 10 per cent. upon the total number under treatment.

General paralysis, epilepsy, and pulmonary consumption have been the chief causes of death; 31 having died from general paralysis, 8 from epilepsy and disease of the brain, 10 from pulmonary consumption, and the remainder from various causes specified in table No. X.

One death (by suicide) requires special allusion. It occurred in a man who was the subject of general paralysis, and who had never given us any reason to suspect that he would attempt selfdestruction, and in the following manner. He left the church one Sunday morning without being seen by any of the attendants, and it was supposed that he had wandered home. Search was made for him as soon as he was missed, but without success. His body was found the next day at the bottom of the reservoir. Calamities of this kind are always to be deplored; nevertheless they will occasionally happen, and the utmost vigilance on the part of those entrusted with the care of these unfortunates will not entirely prevent their occurrence. Constant watchfulness undoubtedly diminishes the frequency of these sad catastrophes, as the fact of this being only the second in upwards of seven years, I think, clearly indicates. The general health of the patients has been, with the exception of those suffering from organic disease, uniformly good throughout the year, no epidemic of any kind having prevailed.

The two great adjuncts to medicine, employment and recreation, although not dwelt upon, have been, I believe, judiciously carried on,

The Commissioners in Lunacy left the following report at their last visit :--

"Prestwich Asylum, "13th June, 1857.

"We have this day visited the Asylum, and seen all the patients, viz., 247 men and 257 women. We found them generally tranquil, and comfortable, clean in their persons and dress, and all were free from instrumental coercion. Two male patients were in seclusion.

"The general health of the patients is good, although the Asylum still contains a considerable number of feeble cases. Since the last visit 53 patients have died, many of them dying from general paralysis, phthisis, and epilepsy. Within the same period 249 patients have been admitted, and 124 have been discharged.

"We found the various wards in excellent order, and they presented a very comfortable and cheerful aspect. The wards No. 4, on both sides, have been considerably improved. Several of the

windows have been enlarged, and made to open wide; carpets have been laid down; and a bay, formed of two single rooms, now gives a ready access to the airing court.

"The Asylum is now considered by the Superintendent to contain as many patients as it will properly accommodate, and patients have been refused admission for some time past. Considering the very bad condition of lunatic patients in the wards of many of the larger Workhouses of the County, we are of opinion that it is very desirable that some steps should be taken to provide additional accommodation, of a cheap description, for the pauper lunatics of the County, which we think might easily be done in a separate building, of simple construction, in connection with the existing establishment.

"We find from the returns that the average number of patients who are regularly employed is about 330, and nearly the same number are in the habit of attending divine service in the chapel.

"A variety of amusements are provided for the inmates in their wards, and they have dances or theatrical representations weekly.

"On the whole, the condition of the institution is very satisfactory, and creditable to the medical officers.

(Signed)

"W. G. CAMPBELL. "S. GASKELL. "Commissioners in Lunacy."

The average weekly cost per patient during the year has been 7s. $8\frac{1}{2}$ d.

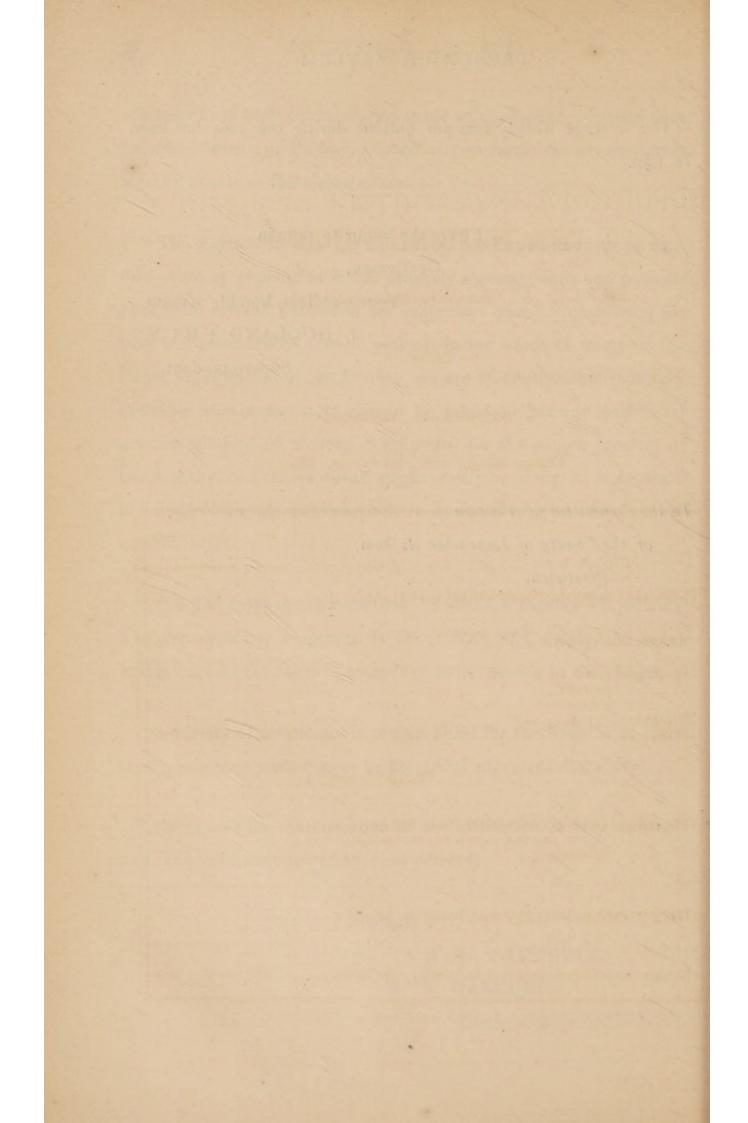
I have the honor to remain,

Gentlemen,

Your obedient, humble servant, J. HOLLAND, F.R.C.S. Superintendent.

To the Committee of Visitors of the County of Lancaster Asylum, Prestwich.

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STATISTICAL TABLES.

1

TABLE I.

Admissions and Discharges

From January 1857, to January 1858.

	м.	F.	TOTAL.
Remaining in the Asylum on the 1st January, 1857	251	254	505
Admitted during the year	76	92	168
Discharged cured	30 3 9	44 5 9	74 8 18
Escaped	37	31	·68
Total discharged	79	89	168
Per centage of cures on admissions during the year ,, ,, on the numbers under treatment ,, of deaths	::	 	44.8 11· 10·1
Daily average number of patients during the year			506
Number remaining in the Asylum, January 1st, 1858	. 248	257	505

TABLE II.

Admissions and Discharges since the opening of the Asylum, from January 1851, to January 1858.

.7	TOTAL.	168	74 8 18 	168	44.8	11.01	506	505
1857.	P.	92	44 5 9 31	89	:	::	:	257
	м.	76	30 33 37	62	:	::	1	248
	TOTAL	196	105 13 15 2 61 61	193	52.8	14.61 8.73	509	505
1856.	F.	113	63 8 8 11 29	111	:	• : :	:	254
	м.	83	32 2 4 5 32 2 4 5	82	:	::	:	251
0.	TOTAL.	214	118 3 20 4 58	203	55.16	16-76 8-23	498	502
1855.	Å	106	75 22 11 21	109	:	::	:	252
	м.	108	43 9 37 37	94	ales : A	::	:	250
	TOTAL.	248	121 15 3 3 94	233	48.79	16-73	492	490
1854.	F.	129	32: 2066	106	:	::	:	254
-	M.	119	55 9 62 1 62	127	:	::	:	236
	TOTAL.	323	110 18 34 1 73	236	34.06	15 47 10.42	456	475
1853.	F.	159	65 13 14 31	123	:	::	:	231
2	м.	164	$ \begin{array}{r} 45 \\ 5 \\ 20 \\ 1 \\ 42 \\ 42 \\ \end{array} $	113		::	:	244
	TOTAL	272	107 55 2 57	186	39-34	18.64 9-93	356	388
1852.	F.	135	57 22 8 23: 27	94	· · · · ·	::	:	195
	м.	137	50 33 30 30	92	:	::	:	193
	TOTAL.	428	67 2 55 555	126	:	15.65 12.85	227	302 193
1851.	÷	211	32 1 24	57	:	:::	il.	153
	м.	217	35 1 2 31 31	69	:	::	. :	149
		Admitted	Discharged cured ,, relieved Escaped	Total discharged, es. caped, and died	Percentage of cures on admissions during the year	Percentage of deaths	Daily average number of patients during each year	Remaining in the Asy- lum, 31st December, in each year [149] 153

PRESTWICH ASYLUM.

TABLE III.

Admissions 1857,

With respect to Social State.

	м.	F.	TOTAL.
Single Married Widowed Unknown	$\begin{array}{c} 22\\ 46\\ 6\\ 2\end{array}$	44 36 10 2	66 82 16 4
Total	76	92	168

TABLE IV.

Admissions 1857,

With respect to the Form of Insanity.

			V	bined vith lepsy:	W	nbined vith neral alysis	Dis	posed to icide.	Т	otal.	General Total.
Mania Puerperal Mania Monomania Melancholia Dementia Amentia	м. 45 8 4 2	F. 44 3 1 22 7 	м. 1 1 3 	F. 1 3 	м. 9 3 	F. 3 2 6 	м, 15 6 2	F. 15 14 3 	м. 55 9 10 2	F. 48 3 1 24 16 	$ \begin{array}{c} 103 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 33 \\ 26 \\ 2 \end{array} $
Total	59	77	5	4	12	11	23	32	76	92	168

TABLE V.

Duration of Insanity (previous to admission) of Patients admitted during each year since the opening of the Asylum.

	and the second s	and the second	
	TOT.	12800005005548555555 12555555555555555555555555555555	168
1857.	Р.,	10000000000000000000000000000000000000	92
	м.	80000000000000000000000000000000000000	76
	TOT.	5233 5100105588 5113 510 523 523 523 523 523 523 523 523 523 523	196
1856.	Ä	10000001110000001	113
		10010228801	83
	TOT.	$\begin{array}{c} 52\\52\\15\\26\\0\\0\\0\\0\\0\\0\\0\\0\\0\\0\\0\\0\\0\\0\\0\\0\\0\\0\\$	214
1855.	ч.	00000102328	106
	M.	24 11 12 00 11 12 00 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	108
	TOT.	$\begin{array}{c} 53\\ 53\\ 53\\ 22\\ 12\\ 12\\ 12\\ 12\\ 12\\ 12\\ 12\\ 12\\ 12$	248
1854.	F.	2202000000 1110000000 11100000000000000	129
	м.	255 257 257 257 257 257 257 257 257 257	611
	TOT.	55 53 53 53 53 58 53 58 53 58 53 58 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53 53	323
1853.	F.	$\begin{array}{c} 322\\ 322\\ 322\\ 322\\ 322\\ 322\\ 322\\ 322$	159
	M.	$\begin{array}{c} 266 \\ 266 \\ 28 \\ 28 \\ 28 \\ 28 \\ 28 \\ 28$	164
	TOT.	24 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	272
1852.	Å	1300222248188133	135
	м.	222 222 222 222 223 230 222 230 230 230	137
1	TOT.	$\begin{array}{c c} 45\\ 46\\ 22\\ 22\\ 23\\ 23\\ 23\\ 23\\ 23\\ 22\\ 23\\ 23$	428
1851.	н.	$\begin{array}{c} 23\\24\\26\\23\\10\\10\\10\\10\\10\\10\\10\\10\\10\\10\\10\\10\\10\\$	211
	м.	$\begin{array}{c} 22\\ 22\\ 22\\ 26\\ 13\\ 13\\ 13\\ 13\\ 13\\ 13\\ 13\\ 13\\ 13\\ 13$	217
		1 Week and under . 2 and under 4 weeks . 2 and under 2 months . 2 3 ,, 3 ,, 6 ,, 3 ,, 6 ,, 12 ,, 12 ,, 12 ,, 12 ,, 12 ,, 12 ,, 12 ,, 12 ,, 15 ,, 15 ,, 15 ,, 15 ,, 15 ,, 20 ,, 30 ,, 40 ,, 15 ,, 15 ,, 20 ,, 15 ,, 20 ,, 10 ,, 15 ,, 10 ,, 15 ,, 10 ,, 10 ,, 10 ,, 10 ,, 10 ,, 10 ,, 10 ,, 15 ,, 10 ,, 10 ,, 15 ,, 10 ,	Total

TABLE VI.

Duration of Treatment of Patients discharged cured, 1857.

				м.	F.	TOTAL.
Under 3	months	 		9	13	22
,, 6	,,	 		11	14	22 25
,, 9	,,	 		4	10	14
,, 12	,,	 		1	3	45
,, 18	,,	 		3	2	5
» 2 » 3	years			••	1	1 2 1
	,,			2	•:	2
,, 4	"	 •••	••	••	1	1
			-			
	Total			30	44	74

TABLE VII.

Cures with respect to the Form of Insanity, 1857.

	м,	F.	TOTAL.
Mania ,, Puerperal Monamonia Melancholia Dementia	 25 3 2	22 4 12 6	47 4 15 8
Total	 30	44	74

TABLE VIII.

Admissions,

With respect to Previous Occupation, 1857.

ELL PAR AND MANAGEMENT CONTRACTOR AND AND A MANAGEMENT AND	AND ADDRESS OF THE OWNER
2	LEN.
the state of the state	and the second of the second second
Weavers, factory hands, &c.15Labourers.10Clerks.5Shoemakers5Shoemakers3Foundrymen3Machinists2Colliers2Hatters2Bleachers2Plumbers and Glaziers.2Porters2Excavators.2Watch-makers1Engine-driver1Ivory turner1Pipe-maker1Musician1	Tailor 1 Draper 1 Calico-printer 1 Block-cutter 1 Black smith 1 Fustian-cutter 1 Confectioner 1 Military officer 1 Governor of Hospital 1 Missionary 1 Gardener 1 Mattrass maker 1 Unknown 2 None 2
wo	MEN.
Household27Weavers, factory hands, &c.25Domestic Servants13Dressmakers, &c66Charwomen.55Shopkeepers44Schoolmistress14Nurse11Clothes-cleaner11	Marketwoman1Unknown3None4

TABLE IX.

Admissions, with respect to Age, 1857.

			м.	F.	TOTAL.
Under	15	years			
From	15 to 20	,,	. 4	4	8
,,	20 to 30		18	30	48
,,	30 to 40		13	25	38
	40 to 50		18	15	33
,,	50 to 60		14	8	22
,,	60 to 70		5	6	11
,,	70 to 80		1	1	2
the state	80 to 90				
Unknow	vn		. 3	3	6
	Total		76	92	168

TABLE X.

Causes of Death, 1857.

	M.	F.	TOT.
Disease of Brain and Membranes	0	2	2
Ditto with General Paralysis	15		21
Ditto ditto terminating in Apoplexy Ditto ditto terminating in Diarrhœa Ditto ditto combined with ulceration of	3	2	5
Ditto ditto terminating in Diarrhœa	1		1
Ditto ditto combined with ulceration of			
Intesting		1	1
Ditto ditto with extensive gangrenous disease of right Lung			
disease of right Lung		1	1
Disease of Spine	i	1	2
Disease of Spine Epilepsy Ditto terminating in Apoplexy Ditto accompanied with inflammation of Sub-maxillary glands.	1		1
Ditto accompanied with inflammation of Sub maxillary glands	1		il
Exhaustion after Epilepsy	î	ï	2
Ditto after Mania	i	2	3
Ditto ditto in early stage of General Paralysis	2		32
Ditto ditto combined with chronic Pleuro-Pneumonia		1	1
Maniacal excitement terminating in Syncope-Hypertrophy of Heart	1		1
Disease of the Heart	1	1	2
Ditto and Brain	1	••	1
Ditto and Lungs Disease of Lungs Disease of Liver and Lungs, accompanied with general Anasarca	.:	1	1
Disease of Lungs	1	.:	1
Disease of Liver and Lungs, accompanied with general Anasarca		1	1
Scrolulous disease of Liver and Lungs		1	11
Pulmonary Communition	3	7	10
Diarrhea	i		11
Scrofulous disease of Liver and Lungs, accompanied with general Anasarca Bronchitis Pulmonary Comsumption Diarrhœa Abscess of Rectum	î		il
Natural decay in Old Age	î	i	2
Natural decay in Old Age Suicide by Drowning	1		1
'Total	37	31	68
the second s		1	

TABLE XI.

Extract from the Daily Account of the State of the Patients.

MEN.

		ŭ	UNE,	, 1857.	No.	
Employed.	Tues 16t		Wedn 17	esday th.	Sun 21	
	Morn.	After.	Morn.	After.	Morn.	After.
Working in Land and Gardens	62	70	62	71		
Assisting Joiner	4	4	4	4		
" Engineer	5	5	5	5	3	3
" Plumber and Painter	9	9	10	11		
" Upholsterer	6	7	6	7		
,, Shoemaker	9	9	9	9		
», Tailor	10	10	10	10		
", in Kitchen	8	82	8	82	8	8
,, Baker	2	2	2	2		
" Stonemason " Bricksetter			••	••	••	
Corruing Coole	••					
Classing Words	41	23	40	23	50	25
Duaman	1	1	1	1		1000
in office	î	î	î	i		
,, in once	•		-	-		
1 I rearing and the						
Total employed	158	149	158	152	61	36
Unemployed.			****	1		1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
Excitement with Restraint		••				
", with Seclusion	1	1	1	1	1	1
without Seclusion	7	7	7	7	6	6
Sick	5	5	5	5	6	6
Quiet	77	88	79	85	175	200
Total unemployed	90	101	92	98	188	213
Admissions		3			1	
Deaths and Discharges		1			.:	
Total	248	250	250	250	249	249
At Prayers At Church	99 ••	::	97	::	i61	i61

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TABLE XI .- Continued.

Extract from the Daily Account of the State of the Patients.

WOMEN.

			JUNE	, 1857.		
Emyloyed.		sday th.		esday th.	Sun 21	
12	Morn.	After.	Morn.	After.	Morn.	After.
Cleaning Wards Assisting in the Kitchen , Laundry Making Mens' Clothing Binding Boots and Shoes Making Hats and Bonnets Mending Stockings Knitting and Netting Sewing and Quilting Garden Picking Flocks	$ \begin{array}{r} 40 \\ 8 \\ 56 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ \\ 12 \\ 50 \\ 2 \\ 12 \\ \end{array} $	30 9 56 1 3 12 59 4 12	$ \begin{array}{c} 40 \\ 8 \\ 57 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ \\ 12 \\ 52 \\ 2 \\ 12 \\ \end{array} $	30 9 56 1 1 12 57 5 2	30 7 	55:::::::
Total employed	183	186	185	173	37	10
Unemployed.		1			1.2.1.s	1
Excitement with Restraint ,, with Seclusion ,, without Seclusion Sick Quiet	 2 16 59	 3 16 55	 3 16 56	 5 16 66	 6 17 201	 8 17 226
Total unemployed	77	74	75	87	224	251
Admissions Deaths and Discharges			::			3
Total	260	260	260	260	261	258
At Prayers At Church	56 ••		56 		i60	i54

LIST of ARTICLES of CLOTHING &c. MADE & REPAIRED

during the year 1857.

Articles.	Made.	Re	paired
Leather shoes (pairs)	404		1259
Canvas boots "			
Knitted boots ,,			
Clogs "			150
Suits of clothes for male attendants	22		50
Jackets for patients	255		633
Waistcoats	256		189
Trowsers	313		748
Men's caps			
Flannel drawers	68		228
" shirts			668
Shirts			1538
Neckerchiefs	658		
Handkerchiefs	79		
Shawls			14
Linen slops			14
Dresses for female attendants	16		42
Flannel petticoats for patients	200		472
Linsey " "	324		961
Aprons	731		602
Linsey bedgowns	301		1161
Stockings (pairs)	332		70108
Women's day caps	238		308
Chemises	600		959

Articles made and Repaired-continued.

Articles.	Made.	Rep	aired.
Stays	101		206
Strong dresses	11		128
Strong rugs	6		
Strong drawers			28
Bonnets trimmed			51
Table cloths	56		107
Table cover	. 1		
Towels	61		83
Mattrass cases			154
Bolster ,,			110
Pillow ,,			46
Bolster slips	249		152
Pillow "	27		126
Sheets	640		979
Bed rugs			135
Blankets			228
Bonnets			391
Gloves	. 9		
Window blinds			23
Couch covers	. 13		34
Curtains	. 5		10
Counterpanes	. 2		
Carpets sewee	d 44	yards	38
Toilet covers	. 12		
Chair "	. 4		
Bags	. 8		
Surplices			

LIST OF WORK done by the Patients and Attendants as Mechanics, Joiners, Plumbers, Painters, Stonemasons, and Smiths, during the year ending December 31st, 1857.

Painting walls, &c., in wards, gasometer, &c., 16,139 square yards Painting the whole of the outside wood work and windows, &c., of the

Asylum

Whitewashing the ceilings and walls of the buildings once, and many parts much oftener

Erecting orchestra in recreation hall

Making 10 boxes to carry coals

- ", 1 bench top for circular saw
- ,, 12 frames and 2 rollers for theatre
- ,, 8 provender tubs
- " 24 kneeling boards
- " 5 door casings & doors
- " 2 piel heads for baker
- " 3 frames and lids for provender chests and gas tank
- ,, 3 window casings
- " 1 cupboard
- " 2 boxes
- ,, 650 dahlia rods
- ,, 1 new joiner's bench
- ,, 1 new top for ditto
- ., 2 tables
- " 2 sets of shelves
- " 4 settees

Work done by Patients and Attendants -- continued.

Making 1 pig trestle
,, 61 stretchers for beds
" 7 pick shafts
" 2 crib bottoms
,, 10 troughs for waste water
,, new frame-work to baths
,, skirting boards for shoe shop
" clothes rails for drying stove
,, new wood work for potatoe washing machine
", wood work for water closets .
", ", for wash basins
" shelving for store room
,, wood ceiling for cook house
,, doors for wash house roofs
Re-flooring kitchen, 3 bath rooms and bake house
Removing and re-fixing 8 cooking boilers, and fixing steam pipes and
taps thereto
Making wood pattern for drying stove
" iron work for orchestra
,, iron work for orchestra,, 8 wood rollers for washing machines
8 wood rollers for washing machines
,, 8 wood rollers for washing machines
 , 8 wood rollers for washing machines , 48 iron stays for wheelbarrow legs 1 sheet iron harrow for gas house
 , 8 wood rollers for washing machines , 48 iron stays for wheelbarrow legs , 1 sheet iron barrow for gas house 72 Italian iron heaters
 , 8 wood rollers for washing machines , 48 iron stays for wheelbarrow legs , 1 sheet iron barrow for gas house , 72 Italian iron heaters 72 mon noils
 , 8 wood rollers for washing machines , 48 iron stays for wheelbarrow legs , 1 sheet iron barrow for gas house , 72 Italian iron heaters , 72 mop nails 79 cormon plates for stratehers
 , 8 wood rollers for washing machines , 48 iron stays for wheelbarrow legs , 1 sheet iron barrow for gas house , 72 Italian iron heaters , 72 mop nails , 72 corner plates for stretchers
 % 8 wood rollers for washing machines % 48 iron stays for wheelbarrow legs % 1 sheet iron barrow for gas house % 72 Italian iron heaters % 72 mop nails % 72 corner plates for stretchers % 60 iron cramps, various sizes

Work done by Patients and Attendants-continned.

Making 24 iron plates, various sizes

- " 132 hold fasts and pipe hooks
- " 11 rings and staples
- " 1 new shaft for lawn roller
- ,, 2 plumber's hooks
- " 6 wrought iron pillars for window guards
- " 1 wheel pattern
- " 1 baker's waggon and fire bar patterns
- ,, 9 sheet iron grids for wash house
- ", fire bar patterns
- " and drilling 11 rods for green house

,, fixing, and fitting iron tramway and pullies to lodge gates Fixing and fitting up 266 feet iron piping

", ", 6 gas light pillars and 3 bracket lights, piping, &c., for orchestra

- " 7 gas lights
- " 2 water closets

Laying and fixing new lead pipes to several baths and water closets Making and fixing new lead soil pipes to several water closets

ALTERATIONS AND REPAIRS.

Pumps, mowing machines, washing machines, mangles, baths, water closets, gas fixtures, doors, locks, window shutters, bedsteads, stretchers, chairs, forms, benches, wheelbarrows, tables, fire guards, wire fenders, &c. &c.

Plumbing and glazing

22

,,

	I pint Tea or Coffee, 8 oz. Bread, 3 oz. Butter. Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto		Supper. Supper. I pint Tea or Coffee, 6 oz. Bread, 3 oz. Butter. Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto
MALES.	Dinner. Pease Soup, 1 [‡] pint (containing 4 oz. meat for each patient,) 8 oz. Bread, 2 oz. Cheese, ¹ / ₂ pint Beer. Meat Pies, (containing 4 oz. meat for each patient,) 1 lb. Vegetables, 2 oz. Bread, 2 oz. Cheese, 1 pint Beer. Roast Meat, (7 oz. uncooked and free from bone,) 1 lb. Vegetables, 8 oz. Bread, 2 oz. Cheese, 1 pint Beer. Meat Pies, (containing 4 oz. Meat for each patient,) 1 lb. Vegetables, 8 oz. Bread, 2 oz. Cheese, 1 pint Beer. Boiled Meat, (7 oz. uncooked and free from bone,) 1 lb. Vegetables, 8 oz. Bread, 2 oz. Cheese, 1 pint Beer. Boiled Meat, (7 oz. uncooked and free from bone,) 1 lb. Vegetables, 8 oz. Bread, 2 oz. Cheese, 1 pint Beer. Boiled Meat, (7 oz. uncooked and free from bone,) 1 lb. Vegetables, 8 oz. Bread, 2 oz. Cheese, 1 pint Beer. Boiled Meat, (7 oz. uncooked and free from bone,) 1 lb. Vegetables, Boiled Meat, (7 oz. uncooked and free from bone,) 1 lb. Vegetables, 6 oz. Bread, 1 pint Beer.	FEMALES.	MondayBreakfast.Dinnet.Supper.MondayI3 pint Milk Porridge, 6 oz. Bread,Pease Soup, 13 pint, (containing 4 oz. Meat for each patient,) 1 fb. Vegetables, 6 oz. Bread, 1 oz. Cheese, 1 pint Beer.I pint Tea or Coffee, 6 oz. Bread, 3 oz. Butter.WednesdayDittoReat Pies, (containing 4 oz. Meat for each patient,) 1 lb. Vegetables, 6 oz. Bread, 1 oz. Cheese, 1 pint Beer.I pint Tea or Coffee, 6 oz. Bread, 3 oz. Butter.WednesdayDittoRoast Meat, (55 oz. Bread, 1 oz. Cheese, 1 pint Beer.DittoWednesdayDittoRoast Meat, (55 oz. Bread, 1 oz. Cheese, 1 pint Beer.DittoStudayDittoBoiled Meat, (55 oz. Bread, 1 oz. Cheese, 1 pint Beer.DittoSaturdayDittoBoiled Meat, (55 oz. Bread, 1 oz. Cheese, 1 pint Beer.DittoSaturdayDittoBoiled Meat, (55 oz. uncooked and free from bone,) 1 lb. Vegetables, 6 oz. Bread, 1 oz. Cheese, 1 pint Beer.DittoSaturdayDittoBoiled Meat, (55 oz. uncooked and free from bone,) 1 lb. Vegetables, 6 oz. Bread, 1 oz. Cheese, 4 pint Beer.DittoSundayDittoBoiled Meat, (55 oz. uncooked and free from bone,) 1 lb. Vegetables, 6 oz. Bread, 1 oz. Cheese, 4 pint Beer.DittoSundayDittoBoiled Meat, (55 oz. uncooked and free from bone,) 1 lb. Vegetables, 6 oz. Bread, 1 oz. Cheese, 4 pint Beer.Ditto
	Breakfast. 14 Pint Milk Porridge, 6 oz. Bread. Ditto Ditto Boiled Meat, Ditto Boiled Meat, Ditto		- Breakfast. 1 pint Milk Porridge, 6 oz. Bread. Ditto 1 Ditto
	Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday		Monday Tuesday Wednesday Fhursday Friday Saturday

	Supper. Supper. Bread, 3 oz. Butter. Bread, 4 oz. Butter. Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	i d'anter a la construction de la construcción de l	Supper. Supper. I pint Tea or Coffee, 6 oz. Bread, ¹ / ₃ oz. Butter. Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto
MALES.	MondayBreakfast.Dinner.Dinner.Supper.MondayIş pint Milk Porridge, 6 oz Bread. DittoPease Soup, 1ş pint, (containing 4 oz. Meat for each patient,) 6 oz. Bread, ş pint Beer.I pint Tea or Coffee, 6 oz. Bread, ş pint Beer.Supper.TuesdayDittoMeat Pies, (containing 4 oz. Meat for each patient,) 1 lb. Vegetables, å pint Beer.I pint Tea or Coffee, 6 oz. Bread, g pint Beer.OittoWednesdayDittoRoast Meat, (7 oz. uncooked and free from bone,) 1 lb. Vegetables, 6 oz. Bread, g pint Beer.DittoPridayDittoRoiled Meat, (7 oz. uncooked and free from bone,) 1 lb. Vegetables, 6 oz. Bread, g pint Beer.DittoPridayDittoBoiled Meat, (7 oz. uncooked and free from bone,) 1 lb. Vegetables, Bread.DittoSudayDittoBoiled Meat, (7 oz. uncooked and free from bone,) 1 lb. Vegetables, Bread.DittoSundayDittoBoiled Meat, (7 oz. uncooked and free from bone,) 1 lb. Vegetables, Bread.DittoSundayDittoBoiled Meat, (7 oz. uncooked and free from bone,) 1 lb Vegetables, Bread.DittoBread.DittoBoiled Meat, (7 oz. uncooked and free from bone,) 1 lb Vegetables, Bread.DittoDittoBoiled Meat, (7 oz. uncooked and free from bone,) 1 lb Vegetables, Bread.Ditto	FEMALES.	MondayBreakfast.Dinner.Dinner.Supper.MondayIg pint Milk Porridge.Pease Soup 1g pint, (containing 4 oz. Meat for each patient,) 4 oz.I pint Tea or Coffee, 6 oz.TuesdayDittoMeat Pies, (containing 4 oz. Meat for each patient,) 1 lb. Vegetables,I pint Tea or Coffee, 6 oz.WednesdayDittoReat, 3 pint Beer.Bread, 3 pint Beer.ThursdayDittoRoast Meat, (53 oz. uncooked and free from bone,) 1 lb. Vegetables,DittoThursdayDittoRoast Meat, (54 oz. uncooked and free from bone,) 1 lb. Vegetables,DittoFridayDittoRoast Meat, (54 oz. uncooked and free from bone,) 1 lb. Vegetables,DittoSaturdayDittoBoiled Meat, (54 oz. uncooked and free from bone,) 1 lb. Vegetables,DittoSaturdayDittoBoiled Meat, (54 oz. uncooked and free from bone,) 1 lb. Vegetables,DittoSaturdayDittoBoiled Meat, (54 oz. uncooked and free from bone,) 1 lb. Vegetables,DittoSaturdayDittoBoiled Meat, (54 oz. uncooked and free from bone,) 1 lb. Vegetables,DittoSaturdayDittoBoiled Meat, (54 oz. uncooked and free from bone,) 1 lb. Vegetables,DittoSaturdayDittoBoiled Meat, (54 oz. uncooked and free from bone,) 1 lb. Vegetables,DittoSaturdayDittoBoiled Meat, (54 oz. uncooked and free from bone,) 1 lb. Vegetables,DittoSaturdayDittoBoiled Meat, (54 oz. uncooked and free from bone,) 1 lb. Vegetables,DittoSaturdayDittoBoiled Meat, (54 oz. uncooked and free from bone,) 1 lb
	Breakfast. Breakfast. 6 oz Bread. Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto		Breakfast. I pint Milk Porridge 6 oz. Bread. Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto
	Monday Tuesday Wednesday Fhursday Friday Saturday Sunday		Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday

ORDINARY DIET TABLE.

64

PRESTWICH ASYLUM.

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ANNUAL STATEMENT OF TREASURER,

FROM JAN. 1 TO DEC. 31, 1857.

RECEIPTS by the 'Treasurer of the County of Lancaster Lunatic Asylum at Prestwich, from the 1st January to the 31st December, 1857, inclusive.

Maintenance Account.

	£.	8.	d.	£.	s.	d.
From Unions in the County, contributing to the Rates	8711	19	10			
From ex-Unions in other Counties, not contributing to						
the Rates	151	3	8			
From the County Treasurer, for County Patients	1229	5	4			
			_	10092	8	10
From Sir Benjamin Heywood, Bart., and Co., for balance						
of Interest	4	5	1			
For sale of Farm produce	82	10	9			
For sale of Sundries	74	5	1			
-				161	0	11
						_
the second s			4	10253	9	9
			~			
the second se						
Dell'ille a Assessed						
Building Account.						
From the County Treasurer				£1073	1	11

I

PAYMENTS by the Treasurer of the County of Lancaster Lunatic Asylum at Prestwich, from the 1st January to the 31st December, 1857, inclusive.

Salaries and Wages.

		0	ficers.			£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Superintendent	at	£350. and	house			350	0	0			
Chaplain		200.	,,			200	0	0			
Clerk to Visitors		50.	nett			50	0	0			
Accountant		10. 10s	,,,			10	10	0			
Treasurer and Cl	erk	120.	,,			120	0	0			
House Surgeon		80. and	apart,	& bo	ard	80	0	0			
Matron		75.	"	,,		75	0	0			
House Steward		70.	,,	,,		70	0	0			
	-							_	955	10	0

Total £955. 10s. per annum.

Men Servants.

1	Attendant at	£40 ()	 £40	0) /	1				
4	,,	30 () each	 120	0	1.100	1999				
5	"	27 10) ,,	 137	10	30	377	0	0		
4	,,	25 () ,,	 100	0	Lodging.	1				
1	,,	15 () ,,	 15	0	Lo					
1	Tailor			 30	0	and	30	0	0		
1	Shoemaker			 25	0		25	0	0		
1	Baker			 30	0	Board	30	0	0		
1	Porter			 27	10		27	10	0		
1	Brewer			 35	0	With	35	0	0		
1	Carpenter			 40	0		0	0	0		
1	Plumber and	Painter		 40	0		0	0	0		
1	Engineer, with	h house a	and coal	 67	12		67	12	0		
1	Gardener	do.		 52	0		52	0	0		
-									_	644	2
24		Tota	1	 £759	12	per an	num.				
-											

Carried over 1599 12 0

£. s. d. Brought over...... 1599 12 0

Women Servants.

1	Attendant at £18	0		£18	0	s (18	0	0	
2	,, 15	10	each	. 31	0	ing	31	0	0	
3	·,, 14	0	,,	42	0	Lodgings	42	0	0	
-9	,, 12	0	,,	108	0	and the second se	102	0	0	
1	Cook			20	0	and	20	0	0	
1	Kitchen maid			12	0	ard	12	0	0	
1	Laundress			20	0	Board	18	17	6	
1	Housemaid			. 10	10	With	10	10	0	
1	,,			9	0	M	9	0	0	
-									2	-

263 7 6

506 Patients-Average cost per head per week 1s. 4d.97.

20

Provisions.

Total.....£270 10 per annum.

						8.	d.						
	Meat 79	352	lbs.		at	0	6.08	per	lb	2013	7	3	
	Ditto 6	140 1	lbs.	(farm)	at	0	4	,,		102	6	8	
	Flour	600 1	loads o	of 252	lbsat	.48	1.83	per	load	1444	11	6	
	Meal	37 1	loads o	of 240	lbsat	34	1.29	,,	••	63	2	0	
	Beer17	349	gallon	s	,at	0	8.24	per	gal.	595	15	5	
	Potatoes	91 1	loads.		at	11	5	per	load	5	8	3	
	Ditto 5	298 1	loads	(farm))at	5	6		••	81	6	4	
	Milk 34	131	quarts	(farm))at	0	$0\frac{3}{4}$	per	qrt.	106	13	2	
	Cheese	93 (ewt. 20	qr 25lb	osat	0	7.05	per	lb .	308	15	7	
	Butter	64 0	ewt. 0g	qr. 251b	sat	0	11 02	,,		330	9	9	
	Ditto	9421 1	lbs	(farm)	at	0	6	,,	••	23	11	0	
	Sugar	86 0	cwt, 20	gr 91bs	at	0	5.71	,,	••	231	0	11	
	Ditto lump.	179 1	lbs, 20	z	at	0	74	,,	•••	5	9	10	
	Tea 18	3991 1	lbs.		at	2	9	,,		192	11	3	
								,,		103	3	10	
-	Tobacco 2	-						,,	•••	44			
	Snuff	12 1	lbs		at	4	6	,,		2	14	0	

Carried over...... 5654 9 5 1862 19 6

Brought over	£. 5654			£. 1862		d. 6
Peas 7 grs. 4 bushels		18				
Rice, Sago, &c		0				
Groceries		12				
Salt						
Sundries			3			
Vegetables(farm)			8			
a grander in a set a			_			
	5867	7	11			
Deduct-Farming Expenses 464 18 7						
.ess - Produce sold 82 10 9						
and the back of th	382	7	10			
				5485	0	1
and and any herd and herd and herd						
Average cost per head per week 4s. 5d.53.						
Fuel, Lighting, Washing, &c	•					
Coal	513	19	2			
Cannel	102	12	6			
Soap	202	18	2			
Sundries	44	19	7			
				864	9	5
Average cost per head per week 7d.86.						
tronge cost per neur per neek fu.co.						
Wine, Spirits, and Porter.			-0			
			*			
Vine and Spirits	54	11	6			
Porter	36	0	0			
				90	11	6
verage cost per head per week 0d.82.						
Surgery.						
Drugs	57	10	5			
undries	8	17	11			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			-	66	8	4
verage cost per head per week 0d.60.						
						2
C	ad an			0.000	-	10
Carr	ed over			6369	8	10
						-

	Brought	over	8309	8	10
Funerals.			27	19	0
Average cost per head per week 0d.25.					
· · ·					
Farming Expens	ies.	Thend any			the .
Cattle-6 Cows		111 4 (,		
Fodder		158 10 4			
		31 8 11			
Seeds		16 2 0)		
Manure		74 10 9	,		
Cart		18 0 0)		
Wages		42 11 8	3		
Sundries		12 10 11			
			- 464	18	7
and the second second second second				0	0
Offices.		•••••	34	6	0
Average cost per head per week 0d.32.					
			071	10	
Clothing.		••••	8/1	12	*
Average cost per head per week 7d.97.					
Furnishing.					
r urmsning.					
0		141 14			
Brushes	···· /	28 4 (
Crockery ware	•••••	32 1			
			- 202	5 0	6
Average cost per head per week 1d 85.					
Miscellaneous	5.				
Periodicals and Newspapers		32 1 3	3		
Travelling Expenses		14 19 3	3		
Taxes		11 5 ()		
Oil		78)		1
Sundries		194 2 0)		
			- 259) 15	6
Average cost per head per week 2d.38,					
	-1 D		010000	-	-
Tot	al Paymen	ts	£10230) ()	9

 Total Payments....
 10230
 0
 9

 Deduct—Farm Produce sold
 82
 10
 9

£10147 10 0 For 506 Patients.

Average cost per head per week 7s, 8d 55.

Recapitulation of Averages.

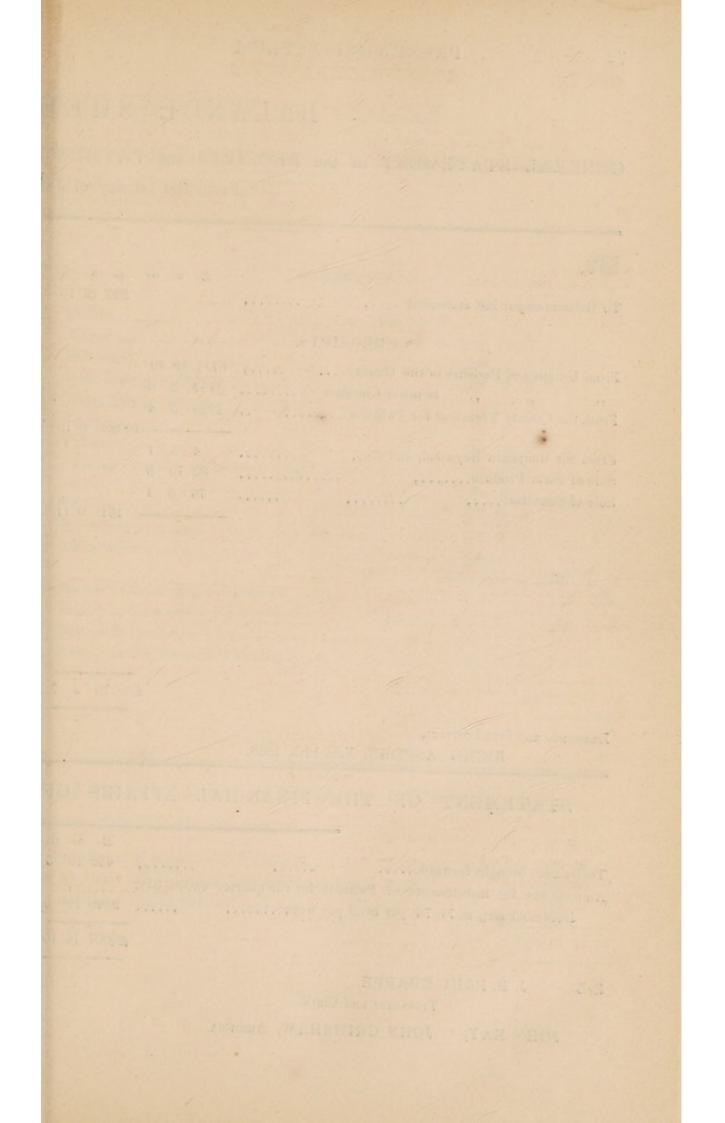
Salaries and Wages	1862	19	6-1s 4 97d.
Provisions	5867	7	11-4s.5 53d.
Fuel, &c	861	9	5-0s 7 86d.
Wine, Spirits, &c	90	11	6-0s.0 82d.
Surgery	66	8	4-0s.0 60d.
Funerals	27	19	0-0s.0.25d,
Offices	34	6	0-0s.0 32d.
Clothing	871	12	4-0s.7 97d.
Furnishing	202	0	6-0s.1 85d.
Miscellaneous	259	15	6-0s.2 38d.

Total....£10147 10 0-7s.8.55d.

Building Account.

PAYMENTS.

Rent of Land		9	11	-
Alterations in Original Buildings	 112	10	3	
Ordinary Repairs	 861	0	9	1
Fire Incomence	 29	13	0	
	 		£1061	13 11



BALANCE SHEET

GENERAL STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS and PAYMENTS (From the 1st day of Januar

Dr.	
£. s. d. £. s. d. To Balance as per last statement 522 12 10	
RECEIPTS.	
From Unions and Parishes in the County 8711 19 10	
", ", in other Counties 151 3 8	
From the County Treasurer for Patients	
From Sir Benjamin Heywood, and Co 4 5 1	
Sale of Farm Produce	
Sala of Sundaire	
161 0 11	
£10776 2 7	
Examined and found correct,	
RICHD. ASPDEN, Feb. 12th, 1858.	
STATEMENT OF THE FINANCIAL AFFAIRS OF	TH
L. s. d. To Balance brought forward 458 16 5	
Amount due for maintenance of Patients for the quarter ended 31st	
December last, at 7s. 7d. per head per week 2548 18 5	
02007 14 10	
£3007 14 10	1
E, E. J. B. PAUL CHAPPÈ,	
Treasurer and Clerk,	
JOHN KAY, JOHN GRIMSHAW, Auditors.	

IAINTENANCE ACCOUNT.

CCOUNT of the COUNTY LUNATIC ASYLUM at PRESTWICH, the 31st day of December, 1857.

				C	r.
PAYMENTS.					
£.	8.	d.	£.	s.	d,
Salaries 955 10 0					
Wages 907 9 6-1862 1	9	6			
		1			
Fuel, Lighting, Washing, &c 864	9	5			
Wine, Spirits, &c 90 1	1	6			
Surgery 66	8	4			
Funerals 27 1	9	0			
Farming Expenses, (produce consumed in the Asylum) 464 1	8	7			
Offices 34	6	0			
Clothing 871 1	2	4			
Furnishing 202	0	6			
Miscellaneous 259 1	5	6			
		- 10	230	0	9
Banker's Commission and Postages			13	0	4
Sundry Articles sold as per contra			74	5	1
Balance in the Banker's hands	7 :	2			
	9 :	3- 4	458	16	5
					-
		£10	776	2	7
					-

IATIC ASYLUM AT PRESTWICH, 31st DECEMBER, 1857.

		£.	8.	d.
By Amount of Salaries and Wages due		471	11	10
,, due to Sundry Tradesmen	1	773	10	3
" Balance due to Asylum	'	762	12	9
	£3	007	14	10

K

BALANCE SHEET

GENERAL STATEMENT OF THE RECEIPTS AND PAYMENT! ASYLUM at PRESTWICH, from th

Dr.

RECEIPTS.

	£. s. d.
Balance as per last statement	6 13 5
Received from the County Treasurer	1073 1 11

£1079 15 4

Examined and found correct,

RICHD. ASPDEN, Accountant, Feb. 12th 1858.

J. B. PAUL CHAPPE,

Treasurer and Clerk.

JOHN KAY, JOHN GRIMSHAW,

Auditors.

PRESTWICH ASYLUM.

UILDING ACCOUNT.

HARGED TO THE COUNTY ON ACCOUNT OF THE LUNATIC

t January, to the 31st December, 1857.

PAYMENTS.

	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d
Rent of Land	58	9	11			
Alteration in Original Building	112	10	3			
Ordinary Repairs	861	0	9			
Fire Insurance, 2 years	29	13	0			
				1061	13	11

Balance..... 18 1 5

£1079 15 4

Cr.

GARDEN ANI

ESTIMATED RESULT of the FARMING and GARDENING at th

From the 1st of January

Dr.

PAYMENTS.

		£. s. d.
For 6 Cows	111 4 0	
Fodder	158 10 4	
Straw	31 8 11	S. Carlos
Seeds	16 2 0	
Manure	74 10 9	
Cart.,	18 0 0	
Wages to Gardener	26 0 0	
Wages to Cowman	42 11 8	
Sundries	12 10 11	
-		490 18 7
Rent of 35 Acres at £2 10s	87 10 0	
Taxes	8 10 0	
-		96 0 0
Grains, valued at	32 10 0	
Pig-wash	10 0 0	
-		42 10 0
Balance		85 0 3

£714 8 10

PRESTWICH ASYLUM.

FARM ACCOUNT.

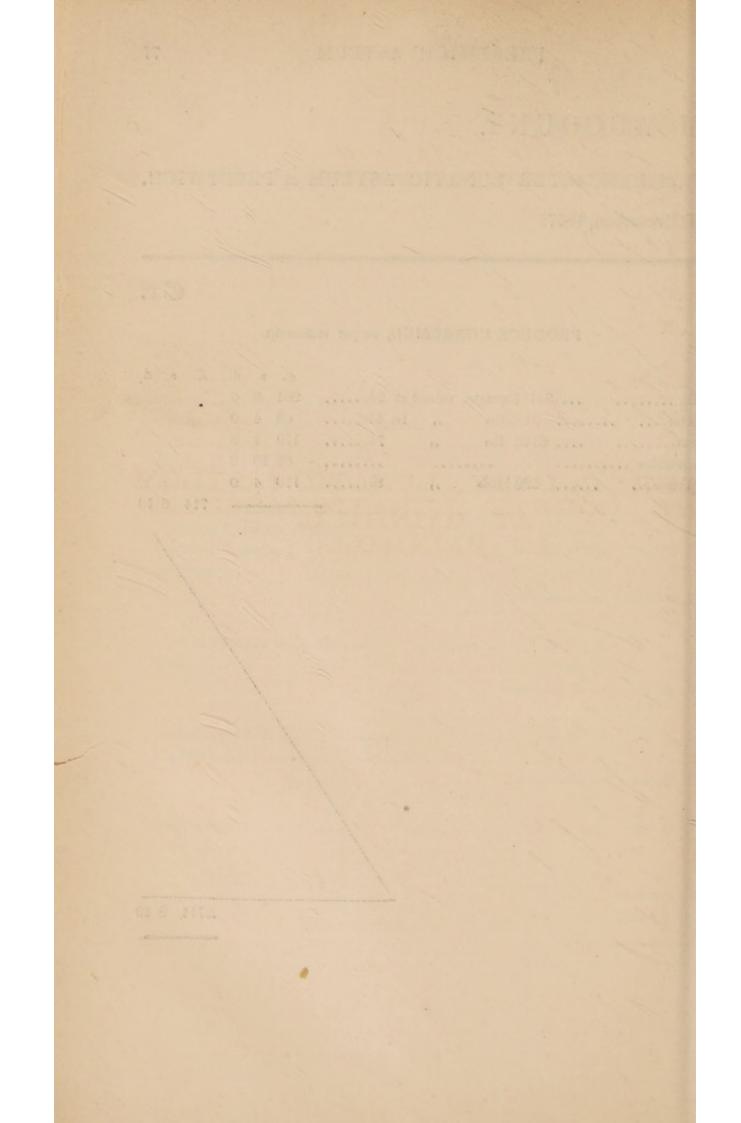
OUNTY of LANCASTER LUNATIC ASYLUM at PRESTWICH, e 31st of December, 1857.

Er.

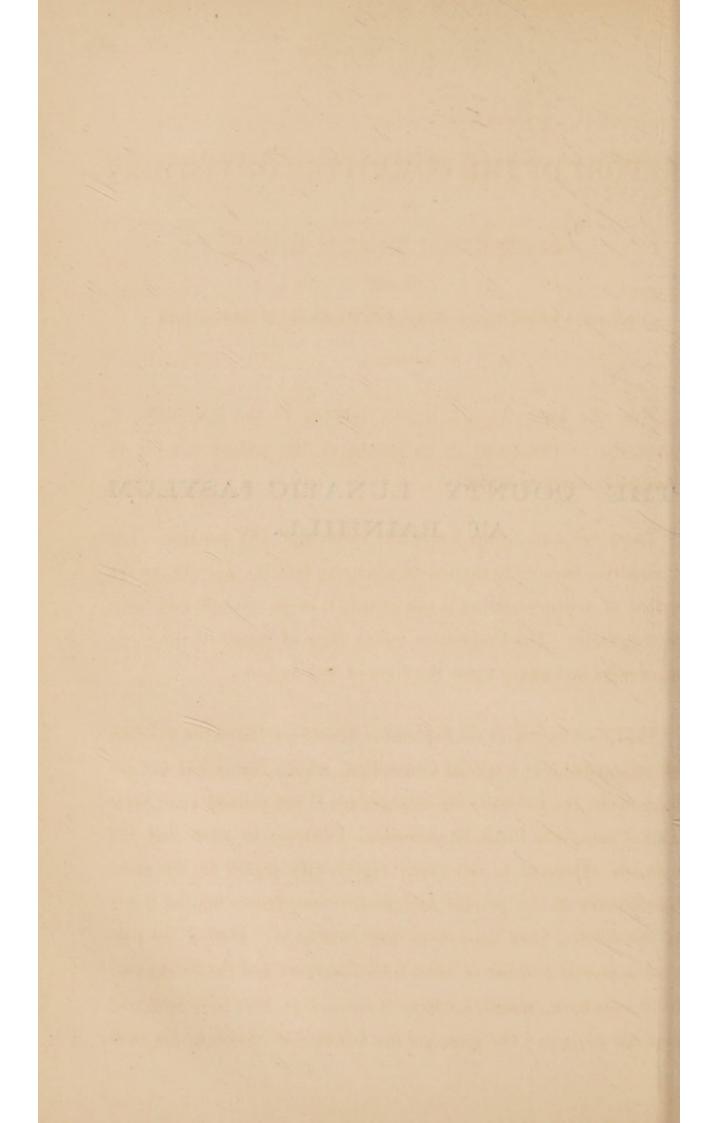
PRODUCE CONSUMED, as per statement.

					£.	8.	d.	£.	8.	d.
Milk	34	131 quarts,	value	d at 2d	284	8	6			
Butter	9	9421 lbs	,,	1s. 4d	63	4	0			
Meat	61	140 lbs	"	7d	179	ı	8			
Vegetables					68	10	8			
Potatoes	5	298 loads	,,	8s	119	4	0			
				-			_	714	8	10

£714 8 10



THE COUNTY LUNATIC FASYLUM AT RAINHILL.



REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF VISITORS

County Lunatic Asylum at Rainhill,

TO THE

Adjourned Annual General Session held the 6th day of January, 1858.

This, the Sixth Annual Report relating to the institution, is presented to the Court in pursuance of the statute relating to Pauper Lunatic Asylums.

There are now in the house 181 males and 222 females. The Committee have no hesitation in reporting that the Asylum, to the extent of accommodation it can afford, is in an efficient and satisfactory state. The Committee annex copy of report of the Commissioners in Lunacy upon the state of the Asylum.

The Court having, at the September Sessions, referred the question of enlargement to a special Committee, whose report has not yet been made, the necessity for enlargement is not entered upon here. This Committee think it necessary, however, to state that the copinions expressed in last year's report with regard to the great insufficiency of the present Asylum accommodation for the wants of the district, have been more than confirmed. During the past eyear, a greater number of cases from Liverpool and the neighbourchood have been refused, for want of room, than have been admitted into the Asylum. On principle the Committee object to the con-

finement of lunatics in Workhouses; but having to refuse many recent cases, and being much pressed by the Workhouse authorities in Liverpool, they consented to discharge, as a temporary expedient only, some half-dozen patients, if the Superintendent reported favorably of the accommodation provided. The Commissioners in Lunacy also visited the Workhouse, and reported upon the subject. The Committee were furnished with a copy of the report (also herewith) and their particular attention was called by the Commissioners to the statements and recommendations therein. No patient has been yet discharged, nor have the parish authorities yet informed the Committee whether they still wish patients to be sent to them.

The Committee have to report favorably of all their present officers and servants. They regret that one of the male attendants so far forgot himself as to strike a patient. Though he was one of the oldest servants, the Committee considered it was their duty at once to dismiss him, not only as a punishment, but an example to others.

Nothing has occurred during the year to call for further special notice; and the Committee refer to the reports of the Superintendent and Chaplain, and the published accounts, for the usual statistical and other information.

The Committee have to express their regret that their Chairman, Mr. Pollock, has been obliged through ill health to retire.

HARDMAN EARLE.

Chairman.

REPORT

OF COMMISSIONERS AS TO WORKHOUSE ACCOMMODATION.

Liverpool Workhouse, 31st October, 1857.

There are at present 24 persons classed as of unsound mind in this Workhouse, 4 of whom are in the insane wards, and 20 in the epileptic wards. In addition to these, there are many epileptic patients in the house who are more or less affected in mind, and who, we think, should be returned as such. With the exception of Ann Stokes and Thomas Dickenson, whose cases should be carefully watched by the medical officer, all the patients appeared to be in an incurable state, and were stated to be quiet and harmless.

The rooms and beds were generally clean; but the practice of using loose straw for the beds of patients who are dirty in their habits should be discontinued, and softer and a better description of bed should be used for sick and bed-ridden patients. The clothing of the male patients was much worn, and requires amendment. We think that all instruments of restraint should be kept by the medical officers, and not used without their sanction; and that locks should be placed upon the shower baths, and the keys likewise kept by them.

All insane patients appear to be sent to the Workhouse previously to their removal to the Asylum, and the present want of accommodation in the County Asylum frequently causes them to be detained for a much longer period in the Workhouse than would otherwise be justifiable. Delay is also occasioned, in some instances, owing to the difficulty of procuring the attendance of a magistrate to sign the necessary order; and we have suggested that when this is the case, the officiating clergyman should be applied to, under the provisions of the 67th section of the 16th and 17th Victoria, cap. 97. Certain portions of the Workhouse have been pointed out to us, which the Guardians propose to furnish for the female epileptic patients, and also for some of the harmless and incurable cases who are at present in the County Asylum.

We think that the greatest caution should be exercised in selecting the patients to be thus removed from the Asylum, and that the Visitors will not be justified in discharging them until they are satisfied that proper provision has been made for them in the Workhouse, and that their accommodotion and comforts are assimilated to those they have hitherto enjoyed in the Asylum, without which their condition will in every way deteriorate.

For this purpose it is essential,

- 1-That a sufficient staff of responsible paid nurses and attendants should be employed.
- 2-That a fixed liberal diet (to be sanctioned by the medical Superintendent of the Asylum) should be allowed.

- 3-That the clothing and bedding should be warm and good.
- 4—That the rooms should be rendered much more cheerful, and be better furnished than at present.
- 5-That the present small flagged yards should be enlarged and planted as gardens.
- 6-That the patients should be frequently sent out to walk in the country under proper care.
- 7—That the patients should have the benefit of regular daily medical visitation; and that the register of admissions, discharges, and deaths, and also the medical journal required to be used in Asylums (by the Act 16th and 17th Victoria, cap. 97, schedules 1, 2, 3) should be kept by the medical officers who shall visit the patients in the Workhouse.

We further suggest that the medical officer of the County Asylum should be requested to inspect the wards, as soon as the arrangements shall be completed, for the purpose of suggesting any alterations that he may think desirable, and also of satisfying the Visitors of the Asylum that proper provision has been made for the care of the patients proposed to be removed.

(Signed)

W. B. PROCTER. JAMES WILKES.

REPORT

ON THE STATE OF THE ASYLUM, BY THE COMMISSIONERS.

Rainhill Asylum, 22nd June, 1857.

We have visited the Asylum and seen all the patients, viz., 185 males and 220 females. We found the inmates generally very quiet, and only two of the females were secluded in their own rooms. No men were in seclusion. Mechanical restraint is not used.

A large proportion of the patients are regularly employed; the men in husbandry and at various trades, and the women in washing, needlework, and domestic occupations.

The condition of the inmates is healthy, although a considerable number are under medical treatment.

Since the last visit of the Commissioners in February, the mortality has not been large. 44 deaths are recorded during the sixteen months, and within the same period 75 patients have been discharged, of whom 70 were recovered. The admissions have amounted to 133.

The wards were throughout clean and in good condition, and the rooms are well furnished and comfortable.

The bedding is clean, and we are glad to observe that horsehair mattrasses and feather beds have been supplied in some of the apartments.

The chapel, which is calculated to accommodate 350 persons, is now completed, and we learn that at present the average number of patients who attend the service is 220.

The Asylum is quite full, and we understand that a number of applications for admission have been refused. In going over the Asylum we have, therefore, taken into consideration the means by which additional accommodation could be provided. We are of opinion that any additional buildings should be placed near the north block on either side; and we would suggest that they should be constructed upon a simple and inexpensive plan, adapted for the use of the patients who are regularly employed in the neighbouring workshops and laundry.

The grounds are well planted, and the airing-courts in excellent and ornamental condition. Nearly all the land is under cultivation, and we think it is well worthy of the consideration of the Committee of Visitors whether it would not be desirable to purchase some additional land, so as to extend the farming operations, and allow for the keeping of cows. Should any additions be made to the building this step will be the more important.

We have been gratified with our visit, and are of opinion that the institution is under careful and judicious management, and that the patients are well attended to.

> W. G. CAMPBELL. S. GASKELL. Commissioners in Lunacy.

REPORT OF THE RESIDENT MEDICAL OFFICER & SUPERINTENDENT.

County Lunatic Asylum, Rainhill, March 1858.

Gentlemen,

I have the honor to submit to you the seventh annual report of the Rainhill County Lunatic Asylum, together with the usual statistical returns respecting the patients who have been under care and treatment in the Institution during the year.

It will be seen by Table I., in the Appendix, that the admissions during the year have been but 78, and these were only able to be received as vacancies occurred by deaths and discharges. The Asylum has been quite full throughout the year—the daily number resident having been 401. Every bed usually reserved for the most urgent cases has been occupied, and indeed some of the dormitories have, in the summer months, been found to be more crowded than is consistent with the comfort, and, strictly speaking, with the good health of the patients. We have, notwithstanding, been obliged, from want of room, to refuse admission to nearly

130 cases described as recent and urgent. Most of these patients have, from the crowded state of the Lancaster and Prestwich Asylums, been sent to the licensed house at Haydock Lodge, where the charge is 13s. a week, against 7s. 7d. at Prestwich, 8s. 2d. at Lancaster, and 8s. 9d. at Rainhill. The town and neighbourhood of Liverpool appear to have suffered more from this deficiency of Public Asylum accommodation than any other part of the County, for, during the year 1857, out of 195 fresh cases of insanity which the officers of the Parish of Liverpool, the Union of West Derby, and the Township of Toxteth Park, have been called upon to place under "care and treatment," 94 only could be accommodated in the three County Asylums, while 101 have been obliged to be sent to Haydock Lodge-the Parish of Liverpool contributing 44, and the West Derby Union and the Township of Toxteth Park 57.

Those who are responsible for the management of the parochial funds, and who have the interest of the ratepaying public of Liverpool at heart, have therefore good grounds for complaint that, through the deficiency of County Asylum accommodation, 100 pauper lunatics are obliged to be maintained at a licensed house, at a cost to the parishes of nearly ± 1200 a year over and above what would be the case were the same patients able to be accommodated in the Public Asylums. It must not be inferred from these remarks that any reflection is intended upon the charges for maintenance made at licensed houses; those charges, to be remunerative, must necessarily be higher than those at County Asylums, for the private Asylum proprietor has not, as is the case in public Asylums, a

County fund out of which to pay his rent, and for the repair of the buildings, and is therefore obliged to include these items of expenditure in the cost of maintenance, and in his weekly charge for patients.

The parishes have, however, a right to complain at having those extra charges imposed upon them exclusively, instead of paying their quota to a rate levied on the whole County, for the law directs that the cost of building and repairing Asylums for pauper lunatics shall be defrayed out of the County, and not out of the Poor's rate.

It is therefore clear that, in justice to the interest of the ratepayers, it is the duty of the Magistracy, who under the Lord Chancellor, are the legal guardians of the insane, to take forthwith the necessary steps for providing public Asylum accommodation for recent cases of insanity, which otherwise will have to be sent to licensed houses, or, from fear of the high charges, will be detained in Workhouses, deprived of proper "care and treatment."

There can be no doubt that in this County, as is the case all over the kingdom, a large portion of the insane, at present confined in the public Asylums, belong to the class called chronic, who do not during a considerable part of their time, require the minute individual attention and supervision which are essential in recent cases; and the suggestion naturally occurs that it is by relieving the wards of our present Asylums, which are fully adequate to the care

and treatment of acute cases, of these chronic patients, and locating them under circumstances more adapted to their exigencies, that the difficulty now experienced in the County ought to be met. This may be done in three ways, each of which has its advocates, viz.: by sending out all chronic cases to Workhouses; by building a new Asylum for chronic patients; or, as recommended by the Commissioners in Lunacy, by "enlarging existing Asylums by the addition of large, plain, inexpensive wards" for such patients as can be associated together under a system of less minute individual supervision, and maintained at a lower cost than recent cases.

The plan of sending out the chronic insane to Workhouses is not a new idea, but it has been adopted on a small scale in most Asylums for many years past; and, where it has been restricted to quiet and unexciteable cases of senile or congenital imbecility with or without epilepsy, and where the Workhouse arrangements have been appropriate, the plan has been comparatively unobjectionable in operation. In order however, by this system, to meet. the present requirements of the County, it would be necessary to extend the practice much beyond the limits of the class above described, and to transfer all the chronic insane who are believed. to be incurable to the Workhouses, as well the class whose mental malady is dependant upon cerebral disease in its ordinary acceptation, as those whose condition is the result of natural defect, congenital or senile. For this purpose it will be necessary that every Workhouse should have its lunatic wards, which would practically constitute a chronic Asylum. A memorial from the Guardians of the Bolton Union, was presented to the Preston

Sessions in January last, advocating this expedient in opposition to the enlargement of the County Asylums, and maintaining that the Magistrates ought, in accordance with the Act of Parliament, and the practice of the principal Lunatic Asylums in London, to discharge all patients, who have proved incurable after twelve months treatment in the County Asylums, into the custody of the Guardians, to be taken care of in the Workhouses, and that if such a course were adopted there would be no necessity for enlarging the Asylums.

It is due to yourselves, as Magistrates, and to the public generally, that the erroneous nature of these views should be exposed.

In the first place it is by no means contemplated by the Lunatic Asylums Act that the guardianship of the insane by the Magistracy should be confined to the curable. The expressions "care" and "treatment" clearly indicate the twofold character of the duties imposed, which refer as much to the safe and humane custody of those who, by reason of their mental malady, themselves permanently require protection, or from whom society requires to be protected, as they do to the provision of appropriate means for the restoration of those whose disorder is believed to be curable.

The practice pursued at the London Hospitals of Bethlem and St. Luke, mentioned in the memorial, of discharging at the end of a year all who are not deemed curable, is referred to by the

Bolton Guardians in support of their views ; but this rule is simply a bye-law of these Hospitals, which are exclusively charitable institutions of Royal foundation, but upon which the insane pauper has no especial claim, and from which of late this class has been entirely excluded, on the ground that the legislature provides for them in County Asylums, the benefits of these noble Institutions being firstly considered as more required by patients from among the struggling members of the middle classes who, although above pauperism, have not means sufficient for their maintenance in private Asylums.

It must be admitted that by far the larger proportion of recoveries in insanity take place within a year of the admission of the patients; it is not true, however, that twelve months' treatment in an Asylum is a sufficiently long period to test the curability of an insane person. A considerable number of patients recover after remaining a much longer period under the influence of mental disease. Nearly 25 per cent. of those who are recorded as having recovered during the year 1856, at the three Asylums in this County, had been under treatment in those Institutions for considerably longer periods than one year, and some of them for several years. Thirteen out of 46 at Lancaster, 24 out of 61 at Rainhill, and 19 out of 102 at Prestwich, are thus returned, (see Reports for 1856.)

The Commissioners in Lunacy have, for several years past, had under their anxious consideration, the best and most economical

means of providing, with justice to the pauper and to the ratepayer, for the great accumulation af chronic patients which is now taking place throughout the kingdom, and which in other Counties, no less than in Lancashire, is closing the public Asylums against recent cases.

The experiment of distinct lunatic wards for chronic cases, attached to Workhouses, has been extensively tried in this as well as in other Counties, and has, it appears, been found, in the opinion of the most competent judges, to work most unsatisfactorily, as will be seen from the three last reports of the Lunacy Commis-They state in their ninth report, page 38, that-" So far sioners. as the lunatic and idiotic inmates are concerned, the condition of the Workhouses which have separate wards expressly appropriated to the use of that class is generally inferior to that of the smaller Workhouses, where they are distributed among the ordinary inmates, and in some instances is extremely unsatisfactory. Placed often in large numbers in these lunatic wards, with really far more of personal confinement, they have far less of physical comfort, and little chance of skilful and systematic treatment. The wards specially appropriated to them are very rarely provided with any suitable occupation or amusement for the inmates. The means of healthful exercise, and labour out of doors, are generally entirely wanting, and the attendants, (who are commonly themselves paupers,) are either gratuitous, or so badly organized, and so poorly requited, that no reliance can be placed on the efficiency of their services. In short, the wards become in fact places for the reception

and detention of lunatics, without possessing any of the safeguards and appliances which a well constructed and well managed Lunatic Asylum affords." These objections apply, with increased force, when Work houses are situated in the middle of large towns, as is the case at Liverpool, and where it is impossible, from this circumstance alone, that the Guardians can, however much they may feel disposed to do so, make arrangements which will be suitable and satisfactory.

The Commissioners, at length, in their last report, page 17, state that-" impressed with a sense of the many evils of this system of Workhouse provision, they have felt it their duty to appeal to the Poor Law Board against the expediency of affording any encouragement or sanction to the further construction, in connection with Union Workhouses, of lunatic wards." While condemning the above system, however, they have not neglected to point out one that is free from objection, and which promises to combine, as far as is practicable, the greatest amount of economy with the highest degree of efficiency. It is the construction, in connection with existing Asylums, of "simple, inexpensive, three-storied buildings, consisting chiefly of spacious dormitories and large living rooms," where the more quiet chronic patients, who do not require so much individual attention and supervision, can be associated together, and where, owing to the reduced proportionate cost of supervision, the absence of all sick and extra diet, of wines, spirits, and expensive hospital comforts, the diminished wear and tear of clothing and bedding, the simpler and less expensive character of the process of heating and ventilation, &c., the patients could be maintained at a

97

considerably lower cost, probably 20 per cent. less, than in Asylums as at present constituted.

Very many of the chronic and incurable insane who, during the greater part of their time are quiet and harmless, are occasionally subject to attacks of excitement of longer or shorter duration, and at these times, require all the supervision and medical attention bestowed upon recent cases. Such patients, if usually inhabiting these chronic wards, would, therefore, at these periods, require removal into what might be termed the curative part of the Asylum, until the excitement had subsided, and the attack had passed over. It will thus be seen that, by the plan suggested by the Commissioners, all the pecuniary advantages of a separate chronic establishment are secured without the cruel inhumanity of consigning the patients to a place which would be associated with the crushing thought that their malady was hopeless, and that they should never again regain their liberty.

Entertaining these views, and urged by successive reports of the Commissioners in Lunacy, and by letters from Unions in the Hundred of West Derby, this Committee, last autumn, directed plans to be prepared for enlarging the Asylum to the extent of 256 beds, by the addition of two plain three storied blocks of building, situated near the workshops on the men's, and the laundry on the women's side.

These plans, having been approved by a majority of a special

Sub-Committee of Magistrates appointed to report as to the best and cheapest way of providing additional accommodation in the County for pauper lunatics, will be brought before the Quarter Sessions in April next, and I trust will receive the sanction of the Court for their being carried out. It is right that the Magistrates should be reminded that the estimate for the enlargement, although very moderate for the total amount of accommodation, would have been considerably less had it not been necessary to extend the workshops, and to enlarge the kitchens-additions which were unavoidable with so large a contemplated increase of patients. The general outlay proposed is also somewhat increased by the intended addition of 16 single rooms on each side to the central blocks of the present building. This step is necessary in order to bring up the Institution to the minimum proportion of single bedrooms to associated dormitories at present existing in County Asylums. The present proportion at Rainhill, 59 in 400, is considerably lower than what exists in any Asylum in the kingdom, and, from five years' experience, is, I feel sure, less than is essential to the efficient working of the Institution.

The plans are framed in accordance with the recently issued "instructions to architects" of the Lunacy Commissioners; being "free from all superfluous decoration," "three stories in height," having no "wide and expensive corridors;" and will be ventilated upon the simplest and most economical principle, namely, by open fires, and with foul air extraction flues constructed in connection with all the chimneys. The total outlay proposed is believed to be as small as is consistent with efficiency and durability. The

architect states that the original cost might in some things be reduced, but it would be with the prospect of a constantly-recurring bill for repairs. In Asylum architecture, however, few will doubt the truth of the maxim that the best material is in the end the cheapest. Should these plans be sanctioned and carried out, the new buildings will be forthwith occupied by such chronic and quiet patients among the present inmates as are deemed suitable, while the present wards will be available for recent cases, now being sent in such numbers from Liverpool to private asylums.

The cost of maintenance of the patients whom it is proposed to draft into these new buildings will, I am satisfied, for the reasons already stated, and from the absence of the necessity for increasing the staff of superior officers, be reduced 20 to 25 per cent. below that of the present average cost per head in the institution; and this reduction ought, I think, to satisfy the most rigid financial reformers who are not prepared to sacrifice to motives of mere economy and of evanescent popularity, the humane discharge of their duties to those of their fellow creatures to whom poverty, combined with the most grievous of all maladies, have given a claim for public protection and support.

I am reluctantly obliged again to draw your attention to a circumstance adverted to in my last year's report, namely, the mischievous practice of detaining recent cases of insanity in the Workhouse for a considerable length of time before sending them to the Asylum. This practice exists to a larger extent in the parish

of Liverpool than in any other source from whence patients are received into this Asylum. In the year 1856, 47 cases were admitted whose average detention in the Workhouse lunatic ward was nineteen days. During the past year, 50 patients have been received who have passed through these reception wards. In 6 instances the patients were removed to the Asylum within a week. but in the remaining 44 cases the average detention in the lunatic ward was fifteen days; the periods varying in individual cases from one week to seven. Those of the Committee who have visited the wards in question, and are acquainted with their gloomy, cheerless character, and the absence of all suitable means of outdoor excercise, can the more readily understand how unfavourably recent cases of insanity must be influenced by being immured in them. and must with myself regret that the most valuable time for remedial action should be so perniciously sacrificed. All who have have had experience in the treatment of the insane are aware of how important for success or disaster are the first two or three weeks in the treatment of recent cases. As a rule, more good or : harm is done for the patient in the first fortnight than in the succeeding three months; and in many instances, if the favourable time for action usually present at this early period once passes away, the case becomes virtually a chronic, and, possibly, an incurable one.

I am inclined to believe that the unpromising features presented by a large portion of the patients admitted from the parish of Liverpool are considerably influenced by this improper and illegal

detention. The patients from the West Derby Union are rarely detained more than a night or two in the Workhouse, and, as a rule, are in a much better physical condition when admitted. Where any difficulty exists in obtaining the attendance of a Magistrate to sign the orders of admission, the act of Parliament authorises the officiating minister to be called upon; and the Chaplain to the Workhouse, with the Overseer, are at all times competent to obviate any difficulty of this kind. 'The detention may, however, be owing to imperfect attempts at cure in the Workhouse wards, a system fraught in most cases with much mischief,— a fruitful source of chronic insanity, and thus upon the lowest grounds shortsighted and impolitic.

Of the 78 patients admitted, 17 had been under treatment in Asylums for former attacks of insanity, 4 men and 7 women having been previously in this Asylum, and having been readmitted after, for the most part, lengthened periods of absence.

33 patients, namely, 8 men and 25 women, have been discharged recovered during the year, a much smaller number than has ever previously taken place, and which is due partly to the reduced number of admissions,—for the recoveries chiefly occur among the recent cases,—and partly to the unpromising state, mental and physical, of the patients when brought to the Asylum. Of those who have been discharged recovered during the year, 2, both women, have been readmitted ; the cause of the relapse being in the one case want and privation, and in the other intemperance.

The deaths during the year have been 32, or at the rate of 6.79 upon the total number of patients treated. This rate of mortality is below the average of former years, and is less than is usually the case in county Asylums. 20 out of the 32 deaths were from those hitherto intractable diseases general paralysis and pulmonary consumption.

There have been three successful attempts at escape during the year, all men. One had been an inmate of the institution for several years, and repeated applications for his discharge had been made by his friends, who are small farmers, and to whom his services were when well, very valuable. As delusions, accompanied by a disposition to violence, existed, the application for his discharge was refused; he subsequently contrived to make his escape from his bedroom at night, and, through collusion with his friends who secreted him, he was not retaken.

Another of the escaped patients was a criminal who became insane after his committal to prison for felony. He was employed as a joiner, and had become convalescent, when, doubtless, being afraid that he would be sent back to gaol to await his trial, he made his escape from the workshop, and remains at large. Being a criminal lunatic his name cannot be removed from the books of the Institution without the consent of the Secretary of State. An application to this effect will, however, now be made. 'The third patient got away from the working party in the grounds, eluded immediate capture, but was shortly afterwards re-admitted under another name, and upon a new order and certificate.

The escape of an occasional patient is an incidental result of the more modern Asylum arrangements, where the unobstrusive vigilance of the attendants is expected to take the place of high walls and barred windows; and it is better that an irregularity of this kind, which is occasionally scarcely avoidable, should occur than that the liberty of the general mass of patients should be curtailed by mechanical means, and the remedial influence thus be lost of confidence imposed and self control exercised.

Tables V, VI, and VII shew results differing but little from those of former years. It will be seen that nearly forty per cent. of the admissions were in a state of marked physical exhaustion, rendering generous diet, with, in numerous instances, wine, brandy, and porter, essential as adjuncts to other remedial means. Twentyeight per cent. were Irish, although chiefly residents of Liverpool.

From Table VIII it will be seen that the per centage of instances where the disease was traceable to intemperance, although high, 13 per cent., has been less during the past than in former years, whereas the proportion of cases due to poverty, domestic misery, and pecuniary anxieties and difficulties, has been larger than usual. It is often, however, extremely difficult, and frequently impossible, to arrive at even the probable cause, owing to the imperfect history of the patient which is obtainable, and, consequently, a large proportion of cases are obliged to be classed under the head of "cause unknown."

During the past year the Institution has, I venture to believe,

continued to progress in suitability and efficiency for the objects for which such establishments are instituted. Several additions and improvements have been made which have contributed to the comfort and well-being of the patients, and the recommendations of the Commissioners in Lunacy, as to the addition of hair and feather beds in the infirmaries, and the substitution of sacking for the wooden bed-bottoms has been proceeded with. Many further alterations, however, require to be done, some of which are in progress, to render the Institution thoroughly satisfactory, more especially in the condition and arrangement of the ward offices.

The most careful attention has been given to economy in matters of expenditure, and it is satisfactory to know that the cost of maintenance has been reduced by nearly 4d. per head per week, as compared with the preceding year, without, it is believed, curtailing the necessities or comforts of the inmates.

Restraint has never, since the opening of the Institution, been resorted to, and the instances of seclusion are becoming less numerous every year. It is now very rarely employed on the men's side, intervals of one, two, and three months having respectively passed, during the year 1857, without a single case of seclusion, for five minutes, on this side of the establishment.

The occupation of the patients continues to hold a most important position among the aids to recovery. It is now the rule that all shall be employed in proportion to their ability, unless there is some

adequate reason to the contrary; and, in order to keep this principle more prominently before the attention, a daily record is now kept of the names of those patients who are *not* employed, and the reasons why. This regulation is the result of a suggestion of one of the Commissioners in Lunacy, and it will, I feel sure, work well.

The usual extract from the "daily report of the state of the patients," as to employment, the record of work done, and the estimated value of the labour, will be found in Tables XVIII to XXII, in the Appendix.

Employment has, as in former years, been periodically alternated within reasonable limits, with amusement and instruction. The weekly meetings for music and dancing, the out-door fêtes, the games of cricket, bowls, and football, have been as popular as ever, while an occasional lecture by the Chaplain on miscellaneous subjects, illustrated by dissolving views shewn by the aid of the magic lanterns, has been both amusing and instructive. The Chaplain will, in his report, refer to a class which he has recently established on the women's side for reading and discussion, and which bids fair to be both useful and attractive.

In addition to the school in the winter evenings, for those men patients who are disposed to improve themselves, still carefully superintended by our indefatigable chief attendant, Mr. Jones, an attempt is being made to establish one on the women's side, but it is too early to speak confidently of its prospects of success.

105

Notwithstanding that the house has been crowded throughout the year, the health of the patients has, upon the whole, been good, the Institution has been free from all epidemic disease, and the mortality has, as will be seen by the returns, been low. Among the most powerful influences leading to this satisfactory result I cannot help regarding a liberal dietary. It is, happily, now no longer a matter of doubt among all medical men who are competent from personal experience in the treatment of insanity to give an opinion upon the subject, that a more liberal dietary than is necessary for individuals of the same station whose minds are sound, is required by all classes of the insane. In acute and recent insanity it is eminently so, and such is the case, perhaps in a somewhat modified degree, among the chronic insane; and when the damaged condition of the brain, and the consequent deteriorated influence of the nervous system upon the processes of assimilation and nutrition is borne in mind, it will not be a matter of surprise that a better supply of food, both in quantity and quality, should be needed to sustain the functions of life, than is required in individuals. of the same social class who are free from mental disease.

There is no question connected with the management of the insane, which is more completely settled by the universal assent of the best judges, than that a liberal dietary is essential to the successful treatment of the curable, and is equally important for improving the mental and physical condition, and for averting a high rate of mortality among the chronic and such as are supposed to be incurable.

I have, as in former years, to acknowledge the continued cordial cooperation of my colleagues, the Chaplain and the Assistant Surgeon. The former I have, ever since I have had the good fortune to be associated with him, valued as a kind friend, and an able and discreet fellow worker, and have respected as a talented and liberalminded clergyman; the latter, Mr. Braithwaite Rogers, has since May last, ably filled the office of Assistant Medical officer, and is esteemed as a most agreeable and efficient colleague.

My obligations are due to the Clerk and Steward for his systematic and business-like application to his duties, and for many valuable suggestions which I have received from him in connection with matters occurring in his department. My thanks are also due to the subordinate officers and servants generally, for their uniform good conduct and attention to their duties, and for their ready acquiescence in all regulations which it has been necessary from time to time to impose.

Having been appointed to the charge of the County Asylum for the West Riding of Yorkshire, it only remains for me, in concluding this my last report upon the Rainhill Asylum, to offer to the Committee generally, and to the Chairman, Mr. Hardman Earle, in particular, my best thanks for the continued proofs of their confidence and support.

I shall, for many reasons, leave the institution with deep regret; and although removed to another sphere of action, I shall always retain a warm interest in this Asylum, with which I have been connected for five years; and shall ever bear in grateful remembrance the many kindnesses of the Visiting Magistrates.

I have the honour to be,

Gentlemen, Your obedient humble servant, JOHN D. CLEATON,

> Resident Medical Officer and Superintendent.

The Committee of Visitors of the County of Lancaster Lunatic Asylum, Rainhill.

Υ.

STATISTICAL TABLES.

TABLE I.

Admissions and Discharges during the year 1857.

81 47 48	м,	F.	TOTAL.	м.	F.	TOTAL.
Remaining in the Asylum Jan. 1, 1857 Admitted during the year	174 34	219 44	393 78	208	263	471
Out on trial Discharged recovered Discharged improved Discharged unimproved Escaped	··.8 ··.2	1 25 1 2 0	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 33 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{array} $			
Died	18	14	32	28	43	71
Remaining in the Asylum Jan. 1, 1858	e 174			180	22 0	400
Per centage of recoveries as compared with the admissions during the year. Per centage of recoveries on total		••				43.32
number under treatment Per centage of deaths on number under	••					7.02
treatment Average daily number resident during the year						6·79 401

TABLE II.

Social state of Patients admitted during 1857.

	м.	F.	TOTAL.
Married	15	27	42 25 9 2
Single	14	11	25
Widowed	3	6	9
Unknown	2		2
	34	44	78

TABLE III.

Age of Patients admitted during 1857.

	1.1.4	Se			+	and and a start	a de la	the set of
						M.	F.	TOTAL.
0.1 1	-				+			
Below 1	b ye	ears.				0	0	0
Between	15	and	20	years		2	2	4
,,	20	,,	25	,,		5	9	14
,,	25		30	>>		5	8	13
	30	,,	35	,,		6	6	12
,,	35	,,	40	,,		2	5	7
33	40	,,	50	,,		6	7	13
23	50	,,	60	,,		4	4	8
	60		70			4	3	7
"	00	,,	10	;,	••	-		
30- 1-20						34	44	78

TABLE IV.

Previous occupation of patients admitted during 1857.

M	EN.
Labourers5Sailors4Tailors4Shoemakers1Bricklayer1Civil Engineer1House Servant1Sawyer1Ropemaker1Millwright1Hawker1Farmer1	Clerk1Schoolmaster1Porter1Railway Station Master1Boatman1Butcher1Bookbinder1Gardener1Coachman1Unknown3Total34
wo	MEN.
Housewives29Domestic Servants6Sempstresses2Factory hand1Hawker1Milk seller1	Charwoman1Beerhouse-keeper1No occupation1Unknown1Total44

TABLE V.

	м.	Р.	TOTAL.
Much reduced and exhausted In moderate bodily health In good bodily health	14 16 4	18 17 9	32 33 13
Total	34	44	78

Physical condition of Patients admitted during 1857.

TABLE VI.

Shewing the Countries to which Patients admitted during 1857 belong.

Irish	1	TOTAL. 51 22 3 1 1 1 78
-------	---	--

TABLE VII.

Religious profession of Patients admitted during 1857.

	м.	F.	TOTAL
Church of England Roman Catholics Protestant dissenters No religion	18 13 2 1	28 13 3 	46 26 5 1
Total	34	44	78

TABLE VIII.

Probable Causes of Insanity in Patients admitted during the year 1857.

MORAL.	м.	F .	тот.	м	F .	TOT
Pecuniary anxieties, losses, and difficulties	3	25	56			
Domestic unhappiness Desertion of wife	2	0	2			
Imprisonment Chagrin at being in custody for crime	1	1 0	2			
Seduction	0	1	1			
PHYSICAL.	-		-	8	10	18
			10			
Intemperance and debauchery Poverty, want, and physical exhaustion	2	5 5	10 7			
Epilepsy Chronic disease of brain	5	20	7			
Injury to head	2	0	2		and d	
Recent confinement	0	1		15	13	28
Unknown	••••			11	21	32
and a second				34	44	78

TABLE IX.

Form of Insanity in Patients admitted during 1857.

in the second	м.	F.	TOTAL
Mania	11	23	34
,, with epilepsy ,, with general paralysis	- 1	2	3
, with general paralysis	3	0	3 2 16
Monomania	22	0	2
Melancholia		14	
Dementia	8	4	12
,, with epilepsy	4	0	4
,, with general paralysis		1	4
and all a file and a file and a second and a second and the second and a second and the second and a second and the second and a second	34	44	78

TABLE X.

Duration of Insanity,

Previous to Admission in Patients received during 1857.

a hat with a	M.	F.	TOTAL.
1 week and under	1		1
Between 1 and 2 weeks	5	2	7
,, 2 and 4 weeks	3	9	12
, 1 and 2 months	·· 5 ·· 3 ·· 5	10	15
2 and 3 months	2	4	6
" 3 and 6 months		5	9
., 6 and 12 months		2	3
,, 1 and 2 years			9 3 2 2
,, 2 and 3 years	1	1	2
Unknown	10	11	21
Total	34	44	78

TABLE XI.

Form of Insanity in Patients discharged recovered during 1857.

	1 2	1.	F.	TOTAL.
Mania Melancholia Dementia		4	16 6 3	20 6 7
Total	-	8	25	33

TABLE XII.

Duration of Treatment in the Asylum,

In Patients discharged recovered during 1857.

1		м,	F.	TOTAL.
Under 2	months	3	1	4
Between	n 2 and 3 months	1	3	4
,,	3 and 4 months			
22	4 and 6 months	0	3	3
37	6 and 12 months	1	8	9
29	1 and 2 years	2	3	5
,,	2 and 3 years		5	5
,,	3 and 4 years	1	1	2
,,	6 and 7 years		1	1 1
28-	Total	8	25	33

TABLE XIII.

Causes of Death in Patients who have died during 1857.

Chronic disease of the Brain with General Paralysis """""""""""""""""""""""""""""""	8 1 3 2 1 	3 4 1 3	TOTAL.
Total	18	14	32

TABLE XIV.

Duration of Treatment in the Asylum of Patients who have died during 1857.

	herb birte	ronut	topura	м.	F.	TOTAL.
	nd under 1 and 3 3 ,, 6 6 ,, 12 1 ,, 2 2 ,, 3 3 ,, 4 4 ,, 5 5 ,, 6 6 ,, 7			··1 :23233222 :	···2 ···3 1 1 2 2 3	·· 1 2 2 3 5 4 4 4 4 3 2 32
TRE	Total		•••••	18		14

TABLE XV.

Admissions and Discharges

From the opening of the Asylum in January 1851, to January 1, 1858.

				-	м.	F	TOTAL
	Admitted during the 7 years				570	612	1182
27	ABPTEMEER, 1891.	м.	F,	TOTAL.			
and the second second	Discharged Recovered	155 22	216	371 31	East		in the second
	", Unimproved Escaped	25 14	18 3	43 17			
	Died Out upon Trial	174	145 1	319	390	402	782
	Remaining in the Asylum Jan. 1, 1858.				180	220	400

TABLE XVI.

Shewing the Countries

To which Patients belong who were in the Asylum January 1, 1858.

00 TH TE OF ME	M.	F.	TOTAL
English	. 101	125	226
Irish	. 57	73	130
Irish	. 6	15	21
Scotch	. 6	3	9
Russian	. 1		1
Prussian	. 1		1
Spanish	1		1
Italian	. 1		1
German	. 1	1	2
West Indian	. 1		1
South America			1
Unknown	. 3	3	6
" . The state of the state of the			
Total	. 180 '	220	400

TABLE XVII.

Religous Profession of Patients in the Asylum January 1, 1858.

an interaction of the second	м.	F.	TOTAL.
Church of England	104	114	218
Roman Catholics	54	73	127
Protestant Dissenters	10	23	33
Unknown	12	10	22
Total	180	220	400

TABLE XVIII.

Extract from the Daily Account of the State of the Patients.

MEN.

SEPTEMBER, 1857.									
Employed.		Thursday 10th.		day th.	Saturday 12th.		Sur 13	iday th,	
And the second s	Morn	After	Morn.	After.	Morn.	After.	Morn.	After.	
Working in Garden Farm and Grounds Gas and Engine House Assisting Joiners Assisting Joiners "Plumbers and Painters "Bricklayers and Masons "Bricklayers and Masons "Bricklayers and Masons "Blacksmith	$ \begin{array}{c} 6 \\ 5 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 8 \\ 8 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ \cdot \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ \cdot \\ 2 \\ \cdot \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ \cdot \\ 2 \\ \cdot \\ 2 \\ \cdot \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ \cdot \\ 2 $	$ \begin{array}{c} 66 \\ 6 \\ 5 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 8 \\ 8 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 26 \\ \cdot 1 \\ \cdot 2 \\ 2 \\ 132 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 65 \\ 6 \\ 5 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 8 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 27 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 133 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} 65 \\ 6 \\ 5 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 8 \\ 8 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 27 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 1$	$\begin{array}{c} 66 \\ 6 \\ 5 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 8 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 26 \\ \cdot 1 \\ \cdot 2 \\ 2 \\ 133 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 26 \\ 6 \\ 5 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 8 \\ 8 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 60 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 127 \\ \end{array}$	101 attended Chapel.	94 attended Chapel.	
Unemployed. Excitement with Restraint with Seclusion Sick in Bed Quiet including infirm Total unemployed Admissions Deaths and Discharges		··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ···	··· ··· 5 44 49	 5 43 48	··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ···	··· ··· 5 43 48			
Total General Total			1			175			

TABLE XIX.

Extract from the Daily Account of the State of the Patients.

WOMEN.

.

-	SEPTEMBER, 1857.								
Employed.	Thursday 10th.		Friday 11th.		Saturday 12th.			nday th.	
the balance was she and a summer of	Morn.	After.	Morn.	After.	Morn.	After.	Morn.	After.	
Washing, Folding, Mangling, Ironing Needlework Knitting, Netting, Fancy work Shoe Binding Cleaners, Cleaning Galleries Kitchens Peeling Potatoes	41 67 5 2 37 7 5	46 73 4 2 27 9 2	30 69 4 2 37 7 5	22 67 4 29 9 	41 69 5 2 41 7 5	42 69 5 2 31 9 	ထင္မွာ Chapel.	: w & Chapel.	
Total employed	164	163	154	133	170	158	43	28	
Unemployed.				6.15	ed e	RIP	1014		
Excitement with Restraint ,, without Restraint ,, with Seclusion Sick Quiet	 3 44	··· ·· 3 45	··· ·· 4 53	··· ·· 3 75	·· ·· 3 38			··· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ··	
Total unemployed	47	48	57	78	41	53	168	183	
Admissions Deaths and Discharges Total	1000		 	 	 	 	··· ··	·: ··	
General Total	211	211	211	211	211	211	211	211	

TABLE XX.

LIST of ARTICLES of CLOTHING &c., Made and Repaired by the Patients during the year 1857.

Articles.	75. 1.	
	Made.	Repaired
Boots and Shoes	353	519
Clogs	154	
Suits of clothes for male attendants	18	
Morning jackets for ditto	11	
Jackets for patients	156	190
Trousers for ditto	269	684
Waistcoats for ditto	159	204
Men's cloth caps	178	40
Men's stocks	120	50
Calico shirts	733	4745
Flannel ditto	206	
Calling America	130	1454
Ticking ditto	100	do S
Grey stockings knitted	39	11
1.4		10010
Calico Chemises		
Flannal ditta		
		1000
Flannel petticoats		
Linsey ditto	85	2333
Gowns		
Gingham aprons		
Calico bedgowns	153	2339
Flannel ditto	6	

Articles.		Made.	R	epaired.
Day caps		272		1661
Night caps		69		867
Handkerchiefs		144		
Hand towels		29		
Roller towels		34		44
Huckaback towels		76		
Table cloths		48		135
Carpets bound				36
Cotton sheets	••••	358		1194
Soot sheets		2		Made
Macintosh sheets	•••••	4		
Forfar, clothes and bath sheets		22		
Strong rugs		5		
Mattrass cases		3		
Pillow cases		566		3189
Window blinds and curtains		182		
Blankets overcast		200	•••••	73
Tea cloths		50		
Dish cloths	••••••	86		96
Tray cloths		8		
Boots and shoes bound		287		
Stays	•••	17		570
Knee caps		26		
Counterpanes		10		286
Check pinafores		6		89
Strong ditto		6		
Forfar slops		30		

Table XX.-Articles made and repaired-continued.

.

Articles.	Made.	Repaired.
Chintz sofa covers	4	
Shooting jackets for patients	5	
Overcoats for ditto	14	in montasti.
Braces stitched		200
Strong dresses	10	124
Baker's aprons	9	
Straw-bed cases	41	251
Toilet covers	32	
Bonnets trimmed	86	554
Neckerchiefs	66	

Child plantings

Strong dillo 22

Table XX.-Articles made and Repaired-continued.

Und in statistics TL

TABLE XXI.

LIST OF WORK done by the Patients and Attendants as Mechanics, Joiners, Plumbers, Painters, &c., during the year ending December 31st, 1857.

400 iron brackets for beds

57 stays for beds

4 sets of ironwork for water closets

136 bolts for wheelbarrows

2 pickers for bricklayers

2 jointers for ditto

2 cast iron doors fitted up with joints, connecting-rods and handles

2 scrolls

17 bolts

2 colter pins

2 segments

for bath chair

8 plates

4 wheels hooped

8 nath hoops

8 18-inch bands for trestles

8 bolts for ditto

14 pairs of centres for colonnades

28 square plates for ditto

9 keys for hydrants and gas taps

2 handles for retort lids

2 bolts for fire doors

4 bolts for cart

Q

Table XXI-Work done by Patients and Attendants---continued.

2 bows and ears for buckets

40 bolts for jointing pipes in towers

- 2 screw drivers
- 1 steel chisel
- 4 mud rakes
- 1 potatoe rake
- 1 masher
- 8 sets of chaffer bars
- 1 hasp
- 2 staples

Wrought iron door and bands, for prevention of smoke from steam boiler jobbings

Whitewashing and coloring men's wards

18 iron bedsteads painted and varnished

2 filters lined

280 panes of glass put in

80 feet of new window frames glazed

100 feet of garden frames ditto

3 water closets fitted

2 filters lined with zinc gas put into laundry dining room

ditto tailor's shop

ditto shoe room in No. 2

bath in No. 9 altered

sundry jobbing

- 3 milk cans made
- 4 lading cans do
- 8 syringes do

Table XXI-Work done by Patients and Attendants-continned.

- 8 round baskets made
- 2 cupboards
- 6 water closet seats
- 40 hammer & pick shafts
- 75 broom handles
- 30 coffins
 - 3 picture frames
- 7 bird cages
- 5 patterns for castings
- 5 birch tables
- 3 fall tables
- 13 window bottoms
- 10 boxes
- 14 flower stands
- 1 bottling stand
- 20 coal boxes
- 8 blind rollers
- 47 blind laths
- 30 wheelbarrows
- 2 stepladders
- 79 bed frames
- 1 knife board
- 1 set shutters
- 1 tray stand
- 7 blocks
- 2 doors
- 1 sash and frame
- 1 spout 12 ft.long

Table XXI-Work done by Patients and Attendants-continued.

- 1 hand barrow
- 3 looking-glass frames

14 mantle shelves

1 pedestal washstand

1 Bath chair, wheels &c., complete

1 large case with glass doors, for musical instruments

1 pair trestles

2 garden lights, 4 ft. by 8 ft. 6 in.

8 matting frames

4 bagatelle tables, edged with bay wood

2 benches, 12 ft. long

2 rollers for towels

6 bath room gratings

2 peel shafts

2 paddles for washing machine

3 doz. drawer locks set on

1 T square

3 gardener's "sight" staves

1 deal table

2 levels

1 sreening frame

2 boiler lids

1 drawing board

1 sash door

1 frame for ventilators

98 feet shelving

2 stalls in stable boarded

50 feet wood casing for pipes

Table XXI-Work done by Patients and Attendants-continued.

3 thrashing flails 1 set side boards for cart 6 pairs hinges set on 3 snuff boxes 1 centre for bricklayer 1 musicboard in recreation hall 4 boiler sticks 1 ironing board 5 feet railing 1 brush rack 3 clothes rails 1 pair architraves 2 stands for fish globes 1 set of rollers for washing machine 4 naths for carriage wheels 4 legs for tray stand 3 mason's mallets 1 roller for mangle 4 shovel handles 16 legs for water beds 8 pistons for syringes 5 dozen vent pegs 2 dozen file handles 2 soldering iron handles 6 awl handles 16 birch table legs 20 coir mattrasses 50 coir pillows

turned

Table XXI-Work done by Patients and Attendants-continued.

repaired

- 20 shutters
 - 6 doors
 - 3 windows
- 58 wheelbarrows
- 16 coal boxes
- 10 buckets
- 4 washing machines
- 6 tables
- 4 shower baths
- 2 knife boxes
- 3 trays
- 4 floors
- 2 chests drawers
- 20 chairs
 - 6 stepladders
 - 2 boxes
 - 6 benches
 - 4 clothes horses
 - 4 gratings
- 20 locks
 - 6 picture frames
 - 4 bed frames
 - 4 carts
 - 4 potatoe washers
 - 4 bedsteads
 - 7 hay rakes
 - 1 grate
 - garden seats

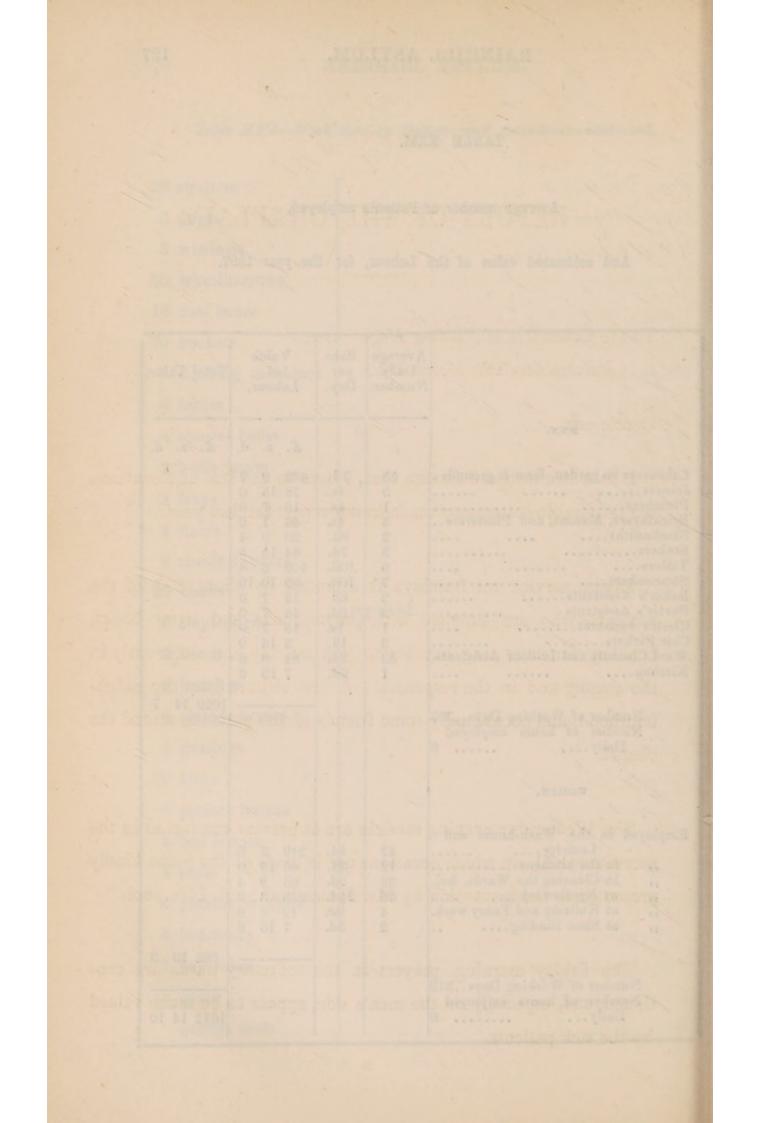
126

TABLE XXII.

Average number of Patients employed,

And estimated value of the Labour, for the year 1857.

· Return any hour, Marrie 1	Average Daily Number.	Rate per Day.	Value of Labour,	Total Value.
MEN.			£. s. d.	£. s. d.
Labourers on garden, farm & grounds . Joiners Plumbers Bricklayers, Masons, and Plasterers Blacksmiths Stokers Tailors Shoemakers Baker's Assistants Porter's Assistants Clerk's Assistants Clerk's Assistant Ward Cleaners and In-door Assistants, Kitchen Number of Working Days307	5 1 3 2 5 8 7 2 2 1 3 33 1	7d. 1s. 1s. 1s. 8d. 7d. 10d. 10d. 10d. 6d. 1s. 1d. 2d. 6d.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1029 14 7
Number of hours employed Daily 6 WOMEN.				
Employed in the Wash-house and Laundry , in the kitchens , in Cleaning the Wards, &c. , at Needlework , at Knitting and Fancy work , at Shoe Binding	12 32 66	4d. 3d. 2d. 21d. 21d. 2d. 3d.	$ \begin{array}{r} 46 & 19 & 0 \\ 83 & 9 & 4 \\ 215 & 3 & 9 \\ 10 & 8 & 8 \end{array} $	582 19 3
Number of Working Days313 Number of hours employed Daily,	3			1612 14 10



REPORT OF THE CHAPLAIN.

To the Committee of Visiting Magistrates, Rainhill Asylum, March 1858.

Gentlemen,

It is with much satisfaction that I have to confirm and continue the favourable statements made in my report for last year.

Divine service on Sundays is attended by about 200 of the patients, who are supplied with prayer-books and hymn-books, enabling an increasing number to join audibly and decorously in the singing and in the responses. A few visitors from the neighbourhood, and occasionally some friends of the patients, attend the chapel.

The Wednesday evening services are at present conducted in the recreation hall, on which occasions use is made of the piano kindly presented to the institution by Mr. James Smith, of Liverpool.

The Friday morning prayers in the infirmary wards are continued, and, especially on the men's side, appear to be much valued by the sick patients.

For many reasons I have long been anxious to assemble the patients for a short daily service of morning prayer, but it has hitherto been found impracticable. Prayers are read in the wards by the attendants morning and evening, at which I have occasionally in the evening been present. The orderly conduct of the patients at such times has uniformly been highly creditable to themselves and to the attendants.

The chief attendant on the men's side continues to hold a school for reading, writing, and arithmetic, on Tuesday evenings. I feel it a duty and a pleasure to commend the active part which has been taken in the instruction of the patients by this most kind and trustworthy officer.

A conversation party has been formed on the men's side, meeting on Friday afternoons for reading and friendly intercourse. I append a copy of the regulations, and am happy to be able to speak favourably of the result of our proceedings. The members of the party took tea together on the evening of the 5th instant, the Matron kindly presiding. Amusements of various kinds contributed to the enjoyment of the occasion.

A few of the women patients meet once in the week for improvement, principally in reading and writing, in which, by one of the nures, Elizabeth Gordon, they are kindly and willingly assisted.

In an institution like the one under your direction, where, after

all possible vigilance on the part of the officers, the kind treatment of the patients must, in a great measure, depend on the gentleness and forbearance of each individual amongst a large number of nurses and attendants, it is satisfactory to be able to adduce evidence of right conduct on their part, such as seems liable to no source of fallacy. Of this kind I conceive to be the testimony of recovered patients who have been discharged from the Asylum, and have resumed their ordinary occupations. It is therefore with great pleasure that I hear of some who have been patients, writing to their former nurses or attendants, with expressions of gratitude for kindness received whilst in this Asylum. It is equally satisfactory to observe some of them, from time to time, attending the chapel on Sunday; or taking advantage of a holiday to visit the Asylum, or to join the recreation party on the Thursday evening. Others are frequently met by myself in Liverpool, on which occasions they seem anxious to make enquiries, indicating towards those under whose care they have formerly been placed, a disposition altogether friendly, and a regard sufficiently active to overcome the repugnance naturally felt towards Asylum reminiscences.

The sum of $\pounds 7.5s$. Od. has been spent during the year 1857 from the proceeds, and in accordance with the original design of the Rainhill Asylum Convalescent Fund.

By myself, in common with the officers, servants, workmen and patients in the Rainhill Asylum, is shared the sincere regret occasioned by the contemplated removal of Mr. Cleaton to the office

of medical Superintendent and Director of the County Asylum, Wakefield. I am unable to recall to mind, since I first entered upon my present duties nearly five years ago, a single instance of greater or less import, in which the Superintendent has not acted, to the best of my knowledge and belief, as a gentleman and a benefactor to the institution under his care. Ceasing to retain his present office, he will never cease to be remembered by his associates as a highly valued and respected friend.

> I have the honour to remain, Gentlemen, Your obedient Servant, HENRY H. HIGGINS.

ANNUAL STATEMENT OF TREASURER,

FROM JAN. 1 TO DEC. 31, 1857.

RECEIPTS by the Treasurer of the County of Lancaster Lunatic Asylum at Rainhill, in the Hundred of West Derby, from the 1st January to the 31st December, 1857, inclusive.

Sundry Receipts.

The second s	1	£.	8.	d.	£.	8.	d.
rovision Account		107	12	6			
Garden and Farm account ,		30	6	6			
Miscellaneous account		19	18	7			
2 (1, 108	1 -				157	17	7

Maintenance Account.

From Parishes, &c., in County to which	Asylum belongs.	9129	7	8			
From Parishes, &c., in other Counties		70	15	10			
Tank the Continuent of the factors	- Charles - Charles -				9200	3	6

Building Account.

From County Treasurer, for Buildings, Repairs, Fittings,				
&c., viz.—Ordinary repairs	1029	4	8	
Extraordinary account	379	17	7	
Vote of £150	48	1	4	

1457 3 7

Total Receipts ... £10815 4 8

PAYMENTS by the Treasurer of the County of Lancaster Lunatic Asylum at Rainhill, in the Hundred of West Derby, from the 1st January to the 31st December, 1857, inclusive.

Salaries and Wages.

John D. Cleaton Superintendent, with house, gas,				
coals, and vegetables	350	0	0	
Rev. H. H. Higgins Chaplain, with house and garden .	200	0	0	
*Geo. J. Gillam Assistant Surgeon, at £60. per				
annum, in full	25	6	3	
*Braithwaite Rogers Ditto at £60, and £80. per ann.	38	7	11	
*R. C. LewisClerk and Steward, at £100 and				
£125. per annum	117	7	3	
*Jane Stephenson Matron	75	0	0	
*Mary Ann Smith Sub-matron	30	0	0	
Timpron Martin Clerk to the Committee of Visitors	60	0	0	
Bunkry Tecespte.			_	
	896	1	5	
Attendants and Servants 851 17 2				
Occasional-Organist 12 9 0				
Gratuities 22 15 0				
	887	1	2	

1783 2 7

Marked * boarded and lodged. Average cost per head per week 1s. 81d.

Men Servants.

	1 Chief Attendantat	£40	0	per annun
	3 Attendants	27	0	,,
*	3 Ditto	25	0	,,
	1 Ditto	22	0	,,
	1 Night Attendant	25	0	,,
	1 Shoemaker	25	0	"
	1 Tailor	27	0	,,

£. s. d. Brought over...... 1783 2 7

Men Servants-continued.

*1	Baker at	25	0	per annum
*1	Porter	27	0	,,
*1	Assistant Porter	5	0	,,
•1	Engineer	32	10	/ ,,
*1	Stoker	20	0	,,
*1	Gardener	25	0	
†1	Ditto	1	5	per week
11	Farming Man	0	14	"

Women Servants.

*3	Attendants	at £18	0	per annum
*5	Ditto	. 15	0	,,
*8	Ditto	. 13	0	
*1	Night Attendant	. 15	0	,,
*1	Cook	. 16	0	,,
+1	Kitchenmaid	. 12	0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
*1	Ditto	. 9	0	, on ,
•1	Housemaid	. 12	0	"
*1	Ditto	. 10	0	,,

Marked * boarded and lodged. Marked || lodged only. Marked † neither boarded nor lodged.

Provisions.

Including Garden and Farm Expenses, and all articles of Diet, except Wine, Spirits, and Porter.

	s. d.	
Ale 360 gallonsat	1 2§ per gallon. 22	0 0
Beer 12825 ,,at	0 88 ,, 463	2 6
Barm	20	09
Barley (pearl) 5 cwt. Ogr. 24lbsat	19 10 per cwt 5	3 6
Butter (salt).48 cwt. 0qr. 25lbsat 1	$09 5\frac{1}{2}$,, 263	18 3

	£.	8.	d.	£.	s. (d,
Brought over	774	5	0	1783	2	7
s. d.						
Cheese 29 cwt. 1qr. 25lbs at67 0 per cwt	98	16	9			
Coffee 2128 lbsat 1 0g per lb	114	6	10			
Currants 307 lbsat 0 9 ,,		9	8			
Eggs 311 scoreat 1 31 per score .	20	2	6			
Fruit.	6	18	3			
Fish and Poultry	3	1	6			
Flour 5891 packsat 39 9 per pack	1170	9	0			
Meat 54323 lbs at 0 6_{16}^{7} per lb	1455		0			
Milk 14112 gallonsat 0 63 per gallon.	398		6			
Oatmeal $27\frac{1}{6}$ packsat 30 9 per pack		16	0			
Peas (split) 17 cwt. 2qrs at 14 5 per cwt	100 B 10 S 1	13	0			
Potatoes 166 bushels at 4 55 per bushel		0				
Raisins 156 lbsat 0 $6\frac{1}{6}$ per lb		6				
Rice 56 cwtat 16 6 per cwt		6				
Sugar 8885 lbs at 0 $5\frac{13}{13}$ per lb		17				
Tea 1042 lbsat 3 2 per lb		4				
Treacle 7 cwt. 3qrs. 12lbsat 21 9 per cwt		11				
Tobacco and Snuff		14				
Vinegar, Salt, Mustard, Pepper, and Spices		13				
Miscellaneous—Arrowroot, Sago, &c		4				
miscenaneous-Anomious, sago, worretter			-			
	4705	11	3			
Garden and Farm expenses (see Farm returns, page 144)	349	4	9			
			-	5054	16	0
Payments 5054 16 0	rol bar					
Deduct Provision Receipts. 107 12 6						
Garden & Farm do. 30 6 6	balquad					
137 19 0						
£4916 17 0	,					
and the state of the second of the	ha		Con.			
Average cost per head per week 4s 8gd.						
Arerage cost per neur per neur is egar						
Wine, Spirits, and Porter.						
Wine and Culiff						
Wine and Spirits	77					
Porter		8		132	8	0
Average cost per head per week 11d.						
						-
Carri	ed over	·		6970	6	7
a with the and and another and a set the						_

£. s. d. Brought over...... 6970 6 7

Necessaries. (Fuel, Lighting, and Washing.)

			8.	d.						
Candles(moulds)	10 lbs.	at	0	11	per lb.		0	9	2	
Candles (dips)	48 lbs.	at	0	71	per lb.		1	10	0	
Coals	075 tons.	18cwtat	8	1	per ton		434	8	10	
Slack	288 tons	7cwtat	4	9	,,		68	13	2	
Cannel for Gas.	136 tons	17cwtat	14	105	,,		101	17	0	
Lime for do	13 tons	at	13	113	,,		9	1	6	
Soap (hard)	67 cwt.	at	28	3	per cwt.		94	12	0	
Soap (soft)	70 firki	nsat	15	8	per firki	in .	54	15	4	
Soda1	16 cwt. 09	r. 2lbsat	7	03	per cwt.		5	13	0	
Starch and Blue							7	11	1	
Sundries							6	14	11	-
								_	-	78

785 6 0

9

137

Average cost per head per week 9d.

Surgery and Dispensary.

		 	-	113 19
Sundries, Instruments,	&c	 5 19	0	as grandin
Leeches		 0 13	4	
Drugs		 107 7	5	

Average cost per head per week 11d.

Clothing.

I	Braces	2	2	0			
2	Bonnets	15	12	0			
	Canvas						
0	Cord and Moleskin	43	15	4			
8	Calico	85	4	n	Sido .		
I	Clogs	14	2	0			
31	Flannel	64	1	2			
i	Gingham	49	2	3			
	Handkerchiefs and Neckerchiefs	3	13	3			
I	Linen	4	14	8			
	Leather, &c						
							-
	Carried over	450	6	6	7869	12	4

s

A & A	£.	8.	d.	£.	8.	d,
Brought over	450	6	6	7869	12	4
Print	4	18	9			
Shawls	28	9	6			
Stockings	35	3	9			
Tapes, &c	11	13	7			
Thread, Needles, Buttons, &c	18	19	4			
Uniform for Men Attendants	25	2	1			
Dresses, &c., for Women Attendants	15	3	8			
Woollen Cloth	78	6	0			
Worsted	7	4	0			
Sundries	8	17	0			
Average cost per head per week 75d.	0.10	2.01		684	4	2

Furniture and Bedding.

DI L				
Blankets	20	10	0	
Bunting for Flags	7	11	8	
Cushions, Cues, &c., for Bagatelle tables	3	6	9	
Canvas, Bed	8	1	0	
Crockery, Glass, and Chimney Ornaments	41	9	9	
Culinary and other Utensils, Brushes, &c	60	17	8	
Curtains	5	0	11	
Carpets	41	7	2	
Ironmongery	18	13	0	
Mattrasses, Hair	38	14	0	
Oil Cloth	2	16	5	
Rugs	1	16	0	
Sheets	38	15	2	
Sheeting, Waterproof	2	2	0	
Scouring Flannel	42	15	0	
Straw, Coir, &c., for Bedding	4	11	5	
Ticking	16	19	10	
Towelling	18	5	0	
Table Linen	24	18	5	
Sundries	18	14	2	
Average cost was band out on 1 423			_	417
A warness cost you had not - 1 123				

Average cost per head per week 43d.

Carried over...... 8971 1 10

5 4

£. s. d. Brought over...... 8971 1 10

Funeral and Removal Expenses.

				_	-	40	3	
Removal	Expenses	 	4	7	4			
Burial Fe	es and Ground,	 	14	14	0			
	earse		12	12	0			
Coffins		 	8	10	0	-		

Building and Repairs.

Ordinary Repairs.

it	Bricks, Tiles, and Slates	40	3	9	
ti	Fittings, Brass and Iron	52	9	6	
1	Glass for Windows, &c	5	13	10	11.
0	Iron, Nails, Screws, &c	. 22	10	10	
	Ironwork and Castings	156	13	7	
19	Lead and Lead Piping	18	6	0	
11	Lime and Cement	15	0	0	
B	Labor	314	6	7	
	Paints, Painting, Coloring, &c	103	14	6	
	Repairs to Padded Rooms	22	10	0	
i	Timber	135	0	4	
	Insurance	35	4	3	
	Sundries	89	6	11	
	Ferritors and In-Man-	*		_	1011

Extraordinary Expenditure.

Labor	151 5 11
Enclosing Colonnades (Men's side) .	155 19 6
Other additions, alterations & improvem	ents 39 10 0
Travelling expenses of Architect and	Sup-
erintendent	45 6 0
Architect's Commission	511 0
6 61 6 1111111	397 12 5

Carried over,... 1408 12 6 9011 5 2

0 1

139

Brought over				£. s. d. 9011 5 2
Out of Vote of £150. at April Session, 1856.				
Fire Buckets and Hose 26 16 6				
Cisterns, &c 21 4 10				
Contraction of the American Contraction of the Contraction	48	1	4	
Total defrayed out of County Rates		••••		1456 13 10
Garden and Farm.				
Implements, Tools, Harness, &c	9	3	4	
Manure (Guano)	26			
Provender for Live Stock, Pig Meal, &c	219			
Seeds and Plants, and Seed Wheat		5		
Straw	53	2	0	
Sundries	12	4	11	
Amount included under the head of Provisions	£349	4	9	
Rates, Tithes, and Taxes.				
Rent charge in lieu of Tithes	9	5	8	
Rates and Taxes	18	18	4	
The second secon			-	28 4 0
Average cost per head per week ad.				
Miscellaneous.				
Advertisements, Printing, Postage, and Stationery		19		
Allowed to Patients discharged on trial			9	
Amusements			0	
Bank Commission and Interest			6	
Birds, Fishes, &c			3	
Carriage and cartage	28	7	6	
Carried over	170	9	2	10496 3 0
Uu//icu 000/	110	0	~	

		£.	8.	d.	£.	8.	d.
	Brought over	170	9	2	10496	3	0
Expenses in going after escaped Patients		2	15	1			
Law charges		17	19	3			
Newspapers and Books		25	19	8			
Printing Reports		13	6	6			
Travelling Expenses		32	16	3			
Sundries		19	2	2			
	ihling-shared spin	ing ff	-	_	282	8	1
Payments	282 8 1						
Deduct Receipts							
	£262 9 6						
Average cost per head per week 3d.							

Total Payments £10778 11 1

Summary of Average cost per head per week.

sittingo to visit	8.	d.
Salaries and Wages	1	81
Provisions, including Garden and Farm		
Expenses	4	83
Wine, Spirits, and Porter	0	11
Necessaries	0	9
Surgery and Dispensary	0	11
Clothing	0	77
Furniture and Bedding	0	43
Rates, Tithes, and Taxes	0	03
Miscellaneous	0	3
EV KARLE, Char		-
Total	8	85

Aggregate days of residence of Patients, 146,441

Average daily number resident, 401.20.

Weekly charge for patients from County to which Asylum belongs-8s. 9d. per head. Weekly charge for patients from other Counties-14s. per head.

R. C. LEWIS, Clerk.

BALANC)

GENERAL STATEMENT of the RECEIPTS and PAYMENTS From the 1st day of Janu

	10 10 1 10 1						hand	- Saula	-		-
Dr.											
			RECE	IPTS.			8.	4		1	
7 1 T	Cash in Stan	d?- 1	anda Dai	1.1.		1.4.1.1.1			æ.	8.	u.
Jan. 1. To		vard's b		-			5				
	Ditto		Ma	intenance	acc	10	2	9		-	~
			100			-			26	8	8
Dec. 31. To		ount of				107		6			
	Ditto		Garden a				-	6			
	Ditto		Miscellan	neous		19	18	7			
								-	157	17	7
To (Cash from Pa	arishes,	&c. in (County to	which						
		The Lot of the	Asylum	belongs		9129	7	8			
	Ditto	in o	ther Coun	ties & Bo	roughs	70	15	10			
							_	_	9200	3	6
To	Cash from Co	ounty "	Frageurar	for Buildi	ing and						
101			ngs, &c., v		ing and						-
	Repairs		-		abw har	1090		0			
			nary Repa			10.00		0 7			
			aordinary of £150.			1000		1			
		vote	or £150.	•••		40	1	4	1457	0	-
								-	1457	0	7
To	Balance due	to Ban	kers						414	0	4
						Tierre I					_
								£	11255	13	8
											-
	2 01	15th M	arch, 1858	Approv	red,						
R. C. LEWI					EARL	E, C	hair	mar			
STAT	EMENT	OF	THE	FINA	NCL	L	AF	FA	IRS	(OF
						-	10				
1857.				anna, 14	211 10 5	011611	191	.0 8	£.	-	d
Dec. 31. To	Cash in Ster	vard's l	ands on N	Taintanan	co sect	12	9	5	~.	D.	u.
	amount due f				·····			6	Tree o		22.0
	amount due f										
102	informe due i		visions, C	artage, &		10	9		2364	18	10
									-	20%	_
R. C. LEW									£2364	18	10

EET,

DUNT of the COUNTY LUNATIC ASYLUM at RAINHILL, 31st day of December, 1857.

	Cr.
PAYMENTS.	
L. s. d. Jan. 1. By Balance due to Bankers	£. 8. d.
Dec.31. By Salaries and Wages	447 18 6
By Provisions, including Garden & Farm expenses 5054 16 0	
By Wine, Spirits, and Porter 132 8 0	
By Necessaries	
By Surgery and Dispensary 113 19 9	
By Clothing	
By Furniture and Bedding 417 5 4	
By Funeral and Removal Expenses 40 3 4	
By Rates, Tithes, and Taxes	
By Miscellaneous 282 8 1	
9321 17 3	
By Building and Repairs, viz	
Ordinary Repairs 1011 0 1	
Extraordinary Expenses 397 12 5	
Vote of £150 48 1 4	
	0778 11 1
By Cash in Steward's hands-Building account 16 15 8	
Ditto Maintenance acct. 12 8 5	
6 A CL ANNA LOUGH AND	29 4 1
£l	1255 13 8
Audited 8th March, 1858-H. EARLE.	of a
WM. RATH	BONE.
The Purchase as per conferences to a sector and the first and	
C ASYLUM AT RAINHILL, 31st DECEMBER, 18	57.
the fight of a never of land at 23 to be a long of the land.	01
8 1857.	£. s. d.
C. Dec. 31. By Balance due to Bankers 414 0 4	
By Amount due to sundry Tradesmen, on account of maintenance of Patients this day 1373 0 5-	1787 0 9
Surplus	577 18 1
đ	2364 18 10

10

GARDEN Al

Of the RAINHILL ASYLUM, in the COUNT

ESTIMATED VALUE OF STOCK ON FARM DECEM Dr. 1856. £. s. d. £. s. d. Dec. 31. To Stock on hand-2 Horses 30 0 0 88 Pigs 304 4 0 Ducks 0 8 0 Guinea Fowl 070 Hay 9 10 0 Oats 50 0 0 394 9 0 To Balance (increase on Stock) 41 11 0 £436 0 0 R. C. LEWIS, Steward. GARDEN AND FARM ACCOUNT, PROFIT

1857.	A PL THE MANAGEMENT	£.	8.	d.	£.	8.	d.	
Dec. 31. To Cash paid for	Implements, Tools, Harness &c.	9	3	4				
Ditto	Manure (Guano)	26	2	3				
Ditto	Provender for Live stock, Pig							
	meal, &c	219	6	6				
Ditto	Seeds and Plants, Seed Wheat.	29	5	9				
Ditto	Straw	53	2	0				
Ditto	Sundries	12	4	11				1
	The state of the second second second				349	4	9	1
To Wages of Fa	rming Man and Gardeners				129	9	4	
To Pig Wash fr	om Asylum	26	0	0				
To Pig Potatoes	s, as per contra	29	7	6				
To Seed Potato	es, credited in last year's account.	16	10	0				
To Rent of 26 a	cres of land at £2. per acre	52	0	0				
				_	123	17	6	
To Balance in fa	wor of Farm,				151	12	3	
					RY		_	
					£754	3	10	

R. C. LEWIS, Steward,

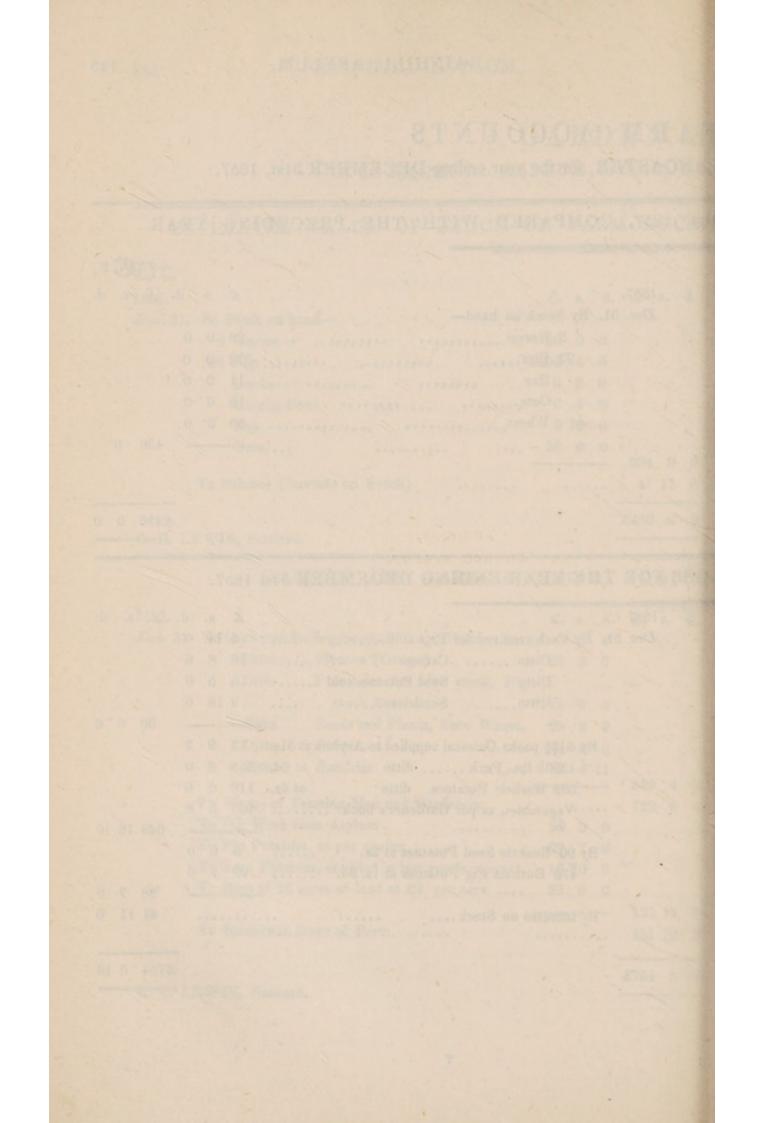
FARM ACCOUNTS

ANCASTER, for the year ending DECEMBER 31st, 1857.

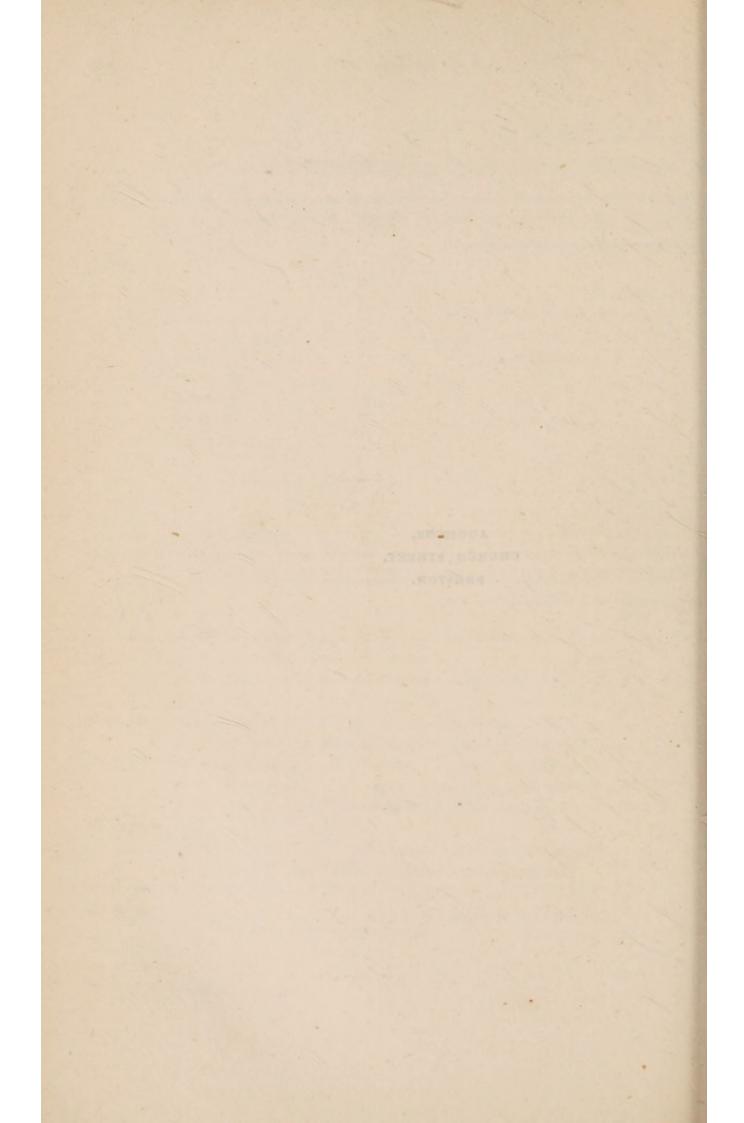
st, 1857, COMPARED WITH THE PRECEDING YEAR.

											C	r.
1857.							£	8-	d	£.	8.	d.
Dec. 31.	. By Stock	on hand-										
	2 Hors	es					. 28	0	0			
	93 Pigs						. 332	0	0			
	Hay						. 11	0	0			
	Oats				••		. 15	0	0			
	Whe	at					. 50	0	0			
									-	436	0	
										0190	-	-
										£436	0	0
		2000					and the second second					_
OSS FOR T	HE YEA	R ENDI	ING I	DECE	MBI	ER 31	st 185	7.				
OSS FOR T 1857	HE YEA	R ENDI	ING I	DECEI	MBI	ER 31		7. s.	d.	£.	8.	d
1857			•				£			£.	8.	d
1857	HE YEA By Cash re Ditto	eceived for	•	old,			£. 5	8.	0	£.	8.	d.
1857	. By Cash re	eceived for	Pigs s Cartag	old,			£ 5 16	s. 14	0 6	£.	8.	d
1857	By Cash re Ditte	eceived for	Pigs s Cartag Seed F	old	sold		£. 5. 16. 5	s. 14 8	0 6 6	£.	8.	d.
1857	By Cash re Ditto Ditto	eceived for	Pigs s Cartag Seed F	old e Potatoes	sold	••••	£. 5. 16. 5	s. 14 8 5	0 6 6	£. 30		
1857	By Cash re Ditto Ditto	eceived for	Pigs s Cartag Seed F Sundri	old e Potatoes ies	sold		£.5 16 5	8. 14 8 5 18	0 6 6			
1857	By Cash re Ditto Ditto Ditto	eceived for	Pigs s Cartag Seed P Sundri al suppl	old e Potatoes ies	sold		£ 5 16 5 2	8. 14 8 5 18 9	0 6 6 6			
	By Cash re Ditto Ditto Ditto By 8½44 pao 13932 lb	eceived for	Pigs s Cartag Seed F Sundri al suppl d	old e Potatoes ies lied to A	sold	 	£. 5 16 5 2 . 13 . 348	s. 14 8 5 18 9 6	0 6 6 6 2 0			
1857	By Cash re Ditto Ditto Ditto By 8½46 pao 13932 lb 595 Bus	eceived for	Pigs s Cartag Seed P Sundri al suppl d toes d	old e Potatoes ies lied to A litto litto	sold • sylun	 n at 31s at 6d at 4s	£ 5 16 5 2 13 . 348 . 119	s. 14 8 5 18 9 6 0	0 6 6 2 0 0			
1857	By Cash re Ditto Ditto Ditto By 8½46 pao 13932 lb 595 Bus	eceived for)) cks Oatme s. Pork hels Potat	Pigs s Cartag Seed P Sundri al suppl d toes d	old e Potatoes ies lied to A litto litto	sold • sylun	 n at 31s at 6d at 4s	£ 5 16 5 2 13 . 348 . 119	s. 14 8 5 18 9 6 0	0 6 6 2 0 0		6	6
1857	By Cash re Ditto Ditto Ditto By 8½46 pao 13932 lb 595 Bus	eceived for b cks Oatme s. Pork hels Potat les, as per	Pigs s Cartag Seed P Sundri al suppl d toes d Garder	old Potatoes ies lied to A litto litto aer's boo	sold • sylun	 n at 31s at 6d at 4s	£ 5 16 5 2 13 . 348 . 119 . 163	s. 14 8 5 18 9 6 0	0 6 6 6 2 0 0 8	30	6	6
1857	By Cash re Ditto Ditto Ditto By 8½44 pao 13932 lb 595 Bus Vegetab By 90 Bush	eceived for b cks Oatme s. Pork hels Potat les, as per	Pigs s Cartag Seed F Sundri al suppl d toes d Garder Potatoe	old, e Potatoes ies lied to A litto litto ner's boo s at 2s.	sold • sylun	 n at 31s at 6d at 4s	£ 5 16 5 2 13 . 348 . 119 . 163 . 9	8. 14 8 5 18 9 6 0 3	0 6 6 6 2 0 0 8	30	6	6
1857	By Cash re Ditto Ditto Ditto By 8½44 pao 13932 lb 595 Bus Vegetab By 90 Bush	eceived for b cks Oatme s. Pork hels Potat les, as per nels Seed 1	Pigs s Cartag Seed F Sundri al suppl d toes d Garder Potatoe	old, e Potatoes ies lied to A litto litto ner's boo s at 2s.	sold • sylun	n at 31s at 6d at 4s	£ 5 16 5 2 13 . 348 . 119 . 163 . 9	s. 14 8 5 18 9 6 0 3 3	0 6 6 6 2 0 0 8	30 643	6	6

£754 3 10



ADDISONS, CHURCH STREET, PRESTON,



LUNATIC ASYLUMS REPORTS, 1858.

