Seventh annual report of the Committee of Visitors of the Cambridgeshire, Isle of Ely and Borough of Cambridge Pauper Lunatic Asylum, for the year ending the 31st day of December, 1864 : with appendices.

Contributors

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SEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

COMMITTEE OF VISITORS

OF THE

CAMBRIDGESHIRE, ISLE OF ELY, AND BOROUGH OF CAMBRIDGE

PAUPER LUNATIC ASYLUM

FOR THE YEAR ENDING

THE 31st DAY OF DECEMBER, 1864.

WITH APPENDICES.

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THE COMMITTEE OF VISITORS

FOR THE YEAR 1865.

Visitors for the County.

THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE EARL OF HARDWICKE, Wimpole. THOMAS ST. QUINTIN, ESQ. (CHAIRMAN), Hatley Park. WILLIAM PARKER HAMOND, ESQ., Pampisford Hall. HENRY JOHN ADEANE, ESQ., M.P., Babraham. EDWARD HICKS, ESQ., Wilbraham Temple. THOMAS JOHN FICKLIN, ESQ., Cambridge. THE REVEREND JOHN THORNHILL, Boxworth. CHARLES PETER ALLIX, ESQ., Swaffham House. THE REVEREND WILLIAM GODFREY, Kennett Hall, near Newmarket.

Visitors for the Esle.

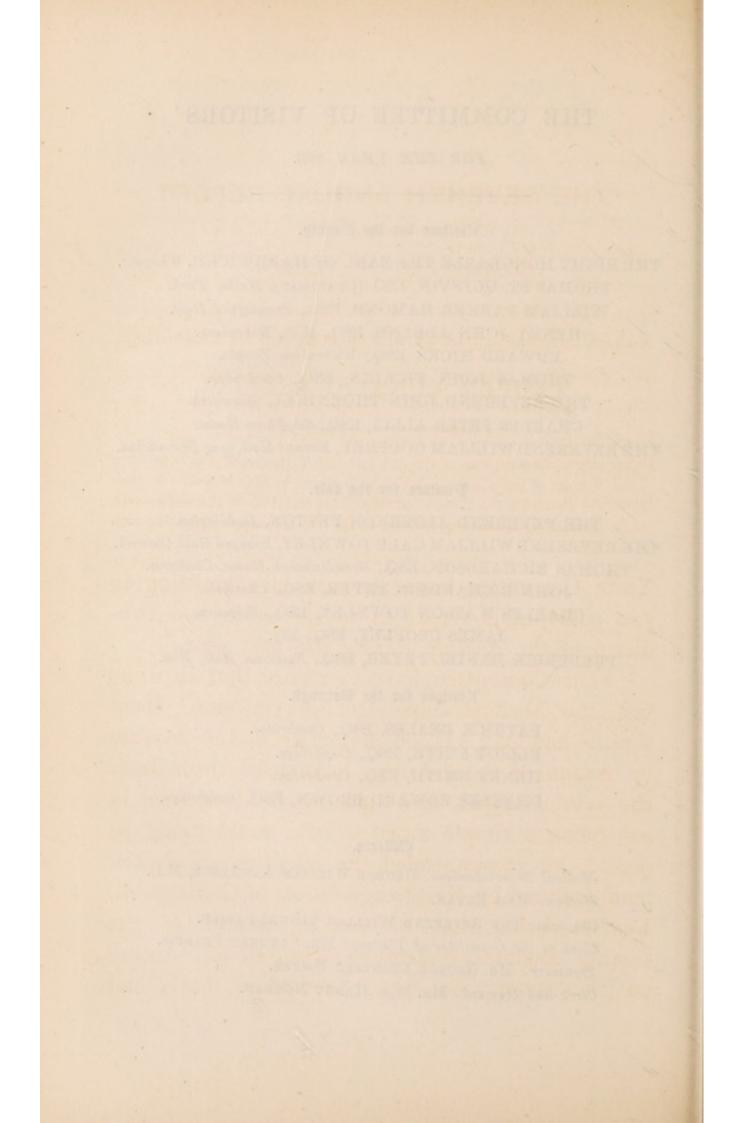
THE REVEREND ALGERNON PEYTON, Doddington. THE REVEREND WILLIAM GALE TOWNLEY, Beaupré Hall, Outwell. THOMAS RICHARDSON, ESQ., Brandenburgh House, Chatteris. JOHN RICHARDSON FRYER, ESQ., Chatteris. CHARLES WATSON TOWNLEY, ESQ., Fulbourn. JAMES CROPLEY, ESQ., Ely. FREDERICK DANIEL FRYER, ESQ., Needham Hall, Elm.

Visitors for the Borough.

PATRICK BEALES, ESQ., Cambridge. ELLIOT SMITH, ESQ., Cambridge. HENRY SMITH, ESQ., Cambridge. CHARLES EDWARD BROWN, ESQ., Cambridge.

Officers.

Medical Superintendent: GEORGE WILLIAM LAWRENCE, M.D. Matron: MISS BRYAN. Chaplain: THE REVEREND WILLIAM SAMUEL PARISH. Clerk to the Committee of Visitors: MR. CLEMENT FRANCIS. Treasurer: MR. GEORGE EBENEZER FOSTER. Clerk and Steward: MR. WM. HENRY NORMAN.



THE SEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

COMMITTEE OF VISITORS

OF THE

CAMBRIDGESHIRE, ISLE OF ELY, & BOROUGH OF CAMBRIDGE

PAUPER LUNATIC ASYLUM.

PURSUANT to the 62nd Sect. of the 16th and 17th Vict., cap. 97, the Committee of Visitors of the above Asylum beg to report to Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County of Cambridge and Isle of Ely respectively, in Quarter Sessions assembled, and to the Town Council of the Borough as follows :--

YOUR Committee have pleasure in submitting to you a favorable report as to the state and condition of the Asylum during the past year.

Your Committee have to report that in June last, the Medical Superintendent informed them that he had long felt the insecurity of the Asylum by reason of the defective locks used throughout the establishment, and that as the lock then in use being a simple mortice lock, could easily be picked, he recommended the adoption of a lock manufactured by Mr. George Monk, of Clerkenwell, London, being that in use in several of the County Asylums, and much approved of. Acting on this suggestion, your Committee have had the whole of the old locks removed and altered by Mr. Monk, at a cost of six shillings and sixpence, per lock; many of these locks are now in use in the Asylum, and appear to give satisfaction.

From a case which occurred in the Asylum, it appeared to your Committee, that the construction of the Closets in the airing courts, offered facilities to the unhappy patients for committing suicide, and were otherwise defective, and they therefore caused them to be altered according to the scheme and under the superintendence of Dr. Lawrence.

The Gardener having long complained of the want of a tool, or garden-house, for the reception of tools, seeds, &c., your Committee, on the recommendation of the visiting sub-committee, at a cost of £26. 10s., had a tool-house erected against, and extending the whole length of the wall at the Lodge gate, on the site formerly occupied by the Mortuary. The materials of which the Mortuary was composed, were removed to the Cemetery, and were there formed into the present Chapel.

Your Committee in their sixth annual report, alluded to the following suggestion appearing in the report of R. W. S. Lutwidge and Robert Nairne, Esquires, two of the Commissioners in Lunacy inspecting the Asylum, on the 2nd of November, 1863, as occupying their attention, namely: "in the course of our visit, Dr. Lawrence pointed out to us the difficulty which the construction and arrangement of the wards presents to the separation of violent and noisy patients who are unavoidably at present, a source of much disturbance and annoyance to the general body of inmates. An effectual remedy can alone be provided by the erection of detached wards in connection by enclosed or covered ways with the main buildings (say for 20 patients in each division), not to be exclusively appropriated to the patients indicated, or any special class, but available for the cases referred to. We recommend this matter to the consideration of the Committee."

In November, 1863, the subject of erecting these detached wards was referred to the visiting Sub-Committee. On the 23rd December, 1863, an estimate for erecting one of the wards with the covered way was presented.

At a meeting of your Committee held in February last, it was unanimously resolved "that detached wards as recommended by the Commissioners in Lunacy, and asked for by Dr. Lawrence, would add materially to the comfort, and much to the recovery of the patients." A Sub-Committee was thereupon appointed to prepare plans and estimates for the erection of detached wards and to consider the best mode of meeting the Expenditure and generally to report thereon.

On the 29th of March last, the building Sub-Committee submitted plans for the erection of one of the detached wards, and reported that they estimated that the cost of its erection and furnishing, would amount to about £1,200, and they suggested that the expenditure should be met by charging the same to the "Building and Repair Fund," formed by profit on out-county patients under the 6th section of the 25th and 26th Vict., cap. 111, referred to in another part of this report. On the 31st May, 1864, a portion of the fund so formed, was ordered to be expended in the erection and furnishing of one of the detached wards. On the 26th July, 1864, the Sub-Committee reported that Mr. W. M. Fawcett, the County surveyor, had been requested to prepare the necessary drawings and specifications according to the plan agreed upon in March last, and to carry out the work. Mr. Fawcett accordingly prepared the plans and specifications-which were produced to and approved by your Committee in August last. They have since been forwarded to the Commissioners in Lunacy for their approval, and after much correspondence between the Clerk to your Committee and the Commissioners, they have recommended them for the approval of Her Majesty's Secretary of State, who has since certified such approval, and the work will shortly be carried out.

On 26th January, 1864, a Sub-Committee was appointed to consider and report on the drains and sewers of the Asylum,—and on the best mode of utilizing the same; and on the 23rd of February, they reported that they had made a general inspection of the drains and sewage tanks, and they could not recommend any alteration with a view to utilize the sewage, but suggested that a pipe should be laid down from the sewage tanks, to a small piece of grass land at the back of the Asylum. This was accordingly done at a cost not exceeding £10.

On the 26th January last, your Committee received a memorial, signed by several influential rate-payers of the parish of Fulbourn, stating that it was intended to enlarge their Churchyard and remove certain old cottages there, to enable them to do so, and applying for a donation towards the cost of erecting Alms-houses in that parish proportionate to the rateable value of the land occupied by the Asylum. Your Committee voted the sum of $\pounds 6.12s. 6d.$, for that purpose, being the amount applied for.

. In consequence of the Medical Superintendent in May last reporting that the Asylum was overcrowded on the female side, your Committee gave notice to the Clerks to the Guardians of the Bury Saint Edmund's and King's Lynn Unions, to remove their 16 female patients from the Asylum, which they have since done.

The charge for maintenance of pauper patients chargeable to Unions in the County, Isle, and Borough, during the past year, has been at the uniform rate of 9s. per head, per week.

The charge for maintenance of out-county pauper patients during the past year, has been 13s., and of private patients, 14s. per head, per week.

The following statement, shews the number of patients in the Asylum, and the average cost per head, per week, of each patient chargeable to the County, Isle, and Borough, since the opening of the Asylum:

Average number of Patients.	Avera		cost per head er week. s. d.		
115	0	12	0		
144	0	11	3		
178	0	11	11/2		
and the second se	0	10	6		
	0	1			
	0	9			
	Patients. 115 144	Patients. £. 115 0 144 0 178 0 227 0 252 0 277 0	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		

It will thus be seen, that a considerable diminution in the rate of maintenance of patients chargeable to the County, Isle, and Borough, has been effected by the introduction of patients into the Asylum,—other than those chargeable to Unions in this County.

In addition to the benefit derived by the

County, Isle, and Borough, in the reduction of the charge for maintenance of their patients by receiving out-county and private patients into the Asylum, there has been direct profit, inasmuch as the charge for maintenance of out-county patients as before stated, has been 13s., and of private patients, 14s. per head, per week, whilst the charge for maintenance of County, Isle, and Borough patients, has been much less than those sums.

By the 43rd and 54th sections of the Lunatic Asylums' Act, 1853, the Visitors are authorized to receive out-county patients, but previous to the 25th and 26th Victoria, cap. 111, there was no authority or direction for expending profit derived by receiving that class of patients, and by the 6th section of the latter Act, after reciting the 54th section of the 16th and 17th Victoria, cap. 97, it is enacted, "that (the Committee of Visitors) may if they think fit, pay over the excess created by the payment of such greater weekly sum, to a "Building and Repair Fund," to be applied by them to altering, repairing, or improving such Asylum, and shall submit to the General or Quarter Sessions, a detailed statement of the manner in which such fund has been expended."

Your Committee acting on the section last quoted, have placed £2092. 12s. 1d. (being the amount ascertained to be profit on out-county patients from the opening of the Asylum, to the 31st December, 1863) to the credit of a "Building and Repair Fund," to which will be added from time to time, future profits from the reception of that class of patients.

Your Committee in April last, caused £1500., part of the above fund, to be invested in the purchase of Exchequer bills, so that it produces interest until required for building the proposed new wards.

At the close of the year, a detailed statement of the manner in which the fund has been expended, will, with other accounts, be laid before you.

Your Committee have every confidence that the fund so set apart for repairs and improvements, will be sufficient to provide and furnish the two detached wards at the Asylum for the reception of noisy and refractory patients, and will be a great and permanent improvement to the present building.

On the 31st of May last, the Clerk reported that the Parish Officers of Fulbourn had in the Poor's rate made for that parish, on the 28th of April last, assessed the Asylum and buildings at the sum of £1000. gross, and £910. nett rateable value, in addition to the sum of £88. 10s. for which the land forming the site of the Asylum and grounds adjoining is separately assessed. The Asylum buildings and land have been assessed to the Poor's rate of Fulbourn, at £88. 10s., ever since the land was purchased for Asylum purposes. This additional assessment of £1000. is conceived by your Committee to be in contravention of the 35th section of the Lunatic Asylum's Act, 1853, which enacts as follows:

"No lands or buildings already, or to be hereafter purchased or required under the provisions of any former act, or this act, for the purposes of any Asylum (with or without any additional building erected, or to be erected thereon), shall, while used for such purposes, be assessed to any county, parochial or other local rates, at a higher value or more improved rent than the value or rent at which the same were assessed at the time of such purchase or acquisition."

Your Committee feeling that they were not justified in submitting to such an assessment in absence of any previous legal decision on the point, instructed their Clerk to appeal against it. This appeal was accordingly heard at the General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, on the 1st of July last. The appeal was allowed subject to a special case, to be stated by the parties for the opinion of the court of Queen's Bench. The appeal to be adjourned from time to time, until after the decision of the court of Queen's Bench, when if necessary, the court of Quarter Sessions will settle the amount at which the Asylum is rateable. A special case has been prepared accordingly, and it is expected will be argued before the court in the ensuing Hilary Term.

It having been reported that the usual hour fixed for the Meeting of your Committee, was inconvenient to some of the Visitors residing at a distance, your Committee in June last, arranged the following hours for meeting throughout the year, viz.: During the months of May, June, July, August, September, and October, at 2 P.M.; and during the months of November, December, January, February, March, and April, at 12.30 P.M.

The following have been the numbers in the Asylum during the past year, as reported to your Committee at their usual monthly meetings.

ndr no mehin		mbrid shire atient			Out-County Patients.			Private			Totals	J.
al mainings bis	м.	F.	Total.	м.	F.	Total.	м.	F.	Total.	м.	F.	Total.
	100				45	71	5	4		131	And the second second	
23 February 29 March 3 May		101	201	27	47 45 50	74 72 78	5 5 6	444	9	$136 \\ 132 \\ 134$	150	282
31 May 28 June	101	109	210	29	49 35	78 65	6 6	44	10	136 138	162	298
30 August		109	215	30	35 34	65 64		44	10	$138 \\ 142 \\ 142$	147	289
27 September 25 October 29 November	104	111	215	29	34 33 34	64 62 62	6	4 4 4	10	$ \begin{array}{r} 142 \\ 139 \\ 139 \end{array} $	148	287
27 December	0.000			10 B (10 B (10 B (10	33	61	3	4		139	100 C 100 C 100 C	100 C 100 C 100 C

On referring to a similar table published at page 9 of your Committee's Sixth Annual Report, it will be found that on the 29th December, 1863, there were 204 patients in the Asylum, viz. : 101 males and 103 females chargeable to the County, Isle, and Borough; and on the 27th December, 1864, there were 108 male patients and 111 female patients, making a total of 219 of that class of patients; shewing an increase of seven male and eight female patients during the year.

During the past year your Committee have revised their Code of Rules for the Regulation of the Attendants and Servants of the Asylum, which have since been printed and circulated among them.

Your Committee have much pleasure in stating that the Asylum has been conducted very satisfactory during the past year.

The various Accounts and Statistics will, as usual, be presented to you in March next. To this Report your Committee beg to append a copy of the Report of two of the Commissioners in Lunacy, on their inspection of the Asylum on the 27th of April last, being the last examination of the Establishment by them previous to the date of this Report.

Your Committee cannot close this Report without again recording their appreciation of the services of the Visiting Sub-Committee during the past year, whose labours exercise so valuable an effect on the working of the Asylum.

THOS. ST. QUINTIN,

Chairman.

FULBOURN, 27th December, 1864.

(Signed)

Copy Report of the Commissioners in Lunacy, on their Inspection of the Asylum on the 27th April, 1864.

> CAMBRIDGE COUNTY ASYLUM, 27 April, 1864.

WE have inspected the Cambridge Asylum, and have personally examined every patient.

The building this day contains 133 males and 158 females.

Of the total number, 10 are private, and 74 are out-county patients.

The weekly charge for Cambridge patients is now 9s., outcounties pay 13s., and private patients are charged 14s.

We found all the inmates in a very quiet, comfortable state. There was no one secluded; and, judging from the entries in the medical journal, it seems that seclusion is but sparingly used, and mechanical restraint never resorted to.

The clothing and personal condition of the patients was generally good, but the women were neater than the men.

A very small number of the patients were in bed in consequence of bodily illness, and their general condition is healthy. Eighteen deaths are reported since our colleagues' visit in November, 1863, and within the same period 47 patients have been admitted, and 27 have been discharged. Of the patients discharged, 21 were recovered.

The occupations and amusements of the patients have been described in former entries, and we find that there has been no change in the arrangements. We must not, however, omit to notice that the Schools recently established have been carried on very successfully.

That all clothes, shoes, &c., are made on the premises, and that the land is cultivated very profitably.

As regards the quantity of land, there can be no doubt that a larger farm could be worked by the patients, and that the result would be beneficial to the funds of the institution. We believe it is the intention of the Committee to secure additional land whenever the opportunity for so doing shall occur.

Prayers are read, as usual, by the Chaplain.

We had an opportunity of seeing the patients of both sexes at dinner. The food was very good, and abundant: it was neatly and cleanly served.

Generally the patients seemed most comfortable and contented and their attendants and nurses struck us as being of a respectable class, and very kind and considerate in their conduct towards them.

All the wards were clean and in good order, but the women's division was crowded; and we understand that the subject of enlargement will be brought under the consideration of the Committee of Visitors at their next meeting. Dr. Lawrence has explained to us the mode in which it is proposed to provide additional accommodation; but we find that the intended plan, although giving day room space for 20 patients of each sex, will not do more than add 12 beds in each division, and that the estimated cost for the buildings is £2,000.

During our visit we noticed that the open buildings near the laundry and workshops were little used, and it seems to us that they might be very easily and very economically converted into wards, by appropriating the existing building as a dormitory, and erecting a large day-room at the eastern and western extremities of each. A similar mode of enlargement has recently been very

в

successfully carried out at the Suffolk County, and at a very small expense.

Dr. Lawrence, who is ably assisted by Dr. Lindsay, continues to govern the establishment with great activity and intelligence, and its present condition is very satisfactory.

an Juna :

W. G. CAMPBELL. S. GASKELL.

THE CHAPLAIN'S REPORT.

CAMBRIDGESHIRE ASYLUM, FULBOURN, NEAR CAMBRIDGE, 23rd December, 1864.

MY LORD AND GENTLEMEN,

I beg to inform you that, during the year now drawing to a close, Divine Service has been duly performed every Sunday in the Chapel of this Asylum; and that I have read prayers daily on week days, with the exceptions noted in my diary, including a period of six weeks, when your Chairman granted me leave of absence in consequence of severe indisposition.

I have administered the Holy Communion four times during the year, and on each occasion some of the patients presented themselves, and partook of that Sacrament in a very becoming manner.

My visits to the wards have all been noted in my diary.

Occasionally I have found some of the patients in the Infirmaries very rational, and anxious to hear me read to them and converse with them; but, as might be expected from the nature of their malady, such instances are rare.

I am glad to report that the behaviour of the patients in Chapel continues to be very orderly. On Sundays the attendance is large, and most of the patients appear to pay great attention to the Service.

I am,

My Lord and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

W. S. PARISH, Chaplain.

MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.

CAMBRIDGESHIRE COUNTY ASYLUM, Dec. 31st, 1864.

MY LORD AND GENTLEMEN,

During the year ending this day, the Asylum has continued in useful working; and its history as regards the Patients has been marked by few events of sufficient importance to render it desirable they should again be brought under your notice, having already considered them at your various meetings.

The changes amongst the patients are briefly as follows :---

39 males and 43 females have been admitted, Total 82.

22 patients, viz.: 4 males and 18 females have been discharged relieved, and 3 females not improved; 33 patients, viz.: 16 males and 17 females have been discharged recovered.

25 patients, viz.: 16 males and 9 females have died. There remain in the house 136 males and 148 females, Total 284. The average daily number resident has been 137 males and 151 females, total 288; the total number under treatment 367.

The number of admissions is somewhat less than in any previous year, owing to the more limited district from which patients are now received, and to the necessity of refusing many private cases through want of space.

The large number of patients discharged relieved is made up principally of those females who were chargeable to the Lynn and Bury St. Edmunds' Unions, ordered by your Board to be removed. The number of patients discharged recovered has to be reduced by 4, who were under order of removal at the date of my last report. The absolute recoveries in the year are less in number than before, owing partly to the state of those received, and partly to the smaller number of admissions.

The per-centage of the recoveries on the admissions is 35.4.

The cases which present any good ground for hope of their recovery, now in the house, number only 6 males and 11 females.

The deaths, I am glad to say, have been less in actual number than in any previous year, and, of course, much less as a per-centage on the total number under treatment, which is 6.8. They have all, save one, been from diseases hopeless and incurable in their very nature, 7 being from general paralysis. The mortality among the males has been again very much in excess of that among the females.

Of those who have died 6 (males 5, female 1) have been above 70 years of age.

Two have been the subjects of Coroner's Inquests:—one, a sudden death, in an apoplectic fit, and the other the unfortunate exception mentioned above, which was one of suicide, and presents the remarkable peculiarity of the apparent insufficiency of the means employed for producing the effect.

The patient, a female, appeared fast recovering. I had seen her at dinner and particularly noticed her cheerfulness and improved state. She walked about the airing court a great part of the afternoon, and her cheerfulness was noticed by others. At a quarter to five o'clock she petitioned the nurse to be allowed to stay out a few minutes longer, as she said she was enjoying the fine summer weather.

She seems to have gone down then to the closet and a few minutes after was found there by a patient lying on the ground, and apparently in a fit. This patient carried her out and laid her on the ground, at the same time noticing loosely round her neck a small piece of calico, not fastened, and just long enough to be held in

each hand. This fell off and she called to the nurse who carried her to a bed and summoned me, thinking it was a fit. She was dead when I went to her, as I did immediately, and I noticed the faintest possible trace of a mark round the neck, and the only conclusion I could arrive at was, that she had tightened the cord round her neck with her hands, and that this had been sufficient in her case to produce death. A very careful post-mortem examination revealed nothing besides. The slight mark had faded, there was no ecchymosis under the skin, and no other sign usually present in death by strangulation, not the smallest bruise upon the body, and the brain, although small and shrunken, presented nothing sufficient in our knowledge to account for death.

Some of the viscera exhibited traces of disease, especially the lungs, but no fatal disorganization. Death, doubtless, resulted from the act, but whether by pressure merely on the large vessels of the neck, or by consequent induction of a fit cannot be known. The pressure was not sufficient to cause asphyxia and its usual signs were absent.

The verdict in each case was simply in accordance with the facts above detailed.

The closets in which the latter case occurred appearing somewhat secluded, have been, on both sides of the house, altered since in their construction with your permission. About the same number of patients have been employed daily, and in the same occupations as heretofore, viz.: about two-thirds of the total daily number resident, and their amusements have continued unchanged.

The advantages gained from the farm and garden, both as a source of healthy employment, and in a remunerative sense, have not this year been diminished.

The escapes have been few in number, and those who have escaped have been quickly and safely brought back.

There has been no accident nor casualty worth recording to any patient, and no epidemic, nor contagious disorder. The families of the gardener and farm servant suffered from typhoid fever in the summer, but fortunately the disease did not extend to the Asylum itself, nor its inmates. There were 7 cases, all of which recovered.

As this Report, besides being a summary to yourselves of the important events of the year, conveys information to many persons interested in Asylum management, it will be well if I reproduce here the remarks, somewhat extended, I made to your Board, through the medium of my journal, on the 29th of March last, in reference to the purpose and utility of the additional buildings, soon to be erected for the reception of patients.

"As constructed the house is one continued block of building, each ward opening into the next, and there is no means of communication with the centre except through each. Noise is the opprobrium of an asylum. In former times, when asylums were differently managed, most of the patients were noisy. The first step towards change was to separate the more noisy from the restto treat them apart-and to speak of them as refractory. They rarely shared in any amusements, or ameliorating conditions. It was found, however, that several of the patients, so separated, could be rendered quiet if removed elsewhere and treated with consideration. Hence the term refractory ward fell into well merited disrepute. Certain visionaries went so far as to say that all the insane could be immediately quieted-that no patient should be noisy. This, however, is untrue. There are certain patients who will occasionally be noisy in defiance of all treatment. They are usually those suffering from acute diseases, especially acute mania and the acute stage of general paralysis. In the former the state of noise in time yields to treatment, in the latter seldom altogether until death closes the scene. It is in my opinion highly desirable for the well-being of the other inmates to have some means of separating these patients from the rest when they require it. The house at present offers little facility for it, and for two reasons; 1st, because

the building is in one block, and 2ndly, because the wards so freely intercommunicate. It is for these reasons I recommend the building in accordance with my plan, and it has these advantages.

1. It will contain bedroom accommodation for 10 patients and dayroom space for 20, therefore it will enable the house to receive its 150 patients on each side with ease and comfort, besides the additional 10.

2. It will offer a distinct building for the treatment of the small number who are unavoidably noisy, and as noise is mischievous to many forms of disease in an organ so delicate as the brain, its removal must have beneficial effects with some producing quiet and order, with others tending to their recovery.

3. It might be extremely valuable in the event, at any time, of contagious disease.

4. It will be in character with the rest of the building, and will in no way interfere with its further extension at any future time should such become necessary, and it will make the Asylum, as it now stands, complete for its purpose."

The true use of the new wards will be as Infirmaries for those cases which require greater isolation, and I propose to designate them on each side, Infirmary No. 2.

The patients to be placed in them are not to be separated in order to receive less care than the others, but more. Noisy patients require more active treatment as well as more thought and supervision than others. This I shall be better enabled to give them in the new wards, which, also, instead of being less attractive, will be made, if possible, more so than the other wards. The inmates will not consist entirely of such cases, but also of quiet persons who can be associated with them without detriment, and even benefit them by example. Thus two points will be gained, the few will be under better conditions for treatment, and the many will be rendered more comfortable.

It is to be noticed that the patients chargeable to the County, Isle, and Borough have increased this year from 201 to 216, which is in accordance with what I have before stated to you as their probable rate of increase at present. The statistical Tables are as follows:—

Remaining in the Asy Admitted during the	MALE 133 39	FEMALE 152 43	TOTAL 285 82			
Total number under t	ng 1864	172	195	367		
Removed dur	ing th	e year.	WOR	II.	A. Mil	
	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL		1 1.02	
Recovered	16	17	33			
Relieved	4	18	22		124 91	
Not Improved		3	3			
Died	16	9	25			
	36	47	83	36	47	83
Remaining under trea	tment	31st De	c. 1864	136	148	284

GENERAL STATEMENT.

The re-admissions were 7,-5 females and 2 males.

		IN	DE	CENNI	L PER	IODS.	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL
Under	10	ye	ars				 0	1	1
From	10	to	20	years			2	3	5
"	20	to	30	"			 6	10	16
"	30	to	40	"			10	7	17
,,	40	to	50	"			 10	8	18
,,	50	to	60	"			4	9	13
"	60	to	70	,,			 -4	5	9
"	70	to	80	>>			3	0	3
							39	43	82

AGES OF PATIENTS ADMITTED IN 1864,

THEIR SOCIAL STATE.

Ι, 0			MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL
Married		• ••••	20	21	41
Single			16	14	30
Widowed			3	8	11
			39	43	82

THEIR PREVIOUS OCCUPATIONS.

			MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL
Baker's Wife			0	1	1
Betting on the Turf			1	0	1
Blacksmith			1	0	1
Carpenters, and Wife	ofa		2	$\begin{array}{c}1\\2\\1\\1\\1\end{array}$	3
Charwoman			0	2	2
Constable's Wife			0	1	$2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1$
Dressmaker			0	1	1
Factory Girl			0		
Farmer			1	0	1
French-polisher's Wife	e		0	1	1
Gardener			1	0	1
Hawker			0	1	1
Housekeeper			0	1	1
Iron-moulder			1	0	1
Labourers, and Wives	of		10	13	23
Market Gardener			1	0	1
Nurse			0	1	1
Photographer			1	0	1
Porters			2	0	$\frac{2}{1}$
Postmistress			0	1	
Printer			1	0	1
Prostitute			0	1	1
Publican			1	0	1
Seaman			1	0	1
Servants			0	8 1	8 1
Staymaker			0		
Tinman			$\frac{1}{2}$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$
Wheelwrights			2	0	2
Unknown or none			6	5	11
		-	39	43	82

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THEIR RELIGIOUS PERSUASIONS.

		MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL
Church of England		26	24	50
Dissenters: Independents		1	3	4
" Baptists		2	6	8
" Methodists	 a lord	5	4	9
Protestants, undefined		1	2	3
Unknown, including Idiots	 	4	4	8
		39	43	82
		00	10	04

FORMS OF THEIR MENTAL DISEASES.

				MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL
Mania:	Acute			1	5	6
**	Chronic			7	15	22
"	With Epilepsy With Paralysis			0	1	1
"	With Paralysis	*		2	0	2
"	With Melancholia			3	2	$2 \\ 5$
"	Recurrent			0	1	1
"	A potů			3	0	3
Melanch	nolia			5	9	14
Dement				5	7	12
"	With Paralysis		_	5 2	0	$\frac{2}{3}$
"	With Epilepsy			2	1	3
66	Senile			1	0	1
Imbecili	ty: Congenital			4	2	6
"	Acquired			2	0	2
Idiocy				2	0	2
				39	43	82

STATED CAUSES OF THEIR INSANITY.

			1	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL
Congenital Defect				6	2	8
Childbirth				0	1	1
Death of Relative				0	2	2
" Husband				0	1	1
Disease of the brain				2	1	3
Epilepsy				$\frac{2}{2}$	2	4
Effects of a tropical cl	imate			ō	1	1
Excess in tobacco and	stimula	nts		ĩ	ō	ĩ
Family troubles	b or in the terres	11015		ī	1	2
Fever				Ô	1	ĩ
Former attack				1	0	i
				2	1	
Hereditary taint					3	0
Ill health				0	1.000	0
Injury to head				3	0	3 3 3 5
Intemperance				4	1	
Immoral life				0	1	1
Old age				1	0	1
Religious excitement			-	1	2	3
Reverses of fortune				2	0	2
Unknown				13	23	36
				39	43	82

LENGTH OF TIME INSANE ON ADMISSION.

.

			MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL
Under 1 week			7	1	8
" 1 month			6	11	17
" 2 months			3	7	10
" 6 months			6	10	16
" 1 year			2	5	7
" 2 years			4	0	4
" 5"	 •		2	2	4
From birth			6	2	8
Unknown			3	5	8
			39	43	82

DURATION OF MALADY ON RECEPTION IN THE CASES DISCHARGED RECOVERED IN 1864.

				MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL
Under 1 week				6	1	7
" 2 weeks				2	3	5
" 3"				1	3	4
" 1 month	·			0	2	2
" 2 months	3			1	3	4
" 3 "				1	1	2
" 6 "				2	0	2
. " 9 "				0	1	1
" 1 year				0	1	1
" 2 years				0	1	1
Unknown				3	1	4
				16	17	33

PERIOD UNDER TREATMENT IN THE CASES DISCHARGED RECOVERED IN 1864.

						MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL
Und	er 2	month	S			3	3	6
"	3	66				3	3	6
66	4	"				0	2	2
**	5	66				0	- 2	2
66	6	66				1	0	1
"	8	**			2	1	4	5
66	12	66				0	ī	1
"	15	66		0		2	1	3
	18	"		 1 1 1		2	1	3
""	2	vears		 		1	ō	1
"	3	" "		 A 1 34		2	0	2
66	4	"		 		ī	0	ī
	-							
					1. 18 18 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	16	17	33

0

CAUSES OF DEATH IN 1864.

			MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL
Aneurism of the aorta			0	1	1
Apoplexy			1	1	2
Atrophy of the brain			õ	ī	1
Bright's disease			0	1	1
	•••		0	1	1
Cancer of œsophagus			1	0	1
" " cœcum			1	0	1
" " skull			1	0	1
Decay of Nature			ō	1	1
			-		-
Epileptic Coma			1	0	1
Exhaustion from Age,	with Demer	ntia	2	2	4
" " Acute	Mania		1	0	1
General Paralysis			6	1	7
Heart disease and Droj	nsv		1	ō	i
1 101 (1			1		-
", ", and Phth	1818		T	0	T
Suicide and Phth			0	1	1
		-	16	9	25

GENERAL STATISTICS OF THE ASYLUM SINCE ITS OPENING.

.

Admitted				MALE 330	FEMALE 354	TOTAL 684
REMOVED Recovered Relieved Not Improved Not Insane	MALE 79 18 7 1	FEMALE 116 23 5 0	тотац 195 41 12 1			
Died	89 194	62 206	151 400	194	206	400
Remaining under tre 1864	136	148	284			

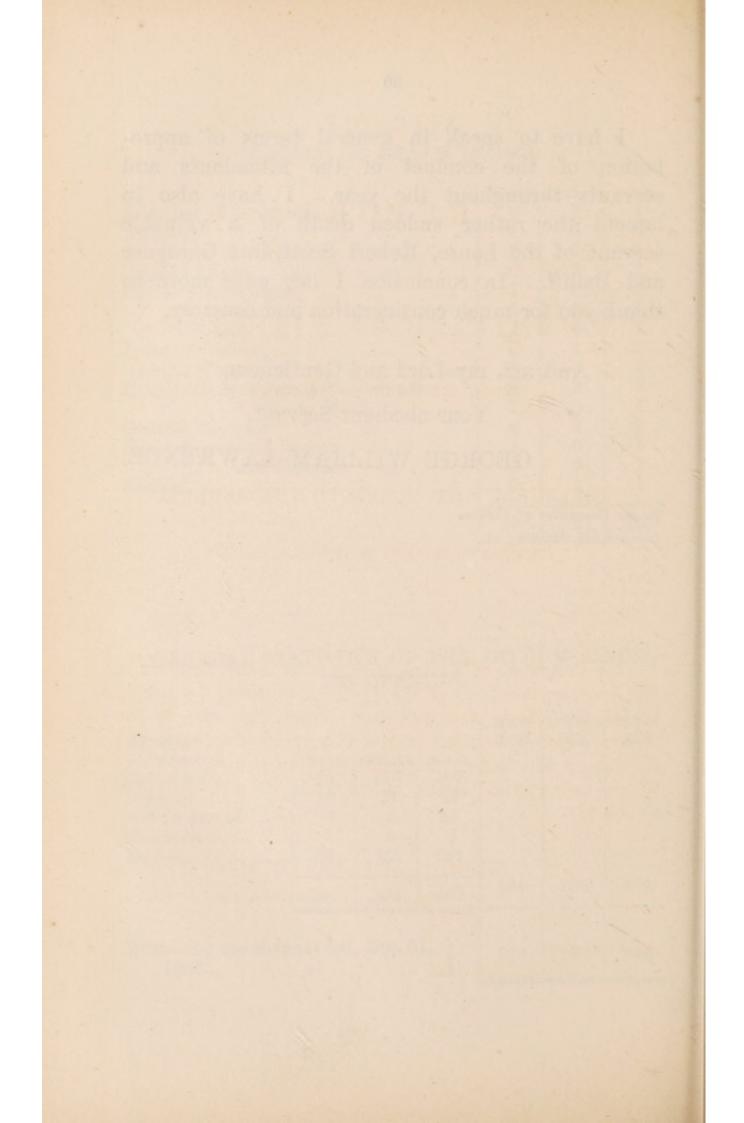
I have to speak in general terms of approbation of the conduct of the attendants and servants throughout the year. I have also to lament the rather sudden death of a valuable servant of the house, Robert Scott, late Gardener and Bailiff. In conclusion I beg once more to thank you for much consideration and courtesy,

And am, my Lord and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

GEORGE WILLIAM LAWRENCE.

To the Committee of Visitors of the Asylum.



APPENDIX.

REPORT

OF THE

COMMITTEE OF VISITORS

Upon the Audit of Accounts

OF THE

TREASURER AND CLERK TO THE ASYLUM,

Pursuant to the 16th & 17th Vic., c. 97.

The Committee of Visitors having audited the Accounts of the Treasurer and Clerk of the Asylum, as directed by section 60 of the above Act, do hereby Report the same to the General Quarter Sessions of the County of Cambridge and the Isle of Ely, and to the Council of the Borough of Cambridge, and append thereto an abstract of such Accounts accordingly.

(Signed) THOMAS ST. QUINTIN,

Chairman of the said Committee of Visitors.

Asylum, Fulbourn, February 28th, 1865. CAMBRIDGESHIRE, ISLE OF ELY, AND BOROUGH OF CAMBRIDGE LUNATIC ASYLUM.

Account current for the Year ending the 31st day of December, 1864.

1864. £. s. d. £. s. d. Dec. 31. By Cash paid on Maintenance account: £. s. d. £. s. d. Dec. 31. By Cash paid on Maintenance account: 26. s. d. £. s. d. Salaries and Wages 1873 8 114 Provisions 2618 18 6 Necessaries 2618 18 6 Necessaries 2619 9 9 Vince, Spirits, and Porter 129 12 0 Vince, Spirits, and Bedding 336 10 9 Furniture and Bedding 98 4 9	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	By amount invested in Exche- guer Bonds \dots 392 13 9 $\mathbb{B}_{quer Bonds} \mathbb{B}_{quer Bonds} \mathbb{B}_{que$	W. H. NORMAN, Clerk of Asylum.
1864. Jan. 1. To balance of Cash this day Dec. 31. To Cash received from Unions $\{ $	To Cash received for Interest on £1500. invested in Exche- quer Bills	UL O UUGOJ	0

acon finanta	Tehrungen 9813 1865					To amount due from Unions to which Asylum belongs To amount due from Out- County Unions		1864. Dec. 31. To halance of Cash this day, see)	Balance	CAMBRIDGESHIRE,
C. W. TOWNLEY, ELLIOT SMITH, C. E. BROWN. C. E. BROWN.	Forminal and found and		By Surplus due to Building 24 Account	Building and Repairs Fund. By amount expended therefrom for Additions, Alterations, and Improvements for the year ending this date	1809 0 3 By amount of Profit derived from Maintenance, &c. of Out- County Paupers, from the 31st Dec., 1858, to Dec. 31st, 1864 and ampropriated to a	by amount due to Tradesmen 50 10 4 on Building Account	B	d. 1864. d. Dec. 31. By amount due for Salaries and $f.$ s. d.	Balance Sheet for the Year ending 31st December, 1864.	CAMBRIDGESHIRE, ISLE OF ELY, AND BOROUGH OF CAMBRIDGE LUNATIC ASYLUM.
		£3828 3 4	2428 7 7 ¹ / ₂ 142 18 7 ¹ / ₂			1256 17 1		£. e. d.		

CAMBRIDGESHIRE LUNATIC ASYLUM

Profit and Loss for the Year

.

Dr.							
1864.		£.	8.	d.	£.	8.	d.
Te Cr.	ash paid for Stock :— n Store Pigs, at 25 <i>s</i>	6		0	6	5	0
Lin Po Ha Str	aw	$ \begin{array}{r} 10 \\ 5 \\ 29 \\ 43 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} 16 \\ 0 \\ 5 \\ 15 \\ 10 \\ 0 \end{array} $	00065			
See	rley d. Wheat Mangold Potatoes	1 7 1 5	8 0 2 10		121	14	11
Sai	Garden Peas	4 3	10 2 0 16	20	20	14	4
Mi	scellaneous		18	1		14	21
Fai Fai	m Bailiff and Gardener	46 122 1		006	170	0	6
Gai	chine and Drill hire rden produce (consumed on Farm as) per contra)	3	5		5	4	0
Pig	per contra)	187 10 80	8	0	190	13	3
	tion, estimated at 40s. per acre \dots	00	0	0		~	-
Dec	crease of Stock compared with corre-)	-	-	-	90	0	0
	sponding date of preceeding year				18	-	7
Bal	ance				299	11	31
					£946	17	1

*Although no Land is rented it is only fair, in stating the profit and loss, to show the quantity of Land under cultivation, at an estimated rental.

GARDEN AND FARM ACCOUNT.

ending the 31st day of December, 1864.

Cr.						
1864.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Dec. 31By Cash received for Produce sold :						
Trigg for Turkeys		10	0			
Scott for Fruit		16	0			
Bryan for Vegetables, &c Lawrence, ditto		$\frac{12}{16}$	83			
Norman, ditto		9	6			
Lindsay, ditto		15	11			
	-			50	0	4
Produce from Garden & Farm, supplied to Asylum :						
By 60 st. 6 lb. Beef, at 7s	21	3	0			
272 st. 41b. Pork, at 7s	95		Õ			
6,612 galls. Milk, at 10d			0			
$1,853$ Eggs, at $\frac{1}{2}d$.		16				
$69,523$ lb. Potatoes, at $\frac{1}{2}d$ 839 lb. 4 oz. Butter, at 1s. 2d	144	19				
9 Fowls, at 1s. 6d		13	6			
			-	591	4	81
Vegetables, Herbs, and Fruit, as per)				77	2	61
Gardener's book				57	16	3
Produce from Garden consumed on Farm				01	10	
(as per contra):						
45 bls. Potatoes, at 1s		5	0			
12 bls. Carrots, at 9d	0	9 11	03			
15 bls. Parsnips, at 9 <i>d</i>		11		3	5	3
Produce from Farm, consumed on Farm :						
36½ grs. Oats, at 22s	40	3	0			
10 ¹ / ₂ qrs. Peas, at 40s	21	07	0			
8 tons, 7 cwt. Carrots, at 20s 9 tons Sanfoin, at 100s	8	70	0			
10 tons Hay, at 100s.	50		ŏ			
7 sacks, 1 bush. Smut Wheat, at 8s	2		0	167	8	0
				£946	17	1
				-	CIC AND	-

W. H. NORMAN, Steward.

D

E.	d value of Stock on Farm and Garden, December 31st, 1864, compared with preceding year.
N	ing
10	ced
00	pre
A	ith
RM	on 1
EAJ	arec
D	duu
Z	, co
AI	864
EN	, 16
NATIC ASYLUM-GARDEN AND FARM ACCOUNT.	31st, 1864, compared
GA	ber
-	cem
UN	Dec
XT	'n,
AS	urde
0	Gi
ITA	and
Z	4.M
LU	Fa
E	no
IIB	ock
SE	Sto
GE	of
CAMBRIDGESHIRE LUN	lue
BR	pa 1
MM	atea
CA	Istimated
	Es

. s. d. £. s. d. 0 0 0 8 0 0 0 0 0	6 0 0 2 2 10 0 12 4 6 0 13 4 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	18 19 7 <u>2 411 9 5</u>
$\begin{array}{c} 1864. \\ Dec. \ 31By \ Stock \ on \ hand \ this \ date: \\ 3 \ Horses \\ 8 \ Cows, \ at \ \mathcal{E}16. \\ 1 \ Heifer \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \mathcal{E}. \\ 40 \\ 188 \\ 10 \\ \end{array}$	Sows, at £3. Brawn Pigs, at 30s. Turkeys, at 10s. Powls, at 1s. 6d.	Pigeons, at 1s Sow, fattening tons Sanfoin, at 100s 6 bushels Carrots, at 1s 1 tons Wurtzel, at 20s 1	64 sacks reas, at 20s. 0 60 bushels Parsnips, at 1s. 3 60 bushels Potatoes, at 18s. 60 550 bushels Potatoes, at 2s. 4d. 43 sacks Oats, at 11s. 23 Palance decrease of Stock corre-1	sponding with date of pre- ceding year
s. d. £. s. d. 0 0 0 0	18 8 9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	22 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	12 0 8 0 5 8 113 8 8 £441 9 5
	15104000	- 18 16 a to	052001 -1	4 bls. Potatoes, 2 <i>s</i> . 4 <i>d</i> 0 911 bls. Potatoes, 2 <i>s</i> . 4 <i>d</i> 106

W. H. NORMAN, Steward.

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-			100 a 1 a 1 a 1 a 1	-1
	68.	Теа.	DHHHHHH	-1
	Females.	Butter.		31
F.E.R.	E	Bread.	0 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0	35
SUPPER.		Теа.	pts 111111111111111111111111111111111111	1
	Males.	Butter.		32
		Bread.	ozs 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	42
-		Beer.	numerici de la companya de la compan	31
		Bread.	s co : co : co :	6
		Vegetablea.	50 : 0 : 0 : 0 : 0 : 0 : 0 : 0 : 0 : 0 :	39
		Suet dumplings.	ozs 4	8
	LES.	Potatoes	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	12
	FEMALES.	Beef, uncooked bone, seasoned in a stew Potatoes	ozs :	8
		Pastry. Die. Bed,	6: :: 6 6	12
		Beef, uncooked bone, seasoned, in a pie. Pastry.	• 4 · · · · • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	8
		Boiled mutton, un- cooked, free from bone.	9 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	9
ER.		Boiled beef or pork, un-		12
DINNER.		Beer.	い ひょうこうしょうようこうこう	42
Г		Bread.	sco: : : : : : : : : : : :	6
		Vegetablea.	0.028 112 6 6 6 112 12 6 6 6	48
		Suet Dumplings.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	8
	.sa.	Potatoes Potatoes	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	12
	MALES	Beef, Beef. Beef. Beef.	0238 	8
		Pastry. Pie.	sz : : ∞ : : :∞	16
		Beef, uncooke free froi bone, seasone, in a pie	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	8
		Boiled mutton, un- cooked, free from bone.	szo 7	1
		Boiled beef or pork, un- cooked, free from bone.	· · · : · : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	14
-	es.	Bread.	ດາ ດາ ດາ ດາ ດາ ດາ 👸	35
BREAKFAST	Females.	Cocoa.	S	1
EAK	-	Bread.	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	42
BR	Males.	Cocoa.	2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1
			Sunday Monday Tuesday Wednesday Friday	Totals

N.B.-Extra Workers, 3 ozs. Bread and 1 oz. Cheese daily.-Cocoa in the following proportions for one pint: $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. cocoa, $\frac{2}{4}$ oz. treacle, and $\frac{1}{4}$ pint of milk.-Tobacco and Snuff given as indulgences to the working patients.-Weekly quantity of meat consumed by each patient, uncooked and free from bone: male, 37 ozs.; females, 34 ozs.

(Signed)

WILLIAM H. NORMAN, Steward.

STATISTICS

Of Pauper Lunatics, Idiots, and Persons of Unsound Mind, chargeable to Unions in the County and Borough of Cambridge, and Isle of Ely, shewing the number in the Asylum, in Workhouses, and elsewhere, compiled from the Annual Union Returns on 31st December, 1864.

	BOROUGH.		ISLE:	•	COUNTY.			
Totals of County, } Isle, & Borough }	H. Cambridge	Totals of Isle	Ely North Witchford Peterborough Whittlesey Wisbech Isle of Ely (criminals)	Totals of County	Caxton & Arrington. Chesterton. Linton. Newmarket. Royston St. Ives. St. Ives. St. Ives. St. Neots		NAME OF UNION.	
104	223	88	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	43	: 1224	M.	Car Asy	
112	17	44	: 17 35	51	14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 1		In Cambs. Asylum.	
1	:	1	u :::::	:	:::::::	M.	1 Asyl	
00	1:	00	:::	:	:::::::	F.	In other Asylums.	
220	40	86	295 32 22 25 29 5 5 22 25	94	: 15 ¹²⁶	M.&F.	Total in Asy- lums.	
31	00	15	::	13		М.	Wo	
39	4	19	: 2000 -: 55	16	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	F.	In Workhouses.	
70	4	34	: 561:22	29	::: 74074	Total.	ses.	
44	4	12	: 4:: 47	28	::: 41644	M.	Wit	
47	17	6	: 11121	34	:: 210 957	F.	With Friends elsewhere.	
16	11	18	: 21168	62	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	Total.	ends pre.	
180	30	66	26 16 13 25	84	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	M.	Lui	
201	28	72	229 23 23 23	101	18 24 19 26 14 	F.	Total Lunatics and Idiots.	
381	58	138	36 36 36	185	21 221 239 24 7 7	Total,	and .	
42	10	8	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	32	:: 10 22 7 10 33 8	Under 2s. 6d.		
111	15	40	: 07/10/02	55	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	Under 5s.	Aver	
9	1	4	: 20: : 111	4	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	5s. and under 7s. 6d.	Average Cost per per week.	
218	40	84	27 5 5 ²²⁵	94	$ \begin{array}{c} $	7s.6d.& under 12s.	t per H veek.	
19	:	1.0	: 10: : : : :	:	:::::::	12s.and under 14s.	Head,	
381	58	138	255 257 257 257 257 257 257 257	185	$21 \\ 21 \\ 239 \\ 24 \\ 24 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ $	1864.		
380	62	124		194	1: 555558	1863.	Potal :	
339	50	109	28 28 28 28	180	1: 551 551 551 551 551 551 551 551 551 5	1862.	Lunatic Idiots.	
309	52	100	$: \frac{25}{25}$	157	220 227 227 227 227 227 227	1861.	Total Lunatics and Idiots.	
286	48	86	36 19 26 26	140	$20 \\ 27 \\ 27 \\ 27 \\ 27 \\ 27 \\ 27 \\ 27 \\ $	1860.	d	
1	:	17	: 1: 110	00	:	Increase since 1863.		
:	4	00	:: 00::::	12		Decreas 186	e since 3.	

