# Annual report of the Royal Edinburgh Asylum for the insane : For the year 1851.

#### Contributors

Royal Edinburgh Asylum. Clark, Thomas. Skae, David. Lorimer, Robert.

#### **Publication/Creation**

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# ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

# ROYAL EDINBURGH ASYLUM

FOR

# THE INSANE.

# FOR THE YEAR 1851.

EDINBURGH: PRINTED AT THE ROYAL ASYLUM PRESS. 1852.

# ROYAL EDINBURGH ASYLUM

#### FOR THE INSANE.

#### Patroness—The Queen.

#### OFFICE-BEARERS FOR 1852.

#### Governor.

#### THE DUKE OF BUCCLEUCH AND QUEENSBERRY.

#### Deputy=Governors.

Sir George Clerk, Bart. Sir John S. Forbes, Bart. Lord Murray. George Forbes, Esq. ALEX. PRINGLE, Esq.

### Extraordinary Managers.

Lord Provost of the city of Edinburgh. Lord President of the Court of Ses-	Sheriff of the County of Edinburgh. Principal of the University of Edin- burgh.
sion. Lord Justice-Clerk of the Court of Justiciary.	
Lord Advocate of Scotland. Solicitor-General of Scotland.	President of the Royal College of Surgeons.
Dean of the Faculty of Advocates.	Senior Minister of Edinburgh.
Deputy Keeper of Her Majesty's Signet.	Master of the Merchant Company. Preses of the Society of Solicitors.
Members of Parliament for the City. Member of Parliament for the County.	Dean of Guild of the City.
action of a manufactor the county.	sources of the frates.

#### Ordinary Managers.

The Lord Provost, (ex-off.) Sir William Johnston. William Brand, Esq. Rev. Dr Clark. Dr Andrew Thomson. J. H. Stott, Esq. Dr Pagan. Adam Messer, Esq. Dr Taylor. G. A. M'Laren, Esq. James Morgan, Esq. John A. Mackay, Esq. George Turnbull, Esq. H. M. Inglis, Esq. Alexander Stevenson, Esq.

## Medical Board.

President of the Royal College of Physicians. President of the Royal College of Surgeons.

DR GILLESPIE, Consulting Physician.

DR. SKAE, Resident Physician.

Dr SHERLOCK and Dr Rowe, Medical Assistants.

Miss Macdougall, Matron.

Mr J. Smith, House Steward.

Dr William Pulteney Alison.

John M.Farlan, Esq.

Dr John Scott.

Rev. R. Lorimer, Chaplain.

Mr John Scott, W.S., Secretary and Treasurer.

# REPORT

#### BY THE

# ORDINARY MANAGERS

#### OF THE

# ROYAL EDINBURGH ASYLUM FOR THE INSANE.

PRESENTED TO THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING HELD ON MONDAY THE 23rd FEBRUARY, 1852.

This being the first General Meeting of the Corporation held under authority of the recent Act of Parliament, the Ordinary Managers have now, in conformity therewith, to present the Annual Report of their proceedings.

The average number of Patients in all Departments of the Institution during the year 1851, was 520,—being 23 more than in the year preceding.

The amount of ordinary Receipts by the Treasurer, during	the
year was,£14,290 14	1
And of ordinary Expenditure,12,532 3	7
Han ad some manage in the test the busers bin re-proved this being	

Thus leaving a surplus Income of .....£1758 10 6

The Managers have great satisfaction in this result, considering the reductions which were made in the rates of Board for Patients of the poor class at the commencement of last year; and they have in consequence felt themselves enabled to make still further reductions. Much difficulty and frequent disputes having been caused by the regulations in regard to the proper clothing of Pauper Patients when admitted, it has been found advisable to adopt a new regulation, by which the Institution will in future defray the whole cost of clothing these Patients from the day of their admission. The additional expense to the Asylum and consequent relief to Parishes and others from this change, may probably average about  $\pounds 300$  a year. Experience having also shewn the difference of  $\pounds 5$ in the rate of Board for the privileged and non-privileged classes of Patients to be greater than the amount of subscription for such privilege warranted, or than was expedient as regards the financial interests of the Institution, the Managers, after full consideration, came to be of opinion, that THREE POUNDS PER ANNUM would be a more suitable rate of difference between the two classes, and have accordingly determined to give effect to such an alteration from the 1st of April next; so that thenceforth, until further notice, the rates of Board in the Western Department will be,—

For Privileged Patients, ..... £18 Unprivileged, .....£21 in each case without any charge for clothing.

As these reductions will affect the future income of the Institution to the extent of about SIX HUNDRED POUNDS per annum, the Managers have not deemed it prudent to carry them farther at present; but they propose again taking the matter into consideration in the month of July next, by which time they will be better able to judge whether any, and what further reduction may be made, having reference to the existing and prospective state of the Institution.

The Managers feel satisfied that the Asylum has derived much advantage from the appointment of one of their number as Official Visiting Manager, and recommend that this arrangement be still continued.

Various improvements have been effected in the Eastern Department of the Asylum during the past year. A large Billiard-room has been erected at the back of the House, which is found to be of much advantage in affording an agreeable recreation to the convalescent Male Patients, particularly in bad weather. The painting of the House has been completed, and it is in other respects rendered more comfortable than formerly.

The Reports which will be presented by the Physician and

Chaplain are referred to, for information in regard to all matters falling under their respective departments.

The Managers have now in conclusion to notice the Act of Parliament obtained last session, under which the affairs of the Corporation are now to be conducted, and which, although it had to undergo considerable changes from its original shape, they regard as being calculated to produce all the good effects which were desired.

The only circumstance which the Managers require specially to refer to, was their failure to obtain a legislative sanction to the arrangements for giving a direct representation in the management of the Asylum to the Metropolitan Parochial Boards,-the Chairman of Committees in the House of Lords having, notwithstanding the earnest remonstrance of the Managers, aided by the personal endeavours of the late Lord Provost when in London, refused to pass the clauses of the Bill framed for this object, under which two Representatives from the City Parish, two from the Parish of St Cuthberts, and one from the Parishes of North Leith, South Leith, or Canongate, were in future to form a part of the Board of Ordinary Managers. It is not, however, expected that any practical inconvenience will arise from this omission. If these Boards continue to recommend for election gentlemen in whom they have confidence, and of the same high character they have hitherto done, there is no reason to anticipate any reluctance on the part of the Corporation to admit them into the management.

The purposes of the Act as it stands are: (1.) To re-incorporate the Institution under the title of "THE ROYAL EDINBURGH ASYLUM FOR THE INSANE," with the usual powers: (2.) To ratify the constitution of the Asylum as laid down in their Royal Charter of Incorporation, but altering the day of Annual Meeting from the last Monday of *January* to the last Monday of *February*; adding *both* Members of Parliament for the City to the list of Extraordinary Managers, and increasing the number of Ordinary Managers from *twelve* to *fifteen*: (3.) To provide for a rotation in the office of Ordinary Managers by the retirement of two annually from the top of the list, who shall not be re-eligible for a year thereafter : (4.) To define and extend the duties and powers of the Medical Board, which had been left undefined in the original charter : (5.) To establish a separate Charitable Department of the Asylum for the administration of all legacies and other donations granted to the Corporation, including lapsed rights of presentation : (6.) To aid in providing a suitable fund to be at the disposal of this department by setting aside towards it, for a time, one-tenth part of the income derived from the Boards which amount to *Fifty Pounds* per annum or upwards; and lastly, To authorize the Corporation to borrow, in a defined manner, a sum not exceeding *Thirty Thousand Pounds* in whole, to be applied in paying off their subsisting debts and liabilities, and in completing the Asylum Buildings according to the original design, as well as in erecting such other buildings as may be deemed necessary.

It will fall to the Annual Meeting, after electing the Ordinary Managers, to appoint from their number "the Charity Committee" above adverted to ;--in reference to which it may be remarked that the object thus sought to be accomplished, does not form a new feature in the Institution, the Managers having, even from its first establishment, exercised a discretionary power of admitting at a low rate of board, Patients belonging to the middle ranks of life, whose friends were unable to pay the ordinary remunerating rate of Board for them. Under the new arrangement, all such cases will in future be dealt with and relieved according to the discretion of the Charity Committee, and a great advantage will be gained by their being able to give a more considerate discrimination to each case as it arises, than the general body of Managers could possibly do, and thus to insure the most beneficial application of all charitable funds which may hereafter be bestowed on the Asylum. At the same time it may be observed, that the Committee is subject to the general control of the Ordinary Board, and must report annually as to its procedure.

> THOMAS CLARK, D.D., Chairman.

# ABSTRACT

OF THE

# TREASURER'S ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR 1851.

#### I.—INCOME AND RECEIPTS.

#### 1. ORDINARY.

Amount of Board for Patients, (exclusive of one Patient in the Institution whose Board was redeemed by a single payment,)Rent of Grounds, &c.,.And Produce, &c., sold,.163 10 3	£13,388	18	41/2
Sundries, (Furnishings made to Patients, &c.,)	239 662 £14,290	5	$\frac{3}{5\frac{1}{2}}$
2. Extraordinary.			

Subscriptions and Legacies, (less legacy duty,)		116	10	0
Total Receipts,	8.	£14,407	4	1

#### II.-EXPENDITURE.

#### 1. ORDINARY.

#### (1.) Disbursements for the Institution, Viz:-

1. Provisions, Coal, Gas, &c.,	1	£4925	10	10
2. Repairs and Furnishings, i				
cluding expense of Croppin	ng			
Grounds, &c., .		3652	17	$1\frac{1}{2}$
3. Public and Parochial Burdens,		169	2	3
4. Feu-duty, less Income-tax,		384	9	0
5. Insurance against Fire, .		23	8	0
6. Interest on Loans, &c., .		517	6	$3\frac{1}{2}$
7. Miscellaneous Payments, .	•	161	12	$7\frac{1}{2}$
		£9834	6	$1\frac{1}{2}$

#### (2.) Salaries, &c., Viz:---

1.	Resident Physician,	£350	0	0
2.	Assistant do., .	80	0	0
3.	Second do.	35	0	0
4.	Consulting do., .	25	4	0
	Matron,	100	0	0
6.	Chaplain,	80	0	0
7.	House Steward, .	. 70	0	0
8.	Gardener,	52	10	0
9.	Gate Keeper, .	30	0	0
	Honorarium to Mr			
	Mackay, .	105	0	0
11.	Treasurer and Sec-			
	retary, .	262	10	0
12.	Accountant, .	52	10	0
13.	Wages of Attend-			
	ants, &c., .	1409	3	$5\frac{1}{2}$
		£2651	17	$5\frac{1}{2}$

#### Add,---

Extra Allowances to Officers, . 46 0 0

2697	17	$5\frac{1}{2}$
12,532	3	7

2. EXTRAORDINARY.

Expense of Act ment, .	£616 12 1		
Loans paid off,	1150 0 0	1766 12 1	
	Total Payments,	estina desin	£14,298 15 8
	Surplus Receipts,	T of Re-	£108 8 5

Add-	ought over,	L.108 8 5
<ol> <li>Balance in favor of Institution at 31st December, 1850, .</li> <li>Arrears of Board at same date, .</li> </ol>	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
Less ditto at 31st December, 1851,	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2015 19 33
Balance in favor of Institution at 31st	t December, 1851,	L.2124 7 83

### ABSTRACT

#### OF THE

#### ORDINARY INCOME AND EXPENDITURE.

Amount of Do.	Receipts as Payments		:	:	•	L.14,290 12,532			
	Nett S	urplus on	the	Year,		L.1758	10	6	

#### STATE OF FUNDS AT 31st DECEMBER, 1851.

#### I. DEBTS.

1. Amount of Debt on Promissary Notes, &c.,       .         2. Accounts for the Quarter ended,       .	L.14,350 2221	0 8	
3. Outstanding Accounts and proportion of current Feu- duty, Interest, Taxes, &c.,	250	0	0
est and 6 particular second second second second second	L.16,821	8	83
II. Assets.	ion for oni		
1. Balance in favor of Institution, as before,       .       .       .       L.2124       7 $8\frac{3}{4}$ 2. Arrears,       .       .       .       .       .       194       14       8         3. Provisions and Stock on hand,       . <td>3229</td> <td>19</td> <td><math>4_{4}^{3}</math></td>	3229	19	$4_{4}^{3}$
Deficiency,	L.13,591	9	4
in the second of the second of the second of the second of the	or dinto to		

### LIST OF SUBSCRIPTIONS, &c. OBTAINED IN 1851.

Earl of Stair,	100.000	 nil.	 L.2	0	0
Mr Monypenny,			125	0	0
John Turnbull, Esq., Dunse, .		 1	 1	0	0
John Euman, Esq., Innerleithen,			1	.0	0
and the second se					
			T 100	15	10

в

L.129 0 0

# STATEMENT OF WORK DONE AT THE ROYAL EDIN-BURGH ASYLUM DURING THE YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1851.

# By Tailors :--

86 Coats	made an	d 218	repaired	1 L	.55	4	1			
150 Jackets	"	718	,,				7			
213 Vests	"	238	"		48	7	7			
238 Pairs of trowsers		1269	,,		80	17	5			
243 Flannel jackets		1112	"		48	10	6			
288 Pairs of drawers		1287	"		50	10	9			
21 Canvass dresses,		stocks			20	16	0			
Sundries made and r	repaired				28	9	6	L.440	14	5

# By Joiners :--

^	~					
	Erecting a new bath-room and lavatory in					
	Western Department	18	0	0		
	Woodwork of bath-room and shower-bath					
	in Eastern Department	14	7	11		
	Woodwork of billiard-room	48		0		
	Erecting a pot house for Gardener	6		6		
	Erecting house for straw	14	5			
	Erecting a shop for Plumber	8				
	3 Water-closets and 10 ventilators		15			
	Enclosing a court at 3rd male gallery with			~		
	pailing	12	5	6		
	Dividing airing-ground and laundry-green		č			
	with pailing and 1 ditto back of laundry .	9	0	0		
	Putting up window-blinds, rollers, and mount-	0	~	v		
	ing wire-cloth blinds	2	16	6		
	6 Forms and 2 sofas	17	0	0		
	10 Trunks, 1 table, 1 bed, and 7 store presses	12	2	4		
	42 Canvass-bed bottoms, 1 frame	18		0		
	3 Mantel-pieces, and 6 picture-frames		10	6		
	1 Book-case, and 6 butlers trays	$\frac{1}{2}$	2	0		
	1 Door for wine cellar, 2 doors and frame .	2	14	6		
	2 Clothes barrows and 5 clothes screens	2	9	6		
	3 Meat hurlys and hoists	10	0	0		
		10	U	0		
	179 Handles for besoms, scrubbers, mops,		0	10		
	hoes, rakes, picks, hammers, spades, &c.		9			
	44 dozen dahlia pins, 22 dozen cloth pins	0	16	0		
	3 Hatch covers, 1 boiler lid, 2 skittle balls, 2	9	14	0		
	mincing, and 10 cutting boards	9	14	0		
	2 Covers for cesspool, 3 spouts and sieves for ditto	0	17	a		
			17	6		
	1 Cover for steelyard, 5 pairs of steps	$\frac{2}{1}$	52	0		
	Tank for washhouse, footboards for laundry	1	2	2		
	13 Boxes for meal, barley, &c., 1 cart frame,	120				
	and 1 roller for frame	4	4	3		
	New gate at Tipperlin, 1 garden gate, and			-		
	sundries		15			
	22 Coffins, mountings, &c	24	3	0		-
	·				275	3

Carry forward,

. L.715 17 6

1

Brought over		L.715 17	6
REPAIRS.			
Lining and repairing rooms, 7 presses, 5			
bason-stands, and 7 forms 7 3	0		
2 Wardrobes, 1 music-stand, blind, 3 sofas, 3			
chests, and 1 cupola	4		
88 Window-shutters and curtains, 1 water-	0		
tank, 1 desk, and 8 mirrors 6 13 Pressing machine tresses, 2 clothes screens, 1	9		
book-case	0		
Bath and bath top, 2 meat hoists, 1 meat safe,	~		
1 hurly, and 1 cart 1 10	6		
12 Drawers and shelving, 12 barrows, 1 coal-			
house, and closet	0		
Shed, cover for pump, 2 night stools, 1 knife-	~		
board, and 7 gates	6		
4 Boxes, altering clothes posts, shoemaker's board	6		
Flooring, canvass frames, 6 ventilators, and	0	and or	
fence of piggery	6		
48 Doors, 10 tables, 67 chairs, 12 beds, 7			
water-closets, and sundries	0	61 10	1
		La trata and	
By Masons :			
EASTERN DEPARTMENT.			
	0		
Finishing billiard-room and porch	0		
Building drain and laying new pavement and curb-stone at male wing	2		
Laying part of pavement and curb-stone in	-		
front of main door 15 7	10		
Building gate and stair at high garden . 12 19	10		
Slapping walls, laying floor, and building			
catacomb in wine cellar	0		
Altering bath-room in female wing, bath	0		
boiler, and laying pavement in ditto . 8 17	0		
Altering passage leading from billiard-room, and laying pavement and steps in ditto . 6 9	0		
Building grates, slapping vents and walls,	~		
laying hearth, &c 4 10	0		
Laying stones in front of cottage, and putting			
cans on chimney	5		
Building wall at dunghill and drain to cess-	-		
	7		
Opening and building flue in green-house,	ß		
and repairing ash-pit	4		
Lifting and laying pavement in kitchen back	-		
court 0 19	0		
Stones supporting pillars in front of cart-shed,			
and drain in boiler house 0 18	8		
Repairing jamb-lintels in kitchen, and boring	0		
for bells 0 9	8	160 10	0
11 4 4% ····		169 13	4

Carry forward, . L.947 0 9

	Brought	over			L.947	0	9
BY	MASONS, (Continued,)-						
	Cleaning kitchen oven, and repairing pave-						
	ment in first female corridor	L.0	9	2			
	Taking down cans in female wing	0					
	Pointing walls in male airing ground .	0	9	0	1	11	2
					I slowed		
	WESTERN DEPARTMENT.						
	Erecting pillars, wall, and side door of Tip-						
	perlin gate	51	$\frac{2}{5}$	7			
	Taking down and re-building boilers and flue	19	5	2			
	Building, found, jointing, and laying pave-	0	10				
	ment in new bath-room		19	3			
	dressing 2 grinding stones	1	9	7			
	Building and repairing grates, laying hearth						
	to pavement washing-house, kitchen, and			-			
	airing ground		11	5			
	Repairing vent in Plumber's shop, repairing oven in kitchen		16	7			
	Repairing water-closet in female separate		10	· ·			
	building, and putting cans on chimney .	1	8	1			
	Repairing back gate, Smith's shop, cutting		10	10			
	cheeks in coal-house and weighing machine Stone for Printer, boring wall for press, and	0	19	10			
	laying pavement in laundry	1	0	0			
	Sundries ,	5	0		96	12	6
By	Shoemakers :						
	505 Pairs of shoes made, and 505 repaired	185	0	11			
	104 Pairs of boots made	34	10	3	219	11	2
32.	Maxintany .		1		-toosta		
nä	Painters :						
	584 square yards of marble painting .	65	14	0			
	484 " wainscot "	48	8	0			
	152 ,, oil ,, 4 coats 1401 ,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		17	8			
	1691 0	40 33	$17 \\ 19$	$\frac{3}{7}$			
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	24	4	3			
	1086 " size "	9	1	0	- adible		
	3053 " whitewashing	12	14	5	241	5	2
32.44	all reterene .	101010					
20 g	Plasterers :						
	Eastern Department	53		2			~
	Western ditto	9	15	2	- 62	17	4
3211	Glaziers :				the second		
ng	and the second se						
	212 Panes of glass (Eastern Department) .	.9	4	3			
	606 " (Western ditto)	15	0	8	- 24	4	TT
					- 24	4	11
	Carry forwa	ard,		. ]	L.1593	3	0

	Brought over	er		. L	.1593	3	0
By	Printers :						
	"Mirror" printed monthly, January to						
	December		7				
	Re-printing back numbers		10				
	Annual Report for 1850	15	0	8			
	lists, daily return sheets, regulations for at-						
	tendants, and passes for ditto, &c.	6	12	0			
	Circulars, contract papers, receipts, lists of						
	office-bearers, &c.	28	3	5	70	13	1
	Automa II AL A Lob Formal Proto-autor at						
By	Apholsterers :				in the second se		
	19 Mattrasses and 54 hair pillows made .	45	10	10			
	27 ", 17 ", repaired . 26 Sea-weed mattrasses & 96 pillows made		5				
	26 Sea-weed mattrasses & 96 pillows made		1				
	228 " 208 " repaired		18				
	56 Palliasses made, and 48 repaired	17	5	4			
	15 Chairs stuffed, 42 cushions made and 19 repaired	11	17	0			
	6 Sofas covered and repaired, and 4 forms	11	11	9			
	stuffed with hair	3	14	0			
	39 Canvass beds on frames, 6 ditto repaired		7				
	Saddlery work and harness made & repaired		17				
	Sundries	1	17	8	156	15	1
330	Smiths :	barn		and a			
- 4							
	Laying zinc and lead on roof of billiard-room	90	TO	TO			
	and porch, and rain-water pipes to ditto, Fitting-up a bath and shower-bath, lead pipes,	20	10	10			
	cocks, and gas, &c.,	18	4	5			
	Fitting-up soil pipes in water closet (partly	10					
	new) in 1st and 2nd male, and 4th female						
	galleries, Western Department,	13	10	1			
	Laying and repairing lead pipes in Eastern						
	and Western Departments,	12	10	0			
	Fitting-up bath room and lavatory with lead	11	0	~			
	pipes, cocks, gas, &c. in 3rd Male gallery	11	9	5			
	18 Cocks fitted, mounting for gate and iron work for house,	10	4	5			
	Steam pipes fitted and repaired	9	4 5	0			
	Lead pipe from main metre to male wing .	5	$\frac{5}{9}$	4			
	Removing and refitting water closet, new						8
	bason, cocks to lead pipes, &c	4	11	1			2
	Fitting-up gas pipe and lavatory, and lead						
	pipe from cistern to ditto	4	10	9			
	24 pairs of hinges, and 6 pairs of large crooks	0	1-	0			
	and bands ,	9	15	0			
	Lining sinks and floor with lead, fitting-up bells	9	0	3			
	59 Keys made, and 38 repaired	4		41			
					139	7	113
				T	1050	10	11

Carry forward . L.1959 19  $1\frac{1}{2}$ 

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er	. L.195	9 19 15
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ial used	l 940	0 10
	$\begin{array}{c} 2 & 18 \\ 3 & 5 \\ 5 & 13 \\ 1 & 19 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 10 \\ 1 & 8 \\ 1 & 15 \\ 0 & 15 \\ 2 & 2 \\ 1 & 15 \\ 2 & 2 \\ 1 & 15 \\ 2 & 2 \\ 1 & 15 \\ 2 & 2 \\ 1 & 15 \\ 1 & 5 \\ 1 & 5 \\ 1 & 5 \\ 1 & 5 \\ 1 & 10 \\ 6 & 12 \\ 5 & 1 \\ 3 & 10 \\ 6 & 12 \\ 1 & 10 \\ 0 & 18 \\ 0 & 19 \\ 0 & 10 \\ 0 & 15 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 4 & 9 & 8\frac{1}{2} \\ 2 & 18 & 0 \\\\ 3 & 5 & 8 \\ 5 & 13 & 11\frac{1}{2} \\ 1 & 19 & 6 \\ 1 & 2 & 9\frac{1}{2} \\ 1 & 10 & 6 \\ 1 & 8 & 0 \\\\ 1 & 15 & 11 \\ 0 & 15 & 0 \\\\ 2 & 2 & 11 \\ 1 & 15 & 1 \\ 0 & 15 & 0 \\\\ 2 & 2 & 11 \\ 1 & 15 & 1 \\ 1 & 5 & 0 \\\\ 2 & 2 & 11 \\\\ 1 & 15 & 1 \\ 1 & 5 & 0 \\\\ 3 & 10 & 7 \\ 6 & 12 & 9 \\\\ 1 & 10 & 6 \\\\ 0 & 18 & 4 \\ 0 & 19 & 6 \\ 0 & 10 & 0 \\\\ \end{array}$

Balance, being value of labour L.1086 0 4

### ARTICLES MADE AND REPAIRED BY FEMALES IN EASTERN DEPARTMENT, FROM 1st JULY TO 31st DECEMBER.

#### MADE.

7	Gowns
	Collars
28	Habit Shirts
	Shifts
	Night Gowns
	Night Caps
	Aprons
	Neckerchiefs
	Pillow Cases
48	Pocket-handkerchiefs
36	Sheets (single)
14	Slip boddice
	and the second se

24	Towels	
16	Flannel underdresses	
3	Sofa Covers	
16	Window Blinds	
8	Ditto Curtains	
6	Prs. Ladies Drawers	
8	Flannel Petticoats	
5	White ditto	
7	Table Cloths	
5	Ditto Covers	
7	Dress Caps	
	Pairs of Stockings	

#### REPAIRED.

- Fancy Work.
- 204 Yards of Trimming
  - **3** Pairs of Slippers
  - 9 Scarfs
  - 4 Veils
  - 12 Wine Rubbers
  - 1 Tidy 11 Flower Stands
  - **5** Rice Baskets
  - 10 Pairs of Cuffs
  - 5 Collars

  - 11 Pairs of Garters.

- 26 Pillow Cases 43 Pairs of Sheets 28 Table Cloths 37 Petticoats
- 22 Underdresses

40 Gowns 37 Shifts 37 Quilts 720 Pairs of Stockings 4 Sofa Covers

- 32 Habit Shirts 42 Night Caps 102 Shirts 43 Night Gowns

  - 19 Blankets

### ARTICLES MADE AND REPAIRED BY FEMALES IN WESTERN DEPARTMENT.

#### MADE.

28 Shirts (White) at 18d.	L.2 3	2 0	L.57 12 4
156 Ditto (Striped) " 4d.	2 1	2 0	23 Sheets at 2d., 215 at 1d. 1 1 9
252 Gowns at 15d., 8 ,, 3s.	16 1		9 Pincushion Covers, 2d. 0 1 6
367 Shifts at 3d. 9 ,, 8d.	4 1		1 Black Cloak at 2s. 0 2 0
474 Caps at 3d., 9 ,, 6d.	6		95 Towels ,, 1d. 0 7 11
189 Derry Petticoats " 3d.	2	7 3	28 Rollers ,, 1d. 0 2 4
107 Plaiding ditto " 3d.	1 (	6 9	120 Napkins ,, 1d. 0 10 0
189 Flannel Shifts ", 3d.	2		18 Mattrass Covers ,, 1s. 0 18 0
360 Night Gowns at 3d., 3			9 Window Blinds " 3d. 0 2 3
ditto at 6d	41	1 6	365 Dozen Buttons " 1d. 1 11 3
27 Pairs of Stays "15d.	11	3 9	74 Bed Covers (hemmed)
27 Pairs of Socks " 4d.	0	9 0	at 1d 0 6 2
369 Pairs of Stockings 4d.	6	3 0	30 Collars ,, 3d. 0 7 3
42 Table Cloths (hemmed)			11 Slip Boddice ,, 4d. 0 3 8
20 at 1d., 22 at 11d.			202 Prs. Shoes Bound at 3d. 2 10 6
582 Pillow Cases " 11d.	3 1		120 Prs. of Boots do. at 9d. 4 10 0
175 Aprons at 2d. 140 at 11d.	2	6 8	17 Window Curtains at 1s. 0 17 0
W KINGRED ALLER	L.57 1	2 4	L.71 3 11

#### VALUE OF WORK ON ARTICLES MADE BY FEMALES IN WESTERN DEPARTMENT, . . . L.71 3 11

REPAIRED	IN I	ST AND	2ND	FEMALE	GALLERIES.
----------	------	--------	-----	--------	------------

631	Shifts	7119			
496	Gowns	2008 Shirts (for Males)			
3440	Pairs of Stockings	224 Pillow Cases			
752	Drugget Petticoats	186 Night Gowns			
	Plaiding ditto	103 Flannel Shifts			
	Caps	115 Blankets			
	Aprons	26 Pairs of Stays			
	Sheets	12 Canvass Beds			
7119	state of the state of the state of the	9793 Articles @ 1d.	40	16	1
	1200 Articles repaired in 3rd Fe	emale Gallery " 1d.	5	0	0
	1200 " " " 4th	" " " 1d.	5	0	0
					-

L.122 0 0

### VALUE OF GOODS IN STORE.

Crockery, Glass, Brushes, and Sundry Furnishings, Wood, Pigs, valued at	78 71 73 82 54	17 12 2 3	
Crockery, Glass, Brushes, and Sundry Furnishings, Wood,	78 71 73 82	17 12 2 3	2 3 6 5
Crockery, Glass, Brushes, and Sundry Furnishings,	78 71 73	17 12 2	2 3 6
	78 71	17 12	23
	78	17	2
Iron, Lead, Gas Fittings, and Ironmongery,			
Made Linens, Shirts, &c.,	44	and .	7.7
Tweeds, Cloth, &c.,	99	16	11
Plaiding, Flannels, and Tartan Shawls, .	63	11	4
Carpet Bags, and Straw Bonnets,	4	6	7
Tapes, Pirns, Fingering, Worsted, &c.,	55	11	3
Dowlas, Canvass, and Packsheet,	18	5	6
Prints, Derry, Gingham, and Cotton, .	45	8	4
Stockings,	7	13	6
Made Clothes,	137	0	0
Shoes,	36	13	0
Blankets, Bed Covers, Mattrasses and Pillows,	80	11	6
Provisions, Soap, &c.,	L.78	13	9

ADSTARUL UF FRUVISIUNS, WC. USED IN THE AUTAL EDINDUMUL ASTRON DUMING THE THAN 1001.

-		1				-		-		-						-				-			M	1	4	E.
	TOTAL IN BOTH DEPARTMENTS.		000	x = 0	22551 0 Oatmeal. 4546 0 Flour. 18669 0 Boulow	6520 0 Split Pease.	00	00	105 0 Tapioca. 991 4 Tea.		200	000	000	0 Mustard.	238 0 Pepper. 512 8 Currants.	00;	-	00	2118 0 Soft Soap.	68 Currant Loaves.		gallon		packets Table	8055 gallons Beer.	
-	IZ	- 61.		ž	0 T P		-	-		-	-	_					64					2	-		-	-
010	TOTALIN E. D.	lbs, oz. 7479 0 7758 0	1626 0		848	138	355 (	144 0	105 0		512 8		355 13		56 0 9088 0		33 (	4	99	16	8220	23723	53	102	3450	576
TMENT.	Dec. 31.	lbs. oz. 2107 - 1982 -	1 1 ; 1	10 1	1221	198 -	1 1 22 127	11	45 - 138 1	-	150 6	537 - 5	-		14 - 17	1	5 a	1 201		16	2050	598	133	12	945	141-2
EASTERN DEPARTMENT		lbs. oz. 1925 - 1961 -			11881	126 -		+0	138 7	108 4		108 8 526 8		1 1 98	14 - 68 -		11			1	1965	598	133	508 7	930	148-7
EASTERN	FOR QUARTERS ENDING Jun. 30. Sept. 30.	lbs. oz. 1824 - 1906 -		9   9	196	198		1 1 08		114 18	285 87	162 S 539 -	- 18		- 16	1	1 1 29	18 -		1	2175	5914	135	242	810	157-6
I	Mar. 3l.	lbs. oz. 1623 - 1909 -		+   %   %	217 - 217 -	216 -		1 18		105 4	72 8		83 5	36 -	67 8		1 1 29	26	9	1	2030	285	124	12	165	128-9
	TOTAL IN W.D.	0	53890 0 53890 0	348 0	8769 0 17940 0	5782 0 5970 0		1094 0	436 43		838 1 838 1		158 6 7056 0	72 0	214 0		0 1899 0		2112 0	22	9056	4422	14002	1 2 2 3 3 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	4605	1881
TMENT.	Dec. 31.	lbs. oz. 500 - 4700 -	13680 -	122 -	1220 -	1300 -		320	122 10		83 11 83 11				11		319 -	1725 8	448	52	2350	1010	3496		1035	187-10
WESTERN DEPARTME	FOR QUARTERS ENDING Jun. 30. Sept. 30.	1bs. oz. 482 - 4055 -	13850 -	100 - 11000	986 -	1300 -		340 -	11 601		-		49 10 1568 -	18	1 1	- 18	612 -	1837 12		1	2432	1120	3605	191	1230	11-612
VESTERI	Jun. 30. Sept. 30.	1bs. oz. 520 3955	13520 -	102 -	931 -	1300 -		234 -	102 5	632 6 9907 8			30 12	- 18	1 1	-	- 149	132 - 1684 -	- 402	1	2197	1092	3458	90	1245	10-0/1
- Love	Mar. 31.	1bs. oz. 528 - 3822 -	12840 -	22 -	632 - 4312 -	1282 -		200 -		618 12 9176 8			23 4 1792	- 18	4 4 1 1	43 4		130 - 1585 -	448	11	2077	1106	3446	12	1095	- R-107
in a man	ARTICLES.	Roasting Meat . Boiling ditto . Houghs	Ox-heads	Suet Oatmeal.	Flour Barley	Split Pease	Ground Rice .	Arrow Root	Tea	Coffee	Loaf Sugar	Salt Butter	Common Salt .	Mustard	Currants	Candles	Soda	White Soap	Soft Soap	Currant Loaves Cakes Short Bread	4 lb. Loaves Bread	Sweet Milk .	Eggs	Table Salt	Beer	1 OF VOL 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
000	23.22	22 22 -	. 0	;	2.4	-	22	12.	2		56	175	0	0	2	58	5	- 25	No.				-			1

VEGETABLES USED IN THE ROYAL EDINBURGH ASYLUM DURING THE YEAR 1851

gallons Brussels Sprouts. Kidney Beans. Red Cabbage. Gooseberries. Strawberries. Cauliflower. TOTAL IN BOTH Cabbages. Currants. DEPARTMENTS. Rhubarb. Lettuces. Spinach. Beetroot. Potatoes. Radishes Carrots. Purnins. Cresses. Brocoli. Greens. Savoy. Celery. Parsley. 3149 bundles Onions. Plums. Leeks. Pease. Beans. Pears. Cucumbers. bundles 3528 bundles gallons 409 bundles 108 gallons 25 dozens 343 dozens 218 dozen 199 heads pecks 870 dozen 2204 heads pecks 44 bundl 219 dozen dozen 128 pints 219 pints .. -.. 3 lbs. : . .. 66 8 lbs. 22 744 36 283 165 6733 728 12 67 2665 103 34 1801 1881 W. D. 14 13 822 8 18 33 363 138 9810 19 290 314 18 2123 309 9 601 844 211 15 31 : : : : : WESTERN DEPARTMENT. 113218 FOR QUARTERS ENDING Mar. 31. Jun. 30. Sep. 30. Dec. 31 :- e 9 552 402 915 : 2890 -36 -361 3 6 340 33 19 92 169 068 594 248 601 : : : : : : : -÷ : 24 1 :: 30 352 424 18 2645 9 50 9 42 140 ÷ : ; : ; : : : ÷ : ÷ 94 : 53 220 252 528 33: 12 248 ÷ : : 2681 ÷ : ÷ : ÷ ÷ : : : : ê ÷ : : : ÷ ē TOTAL IN E. D. 181 233 33 145 719 110 110 110 110 110 113 116 113 116 113 116 53 67 103 3594 200 1026 373 419 378 378 378 8 38 205 259 100 110 037 EASTERN DEPARTMENT. FOR QUARTERS ENDING Mar.31. Jun. 30. Sep. 30. Dec. 31. 10 42 362 635 00 00 : 68 : 431 25 : : : : 227 33 011 324 92 490 317 952 502 113 108 42 664 : 101 : : : : : ÷ : : 8 ÷ : I 4 62 106 718 38:38: 164 424 25 00 114 1-16 57 00 47 : : : 5 : :6 38: 2223 423 86 300 01 12 :9 : 12 726 134 187 : : : : : 19 : : : : ; : : : ÷ Brussels Sprouts, ARTICLES. Kidney Beans, Red Cabbage, Gooseberries, Strawberries, Cauliflower Cucumbers Cabbages, Currants, Savoy, Spinach, Beetroot, Radishes, Rhubarb. Lettuces, Potatoes Carrots, Turnips, Celery, Cresses, Leeks, . Brocoli, Parsley, Pears, . Greens, Onions, Pease, Plums, Beans, Ditto,

### PHYSICIAN'S ANNUAL REPORT

#### OF THE

# ROYAL EDINBURGH ASYLUM FOR THE INSANE,

#### FOR THE YEAR 1851.

#### READ AT THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE CONTRIBUTORS, MELD ON THE 23rd February 1852.

AFTER a certain era in the history of a large Institution, such as this, the annual records of its progress must tend more or less to sameness and repetition. When the structure is completed, the house filled, and all the plans devised for the benefit of its inmates have been fully developed and put in active operation, the history of one year becomes nearly that of its predecessors. What is true of the record is liable to become equally true in regard to the facts. When a definite system of operations has been adopted, formed, it may be, upon the most approved models for the time, it is apt slowly to degenerate into a routine from which much of the original vigour and activity which characterised it gradually disappear. I am happy to be able to assure you, on this occasion, that the Institution under your management, has not yet arrived at this period of its history, and that I still have it in my power, as in former years. to report progress, and a continuance of zeal, activity, and increased efforts for the furtherance of those great ends for which the Asylum was founded.

eneral Results.

The number of patients admitted during the past year was 248. At the close of the year 1850, there were 498 inmates, so that there have been 746 patients under treatment, since the date of the last Annual Report. Of these, 218 have been removed by death and otherwise, leaving at the close of the last year 516 patients in the house. The average number resident during the year was 520, being an average of 26 more than the previous year.

Of the patients removed, 111 were cured, being in the ratio of 44.8 per cent. to the number of admissions, or of 21.3 per cent. to the mean number resident.

The number of patients admitted into the Asylum since its foundation is 2670, and the number removed cured is 1100, being 41.2 per cent. of the whole, or 51.3 per cent. deducting those who still remain under treatment.

In the following table the general results of the year are given :--

no history of a large Tastindion, pash	Males.	Females.	Total.
Number of inmates at the close of 1850, . Admitted during the year 1851,	$\begin{array}{c} 246 \\ 132 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 252\\116\end{array}$	498 248
Total number under treatment, M. F. T. Discharged, . 87 93=180	378	368	746
of whom were Cured, 52 67=119 ,, Uncured, 35 26= 61	ot alda	pord in li lefinite	
Died,	118	112	230
Total number at the close of 1851,	260	256	516

TABLE ]	IG	eneral	Results	of t	the ]	lear.
---------	----	--------	---------	------	-------	-------

Average number resident during the Year 1851 :--Males.Females.258.4261.8520.2

Of the 57 patients reported as removed uncured, a considerable proportion were, I regret to say, removed to private asylums, for the sake of economy, the rates of board at some of these establishments being lower than those presently charged in this Institution. These were mostly cases which had been one or more years under treatment, and while it is due to the parochial authorities who removed them, to say, that they seemed desirous to satisfy themselves that the cases were incurable, before consigning them to a less costly and probably less comfortable residence, and that they removed them generally with assurances of regret,—I cannot but express a hope that the prosperous condition of the financial affairs of the Asylum may enable you to fix the rates of board for pauper lunatics at such a sum as shall render competition on a small scale impossible, and secure for all the pauper lunatics of this part of Scotland, the numerous advantages and sources of happiness, if not always of cure, which a large public Institution such as this can alone afford.

The following table shews the period of residence in the Asylum of all the cases removed uncured :---

						-			
0.98		11.00		ALL IN	100T		Males.	Females.	Total.
	month,						$\frac{3}{2}$	3	6 3 2 2 8
"	2 "						2	1	3
"	3 "						1	1	2
»» <sup>4</sup>	ł "						0	$\frac{2}{2}$	2
,, (	3 ,,						6	2	8
"	l year,						4	7	11
,, 2	l year, 2 " 3 " 4 " 3 " 7 " 8 "						4 8 3	5	13
,, :	3 "						3	1	4
"	£ ,,						1	1	$\begin{array}{c}4\\2\\5\\2\\1\end{array}$
"	3 "						4	1	5
<b>3</b> 7	7 ,,						2	0	2
11					probabile.	00000	1	0	1
,, :	9 ,,						0	1	1
,, 10	) "	•					0	1	1
Sin-Jasmer					m 1	AL-LOS	0		01
					Total,	1 10	35	26	61
and the second second			lung har			and and a	and the second second	Mar and an and and	weeks and the second

TABLE II.—Period of Residence of those removed Uncured.

A large portion of the patients removed uncured, whose residence

had not extended beyond one year, were more or less improved, and several were in a state of hopeful convalesence. Their premature removal, originating mostly in the misplaced confidence or affection of friends, was followed in almost every instance by the usual result, confirmed insanity, aggravation, or relapse, and in one instance by suicide, shortly after removal.

The preceding table is, however, so far gratifying, that it contrasts favourably with the corresponding tables of former years, and shews that fewer cases have been removed uncured, and still fewer, in proportion, at an early stage, than in previous years. And so far, therefore, as statistics of this kind may be trusted on such points, we may venture to hope that the experience of past years, and of this Asylum, has not been lost upon the guardians and friends of the insane.

The next table shews the ages of those admitted, and of those discharged cured :---

	A	DMITTEI	D.	DISCH	ARGED C	URED.	Per	
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Centage of Cures.	
From 10 to 20,	11	8	19	5	1	6	36.3	
" 20 to 30,	36	29	65	12	17	29	43	
" 30 to 40,	33	32	65	12	22	34	52.3	
" 40 to 50,	27	17	44	13	15	28	63.6	
" 50 to 60,	16	20	36	7	10	17	47	
" 60 to 70,	7	8	15	3	1	4	26.6	
" 70 to 80,	2	2	4	0	1	1	25	
Total,	132	116	248	52	67	119	102	

TABLE III.—Ages of those Admitted, and those discharged Recovered.

Of the cases admitted under 20 years of age, four were cases of Idiocy, and several were complicated with epilepsy. All of these were of course incurable. This explains why the ratio of cures at that early age should be so low compared with former years, and with what might have been anticipated. Of these cases too, eight were formerly inmates of the Asylum, and had suffered from new attacks. It would seem as if insanity when it appears in early life affects those only who have a strong predisposition to it. The exciting causes to which they are exposed increase in number and variety each year of their life, and relapses are almost certain to take place. If the transient griefs and terrors of youth can upset the reason, how can it be expected that the same mind can preserve its balance amidst the more poignant griefs and anxieties, or stronger passions of maturer years?

Not a few of the cases, as will be seen from the table, were at an advanced age at the time of their admission, 19 being between 60 and 80 years of age. Of these, one was in a dying condition, and expired a few hours after being received; and several of the others were in an advanced stage of decay, and survived only a few weeks.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Moral Insanity,	8	3	11
Mania,	28	39	67
" Chronic,	1	8	
" Periodic,	1	2	3
" Puerperal,	0	2	2
" with General Paralysis, .	$\begin{array}{c} 0\\ 2\\ 0 \end{array}$	0	9 3 2 2 1
" " Epilepsy,		1	
Dementia,	30	18	48
" Senile,	0	1	1
" with General Paralysis, .	8	3	9
" " Epilepsy,	10	15	13 30
Melancholia,	15 5	10 9	14
Monomania of Fear,		9	14
" Suspicion, " Pride,	9 3 1	0	3
Compare titi and	Ĩ	2	33
Ungoon Among	Î	õ	1
Delirium Tremens,	7	03	10
Idiocy,	4	0	4
Total,	132	116	248

TABLE IV.—Form of Disease in those Admitted.

This table exhibits all the forms of Insanity in nearly the same relative numbers as on former years. The cases of General Paralysis are fewer than formerly, so also are those of Puerperal Mania.

Many of the cases presented features of interest, but of a kind

rather psychological than practical. I shall not therefore dwell upon their details here, further than to state that, as has been before remarked, the current topics of the day gave colouring and form to the delusions of the disordered fancy. We have thus had no less than five individuals, admitted during the year, who believe themselves to be the victims of mesmeric agency—an agency certainly not less afflicting than the Satanic possessions and witchcrafts of former times-with which indeed some of the sufferers think it is identical. One sufferer believes himself to be in mesmeric relation of such an intimate kind with a whole family, that he experiences all the sensations of each member of it, eats and drinks (in imagination) when they do, and is sensible to the taste of what they each swallow at every meal. He is compelled to be an unwilling partaker of their very vices, and laments with horror that even during the innocence of retirement, or of sleep, he is pursuing unhallowed courses with parties at a distance, and feels all the bodily sensations of which they are the subjects.

Three of the inmates talked much of California, and of the bags full of gold which they had obtained from the diggings; and one of them arrived at the persuasion that his body was transmuted into This insane optimism is commonly associated with the most gold. unfavourable and hopeless forms of madness. Its victims, while they are rejoicing over unbounded wealth, and boasting of superhuman powers, are generally sinking rapidly into the most entire paralysis of every mental and voluntary function. Although the numbers of this class have been fewer than for the two previous years, we have now had added to our list of dignitaries two lords, two dukes, one Prince Albert, one angel, twelve divine personages, and one who claims to be greater than a divinity, calls himself "Thunderbolt," and who under the persuasion of his supernatural powers, previous to his admission constructed a boat made entirely of wood, without a single bolt of iron, in which frail bark he launched himself into the Firth of Forth during a storm, and suffered shipwreck on the coast of Fife.

I add here to the statistics of former years another table illustrative of the suicidal impulses which have been manifested by the patients admitted.

NAME OF TAXABLE ADDRESS AND ADDRESS ADD			
angune many boulders and the second sheet and	Males.	Females.	Total.
Have attempted Suicide,	11	15	26
Have meditated Suicide,	13	18	31
Total, .	24	33	57
	the ground		
Forms of Insanity during which Suicide was attempted,—	diant to	soola mar	also peti
Mania,	$2 \\ 0$	3	5
" Chronic,	0	1	1
Moral Insanity,	1	0	1
Dementia,	$\begin{array}{c} 2\\ 0\\ 5\end{array}$	1	3
Melancholia,	5	5	10
Monomania of Fear,	1	3	4
" Suspicion, .	ô	1 I	î
and the set of the set	11	7	26
Total, .	11	15	20
Forms of Insanity during which Suicide	Summe	1.0 Designed	
was meditated,—	and allow		Distanting
Moral Insanity,	1		1
Mania Acute,	$egin{array}{c} 2 \\ 0 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 1 \end{array}$	1	$9 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 6 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 1$
" Puerperal,	9		2
Dementia,	õ	2	2
", with Epilepsy,	1	ī	$\overline{2}$
Melancholia,	3	$\begin{array}{c}2\\1\\3\\2\\2\end{array}$	6
Monomania of Fear,	1	2	3
" Suspicion, .	2		4
" Superstition, .	1	0	1
Total, .	13	18	31
Means used in Attempts made,-	11 12.57		ag eldin
Precipitation over Precipice,	0	1	1
" " Window, .	1	4	5
Suspension,	1	1	2
Strangulation,	0	2	2
Laying down before Cart-wheel,	1	0	1
Stabbing,	0	1	1 5
Cutting Throat,	3 1	1	$\frac{1}{5} \frac{2}{2} \frac{2}{1} \frac{1}{1} \frac{5}{5} \frac{2}{1} \frac{1}{4} \frac{2}{2}$
Poison,		i	ī
Setting Clothes on fire, Drowning,	3	î	4
Unknown,	1	1	2
to a filler with birth statement an earner of the re			
Total, .	11	15	26

TABLE V.-Illustrative of Suicidal Tendency in those Admitted.

Of the 57 patients here enumerated who had attempted or meditated suicide previous to admission, ten continued to manifest a very strong desire for death after being received into the house, and many attempts to effect their purpose were made. Three of them threw themselves into the shallow pond which ornaments the grounds; one secreted a knife on her person; two attempted to hang themselves with their garters ; two tried to strangle themselves ; one to choke herself by swallowing the ends of her blankets, and another by bolting a large piece of meat; another cut her arm with a piece of glass; another his neck, and afterwards attempted to suspend himself from the top of a door; and another made numerous attempts by swallowing pins, doubling up silver forks to swallow, sharpening the blunted silver knives for the purpose of inflicting wounds, secreting scissors, with the same view, refusing her food, attempting to choke herself on the corners of the sheets and blankets, to strangle herself with strips of them, to open a vein, and to precipitate herself down the stair. Notwithstanding the number of cases of this kind, and the perseverance and cunning with which the efforts at self-destruction were made, it is with gratitude that I have it in my power to record that no accident has occurred in the Institution during the past year in consequence.

Causes.

Of the causes of Insanity in those admitted during the past year, Intemperance figures as usual as the most frequent, as will be seen from the table which follows; the disease being ascribed to it, (deducting the cases in which the cause was unknown) in 24 per cent. of the admission, or, deducting the females, in 30.4 per cent. of the male patients. Next in order in point of frequency comes Mental Excitement. Most of these cases were attributed to what is very erroneously called Religious Excitement, inasmuch as the excitement is generally caused by the absence of religion, and by the superstitious fears of an ignorant and ill-regulated mind. One of the cases included under this head was that of a young lady whose mind gave way under the excitement caused by preparations for her own marriage to the object of her affections; in another the excitement arose from the acquisition of a sum of money, and in a third from over exertion to realize money. Reverse of fortune, and Domestic griefs come next in the order of frequency. Of these cases one was caused by the dissipation of a wife, two by the death of husbands, and others by the loss of near relatives. In almost all such cases there exist other causes acting more or less remotely, predisposing to, or as the immediately exciting causes of, the disease. Sudden loss of fortune very often is accompanied by recourse to artificial stimulants, and domestic quarrels and unhappiness follow in the train of evils.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
Anxiety,	2	2	4
Terror, .	23	23	Ĝ
Grief,	4	10	14
Chagrin,	1 ô	5	5
Jealousy,	l ő	1	1
Disappointed Affection,	4	5	9
Reverses of Fortune,	12	3	15
Mental Excitement,	7	12	19
Sympathy,	2	2	4
Seduction,	ō	$\frac{2}{2}$	2
Intemperance,	28	13	41
Paralysis,	2	0	2
Epilepsy	2 8 5	3	11
Epilepsy,	5	0	5
Tropical Climate,	1	0	1
Nursing,	0	1	1
Child-Bearing,	0	3	3
Amenorrhœa,	0	3 2 2	2
Fever,	0	2	2
Influenza,	1	0	$     \begin{array}{c}       1 \\       3 \\       2 \\       2 \\       1 \\       1     \end{array} $
Sudden Disappearance of Cough, .	0	1	1
Healing-up of an old Ulcer, .	1	0	1
Solitary Confinement in Jail,	1	0	1
Deficient Nourishment,	1	1	$\frac{2}{4}$
Bad Health,	2	2	4
Excessive Use of Tobacco,	1	0	1
Idiocy,	4	0	4
Unknown,	40	39	79
grante bederie subfussion. Such assess nat	132	116	248
Hereditary Tendency,	44	28	72

TABLE VI.—Causes of Disease in those Admitted.

The influence of Sympathy in producing Insanity was strongly illustrated by several of the cases which occurred during the year. A wife became insane from seeing her husband in that state, a brother from visiting his insane sister. A mother and her daughter became insane, in consequence of the disease attacking a younger daughter and the three continuing to reside together.

Recoveries.

The forms of Insanity, in those who left the Institution cured, bear nearly the same relative proportion to the number of cases admitted of the same kind, as on former years; the acute varieties of disease, including Mania, Delirium Tremens, and Puerperal Insanity, were cured in larger ratios, those of a less acute nature in much smaller, as appears from the following table, compared with that shewing the forms of disease in those admitted :—

				Males.	Females.	Total.
Moral Insanity, .				4	1	5
Mania, Acute .				15	21	36
" Chronic .				3	3	6
" Periodic .				1	0	1
" Puerperal, .				0	3	3
Delirium Tremens,				9	3	12
Malancholia, .				7	12	19
Dementia, .				8	5	13
" with Epilepsy,				1	$\begin{vmatrix} 2\\ 8 \end{vmatrix}$	3
Monomania of Fear,				0	8	8
" Suspicion,				2	8	10
" Superstition,				1	1	2
", Unseen Age	ney,			1	0	1
	Tota	1.		52	67	119

TABLE VII.—Form of Disease in those discharged Recovered.

Of the cures, two-thirds had been placed under treatment within three months of the invasion of the malady, and one-half of the entire number within one month. One case recovered although the insanity had existed for 13 years before admission. Such cases are encouraging, but they are generally solitary exceptions to the recognised principle, illustrated in the table which follows, that the sooner cases of insanity are removed from home, and placed under proper treatment, the more probable the cure :---

TABLE VIII.—Duration of disease previous to Admission in those discharged Cured.

								Males.	Females.	Total.
Under 1	l Month,							25	35	60
,, 8	3 ,,							3	16	19
, 6	Year,		•		•		•		$\frac{2}{4}$	26
" 1 " 2		·						õ	1	1
,, 3	"			•		•		1	1	2
" 2 " 3 " 4 " 5	"		•		•		•			1
19	)	•		·		·		li	0	1
Unknov							·	19	7	26
				Tota	al.			52	67	119

The average period of residence in the Institution of the patients cured has been greater than in former years, and I anticipate as a result that relapses will be less likely to take place. Ten of those cured had been upwards of one year, two of them five, and one seven years resident in the Asylum. These facts are contained in the table which follows :—

TABLE IX.—Period of Residence of those discharged Cured.

								Males.	Females.	Total.
Under 1	Month,							2	2	4
" č	"	•			1011	•		$     12 \\     25   $	$\frac{12}{26}$	24 51
" 1	Year,						0.0	8	26 22	$\begin{array}{c} 51\\ 30 \end{array}$
" 2 " 3			•		•		•	3 9	2	5 2 2
" č	"" "			1				õ	2	$\frac{1}{2}$
,, 7	"				110		2197	0	1	1
				Tota	al,	. 1	1012	52	67	119

Mortality. The Mortality during the past year has been less than during the four preceding years, and relative to the number of inmates, very much less. In the years 47, 48, 49, and 50, the deaths were 68, 68, 79, and 64 respectively; during the past year they amounted only to 50, although the mean number resident exceeded those of the previous year by 14, and of the three preceding years by 86, 29, and 47. During the four preceding years the deaths were successively 15, 14, 16, and 12 per cent. to the average number resident; during the past year they have been only 9.8 per cent., or 6.7 per cent. to the whole number under treatment.

The following table shews the causes of death :---

		· Alara			Males.	Females.	Total.
Apoplexy, .					1	4	5
Arachnitis, .					4	1	5
General Paralysis,					13	2	15
Epilepsy, .		T. dend	•	11	2	1	3
Marasmus, .	•	•		•	0	1	1 2
Senile Exhaustion, Pneumonia, .			•		1 2	1	4
Pleuro-Pneumonia,	r dal	11 01 1/10			1	ô	î
Phthisis, .		To nut a			3	5	8
Peritonitis, .					1	1	2
Erysipelas of Leg,					1	0	1
Dysentery, .		•	•		1	2	3
		Total,		.	31	19	50

#### TABLE X.—Causes of Death.

Of these 50 deaths, 31 died of Insanity, or the diseases immediately causing it, or the exhaustion consequent upon it. Eight died of Phthisis, and three of Dysentery, the most frequent complications of insanity. The diminished mortality of last year is doubtless due in a great measure to a more healthy season, and in particular to the great decrease in the number of cases of Chronic Diarrhœa and Dysentery, as compared with the years preceding it. The number of deaths from General Paralysis (an incurable complication of insanity) was 15, being the same as in 1850, when they materially exceeded those of any former year. The two following tables exhibit the ages of those who died, and the period of their residence in the Asylum :---

							lipen		the	Males.	Females.	Total.
From	20	to	30	years	of a	ge,				6	3	9
	30			· ,,					har	5	3	8
	40									10	3	13
	50			,,						5	3	8
	60									4	7	11
"	70	,,	80	,,				•		1	0	1
						Tot	al,			31	19	50

TABLE XI.—Ages of Patients deceased.

TABLE XII.—Period of Residence of those deceased.

AN UNIT	Tel Tones anominte					Males.	Females.	Total.
Under	24 hours,					0	-1	1
"	O				in the second	0	1	1
"	1 month,					2	1	3
"	2 "				0000	1	1	3 2 5 4
"	$     \begin{array}{ccc}       2 & ,, \\       3 & ,,     \end{array} $				.	5	0	5
"	6 "					$\frac{3}{5}$	1	4
"	1 year,					5	2	7
"						8	2	10
,,	$     \begin{array}{ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					$\frac{2}{2}$	2	4
"	4 "					2	1	4 3 2 4
"						1	1	2
"	6					0	4	4
"	7 "					0	1	1
"	8 "				Section 1	1	0	1
"	9 "					. 1	0	1
"	11 "					0	1	1
			Tota	al,		31	19	50

From these tables it may be inferred that several of the patients were sent to the Institution in a dying state, from the brief period that they survived. Some were at a very advanced age, and others had long resided in the house. The oldest inmate of the number, who had been a clerk to Sir Walter Scott at the time when *Waverley* was published, although he had spent eleven years in the Institution, seemed to have lost all note of time, and maintained to the last hour, that he had only been three weeks in this retirement.

Pathology.

Post-mortem examinations were permitted in 35 cases. These were conducted in the usual manner, and afforded the following results :---

Of those examined, 13 had been cases of General Paralysis, 10 Dementia, 4 Monomania, 3 Mania, 2 Melancholia, 1 Moral Insanity, 1 Puerperal Mania, and 1 Demonomania; and the morbid appearances were as follows :—

Congestion of the Membranes was present in 12 cases; of which 5 were General Paralysis, 4 Dementia, 1 Mania, 1 Monomania, and 1 Melancholia.

Effusion of Serum into Sac of the Arachnoid was present in 23 cases; in 12 of General Paralysis, in 7 of Dementia, 2 of Mania, 1 of Demonomania, and 1 of Puerperal Mania.

Opacity of the Arachnoid was present in 20 cases; of which 9 were General Paralysis, 6 Dementia, 2 Mania, 2 Monomania, and 1 Puerperal Mania.

Sub-Arachnoid Sero-Albuminous Effusion was present in 18 cases; of which 7 were General Paralysis, 5 Dementia, 2 Mania, 2 Monomania, 1 Melancholia, and 1 Puerperal Mania.

Effusion of Lymph beneath the Arachnoid, over the space forming the circle of Willis, was present in 4 cases; of which 3 were Dementia, and 1 Mania. In 3 of these cases, the fourth ventricle was filled with deposit of lymph. In these cases, symptoms of Meningitis preceded death.

Purulent Matter was found in the cavity of the Arachnoid in 1. case of General Paralysis.

Adhesion of Membranes to Calvarium was present in 7 cases; of which 4 were General Paralysis, 2 Dementia, and 1 Melancholia.

Adhesion of Membranes to Cortical Substance in 7 cases; 6 were General Paralysis, and 1 Dementia.

Vessels in Pia Mater and Cortical Substance in 2 cases of General Paralysis were granular, and in 2 cases of Dementia. Crystal-like deposit in the lining membrane of the Lateral ventricles was present in 7 cases; in 6 of General Paralysis, and 1 of Dementia.

Congestion of Hemispheres was present in 13 cases; 5 of General Paralysis, 4 of Dementia, 2 of Melancholia, and 2 of Mania.

Effusion of blood into the Substance of the Brain was observed in 5 cases; of which 2 were General Paralysis, 1 Dementia, 1 Monomania, and 1 Demonomania.

*Effusion of Blood* into the inferior cornua of the left ventricle was noticed in 1 case of Dementia.

An old Apoplectic Cyst was observed in the Pons Varolia of 1 case of General Paralysis.

The Grey Matter was pale in 4 cases; in 3 of General Paralysis, and 1 of Puerperal Mania.

Increased Density of the Brain in 2 cases; 1 of General Paralysis, and 1 of Dementia.

Softening of the Substance of the Brain in 7 cases; in 4 of Dementia, and 3 of General Paralysis.

Absence of Diploe was noticed in 8 cases; in 3 of Dementia, 3 of General Paralysis, 1 of Mania, and 1 of Melancholia.

Calvarium Thickened in 7 cases; 3 of General Paralysis, 3 of Dementia, and 1 of Mania.

Calvarium Thin in 2 cases; 1 of Mania, and 1 of Dementia.

Calvarium Softened in 1 case of Dementia.

E

Ossific Deposit in the Dura Mater was noticed in 3 cases; 2 of General Paralysis, and 1 of Dementia.

Tumour on the Dura Mater opposite the Fissure of Silvius in 1 case of Dementia, and over the top of right hemisphere in 1 case of General Paralysis.

Depression of the Parietal Bone was present in 1 case of General Paralysis.

The following table of *Weights* forms a contribution to the pathology of Insanity, which although of little value in itself from the small number of data, will come to be of considerable interest when the experience of a few years has been added to it. TABLE XIII.-Shewing the Weight (in ounces avoirdupois) of the Viscera, with the Form of Mental Disease, and

Cause of Death.

		and the second	- Charles in the second
	Weight of Kidneys.	96 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	8 <sup>8</sup> 9.11.8 <sup>8</sup>
Cause of Deam.	Weight of Spleen.	で、1995-11111110-1001111	
	Weight of Liver.	3年1481811181118111811181	1   8   9 2 2 3 3 4 5 1 9 5 2 3 4 5 5 3 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
	Weight of Lungs.	88   8   1   4   1   94   1   8   1   1   1   2   1   2   1   2   2   1   2   2	1 1 2 1 4 1 8 8 3 7 2 3
	Weight of Heart.	98 12 12 12 14 14 15 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	9 111 112 112 112 112 112 112 12 112 12 1
	Weight of Cerebellum, Pons, and Medulla Oblongata.	・ 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、	65 53 6 7 65 7 65 7 65 7 65 7 65 7 65 7 65 7
	Weight of Encephalon.	62234488448824828844884488 66234488488848884888488848884888 6623448884888488888888888888888888888888	8 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25
	of Death.	of Leg,	sis,
	Cause of	Erysipelas of Leg, Phthisis, Dysentery, Arachnitis, General Paralysis, Dysentery, Pleurisy, Pneumonia, General Paralysis, Apoplexy, Apoplexy, General Paralysis, General Paralysis, General Paralysis, General Paralysis, General Paralysis, General Paralysis, General Paralysis, General Paralysis, General Paralysis, Gene	Marasmus, Phthisis, General Paralysis, Phthisis, Arachnitis, Apoplexy, Dysentery, Old Age,
	Form of Mental Disease.	Acute Mania, Dementia, Dementia, Acute Mania, Acute Mania, General Paralysis, Monomania of Suspicton, Dementia, General Paralysis, General Paralys	Melancholia,
	Age.	88288888844444488222888	88 88442898
		MALES.	FEMALES.

All the means of cure, medical and moral, in operation in former Treatment. times, have continued to be pursued with increased activity and efficiency during the past year.

Of these the most beneficial as a means of cure is undoubtedly Occupation. active occupation in the open air. The garden, farm, and pleasure grounds have afforded ample opportunities of this kind to the male portion of the inmates of the Western House during the past year. In addition to the ordinary cropping and gardening operations, extensive undertakings in the way of levelling, trenching, extending the lawn in front, forming new roads, laying down new fences, transplanting trees, and other works have been in constant progress; and have afforded occupation to all the able-bodied, from the most intelligent and docile, down to the most imbecile or unmanageable, capable only of wheeling stones in a barrow. The average number employed under the Gardener in this way was, during the summer months, above 100. The females have also frequently afforded bands of cheerful and active workers at weeding, picking, and various other suitable out-door occupations. For them, however, the washing-house, and green, and laundry, and the cleaning operations in constant progress, constitute the chief sources of active occupation.

It is with extreme gratification on this occasion that I refer to Work Execute the statement of work done during the past year by the various tradesmen, drawn up by the Master of Works. It presents the details with sufficient minuteness to enable every one to judge of the very great amount of work which has been executed, and to shew that the charges made for it, by which alone in former statements of this kind its extent and value could be estimated, are so reasonable, as to offer no exaggerated idea, to say the least of it, of the activity and industry of those employed. It may be stated in general terms that no hired tradesman has been employed in the house during the year, but that all our clothing has been made, our house painted and repaired; all our printing, glazing, carpenter work, and upholstery, our gasfittings, and smith and plumber work, plaster and slater and mason-work carried on by ourselves. A great part of the clothing of the officers, attendants, and servants, and that of their families, has been made in the house, in addition

to that of the patients. The value of work done, estimated as in former years, by charging journeyman's wages, in addition to the cost of material, amounts in all to £2024: 15: 2d. A considerable part of the charges made is indeed at a very moderate estimate. For example, only half journeyman's wages is charged for the shoes and boots and clothing made to the attendants, reducing the total value of the work done in this department to less than it would have been had the rule above referred to been strictly adhered to as in former years.

New Erections.

In addition to the supply of the ordinary articles required by tear and wear, and ordinary repairs, the principal works of any magnitude made during the year have been a new Bath-room and Lavatory at the Western House, several Out-houses in the grounds, the formation of a new Washing-green, and erection of a new Court, a new Gate and Doorway adjoining the village of Tipperlin, a Workshop for the Plumbers and Gas-fitters, a Gate and Stairway to one of the gardens, laying a considerable piece of pavement in front of the East House, the furnishing of a new Bath-room for the Ladies, and the completion of the Billiard-room. The latter is our chef d'œuvre,-it is a very spacious and elegant apartment, with a porch attached, and affords a very great amount of comfort, profitable employment, and amusement to the gentlemen. It is a Reading-room as well as a Billiard-room, and is well stocked with newspapers and periodicals; it is a general rendezvous for the quiet and well-conducted, where billiards, draughts, backgammon, chess, bagatelle, cards, reading, or conversation-or rather several of them combined -may generally be found going on, and offering always a pleasing scene of tranquil and active employment.

The Eastern Department has undergone further changes calculated to improve it both in appearance and comfort. A Bath-room, with marble bath, has been added to the Ladies wing; a large amount of fancy and ornamental painting has been executed by the patients, and considerable additions made to the furnishing of the house.

The amount of work executed by the ladies in the Eastern House, (a statement of which, furnished by Miss Macdougall, is included among the tables,) and that of the articles of clothing made and repaired in the Western House, sufficiently attest the activity and industry which pervades the female department.

The out-door amusements and relaxations have been continued Amusements as in former years, with little variety, but equal frequency and zeal. Walks and drives in the country, pic-nic parties to the neighbouring hills and glens, bathing parties, fishing excursions, visits to reviews, cricket matches, and other sights, followed each other in close succession. Bowls, quoits, skittles, and cricket were the favourite games at home, and of these cricket appeared to effect the greatest amount of good, from the cheerful emulation and active muscular exertion which it calls into play.

Musical parties in the Eastern Department, and the weekly concert and ball in the Western, were kept up with their wonted spirit and beneficial results. The latter was occasionally varied as on former years by extraordinary exertions on the part of the inmates to mark a holiday, or do honour to some distinguished guest. Halloween and New Year's-day had their usual festivities. On one of the weekly assemblies, the amiable and accomplished Physician of Hanwell was received by the patients with the respect and courtesy due to his well-known benevolence. On another occasion, Miss Glyn kindly favoured the assemblage with readings from Anthony and Cleopatra; and during the greater part of the year, through the gratuitous assistance of several of the most efficient professional performers from the city, the music was of more than ordinary excellence, and added very much to the interest and enjoyment of the evenings.

The Library of the Asylum has continued slowly to increase, Library, etc. partly through the gifts of friends, and partly from the profits derived from our Monthly Periodical, which still enjoys a renumerating circulation. The newspapers and periodicals have been increased in number, and all these sources of occupation are eagerly sought after and enjoyed.

Through the application of our Chaplain, a handsome donation of tracts was obtained from the Scottish Tract Society. These are read with avidity, particularly by the females, on the Sabbaths, when a fresh distribution generally takes place.

The Chaplain has favoured me with the following report, which will, I have no doubt, be read with pleasure.

### Chaplain's Report.

I HAVE every reason to report favourably with regard to the occurrences of the past year in the Asylum, so far as regards the department of Chaplain.

The attendance at both services on Sabbath has been regular and gratifying throughout the year, and much quietness and decorum have generally been manifested. This has rendered these occasions impressive and interesting, and has been strikingly observed and remarked by all my clerical friends, who have so kindly and acceptably officiated for me. These good results are owing in no small degree to the regularity in attendance, and propriety of conduct so commendable, and so general in the inmates of the Institution.

From frequent opportunities of conducting the service, and proper and satisfactory information, it affords me much pleasure to state, that the attendance at morning prayers on week days, has been rather more than on any former year. And the effects of these meetings are highly beneficial.

In cases of sickness and distress, the ordinances of religion have been sought after with much eagerness in many instances; and in some cases of protracted and fatal disease, have obviously afforded that consolation, which nothing else can possibly confer. Faith in the Redeemer, has continued to sustain them, as their feet approached the dark valley, and love to Him, and confidence in the guidance of the Holy Spirit, have caused them to anticipate, with joy and gladness, the glory that shall be revealed. Their hopes have rested entirely in the exercise of Divine mercy; and with humility, it has been acknowledged as their only trust. Evidence has thus been afforded, that true religion alone can bestow happiness in life, and peace at death.

The Edinburgh Religious Tract Society have kindly furnished another supply of Tracts, which have had a salutary influence in engaging the attention, and contributing to the instruction of many of the inmates. And on this account, they are justly entitled to warm and cordial thanks.

#### ROBERT LORIMER.

I cordially concur in the meed of praise awarded to the attendants and servants in the Chaplain's report, and have much pleasure in adding that their general conduct throughout the year has been highly creditable both to the Institution and to themselves.

In conclusion, permit me to hope that the present prosperity of the Institution under your management may be deemed by you a sufficient warrant to justify you in proceeding with its extension and completion, so that the benefits which it at present confers upon the community may be still more widely diffused.

## DAVID SKAE, M.D.

