Annual report for the year 1915 : (18th year of issue) / Metropolitan Asylums Board.

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Publication/Creation

London : printed by Henderson & Spalding, 1916.

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ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR

1915.

MEDICAL RESEARCH COMMITTEE LIBRARY

(18th YEAR OF ISSUE.)

OFFICE OF THE BOARD,

EMBANKMENT, E.C.

FRINTED BY HENDERSON & SPALDING, LTD., SYLVAN GROVE, OLD KENT ROAD, LONDON. S.E.

1916.

BIBLIOGRAPHICAL NOTE.—Before the year 1886 no regular annual record of the work of the Board was published. (In the year 1871, however, and again in the years 1876 and 1877, the Chairman of the Board issued a report of the nature of an annual report, with some statistics.) For the years between 1886 and 1897, both inclusive, the Chairman of the Board issued an annual report and the Statistical Committee also issued a report, each separately. These reports may, together, be taken as the reports of the Board for those years.

For the year 1898, and for subsequent years, an annual report of the Board, and so called, has been issued, consisting of a summary of the work of the Board for the year, the reports of the several standing committees, and the report of the Statistical Committee. The reports for the four years 1898, 1899, 1900, and 1901 were issued in two volumes : vol. L. containing the report of the Board and the reports of the standing committees, except that of the Statistical Committee, which itself formed vol. II. The report for the year 1902 commenced a new series in one volume, bound in cloth and furnished with an index. The reports are sold to the public at 5s, a copy, in one volume or two as the case may be.

The separate reports of the Chairman of the Board above referred to and the first report of the Statistical Committee (1886) were of foolscap size ; all the remainder are of the size of this volume.

In the report for 1888 a spot map showing smallpox admissions was included. In the report for 1889 spot maps showing admissions of all diseases to the Board's hospitals were included. In the report for 1890 were included spot maps of notifications also. In the reports for 1891 to 1902 spot maps of notifications but not of admissions were included. In the reports for 1903 to 1905 spot maps of notifications of smallpox and typhus cases only are included.

The following reports are nearly or wholly out of print :--The reports issued in 1871, 1876, and 1877. The report of the Statistical Committee for 1886. The report of the Board (two vols.) for 1900. (For this year--1900--however, all those parts of the report which referred to infectious diseases have been collected and separately printed, and copies may still be obtained. For the years 1899 and 1900 a somewhat similar collection was made as regards the imbecile asylums, and copies may still be obtained.)

From the years of the opening of the several institutions to 1885, annual reports of the medical superintendents, with statistics, and, in some cases, reports by the committees of management, were issued separately, and copies of many of them may still be had.

The annual reports of the Captain-Superintendent and Committee of the training ship Exmouth may be obtained in a separate form from 1877; the reports of the Children's Committee from 1898; the reports of the Ambulance Committee from 1884 to 1897; and the reports of the Finance Committee from 1900 to 1907.

On account of the European War, the report for 1915 consists of a small volume sewn in paper covers, without charts—preceding volumes having consisted of about 260 pages, with charts and tables, bound in full cloth.

CONTENTS.

1. Introductory	Review for the year.						DAGE
I.—STAFF. 2. Recruits for the war 5 2. Extra cost contingent on recruiting 6 4. War bonuses 7 5. Institution staff 7 6. Cost of staff 7 7. Institution staff 7 8. War bonuses 7 7. Cost of staff 7 8. War nefugees 8 9. War hospitals 11 III.—FINANCIAL MATTERS. 11 10. Economies 12 12. Laundry administration 12 13. Insurance 13 14. Expenditure 13 15. Total numbers 14 16, 17. Infectious diseases 14 19. Cost of infectious hospitals 15 20. Tuberculous patients 15 21. Sick children 17 26. Casual poor 17							
2. Recruits for the war 5 3. Extra cost contingent on recruiting 6 4. War bonuses 7 5. Institution staff 7 6. Cost of staff 7 7. Cost of staff 7 8. Cost of staff 7 9. War hospitals 7 11.—WORK IN CONNECTION WITH THE WAR. 7 7. 8. War refugees 8 9. War hospitals 11 11.—FINANCIAL MATTERS. 11 11. Works postponed 12 12. Laundry administration 12 13. Insurance 13 14. Expenditure 13 14. Expenditure 13 15. Total numbers 14 16. 17. Infectious diseases 14 19. Cost of infectious hospitals 15 20. Tuberculous patients 15 21. 22, 23. Mental deficients 15 24. Sick children 17 25. Boys on the training ship 17 26. Casual poor 17 26. Casual poor 18 31. Supply department 19 32. Bacteriological laborator			•••			•••	0
3. Extra cost contingent on recruiting 6 4. War bonuses 7 5. Institution staff 7 6. Cost of staff 7 7. Cost of staff 7 8. War nonnection with the war. 7 7. 8. War refugees 8 9. War hospitals 11 III.—FINANCIAL MATTERS. 11 10. Economies. 12 12. Laundry administration 12 13. Insurance 13 14. Expenditure 13 14. Expenditure 13 15. Total numbers 14 16, 17. Infectious diseases 14 18. Notifications 15 20. Tuberculous patients 15 21. Sick children 17 25. Boys on the training ship 17 26. Casual poor 17 V.—Auxiliary services. 18 30. Works department 19 32. Bacteriological laboratories 20 33. Pathological laboratories 20 34. Details of the year 22	2 Recentite for the						
4. War bonuses 7 5. Institution staff 7 6. Cost of staff 7 7. Cost of staff 7 8 11. 11. WORK IN CONNECTION WITH THE WAR. 7. 8. War refugees 8 9. War hospitals 11 111. III. 112. 11 113. INCAC Provide Staff 114. Works postponed. 12 12 12. 12. 13. Insurance 13 14. Expenditure 13 15. Total numbers 14 16. 17. Infectious diseases 15. Total numbers 14 18. Notifications 14 19. Cost of infectious hospitals 15 20. Tuberculous patients 15 21. Sick children 17 25. Boys on the training ship 17 26. Casual poor 17 27. 28, 29. Land and river ambulance services 18 30.	3. Extra cost contingent on rearni	iting		••	•••	• •	
5. Institution staff 7 6. Cost of staff 7 7. 8. War refugees 8 9. War hospitals 11 III.—FINANCIAL MATTERS. 11 10. Economies. 11 11. Works postponed. 12 12. Laundry administration 12 13. Insurance 13 14. Expenditure 13 15. Total numbers 14 16. 17. Infectious diseases 14 19. Cost of infectious hospitals 15 20. Tuberculous patients 15 21. 2. 2, 3. Mental deficients 15 21. 2. 2, 9. Land and river ambulance services 18 30. Works department 17 25. Boys on the training ship 17 26. Casual poor 17 27. 28, 29. Land and river ambulance services 18 30. Works department 19 31. Supply department 19 32. Bacteriological laboratories 22 VI.—The BOARD OF MANAGEMENT AND ITS WORK. 22				• •	• •		
6. Cost of staff	5 Institution staff		•••		••		
IIWORK IN CONNECTION WITH THE WAR. 7. 8. War refugees 8 7. 8. War nospitals 11 IIIFINANCIAL MATTERS. 11 IIIFINANCIAL MATTERS. 11 11. Works postponed. 12 12. Laundry administration 12 13. Insurance 12 14. Expenditure 13 IVPATIENTS AND OTHER DEPENDENTS. 14 15. Total numbers 14 18. Notifications 14 19. Cost of infectious hospitals 15 20. Tuberculous patients 15 21. Sick children 17 25. Boys on the training ship 17 26. Casual poor 17 27. 28, 29. Land and river ambulance services 18 30. Works department 19 32. Bacteriological laboratories 20 33. Pathological laboratories 20 33. Pathological laboratories 22	6 Cost of staff			•••	• •		
7, 8. War refugees 8 9. War hospitals 11 III.—FINANCIAL MATTERS. 11 10. Economies 11 11. Works postponed 12 12. Laundry administration 12 13. Insurance 13 14. Expenditure 13 14. Expenditure 13 15. Total numbers 14 16, 17. Infectious diseases 14 19. Cost of infectious hospitals 14 19. Cost of infectious hospitals 15 21. 22, 23. Mental deficients 15 21. 22, 23. Mental deficients 15 24. Sick children 17 25. Boys on the training ship 17 26. Casual poor 17 27, 28, 29. Land and river ambulance services 18 30. Works department 19 32. Bacteriological laboratories 20 33. Pathological laboratories 22 VI.—The BOARD OF MANAGEMENT AND ITS WORK. 22					•••	•••	0
9. War hospitals 11 III.—FINANCIAL MATTERS. 11 11. Works postponed. 11 11. Works postponed. 12 12. Laundry administration 12 13. Insurance 13 14. Expenditure 13 15. Total numbers 14 16, 17. Infectious diseases 14 18. Notifications 14 19. Cost of infectious hospitals 15 20. Tuberculous patients 15 21, 22, 23. Mental deficients 15 21, 22, 23. Mental deficients 15 22, 24. Mental deficients 17 25. Boys on the training ship 17 26. Casual poor 17 27, 28, 29. Land and river ambulance services 18 30. Works department 19 32. Bacteriological laboratories 20 33. Pathological laboratories 22 VI.—THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT AND ITS WORK. 22	7 8 Way refugees	AR.					
III.—FINANCIAL MATTERS. 10. Economies. 11 11. Works postponed. 12 12. Laundry administration 12 13. Insurance 12 13. Insurance 13 14. Expenditure 13 15. Total numbers 14 16, 17. Infectious diseases 14 18. Notifications 14 19. Cost of infectious hospitals 15 20. Tuberculous patients 15 21. 22, 23. Mental deficients 15 24. Sick children 17 25. Boys on the training ship 17 26. Casual poor 17 27, 28, 29. Land and river ambulance services 18 30. Works department 19 32. Bacteriological laboratories 20 33. Pathological laboratories 20 33. Pathological laboratories 22	9 War hospitals			• •			
10. Economies.		• •	••	• •	• •		11
11. Works postponed							
12. Laundry administration 12 13. Insurance 13 14. Expenditure 13 15. Total numbers 13 16, 17. Infectious diseases 14 18. Notifications 14 19. Cost of infectious hospitals 14 19. Cost of infectious hospitals 15 20. Tuberculous patients 15 21, 22, 23. Mental deficients 15 24. Sick children 17 25. Boys on the training ship 17 26. Casual poor 17 26. Casual poor 18 30. Works department 19 32. Bacteriological laboratories 20 33. Pathological laboratories 20 33. Pathological laboratories 22 VI.—The Board of Management AND ITS WORK. 22							11
13. Insurance 13. 1. 14. Expenditure 13. 1. 14. Expenditure 13. 1. 15. Total numbers 13 15. Total numbers 14 16, 17. Infectious diseases 14 18. Notifications 14 19. Cost of infectious hospitals 15 20. Tuberculous patients 15 21, 22, 23. Mental deficients 15 24. Sick children 17 25. Boys on the training ship 17 26. Casual poor 17 27, 28, 29. Land and river ambulance services 18 31. Supply department 19 32. Bacteriological laboratories 20 33. Pathological laboratories 22 VI.—THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT AND ITS WORK. 22	11. Works postponed						12
14. Expenditure 15. 100 IV.—PATIENTS AND OTHER DEPENDENTS. 13 15. Total numbers 14 16. 17. Infectious diseases 14 18. Notifications 14 19. Cost of infectious hospitals 14 19. Cost of infectious hospitals 15 20. Tuberculous patients 15 21. 22, 23. Mental deficients 15 24. Sick children 17 25. Boys on the training ship 17 26. Casual poor 17 27. 28, 29. Land and river ambulance services 18 30. Works department 19 32. Bacteriological laboratories 20 33. Pathological laboratories 22 VI.—THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT AND ITS WORK. 22	12. Laundry administration						12
IV.—PATIENTS AND OTHER DEPENDENTS. 15. Total numbers 14 16, 17. Infectious diseases 14 18. Notifications 14 19. Cost of infectious hospitals 14 19. Cost of infectious hospitals 15 20. Tuberculous patients 15 21, 22, 23. Mental deficients 15 24. Sick children 17 25. Boys on the training ship 17 26. Casual poor 17 26. Casual poor 17 27, 28, 29. Land and river ambulance services 18 30. Works department 19 32. Bacteriological laboratories 20 33. Pathological laboratories 22 VI.—THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT AND ITS WORK. 22							13
15. Total numbers 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11.							13
16, 17. Infectious diseases 14 18. Notifications 14 19. Cost of infectious hospitals 14 19. Cost of infectious hospitals 15 20. Tuberculous patients 15 21, 22, 23. Mental deficients 15 24. Sick children 17 25. Boys on the training ship 17 26. Casual poor 17 27, 28, 29. Land and river ambulance services 18 30. Works department 19 32. Bacteriological laboratories 20 33. Pathological laboratories 22 VI.—The BOARD OF MANAGEMENT AND ITS WORK. 22	IV PATIENTS AND OTHER DEPENDENTS.						
16, 17. Infectious diseases							14
18. Notifications 14 19. Cost of infectious hospitals 15 20. Tuberculous patients 15 21, 22, 23. Mental deficients 15 24. Sick children 15 25. Boys on the training ship 17 26. Casual poor 17 26. Casual poor 17 27, 28, 29. Land and river ambulance services 18 30. Works department 19 32. Bacteriological laboratories 20 33. Pathological laboratories 20 33. Pathological laboratories 22 V1.—The Board of Management AND ITS WORK. 22	16, 17. Infectious diseases						
19. Cost of infectious hospitals 15 20. Tuberculous patients 15 21, 22, 23. Mental deficients 15 24. Sick children 15 25. Boys on the training ship 17 26. Casual poor 17 26. Casual poor 17 27, 28, 29. Land and river ambulance services 18 30. Works department 18 31. Supply department 19 32. Bacteriological laboratories 20 33. Pathological laboratories 22 VI.—The BOARD OF MANAGEMENT AND ITS WORK. 22	18. Notifications						
20. Tuberculous patients 15 21, 22, 23. Mental deficients 15 24. Sick children 15 25. Boys on the training ship 17 26. Casual poor 17 27, 28, 29. Land and river ambulance services 17 30. Works department 18 31. Supply department 19 32. Bacteriological laboratories 20 33. Pathological laboratories 22 VI.—The BOARD OF MANAGEMENT AND ITS WORK. 22	19. Cost of infectious hospitals						
21, 22, 23. Mental deficients 15 24. Sick children 17 25. Boys on the training ship 17 26. Casual poor 17 27, 28, 29. Land and river ambulance services 17 30. Works department 18 31. Supply department 19 32. Bacteriological laboratories 20 33. Pathological laboratories 22 VI.—The BOARD OF MANAGEMENT AND ITS WORK. 22	20. Tuberculous patients						
24. Sick children 17 25. Boys on the training ship 17 26. Casual poor 17 27. 28, 29. Land and river ambulance services 17 30. Works department 18 31. Supply department 19 32. Bacteriological laboratories 20 33. Pathological laboratories 22 VI.—THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT AND ITS WORK. 22	21, 22, 23. Mental deficients						
26. Casual poor 17 V.—AUXILIARY SERVICES. 17 27, 28, 29. Land and river ambulance services 18 30. Works department 18 31. Supply department 19 32. Bacteriological laboratories 20 33. Pathological laboratories 22 VI.—THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT AND ITS WORK. 22							
V.—AUXILIARY SERVICES. 27, 28, 29. Land and river ambulance services	25. Boys on the training ship						17
27, 28, 29. Land and river ambulance services 18 30. Works department 18 31. Supply department 19 32. Bacteriological laboratories	26. Casual poor						17
30. Works department 18 31. Supply department 19 32. Bacteriological laboratories 19 33. Pathological laboratories 20 33. Pathological laboratories 22 VI.—THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT AND ITS WORK. 22 34. Details of the year 22	V.—AUXILIARY SERVICES.						
30. Works department 18 31. Supply department 19 32. Bacteriological laboratories 19 33. Pathological laboratories 20 33. Pathological laboratories 22 VI.—THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT AND ITS WORK. 22 34. Details of the year 22	27, 28, 29. Land and river ambulan	ce serv	ices				18
32. Bacteriological laboratories	30. Works department						
32. Bacteriological laboratories	or. Supply department						
33. Pathological laboratories	32. Bacteriological laboratories						
VI.—THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT AND ITS WORK. 34. Details of the year	33. Pathological laboratories						
34. Details of the year		ITS WO	RK.				
0.6 13	94 Details of the man						00
	95 Committees						23

CONTENTS.

	Appendices and Tables.		PAGI	Е
I.			. 27	7
II.	TI III IIIIIIIIIIIII		. 31	
III.			. 35	
IV.	AT 1 A 10 11 6 100		. 34	
V.			. 34	
	War refugees	••••••	. 03	
	FINANCIAL TABLES.			
VI.			. 36	
VII.			. 37	
VIII.	Balance sheet		. 39)
	STATISTICAL TABLES.			
INFE	CTIOUS DISEASE :			
IX.			. 40)
Х.	Notifications and deaths in London		. 41	1
XI.	Monthly admissions, discharges, and deaths at hosp	oitals .	. 44	1
XII.	Admissions and deaths grouped in parishes and uni		. 46	3
XIII.	Mortality, 1912-1915			
XIV.	Mortality, 1912–1915	allpox .	. 47	
	ERCULOSIS :			
	e Downs Sanatorium and Northern Hospital.		10 8 51	
XV.	Admissions, discharges, and deaths		. 48 & 51	
XVI.			. 49	
XVII. XVIII.			. 49	
XIX.	Discharges and deaths classified on examination of	sputui		
	Reasons for discharge	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	. 50	
XXI.	Errors in diagnosis		. 51	
	Duration and stay	••••••	. 02	2
XXII. St.	Admissions, discharges, and deaths		. 51	
		••••••	. 01	1
	l sanatoria.			
XXIII.	Admissions, discharges, and deaths	•• •	. 51	-
Mi	ENTAL DEFICIENCY :			
XXIV.	Admissions, discharges, and deaths arranged in	parishe	s	
	and unions		. 58	3
XXV.	Movement of asylums population		. 54	Ł
XXVI.	Admissions, discharges, and deaths of the feeble-min	nded .	. 54	£
SI	CK CHILDREN :			
XXVII.	Admissions, discharges, and deaths		. 55	5
	YS ON THE TRAINING SHIP :			
	Admissions, deaths, and discharges since 1876		. 56	2
XXIX	Admissions grouped in parishes and unions	••••••	. 57	
		•• •	. 01	
	SUAL POOR :			
ΑΑΑ.	Admissions and discharges		. 58	3
	IBULANCE SERVICES :			
			. 59)
	(The work of the river service is noted in the text of			
	review for the year, p. 18, para. 29.)			
BA	CTERIOLOGICAL LABORATORIES :			
	Return of work done and antitoxin supplied		. 60)
XXXIII.	Results of examinations		. 61	
XXXIV	Summary of examinations		. 61	

ANNUAL REPORT.

REVIEW FOR THE YEAR.

1. This volume is considerably smaller in size than those issued in recent years. It consists of a review of the work of the year ended December, 1915, together with the more important financial and statistical tables. The reduction in bulk has been effected by omitting all reports of the committees and of the medical superintendents, the medical supplement, the charts, and the less important tables. It is believed, however, that the volume will not fall far behind its predecessors in practical usefulness, notwithstanding its reduction in size, for all matters of importance are noted in this review, and all figures of permanent interest in the tables, the continuity of which has been carefully preserved. The review is more restricted in scope than in previous years, and refrains from discussing questions which can as well, or perhaps better, be dealt with on a future occasion, such, for example, as the position of the Board in regard to sanatoria, a question which has figured largely in recent reports.

The smaller size of the report is due partly to economical considerations, and partly to the difficulty of accumulating, with the Board's largely reduced staff, the usual material in time for issue during the year.

I. STAFF.

Recruits for 2. The questions forced on the Board's attention by the war. 2. The questions forced on the Board's attention by the war have overshadowed all others, and in the forefront stand the questions to which the call of His Majesty the King for recruits has given rise. The centre of interest has thus shifted from considerations as to the welfare of patients under the Board's care, to considerations as to the position now,

and after the war, of staff who have joined the colours, and as to the best way of keeping the work of the Board at its customary high level in their absence.

At the beginning of the war the Board had in its employ about 2,100 men permanent and temporary, of all ages; at the end of the year there were only 778 of military age left. Practically all these presented themselves for attestation under Lord Derby's scheme, and 231 were found medically unfit. Of those passed into the Army Reserve, it will be necessary to obtain exemption for rather more than 100 of the older men, and when the remainder are called up the Board will have released for war service in one form or another about 93 per cent. of its male employees of military age and fitness. Naturally the difficulties inherent in such a wholesale release of trained men have consumed much time in settlement, and many problems are still unsolved, especially those of securing adequate account-keepers, of men competent to look after the Board's valuable engineering plant, and of ambulance drivers, which latter topic is referred to in paragraph 28.

In order to assist in releasing members of the staff for the forces, the chairmen of the several standing committees made a thorough investigation in the early part of the year as to possibilities in this matter, and as a result it was decided to reduce to the absolute minimum all work in which the engineering and artisan staffs were concerned, and to postpone all such work except that for the proper conservation of the fabric. The facilities for enlisting given to the attendants and other staff of the asylums and hospitals rendered a good deal of reorganization necessary, but it has not been found possible to keep an adequate staff in many cases, particularly in the workshops at the Darenth Industrial Colony, where patients are employed, and the work is suffering accordingly.

Among the general expedients adopted have been the employment of women to do men's work where possible; of married men where single men had been before employed; and of aged or infirm men for certain classes of work; and where none of these could come into operation, of redistributing the work, of reducing other work, and of leaving some undone altogether.

It may be noted in this place that distinctions have been gained in the war by several of the Board's employees, of which an account will be given in a future report.

Extra cost of staff contingent on recruiting.

3. The conditions under which the Board's employees have joined the forces were set out in the last annual report, and the extra expenditure there indicated (*i.e.*, the continued allowance to all such

employees of their full civil pay, less naval or military pay)

now amounts to more than $\pounds 30,000$ a year, and will probably increase. Those conditions were during the year extended to men who under sanction volunteered for work in munition factories.

War bonus. 4. But another source of expenditure has arisen through the demand on the part of those who remain for some contribution towards the increased cost of living. The scheme which the Board adopted was that married men in receipt of less than 30s. a week should receive 3s. a week extra (an allowance popularly known as the "war bonus"), and that married men in receipt of sums between 31s. and 40s. a week should receive an allowance on a sliding scale, but so arranged that the allowance stops at employees in receipt of 40s. or upwards. This allowance was not made to married men only, it was also awarded, in whole or in part, to those who could show that their responsibilities were of a like nature, and the sums awarded under these arrangements amount to about £6,000 a year.

Institution Apart from special questions raised by the war, 5. staff. the general questions connected with the government of a staff of about 7,000 persons have necessarily given rise to many problems. The formation of associations of employees and the growing solidarity of labour have made it clear to the Board that all general questions respecting employees should be considered by one committee only, instead of by several committees, each concerned with only one matter, or with one group of employees. Accordingly, in the early part of 1915, the Board referred to the General Purposes Committee (who in turn referred to a sub-committee -- the Institution Staff Sub-Committee, appointed for the purpose—of a thoroughly representative character) all questions affecting institution employees as a whole, i.e., wages scales, rations scales, uniform scales, staff regulations, administration of the Workmen's Compensation Acts and the National Insurance Act, besides such questions as sick leave and sick pay, hours of duty, leave of absence, and similar questions. These matters form together a subject of no small magnitude, not only on account of the expenditure involved, but on account of the number of employees concerned, of which a classified list will be found in Table IV.

These employees are scattered over some 60 institutions, varying in size from an asylum of 2,000 beds, to a children's home of 120 or thereabouts. It is not proposed here to set forth the work which the Institution Staff Sub-Committee have done. Some account may be looked for hereafter. Cost of the
staff.6. The annual cost of the staff may be taken at
 $\pm 478,552$, some details of which are given in Table

VII. The superannuation allowances awarded to 329 employees amounted to £15,012. The deductions made during the year under the Superannuation Acts from the pay of employees on the books amounted to about £8,500.

II. WORK IN CONNECTION WITH THE WAR.

The work of the Board in connection with the war has not been confined to facilitating recruiting in the ranks of their staff, but has included the care of Belgian refugees and the provision of hospitals for sick and wounded soldiers.

War refugees. 7. The task of caring for war refugees from Belgium was to a large extent dealt with in the last report, and further comment on the completion of the work will be made at a later date.

All the Refuges, to which reference was made in the last report, remained open at the beginning of the year, but owing to the decrease in the number of refugees arriving in this country, the Alexandra Palace, through which more than 32,000 refugees had passed, was closed at the end of March, and the St. Marylebone Casual Ward, which had been used for those inmates who could not be dealt with satisfactorily in larger institutions, in October.

At the Edmonton Refuge and Millfield House, both at Edmonton, which are under the control of one superintendent, and where the inmates remain rather longer than at the other Refuges, workshops were opened early in the year for wood chopping, boot making and repairing, tailoring and needlework. In addition, the whole of the somewhat extensive grounds have been placed under cultivation and schools have been started for the children.

St. Anne's Home, Streatham Hill, which accommodated at the beginning of the year civilian refugees, was later used for *réformé* soldiers and conscripts for the Belgian army The Hackney Wick Refuge remained in use during the year for the families of refugees suffering from infectious disease. Some statistics are given in Table v. The following paragraphs, which are from the pen of the officer-in-charge of Earl's Court, give some record of the work done there during the year :--

(1) The Earl's Court Exhibition premises were taken over by the Government on 15 October, 1914, the day after the summer exhibition of 1914 was closed. A few of the halls were hastily cleared of the exhibition paraphernalia, and the first night some 1,377 refugees were received. After this there was a short lull, following the fall of Ostend, and pending new arrangements for the transport of refugees from Holland. This breathing space was utilised for taking in hand the fitting up of large numbers of buildings of all shapes and sizes, from the Empress Theatre, in which, under a single span roof, were placed dining-tables for nearly 4,000 and 1,400 beds, one thousand of them being on the great galleries from which the seats were removed, to little sideshow halls into which 30 beds were squeezed with difficulty. These buildings were spread over some 30 acres intersected by two railways-the three island sites being connected by long covered bridges, one of which was, as a last resort, pressed into service to hold 300 beds. The various structures were largely added to by improvised extensions, colonnaded arcades were filled in, open bars and switchback railway stations were given fronts and sides, rifle ranges were floored and repaired, rooms were built in odd corners, and long corridors partitioned along their length, and by these means 4,000 beds were put down by the middle of January.

(2) Early in November, 1914, admissions were again in full swing, and by the end of the year 15,024 persons had been dealt with. The first six weeks of 1915 proved exceptionally busy, another 12,000 refugees arriving during that time. Almost everything else was perforce put aside at this juncture, to meet the demand for beds, and the necessity for passing the largest number of refugees through the camp as quickly as possible, and apart from feeding, housing and clothing the population, not much could be attempted. A church was opened, with daily services, and a large ball-room was converted into a concert-hall, in which excellent concerts were given nightly to audiences of over 1,000. The opening of the submarine campaign in the North Sea led to temporary cessations of transport more or less coincident with its severity, and thereafter the demands upon the accommodation of Earl's Court Camp were never again so large or urgent.

(3) Already the seeds of much good work on the social side had been sown in such out-of-the-way corners as could be spared, and largely by voluntary helpers at the outset. With the decrease in the population, this work was developed in all directions, and the camp was converted from a huge caravanserai to a small Belgian township with its residential quarters, halls, church, schools, clubs, hospital, crêche, works, shops, and offices. Education was made obligatory for all children between 5 and 14, and optional outside these limits, and a school staffed by Belgian teachers opened, in which at one time over 600 children were receiving instruction daily. A night school for adults is also part of the educational machinery.

(4) Later in the year the works were opened for the benefit of those for whom it proved difficult to find outside employment or accommodation. A large and well found power woodwork factory was started, with fitters' and blacksmiths' shops, and in these much useful work has been carried out, including the construction of army huts, packing crates, boxes, &c. Basket, toy, tinsmiths' and mattress making shops have been added. In the women's workrooms, most of the clothing required for this camp is made, and many outside orders are fulfilled. A considerable part of the large English staff required at the outset, for the ordinary work of the camp, has been replaced by the refugees themselves. The large resident population, for which separate cubicles were constructed, proved hardworking and thrifty, have been extremely happy and contented for the most part, and have set an excellent tone to the camp during the winter of 1915-16.

(5) The Board of Trade maintain a Labour Exchange in the camp, through which a very large number of refugees have been found useful and remunerative work in the country for which English labour was not available. Some 5,000 volunteers for the Belgian army have been obtained from the camp. For many of those unable to work or fight hospitality has been found in the country through the agency of the Aldwych Refugees Committee.

(6) The health of the refugees has been remarkably good, and this must be attributed to the close supervision of the medical and nursing staff. An excellent little hospital of 36 beds has enabled the medical staff to deal with all ordinary ailments as a general rule, and with the most serious in emergencies; while the out-patients' department where as many as 200 persons have been seen daily, and a large crêche for babies, coupled with the weekly medical inspection of children and the medical inspection of departures, as soon as these two latter measures became practicable, and constant attention from the first day to the cleanliness of the buildings and the beds, form the chief part of the armoury against disease. Notwithstanding the conditions under which thousands of persons were poured into this camp, there has been nothing of the nature of an epidemic. One of each of some serious things (including cerebro-spinal fever and smallpox) and sporadic cases of children's diseases, quite insufficient in number to cause any alarm, have been our experience.

(7) The camp has received many distinguished visitors. H.R.H. the Duchess of Vendôme, sister of the King of the Belgians, paid her second visit on 16 September, 1915, and wrote "Je suis bien heureuse d'exprimer à nouveau, pour ma seconde visite, toute ma profonde admiration pour la magnifique organisation de cette vraie 'cité de charité.' Merci à la noble Angleterre."

M. Paul Hymans, Belgian Minister to England, visited the camp on 19 August, and wrote, "J'emporte de ma visite à Earl's Court une impression de réconfort et de consolation et un sentiment de vive admiration pour l'œuvre créé généreusement par le gouvernement de la noble Angleterre. "

(8) The numbers of refugees admitted from the opening of the camp to 1 May, 1916, are :—

Men		 27,416
Women		 15,633
Children (under 16)	·	 15,304
Refugees re-admitted		 58,353 8,669
		67,022

Other details will be found in Table v.

8. During the year a dispensary in Sheffield Street, W.C., was opened for refugees, and the following paragraphs from the report of the medical officer may be of interest :---

The War Refugees Dispensary was opened on 3 February, 1915, as an integral part of the scheme for the benefit of the war refugees generally. The building selected for the purpose of the dispensary was the Strand casual ward, and, with the necessary alterations, it has proved well adapted for the work. The scheme of the dispensary included a small observation hospital and arrangements for the treatment of special diseases (eye, skin, teeth, etc.) either at the dispensary or elsewhere.

In opening up such an institution as the War Refugees Dispensary many

difficulties had to be overcome, and for the first five months (*i.e.*, from February to June) it can hardly be said that anything more than a mere foundation was laid, but from the end of June onward the dispensary has made steady progress, and it may fairly be claimed to have proved successful. The language difficulty (Flemish) has not been a source of much trouble, as I have had the assistance of very capable interpreters.

The total number of cases registered was 2,015, a daily average of 6.07. The total number of consultations was 6,388, a daily average of 19.24.

In the observation hospital a total number of 236 cases were dealt with, of which the following are some particulars :---

Total admissions	 Male. 121	Female. 115	Total. 236
Transferred to M.A.B. institutions	 30	21	51
,, to institutions chargeable to M.A.B.	 43	34	77
" to other institutions	 3	7	10
Discharged direct	 44	51	95
Death	 -	1	1
Remaining on 31 December, 1915	 1	1	2

War hospitals. 9. The Board has rendered to the War Office all the aid it could in the matter of providing accommodation for wounded and convalescent soldiers. As was pointed out in the last report, three hospitals were handed over for that purpose in 1915, the Brook Hospital on 12 June, the Orchard on 9 April, and the Lower Southern (designated Dartford War Hospital) on 27 May. In order further to help in this direction, the Board has consented to take over from the West London School District the management of the Park School, Hanwell, and from the Holborn Guardians the management of the Cleveland Street Infirmary. In these two institutions the Board will receive sick children from metropolitan infirmaries, so that by rearrangement accommodation in some of such infirmaries will be available for the War Office.

The Brook Hospital has to some extent been managed by the Board for the Government, many of the staff being under the Board's control; but the other two hospitals have been handed over wholly to the Government, who are responsible for the entire management.

It should be added that part of High Wood School has been given up for the billeting of soldiers.

III. FIMANCIAL MATTERS.

Economies. 10. While problems connected with the staff have engaged much of the Board's attention during the year (for questions affecting the nation's fighting forces have, as they should do, taken precedence over all others), yet problems of economy have engaged almost as much attention. Economy is not only imperative for national reasons, but because the expenditure of the Board in some departments, as, for example, in the extra cost of the staff above mentioned, and in the cost of the necessaries of life, has risen considerably. It is not, however, proposed in this place to set out the various ways in which economy has been effected. They are very numerous, and range over the whole expenditure of the Board, from alterations in dietaries affecting hundreds of persons, to the size of a sheet of paper. It is too early at present to indicate with any approach to accuracy the real effect of what has been done.

The Board carefully considered the question of utilizing some of their spare land for the cultivation of food, but after a detailed enquiry it was thought that at the present time such a course would not result in economy.

work postponed. 11. Besides that resulting from economy proper, expenditure has been avoided by postponing the execution of works which could be postponed, amongst which the following are those of chief note :-- Approximate

cost.

		estimated c
		£
Three sanatoria		. 112,000
Remodelling of Edmonton Workhouse		. 50,000
Reconstruction of North-Eastern Hospital (F	irst sectio	on) 60,000
Engineering work at Grove Hospital		. 8,000
New laundry at Long Reach Hospital		. 5,000
Hostel for female staff at Queen Mary's Host	oital	. 37,000
Nurses' home at North-Western Hospital		. 15,000
Road work at Southern Hospital		. 5,000
Nurses' Home at Eastern Hospital		

It should be added that the periodical cleaning and painting work, which in normal circumstances costs about $\pounds 20,000$ a year, was reduced to less than $\pounds 5,000$.

The only works of magnitude in progress at the end of the year were the extension of Tooting Bec Asylum ($\pounds 171,000$), the extension of East Cliff House ($\pounds 34,000$), and engineering work at North-Western Hospital ($\pounds 9,000$), all of which were begun before the outbreak of war.

Laundry administration. 12. To conduct all branches of their work on sound economical principles has been for many years past one of the main objects of the Board, as previous reports abundantly show. One piece of work of this nature which has been in operation for some years, viz., the economical management of the Board's laundries, has not yet received notice, for it was not made the subject of detailed investigation until 1915, when the committee concerned submitted a report pointing out that in 1908 the Board instructed the General Purposes Committee to look to the general question of the administration of the laundries, and subsequently authorized the employment of a technical adviser. The report went on to remark that during the six years indicated many economies had been effected, of which examples were given. The main feature of the report was, however, a paragraph showing that in 1908 £47,133 was spent in washing twenty million articles, while in 1914 the amount spent was only £36,453, though the number of articles washed had increased by more than one million.

The work of the Contract Committee has been still more fruitful in economy, though, as indicated above, it is not proposed in this record to enter into detail. Some particulars are given in paragraph 31.

Insurance. 13. One other special piece of work tending to economy calls for mention, viz., that relating to fire insurance, by the Board still continuing to be their own insurers for the bulk of their fire risks. The practice commenced in 1911, and the amount now "saved," *i.e.*, the sum which would otherwise have been spent on premiums, after deducting the cost of replacing damage done by fire, now amounts to more than £14,000, and this sum increases by more than £2,000 yearly. The Board still, however, insure certain special fire risks, all marine risks, the fidelity of officers, cash in transit, third party risks, boiler risks, and, in addition, they have recently insured risks incidental to the war, so far as they may arise out of the use of aircraft.

Expenditure. 14. Table VII. sets out under the customary headings the figures for the year. The total expenditure amounted to £1,334,817, which is equal to a rate of 7.08d. in the pound. The increased cost of the necessaries of life occasioned by the war, especially provisions, drugs and coal; the allowances to employees already mentioned, and the employment of temporary employees to take the place of those absent at the war, have, notwithstanding the general economies already indicated and the reduced number of hospitals as noted in paragraph 9, considerably swelled the expenditure.

The following amounts were borrowed during the year :--

- £60,000, for the purchase from the Westminster Guardians of the workhouse and schools at Edmonton, and of their casual ward in Kingsway.
- £58,000, for the extension of Tooting Bec Asylum (total estimated cost £171,000).
- £22,650, for the extension of East Cliff House (total estimated cost £34,000).

The loan indebtedness was reduced in the year by $\pounds 228,542$, leaving $\pounds 1,799,143$ owing, which in the ordinary course will be extinguished in about seven years. Some interesting financial statistics are given in Table VI., and the balance sheet is reproduced in Table VIII.

IV. PATIENTS AND OTHER DEPENDENTS.

15. The total number of persons admitted into the institutions of the Board during the year was (excluding war refugees) 48,574, which is 20,862 fewer than those admitted during the previous year. The total number remaining on 31 December was 14,746, which is 2,695 fewer than in the previous year. Particulars of the various classes will be found in the paragraphs following.

The average cost of maintenance of inmates was $7\frac{1}{2}d$. per head per day, which sum includes food, clothing and medicine, but neither attendance nor rent.

Infectious disease—Fever. 16. The care of persons suffering from infectious disease—Fever. disease has always been, and still continues to be, the Board's chief concern. The admissions were 27,855 in number, and at the end of the year there remained 4,025 patients in the hospitals. Details will be found in Table x.

The admissions were 5,684 fewer than in 1914, when it will be recalled the Board had to deal with the largest number in their history, and the number remaining under treatment at the end of the year was 2,325 fewer than last year.

The lowest number under treatment at any one time was 3,532 (on 5 June), and the highest 6,320 (on 1 January). The number of diphtheria cases received was 6,776, being 185 in excess of the previous year, and indeed the highest of any year on record.

The incidence of disease in the several months of the year is shown in Table XI., and its geographical distribution in Table XII., while Table XIII. gives the rates per cent. of mortality for four years.

Infectious disease—Smallpox. 17. Of smallpox patients, 11 were treated during the year; 9 were discharged recovered and 2 died. Average residence, 25.55 days, including deaths, and 29.78 if the fatal cases be excluded. The cases were admitted, 8 in February (7 from Fulham and 1 from Kensington), 2 in March (both from Greenwich), and 1 in May (Whitechapel).

Particulars as to the vaccination of these patients are given in Table x1v.

Infectious disease---Notification statistics. 18. There were notified in the metropolitan area during the year 44,865 cases of infectious disease, or 936 more than in 1914. Of these 28,020 were legally admissible to the Managers' hospitals, and 25,067, or

89.5 per cent., were actually admitted. Table IX. shows the number of cases of each disease notified, and the deaths from the principal

diseases admissible to the Board's hospitals; also the ratio of such notifications and deaths to the population. The highest notification rates per 1,000 persons living were in Bethnal Green 10.8, Stepney 10.0, and Shoreditch 8.2, as compared with an average rate for London of 6.2. The average for 1914 was 7.9.

Cost of infec- 19. The amount spent on this branch of the work was £514,687.*

Tuberculous
patients.20. No extension of work in this direction has taken
place during the year. The cost incidental to the
treatment of tuberculous patients is defrayed as regards insured
persons by the insurance committees concerned, and as regards un-
insured persons partly by the Government and partly by the Board.

The cases treated during 1915 numbered more than 2,500, particulars of which will be found in Table XXIII., while other details will be found in Tables XV. to XXII.

It will be seen that, adopting the usual method of calculating mortalities, the death rate on all cases was 10.0 per cent.

Mental defectives. 21. Table XXIV. sets out the admissions, transfers, deaths, discharges, and numbers remaining in the Board's several asylums and industrial colonies according to the parishes and unions to which the maintenance of the patients was chargeable.

Table xxv. shows the movement of the asylums population during the year 1915. The direct admissions were 95 and the indirect admissions 59 fewer than in the preceding year, while the total discharges were 85 more and the deaths 189 more than in the previous year; the result being a total decrease in the number remaining at the end of the year of 294.

These two tables refer to certified cases only; the uncertified are dealt with in Table XXVI.

22. As indicated, the mentally defective may be and are divided into two classes, viz., imbeciles certified under the Lunacy Acts, and the feeble-minded, who for the most part are children that have not been so certified, some of whom have grown to adult life in the Board's care. The distinction, however, is not one founded on the nature of the affliction (though the feeble-minded are carefully segregated from the certified cases), but arises through the disinclination to certify a child as a lunatic. This subject has been amply dealt with in previous reports. Each of these two classes is again divided into two sections, namely, those susceptible of improvement by training in manual work, and those not. At Darenth Industrial Colony all four classes are to be found, while at the other asylums none but unimprovables are cared for. Darenth Industrial Colony, with its dependency, Bridge Industrial Home, takes entire charge of all who give promise of improvement. At the end of the year 849 patients were under training, 503 of them being imbeciles and 346 feeble-minded, 124 of these being at Bridge Industrial Home.

The industrial work done by these patients in the workshops provided for the purpose was valued at £17,939. In addition, articles to the value of £90 were made by the children in the schools section. Most of the goods were used in the several institutions. Among the classes of work on which patients were employed were printing, bookbinding and paper-bag making, brush and basket making, shoemaking and tailoring, mat and rug making, and toy making. On this aspect of the work the following remarks by the medical superintendent of Darenth Industrial Colony are worth recording :—

With the opening of the extensions of the workshops at the male side it became practicable to undertake the manufacture of toys, and this has been carried on during the war with marked success. It provides a new type of work, at once interesting and lucrative, which has been taken up with enthusiasm by the patients, and it is already making demands on our resources in the way of floor space and power which cannot be fully met. Since the toys are almost entirely made from waste materials, it is very desirable that supplies of these from the Board's institutions generally should be forwarded to Darenth, where a use can be found for such articles as boxes, tubs, tea chests, felled trees or large branches of trees, old American cloth, off-cuts of tapestry or cretonne, old leather belting, cotton reels, wall-paper pattern books, feathers, condemned skin mats, brooms and brushes. About 3,000 toys, which were sold for a sum approximating to £160, were disposed of in this first year of working. Taking all the industries for adults into consideration, the working of the past three years is shown in the following table :—

		lue of go and dispo			e	Pro	fit.		
Year.		£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.	
1913	 	14,251	0	5		2,078	0	0	
1914	 	18,439	18	11		1,748	8	5	
1915	 	17,939	8	9		1,692	8	5	

The fall in the proportion of profit suggests that the prices credited to the colony for articles made should be revised in the light of the general increase in market values. If this were done the figures representing the turnover would be even more satisfactory.

23. During the year 73 cases were discharged from Darenth Industrial Colony to the care of the guardians, and 31 from Bridge Industrial Home. Of these 23 entered the army. The total number of discharges during the previous year was 46 only. This increase, says the medical superintendent of Darenth,

is an expression of the alteration which has been caused in the economic position by the war. Among the patients at Darenth are many who are close to the vague boundary line which separates unsoundness of mind from what is regarded as a normal mental state. With the existing demand for labour places can be found for workers who hitherto have been unable to hold their own, while in the case of certain of these the control and guidance necessary to make good their defects of will and initiative can be provided by military service. Present-day conditions have enabled several of the inmates to become self-supporting, while the deficit in labour at other institutions of the Board has to some extent been made good by the transfer from Darenth of working patients.

The cost of this section of the work was £239,878.*

Children's hospitals, schools, and homes. 24. Table XXVII. shows that the direct admissions from the various parishes and unions during the past year were fewer than in the preceding year—2,181 as compared with 2,826. The death rate at these institutions calculated on the numbers treated was 2.07 per cent. The total numbers remaining in all the institutions at the end of the year was 1,717. Since the end of 1911 there has been a steady fall in the number under treatment, from 3,216 to the present figure.

The cost of this part of the service was £100,326.*

Training ship 25. As will be seen on reference to Tables XXVIII. and XXIX., 429 boys were admitted to the training ship during the year, an increase over the previous year of 179. Of 323 boys discharged, 85 entered the Royal Navy and 123 the Mercantile Marine. At the end of the year 620 boys remained under training.

The new and most promising part of the work of training boys for the sea, namely, their practical experience in the new sea-going tender provided in 1913, has been wholly suspended by reason of the war.

The cost of this part of the service was £20,190.*

Some of the distinctions gained in the war have been by old Exmouth boys, to one of whom was awarded a V.C. and a D.C.M. He was killed in action. An account of these distinctions will be given in a future report.

The casual poor. 26. The number of this class received during the year was 14,515, while for 1914 the figures were **29,370**. On the last day of the year there remained 118. Details are in Table xxx.

The decrease in the number of inmates continued during 1915, the average number remaining on Friday night in each week being only 132, as compared with 252 during 1914 and 402 during 1913. At the end of the year only 7 of the 24 wards that were taken over in April, 1912, remained open. The various philanthropic agencies which undertook to receive suitable cases from the casual wards, and from the office used in connection with the scheme for dealing with homeless persons at night in Central London, continued their operations during the year.

The cost of the casual poor service was £18,609.*

V. AUXILIARY SERVICES.

Land and river ambulance services. 27. Essential parts of the work of caring for fever patients are the land and river ambulance services. A summary of the work of the land services for the

year is given in Table XXXI.

28. Although the amount of work carried out by the ambulance service during the year 1915 was less than in the preceding year, yet it was accomplished in circumstances of much greater difficulty, owing to the large number of motor drivers who left the service to join the Army Service Corps and other branches of H.M. forces. To help the filling of the vacancies thus created, the Ambulance Committee arranged for the transfer of porters and other men from a number of the Board's institutions to the Western Ambulance Station, where they were carefully trained as motor drivers and subsequently transferred to other stations. Other means adopted were the engagement of men over age or for other reasons unsuitable for military service. But all these efforts became of little avail after the passing by Parliament of the Military Service Act; and it became evident that if the ambulance service were to be efficiently maintained, it must be by the employment of women motor drivers. Arrangements to do so were completed at the close of the year, and on the first day of 1916 women motor drivers were at work at the North-Western Ambulance Station at Hampstead.

The cost of this service was £36,664.*

29. The steamboats of the river ambulance service conveyed 2,759 passengers to and from Long Reach. Of that number 11 were smallpox and 1,541 were fever patients, all of whom were taken to the river hospitals; 563 were recovered patients that were brought back to London, and 644 were visitors, staff, workmen, &c.

The vessels were under steam 7,995 hours, and under way 728 hours; they ran 7,537 miles, and consumed 245 tons of coal.

The cost of this part of the service was £9,932.*

Works department. 30. This department is responsible for the upkeep of the fabric of the Board's numerous institutions, for the proper condition of the valuable engineering plant and machinery in most of these institutions, for the warming and lighting and for the maintenance of the roads. Many of the larger constructive works, for parts of which the department would have been responsible, have been postponed on account of the war, as explained in par. 11. Some of the routine work has also been postponed to a later date, as noted in the same paragraph. The cost of the minor works carried out under the direction of the Engineer-in-Chief was £41,820, of which £33,895 was for engineering work, and the remainder for building works and repairs.

Supply department. 31. The work of the department entrusted with the duty of arranging for supplies of various kinds has been specially onerous during the year by reason of the conditions created by the war.

The following is a classification of the principal contracts for supplies entered into during the year :----

	-			N	umber a	of 1	Approximate	2
				00	ntracts		total value.	
Provisions (excluding brea	ad, flo	ur, pota	toes, b	acon,			£	
and eggs)					186		210,080	
Bread (monthly contracts)							19,300	
Flour (,, ,,)					-		12,200	
Potatoes (fortnightly contra	acts)						5,000	
Bacon (weekly contracts)							34,370	
Eggs (,, ,,)							6,260	
Necessaries (i.e., soap, sod				aints,			4	
and the like)					22		11,330	
Stores goods (i.e., cotton,	linen :	and wo	ollen g	oods,				
clothing, hardware, boots	s and s	hoes, cr	ockery,	&c.)	102		59,740	
Coal and coke					54		120,000	
Furniture and miscellaneou	us				21		3,150	

In addition, 75 minor contracts were made of which no reliable estimate of value can be given; and upwards of 6,000 purchases of goods required at various institutions and not obtainable under contract were made centrally through the Contract Department. The aggregate value of these purchases exceeded £95,000. The gross total value of all the supplies arranged for centrally during the year under formal contracts and otherwise was about £580,000.

The following table shows the percentage increase in the cost to the Board of certain leading commodities at the end of 1915 as compared with their cost in January, 1914 :—

			Percentage				Percentage
Commod	ity.		increase.	Commodity.			increase.
Bread		 	74	Cheese (Canadian)	1		28
Flour		 	81	Cocoa (prepared)			60
Milk		 	27	Margarine			12
Condensed	milk	 	57	Sugar (crystallised	West		
Potatoes		 	52		In	dian)	118
Butter		 	25	Starch (rice)			100
Fish		 	175	Coal			36
Bacon		 	23	Coke			54

Percentage increase (lowest and highest in	Percentage increase (lowest and highest in
Commodity. each group or kind).	Commodity. each group or kind;.
Meat—	Cotton piece goods 23-44
Beef (various parts) 46-93	Linen piece goods 25-100
Mutton " 48-60	Woollen piece goods 30-60
Cereals 14-122	Enamelled ware 63-113
Soaps 41-60	Cutlery 26-35
Surgical dressings 10-42	Boots and shoes 41-55
Turpentines 50-95	Glassware 50-85
Socks and stockings 16-56	Crockery 15-43

On account of the widely different quantities in which these commodities are purchased by the Board no accurate general average of increased cost can be based on the percentage increases shown.

	Descri	otion.		Satisfactory.	Unsatisfactory.	Total.
Milk				 11	6	17
Provisio	ons			 270	31	301
Necessa	ries			 220	14	234
Drugs				 46	-	46
		Г	otals	 547	51	598

Unsatisfactory samples represent 8.5 per cent. of the total number analysed, an increase of 2.3 per cent. on the previous year's percentage of 6.2. All deliveries of milk at the Board's institutions are tested with the Gerber apparatus before acceptance, so that samples are sent for professional analysis only in special circumstances.

Bacteriological 32. The work of this department is best set forth in the words of the bacteriologist and the bacteriological adviser, and the following is their report for the year :--

DIPHTHERIA ANTITOXIN.

(1) The preparation of diphtheria antitoxin has been carried out much on the lines of former years. The number of doses supplied during 1915 to the various institutions of the Board was 39,961 doses, each of 4,000 units, or, in all, 159,844,000 units.

During the year 8,172 cases, including 537 in which diphtheria bacilli were found to be present, although they manifested no clinical evidence of the disease, were treated for diphtheria in the Board's hospitals. It is calculated that, on the average, 19.559 units were used for each patient. The corresponding figures for 1914 were 147,760,000 units for a total of 8,101 patients treated, or 18,240 units per patient.

In addition to the Board's institutions, two hospitals not under the Board, viz., the Middlesex Hospital and the Hospital for Sick Children, Great Ormond Street, were, as in previous years, provided with diphtheria antitoxin, the total amount supplied during 1915 being 600,000 units. The quantity supplied during 1914 was 800,000 units.

DIAGNOSTIC WORK.

(2) During the past year 845 specimens, mainly swabs from the throat, nose, or ear of patients in the hospitals of the Board, have been examined for the presence of virulent diphtheria bacilli. These specimens were derived from 416 patients in whom diagnosis was doubtful, or who were awaiting their discharge from hospital. Specimens from 5.09 per cent. of the diphtheria patients treated in the Board's hospitals were thus examined at the laboratories, the remainder probably being cases in which the diagnosis was simple and straightforward. In 1914 the corresponding figures were 909 specimens from 423 patients, or 5.2 per cent. of the total cases treated.

In addition, 152 specimens from 116 patients in the Board's asylums, and 108 specimens from other institutions under the Board, have been similarly examined.

(3) During 1915, 503 samples of blood taken from typhoid patients in the Board's fever hospitals have been examined for the determination of the agglutinative reaction upon the typhoid bacilli of the serum from these samples, with the object of corroborating or correcting the diagnosis of enteric fever (Widal's reaction). These specimens were derived from 427 patients.

Two samples of blood from 2 inmates of the Board's asylums and 2 samples from the war refuges were tested in a similar manner.

140 samples of blood have also been examined for their agglutinative reaction upon organisms allied to typhoid bacilli, viz., the members of the paratyphoid group.

(4) Of fæces 88 samples, and of urine 83 samples, from 31 cases in the Board's hospitals were examined for the presence of typhoid bacilli, and 172 samples of fæces and 170 samples of urine from 93 cases were similarly examined for the Brook War Hospital.

(5) Of sputum, 5,484 samples were examined microscopically for the presence of tubercle bacilli. These specimens were derived from patients in the Downs Sanatorium, Northern Hospital, Queen Mary's Hospital, and St. George's Home. In addition, 8 specimens from cases suspected to be suffering from tuberculosis have been examined for various institutions under the Board.

(6) Of cerebro-spinal fluid from cases suspected to be suffering from cerebro-spinal meningitis, 160 samples were submitted for examination during the year.

(7) Other samples (10 in number) were received at the laboratories and there examined with the object of separating and, if possible, identifying the organisms present. In 3 cases standardized vaccines designed for use in the treatment of these cases were prepared from the bacteria isolated from the material submitted for examination, and in 32 cases vaccines prepared from organisms, cultures of which are maintained at the laboratory, were supplied.

(8) Two examples of excreta were examined for the presence of the dysentery bacillus, and two examinations for the gonococcus have been carried out.

(9) Fourteen specimens have been examined for the Wassermann reaction.

(10) The water supplies of certain of the Board's institutions have been kept under observation during the past year, 27 samples of potable water taken from 5 institutions being brought under examination.

(11) The sterilizing plant at Leavesden Asylum has been tested three times during the year.

(12) Outfits necessary for diagnostic work and a large quantity of various culture media and tuberculin dilutions were supplied to the Board's institutions.

Tables XXXII., XXXIII. and XXXIV. give the usual details of the work.

Pathological 33. In November, 1912, the Hospitals Committee Laboratories. presented a report to the Board in which they reminded the Managers that since 1870 the total number of admissions to the Board's fever hospitals exceeded half a million. and that the number of deaths since that date was 40,000; that fifteen million pounds had been expended in providing and administering the fever hospitals, but that no practical step had yet been taken by the Board with a view to ascertaining the cause of the diseases treated in those hospitals. The Board thereupon decided to appoint a trained bacteriologist, whose duty it should be to enquire into the causation, infectivity, prevention, and treatment of zymotic diseases. It was subsequently decided that the gentleman to be appointed should be called the research pathologist, and on the 3 May, 1913, the Board appointed Dr. William Mair to the office. Dr. Mair does his work in the Lister Institute in which the Board has acquired suitable accommodation. At the end of 1914 he prepared a preliminary report of his work, which appeared in the "Journal of Pathology and Bacteriology" for January, 1915, p. 433.

VI. THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT AND ITS WORK.

34. The Board was first formed in 1867, and each Board is elected for three years. The number of members was originally 60, but is now 73. A list of the present members, with their addresses and the unions and parishes they represent, is given in Table II.

The Managers have suffered the loss by death of three of their number during the year. Miss Rendel, who for five years was one of the representatives of St. Pancras, and Captain St. Vincent Nepean, R.N., who for more than five years was one of the members nominated by the Local Government Board. The loss of Mr. Walter Dennis, a former chairman of the Board, was referred to in the last report.

The work of the Board is very varied. The statutes governing the proceedings and a general description of the work are noted in No. 1. of the appendices and tables, while No. 111. gives certain details of each of the institutions controlled by the Board. 35. Most of the work of the Board is done by committees and their sub-committees, of which the following is a list :--

General Purposes Committee, a committee of the whole Board, to whom are referred all questions of policy and all questions affecting the Board's work as a whole. This committee has 4 sub-committees.

Finance Committee (12 members), whose duties are sufficiently indicated by its name.

Hospitals Committee (36 members), who manage the infectious hospitals, a list of which is included in Table III. This committee works through 14 sub-committees.

Asylums Committee (30 members), who manage the imbecile asylums. A list of these institutions is included in the same table. This committee has 6 sub-committees.

Children's Committee (36 members), who manage the hospitals, schools and homes for sick children, a list of which is given in the same table. This committee has 8 sub-committees.

Sanatorium Committee (9 members), to manage the sanatoria mentioned in the same table.

Works Committee (16 members), who supervise the work indicated in paragraph 30. One sub-committee.

Contract Committee (18 members), who control the work indicated in paragraph 31. One sub-committee.

Ambulance Committee (12 members), who control the land ambulance service, a note of which will be found in paragraphs 27 and 28.

Training Ship Exmouth Committee (12 members), who manage the training ship. Some details of their work are given in paragraph 25. Three subcommittees.

Casual Wards Committee (9 members), who control the casual wards. Some details of the work are given in paragraph 26.

Statistical Committee (12 members), whose principal function is to supervise the issue of the annual report of the Board, of which this is the eighteenth consecutive issue, but which, as already explained, appears this year in a much diminished form.

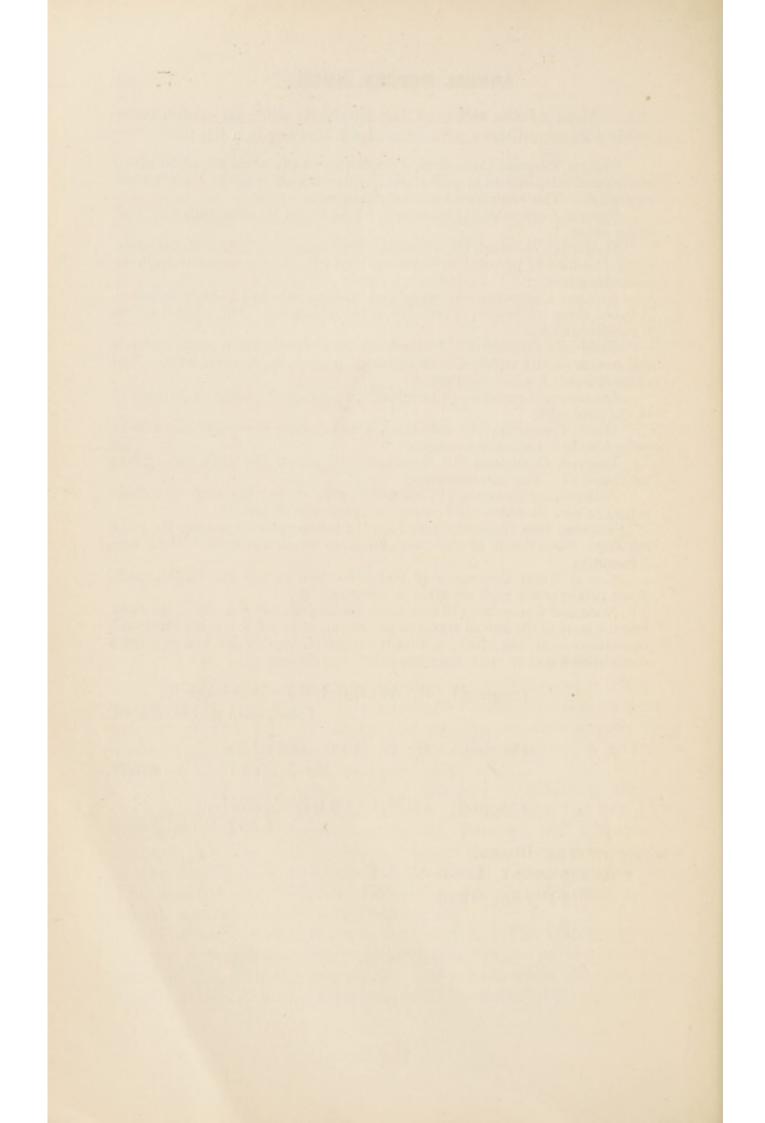
(Signed) R. WOOLLEY WALDEN, Chairman of the Board.

(Signed) E. C. BOUSFIELD, Chairman of the Statistical Committee.

(Signed) DUNCOMBE MANN, Clerk to the Board.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD,

EMBANKMENT, LONDON, E.C. 14 June, 1916.



APPENDICES AND TABLES.



APPENDICES AND TABLES.

I.

CONSTITUTION AND DUTIES OF THE METROPOLITAN ASYLUMS BOARD.

CONSTITUTION.

The Metropolitan Asylums Board was established by an Order of the Poor Law Board, dated 15 May, 1867, pursuant to the provisions of the Metropolitan Poor Act, 1867 (30 & 31 Vic., c. 6). This Act empowered the Poor Law Board to combine into districts the unions and parishes of the metropolis as they should think fit, for the purpose of establishing "asylums" for the reception and relief of the sick, insane or infirm, or other class or classes of the poor, and to issue Orders controlling the action of the Managers of any such district.

The Metropolitan Asylum District embraces all the unions and parishes in London, and the Board deal with those matters which it is considered can best be transacted by a central authority for the whole of the metropolis rather than by each separate board of guardians acting locally. The Poor Law Board and their successors, the Local Government Board, have from time to time issued Orders for the direction and guidance of the Metropolitan Asylums Board.

The Board is composed of 73 members, 55 being elected by the metropolitan boards of guardians and 18 nominated by the Local Government Board.

DUTIES.

(i.) Infectious diseases.

The first Order already referred to, dated 15 May, 1867, constituted the Board

for the reception and relief of the classes of poor persons chargeable to some union or parish in the said district respectively, who may be infected with, or suffering from, fever, or the disease of smallpox, or may be insane.

The Diseases Prevention (London) Act, 1883 [46 & 47 Vic., c. 35], removed the civil disabilities which had till then been attached to admission into the Board's hospitals. In 1888 the Board was authorised to admit diphtheria patients, and by the Poor Law Act, 1889 [52 & 53 Vic., c. 56], they were empowered to admit nonpauper cases of fever, diphtheria, and smallpox.

These provisions with regard to the removal and reception of fever, diphtheria, and smallpox patients were subsequently incorporated in the Public Health (London) Act, 1891 [54 & 55 Vic., c. 76].

By Order dated 18 February, 1911, the Local Government Board sanctioned the admission to any of the infectious hospitals of poor persons suffering from such infectious or contagious diseases other than those above mentioned as they might thereafter determine. On 22 February, 1912, the Board sanctioned the admission of poor children suffering from measles or whooping cough received through the metropolitan poor law authorities, while by further Orders, dated 30 May, 1911, and 9 August, 1912, issued pursuant to the provisions of the Public Health (London) Act, 1891, sec. 80, the Local Government Board sanctioned the admission, subject to certain restrictions, of non-pauper cases of measles and whooping cough respectively.

On 2 July, 1912, the Local Government Board (under their Order of 18 February, 1911) authorised the Managers to receive into their infectious hospitals poor persons suffering from puerperal fever through the poor law authorities, and by Order dated 20 August, 1912, prescribed that, subject to certain restrictions, non-pauper cases should also be admitted.

Provision is made at the infectious hospitals for the instruction of medical students and of candidates for the diploma of public health. Provision is also made for research work into the causation of infectious disease.

The Board receives from the several medical officers of health notifications of infectious disease occurring in the metropolis, and publishes information relating thereto. [Infectious Disease (Notification) Act, 1889 (52 & 53 Vic., e. 72), and Public Health (London) Act, 1891 (51 & 55 Vic., e. 76), s. 55, s.s. (4).]

(ii.) Sanatoria and hospitals for tuberculous patients.

The Board has entered into arrangements under which it provides accommodation for tuberculous patients in the county of London as required by the Insurance Committee for the county [National Insurance Acts, 1911 to 1913, 1 & 2 Geo. 5, c. 55, and 3 & 4 Geo. 5, e. 37]. Accommodation for non-insured persons is also provided, the cost being borne partly by the Government and partly by the Board.

(iii.) Ambulance service.

By the Poor Law Act, 1879 [42 & 43 Vic., e. 54, s. 16], superseded by sec. 79 of the Public Health (London) Act, 1891, the Board was empowered to provide an ambulance service for the removal of patients.

(iv.) The mentally defective.

The Local Government Board Order, dated 15 May, 1867, included the "insane" amongst the classes of poor for whose reception and relief the Board was constituted.

A further Order, dated 18 May, 1875, defined the persons to be admitted into the Board's imbecile asylums as

such harmless persons of the chronic or imbecile class as could be lawfully retained in a workhouse; but no dangerous or curable persons such as would under the statutes in that behalf require to be sent to a lunatic asylum shall be admitted.

A Local Government Board Order, dated 2 April, 1897, included feeble-minded children amongst the classes of poor persons to be received by the Board, and authority was subsequently given for the retention of these cases after 16 years of age. The provisions in this behalf are now incorporated in an Order dated 29 December, 1911, and called the Metropolitan Asylums (Mentally Defective Persons) Order, 1911, which defines the mentally defective persons to be received as

persons not certified as lunatics, who by reason of mental defect are incapable of receiving proper benefit from ordinary instruction, or cannot be properly trained in association with other persons in ordinary schools or institutions, or are incapable of using ordinary means or precautions for protecting themselves from injury or improper usage or treatment, or are incapable of maintaining themselves by work; provided that any such poor person on admission into an asylum belonging to the Metropolitan Asylum Managers shall not exceed 21 years of age.

(v.) Boys for training.

The provision of a training ship for the training of boys for sea service was sanctioned by the Local Government Board in 1875, under the terms of the Metropolitan Poor Amendment Act, 1869 [32 & 33 Vie., c. 63, s. 11.]

(vi.) Sick children.

By Orders of the Local Government Board, dated 2 April, 1897, and 11 September, 1908, the Board was constituted as the central metropolitan authority for dealing with various classes of poor law children, the sick and convalescent, those suffering from ophthalmia and ringworm and the mentally defective (see above). Under the first of these Orders the Board also provided for juvenile offenders from 1902 to 1910, when this branch of work was transferred to the London County Council.

(vii.) Casual poor.

On 10 November, 1911, the Local Government Board issued the Metropolitan Casual Paupers Order, 1911, forming a district conterminous with the existing Metropolitan Asylum district for the relief of the casual poor of the metropolis. The Order also provided under section 10 of the Pauper Inmates Discharge and Regulation Act, 1871 [34 & 35 Vie., c. 108], that the Managers of the Metropolitan Asylum district should be the Managers of the new district. Prior to the issue of this Order, every metropolitan board of guardians was required by the Metropolitan Houseless Poor Act, 1864 [27 & 28 Vie., c. 116], to provide casual wards for "destitute wayfarers and foundlings."

As contemplated in the Casual Paupers Order, the Local Government Board on 28 March, 1912, issued the Metropolitan Casual Wards (Transfer) Order, 1912, transferring to the Managers on terms prescribed therein those of ' the casual wards provided under the Act quoted, which it was proposed to continue.

The effect of these two Orders was to centralise the control under the Board, from 1 April, 1912, of most of the casual wards administered prior to that date by the separate boards of guardians.

In connection with the casual wards the Board has undertaken the management of a scheme for dealing, in co-operation with the police and voluntary agencies, with the homeless poor at night.

(viii.) Summary of duties.

The work of the Board now includes the administration of the following institutions, the accommodation and other particulars of which are shown in Table III-:--

Infectious diseases—fourteen hospitals (part of one used as a sanatorium for tuberculous patients) for smallpox, scarlet fever, diphtheria, enteric (or typhoid) fever, typhus fever, measles, whooping cough and puerperal fever (with arrangements for dealing with plague and cholera); and bacteriological establishments.

Sanatoria for tuberculous patients (National Insurance Act, 1911-1913)—two institutions and part of another.

- Mentally defective—four asylums for imbeciles, including infirmary for aged patients, two industrial colonies for improvable imbeciles and feeble-minded.
- Sick children—one hospital for sick children, three seaside sanatoria and homes, one home for ringworm and other skin diseases, and two ophthalmia schools.

Boys—a training ship Exmouth I. and its tender Exmouth II.

- Casual poor-eighteen (11 closed) casual wards for homeless poor; homeless poor night office.
- Ambulance service—seven ambulance stations, three riverside wharves, with motor ambulances and ambulance steamers—150 staff.
- Central stores—for reception of goods and their distribution to the various institutions.

TABLE II.

List of members of the Board at the close of the year 1915.

MANAGERS ELECTED BY THE SEVERAL METROPOLITAN BOARDS OF GUARDIANS.

UNION OF. PARISH.	NAME OF MANAGER.	Address.
	Crosse, T. Warren Benson, C. J Doughty, Rev. Geo. Bell Spaul, H. B Turner, Benjamin Wilkinson, Cuthbert Heilbuth, Geo. H	 Burghill Road, Sydenham, S.E. "Clovelly," Devonshire Road, Forest Hill, S.E. East Dulwich Road, S.E. Southampton Street, Camberwell, S.E. Cresswell Gardens, South Kensington, S.W. Camomile Street, E.C. Westbourne Gardens, W. "Hallingbourne," 5. Halesworth Road, Lewisham, S.E. Lordship Road, Stoke Newington, N. Mitre Court, Fleet Street, E.C. Walbrook, E.C.
	Hillersdon, Rev. F. Harcourt, J.P., M.A. (Chairman, General Purposes Committee) Smith, William	88, Cambridge Street, S.W.
Fulham"	Thomson, H. Lyon, J.P. Walden, R. Woolley, J.P. (<i>Chairman of the Board</i>) Winch, Henry . Botterill, Charles (<i>Vise-Chair</i> -	 34, St. James' Street, S.W. "Bella Vista," Upper Warlingham Members' Mansions, 36, Victoria Street, S.W. St. Botolph's, Fulham Palace Road, Fulham, S.W.
Greenwich Hackney Hammersmith Hampstead		Troutbeck House, 39, Troutbeck Road, New Cross, S.E. 67, Clifden Road, Lower Clapton, N.E. 102, Downs Park Road, Hackney Downs, N.E. 3, Girdler's Road, West Kensington, W. "Palaspai," Daleham Gardens, Hampstead, N.W.
Holborn " Islington	Garrity, Edward, F.J.I. Mount-Somerby, Herbert S Smith, Col. William R., J.P., D.L., M.D. Andrews, W. H.	Accrington House, 70, Winston Road, Green Lanes, N. 35, Great Ormond Street, W.C. 37, Russell Square, W.C. 4, Highbury Gardens, Highbury Crescent, W.
Kensington Lambeth	Fleming, Sir Francis, K.C.M.G. Webb, Col. R. F., J.P., D.L. Wilde, Miss M. J. Clark, Arthur Thimm, Captain F. K. B.N.P.	 Whitehall Park, Archway Road, N. Tower House, 17. Cromartie Road, Hornsey Rise, N. Sydney Place, South Kensington, S.W. West Cromwell Road, South Kensington, S.W. Lexham Gardens, W. "Lynton," Crane's Park, Surbiton Court Road, West Norwood, S.E.
Lewisham Mile End Old Town	West, F. H Baxter, H. A	 24, Haycroft Road, Brixton Hill, S.W. "Kildare," Forest Hill, S.E. 83, Clark Street, Stepney, E.
Poplar St. George's-in- the-East	Graham, Henry	 Winchester Avenue, Brondesbury Park, N.W. Harrow Road, W. Mark's Vicarage, Victoria Park, N.E. Commercial Road, E.
St. Marylebone	Browne, Elliott S., L.R.C.S.I., L.R.C.P.I.	 9. York Terrace, Regent's Park, N.W. 146, Gt. Portland Street, W. 14, St. John's Wood Park, N.W.
St. Paneras	Oakley, Miss F. C. E	 14, St. John's Wood Park, N.W. 82, Judd Street, N.W. 1, Guilford Street, W.C. 14, Albert Terrace. Regent's Park, N.W. Hastings Villa, Richmond Road, Dalston, N.E. "Ingleside," 32, Dornton Road, Balham, S.W.
Stepney Wandsworth	Devereux, J. O	20, Nelson Square, Blackfriars Road, S.E. 636, Commercial Road East, E. 67, Erpingham Road, Putney, S.W. Burwood House, Unner Tooting, S.W.
Whitechapel Woolwich	Bailey, William Imrie, Andrew	"Sunnydene," 3, St. Nicholas Road, Balham, S.W. "Harefield," Romford, Essex 60, Heavitree Road, Plumstead, S.E.

MANAGERS NOMINATED BY THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD.

NAME OF MANAGER.		Address.
of the Board)	 rman	 6, De Crespigny Park, Denmark Hill, S.E, 91, Victoria Street, Westminster, S.W. 29, Cadogan Square, S.W. 28, Colehill Gardens, Fulham, S.W. 14, Upper Street, Islington, N. 3, Onslow Houses, S.W. "Hawarden," 41, Chestnut Road West Norwood, S.E. 23, Montagu Square, W. 8, Warwick Square, S.W. Clitton House, Greenwich Park, S.E. 4, Cheyne Walk, Chelsea, S.W. 38, Hurlingham Court, S.W. Ranyard House, 25, Russell Square, W.C. 55, Oakley Street, Chelsea, S.W. 8, Primrose Mansions, Battersea Park, S.W. 8t. George's Cathedral House, Southwark, S.E.
Shaw, Lauriston E., M.D		64, Harley Street, W.

TABLE III .- List of the institutions

No.	Name of institution.	Where situated.						
İ		(The second sec						
1	Central stores	Soloman's Passage, Peckham Rye, S.E						
2	Bacteriological establishments	Sutton, Surrey						
	infectious hospitals. Eastern Hospital	Homerton Grove, N.E						
3 4	Eastern Hospital Fever North-Eastern Hospital	S. Ann's Road, South Tottenham, N						
5	North-Western ,,	Lawn Road, Hampstead, N.W						
6	Western ,, ,,	Seagrave Road, Fulham, S.W						
7	South-Western ", "	Landor Road, Stockwell, S.W.						
8	Grove ", "	Tooting Grove, Tooting Graveney, S.W Avonley Road, New Cross, S.E						
9	South-Eastern ,, ,,	THE A T IL AD						
10	Park ,, ,,	Hither Green, Lewisham, S.E.						
	*Brook ,, ,,	Shooters Hill, Woolwich, S.E						
11 12	Northern (part of) ,, ,,	Winchmore Hill, N						
13 {	Southern Upper " ")	Dartford, Kent						
10 1	* " Lower " " J . (Joyce Green " Fever or smallpox							
14	of Joyce Green " Fever or smallpox	,, ,,						
	Long Reach Pier Buildings Smallpox Long Reach Hospital							
15 (Long Reach Pier Buildings Smallpox	,, ,, }						
15 {	Long Reach Hospital							
16	(Orchard Hospital Fever of sinanpox							
6	Sanatoria. Northern Hospital (part of)	Winchmore Hill, N						
17 {	Downs Sanatorium	Sutton, Surrey						
18	St. George's Home	Milman's Street, Chelsea, S.W						
	Imbecile asylums.							
19	Tooting Bec Asylum and Children's Re-)	Tooting, S.W						
	ceiving Home J	King's Langley, Herts						
20 21	Leavesden Asylum Caterham "	Caterham, Surrey						
22	Fountain (temporary) Asylum	Tooting Graveney, S.W						
	1 ouncum (component) / saugenese .							
23	Belmont Asylum	Sutton, Surrey						
24	Edmonton ,,	Silver Street, Edmonton						
	Industrial colonies. Darenth—(i.) Imbeciles)	1						
25	Darenth-(1.) Imbeciles	Dartford, Kent						
-	(ii.) Feeble-minded]						
26	Bridge-Feeble-minded	Witham, Essex						
20	Druge-reene-minded							
	Techning ship fumouth i	Moored off Grays, Essex						
27 {	Training ship Exmouth +	Grays, Essex						
)	Exmouth II	", " and cruising						
	Homes and schools for children.							
28	Queen Mary's Hospital for sick children	Carshalton, Surrey						
29	The Children's Home ,,	Hanwell, W						
90	The Children's Infirmary	Cleveland Street, W						
30 31	S. Anne's Home	Hame Dam Vant						
31	East Cliff House ,,	Margate, Kent						
33	Millfield ,,	Rustington, near Littlehampton						
34	Goldie Leigh Homes, for skin diseases	Abbey Wood, S.E						
35	White Oak School, for ophthalmia	Swanley Junction, Kent						
36	High Wood ,, ., Casual wards.	Brentwood, Essex						
7 to 54	18 wards	Various parts of the metropolis						
	Ambulance stations							
55	Eastern Ambulance Station	Brooksby's Walk, Homerton, N.E						
56	North-Western ",	Lawn Road, Hampstead, N.W.						
57	Western .,	Seagrave Road, Fulham, S.W						
58 59	South-Western ", South-Eastern "	New Cross Road, S.E.						
60	Brook ,,	Shooters Hill, Kent						
61	Mead ,, (motor workshop)							
62	Wharves, piers, and steamers.							
and the second	North Wharf	Managers' Street, Blackwall, E						
63	South "	Carnwath Road, Fulham, S.W.						
64	West ",	Carnwath Road, Fulliam, S.W.						
	Five ambulance steamers							

* Temporarily occupied by the army medical authorities. † The present training ship Exmouth was built for the Board in 1905.

33

of the Board.

-	of the 1	30070.							_	_								
	No.	Date of opening.					Acreage.						Accommodation.					
															Total number of beda,	speci (iso sep	of neds: ial ward dation, aration arge, &	s bods in ordinary
	1	September, 1908																
	2	May, 1907		••			2	a. 1	2 г.	. 0	p.	• • •	• •	• • •			•••	
	3	1 February, 1871					9	a.							375		67	308
	4	8 October, 1892													623		149	474
	5 6	25 January, 1870 10 March, 1877		•••	•••		12					•••			464 456		100	364
	7	31 January, 1871													347		54 77	402 270
	8	17 August, 1899					22 :	a. 3	3 r.	. 3	p.				537		121	416
	9		cohenen a	CARE NO.	194.05						-	•••	••	• • •	496		72	424
	10	8 November, 1897	Used for valescent Nov., 191	CARTINEL	AN From		19							•••	548		132	416
	$\frac{11}{12}$	31 August, 1896 25 September, 1887	••	•••			$\frac{29}{35}$							•••	580 475		104 85	476 390
	13 {	October, 1890				ï					-				922		166	756
	1	Erected 1902				1	160							1	610		42	568
	14	28 December, 1903		•••	••		254	a. 1	r.	18	p.	•••	•••	•••	940		184	756
															7,373		,353	6,020
	15	27 February, 1902					24	a. () r.	37	p.			1		50- 300	beds.	
	16	Erected spring, 190	2	•••			63	a. () r.	18	p.	•••				800	"	1 150
		(see above)								oov						230	,,	1,150
	17 18	26 February, 1903		•••			19	a. 1	r.	. 24	p.		••	•••		360	,,	
	10	14 May, 1914		•••				•								50	"	640
	19	19 January, 1903					28	a. 3	3 r.	18	p.	(ii	neluding Bus Down)	høy	‡1,	,114	,,	
	20	October, 1870					143				122					195	,,	
	21 22	", 1893 (Used)	 is a fever	 hospit	al until		154 : 10 :									,109 666	" "	
		1911, tives	then as h during pa	ome fa	or defee-													
	23 24	Purchased 1902 1914					93 : 10 -		2	•••								Grdns. efugees.
		,, 1914													e seu			Berry
	25	November, 1878					164	a. 1	l r.	. 0	p.				1,	668	beds	
	111111														1	630		7,752
	26		anth 1906, 1	then a	8 (IL /homae)		7	a. 1	r.	. 0	p.	•••	••	• •		210	"" ""	
			for defectia	er unt	st 1911)											700	boys.	840
	27 {	March, 1876 August, 1905	•••				6	à. 2	2 r.	13	р.						beds.	
	(July, 1913														80	boys	
	28	20 Tennery 1000					136	. (0	n					850	beds.	814
	29	29 January, 1909 January, 1916 (tran	sferred	to	Asy-		10									300	**	
		lums Board tem	porarily	7)												950		
	30 31	To be opened in Ap 26 December, 1897	oril, 191							out						$250 \\ 134$	**	
	32	26 June, 1898								20						130	,,	
	33	6 April, 1904									p.	••		•••		120	**	
	34 35	1 November, 1914	•••	•••			32 : 49 :			10	n	•••		•••		300 360	**	
	30 36	20 March, 1903 26 July, 1904					28				P.	::				360	,,	0.000
	274051														1	253	beds.	2,804
	37 to 54	Transferred to the A 1 April, 1912.	sylums	Doal	ru,									•••	1,			
	55 56	20 June, 1885		•••) 7	he	ree	19	of	the	-	ites are	in.			:	
	56 57	1 September, 1897 9 July, 1884				1							he adjoini					
	58	2 May, 1898				1						bov						
	59	1 October, 1883		•••		1										•		•••
	60 61	18 August, 1896 April, 1902				On	par	to	f tl	he	We	st W	Vharf site				:	
																0	hoda	
	62 63	Purchased January ,, Decembe			•••		1.000			0		::				9 24	beds.	
	64	" Februar								10								
	-	May, 1884, to Marc						•		•••		•••		•••		178	beds.	
					-						-							

.

Temporarily increased to 1,149.

TABLE IV.

Numbers and classification of the staff as on 1 June, 1916.

	Infectious hospitals and sanatoria.		Asyl	ums. Childre instituti and Exmou		ations id	tions and c		Head office.		Тот	AL.
MALES.	Per.	Tem.	Per.	Tem.	Per.	Tem.	Per.	Tem.	Per.	Tem.	Per.	Tem.
Principal officers	37	-	16	_	11	1	15	-	_	-	79	1
Medical and dental staff	43	17	10	6	28	5	10		1	-	92	28
Attendants and instructors	23	-	394	220	37	17	22		-	-	476	240
Clerical staff	32	25	24	13	20	4	12		75	18	163	68
Engineering staff	104	40	57	19	26	10	37	5	20	-	244	74
Motor drivers				-	-		70	3	- 5	-	70	3
Porters	169 41	154 24	45 53	27 17	26 16	28 14	12	4	0	-	257 110	213 55
Othona	57	24 38	123	25	32		38	16	- 8	- 1	258	96
Others			1.6.0							-		
TOTAL	506	298	722	327	196	95	216	39	109	19	1,7,49	778
FEMALES.												
Principal officers	14		5	-	9		-	-	-	-	28	-
Medical staff	13	6	() S	-	1	2	-		-	-	14	8
Nursing staff	1,676	39	515		228	10	6			-	2,425	70
Teaching staff	-	-	35	2	23	2			-	-	58	4
Motor drivers	107	- 0	-27	- 2	- 33	- 2		37		-	174	37
The second la second	746	2 78	75	12			40	- 5	-10	- 2	1.047	153
Needleroom staff	98	4	15				1	_ "		_ "	136	100
Laundry staff	208		67	ī	42		-			-	317	11
Clerical and telephone staff	14	16	-	4	2		8	1	16	24	40	48
TOTAL	2,876	151	739	-44	536	79	62	43	26	27	4,239	344
TOTAL MALE AND FEMALE											5,988	1,122
TOTAL 7.110												

TABLE V.

War refugees.

	No. r	eceived d	uring the	year.	No. remaining 31 December, 1915.						
	Men.	Women.	Children	Totals.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Totals.			
Earl's Court Edmonton Millfield House St. Anne's Home Hackney Wick St. Marylebone Alexandra Palace	21,998 1,899 843 7,513 119 118 40	3 195	302 371 1 237 54	46,187 2,367 1,514 7,517 551 221 117		292 143 3 - 1 -		1,074 463 178 			
Totals	32,530	12,744	13,200	58,474	658	439	624	1,721			

The total number admitted from the commencement exceeded 67,000.

TABLE VI.

Summary of the main financial statistics of the district.

NOTE.-Unless otherwise stated the following statistics relate to the financial year ended 30 September, 1915.

- The Metropolitan Asylum district is coterminous with that of the metropolitan unions and parishes, *i.e.*, the Metropolis, excluding the Inns of Court (Inner and Middle Temples, Gray's Inn and Lincoln's Inn), which during the continuance of certain payments are extra parochial.
- The population of the district, as estimated by the Registrar-General at the middle of 1915, was 4,310,030.
- The rateable value of the district was £45,246,964 on the 6 April, 1915, being an increase of £221,643 (0.16 per cent.) during the year then ending.
- The produce of **one penny in the** £ on the rateable value of the district at 30 September, 1915, represents £187,604.
- The precepts levied by the Managers on the constituent parishes and unions of the district for the year work out at 7d. in the £, and the average for the past five years was 5.9d. in the £.
- The total expenditure for the year was £1,439,750 (Loan £104,933, and General £1,334,817), and the average for the past five years £1,197,717 (Loan £34,388, and General £1,163,329).
- The expenditure on general account for the year was £1,334,817, as against the year's income of £1,411,147.
- The **rateable value** of the property occupied by the Board is £176,503, and the amount of the **rates paid** last year was £58,788, of which £31,202 was paid to metropolitan authorities, and £27,586 to provincial authorities.
- The borrowing powers are limited to one-fifth of the rateable value of the district.

The sanctions to borrow received during the year amounted to £60,000.

- The amount borrowed during the year was £140,650. The total amount borrowed to 30 September, 1915, was £5,814,449. The amount repaid in the year was £228,542, making the total amount of loans discharged £4,015,306.
- The amount of loans outstanding at 30 September, 1915, was £1,799,143, and works out at £4 for every £100 of rateable value, and is £0.41 per head of the population of the district as estimated by the Registrar-General at the middle of 1915.
- The rates of interest on loans vary from £2 15s. 0d. per cent. to £4 5s. 0d. per cent. and the average rate of interest at 30 September, 1915, was 31 per cent.

The number of institutions under the control of the Managers is 64.

The average daily number of inmates maintained was in-

1911	 	 	 	 13,401
1912	 	 	 	 15,191
1913	 	 	 	 15,406
1914	 	 	 	 16 619
1915	 	 	 	 16,295

- The number of persons in receipt of superannuation allowances at the end of the year was 329, and the superannuation payments, excluding compensation, amounted to £15,012 for the year.
- The **percentage deductions** from the pay of the staff under the Poor Law and Asylum Officers' Superannuation Acts during the year amounted to **£8,508**, after allowing for contributions refunded.

'ear 1913- 1914.	EXPENDITURE.			
£	To direct charges:- Maintenance of inmates (including provisions, r	ecessaries.	£	£
162,591	clothing, and funerals)		183,725	
	Other direct charges (including clothing for discharge	ed inmates,		
	expenses of boys going to sea and of children to			
1,853	Homes, and certification of imbeciles)		1,849	
164,444				185,6
	Common charges :	£		
289,887	Maintenance of officers and servants— Salaries and wages (including allowances)	298,852		
1,233	Pay of employees with H.M. forces, less army	200,002		
1,400	pay and allowances	25,821		
91,577	Provisions	106,777		
2,022	Necessaries	2,041		
8,469	Uniforms and sundries	8,876		
393,188			442,367	
	Buildings and establishment—			
	WORKS			
26,913	Wages, £14,638; Contracts and materials, £13,568	28,206		
10,010		10,100		
5 201	GARDENING	5.000		
5,394	Wages, £4,655; Plants, seeds, &c., £427	5,082		
22.040	FURNITURE E			
22,819	Furniture and other articles 20,208 Bedding and linen 14,969			
16,659 2,777	12 . 41			
2,106	Hardware 2,732 Hardware 1,574			
44,361		39,483		
441001	HEATING, LIGHTING, AND CLEANSING-			
15,838	Wages of engineering staff 16,892			
78,925	Coal and coke 80,855			
00.105	Gas, electric light, water and			
36,405	other supplies 37,186	101 000		
131,168		134,933		
207,836			207,704	
67,857	Rates, rent, taxes and insurance		70,981	
11,843	Medicines and medical and surgical appliances		11,330	
	Miscellaneous expenses			
9,216	Printing, stationery, postage and office expenses	8,853		
	Other charges-running expenses of ambulance			
	vehicles and travelling, Managers' and sundry ex-			
10 0.00	penses (including Managers' contributions under the National Insurance Act, 1911, £1,692)	17,315		
16,827	the National Insurance Act, 1811, 21,982)	11,010	26,168	
26,043	Quadra general evanages		20,100	
217,248	Sundry general expenses — Repayment of loans	228,542		
67,907	Interest on loans	64,093		
21,492	Law expenses, pensions, notification fees, &c	21,769		
306,647	Transfer and transfer and the set		314,404	
1,013,414			1,072,954	
	Deduct-		a state of state of the	
7,108	Balances on industrial, &c., accounts	10,015		
	Services of nurses engaged in ambulance			
6,679	work and fees for hire of ambulances	7,537		
13,187			17,552	
10,101				
1,000,227			1,055,402	
	Expenditure of a special character-			
66,997	Buildings-contract and non-contract	50,918		
6,211	Furniture, &c	42,923		
73,208			09.847	
13,208			93,841	
1 070 405				1,149
1,013,435				1,334
1,073,435				1,004,
1,237,879	not total experiatente			76
and the second se	Balance carried down, being income in excess of expendit			76, £1,411,

.

£160,376

36

for year ended 30 September, 1915.

INCOME. y contributions from parishes and unions in the district : In respect of Direct charges ,, Common charges (on rateable value)	£ 148,400 1,169,897	£	Year 1913- 1914. £ 138,100 982,860
		1,318,297	1,120,960
Amounts from extra metropolitan and other authorities-	07.500	-	
For maintenance of patients in hospitals and schools	21,798		10,148
,, boys on Exmouth	7,504		7,535
,, patients in sanatoria	40,956	-	37,888
		70,258	55,571
Interest on balances in hands of bankers, &c		5,124	3,355
Sundry receipts :			
Rents of buildings and land (net)	5,938		5,413
Sale of ambulance vehicles and sundry receipts	383	1000	1,287
Value of furniture and other stocks brought into account			
during year	2,639		1,436
Superannuation contributions	8,508		8,113
		17,468	16,249
Total income		1,411,147	1,196,135
Balance carried down, being expenditure in excess of income for year			41,744

1913—1	914.	a service and a strength of the	1914-19	15.
Amount.	Rate in the £	and and the internation	Amount,	Rate in the £
£	d.	Technolles and fachle minded	£	d.
248,588	1.32	Imbeciles and feeble-minded Infectious sick	239,878	1.28
427,413	2.28	{ Fever } Smallpox } Ambulance service—	514,687	2.73
26,379	0.14	Land	36,664	0.19
8,648	0.02	River (including wharves)	9,932	0.02
25,492	0.14	Boys on training ship	20,190	0.11
122,074	0.62	Children of various classes	100,326	0.23
23,725	0.13	Casual poor General expenses (including repay- ment of and interest on loans, printing, &c., and head office	18,609	0-10
333,120	1.77	salaries and expenses) The Downs and St. George's Home	363,910	1-93
22,440	0.15	Sanatoria	30,621	0.16
£1,237,879	6.60		£1,334,817	7.08
75,175	0.40	Less	92,850	•49
£1,162,704	6-20	Net Expenditure	£1,241,967	6.5 9

By Balance brought down, being income in excess of expenditure for year By Balance on current account on 1 October, 1914, brought forward

£1,411,147 £1,237,879

...

£76,330 84,046

37

Cr

£160,376

LIABILI	TIES.				
LOAN ACC					
Loans				e	e
Loans outstanding 30 September, 1914 Loans received during the year	:: :	: ::		£ , 1,887,035 , 140,650	£
Less instalments of loans repaid during year				2,027,685	
oans outstanding 30 September, 1915					1,799,143
Public Works Loan Commissioners			£1,678,95 80,23	1 6	-,,
Other mortgagees		• ••	39,93 £1,799,14	_	
Balanc	A.				
nstalments repaid				. 4,015,306	
expenditure paid out of current account, and sundry recei	pts .	• ••		. 428,710	4,444,016
Tota	l on Loan	Account	t	£6	,243,159
GENERAL AC	COUNT.				
Suspense Adjustm				£	
Amounts due from other authorities for maintenance inmates, to be credited to parishes and unions when		nent of		9,117	
Sundry Cred					
				101,290	
Legacie	s.		£		
aptain Brown's legacy to the Training Ship (£119), less le	gal expense	s	115		
Villiam Thomas Farguson's legacy to the Homerton Small and accumulated income (£68) with unapplied inter	pox Hospita rest (£8)	d (£100),	176		
leorge Dryden's legacy to the Stockwell Smallpox Hospits	I, and inte	rest (£5)	119		
unapplied, less books purchased for hospital ships leorge Cook's legacy to Darenth Asylum (£100), and inter	est (£3) un	applied,	76		
less legal expenses . Irs. M. E. Bates' legacy to the Eastern Hospital (£100), and inte	rest (£5)			
unapplied, less books purchased	ncome (£20		99		
unapplied interest (£374) Irs. A. Charlton's legacy (£200) and accumulated	income (f	2) with	7,638		
unapplied interest (£11)		· · · ·	213	0.400	
Students' Fees for Cl	inical Inst	truction.		8,436	
		In Year to			
mounts received from students	30 Sept., 1914.	30 Sept., 1915.	30 Sept., 1915.		
Less amounts paid to medical superintendents for	£24,733	£1,010	£25,743		
clinical instruction	15,267	736	16,003		
	£9,466	274	9,740		
Less					
Amount transferred in reduction of outlay as estim provision of buildings for instruction (Park Hosp	ital, £1,75	0,			
and Grove Hospital, £750)	cteriologic	. £2,500 al			
laboratories		. 5,000			
Amount of out-of-pocket expenses on reproduct "The Diagnosis of Smallpox"		к, 143			
			7,643	2,097	
Balance on Curre		nt.			
Net balance in favour of parishes and unions in the distric		•••		160,376	
Total on Cer		ount		-	281,310
Owand	Total			£f	,524,475

 \star In addition to these figures, large amounts of expenditure of a capital nature

at 30 September, 1915.

PROPERTY ASSETS AND CAPITAL OUTLAY.

LOAN ACCOUNT.	LO	AN	AC	CO	UNT.	
---------------	----	----	----	----	------	--

Capital Outlay.

Land, buildings, fittings, and furniture (origi	nal cos	t)		 	 	* 6	£ ,207,433
		CASH					
London County and Westminster Banking (Compar	ny, Lin	nited-			£	
Balance in their hands				 	 	35,778	
Less unpresented cheques				 	 	52	
							35,726

	Tot	al on	Loan A	ccou	nt.		£6,243,159
GENER	RAL AC	COUR	ЯΤ.				
	Stock.						
Goods at central stores and at the various institut	tions, ind	luding	g unused	railw	ay tick	ets	£
and postage stamps							153,489
	dry Deb	tors.					
Other authorities and sundry debtors		•••		•••		•••	28,627
Legacies (In	vestme	nt Ac	counts)				
Brown's legacy-£104 14s., 31 per cent. stock,	London	Coun	ty Cour	ncil	£		
(Metropolitan Board of Works) (at cost)					115		
Farguson's legacy-£173 17s. 2d., consols (at cost)					168		
Dryden's legacy-£124 3s., consols (at cost)					114		
Cook's legacy-£75 18s. 4d., consols (at cost)					73		
Bates' legacy-£100, 3 per cent. stock, London Co	unty Cou	incil (a	at cost)		94		
Charlton's legacy-£277 18s., 21 per cent. stock	c, Corpor	ration	of Lone	don			
(at cost)	•••			•••	202		
Johnson's legacy-£9,984 3s. 9d., 21 per cent. sto	ck, Corpo	oration	n of Lon	don			
(at cost)		•••		•••	7,264		8,030
							0,000
	Cash.						
London County and Westminster Banking Company	v, Limite	d—	£		£		
Balances in their hands			116,51	1			
Less unpresented cheques			32,30				
aces an presented energies				-			

	84,210		
Cheques drawn in advance for payments for ensuing year	3,839		
		88,049	
Accounting officers-balances in their hands		3,121	
			91,170

Total on Ceneral Account	 	281,316
Grand Total	 	£6,524,475

exceeding £500,000 have from time to time been defrayed out of the current rates.

Treasurer and Accountant to the Board.

	ANNUAL	REPOR
N.	1,010 838 936 1,228 1,162 1,162 719 719	2,023 2,774 378 1,649 311 311
	175	63 63 63 63

TABLE IN.-Cases of infectious diseases notified, and deaths therefrom, in London in 1915.

			ANNUAL REPORT, 1915.						
		ACTIFICAT OP GRAND TO	$\begin{array}{c} 1,010\\ 1,228\\ 1,228\\ 1,228\\ 1,162\\ 1,228\\ 1,629\\ 1,649\\ 1,649\\ 1,649\\ 1,649\\ 1,649\\ 1,649\\ 1,649\\ 1,649\\ 1,649\\ 1,648\\ 1,928\\ 1,560\\ 1,958\\ 1,928\\ 1,$						
-	RS.	.IATOT	250 1164 1175 1175 1175 1175 1104 1175 1104 1104 1104 1104 1104 1104 1104 110						
SS NO	NAGE	Chickenpox.	84 84 141 141 141 147 161 144 144 144 144 144 144 144	is in the					
NOTIFIABLE DISEASES NOT	E TO THE MA HOSPITALS.	Ophthalmia. neonatorum.	76 : 114 015 015 015 015 015 015 015 015 015 015						
A B	T OT	Hydrophobia.		te of	-				
TABI	BLB	Anthrax.		entag ugers	tific				
4LLO	1881	Glanders.		erce	e no				
N	WUV	Erysipelas.	2001 2012 2013 2014 2015		ly wer I.				
		Cholera.	SLSSES LESSES STL 2980 StsSSSL5311		tive				
		Annual rate per 1,000 persons living.	0117 0117 0117 0117 0117 0117 0117 0117		nd 307 cases respectivel 1,838 cases were notified				
		.ентана латоТ	200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200		ses we				
ILS.	DEATHS.	Enteric or typhoid fever.		3	307 -				
HOSPITALS.	DEA	DEA	DEA	DEA	DEA	Diphtheria (including membranous eroup).	00912991 801280 00 1000 80822 8011900 : 000	80.8	
MANAGERS'		Searlet fever.	111222001 000304 101 : 11100 0100080000 : 388	93-4	92, 1 ptem				
ANA		.xoqlinm2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		and led.				
THE M		per 1,000 per 1,000 persons living.	444 444 444 444 444 444 444 444 444 44		the year, and 92, were notified. August and Septer 5 notified.				
TO		TOTAL XOTIFICATIONS.	760 674 674 957 957 957 957 1,256 113 1,256 1,256 113 1,						
ADMISSIBLE			Poliomyelitis.			cich during 2,925 cases une, July, J 2 cases wer			
		Cerebro-spinal meningitis.	20 1 4928288 488 5558428 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	61 	Greenwich during year. 2,925 cases uring June, July, J ur. 172 cases wer				
ARE		Continued fever.	01		Gree year. uring				
NOTIFIABLE DISEASES WHICH	-SNOL	Puerperal fever.	110.00 110.00	39-9	Holborn, Lambeth and Green Paddington during the year. Poplar and Greenwich during Woolwich during the year.				
SES V	NOTIFICATIONS	Relapsing fever.		:	mbeti durin ireem				
ISEA	LLON	Typhus fever.		60-0	ton of du				
U III		Enterie or typhoid fever.	244 245 245 245 245 245 245 245		dding dding dar a olwie				
IVIA		Membranous Croup.	00 m 00 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :		Par Por Wo				
NOT		Diphtheria.	274 274 173 173 173 173 173 173 173 193 48 193 193 173 193 193 173 193 173 193 173 193 173 193 193 173 193 193 193 193 193 193 193 193 193 19	2-16	sease i				
		Scarlet fever.	$\begin{array}{c} +35\\ +27\\ +26\\ +27\\ +26\\ +26\\ +26\\ +26\\ +26\\ +26\\ +26\\ +41\\ +67\\ +67\\ +67\\ +67\\ +67\\ +67\\ +26\\ +28\\ +28\\ +28\\ +28\\ +28\\ +28\\ +28\\ +28$	and the second se	able di				
		.xoqliam2	:••::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::		notifi				
JC.	er acre	Population p	777 777 777 777 777 777 777 777 777 77		was a				
1	\$16I J	Population, est the middle o (revised estin	142,193 171,234 171,234 154,544 154,544 114,530 154,544 114,530 86,531 17,831 17,832 86,533 157,507 170,509 160,839 160,839 160,509 160,209 160,209 127,807 10	TEN'OTA'L	Whooping cough was a notifiable disease in Holborn, Lambeth and Measles Zymotic enteritis ", ", ", Poplar and Greenwich of ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", ", "				
		Borough in which the cases were resident.	clty of	notified to the title (un- mistakes	NOTEWhoopi Measless Zymotid				

ANNUAL REPORT. 1915

	A	NNUA	L RI	EPORT,	19	15.			41
TABLE X.	-Admis	sions, a		rges, and g 1915.	death	hs at j	ever ho	spital	8
		EAS	TERN		TAL.				
DISEASES.	Re- maining on 31 Dec., 1914.	Adm'd 191 Direct from homes.		Total under treatment during 1915.		during 15. To other Board hosps.	Died during 1915.	Mort. per cent.	Re- maining on 31 Dec., 1915.
Scarlet Diphtheria Diph. (bacteriol. only) Enteric Puerperal Measles Whooping cough Typhus Cerebro-spinal fever	$177 \\ 103 \\ 14 \\ 5 \\ 1 \\ 23 \\ 1 \\$	1,255 668 49 43 6 97 13 29	 	1,432 771 63 48 7 123 14 14 30	560 49 31 4 105 11	473 14 2 	25 79 2 9 2 18 1 20	$1.97 \\11.96 \\3.92 \\21.69 \\33.33 \\16.14 \\ \\100.00 \\67.90 \\$	148 118 10 8 1 3
Other diseases Totals	1 325 29 354	2,161 561 2,722	3	2,489 590 3,079	1,556 545 2,101	489	156 20 176	67·80 7·15 3·55	288 25 313
	1			ERN HO		AL.			11.
Scarlet Diphtheria Diph. (bacteriol. only) Enteric Measles Whooping cough Cerebro-spinal fever Poliomyelitis Other diseases Totals	377 192 21 1 12 39 642 32 674	2,412 836 400 1 190 23 17 1 3,520 488 4,008		2,789 1,028 61 2202 62 17 1 4,162 520 4,682	146 52 9 1 2,096	$1,220 \\ 115 \\ 3 \\ \\ 14 \\ \\ 1,352 \\ 3 \\ 1,355$	55 67 35 9 7 173 14 187	2:25 8:06 18:18 21:43 42:42 4:84 2:87	320 202 9 1 7 1 1 541 32 573
100005		RTH-V			SPITA		107		
Scarlet Diphtheria Diph. (bacteriol. only) Enteric Puerperal Measles Whooping cough Cerebro-spinal fever Poliomyelitis	204 *140 *4 15 1 364	2,005	3 4 	2,212 1,232 186 59 10 135 2 16 1 3,853	379 538 170 47 6 79 2	1,609 470 4 46 	51 100 2 7 2 9 4 175	2:52 9:09 1:12 14:29 22:22 6:72 25:81 4:98	173 124 10 5 2 1 1 317
Other diseases Totals	27 391	561 4,041		588	529	2,130	31 206	5.53	27 344
		WES	TERN	HOSPI	TAL.				
Scarlet Diphtheria Diph. (bacteriol. only) Enteric Puerperal Measles Whooping cough Cerebro-spinal fever Poliomyelitis Other diseases	283 137 9 435 18	738 38 47 13 275 16 26 1 3,264 215		876 382 16 285 16 26 26 26 233	479 37 37 10 240 13 19 1,537 1,537 194	4 2 1,676 3	44 53 18 10 6 131 18	8.60 33.33 6.53 6.25 23.53 3.96 8.37	202 140 17 1 10 362 18
Totals	453	3,479	and some		1,731	1,679	149		380
Scarlet	180		1	1,207	1	1	20	2.78	150

	50	UTH-W	ESTE	RN HO	SPITA	L.			
Scarlet Diphtheria	$180 \\ 96$	$1,027\\611$		1,207 707	506 553	$522 \\ 18$	$\frac{29}{48}$	2.78 7.80	150 88
Diph. (bacteriol. only) Enteric Puerperal	 9 1			60 11			10 1	19 [.] 42 11 [.] 76	
Measles Whooping cough Cerebro-spinal fever	71	137 11 59		$ \begin{array}{r} 144 \\ 12 \\ 59 \end{array} $	117 10 38	1	14 1 21	10.41 9.09 35.59	12
Poliomyelitis	294	1,924		2,218	1.290		124	6.39	263
Other diseases	9 303	325		334 2,552	281 1,571	3 544	29 153	9:09	21 284

*

	fe	ever ho	spital	s during	1915	•			and the
		GRO	DVE I	HOSPITA	L.				
DISEASES.	Re- maining on 31 Dec., 1915.	Adm'd c 191 Direct from homes.		Total under treatment during 1915.	Disch. 19 Re- cov'd.		Died during 1915.	Mort. per cent.	Re- maining on 31 Dec., 1915.
Scarlet Diphtheria Diph. (bacteriol. only) Enteric Puerperal	$\begin{smallmatrix} 265\\132\\6\\5\\3\end{smallmatrix}$	1,839 837 50 33 5	2	2,105 969 56 40 8	$597 \\ 405 \\ 52 \\ 31 \\ 7$	1,261 331 	37 76 7	$1.98 \\ 9.22 \\ 19.18 \\ 15.38 $	210 157 4 2
Measles Whooping cough Cerebro-spinal fever Poliomyelitis	11 3 1 426	166 21 29 2 2,982	2	178 26 29 3 3,414	$ \begin{array}{r} 151 \\ 18 \\ 15 \\ 2 \\ 1,278 \\ \end{array} $	4 1,596	22 2 13 158	12:79 9:30 45:61 5:25	1 6 1 1 382
Other diseases Totals	19 445	284 3,266		303	277	2	10	3.49	14 396
		UTH-E			PITA			-	
Scarlet	*265	1,747	ō	2,017	785	1.006	34	1.90	192
Diphtheria Diph. (bacteriol. only) Enteric Puerperal	164 1 6 ···	1,137 29 28 14	 	1,301 30 34 14	987 29 27 9 67	57	80 2 4 7	7.02 29.63	177 1 5 1
Measles Whooping cough Typhus Cerebro-spinal fever Poliomyelitis		70 11 22 12 1		78 11 2 12 1	7	。 … …	 1 4	9.52 50.00 33.33	4
Other diseases Totals	444 *8 452	3,051 367 3,418	5	3,500 375 3,875	$1,921 \\ 349 \\ 2,270$	1,066 3 1,069	132 11 143	3.01	381 12 393
		PA	RK H	OSPITAL					
Scarlet Diphtheria Diph. (bacteriol. only) Enteric Puerperal Measles Whooping cough Cerebro-spinal fever	*260 *85 *7 	$1,586 \\ 671 \\ 56 \\ 18 \\ 3 \\ 66 \\ 15 \\ 15 \\ 15 \\ 15 \\ 15 \\ 15 \\ 15$	1	1,859 757 63 18 3 69 16 15	$ \begin{array}{r} 604 \\ 436 \\ 52 \\ 13 \\ 2 \\ 60 \\ 10 \\ 4 \end{array} $	2	19 55 5 1 8 1 11	8.70 27.78 33.33	215 165 9 1 5
Other diseases	365 *34	2,430 210		2,800 244	$1,181 \\ 218$	1,124	100	3.67	395 18
Totals	399	2,640	5	3,044	1,399	1,124	108		413
Scarlet	*314 181	514 178		828 859	374				
Diph. (bacteriol. only) Enteric	3 2 1	14 6 41 7		17 8 42 7	16	1 16	2	28.57	
Other diseases	501 *11	760 47		1,261 58		1	4	7.62	
Totals	512	807	GRE	1,319	709 PITAL		40		
	1		1	1	-	1		1	1
Scarlet Diphtheria Diph. (bacteriol. only) Measles	*671 *1 *1 *1	703 12 84	290 9 50	308 10 135	271 6 130		15 2 1	0.69	3
Whooping cough Cerebro-spinal fever		803		2					::
Other diseases Totals	*13 687	421 1,224	5	439			- 22	0.47	
		ORC	HARD	HOSPIT					
Scarlet Diphtheria Diph. (bacteriol. only) Whooping cough	217 *3 *5 1		::	217 3 5 1		169			::
Other diseases Totals	226 2 228			2200 2 228	47	178		0.88	

42

	NORT	HERN	HOSI	PITAL (C	onvale	scent)			
	Re	Adm'd e 191	5.	Total		during 15.			Re-
DISEASES.	maining on 31 Dec., 1914.	Direct from homes.	From other Board hosps.	under treatment during 1915.	Re- cov'd.	To other Board hosps.	Died during 1915.	Mort. per cent.	maining on 31 Dec., 1915.
Scarlet Diphtheria Diph. (bacteriol. only)	*340 *39	1	3,414 435 3		3,497 427 3	4 3	22	0.06 0.46	25 4
Measles			42	42	42				::
Other diseases	379	1	$3,894 \\ 4$	4,274	3,969 4	7	4	0.10	20
Totals	379	1	3,898	4,278	3,973	7	4		29
	SOUT	HERN	HOSP	ITAL (C	onvale	scent			
Scarlet	949		4,185		4,762	8	3	0.02	36
Diphtheria Diph. (bacteriol. only)	123		694 5	817	789	2			2
Measles		.:	8	8	8				::
Whooping cough	1			1	1				
Other diseases	1,073		4,892	5,965 7	5,565	10	3	0.06	38
Totals	1,073		4,899	5,972	5,572	10			38
			SUM	MARY.					
Scarlet	*4,511	15,197	(9,227)	19,708	16,955	(9,227)	329	2.03	2,42
Diphtheria Diph. (bacteriol. only)	*1,396 *62	6,776 475	(1,430) (17)		6,322 485	(1,430)	576	8°42 0°83	1,27
Enteric	48	269	6		235	6	46	16.73	4
Puerperal	6	63	(105)	. 69	. 44	(105)	16	26.02 10.30	3
Measles Whooping cough	76 47	1,260 114	(105) (3)	1,336	$1,171 \\ 127$	(105)	132	10.30	2
Typhus		3		3	1		2	66.66	
Cerebro-spinal fever Poliomyelitis	1	212		213 8	115 6		94	44.66	
Totals	*6,148	24.376	(10,786)	the second se	25,461	and the second se	1,213	4.75	3,85
Other diseases	*202	3,479	(16)	3,681	3,359	(16)	147	4.21	17
Grand totals	6,350	27,855	(10, 892)	34,205	28,820	(10,802)	1,360		4,02

TABLE X. (continued).—Admissions, discharges, and deaths at fever hospitals during 1915.

NOTES.—The mortalities returned as above include all deaths occurring from intercurrent diseases.
The mortality rates are calculated according to the Registrar-General's formula—*i.e.*, by dividing the deaths, multiplied by 100, by half the sum of the admissions, discharges, and deaths for the year.
* These figures differ from those given in the committee's report for 1914, p. 190, owing to the subsequent correction of errors of diagnosis.

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ANNUAL REPORT, 1915. ,100 850 682 682 699 769 ,005 368 368 ,035 753 86(1,100 69 10.80 8 36 26 66 S 8 Transfers. Transfers. Totals. Totals. 2,270 2,333 2,457 2,457 2,347 2,347 2,347 2,044 2,144 2,004 2,144 2,004 2,144 2,004 2,144 2,004 2,144 2,004 2,144 2,004 2,160 2,2,160 2, 3,036 2,7132,6852,6902,3731,9851,9851,9851,9851,9852,1031,8562,1031,8562,1032,1027,855 28,820 Direct. Recovered. 22 16 hospitals of the Board. : : Transfers. Other diseases. Other diseases. To other 3.479 3,359 Direct. Recovered. L-9 C1 ---1 : 1 . : : : : : : : Poliomyelitis. Pollomyelitis. 363614122256833 115 01 'IGAGL' 57 'ISVOI. Cerebro-spinal Cerebro-spinal 00 01 -: : : : : : : : : : ŝ : : : : : : 2 : Typhus. Typhus. 05 hospitals of the Board. : : • : : . : : 1 : : • : 1 Whooping cough. Whooping cough. Transfers. To other 14-10:0:0:0:0:41 127 114 Direct. Recovered. 12880011 12 200 21 105 To other the Board. the Board. : : : : Tansfers. Measles. Measles. 260 171 Direct. Recovered. ADMISSIONS SSI DISCHARG 00104-004000-0 44 63 Puerperal. Puerperal. the Board. : : : : : : 1.1 : : : : : 2 : : : : : : Transfers. Enteric. Enteric To other 235 269 Direct. Recovered. 17 2 ACC: To other hospitals of the Board. : : : Diphtheria bacterio-logical. : : : 1 Diphtheria bacterio-logical. : : : Transfers. 475 485 Direct. Recovered. 1.430 630 To other hospitals of the Board. Transfers. Diphtheria. Diphtheria. 6,776 565 543 551 551 551 445 445 445 449 449 560 681 681 681 6.322 Direct. Recovered. 724 598 201 592 724 6.98 103 798 633 705 557 869 9.227 657 583 863 188 To other the Board. the Board. 976 587 6.93 Transfers. Scarlet. c' Scarlet. 2,1441,798 1,542 1,259 1,259 ,117 ,250 ,127 1,127 1,216 1,393 1,467 ,318 1,1631,0281,0281,1081,2531,2531,5531,5531,5531,5531,5531,5531,2541,7901,7901,2941,2915,197 16.955 Direct. Recovered. : : : :::::: : : : • : :::::: : 1 2 : : : HTNOM October ... November... : : : : 2 1 HLNOW : : : : : : : Totals Totals January . February . March . April . June . July . September . January . February . March . April . June . July . August . November. December December

TABLE XI. (continued)—Summary of monthly admissions, transfers, discharges, and deaths at fever hospitals during 1915.

	Totals.	114 164 171 135 135 135 133 133 133 133 133 133 13	1,360		Total.	4-21	0.30	5.22	4.80	4.39	4-06	10.0	3.70	4.44	5.27	4-69
	Other diseases.	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 12 13 13 13 14	147		Other diseases.	6-74	6.24	2.49	2.80	5.19	3.52	87.5	3-24	5-38	6-02	4-21
	Polio- myelitis.	::::::::::::	:		Polio- myelitis.	:	:	: :	: :	:	:	:	: :	:	:	:
	Cerebro- spinal fover.	1 8 0 2 1 8 1 9 8 4 8 9 9	94		Cerebro- spinal fever.	66-67	25.00	43.30	47.34	51-16	37-50	42.80	42.86	40-00	40-00	44.66
	Typhus.	· : · · · · · · · · · · · ·	61		Typhus.	:	:	: :	: :	:	:	:	: :	: :	:	+
	Whooping cough.		14	T.'	Whooping cough.	7-14	19-35	54.45		12.50	10-00		10.07	: :	:	10-98
DEATHS.	Measles.	1441 1461 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 1200 12	132	PER CENT.	Measles.	10-05	20.15	14.95	5.15	7-41	90.9	2.08	3-88	7-59	6-25	10-30
DEA	Puerperal.		16	MORTALITIES	Puerperal.	28-57		00-26	50-00	25-00	14-29	10.87	25.00	00.09	25.00	26-02
The second second	Enteric.		46	MOR	Enteric.	18.87	25.45	69-6	36.36	8.69	19.05		13.90	12.12	7-55	16-73
and the second second	Diphtheria bacterio- logical.	:: - ::: - :: - :: -	4		Diphtheria bacterio- logical.	:		21.2	: :	:		2.50	17.7	: :	2.15	0-83
	Diphtheria.	225886886888888888888888888888888888888	576		Diphtheria.	8.18	10.48	11.8	8-39	6-87	92-2	\$1.8 1	8-19	7-73	10-74	8-42
	Scarlet.	82822882388	329		Scarlet.	2-00	2-43	2.41	2-08	2.12	1.98	1-65	01-1	2.36	1-99	2-03
		:::::::::::	:			:	:	: •	: :	: :	:	:	:	: :	:	:
	MONTH.	January February March April June July August September October November December	Totals		MONTH.	January	February		May	: :	:	August	September	November		Totals

ANNUAL REPORT, 1915.

	Total deaths.	32	30	22	18	32	17	57	16	IL	581	4	44	57	12	16	42	44	37.00	19	133	37	42	43	898		17 13	
	diseases.	-1-	010	010	0	÷	67 :	10	. =	10		# 61	=	0	1 -	I		2 1	00	1	53	~	24 6	0 4	* **	:	c1 c1	
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	Typhus.	:	:	•	: :	:	÷	:	: :	:	:	:	: :	:	: "	• :	:	:	: :	: :	:	:	:	:	: :	:	: :	
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	Scarlet.	6	010	00	9	-	99	20	12	0	2 14		61	- 0	1 4	10	60	00	1 00	17	01	[- ,	- 10	0 4	, 		+ .	-
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	Total anoiseimba	56	74	120	28.	1,00	40	1,43	1,85	1,34	57	100	80	1,32	10	35	96	21	56	1,35	2,92	1,09	1,18	200	83	1	111	
	Other diseases.	44	88	8 8	242	88	39	203	250	179	52	14	158	198	137	33	104	200	46	141	240	16	080	01	182	1	484 28	
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	Bearlet.	373	391	378	135	579	248	850	1.125	746	357	040	451	694	494	156	514	1667	324	769	1,715	690	2002	070	89	8	27	
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TABLE XIII.

Mortality from infectious disease. Rates per cent.

		1912.	1913.	1914.	1915.
Scarlet fever	 	1.6	1.3	1.4	2.03
Diphtheria	 	6.2	6.2	7.9	8.42
Enteric	 	17.8	16.2	17.1	16.73
Cerebro-spinal	 		60.0	16.7	44.66
Measles	 	10.5	11.3	9.3	10.30
Whooping cough	 	8.5	12.8	10.8	10.98

TABLE XIV.

Condition as to vaccination of patients admitted suffering from smallpox during the year.

		-		Admissions,	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.
А.	Vaccinated class :— A 1. Half and upwards of total area of cicatric A 2. One-third, but less th A 3. Less than one-third d A 4. Area not recorded	an half ditte	····	4 2 —	1	25.00
В. С.	Total of vaccinated class Doubtful class Unvaccinated class	 		6 	1 	16.67 20.00
		Totals		11	2	18.18

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ANNUAL REPORT, 1915.

	Dec. 31, 1915.	24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 2	19 262 262
	Remaining	150009-	61 00 01 00
	Deaths.		12 12
	Discharges.	124 253 223 219 219 151	91 95 1,348
	.enoissimbA	155 271 232 232 232 232 169	102 1,474
	Tuberculosis other than pulmonary.	161 1 1 1	:: 01
	Diagnosis not ascertained.	01001-11-00	19
	Diagnosis not confirmed.	<u></u>	10 53
	l _a S	9 <u>14 144</u>	1 1 10
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	$L_{3 S}$	12 18 40 31 31	24 24 216
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	L ₁ S]	23 10 16 16	10 85
	L ₁ s L	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2	284
	L ₁ L	10 8 8 8 9	
	ions.	<i>ieps.</i> years ,, ,,	
	Admissions.	Age	., 45 ., 50 Over 50 Totals
	Nemaining 1914, 1914,	35 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	15 15 257

154 0400004 20 198 2228 1150 1111 72 37 37 862 896 10 . 1 1 1 1 1 1 : 1 02922421 54 153 COMPLETED CASES. 149 - 16 00 00 00 00 H 48 $^{38}_{8}$ 211 9.0.000 - : : 23 289 Age groups. From 16 to 20 years ... 20 ... 25 30 ... 35 40 45 ... Over 50 ... Totals 190

NORTHERN HOSPITAL.

TABLE XV.—Admissions (classified), discharges and deaths at sanatoria during 1915.

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Much improved	:2	90	19	17	::0	7.0	21	:		27	8 00	:	I		1	240
In statu quo	9	52	20	• 1	9	85	10	: :	10	58	39	: :	: :	: :	24	655 327
Worse		1	00	-	:	10	21	:		1-	19			20		29
Diagnosis not ascertained	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	::	: :	::	: :	::	::	::			1 1	17
Total discharges		24 307	85	C1	26	382	154	:	26	179	92	1	52	17	61	1,318
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Much improved Improved In statu quo Worse Diagnosis not confirmed	Total discharges

Deaths 121 262 THE DOWNS SANATORIUM.

TABLE XVII.-Deaths at sanatoria in 1915, and numbers remaining 31 December, 1915.

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Deaths	}-	} ::	9) 2) >>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>	48	:		:	Deaths. 70	
Remaining 31 Dec., 1915	41	1-	42	6	39	13	24	:	1	154	

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	Discharges and Deaths.	1,119 306 44	1,469		509 244 179	, 932		692 203 203 53 53 52 52 17 1,348 1,3	862
7 6	Tubercular other than Pulmonary.		5		:01 00	2		0 ! ! ! ! ! ! 0 P I 4 I ! !	: 10
	Diagnosis not iscertained.		17			:		1111112 2	: :
	Diagnosis Diagnosis Tubercular not not other than confirmed. ascertained. Pulmonary	52	52		31	54	1915.	52 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	54
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SANATORIUM.	L ₅ L ₅	14 189 12 11 2	26 202	IN HOSPITAL	114 21 14	149	for	80-0-11::: 9	141
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	L ₂ L ₂ 8	10 318 16 57 	26 384		123 50 38	211	TABLE X	16 236 2 65 2 865 2 865 2 85 2 85 2 85 17 2 85 17 2 85 17 2 85 17 2 8 17 2 8 17 2 8 17 2 8 17 2 8 17 2 8 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	205
and muran	L ₁ S 1 ₁ S	1 1 2 2	85 2		11 2 20	23		$\left.\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	23
	$ \mathbf{L}_1 \mathbf{L}_1 $	19 214 2 85 2 85	24 307		81 87 87	289		$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	288
		Tubercle bacilli found ,, not found Not examined	Totats		Tubercle bacilli found No expectoration	Totals			Diagnosis not contrined . Totals

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ANNUAL REPORT, 1915.

TABLE XX.

Errors in diagnosis of patients admitted to the Downs Sanatorium in 1915.

No obvious disease	 	17	Alcoholism		 1
Bronchitis	 	12	Bronchiectasis		 1
Chronic pleurisy	 	10	Dyspepsia		 1
Fibrosis of lungs	 	5	Locomotor ataxia		 1
Emphysema	 	2			
New growth of lung	 	2		Total	 52

(TABLE XXI., see next page.)

TABLE XXII.

St. George's Home (for advanced cases of tuberculosis).

		emaiı an.,	ning 1915.	Ad	missi	ions.	Di	schar	rges.	1	Deat}	ıs.		emain Dec.,	ning 1915.
Age Groups.	М.	F.	Total	M.	F.	Total	М.	F.	Total	М.	F.	Total	М.	F.	Total
16 and under	1	3	4	6	22	28	4	9	13	1	5	6	2	11	13
From 16 to 20		4	4		25	25		11			12	12		6	6
,, 20 ,, 25		11	11		23	23		18			15	15		1	1
,, 25 ,, 30		5	5		20			12	12		9	9		4	4
,, 30 ,, 35					25			14			8	8		3	3
,, 35 ,, 40		6	6		13		100000	10	10		2	2		7	7
,, 40 ,, 45		2	2		15	15		4	4		11	11		2	2
,, 45 ,, 50		1	1		6	6		7	7						
Over 50		1	1		2	2		2	2		1	1			
Totals	1	33	34	6	151	157	4	87	91	1	63	64	2	34	36

TABLE XXIII.

Admissions, discharges, and deaths at sanatoria in 1915.

		naini Dec., 1			missi	ons.	Dis	char	ges.	D	eath	IS.	Rei 31 D	nain ec., 1	ing 915.
	М.	F.	т.	М.	F.	Т.	М.	F.	Т.	М.	F.	Т.	M.	F.	т.
The Downs Sanatorium Northern Hospital															
(part of) St. George's Home		166	190	111	786	897	82	*781	863	37	33	70	16	138	154
(opened 11 June, 1914)		33	34	6	†151	157	4	87	91	1	63	64	2	34	36
Totals	282	199	481	1,591	+937	2,528	1,434	*868	2,302	159	96	255	280	172	452

* Includes 14 females transferred to St. George's Home. † Includes 14 females admitted from the Northern Hospital.

	010101-0001-44001 : :++ :	
Deaths.	00002000000000000000000000000000000000	121
Discharges.	12 8 8 8 8 8 9 12 8 8 8 8 9 8 9 9 9 9 1 1 1 1 1	1,348
Tubercular other than pulmonary.		01
Diagnosis not ascertained.	4	17
Diagnosis not confirmed.	1019814	52
l _a S	€€::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	(e)
La S	51: 30303030 8 12 2303030 8 12 2303030 8 2303030 8 203030 8 20300 8 2030 8 2000 8 2030 8 20300 8 20000000000000000000000000000000000	92(⁶⁵) he
L ₃ s	$\begin{array}{c} & 4 \\ & 6 \\ & 6 \\ & 555(3) \\ & 322(3) \\ & 322(3) \\ & 11 \\ & 1 \\ &$	179 ⁽²³⁾
La		26 vofe
x	1011011111111111	(2)
L _s S 1 ₂	$\begin{array}{c} & 2 \\ & 6 \\ & 6 \\ & 3 \\$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$
00 69	11 11 14 14 16 16 16 1 1 1 1 1 1	382(2)
L ₃		26 38
IL2		57
l ₁ S		
L ₁ S		85
L ₁ L ₁ s	11222232323 11212223232323 1121223232323	307
Lı	01 - 00 - 00 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	24
		-
		:
	weeks	ls
	×22240264001201	Totals
	0110 9 8 7 8 8 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
	Under 1 v 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	

TABLE XXI.—Duration of stay in sanatorium, 1915. DOWNS SANATORIUM.

12 14 14 156 156 156 156 156 156 156 156 156	
:::===:::::::	10
	54
2339 4 6 7 8 9 7 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	153
:185585 ** 2 :	149
60 100 100 00 7 1 1	48
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	211
	23
$\left.\begin{array}{c} 38\\12\\37\\37\\38\\37\\38\\37\\37\\38\\38\\37\\38\\38\\37\\38\\38\\38\\38\\38\\38\\38\\38\\38\\38\\38\\38\\38\\$	289
Under 1 week 2 3 2 3 3 4 1 2 months 2 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 8 and upwards	Totals

NORTHERN HOSPITAL.

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TABLE XXIV.

Number of admissions, transfers, discharges, and deaths (exclusive of feeble-minded patients) at the Board's several imbecile asylums during the year 1915, according to the parishes and unions, also the number remaining under treatment at the end of the year.

-	115.	Total.	189 189 189 189 188 188 188 188 188 188	7,137
and a local data	No. remaining at asylum on 31 December, 1915.	F. I	$\begin{smallmatrix} & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & &$	3,622
~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	No. re asyli Decen	M.	$\begin{smallmatrix} 100 \\ 10$	3,515
-	2 2 -	Total.	286935156648588851598658858585555555555555555555555	639
	transferred to other asylums of the Board.	F.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	202
	of t	м.	000000002450400400400000000000000000000	342
	÷.	Total.		209
	Discharged.	F.	© € €€ € € € € € € € € € € € € € € € €	98
	Di	м.	000000000040-0-20000040304000	111
		Total.	22×212928585448898955555555555555555555555555	1,012
	Died.	F.	8e+39888519861-3e+28958888624 : :	536
		М.	70+0012398399918051080889899989898989898989898989898989898	476
	er the	Total.	58590819989889898915989589569895	639
	From other asylums of the Board.	F.	$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} & & \\ $	297
mitted.	Frasyl	M.	() () () () () () () () () () () () () (342
Admi	-	Total.	8728 828 23 7 7 2 7 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 2 8 8 2 8 8 2 9 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1 8 1	926
	Direct and indirect.	F.	3 3	500
	Di	M.	$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} \end{array} \\ \end{array} $	426
100 004	15 m	Total.	2006 1312 1312 1312 1312 1312 1312 1312 131	7,432
	asylum on asylum on 1 January, 1915.	F.	$\begin{smallmatrix}&a&53\\5&5&5\\5&5&5&6\\5&5&5&6\\1&1&5&1\\1&1&1&2\\2&2&2&2&2\\2&2&2&2&2&2\\2&2&2&2&$	3,756
A	1 Jan	м.	201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201 201	3,676
	PARISHES & UNIONS.		Kensington Hammersmith Fulham Paddington Chelsea Westminster, City of St. Marylebone St. Pancras Hampstead St. Pancras St. Pancras Hangton Hackney Haulson St. Pancras St. Pancras Haulson Hackney Haulson St. George's, E. Stepney Stepney Stepney Stepney Mile End Mile End St. Bernondsey Lamberwell Camberwell Greenwich Wooldwich Lewisham Local Government Local Government Local Government Local Government	Totals

ANNUAL REPORT, 1915.

TABLE XXV.

Movement [i.e., admission, discharges, &c.] of the asylums population (exclusive of feeble-minded patients) during the year 1915.

						М.	F.	Total.	М.	F.	Total.
In the asylums 1 Total cases admit Direct cases						400	474	874	3,676	3,756†	7,4321
Indirect cases						26	26	52	426	500	926
Total cases under Discharged or tra									4,102	4,256	8,358
Not insane						-	-	-			
Recovered						4	7	11			
Relieved						47	40	87			
Not improved						60	51	111			
The d						476	536	1,012			
Died											
Total cases discha	arged,	transf	erred, a	nd die	d dur	ing the	year		587	634	1,221
						-		··· ···		634 3,622	1,221

* Exclusive of transfers between the Board's own asylums. † Includes 1 case under treatment at Grove Hospital.

TABLE XXVI.

Admissions, deaths, and discharges of feeble-minded patients during the year 1915.

					 	м.	F.	т.
Remaining Admitted	31 	December	1914		 	387 70	254 § 76	$\frac{641}{146}$
Total cases	uno	der treatm	ent du	uring t	ar	457	330	787
Discharged Died				80 3	104† 6			
					 	83	27	110
Remaining	31	December	. 1915		 	374	303	677

* Of this number 141 were cases of new admissions, and 5 cases transferred from other institutions of the

-

Board. † Of this number 20 were transferred to the imbecile section of Darenth Industrial Colony and the remain-der left at the desire of their relatives, themselves, or the guardians of their respective unions.

TABLE XXVII.

Admissions, discharges, and deaths at the hospitals, schools and homes for sick children.

	of	Admis	sion.	Discha	irges.		ig. 15,
Institution.	Remaining at beginning of year.	Direct.	From other institutions of the Board	Direct.	To other institutions of the Board.	Deaths.	Remaining 31 Dec., 1915,
I. SICK AND DEBILITATED CHILDREN. (a) Inland—							
Queen Mary's Hospital, Carshalton, Surrey	885	746	93	672	120	67	865
Goldie Leigh Homes, Abbey Wood (see below)		36	3	28	11		
Park Hospital, Hither Green	2			2			
Totals	887	782	96	702	131	67	865
(b) Seaside— St. Anne's Home, Herne Bay	131	259	22	267	15	2	128
East Cliff House, Margate Millfield, Rustington	40 118	165 136		165 124	1 30	3 1	37 119
Totals	289	560	43	556	46	6	284
II. CONTAGIOUS DISEASES OF THE SKIN OR SCALP. Goldie Leigh Homes, Abbey Wood	123	618	73	528	101	5	180
Totals	123	618	73	528	101	5	180
III. OPHTHALMIA. White Oak Schools, Swanley Highwood School, Brentwood	254 232	145 76			30 2	3 1	188 200
Totals	486	221	30	313	32	4	388
Grand totals	1,785	2,181	242	2,099	310	82	1,717

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			AN	INUA	L RI	EPO	RT, 1	915.			
ſ	T'LS.	429 12,325	3,838	4,635	1 377	17	a.	1,780	43	11,705	11,705 620 12,325
1	1915	429	85	123	14	1	:	100	:	323	:: :
	914 1	250	135	219	16	:	6	57	:	436	:: :
	913 1	368	98	171	1-	:	:	94	:	370	
	912 1	394	109	179	10	:	:	51	:	349	aths)
	9111	282	105	147	4	:	:	64	01	322	ng de 1915
	910 1	355	*73	165	11	61	:	17	-	299	nber,
	909 1	311	20	94	0	:	:	53	:	226	ecem
	908 1	201	86	96	17	:	:	43	-	243	charge g 31 D Total
	907 1	545	88	144	13	:	:	40	:	285	a disc ining
to 1915	1898 1899 1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913 1914 1915	279	58	115	39	:	:	69	-	282	Total number of boys discharged (including deaths) Remaining under training 31 December, 1915 Total
to	905 1	277	96	123	12	:	:	5	:	256	unde
376	904 1	294	103	105	17	-	:	30	61	258	ning
and $discharged{-1876}$	903 15	223	40	93	51	:	:	47	1	234	otal
yed-	02 19	320	116	112	101	:	:	93	01	381	FM
har	100	413	151	146	56 1	1	:	31	01	387	
disc	00 15	423 4	115 1	145 1	93	:	:	30	1	393	
pu	99 18	341 4	149 1	135 1	28	-	:	8	-	373	
a ba	98 18	323 3	123 1	112 1	23	:	:	36	1	307	
admitted	2681				8	:	:	50	01		Canadian Navy.
adn	9681	278 347 325	163 137 129	96 109 112	49	٦	:	51	00	338 350 300	dian
Boys	9681				37	1		41	2 1	3 338	Cana
B	¥681	9 301	83 102 133	90 87	28 26	:	:	34 54	00	22 30	to to
uth.	\$681 3681	55 50	83 10	60	66	:	:	19	-	510 5	es 1
non	1681	523 3	89	12	40	-	:	18	:	555	• Includes 15 to
Ex	0681	230	108	134	48	:	:	1 36	1 1	6 327	
Training Ship Exmouth.	6881	194 494 185 210 289 226 348 350 326 267 374 241 301 329 290 223 322 299 307	87 104 108	93 141 171 134	18 56	:	:	45 44	61	59 187 185 258 266 338 344 318 303 330 269 293 376 327 225 270 257 303	
9 S	8881 2881	41 30	95 8	93 14	36 1	:	:	4	1	269 21	
inin	9881	374 2	114	91 107	12	:	:	49	10	330 5	
Tra	2881	267	95 128 114		1 43	:	:	68 33	01	8 303	
- 1	1884	0 320	1	96 106	74 61	:	:	33 52	:	1 318	-
	2881 2881	48 35	85 155 141		46 7	:	:	5	-	38 31	
	1881	5263		19 126 115 105 107 109	53	:	:	4 53	4	266 3	-
	0881	289	61 1-	5 105	11	00	:	61	:	258	
	6281	8 210	1 8	6 113	9 31	: 04	:	47 30	61	181	-
	8481 4481	94 18	9	19 12	11	:	:		:	59 18	-
	9481	194.4	-	22	G	-	:	53	:	38	
	:	:	d to	d to le :	d to	d to 8	d to n III. ren-	d by of of of	:	dis- and	
	YEAR	Admitted	Discharged to Royal Navy	Discharged to mercantile marine	Discharged Army as musicians	Discharged to situations	Discharged to Exmouth II. as appren- tices.	Discharged to unions by order of guardians or committee	Died	Total charges deaths	
	-										

1070 TABLE XXVIII. T.E 6

TABLE XXIX.

Number of boys admitted from each of the metropolitan parishes and unions and total number of boys admitted from country unions during 1915 and during the whole time the ship has been established.

Year ending 31 Dec., 1915.	Р.	ARISH	t or	UNIO	DN.			From 31 March, 1876, to 31 Dec., 1915.
	Number of boys in ship				Manag	ers		12
	Metropolitan parishes	and un	ions-					
1	Bermondsey	••				••		
17	Bethnal Green	••	•••	•••	••	••		
23	Camberwell			••		••		
3	Chelsea		• •			••		
10	Fulham		••	••	••	••		
1	George, S., in-the-East			•••	•••	•••		
2	Greenwich			••	••			
6	Hackney			• •	•••	•••		
5	Hammersmith	••	•••	•••				
	Hampstead	••	••	••		•••		
3	Holborn	••	• •	••			•• •	
13	Islington	•••		••	••	••	•• •	
10	Kensington	••		••	•••	• •	••• •	
5	Lambeth	••	•••		•••	••		. 532
2	Lewisham	••	••	••	••	•••		
1	London, City of	••	••		••			
4	Marylebone, S							
_	Mile End							
11	Paddington					••		
4	Paneras, S	••				• •		
6	Poplar							
2	Shoreditch							
8	Southwark							
	Stepney							
16	Wandsworth							
10	Westminster, City of							
2	Whitechapel			••	••	•••		
24	Woolwich		•••					. 500
188								10,103
241	From country unions							2,222
429								12,325

		_	-	-	_	-	-		-	_	-			-		-	-		-	1.	1.00	1.65
1915.	.efatoT	:	:		PI	: :	: :	28	:	:	:	ŝ	15		8T 96	5		:		1	118	236
Dec.,	Children.	:	:	:	:	: :	: :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:
ning 31	.nomen.	:	:	:	-	: :	: :	1	:	:	:	1	1	:	:	:			:	64	9	36
Remaining 31 Dec., 1915.	Men.	:	:	:	8	: :	: :	27	:	:	:	61	14		AT	3		:	:	15	112	213
-	.elatoT	:	:		1,423	: :	33	2,731	:	:	:	582	1,847		2,084	OT Y 10		:	868	1,923	14,636	29,513
rges.	Children.	:	:	:	1	: :	:	28	:	:	:	-	:	:	-	:		:	:	1-	45	120
Discharges.	.nomen.	:	:					516	:	:	:	15	148		924	: :	:	:	106	178	1,613	3,949
	.noM	:	:	1 1 1 1	101'1	: :	27	2,187	:	:		206	1,699		3 145		:	:	762	1,738	12,978	25,444
	.statoT	:	:		1,412	: :		2,718		:	:	576	1,834	0000	2,002		:	:	844	1,931	14,515	29,370
sions.	Children.	:	:		4	: :	:	28	:	:	:	I	:	: "		: :	:	:	:	1-	45	119
Admissions.	.потоW	:	:		3	: :	:	509	:	:		26	148		070	: :		:	103	180	1,593	3,922
	.ask	:	:	1 1 1 2 0	1,100	: :		2,181	:	:		499	1,686		3 138		:	:	741	1,744	12,877	25,329
1915.	Totala.	:	:		17 ::	:	33	41	:	:	:	6	82		33	:	:	:	24	6	239	382
Jan., 1	Children.	:	:	:	: :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: :		:	:	:	:	:	I
Remaining 1 Jan.,	.nemoW	:	:		+ :	:	9	80	;:	:	:		-		#	: :		:	~	:	26	53
Remai	Men.	:	:			:	27	33	:	:	:	6	17		33.0	:		:	21	6	213	328
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		Bethnal Green	Hackney	Stepney	St. George-in-the-East	Whitechapel	Strand	Holborn	Bloomsbury	Chelsea	Fulham	Wandsworth	St. Pancras	Deddington	Lambeth	Southwark	Camberwell	Greenwich	Lewisham	Woolwich		

TABLE XXX.

Admissions and discharges during 1915 (casual poor).

TABLE XXXI.

Work of the land ambulance service during the year.

Fever patients. Removals to acute h	ospit	als				 	27,697	
Transfers to convale	scent	hospit	als			 	10,074	
Removals of recover	ed na	tients f	rom co		ent ho		12,435	
Retransfers, &c.	en pa	cicilite i				 	2,463	
,						 	-,	52,669
Smallpox patients.								
Removals to and fro	m hes	spitals				 		26
Mental defectives and child	ren.							
Removals to and fro	m the	e instit	utions			 		3,456
Tuberculosis patients.								
Removals to and fro	m the	e sanat	oria			 		1,905
n								
Private removals.							1.000	
Infectious cases						 ***	1,838	
Non-infectious cases	***			***		 	5,367	-
04								7,205
Other removals.								
War refugees						 	671	
Naval and military						 	641	
Casual poor						 ***	62	
Other removals						 	172	
								1,546
								66,807

* Of the 20 patients admitted 9 were found to be cases of wrong diagnosis.

In conveying goods between the Central Stores, Darenth Industrial Colony, and the other institutions, 2,955 journeys were made, totalling 46,501 miles. The total number of journeys made for all purposes (including vehicles at

country institutions) was 47,904.

The total mileage was 652,435.

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	lutions	Para-	::::	112				: :	: :	:	::	: :	-	::	: :	:	: :	::	: :	:	140	exa			
	Aggluti- nations.	.InbiW	: : :	::113	6 21	:83	533	a :	:	-	: :	: :	:	::	: :	:	: :	-	:		205	Total examinations			
	dd.	Urine.	::::	::	::	: :5	3 :	: ;:	::	:	::	: :	: :	::	::	:	: :	::	: :	021	253	-			
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	eria.	Diphth	:::	::	254 510	40	4 47 8	10 :	10	00	: :	: :	: :	: :	105	:	: :	:	: 01	:	105				
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erci, etc	-	B.E	::::	11	::	: :	::	: :	: :	:	1 1	- :	: :	::	1 1	91	. :	: :	: :	: :	30				
Tubercu- lins, etc.		H.T	. : : :	::	::	: :	::	::	::	:	::	01 :	: :	::	::	:	::	::	: :	: :	01	Total.			
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etc., s	*8	Beef br	::::	::	:0	::	00	;*	: :	:	: :	: :	: :	::	::	:	::	::	: :	0	28	:			
Media, et		daw8	: : :	1,200	6,400	026	2,400	5,400	5,050	2,200	::	240	: :		200	:	: :	::	200	100	27,660	Total			
M	.sədu	t murað	:::8	1,350	6,300 6,300	1,000	9,750	2,400	5,200	2,300	: :	100	: :		: :	:	::	::	: :	20	52,550	To			
	of	fied field		0,000	23,100,000 21,000,000	9,824,000	18,000,000	25,572,000	320,000	2,616,000	600,000	160,000	144,000	24,000	100.000						0,000	200.000	100,000	800,000	0.000
oplied.	Total No. of antitoxin	units supplied during 1914,	::::					22.02					I				::	::			147,70				148.50
Antitoxin supplied.	Total No. of antitosin	units supplied during 1915.	::::	13,100,000	31,300,000 28,200,000	9,100,000	20,300,000	5,000,000	2,300,000	800,000	::	196,000	: :	12,000	36,000	:	::	::	: :	100,000	159,844,000 147,700,000	000 002	100,000	600,000	40,111 160,444,000 148,560,000
Ant	No. of doses	he	::::	3,275	7,050	2010	5,075	3,525	575	200	::	4	: :	•••	a 13		::	: :	: :	69	39,961	105	12	150	111.04
			::::	: :	::	::	: :	::	: :	:	in:	: :	: :	::	: :	:	: 2	::	: :	: :	su		::	:	:
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	Institutions.		lolor vlur	pita	rn I	Ē	E					S.	puse	Scho	h Ho	toriu	mato	alac	Can	Isop	3. In	atal.	dso	al he	
	stitu		I. C	Bec	este	este	uster			reen	hart	Ho	HI	ak B	eigh	ana	Bui	In P	surt	ar	A.F	dsou	HX	nen	tals
	Ins		rhar thar thain	ing	h-B	M-I	b-Ed	. 4	hern	6 Gr	h W	held.	Chit	e Ou	Exn	ns 8	field	onto	S Di	k W	8 M.	ral	lese	s ge	d to
			Leavesden Asylum Outerham Darenth I. Colony Fountain Asylum	Tooting Bee	North-Eastern Hospita North-Western ,,	South-Western	South-Eastern	Brook	Northern	Joyce Green	Orchard South Wharf	Queen Mary's Millfield Home	East Chift House	St. Anne's	Goldie Leigh Homes T.S. Exmouth	Downs Banatorium	Ellisfield Sanatorium	Alexandra Palace Edmonton Refuge	Earl's Court Camp W. R. Disnensary	Brook War Hospital	Totals M.A.B. Institutions	General kospitals- G* Ormond Stread	Middlesex Hospital	Totals general hospitals	Grand totals
1			-OAA	CI M	PARIS .	- 20 0	2 001	a per p			000	S.P.	-	L'P	-	ma	L H	- MA		-	64	00	-m	-	-

60

TABLE XXXII.

TABLE XXXIII,

Results of bacteriological examinations, 1915.

(i.) DIPHTHERIA.				TOTALS.
Virulent diphtheria bacilli				87
Probable non-virulent diphtheria bacilli				87 25
Rods present resembling diphtheria bacilli wh	ich we	were ui	nable	
to separate in a pure culture				381
No rods resembling diphtheria bacilli present				612
			Total	1,105

(ii.) WIDAL.	TOTALS.
Complete clumping in all dilutions $(\frac{1}{26} : \frac{1}{26} : \frac{1}{16} : \frac{1}{166})$ Complete clumping in $\frac{1}{20}$ and $\frac{1}{26}$ dilutions, and incomplete	41
clumping 1 0	47
and 1 or 1 only	54
Incomplete elumping $\frac{1}{20}$ and $\frac{1}{20}$ dilutions or $\frac{1}{20}$ dilution only	101
Negative in all dilutions	264
Total	507

		(iii.) Fæci	ES AND U	JRINE.		
					Positive.	Negative.	Totals
Fæces	 	 			6	254 251	$\frac{260}{253}$
Urine	 	 			2	251	253

TABLE XXXIV.

Summary of bacteriological examinations, 1915.

	heria.	Typ	hoid.	Widal actions.	ıta.	ter ations.	Total ninations.
Institutions.	Diphtheria	Fæces.	Urine.	Widal reactions	Sputa.	Other examinations	Total examination
Asylums	152	_		2	-	17	171
Infectious hospitals	845	88	83	503	2	319	1,840
Children's institutions	105			-	686	15	\$06
Sanatoria		-	-		4,760	5	4,765
War refuges	3	· ·		2	43	35	83
Brook War Hospital		172	170		1	2	345
Totals	1,105	260	253	507	5,492	393	8,010

61

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