Eleventh annual report of the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania : for the year ending September 30th, 1904 South Mountain.

Contributors

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Publication/Creation

Reading : Printed by Norton Printing House, 1905.

Persistent URL

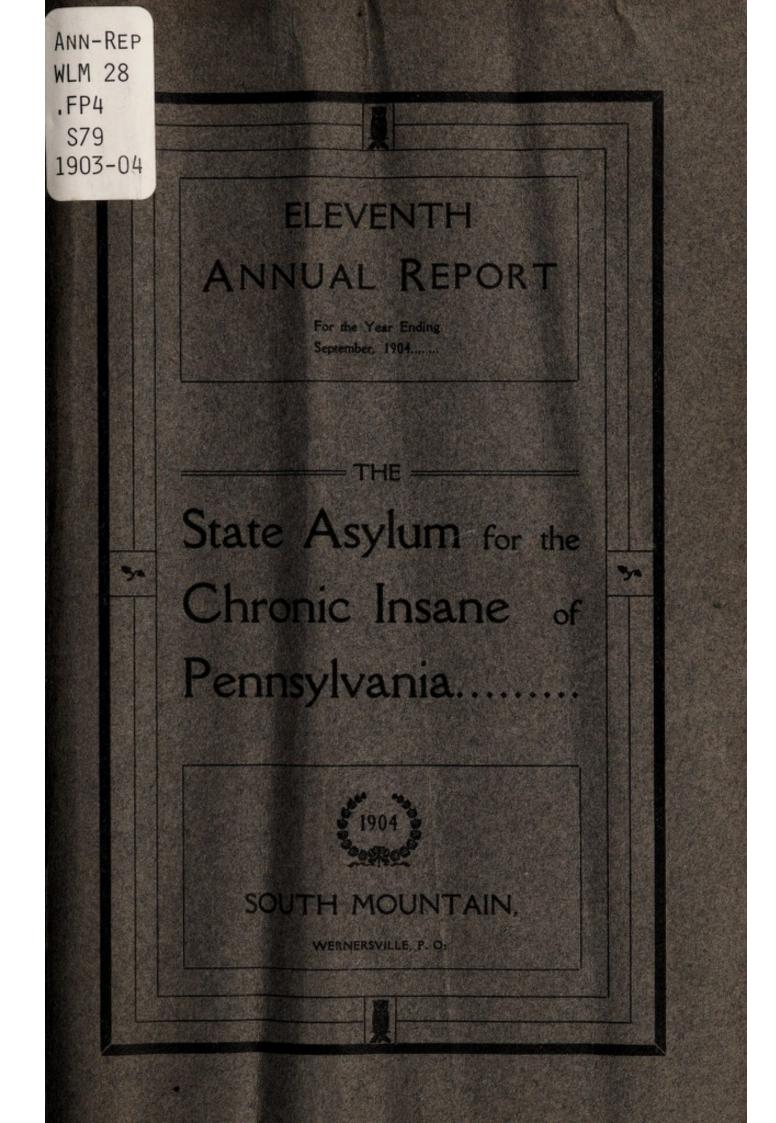
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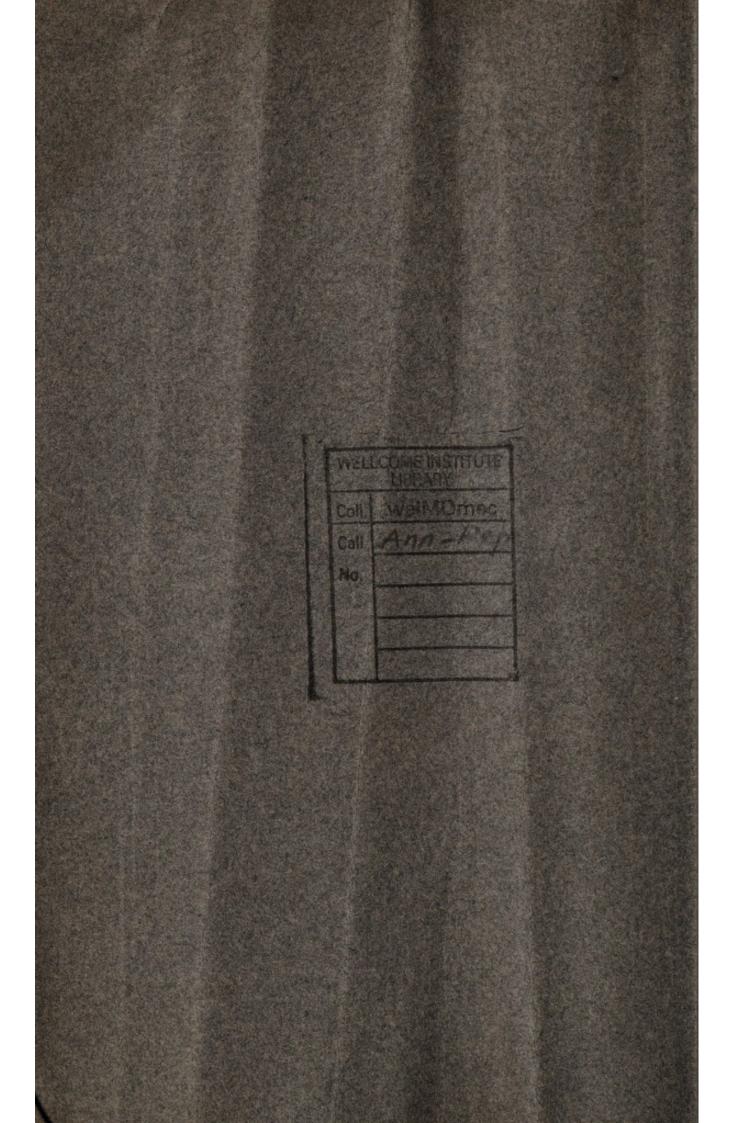
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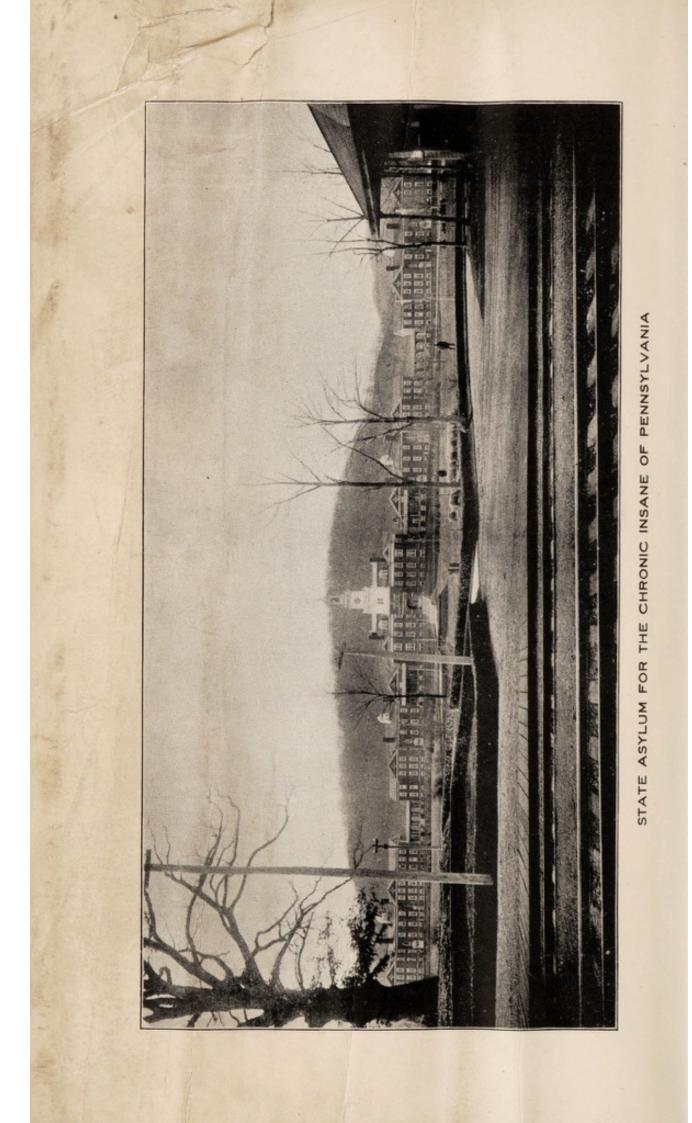


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ELEVENTH ANNUAL REPORT

- OF -

THE STATE ASYLUM

- FOR -

THE CHRONIC INSANE

OF PENNSYLVANIA

For the Year Ending September 30th, 1904.

SOUTH MOUNTAIN



READING, PA.: PRESS OF NORTON PRINTING HOUSE, 30 NORTH SIXTH STREET. 1905. 4035

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OFFICERS OF THE ASYLUM.

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BOARD OF TRUSTEES.

HENRY M. DECHERT President	. Philadelphia.
JACOB M. SHENK Treasurer	.Lebanon.
JOSEPH L. LEMBERGERSecretary	. Lebanon
SAVERY BRADLEY	. Philadelphia
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J. B. KREMER	Philadelphia.
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RESIDENT OFFICERS.

SAMUEL SMITH HILL,	M. D	Superintendent.
DANIEL C. GROVES, M.	. D	First Assistant Physician.
Elizabeth B. Bricker	e, M. D	Second Assistant Physician.
THOS. C. BRICKER		.Steward.
Anna King		Matron.
FRANCIS B. OWEN		Chief Clerk.

CONSULTING STAFF.

PHYSICIANS.

WM. M. GUILFORD, M. D	Lebanon.
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D. L. Edsall, M. D	Philadelphia.
SAMUEL W. MORTON, M. D	Philadelphia.

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D. B. D. BEAVER, M. D	Reading.
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NEUROLOGISTS.

WHARTON SINKLER, M. D	Philadelphia.
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ANNA E. BROOMALL, M	I. D	. Philadelphia.

OPHTHALMOLOGIST.

CHARLES A. OLIVER, M. D. Philadelphia.

REPORT OF THE TRUSTEES.

To His Excellency, Samuel W. Pennypacker, Governor, the Senate and House of Representatives and the Board of Public Charities of Pennsylvania:

The Board of Trustees of the Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania present their Annual Report for the year ending September 30th, 1904.

The number of patients in the Asylum on October 1st, 1903, was: men, 594; women, 203; total, 797.

During the year, there were admitted: men, 33; women, 3; died, men, 14; women, 3. Number in the Asylum September 30th, 1904: men, 593; women, 202; total, 795.

The expenditures for the year amount to \$129,627.11, and the weekly cost for each patient was \$2.99.

The accompanying report of the Treasurer shows the financial operations of the year. Economy has been practiced in the expenditures, having regard, however, for the health and comfort and safety of the inmates. The per capita cost includes not only the expenses for food and clothing, but also for all repairs and improvements of the buildings and all payments for the administration and farm departments. The cost of maintaining our steam and electric plants is, of course, quite considerable and increases the weekly expense in maintaining the patients. As in previous years, the food furnished the inmates has been plain, but abundant and the clothing of moderate cost, but suitable for the different easons and the comfort of the patients.

The reports of the Superintendent, Woman Physician and Steward presented herewith, show very fully and in detail the operations of the Asylum during the last year and also its present condition. The farming this year has been unusually successful, and as the Steward's Report snows, the results have been profitable.

The disposal of the sewage having been extended to other fields has aided in this result, and as we intend to extend the distribution from time to time to other fields we expect still better results in the future. Before using the daily sewage as a fertilizer, we submitted the question to our Medical Staff and the Medical Consulting Staff, and having received their entire approval, we began the experiment several years ago, first beginning with the lawns and thence from time to time extending the use over the different fields. Not the slightest injury to health has ensued from this use to any one of the inmates of the Asylum and, as stated, the fields are being vastly improved by it. The Members of the State Board of Health personally visited the Asylum and inspected this system and gave it their approval.

The patients have been engaged, as in previous years, in the various occupations suitable for them. The women have made up all the women's clothing and men's underwear and some of the men's trousers. They have also aided in the care of the women's dormitories, the kitchen and laundry. Many of them do a good day's work. The men during eight months of the year are actively at work in the fields, occupied in farming, gardening, grading, draining and road making. They also have charge of the horses and cattle. During the winter season and on rainy days some of the men are engaged in brush making and other light employments. We are compelled to avoid the use of machinery, because it would be dangerous in its use to the patients.

The health of this large family during the past year has gene. ally been good; fortunately we were not visited by any of the diseases which have been epidemic in different parts of the State. As in previous years, we find the general health of the patients to be much improved by the constant exercise in the open air, producing not only a better physical condition, but also improving nearly all of them mentally, removing their irritability and discontent. In a few cases, our Superintendent has found them so completely improved that by permission of the Committee on Lunacy, some of the men have been returned to their own families.

The Institution is greatly in need of a day building for the women. Under a Legislative appropriation made some years ago, a day building for the men was constructed, the first floor being used as a day room and a half basement floor, with lavatories and clothing lockers, used by men when returning from work for their meals. We have found this building to be of decided benefit for the men, and we are anxious to construct a similar building of smaller size for the women. The Board of Trustees will also ask for Legislative aid for the construction of a dormitory for the attendants and the nurses. At present they occupy small rooms on the dormitory floors. Our physicians are earnest in thinking that it would be better in every way to furnish sleeping rooms away from the patients, leaving, of course, in each dormitory, a sufficient number of attendants or nurses to be watching during the night. We are informed that such dormitories have been found very useful at the other State Hospitals for the Insane.

The Board has purchased from the Legislative appropriation one hundred and twenty-five acres of woodland through which runs the creek furnishing our water supply. We are negotiating with the owners of the tract immediately adjoining our reservoir through which another creek runs, and for the purpose of this purchase we will ask for a small appropriation. Unfortunately there is a small triangle of land containing nine acres extending like a wedge into the Asylum tract and almost immediately in front of the buildings. The owner has within the last two years erected a small frame tenant house upon this lot and threatens to build other houses upon it. It is important for the interest of the Asylum that this land be secured at once.

A small morgue, with a pathological laboratory is needed and could be placed at a point secluded from the other buildings.

We have applications to admit patients which must be declined because we are only permitted to receive those assigned to the Asylum by the Board of Public Charities, acting through its Lunacy Committee. The Act of June, 1891, authorizes that Board to transfer to the Asylum from the State Hospitals and County and Township Almshouses, able-bodied, harmless, chronic insane persons who have been detained there at least one year. It likewise authorizes and directs the Board of Public Charities to return to such hospitals and almshouses all persons who are found to be unfit to remain at the Asylum because of the absence of the qualifications named. The authorities of the Asylum have no voice or power either in the selection and assignment, or in the return of its patients.

We take pleasure in acknowledging the great assistance in our work received from the Board of Public Charities and its Committee on Lunacy.

The Consulting Staff of Physicians and Surgeons have been constant during the year in giving this Institution, and without compensation, their invaluable aid; often visiting the Asylum and the inmates at considerable personal inconvenience. They can be assured that their services are neartily appreciated by us and all others interested in this charity.

The Board wishes to express its appreciation of the faithful discharge of duty of Dr. Samuel S. Hill, Superintendent, Dr. Linton Turner and Dr. Daniel C. Groves, Assistant Physicians; Dr. Julia Bissell, Woman Physician; Thomas C. Bricker, Steward; Anna King, Matron, and Francis B. Owen, Chief Clerk.

Dr. Bissell resigned at the end of the year and Dr. Elizabeth B. Bricker was appointed Second Assistant Physician.

We return our thanks to the ladies and gentlemen of Reading and Lebanon, who gave concerts to the patients; to Prof. S. Lubin, of Philadelphia, for his exhibition of moving pictures and to the nurses and attendants for their aid at the "balls" during the winter season. All of these entertainments have been furnished without expense to the Asylum, and were largely enjoyed by the inmates. Public exercises upon the Fourth of July and Christmas were held as usual and were participated in by the whole heusehold. The good order and contentment exhibited by the patients show the excellent discipline maintained by the Superintendent and Institution officials.

TENTH ANNIVERSARY.

The Asylum was opened for the reception of patients in 1894, and this seems to be a proper time to review the leading events in its early history.

The Act of June 22, 1891, provided for the establishment of an Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania. The Governor was directed to appoint a Commission, consisting of five members, who were authorized "to select a site and build an asylum for the accommodation of the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania." They were directed to select, within four months, a tract of land not less than five hundred acres in extent, so located as to be conveniently accessible from the State Hospitals for the Insane. The Act also required that the land so selected should be good arable land, well adapted to the preservation of the health, occupation and maintenance of the inmates, with an adequate supply of good water and large facilities for drainage from the Asylum buildings. The approval of a selected tract by the Governor and the Board of Public Charities was also required by the Act of Assembly. The sum of Five Hundred Thousand Dollars was appropriated for the purpose of purchasing the land and erecting the buildings. Governor Pattison at once appointed the Commission who, without delay, proceeded to the discharge of their duties. They visited and personally examined thirty-one sites in nineteen of the counties of the State and determined that the present site possessed all of the required qualifications. They so reported to the Governor and Board of Public Charities, who, after visiting these premises, promptly approved of them as the site of the future Asylum. As it was composed of three farms, a mill property, water rights and various lots of ground held by different owners containing in all 540 acres, some delay ensued in obtaining a clear title to the whole premises, but deeds of conveyance to the State in fee simple were secured during the winter of 1891-2. Architects were selected by the Commission who proceeded to the preparation of plans of the buildings, which were then adopted by the Commission with the subsequent approval of the Governor and Board of Public Charities. The corner-stone of the main building was laid November 20th, 1802, by the R. W. Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania F. and A. M. in the presence of the Governor, Board of Public Charities and a large concourse of citizens. The plan is Colonial, the main or administration building being somewhat similar to Independence Hall. The eight dormitories and the large building used for dining and assembly rooms are two storied, with a half basement. The administration building is three storied. Each building is separated from the others by open spaces, but all of them enjoy perfect inter-communication by means of three corridors, two of which are open. One is in the basement, and is closed during the winter season and kept heated and lighted so that the inmates and officials are protected in passing through the Asylum. The buildings are constructed of brick, stone and structural steel, with concrete floors covered with wood. All of these provisions make the buildings, except the Administration Building, thoroughly fire proof and safe against panic in event of an alarm. They were finished, together with the steam heating and cooking plant, electric lighting, water supply, plumbing and sewage plants, in August, 1894. The total cost, including the price of the land. was less than the amount of the appropriation, leaving a small balance thereof to merge in the State Treasury.

In March, 1894, Governor Pattison appointed the first Board of Trustees, consisting of nine members as provided in the Act of Assembly. The Board was duly organized March 22, 1894, and receiving partial possession of the premises on the 14th day of July, 1894, together with a transfer of one hundred and fortyseven insane men and women, who had been cared for by the Commission in temporary quarters, they proceeded to the discharge of their duties. They made contracts for the furnishing of the Administration and Ward Buildings, the dining and assembly rooms, kitchen and laundry. These contracts were satisfactorily executed. They also purchased the necessary farm and garden tools and machines. They also provided cold storage and ice plants.

Their Treasurer's report shows that the furnishing and equipping were done within the amount appropriated by the Act of June 8, 1893. These one hundred and forty-seven patients had been comfortably lodged and boarded in the old mill and farm houses. The men were employed in grading and road-making, and the women in household work.

A formal dedication of the Asylum was made in the Assembly Room on the fifth day of September, 1894. Upon the invitation of the Commissioners and the Board of Trustees over eight hundred guests were assembled upon that day, Governor Pattison presiding over the exercises. Among the guests present were the State Executive Officers, Senators and Representatives, Board of Public Charities, Trustees and Superintendents of the State and County Hospitals for the Insane and many ladies and prominent men from all parts of the Commonwealth.

Subsequent Boards of Trustees by the aid of the State appropriations have erected work and day room buildings and a large barn. Through the work of the patients and the aid of the maintenance account in buying cement, etc., they have constructed a reservoir and filter plant for the water supply. The distribution of the sewage has been extended through the fields and lawns. Macadamized roads have been constructed through the tract. A large amount of grading has been done and sub-soil piping laid. Small green and hot houses have been constructed for raising bulbs and plants for the lawns and gardens. The Board proposes to extend the sewage distribution, thereby enlarging the cultivation of vegetables and other like products. Shrubbery and trees have been planted upon the lawns and roads for ornamentation and for the pleasure of the patients.

During these ten years the successive Boards have continued in perfect harmony, working together for the common good of the Asylum and its inmates. When this Institution was opened as a manual labor asylum for the chronic insane, it was regarded as an experiment. In New York a similar State Asylum had been built, and, after several years, it was converted into a general hospital. Our State stood alone in establishing a manual labor Asylum for the Caronic Insane. We regard it now as a successful experiment.

Of course, the total amount of work done by the men is small, when compared with the number employed. A very few men really do a day's work; the larger number do only a small part of it.

No force is ever used, and no penalty is inflicted for a failure to keep up with the others, or for a refusal to do any work.

These insane people can, however, be encouraged by the foremen or other patients, and by the promise of small rewards. The force of example has the same effect upon them as upon children, so that the newcomer who at first may refuse to lift a shovel or a rake, and insists upon doing nothing, will often on the second day, of his own motion, join his comrades in the field work. They know, as well as we do, that they cannot be forced, and that the Asylum has no cell or place of any kind for confinement of unruly or disobedient persons; that attendants are summarily dismissed for any act of rudeness to patients, and yet we take great pleasure in reporting that during the year no injury was inflicted and no act of violence was committed by any patient or attendant.

As the men are employed in the fields in parties of 15 each, occasionally an escape occurs; if by negligence of the attendant, he is discharged by the Superintendent. In most cases, the patients are quickly returned to the Asylum, and we have, in no instance, heard of any injury having been done by them during the period of their escape.

The women are doing good work in the household and laundry, because they are engaged in employments with which they are familiar. Their work in the sewing room, kitchen, laundry and dormitories has been of value, because it takes the place of paid labor. But for the reasons stated, the men's labor adds very little to the resources of the Asylum, in proportion to the number maintained here. Nevertheless, we are now maintaining the whole number at a weekly cost less than the general average of like institutions.

A list of the Commissioners and of the Members during the last ten years of the Board of Trustees is hereto attached and also a tabulated statement of the results of the ten years' operations.

The Asylum is located at South Mountain Station, on the Lebanon Valley Railroad, ten miles west of Reading. It is easily accessible by numerous daily trains to and from all parts of the State. The Post Office address is Wernersville, Berks County, Pa.

Visitors are cordially invited on Friday of each week, from 10 o'clock A. M. to 4 o'clock P. M.

> HENRY M. DECHERT, President Board of Trustees.

South Mountain, Pa., November 14, 1904.

NUMBER OF PATIENTS ADMITTED, DIED, AND WEEKLY COST OF EACH PATIENT FROM 1894 TO 1904.

	AI	ADMITTED.			DIED.		
	Men.	Women.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Total.	Average Weekly Cost of Each Patient.
1894	458	204	662	4	1	5	\$2.50
1895	230	77	357	30	9	39	3.13
1896	87	27	114	23	2	25	2.97
1897	132	14	146	19	2	21	2.91
1898	43	9	52	15	1	16	2.87
1899	32	10	42	17	3	20	2.94
1900	57	16	73	8	7	15	2.96
1901	67	13	80	18	4	22	2.96
1902	11	6	17	11	5	16	2.99
1903	24	12	36	15	4	19	2.96
1904	33	3	36	14	3	17	2.99

TRUSTEES AND TERMS OF SERVICE.

Henry M. Dechert, President Philadelphia	Since 1894.
Thomas P. Merritt, TreasurerReading	1894 to 1899.
J. M. Shenk, Treasurer Lebanon	Since 1899.
Joseph L. Lemberger, Secretary Lebanon	Since 1894.
-	
Baer, George F Reading	
Bradley, SaveryPhiladelphia	Since 1894.
Brock, Horace Lebanon	Since 1894.
Bradley, Walter TPhiladelphia	
Dechert, Henry M Philadelphia	
Kohn, Arnold Philadelphia	
Kremer, J. B	
Lemberger Joseph L Lebanon	
Merritt, Thomas P Reading	
Merritt, Thomas r	and since 1903.
The second secon	
*Passmore, John A. M Philadelphia	
*Schick, William H Reading	1894 to 1895.
Shenk, J. M Lebanon	.Since 1895.
Taber, Dr. S. JNorristown	1894 to 1895.
Zimmerman, Thomas CReading	
Dr. W. Brown Ewing, Superintendent	.1894 to 1897.
Dr. Samuel S. Hill, Superintendent	Since 1897.

* Deceased.

COMMISSION TO SELECT SITE AND ERECT ASYLUM BUILDINGS.

Wharton Barker, President Philadelphia185	1 to	1894.	
Henry M. Dechert, Treasurer Philadelphia189)1 to	1894.	
John M. Reynolds, Secretary Bedford 189)1 to	1894.	
Alice Bennett, M. D 189	2 to	1894.	
John Curwen, M. D Warren	1.		
John B. Storm 189)1 to	1894.	

ARCHITECT'S.

Rankin & Kellogg..... Philadelphia.

REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT.

To the Trustees of the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania:

GENTLEMEN:—The following report of the operation of the Institution for the past year and a statement of some needs for betterment is respectfully submitted.

On September 30th, 1903, the number of patients in this Institution was 797, being 594 men and 203 women. The admissions from State and County Hospitals were 36 in number, being 33 men and 3 women. Eleven men and one woman have been transferred to other hospitals. Four men have recovered sufficiently to be discharged and sent to their homes. Fourteen men and three women have died during the year. A number of patients have been paroled during the year in the care of their relatives. The average number of patients has been 798.

The good results obtained in the past years, both to the patients themselves and to the Institution, encourage us to continue to devote our attention to the matter of getting all of our people employed in a useful way.

As usual, a great amount of work has been done almost solely by the efforts of the patients, in addition to the routine labor made necessary in carrying on the work in an Institution of this size. Some of the special work is as follows: 1,260 feet of ditch dug and same length of 3-inch pipe laid to connect the engine room with pumps at sewage well; 450 feet of 6-inch sewer pipe was laid in addition to 175 cubic feet of earth filling.

Our brush shop continues to employ about sixty men about 10 months in the year, stopping work during July and August. The shop is operated at a profit, and many of the men do excellent work and are interested in it.

The sewing rooms in which the women make all of their own clothing and the men's underclothing, continue to do excellent work and effect a great saving to the Institution.

Four concrete sewage wells have been constructed at barns, piggery and sewage plant and a stone wall has been built surrounding our new barn yard. Six hundred panels of post and rail fence have been built from material cut on our own grounds and many new farm gates of our own construction have been added.

A new high pressure steam main with connections has been installed, connecting the boiler house with the engine room. This with extensive repairs to our boiler settings puts our steam plant in excellent condition and will allow of a more economical operation. As the expenditure for fuel is one of the largest items, we endeavor by close attention to this department, to bring it down to a lower amount.

. The air compressor and pumps installed for use in sewage disposal are working satisfactorily and are being operated much more economically than by the isolated steam pumping plant which we formerly used.

We have erected a new stable to replace the one destroyed by fire, and have made extensive alterations in our slaughter house, adding a new cooling room.

A short non-sectarian praise service is held each Sunday. Clergymen of several denominations hold services at intervals during the year.

It is our constant endeavor to provide as much proper entertainment as can be afforded, in order to lessen, as far as possible, the monotony of Institution life. The weekly dances continue to be very much enjoyed and the attendants and employes contribute greatly to the pleasure of the patients by their assistance. We have had many band concerts, vocal concerts, vaudeville entertainments, and through the kindness of Prof. S. Lubin, of Philadelphia, several moving picture entertainments have been given. During the Summer and Fall many outdoor picnics and nutting parties are arranged for the women. About twenty-four women are taken out driving each day. Reading matter in the way of newspapers, books, pictorial magazines, and other periodicals have been frequently contributed by friends and are much enjoyed.

The various holidays are always observed. The exercises of July 4th, were presided over by Henry M. Dechert, President of the Board of Trustees and a majority of the Board of Trustees were present and made brief addresses. Thanksgiving and Christmas was appropriately observed, as is our usual custom.

On September 22d, 1903, the Association of Superintendents and Trustees of Pennsylvania Institutions for Insane held their semi-annual meeting at this Institution. They made a thorough inspection of the plant and gave their approval of its manner of operation. In addition, many individual members wrote letters expressing their appreciation of the management. This commendation from men who have been in charge of the well-known Institutions of Pennsylvania for many years is greatly appreciated.

Members of the Consulting Staff have visited and inspected the Institution, and we are particularly indebted to Dr. W. M. Guilford, of Lebanon, and Dr. D. B. D. Beaver, of Reading, for services rendered.

As in previous years, we have had only one visiting day for those who came merely to see the Institution. We are glad to have friends and relatives visit patients any day except Sunday.

Many Directors of the Poor have visited the patients chargeable to the various counties, and they have also inspected the Institution. The Committee of the Board of Public Charities, and the Committee on Lunacy of the Board, have made their regular visits of inspection.

We are under obligation again to the Lebanon Mandolin Club for a delightful entertainment given during the year; to the Grand View Sanitarium for frequent contributions of pictorial papers and magazines, and to Thomas C. Zimmerman and J. B. Kremer for magazines.

The following papers and magazines are contributed regularly by their publishers: The Lebanon Report, McClure's Magazine, The Young Peoples' Catholic Weekly, The Philadelphia Demokrat, Die Neue Welt, Die Vereinigte Staaten Zeitung, The Evening Bulletin.

We again wish to express appreciation to all who have assisted in carrying on the affairs of the Asylum during the past year, and we thank the Board of Trustees for their continued kindness and co-operation.

Respectfully,

SAMUEL SMITH HILL, Superintendent.

ADMISSIONS AND DISCHARGES.

September 30, 1903, to September 30, 1904.

Admissions.	Men.	Women.	Total.
Number in House Sept. 30, 1903		203	797
Admitted Sept. 30, 1903 to Sept. 30, 1904	33	3	36
Total	627	206	833
Discharged.			
Improved	5		5
Unimproved	II	I	12
Died	14	3	17
Total	30	4	34
Remaining Sept. 30, 1904	593	202	795
Average number during the year	598	200	798
Highest number during the year	602	203	805
Lowest number during the year	589	198	787

NUMBER OF PATIENTS RECEIVED FROM STATE AND COUNTY HOS-PITALS FOR INSANE.

September 30, 1903 to September 30, 1904.

State and County Hospitals.	Men.	Women.	Total.
Philadelphia Hospital			15
Harrisburg Hospital			5
Danville Hospital	13	3	16
Total	33	3	36

MONTHLY DISCHARGES.

September 30, 1903 to September 30, 1904.

Month.	Men.	Women.	Total.
October 1903			
November	5		5
December "	20		20
January 1904			
February "			
March "			
April "			
May "			
June "			
July "			
August "	8	3	II
September "		0	1
Total	33	3	36

CIVIL CONDITION OF THOSE ADMITTED. September 30, 1903 to September 30, 1904.

	Civil Condition.	Men.	Women.	Total
Single		 . 23		23
Married		 8	3	II
Widowed				
Divorced		 I		I
Unknown		 I		I
Total		 33	3	36

FORM OF MENTAL DISEASE OF THOSE ADMITTED.

September 30, 1903 to September 30, 1904.

Form of Mental Disease	Men.	Women.	Total.
Mania, chronic	. 9	I	IO
Mania, chronic Melancholia, chronic	8	2	IO
Melancholia, recurrent	I		I
Dementia, chronic			7
Chronic Delusional Insanity	3		3
Imbecility	2		2
Paranoia	3		3
Total	33	3	36

CAUSE OF INSANITY OF **T**HOSE ADMITTED. September 30, 1903 to September 30, 1904.

Cause of Insanity.	Men.	Women.	Total
Alcoholism	I		I
Congenital Defect			2
Heredity	2		2
Indigestion	I		I
Parturition and Puerperium		I	I
Religious Excitement	I		I
Spiritualism			I
Worry			I
Unknown	24	2	26
Total		3	36

Nativity.	Men.	Women.	Total
Austria	3		3
East Indies			I
Germany		I	3
Illinois	I		I
Ireland	I	I	2
Massachusetts	I		I
New York		I	T
Pennsylvania	18		18
Poland	I		I
Russia	2		2
Scotland	I		T
Virginia	T		T
Unknown	I		T
Total	33	2	26

September 30, 1903 to September 30, 1904.

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NATIVITY OF THOSE ADMITTED.

PATIENTS DISCHARGED.

September 30, 1903 to September 30, 1904.

		caster	caster	caster		oital	oital	oital	oital	oital	oital	oital	nital	nital				
		e, Lan	e, Lan	e, Lan	Russia	a Hospita	a Hospita	a Hospita	a Hospita	-	-							
		for Insane, Lancaster	for Insane, Lancaster	Hospital for Insane, Lancaster	Discharged and sent to his relatives in Russia	Philadelphia	Philadelphia	Philadelphia	Philadelphia	Philadelphia	Philadelphia	Philadelphia	Philadelphia	Philadelphia	atives	relatives	relatives	relatives
	REMARKS.	Hospital f	Hospital f	spital f	is relati					-	-					his rel	his	his
	REM	ity Ho	ity Ho		t to h	Insane Dept.,	ine De								are of	care of		
		to County	to County	to County	nd sen	to Insa	to Insane	to Insane	to insane	to Insane	to Insane	to Insane	to Insane	to Inst			the	the
		1000			rged a				erred	erred	erred 1	-						
		Transferred	Transferred	Transferred	Discha	Transferred	Transferred	Transferred	Transferred	Transferred	Transferred	Transferred	Transferred	Transferred	Discharged	Discharged	Discharged	Discharged
of ce.	Days.	9	9	10	53	21	~	00	16	10	10	25	10	13	27	6	28	-
Period of Residence.	.sdinoM	4	4	9	4		t-	6		00	60	03	10	9	01	00	10	6
Pe	Years.	9	9	00		÷	4	00	00	67	01	63	L		6	00	6	
le ion.	Days.	9	9	10	00	31	6				_		00	13	12		15	
Whole Duration.	Months.	*	4	9	11	01	4			-			6	9	10		00	-
8	Years.	21	6	18	-	10	11		4				07	03	16		31	
	Form of Mental Disease.	Demencia, chronic	Melancholia, chronic.	Mania, chronic	Mania, chronic	Dementia, chronic	Dementia, chronic	Dementia, chronic	Mania, chronic	Dementia, chronic	Mania, chronic	Paranoia	Alcoholic Insanity	Dementia, chronic	Mania, chronic	Melancholia, Rec	Mania, chronic	Dementia, chronic
-		Pennsylvania. De						D		:								_
	Women. Ase. Nativity.		Pennsylvania	Pennsylvania	Russia	Germany	Pennsylvania	Ireland	Ireland	Ireland	Pennsylvania .	Italy	Pennsylvania.	Pennsylvania.	Pennsylvania	Pennsylvania	Pennsylvania	Pennsylvania.
			36	51	28	53	33	36	32	38	36	46	35	022	43	61	62	002
				-														
	Меп.	1	1		-1	1	1	T.	1	1	H	1	T	-	-	-	-	i
	Number,	T	2	00	4	10	9	t-	00	5	10	II	12	13	14	15	16	17

•

September 30, 1904.

Civil State.	Men.	Women.	Total
Married	132	80	212
Single	397	89	486
Widowed	13	24	37
Divorced	2	I	3
Unknown	49	8	57
Total	593	202	795
Color.			
White	563	188	751
Colored	30	14	44
Total	593	202	795

NATIVITY OF THOSE REMAINING.

September 30, 1904.

Nativity.	Men.	Women.	Total
Austria	II		II
China	I		I
England	II	5	16
East Indies	I	·	I
France	2	I	3
Germany	68	19	87
Hungary	3	- /	3
Holland	I		I
Ireland	58	43	IOI
Italy	4	+J	5
Norway	3	-	3
Poland	13	Т	14
Russia	11	1	II
Roumania	T		11
	T		1
Switzerland	1		8
Sweden	/	1	1000
Scotland		1	8
United States	368	125	493
West Indies	I	I	2
Wales	3	2	5
Unknown	18	2	20
Total	593	202	795

FORM OF MENTAL DISEASE OF THOSE REMAINING. September 30, 1904.

Mental Diseases.	Men.	Women.	Total.
Mania, recurrent	3	I	4
Mania, chronic	361	93	454
Mania, periodic	I	I	2
Melancholia	28	14	42
Melancholia, recurrent	I		I
Dementia, chronic	108	59	167
Dementia, primary	9	I	IO
Dementia, epileptic		I	I
Dementia, terminal	5		5
Imbecility	41	22	63 16
Chronic Delusional Insanity	16		16
Paranoia	20	IO	30
Total	593	202	795

PERIOD OF RESIDENCE OF THOSE REMAINING.

Septem	ber	30,	1904.
--------	-----	-----	-------

			Men.	Women.	Total.
I	to 2 months	 	8	3	II
I	year	 	33	38	41
2	years	 	17	IO	27
3	"	 	28	5	33
4	"	 • •	50	12	62
56	"	 	34	12	46
6	"	 • •	8	I	9
7	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 • •	78	8	86
8		 	33	12	45
9	"	 	43	12	55
IO	"	 • •	217	95	312
ĭΙ	"	 • •	44	24	68
	Total	 	593	202	795

22

NUMBER OF PATIENTS ADMITTED AND DISCHARGED SINCE THE OPENING OF THE INSTITUTION.

					~	
	11	V	21		189	1.
2		· 7		2		-T-

	Men.	Women.	Total.
Admitted	1237	393	1630
Discharged.			
Recovered		4	IO
Improved		5	25
Unimproved			
Died	176	40	216
Total	634	190	824

MORTUARY RECORD.

September 30, 1903 to September 30, 1904.

Cause of Death.		Pulmonary Tuberculosis	Uraemia	Pulmonary Tuberculosis	Shock as result of injuries received	Chronic Interstitial Nephritis.	Carcinoma of Liver	Nephritis	Strangulated Hernia	Uraemia	Pneumonia	Pulmonary Tuberculosis	Pneumonia	Pulmonary Tuberculosis	Acute Intestinal Obstruction.	Pulmonary Tuberculosis	Pulmonary Tuberculosis	Status Epilepticus
ole don.	Days.	20	~		12	16	_	10		-			10	119	4		12	20
Whole Duration.	Months		c1			10		11			_		6		4		10	-
-	Years.	18	55		14	22	11	51	8			-	22	1-	16	-	53	17
Form of Mental Disease.		Chronic Mania	Chronic Mania	Paranoia	Chronic Melancholia	Chronic Mania	Chronic Mania	Chronic Mania	Chronic Mania	Chronic Dementia	Chronic Mania	Chronic Mania	Chronic Mania	Chronic Mania	Chronic Mania	Chronic Mania	Chronic Mania	Chronic Dementia
of nce.	Days.	10	12	9	17	28	12	27	21	0.1	26	01	-	19	16	26	20	19
Period of Residence.	Months.	11	4	4	4	10	1-	2	01		9	10	10	6	21			**
RP	Years.	00	6	00	6	~	10	6	6	00	1-	00	6	9	10	00	10	10
Nativity.		Germany	Ireland	Russia	Germany	Penn'a	Ireland	Penn'a		Poland	Penn'a	Ireland	Penn'a	Penn'a	Germany	Russia	New Jersey	Penn'a
Civil Condition.		Mr.	-	Mr.		50	Mr.	Mr.		-	Wd	-			-	So.		
	.92Å.		56	39	78	54	19	64	67	27	66	51	59	30	69	30	48	54
Color.		M	M	M	M	M		M	M	M	M	M	M	M	M	M	M	M
.пэто W								-	I	_	1	1						
Men.		-	-	-	-	-		-	12	-			Г	1	-	-	-	1
Number.		F	6	00	-41	15	9	-	00	6	10	II	12	13	14	15	16	17

REPORT OF THE WOMAN PHYSICIAN.

To the Trustees of the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania:

GENTLEMEN:-The Annual Report of the Women's Department of the Asylum, for the year ending September 30th, 1904, is, herewith, respectfully submitted for your kind consideration.

While it is not possible to report any marked improvement in the mental condition of any individual during the year under review, the general health of the patients has been excellent. Cases of serious illness have been few. There were but three deaths, and the close of the year finds but one patient, a case of recurrent carcinoma, confined to bed. Three cases of measles which occurred were met by prompt and complete isolation of attendant and patient, and followed by thorough disinfection and fumigation, thus preventing the occurrence of other cases. There was one death from tuberculosis. In four other distinctly tuberculous cases, the disease is at present in a quiescent stage, having been arrested by the fresh air and supporting treatment. In the case of patients transferred from other institutions to this Asylum, it is the writer's experience that they soon show a distinct gain in weight.

It has been the constant aim to secure for the patients every possible benefit from the unusual opportunities afforded them by the Asylum grounds for being out of doors. The sedative effect of the hours spent in the park provided for the women patients, is distinctly noticeable. With the same end in view an unusually large number of trips on both trolley cars and on foot to points readily accessible have been planned. Picnics, visits to the County Fair, berrying parties and similar short excursions were carried out and were appreciated by those who could be taken. The regular dances and entertainments, as also the Sabbath services, were well attended and as usual several patients were pleased to assist in the choir. The "Talking Machine" has offered many a pleasant hour in the wards. A Halloween Party, in-door and out-door games and other minor diversions were provided.

As heretofore a determined effort has been made to encourage all the inmates to engage in some regular employment. Workers in the sewing rooms, in addition to dresses worn by the women patients, have also made some men's suits and other clothing. Twenty-five sewers in the repairing room have kept all clothing and household linen and bedding required for eight hundred people in repair. From this account is excepted what is distinctively tailors' work. In addition the same body has prepared many hundred feet of strips of carpet rags. The usual variety of industries has been carried on in the Hat and Mat Shop. Women's underwear, men's shirts and underwear, bed and table linen, straw hats and baskets, braided mats, artificial flowers, table covers, doilies and other articles in Mexican drawn work, curtains, aprons and costumes for the annual masquerade ball have all been made well under the efficient direction of the forewoman. At the County Fair, prizes were awarded this year as formerly to work exhibited there.

Thirty-six patients have assisted regularly in the laundry, forty-two in the refectory, and forty-four others in the kitchens, the wards and other departments of house-work required for this community. At times one hundred and ninety were reported as employed for longer or shorter periods of time, through the day, the regular number being about one hundred and seventy-five.

Articles made by the patients have been on sale to visitors through the year and have attracted attention and admiration. Some of these were made in the regular hours in the shops, others by patients who were allowed the privilege of making them in leisure time and of using the proceeds for themselves.

Many women patients are interested in reading and looking over illustrated periodicals. Frequent requests are made for literature of this sort, and much more could be used if available for them. A small number can with pleasure and profit read the simpler works of fiction. All such are encouraged to use the library provided for them.

The attendants' work has, on the whole, been marked by fidelity and by a sincere regard for the comfort and real welfare of the patients.

Respectfully,

JULIA BISSELL, M. D., Second Assistant Physician.

REPORT OF THE TREASURER

For the Year Ending September 30, 1904.

MAINTENANCE ACCOUNT.

Cash on hand as per last report..... \$19,432 10

RECEIPTS WERE:

From the C	ommonwealth	83,406 65
" Sale of	f Farm and Garden products.\$ 241 11	
** **	Bags 18 24	
	Bread 46	
** **	Bones and rags 60 03	
	Butter (Apple) 25	
	Cider	
** **	Clothing 9 00	
** **	Hides 402 39	
** **	Hatchet 40	
** **	Lard and grease 239 55	
** **	Lime 219 33	
66 61	Live Stock 450 01	
** **	Meals 50	
** **	Milk 8 45	
	Pickles 28	
** **	Scrap metal, rubber 31 64	
	Straw hats I oo	
	Stone, (crushed) 16 55	
** **	Tallow 184 20	
"	Wood	
" Bru	sh Shop 962 18	
	er sources 23 14	
		3 2,904 71
From Count	ties and Districts:	
	my\$ 313 72	
	ong 431 42	
	rd	
	n	
	a 366 oo	
	rd 156 86	
Chester		
Clearfie	ld 575 14	
		6,113 53
		5 55

Amounts brought forward \$	6,113 53	105,743 46
Center	273 70	
Clinton	209 16	
Columbia	339 96	
Cumberland	238 86	
Dauphin	409 28	
	1,045 72	
Erie	366 00	
Fayette	758 85	
Franklin	65 42	
Fulton	52 28	
Greene		
	104 58	
Huntingdon	313 98	
Indiana	156 84	
Jefferson	104 58	
Lancaster	136 71	
Lawrence	379 12	
Lackawanna	638 58	
Lebanon	353 14	
Lehigh	430 72	
Luzerne	429 86	
Lycoming	405 28	
McKean	327 13	
Monroe	56 85	
Montgomery	,275 43	
Northampton	719 43	
Northumberland	566 12	
Philadelphia21	,138 86	
Somerset	52 28	
Sullivan	169 98	
Schuylkill	851 58	
Susquehanna	274 84	
Snyder	261 68	
Tioga	366 00	
Union	160 84	
Venango	200 14	
Warren	156 85	
Washington	588 87	
Wayne	409 40	
Westmoreland	641 15	
Wyoming	196 71	
York	353 43	
	555 45	42,102 72
	ф	42,102 /2

Expenditures were for:Warrants paid during the year \dots \$124,201 55Cash in Bank, September 30, 1904.....23,644 639147,846 18

SPECIAL APPROPRIATION.

	last report			
Received from the	Commonwealth	5,240 78		
		\$	5,657 6	5

Expenditures were for:

Improving grounds\$2,000 00
Woodland 3,240 78
Transportation of patients 184 78
Cash in Bank September 30, 1904 232 09
\$ 5,657 65
Total cash on hand as per above:
On Maintenance account\$23,644 63
On account of Special Appropriation. 232 09
\$ 23.876 72

SUMMARY OF PAYMENTS.

ų,

Salaries and wages		39,904 13
Butter, 18,704 lbs\$2		
Cheese, 6,506 lbs.	689 51	
Eggs, ī,980 doz	475 65	
Ice Cream, 275 qts	-55 00	
Milk, 1,845 qts	78 42	5,620 45
Ciden molting a 99a molt		5,020 45
Cider making, 2,889 gals\$	6 83	
Corn, 240 cans	21 94	
Olives, Oil	7 66	
Peas, 192 cans	14 10	
Peaches, 72 cans	9 72 10 05	
Salmon, 61 cans Vinegar, 520 gals.	50 18	
v megar, 520 gais	\$	147 49
Choselate at the	6 83	14/ 49
Chocolate, 24 lbs\$		
Coffee, 12,638 lbs	984 24 386 89	
Tea, 2,980 lbs	\$	1,377 96
Citron of the		1,3/7 90
Citron, 55 lbs\$	7 80	
Currants, 1,430 lbs	87 83 8 63	
Nuts Peaches, 5,420 lbs		
Primes 8025 lbs	329 70 420 18	
Prunes, 8,025 lbs Raisins, 1,580 lbs	91 45	
	\$	945 59
Fish fresh 1626, the	923 78	945 59
Fish, fresh, 16,264 lbs\$ Fish, salt, 5,686 lbs	360 64	
Fish, shell, 7,200.	50 57	
	<u> </u>	T 224 00
	φ	1,334 99

Amount brought forward \$ 49,330 61
0 1
Crackers, 5,104 lbs 238 19
Flour, graham, 74 lbs I 80
Flour, wheat, 1,030 bbls 4,599 20
Marazroni 2 606 lbs
Marcaroni, 2,606 lbs 107 67
Yeast, 1,152 lbs 345 60
\$ 5,318 86
Apples and peaches\$ 9 65
Cranberries 24 05
Envite ameli
Fruits, small 14 15
Fruit cans, jars 45 02
Lemons and Oranges, 17 boxes 58 55
Melons 10 47
Potatoes, 1,484 bu 1,552 02
Vegetables 10 51 *
\$ 1,724 42
Barley, pearl, 1,800 lbs\$ 44 03
Beans, lima, 5,092 lbs 216 34
Com daied 215 the
Corn, dried, 247 lbs 25 94
Cornstarch, 838 lbs 21 90
Cornmeal, 9,800 lbs 174 80
Oatmeal, 10,500 lbs 316 22
Page dried a for the
Peas, dried, 4,821 lbs 114 22
Rice, 7,400 lbs 244 00
Tapioca, 500 lbs 12 05
\$ 1,169 50
+ -,, 5-
Bacon, 339 lbs\$ 38 01
Beef corned to oto the
Beef, corned, 50,079 lbs 1,632 84
Beef, dried, 86 lb3 10 65
Beef, fresh, 110,279 lbs 8,838 86
Mutton, 20,395 lbs 1,356 32
Pork Hams, 901 lbs 97 99
Poultry 782 the
Poultry, 783 lbs 147 85
\$ 12,122 52
Des sol u
Bran, 198,509 lbs\$2,063 60
Corn, 200 bu 116 00
Middlings, 2,090 lbs 25 08
Straw etc. to fro lbc
Straw, etc., 10,610 lbs
\$ 2,266 62
Pipes clay az aro
Pipes, clay, 27 gro\$ 24 13
Salt, 20,550 lbs 102 45
Tobacco, chewing, 3,834 lbs 962 33
Tobacco, smoking, 1,250 lbs 287 50
\$ 1,376 41

Amount brought forward	\$	73,308 94
		75,500 54
Allspice, 92 lbs\$	9 31	
Cinnamon, 120 lb3	16 88	
Extracts	33 45	
Ginger, 84 lbs	9 76	
Mustard, 30 lbs	2 82	
Nutmegs, 5 lbs	1 39	
1 epper, 215 ibs	29 91 \$	102 52
	φ	103 52
Bath brick, 1,125\$	32 30	
The state of the s	Contraction of the second	
	45 12	
	7 50	
	51 49	
Cream tartar, 10 lbs	2 80	
Pearline, 6,600 10	69 62	
Starch, 1,758 lbs	58 06	
Sal-ammoniac, 22 lbs	2 20	
Soda assisting a log lba	14 22	
Soda, caustic, 2,820 lbs	82 34	
Soap, laundry, 6,500 1.	49 16	
Soap, scouring, 2,524 lbs	85 95	
	07 30	
Whiting, 75 lbs	75	
		908 81
	Ψ	900 01
Sugar, 52,869 lbs. \$2,4 Molasses, 2,463 gals. 4	41 95	
Molasses, 2,463 gals 4	53 85	
	\$	2,895 80
	4	
Ammonia anhudrous Gra lha	0	
Ammonia, anhydrous, 613 lbs\$ 1		
	40 95	
	32 30	
Repairs to ice factory In	26 75	
	\$	359 38
	-	559 50
Binder twine Loro the	89	
	85 78	
	28 57	
	02 00	
2 mowers	70 00	
I silo and lid 3	27 72	
	76 00	
	53 00	
Farm tools and manine	58 17	
Farm tools and repairs		
	72 92	
Manure, 383,822 lbs 4	27 07	
Phosphate, 36,268 lbs 44	60 36	
	\$	2,461 59

¢

Amount brought forward		5	\$80,038 0	04
Paris green\$	17			
Seeds, farm and garden	250			
Seeds, clover, 10 bus	74			
Seeds, grass, 12 bus	19			
Seeds, potato, 302 bu	343			
	1,824			
	3,977			
	1,903			
Combs, 288	18			
Collars, shirt, 660	47			
Gloves, men's 264 pr	121 (
Hats and caps, 415	III	-		
Handkerchiefs, 1,200	45			
Stays, 108	65			
Shirts, white, 564	196			
Shoe laces, 60 gross	190			
Shoe findings	225 2			
Stockings and half hose, 3,052 pr	236 2			
Suspenders, 600 pr				
Suspenders, 000 pr	67 :	_\$	0 = 62 =	
		φ	9,563 7	1
Coal, anthracite, 5,337-09 tons\$1,	3,805 3	36		
Coal, bituminous, 33-04	91 6			
Coal oil, 206 gals	28 ;	72		
Candles, 30 lbs	3 1			
Lamps, incandescent, 750	115 0			
Matches, 13 gross	19 0			
Material for lighting and repairs	97 0	05		
-		-\$	14,159 9	8
Disulate 11.11				
Blankets and bedding\$				
Brooms and brushes	602 9			
Carpets	338 4			
Furniture	999 :			
Glassware and tableware	24 2			
Hardware, tinware, cutlery	787 1			
Queensware	391 5	51.00		
Table linen	73 1			
Towels, crash	307 2	27		
		-\$	5,054 7	7
Advertising\$	14 1	12		
Amusement and instruction for patients	757 2			
Brush Shop	63			
Freight and transportation	405 Č			
Funeral expenses	65 2			
Insurance	186 6			
Legal expenses	761 0			
-		-\$	2,196 1	8

Amounts carried forward......\$2,196 18 108,816 50 Live Stock: 10 cows.....\$542 31 3 mules..... 575 00 Eggs for incubator 27 90 Veterinary service 70 80 -----\$1,216 OI Petty expenses 55 77 Printing and stationery 355 72 Postage and telegraph 442 27 Sundry supplies 4,473 60 Tools and machinery 121 24 Vehicles, harness and repairs..... 689 40 _\$ 9,550 19 Ordinary repairs 3,842 12 Travelling expenses 272 63 Trustees' expenses..... 809 73 -\$ 5,834 86

\$124,201 55

RECAPITULATION.

Salaries and wages\$39,904	4 13
Provisions and supplies 40,830	
Furniture, bedding 5,054	
Miscellaneous expenses 9,550	
Clothing 8,858	
Fuel and light 14,159	
	38
Ordinary repairs 3,842	•
Travelling expenses	
Trustees' expenses	
1103005 expenses	
	φ124,201 55

J. M. SHENK, Treasurer.

REPORT OF THE STEWARD.

To the Trustees of the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania:

GENTLEMEN:—The following statement shows the operations of the various departments for the eleventh year, ending September 30th, 1904.

STATEMENT.

Of Production and Expenses of Farm, Garden, Piggery and Poultry Yard, Shoemaker Shop, Soap Factory, Tailor Shop, Brush Shop, Hat and Mat Shop and Sewing Room No. 2, Sewing Room No. 1, and Mending Room.

FARM.

EXPENSES.

Inventory, live stock and farming imple-				
ments on hand September 30th, 1903	\$7,500	00		
Live stock purchased	4,520	00		
Veterinary services		80		
Feed, hay, etc				
50 feet ³ / ₄ -inch rubber hose	5			
Phosphate				
Seeds of all kinds	8:8			
Tools and implements				
Sundry repairs and expenses	-8	65		
Blacksmith work				
	300			
Twines		62		
Freight		69		
Paris green		91		
Straw	-	16		
Shavings for bedding	4	50		
Making post and rail fence	207	50		
Clipper corn kaives	5	00		
Harness		93		
Cattle powder	8	00		
Coal oil		75		
Making cider, 4,768 gallons	47	68		
Salt		75		
Brooms and curry combs		50		
Live stock died	145			
5,223 bushels lime at 5c	261			
Axle grease		65		
Wages and board				
0		-	23,009	26
		Ŧ	-5,009	

PRODUCTION.

166 tons hay, at \$12\$	1 002	00		
18 tons hay, 2d crop, at \$6	108			
1,576 bushels wheat, at \$1.05	1,654			
44 bushels wheat, rakings at 60c	26			
324 bushels rye at 60c				
	194			
1,589 bushels oats, at 40c	635			
4,600 ears sweet corn, at 60c	27			
47 loads corn fodder, at \$4.00	188			
6,000 bushels potatoes, at 50c	3,000			
355 bushels small potatoes, 25c	88	75		
1,550 bushels cow horn turnips, at 10c	155			
65 bu. H. P. medium soup beans, at \$2.10	136	50		
4,023 bushels lime sold, at 8c	321	84		
4,768 gallons cider, at 5c	238			
Old threshing machine in exchange	60			
Wood sold	35	00	1	
Corn cobs sold	2			
96,617 quarts milk, at 4 ¹ / ₂ c	4.347	76		
810 quarts cherries, at 4c	32			
575 bushels picked apples, at 40c	230			
500 bushels apples, at 20c	100			
15 bushels pears, at 50c		50		
Live stock sold	286			
Hides sold				
Loga pounds yeal at Log	403			
1,024 pounds veal, at 12c				
100 tons ensilage, at \$2.00	200			
57,707 pounds beef	4,074			
71 tongues	17			
71 hearts	17			
710 pounds liver, at 8c	56			
1,300 pounds tallow, at $4\frac{1}{2}$ c		50		
Improvements to grounds by farm horses	651	50		
Inventory, live stock and farming imple-				
ments on hand September 30th, 1904	8,700	00		
			30,544	20

GARDEN.

EXPENSES.

Inventory, live stock and tools on hand	
September 30th, 1903\$	220 00
Garden seeds and plants	125 00
Manure	250 12
Amount carried forward\$	595 12

Amount brought forward\$	595	12
Freight	218	
Phosphate	67	50
Feed	90	80
Implements and repairs	12	25
20 bushels onion sets at \$2.25	45	00
I barrel sweet potatoes for plants		40
Muslin	2	85
Saltpetre		80
Coal oil	I	75
250 bushels lime, at 8c	20	00
125 5-8 truck baskets	7	.50
Live stock purchased	175	00
Veterinary services	2	00
Wages and board	654	60

~

-\$ 1,897 20

PRODUCTION.

8,835 heads cabbage, at 4c\$	353	40
33,124 ears sweet corn, at 65c 100	215	
38,170 cucumbers, at 50c 100	190	85
560 heads cauliflower, at 10c	56	00
26,030 stalks celery, at 2c	520	60
218 bushels parsnips, at 60c	130	80
2,400 heads endive, at 2c	48	00
3,760 squashes, at 3c	112	80
$107\frac{1}{2}$ bushels carrots, at 60c	64	50
466 bushels string beans, at 60c	279	60
110 bushels lima beans, at 60c	66	00
22 bu. medium soup beans, H. P., at \$2.10	46	20
134 bushels red beets, at 60c	80	40
7.37 dozen red beets, at 8c	58	96
$35\frac{1}{2}$ bushels onion sets, at \$2.25	79	87
364 ³ / ₄ bushels onions, at 80c	291	80
I bushel pickling onions, at \$1.50	I	50
9,288 scallions, at 20c	18	58
12 bushels hot bed onions, at \$1.00	12	00
475 egg plants, at 5c	23	75
24 bushels parsley, at \$1.00	24	00
118 bunches hot bed parsley, at 2c	2	36
498 bushels lettuce, at 50c	249	00
$3\frac{1}{2}$ bushels hot bed lettuce, at \$1.00	3	50
103 bushels peas, at 70c	72	10
136 bushels white potatoes, at 75c	102	00
3,555 peppers, at IC	35	55
834 pumpkins, at 5c	41	70
$172\frac{1}{2}$ bushels radishes, at $25c$	43	12

Amount carried forward.....\$3,224 24

Amount brought forward\$	3,224	24
26,994 radishes, at 25c		48
139 dozen hot bed radishes, at Ioc		90
835 bushels tomatoes, at 25c	208	
559 bushels turnips, at 25c	139	
8,742 stalks rhubarb, at IC	87	
2,023 bunches asparagus, at 15c	303	
21/2 bushels sweet basil, at \$1.00		50
620 stalks horse radish, at IC	6	20
$1\frac{1}{2}$ bushels brussel sprouts, at \$1.00	I	50
8 quarts kidney wax beans, at 15c	I	20
10 ¹ / ₂ bushels pop corn, at \$2.25	23	62
120 bushels salsify, at \$1.00	120	00
150 bushels sweet potatoes, at 80c	120	00
I bushel okra, at \$1.50	I	50
I bushel sage, at \$1.00	I	00
100 bushels spinach, at 50c	50	00
1,100 cantaloupes, at 4c	44	00
600 water melons, at 5c	30	
$\frac{1}{2}$ bushel quinces, at \$1.00		50
6 baskets peaches, at \$1.00	6	
40 bushels pears, at 50c	20	
192 bushels plums, at 50c	96	00
5 pounds sweet marjoram, at 15c		75
1,800 gallons sourkrout, at 15c	270	
3,400 pounds grapes, at 2½c	85	
205 quarts cherries, at 8c	16	
1,062 quarts strawberries, at 8c	84	-
125 quarts blackberries, at 10c	12	-
442 quarts raspberries, at 10c	44	
321 quarts currants, at 8c	25	
Corn fodder		00
Cabbage sold	32	
Plants sold	II	83
Inventory, live stock and tools on hand		
September 30th, 1904	400	00

\$ 5,560 80

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PIGGERY AND POULTRY YARD.

EXPENSES.

Inventory, live stock on hand September	
30th 1903\$1,637	25
Feed 1,331	
Live stock died	00
Coal oil 4	

Amount carried forward.....\$3,298 33

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Amount brought forward\$3,29)8	
Wire nails		60
Hot rings		25
Pad locks		50
0	7	50
recention of the second s		00
		00
	-	

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\$ 3,867 18

PRODUCTION.

21,275 pounds of pork			
6,972 pounds lard	608	49	
1,535 pounds dressed chickens, at 12c	184	20	
120 pounds dressed spring chicken, at 20c	24	00	
178 pounds dressed duck, at 12c	21	36	
147 squabs, at 15c	22	05	
Shoats sold	163	80	
225 dozen eggs	502	73	
Manure to garden	27	00	
Inventory, live stock on hand September			
30th, 1904	1,000	00	
		\$	4,123 41

SHOEMAKER SHOP.

EXPENSES.

1,205 pounds hemlock sole leather, at 23c\$	277 15
80 pounds harness leather	26 00
4-4 and 5-4 window shading	75 90
Shade, rollers and fixtures	5 75
Calf skin	I 50
6 lock buckles for restraint straps	1 50
Fly net lashes	9 00
Findings	16 88
Wages and board	540 00

\$ 953 68

PRODUCTION.

179 new window shades, at 72c\$	128	88
257 window shades repaired, at 5c	12	85
I long strap	2	00
2 shaft tugs, at 25c		50
2 back straps, at 25c		50
I B. band		50
I yoke strap		75
4 check reins, at 50c	2	00
12 hame straps, at 25c	3	00
Amount carried forward\$	150	98

Amount brought forward		98
29 hitching straps, at 25c	. 7	7 25
I double line	2	2 25
4 new halters, at 50c		2 00
I chair re-caned		00 1
Mending boots and shoes	~ ~ ~ ~	5 00
		9

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\$ 1,098 48

TAILOR SHOP.

.

EXPENSES.

1,050 yards Connestoga ticking\$	108	00
250 yards blue denim	28	75
171 yards khaki	25	78
20 yards strainer cloth	2	60
15 yards silicia	I	30
20 yards muslin	I	18
180 yards duck, 8-0z., 10-0z., 12-0z	21	90
280 yards corduroy	120	40
Spool cotton	24	83
Buttons and needles	24	76
Linen carpet thread		50
Carpet binding	5	51
Wages and board	575	00

940 51

\$

PRODUCTION.

72 mattresses, at 72c\$	122	40
67 corduroy pants, at \$2 00	134	00
87 overalls cut, at 60c	52	20
19 overalls made, at 80c	15	20
520 pillow ticks, at 25c	130	00
27 khaki coats, at 75c	20	25
19 coffee sacks. at 50c	9	50
4 carpet rugs, at 75c	3	00
8 carpet rugs, at 50c	4	00
8 duck motor covers, at 75c	6	00
5 duck engine covers, at \$1.00	5	00
84 laundry rack covers, at IOC	8	40
3 pair corduroy shoes, at 75c	2	25
I shoemaker's apron		50
2 couch covers, at \$1.00	2	00
I pair women's duck restraint stockings		75
Repairing, cleaning and mending clothes	630	00
-		-\$

BRUSH SHOP.

EXPENSES.

Inventory, September 30th, 1903\$	458	50
84 balls B. C. No. 18 twine	7	35
2-oz. and 3-oz. snoe tacks	21	84
30-inch flint paper	5	45
50 pounds wire nails		00
Coal oil		65
Scissors	100	00
Wages and board	412	00

PRODUCTION.

	0 0
1,429 dozen No. M22 tampico brushes\$	287 84
685 dozen No. 13 cocoa brushes, straight	143 65
703 doz. No. 13 cocoa brushes, ex. ends	125 42
6 dozen No. M22 cocoa brushes	I 33
165 dozen Dolly Varden cocoa brushes	18 80
100 dozen No. 18 tampico brushes	12 50
210 ¹ / ₂ dozen No. 56 cocoa brushes	21 95
1,756 dozen No. 5 tampico brushes	186 70
307 dozen toy tampico brushes	27 80
60 dozen toy, cocoa centre, brushes	6 25
208 dozen toy cocoa brushes	
	19 58
227 dozen No. 30 tampica brushes	52 02
35 dozen No. 30 cocoa brushes	74 91
139 dozen No. 30 marble brushes	33 87
07 dozen No. 33 tampico brushes	22 23
22 dozen 4 row diamond cocoa brushes	2 54
109 dozen 4 row diamond tampico brushes.	12 61
118 dozen 7 row clamp cocoa brushes	17 96
6 dozen 7 row clamp gray brushes	I 13
86 dozen No. 33 tampico with cocoa end	
brushes	19 70
36 dozen No. 81 tampico with cocoa end	
brushes	6 00
12 dozen No. 3 cocoa brushes	2 75
74 dozen No. 33 cocoa brushes	16 96
86 dozen No. 98 cocoa brushes	14 34
24 dozen No. 98 marble brushes	
58 dozen No. 8 cocoa brushes	4 50
208 dozen No. 112 tempico brushes	8 46
308 dozen No. 112 tampico brushes	56 46
32 dozen No. 17 tampico brushes	3 44
32 dozen No. 2 tampico brushes with gray	
ends	3 33
59 dozen toothpick tampico brushes	10 82
60 dozen No. 5 tampico cocoa end brushes.	5 00
Inventory, September 30th, 1904	458 50

\$ 909 79

\$ 1,679 35

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SOAP FACTORY.

EXPENSES.

2,834 pounds	caustic	soda\$ 90	00
4,800 pounds	fat, at a	$\frac{1}{2}$ c	00 \$ 162

PRODUCTION.

10,600 gallons soft	soap, at	4c\$	424 00
1,643 pounds hard	soap, at	30	49 29
1.1.1.1		-	\$

HAT AND MAT SHOP AND SEWING ROOM, No. 2.

EXPENSES.

Inventory September 30th, 1903\$	75 00
2,493 [‡] yards canton flannel	237 95
794 ¹ / ₂ yards Lancaster apron gingham	53 62
342 yards D. R. P. flannel	45 86
696 yards huckaback crash	93 25
1,275 yards Barnsley crash	126 00
1,274 ³ / ₄ yards 4-4 No. 2 unbleached muslin.	74 61
315½ yards table linen	129 35
1,4314 yards 42-inch bleached muslin	159 80
107 ³ / ₄ yards 42-inch bleached muslin	23 46
54 yards 4-4 No. I bleached muslin	5 03
87 ⁴ / ₄ yards 8-4 bleached muslin	22 94
$1,476\frac{3}{4}$ yards 8-4 unbleached muslin	260 88
1,880 ¹ yards Portsmouth stripe shirting	206 55
194 yards rubber sheeting	6 16
ryards blue denim	60
5 yards blue denim	
5 yards brown cambric	40
24 yards Victoria lawn	2 76
31 ¹ / ₂ yards strainer cloth	4 72
4 ³ / ₄ yards embroidery linen	I 25
4 ¹ / ₈ pounds Germantown zephyr	6 65
22 balls B. C. twine, No. 18	I 95
85 dozen sewing cotton	39 08
160 pounds sisal rope	16 00
Tape, buttons, needles, etc	6 65
Wages and board	420 00
	C

\$ 2,020 52

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PRODUCTION.

387 canton flanne	l shirts, at 35c\$	135 45
467 canton flanne	l drawers, at 35c	163 45
	tripe shirts, at 50c	316 50

Amount carried forward.....\$ 615 40

473 29

Amount brought forward\$	615 40
81 D. R. P. flannel petticoats, at 60c	48 60
72 blue denim overalls, at 20c	14 40
421 gingham aprons, at 15c	63 15
670 double sheets, at 60c	402 00
1,255 pillow cases, at 15c	188 25
146 pantalets, at 30c	43 80
129 chemises, at 30c	38 70
184 night gowns, at 40c	73 60
826 crash tea towels, at 10c	82 60
843 huck towels' at 15c	126 45
241 crash roller towels, at 20c	48 20
120 linen napkins, hemmed, at 5c	6 00
40 canton flannel napkins, at 25c	10 00
.35 manilla rope mats, at 75c	26 25
18 refectory aprons, at 20c	3 60
39 cooks' bib aprons, at 20c 22 unbleached bib aprons, at 15c	7 80
18 white rubber aprons, at 40c	3 30
10 cooks' caps, at 15c	7 20
3 madras shirts, at 25c	I 50
9 gingham shirts, at 50c	75 4 50
3 outing flannel drawers, at 25c	+ 50
10 bleached double sheets, at 75c	7 50
43 attendants' pillow cases, at 20c	8 60
24 tray covers, at 20c	4 80
12 muslin napkins, at 10c	I 20
I linen drawn work stand cover	5 00
1 pair linen drawn work cuffs	60
2 pair linen drawn work cuffs, at 50c	I 00
I linen drawn work handkerchief	I 25
I linen drawn work handkerchief	2 00
2 linen drawn work handkerchiefs, at \$1.50	3 00
I linen drawn work handkerchief	1 75
I linen drawn work handkerchief	50
I linen drawn work soup tureen doily	3 00
I linen drawn work carving doily	2 00
I linen drawn work washstand cover	2 00
I linen drawn work washstand cover I linen drawn work washstand cover	3 00
2 linen drawn work table covers, at \$1.50.	4 00
5 linen drawn work collars, at 50c	3 00
2 linen drawn work collars, at 40c	2 50 80
I linen drawn work collar	
12 linen drawn work finger bowl doilies,	25
at 30c	3 60
I double set of linen drawn work	9 00
Amount carried forward\$1	887 15

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Amount brought forward \$1,	887	15
2 double sets linen drawn work, at 5 00		00
2 sets linen scrim drawn work cuffs, col-		
lars and front	2	00
3 linen hemstitched handkerchiefs at 25c		75
10 linen hemstitched handkerchiefs, at 35c.	3	50
7 muslin hemstitched drawn work table	_	
covers, at 75c		25
4 muslin drawn work table covers, at 1.50 3 muslin drawn work table covers, at \$1.25		00
I muslin drawn work table covers, at \$1.25		75
6 straw baskets, at IOC	-	60
3 straw baskets, at 15c		45
10 huck tray covers, at 10c	I	00
11 starch strainers, at 20c		20
14 milk strainers, at 25c	3	50
3 uniform bleached aprons, at 20c	~	60
6 linen table cloths, 7 yards, at \$3 25	19	50
4 linen table cloths, $6\frac{1}{2}$ yards, at \$3.00	12	00
16 linen table cloths, $5\frac{1}{2}$ yards, at \$2.50	40	00
I linen table cloth, $3\frac{1}{2}$ yards		00
57 linen table cloths, $2\frac{1}{2}$ yards, at \$1.50	85	1000
I linen bread cloth		25
8 cheese cloth curtains, at 20c	1	60
2 choese cloth curtains, at 25c 41 men's straw hats, at 12c		50
20 women's straw hats, at 20c		92 00
38 zephyr caps, at 20c.		60
12 manila rope rings, at 10c	í	20
4 masquerade suits, at \$1.00		00
24 denim bean bags, at 5c		20
5 doll straw hats, at 5c		25
109 Victoria lawn neckties, at 10c		90
2 linen drawn work doilies, at \$1.25	2	50
I linen drawn work doily	I	35
I linen drawn work cushion cover		50
I linen drawn work collarette		25
I linen drawn work collarette	2	50
I linen drawn work table cover I linen drawn work bureau scarf		50
Drawn work repaired	57	50 65
32 ruffled cushion tops	7	00
1 ³ / ₄ yards crocheted lace	í	75
4 creton cushion covers, at 50c	2	00
2 crocheted doilies, at 35c		70
Inventory, September 30th, 1904	30	
		(

-\$ 2,186 37

SEWING ROOM, No. 1, AND MENDING ROOM.

EXPENSES.

3,076 ³ / ₄ yards silver star dress cheviot\$	248 88
1,080 yards 4-4 No. 2 brown muslin	62 13
$297\frac{1}{2}$ 4-4 No. 2 bleached muslin	21 68
2,407 ¹ / ₂ yards dress gingham	192 61
30 ³ / ₄ yards blue denim	3 08
114 [‡] yards khaki	14 85
119 dozen Coates' sewing cotton	55 35
Tape, needles and darning cotton	10 55
Pins, buttons and thimbles	8 45
3 scissors	I 50
Wages and board	620 00
	2

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\$ 1,239 08

PRODUCTION.

240 cheviot dresses, at \$1.50\$	360 00
229 gingham dresses, at \$1.50	343 50
30 gingham shirt waist suits, at \$1.75	52 50
7 cheviot shirt waist suits, at \$1.75	12 25
4 gingham shirt waists, at 50c	2 00
I private cloth dress	I 75
4 private muslin skirts, at 75c	3 00
2 white skirts, at \$1.00	2 00
5 private dresses, at 75c	3 75
I private lawn skirt	75
I flannel waist	50
5 private calico shirt waists, at 50c	2 50
3 blue denim dresses, at \$1.50	4 50
30 khaki coats, at 75c	22 50
46 khaki coats, at 40c	18 40
140 pantalets, at 25c	35 00
176 white aprons, at 15c	26 40
70 chemises, at 30c	21 00
12 refectory aprons, at 15c	1 80
67 tea towels, at 10c	6 70
4 corset covers, at 25c	I 00
6 pair blue denim overalls, at 20c	I 20
8 blanket sacques, at 50c	4 00
126 petticoats made out of old material, at	
30c	37 80
3 canton flannel napkins, at 25c	75
Dresses and skirts altered	75 68 20
Mending	480 00
	\$

-\$ 1,513 75

RECAPITULATION.

EXPENSES.

Farm\$	23,009	26		
Garden	1,897	20		
Piggery and Poultry Yard	3,867	18		
Shoemaker Shop	953	68		
Tailor Shop	940			
Brush Shop	909	79		
Soap Factory	162	00		
Hat and Mat Shop and Sewing Room				
No. 2	2,020	52		
Sewing Room No. 1 and Mending Room	1,239	08		
-		\$	34,999	22

PRODUCTION.

Farm\$	30,544	20
Garden	5,560	
Piggery and Poultry Yard	4,123	41
Shoemaker Shop	1,098	
Tailor Shop	1,145	45
Brush Shop	1,679	35
Soap Factory	473	29
Hat and Mat Shop and Sewing Room		
No. 2	2,186	37
Sewing Room No 1 and Mending Room	1,513	75
-		-\$ 48,325 10

LOSS AND GAIN.

DR.

To Institution\$ 13,325 88

Cr.

By Farm\$	7,534 94
By Garden	3,663 60
By Piggery and Poultry Yard	256 23
By Shoemaker Shop	144 80
By Tailor Shop	204 94
By Brush Shop	769 56
By Soap Factory	311 29
By Hat and Mat Shop and Sewing Room	
No. 2	165 85
By Sewing Room No. 1 and Mending Room	274 67
	¢,

---\$ 13,325 88

Respectfully submitted,

T. C. BRICKER, Steward.

REPORT OF THE CONSULTING STAFF.

To the Trustees of the State Asylum for the Chronic Insane of Pennsylvania:

GENTLEMEN:—During the past year no epidemic disease has prevailed at the Institution. The light mortality among so many of indifferent health is evidence of the care exercised by the management in its different departments.

The food is wholesome and sufficient; the dormitories well ventilated; the water pure and abundant; the drainage excellent and the sewage well disposed of.

The scientific value of the Asylum could, however, be much promoted by a morgue and pathological laboratory and outfit where physical peculiarities and diseases of the insane could be subjected to investigation and research, and results placed on record; such addition should be granted by our Legislature.

Respectfully submitted,

W. M. GUILFORD, M. D., President, Consulting Staff.

