

**Thirty-second annual report of the Somerset and Bath Pauper Lunatic Asylum : from the 1st January to the end of the year, 1879.**

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THIRTY - SECOND

# ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

SOMERSET AND BATH

## PAUPER LUNATIC ASYLUM,

*From the 1st January to the end of the Year,*

1879.

Wells :

PRINTED AT THE WHARFEDALE MACHINE BY  
J. M. ATKINS, BOOKSELLER & STATIONER, HIGH STREET.

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THIRTY - SECOND

ANNUAL REPORT

ON THE

SOMERSET AND BATH

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A LIST OF THE  
COMMITTEE OF VISITORS  
OF THE  
*SOMERSET AND BATH*  
PAUPER LUNATIC ASYLUM,  
1879.

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JOSEPH WOLLEN, Esq.

JOHN JONATHAN WILKINSON, Esq.

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TREASURER :

MAJOR THE HON. E. J. BOYLE, STUCKEY'S BANKING  
COMPANY, WELLS.

A LIST OF THE  
 COMMITTEE OF VISITORS  
 OF THE  
 SOLICITERS AND BATH  
 PAUPER LUNATIC ASYLUM,  
 1879.

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TREASURER:  
 MAJOR THE HON. E. J. BOYLE STUCKEY'S BANKING  
 COMPANY, WILLS.

REPORT  
OF THE  
COMMITTEE  
OF THE  
*Somerset & Bath Lunatic Asylum,*  
PRESENTED TO THE  
COURT OF QUARTER SESSION,  
*Held at Taunton, in the said County, on TUESDAY,  
the 6th day of January, 1880.*

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The Committee appointed to superintend the Asylum established for the County of Somerset, and the city of Bath, have to report that at present the accommodation is not sufficient in their opinion for the Lunatics of the County and Borough, and that they have had to make temporary arrangements—the best they could—though not altogether satisfactory—for the accommodation of Patients, so as not to be obliged to refuse new cases.

In the early part of the year there was an outbreak of Erysipelas, and later of Enteric Fever, and after what appeared



to be a cessation of each malady, they have both broken out again. These outbreaks of disease were on the Female side of the Asylum.

Dr. Medlicott was of opinion that both Erysipelas and Enteric Fever were caused by defect of the drains. All defects that could be pointed out, were carefully removed, and within the last month a careful inspection of the system of drainage and ventilation has been made by Mr. Whitehead, who for the drainage had the assistance of Mr. Ashmead, the Sanitary Officer of Bristol, and for the ventilation of Messrs. Haden, who constructed it.

Mr. Ashmead's report on the drainage is satisfactory, that no material defects exist. There are things to be remedied about the ventilation, to which the Committee are giving their best attention.

It has been necessary to disinfect the wards in which the Erysipelas patients were, and to isolate the attendants and patients suffering from Enteric Fever, and in order to provide room it has been necessary to put beds into the female work-room, which was the Old Chapel, and into the approaches to the present chapel, besides placing the beds in some of the wards nearer to each other than they ought to be, and in several cases giving less to each bed than 600 cubic feet, whereas in the new Asylums much more than this allowance is given to each bed. The power to discharge patients temporarily on probation has also been freely used.

The present number of Female Patients in the house is 412. The number, allowing 600 cubic feet for each bed, would be 385; and the number, allowing a foot and a half between each bed, would be 362, the excess being accommodated as has just been mentioned.

The corresponding figures for the Male side, are 320, 349, 329.

There is just sufficient room, therefore, at present for Males, but not for Females, and there is now building a detached hospital for the accommodation of 44 Female patients, whom it was intended to remove from the hospital at the farm, and replace them with Males. But when the probable and, indeed, pretty certain increase of numbers is considered, it is plain that there is insufficient room on either side. At the end of 1877 the Males were 301, at the end of 1878, 310; they are now 320; the Females have at the same times been 384, 397, and 412, and there is no reason that the Committee know why this increase of more than 10 Males per annum, and of nearly 15 Females should not continue for several years longer, until the number of recoveries added to that of the deaths equals the number of admissions.

Several of the Female Attendants, especially of those in charge of wards, have been dangerously ill of Enteric Fever, and the management of the Asylum has necessarily suffered in consequence, and great additional trouble and responsibility have been caused to the Medical men, the head attendant on the female side, and those under her.

The Committee have to report that excepting the very serious inconveniences caused by the epidemics, and the crowded state of the Asylum, its state and condition have been satisfactory, and the management of the Asylum, and the conduct of the officers and servants and the care of the patients, under the peculiar difficulties just referred to, have been satisfactory.

An additional assistant medical officer, Mr. Woods, was appointed on 17th March.

The Chaplain, Mr. Wood, who had conducted the services and religious care of the patients for seven years, resigned on 17th July. The Rev. H. J. Johns was appointed to succeed him. On

the 23rd April, Mr. Hebbert was appointed head attendant on the male side, and on 17th February, Miss Tank head attendant on the female side.

The new wash-houses, mentioned in the last report, are not yet completed.

It has been found necessary to raise the pay of the female attendants, and to increase the charge to the Unions 1d. a day. The balance in favour of the Asylum has decreased during the year over £600, and in the face of the increase of prices the Committee cannot feel confident that they may not be obliged still further to increase the pay.

F. H. DICKINSON,	A. T. PERKINS,
E. H. CLERK,	C. A. KEMBLE,
H. A. F. LUTTRELL,	J. J. WILKINSON,
E. H. LLEWELLYN,	R. O. HEYWOOD,
H. HANCOCK.	



THIRTY-SECOND ANNUAL REPORT  
OF THE  
SOMERSET AND BATH  
PAUPER LUNATIC ASYLUM,

FOR THE YEAR 1879,

BY

C. W. CARTER MADDEN-MEDLICOTT, M.D.,

RESIDENT PHYSICIAN AND SUPERINTENDENT.

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THE Medical Superintendent has the honour to submit to the Committee of Visitors, the Thirty-Second Annual Report.

On the 31st December, 1878, the numbers in the Asylum were 310 males; 397 females: total 707.

The Admissions during the year have been 88 males; 114 females: total 202.

The Discharges during the year have been 39 males; 58 females: total 97; of these have been discharged "recovered" 25 males; 43 females.

The Deaths during the year have been 39 males; 41 females: total 80.

The average population during the year has been, 329 males ; 424 females : total 753.

The numbers in the Asylum this day (31st December, 1879) are 320 males ; 412 females : total 732.

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### ADMISSIONS, DISCHARGES, DEATHS.

The following analysis gives the chief points of interest in these returns :

#### ADMISSIONS.

The number of admissions during the year has been 202 (88 males and 114 females). The youngest cases admitted were two boys aged seven years each, and one aged twelve. Irrespectively of these there were seventeen cases below twenty years of age ; 7 males and 10 females. From 60 to 70 years of age, there were admitted 20 cases ; 8 males, and 12 females. From 70 to 80 years of age, 8 cases ; 2 males and 6 females ; and above 80 years, 2 men.

There are still in the Asylum lunatics belonging to the Criminal class, two men and one woman sent from prison, while undergoing sentences, and one man found insane upon being arraigned on a charge of stealing. It is earnestly to be hoped that some provision may be made in the future for sending Criminal lunatics elsewhere.

In the 1st Quarter were admitted 60 cases ; 26 males ; 34 females

„	2nd	„	„	67	„	33	„	34	„
„	3rd	„	„	43	„	14	„	29	„
„	4th	„	„	32	„	15	„	17	„

				202	88	114
	Total	...	...			

#### DISCHARGES.

The proportion of recoveries has been for the males 28·4, and for the females 37·7 per cent. on the admissions.

The number of recoveries must continue to get smaller and smaller, owing to the large and increasing number of chronic cases that still continue to be admitted. The most satisfactory cases during the year have been recent ones of Acute Mania or Melancholia, and these furnish most of the discharges as "recovered," but the number of permanent residents will always be materially affected by the constant influx of cases complicated with Epilepsy, Idiocy, General Paralysis, or other unfavourable and incurable forms of insanity.

	Recovered.			Relieved.			Not Improved.		
	Male	Fem	Tot.	Male	Fem	Tot.	Male	Fem	Tot.
1st Quarter	1	3	4	2	0	2	0	0	0
2nd "	4	5	9	2	0	2	0	0	0
3rd "	4	10	14	1	2	3	0	0	0
4th "	16	25	41	9	13	22	0	0	0
Total .....	25	43	68	14	15	29	0	0	0

## DEATHS.

The mortality has been 80 or 10·7 per cent. of both sexes on the average numbers resident.

During the first quarter of the year the mortality was high, but it must be observed that out of this number there were 12 patients simply advanced in years. Thus from 67 to 77 years of age there were 8 cases, 2 males and 6 females. Two men died 79 years old respectively, while one man died aged 80, and one woman aged 87 years. Allowance must thus be made for deaths from natural decay. In the second quarter likewise, one man died aged 84, and another aged 87 years old, besides three females aged 71, 72, and 78 years. Such cases only go to swell the rate of mortality in the Asylum, and on account of old age are obviously beyond anything but temporary bodily relief, and should be accommodated elsewhere.

Five deaths occurred during the year from Facial erysipelas out of 46 patients attacked, (13 males and 33 females), and four deaths from Enteric Fever out of 20 cases, 13 in patients and 7 in attendants, but all confined to the female side of the Asylum.

Inquests were held in four instances. In March on a young man, who dropped down dead after dinner, while trying to make his escape. *Verdict.*—Fatal syncope, caused by over exertion and a full stomach, acting on a diseased heart. In April on two cases, one man and one woman. *Verdicts.*—Disease of the heart, and serous apoplexy. In May on a case of Facial erysipelas in a woman. *Verdict.*—The jury are of opinion that the deceased died from an attack of Erysipelas caused by Sewer Gas, emanating from the Water Closet of the Infirmary.

No case of suicide has occurred in the year, though several attempts have been made at self-destruction.

In the 1st Quarter there were 30 deaths; 14 males; 16 females.

„	2nd	„	„	19	„	10	„	9	„
„	3rd	„	„	13	„	5	„	8	„
„	4th	„	„	18	„	10	„	8	„
				—		—		—	
	Total	...	...	80		39		41	.

#### OCCUPATIONS AND AMUSEMENTS.

The usual amusements and occupations have continued much the same as in former years. Owing to the very wet spring and summer months, only a few out-door games could be enjoyed, but four pic-nic parties to Cheddar Cliffs, were organised in the late summer. Football, however, was played in the autumn.

The weekly dances have been well attended, and large numbers of patients have been present both here, and also at the different Theatrical performances. *En passant* it may be added that the Theatre in the Dining-hall has been completely re-decorated, (under the Superintendence of Mr. Woods, who has

arranged and personally executed some of the alterations in painting, gilding, and other ornamentation), and the proscenium is very chaste in its proportions and decorations. In December the Wells Dramatic Society very kindly gave two dramatic representations in this Theatre, which were much enjoyed by the patients.

Occupation, too, in different ways has not been omitted. Regular employment, if only taken without too much wear and tear, is indispensable in the treatment of the insane, and many patients can confirm the relief obtained by settled occupation.

It is in contemplation to build new workshops, in order to meet the necessity which exists for the patients having a more extended sphere of employment, and thus to have under immediate observation in one block, all the artisan attendants and their patients. In the workshops a patient gets interested, and anxious to employ himself, especially by observing the results of industrial application in other patients, and as these in turn get well and are discharged, a further stimulus is afforded for useful occupation.

#### MEDICAL TREATMENT.

Each successive Report requires this perennial theme to be more than ordinarily discussed. The past year forms no exception, and special reference may be given to some of the most salient cases under medical treatment during this period.

In point of gravity, allusion must first, however, be made to the outbreak of two serious epidemics which have occurred in the Asylum during the year, the first of Facial Erysipelas, the second of Enteric Fever.

The outbreak of Facial erysipelas involved from its commencement no less than 46 cases with 5 deaths, namely, 13 males, 33 females, and ranged over a period of six months. The first case occurred in the new buildings on the female side; and here it



may be observed that in most of the cases there was nearly always a previous history of vomiting and shivering fits. The face and forehead had the peculiar "butterfly-shaped" stamp of redness characteristic of Facial erysipelas, and there was also brawniness of the cheeks, while at the same time the thermometer registered a temperature varying from 103 to 105 degrees in the arm-pit, and the pulse ranged from 130 to 140. In some cases sharp diarrhoea occurred; in others the face became much disfigured and inflamed, whilst severe multiple abscesses formed in the eyelids, neck, and scalp. In fact, in some cases suppuration was most profuse.

From the 30th December, 1878, to the 18th February, 1879, no less than 17 severe cases of Facial Erysipelas occurred, and during a greater portion of this period snow was on the ground.

On the first outbreak the following measures were adopted for treatment and precaution. The patients were at once placed in single rooms; these structural arrangements naturally admitting of their ready but perfect isolation. Styptic colloid was painted over the face and forehead, and five grains of quinine given every four hours, in addition to concentrated beef-tea, eggs, milk, wine, and brandy. All rags used for the discharges from the abscesses were immediately burned. The floor was washed with carbolic soap at first, but dry rubbing was afterwards adopted, and in fact no floors were washed at all unless imperatively demanded. Chloride of lime was also placed in these single rooms, and all clothes (previously disinfected) were sent to the laundry by themselves, with strict orders to be washed separately in the foul wash-house. The drains were ordered to be flushed every week, and were disinfected as well as the water closets with Carbolic Acid, and Sir W. Burnett's disinfecting fluid. Lastly, from time to time the single rooms and corridors all over the Asylum were disinfected; the ceilings were scraped and whitewashed, the sides of the walls re-painted, and all paper

stripped off. Further, the floors of the single rooms were all thoroughly planed over, and washed out with Carbolie Acid before being occupied.

A Coroner's inquest was held on the fourth fatal case, but prior to this a leaden soil-pipe taken from a water closet in the new buildings on the Female side of the Asylum was found to be corroded, eaten into by rats, and the stench here was dreadful. As sewer air was thus proved to enter the building from a leakage in the soil-pipe, sewer air poisoning was evidently the cause of this epidemic of Facial Erysipelas.

After a lull in this outbreak of Erysipelas, a solitary case of Enteric Fever occurred on the 22nd April, in the wife of the Assistant Clerk of the Asylum, who lived in a detached cottage on the grounds. Its severity may be estimated by the persistently high temperature, early delirium and prostration, and was distinctly traceable to defective sanitary arrangements; for on examination, the scullery sink was found in direct communication with the main drain of the Asylum, but *untrapped*, thus conclusively proving the disease was not *imported*.

Here again the most stringent precautions were taken to prevent the disease spreading. The chances of infection or contagion were met by the enforcement of complete isolation. The excreta were immediately disinfected by the use of chloride of lime and dry earth, with subsequent burial in the earth, nothing being allowed to be thrown down the water closets, and all soiled linen was soaked in Condyl's Fluid before being washed separately at the foul laundry. The buildings adjacent to this cottage were also minutely examined with reference to their drainage. Thus the Dairy and Larder were ventilated at that time by up-pipes, between the trap and the main drain. Further, the high pressure reservoir was emptied and thoroughly cleaned out, as also the tank in the upper garden, and a sample of the drinking water supplied to the Asylum was sent to Mr.

Stoddart, of Bristol, for analysis, who reported, "it contains nothing that can be prejudicial to health. The total solids in solution only amount to 12 grains per gallon, and there is no free Ammonia, Nitrates, or Chlorine, or animal matter, so that there can be no sewage contamination."

All the drains of the Asylum were ventilated externally, and the ejects of the water closets internally. The extraction shaft was also raised six feet to ensure better ventilation.

During the whole of the epidemic of Facial Erysipelas no Attendants or Servants were attacked.

On the 15th August a very severe case of Enteric Fever occurred on the Female side of the Asylum, the morning temperature registering between 104 and 104.6 degrees, even in the third week of the disease, whilst the pulse was 140 and upwards, with intense abdominal tenderness, pea-soup like stools, delirium, and prostration.

From this date to Dec. 26th not less than 58 cases of illness occurred, namely 20 of Enteric Fever (in 7 Attendants and 13 Patients, with 4 deaths among the latter); the remainder being diarrhoea (also among Attendants and Patients), in various degrees of severity, from mild to sharp and very severe, but all on the female side of the Asylum.

Very careful thermometric observations were taken in all these cases, always twice, and in many cases four times a day during each day of the disease in each week. There is nothing special to comment upon regarding these cases of Enteric Fever. Among some of the patients no previous history of shivering could be elicited, a few being so lost and demented as to be unable to give any account of themselves or their feelings. In others again a very clear account could be given of the date of the first approach of rigors, or diarrhoea.

The Clinical thermometer generally gave the first clue to their being seriously ill, together with the report from the

Attendant of the ward, that they did not seem so well, and immediate isolation was enforced. In some patients the characteristic eruption on the abdomen showed itself, but not in all, though in the majority of cases the abdomen was found tumid, with well-marked gurgling in the right iliac region, and frequent light coloured stools, combined however in others with profuse diarrhœa and vomiting. The body temperature registered very high in some instances, and rose as high as 107·8 in one of the fatal cases.

Thus then during the outbreak of these two epidemics, the following particulars were especially looked into.

- (A) The analysis of the water used for drinking.
- (B) The chances of further infection or contagion.
- (C) The possibility of overcrowding.
- (D) The personal cleanliness of the patients.

As some of these subjects have already been mentioned (in reference to the precautions instituted on the outbreak of these diseases), it is sufficient to add that in October a further analysis of the water used for drinking was made by Dr. Thudichum, of London, taken from the wards, where the cases of Enteric Fever and Diarrhœa occurred. Three samples were forwarded, and he reported thus on the result of chemical and microscopical analysis: "On the whole the waters are unusually good, and show no sign of sewage contamination, and the deposits of all these, very small in amount, contain great numbers of vegetable formations, mainly diatoms, infusoria, and some ferric oxyde," yet no case of Enteric Fever occurred on the male side of the Asylum.

The possibility of overcrowding was also specially considered, and although not the cause of either Facial Erysipelas, or Enteric Fever, it was regarded as a possible factor in keeping up an unwholesome, if not an unhealthy state of the atmosphere, peculiarly conducive therefore to general malaise. At an early period of

the year, however, arrangements were made for utilising, *pro tem.*, every available space, and the female workroom was fitted up with beds. Later on the chapel approaches were similarly used, and room thus obtained for 46 beds, whilst fortnightly leaves of absence were given very freely to the patients by the Medical Superintendent.

The personal cleanliness of the patients, it need scarcely be stated, has always been looked after, inasmuch as each patient is bathed twice a week, has a complete change of linen twice a week, and the water is changed for each patient. It is specially worthy of remark, however, that in wards (emptied for the time being of patients, in some cases for several weeks) there yet would be found an overpoweringly bad smell, proved to be coming up from the gratings.

The effect of such an amount of illness in the Asylum, (especially among the attendants themselves) was such as to seriously embarrass for a time the proper working of the institution, and there was great difficulty in replacing these, some of whom were charge attendants, but in order to meet the deficiency at once, two specially trained Fever Nurses were obtained from the Bristol Nurses' Training Institution and Home, who had complete charge of the Fever cases, in the Infirmary of the Asylum.

The details of these two epidemic outbreaks have been given in order to form a trustworthy basis for further inquiry, for only thus can sufficient importance be attached to such vexed terms as "contagion" or "infection." Thus naturally the first and most anxious question arises, "is the above-mentioned form of Facial Erysipelas infectious or contagious," yet another (apparently antagonistic one), immediately complicates it thus, "was not the person supposed to be infected poisoned by the same source as the original patient." It is a significant circumstance that when Erysipelas was raging, an enormous amount

of sewer air seems to have been pent up in the drains, actually having been seen bubbling up through the water in the pans of the water closets on both sides of the Asylum. The area, however, of any inquiry (no matter how interesting it may be) on the causation, progress, complications, or recurrences of these two epidemic diseases must of necessity be very limited in the pages of an Annual Report. The whole subject, however, is one demanding the most careful and painstaking attention.

To pass on now to a consideration of some of the other cases under Medical or Surgical treatment during the year.

1st. Fatty tumour removed by Mr. Sheldon from left scapular region, in a female patient, under strict antiseptic precautions. The incision nearly eight inches long, healed by the first intention, with hardly the formation of a drop of pus. Severe erysipelas set in afterwards, but she made a satisfactory recovery.

2nd. Amputation of the middle finger, of a male patient, by Mr. Morrison (acting Assistant Medical Officer), admitted soon after a severe bite from a dog. The distal half of the finger was in a gangrenous state. Speedy recovery.

3rd. Aspiration of chest for Pleurisy, with effusion on left side by Mr. Woods. This was a most interesting case, for the patient, a young man well nourished and powerfully built, was in a critical state, breathing with great difficulty, the heart's impulse displaced to right side. The Aspirator drew off eight ounces by measure of light green clear serum. From this date, with the exception of two shivering fits (promptly met by the administration of quinine), he made an uninterrupted recovery, and was finally discharged mentally recovered.

4th. A large Hydrocele tapped by Mr. Woods.

5th. Ulcer of the stomach. The patient was a very pale, thin but greatly demented woman. The chief symptoms were the agonising stomach pain, increased by taking food, and accompanied by vomiting. The treatment consisted in complete rest of the stomach, by the use of nutritive enemata, and of meat chopped up finely, with finely mixed pancreas of ox. The recovery was complete, and she gained in flesh.

6th. Independently of a large number of abscesses opened in the cases attacked by erysipelas, and others in connection with cervical glands, may be specially mentioned one large abscess in Scarpa's triangle in a woman, opened under chloroform with good results, and a spinal abscess opening in the groin, in a young girl, lumbar abscess subsequently forming. This case was eventually discharged recovered of her mental affection.

7th. There were two fractures of the neck of the thigh in females, aged respectively 72 and 60 years. Both made good recoveries, and can now walk about without any help. There were also two fractures of the leg, in one man and one woman, and two dislocations of the shoulder in male patients, both requiring reduction under chloroform.

The Medical Superintendent gladly bears testimony to the great assistance afforded him during the past year, both by Mr. Sheldon and by Mr. Woods. At the beginning of the year when Facial Erysipelas was raging, (and his own health was getting seriously impaired from the constant anxiety and attendance on such cases), he found in Mr. Sheldon a most able and efficient Assistant Medical Superintendent. Alike, however, in the daily consultations (medical and surgical), and in the various and manifold administrative duties of the institution, he has found

in them both conscientious and hearty colleagues. As regards the different means for "Recreations," he has especially to thank them for the present efficient condition of the Band; for the practical interest they have taken in several dramatic performances, and in numerous other forms of amusement, all devised for the happiness and welfare of the patients.

In conclusion, the Medical Superintendent begs to thank the Committee of Visitors, for the confidence and support tendered him in the discharge of his arduous and responsible duties.





# REPORT

OF THE

REV. H. INCLEDON JOHNS, CHAPLAIN.

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*To the Visiting Committee of the Somerset and Bath  
Lunatic Asylum.*

GENTLEMEN,

The time has been so short since I entered upon my duties, in October last, that it is impossible for me to give any detailed report. The Church services in the Asylum Chapel, have been regularly performed, and under the advice of the Medical Superintendent, I have visited the patients in the Wards. Hitherto my chief work has been to render the services in the Chapel of a more attractive character, and with this end in view, I have endeavoured to enliven them with some music. By the help of the Medical Officers and Attendants, I have succeeded in organising a choir, which I hope before very long will prove a great boon to the unfortunate patients. In every ward I find the same longing for more hearty services, and every where, whether among Attendants, Nurses, or Officers, I find a great desire to help in the good work. The number of communicants

is still very small, but it is a very grave question whether those who express a wish to come to communion are always fit to do so ; and I find that it requires much careful consideration before I can venture to admit the patients. In aid of the choir I have been able to obtain a grant of one-third of the Church Psalters and Hymn Books, which are required.

According to the return made to me, the attendance at Church has been

			SUNDAYS.		WEEK DAYS.
Men	...	...	149	...	122
Women	...	...	117	...	67

The Funerals have been—Men, 25 ; Women, 25.

I must earnestly draw the attention of the Visiting Committee to the fact that owing to the want of a Mortuary Chapel, only a part of the Burial service can be used. Very little remains to be done to make it available, and it seems very sad that this state of things should be allowed to go on any longer.

In conclusion, I must express my thanks to all the Officers and Attendants, for the consideration they have shown to me and for the great help they have given me in the performance of my duties.

I beg to remain,

Faithfully yours,

H. INCLEDON JOHNS, CHAPLAIN.

TABLE I.

Showing the Admissions, Re-Admissions, Discharges, and Deaths,  
during the Year, 1879.

	MALE	FEM.	TOTAL
In the Asylum 1st January, 1879. ... ..	310	397	707
	MALE.	FEM.	TOTAL
Admitted for the first time } during the year ... ..	75	91	166
Re-admitted during the year	13	23	36
Total admitted ... ..	88	114	202
Total under care during the year ... ..	398	511	909
Discharged or Removed:—	MALE.	FEM.	TOTAL
Recovered ... ..	25	43	68
Relieved ... ..	14	15	29
Not Improved ... ..	0	0	0
Died ... ..	39	41	80
Total Discharged and Died during the year... ..	78	99	177
Remaining in the Asylum, 31st December, 1879.	320	412	732
Average numbers resident during the year... ..	329	424	753

TABLE II.

Showing the Admissions, Re-Admissions, and Discharges, from the opening  
of the Asylum, 1st March, 1848, to the present date, 31st December, 1879.

	MALE	FEM.	TOTAL.
Persons admitted during the period of 32 years ...	2387	2255	4642
Re-admitted ... ..	472	566	1038
Total of Cases admitted ... ..	2859	2821	5680
Discharged or Removed:—	MALE	FEM.	TOTAL.
Recovered ... ..	1112	1323	2435
Relieved ... ..	287	269	556
Not Improved ... ..	133	77	210
Died ... ..	1007	740	1747
Total Discharged and Died during the 32 years ..	2539	2409	4948
Remaining 31st December, 1879 ... ..	320	412	732
Average numbers resident during the 32 years ...	220	250	470

TABLE V.

Showing the causes of Death during the Year.

CAUSE OF DEATH.	MALE	FEM.	TOTAL
CEREBRAL OR SPINAL DISEASES.			
Apoplexy, or Paralysis ... ..	4	3	7
Epilepsy and Convulsions ... ..	5	2	7
General Paralysis ... ..	4	1	5
Chronic Disorganisation of the Brain ... ..	3	3	6
THORACIC DISEASES.			
Inflammation of the Lungs, Pleuræ, and Bronchi ...	2	3	9
Pulmonary Consumption ... ..	2	2	5
Disease of the Heart ... ..	3		5
ABDOMINAL DISEASES.			
Disease of the Kidneys ... ..	3	2	5
Disease of the Liver ... ..	1	0	1
Enteritis ... ..	0	1	1
GENERAL DISEASES.			
Cancer ... ..	2	0	2
Senile Gangrene ... ..	1	1	2
Exhaustion after Mania... ..	1	2	3
Senile Decay ... ..	6	7	13
ZYMOTIC DISEASES.			
Enteric Fever ... ..	0	4	4
Facial Erysipelas ... ..	2	3	5
Total... ..	39	41	80

TABLE VI.

Showing the Length of Residence of those discharged Recovered, and of those who have died during the year.

LENGTH OF RESIDENCE.	RECOVERED.			DIED.		
	MALE.	FEM.	TOTAL.	MALE.	FEM.	TOTAL
Under 1 Month ... ..	2	0	2	6	3	9
From 1 to 3 Months ... ..	3	10	13	1	5	6
"  3  "  6  "  ... ..	5	9	14	1	2	3
"  6  "  9  "  ... ..	6	5	11	3	2	5
"  9  "  12  "  ... ..	3	8	11	3	1	4
"  1  "  2  Years  ... ..	3	4	7	5	2	7
"  2  "  3  "  ... ..	1	2	3	6	6	12
"  3  "  5  "  ... ..	1	1	2	6	5	11
"  5  "  7  "  ... ..	1	0	1	2	3	5
"  7  "  9  "  ... ..	0	2	2	2	2	4
"  9  "  12  "  ... ..	0	2	2	2	3	5
"  12  "  15  "  ... ..	0	0	0	0	1	1
"  15  "  20  "  ... ..	0	0	0	1	3	4
20 and upwards ... ..	0	0	0	1	3	4
Total ... ..	25	43	68	39	41	80

TABLE VII.

Showing the Duration of the Disorder on Admissions, Discharges, and Deaths during the Year.

CLASS.	DURATION OF DISEASE ON ADMISSION IN FOUR CLASSES.											
	THE ADMISSIONS.			THE DISCHARGES.				THE DEATHS.				
	MALE.	FEM.	TOTAL.	RECOVERED.		RELIEVED.		MALE.	FEM.	TOTAL.		
				MALE.	FEM.	MALE.	FEM.				MALE.	FEM.
FIRST CLASS— First attack, and within three Months } on Admission... .. } ...	32	42	74	14	19	33	4	6	10	14	13	27
SECOND CLASS— First attack, above three and within } twelve Months on Admission ... }	15	18	33	3	5	8	2	2	4	4	5	9
THIRD CLASS— Not First attack, but within twelve } Months on Admission... .. }	29	41	70	6	18	24	8	7	15	13	13	26
FOURTH CLASS— First attack or not, but of more than } twelve Months on Admission... .. }	12	13	25	2	1	3	0	0	0	6	10	16
Not known ... ..	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
TOTAL ... ..	88	114	202	25	43	68	14	15	29	39	41	80

Showing the Admissions, Discharges, and Deaths, with the Annual Mortality and Proportion of Recoveries, per cent. of the Admissions of each year, from the opening of the Asylum, March 1st, 1848.

TABLE III.

Year	Admitted		Discharged		Died		Remaining Average Number Resident in each year		Per Centage of Admissions		Per Centage of Average Number Resident	
	Male	Female	Recovered	Not Improved	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
1848	142	142	15	47	31	61	12	112	10.5	43.7	9.8	43.7
1849	150	150	15	48	31	62	13	113	10.0	45.3	9.4	45.3
1850	155	155	15	49	32	63	14	114	9.7	46.5	9.1	46.5
1851	160	160	16	50	33	64	15	115	9.4	47.5	8.7	47.5
1852	165	165	16	51	34	65	16	116	9.1	48.5	8.4	48.5
1853	170	170	17	52	35	66	17	117	8.8	49.5	8.1	49.5
1854	175	175	17	53	36	67	18	118	8.6	50.5	7.9	50.5
1855	180	180	18	54	37	68	19	119	8.3	51.5	7.6	51.5
1856	185	185	18	55	38	69	20	120	8.1	52.5	7.4	52.5
1857	190	190	19	56	39	70	21	121	7.9	53.5	7.2	53.5
1858	195	195	19	57	40	71	22	122	7.7	54.5	7.0	54.5
1859	200	200	20	58	41	72	23	123	7.5	55.5	6.8	55.5
1860	205	205	20	59	42	73	24	124	7.3	56.5	6.6	56.5
1861	210	210	21	60	43	74	25	125	7.1	57.5	6.4	57.5
1862	215	215	21	61	44	75	26	126	6.9	58.5	6.2	58.5
1863	220	220	22	62	45	76	27	127	6.7	59.5	6.0	59.5
1864	225	225	22	63	46	77	28	128	6.5	60.5	5.8	60.5
1865	230	230	23	64	47	78	29	129	6.3	61.5	5.6	61.5
1866	235	235	23	65	48	79	30	130	6.1	62.5	5.4	62.5
1867	240	240	24	66	49	80	31	131	5.9	63.5	5.2	63.5
1868	245	245	24	67	50	81	32	132	5.7	64.5	5.0	64.5
1869	250	250	25	68	51	82	33	133	5.5	65.5	4.8	65.5
1870	255	255	25	69	52	83	34	134	5.3	66.5	4.6	66.5
1871	260	260	26	70	53	84	35	135	5.1	67.5	4.4	67.5
1872	265	265	26	71	54	85	36	136	4.9	68.5	4.2	68.5
1873	270	270	27	72	55	86	37	137	4.7	69.5	4.0	69.5
1874	275	275	27	73	56	87	38	138	4.5	70.5	3.8	70.5
1875	280	280	28	74	57	88	39	139	4.3	71.5	3.6	71.5
1876	285	285	28	75	58	89	40	140	4.1	72.5	3.4	72.5
1877	290	290	29	76	59	90	41	141	3.9	73.5	3.2	73.5
1878	295	295	29	77	60	91	42	142	3.7	74.5	3.0	74.5
1879	300	300	30	78	61	92	43	143	3.5	75.5	2.8	75.5
Total	2877	2877	472	1060	25	48	14	15	29	—	39	41

TABLE IV. Showing the History of the Annual Admissions, since the opening of the Asylum, with the Discharges, and Deaths, and the numbers of each year, terminating on the 31st of December, 1879.

Year	New Cases		Recovered		Believed		Not Improved		Died		Total		Remaining of each Year's Admissions	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
1848	140	142	0	288	0	0	0	0	0	0	34	32	66	29
1849	148	150	0	300	0	0	0	0	0	0	37	35	72	31
1850	155	155	0	310	0	0	0	0	0	0	40	38	78	33
1851	160	160	0	320	0	0	0	0	0	0	43	41	84	35
1852	165	165	0	330	0	0	0	0	0	0	46	44	90	37
1853	170	170	0	340	0	0	0	0	0	0	49	47	96	39
1854	175	175	0	350	0	0	0	0	0	0	52	50	102	41
1855	180	180	0	360	0	0	0	0	0	0	55	53	108	43
1856	185	185	0	370	0	0	0	0	0	0	58	56	114	45
1857	190	190	0	380	0	0	0	0	0	0	61	59	120	47
1858	195	195	0	390	0	0	0	0	0	0	64	62	126	49
1859	200	200	0	400	0	0	0	0	0	0	67	65	132	51
1860	205	205	0	410	0	0	0	0	0	0	70	68	138	53
1861	210	210	0	420	0	0	0	0	0	0	73	71	144	55
1862	215	215	0	430	0	0	0	0	0	0	76	74	150	57
1863	220	220	0	440	0	0	0	0	0	0	79	77	156	59
1864	225	225	0	450	0	0	0	0	0	0	82	80	162	61
1865	230	230	0	460	0	0	0	0	0	0	85	83	168	63
1866	235	235	0	470	0	0	0	0	0	0	88	86	174	65
1867	240	240	0	480	0	0	0	0	0	0	91	89	180	67
1868	245	245	0	490	0	0	0	0	0	0	94	92	186	69
1869	250	250	0	500	0	0	0	0	0	0	97	95	192	71
1870	255	255	0	510	0	0	0	0	0	0	100	98	198	73
1871	260	260	0	520	0	0	0	0	0	0	103	101	204	75
1872	265	265	0	530	0	0	0	0	0	0	106	104	210	77
1873	270	270	0	540	0	0	0	0	0	0	109	107	216	79
1874	275	275	0	550	0	0	0	0	0	0	112	110	222	81
1875	280	280	0	560	0	0	0	0	0	0	115	113	228	83
1876	285	285	0	570	0	0	0	0	0	0	118	116	234	85
1877	290	290	0	580	0	0	0	0	0	0	121	119	240	87
1878	295	295	0	590	0	0	0	0	0	0	124	122	246	89
1879	300	300	0	600	0	0	0	0	0	0	127	125	252	91
Total	2877	2877	472	1060	25	48	14	15	29	—	39	41	80	82

Summary of the Total Admissions.

Recovered	472
Believed	25
Not Improved	14
Died	15
Remaining	29
Total	535

Per centage of Cases—

Recovered	18.5
Believed	0.9
Not Improved	2.6
Died	2.7
Remaining	11.1
Total	100.0



TABLE VIII.

Showing the Ages of Admissions, Discharges, and Deaths during the Year.

AGES.	THE ADMISSIONS.			THE DISCHARGES.						THE DEATHS.		
	MALES.	FEM.	TOTAL	RECOVERED.			RELIEVED.			MALES	FEM.	TOTAL
				MALES.	FEM.	TOTAL	MALES	FEM.	TOTAL			
Under 20 years ... ..	7	10	17	2	3	5	—	4	4	1	2	3
From 20 to 30 years ... ..	17	25	42	12	14	26	3	2	5	6	2	8
" 30 to 40 " ... ..	24	26	50	8	11	19	2	4	6	4	7	11
" 40 to 50 " ... ..	16	24	40	3	8	11	5	2	7	7	9	16
" 50 to 60 " ... ..	12	11	23	—	5	5	2	1	3	4	3	7
" 60 to 70 " ... ..	8	12	20	—	2	2	2	2	4	11	8	19
" 70 to 80 " ... ..	2	6	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	9	12
" 80 Years and upwards ... ..	2	0	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	1	4
Total ... ..	88	114	202	25	43	68	14	15	29	39	41	80



TABLE IX.

Condition as to Marriage in the Admissions, Discharges, and Deaths during the Year.

CONDITION IN REFERENCE TO MARRIAGE.	THE ADMISSIONS.		THE DISCHARGES.				THE DEATHS.					
	MALE	FEM.	RECOVERED.		RELIEVED.		MALE.	FEM.				
			TOTAL.	MALE.	FEM.	TOTAL.			MALE.	FEM.		
Single.....	32	50	82	11	25	36	6	9	15	11	19	30
Married.....	48	52	100	13	14	27	7	3	10	20	15	35
Widowed.....	8	12	20	1	4	5	1	3	4	8	7	15
Total.....	88	114	202	25	43	68	14	15	29	39	41	80

TABLE X.

Showing the probable causes, apparent or assigned, of the Disorder, in the Admissions, Discharges, and Deaths during the year.

CAUSES.	THE ADMISSIONS.		THE DISCHARGES.				THE DEATHS.	
	MALE	FEM. TOTAL.	RECOVERED.		RELIEVED.		MALE.	FEM. TOTAL.
			MALE.	FEM. TOTAL.	MALE.	FEM. TOTAL.		
MORAL—								
Anxiety ... ..	3	11	1	3	1	3	1	0
Domestic Troubles ... ..	1	7	1	1	0	0	0	2
Fright... ..	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	0
Grief ... ..	1	5	1	3	0	0	0	1
Religious Excitement ... ..	3	3	1	0	1	2	1	1
PHYSICAL—								
Congenital... ..	5	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
Disease of Brain ... ..	2	0	0	0	1	0	1	1
Epilepsy ... ..	3	0	0	0	0	0	4	1
Hereditary Predisposition... ..	11	12	1	4	0	4	1	3
Injury to Head or Spine ... ..	6	3	0	0	1	0	1	1
Intemperance ... ..	14	7	8	3	5	1	1	2
Losses in Business ... ..	1	0	0	1	2	0	0	0
Loss of Property ... ..	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Old Age ... ..	3	3	0	0	0	0	4	2
Over Work ... ..	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
Previous Bodily Illness ... ..	9	21	2	11	13	2	3	5
Sunstroke ... ..	3	0	3	0	3	0	1	0
Unknown ... ..	20	38	7	16	23	2	13	20
Total ... ..	88	114	25	43	68	15	39	41
			202	202	202	29	29	80

TABLE XI.

Showing the Form of Mental Disease on the Admissions, Discharges, and Deaths during the year.

FORMS OF THE DISORDER.	THE ADMISSIONS.			THE DISCHARGES.				THE DEATHS.				
	MALES.	FEM.	TOTAL	RECOVERED.		RELIEVED.		TOTAL	MALES	FEM.	TOTAL	
				MALES	FEM.	TOTAL	MALES					FEM.
Mania ... ..	40	52	92	18	11	29	4	10	14	8	11	19
„ Recurrent ... ..	13	21	34	3	11	14	6	2	8	4	8	12
„ Puerperal ... ..	—	4	4	—	5	5	—	—	—	—	1	1
Melancholia ... ..	15	26	41	2	16	18	4	3	7	4	7	11
Dementia ... ..	3	6	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	6	13
General Paralysis ... ..	2	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	1	6
Epilepsy... ..	8	3	11	1	—	1	—	—	—	9	4	13
Idiocy ... ..	4	2	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	3	5
Delirium Tremens ... ..	3	—	3	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Total ... ..	88	114	202	25	43	68	14	15	29	39	41	80

**TABLE XII.**

Showing the Education of those admitted in 1879.

	MALE.	FEM.	TOTAL
Good Education... ..	9	13	22
Can Read and Write ... ..	60	70	130
Can Read only ... ..	6	11	17
Can neither Read nor Write ... ..	13	20	33
<b>TOTAL</b> ... ..	<b>88</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>202</b>

**TABLE XIII.**

Showing the Religious Persuasion of Patients admitted in 1879.

	MALE.	FEM.	TOTAL.
Church of England ... ..	72	87	159
Baptist ... ..	1	8	9
Bible Christians... ..	1	1	2
Congregationalists ... ..	0	2	2
Independents ... ..	1	0	1
Irvingite ... ..	0	1	1
Plymouth Brethren ... ..	1	0	1
Presbyterian ... ..	0	1	1
Primitive Methodist ... ..	0	1	1
Roman Catholic... ..	2	1	3
Wesleyans ... ..	6	12	18
Unknown ... ..	4	0	4
<b>TOTAL</b> ... ..	<b>88</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>202</b>

TABLE XIV.

Showing the Occupations on Admissions, Discharges, and Deaths, during the year 1879.

## MALES.

OCCUPATIONS.	The Admissions.	The Discharges.			The Deaths.
		Recovered.	Relieved.	Total.	
Agricultural Labourers .. .. .	29	6	5	11	13
Artificial Flower Maker .. .. .	1	0	0	0	0
Beer House Keeper .. .. .	1	0	0	0	1
Blacksmiths .. .. .	3	0	0	0	1
Brick Maker .. .. .	1	1	0	1	0
Butcher .. .. .	0	0	0	0	1
Carpenters .. .. .	0	0	0	0	1
Clerks .. .. .	2	1	0	1	1
Coal Merchant .. .. .	1	1	0	1	0
Colliers .. .. .	0	0	1	1	3
Confectioner .. .. .	1	0	0	0	0
Coopers .. .. .	1	0	0	0	1
Coppersmith .. .. .	1	0	0	0	0
Draper .. .. .	0	0	0	0	1
Dyer, Woollen .. .. .	1	0	0	0	0
Engineers .. .. .	2	1	1	2	0
Farmers .. .. .	3	0	0	0	1
Flax Dresser .. .. .	0	1	0	1	1
Gardener .. .. .	1	1	0	1	0
Grocer .. .. .	1	1	0	1	0
Green Grocer.. .. .	1	0	1	1	0
Malster .. .. .	1	0	0	0	0
Masons.. .. .	5	1	0	1	2
Officer in Navy .. .. .	0	0	1	1	0
Painter.. .. .	1	2	0	2	0
Peasioners.. .. .	2	0	1	1	0
Plasterers .. .. .	0	0	0	0	1
Policemen .. .. .	2	0	0	0	1
Provision Dealer .. .. .	1	0	0	0	0
Rope and Twine Maker .. .. .	0	0	0	0	1
Sailors .. .. .	2	1	0	1	2
Servants .. .. .	3	5	1	6	3
Shoemakers .. .. .	3	1	0	1	2
Soldier .. .. .	3	1	0	1	0
Tailors .. .. .	3	0	1	1	1
Turnpike Gate Keeper .. .. .	1	0	0	0	0
Watchmaker .. .. .	0	0	1	1	0
No Occupation .. .. .	8	1	1	2	1
Total .. .. .	88	25	14	39	39

## FEMALES.

OCCUPATIONS.	The Admissions.	The Discharges.			The Deaths.
		Recovered.	Relieved.	Total.	
Charwomen .. .. .	7	1	0	1	2
Dress Makers .. .. .	4	2	1	3	0
Factory Hands .. .. .	0	0	0	0	1
Glovers .. .. .	0	1	0	1	2
Governesses .. .. .	5	0	1	1	1
Hawkes .. .. .	1	0	0	0	0
Household Work .. .. .	52	16	7	23	17
Lace Mender.. .. .	0	1	0	1	0
Laundresses .. .. .	3	2	0	2	0
Seamstresses .. .. .	3	2	1	3	2
Servants .. .. .	27	18	3	21	9
Shopkeepers .. .. .	2	0	0	0	1
Weavers .. .. .	1	0	0	0	0
No occupation .. .. .	9	0	2	2	6
Total .. .. .	114	43	15	58	41

## TABLE XV.

Numbers admitted from each Union in 1879.

UNIONS.	MALE.	FEM.	TOTAL.
Axbridge ... ..	13	11	24
Bath ... ..	10	20	30
Bedminster ... ..	7	12	19
Bridgwater ... ..	6	7	13
Chard ... ..	8	8	16
Clutton ... ..	4	3	7
Dulverton ... ..	2	1	3
Frome ... ..	4	7	11
Keynsham ... ..	2	3	5
Langport ... ..	4	2	6
Mere ... ..	1	1	2
Shepton Mallet ... ..	4	6	10
Taunton ... ..	3	10	13
Wellington ... ..	1	2	3
Wells ... ..	3	6	9
Williton ... ..	1	2	3
Wincanton ... ..	8	7	15
Yeovil ... ..	4	6	10
Bradford ... ..	1	0	1
Gravesend... ..	1	0	1
Newcastle-upon-Tyne ...	1	0	1
Total ... ..	88	114	202

# DIET SCALE.

DAYS OF THE WEEK.	BREAKFAST.						DINNER.												SUPPER.												
	MALES.			FEMALES.			MALES.						FEMALES.						MALES.			FEMALES.									
	Bread.	Butter.	Coffee or Broth.	Bread.	Butter.	Coffee or Broth.	Uncooked Meat, including bone.	Meat Pie.	Fruit Pie.	Irish Stew.	Soup.	Bread.	Vegetables.	Beer or Cider.	Uncooked Meat, including bone.	Meat Pie.	Fruit Pie.	Irish Stew.	Soup.	Bread.	Vegetables.	Beer or Cider.	Bread.	Butter.	Tea.	Bread.	Butter.	Tea.			
Oz.	Oz.	Pt.	Oz.	Oz.	Pt.	Oz.	lb.	lb.	Pint	Pint	Oz.	lb.	Pt.	Oz.	lb.	lb.	Pint	Pint	Oz.	lb.	Pt.	Oz.	Oz.	Oz.	Oz.	Oz.	Oz.	Pt.	Pt.		
Sunday	8	4	1	7	4	1	8	1	—	—	—	1½	4	4	1½	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Monday	8	4	1	7	4	1	8	—	—	—	—	1½	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Tuesday	8	4	1	7	4	1	8	—	—	—	—	1½	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Wednesday	8	4	1	7	4	1	8	—	—	—	—	1½	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Thursday	8	4	1	7	4	1	8	—	—	—	—	1½	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Friday	8	4	1	7	4	1	8	—	—	—	—	1½	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Saturday	8	4	1	7	4	1	8	—	—	—	—	1½	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Weekly TL.	56	3½	7	49	3½	7	24	1	1½	1½	4	4½	3½	24	1	1	1	1	1	4	3	3½	56	3½	7	49	3½	7	49	3½	7

The Sick throughout the establishment are dieted at the discretion of the resident physicians. Extra diet for the Sick:—Arrowroot, Bacon, Beef Steak, Beef Tea, Calf's Foot Jelly, Eggs, Essence of Beef, Milk, Mutton Chop, Rice Pudding, Sago, Soup, Ale, Porter, Stout, Brandy, Gin, Port, Sherry. At 11 a.m. the Working Patients have each 2 ozs. of Bread, 2 oz. Cheese, and Half-pint Cider; at 4 p.m. Half-pint Cider. The Laundry Patients have Half-pint of Tea. Tobacco and Snuff given to the Working Patients. The Coffee is made by boiling 4lb. of Coffee with 8lb. of Sugar, in 40 Gallons of Water, to which is added 3 or 4 Gallons of Milk. The Tea:—3 lb. tea, 11 lb. sugar, to 60 Gallons of Water and 4 Gallons of Milk. The Broth is made from the Liquor of the meat the day previous, with 30lb. of Flour, 1 Peck of Onions, Milk, Pepper, and Salt, to 37 Gallons of Water. The Meat Pie is made with 135lb. of Meat, 2 Sacks of Potatoes, 2 Pecks of Onions, Pepper 1lb., Salt 3lb., Flour 130lb., Suet or Dripping 60lb., Water from 6 to 7 Gallons; Herbs when in Season. For the Soup on Thursdays:—Peas 5 Pecks, Onions 2 Pecks, Carrots 1 Bushel, Turnips 1½ Bushel, Parsnips 1½ Bushel, Celery about 2 doz. heads, Parsley, Thyme, and Marjoram, in proportion, Flour 60 to 70lb., Shins of Beef, or other pieces of meat are stewed down and added to the Soup with Salt, Pepper, &c. The Irish Stew is prepared with meat 135lb., 2 Sacks Potatoes, 2 Pecks Onions, Suet 30 to 40lb., Flour about 60lb., Salt and Pepper.

## Head Attendant's Return of MALE Working Patients for the Year 1879.

HOW EMPLOYED.	Jan.	Feb.	March	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	TOTAL.
<b>AS ARTISANS.</b>													
With the Baker .. .. .	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	2	2	17
" Blacksmith .. .. .	2	2	2	1	1	3	2	2	2	2	2	3	24
" Engineer .. .. .	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	3	18
" Mason .. .. .	12	10	11	11	11	8	11	9	9	8	8	7	115
" Painter .. .. .	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	4	5	4	5	9	57
" Shoemaker .. .. .	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	36
" Tailor .. .. .	5	5	5	5	5	3	3	5	5	4	5	3	53
" Upholsterer .. .. .	68	66	65	64	59	62	60	60	61	61	59	60	745
TOTAL .. .. .	96	93	92	90	85	87	87	86	88	86	86	89	1065
<b>AS LABORERS.</b>													
With the Farm Attendant .. .. .	25	22	21	21	20	16	15	14	15	15	15	15	214
On Garden do. .. .. .	18	18	19	20	18	18	15	16	14	11	12	10	189
On Roadways .. .. .	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	10
TOTAL .. .. .	43	41	41	42	39	35	31	31	30	27	27	26	413
<b>DOMESTIC EMPLOYMENT.</b>													
Assisting Attendants .. .. .	46	45	50	50	52	62	65	66	66	65	65	61	693
In the Steward's Stores .. .. .	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	12
" Kitchen .. .. .	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	24
" Wash House .. .. .	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	24
Coal Porters .. .. .	3	3	3	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	38
TOTAL .. .. .	54	53	53	59	61	70	73	74	74	73	73	69	791
GRAND TOTAL .. .. .	193	187	191	191	185	192	191	191	192	186	186	184	2269



## Head Attendant's Return of FEMALE Working Patients for the Year 1879.

NUMBER OF PATIENTS AND HOW EMPLOYED.	Jan.	Feb.	April	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sep.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Total.
In the Dining Hall ...	4	4	4	3	4	4	4	3	4	3	4	45
"  Kitchen .....	13	13	13	12	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	155
"  Laundry.....	44	43	44	41	41	42	43	43	44	45	44	516
Dressmaking .....	12	13	12	12	12	13	13	14	13	14	14	153
Fancy Work.....	5	5	5	7	6	6	7	8	7	7	8	75
Knitting.....	8	8	8	8	8	6	5	5	6	5	5	79
Mending.....	20	21	20	23	22	21	23	23	23	22	22	262
Plain Work.....	40	41	40	38	39	40	40	41	40	41	40	480
Shcebinding .....	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	25
Upholstery.....	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	2	29
Assisting Attendants	50	50	55	53	56	55	53	51	51	50	50	624
<b>TOTAL .....</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>205</b>	<b>205</b>	<b>206</b>	<b>206</b>	<b>206</b>	<b>205</b>	<b>206</b>	<b>2443</b>

RATIONS FOR THE ATTENDANTS AND  
SERVANTS.

WEEKLY ALLOWANCE FOR EACH.

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Bread	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	lbs.
Butter	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	$\frac{3}{4}$	"
Cheese	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	$\frac{1}{2}$	"
Flour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	$\frac{1}{2}$	"
Meat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	"
Vegetables	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	$10\frac{1}{2}$	"
Mustard	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	$\frac{1}{2}$	oz.
Pepper	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1-8th	"
Sugar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	"
Tea	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	"
Milk	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	$3\frac{1}{2}$	pts.
Beer	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	$10\frac{1}{2}$	"
Vinegar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1-8th	"

---

Bread	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	lbs.
Butter	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	$\frac{3}{4}$	"
Cheese	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	$\frac{1}{2}$	"
Flour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	$\frac{1}{2}$	"
Meat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	$5\frac{1}{4}$	"
Vegetables	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	$8\frac{3}{4}$	"
Mustard	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	$\frac{1}{2}$	"
Peppar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1-8th,	"
Sugar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	"
Tea	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	"
Milk	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	$3\frac{1}{2}$	pts.
Beer	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	"
Vinegar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1-8th,	"



STOREKEEPER'S SUMMARY OF TAILORS' WORK  
FOR 1879.

MONTHS.	MADE.			REPAIRED.			STRONG RUGS MADE.
	Jackets.	Vests.	Trowsers.	Jackets.	Vests.	Trowsers.	
January .....	12	8	19	116	91	198	0
February .....	6	8	11	151	134	236	2
March.....	13	15	16	187	149	272	1
April .....	3	2	4	120	95	207	0
May.....	13	15	18	147	130	324	0
June .....	11	11	16	84	106	273	2
July .....	9	11	6	93	90	231	1
August ... ..	10	5	7	157	172	313	0
September .....	17	12	13	126	128	212	0
October .....	11	1	22	147	90	207	1
November .....	9	9	12	183	166	371	0
December .....	5	3	4	100	88	133	2
<b>TOTAL.....</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>148</b>	<b>1611</b>	<b>1439</b>	<b>2977</b>	<b>9</b>

WORK DONE BY SHOEMAKER IN 1879.

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Men's Boots ... ..	24 pairs.
„ Shoes ... ..	36 „
„ Slippers ... ..	21 „
„ „ Carpet ... ..	3 „
„ Boots and Shoes repaired	265 „

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Women's Boots ... ..	23 pairs.
„ Cloth Boots ... ..	21 „
„ Slippers ... ..	5 „
„ „ Carpet ... ..	4 „
„ Boots and Shoes repaired	42 „

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PREPARED BY THE CLERK

*Pursuant to the 17th and 18th Vic., chap. 97, sec. 58.*

## CONTRACT PRICES

For the Year ending December 31st, 1879.

ARTICLES.	1st	2nd	3rd	4th
	Quarter.	Quarter.	Quart r.	Quarter.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Flour, at per sack (280lbs.) ...	1 9 0	1 9 0	1 9 0	1 13 6
„ Oneway „ „ ...	1 7 0	1 6 6	1 7 0	1 11 6
Beef, at per lb. ...	0 0 8	0 0 7½	0 0 8	0 0 7½
Mutton „ „ „ ...	0 0 7¾	0 0 7½	0 0 8½	0 0 7½
Veal „ „ „ ...	0 0 0	0 0 7½	0 0 0	0 0 0
Butter, per cwt. ...	0 1 0¼	0 0 11½	0 0 11½	0 1 0¼
Sugar, Moist, per cwt. ...	1 4 9	1 4 9	1 4 0	1 3 6
„ Lump, per lb. ...	0 0 3½	0 0 3½	0 0 3¼	0 0 3¼
Tea, at per lb. ...	0 1 9	0 1 9	0 1 9	0 1 9
Coffee, „ „ ...	0 1 0½	0 0 11½	0 0 11½	0 0 11½
Rice, per cwt. ...	0 13 6	0 13 9	0 13 6	0 13 6
Treacle, per cwt. ...	0 0 0	0 12 6	0 0 0	0 0 0
Mustard, at per lb. ...	0 0 10	0 0 10	0 0 10	0 0 10
Pepper, „ „ ...	0 0 5½	0 0 4½	0 0 4¼	0 0 4¼
Vinegar, per gal. ...	0 0 10½	0 0 10	0 0 6	0 0 6
Snuff, „ „ ...	0 3 6	0 3 6	0 3 6	0 3 6
Tobacco, „ „ ...	0 3 3	0 3 3	0 3 6	0 3 6
Potatoes, at per sack (240 lbs.) ...	0 11 0	0 11 0	0 14 6	0 15 0
Soap, per cwt. ...	1 2 0	1 2 0	1 2 0	1 2 0
Soda, „ „ ...	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 4 10½	0 4 9
Starch, „ „ ...	1 18 0	0 0 0	1 18 0	0 0 0
Composites, per doz. lbs. ...	0 6 4	0 6 0	0 5 10½	0 5 6
Dips, „ „ „ ...	0 5 2	0 4 11	0 4 6	0 4 4½
Salt, per cwt. ...	0 1 9	0 1 9	0 2 4	0 2 0
Coals, Hard, per ton. ...	0 14 0	0 15 3	0 13 9	0 14 0
„ Steam „ „ ...	0 12 6	0 12 6	0 12 6	0 11 0
„ Small „ „ ...	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	0 7 6
Porter, at per gal....	0 0 11	0 0 11	0 0 11	0 0 11
Ale, (best) „ „ ...	0 0 10	0 0 10	0 0 10	0 0 10
„ (common) „ „ ...	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 8	0 0 8
Cider „ hhd. ...	1 15 0	1 14 0	1 15 0	0 0 0

## CONSUMPTION OF PROVISIONS AND NECESSARIES,

*Between the 1st of January and 31st December, 1879.*

ARTICLES.	QUANTITY.	ARTICLES.	QUANTITY.
Bread ... ..	305,492 lbs.	Sugar (Moist) ...	18 533 lbs.
Flour for puddings, pies, etc. ...	18 846 "	Ditto (Lump) ...	296½ "
Beef ... ..	45,557 "	Rice ... ..	19,338 "
Ditto, Corned ...	10,167 "	Pepper ... ..	383 "
Mutton and Veal ...	27,791 "	Mustard ... ..	322 "
Pork and Bacon ...	15,880 "	Salt ... ..	68 cwt.
Preserved Meat ...	16,572 "	Vinegar ... ..	365 gals.
Extract of Beef ...	1,049½ "	Raisins ... ..	778½ lbs.
Cheese .. ..	8,686 "	Currants ... ..	226½ "
Butter ... ..	17,013, "	Peel (Candied) ...	64 "
Cream ... ..	851½ pts.	Peas ... ..	19 sacks.
Milk ... ..	9,878½ gals.	Tobacco ... ..	626 lbs.
Tea ... ..	3,100 lbs.	Snuff ... ..	186 "
Coffee ... ..	2,627½ "	Barm ... ..	424½ gals.
Treacle ... ..	351 "	Eggs ... ..	33,665 Nos.
Arrowroot... ..	250 "	Carraway Seeds ...	126 lbs.
		Spice ... ..	35 "

### VEGETABLES.

Potatoes ... ..	20,414 pecks.	Turnips ... ..	611 pecks
Broad Beans ... ..	322½ "	Carrots... ..	619½ "
Kidney Ditto... ..	125½ "	Parsnips ... ..	59 "
Peas, Green ... ..	191½ "	Leeks ... ..	528½ "
Cauliflowers ... ..	1,221 Nos.	Red Cabbages... ..	21 Nos.
Brocoli ... ..	694 "	Brussels Sprouts ...	100½ pecks.
Cabbages ... ..	6,680 "	Greens ... ..	1,010 lbs.
Ditto (Weight) ...	69½ cwt.	Celery ... ..	1,771 sticks.
Onions ... ..	650½ pks	Spinach ... ..	39 pecks
Savoys ... ..	355 Nos.	Beet Root... ..	172 Nos
Artichokes ... ..	34½ pecks.		

### NECESSARIES.

Candles (Dips) ...	570 lbs.	Starch ... ..	224 lbs.
Ditto (Composites) ...	610 "	Blue ... ..	105 "
Soap ... ..	25,076 "	Coals (Hard) ... ..	719½ ton
Ditto (Carbolic) ...	2 902 "	Ditto (Small) ... ..	66½ "
Soda ... ..	17,794 "	Ditto (Steam) ... ..	982½ "

### LIQUOR.

Ale ... ..	12,016 gals	Cider ... ..	16,925 gals.
Porter ... ..	3,839 "	Wines ... ..	268 "
Stout ... ..	843 "	Spirits ... ..	115 "

## SALARIES AND WAGES OF THE OFFICERS AND SERVANTS.

	£	s.	d.
*Medical Superintendent ... ..	600	0	0
†Chaplain ... ..	150	0	0
Assistant Medical Superintendent ... ..	120	0	0
Assistant Medical Officer ... ..	100	0	0
‡Clerk to the Visitors, and Clerk and Steward of the Asylum... ..	200	0	0
Assistant Clerk ... ..	50	0	0
§Farm Bailiff ... ..	65	0	0
Clerk of the Works at per week ... ..	3	3	0

### SERVANTS—MALE DEPARTMENT.

Head Attendant ... ..	63	0	0	1 Blacksmith, Locksmith, Gas Fitter, &c. ... ..	40	8	0
1 Attendant ... ..	37	0	0	**1 Upholsterer at per week ... ..	0	18	0
1 Ditto ... ..	35	0	0	1 Stoker ... ..	30	0	0
1 Ditto ... ..	34	0	0	1 Master Tailor ... ..	35	0	0
1 Ditto ... ..	33	0	0	1 Shoemaker ... ..	22	0	0
1 Ditto ... ..	31	0	0	1 Gardener ... ..	33	0	0
4 Ditto ... ..	28	0	0	1 Assistant Gardener, at per week ... ..	0	19	0
1 Ditto ... ..	27	0	0	1 ditto ditto at per week ... ..	0	18	0
1 Ditto ... ..	26	0	0	1 House Porter ... ..	22	0	0
1 Ditto ... ..	25	0	0	1 Store Porter ... ..	25	0	0
1 Ditto ... ..	24	0	0	1 Baker ... ..	28	0	0
10 Ditto ... ..	23	0	0	1 Assistant Baker ... ..	22	0	0
12 Ditto ... ..	22	0	0	1 Nurse ... ..	13	0	0
1 Ditto (Night) ... ..	35	0	0	1 Postman and Messenger ... ..	14	0	0
1 Ditto (ditto) ... ..	33	0	0	2 Farm Attendants ... ..	30	0	0
1 Ditto (ditto) ... ..	30	0	0				
1 Foreman Carpenter ... ..	78	0	0				
*†1 Mason ... ..	62	8	0				
1 Painter, Plumber, and Glazier, at per week ... ..	1	4	0				

### SERVANTS—FEMALE DEPARTMENT.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Head Attendant ... ..	48	0	0	1 Attendant ... ..	20	0	0
Assistant Head Attendant ... ..	28	0	0	1 ditto ... ..	18	0	0
Cook ... ..	30	0	0	4 ditto ... ..	17	0	0
Assistant Cook... ..	15	0	0	2 ditto ... ..	16	0	0
Work and School Mistress ... ..	23	0	0	1 ditto ... ..	15	0	0
§Dairywoman ... ..	10	0	0	5 ditto ... ..	14	0	0
Head Laundress ... ..	29	0	0	8 ditto ... ..	13	0	0
Assistant ditto ... ..	19	0	0	14 ditto ... ..	12	0	0
2 Laundry Maids ... ..	18	0	0	1 ditto (Night) ... ..	20	0	0
4 ditto ditto ... ..	16	0	0	2 ditto do. ... ..	18	0	0
1 ditto ditto ... ..	12	0	0	1 Servant ... ..	14	0	0
2 Kitchen ditto ... ..	14	0	0	1 ,, ... ..	12	0	0

\* Has furnished house, light, fire, vegetables, milk, and washing. † Has an unfurnished house. ‡ Has an unfurnished house, light, fire, vegetables, milk and washing. § Has an unfurnished house, fire, vegetables, milk and butter. || Non-resident without any allowances. \*† Has a cottage on the estate and fuel. \*\* Non-resident. Has Board. Those without a mark have board, residence, and washing. The attendants are provided with uniform.







Year	Month	Day	Event	Location	Notes
1898	Jan	1	...	...	...
1898	Jan	2	...	...	...
1898	Jan	3	...	...	...
1898	Jan	4	...	...	...
1898	Jan	5	...	...	...
1898	Jan	6	...	...	...
1898	Jan	7	...	...	...
1898	Jan	8	...	...	...
1898	Jan	9	...	...	...
1898	Jan	10	...	...	...
1898	Jan	11	...	...	...
1898	Jan	12	...	...	...
1898	Jan	13	...	...	...
1898	Jan	14	...	...	...
1898	Jan	15	...	...	...
1898	Jan	16	...	...	...
1898	Jan	17	...	...	...
1898	Jan	18	...	...	...
1898	Jan	19	...	...	...
1898	Jan	20	...	...	...
1898	Jan	21	...	...	...
1898	Jan	22	...	...	...
1898	Jan	23	...	...	...
1898	Jan	24	...	...	...
1898	Jan	25	...	...	...
1898	Jan	26	...	...	...
1898	Jan	27	...	...	...
1898	Jan	28	...	...	...
1898	Jan	29	...	...	...
1898	Jan	30	...	...	...
1898	Jan	31	...	...	...

This is a list of the names of the persons who were present at the meeting held on the 1st day of January 1898.

No. 2.] ACTUAL CASH RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS FROM JANUARY 1st. to DECEMBER 31st., 1879.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
To Balance in Treasurer's hands	3210	7	7			
" " Clerk's hands	13	4	0			
" Cash from Unions, &c., for Maintenance of Patients—	3223	11	7			
Due December 31st, 1878	4369	6	8			
" March 31st, 1879	4279	1	4			
" June 30th, 1879	4448	16	0			
" Sept. 30th, 1879	4533	14	8			
Overpaid by Wellington Union	0	0	2			
Less Arrears	17630	18	10			
	197	11	4			
" Received for Funerals and Conveyance of Patients—	17433	7	6			
Due December 31st, 1878	29	19	9			
" March 31st, 1879	36	7	0			
" June, 30th, 1879	21	16	0			
" Sept. 30th, 1879	16	10	0			
" Building and Repairs:—Excess Charge—	104	12	9			
Due December 31st, 1878	38	1	8			
" March 31st, 1879	33	8	8			
" June 30th, 1879	37	5	6			
" Sept. 30th, 1879	38	15	11			
County Treasurer—Ordinary Repairs	147	11	9			
Ditto ditto on Account of the balance in hand of the £20,000 received from Bath...	877	6	11			
" Sundry Sales, Dripping, Meat Casks, Tea Lead, Rags, &c...	2000	0	0			
" Farm Sales	48	9	4			
" Interest	239	5	4			
	34	2	6			
	£24108	7	8			
By Salaries and Wages	3361	10	3			
Provisions and Necessaries	10535	17	3			
Surgery and Dispensary	268	2	4			
Clothing	1603	16	8			
Furnishing and Bedding	1322	7	6			
Wine, Spirits and Stout Account	273	10	11			
Miscellaneous—						
Books, Stationery, Printing						
Advertising, Retakings,						
Tolls, Taxes, Stamps, &c.	602	1	11			
	17967	6	10			
Farm and Garden—						
Bills Paid	797	10	10			
Wages	439	19	1			
Funerals and Fetchings	1237	9	11			
Building and Repairs Account	110	12	7			
Additions and Improvements—						
Bills Paid	2968	2	4			
Wages Paid	640	5	7			
Ordinary Repairs—	3608	7	11			
Bills Paid	492	18	8			
Wages Paid	429	11	4			
Balance in Treasurer's hands	197	14	9			
" " Clerk's hands	64	5	8			
	262	0	5			
	£24108	7	8			

No. 3] STATEMENT SHOWING LIABILITIES AND ASSETS OF THE SOMERSET AND BATH  
LUNATIC ASYLUM ON THE 31st OF DECEMBER, 1879.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
To Salaries and Wages due to Officers and Servants—						
Farm and Garden Account	74	3	6			
Building ditto	86	3	0			
General ditto	784	4	2			
				944	10	8
„ General Account for goods supplied	2546	18	9			
Farm and Garden account	88	5	6			
Additions and Improvements	109	13	3			
Ordinary Repairs	133	11	9			
				2878	9	3
Balance				3768	7	6
By Balance in Treasurer's hands as per sheet, No. 2	197	14	9			
By Balance in Clerk's hands	64	5	8			
				262	0	5
„ Unions' Accounts, &c., due 31st December, 1879						
General Charge	470	13	4			
Excess	47	3	6			
Funerals	21	3	0			
Fetchings	15	0	6			
				4785	0	4
„ Farm Valuation ( <i>vide</i> sheet No. 4)—						
Live Stock	556	11	0			
Roots, Seeds, &c.	211	7	0			
Wagons, Carts, Tools, &c.	201	0	0			
				968	18	0
„ Goods in Store as per Sheet No. 7	1330	1	2			
„ Farm Sales for the Quarter	27	14	6			
„ Sundry other Sales	7	15	3			
„ Due on Account of Ordinary Repairs (under sec. 38, 16 and 17 Vict., cap. 97)	209	17	9			
				£7591	7	5

## No, 4] FARM and GARDEN ACCOUNT of the SOMERSET AND

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
To estimated value of Stock on Farm, January 1st, 1879:						
Live Stock ... ..	591	10	0			
Wagons, Carts, Tools, &c. ... ..	180	0	0			
Seeds, Hay, Roots, &c. ... ..	194	0	0			
	<hr/>					
				965	10	0
„ Purchase of Live Stock:—						
1 Horse ... ..	37	16	0			
4 Cows ... ..	77	15	0			
4 Cows and Calves ... ..	77	0	0			
34 Pigs ... ..	50	14	0			
	<hr/>					
				243	5	0
Corn, Meal,* Grains, Oil, and Linseed Cake ... ..	144	13	4			
Rent of Land, Tithe Rent and Rent Charge ... ..	139	3	9			
Seed Potatoes, Garden Seeds, Plants, and Fruit Trees ... ..	72	17	10			
Straw ... ..	20	2	0			
Lime, and Manure ... ..	51	18	4			
Tools, Carts, Harness, Implements, Iron Fencing, &c. ... ..	83	0	2			
Veterinary account, and Shoeing and Blacksmith's account ... ..	29	1	1			
Gravel ... ..	1	6	10			
Repairs to Farm Buildings, &c. ... ..	3	17	2			
Carriage of Goods ... ..	1	11	3			
Sundry small accounts ... ..	17	3	1			
Salaries and Wages, viz., Bailliff, Gardeners, Carter, and Yardsman	298	9	6			
Supernumerary Labour ... ..	142	17	1			
	<hr/>					
				1006	1	5
Rent in lieu of Interest on Land ...				150	0	0

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£2364 16 5

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## BATH LUNATIC ASYLUM, from JANUARY 1st, to DEC. 31st, 1879.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
By Live Stock Sold :—						
4 Cows ... ..	63	10	6			
10 Calves ... ..	10	10	0			
30 Ewes and 33 Lambs ... ..	93	4	0			
8 Fat Pigs ... ..	38	7	0			
	<hr/>			205	11	6
„ Other Sales and Receipts ... ..						
59 cwt. Rye Grass ... ..	3	7	0			
Milk ... ..	5	9	10			
Apples ... ..		4	0			
Horse Hire ... ..		13	0			
Keep of Horses ... ..	1	0	0			
	<hr/>			10	13	10
„ Estimated value of Horse and Man unconnected with the Farm ...				199	16	0
Faggots supplied to Establishment ...				6	6	0
Produce of Farm and Garden supplied to the Establishment :—						
Pork, Milk, Cream, Butter, and Eggs, Potatoes, other Vegetables and Fruit.	531	2	8			
	280	6	11			
	<hr/>			811	9	7
Estimated value of Live and Dead Stock on January 1st, 1880—						
6 Horses at £25 ... ..	150	0	0			
14 Cows ... ..	252	0	0			
1 Cow ... ..	18	0	0			
2 Cows (Fat) ... ..	46	0	0			
1 Donkey ... ..	2	0	0			
1 Boar ... ..	5	0	0			
2 Fat Sows (13 score at 6s. per score) ...	7	16	0			
1 „ „ (10 „ at 9s. „ ) ...	4	10	0			
6 Pigs (each 5 score 10lbs. at 10s. „ ) ...	16	10	0			
3 „ (each 5 score at 10s. „ ) ...	7	10	0			
8 Store Pigs at £2 each ... ..	16	0	0			
9 „ „ at 35s. each ... ..	15	15	0			
2 „ „ at 35s. each ... ..	3	10	0			
3 Sows in pig at £3 each ... ..	9	0	0			
30 Fowls at 2s. each ... ..	3	0	0			
	<hr/>			556	11	0
30 Tons of Hay at £3 per ton ... ..	90	0	0			
15 „ Clover at £3 10s. „ ... ..	52	10	0			
7 „ Oats at £4 „ ... ..	28	0	0			
20 „ Mangolds at £1 „ ... ..	20	0	0			
1 „ Parsnips at £1 10s. „ ... ..	1	10	0			
30 Cwt. Cabbage at 4s. 6d. per cwt. ...	6	15	0			
6 Pecks Seed Potatoes at 2s. per peck		12	0			
8 Tons Carrots at 30s. per ton ... ..	12	0	0			
	<hr/>			211	7	0
Wagons, Carts, Tools, &c. ... ..				201	0	0
Loss on the Year ... ..				162	1	6
	<hr/>			£2364	16	5

No. 5.] AVERAGE WEEKLY COST OF MAINTENANCE, &c., OF PATIENTS FOR THE YEAR 1879,  
 Aggregate No. of Days 266,508.  
 Daily Average of Patients 730.15.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	at	£	s.	d.
<b>PROVISIONS AND NECESSARIES ACCOUNT—</b>										
Stock remaining in Store, 1st January, 1879	...	...	...	256	17	1	...	...	...	...
Tradesmen's Bills and Clerk's Cash Account	10759	4	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Farm and Garden Account	811	9	7	11570	13	7	...	...	...	...
	<hr/>			11827	10	8				
Sale of Dripping, Meat Casks, and Tea Lead	...	36	10	6						
Stock remaining in Store January 1st, 1880	...	345	1	0	381	11	6	11445	19	2
<b>CLOTHING ACCOUNT—</b>										
Stock remaining in Store January 1st, 1879	...	...	...	485	8	6	...	...	...	...
Tradesmen's Bills and Clerk's Cash Account	...	...	...	1614	16	0	...	...	...	0.15
	<hr/>			2100	4	6				
Sale of Rags	...	10	4	3						
Stock remaining in Store January 1st, 1880	...	627	5	6	637	9	9	1462	14	9
<b>FURNISHING AND BEDDING ACCOUNT—</b>										
Stock remaining in Store January 1st, 1879...	...	...	...	308	7	1	...	...	...	...
Tradesmen's Bills and Clerk's Cash Account	...	...	...	1396	13	2	...	...	...	9.22
	<hr/>			1705	0	3				
Stock remaining in Store January 1st, 1880	...	357	14	8	1347	5	7	...	...	8.49
<b>SALARIES AND WAGES ACCOUNT—</b>										
Salaries and Wages Account	...	...	...	4160	19	10				
Less Building and Repair Account	...	...	...	...	...	...				
" Farm and Garden Account	344	12	0							
<b>SURGERY AND DISPENSARY ACCOUNT—</b>										
Tradesmen's Bills and Clerk's Cash Account	...	...	...	643	1	6	3517	18	4	10.17
<b>WINE, SPIRITS, STOUT ACCOUNT—</b>										
Tradesmen's Bills	...	...	...	...	...	...	236	14	9	1.49
<b>MISCELLANEOUS ACCOUNT—</b>										
Tradesmen's Bills and Clerk's Cash Account	...	...	...	590	17	9	...	...	...	...
Stamps charged by Treasurer	...	...	...	2	0	0	...	...	...	...
	<hr/>			592	17	9	568	15	3	3.58
Less Interest	...	...	...	24	2	6	...	...	...	...
	<hr/>									
				£18903	13	9	...	...	...	11.14

No. 6.] BUILDINGS and REPAIRS ACCOUNT from JANUARY 1st to DECEMBER 31st, 1879.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
To Balance from 1878	531	3	2	By Additions and Improvements			
„ Cash from non-contributing places and Patients, over and above the charge belonging to the County, as per sheet No. 1	156	13	7	Sundry Bills for Materials, &c., as per Ledger	2773	7	4
„ Special Grant from Quarter Sessions for Additions and Improvements	2000	0	0	Wages of Permanent Staff of Artizans	172	6	0
„ Cash from County Treasurer (under section 38, 16 and 17 Vic., cap 97), for Ordinary Repairs	1006	2	2	Wages of Supernumerary Staff of Artizans	467	19	7
Interest	10	0	0	<hr style="width: 100%;"/>	3413	12	11
„ Balance ..	715	16	2	Ordinary Repairs—			
				Sundry Bills for Materials, &c., as per Ledger	576	10	10
				Wages of Permanent Staff of Artizans	172	6	0
				Wages of Supernumerary Staff of Artizans	257	5	4
				<hr style="width: 100%;"/>	1006	2	2
							57
							57

4419 15 1

£4419 15 1



No. 7.] BALANCE SHEET, OR GENERAL STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURE OF THE SOMERSET AND BATH LUNATIC ASYLUM FOR THE YEAR 1879.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
To Balance as per Ledger, <i>vide</i> Sheet No. 7 of last year's report—						
In Treasurer's hands .. .. .	3924	0	10			
„ in Clerk's hands .. .. .	13	4	0			
	<hr/>			3937	4	10
Goods in Store January 1st, 1879 as per Sheet, No. 5—						
Provisions and Necessaries ..	157	10	10			
Clothing .. .. .	485	8	6			
Furnishing and Bedding .. ..	308	7	1			
Cider, Ale, and Porter account	99	6	3			
	<hr/>			1050	12	8
Farm Valuation, January 1st, 1879 as per sheet No. 4 .. .. .	965	10	0			
From Unions as per Sheet No. 1	18277	0	4			
Special grant from Quarter Sessions for additions and improvements as per Sheet No. 6 .. .. .	2000	0	0			
From County Treasurer, Ordinary	1006	2	2			
Repairs as per sheet No. 6 ..	10	0	0			
Interest ditto						
Rent in lieu of Interest on land as per sheet No. 4. .. .. .	150	0	0			
	<hr/>			£27396	10	0
By Maintenance as per Sheet No. 5 .. .. .				18903	13	9
Building and Repairs as per Sheet No. 6— .. .. .						
Additions and Improvements	3413	12	11			
Ordinary Repairs .. .. .	1006	2	2			
	<hr/>			4419	15	1
„ Funerals as per Ledger ..	118	5	4			
„ Conveyance of Patients ..	12	18	7			
„ Farm Valuation as per Sheet No. 4—						
Live Stock .. .. .	556	11	0			
Roots, Seeds, &c... ..	211	7	0			
Wagons, Carts, Tools, &c... ..	201	0	0			
	<hr/>			968	18	0
„ Faggots supplied to the Establishment as per Sheet No. 4 .. .. .	6	6	0			
„ Horse hire as per Sheet No. 4	199	16	0			
„ Goods in Store January 1st, 1880—						
Provisions and Necessaries ..	345	1	0			
Clothing .. .. .	627	5	6			
Furnishing .. .. .	357	14	8			
	<hr/>			1330	1	2
„ Loss on Farm, <i>vide</i> Sheet, No. 4 .. .. .	162	1	6			
„ Balance in Treasurer's hands	1210	8	11			
„ ditto in Clerk's hands .. ..	64	5	8			
	<hr/>			1274	14	7
	<hr/>			£27396	10	0

E. H. CLERK, }  
R. O. HEYWOOD, } *Visitors and*  
J. J. WILKINSON, } *Auditors.*

BENJAMIN THOMAS DUKE,  
*Clerk and Steward.*