

Report of the Committee of Visitors of the Lunatic Asylum for the Borough of Birmingham, presented to the Town Council on the first of February, 1853, being their second annual report : together with the reports of the Medical Superintendent and Chaplain also an account of the receipts and payments to the end of the year 1852.

Contributors

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REPORT

OF THE

COMMITTEE OF VISITORS

OF THE

LUNATIC ASYLUM

FOR THE

BOROUGH OF BIRMINGHAM,

PRESENTED TO THE

TOWN COUNCIL ON THE FIRST OF FEBRUARY, 1853,

BEING THEIR

SECOND ANNUAL REPORT:

TOGETHER WITH THE

REPORTS OF THE MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT AND CHAPLAIN:

ALSO AN ACCOUNT OF THE

RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS TO THE END OF

THE YEAR 1852.



BIRMINGHAM:

PRINTED BY W. GREW AND SON, HIGH STREET.

1853.

REPORT
OF THE
COMMITTEE OF VISITORS
BOROUGH OF BIRMINGHAM
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BIRMINGHAM
BOROUGH LUNATIC ASYLUM.



COMMITTEE OF VISITORS,

FOR THE YEAR 1852:

ALDERMAN MARTINEAU, CHAIRMAN.

ALDERMAN T. PHILLIPS,
COUNCILLOR A. DIXON,
COUNCILLOR J. HINKS,
COUNCILLOR B. LUDLOW,
COUNCILLOR R. MOLE,
COUNCILLOR T. PRIME,
COUNCILLOR C. REEVES.


OFFICERS:

T. GREEN, M.R.C.S., Medical Superintendent.

Rev. T. C. ONION, Chaplain.

W. F. KNIGHT, Clerk and Steward.

C. W. HOUGHTON, Matron.



BOURNE LUNATIC ASYLUM
COMMITTEE OF VISITORS
ANNUAL REPORT

The following table shows the number of patients admitted during the year 1887, and the number of patients who have been discharged during the same period. The total number of patients who have been admitted during the year 1887, and the number of patients who have been discharged during the same period, is as follows:

Admitted	Discharged
10	10

The following table shows the number of patients who have been admitted during the year 1887, and the number of patients who have been discharged during the same period. The total number of patients who have been admitted during the year 1887, and the number of patients who have been discharged during the same period, is as follows:

Admitted	Discharged
10	10

BOROUGH LUNATIC ASYLUM.

COMMITTEE OF VISITORS' SECOND ANNUAL REPORT.

By the reports which have been presented during the past year the Council has been informed that all the Buildings connected with the Asylum, and the extension of the Boundary Wall, have been completed. The only additional works of importance, which circumstances have rendered necessary, have been the paving with flag-stones of two of the exercising yards, and the deepening of the well. The latter has been completed by Mr. Clark, and with a present prospect of providing a full supply of water. One yard has been paved, and in the other the work is in progress.

The number of Patients in the		
Asylum on the 1st of January,		
1852, was	.	263
Admitted since	.	120
		—383
Discharged cured	.	46
Discharged relieved	.	9
Removed to other Asylums	.	34
Died	.	37
Escaped	.	1
		—127
Remaining in the Asylum on the		
31st of December, 1852	.	256
Average daily number for the year		270

The charge to the parishes within the Borough for each pauper patient has been 8s. 6d. per week, and to other parishes, and for private patients, 11s. each.

The Visitors have been deterred from reducing the charge to the parishes within the Borough until they should have been able to ascertain the financial effects of the removal of many patients to other Asylums recently erected in several counties; the time has not yet been sufficient to enable the Visitors to form a safe opinion.

The number of Patients, not Paupers, but having no separate accommodation, admitted during the last year was 31; and the Visitors are of opinion the blessings thus afforded in many unfortunate cases would have been much more widely extended had the charge been lower.

As the reduction of the general expenditure, by an increase of numbers, would be very important, the Visitors have determined upon reducing, from March 31st next, the charge for all Patients, not being Paupers within the Borough, to 9s. per week.

	£.	s.	d.
The Income for the last year was	6406	1	9
The Expenditure connected with			
the Patients	5401	1	4
	<hr/>		
Leaving a balance in favour of			
the Asylum of	1004	11	5
	<hr/>		

The labour of the Patients has been regular, and also very advantageous to the Asylum. The men have been employed in cultivating the grounds, from which all the vegetables and roots required for the house and the cattle have been obtained, and also in assisting the farm-bailiff, as well as in various offices within doors.

The women have been employed as heretofore in household offices, making and repairing clothes, in the washing-house and the laundry; the greatest number employed during the year was 179, and the average number, 158.

The Committee of Visitors have again to report that no mechanical restraint has been used throughout the year, and the cases of seclusion have been few.

The general health of the Patients has been very good, and there has been no disease of any unusual or epidemic character.

More than two-thirds of the Patients have attended Chapel on Sundays, and at Morning and Evening Prayers, when their conduct has been orderly and attentive.

The amusements of the Patients have provided an interesting and beneficial change in the routine of work and duty in the Asylum. In the summer, tea parties and dancing out of doors have been permitted; and in winter, the large recreation hall has been used for the same purpose, together with music and singing; and not fewer than 203 Patients have been present, behaving with uniform propriety.

No change has taken place in the superior officers of the Institution; and the Visitors have the great gratification of again reporting their entire satisfaction with the management of the Asylum. The good order of the Establishment, the cleanliness and comfort of the Patients generally, and the recovery of health by so many, are the best testimonies to the excellent manner in which their important and trying duties have been discharged by the officers and attendants.

In conclusion, the Visitors direct the attention of the Council to the valuable reports of the Medical Superintendent and the Chaplain, and to those statistical tables,

especially important, which have been prepared by the Clerk and Steward, and are appended to this report. It is believed, from them, complete information respecting the management of the Asylum may be obtained.

ALDERMAN MARTINEAU,

CHAIRMAN.



CHAPLAIN'S REPORT TO THE COMMITTEE OF VISITORS.

GENTLEMEN,

In the report which I had the honour of laying before you last year I stated, somewhat at length, the order pursued by me in superintending and conducting the religious and moral instruction of the inmates of this Asylum. From that order I have not found it necessary to deviate.

My weekly visits have been well received: and I find that frequent private intercourse, whilst it renders the Patients objects of still greater solicitude to me by reason of the insight into their respective characters thus obtained, enables me also to adapt my religious teaching to their peculiar conditions.

I have occasionally been present at the recreations in the Hall; and at these times have been much pleased with the rational and intelligent manner of several who at the time of their admission were not only incoherent, but altogether repulsive in their demeanour.

The services in the Chapel have been attended by congregations of earnest worshippers and attentive au-

ditors; their behaviour has been reverent, and the interest which they have appeared to take in the various topics discoursed upon from time to time has been encouraging to myself, and, I trust, profitable to them.

I have endeavoured to make my general instructions harmonize as much as possible with the agencies employed for the restoration of the Patients as being the mode most likely, under the blessing of God, to procure the result which we have in view.

On the whole, I beg to report that I consider the Asylum, as regards the religious and moral condition of its inmates, to be in a highly satisfactory state.

I have the honour to be, &c.,

T. C. ONION, B.A.,

January 12th, 1853.

CHAPLAIN.



TO THE COMMITTEE OF VISITORS.

GENTLEMEN,

In compliance with the regulations, I have prepared the following report on the general condition of the Patients, and the state and management of the Asylum, during the year 1852.

I have the satisfaction to state that no accident or other untoward event has occurred to interfere with its ordinary tranquility, and that there has been no epidemic or contagious disease, no serious illness, indeed, of any kind, save that which was either the cause, or the effect, or in some measure a part of the insane condition.

The establishment has been steadily maintained in a state of efficiency throughout the year, and the conduct of the sub-officers has been creditable to themselves and satisfactory to those above them.

There has again been no mechanical restraint whatever, and the year's additional experience leads to the conclusion that the cases in which it is required are of very rare occurrence. Neither has seclusion been resorted to frequently, or for long periods. The time of seclusion has seldom exceeded a few hours; but two excited patients were each excluded for a whole day, and one for five days in succession. This man, a violent and dangerous epileptic, after having an unusual number of fits, remained in a bewildered state for a fortnight, during the early part of which, though scarcely able to stand, he was pugnacious and destructive, and had a hazardous propensity to climb.

The weekly Concert and Ball have been kept up with the usual spirit, and these meetings have continued to form a valuable aid in the moral treatment. On Christmas eve a party was given on a larger scale, and on this occasion, for the first time since the Asylum opened, the partitions of the Hall were removed. It was tastefully decorated with flags and festoons of shrubs, interspersed with artificial flowers; whilst the walls were ornamented with a variety of fancy designs. Most of this was the work of patients, and executed in the short space of a fortnight. The "tout ensemble" was striking, and displayed to great advantage the fine proportions of the noble room. Eighty-nine males and one hundred and six females, more than three-fourths of the whole number, were present. To quote the language of a patient who wrote a description of the entertainment, "nearly two hundred of God's erring and deeply-afflicted children, called lunatics, assembled, clean, neat, quiet, with at least

a passing smile on their care-worn, and in some cases half conscious countenances,—a decided cheerfulness, nay merriment, on some, and on others an expression of pleasing astonishment.”

Tables being arranged all round the room, they sat down to tea at five o'clock; and after tea, by way of grace, they rose in a body, and sang—“Praise God, from whom all blessings flow.” The conjoined effect of so many voices from persons, under such circumstances, uniting with “one mind and one mouth” to thank the great Creator for his gifts was most interesting and impressive. Oranges were distributed in the course of the evening, and supper was served at eight o'clock. Music, singing, dancing, and some Christmas games were kept up with great spirit and enjoyment until nine, when all departed quietly to bed; or, again, to use the language of the patient, “they retired as they entered—orderly, pleased, and gratified.”

In my intercourse with the patients, it is my aim to treat them as much as possible like persons of sound mind, and, further, by a kindly manner, united with undeviating candour and good faith, and free from anything like trickery or deception, to acquire an influence over them, highly important in its bearings on their conduct and comfort. They are occasionally employed, and advantageously employed, in offices of trust; and rarely, or never, do they abuse the confidence thus placed in them. On the contrary, their limited capacity would appear to be rather a security than otherwise for the faithful performance of any task which they fully comprehend and willingly undertake.

The usual statistical tables are appended. They afford information on most points connected with the condition of the patients, but there is a vast amount of good effected in an Asylum which cannot be represented in

figures. The mere statement that so many have recovered embraces but a section of the patients, and has no reference to that larger number in whom no such happy termination can be hoped for. The incurable, who form, unfortunately, by far the larger proportion of the inmates of most Asylums, obtain benefits which can be fully understood and appreciated by those only who have witnessed them.

The total admissions during the year have been 120—58 being males, and 62 females; which, with the 263 left at the end of the preceding year, make a total of 383 who have been under treatment; of whom 256 remain.

The average daily number has been 270; there have been four re-admissions, and 32 have been removed to other Asylums, recently erected in the neighbouring counties, under the provisions of the 8th and 9th Vict., chap. 126.

All the out-Borough Patients have now been removed to their own Asylums. The reduction in the numbers thus occasioned has been in part, and only in part, made good by the admission of private Patients, of which class there had been 37 received in all up to the end of the year. Of these there have been discharged cured 11; improved 7; unimproved 3; 2 have died, and 14 remain under treatment.

The total recoveries during the year have been 46, being 38 per cent. upon the admissions. And nine others have been discharged so far improved as to be fit for restoration to their homes.

The successful treatment of insanity depends entirely upon the period at which it is undertaken, as is shown by the following statement.

The total number of cases not ascertained to have exceeded three months in duration admitted into the Asylum since its opening is 157; of which number 86,

or 54 per cent., have been discharged cured. Among those which remain under treatment, there are ten or twelve already convalescent, and others a favourable promise; and some of the transferred cases would no doubt recover. Now, if all these be taken into the account, it will show that the ultimate recoveries from these 157 cases will not amount to less than 70 per cent.

Insanity is, in fact, as curable as any other grave disease affecting a vital organ; but it, like any other malady, requires judicious treatment at the outset, which cannot be obtained, especially among the poorer classes, at the Patient's own residence; for no medical man, within the limits of an ordinary practice, can see sufficient of insanity to understand practically, and treat efficiently, the varied forms in which it appears. Moreover the injudicious kindness and attention of friends and relatives—often their mere presence—keeps up, or produces an excitement, which under different management would not occur, or if occurring would speedily subside. How frequently has it happened in this Asylum, that Patients reported to have been violent and unmanageable at home have at once become tranquil under its discipline, and the watchful, but unobtrusive care of its experienced attendants. It being, then, an admitted fact that the early treatment of insanity cannot be carried out so well or so successfully any where as in a well constructed and well ordered Asylum, it is much to be desired, that as far as regards the insane, some relaxation of that rule could be obtained which requires absolute destitution as the only qualification for parochial relief,—for any system that prevents, or delays the removal of these cases to an Asylum, is not only opposed to every principle of humanity, but must in the end entail an increased expenditure upon the

parish. There is in all large towns, and in none more than in Birmingham, a numerous class of persons, more or less above the rank of paupers, whose means when insanity occurs to any member of the family, are yet totally inadequate to meet the expenses of an Asylum. Why should not the parish lend its aid in these cases? Now, on the contrary, if relief be sought from that source, it is withheld on the ground that they are not destitute. Hence the Patient, having no other resource, remains at home neglected, or perhaps maltreated, until expensive and long continued illness brings its natural consequence—impoverishment, when, but too late, the poor sufferer becomes the inmate of an Asylum, an incurable lunatic, and a burden upon the parish for life,—a consummation that a little timely assistance would most probably have prevented.

There have been 37 deaths during the year, being 30 per cent. upon the admission, and 9 per cent. upon all under treatment. The average age at death 46. The condition as to bodily health in which these Patients were at the time of their admission accounts for the largest portion of the mortality. One of the deaths was sudden, and an inquest was consequently held upon the body. It occurred in an old epileptic Patient from syncope, whilst kneeling by the bedside in the act of prayer.

About three-fifths of the Patients are commonly present at Divine service, and at morning and evening prayers. This regular attendance is highly salutary in its effects, inducing habits of order and decorum, which have considerable influence throughout the day. Among the number are a few of the more turbulent, who are tranquil and even attentive during the service; and it cannot be supposed that the sanitary influence of such self-controul should altogether cease with the occasion.

The employment of the Patients has been carried on pretty much as in the previous year. This, as regards the men, is still the great difficulty. The out-workers have varied in number, from ten up to more than forty, according to the state of the weather and the kind of work in progress, the average number thus employed being 28. A table is given to show the other modes of employment. There is not the same difficulty with the women, for all, or nearly all, can use the needle; and there are few of them who are not at one time or other more or less employed in this or some other way suitable to their habits and capacity.

THOMAS GREEN,

MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT.

Birmingham, January 12th, 1853.

STATISTICAL TABLES.

TABLE I.

SUMMARY OF ADMISSIONS, DISCHARGES, AND DEATHS
DURING THE YEAR 1852.

	M.	F.	TOTAL.
In the House on the 1st of January, 1852 ...	134	129	263
Admitted during the Year	58	62	120
	192	191	383
	M.	F.	TOTAL.
Discharged Recovered ...	15	31	46
„ Improved ...	8	7	15
„ Unimproved ...	14	14	28
„ By Escape ...	1	0	1
„ By Death ...	24	13	37
	62	65	127
Remaining on the 1st of January, 1853 ...	130	126	256

TABLE II.

GENERAL TABLE OF ADMISSIONS, DEATHS, AND DISCHARGES.

	Admissions.			Deaths.			DISCHARGES.									Total Discharges.			Remain at the end of each year.		
							Recovered.			Improved.			Unimproved.			M.	F.	Total	M.	F.	Total
	M.	F.	Total	M.	F.	Total	M.	F.	Total	M.	F.	Total	M.	F.	Total						
1850	112	95	207	7	3	10	6	3	9	1	0	1	5	0	5	19	6	25	60	61	121
1851	89	87	176	20	11	31	21	27	48	2	4	6	5	5	10	48	47	95	39	33	72
1852	58	62	120	24	13	37	15	31	46	8	7	15	15	14	29	62	65	127	31	32	63
	259	244	503	51	27	78	42	61	103	11	11	22	25	19	44	129	118	247	130	126	256

TABLE III.

STATE OF PATIENTS IN THE ASYLUM ON THE FIRST OF
JANUARY, 1853.

									M.	F.	TOTAL.	
As to probability of Recovery {									Curable ...	32	35	67
									Incurable ...	98	91	189
Epileptic	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28	27	55
Paralytic	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	7	30
Congenital Imbeciles	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	6	16
Criminal Lunatics	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	2	6
Social State {	Married	...	...	...	...	...	...	42	45	87
	Single	...	...	...	...	...	...	76	64	140
	Widowed	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	17	29

TABLE IV.

FORM OF DISORDER IN THE 120 CASES ADMITTED IN
1852.

									M.	F.	TOTAL.
Mania	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27	38	65
„ with Paralysis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	2	11
„ with Epilepsy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1	5
Melancholia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	7	13
Dementia and Imbecility	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	11	14
„ with Paralysis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	2	9
„ with Epilepsy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	3
									58	62	120

TABLE V.

DURATION OF DISORDER AT THE TIME OF ADMISSION.

								M.	F.	TOTAL.
Not exceeding One Month	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	24	43
" " Three Months	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	10	21
" " Six "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	8	12
" " Twelve "	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	3	8
" " Two Years	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	4	13
Above Two Years	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	13	23
								58	62	120
								11	11	22

TABLE VI.

AGES OF THE 120 PATIENTS ON ADMISSION.

									M.	F.	TOTAL.
Under 15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	0	1
From 15	to	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	5	6
„	20	„	30	...	...	...	...	...	16	18	34
„	30	„	40	...	...	...	...	...	15	12	27
„	40	„	50	...	...	...	...	...	10	13	23
„	50	„	60	...	...	...	...	...	9	9	18
„	60	„	70	...	...	...	...	...	4	2	6
„	70	„	80	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	4
Above 80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	1	1
									58	62	120

TABLE VII.
CIVIL AND RELIGIOUS CONDITION.

	M.	F.	TOTAL.
Married	28	30	58
Single	23	24	47
Widowed	7	8	15
			120
Established Church	40	45	85
Roman Catholic	1	4	5
Protestant Dissenters	16	12	28
Jewish... ..	1	1	2
			120
Of Fair Education	4	5	9
Able to Read and Write	35	34	69
Able to Read only	7	12	19
Uneducated	12	11	23
			120

TABLE VIII.

SUPPOSED CAUSE OF DISORDER.

	M.	F.	TOTAL.
Domestic Trouble	10	5	15
Congenital Defect	2	5	7
Epilepsy	2	1	3
Sensual Excess	9	6	15
Disease of Brain	7	1	8
Jealousy	0	2	2
Death of Relatives	2	1	3
Religious Anxiety	3	3	6
Pecuniary Losses	5	3	8
Poverty and Distress... ..	1	2	3
Fright	2	1	3
Love	0	1	1
Old Age	1	2	3
Over Application	1	0	1
Pride	0	1	1
Grief	0	6	6
Joy	2	1	3
Puerperal	0	7	7
Unknown	11	14	25
	58	62	120
Hereditary Disposition ascertained in	12	22	34

TABLE IX.

PREVIOUS OCCUPATION OF PATIENTS ADMITTED IN
1852.

	M.	F.	TOTAL.
Mechanics and Artizans	28	5	33
Hawkers	3	1	4
Farmers	2	0	2
Day Labourers	6	0	6
Porters	2	0	2
Tailors	1	1	2
Shoemakers	4	0	4
Clerks	4	0	4
Butcher	1	0	1
Carpenter	1	0	1
Grocer	1	0	1
Currier	1	0	1
Brewer	1	0	1
Innkeepers	1	1	2
Domestic Servants	0	13	13
Wives of Mechanics, &c.	0	24	24
Laundress	0	1	1
Nurses	0	2	2
Sempstresses	0	2	2
Governesses	0	2	2
Warehouse-woman	0	1	1
No Occupation	2	9	11
	58	62	120

TABLE X.

DISCHARGES ON RECOVERY, WITH DURATION AND FORM
OF INSANITY.

Age.	Sex.	Duration of Insanity.		Form of Malady.
		Before Admission.	After Admission.	
22	M.	Three months	2 yrs. 3 mnths.	S. A. mania.
33	"	Several years	55 weeks	Dementia.
37	"	Several years	33 weeks	Recurrent mania.
47	"	Two months	19 weeks	Ditto.
53	"	Two months	20 weeks	Acute dementia.
38	"	One week	29 weeks	Acute mania.
46	"	Two weeks	27 weeks	Recurrent ditto.
50	"	Seven months	22 weeks	Religious delusions.

TABLE X.—(Continued.)

Age.	Sex.	Duration of Insanity.		Form of Malady.
		Before Admission.	After Admission.	
75	M.	One month	15 weeks	Melancholia.
33	"	Two weeks	38 days	Acute mania.
22	"	Eight days	19 weeks	Ditto.
61	"	Three months	44 days	Ditto.
40	"	One week	34 days	Ditto.
50	"	Nine days	26 days	Ditto.
40	"	Four days	21 days	Ditto.
33	F.	Seven months	53 days	Melancholia.
23	"	Three weeks	19 weeks	Acute mania.
44	"	Seven weeks	40 days	Ditto.
35	"	Four days	15 days	Puerperal ditto.
35	"	Three weeks	46 days	Acute ditto.
41	"	Ten days	40 days	Ditto.
51	"	Four years	2 yrs. & 23 wks.	Monomania.
33	"	Five weeks	20 months	Puerperal mania.
60	"	Three months	59 weeks	Mania.
22	"	Four months	66 weeks	Melancholia.
43	"	Two weeks	54 weeks	Mania.
64	"	One month	67 weeks	Acute dementia.
22	"	One month	40 weeks	Hysterical mania.
43	"	One week	27 weeks	Recurrent ditto.
48	"	Four months	27 weeks	Acute ditto.
46	"	A few days	26 weeks	Ditto.
40	"	A few days	26 weeks	Ditto.
27	"	A few days	75 days	Religious melancholy.
28	"	One & half yrs.	22 weeks	Puerperal mania.
50	"	Seventeen dys.	52 days	Acute ditto.
25	"	Seven weeks	51 days	Melancholia.
40	"	Two weeks	32 weeks	Ditto.
23	"	Three weeks	33 days	Puerperal mania.
22	"	Eleven days	15 weeks	Melancholia.
44	"	Six days	12 weeks	Acute mania.
35	"	Some weeks	40 days	Mania.
22	"	Eleven days	13 weeks	Acute mania.
39	"	One month	9 weeks	Ditto.
18	"	One month	11 weeks	Puerperal ditto.
70	"	Three weeks	15 weeks	Acute ditto.
34	"	Six days	37 days	Ditto.

TABLE XI.

OBITUARY.

Age.	Duration of Insanity.		Cause of Death.	State on Admission.
	Before Admission.	After Admission.		
36	One month.	Three months.	Extensive and old disease of brain.	Mania, lead paralysis, chronic ulcers.
61	Unknown.	16 months.	Disease in brain, lungs and kidney.	Paralytic dementia.
51	One & half yrs.	Seven months.	Syncope.	Epileptic mania, disease of heart.
23	Six weeks.	Four days.	Ramollisement of brain.	Ditto, convulsions.
29	Six years.	20 months.	Coma.	Ditto.
58	One year.	10 weeks.	Ditto.	Paralytic dementia, dropsy.
51	One month.	One year.	Disease of cerebral membranes.	Recurrent mania weak health.
25	Nine years.	21 months.	Pneumonia and brain disease.	Epileptic dementia, feeble.
32	Eight months.	14 months.	Exhaustion.	Incoherence, general paralysis.
46	Several years.	18 months.	Phthisis.	Melancholia, cough.
39	One year.	22 months.	Disease of cerebral membranes.	Mania, general paralysis.
42	Two months.	23 months.	Ditto and effusion.	Paralytic dementia.
36	Nine months.	11 months.	Ramollisement of brain.	Mania, general paralysis.
64	Nine months.	12 months.	Ditto.	Dementia, enlarged heart.
69	18 months.	16 days.	Disease in brain, spleen and liver.	Mania, shattered health.
35	12 months.	37 days.	Thickened arachnoid and effusion.	Ditto, disease in brain, very weak.
57	Four months.	Seven weeks.	Exhaustion.	Melancholia.

TABLE XI.—(Continued.)

Age	Duration of Insanity.		Cause of Death.	State on Admission.
	Before Admission.	After Admission.		
38	Four days.	19 days.	Ramollisement of brain.	Mania, epilepsy, paralysis.
39	Three years.	11 months.	Thickened arachnoid and effusion.	Paralytic mania.
64	Four months.	17 months.	Coma.	Ditto.
63	Four years.	9 weeks.	Very great effusion.	Ditto dementia.
33	17 months.	Seven months.	Ditto and disease of arachnoid.	Mania, general paralysis.
52	Seven years.	Two & half yrs.	Splenification of right lung.	Ditto, chronic bronchitis.
30	Nine years.	Two & half yrs.	Psoas abscess.	Epilepsy, morbid irascibility.
47	17 months.	20 months.	Thickened arachnoid and effusion.	Incoherence.
37	Four years.	21 months.	Phthisis.	Dementia, epilepsy.
58	Two years.	12 months.	Coma.	Mania, epilepsy, diseased heart, very feeble.
83	Three weeks.	12 months.	Natural decay.	Senile mania, chronic bronchitis.
51	Three weeks.	14 months.	Disease in brain and lungs.	Mania, paralysis.
82	A few days.	24 days.	Pneumonia.	Senile dementia, paralytic.
45	Two years.	Two years.	Disease in corpora striata.	S. A. Mania.
38	Several years.	18 months.	Coma.	Epileptic dementia, weakly.
40	Congenital.	20 months.	Syncope.	Epilepsy, imbecility.
15	Congenital.	15 months.	Water on brain.	Imbecility, helpless.
51	Two months.	Two years.	Consolidated lung.	Melancholia, very feeble.
34	Two months.	13 months.	Disease of skull and membranes.	Mania, ditto.
65	38 years.	Two & half yrs.	Ramollisement of medulla oblongata.	Dementia.

TABLE XII.

NUMBER OF PATIENTS EMPLOYED AND MODE OF
EMPLOYMENT.

						M.	F.	TOTAL.
Assisting in the Wards	...	...	...	...	...	25	11	36
" "	House and Kitchen	...	...	...	...	5	9	14
" "	Laundry	...	...	...	...	0	22	22
" "	Dispensary	...	...	...	...	1	0	1
" "	Office	...	...	...	...	1	0	1
" "	Store Room	...	...	...	...	1	0	1
Assisting the Engineer	...	...	...	...	...	1	0	1
" "	Stoker	...	...	...	...	3	0	3
Tailoring	...	...	...	...	...	2	0	2
Shoemaking	...	...	...	...	...	1	0	1
Carpentering	...	...	...	...	...	1	0	1
Whitewashing	...	...	...	...	...	1	0	1
Painting	...	...	...	...	...	3	0	3
Picking Hair	...	...	...	...	...	2	0	2
As Porters	...	...	...	...	...	2	0	2
Farm and Garden	...	...	...	...	...	28	0	28
Knitting	...	...	...	...	...	0	14	14
Needlework	...	...	...	...	...	0	36	36

TABLE XIII.

OFFICERS, ATTENDANTS, AND SERVANTS.

	£.	s.	d.
†Medical Superintendent	350	0	0
*Chaplain	100	0	0
Clerk and Steward	125	0	0
Matron	60	0	0
†Engineer	78	0	0
Baker	25	0	0
†Gardener and Lodge Porter	78	0	0
†Farm Bailiff and Dairy Woman	78	0	0
*Farm Labourer	46	16	0
*Carpenter	70	4	0
*Stoker	54	12	0
Laundress and Under Laundress	38	0	0
Cook	20	0	0
Kitchen Maid	7	0	0
Two Housemaids	18	0	0
Eight Male Attendants (from £20. to £30.)	195	0	0
Eight Female Attendants (from £15. to £20.)	133	0	0
	<hr/>		
	£1476	12	0
	<hr/>		

Without a Mark, have Board, Lodging, and Washing.

† Have Lodging, Firing, and Gas. * Have neither Board or Lodging.

TABLE XIV.

DIETARY.—MALES.

BREAKFAST.

$\frac{2}{3}$ Milk and $\frac{1}{3}$ Water, thickened with Oatmeal and Flour,
1 pint; Bread 6 ounces.

Extra Diet, Tea 1 pint, bread and butter.

DINNER.

Sunday ... { 10 oz. of Undressed Meat, without bone; 16 oz.
of Potatoes, or other vegetables; half a pint of
Beer; and 3 oz. of Bread.

Tuesday and { 9 oz. of Undressed Meat, without bone; 16 oz.
Friday ... { of Potatoes, or other vegetables; half a pint of
Beer; and 3 oz. of Bread.

Monday and { Meat and Vegetable Pie—Crust, 12 oz., Meat,
Thursday ... { $2\frac{1}{2}$ oz., Potatoes, 6 oz.; Beer, half a pint.

Wednesday { One pint and half of Pea Soup, and 6 oz. of
and { Bread.
Saturday ... {

SUPPER.

Bread, 6 oz.; Cheese, 1 oz.; Beer, half a pint.
Extra Diet: Arrowroot, or Boiled Milk.

EXTRA TO WORKING PATIENTS.

Eleven o'clock, 4 oz. of Bread, 1 oz. of Cheese, and half a
pint of Beer.

Four o'clock (in the Summer months), half a pint of Beer.

TABLE XIV.—(Continued.)

DIETARY.—FEMALES.

BREAKFAST.

Bread, 6 oz. ; Butter, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. ; Tea, 1 pint.

DINNER.

Sunday ... { 9 oz. of Undressed Meat, without bone ; 12 oz. of
Potatoes, or other vegetables ; half a pint of
Beer ; and 3 oz. of Bread.

Tuesday and { 8 oz. of Undressed Meat, without bone ; 12 oz.
Friday ... { of Potatoes, or other vegetables ; half a pint
of Beer ; and 3 oz. of Bread.

Monday and { Meat and Vegetable Pie—Crust, 9 oz., Meat,
Thursday ... { 2 oz., Potatoes, 6 oz. ; Beer, half a pint.

Wednesday {
and { 1 pint of Pea Soup, and 6 oz. of Bread.
Saturday ... {

TEA.

Bread, 6 oz. ; Butter, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. ; Tea, 1 pint.

TO LAUNDRY WORKERS AND HOUSE CLEANERS.

Eleven o'clock, 3 oz. of Bread ; 1 oz. of Cheese ; and half a
pint of Beer.

TABLE XV.

NUMBER OF PATIENTS IN THE ASYLUM

DECEMBER 31, 1852 ;

WITH THE NUMBER FROM EACH PARISH OR UNION TO WHICH THEY
BELONG.

						MALES.	FEMALES.
Birmingham Parish	...	...	...	...	...	96	100
Birmingham Borough	...	...	...	...	...	5	4
Aston Union	...	...	...	...	...	12	7
Bridgenorth Union	...	...	...	...	...	2	1
Boston Union	...	...	...	...	...	1	0
King's Norton Union	...	...	...	...	...	3	4
Leominster Union	...	...	...	...	...	3	2
Ludlow Union	...	...	...	...	...	0	1
Uttoxeter Union	...	...	...	...	...	1	0
Patients, not Paupers	...	...	...	...	...	7	7
						—	—
Total	...	...	...	...	...	130	126
						—	—

TABLE XVIII.

ARTICLES CONSUMED FROM JANUARY 1 TO DECEMBER 31, 1852.

ARTICLES.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total Quantities.
Meat	3547	3470	3979	3439	3628	3664	3610	3572	3462	3759	3777	3724	43631 lbs.
Flour	30	20	30	30	20	30	20	30	20	30	20	24	304 sacks.
Bread	8533	7828	8980	8377	8702	8479	8277	8225	7994	8463	8030	7892	99780 lbs.
Potatoes	46	34	46	38½	43½	54	30	25¼	42	51	50	59	519 bls.
Vegetables	61s.3d.	87s.	78s.7d.	63s.7d.	107s.7d.	54s.1d.	161s.2d.	111s.4d.	66s.	81s.9d.	76s.6d.	111s.6d.	£53. 0s. 4d.
Cheese	455	430	499	478	496	469	478	464	458	447	457	440	5571 lbs.
Butter	278	261	307	297	329	284	268	300	254	279	308	290	3455 lbs.
Eggs	20	53	86	152	109	67	121	84	51	46	24	80	893
Fish	2s.6d.	2s.2d.	7s.9d.	1s.10d.	3s.5d.	5d.	1s.2d.	2s.8d.	2s.2d.	4s.9d.	4s.6d.	1s.	£1. 14s. 4d.
Poultry	11s.10d.	5s.9d.	...	2s.	...	...	...	...	1s.6d.	5s.7d.	1s.6d.	1s.2d.	£1. 9s. 4d.
Beer	1041	941	1158	1103	1142	1107	1109	1096	1074	1084	1039	1013	12907 gallons.
Ale	45	39	51	53	56	51	72	72	56	54	60	86	659 gallons.
Porter	36	36	36	...	36	36	36	36	36	36	36	...	30 dozen.
Wine	1	...	...	1	...	2	1	2	2	1	...	10	20 bottles.
Spirits .....	...	3	...	...	1	2	1	2	1	...	...	6	16 bottles.
Milk	422	360	410	353	424	431	347	368	366	350	315	428	4574 gallons.
Tea	56½	60	74½	60½	74	61	60½	72	58½	58½	72½	53½	762½ lbs.
Coffee	4	4	4	5	4	4	4	4	4	3½	5	7	52½ lbs.
Sugar	242	252	308	260	320	260	265	337	290	277	324	283	3418 lbs.
Loaf Sugar	9	9	7	8½	6	10	7	7	5	9	5	8	90½ lbs.
Rice	10	20	10	20	20	10	20	10	20	30	10	20	200 lbs.
Oatmeal	136	72	108	90	108	90	108	54	78	72	60	89	1065 lbs.
Split Peas	252	224	252	224	252	252	240	192	216	203	216	150	2673 lbs.
Currants	1	5	3	3	...	...	12	14	50	47	40	120	295 lbs.
Raisins .....	...	1	...	1	4	6	...	...	...	...	6	44	62 lbs.
Fruit	3s.4d.	4s.5d.	4s.9d.	3s.5d.	10d.	3s.4d.	26s.3d.	32s.11d.	17s.3d.	23s.5d.	30s.9d.	25s.4d.	£8. 16s. 0d.
Spices	8d.	...	1s.10d.	2s.2d.	...	...	3s.3d.	3d.	...	...	3s.6d.	10s.9d.	£1. 2s. 5d.
Salt	367	175	373	298	328	158	290	424	249	299	525	344	3830 lbs.

	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total Quantities.
Pepper.....	5 $\frac{3}{4}$	4 $\frac{3}{4}$	5 $\frac{1}{4}$	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	5 $\frac{3}{4}$	7 $\frac{3}{4}$	6 $\frac{3}{4}$	4 $\frac{3}{4}$	69 lbs.
Mustard	2 $\frac{1}{2}$	2 $\frac{1}{4}$	2 $\frac{1}{2}$	2	2 $\frac{1}{4}$	2 $\frac{1}{4}$	4	4	34 lbs.
Vinegar .....	...	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	13 gallons.
Yeast	12	11	13	12	12	10	10	14	142 $\frac{1}{2}$ gallons.
Arrowroot .....	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	1	6 lbs.
Drugs	19s.	62s.	...	52s. 1d.	52s. 9d.	29s. 9d.	88s. 3d.	66s.	£29. 3s. 8d.
Tobacco	130	168	166	188	157	153	177	143	120 lbs. 9 oz.
Pipes	1	2	1	1	1	2	1	1	13 gross.
Snuff	4 $\frac{1}{2}$	4	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	3	2 $\frac{1}{2}$	3	2 $\frac{1}{2}$	4 $\frac{1}{2}$	3 lbs. 2 oz.
Soap	439	384	440	402	422	371	406	425	4950 lbs.
White Soap.....	2 $\frac{1}{2}$	3 $\frac{1}{2}$	2 $\frac{3}{4}$	3 $\frac{1}{2}$	3 $\frac{1}{4}$	2 $\frac{3}{4}$	3 $\frac{1}{4}$	3 $\frac{1}{4}$	39 lbs.
Soda	167	153	178	182	177	148	165	177	2010 lbs.
Blue	3	4	5	4	5	2	2	5	47 lbs.
Starch	12 $\frac{1}{2}$	8	11	8	8 $\frac{1}{4}$	10 $\frac{1}{2}$	9	10	110 $\frac{1}{4}$ lbs.
Candles	39	8	25	23	21	30	41	47	343 lbs.
Coals	60	57. 14	86. 1	16. 15	20. 15	48. 12	70. 15	87. 13	639 tons.
Cokes	612	451	142	96	50	...	...	...	2212 sacks.
Fire-wood	37s. 8d.	68	...	...	...	...	5s.	25s.	£3. 7s. 8d.
Gas .....	...	61400	...	...	74200	...	...	322800	783000 feet.
Matches	40	27	39	47	39	36	47	35	433 boxes.
Blacking	52	49	62	70	49	32	63	34	647 cakes.
Black Lead	4 $\frac{1}{4}$	5	3 $\frac{1}{2}$	3	3 $\frac{1}{2}$	5	6	5 $\frac{1}{2}$	60 lbs.
Bath Bricks	5	4	3	6	6	8	8	10	72
Brushes & Combs.,	75s. 1d.	69s. 4d.	46s. 4d.	72s. 3d.	39s. 4d.	47s. 6d.	53s.	47s.	£36. 8s. 1d.
Mops	4s. 8d.	4s. 6d.	3s. 3d.	...	...	2s. 3d.	...	1s. 2d.	£1. 4s. 2d.
Scouring Flannel..	4	2	3	2	3	2	2	2	30 pieces.
Bees' Wax	6	3	12	...	...	...	...	...	27 lbs.
Oil	9	1	...	2	4	...	1	...	33 gallons.
Turpentine .....	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	9	28 gallons.
Paint .....	...	44s.	42s.	...	...	...	...	...	£4. 18s. 0d.
Whiting .....	...	56	140	88	...	...	112	333	7 cwt. 0 qr. 9 lbs.
Books, Printing, } and Stationery }	10s. 6d.	74s. 10d.	200s. 3d.	5s.	20s.	47s. 10d.	11s. 3d.	70s. 9d.	£43. 6s. 7d.
Sundries	33s. 6d.	49s. 10d.	36s.	20s. 1d.	17s.	29s. 9d.	27s. 1d.	52s.	£20. 13s. 1d

TABLE XIX.
INCOME FROM THE VARIOUS PARISHES AND UNIONS FOR THE FOUR QUARTERS
AND YEAR 1852.

PARISHES AND UNIONS.	Quarter ending March 31.			Quarter ending June 30.			Quarter ending Sept. 30.			Quarter ending Dec. 31.			TOTAL.		
	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Birmingham Parish	1072	7	3	1052	17	7	1097	19	6	1104	0	11	4327	5	3
Birmingham Borough	32	5	5	32	7	3	31	9	0	45	5	10	141	7	6
Aston Union	72	9	2	79	7	11	96	0	6	112	19	4	360	16	11
Bromyard Union	8	3	6	15	4	8	6	12	0	...	...	...	30	0	2
Boston Union	7	3	0	0	11	0	...	...	...	5	17	11	13	11	11
Bridgenorth Union	11	4	9	14	6	0	19	16	1	28	18	2	74	5	0
Droitwich Union .....	...	...	...	3	12	4	4	9	7	...	...	...	8	1	11
King's Norton Union	120	11	6	115	0	4	112	0	1	61	9	6	409	1	5
Leominster Union	42	18	0	40	4	7	36	2	11	36	2	11	155	8	5
Ludlow Union .....	...	...	...	4	14	4	7	4	7	7	4	7	19	3	6
Nottingham Union	3	11	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	11	6
Pershire Union	7	3	0	7	3	0	4	17	6	...	...	...	19	3	6
Solihull Union .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	9	11	4	11	2	6	1	1

TABLE XIX.—Continued.

PARISHES AND UNIONS.	Quarter ending March 31.			Quarter ending June 30.			Quarter ending Sept. 30.			Quarter ending Dec. 31.			TOTAL.		
	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Stourbridge Union. ....	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	4	7	4	0	4	11	4	11
Salford Union. ....	...	...	...	5	16	4	7	4	7	4	6	5	17	7	4
Stratford-on-Avon Union ...	...	...	...	4	14	4	7	4	7	3	17	0	15	15	11
Stoke-on-Trent Union.	7	3	0	7	3	0	5	19	9	...	...	...	20	5	9
St. Saviour's Union, London	...	...	...	3	9	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	9	2
Taunton Union. ....	...	...	...	3	12	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	12	4
Uttoxeter Union. ....	...	...	...	2	18	2	7	4	7	7	4	7	17	7	4
Warwick Union.	137	6	11	161	1	10	20	8	7	...	...	...	318	17	4
Walsall Union.	0	1	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	1	7
Worcester Union.	7	3	0	7	3	0	4	17	6	...	...	...	19	3	6
West Bromwich Union. ....	...	...	...	1	19	4	5	17	11	2	18	2	10	15	5
Wolverhampton Union. ....	...	...	...	5	16	4	7	4	7	1	13	0	14	13	11
Total for each quarter & year	1529	11	7	1569	2	10	1491	8	4	1430	9	10	6020	12	7

TABLE XX.
INCOME AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE

INCOME.

Heads of Income.	March 31.	June 30.	September 30.	December 31.	Total for the Year.
	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
From Parishes and Unions received and due ...	1520 0 10	1564 5 2	1487 1 0	1426 2 0	6001 9 0
From Private Patients ...	47 10 10	76 7 2	110 5 5	120 9 1	354 12 0
Sundries sold from the House	5 1 6	5 5 5	2 10 0	7 8 10	20 5
Repayments for removal of Patients	0 13 0	1 13 0	0 16 0	1 1 0	4 3
Repayments for Funeral Expenses	6 1 8	9 14 8	4 17 4	4 17 10	25 11
	£1583 7 10	1657 5 5	1605 9 9	1599 18 9	6406 1 1

TABLE XX.—Continued.

YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1852.

EXPENDITURE.

Heads of Expenditure.	March 31.			June 30.			September 30.			December 31.			Total for the Year.		
PROVISIONS.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.
Beer	215	8	4	217	11	6	218	8	7	227	17	1	879	5	6
Port	128	13	4	120	0	0	110	5	0	122	13	0	481	11	4
Hand Coffee	36	2	4	37	1	7	36	5	11	34	2	7	143	12	5
Sugar	14	15	6	16	1	8	16	15	8	16	11	9	64	4	7
Cheese	30	18	3	32	5	11	30	13	5	30	7	9	124	5	4
Butter	35	13	1	38	8	3	31	5	10	34	10	10	139	18	0
Wine, Ale, Porter, and Yeast	101	11	7	108	8	11	108	16	9	107	0	0	425	17	3
Wine and Spirits	0	10	4	0	10	9	0	10	8	2	9	9	4	1	6
Meat, Poultry, and Game	1	10	0	0	7	8	0	7	6	0	18	6	3	3	8
Peas and other Vegetables	23	3	6	27	18	11	29	1	9	34	18	9	115	2	11
Wheat and Split Peas ...	6	3	4	5	19	11	5	2	6	4	15	3	22	1	0
Potatoes, Rice, and Sago	0	9	11	0	13	4	0	12	1	0	15	3	2	10	7
Grants, Raisins, & Fruit	0	16	3	0	12	10	5	5	0	9	12	5	16	6	6
Butter and Eggs	45	19	11	44	4	4	37	8	4	37	3	6	164	16	1
Vinegar, Salt, Mustard, and															
Pepper	2	3	11	1	15	10	2	1	3	2	5	1	8	6	1
Spices	0	2	6	0	2	2	0	3	6	0	14	3	1	2	5
Tobacco, Snuff, and Pipes	5	4	8	5	19	10	5	19	8	5	12	10	22	17	0
Cigars	3	0	10	11	14	0	5	4	10	9	4	0	29	3	8
HOUSE AND OTHER EXPENSES.															
Gas and Coke	181	1	0	81	0	4	63	11	2	78	19	5	404	11	11
Candles	53	19	4	9	14	5	11	14	11	46	0	0	121	8	8
Firewood and Matches ...	2	3	4	0	4	11	0	6	11	1	16	7	4	11	9
Paints, Oil, Turpentine,															
and Lead Paint	7	7	4	6	3	2	7	12	0	5	1	5	26	3	11
Soda, Soda, Starch, & Blue	27	6	4	26	13	7	26	17	11	24	7	7	105	5	5
Brushes, Combs, Mops, and															
Washing	21	2	7	17	6	0	16	11	4	13	18	5	68	18	4
Painting, Black Lead, Sand,															
and	0	15	10	0	15	5	0	14	2	1	9	10	3	15	3
Printing, Stationery, Adver-															
ising, &c.	1	19	11	29	17	0	4	19	10	6	9	10	43	6	7
Expenses after Patients ...	...	...	...	7	4	5	0	5	6	...	...	...	7	9	11
Removal of Patients	0	13	0	1	13	0	0	16	0	1	1	0	4	3	0
General Expenses	5	9	2	8	14	8	4	7	4	4	7	10	22	19	0
Patients' Clothing	63	14	8	57	3	3	69	6	7	89	11	3	279	15	9
Expenses for Private Pa-															
tients	0	14	9	1	8	10	5	7	2	0	17	1	8	7	10
Salaries and Wages	316	1	1	318	10	3	330	5	5	340	2	6	1304	19	3
Light and Tear	82	3	9	82	3	9	82	3	9	82	3	9	328	15	0
Salaries	4	3	0	5	10	8	3	10	6	5	8	9	18	12	11
Expense for each Quarter															
and the Year	162	5	2	333	4	4	332	11	0	176	10	11	1004	11	5
	£1583	7	10	1657	5	5	1605	9	9	1559	18	9	6406	1	9

TABLE XXI.

DAILY AVERAGE NUMBER OF PATIENTS,

WITH THE WEEKLY COST FOR EACH QUARTER,

THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF PATIENTS FOR THE YEAR,

AND AVERAGE COST PER WEEK FOR THE SAME.

Daily Average Number of Patients for the Quarter ending March 31st, 1852, 268. Average Weekly Cost of Patients for the Quarter ending March 31st, 8s. 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ d.

Daily Average Number of Patients for the Quarter ending June 30th, 1852, 278. Average Weekly Cost of Patients for the Quarter ending June 30th, 7s. 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ d.

Daily Average Number of Patients for the Quarter ending September 30th, 1852, 271. Average Weekly Cost of Patients for the Quarter ending September 30th, 7s. 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.

Daily Average Number of Patients for the Quarter ending December 31st, 1852, 263. Average Weekly Cost of Patients for the Quarter ending December 31st, 8s. 0 $\frac{1}{2}$ d.

Daily Average Number of Patients for the Year ending December 31st, 1852, 270. Average Cost of Patients for the Year ending December 31st, 1852, 7s. 8 $\frac{1}{4}$ d.

SUMMARY OF THE COST PER PATIENT PER WEEK, FOR
THE YEAR.

	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>
Provisions, Drugs, Wine, &c., per Patient	3	0 $\frac{1}{4}$
Provisions for Officers, Attendants and Servants	0	9 $\frac{1}{4}$
House and other expenses, with wear and tear	1	7 $\frac{1}{2}$
Clothing, with repairs thereof	0	4 $\frac{3}{4}$
Salaries and Wages	1	10 $\frac{1}{2}$
Total per Patient	7	8 $\frac{1}{4}$

TABLE XXII.

SUMMARY OF FARM, GARDEN, AND STOCK ACCOUNT, 1852.

RECEIPTS.		EXPENDITURE.	
	£. s. d.		£. s. d.
To Cattle Receipts ...	825 9 1	By Cattle Expenditure ...	725 16 5
„ Pig ditto ...	308 17 0	„ Pig ditto ...	290 0 11
„ Sheep ditto ...	192 13 2	„ Sheep ditto ...	167 7 6
„ Poultry ditto ...	6 18 0	„ Poultry ditto ...	5 9 1
„ Farm Land ditto ...	175 5 3	„ Farm Land ditto ...	173 7 0
„ Garden Land ditto ...	66 17 6	„ Garden Land ditto ...	87 15 10
		Balance ...	126 3 3
	<u>£1576 0 0</u>		<u>£1576 0 0</u>

TABLE XXIII.

ACCOUNT OF GENERAL STOCK ON HAND,
DECEMBER 31, 1852.

	£.	s.	d.
Drapery Furniture	1065	5	9
Cabinet Furniture	1551	2	10
Ironmongery Furniture	370	17	4
Earthenware and Glass Furniture	67	18	4
Library, with Bibles, Prayer and Hymn Books ..	55	2	4
Farm Implements	231	12	8
Attendants' Clothes	25	14	9
Drapery Stock	290	8	8
Provisions, Coal and other Stores	170	8	1
Drugs (including Bottles, Jars, &c.)	50	0	0
Engineer's Stock	19	4	7
Carpenter's ditto	47	8	0
Live Stock at Farm	175	3	0
Hay, Provender, and Vegetable Stock	76	2	0
	<hr/>		
	£4196	8	4
	<hr/>		