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Contributors

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METROPOLITAN ASYLUMS BOARD.

REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1896

OF THE

STATISTICAL COMMITTEE,

WITH

APPENDICES.

(11th YEAR OF ISSUE.)

PRICE FIVE SHILLINGS.

LONDON

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REPORT

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STATISTICAL COMMITTEE

FOR THE YEAR 1896.

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1897.

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METROPOLITAN ASYLUMS BOARD.

REPORT OF THE STATISTICAL COMMITTEE FOR THE YEAR 1896.

To the Managers of the Metropolitan Asylum District.

26th May, 1897.

We have the honour to submit our report for the year 1896.

i. INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

(1.) During the year there were notified in the Metropolis Notification 49,708 cases of infectious disease. Of these, 42,876 were and Spotted legally eligible for admission to the Managers' hospitals. The remainder—mainly cases of erysipelas, but including also 277 cases of puerperal fever—were not eligible. Out of the 42,876 cases legally eligible for admission, 22,273 cases, or 51.94 per cent., were actually admitted.

Since 1890, the first complete year in which compulsory notification was in force, the proportion of admissions to the total number of legally admissible cases has been as follows:—In 1890, 33.59 per cent.; in 1891, 36.69 per cent.; in 1892, 43.17 per cent.; in 1893, 36.91 per cent.; in 1894, 52.23 per cent.; and in 1895, 50.31 per cent.

Table A, p. 14, shows the number of notifications of, and deaths from, those notifiable diseases which are eligible for admission to the Managers' hospitals, the ratio of such notifications and deaths to the population, the number of notifications of other notifiable diseases, and the grand total of cases notified during 1896.

A line has been added at the foot of the table to show the percentage of cases which were admitted into the Managers' hospitals.

Facing p. 15 we give, as in previous years, a chart showing week by week throughout the year the number of cases of each admissible disease notified. This year we have for the first time added to the chart dotted lines showing the number of cases of scarlet fever and diphtheria actually admitted. As is shown in Table A, the percentage of scarlet fever cases actually admitted is for the entire year 62.65. The chart, however, shows that, whereas in the first five months of the year, when the Managers were able to

accommodate all applicants, 70·40 per cent. of scarlet fever cases were admitted, between the beginning of July and the end of November only 58·51 were admitted, while in the month of greatest pressure (October) the percentage fell to 57·42. There was no reason why a smaller percentage of the total cases should need hospital accommodation in October than in the early months of the year. The difference between 70·40 per cent. and 62·65 may therefore be considered as representing the percentage of patients who failed to find in the Managers' hospitals the accommodation which they needed. We think, therefore, the chart as now drawn will be useful to the Managers and their constituents as evidence of the extent to which new fever accommodation in the Metropolis is needed.

The diseases admissible to the Managers' hospitals, according to Table A, appear to have been most prevalent in the Sanitary districts of Bethnal Green, Whitechapel, St. George-in-the-East, Mile End Old Town, Greenwich, Kensington, Clerkenwell, and Chelsea; and least prevalent in the districts of St. James Westminster, Fulham, St. George's Hanover Square, Woolwich, and Lee.

In the districts of Camberwell and Lewisham the number of notifications of diphtheria exceeded those of scarlet fever.

Maps spotted to show the distribution of the principal fevers throughout the Metropolis during 1896 will be found in the pocket at the end of this volume.

In all, there are seven maps, dealing with five diseases.

Scarlet Fever cases are spotted on four maps—one for each quarter of the year.

In the *Diphtheria* map, the prevalence of the disease in certain localities is well defined, particularly in the East-end, in Islington, Chelsea, Battersea, Newington, Camberwell, and Greenwich.

On the Enteric Fever map, a few considerable aggregations of cases are apparent, notably in St. Pancras, Islington, Shoreditch, and Poplar.

Smallpox and Typhus Fever cases are shown on one map, the former being represented by spots and the latter by crosses. The most considerable outbreaks of smallpox occurred in Kensington, Islington, Lambeth, Camberwell, and Greenwich.

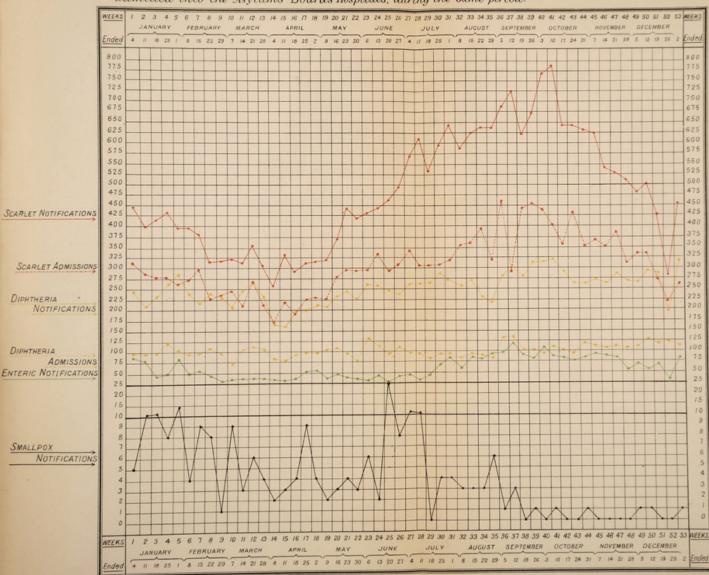
Typhus fever has, for some years past, almost disappeared, and very few cases now occur.

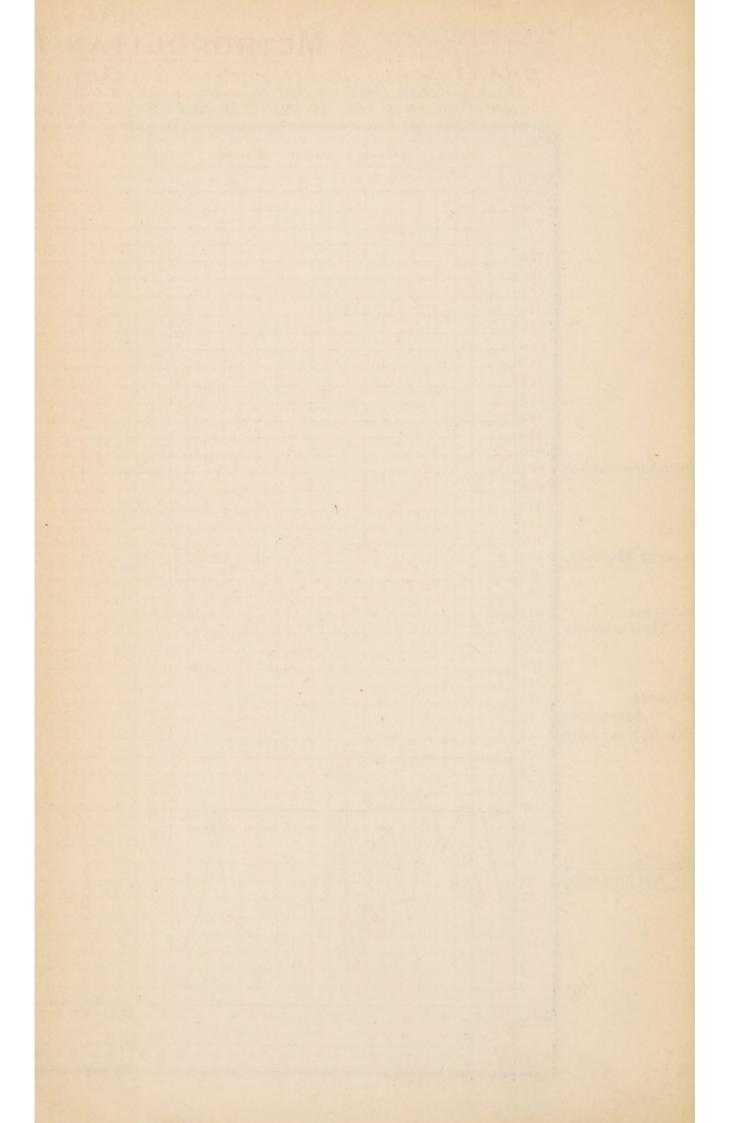
Tables A¹ and A² exhibit the age and sex of cases notified as scarlet fever and diphtheria respectively during the year. It will be seen that both diseases are most prevalent amongst children; over two-thirds of the cases being under ten years of age. But

DIPHTHERIA

METROPOLITAN ASYLUMS BOARD. The first ten lines from bottom represent one case each, and the remainder 25 cases each, and the remainder 25 cases each.

CHART showing cases of Scarlet Fever, Enteric Fever, Diphtheria and Smallpox Notified which the Metropolitan District during each week of the year 1896, also cases of Scarlet Fever and Diphtheria admitted into the Asylums' Board's Hospitals, during the same period.

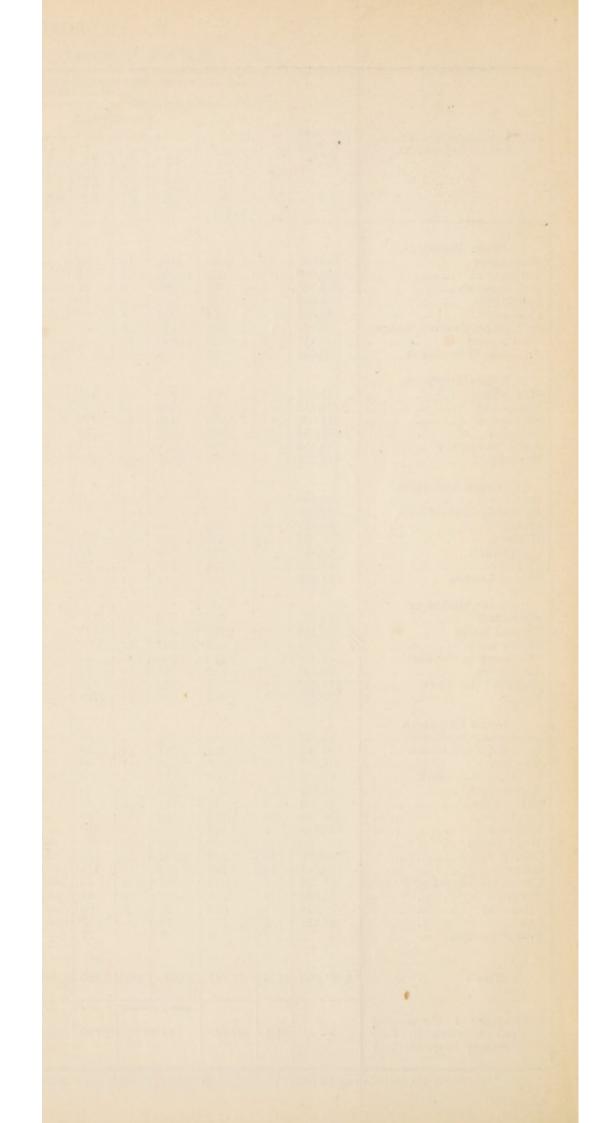




STATISTICAL COMMITTEE, 1896.

			17	ADLE	A.—	Cases o	of Inf	ectious	Disea	tse A	otified	l in Lo	ndon	in 18	396.								
			Notificati	ONS OF, A	ND DEA	THE PROD	t, THOS	MANAGE	ABLE DI	SEASE:	s WHICH	ARE ELD	OLULE P	or Ar	MISSION		No	TIFICAT	TONE (OF OTHER	Notifi	ABLE	
Torre Anabouttle to the or Middle	Estimated			N	PETFICA	rions,						1	PEATHS.						D	BEASES.		1	TOTAL ATTONS.
Loca Authorities in whose Districts the cases were resident.	Population. 1896.	Smallpox.	Soarlet Fever.	Diphtheria.	Membranous Croup.	Enteric or Typhoid Fever.	Typhus Fever.	Total. Notifications.	Annual Rate per 1,000 persons living.	Smallpox.	Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria (including Membranous Croup).	Enteric or Typhoid Fever.	Typhus Fever.	TOTAL DEATHS.	Annual Rate per 1,000 persons living.	Relapsing Fever.	Continued Fever.	Cholera.	Erysipelas.	Puerperal Fever.	Torat.	GRAND TOTAL OF NOTIFICATIONS.
West DISTRICTS. Kensington Fulham Hammersmith Paddington Chelsea St. George, Hanover Square Westminster St. James Westminster	170,660 115,008 104,551 124,838 96,657 80,041 53,477 22,955	13 2 3 4 2 1 2 3	1,020 628 532 795 571 342 224 75	361 342 209 239 481 123 107 34	11 14 9 8 7 1 2 3	95 54 51 61 66 54 35 6	_ _ _ _ _ _	1,500 1,040 805 1,107 1,127 521 870 121	11·8 6·0 7·6 9·5 11·5 6·4 6·8 5·2	_ _ _ _ _ _ _ _	40 29 21 22 23 11 10 3	70 77 52 65 115 24 20 2	16 9 13 13 10 9 9 9	_ _ _ _ _ _	126 115 87 101 148 44 39 8	0·99 0·66 0·82 0·86 1·51 0·54 0·72 0·34	11111111	7 5 4 1 2 1 2	- 2 - - - - -	275 99 121 119 120 56 79 20	8 9 9 10 6 2 1 2	290 115 134 130 128 59 82 22	1,790 1,155 939 1,237 1,255 580 452 143
NORTH DISTRICTS. Marylebone Hampstead St. Pancras Islington Stoke Newington Hackney	141,114 75,812 241,066 337,639 33,615 213,774	4 -6 51 2 8	811 289 1,079 2,047 226 1,533	285 194 469 1,092 76 570	7 5 13 25 4 23	107 58 200 236 16 202	111111	1,214 546 1,767 3,451 324 2,336	8·5 7·1 7·2 10·1 9·5 10·7	_ _ _ _ _	26 7 37 57 8 36	74 30 99 255 19 103	20 7 31 47 5 37	_ _ _ _ 1	120 44 167 360 32 177	0.84 0.57 0.68 1.05 0.94 0.81	111111	- 2 1 6 - 7	1111111	248 54 355 394 40 311	3 6 21 31 1 6	251 62 377 431 41 324	1,465 608 2,144 3,882 365 2,660
CENTRAL DISTRICTS. St. Giles	38,158 13,003 23,820 30,932 66,195 41,478 31,409	- 1 - 1 5 2 2	180 73 132 123 461 264 197	56 15 36 69 234 129 71	4 1 1 3 12 4 1	21 18 8 30 67 38 21	_ _ _ _ _	261 108 177 227 779 437 292	6·7 8·2 7·3 7·2 11·6 10·4 9·1		7 3 6 - 15 21 7	7 3 8 12 42 26 11	4 3 1 5 15 4 10	_ _ _ _ _	18 9 10 19 72 51 28	0·46 0·68 0·41 0·60 1·07 1·21 0·88	1111111	- 2 - 1 - 2 1		80 12 11 65 108 133 34	1 1 1 2 4 2	81 15 12 68 112 137 35	342 123 189 295 891 574 327
East Districts. Shoreditch	122,265 129,151 78,886 47,589 58,347 111,226 169,379	1 2 4 2 7 2 9	708 1,257 638 378 350 764 964	350 425 337 208 264 541 670	21 35 14 6 6 10 31	117 129 62 33 27 113 184		1,197 1,848 1,055 627 654 1,430 1,858	9·6 14·1 13·2 13·0 11·0 12·7 10·8	1 - - - -	39 35 20 18 15 34 33	74 75 48 30 49 97 105	17 20 9 5 3 16 26		131 130 77 53 67 147 164	1·05 0·99 0·96 1·10 1·13 1·30 0·95	_ _ _ _ _	9 4 - 1 1 2 8	_ _ _ _ 1	297 327 138 89 110 197 315	3 12 2 2 4 5 7	309 344 140 92 115 204 331	1,506 2,192 1,195 719 769 1,634 2,189
SOUTH DISTRICTS. St. Saviour Southwark	25,276 60,301 121,191 11,673 85,508 40,432 296,036 165,864 188,908 253,975 176,293 83,795 41,334 59,610 38,714	4 3 3 4 5 18 8 2 13 14 1 1 4 1 5	140 335 677 62 394 1,595 1,175 1,000 1,222 1,163 343 146 363 168 5	82 181 386 43 250 117 662 391 296 1,407 819 361 100 199 75 6	1 12 21 1 8 6 30 28 3 23 17 4 2 9	9 48 88 9 65 45 165 109 102 175 113 58 21 29 28	1 - 3	236 579 1,175 115 721 371 2,471 1,711 1,403 2,843 2,126 767 270 604 272 33	9·2 9·4 9·5 9·7 8·3 9·0 8·2 10·1 7·3 11·0 11·9 9·0 6·4 10·0 6·9	- 1 - 2 - 2 - - 2	5 17 29 5 20 10 65 32 29 52 51 7 9 18 8	18 40 71 9 73 26 139 82 40 260 140 75 31 55 17	1 7 18 2 11 11 124 16 21 37 82 9 2 4 2 —		24 64 119 16 104 47 231 130 90 350 225 91 42 77 27	0.93 1.04 0.97 1.35 1.20 1.14 0.77 0.47 1.36 1.26 1.07 1.07 1.07	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- 1 - 1 14 14 1 8 - 3 - 3 3 - -	- - - 1 6 - 1 1 - - - 1	35 95 194 21 131 113 355 265 319 242 79 45 43 37	- 3 9 - 5 6 20 10 11 16 17 9 1 3 6	35 98 205 21 136 121 395 265 285 336 262 88 49 50 43 2	271 677 1,380 136 857 492 2,866 1,976 1,688 3,179 2,388 855 319 654 315 35
Totals	4,421,955	225	25,647	13,362	446	3,190	6	42,876	9.5	9	940	2,663	564	5	4,181	0.93	3	103	13	6,436	277	6,832	49,708
Percentage of the above) cases admitted to the Managers' Hospitals)	_	81.78	62.65	38-6		*27.02			-	-	-	itals by	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- led the r	-	-	-

^{*} This does not include cases admitted into general hospitals under arrangements made with those hospitals by the Managers, but if such cases be included the percentage will be increased to 29.87.



whereas scarlet fever is most prevalent amongst children from five to ten years of age, diphtheria is most so amongst those under five years.

Scarlet Fever.—Table A¹.—Showing the ages of the cases notified as Scarlet Fever during 1896.

AGES.		Males.	Females.	Total.
Under 1	 	 208	195	403
1 to 2	 	 497	464	961
2 ,, 3	 ***	 897	887	1,784
3 ,, 4	 	 1,160	1,168	2,328
4 ,, 5	 	 1,193	1,208	2,401
Total under 5	 	 3,955	3,922	7,877
5 to 10	 	 4,657	5,250	9,907
10 ., 15	 	 2,202	2,392	4,594
15 ,, 20	 	 718	699	1,417
20 ,, 25	 	 329	423	752
25 ,, 30	 	 173	294	467
30 ,, 35	 	 88	128	216
35 ,, 40	 	 45	84	129
10 ,, 45	 	 27	42	69
5 ,, 50	 	 19	18	37
50 ,, 55	 	 5	12	17
55 ,, 60	 	 4	-3	7
Upwards	 	 4	8	12
Unrecorded	 	 71	70	141
Sex unrecorded	 	 		5
Total	 	 12,297	13,345	25,647

DIPHTHERIA.—Table A².—Showing the ages of the cases notified as Diphtheria during 1896.

AGES.		110	Males.	Females.	Total.
Under 1	 		131	117	248
1 to 2	 		417	358	775
2 ,, 3	 		573	510	1,083
3 ,, 4	 		714	641	1,355
4 ,, 5	 		692	737	1,429
Total under 5	 		2,527	2,363	4,890
5 to 10	 		1,840	2,351	4,191
10 ,, 15	 		655	945	1,600
15 ,, 20	 		305	476	781
20 ,, 25	 		217	372	589
25 ,, 30	 		149	320	469
30 ,, 35	 		100	228	323
35 ,, 40	 		52	135	187
40 ,, 45	 		31	67	98
45 ., 50	 		24	42	66
50 ., 55	 		9	32	41
55 ,, 60	 		9	18	99
Upwards	 		7	17	24
Unrecorded	 		41	38	79
Sex unrecorded	 				2
Total			5,966	7,394	13,362

Ambulance Work. (2.) The Ambulance Committee in their report on p. 41 refer to the increased prevalence of scarlet fever and diphtheria as compared with the previous year, and state that as a consequence of such increase and of the fact that the proportion of notified cases admitted into the Managers' hospitals showed a further increase during the year, the work accomplished by the land ambulance service was considerably in excess of that of any year since the service was established.

During the year 22,417 fever, diphtheria, and smallpox patients were conveyed to the various hospitals of the Managers; 9,998 convalescent patients were transferred to the Northern and Gore Farm Hospitals; and 9,528 recovered patients were brought back from those hospitals to London. Further, 433 private persons were removed on payment to other places than the Managers' hospitals; 1,287 were taken from the out-patient departments of general hospitals to their homes, owing to there being no vacant beds in the Managers' hospitals; and 109 enteric patients were removed from their homes to the general hospitals, where arrangements for their reception had been made by the Managers.

Altogether, 44,374 removals were effected by the land ambulance service during 1896, and the various vehicles made 26,646 journeys, and ran 296,792 miles. The highest previous numbers were attained in 1893, when the figures were 36,976, 24,017 and 245,311 respectively.

The steamboats of the river ambulance service conveyed 2,399 passengers to and from the hospital ships at Long Reach; of that number 188 were patients taken to the hospital ships, 243 were recovered patients brought back to London, and 1,968 were visitors, staff, workmen, &c.

The vessels were under steam for 629 days, travelled 10,333 miles, and carried, besides the passengers before mentioned, 1,878 packages of stores, &c., weighing 76 tons 4 cwt.

Hospital Accommodation for Fevers and Diphtheria (3.) In August last the Managers were able to bring into use the new Brook Hospital, at Shooter's Hill, Woolwich, thus adding 488 beds to the total normal accommodation of their hospitals.

At the Western Hospital, works are in progress which, when completed, will raise its accommodation to a total of 450 beds.

Unfortunately the reconstruction of the North-Eastern Hospital has not yet been commenced, although the Managers approved of plans for its partial reconstruction as long ago as November 9th, 1895. These plans provided for an eventual extension of the hospital to 744 beds; but the Local Government Board, in a letter dated June 24th, 1896, refused to—

sanction the erection of permanent buildings for a greater aggregation of acute cases of fever and diphtheria than that to which they have already assented in the case of the Managers' hospitals now in course of erection.

In the opinion of the Managers, the larger number of patients might have been provided for with perfect safety, having regard to the extent of the site and the proposed distribution of the wards. In the circumstances, however, the Managers felt that they had no option but to instruct their Architects to prepare plans for a hospital of not more than 548 beds.

The erection of the Park Hospital and the Grove Hospital, referred to in our last report, is being proceeded with as expeditiously as possible, and it is anticipated that the former will be ready for the reception of patients in the autumn of 1897, and the latter in the following summer.

The Managers' scheme of hospital provision will then be complete, with the exception of the reconstruction of the North-Eastern Hospital and the erection of a hospital for convalescent fever patients on the southern side of London. For this hospital the Managers have at last been able to secure a suitable site at Carshalton, and in a short time they will be in a position to have the necessary plans prepared.

The completion of the scheme described above will place the Managers in the possession of nearly 6,000 beds for infectious diseases other than smallpox.

(4.) It will be noted that tables of complications amongst fever and diphtheria cases and of diseases coexistent with the attack of fever or diphtheria, which have appeared amongst the fever statistical tables in former reports, have this year been omitted from them and relegated to the Medical Supplement (p. 155), now for the first time introduced.

In introducing this strictly medical supplement, we have been mainly influenced by a desire to afford the Managers' medical officers an opportunity of putting on record matters of special interest arising in connection with the treatment of the enormous number of infectious cases which are now annually admitted into the Managers' hospitals. We also trust that it will result in increased uniformity in the method of classification in the purely medical statistics.

Summary Table I. (p. 65).—On the last day of 1895 there were 3,500 fever, diphtheria, and other patients in the fever hospitals then open.

By April 18th, 1896, the number under treatment had fallen to the minimum, 3,217. After that date the number rose until November 2nd

when the maximum, 4,996, for the year was attained, and it then slowly declined until the end of the year, when 4,566 patients remained under treatment.

The following was the distribution of patients amongst the various hospitals on November 2nd:—

			Beds Occupied,										
HOSPITAI.			Scarlet.	Diphtheria.	Typhus.	Enteric.	Other Diseases.	TOTAL					
Eastern Hospital			301	72		17		390					
North-Eastern Ho	spita	ıl	534					534					
North-Western	,,		341	85		24		450					
Western	**		241	84		16		341					
South-Western	"		239	52		22		313					
Fountain	,,		302	96				398					
South-Eastern	22		246	120		40		406					
Brook	,,		404	105		18		527					
Northern	22		820	76				896					
Gore Farm	"		741					741					
TOTALS			4,169	690		137		4,996					

The total number of patients under treatment during the year was 25,773, as compared with 19,360 in the preceding year.

The total admissions were 22,273 as compared with 16,847 in 1895, 16,667 in 1894, 18,674 in 1893, 16,276 in 1892, 7,809 in 1891, 8,334 in 1890, 5,772 in 1889, 5,152 in 1888, and 6,537 in 1887. Up to the latter year the largest number admitted in any year had been 2,867 in 1882.

The total discharges during the year were 19,386; and the deaths were 1,821, or a total mortality of 8.37, as compared with 10.22 in the preceding year.

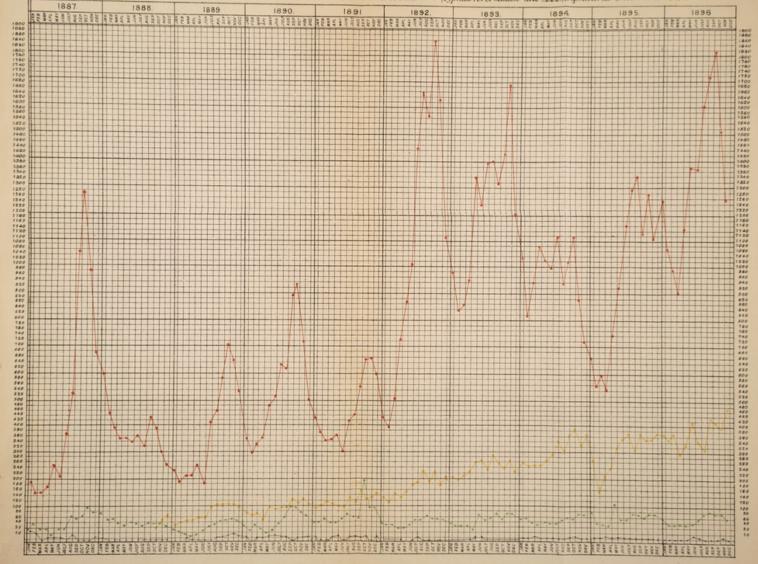
• Summary Table II. (p. 68).—The total monthly admissions of all cases were lowest in April, and highest in October.

The accompanying chart shows the monthly admissions of each kind of fever from and including the year 1887.

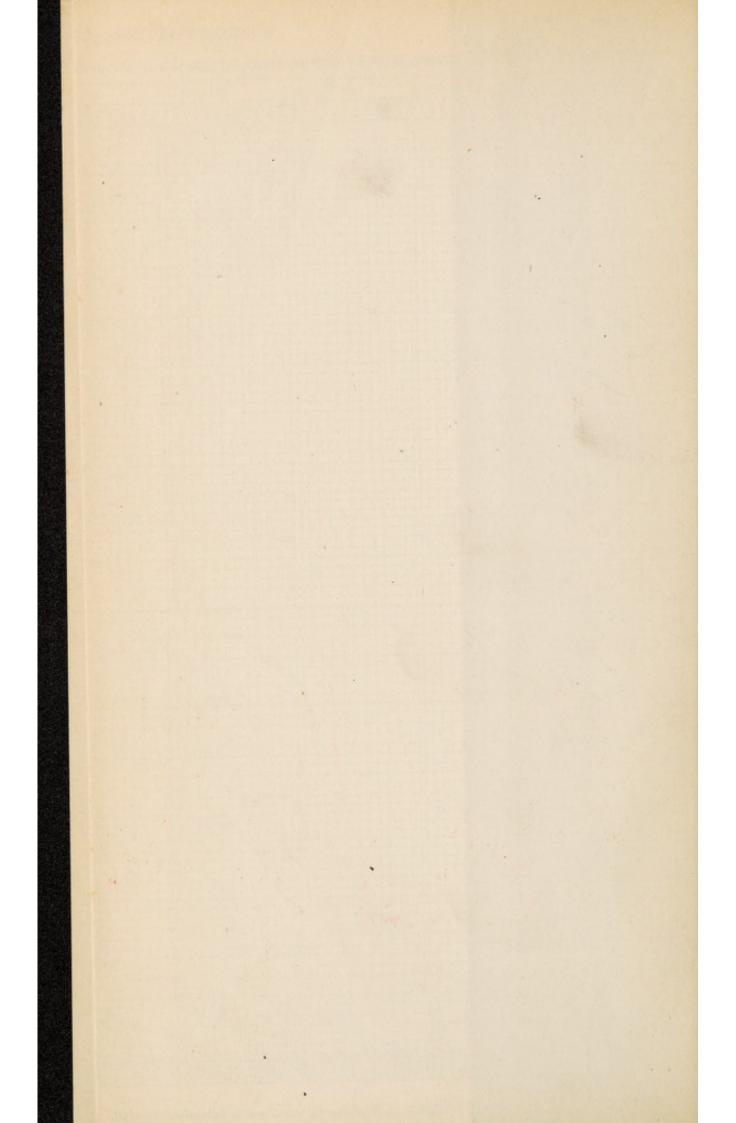
During the twenty-five years which have elapsed since the first of the Managers' fever hospitals was opened, the scarlet fever admissions fell to the minimum eight times in February, four times in March, seven times in April, four times in June, once in September, and once in December (1888); while the maximum number of admissions was reached once in January (1888), twice in July, four times in September, eleven times in October, five times in November, and twice in December. The enterie

METROPOLITAN ASYLUMS BOARD

FEVER CHART-MONTHLY ADMISSIONS-Scarlet fever-Red line Enteric fever-Green line Typhus fever-Black line Diphtheria Yellow line



NOTE. ____ Diphtheria cases were not admitted into the Board's Hospitals until the 23rd October, 1888.



fever admissions fell to the minimum three times in March, seven times in April, seven times in May, seven times in June, and once in July; and rose to the maximum once in May, three times in September, twelve times in October, eight times in November, and once in December.

Typhus fever has of late years only occurred in the Metropolis in small local outbreaks; and in 1896 only nine cases in all were admitted.*

Diphtheria cases were not admitted to the Managers' hospitals until October 23rd, 1888. Since then the minimum monthly admissions have been as follows:—In 1889 and 1891 in January; in 1892, 1893, 1894, and 1895 in February, and in 1890 and 1896 in April: while the maximum monthly admissions have occurred in 1895 in July, in 1892 in August, in 1890 and 1891 in September, in 1894 in October, in 1889 and 1893 in November, and in 1896 in December.

The maxima of scarlet fever, diphtheria, and enteric fever admissions must not, however, be regarded as indicating with accuracy the greatest seasonal prevalence of these diseases, for the reason that on several occasions the accommodation in the Managers' hospitals became completely exhausted, and consequently any further rise in the number of admissions was impossible.

Summary Table III. (p. 72) gives the admissions and deaths of patients from the several parishes and unions during 1896. Scarlet fever, diphtheria, and enteric cases were admitted from every parish and union in the district.

Statistics of Scarlet and deaths at various ages. Up to the year 1888 the admissions and deaths of patients in the first five years of life were given as an aggregate figure, but the Committee being of opinion that the table would be more valuable, if the figures were given for each of such years separately, it has since been arranged accordingly.

The total admissions of scarlet fever cases in 1896 were 15,982: the female were 550 in excess of the male admissions. The total mortality, calculated on the admissions, was 4.2 per cent.

The following table is compiled from the Summary Tables since 1892, the year when the Public Health (London) Act, 1891, came into operation, permitting the admission, free of charge, of any person reasonably believed to be suffering from fever, diphtheria, or smallpox.

^{*} Only six of these cases were certified as typhus fever; the three others were admitted certified as enteric fever cases.

Scarlet Fever.—Table B.—Showing the Mortality at various ages of 66,492 cases admitted into the Board's Hospitals in the years 1892 to 1896 inclusive (i.e., since all legislative restrictions have been removed.)

1.000		MALES.			FEMALES	n ni sau	TOTAL.			
AGES.	Cases Admitted.	Died,	Mortality per cent.	Cases Admitted.	Died.	Mortality per cent.	Cases Admitted.	Died.	Combined Mortality per cent.	
Under 1	350	93	26.6	276	76	27.5	626	169	27.0	
1 to 2	1,174	247	21.0	1,079	243	22.5	2,253	490	21.7	
2 ,, 3	2,076	338	16.3	1,995	336	16.8	4,071	674	16.6	
3 ., 4	2,863	337	11.8	2,942	352	12.0	5,805	689	11.9	
4 ,, 5	3,083	273	8.9	3,327	250	7.5	6,410	528	8.2	
Totals	9,546	1,288	13.5	9,619	1,257	13.1	19,165	2,545	13:3	
5 to 10	12,965	442	3.4	14,386	446	3.1	27,851	888	3.2	
10 ,, 15	6,089	80	1.3	6,500	79	1.2	12,589	159	1.3	
15 ,, 20	1,986	31	1.6	1,986	32	1.6	3,922	68	1.6	
20 ,, 25	770	7	0.9	963	19	2.0	1,733	26	1.5	
25 ,, 30	349	4	1.1	556	7	1.3	905	11	1.2	
30 ,, 35	182	5	2.7	278	5	1.8	455	10	2.2	
35 ,, 40	74	2	2.7	119	3	2.5	193	5	2.6	
40 ,, 45	38	1	N 7	65	3	1 1	103	(4)		
45 ,, 50	19	2	1	17	-	/	36	(2)		
50 ,, 55	14	1	> 5.2 -	14	1	> 2.9	28	315	3.9	
55 ,, 60	5	-	1	4	-	1	9	1-1		
And upwards	1	_	, (2	_	, (3	(-)		
Totals	31,988	1.863	5.8	84.504	1,851	5.4	66,492	3,714	5.6	

N.B.—The above table includes deaths within 48 hours after admission, as well as deaths from intercurrent maladies.

The relation of age and sex to mortality is clearly indicated by the above table. The disease is most fatal to children under five years of age, and notably so to infants in the first and second years of life. More females than males have been admitted, but the mortality per cent. amongst the latter is greater than amongst the former by 0.4.

Statistics of Summary Table V. (p. 76) shows the admissions and deaths Diphtheria. at various ages of diphtheria cases during the past year.

In considering the influence of the antitoxic serum treatment upon the mortality of this disease, it is most interesting to compare the diphtheria statistics for the year 1893, when the serum treatment was not practised at any of the Board's hospitals, with those of 1896, during which year it was, at most of the hospitals, applied to every suitable case. The following table shows the striking decrease in the mortality in the two age-periods in which children appear to be most susceptible to the disease:—

Rates of Mortality amongst Diphtheria cases treated in the Board's Hospitals during each of the years 1893 and 1896.

AGES.	Mortality	Mortality	Difference in
	per cent.	per cent,	rate of
	in 1893,	in 1896,	Mortality.
Under 5 years 5 to 10 ,,	50·8	30·3	20·5
	28 7	18·7	10·0

To a small extent, no doubt, this reduction in the death rate is attributable to the adoption of the bacteriological method of diagnosis, which has resulted in the inclusion of certain mild cases which would not have been regarded as diphtheria on clinical evidence alone. But, even after making allowance for these cases, the result of the use of the new remedy can only be regarded as most satisfactory.

The exceptional mortality at the North-Eastern Hospital, where three cases only were admitted, needs no comment.

The joint report of the medical superintendents of the Board's fever hospitals on the antitoxin treatment of diphtheria during the year 1896 will be found at p. 177.

The following table is compiled from the Summary Tables in this and the previous Annual Reports since 1888, in which year diphtheria cases were first admitted to the Managers' hospitals:—

DIPHTHERIA.—Table C—Showing Mortality at various ages of 19,741 cases admitted into the Board's Hospitals in the years 1888 to 1896.

ACTO		MALES.			FEMALES			TOTAL,	
AGES.	Cases Admitted.	Died.	Mortality per cent.	Cases Admitted.	Died.	Mortality per cent.	Cases Admitted.	Died.	Combine Mortality per cent.
Under 1	183	100	54.6	153	86	56.2	336	186	55.4
1 to 2	613	344	56.1	564	317	56.2	1,177	661	56.2
2 ,, 3	844	394	46.7	828	364	44.0	1,672	758	45.3
2 ,, 3	1,131	461	40.8	1,131	425	37.6	2,262	886	39.2
4 ,, 5	1,113	362	32.5	1,284	444	34.6	2,397	806	33.6
Total under 5	3,884	1,661	42.8	3,960	1,636	41.3	7,844	3,297	42.0
5 to 10	3,089	696	22.5	3,647	925	25.4	6,786	1,621	24.1
10 1"	955	91	9.5	1,317	130	9.9	2,272	221	9.7
15 ,, 20	397	23	5.8	672	31	4.6	1,069	54	5.1
20 ,, 25	247	10	4.0	470	18	3.8	717	28	3.9
25 ,, 30	159	10	6.3	336	12	3.6	495	22	4 4
80 ,, 35	96	2	2.1	184	7	3.8	280	9	3.2
35 ,, 40	54	3	5.6	96		2.1	150	5	3 3
40 ,, 45	31	3	1	46	2 5 4 2 1	> 1	77		-
45 ,, 50	17	1) (80	4) (47	8 5 6)
50 ,, 55	14	4	> 16.9	11	2	> 15.0	25	6	5 15.7
55 ,, 60	6	2 2	1	11	1	1	17	3	1
And upwards		2	,	9	4	, (12	6	,
Totals	8,952	2,508	28.0	10,789	2,777	25.7	19,741	5,285	26.8

N.B.—The above table includes deaths within 48 hours after admission, as well as deaths from intercurrent maladies.

Diphtheria, like scarlet fever, is most fatal to infant children. The maximum mortality occurs in the second year of life, when it reaches the high percentage of 56.2, subsequently falling with every additional year of life to the minimum of 3.2 per cent. amongst persons between 30 and 35 years of age.

The mortality per cent. of females is less than that of males by 2.3.

Statistics of Enteric at various ages of enteric cases during the year.

The following table is compiled from the Summary Tables in this and previous Annual Reports:—

Enteric Fever.—Table D—Showing Mortality at various ages of 10,484 cases admitted into the Board's Hospitals in the years 1871 to 1896.

		MALES.		1	EMALES.		TOTAL.							
AGES.	Cases Admitted.	Died.	Mortality per cent.	Cases Admitted.	Died.	Mortality per cent.	Cases Admitted.	Died.	Combined Mortality per cent.					
Under 5	178	22	12.4	148	21	14.2	326	43	13:2					
5 to 10	704	65	9.2	672	58	8.6	1,376	123	8.9					
10 ,, 15	1,293	137	10.6	1,092	177	16.2	2,385	314	13.2					
15 ,, 20	1,206	178	14.8	1,093	222	20.3	2,299	400	17.4					
20 ,, 25	806	173	21.5	759	146	19.2	1,565	319	20.4					
25 ,, 30	599	145	24.2	496	99	20.0	1,095	244	22.3					
30 ,, 35	0.70	98	28.0	307	61	19.9	657	159	24.2					
35 ,, 40	3 7 0	53	80.1	199	49	24.6	875	102	27.2					
40 ,, 45	107	28	26.2	98	23	28.5	205	51	24.9					
45 ,, 50	~ 1	24	44.4	65	16	24.6	119	40	33.6					
50,, 55	0.4	10)		27	5)		51	15)						
55 ,, 60	10	6>	45.2	8	4	25.0	18	10 -	85.4					
And upwards	8	3)		5	1)		13	4)						
Totals	5,515	942	17:1	4,969	882	17:7	10,484	1,824	17.4					

N.B.—(1) The above table includes deaths within 48 hours after admission, as well as deaths from intercurrent maladies.

(2) The total number does not correspond with Table F, p. 25, because there are excluded from it a number of patients who were admitted into hospitals which also received convalescent patients from other hospitals, and in taking the ages of patients for the purposes of this return, it was impossible from the returns in the possession of the Committee to identify the two classes.

The number of cases of enteric fever under five years of age is comparatively small.

The lowest death rate is amongst patients between 5 and 10 years of age; it then increases with each quinquennium, until it attains a percentage of 33.6 amongst patients between 45 and 50 years of age and of 35.4 amongst the patients of ages from 50 to 60 and upwards.

The male sex is evidently more liable to attack by this disease; but the female mortality per cent. is greater by 0.6. There are striking variations in the relative mortality in the sexes at different age-periods. Between the ages of 10 and 20 the death rate is much greater amongst females, but the case is entirely reversed in all later age-periods.

Statistics of Typhus ages of typhus fever cases at the South-Western and South-Eastern Hospitals, the only institutions at which this disease was treated during the past year.

The following table is compiled from the Summary Tables in this and former Annual Reports:—

Typhus Fever.—Table E—Showing Mortality at various ages of 2,178 cases admitted into the Board's Hospitals in the years 1871 to 1896.

	1	MALES		F	EMALE	8.	TOTAL.						
AGES.	Cases Admitted.	Died.	Mortality per cent.	Cases Admitted.	Died.	Mortality per cent.	Cases Admitted.	Died.	Combined Mortality per cent.				
Under 5	40	1	2.5	48	1	2.1	88	2	2.3				
5 to 10	108	1	0.9	139	_	-	247	1	0.4				
10 ,, 15	171	5	2.9	207	11	5.3	378	16	4.2				
15 ,, 20	165	10	6.1	198	18	9.1	363	28	7.7				
20 ,, 25	124	28	22.6	124	22	17.7	248	50	20.2				
25 ,, 30	77	21	27.3	83	15	18.1	160	36	22.5				
30 ,, 35	76	25	32.9	85	22	25.9	161	47	29-2				
35 ,, 40	57	26	45.6	76	21	27.6	133	47	35.3				
40 ,, 45	75	46	61.3	95	35	36.8	170	81	47.6				
45 ,, 50	43	21	48.8	55	21	38.2	98	42	42.9				
50 ., 55	23	16	69.6	38	21	55.3	61	37	60.7				
55 ,, 60	14	9	64.3	18	15	83-3	82	24	75.0				
And upwards	17	13	76.5	22	15	68-2	39	28	71.8				
Totals	990	222	22.4	1,188	217	18.3	2,178	439	20.2				

X.B.—(1) The above table includes deaths within 48 hours after admission, as well as deaths from intercurrent maladies.

Young children appear to be less liable to attack by typhus fever than adolescents or adults. At all ages more females than males have been admitted. The death rate of females per cent. is less by 4·1 than that of males. The mortality in both sexes is greatly influenced by age. Up to the twentieth year the rate does not exceed 7·7 per cent.; but in the quinquennium 20 to 25 it suddenly rises to 20·2 per cent., and thenceforward rapidly increases with advancing age, up to the age of 60 years.

Statistics of Mistakes in Diagnosis.

Summary Table VIII. (pp. 81-87) shows the total admissions during the year of patients having other diseases than those set forth on the medical admission certificates. The form of the table is so arranged as to show not only the diseases from which the patients actually suffered, but also the diseases from which they were stated to be suffering by the certificate under which they were removed to hospital.

The percentage of these cases of mistaken diagnosis was, as regards scarlet fever cases, 2.2; diphtheria cases, 11.1; and enteric cases, 28.7.

Amongst the 356 cases certified as scarlet fever, there were 74 of measles, 58 of tonsillitis, and 81 had no obvious disease. Amongst the 562 cases certified as diphtheria were 33 of measles and 447 of tonsillitis.

Amongst the 242 cases certified as enteric fever were 12 of bronchitis and 47 of lobar pneumonia.

⁽²⁾ The total number does not correspond with Table F, p. 25, for similar reasons to those given in note 2 to Table B, p. 22.

Fever and Diphtheria Statistics since Establishment of the Managers' Hospitals. (5.) The return on p. 25 shows the annual admissions and deaths of patients at the Managers' fever hospitals, with the mortality per cent. since the establishment of the first hospital in 1870, together with extracts from the Registrar-General's annual summaries showing the annual mortality per 1,000 persons living of the population of the Metropolis from scarlet,

typhus, and enteric fevers and diphtheria.

The decreasing percentage of the mortality amongst scarlet fever patients treated in the Managers' hospitals continues to be a noticeable feature.

Attention is also drawn to the decline in the percentage mortality amongst diphtheria patients from 40.74 in 1889 to 29.29 in 1894 and 22.85 in 1895 (when the antitoxic serum treatment was first adopted) and 21.2 in 1896.

Table F—Showing the Admissions and Deaths of Patients and Mortality per cent. at the Managers' FEVER HOSPITALS during each Year since the opening of the first Hospital on January 25th, 1870, together with the Annual Mortality per 1,000 persons living of the Population of the Metronolis from Scarlet. Tuphus, and Enteris Fevers and Dinhtheria extracted from the Registrar-General's Annual Summaries.

1	_	_	_		_	_	_			_					_			_				_	_	_		_				_
ou.	Enteric.		0.57	0.54	0.57	0.56	0.53	0.55	0.52	0.58	0.58	0.19	0-25	0.52	0.52	0.53	0.15	0.15	0.15	0.17	0.13	0.15	0.18	0.10	0-16	0.15	0-14	0.13		
fortality ,000 Population	Typhus.		0.12	0.02	80.0	60.0	FO.0	0.04	0.04	10.0	0.05	0.05	0-05	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0-00	00.0	0.00	00-0	0.00	00.0	0.00	0.00	0.00	0000	0.00		
Annual Mort per 1,000 f estimated Pon	Diphtheria		0.11	80.0	60-0	0.12	0.17	0.11	60-0	0.15	0.15	0.14	0.17	0.55	0.54	0.54	0.58	0.51	0.53	0.35	0.89	0.33	0.34	91-0	0.76	0.62	0.54	000		
0	Scarlet.		82.0	85.0	0.19	0.77	1.06	0.65	0.44	0.49	0.72	0.85	0.00	0.25	0.21	98.0	81.0	0.17	98.0	0.30	61.0	0.51	0.14	0.57	0-87	0-55	0-19	0.21	1	
atients ls.	Enterie.			96-13	15.13	14.87	89.47	20.34	22-93	96-06	19-78	15-63	11-17	17-02	19.9	18-85	15.82	14.85	69.41	14.64	01.0	89-61	14-52	13.20	10.03	8-13	8-17	18.91	16.82	
nt, of Pat	snyd&L			28-62	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	31.57			-	-	-		25.0 1	20-69	-
Mortality per cent, of Pat treated in Managers' Hospitals,			::	::			::	::	.:	:	2		-	-					-							-		21.20		
Mortality	Scarlet Fever.	-	:	10.78	9.99	2.15	3-69	2-18	2-10	4-84	5-97	2.80	1.10	0.87	2.88	2.57	9-47	9.04	-	=		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
	Total.			168 1	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	_		-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_	_	1	_
	Other Diseases,		:	70	28	84	54	71	00	40	68	37	46	09	99	200	46	55	69	09	48	81	102	140	105 1	150	142	109		
THS.	Enteric.		:	22	99	63	18	59	7.9	100	7.4	43	98	104	7.4	86	96	47	19	7.5	41	93	106	65	110	96	119	96	1	
DEATHS	-snud&L		:	30	16	106	16	28	36	47	11	9	55	27	11	10	1-	+	+	::	9	20	1	01	1	1	:	01		
,	Diphtheria		:	::	:	:	::	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:		:	94	275	816	397	588	865	,085	820	816	5,285	
	Scarlet.		:	==	9	88	160	06	7.0	91	211	242	168	189	534	234	130	151	489	201	998	510	357	839	106	717 1	169	999	766	
-			_	_	-	_	10	01	_	_	~	_	21	_	_		10	_	-	-	01	_	_		-	-	-		1 1-	-
	Total.		:	864	1,14	2,134	1,81	1,392	1,207	1,56	2,098	2,464	2,822	2,867	2,72(2,547	1,855	2,197	6,537	5,152	5,772	8,834	7,809	16,27	18,674	16,667	16,847	22,278	153582	
	Other Diseases.			343							196						553				219	341	462	725	735			1,174	9,855	
SIONS.	Enteric.		:	279	381	485	299	288	372	484	385	248	415	515	486	493	220	555	441	450	290	498	755	430	544	534	661	009	2,325 10,836 9,855	
ADMISSIONS.	Typhus.		:::	134	401	556	65	139	170	168	48	200	219	148	45	65	250	20	200	1	22	91	18	13	C)	9	00	6	2,825	
	Diphtheria		:	:	:	:	:	::	:	:	:	:	::	:	:	:	:	:		66	722	945	1,312	2,009	2,848	3,666	3,685	4,508	19,741	
	Searlet.	100		108	26	804	1,182	67.1	619	619	1,469	1,949	1,477	1,850	1,920	1,845	1,3553	1,780	5,900	4,408	4,518	6,537	5,262	13,098	8+2,41	869,11	11,271	15,982	110775 19,741	
			1	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-	-	:	:	:	:	:	1	1	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-	-
			:	1872)			:	:	:		:	:	:	:			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
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1	oi.		:	Dec.			:				:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-	:	:		:	
	YEAR.		:	ths to	:	:	:		***	:	:		:	:	:	:	:		:	:		-	:	::		:	:	:	Totals	
			:	(15 months to Dec. 31st, 1872)	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	***	::		:	:	:	T	
			1871)			1874	1875	1876	1877	1878	1879	1880	1881	1885	1883	1884	1885	1886	1887	1888	1889	1890	1891	1892	1893	1894	1895	1896.		
_									-				-				-									-			-	-

Nork.—1. From December 1st, 1870, to the end of September, 1871. Smallpox cases only were admitted to the Board's Hospitals.
 The deaths of Fever patients include all cases dying within 48 hours after admission, and also those deaths due to intercurrent maladies.
 Diphtheria cases have only been admitted into the Managers' Hospitals since October 23rd, 1888.
 The Mortality rates of patients in the Managers' Hospitals are calculated according to the Registrar-General's formula.

Hospital Accommo. dation for Smallpox.

(6.) In our report for 1895 we stated that the Managers had approved of plans for the erection, on the Joyce Green estate, near Dartford, of a two-storey brick hospital for the accommodation of 880 cases in ordinary wards and of 72 cases in special isolation buildings. Subsequently the isolation accommodation was reduced to 60 cases.

These plans were in due course submitted to the Local Government Board for approval. That Board, however, after considerable correspondence with the Managers, declined to sanction the erection of a complete hospital for so large a number of patients as 940, and expressed the opinion that the provision of permanent accommodation on the site should at present be limited to the erection of pavilions to accommodate 400 patients only. The Board also stated that-

in the event of any outbreak of smallpox which could not be provided for by the hospital ships, the existing buildings, and the proposed additional accommodation, further accommodation of a temporary character should be provided, and with this view the Board would be willing to assent to the execution of such works as regards roads, sewers, water supply, and other matters as may be necessary to facilitate the provision of such accommodation, if necessity should arise.

The Board further stated that—

the arrangements as regards the administrative block may include provision for additional staff in the case of such an emergency as that which it is intended should be provided for by the temporary accommodation.

The Managers have now given instructions for the preparation of plans in accordance with the Board's decision.

In the event of these plans being finally approved and carried out, the accommodation for smallpox patients will be as follows :-

Hospital ships	300	beds.
Gore Farm upper hospital (for convalescent patients) Gore Farm lower hospital (for infirmary	1,000	,,
cases), wooden structures	192	,,
New hospital at Joyce Green	400	,,
	1,892	,,

Gore Farm, as the Managers know, is at present urgently required for scarlet fever convalescents. This leaves only 700 beds practically available for smallpox. Whether, having regard to the extreme rapidity with which smallpox spreads, this is such a provision as prudence would dictate, we do not venture to say. But we think it right to place on record the fact

that the entire responsibility for the reduction of the accommodation at Joyce Green from 940 to 400 beds rests not upon the Managers, but upon the Local Government Board. Moreover, it must not be forgotten that the Board sanctioned the purchase of the Joyce Green estate upon condition—

that when the site is utilised for hospital purposes, smallpox cases from the Dartford urban and rural districts and the Dartford Union workhouse shall be admitted into the hospital.

The population of these districts at the census of 1891 was 44,683, and is rapidly increasing.

Smallpox Statistics. (7.) Table I. on p. 93 shows the number of smallpox patients admitted from each parish or union during each month of the year 1896, and the total admissions for the year. It also shows the total deaths and discharges, and the number remaining under treatment at the beginning and end of the year.

The total number of smallpox cases admitted was 190, which, together with 70 remaining at the beginning of the year, made a total of 260 treated during the year. Of this number nine died, 250 were discharged, and one remained under treatment at the end of the year. But, in addition to these numbers, there were of non-smallpox cases six admitted to the hospital ships, 35 detained at the observation shelters at South Wharf (one of whom died there), and 39 returned direct to their homes.

Full information as to the cases admitted to the hospital ships will be found in the report of the Medical Superintendent, Dr. Ricketts, on pp. 90-2, and as to the cases detained at the South Wharf shelters in the report of the Medical Officer of the River Service, Dr. Brooke, on pp. 88-90.

Amongst the admissions at the hospital ships were four infants not suffering from smallpox at the time of admission who were admitted with their mothers; and of these three subsequently developed the disease. In each case the disease was in process of incubation when the patient was admitted.

Table II.—On pp. 96-107 are tables which supply detailed particulars concerning the vaccination of the smallpox patients admitted.

In Table IIc. (which is a continuation of Tables IIa. and IIB.) it will be seen that vaccination cicatrices were present in 116 cases, of whom one died. In 10 cases there was "no evidence" as to cicatrices—(these were either cases said to have been vaccinated, but bearing no visible evidence of the operation, or else cases in which no statement was made, and the eruption or other cause prevented the observation of any marks)—none of these died; in 64 cases vaccination cicatrices were absent, eight of these died.

Smallpex Statistics statistics of patients in the Managers' smallpox hospitals during each year since the opening of the first hospital at the end of Managers' Hospitals. 1870.

Table G—Showing the Admissions and Deaths of Patients and Mortality per cent. at the Managers SMALLPOX HOSPITALS during each year since the opening of the first Hospital on December 1st, 1870, together with the Annual Mortality per 1,000 persons living of the Population of the Metropolis from Smallpox, extracted from the Registrar-General's Annual Summaries.

YEAR.	AD	MISSI	ONS.		DEAT	HS.	Mortality per cent, of Patients treated in Managers' Hospitals.	Annual Mortality per 1,000 of estimated Popula- tion,
	Smallpox.	Other Diseases.	Total.	Smallpox.	Other Diseases.	Total.	Smallpox.	Smallpox.
Dec. 1st, 1870, to Feb. 3rd, 1871 }	582		582	97		97	20.81	
to Jan. 31st, 1872)	13,139	6	13,145	2,460		2,460	18:95	2.42
1872-3 (year ended Jan.) 31st, 1873)	2,359	3	2,362	467	1	468	17.84	0.54
1873-4 (year ended Jan.) 31st, 1874)	174	17	191	35		35)	(0.03
1874 (11 months ended) Dec. 31st)	112	8	120	10		10	17.02	0.02
1875	89	22	111	22		22)	(0.01
1876	2,134	16	2,150	372	1	373	21.64	0.21
1877	6,516	104	6,620	1,214	4	1,218	17.92	0.71
1878	4,558	96	4,654	824	9	833	17.99	0.39
1879	1,628	60	1,688	273	5	278	15.69	0.12
1880	1,982	50	2,032	286	2	288	15.95	0.12
1881	8,551	120	8,671	1,417	14	1,431	16.61	0.62
1882	1,799	55	1,854	260	3	263	12.96	0.11
1883	598	28	626	93	***	93	16.06	0.03
1884	6,368	204	6,567	940	3 3	943	15.98	0.31
1886	6,146	198	6,344	1,052	2	1,055	15.80	0.35
1007	56	3	59	3		3)	(0.00
1888	62	5	67	8		8	1	0.00
1889	5		5			>	14.28	
1890	22	5	27	3		3		0.00
1891	63	1	64	8		8)		0.00
1892	325	23	348	35		35	11.29	0.01
1893	2,376	118	2,494	180	2	182	7.64	0.02
1894	1,117	120	1,237	102	7	109	8.87	0.05
1895	941	81	1,022	64	1	65	6.36	0.01
1896	190	41	231	9	1	10	4.01	0.00
Totals	61,986	*1,417	63,403	10,256	58	10,314	16.54	

^{*} Includes some patients who were detained for observation at South Wharf.

The following table is founded on the returns of the Registrar-General, and will be of interest to the Managers in relation to the history of smallpox in the Metropolis:—

		D	PEATHS FROM SMALLPO	х.
YEARS.	Estimated Population in the Middle of each Year.	Annual Total.	Annual Rate per Million of Population.	Rate per Million on Averages of Five Years.
1838	1,766,169	3,817	2,161	
1839	1,802,751	634	352	-
1840	1,840,091	1,235	671	_
1841	1,878,205	1,053	561	
1842	1,917,108	360	188	787
1843	1,954,041	438	224	399
1844	2,033,816	1,804	887	506
1845	2,073,298	909	438	460
1846	2,113,535	257	122	372
1847	2,202,678	955	434	421
1848	2,244,837	1,620	722	521
1849	2,287,302	521	228	389
1850	2,330,054	499	214	344
1851	2,373,081	1,062	448	409
1852				
	2,416,367	1,159	480	418
1853	2,459,899	211	86	291
1854	2,503,662	694	277	301
1855	2,547,639	1,039	408	340
1856	2,591,815	531	205	291
1857	2,636,174	156	59	207
1858	2,680,700	242	90	208
1859	2,725,374	1,158	425	237
1860	2,770,181	898	324	221
1861	2,815,101	217	77	195
1862	2,860,117	366	128	209
1863	2,905,210	1,996	687	328
1864	2,950,361	547	185	280
1865	2,995,551	640	214	258
1866	3,040,761	1,391	457	334
1867	3,085,971	1,345	436	396
1868	3,131,160	597	191	297
1869		275	87	277
1870	3,176,308	978	302	
1871	3,221,394			295
	3,267,251	7,912	2,421	688
1872	3,319,736	1,786	537	708
1873	3,373,065	113	33	676
1874	3,427,250	57	16	661
1875	3,482,306	46	12	602
1876	3,538,246	736	207	161
1877	3,595,085	2,551	709	194
1878	3,652,837	1,417	387	266
1879	3,711,517	450	120	287
1880	3,771,139	471	124	309
1881	3,824,964	2,367	617	391
1882	3,862,876	480	110	271
1888	3,901,164	136	34	201
1884	3,939,832	1,286	307	238
1885	3,978,883	1,419	347	283
1886	4,018,321	24		160
1887	4,058,150	9	5 2 2	139
1888	4,098,374	9	9	132
1889	4,138,996			71
1890		4	-1	11
1891	4,180,021			2
1892	4,221,452	8	2	1.4
	4,263,294	41	10	3
1893	4,306,411	206	48	12
1894	4,349,166	89	22	16
1895	4,392,346	55	13	.19
1896	4,421,955	9	2	19

(9.) Fever.—In the course of the year 1896 no fewer than 1,174 patients, or a percentage on the total admissions of 5.3, were, after admission at the fever hospitals, found not to be suffering from the diseases mentioned in the medical certificates upon which they were removed to hospital. The largest number of cases thus admitted to any one hospital was, as in previous years, at the Eastern Hospital, where the proportion was 253 out of 3,174 admissions, or 7.9 per cent. of the total.

In this connection we would further refer to Summary Table VIII., on pp. 80-7, and our comments on it on p. 23.

Smallpox.—Of the patients admitted to the smallpox hospital ships, six were not suffering from smallpox at the time of admission, but in three cases the disease was in process of incubation. Out of the six, four were infants admitted with their mothers; a fifth case was a woman who had probably passed through an exceedingly mild attack of smallpox, but there was no evidence of the presence of the disease at the time of admission; and the sixth was a man admitted from Erith, in whose case an attack of measles simulated smallpox. Particulars of these cases are given in the report of the Medical Superintendent, on p. 90.

From these figures it appears that the number of patients admitted to the smallpox ships through mistaken diagnosis was only 3·1 per cent., or, if the three cases in which the disease was in the incubative stage be omitted, only 1·5.

It must be remembered, however, that in the case of smallpox the original medical certificate is checked by the examination of a medical officer of the Board at the London wharves, except in the case of local patients from Erith and Dartford. If therefore we take the total number of cases originally certified in London as smallpox and removed to the wharves, we find that the mistaken diagnoses numbered 76 out of 265,* or 28.7 per cent.; and these are the figures properly to be compared with those given above in the case of fever.

staff mness in the Fever and smallpox Hospitals.

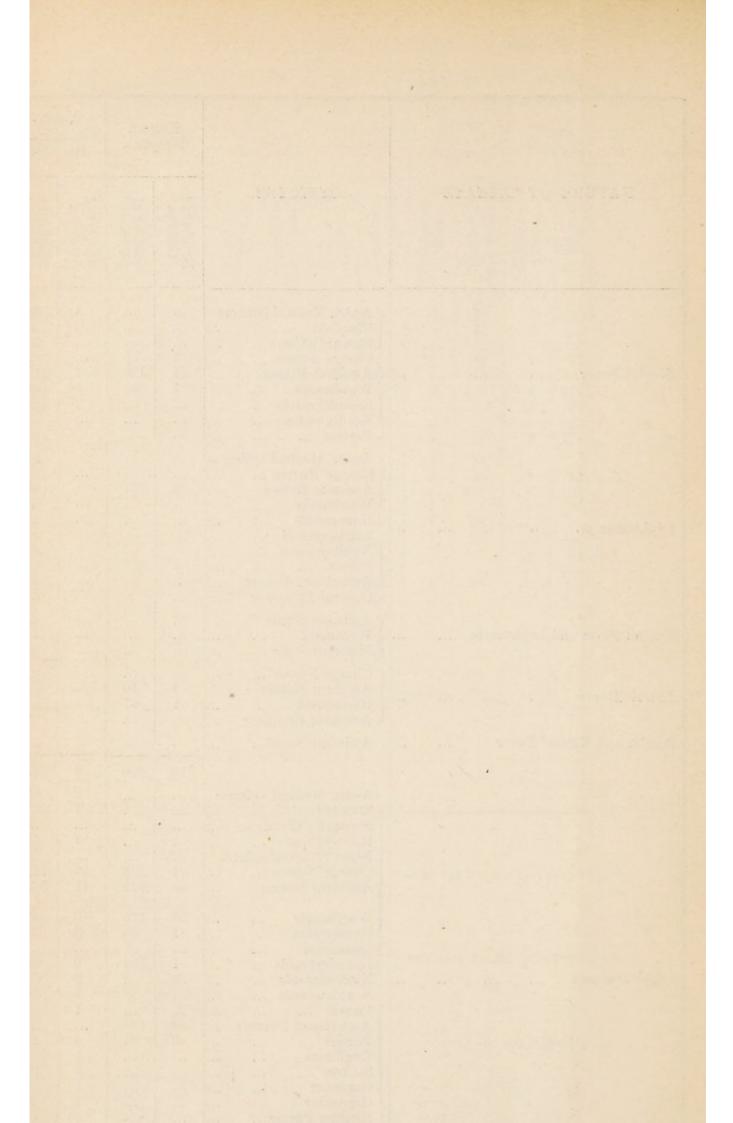
(10.) On pp. 31-34 is a summary of the returns submitted by the medical superintendents of the several hospitals, showing the total number of members of the staff who were off duty during the year on account of illness.

There were 3,542 persons employed at the fever hospitals during the course of the year (including those employed at the Gore Farm Hospital),

^{*} The five cases referred to in the footnote to p. 89 are not included in these figures.

ANNUAL REPORT, STATISTICAL COMMITTEE, 1896.
TABLE H.—Staff Illness in Infectious Hospitals during the year 1896.

								-			-		1	and a	T. CONT.	- y thi	year 1896	-					-	
		Hos	stern spital.	No Eas Hos	rth- tern pital.	North Wester Hospita	m	Western Hospital	V	South- restern ospital.		entain spital.	Eas	outh- stern pital.	Bros Hospi		Northern Hospital.		Farm pital.	CE	many ever itals).	Ho S (Sm	epital hips allpox).	
NATURE OF DISEASE.	OFFICERS.	Number of Officers.	Number of days warded.	Number of Officers.	Number of days warded.	Number of Officers.	days warded.	Number of Officers. Number o	Number of	Number of	Number of Officers.	Number of days warded,	Number of Officers,	Number of days warded.	Number of Officers,	Number of days warded.	Number of Officers. Number of days warded.	Number of Officers,	Number of days warded.	Number of Officers,	Number of days warded.	Number of Officers.	Number of days warded.	RESULTS.
Scarlet Fever	Assiat, Medical Officers Chaplain Steward's Clerk. Charge Nurses Assistant Nurses Wardmaids Laundrymaids Needlewoman Porters Protes	1 4 1	23 190 68	1 2 3 	34 117 192	2 13	50 25 41	3 10e 6 43d 1 6s	2	51 44	3 3	50 190 153 	1 1 2 3 3	50 10 46 140 152 57	1 1	75 465 274 74	8 563 2 136 1 72 1 76	1 4 2	56 215 99	3 1 1 10 40 20 2 1 3	134 10 56 433 2,423 1,184 146 76 174			One remained warfiel at N.E.H.; others recovered. Recovered. Recovered. Two remained warfiel at S.W.H.; others recovered. Two remained warfiel at S.W.H.; others recovered. One remained warfiel at F.H.; others recovered. Recovered. Recovered.
Diphtheria	Assist, Medical Officer., Charge Nurses Assistani Nurses Wardmaids Housemaid Laundrymaid Needlewonen Poeter Ambulasce Driver General Labourer	1	221	i i i	61		79	6 187		74	5 6	253 253 211 	1 2 5 1 1 1 	59 94 207 15 28 77 48 	1 2 2 2	45 105 98 38 	5 154 4 239 1 46	1 13 6 	47 493 256 	1 8 45 19 1 1 3 1 1	59 303 1,781 810 38 77 167 31 48 29			Recovered. N.W.H.; others recovered. One remained warded at S.E.H.; others recovered.
Scarlet Fever and Diphtheria	Assistant Nurse Wardmaid		=				=			=			"i 	73		75	1 75			1 1 1	75 73 47 138			Recovered. Recovered. Recovered. One remained warded at S.F.H. authors recovered.
Enteric Fever	Assistant Nurses Housemaid Assistant Engineer	1	10 67 	***		2 1	25	1 3	- 101	1			3	86						1	255 67 	 1	83	One remained warded at S.E.H.; others recovered, One died at E.H.; one at N.W.H.; others recovered. Recovered. Recovered.
Scarlet and Enteric Fever	Assistant Nurse	100	610	8	487	13 50	-	17 835	5	169	20		26	1,215	22 1		24 1,339	1	70	1	70	100	***	Recovered.
Other Diseases	Assist. Medical Officers Steward's Clerk Steward's Clerk Housekeeper Night Superintendents Charge Nares Aminan Nures Wardmaids Housenadds Housenadds Laundry waids Kitchenmaids Kitchenmaid	21 65 26 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	163 472 170 45 108 21	2 1 1 16 47 40 3 3 9 1 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	12 51 159 564 565 85 4 16 5 9	1 6 10 9 11	7 7 12 17 17 18 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	8 173 20 397 15 238 1 24 1 24 1 2 1 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	1 4 4 7 166 8 16 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	14 37 189 169 58	11 48 17 3 1 1 2	1100 422 130 177 9 8 8	19 12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1,215 	24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 2	61 341 226	24 1,339	112 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41 41	21 21 84 413 297 10 135	176 2 1 1 2 2 1 2 91 2 91 2 91 2 91 1 2 1 1 1 1	8,704 12 51 25 11 1,082 3,873 2,108 168 168 169 67 20 127 525 48 26 5 9 27	1	83 5 13 167 116 38 27 17 16 28 4 53 6 3 8	Recurrend. S. H. 1 vs. L. L. 1 vs. L. L. 1 vs.
Number employed	{Males Females	34		20		42 307		34 203		49 212	20		30		55 339	-	61 292		12	3,01	19	1	56 64	
	Totals	3	10	34	5	349	-	10		15		8		18	394		353	50	35	3,54	_	-	6	
Number engaged during the year	Females	10	42	12	0	133		137		76 91.	-	90.	15		339 394		112	31	16	1,58	18		6 25 31	
Number that left during the year	(Males (Females	11	9 35	10		9 95		7 130		7 62		8	10	-	16 76		13 94	18	37	1,00	77		29 99	
	TOTALS	14	14	- 11	7	104		137		60		14:	12	26	92		107	21	22	1,1	12	1	28	
			1				207		9 9 6 7											1000				



of whom 176, or 5.0 per cent., fell ill with fever or diphtheria, and three died; while 697, or 19.7 per cent., suffered from other forms of illness.

The table also shows that 220 persons were employed on the hospital ships during the year, none of whom suffered from smallpox, but 50, or 22.7 per cent., suffered from other diseases.

In our report for the year 1892 we pointed out that nurses and other members of a hospital staff could be brought with almost absolute impunity into contact with smallpox, provided they were properly protected by vaccination; and the evidence of each succeeding year has confirmed us in that opinion.

In striking contrast to the immunity from smallpox enjoyed by the vaccinated staff of a smallpox hospital is the susceptibility to fever and diphtheria of the staff of a fever hospital whom it is unfortunately impossible to protect in a similar manner. In illustration of this we draw attention to the following paragraph in the report of the Medical Superintendent of the Brook Hospital, p. 61:—

The total number of male and female subordinate officers employed (appointed) during the year was 394; the number who left was 92.

Sixteen contracted scarlet fever (one charge nurse, seven assistant nurses, four wardmaids, one laundrymaid, one needlewoman, and two general porters); six contracted diphtheria (one charge nurse, two assistant nurses, two wardmaids, and one general porter); one contracted enteric fever (charge nurse). All these recovered.

The minor ailments were 60 in number, including tonsillitis (34 cases), anæmia, rheumatism, parotitis, &c., &c.

Having regard to the fact that practically the whole of the subordinate officers were new to infectious work, the proportion of those who contracted infectious diseases was not more than was to be anticipated.

We submit a table showing the average daily number of patients under treatment at the several hospitals and the average daily number of staff employed during 1896, and the respective proportions of nursing staff and total staff to patients.

At the hospitals for acute cases the proportion varied from one nurse to 3·1 patients at the Western Hospital to one nurse to 4·6 patients at the North-Western Hospital, and the total staff at the former hospital was as one to 1·6 patients and at the latter hospital as one to 1·9.

At the Northern Convalescent Hospital one nurse sufficed for 9.9 patients—the total staff being as one to 3.7; whereas, at the Gore Farm Hospital the proportion was one nurse to 6.0 patients, and the total staff as one to 2.3 patients.

Table I.—Return showing the Average Daily Number of Patients under treatment and the Average Daily Number of Staff employed at each of the Board's Fever Hospitals during the year 1896, and the respective proportions of Nursing Staff and total Staff to Patients.

	Average	Aver	age daily emp	loyed.		Nursi	rtion of ng Staff tients.	Proportion of Total Staff to Patients.	
HOSPITAL.	daily number of Patients.	Medical.	Nursing.	Other Subordinate Staff.	Total Staff.	Staff.	Patients.	Staff.	Patients.
Eastern Hospital	366	4	97	112	213	1	3.8	1	1.7
North-Eastern Hospital	397	5	100	116	221	1	4.0	1	1.8
North-Western ,,	343	4	75	99	178	1	4.6	1	1.9
Western ,,	389	4	108	106	218	1	3.1	1	1.6
South-Western ,,	296	4	78	115	192	1	4.1	1	1.5
Fountain ,,	378	4	94	95	193	1	4.0	1	1.2
South-Eastern ,,	381	5	100	112	212	1	3.8	1	1.8
Brook ,,		Not o	pened	until t	he end	of Au	gust, 1	896.	
Convalescent Hospitals:-	an atuality			Land I					
Northern Hospital	888	3	90	149	242	1	9.9	1	3.7
Gore Farm ,,	547	4	91	142	237	1	6.0	1	2.3

ii. IMBECILITY.

Accommodation for Imbeciles. (1.) At the present time the Managers possess the following accommodation for imbecile patients:—

		Males.	Females.	Total.
Adults-		NY HOLD		1
Leavesden Asylum		900	1,100	2,000
Caterham ,,		945	1,100	2,045
Darenth ,,		450	602	1,052
CHILDREN-		2,295	2,802	5,097
Darenth Schools and Pavilions *	}	_	-	1,000
				6,097

^{*} The pavilions accommodate a number of patients over 16 years of age who have been transferred thereto from the schools.

This accommodation is no longer sufficient for the requirements of the Metropolis. The Managers have therefore purchased a site at Tooting Bec on which they propose to erect an asylum infirmary for helpless, feeble, and very aged patients, and the plans of buildings to accommodate 750 are now before the Local Government Board.

Imbecility Statistics, 1896. (2.) The reports of the medical superintendents of the asylums for adult imbeciles and of the schools for imbecile children will be found on pp. 108-114 and 143-4.

The annual figures for the combined imbecile establishments are as under:—

nd WOT Literace hi		Asylums			Schools.	JISB)	Grand Totals.			
On January 1st, 1896, the several Asylums and Schools contained There were admitted during the year from the several	Males. 2,277	Females 2,764	Total. 5,041	Males.	Females 360	Total. 990	Males. 2,907	Females 3,124	Total, 6,031	
Parishes and Unions (including re-admissions) Transferred	228 28	161 29	384 57	83		140	306 28	218 29	524 57	
The total number under treatment being Of that number there were	2,528	2,954	5,482	713	417	1,130	3,241	3,371	6,612	
Discharged Transferred And there died	65 1 196	166	101 1 362	27 27 25	22 29 12	49 56 37	92 28 221	58 29 178	150 57 399	
Leaving under treatment on December 31st, 1896	2,266	2,752	5,018	634	354	988	2,900	3,106	6,006	

The total number remaining under treatment in the asylums and schools at the end of 1896 showed an decrease of 25 as compared with the number at the end of 1895.

Adult Imbeciles.—Summary Table I. (p. 116) shows the total admissions, re-admissions, discharges, and deaths for the year at the three asylums for adults.

Of the total admissions, 378 were admitted for the first time, six were re-admissions, and 57 were patients transferred from the imbecile schools.

Of the total number of patients discharged, 17 had recovered, 27 had improved, and 54 had not improved. There was one patient transferred from Leavesden to Caterham Asylum.

The total number of patients who died was 362, as compared with 416 in 1895.

The average number resident in the three asylums was 5,033; the highest number resident on any one day was 5,055; and the lowest number was 4,999.

Summary Table II. (p. 116) shows the admissions, re-admissions, discharges, transfers, and deaths which have taken place at the three asylums since the opening of the first in September, 1870, up to the end of 1896. The total admissions during this period of over 26 years were 18,866, of whom 17,102 were admitted for the first time, 142 were

readmissions, and 1,622 were transfers from one asylum to another. This latter number does not balance with the transfers shown amongst the discharges, as it includes a number of patients received from Hampstead Asylum when it was closed in 1876, as well as a number of children over 16 years of age received from the imbecile schools. Of the discharges, 22 were not certified, 18 were not insane, 800 had recovered, 1,030 had improved, 1,100 had not improved, and 370 were transfers from one asylum to another. The deaths numbered 10,508.

Summary Table III. (p. 117) shows the admissions, discharges, transfers, and deaths, with the mean annual mortality and proportion of recoveries per cent. of the admissions, for the year 1887, and for each subsequent year.

The total percentage of recoveries during the past year was 3.8, and the percentage of deaths on the average number daily resident was 7.1.

Summary Tables IV. (p. 119) and V. (p. 120) give the classification, under the usual denominations of mental disease, of the mental condition of the patients admitted during the year 1896, and also of the patients resident in the several asylums on the last day of that year.

Of the total number of 5,018 then resident, 1,363 are classified as suffering from imbecility, 1,231 from dementia, 630 from dementia and epilepsy, 443 from imbecility and epilepsy, 282 from chronic mania, 263 from idiocy, 227 from senile dementia, and 164 from melancholia.

Summary Table VI. (p. 122).—This table is intended to show the causation of the insanity of the patients admitted during the year, and is introduced this year for the first time. The information it affords has not been obtained entirely from the formal certificates of admission, but has been supplemented and corrected by information elicited from the relatives or friends when visiting the patients.

Summary Table VII. (pp. 128-130) shows the causes of death during the year 1896, together with the ages of the decedents, calculated from the ages stated in the orders of admission.

There were 362 deaths during the year, 40 having been caused by dementia and exhaustion, 47 by morbus cordis, 34 by pulmonary tuberculosis, 23 by general tuberculosis, and 32 by senile decay.

Summary Table VIII. (pp. 133-4) shows the history of the annual admissions since the opening of the asylums, with the discharges and deaths, and the numbers of each year's admissions remaining on December 31st, 1896.

Of the 441 patients admitted during the year 1896, five had at the close of the year been discharged as recovered, seven as improved, and ten as not improved, and 35 had died.

Of the 5,018 patients remaining under treatment, 1,436 had been resident in the asylums over ten years.

Summary Table IX. (p. 136) shows the length of residence of those discharged as recovered and of those who have died during the year 1896.

Of the 362 deaths, 63 were of patients who had been resident upwards of 18 years.

Summary Table X. (pp. 135-6) shows the age of patients resident in the several asylums on December 31st, 1887, and on the same day in each subsequent year, calculated from the ages stated on the orders of admission.

Of the 5,018 patients remaining in the several asylums on December 31st, 1896, 1,756 were over 50 years of age, two being over 90 years.

Summary Table XI. (p. 138) shows the ages of the patients admitted, discharged, and dying during the year 1896, calculated from the ages stated on the orders of admission.

Of the 384 patients admitted direct from the parishes and unions, 142 were between 15 and 30 years of age.

The total discharges numbered 102.

The total deaths numbered 362, of whom 257 were upwards of 40 years of age, and 71 upwards of 70 years.

Summary Table XII. (pp. 139-40) shows the departments where patients were employed on December 31st, 1896. Out of a total of 2,266 males, 871, and out of 2,752 females, 877 were usefully employed in and about the asylums.

Summary Table XIII. (pp. 141-2) shows the occupations previous to admission, and condition as to marriage, of the patients admitted during the year 1896.

Of the 251 males admitted, 61 were described as labourers, 75 had no settled occupation, and of 33 the occupation was unknown; 152 were stated to be single, 48 married, 28 widowers, and as regards 23 the condition as to marriage was unknown.

Of the 190 females, 31 were servants, 13 charwomen, 87 were without settled occupations, and of 25 the occupation was unknown; 121 were stated to be single, 15 to be married, 39 widows, and in 15 cases the condition as to marriage was unknown.

Imbecile Children.—The whole of the children and older patients under treatment at the Darenth Schools and Pavilions being under one administration, there is no occasion for us to summarise the statistics, which will be found attached to the report of the Medical Superintendent, Dr. Walmesley, pp. 149 to 154.

iii. TRAINING SHIP "EXMOUTH."

The reports for the past year of the Committee of Management for this vessel and of the principal officers are not included in this volume, as it is our experience that those most interested in the subjects with which those reports deal prefer to have them in the separate form in which they are issued by the "Exmouth" Committee.

We propose, therefore, in future to confine our observations to the statistics of boys under training and to brief references to any matter of unusual interest in the reports of the committee or officers.

The number of boys admitted during the year was 346 (including 20 who were admitted from extra metropolitan parishes and unions), while the number discharged was 347.

Of the latter number, 137 entered the Royal Navy, 109 the mercantile marine, 49 the Army as musicians, and 52 were returned to their respective parishes and unions. There were three deaths.

At the end of the year there remained 522 boys under training.

The Training Ship Committee call attention to the fact that the number of boys entered into the Royal Navy from the "Exmouth" during the year was 137, whilst the aggregate number of similar entries from all the other training ships in the United Kingdom was 135.

iv. GENERAL SUMMARY.

In conclusion, the Committee submit the following brief summary of the number of persons who have been under the care of the Managers in their several institutions since the opening of the first hospital in 1870:—

Number of Persons.	Admitted direct from Homes or Parishes and Unions.	Remaining in the various Institutions, Dec. 31st, 1896.
Fever Patients (including 218 cases of) relapsing fever treated in 1870)	153,750	4,566
Smallpox Patients	63,403	1
Imbeciles	19,806	6,006
Boys on Training Ship "Exmouth"	6,203	522
Totals	243,162	11,095

^{*} Re-admissions are not included.

(Signed) W. M. ACWORTH.

APPENDIX I.—INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

i. REPORT OF THE AMBULANCE COMMITTEE FOR THE YEAR 1896.

January 18th, 1897.

To the Managers of the Metropolitan Asylum District.

Increased prevalence of Scarlet Fever and Diphtheria.

In submitting our report for the year 1896, we regret that our first reference must be to the increased prevalence of scarlet fever and diphtheria as compared with the preceding year. Of the former disease 25,647 cases were notified as against 19,757 in 1895; and of the latter disease 13,362, as against 10,772 in the previous year, and in consequence of this, and of the fact that the proportion of notified cases that were admitted into the Managers' hospitals showed a further increase during the year, the work accomplished by the Land Ambulance Service was considerably in excess of that of any year since the service was established.

At a comparatively early period of the year it again became necessary to limit admission to the Managers' hospitals to those patients who, Limitation ofadmission to Hospital. as a consequence of their surroundings and conditions of life, were most in need of hospital treatment. At a later period it was found impossible to admit all such patients, and selections were made of the most urgent cases, the method adopted being the same as that described in our report for the year 1895.

Hospital accommodation.

The Gore Farm Hospital at Darenth (erected for the accommodation of smallpox convalescent patients) was used during the whole of the year for the reception of scarlet fever convalescent patients. Additions were also made to the accommodation for scarlet fever and diphtheria patients by placing extra beds in the wards of the several hospitals, and later by the opening, on August 31st, of the new Brook Hospital at Woolwich. The normal accommodation of this hospital is for 488 patients, but by increasing temporarily the number of beds in the various wards, provision was made above that number for 88 patients.

Ambulance Stations.

As mentioned in previous reports, the enormous increase in the work of the Ambulance Service during recent years has necessitated the provision of new ambulance stations. The Brook Station at Woolwich commenced work on August 18th last, and tenders for the erection of stations

adjacent to the North-Western Hospital and the South-Western Hospital respectively have been accepted by the Managers, and it is anticipated that both buildings will be completed and brought into operation in 1897.

LAND SERVICE.

On reference to Appendix A it will be seen that the total number of fever patients removed to the Managers' hospitals during the year was 22,152, as compared with 16,725 in 1895. The removals of smallpox patients numbered 265, as compared with 1,045 in 1895.

The average daily removals of fever patients in the first six months of the year was 53, and the last six months 68, as compared with 36 and 56 respectively in 1895.

The aggregate removals during the year, including the transfer of patients from one hospital to another, numbered 44,374. Of this number, 14,542 were effected by the Eastern Station, 14,604 by the Western Station, 13,137 by the South-Eastern Station (including the removals effected by the Fountain Ambulance Shelter), and 2,091 by the Brook Station. The last-mentioned station did not commence work until August 18th.

Appendix B exhibits the number of journeys made and miles run by the horses and vehicles during the year.

The following were the greatest numbers of patients removed to hospital in a day by the several stations:—Eastern Station, on September 17th, 58 patients; Western Station, on September 17th, 46 patients; South-Eastern Station, on August 19th, 43 patients; Fountain Shelter, on May 18th, 14 patients; and Brook Station, on September 3rd, 28 patients.

The heaviest week's work was, for the Eastern Station, that ended on September 19th, when 375 removals (including transfers, &c.) were effected, and 2,382 miles were travelled; for the Western Station, that ended on September 19th, when 351 removals were effected, and 2,386 miles were travelled; for the South-Eastern Station, that ended on June 13th, when 292 removals were effected, and 2,686 miles were travelled; and for the Fountain Shelter, that ended on August 22nd, when 51 removals were effected, and 388 miles were travelled.

Smallpox patients were admitted to the Managers' hospitals from every district in the Metropolis except Chelsea; St. George's, Hanover Square; Hampstead, and Shoreditch, the total number, including cases which after observation proved not to be smallpox, and cases which were conveyed to the ships by the ambulances of certain extra-metropolitan authorities, being 231. The monthly admissions were as follow:—

January	 	61	July		 16
February	 	23	August	100	 13
March	 	28	September		 3
April	 	17	October		 2
May	 	18	November		 _
June	 	48	December		 2

Of the above there came from West Ham 37 in the first quarter of the year, 15 in the second quarter, and 1 in July, also a few from Erith and Dartford.

The total number of patients certified to be suffering from smallpox removals (Smallpox).

The total number of patients certified to be suffering from smallpox removals ambulances from their homes to the wharves during the year was 265. In 187 cases the diagnosis was confirmed by the medical officers who inspected the patients at the wharves.

All of the 78 patients who were, in the opinion of those officers, not suffering from smallpox were returned to their homes, with the exception of four infants who were permitted to go to the hospital ships with their mothers, and of one patient who died at South Wharf.

At the commencement of the year there were 3,529 patients in the Patients.

Managers' fever hospitals, distributed as follow:—

Hospital.	Scarlet.	Diphtheria.	Typhus.	Enteric.	Other Diseases.	Total.
Eastern Hospital	280	72	_	19	_	371
North-Eastern Hospital	357		_	_	_	357
North-Western Hospital	219	87	_	22	1	329
Western Hospital	258	84	-	16	1	359
South-Western Hospital	228	52	_	26	-	306
Fountain Hospital	312	104	_		_	416
South-Eastern Hospital	267	96	_	36	_	399
Northern Hospital	793	69	-	_	_	862
Gore Farm Hospital	130	-	-	_	_	130
Totals	2,844	564	_	119	2	3,529

This was a greater number by 1,042 than at the beginning of the preceding year. The number under treatment fell to the minimum (3,217) for the year by April 18th. After this date the number rose until it attained the maximum (4,996) for the year on November 2nd. Even this figure would have been exceeded if more accommodation had existed, and if admission had not been restricted to the most urgent cases.

Cone hundred and nine enteric fever patients were during the year removed to general hospitals under the arrangements made with the authorities of those hospitals in 1892.

The total number of patients removed to the Managers' hospitals certified at the time of removal to be suffering from diphtheria or from "diphtheritic membranous croup" was 5,334, as against 4,476 in 1895.

Of that number 48 per cent. were removed during the first half and 52 per cent. during the second half of the year.

Under the powers conferred by section 79 (3) of the Public Health conveyed to (London) Act, 1891, 433 persons suffering from dangerous infectious other places disorders were conveyed in the Managers' ambulances during the year 1896. Of these 38 were stated to have measles, 104 scarlet fever, 97 enteric fever, 125 diphtheria, 62 erysipelas, 5 puerperal fever, 1 chickenpox, and 1 relapsing fever.

The total sum received by the Managers under this section of the Act during 1896 was £109 14s., of which £29 12s. 6d. was in respect of the services of nurses. In a considerable number of cases payment was remitted on account of the want of means of the patients.

Ambulance stations.

The Eastern, Western, and South-Eastern Stations have been maintained in thorough repair. The Fountain Ambulance Shelter at Tooting will shortly have to be removed to make room for part of the Grove Hospital now in course of erection.

The urgent pressure for accommodation, and the short supply of beds, have again thrown unusual stress on the Ambulance Service generally, and special anxiety on those engaged in directing its operations, both at the chief offices and at the several stations. We have the satisfaction of reporting that no hitch of any kind has been experienced, and that no patient or nurse has had cause to complain of injury or even inconvenience sustained while under charge of the service.

The health of the staff, both male and female, has on the whole been well maintained. At the Eastern Station 16 members have been off duty, one with an attack of typhoid fever, and others with minor disorders, involving in the aggregate a loss of service of 222 days. At the Western Station three men were off duty for an aggregate of 72 days, one of whom suffered from diphtheria; a fourth man died of tumour on the brain after a short illness. At the South-Eastern Station one man suffered from diphtheria, and was off duty for 50 days. At the Brook Station five men were off duty for an aggregate of 45 days, one having had his foot injured by a horse; the others suffered from colds.

There were 37 resignations, four discharges, and 63 appointments of the staff during the year.

The increase in the number of appointments, as compared with former years, was principally due to the opening of the Brook Ambulance Station, to which also were transferred the Superintendent and housekeeper and 10 members of the subordinate staff of the Eastern Ambulance Station.

RIVER SERVICE.

Steamers. The four ambulance steamboats—"Red Cross," "Maltese Cross,"
"Albert Victor," and "Geneva Cross"—have been maintained in working order.

In our last report we referred to a proposal which would be made to the Managers for obtaining tenders for the construction of a vessel to replace the steam pinnace "Swallow," which had been condemned as unfit for further use.

In due course the Managers accepted the tender of Messrs. E. Clarke & Co., of Brimscombe, near Stroud, to construct a steel vessel in general accordance with a specification prepared by Mr. C. Thomson, the Superintendent of the River Service, for the sum of £1,888.

The vessel is now completed and has been named the "White Cross." Her length between perpendiculars is 65 ft., breadth moulded 12 ft. 6 in., depth from top of keel to underdeck 4 ft. 6 in., and she has a mean draught of 2 ft. 7 in. In the fore-part is a cabin for the accommodation of staff and visitors to patients, and in the after-part is a cabin fitted for the accommodation of four recumbent patients.

The distance run collectively by the steamers was 10,333 miles, and they conveyed 2,399 patients and other passengers, and 76 tons 4 cwt. of stores, &c., to and from the hospital ships at Long Reach (see Appendix C).

As in former years, several barges and other craft have come into collision with the Managers' steamers while lying at their moorings. The damage sustained has been in every instance made thoroughly good, and the total amount recovered in respect thereof during the year was £681 15s., making a total of £2,607 11s. 1d. recovered since 1885, in which year the present system of insurance against damage of all kinds, without the usual restrictive clauses, was first adopted.

wharves. The wharves and piers, and the houses and other buildings in connection therewith, at Fulham, Rotherhithe, and Blackwall continue to be maintained in a satisfactory state of repair.

The erection at the South Wharf of commodious quarters for the nursing and domestic staff employed in connection with the hospital wards of the steamboats and the shelters on shore has been completed, and the buildings are occupied.

In our report for 1894 we mentioned that plans had been approved by the Managers, and forwarded to the Local Government Board, for providing a shelter at South Wharf, Rotherhithe, for the accommodation of smallpox patients who arrive at the wharf too late at night for immediate transport to the hospital ships at Long Reach. These plans provided for the accommodation of 14 patients. correspondence with the Local Government Board with regard to a reduction in the number of patients, that board finally, by letter dated May 29th, 1896, informed the Managers that provision should not be made for more than six patients as a maximum. In a report on this letter which we presented to the Managers on November 7th last, we expressed our regret that the Board should have considered it necessary to restrict the accommodation to be provided to such a small number as six patients, but as even that limited provision would enable the Managers on many occasions to dispense with the use of the ambulance steamboats at night, we considered that steps for the erection of the shed should be taken at as early a date as possible, and we recommended that the Works Committee should be instructed to prepare revised plans and estimate accordingly.

The Managers adopted our recommendation.

Staff. There have been seven resignations, two discharges, and nine appointments of the staff during the year.

COST OF AMBULANCE SERVICES.

The total payments made during the year ended on December 31st last were as under:-

	£	s.	d.
For the Eastern Station	4,368	13	2
" South-Eastern Station	5,180	3	0
" Western Station	4,289	9	5
" Brook Station	2,373		2
results afted to the accommodation of four results	£16,211	10	9
River Service	8,594	6	6
" Medical Department	1,348	13	4
	£9,942	19	10
Expenditure out of Loan Account—	*		
Brook Station-On account of erection of station	6,701	6	3
North-Western Station-On account of ,,	8,586	3	9
River Service—On account of erection of staff quarters at South Wharf	6,265	3	0
Ditto On account of construction of new ambulance steam launch Eastern Station—Erection of nurses' quarters	1,261	2	9
and coach-house	90	2	1
South-Western Station—On account of erection of station	160	6	0
Suffrage man had with the bearings on the	£23,064	3	10
the Continue of the land to be a second to the land to	-	_	_

With regard to the ambulance nurses, who have, as in previous years, been drawn for fever purposes from the hospitals in proximity to the ambulance stations, it may be mentioned that, for purposes of account and comparison as between the different institutions of the Board, the cost of their services has been assumed to be fairly represented by a fixed charge of 2s. 6d. per journey, and in the aggregate these charges amount to no less a sum than £3,091 10s. for the past year.

The nurses employed for smallpox purposes have been supplied partly from the staff of the hospital ships and partly from the London hospitals; but arrangements have now been made for such nurses as are required during non-epidemic times being entirely drawn from the staff of the latter hospitals.

(Signed) JACKSON HUNT,

Chairman of the Committee.

APPENDIX A .- LAND AMBULANCE SERVICE.

Number of Patients removed by the Ambulances of the Board.

Non-Sense	From 1881 to 1890	1891	1892	1893	1894	1895	1896	Totals.
FEVER:-								
From homes to Hospitals	35,123	7,725	16,118	18,496	16,573	16,725	22,152	132,912
Convalescents to Northern	9,487	2,392	7,682	6,813	5,159	5,037	9,998	46,568
Recovered cases from Northern) Hospital to Town Hospitals	8,254	2,206	4,572	5,670	4.090	4,464	5,899	35,155
for discharge) Recovered cases discharged								
from Northern Hospital			100	60	221	82	154	617
Western Hospitals to South-			100	60	221	02	104	011
Recovered cases from Gore)								
Farm Hospital to Town Hospitals for discharge)	309	137	2,205	1,536	1,375		3,629	9,191
Recovered cases from Gore Farm Hospital conveyed				-				
from the South-Eastern			183	126	112		31	452
Hospital to the Western, South-Western, and Eastern								
Hospitals Other transfers between Hos-)					7	61	1	69
pitals	*2,678	140	220	279	251	256	377	4,201
From General Hospitals to								
room in the Managers'				468	143	724	1,287	2,622
Hospitals) Enteric Fever cases from homes				170	216	241	109	786
to General Hospitals 5								
Total Fever Patients	55,851	12,600	31,080	33,618	28,147	27,590	43,637	232,523
SMALLPOX:-								
From homes to Hospitals and?	11,000	64	200	0.000	1 100		007	10.001
Wharves From Hospitals to Wharves	14,006 4,890	68		1.000	1,186		265	19,261 5,492
Other transfers between Hos-)			5				la la constante	10
From Hospitals and Wharves	10,358		10	44	77	77	39	10,605
to homes)								
Total Smallpox Patients	29,254	127	521	2,765	1,272	1,125	304	35,368
		-						
Conveyance of Patients to) other places than the Mana-	130	126	435	598	269	326	433	2,309
gers' Hospitals	100	120	102	000	200	020	100	2,000
Grand Totals	85,235	12,858	32,038	36,976	29,688	29,041	44,374	270,200
	-							
	1	1	1	1	1			10

^{*} Includes some smallpox cases,

N.B.—(1) The Eastern Ambulance Station first commenced work on July 14th, 1881, at London Fields, and was removed to the present premises in Brooksby's Walk in June, 1885; the South-Eastern Station commenced work on October 1st, 1883; and the Western Station on July 9th, 1884.

⁽²⁾ The use of the Managers' ambulances for the general conveyance of the infectious sick was not authorised until November 30th, 1889.

APPENDIX I.—INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

APPENDIX B .- LAND AMBULANCE SERVICE- (continued).

Return of Work for the Twelve Months ended December 31st, 1896.

		MILES RUN.								
PARTICULARS OF WORK.	Number		Ву Н	orses.		By				
CHORES CALLED HELLAL STREET OU	Journeys.	1	2	3	4	Vehicles				
REMOVALS FROM HOME-										
To the Board's Hospitals—	A SUTON	1000 300				Hall.				
Fever Patients		208,992	2,070			211,062				
Smallpox Patients To the Board's Wharves—				***	***	***				
Smallpox Patients	242	3,744				3,744				
To General Hospitals—		0,111				0,111				
Enteric Patients	108	1,172		***		1,172				
OTHER REMOVALS-	r knou	les de la				William I				
From General Hospitals to										
homes owing to want of						A. C. S.				
room in the Board's Hospitals	1,257	9,599				9,599				
Non-Smallpox Patients returned	34	0		minute stand						
Other Patients returned home	36	355 276			***	355 276				
Patients sent for, but for	00	210				2.0				
various causes, not removed	1,352	10,038				10,038				
Patients friend taken from	10000									
home to Hospital	4	52		***	***	52				
Patients friends taken from	5	00		alest quitt		200				
Hespital to home	,	60			***	60				
TRANSFERS BETWEEN HOSPITALS-										
Fever Patients to and from	. I had			and made						
Northern Hospital	878	2,263	18,660			20,923				
Fever Patients to and from	1,037	100	95.500	007	301	00 507				
Gore Farm Hospital Other transfers between Hospi-	1,007	169	25,700	337	901	26,507				
tals	98	1,390	49			1,439				
SASSAN MARKET MARKET PAR										
RECOVERED PATIENTS TAKEN										
Home—	000	o tot	ALC: N			0.101				
From Fever Hospitals From Wharves:—Smallpox	338 41	3,404 580				3,404 580				
Service requirements	301	2,719	233			2,938				
Conveyance of Ambulance Com-	-	2,110	200			-,000				
mittee	3		15			15				
Conveyance of other Committee	1		7	***		7				
	26,225	244,813	46,734	337	301 -	292,171				
Conveyance of Patients to other	1000	,	1000	1000		200				
places than Managers' Hospitals			200			1				
(private removals)	421	4,563	58			4,621				
Totals for 1896	26,646	249,376	46,792	337	301	296,792				
Totals for 1895	19,963	189,360	23,004			212,364				
Totals for 1894	19,796	176,602	26,918	72	228	203,820				
Totals for 1893	24,017	214,884	30,186		241	245,311				
Totals for 1892 Totals for 1891	17,607	147,606	27,497		3,535 791	178,638 79,878				
Totals for 1890	8,254 8,644	66,129 67,443	12,958 14,167	415	2,405	84,423				
Totals for 1889	5,594	40,957	6,276	232	881	48,346				
Totals for 1888	5,550	34,842	12,767		1,910	49,519				
Totals for 1887	6,507	51,894	5,228	***	1,009	58,126				
Totals for 1886	2,073	13,578	1,980			15,558				
Grand Totals	144,651	1,252,671	207,768	1,056	11,301	1,472,770				

APPENDIX C .- RIVER SERVICE.

Number of Patients, Visitors, Staff, &c., conveyed to and from the Hospital Ships during the year 1896.

Mont	н.			Patients conveyed to Hospital Ships,	Recovered cases conveyed from Hospital Ships.	Visitors conveyed to and from HospitalShips (including Managers).	Staff, &c., conveyed to and from Hospital Ships,	Totals
January				 54	58	66	164	337
February				 22	41	10	201	274
March				 . 24	38	2	187	251
April				 9	28		152	189
May				 12	7	11	163	193
June				 35	15	11	159	220
July			***	 17	25	6	173	221
August				 10	21	3	149	183
September			100	 2	9	31	155	197
October	***			 2	4	13	120	139
November				 	1		105	106
December				 1	1		87	89
Totals for the year	ar 18	96		 188	243	153	1,815	2,399
Totals for 1895	***			 925	792	862	2,372	4,951
Totals for 1894				 -1,101	1,009	1,762	3,742	7,614
Totals for 1893				 2,364	2,053	2,195	4,040	10,652
Totals for 1892				 298	235	121	735	1,389
Totals for 1891				 63	53	155	503	774
Totals for 1890				 26	25	38	339	428
Totals for 1889				 5	4	51	445	505
Totals for 1888				 62	63	246	476	847
Totals for 1887				 54	45	395	478	972
Totals for 1886				 130	145	458	*8,929	4,662
Totals for 1885				 5,468	5,809	†	†	11,277
Totals for 1884				 5,592	4,267	†	†	9,859
Grand Totals	- 223	400		 16,276	14,743	6,436	18,874	56,329

STEAMERS.

0	Fires	alight.	Under Steam.		Under Way.		Coal consumed.		Number of days	Distance
STEAMER.	Hours.	Mins.	Hours.	Mins.	Hours.	Mins.	Tons.	Cwt.	when under steam.	Miles.
"Albert Victor"	1,248		1,010	30	275	59	102	91	122	2,738
"Geneva Cross"	2,325		2,087		157	18	111	101	129	1,574
"Maltese Cross"	2,125	30	1,879	30	319	48	130	23	175	2,953
"Red Cross"	3,026		2,773	30	313	51	123	163	203	3,068
vino. III in Zan	0 804	00		-	1.000	70	No.	A DI		
Totals	8,724	30	7,750	30	1,066	56	467	$19\frac{1}{4}$	629	10,333

Quantity of Stores, Parcels, &c., conveyed to and from the Hospital Ships. Number, 1,878. Weight, 76 tons 4 cwt. 1 qr. 14 lbs.

^{*}Included in this number is the number of contractors' workmen who were engaged on building and other work in connection with the hospital ships, and who were conveyed to and from Long Reach each week.

† No figures were given in the Committee's Report for 1884 and 1885.

ii. REPORTS OF THE MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENTS OF THE SEVERAL FEVER HOSPITALS FOR THE YEAR 1896.

(For Statistics, see pp. 64 to 87.)

[N.B.—Those portions of the Reports relating to alterations to buildings and other matters of no general interest have been omitted.]

No. 1.

THE EASTERN HOSPITAL.

Homerton, N.E., January 20th, 1897.

During the year 3,553 patients have been under treatment. Of these 1,621 have been discharged recovered, 1,327 have been transferred to other hospitals of the Board, and 235 have died, leaving 370 under treatment. The percentage mortality is 7.39, or half what it was last year. On only one previous occasion has the gross mortality been less than 10 per cent., namely, in 1887, when it was 9.3, and in that year no cases of diphtheria and practically no cases of typhus fever were admitted into the hospital. The cause of the lowness of the gross mortality will appear when the mortalities of the different classes of disease are considered.

The number of scarlet fever cases under treatment has been 2,441. Scarlet Of these, 924 were discharged, 1,156 were transferred, 88 died, and 273 Fever. remained at the end of the year. The percentage mortality is 4.05. Included among the fatal cases are eight in which death was due to causes in no way connected with the attack of scarlet fever for which the patients were admitted. These cases are as follow: - Whooping-cough, four; tuberculous disease of the lungs, two; empyema and pericarditis, one; exophthalmic goître, one. If allowance is made for these cases, the scarlet fever mortality is 3.68. The mortality given above, 4.05, is the lowest that has hitherto been recorded at this hospital. The nearest approach to this figure is 5.4 for 1891. Two factors conduced to the lower mortality for the past year; firstly, the disease was, especially after March, of a milder type than had been admitted during the previous four years; secondly, there were fewer deaths than usual from secondary diphtheria and from diseases such as those enumerated above (whooping-cough, tuberculosis, &c.). It is especially noticeable that only 14 patients suffered from measles as well as scarlet fever, and not one of them died.

There were 39 cases of secondary or post-scarlatinal diphtheria, with three deaths, a mortality of 7.6 per cent. A detailed list of these cases, with observations, will be found in the Medical Supplement, p. 159. There were 21 cases of other forms of secondary sore throat.

Diphtheria and Antitoxin Treatment.

The number of cases of diphtheria under treatment was 706; of these, 355 were discharged, 171 were transferred, 110 died, and 70 remained at the end of the year. The mortality per cent. is 17:37, the lowest hitherto recorded for this hospital. Last year the mortality was 25.94. In six of the cases death was due to causes other than diphtheria, viz., scarlet fever, two cases; chronic lung disease, two cases; influenza and lobular pneumonia, one case; measles, one case. Making allowance for these, the mortality becomes 16.5 per cent. The question of the influence of the antitoxin treatment will be discussed in a special report; but I see no reason to alter the opinion I expressed on the subject last year and the year before.

Of enteric fever 133 cases have been under treatment; of these, 98 Enteric were discharged, 19 died, and 16 remained at the end of the year. Fever. The mortality per cent. is 16:30, the average mortality, though much less than last year.

Typhus No cases of typhus fever have been under treatment. Fever.

The combined mortality of the scarlet fever, diphtheria, and enteric Combined Mortality. fever cases is 7.42, half what it was last year.

Of the 3,174 cases admitted, 253, or 7.9 per cent., were found to be Other suffering from diseases other than those which they were certified to Diseases. have. The percentage of error was in the case of scarlet fever 3.5, of diphtheria 15.5, and of enteric fever 27.0; last year the figures were 5.4, 17.2, and 37.7 respectively; the total percentage error being 10.2. The percentage mortality of these cases of "other disease" is 6.99. It has never before been so low, the lowest percentage previously attained being 12.9 in 1882. This, of course, is an accidental circumstance; the cases sent in did not happen to be of a fatal sort. Amongst these cases are usually a considerable number of cases of measles, of which the mortality is usually high. It is noteworthy that during last year only 28 cases of measles were admitted to the hospital, 12 of them being combined with scarlet fever or diphtheria; of these 28 only two proved fatal. Only nine patients caught the disease in the hospital, and none died. Yet during the first six months of the year measles must have been exceedingly prevalent in London, for during that period 3,015 deaths from measles were registered, which, taking the case-mortality as high as 25 per cent., gives over 12,000 cases. The hospital was, therefore, exceedingly fortunate in being so free from the disease.

> (Signed) E. W. GOODALL, Medical Superintendent.

No. 2.

NORTH-EASTERN FEVER HOSPITAL.

St. Ann's Road, South Tottenham, February 2nd, 1897.

*364 patients remained in hospital at the end of 1895.

statistics. 3,082 were admitted during 1896; 1,699 were discharged; 1,271 were transferred to the Northern Hospital; and 82 died; leaving 394 in hospital at the end of the year.

The hospital death rate for the year is 2.67. The rate, as calculated by the formula in use, was higher in previous years. The following figures are taken from the reports:—

Year.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Rates
1892	816	29	4.66
1893	3,131	146	4.68
1894	2,004	128	6.09
1895	2,554	115	4.61
1896	3,082	82	2.67

It is doubtful whether this low case-mortality is a matter for congratulation, for possibly it may be accounted for by the circumstance that the Managers were obliged to refuse patients admission earlier and for a longer period than formerly. When the hospitals are full the most seriously ill patients die at home, and others are convalescing at the time of admission. At such times the normal accommodation is exceeded by the provision of extra beds in the wards. As only scarlet fever patients are admitted here, the numbers in hospital fluctuated with the prevalence of that disease. The daily number of patients in hospital at midnight varied during 1896 from 280 on April 21st to 545 on September 27th. The number of beds for patients was increased from 420, the normal accommodation; at the same time the number of nurses and others in attendance on the sick was also increased. The most admitted on one day was 57, on August 3rd. This is the largest number admitted on any one day since the opening of the hospital. It would appear that it is right to crowd the wards in times of epidemic stress, for the average severity of the patients' illness is lower, owing to so many deaths occurring at home, and the number treated in hospital is higher. It is to be regretted that the "total deaths" only being given in Table II. for the months, we cannot calculate the seasonal mortality for any one of the diseases. It would be important to know whether there is a normal autumnal fall in the case-mortality of scarlet fever patients treated in the Board's hospitals. As it is vital to admit every scarlet fever patient

^{*} A correction has been made in carrying over the details from the previous year's Table I.

applying to be taken in, it would be well to settle the disputed point: whether any injury is done to the patients by reducing, during the summer and autumn months, the cubic space allotted to each bed.

Postscarlatinal Diphtheria. The last 10 patients in last year's post-scarlatinal diphtheria list are included in this year's, so that the list refers to patients who either died or were discharged during 1896. (See Medical Supplement, p. 159.)

(Signed) R. A. BIRDWOOD,

Medical Superintendent.

No. 3.

NORTH-WESTERN HOSPITAL.

HAVERSTOCK HILL, N.W., February 4th, 1897.

Statistics. The gross number of cases treated during the year was 3,380, the mortality on the whole being 11.69 per cent.

Of the 3,082 admissions, all direct from their homes or institutions, 2,010 were cases of scarlet fever, 812 cases of diphtheria, 106 cases of enteric fever, and 154 were at the time or subsequently found to be suffering from other diseases.

65.2 per cent. of the total admissions suffered from scarlet fever, and 91 deaths were attributable to this disease or its complications, the percentage mortality, calculated according to the Registrar-General's formula, being 4.64 per cent.

The severity of the cases was, if anything, below the normal.

With regard to age, 35 per cent. of the cases were under five years, and 41 per cent. between five and ten years.

Of the 812 suffering from diphtheria, 237 died, the mortality, calculated by the Registrar-General's formula, being 29.77 per cent. Forty-eight per cent. of the cases were under five years of age, and 37.8 per cent. between the ages of five and ten, that is, no less than 85.8 per cent. were under ten years of age.

The type of the disease was more than ordinarily severe; many cases were admitted in a very late stage, and no less than 64 died within 48 hours of admission.

Of the 106 enteric fever cases admitted, 11 died, the percentage mortality, calculated in the same way, being 10.28 per cent.

Of the 154 cases of other diseases, 14 died, or a percentage mortality of 9.21.

1,082, or 47.5 per cent., of the scarlet fever cases were transferred to the Northern Hospital, and, but for which assistance, our sphere of usefulness would necessarily have been much curtailed.

The incidence of diphtheria during recovery from scarlet fever was somewhat less than in the preceding year, there being 13 cases, as against 16 in 1895.

The table on page 160 gives the oft-repeated particulars, and shows that a

mortality occurred of 23.0 per cent., as against 33.3 per cent. of the preceding similar period. It will be seen that three of these cases of post-scarlatinal diphtheria have occurred in Pavilions Nos. 3 and 5 within a few weeks of their being opened, but why, no reasonable explanation is evident. It is, however, a curious fact that, while many of those now almost despised huts, which have done good suit and service through many epidemics, practically escaped, these new palatial wards, with very ample cubic space and ventilation by the latest and most improved systems, and furniture for the most part recent, gave instances of this complication.

(Signed) Wm. GAYTON,

Medical Superintendent.

No. 4.

WESTERN HOSPITAL.

Fulham, S.W., February, 1897.

The year has been an exceptionally busy one, 3,533 cases having been under treatment, as compared with 2,762 in the preceding twelve months. The number treated includes 3,173 admissions, including a child who was born in the hospital, and 360 which remained in the hospital at the end of 1895. Of these, 1,884 were transferred to other hospitals of the Board, 1,021 were discharged to their homes, 298 died, and 330 were left under treatment on December 31st.

The general mortality was 9.35 per cent.

The scarlet fever admissions numbered 2,116, which, together with 237 cases remaining at the end of the previous year, bring the total treated to 2,353. 1,689, or 71 per cent., were transferred to convalescent hospitals, 359 were discharged, and 93 died, leaving under treatment 212.

The death rate was 4.37 per cent., but if 18 deaths due to intercurrent affections, viz., nine to diphtheria, six to measles (in four of which diphtheria was superadded), two to whooping cough, and one to tuberculosis, be deducted, the percentage mortality falls to 3.52.

The type of the disease was on the whole below the average in severity, and with the exception of otitis, the incidence of the chief complications arising during its course was lower than usual.

Diphtheria was coexistent with scarlet fever in 86 cases, in 23 of which it developed before and in 63 subsequent to the admission of the patient.

These figures are somewhat higher than in previous years, the excess being for the most part due to the inclusion of cases the diagnosis of which depended entirely upon the application of the bacteriological test. The mortality of the post-scarlatinal cases was 7.93 per cent. The marked reduction in the death rate attending this form of diphtheria in 1895, compared with an average death rate of 70 per cent. in the five preceding years, has therefore been maintained in the series of cases tabulated on page 160, and is in my opinion to be attributed to the early employment of antitoxic serum in those cases in which its use seemed to be indicated.

Of diphtheria, 870 cases have been treated during the year, including 782 admissions and 88 which remained in hospital at the end of 1895. Of these, 403 were discharged, 195 transferred, 170 died, and 102 remained under treatment.

The mortality was 21.93 per cent., nearly 2 per cent. above that of the preceding year, but over 12 below that of 1894.

The type of the disease was quite up to the average in severity.

A collective report on the antitoxic serum treatment of diphtheria will be submitted to the Board by the several Medical Superintendents concerned. I need not therefore further allude to the subject, beyond stating that the serum was employed in 529 cases—a fraction over 60 per cent. of those admitted—and that the beneficial effects which attended its administration, especially in cases coming early under treatment, have served to strengthen my belief as to its decided value as a remedial agent in the treatment of diphtheria.

Of enteric fever, 98 cases were treated, made up of 82 admissions and 16 remaining in; 74 were discharged, and 11 died, leaving 13 under treatment.

The mortality was 13.25 per cent.

Of miscellaneous diseases, 212 were treated, made up of 193 admissions and 19 remaining in; 185 were discharged, and 24 died, leaving three under treatment.

The mortality was 11.94 per cent.

The percentage of erroneous diagnosis was 1.6 in cases certified as having scarlet fever, 13.8 in those certified as diphtheria, and 21.9 in those certified as enteric fever.

(Signed) R. M. BRUCE,

Medical Superintendent.

No. 5.

SOUTH-WESTERN HOSPITAL.

Landor Road, Stockwell, S.W.,

January 25th, 1897.

The number of admissions was 2,399, which, added to 307 remaining in hospital at the end of 1895, represents a total number of 2,706 patients treated during the year. Of these 1,238 were sent home, 976 transferred, 206 died, and 286 remained under treatment on December 31st, 1896.

The gross mortality therefore was 8.55 per cent.

The scarlet fever admissions numbered 1,672, and those remaining at the end of the previous year 216; of these 671 were discharged, 911 transferred, 91 died, and 215 remained under treatment on December 31st, 1896.

The scarlet fever mortality therefore was 5.44 per cent.

The type of this disease was of about average severity, and showed but little variation throughout the year.

The 91 deaths include five cases in which the attack was complicated by the coexistence of another infectious disorder, viz., diphtheria three, measles one, and whooping-cough one, and also three cases in which the fatal complication developed after admission, viz., diphtheria two and measles one.

The incidence of diphtheria amongst the scarlet fever convalescents was somewhat less in 1896 than in the previous year, being 1.4, as against 2.1 per cent., on completed cases.

Of the 24 cases of post-scarlatinal diphtheria (see p. 161) 22 recovered and two died, representing a case-mortality of 8.33. This is most satisfactory. The reduction in mortality which was brought about last year by the use of antitoxic serum, viz., from 53.3 per cent. in 1894 to 18.5 per cent. in 1895, has been still greater during 1896.

In my last year's report I freely admitted that the reduction of the general post-scarlatinal diphtheria death rate from 53.3 per cent, to 18 per cent, was no doubt in part attributable to the adoption throughout the latter year of the bacteriological method of diagnosis, by which a number of mild cases were included which would not have been regarded as diphtheria on clinical evidence alone. But for 1896 this explanation can have no place, since the bacteriological diagnosis has been continually in vogue since the beginning of 1895.

Yet the death rate has fallen from 18.5 per cent. to 8.3 per cent.

Moreover, in the laryngeal cases in which the danger to life is so urgent and the features so apparent as to present no difficulty in diagnosis, the use of antitoxin has been attended with a progressive reduction of mortality from 87.5 per cent. in 1894 to 25 per cent in 1885 and 16.6 per cent. in 1896.

The improvement in the results following the operation of tracheotomy since the introduction of antitoxin is even more marked, but the numbers are too small to earry much weight.

Of the two cases of post-scarlatinal diphtheria which were fatal during 1896, it is only fair to state that in one, an infant less than two years of age, the serum was not given as early as would have been desirable owing to the nature of the complication not having been recognised at the beginning, and in the other the child died from broncho-pneumonia, which developed subsequent to recovery from the attack of diphtheria, the operation wound having healed.

The diphtheria admissions numbered 480, which, with 49 remaining from 1895, represents a total of 529 who came under treatment; 340 of which were discharged, 65 transferred, 79 died, and 45 remained under treatment at the end of the year.

The mortality of the diphtheria cases was therefore 16.39 per cent. This is a lower death rate than has ever been recorded in any single hospital since the disease was first received. The opinion held by my colleagues, in which I concur, is that

the severity of the diphtheria cases during the last quarter was considerably above the average. This result I have no hesitation whatever in ascribing to the controlling influence of antitoxin, which has been studiously administered throughout the year to all cases which were at all severe or which threatened to become so. In three cases only of fatal diphtheria was antitoxin not given. Two were admitted at a late stage of the attack, after the throat had become clean, and it was decided not to give serum, as it could have no influence in warding off the fatal cardiac paralysis which was then impending, and the third, having passed through a mild attack of diphtheria, died suddenly from disease of the brain.

Further information concerning the results of the autitoxin treatment during 1896 will be found in the joint report which the medical superintendents are now drawing up at the Managers' request.

The 79 deaths include two cases fatal from intercurrent measles.

The enteric fever admissions number 97, and 33 remained in from the previous year. Of these 92 were discharged, 21 died, and 17 were still under treatment on December 31st, 1896. The enteric fever mortality was therefore 20.0 per cent. The average severity of attack was high, and relapses were unusually frequent.

During the year 149 cases, or 6.2 per cent. of the total admissions, were found to be suffering from some miscellaneous disease other than scarlet fever, diphtheria, or enteric fever as certified.

The largest proportion of mistaken diagnosis occurred in respect to diphtheria. Of 571 cases certified diphtheria, 91, or 15.9 per cent., were found to be suffering from some other affection, for the most part simple tonsillitis, of which there were 83 cases.

Of 110 cases certified enteric fever, 13, or 11.8 per cent., were found to be suffering from another disease.

Of 1,713 cases certified scarlet fever, in 43, or 2.5 per cent., the diagnosis was found to be erroneous.

One case only of typhus was admitted, and this proved fatal.

(Signed) FRED. FOORD CAIGER, Medical Superintendent.

No. 6.

FOUNTAIN HOSPITAL.

Tooting Grove, February 23rd, 1897.

The total number of patients under treatment during the year 1896 was 3,640. As compared with the previous year, there was an increase of 1,178 admissions, and 1,231 more patients were transferred to the convalescent hospitals of the Board.

The following summary shows the admissions, discharges, and deaths for the year:

Remaining in hospital December 31st,	1895			408
Admissions during 1896				3,232
Total treated during 1896		***	dgin le	3,640
Discharged recovered	***		1,335	
Transferred to convalescent hospital			1,655	
Died			278	
Remaining December 31st, 1896			372	
Total		·	dr ei.b	3,640

The gross mortality, calculated on the Registrar-General's formula, is 8.55 per cent. In 1895 it was 8.91 per cent.

The number of patients under treatment for scarlet fever, including 296 remaining at the end of 1895, was 2,551, of whom 686 were discharged recovered, 1,499 were transferred to other hospitals of the Board, and 99 died, leaving 267 patients under treatment at the end of the year.

The mortality was 4.36 per cent.

There were 128 cases of scarlet fever and diphtheria, of which no less than 73 suffered from primary diphtheria during the acute stage of scarlet fever, that is to say, from concurrent attacks, while the remaining 55 cases developed secondary diphtheria during the convalescent stage of scarlet fever. Amongst the former class 19 patients died, and amongst the latter four died. If all the above 128 cases were excluded from calculation of the mortality, the death rate of scarlet fever per se would fall to 3:44 per cent.

The occurrence of so many cases suffering on admission from coexistent scarlet fever and diphtheria has not been observed before. The mixed character of the infection was not stated on the medical certificate, but was diagnosed subsequent to their admission. Thus, of the 73 cases, 56 were certified scarlet fever and 17 diphtheria. A considerable number unavoidably escaped recognition at first, and were admitted as certified to the general wards. They thus became the source of further trouble, infecting scarlet fever wards with diphtheria and diphtheria wards with scarlet fever.

The matter is noteworthy because the association of diphtheria with scarlet fever did not use to be regarded as a common event, except in the convalescent stage of the disease. It has become, moreover, a very much less fatal complication. This result is, to some extent, attributable to the inclusion of mild cases, which would have been overlooked but for the discovery of the specific organisms of diphtheria in cultivations taken from the throat. Separate accommodation on a larger scale than that provided by our limited isolation wards has been made during the past two years at this hospital for patients suffering from these combined diseases.

The table on p. 161 shows the incidence of secondary diphtheria, of which there were 55 cases, with four deaths, a mortality of 7.27 per cent. Wards 1 to 8 are occupied by females and males under six. Wards 9 to 12 by males mainly over six. 41 out of the 55 cases occurred in female wards.

Including 109 patients remaining at the end of 1895, the number of diphtheria patients treated was 979; of these 547 were discharged recovered, 156 were transferred to other hospitals of the Board, 172 died, and 104 remained at the end of the year.

The diphtheria mortality was 19.72 per cent. In 1895, the mortality was 19.47 per cent.

40 of the 172 deaths, or 23.2 per cent., took place within 48 hours of admission.
66 cases contracted scarlet fever after admission, and of these 13 died.

The bacteriological examination of all cases certified diphtheria was made under the supervision of Dr. Sims Woodhead, at the laboratories of the Royal Colleges. Of 75 cases certified diphtheria, 56 had scarlet fever only, and 19 had both diphtheria and scarlet fever. All these are included in the figures for scarlet fever.

Exclusive of them, 75 cases certified diphtheria showed no evidence whatever of that disease, and have accordingly been omitted from the figures for diphtheria. Details of their diseases are shown on table VIII., p. 83.

As in 1895, the serum method of treatment was administered, with slight variations as to dosage, throughout the year. The experience thus gained has strengthened my opinion as to the great value of this remedy in the treatment of diphtheria.

In favour of this belief, I direct your attention to the considerable reduction in the mortality during the past two years in which antitoxin has been used as compared with the average of 30·3 per cent. in the Board's hospitals before antitoxin was used. Further support is given by the improved results in those cases in which diphtheria attacks the respiratory passages. There were 30 cases of laryngeal obstruction which did not come to operation, with three deaths. There were 24 completed cases which required the operation of tracheotomy, with seven deaths. This shows a rate of recovery of 70·2 per cent. In 1895 the rate of recovery for this operation was 52·8 per cent.

Since diphtheria was only taken in here late in 1894, it is not possible to institute comparisons at this hospital between these results and others in non-antitoxin years, but I can safely say that they represent an all-round improvement, in common with those hospitals in which such comparisons are possible. The feeling of hopefulness in doctor and nurse alike which is now imparted into the treatment of laryngeal diphtheria is in marked contrast to the feeling of hopelessness which obtained under former methods without the use of antitoxin, and can only be fully appreciated by those who have had much to do with this fatal variety of the disease.

Further information of the antitoxin treatment of diphtheria during 1896 is being prepared in a joint report of the medical superintendents of the Board's hospitals concerned therewith.

Details of miscellaneous diseases are given on table VIII., p. 83.

It will be seen that out of 3,232 admissions, 107, or 3.31 per cent., were found not to be suffering from the disease for which they had been certified. The percentage of errors was 1.4 in scarlet fever and 8.6 in diphtheria. In regard to these cases, experience proves that comparatively few of them contract the disease for which they are admitted, while any action which might be taken to delay the removal of

doubtful cases until the diagnosis is completed would be dangerous both to the individual and to the public health.

(Signed) C. E. MATTHEWS,

Medical Superintendent.

No. 7.

SOUTH-EASTERN HOSPITAL.

Hatfield Street, S.E., January 28th, 1897.

Statistics. The hospital has been full or nearly full throughout the past year, the usual decline of admissions in the spring months not having taken place here. The smallest number of patients in hospital on any one night was 324 on April 15th, and the largest was 418 on November 7th and 8th.

394 patients remained at the beginning of the year, and 2,900 were admitted, making a total of 3,294 under treatment. Of these, 1,265 were discharged, 1,384 were transferred to other hospitals, 279 died, and 366 remained in hospital at the end of the year. The general death rate was 9.57 per cent.

The numbers under treatment of scarlet fever were 2,078, of diphtheria 792, of enteric fever 198, of typhus eight, and of other diseases 218.

The death rates were 4.59, 20.26, 17.68, 13.33, and 14.28 respectively. It will be noted that the death rate for scarlet fever is slightly higher than during 1895; that for diphtheria, enteric, and miscellaneous diseases is in each case less.

In many cases, one or more infectious diseases supervened during the patients' stay in hospital. In all, 211 such diseases supervened. In 28 out of the total 279 fatal cases there were such complications.

The list on page 162 shows the particulars of 37 cases who were scarlatinal suffering from scarlet fever on admission and contracted diphtheria in hospital. In addition to these, nine cases were admitted with post-scarlatinal diphtheria, and 50 with scarlet fever complicated in the acute stage with diphtheria.

Treatment. The antitoxin treatment for diphtheria was extensively used. The death rate among cases so treated was 23.3 per cent.—almost exactly the same as among similar cases in 1895. The death rate among tracheotomies for diphtheria, uncomplicated by other infectious disease, was 32 per cent., which is much lower than among similar cases at this hospital in any previous year.

(Signed) F. M. TURNER, Medical Superintendent.

No. 8.

BROOK HOSPITAL.

SHOOTER'S HILL, KENT,

March 24th, 1897.

The statistics cover the period from the opening of the hospital on August 31st, 1896, till December 31st, 1896.

The total number of cases treated was 1,215. Of these, 905 were suffering from scarlet fever, 229 from diphtheria, 37 from enteric fever, and 44 from miscellaneous diseases.

The percentage mortality of scarlet fever was 4.06; diphtheria, 21.47; enteric fever, 17.24; miscellaneous diseases, 5.13. The percentage mortality of the total cases was 7.71.

As the tables cover a period of but four months, the statistical results obtained therefrom are of real value only when incorporated with the statistics for the year of other hospitals of the Board.

The table showing the occurrence of post-scarlatinal diphtheria will be scarlatinal found in the medical supplement, page 162.

In five scarlet fever wards, viz., B 2, C 1, E 1, E 2, G 2, no cases occurred.

The diphtheria cases were systematically treated with antitoxin.

Staff. The total number of male and female subordinate officers employed (appointed) during the year was 394; the number who left was 92.

Sixteen contracted scarlet fever (one charge nurse, seven assistant nurses, four wardmaids, one laundrymaid, one needlewoman, and two general porters); six contracted diphtheria (one charge nurse, two assistant nurses, two wardmaids, and one general porter); one contracted enteric fever (charge nurse). All these recovered.

The minor ailments were 60 in number, including tonsillitis (34 cases), anæmia, rheumatism, parotitis, &c., &c.

Having regard to the fact that practically all of the subordinate officers were new to infectious work, the proportion of those who contracted infectious diseases was not more than was to be anticipated.

(Signed) JOHN MACCOMBIE,

Medical Superintendent.

No. 9.

NORTHERN HOSPITAL.

Winchmore Hill, London, N., January, 1897.

Statistics. On December 31st, 1895, 862 cases were remaining in hospital, 5,839 were admitted during 1896, and the total number treated in the year was 6,701.

5,837 patients were discharged during the year, and 12 died. The gross mortality was 0.2.

Of the admissions, 5,175 were scarlet fever, and 658 were diphtheria cases. Of the former 10 and of the latter two died. The mortality of scarlet fever cases was 0.19 and of diphtheria 0.30.

4 of the deaths among scarlet fever patients were due to measles, and without these the scarlet fever mortality hardly exceeded 0.1.

63 cases of measles occurred, 59 among the scarlet fever and four among the diphtheria patients. These cases arose from 11 centres of infection, and occurred in three groups, one extending from December 15th, 1895, to March 15th, 1896, and comprising 54 cases; another from April 23rd to May 16th, consisting of four cases; and a third from September 12th to October 22nd, composed of five cases.

261 cases of post-scarlatinal diphtheria were completed during the year. Of these patients five died, a mortality of 1.92. Two of these deaths, due to measles and pericarditis respectively, were, however, apparently unconnected with the diphtheria illness, and the mortality should accordingly be reduced to 1.15. In one of the remaining fatal cases the diphtheria attack was coincident with a virulent attack of scarlet fever, and in another both diagnosis and treatment were delayed, probably for some days, by a severe stomatitis, which preceded the appearance of diphtheritic symptoms.

The large number of cases is in part due to the bacteriological method of diagnosis, and the enormously reduced mortality as compared with former years is undoubtedly attributable to the antitoxin treatment. The evidence afforded in this hospital in 1895 and 1896 of the value of this treatment when applied in the early stage of the disease is so striking that I hope it may be of service towards the establishment of a system by which an adequate dose of antitoxin, of properly tested strength, may be administered to every case of diphtheria on its diagnosis or notification without the fatal loss of time involved in delay occurring before the patient is admitted into hospital.

The list of the 261 cases will be found on p. 165, and the subject of postscarlatinal diphtheria and also that of the antitoxin treatment are dealt with in further detail elsewhere. Other complications and coexistent diseases were of the usual character.
63 diphtheria convalescents contracted scarlet fever, and of these one died.

(Signed) F. N. HUME,

Medical Superintendent.

No. 10.

GORE FARM HOSPITAL.

DARENTH, NEAR DARTFORD, KENT, February 9th, 1897.

There were 4.228 cases of scarlet fever under treatment; of these 3,560 were discharged recovered, four re-transferred to the London hospitals, four died, and 660 remained at the end of the year. The death rate, 104, was low.

It is worthy of record that no death occurred from July 25th, 1895, to July 27th, 1896. During this period of time there were under treatment 2,250 cases of scarlet fever and 352 cases of smallpox, making a total of 2,602 cases.

Throughout the year 195 cases of post-scarlatinal diphtheria occurred scarlatinal (see p. 164); of these, 168 were discharged recovered, one died, and 26 remained under treatment at the end of the year. The death was, however, not attributable to diphtheria, but to a relapse of scarlet fever and the onset of broncho-pneumonia. Diphtheria antitoxin was used in the treatment of 166 out of the 169 completed cases. Considering the mortality from post-scarlatinal diphtheria in years antecedent to the antitoxin treatment, this result is remarkable and exceedingly gratifying.

(Signed) FREDERIC THOMSON,

Medical Superintendent.

FEVER STATISTICS .- TABLE I .- Showing the

				E	ASTERN	HOSPIT	ral.				
			0.000	1 100 1000	N. Carlotte	Name I	Disch	arged	quero la		
DISEASES.	iao		Remaining on Dec. 31st, 1895.	Direct from homes.	From other Hospitals of Board.	Total under treatment during 1896.		To other Hospitals of Board.	Died during 1896.	Mortality per cent.	Remain- ing on Dec. 31st, 1896.
Scarlet Diphtheria Enteric Typhus Other diseases			264 76 17 20	2,175 630 116 253	2 	2,441 706 133 	924 355 98 244	1,156 171 	88 110 19 18	4.05 17.37 16.31 6.99	273 70 16
Totals			377	3,174	2	3,553	1,621	1,327	235	7.39	370
				NORT	H-EASTI	ERN HO	SPITAL.				
Scarlet Diphtheria Enteric Other diseases			359 5	3,008 3 	1	3,368 3 	1,633 1 65	1,267 4	76 2 4	2·54 66·66 5·59	392 2
Totals			364	3,081	1	3,446	1,699	1,271	82	2.67	394
Totals	***	***	501			I Design Park		LI BY	0-	201	007
and the second			100000	NORT	H-WEST	ERN HO	SPITAL				
Scarlet Diphtheria Enteric Typhus Other diseases			204 74 18 2	2,010 812 106 154		2,214 886 124 156	740 544 98 	1,082	91 237 11 14	4·64 29·75 10·23 9·18	301 105 15 5
Totals	•••	•••	298	3,082	1	3,380	1,519	1,082	353	11.69	426
The Markette				w	ESTERN	HOSPI	TAL.	(History)		marian	
Scarlet Diphtheria Enteric Typhus Other diseases			237 88 16 19	2,116 782 82 193 3,173		2,353 870 98 212	359 403 74 185	1,689 195 	93 170 11 24	4·37 21·93 13·17 11·94	212 102 13 3
				SOUT	H-WEST	ERN HO	SPITAL				
									-		
Scarlet Diphtheria Enteric Typhus Other diseases			216 49 33 	1,669 480 97 1	3	1,888 529 130 1	671 340 92 	911 65 	91 79 21 1	5·44 16·39 20·00 	215 45 17
Totals			307	2,396	3	2,706	1,238	976	206	8.55	286
	-	NS			UNTAIN						
Scarlet Diphtheria Enteric Typhus			296 109 	2,255 870 		2,551 979 	686 547 	1,499 156 	99 172 	4·36 19·72 	267 104
Other diseases		•••	3	107		110	102		7	6.5	1
Totals			408	3,232		3,640	1,335	1,655	278	8.55	372

			SOUT	H-EASTI	ERN HO	SPITAL.				
		Remain-	Admitted	luring 1896.	Total under treatment during 1896.	Disch during	arged g 1896.	Died during 1896.	Mortality per cent.	Remain ing on Dec. 31st 1896.
DISEASES,	SEASES, on Dec. 31	ing on Dec. 31st, 1895.	Direct from homes.	From other Hospitals of Board.		Re- covered.	To other Hospitals of Board.			
earlet		. 255	1,822	1	2,078	489	1,310	85	4.59	194
iphtheria			702	1	792	450	72	138	20.26	132
nteric		. 36	162		198	137		29	17.68	32
yphus			8		8	6		1	13.33	1
ther diseases		. 14	204		218	183	2	26	12.53	7
Totals		. 394	2,898	2	3,294	1,265	1,384	279	9.57	366
			1	BROOK	HOSPIT	AL.				
earlet			905	l	905	157	337	29	4.06	382
iphtheria			229		229	87		38	21.47	104
nteric			37		37	17		5	16.90	17
yphus										
ther diseases			44		44	33		2	5.13	
Totals			1,215		1,215	294	337	74	7.71	510
			NO	RTHER	N HOSP	ITAL.			1 188	
carlet		796	2	5,173	5,971	5,169	3	10	0:19	789
iphtheria		66		658	724	659		2	0.30	63
nteric						,				
ther diseases				6	6	6				
Totals		862	2	5,837	6,701	5,834	3	12	0.20	85
	3190		GO	RE FAR	м ноѕр	ITAL.		7		
										Pilat
carlet		130	20	4,078	4,228	3,560	4	4	0.104	660
ther diseases										
Totals		130	20	4,078	4,228	3,560	4	4	0.104	660
			8	UM	MAI	TY.	+			
carlet		2,757	15,982	9,258	18,739	14,388	9,258	666	4.90	1 0 00
carlet iphtheria		2,757	4,508	659	5,059	3,486	659	948	4·29 21·20	3,68
nteric		120	600	***	720	516		96	15.84	10
yphus			9		9	6		2	25.00	10
10 . 1		3,428	21,099	9,917	24,527	18,296		1,712	8.33	4,51
Totals ther diseases		72	1,174	6	1,246	1,090	6	109	: 19	4

otes.—The mortalities returned as above include all deaths occurring from intercurrent diseases, particulars of which will be found the Annual Reports of the Medical Superintendents.

The mortality rates are calculated according to the Registrar-General's Formula—i.e., by dividing the Deaths, multiplied by 100, by half the sum of the Admissions, Discharges, and Deaths for the year.

FEVER STATISTICS .- TABLE II .- Showing the Monthly Admissions

MONTH.	Se			A	DMISSIG	INS						DISCH	ARGES.
HONTH	Se				D'DI II SIST	244574					26	DESCRI	
NON		arlet.	Diph	theria.	En	teric.	1.	Other	Diseases.	PERMIT	DEATHS		
=	Direct	From	Direct	From	Direct	From	Typhus.	Direct	From	Total.	EA	Re-	To oth Hospit
***	from	other	from	other	from	other	3	from	other	Total.	=	covered.	of Boa
	Homes.	Hospitals of Board.	Homes.	Hospitals of Board.	Homes.	Hospitals of Board.	H	Homes.	Hospitals of Board,				
Jan.	185	1	47		- 8			26		267	19	146	9
Feb.	125		51		4	***		29		209	25	145	7
Mar.	132		46		7	****		22		207	22	157	6
April	133	****	47	***	5			24		209	19	114	6
May	166		51	***	9			36		262	13	154	8
June	171		64		12	***		18		265	19	137	10
July	215	1	48	***	7			16	***	287	12	133	14
Aug.	206 246	***	50 62	***	18 12	***		24 15		298 335	23	124	14
Sept. Oct.	222		57		13	***		16		308	26 20	124	16
Nov.	183		47	***	13	***		14		257	22	125	11
Dec.	191		60		8			13	***	272	15	153	12
Dec.						Pritting.						100	-
Cotals	2,175	2	630		116			253		3,176	235	1,621	1,32
				NO	RTH-E	ASTERN	N I	HOSPI	TAL.				
Jan.	243							10		253	7	198	8
Feb.	220							7		227	7	109	8
Mar.	184	**:		***		***		9		193	7	90	14
April	165	1			***			4		170	4	101	7
May	223		***	***				2 3		225	7 3	89 95	11
June	225 300		1	***	***			10		310	11	101	13
July	327			***			***	5		332	4	112	13
Aug. Sept.	341	***		***				4		345	5	175	9
Oct.	291		1					9		301	9	183	12
Nov.	296							2		298	8	267	s
Dec.	193		1					5		199	10	184	7
Totals	3,008	1	3					70		3,082	82	1,699	1,27
War.	1001	1	18	NOI	RTH-W	ESTERN	N I	HOSPI	TAL.	170			
Jan.	154		88		16			13		271	. 42	153	6
Feb.	114		56		3			12		185	39	114	6
Mar.	125		81		1			14		221	48	146	3
April	107		65		. 5			16		193	32	110	7
May	133		58		6			15		212	22	92	8
June	172		76		3	***		11		262	29	98	12
July	147	***	63		15			10		235	17	102	8
Aug.	270	*** ***	52		11			22		355	18	100	16
Sept.	177		66	***	10			15		268	24	107	12
Oct.	262	***	71		13			10		356	23	158	12
Nov.	193		50 86		12 11			12 4		267 257	22 42	146 198	10
Dec.	156		-		11	•••	-	-		201	12	100	
Totals	2,010		812		106			154		3,082	858	1,519	1,08
					WEST	ERN H	osi	PITAL					
Jan.	211		61		10			19		301	38	76	21
Feb.	187	***	58		4			17		266	30	70	17
Mar.	189		78		8			18		293	27	77	16
April	147		39		7			24		217	24	57	14
May	155		87		6			24		272	32	85	13
June	169		85		9		1	25		281	18 29	120 101	15
July	159		57 55		8			13 15		238 236	18	86	11 13
Aug.	158		55		6		1::	9		258	12	79	15
Sept. Oct.	188 189		70		12			16		287	23	100	16
Nov.	208		77		6			6		297	19	97	16
Dec.	156		60		4			7		227	28	78	14
m	0.110		700		99		-	109		9 170	one	1 001	1.00
Totals	2,116	***	782		82			193		3,173	298	1,021	1,88

of various Diseases, with Discharges and Deaths from all causes during 1896.

				sou	T.H-W	ESTERN	I	HOSPIT	ral.	1			
				A	DMISSIC	ONS.		- Maria				DISCH	ARGES.
MONTH.	Se	arlet.	Diph	theria.	En	teric.		Other	Diseases.		DEATHS.		1 55
NO		From	-	From		From	Typhus.		From		E.	Da	To othe
M	Direct	other	Direct	other	Direct	other	hd	Direct	other	Total.	E	Re- covered.	Hospital
	from Homes.	Hospitals of Board.	from Homes.	Hospitals of Board.	from Homes.	Hospitals of Board.	Ty	from Homes,	Hospitals of Board.		1	- Coreion	of Board
an.	122		42		13			8		185	25	135	47
eb.	137	***	37		4			22		200	15	113	58
Mar.	88		35		1			13		137	17	92	44
April	84		27		4	***		15		130	10	107	21
May	141	***	42					20	***	203	12	123	79
June	203	***	42 45		10	***	1	16 12		255	18	90	128
Aug.	198	1	39		16		100	11		271 265	21 23	85 87	165 127
Sept.	146	î	39		13	1		7		206	18	67	113
Det.	158		49		11			10		223	15	123	92
Nov.	107	1	46		13			5		172	20	93	76
Dec.	98		37		7			10		152	12	123	26
Cotals	1,669	3	480		97		1	149		2,399	206	1,238	976
-					FOUN	TAIN H	os	PITAL					
Jan.	185		01					1		070		1	1
Feb.	137		81 78			***		9		278 224	34 22	112	144
Mar.	116		76					14	***	206	32	78 120	106
April	114		55					17		186	11	104	105 130
May	198		32					11		241	20	91	117
une	250		93					11	***	354	18	78	194
fuly	201 228		67		***	***	•••	4		272	26	95	160
Aug.	215		60 78		***	***		8	•••	296	23	92	170
Det.	250		72		***			11	***	304 326	15 19	124 154	136
Nov.	159		67					7		233	22	128	159 87
Dec.	202		111					4		817	36	159	147
'otals	2,255		870					107		3,232	278	1,835	1,655
				so	UTH-E	ASTERN	E	IOSPIT	TAL.				
an.	149		48		9	7		13		219	23	112	104
eb.	141		64	***	12	***		24		241	30	99	90
Mar.	148		57		8			13		226	27	99	147
April	146 126		66		10			17		239	25	88	98
une	174		56		13		6	20 15		214 264	26 23	99	107
uly	137		64	1	14	***	1	20		237	19	71 121	147 139
Aug.	173	1	58		19			25		276	16	107	124
Sept.	162		44		18	***		21	***	245	23	98	89
Det.	191		60		23			13		287	25	125	137
lov. Dec.	147 128		69 51		17 16		1	12 11		246 206	25 17	120 126	104 98
'otals	1,822	1	702	1	162		8	204		2,900	279	1,265	1,384
					BRO	OK HOS	PI	TAL.					
an		1	1			1						1	
eb.			***						***				
Mar.													
April									***				
May	***		***			***							***
une			""		***	***			***				
Aug.	40		4						***	44			
lept.	232	***	90		21			12		355	21		***
Det.	249		85		1			17		302	14	61	86
ov.	214		42		9			9		274	17	117	137
Dec.	170		58					6		240	22	116	114
otals	905		229		37			44					

APPENDIX I .- INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

FEVER STATISTICS.—TABLE II. (continued)—Showing the Monthly Admissions of various Diseases, with Discharges and Deaths from all causes during 1896.

			,		NORT	HERN H	os	PITAI	Cua				
100				Α	DMISSI	ONS.		The sally	,		oó.	DISCH	ARGES.
HI	Sea	arlet.	Dipl	theria.	Er	teric.	1	Other	Diseases.		TH		
MONTH.	Direct from Homes.	From other Hospitals of Board.	Direct from Homes,	From other Hospitals of Board.	Direct from Homes	From other Hospitals of Board.	Typhus.	Direct from Homes.	From other Hospitals of Board.	Total.	DEATHS.	Re- covered.	To other Hospital of Board
Jan.		428		44						472	5	465	1
Feb.		386		71						457		443	
March		390		68						458	1	486	
April		321		58						379	1	476	
May		383		46					***	429	1	427	
June	***	448	***	80	***			***	111	528	***	479	***
July	2	458	***	50	***			***		505		434	2
Aug.		537	101	56	***			***	•••	593	1	580	***
Sept.	V.	504		19	***			***	***	528	1	499	
Oet.	***	532	***	60	***	***		***	***	592	***	604	***
Nov.	•••	444		60	***				***	504		509	
Dec.		353		46	***					399	2	432	
Totals	2	5,179		658					***	5,839	12	5,834	3
Jan. Feb. Mar. April May June July Aug. Sept.	20	282 195 246 223 289 443 455 400 338 456								282 195 246 223 289 463 455 400 385 456	 1	85 149 234 235 214 310 332 398 323 463	 2
Oct. Nov.		385			***					385	***	374	1
Dec.		366								366	2	443	
Totals	20	4,078					-			4,098	4	3,560	4
			1112			MM.		RY					
Jan. Feb.	1,249 1,061	711 581	367 344	44 71	56 . 27			96 120		1,768 1,552	193 168	1,477 1,320	755 652
March	982	636	373	68	25			108		1,483	176	1,501	704
April	896	545	299	58	31			117		1,243	126	1,392	603
May	1,142	. 672	335	46	24			128		1,629	133	1,374	718
June	1,373	891	417	80	35		6	99	***	1.930	128	1,478	971
July	1,364	909	344	51	55		2	85		1.850	136	1,504	952
Aug.	1,600	939	318	56	72			110	111	2,100	127	1,686	1,003
Sept.	1,707	843	434	19	80			94	***	2,315	145	1,596	862
Oct.	1,807	988	415	60	73			95		2,390	148	2,080	1,053
Nov.	1,507	830	398	60	70		1	67		2,043	155	1,976	885
Dec.	1,294	719	464	46	52			60		1,870	186	2,002	765
Grand Totals	15,982	*9,264	4,508	659	600		9	1,174		22,273	1,821	19,386	9,923

	EASTERN HOSPITAL	HOSPITAL.	NORTH-WESTERN HOSPITAL	WESTERN HOSPITAL.	SOUTH-WESTERN HOSPITAL	FOUNTAIN HOSPITAL	SOUTH-EASTERN HOSPITAL	BEGOR HOSPITAL S	CONTHERN GOSE FARM HOSPITAL	SUMMARY.
UNIES AND UNION,	The state of the s	Parket Course of the last of t	The state of the s	South Parket Colors Col	Professional Profe	Partie Course Co	1 1 1 1 1 11 11	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ord Total Stand Stand Stand Stand Stand	1 1 1 1 1 1 11 111 1
anderson	1 1 -	11 11 _	141 25 5 _ 6 160 11	807 90 11 23 401 40	84 12 3 9 806 80	29 14 2 55 2			1 - 1	T45 144 19 50 908
albana madde	1 1 -	3 2	60 11 7 3 60 9	613 113 11 24 663 73	10 39 2 5 116 4	38 27 S 65 8			- 1 - 1 1	656 208 13 _ 27 916
ellispes	3 2 3 10 2	10 1 M	219 29 2 6 254 16	101 14 6 11 100 17	66 8 8 1 70 5	8 1 9 -	1 1 -		- 3 4	574 90 11 _ 27 60T
cles	1 1 -	3 1 2	72 27 4 - 1 104 14	130 110 11 9 200 40	28 20 3 _ 7 18 10	33 40 1 74 8	6 2 2 10 -		1 - 1	141 211 10 20 200
George's		13 13	no 17 5 _ 5 100 14	100 42 5 21 207 26	135 34 3 3 137 4	20 12 2 54 1	10 1 1 - 1 13 1		1 - 1- 1	610 88 10 30 SeT
omnisser	2 2 -	2 2	22 5 2 29 1	26 8 6 62 1	28 2 3 4 37 2	10 1 19	1		1	119 16 9 12 130
Marylebone	14 4 1 19 1	126 1 2 120 4	297 44 4 15 812 29	142 50 15 _ 15 225 23	82 9 4 . 5 20 4	2 2 4 1	4		1 1	GUT 113 25 63 808
. Paneras	30 14 4 8 56 3	263 4 267 5	202 70 16 11 600 20	99 79 8 12 199 14	12 1 1 29 2		3 1 3 -		7	209 171 29 _ 27 945
approad	1 2 1 -	30 50 _	165 28 5 9 137 19	16 17 1 7 21 3	11-				3	187 82 6 _ 12 222
lagton	220 330 29 39 412 43	617 8 690 19	265 255 16 20 456 85	9 19 1 4 25 4	_ 1 1 _	- 1 1 -	1 1 2 1		1 13	127 367 46 60 1,505
sekney	472 10 25 41 628 46	208 10 267 8	48 58 9 18 184 21	1 1 -	- 1 1 1		7 1 3 - 1 12 1	1 1		441,7 IT TE 001 000
Giles and St. George,		10 10	55 4 2 1 42 4	10 11 1 2 16 6	20 2 2 - 1 20 1	31 - 11				141 20 4 _ 12 100
Bloomsbury		10 10 10 Ta - 2 40 Z	H 1 - 1 P 1	23 7 1 3 44 3	27 7 2 - 2 - 3 1		11 - 7 - 11			
mad	10 1 1 10 1		145 52 11 . 12 100 21	25 25 1 60 11	20 23 4 3 23 4	11 1 - 1 15 -	65 10 7 1 10 104 0			
Dork			15 4 1 2 16 2	4 4	9 3 - 1 15 1		21 2 1 1 25 2		100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
adea, City of	26 14 1 47 2		80 29 11 19 142 51		2 20 1 - 14 1		42 100 100 - 15 97 10			
orolitch		AND REAL PROPERTY.	62 28 2 - 7 19 7		28 2 2 5 29		75 13 3 _ 8 29 6			the part and the limit there is
maxIGnes			44 55 3 - 11 90 12		12 7 1 4 24		65 82 8 8 300 11	B 4 2 22 2	100	
kitechapel			20 12 7 20 2		4 2 - 1 2 1		40 10 8 . 8 64 0	H 2 - 1 H 1		
George-in-the-East	98 24 4 130 10	73 7 77 7	12 24 - 2 28 6		4 35 1 4 24 2		25 26 1 _ 6 26 8	W .		
stesh	96 22 1 19 145 5		21 20 1 _ 3 64 18		7 7 - 14 4		22 23 4 _ 4 64 9			
He End Old Town	144 66 6 _ 15 251 15	21 21 6			1 7 1 1 10 4	原 雪 臓 輿 頭 尿 露	60 pc 34 32 50 B			
gler	267 23 .9 24 269 27	100 4 104 2	1 1 - 1 41 2	24 29 2 1 55 7	135 40 8 14 720 25	366 94 20 250 22	217 87 86 _ 24 218 21	186 22 4 A 203 14		
Seriosr's	10 10 -	3		- 10 1 17 2	65 23 2 6 117 19	FL 54 6 141 19	168 60 36 _ 17 269 36	80 25 8 2 2 120 14		
. Olave's	1 3 11 -			28 17 1 8 64 3	215 41 16 1 23 536 30		129 27 8 11 196 15	83 7 4 1 43 3		
mbeth	0 1			168 54 9 _ 12 103 56	200 29 26 12 299 15		55 7 8 7 77 6			
coleworth & Claphan				7 10 - 7 24 2		127 211 30 200 43	169 124 99 T 15 345 45	240 40 4 4 714 4		
mberwell					NOT THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY	87 306 _ 8 301 31		200 20 4 17 153 9		
esswich	1 1 -				27 24 2 4 67 10	the said that the said tool that	186 53 11 _ 14 264 13	100 00 6 0 107 10		
nelwish	1 1 1 - 1 -	1 1 -			60 50 2 2 16 6	50 45 2 200 19	113 47 8 9 177 27	72 60 1 116 14	** D. C. D. C. C. D. C. C. D. C. C. D. C. C. C. D. C.	
widom					_ 2 2 1					PA NOT THE REAL PROPERTY.
on and Tower of }	1 1 1 -									fi 11 - 7 100
etenhan	20 10 2 23 5	161 1 _ 5 167 9	4 6 3 _ 1 18 2		11 21		3 1 1 4 -			
pond Met. Area -	1 1 2 1	1 1 3 -			100 To 10					
Totals	2,375 600 136 203 8,474 255	2,000 3 20 2,001 62	2,000 812 206 _ 134 2,082 253	2,116 787 88 195 8,173 298	1,009 410 97 1 149 2,096 206	E,216 970 107 D,210 278	1,827 [002 562 8 204 2,826 278	905 229 S7 - 46 EFES 74 1	12 20 4 (3.)	902 4,000 000 9 3,274 22,272 X

IX 1-INFECTIOUS DISEASES. FEVER STATISTICS, 1800

APPENDIX LACORECTIONS DISEASES.

FEVER STATISTICS .- TABLE IV .- Scarlet Fever

		-	_	_		_		_					_	-		-	-	-		-		7.5.5			-					-				
-	AL.	Died.	e ±	07	= :	116	17	* 00	:	:	:	: :	:		:	:	16		20	14	111	130	21	9	21	1	:	:	:	:	:	: :	:	00
	TOTAL	Admitted	e 5	115	Ŧ:	141	3333	93	43	19	100	0 01	:	:	:		1,669		50	99	118	806	176	464	127	29	33 5	201			-	1 :	:	0 0 0 0
HOSPITAL.	.88	Died.	10	=======================================	io t	- 0	0 0	1 01	:	:	:	: :		:	:	:	20	TAL.	1	6	0 1	2 10	00	67	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: :	:	45.
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Admissions and Deaths at various ages during 1896.

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AL.	Died.	: :	:-	,	1	:	:	::	:	:			:	:	:		2																					
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FEMALES	Ad: mitted.	::	:	: :	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:		:																					
	Died,	: :	;-	1	-		:	:	:	:	•	:	:		:		01	-		mhined	Mortality per cent.	52.0	46.5	31.2	25.6	95.9	18.7	*.00	8.0					1.9				21.0
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		::	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		···	ante	:		TOTAL.		Died.		1	-	1	-	00											16
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AL.	Died.	: 9	01 =	+ 1 -	17	21			:		:	:	:	:	:		88			100	per cent.	56.5	46.2	28.6	26.9	8.45	19.8	2.2	5.4					0.1				20.1
TOTAL.	Ad- mitted	3 16	18	30	97	23	+	00	03	+	:	:	:	:	:		229		FEMALES.	72	Died.	18	55	96	67	83	189	23	22	21		:	:	7	:	:	::	667
ES.	Died.	:01	:0	4 00	10	ा			::	:				:	:	:	14	K	FES	-					_						-							
FEMALES.	Ad-	1 2	9 1	16	47	15	4	01	01	00	::	:	:	:	:	-	117	AR			Admitted.	32	119	196	256	327	957	305	93	19	29	55	17	-	20 -	1		2,477
ES.	Died.	: +	01 0	4 -	12		:	:	:	:	::	:	:	:	:	:	24	BUMMAR		100	mortanty per cent.	48.8	46.3	9.88	25.7	25.0	17.4	2.6	8.9	1	-		-	> 2.1				22.1
MALES.	Ad- mitted.	010	27.5		200	00	:	1	:	-	:	:	:	:	:	::	112	58	MALES.	-	Died.	21	99	20	73	7.1	138	50	00	:	1	::	:		:	:	-	449
	ó	1:	:					:		:		:		:		varue	ls		M	-																		
100	AGES	Under 1	2 to 3	4 to 2	-	10 to 15	15 to 20	20 to 25	25 to 30	30 to 35	35 to 40	40 to 45	45 to 50	50 to 55	00 01 cc	dn mi	Totals				Admitted.	48	121	208	291	284	761	202	++	34	19	11	40	24 0	0 +	7		2,031
H	d.	_			_	_							_			I			-			:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:		:	: :	
TOTAL.	L Died.	13	61 6	12	66	3,	00		:	:	:	:	:		:		138					:	:	::	:	::	***	:	***	:	:	:	:	:	::	:	: :	:
Te	n.a	18	67.5	109	245	7.3	27	16	11	*	00 ,		-		:	:	702			AGES		:				::			****	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	ds	Grand Totals
LES.	Died.	900	123	==	55	10	Q1	1	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	78			-		r 1		000		0 0	010	0 15	0.50	25	080	350	140	640	000	000	And upwards	hrand
FEMALES.	Ad- mitted.	6 67	34	240	186	46	16	14	9	60 6	60		:	:	:		390					Under	1 to	2 to	3 tc	4 to	5 10	10 to 15	15 to 20	20 to 25	25 to 30	30 to	35 to 40	40 to 45	45 to 50	55 to 60	And	9
MALES.	Died.	1-10	9:	1 20	17	4	1		:	:.	:	:	:		:	::	09																					
MA	Ad- mitted.	6 27	38	46	109	26	11	Ç1	10	1	:	-	1	::	:	:	312																					
-	_	11	:	:	: :			::	:	:	:		:	:		en re	:											•										
0000	AGES.	Under 1 1 to 2	2 to 3	4 10 4	5 to 10	10 to 15	15 to 20	20 to 25	25 to 30	30 to 35	35 to 40	40 to 45	45 to 50	50 to 55	55 to 60	And upwarus	Totals																					

APPENDIX I .- INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

FEVER STATISTICS .- TABLE VI .- Enteric Fever

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i.	LES.	Died.	: :	- 01 :-	- :-	:::	:	9		:-	- 53			:	: :	::	00
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	ES.	Died.	: :	51	:::	:::	:	*0	N HOSI	::	: :	01	:-	:	: :	::	00
NORTH-WESTERN	MALES.	Admitted.	10		0 : 01	:::		6#	WESTERN	. 19	8 0	G 24	96		i	::	43
OR7			:::	111	: : :	:::	:	:	-	11	: :	: :	:	: :		: :	:
Z			:::	:::		:::	:	:		. :	: :	: :	:	:	: :	: :	Totals
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	TOTAL.	Died.	:	- 00 00		11	:	19		::	::	::	: :	: :	: :		:
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N HOSI	MALES.	Died.	: :-:	0 04 04	: : :-		:	12		::	::	: :	: :	: :	: :	:	:
EASTERN HOSPITAL.	MA	Admitted.	2 - 22	000-10	. : - 0	::	:	89	NORTHEASTERN	::	::	::	::	: :	: :	:	
			111	: : :	:::	111	:	:	YOR	11	: :	: :	: :	::	: :	:	1
38			:::	:::	:::	:::	:	:		::	::	::	::	::	: :	:	:
	AGES					:::	vards	Tetals		::	::	::	::			vards	Totals
			Under 5 to 10 10 to 12	20 to 25 25 to 30 30 to 35	35 to 46 40 to 45	50 to 50 55 to 60	And upwards			Under 5 5 to 10	15 to 20	20 to 25 25 to 30	30 to 35 35 to 40	40 to 45 45 to 50	50 to 55 55 to 60	And upwards	

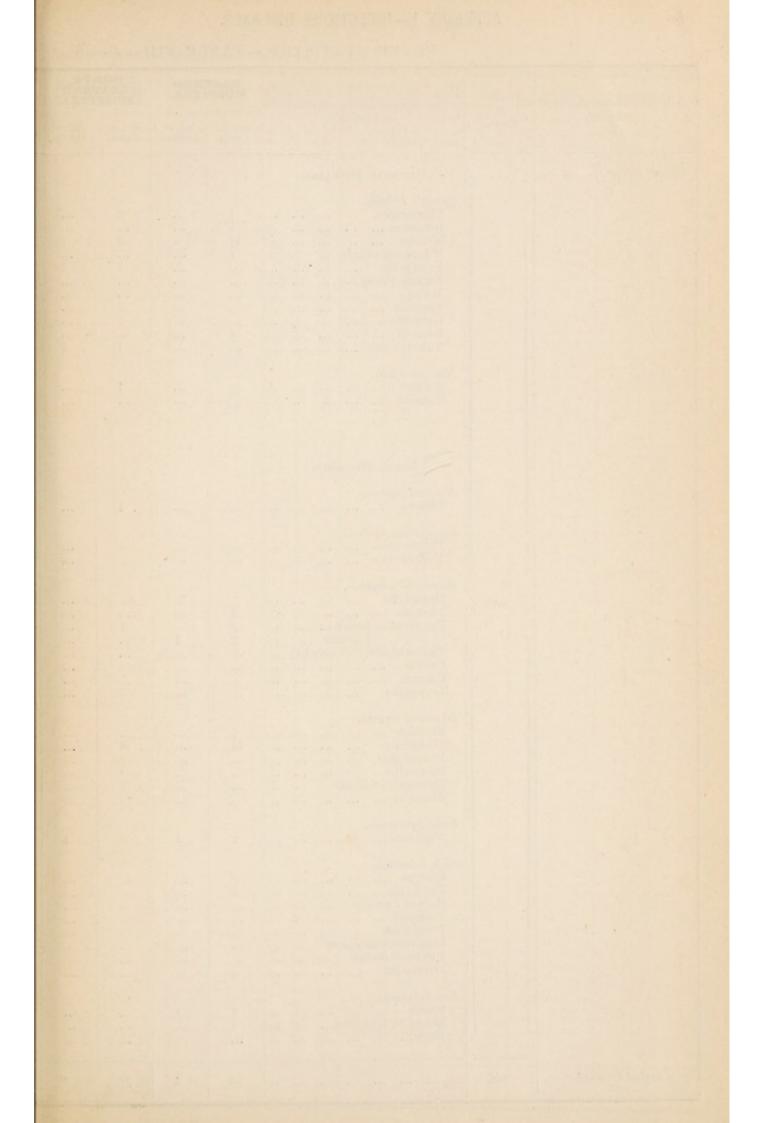
Admissions and Deaths at various ages during 1896.

			Deaths at various ages care			22.1	
	TOTAL.	Died.	- - -	10		Combined Mortality per cent.	25 :: 25 ::
	To	Ad- mitted.		87	Total.	Died.	11 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
I.	LES.	Died.	1111-11111	-	To		
SPITA	FEMALES	Ad. mitted.	[440)000 [] [] [] [14		Admitted	117.111.011.01.01.01.01.01.01.01.01.01.01.0
BROOK HOSPITAL	ES.	Died.	14:14414:111	4		Mortality per cent.	857 10.90 110.90 116.52 126.83 126.00
BRO	MALES.	Ad- mitted.		55	FEMALES.	Died.	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :
	,		ard: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	:	A.R.		
	AGES.		Under 5 5 to 10 10 to 15 12 to 20 20 to 25 22 to 30 30 to 35 40 to 45 45 to 50 55 to 60 55 to 60	Totals	SUMMA	Admitted.	4 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78
	i.	Died.		59	30	Mortality per cent.	11.90 11.90 11.90 19.56 6.25 6.25 44.44 19.56 19.56 19.56 19.56 19.56
H.	TOTAL.	Ad- mitted.	+85233±000000 : :	162	MALES,	Died.	1,0220004 101 11
HOSPITAL	LES.	Died.	-000M	12	M		- 21 2 2 12 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
	FEMALES	Ad. mitted.	H0581000001 : :	65	_	Admitted	400448
H-EASTERN	ES.	Died.	[4000000 []	17		AGES.	Pward
	MALES.	Ad- mitted.	######################################	97)V	Under 5 5 10 10 10 15 10 10 15 10 20 10 25 10 20 25 10 30 10 35 10 40 45 10 50 50 10 55 10 60 And upw
SOUT	y		2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	::		Died.	111111111111
	AGES		Under 5 5 to 10 10 to 15 20 to 20 22 to 20 25 to 30 35 to 45 45 to 50 55 to 60	Totals	TOTAL.		
	.3	Died.		15		Admitted.	
	TOTAL.	Ad. D	200557775000c :	16	'AL.	Died.	1111111111111
HOSPITAL.	ES.	Died		: 00	HOSPITAL.	Admitted.	1111111111111
N HOS	FRMALES.	Ad- I	9999 <u>5</u> 96669	20	AIN	ied.	111111111111
SOUTH-WESTERN	*	Died.	[[0 - 0 0 0 :]] [: 2	FOUNTAIN MALES.		
H-WE	MALES.	Ad. mitted.	[+0era+ere] [47		Admitted.	1111111111111
OUT	-	B					
8	040	AGES.	Under 5 5 to 10 10 to 15 15 to 20 20 to 25 25 to 30 85 to 40 40 to 45 45 to 50 55 to 60	Totals		AGES.	Under 5 5 10 10 15 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10

APPENDIX I .- FEVER STATISTICS, 1896.

FEVER STATISTICS.—TABLE VII.—Typhus Fever Admissions and Deaths at various ages during 1896.

		LOFE			MAL	ES.	FEMA	LES.	Тот	AL.
		AGES			Admitted.	Died.	Admitted.	Died.	Admitted.	Died.
SOUTH-			RN A	s.						
Under 5				 						
5 to 10				 	2				2	
10 to 15				 	1	1			1	1
15 to 20				 	2		1		3	
20 to 25				 						
25 to 30				 						
30 to 35				 						
35 to 40				 						
40 to 45			•	 						
45 to 50				 •••	1		1		2	
50 to 55				 		*				
55 to 60				 						
And upwar	rds			 	1	1			1	1
					Market Stockers					



FEVER STATISTICS .- TABLE VIII .- Details of

Diseases as certified on	Number of	Disease as diagnosed after	EAST	TERN ITAL.	NOR EAST HOSP	ERN
admission.	Cases,	admission.	No. of Cases.	No. of Deaths.	No. of Cases.	No. of Deaths.
Scarlet Fever) (GENERAL DISEASES.				
		Specific Febrile. Chickenpox	1		2	
		Influenza	1			
		Measles Whooping-cough	11	1	8	1
		Erysipelas			1	1
		Mumps				
		Syphilis			1	
		Gonorrhœa Rötheln	4			
		Tuberculosis			,1	1
		Not classified.				
		Rickets			1	
		Tetanus				
		LOCAL DISEASES.				
		Nervous System.				
		Chorea			1	
		Circulatory System.				
		Pericarditis Endocarditis				
		Respiratory System. Bronchitis				
	266	Phthisis	1			
		Pneumonia, Lobar	2		1	
		,, Lobular Tuberculosis (Pulmonalis)	2	1		
		Coryza				
		Catarrh Laryngitis			1	
		Digestive System.	1			
		Tonsillitis	14		14	
		Pharyngitis Stomatitis			1	
		Dysentery, Chronic			1	
		Jaundice				
		Urinary System. Nephritis	2	1	3	1
		Skin Diseases.				
		Eczema	3			
		Erythema Herpes Facialis	9		"ï	
	-	Psoriasis				
		Drug Rash				
		Impetigo Contagiosa Pityrasis Rubra		:::		
		Dermatitis				
		Local Injuries.				
		Scalds	1	1		
) (Injury to Hip-joint Burn	1			
Carried forward	900					-
Carried forward	266	••• ••• ••• ••• ••• ••• •••	56	4	39	4

Miscellaneous Diseuses admitted during 1896.

WEST HOSP		WEST		WEST HOSP	CERN	FOUN		EAST HOSP	ERN	BROOK HOSPITAL.		SUMN	IARY.
No. of Cases.	No. of Deaths.	No. of Cases.	No. of Deaths.	No. of Cases.	No. of Deaths								
3		1						1				8	
												1	
2		17	3	19	3	6	2	10	2	1 2		74	12
												1	1
						1		1				1	
						1	1			1		3	1
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		1		2								2	
								2				2	
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		4		9								1	
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3 6						21		i				6 45	
		1		7								1	
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				1	1 :::							1	
				1	1							1	1
						1						1	
												1 1	1
1	1											1	1
29	2	34	5	43	5	32	3	26	3	7		266	26

FEVER STATISTICS .- TABLE VIII. (continued)-Details

Diseases as certified on	Number of	Disease as diagnosed after	EAST	TERN ITAL.	NOF EAST HOSP	TH- TERN ITAL.
admission.	Cases.	admission.	No. of Cases.	No. of Deaths.	No. of Cases.	No. of Deaths.
Brought forward	266		56	4	39	4
Scarlet Fever (continued)) (Not Classified.			-	
	1	Abscesses	1 23		26	
	90	Excision of Glands Mastoid Disease			1	
	1	Marasmus				
) (Morbus Coxæ Otitis			1	
Diphtheria	356		80	4	68	4
		GENERAL DISEASES. Specific Febrile.				
		Chickenpox Influenza	1 2			
		Measles	5			
		Whooping-cough	2	2		
		Febricula Syphilis				
***		Mumps				
		Enteric Fever	***			
		Not classified. Rheumatism	1			
.89		Ophthalmia				
***		Anæmia				
		Local Diseases. Nervous System.				
		Meningitis	1	1		
	562	Respiratory System. Bronchitis	1			
	362	Coryza	2 2			
		Laryngitis Pneumonia, Lobar	1			
	1	Propose Proposes				
		The second secon				
37		Digestive System. Stomatitis	4			
The Park Street		Tonsillitis	97			
		Pharyngitis				
		Urinary System. Nephritis	1			
2100		Lymphatic System.				
***		Cervical Lymphadinitis	1			
The same of the sa		Unclassified. No obvious disease	6			
Rys		Periostitis of Jaw				
T-lex		Hodgkin's Disease			***	
		Local Injuries. General Bruising				
	562		128	4		
Carried forward	918		208	8	68	4

of Miscellaneous Diseases admitted during 1896.

WEST HOSP	ERN	WEST	TERN	WEST HOSP	ERN	FOUNT	TAIN TAL.	EAST HOSP	ERN	BRO	OK ITAL.	SUMM	ARY.
No. of Cases.	No. of Deaths.	No. of Cases,	No. of Deaths.	No. of Cases.	No. of Deaths.	No. of Cases,	No. of Deaths						
29	2	34	5	43	5	32	3	26	3	7		266	26
		;						::				1	
16		1		***				14		1		81	
•••												î	
1 9	***				***		***					1 2	
										1	""	1	
								1				2	
48	2	35	5	48	5	32	3	41	3	9		356	26
						1						2	
3		11	5	2	1	6	2	6	2		***	2 33	10
				1	1							2	2
ï		2						1				5 1	2
2		5		3				ï				11	
		1				1						1	
						4						4	
 1												1	
		1										1	
							1						
1	1	1	1									3	3
		2										3	
												2	
			"1			"1	•••	3				5	
1	1	3	1	2	1			2	1			6 5	1 3
						3	2					3	2
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44		103	3	83		59	***	45	***	16		447	3
	1000000					1				1	1		
		2	2					1	1			4	3
												1	
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										1		1	,
55	2	133	13	91	3	75	4	62	5	18		200	0.
56	2	133	13	31	9	10	4	02	9	18		562	31
103	4	168	18	134	s.	107	. 7	103	8	27		918	57

FEVER STATISTICS-TABLE VIII. (continued)-Details

Diseases as certified on	Number	Disease as diagnosed after	HOSP	TERN ITAL.	NORTH- EASTERN HOSPITAL.	
admission.	Cases.	admission.	No. of Cases.	No. of Deaths.	No. of Cases.	No. of Deaths.
Brought forward	918		208	8	68	4
Enteric Fever	7 (GENERAL DISEASES. Specific Febrile.				
		Febricula	1			
		Influenza Tuberculosis, Acute	1	1		
		Pyaemia	î	î		
		Measles				
		Erysipelas Whooping-cough				
		Malaria				
		Rheumatic Fever				
		Dysentery				
		Not classified.				
		Anæmia	1			
		Tuberculosis Rheumatism	•••			
		Rickets				
		Local Diseases. Nervous System.				
		Meningitis				
		Cerebral Hæmorrhage				
		Acute Mania				
		Dementia				
	194	Circulatory System. Endocarditis, Malignant Aneurism	1	1		
		Morbus Cordis				
		Respiratory System.				
		Bronchitis	1			
		Hæmoptysis Pleurisy	2			***
		Pneumonia, Lobar	20	5		
		" Lobular				
		Empyema Tuberculosis Pulmonalis	1			
		Cancer of Lung				
		Digestive System.				
		Cirrhosis of Liver Constipation	1 2			
		Jaundice (Malignant)	1	ï		
		Peritonitis	1			
		Perityphlitis Gastritis	2			
		Appendicitis				
		Tonsillitis				
		Tuberculosis Intestinalis Gastro Enteritis				
		Diarrhoea				
		Pelvic Peritonitis				
		Carcinoma Pylori Gastralgia				
		Dyspepsia				
	, ,	Colitis, Ulcerative				
	194	Carried forward	38	9		
Carried forward	1,112		246	17	68	4

of Miscellaneous Diseases admitted during 1896.

	WEST HOSP	TERN	WEST	TERN ITAL.	WES'	TH- FERN ITAL.		TAIN TAL.	EAST	TH. FERN TTAL.	BRO	OOK ITAL.	SUMI	MARY.
	No. of Cases.	No. of Deaths.	No. of Cases.	No. of Deaths.	No. of Cases.	No. of Deaths.	No. of Cases.	No. of Deaths.	No. of Cases.	No. of Deaths.	No. of Cases.	No. of Deaths.	No. of Cases.	No. of Deaths.
	103	4	168	18	134	8	107	7	103	8	27		918	57
	2			···i					2 4				5 8	"ï
١					1	ï			4	4			6	6
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		***			***				1 3		***		1 3	
									1	1	***		1	1
	1		1										3	
ı	4	1		***									4	1
١	2								"i			***	2	
		***							-					
	1	1							3	2			4	3
ı				***	2	2			2	2			4	4
ı									1	***			i	
ı											1		1	
			1	1	1	1			3	1			6	4
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	2		1						6		2		12	
1									1				7	
1	2 7 1	:::	5	1	1	:::			12	1	1		46	7
١		1									1		2	1
١	1		1 2		1	1		***	5	ï			2 10	2
١		1*												ĩ
	2	1											3	1
١	11												13	
١									2				3	1
1			-::						2		1		5	***
١	2 2	1							3				5	1
	1	2	4	2	2	1			1 2	1			9	6
			1	1									1	ï
					1				1				2 1	
					1								1	
									1 1				1 1	
									2				2	
									1	1			1	1
	43	8	19	6	13	6			69	14	12	2	194	45
1	146	12	187	24	147	14	107	7	172	22	39	2	1,112	102

* Admitted in 1895

FEVER STATISTICS .- TABLE VIII. (continued)-Details

Diseases as certified on	Number	Disease as diagnosed after	EAST	ERN TAL.	NOR EAST HOSPI	ERN
admission,	Cases.	admission.	No. of Cases.	No. of Deaths.	No. of Cases.	No. of Deaths.
Brought forward	1,112		246	17	68	4
Brought forward— } Enteric Fever }	194		38	9		
Enteric Fever (contd.)) (Colic				
		Enteritis		***		
		Peritonitis, Tubercular			***	***
		Hepatic Abscess Abdominal Abscess				
		Tympanitis				
		Urinary System. Nephritis	2	1		
		Surgical Kidney				
		Addison's Disease Nephrolithiasis				•••
	48	Nephrolithiasis				
	10	Generative System. Pelvic Cellulitis				
		Endometritis				
		Dysmenorrhoea				***
		Pregnancy Carcinoma of Ovary				
	1 9 10	Ovarian Cyst				
		Lymphatic System.				
		Cervical Lymphadinitis Not Classified.	1.			
		No obvious disease	2			
	,	Otitis		i		
	242		43	10		
Scarlet Fever and Diphtheria	1	Measles i		***		
	1					
Remittent Fever	1	Bronchitis		***		
	1					
Continued Fever	1	No obvious disease				
	11					
Timophida i)	Came in with Mother	9		2	
Uncertified	11 -	Born in hospital				
)	(Measles				
	11		2		2	
0 100				100		
GRAND TOTALS	. 1,174		253	18	70	4

of Miscellaneous Diseases admitted during 1896.

NORTH- WESTERN HOSPITAL.		WESTERN WESTE HOSPIT			TERN		TAIN ITAL.	EAST HOSP	TERN	BRO	OOK ITAL.	. SUMMARY.		
No. of Cases.	No. of Deaths.	No. of Cases,	No. of Deaths.	No. of Cases.	No. of Deaths.	No. of Cases.	No. of Deaths.	No. of Cases,	No. of Deaths.	No. of Cases.	No. of Deaths.	No. of Cases.	No. of Death	
146	12	187	24	147	14	107	7	172	22	39	2	1,112	102	
43	8	19	6	13	6		11.	69	14	.12	2	191	45	
			***				-	1				1		
		1						12		***		13		
							***	3	1	2		5	1	
			×		***		***	1			***	1		
								1		ï		2		
···i	ï							2	. 1			4	2 1	
		i				***		1	1			2	i	
		1										1		
								1				1		
			.02	***		***		1	***	11.	1117	1		
							111	1	***	***	***	1	***	
i	i											1	1	
1												1		
												1		
2		1						1 2	 1	2		8 2	 1	
48	10	23	6	18	6			98	18	17	2	242	52	
		1										1		
		1										1		
								1				i		
								1				1		
								1				1		
								1				1		
				1								1		
1				2				1		•••		8		
1		1										2	***	
		-					-		-		2	-		
3		1		2	."			1				11		
151		100		1.00		107	-	904	00		1	1.00		
154	14	193	24	149	14	107	7	204	26	44	2	1,174	109	

iii. REPORTS OF THE MEDICAL OFFICERS OF THE RIVER AMBULANCE SERVICE AND OF THE MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT OF THE SMALLPOX HOSPITAL SHIPS FOR THE YEAR 1896.

No. 1.

RIVER AMBULANCE SERVICE.

SOUTH WHARF,

ROTHERHITHE,

January, 1897.

Statistics.	During this year 265 cases were sent to the there were—	wharf.	Of these,
	Sent to hospital ships direct, suffering from smallpo	x	169
	Not suffering from smallpox		4
	Sent after detention		173 15
			188

The four cases sent to the hospital ships, though not suffering from smallpox, were infants sent with their mothers.

Of the remaining	g 77 ca	ses, the	re were	sent he	ome dir	ect	 39
Sent home after	detenti	on					 36
Died in shelters					•••		 2
							77

Of the cases sent home after detention, two had suffered from smallpox.

Of those that died in the shelters, one died from hæmorrhagic smallpox, and one from measles and pneumonia.

I append the usual tables of deaths and discharges, and of the non-smallpox cases sent home direct or after detention.

Of the non-smallpox	cases ther	e were	sent ho	me dire	ct		39
Sent after detention			•••				34
							73
Including one	death fro	m meas	les	•••		•••	1
	Total nor	ı-smallp	ox eas	es			74
	100	100		-			_

(Signed) T. B. BROOKE,

Medical Officer, River Service.

Table I.—Showing the Admissions of Smallpox cases to the Wharves during each month of the year 1896.

acong						1896.	
		HAY			Males.	Females.	Total
January	,			 	27	29	56
Februar	y			 	10	11	21
1 .				 	13	11	24
				 	5	4	9
				 	6	7	13
June				 	20	18	38
July				 	7	7	14
August				 	3	8	11
Septemb	er			 		2	2
October				 	2		2 2
Novemb	er			 			
Decemb	er		***	 	1		1
	То	tals		 	94	97	191*

Includes five of the non-smallpox cases admitted to the Hospital Ships, three of whom were in the incubative stage at the time of admission. (See p. 90.)

Table II.—Showing the Smallpox cases treated in the Shelters at South Wharf during the year 1896.

Date of Admission.	Name.	Age	Sex.	Parish.	Vaccination.	Date of Discharge.	Remarks.
1896. Jan. 14 May 1 Aug. 26	M. C. A. W. K. F.	7	M	St. Saviour's	Infancy (4) Not vaccinated Infancy (3)	Died May 2	Initial illness, Nov. 28, 1895. A convalescent case on admission. Hæmorrhagic smallpox. Patient was convalescent from smallpox on admission.

Table III.—Showing the Deaths which occurred in the Shelters at South Wharf during 1896.

Date of Admission.	Name.	Age.	Sex.	Parish.	Date of Death.	Cause of Death.
1896. May 1 July 21	A. W F. U	7 89		St. Saviour's Camberwell		Hæmorrhagic smallpox. Measles—Pneumonia.

Table IV .- Showing the Non-Smallpox cases sent home during the year 1896.

					Cases sent home direct.	Cases sent home after detention.	Total.
January			 	 	 10	4	14
February	-		 	 	 1	1	2
** 1			 	 ***	 5	4	9
April			 	 	 4	7	11
**			 	 	 5	5	10
T			 	 	 6	7	13
July			 	 	 3	2	5
August			 	 	 3	2	5 5
Septembe			 	 	 1	1	2
October			 	 	 		***
Novembe			 	 	 1		1
Decembe	r		 	 	 	1	1
	Tot	als	 	 	 39	34	73

Table V.—Giving particulars of the Diseases from which the Non-Smallpox cases suffered.

ON-SMALLPO RECT HOME		SES SEI	NT	(2.)	Non-smallpox after detent		SENT	HOME
Varicella			23		Varicella			18
Syphilis			6		Measles			3
Eczema			2		Rheumatic I	Erythe	ma	3
Measles			3		Syphilis			2
Rheumatic	Eryth	ema	1		Urticaria			2
Impetigo			2		Impetigo			2
Urticaria			1		Pneumonia			1
Vaccinia			1		Alcoholism			2
					Hepatic Ab	scess		1
Total			39		Total			34

N.B.—One case of measles died at South Wharf, and is not included in this table.

No. 2.

THE SMALLPOX HOSPITAL SHIPS.

Long Reach, Near Dartford, Kent, January 26th, 1897.

(For Statistical Tables, see pp. 93 to 107.)

One hundred and ninety-three* patients were admitted into this hospital during the past twelve months. Six of these patients were not suffering from smallpox when admitted, four being infants who were admitted in company with their mothers. One of these six patients was a woman aged 25, who was accompanied by her sister, who was the subject of a very mild attack of smallpox. It is likely, from the history given, that the patient under discussion had passed through an exceedingly mild attack of smallpox, but there was no evidence of the presence of the disease when she came under my observation. The case is therefore excluded from the smallpox statistics. The sixth patient who was not suffering from smallpox when admitted was a man in whose case an attack of measles simulated smallpox. He was sent direct to the hospital from the neighbouring district of Erith.

I have mentioned that four infants when admitted here were not suffering from smallpox. Three of these children while in the hospital developed very mild attacks of smallpox. The fourth child (a boy five months old who had been vaccinated successfully soon after birth) escaped. Particulars of the cases of the three children who developed smallpox are here given. It will be seen that in each case the disease was in process of incubation when the patient was admitted. In each case also vaccination was successfully performed during the period of incubation.

^{*} Five of these cases were admitted direct to the ships from places outside the Metropolis, and are not included in Table I., p. 89, nor in the Appendix A, on p. 47.

Cases in which Smallpox, not present on admission, was developed subsequently.

					O	Dates of		- I					Number	Type		
=	tials.	No. Initials. Age. Sex.	Sex.	Ad- mission.	Ad- Initial Eruption. Discharge.	Erupti	on.	Dischai		Result.	Vaccination.	mal h	of Vesicles.	of of Vesicles. Disease.	Remarks.	Londi
3	1 E. H.	3 weeks	त्र	F Jan. 21 None. Jan.	None.		31	Mar.	6	24	31 Mar. 9 R Vaccinated successfully Jan 21. Not previously	sfully	4	Very mild discrete.	emma dos no off allos é a cont cas Los éta	
H	Α.	10 months	M	2 F. A. 10 M June 4 None. June months	None.		14	14 July 3 R	00		Vaccinated successfully June 4. Not previously	sfully	01	Do.	Admitted from the Dartford district.	the ict.
	W.	3 -W. 10 days	H	F June 30 None. July	None.	July	01	2 July 24	24	R	Vaccinated successfully June 21.	sfully	00	Do.	o I to o I to o inter- lished the oil	THE THE

There were then 187 patients suffering from smallpox admitted to the hospital in the course of the year. Eight deaths occurred at the hospital during the year. Three of these deaths were in the case of patients admitted in December, 1895. On the other hand, a patient admitted in December, 1896, has died in the current year.

Three patients were treated for smallpox at South Wharf (see Table II., p. 89) and were not admitted here. The total number of patients suffering from smallpox and admitted during 1896 to institutions of the Managers was therefore 190, and the total number of deaths from smallpox occurring at those institutions during the year was nine.

The incidence of smallpox in the Metropolis has been less during 1896 than in any previous year since 1891. There are not many facts of note relative to the spread of the disease, to record. On January 1st, 1896, there were 70 patients under treatment, and during that month 53 cases occurred in the metropolitan area and in West Ham, and were removed to this hospital. West Ham, as was the case in the later months of 1895, contributed a large percentage, 19 out of the 53 cases. West Ham continued to contribute cases until June, but no case has since been received from that union. The total contribution from the union for the year was 48 cases out of 187. Putting the West Ham cases aside, it is interesting to note the monthly number of admissions from the metropolitan area for the five months January-May. They are as follow :-

This course of events is the very opposite of what usually obtains, but it is very similar to what occurred in the early months of 1895.

The cases which occurred during these five months were scattered all over the Metropolis, but they chiefly occurred in the south-east of London. There was nothing unusual in the manner in which the disease spread or in the class of person affected. In June there was a slight recrudescence of the disease. This was only noticeable as being a dim reflection of the serious outbreaks which occurred at the same time of year in 1894 and 1895. The number of cases admitted from the metropolitan area in June was 34. Fifteen of these cases came from Islington, the remainder being scattered over various parts of London. The bulk of the cases from Islington were the result of smallpox breaking out in a lodging-house. In Camberwell, as the result of one house (not a lodging-house) becoming infected, eight cases occurred in June and July. But in the other parts of London in June and in the following months the cases were more or less sporadic. In July only 14 cases occurred in the whole of London and in August the number of attacks declined to nine. Smallpox had then practically died out in London, two cases only being removed in September and two in October.

In November there were no admissions. The last patient left the hospital on December 14th, and for 16 days the hospital was empty. A patient was admitted on December 30th from the Port of London. He was a native of India, a coal trimmer employed on one of the Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamships. He caught smallpox in the course of the voyage from India to London.

The health of the staff has on the whole been fairly good during the year. Such disorders as anemia and dyspepsia are of more frequent occurrence than they should be. This may be attributed to the peculiar nature of the hospital and of the staff accommodation. A hospital of such a nature as this, as I have elsewhere pointed out to you, is very badly adapted to the satisfactory treatment of a continuous series of cases of any disease, and smallpox is one of the worst of diseases to treat under such conditions. And it can hardly be wondered at that members of a staff cooped up with insufficient light, exercise, air, and sleeping space, break down rather frequently with such disorders as I have named.

An engine-driver passed through an attack of enteric fever. This disease was contracted, however, from some source outside the hospital. No member of the staff has contracted smallpox.

In accordance with my usual custom, I give the returns showing the number of persons who have been employed in your service during the year.

sull e	mployed	at the L	rospitat.	Suly new	y empeoy	ieu ui ini	e Hospital.
Year.	Class."	Number employed.	Number who contracted Smallpox.	Year.	Class.*	Number entering Service,	Number wh contracted Smallpox.
1896	I. II. III. IV.	65 87 68 83	Nil.	1896	I. II. III. IV.	5 16 8 62	Nil.
Tota	1	303	_	Total		91	-

(Signed) T.

T. F. RICKETTS,

Medical Superintendent.

^{*} CLASS I.—Includes those brought into intimate contact with patients, viz., nurses and members of the medical staff.

CLASS II.—Includes those somewhat less directly exposed to infection, such as wardmaids and laundrymaids.
CLASS III.—Includes those whose duties did not, as a rule, necessitate their entering the wards, or their being directly exposed to infection in other ways.

CLASS IV .- Includes contractors' men and others temporarily employed at the hospital.

APPENDIX 1.—INFECTIOUS DISEASES. SMALLPOX STATISTICS, 1896.
SMALLPOX STATISTICS.—TABLE I.—Return showing the Numbers of Smallpox Patients Admitted from each Parish or Union during each Month of the Year 1896; the Total Admissions, Discharges, and
Deaths during the Year, and the condition of the Patients as to Vaccination.

														_	REMAINING IN
	REMAINING IN HOSPITAL ON LOT JANUARY,	JANUARY.	FEBRUARY.	MARCH. APRIL.	MAY.	June.	July.	August.	SEPTEMBER.	Остопия.	NOVEMBER. DEC	EMBER. ADMISSION	S. DEATHS.	DESCHARGES.	HOSPITAL ON SIST DECEMBER
				~	ACCIN.	ATION	CICA	TRIX	OR	CICA.	PRICES.				
PARISH OR UNION.	Present. No Evidence. Absent.	Present. No Eridence. Absent.	Present. No Evidence. Absent. Present.	No Evidence. Absent. Present. No Evidence.	Present. No Evidence. Absent.	Present. No Evidence. Abent.	No Evidence, Absent,	Present, No Evidence, Absent,	Present. No Eridence. Absent.	Present, No Evidence, Absent,	Present. No Evidence. Absent. Present.	No Evidence, Present, No Evidence, Absent	Present, No Evidence. Absent.	Present, No Evidence, Absent,	Present, No Eridence, Absent,
Kensington Falham Falha	1					5 10	1 1					5 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		5 1 5 2 2 1 1 1 3 17 1 16 4 2 1 1 2 1 1	
St. George-in-the-East Stepney	1 2 1	4	1			4	1 1					1		1 1 6 3 6 8 2	
St. Olave's		6 3 1 1 1 1			1	1 1	1 1					4 8 3 1 4 1 8 4 1 34 2 1 2 1 2 1	8 6 1 2 1 2	3 1 3	
Totals	21 8 41	38 3 15	22 17	7 1 6 5 4	7 1 5	37	7 1 6	8 1 1	1 1	2		1 116 10 6	4 1 8	250	
	.0	00	-		dmissions, &c., fr							. 150	1	200	

N.D.—Admissions, &c., from "other diseases" during the year are not included in this Return.

NOTE 1.—The columns headed "no evidence" contain the particulars of cases stated to have been Vaccinated, but bearing no visible evidence of the operation, and also of those in which no statement was made, but the nature of the eruption or other cause prevented any observation of the marks, if any existed.

APPENDIX I.—INFECTIOUS DISEASES. SMALLPOX STATISTICS, 1896.

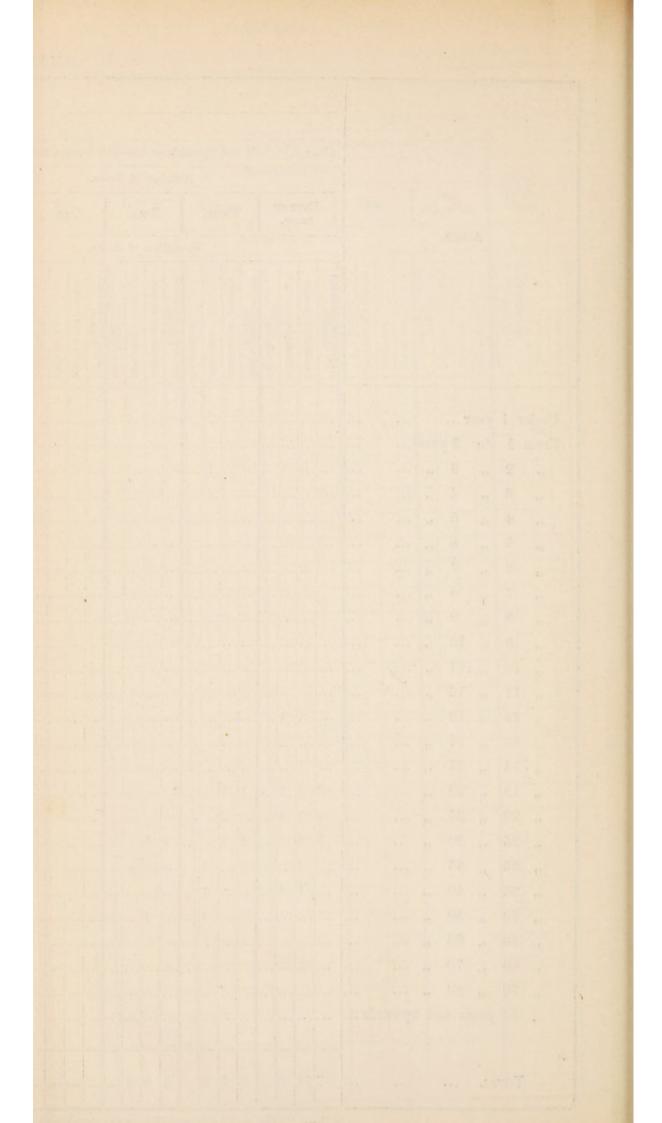
		SMALLPO:	X STATISTICS-TA	BLE Ha Showing the condition	n as regards Vaccination of the I	MALE Patients admi	ttol during 1896.		Cases in	1
					N CICATRIX OR CICATRICES	S PRESENT.			which then	in which
				ARRA OF CHATRES O				Deaths at	evidence"	Vaccina- tion Cientrix
		ards of one-half square loch total area.		less than one-half square inch total ares	The second secon		Class A = Areas not recorded.	Vaccinated	ongst as to Cases. Cicatrices. (See Note*	"absent."
		unber of Scara.		umber of Sours.	Number of So		Number of Seass.	3	Sec 2-016-	- attention
	Four or Three.	Two. One. Not recorded.	Four or Three.	Two. One Not recorded.	Four or Three, Two.	One. Not recorded.	Four or Three. Two. One. re	Not sconled.		
AGES.	For	vention of Sears.	Ye	reation of Scars.	Forestion of Sc	cars.	Ferenties of Scars.	1	12	
	Table and the best bear his bear formed by the bear held	Find out into the control of the con	The first from the control of the co	I have four the state of the st	the state of the s	card test man from head Los man he forested Free mean For seconds 100 from test he from the head Free from burnings	The control of the co	See the buffcosted Price and Price and Total Vaccinated Co Class Av. Class Av. Class Av.	Total Administra. Total Death	Total Admissions. Total Death.
Under 1 year										2 1
From 1 to 2 years										1
. 2 . 3										
. 3 . 4										3
. 4 . 5										2
. 5 . 6										2
, 6 , 7 ,,										. 1
, 7 , 8 ,,									1	. 1 1
,, 8 ,, 9 ,,						+				3 1
, 9 , 10 ,,										2 1
	1							market I make	7	3
H H H										1
44 22 10 20 11										
M. Commission of the commissio										2
11 11 11	2							9		1
	2 4 3								1	2 80
M. Contraction of	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	والمرابخ والمرابخ والمرابخ والمرابخ	9					10		
		 								
, 30 , 35 , , 35 , 40 ,	1 1	والمراز والمراز والمرازي والمرازي				3		7	2	1
. 40 . 50						1		3	1	
, 50 , 60 ,				1		1		3	1	
" 80 years and upwards										
TOTAL	. 4 10 7 3 4 3	1 1 1 1	2 2	1 2 1 1		1 4			7	36 3

This table includes eases which were recreased are re-varietated after having been inferted with Smallpex.

In this column are included eases which were recreased as the basing no visible evidence of the operation, and also cases in which no nationand was made, but the nature of the eruption, or other exams, prevented any observation of the marks, if any existed.

Contact Part Part					11/2-			CAS	ES WITH	VACCINA	TION CIC.	ATRIX OR	CICATRI	CES PRE	SENT.									Cases in which there was " No	in which
AGE Part P		-										RICES.										200	Maria I	eridence '	tion
AGE					ch total area.	Class A* = e	ne-third, but	less than one	half square	nch total area	Class	A's = less than	one-third se	quare inch sot	tal area.		Class A	= Areas not	recorded.			Vaccina	amongst and Cuses.	Cleatrices.	WEST
AGES.			Number of Sc	ers.			N	umber of Se	TAPE.			N	umber of Sc	ars.				umber of Sca	EP.		12			Noe Note*	"alecot."
Free	AGES	Four or Three,	Two.	One.	Not recorded.	Four or more.	Three.	Two.	One.	Not recorded.	Four or more.	Three.	Two.	One.	Not recorded.	Four or more.	Three.	Two.	One.	Not recorded.	Admitte				
From 1 to 2 years	100000	Fe	oveation of Sc	NTS.			Fo	vestion of S	cars.		1	Fo	restion of Se	cars.			Fe	weation of Sci	578.		1 8		7		
Tron 1 to 2 years		Helt set rose than helt formation. Less than helt bereated. Fight some. Set recorded. Set recorded. Less than helt bereated. Then than helt bereated. Then than helt bereated. Then than helt bereated. Set securities.	Half had soon than half for our than half ferential. This stare. Not received.	Half and most bine half forwards forwards half forwards Pain wave.	Less that Joseph San Tally Several Law that Several Parts seen.	Wall and more than half forwards Test than half fermind. Thats some	Half and may that half hereafted. Loss that half hereafted. Plain sears. Not received.	Their and many than half formation. Less than half becoming. Their pener.	The the half breath	Hell and more than hell forested. Less than helf forested. Fruits sears. Set received.	Diff and Lond State Sail Smalled Lond Sail Secreted This seen, 324 resemble	Half and more than half for each Less than both for each Phile sears. Not second in.	Hof and more than hell forwards. Less than helf forwards. Thate sees. Not recorded.	Bell and men that half ferrated. Less then half ferrated. This man. Set penetick.	Half and some than half Sometical Lease than half freezond. Print some. Not recorded.	Half and reces than half forwards. Leve than half investral. Finite sees.	That south the state of the sta	Head and more than half for which Loss than half tomated. Finite source. Not presented.	that and must than half becaused. You has half denoted. Their same.	The Tank Look This half Looked. Look that half pressing. Plate man.	Total Vaccinated C	Class A), Class A), Class A),	Class A*. Total Deaths among Vaccinated Cases	Total Administra. Total Deaths.	Total Administra Total Deaths
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APPENDIX I.—INFECTIOUS DISEASES. SMALLPDX STATISTICS, 1896.

SMALLPDX STATISTICS—TABLE IIc. (continuet)—Showing the condition as regards Vaccination of Patients admitted during 1896 (MALES AND FEMALES COMBINED.)

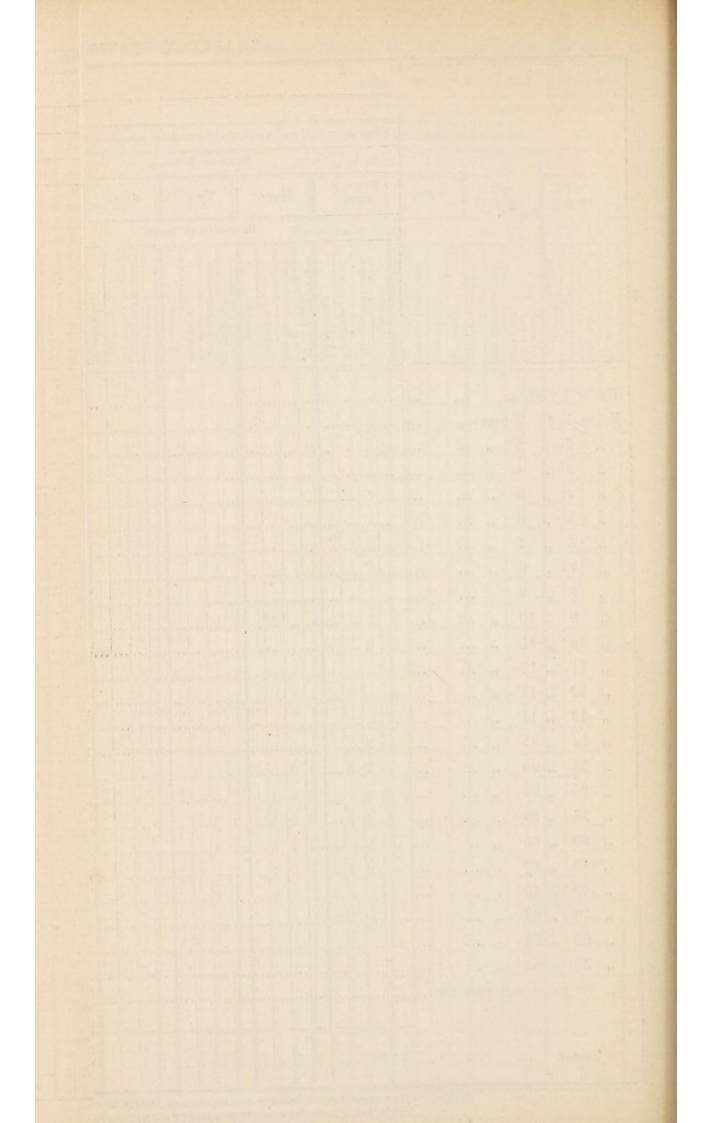
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N.B.—(1) The small figures indicate the number of Deaths in each end-division of the Chaose.

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*In this column as included cases which were succinated or ex-succinated of the surface of the operation, and also cases in which no statement was made, but the nature of the cruption, or other cause, prevented any observation of the marks, if any existed.

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APPENDIX II.-IMBECILITY.

REPORTS OF THE MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENTS OF THE SEVERAL ASYLUMS AND OF THE SCHOOLS FOR THE YEAR 1896.

(For Statistics, see pp. 115 to 142.)

[N.B.—Those portions of the reports relating to alterations to buildings and other matters of no general interest, have been omitted.]

No. I.

LEAVESDEN ASYLUM.

NEAR WATFORD, HERTS, January, 1897.

Statistics. The short table immediately below will show the numerical changes that have taken place during the year. The remainder will be drawn up in the manner suggested by the Statistical Committee, in order that the reports of the various medical superintendents may be in uniformity:—

		Males.	Females.	Total.
On January 1st, 1896, the asylum contained	 	897	1,094	1,991
Admitted during the year	 	139	102	241
Total under treatment during the year	 	1,036	1,196	2,232
Discharged during the year	 	35	12	47
Died during the year	 	107	88	195
Remaining in the asylum on December 31st, 1896	 	894	1,096	1,990

Admissions. These have been for the most part the usual type sent here for treatment, helpless, aged, and decrepit; but very few are now found amongst them who can be induced to usefully employ themselves or, indeed, are

capable of so doing, and those few are as a rule epileptics who naturally require to be under close supervision, with constant medical aid.

Sixty-three of the admissions have been transferred to us from the county asylums, 59 males and four females, thus:—

			Males.	Females.
From	Colney Ha	teh	 18	_
,,	Hanwell		 6	
,,	Claybury		 35	4

Such transfers are, of course, chronic and harmless not often found useful workers, and sometimes liable to outbreaks of excitement which necessitate their being re-transferred.

The probable causes of insanity of those admitted during the year are shown in an additional table. It will be observed that a large number are under the heading "unknown"; this is the information given on the admission certificates.

Three males and two females have been re-admitted during the year.

Of the males, one was discharged in 1891, the second in 1894 as recovered; the former is an epileptic, has had no fit since his return in March last, and has so much again improved in general health that we hope soon to give him another chance of obtaining his livelihood. The latter is a case of a recurrent nature; was formerly at Hanwell Asylum, and twice here previously—an engraver and good workman when well. The third was discharged to Colney Hatch in 1893 as epileptic and suicidal; since his re-admission in November last he has been cheerful and worked well.

Of the females, one was discharged to care of friends at the request of the guardians of her parish; the other in 1893 as recovered, and though well looked after by philanthropic friends, drifted back and appears satisfied with her surroundings.

Discharges. Eight males have been discharged as recovered, showing a percentage of 5.8 on the admissions.

Five males and three females as improved to care of friends.

Two males as not insane, the visiting magistrates having refused to certify them as fit cases for detention.

Also as not improved, being fit cases for treatment at county asylums, 17 males and nine females:—

		Males.	Females.
To Colney Hatch	 	11	4
" Hanwell	 	6	1
" Claybury	 	-	4

Other two males still under treatment were removed by the parochial authorities to their places of settlement.

The death rate, 9.8 per cent., calculated on the average number resident, is the lowest since 1888. The causes are set forth in Table VII.

Two inquests were held during the year. The first was on the body of M. B., female, et. 74, admitted from Claybury Asylum in July, 1894, to one of the infirmary wards.

* * * The jury returned a verdict of death from natural causes. The relatives expressed themselves satisfied that death had been from natural causes.

The second was on the body of W. N., 63, male, admitted from St. Marylebone, September 24th, 1879, who fell, during a fit, into a bath containing hot water on December 21st, having been left in the bathroom by an attendant, with the key of the taps also left on one of them. The patient, a feeble dement, was much scalded, and succumbed to the injuries on December 25th. On December 29th the inquest was held, when the jury gave the following verdict:—

"That, on the 25th day of December, at the parish of Watford, in the county of Hertford, the said W. N. died from shock caused by scalds received through accidentally falling into a bath of hot water on the 21st day of December, 1896, at the same time being probably in an epileptic fit, and it is the opinion of the jury that patients whilst being bathed should have more attendance, and not be left in the custody of a fellow patient without an efficient attendant, and that the said deceased at the time of his death was a male patient of the age of 63, and a patient inmate of the Leavesden Asylum."

Staff. No changes have taken place in the principal appointments.

The average number of patients resident in the asylum during the year has been 893 males and 1,097 females.

A. Medical staff, three. B. Nursing staff, including head attendants,	Males.	Females.
inspector, and assistant matron c. Other staff, including all remaining sub-	44	62
ordinates	88	22
	127	84
	-	-

(Signed) H. CASE,

Medical Superintendent.

No. 2.

CATERHAM ASYLUM.

Caterham, Surrey, December 31st, 1896.

The numerical results of the past year may be learned from the subjoined table:-

	933	Males.	Females.	Total.
On January 1st, 1896, the asylum contained		933	1,072	2,005
Admitted during the year		85	59	144
Total under treatment during the year		1,018	1,131	2,149
Discharged during the year		20	15	35
Died during the year		73	43	116
Remaining in the asylum on December 31st, 1896		925	1,073	1,998

The number admitted during 1896 was 144, or 17 less than in the Admissions. preceding year. The admissions were of the usual demented, paralysed, and imbecile type, and I cannot report any improvement in the bodily condition of the new arrivals, a large proportion being cases requiring infirmary care and treatment, and very few indeed were capable of being usefully occupied in any way whatever. Nearly a third of the total number were between 60 and 81 years of age.

Deaths. The mortality during the year has been the lowest since the opening of the asylum in 1870.

The percentage on the average number resident being 5.7. There was a proportionately larger number of male deaths, but this is in a measure accounted for by the fact that 33 of the male decedents were between 60 and 90 years of age, as against 21 of the females. Nineteen of the male deaths were recorded also as due to exhaustion of senile decay, whilst only seven females succumbed to this cause. I should add that there is almost invariably a preponderance of male deaths in the death rates of asylums for the insane.

Nine patients were discharged as recovered, and eight as improved, Discharges. most of these cases having sufficiently improved mentally to leave the asylum to reside with their relatives. Seventeen were discharged as not improved, either for transfer to a county asylum or on adjudication to another parish outside the metropolitan area, and one man as having exhibited no evidence of insanity since his admission here.

The average daily number resident in the year was 2,003, and the highest number resident on any one day 2,010, the lowest number 1,996.

Seven males and seven females of the unimproved were transferred to the

London County Asylum, Cane Hill, as dangerous or suicidal patients, and therefore unfit for further detention here. Nine male and four female patients were transferred to this asylum from Cane Hill Asylum, and one male from Leavesden Asylum.

Causation. A new table has been compiled for the past year giving some statistics as to the alleged causation of the insanity in the newly-admitted cases. The causes, when given on the formal certificates of admission, and it is most exceptional for any to be stated, are often very misleading and untrustworthy. I have, therefore, always adopted the system of interviewing the relatives on the occasion of their first visit to the patient, and endeavouring to obtain some definite history of the case.

It is, even then, most difficult to ascertain the real origin of the malady, as their somewhat natural desire to keep the "family skeleton in the cupboard" prompts them to withhold valuable information, and to allege some trifling and often imaginary exciting reason, instead of the real and all-important predisposing cause of the mental disorder.

These remarks refer more especially to alcoholic intemperance and hereditary predisposition, which upwards of 25 years' experience in the care of the insane in county asylums and this institution has tended to confirm my opinion as being the most frequent and potent agents in the causation of insanity. I am, of course, referring to alcoholism in its evil effects indirectly, having regard to the production of the idiot and congenitally feeble-minded, as well as to its direct effects on the chronic drunkard. I would finally add that the table I have referred to must, for the reasons stated, be regarded as merely an approximation of the various causes.

An inquest was held on the body of a female patient, aged 70, * * * and the following verdict was returned:—" Death due to misadventure; the deceased dying from exhaustion following choking, and that no blame was attached to the officials."

Staff. The average daily number of staff employed during the year was as follows:-

A. Medical staff ...

Medical Superintendent.

Two Assistant Medical Officers.

B. Nursing staff ... 106.C. Other staff 101.

General Remarks.

The decision arrived at by the Asylums Board in March last to grant the attendants and servants in their employ the option of receiving a money allowance in lieu of their ration of beer has been much appreciated by them, and, with one exception, unanimously accepted. The Committee will remember that I had advocated this step being adopted for several years past, and it affords me much satisfaction to find how undoubtedly beneficial it has proved after having been some months in operation.

G. STANLEY ELLIOT,

Medical Superintendent.

No. 3.

DARENTH ADULT ASYLUM.

NEAR DARTFORD, KENT, January 1st, 1897.

Statistics.

		in	Males.	Females.	Total.
On January 1st, 1896, the asylum contained	 		447	598	1,045
Admitted during the year	 		27	29	56
Total under treatment during the year			474	627	1,101
Discharged during the year	 		11	9	20
Died during the year			16	35	51
Remaining in the asylum December 31st, 1896		3400	447	583	1,030

Admissions. The admissions have numbered 27 males and 29 females, and have been transfers from the school asylum of patients over 16 years of age, as during the last four and a half years we have ceased to admit direct from the parishes and unions. They were all incapable of taking care of themselves, and required supervision. Table IV., p. 119, shows their mental condition.

The deaths numbered 51, i.e., 16 males and 35 females, the death rate being lower this year than for some time, i.e., 3.6 for males and 5.9 for females—total, 4.9 per cent. This is to be attributed to receiving for the last few years, in a more healthy condition, patients from the schools, than those we formerly received direct from the parishes. They also were younger on admission.

Table VII., p. 125, shows the causes of death, which were all due to natural causes.

The discharges have numbered 20 patients, i.e., six males and five females, improved, and discharged either to their friends or their parishes; and nine were discharged as not improved, i.e., five men and four women, as being dangerous to themselves or others, and were sent for transfer to county asylums. I would like here to observe that it would be more satisfactory if we could exercise the same privilege that discharged patients have allowed them in county asylums, i.e., "discharge on trial." The asylum in this case gives them for one month after discharge an allowance to enable them to make a start and keep themselves during that time. Should they break down before the end of the month, the parish returns them again to the asylum without fresh certificates. Often a patient appears to have so much improved that one would not refuse him or her a trial out for a month, but hesitates to let them go when the first strain of obtaining a livelihood is often the hardest, and they have often nothing to fall back upon for their support till work is found.

There have been no inquests during the year. Twenty-four autopsies were made, showing that in each case the death was due to natural causes.

Staff. The changes in the principal staff have been very few—one deputy female head attendant being appointed in November to specially superintend the bathing of patients on the female side.

The average daily number of patients was 448 males, 592 females; total, 1,040.

			•	
Medical staff		 		 2
Female nursing	staff	 		 43
Male nursing s	taff	 		 36
Other staff		 		 97
	Total	 		 178

Included in the 97 other staff are 68 who assist in the clerk's office, stores, shops, grounds, farm, gasworks, bakehouse, stables, engine rooms and machines, entrance gate, &c., but many of these are employed also for the schools.

(Signed) T. B. DYER,

Medical Superintendent.

ASYLUM STATISTICS .- TABLE I .- Showing

	LEAVESDEN ASYLUM.								
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.			
In the Asylums, January 1st, 1896				897	1,094	1,991			
Admitted for the first time during the year, direct from the several Parishes and Unions	136 3 	100 2	286 5 			 241			
Total under care during the year				1,036	1,196	2,232			
Discharged— Not insane Recovered Improved Not improved To other Asylums of Board Died	2 8 5 19 1 107	 3 9 88	2 8 8 28 1 195						
Total discharged (for various reasons) and died during the year	,			142	100	242			
Remaining in the Asylums, December 31st, 1896				894	1,096	1,990			
Average numbers resident during the year				893 897 881	1,097 1,100 1,095	1,990 1,997 1,976			

TABLE II. - Showing the Admissions, Re-admissions, and Discharges from [N.B.-The following are the dates of the opening of the several Asylums:-

				LEAVESDEN ASYLUM.									
			(Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	
Admitted during the period several Parishes and U Re-admissions Admitted from other Asylu	nions			direct 	from	the	3,818 50 182	3,741 19 282	7,559 69 414				
Total of cases admitted	•••									4,050	3,992	8,042	
Discharged—Not certified Not insane Recovered Improved Not improved To other Asylums of Died	 Board						 6 214 208 272 46 2,410	 5 118 152 262 34 2,325	 11 332 360 534 80 4,735				
Total discharged and died of	luring	the 26	6 ₈₈₅ ye	ars						3,156	2,896	6,052	
Remaining December 31st,	1896									894	1,096	1,990	
Average numbers resident	luring	the 2	6 ₈₃ ye	ars						833	1,046	1,879	

N.B.—From April 16th, 1873, to November, 1876, the North-Western Hospital (Hampstead) was used as an Asylum for the other Asylums of the Board. 222 patients (91 male and 131 female) died and the the Admissions, Re-aumissions, Discharges, and Deaths during the Year 1896.

2	CATE	RHAI	M AS	YLUN	1.		DARI	ENTH	ASY	LUM		5	50:	MIN	IA	RI	r.
Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
			933	1,072	2,005				447	598	1,045				2,277	2,764	5,041
83	59	142	 85	 59	 .144 2,149	 27	29	56	 27	 29	 56	219 4 28	159 2 29	378 6 57	 251	190	441
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			93	58	151				27	44	71				262	202	464
			925	1,073	1,998				447	583	1,030				2,266	2,752	5,018
::		:::	935	1,074 1,075 1,074	2,010				448 449 447	599	1,040 1,048 1,027				2,281	2,763 2,774 2,749	5,055

the Opening of the First Asylum to the present date, December 31st, 1896.

Leavesden, October 9th, 1870; Caterham, September 29th, 1870; and Darenth, May 4th, 1880.]

	CATE	RHA	M AS	YLUI	VI.		DAR	ENTI	I AS	LUM	t.		su	DALL	MA	R	z.
Mules.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
970 32 129		7,546 62 338				775 2 459	1,222 9 416	11				8,563 84 770	8,539 58 852	142			
			4,131	3,810	7,941	8		22		1,647					9,417	9,449	18,86
5 241 268	176 162	417 430				30 118	21 122	51 240				8 11 485 594	14 7 315 436	22 18 800 1,030			
96 87 09	170 48 2,179	366 135 4,588				88 73 472	112 82 713	200 155				556 206 5,291	544 164	1,100			
			3,206	2,737	5,948				789	1,064	1,853					6,697	
				1,073					447	583	1,030				2,266	2,752	5,01
			843	1,061	1,904				331	481	812				2,007	2,588	4,59

Imbeciles, and during that period 1,201 patients were admitted direct from the several Parishes and Unions, as well as some from remainder were discharged or transferred to the Asylums at Leavesden and Caterham.

ASYLUM STATISTICS.—TABLE III.—Showing the Admissions, Discharges, and Admissions for the year 1887,

		-				Admissions for the year 1887, DISCHARGED.											001,
THAT	TO S	AD	MITT	ED.		1184				D	ISCI	IAR	GED				
YEAR.	PAR	OM ISHES ND ONS.	Asy	ROM HER LUMS OF ARD.	missions.	REG	COVE	RED.	Ім	PROV	ED,	Ім	Not		As	O OT	IS OF
	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Total Admissions.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
LEAVESDEN ASYLUM.							200										
1887 1888 1889 1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895	82 73 142 163 179 185 160 154 126 139	92 83 122 157 150 152 95 112 127 102			174 156 264 320 329 337 255 266 253 241	2 5 3 12 13 17 13 12 6 8	1 4 4 9 8 7 5 4 1	3 9 7 21 21 24 18 16 7 8	6 4 10 7 14 7 10 9 4 5	2 1 5 7 12 4 4 3	8 5 15 14 26 11 10 13 8 8	7 5 5 7 13 10 19 10 ‡21	4 5 11 6 †9 14 7 7 7 9	11 10 16 11 16 27 17 26 17 30		 	
CATERHAM ASYLUM.				1664		- 11/1											
1887 1888 1889 1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895	83 92 121 104 103 86 102 85	91 81 79 123 108 115 76 113 76 59			196 164 171 244 212 218 162 215 161 144	8 6 13 5 3 5 2 6 7 6	5 6 4 2 4 2 2 4 1 3	13 12 17 7 7 7 4 10 8 9	9 4 1 4 2 5 4 4 5 3	6 1 2 3 5 3 5 3 5 3 5	15 5 3 7 7 8 9 7 6 8	3 8 6 5 5 6 11 6 13 *11	5 7 7 6 7 8 10 5 3 7	8 15 13 11 12 14 21 11 16 18			
DARENTH ASYLUM.				8		pation	Mary										
1887 1888 1889 1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896	41 49 128 74 59 24 	39 70 113 86 92 20 23 66 20 	12 124 26 11 45 38 25 27	69 46 9 31 44 13 45 29	161 289 276 160 151 86 112 117 90 56	 7 1	 12 2 	 +19 †2 †1 	19 18 26 3 4 3 2 6	20 14 10 23 8 2 2 4 5	39 32 36 26 12 5 2 2 4 11	4 2 8 11 8 10 9 4 2 5	7 6 6 8 4 4 3 1 18 4	11 8 14 19 12 14 12 5 20 9	21 52 	42 	61 94
SUMMARY.		1000															
1887 1888 1889 1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895	228 205 362 358 342 312 246 256 211 223	222 234 314 366 350 287 194 291 223 161	12 124 26 11 45 38 25 28	69 46 9 31 44 13 45 29	531 609 711 724 692 641 529 598 504 441	10 11 16 17 23 22 15 19 13 14	6 10 8 11 24 9 9 8 2 3	16 21 24 28 47 31 24 27 15	34 26 37 14 20 15 14 15 9	28 16 17 33 25 9 7 7 9 13	62 42 54 47 45 24 21 22 18 27	14 15 19 21 20 29 29 29 25 87	16 18 24 20 20 26 20 13 28 20	30 33 43 41 40 55 49 42 53 57	21 52 1	40 42 1	61 94

* 1 Not insane,

‡ 2 Not insane.

† Not certified.

Deaths, with the mean Annual Mortality and proportion of Recoveries per cent. of the and for each subsequent year.

1199	DIED.	SUB	Re Dece	emainin ember 3	g	Numb	Average ers Resi	ident.	Re	rcentage coveries dmission	on	Percentage of Dear on Average Numbe Resident.		umbers
Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male,	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
52 76 124 181 114 131 117 118 103 107	93 76 109 124 132 111 85 97 116 88	145 152 233 305 246 242 202 215 219 195	900 883 883 841 872 889 899 895 897 894	1,092 1,089 1,082 1,093 1,082 1,098 1,096 1,096	1,992 1,972 1,965 1,934 1,954 1,995 1,991 1,991 1,990	895 890 887 853 851 857 894 894 895	1,092 1,090 1,085 1,081 1,089 1,068 1,097 1,095 1,096 1,097	1,987 1,980 1,972 1,934 1,940 1,925 1,991 1,989 1,991 1,990	2·4 6·8 2·1 7·3 7·2 9·2 8·1 7·7 4·7 5·8	1·1 4·8 3·2 5·7 5·3 4·6 5·3 3·5 0·8	1·7 5·7 2·6 6·5 6·3 7·1 7·0 6·0 2·8 5 8	5·8 8·5 13·9 21·2 13·4 15·3 13·1 13·0 11·5 12·0	8·5 7·0 10·0 11·4 12·1 10·4 7·7 8·9 10·5 8·0	7:3 7:7 11:8 15:7 12:7 12:6 10:1 10:1 11:0 9:8
75 78 83 107 76 83 72 94 57 73	74 85 72 100 86 95 66 91 73 43	149 163 155 207 162 178 138 138 130 116	943 930 919 919 937 941 938 930 933 925	1,070 1,052 1,046 1,058 1,064 1,071 1,064 1,074 1,072 1,073	2,013 1,982 1,965 1,977 2,001 2,012 2,002 2,004 2,005 1,998	928 936 930 918 922 919 940 931 932 929	1,072 1,068 1,048 1,062 1,060 1,045 1,070 1,071 1,070 1,074	2,000 2,004 1,978 1,980 1,982 1,964 2,010 2,002 2,002 2,003	7.6 7.2 14.1 4.1 2.8 3.8 2.3 5.8 8.2 7.1	5·4 7·4 5·0 0·8 3·7 1·7 2·6 3·5 1·3 5·0	6·6 7·3 9·9 2·4 3·3 2·7 2·4 4·6 4·9 6·2	8·0 8·3 8·9 11·6 8·2 9·0 7·6 10·0 6·1 7·8	6:9 7:9 6:8 9:4 8:1 9:0 6:1 8:5 6:8 4:0	7·4 8·1 7·8 10·4 8·1 9·0 6·8 9·2 6·4 5·7
25 31 54 51 35 32 28 28 28 23 16	34 40 53 62 39 43 67 54 44 35	59 71 107 113 74 75 95 82 67 51	317 418 484 441 446 436 444 447 447	531 547 600 551 580 582 575 599 598 583	848 965 1,084 992 1,026 1,018 1,019 1,046 1,045 1,030	307 330 467 449 443 446 445 446 448 448	483 530 588 563 553 580 574 578 590 592	790 860 1,055 1,012 996 1,026 1,019 1,024 1,038 1,040				8·1 9·3 11·5 11·3 7·9 7·1 6·3 6·3 5·1 3·6	7·0 7·5 9·0 11·0 7·0 7·4 11·7 9·3 7·4 5·9	7·4 8·2 10·1 11·1 7·4 7·3 9·4 8·0 6·4 4 9
.52 85 961 939 925 346 917 140 83 96	201 201 234 286 257 249 218 242 233 166	353 386 495 625 482 495 435 482 416 362	2,160 2,231 2,286 2,201 2,255 2,266 2,281 2,272 2,277 2,266	2,693 2,688 2,728 2,702 2,726 2,751 2,735 2,769 2,764 2,752	4,853 4,919 5,014 4,903 4,981 5,017 5,016 5,041 5,041 5,018	2,130 2,156 2,284 2,220 2,216 2,222 2,279 2,271 2,275 2,270	2,647 2,688 2,721 2,76 2,70; 2,693 2,741 2,744 2,756 2,763	4,777 4,844 5,005 4,926 4,918 4,915 5,020 5,015 5,031 5,033	4·1 3·3 4·1 4·7 4·4 6·8 5·2 6·5 5·5 5·5	2·0 3·5 2·5 3·0 3·4 2·8 3·8 2·6 0·74 1·5	3.0 3.4 3.5 3.8 3.9 4.8 4.5 4.5 3.0 3.8	7·1 8·5 11·4 15·2 10·1 11·0 9·5 10·6 8·0 8·6	7.6 7.4 8.5 10.5 9.5 9.2 7.9 8.8 8.4 6.0	7·3 7·9 9·8 12·7 9·8 10·0 8·7 9·6 8·3 7·1

ASYLUM STATISTICS.—TABLE IV.—Classifying, under the usual denominations of Menta Disease, the Mental Condition of the Patients admitted during the year 1896.

Disease, th	LE	AVESI	DEN	CA	TERH	AM	l D	AREN	тн	T	MMA	RY.
MENTAL DISEASES.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males,	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Mania								***				
Mania, Chronic	10		10	1	8	9				11	8	19
Mania and Epilepsy					1	1					1	1
Melancholia	,		1	5	2	7				6	2	8
General Paresis	5	2	7	3	1	4				8	3	11
Dementia	50	27	77	28	15	43				78	42	120
Dementia and Paralysis	2		2	1		1				3		3
Dementia and Epilepsy	11	13	24	4	1	5				15	14	29
Senile Dementia	10	16	26	13	8	21				23	24	47
Idiocy	8	11	19	2	3	5	14		14	24	14	38
Imbecility	14	13	27	23	13	36	9	17	26	46	43	89
Imbecility and Epilepsy	7	8	15	5	7	12	3	8	11	15	23	38
Of Weak Mind	3	10	13		***		1	2	3	4	12	16
Mental Stupor	1 .		1	***						1		1
Alcoholic Derangement	4		4							4		4
Idiocy and Epilepsy	6	2	8					2	2	6	4	10
Delusional Insanity	1		1							1		1
Epilepsy	6		6							6		6
Totals	139	102	241	85	59	144	27	29	56	251	190	441

LUNACY STATISTICS.—TABLE V.—Classifying, under the usual denominations of Mental Disease, the Mental Condition of the Patients resident in the Asylum on December 31st. 1896.

Disease, the Mental	Condit	ion of	the Pa	tients:	residen	t in the	Asylu	m on	Decemi	ber 31s	t, 1896	. entai
	1	ASYL	SDEN UM.	C	ATERI	HAM JM.	1	DARE	NTH UM.	S	UMM	ARY.
MENTAL DISEASES	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females,	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Mania	20		20		7	7	1			20		
Mania, Chronic	75	75	150	7	78	85	10	37	47	92	190	27
Mania and Epilepsy	3	8	11	3	15	18	1	2	3	7	25	282
Melancholia	14	51	65	50	47	97		2	2	64	100	32
General Paresis	5	4	9	7		7		1	1	12		164
Dementia	189	230	419	340	350	690	37	85	122	566	5	17
Dementia and Paralysis	12	56	68	30	19	49	7	15	22		665	1,231
Dementia and Epilepsy	63	140	203	154	214	368	32	37	69	49	90	139
Senile Dementia	70	83	153	8	17	25	10	39	49	249	391	630
Idiocy	47	73	120	28	24	47	44	52	96	88	139	227
Imbecility	268	162	430	282	270	552	190	191	381	114	149	263
Imbecility and Epilepsy	80	145	225	21	32	53	83	82	165	740	623	1,363
Of Weak Mind	25	37	62				28	29	52	184	259	443
Mental Stupor	6	19	25					1501		48	66	114
Alcoholic Derangement	9	2	11						,	6	19	25
Idiocy and Epilepsy	6	2	8				10	11		9	2	11
Delusional Insanity	2	9	11						21	16	13	29
										2	9	
Totals 8	394 1	,096	1,990	925	1,073	1,998	447	583	1,030	2,266	2,752	5,018

ASYLUM STATISTICS .- TABLE VI .- Showing the probable

									L	EAV	ESDI	EN	ASY	LUM		
	PROBA	BLE	CAUSE	č.					As lisposi ause.	ng		As xciting cause.	g	7	TOTAL.	
								Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	
IORAL.																
Domestic trouble	s (inclu	ding l	oss of	relatio	ns and	friend	s) (s	1	4	5		***		1	4	
Adverse circums	tances	(incl														-
pecuniary diff									1	1					1	ı
Mental anxiety, v		ot in	cluded	l in abo	we), an	dover	work	1		1				1		1
Religious exciten			,											***		1
Fright and nervo	us shoel	K														
								10.8	-		OT !					
HYSICAL.								ci	11							
Intemperance in		*******						3	5	8				3	5	
	ual															
Excessive smokin								1		1				1		-
Self-abuse (sexua	ıl)							3		3				3		١
Sunstroke		***						2		2				2		-
Accident or injur		****						5	2	7				5	2	
Pregnancy of mo														***	***	1
Parturition and t	he puer	peral	state													
Lactation									1	1					1	
Change of life					***											1
Fevers						***										
Privation and sta		•••	***	•••		***			1	1					1	
Old age	•••					***	•••	-6-	14	20				6	14	-
Lead poisoning				***		***										1
Venereal disease		***	•••						1	1					1	
Other bodily disc		•••				***		1	3	4				1	3	
Previous attacks							***	1	11	12	•••			1	11	
Hereditary influe			ed					2	3	5				5	3	
Congenital effect	4	ined	•••				•••		19	19			•••		19	
Epilepsy		***	***			***		22	13	35				22	13	
Unknown	•••		***	***	***	.,,		86	24	110	***			86	24	17
Constitutional			•••			***	***	5		5				5		

The total of causations does not correspond with the number of admissions in Table I., as so-

causes of Insanity in the Patients admitted during the Year 1896.

	С	AT	ERI	IAI	M A	SY	LUN	и.		:	DAF	EN	TH	AS	YL	UM		1		:	su	м	MA	RY.		
	aus	osing		ing se.	7	Тот	AL."	pre	As edisp caus	osing		As xeiti cause	ng		Тот	AL.	pre	As edisp caus	osing		As exciti caus	ing	I	To	TAL.	
Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	
			1	1	2	1	1	2										1	4	5	-1	1	2	2	5	
	3	3	3	5	8	3	8	11										1			he		1000	10		
				1	1		1	1				2		2	2		2	, ,	4	1	3					1
																					2		3	3	1	1
												1		1	1		1				1		1	1		
																								1		
			11	4	15	11	4	15				1	4	5	1	4	5	3	5	8	12	8	20	15	13	
			1		1	1		1													1		1	1		
																		1		1				1		
			1		1	1		1										3		3	1		1	4		
-																		2		2				2		
	3	3					3	3										5	5	10				5	5	1
												2	2	4	2	2	4				2	2	4	2	2	
-										1	1					1	1		1	1					1	
1	***					•••	***												1	1					1	
								"			- 10	- 1														
											- 11			21					29.		1	263				
1	8		19		13	19					***					+	1		-		100	100	1	1	1	
1										- 1	•••										12	1	13	18	23	4
						1																	***	-	-	
	3	3			2					31	6						6					200	1		15	
7	13	20				7	13	20																	Carolin Contract	1
1	2	13				11	2				13						13	200	400	2.5				100	200	3
0	18	38				20	18	38			- 11				1			200								5
	2	2	9	10	19	9	12	21										200	0.00						1000	5
						14	33															100	861	200		
																									100	
																1				1						

of the cases appear in both the columns relating to "Predisposing cause" and "Exciting cause."

APPENDIX II .- IMBECILITY.

ASYLUM STATISTICS.—TABLE VII.—Showing the causes of calculated from the ages stated

vgammur 1	1 20	(ATTY	7 1				500		J		L		ESDI	
			1	16	1	17	Ι,	8		19	-		30 t	
				10							201		50 0	
CAUSES OF DEATH.			Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
CEREBRAL OR SPINAL DISEASES—														
Dementia and Gradual Exhaustic	200				-									
Meningitis, Tubercular Brain Wasting											1 1			
Epileptic Exhaustion					1						1	1	1	
General Paresis							1							
Imbecility and Exhaustion General Paralysis													3	
THORACIC DISEASES-														
Morbus Cordis Pulmonary Tuberculosis											1 10	4	1 2	1
Chronic Bronchitis Morbus Cordis with Chronic Nep														
Pneumonia	nritis										3		3	::
ABDOMINAL DISEASES-														
Malignant Disease (Stomach)														
Malignant Disease (Vagina) Diseases of Liver Diseases of Kidney and Urinary						:::								
Periproctitis and Suppurative Ne	System phritis								:::					::
Typhilitis		::.												
Diarrhœa														
General Diseases—	*													
G				-	-		1	1			4	2	3	
Senile Decay														
Necrosis and Exhaustion Shock from Scald														
Struma Epithelioma of Face							:::	:::						
		6												
Totals					1		1	1			21	7	14	6
				Branch .		Daniel			Name of	Carried Street			War I have	

Death during the year 1896, together with the Ages of the Decedents. on the Orders of Admission.

T	AS	YL	UM.	0		22 (677)													
4	10 t	o 49	50	to 59	60	to 69	70	to 79	80	to 89	90	to 99	Ag	ge 104.	Unl	Ages	T	Тота	L.
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
	1	 1 	3 4 1 1 2	 1 1 	4 3 2 1 1	 2 2 	11 2	 5 1 	4						1		24 1 10 5 1 3 5	8 5 1 1	24 1 18 10 2 1 3 5
1	1 5	1 5 1	3 1	5 2 1 	3	7 1 1	3	4 1 1								1	12 18 6	19 16 2 2 1	31 84 2 2 7
		······································	··· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ··	 2 1 1		1 1 1 4	··· ii	1 1 1 1 				::					2 2 2 	1 2 3 1 1 1 2 6	3 2 3 3 1 1 4 6
		2	 1	2	 1 	· 1 1		2		1 3 		~; 					14 i i	8 6 1 1 	22 6 1 1 1 1
15	,	11	17	16	16	22	17	19	4	4		. 1			1	1	107	88	195

APPENDIX II.-IMBEGILITY.

ASYLUM STATISTICS.—TABLE VII. (continued)—Showing the causes of from the ages stated on

									Marine Marine		(CATI	ERH	AM
Carried To 1985 on	1 1	PER S		16	1	7	1	8	1119	19	20 t	o 29	30 t	ю 3
CAUSES OF DEAT	н.		Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
erebral or Spinal Diseases-														
General Paresis Exhaustion of Dementia									 ï		 2 	 i 	 1 1 1 	
Bronchitis		:									 1 		 	
Hepatic Disease Disease of Kidney and Urinary Cystitis	Systen	:											2	
Tabes Mesenterica General Diseases— Peirrhus of Breast General Tuberculosis Exhaustion following Choking.														
Canilla Dassa														
Totals				-					1		4	1	6	-

Death during the year 1896, together with the Ages of the Decedents calculated the Orders of Admission.

T	0-100	YLU		7		28810			-		- Personal								
4	10 to	0 49	50	to 5	9 60	to 6	9 70	to 79	80	to 89	90	to 99	A	ge 104.	Un	Ages known.	1	Тота	L.
-	Males,	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	TOTAL.
	4		1 1 	 1 3	1 2	3		i		2							4 5 6 9 1	8 1 3 7 	12 6 9 16 1
	1		1 1 3	1 1 1	5 2 1 2	3 1	 1	3		1							6 5 2 7	10 1 3	16 5 3 10
				 1 	 1 1 1 1 												2 1 1 1 1	 1 	2 1 1 2 1 1
	:				~; 		 15	1 4	3	2	 I	 "1					 1 19	1 1 7	1 1 26
7			7	8	28	12	16	11	3	5	1	1					73	43	116

APPENDIX II.—IMBECILITY.

ASYLUM STATISTICS.—TABLE VII. (continued)—Showing the calculated from the ages stated

									ecolities.					DAR	ENT	H
					10	5	1	7	1	8	1	9	20 to	29	30 to	3
CAUSES	S OF 1	DEAT	гн.		Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.
EREBRAL OR SPIN	al Dis	EASES	<u>, </u>													
Apoplexy Epilepsy Paralysis with De Meningitis General Paralysis	 ementis			 				 1					2	3	 1 	
General Paralysis	8	***		 												
HORACIC DISEASES	š—															
Bronchitis Phthisis Pneumonia				 						1			2	2 1		
Pleurisy Heart Disease				 								1			1	
ABDOMINAL DISEA	ses—															
Diseases of Liver Diseases of Kidn Chronic Peritoni	ey			 									1	1		
Cancer of Intesti Cancer of Uterus	ines			 	1000											
То	tals			 				1		1		1	5	7	2	
							1		-		1		1	2	1	A
CEREBRAL OR SPIN	AL DIS	EASE	s-													
Apoplexy Apoplexy and P Paralysis with I)ementi	 a		 										2		
Toronton arou T	100				***	***									3	
General Paralysi General Paresis Dementia and Ge	eneral I	 Exhau		 	:::									1	1	
General Paralysi General Paresis Dementia and Go Epileptic Exhau Imbecility and E	eneral l estion	Exhau ion	stion	 			 1				 1		3	4	3	
General Paralysi General Paresis Dementia and Ge Epileptic Exhau	eneral l estion	Exhau	 ustion 	 			 1						3	4	3	
General Paralysi General Paresis Dementia and Ge Epileptic Exhau Imbecility and E Meningitis Tube	eneral l estion Exhaust ercular	Exhau ion	stion	 			··· 1 				 I		3 1	4	3 1 	
General Paralysi General Paresis Dementia and Ge Epileptic Exhau Imbecility and E Meningitis Tube	eneral l estion Exhaust ercular	Exhau ion	stion	 			··· 1 				 I		3 1	4	3 1 	
General Paralysi General Paresis Dementia and Ge Epileptic Exhau Imbecility and E Meningitis Tube	eneral l estion Exhaust ercular	Exhau ion	stion	 			··· 1 				 I		3 1	4	3 1 	
General Paralysi General Paresis Dementia and Ge Epileptic Exhau Imbecility and E Meningitis Tube	eneral l estion Exhaust ercular	Exhau ion	stion	 			··· 1 				 I		3 1	4	3 1 	

causes of Death during the year 1896, together with the Ages of the Decedents, on the orders of Admission.

	LUM	raers	0) 11	*********	on.													
40 t	o 49	50 t	o 59	60 t	o 69	70 t	o 79	80 t	o 89	90 1	to 99	Age	e 104.		s not		Готаг	,
Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females,	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males,	Females.	Total.
			:::		 1	i 	2 1 		i ::-							3 1	2 5 1 1 1	5 6 1 1 1
 1 	 3 1 	 1 	;; 2 ;; ;;	:: 22 :: ::	 1	 1 	1 1 1 									 3 4 1 1	1 10 3 5	1 13 7 1 6
	1 ::: :::		1	1	 1	 1	ïi						:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::		:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	1 1 1	2 2 1 1	3 3 1 1 1
1	5	1	3	3	3	3	8	1	1							16	35	51
INT.	AF	237.			-													
 4 1 	 	1 1 2 4 1 4	1 1 3 1 	3 1 11 4 1 3	5 1 3 2 2	1 11 2	2 1 1 2 5	4	2 1							4 4 5 6 33 11 4 1 10	3 8 1 1 4 7 11 1 8	7 12 1 6 10 40 22 4 2 18
5	1	13	7	23	13	14	11	4	3					1		78	44	122

APPENDIX II.—IMBECILITY.

ASYLUM STATISTICS.—TABLE VII. (continued)—Showing the calculated from the ages stated

														MA.		
		-			-	10		1.77	1							
CAUSES OF	DEA	ATH.				16	1 3	17	-	18	-	19	-	to 29	-	-
					М.	F.	M.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	M.	F.	М.	
Brought for	rward						1	1			1		5	7	9	
							13									1
THORACIC DISEASES-																
Morbus Cordis													1		1	
Morbus Cordis with Ch Heart Disease	ronic	Neph			1000000							1				i.
Pneumonia													3	1	4	
Pleurisy															1	
Chronic Bronchitis Pulmonary Tuberculos	· · · ·		•••										10	4		ı
Phthisis										1			3	10		
BOMINAL DISEASES-																
Malignant Disease (Sto																
Intestinal Obstruction Volvulus	***		***		100000		***				***					
Cancer of Intestines									:::			***				
Peritonitis															2	
Typhilitis		.:														
Periproctitis and Suppu																
Tabes Mesenterica Diarrhœa			***		***	***	***	•					1			
Diseases of Liver				- :::					***				1			
Diseases of Kidney and														1		
Cancer of Uterus																
Malignant Disease (Va	gina)		•••							***	***					
Cystitis												***			***	
ENERAL DISEASES-																
General Tuberculosis			***						1	1			4	2	3	
Struma																
Senile Decay Recrosis and Exhaustion	0						***									
Peirrhus of Breast							***		***							
Epithelioma of Face																
Exhaustion following C		g														
Shock from Scald		***						***				***	***			
							= 9									
Grand Tot	als			-			1	1	1	2	1	1	30	15	22	

causes of Death during the year 1896, together with the Ages of the Decedents, on the orders of Admission.

-Co	ntinue	d.				ll o	WA 1				uar		500.					
40 to	49	50 to	59	60 to	69	70 to	79	80 t	o 89	90 t	o 99	Age	104.	Ages	not wn.	Т	OTAL.	
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	М.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	т1.
5	1	13	7	23	13	14	11	4	3					1		78	44	122
2 1 5 1	1 2 5 3	3 3 1 1 2	6 1 2 2 2 2	8 4 1 2	10 1 1 1 	3 2 	7 1 1 2 2 1	 1 	1						1	18 1 17 1 2 18 8	29 2 5 7 4 16 10	47 2 6 24 1 6 34 18
2	 		 1 1 3 1 	 1 2 1 2 1	 1 4 1 	 1 1 	1									2 1 2 1 2 1 2 5 	1 2 1 1 1 6 5 4 1 2	3 1 4 1 3 1 1 1 6 7 9 1 2 1
6	2 :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: ::	1	2	1	ï :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: ::	 15 	 6 1	3	1 5	i 	2					15 19 1 1	8 I 13 I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	23 1 32 1 1 1 1 1
23	16	25	27	47	37	36	38	8	10	1	2			1	1	196	166	362

APPENDIX II.—IMBECILITY.

ASYLUM STATISTICS.—TABLE VIII.—Showing the History of the Annual numbers of each year's admissions

		1	ADM	ITT	ED.				OF	EAG	СН	YE	AR	s's	ADM	IISS IN	ions 189	, D	Isci	IAR	ED	
YEAR.	Ne Cas		Rela Cas		Asyl	other lums oard.		Rec	over	ed.	Imp	rove	d.	Im	Not		Asy	oth lun oare	sof	1) ied.	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total	Males.	Females.	Total.
LEAVESDEN ASYLUM.																						1
1870 (part of) 1871 1872 1873 1874 1875 1876 1877 1879 1880 1881 1882 1883 1884 1885 1886 1887 1888 1889 1890 1891	468 520 163 141 115 111 158 95 69 80 92 85 82 75 56 71 62 80 71 140 162 176	556 545 256 165 149 108 79 75 71 85 106 96 97 83 92 83 121 155 148			126 13 13 	30 13 184 4 	1,024 1,065 419 377 279 221 547 100 84 169 167 151 172 187 154 170 151 174 156 264 320 329	::: ::: ::: ::: ::: ::: ::: :::		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				1	 1 2 					3 8 1 4 2 2 1 1 3 2 1 1 4 3 13	1 1 1 1 1 5 3 5 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 3 5 3 3 5 3 3 5 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	4 9 2 2 3 9 2 2 1 1 1 5 3 3 2 2 3 3 2 6 7 8 6 16
1892	181 156	149 95	4 4	2		1	337 255				٠,			1	1	2				5 11	10	9 21
1894	148	112	6				266					2	9	2	1	3				12	11	28 28
	1951	195	1	4)	1000			9			0		0		9	19	1		1	1.5	13	
1896	125 136	125 100	1 3	2 2			253 241	3 3		3	3	1	3 2	10 4	2	12 5	1		1	15 14	13	21
1896		100	3	2			253	3		3		1	2	10		10000	1	83.57		100.0	7	21 195
1896	136	100	3	2			253 241	3		3	1	1	2	10 4	1	5	1			14	7	21
Totals CATERHAM	136 3,818 156 664 259 183 240 158 173 176 122 122 81 73 98 59 115 103 83 92 119 104 101 86 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	202 870 161 167 169 180 170 566 47 84 87 105 85 37 102 48 91 90 81 78 122 108 114 76	3 50 1	2			253 241	8		3	1	1	2	10 4	1	5	1		1	14	7	211 195 212 3 1 4 1 2 2 1 1 1 5 5 5 6 5 5 5 6 3 22 16
Totals CATERHAM ASYLUM. 1870 (part of) 1871 1872 1873 1874 1875 1876 1877 1878 1880 1881 1882 1881 1882 1883 1884 1885 1886 1887 1889 1899	136 3,818 156 664 259 183 240 158 173 178 157 176 122 122 81 73 98 59 115 108 83 92 119 104 101 86 100 85	100 3,741 202 870 161 167 169 180 170 56 47 84 87 105 85 37 102 48 91 90 81 78 122 108 114 76 112 75 59	3 50 	19 	182 182 72 33 17 6	232 232 36 167 1	253 241 8,042 358 1,534 420 351 522 338 553 237 221 266 217 227 168 116 203 113 210 196 164 171 244 212 218 162 215 161	8 8 		8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	1 1 1 1 1 1	3	2 8 1 1 1 2 2 2	10 4 * 21 1 1 1 1 1 1 4		30 	1		1	14 107 2 3 3 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 3 3 5 3 2 1 1 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7 88 9 1 1 2 2 1 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 1 2 2 2 2	21 195 12 3 1 3 1 4 1 2 1 1 5 5 5 5 5 1 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

³ Includes two not insane.

Admissions since the opening of the Asylums, with the Discharges and Deaths and the remaining on December 31st, 1896.

76	smar.		_	Decen Disch	_	_			OF EAC	и Укл	AR'S AI	MISSIO	NS TO				
Re	cove	-	1			1	DECE	MBER	31 вт,	1896. ther A:	sylums	1	Died.		1	EMAINI EACH Y	EAR'S IONS,
		· ·	1	Improved. Not Improved						of Boar			Died.		DECE	MBER 3	1sт, 1896.
Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
15 20 12 9 7 5 13 7 5 3 8 10 3 3 1 4 4 5 9 14 14 14 10 7 6 6 7	8 15 6 4 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 7 7 6 6 2 8 9 3 3 4 4 11 5 5 6 6 3 2 1	23 35 18 13 9 8 16 7 5 6 12 17 9 5 9 13 3 7 8 13 25 19 20 13 9 7 7	25 29 12 8 2 3 3 18 5 4 4 3 9 6 6 3 3 5 5 4 9 10 7 7 9 9 10 7 7 9 9 10 7 9 10 7 9 10 7 9 10 7 9 10 7 10 7	19 23 11 6 7 5 7 5 8 8 5 5 8 8 3 3 1 2 2 2 3 3 2 2 3 3 2 3 3 2 3 3 3 3	44 52 23 14 9 8 25 5 4 8 17 11 8 13 6 8 4 7 6 14 18 16 11 10 10 7 2	24 49 14 17 13 17 11 3 3 3 8 7 5 5 7 5 7 14 9 14 11 4	444 488 144 211 166 133 122 77 8 33 37 77 8 33 4 4 3 9 6 6 111 110 4 7 4 4 1	68 97 28 38 29 30 23 3 3 10 10 10 11 12 13 10 9 8 16 15 18 24 13 21 15 5	12 15 5 10 2 	4 10 14 5 	16 25 19 15 2	327 348 117 124 90 72 196 63 56 57 56 55 61 57 36 49 33 53 44 89 87 97 83 75 52 19	413 371 173 131 115 68 180 1 51 35 44 57 62 62 53 50 55 43 60 76 64 56 38 34 25 7	740 719 290 255 205 140 376 64 57 108 91 99 118 119 98 102 83 108 87 149 163 161 139 113 86 44 21	655 599 3 144 3 155 466 188 155 141 111 115 111 115 116 119 15 28 43 54 65 58 74 83 117	68 78 38 28 22 20 61 3 23 26 13 16 28 16 24 32 28 32 44 56 61 78 48 66 94 93	133 137 41 42 25 35 107 21 15 37 37 24 31 39 29 34 51 43 47 72 99 115 143 106 140 177 210
214	118	332	208	152	360	278	267	545	46	34	80	2,410	2,325	4,785	894	1,096	1,990
4 47 24 19 18 13 2 5 6 7 3 9 9 11 7 2 12 7 4 8 6 6 4 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 7 4 8 8 6 6 6 6 7 7 4 8 8 8 8 6 6 8 8 8 8 6 6 7 7 7 4 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	4 31 12 24 11 11 11 3 4 4 4 2 2 10 4 4 12 2 5 4 4 4 2 2 5 6 6 2 6 2 7 8 7 8 8 8 8 8 9 8 9 8 9 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	8 78 36 29 42 24 13 8 10 11 5 19 15 19 4 17 11 8 10 12 7 4 11 7 7 2	7 50 24 19 30 10 21 14 11 6 5 4 9 7 6 6 6 4 3 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1	13 30 10 6 13 8 13 4 1 4 7 5 5 3 10 1 6 2 4 3 2 1 1 6 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	20 80 34 25 43 18 18 11 10 7 19 1 13 8 6 8 6 3 2 7 7 5 2	6 47 11 13 1 8 5 5 4 13 8 10 2 3 5 5 7 6 5 5 8 2 4 8 2 6 2	7 36 9 9 19 8 9 9 3 5 5 1 7 4 4 5 5 1 4 4 2 4 4 6 5 5 8 5 4 9 9 3 2 2 3 3 3	13 83 20 32 1 16 14 8 9 14 15 14 7 4 9 7 11 12 10 13 13 13 6 13 11 4 9 5	2 19 16 11 36 1 1 1	1 6 11 8 18 3	3 25 27 19 54 4	103 456 170 100 198 113 145 129 109 121 79 71 44 39 56 37 63 50 43 53 57 41 36 34 36 17 9	137 636 106 111 124 123 122 35 27 42 54 69 50 19 52 31 45 42 44 32 52 45 33 18 15 10 5	240 1,092 276 211 322 236 367 164 136 163 133 140 94 58 108 68 108 92 87 85 109 86 69 52 51 27	34 45 14 22 31 13 38 31 44 33 19 22 21 19 23 18 29 36 25 22 47 55 60 34 55 71	40 131 13 29 27 87 15 11 33 21 25 17 13 25 15 32 37 28 33 57 55 70 47 92 57 50	74 176 27 35 60 40 125 46 55 66 40 57 38 32 48 33 61 73 55 104 110 130 81 146 112 121
241	176	417	268	162			172	373*	87	48	135	2,409	2,179	4,588	925	1,073	1,998

Includes five males and two females not insane.

APPENDIX II.-IMBECILITY.

ASYLUM STATISTICS.—TABLE VIII. (continued)—Showing the History of Deaths, and the numbers of each year's

			ADM	ITT	ED.				OF	_	_	YE	and R's	ADM	ussi	ons	, Di		_	_	
	New		Rela	psed	From (other		Roc	ovo	hor		-	AND	N.		Т	o oth		Т	Died.	
YEAR,	Ivew	Cases.	Cas	es.	Boa	rd.	1	I Co	ove	reu.	Im	prve	Im	pro	ved.	of	Boa	rd.	-	ricu.	
	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Male.	Fernales.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
1880 1881 1882 1883 1884 1885 1886 1887 1889 1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896	 152 107 57 40 45 41 49 127 74 59 24 	185 153 67 54 62 35 70 112 86	 1 	1 1 1 4 1 9	25 78 6 22 20 12 124 26 11 45 38 25 27	54 13 17 8 30 8 69 46 9 31 44 13 45 29	242 29 433 274 124 146 137 161 289 276 160 151 86 112 417 90 56				 1 1 1 2 6	2 3 5 1		1	1 1 1 3 2 1 9	::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::			4 2 2 3 2 2 2 1 16	1 4 3 2 1 2 3 7 3 2 4 4 3 35	1 8 3 2 2 1 4 6 6 2 9 3 3 4 3 3 4 3 3 3 4 5 5 5 5 7 5 7 5 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
Part of \\ 1870 \\ 1871 \\ \\ 1872 \\ \\ 1875 \\ \\ 1875 \\ \\ 1876 \\ \\ 1877 \\ 1878 \\ \\ 1879 \\ 1880 \\ \\ 1883 \\ \\ 1884 \\ \\ 1885 \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ 1887 \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ 1887 \\	624 1,184 422 324 355 269 331 273 226 256 214 207 315 255 211 170 222 224	417 332 318 288 249 56 48 173 325 191 355 296 265 199 236 217	1 3 1 5 2 1 2 4 3 8 4 5 7 4	3 1 5 6 2 5 4 1 3 5 5 5	41 73 159 1 30 6 25 78 6 22 20 12	300 49 351 5 54 13 17 8 8 30 8 69	2,599 839 728 801 1,100 337 305 435 626 417 773 577 481 429 498 531	 1		 1 1 			1 1 1 1 2	111	 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 4				5 11 3 1 1 6 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 7 2 2 1 4 5 1 4 5 1 4 5 1 7 7 7 7 8 7 8 7 7 8 7 8 7 7 8 7 8 7 8	1 10 2 1 7 3 7 1 2 1 6 4 4 4 2 2 3	60 211 54 4 133 13 13 13 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15
1888 1889 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896	203 359 355 339 306 242 248 210 219 8,562	3 234 311 363 348 3282 194 3290 220 159	8 4 8 1 4	3 3 2 4 1 3 2 2 58	124 26 11 45 38 25 28	46 9 82 44 13 45 29	711 724 692 641 529 598 504	6 5	3	17	2		1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 6 2 7 1 4 7 6 27 37	3 2 4 4 5 4	18	-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2 11 8 20 8 14 28 26 23	12	

^{*} Includes three not insane.

the Annual Admissions since the opening of the Asylum, with the Discharges and admissions remaining on December 31st, 1896.

						ED A	ND I	DIED	st, 18 of eac 31st,	он Үел	R's An	MISSIO	NS,	30 H	R	EMAINI ACH Y	NG OF
Re	cover	red.	In	nprov	ed.	Not	Impr	oved.	Тоо	ther As	ylums d.		Died.		1	ADMISS	
Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females,	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
2 8 7 7 6 6 7 1	3 2 4 6 3 3	5 2 12 13 10 9 19 2 1	6 222 12 7 7 11 12 14 13 13 13 2 2 1 1 2 2	12 5 15 13 8 9 12 4 12 14 7 1 3 	18 5 37 25 15 20 24 18 25 27 9 3 4 1 2 4 3	1 8 14 7 4 1 3 11 15 12 8 2 1 1	22 1 19 7 6 5 10 8 9 7 6 2 3 2 4 1	23 1 27 21 13 9 11 11 20 22 18 10 5 3 5 1 	2 2 2 2 56 11	3 1 1 1 2 1 45 26 3 	3 3 1 4 3 45 82 14 	3 132 61 28 24 27 20 35 66 33 24 12 5 2	128 14 117 94 40 42 29 29 43 51 45 41 13 9 14 4	131 14 249 155 68 66 56 49 78 117 78 65 25 14 16 4	13 58 19 8 15 24 16 58 49 27 18 20 38 32 25 27	49 7 47 40 10 23 19 22 26 47 28 36 32 54 61 56 26	62 7 105 59 18 38 43 38 84 96 55 54 52 92 93 81 53
38	35	73	118	122	240	88	112	200	73	82	155	472	713	1,185	447	583	1,030
19 67 36 28 25 18 15 7 10 9 17	12 46 18 14 26 14 14 3 7	31 113 54 42 51 32 29 7 13 16 28	32 79 36 27 32 13 39 49 15 12 26	32 53 21 12 20 13 20 4 1 9 27	64 132 57 39 52 26 59 23 16 21 53	30 96 25 30 14 25 16 8 7 16 17	51 84 23 40 16 21 21 3 5 8	81 180 48 70 30 46 37 11 12 24 48	14 34 21 21 38 1 	5 16 25 13 18 3 	19 50 46 34 56 4 1 1	430 804 287 224 288 185 341 192 165 178 138	550 1,007 279 242 239 191 302 36 28 93 217	980 1,811 566 466 527 376 743 228 193 271 355	99 104 17 36 34 28 84 49 59 47 43	108 209 51 41 51 47 148 18 11 56 96	207 313 68 77 85 75 232 67 70 103 139
17 13 20 21 15 12 15 11 9 17 20 26 16 18 14 10 5	11 11 20 12 23 14 5 7 7 6 17 19 8 8 8 3 4	24 40 33 38 26 20 18 16 23 37 45 24 26 17 14 5	26 12 30 21 19 16 22 25 23 26 15 10 11 11 13 8 2	15 25 24 21 13 19 8 14 23 18 12 6 7 6 8 5	27 55 45 40 29 41 33 37 49 33 22 17 18 19 16 7	17 13 21 17 14 15 14 21 27 29 17 20 18 17	8 27 15 17 15 17 18 17 24 17 17 22 9 13 8 4	48 25 40 36 34 29 32 32 38 51 46 34 42 27 30 25 10	2 2 2 56 11 2 2	1 2 2 1 45 26 3 1 1	3 2 4 3 45 82 14 	138 126 237 157 120 110 123 123 122 208 177 162 131 114 90 36 23	127 127 224 175 154 126 124 126 130 143 173 150 102 65 63 39 12	253 461 332 274 236 247 249 252 351 350 312 283 179 153 75 35	43 43 94 49 44 43 72 67 98 99 117 127 145 130 160 163 215	96 45 80 81 51 62 83 87 86 124 141 152 180 149 219 207 169	139 88 174 130 95 105 155 154 184 223 258 279 325 279 379 370 384
193	329	* 822	594	436	1030	567	551	† 1118	206	164	870	5,291	5,217	10,508	2,266	2,752	5,018

^{*} Includes the '' not certified cases,"—Vide Table II., p. 116.

ASYLUM STATISTICS .- TABLE IX .- Showing the length of residence of

154-14		-						100		ai n	1		LI	EAV	ESDE	EN A	SYL	UM.		I
		L	ENG	TH OF	RESI	DE	NCE						tecovi					DIED.	(1)	. 1
											!	М.	F.	1	otal.	M.		F.	Tota	al.
Under	1 1	Month												-		1		1		2
From	1 to		onths									2			2	3		2		5
,,	3 t		,,	***					***			1			1	7		4	1	1
,,	6 to		,,									1 2			9	6		3 2		9 8
,,	9 t		,,						***						-	12		15	9	7
,,	1 to															10		8		8
"	3 t		,,													20		12		2
"	5 t		,,													10		8	1	8
,,		o 10	,,									1			1	4		7	1	1
,,	10 t		,,									***	***		***			4		4
**	12 t		,,									***	***			5		3 2		8 3
"		0 16	,,									***	***			2		1		3
"	16 t	0 20	"									1			ï	4		3		7
,,		nd upw	yards													16		13	5	29
,,			Totals								-	8	-		8	107		88	15	95
						72.3			_	_				_	_			_	_	
ASY	LU	M STA	TIST	ICS.—	TABL	E 2	12	Moun	ng th	e Ag	es of	Patr	entsr	eside	nt in	the se	vera	ASI	e On	on
100	161		- EL	Marin La													_		e Ora	-
							Unde	er 16	10	6	1	7	1	8	19)	20	0	20 to	29
	Vee	rs en liv	or Dec	ember :	Blst.							17 19	1	7			3317	-	- 1	
	1 ca	is cir.iii	8 1700	Silver .			M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	М.	F.
-				A 0377 -	T.F.				1000			1000		7					-	-
	LE	AVESI	DEN	ASYLU	MI.			1				1		1				The same		
1887 .			***						20	13	24	22	26	2	38	14	28	17	185	
1888 .								***	23	17	27	25	28	2	41	14	29	16	184	162
1889 .				***				***	26	20	28	28	31	6	44	15	30	16	191	168
1890.					**			**	1 4	2	5 4	2 4	11	8 5	7	6 8	9	7 8	126 128	76 75
1891.					***				6	2	16	2	9	9	10	5	9	11	120	89
1892			***						5	3	9	4	18	3	11	14	14	8	132	100
1894			***		-				6	5	11	10	22	6	11	17	14	12	139	106
1895									8	6	15	13	25	6	14	18	13	14	148	109
1896							10000000		12	8	16	19	82	8	13	20	15	16	142	124
	CA	TERH	IAM .	ASYLU	M.										1					
_													-							
1887				***	***				2 2	2 3	1 2	8	7 8	7	10	12	24	18	178	
1888				***		***			3			8		7	12	14	25	19	170	
1889 1890		***			***		1			4	4 2	9 2	9 3	9 4	13 5	15 2	26	21 5	165 148	158
1891							1 5	1	1	3	3	3	4	5	6	4	7	6	145	
1892					***				5	2	4	6	5	8	8	12	9	11	147	
1893							1333		1	3	6	8	7	9	10	18	12	14	140	114
1894				***					4	3	10	12	10	13	16	18	14	16	142	
1895									10	4	15	13	14	14	15	21	17	18	150	1 - 0 / 0000
1896				***	***	***			11	5	15	16	18	14	16	21	18	19	154	141
	D	AREN	TH A	SYLU	MI.			1										. 0.		11 1/2
1887		41					3	1	9	18	9	24	23	18	16	17	21	20	116	149
1888							2000		32	28	35	23	33	23	29	14	32	22	133	
1889			,,,	***					27	8	42	32	33	29	30	25	27	14	153	
1890			***						6	3	16	8	25	21	26	17	25	20	158	130
1891									3	6	- 8	6	16	9	27	22	26	19	178	
1892			***			***	1 1		7	9	9	18	15	11	15	14	26	24	189	
1893		***	***	***		***		1	13 8	16 8	13 20	13	15 18	22 13	19	14 21	17 26	17	208	
1894 1895			***				1	1	4	16	14	18	22	20	20	12	19	17 22	199 201	152 150
1896							1		10	10	10	20	17	19	24	19	19	10	196	
1000	_		_				İ		1	T	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	101
	S	UM	L.M.	AR					1	1				2.10	1	H. L.		1 4		13
1887							3	1	31	33	34	54	56	27	64	43	73	55	479	469
1888				***					57	48	64	56	69	32	82	42	86	57	487	
1889				***			1 1		56	32	74	69	73	44	87	55	83	51	509	
1890						***		1	8	9	24	12	35	33	38	25	37	29	432	
1891					***	***		100	18	13	15 29	13 26	31 29	19 28	43 33	34	42	33	446	A COLUMN TO SERVICE
1892			***		***	***	1 1		19	22	28	25	40	34	40	31 41	44 43	39	456 480	
1893 1894		***		***				1	18	16	41	39	50	32	44	56	54	45	480	
1894								Î	22	26	44	44	61	40	49	51	49	54	499	
1896			***		***		1		33	23	41	55	67	41	58	60	52	45	492	
1000											_									

those discharged recovered, and of those who have died during the year 1896.

The second second		ERHA	M AS	YLUN	1.		DAR	ENTE	I ASY	LUM		5	JU.	MIN	IA	RY	
MANAGE PROPERTY.	COVER			DIED.		R	ECOVER	ED.	1	DIED.		R	COVER	ED.		DIED.	
M.	F.	Total	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total	M.	F.	Total
				1	1										1	2	3
1		1	5	1	6							3		3	8	3	11
2		2		2	2							3		3	7	6	13
1	1	2	4	2	6							2	1	3	10	5	15
	1	1	6		6					1	1	2	î	3	12	3	15
1	1	2	17	9	26					2	2	1	1	2	29	26	55
1		1	5	1	6				1	2	3	1		1	16	11	27
***	***		6	3	9				4	5	9				30	20	50
			9	2	11				3	7	10				22	17	39
			4	5	9				4	3	7	1		1	12	15	27
			2		2					3	3				2	7	9
			1	1	2	***			4	9	13				10	18	23
			3		3					2	2				4	4	8
				1	1					1	1				2	3	5
***			2	2	4							1	***	1	6	5	11
***			9	- 13	22										25	26	51
6	3	9	78	43	116				16	35	51	14	3	17	196	166	362

Dec of 1	embe Admi	r 31 ssion	st in	188	87, a	nd or	the	sam	e da	y in	each	sub	seque	nt y	ear,	calcu	lated	from	the age	s stated
30 to	o 39	40 t	o 49	50 t	o 59	60 to	69	70 t	o 79	80 t	o 89	90 t	o 99		ove 00.		s not		TOTALS	3.
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.
196 190 180 178 188 184 185 177 179 175	250 247 256 195 188 197 208 206 216 219	198 195 198 175 180 194 187 183 178 182	259 260 259 240 222 212 209 211 214 212	102 104 94 174 166 156 166 162 167 165	197 202 192 212 224 207 212 212 214 206	76 55 56 102 116 124 113 114 109 106	142 131 122 178 177 207 198 187 184 175	 46 47 50 49 50 37 32	 114 128 120 111 104 86 78	7 8 6 4 1	 32 29 23 11 5 1	 1 1 1 1 	5 3 2 2 2 1			7 5 8 5 4 5 4 4 4	14 13 16 10 12 12 12 12 12 11	900 883 883 841 872 889 895 895 897 894	1,092 1,089 1,082 1,093 1,082 1,098 1,096 1,096 1,094 1,096	1,992 1,972 1,965 1,934 1,954 1,987 1,995 1,991 1,991
186 180 184 210 205 200 202 190 185 183	180 182 190 220 226 230 232 226 218 219	165 151	192 189 178 201 196 198 192 195 190 188	150	204 190 180 191 186 184 180 175 174 170		180 184 177 183 182 185 181 180 178 178	58 60 63 51 54 56 55 50 47 49	78 74 72 89 91 88 85 90 84 85	8 7 9 11 14 13 14 10 10 8	29 28 33 86 40 37 38 28 23 22	2 1 1 1	1 1 	 1 		 2 	6 7 6 	943 930 919 919 987 941 938 930 933 925	1,070 1,052 1,046 1,058 1,064 1,071 1,064 1,074 1,072 1,073	2,013 1,982 1,965 1,977 2,001 2,012 2,002 2,004 2,005 1,998
27 29 46 52 56 54 49 58 70 79	56 65 86 97 105 108 102 113 110 115	20 28 37 39 39 42 37 36 34	70 67 75 65 81 77 69 76 71 72	23 21 25 26 25 23 18 16 16 19	42 39 55 67 62 62 71 70 74 69	36 31 43 42 42 36 30 30 27 23	58 68 66 63 64 59 51 58 56 53	11 13 19 22 22 19 14 13 14	43 33 42 46 49 38 37 40 37 32	3 2 2 4 4 4 5 5 4 3	14 18 17 11 14 12 11 9 8 7		1 1 1 1 3 3 2 2 2 2				2 2 2 2 3 2 1 1	317 418 484 441 446 436 444 447 447 447	531 547 600 551 580 582 575 599 598 583	848 965 1,084 992 1,026 1,018 1,019 1,046 1,045 1,030
409 399 410 440 449 438 436 425 434 437	486 494 432 512 519 535 542 545 544 553	388 386 365 415 425 419 413	521 516 512 506 503 487 470 482 475 472	275 268 392 391 341 347 388 340	431 427 470 472 461 463 457 462	318 235 241 282 300 300 281 274 258 240	312 383 365 424 423 451 430 425 418 401	69 73 82 119 123 125 118 113 98 94	116 107 114 249 268 256 133 234 207 195	9 11 22 26 23 23 16 14	43 46 50 79 83 72 55 42 32 29	2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 	1 1 7 4 5 5 4 3 2	 1 		7 7 5 10 5 4 5 5 4 5 4 4	14 13 25 18 14 15 14 13 12	2,160 2,231 2,286 2,201 2,255 2,266 2,281 2,272 2,277 2,266	2,693 2,688 2,728 2,702 2,726 2,751 2,735 2,769 2,764 2,752	4,853 4,919 5,014 4,903 4,981 5,017 5,016 5,041 5,041 5,018

APPENDIX II.—IMBECILITY.

ASYLUM STATISTICS.—TABLE XI.—Showing the Ages calculated from the ages stated

X FE.A	TAKE 3	NT.		-	1	EAV	ESD	EN A	SYL	UM.				AA H	ATER		
S 4 I				Т	he Adr	nissio	ons.			1	The Dis	char	ges.				1
AGES. From Parishes and Unions. From other Asylums of Board. Recovered. Improved, or otherwise.												d, or	Th	ie De	aths.		
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
From 5 to 10	years				81												
" 10 to 15 " 15 to 20	"		28	15	43							9		9			4
" 20 to 30	"		24	24	48				2		2	4	2	6	24	7	31
,, 30 to 40	,,		17	14	31				1	•••	1	8	5	13	12	6	18
,, 40 to 50	"		22	11	33				2		2	2	1	3	14	12	26
" 50 to 60 " 60 to 70	29		19 17	10	29							3	2	5 2	18	16 22	34 41
,, 70 to 80	"		11	13	24								1	1	13	18	31
" 80 to 90	17		1	1	2										4	5	9
,, 90 and u		s															
Ages unknown		***														1	1
Totals			139	102	241				8		8	27	12	39	107	88	195

DARENTH ASYLUM.

eine tour tour		3		m Pa	he Adı	F	ons.		R	ecove	The Dis	1 1	Remo	ved,	TI	he De	aths.
800.2	AGES.		an	d Un	ions.	0	f Bo	ard.	-				therv				
	10,11 180 400,1 400 430,1 000 250,1 000 650,1 000		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
P	T to 10																
From		**		***		***	***				***						***
>>	10 to 15 "		•••														***
"	15 to 20 ,,					23	19	42				3	4	7	1	7	8
>>	20 to 30 ,,					4	4	8			***	3		3	4	4	8
,,	30 to 40 "						5	5				4	1	5	2	5	7
,,	40 to 50 ,,						1	1				1		1	1	4	5
,,	50 to 60 ,,												3	3	1	3	4
,,	60 to 70 ,,														3	5	8
25	70 to 80 "												1	1	3	6	9
3)	80 to 90 "														1	1	2
,,	90 and upware	ls															
Ages	unknown																
10.0 10.1	Totals					27	29	56				11	9	20	16	35	51

ASYLUM STATISTICS, 1896.

of the Admissions, Discharges, and Deaths during the year 1896, on the orders of Admission.

3.4	SUMMAR	111	913	LAG	100	CAT	TERI	IAM A	ASYL	UM.							
					The A	dmis	sions.				The D	ischa	rges.		T		
	AGES.		Fre	om P	arishes	A	rom sylu Boa	other ms of ord.	I	Recov	ered.	Ir	Remo	oved, ved, or wise.	Т	he D	eaths.
	96		Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Fro	m 5 to 10 years 10 to 15 ,, 15 to 20 ,, 20 to 30 ,, 30 to 40 ,, 40 to 50 ,, 50 to 60 ,, 60 to 70 ,, 70 to 80 ,, 80 to 90 ,, 90 and upwares unknown		15 16 7 13 11 12 10 	6 14 8 4 5 10 10 2	21 30 15 17 16 22 20 2				 1 1 1 1 2 	2	1 2 1 1 2 2	3 5 1 2 2 1	1 3 2 3 1 2	4 8 3 2 5 2 2 	5 5 7 12 11 20 11 1 1 1	2 2 7 6 5 14 5 2 	7 7 14 18 16 34 16 3 1
	Totals		84	59	143	1		1	6	3	9	14	12	26	73	43	116

SUMMARY.

			4		The A	dmis	sions.				The Di	schar	ges.				
	AGES.	00					Boa	other ms of rd.	I	Recov	ered.	In	Remonstrate Remons	ed, or		The I	eaths
			Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females,	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
ron																	
99	10 to 15 ,,																
"	15 to 20 ,,		43	21	64	23	19	42	4		4	15	5	20	9	10	15
,,	20 to 30 ,,		40	38	78	4	4	8	3	1	4	12	5	17	33	13	40
"	30 to 40 ,,		24	22	46		5	5	2		2	13	8	21	21	18	35
*	40 to 50 .,		35	15	50		1	1	3		3	5	1	6	27	22	45
,,	50 to 60 ,,		30	15	45				2		2	5	8	13	30	24	54
,	60 to 70 ,,		29	24	53					2	2	2	2	4	42	41	88
,	70 to 80 ,,		21	23.	44	1		1					4	4	27	29	50
,	80 to 90 ,,		1	3	4										6	8	14
,	90 and upward	8													1		1
es	unknown			***												1	1
	Grand Total	s 2	23	161	384	28	29	57	14	3	17	52	33	85	196	166	362

ASYLUM STATISTICS.—TABLE XII.—Showing the Departments

DEPARTMENTS.	LEAVESDEN ASYLUM.	CATERHAM ASYLUM.	DARENTH ASYLUM.	SUMMARY.
Males.			processing and	Trans.
Blocks	120	172	60	352
Centre and Hall		7	4	26
Coaling	0	6	1	16
Stores		2	2	8
Kitchen	90	12		45
Bakehouse	10	1	4	15
Mess Room		7	1'	12
Tailor's Shop	0	8	16	83
Shoemaker's Shop		8	14	27
Upholsterer's Shop	00	24	14	70
Painter's Shop		2		2
Grounds	50	34	70	176
Laundry	1	19		43
			24	24
	. 4	5		9
	2	2		4
Attending to Earth Closets and				
Drains		3		3
Residences		2		
Carpenters	2			2
		2		2
	1 18 8 1 4			
				2 /4 /
a temporary				
	1 3 3 4 2			
TO THE PROPERTY OF				
			The same of the sa	
Total	. 345	316	210	871
Total number of Patients in	. 894	925	447	2,266

where Patients were employed on December 31st, 1896.

DEPARTMENT	s.	LEAVESDEN ASYLUM.	CATERHAM ASYLUM.	DARENTH ASYLUM.	SUMMARY.
FEMALES.			DE IN	March 19	
Laundry		36	30	31	97
Work Room			. 26	17	56
Helpers in Blocks		118	201	115	434
Needlework in Blocks		90	107	38	235
Centre		9	9	8	26
Mess Room		4	5	3	12
Kitchen			2	7	9
Medical Superintendent	s Residence		2	1	3
Steward's Residence			1	1	2
Matron's Residence		1	1	1	3
Total		271	384	2 22	877
Total number of Asylum	Patients in	1,096	1,073	583	2,752

ASYLUM STATISTICS .- TABLE XIII .- Showing the Occupations previous to

SUMMARY.	LEAVESDEN ASYLUM.						HAI UM.		DARENTH ASYLUM.					SUMMARY. MALES.							
OCCUPATIONS.		Nu	MBE	RS.			Numbers.					Numbers.					Numbers.				
46	á	ed.	wed.	own.		08	ed.	wed.	own.	3	1	ed.	wed.	own.			ed.	ved.	own.		
58	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Unknown.	Total.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Unkrown.	Total.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Unknown.	Total.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Unknown.	Total.	
													100			-			700		
Males. Baker			1		1	101												1		1	
Bookbinder	8			1	1	1										1	***		1	1	
Barber's Assistant Beer-house Keeper							1			1 1	1:::	1:::				1	1			1 1	
Bricklayer						1				1						1				1	
Butcher Cabinet Maker						1	1			1	1		1			1	1			1	
Cabman	Section 1		1000				1			1						1	1			1	
Carpenters			2	2	4		1	1		2							1	3	2	6	
Carver	2	1 2		1	1 5		1			ï	1	1:::				2	1 3	***	1	1 6	
Coachman							1			1							1			1	
Coffee-house Keeper Compositors	1			1	2	1	1			1 1						1 1	1		1	1 3	
Costermongers						1	1			2	1					1	1		1	2	
Chair Maker				1	1														1	1	
Cooper Decorator			100		1	1::			1	1							***	1	1	1	
Draper		1	10000		1											1	1			1	
Draughtsman	1		1 1		1											1				1	
Engineer Errand Boy			1		1	1				1			1:::			1"		1		1	
Fireman	1	100000	1 1		1											1				1	
French Polisher		10000	1				1			1							1			1	
Furrier Gardener			1				1			1					***		1	***		1	
Gasfitter								1		1								1		1	
Gold Beater	4				1											1				1	
Grocer Hammerman					1	1				1	1:::					1	***			1	
Hawkers		10.53					1	1		2							1	1		2	
Housekeeper Interpreter	1	15000						1		1								1		1	
Iron Driller			1		1		1			1						1	1			1	
Labourers	25	10	3	8	46	9	3	3		15						34	13	6	8	61	
Messengers Missionary	10000	1	1 1 P		2 1											1	ï	1		2	
Musician						1				1						1				1 1	
No occupation	39	1		3	48						27				27	66	1	5	3	75	
Not known Painters	2 2		4		2 3	21	5	3	2	31						23	5	3	2	33	
Pipemaker							1			1							1			1	
Platelayer							1			1							1			1	
Porter Rent Collector	1	100 A	10000		1	1			•••	1						1 1				1 1	
Seal Engraver		1			1												1			1	
Seamen	1 .		1		2											1		1		2	
Servant Shoemakers		1		ï	3	2	1 1			1 3						2	1 2	1	1	6	
Shoeblack	2000						7			1							1			1	
Schoolmasters	4	200	100			2				2						2	***			2	
Silk Dyer Soldier	7				1	***										1				1 1	
Stevedore	200						1	200		1							ï			1	
			200	2	3												1		2	3	
Timber Porter Travellers	4		9		2	***				1						1	1	1	***	1 2	
Packer		22.4	Sec. 10	4800		4	2000			1						1				1	
Total	82 1	19 1	18 20	20 1	139	43		10	3	85	27				27	152	48	28		251	

admission, and condition as to Marriage of the Patients admitted during the year 1896.

	,	AS	VE	SDE UM.	N	CATERHAM ASYLUM.					DA	RE	NTI UM.	I	SUMMARY.						
OCCUPATIONS.		Numbers.				Numbers,					100	N	лмв)	ERS.	40	Numbers.					
3981	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Unknown.	Total.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Unknown.	Total.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Unknown,	Total.	Single.	Married.	Widowed.	Unknown.	Total	
FEMALES.	-															-				-	
Artificial Flower Makers	1 3 1 35 1 15 2	1	1 4 10 1	2 	2 1 12 1 1 2 4 58 1 16 3	1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 10 1 15		1 2 3 2 2 3	2	1 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 3 2 1 15 2 25	20				29	2 3 1 2 1 1 2 64 1 1 25 3 15	1	1 8 3 1 1 7 10 2 2 3 1 3	2	13 14 17 87 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 5 2 5 2 2 5	
anthurst TE	bening the state of the state o	And the last	post vous		les 1 14 19 18 o	similar or a second				ind a			500	170	in in its		oranic or		MA MATERIAL		
								in the last of the	STATE OF THE STATE	of a	oring born follow		inter the second			ep l		and the second			
manne sair	toni toni	and of		10	200	TON TON THE PARTY OF THE PARTY	-		in in it is a second	or i											
albumy to be		3.6				100	To D			18 1			2			I PA	of the state of th				
Total		10 2		8 1	-	34	5 1		7	-				-		-					

No. 4.

DARENTH SCHOOLS AND PAVILIONS.

NEAR DARTFORD, KENT, January, 1897.

(For Statistics, see pp. 145 to 154.)

Statistics. On January 1st, 1896, there were in the schools and pavilions 990 patients, viz., 630 males and 360 females.

				Males.	Females.	Total.
Admitted during the year	 	***		83	57	140
Discharged			- 1	54	51	105
Died			- 1	25	12	37
Remaining December 31st, 1896			- 1	634	354	988
Highest number resident on any one day	 			631	363	994
Lowest ,, ,, ,,				619	345	964
Average during year	 			629.1	350.8	979-9

Admissions. During the year there have been admitted 83 males and 57 females, total 140. Of this number 32 are of the helpless crippled class, removed from any possibility of remedial benefit. Fifty-seven are of the "fair grade" class, and will derive distinct benefit from the special methods of teaching. Fifty-one of a lower grade are capable of improvement in a lesser degree.

Of the whole number admitted 53 are epileptic.

Discharges. To the adult asylum have been transferred during the year 27 male and 29 female patients above the age of 16.

There have been discharged recovered 14, viz., five males and nine females, a larger number than in any previous year, but, as I have stated in earlier reports, these cases do not come under the category of idiot or imbecile—they are rather those on the border line—of unstable mental equilibrium, easily unhinged when exposed to adverse influences, but, placed in favourable surroundings, they regain their normal physical and mental condition, and are fit to be returned into the custody of their relatives.

The death rate is again low, viz., 3.77 per cent. of the average number resident. This is satisfactory when it is considered that of the entire population no less than 400 are of the helpless crippled class, and of greatly impaired vitality.

Of the 988 patients resident, 368 are epileptic.

Staff. Among the staff no important change has occurred during the year.

Viz. :—Medical staff 2 Nursing staff 109 Teaching staff 11 Other staff 55		number of stat	oloyed	 		177
Teaching staff 11	Viz. :-	-Medical staff	 	 	2	
0.1		Nursing staff	 	 	109	
Other staff 55		Teaching staff	 	 •••	11	
		Other staff	 	 	55	

(Signed) FRANCIS H. WALMSLEY, M.D.,

Medical Superintendent.

IMBECILITY STATISTICS—DARENTH SCHOOLS AND PAVILIONS.

Table I.—Showing the Admissions, Re-admissions, Discharges, and Deaths during the Year 1896.

			NAME OF THE PARTY	Males.	Females.	Total.
In the Asylum, January 1st, 1896	tolde	Bate lo		630	360	990
	Males.	Females.	Total.			
Admitted for the first time during the year (direct from the several Parishes & Unions)	82	- 56	138			
Re-admitted during the year	1	1 %	2			
557	00000			83	57	140
Total under care during the year				718	417	1,130
AN ARIBILITAR II SENS	12/0					
D'-11	Males.	Females.	Total.			
Discharged— Recovered	5	9	14			
Improved	16 6	9 4	25 10			
To other Asylums of Board	27 25	29 12	56 37			
Died	20	12	01			
Total discharged (for various reasons) and	lied du	ring the y	ear	79	63	142
Remaining in the Asylum, December 31st,	1896			634	354	988
Average numbers resident during the year				629.1	350.8	979-9
Highest number resident on any one day				631	363	994
Lowest number resident on any one day				619	345	964

Table II.—Showing the Admissions, Re-admissions, and Discharges from the opening of the Asylum to the present date, December 31st, 1896.

	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Admitted during the period of 22 years (di- rect from the several Parishes & Unions) Re-admissions Admitted from other Asylums of Board		1,076 42 211	2,704 96 441			
Total of Cases Admitted				1,912	1,329	3,241
	Males.	Females.	Total.			
Discharged— Recovered Improved Not improved To other Asylums of Board Died	49 139 157 504 429	52 103 79 427 314	101 242 236 931 743			
Total discharged and died during the 22 y	ears			1,278	975	2,258
Remaining December 31st, 1896				634	354	988
Average numbers resident during the 22 y	ears			378.6	247:9	626:5

TABLE III .- Showing the Admissions, Discharges, and Deaths, with the Mean Annual Mortality and proportion of Recoveries per cent. of the Admissions

	1	0.			_							,	1000.				-
		ge of	.feto	T 57	6.45	3-07	2.83	4.63	8.75	09-9	4.70	0.40	3-77				
		Percentage of Deaths on Average Numbers Resident,	emales.	A S	5.51	4.04	3.24	6.83	4-06	6-40	5.75	000	3.41				
	-	Deatl Num	fales.	4 6.9 06.4	6.9	2.46	2.57	3.18	3.55	02.9	4.50	1-90		digha		-	
		re of	.fato	r 12	1-14	1-30	1-15	0-01	7.40	6.87	3-12	8.44	10-0		4.5		
		Percentage of Recoveries on Admissions.	emales.	A 16.00	:	1-62	0-95	0.01	5.17	9.73	00-9	5-26	15-78	ilk.			
	_	Re	dales.	(2.10	1.06	1.85	:	66-6	4.54	1.20	10.52	6-02				
		abers	fetol,	649-4	1.089	614-8	777-8	885.0	8-626	946-1	947-1	978-1	979-9	Reiler	Jan	e il	
		Average Numbers Resident.	emales.	1 00		249-3	9.118	921-0	369-4	854-9	856-9	365.4	820-8		The state of	250 m	1
		Avera	Males.	1 -	417-3	365.5 2	466-4 3	534-0 8	590-4 3	592-5 3	590-9 8.	607-7 30		eluit	E STAN	27 7	0
17.	-	ar.	Total,		562 41	647 36	841 46	987 58	978 59	947 59	963 59		8 629-1				_
subsequent year.	- interior	December 31st in each year.	Pemales.		221 5	256 6	337 8	363 93	369	857 9	368 96	960 990	354 988				
psedne	- d	Dec	Males.	4	341	391	504	574	509	290	262	630	634 3				
ns n		-	Total.	31	41	19	31	41	36	63	45	24	25				
Jor each		Died.	Females.	14	12	10	10	24	15	23	20	12	12				
01.00	_		Males.	17	29	6	12	17	21	40	25	12	25				
1001, 484	1	ther ms of	Total	9 81	3 170	9 35	:	:	42	89	51	02	56	Starc	-37	en h	
100	261	To other Asylums of Roard	Males. Females.	69 69	4 46		:		18	#	13	45	53	10000			-
Bear	ed.		Total	3 12	22 124	8 26	21 21	18	8 11	7 45	98	8	10 27				_
	arg	Not Im-	Females.	:	00	00	0	-	00	6 1	01	00	4	1,000			-1
101 6160	Discharged	D'A	Males.	00	14	10	130	=	10	11	1-	10	9				-
3	Die	rd	Total.	16	122	1-	Ξ	16	00	17	00	01	100			-	-
		Im. proved.	Remajes.	10	10	4	00	9	-	-	01	6	0				-
1		pr	Males.	=	1-	00	S	01	.:	6 1	-						1
1		- 6	Total.	00	01	01	00	-	10	=	4	13 10	4 16				-1
		Re.	Females.	00	. :	-	-	-	00	7	00	00	9.1	-	Alle	dinj.	1
1		1 8	Males.	1 5	0.1	-	01	:	1-	4	-	10	10	100			-
		i.	Total.	146	175	156	252	172	185	160	128	154 1	140	Saire	411		-
1		Total.	Females.	62	08	62	104	64	80	42	210	20	22		-		-
		-	Males.	75	92		94 148 1	801	11	88	11	97	98				-
1	ed.	ner d.	Total	:	61	:	7.0	:	:	:	64	C/1	:			_	-1
	Admitted	From other Asylums of Board.	Lemales.	:	1 40	:	42	;	:	:	:	-	:				-
1		E. E.	Males.	:	21	:	020	:	:	:	C.1	_	:				1
1		From Parishes and Unions.	Total.	146	111	156	158	64 172	58 135	160	126	152	140				-
		From arishe Unio	Females.	69	40	62	622	6.4	500	120	51	56	57				-
		Pand	Males.	84	7	75	96	108	11	88	12	96	88	-			-
1			-	-	-	:	:	-	-	-	1						1
		Year.		1887								1895	1896				- APRILLED BON
					-		_	_						100-01/a	- This price	CHILDS.	1

Table IV.—Classifying, under the usual denominations of Mental Disease, the Mental Condition of the Patients admitted during the Year 1896 direct from the Parishes and Unions.

Mental Di	SEASES		Males.	Females.	Total.	
Idiocy				 18	8	26
Idiocy and Epilepsy				 18	10	28
Imbecility				 30	23	58
Imbecility and Epilepsy				 13	12	25
Of Weak Mind				 4	4	8
Totals			***	 83	57	140

Table V.—Classifying, under the usual denominations of Mental Disease, the Mental Condition of the Patients resident in the Asylum on December 31st, 1896.

Mental Diseas	ES.	,	Males.	Females.	Total.	
Idiocy			 94	80	174	
Idiocy and Epilepsy			 172	88	260	
Imbecility			 285	147	432	
Imbecility and Epilepsy			 77	31	108	
Of Weak Mind			 6	8	14	
Totals		:	 634	354	988	

TABLE VI. -Showing the History of the Annual Admissions since the opening of the Asylum, with the Discharges and Deaths, and the numbers -

	ing ir's	918,	Total,	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	988
	Remaining of each Year's	Admissions, December 31st 1896.	Females.	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	354
	Re	Adi	Males.	73 883 883 883 883 883 883 883 883 883 8	634
			Total	28 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	743
	sions	Died.	Remales.	4500024692929292010292921021	814
	dmis		Males.	0912120889889918891112944	429 8
	r's A	r d.	.lstoT	: 1 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	931 4
	Total Discharged and Died of each Year's Admissions to December 31st, 1896.	To other Asylums of Board.	Females.	25 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	427 9
	ged and Died of each Ye to December 31st, 1896.	P. P. P.	Males.	: 124 - 15 - 15 - 15 - 15 - 15 - 15 - 15 - 1	504 4
	d of	ed.	Total.	844400000000000000000000000000000000000	2383
- 1	Die	Not Improved	Females.	20-00 : un4-00-00 :+ :40 :0 :	79.2
	ond Dece	L III	Males,	4488000448 : 1881388888 : :	
December 31st, 1896	to 1	_	Total	20181181181181181181	101 139 108 242 157
t, 1	nar	Improved.	Females.	5:40001-0001001-0000-4000	3.5
318	isel	Idu		F148F488888884898489 :	910
er	G P		Males,		113
emp	Fots	Recovered.	Total		10
00		cov	Females,		52
		Re	Males.	: 10 2 14 10 4 01 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	49
90	P	-:	Total.		37
nin	an,	Died.	Females.		12
ma	ged		Males.		25
of each year's admissions remaining on	Of each Year's Admissions, Discharged, and Died, in 1896.	her ms	Total.	:::::::+0401-404-00000-::	90
sion	Dis	To other Asylums of Board.	Females.	: 1 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	29
mis	ns, 1 1896.	To As of	Males.	[] [] [] N N N N N + N N N N - W N N -]	27
ad	E. S.	ed.	Total.	::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	10
ar's	Admissi Died, in	Not Improved.	Females.		4
ye	S A	Imi	Males.		9
ach	ear	-	Total.		50.0
of e	h Y	Improved.	Females.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6
	eac		Total.	1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 4 1 2 4	416
-	Of	Becovered.	Females.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	9 17
		Beec	Males.		10
			Total.	377 120 120 136 143 1143 1145 171 90 171 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 17	3241
		om ner he	Females.	57 + : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	211
		From other Asylums of the Board.	Males.	12 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	305
			Females-	24444444444444444	42,230
	à.	d Unions. Relapsed cases.	Males.	=	70
	Admitted	Cases. 1	Females.	56 51 52 52 52 52 52 52 52 53 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55	
	A	From Parishes and Unions New Cases. Relapsed cases.	Males.	283383383888888888888888888888888888888	1628 1076
		2 /			
			Year.	1875 1876 1877 1877 1880 1880 1880 1880 1890 1890 1890 1890	Totals

Table VII.—Showing the Causes of Death during the year 1896, together with the Ages of the Decedents, calculated from the Ages stated on the Orders of Admission.

	Und	er 16	1	6.	1	7.	1	8.	1	9.	20 to	29.	Т	OTAL	
CAUSES OF DEATH,	Males.	Females.	Total.												
CEREBRAL OR SPINAL DISEASES—			1		100		25		1	eway					
Epilepsy Cerebral Sclerosis	10	4	3		1		1	1	1	1	2	3	18	9	27
Cerebral Sclerosis	1												1		1
		3 36	-1-	-	200	F H	IS H	-							
THORACIC DISEASE-						1	100								
Tuberculosis	1	1			1							1	2	2	4
Bronchitis											1		1		1
Cardiac Disease	2												2		2
The second	-	27	- 01			-	34	-							1
AEDOMINAL DISEASE—	-		18	2 61			70						K		
Muco Enteritis Shock — Poisoning	1												1		1
by Jeye's Fluid		1												1	1
Totals	15	6	3		2		1	1	1	1	3	4	25	12	37

Table VIII.—Showing the length of Residence in those Discharged Recovered, and in those who have Died during the year 1896.

	n			1	RECOVERED.		- Lenge	DIED.	
ENGTE	I OF K	ESIDEN	CE.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Under									
From		Month	8			*.*	1	***	1
,,	3 ,, 6						1		1
,,	6 ,, 9						2	2	4
	9 ,, 12	,,,							
,,	1 ,, 2	Years		1	2	3	3	2	5
"	2 ,, 8	,,		1	2	3	2 4	1	3
,,	3 ,, 5	,,,			1	1		2	6
,,	5 ,, 7	,,			2	2	. 3	1	4
**	7 ,, 10	,,		2	2	- 4	5	3	4 8
,, 1	0 ,, 12	,,					3		3
,, 1	2 ,, 14	,,		1		1			
,, 1	4 ,, 16	,,					1	1	2
,, 1	6 ,, 18								
., 1	8 ,, 20	,,					***		
							Remahas		
		Totals		5	9	14	25	12	37

Table IX. -Showing the Ages of Patients resident in the Asylum on December 31st, 1893, 1894, 1895, and 1896; calculated from the Ages stated

947 963 990 986 Total. TOTALS. 357 898 360 Females. 854 590 595 680 634 Males. 80 Females. : : 70 to Males. : : : : 60 to 70. Esmales. : Males. : : : : 50 to 60. Eemales. : Males. : : : : 40 to 50. Eemales. 01 04 03 : Males. : : : 30 to 40. Females. 15 17 17 6 Males. : : 00 Admission. 20 to 30. 18 Females. 25 40 33 Males. 40 51 56 7.1 Females. 20 13 12 10 fo 20. Males. 30 on the Orders 28 28 18 Females. 1-14 19. Males. 35 28 31 29 Females. 16 13 12 10 18 Males. 27 26 47 23 Females. 17 17 21 18 17. 94 Males. 52 23 36 Eemales. 33 83 24 53 16. 47 Males, 25 27 36 Under 16. Females. 217 238 ... 420 Males. Years ending December 31st. : 1893 1895 1894 1896

Table X.—Showing the Ages of the Admissions, Discharges, and Deaths during the Year 1896, calculated from the Ages stated on the Orders of Admission.

		THE	ADM	nsst	ONS.			THE	DISC	CHAR	GES.			THE	
AGES.		n Par		Asyl	om ot ums o Board	fthe	Re	cover	ed.	Imp	emove proved herwi	l, or	D	EATE	
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Fotal.	Males.	Females.	Total.
From 5 to 10 years	48	30	78					2	2	1	1	2	5	3	8
., 10 ,, 15 ,,	33	22	55				1	1	2	2	5	7	7	3	10
·,, 15 ,, 20 ,,	2	5	7				3	5	8	35	20	55	10	2	12
,, 20 ,, 30 "							1	1	2	11	9	20	3	4	7
,, 30 ., 49 ,,											6	6			
,, 40 ,, 50 ,,											1	1			
,, 50 ,, 60 ,,															
Total	83	57	140				5	9	14	49	42	91	25	12	37

Table XI.—Showing the Departments where Patients were employed on December 31st, 1896.

MALES.		FEMALES.	
Departments.	Numbers Employed,	Departments.	Numbers Employed.
Blocks	76	Laundry	17
Stores	1	Work Room	3
Kitchen	2	Helpers in Blocks	37
Tailors' Shop	34	Needlework in Blocks	5
Shoemakers' Shop	36	Centre	3
Mat Making	4	Mess Room	2
Grounds	-1		
Total	154	Total	67
Total No. of Patients in Asylum	634	Total No. of Patients in Asylum	354

Table XII.—Showing the probable causes of the Mental Condition of the Patients admitted during the Year 1896.

		CAUS	ES.				Males.	Females.	Total.
I. CONGENITAL-									
Fright of mothe	r durir	ig pre	gnancy				 . 4	1	5
Anxiety and wo	rry of	mothe	er durin	g preg	maney		 7	4	11
Fright of mothe					-	labour	 6	2	8
Fright and anxie									
labour							 3	1	. 4
Tedious or diffic	ult lab	our					 4	2	6
Injury to mother	r durin	g pre	gnancy				 4	1	5
Excessive intemp	peranc	e of pa	arents				 9	10	.19
Unknown							 5	3	8
Premature labour	r						 4	2	4
II. ACQUIRED—									
Epilepsy						11.7	 8	5	13
Convulsions							 1	1	2
Measles							 1	1	2
Severe injury to	patien	t					 4	3	7
Fright of patient							 4	6	10
Illness of patient							 5	1	6
Unknown							 7	4	11
Not ascertained						***	 7	10	17
	Tota	als					 83	57	140

In 25 cases there was a history of Intemperance in the parents.

In 22 cases there was a history of Insanity in the parents or near relatives.

In 5 cases there was a history of Imbecility in the parents.

In 10 cases there was a history of Epilepsy in the parents.

In 19 cases there was a history of Consumption in the family.

In 3 cases the parents were first coasins.

In 4 cases the parents were second cousins.

Table XIII.—Showing the progress of Children in the School during the year 1896.

				CL	ASSI	ES.			Tetal.
	side of the Beart Committee of the Fin	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Total.
	SPEECH—								
1 2 3 4 5	Make no attempt	 4 20 28	 5 28 16	 18 22 9	4 12 24 		 24 15 12	 40 13 2	4 103 122 67
	READING-	ning	to man	And I					
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Know neither words nor letters Know a few letters Know a few words at sight Know all the letters Know easy words by spelling Read fairly Read well	 15 26 11	 24 25 3	23 26 	24 6 6 4 	14 5 	13 22 24 	34 17 13 	34 68 6 93 94 29
	SPELLING-		1100	1414	1011				
1 2 3 4 5	Spell words of two and three letters Spell words of one syllable Spell words of one and some of two syllables All words of one, two, and some of three syllables Words of one, two, and three syllables	 6 36 10	36 13 3	80 19 	15 	4	24	6	79 61 13 36 13
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	WRITING— Do nothing but scribble Form strokes on a slate Form letters on a slate Form letters in copy-books Write easy words in copy-books Write fairly Write well, dictation, transcription	 7 18 27	 18 10 22 2	7 25 19	18 18 4	12 5 2 	12 39 	30 4 23 	79 4 135 12 63 29
	KINDERGARTEN DRAWING—	-			+				
1 2 3 4 5	No knowledge of drawing at all Can draw straight lines Can draw outlines Can draw objects Beyond the above	 10 26 16 	2 10 33 7 	19 4 20 6 	 10 10 	16 3 	20 10 22 	6	57 34 117 42
	ARITHMETIC—		Inte						
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Recognise neither objects nor number Objects and numbers to 5 Objects and numbers to 20 Work addition sums Work easy sums in simple rules Simple and compound rules Beyond the above	6	2 12 27 10 3 	2 30 8 9 	10 20 6 	14 4 1 	20 30 4 	40 20 	88 104 30 46 44 9 3

Table XIII. (continued)—Showing the progress of Children in the School during the year 1896.

	EDICAL SUPPLEMENT.	IM		CI	ASS	ES.	E	19)	
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Total.
1 2 3 4 5	Cannot count at all Count to 10 Count to 50, and repeat to 3 × 12 Count to 100, to 6 × 12 and questions Count to 1,000, to 12 × 12 and all questions The above, and money tables	 15 28 9	 2 3 40 4 3	 7 19 28 	11 20 10 	13 5 	10 20 30 	6 50 4 	40 104 66 78 32 12
1 2 3 4 5	Recognise no colour	 1 21 6 24	4 24 22 2	2 9 21 17 	10 10 20 	6 10 2 1 	6 39 15 	30 22 4 	54 95 107 46 24
1 2 3 4 5	CLOCK LESSON— Know neither hours nor minutes Know some of the hours Know hours and quarters Know the above and 5 minutes Can tell time to a minute	 15 38	3 14 24 6 5	10 25 14 					13 39 63 6 44
1 2 3 4 5 6	Know a few coins and weights Know all coins and some weights All coins and weights		13 28 3 7 1	44 5	3 		4		57 53 24 7 11 10

APPENDIX III.- MEDICAL SUPPLEMENT.

With the object of securing greater symmetry in the reports of the medical superintendents of the fever hospitals, it has been decided that for the future all matters possessing a purely medical interest shall be published in the form of a collective Medical Supplement, instead of being embodied, as hitherto, in the annual report which it is the custom for each of the medical superintendents to present to the committee of management of the hospital under his control.

The medical superintendents have long felt that the arrangement which has been in force up to the present was capable of improvement, as the unrivalled field of pathological observation provided in the hospitals of the Board has hitherto received but scant justice, and quite inadequate expression.

The Supplement will be edited by two of the medical superintendents to be chosen by their colleagues, and the editors will be responsible for the allotment of the space at their disposal.

It is intended that the Supplement shall contain various contributions from medical officers at present in the service on subjects connected with infectious disease, reports of cases and autopsies which present points of special interest, and those of the statistical tables which are of a purely technical character.

Owing to the lateness in the year at which the decision to issue a separate Medical Supplement was decided upon, it has been found impracticable to attempt much in the present instance beyond the revision of the tables dealing with the complications and intercurrent infections, and the inclusion of a review of the post-scarlatinal diphtheria cases which arose during the year.

We trust, however, that the new arrangement will tend to enhance the medical value of the Statistical Committee's Reports.

(Signed) F. FOORD CAIGER, E. W. GOODALL,

Editors for 1896.

I. COMPLICATIONS.

The tables numbered I. to III. show the number of cases of scarlet fever, diphtheria, and enteric fever respectively in which some recognised complication supervened during the course of the attack, and Table IV., the number of cases in which two separate infectious diseases were coexistent at the time of admission.

No attempt has been made to indicate the relative incidence of the various complications at each hospital, as the proportion of patients who were transferred to one of the convalescent hospitals at Gore Farm or Winchmore Hill (the Northern) showed considerable variation, as did also the stage of the attack at which the different patients were transferred.

The percentage incidence on the total cases of each disease, however, is shown, and as they comprise more than 20,000 attacks, the tables are not devoid of significance.

Table I.—Showing incidence of Complications amongst 15,176 cases of Scarlet Fever completed during the year 1896.

1													
		Eastern.	North- Eastern.	North- Western.	Western.	South- Western.	Fountain.	South- Eastern.	Brook.	Gore Farm.	Northern,	Total.	Percentage Incidence.
Otitis Albuminuria Adenitis (of cor Rheumatism Nephritis Abscess (oth Mastoid) Tonsillitis (of cence) Stomatitis Broncho-pneum Bronchitis Relapse of Diser Mastoid Abscess Pneumonia Cervical Celluli Laryngitis Pleuritis Pericarditis Pericarditis Corneal Ulcer Empyema Meningitis (Diphtheria	convales-	267 41 101 84 84 50 21 11 23 33 7 20 5 6 6 6 3 4 4 5 1	393 514 137 112 145 99 22 19 19 30 30 18 16 12 8 6 7 7 3 2 1 1 5	244 82 72 31 30 47 5 4 12 14 3 11 3 5 2	326 98 93 59 57 36 43 32 26 15 10 8 6 6 4 2 9 1 3 6 6 6 4 3 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	235 77 172 119 47 7 25 16 15 17 9 8 1 1 2 8 2 3 2 	284 116 122 69 64 53 21 48 59 21 3 13 6 5 8 4 4 3 7	166 73 56 89 60 41 23 20 27 24 14 5 8 8 7 8	140 87 65 27 14 22 8 3 3 12 5 7 2 4 	62 27 53 32 8 21 109 35 8 10 16 6 14 	173 47 13 14 28 74 124 5 6 6 39 1 11 1 3 4 1 1	2,290 1,162 871 635 523 404 351 321 197 182 114 93 73 47 42 40 30 30 15 13	150 76 57 41 34 26 23 21 11 7 6 4 3 2 11 11 7 6 4 11 11 7 6 4 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1
Chickenpox Measles Whooping Coug Rötheln Erysipelas Enteric Fever Tuberculosis	h	59 9 11 8 	. 13 39 16 5 	43 12 4 	34 27 4 2 	24 20 26 14 1 1	55 9 16 10 6 1	37 15 37 5 	10 16 11 	169 17 1 7 1 	261 260 25 59 1	705 486 167 107 73 6 5 4	4.6 3.1 1.1 6 4 03 03 02

In the above table, by the term "albuminuria" is meant albuminuria simply, unattended with other symptoms referable to the kidneys. By "adenitis" is meant an apparently primary inflammation of one or more of the cervical lymphatic glands, appearing during convalescence; not the early gland infiltration which often involves the cellular tissues also, and which, being directly dependent upon the faucial ulceration, may be regarded as a symptom of the original attack.

It is probable that, at some of the hospitals, cases of adenitis which have suppurated have been returned under the heading "Abscess other than mastoid."

Of the intercurrent infectious diseases shown in this table, the cases of post-scarlatinal diphtheria form the subject of special review (see page 158).

Table II.—Showing incidence of Complications amongst 4,296 cases of Diphtheria completed during the year 1896.

	Eastern.	North- Eastern.	North. Western.	Western,	South. Western.	Fountain.	South- Eastern.	Brook.	Gore Farm.	Northern.	Total.	Percentage Incidence.
Albuminuria Paralysis Broncho-pneumonia Pneumonia Nephritis Relapse of Disease Scarlet Fever Chickenpox Measles Whooping Cough Enteric Fever	363 136 25 3 2 6 33 2 2	No accommodation for Diphtheria.	351 100 20 2 2 3 18 19 6 13	292 120 16 5 4 7 91 3 2 5	241 100 4 2 1 8 38 1 5 1	562 111 28 3 11 13 66 2 5	421 272 14 9 2 26 66 5 19 2	66 24 3 9 5	No accommodation for Diphtheria.	2 20 2 4 67 25 4 	2,298 883 110 24 24 76 384 57 41 23	53:4 20:5 2:5 :5 :5 1:7 8:9 1:3 :9 :5 :02

In the above table, the term "albuminuria" includes all cases in which the faintest trace of albumin was detected in the urine at any time during the patients' residence in hospital.

The term "paralysis" is comprehensive, and includes all degrees of impairment of muscular power, from weakness of palate merely to a widespread loss of power in the trunk and limbs. A loss of patellar reflex simply is not held to be a sufficient qualification for the term.

The term "relapse" connotes an actual return of exudation.

Of the intercurrent infectious diseases, the incidence of scarlet fever, viz., 8.9 per cent., appears very high. A fertile source is the introduction into the ward of a case of diphtheria, which is subsequently found to be peeling from scarlet fever. The frequent occurrence of this risk may be inferred from an examination of Table IV. In this table it is seen that in more than 50 per cent. of the cases in which patients were recognised on admission to be suffering from a second infectious disease, the coexistent diseases proved to be scarlet fever and diphtheria; and when regard is paid to the frequency with which unrecognised cases must be admitted, owing to the difficulty attaching to their early detection, and the special susceptibility to scarlet fever evinced by children convalescent from diphtheria, it is not surprising that the incidence is high.

Table III.—Showing incidence of Complications amongst 611 cases of Enteric Fever completed during the year 1896.

men a Cairiada o yil.	Eastern.	North- Eastern.	North- Western.	Western.	South- Western.	Fountain.	South- Eastern.	Brook.	Gore Farm.	Northern.	Total.	Percentage Incidence.
Hæmorrhage Perforation Phlebitis Pneumonia Pleuritis Peritonitis Periostitis Broncho-pneumonia Abscess Parotitis Nephritis Nephritis Dementia Relapse of Disease Specific Infectious Diseases Scarlet Fever	4 4 4 3 2 2 1 1 1 1 	No accommodation for Enteric Fever.	10 3 2 4 2 2 4 2 4 2 1	6 5 5 3 4 1 3	14 7 7 1 1 2 1 2 1 24 1	No accommodation for Enteric Fever.	15 9 1 7 8 7 4 6 1 1 1 16 3 1	4 2 2 2 1 2 6 2 1	No accommodation for Enteric Fever.	No accommodation for Enteric Fever.	53 30 21 20 16 14 7 7 7 4 4 2 73 7 3	8.6 4.9 3.4 3.2 2.6 2.2 1.1 1.1 1.1 6.6 6.3 11.9 1.1 4

In the above table the term "peritonitis" means peritonitis unconnected with perforation, and, therefore, not usually of a septic character.

The "parotitis" referred to is not specific parotitis.

In recording instances of "relapse" in enteric fever, it is unfortunate that so much difference of opinion exists among different medical men as to what degree of development of the symptoms may be held to justify the term "relapse." The word "relapse" here is meant to imply a re-access of fever, which may be taken as the expression of a recrudescence of the specific enteric process, not merely a return of pyrexia.

Table IV.—Showing number of Cases in which two separate Infectious Diseases were coexistent on admission into the Acute Hospitals during the year 1896.

DISEASES.	Eastern.	North- Eastern.	North- Western.	Western.	South. Western.	Fountain.	South- Eastern.	Brook.	Total.
Scarlet Fever and Diphtheria Scarlet Fever and Whooping Cough Scarlet Fever and Chickenpox Scarlet Fever and Measles Scarlet Fever and Rötheln Scarlet Fever and Enteric Fever Diphtheria and Measles Diphtheria and Whooping Cough Diphtheria and Chickenpox	46 22 13 5 7 5	10 28 17 13 4 2 	37 8 14 2 2 3 1 4	43 5 8 8 1 8 5 4	30 11 4 5 1	73 12 1 2 1	59 20 4 3 19 8 1	2 5 5 1 	300 111 66 37 5 4 40 22 10
Total	99	74	71	82	51	89	114	15	595 { in 20,083 cases, or 2.9 per cent.

In the above table, the bacteriological test has been nearly always taken as the criterion in the diagnosis of diphtheria. In many of these concurrent attacks, the diagnosis of scarlet fever has rested entirely upon the appearance of typical desquamation subsequent to admission.

II. POST-SCARLATINAL DIPHTHERIA, 1896.

The first ten of the following tables demonstrate on a uniform basis of classification certain facts connected with the incidence and mortality of post-scarlatinal diphtheria in each of the ten fever hospitals during the past year.

It is obvious that no valid conclusion can be drawn as to comparative incidence of the disease amongst the total patients treated in each individual hospital, because the proportion of the scarlet fever patients admitted into the acute hospitals who were transferred to one of the country hospitals to complete their convalescence showed considerable variation, viz., from 53.3 per cent. of the admissions at the Western Hospital to 27.7 per cent. at the Brook Hospital.

The death rate, however, of those cases which actually arose in each of the hospitals is strictly comparable, and will be found in Table XI., which deals with the total number of attacks which occurred during the year.

EASTERN HOSPITAL.—Table I.—Post-Scarlatinal Diphtheria, 1896.

		3202.		74 A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	A MINIO			Dipinition to y		-
No.	Initials.	Sex.	Age.	Ward.	Date of Onset of Scarlet Fever.	of	after	Nature of Attack.	Result	t.
1	J. B.	M	7	Faith	Sept. 30, 1895	Oct. 21, 1895	16	Faucial	R	
2	E. S.	F	2	Courage	Oct. 3, ,,	Nov. 3, ,,	31	Nasal	R	
3	W. K.	M	7	,,	NY 1	Dec. 1, ,,	30	Faucial	D	
4	A. M.	M	6	Mercy		,, 3, ,,	49	Faucial and Nasal	R	
5	A. M.	F	5	Courage		,, 9, ,,	28	Faucial		
6	A. F.	M	4	Норе	Dec. 11, ,,	Jan. 1, 1896	16	Faucial & Laryngeal	R	
7	E. R.	F	7	Courage		1, 2, 1,	16	Faucial	R	
8	A. B.	F	10	Hut	,, 14, ,,	,, 3, ,,	17	** *** ***		
9	I.S.	M	2	Courage	13 2 11	,, 4, ,,	29	11		
10	S. N.	F	5	** ***	. 7	,, 6, ,,	17			
11	L. P.	F	4	Joy	,, 31, ,,	,, 15, ,,	13			
12	P. D.	M	7	Mercy	Nov. 8, .,	., 17, .,	64			
13	T. H.	M	4	Courage	Jan. 3, 1896	., 22, .,	15	Faucial & Laryngeal		D
14	A. C.	F	4	Hut		,, 22, ,,	34	Faucial, Nasal, and Laryngeal	R .	
15	H. B.	M	6	Joy	,, 29, ,,	., 24, ,,	25	Faucial and Nasal	R .	
16	E. R.	F	12	Hut	., 11, .,	Feb. 2,	52	Laryngeal & Nasal	1	D
17	C. U.	M	8	Faith		,, 6, ,,	4	Faucial	R .	
18	F. S.	M	13	Honour		,, 18, ,,	47	,,	1 12	
19	E. E.	F	3	Joy	We the second of	., 19, .,	28	Nasal	R	
20	D. P.	F	5	Норе	Feb. 2, ,,	,, 20, ,,	17	Faucial	R .	
21	R. C.	F	2	Joy		,, 23, ,,	36	Faucial and Nasal	R .	
22	R. A.	F	2	Норе		,, 24, ,,	29	Faucial		
23	A. V.	F	4			,, 27, ,,	85		R .	
24	N. T.	F	7	Courage	,, 10, ,,	Mar. 8,	58			
25	W. E.	M	5	Temperance		,, 11, ,,	16	Faucial and Nasal		
26	A. H.	F	3	Fortitude	,, 14, ,,	,, 11, ,,	23	Faucial & Laryngeal		D
27	M R.	F	4	Hope	,, 15, ,,	Apr. 3, ,,	47	Faucial and Nasal		
28	R. S.	M	6	- 43 11-	Mar. 11, ,,	,, 4, ,,	22	Faucial		
29	D.N.	F	3	Truth	Jan. 14, ,,	,, 4, ,,	78	Nasal		
30	J. H.	M	1	Норе	Feb. 9, ,,	,, 6, ,,	54	Faucial and Nasal		100
31	A.G.	F	4	Temperance		,, 6, ,,	20	,, ,,		
32	N. G.	F	7	Courage		21 7, 21	17	Faucial		
33	F. B.	M	13	Mercy	Apr. 8, ,,	,, 19, ,,	10			
34	Н. В.	M	6	Temperance		June12, ,,	22	Nasal		12.2
35	R. P.	F	11	Fortitude	Apr. 17, ,,	,, 13, ,,	57	Faucial		
36	G. W.	M	6	***	June 2, ,,	,, 18, ,,	14	Faucial and Nasal		
37	A. A.	M	4	m. 12	May 29, ,,	,, 19, ,,	20	19 39 ***		
38	R. K.	M	7	Faith		July 4, ,,	14	11 33 ***		
39	M. A.	M	111	Joy	Sept.16, ,,	Nov. 10, ,,	47		R	111

NORTH-EASTERN HOSPITAL.—Table II.—Post-Scarlatinal Diphtheria, 1896.

No.	Initials.	Sex.	Age.	Ward.	Date of Onset of Scarlet Fever.	Date of Onset of Diphtheria.	Days after Admission	Nature of	Attack.	Result
1	A. P.	F	8	5	Sept. 5, 1895	Nov. 3, 1895	60	Faucial		R
2	N. K.	F	6	5	Oct. 19, .,	,, 15, ,,	21	**		R
3	T. T.	M	7	21	,, 31, ,,	Dec. 2,	27	11		R
4	T. L.	M	5	21	Nov. 8,	,, 22, ,,	40			R
5	R. H.	F	3	11	,, 3, ,,	,, 00, ,,	38			R
6	H. F.	M	2	11	Dec. 3, ,,	., 23, .,	15	**	***	R
7	W. C.	M	4	11	Sept.13, ,,	., 24, .,	97	111		R
8	F G.	F	3	11	Oct. 4, ,,	,, 27, ,,	85	**		R
9	D P.	M	112	12	., 14, .,	,, 27, ,,	72	**		R .
10	S. B.	M	2	13	Nov. 18, "	,, 29, ,,	31	Faucial &	Laryngeal	1
11	A. J.	M	4	19	Dec. 10, ,,	Jan. 1, 1896	20	**	**	R .
12	M. R.	F	4	9	Nov. 3, ,,	,, 3, ,,	53	11	111	R .
13	A. W.	M.	6	19	Dec. 5, ,,	11 4, 11	25	44	***	R .
14	V. H.	M	12	17	Jan. 14, 1896	Feb. 6, ,,	21	Faucial		
15	A. C.	F	8	9	,, 18, ,,	,, 12, ,,	24		Laryngeal	
16	J. C.	M	1/2	20	Feb. 13, ,,	Mar. 16, ,,	31	Laryngea	1	
17	A. J.	M	1/2	20	,, 29, ,,	,, 22, ,,	37	- 11		
18	N. A.	F	2	13	,, 19, ,,	Apr. 4, ,,	41	Faucial &	Laryngeal	1111
19	G. H.	M	4	20	28, ,,	,, 13, ,,	25	Faucial	*** ***	
20	J. H.	M	21	2	Mar. 6, ,,	,, 25, ,,	50		Laryngeal	
21	E. M.	M	4	13	May 10, ,,	June 11, ,,	29	Faucial		R .
22	K. W.	F	4	4	July 6, ,,	July 28, ,,	19	***		
23	B. B.	F	8	10	,, 18, ,,	Aug. 9, ,,	7	***	***	
24	V. M.	F	2	4	,, 27, ,,	Sept. 5, ,,	34	***	_ *** **	
25	E. W.	F	3	.7	Sept. 3, ,,	,, 9, ,,	5		Laryngeal	
26	E. F.	M	30	17	Aug. 11, ,,	,, 30, ,,	42	Faucial		
27	M. M.	F	9	10	,, 28, ,,	Oct. 17, ,,	46	**	***	
28	G. W.	F	2	12	Sept.24, ,,	., 26, ,,	29	**	***	
29	E. H.	F	1	4	Oct. 6, ,,	Nov. 17, ,,	41	11	***	
30	W. B.	M	11	18	Sept.23, ,,	,, 17, ,,	47	**	*** ***	
31	A. B.	F	25	6	Oct. 26, ,,	,, 23, ,,	.17	"		R .
32	A. W.	M	10	19	1 , 1, ,,	,, 24, ,,	49		Laryngea	
33	A. K.	M	7	19	,, 24, ,,	,, 26, ,,	30	Faucial	*** ***	
34	W. E.	M	7	19	,, 11, ,,	., 30, ,,	46		*** ***	R .

NORTH-WESTERN HOSPITAL.—Table III.-Post-Scarlatinal Diphtheria, 1896.

No.	Initials.	Sex.	Age.	Ward.	Date of Onset of Scarlet Fever.	Date of Onset of Diphtheria.	Days after Admission	Nature of Attack.	Result.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	E. J. W. W. A. H. C. H. H. H. A. B. M. H. L. B. A. J. A. R. R. F. B. F. E. E.	F M F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F	5 2 6 4 3 5 6 1 5 5 4 3 5 1 7 6 1 7 7 6	E A B A A A E B B No. 3	Jan. 15, 1896 Feb. 21, ,, June 1, ,, ,, 10, ,, ,, 10, ,, ,, 17, ,, July 7, ,, Aug. 13, ,, ,, 26, ,, Sept. 23, ,, ,, 29, ,, Oct. 13, ,,	Feb. 1, 1896 Mar. 13, ", July 12, ", ", 6, ", 15, ", 29, ", Oct. 3, ", Aug. 25, ", Sept. 13, ", Oct. 16, ", Nov. 11, ", ", 3, ",	17 20 41 26 35 42 88 12 18 23 43 21	Lamond	R R D R D D R D R E

WESTERN HOSPITAL .- Table IV .- Post-Scarlatinal Diphtheria.

	11 1213	TEL	., 1	OSTITA	LL.—TABLI	E IV.—Pos	t-Scarla	tinal Dip	hther	ria		
No.	Initials.	Sex.	Age.	Ward.	Date of Onset of Scarlet Fever.	Date of Onset	Days after Admission	Nature of				ult.
1	E. W.	P	0				-					
2	T. H.	F	3	8	Nov. 5, 1895	Nov. 28, 1895	5	Laryngeal			R	-
3	R. R.	M	2	11	,, 12, ,,	Dec. 7, ,,	17	Faucio-lary	rngeal		R	1111
4	F. S.	F	3	14	Dec. 4,	,, 11, ,,	21	Faucial		***	K	(11)
5	N. P.	F	3	9	Dec. 4, ., Feb. 3, 1896	Mar. 5, 1896	9 28	27			R	111
6	S. A.	F	1	2	,, 12, ,,	A rom A	49	Faucio-lary			K	177
7	A. G.	F	2	11	,, 18, ,,	Mar. 4, ,,	12	Laryngeal Faucio-lary	meson I		R	D
8	E. S.	M	13	14	,, 24, ,,	,, 29, ,,	30				R	
10	L. S. G. M.	F	5	12	Mar. 6, ,,	May 1, ,,	56	Faucial	**		R	
11	E. O.	F	5	11	,, 15, ,,	Apr. 2,	17	**			R	111
12	H. S.	M	11	13	Apr. 2, ,,	,, 27, ,,	23	Laryngeal	i.,		R	44.
13	Н. Н.	M	511	9	, 13, ,,	May 13, ,,	29	17	***			D
14	E. P.	F	-5	12	17, 17, 11	Ann 90 "	17	. "	***	***	R	100
15	F. W.	M	3	2	0.4	Apr. 29, ,, May 31, .,	22	Faucial	***		R	8
16	H. W.	M	4	9	,, 26, ,,	, 18, ,,	9	"			R	D
17	A. E.	F	5	4	,, 27, ,,	,, 10, ,,	12	"		**	R	***
18	M. R.	F	3	8	May 1, ,,	June 23, ,,	51	Faucio-lary	ngeal		R	
20	F. A. S. H. M.	F M	3	8	,, 3, ,,	May 27, ,,	21	Faucial			R	
21	V. P.	F	3 14	9	,, 3, ,,	June 29, ,,	51	"	***		***	D
22	F. E.	F	10	3	,, 11, ,,	July 18, .,	65	**		***	R	***
23	M. P.	F	2	13	,, 17, ,,	June 5, ,,	17	"			R	
24	N. O.	F	4	14	0.5	July 18,	25	Faucio-lary			R	111
25	C. N.	M	- 5	3	90	Investo.	51 16	Faucial Faucio-lary	monos I	***	R	
26	A. V.	F	3	3	June 1, .,	, 24, ,,	22			2021	R	D
27	T. C.	F	11	2	,, 15, ,,	July 7, ,,	22	***************************************			R	***
28	M. R.	F	19	11	,, 17, ,,	11 27 11	10			***	R	
30	E. C. A. J.	F	5	8	,, 17, ,,	,, 7, ,,	10		***		R	
31	J. M.	M	3 3	8	,, 20, ,,	,, 20, ,,	25		***		R	
32	N. C.	F	3	3 3	,, 21,	Aug. 6 .,	40		***	100	R	***
33	G. M.	F	9	3	,, 22, ,	July 14, ,,	19		***		R	***
34	E. S.	F	5	3	3.6	Aug. 7, ., July 7, .,	43 35		413	***	R	100
35	L. S.	F	2	13	July 2, "	Amer O	25		***	***	R	****
36	C. M.	M	2	3	,, 3, ,,	July 30, ",	16			***	R	***
37	H. M.	F	6	13	,, 10, ,,	Aug. 9, ,,	25 .		***		R	
38	E. B. W. L.	F	2	14	,, 19, ,,	,, 19, ,,	30				R	
40	D. B.	F	3	3	,, 20, ,,	,, 17, ,,	25		***		R	***
41	E. B.	F	8	8	,, 23, ,,	,, 11, ,,	18			***	R	
42	F. B.	M	4	3	,, 24, ,, ., 26, ,,	,, 12, ,,	20 20				R	***
43	A. B.	F	7	13	,, 20, ,,	0	11		***		R	***
44	C. G.	F	14	3	,, 31, ,,	,, 30, ,,	30		***		R	
45	A. S.	M	7	10	Aug. 5, ,,	,, 30, ,,	23		***		R	***
46	A. M.	M	4	2	,, 6, ,,	Sept. 5, ,,	29				R	
47	M. P. R. T.	F	-12	3	,, 8, ,,	11 2 11	22	T. or married and I			R	
49	E. S.	F	149	13	,, 9, ,,	Aug. 22, ,,	11	Faucio-lary	and the second		R	
50	L. L.	F	9	8	,, 9, ,,	,, 29, ,,	15	Faucial			R	***
51	A. F.	F	8	14	, 16, , 17, .,	Sept. 4, ,,	7	13			R	
52	F. P.	M	2	8	9.00	,, 19, .,	31 23		•••		R	
53	B. O.	F	2	14	17, 17,	,, 4, ,,	15		***	***	R	
54	A. K.	M	3	3	,, 21, ,,	,, 13, ,,	18	Faucio lary	nereal		R	***
55	R. H.	F.	21	8	11 99	., 12, .,	13		ngear		R	***
56	M. R.	F	1	8	6, 26,	Oct. 4, ,,	37	Faucio-lary	ngeal		R	
57	L. T. A. C.	F	6	14	Sept. 2, ,,	Sept.18, ,,	14				R	
59	L. H.	M	6	14	, 15, ,	Oct. 3, 11	11	Blancoin I		101	R	
60	L.S	F	5 2	9 13	11 22, 11	18, ,,	20	**			R	
61	L.F.	F	3	8	,, 25, ,, 25,	Nov. 4 "	36				R	
62	F. G.	F	20	8	9/0	Oct. 15 ,,	16	Faucio-nasa			R	
63	J. P.	M	9	10	Ont 10	60.	9				R	***
					Oct. 13, 11	1, 50, ,,	10				K	

SOUTH-WESTERN HOSPITAL.—Table V.-Post-Scarlatinal Diphtheria, 1896.

No.	Initials.	Sex.	Age.	Ward.	Date of Onset of Scarlet Fever.	Date of Onset of Diphtheria.	Days after Admission	Nature of Attack.	Res	ult.
1	W. L.	M	5	Haygarth	Sept.18, 1895	Nov. 14, 1895	54	Faucio-nasal	R	
2	F. M.	M	1	Harvey	Nov. 28,	Jan. 7, 1896	35	Laryngeal	R	***
3	G. F.	M	1	Soper		,, 1, ,,	25	Faucio-laryngeal		D
4	M. W.	F	3	Wilkins	., 7, .,	9,	30	Faucio-nasal	R	111
5	E. P.	M	4	Havgarth	,, 15, ,,	Dec. 28, 1895	8	21 21 11	R	
6	C. D.	M	5	Wilkins	, 22, ,,	Feb. 9, 1896	47	Faucial	R	***
7	F. A.	M	9	Haygarth	Jan. 7, 1896	Jan. 29, ,,	18		R	
8	L. C.	F	5	Haminer	10	Apr. 6, ,,	80	Faucio-nasal	R	
9	S. M.	M	S	South	O.F.	May 00	59	Faucio-laryngeal	R	
10	F. L.	M	9	73	12.1. O	Ame O	52	Laryngeal	R	
11	A. A.	F	6		4.00	Man 0	26	Faucio-laryngeal	R	
12	G. P.	M	9	44	7.0	30	29	WAS COLUMN TO THE REAL PROPERTY OF THE PERTY	7.5	
13	J. F.	M	3	Charack	,, 12, ,,	,,, 13, ,,			R	****
14		F		South	,,, 21, ,,	Apr. 5, ,,	43	Faucial	23	***
	R. S.		13	Wilkins	Mar. 4, ,,	Mar. 30, ,,	25	33		***
15	J. S.	F	6	Wilkins	" 4, "	., 21, ,,	16	99		***
16	H. D.	M	3	South	,, 17, ,,	Apr. 8, ,,	19			***
17	A. B.	M	4	Bostock	,, 20, ,,	May 31, ,,	71	Faucio-nasal	R	***
18	M. M.	M	7	Haygarth	July 18, ,,	Aug. 10, .,	20	Faucial		***
19	F. F.	F	10	Lockyer	,, 21, ,,	,, 13, ,,	19	Faucio-laryngeal	R	410
20	V. W.	M	7	Haygarth	Aug. 2, ,,	,, 25, ,,	9	Faucial	R	***
21	E. P.	F	9	North	,, 12, ,,	., 29, ,,	16	Faucio-nasal	R	***
22	A. M.	M	5	Devon	,, 23, ,,	Oct. 11, ,,	39	Faucial	R	
23	D. M.	F	2	Lockyer		Nov. 27,	69	** ***		D
21	W. S.	M	2	Haygarth	Oct. 13, .,	., 4, .,	19	Faucio-nasal	13	***

FOUNTAIN HOSPITAL,—Table VI.—Post-Scarlatinal Diphtheria, 1896.

No.	Initials.	Sex.	Age.	Ward.	Date of Onset of	of	Days after	Nature of	Attac	k.	Resul	t.
					Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria.	Admission					
1	M. D.	F	2	8	Dec. 23, 1895	Jan. 7, 1896	13	Faucial	***	444	R .	
2	C. T.	M	4	8	Oct. 23, ,,	,, 11, ,,	65	**	***			
3	P. R.	F	8	3	,, 16, ,,	Nov. 24, 1895	31	**	212	***		
4	J. H.	M	7	10	,, 19, ,,	., 7, ,,	14	3.9	20	***		
5	Н. В.	М	11	9	,, 25, ,,	Jan. 1, 1896	53	**	111	***		10
6	S. F.	M	91	11	., 27, ,,	Feb. 4, ,,	91	11		3.		
7	G. T.	F	44	8	Nov. 4, "	Jan. 6, ,,	46	33	***			
8	A. L.	M	4	8	,, 5, ,,	Dec. 6, 1895	23					**
9	H. S.	F	3	8	,, 9, ,,	,, 26, ,,	26	Faucial &	Laryng	eau	10	8.0
10	A. P.	M	3	8	,, 15, ,,	,, 22, ,,	31	**	11		111	**
11	T. B.	M	4	8	,, 20, ,,	Jan. 14, 1896	52	33	**		Th	**
12	E. A.	F	4	6	27, ,,	,, 12, ,,	46	T	**		D	**
13	A. T.	M	3	6	Dec. 7, ,,	,, 1, ,,	22	Faucial	***	***	10	
14	E. J.	M	4	8	,, 14, ,,	Man 10	20	11	100	***	15	**
15	C. P.	M	5	10	,, 14, ,,	Mar. 10, ,,	86 20	**	***	411	7.5	
16	P. S.	M	3		,, 16, ,,	Jan. 9, ,,		**	***	200	11	**
17	F. M.	M F	6	9 3	,, 20, ,, .	,, 1, ,,	8 16	Faucial &	Lagune	ten	T)	
18	J. M.		4 -	10		, 15, ,, Mar. 5, ,,	59	Faucial			73	**
19	A. C.	M F	4	7	The second of th	11	48			***		Ď
20	C. D.	F		ś	T2-3- (1)	12ab 00	18	33	***		13	
21	L. D.	M	6	10		Man 0	31	11	***	284	R	
22	C. C.	F	8	5	,, 4, ,,	10	29	27	***	***	11	
23	E. R.	F	5	3	., 6, .,	Date 10	33	33	***	***	13	**
24	M. A. A.	F	2	5	0	Man 20	29	***	***	***	11	
25	W. A.	F	5	8	0	35 22	90	31	***	***	111	**
26	M. J. P.	F	110	6	7.64	Pak 00	11	11	***	***	R	**
27	V. W. F. L.	M	3	9	9.00	A same of	51	Faucial &	Laryno			Ď.
28 29	A. C.	F	5	9	10	Man 11	20	Faucial			23	
30	W. H.	M	3	8	35 30	May 00	71			3	R	
31	L. H.	F	4	2	Feb. 23, ,,	Mar. 18,	92	22			R .	
32	A. C.	M	17:	1	,, 24, ,,	Amu =	41	"			R	
33	H. J.	M	4	6	Mar. 3, ,,	Apr. 5, ,,	28	"		8	D	
34	H. J.	M	5	10	,, 26, ,,	May 6, ,,	37	Faucial &		eal	R	
35	E. H.	F	10	4	,, 29, ,,	,, 12, ,,	14	Faucial	***		R	
36	H. F.	M	1,3	S	Apr. 10, ,,	,, 10, ,,	30		100		R	
37	C. L.	M	3	9	,, 14, ,,	,, 28, ,,	44	Faucial &	Laryng	eal	R	
38	L. H.	F	6	- 4	,, 26, ,,	,, 11, ,,	13	Faucial			R	
39	S. H.	F	7	4	,, 27, ,,	,, 15, ,,	17	**	411		R	
40	A. T.	M	2	5	May 16,	June 26, ,,	35	Faucial &	Laryng	cal	R	
41	N, S.	M	9	11	,, 22, ,,	,, 13, ,,	21	Faucial	411	211	R	
42	G. E.	F	5	3	June 10, ,,	July 7, ,,	24	33	***		R	
43	A. S.	M	6	7	Aug. 8, ,,	Sept.13, ,,	30	33	***		R	-
44	F. P.	F	5	8	,, 10, ,,	,, 16, ,,	27	**	411		R .	
45	J. S.	E	3	7	,, 16, ,,	,, 6, ,,	17	99	***			D.
46	R. D.	M	4	11	,, 18, ,,	,, 16, ,,	25	55	414		R	
47	W. B.	M	5	11	,, 25, ,,	,, 27, ,,	32	11	***	-	R	
48	F. H.	F	8	8	Sept. 5, ,,	,, 19, ,,	10	**	494	***	R	
49	G. T.	M	6	10	Aug. 26, ,,	,, 24, ,,	21	15	***	***	R	
50	G. C.	F	5	8	Sept. 8, ,,	Oct. 30, ,,	41	13	119		R	
51	L. W.	M	5	12	,, 20, ,,	,, 16, ,,	23	22	***	340	R .	
52	M. W.	F	112	4	Oet. 7, ,,	.,, 31, ,,	17	33	***	***		D
53	E. B.W.	F	9	5	,, 22, ,,	Nov. 14, "	17	**	***	-550		
54	C. W.	F	14	3	,, 26, ,,	Dec. 4, ,,	37	23	++>			
55	V. H.	F	9	3	,, 28, ,,	Nov. 20, ,,	23	11	***		R	

SOUTH-EASTERN HOSPITAL.—Table VII.-Post-Scarlatinal Diphtheria, 1896.

No.	Initials.	Sex.	Age.	Ward.	Date of Onset of Scarlet Fever.	Date of Onset of Diphtheria.	Days after Admission	Nature of Atta	ck.	Res	ult
1	F. C.	M	3	18	Sept.16, 1895	Sept.29, 1895	13				-
2	L. D.	F	13	12	Nov. 13, ,,		17	Faucial	***	R	
3	H. M.	M	9	10	1	4	99	11	***	R	
4	H. W.	M	13	8			21	***	***	R	
5	E. H.	F	6	12	4	15	6	19	444	R	
6	M. H.	F	3	12	Oot 10	D 01	53	23 111	***	R	
7	M. G.	F	2	12	Asses E	Man 10	89	0. "		R	
8	E. W.	F	7	12	Charles One	70		Faucial and Vu	lval	R	
9	S. H.	M	3	10	Dan. 01	Jan. 26, 1896	16	Faucial	***	R	11
10	H. L.	M	2	13	N 12	Dec. 23, 1895	25	. 11	***	***	L
			100	-	Nov. 17, ,,	Dec. 20, 1880	34	Faucial, Nasal,	and	R	
11	C. R.	M	2	10	Dec. 24, ,,	Jan. 31, 1896	91	Laryngeal	-		
		100		***	2000 27, 11	Jan. 31, 1890	31	Faucial, Nasal,	and	***	I
12	F. W.	F	2	12	Feb. 6, 1896	Feb. 23, ,,		Laryngeal	1	1	
13	H. W.	F	3	11	Dec. 19, 1895		14	Faucial	***	***	1
				**	Dec. 10, 1000	Jan. 28, ,,	35	Faucial, Nasal,	and	***	1
14	A. J.	F	4	13	Nov. 26,	10		Laryngeal			
15	C. J.	M	7	9	Feb. 23, 1896	P. 16, ,,	47	Faucial	127	R	
16	E. B.	F	2	6	lan vo	Feb. 28, ,,	3	Faucial and Na	sal	***	1
17	A. W.	F	3	12	Dec. 18, 1895	,,, 7, ,,	16	Faucial		R	
18	L. G.	F	4	11	4.4	Jan. 1, ,,	11	1)		R	
19	J. A.	F	9	12	19, 14, m	Feb. 22, ,,	63	33 444		R	
20	M. O.	F	2	3	Jan. 7, 1896	,, 15, ,,	37	99 111		R	
21	W. D.	M	5	Hut	,, 10, ,,	Jan. 28, "	13	1) 111	18.	R	
22	E. W.	F	7	12	Dea 7 1905	Febr 15, ,,	28	19 444		R	4.0
23	F. S.	M	s	9	Dec. 7, 1895	Jan. 22, ,,	32	11		R	
24	O. A.	M	3	3	,, 5, ,,	Dec. 23, 1895	13	11		R	
25	F. A.	F	13	11	Jan. 9, 1896	Jan. 18, 1896	8	11 110		R	
26	S. W.	F	11	10	Mar. 20, ,,	Mar. 25, ,,	4	11		R	
27	A. W.	F	10	11	Dec. 31, 1895	,, 10, ,,	67	11		R	
28	L. G.	F	5	11	Feb. 26, 1896	.,, 25, ,,	25	11		R	
29	A. M.	F	4		Apr. 22, ,,	May 27, ,,	34	. 11		R	
30	J. H.	M		11	June 29, ,.	July 8, ,,	8	11		R	
31	D. D.	F	6	11	July 25, ,,	Aug. 28, ,,	9	11 171	**	R	
32	F. B.	M	4	13	Aug. 20, ,,	Sept.11, ,,	17	19	***	R	
33	J. M.	M	6	11	July 5, "	Aug. 9, ,,	31	110		R	
34	C. M.	M	6	Hut	Aug. 21, ,,	Sept.15, ,,	24	Faucial and Nas		R	
35	J. D.	F	7	11	,, 16, ,,	,, 11, ,,	- 23	Faucial		R	
36	D. N.		21	11	, 1, 1, ,,	Oct. 2, ,,	37	.,	200	R	
37		F	3	11	June 18, ,,	Aug. 19, "	58	Faucial and Nas	al	R	
9.6	S. B.	P	8	11	Aug. 19, ,,	,, 27, ,,	6	Faucial		R	

BROOK HOSPITAL.—Table VIII.—Post-Scarlatinal Diphtheria, 1896.

No.	Initials.	Sex.	Age.	Ward.	Date of Onset of Scarlet Fever.	Date of Onset of Diphtheria.	Days after Admission	Nature of	Attack.	Result.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	A. J. L. H. A. B. H. H. P. W. E. H. B. W. E. E. A. L.	M F M M F F F	6 17 5 2½ 3 4 4 30 7 5	A 1 C 2 C 2 F 1 Q 2 D 2 B 1 B 1	Aug. 16, 1896 Sept. 5, ,, Aug. 29, ,, Oct. 8, ,, ,, 22, ,, ,, 30, ,, Nov. 11, ,, ,, 20, ,, ,, 13, ,, Sept. 27 ,,	Oct. 16, 1896 , 18, ", Nov. 24, ", Dec. 22, ", Nov. 17, ", Dec. 28, ", 2, ", 2, ", 19, ", 28, ", 17, ",	47 31 83 73 25 54 19 28 44 78	Faucial Nasal Faucial Nasal Laryngeal Faucial		R R D R

GORE FARM HOSPITAL.—Table IX.—Post-Scarlatinal Diphtheria, 1896.

No.	Initials.	Sex.	Age.	Ward.	Date of Onset of Scarlet Fever.	Date of Onset of Diphtheria.	Days after Admission	Nature of	Attac	k.	Res	sul
1	W. B.	М	6	M	Oct. 28, 1895	Jan. 1, 1896	4	Faucial an	d Nas	al	R	
2	E. L.	M	5	M	Dec. 14, ,,	,, 13, ,,	10	Faucial		1	R	
3	A. W.	F	4	P	,, 1, ,,	., 6, ,,	10	**	***		R	1
4	R. H.	M	9	1	, 11, ,,	Feb. 11, ,,	26	33.		***	R	
5	D. G.	F	.7	M	Oct. 26, ,,	Jan. 1, ,,	8	31	***	4.5	R	
6	G. C. R. J.	F	11	N	Nov. 22, ,,	,, 16, ,,	13	**	444	***	R	
7 8		F	7	N	Oct. 28, ,,	,, 6, ,,	3 16	31	***	2.50	R	
9	E. S. F. C.	F	10	Q	Dec. 19, .,	., 26, .,	13	33	****	***	R	
0	E. T.	F	10	Q M	Nov. 18, .,	4	7		***	***	R	
1	A. R.	F	5	P	TV-	4.00	21	27	***	***	R	
2	T. P.	M	9	Î	Sept.26, ,,	1010	2	37	***		R	
3	G. B.	M	5	0	Nov. 23,	Feb. 16, ,,	25	11			R	
4	T. B.	M	12	T	Jan. 11, 1896	Mar. 1, ,,	23		***		R	
5	F. C.	M	7	I	Dec. 10, 1895	Feb. 7, ,,	16	92	***	****	R	
6	E. B.	F	10	N	,, 31, ,,	,, 9, ,,	18	**		***	R	
17	J. S.	F	10	C	Jan. 4, 1896	,, 14, ,,	17	**		111	R	
18	E. C.	F	12	B	Dec. 23, 1895	16	12	33	***	444	R	
19.	E. W.	F	12	0	Nov. 26, ,,	Jan. 22, ,,	18	"	***	***	R	
20	J. H.	M	.7	1	Oct. 5, ,,	,, 30, ,,	9	***			R	
12	J. E.	M	10	T	Jan. 15, 1896	Feb. 22, ,,	12	2.5	***		R	
20	М. Н.	F	6	0	,, 12, ,,	Mar. 2, ,,	7	3.5	200		R	
23	A. T.	F	4	0	Dec. 25, 1895	Feb. 26, ,,	33	77	41.1	***	R	
14	R. D.	F	11	N	,, 31, ,,	17, 17, 11	5	**	***	111	R	
25	A. C.	F	6	8	8, 0	Jan. 24, ,,	. 13	31	***	- ***	R	
26	C. B.	F	10	0	Jan. 8, 1896	Feb. 28,	9 95			***	R	
28	B. I.	F	7	Q	,, 21, ,,	Mar. 11, ,,	25	3.3	415		R	
29	C. U. R. C.	F	7 9	Q	Dec. 21, 1895	Feb. 12, "	32	**	***	***	R	
00	A. L.	F	33	8	Jan. 12, 1896	Man 15	32	31	***	-	R	
1	C. F.	F	13	ő	,, 31, ,,	179	14	11	***	***	WV.	
12	E. S.	F	13	ŏ	Feb. 3,	177	21	**	***	200	R	
3	C. C.	M	5	A	Dec. 13, 1895	00	61	**	***		R	
14	M. N.	F	6	Q	26, 11	Feb. 22, .,	26	**			R	
35	R. L.	M	11	Î	Feb. 27, 1896	Apr. 15, ,,	23	"			R	
36	W. C.	F	9	Q	,, 13, ,,	,, 3, ,,	22	11			R	
37	E. V.	F	12	A	20	., 12, ,,	20	.,		***	R	
38	B. C.	M	7	I	Dec. 31, 1895	Mar. 16,	45	**	***		R	
39	A. D.	F	3	6	., 14, 1896	,, 22, ,,	52	**	***	-	R	
10	E. S.	F	8	. 0	Feb. 11, "	Apr. 17, ,,	25	**			R	l
11	E. B.	F	6	N	,, 17, ,,	., 20, ,,	14	11	***	***	R	
12	R. F.	F	4	E	,, 16, ,,	Mar. 25, ,,	10	**	***	***	K	
13	E. M.	M	4	Λ	Jan. 19, ,,	Apr. 7, .,	35	11	***		R	
4	A. L.	M	6	P	Dec. 7, 1895	Feb. 22, ,,	47	**	111	100	R	r
5	W. C.	M	5	A	Mar. 26, 1896	Apr. 29, ,,	2	15	***	**	R	
6	E. W.	F	8	C	Jan. 5, ,,	Feb. 19, ,,	99	5.9	210	10.0	R	E
7	M. C.	F	13	P	Mar. 17, ,,	May 28, 4,	52	23	***		R	ı
8	F. H.	M	21	J	Apr. 2, ,, Feb. 2, ,,	,, 21 ,,	23 69	33	***	**	R	ı
19	F. M.	M M	10	S B	T (0.0)	June 1, ,,	37	Faucial ar	of Nac	01	R	1
1	G. H. D. R.	F	11	B	Array A	May 28, ,, June 4, .,	36	Faucial		at a	R	
2	S. V.	M	7	I	3.5 cm 3.77	10	45		***	***	R	
3	R. H.	M	6	s s	Apr. 29, ,,	,, 10, ,,	15	11		***	R	
4	G. Y.	M	7	R	Mar. 14, ,,	May 29, ,,	17	11			R	
5	A. P.	M	5	S	,, 14, ,,	June 12, ,,	23	,,			R	
6	T. G.	M	4	0	21	May 28, ,,	37	33	***		R	
7	J. S.	F	11	M	Feb. 13, ,,	,, 18, ,,	26	33	***		R	
8	F. S.	M	13	I	Apr. 23, ,,	June 24, ,,	27	**	***		R	
9	F. R.	F	9	0	May 1,	,, 17, ,,	5	**	***	***	R	
0	Н. К.	M	15	T	,, 23, ,,	,, 26, ,,	7	**	***		R	
1	A. C.	F	13	0	Apr. 4, ,,	,, 10, ,,	35	22	***	***	R	
2	E. J.	F	4	F	., 2, ,,	,, 25, ,,	49	33	***	***		
3	E. G.	M	10	T	,, 23, ,,	,, 6, ,,	17	"	***	***	R	
4	R. C.	F	5	В	Mar. 27, ,,	,, 20, ,,	33	3.9	***	***	R	
5	N. L.	M	7	0 1	Apr. 26, ,,	, 13, ,,	23	,,	***	***		
6	E. J.	F	5	Е	,, 19, ,,	,, 27, ,,	43	**	***	***	R	
7	A. H.	F	6	A	,, 22, ,,	,, 11, ,,	15	53	***	***	4.4	
8	J. D.	M	4	S	,, 21, ,,	,, 28, ,,	24	33	***		200	
9	G. C.	M	3	F	Apr. 17, ,,	June 21, ,,	15	***	***	***		
0	E. R.	F	9 7	C	May 25, ,,	May 24, .,	9 3	"	***		R	
1 2	A. T. W. G.	M M	7 4	R	Apr. 23, ,,	Terror C	25	**	***	***	77.	
3	W. B.	M	7	R	Mar. 17, ,,	The second secon	30	**	***	***	R	
4	D. M.	M	5	R	Mary LA	029	7	**	***		R	
5	A. B.	M	8	J	Arrest OD		14	***			773	
6	J. J.	M	9	J	Taxana Ci	Aug. 2, ,,	55	**			R	
7	L. R.	F	4	Λ	July 13, ,,	114, "	9	**		***		
		F	7	A	Mar. 14,	June 1,	18	Faucial &	Laryng			1
8	G. P.											
	G. P. K. N.	F	4	A F	May 31,	July 3,	10	Faucial	***		R	Į

Gore Farm Hospital.—Table IX.—Post-Scarlatinal Diphtheria, 1896—contd.

No.	Initials,	Sex.	Age.	Ward.	1	Date of Onset	1	Nature of Attack.	Result.
81 82 83 84 85 86 87	A. J. M. C. H. B. L. H. C. S. A. E. R. B.	F F M F M F	6 3 6 8 3 8 7	C A N A B A N	May 29, 1896 June 5, ,, May 17, ,, ,, 23, ,, Apr. 5, ,, June 3, ,,	June 21, 1896 July 8, ,, ,, 9, ,, ,, 17, ,, June 21, ,, July 21, ,, ,, 24, ,,	2 8 21 24 16 21 24	Faucial and Nasal Faucial and Nasal Faucial and Nasal	R R R
88 89 90 91 92 93 94	G. M. B. L. E. H. M. D. M. E. A. C. H. C.	M M F F F M	11 16 3 9 6 15	L K Q Q O I N	., 13, ., 18, ., Feb. 2, ., June10, ., 15, ., July 1, .,	,, 30, ,, ,, 30, ,, Apr. 9, ,, Aug. 2, ,, July 22, ,, Aug. 5, ,,	21 15 21 27 15 9	Faucial & Laryngeal Faucial	R R R R
95 96 97 98 99 100 101	R. B. S. G. L. P. H. W. C. H. A. B. A. C.	F M F M M	12 3 12 11 9	O J E I I	June 7, ,, May 22, ,, June 17, ,, ,, 26, ,, ,, 25, ,, ,, 28, ,,	July 6, ,, ,,, 21, ,, June 24, ,, Aug. 1, ,, ,, 25, ,, ,, 25, ,,	6 4 13 14 31 31 13	37 39 39 39	R R
102 103 104 105 106 107	E. S. A. L. W. J. D. H. H. T. F. J.	F M M M	8 4 6 14 7 9	A E J S J	July 31, ,, Apr. 25, ,, June 18, ,, , 30, ,, May 15, ,, June 18, ,,	,, 13, ,, Sept. 9, ,, July 14, ,, 20, ,, Aug. 9, ,, July 9, ,, Aug. 21, ,,	15 13 52 10 40 27 44	11 11 11 12	R R R R
108 109 110 111 112 113 114	S. S. H. W. D. C. C. C. J. R. E. G. E. S.	M M M M F F	4 10 5 5 3 8 5	A S S N P O B	July 2, ,, June 27, ,, ,, 6, ,, ,, 29, ,, July 5, ,, June 21, ,, July 24, ,,	July 16, ,, Aug. 1, ,, ,, 14, ,, ,, 14, ,, ,, 14, ,, ,, 26, ,,	2 16 35 11 15 10	Faucial and Nasal Faucial Faucial	R R R R
115 116 117 118 119 120 121	E. C. E. D. V. P. A. H. M. F. H. H.	M M F M F M	6 6 14 13 6 3 5	P O C R P B	Aug. 8, ,, May 3, ,, June 26, ,, ,, 18, ,, ,, 9, ,, July 10, ,,	,, 30, ,, ,, 14, ,, ,, 27, ,, 23, ,, Sept. 8, ,, ,, 5, ,,	5 77 40 54 70 31	Faucial	R R R R
122 123 124 125 126 127 128	R. T. E. H. A. N. D. Mc. H. J. O. S. R. C.	F M M M M M	5 4 8 5 6 4 17	B T B R Q	July 17, ,, May 18, ,, 27, ,, July 20, ,, June 30, ,, July 5, ,,	Aug. 17, ,, 14, July 25, ,, Aug. 27, ,, 9, July 20, ,,	47 3 57 37 9 40 16	Faucial and Nasal	R R R R R
129 130 131 132 133 134	W. R. A. S. F. B. F. M. C. C. E. H.	F F M M M	6 6 10 7 7 6	N P B S J	" 9, ", " 22, ", May 5, ", July 11, ", June 14, ", July 23," ",	Sept. 1, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	24 19 9 49 33 68 19	Faucial & Laryngeal Faucial & Laryngeal Faucial " Faucial and Nasal	R R R R R
135 136 137 138 139 140 141	E. B. G. D. E. W. F. B. F. C. E. K. L. H.	F F F M M	16 7 8 4 8 9 4	C C F J J	Aug. 11, ,, ,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	", 23, ", 19, ", ", 11, ", 11, ", 29, ", ", 23, ", ", 27, ", "	18 11 7 55 34 7 25	Faucial Faucial & Laryngeal Faucial Faucial and Nasal	R R R R R
142 143 144 145 146 147 148	R. L. G. B. E. B. A. P. H. M. A. B. E. H.	F F F M M	4 6 4 7 8 6	N Q A N O J J	June 26, ., July 16, ., Aug. 19, ., ., 23, ., Sept. 3, ., July 28,	Aug. 10, ,, Oct. 5, ,, Sept. 20, ,, ,, 29, ,, Oct. 4, ,, ,, 14, ,,	24 52 3 3 10 49 42	Faucial"	R R R R
149 150 151 152 153	E. D. J. Y. E. K. M. B. E. R.	F M F M M	4 0 5 4 4 8	CTP QS	Sept. 8, May 3, Sept. 19, July 14,	Sept.17, ,, Oct. 13, ,, Aug. 14, ,, Oct. 23, ,, Nov. 9, ,,	9 5 60 6 6	Faucial and Nasal Faucial Faucial & Laryngeal Faucial and Nasal Faucial, Laryngeal, and Nasal.	R R R R R
155 156 157 158 159 160	F. B. G. W. W. W. T. H. E. E. E. S.	M M M M F M	8 G 8 7 5 3	I I I B B	July 20, ,, Oct. 5, ,, Sept. 9, ,,	, 11, ,, 23, Oct. 12, Sept.19, Nov. 20, ,, 11, Oct. 20,	12 5 28 9	Faucial & Laryngeal Faucial & Laryngeal Faucial & Laryngeal Faucial & Laryngeal	R R R R R

Gore FARM Hospital. Table IX. - Post-Scarlatinal Diphtheria, 1896-contd.

No.	Initials.	Sex.	Age.	Ward.	Date of Onset of Scarlet Fever.	Date of Onset of Diphtheria.	Days after Admission	Nature o	f Attac	ek.	Res	ult.
161	F. S.	М	5	Q	Sept.20, 1896	Nov. 11, 1896	20	Faucial	***		R	
162	F. G.	M	51	1	,, 22, ,,	,, 11, ,,	14	**	***			300
163	W. P.	M	4	A	Aug. 10, ,,	Oct. 25, ,,	46	33	100	***		***
164	A. S.	M F	6	0	,, 19, ,,	,, 8, ,,	2	**	411	1111		***
165	E. A.	F	3	E	,, 8, ,,	11 22, 11	48	111	***		R	100
166	R. H.	F	10	В	,, 21, ,,	Sept.22, ,,	36	33	111			
167	E. G.	F	8	В	11 22, 11	Oct. 19, ,,	27	11			R	
168	N. M.	F	11	F	Sept.15,	,, 28, ,,	20	**			R	
169	F. P.	M	6	В	,, 15, ,,	,, 25, ,,	10	23		***	D	

NORTHERN HOSPITAL .- TABLE X .- Post-Scarlatinal Diphtheria, 1896.

Ño.	Initials.	Sex.	Age.	Ward.	Date of Onset of Scarlet Fever.	of	Days after Admission	Nature o	f Attac	ek.	Res	ult
1	E. A. P.	F	17	16	June 14, 1895	Aug. 10, 1895	30	Faucial			R	
2	E. I.	F	7	7	July 8, ,,	Sept.10, ,,	30	,,	***	***	R	
3	C. D.	M	10	17	Aug. 20, ,,	Oct. 3, ,,	8	**	***	***	R	
4	E. B.	F	51	16	Sept. 9, ,,	,, 8, ,,	7	11	***	***	R	
5	A. G.	M	9	17	Aug. 10, ,,	,, 12, ,,	23	33	***	***	R	
6	E. D.	F	3	5 11	,, 17, ,,	,, 12, ,,	30 47	**	***	***	R	13
7	F. L. W. C.	M	8 6	23	Sept.14, ,,	,, 15, ,,	10	>1	***	***	R	
8	M. P.	F	31	24	7.4	00	13	***	***	***	R	13
0	C. Y.	M	6	5	Aug. 29, ,,	Nov. 5, ,,	10	"	***	***	R	1
1	C. H.	M	4	16	July 8, ,,	,, 9, ,,	72	"		***	R	1
2	E. B.	M	5	23	Sept. 8, ,,	,, 9, ,,	31	,,	***	***	R	13
3	R. P.	M	37	10	,, 3, ,,	,, 12, .,	35	**	444	***	R	
4	W. H. S.	M	16	10	,, 16, ,,	,, 13, ,,	6	22	***	***	R	
5	E. B.	F	14	8	,, 22, ,,	,, 13, ,,	32	11		***	R	13
6	E. M.	F	10	23	,, 6, ,,	,, 13, ,,	21	11	***		R	
7	L. S.	F	5	23	,, 24, ,,	,, 13, ,,	15	Indiana.	tionet	P	R	1
8	F. Y.	M	4	D	Aug. 29, ,,	,, 14, ,,	20	Inflamma			R	1
	F. H.	M	5	16	., 15, .,	., 17, .,	47	Faucial	memor		R	Į.
9	H. H.	M	6	5	Oct 4	120	8	7.1	-	***	R	1
1	I. C.	F	6	7	Aug. 9, ,,	10	80	11		***	R	
10	M. V.	F	7	7	Sept. 2, ,,	7, 22, 7,	27	"	***	-	R	K
3	F. Y.	M	7	2	,, 7, ,,	,, 22, ,,	40	Fauces	inflam		R	
4	B. B.	F	10	3	Oct. 1, ,,	,, 99, ,,	20		**		R	
5	J. T.	F	13	7	Aug. 29, ,,	,, 23, ,,	24	Faucial			R	
6	P. H.	M	17	10	Oct. 19, ,,	,, 27, ,,	6	11	***		R	
7	Н. Н.	M	13	9	,, 28, ,,	,, 29, ,,	8	**	***	***	R	
28	E. G.	F	8	4	,, 7, ,,	,, 29, ,,	6	>>	***	111	R	
9	D. H.	F	11	8	,, 14, ,,	,, 30, ,,	7	11		***	R	16
0	L. M.	F	16	0	1, 1, ,,	,, 30, ,,	35	***	***	***	R	10
1	W. P.	M F	6	7	Aug. 18, ,,	n, 30, ,,	7	**	933	***	R	18
2	C. F. E. H.	F	14	16	Oct. 6, ,,	Dec. 4, ,,	8	**	***	***	R	12
3	E. F.	M	5	23	10	1, 4,	33	"	-01	***	R	13
5	M. H.	F	6	8	Nov. 2,		2	**		***	R	13
6	G. F.	F	5	17	Oct. 13, ,,	" 11, "	7	"			R	
7	E. P.	F	16	4	,, 28, ,,	,, 12, ,,	12	,,			R	
8	E. E.	F	41	3	Nov. 12, ,,	,, 17, ,,	3	11	***		R	13
9	A. G. C.	M	6	4	Oct. 7, ,,	,, 19, ,,	2	11			R	I
0	R. O.	F	12	12	Nov. 13, ,,	,, 21, ,,	8	_ "		***	R	1
1	S. M.	M	3	12	Oct. 20, ,,	,, 99, ,,	30	Faucial, Laryng toms fi two da	eal sy	mp-	R	
2	C. B.	F	4	8	Nov. 4, ,,	,, 24, ,,	12	"Faucial				10
3	W. H.	M	6	12	,, 2, ,,	,, 27, ,,	10	11			R	18
4	E. B.	F	5	12	Sept. 1, ,,	,, 27, ,,	62	**			R	
5	G. W.	F	10	12	Nov. 6, ,,	,, 28, ,,	15	11	- 222	***	R	
6	E. J.	F	6	3	Sept.29, ,,	,, 29, ,,	62	33	***	***	R	16
7	M. H.	F	6	7	Oct. 12, ,,	,, 30, ,,	17	**	***	***	R	1
8	H. S.	M F	7 3	10	Nov. 14, ,, Oct. 27, ,,	Jan. 3, 1896	14 27	11	***	***	R	
9	E. W. C. B.	F	11	7	4.00	,, 3, ,, ,, 5, ,,	54	"	***	***	R	13
0	J. C.	M	16	11	Clare 11	10	87	"	***	***	R	п
1 2	E. S.	F	3	1	, 18, ,,	,, 26, ,,	8	"		***	R	18
3	D. H.	M	2	12	Dec. 12, ,,	,, 28, ,,	Ĭ.	Faucial,		ryn-	R	
						1 1 15 -			d day,			1
					The second secon			two d		101		

^{*} Death due to measles.

Northern Hospital.—Table X.—Post-Scarlatinal Diphtheria, 1896—contd.

1	1	1	1				To April	,				
No.	Initials.	Sex.	Age.	Ward.	Date of Onset of Scarlet Fever.	Date of Onset of Diphtheria.	Days after Admission	Nature	of Atta	ek.	Res	sult.
54	W 12	1.								-		-
55	W. F. K. L.	M F	6	10 7	Nov. 30, 1895	Jan. 29, 1896	20	Faucial			R	
56	A. B.	M	15	10	Dec. 30, "	P.31, 31, ,,	46	33		***	R	
57	Н. В.	M	17	9	0	Feb. 3, ,,	10	.,,	***	***	R	
58	G. D.	M	5	18	,, 24, ,,	,, 4, ,, ,, 5, ,,	33 21	31	111		R	
59	F. F.	M	8	10	,, 14, ,,	,, 6, ,,	28	311	***	***	R	
60	M. B.	F	11	20	,, 8, ,,	,, 8, ,,	17	***	***	***	R	
0.1	G. B.	M	3	12	,, 11, ,,	., 8, ,,	29	Faucial,	with La	rvn.	R	
1					1 3 1 1				sympt			
62	F. F.	F	10	18	177			first o		777		
63	M. B.	F	24	3	, 17, ,,	,, 8, ,,	24	Faucial	***	***	R	
64	F. D. C.	F	6	1	,, 20, ,,	,, 9, ,, ,, 11, .,	15 38	**	***	201	R	
65	E. S.	M	6	4	Jan. 7, 1896	,, 12, ,,	6	**	***	***	R	***
66	J. F.	M	5	17	Dec. 21, 1895	,, 12, ,,	27	"	***		R	***
68	F. S. C. B.	F	19	7	,, 31, ,,	,, 13, ,,	13	"			R	
69	J. C.	F	14 10	7	Jan. 7, 1896	,, 16, ,,	19	***	***	***	R	
70	W. W.	M	7	25	,, 14, ,,	,, 18, ,,	11	**	***		R	
71	M. R.	F	11	2	21	,, 18, ,,	5 7	>>	***	***	R	
72	B. C.	F	8	2	Dec. 31, 1895	,, 19, ,,	12	**	***		R	
73	R. C.	F	8	12	,, 7, ,,	,, 19, ,,	19	**	***	***	R	
74 75	V. B.	F	5	20	Jan. 13, 1896	,, 20, ,,	8	**			R	
76	N. R. N. H.	F	18	12	,, 19, ,,	,, 21, ,,	7	"			R	
77	F. B.	F	10	2 2	,, 8, ,,	,, 21, ,,	21	**			R	
78	A. C.	F	13	19	July 20, 1895	,, 22, ., ,, 24, .,	14	**		***	R	
79	G. C.	M	3	2	Jan. 20, 1896	94	195 10	Y			R	***
80	E. H.	F	3	3	,, 18, ,,	07	5	Larynges Faucial		***	R	
81	A. H.	M	5	16	,, 24, ,,	Mar. 3, "	Day of		***	***	R	***
82	E 117	**					admission.	",	***	***		***
83	E. W.	F	3 3	.7	,, 16, ,,	n 4, n	19				R	
00	. u.	.11	0	16	,, 14, ,,	,, 6, ,,	24	Faucial,	with Lar	ryn-	R	
14.00	land and							geal	sympte	oms		
84	C. P.	F	6	17	_,, 16, ,,	,, 9, ,,	25	first d	8.00		-	
85	H. C. S.	F	6	1	Feb. 11, ,,	,, 11, ,,	2	Faucial	***	***	R	
86	E. M.	F	6	3	,, 4, ,,	,, 14, ,,	Day of	11	***	**	R	
ion-	la n						dmission.	11	1911	***	R	***
87	C. P. H. H.	FM	3	.7	Jan. 30, ,,	,, 14, ,,	20	**			R	
89	E. T.	F	8	17 5	Feb. 14, "	,, 18, ,,	36	**	***		R	
90	M. R. P.	M	8	11	Dec. 17, 1895	,, 19, ,,	9	11	***	***	R	
91	F. G.	M	12	11	Feb. 17, 1896	,, 20, ,,	Day of	11	***		R	
			1				dmission.	33	***	***	R	
92	J. C.	F	3	1	Jan. 25, ,,	,, 22, ,,	23			333	R	
93	A. P.	F	5	17	Feb. 24, ,,	,, 23, ,,	5	**			R	***
95	W. F. W. R.	M	4	3	Dec. 16, 1895	,, 24, ,,	59	11			R	
96	H. W.	M	8	11 9	Jan. 17, 1896 Feb. 25,	,, 25, ,,	40	***			R	
97	D. McG.	F	10	2	00	,, 25, ,, ,, 27, ,,	7	**	***		R	
98	B. C. S.	F	6	7	Jan. 14, ,,	97	24	31	***	***	R	
99	F. M.	F	12	17	Feb. 19, ",	,, 28, ,,	10	31	***	***	R	***
100	F. T.	M	10	25	Jan. 13, ,,	,, 28, ,,	37	"	***		R	***
101	H. F.	M	8	10	,, 12, ,,	Apr. 3, ,,	57	"			D	
103	W. G. C. C.	M M	12 10	11	,, 17, ,,	,, 4, ,,	40	**			D	***
104	J. P. P.	M	4	12	,, 23, ,, Mar. 7, ,,	,, 5, ,,	11	11			R	
105	Н. В.	F	3	1	Dec. 25, 1895	,, 6, ,,	45	11	***	***		
106.	W. O.	M	5	17	Feb. 26, 1896	,, 7, ,,	13	**	**	1000		
107	H. W.	M	7	10	,, 20, ,,	,, 11, ,,	9	**	***		TD:	
108	E. W.	M	11	11	Jan. 5, ,,	,, 13, ,,	28	"	***		D	***
109	J. S.	M F	6	7	Mar. 3, ,,	,, 20, ,,	17	11			D	
111	A. W. L. B.	F	9 4	18 20	Jan. 28, ", Feb. 11, ",	,, 23, ,,	64	33	***		D	
112	H. R.W.	F	3	16	May 17	,, 23, ,,	43	**			R	
113	W. H.	M	5	20	Feb. 2, ,,	30	53	11	***		R	
114	H. D.	F	5	18	Mar. 4, ,,	,, 26, ,,	18	11	***			***
115	F. M. S.	F	6	17 *	Apr. 7, ,,	May 3, ,,	4	"			D	
116	E. W.	F	7	16	Mar. 19,	,, 6, ,,	21	"			D	
117	L. S.	F	5	5	Feb. 22, ,,	,, 10, ,,	26	**	***		D	***
118 119	F. W. J. B.	FM	8 9	20 25	,, 8, ,,	,, 10, ,,	11	**			D	101
120	W. G. Y.	M	5	6	,, 6, ,,	, 13, ,,	69	11	***		R	
121	A. H.	M	11	25	May 04	,, 14, ., ,, 17, .,	48 31	. 11	***		R	
122	M. E.	F	10	1	,, 7, ,,	" 17. "	31	19	***		R	
123	N. L.	F	5	20	Apr. 3, ,,	., 21,	15	***	***		1.0	
124	F. S.	M	8	25	,, 2, ,,	,, 21, ,,	28	**	***		10	***
125 126	A. H. E. H.	F	6	17	Mar 5 "	1, 22,	23	***			D	
127	M. A. A.	F	31/4	6	Mar. 5, ,,	,, 24, ,,	54	,,			R .	
-	***********	-	-		11 20, 11	,, 24, ,,	37	**	***		10	

NORTHERN HOSPITAL.—TABLE X.—Post-Scarlatinal Diphtheria, 1896—contd.

No.	Initials.	Sex.	Age.	Ward.	Date of Onset of Scarlet Fever.	Date of Onset of Diphtheria.	Days after Admission	Nature o	of Attac	ek.	Res	sul
28 29 30	M. G. E. H. L. D.	F F	6 5 3	12 18 20	Mar. 25, 1896 Apr. 20, ,, Mar. 14, ,,	May 28, 1896 ,, 30, ,, ,, 31, ,,	41 24 25	Faucial	***		R R	
31 32	P. C. Y. N. T.	F	9	5 4	Apr. 1, ,, ,, 30, ,,	June 1, ,,	- 33	Faucial,	with Lar	ryn-	R	
33	A. S	F	7	17	Mar. 28, ,,	11 2 11	26	Faucia!	141		R	
34 35	G. B. G. C.	F	12 6	17 8	Apr. 27, ,, ,, 12, ,,	,, 2, ,, ,, 8, ,,	13 30	"	***	***	R	
36 37	P. B. H. E. W.	M M	10	9 8	,, 10, ,,	,, 8, ,,	31 14	11			R	1
38	J. M.	M	5	20	Apr. 6, ,,	,, 14, ,,	34	**	***		R	1
39 40	J. C. C. W.	F	7 3	6	Mar. 29, ,,	,, 14, ,,	51 41	**	***		R	1.
41	L. R.	F	7	16	Apr. 3, ,, May 23, ,,	,, 15, ,,	Day of	"	117	***	R	
42	T. K.	М	4	5	Ann Of	10	admission.				R	1
43	G. K.	F	34	7	May 18, ,,	,, 16, ,,	6	***		***	R	
44	A. B. E. M. S.	M F	6	6 12	,, 5, ,,	,, 16, ,,	18 20	>>	***		R	ľ
45 46	S. F.	M	6	5	Apr. 21, ,,	,, 16, ,,	28	"	***	***	R	16
47	L. G.	F	10	5	May 11, ,,	,, 19, ,,	17	**			R	I
48 49	L. N. M. S.	F	5 9	1 12	Apr. 23, ,,	,, 19, ,, ,, 19, ,,	31 92	"			R	1
50	M. E.	F	5	6	,, 27, ,,	,, 21, ,,	25	"			R	1
51	E. B. C. W.	M M	6	17 16	May 1, ,,	,, 21, ,, ,, 23, ,,	18 23	,,	***		R	
53	M. G.	F	6	8	Apr. 23, ,,	,, 24, ,,	35	"	100		R	I
55	F. H. M. O'C.	F	14 11	17 17	Way 9, ,,	,, 25, ,,	45 11	11		***	R	
56	D. I.	F	3	17	Apr. 24, ,,	,, 29, ,,	40	"			R	
7	H. W.	F	15	17	May 3,	,, 29, ,,	33	**			R	I
58	E. N. S. S.	F	11	17 17	Apr. 19, ,,	,, 30, ,,	34 14	11		***	R	ľ
(1)	E. M.	k	7	2	May 23, ,,	July 4, ,,	21	"			R	B
31	M. B. E. O'N.	F	6	8	June 2, .,	,, 4, ,,	29 11	"			R	k
53	D. C.	M	11	11	May 24, ,,	., 6, .,	4	"	***		R	ľ
64	A. H. I. R. M.	F	18	17	Apr. 25 ,,	,, 7, ,,	40 7	"	***		R	ŀ
65	R. G.	F	11	16	June 8, ,, May 12, ,,	,, 14, ,,	44	"	111	***	R	B
67	S. T.	F	9	16	Apr. 6, ,,	,, 18, ,,	32 2	11	***		R	
38	G. H. S. B.	F	15	8	June 4, ,, May 20, ,,	,, 19, ,, ,, 20, ,,	34	"	***	***	R	
70	F. C.	F	6	5	,, 28, ,,	,, 21, ,,	28	33	***		R	B
71 72	N. K. J. E. G.	F M	3	5	June 14, ,, May 1, ,,	,, 21, ,, ,, 23, ,,	30	Faucial, v geal sy two da	mptoms		R	
73	J. B.	M	9	9	,, 25, ,,	,, 24, ,,	35	Faucial		111	R	
5	A. V. G. W. A.	M	6 7	10 9	,, 21, ,,	,, 26, ,,	26 17	- "	***	***	R	ľ
6	R. K.	F	9	16	,, 6, ,,	,, 26, ,,	19	11	***		R	
7 8	A. F. H. P.	F M	3 4	17	May 31, ,,	,, 29, ,,	35 23	**	***		R	
9	N. B.	F	12	17	,, 29, ,,	,, 30, ,,	9	21			R	B
80	W. E. C. L.	F M	6	18 17	July 20, ,,	,, 31, ,,	8 58	,,			R	
2	F. B.	M	11	9	June 7, ,,	Aug. 1, ,,	8			***	R	
33	G. P.	F	7 9	6 10	., 15, .,	,, 3, ,,	24 26	**	***		R	
84 85	Н. А. М. Н.	F	7	21	May 14, ,,	,, 4, ,, ,, 5, ,,	34	"		***	R	
86	J. J.	M	12	9	June 21, ,,	,, 5, ,,	13	11	***		R	13
87	E. S. M. C.	F	3 13	6	July 11, ,, May 20, ,,	,, 6, ., . ,, 7, ,,	9 58	"		***	R	18
39	F. C.	F	9	1	June 20, ,,	,, 8, ,,	21	. "	***		R	
00	E. D. A. H.	M F	6 15	21 8	,, 19, ,,	,, 8, ,,	25 24	"	***	***	R	
12	T. T.	M	11	25	,, 3, ,,	,, 9, ,,	. 38	37			R	1
13 14 15	J. W. A. T. H. M.	M M F	5 6 4	5 4 18	July 17, ,,	,, 9, ,, ,, 10, ,, ,, 11, ,,	26 10 13	Tonsils	inflame		R R	1
96	A. P.	F	6	4	June 3, ,,	,, 12, ,,	25	Faucial	eretion.	***	R	
97	A. C.	M	7	11	May 6, ,,	,, 13, ,,	70				R	l,
08	C. W. E. T.	F	10	21 6	July 20, ,,	,, 13, ,,	8	**	***	***	R	1
60	J. S.	M	3	18	" 2, "	,, 17, ,,	19		compl Laryns	lica- geal	R	1

^{*} Death due to pericarditis, unconnected with diphtheria attack.

NORTHERN HOSPITAL.—TABLE X.—Post-Scarlatinal Diphtheria, 1896—contd.

-	-						Tal.	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			com	
No	. Initials	Sex.	Age.	Ward.	Date of Onset of Scarlet Fever.	Date of Onset of Diphtheria.	Days after Admissio	Nature	of Att	ack.	R	esult.
201	M. L.	F	8	0	Tul. 0 1000				_	-	-	
202	S. E.	M	4	8	July 9, 1896	Aug. 19, 1896	12	Faucial			. R	
203	E. P.	F	5	1	3, ,,	,, 19, ,,	11	**	***		. R	
204	B. R.	F	9	4	May 22, ,,	,, 21, ,,	66	23		***	. R	
205	A. O.	M	6	6	July 9, ,,	,, 21, ,,	14	***		***	R	-
206	T. C.	M	5	8	June 24, ,,	,, 21, ,,	14	11	100		R	
207	R. W.	F	34	4	, 1, 25,	,, 21, ,,	31	77	***		R	
208	S. F.	M		20	July 17, ,,	,, 22, ,,	11	**			R	
209	W. E.	M	5	21	June 21, ,,	,, 24, ,,	34	**	***		R	
210	L. N.	F	6	21	July 17, .,	,, 24, ,,	6	**	***		R	
211	T. B.	M	6	2	,, 17, ,,	,, 25, ,,	3	11			***	D
212			11	25	,, 1, ,,	,, 26, ,,	20	,,,	***		100	
213	L. S.	F	9	4	June 29, ,,	,, 26, ,,	32	11	***		R	
214	E. F.	F	.7	12	July 4, ,,	,, 29,	22	25	***		R	
215	C. S.	M	11	9	June 15, ,,	,, 31, ,,	52	23			R	
	S. J.	F	5	1	July 1e, ,,	,, 31, ,,	23	,,			R	
216	J. J.	F	3	1	,, 1, ,,	,, 31, ,,	23			***	R	
217	F. A.	F	31	5	,, 23, ,,	Sept. 3,	9	***			R	***
218	N. R.	F	5	1	,, 23, ,,	,, 4, ,,	20	"		***	R	***
219	G. N.	M	4	17	00		17	**	***	***	R	***
220	L. O.	F	13	18	0.5	0 "	4	**	100	***		***
221	C. F.	F	- 5	12	0.5	6	18	"	***	***	R	***
222	A. R.	M	51	8	0.0	10	6	19	***	***	R	
223	M. H.	F	17	8	Arme O	14	8	**	***	***	R	***
224	R. B.	F	10	2	Inno 92	10		31	***	***	R	***
225	B. W.	M	6	ĩ	0.0	9.0	43	23.	***	200	R	***
226	F. H.	M	5	2	Acres Till	Dich.	43	**	200	***	R	***
227	A. R. H.	M	11	25	4.00	11 22, 11	10	**	***	***	R	***
228	D. G.	F	48	1	,, 18, ,,	,, 23, ,,	6	11	***	1111	R	***
229	M. S. A. P.		11	11	,, 20, ,,	,, 23, ,,	8	79	***		R	111
230	A. S.	M			July 23, ,,	,, 24, ,,	27	**	1114		R	
231	E. H.	F	6	1	,, 24, ,,	,, 26, ,,	42	11	***	***	R	
232	A. P.	F	7	5	Aug. 10, ,,	,, 27, ,,	11	"	***		R	111
233			18	.7	June 8, ,,	,, 28, ,,	66	11	***		R	
234	J. McM.		3	12	Aug. 8, ,,	,, 28, ,,	47				R	
201	L. G.	F	5	16	Sept.22, ,,	,, 30, ,,	15	Faucial,	with la sympt	ryn- oms	R	
235	G. M.	F			Ann. 10	0.4 0		for tw	o days			
236	D. C.	F'	4	2	Aug. 18, ,,	Oct. 3, ,,	31	Faucial			R	
237	M. M.	F	5	2	,, 26, ,,	,, 4, ,,	8	11			R	
238	M. D.	F	11	4	,, 18, ,,	,, 5, ,,	23	***			R	
239			11	1	Sept.10, ,,	,, 6, ,,	3	**	1000	***	R	444
	B. M.	M	7	25	Aug. 9, ,,	,, 7, ,,	13	11			R	***
240	A. D.	F	3	6	July 4, ,,	,, 8, ,,	43		141		R	
241	W. B.	M	15	11	Aug. 26, .,	,, 10, ,,	16	**	***		R	
242	G. C.	M	11	11	July 12, ,,	., 12, ,,	7	**			R	
243	M. M.	F	31	12	Aug. 1, ,,	, 12, ,,	23	"		0.000	R	100000
244	G. B.	M	6	7	Sept. 9, .,	,, 15, ,,	6	"		***	R	***
245	F. F.	M	6	17	Aug. 19, ,,	,, 15, ,,	99	Faucial, w	ith Lar	Trans.	R	
								geal first da days,	sympte	oms	16	***
246	L. O.	F	13	16	July 25,	., 16, .,	44	Faucial			D	-
247	J. W.	M	31	1	Sant o	10	22	Fancial	th Ton		R	***
			1.5		sept. 8, ,,	,, 18, ,,	22	Faucial, w	ith Lar	yn-	R	***
								geal	sympto	nns		
								second	day,	for		
48	M. J.	F	0	1-	Aug. 10		000	two da	ys.			
49	W. H.	M	9	17	Aug. 18, ,,	,, 15, ,,		Faucial	***	***	R	
50	F. M.	M	14	11	, 2, ,,	,, 18, ,,	38	**	***		R	
51	G. O.		19	9	Sept.12, ,,	,, 20, ,,	5	37	***		R	
52		M	15	9	Aug. 10, .,	,, 21, ,,	48				D	
	H. B.	M	4	17	. 16	,, 21, ,,	28	,,			13	
53	H. C.	F	34	12	July 27, ,,	,, 25, ,,	39	11			R	
54	R. L	F	7	17	Sept.24, ,,	,, 25, ,,	5	**				
55	D. K.	F	7	17	,, 15, ,,	,, 26, ,,	6			1	100	
56	R. R.	M	9	.9	,, 17, ,,	,, 31, ,,	16		***	9	0	***
A. PK	K. M.	F	5	6		Jan 0	27	"	***	. 4		***
57	B. H.	M	6 .	17	Acres 600	40	16	11	114		1	
58	Mary Mary			17	Court 11	0.	11	**	***			
	H. G.	M	0									
58			6 31		Chick OF	01		11	100	I		20
58 59	H. G.	M	31	2	Oct. 25, ,,	., 21, ,,	Day of	"		1		Ď
58 59	H. G.				Oct. 25, ,,	., 21, ,,						

^{*} In this case the attack of diphtheria was coincident with a severe relapse of scarlet fever.

For the purposes of inquiry, Tables XI. to XIV. have been drawn up. They comprise the total cases occurring in all the hospitals arranged so as to show the incidence and mortality in respect to sex, age, time of onset, and seasonal distribution. Each table has been further subdivided to separate the croup cases from those in which the larynx was unaffected.

TABLE XI.—Sex, Distribution, and Mortality.

-	. 7						-			-	1111	170
Mortality	per cent.	9.6	3.1	89.61		25.0	20-5	7-55		5.0	5.1	
Ja.	Deaths.	-	11	18	00	10	00	18	Į-	11 61	36	-
Total.	Cases.	880	344	959	04	9	39	139	901	383 223	705	5.1
hern.	Deaths	61	99	10	5.0	•	0	0	0	01 00	10	1-9
Northern.	Cases.	104	146	250	61	1-	+	=		1111	261	1
Gore Farm.	Deaths.	0	1	-	_	0	0	0	0	0 1	1	19
Gore	Cases.	88	11	160	9.	00	9	6		8 8	169	
Brook.	Deaths.	0	0	0	0	0	-	-	100	0 =	-	10
Bro	Cases.	*	29	6		0	1	1	-	4 9	10	
ern.	Deaths	01	-	00	10	03	0	01	0	+	10	13.5
South- Eastern.	Cases.	13	81	23	50.00	01	0	01	100	2 81	500	13
itain.	Deaths.	0	00	00	6.2	-	0	1	7	- 00	4	91
Fountain.	Cases.	67	70	9	9	9	00	6	1111	89 57	223	1-
th- ern.	Deaths.	0	1	1	.0	0	1	-	9.	0 61	63	60
South- Western.	Cases.	15	9	18	5.9	4	01	9	9-91	16 8	24	90
ет.	Desths	01	0	61	-	01	1	00	· p	4 1	13	6-2
Western.	Cases.	15	98	45	1.4	7	=	18	16.6	22	8	1-
rth- tern.	Deaths.	0	1	1	9.0	1	1	01	rio.	- 01	00	23.0
North- Western.	Cases.	01	*	9	16.6	01	10	1-	28.2	+ 6	13	22
th- ern.	Deaths.	-	-	91	9	03	01	10	7	4 09	1-	20.2
North- Eastern.	Cases.	12	=	83	9.8	1-	7	Ξ	42.4	15	500	500
erm.	Deaths.	0	0	0	0	1	01	00	99	- 21	00	9.1
Eastern.	Cases.	15	19	22		01	60	10	0	12 21	8	
1171	di nomi	(Males	Females	Total	Mortality per cent.	Males	Females	Total	Mortality percent.	Males Females	Total	. Mortality per cent.
		I.e.	as Nass	cial and	Fau	'8	Case	(Angear	rel	.89.	All Cas	

General Incidence and Mortality. From the preceding table it is seen that 705 attacks supervened amongst 15,176 cases of scarlet fever completed during the year, an incidence of 4.64 per cent. Of these the larger proportion arose in the two convalescent hospitals (Gore Farm Hospital and the Northern Hospital,

Winchmore Hill), viz., 430 cases. In 79, or 11.2 per cent. of the total 705 cases, the larynx was implicated, giving rise to the symptoms of croup. The total casemortality was 5.1 per cent., that of the laryngeal cases 22.7 per cent., and that of the remainder 2.8 per cent.

These results are eminently satisfactory. It is true that the universal adoption of the bacteriological method of diagnosis during the last two years has led to the inclusion of a good many mild faucial attacks which would not have been regarded as diphtheria on clinical evidence alone, and to this no doubt the low death rate in the faucial group must be partly ascribed, but in respect to the laryngeal group the explanation cannot apply, as the laryngeal form of attack is always one of imminent danger, and does not depend upon any bacteriological evidence for its due recognition.

A case-mortality of only 22.7 per cent. in laryngeal diphtheria supervening during convalescence from scarlet fever is very satisfactory, as the mortality in this group during previous years (with the exception of 1895) has usually varied between 60 and 80 per cent. Further information on this point will be found in the Antitoxin Report for 1896 (p. 184).

Sex. Table XI. further shows that 322 of the attacks occurred in males and 383 in females, representing an incidence on the total number of each sex admitted of 4·1 per cent. and 4·6 per cent. respectively.

The case-mortality was highest in males, being 5.2 per cent., against 4.9 per cent. In the laryngeal group it was also highest in males, viz., 25 per cent., against 20.5 per cent.; but in the faucial class, the death rate was higher in females, viz., 3.1 per cent., against 2.4 per cent.

Table XII.—Age-Distribution.

1	-		-			AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF	-
dity	ent.	17		26.7	(or non	2 1 3	
Morts	per cent.	5202500000	90	88888886 866666666	1-00 00 00	5845 5845 5845 665 665 665 665	1-9
Te .	Deaths.	0-00000-000	18	31 4 50 4 64 64 77 14 0 0	18	8140404040	88
Total.	Cases.	1.88 2.4 4.88 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	626	#15212 000	7.0	48888888888888888888888888888888888888	705
hern.	Deaths.	000448000	10	00000000	0	0000000	10
Northern	Cases.	00022833	250	00-11-001-00	11	00122223	1961
Gore Farm.	Deaths	00000000	-	00000000	0	0000-0000	-
Gore	Cases.	00-288200	160	000+00000	6	001138230	169
Brook.	Deaths.	00000000	0	00000000	-	00000000	-
Bro	Cases.	00	6	0000-0000	-	000140	10
South- Eastern.	Deaths.	00000000	90	оонноооо	0.3	000000000	10
Sot	Cases.	004047211	13	000000	01	000047000	55
Fountain.	Deaths.	01011000	00	00000000	1	0-00-000	7
Four	Cases.	0401404000	919	001481000	6	0400518000	18
South- Western.	Deaths.	00-00000	1	0-000000	-	04400000	01
N'es	Cases.	0000000000	18	000000000	9	0010000000000	. 51
estern.	Deaths.	000000000	01	HH000H000	00	HH0010H000	9
Wes	Cases.	092-0058-9	45	91691608100	18	817-05084-01	23
North- Western.	Deaths.	00000000	-	01010000	04	00000000	00
Wes	Cases.	010110010	9	000000000	1-	0001014040	13
North- Eastern.	Deaths.	000000000	01	0-000-00	10	0-30000-00	1-
No Eas	Cases	0 - 00 01 12 00 01 0 01	61	00121011100	Ξ	00001-0000	55
Eastern.	Deaths.	00000000	0		09		99
Eas	Cases.	H04885400	750	H00H80C0	10	910+8912400	88
		1:11:11:1	1	111111111		111111111	: .
		0-1 3 5-9 10-14 15-19 20 and over	Total	0-1 2 3 4 10-14 20 and over	Total	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	. Total
		cial and Masal Cases.	Lau	Laryngeal Cases.		VII Cuses.	

When the number of attacks at different ages, as shown in Table XII.. is expressed as a percentage of the total scarlet fever admissions at the same age, it appears that the incidence, or relative liability to the attack, is greatest in the second quinquennium, viz., 5.08 per cent. It is 4.81 in the first quinquennium, and 3.54 and 2.93 in the third and fourth respectively.

Further, it is apparent in Table XII. that the fatality of post-scarlatinal diphtheria is greatest in early life, and that it progressively diminishes with advancing age, the mortality showing a continuous fall from 50 per cent. in the first year of life to 5.8 per cent. in the fifth. If the first four quinquennia of life be examined, the mortality is seen to fall step by step from 11.3 per cent. to 0. This progressive fall in the death rate in relation with age, though also apparent in the faucial group, is even more marked in the laryngeal cases, viz., from 66.6 per cent. to 0 in the same four quinquennia.

This relatively high mortality of the disease in early life, though due in part, no doubt to a lessened power of resistance to the disease which young children exhibit, is mainly dependent upon the increased tendency of the disease to assume the laryngeal form.

The proportionate liability for the disease to assume the laryngeal form in early years is clearly shown in Table XII., if the numbers in the laryngeal group be expressed as a percentage of all cases at the same age-period.

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Mortality	per cent.	89597799 80000000	99 94	000 2528 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2	1.65	20000018 52454148	5-1
al.	Deaths.	-H-+8-01-	18	0004014-14	18		98
Total.	Cases.	278888888	626	197-60166	19	43.83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 8	705
iern.	Deaths.	00000000	10	0000000	0	000000000	10
Northern.	Cases,	040128888	920	010001119	п	020188881	196
arm.	Deaths.	0000000	1	0000000	0	0000000	1
Gore Farm	Cases.	00146188	160	000000000	6	88886000	169
ok.	Deaths.	0000000	0	0000000	-	0000000	7de
Brook.	Cases.	00044440	6	0000000	1	000011110	10
th- ern.	Deaths	ноннооо	00	00000000	01	нонномоо	6
South- Eastern.	Cases.	01040000-1-	13	00000000	01	01040004HF	150
tain.	Deaths.	00000000	00	ососоон	-	00000000	4
Fountain	Cases.	0-1-11400	46	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0	01255	99
th- ern.	Deaths.	000000	-	оссоносо	-	0000000	01
South- Western.	Cases.	001000001001+	18	0000111000	9	001021-00-019	10
erm.	Deaths	0000000	01	0000000	00	00000000	10
Western.	Cases,	0+15000000	10	0-0000-0-	18	002222001+	29
th.	Deaths.	оноссою	1	ооооонон	01	01000101	00
North. Western.	Cases,	0000	9	00	1-	0-00000	13
rth- ern.	Deaths.	0000000	d1	000000	10	00-0001	1-
North- Eastern.	Cases.	004+6000	00 04	H O H 03 03 H H 00	=	10000-07	ನ
ern.	Deaths.	0000000	0	ФОННОООН	00	00 HHO 00 H	00
Eastern	Cases.		25	008140044	No.	01-00-0	330
		1st week	Total	Mynged Cases.	Total	1st week	Total
		island Xasal Cases.	one'd	Sose, J [Ganuari	- 1		-

Time of onset.

Table XIII. has been prepared with the object of ascertaining whether the attack of diphtheria evinces a liability to arise at any particular stage of the scarlatinal convalescence. It is seen that the number of attacks rapidly increases during each week subsequent to the onset of scarlet fever until the fifth, when the maximum is reached. After this a more gradual fall seems indicated.

Unfortunately the record ends with the seventh week, after which all attacks are included under the heading "eighth week and over." But it may be noted that this curve closely corresponds with that obtained from a series of 408 cases previously analysed by one of the Editors. If this be a true expression of the comparative liability at different stages of the scarlatinal attack, it would harmonise with the observation—that a relatively larger number of cases arise at the convalescent hospitals, to which the majority of patients are transferred at some time during the fourth or fifth week after the attack of scarlet fever. The stage at which the affection appears does not seem to exert any influence upon the fatality, but the number of deaths is fortunately not large enough to warrant any very trust-worthy conclusion on this head.

Table XIV.—Seasonal Incidence.

1000		A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	1	No. of the last of
Mortality	per cent.	918919911071714 91841911071714	8888884800888 80008848000888	10001700170000 1
al.	Deaths.		S 2000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000101-10-4014
Total.	Cases,	4838888888824 §	545001-400001- S	888485248874
hern.	Deaths.	0000000000000	000000000000000	200000000000000000000000000000000000000
Northern	Cases.	-882444888888		88888888 E
farm.	Deaths.	0000000н0000	0000000000000	00000000000
Gore Farm.	Cases.	###r-888F5500 8	0001010101000	12188781881 0 01
ok.	Deaths.	0000000000	0000000000	0000000000
Brook.	Cases.	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
÷ ii.	Deaths	HN000000000	N0000000000	890000000000000000000000000000000000000
South- Eastern.	Cases.	2000-0-44-40 8	010000000000000000000000000000000000000	8080H0H44H46 P
tain.	Deaths.	оонососоннос «	ооонооооооо н	00440000400 4
Fountain	Cases.	∞ ∞ ⊕ ⊕ ⊕ 0 1 - 00 + 01 €	800HH800000 8	1200004-01-044 18
th.	Deaths.	00000000000	00000 % 0001110000 % 00011840 % 118808 % 118808 % 1000000000 % 00011840 % 118808 % 1	H0000000000000000000000000000000000000
South- Western.	Cases.	01-001-0000000- g	200000000000000000000000000000000000000	**************************************
estern.	Desths.	0000нн00000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000-10000000000000000000000000000000000
West	Cases.	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000010100000000000000000000000000000000	00041-000000000000000000000000000000000
th-	Deuths.	0000000000	000000000000000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
North- Western.	Cases	00000000000000000	011000000111	0110004110001 8
di di	Deaths.	000000000000000	ноннооооонн 15	
North- Eastern.	Cases.	010101110001-1-	*001010000000011 日	# - 01 00 0 00 01 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
ern.	Deaths	0000000000	HHH000000000	
Eastern.	Cases.	restroances 3	юнноооооооо ю	5 x 2 x 2 x 2 x 3 x 3 x 3 x 3 x 3 x 3 x 3
		111111111111	11111111111111	
		January Rebruary March April May June July September December December	January February April April April June July July September October December Total	January February March May June July September December December
		Faucial and Masal Cases.	Paryngeal Cases.	All Cases.

Table XIV., if it be taken as evidence of a tendency towards the particular seasonal prevalence on the part of post-scarlatinal diphtheria, is singularly unconvincing. Suffice it to say that the largest number of attacks occurred in the months of June and August, when the incidence was considerably above the mean, whereas the smallest number of cases arose in the months of April, May, and December, when the incidence was considerably below. The excess in June and August did not correspond with any unusual aggregation of patients in hospital. The month of June was a comparatively dry month, and August, though very wet during the latter half, could certainly not be considered on the whole to have been a wetter month than either of the four succeeding ones, all of which were characterised by a lesser incidence of the disease. In view of the above considerations, and remembering that the percentage incidence was greater in the convalescent hospitals, it cannot be urged that the statistical evidence conveyed in the foregoing tables lends any support to the belief that either overcrowding of wards with acute cases or dampness of soil is necessarily concerned in the causation of post-scarlatinal diphtheria.

From an examination of Tables I. to X. with the object of ascertaining whether any causative influence is suggested by the topical distribution of the attacks within the individual hospitals, it would appear that the affection has evinced no obvious predilection for any particular ward or wards, but has arisen more or less indiscriminately in most of the wards occupied by the younger patients. A comparative immunity in respect to wards devoted to the treatment of adults is only what might be expected. In some of the hospitals one or more particular wards have yielded a higher proportion of cases than the others, but in most of such instances this excess will be found to have been dependent upon the occurrence of one or more groups of cases of which the individual members not improbably derived their infection from a common source.

The accidental introduction into the ward of an unrecognised case of diphtheria must always be regarded as a possible source of infection in an acute hospital, but it provides a far from satisfactory explanation of the more frequent appearance of the disease in the convalescent ones, to which only patients are admitted who have come direct from the wards of an acute hospital, where they have been for several weeks living under skilled medical supervision.

That the possibility of the introduction of diphtherial infection into a scarlet fever ward by means of unrecognised cases is a very real one is confirmed by a statement made by Dr. J. E. Beggs, of the North-Eastern Hospital, in a paper published in last year's reports, viz., that of 140 cases of scarlet fever examined bacteriologically, diphtheria bacilli were found in 51, or 36.4 per cent., and of these, three-fourths showed no clinical evidence of diphtheria.

The ætiology of post-scarlatinal diphtheria is by no means yet fully understood, but, apart from any question of ward hygiene, the admission of unrecognised cases and the relative prevalence of diphtheria in the particular district must neither of them be disregarded as possible factors.

III. ANTITOXIC SERUM TREATMENT, 1896.

To the Managers of the Metropolitan Asylums Board.

We beg to present the following report on the antitoxin treatment of diphtheria, which has been jointly drawn up by the Medical Superintendents of those of the Managers' fever hospitals into which the disease is received.

SECTION I.

This section of the report deals with cases of primary diphtheria. Cases in which the patients were found on admission to be suffering from combined scarlet fever and diphtheria, or measles and diphtheria, have been omitted; but deaths from such diseases as scarlet fever, measles, or tuberculosis, contracted or developing during convalescence from diphtheria, have been included amongst the deaths in the antitoxin as well as the non-antitoxin cases. The Brook Hospital's cases are excluded. The hospital was not opened till August 31st, and it being necessary at the time of compiling the statistical tables to omit all those cases remaining in the hospitals on December 31st, the list of completed cases from the Brook is not fairly comparable with those of the other hospitals in which the cases remaining over from the previous year are included.

The period covered by the report extends from January 1st, 1896, to December 31st of the same year.

During this time—with the exception of the North-Western Hospital—the serum has been administered to a very large proportion of the cases of undoubted diphtheria; in fact, excluding that hospital, 71·3 per cent. of the total cases have been treated. The cases in which serum was not used have been, on the one hand, those which at the time of their admission were moribund, or so far advanced in the disease as to be beyond the reach of any treatment, or, on the other hand, doubtful, and for the most part mild cases. To avoid any misconception, a detailed list of all the deaths amongst these cases is appended (see p. 196). No change has taken place in the local treatment previously employed.

The report for 1896 has been drawn up on practically the same lines as the previous one, but, in order to lessen the confusion which must result from the interpolation of a multiplicity of statistical tables, it has been decided in the present instance to include the combined tables only in the body of the report, and place those of the individual hospitals in an appendix at the end.

Table I. is the combined table of the cases treated with antitoxin.

ALL THE HOSPITALS.

Table I.—Cases treated with Antitoxin, 1896.
(Showing day of disease on which the treatment was commenced.)

DAY OF DISEASE.	1	1st.		2nd.		3rd.		th.	5th & after.		TOTAL.		P. E.
Ages.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.
Under 1	. 2	0	10	6	13	3	10	2	28	16	63	27	42.8
1 to 2	2	0	35	16	41	16	37	21	75	30	190	83	43.6
2 to 3	7	2	39	8	60	18	56	20	130	50	292	98	33.5 32.2
3 to 4	7	0	61	8	83	20	74	20	155	68	380	116	30-5
4 to 5	5	0	61	6	77	17	88	30	190	57	421	110	26.1
5 to 10	27	1	157	16	212	44	232	55	428	122	1,056	238	22.5
10 to 15	7	0	33	1	47	3	53	12	113	20	253	36	14.2
15 to 20	0	0	3	0	8	1	6	1	21	4	38	6	15.7
20 and upwards	0	0	7	0	16	0	23	0	25	3	71	3	4.2
Total	57	3	406	61	557	122	579	161	1,165	370	2,764	717	25.9
Mortality per		5.2		15.0		21.9		27.8		31.7		25.9	,

In Table I., comprising 2,764 cases, the percentage mortality will be seen to progressively diminish from 32·2 under five years of age to 4·2 at ages over 20; and to rise from 5·2 in those patients who came under treatment on the first day of illness to 31·7 in those who were admitted on the fifth day and after. The aggregate mortality of the antitoxin cases for all ages, irrespective of the time of coming under treatment, was 25·9 per cent.

It must be clearly understood that, with the exceptions previously stated, it has been the practice at each of the hospitals to administer serum to all but mild cases. Of the admissions 66.2 per cent. were treated with antitoxin. Evidence of the comparatively greater severity of the antitoxin cases can be obtained by referring to Table VI., which shows the relative proportion of young children in each class. It is there seen that no less than 48.6 per cent. of the antitoxin cases were under five years of age, against 31.1 per cent. in the non-antitoxin group; and only 13 per cent. in the former class were over 10 years of age, against 36.7 per cent. in the latter. The high fatality of diphtheria in the earlier years of life is notorious.

Again, implication of the larynx has always been held to be one of the most serious events that can happen in the course of diphtheria, on account of the high mortality to which it gives rise. The percentage of laryngeal cases in the antitoxin group was 17.6; in the non-antitoxin 1.9.*

It is obvious, therefore, that to compare the mortality of those treated with antitoxin with that of those which during the same period were not so treated

^{*} In 1895, these percentages were 21.1 and 6.0 respectively,

would be to institute a comparison between two groups one of which contained a very large and the other a very small proportion of severe cases. We drew attention to the misleading nature of such a comparison in our report of last year. However, in view of the objection taken by a few adverse critics, we have very carefully reconsidered this point. And we are consequently led to express our deliberate opinion that to compare the mortality of the antitoxin treated cases with that of those which during the same period were not so treated, as has been suggested, would not only be misleading, but also unfair. The method of comparison we employed in our last year's report is one that has on more than one occasion been used in the endeavour to ascertain the value of various drugs and other therapeutic measures, notably in the case of the cold-bath treatment of enteric fever. It is, in fact, the only fair method possible under the circumstances. An accurate estimate as to the merits of any particular form of treatment can be obtained only by comparing a series of cases in which the remedy has been employed with another series not so treated, but of which the cases are similar, as far as can be, in other respects. This in the present instance, as we have shown, is impossible; but, having regard to the fact that 66.2 per cent. of the 1896 cases were treated with serum, an approximately accurate comparison can be drawn by contrasting all cases of diphtheria completed during 1896, an antitoxin period, with all cases completed during 1894.

The year 1894 has again been selected for the purpose of comparison because it is the year immediately preceding the period when antitoxin began to be extensively employed in the hospitals of the Board. Moreover, the death rate in 1894 was slightly lower than it had been in any previous year.*

Owing to the fact that the serum treatment had been tentatively employed in most of the hospitals for a few weeks prior to the end of 1894, all cases which were completed during the short period covered by its use have been excluded from the tables.

The numbers for the two years are sufficiently large, in one instance being over three, in the other over four thousand cases.

Table II. shows the total number of all completed cases of diphtheria occurring during the year 1896.

^{*} The percentage mortality of diphtheria in the five years preceding the use of antitoxin, viz., 1890-94, was 33.55, 30.63, 29.35, 30.42, and 29.29.

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Table II.—All cases, both those treated with Antitoxin and those not, 1896.

(In the case of those not treated with antitoxin, day of disease = day of disease on which the patient was admitted to hospital.)

DAY OF DISEASE.				1st.		2nd.		3rd.		th.	5th & after.		TOTAL.		ity of.
Age	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.										
Under 1			5	1	11	7	16	5	13	4	36	20	81	37	45.6
1 to 2			2	0	40	18	47	20	48	28	103	43	. 240	109	45.4
2 to 3			8	2	54	9	76	22	65	24	185	62	388	119	30.6 30.2
3 to 4	•••		10	0	74	12	105	26	98	23	221	82	508	143	28.1
4 to 5		•••	9	0	74	8	107	20	114	31	265	74	569	133	23.3
5 to 10			37	1	216	17	287	47	298	61	670	147	1,508	273	18.1
10 to 15			11	0	67	2	83	4	96	12	236	26	493	44	8-9
15 to 20	***		1	0	9	0	28	1	33	2	63	5	134	8	5.9
20 and up	ward	s	_ 1	0	22	0	74	1	57	0	100	4	254	5	1.9
Total			84	4	567	78	823	146	822	185	1,879	463	4,175	871	20.8
Mortali cent.	ty pe	rt		4.7		12.8		17:7		22.5		24.6		20.8	

Table III. is a similar table for 1894; but from this table the cases at the Fountain Hospital have been excluded for the same reason as has led to the omission of the Brook Hospital cases from the 1896 tables.

ALL THE HOSPITALS.

Table III.—All cases of Diphtheria, before use of Antitoxin, 1894.

(Day of disease = day of disease on which patient was admitted to hospital.)

DAY OF DISEASE.	1st.		2nd.		3rd.		4th.		5th & after,		TOTAL,		ity if.
Ages,	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.
Under 1	0-	0	10	7	4	1	11	6	15	11	40	25	62.5
1 to 2	10	5	42	29	47	25	39	25	66	42	204	126	61.7
2 to 3	16	7	55	27	51	22	44	26	91	50	257	132	51.3 47.4
3 to 4	17	6	58	26	70	37	71	37	126	55	342	161	47:0
4 to 5	15	4	51	18	71	26	47	14	144	50	328	112	34.1)
5 to 10	53	6	179	34	215	71	208	60	420	109	1,075	280	26.0
10 to 15	12	2	85	4	79	8	59	5	128	22	363	41	11.2
15 to 20	6	0	23	0	33	1	28	0	70	6	160	. 7	4.3
20 and upwards	4	0	36	1	82	1	59	6	92	10	273	18	6.5
Total	133	30	539	146	652	192	566	179	1,152	355	3,042	902	29%
Mortality per)		22.5	٠	27.0		29.4		31.6		30.8		29 6	

In recording the cases in the various tables, the clinical, rather than the bacteriological, evidence has been taken as the criterion of the diagnosis. Before January 1st, 1895, bacteriological methods were not available in all the Board's hospitals, and only to a limited extent in some; consequently, up to that time the nature of the cases was determined and recorded for the most part by the clinical evidence.

It is clear that in an endeavour to estimate the comparative value of the methods of treatment employed before and after that date, the two series of cases must be classified on a common basis. Experience has shown that the bacteriologist rejects a considerable percentage of cases which the clinical observer claims as diphtheria, and vice versa. But, for the most part, in cases of which the nature appeared doubtful, the diagnosis was determined by the bacteriological report; and these, almost without exception, mild cases, constitute a considerable proportion of the non-antitoxin group. In addition to the bacteriological examination of any doubtful case which was usually made at the individual hospital, all cases were systematically examined and reported on at the laboratories of the Royal Colleges, under the immediate supervision of Dr. Sims Woodhead.

Table IV.—Cases of Diphtheria in which one or more Bacteriological Examinations failed to reveal Diphtheria Bacilli, 1896.

Non-Anti	TONIN CASES.	Antitoxi	in Cases.	ALL CASES.			
Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Percentage Mortality.	
82	13	109	40	191	58	27.7	

It will be seen from the above table that in 4.5 per cent. of the cases included in the 1896 tables, the clinical diagnosis received no bacteriological confirmation, and it is to be noted that the death rate of these cases, viz., 27.7 per cent., is higher than the general diphtheria mortality for the year. (See Table II.)

We are now in a position to institute a comparison between the two sets of tables. On reference to Tables III. and II., we find that of 3,042 patients of all ages treated during 1894, 902 died—a mortality of 29.6 per cent.; whereas, of 4,175 cases treated during 1896, 871 died—a mortality of 20.8 per cent.; the difference in percentage between the two rates being, therefore, 8.8. This, assuming that the former rate would otherwise have been maintained, represents a saving of 365 lives during the past year.

Now, if we compare the mortalities at the different ages, the contrast will appear more striking. Tables III. and II. show, as was the case last year, that for every age-group, with the single exception of that comprising the years 15 to 20 (the numbers in which are small), the percentage mortality was less in the 1896 than in the 1894 cases, and, moreover, that the reduction in mortality was greatest in early life. Table V. shows the same fact in a somewhat different form.

Table V.—Showing Variations in Reduction of Mortality obtained with Antitoxin at different Ages.

	ANTIT	0XIN (1896.	CASES,	ALL CASES, 1896.		ALL CASES, 1894.			e in ies, 1896.	
Ages.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent,	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.	Difference in Mortalities,
Under 5	1,346	434	32.2	1,786	541	30.2	1,171	556	47.4	17.2
Under 10	2,402	672	27.9	3,294	814	24.6	2,246	836	37.2	12.6
Under 15	2,655	708	26.6	3,784	858	22.6	2,609	877	33.6	11.0
All ages	2,764	717	25.9	4,175	871	20.8	3,042	902	29 6	8.8

The reduction of percentage mortality in 1896 is seen to progressively diminish from 17·2 in the first quinquennium of life to 8·8 for all ages. In patients over 15 years of age the death rates in the years 1894 and 1896 were 5·7 and 3·3 respectively, a difference of 2·4. The average severity of attack in patients over 15 is much less than in those under 15, and the mortality being already low, there is less room for improvement.

That the year 1896, as compared with 1894, has not been favoured with a smaller proportion of young children is shown by Table VI., which gives for each year the comparative number of cases falling within the first three quinquennia of life.

Table VI.—Showing Proportionate Number of Patients at different Ages expressed as a Percentage of Total Admissions.

Continue to the same of				1896.	1896.	1894.	
AGE	s.		Antitoxin Cases.	Non-Antitoxin Cases.	All Cases.	All Cases.	
Under 5			48.6	31-1	42.7	38.4	
5 to 10			38.2	32.0	36.1	35.3	
10 to 15			9.1	17.0	11.8	11.9	
Over 15			3.9	19.7	9.2	14.2	

We will now consider whether the period of time which had elapsed before the patients were brought under treatment has had any influence upon the fatality.

Table VII, represents a summary of Tables II. and III. from this point of view.

Table VII.—Showing Percentage Mortality in relation to Day of Disease on which Cases came under Treatment.

DAY OF DISE	EASE.	1894.	1896.	Difference	
1st		22.5	4.7	17.8	
2nd		27.0	12.8	14.2	
3rd		29.4	17.7	11.7	
4th		31.6	22.5	9.1	
5th and over		80.8	24.6	6.2	
All Cases		29.6	20.8	8.8	

It will be seen that the percentage mortality of cases admitted on the same day of the disease is less in every instance in the year 1896. The difference is most marked in the case of those patients who were admitted on the first, second, and third days of illness, viz., 17.8, 14.2, and 11.7. It is also considerable in those admitted on the fourth day, viz., 9.1. It is least in those who were not brought under the treatment till the fifth day or later, viz., 6.2.

Tables II. and III. show incidentally yet another fact, viz., that in 1894 37 per cent. of the patients were admitted on or after the fifth day of disease, and in 1896 no less than 45 per cent. Moreover, while in 1894 as many as 59.2 per cent. of the fatal cases were not brought under treatment till the fourth day or later, in 1896 the proportion was even higher, viz., 74.3 per cent.

If we revert to Table I., which deals exclusively with the cases treated with antitoxin during 1896, and compare it with Table III., which deals with all cases in 1894, striking differences are observed in the figures giving the results of treatment commenced upon the first and second day of illness. In the antitoxin cases the mortality per cent. for the first day is only 5.2 per cent., and for the second day 15 per cent., whilst for 1894 the figures are 22.5 and 27 per cent. respectively.

The aggregate mortality among cases which came under treatment on the first three days of illness was 18.2 per cent. in the antitoxin cases (Table I.), and 27.7 per cent. in those treated by other methods in 1894 (Table III.).

It will be noticed that Table I. shows no preponderance of early cases over Table III., the percentage of cases admitted on the first, second, and third day of disease respectively being 2, 14.6, and 20.1, against 4.3, 17.7, and 21.4. That Table I. includes a larger proportion of children under 10 years of age (and especially under five) than does Table III. is clearly shown in Table VI.

Further, as has already been stated, it has been the usual practice at all the hospitals not to administer antitoxin to mild forms of diphtheria.

It is therefore clear that the antitoxin cases must include an undue proportion of severe attacks, yet, notwithstanding, with the exception of the age-groups 10-15 and 15-20 (as was also the case last year), the mortality is less at all ages than in the series which came under treatment immediately before the remedy was introduced.

Laryngeal Cases. We will now pass to the consideration of those cases in which the larynx was involved. Table VIII. shows the mortality at the different ages of the tracheotomy cases treated with antitoxin, and Table IX. deals with all the laryngeal cases similarly treated.

Both these tables serve to indicate the well-known fact that for ages at any rate during the first two quinquennial periods of life, the fatality of laryngeal diphtheria, generally speaking, varies inversely with the age of the patient, and in this respect the antitoxin cases are no exception to the rule.

The results shown in both tables are most satisfactory. It will be seen that 40.3 per cent. of the laryngeal cases treated with antitoxin were tracheotomised, and of these 40.6 per cent. died.

ALL THE HOSPITALS. TABLE VIII.—Tracheotomy Cases treated with Antitoxin.				ALL THE TABLE IX.—A treated wi	ll Lay	ngsal (
Ages.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.	Ages.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.
Under 1	2- 28 37	2 19 17	100·0 67·8 45·9	Under 1 1 to 2 2 to 3	13 54 87	8 26 29	61·5 48·1
3 to 4 4 to 5	34 36	11 11	32·3 30·5	3 to 4 4 to 5	109 87	22 22	33·3 20·1 25·2
5 to 10 10 to 15 15 and upwards	56 4 0	17 3 0	30·3 75·0	5 to 10 10 to 15	126 11	30 4	23·8 36·3
Total	197	80	40.6	15 and upwards Total	488	141	28.8

With the object of determining whether any advantage is gained over former methods of treatment by the use of antitoxin in cases of laryngeal diphtheria, the results obtained in all such cases during the year 1896 are in the two following tables placed side by side with those obtained in 1894, before the remedy was employed, the year 1894 again being taken for comparison for the reason previously stated. Table X. deals with all the tracheotomy cases, and Table XI. gives the results of all the laryngeal cases, however treated. Table XII. shows the proportion of laryngeal cases which required tracheotomy at each hospital.

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Table X .- All Tracheotomies.

				1894.		1896 (Antitoxin Year).			
A	ES.		Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.	
Under 1			 5	4	80.0	2	2	100.0	
1 to 2			 33	29	87.8	32	21	65-6	
2 to 3			 46	35	76.0	42	18	42.8	
3 to 4			 53	38	62-2	40	15	87.5	
4 to 5			 45	32	71.1	36	11	30.5	
5 to 10			 75	47	62.6	56	17	30.3	
10 to 15			 1	1	100.0	4	3	75.0	
15 and up	ward	s	 3	3	100:0	0	0	0.0	
Total			 261	184	70.4	212	87	41.0	

From the tables placed in the appendix it will be seen that the tracheotomy results at each hospital are more favourable in the year 1896 than in 1894, the mortality varying in the latter year at the different hospitals between 90 per cent, and 59.4 per cent., whereas in 1896 the range was from 63.5 to 29.1.

Table X. shows that the combined tracheotomy mortality for all the hospitals, which in 1894 was 70.4 per cent., has fallen to 41.0 per cent. in 1896.

This is a lower death-rate than has ever been recorded in any single hospital of the Board for a year's consecutive tracheotomies, with one exception, viz., the Western Hospital, in 1895, the first antitoxin year.

In other words, nearly 60 per cent. of the children on whom the operation has been performed have been saved during the past year. In four of the hospitals the recovery rate was over 60 per cent., and in two of these it was about 70 per cent.

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Table XI.—All Laryngeal Cases, however treated.

		1894.		1896 (Antitoxin Year).			
Ages.		Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent
Under 1		9	8	88.8	18	8	61.5
1 to 2		66	52	78-7	61	31	50.8
2 to 3		85	55	64.7	92	30	32.6
3 to 4		79	49	62.0	117	26	22.2
4 to 5		76	43	56.5	10	22	24.4
5 to 10		138	72	52.1	131	32	24.4
10 to 15		3	1	33.3	11	4	36.3
15 and upwards.		10	9	90.0	1	0	0:0
Total		466	289	62.0	516	153	29.6

Table XII.—Percentage of Laryngeal Cases in which Tracheotomy was performed at each Hospital.

Hospital	1894.	1898 (Antitoxin Year)
Eastern	55.8	37:9
North-Western	58-9	40.9
Western	38.8	25.8
South-Western	68-1	58-8
South-Eastern	63-5	59-0
Fountain	***	44-4
Percentage for all cases	56.0	41.0

On reference to Table XI. it will be seen that the improved results in the tracheotomy cases of 1896 have also been shared by analogous cases in which the operation was not performed. The percentage mortality of all laryngeal cases has fallen from 62 in 1894 to 29.6 in 1896. Moreover, as will be referred to later, the number of laryngeal cases which required tracheotomy has fallen in 1896 to 41 per cent., whereas in 1894 it was 56 per cent. (See Table XII.)

For convenience of comparison the three following tables—XIII. to XV.—have been added. They briefly summarise the foregoing results, and as no returns for 1894 were furnished by the Fountain Hospital for the reason previously given, the Fountain cases have also been omitted from the 1896 figures in order that the two series may be rendered strictly comparable.

Table XIII.— Showing Comparative Mortality of Laryngeal Cases at all Hospitals (except the Fountain).

YEAR.	Cases.	Deaths.	Percentage Mortality.
1894	466	289	62.0
1896 (second antitoxin year)	462	143	30-9

Table XIV.—Showing Comparative Results in Tracheotomy Cases at all Hospitals (except the Fountain).

YEAR.	Cases.	Deaths.	Percentage Mortality.
1894	261	184	70.4
1896 (second antitoxin year)	188	80	42.5

Table XV.—Showing Comparative Number of Laryngeal Cases which required Tracheotomy at all Hospitals (except the Fountain).

YEAR.	Cases.	Tracheotomies.	Percentage of Tracheotomies.
1894	466	261	56.0
1896 (second antitoxin year)	462	188	40.6

On these tables further comment seems unnecessary.

Complica-

The following table shows the number and percentage incidence of complications which arose amongst those cases which form the subject of this report:—

ALL THE HOSPITALS.

Table XVI.—Complications. Cases treated with Antitoxin, 1896.

Complie	ATIO	NS.	Number of Cases.	Percentage on Total Cases.		
Albuminuria			 		1,663	60-1
Nephritis			 		16	0.5
Paralysis (various)			 		713	25.7
Pneumonia, lobar			 		19	0.6
Do. lobular			 		86	3.1
Relapse of Disease			 		52	1.8

The affections given in the above table have hitherto been recorded as usual complications of diphtheria.

It is obvious that no conclusion as to the influence of antitoxin on the incidence of complications can be obtained by comparing the above table with another dealing with those cases which, during the same period, were not so treated, because, the average severity of the cases in the two groups being so widely different, their liability to the development of these very complications was also very different. But for the purposes of comparison the following table may be referred to. It deals with the complications in all cases of diphtheria in all the hospitals during the years 1894 and 1896.

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Table XVII .- Complications. All Cases.

		5	1	894.	1896.			
Complication	ONS.		Number of Cases.	Percentage on Total Cases.	Number of Cases.	Percentage on Total Cases		
Albuminuria*			 603	24.1	2,230	53.4		
Nephritis			 87	1.2	24	0.5		
Paralysis (various)			 403	13.2	891	21.3		
Pneumonia, lobar			 11	0.3	24	0.5		
Do. lobular			 50	1.6	107	2.5		
Relapse of Disease			 28	0-9	67	1.6		

Table XVII. shows an increase in the year 1896 in respect to each of the usual complications of diphtheria except nephritis. The increase is most noticeable in

^{*} In calculating the percentage incidence of albuminuria for 1894, the South-Western Hospital is omitted, the figures not being available.

the cases of albuminuria and paralysis. It is impossible to assign this increase to the operation of any one cause; but there is reason to believe that it is to some extent more apparent than real. Certainly it is so with regard to albuminuria; for during the past year every instance of that complication has been included, which was not the practice at some of the hospitals in previous years. (See last year's report.) Again, with a lessened mortality, or even with a mere prolongation of life, an increased incidence of complications is, ceteris paribus, to be expected, at any rate with respect to the more severe and late cases, simply because more time is allowed for complications to develop. It is interesting to note that the incidence of nephritis has fallen to 0.5 per cent., a fact that fully bears out what we stated in our last report concerning the rarity of this complication, and its independence of the administration of antitoxin.

When we examine and compare the tables of the individual hospitals (see appendix), we find considerable divergence in respect to the frequency of the different complications. As every endeavour has been made to secure uniformity in definition and record, this difference must be largely due to the varying nature and severity of the cases in the different hospitals. With regard to albuminuria, every case has been reckoned in which albumen has been detected in the urine, even though only on one occasion. This, doubtless, accounts for a large part of the increased percentage of this complication—or rather symptom—observed in the 1896 table when compared with those of 1894 and 1895. In 1895 the incidence on all cases was 41.5 per cent., and on the non-antitoxin cases 28.6 per cent. In 1896 the percentage incidence of albuminuria on the non-antitoxin cases rose to 40.1, and for the other complications was as follows:—Nephritis, 0.5; paralysis, 12.6; pneumonia (lobar), 0.3; pneumonia (lobular), 1.4; relapse, 1.0.

Table XVIII. deals with the complications presumably connected with antitoxin.

ALL THE HOSPITALS.

Table XVIII. - Complications probably connected with Antitoxin, 1896.

Complications.	Number of Cases.	Percentage on Total Cases.
Rash	974	35-2
Joint Pains	180	6.5
Pyrexia, with or without rash or pains	549	19.8
Abscess at site of injection	35	1.2

From the above table it will be seen that, as was the case in 1895, a rash is the most common sequel. It usually takes the form of an urticaria, or a vivid patchy erythema, more or less covering the trunk and extremities; and is very similar to the eruptions of measles and septicamia. It is sometimes scarlatiniform. It is often accompanied by pyrexia. This secondary fever in a few cases persists for several days, and may be unaccompanied by any other obvious symptom. In

our last year's report we made the statement that it had the effect of somewhat retarding convalescence, and no doubt in rare instances, in patients whose vitality had been lowered by a severe attack of diphtheria, might act prejudicially if arising at a time when symptoms of cardiac failure were present. Our experience of the past year, however, has led us to very considerably modify this opinion. We have found that with the use of smaller doses of a more potent serum, the rash, pains in the joints, and secondary pyrexia have been comparatively trivial, and we can now state that there is practically no risk associated with their development.

An abscess will occasionally form at the site of injection, in spite of the greatest care. Considering the large number of injections (6,152), and the septic element which is present in so large a proportion of the severe attacks, the number of abscesses is not excessive.

If Table XVIII. be compared with the similar table in last year's report, it will be found that there has been a considerable reduction in the percentage incidence of rash, secondary pyrexia, and abscess at the site of injection; the figures for 1895 being 45.9, 29.6, and 2.3 respectively. It is true that the percentage incidence of joint pains has increased from 4.7 to 6.5, but the severity of all these complications has been undoubtedly less.

The serum given during 1896 has been of higher immunisation value than that supplied during the previous year; consequently, the bulk of serum necessary to secure an equal antitoxic effect has been less.

The fact that this reduction in the amount of serum injected had been attended with a marked diminution in the incidence and severity of most of the complications admittedly associated with the treatment, while the antitoxic standard has been maintained, affords strong confirmation of the belief that these drawbacks, trivial though they be, must be ascribed not to antitoxin or any substance concerned in its elaboration, but to the vehicle in which it is administered, viz., horse serum. With better means of preparation, even greater improvement in this respect may doubtless be expected.

The serum employed during the year 1896 has been supplied, almost without exception, by Dr. Sims Woodhead, in accordance with the arrangement between the Metropolitan Asylums Board and the controlling body of the laboratories of the Royal Colleges of Physicians and Surgeons. It has been of a greater immunisation value than that supplied during 1895. In our last report we were unable to give the dosage in Behring's immunisation units, and were forced to content ourselves with expressing it in cubic centimetres. The following table (Table XIX.) gives the dosage in immunisation units for all cases at each of the hospitals, with the exception of three recoveries at the Eastern and 136 recoveries and 27 deaths at the South-Eastern Hospitals, in which the unit-value of the serum has not been ascertained.

Table XIX.—Showing Dosage at each Hospital.

Mark Commission Spin	Ca	SES WHICH	RECOVERE			
Hospitals.	Number of Units.	Number of Patients.	Number of Injections.	Average Dose per Injection.	Average Number of Injections per Patient.	Average Amount pe Patient.
Eastern	1,917,574	374	829	2313.1	2.1	5127-2
North-Western	1,126,660	225	316	3565.3	1.4	5007:3
Western	1,370,000	376	885	1548-02	2.3	3643-6
South-Western	1,036,800	254	972	1066-6	3.8	4081.8
South-Eastern	969,500	250	412	2348-3	1.7	3878-0
Fountain	1,884,190	429	915	2059-2	2.1	4392-0
Totals	8,304,724	1,908	4,329	1983-3	2.8	4352.5
North-Western Western South-Western South-Eastern Fountain	755,020 950,000 655,218 505,000 811,870	131 149 76 90 146	214 400 318 167 323	3528·1 2375·0 2060·7 3023·9 2513·5	1·6 2·6 4·1 1·8 2·2	5763·5 6375·8 8621·2 5611·1 5560·7
Totals	4,692,223	690	1,541	3044.9	2.2	6800:3
		· ·				
		ALL CAS	SES.			
Eastern	2,932,689	472	948	3093.5	2.0	6213:3
North-Western	1,881,680	356	530	3550.5	1.4	5285.6
Western	2,320,000	525	1,285	1805.0	2.4	4228.7
South-Western	1,692,018	330	1,290	1311.6	3.9	5127-6
South-Eastern	1,474,500	340	579	2546:6	1.7	4336.7
ountain	2,696,060	575	1,238	2177.7	2.1	4688.8

A more extended experience strengthens us in the conclusion that the most essential point in the treatment is to begin it as early in the course of the disease as possible. A dose of 2,000 units will usually secure a result on the first day which 50,000 will not effect on the fourth. For ordinary mild cases on the first day 2,000 units is enough; but when, as sometimes happens, the symptoms have

progressed very rapidly even in a few hours, a larger amount must be given. As regards units, there is, as far as we know, no limit to the number that may be injected. It is entirely a question of the concentration of the serum. With the strongest that has been supplied to us (4,000 units in 10, and in a few instances in 5 cubic centimetres), 8,000 units can easily be given in one injection. And with such a serum the rule must be to give in severe cases 8,000 to 12,000 units when the patient is first seen, followed by another 2,000 to 8,000 units every 12 hours for the next 24 or 48 hours or longer, according to the gravity of the case and the persistence of the local exudation. But undoubtedly the cardinal point—and we venture on that account to repeat the statement—is to commence the treatment as early as possible.

It will be seen from the adjoining table (Table XX.) that, compared with 1894, there has been a considerable reduction in the mortality at all the hospitals except the North-Western, which also for 1896 showed the highest mortality; and at this hospital a very much smaller proportion of patients has been treated with the serum than at any of the others. We think that this is a noteworthy point, though it should be mentioned that the percentage of cases under five is larger, and of those admitted on the first three days of disease smaller, at this hospital than elsewhere. Up to, and including, the year 1894, the North-Western Hospital had furnished as a rule a lower mortality from diphtheria than any other of the Board's hospitals.

Table XX.—Showing Reduction of Mortality at each Hospital in relation to Proportion of Patients treated with Antitoxin, and the Dosage.

Hospital.	Percentage Mortality, 1894.	Percentage Mortality, 1896.	Difference.	Percentage of Cases treated with Antitoxin.	Average Dose per Patient in Units.
Eastern	30.0	17:3	12.7	75.0	6213-3
North-Western	26.9	27.3	+ 0.4	44.8	5285.6
Western	37.1	21.8	— 15·3	70-6	4228-7
South-Western	28.5	16.3	- 12-2	68.1	5127.6
South-Eastern	29.7	20.2	- 9.5	78.8	4336-7
Fountain		19.7		65.7	4688-8
All the Hospitals	29-6	20.8	— 8·8	66.2	5002 6
All the Hospitals, excluding the North-Western	> 31.2	19-3	-11:9	71:3	4957-7

with 1895, the first antitoxin year.

Comparison It will be instructive to compare the tables for 1896 with those for 1895, which, for the sake of convenience, we here reproduce.

ALL THE HOSPITALS.

Table XXI.—Cases treated with Antitoxin, 1895.

(Showing day of disease on which the treatment was commenced.)

DAY OF DISEASE.	1	st.	2	nd.	3	rd.	4	th.	5th &	after.	Тот	AL.	lity nt.
Ages.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.										
Under 1	1	0	10	5	8	6	5	0	13	7	37	18	48.6
1 to 2	10	2	37	13	40	17	30	20	65	42	182	94	51.6
2 to 3	9	0	38	5	42	18	39	16	59	26	187	65	34.7 37.4
3 to 4	16	2	46	8	64	17	61	25	123	52	310	104	33.6
4 to 5	10	0	54	8	50	13	82	38	101	39	297	98	32.9
5 to 10	30	0	145	18	170	40	159	45	312	93	816	196	24.0
10 to 15	10	0	53	2	44	6	46	4	74	19	227	31	13.6
15 to 20	0	0	7	1	12	1	12	2	19	2	50	6	12.0
20 and upwards	0	0	13	0	19	0	19	0	25	3	76	3	3.9
Total	86	4	403	60	449	118	453	150	791	283	2,182	615	28.1
Mortality per		4.6		14.8		26.2		33.1		35.7		28.1	

ALL THE HOSPITALS.

Table XXII.—All cases, both those treated with Antitoxin and those not, 1895. (In the case of those not treated with Antitoxin, day of disease = day of disease on which the patient was admitted to hospital.)

DAY OF DISEASE.	1	st.	21	nd.	3	rd.	4	th.	5th &	after,	Тот	AL.	lity	cent.
Ages.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality	ber ce										
Under 1	2	1	18	8	9	6	7	1	20	8	56	24	42.8)	
1 to 2	9	2	45	17	48	20	38	23	88	52	228	114	50.0	
2 to 3	14	2	48	6	65	30	57	19	100	39	284	96	33.8	84.2
3 to 4	26	6	63	11	102	22	87	31	169	66	447	136	30.4	
4 to 5	14	1	76	12	80	17	106	41	162	56	438	127	28.9	
5 to 10	42	3	222	20	263	58	234	52	506	114	1,267	247	19.4	
10 to 15	15	0	83	2	87	10	88	4	151	19	424	35	8.4	
15 to 20	3	0	26	2	41	1	24	2	58	6	152	11	7.2	
20 and upwards	3	0	41	0	49	0	51	1	89	5	233	6	2.5	
Total	128	15	622	78	744	164	692	174	1,348	365	3,529	796	22:5	
Mortality per cent		11.7		12.5		22.0		25.1		27.1		22.5		

Comparing the above tables with Tables I. and II. of the present report, and contrasting both with the 1894 cases, it will be found that the results of 1896 do not on the whole differ very greatly from those of 1895; consequently, what we said in our previous report of the latter year can also be said now, in almost the same words, of the former. During 1896 a larger proportion of children under five and ten years and of cases admitted on the fourth day or later have been under treatment than was the case in 1895, so that, other things being equal, a heavier mortality was to be expected for the past than for the previous year. Yet the most marked improvements are to be observed in the age-group 1 to 5, and in the cases treated on or after the third day of the disease.* A larger proportion of patients has been treated with antitoxin during 1896, which also, as we have already said, has been administered in larger doses (units), and the bulk of it within a shorter time of the patient's admission, than was the case in 1895.

There has been a very considerable improvement in the recovery rates of the tracheotomy and laryngeal cases, the rates being 59 and 70.4 for 1896, against 49.4 and 42.3 per cent. for 1895. The number of laryngeal cases requiring tracheotomy has fallen from 45.3 to 41 per cent.

A comparison of Table I. with Table II. (1896) might lead the superficial observer to conclude that the cases not treated with antitoxin admitted upon the first two days of the disease did better than those so treated. But, apart from the fact that the non-antitoxin cases include a very large number of those which were of a doubtful and mild nature, it will be noticed that there was amongst them a much smaller proportion of children under five years than amongst the cases treated with antitoxin.†

Reference to the tables which are placed in the appendix reveals, as was only to be expected from past experience, differences between the individual hospitals. But when the tables of 1896 are compared with those of 1894, the results are, on the whole, much the same as have been shown to exist in the combined tables. The hospital which departs most from the general rule is that in which the smallest proportion of patients has been treated with antitoxin.

Clinical effects.

In our last year's report we stated that certain effects were observed to follow the administration of antitoxin in cases brought under treatment at a sufficiently early date. We see no reason for altering what we then said. The effects of the treatment were stated to be as follow:—

- (i.) A diminution of the faucial swelling and consequent distress.
- (ii.) A lessening, if not an entire cessation, of the irritating and offensive discharge from the nose.
- (iii.) A limitation of the extension of membrane.
- (iv.) An earlier separation of the exudation. This may be recorded as a matter of clinical observation in faucial attacks, and the following table shows that such was the case in four of the hospitals from which a record was obtainable. The results are much the same as last year,

† One of the fatal cases treated on the first day with antitoxin in the age-group 2 to 5 died of tuberculosis several weeks after the attack of diphtheria, the symptoms of tuberculosis having been present for some time before the attack of diphtheria supervened.

^{*} The years 1895 and 1896 were somewhat worse off than 1894, viz., in the proportion of cases in which laryngeal symptoms were present before admission to hospital. The percentage of such cases on the total admissions (excluding the Fountain) was as follows for each year:—In 1894, 11.4; in 1895, 15.1; and in 1896, 13.5.

except that there has been a considerable improvement at the North-Western Hospital, possibly on account of the increased dosage in these cases.

Table XXIII.—Average Persistence of Exudation (in Days) after Treatment was commenced in those Cases which Recovered during the Years 1894 and 1896.

Hospital.	1894.	1896 (Antitoxin Cases).	Difference.	Average Amount of Antitoxin given in each Case in Units.
Eastern	4.2	3.0	— 1·2	5127-2
North-Western	6.6	4.8	2.3	5007:8
Western	8.3	5.8	- 3.0	3643.6
South-Western	4.6	3.1 -	- 1.5	4081-8

(v.) A limitation and earlier separation of membrane in laryngeal cases.

Evidence of this is afforded by Table XII., which shows that in 1896 a lesser percentage of laryngeal cases called for tracheotomy. Moreover, the following table shows that in the same year a considerably less percentage of cases developed the symptoms of croup after coming under treatment.

Table XXIV.—Showing Percentage of Cases in which the Larynx became involved after Admission.

YEAR.	Total cases of Diphtheria,	Cases which developed Croup after Admission.	Percentage on Total Cases.
1894	3,042	116	3.81
1895 (antitoxin year)	2,965	18	0.60
1896 (antitoxin year)	3,300	16	0.48

The cases treated at the Fountain Hospital are omitted from this table for reason given on page 186,

(vi.) An improvement in the general condition and aspect of the patients.

(vii.) A prolongation of life, in fatal cases, to an extent not obtained with former methods of treatment. This is shown by the following table:—

Table XXV.—Average Duration of Life (in Days) after Admission in Fatal Cases during the Years 1894 and 1896.

Hospital.	1894.	1896 (Antitoxin Cases).	Difference.	Average Amount of Antitoxin given to each Case in Units.
Eastern	 7.8	10.3	+ 3.0	10358-3
North-Western	 9-4	6.7	- 2.7	5768-5
Western	 7.9	9.2	+ 1.3	6375-8
South-Western	 4.9	8.3	+ 3.4	8621.2
South-Eastern	 5.4	8.2	+ 2.8	5611.1
Fountain	 	10.1		5560-7

It will be seen that, as was the case last year, in only one of the hospitals was the average duration of life after admission less than in 1894.

We are of opinion that no constant or important effect upon either the temperature or pulse-rate is attributable to antitoxin.

SECTION II.

This section of the report deals with the results of the antitoxin treatment in cases of diphtheria which have occurred amongst patients convalescent from scarlet fever in all of the hospitals (acute and convalescent) except the Brook.

It has been drawn up on the same lines as the preceding section, which deals with the cases of primary diphtheria.

The statistical tables given are combined tables; it has been thought unnecessary to introduce the tables of the individual hospitals, the figures in most of them being very small. Table A shows the details as regards age and day of commencement of treatment in the antitoxin cases. Table B shows the same points in respect to all the cases; it differs from Table A only as regards the columns relating to the first-day cases and the total numbers. It should be pointed out that, the patients all being under immediate medical observation, the day when the disease commenced is very accurately known.

ALL THE HOSPITALS.

Table A .— Cases of Post-Scarlatinal Diphtheria treated with Antitowin, 1896.

(Showing day of disease on which the treatment was commenced.)

DAY OF DISEASE.	18	st.	21	id.	31	rd.	41	h.	5th & a	fter.	Тот	AL.	lity ant.
Ages.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.
Under 1	3	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	2	50.0
1 to 2	7	2	6	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	15	3	20.0
2 to 3	13	1	4	0	2	1	1	1	2	0	22	3	13.6 212.8
3 to 4	34	1	18	2	4	2	2	1	3	2	61	8	13.1
4 to 5	23	0	29	2	6	0	1	1	1	1	60	4	6.6
5 to 10	116	1	78	0	22	1	5	2	6	3	227	7	3.1
10 to 15	40	0	18	0	3	1	3	0	1	0	65	1	1.5
15 to 20	13	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	20	0	0.0
20 and upwards	1	0	3	0	4	0	0	0	1	0	9	0	0.0
Total	250	6	163	6	43	5	12	5	15	6	483	28	5.7
Mortality per)		2.3		3.6		11.6		41.6		40.0		5.7	

ALL THE HOSPITALS.

Table B.—All Cases of Post-Scarlatinal Diphtheria, both those treated with Antitoxin and those not, 1896.

DAY OF DISE.	SE.	1	st.	21	nd.	3	rd.	4	th.	5th &	after.	Тот.	A L.	lity nt.
Ages.		Cases.	Deaths.	Савев.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths	Mortality per cent.
Under 1		3	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	2	50.0
1 to 2		11	4	6	1	2	0	0	0	- 0	0	19	5	26.3
2 to 3		26	3	4	0	2	1	1	1	2	0	35	5	14.2 100
3 to 4		58	2	18	2	4	2	2	1	3	2	85	9	10.5
4 to 5		54	0	29	2	6	0	1	1	1	1	91	4	4.3)
5 to 10		209	3	78	0	22	1	5	2	6	3	320	9	2.8
10 to 15		75	0	18	0	3	1	3	0	1	0	100	1	1.0
15 to 20		23	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	30	0	0.0
20 and upwar	ds	3	0	3	0	4	0	0	0	- 1	0	11	0	0.0
Total		462	13	163	6	48	5	12	5	15	6	695	35	5.0
Mortality p	er)		2.8		3.6		11.6		41.6		40.0		5.0	

Compared with Tables I. and II. in the preceding section, Tables A and B contain a much larger proportion of cases treated early, and a much smaller proportion of children under five years of age. Consequently, it might be expected that the mortality of the post-scarlatinal cases would, ceteris paribus, be found to be lower than that of the primary diphtheria cases. To find it as low as 5.7 per cent., however (see Table A), almost exceeds expectation. This table well illustrates the importance of commencing the treatment early. Another striking fact is the low mortality of the children under five, viz., 12.3 per cent.

If from the totals of the first two columns in Table B the corresponding figures in Table A be subtracted, it will be seen that 212 cases were not treated with antitoxin, with seven deaths, yielding a mortality of 3.3 per cent. (Of these seven deaths, four were due to intercurrent diseases, and two occurred at the North-Eastern Hospital, Tottenham, before March 19th, the date at which the treatment was first introduced at that hospital.)

At certain of the hospitals, notably the Northern and Gore Farm, the adoption of the bacteriological test has doubtless been responsible for the inclusion of a good many cases which from their mildness would previously have been regarded as non-diphtheritic in character. This accounts for a large proportion of the non-antitoxin cases. On the other hand, by far the larger proportion of the antitoxin group are cases which would have been diagnosed as diphtheria apart from any bacteriological considerations. But even if we exclude all the non-antitoxin recoveries from the table and then calculate the mortalities, we find that the death rate of all the cases is 7.2 per cent., and of the first-day cases 5.2, rates which are extraordinarily low for diphtheria. The high mortality of

post-scarlatinal diphtheria in past years is notorious.* Up to, and including, 1894, there are to be found in the records of the individual hospitals only three instances in which it was below 30 per cent., viz., 13, 22·2, 25 for the Gore Farm, South-Western, and North-Western Hospitals in 1894, 1892, and 1894 respectively; and of 482 cases recorded in the Statistical Committee's Annual Reports for the five years 1890–1894, the mortality was slightly over 50 per cent. The chief cause of the low mortality of the post-scarlatinal diphtheria cases as compared with the primary cases dealt with in Section I, is doubtless the fact that the majority of the cases come under treatment on the first two days of the disease.

The following table shows the cases in which the diagnosis was not confirmed bacteriologically:—

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- 4-	a.	D).	14.83	V.

Non-Anti	TOXIN CASES.	ANTITOX	IN CASES.	ALL CASES.			
Cases.	Deaths,	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Percentage Mortality.	
18†	1	22	2	40	8	7-5	

Of the 483 antitoxin cases, the larynx was affected in 76, or 15.7 per cent.; while of the 212 non-antitoxin cases, in only 14, or 6.6 per cent., was this the case. Tables D to G deal with the laryngeal cases.

POST-SCABLATING TABLE D.—Trached with An	otomy	Cases t		Post-Scarlatinal Diphtheria. Table E.—All Laryngeal Cases tree with Antitoxin.				
AGES.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.	Ages.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.	
Under 1	2	1	50.0	Under 1	3	2	66.6	
1 to 2	1	1	100.0	1 to 2	10	3	30.0	
2 to 3	3	2	66.6	2 to 3	9	2	22.2	
3 to 4	5	2	40.0	3 to 4	28	5	21.7	
4 to 5	4	2	50.0	4 to 5	10	2	20.0	
5 to 10	6	2	88-8	5 to 10	18	3	16.6	
10 to 15	2	1	50.0	10 to 15	8	1-	33.3	
15 and upwards	0	0	0.0	15 and upwards	0	0	0.0	
Total	23	11	47:8	Total	76	18	2316	

^{*} Cf. a paper by Mr. Sweeting, in the Transactions of the Epidemiological Society for 1892-93.

[†] Fifteen of these were cases at the North-Eastern Hospital, in which no bacteriological examination was made,

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A	T T	TH	175	TIO	CITY	TITE A	TE
- 43	2224	1.13	E74	110		1 1 1	

POST-SCARLATINAL DIPHTHERIA.

TABLE F. All Tracheotomies.

AL	L THE	HOSPITAL	S.
Post-	SCARLATIN	AL DIPHTHE	RIA.
ABLE		Laryngeal treated.	Cases,

Ages.		Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.	Ages.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.
Under 1				-			-	
		2	1	50.0	Under 1	3	2	66.6
1 to 2	***	2	2	100-0	1 to 2	12	4	33.3
2 to 3		4	3	75.0	2 to 3	11	3	27.2
3 to 4		5	2	40.0	3 to 4	27	5	18.5
4 to 5		5	2	40.0	4 to 5	12	2	16.6
5 to 10		8	3	37.5	5 to 10	22	4	18-1
10 to 15		2	1	50.0	10 to 15	3	1	38.3
15 and upwards		0	0	0.0	15 and upwards	0	0	0.0
Total		28	14	50.0	Total	90	21	23.3

31.1 per cent. of the laryngeal cases were tracheotomised.

From these tables it appears that the mortality of the tracheotomies treated with antitoxin was 47.8 per cent., and of all the tracheotomies 50 per cent. These results are much better than those of the past, and are very satisfactory, though not quite so good as amongst those of the primary diphtheria cases in Section I. On the other hand, the mortalities of all the laryngeal cases, viz., 23.6 per cent. for those treated with antitoxin, and 23.3 for all cases, are lower than those of the cases in Section I. Moreover, a smaller percentage of post-scarlatinal laryngeal cases have required tracheotomy, viz., 30.2 per cent. of the antitoxin and 31.1 of all the cases.

In 90 of the 695 cases tabulated in Table B the larynx became affected, that is, in 12.9 per cent. But in only five cases did the larynx become invaded after the administration of antitoxin.

Of the 483 cases treated with antitoxin 76 were laryngeal cases; in five of these the laryngeal symptoms came on after the first injection of antitoxin, while in the remaining 71 the larynx was attacked by the diphtherial process before antitoxin was given. Subtracting these 71 cases from the 483, we get 412 cases in which there were no laryngeal symptoms present when the antitoxic treatment was first commenced, and in only five, or 1·2 per cent. of these, did laryngeal extension supervene. On the other hand, in 14, or 6·6 per cent., of the 212 cases not treated with antitoxin the larynx was invaded. To these cases we may fairly add those of the 71 above mentioned in which the larynx was attacked subsequently to the fauces, but before antitoxin was injected, for up to the time of their exhibiting laryngeal symptoms they were non-antitoxin cases. The number of them was at least 24; so that of 236 cases of diphtheria not treated with antitoxin, in 38 symptoms of laryngeal obstruction arose, or 16·6 per cent. which is fourteen times the number per cent. of similar cases occurring in the antitoxin group.

Tables H and I show the percentage incidence of the complications of diphtheria for the antitoxin and for all the cases respectively.

ALL THE TABLE H.—Complicational Diphtheria Antitoxin, 1896	ations. L	Post-Scarla-	ALL THE HOSPITALS. Table I.— Complications. All Cases of Post-Scarlatinal Diphtheria, 1896.				
Number of Cases of	of Diphthe	eria, 483.	Number of Cases of	f Diphthe	eria, 695.		
Complications.	Number of Cases.	Percentage on Total Cases.	Complications.	Number of Cases.	Percentage on Total Cases.		
Albuminuria	181	87.4	Albuminuria	222	31.9		
Nephritis	5	1.0	Nephritis	9	1.3		
Paralysis (various)	34	7.0	Paralysis (various)	47	6.7		
Pneumonia, lobar	2	0.4	Pneumonia, lobar	3	0.4		
Do. lobular	8	1.6	Do, lobular	11	1.5		
Relapse of Disease	13	2.6	Relapse of Disease	14	20		

Comparing these with Tables XVI. and XVII. in Section I., it will be found that the incidence of albuminuria and paralysis is very much less in the post-scarlatinal diphtheria cases; the incidence of lobular pneumonia is also less, while those of nephritis and relapse are somewhat higher; that of lobar pneumonia is about the same. The smaller albuminuria and paralysis incidence is probably due to the fact that so many of the cases have been got at a very early stage of the disease, before the products of the diphtheria bacillus could have had time to cause any marked changes in the tissues. The larger incidence of nephritis is most likely due to the fact that this affection is a common sequel of scarlet fever.

Table J, which records the number and percentage incidence of the complications probably connected with antitoxin, differs little from the similar table in the previous section (Table XVIII.). The only marked difference is in the incidence of joint pains. But what we had to say as regards the mildness of these complications in Section I. applies equally to the cases we are now discussing.

ALL THE HOSPITALS. Table J.—Complications probably connected with Antitoxin.

Number of Cas	ses treated, 483.	
Complications.	Number of Cases.	Percentage on Total Cases.
Rash	183	37.8
Joint Pains	55	11:3
Pyrexia, with or without rash or pains	83	17:1
Abscess at site of injection	6	1.2

Of the 483 cases treated with serum, the following table shows the dosage employed in 445 expressed in immunisation units. In the remaining 38 cases the doses were recorded in cubic centimetres, and as it has been found impossible to ascertain the antitoxic equivalent of the different sera employed, these cases have been omitted from the table.

TABLE	K.—Dosage	of	Post-Scarlatinal	Diphtheria	Cases.
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	No. of Units.	No. of Patients.	No. of Injections.	Average dose per Injection.	Average No. of Injections.	Average amount per Patient.
Cases which recovered	2,056,999	423	793	2593.9	1.8	4862.3
Cases which died	135,620	22	49	2767.7	2.2	6164.5
All cases	2,192,619	445	842	2604.0	1.8	4927:1

CONCLUSION.

The improved results in the diphtheria cases treated during the year 1896, which are indicated by the statistics and clinical observations set forth in the preceding report, are:—

- (i.) A great reduction in the mortality of cases brought under treatment on the first three days of illness.
- (ii.) The lowering of the combined general mortality to a point below that of any former year.
- (iii.) The still more remarkable reduction in the mortality of the laryngeal cases.
- (iv.) The uniform improvement in the results of tracheotomy at each separate hospital.
- (v.) The beneficial effect produced on the clinical course of the disease.

We have had, in fact, somewhat better results to record for 1896 than we had for 1895; and, in view of the extended experience gained during the past year, together with the additional facts concerning the post-scarlatinal cases for 1896, we feel that we are fully justified in the favourable opinion we expressed last year on the value of antitoxin in the treatment of diphtheria.

We would repeat what we stated last year as to the paramount importance of commencing the treatment early—if possible, not later than the second day of the disease. From this time onward the chance of a successful issue will diminish in proportion to the length of time which has elapsed before the treatment is commenced. This, though doubtless true of other methods, is of still greater moment in the case of treatment by antitoxin.

We have already drawn attention to the trivial nature of the secondary effects that not infrequently arise as a direct result of the injection of antitoxic

serum, and we think that neither these effects nor the increased incidence of some of the usual complications are worthy of being considered practical deterrents when the beneficial results of the treatment are remembered.

We have only to add that we still hold to the opinion that in the antitoxic serum we possess a remedy of distinctly—we would now say much—greater value in the treatment of diphtheria than any other with which we are acquainted.

We desire to express our best thanks to the following gentlemen for the great assistance they have rendered us in preparing the statistical tables contained in the appendix to this Report, viz.:—Drs. J. S. Richards, F. J. Woollacott, and H. T. Parker, of the Eastern Hospital; Dr. J. E. Beggs, of the North-Eastern Hospital; Dr. A. Stanley, of the North-Western Hospital; Mr. E. Hill, Drs. C. A. Kent and H. F. Mantell, and Mr. G. S. Hanwell, of the Western Hospital; Drs. W. J. Stewart and H. E. Cuff, and Mr. F. Pershouse, of the South-Western Hospital; Drs. G. Thornton and P. F. Moore, and Mr. R. Fox Symons, of the Fountain Hospital; Mr. J. Wilkins, Drs. A. D. Hodges, A. Miller, and A. K. Gordon, of the South-Eastern Hospital; Mr. J. L. Hague and Dr. E. H. Ridley, of the Northern Hospital; Dr. C. Rundle, of Gore Farm Hospital.

(Signed)

J. MACCOMBIE.

R. M. BRUCE,

F. FOORD CAIGER.

F. N. HUME.

E. W. GOODALL.

C. E. MATTHEWS.

F. MEADOWS TURNER.

F. THOMSON.

Although a reduction in the mortality of laryngeal cases has actually occurred, and the percentage of laryngeal cases in which tracheotomy was required is reduced, the undersigned regrets that the results obtained at the North-Western Hospital are not such as to enable him to subscribe to all the conclusions contained in the foregoing report. The responsibility attached to any returns pertaining to the North-Western Hospital is fully realised by him as the Medical Superintendent. During the greater part of last year, however, he was suffering from the effects of an attack of Diphtheria, in consequence of which he was compelled, under advice, to take little or no part in either the supervision or treatment of the disease.

(Signed) WM, GAYTON,

APPENDIX.

Detailed List of Fatal Cases amongst those not treated with Antitoxin, 1896,

EASTERN HOSPITAL.

	o'estible.	no frap	Day of Disease upon which		of time spital.	apple a	100 10 W. W 0
No	Initials,	Age.	Patient was ad- mitted to Hospital.	Days.	Hours.	Cause of Death.	Remarks.
1	M.A.G.	5	9th	3	ind on	Cardiac failure	Hæmorrhagic diphtheria; in a hopeless condition on admission.
2	C. D.	5	17th	2		Do	Moribund on admission.
3	F. S.	2	10th	9		Do	
					otto.		admission; child did not seem very ill, but anuria supervened.
4	W. S.	5	5th		5	Do	Moribund on admission.
5	H. L.	2	3rd	15	atture life! per	Broncho-pneumonia	Child was the subject of whooping - cough and broncho-pneumonia be- fore being attacked with diphtheria, which was
	- 1						very slight.
6	V. J.	1	· 8th	***	38	Cardiac failure	Moribund on admission.
7	M. L.	1	4th	***	1/2	Do	Do.
8	F. H.	3	6th	16		Do,	Very ill on admission, and
		11/1/11					thought to be scarlet
9	M. G.	1	6th		17	Do	Moribund on admission.
10	E. J.	11	5th	4		Do	
11	М, Н.	7	6th		6	Do,	
12	F. W.	5	5th				Died while being brought to hospital,

NORTH-WESTERN HOSPITAL.

			Day of Disease upon which		of time spital.	Tel Tel Title	ALCO III
No.	Initials.	Age.	Patient was ad- mitted to Hospital.	Days.	Hours.	Cause of Death.	Remarks.
1	E. M.	5	7th	11		Anuria.	
2	A. G.	3	7th	7		Nephritis.	
3	М. В.	5	2nd	12		Anuria.	
4	E, D.	5	4th	59		Scarlet fever and meningitis	A mild case on admission.

APPENDIX III.-MEDICAL SUPPLEMENT.

NORTH-WESTERN HOSPITAL-Continued.

	8081		Day of Disease upon	Length in Ho	of time spital.	of the second second second	ACT TO PEC SON ON
No.	Initials.	Age.	which Patient was ad- mitted to Hospital.	Days.	Hours.	Cause of Death.	Remarks.
5	w. w.	3	2nd	3		Toxæmia	Moribund on admission.
6	W. M.	10	7th		25	Do	Do.
7	В. Т.	8	12th	6		Cardiae failure.	
8	B. N.	1	3rd	3		Do.	
9	Е. К.	2	2nd	8		Toxæmia	Moribund on admission.
10	E. M. S.	1	4th	4		Cardiac failure.	
11	M.C.	11 m'ths	2nd	5		Do.	
12	W. S.	3	4th	7		Do.	
13	М. Р.	2	4th		17	Broncho-pneumonia	Moribund on admission.
14	N. H.	3	5th	5		Do.	
15	G. B.	2	3rd	6		Cardiac failure.	
16	F. W.	6 m'ths	4th	2		Do.	
17	s. w.	2	7th	4		Anuria.	
18	F. C.	2	8th	8		Toxamia,	
19	J. B. B.	3	7th	8		Cardiac failure.	
20	O. F.	10	5th	13		Paralysis.	
21	F. M.	3	3rd	+		Cardiac failure.	
22	С. Н.	4	8th		28	Anuria	Moribund on admission.
23	A. P.	3	8th	20		Paralysis.	
24	G. H.	4	5th		40	Anuria	Moribund on admission.
25	Е. В.	3	8th	5		Do.	
26	A. P.	11	6th	10		Do.	
27	C. F.	8	7th	8		Do.	
28	H. S.	2	3rd	13		Convulsions.	
29	F.T.	3	18th	5		Toxæmia.	
30	D.G.P.	5	6th	10		Broncho-pneumonia.	
31	M. S.	1	4th	2		Cardiac failure.	
82	K. G.	5	5th	6		Paralysis.	
33	W. P.	3	3rd	4		Anuria.	
34	F. N.	1	2nd	5	***	Paralysis.	
85	A. B.	1	12th	16		Broncho-pneumonia.	
36	w. s.	6	4th	2		Anuria.	
87	А. В.	1	7th	23		Meningitis.	
38	H. C.	9 m'ths		28		Broncho-pneumonia.	
39	F. F.	6	7th	6		Anuria.	
40	D. H.	1	4th		17	Broncho-pneumonia	Moribund on admission.
41	L. L.	6	4th	25		Septicæmia.	
42	C. H.	4	7th	9		Cardiac failure.	
43	E. W.	3	5th	59		Scarlet fever.	
44	А. Т.	3	3rd	30		Extension of mem- brane to lungs.	

NORTH-WESTERN HOSPITAL-Continued.

No.	Intelete		Day of Disease upon which		of time spital.		
No.	Initials.	Age.	Patient was ad- mitted to Hospital.	Days,	Hours.	Cause of Death.	Remarks.
45	С. В.	4	9th	11		Anuria.	
46	T. W.	4	7th	48		Do.	
47	L. S.	2	5th	16		Do.	
48	F. C.	1	3rd	6		Septicæmia.	
49	P. T.	1	3rd	7		Anuria.	THE PARTY OF THE P
50	E. R.	1	6th	7		Convulsions.	
51	C. M.	2	8th	8		Paralysis.	
52	Т. В.	1	6th	10		Cardiac failure.	
53	J. R.	4	5th	7		Anuria.	
54	E. C.	4	4th		12	Toxæmia	Moribund on admission.
55	M. C.	1	3rd	10		Lobar pneumonia.	
56	F. A.	3	4th	6		Anuria.	
57	С. В.	1	2nd	4		Toxæmia.	
58	E. L.	5	4th	35		Measles.	
59	A. B.	4	5th	6		Cardiac failure.	
60	M. N.	4	4th	8		Anuria.	
61	E. N.	4	6th	2		Toxæmia	Moribund on admission.
62	F. S.	6	6th	9		Anuria,	
63	C. L.	1	4th	35		Scarlet fever.	
64	Н. К.	1	5th	6	***	Do.	
65	A. J.	3	6th	16		Paralysis.	
66	F. L.	3	5th		39	Anuria	Moribund on admission.
67	D. J. B.	1	Gth	2		Toxæmia	Do.
68	R. P.	10	11th		1/2	Do	Do.
69	J. R.	2	4th	2		Do	Do.
70	W. B.	6	3rd	8		Cardiac failure.	
71	C. G.	4	4th		3	Broncho-pneumonia.	
72	R. F.	7	9th	9		Cardiac failure.	
73	J. B.	2	3rd	4		Toxæmia.	
74	Α. Λ.	3	5th	2		Broncho-pneumonia	Moribund on admission.
75	E. L.	6	11th	5		Cardiac failure.	
76	М. Н.	4	3rd	6		Toxæmia.	
77	D. E.	3	7th	11		Anuria.	
78	M. S.	6	3rd		9	Toxæmia	Moribund on admission.
79	L. T.	1	7th		27	Anuria	Do.
80	A. P.	1	4th	4		Extension of mem brane to lungs.	
81	F. B.	7	5th	2		Toxæmia	Moribund on admission.
82	E. S.	4	7th	6		Anuria.	
83	W. N.	2	4th		17	Toxæmia	Moribund on admission.

APPENDIX III .- MEDICAL SUPPLEMENT.

NORTH-WESTERN HOSPITAL-Continued.

			Day of Disease upon		of time spital.	some bee		
No.	Initials.	Age.	which Patient was ad- mitted to Hospital.	Days.	Hours.	Cause of De	eath.	Remarks.
84	A. B.	2	6th	4		Anuria.		
85	S. C.	2	7th	***	27	Toxamia		 Moribund on admission.
86	E. A.	7	5th	4		Anuria.		
87	M. L.	8	3rd	2		Toxæmia.		
88	W. T.	4	3rd		1	Do		 Moribund on admission.

WESTERN HOSPITAL.

			Day of Disease upon		of time spital.	trade on 01	discontinuity of the state of t
No.	Initials.	Age.	which Patient was admitted to Hospital.	Days.	Hours.	Cause of Death.	Remarks.
1	J. P.	4	12th	20		Scarlet fever.	Total
2	C. S.	3	8th		6	Cardiac failure	 Moribund on admission; hæmorrhagic diphtheria.
3	W. E.	13	17th	10		Paralysis.	402 1 15 76 76
4	Е. В.	8 m'ths	4th		3	Toxæmia	 Moribund on admission.
5	н. н.	2	10th		24	Cardiac failure	 Do. do.
6	E. D.	4	5th		2	Toxæmia	 Do. do.
7	D. A.	4	2nd	7		Cardiac failure	 A mild case on admission.
8	E. S.	1	14th		6	Do.	 Moribund on admission.
9	A. T.	9	3rd	28		Peritonitis	 A mild case on admission.
10	L. G.	13	12th		16	Cardiac failure	 Moribund on admission.
11	E. C.	2	9th		18	Do.	 Moribund on admission; hæmorrhagic diphtheria.
12	G. S.	1	3rd		2	Do.	 Do. do.
13	Н. Н.	15	10th .		8	Do.	 Do. do.

SOUTH-WESTERN HOSPITAL.

		ATT BAS	Day of Disease upon which		of time spital.		
No.	Initials.	Age.	Patient was ad- mitted to Hospital.	Days.	Hours.	Cause of Death.	Remarks.
1	Н. С.	1	15th		5	Cardiac failure	Moribund on admission.
2	J. J.	3	9th	15		Thrombosis of right middle cerebral artery.	Mild case on admission.
3	F. R.	7	10th	5		Cardiac failure	Exudation had all disappeared before admission.

SOUTH-EASTERN HOSPITAL.

			Day of Disease upon which	Length in Ho	of time spital.	milt to disposal had a supposal in	r zź((um, it) noup
No.	Initials.	Age.	Patient was ad- mitted to Hospital.	Days.	Hours.	Cause of Death.	Remarks.
1	А. Н.	3	2nd	1110	4	Laryngeal diphtheria	Died while tracheotomy was being performed.
2	W. B.	3	14th	3	 vol do l	Cardiac failure	In a hopeless condition on admission.
3	L. K.	2	6th		8	Toxæmia	Moribund on admission.
4	E. F.	10	5th	94		Pericarditis	Had an attack of rheu- matic fever late on in
5	Е. Н.	5	4th	Commi	25	Toxæmia.	convalescence.
6	E. C.	1	8th	persel y	6	The state of the s	Moribund on admission; hæmorrhagic diphtheria.
7	C. E.	13 days	5th		6	Do	Moribund on admission.
8	L. C.	5	6th		27	Do	Moribund on admission; hæmorrhagic diphtheria.
9	A. B.	10 m'ths	7th	68		Paralysis.	
10	A. W.	4	4th		11/2		Moribund on admission.
11	A. R.	5	7th	81			Relapse on 47th day of disease.
12	R. C.	4	10th	2		Do	Moribund on admission.

FOUNTAIN HOSPITAL.

to res			Day of Disease upon which		of time spital.	MASTERN IN		
No.	Initials.	Age.	Patient was ad- mitted to	Days.	Hours.	Cause of Death.		Remarks.
-	-127	T	Hospital.	inn		ed Juli 12		manuff to sait.
1	Н. В.	3	6th		26	Cardiac failure		Moribund on admission.
2	V. B.	3	1st		12	Do.		Moribund on admission; hæmorrhagic diphtheria.
3	M. B.	10 m'ths	6th	***	4	Do.		Moribund on admission.
4	Е. К.	41	7th		14	Do.		Moribund on admission; no exudation on fauces on admission.
5	Т. А.	6 weeks	2nd	56		Broncho-pneumoni	a	No exudation on fauces on admission.
6	N. M.	4	6th	2		Cardiac failure		Moribund on admission; hæmorrhagic diphtheria.
7	A. J.	5	3rd		4	Do.		Do. do.
8	D. D.	7 m'ths	6th	2		Do.		No exadation to be seen on admission.
9	D. L.	3	3rd	4		Do.		Do. do.
10	C. R.	4	12th		12	Do.		No exudation to be seen on admission; moribund on admission.
11	H. R.	3	7th	42		Do.		No exudation to be seen on admission.

APPENDIX III.-MEDICAL SUPPLEMENT.

FOUNTAIN HOSPITAL-Continued.

			Day of Disease upon which		of time		
No.	Initials.	Age.	Patient was ad- mitted to Hospital.	Days.	Hours.	Cause of Death.	Remarks.
12	A. D.	19	6th		2	Cardiac failure	No exudation to be seen on admission; moribund
13	C. D.	3	4th	11		Scarlet fever	on admission. No exudation to be seen on admission.
14	L. B.	1	8th		6	Cardiac failure	Moribund on admission.
15	J. T.	70	7th	21		Carcinoma of fauces.	
16	н. н.	9 m'ths	5th	7		Broncho-pneumonia	No exudation to be seen on admission.
17	S. S.	3	4th	40		Respiratory paralysis	Do. do.
18	W. L.	4	3rd	21		Scarlet fever	Do. do.
19	М. Т.	2	5th	12		Do	Do. do.
20	J. H.	4	3rd	50		Do	Do. do.
21	H. S.	6	3rd	5		Cardiac failure	Hopeless condition on admission.
22	A. S.	2	5th		24	Do	Moribund on admission; hæmorrhagic diphtheria.
23	J. T.	5	7th	4		Do	No exudation to be seen on admission.
24	Н. Р.	5	2nd	5		Do	Do. do.
25	A. R.	6	2nd	26		Scarlet fever	Do. do.
26	J. K.	7	2nd		26	Toxæmia	Moribund on admission.

EASTERN HOSPITAL.

Cases treated with Antitoxin, 1896.

DAY OF DISEASE,	1s	t.	21	ıd.	3:	rd.	4	th.	5th& a	after.	Тот	AL.	lity snt.
Ages.	Сазев.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.								
Under 1	1,	0	3	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	6	2	33:
1 to 2	1	0	3	0	7	2	5	1	18	5	34	8	23.
2 to 3	3	1	5	0	7	4	4	0	27	7	46	12	26.0
3 to 4	2	0	9	1	20	3	12	3	33	13	76	20	26:3
4 to 5	2	0	9	2	13	2	20	7	28	7	72	18	25
5 to 10	5	1	30	1	34	6	32	7	74	19	175	34	19.4
10 to 15	2	0	5	0	8	0	8	2	22	2	45	4	8.8
15 to 20	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	5	0	6	0	0.0
20 and upwards	0	0	1	0	3	0	4	0	7	0	15	0	0.0
Total	16	- 2	65	5	93	17	86	20	215	54	475	98	20.0
Mortality per cent.		12.5		7:6		18.0		23.2		25.1		20.6	

NORTH-WESTERN HOSPITAL.

Cases treated with Antitoxin, 1896.

DAY OF DISEASE.	1	st.	21	nd.	3	rd.	4	th.	5th & :	ifter.	Тот	AL.	lity nt.
Ages.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.
Under 1	0	0	2	2	1	0	3	0	6	4	12	6	50.0
1 to 2	0	0	11	7	6	0	7	3	20	11	44	21	47.7
2 to 3	1	0	3	0	12	4	9	3	26	15	51	22	43.1
3 to 4	0	0	8	2	11	5	15	5	24	9	58	21	36.2
4 to 5	0	0	6	1	5	0	17	6	37	18	65	25	38.4
5 to 10	2	0	16	3	15	7	25	7	51	17	109	34	31.2
10 to 15	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	12	2	14	2	14.3
15 to 20	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0-0
20 and upwards	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0.0
Total	4	0	47	15	52	16	76	24	177	76	356	131	36.7
Mortality per cent.		0-0		31.9		30-8		31.6		42.9		36.7	

WESTERN HOSPITAL.

Cases treated with Antitoxin, 1896.

DAY OF D	ISEA	SE.	1	st.	2	nd.	3rd.		4	th.	5th &	after.	Ton	AL.	lity int.
Agi	es.		Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.										
Under 1			1	0	0	0	2	1	2	0	6	4	11	5	45.45
1 to 2			0	0	8	5	10	5	11	7	9	5	38	22	57.89
2 to 3			2	1	13	6	13	3	17	7	23	9	68	26	38-23
3 to 4			2	0	10	1	19	3	12	3	30	14	73	21	28.76
4 to 5			0	0	11	1	16	7	17	9	36	10	.80	27	33.75
5 to 10			6	0	21	1	35	8	43	4	86	26	191	39	20.41
10 to 15			1	0	2	0	7	1	7	3	17	3	34	7	20.58
15 to 20			0	0	1	0	5	1	2	0	5	1	13	2	15.38
20 and u	pwa	rds	0	0	1	0	4	0	10	0	2	0	17	0	0.00
Total			12	1	67	14	111	29	121	33	214	72	525	149	28:38
	talit			8.33		20.89		26.12		27.27		33.64		28:38	

SOUTH-WESTERN HOSPITAL.

Cases treated with Antitoxin, 1896.

DAY o	F DI	SEA	SE	a) De	11	st.	21	nd.	3	rd.	4	th.	5th & :	after.	Тот	AL.	lity out.
Motoring and a second	Ages				Cases.	Deaths.	Cases,	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.
Under 1					0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	6	2	8	3	37.5
1 to 2					0	0	3	0	3	1	2	1	7	4	15	6	40.0
2 to 3					-0	0	3	0	8	1	4	2	11	3	26	6	28.0
3 to 4					2	0	8	0	1	0	6	1	8	5	25	6	24.0
4 to 5					1	0	5	0	9	3	7	1	17	4	39	8	20.5
5 to 10					7	0	27	2	32	5	31	12	66	21	163	40	24.5
10 to 15					0	0	7	0	5	0	16	3	14	2	42	5	11.9
15 to 20					0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	1	4	1	25.0
20 and	upwa	ds.			0	0	2	0	0	0	1	0	5	1	8	1	12.5
Total					10	0	55	2	60	11	69	20	136	43	330	76	23.0
Morte	lity p	er	cei	nt.		0.0		3.6		18:3		28.9		31.6		23.0	

SOUTH-EASTERN HOSPITAL.

Cases treated with Antitoxin, 1896.

DAY	OF	Dis	EASE		1	st.	2	nd.	3	rd.	4	th.	5th&	after.	Тот	AL.	lity nt.
The state of the s	A	GES.		100	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.										
Under	1				0	0	4	2	8	1	3	2	8	4	23	9	39.1
1 to	2				1	0	3	2	8	5	2	1	13	2	27	10	37.0
2 to	3				1	0	6	2	9	3	10	7	22	8	48	20	41.7
3 to	4				1	0	12	2	14	2	9	3	32	12	68	19	27.9
4 to	5				1	0	14	0	20	2	9	2	34	8	78	12	15.4
5 to	10				3	0	33	4	36	3	46	8	74	20	192	35	18.2
10 to	15				3	0	6	0	11	1	7	0	24	7	51	8	15.7
15 to	20				0	е	1	0	1	0	1	1	5	2	8	3	37.5
20 an	d up	ward	ls		0	0	1	0	3	0	0	0	4	1	8	1	12.5
To	tal				10	0	80	12	110	17	87	24	216	64	503	117	23.3
Mo	rtali	ty pe	r ce	nt.		0.0		15.0		15.4		27.6		29-6		23.3	

N.B.-Three cases (aged respectively 1, 10, 11) injected for the first time on the first day of a relapse are tabulated in column 1.

FOUNTAIN HOSPITAL.

Cases treated with Antitoxin, 1896.

DAY OF	DISEASE.	1	st.	2	nd,	3	rd.	4	th.	5th &	after.	Тот	AL.	lity nt.
A A	GES.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.										
Under 1		0	0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0 1	1	3	2	66.6
1 to 2		0	0	7	2	7	3	10	8	8	3	32	16	50.0
2 to 3		0	0	9	0	11	3	12	1	21	8.	. 53	12	22.6
3 to 4		0	0	14	2	18	7	20	5	28	15	80	29	36.2
4 to 5		1	0	16	2	14	3	18	5	38	10	87	20	22.9
5 to 10	in	4	0	30	5	60	15	55	17	77	19	226	56	24.7
10 to 15		0	0	12	1	16	1	15	4	24	4	67	10	14.9
15 to 20		0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	5	0	0.0
20 and up	wards	0	0	2	0	5	0	8	0	7	1	22	1	4.5
Total		5	0	92	13	131	32	140	40	207	61	575	146	25.3
Mortali	ty per cent.		0.0		14-1		24.4		28.5		29.4	···· ;	25.3	M

EASTERN HOSPITAL.

All cases, both those treated with Antitoxin and those not, 1896.

DAY OF DISEASE,	18	st.	21	nd.	3:	rd.	4:	th.	5th & :	after.	Тот	AL.	ity ot.
Ages.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.
Under 1	1	0	3	1	0	0	1	0	2	1	7	2	28:0
1 to 2	1	0	3	0	7	2	6	2	20	7	37	11	29-7
2 to 3	3	1	6	0	9	5	5	0	32	8	55	14	25.4
3 to 4	3	0	9	1	22	3	16	3	39	14	89.	21	23.5
4 to 5	2	0	10	2	14	2	22	7	32	7	80	18	22.5
5 to 10	10	1	32	1	45	6	41	7	105	24	233	39	16.7
10 to 15	5	0	8	0	14	0	14	2	48	3	84	5	5.9
15 to 20	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	9	0	11	0	0.0
20 and upwards	0	0	3	0	11	0	6	0	17	0	87	0	0.0
Total	25	2	74	5	123	18	112	21	299	64	633	110	17:8
Mortality per cent.		8.0		6.7		14.6		18.7		21.4		17:3	

75 per cent. of the cases treated with antitoxin.

NORTH-WESTERN HOSPITAL.

All cases, both those treated with Antitoxin and those not, 1896.

DAY OF DISEASE.	18	t.	21	nd.	3	rd.	4	th.	5th & :	after.	Тот	AL.	lity nt.
Ages.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.
Under 1	0	0	2	2	3	1	4	1	9	5	18	9	50.0
1 to 2	0	0	15	9	9	3	15	9	35	18	74	39	52.7
2 to 3	1	0	13	0	24	7	13	7	52	22	103	36	35.2
3 to 4	0	0	14	3	26	10	24	8	56	16	120	37	30.8
4 to 5	0	0	13	2	19	1	30	6	77	30	139	39	28.0
5 to 10	3	0	27	4	39	9	41	11	127	29	237	58	22.4
10 to 15	1	0	9	1	10	1	16	0	38	4	74	6	8.1
15 to 20	0	0	0	0	4	0	6	0	4	0	14	0	0.0
20 and upwards	0	0	1	0	5	0	4	0	13	0	23	0	0.0
Total	5	0	94	21	139	32	153	42	411	124	802	219	27:3
Mortality per cent.		0-0		22.3		23.0		27.4		30.2		27.3	

44.3 per cent. of the cases treated with antitoxin.

WESTERN HOSPITAL.

All cases, both those treated with Antitoxin and those not, 1896.

DAY OF DISEASE.	18	st.	:	2nd.	1	Brd.		ith.	5th	& after.	Т	OTAL.	dity ant.
Ages.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.								
Under 1	1	0	0	0	2	1	3	1	6	4	12	6	50:00
1 to 2	0	0	8	5	12	6	13	7	10	6	43	24	55.81
2 to 3	2	1	13	6	13	3	17	7	32	11	77	28	36:36
3 to 4	2	0	12	1	19	3	14	3	37	15	84	22	26.19
4 to 5	1	0	13	2	23	7	20	9	46	12	103	30	29.12
5 to 10	6	0	34	1	40	9	51	4	118	26	249	40	16.06
10 to 15	1	0	7	0	13	1	16	3	36	5	73	9	12:32
15 to 20	0	0	1	0	11	1	5	0	14	2	31	3	9.67
20 and upwards	1	0	8	0	19	0	19	0	24	0	71	0	0.00
Total	14	1	96	15	152	31	158	34	323	81	743	162	21.80
Mortality) per cent.		7:14		15.62		20.39		21.51		25.07		21.80	

70.6 per cent. of the cases treated with antitoxin.

SOUTH-WESTERN HOSPITAL.

All cases, both those treated with Antitoxin and those not, 1896.

DAY OF DISEASE.	18	t.	21	nd.	3	rd.	4	th.	5th &	after.	Тот	AL.	ity nt.
Ages.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.
Under 1	1	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	6	2	10	3	30.0
1 to 2	0	0	3	0	3	1	2	1	11	5	19	7	36.8
2 to 3	0	0	5	0	9	1	4	2	11	3	29	6	20.6
3 to 4	2	0	9	0	1	0	8	1	13	6	33	7	21.2
4 to 5	2	0	5	0	9	3	8	1	23	4	47	8	17-0
5 to 10	8	0	39	2	44	5	43	12	89	22	223	41	18:5
10 to 15	1	0	10	0	11	0	22	3	25	2	69	5	7.5
15 to 20	0	0	2	0	3	0	6	0	7	1	18	1	5.0
20 and upwards	0	0	3	0	6	0	9	= 0	18	1	36	1	2.7
Total	14	0	76	2	88	11	103	20	203	46	484	79	16:3
Mortality per cent.		0.0		2.6		12.5		19:4		22.6		16:3	

68.1 per cent. of the cases treated with antitoxin.

SOUTH-EASTERN HOSPITAL.

All cases, both those treated with Antitoxin and those not, 1896.

DAY OF	Dis	EASE		1	st.	2	nd.	8	rd.	4	th.	5th &	after.	Тот	TAL.	ity it.
Ac	Es.			Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaties.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Ceses.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.
Under 1				0	0	4	2	8	1	3	2	11	6	26	11	42:
1 to 2				1	0	3	2	8	5	2	1	15	3	29	11	37-1
2 to 3				1	0	6	2	9	3	11	7	32	9	59	21	35.0
3 to 4			***	2	0	13	3	14	2	12	3	36	13	77	21	27.8
4 to 5				1	0	15	0	23	2	10	3	40	9	89	14	15.7
5 to 10				8	0	36	4	38	3	51	9	103	22	231	38	16.4
10 to 15				3	0	11	0	12	1	9	0	36	8	71	9	12.7
15 to 20				0	0	2	0	7	0	2	1	14	2	25	3	12.0
20 and up	ward	s		0	0	3	0	12	0	4	0	12	1	31	1	3.2
Total				11	0	93	13	131	17	104	26	299	73	638	129	20.2
Mortalit	y pe	r cer	ıt.		0.0		13.9		13.0		25.0		24.4		20.2	

78.8 per cent, of the cases treated with serum,

FOUNTAIN HOSPITAL.

All cases, both those treated with Antitoxin and those not, 1896.

DAY OF DISEASE.	18	st.	21	nd.	31	rd.	41	h.	5th & s	fter.	Тот	A La	lity ant.
Ages.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.
Under 1	2	1	2	2	1	1	1	0	2	2	8	6	75.0
1 to 2	0	0	8	2	8	3	10	8	12	4	38	17	44.7
2 to 3	1	0	11	1	12	3	15	1	26	9	65	14	21.5
3 to 4	1	0	17	4	23	8	24	5	40	18	105	35	33.3
4 to 5	3	0	18	2	19	5	24	5	47	12	111	24	21.6
5 to 10	7	0	48	5	81	15	71	18	128	24	335	62	18:5
10 to 15	0	0	22	1	23	1	19	4	58	4	122	10	8.1
15 to 20	1	0	4	0	2	0	13	1	15	0	35	1	2.8
20 and upwards	0	0	4	0	21	1	15	0	16	2	56	3	5.8
Total	15	1	134	17	190	37	192	42	344	75	875	172	19.7
Mortality per cent.		6.6		12.6		19.4		21.8		21.8		19.7	

65.7 per cent. of the cases treated with serum.

EASTER! Tracheotomy Antite		eated r		NORTH-WESTERN HOSPITAL. Tracheotomy cases treated with Antitoxin, 1896.									
Ages.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.	Ages.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.						
Under 1	. 0	0	0.0	Under 1	1	1	100.0						
1 to 2	. 5	1	20.0	1 to 2	2	2	100:0						
2 to 3	. 4	2	50.0	2 to 3	6	3	50.0						
3 to 4	9	3	33:3	3 to 4	4	3	75.0						
4 to 5	. 4	3	75:0	4 to 5	2	0	0.0						
5 to 10	. 11	1	9.0	5 to 10	4	2	50.0						
10 to 15	. 0	0	0.0	10 to 15	1	1	100.0						
15 and upwards .	0	0	0.0	15 and upwards	0	0	0.0						
Total	. 33	10	30.3	Total	20	12	60.0						

WESTERN HOSPITAL.

Tracheotomy Cases treated with Antitoxin, 1896.

Ages.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.
Under 1	1	1	100:00
1 to 2	8	7	87:50
2 to 3	10	5	50.00
3 to 4	3	1	33-33
4 to 5	4	3	75.00
5 to 10 ,	12	7	58.33
10 to 15	0	0	0.0
15 and upwards	0	0	0.0
Total	38	24	63.15

SOUTH-WESTERN HOSPITAL.

Tracheotomy cases treated with Antitoxin, 1896.

Ages.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.
Under 1	 0	0	0.0
1 to 2	 4	3	75.0
2 to 3	 4	1	25.0
3 to 4	 1	1	100.0
4 to 5	 5	2	40.0
5 to 10	 10	2	20.0
10 to 15	 0	0	0.0
15 and upwards	 0	0	0.0
Total	 24	9	87:5

SOUTH-EASTERN HOSPITAL.

Tracheotomy cases treated with Autitoxin, 1896.

AGES.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.
Under 1	0	0	0.0
1 to 2	6	5	88.3
2 to 3	10	5	50.0
3 to 4	14	2	14.3
4 to 5	13	1	7.7
5 to 10	12	3	25.0
10 to 15	3	2	66.7
15 and upwards	0	0	0.0
Total	58	18	31.0

FOUNTAIN HOSPITAL.

Tracheotomy Cases treated with Antitoxin, 1896.

Ages.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.
Under 1	0	0	0.0
1 to 2	3	1	33.3
2 to 3	3	1	33.3
3 to 4	3	1	33.3
4 to 5	8	2	25.0
5 to 10	7	2	28.5
10 to 15	0	0	0.0
15 and upwards	0	0	0.0
Total	24	7	29.1

EASTERN HOSPITAL.

All Tracheotomies.

Agrs.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent,
Under 1	. 0	0	0.0
1 to 2 ,	. 5	1	20.0
2 to 3	4	2	50.0
3 to 4	9	3	33.0
4 to 5	4	. 3	75:0
5 to 10	11	1	9.0
10 to 15	0	0	0.0
15 and upwards	0	0	0.0
Total	33	10	30:3

NORTH-WESTERN HOSPITAL.

All Trachectomies.

Ages,	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent,
Under 1	 1	1	100-0
1 to 2	 6	4	66.6
2 to 3	 11	4	36.3
3 to 4	 9	6	66.6
4 to 5	 2	0	0.0
5 to 10	 4	2	50.0
10 to 15	 1	1	100.0
15 and upwards	 0	0	0.0
Total	 34	18	52.9

WESTERN HOSPITAL.

All Tracheotomies.

Mortality per cent. Deaths. AGES. Under 1 1 1 100.0 1 to 2 7 87.50 2 to 3 50.0 10 3 to 4 3 1 33.33 4 to 5 3 75.0 4 5 to 10 7 58.33 12

0

38

0

24

0

0.0

0.0

63.15

SOUTH-EASTERN HOSPITAL.

All Tracheotomies.

Ages.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.
Under 1	0	0	0.0
1 to 2	6	5	83.3
2 to 3	10	5	50.0
3 to 4	15	3	20.0
4 to 5	13	1	7.7
5 to 10	12	3	25.0
10 to 15	3	2	66.7
15 and upwards	0	0	0.0
Total	59	19	32.2

SOUTH-WESTERN HOSPITAL.

10 to 15

15 and upwards ...

Total

All Tracheotomies.

Mortality per cent. AGES. 0.0 Under 1 3 75.0 1 to 2 2 to 3 25.0 100.0 3 to 4 1 40.0 4 to 5 5 10 2 20.0 5 to 10 10 to 15 0.0 0 0 15 and upwards 0 0.0 0 Total 37.5 24

FOUNTAIN HOSPITAL.

All Tracheotomies.

Ages.	Cases.	Deaths.	Mortality per cent.
Under 1	 0	0	0.0
1 to 2	 3	1	33.3
2 to 3	 3	1	33.3
3 to 4	 3	1	33.3
4 to 5	 8	2	25.0
5 to 10	 7	2	28.5
10 to 15	 0	0	0.0
15 and upwards	 0	0	0.0
Total	 24	7	29.1

EASTERN HOSPITAL.

Complications. Cases treated with Antitoxin, 1896.

Number of cases of Diphtheria, 475.

Complications.	Number of Cases.	Percentage on Total Cases.
Albuminuria	312	65-6
Nephritis	2	0.4
Paralysis (various)	119	25.0
Pneumonia, lobar	8	0.6
Do. lobular	24	5.0
Relapse of Disease	. 3	0-6

Complications. Cases not treated with Antitoxin, 1896.

Number of cases of Diphtheria, 158.

Complications.	Number of Cases.	Percentage on Total Cases.
Albuminuria	51	32.2
Nephritis	0	0.0
Paralysis (various)	17	10.7
Pneumonia, lobar	0	0.0
Do. lobular	1	0.6
Relapse of Disease	3	18.9

Complications probably connected with Antitoxin, 1896.

Number of cases treated, 475.

Complications.	Number of Cases.	Percentage on Total Cases.
Rash	170	35.7
Joint Pains	29	6.1
Pyrexia, withor with- out rash or pains	} 116	24.4
Abscess at site of injection	} 2	0.4

NORTH-WESTERN HOSPITAL.

Complications. Cases treated with Antitoxin, 1896.

Number of cases of Diphtheria, 356.

Complications.	Number of Cases.	Percentage on Total Cases.
Albuminuria	161	45.2
Nephritis	0	0.0
Paralysis (various)	47	13-2
Pneumonia, lobar	0	0.0
Do. lobular	11	3.1
Relapse of Disease .	2	0.6

Complications. Cases not treated with Antitoxin, 1896.

Number of cases of Diphtheria, 446.

Complications.	Number of Cases.	Percentage on Total Cases.
Albuminuria	190	42.5
Nephritis	2	0.4
Paralysis (various)	66	14.7
Pneumonia, lobar	2	0.4
Do. lobular	10	2.2
Relapse of Disease	1	0.2

Complications probably connected with Antitoxin, 1896.

Number of cases treated, 356.

Complications.	Number of Cases.	Percentage on Total Cases.
Rash	53	14.9
Joint Pains	1	0.3
Pyrexia, with or with- out rash or pains	} 28	7.9
Abscess at site of injection	} 1	0.3

WESTERN HOSPITAL.

Complications. Cases treated with Antitoxin, 1896.

Number of cases of Diphtheria, 525.

Complications.	Number of Cases.	Percentage on Total Cases.
Albuminuria	217	41.05
Nephritis	6	1.10
Paralysis (various) .	135	25.90
Pneumonia, lobar	5	9.94
Do. lobular	17	3.20
Relapse of Disease	9	1.70

Complications. Cases not treated with Antitoxin, 1896.

Number of cases of Diphtheria, 218.

Complications.	Number of Cases.	Percentage on Total Cases.
Albuminuria	75	29-60
Nephritis	1	0.45
Paralysis (various)	25	9.86
Pneumonia, lobar	0	0.00
Do. lobular	1	0.45
Relapse of Disease	1	0.45

Complications. Probably connected with Antitoxin, 1896.

Number of cases treated, 525.

Complications.	Number of Cases.	Percentage on Total Cases.
Rash	196	87.05
Joint Pains	38	7.30
Pyrexia, with or with- out rash or pains	} 106	20.03
Abscess at site of injection	} 14	2.60

SOUTH-WESTERN HOSPITAL.

Complications. Cases treated with Antitoxin, 1896.

Number of cases of Diphtheria, 330.

Complications.	Number of Cases.	Percentage on Total Cases.
Albuminuria	193	58-5
Nephritis	0	0.0
Paralysis (various)	86	26.0
Pneumonia, lobar	1	0.3
Do. lobular	4	1.2
Relapse of Disease	3	0-9

72 per cent. of the albuminurias were admitted with it.

Complications. Cases not treated with Antitoxin, 1896.

Number of cases of Diphtheria, 154.

Complications.	Number of Cases.	Percentage on Total Cases.
Albuminuria	48	31-1
Nephritis	0	0.0
Paralysis (various)	14	9-0
Pneumonia, lobar	1	0.6
Do. lobular	0	0.0
Relapse of Disease	5	3.2

Complications. Probably connected with Antitoxin, 1896.

Number of cases treated, 330.

Complications.	Number of Cases.	Percentage on Total Cases.
Rash	107	32.4
Joint Pains	21	6.3
Pyrexia, with or with- out rash or pains	} 79	23-9
Abscess at site of injection	} 6	1.8

SOUTH-EASTERN HOSPITAL.

Complications. Cases treated with Antitoxin, 1896.

Number of cases of Diphtheria, 503.

Complications.	Number of Cases.	Percentage on Total Cases.
Albuminuria	339	67.4
Nephritis	2	0.4
Paralysis (various).	241	47.9
Pneumonia, lobar	8	1.6
Do. lobular	10	2.0
Relapse of Disease	23	4.5

Complications. Cases not treated with Antitoxin, 1896.

Number of cases of Diphtheria, 135.

Complications.	Number of Cases,	Percentage of Total Cases.
Albuminuria	82	60.7
Nephritis	0	0.0
Paralysis (various)	29	21.5
Pneumonia, lobar	1	0-7
Do. lobular	1	0.7
Relapse of Disease	3	2.2

Complications probably connected with Antitoxin, 1896.

Number of cases treated, 503.

Complications.	Number of Cases.	Percentage on Total Cases.
Rash	199	39.6
Joint Pains	46	9.1
Pyrexia, with or with- out rash or pains	} 75	14.9
Abscess at site of injection	} 6	1.2

FOUNTAIN HOSPITAL.

Complications. Cases treated with Antitoxin, 1896.

Number of cases of Diphtheria, 575.

Complications.	Number of Cases.	Percentage on Total Cases.
Albuminuria	441	76.60
Nephritis	6	1.04
Paralysis (various)	85	14.80
Pneumonia, lobar	2	0.30
Do. lobular	20	3.40
Relapse of Disease	12	2.07

Complications. Cases not treated with Antitoxin, 1896.

Number of cases of Diphtheria, 300.

Complications.	Number of Cases.	Percentage on Total Cases.
Albuminuria	121	40.3
Nephritis	5	1.6
Paralysis (various)	27	9.0
Pneumonia, lobar	1	0.3
Do. lobular	8	2.6
Relapse of Disease	2	0.6

Complications. Probably connected with Antitoxin, 1896.

Number of cases treated, 575.

Complications.	Number of Cases.	Percentage on Total Cases.
Rash	249	43.30
Joint Pains	45	7.80
Pyrexia, with or with- out rash or pains	} 145	25.20
Abscess at site of injection	} 6	1.04

			SOUTHWARE HOSPITAL			
	Complications, Views teached with			Complications Comp treat 3 with		
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