

Report of the Committee of Visitors of the Lunatic Asylum for the Borough of Birmingham, presented to the Town Council on the 23rd of January, 1852: being their first annual report : together with the report of the Medical Superintendent and Chaplain also an account of the receipts and payments to the end of the year 1851.

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REPORT 12

OF THE

COMMITTEE OF VISITORS

OF THE

LUNATIC ASYLUM

FOR THE

BOROUGH OF BIRMINGHAM,

PRESENTED TO THE TOWN COUNCIL ON THE 23rd OF JANUARY, 1852;

BEING THEIR

FIRST ANNUAL REPORT:

TOGETHER WITH THE REPORT OF THE MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT AND CHAPLAIN; ALSO AN
ACCOUNT OF THE RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS TO THE END OF THE YEAR 1851.

.....
BIRMINGHAM: PRINTED BY J. TONKS, NEW STREET.

REPORT

COMMISSIONER OF THE GENERAL LAND OFFICE

IN RESPONSE TO A RESOLUTION OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS

PASSED IN MAY 1861

BY THE COMMISSIONER

OF THE GENERAL LAND OFFICE

LONDON: PRINTED BY...

BIRMINGHAM
BOROUGH LUNATIC ASYLUM.

Committee of Visitors,

FOR THE YEAR 1851:

ALDERMAN H. SMITH, CHAIRMAN.

ALDERMAN P. H. MUNTZ,

ALDERMAN J. PALMER,

ALDERMAN T. PHILLIPS,

COUNCILLOR T. ASPINAL,

COUNCILLOR J. HINKS,

COUNCILLOR E. LUCAS,

COUNCILLOR J. SHACKEL.


Officers:

T. GREEN, M.R.C.S., Medical Superintendent.

Rev. T. C. ONION, Chaplain.

W. F. KNIGHT, Clerk and Steward.

C. W. HOUGHTON, Matron.



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BOROUGH LUNATIC ASYLUM.

COMMITTEE OF VISITORS'

ANNUAL REPORT.

In making this their first Annual Report to the Council, the Committee have the satisfaction of stating that, with the exception of the removal of some old buildings and the subsequent completion for a short distance of the boundary wall, the Asylum with its various appurtenances is finished, and a statement of account showing the cost of it in its various departments is appended.

The Asylum was commenced in the year 1846 ; and has been erected under the superintendence of MR. D. R. HILL, Architect, of Birmingham, from designs, prepared by him, which (having been laid before the Commissioners in Lunacy and the Secretary of State for the Home Department) were adopted by the Council ; by whom, also, reports as to every expenditure were from time to time received and approved. The various important works have been executed by the following contractors :—

The Buildings by Mr. John Hardwick, of Birmingham.

The Warming and Ventilation by Messrs. Haden and Son, of Trowbridge.

The Water Supply by Mr. John Whitworth, and that of Gas by Mr. Chambers ; whilst the Gardens and Grounds were laid out and formed by Mr. Williams, all of Birming-

ham. With the superintendence and execution of the whole of these works your Committee have to express its entire satisfaction.

The site of the Asylum comprises about Twenty acres of land, and the building was erected for three hundred patients; but sufficient accommodation can be provided for at least three hundred and thirty. In the course of the works and in making the requisite arrangements for securing the privacy of the establishment, your Committee have had to acknowledge the assistance willingly afforded them, by the committee and officers of the Birmingham Canal Company.

Your Committee has satisfaction in reporting that no change has taken place since its opening, in the superior officers of the establishment, and also that the attention of the Medical Superintendent, the Clerk and Steward, and the Matron, to the discharge of their important duties, has been unremitting, and deserving of approbation; whilst (with only unimportant exceptions) the conduct of all the attendants and servants has been highly satisfactory.

On the 1st of January, 1851, there were in the Asylum 183 patients; since that time 176 have been admitted. 15 have been removed to other Asylums, or to the care of their friends, 84 have been discharged cured, 31 have died, and 263 were in the Asylum on the 31st of December last.

Having, on this occasion, to lay before the Council annual Reports of a very valuable character from the Medical Superintendent and Chaplain, as well as accounts prepared with much labour and care by the Clerk and Steward, giving not only general information respecting the patients and the establishment, but minute details connected with their respective departments, it is unnecessary for your Committee to offer many observations of their own.

The Council cannot but derive satisfaction from the

Reports as to the general health, the mental improvement, the conduct, and the comparative comfort of the unfortunate inmates of the Asylum; whilst they will concur with the Committee in expressing the deepest regret at every case which arises of early insanity being confirmed, or that of longer duration being neglected, by omission in affording that assistance and relief which this Asylum provides.

By the accounts it will be seen that the receipts during the last year from parishes, for maintenance of patients, were £6125 12s 2d.; whilst the expenditure for it, with House expenses, including clothing, medicines, salaries and wages, with a per centage for wear and tear, was £5398 14s 1d., leaving a balance in favor of the Asylum of £726 18s 1d.

The average cost per patient, per week for the year was 8s 5¼d., but a reference to one of the appended tables will shew clearly how much this is affected by the number of patients in the House.

The Committee has directed that the charge to the Borough Parishes be reduced Sixpence each, from the commencement of the present year, and a further reduction may be expected when the Asylum shall be full, and the increasing advantages from the farm and gardens are derived.

The employment of the patients has been regular and advantageous; that out of doors by the men especially so. By them the gardens and grounds have been cultivated, and the road made. Some occupation, however, within doors has yet to be supplied. The women are employed as has been reported on former occasions, and an account of the Stewards will show with how much effect.

To that portion of the report of the Medical Superintendent and Chaplain which refers to the amusements of the patients, and their conduct in the chapel, your Committee cannot but direct the attention of the Council.

The books which have been provided, together with the periodicals and newspapers, continue to afford constant and valuable occupation.

The arrangements for receiving patients, not paupers, having been completed, six have been received, and it is hoped that when it is more generally known that they will be admitted, extended advantage will be taken of it.

Your committee have again satisfaction in stating that since the opening of the Asylum, no mechanical coercion has been used, nor has any been required.

Your committee cannot conclude without acknowledging the zealous and judicious discharge of his important duties, by the Rev T. C. Onion, the Chaplain of the Asylum.

H. SMITH, ESQ., MAYOR.

CHAIRMAN.

REPORTS OF COMMISSIONERS IN LUNACY.

*Birmingham Borough Lunatic Asylum,
March 14th, 1851.*

We have taken advantage of the opportunity afforded by our being, for other purposes, in the neighbourhood, to make an extra visit to this Asylum, we have gone accordingly through, and inspected the different galleries and day-rooms which are occupied. We have also inspected the dormitories, and single sleeping-rooms, and have seen the bulk of the patients and have spoken to many of them.

We found all parts of the building clean, well warmed, and ventilated, and quite free from offensive odours—the patients were, almost without an exception, tranquil and orderly; seclusion is resorted to occasionally for short periods, in the case of patients who are excited and violent, but the use of instrumental coercion of any kind continues

to be wholly unknown. The bodily health of the patients is remarkably good, and there is no epidemic disorder prevailing in the house. The total number now in the Asylum is 217, of whom, 111 are males, and 106 are females ; of these, 183 are Birmingham Borough patients.

We find that some additional means of ventilation have been introduced into the water-closets, which are now free from any offensive effluvia.

Altogether the result of our visit has been gratifying and satisfactory to us.

J. W. MILNE,	}	COMMISSIONERS IN LUNACY.
T. TURNER,		

REPORTS OF COMMISSIONERS IN LUNACY.

*Birmingham Borough Lunatic Asylum,
September 20th, 1851.*

This Asylum now contains 269 patients, of whom 137 are males, and 132 are females ; we have personally examined the whole of them to day. At the time of our visit they were in a remarkably tranquil state, and no one was under mechanical restraint or in seclusion. We are assured that instrumental coercion has never been found necessary, and that seclusion is very rarely employed.

The patients attend divine service in the chapel regularly, to the number of 160 on the average, and about 150 are employed in various ways. We hope that this number may be yet further increased.

Since the Commissioners' visit, in October, 1850, 112 patients have been admitted ; 58 of whom are registered as having been in bad or feeble health at the time of their admission. Within the same period, 43 patients have been dis-

charged and 26 have died. No disease of an epidemic character has prevailed in the Asylum; and this somewhat large mortality is to be attributed, mainly, to the very feeble condition in which many of the patients are brought to the institution. No alteration has taken place in the dietary.

The wards were all clean, well ventilated, and in excellent order to-day, and the whole establishment appears to be under careful and judicious management, and does credit to the Superintendent and those engaged in the management of this institution.

W. G. CAMPBELL,	}	COMMISSIONERS IN LUNACY.
J. R. HUME,		

CHAPLAIN'S REPORT.

TO THE COMMITTEE OF VISITORS OF THE BOROUGH OF
BIRMINGHAM LUNATIC ASYLUM.

GENTLEMEN,

In reporting the general results of my ministrations in the Asylum, and of my intercourse with the patients during the last year, I beg leave to state that though these duties have been of a peculiar and somewhat mournful nature, yet there has not been wanting unmistakeable evidence to assure me that my labours have not been in vain. Whilst the melancholy and desponding have been encouraged, supported, and comforted under their great affliction, by the consolations and promises of the gospel, others of a more visionary and erratic character, have been found susceptible of considerable moral and religious train-

ing. In others of a more depraved character, all vicious influences being removed, domestic and social sympathies have been awakened, or implanted, and cherished by mingling with the great and well regulated family of this institution.

In my intercourse with the patients it has been my aim to impart, as far as possible, a consciousness of the true basis of moral obligation, and a right perception of the nature of religious duty. I have endeavoured to convey religious instruction in that form which is best adapted to enable the patients to see and to feel how it ought to influence their conduct in the whole range of their domestic and social relations in life; whilst I have been very careful regarding doctrinal statement and what might have a tendency to influence religious belief. Of the propriety of this course I am more and more convinced by the effects which I have witnessed in several individuals who have left the institution, as well as in some who remain. The services in the chapel have been attended by numerous congregations of the inmates. On Sundays the service has been at Eleven o'clock, a.m., and has consisted of the morning prayer to the end of the Litany, with a short sermon, except when the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper has been administered, when the Litany has been omitted and the Communion service substituted.

On Wednesdays at Half-past Eight o'clock, a.m., the service has consisted of the Litany alone, with a short address. The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper has been celebrated once a Quarter, and the average number of patients who have communicated has been ten.

On Thursdays, at Half-past Eight o'clock, a.m., I have taken the place of the Medical Superintendent at family prayer, and afterwards accompanied him through the galleries and talked more particularly to those patients, the

peculiarities of whose cases have been pointed out and explained to me by the medical officer. Patients who have been dangerously ill have been visited at other times.

The general demeanour of the patients in chapel is very reverential, and I may mention here a remarkable fact, viz., that patients who are unruly and boisterous in the galleries, are often found quiet and gentle, and even devout in chapel. The reverent manner in which they conduct themselves, and the earnestness with which they repeat the responses are most gratifying. Generally when an interruption has taken place, an event, however, of rare occurrence, it has been of an interesting nature, perhaps some remark has escaped one of the patients during the sermon, shewing at once that the mind was engaged with, and interested in what was said.

I may mention an instance of a woman who had never been induced to utter more than a monosyllable during her residence in the asylum; one Sunday she manifested her interest in the sermon by getting up and endeavouring with much volubility, to enter into that part which appeared to have reference to some circumstance in her particular case.

By means of the hymn-book, which, at the suggestion of Mr. Green and myself, you have provided, the patients are instructed in such psalmody as is appropriate to the household and the Church; and the manner in which they perform this delightful duty, and the soothing effect it evidently produces upon them, is most pleasing. I may add also, that I have had the pleasure of hearing the National Anthem and some simple songs and glees sung by the patients in the recreation hall, in a very creditable and impressive manner; and I think that music must be valued as an important element among the moral agencies employed in this Institution.

The Library also, which you so considerably augmented

at the suggestion of my predecessor, continues to be highly appreciated, and is a source of much pleasure and comfort, as well as instruction to these unfortunate persons, especially during the progress of their recovery.

The increased supply of bibles and prayer-books which you lately granted at my request was very acceptable, and I believe leaves nothing that I can suggest to render the agency used for promoting the moral and religious instruction of the inmates more effectual.

In conclusion, I beg leave to express my grateful sense of the many kindnesses and courtesies which I have received from those with whom my official duties have brought me into contact, and I trust that we may continue to work cordially and earnestly together for the best interests of the heavily afflicted inmates of this Institution, and that, by the good mercy of God, our united endeavours may be crowned with success.

I have the honor to be, &c.,

T. C. ONION, B.A., CHAPLAIN.

January 17, 1852.

THE MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT'S ANNUAL REPORT.

In laying before the Committee of Visitors the annexed Statistical Tables, it is gratifying to be able to state that a general state of prosperity has marked the progress of the Asylum during the past year. It has been maintained in good working order, the health of the inmates has been favourable, and with the exception of a few cases of dysentery, which occurred in the month of June, and were limited to one ward, the Establishment has been altogether free from any prevailing malady.

The number of patients has increased during the year, from 182 to 263, and this notwithstanding the admissions from the Borough Parishes have been considerably less than was calculated upon. For the five years previous to the opening of the Asylum, the number of lunacy cases admitted into the insane wards of the Birmingham Work-house, averaged 10 for each month ; whereas, the admissions into the Asylum during the last half-year, from the whole Borough, have only reached 5 per month, 4 of that number being from the parish of Birmingham. The cases too are of a different character from those admitted from other sources, the proportion of curable ones being much smaller ; and corresponding results have ensued from the treatment. In the former the recoveries amount to 20 per cent. upon the admissions, in the latter to 42 per cent.; or if the calculation be made upon the whole number under treatment, it will give 30 per cent. for the one, and only 9 for the other.

The total recoveries during the year have been 48, being 27 per cent upon the admissions. Having regard to the large number of chronic and incurable cases admitted, this is as great an amount of success as could fairly be expected. There have been six re-admissions during the year, all males, five patients have been taken out by their friends, and ten have been removed to other Asylums.

The deaths have been 31,—a great mortality, but less than in some other Asylums—and, as in the previous year, it will be seen on reference to the Obituary Table, No. 9, that most of these patients were in infirm health—some in a hopeless state—at the time of their admission. Thus, for instance, 12 of the number were paralytic, 3 consumptive, and 4 epileptic.

The average age at death has been 50, and it is worthy of remark that in the surrounding population, the average

age at death, as stated by the Registrar of the district, excluding all deaths occurring under 15 years of age, is only 45.

The weekly meetings in the recreation hall have again been productive of good, of which a few remarkable instances have been witnessed, and in no case has any injurious result followed. This winter, instead of meeting on separate evenings, males and females have been associated together; and, so far as the experiment has been carried, it has been successful. There are usually present about 60 or 70 females—on one occasion there were a 100—and from 15 to 20 men. They assemble at Six and separate punctually at Eight; music, singing, and dancing being the ordinary entertainments of the evening. These social meetings are greatly enjoyed by the patients, and really form a very interesting feature in the management of the Institution.

Knowing how important is full occupation for the insane, how much it tends to induce a healthy tone of mind, and thereby, to promote recovery, endeavours have been made to keep the patients in regular employment. The females make the whole of their own clothing; shirts, stockings, and frocks for the men, and a few miscellaneous articles besides; and 30 are regularly employed in the laundry and kitchen. Somewhat less than this has been done on the male side. Here, some simple occupation, at which many could be engaged under the eye of one attendant, is still a desideratum. The majority of these patients are in too imbecile a condition to do anything requiring thought; out-door work is perhaps the best adapted for them, as being the most salutary in its effects, whilst none is more easily taught; but as much has already been done in this way as can be accomplished with the present staff of attendants.

From 20 to 35 have been commonly engaged in some description of out-work, and with adequate superintendence a much larger number might be employed in a similar

manner. They have assisted in the cultivation of the land and garden, in laying out the airing courts, in gravelling the walks, and in making the road to the farm buildings. About one-third of the number have been under the direction of a fellow-patient, who has displayed much tact in managing them, as well as skill and taste, in executing the work entrusted to him.

Instrumental restraint has not been resorted to in a single instance, nor has the want of it been felt; soothing treatment, with occasional seclusion, has been found equal to every emergency.

One of the salutary effects of this system is seen in the comparatively tranquil and contented appearance of the patients, usually so marked as to attract the especial notice of visitors. Table 13 shews the extent to which seclusion has been carried.

In some instances the patient has been secluded for a whole day, and in three, for several days in succession. These latter were recent cases, in two of which, the patients threw off the whole of their clothes, the third was a young man who endangered his own person by his violence.

The morning and evening prayers, which have been read in the chapel daily throughout the year, have been regularly attended by an average of 150 patients, and 170 have been present on the Sabbath. The greatest propriety of behaviour has prevailed on these occasions, scarcely less than in an ordinary congregation; some of the patients take part in the singing, and most of them join in the responses. Apart from any special influence which these religious services may exercise over the minds of the insane, they undoubtedly lead to the practice of self-control, and thus become a valuable agent in the moral management.

Books of a religious, moral, and general character, of which an adequate provision has been made, are freely

resorted to by the patients. To the more intelligent, a small library affords agreeable and instructive reading. Most take an interest in the various periodicals which circulate through the galleries; and the bible, prayer-book, and hymn-book are in frequent use.

It remains but to add, that, in accordance with the instructions of the Visitors, arrangements have been made for the reception of private patients upon the same terms, exclusive of clothing, as out-borough paupers; and that six of the admissions were of that class.

THOMAS GREEN,

MEDICAL SUPERINTENDENT.

STATISTICAL TABLES.

TABLE I.

SUMMARY OF ADMISSIONS, DISCHARGES, AND DEATHS
DURING THE YEAR 1851.

		m.	f.	total.
In the House on the 1st of January, 1851	...	93	89	182
Admitted during the Year	... ..	89	87	176
		<hr/>		
		182	176	358
		<hr/>		
		m.	f.	total.
Discharged Recovered	...	21	27	48
„ Improved	...	2	4	6
„ Unimproved	...	4	5	9
„ By Escape	...	1	0	1
„ By Death	...	20	11	31
		<hr/>		
		48	47	95
		<hr/>		
Remaining on the 1st of January, 1852...	...	134	129	263

TABLE II.

Total Admissions in 1850 and 1851...	...	201	182	383
		m.	f.	total.
Discharged Recovered	...	27	30	57
„ Improved	...	3	4	7
„ Unimproved...	...	10	5	15
„ By Death	...	27	14	41
		<hr/>		
		67	53	120
		<hr/>		
		134	129	263

TABLE III.

STATE OF PATIENTS IN THE ASYLUM ON THE FIRST OF
JANUARY, 1852.

		m.	f.	total.
As to probability of Recovery	Curable ...	23	36	59
	Incurable ...	111	93	204
Epileptic		36	27	63
Paralytic		19	6	25
Congenital Imbeciles...		11	8	19
Criminal Lunatics		3	0	3
Social State {	Married	42	45	87
	Single	78	62	140
	Widowed	14	22	36

TABLE IV.

FORM OF DISORDER IN THE 176 CASES ADMITTED IN 1851.

		m.	f.	total.
Partial Insanity		13	6	19
General Insanity {	Acute	17	12	29
	Ditto with general paralysis	5	1	6
	Chronic	12	14	26
	Ditto with general paralysis	4	5	9
	Recurrent	3	8	11
Melancholia {	Acute	3	12	15
	Chronic	2	0	2
Dementia {	Partial	8	6	14
	Complete	3	3	6
Congenital imbecility		3	5	8
Epilepsy {	With Dementia	6	10	16
	„ Imbecility	5	1	6
	„ Intermittent Mania... ..	5	4	9
		89	87	176

TABLE V.

DURATION OF DISORDER AT THE TIME OF ADMISSION.

								m.	f.	total.
Not exceeding One Month	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	19	37
" " Three Months	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	11	23
" " Six	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	5	9
" " Twelve	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	6	14
" " Two Years	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	8	19
Above Two Years	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	36	38	74
								89	87	176
Cases of more than one attack...								10	12	22

TABLE VI.

AGES OF THE 176 PATIENTS ON ADMISSION.

									m.	f.	total.
Under 15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	3
From 15	to	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	5	9
„ 20	„	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	12	31
„ 30	„	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	26	21	47
„ 40	„	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	19	35
„ 50	„	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	13	23
„ 60	„	70	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	8	18
„ 70	„	80	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	5	6
Above 80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	4
									89	87	176

TABLE VII.
CIVIL AND RELIGIOUS CONDITION.

	m.	f.	total.
Married	33	31	64
Single	44	34	78
Widowed	12	22	34
			176
Established Church	62	60	122
Roman Catholic	3	5	8
Protestant Dissenters	14	19	33
Jewish	4	0	4
Doubtful	6	3	9
			176
Of Fair Education	9	3	12
Able to Read and Write... ..	50	28	78
Able to Read only	11	30	41
Uneducated	19	26	45
			176

TABLE VIII.
SUPPOSED CAUSE OF DISORDER.

	m.	f.	total.
Congenital Defect	11	7	18
Epilepsy	10	12	22
Intemperance	15	7	22
Disease of Brain	2	0	2
Paralysis	0	8	8
Fever	3	0	3
Religious Anxiety	4	1	5
Pecuniary Losses	4	1	5
Poverty and Distress... ..	7	6	13
Fright... ..	2	2	4
Love	1	1	2
Old Age	3	4	7
Over Application	3	0	3
Wife's or Husband's Misconduct	2	5	7
Grief	0	4	4
Uterine Irritation	0	1	1
Puerperal	0	2	2
Unknown	22	26	48
	89	87	176
Hereditary Disposition ascertained in	26	20	46

TABLE IX.
OBITUARY.

Number on Register.	Age.	Duration of Insanity.		Cause of Death.	Mental and Bodily state on Admission.
		Before Admission.	After Admission.		
28	46	Two years	Seven months	Exhaustion and meningeal apoplexy.	Sub acute mania, health indifferent.
108	21	One month	One month	Suffocation in a fit of Epilepsy.	Epileptic mania health fair.
91	37	Five weeks	Four months	Suicide by hanging.	Melancholia, feeble health.
41	62	Nine years	Eight months	Effusion upon brain.	Dementia, and gen. paralysis.
94	49	One year	Four months	Pneumonia.	Ditto ditto
97	69	Many years	Five months	Phthisis.	Chronic mania, weakly.
138	45	Two years	Five days	Generalparalysis	Mania and paralysis, sinking when admitted.
145	54	One month	Eight days	Pneumonia.	Mania, 3 broken ribs, pneumonia.
134	30	Two weeks	Five weeks	Meningeal apoplexy and incipient pneumonia.	Mania, with epilepsy and paralysis.
151	40	Several years	Fifteen days	Fibrous tumour on the brain.	Ditto ditto.
144	65	Two months	Six weeks	Encephaloid abdominal tumour.	Very weak, legs anasarcaous, fluid in abdomen, not insane.
150	47	Three years	Two months	Peritonitis, after operation for strangulated hernia.	Chronic mania, health fair, an old hernia.
170	54	Several years	Three months	Phthisis and psoas abscess.	Delusions, phthisis, disease of elbow joint.
70	62	Two years	Fourteen ditto	Disease of pylorus.	Delusions, shattered constitution.
176	45	Five days	Two months	Disease of pylorus and cirrhosis of liver.	Dementia, very thin and feeble

TABLE IX.—(Continued.)

Number on Register.	Age.	Duration of Insanity.		Cause of Death.	Mental and Bodily state on Admission.
		Before Admission.	After Admission.		
187	83	One month	Five weeks	Effusion in abdomen and head	Delusions, much reduced in health.
25	69	Four months	16 months	Disease of bladder and prostate gland.	Senile mania, hypertrophy of heart.
98	71	Several years	One year	Sanguineous apoplexy.	Delusions, paralytic.
175	44	Three months	19 weeks	Apoplexy and serous effusion.	Mania with general paralysis
193	37	Two weeks	One week	Great vascularity of brain, with gen. effusion.	A. mania, Epilepsy, jaundice
96	45	One year	Six weeks	Effusion on the brain.	Mania, much exhausted, bed sloughs.
7	51	Two years	Eight months	Ditto ditto.	Incoherence, general paralysis.
112	71	Three weeks	Ten days	Paralysis.	Paralytic dementia, helpless.
114	64	Six weeks	17 days	Effusion on the brain.	Ditto, bed sores, very helpless.
23	31	Five years	Ten months	Epilepsy.	Epileptic dementia, health good.
116	53	One week	Four months	General Exhaustion.	Melancholia, epilepsy, very feeble.
50	38	Thirty years	15 months	Epilepsy.	Epilepsy and dementia.
80	32	One month	One year	Effusion in the ventricles.	S. A. mania, much reduced.
171	72	Three years	Two months	General effusion on the brain.	Paralytic mania, helpless.
110	26	One year	Nine months	Ditto ditto.	Ditto ditto.
124	35	Two years	Five months	Disease of lungs, and large intestines.	Incoherence, Phthisis.

TABLE X.

DISCHARGES ON RECOVERY, WITH DURATION AND FORM OF INSANITY.

Number on Register.	Age.	Sex.	Duration of Insanity.		Form of Malady.
			Before Admission.	After Admission.	
54	35	M	One & half yrs	Six months	S. A. mania, recurrent.
79	41	"	One month	16 months	Melancholia.
92	29	"	Eighteen days	13 months	Acute mania.
93	45	"	Three weeks	Six months	Recurrent mania.
100	31	"	One week	Nine months	Acute mania.
101	67	"	One week	Four months	Recurrent mania.
104	55	"	One year	Five months	Delusions.
105	19	"	Three weeks	Eight months	Ditto.
113	42	"	Four days	One month	Acute mania.
120	55	"	Three weeks	Five months	Melancholia, suicidal.
123	31	"	Three months	Ten months	Acute dementia.
142	24	"	One month	Three months	Ditto.
153	41	"	Three days	Six months	Epileptic mania.
157	41	"	Seven weeks	Two months	Delusions.
158	41	"	Six days	Four months	Ditto.
159	23	"	Seven days	Four months	Acute mania.
173	40	"	Six days	Four months	Melancholia.
180	30	"	Fourteen days	Four months	Acute mania.
182	37	"	Two months	Two months	Ditto.
185	27	"	Two weeks	Seven weeks	Acute dementia.
190	23	"	Four days	Three months	Acute mania.
1	64	F	One year	One year	Dementia.
5	24	"	Not known	One year	Epilepsy and morbid irascibility.
66	50	"	Two years	Seven months	Melancholia, suicidal.
77	35	"	Two months	Eleven months	Ditto, religious.
81	26	"	Two weeks	Three months	Recurrent mania.
82	29	"	Nine weeks	Four months	Acute mania.
84	27	"	Two months	Eight months	Melancholia, suicidal.
87	18	"	One week	Seven months	Acute mania.
88	40	"	One month	Seven months	Recurrent mania.
91	30	"	One week	Seven months	Acute mania.
92	60	"	Three weeks	Ten weeks	Melancholia.
93	40	"	Five weeks	Three months	Recurrent mania.
95	34	"	Three days	Four months	Acute mania.
111	30	"	One month	Fifteen weeks	Ditto.
117	39	"	Three weeks	Three months	Acute dementia.
120	58	"	A few weeks	Five months	Melancholia.
121	28	"	One month	19 weeks	Acute dementia.
123	42	"	Two months	Nine months	Melancholia.

TABLE X.—(Continued.)

on Register.	Age.	Sex.	Duration of Insanity.		Form of Malady.
			Before Admission.	After Admission.	
33	20	F	Five months	Six months	Delusions.
40	50	"	One month	Ten weeks	Acute mania.
41	25	"	Six months	Seven months	Ditto.
42	61	"	Two weeks	Two months	Recurrent mania.
46	20	"	One week	Seven months	Hysterical mania.
53	33	"	Five days	Four months	Epileptic mania.
61	52	"	Two years	19 weeks	Melancholia.
72	68	"	Two weeks	Two months	Recurrent mania.
76	31	"	Two weeks	Two months	Delusions.

Average Duration of Treatment 22 weeks.

TABLE XI.

PREVIOUS OCCUPATIONS OF THE PATIENTS.

	m.	f.	total.
Weavers	4	0	4
Workers in Iron and Brass	10	5	15
— Wood	10	0	10
— Bone and Ivory	5	1	6
— out of Doors	13	0	13
Shoemakers	3	0	3
Tailors	2	1	3
Colliers	2	0	2
Platers	3	0	3
Upholsterers	2	0	2
Brace Makers	1	0	1
Gold Beaters	1	0	1
Itinerant Dealers	4	4	8
Domestic Occupations	0	52	52
Coachmen	1	0	1
Fellmongers	1	0	1
Shopkeepers and Clerks	7	3	10
Painters	4	0	4
Bricklayers	1	0	1
Engravers	1	0	1
Pensioners	2	0	2
Engineers	1	0	1
Sempstresses	0	9	9
Midwives	0	1	1
Governesses	0	1	1
No Occupation	11	10	21

89 87 176

TABLE XII.

NUMBER OF PATIENTS EMPLOYED, & MODE OF EMPLOYMENT.

	m.	f.	total.
Helpers in the Wards	27	7	34
„ in House and Kitchen	5	10	15
„ in Laundry	0	20	20
„ in Store Room	1	0	1
„ in Bakehouse	1	0	1
The Engineer	1	0	1
The Stoker	3	0	3
At the Farm	2	1	3
Garden and Land	28	0	28
Needle Work	0	35	35
Knitting	0	10	10
Tailoring	2	0	2
Upholstering... ..	1	0	1
Carpentering	1	0	1
Painting	6	0	6
	78	83	161

OFFICERS, ATTENDANTS, AND SERVANTS.

	£	s.	d.
†Medical Superintendent	350	0	0
*Chaplain... ..	100	0	0
Clerk and Steward	125	0	0
Matron	60	0	0
†Engineer	78	0	0
Baker	25	0	0
†Gardener and Lodge Porter... ..	78	0	0
†Farm Bailiff and Dairy Woman	65	0	0
*Farm Labourer	46	16	0
*Carpenter	65	0	0
*Stoker	54	12	0
Laundress and Under Laundress... ..	37	0	0
Cook... ..	20	0	0
Kitchen Maid	7	0	0
Two Housemaids	18	0	0
Eight Male Attendants (from £20 to £30)... ..	185	0	0
Eight Female Attendants (from £15 to £20)	133	0	0
	£1447	8	0

Without a Mark, have Board, Lodging, and Washing.

† Have Lodging, Firing, and Gas.

* Have neither Board, or Lodging.

DIETARY.—MALES.

BREAKFAST :

$\frac{2}{3}$ Milk and $\frac{1}{3}$ Water, thickened with Oatmeal and Flour,
1 pint ; Bread 6 ounces.

Extra Diet, Tea 1 pint, bread and butter.

DINNER :

Sunday { 10 oz. of Undressed Meat, without bone, 12 oz. of
Potatoes, or other vegetables, half a pint of beer,
and three oz. of Bread.

Tuesday. { Nine oz. of Undressed Meat, without bone ; 12 oz.
and { of Potatoes, or other vegetables ; half a pint of
Friday. { beer ; and 3 oz. of Bread.

Monday and { Meat and Vegetable Pie, Crust 12 oz. Meat $2\frac{1}{2}$ oz. ;
Thursday. { Potatoes, $2\frac{1}{2}$ oz. ; Beer, half a pint.

Wednesday { One pint and half of Pea-Soup and 6 oz. of Bread.
Saturday. {

SUPPER :

Bread, 6 oz. ; Cheese, 1 oz. ; Beer, half a pint.

Extra Diet : Arrowroot, or Boiled Milk.

EXTRA TO WORKING PATIENTS.

Eleven o'clock, 4 oz. of Bread ; 1 oz. of Cheese, half a pint of Beer.

Four o'clock, (in the Summer months,) half a pint of Beer.

DIETARY.—FEMALES.

BREAKFAST.

Bread, 6 oz. ; Butter, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. ; Tea, 1 pint.

DINNER.

Sunday { 9 oz. of Undressed meat, without bone ; 8 oz. of
Potatoes, or other vegetables ; half a pint of Beer ;
and 3 oz. of Bread.

Tuesday { 8 oz. of Undressed Meat, without bone ; 8 oz. of
and { Potatoes, or other vegetables, half a pint of Beer ;
Friday. { and 3 oz. of Bread.

Monday and { Meat and Vegetable Pie, Crust, 9 oz. ; Meat, 2 oz. ;
Thursday. { Potatoes, 2 oz. ; Beer, half a pint.

Wednesday and { 1 pint of Pea-Soup, and 6 oz. of Bread.
Saturday. {

TEA.

Bread, 6 oz. ; Butter, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. ; Tea, 1 pint.

TO LAUNDRY WORKERS AND HOUSE CLEANERS.

Eleven o'clock, 3 oz. of Bread ; 1 oz. of Cheese ; and half a pint of Beer.

TABLE OF PATIENTS ADMITTED, DISCHARGED, ABSCONDED, TRANSFERRED,
AND DEAD, SINCE THE OPENING OF THE ASYLUM, JUNE 3rd, 1850,
TO DECEMBER, 31st, 1851.

	Admitted.	Discharged.	Absconded.	Transferred.	Dead.	Remaining.
Birmingham Parish	278	37	5	FROM 12	30	194
Birmingham Borough	3	1		TO 4		6
Aston Union	13	1		1	1	12
Kings Norton Union	23	2			3	18
Bromyard Union	4	2			1	1
Burton-upon-Trent Union ...		1		1		
Derby Union	7	6			1	
Dudley Union		1		1		
Hay Union	1				1	
Leek Union	1	1				
Leominster Union	8	1			1	6
Penkridge Union		1		1		
Pershore Union	1					1
Seisdon Union		1		1		
Stoke-upon-Trent Union ...	5	4				1
Warwick Union	21	2			2	17
Warrington Union				1	1	
Whateley Union		1		1		
Worcester Union	1					1
Westbromwich Union	10	10				
Wycombe Union		1		1		
Upton-upon-Severn Union ...	1	1				
Private Patients	6					6
Total.	383	74	5	12	41	263

QUARTERLY AVERAGE NUMBER OF PATIENTS, WITH THE WEEKLY COST OF EACH, AND THE AVERAGE WEEKLY NUMBER AND COST FOR THE YEAR 1851.

Average Number of Patients for the Quarter ending March 31st, 1851, 200. Average Weekly Cost of Patients for the Quarter ending March 31st, 9s. 7½d.

Average Number of Patients for the Quarter ending June 30th, 1851, 247. Average Weekly Cost of Patients for the Quarter ending June 30th, 8s. 4¼d.

Average Number of Patients for the Quarter ending September 30th, 1851, 270. Average Weekly Cost of Patients for the Quarter ending September 30th, 7s. 8d.

Average Number of Patients for the Quarter ending December 31st, 1851, 267. Average Weekly Cost of Patients for the Quarter ending December 31st, 8s. 3½d.

Average Weekly Number of Patients for the Year ending December 31st, 1851, 246. Average Cost of Patients for the Year ending December 31st, 1851, 8s. 5¼d.

SUMMARY OF COST PER PATIENT, PER WEEK FOR EACH QUARTER, AND FOR THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31st, 1851.

	Mar. 31st.		June 30th.		Sept. 30th.		Dec. 31st.		For the Year.	
	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
Provisions	4	0¾	3	8½	3	9	3	8¾	3	9½ per patient.
House and other Expences	2	7½	1	11¼	1	3	1	11¾	1	11¼ „
Clothing	0	7	0	5¾	0	5½	0	4¾	0	5¾ „
Salaries and Wages	2	5½	2	0¾	2	1	2	2¼	2	2¼ „
Drugs and Sundries									0	0½ „

Total Cost per patient, per week for the year, 8s. 5¼d.

A RETURN OF THE CLOTHING, ETC., MADE BY THE FEMALE PATIENTS, FROM
JANUARY 1st, 1851, TO DECEMBER 31st, 1851.

Aprons	212
Bed Gowns	...	...	...	...	...	...	53
Stocks	...	...	...	...	...	...	148
Day Caps...	...	...	...	...	...	...	208
Flannel Waistcoats...	...	...	...	...	...	...	122
Handkerchiefs	...	...	...	...	...	...	148
Night Caps	...	...	...	...	...	...	135
Petticoats...	...	...	...	...	...	...	150
Shawls	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Shifts	...	...	...	...	...	...	204
Shirts	...	...	...	...	...	...	260
Stockings (pairs)	...	...	...	...	...	...	220
Women's Dresses	...	...	...	...	...	...	158
Men's Frocks	...	...	...	...	...	...	55
Sheets	...	...	...	...	...	...	445
Pillow Cases	...	...	...	...	...	...	233
Towels	...	...	...	...	...	...	113
Shrouds and Caps	...	...	...	...	...	...	24
Window Blinds	...	...	...	...	...	...	66

RECEIPTS OF PROVISIONS AND SUNDRIES IN THE YEAR 1851.

	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.
Meat...	2723	2171	3067	3027	3591	2939	3474	3762	3280	3668	4077	3945	39724 lbs.
Flour	20	20	20	20	20	30	20	30	20	30	20	30	280 sacks
Bread	5288	5358	6780	7730	8010	7592	8404	8408	8440	8580	8244	8846	91680 lbs.
Potatoes	46	29	40	90	40	39	39	28	37	35	40	43	506 cwts.
Vegetables	29s. 8d.	11s. 9d.	13s. 4d.	20s 11d	30s. 7d.	50s. 9d.	50s. 5d.	122s 6d	72s. 1d.	103s 11d	36s. 9d.	54s. 7d.	£29 17s. 3d.
Cheese	905		1383			515	1708	10	3	1206			5730 lbs.
Butter	252	165	199	207	323	174	312	357	216	282	196	237	2920 lbs.
Eggs	96	74	101	89	68	110	113	97	130	99	101	147	1225
Poultry		3s. 4d.	3s. 9d.			4s.	4s.		3s. 8d.	6s. 11d.	10s. 4d.	5s. 2d.	£2 1s. 2d.
Beer...	1020	720	720	1080	1200	960	960	1320	1200	1260	1020	1260	12720 gallons
Ale	63	63	50	52	42	43	21	63	60	41	42	81	621 gallons
Wine...												6	6 bottles
Spirits	6							6				6	18 bottles
Milk	186	174	218	210	217	224	315	326	325	326	309	305	3135 gallons
Tea	102	4	57	87	92	3	90	89	4	96	89	2	715 lbs.
Coffee	4	1	1	3	3	1	2	1	3	6	2	4	31 lbs.
Sugar	224	224	162	224	448	112	336	336	284	336	364	56	3106 lbs.
Loaf Sugar		12		12	12	12	12		12	12	12	2	98 lbs.
Rice		56		56		168	112					24	416 lbs.
Oatmeal	112	112	224	112	336	112	224	224	224	224		150	2054 lbs.
Split Peas	2	4	1	3	4	3	4	2	4	5	3	4	39 bushels
Currants		6					12	18			56		92 lbs.
Raisins		6						6			68		80 lbs.
Fruit...	1s. 5d.	3s. 9d.	4s. 6d.	3s. 3d.	1s.	8s. 9d.	19s. 6d.	36s. 9d.	16s 10d	18s. 8d.	13s. 6d.	44s. 5d.	£8 12s. 4d.
Tobacco	6	12	6	6	12	6	18	6 ³ / ₄	18	12	12	9	123 ³ / ₄ lbs.

	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.
Snuff				$\frac{1}{2}$	5		1	1	5		1	1	3 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs.
Salt	6	6	5	12	12 $\frac{1}{2}$	6	5	6	12 $\frac{1}{2}$	5	6 $\frac{1}{2}$	6	25 cwts.
Pepper					9	$\frac{1}{2}$	12			6	1		103 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs.
Mustard	1 $\frac{1}{2}$		9 $\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$			1			9			32 lbs.
Soap	527	543		539	534		536	544				535	3758 lbs.
White Soap			12				12			2 $\frac{1}{2}$		6	32 $\frac{1}{2}$ lbs.
Soda	295		112	291	305	6	297		278	282	6	112	1972 lbs.
Blue				6			6		6	6			36 lbs.
Starch	16			34			32		6	32			120 lbs.
Candles				48			36		36	54		36	210 lbs.
Coal		35	33	34	65	29	31	64		49		52	396 tons
Coke	315	601	300	300	323	325	100	324	200	100	333	721	3942 sacks
Wood	5s. 6d.	60s.			23s. 6d.		25s. 9d.	39s.		19s. 3d.	43s. 9d.	57s. 3d.	£13 14s. 0d.
Gas			288700			57400			72000			271900	690000 feet
Matches			144				144			144	144		432 boxes
Blacking			144			144							576 cakes
Black Lead	7	7	7	7	7	7	7			7	7		70 lbs.
Bath Bricks					36					36			72
Brushes & Combs	97s. 6d.	76s.		133s 6d	192s.		108s.		28s.	127s 2d	106s 9d		£43 8s 11d.
Mops							12						12
Scouring Flannel	184		92	138	197		207	163		276		92	1349 yards
Drugs	19s. 8d.	71s. 4d.	26s. 1d.	11s. 5d.	14s. 6d.	28s. 3d.	21s. 9d.	89s. 6d.	1s. 8d.	37s. 5d.	29s.	68s. 5d.	£20 19s. 0d.
Sundries	114s 8d	60s. 8d.	57s.	101s.	135s 6d	113s 1d	99s 10d	41s. 10.	94s. 1d.	140s 1d	103s 9d	55s. 8d.	£55 17s. 2d.
Stock in Hand £	186 18 7	131 1 1	100 3 7	163 4 5	161 15 4	152 0 2	175 19 5	185 14 8	118 13 2	152 16 7	82 15 6	75 2 11	

STATEMENT OF PAYMENTS FOR MAINTENANCE, ETC.—Continued.

Parishes, Unions, &c.	Quarters Ending												Total Receipts.						
	Sept. 30, 1850.			Dec. 31, 1850.			March 31, 1851.			June 30, 1851.				Sept. 30, 1851.			Dec. 31, 1851.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Warwick Union ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Worcester Union	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Walsall Union ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ashbourn Union...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Boston Union ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Private Patients ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.	1133	19	9	1143	2	7	1301	17	1	1485	17	4	1665	12	8	1634	1	3	

1850.

For the Quarter Ending September 30 ...	£	s.	d.
December 31 ...	1133	19	9
December 31 ...	1143	2	7

1851.

For the Quarter Ending March 31...	£	s.	d.
June 30 ...	1301	17	1
September 30 ...	1485	17	4
December 31 ...	1665	12	8
December 31 ...	1634	1	3
Total for the Year Ending December 31 ...	6087	8	4

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE FOR THE

Income.

Heads of Income.	Quarters Ending.				Total.
	Mar. 31, 1851	June 30, 1851	Sept. 30, 1851	Dec. 31, 1851	
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
To Cash Received from Unions and Parishes for Patients	1291 17 4	1470 5 3	1661 3 4	1619 0 4	6042 4 4
To Cash from Private Patients				6 13 11	6 13 11
To sundries sold from the House	0 18 0	0 12 0	5 10 9	6 0 1	13 0 1
To Sundries sold from the Farm		1 3 0	1 7 5	22 9 8	25 0 1
To Repayments for Removal of Patients ...	0 14 9	10 19 0	0 12 6	1 0 6	13 6 9
To Repayments for Funeral Expenses and Certifying Patient... ..	9 5 0	4 15 0	4 0 6	7 6 6	25 7 0
Total Income...	1302 15 1	1487 12 4	1672 13 9	1662 11 0	6125 12 2

YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1851.

Expenditure.

Heads of Expenditure.	Quarters Ending				Total for the Year.
	Mar. 31, 1851	June 30, 1851	Sept. 30, 1851	Dec. 31, 1851	
PROVISIONS.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Meat...	167 7 5	186 10 8	220 19 9	226 1 8	800 19 6
Flour ...	100 5 0	111 5 0	109 15 0	115 8 4	436 13 4
Tea and Coffee...	30 14 0	34 6 2	34 10 2	35 8 6	134 18 10
Sugar ...	12 7 6	16 8 4	19 11 8	15 10 6	63 17 11
Cheese ...	24 17 1	38 7 4	38 11 4	27 8 2	129 3 11
Butter ...	26 5 1	30 11 3	35 19 5	29 14 2	122 9 11
Beer, Ale, Porter, & Yeast	78 9 11	100 7 0	108 5 1	104 12 1	391 14 1
Wine and Spirits ...			2 0 0	1 12 0	3 12 0
Oatmeal and Pease...	6 0 0	8 0 0	8 16 0	5 2 1	29 18 1
Currants, Raisins, & Fruit	15 5	0 13 0	4 8 4	6 6 1	12 2 10
Milk and Eggs ...	22 13 0	25 6 8	37 5 7	36 0 1	121 5 4
Arrowroot, Rice, and Sago	19 6	2 8 0	1 11 6	0 5 0	5 4 0
Potatoes & other Vegetables	30 4 2	32 11 0	25 11 4	33 14 3	122 1 8
Vinegar, Salt, Pepper, &c.	2 1 0	3 3 10	3 13 2	3 19 0	12 17 0
Fish, Poultry, and Game	1 2 2	0 10 3	1 6 2	2 7 5	5 6 7
Tobacco, Snuff, and Pipes	4 19 5	4 18 0	8 15 8	6 18 2	25 11 3
HOUSE & OTHER EXPENCES.					
Coal and Coke, ...	131 6 11	135 12 4	69 1 7	132 6 4	468 7 2
Gas ...	48 0 0	10 18 0	13 13 6	45 4 0	117 15 6
Firewood ...	3 15 6	1 3 6	3 14 9	6 9 9	15 3 6
Candles, Turpentine, &c...	1 14 0	5 2 6	5 15 4	2 6 1	14 18 6
Soap and Soda...	22 4 4	22 11 1	22 17 10	57 5 0	94 18 3
Blue and Starch ...	0 6 9	1 6 2	1 7 7	1 7 10	4 8 4
Brushes and Combs ...	9 12 6	16 5 6	6 16 0	11 13 11	44 7 11
Mops & Scouring Flannel	6 4 6	8 10 11	10 13 3	7 15 6	33 4 2
Postage and Stationery ...	12 2 8	4 4 11	2 0 0	19 3 0	37 10 7
Newspapers & Advertising	4 15 5	2 14 10	2 19 0	3 12 0	14 1 3
Carriage of Goods, &c. ...	1 3 0	2 3 8	1 5 2	1 18 7	6 10 5
Blacking, Black Lead, &c.	1 12 3	2 4 6	0 17 7	1 1 7	5 15 11
Wear & Tear, 10 per cent.	94 3 11	94 3 11	14 8 0	84 8 0	357 3 10
Retaking of Patients ...	3 1 8	4 18 6	2 11 6	0 13 6	11 6 2
Removal of Patients ...	0 14 9	10 19 0	0 12 6	1 0 6	13 6 9
Funeral Expences ...	9 5 0	4 15 0	4 0 6	7 6 6	25 7 0
Patients' Clothing ...	76 12 0	77 12 1	82 13 7	61 19 3	298 16 1
Salaries and Wages...	317 18 6	333 17 1	365 0 9	374 3 9	1391 0 1
Drugs and Medical Fee ...	6 1 10	2 14 2	7 14 10	3 8 5	19 19 3
Incidental Expences ...	1 16 0	1 19 11	1 8 11	1 12 10	6 17 8
Total.	1261 12 8	1339 4 1	1350 12 11	1447 4 5	5398 14 1

STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF PATIENTS' ACCOUNT, DECEMBER 31, 1851.

LIABILITIES.		ASSETS.	
	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
To Tradesmen's Accounts	731 18 9	By Unions and Parishes' Account	1653 3 3
To Advances by Borough Treasurer	534 19 3	By Private Patients' Account	6 13 11
To Salaries and Wages	260 0 11	By Provision, Coal, Coke, &c. Stock	75 2 6
		By Drapery Stock	201 13 9
		By Drugs Stock	25 0 0
		By Live Stock	158 12 6
		By Amount Expended from Advance	
		Account for Furnishing, &c.	92 12 3
To Balance carried down	720 12 8	By Cash in Hand	33 13 5
	<u>£2247 11 7</u>		<u>£2247 11 7</u>
		1852.	
		January 1st.—Balance brought down	£720 12 8

ACCOUNT OF GENERAL STOCK ON HAND,
DECEMBER 31, 1851.

	£	s.	d.
Drapery Stock	309	4	3
Provisions, Coals, Cokes, and other Stores	75	2	11
Drapery Furniture, with 10 per cent off	1068	14	11
Cabinet Furniture, with 10 per cent off	1638	19	10
Earthenware and Glass Furniture with 10 per cent off	56	2	1
Ironmongery and Cutlery Furniture, Engineer's Tools, &c., with 10 per cent off	376	18	16
Attendants' Clothes, with 20 per cent off	38	6	0
Library, with Bibles, Prayer and Hymn Books, with 10 per cent off	56	11	3
Drugs, including Bottles, Jars, &c.	50	0	0
Engineer's Stock, as per Engineer's Book	18	14	4
Carpenter's Stock, as per Carpenter's Book	43	9	8
Live Stock at Farm	159	12	6
Hay and other Stores for Live Stock	56	1	2
Vegetables in Garden, as per Valuation	18	10	4
Farm and Garden Implements, with 10 per cent off	220	16	1
	<hr/>		
	£4187	4	3
	<hr/>		

TOTAL COST OF BUILDING, LAYING OUT OF THE
 GROUNDS, FURNISHING, CLOTHING, ETC.

	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Land	7170	0	0			
Law Charges	467	8	2			
	<hr/>			7637	8	2
Contract for the Main Building...	39342	15	10			
Works not included in the Contract...	1824	2	1			
Contracts, &c., for Wharf, Boundary Wall, Machine House, Porter's Lodge, Main Sewers, Land Drains, &c., Farm and other Out-Buildings, House and Workshops	10564	12	5			
	<hr/>			51731	10	4
Warming and Ventilation	4229	18	7			
Water Service	1766	6	7			
Gas Fittings... ..	627	14	8			
Locks and Ironmongery	398	14	2			
Bell Hanging	168	19	10			
Grates	114	19	9			
	<hr/>			7306	13	7
Architect's Commission and Charges	2071	17	10			
Moving Earth, Forming Roads, En- closing and Laying Out Grounds, Planting &c.... ..	850	10	10			
Miscellaneous Expences for Coals, Cokes, Printing, Stationery, and other Charges incurred previous to the occupation of the Buildings...	704	1	7			
	<hr/>			3526	10	3

FURNISHING.

Fixtures, Cabinet Furniture, &c. ...	1969	1	10			
Bedding, Clothing, and Drapery ...	1244	17	3			
Ironmongery and Cutlery	409	9	1			
Earthenware and Glass	64	16	0			
Iron Hurdles, Implements, &c., for Farm	234	2	3			
	<hr/>			3923	6	5
	<hr/>			£74224	8	2