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A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to be "J. H. Smith", written over the "ACKD. BY" stamp.

ANNUAL REPORT
of the
Medical Officer of Health

FOR THE YEAR 1963

WIGAN RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

Chairman :

COUNCILLOR J. W. ROTHWELL, J.P.

Vice-Chairman :

COUNCILLOR J. SCHOFIELD

Councillors :

C. J. AINSCOUGH, J.P.

MRS. E. A. BROWN

I. CROPPER, J.P.

DR. H. H. JACKSON

W. A. RIGBY

MRS. M. M. TARBUCK

G. WADSWORTH

Clerk :

ROBERT GASKELL, F.C.C.S., F.A.C.C.A.

Staff Public Health Department :

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

G. H. POTTER, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.

Engineer, Surveyor and Public Health Inspector :

J. HOLDING

Additional Public Health Inspector :

J. R. SWIFT

10, BRIDGEMAN TERRACE,
WIGAN.

*To the Chairman and Members of the
Wigan Rural District Council*

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I have pleasure in submitting to you the Annual Report on the health of the District for the year 1963, compiled, as in previous years, in the form indicated by the Ministry of Health.

I take this opportunity of tendering my best thanks to the Officials of the Council, the Staff of the Health Department, and especially to the Public Health Inspector, for valuable help and co-operation at all times.

I desire also to express to the Members of the Council my appreciation of the courtesy and consideration they have always displayed towards me.

I am Ladies and Gentlemen,

Yours faithfully,

G. H. POTTER,
Medical Officer of Health.

SEPTEMBER, 1964.

WIGAN RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL

1.—STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA :

Area : 11,696 acres.

Population (Census 1961) 10,158

Estimated mid-1963 (Registrar-General) 10,710

Number of Inhabited Houses at the end of 1963—

 according to Rate Book..... 3,478

Rateable Value £346,878

Sum represented by a Penny Rate £1,420

The chief industries of the Wigan Rural District are agriculture, stone quarrying, glue manufacture, bleaching and dyeing, brick manufacture, malt extract manufacture, linoleum manufacture, and pre-cast concrete products.

VITAL STATISTICS		M.	F.	Total
Live Births (Legitimate)		94	105	199
(Illegitimate)		2	6	8
		<hr/> 96	<hr/> 111	<hr/> 207
Still Births (Legitimate)		1	4	5
(Illegitimate)		—	1	1
		<hr/> 1	<hr/> 5	<hr/> 6
Deaths of Infants under 1 year of age :				
(Legitimate)		3	5	8
(Illegitimate)		—	—	—
		<hr/> 3	<hr/> 5	<hr/> 8
Deaths of Infants under 4 weeks of age :				
(Legitimate)		2	2	4
(Illegitimate)		—	—	—
		<hr/> 2	<hr/> 2	<hr/> 4
Deaths of Infants under 1 week of age :				
(Legitimate)		2	2	4
(Illegitimate)		—	—	—
		<hr/> 2	<hr/> 2	<hr/> 4
Deaths				110
Birth Rate per 1,000 of the estimated population mid-1963				18.2
Death Rate per 1,000 of the estimated population mid-1963				12.8

TABLE 1.

	Live Births		Deaths (all causes)		Stillbirths		Maternal Mortality		INFANT MORTALITY		
									TOTAL		Neo-Natal
	No. Regd.	Rate per 1,000 pop'n.	No. Regd.	Rate per 1,000 pop'n.	No. Regd.	Rate per 1,000 Total Births	No. of Deaths Regd.	Rate per 1,000 Total Births	No. of Deaths Regd.	Rate per 1,000 Live Births	
Year 1963	207	18.2	110	12.8	6	28	Nil	Nil	8	39	19
Year 1962	217	19.7	104	12.6	3	14	Nil	Nil	6	28	14
Year 1961	219	20.4	115	14.3	2	9	Nil	Nil	3	13	Nil
Year 1960	165	15.9	89	11.5	4	24	Nil	Nil	3	18	12
Year 1959	185	18.9	90	11.7	6	31	Nil	Nil	8	43	38
Year 1958	194	20.2	115	15.2	3	15	Nil	Nil	11	56	41
Ave. 5 yrs. 1958- 1962	—	19.0	—	13.1	—	19	—	Nil	—	32	21

In the next Table are shown the cheif causes of Death and the number of Deaths from each cause in 1963, with comparative figures for 1962 :—

TABLE II

	No. of Deaths			
	1963		1962	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
Tuberculosis—Respiratory	2	—	1	—
Tuberculosis—Other	—	—	—	—
Cancer	11	12	6	6
Diabetes	—	2	—	1
Vaacular Lesions of Nervous System	7	6	9	11
Coronary Disease, Angina.....	10	9	14	4
Hypertension with Heart Disease	2	2	1	3
Other Heart Disease	9	11	5	8
Other Circulatory Disease.....	—	1	—	2
Influenza.....	2	—	2	1
Pneumonia	—	1	2	1
Bronchitis	6	—	4	1
Other Diseases of Respiratory System....	1	—	1	—
Gastritis, Enteritis and Diarrhoea	—	2	—	—
Nephritis and Nephrosis	—	—	1	1
Hyperplasis of prostate	—	—	2	—
Congenital Malformation	—	3	2	2
Other Defined and Ill-defined Diseases	5	3	6	5
All other Accidents	3	—	—	2
	58	52	56	48

2.—GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES IN THE AREA :—

AMBULANCE SERVICES.—Ambulance services are provided by the Lancashire County Council under the provisions of the National Health Service Act, 1946. An Ambulance Station to cover the needs of the Rural District is established in Standish and the service is quite satisfactory.

HOME NURSING.—Under the provisions of the National Health Service Act, 1946 home nursing facilities are provided by the Lancashire County Council.

LABORATORY FACILITIES.—Bacteriological examinations are carried out at the Wigan Royal Infirmary and chemical analyses by the County Analyst, Preston. These arrangements are satisfactory.

3.—SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA.

WATER SUPPLY.—The Makerfield Water Board are now the Statutory Undertakers for the Wigan Rural District.

Generally throughout the year the supply has been satisfactory in quality and quantity.

At present 18 dwellings rely on private wells and springs for water, which requires boiling before consumption.

During the year 3 samples of water were taken by the Council's Public Health Inspector for bacteriological examination, all the results being satisfactory. One sample of raw water from a private spring was found to be unsatisfactory.

TABLE III.
WATER SUPPLY — YEAR 1963.

PARISH :	No. of Houses newly connected to public mains supply during 1963		From Public Mains Direct to Houses		From private supplies e.g., wells, springs, etc.	
	Existing Houses	New Houses	No. of Dwelling-Houses	Estimated No. of Population	No. of Dwelling-Houses	Estimated No. of Population
DALTON	—	2	158	388	5	16
HAIGH	—	1	246	823	—	—
PARBOLD.....	—	24	376	1,017	4	13
SHEVINGTON	—	66	1,693	5,150	—	—
WORTHINGTON	—	—	40	183	—	—
WRIGHTINGTON	—	26	960	3,089	9	31
TOTAL— WHOLE DISTRICT	—	119	3,473	10,650	18	60

SANITARY ACCOMMODATION (at end of 1963) :—

Number of Privy Middens.....	60
Number of Closets attached to Privy Middens	100
Number of Pail Closets	310
Number of Fresh Water Closets	3,180
Number of Dry Ashpits.....	7
Number of Movable Dustbins	3,400
Number of Houses on Water Carriage System	3,069

During the year 10 privy closets were converted to fresh w.cs ; 18 pail closets were converted to fresh w.cs ; 8 movable dustbins were substituted for fixed receptacles.

PUBLIC CLEANSING.—Refuse Collection and Disposal.

Two 18 cubic yard capacity Dual Tip Karrier Vehicles are used for collection. These vehicles have proved adequate in coping with the increased volume of house refuse without an increase in the labour force ; eleven men and two drivers are employed in this work. A weekly collection of refuse has been maintained, with the exception of some of the remote areas of the Parishes of Dalton and Haigh, where a fortnightly service is carried out.

There are still a number of privy middens which the Council are anxious to have replaced by a standard movable bin for the storage of refuse. With the financial incentive for the conversion to water closets and the completion of the Parbold Sewerage Scheme the number of privies will decrease rapidly in the ensuing year.

Disposal of refuse is by controlled tipping. The only available tip at present in use is a disused quarry, now nearly filled. At frequent intervals a local Contractor levels the tip to secure greater compaction by using a track-type bulldozer, which reduces the danger of fire and nuisance from rodents and other pests. Sites are difficult to secure but negotiations are proceeding for a large site which will last many years.

CESSPOOL EMPTYING.

A Cesspool Emptying Vehicle is used for the cleansing and desludging of cesspools and septic tanks and no charge is made for this service. The contents of the vehicle are discharged into the public sewer.

SEWERAGE.

The Parbold and District Sewerage Scheme was commenced on 1st March, 1962 and was completed at the end of 1963. This Scheme provided main drainage for Parbold, Hilldale and the Higher Lane area of the Parish of Dalton, together with parts of the Ormskirk Urban District and the West Lancashire Rural District. As part of the Contract all premises were connected to the sewer, which discharges into the trunk sewer of the Wigan County Borough for treatment at the Hoscote Sewage Works.

A Sewerage Scheme for the Appley Bridge area has been submitted to the Ministry of Housing and Local Government and the approval of the Minister is now awaited.

RIVERS (PREVENTION OF POLLUTION) ACT, 1961.

June 1, 1963 was the Appointed Day fixed by the Minister of Housing and Local Government by which it is unlawful to make any discharge of trade or sewage effluent into a stream (except a discharge for which consent had been obtained under the 1951 Act) without the consent of the River Board. Under the Rivers (Prevention of Pollution) Act, 1951 only post 1951 discharges required River Board consent. Under the 1961 Act pre 1951 discharges now require consent.

SWIMMING BATHS AND POOLS.

There are no public swimming baths in the District.

DISINFESTATION OF VERMINOUS PREMISES.

Two Council houses were found to be infested during the year. The use of dieldrin liquid spray and dieldrin powder proved most effective in the case of beetles and cockroaches.

PREVENTION OF DAMAGE BY PESTS ACT, 1949.

1.—Number of Rodent Operatives employed—1 part-time.

2.—Action relating to rodent control during the year ended 31st December, 1963 :

	TYPE OF PROPERTY		
	Non-agricultural		Agricultural
	Dwelling Houses	All Other	
(a) No. of properties in district	3,259	433	158
(b) No. of properties inspected	130	28	69
(c) Total inspections carried out (incl. re-inspections)	340	100	425
(b) No. of properties inspected which were found to be infested by :			
Rats —major	2	—	2
—minor	66	13	43
Mice —major	2	—	—
—minor	21	7	8
(e) No. of infested properties treated	86	20	50
(f) Total treatments carried out (incl. re-treatments)	110	90	400
(g) No. of "Block" control schemes carried out	1	1	—
(h) Any other action :			

The Council carry out a test baiting of the sewers every six months.

Free disinfestation of rats and mice is given to all dwellings. For business premises the work is chargeable on a labour/materials basis. For factories and farms the Council have adopted a Contract Service, and 48 farms, 6 factories and 1 hospital have taken out Contracts with the Council.

OFFENSIVE TRADES.

The manufacture of glue is carried on in the Appley Bridge area. Frequent inspections are made of the premises. The factory also has a contract with the Council for rodent treatment which has proved very effective.

COMMON LODGING HOUSES.

There are none in the District.

CANAL BOATS.

No infringements of the Acts were discovered.

SMOKE ABATEMENT—CLEAN AIR ACT, 1956.

Further improvement continues to be made in reducing atmospheric pollution from industrial plants, which have been inspected regularly during the year.

No complaints were received of smoke nuisance from factory chimneys during the year, and grates of an approved type capable of burning smokeless fuel are installed in all newly erected dwellings. During the course of two observations, however, dark smoke was being emitted in contravention of the Clean Air Act.

NOISE ABATEMENT ACT, 1960.

It has not been found necessary to take any action under the provisions of this Act during the year.

HOUSING.

GENERAL HOUSING CONDITIONS.

Housing conditions and standards generally continue to improve due to the extensive provision of new private dwellings, the rehousing of tenants from substandard and overcrowded houses and the improvement of existing houses by the owners. 119 dwellings were built by private enterprise during the year compared with 102 in the year 1962. Many residents from outside the district have come to live within the rural area.

House Purchase and Housing Act, 1959—29 applications were received under the Act for the provision of standard amenities in the older-type houses, 25 of which were approved and 14 completed, compared with 16 applications received, 15 of which were approved and 6 completed in the year 1962.

Slum Clearance—The Council do not propose to erect any new houses to accommodate the tenants displaced as a result of their Supplementary Slum Clearance Programme. It is felt that they can be satisfactorily rehoused by vacancies which occur in the existing houses already provided by the Council. The building of old people's bungalows in the Shevington Moor and Wrightington areas is, however, contemplated.

HOUSING STATISTICS.

1.—Number of new houses erected during the year :—

	Houses	Flats
(i) By the Local Authority.....	—	—
(ii) By other Local Authorities	—	—
(iii) By other bodies or persons	119	—

2.—INSPECTIONS of dwellinghouses during the year :

(i) (a) Total number of dwellinghouses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)	312
(b) Number of Inspections made for the purpose	651
(c) Number of dwellinghouses in (a) above found to be not in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation but capable of being rendered fit	52
(ii) Total number of dwellinghouses existing at end of year which were unfit for human habitation and not capable at reasonable expense of being rendered fit and in respect of which—	
(a) Demolition Orders have been made.....	4
(b) Demolition or Closing Orders have not yet been made	32
3.—Total number of Council-owned dwellings existing at end of year	519

3.—HOUSES DEMOLISHED :—

CLEARANCE AREAS :

(i) Houses unfit for human habitation	—
(ii) Houses included by reason of bad arrangement, etc.	—
(iii) Houses on land acquired under Section 43(2), Housing Act, 1957	—

NOT IN CLEARANCE AREAS :

(i) As a result of procedure under Section 17(1), Housing Act, 1957	1
(ii) Local Authority owned houses certified unfit by the Medical Officer of Health	—
(iii) Houses unfit for human habitation where action has been taken under local Acts.....	—
(iv) Unfit houses included in Unfitness Orders	—

5.—UNFIT HOUSES CLOSED :—

(i) Under Sections 16(4), 17(1) and 35(1), Housing Act, 1957	6
(ii) Under Sections 17(3) and 26, Housing Act, 1957	—
(iii) Parts of buildings closed under Section 18, Housing Act, 1957	—

6.—UNFIT HOUSES MADE FIT AND HOUSES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE REMEDIED :—

	By Owner	By Local Authority
(i) After informal action by Local Authority	119	—
(ii) After formal notice under :		
(a) Public Health Acts	4	—
(b) Sections 9 and 16, Housing Act, 1957.....	—	—
(iii) Under Section 24, Housing Act, 1957	—	—

7.—UNFIT HOUSES IN TEMPORARY USE (Housing Act, 1957) :—

	No. of Houses	No. of separate dwellings contained in Column (1)
Position at end of year :		
(i) Retained for temporary accommodation—		
(a) Under Section 48	—	—
(b) Under Section 17(2)	—	—
(c) Under Section 46	—	—
(ii) Licensed for temporary occupation under Sections 34 or 53	—	—

8.—PURCHASE OF HOUSES BY AGREEMENT :—

	No. of Houses	No. of occupants of houses in Col. (1)
Houses in Clearance Areas other than those included in confirmed Clearance Orders or Compulsory Purchase Orders, pur- chased during the year....	—	—

9.—HOUSING ACT, 1949 AND HOUSING (FINANCIAL PROVISIONS) ACT, 1958—IMPROVEMENT GRANTS, ETC.

Number of Schemes submitted during the Year :

(a) By private individuals to Local Authority.....	—
(b) By Local Authority to Ministry	—

10.—HOUSE PURCHASE AND HOUSING ACT, 1959— STANDARD GRANTS :—

	No. of dwellings or other buildings affected.
(a) Submitted to Local Authority.....	29
(b) Approved by Local Authority.....	25
(c) Work completed	14

RENT ACT, 1957 :—

Five applications for Certificates of Disrepair were received during the year, and one Certificate was issued. Three undertakings by the landlord to remedy defects proposed to be included in a Certificate of Disrepair were accepted by the Council.

No applications for cancellation of previous Certificates of Disrepair were received.

AGRICULTURE (SAFETY, HEALTH AND WELFARE PROVISIONS) ACT, 1956.

Twenty visits were made to farms during the year and no contraventions were observed in respect of sanitary accommodation.

OFFICE, SHOPS AND RAILWAY PREMISES ACT, 1963 :—

This Act, which received Royal Assent in July, 1963, provides for the health, welfare and safety of persons employed in Offices, Shops and Railway Premises and for the registration of premises. The main provisions of the Act do not come into operation until 1st August, 1964.

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD :—

(a) MILK SUPPLY :—

Under the Milk and Daries (General) Regulations, 1959 all persons carrying on the trade of distributor from premises within the District and all premises used as dairies, other than dairy-farms, are registered with the Council. Dairy farms and dairy farmers are registered with the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food.

Number of distributors registered by the Local Authority and operating from :—

(i) Dairies in the district	5
(ii) Shops in the district other than dairies	3

THE MILK (Special Designation) REGULATIONS, 1960 :—

Under the above-mentioned Regulations all dealers (other than producers) must obtain a licence from the Lancashire County Council, as the Food and Drugs Authority.

During the year 28 samples of milk were obtained by the Council's Public Health Inspectors and submitted to the Bacteriologist of the Wigan Royal Albert Edward Infirmary to ensure that the milk complied with the special designations. Adverse reports were received on two samples of raw milk. The vendors were interviewed but no legal action was taken.

(b) ICE CREAM :—

Twenty inspections of registered premises were carried out during the year and the results were satisfactory. All the premises in the District are registered for the sale of pre-packed ice-cream, the only loose ice-cream being sold by itinerant vendors operating from outside the District.

(c) **SLAUGHTERHOUSES AND MEAT INSPECTION :—**

There is one private slaughterhouse within the District, the application for renewal of licence of which was approved by the Council. All animals killed at the slaughterhouse are inspected by the Public Health Inspectors.

The premises from which poultry are killed and dressed are inspected frequently.

THE MEAT INSPECTION REGULATIONS, 1963 :—

These Regulations replace the Public Health (Meat Regulations), 1924 and came into operation on 1st October, 1963. The Regulations ensure that all home-killed meat is inspected before it leaves the slaughterhouse.

DISEASES OF ANIMALS (WASTE FOOD) ORDER, 1957.

Two premises are licensed under the Order and these have been inspected during the year.

FOOD PREMISES.

Number of food premises by type of business in the District at the end of the year :

TYPE OF BUSINESS :	No.
General Grocers	33
Greengrocers and fruiterers	4
Fishmongers	3
Meat Shops	5
Bakers and/or Confectioners.....	4
Fried Fish Shops	4
Sweets, Minerals and Ice Cream	9
Licensed premises, clubs, canteens, restaurants, cafes, snack bars, etc.	42

Number of food premises, by type, registered under Section 16 of the Food and Drugs Act, 1955 :—

Type of Business	No. registered at 31.12.63.	No. of inspections of registered premises during year
Ice Cream	20	20

FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, 1955.

The Lancashire County Council is the Food and Drugs Authority for the Wigan Rural District. Every effort is made to ensure that the food and drugs sold are genuine and unadulterated as required by the Food and Drugs Act, 1955 and the Food Hygiene Regulations, 1960.

During the year 71 samples of various kinds of food were submitted to the County Analyst, all of which were found to be satisfactory.

PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER, INFECTIOUS DISEASE.

204 cases of Measles were notified during the year, compared with 3 in 1962.

I am pleased to report that there was no outbreak of Food Poisoning in the District during the year.

The following statistics show the number of persons resident in Wigan Rural District who were immunised and vaccinated during the year 1963 :—

TYPE	Pre-School Children	School Children	Adults
Triple Antigen (Diphtheria, Whooping Cough and Tetanus) :			
Primary	174	—	—
Re-Inforcement	2	—	—
Combined Antigen (Diphtheria and Tetanus) :			
Primary	10	8	—
Re-Inforcement	1	6	—
Poliomyelitis :			
Primary	201	20	27
Re-Inforcement	35	105	18
Smallpox Vaccinations :			
Primary	22	—	5
Re-Vaccinations.....	—	—	11

TABLE IV.
NOTIFIABLE DISEASES DURING 1962

Disease	Total Ages	Under 1 yr.	1 yr.	2-	3-	4-	5-	10-20	20 & over	Un-known	Removed to Hospital
Measles	204	4	18	34	22	26	95	5	—	—	—
TOTALS.....	204	4	18	34	22	26	95	5	—	—	—

Distribution of Infectious Diseases over the Parishes was as follows :—

	Cases	Total No. of Cases
DALTON :		
Measles	2	2
	—	
HAIGH :		
Measles	5	5
	—	
PARBOLD :		
Measles	8	8
	—	
SHEVINGTON :		
Measles	126	126
	—	
WORTHINGTON :		
Measles	2	2
	—	
WRIGHTINGTON :		
Measles	61	61
	—	—
		204
		—

It has not been necessary to take any action under Section 172 of the Public Health Act, 1936, requiring the compulsory removal of tuberculous patients to Hospital.

CANCER.

23 Deaths, 11 Males and 12 Females, occurred in the year 1963 compared with 12 Deaths, 6 Males and 6 Females, in the year 1962.

Cancer cases are treated at the Manchester Radium Institute and at the Wigan Infirmary Clinic, which works in close conjunction with the Manchester Unit.

TUBERCULOSIS.

The notifications received during the year under the Public Health (Tuberculosis) Regulations, 1930, were as follows:—

NEW CASES AND MORTALITY DURING 1963 :

Age Periods	NEW CASES				DEATHS			
	Respiratory		Non-Respiratory		Respiratory		Non-Respiratory	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
5	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
20	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
25	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
35	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
45	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
55	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
65-over	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
Not known	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	2	1	1	—	1	—	—	—

Notification of the disease is prompt and satisfactory. The Manchester Regional Hospital Board provides facilities for the treatment of Tuberculosis, and these services are fully used and appreciated. The Chest Clinic is in Millgate, Wigan, and patients may be referred there for examination by their own doctors, or by the Assistant Divisional Medical Officers.

No action has been taken under the Public Health (Prevention of Tuberculosis) Regulations, 1925.

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948—Section 47 :

No cases were dealt with during the year under Section 47 of this Act.

FACTORIES ACT, 1961

PART 1 OF THE ACT.

1.—INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Public Health Inspectors):—

PREMISES : (1)	Number on Register (2)	Number of		
		Inspections (3)	Written Notices (4)	Occupiers Prosecuted (5)
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 3, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	1	1	—	—
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	23	9	4	—
(iii) Other Premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority *(excluding out-workers' premises)	20	44	6	—
TOTAL 	44	54	10	—

*Electrical Stations (Section 123(1)), Institutions (Section 124), sites of Building Operations and Works of Engineering Construction (Section 127), Slaughterhouses, (Section 175(1) (d) and (e)) and Railway Running Sheds (Section 175(2) and (10)).

2.—Cases in which DEFECTS were found :—

PARTICULARS : (1)	Number of cases in which defects were found				Number of Cases in which Prosecutions were instituted (6)
	Found (2)	Remedied (3)	Referred To H.M. Inspector (4)	By H.M. Inspector (5)	
Want of cleanliness (S.1.)	—	—	—	—	—
Overcrowding (S.2.) ...	—	—	—	—	—
Unreasonable temp. (S.3.)	—	—	—	—	—
Inadequate ventilation (S.4.)	—	—	—	—	—
Ineffective drainage of floors (S.6.)	—	—	—	—	—
Sanitary Conveniences (S.7.) :					
(a) Insufficient	8	8	—	—	—
(b) Unsuitable or defective	4	1	—	2	—
(c) Not separate for sexes	—	—	—	—	—
Other offences against the Act (not including offences relating to Outwork)	2	—	1	—	—
TOTAL	14	9	1	2	—

Part VIII of the Act

OUTWORK

(Sections 133 and 134)

16 Outworkers were notified as being engaged in basket-making.

There were no instances of work done in unwholesome premises.

