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ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

**MEDICAL OFFICER
OF HEALTH**

AND THE

**CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH
INSPECTOR**



Borough of Whitley Bay

1969



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BOROUGH OF WHITLEY BAY

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

1969

MAYOR: ALDERMAN N. WOOLFORD

DEPUTY MAYOR: COUNCILLOR J. M. TAIT

CHAIRMAN

Alderman J. H. Baglee

VICE CHAIRMAN

Councillor Mrs. M. Whitley

MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL

ALDERMEN

* Baglee, J. H.
* Charlton, R.M.
Toft, J. C.

Waggott, Mrs. G. F.
Walton, A. E.
* Weir, M. G.
Woolford, N.

COUNCILLORS

Aisthorpe, D. W.
* Annis, D.
Bamber, A.
Barbour, Mrs. I.P.
Botham, H. S.
Brown, J. B.
* Burt, B.
Clark, D.
Drysdale, P.
Earnshaw, T. S.
Foster, B.
Gaunt, J. V.

* Gordon, E.
* Howe, Mrs. M. M.
McBride, A.
* McGillan, B.
Patterson, A.
Perks, H.L.
* Rawes, O. W.
Rawes, R. W.
* Tait, J. M.
* Thompson, J. H.
* Thurston, Mrs. J.
* Whitley, Mrs. M.

* Members of the Social Services Committee

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PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

STAFF 1969

Medical Officer of Health	A. W. HAY M.B., B.S., D.P.H. (Resigned 6.9.1969) G. M. CUBIE M.B. CH.B., D.P.H. (Appointed 1.12. 1969)
Deputy Medical Officer of Health	A. E. WHITE M.B., B.S.
Chief Public Health Inspector	W. W. VALENTINE M.A.P.H.I.
Senior Add. Public Health Inspector	N. HUNTER M.A.P.H.I., A.R.S.H.
Additional Public Health Inspectors	N. W. CROSBY M.A.P.H.I. J. D. STEWART M.A.P.H.I.
Technical Assistant (Smoke Control)	G. A. J. HUNTER
Clerk	A. D. SMITH
Shorthand Typist	MRS. K. LEWIS
Pupil Public Health Inspector	D. DIXON.

SECTION "A"

STATISTICAL AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE BOROUGH

To His Worship the Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors of the
Whitley Bay Borough Council.

I have pleasure in presenting the Annual Report on the health of the Borough for the year ended 31st December, 1969. This report has been prepared in accordance with the Department of Health's Circular 1/70.

For the greater part of the year Dr. A. W. Hay was Medical Officer of Health until he took over his new appointment at Barrow-in-Furness in September.

Once again there was a decrease in the population which was estimated by the Registrar General to be 38,040 compared with 38,350 in 1968. The Birth Rate fell from 12.4 per 1,000 population in 1968 to 12.1 in 1969. There was no significant change in the Death Rate.

Only 42 cases of Infectious Diseases were notified during the year.

Reference was made in the Annual Report for 1968 to the need for an improvement in part of the Seaton Valley joint sewer to eliminate pollution of the Brierdene Stream. Negotiations took place in April between the authorities involved and I am pleased to record that agreement was reached on measures to stop the pollution.

In conclusion, I would like to thank the Chief Public Health Inspector and the staff of the Health Department for their co-operation and also the Chairman and Members of the Social Services Committee for their support and interest in all measures designed to improve the health of the people of the Borough.

I remain,

Your obedient Servant,

GEORGE McNAUGHT CUBIE,

Medical Officer of Health.

SECTION "A"

STATISTICAL AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE BOROUGH

The Borough comprises an area of 3,612 acres, including the foreshore which is 510 acres. It continues in popularity as a holiday resort and has excellent rail and bus connections to and from all parts of the country. It has a wide variety of interests and entertainments with the picturesque St. Mary's Island and Lighthouse at the North end of the Bay. Fine golden sands stretch for nearly two miles.

The Borough is divided electorally into eight wards which are represented by twentyfour councillors and eight aldermen. The rateable value now stands at £1,517,592, the product of the penny rate being £6,050. The population at midyear 1969 was 38,040 a decrease of 310. There are 13,163 houses in the area of which 1,731 are owned by the Borough Council.

VITAL STATISTICS

Following are the vital statistics in accordance with Ministry requirements and in the order requested.

Live Births

Number	461
Rate per 1,000 population	12.1
Illegitimate live births (per cent of total live births)	6

Stillbirths

Number	4
Rate per 1,000 total live and still births	9
Total live and still births	465
Infant deaths (deaths under 1 year)	4

Infant Mortality Rates

Total infant deaths per 1,000 total live births	9
Legitimate infant deaths per 1,000 legitimate live births	9
Illegitimate infant deaths per 1,000 illegitimate live births	Nil

Neo-natal Mortality Rate (deaths under 4 weeks per 1,000 total live births)

9

Early neo-natal Mortality Rate (deaths under 1 week per 1,000 total live births)

9

Perinatal Mortality Rate (still births and deaths under 1 week combined per 1,000 total live and still births)

17

Maternal Mortality (including abortion)

Number of deaths	Nil
Rate per 1,000 total live and still births	Nil

Births

The number of live births for the year was 461 giving a birth rate of 12.1 per 1,000 population. 231 of these were males and 230 females. The Registrar General's comparability factor is 1.06 which alters the birth rate for the area to 12.8 per 1,000. There were 12 male and 16 female illegitimate births, representing 6 per cent of the total births, and the number of still births was 4 representing .9 per cent of the total births; these 4 were female.

Deaths

570 deaths were recorded by the Registrar General, consisting of 267 males and 303 females. The crude death rate for the area was 15.0 per 1,000 of the population, but adjustment by the Registrar General's comparability figures of .77 reduces this figure to 11.6.

The cause of all deaths are shown in the table on the following page.

Longevity

Of the 570 deaths in the area, 437 of them occurred at the age of 65 years or over. This represents 76.66 per cent. Details are given in the following table.

Ages at death	Males	Females	Total
Under 1 year	2	2	4
1 to 4 year	2	-	2
5 to 14 years	-	2	2
15 to 24 years	1	1	2
25 to 34 years	1	-	1
35 to 44 years	5	8	13
45 to 54 years	22	15	37
55 to 64 years	50	22	72
65 to 74 years	84	68	152
75 years and over	100	185	285
TOTAL	267	303	570

CAUSES OF DEATH	M.	F.
All Causes	267	303
Tuberculosis of Respiratory System	2	-
Other Infective and Parasitic Diseases	1	-
Malignant Neoplasm, Buccal Cavity etc.	1	-
Malignant Neoplasm, Oesophagus	1	1
Malignant Neoplasm, Stomach	9	4
Malignant Neoplasm, Intestine	4	13
Malignant Neoplasm, Lung, Bronchus	21	7
Malignant Neoplasm, Breast	-	14
Malignant Neoplasm, Uterus	-	3
Malignant Neoplasm, Prostate	1	-
Leukaemia	1	1
Other Malignant Neoplasms	10	9
Diabetes Mellitus	2	3
Avitaminoses etc.	1	-
Anaemias	-	1
Other Diseases of Nervous System etc.	-	1
Chronic Rheumatic Heart Disease	1	1
Hypertensive Disease	4	6
Ischaemic Heart Disease	77	78
Other Forms of Heart Disease	9	24
Cerebrovascular Disease	40	61
Other Diseases of Circulatory System	13	19
Influenza	3	2
Pneumonia	16	16
Bronchitis and Emphysema	24	7
Other Diseases of Respiratory System	1	4
Peptic Ulcer	4	2
Intestinal Obstruction and Hernia	2	3
Other Diseases of Digestive System	2	3
Nephritis and Nephrosis	-	2
Hyperplasia of Prostate	2	-
Other Diseases, Genito-urinary System	1	3
Diseases of Musculo-Skeletal System	-	1
Birth Injury, Difficult Labour, etc.	2	2
Symptoms and Ill Defined Conditions	1	-
Motor Vehicle Accidents	2	1
All other Accidents	6	10
Suicide and Self-inflicted Injuries	3	1
TOTAL	570	

SECTION "B"

HEALTH SERVICES IN THE AREA

1. Infectious Diseases

The Newcastle Regional Hospital Board administers the clinics, hospitals and sanatoria dealing with treatment necessary for Tuberculosis cases under the National Health Service, 1946. Other infectious diseases which require hospitalisation are treated at Walkergate Hospital, Newcastle upon Tyne.

2. Medical and Surgical Cases

These are mostly treated in hospitals and infirmaries under the jurisdiction of the Newcastle Group Hospital Board and the South East Northumberland Hospital Management Committee.

3. Child and Maternity Welfare

These services and the clinics connected with them are administered by the Northumberland County Council.

4. Home Nursing

This service is also controlled by the County Council.

5. Ambulance Service

This is a radio controlled service administered by the County Council. The Ambulance Depot is at Hillheads and gives a 24 hour daily service.

6. First Aid

A fully equipped station, manned by qualified personnel, is operated by the Borough on the Central Lower Promenade and it is of great service to visitors and residents during the busy season. The personnel consists of one full-time nurse and volunteer members of the St. John Ambulance Brigade. 534 cases were dealt with during the season, including 347 cases of injury from cuts and grazes, many of these from broken glass. 48 of these cases were sent to hospital for treatment.

7. Lost Children

This station is provided by the Borough and is also situated on the Lower Promenade. A full time attendant cares for the children when brought in, until recovered by the parents. The number of lost children was 279. Two unclaimed children were left with the Police when the shelter closed.

8. Public Health Laboratories

These laboratories are attached to the Newcastle General Hospital and are of great service to this Department and also the medical practitioners in the area.

RAINFALL

During the year 23.237 inches fell in the area. Comparisons with the previous years are shown in the table below.

	INCHES				
	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969
January	1.97	1.46	.99	1.11	2.4
February	.41	1.62	1.46	1.521	1.893
March	1.805	.26	.61	1.449	1.567
April	1.72	3.07	.92	1.16	1.524
May	2.18	1.61	3.53	1.823	3.055
June	1.16	2.85	1.06	2.077	2.594
July	2.56	2.31	2.045	5.298	1.429
August	2.52	5.02	3.18	2.21	1.728
September	4.49	1.21	1.097	2.968	1.813
October	1.11	3.72	2.26	2.65	0.506
November	5.95	1.99	3.306	2.30	2.164
December	2.32	1.73	1.085	2.475	2.564
TOTALS	28.195	26.85	21.543	27.041	23.237

SECTION "C"

1. SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

(i) The water supply during the year proved of good quality and was plentiful. The water is supplied by Tynemouth Corporation.

(ii) 32 samples of water were taken for bacteriological examination and 32 were satisfactory.

(iii) No water samples for chemical analysis were taken.

(iv) There are no houses in the Borough of Whitley Bay which are not provided with an internal water supply.

(v) Sewerage and Sewage Disposal - three farms have septic tanks in use and a cesspool serves Trinity Road Public Conveniences. With these exceptions the area is fully served by water carriage system with final disposal via outfall sewers to sea.

2. RIVER POLLUTION

River pollution in the area is the concern of the Northumberland and Tyneside River Board and we are grateful to them for their efforts.

3. SANITARY SERVICES

See Public Health Inspector's Report.

4. SHOPS AND OFFICES

See Public Health Inspector's Report (page 31)

5. CAMPING SITES

See Public Health Inspector's Report (page 26)

6. SPOILBANKS

These are situated outside the area and are under the administration of the Inspector of the Ministry of Housing and Local Government. Effluvia through burning has been negligible throughout the year and no complaint has been necessary.

7. BATHING POOLSTable Rocks Pool

The Table Rocks Pool is a natural amenity being filled by the sea at high tide. The bottom is cleansed periodically.

Paddling Pool

The Paddling Pool on the Southern Promenade is very popular with children. It is kept clean and the water is constantly chlorinated.

8. PUBLIC CONVENIENCES

Full details are given in the Public Health Inspector's Report.

9. SCHOOLS

These are administered by the Northumberland County Council.

SECTION "D"HOUSING

This is fully dealt with in the Report of the Public Health Inspector, on pages 24, 25, 26, 27 and 28.

SECTION "E"

MEAT, MILK AND OTHER FOODS

Further details of Meat and Food Inspection will be found in the Public Health Inspector's Report. The following table gives the number of animals passing through the Private Abattoir at Hillheads.

Carcases and offal inspected and condemned in whole or part.

	Cattle Exclud- -ing Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs	Horses
Number killed	8864	571	106	47844	19105	-
Number not inspected	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>All diseases except Tuberculosis & Cysticerci</u>						
Whole carcasses condemned	2	2	3	34	32	-
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	5209	235	-	2596	3612	-
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than tuberculosis or cysticerci	58.77	41.2	2.83	5.42	18.96	-
<u>Tuberculosis only</u>						
Whole carcasses condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	1	-	-	-	158	-
Percentage of the number inspected affected with tuberculosis	-	-	-	-	.83	-
<u>Cysticercosis</u>						
Carcasses of which some part or organ was condemned	13	-	-	-	-	-
Carcasses submitted to treatment by refrigeration	-	-	-	-	-	-
Generally and totally condemned	-	-	-	-	-	-

SECTION "F"

INFECTIOUS DISEASES

42 cases of notifiable cases occurred during the year. Details of cases notified, hospital cases, monthly incidence, age groups, incidence per 1,000 population, and deaths are all given in the following tables.

	Total Cases Notified	Cases Admitted to Hospital
Infective Jaundice	10	-
Measles	4	-
Scarlet Fever	7	-
Tuberculosis	8	1
Whooping Cough	12	-
TOTALS	41	1

MONTHLY INCIDENCE OF NOTIFIABLE DISEASES 1969.

Disease	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	TOTAL
Infective Jaundice	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	4	1	1	10
Measles	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	1	4
Scarlet Fever	3	1	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	2	-	-	7
Tuberculosis	-	1	3	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	1	-	8
Whooping Cough	-	-	-	-	-	5	7	-	-	-	-	-	12
TOTALS	5	3	3	-	1	6	11	-	2	6	2	2	41

ANALYSIS OF CASES UNDER AGE GROUPS

	Under 1	1-4	5-9	10- 14	15- 24	25- 34	35- 44	45- 64	65 and over
Infective Jaundice	-	1	5	-	1	2	-	-	1
Measles	-	3	1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Scarlet Fever	-	4	3	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tuberculosis	-	-	-	-	-	2	4	2	-
Whooping Cough	1	9	-	1	-	1	-	-	-
TOTALS	1	17	9	1	1	5	4	2	1

INCIDENCE RATES PER 1,000 POPULATION

Infective Jaundice	.263	Tuberculosis	.21
Measles	.105	Whooping Cough	.315
Scarlet Fever	.184		

Smallpox

No cases during 1969

Anthrax

No cases during 1969

Typhoid

No cases during 1969

Para-Typhoid

No cases during 1969

Typhus Fever

No cases during 1969

Malaria

No cases during 1969

Poliomyelitis

No cases during 1969

Puerperal Pyrexia

No cases during 1969

Ophthalmia Neonatorum

No cases during 1969

Diphtheria

As in previous years there were no cases. Immunisation against this disease continues in the schools and clinics, the triple vaccine in use safeguarding children at the same time against whooping cough and tetanus.

Dysentery

No cases during 1969

Tetanus

No cases during 1969

Meningitis

No cases during 1969

Encephalitis

No cases during 1969

Leptospirosis

No cases during 1969

Food Poisoning

No cases during 1969

Plague

No cases during 1969

Cholera

No cases during 1969

Relapsing fever

No cases during 1969

Yellow fever

No cases during 1969

IMMUNISATIONS AND VACCINATIONS

DIPHTHERIA, WHOOPING COUGH AND TETANUS

Return for year ended 31st-December, 1969

NUMBER OF CHILDREN WHO COMPLETED A PRIMARY COURSE (NORMALLY 3 INJECTIONS)
(Or Reinforcing Dose) IN THE WHITLEY BAY AREA DURING THE YEAR ENDED 31st December, 1969

CHILDREN BORN IN YEARS											
PRIMARY COURSE						REINFORCING DOSE					
1969	66	1968	361	1967	23	1966	2	1962-65	2	Total	454
1969	66	1968	361	1967	23	1966	2	1962-65	2	Total	454
1969	66	1968	361	1967	23	1966	2	1962-65	2	Total	454
1969	66	1968	361	1967	23	1966	2	1962-65	2	Total	454
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1969	66	1968	361	1967	23	1966	2	1962-65	2	Total	454
1969	66	1968	361	1967	23	1966	2	1962-65	2	Total	454
1969	66	1968	361	1967	23	1966	2	1962-65	2	Total	454
1969	66	1968	361	1967	23	1966	2	1962-65	2	Total	454
1969	66	1968	361	1967	23	1966	2	1962-65	2	Total	454
1969	66	1968	361	1967	23	1966	2	1962-65	2	Total	454
1969	66	1968	361	1967	23						

SMALLPOX VACCINATION

Number Vaccinated during Period								Number Re-vaccinated during Period							
Age at Date of Vaccination															
0-3 Mths.	3-6 Mths.	6-9 Mths.	9-12 Mths.	1 Year	2-4 Yrs.	5-15 Yrs.	TOTAL	0-3 Mths.	3-6 Mths.	6-9 Mths.	9-12 Mths.	1 Year	2-4 Yrs.	5-15 Yrs.	TOTAL
2	20	5	3	41	138	43	252	-	-	-	-	-	3	15	18

TUBERCULOSIS

There were 8 new cases during the year. Mass radiography is carried out by mobile units and public response is fairly good. At the end of the year there were still 165 cases on our register consisting of 97 males and 68 females. 144 of these were pulmonary and 21 non-pulmonary.

The age groups of the 8 new cases are as follows:-

Years	PULMONARY		NON - PULMONARY	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
1 - 4	-	-	-	-
5 - 9	-	-	-	-
10 - 19	-	-	-	-
20 - 24	-	-	-	-
25 - 34	2	-	-	-
35 - 44	1	1	2	-
45 - 54	-	-	-	-
55 - 64	2	-	-	-
65 and over	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	5	1	2	-

CANCER

There were 98 deaths recorded - an incidence of 2.58 per 1,000 of the population.

The deaths in age groups are given in the following table with the various organs affected.

CANCER continued

	Age in Years						TOTAL
	1- 34	35- 44	45- 54	55- 64	65- 74	Over 75	
Buccal Cavity	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Oesophagus	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
Stomach	-	-	3	-	4	6	13
Intestine	1	-	-	4	3	9	17
Lungs and Bronchus	-	1	3	14	6	4	28
Breast	-	3	1	5	-	5	14
Cervix Uteri	-	-	-	1	-	2	3
Prostate	-	-	-	-	-	1	1
Other Forms	-	1	5	4	5	4	19

Disinfection of Premises

Houses are disinfected where necessary, and also Library books. Schools are treated on the request of headmasters where infectious disease has occurred amongst scholars.

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948

NATIONAL ASSISTANCE (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1951

Removal of Persons in Need of Care and Attention

I am pleased to record that no compulsory action was necessary during 1969.

Burial of the Dead (Section 50)

It was not necessary during the year to initiate the powers of the Act in relation to the burial of persons.

SECTION "G"

The Factories Act, 1961

The sections of the above Act, which are the concern of the Department, are carried out regularly and all relevant details are shown in the tables on pages 47 and 48. A list is given also of all mechanical and non-mechanical factories in the Borough.

Factories	Mechanical	Non-Mechanical
Bakehouses	8	-
Boot Repairers	2	-
Carpet Fitting	-	1
Drug Packer	1	-
Dry Cleaners	3	-
Engineering	3	-
Glass Cutters	1	1
Ice Cream Manufacturers	2	-
Joiners and Builders	13	1
Laundries	2	-
Milk Pasteurising	1	-
Motor Repairs	21	-
Photographers	-	1
Plumbers	1	1
Printers	4	-
Slaughtering	1	-
Spectacle Makers	1	-
Sugar Boilers	1	-
Tailors, Dressmakers and Milliners	4	1
Tinsmith	1	-
Upholsterers	2	-
Wholesale Shirt Makers	1	-
TOTAL	73	6

ANNUAL REPORT OF THE
CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

To the Chairman and Members of the Social Services Committee
of the Borough of Whitley Bay.

It is my pleasure and privilege to submit my fourteenth
Annual Report on the activities of the Public Health Inspectors'
Department.

A year in the life of a Public Health Department is such
a short period of time that I sometimes consider a five or ten
year report would enable our aims and achievements to be apparent
in a clearer form. What should be looked for in an annual report
is the sustaining or completion of earlier policies; usually
forming the larger part of the report but more exciting is to
find a 'spark' intended to ignite enthusiasm for some new policy.
Dramatic achievements are unlikely as by the time the object is
attained it has become taken for granted by the public, and Local
Government Officials learn to accept that the consciousness of
well-doing is often, in itself, ample reward.

I acknowledge gratefully the support of the Social Services
Committee and I trust that the staff in my Department will accept
my thanks and appreciation for another year of co-operation and
reliable work. I would like to also record my good wishes to
Dr. Hay in his new appointment and to welcome Dr. Cubie as our
Medical Officer of Health.

Your obedient Servant,

Wm. W. Valentine,

Chief Public Health Inspector.

HOUSING CONDITIONS

"Old Houses into New Homes" is the title of a White Paper presented to Parliament in 1968 by the Minister of Housing and Local Government. Previous reports on the same subject were entitled in 1954 "New Homes for Old" and in 1966 "Our Older Homes - A Call for Action". Any of these titles could be the slogan for the Housing Act, 1969, which recommends methods of providing grants to owners of houses for improvement purposes. The opportunity is here now for the Council to adopt a comprehensive approach to our town's older housing needs. Although we may have no dwellings which can be formally classified as unfit for habitation, between 300 and 400 dwellings are without either a bath, internal water-closet, or even a hot water system. Absence of the burden of a house building programme to cater for slum clearance gives us a "flying start" in working towards attaining a high standard of all housing throughout the town.

The economic sense in pursuing a programme of house improvement with repair as compared with no action now but rehousing after demolition in 15 or 20 years time is obvious, particularly if General Improvement Areas become the main purpose. The aim in these Areas is to help and persuade owners to improve their houses and to help them also by improving the environment at the same time.

I would suggest that the size of the task facing the Council is not alarming and a five year programme should be adequate. The following details give an indication where the greatest need for improvements are.

The central area incorporating Jesmond Terrace, Clifton Terrace etc. is not included in this summary.

BASIC AMENITIES REQUIRED				
	Bath	Wash-hand Basin	Hot Water System	Inside W.C.
Marden Crescent	21	21	19	16
Countess Ave.	22	20	16	22
Duke Street	23	24	20	22
Duchess Street	18	19	12	28
Cambridge Ave.	61	63	34	64
Eskdale Terrace	11	12	11	21
Grafton Road	13	14	11	16
Margaret Road	34	38	35	40
Nater Street	35	36	32	33

(Housing Conditions continued.)

The re-vitalisation of older dwellings using the provisions of the 1969 Act carries considerable financial aid from the Minister of Housing and Local Government. House improvement must benefit the whole community and not only the present occupants of these sub-standard dwellings. The general arrangement of financial aid can best be illustrated by a hypothetical case: - If the total agreed cost of improvement and repair is £1,000, the occupier pays £500 (perhaps by mortgage or L.A. loan) and 75% of the loan charges on the local authority's contribution of £500 is met by the Minister. The rate fund therefore provides £125 in this case; always remembering in all probability an increase in rateable value by virtue of house improvements.

I am hoping to see the Council implement a firm policy during 1970, aimed specifically at consolidating for many years ahead the older dwellings which are of sound structure but which cannot be regarded as acceptable due to the absence of basic amenities.

Houses completed during the year

(a) by Local Authority	15
(b) by other Bodies or Persons	30

Rents (Controlled Tenancies to Regulated Tenancies)

Included in the Housing Act 1969, are provisions for the issue or refusal of Qualification Certificates. I can foresee a considerable work-load being thrust on the Department during 1970 by the necessity to inspect in detail each dwelling which is the subject of an application.

Rent Act 1957

The annual return submitted to the Ministry of Local Government was NIL in all respects.

Houses in Multiple Occupation

Routine inspections of these houses was continued and preliminary notices requiring maintenance and other action were complied with. No formal proceedings were necessary.

Houses known to be in multi-occupation	12
Scheme of Registration adopted	No
Management Orders made	Nil
Notices served regarding neglect of management	8
Notices served requiring additional facilities	3

Moveable Dwellings

Whitley Bay Holiday Centre Limited

Several variations were made in July to the site licence conditions although the maximum number of caravans on the site remains at 450. The site conditions and service facilities were again well maintained and no complaints from persons holidaying at the site were received. Tree planting within the site is almost non-existent and progress in this sphere is hoped for in 1970.

Caravan Club of Great Britain

(Old Hartley Site)

I must criticise conditions at this site which unfortunately is not required to provide a quality of sanitary facilities equal to the Model Standards. Neither running hot water nor baths or showers are available, and it is claimed that "Poaching" of these services occurs at the nearby large site operated by Whitley Bay Holiday Centre Ltd. The Caravan Club should raise their standards in this direction.

Caravan Sites

There are no licensed camping sites in the Borough for the use of tents. This may well be a shortcoming worthy of further consideration.

HOUSING CONDITIONS

Clearance Areas and Individual Houses.
Period 1st January 1969 to 31st December 1969

HOUSES DEMOLISHED			
	Houses Demolished	Displaced during year	
		Persons	Families
In clearance areas			
(1) Houses unfit for human habitation.	Nil	4	1
(2) Houses included by reason of bad arrangement etc.	Nil	Nil	Nil
(3) Houses on land acquired under Section 43 (2) Housing Act 1957.	Nil	Nil	Nil
Not in clearance areas			
(4) As a result of formal or informal procedure under Section 17 (1) Housing Act 1957.	Nil	Nil	Nil
(5) Local Authority owned houses certified unfit by the Medical Officer of Health.	Nil	Nil	Nil
(6) Houses unfit for human habitation where action has been taken under Local Acts.	Nil	Nil	Nil
(7) Unfit houses included in unfitness orders.	Nil	Nil	Nil
UNFIT HOUSES CLOSED			
(8) Under Sections 16(4), 17(1) and 35(1) Housing Act 1957.	Nil	Nil	Nil
(9) Under Section 17(3) and 26 Housing Act 1957.	Nil	Nil	Nil
(10) Parts of buildings closed under Section 18, Housing Act 1957.	Nil	Nil	Nil

**UNFIT HOUSES MADE FIT AND HOUSES
IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE REMEDIED**

	By Owner	By Local Authority
(11) After informal action by Local Authority	71	Nil
(12) After formal notice under (a) Public Health Acts (b) Sections 9 and 16 Housing Act, 1957.	1 24	Nil 2
(13) Under Section 24, Housing Act 1957.	Nil	Nil

**UNFIT HOUSES IN TEMPORARY USE
(Housing Act, 1957)**

	No. of Houses (1)	No. of separate dwellings contained in column (1) (2)
Position at end of year		
(14) Retained for temporary accommodation (a) Under Section 48 (b) Under Section 17 (2) (c) Under Section 46	Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil
(15) Licensed for temporary occupation under Sections 34 and 53	Nil	Nil

PURCHASE OF HOUSES BY AGREEMENT

	No. of Houses (1)	No. of occupants of houses in column (1) (2)
(16) Houses in clearance areas other than those included in confirmed clearance orders or compulsory orders, purchased in the year	Nil	Nil

AIR POLLUTION - CONTROL AND REDUCTION

For some local authorities in the North East a crisis loomed ahead at the end of the year as plans to withdraw Gloco from the market during 1970 were finally decided by the Northern Gas Board. Fortunately, we have no Smoke Control Areas in which solid fuel appliances depend on the availability of open fire coke and I am optimistic that our completion date of 1975 will be achieved. The effectiveness in reducing air pollution by creating Smoke Control Areas is confirmed by residents acknowledging the absence of visible soot but even more important is the reduction in suspended particles in the air - as confirmed by our air pollution measuring apparatus. Average pollution during the winter 1968/69 reached a record low level.

The close of 1969 saw the inclusion of 4,350 houses in smoke control areas, with a further 1,068 houses in a confirmed area, scheduled for operation on 1st November, 1970.

Programme And Progress

<u>Target</u> <u>Date</u>	<u>Final</u> <u>Acreage</u>	<u>Acreage</u> <u>(In Operation)</u> <u>31.12.1969</u>	<u>Final</u> <u>Houses</u>	<u>Houses</u> <u>(In Operation)</u> <u>31.12.1969</u>
1975	3,612	1,714	13,163	4,350

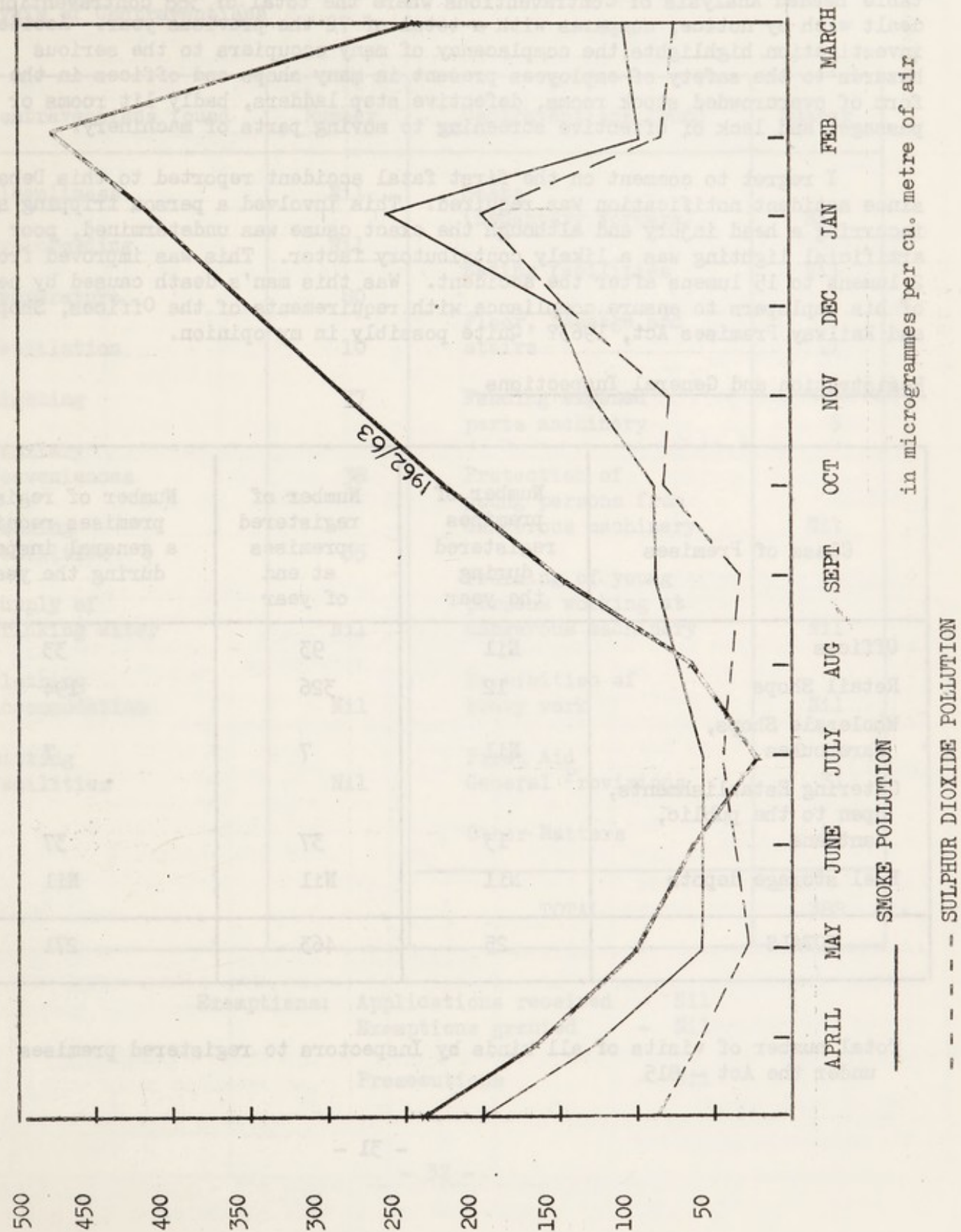
Measurement of "Smoke" in the Air (expressed in microgrammes per cubic metre of air)

<u>Six Winter Months</u>	<u>Monthly</u> <u>Average</u>
October 1964 to March 1965	247
October 1965 to March 1966	212
October 1966 to March 1967	188
October 1967 to March 1968	212
October 1968 to March 1969	140

Industrial

Dark Smoke	- number of contraventions recorded	..	Nil
Furnaces (Section 3)	- notifications received	.. ..	Nil
	- application for prior approval	.. ..	Nil
	- prior approval granted	.. ..	Nil
Grit and Dust Emissions	- number of contraventions	.. ..	Nil
Height of chimneys	- number of new chimneys	.. ..	Nil
	- increased height required	.. ..	Nil

ANNUAL GRAPH - 1968/69
(Incorporating Comparison with Smoke Pollution in 1962/63)



WELFARE OF EMPLOYEES IN OFFICES AND SHOPS

A serious effort was made to increase the number of general inspections of registered premises and the percentage of premises so inspected rose from 13% in 1968 to 58% in 1969. The result of this effort can be found in the table headed Analysis of Contraventions where the total of 388 contraventions dealt with by notice, compares with a total of 72 the previous year. Accident investigation highlights the complacency of many occupiers to the serious hazards to the safety of employees present in many shops and offices in the form of overcrowded stock rooms, defective step ladders, badly lit rooms or passages and lack of effective screening to moving parts of machinery.

I regret to comment on the first fatal accident reported to this Department since accident notification was required. This involved a person tripping and incurring a head injury and although the exact cause was undetermined, poor artificial lighting was a likely contributory factor. This was improved from 2 lumens to 15 lumens after the accident. Was this man's death caused by neglect of his employers to ensure compliance with requirements of the Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act, 1963? Quite possibly in my opinion.

Registration and General Inspections

Class of Premises	Number of premises registered during the year	Number of registered premises at end of year	Number of registered premises receiving a general inspection during the year
Offices	Nil	93	33
Retail Shops	12	326	194
Wholesale Shops, Warehouses	Nil	7	7
Catering Establishments, open to the public, canteens	13	37	37
Fuel storage depots	Nil	Nil	Nil
TOTALS	25	463	271

Total number of visits of all kinds by Inspectors to registered premises under the Act - 815

Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act continued:

Analysis of Contraventions

Contraventions found	Number	Contraventions found	Number
Cleanliness	Nil	Seats (Sedentary Workers)	Nil
Overcrowding	Nil	Eating facilities	Nil
Temperature	80	Floor, passage and stairs	21
Ventilation	10	Fencing exposed parts machinery	5
Lighting	77	Protection of young persons from dangerous machinery	Nil
Sanitary Conveniences	38	Training of young persons working at dangerous machinery	Nil
Washing facilities	35	Prohibition of heavy work	Nil
Supply of Drinking Water	Nil	First Aid General Provisions	31
Clothing Accommodation	Nil	Other Matters	91
Sitting facilities	Nil		
		TOTAL	388

Exemptions: Applications received - Nil

Exemptions granted - Nil

Prosecutions - Nil

Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act continued:

Reported Accidents

Workplace	Number Reported		Total Number Investigated	Action Recommended			
	Fatal	Non-Fatal		Prosecution	Formal Warning	Informal Advice	No Action
Offices	-	2	1	-	-	1	-
Retail Shops	-	9	8	-	4	1	3
Wholesale Warehouses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Catering Establishments open to the public, canteens	1	2	3	-	1	-	2
Fuel Storage Depots	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTALS	1	13	12	Nil	5	2	5

Analysis of reported accidents

	Offices	Retail shops	Wholesale warehouses	Catering establishments, open to public, canteens	Fuel storage depots
Machinery	-	1	-	-	-
Transport	-	-	-	-	-
Falls of persons	1	4	-	-	-
Stepping on or striking against object or person	1	1	-	1	-
Handling goods	-	-	-	-	-
Struck by falling object	-	1	-	-	-
Fires and explosions	-	-	-	-	-
Electricity	-	-	-	-	-
Use of hand tools	-	-	-	1	-
Not otherwise specified	-	2	-	1	-

FOOD CONTROL AND CONSUMER PROTECTION

Post-mortem examination of food animals slaughtered in the Borough and inspections of all manner of "food businesses" were tasks of paramount importance to your Public Health Inspectorate and it is a rewarding thought that our efforts have contributed to the absence in 1969 of any notified cases of food poisoning in the Borough. On the subject of hygiene in food preparation and handling there remains considerable scope for expanding our operations in the field of passing on essential knowledge to persons employed in such work. The parody about "taking a horse to the water" can be applied to requiring the provision of adequate facilities for washing and sterilizing equipment, and for personal washing. Temporary seasonal staff in food businesses are a constant concern in this direction and too often show a lack of knowledge of practices aimed at avoiding bacterial contamination of foods or preventing bacterial development. Reference to the results of applying routine bacteriological checks on ice-cream sales emphasises the importance of an individual food handler's knowledge, as one retailer can constantly produce a satisfactory product whereas bad results can be expected when untrained staff are employed in this work.

Temperature and humidity controls in food distribution, and storage in display areas are requiring increased attention by the Department and on two occasions mechanical inefficiency of freezing and cooling cabinets resulted in 204 lbs. of various foods being destroyed.

Meat Inspection

Although the total number of animals passing through the slaughterhouse was 6,600 less than in 1968, this reduction is wholly attributable to the sheep figures. In fact the burden of meat inspection was more than maintained by way of an increase in the numbers of pigs by nearly 2,000 and in the number of cows by over 200. The onerous work carried out by your Inspectors in maintaining the efficiency of our 100% inspection duties coupled with retaining the co-operation and respect of their decisions by the Meat Company involved has earned my appreciation and is worthy of mention in this Report. The table used to indicate details of carcasses and organs condemned as unfit for human consumption is a total of the statistics submitted each quarter year to the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food. On only one occasion were specimens from a carcass submitted to the Public Health Laboratories for bacteriological examination.

Disposal of Meat etc. Unfit for Consumption - All such offal and carcasses are detained, after being dyed green, in a locked detention room awaiting collection by Tyneside Butchers By Products Ltd.

Sale of Horseflesh - There are no premises within the Borough from which horseflesh is sold for human consumption.

Diseases of Animals Acts and Orders - No cases of infectious disease in animals were notified.

Slaughter of Animals - The number of licensed slaughtermen in the Borough is 11, all being employees of the Whitley Bay Meat Supply Co. Ltd.

Prevention of Cruelty - Slaughtering practices were observed to be in accordance with Regulations and no contraventions were recorded.

POULTRY INSPECTION

There are no poultry processing premises within the Borough.

ANIMALS INSPECTED

Month	Cattle	Cows	Calves	Sheep	Pigs	Total
January	752	27	12	3729	1332	5852
February	697	29	8	3315	1424	5473
March	863	51	9	3303	1793	6019
April	691	32	16	2075	1369	4183
May	906	47	6	1667	1639	4265
June	677	136	6	2062	1301	4182
July	596	59	4	3514	1100	5273
August	813	33	4	5302	1589	7741
September	709	34	12	4907	1467	7129
October	635	29	8	5298	1515	7485
November	808	57	15	7038	1950	9868
December	717	37	6	5634	2626	9020
Totals	8864	571	106	47844	19105	76490

CONDEMNATIONS OF CARCASSES AND OFFAL

CARCASSES

OFFAL

TOTAL	PARTIAL		TOTAL	PARTIAL
<u>ADULT CATTLE</u>				
		Number slaughtered ..	9,435	
-	-	Actinobacillosis (-mycosis)	-	22
-	1	Bruising	-	1
		Cysticercosis (C.bovis)		
-	-	(a) Rejected	-	13
-	-	(b) Refrigerated	-	-
-	-	Echinococcosis	-	-
1	-	Emaciation	1	-
-	-	Fascioliasis (fluke)	-	4,332
-	-	Hepatic abscess	-	633
-	-	Johne's disease	-	-
-	-	Mastitis	-	-
-	-	Peritonitis	-	10
2	-	Pneumonia and/or pleurisy	2	193
3	-	Septicaemic conditions/fever	3	-
-	-	Telangiectasis	-	18
-	-	Tuberculosis	1	-
-	-	Tumours	-	-
1	11	Other conditions	1	205
<u>CALVES</u>				
		Number slaughtered ..	106	
-	-	Bruising	-	-
-	-	Emaciation	-	-
-	-	Immaturity	-	-
1	-	Joint-ill or navel-ill	1	-
-	-	Septicaemic conditions/fever	-	-
-	-	Tuberculosis	-	-
2	-	Other conditions	2	-

Condemnations of Carcasses and Offal continued:

CARCASSES

TOTAL	PARTIAL		TOTAL	PARTIAL
<u>PIGS</u>				
		Number slaughtered		19,105
10	67	Abscess	10	11
2	189	Arthritis	-	-
-	-	Ascariasis (milk spot)	-	1236
-	1	Bruising	-	2
-	-	Echinococcosis	-	-
7	-	Emaciation	7	-
-	-	Jaundice	-	-
1	1	Pneumonia and/or pleurisy	7	1716
7	-	Pyæmia	7	-
1	-	Septicaemic conditions /fever	1	-
-	2	Swine erysipelas	-	-
-	1	Tuberculosis	-	158
-	-	Tumours	-	-
1	27	Other conditions	1	331
<u>SHEEP</u>				
		Number slaughtered		47,844
-	25	Abscess	8	169
2	82	Arthritis	2	-
-	-	Bruising	-	-
-	-	Cysticercus ovis	-	-
-	-	Echinococcosis	-	-
28	-	Emaciation	28	-
-	2	Fascioliasis (fluke)	1	2673
-	-	Jaundice	-	-
1	-	Pneumonia and/or pleurisy	1	33
2	-	Pyæmia	2	-
-	-	Septicaemic conditions/fever	-	-
-	-	Tumours	-	-
1	15	Other conditions	2	57

Unsound Food Surrendered or Condemned

The number of certificates issued in respect of the following items was 1536.

	Tons	Cwts	lbs.
1. Meat at slaughterhouses	38	6	38
2. Meat at wholesale premises	-	-	-
3. Meat at retail shops	-	5	46
4. Cooked meat and meat products	-	-	80
5. Canned meats	-	1	36
6. Other canned foods	-	3	67
7. Fish	-	-	-
8. Fruit and vegetables (fresh)	-	-	-
9. Other Foods including frozen foods	-	4	1
	39	1	44

Sale of Food Containing Foreign Matter

Incidents considered by Health Committee:-

Food	Foreign Substance	Action
Beef Sausage	Wire	Prosecution (£25 fine)
Fruit Loaf	Cloth	Prosecution (£10 fine)
Cheese and Tomato Croquette	Plastic	Prosecution (£ 5 fine)
Corned Beef	Solder	Prosecution (£25 fine)
Sponge Jam Roll	Thread	Prosecution (£ 5 fine)
Peas	Snail	Prosecution (£25 fine)
Milk	Broken Glass	Prosecution pending
Sausage Rolls	Mould	Prosecution (£20 fine)
Chocolate Coated Confection	Wire Mesh	Prosecution pending
Jam	Broken Glass	Prosecution pending

Milk and Dairies (General) Regulations, 1959

Registration of Dairies and Distributors

The number of premises registered under the provisions of these Regulations was 60.

Milk Sampling

This work is undertaken by the Food and Drugs Authority and I am obliged to the Public Health Inspector of the Northumberland County Council for the following information.

A total of 101 samples of milk taken in the Borough were submitted for bacteriological examination to the Public Health Laboratory and results are set out in the following Table :-

Total number of samples taken	101
No. of samples submitted to Methylene Blue Test	76
No. satisfactory	72
Percentage satisfactory	94.7%
No. of samples submitted to Phosphatase Test	67
No. satisfactory	66
Percentage satisfactory	98.5%
No. of samples submitted to Turbidity Test	23
No. satisfactory	23
Percentage satisfactory	100%

The Food and Drugs Act, 1955 (Section 16)

The Ice Cream (Heat Treatment etc.) Regulations, 1947-52

The number of new registrations for the sale of ice-cream was 9
The number of registered manufacturers is 8
The number of retail premises selling loose ice-cream is .. 16
Premises selling pre-wrapped ice cream number 205

Bacteriological Sampling of Ice-cream

Provisional Grading No.1	25	No. 111	3	Total	39
No. 11	8	No. 1V	3		

Food Hygiene

Frequency of inspections of food premises is decided not only by staff available but by the potential hazard to public health of the trade carried on, for example each butcher's shop received two inspections in the year whereas restaurants were inspected on at least five occasions. I am disappointed to record that 172 contraventions of Hygiene Regulations were observed and brought to the attention of 40 food traders, although in only one case was resort to legal proceedings considered necessary and such action was pending at the close of the year. I am too often aware of the negligence of many proprietors of food businesses in becoming familiar with the legal requirements affecting their premises and practices and it is only the tolerance of inspectors and local authorities that avoids a regular stream of prosecutions being instituted.

Enforcement of Regulations affecting food sales from vehicles was again difficult, erratic and unsatisfactory. Until the users of such vehicles are required to arrange for their periodic inspection I fail to see how hygienic requirements can be properly enforced.

Circular 1/69 from the Department of Health and Social Security requires the following table to be included in the Report.

	No. of premises	No. complying with Reg.16	No.to which Reg.19 applies	No. complying with Reg.19
Bakehouses (manufacturers)	8	8	8	8
Bakers Shops	30	30	30	30
Butchers	25	25	25	25
Confectioners	16	16	Nil	10
Fish and Chip Friers	8	8	8	8
Wet Fish	4	4	4	4
Greengrocers	25	25	25	25
Grocers and Provisions	69	69	69	69
Licensed Hotels and Clubs	21	21	21	21
Public Houses	17	17	17	17
Restaurants and Cafes	37	37	37	37

Noise Control

The presence of unwanted noise in the environment is a subject being brought regularly to the attention of your Public Health Inspectors. It is a subject which requires, more than any other, a detailed consideration of the many factors so often involved and fortunately, remedial action has so far been obtained without the need to resort to formal proceedings.

The increasing awareness by residents of noise in our environment is illustrated by the implications of a petition received criticising the ringing of church bells, a practice which had been carried on for many years. I decided to approach the situation from what I considered to be a reasonable point of view, that while the complainants described the bell-ringing as "an appalling din", the time of ringing was the real crux of the problem. The initial reaction of the church authorities was to refer to the detailed instructions set out in the Book of Common Prayer requiring the ringing of bells immediately prior to each Service, and such an authority appears to offer protection from other statutes. I like to think that common sense prevailed when the ringing of the bell to precede the 7 a.m. service was dispensed with.

The most common causes of complaint involved were (1) the introduction of amplified music in clubs and hotels which are situated adjacent to dwellinghouses and (2) the "change of use" of small factory premises from a quiet to a noisy business. These situations cannot be solved satisfactorily and of particular relevance is the proverb "Prevention is better than the cure". The introduction of a trade involving noise emission over a stated limit should be prohibited within a prescribed distance from a dwellinghouse. Even a requirement for prior approval of noisy trades would be of immense help in this aspect of protecting the public from a noisy environment from which there is no escape and which has little regard for locked doors.

Number of complaints received	..	..	..	12
Number of nuisances confirmed	..	..	..	12
Number of nuisances remedied	..	..	..	11

Pest Control

For the second year the Council's practical obligations for pest control were executed by a firm of private contractors not being the firm who were our contractors in 1968. No major problems arose although difficulties in contacts and liaison with the company were experienced and consequently action by your own officers was necessary on several occasions.

Our main cause for concern in examining our service of pest control is the almost regular number of rat infestations eliminated each year. This average is between 100 and 150 and appears to indicate the level of control which the present system can maintain. At this point the question of costs arise as by doubling the expenditure on pest control the number of infestations could probably be held below 50 per annum in adopting a system of permanent baiting points in strategic positions on the town's perimeter. The present system is aimed at restriction of rats rather than complete elimination.

The following table is an extract from our annual report to the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food.

PROPERTIES OTHER THAN SEWERS	TYPE OF PROPERTY	
	Non-Agricultural	Agricultural
1. Number of properties in district	14,963	24
2. a) Total number of properties (Including nearby premises) inspected following notification	195	13
b) Number infested by (i) Rats	146	13
(ii) Mice	49	Nil
3. a) Total number of properties inspected for rats and/or mice for reasons other than notification.	Nil	6
b) Number infested by (i) Rats	Nil	2
(ii) Mice	Nil	Nil

The number of disinfection treatments carried out was 114 and the various insects dealt with are detailed below.

<u>Insect</u>	<u>No. of treatments</u>	<u>Insect</u>	<u>No. of treatments</u>
Bees	7	Silver Fish	1
Book lice	3	Spider Beetle	2
Cockroaches	76	Wasps	17
Fleas	6	Wood lice	1
Mosquitoes	1		

PUBLIC CONVENIENCES

List of Public Conveniences in the Borough, each with ladies and gents sections.

Black Horse	Memorial Park	Souter Park North *
Brier Dene	(Seaton Sluice)	Souter Park South *
Cemetery	Miniature Golf	Southern Promenade *
Central Promenade	Old Hartley *	Trinity Road
Churchill Playing Fields	Panama	Victoria Park
Crawford Park	Rockcliffe	Watts Road
Dukes Walk	St. Mary's Island *	West Park (Seaton Sluice)
Library Car Park *		Whitley Road

New conveniences were constructed in the positions indicated by an asterisk but unforeseen delay in completion prevented the opening of these toilets in 1969. The number and standard of public toilets in the town is a credit to the Council and confirms a determination to maintain a high level of amenity for public use despite the destructive actions of a misguided few. Everything possible is done to keep the conveniences bright and clean. I hope that a high standard of maintenance helps to discourage wilful damage as well as to encourage use.

Regard was given to the special problem of providing toilets for use by disabled persons and special facilities have been incorporated in the new buildings at the Library Car Park and at Souter Park (North).

During the year a decision was made to discontinue the nightly closing of the toilets in Whitley Road and there have been no repercussions so far. A change in policy occurred with the decision to arrange for modification of the coin locks to take the "new penny" as opposed to the original decision to make all toilets free. The locks will be retained therefore only at Watts Road, Central Promenade, Panama and Dukes Walk.

Sewerage and Sewage Disposal

A water carriage drainage and sewer system serves all premises in the Borough with the exception of one cesspool and three septic tanks serving farms and Trinity Public Conveniences.

Drains Service

A total of 311 obstructed drains were cleared on the request of occupiers of premises. This number exceeds by 83 the number cleared in 1968 and is partly due to the Council's decision in June to extend the service to include commercial premises.

Offensive Trades

There are no "offensive trades" within the interpretation of the Public Health Act, 1936, in operation in the Borough.

Piggeries

The continued operation of the large piggery brought no complaints of nuisance from nearby residents although the premises are not of a modern standard of construction.

Places of Public Entertainment

<u>Cinemas</u>	<u>Theatre</u>	<u>Dance Halls</u>	<u>Others</u>
Coliseum Essoldo	Priory	Alletsa Empress Ballroom Rex Ballroom Rotunda Ballroom	Whitley Bay Football Club Ice Rink Ten Pin Bowling Regal (Bingo) Don's Bingo Spanish City

These premises were inspected periodically and apart from minor items were considered to be operated satisfactorily.

Animal Boarding Establishments

Only one premise is licensed in the Borough at Hillheads and was operated in a very satisfactory manner. This establishment provides a valuable service to the community not only by boarding of pets but in caring for lost and stray animals and arranging disposal by cremation when necessary.

Riding Establishments

The Murton Riding School is the only licensed establishment in the area and the standard of operation, maintenance of premises and care of the horses and ponies was to the credit of the proprietors. Satisfactory reports were received on the two occasions requested from the veterinary surgeon appointed for the purpose.

Pet Animals

The number of licensed shops for the sale of pets is 7. Inspections of these premises ensured compliance with licence conditions regarding the welfare of the pets involved.

Scrap Metal Dealers

There are no registered dealers in the Borough and the only entry in the formal register concerns the Local Authority.

APPENDIX i

ANALYSIS OF VISITS

Accumulations	.. .. .	106
Air Pollution — Domestic	.. .. .	3927
— Industrial	.. .. .	26
— Measurement	.. .. .	286
Amusement Licences	.. .. .	26
Animals	.. .. .	6
— Boarding Establishments	.. .. .	6
— Riding Establishments	.. .. .	12
Dairies and Distributors	.. .. .	1
Drains and Sewers — Inspected	.. .. .	279
— Smoke Tests	.. .. .	33
— Water Tests	.. .. .	24
Factories (with mechanical power)	.. .. .	114
(without mechanical power)	.. .. .	17
(outworkers)	.. .. .	4
Farms	.. .. .	57
Food Hygiene — Butchers	.. .. .	51
— Bakehouses	.. .. .	25
— Cafe and Restaurants	.. .. .	213
— Fish Fryers	.. .. .	30
— Others	.. .. .	216
Hairdressers	.. .. .	32
Houses — Capable of Repair	.. .. .	562
— Not capable of Repair	.. .. .	9
— Cleanliness	.. .. .	23
— Improvement	.. .. .	104
— Multi-occupation	.. .. .	140
— Overcrowding	.. .. .	3
Infectious Diseases	.. .. .	62
Ice Cream Manufacture	.. .. .	38
Market, Stalls and Delivery Vehicles	.. .. .	30

Total carried fwd. 6462

APPENDIX i continued

	brought forward							6462
Licensed Premises	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	96
Meat and Food - Inspections	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	528
- Condemnations	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	364
Meetings	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	52
Meeting with Owner or Tradesmen	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	58
Miscellaneous Visits	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	167
Moveable Dwellings and Sites	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5
Noise	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	53
Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act								
(General Inspections) - Offices	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	33
- Retail Shops	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	194
- Wholesale and Warehouses	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	7
- Catering Establishments								
and Canteens	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	37
- Fuel Storage Depots	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-
Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act								
(Visits) - Offices	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	14
- Retail Shops	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	351
- Wholesale and Warehouses	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1
- Catering Establishments and Canteens	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	178
- Fuel Storage Depots	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	-
Pet Shops	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	26
Piggeries	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2
Places of Entertainment	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2
Prevention of Damage by Pests Act - Rats	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	304
- Mice	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	15
Public Health Nuisances	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	142
Public Conveniences	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	52
Samples - Ice Cream	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	45
- Water	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2
Shops Act	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6
Slaughter Houses	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	498
Schools	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	13
Verminous Premises	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	92
Water Courses	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	17
								<u>9816</u>

APPENDIX ii

Inspection under Part 1 of the Factories Act, 1961

1. INSPECTIONS for purposes of provisions as to health matters
(including inspections made by Public Health Inspectors)

PREMISES (1)	No. on Register (2)	Number of		
		Inspections (3)	Written Notices (4)	Occupiers Prosecuted (5)
i) in which Sections 1,2,3,4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	6	17	Nil	Nil
ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority	73	114	8	Nil
iii) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding out- workers' premises)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
TOTAL	79	131	8	Nil

APPENDIX ii continued

CASES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE FOUND

Particulars (1)	Number of cases in which defects were found				No. of cases in which prosecutions were instituted (6)
	Found (2)	Remedied (3)	Referred		
			by H.M. Inspector (4)	to H.M. Inspector (5)	
Want of Cleanliness (S1)	3	3	Nil	Nil	Nil
Overcrowding (S2)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Unreasonable Temperature (S3)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Inadequate Ventilation (S4)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Ineffective Drainage of Floors (S6)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Sanitary Conveniences (S7)					
(a) Insufficient	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
(b) Defective or Unsuitable	24	24	Nil	Nil	Nil
(c) Not separate for sexes	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Other offences against the Act.(not including offences relating to outwork)	1	1	Nil	Nil	Nil
	28	28	Nil	Nil	Nil

Two Outworkers are employed in the District.

