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COUNTY COUNCIL OF WEST SUSSEX

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

County Medical Officer of Health

FOR THE

Year Ended 31st December, 1935

BY

RALPH D. SMEDLEY, M.A., M.D., D.P.H.

County Medical Officer and School Medical Officer.

Mrs. Shaw

WEST SUSSEX COUNTY COUNCIL.

ack'd.

*[The address is different from that
on the list you gave me]*

With the Compliments of
THE COUNTY MEDICAL OFFICER.

County Health Department,
County Hall,
Chichester.

405 4m.7.36

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WEST SUSSEX COUNTY COUNCIL.

THE PUBLIC HEALTH AND HOUSING COMMITTEE (1935-6).

Chairman—*Dr. S. P. Matthews. *Mr. A. M. Barford, M.D., D.P.H., *Mr. D. Bryce, *Miss L. J. Churchman, Captain J. A. D. Cochrane-Barnett, *Miss J. K. R. Du Cane, Mr. L. A. Elliott, Mr. G. W. F. Hare, Mr. H. Hutton, Lt.-Col. G. B. Kensington, O.B.E., *Mrs. N. V. Laughton, Mr. A. F. Lewis, Mr. Albert Linfield, Mr. A. G. Linfield, Mr. J. A. Mason, *Mr. W. A. Packer, *Miss A. E. Payne, *Hilda Duchess of Richmond and Gordon, C.B.E., Mr. W. Sams, Mr. E. Stanford, C.B.E.

*Also Members of the Midwives, Maternity and Child Welfare Committee (*see below*).

Ex-officio—The Chairman of the County Council, The Lord Leconfield; the Vice-Chairman of the County Council, The Rev. E. D. L. Harvey, O.B.E.

THE MIDWIVES, MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE COMMITTEE (1935-6).

Chairman—Dr. S. P. Matthews. Mr. A. M. Barford, M.D., D.P.H., Mr. D. Bryce, Miss L. J. Churchman, Miss J. K. R. Du Cane, Mrs. N. V. Laughton, Mrs. D. Lloyd-Goring, Mr. W. A. Packer, Miss A. E. Payne, Hilda Duchess of Richmond and Gordon, C.B.E.

Co-opted Members—Mrs. M. Close, Mrs. E. D. L. Harvey, O.B.E., Miss V. Kennard, Mrs. M. E. Lawson, Mrs. M. L. Newcombe, Miss E. M. Paxton, Mrs. Vine.

Ex-Officio—The Chairman of the County Council, The Lord Leconfield; the Vice-Chairman of the County Council, The Rev. E. D. L. Harvey, O.B.E.

STAFF—COUNTY HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

County Medical Officer and School Medical Officer—Ralph D. Smedley, M.A., M.D., D.P.H., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.; **Tuberculosis Officer, Deputy County Medical Officer and Deputy School Medical Officer**—William Templeton, M.B., CH.B., D.P.H.; **Assistant County Medical Officer and Assistant School Medical Officer**—H. M. Ayres, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.T.M. and H., D.P.H.; **Matron—County Sanatorium—Aldingbourne House**—Miss L. J. Strange; **Clerical Staff—Chief Assistant**—S. G. H. Potter; **Assistant Clerks**—C. R. L. Boxer, V. H. Kirchin, W. C. Floyd, F. C. Saunders, S. C. Dorée, M. R. Attwater; **Part-Time Officers—Inspector of Midwives and Assistant Medical Officer for Maternity and Child Welfare**—F. Erin Smedley, MB., B.S.; **Assistant Medical Officer**—(Temporary)—H. G. H. Butcher, B.A., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H. (Resigned 1/10/35); **Medical Officer (Worthing Venereal Diseases Clinic)**—F. H. Lawson, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.; **Orthopaedic Surgeon**—H. J. Seddon, F.R.C.S. (From Royal National Orthopaedic Hospital, London); **Orthopaedic Nurse**—Miss L. M. C. Maynard.

MEDICAL OFFICERS OF LOCAL SANITARY AUTHORITIES.

Bognor Regis U.D.—H. M. Ayres, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.T.M. and H., D.P.H., Public Health Department, Town Hall, Bognor Regis.

Chichester, City of, M.B.—A. M. Barford, M.D., F.R.F.P.S., D.P.H., 8 St. John's Street, Chichester.

Worthing M.B.—R. H. Wilshaw, M.D., M.R.C.P., D.P.H., The Town Hall, Worthing.

Shoreham-by-Sea U.D.

Worthing R.D.

Southern Combine

Comprising—

Arundel M.B.
Chanctonbury R.D.
Chichester R.D.
Littlehampton U.D.
Southwick U.D.

W. J. Butcher, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H., Mill Holt, Hillside Avenue, Worthing (also School Medical Inspector).

Northern Combine

Comprising—

Horsham U.D.
Horsham R.D.
Midhurst R.D.
Petworth R.D.

S. Child, M.A., M.B., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H., Caterways, Billingshurst (also School Medical Inspector).

Port Sanitary Authorities—

Littlehampton
New Shoreham

W. J. Butcher, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H., Mill Holt, Hillside Avenue, Worthing.

DISTRICT MEDICAL OFFICERS (Public Assistance) AND PUBLIC VACCINATORS.

District.	Medical Officer.	District.	Medical Officer.
Chichester Area.		<i>Horsham Area—continued</i>	
Chichester City	Dr. W. DICK	Steyning No. 1	Dr. F. H. SQUIRE
Westbourne No. 1	Dr. L. S. H. GLANVILLE	2	(a) Dr. E. F. GREENE
2	Dr. D. A. LANGHORNE	(b) Dr. M. H. DOBBYN	
3	Dr. C. V. BULSTRODE	3	Dr. G. P. SMITH
Westthampnett No. 1	Dr. P. C. BARFORD		Dr. J. H. C. THOMPSON
2	Dr. J. H. H. GOUGH		(1/5/35)
3	Dr. A. H. BOSTOCK	4	Dr. C. W. WHEELER-
4	Dr. C. V. BULSTRODE		BENNETT
5	Dr. A. B. COLLINS	Midhurst Area.	
5	Dr. R. O. SWAINE	Midhurst No. 2	Dr. D. C. DRUITT
		3	Dr. M. FAWKES
		4	Dr. G. MARTIN
		5	Dr. E. S. JOHNSON
		Petworth No. 1	Dr. R. B. HEYGATE
			(Resigned 31/8/35)
			Dr. E. E. HEENEY
			(1/9/35)
		2 }	Dr. A. E. KERR
		3 }	
		4	Dr. H. A. WHYTE-
			VENABLES
Horsham Area.		Worthing and East Preston Area.	
Horsham No. 1	Dr. G. SPARROW	East Preston No. 1	Dr. R. W. PEARSON
2	Dr. J. W. DEW	2	(a) Dr. G. B. BROWN
3	Dr. S. R. MATTHEWS		Dr. H. WIGGINS
4	Dr. B. L. HUTCHENCE	3	Dr. C. E. LAST
5 }	Dr. T. E. MATTHEWS		(b) Dr. F. H. ALEXANDER
6 }			(Resigned 30/6/35)
7	Dr. T. D. JAGO	Thakeham No. 1	Dr. H. A. WHYTE-
8	Dr. H. G. BENNETT		VENABLES
10	Dr. R. M. MILLER	2	Dr. A. J. HEAD

(a) District Medical Officer only.

(b) Public Vaccinator only.

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INSTITUTIONS—Medical Staff.

Institution.	Medical Officer (part-time).	Institution.	Medical Officer (part-time).
Chichester ..	Dr. W. DICK	Thakeham ..	Dr. A. J. HEAD
East Preston ..	Dr. F. M. M. EYTON-JONES		
Horsham ..	Dr. G. SPARROW		
Midhurst ..	Dr. B. E. G. BAILEY		

In each instance the Medical Officer is also Public Vaccinator for the Institution.

RELIEVING OFFICERS and VACCINATION OFFICERS

Area	Name	Address	Tel. No.
Bognor Regis	POPLE, G. S.	3 High Street Bognor Regis	Bognor Regis 453
Chichester North ..	HOTHAM, C.	Lisvane House, Cooper Street, Chichester	Chichester 723
Chichester South ..	DAVIES, R. E.	Lisvane House, Cooper Street, Chichester	Chichester 723
Horsham and Billingshurst ..	JACKSON, E.	2 Park Street, Horsham	Horsham 368
	ANSELL, W. P.	2 Park Street, Horsham	Horsham 368
Littlehampton	HARDING, H. G.	27 Maxwell Road, Littlehampton	Littlehampton 460
Midhurst	WERRY, A. F.	Red Lion Street, Midhurst	Midhurst 245
Petworth	DIKE, H. H.	Meadow Cottage, North Mead, Petworth	Petworth 145
Pulborough and Steyning ..	DAVY, H. J.	Reeve House, Henfield	Henfield 79
	JERVIS, H. B. (Assistant)	Mulberry House, Storrington	Storrington 228
Shoreham-by-Sea	(a) DOWN, A. G.	30 East Street, Shoreham-by-Sea	Shoreham 52
	(b) SEARS, L. E.	22 Rosslyn Road, Shoreham-by-Sea	Shoreham 157 (Town Hall)
Worthing	(a) GRAVILLE, N. F.	8 Ashdown Road Worthing	Worthing 1482
	(b) LINFIELD, A. F.	8 Ashdown Road, Worthing	Worthing 1482

(a) Relieving Officer only.

(b) Vaccination Officer only.

WEST SUSSEX COUNTY COUNCIL.

ANNUAL REPORT for the year 1935, by the COUNTY MEDICAL OFFICER.

The Area in acres, including inland water, is as follows:—

AREA.

URBAN DISTRICTS	..	..	..	24636
RURAL DISTRICTS	..	..	..	377429
ADMINISTRATIVE COUNTY	..	..	..	<u>402065</u>

POPULATION.

The resident population of the Administrative County for the year 1935 was estimated by the Registrar-General to be as follows:—

URBAN DISTRICTS	..	..	..	133600
RURAL DISTRICTS	..	..	..	111100
ADMINISTRATIVE COUNTY	..	..	..	<u>244700</u>

In Table I (page 6) is shown the Estimated Population for each Sanitary District.

CENSUS POPULATIONS.

	1901	1911	1921*	1931
URBAN DISTRICTS	70223	83590	90044	114800
RURAL DISTRICTS	81053	92718	94830	108195
ADMINISTRATIVE COUNTY	<u>151276</u>	<u>176308</u>	<u>184874</u>	<u>222995</u>

*As amended by Registrar-General.

INHABITED HOUSES (CENSUS, 1931).

	Urban Districts.	Rural Districts.	Administrative County.
Number of Inhabited Houses	27345	27680	55025
Number of families or separate occupiers	29607	28198	57805

Rateable Value of County £2,154,032

Product of Penny Rate—1935-36

For General County Purposes £8,824
For Special County Purposes (including Maternity and Child Welfare) £6,299

SOCIAL CONDITIONS.

Agriculture, fruit growing, market gardening, etc., are the important industries in the County, and the seaside towns attract a large number of visitors during the season. Inland, many parts of the County are residential in character.

SUMMARY OF VITAL STATISTICS, 1935.

			<i>Total</i>	<i>Male</i>	<i>Female</i>	
Live Births:—						
Legitimate	..	..	3153	1577	1576	} Birth rate per 1000 of the estimated resident population 13.53
Illegitimate	..	..	159	82	77	
Still Births	..	..	127	60	67	Rate per 1000 total (live and still) births 38.34
Deaths	..	..	3036	1472	1564	Death rate per 1000 of the estimated resident population 12.40

Deaths from Puerperal causes:—

	<i>Deaths</i>	<i>Rate per 1000 total (live and still) births</i>
Puerperal sepsis	5	1.50
Other puerperal causes	8	2.41
Total	13	3.92

Death rate of infants under one year of age:—

All infants per 1000 live births	43
Legitimate infants per 1000 legitimate live births	42
Illegitimate infants per 1000 illegitimate live births	69

Deaths from Measles (all ages)	3
Deaths from Whooping Cough (all ages)	3
Deaths from Diarrhoea (under 2 years of age)	12

VITAL STATISTICS.

Table I below gives the chief vital statistics of each Sanitary District, of the total Urban Districts, the total Rural Districts and Administrative County.

TABLE I.—VITAL STATISTICS, 1935.

Sanitary District.	Estimated Population to middle of 1935	No. of Births	Birth Rate	Illegitimate Births	No. of Deaths	Death Rate	Deaths under 1 year	Infant Mor- tality rate per 1,000 births	Pulmonary Tuberculosis Death Rate	Cancer Death Rate
Urban Districts:—										
Arundel (M.B.)	2500	36	14.40	2	23	9.20	1	27	—	1.2
Bognor Regis	18440	226	12.25	17	224	12.14	9	39	0.65	1.5
Chichester (M.B.)	15770	223	14.14	8	193	12.23	11	49	0.38	2.0
Horsham	14300	213	14.89	6	204	14.26	3	14	0.35	2.2
Littlehampton	10810	143	13.22	10	131	12.13	10	63	0.18	1.6
Shoreham-by-Sea	10070	144	14.30	10	98	9.73	3	27	0.29	1.4
Southwick	7780	104	13.36	—	88	11.32	4	38	0.77	1.0
Worthing (M.B.)	53930	597	11.06	33	744	13.79	25	40	0.61	2.3
Total Urban Districts ..	133600	1686	12.61	86	1705	12.76	66	39	0.50	2.0
Rural Districts:—										
Chancetonbury	16470	255	15.48	10	215	13.05	11	41	0.42	2.2
Chichester	31260	463	14.81	24	360	11.51	17	36	0.22	2.2
Horsham	22130	302	13.64	11	261	11.79	15	49	0.31	1.5
Midhurst	14420	205	14.21	6	183	12.69	13	63	0.48	1.6
Petworth	8270	107	12.93	9	99	11.97	2	18	0.36	0.9
Worthing	18550	294	15.84	13	213	11.48	18	61	0.53	1.7
Total Rural Districts ..	111100	1626	14.63	73	1331	11.98	76	46	0.34	1.8
Administrative County ..	244700	3312	13.53	159	3036	12.40	142	43	0.42	1.9

BIRTH RATE.

The Birth Rate in the Rural Districts continues to be slightly higher than in the Urban Districts.

BIRTH RATES: Urban Districts, 12.61. Rural Districts, 14.63. Administrative County, 13.53.

TABLE II, showing number of Births and Birth Rates for years 1921-1935, for Urban and Rural Districts, Administrative County and England and Wales.

	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935
Urban Districts—															
No. of Births ..	1514	1345	1257	1276	1313	1317	1359	1399	1386	1474	1522	1477	1464	1636	1686
Birth Rate ..	16.8	14.9	13.8	13.7	13.9	13.3	13.2	13.4	12.7	13.4	13.7	12.8	11.9	12.7	12.61
Rural Districts—															
No. of Births ..	1700	1612	1588	1533	1560	1615	1558	1548	1514	1491	1612	1548	1471	1558	1626
Birth Rate ..	17.9	16.8	16.4	15.6	15.7	15.6	14.8	14.5	14.5	14.2	15.3	14.1	13.6	14.3	14.63
Admin. County—															
No. of Births ..	3214	2957	2845	2809	2873	2932	2917	2947	2900	2965	3134	3025	2935	3194	3312
Birth Rate ..	17.3	15.9	15.1	14.7	14.8	14.5	14.1	14.0	13.6	13.8	14.5	13.4	12.7	13.4	13.53
England & Wales—															
Birth Rate ..	22.4	20.6	19.7	18.8	18.3	17.8	16.7	16.7	16.3	16.3	15.3	15.3	14.4	14.8	14.7

DEATH RATE.

DEATH RATES: Urban Districts, 12.76. Rural Districts, 11.98. Administrative County, 12.40.

TABLE III, showing number of Deaths and Death Rates for Years 1921-1935, for Urban and Rural Districts, Administrative County and England and Wales.

		1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935
Urban Districts—																
No. of Deaths ..	..	1143	1157	1042	1248	1111	1241	1290	1308	1518	1401	1508	1629	1680	1683	1705
Death Rate ..	..	12.7	12.7	11.4	13.4	11.7	12.5	12.6	12.5	14.0	12.8	13.6	14.1	13.7	13.0	12.76
Rural Districts—																
No. of Deaths ..	..	1042	1096	953	1094	1175	1122	1156	1169	1300	1172	1300	1290	1283	1300	1331
Death Rate ..	..	10.9	11.4	9.8	11.1	11.8	10.9	11.1	11.0	12.5	11.2	12.3	11.7	11.9	11.9	11.98
Admin. County—																
No. of Deaths ..	..	2185	2253	1995	2342	2286	2363	2446	2477	2818	2573	2808	2919	2963	2983	3036
Death Rate ..	..	11.8	12.1	10.6	12.2	11.8	11.7	11.8	11.8	13.3	12.0	13.0	13.0	12.8	12.5	12.40
England and Wales—																
Death Rate ..	..	12.1	12.9	11.6	12.2	12.2	11.6	12.3	11.7	13.4	11.4	12.3	12.0	12.3	11.8	11.7

The Causes of Death are shewn in Table V (p. 8), the most important being Heart Disease (809), Cancer, Malignant Disease (474), (see also Table IV below), Cerebral Haemorrhage (197), Acute and Chronic Nephritis (120), Pulmonary Tuberculosis (105), (see also Table XVII, p. 25), Congenital Debility and Malformation, Premature Birth (98), Pneumonia (90), Bronchitis (71).

CANCER.

The Mortality from this disease is referred to in the following Table:—

TABLE IV.—Showing Deaths and Death Rates from Cancer in the Urban and Rural Districts and the Administrative County for years 1921-1935, and corresponding Death Rate for England and Wales:

		1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935
Urban Districts—																
No. of Deaths ..	..	169	159	143	208	141	205	187	196	213	224	227	215	262	285	270
Death Rate ..	..	1.88	1.75	1.57	2.24	1.49	2.07	1.82	1.87	1.96	2.04	2.04	1.86	2.13	2.20	2.02
Rural Districts—																
No. of Deaths ..	..	150	131	152	123	158	146	145	160	167	160	175	187	170	199	204
Death Rate ..	..	1.58	1.37	1.57	1.26	1.59	1.41	1.39	1.50	1.60	1.52	1.65	1.70	1.56	1.82	1.83
Admin. County—																
No. of Deaths ..	..	319	290	295	331	299	351	332	356	380	384	402	402	432	484	474
Death Rate ..	..	1.72	1.56	1.57	1.73	1.55	1.74	1.12	1.69	1.78	1.79	1.86	1.78	1.86	2.03	1.93
England and Wales—																
Death Rate ..	..	1.21	1.22	1.26	1.29	1.33	1.36	1.37	1.42	1.43	1.45	1.48	1.51	1.52	1.56	1.58

CAUSES OF DEATH.

The following Table shows for each Sanitary District the causes of death during the year 1935:—

TABLE V.—Showing for each District the Causes of Death during the year 1935.

Causes of Death	Arundel M.B.	Bognor Regis U.D.	Chichester M.B.	Horsham U.D.	Littlehampton U.D.	Shoreham-by-Sea U.D.	Southwick U.D.	Worthing M.B.	Chancetonbury R.D.	Chichester R.D.	Horsham R.D.	Midhurst R.D.	Petworth R.D.	Worthing R.D.	Totals
Typhoid and paratyphoid Fevers ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	2
Measles	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	2	3
Scarlet Fever	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	1
Whooping Cough	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	1	3
Diphtheria	—	—	6	—	3	—	—	—	1	1	2	—	—	—	13
Influenza	3	1	—	1	3	—	—	8	3	4	6	3	1	10	43
Encephalitis Lethargica	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Cerebro-spinal Fever	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	2
Tuberculosis of Respiratory System ..	—	12	6	5	2	3	6	33	7	7	7	4	3	10	105
Other Tuberculous Diseases	—	1	—	1	2	—	1	3	1	4	1	—	1	1	16
Syphilis	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	1	—	1	4
General Paralysis of the Insane, Tabes Dorsalis	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	1	1	—	—	1	1	1	7
Cancer, Malignant Disease	3	37	32	32	18	15	8	125	37	70	33	23	8	33	474
Diabetes	1	7	1	5	2	1	1	7	3	2	4	4	2	2	42
Cerebral Haemorrhage, etc.	—	13	14	17	11	11	5	50	12	20	21	9	6	8	197
Heart Disease	2	66	34	59	32	24	22	214	60	90	80	37	32	57	809
Aneurysm	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	2	—	4	—	3	—	—	11
Other Circulatory Diseases	6	5	20	5	7	2	7	50	10	16	8	11	5	8	160
Bronchitis	—	2	4	5	4	6	4	11	5	12	5	9	—	4	71
Pneumonia (all forms)	—	6	4	7	3	4	2	24	9	10	7	5	6	3	90
Other Respiratory Diseases	1	2	—	8	—	1	1	5	1	8	2	3	1	2	35
Peptic Ulcer	—	5	3	—	—	—	—	6	2	4	3	2	2	2	29
Diarrhoea, etc. (under 2 years)	—	1	1	—	—	—	1	3	3	—	1	1	—	1	12
Appendicitis	—	1	1	2	1	1	2	5	3	1	2	2	2	1	24
Cirrhosis of Liver	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	2	1	1	1	1	—	2	9
Other Diseases of Liver, etc.	—	5	1	1	1	—	1	8	2	—	3	1	2	2	27
Other Digestive Diseases	1	6	6	4	4	—	4	26	4	9	9	5	1	7	86
Acute and Chronic Nephritis	—	11	11	9	6	4	3	24	6	18	6	5	4	13	120
Puerperal Sepsis	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	1	1	1	1	—	—	—	5
Other Puerperal Causes	—	—	3	—	—	—	2	—	1	2	—	—	—	—	8
Congenital Debility, Premature Birth, Malformations, etc.	1	7	7	3	7	2	3	15	7	12	14	8	2	10	98
Senility	—	4	12	16	5	1	5	30	6	10	13	21	7	3	133
Suicide	—	4	1	—	—	5	1	2	4	1	1	2	—	1	22
Other Violence	2	9	10	9	5	2	1	12	10	18	12	5	5	5	105
Other defined diseases	3	17	13	13	15	14	8	74	14	33	17	16	8	23	268
Causes ill-defined or unknown	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
Totals	23	224	193	204	131	98	88	744	215	360	261	183	99	213	3036

The following Table gives the Causes of Death at different periods of life in the Administrative County during the year 1935:—

TABLE VI.—CAUSES OF DEATH AT DIFFERENT PERIODS OF LIFE
IN THE ADMINISTRATIVE COUNTY—1935.

Causes of Death	All Ages	Un- der 1 year	1-2	2-5	5-15	15-25	25-35	35-45	45-55	55-65	65-75	75 and up
Typhoid and Paratyphoid Fevers	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—
Measles	3	—	1	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	—	—
Scarlet Fever	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
Whooping Cough	3	1	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Diphtheria	13	1	—	5	4	2	—	—	—	1	—	—
Influenza	43	1	—	—	—	1	1	5	5	6	13	11
Encephalitis lethargica	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—
Cerebro-spinal Fever	2	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Tuberculosis of Respiratory System	105	—	—	—	4	11	16	29	22	13	8	2
Other Tuberculous Diseases	16	—	2	2	2	2	3	2	—	1	1	1
Syphilis	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	2	—	—
General Paralysis of the Insane, Tabes Dorsalis	7	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	1	2	1	—
Cancer, Malignant Disease	474	1	—	—	1	—	4	19	51	120	164	114
Diabetes	42	—	—	—	—	1	—	3	1	6	20	11
Cerebral Haemorrhage, etc.	197	—	—	—	1	1	1	3	15	28	67	81
Heart Disease	809	—	—	—	2	4	3	7	45	108	259	381
Aneurysm	11	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	3	2	2	2
Other Circulatory Diseases	160	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	7	17	54	80
Bronchitis	71	3	1	—	—	1	1	3	3	4	13	42
Pneumonia (all forms)	90	15	1	1	2	1	6	6	7	12	14	25
Other Respiratory Diseases	35	1	—	1	1	1	2	2	7	5	6	9
Peptic Ulcer	29	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	7	9	6	3
Diarrhoea, etc.	22	10	2	—	1	1	1	1	2	—	2	2
Appendicitis	24	—	—	1	—	1	2	1	5	6	5	3
Cirrhosis of Liver	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	2	3	1
Other Diseases of Liver, etc.	27	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	5	9	7	5
Other Digestive Diseases	76	2	—	1	1	3	2	5	7	17	22	16
Acute & Chronic Nephritis	120	1	—	—	—	3	1	6	14	28	26	41
Puerperal Sepsis	5	—	—	—	—	—	4	1	—	—	—	—
Other Puerperal Causes	8	—	—	—	—	1	6	1	—	—	—	—
Congenital Debility, Prema- ture Birth, Malformations, etc.	98	95	—	1	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
Senility	133	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	15	117
Suicide	22	—	—	—	—	—	4	4	5	6	3	—
Other Violence	105	3	1	3	8	13	18	8	14	10	12	15
Other Defined Diseases	268	8	4	1	10	11	15	19	24	48	64	64
Causes Ill-defined or Un- known	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
Totals	3036	142	12	18	41	59	94	138	256	463	787	1026

INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

ZYMOTIC MORTALITY, 1935.

In Table VII below is given the number of deaths from Zymotic diseases in each Sanitary District. The aggregate number of deaths in the administrative county was 34, and the death rate 0.14 per thousand of the population. The aggregate number of deaths in the Urban Districts was 16, and in the Rural Districts 18, the respective rates being 0.12 and 0.16 per thousand of the population.

TABLE VII.—Number of Deaths from Zymotic Diseases in each Sanitary District.

	Typhoid and Paratyphoid Fevers	Measles	Scarlet Fever	Whooping Cough	Diphtheria and Croup	Diarrhoea	Small-Pox	Total	Death Rate
Urban Districts—									
Arundel (M.B.)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Bognor Regis	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	.05
Chichester (M.B.)	—	—	—	—	6	1	—	7	.44
Horsham	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Littlehampton	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	3	.28
Shoreham-by-Sea	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Southwick	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	1	.13
Worthing (M.B.)	—	—	—	1	—	3	—	4	.07
Rural Districts—									
Chanctonbury	—	1	—	1	1	3	—	6	.36
Chichester	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	.03
Horsham	1	—	1	—	2	1	—	5	.23
Midhurst	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	2	.14
Petworth	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worthing	—	2	—	1	—	1	—	4	.22
Total Urban Districts	—	—	—	1	9	6	—	16	.12
Total Rural Districts	2	3	1	2	4	6	—	18	.16
Administrative County	2	3	1	3	13	12	—	34	.14

The following Table VIII summarises the deaths from Zymotic Diseases during the past ten years:—

TABLE VIII.—Zymotic Diseases Mortality—1926-1935.

	Typhoid and Paratyphoid Fevers	Measles	Scarlet Fever	Whooping Cough	Diphtheria and Croup	Diarrhoea	Small-Pox	Total	Death Rate
1926	1	2	3	12	8	4	—	30	0.14
1927	—	4	1	11	9	5	—	30	0.14
1928	2	17	1	3	17	10	2	52	0.24
1929	4	1	—	8	7	8	—	28	0.13
1930	—	6	5	5	9	11	—	36	0.17
1931	—	1	1	8	6	11	—	27	0.12
1932	2	5	7	18	9	9	—	50	0.22
1933	—	5	6	9	6	11	—	37	0.16
1934	1	7	4	11	14	8	—	45	0.19
1935	2	3	11	3	13	12	—	34	0.14
Total	12	51	39	88	98	89	2	369	—
Average for ten years	1.2	5.1	3.9	8.8	9.8	8.9	0.2	36.9	0.16

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES.

Table IX below shows the distribution of notifiable diseases throughout the County:—

TABLE IX.—Cases of Infectious Diseases notified during the year 1935.

	Small-pox	Diphtheria	Erysipelas	Scarlet Fever	Enteric Fever	Puerperal Fever	Puerperal Pyrexia	Poliomylitis	Cerebro Spinal Fever	Encephalitis Lethargica	Ophthalmia Neonatorum	Pulmonary Tuberculosis	Other forms of Tuberculosis	Malaria	Dysentery	Pneumonia	TOTAL	Total cases removed to Hospital
Urban Districts:—																		
Arundel (M.B.) ..	—	1	1	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	1	8	2
Bognor Regis ..	—	36	4	118	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	17	3	—	—	4	184	111
Chichester (M.B.) ..	—	89	11	49	1	1	4	—	—	—	2	15	4	—	—	12	198	132
Horsham ..	—	19	1	11	1	2	2	—	—	—	2	6	3	—	—	—	47	24
Littlehampton ..	—	5	5	10	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	7	4	—	—	13	35	11
Shoreham-by-Sea ..	—	26	10	30	—	5	65	—	2	—	9	5	2	—	1	14	169	121
Southwick ..	—	1	7	7	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	3	2	—	—	9	30	3
Worthing (M.B.) ..	—	16	10	171	1	1	6	—	—	—	7	31	8	—	6	36	293	151
Rural Districts:—																		
Chancetonbury ..	—	8	6	45	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	7	1	—	—	3	72	34
Chichester ..	—	23	13	66	1	2	2	—	1	—	1	14	10	1	—	20	154	67
Horsham ..	—	28	2	34	1	1	—	1	—	—	—	11	6	—	—	5	89	48
Midhurst ..	—	1	—	14	1	—	1	—	—	—	1	7	—	—	—	—	25	9
Petworth ..	—	—	—	9	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	4	4	—	—	2	20	4
Worthing ..	—	27	11	50	1	1	1	—	—	—	1	8	4	—	—	10	114	27
Totals—																		
Urban Districts ..	—	193	49	400	4	9	80	—	2	—	20	84	27	—	7	89	964	555
Rural Districts ..	—	87	32	218	5	4	5	1	1	—	4	51	25	1	—	40	474	189
Admin. County ..	—	280	81	618	9	13	85	1	3	—	24	135	52	1	7	129	1438	744

In addition 3 cases of Chicken Pox were notified in Shoreham-by-Sea U.D.

During the previous five years an average of 1,294 Infectious Cases were notified in the County, of which an average of 525 cases were removed to Isolation Hospitals.

SMALLPOX.

No cases of Smallpox occurred in the County during the year.

ISOLATION HOSPITAL AND SMALLPOX HOSPITAL ACCOMMODATION.

The Isolation Hospital and Smallpox Hospital accommodation is as set out in detail in my Annual Report for 1930; no accommodation exists in any of the Sanitary Districts in the Northern Combined Sanitary District, arrangements being made with neighbouring authorities to admit cases into their Isolation Hospitals at agreed charges for maintenance.

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES IN THE AREA.

HOSPITALS PROVIDED OR SUBSIDISED BY THE COUNTY COUNCIL.

Tuberculosis—

Name of Institution	Address	Supported wholly by County Council	Number of Beds
Aldingbourne House	Near Chichester	Yes	69
*Swandean Hospital	Durrington, near Worthing	Yes	12

* Infectious Diseases Hospital provided by the Worthing Corporation, to which the County Council have been permitted to add and maintain a Tuberculosis Block for acute and advanced cases of both sexes.

Mental Hospital.

The West Sussex County Mental Hospital at Chichester provides accommodation for 1045 patients (379 males and 666 females.)

Reference is also made to Hospital Treatment provided in various Hospitals in the Sections of this Report dealing with Tuberculosis, Maternity and Child Welfare, Orthopaedic and Venereal Diseases.

VOLUNTARY HOSPITALS.

The General Hospital accommodation may be regarded as convenient and adequate for the needs of the County. In most districts there are Ambulance facilities, as shown on page 13.

The Public Assistance Committee has made arrangements for cases to be treated in the General and Cottage Hospitals at agreed rates of maintenance. The West Sussex Education Committee and the Midwives, Maternity and Child Welfare Committee have made arrangements with all the Hospitals in the County for the treatment of children suffering from enlarged tonsils and adenoids, at agreed rates. The Public Health and Housing Committee has an agreement with Worthing Hospital for the use of the Out-Patient Department as a Tuberculosis Dispensary and Venereal Diseases Clinic.

CLINICS AND TREATMENT CENTRES.

The following Statement shows the Clinics and Treatment Centres provided by the County Council:—

List of Clinics and Treatment Centres provided by the County Council.

Address	Nature of Accommodation			
	T.B. Dispensary	School Clinic	M. & C.W. Centre	V.D. Clinic
Arundel—				
Granville House, Maltravers Street	Yes	Yes	*Yes	—
Bognor Regis—				
Parochial Hall	—	—	Yes	—
Council Schools, Lyon Street	—	Yes	—	—
Chichester—				
Chapel Street	Yes	Yes	Yes	—
Horsham—				
Tan Cottage, Brighton Road	Yes	Yes	Yes	—
Littlehampton—				
20a, South Terrace	—	—	*Yes	—
East Street Girls' School	—	Yes	—	—
St. Catherine's R.C. School	—	Yes	—	—
Shoreham-by-Sea—				
Town Hall	—	—	Yes	—
Infants' Council School	—	Yes	—	—
Southwick—				
Town Hall	—	—	Yes	—
Worthing—				
Worthing Hospital, Lyndhurst Road	Yes	Eye Clinic	—	Yes

* The M. and C.W. Centre is provided by the Duchess of Norfolk.

In addition, Dental Treatment is carried out at a number of Schools and Temporary Centres and a number of M. & C.W. Centres are held in Village Halls, etc. For complete list of M. & C.W. Centres see page 16.

AMBULANCE FACILITIES.

The following Statement shows the Ambulance Facilities in the County:—

	(a) For Infectious Cases.	(b) For Non-Infectious Cases and Accidents.
Urban Districts—		
Arundel (M.B.)	Ambulance of Authority providing accommodation.	Littlehampton St. John Ambulance.
Bognor Regis	Motor Ambulance provided by Local Authority.	Motor Ambulance provided by Local Authority.
Chichester (M.B.)	Motor Ambulance provided by City Council.	Two St. John Ambulances.
Horsham	Motor Ambulance provided jointly with Horsham Rural District.	One Police Ambulance and one St. John Ambulance.
Littlehampton	Horse Ambulance provided by Local Authority.	Littlehampton St. John Ambulance.
Shoreham-by-Sea	Ambulance of Authority providing accommodation.	Police Ambulance.
Southwick	Ditto.	Ditto.
Worthing (M.B.)	Motor Ambulance provided by Local Authority.	One Police Ambulance and two St. John Ambulances.
Rural Districts—		
Chanctonbury	Ambulance of Authority providing accommodation.	Police Ambulance.
Chichester	Horse ambulance provided by Local Authority	Chichester St. John Ambulances.
Horsham	Motor Ambulance provided jointly with Horsham Urban District.	St. John Ambulance, Crawley.
Midhurst	Ambulance of Authority providing accommodation.	Chichester St. John Ambulances.
Petworth	Ditto.	Police Motor Ambulance.
Worthing	Ditto.	Littlehampton St. John Ambulance. Lancing St. John Ambulance (serving the parishes of Lancing, Somington and Coombes).

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1929.

No formal declaration has been made under the Local Government Act, 1929, but the closest co-operation exists between the Public Assistance Committee and the other Committees of the County Council discharging functions under some of the special Acts set out in Section 5 (1). The Midwives' Maternity and Child Welfare Committee is responsible for the majority of the maternity cases requiring hospital treatment; the Committee for the Care of the Mentally Defective deals with a very large proportion of the mental defectives; the Public Health and Housing Committee deals with practically all cases of tuberculosis requiring institutional treatment; whilst, with rare exceptions, assistance to the blind is given through the West Sussex Association for the Blind.

Poor Law Institutions.—The alterations and improvements at Midhurst Institution have been completed and the following statement shows the Institutional accommodation as at present utilised:

(Abbreviations: M.—Men. W.—Women. C.—Children. T.—Total.)

Institution.	NUMBER OF BEDS.															
	Sick.				Infirm.			Other.				Grand Total.				
	M.	W.	C.	T.	M.	W.	T.	M.	W.	C.	T.	M.	W.	C.	T.	
East Preston	52	95	2	149	71	47	118	41	34	8	83	164	176	10	350	
Horsham	65	45	—	110	—	38	38	17	58	9	84	82	141	9	232	
Midhurst	26	32	—	58	—	—	—	57	—	—	57	83	32	—	115	
Total	143	172	2	317	71	85	156	115	92	17	224	329	349	19	697	
*Chichester	9	23	—	32	—	—	—	6	27	8	41	15	50	8	73	

* This Institution is to be closed on 30/9/36.

Southlands Hospital (East Sussex County Council): About 125 beds are retained at this Institution. In addition, the following special and emergency accommodation is available:

	East Preston Institution			Horsham Institution			Midhurst Institution			Total			
	No. of Beds												
	M.	W.	T.	M.	W.	T.	M.	W.	T.	M.	W.	T.	
Special Accommodation:													
Maternity Wards	—	2	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	2	
Verandah Wards	—	4	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4	4	
Isolation Wards	5	5	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	5	10	
Receiving Wards	3	3	6	—	—	—	4	4	8	7	7	14	
Emergency Accommodation:													
Sick	—	—	—	—	3	3	—	—	—	—	3	3	
Infirm	—	—	—	—	9	9	—	—	—	—	9	9	
Other	—	—	—	—	12	12	—	—	—	—	12	12	
	8	14	22	—	24	24	4	4	8	12	42	54	

CHICHESTER CHILDREN'S HOMES

The Chichester Children's Homes were opened on 1st July, 1935, and provide the following accommodation:

	No. of Beds		
	Sick Children	Other Children	Total
Eight Cottage Homes ..	8	94	102
Nursery Block (children under 5 years of age)	2	20	22
Total	10	114	124
Isolation Block	—	—	4
Grand Total	—	—	128

In addition, 40 beds are retained at the Shoreham Children's Homes (East Sussex County Council).

Boarded-out Children.—Arrangements have been made for children boarded-out by the Public Assistance Committee to be visited by the Health Visitors once every six weeks, or more frequently, if necessary. At each routine visit the Health Visitor inspects the sleeping accommodation of the child and also reports on the condition of the child, home conditions, home training, etc. No adverse reports were received; in several instances physical defects detected in children were appropriately dealt with.

The number of children under supervision on the 31st December, 1935, was 65.

MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE.

INFANT MORTALITY.

There were 142 deaths of infants under one year, which is equivalent to an Infant Mortality Rate of 42 per 1,000 births, as compared with the rate of 39 for the previous year.

TABLE X.—Showing Infant Mortality Rates for Urban Districts, Rural Districts, Administrative County and England and Wales, for the years 1921-1935.

	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935
Urban Districts ..	62	49	48	46	46	42	43	44	46	43	42	51	51	37	39
Rural Districts ..	38	50	41	41	51	48	58	39	51	34	46	56	46	42	46
Administrative County ..	49	49	43	43	49	45	51	41	49	38	44	54	48	39	43
England and Wales ..	83	77	69	75	75	70	69	65	74	60	66	65	64	59	57

ILLEGITIMATE BIRTHS.

There were 159 illegitimate births (4.8 per cent. of the total births), and the infant mortality rate among illegitimate children was 69 per thousand births, as compared with a rate of 42 for legitimate children.

NOTIFICATION OF BIRTHS (EXTENSION) ACT, 1915.

The following figures do not include the Borough of Worthing, which is a separate Maternity and Child Welfare Authority:—

BIRTHS NOTIFIED: (1) Live Births, 2,601; (2) Still Births, 95; Total, 2,696.

BIRTHS NOTIFIED BY: (1) Midwives, 1,905; (2) By Doctors and Parents, 790.

In the Borough of Worthing 520 births were notified by Midwives and 41 by Doctors and Parents.

ANTE-NATAL WORK AND HEALTH VISITING.

Ante-Natal Work.—As is shewn in Table XI the Ante-Natal work is extensively carried out by the Nurses. The attendance at the Ante-Natal Clinics, given in Table XII, is satisfactory at Chichester, Horsham and Shoreham, and in a few of the smaller Centres.

TABLE XI.—Showing Number of Visits to Expectant Mothers, 1931-1935

				No. of Ante-Natal Visits by Nurse.		No. of Cases attended.		Total Births (County).
				1st Visits.	Total Visits.	As Midwife.	As Maternity Nurse (Doctors' Cases).	
1931	..	..	..	1859	8715	1586	675	3134
1932	..	..	..	1834	9270	1851	779	3025
1933	..	..	..	1753	9418	1701	689	2935
1934	..	..	..	1868	10567	1830	850	3194
1935	..	..	..	1903	10510	1866	938	3312
Total	..	..	..	9217	48480	8834	3931	15600

Health Visiting.—It is the routine practice of the Health Visitor to visit children four times during the first year of life, twice a year during the second and third years of life, and once a year during the fourth and fifth years of life, but actually many more visits are paid, especially to children showing any departure from normal health or progress. A large proportion of the children are attended at birth by the Health Visitor in her capacity as Midwife or Maternity Nurse, but for the purpose of Health Visiting her first visit is recorded on the 14th day or thereabouts. During the year 1935, 34,429 health visits were recorded as follows:

Number of Visits to Infants under one year—(1) First visits, 2,477 (2) Total visits, 17,912.

Total Number of Visits to Children aged 1 to 5 years—16,517.

The following table gives the number of Centres working in the County at the end of the year, the days and hours of attendance, the numbers who attended for the first time, and the average attendance per session:—

TABLE XII.—Maternity and Child Welfare Centres in the County (1935).

Address	Weekly or fortnightly Sessions	Day and time of Meeting	Average Attendance per Session		Number who attended for the first time		Present Arrangements for Medical Supervision
			Expectant Mothers	Children	Expectant Mothers	Children	
*Aldwick & Pagham: Welfare House, The Parish Hall, Aldwick	Weekly ..	Tuesday, 2.30	0.7	21	10	36	<i>Doctor Attends—</i> Weekly
*Arundel: Granville House, Maltravers Street	Weekly ..	Tuesday, 2 ..	1.1	31	8	42	First Tuesday in every month Weekly
Bognor Regis: Parochial Hall ..	Ditto ..	Thursday, 2.30	3	64	50	144	Weekly
Camelsdale: Village Hall ..	Ditto ..	Ditto ..	—	22	—	33	First Thursday in every month Weekly
Chichester: Chapel Street ..	Ditto ..	Friday, 2.30 ..	—	81	—	215	Weekly
(a) Ditto ..	Special ..	Wednesday, 2.30	8	—	62	—	First Wednesday in every month
Crawley: Congregational Church Rooms ..	Fortnightly	Tuesday, 2.30	0.7	47	9	43	Fortnightly
°Henfield: Parish Hall ..	Fortnightly	Tuesday, 2.30	0.7	19	6	47	Monthly
Horsham: Tan Cottage, Brighton Road ..	Weekly ..	Friday, 2.30 ..	—	55	—	124	Weekly
(b) Ditto ..	Fortnightly	Tuesday, 2.30	8.5	—	59	—	Fortnightly
Lancing: Girl Guides' Hall, Penhill Road ..	Fortnightly	Friday, 2.30 ..	—	33	1	75	Fortnightly
*Littlehampton: 20a South Terrace ..	Weekly ..	Thursday and Friday, 2.30 ..	1.7	46	46	184	First Thursday every month and alternate Fridays
Midhurst: Petersfield Road ..	Weekly ..	Tuesday, 2.30	—	32	—	23	Fortnightly
Milland and Rake Women's Institute, Rake ..	Monthly	Second Wednesday in month, 2.30	—	20	—	16	Monthly
Northchapel: Old School ..	Monthly	First Thursday in month, 2.30	—	11	—	14	Monthly
Petworth: High Street ..	Fortnightly	Friday, 2.30 ..	—	28	1	53	Fortnightly
Pulborough: Church Room ..	Monthly	First Tuesday in month, 2.30	4	15	23	28	Monthly
†Roffey: Leach Pool Lane ..	Fortnightly	Wednesday, 2.30	1.3	22	14	107	Fortnightly
Shoreham: Town Hall ..	Weekly ..	Thursday, 2.30	—	43	—	98	Fortnightly
(c) 52, Rosslyn Road	Fortnightly	Wednesday, 2.30	6.4	—	89	—	Fortnightly
Southwick: Town Hall ..	Weekly ..	Tuesday, 2.30	—	28	—	63	Fortnightly
Storrington: Girl Guides' Hall, Brown's Lane ..	Fortnightly	Thursday, 2.30	2.1	40	26	67	Fortnightly
Yapton: Village Hall ..	Fortnightly	Tuesday, 2 ..	—	41	—	38	Monthly

*Voluntary Centres.

(a) Twelve Special Sessions for Ante-Natal Work were held during the year.

(b) Twenty-seven Special Sessions for Ante-Natal Work were held during the year.

(c) Twenty-four Special Sessions for Ante-Natal Work were held during the year.

° Opened 25th July, 1935.

† Opened 2nd April, 1935.

SUPPLY OF MILK FOR EXPECTANT AND NURSING MOTHERS AND FOR INFANTS.

During the financial year, 133 families were supplied with 466 orders for 17,414 pints of fresh milk, and, in addition, 4,942 lbs. of dried milk were distributed free, whilst 10,466 lbs. were sold, the approximate receipts being £857. The cost of the free milk, fresh and dried, was approximately £498.

HOSPITAL TREATMENT.

The following statement summarises treatment provided during the year:—

Name of Institution	Receiving Treatment at beginning of Year	Number of			Still in at end of Year	Average number of days treatment. Completed Cases
		Admissions	Discharges	Deaths		
(a) Sussex Maternity and Women's Hospital, Brighton	1	29	28	1	1	18
(b) Southlands Hospital, Shoreham-by-Sea	16	185	186	2	13	25
(c) Royal Alexandra Hospital for Sick Children, Brighton ..	—	3	1	2	—	14
(d) General Hospitals (Nose and Throat cases)	—	10	10	—	—	4

During the past 5 years an average of 37 cases received treatment at the Sussex Maternity and Women's Hospital, Brighton, and during the past 5 years an average of 121 cases received treatment at Southlands Hospital.

In the City of Chichester and neighbourhood, emergency cases are generally referred by Medical Practitioners to the Royal West Sussex Hospital.

MIDWIVES ACTS, 1902, 1918 and 1926.

Midwives Practising in the County.—During the year, 212 Certified Midwives notified their intention to practise. Thirty-two of these Midwives left the County during the year, nineteen notified for temporary duty, five ceased to practise, nine acted as Maternity Nurse only, four acted once only, three were off duty ill, one was on Post-Graduate course, and one died. Excluding twelve Midwives who resided without the County and were inspected by other Authorities, there remained at the end of the year 126 Midwives requiring inspection, all of whom are trained.

Inspections.—Quarterly visits were paid by the County Inspector of Midwives, and 173 routine visits of inspection and 11 special visits were made during the year. In addition, one visit was made in connection with the practice of a midwife, and one visit in a case of alleged unqualified practice.

Notifications by Midwives.—During the year 942 notifications were received as follows:—

Medical help for Mother	641
Medical help for the Child	100
Notifications of death of Mother	1
Notifications of death of Child	19
Notifications of still-birth	35
Notifications of having laid out a dead body	47
Notifications of liability to be a source of infection	62
Notifications of artificial feeding	37
	<u>942</u>

The 641 notifications of sending for medical help for mother received during the year included a number of cases where ante-natal treatment was required, and were as follows:—

Injury to perineum	239	Excessive Vomiting	8
Prolonged labour	117	Phlebitis	5
Rise of Temperature	33	Prolapse of cord	4
Albuminuria	26	Contracted pelvis	4
Post-partum haemorrhage	21	Inflamed breast	3
Miscarriage and threatened miscarriage	21	Post maturity	3
Malpresentation	17	Placenta praevia	3
Retained placenta or membranes	17	Precipitate labour	3
Ante-partum haemorrhage	15	Eclampsia	3
Dangerous varicose veins	13	Vaginal discharge	1
Presentation undiagnosed	13	Rapid pulse	1
Breech and complicated breech	13	Placenta succenturiate	1
Illness of Mother	13	Epilepsy	1
Persistent occipito posterior	11	Other causes	24
Oedema	8		
			<u>641</u>

The 100 notifications of sending for medical help for child received during the year were as follows:—

Discharging eyes	33	Skin eruption	2
Dangerous feebleness	23	Convulsions	1
Malformation	13	Haematuria	1
Cyagnosis	10	Jaundice	1
Phimosis	7	Cephahaematoma	1
Illness of baby	3	Other causes	3
Stillbirth	2		
			<u>100</u>

FEES TO DOCTORS CALLED IN BY MIDWIVES.

During the financial year ended 31st March, 1936, fees amounting to approximately £1153 were paid to Medical Practitioners in 768 instances. Contributions amounting to approximately £508 were received in respect of 521 cases. In 57 instances, fees amounting to approximately £64 were paid direct by patients to Doctors.

OPHTHALMIA NEONATORUM REGULATIONS, 1926.

Early information is received on cases where a midwife is in attendance and information on other cases is received by telephone from the District Medical Officer of Health by whom the notification is received. In all cases, the Doctor in attendance is consulted and, when required, a Special Nurse is provided, otherwise the local Nurse deals with the case. During the year 1935, 24 notifications of Ophthalmia Neonatorum were received, and the following Statement summarises the cases which have occurred during the past five years:—

STATEMENT SHOWING NUMBER OF CASES OF OPTHALMIA NEONATORUM, 1931-35.

Year	Cases			Vision Unimpaired	Vision Impaired	Total Blindness	Deaths
	Notified	Treated					
		At Home	In Hospital				
1931	12	9	3	11	1	—	—
1932	21	13	8	21	—	—	—
1933	16	8	8	16	—	—	—
1934	16	9	7	16	—	—	—
1935	24	14	10	24	—	—	—

BIRTH CONTROL.

Arrangements have been made with the Brighton Corporation for the attendance of suitable cases at the Brighton Contraceptive Clinic, held on the second and fourth Tuesdays in the month at Royal York Buildings, Old Steine, Brighton.

In accordance with Circular 1408, issued by the Ministry of Health on 31st May, 1934, advice and treatment are available for married women in whose cases pregnancy would be detrimental to health when there is organic disease such as tuberculosis, heart disease, diabetes, chronic nephritis, etc., in which childbearing is likely seriously to endanger life.

MATERNAL MORTALITY.

During the year 1935, 13 deaths of mothers occurred as follows:—

Puerperal Sepsis, 5; Other Accidents and Diseases of Pregnancy, 8.

The mortality rate was equal to 3.9 per thousand births as compared with rates of 4.1 in 1934 and 4.4 in 1933. The rates in the Urban and Rural Districts were 4.2 and 3.7 respectively, as compared with rates of 2.4 and 5.8 the previous year.

The following table summarises the maternal deaths and rates during the past ten years:—

TABLE XIII.—MATERNAL MORTALITY AND RATES PER 1,000 BIRTHS—1926-1935.

YEAR	URBAN		RURAL		ADMINISTRATIVE COUNTY		TOTAL
	Puerperal Sepsis	Other Accidents	Puerperal Sepsis	Other Accidents	Puerperal Sepsis	Other Accidents	
	Rate per No. 1000 Births	Rate per No. 1000 Births	Rate per No. 1000 Births	Rate per No. 1000 Births	Rate per No. 1000 Births	Rate per No. 1000 Births	Rate per No. 1000 Births
1926	1 (0.7)	1 (0.8)	1 (0.6)	4 (2.4)	2 (0.7)	5 (1.7)	7 (2.4)
1927	1 (0.7)	5 (3.7)	5 (3.2)	3 (1.9)	6 (2.1)	8 (2.7)	14 (4.8)
1928	2 (1.4)	2 (1.4)	1 (0.6)	6 (3.9)	3 (1.0)	8 (2.7)	11 (3.7)
1929	2 (1.4)	2 (1.4)	2 (1.3)	4 (2.6)	4 (1.4)	6 (2.0)	10 (3.4)
1930	1 (0.7)	6 (4.0)	3 (2.0)	1 (0.6)	4 (1.3)	7 (2.4)	11 (3.7)
1931	2 (1.3)	6 (3.9)	3 (1.8)	2 (1.2)	5 (1.5)	8 (2.5)	13 (4.1)
1932	5 (3.4)	6 (4.1)	4 (2.6)	4 (2.6)	9 (3.0)	10 (3.4)	19 (6.3)
1933	5 (3.4)	3 (2.0)	2 (1.4)	3 (2.0)	7 (2.4)	6 (2.0)	13 (4.4)
1934	2 (1.2)	2 (1.2)	3 (1.9)	6 (3.9)	5 (1.6)	8 (2.5)	13 (4.1)
1935	2 (1.2)	5 (2.9)	3 (1.8)	3 (1.8)	5 (1.5)	8 (2.4)	13 (3.9)
Totals	23 (1.6)	38 (2.6)	27 (1.7)	36 (2.3)	50 (1.7)	74 (2.4)	124 (4.1)

The Maternity and Child Welfare Committee has still under consideration measures to be adopted with the object of securing a reduction in the maternal mortality.

PUERPERAL FEVER AND PUERPERAL PYREXIA REGULATIONS, 1926.

These Regulations came into force on 1st October, 1926, and made notifiable any febrile condition occurring in a woman within 21 days after childbirth or miscarriage.

Any febrile disturbance causing a temperature of 100.4 F. or more, sustained during a period of 24 hours or recurring during that period, must be notified forthwith, although the Doctor may be uncertain as to the cause of the febrile symptoms. By notifying the case as suffering from "Puerperal Pyrexia"—the form used in the regulations for the notifiable febrile disturbance (see above)—the Medical Practitioner at once introduces certain safeguards against the spread of infection and he makes available to his patient any special services that may be provided by the Maternity and Child Welfare Authority of the area in which the patient is residing.

With the approval of the Ministry of Health, the following special arrangements have been made by the County Council:—

1. **Consultations.**—Any Medical Practitioner may obtain a second opinion on his case. The County Council, after consultation with the British Medical Association (Sussex Branch), have appointed the following Consultants:

DR. A. H. BOSTOCK, Southfields, Chichester. Tel. No. Chichester 340.
 MR. W. A. BOWRING, Furze Hill, Hove. Tel. No. Hove 4202.
 DR. E. C. BRADFORD, Laneside, Horsham. Tel. No. Horsham 196.
 DR. P. C. COLE, Broadwater Lodge, Broadwater Street East, Worthing. Tel. No. Worthing 309.
 DR. LILIAN JEFFRIES, 10 Adelaide Crescent, Hove, Tel. No. Hove 3414.
 MR. H. J. MCCURRICH, 19 Palmeira Avenue, Hove. Tel. No. Hove 1688.
 MR. H. SEYMOUR, 17 First Avenue, Hove. Tel. No. Hove 4867.
 DR. K. F. F. MACKENZIE { Lincoln Lodge, Manor Rd., Worthing, Tel. No. Worthing 2486.
 18 The Drive, Hove, Tel. No. Hove 3367.

2. **Bacteriological Examinations.**—DR. L. R. JANES, Pathologist, Stephen Ralli Memorial, Royal Sussex County Hospital, Brighton, has been appointed to undertake this work.

3. **Hospital Treatment.**—An agreement has been entered into with the Brighton Corporation for the treatment of cases at the Brighton Sanatorium.

4. **Special Nurses.**—Arrangements are made with the County Nursing Association for the supply of Special Nurses as in former years.

5. **Other Investigations.**—The County Inspector of Midwives makes special inquiries into cases of Pyrexia. Special inquiries are also made into all maternal deaths, the Inquiry Form issued by the Ministry of Health being used by the County Medical Officer for this purpose.

PUERPERAL FEVER.

In Circular 722 issued by the Ministry of Health, dated 9th August, 1926, the opinion is expressed that it will ultimately be desirable to replace the term "Puerperal Fever" by the term "Puerperal Pyrexia." Puerperal Fever is not a definite disease such as Scarlet Fever, and often the condition cannot be accurately diagnosed in the early stages when a slight rise of temperature may be the chief symptom.

Under the Infectious Diseases (Notification) Act, 1889, Puerperal Fever has been for a number of years a notifiable disease, but in practice only the severe, generally fatal, cases have been notified owing to difficulties arising in the diagnosis of this condition.

The following statement gives the number of cases of Puerperal Fever and Puerperal Pyrexia notified during the year. The figures for the Borough of Worthing, which is an independent Authority for Maternity and Child Welfare, are shown separately:—

Statement showing number of cases of Puerperal Fever and Puerperal Pyrexia notified during the year.

	Number of cases notified		
	Puerperal Fever	Puerperal Pyrexia	Total
Administrative County (Less Worthing M.B.)	8 (1)	51 (3)	59 (4)
Worthing M.B.	1	6	7
Total Administrative County	9	57 (3)	66 (4)

The figures in brackets record Fatal Cases dying on or before 31st December, 1935.

The above figures do not include notifications received from Southlands Hospital relating to East Sussex and Hove.

The following statement indicates the distribution of the notified cases of Puerperal Fever and Puerperal Pyrexia, distinguishing between cases treated at home and those treated at Hospitals, Maternity Homes, etc.

	Number of Cases				
	Patients confined at their own Homes and			Patients confined at Maternity Homes	Patients confined at Hospital
	Nursed at Home	Removed to Hospital before notification	Removed to Hospital after notification		
Administrative County (less Worthing M.B.) ..	8	4	17 (2)	2	28 (2)
Worthing M.B. ..	2	1	2	2	—
Total Administrative County	10	5	19 (2)	4	28 (2)

The figures in brackets record fatal cases dying on or before 31st December, 1935.

NURSING HOMES REGISTRATION ACT, 1927.

This Act came into force on the 1st July, 1928, when Part II of the Midwives and Maternity Homes, Act, 1926, was repealed.

During the year, eleven applications for registration, including three for re-registration on change of proprietor or address, were received, and in every instance registration was granted.

At the end of the year, there were 58 Nursing Homes, containing accommodation of 402 beds, as follows:

For Maternity cases only	11
„ Maternity, Medical and Surgical Cases	14
„ Maternity, Medical and Convalescent Cases	2
„ Maternity and Medical Cases	8
„ Medical and Convalescent Cases	19
„ Mental Cases	3
Rest Homes and Nursery Homes	1
	58

These Nursing Homes are situated at: Apuldrum (1), Arundel (2), Barnham (1), Beeding (1), Bognor Regis (10), Crawley (2), Brooks Green (1), Easebourne (1), Ferring (1), Horsham (2), Lancing (1), Littlehampton (6), Midhurst (1), Middleton (1), Petworth (1), Shoreham-by-Sea (2), Southwater (1), Southwick (1), Steyning (1), and Worthing (25).

No Orders have been made refusing or cancelling Registration, and no Applications for Exemption have been received.

INFANT LIFE PROTECTION.

The functions under Part I of the Children Act, 1908, were transferred to Maternity and Child Welfare Authorities on the 1st April, 1930, in accordance with Section 2 of the Local Government Act, 1929.

Important amendments to Part I of this Act have been made in Part V and the Second and Fourth Schedules of the Children and Young Persons Act, 1932, which came into force on the 1st January, 1933. The age of nurse children is raised from seven to nine years and notification has to be given before the children are received, that is to say, in the case of the first child not less than seven days before reception and in the case of any other child not less than 48 hours before reception. There are also important time limits in regard to the notification of:

- Change of residence (at least seven days before removal).
- Transference of child (within 24 hours).
- Death of child (within 24 hours).

The Health Visitors are authorised to exercise as Infant Protection Visitors, the powers of visiting and inspecting the children and the premises in which they are kept. Cases are visited once a Quarter, or more frequently, if necessary, and reports submitted to the County Medical Officer.

The following statement shews the number of children registered and the number of children removed from the register for various reasons during the year 1935:—

Number of cases on Register on 31/12/34	211
Number of new cases	281
	492
Removed from Register:	
Returned to Parents or Guardians	234
Attained nine years of age	20
Transferred to care of Public Assistance Committee	4
Legally Adopted	9
Died	2
Placed with Foster-mothers in other areas	17
Left County with Foster-mothers	12
	298
Number of Cases on Register on 31/12/35	194
Number of Foster-mothers on Register on 31/12/35	112

ORTHOPAEDIC SCHEME.

The following statements summarise the Orthopaedic work during 1935:—

CLINICS ATTENDED BY ORTHOPAEDIC SURGEON.

Clinic	Number of Sessions	Number of Cases seen			Total Attendances
		New	Old	Total	
Arundel	6	47 (11)	62 (19)	109 (30)	189 (49)
Chichester	8	124 (24)	103 (16)	227 (40)	395 (65)
Horsham	4	42 (8)	68 (10)	110 (18)	174 (27)
Shoreham-by-Sea	3	46 (13)	44 (10)	90 (23)	121 (30)
*Worthing	5	71 (27)	59 (21)	130 (48)	221 (82)
	26	330 (83)	336 (76)	666 (159)	1100 (253)

Figures in brackets refer to children under school age and are included in totals.

*With the approval of the Worthing Education Committee four special Clinics were held at the Worthing School Clinic, for children living near Worthing.

INSTITUTIONAL TREATMENT.

	Name of Institution	Receiving treatment at beginning of year	Number of			Still under treatment at end of year
			Admissions	Discharges	Deaths	
Tuberculous Cases	Lord Mayor Treloar Cripples' Hospital, Alton	12 (3)*	7 (2)	8 (1)	—	11 (3)
	Royal National Orthopaedic Hosp., Stanmore	—	2	1	—	1
Non-Tuberculous Cases	Lord Mayor Treloar Cripples' Hospital, Alton	12 (3)	9 (2)	9 (1)	—	12 (3)
	Royal National Orthopaedic Hosp., Stanmore	1	—	1	—	—
		7 (2)	14 (7)*	14 (4)	—	7 (4)
	Grand Totals	20 (5)	23 (9)	24 (5)	—	19 (7)

Figures in brackets refer to children under school age and are included in totals.

* One child became of school age during 1935.

CASES TREATED BY ORTHOPAEDIC NURSE.

Total No. of Cases	No. of New Cases	No. of Attendances	No. of Different Places Visited
244 (27)	163 (18)	3171 (537)	55 (33)

Figures in brackets refer to children under school age and are included in totals.
Twenty-five children under school age were supplied with splints.

DISEASES OF THE EAR.

Reference was made in my Annual Report for 1930 to the arrangements which had been completed for the treatment of children suffering from diseases of the ear, and the following Table summarises the work done and treatment carried out during the year 1935:—

Clinic	No. of Clinics held	No. of Cases	No. of Attendances	Operative Treatment		Tonsils and Adenoids removed	Total Discharged
				Mastoid Operation	Para-centesis		
Chichester ..	11	76 (9)	116 (10)	1	—	18 (1)	37 (6)
Sussex Throat and Ear Hospital, Brighton ..	5	36	41	1	2	16	7
	16	112 (9)	157 (10)	2	2	34 (1)	44 (6)

Figures in brackets refer to children under school age and are included in totals.

COUNTY NURSING SERVICE.

At the end of the year, the West Sussex County Nursing Association employed a staff consisting of County Superintendent, Deputy County Superintendent, Assistant County Superintendent and three whole-time Health Visitors engaged partly for Public Health Work and partly for emergency work, which includes the nursing of cases of Ophthalmia Neonatorum, Septic Lying-in Cases and the relief of Nurse Midwives in illness or exceptional stress of work. There were also 73 affiliated District Nursing Associations employing 106 Nurses (including the Worthing District Nursing Association, employing four Queen's Nurses). Grant was paid by the County Council in respect of the whole-time staff and 96 Nurses employed by the District Nursing Associations.

In addition, grants of approximately £550 per annum are made to the County Nursing Association towards the cost of training the Midwives and towards the cost of Post-Graduate Courses for Midwives. During the past eight years an average of six nurses have attended Post-Graduate Courses.

TUBERCULOSIS.

TABLE XIV.—PUBLIC HEALTH (TUBERCULOSIS) REGULATIONS, 1912 and 1924.

SUMMARY of Primary Notifications during the period from the 1st January, 1935, to the 31st December, 1935.

Notifications on:				Form "A"													
				0	1	5	10	15	20	25	35	45	55	65	Total		
				1	5	10	15	20	25	35	45	55	65	Up	(Primary)		
Pulmonary Tuberculosis:																	
Males	—	1	—	—	5	10	19	20	8	11	2	76		
Females		—	—	—	3	6	10	16	12	6	2	4	59		
				—	1	—	3	11	20	35	32	14	13	6	135		
Other Forms of Tuberculosis:																	
(Non-Pulmonary)																	
Males	1	2	11	4	1	—	—	2	—	2	1	24		
Females		—	3	9	7	—	1	3	2	2	—	1	28		
				1	5	20	11	1	1	3	4	2	2	2	52		

The following NEW cases of Tuberculosis came to the knowledge of the Medical Officer of Health, otherwise than by Notification on Form "A," in addition to the primary cases shown in the above Table:

Age Periods														
		0	1	5	10	15	20	25	35	45	55	65	Total	
		1	5	10	15	20	25	35	45	55	65	Up		
Pulmonary Males	..	..	..	..	..	1	3	4	4	2	—	1	15	
Pulmonary Females	..	..	..	..	..	2	6	4	2	1	—	—	15	
Non-Pulmonary Males	..	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	
Non-Pulmonary Females	..	—	1	1	—	—	2	1	—	—	—	—	5	

The following Statement shows the number of cases of Tuberculosis remaining on the Registers of Notification, kept by the District Medical Officers in the County, on the 31st December, 1935:

Total Cases	Pulmonary			Non-Pulmonary		
	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total
1485	505	539	1044	219	222	441

The following Statement shows the number of primary Notifications of Tuberculosis during the past five years:—

	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935
Pulmonary Tuberculosis	..	190	172	151	136
Other Forms of Tuberculosis	..	62	42	55	38
Total, all Forms	..	252	214	206	174

AVERAGE ANNUAL NOTIFICATIONS (FIVE YEARS—1931-1935).

Pulmonary	157	Other	50	All Forms	..	211
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TUBERCULOSIS.

The following Statement shows the number of new cases of Tuberculosis notified in the County and the number of deaths which have occurred in the area during 1935:—

Age Periods				New Cases *				Deaths			
				Pulmonary M.	F.	Non-Pulmonary M.	F.	Pulmonary M.	F.	Non-Pulmonary M.	F.
0	..	..	..	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—
1	..	..	..	1	—	2	4	—	—	2	2
5	..	..	..	—	—	12	10	2	2	—	2
10	..	..	..	—	3	4	7	1	1	—	1
15	..	..	..	6	8	1	—	2	1	1	1
20	..	..	..	13	16	—	3	6	3	—	1
25	..	..	..	23	20	—	4	8	6	1	1
35	..	..	..	24	14	2	2	18	7	1	—
45	..	..	..	10	7	—	2	15	9	—	—
55	..	..	..	11	2	2	—	9	3	1	—
65 and upwards	..	..	..	3	4	1	1	5	7	1	1
Totals	..	..	..	91	74	26	33	66	39	7	9

* Includes all primary notifications and NEW cases coming to the knowledge of the Medical Officer of Health during the year.

Of the 121 deaths which occurred during the year, 6 occurred in non-notified cases.

TUBERCULOSIS MORTALITY.

Tuberculosis in its various forms accounted for 121 deaths, the death-rate being 0.49 per 1,000 population, as compared with 0.57 per 1,000 population in 1934. 3.9 per cent. of the total mortality from all causes was due to tuberculosis, as compared with 4.6 per cent. last year.

TABLE XV.—Showing number of deaths at different periods of life in the Administrative County, Urban Districts and Rural Districts:—

A.—Tuberculosis of respiratory system.

				0	1	2	5	15	25	45	65	75 & up
All ages				—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
				1	2	5	15	25	45	65	75	up
Urban Districts	..	..	67	—	—	—	4	10	28	20	5	—
Rural Districts	..	..	38	—	—	—	—	1	17	15	3	2
Administrative County	..	..	105	—	—	—	4	11	45	35	8	2

B.—Other Tuberculous Diseases.

				0	1	2	5	15	25	45	65	75 & up
All ages				—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
				1	2	5	15	25	45	65	75	up
Urban Districts	..	..	8	—	—	1	1	1	4	—	1	—
Rural Districts	..	..	8	—	2	1	1	1	1	1	—	1
Administrative County	..	..	16	—	2	2	2	2	5	1	1	1

From Table XVI p. 27 it will be noted that 96 per cent. of the deaths from Pulmonary Tuberculosis occurred after the age of 15 years—the most fatal period being between the ages of 25 and 45 years.

TABLE XVI.—Showing the number and percentage of deaths at various ages from Pulmonary and Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis during the year 1935:—

	Total all ages	Number and Percentage		
		0-5 years	5-15 years	15 years and over
Pulmonary Tuberculosis:				
Urban Districts	67	—	4 (6%)	63 (94%)
Rural Districts	38	—	—	38 (100%)
Administrative County	105	—	4 (4%)	101 (96%)
Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis:				
Urban Districts	8	1 (12.5%)	1 (12.5%)	6 (75%)
Rural Districts	8	3 (37.5%)	1 (12.5%)	4 (50%)
Administrative County	16	4 (25%)	2 (12.5%)	10 (62.5%)
All Forms of Tuberculosis:				
Urban Districts	75	1 (1%)	5 (7%)	69 (92%)
Rural Districts	46	3 (7%)	1 (2%)	42 (91%)
Administrative County	121	4 (3%)	6 (5%)	111 (92%)

Pulmonary Tuberculosis—From Table XVII it will be noted that this disease was the cause of 105 deaths (as compared with an average of 114 deaths during the past ten years), i.e. 86.8% of all deaths from all forms of Tuberculosis, giving a death rate for the County of 0.42 per 1,000 population, as compared with 0.47 per 1,000 in the preceding year.

TABLE XVII.—The following Table shows the number of deaths from Pulmonary Tuberculosis from 1926 to 1935:

	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935
Urban Districts ..	58	53	63	61	68	72	63	74	62	67
Rural Districts ..	52	53	57	53	54	39	51	46	51	38
Admin. County ..	110	106	120	114	122	111	114	120	113	105
Death-rate per 1,000 living	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.52	0.47	0.42

PUBLIC HEALTH (PREVENTION OF TUBERCULOSIS) REGULATIONS, 1925.

It was not necessary to take any formal action under these Regulations during the year.

PUBLIC HEALTH ACT, 1925—SECTION 62

No cases have been dealt with under this Section during the year.

TUBERCULOSIS SCHEME.

(i) LIST OF DISPENSARIES, etc.

Address	Day and Time of Dispensary	Tuberculosis Officer	Nursing Assistance	Areas Served
*Arundel Dispensary, Granville House, Maltravers Street	Friday, 11 a.m.	Dr. W. Templeton	Wholetime Nurse employed by County Nursing Association	{ Arundel M.B. Littlehampton U.D. Chancetonbury R.D. (part) Worthing R.D. (part)
Chichester Dispensary, Chapel Street	Tuesday, 10.30 a.m.	Ditto	Ditto for Dispensary and School	{ Bognor Regis U.D. Chichester M.B. Chichester R.D. Midhurst R.D. Petworth R.D. (part)
Horsham Dispensary, Tan Cottage, Brighton Road	Thursday, 11 a.m.	Ditto	Queen's Nurse—Horsham	{ Horsham U.D. Chancetonbury R.D. (part) Horsham R.D. Petworth R.D. (part)
Worthing Dispensary, Out-patient Dept., The Hospital, Lyndhurst Road	Monday, 10.30 a.m.	Ditto	Wholetime Health Visitor employed by Worthing Corporation	{ Worthing M.B. Chancetonbury R.D. (part) Shoreham-by-Sea U.D. Southwick U.D. Worthing R.D. (part)

* This Dispensary is held monthly, and more frequently if found necessary.

RESIDENTIAL INSTITUTIONS.

Name of Institution	No. of Beds	Type of Case Treated	Names of Medical Officers
1. Aldingbourne House	69	Observation and Sanatorium	{ Dr. R. D. Smedley, County Medical Officer Dr. W. Templeton, Tuberculosis Officer Dr. H. G. Humphrey Butcher (temp. part-time Medical Officer). (Resigned 1/10/35) Dr. J. B. Collins, Visiting Physician (emergency cases) Dr. R. H. Wilshaw, Medical Officer of Health, Worthing
2. Swandean Hospital	12	Acute & Advanced	
*3. Other Institutions	Beds are retained as required	Cases requiring Surgical and Light treatment	

* The accommodation reserved at Other Institutions during the year was as follows:

Name of Institution—	Average No. of Beds—
The Royal West Sussex Hospital, Chichester	1.33
Royal Sea Bathing Hospital, Margate	4.08
Lord Mayor Treloar Cripples' Hospital, Alton	10.66
Royal National Orthopaedic Hospital, Stanmore	0.9

RESIDENTIAL INSTITUTIONS.

(A).—Return showing the Extent of Residential Treatment and Observation during the year in Institutions (other than Poor Law Institutions) approved for the treatment of Tuberculosis.

		In Institutions on Jan. 1st.	Admitted during the year	Discharged during the year	Died in the Institutions	In Institutions on Dec. 31st
Number of doubtfully Tuberculous cases admitted for observation	Adult males ..	5	16	19	1	1
	Adult females ..	2	17	17	—	2
	Children ..	7	16	14	—	9
	Total ..	14	49	50	1	12
Number of patients suffering from Pulmonary Tuberculosis	Adult males ..	25	70	50	17	28
	Adult females ..	21	65	52	9	25
	Children ..	3	1	2	1	1
	Total ..	49	136	104	27	54
Number of patients suffering from Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis	Adult males ..	3	5	6	—	2
	Adult females ..	6	4	9	—	1
	Children ..	13	27	24	—	16
	Total ..	22	36	39	—	19
Grand Total	.. ..	85	221	193	28	85

In addition, 5 patients suffering from Pulmonary Tuberculosis and 4 patients suffering from Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis received treatment during the year at Poor Law Institutions in the County.

(C)—Return showing the immediate results of treatment of definitely Tuberculosis patients discharged from Residential Institutions during the year 1935.

Pulmonary Tuberculosis.	Classification on admission to the Institution	Condition at time of discharge	Duration of Residential Treatment in the Institution.												Total
			Under 3 months			3—6 months			6-12 months			More than 12 months			
			M.	F.	Ch.	M.	F.	Ch.	M.	F.	Ch.	M.	F.	Ch.	
Class T.B. minus.	Quiescent	3	4	—	5	2	—	—	2	—	2	—	—	18	
	Not Quiescent	—	3	—	1	3	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	8	
	Died in Institution ..	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	
Class T.B. plus Group 1.	Quiescent	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	
	Not Quiescent	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	
	Died in Institution ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
Class T.B. plus Group 2.	Quiescent	1	—	—	2	—	—	2	3	—	1	—	—	9	
	Not Quiescent	4	3	—	5	5	—	2	3	—	2	1	—	25	
	Died in Institution ..	2	2	—	1	1	—	2	—	1	—	—	—	9	
Class T.B. plus Group 3.	Quiescent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
	Not Quiescent	6	1	—	5	8	—	2	1	—	1	—	—	24	
	Died in Institution ..	6	—	—	1	2	—	1	1	—	—	1	—	12	
Totals (Pulmonary) ..		22	14	—	20	26	—	7	11	—	8	2	1	111	
Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis.	Bones and Joints.	Quiescent or Arrested ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		Not Quiescent	—	—	1	—	1	—	—	1	1	—	2	6	12
		Died in Institution ..	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
	Abdominal.	Quiescent or Arrested ..	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	3
		Not Quiescent	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	1	1	—	—	—	3
		Died in Institution ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Other Organs.	Quiescent or Arrested ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	1
		Not Quiescent	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
		Died in Institution ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Peri-pheral Glands.	Quiescent or Arrested ..	1	—	4	—	—	1	—	—	1	—	—	—	7
		Not Quiescent	—	1	2	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	4
		Died in Institution ..	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Totals (Non-Pulmonary)		1	2	8	3	1	1	—	3	4	—	2	6	31

(D)—Return showing the results of observation of doubtfully Tuberculosis cases discharged during the year from Institutions approved for the treatment of Tuberculosis.

Diagnosis on Discharge from Observation.	For Pulmonary Tuberculosis.						For Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis.						Totals.		
	Stay under 4 Weeks.			Stay over 4 Weeks.			Stay under 4 Weeks.			Stay over 4 Weeks.					
	M.	F.	Ch.	M.	F.	Ch.	M.	F.	Ch.	M.	F.	Ch.	M.	F.	Ch.
Tuberculous	1	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	1	—
Non-Tuberculous ..	3	3	—	14	13	12	—	—	—	—	—	2	17	16	14
Died	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
Totals	4	4	—	16	13	12	—	—	—	—	—	2	20	17	14

PUBLIC VACCINATION.

The functions under the Vaccination Acts were transferred to the County Council on 1st April, 1930, in accordance with Section 2 (b) of the Local Government Act, 1929, and are administered by the Public Health and Housing Committee.

The Vaccination Acts require that every child shall be vaccinated before attaining the age of six months, unless the child has already had Smallpox or exemption is claimed by the parents or guardians, before the child reaches the age of four months, by means of a statutory declaration of conscientious objection to vaccination. Also, vaccination may be postponed by medical certificate.

The Vaccination Acts of 1898 and 1907 have rendered exemption from vaccination an easy matter and now only about 37 per cent. of children are vaccinated during infancy. In the County of West Sussex, 40 per cent. of the children born in 1934 were vaccinated as compared with 40 per cent. for the previous year.

A list of the Public Vaccinators and Vaccination Officers is given at the beginning of this Report.

The following Summary has been prepared from Returns made by the Vaccination Officers:—

Number of births notified by Registrars to Vaccination Officers during year ended 31/12/34 ..	3108
„ Successfully Vaccinated	1245
„ Insusceptible of Vaccination	7
„ of Statutory Declarations of Conscientious Objections received	1477
„ Died Unvaccinated	97
„ of Vaccinations postponed by Medical Certificate	30
„ of Removals to other districts	101
„ Removed to places unknown	75
„ Unaccounted for on 31st January, 1936	76

Return showing the number of persons successfully vaccinated and re-vaccinated at the cost of the rates by the Medical Officers of the Poor Law Institutions and Public Vaccinators during the year ended 30th September, 1935:—

Numbers of Successful Primary Vaccinations of Persons:—			Number of Successful Re-vaccinations
Under one year of age	One year and upwards	Total	
981	62	1043	45

VENEREAL DISEASES.

FACILITIES FOR TREATMENT

Clinics.—Treatment, provided free of cost at the Clinics, is available to any resident in the County suffering from, or suspected to be suffering from, Venereal Diseases in its earlier and at all communicable stages. Patients may attend the Clinics on the advice of their Medical Attendant or on their own initiative.

The following Statement gives the days and hours of the various Clinics serving this County:—

Royal Portsmouth Hospital, Landport, Portsmouth. (This Clinic is intended to serve persons resident in the Western part of the County)—

Men—Tuesdays, 10 a.m. to 12 noon. 5 to 7 p.m.	Women—Mondays, 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m.
Wednesdays, 4 p.m.	Wednesdays, 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.
Thursdays, 10 a.m. to 12 noon. 5 to 7 p.m.	Fridays, 10 a.m. to 12 noon.

Worthing Hospital, Lyndhurst Road, Worthing. (This Clinic is intended to serve persons resident in the Eastern part of the County)—

Men and Women—Wednesdays, Women, 3 p.m. to 4 p.m.; Men, 4 p.m. to 5 p.m.
Fridays, Women, 5 p.m. to 6 p.m.; Men, 6 p.m. to 7 p.m.

Royal Sussex County Hospital, Eastern Road, Kemp Town, Brighton—

Men—Mondays, 5 p.m. to 7 p.m.	Women—Tuesdays, 5 p.m. to 7 p.m.
Thursdays, 5.30 p.m. to 7.30 p.m.	Thursdays, 3.30 p.m. to 5.30 p.m.
Saturdays, 2.30 p.m. to 4.30 p.m.	Saturdays, 11.30 a.m. to 1.30 p.m.

A limited number of beds is reserved at the Hospitals for patients requiring In-patient Treatment on the recommendation of the Medical Officer in charge of the Clinic.

Complete secrecy as to the names and addresses of all patients is observed. This information is only required by the Medical Officer in charge of the Clinic for the purpose of communicating with the patients as to subsequent treatment, and in order to allocate the cost between the various Authorities having arrangements at the same Hospital.

TRAVELLING EXPENSES OF PATIENTS.

The County Council have authority, under certain circumstances, to defray the reasonable travelling expenses of patients attending the Clinics who are unable to bear the cost themselves.

PATHOLOGICAL EXAMINATION OF SPECIMENS.

Specimens may be sent for pathological examination by any medical practitioner in the County. The examination and report are made without cost to either the doctor or the patient. Stamped outfits, with full directions for the collection of specimens are supplied free of charge, on application being made to the County Health Office.

SUPPLY OF DRUGS.

Arrangements are made for the supply of drugs to medical practitioners, but very few requests have been received.

TREATMENT OF CASES.

TABLE XVIII.—Showing the work done at the Clinics:—

	Sussex County Hospital, Brighton	Royal Portsmouth Hospital	Worthing Hospital	Total
Number of persons dealt with during the year for the first time and found to be suffering from:—				
Syphilis	9	2	17	28
Soft chancre	—	—	—	—
Gonorrhoea	22	5	43	70
Conditions other than venereal	34	8	45	87
Totals	65	15	105	185
Total number of attendances at Out-Patient Clinics	1524	524	4315	6363
Aggregate number of "In-Patient Days" ..	4	119	21	144
Number of doses of Salvarsan Substitute given	275	64	521	860
Number of Pathological Examinations ..	676	165	535	1376

WATER SUPPLY, DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE.

Details regarding Water Supply, Drainage and Sewerage were given in my Annual Report for 1930.

The following is a list of work completed or commenced during the year:

WATER SUPPLY

- Chanctonbury R.D.** During the year, 26,071 yards of new mains were laid in the parishes of Amberley, Henfield, Pulborough, Shermanbury, Storrington, Sullington, Thakeham, West Chiltington and Woodmancote.
- Chichester R.D.** A public supply has been brought by mains to Boxgrove, Westerton, Tangmere, Easthampnett, Maudlin, Westhampnett, Birdham, East and West Wittering, and Itchenor.
- Horsham R.D.** A comprehensive scheme was adopted by the Council early in the year to provide a public supply for the whole district. Supplies being obtained in the southern part of the area from Chanctonbury Rural District, and in the northern part from Horsham Urban District, to be linked up with existing supplies at Crawley and Partridge Green. Work was begun in the Autumn in the southern area by connecting the Chanctonbury mains to the Billingshurst mains where the dwindling local supply was relieved. Rapid progress has since been made in laying the mains to other villages.
- Petworth R.D.** A comprehensive scheme to provide a piped supply for all the outlying villages was approved by the Council.

DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE

- Bognor Regis U.D.** A detailed comprehensive Sewerage Scheme for the whole of the Bognor Regis area is in course of preparation.
- Littlehampton U.D.** A Scheme for the sewerage of the areas taken over under the Review Order, 1933, has been approved by the Ministry of Health.
- Chanctonbury R.D.** A Scheme of sewerage for part of Amberley is under consideration.
- Horsham R.D.** At Billingshurst, the existing sewage works are becoming out of date and inadequate to cope with the increase of drainage caused by building developments and the consequent pollution of the stream which receives the outfall. The Council are considering a report from a consulting engineer, to provide new works either separate from, or in conjunction with a comprehensive scheme with other villages.
- Petworth R.D.** A Scheme is in preparation for the sewerage of Northchapel, Fittleworth, Bignor and Westburton.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT, 1929—Section 57

Under Section 57 of the Local Government Act, 1929, County Councils are empowered to contribute towards the expenditure of District Councils in the provision or maintenance of any sewers or sewage disposal works, or of a water supply, or in the improvement of an existing supply of water.

In this County it has been decided that contributions under this Section shall be limited to Rural District Councils, but application by a Local Authority other than a Rural District Council may receive consideration in special circumstances.

The conditions under which contributions will be made are set out in the proceedings of the County Council, dated 26th July, 1935.

HOUSING.

As will be seen from the following Table XIX. prepared from the Reports of the District Medical Officers of Health, 4070 houses were erected in the County during the year, as compared with 3482 during the previous year, as follows:—

Sanitary District.	Total number of New Houses Erected.	With State Assistance under the Housing Acts, 1919, 1923 or 1924.		Private Enterprise.
		(i) By Local Authority.	(ii.) By other Bodies or Persons.	
Urban Districts—				
Arundel (M.B.)	12	6	—	6
Bognor Regis	400	—	—	400
Chichester (M.B.)	171	—	—	171
Horsham	188	40	—	148
Littlehampton	105	—	—	105
Shoreham-by-Sea	147	—	—	147
Southwick	258	—	—	258
Worthing (M.B.)	1145	—	—	1145
Total Urban Districts ..	2426	46	—	2380
Rural Districts—				
Chancetonbury	136	—	—	136
Chichester	326	—	—	326
Horsham	116	4	—	112
Midhurst	59	40	—	19
Petworth	40	—	—	40
Worthing	967	28	—	939
Total Rural Districts ..	1644	72	—	1572
Total Administrative County	4070	118	—	3952

The following Table XX. shows the number of New Houses erected during the ten years from 1926-1935.

Year.			Total number of New Houses Erected.			With State Assistance under the Housing Acts, 1919, 1923 or 1924.						Private Enterprise.		
						(i.) By Local Authority.			(ii.) By other Bodies or Persons.					
			Urban Dist.	Rural Dist.	Total	Urban Dist.	Rural Dist.	Total	Urban Dist.	Rural Dist.	Total	Urban Dist.	Rural Dist.	Total
1926	..	..	1021	1072	2093	224	342	566	519	299	818	278	431	709
1927	..	..	1045	1116	2161	269	359	628	365	331	696	411	426	837
1928	..	..	811	857	1668	195	55	250	162	171	333	454	631	1085
1929	..	..	875	767	1642	313	24	337	351	83	434	211	660	871
1930	..	..	923	1130	2053	26	102	128	1	11	12	896	1017	1913
1931	..	..	958	1174	2132	112	46	158	—	27	27	846	1101	1947
1932	..	..	939	1200	2139	60	52	112	—	1	1	879	1147	2026
1933	..	..	1766	1216	2982	92	12	104	—	—	—	1674	1204	2878
1934	..	..	2158	1324	3482	—	44	44	—	—	—	2158	1280	3438
1935	..	..	2426	1644	4070	46	72	118	—	—	—	2380	1572	3952
Totals	..	..	12922	11500	24422	1337	1108	2445	1398	923	2321	10187	9469	19656

TABLE XXI GENERAL HOUSING CONDITIONS IN THE COUNTY

The following Table XXI, prepared from the Reports of the District Medical Officers of Health, shows the number of houses inspected for defects during the year and the action taken to remedy same.

	1. Inspection of Dwellinghouses during the year				2. Remedy of defects without service of formal notice		3. Action under Statutory Powers during the year									
	(1) (a) Total number of dwelling houses inspected for housing defects (under the Public Health or Housing Acts).	(b) Number of Inspections made for the purpose.	(2) Number of dwelling houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation.	(3) Number of dwelling houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation.	Number of defective dwelling houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or their Officers.	(a) Proceedings under Sections 17, 18 and 23 of the Housing Act, 1930.	(1) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs.	(2) Number of dwelling houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notices.	(a) By owners.	(b) By Local Authority in default of owners.	(b) Proceedings under Public Health Acts.	(1) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made.	(2) Number of dwelling houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders.	(a) Proceedings under Section 20 of the Housing Act, 1930.	(1) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which closing orders were made.	(2) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which closing orders were determined, the tenement or room having been rendered fit.
Urban Districts:																
Arundel (M.B.)	97	117	—	20	20	—	10	9	—	—	8	5	—	—	—	—
Bognor Regis	478	1458	6	318	297	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Chichester (M.B.)	644	3806	2	132	106	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	—	—
Horsham	153	313	7	137	109	2	—	1	—	1	1	16	16	2	2	1
Littlehampton	228	982	2	140	123	—	—	—	—	—	11	9	—	—	—	—
Shoreham-by-Sea	346	1342	4	238	160	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Southwick	127	320	4	82	41	1	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Worthing (M.B.)	919	1470	1	258	193	7	—	6	—	1	6	5	1	—	3	2
TOTAL—Urban Districts	2992	9808	26	1325	1049	20	20	17	2	2	26	20	32	21	5	3
Rural Districts—																
Chancetonbury	792	3023	15	752	813	22	—	15	—	—	6	6	—	—	1	—
Chichester	594	1144	6	340	295	—	—	—	—	—	13	8	6	—	—	—
Horsham	425	486	21	275	274	3	—	1	—	—	9	9	2	9	—	—
Midhurst	106	184	—	14	12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Petworth	66	97	—	22	31	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	—	—	—
Worthing	411	2192	21	50	190	—	—	—	—	—	9	7	28	—	—	—
TOTAL—Rural Districts	2394	7126	63	1453	1615	26	26	16	1	1	37	30	45	9	1	—
TOTAL—Admin. County	5386	16934	89	2778	2664	46	46	33	3	3	63	50	77	30	6	3

HOUSING (RURAL WORKERS) ACTS, 1926-1931.

The operation of this Act has been extended until 24th June, 1938, and it is to be hoped that more use will be made of this Act in future, as undoubtedly there are many cottages in the County which need improvements, such as could be provided by using the provisions of this Act.

Under the approved Scheme the County Council is prepared to make grants limited to £100 for any one house, but no grant will be made where the estimated cost of repairs is less than £50.

The word "repairs" includes:—

Structural alterations and repairs, additions to premises, water supplies and drainage, sanitary conveniences and other like works, but not ordinary repair and upkeep.

All plans, etc., must be approved by the Local Sanitary Authority before a grant can be made.

When the landlord accepts a financial grant, the following conditions apply, viz.:—

1. The estimated value of the dwelling on completion must not exceed £400.
2. The dwelling when completed must be fit for habitation.
3. For 20 years, the tenants must be agricultural workers or persons receiving similar wages.
4. For 20 years, the maximum rent will be "normal agricultural rent," as determined by the County Council, increased by 4% on the owners share in the estimated expenditure on the works.

Since the Act came into operation grants amounting to £4288 have been paid in respect of 56 dwellings.

MENTAL DEFICIENCY ACT, 1913.

At the end of the year there were under observation the following cases of Mental Deficiency—

Committee for the Care of the Mentally Defective—										Cases
Receiving Institutional Care	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	111
Under Guardianship	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	61
Under supervision of the West Sussex Association for the Care of the Mentally Defective	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	179
										351
West Sussex Education Committee—										
Attending Special Schools	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	23
In Public Elementary Schools	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	72
Not at School	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	32
										127
Total										578

The following Statement shows the number of cases receiving Institutional Treatment at the end of the year:—

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE INSTITUTIONS:—

West Sussex—										Male	Female	Total
Horsham	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	—	16	16
East Preston	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	6	9	15
Midhurst	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	—	8
East Sussex—												
Chailey	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	11	4	15

OTHER INSTITUTIONS:—

Besford Court, Worcester	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	3	—	3
Dungates, Horeham Road, East Sussex	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2	—	2
Girls' Village Home, Essex	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	—	2	2
House of Help, Bath	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	—	1	1
Dovenby Hall Colony, Carlisle	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	—	1
Royal Earlswood Institution, Redhill	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	1	6
Stoke Park Colony, Bristol	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	—	2	2
St. Joseph's Home, Sudbury	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	—	1	1
St. Mary's Home, Alton	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	—	1	1
St. Teresa's Institution, Lewisham	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	—	5	5
Whittington Hall, Chesterfield	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	—	3	3
Dovecot Certified Institution, Liverpool	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	—	1	1
Coldeast Colony, Sarsbury, Near Southampton	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	—	25	25
Rampton State Institution, Retford, Notts.	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	—	1
Brentry Colony, Westbury-on-Trym, Bristol	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	—	1
Hortham Colony, Almondsbury, Bristol	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	—	1
Princess Christian Colony, Kent	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	—	1	1
										39	72	111

During the past five years the number of children notified by the West Sussex Education Committee to the Committee for the Care of the Mentally Defective is as follows:—

There is still considerable difficulty in obtaining accommodation for cases requiring Institutional care, especially for children and high grade cases.

BLIND PERSONS ACT, 1920.

This Act is administered by the Public Health and Housing Committee.

The Scheme of the West Sussex County Council, under Section 2 of the Blind Persons Act, 1920, provides that no person's name shall be added to the Register of Blind Persons, until he or she has been examined and certified to be blind within the meaning of the Act, and such examination, except in the case of persons over 70 years of age whose blindness is not in doubt, shall be carried out by a Medical Practitioner with special experience in ophthalmology.

The West Sussex Association for the Care of the Blind, with the help of the Worthing Society for Befriending the Blind, is responsible for the general supervision of the blind, and the Association gives great assistance in the ascertainment of blind persons residing in the County. The Education Committee deals with children of school age, and with older persons requiring special training in Institutions for the Blind.

The following statement shows the number of cases on the Register:—

31st March, 1922	202
„ „ 1927	255
„ „ 1932	308
„ „ 1935	330
„ „ 1936	333

Classified according to age there were in March, 1935:—

— cases under 5 years of age.			
10	„	5—16	„
—	„	16—21	„
26	„	21—40	„
47	„	40—50	„
100	„	50—65	„
35	„	65—70	„
115	„	70 and over	„
333			

FOOD AND DRUGS (ADULTERATION) ACT, 1928.

Samples analysed by the Public Analyst under the above Act during the year ended 31st December, 1935.

Description	Number of samples analysed	Result of analysis	
		Genuine	Otherwise
New Milk	172	151	21(a)
Separated Milk	3	3	—
Cream	2	2	—
Butter	7	7	—
Tinned Cream	4	4	—
Margarine	2	2	—
Bread	4	4	—
Sugar (Barbadoes)	3	3	—
Flour	4	4	—
Sausages	27	27	—
Tea	1	1	—
Ice Cream	8	8	—
Allenbury's Diet	1	1	—
Protein Food with Glucose	1	1	—
Vinegar	1	1	—
Sauce	2	2	—
Sultanas	2	2	—
Raisins	1	1	—
Currants	2	2	—
Candied Peel	2	2	—
Mince meat	1	1	—
Butter Beans	4	4	—
Baked Beans	1	1	—
Minced Steak	4	4	—
Cooked Meat	1	1	—
Meat Paste	1	1	—
Coleman's Vitacup	2	2	—
Pepsin	1	1	—
Gin	1	1	—
Liquid Eggs	2	2	—
Dried Flaked Eggs	1	1	—
Dried Eggs	1	1	—
Crystallised Eggs	1	1	—
Condensed Milk	7	7	—
Fish Paste	2	2	—
Cooked Green Peas	1	1	—
Tincture of Iodine	2	2	—
Iodine Paint	1	1	—
"Segavin" Wine Cocktail	1	1	—
	284	263	21

The average content of samples of New Milk reported genuine by the Public Analyst was as follows: Fat, 3.92%. Solids not fat, 8.81%. Total Solids, 12.73%.

(a) Proceedings were taken in respect of 4 of these samples against the supplying retailer. Samples taken on Bank Holiday. Farmer fined £5 and costs £2 2s. 0d.

Four others reported against included 2 "appeal to cow" samples. As the "appeal" samples were not genuine the farmer was interviewed and is to improve herd.

The remaining 13 reported against were very slightly deficient. Further samples proved genuine.

Samples of butter, beans and sugar (Barbadoes) were taken in consequence of information from the analyst that bad consignments were being received in some quarters. They proved genuine.

A number of the samples of New Milk were taken from Grocer's shops, etc., supplying bottle Sterilized Milk. These also proved genuine.

MILK AND DAIRIES (CONSOLIDATION) ACT, 1915.

MILK AND DAIRIES ORDER, 1926

During the year the Public Health and Housing Committee continued to use the Veterinary Surgeons engaged by the Diseases of Animals Committee to carry out the provisions of the Tuberculosis Order made by the Board of Agriculture and adopted the same fees as fixed by the Diseases of Animals Committee.

Arrangements for biological, etc., examination of specimens of milk were continued with the Lister Institute for Preventive Medicine.

During the year thirty notifications were received from Local Authorities under this Act and in every instance action was taken under the Tuberculosis Order, 1925. Cattle suffering from Tuberculosis were slaughtered in sixteen instances, and in the remaining instances the cattle were found free from evidence of tuberculosis.

PORT OF NEW SHOREHAM.

The number of vessels entering the Port during the year was 1378. Of these 959 with a tonnage of 261,750, were from British Ports, and 419 with a tonnage of 96,547, were from Foreign Ports, showing a decrease of 12 coast wise and an increase of 102 Foreign Vessels on the previous year.

Inspection.—182 British Vessels and 82 Foreign Vessels were inspected during the year. Seven vessels were found with structural defects and five with dirt, vermin and other conditions prejudicial to health.

Twelve notices were given in respect of defects or nuisances found, and seven of these have been remedied, and in addition three outstanding notices were complied with.

Infectious Diseases.—No cases of infectious disease have been observed or reported during the year among persons aboard vessels arriving at the port. Printed cards stating the place and times of Venereal Clinics available in the district were given to masters of vessels for the information of the crews. Agreement with Brighton Corporation for removal of any cases to Isolation Hospital.

Public Health (Regulations as to Food) Act, 1907.—Cargoes of flour and potatoes arrived from British Ports, and vegetables and mineral waters arrived from Foreign Ports. These cargoes were inspected and found in good condition.

Public Health (Shell Fish) Regulations, 1915.—Public notices were posted during the year forbidding the removal or taking for sale for human consumption of any shell fish from the Harbour and the waters of the river Adur between the entrance to the Harbour and the town of Shoreham-by-Sea. No instances of selling shell fish taken from the prohibited area had been observed.

Rats and Mice Destruction Act, 1919.—Inspections and enquiries were made throughout the year in respect of rat infestation and no evidence of rat infestation has been found. Rat guards are available for use when required to prevent the passage of rats between the ship and the shore.

Printed cards have been given to the Masters of ships arriving at the Port indicating their responsibilities under the Rats and Mice Destruction Act.

The Port is not on the list of ports approved by the Ministry of Health for the issue of Deratisation and Deratisation Exemption Certificates in accordance with the provisions of Article 28 of the International Sanitary Convention of 1926.

PORT OF LITTLEHAMPTON.

The number of vessels entering the Port during the year was 144, with a tonnage of 27,630. Of these, 137 were from British Ports, and 7 from Foreign Ports, showing a decrease of 33 vessels from British Ports compared with last year, and a decrease of 4 from Foreign Ports.

Inspection.—The majority of the vessels were visited and inspected by the Port Sanitary Inspector. Eight vessels were found with dirt, vermin and other conditions prejudicial to health, and three with structural defects.

Infectious Diseases.—No cases occurred during the year. Arrangements have been made for isolation of cases at the Infectious Diseases Hospital belonging to the Littlehampton Urban District Council. A leaflet containing the information as to the Venereal Clinics available in the area is given to the Master of each vessel entering the Port, who has not previously received one.

Public Health (Shell Fish) Regulations, 1915.—No action has been taken during the year.

Rats and Mice Destruction Act, 1919.—No rat-infested ships entered the Port.

The Port Sanitary Authority has provided rat guards and these are used when deemed necessary.

Baiting and gassing of rats is periodically carried out in the neighbourhood of the wharves.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT,
COUNTY HALL,
CHICHESTER.
September, 1936.

RALPH D. SMEDLEY,
County Medical Officer of Health.

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