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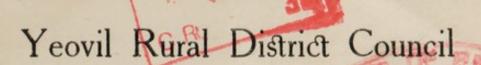
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ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

31ST DECEMBER, 1944

Whitby, Printer, Yeovil

PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS.

Medical Officer of Health:

D. V. HAGUE, M.B., Ch.B., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.

Secretary to Medical Officer of Health: (Mrs.) V. M. BROOKS.

Senior Sanitary Inspector:

CHARLES A. WILSON, M.S.I.A., A.R.San.I.

Additional Sanitary Inspector:
ELFED P. JONES, M.S.I.A., A.R.San.I.

Assistant Housing Inspector: THOMAS H. LORD.

Sanitary Inspector's Clerk:
(Miss) MARGARET A. WITHERS.

TO THE CHAIRMAN AND COUNCILLORS OF

YEOVIL RURAL DISTRICT COUNCIL.

Ladies and Gentlemen,

I have pleasure in presenting my Annual Report for 1944.

Five years of War have resulted in a very large accumulation of public works and despite the return of numbers of evacuees overcrowding is still a pressing problem.

From the public health point of view shortage of good houses is by far the most serious problem but this in turn demands first better water supplies and secondly better sewage disposal. Water supplies to most parts of the district have been inadequate for many months of the year and sewage disposal continues to be a considerable nuisance. Much reconstruction is needed. Provision for the whole district of an ample, piped pure water supply, free from risk of sewage contamination is the prime necessity. Given this supply, sewage disposal is of secondary importance, and is not often, in rural districts, a serious menace to the health of the public. It is, however, frequently a serious nuisance. Provision of a piped water supply to a district which is not extremely rural usually demands sewage disposal works. considerable part of the district has no main sewerage. In most parts this causes no nuisance but the addition to a small village of a number of new houses might be sufficient in some cases to enforce main sewerage for the whole village.

In the circumstances, the health of the district is good. There have been no epidemics and comparatively few cases of infectious disease have been notified. Whooping cough followed by pneumonia caused the death of four infants. Occasional cases of scabies have been treated but this trouble has been less prevalent.

A teacher in Yeovil Girls' Secondary School was notified as suffering from Small Pox at Easter and, in view of the comparatively small number of recently vaccinated people in the district, there was a risk of a serious epidemic if further cases occurred. Fortunately, measures taken, limited the outbreak to one case. It was thought wise to inform the public and make arrangements for all who wished to be vaccinated. Some 4,000 persons were vaccinated in the rural district in addition to those who were vaccinated in Yeovil and Crewkerne. This vaccination should be a considerable insurance against a serious small pox epidemic in the district for some years to come, years when the return of troops from abroad may increase the risk of importing the disease. Welcome help was given by the County Health Department, the American Forces Medical Services, the Red Cross and St. John's Organisations and the W.V.S.

The introduction of hot school meals in many of the schools has been of considerable benefit to the school children. Incidentally it has meant the installation of some facilities for washing. Some schools, however, still have only an enamel bowl and tap outside the school premises and some schools still have earth closets. It is with great pleasure that I have to record an appreciable improvement in the conditions at North Perrott School. The whole village have contributed towards the installation of flush lavatories and general improvements under the supervision of Mr. Raper.

Yours faithfully,

D. V. HAGUE.

SECTION A.

STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA.

Area	
EXTRACTS FROM VITAL STATISTICS.	
Total. M. F.	
Line Diethe Legitimete 220 170 151	
Illegitimate 330 179 151	
Still Births—Legitimate 11 7 4	
Illegitimate 1 1 —	
Deaths 225 113 112	
Birth Rate per 1,000 of estimated resident population 18.6	
Still Birth Rate per 1,000 Total (Live and Still) Births 33.	
Death Rate per 1,000 estimated average population11.8	
DEATHS FROM PUERPERAL CAUSES.	
Births. Rate per 1,000 total (live and still) births	
No. 29 Puerperal Sepsis Nil Nil	
No. 30 Other Puerperal Causes Nil Nil	
DEATH RATE OF INFANTS under One Year of Age.	
All Infants per 1,000 Live Births	

	0				
CAUSES	OF	DEATH.		M.	F.
Heart Disease				24	33
Intra-Cranial Vascular Lesio	ons			15	21
Other Circulatory Disease				5	-
Cancer of Stomach and Duc	denu	m		6	2
Cancer of Breast				-	9
Cancer of all other sites				9	6
Diabetes				3	2
Tuberculosis of Respiratory	Syst	em		4	6
Other Tuberculosis				1	1
Whooping Cough				-	4
Influenza				1	
Bronchitis				5	2
Pneumonia				-	1
Other Respiratory Diseases				-	1
Encephalitis		***		1	
Ulcer of Stomach and Duod	enun	1		1	
Syphilis				1	-
Diarrhœa under 2 years				1	
Appendicitis				-	1
Other Digestive Diseases				1	2
Nephritis				2	-
Premature Birth				1	1
Congenital Malformation, B	irth	Injuries, Infa	nt Di		1
Road Traffic Accidents				1	1
Other Violent Causes				4	3
All other Causes				24	15
		(D)		110	110
		Total		113	112

SECTION B.

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA.

1. Medical Officer of Health and Sanitary Inspectors No Change.

2. (a) LABORATORY FACILITIES

(b) AMBULANCE FACILITIES No Change.

(c) CLINICS & TREATMENT CENTRES

(d) NURSING IN THE HOME.

Two Health Visitors and Thirteen District Nurses attend to the Midwifery, Nursing, and Infant Welfare work in the District. The Nurses are employed by the local District Nursing Associations and supervised by the County Public Health authority.

- (e) HOSPITALS-No Change.
- (f) SICK BAYS and HOSTELS.

YARN BARTON SICK BAY.

Owing to the reduction in numbers of evacuees Yarn Barton Sick Bay was closed in December. Later in the month it was re-opened as an Hostel for children under eight years. The staff and children were transferred from the Hostel at The Close, Martock. In its turn The Close was occupied by the staff and boys from The Nest Hostel. The Nest premises have been restored to the owners.

149 cases were admitted to the Sick Bay in 1944 as follows:—

		Total	 149
Other complaints	· · · ·		 22
Debility			 4
Verminous Head	S		 4
Chicken Pox			 10
Tonsillitis			 11
Impetigo and Ski	n Infe	ections	 32
			 66

129 of the above were from Yeovil Rural District.

Somerset chi	ldren		 7
Evacuees			 122
		Total	 129

WISTERIA HOSTEL for girls of 8-14 years.

Average number in residence during 1944 14 Fresh admissions during the year ... 11

THE NEST HOSTEL for boys of 8-14 years. (Now transferred to The Close, Martock).

Average number in residence during 1944 13 Fresh admissions during the year ... 13

THE CLOSE HOSTEL for children under 8 years. (Now transferred to Yarn Barton, West Chinnock).

Average number in residence during 1944 13 Fresh admissions during the year ... 28

MARTOCK RESIDENTIAL NURSERY.

An average of 12 children were accommodated at the Nursery until December, 1944. A completely new staff has now been appointed.

OVER STRATTON RESIDENTIAL NURSERY.

Average number in residence during 1944 15

SECTION C.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA.

- 1. WATER SUPPLIES— No change.
- 2. DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE—No Change. Rivers and Streams—No action taken.
- 3. PUBLIC CLEANSING.—Salvage work is undertaken in all Parishes.

SANITARY INSPECTION OF THE AREA.

Inspections of Sewerage and Drainage	 1	23
Inspections for Nuisances	 1	06
Informal Notices served	 	9
Drainage Tests and Inspections	 	85
Rooms Disinfected	 	17
Dairies and Cowsheds Inspections		339
Inspection of Water Supplies	14 4 - 12	278
Claughtenhouse Inspections		15
		41
Slaughterhouse Inspections Rodent Control Investigations	 2	32

Shops and Offices.—It was not found necessary to take any special action under the provision of the Shops Act, 1934.

Smoke Abatement.—It was not found necessary to take any action.

4. SCHOOLS.—Improvements in many schools owing to the introduction of school meals and washing facilities. North Perrott School now has flush lavatories.

SECTION D.

HOUSING INSPECTIONS.

1 (a) Total number of dwelling houses inspected for housing defects (under P.H., or Housing Acts) 420
(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose 513

2 (a)	Number of dwelling houses (included under sub-head (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under H. Con. Reg. 1925 and 1932	Nil
(b)	Number of inspections made for the purpose	Nil
(c)	Number of houses in which no action was found necessary	Nil
3	Number of dwelling houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	Nil
4	Number of dwelling houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human	
	habitation	9
	HOUSING ACTION.	
(a)	Number of defective dwelling houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or their Officers	6
(b)	Number of houses demolished voluntarily or in consequence of informal action	Nil
	ACTION UNDER STATUTORY POWERS DURING THE YEAR.	
	Proceedings under Sections 9, 10 and 16 of the Housing Act, 1936.	
(1)	Number of dwelling houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs	2
(2)	Number of dwelling houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notice:—	
	(a) By owners	Nil 2
	the state of the s	
	Proceedings under Public Health Acts.	
(1)	Number of dwelling houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	3
(2)	Number of dwelling houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notice:—	
	(a) By Owners (b) By Local Authority	2 Nil

Proceedings under Sections 11, 13 and 26 of the Housing Act, 1936.

(1)		umber of dwelling houses in respect of which emolition Orders were made Nil
(2)	N	umber of dwelling houses demolished in pursuance
101		Demolition Orders Nil
(3)		umber of dwelling houses in respect of which ndertaking was given not to let Nil
		Proceedings under Section 12 of the Housing Act, 1936.
(1)		umber of separate tenements or underground
		ooms in respect of which Closing Orders were ade Nil
(2)	N	umber of separate tenements or underground
		coms in respect of which Closing Orders were etermined, the tenement or room having been
		ade fit Nil
		HOUSING ACT, 1936—OVERCROWDING.
(a)	(i)	Number of dwellings overcrowded at the
	(ii)	Number of families dwelling therein 50 estimated
	(iii)	
(b)		Number of new cases of overcrowding ,
		reported during the year 15
(c)	(i)	Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during the year Nil
	(ii)	Number of persons concerned in such cases Nil
(d)		Particulars of any cases in which
		dwelling houses have again become overcrowded after the Local Authority
		have taken steps for the abatement of
		overcrowding Nil

SECTION E.

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

SUPP	LY.							
umber of	Produc	ers on th	ne Reg	ister				419
					divide	as follo	ows:	
								9
**			e also	Prod	ucers			125
								339
waneda	und Dai	ries map	ceteu.					000
MPLES	S OF M	IILK TA	KEN	FOR	EXAM	MINATI	ON.	
berculin	Tested							119
Reporte	ed unsat	isfactory		. 1990				31
		·						168
		isfactory						48
								1
								18
							• • • •	2
otal num	iber of	samples o	collecte	d				306
PAND	OTHE	FOOR	10					
imber of	Slaugh	ternouse	s Licer	isea				15
RCASE	S INS	PECTEI).					
Cows								
								-
	d Lamb							-
Pigs								-
IDEDAI	II ()OIC	OVIEW						
Carcases	of which	ch some	part or	organ	n was	condem	ned:	
Cows								
Pigs								
Percenta	ge of th	e numbe	r insne	cted a	ffected	d with		
	The second secon	e nambe	mope	occur 2	-	4 111111		
								-
Pigs								
mber of	Bakeho	uses in t	he Dis	trict			Lange Co	20
	mber of mber of mber of mber of mber of mber of merculin	imber of Distrib (i) Distributor (ii) Distributor (iii) Distributor (iv) Distrib	imber of Producers on the imber of Distributors only (i) Distributors only (ii) Distributors who are owsheds and Dairies inspected and Dairies inspected in Reported unsatisfactory is steurised in Reported unsatisfactory is teurised in Tubercle Bacilli in Reported unsatisfactory is teurised in Reported unsatisfactory in Reported unsa	imber of Producers on the Regumber of Distributors on the Regumber of Distributors on the Regumber of Distributors only (ii) Distributors who are also owsheds and Dairies inspected. AMPLES OF MILK TAKEN aberculin Tested Reported unsatisfactory are dited. Reported unsatisfactory are steurised are Tubercle Bacilli are reported unsatisfactory at an umber of samples collected. AND OTHER FOODS. Imber of Slaughterhouses Liceral are and Lambs are pigs are also are	imber of Producers on the Register imber of Distributors on the Register (i) Distributors only (ii) Distributors who are also Produced and Dairies inspected AMPLES OF MILK TAKEN FOR Inspected in Tested in Reported unsatisfactory in Inspected in	amber of Producers on the Register amber of Distributors on the Register divided (i) Distributors only (ii) Distributors who are also Producers owsheds and Dairies inspected	amber of Producers on the Register amber of Distributors on the Register divided as follo (i) Distributors who are also Producers owsheds and Dairies inspected AMPLES OF MILK TAKEN FOR EXAMINATI aberculin Tested Reported unsatisfactory credited Reported unsatisfactory atteurised or Tubercle Bacilli Reported unsatisfactory otal number of samples collected TAND OTHER FOODS. amber of Slaughterhouses Licensed ARCASES INSPECTED. Cows Calves Sheep and Lambs Pigs UBERCULOSIS ONLY. Carcases of which some part or organ was condem Cows Pigs Percentage of the number inspected affected with Tuberculosis: Cows Pigs Percentage of the number inspected affected with Tuberculosis:	imber of Producers on the Register imber of Distributors on the Register divided as follows: (i) Distributors only (ii) Distributors who are also Producers invesheds and Dairies inspected AMPLES OF MILK TAKEN FOR EXAMINATION. AMPLES OF MILK TAKEN

FOOD INSPECTION.

The following food was condemned during the year:

Fish		1	188 lbs.
Bacon and	Ham		263 ½ 1bs.
Brawn			34½ lbs.
Tea			$3\frac{1}{2}$ lbs.
Beef			1135½ lbs.
Cheese			39 lbs.
Sugar			343 lbs.
Margarine			1 lb.
Mutton			199½ lbs.

CANNED FOODS.

Fruit	 	4 tins
Stews and Soups	 	14 tins
Jam	 	4 tins
Meat	 	48 tins
Vegetables	 	7 tins
Fish	 	20 tins
Milk	 	1418 tins

WATER SUPPLY.

Number of Samples taken for Bacteriological Examination	n74
Number of Samples reported satisfactory	51
Number of Samples reported not entirely satisfactory	19
Number of Samples reported unsatisfactory	4

ADULTERATION.

The Council are not a Local Authority under the Sale of Food and Drugs Act.

SECTION F.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

There were no cases of Diphtheria notified during the year. The following children have been immunised:—

2267 School Children ... 98.6% 1278 Children under School age... 94.3%

Children continue to be immunised regularly in small numbers.

265 patients were admitted to South Petherton Isolation Hospital during the year. 83 of them were from Yeovil Rural District.

Civilians Evacuees	 53 30
Evacuees	
Total	 83

Disease.	Caoos	Admitted to Hospital	Hospital Deaths	Total Deaths
Scarlet Fever	 51	29		
Whooping Cough	 33	11	3	4
Measles	 24	2 -	-91	
Puerperal Pyrexia	 6	6	-	_
Ophthalmia Neonator	1		-	-
Encephalitis	 2	2	1990	1
Pneumonia	 11	3		
Erysipelas	 3	2	66	
Malaria	 - 1			

The following cases of non-notifiable infectious diseases were admitted to South Petherton Hospital for special reasons, or owing to difficulty in early diagnosis.

			Somerse	t	
Disease.			Cases.	Others.	Total.
Mumps		 	-	2	2
Tonsillitis		 	1	5	6
Chicken Pox		 		5	5
Healthy Moth	er	 	1		1
Healthy Babie	es	 	3		3
Scarlet Fever	Contacts	 	3	-	3
Influenza		 	1	1	2
Dermatitis		 	2	4	6

ANALYSIS OF THE TOTAL CASES NOTIFIED.

	Under	1-2 yrs	2—3 yrs.	3-4 yrs.	4—5 yrs.	5-10 yrs.	10-15 yrs.	15-20 yrs.	20-35 Vrs.	35—45 yrs.	45_65 yrs.	Over
Scarlet Fever				4		27	15	4	1			
Whooping Cough	 4	9		7		13						
Measles	 1	4	4	9		2	2	2				
Puerperal Pyrexia								1	5	1		
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	 1						-17					
Encephalitis				1				1				
Pneumonia	 1			2			1	2	5			
Erysipelas						1					1	1
Malaria			139					1	10.0			
										-		

The following Service Cases are included in the above:-

Scarlet Fever	 	1 case
Pneumonia	 	3 cases
Malaria	 	1 case

TUBERCULOSIS.

NEW CASES AND MORTALITY.

Age Periods.				New Cases. Respiratory. Non- Respiratory. M. F. M. F.			Deaths. Respiratory. Non-Respiratory. M. F. M. F.				
0-1										1	
1-5						1					
5-15					1	- 3		1			
15-25			2	5	1	1					
25-35			4	8	× *			1			
35-45	·			1	1		4	2	1		
45-55			1	1						-	
55-65	412							1			
65 and	upwards			1				1			
Total			7	16	3	2	4	6	1	1	

Total New Cases 28.

Deaths 12.

Yeovil Rural District Council.

SANITARY INSPECTOR'S REPORT, 1944.

To the Chairman and Members of the Yeovil Rural District Council.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I have the honour to present my annual report for the year 1944. All the complaints received during the year were satisfactorily dealt with.

HOUSING.

The restriction on building operations has continued, with the result that only works of a minor character have been possible.

There were 8 new houses erected during the year, and plans submitted for approval under the Council's Building Byelaws totalled 36.

Under the Town Planning Scheme 28 Interim Development Permission Certificates were issued.

The standard of existing Housing accommodation has continued to deteriorate owing to the general shortage of labour and materials, and a very considerable amount of work will be necessary as soon as circumstances permit the carrying out of more extensive repairs.

WATER SUPPLIES.

There was a serious shortage of water during the year and severe restrictions were imposed upon many consumers. An emergency supply was put into operation at South Petherton at the end of the year.

SEWERAGE AND SEWAGE DISPOSAL.

Owing to the shortage of suitable labour the maintenance of Sewage Disposal works has not been entirely satisfactory.

SLAUGHTERHOUSES.

Centralised slaughtering outside the district, under the Regional Slaughtering Scheme, has continued.

Licences were issued in respect of 15 private slaughterhouses, but except for Emergency Slaughtering, and slaughter of animals for the sole consumption of the owner, under licence from the Ministry of Food, no slaughtering has been carried out.

FACTORIES AND WORKSHOPS.

All are in a fairly satisfactory condition.

There are 20 Bakehouses in the district, and these have been kept in a satisfactory state.

COWSHEDS AND DAIRIES.

There are 419 Producers of milk on the register, of whom 51 are producers of Accredited milk and 35 Tuberculin Tested milk producers. One of the latter holds a Pasteuriser's licence.

REFUSE COLLECTION AND SALVAGE.

The Refuse Collection and Salvage schemes continue in operation. The position has not been entirely satisfactory, due largely to the impossibility of obtaining adequate and suitable labour.

The amount of salvageable materials collected was the average for a Rural District and was as follows:

A	mount	Va	Value.			
	Tons.	Cwts.		£	s.	
Waste Paper	. 148	16		949	11	
Metals	. 105	16		154	17	
Textiles	. 12	17		197	15	
Bones	. 14	2		67	4	
Rubber	0	11		8	17	
Sundries				34	6	
Total	. 285	2		£1412	10	

The total figures are less than those of the previous year, due to the fact that tins are no longer accepted as salvage.

RODENT CONTROL.

A very satisfactory campaign against Rats was inaugurated during the year. 34 private premises were dealt with, in addition to the Council's undertakings.

1,446 bodies were recovered, and it is estimated that over 4,000 were killed.

Your obedient servant,

CHARLES A. WILSON,

Senior Sanitary Inspector,
Inspector of Meat and other Foods,
Associate of the Royal Sanitary Institute.



