

[Report 1938] / Medical Officer of Health, Warwick Borough.

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Warwick (England). Borough Council.

Publication/Creation

1938

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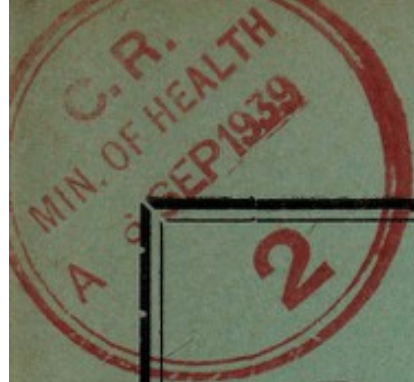
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Borough of Warwick

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

HEALTH OF THE DISTRICT

FOR THE YEAR, 1938

BY

H. Gibbons Ward, M.D., D.P.H.

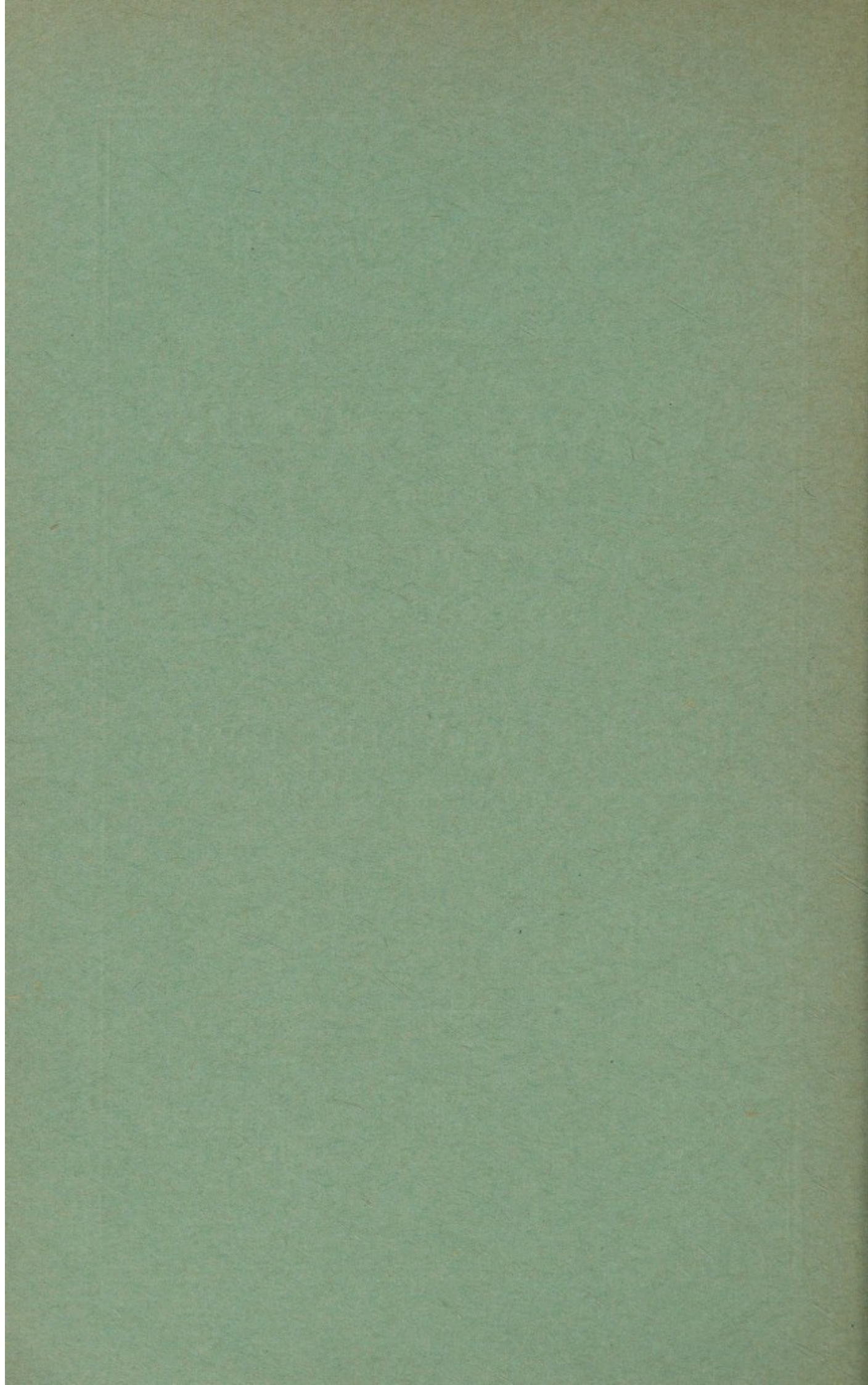
MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

OF THE

Warwickshire Combined Districts.

WARWICK :

THE CASTLE PRESS, PRINTERS, CHAPEL ROW.
1938.



1, MILVERTON HILL,
LEAMINGTON SPA.
May, 1939.

To the Council of the Borough of Warwick.

MR. MAYOR, MRS. COUNC. BAILEY, AND GENTLEMEN,

I beg to present my report for the year 1938, relating to the sanitary conditions of the Borough and the health of its inhabitants.

My thanks are due to the Members of the Council for their kindness and consideration, also to my colleagues for their ready help.

A great deal of work in connection with this report has fallen to Mr. F. J. Allen, the Sanitary Inspector, and I wish to thank him for his willing assistance at this and all other times.

I am, Mr. Mayor, Mrs. Counc. Bailey, and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

H. GIBBONS WARD,
Medical Officer of Health.

**PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS OF THE
BOROUGH OF WARWICK.**

Sanitary Inspector's Dept. :

Inspector : F. J. ALLEN, A.R.San.I., M.S.I.A.

Clerk : R. P. CHURCHILL, A.R.San.I.

Borough Engineer, Surveyor and Waterworks Engineer :

R. WORMELL, A.M.I.C.E., M.I.M. & Cy.E., A.M.T.P.I.

Public Analysts :

HILL & RIGBY, Birmingham.

Medical Officer of Health :

H. GIBBONS WARD, M.D., Ch.B., D.P.H.

+

Borough of Warwick.

A. GENERAL STATISTICS

Area (Acres)	5,057
Population (estimated) Mid-year, 1938	14,020
Population, Resident Census	13,459
Number of Inhabited Houses (1931)	3,339
Number of Inhabited Houses (end of 1938) according to Rate Book	3,907
Number of Families or Separate Occupiers (1931) ...	3,408
Rateable Value	£99,207
Sum represented by a penny rate	£415

2. EXTRACTS FROM VITAL STATISTICS OF THE YEAR.

Live Births	{ Legitimate	Total. 224	M. 123	F. 101	} Birth Rate 16.6	
	{ Illegitimate	10	6	4		
Still Births—Rate per 1,000 total births				...	...	26
Deaths	...	...	184	95	89	Death Rate 13.1
Comparability Factor	...	...	...	...	...	.91
Adjusted Death Rate	...	...	...	...	...	11.9
Deaths from Diseases and		{	From Sepsis		...	—
Accidents of Pregnancy			,, other causes		...	—
and Child-birth...						
Death Rate of Infants under 1 year of age :—						
All Infants per 1,000 live births				...	...	52
Legitimate Infants per 1,000 legitimate live births						49
Illegitimate Infants per 1,000 illegitimate live						
births				...	...	100
Deaths from Measles (all ages)				...	...	—
,, ,, Whooping Cough (all ages)				...	...	1
,, ,, Diarrhoea (under 2 years of age)				...	...	—

VITAL STATISTICS.

Vide Table II.

Population.—The estimated population in the middle of 1938 is given as 14,020 ; this is an increase of 50 on the figure for 1937, and an increase of 561 on the Census figure.

The “Natural Increase” of population, *i.e.*, the excess of births over deaths, was 50.

Birth-Rate.—There were 234 births, giving a birth-rate of 16.6 per 1,000. In 1937, the respective figures were 228 and 16.3 per 1,000.

Death-Rate.—There were 184 deaths, giving a death-rate of 13.1 per 1,000. The respective figures for 1937 were 185 and 13.2 per 1,000.

The adjusted Death-rate for comparison with that for England and Wales was 11.9.

A detailed analysis of the cause of death is given in Table IV., but one may call attention to the commoner causes, viz., Influenza 1, Heart Disease 59, Apoplexy 17, Cancer 29, Bronchitis 2, Violence 4.

In regard to Cancer the number of deaths during the past few years is as follows :—

1919	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928
11	7	15	11	20	25	20	20	17	22
1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937	1938
21	22	21	40	30	30	21	24	21	29

The death-rate per 100,000 population was 203.

Of these 29 deaths 8 were males and 21 in females.

The number of deaths in the Combined District per 100,000 of population for the past 10 years is as follows :—

1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937	1938
124	151	142	152	155	146	146	148	151	151

Infantile Mortality.—12 deaths of infants under one year were registered, giving an infantile mortality rate of 52 per 1,000 births. This rate compares badly with the figure for past years (see Table II.) and is much the same as that for England and Wales for 1938, viz., 53.

It will also be noted that out of the 12 deaths of infants 7 were due to conditions obtaining prior to birth.

B. GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES IN THE AREA.

1. *Public Health Officers.*—A complete list is given at the front of the Report.

No change has taken place in the duties of the staff since the last Report.

2. *Nursing in the Home.*—None provided by the Authority.

6. *Laboratory Facilities.*—The following Table shews the extent to which the County Scheme for the free bacteriological examinations by Birmingham University has been utilised :—

	Positive		Negative		Total.
*Diphtheria ...	67	...	356	...	421
*Enteric Fever	—	...	4	...	4
Tuberculosis	4	...	40	...	44
					<hr/> 469 <hr/>

*This includes specimens sent from Heathcote Isolation Hospital

7. *Legislation in Force.*

WARWICK CORPORATION ACT, 1928 : SANITARY PROVISIONS.

The headings of the various provisions of this Act were given for reference in the Report for 1928.

ADOPTIVE ACTS.

A complete list was given in the Report for 1930.

8. *Hospitals, Ambulances, etc.*—There is no change to report in the facts set out in the Report for 1930.

III. SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE DISTRICT.

1. (i) *Water Supply.*—The new Reservoir mentioned in last year's report has been completed and was officially opened by the late Mayor (Councillor F. W. Turner) on the 12th May. This reservoir, which has a capacity of a million gallons, increases the total capacity of the old and new reservoirs to $1\frac{1}{2}$ million gallons and is equivalent to approximately 4 days supply. The connections between the reservoirs are so arranged that they can be worked in conjunction with each other or independently. The new plant also includes a sand trap which it is hoped will reduce the number of complaints received about the discolouration of the supply. A "Chlorinator" has been provided and fixed to ensure a safe supply of drinking water at all times. During the year the water consumption inclusive of that supplied for trade purposes, has amounted to 28.20 gallons per head per day.

(ii) *Drainage and Sewage Treatment.*—Samples of the sewage tank effluent and final effluent have been taken at the Sewage Disposal Works and the analysts' report showed the percentage of purification to be of the order of 93% and that each stage of the process was working satisfactorily.

Samples of the sewage and final effluent have been taken at the Sewage Disposal Works. A report of the Hydrographical Survey of the Warwickshire Avon issued by the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries stated with reference to the Warwick Sewage Works that "the Warwick sewage effluent had an inappreciable effect on the river."

(iii) *Sewers*.—Complaints have again been received respecting the flooding from the sewer in Chapman Street. The sewer mentioned in last year's report has been further extended and 9 new houses have been erected on the site. A storm water sewer has also been laid from the bottom of West Street to Fishers brook in the Stratford Road and no serious flooding has taken place during the year.

2. (i) *Rivers and Streams*.—Nothing of special note has occurred.

3. (i) *Closet Accommodation*.—During the past year a number of houses have been provided with separate sanitary accommodation; these are mostly cottage property where it is usual to find only one water-closet to two houses. Eighty-seven new pedestal water-closets have been fixed and eighty-eight new 2 gallon flushing cisterns have been fixed and connected to the public water supply. Fifty-seven new inspection and intercepting chambers have been built.

(ii) *Public Cleansing*.—The removal of house refuse is carried out at weekly intervals; 2,727 loads were removed during the year. Complaints were again received respecting the Council's ash-tip situate in St. Nicholas Meadow, also as regards the method of collection of the dust-bins. The latter complaints were chiefly with respect to the placing of dust-bins on the pavement whilst awaiting removal.

Under the Warwick Corporation Act, 1928. reports have been made as to insufficient storage accommodation for house refuse at 60 premises and 52 galvanised iron dust-bins have been provided.

(iii) *Sanitary Inspection of the area*.—The table appended to the Sanitary Inspector's Report gives a summary of his inspections and in his Report will be found full details on the matter, as well as on the premises controlled by Bye-laws.

(iv) *Shops (Shops Act, 1934)*.—The sanitary accommodation at three shops have been improved during the year, in one case the drains have been repaired.

(v) *Smoke Abatement*.—Several complaints were received during the year respecting the excessive amount of smoke being issued from factory chimneys. These complaints were received from tenants in the Packmores area.

These complaints were reported to the Public Health Committee and notices were served on the occupiers of the premises with a view to abating the nuisance.

(vi) *Swimming Baths and Pools*.—The water at the swimming bath situate in the St. Nicholas Park has received attention during the year. The Council have considered the installation of a filtration plant, also the improvement of the bath. This matter is still under consideration.

(vii) *Eradication of Bed Bugs*.—

(a)	Number of houses infested	...	...	18
	(1) Council Houses	...	...	8
	(2) Other Houses	...	...	10
(b)	Number of houses disinfected	...	...	18
(c)	Methods used for freeing infested houses	...	Spraying and sulphur fumigation.	
(d)	Methods used on transfer to Council houses	...	Spraying and sulphur fumigation of furniture and belongings of new tenant.	
(e)	Whether disinfection by Local Authority or Contractor	...	...	Local Authority.

SCHOOLS.—The Sanitary accommodation and drains at one school have received attention and new sanitary conveniences have been built.

D. HOUSING.

1. INSPECTION OF DWELLING-HOUSES DURING THE YEAR.

(1)	(a)	Total number of dwelling-houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)	...	...	...	178
	(b)	Number of inspections made for the purpose	...	...	...	712
(2)	(a)	Number of dwelling-houses (included under sub-head (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925	...	...	...	72
	(b)	Number of inspections made for the purpose	...	...	...	288
(3)		Number of dwelling-houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	...	...	...	27
(4)		Number of dwelling-houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	...	...	...	136

2. REMEDY OF DEFECTS DURING THE YEAR WITHOUT SERVICE OF FORMAL NOTICES.

Number of defective dwelling-houses rendered fit in consequence of informal action by the Local Authority or their officers	64
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3. ACTION UNDER STATUTORY POWERS DURING THE YEAR.

A.—Proceedings under sections 9, 10 and 16 of the Housing Act, 1936*

(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs	...	...	...	29
(2) Number of dwelling-houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notices :—				
(a) By owners	...	...	...	23
(b) By Local Authority in default of owners				—

B.—Proceedings under Public Health Acts.

(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied	...			64
(2) Number of dwelling-houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices :—				
(a) By owners	...	...	...	30
(b) By Local Authority in default of owners				—

C.—Proceedings under sections 19 and 21 of the Housing Act, 1930.

(1) Number of dwelling-houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	...	...	...	7
(2) Number of dwelling-houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders	...	...	...	6

D.—Proceedings under section 12 of the Housing Act, 1936.

(1) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made				—
(2) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been rendered fit	...	...	...	—

4. NUMBER OF HOUSES OWNED BY THE LOCAL AUTHORITY distinguishing those built in the last two years and held under (1) Part III. of the Housing Act, 1925, (2) Part II. of the Housing Act, 1925, and (3) other powers.

Total	...	...	...	541
<i>Housing Act, 1919 :—</i>				
St. Laurence Avenue Site	...	...	66	
The Cape Site	...	...	142	
			—	208
<i>Housing Act, 1923 :—</i>				
The Cape Site	...	...	16	
Emscote Site	...	...	69	
			—	85
<i>Housing Act, 1924 :—</i>				
Packmores Site	...	...	...	248

HOUSING ACT, 1935. OVERCROWDING.

(a)	(i)	Number of dwellings overcrowded at the end of the year	...	...	...	...	...	35
	(ii)	Number of families dwelling therein	...	...	...	...	...	35
	(iii)	Number of persons dwelling therein :—						
			Over 10.	Under 10.	Total No. of	persons		
			227	47		250½		
(b)		Number of new cases of overcrowding reported during the year	...	...	...	...	...	2
(c)	(i)	Number of cases of overcrowding relieved during the year	...	...	...	...	...	9
	(ii)	Number of persons concerned in such cases :—						
			Over 10.	Under 10.	Total No. of	persons		
			46	16		54		
(d)		Particulars of any cases in which dwelling-houses have again become overcrowded after the Local Authority have taken steps for the abatement of overcrowding						Nil
(e)		Included in the total of 115 overcrowded houses found under the Housing Survey, 48 of these houses were situate on the Council's Housing sites. Up to the end of the year, 27 of these cases of overcrowding had been abated, leaving 21 houses belonging to the Town Council to be dealt with. There are also 14 houses, other than Council Houses, still to be dealt with.						

Housing Conditions.

As mentioned in last year's report the Council have opened up a building site in the All Saint's district. This site has been further developed during the year, 9 houses having been erected bringing the total up to 110.

Also the site of the demolished Warwick Prison has been further developed, 42 houses having been erected bringing the total to 148 houses.

No further progress has been made with the building site situate between the Stratford and Hampton roads.

During the year the erection of 103 houses has been carried out by private enterprise, most of these are of the villa type and do not help much in the re-housing of the poorer classes.

A number of houses on the Cape site, St. Laurence Avenue and the All Saint's site, owned by the Town Council, have again been repaired and re-decorated.

Overcrowding Survey.—Under the Survey of 1935 it was found that 115 houses came under the definition of overcrowding. Of these cases 80 have been remedied by moving

the tenants into larger houses. The overcrowding found in the houses owned by the Town Council has been abated with the exception of 21 families which require four-bed-roomed houses.

At the end of the year there remained 35 cases to be dealt with, a number of whom are unable to pay any increase in rent. During the year the Town Council decided to erect a further 40 houses on the Packmores Site. These houses are included in the Council's five-year plan of capital expenditure.

Housing.—During the year the following houses have been demolished :—

No. 8, Coten End.

Nos. 8, 10, 12, Barrack Street.

Nos. 9 and 11, Chapel Street.

Representations have been made for Clearance Areas on :—

Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4, Watts Court, Smith Street.

Nos. 5, 7, 9 and 11, Wallace Street.

So far no public enquiry has been held.

Demolition Orders have been made on :—

Nos. 67, 69, 71, 71a, 73, 75, 77 and 79, West Street.

At the end of the year these orders had not been enforced by the Council and the cottages are being reconditioned by the owners.

E. INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

(a) *Milk Supply.*—The Food and Drugs Acts are administered by the Council. The Inspector has been most thorough in the sampling, and during the past year 107 samples of various foods have been taken ; the major proportion of these were milk samples.

Full details with regard to the results of analysis of these samples are given in the Report of the Sanitary Inspector which follows later.

There are 50 registered purveyors of milk in the Borough and practically all these sell milk in bottles on demand ; it is to be hoped that the public will, in their own interest, continue to ask for bottled milk.

The many advantages of Tuberculin Tested Milk have been set out in previous Reports.

During the past year the Council again authorised the testing of milk for the presence of Tubercle Bacilli ; out of 20 samples thus tested, 1 was found to contain living Tubercle Bacilli. The samples were taken from 18 herds.

Further full details with respect to the Milk Supply are given in the Inspector's Report.

(b) *Meat*.—Having regard to the fact that the part of the Borough within which the Slaughterhouses are situate is a comparatively small area, it is possible to inspect meat at the time of slaughter with considerable efficiency. There are 9 slaughterhouses in the Borough, 6 of which are Registered.

Humane Slaughter.—The Byelaw enforcing the use of the "Humane Killer" in connection with all animals is in force, and no cause for complaint has arisen, save in a few instances where small-holders were not using this instrument. Under the Slaughter of Animals Act, 1933, 22 persons applied for and were granted licenses to slaughter or stun animals in a slaughterhouse.

Carcases Inspected and Condemned.

	Cattle.	Calves.	Sheep & Lambs.	Pigs
Number killed (if known)	884	... 435	... 4700	... 2040
Number inspected	... —	... —	... —	... —

All diseases except Tuberculosis.

Whole carcasses condemned	...	...	...	7	...	—
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	...	...	...	—	...	—
Percentage of the number inspected affected with disease other than tuberculosis	...	...	...	—	...	—

Tuberculosis only.

Whole carcasses condemned	...	...	...	3	...	1
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned	...	...	...	2	...	—
Percentage of the number inspected affected with tuberculosis	...	...	...	—	...	—

Reference to the Report of the Inspector will shew that 34 cwt. of food was condemned and destroyed during the year.

The disposal of condemned food is subject to the supervision of the Inspector, and is carried out at the Destructor in Leamington Spa, through the courtesy of that Authority.

Slaughterhouses in use.

		1920.		Jan., 1938.		Dec., 1938.
Registered	...	7	...	6	...	6
Licensed	...	2	...	3	...	3

(c) *Bakehouses*.—There are 18 bakehouses in the town, and during the year 9 notices to limewash were served and complied with.

VI. PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS DISEASE.

Incidence of Commoner Infectious Diseases since 1929.

		Smallpox.	Diphtheria.	Scarlet Fever.	Enteric Fever	Pneumonia.	Encephalitis Lethargica.	Puerperal Pyrexia.
1930	...	—	5	18	—	8	—	1
1931	...	—	4	21	2	39	2	2
1932	...	—	16	19	3	18	—	—
1933	...	—	29	93	2	45	—	—
1934	...	—	31	19	—	19	—	—
1935	...	—	25	12	—	31	—	1
1936	...	—	36	3	1	32	—	—
1937	...	—	32	44	1	46	—	4
1938	...	—	38	53	—	36	—	4

Reference to Table III. will give the age distribution on the cases notified during 1938.

Smallpox.—No cases.

The Joint Hospital Board has continued arrangements to keep the Smallpox Hospital in constant readiness for opening at very short notice.

Diphtheria.—38 cases were notified during the past year ; 4 of which were in the Warwick Hospital, 2 in each of three families and 3 in one family.

The cases were distributed throughout the town.

37 cases were removed to Hospital ; there was one death.

As far as I am aware, the SCHICK TEST has not been used in the town.

Diphtheria Antitoxin can be obtained by Doctors for use in case of poorer patients from Messrs. Mellor & Co., Market Place, Warwick.

Diphtheria Immunisation.—A scheme for the supply of material free of charge to medical practitioners has been instituted, but there has been little demand as yet.

Scarlet Fever.—53 cases were notified, 2 in three families. 50 cases went to Hospital, and there were no deaths. I have no record of the DICK TEST having been used.

Enteric Fever.—No cases notified.

Puerperal Pyrexia.—4 cases were notified.

Pneumonia.—36 cases were notified, with 6 deaths.

Encephalitis Lethargica.—No cases were notified.

Public Health (Smallpox) Regulations, 1917.—No action was taken or required under these Regulations.

Non-notifiable Infectious Diseases.—No outbreak of any importance.

Notifications of all infectious disease occurring amongst school children were duly forwarded to me from the schools.

School Closures.—Warwick All Saints', 24th October to 7th November, Whooping Cough.

PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER, TUBERCULOSIS.

AGE—PERIODS	NEW CASES.						DEATHS.			
	Pulmonary.		Non-Pulmonary.		Pulmonary.		Non-Pulmonary.		Pulmonary.	
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
0	—	...	1	—	...	—	—	...	2
1	—	...	—	—	...	—	—	...	—
5	—	...	1	1	...	—	—	...	—
15	2	...	1	—	...	2	—	...	—
25	3	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	—
35	2	...	—	1	...	—	—	...	—
45	1	...	—	—	...	2	—	...	—
55	—	...	—	—	...	—	—	...	—
65 and upwards	...	—	...	—	—	...	—	—	...	—
TOTALS	...	8	...	4	3	...	5	1	...	2

During the year 20 new cases of Tuberculosis were notified, 13 being cases of Pulmonary Tuberculosis, and 7 of other Tuberculous diseases.

9 cases of Tuberculosis were admitted for treatment at a Sanatorium, and 9 were discharged during the year.

The following is a tabular statement of the number of cases of Tuberculosis notified yearly since 1921, together with the number of deaths from this disease :—

	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929
Cases	24	17	23	16	20	21	24	30
Deaths	12	6	18	7	12	12	15	20

	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	1936	1937	1938
Cases	20	26	15	25	12	14	24	21	20
Deaths	13	12	10	15	8	6	12	7	8

I have supplied the County Medical Officer of Health every week with lists of new cases of tuberculosis notified, and the County Health Visitor has visited and given advice where such appeared necessary.

Disinfectants and sputum bottles are supplied free through the Sanitary Inspector for cases where they are desirable. After deaths from Pulmonary tuberculosis, or after removal of such patients when the circumstances require it, disinfection is carried out by the Inspector.

The following table shows the number of cases notified during the past 27 years from various parts of the town. It will be realised, of course, that this does not mean that the disease was necessarily contracted at this address, as cases of this character frequently change their abode :—

	New Cases of Tuberculosis notified 1912-1938 inclusive
Albert Street	19
All Saints' Road	4
Avon Street	26
Banbury Road	2
Barrack Street	2
Beauchamp Road	3
Birmingham Road	3
Bowling Green Street	3
Bridge End	10
Bridge Row	6
Bridge Street	2
Broad Street	2
Brook Street	9
The Butts	3
Castle Lane	5
Cape Road	13
Chapel Street	6
Chapman Street	8
Charles Street	3
Cherry Street	13
Church Street	8
Cliffe Hill	1
Commercial Buildings	4

New Cases of
Tuberculosis notified
1912-1938 inclusive.

Corn Market	...	...	...	2
Coten End	...	...	...	12
Coventry Road	...	...	...	4
Crompton Street	...	...	...	10
Cross Street	...	...	...	4
Deer Park Drive	...	...	...	3
Dickins Road	...	...	...	1
Edward Street	...	...	...	5
Emscote Road	...	...	...	24
Factory Yard	...	...	...	4
Friars Street	...	...	...	15
Gerrard Street	...	...	...	2
Greville Road	...	...	...	3
Guy's Cliffe Terrace	...	...	...	4
Guy's Street	...	...	...	3
Hall Street	...	...	...	1
Hampton Street	...	...	...	4
Heathcote	...	...	...	2
High Street	...	...	...	5
Hill Street	...	...	...	12
Humphriss Street	...	...	...	16
Joyce Pool	...	...	...	2
Jury Street	...	...	...	2
Lammas Walk	...	...	...	1
Linen Street	...	...	...	35
Longbridge	...	...	...	3
Lower Cape	...	...	...	7
Lyttleton Road	...	...	...	3
Market Street	...	...	...	11
Market Square	...	...	...	4
Meadow Road	...	...	...	2
Mill Street	...	...	...	4
Millers Road	...	...	...	1
Monk Street	...	...	...	5
Myton	...	...	...	6
New Street	...	...	...	2
Newburgh Crescent	...	...	...	1
North Rock	...	...	...	7
Oken Road	...	...	...	3
Old Square	...	...	...	1
Packmore Street	...	...	...	5
Paradise Street	...	...	...	3
Parkes Street	...	...	...	13
Peel Road	...	...	...	1
Pickard Street	...	...	...	15
Pickard Row	...	...	...	4
Priory Road	...	...	...	5
Queen's Square	...	...	...	5
Rock Terrace	...	...	...	1
St. John's	...	...	...	2
St. Nicholas Church Street	...	...	...	7
St. Laurence Avenue	...	...	...	5
Saltisford	...	...	...	21
Sanders Street	...	...	...	8
Smith Street	...	...	...	12

New Cases of
Tuberculosis notified
1912-1938 inclusive.

Stand Street	...	...	...	14
Stratford Road	...	...	...	1
Theatre Street	...	...	...	4
Union Road	...	...	...	12
Upper Cape	...	...	...	2
Victoria Street	...	...	...	5
Vine Lane	...	...	...	7
Wallace Street	...	...	...	5
Wathen Road	...	...	...	1
Wedgnock Green	...	...	...	2
West Road	...	...	...	5
West Street	...	...	...	14
Wharf Street	...	...	...	4
Woodcote Road	...	...	...	1
Woodhouse Street	...	...	...	11
Woodloes Lane	...	...	...	3
Warwick Hospital	...	...	...	20
				619

4. CAUSES OF SICKNESS.

There is nothing of special note.

REPORT OF SANITARY INSPECTOR.

TO THE CHAIRMAN AND MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH AND
HOUSING COMMITTEE.

MR. MAYOR, MRS. COUNC. BAILEY AND GENTLEMEN,

I beg to submit the Annual Report of Nuisances abated and sanitary work carried out within the Borough of Warwick for the year ended 31st day of December, 1938.

The Nuisances abated during the above period amounted to 1,049 and are classified in Table I.

CANAL BOATS ACTS, 1877 AND 1884.

The number of boats visited and inspected during the year ended 31st day of December, 1938, was 34 and of these 36 inspections were made as follows:—

32 boats were inspected once	...	32 inspections.
2 boats were inspected twice	...	4 inspections.
		36 inspections.

Number of boats contravening the Acts—8.

Infringements.

Defective cabins	...	...	...	2
Overcrowded cabins	...	...	...	1
Cabins not dry	...	...	...	2
Required painting	...	...	...	4
Failure to produce registration certificate	...	...	...	4
No vessel for storing drinking water	...	...	...	—
				13

The necessary notices were served in the above cases and at the end of the year there was one notice outstanding.

During the year a number of visits were made to the canal when no boats were met with.

Number of boats on Register.

Horse drawn	...	...	...	...	...	9
Motor or Steamer	...	...	...	...	...	—
Total	...	...	...	...	...	9

COMMON LODGING HOUSES.

The following are the returns from the two Common Lodging Houses of Lodgers sleeping in the town for the year ended 31st day of December, 1938 :—

Adults.

Males	...	...	...	...	...	3,116
Females	...	...	...	...	...	965

Under ten years.

Males	...	...	...	...	...	165
Females	...	...	...	...	...	59

Total	4,305
-------	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-------

being an increase of 440 on last year's returns.

MILK AND CREAM REGULATIONS, 1929.

Milk and Cream not sold as Preserved Cream.

During the year 40 samples of milk and 10 samples of cream were submitted to the Public Analyst for examination.

Number of samples examined for the presence of a Preservative.

	<i>No. analysed for preservatives.</i>				<i>No. in which preservatives were reported present.</i>	
Milk	40	...	Nil
Cream	10	...	Nil
<i>Milk (Test for dirt).</i>						
Satisfactory	40
Unsatisfactory (Showed excessive bacteria contamination)	Nil

ARTIFICIAL CREAM ACT, 1929.

No samples were taken for analysis under this Act.

SALE OF FOOD AND DRUGS ACTS.

During the past year 107 samples of various foods and drugs have been submitted to the Public Analyst for examination. One sample of milk was reported to be down to the limit in fat and two other samples were reported as being of poor quality. Four samples were reported to be deficient in fat, varying from 3% to 13%. The Vendors of these samples were warned as to the poor quality of milk being retailed. It has not been found necessary to institute proceedings under the above Acts during the year.

As mentioned in previous reports arrangements have been made, by the County Council, for school children attending Elementary Schools to receive a daily supply of milk. Twenty-three samples of this milk were submitted for Bacteriological examination when it was found that six samples had high bacterial counts.

During the year it was found necessary to warn several Vendors of milk for failing to have their names and addresses on the cans and vehicles from which they were retailing milk.

The average fat content of the samples submitted for examination was 3.34 against 3.65 for the previous year.

The 10 samples of fresh cream examined contained no preservatives and were of good commercial quality, having Fat contents varying from 35% to 58%.

Eighteen samples of butter have been submitted to the Public Analyst during the past year and were reported as genuine.

GRADED MILK.

During the past year twenty-five samples of Pasteurised milk have been submitted for Bacteriological examination. Six samples were found to be not complying with the prescribed conditions of the licence, owing to excessive bacterial counts and in two instances the samples did not satisfy the phosphatase test. One sample of Tuberculin Tested milk was examined and was found to be satisfactory and complied with the conditions of the licence.

MILK TEST FOR TUBERCLE BACILLI.

During the past year 20 samples of milk have been submitted for this test. One sample was reported as containing living tubercle bacilli. Representation was made by your Medical Officer of Health to the Authorities responsible which resulted in one cow being removed from the herd and slaughtered. The above samples were derived from the milk of 240 cows in 18 herds.

MILK TEST FOR STREPTOCOCCUS SCARLETINAE.

Owing to a slight outbreak of Scarlet Fever the suspected milk from one farm was submitted for the above test and was reported as being unsuitable for human consumption. Six samples of this milk were submitted for examination before a satisfactory report was obtained that the milk was clear of infection.

DAIRIES, COWSHEDS AND MILKSHOPS ORDERS.

During the past year four applications were received for registration, viz., 2 to retail milk (one of these being for registration of fresh premises by an existing retailer) and 2 to have cowsheds and dairies registered with the local authority. Five persons having given up the business their names were removed from the Register.

Number of Cowkeepers who are also Purveyors	
of milk	10
Number of Cowkeepers who are not Purveyors	
of milk	16
Number of Dairymen and Purveyors of milk	40
Total	66

THE MILK (SPECIAL) DESIGNATIONS ORDER, 1936.

<i>Description of Licences.</i>	<i>Number in force, 1938.</i>
(1) Producers' Licences for Tuberculin Tested milk	Nil
(2) Producers' Licences for Accredited Milk	5
(3) Bottling Licences for Tuberculin Tested milk	Nil
(4) Bottling Licences for Accredited milk	Nil
(5) Pasteurisers' Licences for Pasteurised milk	Nil

Tuberculin Tested Milk.—Eight firms registered to retail.
 Accredited Milk.—Three firms registered to retail.
 Pasteurised Milk.—Three firms registered to retail.
 Shops.—Twelve shops selling bottled milk only.
 Retailers.—Practically all retailers sell milk in bottles or cartons as well as selling loose milk.

MILK AND DAIRIES ORDER, 1926.

During the past year a number of cow sheds have again been inspected under the above Order. Plans have been submitted for the erection of two new cowsheds and in one instance the buildings have been completed and the other is nearing completion. During the year drinking water has been laid on to two cowsheds.

SLAUGHTERHOUSES.

The inspection of slaughterhouses and butchers' premises has again been carried out as far as time would permit. Seven slaughterhouses were limewashed or repaired after notice. 340 visits and inspections to butchers' premises were made during the year.

At the end of the year there were three licenced and six registered slaughterhouses on the register. Several complaints have again been received during the year.

Slaughter of Animals Act, 1933.

Twenty-two applications were received for renewal of annual licences to slaughter or stun animals under the above Act, also one new licence was applied for.

The Knacker's Yard, which is situate on the outskirts of the town near Myton Road, has again been kept without complaints having been received.

At the end of the year the Council were considering the building of a public slaughtering place.

UNSOUND FOOD.

The following is a summary of unsound food and diseased meat, etc., destroyed as being unfit for human consumption during the year 1938.

Food seizures and surrenders for the year 1938 :—

	Cwts.	Qrs.	lbs.
Three carcasses of beasts and internal organs (Generalised Tuberculosis) ...	17	3	26
Two carcasses of sheep and internal organs (Fevered) ...	1	2	20
Five carcasses of sheep and internal organs (Bruised) ...	1	2	22
Two carcasses of pigs and internal organs (Fevered) ...	2	2	4
Five bovine heads and tongues (Tuberculosis) ...	1	1	5
Four fore-quarters of beasts (Tuberculosis) ...	5	1	9
Two carcasses of pigs and internal organs (Fevered) ...	1	2	2
One carcase of pig and internal organs (Tuberculosis) ...	1	2	4
One box beef suet (Foreign) Decomposed)		2	0
Total ...	34	0	8

PUBLIC HEALTH (MEAT) REGULATIONS, 1924.

As in previous years the majority of butchers have given notice of fixed times of slaughtering, but in several instances warning had to be sent to persons who slaughtered their animals before notice was given.

Complaints were again received as to pigs being slaughtered on allotments but there is no objection to these small-holders slaughtering a pig provided they comply with the Meat Regulations.

During the year the Bye-law to enforce the use of the "Humane Killer" on all animals intended for human food has been enforced.

Notice of Regular Slaughtering during each week :—

Beasts.	Sheep.	Calves.	Pigs.
16	83	8	38
Notice of Irregular Slaughtering. Number of animals:—			
Beasts.	Sheep.	Calves.	Pigs.
52	384	19	64

The majority of the shops where meat is exposed for sale have proper windows for protecting the meat. Several persons were warned for failing to protect their meat from dust while being delivered to the purchasers.

SHOPS ACTS.

During the year 345 visits and inspections have been made to various shops and premises. Several complaints were received about the closing of shops at the proper hours. The sanitary accommodation at two shops has been improved during the year. During the year an order "Butchers' Weekly Half-Holiday and Closing Order" came into operation regulating the closing of all butchers' establishments except the business of a "Pork Butcher."

WATER SUPPLY.

One sample of well-water taken from a Dairy Farm has been submitted to the Public Analyst for examination, and was reported to be unfit for drinking purposes. The town water has since been laid on to these premises by extending the public supply to the farm. During the year the provision of inside water-supplies has again received attention with the result that 92 cottages have had the town water installed inside the premises, a tap being fixed over glazed sink. Sixty-three informal notices were served and 29 formal notices after reports had been made to the Public Health Committee.

During the year the new storage reservoir was opened.

FACTORY AND WORKSHOPS ACTS.

There are 18 bakehouses and 116 workshops on the registers. Four new workshops have been added during the year. Nine bakehouses have been limewashed after notice. The number of visits made to bakehouses was 80 and to workshops and factories 165. The sanitary accommodation and drains at four factories and workshops have received attention.

HOUSING, TOWN PLANNING, ETC., ACTS.

During the year 178 houses were inspected and in each case defects were found to exist. The most serious defects, as in previous years, were dampness, want of damp-proof courses in base of walls, defective roofs, eaves gutters and downspoutings. Also the want of proper sinks, drains, water-supplies and food cupboards.

Again, as in previous years, a large number of Owners and Agents have been interviewed, resulting in 87 houses being repaired. At the end of the year there were 72 notices outstanding under the Public Health and Housing Acts. During the past year 4 houses have been demolished. Seven others that were under orders are being re-conditioned.

HOUSE DRAINAGE.

The smoke and water-test has been applied to the drainage and fittings of 24 properties comprising 96 houses. The defective drains at 96 houses have been taken up and relaid, or repaired. 28 properties comprising 124 houses have been intercepted from the public sewer in roadway; 56 choked and defective water-closets have been cleared and cleansed and repaired. 75 choked drains have been cleared and cleansed, 55 soil-pipes and ventilating shafts have been fixed or repaired. 87 new pedestal water-closets have been fixed, 88 new 2 gallon flushing cisterns have been fixed to water-closets and urinals, 57 new inspection and intercepting chambers have been built.

RATS AND MICE (DESTRUCTION) ACT, 1919.

Under Section 1 of the Rats and Mice (Destruction) Act, 1919, it is a statutory obligation upon the occupier of land or buildings to take such steps as may from time to time be necessary and reasonably practicable for the destruction of rats and mice. If the source of infestation lies outside the occupier's control he is advised to communicate with the Local Authority.

During the year a number of premises from which complaints had been received were visited and inspected and where found necessary advice was given as to the best methods to adopt for freeing the premises from rats.

During the "Rat Week" special efforts were made to deal with premises known to be infested with rats and mice, and after using dogs and ferrets in the first instance poisoned baits were laid, apparently with good results. The usual method was again adopted by drawing as many rats as possible to one feeding place for one or two nights after which poisoned baits were laid and in most cases were readily consumed by the rats. As stated in previous reports it is difficult to say how many rats have been killed in this way, but seeing that the majority of baits were taken it must be assumed that a large number of rats have been destroyed in this manner.

Advertisements were also inserted in the local newspapers inviting people interested to join in and help during the special week, also a film from the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries, "Your Enemy the Rat" was advertised and shown at the local Cinema and in this way it was found possible to deal with a number of premises in various parts of the town.

LICENSED AND REFRESHMENT HOUSES.

Further inspections have again been made of these premises during the year resulting in plans for new accommodation at two licensed premises being submitted. In one instance the accommodation has been completed and in the other the work is in hand. Five new pedestal water-closets and flushing cisterns have been fixed including 2 urinals for males and 3 pedestal water-closets for females,

INFECTIOUS DISEASE (NOTIFICATION) ACT, 1899.

During the past year 95 cases of Infectious Disease have been notified. 88 of these patients were removed to the Heathcote Isolation Hospital for treatment, viz.—54 cases of Scarlet Fever and 38 cases of Diphtheria. Four cases of Scarlet Fever were isolated at home. During the year 101 rooms and other premises were sprayed and fumigated, also parts of two schools were disinfected during the year. Twenty-four lots of bedding were steam-disinfected or destroyed.

RAG FLOCK ACT (1911) AMENDMENT ACT, 1928.

No samples were taken for examination during the year under the above Act.

CLEANSING OF BROOKS.

During the year the brook situate in Lammas Field and the Saltisford Common has received further attention. Complaints were again received respecting the fouling of this brook and steps were taken to try and remedy the matter. No complaints have been received during the year of any serious flooding. The storm water sewer and gullies being laid in the Stratford Road were nearing completion at the end of the year.

I am, Mr. Mayor, Madam and Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

F. J. ALLEN, M.S.I.A.,

Sanitary Inspector,

Borough of Warwick.

TABLE I.

BOROUGH OF WARWICK.

SUMMARY OF SANITARY WORK DONE IN THE SANITARY INSPECTOR'S
DEPARTMENT DURING THE YEAR 1938.

	<i>Inspections and Observations made.</i>	<i>Notices served. Statu- tory.</i>	<i>Nuisances Abated after In- formal. Notices.</i>
Dwelling Houses and Schools	842	102	319
Lodging Houses	8	—	2
Dairies and Milkshops	115	—	2
Cow Sheds	126	2	6
Bakehouses	72	1	7
Slaughter Houses	106	—	2
Canal Boats	36	8	8
Ashpits and Privies	96	38	10
Deposits of Refuse and Manure	36	—	16
Water-closets	204	36	56
House Drainage	300	60	75
Water Supply	368	72	20
Pigsties	26	1	1
Animals improperly kept	4	—	1
Offensive Trades	—	—	—
Smoke Nuisances	18	1	1
Other Nuisances	620	62	108
TOTALS	2979	382	634

	No.
Seizures and Surrenders of Unwholesome Food	18
Samples of Food taken for Analysis (Milk)	107
Ditto of Food found adulterated	—
Ditto of Water taken for Analysis	1
Ditto of Water condemned as unfit for use	1

PRECAUTIONS AGAINST INFECTIOUS DISEASE.

Lots of Infected Bedding Disinfected or Destroyed	24
Houses Disinfected after Infectious Disease	95
Schools ditto ditto ditto	2

F. J. ALLEN, Sanitary Inspector,

TABLE II.
BOROUGH OF WARWICK.

VITAL STATISTICS OF WHOLE DISTRICT DURING 1938 AND PREVIOUS YEARS.

YEAR.	Population estimated to Middle of each Year.	BIRTHS.		NETT DEATHS BELONGING TO THE DISTRICT.			
		Nett.		Under 1 Year of age.		At all Ages.	
		Number.	Rate.	Number.	Rate per 1,000 Nett Births.	Number.	Rate.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1932	13,660	207	15.2	9	44	194	14.2
1933	13,730	179	13.0	9	50	187	13.6
1934	13,550	189	14.0	6	32	144	10.6
1935	13,530	177	13.0	12	68	153	11.3
1936	13,800	217	15.7	13	60	156	11.3
1937	13,970	228	16.3	15	66	185	13.2
1938	14,020	234	16.6	12	52	184	13.1

VITAL STATISTICS IN ENGLAND AND WALES, 1938.

ENGLAND AND WALES.

Birth-rate, Death-rate, and Infantile Mortality during the Year 1938 (Provisional Figures).

Annual Rate per 1,000 Population.

				Live Births.	Still Births.	Deaths under one year to 1,000 Births.	
England and Wales	...	...	15.1	0.60	11.6	53	
126 Great Towns, including London			15.0	0.65	11.7	57	
148 Smaller Towns	...	...	15.4	0.60	11.0	51	
London	...	...	13.4	0.48	11.4	57	

TABLE III.—BOROUGH OF WARWICK.
CASES OF INFECTIOUS DISEASE NOTIFIED DURING THE YEAR 1938.

NOTIFIABLE DISEASE.	Number of Cases notified.								Total cases removed to Hospital.	Total Deaths.
	At all ages.	At Ages.—Years.								
		Under 1.	1 to 5.	5 to 15.	15 to 25.	25 to 45.	45 to 65.	65 and upwards.		
Small-pox										
Plague										
Diphtheria (including Mem- branous Croup)	38	.....	11	17	3	5	2	.....	37	1
Erysipelas	4	.....				1	1	2		
Scarlet Fever	53	1	21	15	12	1	3	.....	50	.....
Typhus Fever										
Enteric Fever										
Pneumonia	36	1	8	2	4	5	9	7	.....	6
Malaria										
Dysentery										
Puerperal Pyrexia	4	.....			3	1				
Cerebro-spinal Meningitis	1	.....			1					
Poliomyelitis										
Encephalitis Lethargica										
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	1	1								
Polio-Encephalitis										
Pulmonary Tuberculosis	13	.....			2	9	2	.....		6
Other forms of Tuberculosis	7	1	.....	2	3	1		.....		2
Totals	157	4	40	36	28	23	17	9	87	15

Isolation Hospitals: Heathcote Joint Isolation Hospital (Warwick M.B).
Joint Small-pox Hospital (Fosse, in Southam R.D.)

TABLE IV.
BOROUGH OF WARWICK.

CAUSES OF DEATH DURING THE YEAR 1938.

CAUSES OF DEATH.	MALES.	FEMALES.
All Causes	95	89
1 Typhoid and Paratyphoid Fevers		
2 Measles		
3 Scarlet Fever		
4 Whooping Cough	1	
5 Diphtheria	1	
6 Influenza		1
7 Encephalitis Lethargica		
8 Cerebro-spinal Fever	1	1
9 Tuberculosis of Respiratory System	4	1
10 Other Tuberculous Diseases	2	
11 Syphilis		
12 General Paralysis of the Insane, Tabes Dorsalis		
13 Cancer, Malignant Disease	8	21
14 Diabetes	2	3
15 Cerebral Haemorrhage, etc.	9	8
16 Heart Disease	32	27
17 Aneurysm		
18 Other Circulatory Diseases	6	5
19 Bronchitis		2
20 Pneumonia (all forms)	4	2
21 Other Respiratory Diseases	1	
22 Peptic Ulcer	3	1
23 Diarrhoea, etc. (under 2 years)	1	2
24 Appendicitis	1	1
25 Cirrhosis of Liver		
26 Other Diseases of Liver, etc.		
27 Other Digestive Diseases	3	2
28 Acute and Chronic Nephritis		2
29 Puerperal Sepsis		
30 Other Puerperal Causes		1
31 Congenital Debility, Premature Birth, Malformation, etc.	6	1
32 Senility		4
33 Suicide	1	
34 Other Violence	3	1
35 Other Defined Diseases	5	3
36 Causes, ill-defined or unknown	1	

