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#### **Contributors**

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# ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

#### MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

FOR THE YEAR

1958

including the Report of the

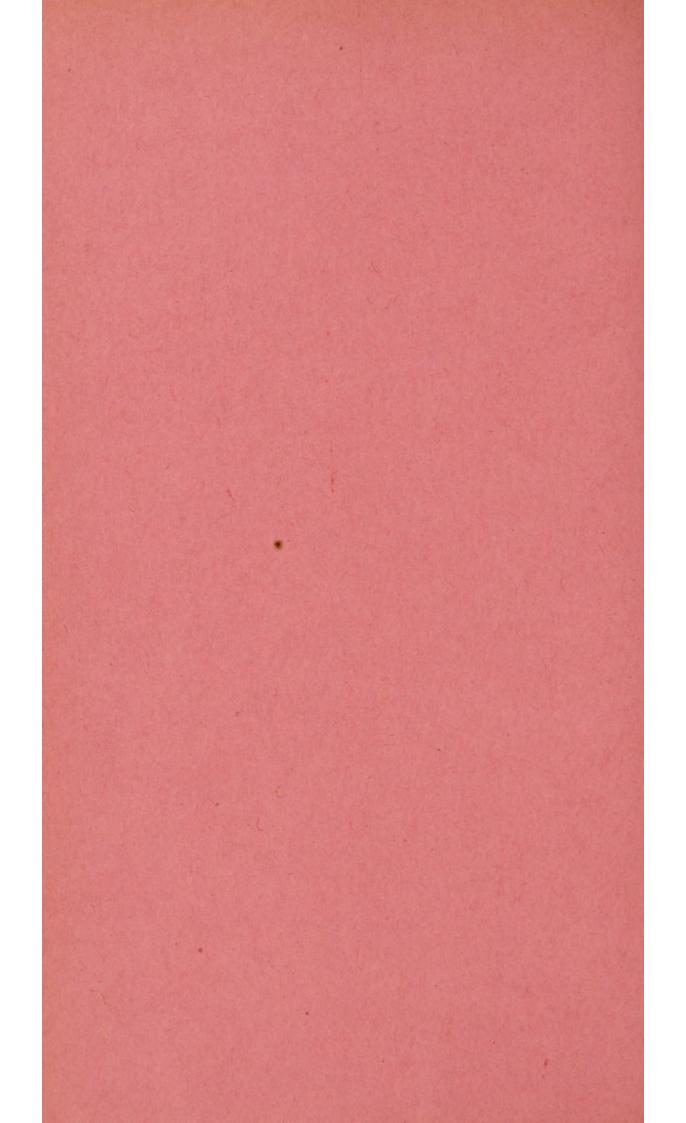
CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

ERIC H. MOORE

B.Sc., M.B., Ch.B., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

Health Department, Sankey St. Warrington (Tel: 33201).





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#### COMMITTEES AT 31st DECEMBER, 1958

#### RELATED HEALTH SERVICES COMMITTEE

The Mayor Councillor T. RUTTER, J.P.

Alderman David Plinston, C.B.E., M.A., J.P. (Chairman)

Councillor Mrs. AMY HINDLE (Deputy Chairman)

Alderman Joseph Poole, J.P.

Alderman JOHN SMITH

Councillor H. G. BRANDWOOD

Councillor H. GREENWOOD J.P.

Councillor W. G. CALDWELL, LL.B., J.P.

Councillor HAROLD GRAY, J.P.

Councillor Mrs. MARY HARDMAN

Councillor W. H. HEALEY

Councillor W. J. McCoy

Councillor W. MULLEN

Councillor JAMES PHOENIX, J.P.

Councillor W. C. STATHAM

#### HEALTH COMMITTEE

All the members of the Related Health Services Committee plus the following co-opted members:—

Dr. A. R. BARBER J.P.

Mrs. J. B. Robertson, J.P.

Dr. W. E. BOWDEN

Mrs. F. M. SADLER

Mr. J. SELWYN JONES

#### MENTAL HEALTH SUB-COMMITTEE

THE MAYOR

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE HEALTH COMMITTEE

THE DEPUTY CHAIRMAN OF THE HEALTH COMMITTEE

Councillor H. G. BRANDWOOD

Councillor GREENWOOD

Councillor Mrs. HARDMAN

Councillor GRAY

Dr. A. R. BARBER, J.P.

TOWN CLERK

J. P. ASPDEN, Esq., LL.B.

#### STAFF AT 31st DECEMBER, 1958

#### WHOLE-TIME STAFF

Medical Officer of Health: ERIC H. MOORE, B.Sc., M.B., CH.B., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.

Deputy Medical Officer of Health: Alexander Gatherer, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

Assistant Medical Officers of Health: ANGELA MANNING, M.R.C.S.(Eng.), L.R.C.P.(Lond.)

MARY GRAHAM, M.B., CH.B.

THOMAS F. LEONARD, M.B., CH.B., D.P.H. (appointed 21st April, 1958).

Principal Dental Officer: A. P. FINLAY, L.D.S., R.F.P.S.

Dental Officer: Mrs. P. LAWTON, L.D.S.

Chief Public Health Inspector: (Meat and Foods H. A. RICHARDSON, CERT. S.I.B., CERT. R.S.I. (died 19th April, 1958).

W. H. MOLYNEAUX, CERT.S.I.B., CERT.R.S.I. (Meat and Foods) (Appointed 2nd July, 1958).

Deputy Chief Public Health Inspector: (Meat and Foods) W. H. MOLYNEUAX, CERT. S.I.B., CERT. R.S.I. (Meat and Foods)—to 2nd July, 1958.

J. F. PICKLES, CERT. S.I.B., CERT. R.S.I. (Meat and Foods) (Appointed 18th August, 1958).

Superintendent of Health Visitors and School Nurses: Miss A. N. AGAR, S.R.N., S.C.M., Health Visitor's Cert.

Non-Medical Supervisor of Midwives: Miss M. Addy, S.R.N., S.C.M., Midwife Teacher's Cert.

Superintendent of Nurses' Training Home: Miss F. E. FREEMAN, S.R.N., S.C.M.

Lay Administrative Assistant: W. ATKINSON, D.P.A., CERT. S.I.B.

Duly Authorised Officers: LEONARD WARE, R.M.P.A., PERCY HAZELDINE.

Domestic Help Organiser: Mrs. M. ADAMS.

Ambulance Officer: W. H. BELL.

#### PART-TIME STAFF:

Consultant Obstetrician: Mr. G. W. H. MILLINGTON, M.B., CH.B., M.R.C.O.G.

Consultant Ear, Nose, and Throat Surgeon: Mr. WALTER E. HUNTER, M.A., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (Resigned November, 1958).

R. Pracy, F.R.C.S. (Eng.), L.R.C.P.(Lond.) (Appointed November, 1958).

Chest Physician: JAMES BLACK, M.D., F.R.F.P.S., M.R.C.P.

Tuberculosis Officer: ROBERT M. WHITE, M.B., CH.B., D.P.H.

Public Analyst: J. D. SHERRATT, B.Sc., F.R.I.C.

#### To the Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors of the County Borough of Warrington,

MR. MAYOR, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I have the honour to submit to you my Annual Report for the year 1958.

The vital statistics for the year call for little comment. The infant mortality rate of 24·39 is the lowest ever recorded in the borough, but the stillbirth rate rose to 31·02 which is the highest since 1951, and the perinatal mortality rate, which is calculated from the number of stillbirths plus deaths in the first week of life expressed per thousand live and stillbirths, rose from 36·81 to 49·49. It will be seen that the infant mortality rate does not represent the true loss of infant life but is merely an index of services and conditions appertaining after birth. The birth rate continued to decline. The deaths from bronchitis and cancer of the lung and bronchus while less than they have been in previous years, must give rise to grave concern; this has been the commonest cause of death from cancer for some years, though in the present year it was equalled by deaths from cancer of the stomach.

There was no undue incidence of infectious disease during the year, and immunisation programmes proceeded smoothly. Poliomyelitis vaccination was continued within the limits of vaccine available, and 8.394 primary courses were performed. Once again, there has been a decline in the number of diphtheria immunisations, but there has been a rise in smallpox vaccination, especially amongst younger children.

In accordance with Ministry of Health Circular 22/58, a short survey on the first ten years of the National Health Service has been included in the report.

The decline in attendances at the ante-natal clinic, and especially the post-natal clinic continues, but there has been an increase in the use made of infant welfare centres.

The number of visits paid by health visitors is markedly reduced, which is caused by the reduced number of staff who have been working. Four students were accepted during the year and commenced training at Manchester.

The figures for the work of the Domestic Help Service showed the effect of the increased establishment of domestic helps which was brought into effect on the 1st April, there being five more maternity cases dealt with and 51 more cases of chronic sickness.

The Day Nursery figures showed a decline in admissions, which is most marked in the case of Haryngton Avenue Nursery.

The notable feature during the year was the commencement of the building of the new Health and Education Clinic, Garven Place, which was first projected 9 years ago, and it will be taken into use during 1959.

Slum clearance procedures continued satisfactorily both by demolition of individual houses and by clearance areas. Demolition of the first clearance area commenced, and during the year a Public Inquiry was held into the second area in Winwick Road.

The statistics on atmospheric pollution are worthy of special attention as there is a notable reduction in the deposits and sulpher emissions recorded at the sites of high density where industrial and railway pollution is the major contributory factor (the Central Police Station and the Ambulance Depot). In the less industrialised and more residential areas no improvement is shown, in fact there might almost be said to be some slight deterioration. This, no doubt, reflects the work of the Public Health Inspectors in regard to industrial pollution and the measures taken by the firms in the town to improve the situation.

The report also contains the routine figures and details of housing inspections. These are apt to be unspectacular and taken for granted, but it should never be forgotten that the most important factors in the health of a community are the provision of good housing and good clean food. Without these two factors the expensive personal services would be largely wasted, and this daily routine work of the public health inspectors is as important to-day as it was 100 years ago.

In conclusion, I wish to convey my thanks to all members of the Council, and especially the Health Committee for their support during the year. I would also wish to record the outstanding co-operation which I have received from the officers of other Corporation Departments, as well as the Health Department, and from professional and lay members of the other branches of the Health Services.

I have the honour to be,
Your obedient Servant,
ERIC H. MOORE,
Medical Officer of Health.

# GENERAL PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICES

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Notifications received du	iring 195	8			 	16
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23

NOTIFICATIONS OF BIRTH

#### **General Information**

Average height above sea-level: 50 feet.

Prevailing winds: West and South-west.

Area of County Borough in acre	es					4,639
Number of separate dwellings o	ccupie	d (1931	)			17,341
Number of families or separate	occupi	ers (19	31)			18,474
Rateable value, at 1st April, 195	57					£743,049
Rateable value, at 1st April, 195	58					£754,001
Actual product of a penny rate:	<u>-</u>					
1957/58						£3,057·52
1958/59				/		£3,111·39
Population:						
Census figure, 1951						80,681
				1958		1957
Registrar-General's Estima June 30th				*79,470	0	*79,420
Estimated Child Population at June 30th	n (i.e. 1	under 1	5 years	18,600	0	18,700

<sup>\*</sup>These figures are "Home population figures" (i.e. they include members of the Armed Forces stationed in Warrington).

#### Summary of Vital Statistics

	OWALLER	ur y		Cetta C	, tutionic	9		
Live Births—						1958		1957
Legitimate:	Males				(05)		6641	
Degriiiate.	Females				569	254	6765	1340
Illegitimate:							24)	
megitimate.	Female				26 } 32 }	58	42	66
	1 cmarc				32-		425	Contract of the last
To	tals					1312		1406
		100						
Live Birth Rate p	er 1,000 Po	pulatio	n		10	5.51	1	7.70
Corrected Live B						5.69		6.81
Still Births—								
· Legitimate:	Males				$\frac{19}{20}$	39	13 }	28
	Females				20 5	3,	155	20
Illegitimate:	Males				17	2	51	6
	Females				1 2	3	15	6
					_		_	
Tot	tals					42		34
							-	
Still-birth Rate p		e and s	till-bi	rths		1.02	2	23.61
Total live and sti						1354		1440
Infant Mortality		intants	under	r one		-		
year of age) .				•••	103	32	20.7	43
Legitimate:					18	30	28	41
*** ***	Females				123		155	
Illegitimate:			• • • •		1}	2	-}	. 2
	Females				13		2)	
To	tals					32		43
10	tais	***	***	***		32		43
7 C . M	D 1	000 1			The same			
Infant Mortality					2	1.20		0 50
total	Pote per 1 (	000 logi	timat	a livro	2	1.39	3	30.58
Infant Mortality					2:	3.91	2	80.60
Infant Mortality					4.	, ,1		00 00
live births .	rate per	1,000	megre	mace	34	1.48	2	0.33
Neo-Natal Death	s (Deaths	of infar	nts in	first		. 10		
28 days of life	2)					21		23
Neo-Natal Morta	lity Rate					5.01	1	6.35
Illegitimate live b								
births					4	1.42		4.69
Maternal Deaths	(including a	bortion	1)			1		Nil
Maternal Mortal								
still-births .					(	).74		0.00
Early Neo-Natal								
infants in first								0 51
births) .					1.	1 · 43	1	3.51
Perinatal Mortal	nty Rate (	oun 1 0	OO live	pius				
deaths in first v	week of life	per 1,0	00 1100	and	40	.49	2	6.81
still-births) . Total loss of infa	nt life (Still	hirthe	nlue i	nfant	43	17	3	0 01
deaths) per 1,00	00 live and st	ill-birt	hs		5/	1.66	5	3.62
Still-birth Rate p						).53		0.43
one on the p	,000 PO							-

Deaths	888	916
Death Rate per 1,000 home population	11 · 17	11.53
Corrected Death Rate per 1,000 population	13.74	13.83
Deaths from Bronchitis per 1,000 home popula-	0.78	1.01
Deaths from Pneumonia per 1,000 home population	0.73	0.60
Deaths from Cancer of lung and Bronchus per	0.44	0.58
1,000 home population Deaths from other forms of Cancer per 1,000	0.44	0.38
home population	1.52	1.66
Marriages	702	733
Marriage rate per 1,000 population	8.8	9.2

#### Vital Statistics

#### 1939 - 1958

		1,000 ulation		000 Live		Per 1,000 Total (Live and Still) Births				
Year	Death Rate	Live Birth Rate	Infant Mort- ality Rate	Neo- Natal Death Rate	Still Birth Rate	Still Births and Infant Deaths				
1939	11.2	16.5	53.4	24.0	47.2	97.8				
1940	13.9	17.8	65.8	30.0	46.7	108 · 8				
1941	12.6	18.4	87 · 1	34.3	46.3	128 · 4				
1942	11.9	18.4	70.9	32.2	42.5	109.5				
1943	12.3	19.8	76.4	30.5	35.9	109 · 2				
1944	12.3	21.5	62.4	28.3	32.9	92.2				
1945	12.0	19.4	73 · 1	32.6	30.9	101 - 7				
1946	11.7	21.7	57.9	31.4	38.9	93.8				
1947	11.8	22.7	85.8	29.5	37 · 1	119.2				
1948	11.2	19.5	46.5	21.0	29 · 2	73.9				
1949	13.4	19.0	80.7	32.0	34.8	113.0				
1950	11.9	18.4	38.9	18.4	23.3	61.3				
1951	12.07	17.3	38 · 10	25.9	32.6	69.5				
1952	10.59	16.63	35.26	20.26	23.44	57.88				
1953	10.38	17.31	24.47	15.83	27 · 31	49.72				
1954	11.62	16.63	36.06	27.79	24.19	61.72				
1955	11.74	16.59	28.70	16.61	26.47	54.41				
1956	11 · 23	16.49	37.31	25.89	17.95	54.75				
1957	11.53	17.70	30.58	16.35	23.61	53 · 62				
1958	11.17	16.51	24.39	16.01	31.02	54.65				

#### Comparative Statistics, 1958

Statistics for Warrington compared with the average for England and Wales.

	Warring- ton	England and Wales
Rates per 1,000 Home Population Live Births	16.51	16.40
All Causes Tuberculosis	11·17 0·09	11·70 0·10
Rates per 1,000 related live births  Deaths— All causes under 1 year of age	24.39	22.50
Rates per 1,000 Total (Live and Still) Births Maternal Deaths— All Causes Still Births	0·74 31·02	0·43 21·60

Causes of Death at different Periods of Life in the County Borough of Warrington

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  | 6   | 10   | 11  |   | 1                              | 19   
   |
| Cause of Death   |   | Tuberculosis: Respiratory  | Tuberculosis: Other forms  
   
   
   
   | Syphilitic Disease   | Uppttheria: Meningococcal  
   
   
   
   | Whooping Cough<br>Meningococcal Infections   | Acute poliomyelitis  | Measles   
  | Other infections and parasitic diseases  
   
   
   |   
   
   
   
  |  | Dicast   | Other malignant and Lymphatic neoplasm   | Leukaemia: Aleukaemia   | Diabetes  | Vascular lesions of nervous system  
  | Coronary Disease: Angina   | Hypertension with Heart Disease  | Other Heart Disease  | Uther Circulatory Disease  |        
   | Bronchitis   | Other Respiratory Diseases  | Gaerritie Enteritie and Diorrhose  | Nephritis and Nephrosis  | Hyperplasia of prostate  | Pregnancy: Childbirth, abortion   
  | Congenital Malformations  | Other defined and ill-defined Diseases   | Motor Vehicle accidents   | Cuicida   | Homicide and operations of war | ALL CAUSES   
   |
|                  | Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75           year         years         years         years         years         years         years | Under 1         1 to 5 years         5 to 15 years         15 to 25 years         25 to 45 years         45 to 65 years         65 to 75 years         75 years         All Agroup           M         F | Under 1         1 to 5 years         5 to 15 years         15 to 25 years         25 to 45 years         45 to 65 years         65 to 75 years         75 years         All Ag Group           M         F <td>with year         Under 1 years         1 to 5 years         5 to 15 years         15 to 25 years         25 to 45 years         45 to 65 years         65 to 75 years         75 years         All Agroup           M         F</td> <td>tth         Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Agree           M         F         M<td>Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Agree           year         years         years         years         years         years         years         All Agree           M         F         M         F         M         F         M         F         M           —</td><td>Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Agree           year         years         years         years         years         years         years         All Agree           M         F         M         F         M         F         M         F         M           —</td><td>tth         Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Ag Group           M         F         M</td><td>Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Ag Group           M         F<!--</td--><td>Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Ag Group           M         F         M         F         M         F         M         F         M         F         M           —        
—         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —         —<!--</td--><td>Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Agrangement           year         years         years         years         years         years         All Agrangement         All Agrangement           M         F         M         F         M         F         M         F         M           —</td><td>Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Ag           year         years         years         years         years         years         All Ag           M         F         M         F         M         F         M         F         M           —</td><td>Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Ag           year         years         years         years         years         years         All Ag           M         F         M         F         M         F         M         F         M          </td><td>Cause of Death         Under I         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Aginant neoplasm: Respiratory           Tuberculosis: Respiratory         M         F         M&lt;</td><td>Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Against All Against Aga</td><td>  Cause of Death   Under   1 to 5   5 to 15   5 to 25   25 to 45   9 to 65   9 to 75   75 years   All Asymptotic Cough   Cough Analignant neoplasm: Breast neoplasm: Breast neoplasm: Breast neoplasm: Breast neoplasm: Actualization neoplasm: Actual</td><td>  Cause of Death years   Victor   Victo</td><td>  Cause of Death year   Vinder   1 to 5   5 to 15   5 to 45   15 to 25   25 to 45   45 to 65   65 to 75   75 years   All Astronomics   Septiatory   Nears   Septiatory   S</td><td>  Cause of Death year   Vinder   1 to 5   5 to 15   15 to 25   25 to 45   years   year</td><td>  Cause of Death   Victor   Vi</td><td>  Cause of Death year   Vinder   I to 5   5 to 15   15 to 25   years   years  </td><td>Cause of Death         Under I         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All A R M F M F M F M F M F M F M F M F M F M</td><td>Cause of Death         Under I         years         years         years         years         years         years         years         years         All As Incidents           Tuberculosis: Respiratory         M         F         M</td><td>  Cause of Death   Dieder   Joes   Jo</td><td>  Cause of Death   Vision   Vi</td><td>Cause of Death         Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All An Annual An</td><td>  Cause of Death   Victor   Vi</td><td>Cause of Death         Under I         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All And Over And And And And And And And And And And</td><td>  Cause of Death   Votar   Vot</td><td>  Cause of Death   Dider   1 to 5   5 to 15   15 to 25   25 to 45   9 to 15   9 to 15</td><td>Cause of Death         Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All An over 1           Tuberculosis: Registatory         M         F<!--</td--><td>  Cause of Death</td><td>  Cause of Death   Dinder   1 to 5   5 to 15   15 to 25   25 to 45   45 to 65   65 to 75   73 years   All Angles   All Ang</td></td></td></td></td> | with year         Under 1 years         1 to 5 years         5 to 15 years         15 to 25 years         25 to 45 years         45 to 65 years         65 to 75 years         75 years         All Agroup           M         F | tth         Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Agree           M         F        
M         F         M         F         M         F         M         F         M <td>Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Agree           year         years         years         years         years         years         years         All Agree           M         F         M         F         M         F         M         F         M           —</td> <td>Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Agree           year         years         years         years         years         years         years         All Agree           M         F         M         F         M         F         M         F         M           —</td> <td>tth         Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Ag Group           M         F         M</td> <td>Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Ag Group           M         F<!--</td--><td>Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Ag Group           M         F         M         F         M         F         M         F         M         F         M           —<!--</td--><td>Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Agrangement           year         years         years         years         years         years         All Agrangement         All Agrangement           M         F         M         F         M         F         M         F         M           —</td><td>Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Ag           year         years         years         years         years         years         All Ag           M         F         M         F         M         F         M         F         M           —</td><td>Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Ag           year         years         years         years         years         years         All Ag           M         F         M         F         M         F         M         F         M          </td><td>Cause of Death         Under I         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Aginant neoplasm: Respiratory           Tuberculosis: Respiratory         M         F         M&lt;</td><td>Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Against All Against Aga</td><td>  Cause of Death   Under   1 to 5   5 to 15   5 to 25   25 to 45   9 to 65   9 to 75   75 years   All Asymptotic Cough   Cough Analignant neoplasm: Breast neoplasm: Breast neoplasm: Breast neoplasm: Breast neoplasm: Actualization neoplasm: Actual</td><td>  Cause of Death years   Victor   Victo</td><td>  Cause of Death year   Vinder   1 to 5   5 to 15   5 to 45   15 to 25   25 to 45   45 to 65   65 to 75   75 years   All Astronomics   Septiatory   Nears   Septiatory   S</td><td>  Cause of Death year   Vinder   1 to 5   5 to 15   15 to 25   25 to 45   years   year</td><td>  Cause of Death   Victor  
Vi</td><td>  Cause of Death year   Vinder   I to 5   5 to 15   15 to 25   years   years  </td><td>Cause of Death         Under I         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All A R M F M F M F M F M F M F M F M F M F M</td><td>Cause of Death         Under I         years         years         years         years         years         years         years         years         All As Incidents           Tuberculosis: Respiratory         M         F         M</td><td>  Cause of Death   Dieder   Joes   Jo</td><td>  Cause of Death   Vision   Vi</td><td>Cause of Death         Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All An Annual An</td><td>  Cause of Death   Victor   Vi</td><td>Cause of Death         Under I         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All And Over And And And And And And And And And And</td><td>  Cause of Death   Votar   Vot</td><td>  Cause of Death   Dider   1 to 5   5 to 15   15 to 25   25 to 45   9 to 15   9 to 15</td><td>Cause of Death         Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All An over 1           Tuberculosis: Registatory         M         F<!--</td--><td>  Cause of Death</td><td>  Cause of Death   Dinder   1 to 5   5 to 15   15 to 25   25 to 45   45 to 65   65 to 75   73 years   All Angles   All Ang</td></td></td></td> | Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Agree           year         years         years         years         years         years         years         All Agree           M         F         M         F         M         F         M         F         M           — | Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Agree           year         years         years         years         years         years         years         All Agree           M         F         M         F         M         F         M         F         M           — | tth         Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Ag Group           M         F         M | Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Ag Group           M         F </td <td>Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Ag Group           M         F         M         F         M         F         M         F         M         F         M           —<!--</td--><td>Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Agrangement           year         years         years         years         years         years         All Agrangement         All Agrangement           M         F         M         F         M         F         M         F         M           —</td><td>Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75      
  75 years         All Ag           year         years         years         years         years         years         All Ag           M         F         M         F         M         F         M         F         M           —</td><td>Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Ag           year         years         years         years         years         years         All Ag           M         F         M         F         M         F         M         F         M          </td><td>Cause of Death         Under I         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Aginant neoplasm: Respiratory           Tuberculosis: Respiratory         M         F         M&lt;</td><td>Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Against All Against Aga</td><td>  Cause of Death   Under   1 to 5   5 to 15   5 to 25   25 to 45   9 to 65   9 to 75   75 years   All Asymptotic Cough   Cough Analignant neoplasm: Breast neoplasm: Breast neoplasm: Breast neoplasm: Breast neoplasm: Actualization neoplasm: Actual</td><td>  Cause of Death years   Victor   Victo</td><td>  Cause of Death year   Vinder   1 to 5   5 to 15   5 to 45   15 to 25   25 to 45   45 to 65   65 to 75   75 years   All Astronomics   Septiatory   Nears   Septiatory   S</td><td>  Cause of Death year   Vinder   1 to 5   5 to 15   15 to 25   25 to 45   years   year</td><td>  Cause of Death   Victor   Vi</td><td>  Cause of Death year   Vinder   I to 5   5 to 15   15 to 25   years   years  </td><td>Cause of Death         Under I         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All A R M F M F M F M F M F M F M F M F M F M</td><td>Cause of Death         Under I         years         years         years         years         years         years         years         years         All As Incidents           Tuberculosis: Respiratory         M         F         M</td><td>  Cause of Death   Dieder   Joes   Jo</td><td>  Cause of Death   Vision   Vi</td><td>Cause of Death         Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All An Annual An</td><td>  Cause of Death   Victor   Vi</td><td>Cause of Death         Under I         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All And Over And And And And And And And And And And</td><td>  Cause of Death   Votar   Vot</td><td>  Cause of Death   Dider   1 to 5   5 to 15   15 to 25   25 to 45   9 to 15   9 to 15</td><td>Cause of Death         Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All An over 1           Tuberculosis: Registatory         M         F<!--</td--><td>  Cause of Death</td><td>  Cause of Death   Dinder   1 to 5   5 to 15   15 to 25   25 to 45   45 to 65   65 to 75   73 years   All Angles   All Ang</td></td></td> | Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Ag Group           M         F         M         F         M         F         M         F         M         F         M           — </td <td>Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Agrangement           year         years         years         years         years         years         All Agrangement         All Agrangement           M         F         M         F         M         F         M         F         M           —</td> <td>Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Ag           year         years         years         years         years         years         All Ag           M         F         M         F         M         F         M         F         M           —</td> <td>Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Ag           year         years        
years         years         years         years         All Ag           M         F         M         F         M         F         M         F         M          </td> <td>Cause of Death         Under I         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Aginant neoplasm: Respiratory           Tuberculosis: Respiratory         M         F         M&lt;</td> <td>Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Against All Against Aga</td> <td>  Cause of Death   Under   1 to 5   5 to 15   5 to 25   25 to 45   9 to 65   9 to 75   75 years   All Asymptotic Cough   Cough Analignant neoplasm: Breast neoplasm: Breast neoplasm: Breast neoplasm: Breast neoplasm: Actualization neoplasm: Actual</td> <td>  Cause of Death years   Victor   Victo</td> <td>  Cause of Death year   Vinder   1 to 5   5 to 15   5 to 45   15 to 25   25 to 45   45 to 65   65 to 75   75 years   All Astronomics   Septiatory   Nears   Septiatory   S</td> <td>  Cause of Death year   Vinder   1 to 5   5 to 15   15 to 25   25 to 45   years   year</td> <td>  Cause of Death   Victor   Vi</td> <td>  Cause of Death year   Vinder   I to 5   5 to 15   15 to 25   years   years  </td> <td>Cause of Death         Under I         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All A R M F M F M F M F M F M F M F M F M F M</td> <td>Cause of Death         Under I         years         years         years         years         years         years         years         years         All As Incidents           Tuberculosis: Respiratory         M         F         M</td> <td>  Cause of Death   Dieder   Joes   Jo</td> <td>  Cause of Death   Vision   Vi</td> <td>Cause of Death         Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All An Annual An</td> <td>  Cause of Death   Victor   Vi</td> <td>Cause of Death         Under I         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All And Over And And And And And And And And And And</td> <td>  Cause of Death   Votar   Vot</td> <td>  Cause of Death   Dider   1 to 5   5 to 15   15 to 25   25 to 45   9 to 15   9 to 15</td> <td>Cause of Death         Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All An over 1           Tuberculosis: Registatory         M         F<!--</td--><td>  Cause of Death</td><td>  Cause of Death   Dinder   1 to 5   5 to 15   15 to 25   25 to 45   45 to 65   65 to 75   73 years   All Angles   All Ang</td></td> | Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Agrangement           year         years         years         years         years         years         All Agrangement         All Agrangement           M         F         M         F         M         F         M         F         M           — | Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Ag           year         years         years         years         years         years         All Ag           M         F         M         F         M         F         M         F         M           — | Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Ag           year         years         years         years         years         years         All Ag           M         F         M         F         M         F         M         F         M | Cause of Death         Under I         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Aginant neoplasm: Respiratory           Tuberculosis: Respiratory         M         F         M< | Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All Against All Against Aga | Cause of Death   Under   1 to 5   5 to 15   5 to 25   25 to 45   9 to 65   9 to 75   75 years   All Asymptotic Cough   Cough Analignant neoplasm: Breast neoplasm: Breast neoplasm: Breast neoplasm: Breast neoplasm: Actualization neoplasm: Actual | Cause of Death years   Victor   Victo | Cause of Death year   Vinder   1 to 5   5 to 15   5 to 45   15 to 25   25 to 45   45 to 65   65 to 75   75 years   All Astronomics   Septiatory   Nears   Septiatory   S | Cause of Death year   Vinder   1 to 5   5 to 15   15 to 25   25 to 45   years   year | Cause of Death   Victor   Vi | Cause of Death year   Vinder   I to 5   5 to 15   15 to 25   years   years | Cause of Death         Under I         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years
        All A R M F M F M F M F M F M F M F M F M F M | Cause of Death         Under I         years         years         years         years         years         years         years         years         All As Incidents           Tuberculosis: Respiratory         M         F         M | Cause of Death   Dieder   Joes   Jo | Cause of Death   Vision   Vi | Cause of Death         Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All An Annual An | Cause of Death   Victor   Vi | Cause of Death         Under I         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All And Over And | Cause of Death   Votar   Vot | Cause of Death   Dider   1 to 5   5 to 15   15 to 25   25 to 45   9 to 15   9 to 15 | Cause of Death         Under 1         1 to 5         5 to 15         15 to 25         25 to 45         45 to 65         65 to 75         75 years         All An over 1           Tuberculosis: Registatory         M         F </td <td>  Cause of Death</td> <td>  Cause of Death   Dinder   1 to 5   5 to 15   15 to 25   25 to 45   45 to 65   65 to 75   73 years   All Angles   All Ang</td> | Cause of Death                 | Cause of Death   Dinder   1 to 5   5 to 15   15 to 25   25 to 45   45 to 65   65 to 75   73 years   All Angles   All Ang |

# PRINCIPAL CAUSES OF DEATH IN ORDER OF FREQUENCY

Out of 888 deaths occurring during the year 778 were attributable to the undermentioned principal causes:—

				No. of Deaths	Percentage of deaths from all Causes
1.	Heart Diseases			290	32.7
2.	Cancer			156	17.6
3.	Vascular lesions of the	e nervou	s		
	system			113	12.7
4.	Other defined and ill-de	efined ca	uses	71	7.9
5.	Bronchitis			62	6.9
6.	Pneumonia			58	6.5
7.	Other Circulatory Dis	eases		28	3.2

#### INFANT DEATHS (Under 1 year)

1958

				Age a	at De	ath				
Principal cortification	Under		D	ays			Mo	nths		Total
Principal certifie Causes of Death		1- 7	8- 14	15- 21	22- 28	1-3	3- 6	6-9	9- 12	Total
Prematurity Congenital	5	1	1	_	_	1	_	_	_	*
Malformations		2	1	-	1	-	-	1	1	6
Pneumonia Other Causes	6	2	=	=	-	2	1	1	2	11
TOTALS	11	6	2	_	2	4	2	2	3	32

#### INFANT MORTALITY

The infant mortality rate fell to  $24 \cdot 39$  which is the lowest rate recorded in the town. However, the stillbirth rate rose to  $31 \cdot 02$  which is the highest since 1951, the total of stillbirths and infant deaths expressed per thousand live and stillbirths, rising to  $54 \cdot 66$  as compared with  $53 \cdot 62$  last year. In previous years I have stressed the importance of health education in the antenatal period if progress is to be made in improving these statistics and this will require not only professional efforts but, even more so, efforts on the part of patients in their own interest.

#### CONTROL OF COMMUNICABLE DISEASES

#### Notifications received during 1958

(Corrected Notifications)

							100				
				Age (	Group	os of	Case	s Not	ified		
Disease	Under 1	1-2	3- 4	5-9	10- 14	15- 24	25- 44	45- 64	65 & over	Age un- known	Tota
Measles Scarlet Fever Pneumonia Puerperal Pyrexia Whooping Cough Dysentery Meningitis Erysipelas Tuberculosis	5 -5 -2 -3 -	25 10 — 4 5 —	36 15 1 — 5 —	25 32 4 — 6 2 —	2 8 1 — —	- 3 11 - -		- 4 - - -		1 1 - - - 1	94 66 24 23 17 9 3
(Resp.): Males Females Tuberculosis	=	_	=	1	3	8	14 6	18 3	8	4	58 12
(Non-Resp.): Males Females Poliomyolitis	=	Ξ	Ξ	<u>-</u>	<u>_1</u>	- 3 -	Ξ	1 1	Ξ	Ξ	1 5 1
TOTALS	15	46	57	71	15	28	37	27	11	7	314

There was no unusual incidence of any infectious disease.

#### Venereal Diseases

The following figures are compiled from information received from a number of clinics, including those held in Warrington.

Number of patients resident in Warrington and treated for the first time during the year:—

		1958	1957	1956
Gonorrhoea	 	 26	18	11
Syphilis	 	 3	6	7
Other Conditions	 	 47	68	66

#### **Tuberculosis**

There was a rise in the notification of respiratory tuberculosis as compared with the record low figure in 1957. This may be due to the fact that a Mass Miniature Radiography unit visited the area and surveyed factories and schools in addition to attending for the established weekly session.

The weekly session held at the Patten Hall on Tuesday afternoons is much appreciated by the medical profession and the public.

The general arrangements for the prevention of tuberculosis and its after-care have followed the same lines as previously.

#### DOMICILIARY VISITING

Regular visiting of all households from which notifications have been received is accompanied by intensive efforts to trace all contacts with a known case of respiratory tuberculosis. All contacts so traced are entered in the register and are repeatedly visited and encouraged to attend the Chest Clinic, or to continue to attend where the Chest Physician advises this. The attendance of contacts at the hospital clinic for surveillance still leaves much to be desired.

The following table gives details of the numbers of contacts on the register.

Type of Contact	No. ascertained
New Contacts with new cases notified during year	182
New contacts with old cases notified in previous years	16
Old Contacts with old cases notified in previous years	104
TOTALS	302

At the end of the year there were 2,543 persons recorded in the Contact's Register.

#### CONTACTS VISITED

Contacts with new cases visited for first	time		 	136
Visits to contacts with old cases			 	378
	Total	visits	 	514

#### B.C.G. VACCINATION

During the year, the first full-scale programme of B.C.G. inoculation of school children in the thirteen-year-old age group was carried out. The following are the figures for the whole year:

Number of children mantoux	-tested	 1084
Number found negative		 886
Number vaccinated with B.C.	.G	 883

Thirteen children with positive skin tests were known to be contacts with notified cases of tuberculosis.

All the children with positive skin tests were X-rayed. No case of active disease was found.

The home of every child with a positive skin test was visited with a view to persuading all members of the household to be X-rayed, and 75% of all those children whose homes were visited actually attended for X-ray.

#### INCIDENCE AND DEATH RATES PER 1,000 POPULATION

V	Notifi	cations	Death Rate					
Year	Respiratory	Non- Respiratory	Respiratory	Non- Respiratory	All Forms			
1939	0.91	0.18	0.72	0.08	0.80			
1940	0.87	0.04	0.79	0.07	0.86			
1941	0.94	0.19	0.62	0.07	0.69			
1942	0.89	0.33	0.71	0.08	0.79			
1943	0.92	0.34	0.76	0.15	0.91			
1944	1.16	0.25	0.60	0.11	0.71			
1945	1.05	0.25	0.64	0.08	0.72			
1946	0.76	0.17	0.63	0.09	0.72			
1947	0.69	0.10	0.44	0.09	0.53			
1948	1.17	0.12	0.58	0.06	0.64			
1949	0.75	0.09	0.43	0.04	0.47			
1950	0.67	0.09	0.28	0.05	0.33			
1951	0.84	0.19	0.27	0.12	0.40			
1952	0.93	0.02	0.17	0.05	0.22			
1953	1.05	0.07	0.14	0.01	0.15			
1954	0.89	0.07	0.15	0.01	0.17			
1955	0.78	0.09	0.11	_	0.11			
1956	1.09	0.12	0.10	0.01	0.11			
1957	0.62	0.10	0.035	0.012	0.05			
1958	0.88	0.06	0.075	0.013	0.09			

#### DEATHS

There were 6 deaths from respiratory tuberculosis during the year, and one death from non-respiratory tuberculosis.

The table of causes of death on page 14 gives the analysis by age and sex of those dying of respiratory and all other forms of tuberculosis.

#### AFTER-CARE OF THE TUBERCULOUS

The Authority makes an annual grant of £100 to the Daresbury and Warrington Division of the British Red Cross Society to aid them in the splendid work they carry out in the field of after-care of the tuberculous.

#### Prophylactic Measures

Immunisation is carried out at the Infant Welfare Centres, and at schools, and also by general practitioners by arrangement with the Authority.

The table below gives details of initial protection given by the injection of prophylactics against diphtheria, smallpox, whooping cough and poliomyelitis.

	N	o. of pr	imary c	D6	Performed				
Disease against which protection given	Under 1 year	1 year	2 to 4 years	5 to 14 years	15 years or over	Total	Performed by Local Health Authority	by General Practitioner	
Diphtheria	134	429	69	223	_	855	644	211	
Smallpox	548	20	26	23	79	696	406	290	
Whooping Cough	128	413	23	4	_	568	381	187	
Poliomyelitis	66	521	1,171	5,759	877	8,394	8,385	9	

#### RE-INFORCEMENT MEASURES

In addition to the above measures of primary protection the following numbers were given re-inforcement injections:

			By Local Health Authority	By General Practitioners	Total
Diphtheria			756	23	779
Re-vaccination			61	86	147
Poliomyelitis (3rd	injec	tion)	2773	-	2773

It will be seen from the above table that in comparison with previous years there has been a continued reduction in the amount of diphtheria immunisation which has taken place in the Borough. This is greatly to be regretted, and is still attributed to the great emphasis and the publicity which is given nationally to poliomyelitis immunisation. I feel that this has detracted from the diphtheria immunisation campaign.

The number of vaccinations against smallpox has increased in the last two years.

#### **POLIOMYELITIS**

Since the inception of the scheme, 10,950 children under 16 years have been registered for inoculation giving a 47.7% uptake in the town. The small response is probably due to the fact that Warrington has been singularly free from poliomyelitis during the past ten years.

Of those children registered up to the end of 1958, only 4.5% have failed to attend for the first injection in spite of further appointments being offered.

# TABLE SHOWING NUMBERS OF CHILDREN IMMUNISED IN AGE GROUPS DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION.

of ven	958						n rse 46	%%25%
Number of children given	reinforcingin- jection in 1958		411	9	250 334 34 14 1 1 85 85	773	of Children d a full Course ion since 1946	- 10.23% - 48.44% - 46.10% - 44.19%
Number of children in each age group immun-	31st December, 1958	Age at 31st December 1958	Under 1 yr. 1—2 yrs. 2—3 yrs. 3—4 yrs. 4—5 yrs.	Total und. 5 yrs.	5-6 yrs. 6-7 yrs. 7-8 yrs. 8-9 yrs. 9-10 yrs. 10-11 yrs. 11-12 yrs. 13-14 yrs. 14-15 yrs.	Total 5 to 15 yrs.	TOTAL Total No. of Children who completed a full Course of immunisation since 1946	Under I year I to 4 years 5 to 14 years Under 15 years
Number each age	31st D	Totals in Age Groups	134 555 618 612 708	2627	786 844 922 994 1027 1018 1143 1068 891 463	9156	855	Index —
	1958		134 429 36 19 14		89 96 14 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	13506	Immunity Index
	1957		126 419 59 15		25 25 25 25 25 25 25	1	889	Im
	1956		163 462 62		28 113 134 19 19 19 2	1	1006	2212
	1955		72.		80 23 180 180 56 1 3	42	1118	$\frac{-6200}{-12400}$
ion	1954		107		483 95 102 205 205 205 205 205 205 205 205 205 2	43	1152	0— 4 years 5—14 years opulation
munisat	1953		11111		81 68 94 114 68 192 30 30 4	33	996	- 0- 5-14 5-14 I popula
Year of Primary Immunisation	1952		11111		98 98 24 79 147 167	35	1053	ne, 1958 — 0— 4 yea 5—14 yea Total child population
of Prin	1951		11111			. 22	1022	n, June,
Year	1950		11111		- 1 444 464 104 33 39 69	55	847	opulatio
	1949		11111		35 35 525 153 96 94 81	09	1044	Child Pc
	1948		11111			099	1568	nate of
	1947		11111		115 480 30 30	628	1237	al's estir
	1946		11111			144	749	r Gener
Year	of Birth		1958 1957 1956 1955 1954		1953 1952 1950 1949 1947 1946 1945 1946	Born before 1944	Annual	Registrar General's estimate of Child Population, June,
					20			

#### NATIONAL ASSISTANCE ACT, 1948

Duties under Part III of the National Assistance Act were carried out by the Welfare Services Department, with the exception of Section 47. No action was taken during the year under Section 47.

For the following remarks concerning epileptics, spastics and blind persons, and the relative statistics, I am indebted to the Chief Officer of Welfare Services, who has provided me with the necessary information.

#### **Epileptics and Spastics**

Recreational handicraft facilities for these and other types of handicapped persons are provided and a full-time Crafts Instructress gives instruction and assistance in classes conducted at the Welfare Services Department. The Crafts Instructress attends at the homes of some handicapped persons who cannot attend the classes.

17 Spastics are crippled to such a degree as to merit registration under Section 29 of the National Assistance Act, 1948, 1 of whom is employed in the Workshops for Blind and Disabled Persons and 7 attend the pastime handicraft class. There are 6 males and 11 females registered as spastics under Section 29. One of those registered is in welfare accommodation provided by the Authority. There are 3 Spastics sponsored by the Authority for admission to Daresbury Hall Residential Home.

Home visiting is done in special cases.

17 epileptics are known to the Authority and the table below gives details of these cases:—

#### **EPILEPTICS**

	Total number known to Authority	Registered as handicapped persons under Section 29 of National Assistance Act 1948	In Epileptic Colonies	In residential accommodation provided under Part III of National Assistance Act 1948
Males	8	8	1	
Females	9	9	2	3
Totals	17	17	3	3

Of these 17 epileptics, 2 men are employed in the Workshops for Blind and Disabled Persons. 1 man and 1 woman attend the pastime handicrafts class.

#### **Blind Persons**

The tables below indicate the new registrations of partially sighted and blind persons and the incidence during the year of this disability due to cataract and glaucoma:—

#### BLIND AND PARTIALLY-SIGHTED PERSONS

#### 1. Numbers on the Register

		BLIND		PART	PARTIALLY SIGHTED			
	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total		
Numbers on register at 1.1.58	75	97	172	16	6	22		
ister during year	6	10	16	3	6	9		
Numbers on register at 31.12.58	74	97	18	18	12	30		

#### 2. Follow-up of Registered Blind and Partially-Sighted Persons

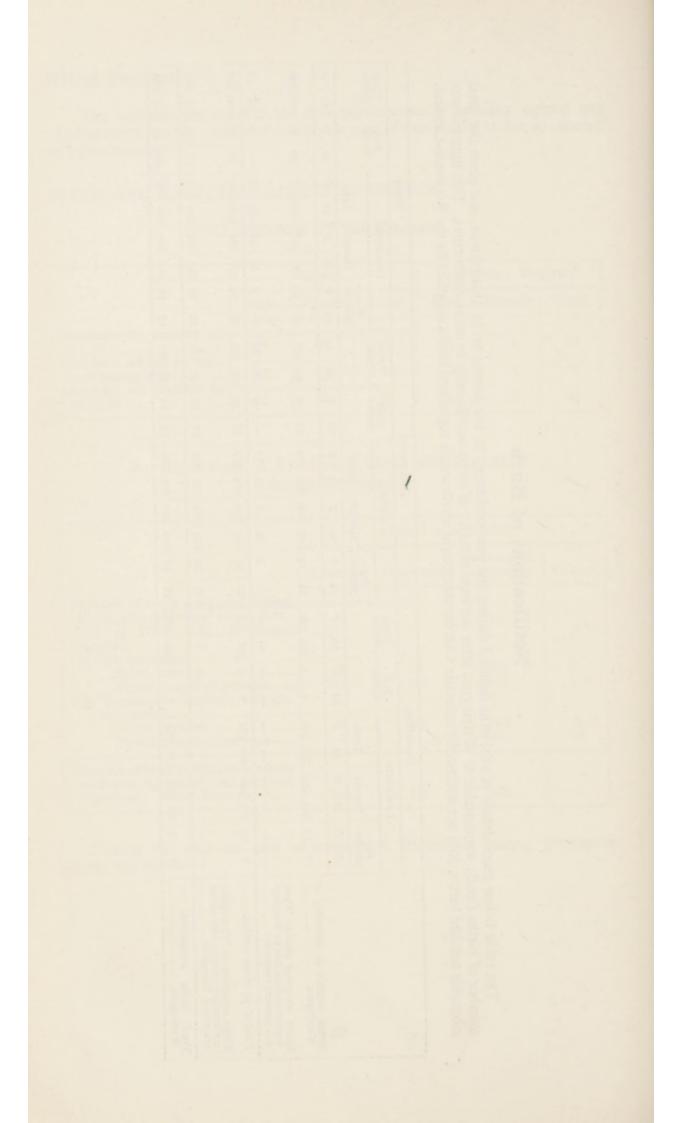
	Cause of disability						
	Cataract	Glaucoma	Retrolental Fibroplasia	Others			
Number of cases registered during the year in respect of which para. 7(c) of Form B.D. 8 recommended:  (a) No treatment:  Blind persons  Partially-sighted persons  (b) Treatment (medical, surgical or optical):  Blind persons	2 Nil 2	3 Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	8 3			
Partially-sighted persons	1	1	Nil	4			
Number of cases at (b) above, which on follow-up action, had received treatment: Blind Persons	Nil	Nil	Nil	1			

During the year no case of retrolental fibroplasia among premature infants was notified.

# Notifications of Birth

The table below gives details of all births notified during the year occurring in the home, or in Institutions, and gives the total number of births finally attributable to Warrington after outward transfer of births attributable to other Authorities. This figure of attributable notified births does not necessarily coincide with the number of attributable registered births supplied by the Registrar-General.

	Total		MF	1065 969	26 13	1091 982	371 349	720 633
-	n sq		14	32 1	1	32	=	21
	Still		M	37	1	37	17	20
92	1	_	EL		13	950	338	612
Totals		Total	M	1028 937	26	10549	354 3	9 002
	ths		H	845 10	=	856 10	300 3	556 70
	Live Births	Mature	W	951 84	26	8 116	319 30	658 5
	L		H	92	64	94 9	38 3	56 6
		Pre- mature	W	277	1	77 9	35	42
			H		13		-	-
	Total		M	689 0	26 1	6 702	366 345	0 357
		-		0 760		0 786		9 420
	Still	A F	2 30	1	2 30	7 11	5 19	
nai			W .	9 32	1	2 32	4 17	8 15
Institutional		Total	H	629	13	672	334	338
Inst	hs		M	728	26	754	349	405
	Birt	Mature	H	580	11	591	296	295
	14	M	M	658	26	684	314	370
	Pre- mature		H	79	2	81	38	43
		m <sub>P</sub>	×	70	1	70	35.	35
	Total	SE SE	H	280	1	280	4	276
	F	DII	M	305	1	2 305	10	2 300
	Still 7	SI	H	64	1	2	1	2
y	St	BIL	M	10	- 1	10	- 1	10
ciliar		tal	IL.	278	- 1	278	4	274
Domiciliary	-	Total	M	300	1	300	10	295
	Live Births	ure	(L)	265		265	4	261
	Live ]	Mature	M	293	1	293	10	288
		A ST	IT.	7 13 293 265 300 278	1	7 13 293 265 300 278	1	7 13 288 261 295 274
		Pre- mature	M	7	1	7	1	
				Births notified as occurring in Warrington	Births occurring outside Warr- ington attributable to Warring- ton (Inward transfers)	Total of all births notified	Births occurring in Warrington attributable to other Authorities (Outward Transfers)	Total births attributable to Warrington



### PERSONAL HEALTH SERVICES

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	Datha Carriga								40
								1.5	
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# THE FIRST 10 YEARS OF THE NATIONAL HEALTH SERVICE

Since the inception of the National Health Service the services carried out by the Local Health Authority have shown remarkable change.

In the Care of Mothers and Young Children there has been a decline in the use of the local authority ante-natal clinic, due, in no small part, to the booking of general practitioners for confinements at home, and at the close of the 10 year period much of the work of the local health clinic is concerned with the booking of hospital beds rather than with the correct function of giving full ante-natal care and instruction. In this clinic there has been a growth in health education, and there is now available a course of lectures on "Mothercraft" which can be attended by expectant mothers so desiring. Simultaneously, with the decline of the ante-natal clinic there has been a decline in the postnatal clinic, almost to the state of extinction. Some re-adjustment of Infant Welfare Sessions has taken place resulting from the change in distribution of the population. With the development of the Orford Neighbourhood Unit there has been a movement of the population to the north side of the town with a need for the strengthening of Infant Welfare Services in that area. The ten year period has also shown a steady increase in the use of the Dental Clinic by expectant and nursing mothers. At the beginning of the period, four Day Nurseries were operating with waiting lists for all of them, but at the close of the period there are only two nurseries, one of which has several vacancies. This diminished demand for day nursery accommodation is due to the change in state of female employment, and also, to some extent, to the fact that the charge made is considerably higher than it was formerly.

The staff of Health Visitors has been expanded and the scope of their duties has been greatly expanded. Prior to 1948, health visitors were solely concerned with infant visiting which was carried out on a basis depending upon weekly or monthly visits. To-day they undertake these infant welfare duties on a basis of selective visiting. They have now taken over tuberculosis visiting, special attendance at the V.D. and Diabetic Clinics, and they carry out much social work with problem families and other special cases. It still remains difficult to obtain an adequate number of health visitors and the only solution to this problem has been to obtain and employ our own students. The staff of the Home Nursing Service has been doubled in the period under review, and the amount of work done has risen even more sharply. A development in this service has been in connection with the care of the aged and chronic sick, whereby routine bathing and toilet care is given under the guidance of the Home Nursing Service.

In the sphere of Vaccination and Immunisation there has been a fall latterly in the demand for diphtheria immunisation, almost certainly attributable to the great emphasis and drive in order to secure a higher percentage of poliomyelitis protection. The number of immunising injections to be given to a child has now become a major problem, and rationalisation will have to be carried out shortly. In the period under review there has been a great development of whooping cough protection and also of tetanus, and in the last two years the whole of this field has been largely taken up by poliomyelitis immunisation and its problems.

Considerable expansion of the Ambulance Service had to be undertaken during the early years of the National Health Service to keep up with the very heavy demands for transport, but this would now seem to have settled down to a more or less steady demand, the major part of which consists of transport to and from Out-Patient and Treatment departments of hospitals.

In the field of Prevention of Illness, Care and After-care, there has been a marked decline in the death rate from tuberculosis, and at the latter end of the decade we dared to hope that there would also be some reduction in the number of notified cases, though this has been less marked than the reduction in the death rate. Great emphasis is now laid upon follow-up of contacts, and B.C.G. vaccination is now offered to school leavers. The 10 year period has seen a great development in the field of Health Education though this still presents problems in presentation, but there is no doubt that the public are far more health conscious to-day than they were 10 years ago, and are much more interested in matters connected with the Health Services. The establishment of a "Loan" Department for nursing equipment and apparatus has proved of considerable value to patients being nursed at home and this service has been steadily developed during the decade.

Probably no service has seen greater expansion than that of Domestic Help, which virtually did not exist in 1948, and at the close of the period employed 65 domestic helps. Much of their work is concerned with the care at home of the chronic sick and aged. Probably no part of the domiciliary services has made a greater contribution to human happiness, since this service has enabled many aged and infirm people to live in comfort in their own homes where previously they would have been condemned either to squalor or the institution.

In the Mental Health Service there has been considerable development also since this was a new service taken over by the authority in 1948. The Occupation Centre has been developed and established in a building of its own and much after-care work is carried out on discharged patients from Mental Hospitals. A system whereby a certain number of mental defectives can obtain short-term care in an institution while relatives are on holiday has been a boon to many families.

In the beginning, accommodation available for the local authority services was sparse in the extreme, being entirely in small improvised buildings providing a bare minimum of facility. At the close of the period the services were operated in recently rented, spacious premises, which nevertheless had many shortcomings, but a new Health and Education Clinic adjoining the Health Department is approaching completion and it is hoped to take it into use in the first half of 1959.

The decade has also seen a considerable change in the relationships between the Health Department and other branches of the medical services. It is especially notable in the cordial relations which have developed with the general practitioners and the consultants. Despite the difficult functions placed on the different branches of the Health Services the standard of co-ordination and co-operation is remarkably good considering the highly complex services and the multiplicity of workers.

#### MATERNAL AND CHILD-CARE

#### GENERAL

There has been no significant change in the pattern of the service, the accommodation available being in rented Church premises. The difficulties outlined in my previous reports continued, but at the time of writing, work is well advanced on the building of the new clinic at the rear of the Health Department, which will result in material improvements in all services.

#### ANTE-NATAL AND POST-NATAL SERVICES

Attendances at the Local Health Authority's ante-natal clinic during the year were as follows:—

Number of expectant mothers attending	816
Number who had not previously attended any clinic during current pregnancy	799
Total number of attendances made	1171

These figures include a large number of patients who attended once only and who are then booked for hospital confinement and are referred to hospital ante-natal clinics, and they also include patients from the areas of Lancashire and Cheshire County Councils.

One post-natal session is held each week at the same time as an ante-natal clinic with a consultant obstretrician in attendance. Mothers confined at home are encouraged to attend this clinic for a post-natal examination about six weeks after confinement. During the year 15 women attended as compared with 27 in 1957. Of course, the majority of patients who are confined in their own homes have booked a doctor who carries out post-natal examination under his own arrangements, and these 15 women are those who attended for post-natal examination having booked no doctor for their confinement. Reference to the section on Midwifery shows that only 32 women did not book a doctor. Midwives and Health Visitors stress the importance of post-natal examination during their routine visits.

During the year the system of ante-natal classes continued. The lectures are given by the Superintendent Health Visitor, and the Non-Medical Supervisor of Midwives, and are illustrated by film-strips and slides. Attendances are not confined to Borough residents and patients from adjoining county areas frequently attend. Expectant mothers attended courses during the year.

During the year, 299 expectant mothers received vaccination against poliomyelitis—284 received 2 injections and 15 received one injection.

The total number of premature infants born in the area during 1958 was 98 compared with 104 born during 1957.

#### PREMATURE INFANTS BORN AT HOME TO WARRINGTON MOTHERS

W. i. b Di al	Born at home and nursed entirely at home			Born tra hospit	C3		
Weight at Birth	Total	Died within 24 hrs of birth	Sur- vived 28 days	Total	Died within 24 hrs of birth	Sur- vived 28 days	Grand Total
3-lb. 4-oz. or less	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Over 3-lb. 4-oz. up to and including 4-lb. 6-oz.	1	_	1	2	_	1	3
Over 4-lb. 6-oz. up to and including 4-lb. 15-oz	2	_	2	-	_	_	2
Over 4-lb. 15-oz. up to and including 5-lb. 8-oz.	14	-	12	1	_	1	15
TOTALS	17	_	15	3	_	2	20

8 premature infants died during 1958. This means that 8.2 per cent of the 98 premature infants born during the year died within a year. Only 2.43 per cent of full-term babies died before reaching the age of one year.

#### CHILD WELFARE

#### GENERAL

The Welfare Centres continued to operate as in previous years, and all are held in hired Church premises, which has necessarily restricted the activities which could be carried out.

The Centres being operated at the end of the year were as follows:

Bewsey Adult School, Folly Lane, Bewsey

Toddlers' Clinic. Tuesday 10-30 a.m. to 12 noon. (By appointment). Welfare Centre. Tuesday 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.

Cairo Street Chapel Schoolroom

Wednesday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon and 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.

Orford Congregational Church, Festival Avenue, Orford.

Toddlers' Clinic. Thursday 10-30 a.m. to 12 noon. (By appointment).

Welfare Centre. Monday 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. Thursday 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.

Parochial Hall, Lindley Avenue, Latchford Friday, 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.

Details of the attendances at these Infant Welfare Centres, and at the two Toddlers' Clinics are given below:

1. INFANT WELFARE CENTRES

Total attendances	year	1804	3572	4428	2371	12175
ances vho at lance	2 but under 5	12	98	464	34	626
Number of attendances during the year who at the date of attendance were	1 but under 2	117	266	599	278	1260
Numb during the d	under 1 year	1675	3220	3335	2059	10289
Total number of children who	Total number of children who attended during year			086	322	2283
Iren iring ere	1956-3	29	84	450	41	604
Number of Children who attendedfiduring year and who were born in:	1957	06	235	268	142	735
Nurr who	1958	164	379	262	139	944
No. of children who first attended and who at first atten-	No. of children who first attended and who at first atten- ance were under I year			436	272	1414
No. of Child Welfare Sessions	4	80	80	4	24	
Name of Centre		Bewsey	Cairo Street	*Orford	Lindley Ave	TOTALS

\* Includes figures for Toddlers' Clinic, details of which are given separately below.

#### 2. TODDLERS' CLINICS

No. of Sessions held	No. of appointments made	No. of toddlers who attended	No. of revisits by toddlers	Total No. of attendances made	No. referred for treatment
96	833	378	26	404	12

#### 3. Consultations with Medical Officer

Name of Centre	Under 1 year	1 to 5 years	Totals
Bewsey Cairo Street Orford Lindley Avenue	348 644 601 326	28 61 132 31	376 705 733 357
TOTALS	1919	252	2171

#### DENTAL CARE

During the year, 184 children of pre-school age were dentally inspected, of whom 157 required treatment. 168 attendances for treatment were made in the same period.

The number of expectant and nursing mothers referred for treatment totalled 52 and the number of attendances made for treatment was 119.

General anaesthetics administered totalled 147.

The tables below give details of the work carried out during the year.

	Examined	Needing Treatment	Treated	Made Fit
Expectant and Nursing Mothers	54	54	48	18
Children under 5		157	138	127

	Scal- ing & gum treat-	Fil- lings	Silver Ni- trate treat-	Cr'ns or Inlays	Ex- trac.	Gen- eral Anae- sthe-	Den	ures	X- Rays
F	ment		ment	Illiays	tions	tics	Full	Part	
Expectant and Nursing Mothers Children	47	3	_	_	97	24	10	2	1
under 5	3	5	-		193	123	_		_

#### DAY NURSERIES

The Authority at the end of the year had two Day Nurseries in operation providing accommodation for 100 children under the age of five years.

Usually there is no waiting list, but there has been a decline in demand for places at Haryngton Avenue Nursery as shown in the attendance figures on the next page. The position with regard to this nursery is kept under constant review, but I feel there is a real need for a day nursery in this situation to meet social problems.

#### ADMISSIONS

Day	app	mber of n plications admission		Number of Children admitted			
Day Nursery	Short term Cases	Social Cases	Other Cases	Short term Cases	Social Cases	Other Cases	
Haryngton Avenue Orford Lane	1 10	9 32	55 70	1 8	9 26	42 45	

# ATTENDANCES MADE AT DAY NURSERIES (MONDAY TO FRIDAY)

N	No.		
0—2 years	2—5 years	0—5 years	of days open
2560 4052	7812 7425	10372 11477	255 255
6612	15237	21849	255
	0—2 years 2560 4052	0—2 2—5 years years 2560 7812 4052 7425	years years years  2560 7812 10372 4052 7425 11477

The table below gives the number of approved places in the two age groups at each Day Nursery, and the average daily attendances during the year.

	0 to 2 years		2 to	5 years	0 to 5 years		
Day Nursery	No. of approved places	Average daily attendance	No. of approved places	Average daily attendance	No. of approved places	Average daily attendance	
Haryngton Ave. Orford Lane	14 14	10.08 15.95	36 36	30.76 29.23	50 50	40.83 45.18	
All Nurseries	28	26.03	72	59.99	100	36.01	

There is one private nursery in the town registered under the Nurseries and Child Minders Regulation Act, 1948.

#### CARE OF UNMARRIED MOTHERS AND THEIR CHILDREN

Nine such cases were admitted to various homes during 1958 as compared with 8 in 1957. Close co-operation is maintained between the various homes to which the mothers are admitted and the Authority, in order to secure follow-up of the infants.

Included in the figure of visits paid by the Health Visitors during 1958 are 85 visits to illegitimate children under one year, and 79 to those over one year old.

Priority in the allocation of nursery accommodation is given to the children of unmarried mothers who go out to work.

#### WELFARE FOODS AND VITAMINS

National Dried Milk and vitamins were available at the Welfare Foods Shop, Cairo Street, each day, Monday to Saturday, at Infant Welfare Centres during session, and at sessions of the Hospital Ante-natal Clinics and during the year the following amounts were distributed:

National Dried Milk	 44,183	tins
Cod Liver Oil	 4.994	bottles
Vitamins "A" and "D"	6,809	packets
Orange Juice	 . 57,480	bottles

The sale of National Dried Milk dropped some 25% as a result of the price increase in 1957 and amounts sold since that date have remained at the lower monthly level.

There has been a great increase in the amounts of proprietary foods and vitamins sold during the past three years. For example, the income from sales in 1956 was approximately £1,300, whereas in 1958 the figure was £3,379.

Although some small part of the increase is due to increases in prices of proprietary brands of food and vitamins, it is obvious that the fall in sales of National Dried Milk have been more than compensated by an increased demand for proprietary articles.

## PUBLIC HEALTH NURSING AND ALLIED SERVICES

#### HEALTH VISITING

#### STAFF

At 1st January, 1958, the staff consisted of:-

- 1 Superintendent Health Visitor. 1 Whole-time Health Visitor.
- 7 Health Visitors/School Nurses. 3 Clinic Nurses. 2 Student Health Visitors.
- 2 Student Health Visitors were appointed during the year, one being a Clinic Nurse who applied for training as a Health Visitor.

#### Staff at 31st December, 1958

- 1 Superintendent Health Visitor. 6 Health Visitors/School Nurses.
- 1 Whole-time Health Visitor. 2 Clinic Nurses
- 4 Student Health Visitors.

#### TRAINING OF HEALTH VISITORS

Four Student Health Visitors commenced training in September.

#### HEALTH VISITORS' DUTIES

Health Visitors' duties have remained unchanged. Due to shortage of staff they have been working larger areas and the provision of car allowances in four cases has enabled these health visitors to handle much more work.

#### POST-GRADUATE COURSES

Nine Health Visitors attended a Short Week-end Post-Graduate Course in Manchester.

#### SUMMARY OF WORK OF HEALTH VISITORS

## 1. Visits to Mothers and Young Children

Number of children under 5 years of age visited	f Expectant r 5 mothers		100000000000000000000000000000000000000	n under of age	Children age 1 and under 2 years	Children age 2 but under 5 years	
during year	First visits	Total visits	First visits	Total visits	Total visits	Total visits	
5464	316	485	1288	6849	2830	4483	

#### 2. Other Visits

For Purposes of After-care:				 	7
	subseque	ent vi	sits	 	10
To the aged and infirm:	first visit	S		 	36
	subseque			 	36 56
To cases of notifiable disease				 	74
To contacts with cases of V.				 	50
Special visits				 	453
	Total			 	686

#### 3. Attendances at Clinics and Centres

No.	of atter	idances	at Welfare				***		782
>>	>>	33	" Ante-na						184
22	33	13	" Hospital	Out-	Patient	Clinics	s for pu	rpose	
	of liaiso	n:							
	(a) To	Paedi	atric Clinic						 20
	(b) "	V.D.	Clinic						 15

#### HEALTH EDUCATION

In Health Education the main emphasis has again been on personal teaching in the homes by various sections of the Local Health Authority's staff. The work has been supplemented by posters and by lectures to interested bodies.

The Fire Service organised a "Guard that Fire" campaign and exhibition and the Health Department assisted in the arrangements, mainly by providing publicity material.

#### TUBERCULOSIS

Tuberculosis has been dealt with as a single problem in "Control of Communicable Diseases" embracing prevention, diagnosis and treatment.

#### MIDWIFERY

#### MIDWIVES PRACTISING AT 31st DECEMBER, 1958

Midwives in hospitals vested in the Minister of Health	22
Midwives in private practice	2
Midwives employed by the Local Authority	10
Non-Medical Supervisor of Midwives	1

One midwife was appointed during the year.

#### MATERNITY CASES ATTENDED

There were 583 domiciliary confinements reported and 1423 institutional confinements during the year.

Midwives employed by the Authority attended 567 cases (32 cases where no doctor was booked and 535 where a doctor was booked). Independent midwives attended 15 cases where a doctor was booked, and one case where no doctor was booked.

#### MEDICAL AID

Medical aid was summoned by midwives in 58 domiciliary cases, including 45 cases where the medical practitioner had arranged to provide the patient with maternity medical services under the National Health Service Act. The Authority is liable for the payment of the practitioners' fees in the other 13 cases.

#### ANALGESIA

All the municipal midwives are qualified to administer analgesia (trilene, gas and air, and pethidine) in accordance with the rules of the Central Midwives Board. All midwives are equipped for trilene administration.

During the year municipal midwives administered analgesics to Warrington mothers as follows:

	Gas and Air	Trilene	Pethidine
When doctor was present	4	87	71
When no doctor was present	10	359	254

#### PUERPERAL PYREXIA

23 cases of puerperal pyrexia were notified: 19 were hospital cases and 4 in domiciliary practice.

#### OPHTHALMIA NEONATORUM

No case of ophthalmia neonatorum was notified during the year.

#### MATERNITY OUTFITS

A free issue of maternity outfits is made in accordance with Ministry of Health instructions, namely, to those patients whose confinement will be conducted under the National Health Service arrangement. 715 such outfits were issued during the year.

#### VISITS PAID BY MUNICIPAL MIDWIVES

	For Ante- natal Care	During Puerper- ium period	After 14th day (for post-natal care)	To Pupils' Cases \	For Other Reasons	Total
As Midwife	91	357	15	22	160	645
As Maternity Nurse	4585	6864	181	2220	228	14078
TOTALS	4676	7221	196	2242	388	14723

#### MIDWIFERY TRAINING

The Non-medical Supervisor of Midwives holds the Midwife Teacher's Certificate and four Municipal Midwives are approved as district teachers for Part II Training for the Central Midwives Board Certificate.

The pupil midwives are attached to the Warrington General Hospital which is an approved Training School.

#### POST-GRADUATE COURSES

The Non-medical Supervisor of Midwives attended a Course for Supervisors and three midwives attended a Post-Graduate Course during the year.

#### HOME NURSING

#### STAFF

At 1st January, 1958, the staff consisted of:-

- 1 Superintendent of the Nurses' Training Home.
- 1 Assistant Superintendent of the Nurses' Training Home.
- 13 Whole-time Home Nurses.
  - 1 Part-time Home Nurse.
  - 2 Student Home Nurses.

At 31st December, 1958, the staff consisted of:-

- 1 Superintendent of the Nurses' Training Home.
- 1 Assistant Superintendent of the Nurses' Training Home.
- \*15 Whole-time Home Nurses.
  - \* 2 Student Home Nurses qualified as Queen's Nurses during the year.

#### ORGANISATION

The general pattern of work continued as in previous years. Recruitment of staff continues to be difficult. The statistical tables show no diminution of the demands on the service, except in regard to tuberculosis, where the number of visits is markedly reduced, but it will be seen that there is also a big increase in the attendances at the Nurses' Home for injections.

#### CASES ATTENDED

The tables below give details of the numbers and types of cases attended, the disposal of cases, and visits paid, by Home Nurses during the year:

Type of Case		No. of cases on Books at 1/1/58	No. of cases added to books during year	No. of cases on books at end of year
Medical		339	1116	284
Surgical		38	252	36
Infectious Diseases		6	35	_
Tuberculosis		16	51	11
Maternal Complications		3	19	1
Others		13	54	10
TOTALS		415	1527	342

Of the total of 1527 new cases attended during the year 144 were under 5 years of age, and 546 were over 65 years of age.

1942 cases were attended during the year. The table below gives details of the disposal of the 1600 cases removed from the books during the year.

Type of Case	Patients Convalescent	Patients Died	Patients sent to hospital	Patients removed from books for other causes
Medical	663	146	155	210
Surgical Infectious	184	18	25	25
Diseases	34	3	3	1
Tuberculosis Maternal	14	-	13	29
Complications	17	_	2 5	2
Others	33	3	5	23
TOTALS	937	170	203	290

#### VISITS PAID

Home Nurses made a total of 61,260 visits to all cases during the year, compared with 67,420 in 1957. Details of the numbers of visits paid to the various types of case are given below:

To medical cases	*		 	49,709
To surgical cases			 	7,689
To cases of infectious of	lisease		 	232
To cases of tuberculosis	s		 	2,647
To cases of maternal co	omplicat	ions	 	222
To other cases			 	761

#### INJECTION CLINIC

In addition to the cases attended in their homes, 374 patients made 6,493 attendances at the Clinic at the Nurses' Home for the purpose of receiving injections. At the close of the year 106 patients were still attending this Clinic, the institution of which has relieved the pressure on home visiting by the nursing staff.

#### BATHS SERVICE

During the year this service which enables a trained nurse to visit the aged and infirm in their homes to give them baths was continued. 208 old people received this service and 4,319 visits were paid to their homes by the staff.

This service has satisfied a long felt need and has been greatly appreciated by the old people who have benefited from it.

#### DOMESTIC HELP SERVICE

#### Annual Report for the year 1958

#### GENERAL

As forecast in my last report, the demand for the Domestic Help Service increased and the demand was met by the service being expanded by 10% in the 1958 year both in staff employed and cases dealt with. Most of this increased demand has come about through patients in the aged category being discharged from hospital after treatment. This type of case, in the main, requires the full facilities of the Service, generally daily help which includes the preparation of meals, shopping, lighting of fires, etc. Such cases prove interesting to the Home Help and the visiting staff. Often there are no near relatives and much work is involved in recruiting the help of neighbours to ensure that a continuous watchful eye is kept on the more seriously handicapped.

Maternity cases still remain a small percentage of the total, although with the innovation of a maximum cost of £4 0s. 0d. per week greater interest has been shown, cases increasing by  $33\frac{1}{3}\%$ . It is expected that this interest will continue to grow.

With the expanding scope of the Service more daily help has been provided for families in the mother's absence, where the father or another adult was available at night and at week-ends to look after the children. The Home Help would get the children up in the morning and give them breakfast, see them off to school or take them to the Day Nursery, and collect them again at night. This service has prevented a number of children being taken into care. All departments connected with this type of case have co-operated completely, as in many instances the lack of disturbance and greater sense of security at home is more beneficial to the children.

#### ORGANISATION

In April of 1958, because of the greater volume of work, the Health Committee increased the staffing quota to 60 x 35 hours per week. Consequent upon this action, another Heme Visitor was appointed on the 14th July, 1958, to ensure that each patient received frequent visits, and to maintain a regular personal contact. For administrative purposes, the area has been divided equally between the Visitors.

#### STATISTICS

The following table gives details of the numbers and types of cases attended and the visits paid by Domestic Helps during the year:

	Total cases dealt with during year	Total visits	Cases on Books at 31st December, 1958
Chronic Sick & Aged	465	31719	332
Tuberculosis	4	383	2
Acute Illness	23	396	3
children	16	1143	8
Maternity	19	149	_
TOTALS	527	33790	345

This shows an increase of 61 cases on the previous year, with an increase of 4550 visits paid. The average number of visits paid per week to homes by Domestic Helps during 1958 was 646, compared with an average of 563 during 1957.

#### AMBULANCE SERVICE

#### ORGANISATION

There was again no change in the area and population served. The number of patients handled from the three areas served, showed an increase of 1,900 over last year's figure. This increase was almost entirely in cases handled within the County Borough area. The figures for the Cheshire Agency remained almost constant, while those for the Lancashire Agency showed a small decline.

The total mileage run in conveying the increased number of patients was reduced by 3,250 miles. A large part of this reduction was in the mileage run in the Lancashire Agency, and is an indication that the use of radio control has enabled us to cut out to a large degree long single patient journeys in the outlying areas of our agencies. It is also a measure of the increasing proficiency in journey planning now being achieved by our control staff. This reduction in mileage coupled with the reduction in miles run per patient is excellent, in view of the increasing number of patients being transported to specialist hospitals in the Liverpool area for regular out-patient treatment.

During the year, a new service, made possible by radio control, was introduced, whereby information as to the nature and severity of injuries in accident cases is reported, from the scene of the incident, to the Depot, and relayed to the Infirmary so that preparations suitable to the particular case can be made in advance, thus assuring the patient of the earliest possible treatment and obviating disruption of the accident reception ward.

Certain modifications were made to the uniform issued with a view to giving a more positive identification to our staff. The issue of a light-weight summer jacket was also introduced.

The service again entered a team in the National Ambulance Competition and bettered their position, being narrowly beaten into second place by the City of Liverpool team. The team members devoted much of their off-duty time voluntarily to a series of training periods provided by the Deputy Medical Officer of Health and the Ambulance Officer, in conjunction with certain civil defence volunteers.

#### **VEHICLES**

The vehicle and staff state remained the same as in the previous period. One vehicle, a sitting case car, was replaced by a new vehicle of the same type.

#### STAFF TRAINING

A series of post entry training lectures for the staff were given during the year and all the staff are being given a shortened course of Civil Defence training by the Ambulance Officer in order that the full-time staff shall not be at a disadvantage if at any time they were to be augmented by the Civil Defence volunteers of the Ambulance Section.

#### CIVIL DEFENCE

The Civil Defence Ambulance and Casualty Collecting Section continued to be instructed by the Ambulance Officer, and during the year under review, 34 persons attended for training. The average weekly attendance was 17 persons. Over 60% of the volunteers attended for at least 25 hours instruction, while many had a total attendance in excess of 60 hours. A team was entered in the Regional Civil Defence Tournament and was placed 11th out of some 27 teams competing.

During the year much good use was made of the derelict buildings and area of Padgate R.A.F. Camp in the weekly staging of realistic exercises under the direction of the Ambulance Officer and Mr. Dunn the Civil Defence Training Officer.

#### STATISTICAL TABLES

The following tables give details of the work carried out in respect of Warrington patients, in the agency areas operated by agreement with Lancashire and Cheshire County Councils, and for other Ambulance Authorities.

#### WARRINGTON CASES

		No. of paties	Miles			
	Emergency	Infectious disease	Sickness	Total	No. run	Average per patient
Ambulances	989	39	8246	9274	31007	3.34
Sitting-case cars	176	13	10250	10439	37061	3.55
TOTALS	1165	52	18496	19713	68063	3.45

#### CASES IN LANCASHIRE AGENCY AREA

	No. of patients carried		Miles			
	Emergency	Infectious diseases	Sickness	Total	No. run	Average per patient
Ambulances	193	10	1008	1211	7946	6.5
Sitting-case cars	11	4	1788	1803	11567	6.41
TOTALS	204	14	2796	3014	19513	6.47

#### CASES IN CHESHIRE AGENCY AREA

	No. of patients carried			Miles		
	Emergency	Infectious disease	Sickness	Total	No run	Average per patient
Ambulances	258	8	1059	1325	10986	8 · 29
Sitting-case cars	1	_	36	37	458	12.37
TOTALS	259	8	1095	1362	11444	8.4

#### OTHER CASES

	No. of patients carried		Miles			
	Emergency	Infectious disease	Sickness	Total	No. run	Average per patient
Ambulances	28	-	45	73	854	11.69
Sitting-case cars	3	_	5	8	120	15.00
TOTALS	31	-	50	81	974	12.02

## SUMMARY

			No. of patients carried	No. of miles run
Warrington cases			19713	68068
Lancashire C.C. cases			3014	19513
Cheshire C.C. cases			1362	11444
Other cases			81	974
TOTALS	S		24170	99999
Average number of miles	per pa	(	Cars	4.27 4.00
		1	All vehicles	4.13

#### MENTAL HEALTH SERVICE

No change was made in the service during the year. The position with regard to the obtaining of hospital vacancies continued to be reasonably satisfactory, especially having regard to the general shortage, especially of mental deficiency beds. Dr. Harrison, Medical Superintendent of Winwick Hospital, and his staff, were most helpful as also was Dr. Fraser MacKenzie who also gave his specialist opinion in a few difficult cases of suspected mental defect. A mental health visitor attended out-patient clinics to try to foster increased coordination between the local health authority services and the hospital clinics.

The following tables give details of the work performed by this service during the year where specific action was taken under the Lunacy and Mental Treatment Acts and Mental Deficiency Acts. The tables do not include the many cases which required no specific action under these Acts, but where advice or assistance was given or which were referred to other statutary or voluntary bodies.

#### MENTAL DEFICIENCY

#### 1. Particulars of Cases Ascertained During 1958

	Under age 16			ed 16 1 over
	Male	Female	Male	Female
(a) Cases at 31st December, ascertained to be defectives "subject to be dealt with." Action taken on reports by:  (i) Local Education Authority on children:  1. While at school or liable to attend school	6 3 -	3 2 1 —	_ _ _ 1	- - - 1
(c) Cases reported but not confirmed as defectives by 31st December and thus excluded from (a) or (b)	_	1	_	_
Total number of cases reported during the year	9	7	1	1

# 2. DISPOSAL OF CASES

	Under age 16			ed 16 d over
	Male	Female	Male	Female
(a) Of the cases ascertained to be defectives "subject to be dealt with" number:  (i) Placed under Statutory Supervision  (ii) Placed under Guardianship  (iii) Taken to "Place of Safety"  (iv) Admitted to Hospital  (b) Of the cases not ascertained to be defectives "subject to be dealt with" number:  (i) Placed under Voluntary Super-	9	3 - 2	_ _ _ 1	_ _ _ 1
vision (ii) Action unnecessary	=	_	_	_
Totals	9	5 ,	1	- 1

## 3. SUMMARY OF CASES

	Under age 16			ed 16 l over
The state of the s	Male	Female	Male	Female
Numbers of cases awaiting vacancies in Mental Deficiency Institutions at		as italy		
31st December, 1958 Numbers attending Occupation	4	-	-	-
Centre	6	2	13	3
Total cases on Register: (i) Placed under Statutory Super-				
vision	25	12	36	24
(ii) Placed under Guardianship	_	_	_	_
(iii) Admitted to Hospitals (iv) Placed under Voluntary Super-	8	9	36	49
vision	-	-	9	11
Cases ceasing to be under community care, died, removed from area, or lost sight of	_	_	2	
Totals	43	23	86	87

#### HOME VISITS TO MENTAL DEFECTIVES

To cases under Statutory Supervision					 417
" " Voluntary Supervision	1				 46
For report on home circumstances for	purp	oses of	Section	n 11	 22
For progress reports					 11
To cases on holiday from institutions					 43
			T	otal	 539

#### OCCUPATION CENTRE

The work of the Occupation Centre continued on the same lines as in previous years, but was retarded by the prolonged illness of the Supervisor. Her work was most ably continued by Mrs. Woodward, Assistant Supervisor. One Assistant Supervisor joined the National Association for Mental Health training course in Manchester, in September, with some resulting staff shortage.

The Association of the Parents of Mentally Handicapped Children very kindly presented the Centre with a record player which proved most useful in the period when we had no pianist, and at other times produced interest and entertainment for the children.

At the end of the first quarter, Lancashire withdrew their children consequent upon opening a centre of their own at Newton-le-Willows. The reduction in members attending has not helped in the division of the children into groups since the members do not warrant as many sub-divisions. It is hoped to build up local attendances a little, but most children who are capable of benefitting in any way from the centre are already in attendance.

At the end of the year there were 30 children attending, compared with 44 at the end of 1957.

The children attending the Centre are provided with hot mid-day meals from the Bolton County School Meals Kitchen.

The majority of the Warrington children who attend the Centre are conveyed to and from their homes by ambulance.

The following table gives details of cases attending, and average daily attendance during the year:—

#### CASES ATTENDING AT 31ST DECEMBER, 1958

Warrington cases Cheshire County Council cases	 	 	23 7
Total	 	 	30
Total number of attendances Average daily attendance	 	 	5363 27·8

#### MENTAL ILLNESS AND MENTAL TREATMENT

#### 1. ASCERTAINMENT OF CASES

Source of notification	Males	Females	Total
General medical practitioners	31	40	71
Hospitals, Clinics and Psychiatrists Police Authorities	82 14	78 16	160 30
General Public	10	11	21
Other Corporation Departments	1	_	1
TOTALS	138	245	283

#### 2. DISPOSAL OF CASES

Mode of disposal	Males	Females	Total
Admitted to hospital as:  (a) Observation cases (b) Voluntary patients (c) Temporary patients	67 67 —	73 60 1	140 127 1
(d) Certified patients		1	1
TOTALS	134	135	269

# 3. Subsequent Disposal of Patients Admitted To Hospitals for Observation

Males	Females	Total
13	30	43
1	-	1
23	22	45
13	5	18
1	2	3
51	59	110
		13 30 1 — 23 22 13 5 1 2

Cases admitted direct to mental	Male	Female	Total
hospitals as voluntary patients	42	26	68

Thirty (16 male and 14 female) of the above 140 observation cases were persons not resident in the County Borough and subsequent disposal was not, therefore, notified to this Authority.

# AFTER-CARE OF PATIENTS DISCHARGED FROM MENTAL HOSPITALS

	Males	Females	Totals
Number of home visits	405	490	895
Other visits	110	138	248
Removed from care	89	120	209
Referred to: (a) general medical practitioners  (b) Psychiatrist or	53	61	114
Clinic	49	60	109
Interviews with other agencies, Departments or employers	213	130	343

# Annual Report of the Chief Public Health Inspector

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#### ANNUAL REPORT OF THE CHIEF PUBLIC HEALTH INSPECTOR

#### TO THE

#### MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

#### PART I—GENERAL

#### WATER SUPPLY

The water supply for the area is derived from deep wells in Bunter sandstone at Winwick and Houghton Green and boreholes at Newton Hollow and Foxhill, near Frodsham, Cheshire, and Forest Farm, Burtonwood, all of which are owned and controlled by the County Borough Council. Supplies are supplemented in bulk by Liverpool and Manchester Corporations.

- (1) The supply to the area and its several parts have been satisfactory in quality and quantity.
- (2) There is no significant plumbo-solvent action.
- (3) The well and boreholes supplies are chlorinated and dechlorination with residual recording and alarms have been installed at Winwick. In addition the supply from Forest Farm is aerated. Treatment is afforded to the supplementary supplies by the Liverpool and Manchester Authorities with duplicate chlorination at Houghton Green.
- (4) The whole of the built up area of the Borough has a piped supply to each house and no stand pipe supplies exist. Direct to houses: 22,991. Population: 79,470.

Routine sampling is undertaken by officials of the Water Department of the Local Authority and samples from each source of supply are submitted to the Public Analyst, J. G. Sherratt, Esq., B.Sc., F.R.I.C. 169 bacteriological and 33 chemical samples were examined during the year.

Public Health Inspectors submitted 14 samples of town's water for chemical and bacteriological examination, nine of which were satisfactory. The 5 unsatisfactory samples were all taken from the shallow well, Bewsey Lock Cottage. On the 9th July, 1958, however, a new supply was installed and subsequent samples proved satisfactory.

The Water Engineer, T. Nisbet, Esq., B.Sc., has supplied the following analyses which are representative of each source of supply.

# REPRESENTATIVE EXAMINATION OF THE WARRINGTON DOMESTIC SUPPLY

#### BACTERIOLOGICAL

Bremes Alon	8/12/58 Houghton Green	8/12/58 Winwick	8/12/58 Newton Hollow	8/12/58 Foxhill	8/12/58 Forest Farm	8/12/58 Helsby
Number of organisms per ml. capable of growth on nutrient agar at 37 deg. C in						
48 hours	5	0	1	0	0	0
3 days	0	0	0	0	0	0
ml. Probable number of	0	0	0	0	0	0
faecal coli per 100 mls.	0	0	0	0	0	0

<sup>\*</sup> As reported last year, because of deterioration in bacteriologicial samples, the Winwick source was taken out of supply. During 1958 adequate chlorination, declorination and residual recording with safety alarms was installed and the source brought back into supply on 23/8/58.

#### CHEMICAL

	10/12/58 Houghton Green	10/12/58 Winwick	9/9/58 Newton Hollow	9/9/58 Foxhill	10/12/58 Forest Farm	9/12/58 Helsby
Appearance	clear	and colo	urless	Yellow Tint	clear and	colourless
Odour	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Reaction pH	7.0	7.1	7.5	6.7	6.5	7.2
PARTS PER MILLION-						
Total solids	442	468	175	265	402	324
Nitrogen as free and					-	
saline ammonia	Nil	Nil	Nil	0.01	Nil	Nil
Nitrogen as albumin-	Market N		18 M. T.			a legal
oid ammonia	0.01	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Nitrogen as nitrites	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Nitrogen as nitrates	3.75	7.5	1.75	2.0	1.25	1.25
Chlorides as C1	36	34	16	72.5	38	51
Oxygen absorbed from	100					
permanganate in 4	1112	and the same of		A CONTRACTOR		
hrs. at 27 deg. C	0.08	Nil	0.09	0.19	0.05	0.16
Total hardness	289	288	139	119	264	220
Temporary hardness	190	154	103	84	206	196
Permanent hardness	99	134	36	25	58	24
Alkalinity as CaCO <sub>3</sub>	190	154	103	84	206	196
Free Chlorine	Nil	0.57	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Poisonous Metals	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Manganese as Mn	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

#### SEWERAGE AND DRAINAGE

The Borough Engineer (J. Y. Hughes, Esq., M.I.C.E.) indicates that no major schemes were commenced or completed during the year.

#### PUBLIC CLEANSING

The collection and disposal of house and trade refuse is dealt with by the Cleansing and Salvage Department, controlled by Mr. W. Whitfield, the Cleansing Superintendent. He supplies the following information concerning the service.

#### REFUSE COLLECTION

A weekly frequency of collection was maintained throughout the year.

The weights of refuse collected during 1958/59 were:-

House refuse ... ... ... 25,280 tons

Trade refuse ... ... ... 1,330 tons

#### REFUSE DISPOSAL

Refuse was disposed of entirely by controlled tipping.

#### SALVAGE

The intensive salvage operations continued throughout the year.

#### CINEMAS AND THEATRES

In accordance with Section 4 of the Cinematograph Act, 1909, seven inspections were made by public health inspectors. The number of cinemas was further reduced by the closure, in September, of another cinema. There are now five cinemas in use in the borough.

Defects were found to exist and these were duly notified to the owners. The cinemas have generally been maintained satisfactorily during the year

#### RAG FLOCK AND OTHER FILLING MATERIALS REGULATIONS, 1954

Six formal samples of filling materials were submitted to the Slumberland (Research) Laboratories Ltd., Stockport, who are chemists designated as "prescribed analysts" for the purpose of the Act. All were satisfactory.

Three manufacturers of upholstery, furniture and bedding materials are registered under the Act. There are no persons or premises engaged in the manufacture or storage of rag flock within the Borough.

#### PHARMACY AND POISONS ACT

A total of 60 persons and premises were registered during the year as listed sellers of Part II poisons. All listed sellers have been visited during the year by the Inspector of the Pharmaceutical Society, Mr. J. R. Dale. No sales from unauthorised premises were detected.

#### PET ANIMALS ACT

Ten premises were licensed as Pet Shops, and the premises and conditions under which animals are kept are considered satisfactory.

#### FERTILISER AND FEEDING STUFFS ACT

Twelve formal samples were taken. All were satisfactory.

#### MERCHANDISE MARKS ACTS AND REGULATIONS

Inspectors made 13 visits to food premises for the purposes of these Acts and Regulations and no contraventions were recorded.

#### TENTS, VANS AND SHEDS

Visits were made on three occasions to sites occupied by single caravans. No licences had been issued under section 269 of the Public Health Act, 1936, and the caravans were subsequently removed by the owners in response to informal action by inspectors.

The number of caravans occupying sites within the borough has not shown any tendency to increase. This may be due to the provision of sites by adjacent Rural District Councils.

# PART II—FACTORIES

#### FACTORY ACTS 1937 AND 1948

The following tables record action taken with matters referred to the department by the factory inspector, and as a result of routine inspections by public health inspectors.

# (1). Inspections

	Number	Number of				
Premises	Number on Register	Inspec- tions	Written Notices	Occupiers prosecuted		
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, and 6 are to be en- forced by local auth-			GFA NY	v and		
orities	27	9	-	-		
local authority  (iii) Other premises in which Sec. 7 is enforced by the local authority (excepting	404	83	18			
out-workers' premises)	16	_	_	_		
TOTALS	447	92	18	_		

# (2). Cases in Which Defects Were Found

	Numbe	No. of cases in which				
Particulars		Pa	Refe	rred	prosec-	
	Found Re- medied		To H.M. Inspec- tor	By H.M. Inspec- tor	utions were in- stituted	
Want of cleanliness (S.1)	_	_	_	-	-	
Overcrowding (S.2) Unreasonable					minute of	
temperature (S.3) Inadequate ventilation	-	-	-	_	_	
(S.4)	-	-	-	-	-	
floors (S.6)	-	_	-	-	_	
(a) Insufficient	1	-	_	-	_	
defective	20	8	-	14	-	
sexes	2	1	=	1	_	
ces relating to Outwork)	_	-	_	_	_	
TOTALS	23	9	-	15	-	

Three outworkers' premises were examined during the year occupied in connection with the making of wearing apparel.

#### PART III—HOUSING

#### NUISANCE AND HOUSING DEFECTS

A total of 1,557 complaints was received at the Department during the year concerning the following matters:—

House disrepair and dam	pness		 	 	864
Accumulation and Storag	ge of r	refuse	 	 	24
Closets			 	 	73
Drainage and sewers			 	 	158
Rodents			 	 	228
Vermin and insects			 	 	127
Animals			 	 	4
Smoke nuisances			 	 	6
Fumes and smells			 	 	28
Paving			 	 	6
Water supply			 	 	3
Unwholesome dwellings			 	 	9
Overcrowding			 	 	4
Miscellaneous matters			 	 	23
					1,557

To secure the abatement of nuisances and the remedy of disrepair 1,505 informal and 718 statutory notices were served, and 850 informal notices and 578 statutory notices were complied with.

Twenty-five complaints and informations were submitted to the court relating to 19 properties at which requirements of notices had not been met. An abatement order was made in one instance, and the remainder were withdrawn on payment of costs, the work having been completed between issue of summons and date of hearing. (See details of proceedings, page 97.)

Work was carried out by agreement or in default at 5 houses at a cost of £52.

77 Demolition Orders and 3 Closing Orders under Section 16 of the Housing Act, 1957, were made. 6 undertakings not to relet were accepted in lieu of demolition orders. 112 dwelling houses were demolished during the year, and 7 houses were closed.

#### SLUM CLEARANCE

Steady progress has been made during the year in the clearance of houses scheduled under the Council's Slum Clearance programme.

#### Clearance areas

The demolition of houses in the Napier Street Clearance area commenced in September and by the end of the year approximately half of the area had been cleared.

A Public Inquiry into the Warrington (Winwick Road) Compulsory Purchase Order 1958, was held on the 26th November before Mr. S. J. Parnell, Inspector of the Ministry of Housing and Local Government, at the Town Hall, Warrington. The results of this inquiry are not yet known. The Borough Surveyor (J. Y. Hughes, Esq.) indicates that it was not necessary to take action about dangerous conditions in any houses.

Improvement grants were approved for 17 owner-occupiers and in five cases rented property.

The department continues to provide information to prospective purchasers of houses within the borough as to the Council's proposals for Slum Clearance during the five years 1956 to 1961. In addition information is provided in respect of houses which are intended to be the subject of Demolition or Closing Orders. These are classified as follows:—

Enquiry re property for demolition (over	er cour	nter)			255
Enquiry from Town Clerk (Land Charg	ges and	d Slum	Clea	arance	936
Enquiry re life of property					167
Enquiry arising out of applications for	loans	under	the	Small	
Dwellings Acquisition Act					46
					1404
					1404

## Certificates of Disrepair-Rent Act, 1957

The table below gives details of the number of applications received for certificates of disrepair under the 1957 Act and the results of such applications:—

No. of applications for Certificates of Disrepair	 	154
No. of undertakings accepted from owners	 	113
No. of certificates issued in respect of all defects	 	45
No of certificates issued in respect of some defects	 	50
No. complied with (before service of certificate)	 	16
No. of certificates cancelled	 	12

# SUMMARY OF ACTION TAKEN IN CONNECTION WITH HOUSES IN CLEARANCE AREAS AND UNFIT HOUSES DURING 1958

		Houses I	Demolished	Displaced	during year
		Unfit	Others	Persons	Families
A.	HOUSES DEMOLISHED				
(1)	Houses unfit for human habitation	30	_	190	54
(2)	Houses included by reason of bad arrangement	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
(3)	Houses on land acquired under Sec. 43(2) Housing Act, 1957	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
NO (4)	T in Clearance Areas Under Sec. 17(1) Housing Act, 1957 Local Authority owned houses	81	-	254	85
(6)	certified unfit by Medical Officer of Health	1	-	7	3
	tion where action taken under Local Acts	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
(7)	Unfit houses included in Un- fitness Order	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil

	Houses Closed Number	Persons displaced		
		Persons	Families	
B. UNFIT HOUSES CLOSED				
(8) Under Sec. 16(4) and 17(1) and 35(1) Housing Act, 1957	7	18	6	
(9) Under Sec. 17(3) and 26 Housing Act, 1957	Nil	Nil	Nil	
(10) Parts of Buildings Closed under Sec. 18 Housing Act, 1957	Nil	Nil	Nil	

	By Owner	By L.A.
C. UNFIT HOUSES MADE FIT AND HOUSES IN WHICH DEFECTS WERE REMEDIED  (11) After informal action by Local Authority	554	Nil
(a) Public Health Acts	441 Nil Nil	2 Nil Nil

D.	ERECTION OF NEW HOUSES-	_				
(a)	(i) By the Local Authority					 235
	(ii) By Other Local Authorities					 Nil
	(iii) By other bodies or persons:					
	(a) Private Enterprise					 93
	(b) Ministry of Works					 Nil
(b)	With State Assistance under the Ho	using A	Acts:			
	(i) By the Local Authority			****	***	 235
	(ii) By other bodies or persons					 Nil

#### PART IV.

#### RODENT CONTROL AND DISINFESTATION

(Period March, 1958 — March, 1959)

#### SURVEY AND NOTIFICATION

One hundred and ninety-eight complaints of rodent infestation were received at the department during the period. One hundred and seven local authority premises were surveyed and 569 premises were surveyed during visits to buildings where food was manufactured, stored or sold; at pig styes and cow sheds while concerned with movements of animals under the Diseases of Animals Act, and during investigations into complaints concerning the keeping of animals, insanitary brook courses, offensive trades and stables. Nine hundred and seventy-six dwelling houses which were the subject of inspection for disrepair were also surveyed to ascertain the presence of rodent infestation.

One small block control scheme was carried out during the year.

#### SEWER TREATMENT

In the first sewer treatment of the year test baiting was carried out in 308 manholes, being approximately 12 per cent of the manholes in the Borough. Of these it was necessary to carry out pre-baiting with unpoisoned bait in 126 manholes which showed that in 33 manholes rats were present in varying numbers. The poison used was Antu in bread rusk mash.

A second treatment during the year was carried out when 25 manholes out of 117 tested were poison baited. The poison used was warfarin in oatmeal and sausage rusk.

The following table covering the period April 1st, 1958, to March 31st, 1959, showing the extent and type of infestation and measures of control has been submitted to the Ministry of Agriculture, Fisheries and Food.

# REPORT FOR 12 MONTHS ENDED 31st MARCH, 1959

	Type of Property				
	Non-Agricultural				
	(1) Local Author- ity	(2) Dwelling Houses (inc. Council Houses)	(3) All other (including Business Premises)	(4) Total of Cols. (1), (2) & (3)	(5) Agri- cul- tural
I. Number of properties in Local Authority's District (Notes 1 and 2)	107	22991	4143	27241	7
II. Number of properties inspected as a result of: (a) Notification	21	149	32	202	_
(b) Survey under the Act	92	-	-	92	-
(c) Otherwise (e.g., when visited primarily for some other purpose)	_	976	569	1545	_
III. Total inspections carried out— including re-inspections. (To be completed only if figures are readily available)	113	1125	601	1839	_
IV. Number of properties inspected (in Sec. II) which were found to be infested by:  Major	_	_	_	_	
(a) Rats { Minor	7	114	21	142	_
(Major	_	_	_	_	_
(b) Mice Minor	14	47	7	68	_
V. Number of infested properties (in Sec. IV) treated by the L.A. (Figures should NOT exceed those given at Sec. IV)	21	161	28	210	_
VI. Total treatments carried out— including re-treatments (To be completed only if figures are readily available)	21	161	28	210	_
VII.  Number of notices served under Section 4 of the Act:  (a) Treatment	_	_	_	_	_
(b) Structural Work (i.e., Proofing)	-	-	-	-	-

	Type of Property						
	Non-Agricultural						
	(1) Local Author- ity	(2) Dwelling Houses (inc. Council Houses)	(3) All other (including Business Premises)	(4) Total of Cols. (1), (2) & (3)	(5) Agri- cul- tural		
VIII.  Number of cases in which default action was taken following the issue of a notice under Sec. 4 of the Act	_	_		_	_		
IX. Legal Proceedings		_		_	_		
X. Number of "Block" control schemes carried out	1						

#### NOTES

- Note 1 With the exception of agricultural properties, a property means one which is entered separately in the Valuation Roll for the area.
- Note 2 (i) Premises used by the Local Authority for the purposes of trade should be entered in Column (3).
  - (ii) Sewers should not be included.
  - (iii) Combined dwelling and business premises, where occupied by the same person, should be regarded as business premises and should be entered in Column (3). Where the dwelling and business parts of the premises are in separate occupation, separate entries should be made in Columns (2) and (3)
- Note 3 For the purpose of completing Sections II, IV and V, each property should be entered *once only* in respect of inspections, infestations or treatments.

#### INSECT PESTS

The following table shows the type of verminous premises treated and the form of infestation dealt with

Type of		Total				
Infestation	L.A. Premises	Corpn. Private Houses Dwelling		Business Premises	Types	
Ants	2	14	46	_	62	
Beetles	_	_	1	_	1	
Bluebottles	_	_	1	_	1	
Bugs	_	8	11	_	19	
Cockroaches	_	2	22	3	27	
Earwigs	_	2	_	_	2	
Fleas	_	_	2	_	2	
Flies	2	_	5	1	8	
Moths	_	1	1	_	2	
Snails	_	_	1	_	1	
Wasps	_	1	_	_	1	
Woodlice	-	- 1	1	-	1	
TOTALS	4	28	91	4	127	

All infestations yielded to treatment with Gammexane or D.D.T. in powder or liquid form, and/or proprietary materials containing such ingredients.

# PART V-ATMOSPHERIC POLLUTION

#### MEASUREMENT SURVEY

#### DEPOSIT GAUGES

Table A1 (page 69) gives the monthly deposits for the year 1958 at each of four gauges situated within the Borough together with comparative monthly deposits at Walton Park. These results are also shown in graph form (page 74).

Table A2 (page 70) shows the mean average monthly and yearly deposits for the years 1957 and 1958 at the new sites and also the average figures over the previous six years at the original sites.

Table A3 (page 72) gives the monthly rainfall figures over the last five years.

The total deposits recorded at the new sites during 1958 averaged 273.38 tons per square mile, being a decrease of approximately 10% on the figures for the previous year. This improvement is encouraging, particularly as the rainfall figure for the year was above the average. A more significant point, perhaps, is revealed when the records for the individual gauges are examined. It will be seen that the deposits at the Central Police Station and Ambulance Depot show substantial decreases whereas those for the Loushers Lane and Sewage Works are slightly increased. The surroundings to the first two gauges are predominantly industrial and railway and to the two showing the increase mainly residential. In this connection it must be pointed out that the Loushers Lane gauge showed unusually high readings during the months of August and October and on both occasions there was evidence that the gauge had been tampered with and soil thrown into the collecting bowl. It has been estimated that the added extraneous matter in each case represented a reading of approximately 10 tons per square mile and a more accurate total reading for this gauge would be 176 tons per square mile. Such a reading would still represent an increase over last year but it would compare with the increase at the Sewage works and, as the results from these two gauges usually show close relationship, it bears out that the estimated deduction would give a more accurate result. The figures do indicate that the overall decrease can be attributed to an improvement, that is, a reduction in the extent of industrial pollution. This deduction, however, cannot be considered absolutely conclusive without possession of instrumentally recorded meteorological data in relation to wind direction, duration and velocity which is not available.

It is interesting to note that the deposit recorded at Walton Park is approximately half the average deposit for the Borough.

In connection with the measurement survey it is pleasing to record that certain industrialists in the Borough have recently shown an interest in the recorded figures and various enquiries have been answered. A firm of wire manufacturers are carrying out their own survey within the works and they have made their results available to my staff. Records have been compared and although it has not been possible to make use of this information to date, I am grateful to the firm for their interest and co-operation. The time and expenditure involved in the measurement of atmospheric pollution limits the local authority to the comparatively few instruments now operating. Obviously, if other private firms were to interest themselves in the matter, the information available would increase and more accurate figures and knowledge of the pollution tendencies in the town would result.

#### LEAD PEROXIDE GAUGES

The monthly average of sulphur emissions during 1958 is shown in table B (page 73) and is summarised in graph form on page 75. Table B also shows the comparative figures for 1957 at the existing sites and at Walton Park, together with the average concentrations recorded at the original sites from 1950 to 1956.

As with the deposit gauges a slight reduction in sulphur concentrations is shown when compared with 1957, but the readings are still higher than the average at the original sites. The lowest monthly average during 1958 was 17·3 milligrammes of SO3 per 1,000 sq. cms. per day during August, and the highest 24·6 in November. Although the summer months again tended to be wet with temperatures below average, the readings show a slightly deeper curve than in 1957 when the range of extremes was 19·3 and 25·2 respectively.

The decrease is shown in 6 out of 7 Borough instruments, the odd one which showed a slight increase being at the Ambulance Depot, Longshaw Street. The Walton Park sulphur concentration reading is only 45% of the Borough average.

ATMOSPHERIC POLLUTION

# MONTHLY DEPOSIT IN TONS PER SQUARE MILE

STANDARD DEPOSIT GAUGES — 1958

39.72 30.48 31.44 452.36	11.79 15.65 196.79	83 9.68 163.11	19.11 281.27	18.97 273.38	3.65 36.23	13.64 131.95
30.48	11.79		19.11	8.97	99.	64
	11.79	83			0	13.
39.72		13.8	21.02	19.28	1.39	6.97
	25.29	13.17 13.83	22.96	25.28 19.28	2.85	12.20
41.23	13.93	15.19	28.40	24.69	3.27	12.70
	21.04	9.45	17.63	21.17	2.32	7.47 11.68 16.94 11.14 12.70
42.82	20.39	20.72	30.58	28.63	4.93	16.94
31.95	16.30	16.72	22.53	21.87	4.52	11.68
35.30	6.94		20.65	18.47	3.71	7.47
28.95	11.33	9.25	14.37		0.63	6.20
30.90	11.60	11.08	24.75	19.58	1.42	6.36
43.25	17.46	12.65	25.29	24.66	5.04	11.88
59.76	25.07	20.38	33.98	34.80	2.50	14.77 11.88
:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Central Police Station	Police Recreation Ground	Sewage Works	Ambulance Depot	Average for Borough	Rainfall in Inches	Walton Park
	59.76 43.25	59.76 43.25 30.90 28.95 35.30 31.95 42.82 und 25.07 17.46 11.60 11.33 6.94 16.30 20.39	30.90         28.95         35.30         31.95         42.82           11.60         11.33         6.94         16.30         20.39           11.08         9.25         10.99         16.72         20.72	30.90         28.95         35.30         31.95         42.82           11.60         11.33         6.94         16.30         20.39           11.08         9.25         10.99         16.72         20.72           24.75         14.37         20.65         22.53         30.58	30.90     28.95     35.30     31.95       11.60     11.33     6.94     16.30       11.08     9.25     10.99     16.72       24.75     14.37     20.65     22.53       19.58     15.98     18.47     21.87	30.90     28.95     35.30     31.95       11.60     11.33     6.94     16.30       11.08     9.25     10.99     16.72       24.75     14.37     20.65     22.53       19.58     15.98     18.47     21.87       1.42     0.63     3.71     4.52

TABLE A2

### DEPOSIT GAUGES

# (1) RECORD OF DEPOSITS DURING 1957 AND 1958 AT EXISTING SITES

### Tons per square mile

Walton Park	11.09	131 - 95	11
Mean Average for Borough	22.78	273.38	25·22 302·65
Ambulance Depot Longshaw Street	23.44	281.27	25·07 300·81
Sewage Works Latchford	13.59	163-11	13.06
Police Rec. Ground Loushers Lane	16.40	196.79	14.41
Central Police Station	37.70	452.36	49.35
*	:	:	::
	1958 Monthly average	Total	Monthly average Total

Annual rainfall figures: 1958-36.23 ins. 1957-31.85 ins.

# (2) MEAN MONTHLY AND YEARLY DEPOSITS 1950-56 AT ORIGINAL SITES

20·8 249·6
18.7 222.8
20.8
17.9
308.9
Monthly average

The Mean Annual rainfall during this period was 32.5 ins.

	TOTAL	2 2	6	24	67	13	29 43	3	36	47	15 16 16
	DEC.	ļl	11	11	3	11	4 2	11	3 2	8	466
CITY	Nov.	11	11	11	3	11	1	11	2	11	1011
N AND VELOCITY	OCT.	11	11	11	4		27.02	11	10.10	5	1
	SEPT.	11	11	11	10	2	1 7	12	2	4	122
DIRECTION	Aug.	11	1		20.00	2	22	11	1 9	1	111
DIRE	JULY	11	11	11	7	3	24	11	7	3	111
WIND	JUNE	11	11	1	3	1	53	22	2	2	-11
ATMOSPHERIC POLLUTION 1958	MAY	11	11	11	3	22	5	2	35	5	111
	APR.	1 -	2	2	3	1	2	10	2 6	2	111
	MAR.	2	11	1-	7 8		-	1	3.5	3	2
	FEB.	1-	11	11	9	32	2	1	16		
RIC P	JAN.		11	11	6	1	53	11	1 2	3	100
E		::	1 : :	: :	1 1	::	1::	1 1	1:	1	1 : : :
ATMOSPH		North: Under 10 m.p.h. Over 10 m.p.h.	CALM	Days of Fog: Slight Moderate Heavy							
		North:	NORTH EAST:	EAST:	South East:	South:	South West:	WEST:	North West:	DAYS OF CALM	DAYS 01

TABLE A3

MONTHLY RAINFALL — 1954 to 1958

	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958
January	2·76 ins.	2·27 ins.	4·52 ins.	2·00 ins.	2·50 ins.
February	3.21 "	2.03 "	0.47 "	1.90 ,,	5.04 ,,
March	2.01 "	1.45 "	0.98 "	2.53 "	1.42 ,,
April	0.69 "	1.73 "	2.77 ,,	0.42 "	0.63 "
May	2.46 "	2.96 "	0.94 "	1.21 "	3.71 "
June	3.51 "	3.56 "	2.23 "	1.88 "	4.52 "
July	4.25 "	0.68 "	5.57 ,,	3.69 "	4.93 ,
August	4.20 ,,	0.82 "	10.01 "	5.19 "	2.32 ,
September	3.21 "	2.71 "	3.17 .,	5.60 ,,	3.27 "
October	5.14 "	1.98 "	2.23 "	3.13 "	2.85 "
November	4.84 "	1.57 "	1.29 "	1.37 "	1.39 "
December	3.95 "	4.32 "	2.84 "	2.93 "	3.65 "
TOTALS	40.23 "	26.08 "	37.02 "	31 · 85 "	36.23 "

### TABLE B

## ESTIMATION OF SULPHUR BY LEAD PEROXIDE METHOD INVESTIGATION OF ATMOSPHERIC POLLUTION

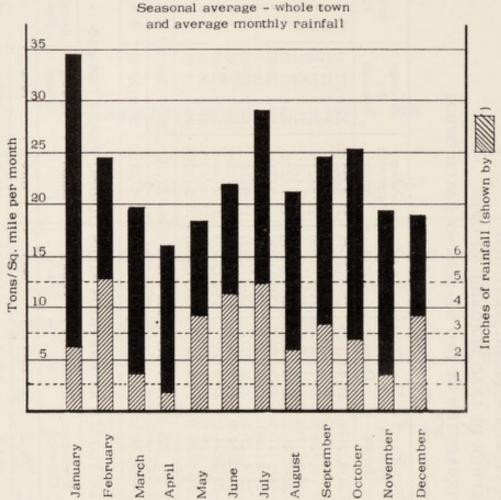
MILIGRAMS OF SO<sub>2</sub> PER DAY COLLECTED BY 1,000 SQ. CMS. OF BATCH DPBO2 1958 (Corresponding figures for 1957 shown in brackets)

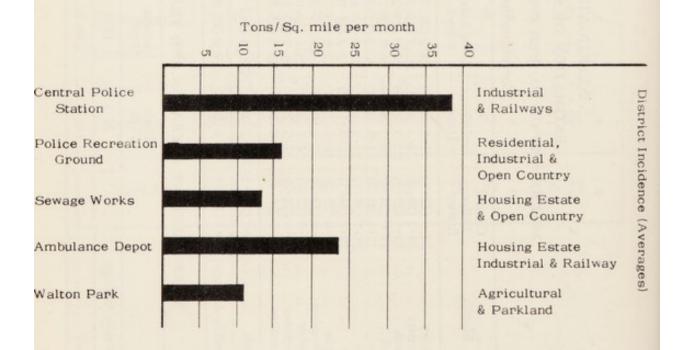
	Walton Park	13.7( — ) 11.5( — ) 11.5( — ) 11.2( 9.0) 6.9( 5.2) 7.1( 6.3) 6.4( 7.0) 5.0( 7.0) 3.5( 7.0) 7.3( 9.0) 13.8(15.8) 15.4(13.9)	114.9(-)	6.6(-)
STATE	Average for Borough	21 · 6 (22 · 1) 23 · 8 (25 · 2) 22 · 8 (25 · 2) 22 · 7 (22 · 0) 20 · 9 (21 · 1) 19 · 5 (21 · 0) 17 · 7 (19 · 3) 17 · 3 (20 · 0) 18 · 4 (23 · 4) 23 · 3 (22 · 8) 24 · 6 (23 · 6) 24 · 1 (24 · 6)	256.7 (268.3)	21.3 (22.4)
	Police Recreation Ground	21.2 (22.2) 23.9 (25.1) 22.6 (23.0) 23.1 (22.2) 17.1 (22.2) 17.5 (24.9) 16.8 (16.1) 14.0 (25.1) 14.0 (25.0) 23.2 (20.6) 25.5 (23.9)	244.3 (270.3) 2	20.4 (22.5)
orachets)	Sewage Works	21 · 6 (21 · 9) 23 · 8 (24 · 8) 23 · 5 (22 · 9) 22 · 4 (20 · 3) 21 · 1 (19 · 0) 15 · 9 (19 · 9) 17 · 8 (21 · 5) 18 · 0 (25 · 1) 23 · 2 (22 · 7) 24 · 2 (22 · 9) 15 · 3 (24 · 8) 15 · 3 (24 · 8)	240.8 (266.9) 2	20.1 (22.2)
Corresponding figures for 1991 shown in brackets,	Corporation Depot	21.9 (21.5) 24.2 (25.3) 23.1 (23.1) 23.3 (20.5) 20.3 (20.5) 20.3 (21.3) 20.4 (22.2) 22.4 (22.2) 22.4 (22.2) 25.0 (23.7) 25.0 (23.7) 25.4 (24.3)	270-4 (276-4) 2	22.5 (23.0)
igures for its	Beamont	21.6 (21.8) - (25.7) - (25.7) 23.1 (23.6) 22.0 (21.7) 18.9 (17.3) 18.6 (19.1) 16.4 (22.9) 16.8 (24.4) 23.2 (24.0) - (23.9) 25.9 (25.2)	186.5 (272.8)	20.7 (22.7)
. responding	Long Lane School	21.2 (21.5) 22.7 (25.1) 23.0 (23.2) 20.7 (18.2) 20.3 (17.3) 16.9 (16.6) 12.6 (17.9) 14.9 (17.5) 25.1 (23.0) 25.5 (23.1)	(242 · 2)	19.9 (20.2)
(00)	Ambulance Depot	21.8 (22.8) 22.5 (22.8) 22.5 (23.6) 23.2 (24.9) 21.9 (22.9) 21.9 (22.9) 21.9 (22.9) 16.9 (13.7) 18.2 (15.3) 22.8 (23.9) 22.5 (23.3) 22.8 (24.6)	279 · 8 (286 · 3) 265 · 2 (262 · 7) 238 · 4	22 · 1 (21 · 9)
	Central Police Station	22-0 (22-9) 24-2 (24-8) 23-1 (23-3) 23-1 (23-3) 22-3 (24-0) 22-1 (24-3) 22-4 (23-3) 22-4 (23-3) 22-4 (23-3) 24-9 (24-4)	279.8 (286.3)	23.3 (23.9)
	Month	January February March April May June July August September October November	Totals	Monthly Average 23.3 (23.9)
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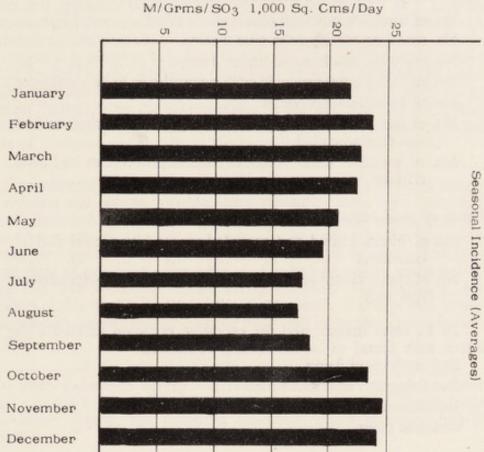
	Bank Park	Victoria Park	Warrington Cemetery	St. Elphin's Park	Orford Park	Dallam Farm	Bewsey	Average for Borough
Monthly Average	20.3	18.3	16.2	18.7	19.5	16.9	19.9	18.6
Total	141 · 8	129.2	113.6	130.8	136.3	118.0	139.1	129.8

### DEPOSIT GAUGES 1958

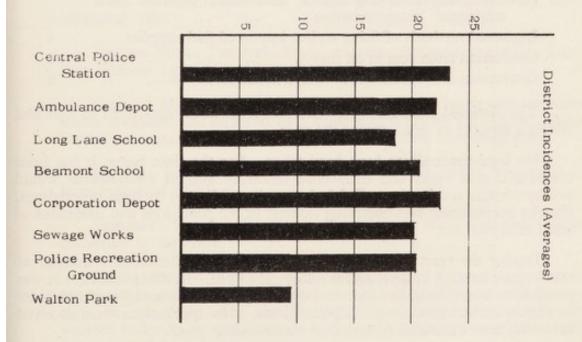




### LEAD PEROXIDE GAUGES 1958 (Sulphur Dioxide) TABLE B



M/ Grms/SO<sub>3</sub> 1,000 Sq. Cms/Day



### CLEAN AIR ACT

The following particulars detail the work performed by the senior district inspectors:

Sm	oke and Atmospheric Pollution: Smoke Byelaws:		
	No. of timed chimneytop observations taken		13
	No. revealing black smoke over 2 mins		_
	No. revealing black smoke under 2 mins		2
	No. revealing other smoke in such quantities as to be a nuisa	ince	6
	No. of visits and interviews		75
	No. of premises where improvement in plant or firing met	hod	
	was recommended		15
	No. of premises where recommended improvements had b	een	
	effected		18
Sui	rvey of Fuel Installations:		
	No. of plants visited and recorded where bituminous fue	l is	
	consumed		3
	No. of plants visited and recorded operating on non-bitumin	ious	
	fuel only		2
	In 15 cases investigated for excessive emission of smoke	the.	following
fac	tors were found to be influencing conditions:	tile	Tonowing
	Bad methods of firing		3
	Bad firing and unsuitable fuel		2
	Insufficient boiler plant		8
	Obsolete plant		2
œ	In response to advice and recommendations, improvement	ents l	nave been
effe	cted in 18 premises as follows:		0
	New plant installed		8
	Structural improvements and/or alterations, together wadditional instrumentation		2
	Improved methods of firing and/or improved fuel supplies		4
	Conversion from coal to oil fuel		1
	Conversion from bituminous to non-bituminous fuel		3
	Conversion from bituminous to non-bituminous fuel		2

The National Fuel Efficiency Service (N.I.F.E.S.) continued to visit and advise a number of firms during the year.

No legal proceedings have been taken. For the time being, it has been considered that visits and interviews following general observations would produce better results than official observations followed by legal proceedings, thereby encouraging and nurturing interest in the provisions and intentions of the Clean Air Act.

During the year, approval was given for the installation of a number of small space heating boilers, either oil or coke fired. In some instances it was possible to secure an increase in the height of proposed chimney stacks in order to obtain better dispersal of sulphur fumes. No applications were received involving new industrial furnaces or steam-raising plant.

### INDUSTRIAL POLLUTION

The policy of instructing boiler-house staffs in proper methods of firing was continued and managements have been encouraged to improve instrumentation and approach combustion problems scientifically. It is now more widely appreciated that to achieve a higher standard of fuel economy and reduce smoke emissions, the provision of suitable measuring instruments is necessary. In this respect it is pleasing to record that during the year the installation of a number of Smoke Density Recorders occurred. These instruments are operated electrically, give audible and visible warning when excessive smoke is emitted, are of great assistance to the management in pin-pointing causes of trouble and at the same time provide a record of smoke emissions which occur during the hours of darkness and fog when the chimneytop cannot be seen.

The number of hand-fired boilers and furnaces in operation has been further reduced and, where possible, those remaining have been converted to the use of smokeless fuels. A number of plants still exist operating with the sprinkler type mechanical stoker and unless a top quality graded fuel without "fines" can be supplied there is a tendency to heavy smoke and grit emissions. One large plant of this type comprising six Lancashire boilers was adapted for use of oil fuel with successful results during the year. Unfortunately, one of the offenders of this type is situated in the Town centre. It is expected, however, that a decision to install modern oil-fired plant will be implemented during the coming year.

Last year, a detailed survey was made of the many improvements that had been effected to meet the requirements of the Clean Air Act and during the year under review, the following additional major improvements were completed:

TANNERIES: Hand-fired Lancashire Boilers converted to Low-Ram Coking Stokers in two instances.

WIRE WORKS: Hand-fired Lancashire Boiler converted to burn industrial coke.

COTTON MILL: Two hand-fired Lancashire boilers converted to Low-Ram Coking Stokers.

GENERAL MANUFACTURER: Overloaded Lancashire boiler with sprinkler stoker abolished and replaced with Economic boiler on Low-Ram Coking Stoker automatically controlled and fitted with dust extracting plant.

GENERAL MANUFACTURER: Hand-fired Cornish boiler converted to burn industrial coke.

Brewery: Battery of six Lancashire boilers with sprinkler stokers converted to oil-firing.

METALLURGICAL WORKS: A producer-gas fired furnace, a source of heavy smoke and grit emissions abolished and dismantled, two old Lancashire boilers on oil-firing also dismantled and new, more conveniently situated boiler-house and chimney constructed to house two modern fully automatic oil-fired package boilers.

### DOMESTIC POLLUTION

In February, a Clean Air Exhibition lasting for four days was held in the Parr Hall. Attendances were very good and the opportunity was taken to disseminate information and propaganda concerning the proposed Smoke Control Area. Following this the preliminary survey work and preparation and collation of the necessary information was commenced. Owing to staff shortage difficulties the work has only proceeded slowly during the year. In the first place it was not found possible to relieve the officers carrying out this work of their other duties and secondly, it was found that much time had to be spent discussing, in detail, points about fireplaces and fuels with individual householders. As the success of the smoke control measures depends ultimately on public support and the people's understanding of the problems involved, together with their readiness to co-operate, this preliminary approach and discussion was important and could not be rushed. At the end of the year, 340 premises in the area had been surveyed and a number of conferences had been held with appliance manufacturers, dealers and fixers and representatives of the Gas and Electricity Boards. It is anticipated that the first two smoke control areas will be submitted for confirmation during 1959 to become operative in the spring of 1960.

### PART VI-SANITARY INSPECTIONS OF DISTRICT

### NUMBER AND NATURE OF INSPECTIONS

Tables I and II indicate the number and nature of Inspections made during the year and the conditions remedied.

TABLE I

Nature of Inspections	Primary Inspections	Re- inspections	Total Visits
STATUTORY NUISANCES—			
Premises	976	2901	3877
Animals		2901	3
Accumulations or deposits	13	-	18
Dust and Fumes	3	3	6
Ditches and watercourses			
Tents, vans or sheds		1	3
Miscellaneous		i	5
Obstructed drainage		390	769
Defective or insufficient drainage		84	140
Drain tests (smoke)	14	_	14
Drain tests (colour)		_	2
Defective water closets		176	288
Defective pail closets	_	_	_
Verminous and unwholesome dwellings	47	44	91
Verminous business premises	4	3	. 7
Places of entertainment (Cinemas, theatres,			
fairs, etc.)	7	_	7
		1	
GENERAL (including byelaws and regulations)			
Offensive trades		-	1
Houses let in Lodgings	2	-	2
Stables		-	2 2 27
Piggeries		2	27
Tips	4	2	6
Rodent Control		3	25
Pets Act	3	_	3
Pharmacy and Poisons		_	
Merchandise Marks Act and Regulations		_	13 13
Fertilisers and Feeding Stuffs	15		15
GOOD—			
Slaughtering (Public Slaughterhouse)	513	_	513
Private slaughtering	457	_	457
Preparing premises		_	5
General Food shops		-	423
Markets	13	_	13
Cold stores	4	-	4
Butchers' shops	4	-	4
MILK—			
Dairies	4	-	4
Pasteurising establishments		-	33
Retail premises	151	-	151
ce Cream—			
	=		5
Manufacturing premises	5 88		88
Retail sales	00		00

### TABLE I (continued)

Nature of Inspections	Primary Inspections	Re- inspections	Total Visits
Factories—			
Power	37	46	83
Non-power	5	4	9
Work places, outworkers	3	-	3
Housing—			
Repair (Sec. 9)	_	_	-
Demolition (Sec. 17)	93	158	251
Closure (Sec. 17)		1	1
Overcrowding		-	9
Housing Survey		1	65
Clearance or Re-development	1	53	54
Rent Act, 1957	303	147	450
DISEASES OF ANIMALS—			
Saleyards	51	_	51
Movement of swine	57	_	57
Importation of animals		_	_
Foot and mouth disease		-	_
Swine fever		-	1
Fowl pest	_	_	_
Miscellaneous	1	-	1
Interviews	196	-	196
TOTALS	4237	4024	8261

### TABLE II

### DETAILS OF SANITARY IMPROVEMENT

Defect or Contravention	Defect or con- traven- tion reme- died	Defect or Contravention	Defect or con- traven- tion reme- died
DWELLINGS—		PLACES OF	
Roofs	277	ENTERTAINMENT—	
Walls (Interior)	170	Cleanliness	4
Walls (External)	115	Ventilation	
Ceilings	67	Disrepair—	
Floors	91	Structure	_
Firegrates	25	Seats, floor coverings	2
Wash Boilers	1	Sanitary accommodation	-
Doors and Windows	- 134	Males—	
Dampness	890	Insufficient	
Lighting	_	Ventilation	_
Ventilation	62	Cleanliness	_
Chimney stacks	71	Washing facilities	_
Gutters and downspouts	504	Miscellaneous	2
Downspouts disconnected	18	Females—	
Yard or passage surfaces	7	Insufficient	-
Yard drainage	1	Ventilation	-
Water supply	1	Cleanliness	_
Ash bin stores	7	Washing facilities	1
		Miscellaneous	_
Drainage—			
Defective	13	LICENSED PREMISES—	
Inspection chambers	7	Sanitary accommodation	
Abolished	-	Reconstruction	_
Additional gullies	1	Additional W.C.s	_
Sinks	19	Additional urinals	_
Sink waste pipes	28	Additional washing	
Soil or vent pipes	3	facilities	_
Other necessary app	1	Proceening	
New drainage provided	1	PIGGERIES— Surfaces	
Croopme C.	Market S		
CLOSETS AND SANITARY		Drainage Storage of Manure	
CONVENIENCES—	72	A1 -11-1 - 1	_
Water closets Pail closets	12	Abolished	
	13		
Water supply Flushing cisterns	23		
Flushing disterns	23		

### PART VII—INSPECTION & SUPERVISION OF FOOD

### (a) MILK

### REGISTERED DAIRYMEN AND DAIRIES

Distributors			 		303
Dairies—					
Pasteuris	ing Pres	mises	 	2	
Dairy Pr	remises		 	12	
				-	
				14	

Licences issued under Milk (Special Designation) Regulations are indicated in the following table:—

Designation	Regulations	Type of Licence	No. Issued
Tuberculin Tested	Milk (Special Designation) (Raw Milk) Regs. 1949	Dealer's	16
Tuberculin Tested	Milk (Special Designation) (Raw Milk) Regs. 1949	Supplementary	6
Pasteurised	Milk (Special Designation) (Pasteurised and Sterilised Milk) Regs. 1949	Pasteuriser's	2
Pasteurised	Milk (Special Designation) (Pasteurised and Sterilised Milk) Regs. 1949	Dealer's	69
Pasteurised	Milk (Special Designation) (Pasteurised and Sterilised Milk) Regs. 1949	Supplementary	7
Pasteurised (T.T.)	Milk (Special Designation) (Pasteurised and Sterilised Milk) Regs. 1949	Dealer's	36
Pasteurised (T.T.)	Milk (Special Designation) (Pasteurised and Sterilised Milk) Regs. 1949	Supplementary	3
Sterilised	Milk (Special Designation) (Pasteurised and Sterilised Milk) Regs. 1949	Dealer's	271
Sterilised	Milk (Special Designation) (Pasteurised and Sterilised Milk) Regs. 1949	Supplementary	6

Dairy Premises removed from the register during the year	 	-
Distributors removed from the register during the year	 	43
Distributors newly registered during the year	 	50

### SAMPLING FOR CLEANLINESS AND EFFICIENCY OF HEAT TREATMENT

Class of Milk	No. of Appropriate		No. of Samples		
Class of Milk	Samples	Samples Tests		Failed	
Postsonia de 161		Phosphatase	161	-	
Pasteurised	161	Methylene Blue $(\frac{1}{2} \text{ hour test})$	161	-	
Sterilised	17	Turbidity Test	17	_	
Tuberculin		Phosphatase	4	-	
Pasteurised	Tested 4 Pasteurised	Methylene Blue	4	-	
Tuberculin Tested	1	Methylene Blue	, 1	_	

Of the 161 samples of pasteurised milk, 96 were taken from retailers, 63 from pasteurising plants and 24 from schools.

### TESTS FOR TUBERCULOSIS

Three samples of milk were submitted for examination for the presence of tuberculosis and a negative return was received in one case. In the other two cases the guinea pig died too soon after inoculation for a diagnosis to be made.

### (b) ICE CREAM

Nine samples of ice cream were submitted for chemical analysis, all complying with the standard. Eight samples were submitted for bacteriological examination with the following results.

Toma			Total			
Туре		1	2	3	4	- Total
Wrapped					_	_
Unwrapped		1	1	3	3	8
TOTALS		1	1	3	3	8

Grades 1 and 2 are presumed satisfactory and grades 3 and 4 unsatisfactory.

### PARTICULARS OF REGISTRATION

Premises for the manufacture of ice cream		6
Premises for the storage and sale of loose ice cream		5
Premises for the storage and sale of prepacked ice cr	eam	281

### (c) FOOD PREPARATION AND HANDLING

The inspection of food premises to secure compliance with the Food and Drugs Act and Food Hygiene Regulations, 1955, was continued during the year. Owing to pressure of work in other directions the time, staff and accommodation available was not, in my opinion, adequate for these activities. As and when staff vacancies are filled a re-organisation of duties is planned to overcome this difficulty.

At the request of the management of one large kitchen an organised lecture on food handling and hygiene was given to the staff. Otherwise advice and help in this direction was given at various premises when inspections were carried out or complaints investigated.

During the year, proceedings were taken under the Food and Drugs Act and Food Hygiene Regulations in respect of one large bakehouse and convictions were secured. Later in the year, these premises ceased to operate as a bakehouse.

The following table shows the various classes and types of food premises, together with the number of cases in which action under the Food Hygiene Regulations was taken by the service of notice and/or specifications, and also the number of specifications which were complied with:

	Food Premises				Specia	Specifications	
Class	Туре	No.	Served	Complied with			
Registered Premises	Cooked meats only Butcher and cooked meat Baker and cooked meat Fish friers Ice cream: (a) Manufacture (b) Sale and/or st	torage		5 35 28 62 6 286	$\frac{\frac{1}{3}}{\frac{2}{-}}$	1 6 4 1 —	
	Total			422	6	12	
Preparing Premises	Catering Butchers (including mobile of Bakehouses Industrial canteens Schools: Cooking centres Service of meals Hospitals and institutions Clubs Licensed premises Tripe boilers Potato crisp manufacturer  Total	 vans)   		52 51 7 37 12 29 3 48 88 1 1	6 4 2 - - 1 1 1 15	6 4 1 - - - 1 - - 1	
Wholesale and Retail Premises	Grocery and provisions Fruit and vegetables Sugar confectionery Fishmongers Small mixed food shops			106 89 73 21 339	1 1 1 1	6 1 1 2 —	
	Total			628	4	10	

During the year a total of 292 visits and revisits were made to premises and of these 171 were concerned with registered premises.

Details of the improvement in hygenic conditions of food premises by the service of and compliance with specifications are listed below:—

T.	Number				
19	pe of Improvement			Served	Complied with
PREMISES:	Separation of processes			9	9
	Walls		***	13	12
	Floors			12	13
	Ceilings Doors and windows			8 9	*10
	Ventilation			8	8
	Lighting			5	6
	Repair and redecoration			5	11
PROTECTION OF	Screening of counters, wind	ow			
FOOD AGAINST	displays, etc			11	15
CONTAMINATION:	Prohibition of keeping of an			_	1
	Unsatisfactory equipment as	nd fitti	ngs	10	12
	Prohibition of smoking			3	1
SANITARY	Insufficient (Patrons)			1	1
ACCOMMODATION:	Insufficient (Staff)		***	5	5
	Separate for sexes			3	5 3 7
	Cleanliness and repair Intervening space			3 6	4
	Light and ventilation			6	9
	Notices			5	11
Wash-hand	Unsuitable and/or insufficier	nt		13	22
BASINS:	Position			12	20
	Hot and cold water			12	23
	Towels, soap, nail brushes,	etc.		9	18
Washing of Food	Additional and replacements	s		9	8
AND EQUIPMENT:	Crockery and utensils sinks			9	11
	Hot water			9	13
	Steriliser			5	5
	Facilities for air drying			1	
Cooking	Suitable siting			3	6
EQUIPMENT:	Cowling and ducting			5	3 2
	Replacement Tables, shelves, etc			1 4	6
	Tables, sneives, etc			*	0
OTHER FACILITIES:	Cloakrooms or lockers First-aid materials			5	7 6
PACILITIES.	Pirst-aid materials	•••		0	- 0
REFUSE STORAGE:	Temporary			6	6
	Bins: Additional			6	6
	Replacements	***		1	2000
DRAINAGE:	New and additional			6	5
	Grease or grit traps			2	5 2 3
	Paving and drainage of yard	s		2	3
STORAGE AND	Refrigeration			1	1
TEMPERATURE	Conservator counters			1	_
CONTROL:	Dry and bulk goods			2	5
	Solid fuel			2	1

As a result of inability to comply with the requirements of the Regulations or other reasons the following premises ceased to operate during the year:—

Cooked meats		 	1
Bakehouses		 	2
Fish and Chip	premises	 	3
Catering		 	1

### UNSOUND FOODSTUFFS

The following foodstuffs at shops and warehouses were condemned and voluntarily surrendered during the year:—

Commodities	Tons	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
Bacon	_	1	_	11
Butter	_	_	_	8
Vegetables	_	1	1	8
Cereals	3	_	-	_
Cheese	_	10	1	26
Fish	_	1	2	15
Fruit (Fresh and Dried)	_	6	1	21
Meat (Cooked and uncooked)	_	4	_	18
Margarine	_	_	1	23
Preserves, Confectionery, etc	-	1	1	18
Poultry	_	_	1	19
CANNED FOODSTUFFS				
Cereals	-	_	1	6
Fruit	1	14	1	15
Fish	_	3	3	8
Meat	4	9	_	13
Mi¹k	_	3	_	25
Preserves, etc	_	1	2	21
Vegetables	1	7	2	23
Miscellaneous	-	2	1	23
Total Weight	12	10	_	21

### (d) FOOD POISONING

No outbreaks were reported during the year.

### (e) ADULTERATION OF FOOD

J. G. Sherratt, Esq., B.Sc., F.R.I.C., holds the appointment of Public Analyst and samples taken under the Food and Drugs Act, 1955, and the Fertiliser and Feeding Stuffs Acts are submitted to him for analysis.

The number of samples submitted for analysis during the year was 206 (see Table 1).

The average composition of milk samples submitted for analysis and reported *genuine* is indicated in the following table.

Periods	No. of Samples	Milk Fat	Solids- not-fat
1st Quarter (January 1st to March 31st)	33	3.58	8.59
2nd Quarter (April 1st to June 30th)	44	3.54	8.78
3rd Quarter (July 1st to September 30th)	44	3.63	8.69
4th Quarter (October 1st to December 31st)	43	3.80	8.61
Total and Averages	160	3.64	8.67

The minimum presumptive standard prescribed by the Sale of Milk Order, 1939, for genuine milk is 3.0% milk fat and 8.5% milk solids-not-fat.

Of 160 samples of milk submitted, 11 samples or 6.8% failed to reach the standard of the Sale of Milk Order, 1939. All of the deficient samples with small deficiencies of solids-not-fat were reported as genuine but abnormal milks.

Consideration was given by the Committee to the circumstances relating to foreign articles in foodstuffs referred to below and warning letters were sent to the firms concerned. Each case was the subject of close investigation of processes and methods.

Sample of potted meat containing 21 per cent extraneous water.

Malt loaf containing foreign matter which appeared to be stale dough.

Loaf of bread containing a fragment of metal.

Crumpets sold in a mouldy condition.

Sale of unsound potatoes.

Legal proceedings were taken in two further cases.

Bread containing insect and insect larvae.

Bakehouse machinery, insect infestation.

TABLE I

No. of all a	Numl	per of Sai	nples	Nur	nber Gen	uine	Numb	er not Ge	nuine
Article	Formal	In- formal	Total	Formal	In- formal	Total	Formal	In- formal	Total
Milk	160	_	160	160	_	160	_	_	_
Ice Cream	9	-	9	9	_	9	_	_	
Butter Cut Mixed	-	1	1	-	1	1	-	-	-
Peel	3	2	5	3	2	5			200
Bread rolls Cheese	-	1	1	_	-	-	-	1	1
savouries	_	1	1		1	1	_	_	
White Pepper Bicarbonate of	-	3	3	-	3	3	-	-	-
Soda	-	1	1	_	1	- 1	_		_
Pure Lard	1	1	2	1	1	2	-	-	_
Canned Peas	_	1	1	-	1	1	-	-	
Soft Drinks		1	1		1	1	-	-	-
Stoned Raisins	-	2	2	-	2	2	-	-	_
Currants	-	1	1	-	1	1	-	_	-
Sultanas	-	2.	2	-	2	2	-	-	-
Dried Apricots Dried Fruit	-	1	1	-	1	1	-	-	-
Salad	_	1	1	-	1-	1	-	-	-
Mixed Fruit	-	1	1		1	1	-	-	-
Slices of Bread Ground	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	1	1
Almonds	1	_	1	1	-	1		-	-
Potted Meat	1	-	1	-	-	-	1	_	1
Marzipan	1	-	1	1	-	1	-	-	-
Whisky	3	-	3	3	-	3	-	-	
Rum	2	-	2	2	_	2	_	-	-
Gin	4	-	4	4	-	4	_	_	-
Totals	185	21	206	184	19	203	1	2	3

TABLE II

### Administrative Action taken in respect of Samples reported by the Public Analyst to be not genuine

No. of Sample		Article	Extent of Adulteration		
Informal	Formal	Article	Extent of Adulteration	Action taken	
2945	_	Slices of Bread	Slice of bread with an area of contamination in the centre. The contamination consisted of fermented dough and iron oxide.	Warning letter to manu- facturer.	
-	3008	Potted Meat	Sample of potted meat containing 21 per cent of extraneous water.	Absence of legal stan- dard. Informal letter sent to manufacturer/ retailer.	

11 samples of milk taken were found to be genuine but abnormal due to a deficiency of solids-not-fat. The Sale of Milk Regulations, 1939, establish a minimum of 8.5 per cent solids-not-fat.

The freezing point of the samples indicated that the deficiency was not caused by the presence of extraneous water and therefore no further action was taken.

### PART VIII—INSPECTION OF MEAT

Particulars of slaughtering at the Public Slaughterhouse, Orford Green, and the premises of J. Cross and Son, are given below.

During the year 24,715 animals were slaughtered at the public slaughterhouse and 9,187 at the private slaughterhouse.

A hundred per cent inspection of all carcases and organs of animals has been maintained during the year by the Public Health Inspectors.

The proportion of cows slaughtered has continued to decrease, the present trend being to pass better quality beef through the slaughterhouses.

### TOTAL NUMBER OF ANIMALS SLAUGHTERED

(Public and Private Slaughterhouses)

	1958	1957	1956	1955	1954
Cattle (excluding cows)	5930	5871	5676	3495	2894
Cows	2272	2547	2691	3501	2797
Calves	92	244	401	388	832
Sheep and Lambs	23690	22661	22245	22349	20825
Pigs 1		1969	2917	3163	5086
TOTALS	33902	33292	33930	32896	32434

### DISEASED CONDITIONS

The incidence of Tuberculosis shows some fluctuation. Whilst the number of whole carcases condemned showed a reduction over last year, there was a slight increase in the number of carcases of cattle (excluding cows) which had some part or organ condemned as a result of tubercular infection.

Cysticercosis—The number of animals found to be affected with Cysticercus Bovis has shown marked reduction this year. All were localised and no generalised Cysticercosis was discovered. The incidence is shown by comparing the figures for previous years which are given in the tables below.

Other diseases necessitating total or part condemnation of carcases show an increase so far as cattle including cows are concerned.

	1958	1957	1956	1955	1954
Carcases requiring detailed examination	3773	3103	3445	4097	3957
Carcases affected with Tuberculosis	1037	994	1206	1325	1403
Carcases affected with Cysticercosis	12	34	34	12	-
Carcases affected with other diseases	2724	2075	_	_	_

The extent of Tuberculosis and other diseases is further analysed to show the type of animal affected and the incidence compared with the previous four years.

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### TUBERCULOSIS

				1958	1957	1956	1955	1954
Cattle (e	veludi	ng Cow	(9)	% 9.21	% 7.48	% 9.23	% 10.04	% 12.51
Cows			3)	21.13	21.08	23.97	25.96	33.43
Calves				_	_	_	0.26	0.36
Pigs				0.58	0.91	1.27	2.02	2.03

### **CYSTICERCOSIS**

	1958	1957	1956	1955
Cattle (excluding Cows) Cows			0·51% 0·19%	

### OTHER DISEASES

				1958	1957	1956	1955	1954
Cattle (a	voludi	on Cou		% 15.43	13.03	% 15.18	% 15.42	% 14.69
Cattle (e	xciudii	ig Cow	8)					100000000000000000000000000000000000000
Cows				35.48	28.82	29.91	31.79	36.00
Calves				2.17	2.46	0.75	2.06	1.56
Pigs				3.71	1.93	4.73	7.65	6.80
Sheep				6.31	6.70	1.78	3.86	3.66

### SUMMARY OF CONDEMNATIONS

### TABLE A

	Cattle excluding Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs	Horses
Number Slaughtered	5930	2272	92	23690	1918	-
Number Inspected	5930	2272	92	23690	1918	-
ALL DISEASES EXCEPT TUBER- CULOSIS AND CYSTICERCOSIS Whole Carcases Condemned Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned Percentage of number inspect- ed affected with diseases other than tuberculosis or cysticercosis	1 914 15.43%	2 804 35.48%	1 1 2.17%	9 871 3.71%	1 120 6.31%	
TUBERCULOSIS ONLY Whole Carcases Condemned Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned Percentage of number inspect- ed affected with Tuberculosis	1 545 9.21%	3 477 21.13%	-	-		
Cysticercosis only Whole Carcases condemned Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned Percentage of number inspect- ed affected with Cysticercosis		_ 2 0.09%	-	-	-	

### WEIGHT OF MEAT AND OFFAL CONDEMNED

		Public Slaughterhouse (lbs.)	Private Slaughterhouse (lbs.)	Total (lbs.)
Tuberculosis	 	27709	2523	30232
Cysticercosis	 	391	36	427
Other Diseases	 :	38434	4492	42926
TOTAL	 	66534	7051	73585

TABLE B

TABLE SHOWING EXTENT OF TUBERCULOSIS, OTHER DISEASES AND WEIGHTS OF DISEASED MEAT

## YEAR ENDING 31st DECEMBER, 1958

-	Ish	Total weight meat and of destroyed fo all diseases	33754	34999	68753	2102	847	1883	73585	
	byed	Weight of m and offal destro on account other disease	18090	20177	38267	2102	674	1883	42926	
-	oyed	Weight of n and offal destr on account Cysticercos	355	72	427	1	1	1	427	
	byed	Weight of m and offal destro on account Tuberculosi	15309	14750	30059	1	173	1	30232	
-	Zuja	Entire cares condemned ov to Tuberculo	-	3	4	1	1	1	4	
-		Udders	10	6	19	1	1	1	19	
		Uteri	6	1	6	1	1	1	6	
	RN	Mesentery	110	127	237	1	1	1	237	
	ABDOMEN	Kiqueàs	18	17	35	1	1	1	35	
	A	Stomachs	45	38	83	1	1	1	83	
		Spleens	37	34	71	1	1	1	71	
		Livers	74	45	119	1	1	1	119	
		Skirts	40	31	71	1	1	1	11	
	THORAX	Hearts and pericardium	12	12	24	1	1	1	24	
	THO	. sgun'i	316	383	669	1	1	1	669	
		Plucks	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
		Heads	129	107	236	1	==	1	247	
	Number Exam- ined T.B.		546	480	1026	1	11	1	1037	
			5930	2272	8202	23690	1918	92	33902	
The same of the sa		Kind of Animal	Beasts: Cartle exc cows	Cows	Total Beasts	Sheep	Pigs	Calves	TOTALS	-

TABLE SHOWING QUANTITY AND WEIGHT OF MEAT CONDEMNED AND DISPOSED OF DURING THE YEAR 1958

TABLE C

Diseases	Bulls lbs.	Bul- locks lbs.	Hei- fers lbs.	Cows lbs.	Calves lbs.	Sheep lbs.	Pigs lbs.	Total lbs.
Tuberculosis Cysticercosis Abscesses Actinomycosis Adhesions Angiomatosis Cirrhosis Congestion Contaminated Decomposition Degeneration Distomatosis Dropsy Echinococcus Emphysema Enteritis Fevered Fibrosis Gangrenous Ill-bled (moribund) Induration	67      26          -	3407 71 607 128 26 96 14 86 7 - 15 4828 - 47 - -	11835 284 1428 144 65 162 127 - 6794 - 78 25 50 - -	14750 72 871 120 60 2449 88 142 2 7536 670 256 104 328 476 14 —		- 13 - 2 4 - 8 - 623 - 14 - - 115	173 5 4 9 136 — 10 — 10 — 293 —	30232 427 2924 392 155 2707 113 503 9 8 67 19807 680 395 129 388 476 14 293 115 3681
Inflammation Immaturity and	-	329	914	844	13	4	78	2182
foetal carcases Johnes Disease Mastitis Melanosis Necrosis Nephritis Parasitic Pericarditis (Acute,		60 - - - 22 257	90  18 52 6 934	1370 47 15 15 26 790	1870	876		1870 1520 47 33 77 54 2905
Simple, Septic) Peritonitis Pleurisy Pneumonia Strongylosis Traumatism Tumours		9 107 96 16 — 229	53 -48 8 -51 30	6 149 21 10 — 35	1111111	5 — — 152 286 —	3 38 17 3 — 10	76 294 182 37 152 611 30
Total	101	10457	23196	34999	1883	2102	847	73585

TOTAL WEIGHT CONDEMNED: 32-tons 17-cwt. 0-qr. 1-lb.

### SLAUGHTER OF ANIMALS ACTS, 1933 to 1954

Twenty two slaughtermen were licensed during the year.

### PART IX—DISEASES OF ANIMALS ACTS

### INSPECTION AND LICENSING

Fifty-one visits were made by public health inspectors (who are appointed Local Authority inspectors for the purpose of the Acts) to markets and collecting centres, for purposes connected with the issue of licences and the various orders and regulations, etc.

The Local Authority granted licences during the year under the Regulation of Movement of Swine Order, 1954, authorising the holding of 51 markets at which swine were included. In accordance with this Order, 457 licences were issued for the movement of 6,083 swine from these markets.

No contagious diseases occurred in the Borough during 1958. On one occasion, however, it came within the boundary of restricted areas under a Swine Fever order.

The Local Authority granted a licence under The Live Poultry (Restrictions) Order, 1957, authorising the holding of a market for the sale of poultry.

Ten visits were made to piggeries under the Diseases of Animals (Waste Food) Order, 1957, for the purpose of inspecting the premises and boiling plants. This Order prohibits the feeding of unboiled waste foods to certain animals or to poultry to prevent the spread of Swine Fever and other diseases.

### PART X-ADMINISTRATION OF SHOPS ACTS

### GENERAL

The following Acts and Orders are operative within the Borough area:— Shops Act, 1950.

Warrington Barbers' and Hairdressers' (Evening) Closing Order, 1927.

Warrington Barbers' and Hairdressers' (Weekly half-holiday) Closing Order, 1926.

Warrington Closing Order (Butchers) 1921.

Warrington Sunday Trading Partial Exemption Order, 1938.

Warrington (Padgate Lane) Shops Late Day Order, 1938.

The early closing day in the Borough is Thursday. The late day for the Padgate area is Friday, and that for the remainder of the Borough is Saturday.

A total of 7 visits was made by inspectors during the year in connection with week-day closing and Sunday trading, and there were no contraventions.

227 visits were paid in connection with the health and comfort provisions. In 28 cases attention to the provisions of the Act was included in work of reconstruction under the Food Hygiene Regulations.

### PART XI—DETAILS OF LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

### TABLE III

Acts, Bye-laws or Regulations under which proceedings instituted	Default or Offence	Result	Fines	Costs
Milk and Dairies Regulations, 1949. Article 29(2).	Contravention of Milk and Dairies Regulations, 1949, by two milk roundsmen.	Fined.	£3 £1	
Food and Drugs Act, 1955, Sec. 2.	Sale, to the prejudice of the purchaser of bread which was not of the quality demanded by the purchaser, in that the food contained beetles and larvae. Failing to keep clean certain equipment contrary to Regulations 6, 32(3) and 33 of the Food Hygiene Regulations, 1955.	Fined.	£40 on both offen	ces
Public Health Act, 1936. Section 93. 115 Willis Street	Failure to abate nuisance arising from general defects of property.	Withdrawn— work completed.	-	3/6
Public Health Act, 1936. Section 93, 39. 29 Thelwall Lane.	Failure to abate nuisance arising from general defects of property.	Withdrawn— work completed.	-	6/-
Public Health Act, 1936. Section 93. 74 Bramhall Street.	Failure to abate nuisance arising from general defects of property.	Withdrawn— work completed.	_	3/6
Public Health Act, 1936 Section 93. 76 Bramhall Street.	Failure to abate nuisance arising from general defects of property.	Withdrawn— work completed.	-	3/6
Public Health Act, 1936 Section 93. 80 Bramhall Street.	Failure to abate nuisance arising from general defects of property.	Withdrawn— work completed.		3/6
Public Health Act, 1936. Section 39. 84 Bramhall Street.	Failure to abate nuisance arising from general defects of property.	Withdrawn— work completed.	-	2/6
Public Health Act, 1936. Section 93. 86 Bramhall Street.	Failure to abate nuisance arising from general defects of property.	Withdrawn— work completed.	-	3/6
Public Health Act, 1936. Section 93, 39. 43 Laira Street.	Failure to abate nuisance arising from general defects of property.	Withdrawn— work completed.	-	6/-

### TABLE III (continued)

Acts, Bye-laws or Regulations under which proceedings instituted	Default or Offence	Result	Fines	Costs
Public Health Act, 1936. Section 93. 50 Parr Street.	Failure to abate nuisance arising from general defects of property.	Withdrawn— work completed.	-	3/6
Public Health Act, 1936. Section 93, 39. 52 Parr Street.	Failure to abate nuisance arising from general defects of property.	Withdrawn— work completed.	-	6/-
Public Health Act, 1936. Section 93. 17 Leonard Street.	Failure to abate nuisance arising from general defects of property.	Withdrawn— work completed.	-	3/6
Public Health Act, 1936. Section 93 36 Stevenson Street	Failure to abate nuisance arising from general defects of property.	Withdrawn— work completed.	-	3/6
Public Health Act, 1936. Section 93, 39. 15 Leonard Street.	Failure to abate nuisance arising from general defects of property.	Withdrawn— work completed.	-	6/-
Public Health Act, 1936. Section 93. 15/17 Earl Street.	Failure to abate nuisance arising from general defects of property.	Abatement order requiring works to be completed within 28 days.	-	8/6
Public Health Act, 1936. Section 93. 199 Winwick Road.	Failure to abate nuisance arising from general defects of property.	Withdrawn— work completed.	-	3/6
Public Health Act, 1936. Section 93. 9 Forster Street.	Failure to abate nuisance arising from general defects of property.	Withdrawn— work completed.	00 mm	3/6
Public Health Act, 1936. Section 93, 45. 10 Hale Street.	Failure to abate nuisance arising from general defects of property.	Withdrawn— work completed.	-	6/-
Public Health Act, 1936. Sections 93, 45. 18 Chorley Street.	Failure to abate nuisance arising from general defects of property.	Withdrawn— work completed.	-	6/-
Public Health Act, 1936. Section 93. 33 St. Mary Street.	Failure to abate nuisance arising from general defects of property.	Withdrawn— work completed.	-	3/6
			1	