# [Report 1935] / Medical Officer of Health, Wallasey Local Board / U.D.C. / County Borough.

### **Contributors**

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1935

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# ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Medical Officer of Health

AND

School Medical Officer

1935.

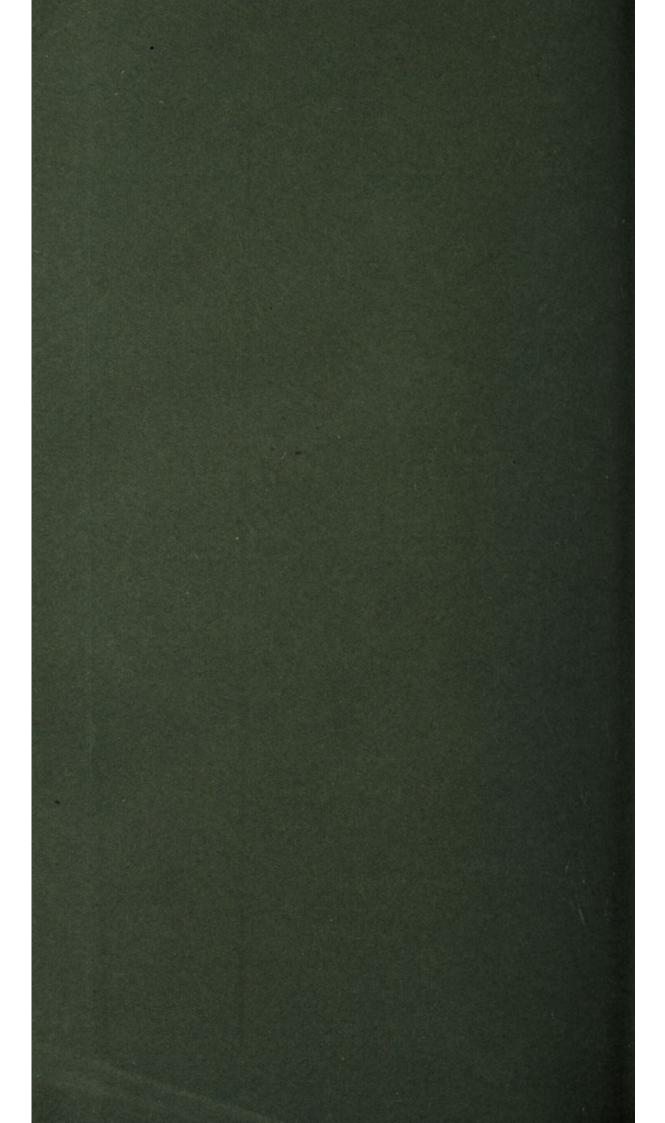
RONALD B. BERRY, M.D., Ch.B., D.P.H.,

Medical Officer of Health, Medical Superintendent of the Corporation Infectious Diseases Hospital, Administrative Tuberculosis Officer, School Medical Officer, etc.

WALLASEY:

WILLMER BROS. & Co., LTD., 47, BOROUGH ROAD.

1936.



### COUNTY BOROUGH OF WALLASEY.



## ANNUAL REPORT

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Medical Officer of Health

AND

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FOR THE YEAR

1935.

RONALD B. BERRY, M.D., Ch.B., D.P.H.,

Medical Officer of Health, Medical Superintendent of the Corporation Infectious Diseases Hospital, Administrative Tuberculosis Officer, School Medical Officer, etc.

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1936.

### MEMBERS of the HEALTH COMMITTEE and SUB-COMMITTEES to NOVEMBER, 1935.

	Health Committee	Maternity and Child Welfare Sub-Com- mittee	Sub-Committee for the care of the Mentally Defective	Blind Persons Act Sub- Committee
The Mayor (Ald. S. PANTER BRICK, J.P.)	Ex-Officio	Ex-officio	Ex-officio	Ex-officio
Ald. D. P. CHARLESWORTH J.P. (a)	Chairman	М	М	Chairman
Coun. Mrs. A. SIDDALL  Ald. R. RAWLINSON, J.P	Vice-Chair- man M	Chairman	M Chairman	M M
,, AUGUSTINE QUINN, J.P.(b)	M	M	M	M
Coun. F. P. ATHERTON	M	M	_	-
Coun, Mrs. D. BARTON	M	М	-	M
,, P. G. DAVIES, J.P. (c)	M	М	_	-
" R. P. EVANS	M	_	-	-
., W. H. MASEFIELD	(To Nov'r.) M	M	-	-
" G. W. RUSSELL	M	-	-	M
,, W. SUTTON (Died October)	M	-	M	
" L. E. THOMAS	M	-	-	-
,, A. B. TODD	M	M	-	-
" J. H. WILKINSON	M	-	-	-
,, Mrs. A. WILLIAMS, B.A.	M	M	M	-
Miss E. AYERS, J.P	-	-	М	-
Miss B. McKEON	-	-	M	-
Mr. J. H. MINES (d)	-	-	-	M
Mr. R. C. DIXON (e)	_	-	-	M

 <sup>(</sup>a) Represents the Health Committee on the Committee of the Liverpool Workshops for the Blind and on the Cheshire Joint Sanatorium Committee.
 (b) Represents the Health Committee on the Cheshire Joint Sanatorium

Committee. (since deceased)
(c) Represents the Education Committee on the Blind Persons Act Sub-Committee.

 <sup>(</sup>d) Represents the National League of the Blind.
 (e) Represents the Wallasey Branch of the National League of the Blind.

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# PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS OF THE AUTHORITY.

Medical Officer of Health, Administrative Tuberculosis Officer, and School Medical Officer.§

RONALD B. BERRY, M.D., Ch.B., D.P.H.

Deputy Medical Officer of Health, Assistant Child Welfare Medical Officer, and Assistant School Medical Officer.§ W. WRIGLEY STACEY, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

Assistant Medical Officer of Health, Tuberculosis Officer, and Venereal Diseases Officer.§

FRANK CYRIL MORGAN, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., D.P.H.

Assistant Medical Officer and Resident Medical Officer, Mill Lane Hospital:

ISOBEL ORD KENNEDY, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

(from 23rd April, 1935).

Dental Surgeons:

C. JOINSON LUYA, L.D.S., and W. A. HENDERSON, L.D.S.

Veterinary Officer and Chief Meat Inspector: GEORGE TULLIS, M.R.C.V.S., D.V.S.M.

Chief Sanitary Inspector:§

\*\*THOMAS NICHOLSON CLEATOR.

Assistant Sanitary Inspectors:

\*\*ALBERT HENRY ORMESHER, \*\*RALPH HENRY FRENCH,

†\*\*HAROLD VICTOR CASS (to 30th April).
\*\*WILLIAM McCAULEY (to 30th June).

\*\*GEORGE A. OWEN.

\*HARRY JOHN SLEIGH (from 24th June). \*ERIC HARGREAVES (from 22nd July).

Shops, etc., Inspector:
\*RALPH LANGFORD BASCOMBE.

Detention officer: GEORGE W. P. OWEN.

Health Visitors:

\*§MISS ISABELLA BIRRELL.
\*§MISS RUTH M. QUINTON.
§MISS CECILY HONOR RUDKIN.
§MISS JOSEPHINE SHANNON.
§MISS LOUISE VANCE, S.C.M., S.R.N.

Inspector of Midwives (Trained Nurse): §MISS B. HANSEN, S.C.M., S.R.N.

Tuberculosis Nurse:

§MISS ANNIE LEE GLASSEY (S.C.M. and Health Visitor's Certificate.)

School Nurses:

(See School Inspection Report in Appendix).

Public Analyst (Part-time Officer):
T. R. HODGSON, M.A.

Weights and Measures and Food and Drugs Inspectors:

JAMES TUDOR, Cert. Board of Trade.
J. W. PRICE, do.

Home Teacher for the Blind:

MISS A. M. ARNOLD, Cert. College of Teachers of the Blind.

Administrative Assistant : JOHN McNALLY.

Clerks:

\*FRANK ALDRED.
NORMAN SQUIRE.
WALTER RADCLIFFE.
MISS A. ALLISON.
MISS I. E. MACNAMARA.
MISS I. ELLIS.

MISS M. A. HIATT (Dispensary), (to 28th Sept.) MISS OLIVE M. DAWSON (Dispensary) (from 23rd Sept.)

> \*Holds a Sanitary Inspector's Certificate. \*\*Holds a Meat Inspector's Certificate. †Holds a Smoke Abatement Certificate.

Note.—Those to whose salary contribution is made under the Public Health Acts, or by Exchequer Block Grants, are marked §.

PART-TIME MEDICAL PRACTITIONERS DISCHARGING DUTIES IN CONNECTION WITH SPECIAL CLINICS.

PHŒBE A. INCE, M.D., M.B., Ch.B. (Ante-Natal).
T. HARTLEY MARTIN, M.B., Ch.B. (Orthopædics).
H. R. BICKERTON, M.A., M.B., Ch.B. (Eyes).
A. A. GEMMELL, M.A., M.D. (Gynaecological) Consulting Surgeon C. YORKE, M.D., Ch.B., B.S., F.R.C.S. (Tonsils & Adenoids).

### DISTRICT MEDICAL OFFICERS UNDER POOR LAW ACTS.

#### PUBLIC VACCINATORS.

W. BRUCE BRIGGS, M.A., M.B., Ch.B. (for North District). NORMAN A. C. BEST, L.M.L.A.H., L.M. (for South District).

VACCINATION OFFICER. WILLIAM M. JARDINE.

### GENERAL STATISTICS.

Area in Acres, as ascertained by Ordna January, 1932			E 000
Area in Acres, added on extension of Borou part of Saughall Massie as from April 1s	gh to	include	
River and Sea frontage Slightl			
Census Population, April, 1931			00.000
Registrar-General's estimated population at 1935 (including added portion of Saugha	middle	of	96,600
Population :—			
Census years: 1881—21,192; 1891—33,22	27: 19	901—53	,579
Do. 1911—78,504; 1921—90,80			
Registrar-General's Estimates for subseque	ent yea	ars:-	
1932-97,110; 1933-97,600; 1934-97,	000;	1935-	96,600.
Inhabited houses at 31st December, 1935			25,474
Empty ,, ,, ,,			011
Rateable Value, 1934-1935			£833,687
,, ,, 1935-1936			£846,306
Yield of a Penny Rate			£3,270
etaneno estera <u>ata san</u> eta en			
Live Births to December 31st (Registrar-Gen	eral's a	djusted	l figures)
	M		Totals
Legitimate Illegitimate	591 38	627 24	1,218
inegrimate			02
	629	651	1,280
Birth-rate per 1,000 of estimated population	of 96,	600	13.2
Still-births to December 31st—			13.2
Still-births to December 31st—	M	F	13.2 Totals
Still-births to December 31st—  Legitimate	M 25	F 14	13.2 Totals 39
Still-births to December 31st—	M	F	13.2 Totals
Still-births to December 31st—  Legitimate	M 25	F 14	13.2 Totals 39
Still-births to December 31st—  Legitimate	M 25 2	F 14 3	13.2 Totals 39 5
Still-births to December 31st—  Legitimate  Illegitimate	M 25 2 - 27	F 14 3 - 17	13.2  Totals 39 5 44 3.32
Still-births to December 31st—  Legitimate Illegitimate  Rate per 1,000 total (live and still) births	M 25 2	F 14 3	13.2  Totals 39 5 44 3.32
Still-births to December 31st—  Legitimate  Illegitimate	M 25 2 - 27	F 14 3 - 17	Totals 39 5 44 3.32 Total
Still-births to December 31st—  Legitimate Illegitimate  Rate per 1,000 total (live and still) births  Deaths to Dec. 31st (Registrar-General's	M 25 2 - 27 M 604 on of 9	F 14 3 	Totals 39 5 44 3.32 Total

Deaths from diseases and accidents of pregnancy and	d child-
birth (Headings 29 and 30 of Registrar-General's Short I	List) :
Puerperal Sepsis 4 Rate per 1000 live and still-births 3.0	Total
Other puerperal causes—3 do. 2.3	5.3
Death-rate of Infants under ONE year of age :-	
All infants per 1,000 live births 47.6	
Legitimate infants per 1,000 legitimate live births 47.5	
Illegitimate infants per 1,000 illegitimate live	
births 48.4	
Neo-Natal Rate per 1,000 births	31.2
Deaths from Measles (all ages)	2
Deaths from Whooping Cough (all ages)	6
Deaths from Diarrhoea (including Enteritis), under 1 year	1
Under 2 years	_
Diarrhoea and Enteritis Mortality Rate under 1 year, per	
1,000 live births	0.78
Zymotic Death-rate per 1,000 of population (excluding	0.00
Diarrhoea)	0.28
Phthisis Death-rate per 1,000 of population (excluding	0.07
Diarrhoea)	0.67
Respiratory Death-rate per 1,000 of population (excluding	1.18
Phthisis)	1.10

Public Health Department,

Town Hall,

Wallasey.

23rd June, 1936.

To The Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors of the County Borough of Wallasey.

Mr. Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I beg to submit my Annual Report for the year 1935, the second for which I have been responsible.

It will be noticed that the Registrar-General again shows a fall in the estimated population, in spite of the large amount of housing development that has taken place in the Borough.

Diphtheria and Scarlet Fever have been persistent throughout the year, notifications of Diphtheria being the highest on record, and of Scarlet Fever the highest for the last 10 years.

The notifications of Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis are equal to the lowest recorded figure (with the exception of 1918), and Pulmonary Tuberculosis shows a slight fall compared with 1934.

The appointment of a Woman Medical Officer to the staff has made possible an extension of work in many directions, to which reference has also been made in the Report to the Education Committee.

In July we took over complete responsibility for the treatment of all cases of infectious disease admitted to Mill Lane Hospital, with very definite benefit to the Hospital as a whole, and with none of the difficulties that were foretold when the step was first mooted.

It was decided to admit to the Hospital cases of Measles and Whooping Cough suffering from complications, or where the facilities for treatment at home are inadequate.

The Hospital has been provisionally approved as a full Training School for Fever Nurses, a step which will certainly improve the quality of the nursing at the Hospital.

Immunisation against Diphtheria was also commenced during the year, and a summary of the work done is included in the Report. The response of parents to offers of immunisation for their children has been very gratifying.

An additional Welfare Centre was opened in July to meet the needs of the northern section of the town—a step which has been more than justified. Further developments of this nature will need your consideration in the near future.

The provision of maternity beds was under review during the year, and it is hoped that the year 1936 will see the first definite steps in the direction of a suitable Maternity Hospital for the Borough.

An X-Ray plant has been provided for the Tuberculosis Clinic in Mill Lane, and has proved of great value in the work of that Department.

Work under the Housing Act 1930 was continued, both in respect of Clearance Areas and Demolition Orders, of which details will be found in the body of the Report.

All these extensions of work could not have been possible without the willing co-operation of all members of the staff, to whom I take this opportunity of expressing my warmest thanks. To the Health Committee, whose acceptance of my suggestions has made the developments possible, and whose support is always given in such a generous manner, I also express my gratitude.

I am.

Mr. Mayor, Ladies and Gentlemen, Your obedient servant,

> RONALD B. BERRY, Medical Officer of Health.

### PHYSICAL FEATURES AND GENERAL CHARACTER OF THE DISTRICT.

The Borough of Wallasey is a part of the Wirral Peninsula, and itself forms a peninsula, bounded by the River Mersey on the East, the Irish Sea on the North, Wallasey and Birkenhead Docks on the South and South-west, with a mile of flat land on the West between head of docks and sea. The ground rises from the river and also from the land side towards the middle of the district, forming a kind of backbone North and South, reaching a height of 200 feet above the sea at New Brighton, affording splendid facilities for drainage East and West of this natural ridge. New red sandstone, at a variable depth, underlies all this district, with pockets of alluvium, drift clay, gravel marl and sand.

On April 1st, 1928, the Borough was extended on the west side by the inclusion of the Parishes of Moreton, Leasowe and portion of Bidston-cum-Ford. These added areas are very flat, being for the most part at, or just above, sea level. They are protected from the sea in part by the Leasowe Embankment and in part by the sandhills, and are intersected east and west by the river Birkett, which drains from higher ground on the southern side and enters the Mersey via a culvert. The portion of land along-side the Birkett is liable to flooding in times of heavy rain, but special measures have been undertaken to prevent this flooding in the future.

#### SOCIAL CONDITIONS.

The Borough is mainly a residential place, a large number of the inhabitants being engaged in business in Liverpool. Some large docks, forming part of the Port of Liverpool, are situated in the Borough.

There are also in the district extensive Lairages for imported cattle and sheep. For some little time past these have not been in actual use.

There is no occupation which would have any particular influence on the public health.

Wallasey is the location of the largest milling industry in Britain, but with the exception of these large flour mills and one or two manufacturing establishments, no industries of any moment employing any large number of men exist in the Borgugh.

As from the 1st of April, 1933, the boundaries were further extended by the inclusion of portions of Upton and Saughall Massie (602 acres).

### LIST OF WARDS IN THE BOROUGH.

No. 1-New Brighton.	No. 9—Somerville.
2—Upper Brighton.	10 70 10
3—North Liscard.	11—Marlowe.
4—South Liscard.	12—St. Hilary.
5—North Egremont.	13—Warren.
6—South Egremont.	14—Wallasey.
7—North Seacombe.	15—Leasowe.
8—South Seacombe.	16—Moreton.

17—Saughall Massie.

### GRATUITOUS MEDICAL RELIEF.

### VOLUNTARY HOSPITALS, DISPENSARIES, Etc.

There are two General Hospitals in the Borough—the Victoria Central Hospital and the Wallasey Cottage Hospital. There is also an Orthopoedic Hospital—the Liverpool Open Air Hospital—at the Leasowe end of the town. The first named is equipped with 165 beds (including 30 for children). The Cottage Hospital has 19 beds (4 for children), and the Leasowe Hospital 236 beds, 198 of which are for children, 38 being for adult females. This last named Hospital receives children from various parts of the country. Attached to the Victoria Central Hospital is an Out-Patients' Department for surgical cases only. The Cottage Hospital has no Out-patients' Department. Leasowe Children's Hospital has such 1 Department. An annual grant of £500 is made by the Corporation to the Victoria Central Hospital and of £50 to the Cottage Hospital. The Corporation has a number of beds at Leasowe Hospital on terms.

On the premises of the Victoria Central Hospital is a Charitable Dispensary, the Medical Officer of which is also the Resident Surgeon of the Hospital. The Corporation make an annual grant to this Charity of £45.

The following information in regard to the work done during the past year at the Victoria Central Hospital and the Wallasey Dispensary is supplied by the Authorities of these Institutions.

### VICTORIA CENTRAL HOSPITAL.

	(	Out-patier	nts.	A	Attendances.
Dental Cases		475			628
Ophthalmic Cases		655			2,546
Throat, Nose & Ear Cases		552			830
Gynæcological Cases		326			368
Orthopaedic		71			180

			Out-patients.			Attendances.		
X-ray Cases		***		1 967		 3,095		
X-ray Treati				56	***	 2,146		
Massage				100		 5,286		
Casualties				5,079		 11,479		
Tot	als			9,281		 26,558		

### WALLASEY DISPENSARY.

Dispensary Pa	tients	 	1,490
Attendances		 	5,326

### PUBLIC ASSISTANCE.

The Public Assistance Officer has kindly furnished me with the following figures for the past year under this heading:—

### Admissions to-

	Birkenhead Municipal Ins Birkenhead Municipal Ho			217
	Eastham House County Mental Hospital			4 64
Relief :	Outdoor at a cost of Unemployed at a cost of	£26,709 12,616	2 2	6 10
	Total	£39,325	5	4

Further information hereon will be found in this Report under the heading of HOSPITAL SERVICES.

### PARKS AND OPEN SPACES.

The following is a revised List, kindly supplied by the Borough Engineer and Surveyor, of Parks, Recreation Grounds, Allotment Gardens, etc., belonging to the Corporation.

### PARKS AND RECREATION GROUNDS.

					Acres.	Roods	Perches.
Leasowe Comn	non				66	0	0
Central Park					57	1	7
Upton Park					54	3	63
Harrison Park					33	2	29
Warren Park (	Golf	Links)			31	0	0
Wallacre Park					14	0	227
King's Parade	Gard	dens, etc			11	0	16
Belvidere Road	1 Re	creation	Grou	nd	10	0	271
Vale Park					9	3	201
Cross Lane Re	creat	ion Gro	und		8	0	0
Elleray Park					5	1	0
Earlston Garde					5	1	0

	Acres.	Roods	Perches.
Gorsey Lane Recreation Ground	6	3	27
Pasture Road Recreation Ground	3	3	37
Marine Park	3	1	26
Withens Lane Recreation Ground		10	39
Oakdale Recreation Ground		3	$10\frac{1}{2}$
Wallasey Grange and Grounds		2	23
North Seacombe Recreation Ground	2	2	23
The Breck		0	26
Captain's Pit Recreation Ground	2	0	3
Victoria Gardens	. 1	3	$23\frac{1}{4}$
Quarry Recreation Ground	. 1	3	23
Promenade Plantations	. 1	2	23
Saughall Grange Recreation Ground	1	1	21
St. George's Park	. 1	0	19
Vernon Avenue Playground	. 0	3	39
Maddock Road Recreation Ground	. 0	3	9
St. Hilary Gardens	. 0	2	393
South Seacombe Playground, St. Pau	l's		
Road	. 0	2	38
Bridle Road Playground	. 0	2	$24\frac{1}{8}$
Egremont Ferry Pleasure Grounds	0	1	351
Conway Street Playground	0	1	18
Sandon Road Recreation Ground	0	1	15

### PROMENADES, Etc.

There is a continuous Promenade from Seacombe Ferry to the "Red Noses" on the foreshore at New Brighton, a length of 3.02 miles. At time of preparation of this Report extensions are in progress from the "Red Noses" to a point 300 yards west of Harrison Drive, a distance of 0.91 miles. From that point to a point 800 yards west of public footpath crossing Wallasey Golf Links there are Sea Defence works for a length of 1.08 miles.

### ALLOTMENTS, Etc.

			Acres.	Roods	Perches.
Breck Road			 6	1	293
Love Lane			 4	3	$12\frac{1}{2}$
Ilford Avenue			 3	2	301
Beaufort Drive			 3	1	131
Flynn's Piece, C	rove	Road	 2	0	3

OTHER.—In addition to the foregoing the Golf Links of the Wallasey Golf Club (138 acres, 2 roods, 32 perches) and the ground of the Wallasey Cricket Club, Claremount Road (3 acres, 1 rood, 30 perches) are owned by the Corporation.

### SANITARY CONVENIENCE.

Practically every house in the Borough, with the exception of portions of the added areas, has water closet accommodation. When these areas were taken over it was found that the majority of the houses had cesspools or primitive privies. The latter have largely disappeared with the bungalows. The main sewering of the added areas is now practically completed, the houses formerly draining into cesspools will in increasing numbers drain into the sewers, and the cesspools will be demolished. During the last year, for example, 5 cesspools have been demolished. In addition 18 houses previously undrained have been drained into the sewer.

#### SCAVENGING.

The work of street scavenging is carried out under the direction of the Borough Engineer and Surveyor, and is efficiently done.

### REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF HOUSE REFUSE.

This work is carried out under the direction of the Superintendent of Cleansing. The following table gives particulars as to the number of ashpits and bins in use, and as to the pits abolished during the past year.

No. of	Single Ashpits in	use	 	 ${52 \atop 83}$ 135
,,	Double Ashpits		 	
"			 	 27,189
	Pits abolished		 	 10

The effect of the policy of ashpit abolition which has been steadily pursued for many years past may be judged from the fact that in 1921 there were 894 pits in use. By 1931 the number had fallen to 220. Last year the number was still further reduced to 135. The bins have increased from 20,777 in 1921 to 27,189 in 1935, and these are emptied weekly. The whole of the combustible refuse is taken to the Refuse Disposal Works, and there burned, with the exception of a small percentage of the Wallasey refuse and the refuse collected in the added areas of Leasowe and Moreton. In these districts the dry refuse is being deposited on Leasowe Common, Upton Park and Pasture Road Tips, by means of controlled tipping, and the wet refuse from pails is delivered to various farms in the district whenever possible. Particulars as to the quantities of refuse destroyed or otherwise disposed of in the past year are as under.

Quantity of Refuse	T.	C.	Q.
Delivered to Destructor	21,494	0	0
Quantity tipped away	1,000	9	0
Total collected	22,494	9	0

Refuse collected in added Areas and delivered to (a) Dry Refuse Tips—1,681 loads; (b) Wet Refuse to farms—198 loads.

### SWIMMING BATHS AND BATHING POOLS.

The Borough is equipped with three Public Baths, namely-

- Guinea Gap Baths, Seacombe Promenade (open all the year round with the exception of a few weeks about the end of the year);
- "Derby" Bathing Pool (West of Harrison Drive)—open Summer Season only;
- New Brighton Bathing Pool (New Brighton Promenade)—open Summer Season only.

Until 1935 all sampling for analysis was done by the Borough Engineer and Surveyor. In May last, at the request of that Officer sampling was undertaken by the Public Health Department so far as concerns the "Derby" and the New Brighton Bathing Pools. Commencing in June two samples (one from the shallow end and one from the deep end) were taken per month during the season from each of these Pools, with an additional one in July and August from the New Brighton Pool. The samples were despatched to the Bacteriological Laboratories of Liverpool University for analysis. The results were excellent as regards the New Brighton Bathing Pool. In two of the samples the water was found to be completely sterile. In no case were there more than four organisms per 100 c.c.'s, bacillus coli not being present in any of the samples.

The results at the "Derby" Bathing Pool, though not quite of so excellent a standard as those at the New Brighton Bathing Pool, were nevertheless quite satisfactory.

### PUBLIC WASH-HOUSES.

A Public Wash-house with 16 Slipper Baths is situate in Oakdale Road, at the South end of the Borough. The Wash-house is equipped with 16 Bradford's Washing Machines, electrically driven, and with Mangling and Ironing Rooms.

### VITAL STATISTICS.

### BIRTHS.

DINING.			
Particulars with regard to Births during	ng the	year a	re as under :
Number registered in the Borough Number of Inward transfers	h		1,154 170
Transcr of Invara transcrs			
the state population that the state of			1,324
Deduct Outward transfers			44
Births belonging to the Borough			1,280
Birth-rate per 1,000 of Registrar-Ger			(Luci)
mated population of 96,600 at t			100
of the year			13.2
Compared with 1,295 Births and a Rate of	f 13.3	in the p	revious year
The number of Births notified by-			
Doctors was		72	
Midwives		1,003	
Parents or others		107	
Not notified		98	
mi i (III iii i Di ii i		17 10 6	1,280
The number of Illegitimate Births regis	tered	10	
was		40	
The number of Inward transfers		25	
		65	
Deduct Outward transfers		3	
Deduct Outward transfers		-	62
70 10 10 1 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0		
The illegitimate Births represented 4.	.8 per	cent.	of the total

The illegitimate Births represented 4.8 per cent. of the total births, compared with 44 in the previous year and a rate of 3.4 per cent.

The Births and Birth-rates for the past five years were:—
1931 1932 1933 1934 1935
1,342 (13.7) 1,315 (13.5) 1,271 (13.0) 1,295 (13.3) 1,280 (13.2)

A comparison of the Birth-rates of the past 8 quinquennial periods shows a steady decline, as will be seen from the following.

1001 1005	00 50
1891-1895	 29.50
1896-1900	 29.08
1901-1905	 28.72
1906-1910	 25.27
1911-1915	 21.80
1916-1920	 16.79
1921-1925	 16.19
1926-1930	 14.24
1931-1935	 13.34

						-44												-		_					_						_		-				
	Sx	XES.		-		1	DEAT	THS	IN	WH	OLE	DIS	TRIC	TA	T			Deaths in Institutions in the			_	_	DEA	THS :	IN TE	IE W	ARD	3.	_	-	_		-		-	DEATHS IN PUBLIC INSTITUTI	10
CAUSES OF DEATH.	M.	F.	All Ages	1	Inde		Und 3		Und 5		Uno 15	ier 20	Und 25	ler 35	Under 45	under		Borough whether of residents or non- residents.	1	2	3	4	5	6 7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17		IN WALLASEY	
Certified			1226	6	1 1					14	10	15	24	47	54	332	638	193	101						2 72												ī
auses Uncertified	3		1230	-		-		-		20000	**	-	**			334	2	193			1	-	1 07	-	2 72	-	-	70	-	2 75	-	-		4		MILL LANE HOSPITAL— Residents Non-Residents	
	004	020	1230	0	-	-	-	0	-	14	10	10	24	41	34	334	050	190	101	100	100	-	-	00 0	-	00	-	10		-		-		-		Non-Residents	
yphoid and Para- typhoid Fevers				ш	8 3									100				1	40												20					HIGHFIELD MATERNITY HOME-	
easles		2	2				2											-														2				Residents	
arlet Fever			1 6			:			22	. 1								1 3		-		35				13	**	1	**	**		0					
Thooping Cough	10				3	1	1 2	14	i	6	3		2			- 00	**	18	2	i	ï	i	1	2	3 1	2	2	-	33	**		2				NEW STREET C.W. CENTRE-	
fluenza	. 12	10	22		1			3				1	1	3	1	7	8	1	1.5	40	1		1	3	3 2		2	1	4	1	1	1	2			Residents	
ncephalitisLethargic	a	1 23	2.0																		**		**			**		**		**		**		**	100	Non-Residents	
erebro-spinal Fever. uberculosis of respira			**									***					**	**	2000				**	**		1	1	***	***	**					*	VICTORIA CENTRAL HOSPITAL-	
tory System	. 39	26	65	3 12		1		1	600		3	5	8	11	12	24	1	10	5	3	4	5	3	4	6 7	1	5	6	4	1	3	3	5		55	Residents	
ther Tuberculous																100		15						1 .	. 1	1		2		200	1		1			Non-Residents	
Diseases		5								1						1 22	11	10		1										33							
Seneral Paralysis of th	e	1																										-								WALLASEY COTTAGE HOSPITAL— Residents	
insane, tabes dorsals	8 7		7				-						**	**	1	3	3		100	2		7.0	1	**   *				-		1	**	**	*	2.5		Non-Residents	
Disease)	99	97	185		00	200				1		1	1	- 6	4	71	101	15	18	23	17	13	9	9	6 5	16	9	12	17	15	7	4	5		2.0.		
Disease;	8	10	18	3 1										2		5	11	6			3	1	1	2	3 1		1	1		2	3					LEASOWE CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL -	
Combinal Manmorrhage				_												17			3	8	7	5	5	7	4 5	1		4		5	7		4			Residents	
etc	24	38	915	46							ï	1		3	5	79		16	35	21	32	26	25	20 2	0 17	21	14	15	17	19	15	3	15		20	Mon-Meandenra	
Heart Disease Aneurysm	150	100	315													3		2.		1					1 1										**	OTHER PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS-	
															-	13	71		9	8	13	5	7	3	6 6	5	3	6	7	5	1		1	1		Residents	
Allega ton	. 43	43	86		:								17		2	6		2	2	2	1	1	3	i	2 3		1	1	i	3	1	2				Non-Residents	
Bronchitis	45	36	81	38	5	3	i	33	1	1	i		3		5	20	33	17	7	4	5	4	12	6	6 3	6	5	8	1	3	8	2	2	1			
Other Respiratory	. 40	-		_																			1		1 1			1		1		1				TOTAL	а
Diseases	. 6	13	10			40							**		1 2	10	2	6	î	i	3	ï	.3	2 .	. i		1.	î	ii	00		2	î		11		
Peptic Ulcer	11	1	5													3	î	1	1.70	1		2				1	100					18					
Diarrhoea, etc			3									2								1	*		**						13		**	10		**	**	ELSEWHERE	
Cirrhosis of Liver	. 1	1	2												5.5	2			3.5		**		15					100				**	**				
Other Diseases of		- 2	0													3	6	2	1		3		1	44	1 1		1						1				
Liver, etc Other Digestive												100			23	-	9	14	0		4	1	2		2	4	2			2	1		1			LIVERPOOL AND OTHER HOSPITALS-	
diseases		1:	19	9								1	1	**	1		,	14	1 8			-											*		**	(Excluding Sanatoria)	
Acute and Chronic Nephritis	20	10	49									2		1	1	17	28	2	2	4	1	3	6	6	5	6	1	2	4	4	1	1				TRANMERE INFIRMARY	
Puerperal Sepsis				3 8											1	30	1	3	1		3	3					**					1				CHESTER AND OTHER ASYLUMS	
Other puerperal cause	8	1 3	3	3							**		2			3.	**	1		100		1				1	***	***					-			CHESTER AND OTHER ASYLUMS	B
Congenital Debility,																Towns.									4 10		1000		-							SANATORIA outside Wallasey	
Premature Birth, Malformations, etc.	24	18	43	1	41		1			2.23				22	22	1 40		15	1 2	3 3	20 20	5	9 2			5 2			1		2	3	*	**			
Senility	. 6	16	22							**			i	i	3	7	22	2	1	2	ī	**			i			2		1			1	20			
Culatida	9	1,5	15		i				ï	î	1	1	-	1	3	6	13	10	1		1	4	2	1	2 1	-		0	1	1		1	2	10	**		
Other Violence Other defined causes .	43	.50	102	2	7	4	1	1	1	4	2		-	6	8	29	35	22	7	10	5	1	6	3	8 5	7	4	0	8	7	7	6	8	1	**		
Causes ill-defined or ur	3-		1000													1		250	1	100	750	100		1		100		20	1.0			90	9000	20	120		
known		100	1	1	**														11	1 22																	

Visits to the homes were paid to approximately 98 per cent. of the births. The actual number of FIRST VISITS was 1,258 and of RE-VISITS 3,890.

The number of visits paid to all Infants under One year for any purpose whatsoever was 5,157.

The following table shows the distribution of Births (and also of Deaths) and the natural increase of population, that is, the excess in the number of Births over deaths in the different Wards during the year.

Wards.	Births	Deaths	Increase	Decrease
1. New Brighton	 54	101	_	47
2. Upper Brighton	 57	100	_	43
3. North Liscard	 61	105	_	44
4. South Liscard	 67	- 80	-	13
5. North Egremont	 83	97	-	14
6. South Egremont	 87	80	7	_
7. North Seacombe	 111	82	29	_
8. South Seacombe	 117	72	45	-
9. Somerville	 120	85	35	-
0. Poulton	 100	54	46	_
1. Marlowe	 64	70	-	6
2. St. Hilary	 71	71	-	_
3. Warren	 48	75	_	27
4. Wallasey	 63	59	4	_
5. Leasowe	 66	37	29	
6. Moreton	 86	58	28	-
7. Saughall Massie	 25	4	21	-
81 - 8	1280	1230	244	194

Net Increase, 50.

### DEATHS.

Particulars with	regard to	DEATH	IS during	the yea	r are as	under:
Deaths registere Inward transfers		Borough 			. 98	81
rede line solves to a	odanie.				1,28	31
Deduct OUTWA	ARD tran	sfers				51
Deaths belongin	g to the	Borough			. 1,23	30
Death-rate per 1 population						.7
Compared w previou		deaths a	nd a rate	of 11.7	in the	
The Deaths und Infant Mortality						31
numbered I The still-births	,280)				. 47	.6 44
Three of the dea	aths were	of illeg	itimate	children	under	1 year.
The number of of five years were :—	deaths of	illegitin	nate chil	dren du	ring the	past
	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935	Total.
Under 1 year	4	5	-	3	3	15
1 to 2 years	1	2		1		4
Total	5	7	-	4	3	19
Illegitimate rate per 1,000 Illegiti- mate Births	80.6	78.1		68.1	48-4	
Seventy-four In non-residents, and 6	quests w	ere held		the yea	r, 11 be	

under 2 years.

There were no Inquests on illegitimate children.

### PRINCIPAL CAUSES OF DEATH.

Heart Diseases	315	Cerebral Hæmorrhage	6:
Cancer	185	Congenital Debility,	
Other Circulatory Diseases	86	Premature Births etc	45
Respiratory Diseases—		Violent Deaths	
Pneumonia 81	)	(including suicides)	4
Bronchitis 23	>114	Influenza	2
Other 10		Other Digestive Diseases	1
Phthisis	65	Other Tuberculous	
Acute and Chronic		Diseases	
Nephritis	49		

DEATHS FROM ZYMOTIC DISEASES SINCE 1918.

	1	1	1	1	1												l	1
Disease.	1918	1919	1918 1919 1920 1921	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935
Totals.	65	20	33	40	35	13	24	53	37	43	30	21	25	18	35	20	38	35
Smallpox Measles Scarlet Fever Diphtheria and Croup Whooping Cough Fever (Typhoid) Diarrhoea and Enteritis	10 10 29 1 11 12	126     9	4   2 6 8 2	1   2   2   3   1	12242101	111-4-1	1871975	10 - 00   0	14-121-161	1821212	14-00000	w   etro   m	16   23   23	1-1-08  -	10120119	14-00 -	1 1 1 2 2 1 9 1 9	18121
Rates per 1,000 of population	08.0	0.20	0.80 0.20 0.33 0.44	0.44	0.39	0.14	0.26	0.30	0.39	0.46	0.29	0.19	0.25	0.18	0.35	0.20	0.39	0.33

### TREATMENT OF CANCER.

### COUNTY BOROUGH COUNCIL OF WALLASEY.

I.—Names of Hospitals belonging to the Council, to which cancer patients are admitted:—The Corporation have no Hospital for this purpose but have an arrangement with the Birkenhead Corporation for admission of Wallasey cases to their Municipal Hospital.

Nature of facilities for cancer treatment (surgical, radiological) available:—All the usual surgical and radiological facilities for the diagnosis and treatment of cancer are available at that Hospital. No facilities for radium treatment or for deep X-ray therapy.

### II. What arrangements have been made by the Council?

There is no specific arrangement between the Birkenhead Corporation and the Liverpool Radium Institute. Early cases which are diagnosed in the Birkenhead Municipal Hospital and thought to be suitable for radium therapy are discharged with a letter to this effect to their own practitioner, giving the diagnosis and histological character of the case, and a recommend that the patient be sent to the Liverpool Radium Institute for radium or deep X-ray therapy as the case may be.

### III. Statement of Wallasey cancer patients for 1935.

Site of disease.	rece tre B M	ived the atment irkenhe	sou who or eir tha in but ead fer al fer	t Hospi were tro rred or red to o	tment at- ital (ans- na re- fea ther He	Remar e.g., as imbers irred fron ospitals lospital,	s to trans- n other to the
Uterus		_		_		-	
Tongue and l	Mouth	7		-			
Breast		2		-		-	
Skin		_		-		****	
Other sites (t	o be spec	ified) :-					
Stomach		2		_			
Colon and Re	ctum	4		-		-	
Bladder		4		-			
Other sites		4		-		-	
Totals		23		-		-	

	—Of the total patients in IIIB. the numbers—	
1.	providing facilities for radiological treatment of	
	cancer	
ii.	Transferred (or referred) to Voluntary Hospitals not providing facilities for radiological treatment of cancer	
iii.		-
iv.	Transferred (or referred) to Hospitals of other Councils not providing facilities for radiological	
	treatment of cancer	

CANCER—MALIGNANT DISEASE.

TABLE giving particulars as to Deaths certified as due to CANCER since the year 1921.

								2	4							ı
	65 and over	49	39	51	51	54	69	56	75	79	89	19	19	88	100	101
At ages	45 and under 65	61	57	51	17	65	53	75	59	19	69	89	77	17	100	111
At	25 and under 45	œ	7	10	16	13	17	12	00	6	9	7	10	15	a	101
	Under 25	61	-	61	60	1	1	1	-	1	1	61	1	1		1 8
CANCER Death-rate	per 1,000 population	1.31	1.27	1.22	1.55	1.04	1.52	1.50	1.43	1.32	1.45	1.59	1.70	1.79	1 30	1.01
Estimated	middle of year	608'06	91,000	89,990	90,790	91,720	93,050	93,530	99,730	including Moreton &c areas 101,300	98,900	97,626 Census	97,110	97,600 including Saughall Massie	000 40	96,600
Percentage of total	Certified Deaths.	12.5	10.4	11.5	13.8	12.8	13.6	13.0	13.5	П	13.6	13.6	14.1	13.5	19.0	15.0
Ę	~	Total 120	116	109	141	133	142	143	143	134	144	156	166	175	1 10	185
Deaths from	CANCER	F.	64	25	74	79	83	06	73	99	83	79	97	113	an	26
ď	30	M. 47	52	54	67	54	69	53	70	89	61	77	69	62	6.9	88
from	SS	Total 960	1107	945	1016	1038	1042	1096	1059	1202	1054	1145	1170	1295	1130	1230
Total Deaths from	ALL CAUSES.	F. 518	564	496	521	521	529	558	523	615	488	593	591	069	ROA	626
Tota	AL	M. 442	543	449	495	517	513	538	536	587	566	552	619	605	KAK	604
	Year	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1881	1932	1933	1004	1935

### MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE.

An important development of Child Welfare work during the year was the opening of a Centre on July 4th, at Princess Road, for the convenience of the northern end of the town, and to relieve the pressure at the New Street Centre. Clinics are held on Thursday afternoons from 2-0 to 4-0. A Doctor attends on each occasion, and in addition a number of voluntary workers assist. The new Centre has been a success from the commencement, and has undoubtedly justified the experiment of its establishment, the attendances having quickly increased as its existence became known. The attendance at the first Clinic was 38, this number rising to 72 at the Clinics held on 17th and 31st October. The total attendance to the end of the year was 1,400.

Steady use has been made of the beds for resident babies at New Street Child Welfare Centre.

The work of the Nutrition and Orthopædic Clinics continues to prove to be of great value. Owing to the increasing number of cases needing supervision it was necessary to hold several extra Clinics during the year. Children suspected of tuberculosis are referred to the Tuberculosis Officer.

### ANTE-NATAL.

Ante-Natal Clinics are held at New Street Child Welfare Centre on Monday afternoons, and on Tuesday mornings, and at the new Health Clinic, Oakenholt Road, Moreton, fortnightly (second and fourth Wednesday afternoons). A woman doctor is in attendance at each Clinic.

The New Street Ante-natal Clinic has been in existence since October, 1920, and the Oakenholt Road Clinic since February, 1933. Midwives are encouraged at all times to send their cases to the Clinic, and to attend with them. As a matter of fact, 23 visits were paid to the Clinic by local Midwives, and 240 patients of Midwives attended the Clinic during the year, in addition to 201 Highfield patients. The very great importance of Ante-Natal work is now generally recognised both by the public and by the local medical practitioners, not only as a means of reducing maternal mortality and morbidity, but also the neo-natal death rate, i.e., deaths in the first four weeks of life. Cases are not admitted to the Maternity Home unless they have attended the Ante-Natal Clinic or produce a certificate from a doctor that they are receiving Ante-Natal care from him.

A Gynaecological Surgeon was appointed for the Maternity Home some years ago, and his services are available whenever required. Cases discovered at the Ante-natal Clinic requiring medical attention, are referred for treatment to their own doctors or to the Hospital as may be necessary, and at the same time the Hospital or the doctor is notified of the condition of the patient referred. Occasionally it happens that cases do not go to their doctors and that doctors do not notify us in turn that they have taken charge of the patient. Of course, there is no power to compel a patient to visit a doctor, nor is there any obligation on the part of a doctor to communicate with the Local Authority. The result of failure to consult a doctor is that a case is sometimes missed, with unfortunate results.

Amongst the activities at New Street is a Sewing Class held during the Monday afternoon Clinics.

The following figures summarise the work done not only at the Ante-natal but also at the Post-natal Clinics during the year:—

### ANTE-NATAL.

the contraction in Expension and the S	New St.	Moreton	Total
Expectant mothers on books at January 1st	134	24	158
New cases during the year	419	59	478
	553	83	636
Names removed from books	447	61	508
Names on books at December 31st	106	22	128
Attendances of Expectant Mothers	1831	271	2102
First-visits to homes of Expectant Mothers	293	32	325
Revisits do. do. do.	208	15	223
POST-NATAL.			
Post-natal cases on books at Jan. 1st	3	4	7
New cases during the year	11	2	13
Names removed from books	13	-	13
Names on books at December 31st	1	6	7
Attendances of Cases	17	9	26
Visits and re-visits to Post-natal Cases	44	-	44

#### DOMICILIARY.

The visits paid to Expectant mothers during the year numbered 873.

(For further information see Form M.C.W. 96 herein).

### NEW STREET CENTRE.

The following figures relate to infants under one year received as resident cases during the year:—

	ADMISSIONS, DISCHARGES, ETC.  Infants in the Centre on January 1st		4
	Infants admitted during the year (including re-admiss	ions)	19
	Total		23
	Infants discharged during the year 23	3	
		-	23
	Infants in the Centre at December 31st  Average duration of stay of discharged cases	 44 day	
	", ", fatal ",	- "	0
	Reasons for Admissions.		
	Mother's health		7
	Prematurity		
	Malnutrition		5
	Other		6
	Condition of Discharged Cases.		
	In good health		16
	Improvement		4
	No improvement		-
	Transferred to Institutions		3
	There were no cases of infectious disease in the Cent	re duri	ng
tl	he year.		
	VISITS re CHILD WELFARE. (other than Ante-natal).		
	M'to	on	
	Wallasey etc		ls.
	First visits re notified or registered births 1099 159	1258	
	Re-visits 3853 37	7 3890	-
	Visits re still-births 3		
	" Ophthalmia cases 53 —		
	" infant deaths under 1 year 16	5 21	
	Total visits under one year 4,320 83	5,157	
	Visits to Children One to Five years 2,371 381	2,752	
	Total visits and re-visits to Children under		
	one and up to five years for any purpose whatsoever including those included		
	in the following 6,691 1,218	3 7,909	
	total visits and re-visits re minor injec-	0.000	,
	tions 462 210	6 678	

			Wa	allasey	M'ton	Totals
Visits re	cases of Diarrhoea			1	_	1
,,	Measles			18	112	130
,,,	Whooping Cough			175	12	187
,,	Mumps			54	17	71
,,	Chicken Pox			204	67	271
,,	other minor Inf. Diseases			10	8	18
Total V	isits and re-visits re Minor	Infect	ions	462	216	678

Form M.C.W. 96 (revised).

### CHILD WELFARE SERVICES.

The following is a Return required by the Ministry of Health (1) showing the arrangements made for maternity and child welfare by the Council and by Voluntary Associations providing maternity and child welfare services in respect of which the Council pay contributions under Section 101 of the Local Government Act, 1929, or otherwise; and (2) giving particulars of the work done during the year 1935.

- 1. Population: 97,626 (1931 Census). 96,600 est. middle 1935.
- 2. Births belonging to the Borough, 1280 (629M 651F.)
- 3. Number of births *notified* in the area during the year under the Notification of Births Act, 1907, as adjusted by any transferred notifications:
  - (a) Live births 1,039\*; (b) Still births 38; (c) Total 1,107.
  - (d) By midwives 1,032; (e) By doctors and parents 75.

This means that 173 were not notified, or apart from still-births 211.

- 4. Health Visiting.
  - (i) Number of officers employed for health visiting at the end of the year:
    - (a) by the Council 7; (b) by Voluntary Associations Nil.
  - (ii) Equivalent of whole-time services devoted by the whole staff to health visiting (including attendance at infant welfare centres)— Health Visitors 75 per cent.
  - (iii) Number of visits paid by all Health Visitors:
    - (a) To expectant mothers: First visits 325, Total visits 548.
    - (b) To children under 1 year: First visits 1,258, Total Visits 5,157.
    - (c) To children between 1 and 5: 2,752.

- 5. Infant Welfare Centres.
  - (a) Number of Centres provided and maintained by the Council,3.
  - (b) Voluntary Associations-Nil.
  - (c) Total number of attendances at all Centres:
    - (1) By children under 1 year 9,242; (2) between 1 and 5 years, 1,120.
  - (d) Total number of children who attended at the Centres for the first time:
    - Children under 1 year, 550;
       between 1 and 5 years, 223.
  - (e) Total number of children who were in attendance at the Centres at the end of the year:
    - (1) Under 1 year, 1,024; (2) 1 to 5 years, 448.
  - (f) Percentage of notified live births represented by the number in (d) (1), 51.4.
- 6. Ante-natal clinics:

Number provided and maintained by (a) the Council, 2.
(b) Voluntary Associations Nil.

- (c) Total attendances by expectant mothers 2,102.
- (d) Total number of expectant mothers who attended the Clinics during the year, 531.
- (e) Percentage of total notified births (live and still) represented by the number in (d), 47.9.
- 7. Maternity Homes and Hospitals.

I.

	Separate maternity institutions provided by the Council.		
Number of Institutions  Number of maternity beds (exclusive of isolation and labour beds)  Total number of women admitted to these beds during the year	1 10 203	Highfield.	

#### II.

Number of women sent by the Council to other Maternity Institutions: None sent by the Council, but several recommended to go to Birkenhead Municipal Hospital. Homes and Hospitals for Sick or Ailing Children under 5 years of age.

bear I reversed dissolitations a secondary	Separate institutions provided by the Council for these cases.		
Number of Institutions  Number of beds provided for such children Total number of children admitted to these beds during the year	1 6 New Street.		

### II.

Number of such children sent by the Council to other Institutions: None.

### 9. Convalescent Homes.

(a) Number of convalescent institutions with accommodation for expectant or nursing mothers or for children under 5 years of age provided (a) by the Council None; None in the Borough but arrangements made with one (West Kirby Children's Convalescent Home), outside the Borough; (b) by Voluntary Associations, None.

(b) Number of beds for such cases in convalescent institutions: Three beds are allocated in West Kirby Children's Convalescent Home for children between 3 and 15 years of

age (girls) and 3 to 12 years (boys).

(c) Total number of cases admitted to the beds included in

(d) Total number of such cases sent by the Council to other convalescent institutions: None.

### Homes for Mothers and Babies.

- (a) Number of such homes provided (i) by the Council, Nil; (ii) by Voluntary Associations—Council make an annual grant of £60 to St. Faith's Home, Birkenhead, to which Home 7 expectant mothers and 1 baby apart from its mother were admitted during the year.
- (b) Number of beds in homes provided (i) by the Council, Nil;(ii) by Voluntary Associations. See above.
- (c) Total number of cases admitted to these homes:(i) expectant mothers 7; (ii) mothers and babies, Nil.

(iii) babies, see (a) above.

(d) Number of such cases sent by the Council to other homes for mothers and babies. Nil.

### 11. Day Nurseries.

(a) Number of day nurseries: (i) provided by the Council Nil; (ii) Voluntary Associations Nil.

Disease.	Cases notified or reported	Cases visited by officers of the Coun- cil.	Cases for whom home nursing was providedby the Council	removed to hospitals
(1) Ophthalmia Neonatorum (2) Pemphigus	5*	5	_	
Neonatorum	-	_	-	_
(3) Puerperal fever (4) Puerperal	3	3	-	
pyrexia	15	15	_	-
(5) Measles and				
german measles (in children under 5 years	Not notifiable	and the sales		
of age) (6) Whooping	notifi	130	-	14
Cough (do.)	able	184	-	2
(7) Epidemic diarrhoea (do.)		1	of property to	
(8) Poliomyelitis				
(do.)	1	1	_	-

<sup>\*</sup> In no case was the vision impaired.

### 13. Home Nursing.

- (a) Number of nurses employed at the end of the year for the nursing of expectant mothers and children under 5 years of age, maternity nursing, or the nursing of puerperal fever:
  (i) by the Council Nil; (ii) by Voluntary Associations; none specially employed for this purpose.
- (b) Total number of cases attended during the year by these nurses. Nil.

### 14. Consultants.

No. of cases in which consultant has been provided, 1.

### 15. Home Helps.

No. of cases in which Home Helps have been provided by arrangement with Council: (a) Voluntary Agencies, 3; (b) by Council —.

### 16. Midwives.

- (a) Number practising in the area served by the Council at the end of the year, 52.
  - (b) Number (i) employed by the Council 3 (at the Council's Maternity Home; (ii) directly subsidised by the Council Nil; (iii) employed by Voluntary Associations Nil.
  - (c) Number of cases in which the Council paid or contributed to the fee of a midwife, 3.
- II. (a) Number of cases attended by Midwives (i) as Midwives, 431; (This excludes 121 cases at the Corporation Maternity Home); (ii) as Maternity Nurses, No definite information available.
  - (b) Number of cases attended by Midwives in which medical aid was summoned, 182.

### 17. Maternal Deaths.

- (a) Number of women who died in, or in consequence of, childbirth:
  - (i) from sepsis, 4; (ii) from other causes, 3.
- (b) Number of these cases which died:
  - (i) at home Nil; (ii) in Institutions 7 (2 in Birkenhead Municipal, 5 in other Hospitals).

### MATERNAL MORTALITY.

There were seven instances during the year of Maternal deaths. Particulars concerning each were forwarded to the Ministry of Health, a summary of which is as follows:—

- No doctor in attendance until three days after miscarriage.
   When first seen by doctor was obviously suffering from Peritonitis, and removal to Hospital was ordered.
- A case of incomplete miscarriage followed by Peritonitis. She was sent immediately to Hospital and died 15 days later with signs of Peritonitis and general infection.
- 3. This case was admitted to Hospital with symptoms of Septicœmia following abortion. Died three days after admission. She was not seen by a doctor until three days after the miscarriage had taken place.
- 4. Case had received ante-natal supervision by a midwife but was not seen by a doctor until labour had commenced. In view of diagnosis of disproportion case was sent into Hospital immediately where, eventually, Craniotomy had to be carried out. Patient collapsed and died soon afterwards.

- 5. Twin pregnancy complicated by Exopthalmic Goitre and Albuminuria. Patient was admitted to Hospital seven days prior to confinement. Instrumental delivery, first child born alive, second stillborn. Twin pregnancy was complicated by the abnormal position of the first child. Death occurred within a few minutes.
- 6. Case had regular ante-natal supervision up to time of admission to Hospital about the 30th week of pregnancy on account of Pyelitis and persistent Albuminuria. Primary nephritic toxemia was diagnosed in Hospital with inadequate renal function. Labour was induced three weeks after admission, followed by a straightforward breech delivery. Collapse occurred soon after, and although there was some recovery patient died two days later.
- 7. Attended Ante-natal Clinic six months prior to confinement-Albumen present in urine after 5½ months attendance, when case was referred to her own doctor. Eight days later, after appropriate treatment doctor was called on account of hæmorrhage, and the case was admitted to the Maternity Home. On admission patient was in a confused state, suffering severely from shock. There was a normal delivery early next morning, but two hours later she developed a post-partum eclamptic fit, and died.

### DISTRIBUTION OF DRIED MILK.

Dried Milk, in one pound cartons, is given free to infants when the family income per head, after deducting rent, falls below a limit fixed by scale. Particulars of these distributions and also of the Milk sold are as under.

Free Milk-			ompared with revious year.
Lb. Packets given during the year	5,121		= =00
To number of Infants under one year			200
Do. over Do			
Do. expectant mothers			_
Do. nursing Do	102		123
At a cost of £320	1s. 3d.	£	349 11s. 3d.

### Milk Sold-

Lb. Packets, 8,606 realising ...£645 17s. 6d. compared with Lb. Packets, 7,633 ,, £572 9s. 6d. in the previous year.

Distribution—The distribution of FREE and SOLD MILK averaged 264 packets per week, compared with 254 per week in 1934.

# Form M.C.W. 96A.

RETURN RELATING TO MATERNITY HOSPITALS AND HOMES MAINTAINED OR SUBSIDISED BY THE COUNCIL DURING THE YEAR 1935.

- Name and address of Institution: Highfield Maternity Home, Mill Lane.
- 2. Number of maternity beds in the Institution (exclusive of isolation and labour beds): 10.
- 3. Number of maternity cases admitted: 203.
- 4. Average duration of stay: 14 days.
- 5. Number of cases delivered by (a) Midwives, 121; (b) Doctors, 82.
- Number of cases in which medical assistance was sought by a midwife in emergency: 43.
- Number of cases notified as (a) puerperal fever Nil.; (b) puerperal
  pyrexia (i.e., rise of temperature to 100.4 deg. F. for 24 hours,
  or its recurrence within that period), Two.
- 8. Number of cases of pemphigus neonatorum: Nil.
- Number of infants not entirely breastfed while in the Institution—One.
- 10. (a) Number of cases notified as ophthalmia neonatorum, -.
  - (b) Result of treatment in each case. -.
- 11. (a) Number of maternal deaths, 1.
  - (b) Cause of death, Eclampsia.
- 12. (a) Number of infant deaths-
  - (i) Stillborn, 2.
  - (ii) Within 10 days of birth, 6.
  - (b) Cause of death in each case, and results of post-mortem examinations. No post-mortems.

1—Spina bifida				died	6th day	7
1—Haemorrhagic diseas	se of	new bor	rn	"	6th "	
1—Atelectasis lungs				,,	1st ,,	
1—Congenital heart				,,	4th ,,	
1—Premature birth				,,	2nd ,,	
1-Broncho Pneumonia				,,	6th ,,	

The provision of additional maternity beds is, at the time of preparing this Report, receiving the consideration of the Committee.

During the year cases have been referred to Institutions as under:—

# CHILDREN REFERRED TO OR ADMITTED INTO INSTITUTIONS ON THE REPORTS OF HEALTH VISITORS.

Victoria Central Hospital					13
St. Paul's Eye and Ear Infir	mary, Liv	rerpool			9
Dental Clinic (School)					40
V.D. Centre					-
T.B. Clinic					10
Convalescent Home, West K	irby—				
Under 5 years—Referre	d 11		Ad	mitted	4
Over 5 years— Do.	18			Do.	17
Orthopædic Clinic					52
Other Institutions					2

# MOTHERS REFERRED TO INSTITUTIONS BY HEALTH VISITORS.

Tuberculosis Clinic		 	 	 12
Dental Clinic		 	 	 43
V.D. Clinic		 	 	 8
Victoria Central H	ospital	 	 	 22
St. Faith's Home		 	 	 -
Other Institutions		 	 	 45
Own Doctor		 	 	 74
Public Assistance	Officer	 	 	 39

#### MIDWIVES ACT.

The number of Midwives who notified their intention to practise in Borough during the year (excluding three at the Corporation Maternity Home) was 52, two of whom are untrained. None are illiterate. Their Registers (which are, on the whole, kept well) and their bags are regularly inspected by a Health Visitor who possesses the Certificate of the Central Midwives Board.

The total number of cases attended by these Midwives during the year without a Doctor being in attendance was 431. In addition the number attended by the Midwives at the Corporation Maternity Home was 121.

Of the Midwives who notified their intention to practise—
2 attended no cases at all during the year.
16 ,, unless with a Doctor.
13 ,, fewer than 10 cases without a Doctor.
6 ,, 10 but fewer than 20 cases without a Doctor.
2 ,, 20 ,, 30 ,, , "
3 ,, 30 ,, , 40 ,, "
40 cases or more.

No arrangement exists in Wallasey for the employment of Midwives by the Local Authority. Under certain strict conditions their fees may be paid, providing full particulars of the case are supplied well in advance and the case is found, on enquiry, to be one in which the Local Authority would be justified in making payment.

Under the Rules of the Central Midwives Board (E. 18) the following notifications have been received:—

	Wallasey	Moreton	Totals
Records of sending for medical help	126	56	182
Notifications of Still-Births	. 5	1	6
Notifications of Laying out Dead		_	
Notifications of Artificial feeding	. 3	1	4
Deaths of Children before attendance	•		
of a Medical Practitioner		-	-
Cases of Puerperal Fever attended by	,		
Midwives	. —	-	-
Cases of other Infectious Disease noti-			
fied by Midwives		-	-

The following is a list of the causes for which Medical help was sought in the 182 cases mentioned above:—

# CONDITION OF MOTHER.

D 111			Wallasey.	Moreton.	Total.
Protracted labour	***		22	-	22
Retained placenta			3		3
,, membranes			2	_	2
Post-partum Haemorrhag	e		5	1	6
Ante-partum Haemorrhag	e		1	1	2
Laceration of Perineum			43	8	51
Albuminuria			2	5	7
Placenta Praevia			-	-	_
Rise of Temperature			4	1	5
Uterine Inertia			4	4	8
Miscarriage			_	1	1
Abortion			_	2	2
Mal-presentation			6	4	10
Abnormal presentation			3		3
General weakness			_		-
Various other causes			9	12	21
CONDIT	ION O	F CH	IILD.		
Feebleness of Infant			5	7	12
Prematurity			9	2	11
Inflamed Eyelids			8	8	16
			126	56	182

Under Section 8 of the Midwives' Act, the Central Midwives Board is to be advised of the death, and change of name or address of any Midwife.

Changes have been notified during the year in respect to :-

Name								
	***	***		***	***	***	***	1550
Address								5
Notice of in	tent on	to ceas	e pract	tice				3
Removal fro	m Distr	rict					****	2
Death								1

# PUERPERAL FEVER.

The number of notifications during the year was three, two of which proved fatal. In addition to these there were two maternal deaths in Birkenhead Municipal Hospital and 3 in other Hospitals.

# OPHTHALMIA NEONATORUM.

Three of the Health Visitors have received special instruction in the douching of eyes of children suffering from Ophthalmia Neonatorum. Five cases were notified during the year and were treated by them under the superintendence of the doctors, 53 visits being paid for the purpose of douching. All cases recovered without injury to the eyes.

# INFANT MORTALITY IN WALLASEY DURING 1935.

Nett Deaths from Stated Causes in weeks and months under one year of age.

CAUSES OF DEATH.	Under 1 Week.	1—2 Weeks.	2—3 Weeks.	3—4 Weeks.	Total under 1 month.	4 Weeks and under 3 months.	3—6 months.	6—9 months.	9—12 months.	Total Deaths under 1 year.	Deaths in
All causes—Certified Uncertified	34	4	_1	1	40	10	4	3	4	61	6
Small-pox Chicken-pox Measles Scarlet Fever Whooping Cough Diphtheria & Croup Influenza Erysipelas Tubercular Meningitis Abdom'l Tuberculosis Other Tuberculous Diseases Meningitis( not Tuberculous) Convulsions Laryngitis Bronchitis Pneumonia (all forms) Diarrhoea Enteritis Gastritis Syphilis Rickets Suffocation, Overlying Injury at birth Atelectasis Congenital Malformations Premature Birth Atrophy, Debility,						- - - 1 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -				- - - 3 - 1 - - - 1 6 - 1 5 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	}
Other Causes	1 5	2		=	7	3	1	1	1	13	1
Totals	34	4	1	1	40	10	4	3	4	61	6

INFANT MORTALITY IN THE WARDS.

Ward	Births	Infant Deaths	Infant Mortal ity Rates per 1,000 Birth			
1	54	2	37.0			
2	57	5	87.7			
3	61	1	16.3			
4	67	4	59.7			
5	83	8	96.3			
6	87	2	23.0			
7	111	2	18.1			
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	117	2 5 1 4 8 2 2 8 6 1 3 3	68.3			
	120	6	50.0			
10	100	1	9.8			
11	64	3	46.9			
12	71	3	42.2			
13	48	1	20.8			
14	63	3 6 5	47.6			
15	66	6	90.9			
16	86	5	58.1			
17	25	1	40.0			
10 - 100	1,280	61	47.6			

The deaths of children under one year were spread over the four quarters thus:—First quarter 17, Second 11, Third 12, Fourth 21.

The following Tables are very interesting as showing the marked decrease in infant mortality over a number of years (A) in Wallasey; (B) in the Country generally.

40
(A) INFANT MORTALITY IN WALLASEY SINCE 1915.

Year.	No. of Deaths of Infants under one year.	Per cent. of Total Deaths.	Rate of Infant Mortality per 1,000 Births.	Deaths of Children unde 5 Years.
1915	143	12.8	80	203
1916	128	12.5	72	186
1917	98	9.4	67	166
1918	123	10.5	84	214
1919	108	10.0	75	168
1920	130	13.3	68	169
1921	98	10.0	59	141
1922	98	8.8	61	152
1923	83	8.3	58	116
1924	79	7.7	56	111
1925	78	7.5	60	125
1926	87	8.3	59	127
1927	77	7.8	60	109
1928	56	5.0	39	112
1929	70	5.7	50	107
1930	76	7.2	53	101
1931	60	5.2	44	79
1932	64	5.4	48	105
1933	69	5.3	54	108
1934	66	5.8	50	100
1935	61	4.9	47	92

(B) INFANT MORTALITY IN WALLASEY COMPARED WITH INFANT MORTALITY RATES FOR ENGLAND AND WALES SINCE 1904.

	Num	ber of	Infant Mantalitus	England and Wales		
Year.	Births.	Infant Deaths.	Rate per 1,000 births.	Rate per		
1904	1,678	265	. 157	145		
1905	1,657	163	98	128		
1906	1,716	201	117	132		
1907	1,763	179	101	118		
1908	1,738	176	101	120		
1909	1,838	148	80	109		
1910	1,724	149	86	105		
1911	1,752	190	109	130		
1912	1,791	138	77	95		
1913	1,863	150	80	108		
1914	1,842	167	90	105		
1915	1,774	143	80	110		
1916	1,768	128	72	91		
1917	1,448	98	67	96		
1918	1,457	123	84	97		
1919	1,422	108	75	89		
1920	1,886	130	68	80		
1921	1,640	98	59	83		
1922	1,591	98	61	77		
1923	1,430	83	58	69		
1924	1,409	79	56	75		
1925	1,289	78	60	75		
1926	1,453	87	59	70		
1927	1,266	77	60	70		
1928	1,411	56	39	65		
1929	1,400	70	50	74		
1930	1,412	76	53	60		
1931	1,342	60	44	66		
1932	1,315	64	48	65		
1933	1,271	69	54	64		
1934	1,295	66	50	59		
1935	1,280	61	47	57		

INFANT MORTALITY RATES PER 1000 BIRTHS.

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MALLASEY

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# NEO-NATAL DEATH RATES.

Y	ear.	Deaths in first four weeks of life	Births	Rates per 1,000 birth			
1921		 39	1,640	23.1			
1922		 57	1,591	35.8			
1923		 44	1,430	30.7			
1924		 41	1,409	29.1			
1925		 40	1,289	31.0			
1926		 38	1,453	26.1			
1927		 36	1,266	28.4			
1928		 27	1,411	19.1			
1929		 35	1,400	25.0			
1930		 39	1,412	27.6			
1931		 35	1,342	26.0			
1932		 37	1,315	28.1			
1933		 41	1,271	32.3			
1934		 39	1,295	27.8			
1935		 40	1,280	31.2			

# EPIDEMIC DIARRHOEA.

The deaths of children from "Diarrhœa" and "Enteritis" under 1 year numbered 1.

# FEEDING OF CHILDREN.

The following Table gives data in regard to the method of feeding of infants when first visited and of a certain number of those who died:—

Births Visited.	Entirely breast.		and	Infant deaths visited		Number bottle fed.	Breast and bottle.	No information.
1,244	91%	3%	6%	53	3	17	2	3

# CHILDREN and YOUNG PERSONS ACT, 1932. Children Act, 1908, as amended by Part V of the above-named Act.

No. of persons who were receiving children for reward at Jan. 1s do. added to Register during the year do. removed from Register during the year do. on Register at December 31st	t 20 15 14 21
No. of children under 9 years on Register at Jan. 1st	20
do. added to Register during the year (including	
11 re-admissions)	57
do. removed from Register during the year	48
do. Deaths of children during the year	-
do. Inquests on children during the year	-
do. Children on Register at December 31st	29
J. Trick J. in all	169
No. of Infant Protection Visitors at end of year who were :-	
(i) Health Visitors	6
(ii) Female other than Health Visitors	-
(iii) Male	-
LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.	
Proceedings instituted during the year	Nil

# BOARDED-OUT CHILDREN.

Visits are paid at intervals to the two Homes of the Public Assistance Committee (Falkland Road and Albion Street) for the purpose of medically examining the children in such Homes. Reports as to the conditions discovered are supplied on each occasion to the Public Assistance Committee. In no instance was there any matter to which it was necessary to call special attention, the condition of the children and the Homes being generally satisfactory. In the former Home there is accommodation for 12 children, and in the latter for 25 children, between the ages of 3 and 16 years. Before children are admitted to the Homes they are examined by one of the medical staff of the Department. Cases of minor infectious diseases, such as Measles, Chickenpox, etc., occurring amongst the children are transferred to Mill Lane Hospital for treatment.

In addition to the children in these Homes the Public Assistance Committee have a number of others in the care of fostermothers. One of the Health Visitors visits them each month and reports are also made in regard to them. The number of children

seen each time was two.

#### HEALTH PROPAGANDA.

The Medical Officer of Health responded to invitations to him to address a number of local Societies on matters affecting various aspects of public health. The Societies visited for this purpose included the Wallasey Branch of Rotary, the Liscard Wednesday Evening Society, the New Brighton Ratepayers' Association and

the Moreton Ratepayers' Association.

One of the forms of health propaganda in the Borough is the free distribution, chiefly through the Schools and the Clinics of 1,000 copies monthly of the journal "Better Health." Books, pamphlets, leaflets, etc., dealing with health matters such as prevention of illness, care of the teeth, etc., etc., are also distributed through the various Clinics, and other channels. In addition literature of a suitable kind is distributed at the Clinics in regard to the prevention of Venereal Diseases and as to the Centres at which treatment is available.

Another form of propaganda is by means of the Empire Marketing Board's poster boards which were transferred to the Corporation a few years ago. Posters relating to "Tuberculosis," "Teeth," and "Healthy Childhood," were displayed at monthly intervals over the short period of the year that the boards were at the disposal of the Department.

# HOSPITAL SERVICES.

HOSPITALS AND OTHER INSTITUTIONS AVAILABLE HOSPITALS, ETC., PROVIDED OR SUBSIDISED BY THE LOCAL AUTHORITY.

Particulars as to the Hospitals and Institutions PROVIDED or SUBSIDISED by the LOCAL AUTHORITY within the District were set out in detail on Pp. 56 et seq. of the Annual Report for 1930.

# GRANTS TO INSTITUTIONS, ASSOCIATIONS, &c.

Grants were made by the Corporation to the following Institutions and Charitable and other Associations during the past year:-

Victoria Central Hospital		£500
Wallasey Cottage Hospital		£50
Wallasey Dispensary		£45
Seacombe, Egremont and New Brighton Nursi		
Wallasey and Poulton Nursing Association		£20
Moreton and District Nursing Association		£25
Women's Service Bureau (Home Helps) Liverp	oool	£20
St. Faith's Home for Unmarried Mothers, Birk		
Foot Hospital, Liverpool		£5/5/-
School for Deaf and Dumb, Liverpool		£1/1/-
N.S.P.C.C. (Wallasey and North Wirral Branch		£31
Steel House of Help		£55
Seacombe Poor Kiddies and Old Folks' Associa	ation	£20
Civic Guild of Help		£30
Central Council for Health Education		£5/5/-
Department of Scientific and Industrial Resear		£5/5/-
West Lancashire and Cheshire Regional Smoke	Abate-	
ment Committee		£2/2/-
National Institute for the Blind		£21
North-western Counties Association for the Bli		100
		£14
Wallasey Invalid Children's Association		€10
d an additional grant of £50 in respect of milk sup	plied to	children
to the age of three years.		
to the top of the follow		

and up

# BIRKENHEAD MUNICIPAL HOSPITAL.

The following information has been supplied to me by the Medical Superintendent of Birkenhead Municipal Hospital.

# Form Hosp. 6.

Name and situation of Institution: Birkenhead Municipal Hospital.

Area and population served by the Institution: Birkenhead Census 147,946, Est. 1935, 150,100. Wallasey Census, 97,626, Est. 1935, 96,600.

The Institution is a General Hospital maintained under the Local Government Acts.

Staffing and Medical Supt.: Dr. Ross Alfred Grant, M.B., Ch.B., F.R.C.S. (Non-resident Whole-time Officer).

Other resident Medical Staff, 5; Visiting Staff 8.

Specialised Services supplied: Orthopædic, Gynœcological, Dental, X-rays, Massage, ear, nose and throat, psychiattist, ophthalmic, physician.

Trained Nurses, 37; Probationers 89; Assistant Nurses, —.
Male Attendants —.

Beds available in the Institution for sick, maternity and mental cases, irrespective of occupation by Birkenhead or Wallasey patients:—

For men 220.

For women 212.

For children (under 16 years of age). (excluding cots in maternity wards) 94.

Total accommodation 526.

The number of beds allocated to Wallasey was reduced towards the end of the year from 150 to 125, no special number for sexes or children. It is not possible therefore to state actual number of Wallasey beds allocated to each.

TABLE showing the CLASSIFICATION of the ACCOM-MODATION for SICK, MATERNITY AND MENTAL CASES and the number of beds occupied by Wallasey cases on the 31st December.

C1 16 11 1	NT	BEDS.											
Classification of Wards.*	Number of Wards.	Me	en	Wor	men	Child (under years	16	Total.					
(1)	(2)	Pro- vided (3)	Occupied (4)	Pro- vided (5)	Occupied (6)	Pro- vided (7)	Occupied (8)	Pro- vided (9)	Occu- pied (10)				
1. Medical 2. Surgical 3. Children	7 7 3	71 81 —	17 18 —	78 67 —	20 10 —	94	32	149 148 94	37 28 32				
4. Chronic sick 5. Venereal 6. Tuberculosis	4 2 3	20 9 39	7 2 3	20 4 22	$\frac{3}{1}$	_		40 13 61	10 2 4				
7. Isolation 8. Maternity 9. Mental (a) Lunacy Act,		=	Ξ	21	3	=	=	21	3				
1890(1) Short Stay	=	_	=	=	_	_	=	=	=				
(2) Long stay (b) Mental Treat ment Act, 1930	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		_				
(1) Voluntary (2) Temporary 10. Mental	=	_	-	=	_	_	_	_	_				
defectives 11. Other	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=	=				
Total	31	220	47	212	37	94	32	526	116				

Statistics relating to the year ended December 31st, 1935.

buttered relating to the year chief December 515t, 1000.
(A) IN-PATIENTS FROM WALLASEY.
1. Total number of admissions 882
<ol> <li>Number of Women confined in Hospital 105</li> </ol>
3. Number of live births 102
<ol> <li>Number of still births 4</li> <li>Number of deaths among the newly-born (i.e. under</li> </ol>
four weeks of age) 4
6. Total number of deaths among children under one year 7
7. Number of Maternal deaths among women confined in
Hospital 2  8. Total number of deaths 147
9. Total number of deaths 147 9. Total number of discharges (including infants born
in Hospital) 716
10. Duration of stay of patients included in 8 and 9 above
Number of cases whose total stay was (a) 4 weeks or
less, 585; (b) exceeding 4 but under 13 weeks, 218;
<ul><li>(c) 13 weeks or more, 60.</li><li>11. Number of beds occupied (a) average during the year 97</li></ul>
(b) highest 128 on (date) 17th December; (c) lowest
74 on (date) 24th September.
12. Number of surgical operations under general anæsthetic
(excluding dental operations) 75
13. Number of abdominal sections 23
(B) OUT-PATIENTS.
1. Nature and scope of the out-patient provision (if any) for
continuation of treatment, emergency treatment, consultations
or otherwise Nil No true Out-patients Department, as usually meant by this
term at the Hospital, but there is a Continuation Clinic for the
treatment of in-patients who have been discharged and need further
treatment as Out-patients.
A new Ear, Nose and Throat Department was commenced
February, 1935, and there is also a Consulting Ophthalmic
Surgeon who sees special cases sent up from the Public Assistance Committee.
The figures given below relate to the attendances only at the
Continuation Clinic.
2. Total number of persons seen in the Out-patient
Department 18
3. Number of these subsequently admitted as In-
patients 2 4. Number of these who had received in-patient treat-
ment at the Institution 13
5. Total Attendances in Out-patient Department 211

(C) CLASSIFICATION OF WALLASEY IN-PATIENTS WHO WERE DISCHARGED FROM OR WHO DIED IN THE INSTITUTION DURING THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1935.

A. Acute infectious disease (1)	DISEASE GROUPS.	Child (under of ag	16 yrs.	a	fen nd men.
B. Influenza (2)   C. Tuberculosis   Pulmonary   2   2   2   26   11	A Acute infectious disease (1)	ch'g'd	Died	ch'g'd	Died
Pulmonary   Non-pulmonary   2   2   2   3   3   3   3   4   4   34   19   19   19   19   10   10   10   10	B. Influenza (2)	_		-	-
D. Malignant disease		2	2	26	11
E. Rheumatism—  (1) Acute rheumatism (rheumatic fever) together with sub-acute rheumatism and chorea	Non-pulmonary	2	-	-	-
(1) Acute rheumatism (rheumatic fever) together with sub-acute rheumatism and chorea		-	-	9	14
gether with sub-acute rheumatism and chorea					
Chorea					
(2) Non-articular manifestations of so-called "rheumatism" (muscular rheumatism, fibrositis, lumbago and sciatica)       — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		2	_	3	_
"rheumatism" (muscular rheumatism, fibrositis, lumbago and sciatica)       —			1 300		
Semile decay (3)   Semile Dementia   Semile decay (3)   Semile decay (4)   Semile decay (5)   Semile decay (7)   Semile decay (8)   Semile decay (8)   Semile decay (8)   Semile decay (9)   Semile decay (10)   Semile decay (10)	"rheumatism" (muscular rheumatism,	,			
F. Venereal disease   G. Puerperal pyrexia   .	fibrositis, lumbago and sciatica)			_	-
G. Puerperal pyrexia	(3) Chronic arthritis		-	3	1
H. Puerperal fever				- 8	1
H. Puerperal fever			3 42 11	0	1
(b) Other cases	H. Puerperal fever   hospital			_	
Description	(b) Other cases			2	
J. Mental diseases { (a) Senile Dementia (b) Other					
Mental diseases   (b) Other	pregnancy and childbirth		-		2
K. Senile decay (3)	J. Mental diseases (a) Senile Dementia		-	1000	
L. Accidental injury and Violence (4)	K Senile decay (3)				3
In respect of cases not included in above :   M. Disease of the Nervous System & Sense Organs	L. Accidental injury and Violence (4)	_		10.7	_
M. Disease of the Nervous System & Sense       0rgans       5       1       41       2         N. Disease of the Respiratory System       34       4       34       19         O. ,, Circulatory System       3       3       32       46         P. ,, Digestive System       11       1       31       16         Q. ,, Genito-urinary system       1       37       2         R. ,, Skin       8       17       2         S. Other diseases       58       7       73       10         T. Mothers and infants discharged from Maternity Wards and not in- Maternity Wards and not in- Infants       95       -       -       -         U. Any persons not falling under any of the above headings       1       -       95       -       -       -				1777	
Organs           5       1       41       2         N. Disease of the Respiratory System        34       4       34       19         O.       ,       Circulatory System        3       3       32       46         P.       ,       Digestive System        11       1       31       16         Q.       ,       Genito-urinary system        1        37       2         R.       ,       Skin         8        17       2         S. Other diseases           58       7       73       10         T. Mothers and infants discharged from Maternity Wards and not in- Cluded in above figures       Infants					
N. Disease of the Respiratory System        34       4       34       19         O. , , , Circulatory System        3       3       32       46         P. , , Digestive System        11       1       31       16         O. , , Genito-urinary system        1       —       37       2         R. , , Skin        8       —       17       2         S. Other diseases         58       7       73       10         T. Mothers and infants discharged from Maternity Wards and not in- Sudded in above figures       Mothers Infants       —       —       —       100       —         U. Any persons not falling under any of the above headings         95       —       —       —		_			
O. ,, ,, Circulatory System 3 3 32 46 P. ,, , Digestive System 11 1 31 16 Q. ,, , Genito-urinary system 1 — 37 2 R. ,, , Skin 8 — 17 2 S. Other diseases 58 7 73 10 T. Mothers and infants discharged from Maternity Wards and not in- Mothers cluded in above figures Infants U. Any persons not falling under any of the above headings 95				-	
P. ,, ,, Digestive System	O Circulatory System				
O.       ,, , , Genito-urinary system        1       —       37       2         R.       ,, , Skin          8       —       17       2         S. Other diseases           58       7       73       10         T. Mothers and infants discharged from Maternity Wards and not included in above figures       Mothers Infants       —       —       —       100       —         Cluded in above figures       Infants       95       —       —       —       —         U. Any persons not falling under any of the above headings		10000			
R. ,, ,, Skin 8 — 17 2 S. Other diseases	Q. ,, Genito-urinary system	1	_	37	
T. Mothers and infants discharged from Maternity Wards and not in- Cluded in above figures  U. Any persons not falling under any of the above headings	R. ,, ,, Skin		_		-
Maternity Wards and not in- \{ Mothers \ \text{Infants} \ \ U. Any persons not falling under any of the above headings \ \dots \dots \ \dots \dots \ \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \dots \ \dots	S. Other diseases	58	7	73	10
U. Any persons not falling under any of the above headings	Maternity Wards and not in Mothers	1000	13131	100	
U. Any persons not falling under any of the above headings	cluded in above figures Infants	95	_	100	
above headings				10000	
Totals 242 18 474 129				1 SVBV	
Totals 242 18 474 129		010	10	477	100
	Totals	242	18	474	129

<sup>(1)</sup> Including-with the exception of Acute Primary and Influenzal Pneumonia, Tuberculosis, Puerperal Pyrexia and Puerperal Fever—all generally notifiable diseases, together with Measles, German Measles, Chickenpox, Whooping Cough and Mumps. Cases of Influenzal Pneumonia, Tuberculosis, Puerperal Pyrexia, Puerperal Fever and Acute Primary Pneumonia are recorded respectively under Groups B. C. G. H. and N. Cases of Encephalitis Lethargica are entered under Group A. if acute, and under Group M. if chronic.

<sup>(2)</sup> Including Acute Influenzal Pneumonia.(3) Confined to cases and deaths in which no more specific diagnosis was practicable.
(4) Including suicides, attempted suicides and poisoning cases

In addition to the foregoing tables supplied by the Birkenhead Municipal Hospital the Public Assistance Officer has supplied me with data concerning cases admitted to that Hospital and to other Institutions on the certificates of one or other of the District Medical Officers. The following is a summary of this information:—

	B'head Municipal Hospital 1935	Tranmere Institut'n 1935	Eastham House 1935
Wallasey cases in on Jan. 1st. Admissions during year Births ,, ,,	100 778 103 — 981	92 221 — — 313	23 4 — — 27
Discharges during the year (including transfers to oth Institutions) Deaths during the year	700	161 42 —— 203	5 _ 5
Remaining at Dec. 31st	118	110*	22

\*In addition there were 8 cases of Mental Deficiency in the Iustitution at December 31st chargeable to the Sub-Committee for the care of the Mentally Defective.

As stated elsewhere in this Report the Corporation have an arrangement with Birkenhead Corporation under which Wallasey sick are admitted into that Authority's Municipal Hospital up to a maximum number of 150 (reduced towards the end of the year to 125). The highest number of Wallasey cases in at any one time during the year was 128 (week ending December 21st); and the lowest 74 (week ending September 28th).

# INSTITUTIONAL PROVISION FOR UNMARRIED MOTHERS, ILLEGITIMATE INFANTS AND HOMELESS CHILDREN WITHIN AND WITHOUT THE DISTRICT.

- 1. St. Faith's Home: Palm Grove, Birkenhead.
- A Grant of £70 per annum is made towards this Home, which receives young Unmarried Mothers from this Borough.
- 2. Public Assistance Committee: The Public Assistance Committee
  provide for the maintenance in
  Tranmere and various other
  Institutions, of unmarried Mothers and their children in cases
  of destitution.

3. Wallasey Children's Homes: The Public Assistance Committee have two houses situate, one in Falkland Road for the reception of 12 destitute children, and one in Albion Street for the reception of 25 children, of ages between 3 and 16 years.

# DISTRICT MEDICAL OFFICERS.

As and from April 1st, 1931, the Borough for the purposes of medical relief, was divided into three districts, as follows:—

No. 1 District.—To the North of an imaginary line drawn from the boundary along Poulton Bridge Road, Mill Lane, Liscard Road, Liscard Village, Manor Road, Seabank Road, Maddock Road.

District Medical Officer Dr. W. B. BRIGGS, 19 Seabank Road.

No. 2 District.—That part of the Borough which lies to the South of this imaginary line.

District Medical Officer: Dr. I. K. HERMON, 143 Seabank Road

No. 3 District.—Comprises the added areas of the old Parishes of Leasowe, Moreton and Saughall Massie.

District Medical Officer Dr. R. L. WYNNE, "Westholm," Upton Road.

# MATERNITY AND NURSING HOMES.

Nursing Homes on the Register at January 1st,	***	17
Applications for Registration during the year		8
Nursing Homes Registered		3
Orders made revising or cancelling registration		_
Appeals against such orders		
Cases in which such orders have been-		
(a) Confirmed on appeal; and		_
(b) Disallowed		
Applications for exemption from Registration		
Cases in which exemption has been-		
(a) Granted		_
(b) Withdrawn (c) Refused		
(c) Refused		-
Nursing Homes discontinued during the year		3
On the Register at December 31st		17
Deaths in Nursing Homes during the year		29
Visits during the year		75
Prosecutions for using non-registered premises		1

# AMBULANCE FACILITIES.

- (A) For Infectious Cases:
- (1) A Motor Ambulance (2) A Delivery Van for infected clothing.
- (B) For Non-Infectious and Accident Cases.

Three Motor Ambulances for Non-Infectious and Accident cases are available for public use. These are under the control of the Watch Committee.

# CLINICS AND TREATMENT CENTRES.

- ANTE-NATAL ...
- (1) At Child Welfare Centre, New Street. Mondays, 2-30 p.m. Tuesdays, 10-30 a.m.
- (2) At Health Centre, Oakenholt Road, Moreton. Second and Fourth Wednesdays, 2-30 to 4-0 p.m.
- CHILD WELFARE (1) At New Street. Tuesdays and Fridays, 2 to 4 p.m. Six Cots for Infants under one year suffering from Malnutrition.
  - (2) At Health Centre, Oakenholt Road, Moreton. Thursdays, 2 to 4 p.m.
  - (3) At Princess Road, Thursdays 2 to 4 p.m.
- MATERNITY HOME
- At "Highfield," Mill Lane. Applications for terms of admission and arrangements for booking to be made in person to the Sister-in-Charge between 2 and 4 p.m., Week-days only.
- TUBERCULOSIS
- (1) At the Dispensary, Mill Lane. Mondays, Tuesdays and Fridays, 11-0 a.m. to 12 noon. Wednesdays, 6-15 to 7-30 p.m. Thursdays (for Children) 9-30 a.m. to 12 noon.
- (2) At Health Centre, Oakenholt Road, Moreton. First and Third Wednesdays, 2 to 3 p.m.
- VENEREAL DISEASES
- At the Dispensary, Mill Lane. For Females Mondays, 5-30 to 6-30 p.m. For Males Wednesdays 7-45 to 8-30 p.m. For Irrigation 6 to 7 p.m., Mondays to Fridays, and 5 to 6 p.m. Saturdays.

ARTIFICIAL SUNLIGHT

At Mill Lane Hospital. By arrangement.

MINOR AIL-MENTS

- (1) At the School Clinic, No. 55 Church Street. Each Morning (Week-days), 9-30 to 12 noon.
- (2) At Health Centre, Oakenholt Road, Moreton. Tuesday and Friday 9-15 a.m. to 12 noon. Other Mornings, 9-15 to 10. Doctor attends on Tuesday, 9-15 to 9-45 a.m.

EYES

- (1) At No. 55 Church Street, Thursdays, 2 to 4 p.m. Doctor attends.
- (2) At Health Centre, Oakenholt Road, Moreton, At intervals, as necessary.

DENTAL

- (1) At No. 55 Church Street. Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Fridays 9-30 a.m. to 12 noon, and 2 to 4-30 p.m., Saturdays, 9-30 to 12 noon.
- (2) At Health Centre, Oakenholt Road, Moreton. Mondays and Thursdays, 2 to 4-30 p.m.

TONSILS AND ADENOIDS Clinics held at Victoria Central Hospital, Monday afternoons at 1-30.

ORTHOPŒDIC

- (1) At the School Clinic, No. 55 Church Street. Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Fridays, 2 to 4-30 p.m. Tuesdays, Thursdays, Fridays, 9-30 to 12 noon, for Massage, Electrical Treatment and Remedial Exercises. Doctor attends on First Wednesday of the Month at 2 p.m.
- (2) At Elleray Park School. Mondays and Wednesdays, 9-15 a.m. to 12 noon. Thursdays, 1-30 to 3-30 p.m.
- (3) At Health Centre, Oakenholt Road, Moreton. Second Friday, 2 to 4 p.m., January, March, May, July, September and November.

NOTE.—On days of Public Holiday the Clinics are closed.

# PREVALENCE AND CONTROL OF INFECTIOUS DISEASE.

# NOTIFICATIONS OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

(A) in each Month; and (B) in each Quarter for the Year 1935.

# (A) MONTHS.

	Small-pox.	Diphtheria.	Erysipelas.	Scarlet Fever.	Typhoid Fever.	Puerperal Pyrexia.	Puerperal Fever.	Cerebro- Spinal Meningitis	Acute Polio-Myelitis.	Tule culo . Kmlnd	Other.	Ophthalmia Neonatorum.	Malaria.	Dysentery.	Plague.	Pneumonia.	Encephalitis Lethargica.	Polio-
Jan Feb March April May June July August Spt Oct Nov Dec	LITTER THE THE	23 24 20 15 11 26 34 11 16 28 28 39	2 2 4 4 2 2 2 3 3	24 19 13 21 26 14 14 19 26 12 26 18		2 1 2 1 3 - 1 2 - 3	1 1 1	1		9 5 5 3 10 3 5 7 15 7 4 8	1 1 2 3 2 1 3 1 4 4	1 1 - - -	1 - 1			1 6 14 9 9 5 4 4 5 2 9 8		
Totals   —   275   30   232   2   15   3   1   1   81   22   5   2   —   —   76   —   (B) QUARTERS.																		
1st Q 2nd Q	=	67 52	8	56 61	_	3 6	2	-1	=	19 16	4 6	1 2	1	=	-	21 23	-	

1st Q 2nd Q 3rd Q 4th Q		67 52 61 95	8 8 5 9	-	_ 1 1	3 6 3 3	1 	 	<u>-</u>	19 16 27 19		1 2 2 -	1 - 1			21 23 13 19	1111
Totals	-	275	30	232	2	15	3	1	1	81	22	5	2	-	-	76	-

53 CASE	S OF	INFE	CTIOU	S DIS	EASE	(Inclu	iding	Tubere	ulosi	s) N	OTI	FIED	IN	WA	ALLA	ASEY	DI	JRIN	IG T	HE	PAST	Y	EAF	₹.			54
NOTIFIABLE				Cas	es notifi	ied at a	ges						To	otal C	ases	notifi	ed in	each	War	d.	-	,				Cases Admit-	Deaths in Mill
NOTIFIABLE DISEASE.	Notifi- cations.	0-1	1-5	5-15	15-25	25-45	45-65	Over 65	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	ted to Mill L'ne Hospital	Lane
Small-pox	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	_		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
Malaria	. 2	-	4	14	2	-	_	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Dysentery	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Diphtheria (including Membranous Croup)	275	-	40	183	35	15	2	_	19	20	12	19	14	13	26	22	30	24	6	5	4	10	38	11	2	(a) 274	17
Erysipelas	30	1	-	3	2	9	12	3	3	3	1	4	1	1	1	2	2	1	1	2	3	2	1	2	-	8	1
Scarlet Fever	232	1	59	142	17	13	_	-	7	7	8	11	15	7	16	27	21	15	14	18	11	7	22	24	2	207	1
Enteric Fever	2		-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-
Puerperal Fever	3	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Puerperal Pyrexia	15	-	-	-	7	7	1	-	-	1	-	-	1	1	2	3	1	1	-	2	-	-	1	2	-	-	-
Cerebro-Spinal Meningitis	1	-	-	-	- 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Poliomyelitis	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	1	-	-	-
Pneumonia	76	2	3	16	14	19	16	6	2	5	1	6	8	6	3	6	3	8	2	2	4	4	8	6	2	1	-
Ophthalmia Neonatorum	5	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	3	1	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_
Pulmonary Tuberculosis	81	-	1	1	26	34	15	4	5	6	2	5	6	7	6	9	1	4	10	3	3	2	3	7	2	35	8
Other forms of Tuberculosis	22	-	5	8	7	1	1	-	-	1	1	-	1	3	-	6	-	3	4	1	-	-	-	2	-	-	-
Measles (not notifiable)	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		_	-	-	-	-	-	13	-
Encephalitis Lethargica	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-		
Polio-Encephalitis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-		-		-	-	-
Other Admissions	-	-	-	_	_	_	-	-	=	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_			-		-	-	- 8	561	31
TOTALS	745	9	109	353	112	102	47	13	36	44	25	46	46	40	58	76	60	56	37	33	25	25	75	55	8	361	31

<sup>†</sup> Of the 207 cases admitted as Scarlet Fever, 6 were found not to be Scarlet Fever.

1 Measles case was admitted from Hoylake Children's Home.

Of the 274 cases admitted to Hospital as Diphtheria, 36 were found not to be Diphtheria.

(a) This 274 includes 19 Diphtheria carriers and 2 cases from Birkenhead.

(b) 19 of the Scarlet fever cases were admitted from Wirral Joint Hospital Board's Institution.

TABLE SHOWING NOTIFICATIONS SINCE 1913.

1935	11	275	30	232	1	23 0	•	10	81	55				10	1	10	9	76		1	1	745
	1	258	39	223	1	- 0	4	1	. 25	26		17	1	64	1	1-	1	51		-	1	969
933 1	IT	86	30	219	1	000	0	01	62	55		11		1	1	1		81			-	530
932 1	IT	184	31	116	1.	- 0	4	-	78	22		210	1	9	T	П		51		04	T	504
1881	1	106	34	146	1		-	-	00	24		11		00	1			20		-	-	467
1928 1929 1930 1931 1932 1933 1934	63	77	23	146	T	00	1	10	102	25		23		00	T	-	1	55		24	Т	458
1929	T	41	29	179	T	00	1	0	66	58		1-		00	I	00	- 0	117		000	23	524
1928	T	92	20	139	T	0 -	4	19	104	46		П		00	T	00	- 0	87	-	_	I	536
		129	32	187	10	2-	1	10	68	30		П		G1	I	-	0	9	-	50	T	534
1919 1920 1921 1922 1923 1924 1925 1926 1927		110	24	214	10	7 -	•	4	108	31		-		00	П		-	51		0		556
1925	T	62	222	287	10	0 4		1	180	56		1 67		C-1	П		1	74	,	0		697
1924		34	19	170	15	27			169	51		-		=	П		T	92		0		545
1923		09	17	113	1	+ 61	'	1	117	31		П		-		1	T	100		0		456
1922	1	88	18	265	0	4 10		1	160	31		П		0		00		123				700
1921	I	96	19	494	12	12		1	198	31			-	-		00	1	65	,	*		940
1920		103		145	19	5 10		1	142	26		-		10		15	I	75				559
	63	7.1			1-	4 67		1	115	52		-	4	500	144	24	60	130		-		962
1918		49			13	1 73		1	182	16	-	-			655		-	1				1236
1917		46		-	1	1 -		1	192	25		1			164		-	-				1403
1916				119	1=			-	181	48				1110	379		-					528 1962
1915				210	14			1	130	39		-		0		-	1	1				
1913 1914 1915 1916	1			249	00				171	38			,	91			1					630
1913		44	57	312	100	1	171	1	158	99				1			-	1				621
Disease.	Small-pox	branous Croup	Erysipelas	Scarlet Fever	Typhus	Puerperal Fever	Puerperal Pyrexia	Oct. 1st, 1926)	Phthisis	Tuberculosis	Cerebro-Spinal	Acute Poliomyelitis	Ophthalmia Neonator-	um (fromApr. 1st, 1914)	Measles (German)	Malaria	Dysentery	Pneumonia (all forms)	Encephalitis	Polio, Encenhalitie	rono-rencepuantas	Totals

# SCARLET FEVER.

The notifications numbered 232, giving an attack rate of 2.40 per 1,000 of population. There was one death giving a rate of 0.01. The notifications in the previous year were 228 with no deaths, the rates being 2.28 and nil respectively. 207 cases were removed to Hospital, 19 of which were from Clatterbridge Infirmary under an arrangement between this Council and that Hospital.

# "RETURN" CASES.

Periods of year when "Return" Cases have occurred in each year since 1911.

																	-
Year.				7		e	A	-:	t.			.:		Quai	rters		
Colores of	Jan.	Feb.	Mch.	April	May	une	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	+	P	7		3
	7	H	N	4	~	1	1	A	S	0	4	A	Ist	2nd	3rd	4th	-
-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		-				7		-	-
1911	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	1	1	-	3	-	-	-	2	3	1
1912	-	1	1	2	2	-	-	3	-	1	4	-	2	4	3	5 2	1
1913	-	1	1	_	-	-	-	_	1	2	-	-	2	-	1	2	
1914	2	-	-	1	-	_	-	1	-	77.00	25.00	-	2	1	1	-	
1915	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	
1916	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	
1917	-	-	-		-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-		1	-	
1918	-	-	4		-	-	1	1	-	-	1	-	4		2	1	
1919	2	1	-	-	-		-	-	-	1	-	-	3	-	-	1	
1920	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1	-	-	-	-	1	
1921	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	
1922	-	-	-		-		1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	
1923	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
1924	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1925	-	1	1		-		1	-	1	1	2	1	2	-	2	4	
1926	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1	
1927	-	-	-	1	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-3	-	
1928	-		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-		-	1	
1929	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
1930	-	-	1	-	-	-	4		-	-	-	-	1	-	4	-	
1931	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-		-	1	
1932	-		-	-	-	1	-		1		-	-	-	1	1	-	
1933	-		-		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1934	-	-	_		-	_	-	1	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	2	
1935	1	-	1	1	1	-	-	4	1	3	1	1	2	2	5	5	

There were 14 "Return" cases during the year.

# HOME TREATED CASES.

In 5 instances 2 cases were notified at the same time.

" 1 instance 2nd case notified 3 days after 1st.

,, 1 ,, ,, ,, 45 ,, ,,

# HOSPITAL CASES.

In 3 instances 2 cases were removed at same time.

	1	instance	2nd case	was remo	ved 1 day after 1st.
		instances			2 days after 1st.
"		instance		,,	6
"	1	mstance	.,,	- 11	34
,,	1	27	"	,,,	The state of the s
					or 13 days after discharge of 1st
			0 1 1	0.1	from Hospital.
.,,	1	22		3rd cases	00 1 6 1
			were	removed	38 days after 1st
					or 9 days after discharge of 1st
					from Hospital.
"	1	"	2nd case	was remove	ed 39 days after 1st
					or 6 days after discharge of 1st
					from Hospital.
,,	1	,,	,,	,,	40 days after 1st
					or 12 days after discharge of 1st
					from Hospital.
11	1	,,	,,,	,,	41 days after 1st
					or 10 days after discharge of 1st
					from Hospital.
	1	22			46 days after 1st
"		"	"	"	or 9 days after discharge of 1st
					from Hospital, 3rd & 4th 49
					days later or 9 days after dis-
					charge of 2nd and 5th 2 days
					later.
	1				
,,	1	"	23	"	48 days after 1st
					or 20 days after discharge of 1st
					from Hospital.
23	1	,,	33	11	51 days after 1st
					or 9 days after discharge of 1st
					from Hospital.
"	1	**	22	,,	62 days after 1st
					or 11 days after discharge of 1st
					from Hospital.
"	1	,,	,,	,,	62 days after 1st
					or 13 days after discharge of 1st
					from Hospital.
"	1	,,	,,	,,	69 days after 1st
					or 23 days after discharge of 1st
					from Hospital.
,,	1	,,	,,	,,	76 days after 1st
-		1000	35		or 15 days after discharge of 1st
					from Hospital.
,,	1	,,	,,		105 days after 1st
23	0.516	"	**	,,	or 76 days after discharge of 1st
					from Hospital.
"	1				156 days after 1st
"	*	"	"	,,	or 101 days after discharge of 1st
					from Hospital.

# The following Table gives some very interesting

# STATISTICS RE SCARLET FEVER SINCE 1901.

Year.	Estimated Population at Middle of Year.	Total Notifications.	Attack rate per 1,000 of Population.	No. of Deaths.	Death rate per cent. of Cases.	Death rate per 1,000 of Population.	No. of Cases Admitted to Hospital.	Percentage of Cases removed to Hospital.	No. of Deaths in Hospital.	Percentage of Deaths in Admissions.
1901	54,000 —Census	147	2.7	5	3.4	0.09	68	45.5	4	5
1902 1903 1904 1905 1906	53,579 55,000 56,000 57,000 58,000 62,000	293 440 270 348 266	5.3 7.8 4.7 5.9 4.3	5 18 8 6 6	1.7 4.1 3.0 1.7 2.2	0.09 0.32 0.14 0.10 0.09	199 309 170 227 178	67.9 70.2 62.9 62.0 66.9	4 11 7 3 6	2 3 4 1
1907 1908 1909 1910	67,000 71,000 73,000 75,000	255 248 716 329	3.8 3.5 9.8 4.3	6 10 20 3	2.3 4.0 2.7 0.5	0.08 0.14 0.27 0.04	188 174 507 229	73.7 70.1 70.8 69.6	6 9 14 2	1 3. 3. 5. 2. 0.
1911	79,000 — Census — — 78,504 —	286	3.6	2	0.7	0.02	189	66.1		0.
1912 1913	81,000 83,000	307 312	3.8	6	1.9	0.07	205 216	66.7 69.2	3	1.
1914	85,000	249	2.9	4	1.6	0.04	159	63.8	9	1
1915	Gross 90,000 Civil 85,000	210	2.3	3	1.4	0.03	90	42.8	5 2 3	1. 2. 1. 1.
1916	*83,442 †90,786	119	1.4	-	-	-	66	55.4	-	-
1917	*84,209 †93,869	189	2.2	-	-	-	111	58.7	-	
1918	*80,956 †90,708	361	4.4	7	1.9	0.08	199	55.1	3	1.:
1919	95,424	286	2.9	5	1.7	0.05	167	58.4	4	2.3
1920 1921	100,000 90,809 — Census —	145 494	1.4 5.4	3	0.6	0.03	83 190	57.1 38.4	2	1.0
1922	91,000	265	2.9	2	0.7	0.02	94	35.4	1	1.0
1923	091,000	113	1.2	-	_	-	61	54.0	-	T.
1924	91,000	170	1.8	1	0.6	0.01	89	52.3	1	1.1
1925 1926	91,720	287	3.1	1	0.3	0.01	158	55.0	1	0.6
1926	93,050	214	2.2	1 2	0.4	0.01	80 91	37.7	-	2.2
1927	93,530 99,000	187 139	1.4	1	0.7	0.02	76	48 6 54.9	2 2	2.6
1929	101,300	179	1.6	_	0.7	0.01	102	56.9	-	2.0
1930	98,900 — Census —	146	1.5	-	-	-	85	58.2	-	=
1931	97,626	146	1.5	1	0.6	0.01	104	71.2	-	-
1932	97,110	116	1.19	2	1.7	0.02	73	62.9	2	2.7
1933	97.600	219	2.24	1	0.4	0.01	136	62.1	1	0.7
1934	97,000	223	2.29	-	-	_	138	61.9	_	-
1935	96,600	232	2.40	1	0.4	0.01	207*	81.0†	1	0.5

<sup>\*</sup> Registrar-General's estimate for calculating Death Rate.
† Ditto. Birth Rate.
ø Lowest number of Notifications since 1892.
\* Includes 19 cases admitted from Clatterbridge Infirmary.
† Wallasey Cases only.

#### DIPHTHERIA.

The notifications during the year were 275 compared with 258 during the previous year. The deaths numbered 18 as against 25 in 1934. The attack rate and death rate per 1,000 of population are 2.84 and 0.18 respectively. The notifications in the quarters were 1st, 67, 2nd, 52; 3rd, 61; 4th 95. 274 cases were admitted to Hospital. This number includes 19 "carriers" and also 2 cases admitted from Birkenhead. 36 admissions proved on bacteriological examination not to be Diphtheria.

There is a tendency on the part of some doctors to withhold administration of anti-toxin until the result of the bacteriological examination of the swab is made known. Far too much importance is placed on the bacteriological examination of the swab. The correct practice is to give anti-toxin whenever there is reason even to suspect diphtheria. When anti-toxin is given on the first day of disease, the death risk is practically nil, but rapidly increases with each day's delay in the administration.

Two children in one family developed Diphtheria seven and eight days respectively subsequent to the return of the previous case from Hospital. In another family the second case occurred twentysix days after the discharge from Hospital of the previous case.

# ANTI-TOXIN APPLICATIONS FROM PRACTITIONERS.

The number of applications during the year was 124 and the number of units issued free was 2,150,000, compared with 128 applications and 2,138,000 units in the previous year.

# HOME TREATED CASES.

In 1 instance 2nd case was notified 9 days after 1st.

# HOSPITAL CASES.

				1	IOSFILA	L UE	DE	n).	
In	3	instances	2 c	ases	admitted	at sa	me	time	a all range of the se
,,	1	instance	2nd	case	admitted	1 da	y a	after	1st.
"	1	,,		,,	,,	1			ays later and 4th 5 ter 3rd.
,,	1	,,,			,,	2 da	ıys	after	1st.
,,	2	instances		,,		3	,,	,,	
,,	3	,,,		,,	,,	4	,,	,,,	
,,	1	instance				4	"	,,	& 4th 1 day later.
,,	1	,,	2nd	case	admitted	5	,,	"	
22	1	"		"	,,	6	,,	,,,	
"	1	,,		,,	7.5	14	22	,,,	
,,,	1	,,		"	31	19	,,,		& 3rd 1 day later.
,,	1	,,		,,	,, †6	3 day	sa	fter 1s	scharge of 1st). t & 3rd 3 days later harge of 1st).

In	1	instance	2nd case a	admitted *83 days after 1st
				(*26 days after discharge of 1st).
"	1	2)	"	,, 93 days after 1st
33	1	,,	, ,,	(63 days after discharge of 1st).
				(30 days after discharge of 1st).

In 1 instance 1st case Scarlet Fever admitted 16/8/35. Discharged 19/10/35. Developed Diphtheria while in M.L.H.

2nd case had Scarlet Fever at home prior to discharge of 1st case and admitted 25/10/35 with Diphtheria.

3rd case admitted 26/10/35 with Diphtheria and Scarlet Fever.

# DIPHTHERIA IMMUNISATION.

On the 4th of April the Council approved the recommendation of the Health Committee that diphtheria immunisation be commenced, the approval of the Ministry of Health having been received. The Education Committee also agreed, and the work was began in the Infant Schools. Parents are, as a routine, invited to the School prior to the first injection so that the Doctor may explain to them the nature and object of the immunisation. Injection is not given under any circumstances without first referring parents to their own family doctors, and without signed consent if the injections are to be given by the Assistant School Medical Officer. The usual ages for routine immunisation are 1 to 7 years.

The appointment of Dr. Isabel O. Kennedy made possible the commencement of this important work. Three schools, Gorsedale Road, Somerville, and Barnston Lane were selected for this purpose. Circulars were distributed to the parents—111 at Gorsedale Road, 184 at Somerville, and 101 at Barnston Lane—396 in all. Forms of acceptance of the offer of immunisation were received from 205 parents (65 Gorsedale Road, 81 Somerville, 59 Barnston Lane) slightly more than 50 per cent.

The preparation used was Burroughs, Wellcome's T.A.F., three injections being given at approximately fortnightly intervals.

The full course was taken in 181 instances.

In 11 instances two injections only were given owing to parents objecting to further doses, to children failing to attend, or to (in one case) the child developing diphtheria before the full course had been completed.

In 13 instances one injection only was given for similar reasons.

There were no re-actions of note.

In addition to the work done at the schools named 83 cases were dealt with at Mill Lane Hospital, 64 of whom took the full course, 3 had two injections, 10 had one injection.

6 were Shick tested, 5 with negative results.

1 developed Diphtheria after a Positive Schick test before immunisation had been carried out.

There were no re-actions of note excepting in one instance in which the case developed redness and swelling of the armgoing on to abscess formation after the second dose. There were no permanent ill effects however.

Year	Estimated Population Middle of Year	Total No. Of Cases Notified	Attack Rate per 1,000 Population	No. of Deaths Registered Diphtheria and Croup	Fatality per cent, of Cases	Mortality per 1,000 Population	Number of Cases treated in Hospital	Percentage of Cases Removed to Hospital
1901	54,000 Census	55	1.0	12	21.8	0.22	22	40.0
1902	Census 53,579 55,000	} 40 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	0.7	5	12.5	0.09	20	50.0
1903	56,000	40 01	0.7	3	7.5	0.05	27	67.5
1904	57,000	55	0.9	12	21.8	0.21	33	54.5
1905	58,500	65	1.1	12 10	15.3	0.17	45	69.2
1906	62,000	587	0.9	12	20.7	0.19	30	51.7
1907	67,000	92	1.3	7	7.6	0.10	61	66.3
1908	71,000	72	1.0	8	11.0	0.11	50	69.4
1909	73,000	72 \ 25 57	0.7	9	15.7	0.12	31	54.4
1910	75,000	44	0.58	4	9.0	0.05	25	56.8
1911	79,000	62	0.78	16	25.8	0.20	46	74.2
	{ Census 78,504	}						
1912	81,000	75 8	0.9	9	12.0	0.11	39	52.0
1913	83,000	44 00	0.5	5	11.3	0.06	28	63.6
1914	85,000	84	0.99	9	10.7	0.10	56	66.6
1915	Civil 85,000	89	0.99	15	16.8	0.16	54	60.6
1919	Gr's90,000	00)	0.00	10	10.0	0.16	34	00.0
1916	*83,442	68	0.08	11	16.1	0.13	43	63.2
1917	†90,786 *84,209	46	0.81	1	2.1	0.01	25	54.3
1918	†93,869 *80,956	49	0.65	6	12.2	0.07	31	65.3
1010	†90,708	2000	0.00		12.2	0.01	31	00.0
1919	*95,424 †99,403	71	0.74	9	12.6	0.09	25	35.2
1920	100,000	103	1.03	7	6.8	0.07	33	32.0
1921	89,600	96	1.07	12	12.5	0.13	57	59.4
1922	91,000	88	0.85	4	4.5	0.04	46	52.0
1923	91,000	60 2	0.65	1	1.1	0.01	41	68.3
1924	91,000	34 00	0.37	1	2.9	0.01	25	73.5
1925	91,720	62	0.67	6	9.6	0.06	43	69.3
1926	93,050	110	1.18	12	10.9	1.01	90	81.8
1927	93,530	129	1.37	11	8.5	0.13	98	74.2
1928	99,000	92 67	0.92		8.6	0.08	61	66.3
1929	101,300	TIL	0.40	8 2 7	4.9	0.02	34	82.9
1930	98,900	77	0.76	7	9.1	0.07	64	83.1
1931			1000000		1333	100000	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
	{ Census 97,626	106	1.08	6	8.4	0.07	87	82.0
1932	97,110	184	1.89	19	10.3	0.19	153	83.1
1933	97,600	98	1.00	8	8.1	0.08	93	94.9
1934	97,000	258	2.66	25	9.5	0.24	240	93.0
1935	96,600	275	2.84	18	6.5	0.18	274*	95.2

<sup>\*</sup> Includes, however, 19 carriers and 2 cases admitted from Birkenhead.  $\dagger$  Wallasey Cases only.

# TYPHOID.

Only two cases were notified during the year. They were admitted to Hospital and duly recovered. The attack rate per 1,000 of population was 0.02. One of these was a woman who was one of a large number of pilgrims to Lourdes, several of whom developed Typhoid after returning to their homes in various parts of this Country and Scotland. Several Wallasey persons accompanied the pilgrimage, but, with the exception of this particular case none were infected. The infection was stated to be due to contaminated water supply in the vicinity of Lourdes.

The other notified case in the Borough was that of a visitor to Hailsham, where, ultimately, contaminated water supply was discovered following the occurrence of several cases in the locality.

The Table below shows how remarkable has been the fall for several years past in the number of cases notified. It will be noted that there were 257 cases in 1901, in a population of 53,000 whereas there was but two cases in 1935 with a population of 96,600.

DEATHS FROM TYPHOID SINCE 1901, WITH RATES.

Year.	Notified Cases.	Deaths.	Death-Rate per 1,000 of Population.	English Mor- tality Rate per 1,000 populat'r
1901	257	31	0.57	0.16
1902	64	12	0.21	0.13
1903	47		0.08	0.10
1904	39	5 7 8	0.12	0.09
1905	61	8	0.13	0.09
1906	65	5 3	0.08	0.09
1907	31	3	0.04	0.07
1908	34	4	0.05	0.07
1909	18	4 2	0.02	0.06
1910	14	5	0.06	0.05
1911	24	1	0.01	0.06
1912	16	3	0.03	0.04
1913	19	3	0.03	0.04
1914	23	3 3 1	0.01	0.04
1915	14	3	0.03	0.03
1916	11	3	0.03	0.03
1917	2	1	0.01	0.02
1918	4	1	0.01	0.02
1919	i			0.01
1920	6	2	0.02	0.01
1921	11	2 1	0.01	0.01
1922	2	î	0.01	0.01
1923	4	î	0.01	0.01
1924	10	i	0.01	0.01
1925	3			0.01
1926	1	_	_	0.01
1927	1 3 6	1	0.01	0.01
1928	6	3	0.03	0.01
1929	5	3 2	0.02	0.01
1930	3			0.01
1931	3 7		_	0.01
1932	i	1	0.01	0.01
1933	3		-	0.01
1934	1			0.00
1935	1 2		-	0.00

# ERYSIPELAS.

The number of notifications during the year was 27, compared with 39 in the previous year. There was one death. The attack rate per 1,000 of population was 0.28, and the death rate 0.01.

# CEREBRO-SPINAL MENINGITIS and ACUTE POLIO-MYELITIS.

One case of Cerebro Spinal Fever occurred during the year.

One case of Acute Polio-myelitis occurred during the year.

This was not fatal.

# ANTHRAX and RABIES.

No cases of Anthrax or Rabies occurred during the year.

#### MALARIA.

Two cases of Malaria occurred during the year.

# DYSENTERY, TYPHUS, CHOLERA, PLAGUE.

No cases occurred during the year, but contacts from vessels arriving from infected ports were visited and kept under observation.

# ENCEPHALITIS LETHARGICA.

No case was notified during the year.

#### POLIO-ENCEPHALITIS.

No case of Polio-Encephalitis was notified during the year.

# ACUTE and INFLUENZAL PNEUMONIA.

The number of notifications during the year was 76 giving an attack rate of 0.78 per 1,000 of population, compared with 51 notifications, and an attack rate of 0.52 in the previous year.

The number of deaths of Pneumonia (all forms) was 81, a death rate of 0.84 per 1,000 of population, compared with 60 deaths and a rate of 0.61 in the previous year.

# AGES OF NOTIFICATIONS.

0-1	1-5	5-15	15-25	25-45	45-65	over 65	Total
2	3	16	14	19	16	6	76

# DEATHS FROM INFLUENZA and CHEST COMPLICATIONS.

# (A) INFLUENZA.

	No.	of Deaths.		Rate per 1,000 of	100	Percentage of total
Under 1 yr.	Over 1 yr.	Total.		population	1	deaths
1	21	22		0.22	1013	1.78
		(B)	BRO	NCHITIS.	oll by a	abana .
1	22	23	-	0.23	1	1.87
		(C) PNEUM	IONI	A (All for	ms).	
5	76	81	1	0.83	1	6.58

Some of these were admitted to the Victoria Central Hospital and some to the Birkenhead Municipal Hospital. In a few cases the services of the District Nurse were requisitioned.

# SMALL-POX.

No cases were notified during the year.

# PUBLIC HEALTH (SMALL-POX PREVENTION) REGULATIONS, 1917.

No primary vaccinations or re-vaccinations were performed by the Medical Officer of Health during the year.

# ISOLATION AND DISINFECTION ARRANGEMENTS.

There are two Washington-Lyons Disinfectors at Mill Lane Infectious Diseases Hospital.

# WORK OF DISINFECTION DURING THE YEAR.

Number of	f Houses disi	infected aft	er fevers				442
.,	.,	,,	Phthisis				114
	.,	,,	Other diseases				94
,,	Rooms	,,	Fevers and Pl	nthisis			140
,,	,,	,,	Vermin &c.				13
		om Public, fected	Private, or Sch	ool Lib	raries	dis-	258

#### LIST OF ARTICLES DISINFECTED.

Number of	Beds				***		***	722
	Pillows and Bolsters	S						1626
,,	Blankets							1328
	Quilts and Eiderdov							906
"	Sheets							1014
"		***		***	***			
"	Articles of wearing		1			***		5206
**	Miscellaneous articl	es	***	***	***	***	***	367
	Total				***			11169
	LIST OF A	ARTIC	LES	DESTR	OYED			
Number of	Beds			DESTR	OYED			49
	Beds				OYED.			49
,,	Beds Pillows, Bolsters an	d Blan	 kets					11
"	Beds Pillows, Bolsters an Articles of Bedding	d Blan	kets					11 12
,,	Beds Pillows, Bolsters an Articles of Bedding Articles of wearing	d Blan	kets					11 12 41
"	Beds Pillows, Bolsters an Articles of Bedding	d Blan	kets					11 12

#### ISOLATION HOSPITAL.

# DIPHTHERIA.

The notifications during the year were 275 as compared with 258 during the previous year. The number of cases admitted to Hospital were 274 against 240 during 1934. There were 17 deaths, representing a hospital mortality of 6.20%, as compared with 20 in 1934, and a rate of 8.33%.

Thirty-six patients notified as diphtheria were diagnosed as:— Tonsillitis 21, Quinsy 3, Bronchitis 2, Laryngitis 1, Scarlet Fever 2, Measles1, Vincent's Angina 1, and 1 carrier, while there was no evidence of disease in 4 cases.

Actually 238 patients were found to be suffering from diphtheria including 8 who also suffered from concurrent Scarlet Fever, 3 from concurrent Chicken Pox and 1 from concurrent mumps.

There were three cases of diphtheria among the staff. Two cases were admitted from Birkenhead, four from the staff of Leasowe Children's Hospital and five children from Leasowe Hospital, one of whom died. Nineteen carriers were admitted from Leasowe Hospital, two of whom were members of the staff.

The complications met with were as follows:—
Paralysis ... 14 (Palatal 9; Squint 3; Facial 1; Neck 1).
Myocarditis 10
Adenitis ... 3
Otorrhœa ... 2

Four cases of diphtheria were cross infected with scarlet fever' and one cross infected with measles. Tracheotomy was performed in three cases.

Deaths occurred within the following periods:-

Three and a half ho	urs after ad	lmission	 1)	
Seven hours	,,	,,	 1	
Thirteen hours	,,	,,	 1	
Day	of	,,	 1	
Two days	after	,,	 1	
Three days	22	,,,	 1	
Four days		"	 1 >	17
Five days	"		 3	
Six days	,,	,,	 2	
Seven days	,,	"	 1 0	
Eight days	"	"	 2	
Nine days Thirty-seven days	,,	"	 1	
Timity-seven days	"	"	 1)	

In two cases where the child had been ill 5 days, no serum was given nor swab taken till the day of admission.

# ADMISSION OF CASES FOLLOWING ONSET OF DIPHTHERIA.

					Number	Death rate
					fatal	Percentage
Adm	ission wit	hin 1 day	of onset-	- 32	_	of Admissions.
	,, ,,	2 day		75	1	0.75
	,, ,,	3 ,,	.,	77	3	3.7
	,, ,,	4 ,,	,,	53	5	9.43
	., .,	5 .,		14	5	35.71
	,, ,,	6		4	1	25,00
	., ,,	7 ,,	.,,	3	-	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
	,, ,,	8 ,,	.,		_	THE PARTY OF
	,, ,,	9 ,,	***	2	1	50.00
	,, ,,	10 ,,		1	1	100.00
	.,,	11 ,,		1	-	100000-07
		14 ,,		1	-	-
No.	of cases i	n which or	iset was		Marine Louis Marine	MARIE MARIE
	doubtful-			11	-	The factor of
				274	17	6.20

# SCARLET FEVER.

The number of cases admitted to Hospital were 207 as compared with 138 in 1934. Nineteen of the admissions were from Clatterbridge.

There were 2 deaths, one due to septicaemia, the other due to septic scarlet fever resulting from scalds, giving a hospital mortality of 0.96%.

Of the 207 admissions 6 were found to be suffering from other complaints:—Urticaria 1, Erythema 1, Diphtheria 1, Tonsillitis 1, and 2 showed no evidence of disease.

Serum was administered in 43 cases.

One member of the nursing staff contracted the disease.

Four cases were admitted from Leasowe Children's Hospital, two being among the staff.

Complications arose in a number of cases and are as follows :-

Adenitis	12 (1 on adm	nission) Albuminuria 1
Otorrhoea	8 (1 ,,	) Adenitis & Otorrhoea 7
Nasal discharge	7	Broncho-pneumonia 1 (O.A.
Arthritis	3	Erysipelas 1
Nephritis	1	Diphtheria 1

Five cases were concurrent scarlet fever and diphtheria.

Four cases were cross infected measles, one died.

There were 12 return cases, 2 from one house and 3 from another. Four occurred in the 3rd quarter and eight in the 4th quarter of the year.

# TYPHOID.

Only one case was admitted during the year.

# ERYSIPELAS.

Eight cases were admitted, three were found to be suffering from cellulitis. There was 1 death.

# MEASLES.

Thirteen cases were admitted, six being complicated by bronchopneumonia. One case came from Hoylake. There was one death.

Complications were: - Otorrhoea 1, Adenitis 1 (on admission).

# WHOOPING COUGH.

Four cases of whooping cough and broncho-pneumonia were admitted. Two proved fatal, one having been ill for fourteen days before admission. In one case there was no evidence of disease.

# CHICKEN POX.

Three cases were admitted, one suffering from broncho-pneumonia.

# MUMPS.

One case of mumps was admitted from Leasowe Children's Hospital.

# VINCENT'S ANGINA.

One case was admitted during the year.

# RETRO-PHARYNGEAL ABSCESS AND LUDWIG'S ANGINA

One case was admitted suffering from acute toxaemia and died.

# VACCINATION.

The two Public Vaccinators for the Borough are Dr. W. B. Briggs, for the North District, and Dr. N. A. C. Best for the South District. The Vaccination Officer is Mr. William M. Jardine.

The following is information supplied to the Ministry of Health in regard to the work carried out by these Officers.

# Form M379A.

RETURN showing Numbers of Persons successfully vaccinated and re-vaccinated at the cost of the Rates by the Public Vaccinators during the year ended 30th September, 1935.

District	Public Vaccinator.	St F Va	mbers iccessfu rimary ccination Person	ons	Number of Successful Re- Vaccinations
		under one year of age	one and up- ward	Totals	
North Wallasey	Dr. William Bruce Briggs	240	4	244	10
South Wallasey	Dr. Norman A. C. Best	247	15	262	2
		487	19	506	12

Particulars with regard to vaccination of infants by the Public Vaccinators are as follow.

# RETURN BY VACCINATION OFFICER

Respecting the Vaccination of Children whose births were registered from 1st January to 31st December, 1935, inclusive.

of		70 tr lar he do no.	
No. of Statu- tory	ions	conscient- ious objections received during the Calendar year 1935	352
No. of Certifi- cates	successful	of children under 14 received during the Calendar 1935	73.5
No. of these Births	on 31st	pan. And pan	49
which on ained un-	10.711	Removal to places unknown or which cannot be reached and cases not having been found	63
No. of these births which on 31st Jan., 1936, remained un- entered in Vaccination Bogieta on Schutt of	register on account of	Removal to to Districts the vaccinat'n Officers of which have been apprised	9
No. of t 31st Jan enter	wegn	Postpone- ment by Medical Certificate	9.4
ary, 1936 cination	Col. V.	Died un- vaccinated	45
y 31st Janua of the "Vac t Sheets).	Col. IV.	Statutory Declara- tions or conscien- tious objections received	331
No. of these births duly entered by 31st January, 1936 in Columns I., II., IV. and V. of the "Vaccination Register" (Birth List Sheets).	Col. II.	Had Small- pox	
nns I., II., I Register	Col	Insus- ceptible	ox
No. of th in Colun	Col. I.	Success- fully vaccinated	202
No. of Births returned	" Birth	Sheets " as registered from 1st Jan. to 31st December 1934	1 196

# MEASLES.

Measles is not notifiable in the Borough. Cases and suspected cases occurring in the Schools are reported through the Education Office, and all are visited in their homes by the Health Visitors. Certain cases also are admitted to the Infectious Diseases Hospital.

130 cases were reported during the year, of which 14 were found not to be Measles. There were two deaths, giving a rate of 0.02 per 1,000 of the population. The number of visits paid to Measles cases was 130.

# WHOOPING COUGH.

The procedure with regard to Whooping Cough is exactly the same as in Measles.

184 cases were reported during the year, 4 of which were found not to be Whooping Cough. Six of the cases proved fatal, giving a death rate of 0.06 per 1,000 of population. 187 visits were paid during the year.

# CHICKEN POX.

Cases of suspected Chicken Pox are reported by the Education Authority, and visits are paid to the homes in order to ascertain the conditions existing thereat. Cases which admit of any doubt as to diagnosis are visited by one of the Medical Staff. Children found unvaccinated are reported to the Public Vaccinator.

The number of cases reported during the year was 302; 3 were found not to be as reported. None of the cases proved fatal.

Of the cases visited during the year 98 were found to be unvaccinated; 87 had one mark; 4 had two marks, and 50 four marks. (63 cases not visited, Doctors attending).

# MUMPS.

Mumps is a disease which at times very adversely affects the attendance of children at school. 75 cases—compared with 31 in 1934—were reported during the year, 7 of which were found not to be Mumps. None of the cases were fatal.

# SCHOOLS.

The Report with regard to the medical inspection of School Children will be found in the Appendix to this Report.

Cases of infectious or suspected infectious disease occurring amongst the scholars are reported by the Director of Education. All these are visited, and a report on each sent to that official. Whenever there is a suspicion that diseases are being spread by means of any particular school, visits are paid to it, and children excluded where necessary.

The periods of exclusion of infected children and contacts were revised during the year in order to bring them into line with those recommended by the Board of Education.

# TUBERCULOSIS.

# REPORT OF Dr. F. C. MORGAN.

Clinics at which the Clinical Tuberculosis Officer attended were held as under:—

Mill Lane Dispensary.	Health Clinic, (	Dakenholt Rd.,
Mondays, 11 a.m. Adults Tuesdays, 11 a.m. ,, Wednesdays, 6-15 to 7-30 p.m. Fridays, 11 a.m. Thursdays, 9-30 a.m. Children	First and third each month at 2 p	
193	5 1934	1933
No. of persons attending the Dispensaries 92	0 860	781
,, Tuberculous cases on register Dec. 31st 38	6 384	359
,, persons diagnosed Mal- nutrition (children) 11 new cases 45		148 386
,, new cases 45 ,, above diagnosed as suffering from Tuber-	5 404	360
culosis 8 ,, cases sent by general practitioners (ex-	4 (18%) 85 (21%)	%) 64 (17%)
cluding contacts) 17		%) 134 (60%)

There has been a large increase in the number of persons attending the Dispensary; this increase corresponds with the extra number of new cases sent for diagnosis. It is gratifying to know that more cases are being sent, and that the actual number of new cases found to be suffering from Tuberculosis is no greater than in 1934.

# ATTENDANCES.

Tuberc	ulosis Cases an	d Suspects.	Mal	nutrition.
	Mill Lane Dis Wallasey.	. Oakenholt Ra Moreton.		Oakenholt Rd Moreton.
Males Females	509 462	34 43	The second	
Children	1,093	128	753	50
	2.064	205	THE REAL PROPERTY.	min a trong

Total Tuberculosis attendances—2,269 Total Malnutrition ... 803

This shows an increase of 69 at Moreton Clinic over the year 1934

# CONTACTS.

The number of contacts was 161 (92 adults, 69 children) compared with 145 in 1934, and 134 in 1933.

Of the Adults—			
THE PART WHEN THE PARTY NAMED IN	1935	1934	1933
No. of persons found to be suffering from Pulmonary			
Tuberculosis 20	(21.7%)	19 (26.7%)	(16%)
No. of persons found to be suffering from Non-Pul-			
monary Tuberculosis 3	(3.3%)	1 (1.3%)	2%
No. of cases diagnosed Non-			
Tuberculous 69	(75%)	54 (72%)	82%
Of the Children—			
No. found to be suffering from			
Pulmonary Tuberculosis N	il	2 (2.3%)	3%
No. found to be suffering from Non-Pulmonary Tuber-		And solutions	
	(3%)	1 (1.7%)	3%
No. found to be suffering from		101	70
	(42%)	39 (55%)	51%
		29 (41%)	43%

The percentage of cases of Malnutrition among contacts is the lowest for many years. 25% of the adult contacts, and 3% of the children were found to be suffering from Tuberculosis. The examination of contacts is extremely important, and the new X-ray Apparatus which has recently been installed in the Dispensary has greatly facilitated this work. It is extremely gratifying to find that the number of adults (Contacts) attending for examination has increased from year to year.

# MALNUTRITION.

No. of Children on regist	er J	anuary	1st,	1935		329
No. discharged during the	year					111
Of those discharged :-	-					
Ceased to attend				67 (600	%)	
Discharged Fit				21 (199	%)	
Left the district				19 (179	%)	
Died				1 (1	%)	
Transferred to Tubero	ulosi	s Regist	er	3 (3	%)	

# SPUTUM.

No.	of specimens examined for tubercle	bacilli	497	
No.	found to contain tubercle bacilli		381	

# DEATHS.

# Pulmonary Tuberculosis.

	1935	1934	1933
No. of deaths	65	48	61
Death rate per 1,000 of population	0.67	0.49	0.62
Cases dead within two years of notifica-			
tion	38	31	33
Non-notified deaths	7	5	6
Non-Pulmonary Tubercu	losis.		
No. of deaths	6	14	12
Death-rate per 1,000 of population		0.14	0.12
Cases dead within two years of notification		4	-
Non-notified deaths		10	7

The deaths from Pulmonary Tuberculosis were 39 Males and 25 Females.

In Females 56% of the deaths occurred between the ages of 20 and 45—in Males 54% of the deaths occurred between the ages of 25 and 55.

The number of deaths from Pulmonary Tuberculosis has increased while that from Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis has fallen by more than 50%.

# NOTIFICATIONS.

There were 81 Notifications (45 Males, 37 Females) of Pulmonary Tuberculosis, plus 6 transferred from other areas. This is 3 less than last year.

As regards age periods:-

66%	of th	ne males	notified	were	between	the ages of	 15-45
13%	.,,	,,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	 15-20
75%	.,,	female	es ,,	,,	,,	,,	 20-45
11%	,,	"	"	,,	,,	,,	 15-20

85 per cent. of those cases notified attended the Dispensaries, a large percentage of these attending before notification, having been referred by General Practitioners for opinion.

# NON-PULMONARY TUBERCULOSIS.

There were 22 notifications (12 males, 10 females) of Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis, plus 3 cases transferred from other areas.

# CLASSIFICATION OF NON-PULMONARY TUBERCULOSIS.

Bones and Join	nts		5
Glands, neck			6
Intestines and	Glan	ds	
Abdomen			7
Meninges			2
Kidney			1
Skin			1

There were 4 cases less than in 1934. Abdominal Tuberculosis occupies the first place, and the number of cases was in excess of those in 1934, while Bones and Joint affection has decreased by 50%.

# SOURCE OF NOTIFICATIONS.

	Pulmo	onary	-	lon- lonary
	1935	1934	1935	1934
Notifications from General Practitioners Notifications from Tubercu-	54%	69%	32	68%
losis Officer Notifications from other sources	36% 10%	24% 7%	14 54	5% 27%

# OCCUPATIONS OF CASES NOTIFIED IN 1935.

Housewives				17	Electrician	1
Clerks				13	Apprentice Cabinet Mak	er 1
No occupation	on			10	Laundress (Seafaring)	1
Shop Assista	nts	***		5	Fishmonger	1
Domestics				3	Ferryhand	1
Scholars				3	Barmaid	1
Labourers				4	Waitress	1
Grocers			***	2	Musician	1
Printers				2	Night Watchman	1
Bricklayers				2	Insurance Agent	1
Engineers				2	Caretaker	1
Butchers				2	Aircraftsman	1
School Teach	ner			1	Welfare Superintendent	1
Welder		***		1		

# SANATORIA.

There are 22 beds in Mill Lane Sanatorium, chiefly for early cases for observation, a few beds being reserved for advanced cases, to remove infection from the home.

There are also 16 beds available for Wallasey cases at the Cheshire Joint Sanatorium near Market Drayton, Salop, for early cases and cases requiring operative treatment.

# MILL LANE SANATORIUM.

MIDE DITTO	Adults C	hildren	Total
Remaining January 1st, 1935	21		21
Admitted during 1935	33	1	34
Discharged	29	_	29
Fatal	8	_	8
Remaining December 31st, 1935	17	1	18
remaining 2 commer over, 1000 m			10
RESULTS.			
Patients discharged much improved		5	(17%)
" " improved …		16	(55%)
,, ,, no improvement	***	8	(28%)
Of the 29 Adults discharged :—			
Working part time		4	(14%)
,, full time			(4%)
Unemployed but fit for work		3	(10%)
Unfit to work Transferred to Cheshire Joint Sanatorium			(31%)
Transferred to Cheshire Joint Sanatoriun	n		(27%)
Left the district or died		4	(14%)
CHESHIRE JOINT SANAT	ORIUM.		
Males Fer		ildren	Total
Remaining January 1st, 1935 7	8	_	15
Admitted during 1935 8	11	1	20
Discharged ,, ,, 7	12	-	19
Fatal ,, ,, —	_	-	
Remaining December 31st, 1935 8	7	1	16
RESULTS.			
	Males.	Fer	males
Working part time	1 (14%)	6) 4	(33%)
Working constantly	3 (44%)	6) 4	(33%)
Unemployed	2 (28%	6) —	
Unable to work	1 (14%		(17%)
Left the district	-	2 (	(17%)
		The second second second	

The cases sent to the Cheshire Joint Sanatorium are selected ones, being sent only after a careful survey in Mill Lane Sanatorium or at home.

A considerable number of very advanced and hopeless cases are taken into Mill Lane Sanatorium to relieve the home conditions. The beds in Mill Lane Sanatorium have been rather blocked during the year by the large number of advanced patients. Only 34 patients were admitted compared with 53 in 1934. A considerable number had therefore to be sent to Birkenhead Municipal Hospital.

The beds in Cheshire Joint Sanatorium have been constantly occupied. The number of patients admitted during the year is the same as in the previous year. A difficulty is constantly arising with regard to the allocation of beds to the sexes. Frequently there is a vacant female bed but no female patient suitable to fill it at that time, yet suitable male patients are waiting but there is no vacant male bed for them.

28% of the patients discharged from Mill Lane Sanatorium were working and fit to work.

66% of the Males discharged from Cheshire Joint Sanatorium were working and fit to work.

66% of the females discharged from the Cheshire Joint Sanatorium were working and fit to work.

# BIRKENHEAD MUNICIPAL HOSPITAL-

In Hospital January 1st, 1935			 	10
Admitted during the year			 	35
Discharged during the year			 	28
Died in Institution			 	13
Remaining in December 31st			 	4
Of the 28 discharges :—				
Working part time			 	3
Transferred to Mill Lane Sana	torium		 	11
Unfit for work			 	8
Left the district or died	g in December 31st 4 e 28 discharges :— part time			
At School			 	2

# TREATMENT OF PULMONARY TUBERCULOSIS.

Rest for Febrile Cases.

Rest combined with graduated exercises for Afebrile cases.

# ADDITIONAL TREATMENT.

# 1. Artificial Pneumothorax.—

Males 13-5 are continuing treatment.

6 working constantly.

2 unemployed.

2 unfit for work.

1 transferred to Cheshire Joint Sanatorium.

1 since died.

1 in-patient Mill Lane Sanatorium.

Females 12-5 continuing treatment.

6 working constantly.

2 unfit for work.

1 transferred to Cheshire Joint Sanatorium.

2 in-patients Mill Lane Sanatorium.

1 since died.

Total number of refills during the year 272 (151 Males, 121 Females), this is 66 in excess of those in 1934.

- Gold Treatment.—This is very useful in certain cases; an oily emulsion of the metal is injected deep into the muscles, at weekly intervals. 83 injections (46 Males, 37 Females) were given to 10 patients.
- Postural Drainage.—The foot of the bed is raised, and the patient kept thus for varying periods once or twice a day. This had produced satisfactory results in certain cases by draining the purulent sputum from the lungs.
- 4. Sand Bags.—Linen Bags, containing 1—5-lbs. of sand are placed on the patient's chest for varying periods, keeping the part at rest.

# AFTER CARE.

All patients after discharge from Sanatorium are kept under observation and receive frequent visits from the Health Visitor re Sanatorium regime. They are also encouraged to attend the Dispensary for observation, where instruction and advice are given. Cod Liver Oil and a pint of milk daily are supplied to necessitous cases for various periods under an arrangement with the Wallasey Invalid Children's Association, at the cost of the Local Authority.

# HOUSING.

This is one of the greatest problems in the Anti-tuberculosis Campaign. All notified cases are visited by the Tuberculosis Nurse. Advice is given as to precautions to be taken to prevent the spread of infection. One very important enquiry made is that in regard to the sleeping accommodation.

48	(59%)	Notified	Persons	were found to be occupying separate bed and room.
4	(5%)	,,	,,	were found to be occupying separate bed but sharing room.
23	(28%)		"	sharing bed with one or more persons.
	Innis			

were not visited on request of (6%) Medical Practitioner.

1 (2%) from County Asylum.

# X-RAY.

An up-to-date X-ray apparatus was installed in the Dispensary in March, and the work done is shown below:—

367 X-ray examinations were made compared with 90 in 1934.

66 more refills for Artificial Pneumothorax were done—a large number of these would have been discontinued without X-ray control.

32 Orthopaedic cases were examined.

# BLOOD SEDIMENTATION TESTS.

This is a valuable guide in assessing the results of treatment— 84 Blood Specimens were tested.

# VISITS.

The number of visits paid in 1935 by the Dispensary Nurses and Health Visitors was 1824 (1,554 Mill Lane Dispensary, 270 Moreton).

These visits are of the utmost importance, as the advice which is given at home is more likely to be followed where unsatisfactory methods of living and the risks of spreading infection can be demonstrated. The increased number of adult contacts is due to the efforts of the Dispensary Nurses.

# CLERICAL.

The clerical working of the Dispensary has proceeded satisfactorily. Miss Hiatt, who had held the appointment of Dispensary Clerk, resigned in September and Miss Dawson was appointed to fill her place.

There is complete co-operation with the general Practitioners of the district. In addition to the 48 personal consultations and the 268 other various communications with the General Practitioners of the district, 295 personal visits were actually paid by Doctors with the object of discussing points in diagnosis and treatment of their cases.

Form T.137, 1935.

PUBLIC HEALTH (TUBERCULOSIS) REGULATIONS, 1930.

PART I.—Summary of Notifications during the period from the 1st of January to the 31st December, 1935.

vasanoga						]	Form	al No	otifica	tions			
Age Periods	Nu	mber	of P	rimar		tifica osis.	tions	of ne	w cas	ses of	tube	rcu-	Tot
h-main	0	1	5	10	15	20	25	35	45	55	65	Total (all ages)	Not
Pulmonary Males ,, Females	=	1	=	1	6 4	9 7	8	7 8	5 3	5 2	4	45 36	45
Non-pulmonary Males Non-Pulmonary Females	_	3	1 2	3 2	2	2 2	1	-	-	-	-	12 10	14

# PART II.

# SUPPLEMENTAL RETURN.

New cases of Tuberculosis coming to the knowledge of the Medical Officer of Health during the above-mentioned period, otherwise than by formal notification.

Age Periods	0	1	5	10	15	20	25	35	45	55	65	Tota
Pulmonary Males	=	=	=	=	=		2 2	4 1	-	2	-	8 8
Non-Pulmonary Males Females		=	1	1		1	=	=		=	=	3

Source or sources from which information as to the above-mentioned cases was obtained.

Source of Information.	No. of Ca	ises.
Source of Information.	Pulmonary	Non Pulmor
Death Returns {from local Registrars transferable deaths from Registrar General	 4	1
Posthumous notifications	 1	
"Transfers" from other areas (other than transferable deaths)	 6	3
Other Sources if any (specify)	 -	-

# PART III.

# NOTIFICATION REGISTER.

	1	Pulmonary		No	n-Pulmonar	у	Tota
	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Case
Number of cases of Tuberculo- sis remaining at the 31st December, 1935, on the Register of Notifications kept	309	241	550	92	72	164	714
Number of cases removed from the Register (s) during the year by reason inter alia of:  1. Withdrawal of notification  2. Recovery from the disease  3. Death	11 5 45	17 9 27	28 14 72	7 8 5	_ 1 1	7 9 6	35 23 78

# VENEREAL DISEASES.

# REPORT OF DR. F. C. MORGAN.

The Venereal Diseases Medical Officer attends the following Clinics at Mill Lane Dispensary:—

Mondays ... Females, 5-30 p.m. to 6-30 p.m. Wednesdays ... Males, 7-45 p.m. to 8-30 p.m.

Irrigation daily between 6 and 7 p.m. (Saturdays 5 to 6 p.m.) Special arrangements are made to suit cases that cannot attend at the appointed hours. A number irrigate at home after instruction. Free treatment is given at all Clinics. An up-to-date Treatment Centre in the new Dispensary opened in June, 1934, replaced the Centre used for several years in the old and unsatisfactory Dispensary building.

The number of new cases for 1935 was 80—a decrease of 18 as compared with 1934. 34 of these were found not to be Venereal.

After deducting the non-venereal cases the number of definite cases was 46. This is the smallest number on record for many years.

The attendances were :-

		1935	1934	1933	1932
Males	 	1,934	2,804	2,552	2,688
Females	 	324	306	207	210

The continued increase in attendances by females is most satisfactory. The fewer attendances by males is due to the suspension of irrigation as a temporary experiment in the mode of treatment.

The following are particulars of the 46 definite cases of V.D.

		Syphilis	Gonorrnoea	Chancr
Males	 	 9	24	1
Females	 	 6	6	

123 Gonorrhoeal specimens were examined at the Laboratory, Mill Lane Dispensary compared with 165 in 1934.

72 specimens of blood were sent from the Clinic for Wassermann Re-action.

Information has always been sought for and advice given to patients proceeding to other areas re hours and places of attendance.

# Return of Wallasey residents treated in Liverpool, Birkenhead and other areas during the year.

Syphilis Chancre				B'head 5	L'pool 6	Total
Gonorrhoea Conditions ot	her than	 Vener	eal	14	36 18	50 21
				22	67	89
Total attenda	nces of	all case	s	727	2,405	3,132
In-patients				_	99	99

# RETURN relating to all persons who were treated at the Treatment Centre at Wallasey, during the year ended the 31st December, 1935.

1. Number of cases on lat January under treatment or observation		Syl	hilis		oft ancre	Gon	orrhoea	t	ndi- ions other han ereal		Total	
or observation 23 11		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	7
year under report for treatment or observation of the same infection  3. Number of cases dealt with for the first time during the year under report (exclusive of cases under 1cm) and the year under report (exclusive of cases under 1cm) and year of the year of infection  3. Number of cases and the following stages of syphilis, primary  3. Number of cases which cased to attend after completion of treatment but before final tests of cure (see Item 15).  3. Number of cases which cased to other Centres or to institutions, or to case which ceased to other Centres or to institutions, or to case of private practitiones.  3. Number of cases which cased to other darker  4. Number of cases which cased to attend after completion of treatment and final tests of cure (see Item 15).  5. Number of cases which cased to the defore completion of treatment and final tests of cure (see Item 15).  5. Number of cases which cased to attend before completion of treatment and the cased to attend before completion of treatment and male tests of cure (see Item 15).  5. Number of cases which ceased to attend after completion of treatment and male tests of cure (see Item 15).  5. Number of cases which ceased to attend after completion of treatment but before final tests of cure (see Item 15).  5. Number of cases which ceased to attend after completion of treatment but before final tests of cure (see Item 15).  5. Number of cases which ceased to attend after completion of treatment but before final tests of cure (see Item 15).  5. Number of cases remaining under treatment or observations, sity year of infection  5. Number of cases remaining under treatment or observation on Sits Potendary  6 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	or observation 2. Number of cases removed from the register during	23	11	-	-	25	9	-	2	48	22	1
the year under report (exclusive of cases under Item 4) suffering from:  Syphilis, primary  secondary:  secondary:  congenitate  1	year under report for treatment or observation of the same infection	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	
latent in 1st year of infection*	the year under report (exclusive of cases under Item 4) suffering from :— Syphilis, primary	_	-	_	-	-	-	-		-	-	
Soft Chancer	Intent in 1st wass of infastions		2	=	-	-	_		_	1	1000	13
Congenital	all later stages		3	Section Co.	_	-	-	_	_	4		1 6
Gonorrhoea, 1st year of infection	., congenital	-		1000	-	-	-	-	-	-		13
Later		_				16	5		_		5	13
4. Number of cases dealt with for the first time during the year under report known to have received treatment at other Centres for the same infection	., later	-	-	_	_			-	_		1	13
Totals of Items 1, 2, 3 and 4	4. Number of cases dealt with for the first time during the year under report known to have received	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	14	20	14	1
5. Number of cases discharged after completion of treatment and final tests of cure (see Item 15) 6. Number of cases which ceased to attend before completion of treatment and were, on first attendance, suffering from :—  Syphilis, primary		3	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	5	-	1
treatment and final tests of cure (see Item 15)	Totals of Items 1, 2, 3 and 4	32	17	1	-	49	15	20	16	102	48	1
Syphilis, primary   Syphilis, primary   Syphilis, primary   Secondary   Syphilis, primary   Syphilis, pr	treatment and final tests of cure (see Item 15) 6. Number of cases which ceased to attend before	_	1	1	_	12	5	19	15	32	21	100
secondary   seco	attendance, suffering from :-	_	_		_		_	_		_	_	1
Soft Chancre	" secondary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14
Soft Chancre   Soft	all later stages	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	13
Soft Chancre   Gonorrhoea, 1st year of infection   Gonorrhoea, 1st year year year year year year year year		8			_		1			- 8	1	1
7. Number of cases which ceased to attend after completion of treatment but before final tests of cure (see Item 15)	Soft Chancre	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	1
Completion of treatment but before final tests of cure (see Item 15)	,, later		_	_	_		1		_		1 -	1
8. Number of cases transferred to other Centres or to institutions, or to care of private practitioners 9. Number of cases remaining under treatment or observation on 31st December	completion of treatment but before final tests							-				
institutions, or to care of private practitioners 9. Number of cases remaining under treatment or observation on 31st December		3	-	-		10	1	9.00		13	1	13
Totals of Items 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9   32   17   1   49   15   20   16   102   48	institutions, or to care of private practitioners	6	2	-	-	7	1	-	-	13	3	1
(These totals should agree with those of Items 1, 2, 3 & 4  10. Number of cases in the following stages of syphilis included in Item 6 which failed to complete one course of treatment:  Syphilis, primary	observation on 31st December	15	13	-	-	17	7	1	1	33	21	1
Institute   Item 6   Which failed to complete one course of treatment :—		32	17	1	-	49	15	20	16	102	48	-
secondary	included in Item 6 which failed to complete one course of treatment :—											
latent in 1st year of infection   2   1     -   -   2   1	annon down			_		=					=	1
", all later stages	Intent in 1st year of infaction	_		_	_		_		_	_		1
11. Number of attendances:  (a) for individual attention of the medical officers	" all later stages	2	5000	-	-	-	-	-	-	2		1
(a) for individual attention of the medical officers	" congenital		-		_				_			-1-
tion, dressing	(a) for individual attention of the medical officers	110	139	3	_	326	141	37	44	476	324	
Total Attendances 110 139 3 — 1,784 141 37 44 1,934 324 2.  12. In-patients :—  (a) Total number of persons admitted for treatment during the year	tion decades	-	-	_	-	1,458	-	-	- 1	1,458	-	1,3
(a) Total number of persons admitted for treatment during the year	Total Attendances	110	139	3	-	1,784	141	37	44	1,934	324	2,3
(a) Total number of persons admitted for treatment during the year	12. In-patients:—											
(A) A garagete number of the neticet deposit	(a) Total number of persons admitted for treatment during the year	-	-	-		-	_	-	-		-	1
(6) Aggregate number of "in-patient days" of treatment given	(b) Aggregate number of "in-patient days"	_	-									

	Under	u	and nder years	-	5 ander years	15		rs. over		Totals
	M. I	7. M	. F.	М		F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
mber of cases of congenital syphilis in Item 3 above classified according to age periods		-   -	- -		-	1	-	-	-	1
LASORASOSAJ JAVISOS	Arseno	benze	ne Comp	oun	ds	Mer	cury		E	Bismuth
ief preparations used in treatment of Syphilis:  ) Names of preparations							Hydrarg.		Bisoxyl (B.D.H. Bisoxychloride (B.W.&Co.) 85	
			_							_
the tests recommended in Memo. V21 as mended by Memo. V21a followed in deciding s to the discharge of the patient after treatment and observation for syphilis and gonorrhoea? f not, in what way are they modified?			Ye	ns.						
		Miero	scopical			8	erum	Test	В	
	for spiroc		for gonoco	cci	Was	serman		hers fo		for Gonorrhoea
Number of specimens examined at and by the medical officer of the treatment centre Number of specimens from patients attend- ing at the centre sent for examination to an	. 6	3	123			-				-
approved laboratory	-	-	-			72		-		-

# patients resided.

of County or County Borough (or Country n the case of persons residing elsewhere than in England and Wales) to be inserted in these headings			Wallasey	B'head.	Liverpool.	Cheshire.	Preston.				TOTAL.
Number of cases in Item 3 from each a to be suffering from:— Syphilis	rea fo	und	11 1 28 31	_ _ 2 2	1 =	1	1 = =	===		=	14 1 30 34
Total			71	4	1	2	1	_	_	_	79
otal number of attendances of all patients residing in each area		2211	8	5	30	4	-	_	_	2258	
umber of doses of arsenobenzene given in the out-patient Clinic and Department to patients residing in e	In-pa	atient	24	_	5	18	_	_	_		47

Form 2.

ANNUAL RETURN FROM PATHOLOGICAL LABORATORIES
YEAR 1935.

				A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH
Nature of Test.		No. of Tests.	Fee per Test.	Cost.
For detection of Spirochetes	For Treatment Centre	=	s. d.	£ s. d.
	For Practitioners	=	=	=
	For Treatment Centre	_	}-	_
For detection of Gonococci	For Practitioners	1	}3 6	3 6
	For Treatment Centre	72	}5 0	18 0 0
For Wassermann reaction	For Practitioners	102	}5 0	25 10 0
Other	For Treatment Centre	_	Nil	_
Other	For Practitioners	_	Nil	_
	Totals	175		43 13 6

# LABORATORY WORK.

The arrangements for carrying out the bacteriological work in the Borough are:—

 Simple throat swabs in connection with Diphtheria cases, specimens of sputum in connection with Phthisis cases, and various discharges in connection with Venereal Disease are examined at our own Laboratory, Mill Lane Dispensary.

Particulars in regard to these are :-

Specimens Examined.	Number found to contain					
Sputum 497	Tubercle Bacilli		381			
Throat Swabs 1857	Diphtheria Bacilli		201			
Venereal 129	Gonococci		58			

The Throat swabs have increased by 883 over the number in 1934, and 1,347 over the number in 1933. The number of sputum and Venereal specimens are about the same as in 1934.

2. Arrangements are also made whereby blood specimens in connection with Venereal Disease are sent to Liverpool University Laboratories for examination, 72 such specimens were sent.

# BLIND PERSONS ACT, 1920.

Until March 31st, 1930, the Welfare of Blind Persons in Wallasey, with the exception of those coming under the supervision of the Education Committee, was, under an arrangement made with the Liverpool Workshops for the Blind following the passing of the above named Act, looked after by their Home Teaching Society, a grant of £10 per person per annum being paid to the Liverpool Workshops for this purpose. As and from April 1st, of that year, that duty was taken over by the Corporation, the Blind Persons Act Sub-Committee of the Health Committee being made responsible for the work.

Schemes whereby necessitous blind persons receive financial assistance up to a maximum of 27/6d. per week (Husband and wife, both blind, receive up to 42/- per week), have since been in force, being administered by the Public Health Department.

Arrangements have also been made under which the Liverpool Workshops for the Blind train Wallasey blind persons and also look after the interests of approved Home Workers, grants of £50 and £40 respectively per annum being made for that purpose.

Difficulty has been experienced for some years in getting Wallasey trainees admitted to the Workshops, and consideration has been given during the year to the question of ways and means for securing the teaching of crafts to suitable blind persons. This question is still under consideration.

A further question that calls for consideration is that of craft training given to blind children while at School. In several cases it has been found that the trades taught are of little or no use to enable them to find employment in competition with sighted workers, more especially having regard to modern conditions of employment.

# REGISTRATION OF BLIND PERSONS.

	1		
	M.	F.	Totals
No on Posistor at Tanuary 1st			
No. on Register at January 1st	81	79	160
No. added during the year:		-	
New Cases	8	9	17
Transfers from other towns	2	3	5
Re-certified persons previously de-			
certified )	1		1
Totals	92	91	183
No. of Removals from Register owing to :-	DIN HOLD		138
Leaving Wallasey	5	2	7
Dooth	1	7	8
De-certification (see above)	1		8
Other Causes (unknown address)		1	1
other causes (analown address)		*	
Totals	7	10	17
No. on Register at December 31st	85	81	166
No. of these under 16 years of age	4	3	7
Of whom are in (a) Schools for the Blind	3	3	6
(b) Other institutions	1	-	1
No. of Adults in (a) Schools for the Blind	-		
(b) in College		_	110
(c) in Liverpool Work-			Part I
	3	1	4
	1	_	1
			1
December 21et	7	1	0
December ofst	,	1	0
shops for Blind  No of Approved Home-Workers  No. of trained but unemployed workers at December 31st	3 1 7	1 1	1 8

The five persons above referred to as inward transfers all came from Liverpool.

# SUMMARY OF HOME TEACHER'S WORK.

	utine Visits paid during the year					2,001
Spe	cial ,, ,, its re applications for registration a	1/				7
VIS	its re applications for registration a	nd/or	nnancia	d assis	tance	
	Teaching of Braille					69
	" Moon type …					2
	,, Manual Alphabet		***			0
	" Knitting		***			5
	,, Straw Basket makin	g				5
	Supervision of Homework					39
	Liverpool Workshops					7
	re Social Welfare					23
	To Conferences, meetings, etc					2
	Readings to blind persons				***	11
	Sighted letters written for blind					43
	Digited letters written for bind	perbon		***		10
	FINANCIAL ASS	SISTA	NCE.			
No.	receiving assistance at January 1	st				103
	added during the year					22
"	THE PARTY OF THE P					
						125
	discontinued during the year					13
,,	discontinued dairing the year					
Am	receiving assistance at December ount disbursed by way of allow					112
21111	D - 1				4,425	4 8d.
Ince	ome from sale of goods			;	£6 19	10d.

Under an arrangement authorised by the Ministry of Health, the Corporation make an annual grant of £21 to the National Institute for the Blind, and £14 to the North-Western Counties Association for the Blind, of which latter Association the Corporation is a Constituent Member.

# PREVENTION OF BLINDNESS.

Facilities for the treatment of eye diseases in the Borough appear to be reasonably adequate. Each of the local Hospitals has an Ophthalmic Surgeon on its staff.

Blindness in infants is largely prevented, owing, in a great measure, to the working of the Ophthalmia Neonatorum (Notification) Regulations. Cases reported are visited by one or other of the Health Visitors for douching purposes, such visits being arranged in conjunction with the doctors in attendance.

# FREE WIRELESS LICENCES.

Under the Wireless Telegraphy (Blind Persons Facilities) Act, 1926, blind persons are entitled to free wireless licences on production of a certificate from the Local Authority that such persons are registered in the area of the Local Authority and are not resident in a public or charitable institution or in a school. 15 such Certificates were issued during the past year.

# FREE TRAVEL FACILITIES.

In October, 1930, an arrangement was come to with the Liverpool, Birkenhead and Wallasey Corporations, under which the free travel passes issued by any one of these Authorities would be available for use by blind persons on the trams and buses of the other Authorities. The Wallasey and Birkenhead Corporations also allow free travel on their ferry steamers.

# MEDICAL EXAMINATION.

Applicants for registration or for financial assistance under the Corporation's Scheme, unless known to be already certified blind, are, as a routine referred to Dr. H. R. Bickerton for examination and report. The following is his report on the cases so referred to him during the year:—

# CAUSES OF BLINDNESS AS FOUND BY AN EXAMINATION OF PERSONS IN WALLASEY APPLYING FOR HELP UNDER THE BLIND PERSONS ACT.

During the 12 months ending December 31st, 1935, twenty-six people were examined for the purpose of this Report. Sixteen of these, seven men and nine women, were found to be blind, while ten could not be certified.

Cataract						 2
Glaucoma						 4
Irido-Cycli	tis					 3
Myopia, H	igh wit	thout de	tachme	nt		 4
Optic Atrof	bhy-?	cause				 1
Vascular D	)isease					 2
Arterio-s	clerotic	and D	iabetic	Retinit	is	
						-
			Total	Blind		 16

The two cases of Senile Cataract are unlikely to have useful sight restored by operative interference. One patient has already had one lens removed but complications set in and the eye was lost; the other case is associated with Diabetes and a very poor general condition.

Five eyes were lost as a result of Irido-cyclitis, while the sixth eye in this group was defective from a high myopic defect, which was not corrected by glasses in infancy.

It is satisfactory to note that none of the twenty-six people, who were referred to me during the year, lost an eye as a result of Syphilis. Although no case appears under the heading of Accidents, two people, who were not certified, each lost one eye from CASUAL Accidents.

Little can be done to prevent casual accidents except by the general education of the public, for one eye would not have been lost if the man concerned had not been moving about in a dark room. Another potential source of danger is that of leaving about sharp pointed scissors where there are young children.

# MENTAL DEFICIENCY ACTS.

# REGISTRATION.

The number of Mentally defective persons on our Register's excluding children being dealt with under the Education Committee at January 1st was 133 (68 males, 65 females). The number at December 31st was 163 (83 males, 80 females). The increased ascertainment is due not only to several new cases coming to our knowledge through various channels, including the Education Department, but to the addition to the Register of a number of persons in Birkenhead Municipal Hospital who had been in that Institution in certain instances for many years, as "Mentally defective," and who were definitely reported after examination during the year by the Medical Superintendent as coming within the definitions of the Mental Deficiency Acts.

The number of visits paid during the year to Mentally defective persons was 468.

The following information is supplied at the request of the BOARD OF CONTROL.

# Particulars of Mental Defectives as on 1st January, 1936.

(A) "Subject to be dealt with" by the Local Authority;

Number of mental defectives ascertained to be "Subject to be dealt with":—

. Under" O	rder '' :—		M.	F.	T.
(a) (1) In 1	Institutions (excl. c	ases on Licence)—			
		Under 16 years of age		1	4
		Aged 16 yrs. and over	28	30	58
(2) On 3	Licence from Insti-	Under 16 years of age	-	_	-
tutie		Aged 16 yrs. and over	3	-	3
(b) (1) Uno	ler Guardianship	Under 16 years of age	_	-	-
	. cases on Licence)	Aged 16 yrs. and over		12	21
(2) On 1	Licence from	Under 16 years of age	-	-	-
Guar	dianship (excl.	Aged 16 yrs. and over	-	-	-

Holiday Leave)

2. In " places of safety " Under 16 years of age — — Aged 16 yrs. and over — — —
3. Under Statutory Supervision 7 3 10 (Three of whom (males) awaiting removal to an Institution)
4. ACTION NOT YET TAKEN under any one of the above headings but still to be regarded as "subject to be dealt with":
(a) Notified by Local Education Authorities (Sec. 2 (2)) 1 — 1 (excl. F.M.'s reported on attaining 16 years or imbeciles, etc. on attaining 7 years).
(b) Mental Defectives in receipt of Poor Relief:—  (a) In Public Assistance Institutions and  Municipal General Hospitals not approved  under Sec. 37 6 15 21
(1) Institutional $ \begin{cases} \text{under the } \mathbf{M}.D. \\ \text{Acts (including those approved under Sec. 37)} \end{cases} $ (2) Other cases — — —
(2) Domiciliary
(c) Otherwise "ascertained" — — —  B. Mental Defectives not at present "subject to be M. F. T. dealt with" but for whom the Local Authority may subsequently become liable:—
1. In Institutions or under Guardianship, dealt with under Sec. 3:—
(a) In regard to whom the Local Authority contributes under its permissive powers — —
(b) Maintained wholly by parents, relatives or others — — —
2. Reported to the Local Authority from any reliable source and recognised by them as mentally defective but as to whom no action under the Mental Deficiency Acts has been taken:—
(a) Children between the ages of 14 and 16 years — —
Of whom, number, if any, under Voluntary Supervision
(b) All other cases All of whom, number are under Voluntary Supervision 26 19 45

Number of above cases on the Registers of Occupation as Industrial Centres:—	nd
Under Statutory Supervision Under Voluntary Supervision On Licence from Institutions  No occupation or Industrial control	1S-
Under Guardianship trial centre On Licence from Guardianship	cs.
LICENCES GRANTED.	
Number of instances in which Licence was granted during 19 (excl. holiday leave):—	
M. F.  M. F.  M. J.  M.	3
A. ( )	1
Number of instances in which cases on Licence have been returned to Institutions or transferred to Guardianship during the year:—	
B $\{ (1) \text{ To Institutions} \dots \dots$	_
CASES NOTIFIED BY LOCAL EDUCATION AUTHORITIE (SECTION 2 (2)) DURING THE YEAR	ES
(SECTION 2 (2)) DURING THE YEAR (excl. F.M.'s on attaining 16 years and Imbeciles, etc. on attaining 7 years)	ng
(SECTION 2 (2)) DURING THE YEAR  (excl. F.M.'s on attaining 16 years and Imbeciles, etc. on attaining 7 years)  Method of disposal—  M. F.	ng T.
(SECTION 2 (2)) DURING THE YEAR  (excl. F.M.'s on attaining 16 years and Imbeciles, etc. on attaining 7 years)  Method of disposal— Sent to Institutions (by Order)  M. F. 1	ng
(SECTION 2 (2)) DURING THE YEAR  (excl. F.M.'s on attaining 16 years and Imbeciles, etc. on attaining 7 years)  Method of disposal—  Sent to Institutions (by Order)  Placed under Guardianship (by Order)  1 —	ng T.
(excl. F.M.'s on attaining 16 years and Imbeciles, etc. on attaining 7 years)  Method of disposal— Sent to Institutions (by Order) Placed under Guardianship (by Order) Placed under Statutory Supervision Placed in "Places of Safety" — —	ng T. 1
(SECTION 2 (2)) DURING THE YEAR  (excl. F.M.'s on attaining 16 years and Imbeciles, etc. on attaining 7 years)  Method of disposal— Sent to Institutions (by Order) Placed under Guardianship (by Order) Placed under Statutory Supervision Placed in "Places of Safety" Died or removed from Area  — —	ng T. 1
(SECTION 2 (2)) DURING THE YEAR  (excl. F.M.'s on attaining 16 years and Imbeciles, etc. on attaining 7 years)  Method of disposal— Sent to Institutions (by Order) 1 — Placed under Guardianship (by Order) 1 — Placed under Statutory Supervision 1 — Placed in "Places of Safety" 1 — Died or removed from Area — — Action not yet taken	T. 1
(SECTION 2 (2)) DURING THE YEAR  (excl. F.M.'s on attaining 16 years and Imbeciles, etc. on attaining 7 years)  Method of disposal— Sent to Institutions (by Order) Placed under Guardianship (by Order) Placed under Statutory Supervision Placed in "Places of Safety" Died or removed from Area Action not yet taken	T. 1
(excl. F.M.'s on attaining 16 years and Imbeciles, etc. on attaining 7 years)  Method of disposal— Sent to Institutions (by Order) Placed under Guardianship (by Order) Placed under Statutory Supervision Placed in "Places of Safety" Died or removed from Area Action not yet taken  (a) In receipt of Poor Relief (b) Others  M. F.  1 —  1 —  2 —  4 —  4 —  (a) In receipt of Poor Relief (b) Others  (c) DURING THE YEAR  M. F.  1 —  1 —  1 —  2 —  4 —  4 —  (a) In receipt of Poor Relief (b) Others  (c) DURING THE YEAR	T. 1
(excl. F.M.'s on attaining 16 years and Imbeciles, etc. on attaining 7 years)  Method of disposal— Sent to Institutions (by Order) Placed under Guardianship (by Order) Placed under Statutory Supervision Placed in "Places of Safety" Died or removed from Area Action not yet taken  (a) In receipt of Poor Relief (b) Others  "W. F.  "M. F.  "In the property of Poor Relief "In the prop	T. 1 1 3
(excl. F.M.'s on attaining 16 years and Imbeciles, etc. on attaining 7 years)  Method of disposal— Sent to Institutions (by Order) 1 — Placed under Guardianship (by Order) 1 — Placed under Statutory Supervision 1 — Placed in "Places of Safety" — — Died or removed from Area — — Action not yet taken  (a) In receipt of Poor Relief — —  (b) Others 1 —  Total 3 —  3. Of the total number of mental defectives known to the Local Authority—  (a) Number who have given birth to children during 1935:— (1) After marriage—0.	T. 1 1 3 al
(SECTION 2 (2)) DURING THE YEAR  (excl. F.M.'s on attaining 16 years and Imbeciles, etc. on attaining 7 years)  Method of disposal—  Sent to Institutions (by Order) 1 — Placed under Guardianship (by Order) — — Placed under Statutory Supervision 1 — Placed in "Places of Safety" — — Died or removed from Area — — Action not yet taken  (a) In receipt of Poor Relief — — (b) Others 1 —  Total 3 —  3. Of the total number of mental defectives known to the Local Authority— (a) Number who have given birth to children during 1935:	T. 1 1 3 al

The following is a list of Institutions in which Wallasey mentally defective persons were accommodated at the end of the year, and the number of such persons in each, admitted "Under Order."

# CASES IN INSTITUTIONS.

			M.	F.
Allerton Park R.C. Special School			_	1
Ashton House, Birkenhead				4
*Birkenhead Municipal Hospital			8	_
Caersws Institution, North Wales			2	-
Chester Public Assistance Institution			_	5
Cranage Hall, near Northwich			_	7
Etloe House, Leyton			_	1
Forden Institution, North Wales			1	1
Gillibrand Hall, near Chorley			-	1
Mary Dendy Home, Sandlebridge			2	_
Monkton Hall		4	1	_
Rock Hall House, Combe Down, Bat	h			2
Royal Albert Institution, Lancaster			11	1
St. Raphael's Home, Barvin Park			1	
Stoke Park Colony, near Bristol			5	_
Whittington Hall, Chesterfield			_	8
TOTAL DIRECTOR			_	
			31	31-*62

\* In addition to the numbers shown as in Birkenhead Municipal Hospital there were 6 M. and 15 F. in that portion of the Institution "Not approved under Section 37 of the Mental Deficiency Act, 1913."

# CRANAGE HALL.

Wallasey is one of the Constituent Members of a Joint Committee consisting of Birkenhead, Chester County, Chester City and Wallasey, formed for the purpose of providing accommodation for cases of mental deficiency.

A building has been in use as temporary premises at Cranage Hall, near Northwich, pending the erection of a large permanent Institution. The Hall was first available for use in August, 1932. High grade cases only are admitted at present. The number of beds allocated to Wallasey at the moment is eight.

Extensions have been in progress for some time. These are not expected to be completed until the summer of 1936, when the number of beds for Wallasey cases will be increased in proportion to the accommodation then available.

# MEDICAL EXAMINATION OF EMPLOYEES.

• The number of employees examined during the year, at the request of the various Departments, was 83, (71 males, 12 females), compared with 23 in the previous year (14 males, 9 females). The Departments concerned were:—

Town Clerk	s				 1
Public Assis	stance				 12
Borough Tr	easure	r's			 13
Borough Er	ngineer	and S	Surveyo	or's	 10
Baths					 2
Cleansing					 1
Parks					 2
Public Heal	lth		***		 4
Education					 2
					 30
Gas and Wa	ater				 2
Libraries					 4
					-
					83

# HOUSING ACTS.

# MUNICIPAL HOUSING SCHEMES.

Since the passing of the 1919 Act, the Corporation have developed eleven Housing Schemes, particulars of which were set out on P. 138 of the Report for 1930. The following are the figures for 1935, as kindly supplied by the Borough Engineer and Surveyor.

			N			es comp g 1935	oleted				e of ere
No.	Under Act. of	Situation.	Non-parlour 2 bedrooms	Non-parlour 3 bedrooms	Parlour 3 bedrooms	Flats, non-parlour 1 bedrooms	Flats, non-parlour 2 bedrooms	Non-parlour 2 bedrooms	Non-parlour 3 bedrooms	Parlour 3 bedrooms	Flats, Non-parlour I bedroom
11 10	1930	Mersey Street Area Pasture Road Site	10	72 18 90		16	8			-	

# RENTS CHARGED DURING 1935.

	Exclusive of Rates.	Inclusive of Rates.
Type A2 (non-parlour, 2 bedrooms)	. 8/6	11/9
do. (Oakdale Rd.)		9/7 and 11/1
do. do. (Pasture Rd.)		9/11
Type A3 (non-parlour, 3 bedrooms)	10/-	14/1
do. do. (Oakdale Rd.)	8/6 to 10/-	11/9 to 13/6
do. do. (Pasture Rd.)	8/8 to 9/6	11/3 to 13/-
do. do. (Reeds Lane)	11/-	14/8
Type B3 (parlour, 3 bedrooms)	12/-	16/7
Flat (non-parlour, 2 bedrooms)	7/-	9/4
Flat (non-parlour, 3 bedrooms)	. 8/6	11/9
Bungalow (non-parlour, 3 bedrooms)	8/10	11/8

N.B.—Rents of houses built under 1930 Act are subject to rebates according to Tenants' circumstances.

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Rentals.	New Brigh- ton.	Upper North Brigh- Lis- ton. card.	North Lis- card.	South Lis- card.	North Egre- mont.	South Egre- mont.	North Sea- combe	South Sea- combe	Som- erville	Poul- ton.	Mar- lowe.	St. Hilary	War- ren.	Wall- asey.	Lea- sowe.	More- ton.	Sau'll Totals Massie	Totals
9/- and over Private Enterprise		13	16	1	1	1	1	56	1	69	30	Ξ	184	39	83	74	4	549
Local Authority Unassisted	_ -	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	L	1	1	1	1		1	. 1	1	1
Local Authority State Assisted		1	1	1		1	75	1	.1	1	1	L	1	1	55	1	1	124
												in the					Total	673
		NU	MBER	OF I	HOUS	ES IN	COU	RSE C	NUMBER OF HOUSES IN COURSE OF ERECTION—1sr JANUARY, 1935.	ECTIC	N-18	sr JAl	NUAR	Y, 193	35.	in the	100	
9/- and over Private Enterprise		4	01		1	- [	1	10	1	25	00	61	91	30	5.3	90	61	277
Local Authority Unassisted	1	1	1	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	1	1
Local Authority State Assisted	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	1
	1	1/15															Total	277
		-	Z	UMBE	NUMBER OF	HOUSES		ONVE	CONVERTED	OLULI	) FLA	FLATS DURING 1934	URIN	G 193	4.			

# INHABITED HOUSES.

The following Table shows the number of INHABITED HOUSES in the Borough at the end of each year since 1911 (from figures supplied by the Borough Treasurer):—

	* *	w	-	,		
Year	Totals.	Increase on previous year.	Year.	Totals.	Increase on previous year.	De- crease
1911	16,957	715	1923	19,841	188	CA CIABC
1912	17,522	565	1924	20,420	579	
1913	17,936	414	1925	20,765	345	-
1914	18,476	540	1926	21,242	477	
1915	18,918	442	1927	21,675	433	-
1916	18,950	32	1928	24,734	3059	_
1917	19,186	136	1929	24,459	-	275
1918	19,246	60	1930	24,486	27	_
1919	19,289	43	1931	24,861	375	_
1920	19,350	61	1932	25,014	154	
1921	19,503	153	1933	24,795	-	219
1922	19,653	150	1934	24,985	190	-
			1935	25,474	489	_

(Decreases due to increased number of empty houses generally, and to reduction in the number of premises occupied in added areas).

# EMPTY HOUSES.

The number of Empty Houses at December 31st, of each of the past six years (as per Borough Treasurer's figures) was:—

> 1929—626 1930—708 1931—614 1932—546 1933—620 1934—647 1935—844

# UNFIT DWELLING HOUSES.

	nspection of Dwelling Houses during the Year.  a) Total number of dwelling houses inspected for housing defects (under Public Health or Housing Acts)	10,870
(	b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	21,333
2 (	a) Number of dwelling houses (included in sub-head (1) above) and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925	689
(	b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	689

2. Remedy of defects during the year without service of form	al
Notices :—	
Number of dwelling houses rendered fit in consequence	
of informal action by the Local Authority or their	00
officers 2,43	8
3. Action under Statutory Powers during the year:	
(a)—Proceedings under Sections 17, 18 and 23, of the Housing Act, 1930:—	
(1) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs 5	52
(2) Number of dwelling houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notices:—	
	7
(b) by Local Authority in default of owners	-
	8
	-
(b)—Proceedings under Public Health Acts:—	
(1) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied 60	6
(2) Number of dwelling houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices—	
(a) by owners (including 21 outstanding at Jan.	
1st, 1935) 59	7
(b) by Local Authority in default of owners	-
(1)	30
(c)—Proceedings under sections 19 and 21 of the Housing Acts, 1930—	
(1) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which	
Demolition Orders were made (9 outstanding at 1st January 1935)	_
(2) Number of dwelling houses demolished in pursuance of	
	9
(d)—Proceedings under Section 20 of the Housing Act, 1930—	
(1) Number of separate tenements or under-ground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made	-
(2) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined the tenement or room having been rendered fit.	
the tellement of room having been rendered it.	

# HOUSING ACTS, 1925 and 1930. Clearance Areas.

Six Clearance Areas, Nos. 54 to 59, were dealt with under Section 1, Part 1, of the Housing Act, 1930, during the year, particulars of which are as under.

HOUSING ACTS, 1925 and 1930. CLEARANCE AREAS DEALT WITH UNDER SECTION 1. PART 1, OF THE HOUSING ACT, 1930, to DECEMBER 31st, 1935.

Order Operative	within		98 days			
	Not	-	1	11	Result pending	
. 81	ying	1	1	11		
MINISTRY'S ORDERS	Modifying	1	1	84626 No. 57		property).
IM	ii.	14th Feb.	13th Dec.	14th (Feb.1936		ners of the
	Confirming	84624 No. 54	84193 No. 55	84625 No. 56 84626 No. 57		Declared by Corporation (owners of the property).
Date of	Enquiry	_	12th	1985		Declared
	Clearance Order		Srd October	1935		31st Oct. 1935
Council's	200		4th	1935		3rd Oct. 1935
Persons			196	001		6
Persons	displaced	6	27	2 8	32	0
Houses	structures affected	01	00	10 1	0 22	00
	Approximate Situation.	Church Lane	Little Street	Hawthorn Cottages Christian's Field,	Acton Lane Alfred Road	Wallasey Village
	Area No.	24	22	56	82	20

# HOUSES OCCUPIED AFTER DEMOLITION AND CLEARANCE ORDERS HAD BECOME OPERATIVE.

Three cases occurred during the year of houses being occupied after Demolition or Clearance Orders made under the Housing Act of 1930 had become operative. In all instances proceedings were taken and orders to vacate were made. In one instance it was necessary to take proceedings on two occasions.

# SURVEY TO OVERCROWDING.

On the recommendation of the Estates and Housing Committee a Survey was made during the summer of 1934 with the object of ascertaining the extent of overcrowding in certain parts of the Borough. The enquiries then made related to three wards only—North Seacombe, South Seacombe, and South Egremont, as being likely to give a fair indication of the extent of the overcrowding, and were based on the then standard of the Ministry of Health. A Summary of the information was included in my Annual Report for 1934.

Following the passing of the Housing Act, 1935, enquiries on lines laid down in that Act were resumed, but over a much wider area. A Summary of the information obtained is included in this Report.

# HOUSING ACT, 1935.

This Act, which was passed on the 2nd August, imposed on Local Authorities the duty of causing an inspection to be made with a view to ascertaining what dwelling houses were overcrowded in their areas and to report to the Minister of Health the result of such inspection as well as giving an estimate of the number of new houses required in order to abate the overcrowding discovered. "Overcrowding" was defined under Section 2 (1): A dwelling house shall be deemed for the purposes of this Act to be overcrowded at any time when the number of persons sleeping in the house either—

(a) is such that any two of those persons, being persons ten years old or more of opposite sexes and not being persons living together as husband and wife, must sleep in the same room; or

(b) is in relation to the number and floor area of the rooms of which the house consists, in excess of the permitted number of persons as defined in the First Schedule to this Act.

Section 12 defines "Dwellinghouse" as "any premises used as a separate dwelling by members of the working classes or of a type suitable for such use."

In determining for the purposes of this Section, the number of persons sleeping in a house no account shall be taken of a child under one year old, and a child who has attained one year and is under ten years old shall be reckoned as one half of a unit.

An exhaustive enquiry was begun in Wallasey, in November, continuing until April of 1936. The figures and graph which follow summarise the results obtained.

Ward.	Over- crowded Dwell- ings.	No. of Council Houses included in Col. (a)	ings.	ings Sur	Per- centage - of over- crowded Houses. per cent.
New Brighton	 6		1135	1141	.52
Upper Brighton	 8	-	940	948	.84
North Liscard	 4	_	582	586	.68
South Liscard	 11	1	990	1001	1.09
North Egremont	 14		985	999	1.41
South Egremont	 29	Alexander of the last of the l	1236	1265	2.29
North Seacombe	 38	7	1500	1538	2.46
South Seacombe	 37	11	1622	1659	2.29
Somerville	 36	12	1696	1732	2.07
Poulton	 45	25	1410	1455	3.16
Marlowe	 13	_	598	611	2.29
St. Hilary	 2	-	647	649	.308
Warren	 -	-	124	124	-
Wallasey	 6	-	448	454	1.32
Leasowe	 61	52	961	1022	5.96
Moreton	 31	_	873	904	3.42
Saughall Massie	 8		112	120	6.66
Totals	 349	107	15859	16208	2.153

01																		ovi	ERCI	ROW	DIN	G S	URV	EY.																
mber of ersons " Family.									No e	d fami	lies conta	ining ti	be numb	er of p	ersons i	n the f	int cols	mn 000	upying	dwelling	gs with	the peri	mitted n	umber	shown	at the !	nead of	this co	lumn.										TOTALS.	
Family.	1	1	13	2	2 1	3	3)	4	45	5	5)	6	6)	7	75	8	81	9	9}	10	101	11	111	12	121	13	131	14	141	15	151	16	16)	171	19	20}	22	A Overcrowded	B Uncrowded	To
1	14	13	047	103	200	1 7	1 0	196	6 11	10		181	1 2	5	2	139	3	2	36		-	22	-1	-	-1	4	-	-1	3	-		1			2			14	1527	1
11	1	-	1_	8	13		-		4 1		1	12	1			3		-	-		-	1	-			-	-	-	-		-			-1				1	44	
2	1	4	6	93	468	13	27	46	8 19	319	7	1116	2	5	8	885	6	5	238	3	1	136	1	1		24	-	-	1.5		-	2	1	-				n	3570	3
21	1	1	1	26	12	15	24	32	3 9	9	7	511	2	3		333	1	1	66	-	-	23				2	-	-	-	-	-	1		-	-	-		29	1342	1
3			4	14	3	7	6	40:	2 34	12	7	1094	6	6	4	1099	2	3	332	-5	1	162		3	1	35	-	-	18	-	-	6	-	1	3	1		21	3250	-3
31				4	1		2	91	9 8	3	3	337	1	1	2	319	2	2	54			27				5	-	-	2			1	-					5	870	
4				4	2	6	6	11	8 28	25	17	756	10	5	3	818	4	5	226	4	4	152	1	1		25	-	-	16	-		2	-	1	3		1	. 18	2125	2
45		1		2		2	2	1 3	8			232	4		6	231	2	2	43	1	-	31				3	-	-	4	1		1	-	1				10	386	
5				2		1		1	7 14	- 8		372	- 5	2	3	491	2	3	123	4		101	3	4	1	24	-	-	12	-		3	1		1			24 16	355	1
5)			- 1		1				4	10		131	3	3	2	131	1	-	40	-		39	1	-		6	-	-	5									29	491	
6							1	3	2	10		24	18	22	26	241	2	1	23	*		59		1		12	-		-		1							34	144	
61					1	2	1		1	4	13	16	8	14	6	75	3	1	17	1		24				4		2	2					2	-			- 52	198	
7					1				2	6		19	18	12	1	95	6	5	35	2		20							1			-		-	1			20	79	
71										1	5	- 7	5		-	1 .	3	5	14	1		12										2						21	59	
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111																						-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-							-	-	
12														1							-			-	_	-								-		-		1		
121																					1				-	-	-									-		1		

#### FOOD and DRUGS INSPECTION.

SALE OF FOOD (ADULTERATION) ACT, 1928.

The following is a Summary of the Samples submitted to the Public Analyst during the year:—

Name of Sa	mple			No. of samples nalysed.	No. of 1 samples genuine.	No. of samples certified Adulterated,
Milk			 	181	164	17
Butter			 	37	37	-
Lard			 	26	26	_
Coffee			 	22	21	1
Cheese			 	21	21	_
Cocoa			 	2	2	_
Ground Ginger	r		 	6	6	-
Jam			 	7	4	3
Sausage			 	7	6	1
Cream of Tart	ar		 	4	4	-
Dried Milk			 	2	2	-
Margarine			 	1	1	-
Tea			 	1	1	-
Pepper			 	5	5	_
Lemon Cheese			 	1	1	_
Flour			 	1	1	-
Cream			 	1	1	_
Minced Meat			 	2	2	_
Salmon Cream			 	3	3	_
Potted Crab			 	1	1	- 0
Potted Meat			 	6	5	1
Tinned Peas			 	4	4	_
Gentian Root			 	1	1	_
Ammoniated 7	Cinc. Q	uinine	 	1	1	_
Tincture of Io	dine		 	1	1	_
Lime Water			 	1	1	_
Magnesia Crea			 	1	1	an +
Fluid Magnesia	a		 	2	1	1
Whiskey			 	6	6	-
				354	330	24

#### PROSECUTIONS, 1935.

Milk 10% Deficient in Fat and 1.5% added water. Fined £2 3 0d. and £2 17 0d. costs.

Milk 14% deficient in Fat and 8% added water. Fined £1 0 0d. and 15/- costs.

Milk 12% deficient in Fat and 8.5% added water. Fined £1 0 0d and 15/- costs.

Milk 12% deficient in Fat. Fined £1 0 0d. and 15/- costs.

Milk 12% deficient in Fat. Fined £1 0 0d. and 15/- costs.

Milk 11% deficient in Fat. Fined £1 0 0d. and 15/- costs.

Milk 11% deficient in Fat. Fined £1 0 0d. and £1 2 0d. costs.

Milk 16% deficient in Fat. Dismissed.

Milk 7% deficient in Fat. Dismissed.

Prosecutions were not instituted in regard to 8 samples of milk the adulteration being so slight. The sellers were, however, cautioned.

3 samples of jam, 1 of coffee, 1 of potted meat, 1 of beef sausage and 1 of fluid magnesia were test samples. Subsequent official purchases were certified genuine.

The adulteration of all samples submitted for analysis was 6.78%.

#### REPORT OF MR. T. R. HODGSON, M.A., F.I.C., F.C.S., BOROUGH ANALYST.

During the year I received the following samples for analysis:-

	1935	Compared with 1934
Under the Food and Drugs (Adulteration) Act,	352	390
Under the Public Health (Regulations as to Food Act, 1907)	2	10
Under the Fertilisers and Feeding Stuffs Act	24	13
	378	413

Particulars of the samples submitted under the Food and Drugs (Adulteration) Act, 1928, together with the number of adulterated samples, are as follows:—

			1935 A	dulterated	1934 A	lulterated
Milk			180	17	198	18
Milk, skimi	ned		1		2	
Cream			1	_	6	
Butter			37	_	39	_
Margarine			1	-	2	_
Lard			26	_	26	
Cheese			21		19	
Coffee			22	1	28	
Cocoa			2	_	5	_
Tea			1	_	2	
Confectione	ry and	l Jam	8	3	13	1
Whiskey			6	_	6	
Drugs			13	1	16	2
Pepper			5	-	_	-
Miscellaneo	us sa	mples	28	2	28	2
				_		_
			352	24	390	23
				-	-	-

The 2 samples submitted under the Public Health (Regulation as to Food) Act, 1907, were samples of Dried Milk, both of which complied with the appropriate Regulations. (1934—10 samples, all satisfactory).

The samples submitted under the Fertilisers and Feeding Stuffs Act were 14 samples of Fertilisers and 10 of Feeding Stuffs, of which two samples of fertilisers failed to comply with the requirements of the Act. (In 1934 there were 5 and 8 samples respectively, of which 1 Feeding Stuff failed to comply with requirements).

## REPORT OF THE VETERINARY OFFICER. MR. GEO. TULLIS, M.R.C.V.S., D.V.S.M.

In presenting this Report I have classified the work done under three headings:—

Supervision of Milk Supply.
 Supervision of Meat Supply.

(3) Administration of Diseases of Animals Acts and Orders.

#### (1) SUPERVISION OF MILK SUPPLY.

#### Milk produced outside the Borough.

The Borough is supplied with raw milk from approximately 140 farms in the neighbouring counties, and in order to reduce tuberculous infection to a minimum, at least two samples are taken from each farm's supply yearly. In accordance with Section 4 of the Milk and Dairies (Consolidation) Act, 1915, infected samples are reported to the Medical Officer of Health of the County of origin and an investigation is made at the farm concerned. The Veterinary Officer has attended at these examinations and individual milk samples have been taken from any suspicious cows for microscopical examination. Many of these have proved positive, and the offending cow has been slaughtered under the Tuberculosis Order, 1925, thus removing sources of infection from the milk supply to the Borough.

The following is a summary of the work done in this connection during 1935:—

No. of milk samples tal-	ken					339
No. found Tuberculous						29
Percentage						8.55
No. of herds examined						25
No. of cows examined						1,279
No. of individual sampl	les tal	ken and	l exam	ined		
microscopically						50
No. of individual sample	les for	und Tu	berculo	ous		18
No. of cows slaughter	ed u	nder T	ubercu	losis	Order	
1925 (outside Boro	ough)					18

#### Milk produced inside the Borough.

Milk is produced by twenty registered cowkeepers in the Borough, the total number of cows being approximately 240.

A routine veterinary inspection is made of these cows at least four times each year, and any cow found to be suffering from Tuberculosis is slaughtered under the Tuberculosis Order, 1925. In addition, any cows suffering from any other condition, e.g., diseased or inflammatory conditions of the udder, are immediately removed from the herds.

Frequent visits are made throughout the year to ensure that the terms of the Milk and Dairies Order, 1926, are being adhered to, especially with regard to milking methods and general hygiene.

Renovation and reconstruction of cowsheds is supervised by the Veterinary Officer in conjunction with representatives of the Works Committee and several cowsheds are at present in the process of reconstruction on modern lines.

The following table shows the work done during 1935 :-

No. of visits to farms		126
No. of cows examined		921
No. of individual samples taken		29
No. found to be Tuberculous		5
No. of diseased udders found (other	than	
Tuberculous)		8

#### REGISTERED DAIRIES.

In addition to dairy farms there are 92 registered dairies in the Borough. Milk is brought from farms in the neighbouring counties to these dairies, where it is cooled, bottled, etc., before being retailed locally. Each dairy is equipped with an efficient washing and sterilising apparatus and has adequate provision for the hygienic storage of milk. A routine inspection is made of these dairies to ensure that they conform to the provisions of the Milk and Dairies Order, 1926.

A Register is also kept of the shops selling milk in sealed bottles only.

Dairies registered for sale of loose milk—92. Visits 1,394. Shops registered for sale of bottled milk only, 135. Visits 1,276.

#### GRADED MILK.

In accordance with the Milk (Special Designations) Order, 1923, licences are granted to produce, bottle or sell the various grades of milk.

Dairie:	s license	d to	sell Certified Milk	12
,,	,,	,,	bottle and sell Grade A (Tuberculin	
			Tested) Milk	4
,,	,,	,,,	sell Grade A (Tuberculin Tested) Milk	14
,,	,,	,,	produce Pasteurised Milk	1
,,	,,	,,	sell ,, ,,	9

One dairy farm was licensed to produce Grade A milk and is enrolled as an Accredited Producer with the Milk Marketing Board.

In all 62 samples of the various grades were taken throughout the year, and, with one exception, proved satisfactory.

#### MILK IN SCHOOLS SCHEME.

In October, 1934, the Milk Marketing Board inaugurated a Scheme whereby dairymen supplying milk to school-children receive a rebate from the Board, providing the source of supply is approved by the Medical Officer of Health. As graded milk was not included in the Scheme, and ordinary, raw milk contains a certain amount of tuberculous infection, it was decided to approve pasteurised milk from duly licensed plants which could be inspected from time to time. Under this Scheme milk is supplied to schoolchildren in Wallasey in bottles containing one-third of a pint at a charge of &d. per bottle. During 1935, 1,019,265 bottles were supplied. This figure includes 58,866 bottles which were supplied free by the Education Committee to necessitous children. The pasteurised milk is produced at one dairy within the Borough and one outside. These plants are examined regularly and samples of milk taken each month. During the year 96 samples of school milk have been taken and all have proved satisfactory.

#### (2) SUPERVISION OF MEAT SUPPLY.

#### Public Abattoir.

All animals brought to the Abattoir for slaughter are subjected to careful ante and post-mortem examinations, and any animal suspected to be suffering from disease is isolated and slaughtered separately. The number of animals slaughtered in each of the past three years was as follows:—

	1935	1934	1933
Bullocks, cows and heifers	 241	174	63
Calves	 565	543	452
Sheep and Lambs	 4,940	5,954	6,058
Pigs	 1,569	1,615	1,607

The fees charged for slaughter of these in each of these years were :—

Bullocks, cows and	heif	ers	 	3/6	per head.
Calves			 	1/-	,,
Sheep and Lambs			 	4d.	,,
Pigs			 	1/3	.,

In certain instances, e.g., public holidays, week-ends, etc., double charges were made.

The Fees received amounted to:-

1935		1934	1933		
£261 12	2	£279 11 5	£260 2 9		

The carcases and offal of all animals slaughtered are examined, and the following table shows the amount of meat seized as unfit for human consumption.

	Tuberculosis.			Other Causes.			
Beef			4,860	lbs.		28	lbs.
Offal			1,036	lbs.		51	lbs.
Pork			779	lbs.		182	lbs.
Offal			296	lbs.		90	lbs.
Mutton and	Lamb		_	lbs.		28	lbs.
Offal				lbs.		13	lbs.
Veal .			260			_	lbs.
			7,231			392	
			-				

#### WALLASEY AND ALFRED LAIRAGES.

#### Landing Place for Irish and Isle of Man Animals and Foreign Animals Wharf.

The slaughtering of sheep has now been discontinued on these premises, owing to the building used for this purpose becoming unsafe. Emergency slaughter of cattle is still carried on, and during the year 36 animals have been inspected. 96 lbs. of offal being seized as unfit for human consumption.

#### FOOD SHOPS.

Butchers' shops, fish shops, and shops selling cooked meats, etc., are systematically inspected several times each month. In addition to the examination of meat, etc., exposed for sale, particular attention is paid to the condition and cleanliness of the premises and refrigerators as well as to the methods of handling the meat.

#### MERCHANDISE MARKS (IMPORTED GOODS) No. 7 ORDER, 1934.

This Order supersedes the Sale of Food Order 1921, and has been in force since the 7th January, 1935. It deals with imported chilled beef, frozen mutton, frozen lamb, frozen pork, boneless beef, boneless veal, salted beef, salted pork, edible offal, frozen beef and frozen veal.

The Order provides for the marking of imported meat, etc., with an indication of origin on exposure for sale, thus differentiating between Empire and Foreign products.

This Order has been carefully administered in the Borough during the year, each butcher being notified as to the required conditions and periodic inspections made to ensure that these conditions were being carried out. No. of visits to food shops during 1935 :- 2,660.

#### Meat, etc., seized from above.

Polonies	30 lbs.	Fillets	18 lbs.
Sausages	30 lbs.	Pork	50 lbs.
Beef	30 lbs.	Meat & Potato pies	10 doz.
Meat pies	150 lbs.	Pork Pies	
Pressed beef	30 lbs.	Lambs' livers	90 lbs.
Points	800 lbs.		18 lbs.
	170 lbs.	Pigs' Offal	32 lbs.

#### Mechanical Stunning of Animals.

In October, 1934, an electric Humane Stunner for use with sheep, pigs and calves was introduced into Liscard Abattoir. This method of stunning has several advantages over shooting by means of a Captive Bolt Pistol: viz., absence of noise, better bleeding of carcases and considerable saving in expense. Approximately £38 annually was spent on ammunition, etc., with the latter method, while the maintenance and running expenses of the electric Humane Stunner are practically negligible.

During 1935 this apparatus has given every satisfaction and has been used for the stunning of the following number of animals:—

Sheep ar	nd lam	DS	 4,940
Pigs			 1,569
Calves			 596
			7,105

## (3) ADMINISTRATION OF DISEASES OF ANIMALS ACTS AND ORDERS.

The following is a list of contagious diseases scheduled under the above :—

Anthrax, Foot and Mouth Disease, Parasitic Mange of Horses, Rabies, Sheep Scab, Sheep Pox, Swine Fever, Cattle Plague, Pleuro-Pneumonia, Epizootic Lymphangitis, Glanders and Farcy, Epizootic Abortion of Cattle, Tuberculosis.

#### Tuberculosis Order, 1925.

Under this Order any bovine animal suffering from one or more of the forms of disease described in the Order is valued, slaughtered, and the owner compensated in accordance with the scale specified in the Order, viz: three-quarters of the original valuation if disease is "not advanced," and one-quarter if disease is "advanced." 75% of the compensation paid is recovered from the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries, the remainder being paid by the Local Authority.

During the year 5 cows have been slaughtered under the Order, 4 suffering from Tuberculosis of the Udder and one from Tuberculosis emaciation.

Compensation ... £9 0 0 Compensation paid £12 0 0 (Ministry's portion) Salvage from sale of carcases and hides 6 6 10 Dr. Balance ... 1 3 2

£16 10 0 £16 10 0

#### Swine Fever Order, 1908.

The Veterinary Officer was appointed as Local Veterinary Inspector of the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries in December, 1934. This means that an outbreak of Swine Fever can be dealt with without delay, thus minimising the risk of infection spreading and at the same time effecting a considerable saving in expense.

Under the above Order a pig owner is obliged to report the death of any pig to the Local Authority. During the year 7 such deaths were reported, but post-mortem examination in each case proved the cause of death to be other than Swine Fever.

During 1935 687 fat and 324 store pigs were brought into the Borough under licence in accordance with the Regulation of Movement of Swine Order, 1922. As store pigs must be isolated and detained for 27 days at the place of destination specified on the licence, regular visits are made to these premises to ensure that the conditions of the licence are being carried out.

#### Anthrax Order, 1928.

Under this Order cattle owners are obliged to report any sudden deaths in cattle to the Local Authority. During the year 2 such deaths were reported, but on investigation were found not to be Anthrax.

#### Transit of Animals (Amendment) Order, 1931.

This Order provides for the suitable construction and the efficient cleansing and disinfection of road vehicles used for conveying live animals. The drivers of such vehicles must keep a record of all animals carried. Periodic inspections are made to ensure compliance with the terms of this Order.

#### Veterinary Services to Other Departments.

Visits were made to examine and treat Corporation horses as follows:—

 Cleansing Department
 ...
 ...
 18

 Golf Course
 ...
 ...
 ...
 1

 Parks
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 1

During the year 8 pigs were purchased and sold for Mill Lane Hospital.

#### Abattoir.

The Health Committee took into consideration during the year the question of the provision of a new Public Abattoir, but decided to take no action at the moment.

#### SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE DISTRICT.

#### WATER SUPPLY.

The information given under this heading is kindly supplied by the Gas and Water Engineer.

The actual volume of Water supplied by the Water Department during the twelve months ended 31st December, 1935, was 1,157,299,597 gallons, and the average consumption per head per diem was 32.52 gallons of which 26.42 gallons were used for drinking and domestic purposes in the homes, and 6.10 gallons for Shipping and other Trade purposes. During the year 3,674,500 gallons of Water were used by the Cleansing Department of the Corporation for flushing of drains and sewers.

#### ANALYSIS AND EXAMINATIONS OF WATER.

During the year samples of Water have been collected from all parts of the District of Water Supply, and careful testings and examinations are carried out daily in the Laboratories of the Corporation Water Department and also weekly by the Public Analyst at his Analytical and Bacteriological Departments in Manchester. In all tests and analyses poisonous metals were reported absent and there has been no case of contamination from lead. The several Bacteriological examinations of Waters from all districts of the Distribution System have shown the Water Supply to be maintained at all times in a condition of purity, sterility and free from Colonies of Bacteria.

#### NEW SCHEME AND SOURCE OF WATER SUPPLY.

During the year under review, several new schemes and agreements have been arranged and completed by the Gas and Water Committee with a view to the provision and maintenance at all times of a consistent supply of wholesome Water of first class purity and suitable quality for all purposes in the homes.

In August last the Bulk Supply of Water from Lake Vyrnwy ended as a result of the termination of the agreement made with the Liverpool Corporation in 1900 for the supply of nearly two million gallons of Water per diem.

A new agreement had been arranged with the Birkenhead Corporation for additional supplies of soft upland water from Lake Alwen, to be received as replacement of the Vyrnwy Supply, and this new arrangement was commenced within 24 hours of the closing down of the Vyrnwy main.

This scheme was carried out without any interference with the scheme of supplies to the County Borough of Wallasey, and under the new system of supply two large Bulk Supply mains are delivering Lake Water into Wallasey through new connections at Poulton Penny Bridge and Upton Road.

- (1) The actual date of the expiration of the agreement with the Liverpool Corporation was 1st August, 1935, but the actual date of termination of supply from this source was 6th August, 1935—by arrangement with Liverpool. The new agreement with the Birkenhead Corporation was completed on 6th April, 1933, and the new supplies were actually commenced on the 7th August, 1935. The first agreement with the Birkenhead Corporation for a bulk supply of Water in perpetuity was dated the 28th July, 1925, and supplies commenced on 16th August, 1926.
- (2) The combined agreements with the Birkenhead Corporation provide for a supply from Lake Alwen of 2½ million gallons per diem, which is the amount now being received, and this quantity is to be increased to a maximum of 3 million gallons per diem in 1943.

The quantity of Water to be pumped from the Artesian Bore Holes at the Seaview Road Water Works is regulated in accordance with the requirements of the district which vary, in accordance with the time of year, between 1 million and 500,000 gallons per diem, the whole of which is pumped direct into the Reservoirs at Gorsehill to be mixed with the upland Waters from Lake Alwen before being delivered to the District and the homes of the people.

The actual quantity of Water now being pumped from the Wells is 600,000 gallons per 24 hours working.

(3) No. 1 Reservoir capacity ... 2 million gallons.

No. 2 Reservoir capacity ...  $\frac{4_4}{6_4}$  ,, ,,

The storage capacity of Water is, of course, considerably in excess of the actual Reservoir capacity as a result of the three section system of Supply, under which continuous volumes are available from independent mains supplied from the Crosshill Reservoir of the Birkenhead Corporation, of which the capacity is 30 million gallons, in addition to which supplies are available from the Seaview Road Water Works at which new Treatment Plant has now been installed.

(4) The Bulk Supply of Water received by Wallasey from Lake Vyrnwy, under the terms of the old agreement, was at the rate of 1,800,000 gallons per diem.

Under the combination agreements of 1925 and 1933 with the Birkenhead Corporation two bulk supplies of Water from Lake Alwen are now available, totalling  $2\frac{1}{2}$  million gallons per diem, of which 1,400,000 was provided for under the terms of the 1933 agreement. This total amount of  $2\frac{1}{2}$  million gallons is increased annually in 1939 to 1943 inclusive to a maximum of 3 million gallons per diem.

(5) The 1935 Scheme of Waterworks Extensions, under which the new system of Bulk Supplies was completed, has also included the provision of a New Water Treatment Plant for the softening of the Hard Waters from the Artesian Bore Holes at the Seaview Road Water Works. This plant is of the Natural Base Exchange System and Process of Water Treatment, and is specially designed for dealing with an increased amount of Water in cases of emergency or failure of one or other of the Bulk Supplies.

The normal working arrangement provides for maintaining continuous supplies of Water of a hardness in the nature of six degrees which is under the classification of Soft Water, but still contain the valuable mineral products necessary for life.

The Treatment Plant now working at Seaview Road Water Works is housed in a modern two storey building, equipped with an up-to-date Laboratory for the examination and analysis of Water.

Certificates as issued by the Public Analyst are as follows:-

#### CERTIFICATES OF THE BOROUGH ANALYST

in regard to Two Samples of Water taken from houses in the Borough on December 5th, 1935.

#### A

Total Colonies on Agar at 37°C ... Nil in 2.0 C.C.

", ", Gelatin at 20°C ... ", ",

Bacillus Coli ... ... Not present in 20.0 C.C.

From the above results this sample would appear to be a sterile water.

B

	Par	rts per 100,000
Total Solid Matter	 	18.0
Organic and Volatile M		5.0
Mineral Matter	 	13.0
Free and Saline Ammo		Nil
Albuminoid Ammonia	 	0.004
Nitrogen as Nitrates		0.25
Nitrogen as Nitrite		Nil
Chlorine	 	4.0

			Par	rts per 100,000
Oxygen absorbed in 2	hours	at 27°		0.14
FF 1 70 1 1				5.0° Clark
Temporary				0.5° Clark
Permanent				4.5° Clark
Poisonous Metals				Absent
Silica (as Si O2)				
Iron (as Fe2 Oz)				
Lime (as Ca O)				
Magnesia (as Mg O)				
Sulphates (as S O3)				

#### REMARKS.

From the above results, I am of opinion that the sample was an excellent Water for use for domestic purposes.

#### METEOROLOGICAL.

160,000 ma start

The Corporation's Observation Station at Harrison Park is duly recognised and approved by the Air Ministry as a Climatological Station, and is equipped with Instruments, particulars of which are as under:

Dine's Pressure Tube Anemometer (fixed in 1928).
Standard Fortin Barometer (Casella).
Stevenson Screen.
Mason's Hygrometer (Air Ministry).
Mason's Hygrometer (Casella).
Maximum Thermometer (Negretti).
Minimum Thermometer (Air Ministry).
Five-inch Rain Gauge and Measure (Air Ministry).
Eight-inch Automatic Recording Rain-gauge (Casella).
Campbell-Stokes Sunshine Recorder (Hicks).
Two Barographs.

A representative of the Air Ministry inspects the instruments once a year, a report following from the Director as to their condition. These reports have always been of a favourable character.

Observations are taken morning and evening throughout the year, telegraphic reports thereon being forwarded to the Air Ministry twice daily during the Summer period (April-September), and once daily during the period October-March. These reports are intended, not only for the information of the Ministry, but also for distribution by the Ministry to the Press, with the result that Wallasey figures in the lists of those Health and Holiday Resorts whose daily weather reports are published in many of the well-known newspapers.

In addition to these daily reports the Ministry require, as a condition of recognition of the Station, monthly returns regarding weather observations, and also a return covering the calendar year.

Ever since the Station was first in use, the daily readings have been posted at Marine Park for the information of the public.

The following table gives a Summary of the readings during the past year.

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SUMMARY OF OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT THE CORPORATION'S METEOROLOGICAL STATION, HARRISON DRIVE.

		Rair	Rainfall in Inches.	es.	S	Sunshine.	stpo	Number	Number	
Months.	Mean Tempera- ture	Total	Mean Daily	No. of dayswith .01 or more	Total (Hours)	Mean Daily	No. of days with sunshine	of days of Frost	of days of snowfall	Mean Barometer (inches).
1:	41.3	1.38	.044	14	41.1	1.3	18	. 11	00	30.25
1:	43.6	2.48	880.	50	42.9	1.53	50	4	00	29.65
1	45.2	0.88	028	6	98.5	3.18	27	4	1	30.15
1	47.9	1.87	90.	15	176.8	5.89	30	1	1	29.80
1	51.0	1.76	750.	6	253.8	8.2	28	1	67	30.15
1	0.09	3.58	611.	20	188.8	6.3	59	1	1	29.85
1	8.09	1.90	190.	6	219.1	7.1	30	1		30.10
1	9.19	1.77	750.	00	202.2	6.5	59	1	1	30.00
September	57.7	5.71	.184	21	130.5	4.35	29	1	1	29.80
1	50.5	4.07	131	19	70.0	2.26	20	1	1	29.75
November	45.6	3.39	.113	19	52.2	1.73	25	67	1	29.60
December	38.6	3.27	. 105	18	26.5	98.0	14	14	65	29.60
Means Totals	50.3	32.06	.087	181	1,502.4	4.1	299	36	12	29.89

#### ATMOSPHERIC POLLUTION.

For several years Wallasey has been associated with other Local Authorities in the work of the National Smoke Abatement Society. It has also been similarly associated with the Department of Scientific and Industrial Research into Air Pollution, and, since its formation about two years ago, with the West Lancashire and Cheshire Regional Smoke Abatement Committee whose meetings are held in Liverpool. Among recent recommendations of this Committee were those in relation to the grates fixed in Municipally-built houses and their adaptability for the use of smokeless fuel. At the December meeting of the Wallasey Health Committee these recommendations were considered and as a result the following resolution was passed:—

- (a) That the Estates and Housing Committee be requested to take into consideration the provision of suitable grates in Corporation houses for the burning of coke and other smokeless fuels, and that the number of coal grates in such houses be reduced accordingly.
- (b) That the Gas and Water Committee be recommended to sell coke in small quantities cheaply for the convenience of the poorer section of the public.

It is recognised in an increasing degree that the smoke nuisance is not merely one associated with industrial chimneys but that the domestic chimney contributes very largely to the pollution of the atmosphere of our cities and towns. Much propaganda will be necessary, however, before public opinion appreciates as it ought that much, if not all, of the smoke nuisance is really unnecessary. Apart from its danger to public health and its effect on public buildings, there is the danger to air-craft due to bad visibility over populous areas, a danger which is increasing as air-borne traffic increases.

Five observations of dense smoke emissions from works chimneys were made during the year. Notice was necessary in one case only. It was not necessary to prosecute.

#### SANITARY INSPECTION OF THE DISTRICT.

#### WORK OF THE DISTRICT INSPECTORS

#### NUISANCES

				NOIS	MINC	ES.				
No	o. of		visited							7,746
	,,	apartm	ents visited found in a dir							31,984
	,,	houses	found in a dir	ty condit	ion	***				10
	**	apartm	ents found in	a dirty co	onditi	on				16
	,,	. "	,, in an o	vercrowde	ed con	dition			***	14
	,,	houses	with defectiv							468
	**	**	with defectiv							186
	,,	**	without supp	oly of wa	ter for	r drink	ing, o	lomesti	c or	
			sanitary pu	irposes .				***		8
	**	22	with defectiv	e boilers,	flues,	etc.				82
	**	"		ive or						
			nush	ing ciste	erns,	putty	Jon	nts, tr	aps,	
			waste	e-pipes, so	oil-pip	es and/	or cha	nnellin	gs	634
	,,	**	with defectiv	e yard or	pass	age sur	taces	***		304
	**	"	with defective	e noors						154
	**	**	with insumic	ent vent	llatio	1		***		15
	**	***	vacant or	insecure	again	st mis	use t	y gene	eral	
			publi	c			***		***	4
	**	11	with damp o	r defectiv	e wal	IS		***	***	317
	,,	11	with defectiv							542
	**	"	without prop	per and s	umcie	ent ash	pits	or ash	bins	1,221
	**	**	with dirty ya	ird surfac	es .	::		. :**		8
	**	"	with offens	ave acc	umula	ations	requ	uring 1	re-	0.0
			mova	al			***	***		69
	**		with other o							477
	**	Intervi	ews and appo	intments	re wo	rk in h	and			258
	**	Superv	isional visits ations followin			***	***	***	***	614
	"	Observ	ations following	ng compla	unts			- ::-		37
	**	offensiv	e ditches and	ponds to	und r	equirin	g clea	nsing		29
	22	cesspoo	l inspections referred to o			***	***	***		18
	"								***	56
	"		referred fron							2,130
	22		tions laid in r							15
	**	convict	ions obtained			***		***		11
	**	Magisti	ates Orders o	btained .				***		2
	**		ces abated a					oaymen	t of	
*		costs				***				2
In	HOTE	nations	laid but cases	not proc	eeded	with				007/10/0
A	mou	nt of fin	es and costs			***				£27/19/0
			ABAT	EMENT	OF	NUISA	NCE	S.		
N	umh	er of pr	eliminary noti	ces issued	for t	he aba	temer	t of nu	isance	s 2,814
-	,,	Sta	stutory Notice	es issued	. 101 6	no aoa	CHICA	it or mu	1501100	606
	,,	re-	atutory Notice inspections of	nuisance	9					6,573
	**		inspections of							0,0.0
			SI	MOKE N	UISA	NCES.				
			Stebs t	o preven	t Sm	oke Na	uisan	es.		
N	umb	er of ob	servations ma					A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR		5
			tices served in		of bla	olr emo	lea			1
	33		formations lai					with No	otica	1
	"		formations lai							
A.	mon		es and costs		110 01	compil	ance	with on	uci	- 17
	LIUU	me or mi	es and costs	***			***	***	***	-

BYE LAWS WITH RESPECT TO NUISANCES.	
	94
Number of inspections of stable yards	9
". Notices served to empty manure pits	2
,, Informations laid in default of compliance with notice	
" Stable yards without sufficient manure pits	-
, Notices served to provide manure pits	-
" Notices served to provide stables with sufficient paving	
and/or drainage	5
., Notices to clean stable yards	-
DRAIN TESTING.	
Number of houses at which drains or branches have been specially	
tested by means of smoke or water	95
tested by means of smooth of mater in in in in	00
EXAMINATION OF UNDERGROUND DRAINS.	
Number of applications made to Council under Section 41 of the	
Public Health Act, 1875, to lay bare pipes and traps	-
CELLAR DWELLINGS.	1
Cellars found occupied as dwellings	1
T	
Consisting abtained	
Amount of fines and costs	
INSPECTION OF ICE CREAM CARTS, &c.	
Number of visits to premises where Ice Cream is manufactured	-
or sold	21
SPECIAL COMPLAINTS.	
Number of special complaints received and dealt with	1,607
Number of special complaints received and deate with	1,001
HOUSES WITH INSUFFICIENT ASHPITS.	
Number of houses found without sufficient ashpits or ashbins	1,221
" offensive ashpits abolished	12
MARINE STORE INSPECTION.	
North and a complete automation Designation	3
,, inspections	7
offensive conditions discovered at time of visit and for	1
which notices were served	2
INSPECTION OF TENTS, VANS AND SHEDS.	
Number of visits paid to encampments and caravans	105
,, tents, vans and sheds inspected	1,180
PUBLIC BUILDINGS.	
Number of inspections of Public Buildings (Conveniences)	1
,, Railway Stations( Do. )	_
Schools	5
", Theatres, Picturedromes, etc	-
,, Public Conveniences	3
,, ,, Urinals	1
CANAL DOAT INCRECTION	
CANAL BOAT INSPECTION The number of boats inspected was:—	28
Number of boats inspected was:—  Number of boats on which infringements were found	6
Number of infringements	6
The state of this life is a state of the sta	
SUBLET HOUSE INSPECTION.	
Number of Inspections	377
Rooms inspected	3,222

#### SEWER CONSTRUCTION.

Information in regard to Sewerage is kindly supplied by the Borough Engineer and Surveyor. In addition to new sewers constructed to meet developments, reconstructions of sewers have been effected during the year as follows:—

Passage rear of Larch Road and Cherrybank Road—50 yds. of 9 in. sewer.

Grafton Road.—75 yards of 12 inch sewer.

Passage rear of Bosnia Street.—23 yds. of 9 inch sewer.

Magazine Lane.—88 yards of 12 inch sewer.

Reeds Lane. 48 yards of 9 inch surface water sewer.

#### SEWERAGE AND DRAINAGE.

The water-carriage system obtains throughout the Borough, and the crude sewage is discharged into the Mersey below lowwater level.

Main Watercourses in the low-lying part of the Borough have been cleaned out and re-graded to improved falls.

The usual sewer flushing operations have been carried on and work has been done on general repair to sewers.

#### DRAIN RECONSTRUCTION.

Under the supervision of the Health Department, the drainage systems of 19 houses were entirely reconstructed, and of 16 houses partially reconstructed during the year. Of the 19 drainage systems entirely reconstructed, 9 have a dual system.

#### FLUSHING.

The work of flushing the drains from house to house has been continuously carried out by three gangs of men throughout the year.

	HOUSE '	TO HO	HEE V	VORK			
Number	of Visits to streets	10 no	COL	WORK.			0.400
Number		***	***	***	***	***	2,423
**	,, to houses	***		***		***	31,458
**	yard W.C.'s flushed			***		***	27,321
	yard gullies flushed	***	***	111	***		100,245
***	drains found choked	***					11,179
**	drains cleared						10,665
	SPECIAL FLUSHIN	IG IN	INFE	CTIOUS	CASI	ES.	
Number of	of visits to streets						233
	to houses						254
.,	yard W.C.'s flushed						248
	yard gullies flushed						773
"	drains found choked						51
	drains cleared						46
"	This work was disc						20
	FLUSHING OF SCH	HOOLS,	HOS	PITAL	S, ET	C.	
Number	of visits to streets					***	124
.,	schools, public building	gs. etc.					215
	yard W.C.'s flushed						1,167
	yard gullies flushed						4,806
	drains found choked						904
"	drains cleared						900
"	drains cicared	***		***		***	000

#### RAG FLOCK ACTS, 1911 & 1928.

There are no premises in the district in which Rag Flock is manufactured. In six premises, however, rag flock is used in small quantities, and in one place only is it sold—also in small quantities. 14 visits were paid to such premises during the year.

#### FACTORY AND WORKSHOP INSPECTION.

1.—INSPECTION.

Including Inspections made by Sanitary Inspectors.

			-Number of	-
Premises.	Insp	ections.	Written Notices.	Prosecutions.
FACTORIES (Including Factory Laundries)		18	3	-
Workshops		74	13	entr-ell lim
(Including Workshop Laundries) WORKPLACES		_	_	planted bellet
(Other than Outworkers' premises cluded in Part 3 of this Report)				
Total		92	16*	-

<sup>\*</sup> Verbal Notices: 5.

#### 2.—DEFECTS FOUND.

	_		No. of Defect	s	-Number of	
Particulars.			Remedied.	Referred	Prosecu-	
Nuisances under the Public				Inspector.		
Health Acts :-						
Want of Cleanliness		11	11	_	-	
Want of Ventilation			-			
Overcrowding		-		-	-	
Want of Drainage of Floors		5	5	-		
Other Nuisances		10	10	-		
Sanitary Accommodation :						
Insufficient			-	-	-	
Unsuitable, Defective or Dir	ty			-		
Not Separate for Sexes						
Offences under the Factory and						
Workshop Act :						
Illegal Occupation of Und						
ground Bakehouse (s 101)		-	-	-	-	
Breach of Special Sanit						
Requirements for Bakehou	ises					
(ss. 97 to 100)			_	-	-	
Other offences (excluding off						
ces relating to outwork w						
are included in Part 3 of t	this					
Report)		-		-	-	
Totals		26	26	-	-	

#### FACTORIES.

For the most part the law relating to Factories is administered by the Home Office.

18 visits were, however, made to factories, these being chiefly in reference to sanitary accommodation.

The number of Factories on the Register is as follows:-

TR	ADE.				Number on Register.	Number of Visits.
Bakers					14	18
Goods Yards					1	-
Boot Makers and Repai	rers				32	-
Laundries					15	_
Wheelwrights and Smit	hs				1	I have a market
Joiners					3	_
Coffin Makers					1	
Motor Engineers				***	13	-
Classical			***		2	
Printers	***	***			8	
Artificial Manure Maker		****	***		1	11111
	s	***		***	1	
Wireless Outfitters	*****			***	1	
Boat Builders		***		***	1	-
Firelighter Manufacture				***	3	7
Timber Merchants	***	***	***	• • • •	2	-
Flour Millers	***	***			3	
Spring Makers					1	_
Provender Dealers		***	***	***	1	-
Brick Makers			***		3	11/1/
Engineers			***		4	-
Cabinet Makers				***	2	-
Oil Storages	***	***	****		2	-
Treacle Works					1	
Leather Belting Manufa	cturer	s	***		1	_
Destructor Works			***		1	-
Motor Bus Depot and E	lectric	city W	orks		1	_
Gas and Water Works					1	-
Cereal Mills					1	_
Builders' Merchants					2	_
Lock Manufacturer					1	_
Mineral Water Manufac					2	_
Varnish Makers			***		ĩ	
Corn Warehouses				- 32	î	
Nut Cracking Works					î	
Pipe Cleaner Manufactu					1	
Leather Dressers					1	
TO: T7 144					1	
	***	***	***	***	2	
Electrical Engineers		•••	***		1	9774
Artificial Stone Makers	***		***	***	1	
Plaster Board Manufact	urers		***		-	
Photographers	***		***	***	1	_
Sheet Metal Workers			***		1	
Woodworkers	***		***	***	2	_
Coach Painter	***		***		1	-
					110	
Totals	2200	10000			140	18

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### WORKSHOPS.

The number of Workshops on the Register approximately is as follows:—

Trade.		Number on Register.	Approximate Number of Persons Employed.	Number of Visits.
Bakers		77	136	56
Confectioners		25	52	9
Laundries		6	10	-
Tailors		14	34	1
Bootmakers and Repairers	***	65	97	-
Cabinet Makers & Upholsterer	s	13	33	-
Watchmakers and Repairers		10	14	In a language
Tinsmiths & Sheet Metal Work	ers	2	3	
Saddlers and Leather Workers		1	1	-
Wringing Machine Repairers		3	4	
Printers		3	12	-
Photographers		1	5	-
Coffin Makers		2	9	
Dry Cleaners & Valeting Servi	ce	6	14	_
Ioiners		3	6	100/-
Mineral Water Manfacturers		1	2	-
Motor Repairers		16	35	_
Cycle Repairers		8	14	101/10
Scale Repairers		1	3	
Blacksmiths		2	2	
Gramophone Repairers		1	1	11 1/25
Builders' Merchants		1	5	-
Firelighter Manufacturers		1	1	-
Electrical Engineers		1	2	
Leadlight Manufacturers		1	15	
Wireless Dealers		1	1	_
Sign Writers		1	9	
Plumbers		1	1	
Dressmakers		3	9	3
Milliners		5	12	5
Totals		275	542	74

WORKPLACES.

The number of workplaces on the Register approximately is as follows:—

Trade.	Number on Register.	Approximate Number of Persons Employed.	Number of Visits.
Cycle Builders and Repairers	 1	1	_
Wheelwrights and Smiths	 2	4	_
Joiners and Contractors	 8	22	
Motor Engineers and Repairers	 11	35	_
Stonemasons	 1	1	_
Bottle Washers	 1		-
Shippers	 5	320	
Slaters	 1	2	_
Plumbers' Yards	 1	ī	-
Totals	 31	386	

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### HOME WORK. OTHER MATTERS.

Class	Number.
Matters notified to H.M. Inspector of Factories:—	
Failure to affix Abstract of the Factory and Workshop (S. 133)	Act —
Action taken in matters referred by H.M. Inspectors as mediable under the Public Health Acts, but not unthe Factory and Workshop Act (S. 5):—	re- der
Notified by H.M. Inspector	–
Reports (of action taken) sent to H.M. Inspector	—
Other matters notified to H.M. Inspector of Factories	
Underground Bakehouses (S. 101):—  Certificates granted during the year	—
In use at the end of the year	
OUTWORKERS.	
4 visits were paid during the year to the homes of Outw In no case was it found necessary to serve notices.	orkers.
BAKEHOUSES.	
At the end of the year there were 106 bakehou pation.  The following is a summary of the work of inspetthe year:—	
The state of the s	
BAKEHOUSES.	
Number on Register	77 37 19
,, bakehouses found dirty (walls and ceilings	s) 7
notices issued for limewashing bakehouses limewashed without notice	7
notices issued for defective drainage	5
" " " walls and floor	
,, ,, to repair defective ceilings	80 9
", ", to cleanse tables, utensils, to cleanse walls and floor	&c. 2
", ", to clean areas	i
references to Factory Inspector	

#### CONFECTIONERY BAKEHOUSES.

Number on				29
,,	of visits made			7
"	re-visits			2
,,	found dirty (walls and ceilings)			1
,,	notices issued for limewashing .			1
,,	bakehouses limed without notice			6
,,	notices issued for defective drain	age, &c		-
,,	,, ,, to cleanse floors, ut	tensils,	&c	-
,,	,, ,, for various defects			1
,,	references to Factory Inspector .			-

#### UNDERGROUND BAKEHOUSES.

There are now no underground bakehouses in the Borough, the last one being discontinued in August, 1934.

#### SHOP HOURS ACTS.

During the year all shops in the Borough were regularly visited by the Shop Hours Inspector and the Register of Shops kept up to date.

In addition to these visits the streets of the Borough are systematically patrolled each evening with the object of ensuring that the Acts and the various Closing Orders made thereunder are being complied with. The following is a summary of the action taken in cases where contraventions were discovered:—

No. of	cases pending at 1/1/	35					1
,,	contraventions discov	rered	during	the ye	ar		9
,,	informations laid						9
,,	convictions obtained		***				8
,,	warnings issued						-
,,	cases dismissed under	r Pro	bations	Offen	lers Ac	t	1
,,	cases pending at 31/1	2/35					1
Amoun	t of fines and costs					£2 0	0

#### RATS AND MICE DESTRUCTION ACT.

### SUMMARY OF WORK DONE DURING THE YEAR. (Including RAT WEEK)

Complaints received	 318	Rats caught by :
Visits and re-visits	 6436	trays and traps, 933
Notices served	 66	dogs, cats or bait \ 933
Traps set	 968	Mice found dead or caught 56
Baits laid	 2010	Income for services of Rat-
Baits consumed	 1672	catcher £36 4 1

#### NATIONAL RAT WEEK, NOVEMBER 4th to 9th.

The action taken by the Department to secure the co-operation of the Public in the intensive destruction of rats included the display of large posters on public hoardings for a period of at least seven days before and also during, Rat Week; requests to 55 Chemists to exhibit in their shop windows printed display cards containing a reference to Rat Week and stating thereon that rat baits, poisons, etc., could be obtained on application to the chemists displaying the cards.

Circulars to the number of 524 were sent out to the occupiers of the following premises drawing attention to Rat Week and requesting co-operation in the extermination of rats.

Corporation Departments				7
Mills, Factories, etc.				37
Stable Yards				65
Marine Stores				3
Market Gardens				30
Farms, Piggeries, etc.				22
Moreton Camps				9
Cinemas and Theatres				13
Railway Stations, etc.				8
Provender Stores, etc.				12
Occupiers who had complai	ned of	rats di	uring	
the year				318

The circular requested the persons concerned to advise the Local Authority as to the results of the steps taken by them. In five instance only, however, were replies received.

Visits were paid to the premises aforementioned and the following information was received:—

No. of traps set		 180
No. of baits laid		 1,787
No. of baits consumed		 1,532
No of rats caught	No.	 234

In addition the efforts of the Rat Catcher during the week resulted as follows:—

No. of traps set	 	56
No. of baits laid	 	1500
No. of baits consumed	 	1,100
No. of manholes inspected	 	563
No. of manholes treated	 	234
No. of manholes re-visited	 	500
No. of rats caught	 	122

#### LOCAL AND ADOPTIVE ACTS.

No new local Acts or Byelaws affecting the Department were made during the year.

APPENDIX.

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## COUNTY BOROUGH OF WALLASEY EDUCATION COMMITTEE.



# Annual Report

OF THE

SCHOOL MEDICAL OFFICER

For the Year 1935.

#### STAFF.

RONALD B. BERRY, M.D., Ch.B., D.P.H.

Medical Officer of Health and School Medical Officer.

W. WRIGLEY STACEY, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

Assistant Medical Officer of Health and Assistant School Medical

Officer.

ISOBEL ORD KENNEDY, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H. Assistant Medical Officer from 23rd April, 1935.

C. JOINSON LUYA, L.D.S. School Dental Surgeon.

W. A. HENDERSON, L.D.S. Assistant School Dental Surgeon.

Miss E. W. NICHOLLS (Certificate Royal Sanitary Institute).

Mrs. B. CHAPPELLS (Trained Nurse).

School Nurses.

Miss R. M. QUINTON (Certificate Royal Sanitary Institute).

Miss L. VANCE (State Certified Midwife, and State
Registered Nurse).

Combined duties of School Nurse and Health Visitor.

Miss M. OGLE,

(Certificates Chartered Society of Massage and Medical Gymnastics, Diploma Liverpool University in Massage, etc.) Masseuse.

H. R. BICKERTON, M.A., M.B., Ch.B., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. (Eyes).

C. YORKE, M.D., Ch.B., B.S., F.R.C.S. (Tonsils and Adenoids).

T. HARTLEY MARTIN, M.B., Ch.B. (Orthopaedic Surgeon).

Visiting Specialists.

G. E. HUGHES, Education Office (Secondary Schools).
R. L. BASCOMBE, Education Office (Elementary Schools).
Clerical Assistants.

#### ELEMENTARY EDUCATION.

The number on roll on the 31st December, 1935, at the Council Schools was 8,767 and in the non-provided Schools 1,782 or a total of 10,549.

#### HIGHER EDUCATION.

NAME	ON ROLL
Wallasey Grammar School	771
Wallasey High School for Girls	525
Oldershaw School for Boys	349
OLDERSHAW SCHOOL FOR GIRLS	353
	1 000

1 998

Town Hall, Wallasey, 27th March, 1936

## To the CHAIRMAN and MEMBERS of the EDUCATION COMMITTEE.

Ladies and Gentlemen,

The year's report is little more than a summary of the work carried out during 1935.

The appointment of an additional Medical Officer—a woman to the staff of the Health and School Medical Departments followed a recommendation made in 1934. The doctor appointed has taken over the Medical Inspection of the girls in the Secondary Schools and the Central Schools, and will also carry out the inspections in the Senior Girls' Schools.

The appointment has also made it possible to carry out special visits to schools to investigate the incidence of infectious diseases, and it will be possible to supervise the feeding of school-children as referred to in the Board of Education Circular No. 1443 of the 16th December, 1935.

The immunisation against Diphtheria of children in the Infants' schools was commenced in the autumn and will be continued during the present year. The response to the offer of immunisation was satisfactory.

Towards the end of the year a complete survey of the work of the School Medical Department was carried out by Dr. Underwood, of the Board of Education. His recommendations included the provision of more accommodation at Elleray Park Special School, an increase in the School Medical Nursing Staff, and also the appointment of a further School Dentist. These recommendations have received your attention. Those dealing with Elleray Park Special School and the Nursing Staff are being dealt with in the course of the present year, the suggested increase in Dental Officers being postponed for consideration at a later date.

I wish to express my thanks to all members of the staff for their willing co-operation, to Insp. Mason of the N.S.P.C.C. for valuable assistance in difficult cases, and to the members of the Committee for their sympathetic consideration of the needs of the School Medical Service.

I am,

Your obedient Servant,

RONALD B. BERRY,

School Medical Officer.

### GENERAL.

#### MEDICAL TREATMENT.

#### Cleanliness.

The School Nurses have examined the children of each department in every School on two occasions during the year, and those children who have been in an unsatisfactory condition have been seen oftener. They have made in all 24,568 examinations on 10,282 individual children. There were 105 cleansing surveys, the result being that 621 children were found with unclean heads or bodies.

211 routine and 216 special visits were paid to the Schools. 73 children with unclean heads were found at the cleansing surveys and excluded from school.

1,221 visits to the homes of the children were made and cases of neglect were reported to the N.S.P.C.C.

#### MINOR AILMENTS.

The number of cases who received treatment at the Clinics was 1,551 (576 at the Moreton Clinic and 975 at the Church Street Clinic). The number of children treated otherwise than under the Local Education Authority's scheme was 92. The chief ailments met with are Impetigo and other skin diseases, 706. Minor injuries 242, Eye disease 180, and Ear disease 113. During the year there have been 5 cases of Ringworm of the Scalp, 11 cases of Ringworm of the Body, and 13 cases of Scabies.

The number of dressings was 6,231 (3,490 at Church Street and 2,741 at the Moreton Clinic).

#### EYES.

During the year 458 children attended the eye clinics making 676 attendances. 389 were provided with spectacles. In 44 cases spectacles were not needed. In 3 cases treatment was not completed at the end of the year and in 22 cases no change of lenses was considered necessary.

In addition 22 children under 5 years of age were seen by the eye specialist for Strabismus.

#### TONSILS AND ADENOIDS.

Age (ye	ears)	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	Totals
Boys Girls			11 20			5 6			0 4		1	0	37 72
Totals		22	31	12	7	11	6	6	4	7	2	1	109

During the year 109 operations were performed at the Victoria Central Hospital under the Local Education Authority's scheme. 48 operations were for Tonsils and Adenoids, 47 for Tonsils and 14 for Adenoids. 31 children were detained overnight at the Hospital after the operation.

The school nurses visit the homes of the children the day after the operation and advise the parents to allow the children to attend the Remedial Exercise Clinic to aid in the establishing of correct breathing.

#### REPORT OF Dr. T. HARTLEY MARTIN,

#### Orthopaedic Surgeon.

20 sessions have been held at **Church Street Clinic** at which 183 New Cases have been seen and 671 cases have attended for re-examination—an average of 33 cases per session, which is lower than that of the previous year, which was 37.

These figures analysed according to ages are shown below:-

		In rela	tion to s	school age.
		Under	Of	Over
New Cases				
Non-Tuberculous	 	40	143	-
Tuberculous	 	-	-	-
Re-examinations				
Non-Tuberculous	 	176	438	29
Tuberculous	 		27	1

In Table 1 (appended) the cases are shown in greater detail grouped into age and disease categories; the number of cases discharged is also shown, with the reasons for discharge.

Of the 355 cases on the Clinic Register during the past year, 22 or 6.2% have been admitted to the Children's Hospital, Leasowe, for treatment.

		0				
These cases are	:- WHO A O					
Infantile Paralysis	2 cases. Strespective		hospit	al 76 a	and 11	4 days
Spastic Paralysis	3 cases. St	ay in h	ospital	15, 15	and 14	6 days
Rickets	2 cases. St	tay in	hospit	al 46 a	and 143	3 days
Congenital Deformities	9 cases. St Total 43	tay var		rom 21	to 168	days.
Acquired Deformities	6 cases. St	ay in	hospita		ing from	n 5 to
The total number 22 cases—19 or 86% school age) equal to	er of days spe were of sch an occupation	nt in ho ool age n of 3.6	ospital , and 3 3 beds	was 1,3 3 or 14° through	% were	under e year.
In addition 12 c	Plaster of Pa	aris spl	lints.			
The work of the						
treatment.  During the past to 194 cases on the						
treatment terminate Table II shows	d in 118 cas	ses.				
groupings and also s children of school a	hows the rel	ative a	mount			
The enthusiasm arrangement of the	shown by th	e Staff	of this			
number of cases to b	e treated, bu					
Visits by Surgeo Attendances by	n					20 79
New Cases Exar Re-examinations	nined					83
		-6 C			and the same	1000
	Analysis			, ,	0	
	Unaer Aş	School	100	chool ge.	Over S	
					Boys.	
New Cases.				-	mirmon	67
Non-Tuberculous	21	19	69	74		
Tuberculous		-	_	-	-	-
Re-examinations. Non-Tuberculous	115	61	193	245	11	18

Tuberculous

#### Massage and Remedial Exercises Department.

				Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Number of	Patients Treated			89	95	194
Do.	Attendances of Cases			2034	2025	4059
Do.	New Cases Referred	for Tre	eat-			
	ment			51	51	102
Do.	Cases in which the	[reatm	ent			
	has been Terminate	d		. 51	67	118

Six bi-monthly clinics have been held at Oakenholt Road Clinic, at which 18 new cases were seen and 138 re-examinations were made.

In greater detail these cases are :-

			In relation to school age.				
			Under	Of	Over		
v Cases.							
Non-Tuberculous			7	10	-		
Tuberculous			-	1	dunio <del>se</del> za		
examinations.							
Non-Tuberculous			40	66	2		
Tuberculous				22	8		
	Non-Tuberculous Tuberculous examinations. Non-Tuberculous	Non-Tuberculous Tuberculous examinations. Non-Tuberculous	Non-Tuberculous	V Cases.  Non-Tuberculous	V Cases.  Non-Tuberculous 7 10 Tuberculous — 1  examinations.  Non-Tuberculous 40 66		

Table 1, shows the cases arranged in disease categories and age groups; and also the reasons for the discharge of cases.

Of the 59 Non-Tuberculous cases on the register 2 or 3.4 per cent. have been admitted to the Leasowe Children's Hospital for treatment.

These were :-

Congenital Deformity . . 1 case. Stay in hospital 21 days. Infantile Paralysis . . . 1 case. Stay in hospital 39 days, and in addition 3 cases attended for X-Ray examination.

The Massage and Remedial exercises work is undertaken by the Masseuse of the Leasowe Hospital. 148 treatments have been given to 8 cases. 4 new cases were referred and 3 discharged on completion of treatment.

It has always been felt that the number of cases on the register does not represent the Orthopaedic needs of the area, but if the School population (1,531) is compared with that of Wallasey (9,018), these numbers are approximately proportionate. Although the average attendance at the clinic session does not exceed 26, it is suggested that a once monthly clinic would serve the area in a more satisfactory way that the present bi-monthly session, and that the provision of Massage Sessions at the Clinic itself would enable a greater number of children to attend and receive the advantages of the valuable treatment.

Visits by Surgeon			 	 6
Attendances by Orthon	paedi	c Sister	 	 31
New Cases Examined			 	 18
Re-examinations			 	 138

# Analysis of Cases.

	Under School Age.		Ag	ge.			
	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	Boys	Girls	
New Cases—Non-Tuber- culous	3	4	4	6	_	-	
Tuberculous	-	_	-	1	-	-	
Re-examinations—Non- Tuberculous	21	19	27	39	1	1	
Tuberculous		_	10	12	8	-	

# Massage and Remedial Exercises Department.

		Boys	Girls	Total
Number of	Patients Treated	7	1	8
do.	Attendances of Cases	132	16	148
do.	New Cases Referred for			
	Treatment	-3	1	4
do.	Cases in which the Treat-			
	ment has been Terminated	d 3	-	3

# Church Street Clinic.

# TABLE 1.

	Re	main	ing	Ne	w cas	es	Re	maini	ing		Discharged.					
Disease Categories.	100	1934 relati to nool a	ion		1935. relat to to nool a	ion ge.	In	1935. relati to to tolool a	on	Cured.	Relieved.	Over Age— Relieved.	Left District.	Refused Treatment.	Unsuitable	Died.
fantile Paralysis	3	10 25 7	7 2 —		2 2 1	=	1 4 6	11 25 5	2 1 —	_ 	2 -	3 1	2 1 3	_ 1 _	=	=
ber- Osteitis & lous Arthritis on-Tuberculous do. formities—	=	11 6	2	=		=	=	7 4	2	1 2	=	-1	2	1	=	=
Congenital	9	22	-	5	6	-	7	25	1	2	1	2	1	3	-	-
Acquired agnosis	-	32 3	=	20 5	122 10	1	25 4	65 4	=	89	5	=	5	3	2 15	1
Totals	44	116	12	38	144	1	47	146	7	100	8	7	14	8	17	1

# ASSAGE RETURN. TABLE 2.

				A	ttend	lances	s.				C	ases.
		Of	Scho	ol ag	е		Und		Ov			
	Boys			Girls			School Age.		School Age.			
Disease Categories.	Attending School.	Not attending School	Attending Special School.	Attending School.	Not attending School.	Attending Special School.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Number of cases.	% of total cases.
antile Paralysis astic Paralysis kets  B.—Osteitis and Arthritis a.T.B. do. genital Deformities quired Deformities	79 102 — 295 559		122 236 — 66 48	_ 		65 140 — — — 181	71 — — 290 166	90 62 - - 40		18 		6·19 7·73 — — 11·34 74·74
Totals	1035	-	472	1429	-	386	527	192	=	18	194	
Totals			332	22			71	9	1	8		
Percentages			81.8	14%			17.	72%	0.4	14%		

# Moreton Clinic.

	Rei	main	ing	Ne	w Ca	ses	Re	mair	ning		Discharged.					
Disease Categories.	In	to ool a	ion		_	ige.	In	relat to to or	ion	Cured	Relieved.	Over age- relieved.	Left District.	Refused treatment.	Unsuitable.	Died.
Infantile Paralysis		1	-	_	1	_	-	2	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	
Spastic Paralysis	_	4	-	1	1	-	1	5		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rickets	-	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Tuber- S Osteitis &		10000												1		
culous \ Arthritis	-	8	2	-	1	-		9	1	-	-	1	-	-	-	-
Non-Tuberculous do.	-	-	-	100	-		-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deformities— Congenital	7	8		1	_	-	7	6	-	1	-	-	2	-	-	-
Acquired	5	6		2	8	_	2	8	-	6	_	2	3	_	_	_
Diagnosis	_	-	-	2	-	-	1	_	-	-	-	_	_	-	1	-
Totals	12	27	2	7	11	_	12	30	1	7	_	3	5	-	1	-

### MASSAGE RETURN.

## TABLE 2.

2000 1 20	al)						Atte	endar	ices.				C	ases.
					Schoo	ol Ag			Seh	nder	Sel	ver		
				Boy	S		Girls	8	A	ge.	A	ge.		
Disease Categories.			Attending School.	Not attending School.	Attending Special School.	Attending School.	Not attending School.	Attending Special School.	Boys.	Girls.	Boys.	Girls.	Number of cases.	% of total cases.
Infantile Paralysis Spastic Paralysis			73	=	=	=	_	=	3	=	=	=	1 3	12.5 37.5
Rickets			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
T.B.—Osteitis and Arthritis Non-T.B.— do	::	11												
Congenital Deformities			23		-	_	_	_	5	16	-	-	3	37.5
Acquired Deformities			-	-	-	-	-	-	28	-	-	-	1	12 5
Totals			96	-	-	_	-	-	36	16		-	8	
Totals					9				55		_	_		
Percentages					64 -8	10		- 1	35.1	3%				

#### Report on the Work of the Classes for Stammering Children.

In January, 1935, there were 40 children attending the Classes for Stammerers. Of these 28 were boys and 15 girls—The children were divided into four classes. Each class received one lesson per week, of an hour and a half's duration.

Of the 40 children on the register in January, 1935 :-

17 are still in attendance at the classes.

12 were discharged with absolutely normal speech.

2 ,, ,, almost normal speech.

5 ,, (on reaching school leaving age), as improved.

1 was ,, as an unsatisfactory case.

1 left the borough.

2 were withdrawn at the request of the parents.

There are at present 33 children attending the classes, 4 of whom are speech defects, requiring individual treatment.

As there are at present no facilities for the treatment of these defects, the cases are included in the classes for stammerers in the hopes that they will derive a little benefit.

During the year beginning January, 1935, the experiment has been tried of having smaller numbers in the classes, *i.e.*, 9-11, instead of 12-16. The result has justified the experiment, for a much higher percentage of children have been discharged with normal speech, and there is no doubt that, as advocated in the London clinics, classes of 9-10 are the most satisfactory.

The principles followed in dealing with the affected children were set out in the Report for 1934.

#### Special Class for Dull and Backward Children at Riverside School.

No. on Register Jan., 1935.	No. Admitted during year.	No. Transferred. during year.	On Register Dec., 1935.
19	6	7	18

Of the transfers, 2 were returned to Elementary Schools, having made good progress, 1 was transferred to Tranmere Infirmary, and later to a Home near Bristol, 1 left the district, 2 were withdrawn over age, and 1 was withdrawn and certified as mentally defective.

#### Elleray Park Special School.

No. of children on the Register, January 1st, 1935:— Boys 23. Girls 27. Total 50.

Removed from Register during the year:— Boys 7. Girls 9. Total 16.

Malnutrition 8. Orthopaedic 5. Rheumatism 2. Cardiac 1. Of these:— 2 attained the age of 14 years. 4 left the district.

7 returned to Elementary Schools.

2 entered Leasowe Children's Hospital.

1 too ill to attend any school.

Admitted during the year:-15.

No. of children on the Register, December 31st, 1935:— Boys 24. Girls 25. Total 49.

Classified as follows :-

		Boys	Girls
Infantile Paralysis		 _	2
Spastic ,,		 3	2
Facial ,,		 -	1
Congenital Dislocati	ion Hip	 1	2
Osteo Myelitis		 1	_
Asthma		 3	-
Congenital Heart D	isease	 1	2
Valvular Heart Dis	ease	 2	2
Chorea		 -	1
Malnutrition		 13	13

#### Provisions of Meals.

The number of meals (dinners) supplied free of cost for the period 1st January to 31st December, 1935, was 51,452.

Average cost per meal for period of 12 months ending 31st March, 1935: Food only—2.96d. Total Expenses—4.04d.

The largest number on the feeding Registers at any one time was in January—356.

#### Supply of Milk.

During the year 1,019,265 bottles of milk containing one third of a pint each were supplied to the schools. Of this total the number of bottles supplied **FREE** to school children over the same period was 58,866. At the end of the year (December, 1935) there were 326 children receiving free milk, but the largest number for any one month taken separately, was 506 in June.

### Children medically examined for Employment Cards, 1935.

Delivering Newspapers, 179; Delivering Milk, 11. Total 190.

(Children who are employed after school hours only, are not medically examined, Entertainment Licences excepted).

Children medically examined for Entertainment Licences, Total 4.

#### REPORT of Mr. JOINSON LUYA,

#### Senior School Dental Surgeon.

This is the Sixteenth Annual Report on the work of the Schools Dental Clinics. Last year's report dealt very fully with the problems and difficulties which face the School Dentists with a rather monotonous regularity. This year it is not intended to do more than make a few brief comments. It is still not possible to make a complete circuit of the Schools during the year; two years is about the time necessary, which means that a large proportion of the value of the School Dentist's work is lost. It cannot be too strongly emphasised that regular visits to a dentist at short intervals are what are necessary to keep any but the most perfect mouths in order—and this applies to adults as well as children. "Prevention is better than cure " is a well known proverb, and it is prevention rather than cure which is offered to the public not only by the school dental service but by the public medical service as a whole. Unfortunately the prevention of any disease is a much less spectacular thing than an impressive and marvellous cure; that is probably why the public have literally to be forced to take advantage of some of the facilities provided for their benefit and why the curse of the school dentist is the parent who persistently refuses the treatment which will save his child pain and suffering, only to dash to the dental clinic at the last moment when the inevitable has happened. An effort is being made to get round the schools more quickly by avoiding the wasted time spent in sending for children whose parents will probably not bring them to the clinic. A glance at the child's record card combined with the experience of years will usually be enough to decide whether to make an appointment or not. The total amount of work done is the usual average, but some extra time has been devoted to the Moreton Clinic; two half days per week are not quite enough, and the extra visits on Wednesday afternoons have been most valuable. Gas and oxygen continue to be a most excellent anaesthetic, the Guy Ross apparatus is quite satisfactory, although a good deal depends on the skill of the anaesthetist. It is a pity that there is not on the market an automatic machine suitable for school Clinics at a reasonable price. It might be mentioned here that when a half day is devoted to extracting teeth under an anaesthetic the average number of appointments made is twenty. Difficulty is sometimes found in convincing parents that it is not possible to go on adding to the number of cases that can be seen on a "gas" day indefinitely. It is as well to state here that although the extraction of teeth under gas looks easy it is not quite so easy as it looks and that if the operator and/or anaesthetist gets tired or tries to hurry, very nasty accidents can occur. That is why sometimes a definite refusal

has to be given to casual cases. Public servants, whether bus drivers or dentists, cannot afford to take risks.

Last year's report contained some remarks about the six year molar. For the benefit of any person interested in the technical side of the treatment of children's teeth it may be pointed out here that further experience merely confirms what was stated.

# MEDICAL INSPECTION, 1935.

# Elementary Schools.

TABLE I.

### RETURN OF MEDICAL INSPECTIONS.

#### (A) ROUTINE MEDICAL INSPECTIONS.

Number of Code	Group	Inspe	ections			 	211
Entrants						 1311	
Intermediates						 1330	
Leavers						 998	
					Total	 3639	
Number of other	Routine	e Insp	ections			 	-
	(B)	отне	R INSI	ECT	TIONS.		
Number of Specia	al Inspe	ctions	-Boys			 182	
,, ,, ,		,,	Girls			 170	
							*352
Number of Re-in	spection	ıs			•••	 	694
				1	Total	 	1046

<sup>\*</sup> Does not include employment cases.

# (C) NUMBER OF INDIVIDUAL CHILDREN FOUND AT ROUTINI MEDICAL INSPECTION TO REQUIRE TREATMENT.

(Excluding Uncleanliness and Dental Diseases).

	Number	of Children.	Donatam
Group.	Inspected.	Found to require treatment. (3)	Children four to require treatment.
Code Groups— Entrants Intermediates Leavers Total (Code Groups)	1311 1330 998 3639	138 103 102 343	10·53 7·74 10·22 9·43
Other Routine Inspections	-	_	-

TABLE II.

# (A) RETURN OF DEFECTS FOUND IN THE COURSE OF MEDICAL INSPECTION, Year Ended December 31st, 1935.

			Routine In	spections.	Specials.			
Defect or Disease.			Number referred for Treatment.	Number requiring to be kept under observation	Number, referred for Treatment	Number requiring to be kept under observation		
Malnutrition-		4				Table 1		
See Table II. B.		•••	-	-	10110	2000 <del>2</del>		
Uncleanliness—	. 17					BURINGS		
See Table IV., Group Skin—	) V.					TOURIST		
D' C-1-				-	_			
			1					
C . 1'				_	2	_		
Impetigo			1		2 2	alin-do-		
Other Diseases	(N	on-				The second second		
Tubercular)			42	17	14	1		
Eye-				- Louis		4		
Blepharitis			16	9	2	1		
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	• • • •	• • • •	1	-	9	Selection of the select		
	•••			1	DATE OF THE PARTY			
0 10 '''	•••	•••		1				
TO !! YT!!		•••	116	191	22	12		
C ' '			24	43	7			
00 100			6	5	3	2 7		
Ear-					Tall Inc.	Entlease		
Defective Hearing			2	17	6	7		
			_	-	8			
			14	46	3	1		
Nose and Throat—		14	10		00			
9			40	197	39	17		
			- 2	6	11	7		
Enlarged Tonsils Adenoids		and	4	1	8			
Other conditions		•••	4	37	12	7		
Enlarged Cervical Glan	ds		1	37	12	STATE OF THE PARTY		
(AT (T) 1 )		122	1	1	5	5		

18

TABLE II.—Continued.

			Routine In	spections.	Spec	ials.
Defect or Disease.	181		Number referred for Treatment.	Number requiring to be kept under observation	Number referred for Treatment	Number requiring to be kept under observation
Defective Speech			1	14	- To your	3
(Dental Diseases)				_	_	_
Heart and Circulation-			The state of the state of	and the same		13
Heart Disease—						
Organic			2	25	2	olifica la
Functional			_	2	1	5
Anaemia			-	244	2	ralin-rall
Other Defects			_	3	-VI	IdeX_P
Lungs-						- 1110
Bronchitis			2	26	- 1	DON - 1
Other Non - Tub	ercu	lar		1	Hody	152
Diseases			1	2		-
Tuberculosis—				The same		opitonmi g
Pulmonary—				10000		Tours ( )
Definite				-		-
Suspected			-	1	-	10
Non-Pulmonary—				1000		Linkland
Glands			-	_	-	-
Spine	• • • •		1	-		-
Hip	:		-	_	- 1934	-
Other Bones & Jo	ints		1		100	-
Skin			_		-01	-
Other Forms			_	1	-	-
Nervous System—					THE RESIDENCE IN	AND THE PERSON NAMED IN
Epilepsy	•••	•••	3		_	2
Chorea		•••	3	11	2	4
Other conditions  Deformities—	•••	•••	17 17	11	The same of the sa	
TO: 1 .			1	4	The state of the state of	T BURNOUSE
Spinal Curvature		•••	1	6	THE REAL PROPERTY.	
Other Forms			12	23	1	1000
Other Defects & Disea	SAS	•••	50	54	*100	22

Number of Individual Children found at Routine Medical Inspection to require treatment (excluding Uncleanliness and Dental Diseases)--343.

\*Included in this number are 8 Malnutrition "Specials."

TABLE II.

(B) Classification of the Nutrition of Children Inspected during the Year in the Routine Age-Groups.

### ROUTINE AGE-GROUP INSPECTIONS.

Ago Groups	Number of Children	(Exce	A. llent)	B. (Norn		(Sligh Su nor	htly)		O. ad)
Age Groups.	Ins- pected.	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
Admissions	1311	121	9.2	1137	86.7	52	4	1	·1
Intermediates	1330	91	6.8	1133	85.2	102	7.7	4	-3
Leavers	998	95	9.5	797	79.9	100	10	6	-6
Other Routine Inspections		_	_		-	-	alli -	-18	
Total	3639	307	8.4	3067	84.3	254	7	11	-3

# (C) TABLE SHOWING NUMBER OF INSPECTIONS (ROUTINE and SPECIAL) AND THE NUMBER AND PERCENTAGE REFERRED FOR TREATMENT IN THE PAST FIVE YEARS.

	1931	1932	1933	1934	1935
Number of Inspections	3,897	4,203	4,152	4,043	3,991
DISEASED CONDITIONS-	No. %	No. %	No. %	No. %	No. %
External Eye Diseases Defective Vision and	17 (0.4)	20 (0.47)	17 (0.4)	43 (1.1)	28 (0.7)
Squint	407 (10.4)	428 (10.1)	368 (8.8)	187 (4.6)	169 (4.2)
Ear Disease or Defect	32 (0.8)	32 (0.7)	21 (0.5)	28 (0.7)	33 (0.8)
Throat & Nose Defects Diseases of Heart and	82 (2.1)	79 (1.8)	96 (2.3)	98 (2.4)	115 (2.9)
Circulation Lung Disease Non-	12 (0.3)	14 (0.3)	2 (0.04)	11 (0.27)	7 (0.18)
Tubercular	1 (0.02)	2 (0.04)	1 (0.02)	2 (0.05)	3 (0.07)
Tuberculosis (all forms)	9 (0.2)	1 (0.02)	4 (0.09)	3 (0.07)	2 (0.05)
Malnutrition	1 (0.02)	13 (0.3)	12 (0.2)	16 (0.4)	19 (0.47)
Skin Diseases	87 (2.2)	94 (2.2)	46 (1.1)	86 (2.1)	62 (1.55)

## TABLE III.

# RETURN OF ALL EXCEPTIONAL CHILDREN IN THE AREA, 1935.

Suffering from Mult	tiple Defects.
Children suffering from the following to Defect, i.e., any combination of Total Deafness, Mental Defect, E Tuberculosis, Crippling or Heart Disc	Total Blindness, Epilepsy, Active
Blind (including Part	ially Blind).
(1) Suitable for training in a School Blind—	for the Totally
At Certified Schools for the B	
At Public Elementary Schools	
A4 C1 1 T 11 11	
At no School of Institution	
(2) Suitable for training in a School f Blind—	for the Partially
At Certified Schools for the Blir	nd or Partially
Blind	
	1
A4 C.1 T T ! !	
The no sensor of institution	GMA GIADOSTE bus
Deaf (including Partially Deaf	). TROT GASSEVAN
(1) Suitable for training in a School to Deaf—	for the Totally
At Certified Schools for the To	otally Deaf 5
A4 C-1 1 T L'4 L'	
At no School of Institution .	
(2) Suitable for training in a School f Deaf—	for the Partially
At Certified Schools for the De	eaf or Partially
Deaf	
At Public Elementary Schools	
At no School or Institution	

### Mentally Defective.

Feel	ble-minded—					
	At Certified Schools for Mer	ntally	Defe	ctive		
	Children					3
	At Public Elementary Schools					4
	At other Institutions					-
	At no School or Institution					4
	Epileptic	s.				
Suff	ering from severe Epilepsy—					
	At Certified Special Schools				200	1
	At Public Elementary Schools					
	At other Institutions					_
	At no School or Institution					-
	Interview of the second	1010				
	Physically Def	ective.				
A-	Tuberculous Children.					
		, .				
i.	Suffering from Pulmonary Tube (including Pleura and Intrat			nds)—		
	At Certified Special Schools					_
	At Public Elementary Schools					1
	At Other Institutions					1
	At no School or Institution					_
	0.00 : 1	m .				
ii.	(This category includes Tube sites other than those sl	erculos	is of a	all		
	At Certified Special Schools					1
	At Public Elementary Schools					17
	At Other Institutions					5
	At no School or Institution					_
D.	-Delicate.					
D	Delicate Children, i.e., all children ( cluded in other groups) health renders it desirable be specially selected for Open Air School.—	whos that t	e ge	neral nould		
	At Certified Special Schools					24
	At Public Elementary Schools		**			44
	At other Institutions					2
	At no School or Institution					1

### C.—Crippled.

Crippled Children (other than those diagnosed as tuberculous and in need of treatment for that disease) who are suffering from a degree of crippling sufficiently severe to interfere materially with a child's normal mode of life—

At Certified Special Schools	 	 	15
At Public Elementary Schools	 	 	12
At other Institutions	 	 	6
At no School or Institution	 	 	6

#### D.—Heart Disease.

Children with heart disease, i.e., children whose defect is so severe as to necessitate the provision of educational facilities other than those of the public elementary school.—

At Certified Special Schools	 	 	8
At Public Elementary Schools	 	 	-
At other Institutions	 	 	-
At no School or Institution	 	 	-

# TABLE SHOWING NUMBER OF CHILDREN FOUND VACCINATED AT ROUTINE MEDICAL INSPECTION, YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1935.

No. Examined	1	accina	ation M	Total	Not		
No. Examined	1	2	3	4	5	Vaccinated	
Boys 1922	724	260	91	269	2	1346	576
Girls1717	674	215	65	238	-	1192	525
Total3639	1398	475	156	507	2	2538	1101

The number of Parents present at the Routine Medical Inspections for 1935 was 2,812.

# TABLE IV.—TREATMENT OF DEFECTS OF CHILDREN DURING 1935.

## Group I.—TREATMENT OF MINOR AILMENTS.

(Excluding Uncleanliness, for which see Group VI.)

	Number	of Defects Tre	eated.
Disease or Defect.	Under Local Education Authority's Scheme	Otherwise	Total
Skin—	*		_
Ringworm—Scalp	5 (-)		5
Body	11	-	11
Scabies	13	-	13
Impetigo	102	_	102
Other Skin Diseases	604	5	609
Eye Disease (External and other)	180	7	187
Ear Disease (Otorrhoea)	113	-	113
Miscellaneous	523	80	603
Total	1551	92	1643

<sup>\*</sup> No X Ray cases as shewn in brackets.

## GROUP II.—DEFECTIVE VISION AND SQUINT.

(Excluding Minor Eye Defects treated as Minor Ailments—Group I).

Errors of Refraction (including squint)—
No. of Defects dealt with—
Under the Authority's Scheme 384
By Private Practitioner or at Hospital, apart from the Authority's Scheme 1
Otherwise
38
Other Defect or Disease of the Eyes (excluding those recorded in Group I)—
Under the Authority's Scheme 3
By Private Practitioner or at Hospital, apart
from the Authority's Scheme —
Otherwise
Sept Valentio I manufacture in the september of the septe
38
No. of children for whom spectacles were—
Prescribed—
Under the Authority's Scheme 349 Otherwise
Obtained—
Under the Authority's Scheme 349 Otherwise
Otherwise
Group III.—TREATMENT OF DEFECTS OF NOSE AND THROAT.
Received Operative Treatment—
(i) (ii) (iv)
Under the Authority's Scheme, in Clinic or Hospital 45 14 48 -
By Private Practitioner or Hospital, apart
from the Authority's Scheme
Total 45 14 48 -
Received other forms of Treatment
Total number treated 108
(i) Tonsils only. (ii) Adenoids only. (iii) Tonsils and adenoids. (iv) Other defects of the nose and throat.

# TABLE IV .-- Continued.

## Group IV .- TREATMENT OF DENTAL DEFECTS.

### NUMBER OF CHILDREN DEALT WITH DURING 1935.

	Age 5	vears				-)		
	,, 6	,,				641		
	,, 7	"				613		
	,, 8	"				591		
Donth	1 ,, 9	,,				474		
Routine	,, 10	,,				486	Takal	1000
Age	,, 11	,,				447	Total	4323
Groups.	,, 12	,,				369		
	,, 13	,,				401		
	,, 14	,,				284		
	,, 15	,,				14		
	( ,, 16	,, 8	and ov	er		3 )		
Specials								795
				G	rand T	otal		5118
								-
Referred for T	reatmen	it					2201	
*Specials							795	
							-	2996
Actually Treat	hod						1998	
*Specials							795	
Specials		***					,,,,	2793

<sup>\*</sup> Includes 162 cases from the Secondary Schools.

#### TABLE IV.—Continued.

# PARTICULARS OF TIME GIVEN AND OF OPERATIONS UNDERTAKEN.

# SCHOOL DENTIST'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1935.

Number of half-days devoted to Inspection Number of half-days devoted to Treatment		27 961	
Total		988	
Total number of attendances made by children for	or tre	atment	6400
Number of Permanent Teeth—			
Extracted Filled		1449 2617	† (132) (253)
Number of Temporary Teeth—			
Extracted Filled		3787 52	(14)
Total number of Fillings		2669	(253)
Total number of Extractions		5236	(146)
*Number of administrations of general anaesthetics		2221	(107)
Number of Other Operations—			
Permanent Temporary		91 540	(24) (103)
*Nitrous Oxide.			
† Figures in brackets denote Secondary School S in first total.	Statis	stics incl	uded

TABLE IV.—Continued.

## Group IV .- ORTHOPAEDIC AND POSTURAL DEFECTS.

	Under	the Auth Scheme. (1)	ority's	(	orein		
	Residential treatment with education (i)	Residen- tial treat- ment without educa- tion	residen- tial treat-	Residential treatment with education (i)	Residen- tial treat- ment without educa- tion	Non- residen- tial treat- ment at an ortho- paedic Clinic (iii)	Total number treated
Number of children treated	11	-18	305	-31		-	305

## Group V.—UNCLEANLINESS AND VERMINOUS CONDITIONS.

(1)	Average number of Visits per School made during the
,	year by the School Nurses 6.7
(2)	Total number of Examinations of Children in the Schools by School Nurses 24,568
(3)	Number of individual children found unclean 621
(4)	Number of children cleansed under arrangements made by the Education Authority —
(5)	Number of cases in which legal proceedings were taken—
1	(a) Under the Education Act, 1921
	(b) Under School Attendance Byelaws

# MEDICAL INSPECTION, 1935.

# Secondary Schools.

#### TABLE I.

### RETURN OF MEDICAL INSPECTIONS.

Number of Age Group Inspections ... ...

### (A) ROUTINE MEDICAL INSPECTIONS.

85

Age Groups. Boys. Girls. Total. Entrants Under 12 ... 155 142 297 151 139 Intermediates 963 162 189 200 122 149 69 Leavers { 329 26 85 Totals ... 929 660 1589

Number of other Routine Inspections ... ... ... -

### (B) OTHER INSPECTIONS.

Number of Special Inspections			 	8
Number of Re-Inspections			 	17 TO
	To	otal	 	8

# (A) SECONDARY SCHOOLS.—TABLE II. RETURN OF DEFECTS FOUND BY MEDICAL INSPECTION IN THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1935.

	1 4	Routine Ir	spections.	Special In	spections.
Defect or Disease.		Number referred for Treatment.	Number requiring to be kept under observation	Number referred for Treatment	Number requiring to be kept under observation
alnutrition		-	_	broom the	-
in— Bing worm Hood		emple i		TO SOLID LANG	O line you
D.			to Down		_
C Air					-
Y		The state of the s	_	_	
	(Non-				
Tubercular)		5	52	-	- 3111
D 1/4 - 1 - 1		93	_		
- 1		4	_	_	_
Cart		-	_	_	
		95	58	-	-
ose and Throat—			41		
Enlarged Tonsils only		1	41	1	WIND STATE
	and				Linkson .
Adenoids	1	_	_	_	
04 6 14		1	5	_	
nlarged Cervical Gland	1000	F			
NT TO 1		-	_	_	
ye—					ura empras
0 1		1	6	_	-
The state of the s	•• •••	-	3	A ALTERDA	J lo mare
C 1 771					Sauli ling
C1 0 :4:					
Diania				_	
Defective Vision (e					110000
1 0 . 11		101	256	1	-
Squint		_	7	_	-
		_		steam be	estiTheola
			_		THE STATE OF
Defective Hearing		1	2	578787	
A		1		-	
0.1 71		1	10		
		_	6	_	-
	velop-			1	
ment		-	4		1000

30

# TABLE II.—Continued

Defect or Disease.   Number referred for Treatment   Treatment	17	IBLE II.—(	ontinued		
Defect or Disease.   Number referred for Treatment   Treatment	- AMERICA SALVA	Routine In	spections.	Special	Inspections
Heart and Circulation—         Heart Disease—       —       6       —       —         Organic	Defect or Disease.	referred for	requiring to be kept under	referred for	Number requiring to be ker under observation
Heart Disease—       Organic       —       —       6       —		303	450	2	-
Functional			- Albana	A DESIGNATION OF THE PARTY OF T	111111111111111111111111111111111111111
Functional	Organic	_	6		-
Other Defects	***	_		-	_
Lungs—       Bronchitis	Anaemia	1	69	_	
Bronchitis	Other Defects	-	-	_	-
Other Non - Tubercular Diseases — 3 — —  Tuberculosis— Pulmonary—Definite — — — — — — , Suspected — — — — — — Non Pulmonary—	Lungs-			111111111111111111111111111111111111111	
Diseases — 3 — — — — — — — — — — — —		_	15	-	-
Tuberculosis— Pulmonary—Definite — — — — — — Non Pulmonary—	Other Non - Tubercular				111111111111111111111111111111111111111
Pulmonary—Definite — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		-	3	-	-
Non Pulmonary—			136.3	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
Non Pulmonary—		_		-	-
		-	-	_	-
Glands			-	-	-
Spine			-	_	-
Hip 1   -   -   -		1	_	_	-
Other Bones & Joints — — — —			_	Section 1	
Skin	Ott T		100	-	
Other Forms — — — — —			_	_	-
Nervous System—  Headache 1 11 — —		,	11		
		1	11	-	The
Signs of Overstrain — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —					
		1		70	The same of
0.1 71	0.1 101	1	4		
Other Diseases — 4 — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		William D. Tres	4		
Disection				Verlage Ver	
Constipation — — — — — — — — — — — — —			14	(111	
Other Conditions		_	_		
Deformities and Defects—					
Rickets		_		- Allower	1000
Spinal Curvature — 6 — —		_	6	- /	
Flat Foot 3 47 1 -		3		1	-
Other Deformities or De-					
fects 5   108   5   -	fects	5	108	5	-
Catamenia — — — — — —	Catamenia		-	_	-
Total 315   740   8   -	Total	315	740	8	-
		August Inches		S. Commence	-

#### TABLE II.—Continued.

# (B) NUMBER OF INDIVIDUAL CHILDREN FOUND AT ROUTINE MEDICAL INSPECTION TO REQUIRE TREATMENT.

(Excluding Uncleanliness and Dental Diseases).

	Number	Smbion	
Group.	Inspected.	Found to require treatment. (3)	Percentage of Children found to require treatment. (4)
Entrants	297	19	6.4
Intermediates	963	67	6.9
Leavers	329	29	8.8
Total	1589	115	7.2
Other Routine Inspections	_	_	Helde_

#### Table III.

## RETURN OF ALL EXCEPTIONAL CHILDREN.

Table III. in Elementary School Statistics covers the area.

#### SECONDARY SCHOOLS.—TABLE IV.

# RETURN OF DEFECTS TREATED DURING THE YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1935.

Group I.—Treatment of Minor Ailments (excluding Uncleanliness).

	Number of Pupils Treated.				
Defect or Disease.	Under L.E.A.'s Scheme.	Otherwise.	Total.		
skin—		heritagiji -			
Ringworm—Head					
Body					
Scabies			-		
Impetigo	_	_	-		
Minor Injuries	_				
Other Skin Diseases	_	_	_		
čar—		-4 11			
Otitis Media, etc	-		-		
Lye—	1				
External and other	2				
discellaneous	2	2	4		
Group II.—Treatm	ent of Visual	Defects.	Lapl		
Submitted to Refraction— Under Local Education A By Private Practitioner o	uthority's Sch				
Submitted to Refraction— Under Local Education A	uthority's Sch	neme 74	2		
Submitted to Refraction— Under Local Education A By Private Practitioner o Otherwise	uthority's Sch r Hospital	neme 74	2 - 106		
Submitted to Refraction— Under Local Education A By Private Practitioner o Otherwise	uthority's Sch	neme 74 32 	106		
Submitted to Refraction— Under Local Education A By Private Practitioner o Otherwise	uthority's Sch r Hospital L.E.A.'s Sch wise	neme 74	106		
Submitted to Refraction— Under Local Education A By Private Practitioner of Otherwise  For whom Glasses (a) Under were prescribed (b) Other For whom Glasses (a) Under	tuthority's Sch	eme 65 	2 - 106 5 2 - 97		
Submitted to Refraction— Under Local Education A By Private Practitioner of Otherwise  For whom Glasses (a) Under were prescribed (b) Other For whom Glasses (a) Under	uthority's Sch r Hospital L.E.A.'s Sch wise	eme 65 	2 - 106 5 - 97		
Submitted to Refraction— Under Local Education A By Private Practitioner of Otherwise  For whom Glasses (a) Under were prescribed (b) Other For whom Glasses (a) Under	tuthority's Sch	eme 65 	2 - 106 5 2 - 97		
Submitted to Refraction— Under Local Education A By Private Practitioner of Otherwise  For whom Glasses (a) Under were prescribed (b) Other For whom Glasses (a) Under	L.E.A.'s Schwise	eme 65 	2 - 106 5 - 97 - 97		
Submitted to Refraction— Under Local Education A By Private Practitioner of Otherwise  For whom Glasses (a) Under were prescribed (b) Other  For whom Glasses (a) Under were provided (b) Other  Group III.—Treatment of	L.E.A.'s Schewise	eme 65 	2 - 106 5 - 97 - 97		
Submitted to Refraction— Under Local Education A By Private Practitioner of Otherwise  For whom Glasses (a) Under were prescribed (b) Other  For whom Glasses (a) Under were provided (b) Other	L.E.A.'s Schewise	eme	2 - 106 5 - 97 - 97		
Submitted to Refraction— Under Local Education A By Private Practitioner of Otherwise  For whom Glasses (a) Under were prescribed (b) Other  For whom Glasses (a) Under were provided (b) Other  Group III.—Treatment of Received Operative Treatment—	L.E.A.'s Schwise  f Defects of Nority's Schen	eme	2 - 106 5 - 97 - 97		
Submitted to Refraction— Under Local Education A By Private Practitioner of Otherwise  For whom Glasses (a) Under were prescribed (b) Other  For whom Glasses (a) Under were provided (b) Other  Group III.—Treatment of Received Operative Treatment— Under Local Education Aut	L.E.A.'s Schewise	eme	2 - 106 5 - 97 - 97		

#### SECONDARY SCHOOLS.—TABLE IV.

### Group IV.—Treatment of Dental Defects.

	Number of Pupils Treated.			
Defect or Disease.	Under L.E.A.'s Scheme	Otherwise	Total	
Dental—Specials	*162	58	220	

<sup>\*</sup>Included in the Elementary School Statistics.

#### Group V .- Uncleanliness and Verminous Conditions.

Only Elementary Schools come under this arrangement.

# TABLE SHOWING NUMBER OF CHILDREN FOUND VACCINATED AT ROUTINE MEDICAL INSPECTION, YEAR ENDED 31st DECEMBER, 1935.

No Examined	Vaccination Marks.					Total	Not
No Examined	1	2	3	4	5	Vaccinated	
Boys 929	235	264	115	86	1	701	228
Girls 660	176	214	83	56	1	530	130
Total1589	411	478	198	142	2	1231	358

The total number of Parents present at the Routine Medical Inspection for 1935 was 933.