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CITY OF WAKEFIELD





ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALTH

FOR THE YEAR 1942



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Public Health Department,
Town Hall Chambers,
King Street,
Wakefield.
September, 1943.

To the Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors of the City of Wakefield.

MR. MAYOR, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I beg to submit my Report for the year 1942. In doing so, I wish to acknowledge the valuable assistance I have received from Dr. Eeles, and Mr. W. Roberts (Chief Sanitary Inspector), who have respectively prepared the parts of the Report dealing with their own sections of the work.

I have to thank my Chief Clerk (Mr. T. R. Blythe) and those who assisted him in compiling the Report, as well as all other members of the staff for their co-operation during a very difficult year.

I am,

Yours faithfully,

FRANK ALLARDICE, Medical Officer of Health

PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICERS.

Medical Officer of Health, School Medical Officer, School Ophthalmologist, Medical Officer for Maternity and Child Welfare, Tuberculosis Officer, Medical Superintendent of Maternity Hospital and Municipal Hospital for Infectious Diseases and Tuberculosis, Certifying Medical Officer under the Mental Deficiency Acts:—

FRANK ALLARDICE, M.D., Ch.B., (Edin. Univ.), D.P.H., (Edin. Univ.).

Deputy Medical Officer of Health, Deputy School Medical Officer,

Assistant Medical Officer for Maternity and Child Welfare.

*ALAN C. STEVENSON, B.Se., M.B., Ch.B., L.R.C.P.

L.R.C.S., (Edin.), L.R.F.P., and S.G., M.R.C.P.,

(London), D.P.H. (London).

Temporary Deputy Medical Officer of Health:-

LIONEL W. BRADSHAW, L.R.C.P., L.R.C.S., L.R.F.P., and S.G.

Assistant Medical Officer of Health, Assistant Medical Officer for Maternity and Child Welfare, Resident Medical Officer at the Maternity Hospital:—

JESSIE EELES, M.D., Ch.B., (Edin.).

Junior Assistant Medical Officer, Assistant School Medical Officer, Assistant Medical Officer for Maternity and Child Welfare:—

*S. A. HUGH LESSER, M.A. (Cantab.) M.B., B.Ch., (Cantab.) M.R.C.S., (Eng.) L.R.C.P. (London.)

Temporary Junior Assistant Medical Officer:—

*MAURICE E. TAPISSIER, M.B., B.CH., B.A.O.

School Dental Officer:-

G. S. CUBITT, L.D.S., R.C.S., (Eng).

Consultant Obstetric Surgeon. (Part-Time) .: -

W. GOUGH, F.R.C.S., (Eng.) M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., (London.)

Dental Officer to the Ante-Natal Clinics. (Part-Time). :— W. CROOK, L.D.S., R.C.S., (Eng.)

Consultant Orthopaedic Surgeon. (Part-Time). :— H. L. CROCKATT, M.B., Ch.B., (Leeds). Public Analysts (Part-Time). :-

F. W. RICHARDSON, F.I.C. (Terminated Contract—February, 1942).

C. H. MANLEY, F.I.C., (Commenced-March, 1942.)

Chief Sanitary Inspector, Inspector of Meat & other Foods, Inspector under the Housing Regulations, Inspector of Canal Boats:—

WILLIAM ROBERTS (a), (b).

Deputy Chief Sanitary Inspector, District Sanitary Inspector, Inspector of Meat and Other Foods, Inspector under the Housing Regulations:—

JOHN P. WHITEHEAD (b), (c).

District Sanitary Inspectors, Inspectors of Meat and Other Foods, Inspectors under the Housing Regulations:—

LESLIE J. CARTER (b), (c).

GEORGE CAYTON (b), (c).

JOHN HOLMES (b), (c).

GORDON ELLIS (b), (c).

* On Military Service.

(a) Certificate of Royal Sanitary Institute for Inspector of Nuisances.

(b) Certificate of Royal Sanitary Institute for Inspector of Meat and Other Foods.

(c) Certificate of Royal Sanitary Institute for Sanitary Inspectors.

Senior Health Visitor; Superintendent, Manygates Child Welfare Centre, School Nurse, Tuberculosis Nurse:—

> SARAH S. THORP, Certificates of Royal Sanitary Institute for

> > (1) Inspector of Nuisances.

(2) Maternity and Child Welfare.

(3) Health Visitor, and School Nurse. C.M.B., Certificate, New Certificate of Royal Sanitary Institute for Health Visitors. (Retired—September, 1942.)

Senior Health Visitor; Superintendent, Eastmoor District Child Welfare Centre (held at Principal Centre), School Nurse, Tuberculosis Nurse:—

HILDA STANIFORTH, Trained Nurse, C.M.B. Certificate, Certificate of Royal Sanitary Institute for

(1) Inspector of Nuisances.

(2) Health Visitor and School Nurse. New Certificate of Royal Sanitary Institute for Health Visitors. (Promoted—September, 1942).

- Health Visitor, School Nurse and Tuberculosis Nurse, Superintendent Thornes Lane District Child Welfare Centre (held at the Principal Centre):—
 - HILDA ROBERTSHAW, Trained Nurse, C.M.B. Certificate, New Certificate of Royal Sanitary Institute for Health Visitors.
- Health Visitor, School Nurse and Tuberculosis Nurse, Superintendent, Snapethorpe Hall Child Welfare Centre:—
 - MAGGIE DEARDEN, Trained Nurse, C.M.B. Certificate, New Certificate of Royal Sanitary Institute for Health Visitors.
- Health Visitor, School Nurse and Tuberculosis Nurse, Superintendent, Northgate District Child Welfare Centre (held at Principal Centre):—
 - HANNAH BELL, Trained Nurse, C.M.B. Certificate, New Certificate of Royal Sanitary Institute for Health Visitors.
- Health Visitor, School Nurse and Tuberculosis Nurse, Superintendent, South Westgate District Child Welfare Centre (held at Principal Centre).
 - JENNETT GARDNER, Trained Nurse, C.M.B. Certificate, New Certificate of Royal Sanitary Institute for Health Visitors. (Resigned—January, 1942).
- Health Visitor, School Nurse and Tuberculosis Nurse, Superintendent, South Westgate District Child Welfare Centre (held at Principal Centre):—
 - GRACE SPETCH, Trained Nurse, C.M.B. Certificate, New Certificate of Royal Sanitary Institute for Health Visitors. (Commenced—January, 1942).
- Health Visitor, School Nurse and Tuberculosis Nurse, Superintendent, Manygates Child Welfare Centre:—
 - GERTRUDE CARTER, Trained Nurse, C.M.B. Certificate, New Certificate of Royal Sanitary Institute for Health Visitors. (Commenced Nov. 1942).

Orthopaedic and Ultra-Violet Ray Nurse, Nurse at the Principal Chitd Welfare Centre:—

> OLIVE I. BURTON, Trained Nurse, Certificates of Chartered Society of Massage and Medical Gymnastics for

- (1) Massage.
- (2) Swedish Remedial Exercises, and
- (3) Medical Electricity.

Matron, Municipal Hospital for Infectious Diseases:—
ANNIE J. PECK, Trained Fever Nurse.
(Retired—April, 1942).

Matron, Municipal Hospital for Infectious Diseases:—
CLARA BELL, Trained Nurse, Trained Fever Nurse.
(Commenced—April, 1942).

Matron, Municipal Maternity Hospital:—

KATE P. PERKINS, Trained Nurse, C.M.B. Certificate.

Municipal District Midwives:-

ELIZABETH A. HALLS, Trained Nurse, C.M.B. Certificate.

ELSIE M. MARSHALL, C.M.B. Certificate. IDA LESSONS, Trained Nurse, C.M.B. Certificate. NANCY STUART, Trained Nurse, C.M.B. Certificate. (Commenced—June, 1942).

School Clinic Nurse:-

*LOUIE MILNER, Trained Nurse, C.M.B. Certificate.

Temporary School Clinic Nurse:-

DOROTHY M. WALL (Mrs). Trained Nurse, C.M.B. Certificate. New Certificate of Royal Sanitary Institute for Health Visitors. (Commenced September, 1942.)

Dental Attendant:-

EDNA M. PICKERING.

Clerical Staff:-

Chief Clerk and Vaccination Officer:—CHARLES G. TOMLINSON, B.A. (Admin.) (Resigned October 1942).

Deputy Chief Clerk:—*KENNETH BIRDSALL.

School Medical Service Clerk:—HERBERT W. TATE.

Clerks:-*THOMAS P. McKNIFF.

PHYLLIS GOLDTHORPE.

*RONALD JUSTICE.

*JOHN W. FOSTER.

BEATRICE H. LAKE. (Part-time M. & C.W. and School Medical Service).

MARY E. REYNOLDS. (Clerk and Assistant at the Principal Child Welfare Centre.)

*ROLAND MURGATROYD. (Sanitary Dept).

*ALWYNE FIRTH. (Sanitary Dept.).

AUDREY V. NAYLOR.

Temporary Clerks:—*IRVINE I. MOSBY.

LOIS BERRY.

L. HOGAN (Mrs.). (Commenced February, 1942).

KENNETH WHITLAM. (Commenced, June, 1942).

DEREK RAYNER.

JOHN DEREK CLAYTON. (Sanitary Dept.)

^{*}On Military Service.

GENERAL STATISTICS.

Area (in acres)		!	5,300
Population (a) Census, 1931 (b) Registrar-General's estimate,	mid-ye	ar	
1942 (civilians only)		Э	0,050
Number of inhabited houses.			
(a) Census, 1931 (b) End of 1942, according to Ra			
Rateable Value, 1st April, 1942		£38	5,973
Sum represented by a penny rate, 19	42-43. £1,527 Total	16s.	9d.
Registered Live Births: Legitimate Illegitimate	821 45	415	406 23
	866	437	429
Birth-rate per 1,000 estimated population			15.7
Still-Births	Total 23	$\frac{M}{13}$	F. 10
Still-Birth rate per 1,000 (live and still) births			25
	Total 608	$\frac{M}{309}$	F. 299
Death-rate per 1,000 population			10.9
Maternal Deaths			
Puerperal Infection	Rates 1,000 t (live a	per total	3.31
Total 3	still) bi	rths	3 31
Deaths of infants under 1 year of age:-			
All infants 46 Rate per 1,000 live Legitimate infants 45 Rate per 1,000 leg. Illegitimate infants 1 Rate per 1,000 illeg	live bir	rths	53 54 22

Deaths from Cancer (all ages)	 	 73
Deaths from Measles (all ages)	 	 -
Deaths from Whooping Cough (all ages)	 	 1
Deaths from Diarrhoea (under 2 years)	 	 3

Population.

The civilian population in June, 1942, as estimated by the Registrar-General was 55,050, a decrease of 1,140 over the corresponding figure for 1941. During the same period the natural increase, i.e. the excess of births over deaths was 258.

Births.

The total number of live births registered in the City among residents was 827. The Registrar-General's total figure, including births in respect of residents confined outside the City was 866 as compared with 772 for the previous year. The birth-rate per 1,000 of the population for 1942 was therefore 15.7 as compared with 13.7 in 1941 and 14.5 in 1940.

Of the live births 45 (5.3 per cent) were illegitimate. The net number of still-births registered was 23.

Notifications of births totalled 1,087 including 25 still-births.

Deaths.

During the year 1942 the total deaths registered in Wakefield amounted to 929. Of these, 321 were deaths of non-residents. The net deaths amounted to 608, giving a death-rate of 10.9 per 1,000 of the population. The corresponding figures for 1941 and 1940 were 11.9 and 13.5 respectively. The crude death-rates are given in each case as the Registrar-General is unable to supply comparability factors for 1942.

The Death-rate of 10.9 compares with 11.6 for England and Wales and 13.9 for London.

More than 56 per cent of the deaths occurred in persons over 65 years of age. The principal causes of death were as follows:—

	No. of deaths	Perc.	of total deaths
Heart disease	160		26.9
Cancer	73		10.6
Intra-cranial vascular lesions	80		13.7

Table III summarises all deaths belonging to the City under causes, age-groups and wards.

Infant Mortality.

The deaths of infants occurring under one year of age was 46 (25 males and 21 females) giving an infant mortality rate of 53 per 1,000 live births compared with 56 in 1941 and 60 in 1940. The corresponding rates for England and Wales and for the County Boroughs and great towns in 1942 were 49 and 59 respectively.

The neo-natal mortality rate (i.e. during the first four weeks of life) was 26 as compared with 19 in 1941 and 36 in 1940.

The causes of infant deaths were as follows:--,

Premature Congenital				infantile		$\frac{11}{13}$
Diarrhoea		1.1			 	3
Pneumonia			 		 	7
Bronchitis			 	4	 	3
Whooping			 1 K		 	1
Other cause	es		 1		 	8
						46

Maternal Mortality.

Three maternal deaths belonging to Wakefield occurred in 1942, two being in the Maternity Hospital and one in the Clayton Hospital. One case occurred in the Maternity Hospital from an outside address and one Pneumonia miscarriage in the Clayton Hospital. This gives a maternal mortality rate of 3.31 per 1,000 total (live and still) births, compared with 2.01 for the country as a whole.

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES.

Nursing in the Home.

(a) General. This is chiefly provided by the local Nursing Association, which employs seven Nurses, in addition to the Superintendent. The Corporation has an arrangement with the Association for the home nursing of cases of puerperal pyrexia, when required.

(b) Infectious diseases. The Health Visitors render assistance in the home nursing of cases of Measles, Whooping Cough, Opthalmia Neonatorum, etc.

Laboratory Facilities.

By arrangement with the West Riding County Council, the Wakefield Corporation is provided with facilities for pathological examinations at the County Hall Laboratory. These arrangements include the bacteriological examinations of water, milk and pathological specimens. Chemical and bacteriological examinations of the Wakefield Corporation water supply are made in the Laboratory of the West Riding Rivers Board. The Chemical analyses of food, drugs and fertilisers are carried out by Mr. C. H. Manley, F. I. C. of Leeds.

Ambulance Facilities.

- (1) For infectious cases, 3 motor ambulances are provided by the Corporation at the Municipal Hospital for Infectious Diseases.
- (2) As noted in my last Annual Report, the public Ambulance Service became the concern of this Department towards the end of 1941, and during 1942 it has continued to do a considerable amount of work in the conveyance of sick and injured to and from hospital. The actual number of journeys made on behalf of Wakefield citizens and persons in adjoining areas was 1,474, which is an increase of 400 over the total for 1941. It is of interest to note that journeys may be long or short and several of considerable length have had to be undertaken, one actually being to London.

Under certain conditions, the Ambulance Service is available for the conveyance of sick members of His Majesty's Forces and during the year 39 journeys were made in this respect.

The staffing of the Ambulances, both as regards driving and rendering of First Aid, is the concern of members of the Civil Defence Casualty Service and these include not only whole-time but also part-time volunteers, to all of whom unqualified praise is due for the efficient manner in which their duties have been carried out. It is hoped that the transfer of the Ambulance Service to this Department will not have been found to detract from its efficiency and that the enthusiasm which has been shown in the early days of the change-over will be maintained, and even increased, so long as there are sick and injured people to assist.

Clinics and Treatment Centres.

Situation.	Days and Hours.
Principal Child Welfare Centre, 15, Margaret Street. Manygates Child Welfare Centre, Barnsley Road Snapethorpe Hall Child Wel- fare Centre, Hall Rd., Lupset	Monday to Thursday, 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. Tuesday, 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. Wednesday, 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.
Ante-natal Clinic, Maternity Hospital Ante-natal Clinic, Principal Child Welfare Centre	Monday, 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. Wednesday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon Thursday, 10 a.m. to 11.30 a.m. Friday, 2 p.m. to 4 p.m.
Post-natal Clinic, Maternity Hospital	Monday, 2 p.m.
Tuberculosis Dispensary Almshouse Lane	Thursday, 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. and 6 p.m. to 7 p.m.
Venereal Diseases Clinic, Clayton Hospital	Men. Wednesday, 6 p.m. to 8 p.m. Friday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon. Women and Children. Monday, 4 p.m. to 6 p.m. Friday, 3 p.m. to 5 p.m.
Orthopaedic Clinic, Principal Child Welfare Centre	By appointment.
Anti-Diphtheria Immunisation Clinic, Principal Child Welfare Centre	Monday and Wednesday afternoons, by appointment
School Clinics, Town Hall Chambers: Minor Ailments Dental Ophthalmic Minor Ailments Clinics: Snapethorpe C. School Manygates C. W. Centre	Monday to Saturday, 10 a.m. Daily by appointment By appointment Daily, 9 a.m. Daily, 9 a.m.

Hospitals, Public and Voluntary.

The public and voluntary hospitals in Wakefield are as follows:—

1. The Municipal Hospital for Infectious Diseases.

This hospital provides accommodation for 97 patients and includes a tuberculosis pavilion of 16 beds, a cubicle block of 12 beds and a discharge block of 4 beds. Particulars of the patients treated during 1942 are given in the section of this report dealing with infectious diseases.

2. The Municipal Maternity Hospital.

This hospital provides accommodation for 33 patients and there are also two isolation beds. Ante-natal, post-natal and child welfare clinics are provided in the attached Clinic Block, where the dental treatment of expectant mothers is also carried out. Details of the year's work are given in the Maternity and Child Welfare section of this report.

3. The West Riding Mental Hospital.

This hospital contains 1,632 mental beds and is controlled by the West Riding Mental Hospitals Board. In my report for 1940 the number of beds was given as 2,435. The difference in the bed state is due to the Military Authorities having taken over part of the hospital,

4. The White Rose County Hospital.

This Hospital is administered by the West Riding County Council and contains 200 beds.

5. The Clayton Hospital and General Dispensary.

This is a Voluntary Hospital (General) and contains 187 beds and 17 cots.

Maternity and Nursing Homes.

There are two Private Maternity Homes in the City, but no Nursing homes. The Maternity Homes are inspected periodically by the Assistant Medical Officer for Maternity and Child Welfare.

SANITARY INSPECTION OF THE AREA.

(By William Roberts, Chief Sanitary Inspector).

General Remarks.

Owing to additional duties brought about by the War, certain aspects of sanitary inspection work have had to be curtailed during the year. In spite of difficulties, an endeavour has been made wherever possible to maintain a reasonable standard of inspection, as will be found in the summary of work carried out during the year under review. The remedy of defects to house property still remains a serious matter, and will require to be tackled in the very near future. The more urgent defects and nuisances have continued to receive attention during the year, but general maintenance and renewals to properties have been negligible. When labour and materials become available this important part of sanitary administration will need to be pressed forward.

It will be found that much time has been devoted to the inspection and supervision of food supplies. The table setting out condemnations made in 1942 gives some idea of the large amount of foodstuffs it has been necessary to deal with. The Points Scheme under the Food Rationing Order has, to a great extent, been the principal cause of this increase on account of the food purveyor having to produce a certificate of condemnation before he can obtain replacement of any particular commodity. The sale of spurious foodstuffs, or so-called food substitutes continued to receive attention, and appropriate action has been taken under the Food & Drugs Act.

The milk supply has been the cause of some anxiety, principally due to souring, a condition brought about to a large extent by the shortage of labour. It is disappointing to find a deterioration in the production of milk, particularly when it is remembered the large amount of attention given in past years to improving methods and dairy equipment with the object of ensuring a clean and wholesome milk supply. The local cowsheds have been regularly visited and every effort taken to maintain a high standard in the production of clean milk. The local dairy herds, however, still show a decline in numbers, hence the City is dependent upon outside sources for the bulk of the supply.

Rat repression has been given special attention. The Health Committee, near the end of the year, decided to engage an Official Rat Catcher. It was to be expected that the rat population would show signs of increasing on account of war conditions and steps have been taken to abate the menace.

During the year three common lodging houses were closed and at the end of the year three houses remained. The need for this type of accommodation is becoming acute and will require to receive consideration when plans for post-war housing are made.

The Sanitary Inspectors have continued to carry out the duties of Billeting Officers during the year.

DETAILS OF INSPECTIONS MADE.

mail 1 di di 1	1-	-00
Total number of inspections made	15,	082
Dwellinghouses.		
Ordinary		405
re Notifiable Disease		223
Housing Act, 1936, Clearance Areas (Clearance of		
Buildings)		222
Applications for Municipal Houses	The same	156
Municipal Houses inspected prior to re-letting		70
Sanitary Conveniences.		
Water Closets		547
Privies & Pail Closets		42
Urinals		53
Refuse Storage.		
Ashplaces		74
Ashbins		420
Drains and Sewers.		
Drains		338
Sewers		12
Street Gullies		123
Factories.		
Factories (with mechanical power)		18
'Factories (without mechanical power)		22
Other premises (including restaurant kitchens &		
stables)		55
Outworkers		5
Food Storage, Preparation, etc.		
Bakehouses (with mechanical power)		52
Bakehouses (without mechanical power)		35
Butchers' shops, stalls, etc		239
Cowsheds		162

Dairies, Milk shops, Milk stores				241
Fishmongers' shops and stalls				59
Fruit & Vegetable shops & stores (ir	neludi	ng		
hawkers' stores)				11
Fish frying premises				132
General Provision shops & stores				78
Ice cream premises				12
Markets (borough)				71
Meat & Fish product manufacturers				68
Slaughterhouse (public)				465
(Family)	12/1/33			
Miscellaneous.				
Animals, Poultry, etc				41
Accumulations-Manure		-1: 4		33
Air Raid Shelters				61
Common Lodging Houses	1			58
Canal Pasts				20
	3300			11
TN 4				29
				33
Houses Let in Lodgings				549
Meetings with owners and tradesmer				949
Miscellaneous (including cesspools, w				16
refuse tips, etc.)				43
Offensive trades—excluding fishfryer				30
Piggeries		* 1000		12
Special Notice of slaughter				
Schools				14
Shops (shops act)				14
Sanitary Inspections				1,354
Special visits (not classified)				431
Visits to premises re rat infestation				230
Yards and courts			3:1-	153
		1000	**	443
Billets (private)				7,597
Notices Served.				
				200
Informal notices served		**		326 310
Informal notices complied with	**			
Statutory notices served		**		57
Statutory notices complied with				43
Notices outstanding at end of 1942	· ·		1	30
Notices served under the Wakefield	Corpo	oration		en
1924, re ashbins		- 41		63
Verbal notices given and complied w		or the		000
remedy of defects, etc				268

Letters sent					etc.		243
Matters refer	rred to the	e City	Engine	er			221
Matters refer					neer		- 7
Complaints							564
Complaints							486
Nuisances fo							122
, Ivuisances re	und	**					122
MITTELANCES	AND SAN	TTAD	V DEE	TOTAL	DEM	EDIE	D
NUISANCES	AND SAN	HAR	Y DEF	ECI	KEM	EDIE	D
Dwellinghouses.							
Cleansed or	limewashe	d					17
Vermin infes				1			49
					and it		3
Overcrowdin							
Dampness re							83
Roofs repair							29
Eavespouts							43
Rain water f							3
External wa	lls, chimne	eys rep	aired o	r repo	ointed		11
Inside walls,	ceilings, e	etc., re	paired	"			22
Ventilation i							7
New floors la							7
Fireplaces, o							21
Washing acc							3
Doors repair		-			310,100		6
Yards paved							6
Yards cleans							2
Tarus cleans	eu			1.			4
Drains.							
Repaired							12
Drains choke					1 0		
		• •					160
Drains clean			1.				160
New drains							12
Drains venti							3
Removed fro	m inside	buildin	g				1
Sinks.							
New sinks pr							6
Sink waste p	ipes trapp	ed					2
Sink waste p	ipes repair	red					18
Other waste	pipes repa	ired					1
Water Closets.							
Cleansed or l	imewashe	d					. 23
Repaired							151
Reconstructe	ed	1.					3
Additional p					ST. F.		4
1					1	The state of the s	

Urinals.				
Cleansed or improved				
New urinal provided .				1
Accumulations Removed.				
001 11 35				7 23
Ashbins and Ashplaces.				
				140
Moveable galvanised iron of ashpits				11
Dry ashplaces abolished				4
Closet Accommodation.				
The total closet accomm				
Water closets (including				
Privies				30 12
(16 trough water closets				
REFUSE STORA	GE ACC	OMMODA	ATION.	
The following is a summ of the provision of Section	nary givi 125 of	ng details the Wake	of the offield Co	operation rporation
Act, 1924.	1			
Total number of ashbins tenance scheme at	the end o	f 1941		3,548
Number of ashbins place 1942:—	ed on m	aintenanc	e during	
Ashbins supplied by				
Ashbins supplied by	y the Ow	ner	/	112
Ashbins discontinued duties during 1942 .			proper-	12
Total number of ashbins in end of 1942				3,648
Number of ashbins renev maintenance schem			nder the	140
Number of dry ashplace	s abolish	ed during	1942	4

CANAL BOATS.

During 1942, 20 canal boats were inspected. The boats were occupied by 32 adult males, 5 adult females and 2 girls under 14.

No boats were registered during the year.

Three boats were found not to comply with the Regulations.

- (a) In one boat the cabin needed repainting, the forecabin was overcrowded and both cabins were infested with bugs.
- (b) In two boats the certificates of registration were not on board, and the registered numbers were not painted on the boats.

COMMON LODGING HOUSES.

Number on Register at e	nd of 1942			3
For both sexes		.!		1
For men only				2
Number of persons for w	hich registe	ered	7	215

Three common lodging houses ceased to be occupied during the year. The houses in question were registered for 113 persons.

HOUSES LET IN LODGINGS.

N	Vumbe	r on	register	at	end	of	1942			:.		7
I	'otal a	ccon	amodatio	on	(adu	lts)	at er	nd	of	1942		214

13

15

MILK SUPPLY.

Registration of Cowkeepers, etc.

Cowkeepers resident in the City

Milk purveyors resident in the City (including 75 who are registered to sell milk from a shop	
in sealed bottles)	109
Milk purveyors from outside the City	27
Milk purveyors added to the register during 1942	13

Bacteriological Examination of Milk.

During the year 93 samples of the several grades of milk were submitted to the County Health Department Laboratory for bacteriological examination. The results of the examination of the samples were as follows:—

1		Insid	le City	Outside City		
Total	Grade	Satis- factory	Unsatis- factory	Satis- factory	Unsatis factory	
74	Ordinary	13	5	30.	26 1	
14	Pasteurised	6	5	3	_	
4	Tuberculin Tested	-	-	2	2	

All 93 samples were examined by inoculation for tuberculosis infection and 4 samples or 4.3% gave positive results. One sample was produced inside the City and three outside the City. The results of these examinations were sent to the Divisional Veterinary Officer of the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries.

The results of samples submitted for bacteriological examination show that of the 93 samples; 54 or 58% were reported to be satisfactory. Of the 74 samples of ordinary milk examined 43 or 60% came within the standard of that required for accredited milk.

Milk (Special Designations) Orders, 1936-41.

Number of licences in operation during 1942

14

Licences issued under the following conditions:-

- 3 licences to retail Tuberculin Tested (Certified) Milk (1 is a supplementary licence).
- 3 licences are to produce Accredited Milk.
- 3 licences are to produce and bottle Accredited Milk.
- 1 licence is to retail Accredited Milk.
- 1 licence is to pasteurise milk
- 3 licences are to retail pasteurised milk (2 are supplementary licences).

- 1 licence to sell Accredited Milk was refused.
- 1 supplementary licence to sell Accredited Milk was not renewed.
- 1 licence to bottle and sell Accredited Milk was not renewed.
- 1 licence to produce and bottle was changed to a licence to produce only.

FOOD AND DRUGS ACT, 1938. ANALYSIS OF FOOD AND DRUGS.

During the year, 251 samples (172 formal and 79 informal) of food and drugs were submitted to the City Analyst (Mr. F.W. Richardson, 1st January to 28th February: Mr. C. H. Manley from 1st March onwards) for analysis under the above Act. This number represents 4.4 samples for each thousand of the population of the City (i.e. 55,000) and is above the standard of three thousand suggested by the Ministry of Health.

The following table sets out comparative adulterated samples found for the past five years.

	TOTAL	SAMPLE	MILK SAMPLES				
Year	Number Examined	Number Adulterated	Percentage Adulterated	Number Examined	Number Adulterated	Percentage Adulterated	
1938	267	23	8.51	163	21	12.88	
1939	231	29	12.55	137	23	16.80	
1940	.243	28	11.52	168	25	15.00	
1941	250	37	14.80	-158	24	15.20	
1942	251	33	13.15	167	25	15.00	

Prosecutions under the Food and Drugs Act, 1938.

No. of sample.	Offence.	Result.
488	The sale of milk 25 per cent deficient in fat.	Case dismissed.
495	The sale of milk 16 per cent deficient in fat.	Case dismissed under Probation of Offenders Act on payment of £5 1s. 6d. costs.
569	The sale of milk containing 5% of added water and being 3% deficient in fat.	Case dismissed on payment of costs—

570	The sale of milk containing 4.2% added water.	
571	The sale of milk containing 5.3% added water.	Case dismissed under Probation of Offenders Act on payment of 4s. costs.
572	The sale of milk containing 2.6% added water.	Case dismissed under Probation of Offenders Act on payment of 4s. costs.
NOTE.	Samples Nos. 569, 570, 571, from the same source of pro	
576	The sale of milk 21.0% deficient in fat	Case dismissed.
583	The sale of milk containing 8.4% of added water.	Case dismissed on payment of £1 18s. 6d. costs.
585	The sale of milk containing 4.7% of added water.	Fine £2. Costs £7 3s.
586	The sale of milk containing 3.8% of added water.	
Note. Sai	mples Nos. 583, 585, 586 were same source of producti	
608	The sale of sage and onion stuffing containing neither onion or any constituent thereof, contrary to Section 3 of the Act. The label on the packet was misleading, contrary to Section 6 of the Act.	
631	The sale of custard pow- der not of the nature, substance or quality demanded.	Fine £5. Costs £2 17s. 0d.

SLAUGHTERHOUSES.

Licences were renewed in respect of 13 private slaughterhouses.

A total of 13 special notices to slaughter animals outside general slaughtering hours were received during the year. In each instance a licence to slaughter had been granted by the Food Executive Officer.

Slaughter of Animals Act, 1933.

A total of 36 licences were issued during the year, being renewals of existing licences.

Number of Animals Slaughtered in the City during 1942.

By the Licensing (Restriction of Slaughter) Order, 1940 the control of slaughtering continued to be under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Food. The Borough Slaughterhouse has continued to be a distributive centre for dead meat and the area served includes districts outside the City boundary.

In consequence of this control, meat inspection has taken up a considerable amount of time.

	Animals.		Ministry of Food, Borough Slaughterhouses.
	Cows	 	 1,222
	Heifers	 	 504
	Bulls	 	 67
	Bullocks	 	 1,804
	Calves	 	 756
	Pigs	 	 649
	Sheep	 	 12,810
* 100		Total	 17,812

From the above table it will be seen that a total of 17,812 animals were slaughtered in 1942 as against 20,429 in the previous year, being a decrease of 2,617.

The number of cows slaughtered had decreased by	289
The number of heifers slaughtered has decreased h	oy 99
The number of bulls slaughtered has increased by	16
The number of bullocks slaughtered has increased	by 286
The number of calves slaughtered has increased by	y 96
The number of pigs slaughtered has decreased by	1,973
The number of sheep slaughtered has decreased by	y 654

Condemnation of Unsound Food.

					o of nations	Weight (stones)
Meat					465	5,123}
Fruit					3	2081
Pearl Barley					1	3
Apricot Pulp					1	145 1
Flour					1	14
Fish—Wet				No. 1	3	$385\frac{1}{2}$
Cured				,	2	313
Shell					2	$20\frac{1}{2}$
Frozen						8
Cheese					2	$3\frac{1}{4}$
Baking Powder					1	1 2
Bacon					3	141
Fishcakes		6 dozen			2 7	
Eggs		766 doz	en			
Pikelets	*	48 doze	n		3	
Butter Beans					1	- 98
Sausage					3	9
Oxfeet					1	34
Custard Powder		10			. 1	1/2
Polony					1	1
Butter					3	$29\frac{1}{4}$
Confectionery				*	2	2
Canned Foodstuffs.			1	No. of		
				Cans.		
Fruit				248	47	$35\frac{1}{4}$
Meat				-2,037	107	566
Vegetables					57	$266\frac{3}{4}$
Fish		1		43	43	4
Milk				1,738	56	116
Soup				165	27	17
				7,338	846	7,416

Carcases Inspected and Condemned.

	Cattle exclud- ing Cows	Cows	Calves	Sheep and Lambs	Pigs
Number killed	2.375	1.222	756	12.810	649
All diseases except Tuberculosis—					
Whole Carcases condemned	-	21	-	14	7
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned Percentage of the number inspected affected with	36	156	2	48	5
disease other than tuber- culosis	1.5	14.5	0.26	0.48	1.8
Cuberculosis only—				70.00	
Whole carcases condemned	4	112	-	-	2
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned Percentage of the number	78	423	-	_	25
inspected affected with Tuberculosis	3.45	43.8		_	4.15

Tuberculosis Order, 1938.

During the year 42 animals were sent into the Borough Slaughterhouse by the Divisional Inspector of the Ministry of Agriculture & Fisheries, under the Tuberculosis Order 1938.

A total of 22 whole carcases and 1 part carcase, together with edible offal, were condemned, the total weight of these condemnations being 868 stones.

OFFENSIVE TRADES.

Offensive Trades on the Register at the end of 1942.

Trade.			Number.
Tripe boiling	 		3
Gut scraping	 	 	2
Rag and Bone dealing		 	3
Total	 	 	8

FACTORIES ACT, 1937.

Number of Factories: Part A, 109: Part B, 220
During the year 40 inspections have been made at factories
(22 with mechanical power and 18 without mechanical power).

HOUSING.

New Houses Erected.

No houses were erected during the year. The following flats were completed during the year.

9 erected as flats, and 3 converted from existing dwellings. (10 flats have 3 rooms and 2 flats have 4 rooms).

Demolitions.

63 houses in clearance areas were demolished during the year. The houses were in a state of partial demolition at the outbreak of war and owing to further deterioration had become dangerous.

PREVALENCE OF, AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS AND OTHER DISEASES.

The total number of notifications received during the year in respect of infectious diseases other than tuberculosis, and excluding cases where the diagnosis was revised, was 1,401. A statistical summary of the cases notified is set out in Table IV and the work of the Municipal Hospital is summarised in Table V.

Scarlet Fever.

143 cases were notified during 1942 as compared with 61 in the previous year. The average for the previous 5 years was 172. The number of cases removed to Hospital was 130. There were no deaths.

Diphtheria.

64 cases were notified during the year, all of which were removed to hospital. The total of 64 compares with 116 for the year 1941 and an average of 109 for the quinquennium 1937-41. There was one death.

Enteric Fever.

Two cases were notified during 1942. One occurred in the Clayton Hospital and both were treated in the Municipal Hospital.

Cerebro-spinal Fever.

12 cases were notified during the year, all of which were removed to hospital. There were 4 deaths.

Dysentry.

37 cases were notified during the year, 33 of which occurred and were treated in the West Riding Mental Hospital. There were no deaths.

Immunisation against Diphtheria.

The work of the special immunisation clinic underwent a of persons attending rose to 2,797 and these made 6,434 attenconsiderable expansion again during the year. The total number dances, the corresponding figures for 1941 being 1,502 and 5,814 Table VI gives details of the work carried out at the clinic.

MUNICIPAL HOSPITAL FOR INFECTIOUS DISEASES. Scarlet Fever.

There were 107 completed cases in 1942. The maximum number of days spent in hospital was 126, the minimum 20, and the average number of days 37.42.

Scarlet Fever-Complications.

Complication		Before A	dmission	After Admission			
Complication			Number	Percent- age	Number	Percent- age	
Adenitis			22	20.58	.1	0.93	
D1: '1'				-	7	6.54	
Arthritis			-	_	3	2.8	
Relapse			-	_	4	3.74	
**			_	_	1	0.93	
Streptococca	l Parotitis		_	_	1	0.93	
Serum Rash			_	_	1	0.93	
Otorrhoea			1	0.93	3	2.8	
Jaundice			_ 5	-	1	0.93	
C.	. 1.0 1.		-	-	1	0.93	
CO.			1	0.93	_		
Albuminuria			_	-	3	2.8	
Tonsillitis			-	-	1	0.93	

One patient had Varicella on admission.

Duration of Disease on admission:-

Duration of Disease (in days)	1	2	3	4	. 5	6	7	9	15	18
Number of Patients	6	35	28	23	6	3	1	2	2	1

Diphtheria.

There were 75 completed cases in 1942. In 8 cases the diagnosis was revised—Tonsillitis 4, Not Confirmed 1, Vincents Angina 1, Diphtheria Bacillus Carrier 2. Excluding deaths and cases where the diagnosis was revised the maximum period of stay was 195 days, the minimum 20 and the average 53.76

Diphtheria-Complications.

Complication			Before A	dmission	After A	After Admission		
Compile	ation		Number	Percent- age	Number	Percent-		
Adenitis			31	42.46				
Tonsillitis			- '	_	2	2.72		
Extra systole			-	_	1	1.35		
Myocarditis				-	1	1.35		
General Oedema			_		1	1.35		
Uroemia			_	_	1	1.35		
Palatal Paresis			-	_	3	4.1		
Myositis			_	_	1	1.35		

Relation of Deaths and Recoveries to the Duration of Disease on Admission :—

	-		1					1	
1	2	3	.4	5	6	7	8	10— 21	Total
2	8	12	19	9	3	3	2	7	75
2	8	12	17	9	3	3	2	7	73
-	-	_	2	-	_	-	_		2
		_	10.5	_	_	-	_	_	
	2	2 8	2 8 12	2 8 12 19 2 8 12 17 - - - 2	2 8 12 19 9 2 8 12 17 9 - - - 2 -	2 8 12 19 9 3 2 8 12 17 9 3 - - - 2 - -	2 8 12 19 9 3 3 2 8 12 17 9 3 3 - - - 2 - - -	2 8 12 19 9 3 3 2 2 8 12 17 9 3 3 2 - - - - - - - -	2 8 12 19 9 3 3 2 7 2 8 12 17 9 3 3 2 7 - - - - - - - -

Antitoxin was given to 75 cases including revised cases.

Maximum dose—120,000 units. Minimum dose—1,000 units.

Average dose—16,122.2 units. Most usual dose—10,000 units.

Total amount given—1,210,000 units.

MENINGITIS

Revision of Diagnosis.

Apical Pneumonia 2. Broncho-pneumonia 1.

Types of Disease.

Tuberculous 1 (Fatal). Meningococcal 10 (1 Fatal) Patient died within 3 hours. Not classified 1.

PNEUMONIA

Revision of diagnosis.

Influenza 5, Pleuritis 4, Bronchitis 6, Pyrexia 1, Pleurisy with effusion 3, Scarlet Fever 1, Cardiac failure with Auricular Fibrillation 1, Not Confirmed 2.

Total—23.

Fatal cases of Pneumonia.

There were 9 fatal cases, 4 dying within 48 hours of admission, and 1 within 2 hours of admission.

MISCELLANEOUS

One case was admitted as Enteric Fever, another as Food Poisoning and a third as Erysipelas. In each instance the diagnosis was revised.

VACCINATION

The vaccination statistics for the years 1941 and 1942 are as follows:—

Year 1941.

Number of Births registered in 1941	968
Number of above children successfully vaccinated	366
Number in whose case vaccination was postponed	9
Number of children who died unvaccinated	40
Number of children who removed to other districts	
or places unknown	57
Number of children whose parents made Statutory	
Declarations of "Conscientious Objection"	496

Year 1942.

Number of certificates of successful primary vaccina- tion of children under fourteen received during	
the year	469
Number of declarations of "Conscientious Objection" received during the year	527

Excluding deaths, removals and postponements, 42.5% of the children registered in 1941 were vaccinated, as compared with 40.2% in the previous year.

Statutory declarations of "Conscientious Objection" were made in 57.5% of cases, as compared with 59.8% in the previous year.

The Public Vaccinators for the City are:—

No. 1. District		Dr. W. W. Ballardie,
The whole of Wakefield	except	the 77, Balne Lane,
Municipal Wards of Belle	Vue,	Wakefield.
Portobello and Sandal.		

No.	2. District.		
	The Municipal	Wards of Belle	Vue,
	Portobello and	Sandal.	

White Rose County Hospital

Dr. D. Downie,
May Bush,
Belle Vue,
Wakefield.
Dr. J. B. Lyle,

Dr. J. B. Lyle, 57, Barnsley Road, Wakefield.

During the year e	nded 30th Sep	tember, 1942	, the numbers
of successful Primary		carried out l	by the Public
Vaccinators were as	follows:—		
District No. 1.	2	49 Primary	Vaccinations.
TO 1117 TO 11	1.		

Dr. W. W. Ballardie

District No. 2. 56 Primary Vaccinations.

Dr. D. Downie.

White Rose County 10 Primary Vaccinations

Hospital, Wakefield

CANCER.

Deaths of Wakefield residents due to cancer numbered 73 during the year. The classification of causes of death separates deaths from cancer under five headings. Particulars will be found in Table III.

The City Council accepts financial responsibility for the radium treatment of Wakefield cancer sufferers at the Leeds General Infirmary. Both in-patient and out-patient treatment is available. When a patient is a member of a hospital contributory scheme part of the cost is borne by the fund in question and the Corporation does not attempt to recover any portion of the balance from the patient. In the case of patients who are non-contributors the question of recovery is considered by the Health Committee who assess each case on its merits.

25 cases were accepted under this scheme in 1942, 20 contributors and 5 non-contributors.

Disinfection.

During 1942, the following disinfection work was carried out:—

No. of Houses disinfected		294
" Rooms disinfected		378
" Times Steam Disinfector used		448
,, Mattresses disinfected		491
" Blankets disinfected		882
" Sheets disinfected		259
" Counterpanes disinfected		254
" Pillows disinfected		1151
" Pairs of Curtains disinfected		127
,, Carpets and Rugs disinfected		138
" Pairs of Boots disinfected		62
,, Articles of men's clothing disinfected		52
" Articles of women's clothing disinfected		88
,, Articles of children's clothing disinfected		498
Miscellaneous Articles disinfected		100
Babies' Anti-Gas Protective Helmets		527
Articles disinfected for Municipal Isolation	and	
Maternity Hospitals		1258

TUBERCULOSIS

New Cases of Tuberculesis notified during 1942, including cases notified after death and cases transferred from other areas.

(The figures in parentheses are the corresponding numbers in 1941).

(a) Pulmonary Tuberculosis.

			Total number of cases notified	Number of definitely Tuberculous new cases		
Males			24	2	22	(30)
Females			19	-	19	(18)
Totals		·	- 43	2	41	(48)

(b) Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis.

		Total number of cases notified	Number of cases in which the diagnosis was cancelled	Number of definitely Tuberculous new cases		
Males		6	- 1	6 (12)		
Females		7	1	6 (3)		
Total		13	1	12 (15)		

Two cases of Pulmonary Tuberculosis and three cases of Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis, included in the above tables died prior to notification.

New Cases and Mortality, 1942.

		NEW	CASES		DEATHS				
AGE PERIOD		Pulmonary		Non- pulmonary		Pulmonary		Non- pulmonary	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	М.	F.
0—1 year		1			_			_	_
1—5 years		-		2	2	-		2	1
5—10 ,,		-	-	-	1	-	-	-	1
10—15 ,,		-		1	-		-	-	-
15—20 ,,		2	3	-	-	1	3	-	1
20—25 ,,		1	2	2	1	1	1	-	-
25—35 ,,		2	6	1	2	3	5	-	-
35—45 ,,		7	4	-	-	6	1	-	-
45—55 ,,		5	1	-	1	3	_	1	-
55—65 ,,		5	1	-	-	4	3	-	-
65 years and over		1	2	-		1	-	-	-
Totals		24	19	6	7	19	13	3	3

TUBERCULOSIS DISPENSARY

During 1942, 113 persons (including 4 transfers from other areas) were examined at, or in connection with, the Dispensary for the first time, and of these 28 were found to be tuberculous 24 affected with pulmonary and 4 with non-pulmonary disease.

Cases of Tuberculosis on the Dispensary Register at the end of 1942.

	TOTAL -	ADU	CHILDREN		
	TOTAL	Males	Females	Males	Females
Pulmonary	135	73	50	7	5
Non-pulmonary	58	14	10	19	15
Totals	193	87	60	26	20

PULMONARY TUBERCULOSIS—SANATORIUM TREATMENT

The Wakefield Corporation continued to use accommodation at the Westmorland Sanatorium, Meathop, Grange-over-Sands.

During 1942, 15 persons received sanatorium treatment, compared with 20 in the previous year.

5 persons remained in residence at the end of the year.

NON-PULMONARY TREATMENT—INSTITUTIONAL.

The Adela Shaw Orthopaedic Hospital.

(Children under the age of 16 years).

On the 1st January, 1942, three patients (2 males and 1 female) were undergoing treatment. During the year one female patient was admitted, there were two discharges, leaving two patients (1 male and 1 female) under treatment at the end of the year.

The following is an analysis of the Wakefield cases treated in the Adela Shaw Orthopaedic Hospital, Kirbymoorside, during 1942:—

Committee Responsible	Cases remaining in Hospital at end of 1941	Cases admitted during 1942	Cases discharged during 1942	Cases remaining in Hospital at end of 1942
Education	1 3	3 1	3 2	1 2
Welfare	1	_	1	-
Totals	- 5	4	6	3

Other Institutions.

On the 1st January, 1942, one male patient was undergoing treatment at the Robert Jones and Agnes Hunt Orthopaedic Hospital, Oswestry, Shropshire. During the year one male patient was admitted and two male patients were discharged. Three patients paid short visits for the purpose of review.

VENEREAL DISEASES

1. Number of Wakefield persons dealt with for the first time at the Clayton Hospital Clinic and found to be suffering from:—

		Total	Males	Females
Syphilis		21	11	10
Gonorrhoea		29	15	14
Non-Venereal Conditions		23	17	6
		73	43	30
Total number of	of att	endances for	attention by	the Medical

2. Total number of attendances for attention by the Medical Officer:—

	Total	Males	Females
Syphilis	 2145	860	1285
Gonorrhoea	 - 318	156	162
Non-Venereal			
Conditions	 175	95	80
	2638	1111	1527

3. Number of attendances for intermediate treatment:-

rumber of ac	T	otal	Males	Females
Syphilis		21	20	1
Gonorrhoea	7	791	418	373
Non-Venereal Conditions		278	220	58
	10	90	658	432

4. Number of in-patient days:-

	-	Total	Males	Females
Syphilis		92	91	1
Gonorrhoea		_		_
Non-Venereal				
Conditions		7	7	-
		_		_
		99	98	1
		_		_

5.	Total number	of d	oses of	approved	arse	enobenze	ene	
	compounds							413

6. Number of pathological specimens examined .. 659

As compared with 1941, the number of male patients has decreased by 18, and the number of female patients has also decreased by 18. The total attendances has fallen from 4,156 in 1941, to 3,728 in 1942.

Seven new patients from Wakefield attended the Leeds General Infirmary Clinic during the year, 4 of whom were found to be suffering from Venereal Disease (three from Syphilis and one from Gonorrhoea). The total number of attendances was 106, as compared with 101 in 1941.

MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE

(Report compiled by Dr. Jessie Eeles)

Supervision of Midwives.

31 Midwives gave notice of intention to practice in Wakefield in, 1942. Of these 5 were Municipal Midwives, 1 was in private practice in Wakefield, and 1 in the West Riding, 1 in a private nursing home and 23 on staffs of Institutions.

District cases attended by midwives as midwives	307
District cases attended by midwives as maternity nurses	41
Total	348
Number of district cases attended by municipal midwives	335
Number of district cases attended by private midwives	13

Medical Help.

111 notifications (36.1% of midwives' cases) of sending for medical aid were received in respect of home confinements in 1942.

89 were for the mother, 22 for the infant. Out of the 89 cases requiring medical aid for the mother, in 20 the difficulty arose in the antenatal period, in 10 during labour, in 12 in the puerperium and the remaining 47 sendings were for ruptured perineum.

Private Maternity Homes.

No. on register. 2. These were inspected and found to be reasonably satisfactory.

Ante-Natal Clinics.	
Weekly sessions	4
Old patients from 1941	216
New patients, 1942. Wakefield	699
West Riding	92
Others	14
Total new cases	805
man later later to A. J. N. J. L. 1997	-
Total attendances at Ante-Natal clinics during 1942 of all cases	2 -0-
of all cases	3,535
Number of cases referred to A/N Clinic by Midwives	38 119
No. of patients X-rayed	15
No. of patients admitted to hospital from Ante-Natal	10
Clinic for treatment	109
	100
Dental Treatment of Expectant Mothers.	
Number of women examined	101
Number of winite for treatment	181 513
N	16
Number of autorations	657
Other operations	176
Number of dentures supplied	39
The Maternity Hospital	
Total number of ences admitted	618
City cases	486
West Riding cases	112
Other cases	20
Patients delivered in hospital	597
Number delivered by Midwives	511
Number delivered by Doctors	86
Average duration of stay of patients 17.1 day	7S.
Medical treatment was required for an abnormality:-	
(a) Antenatally 125 cases	
(b) During labour 1st stage 47 times)	
2nd stage 58 times 113	
3rd stage 8 times	
(c) After labour 150 cases	
(d) For the baby 74 times	
(e) Suture of ruptured perineum 255 cases	
Episiotomy performed and sutured 48 cases	

Number of forceps cases. 34 (5.7% of all deliverie	s).
Caesarean Sections 10. (3 of these patients we sterilised. 2 of these patients had myomecto formed at the same time.	ere also my per-
Induction of premature labour	19
Rupture of membranes for antepartum haemorrhag (5 placenta praevia and 5 accidental haemorrh	
Manual removal of adherent placenta	5
Other operations:—	
Rapid breech extraction for prolapsed cord Suternal version for malpresentation with prolapse	d 1
cord	3
Suternal version for transverse lie	1
Suternal version for central placenta praevia	1
Perforation of hydrocephalic foetus	1
Replacement of retroflexed gravis uterus	1
Use of Willett's Forceps for lateral placenta praevi-	a 1
Caesarean section wound resutured	1

4 cases of puerperal pyrexia occurred in the Hospital and were notified. One was treated in the Maternity Hospital and the other 3 were removed to Snapethorpe. In addition 4 other patients were transferred to Snapethorpe because of infective conditions before notification became due. One of these became notifiable and was notified from Snapethorpe.

Two cases of Ophthalmia Neonatorum occurred in 1942. Both were treated in the Maternity Hospital and both recovered completely.

There were no cases of Pemphigus in 1942.

There were 13 stillbirths (4 of these were abnormal infants).

There were 18 infant deaths (3 were abnormal infants).

There were 3 maternal deaths—all emergency cases. One was from the West Riding and two from the City.

Training of Pupil Midwives.

17 pupils commenced Part II training. Two left before training was completed. One of them left to take the Health Visitors' course and the other had failed in Part I and therefore could not continue Part II.

17 pupils sat the examinations of the C.M.B. 16 passed and one failed. This pupil is taking further training.

District Cases.

Confinements	attended	by the	district	midwives	s, 110,
101, 72, 35 (part	t of year	only),	17 (Tem	porary n	nidwife
for the other part	of the year	ar).			

101, 72, 35 (part of year only), 17 (Temporary midwife for the other part of the year).
Post Natal Clinic.
Patients attending during 1942 360 Number of attendances 420
Contraception.
Number of attendances 25
Puerperal Pyrexia.
Notifications during 1942 11
From Maternity Hospital 4
From Municipal Hospital
From Clayton Hospital
One case was treated in the Maternity Hospital.
5 cases were treated in the Municipal Hospital.
3 cases were treated in the Clayton Hospital.
2 cases were treated in the home.
All were eventually discharged from Hospital and the two home cases recovered.
Ophthalmia Neonatorum.
Cases notified in 1942 6
These occurred as follows, 4 at home and 2 in the Maternity
Hospital. They were treated as follows:—
2 in the Maternity Hospital, 2 in the Municipal Hospital,
and 2 at home.
All cases recovered.
Child Life Protection.
Cases under supervision at beginning of 1942 8
Cases added during 1942 3
Cases under supervision at end of 1942 5
Home Visits by Health Visitors.
Infant visiting:—
Primary 829
Revisits under 1 year 7164
Revisits 1-5 years
19444

	02 21 01 4 31 35 2 2 1 6
Revisits Visits re stillbirths and infant deaths Attendances at Child Welfare Centres Attendances at Tuberculosis Dispensary Visits to Tuberculosis Patients Visits to Schools Examinations at schools re cleanliness etc. Home Visits re contagious diseases Home visits re verminous and neglected children	1 4 1 5 2 2 1 6
Attendances at Child Welfare Centres	1 4 3 5 2 2 1 6
Attendances at Tuberculosis Dispensary Visits to Tuberculosis Patients Visits to Schools Examinations at schools re cleanliness etc	4 31 35 2 2 1 6
Visits to Tuberculosis Patients	1 5 2 2 1 6
Visits to Schools	35 2 2 1 6
Examinations at schools re cleanliness etc	2 2 1 6
Home Visits re contagious diseases	2 1 6
Home visits re verminous and neglected children	1 6
	6
Home visits re treatment	
	u
Total number of home visits re school children 349	
Home visits re Mental Defectives 48	
Home visits for purposes of nursing	
W 1 1 61 11 (1)	
Total number of home visits (all purposes) 2451	9
Child Welfare Centres.	
Total number in register at all six centres.	
	-
Mothers Infants Children, 1-5 Expectant	
Mothers	
1540 1187 642 —	
· Total Attendances:—	
13854 10233 4096 —	
Total number of Medical examinations: —	
a down manager of medical examinations.	_
Mothers Infants and Children	
First con- Re- Total Re- Total	
sultation exams exams Primary examined exams	
Statution Courses Courses Tremary Countries Course	
119 321 440 1402 5873 7275	
Supply of Dried Milk at Welfare Centres (Dorsella).	
Sold at cost price 137 lbs.	
Sold at half price 64 lbs.	
Sold at half price 64 lbs. Sold at quarter price	
Sold at half price 64 lbs.	

Issue of National Dried Milk.

Sold at cost price	 	13993	tins (20	ozs.)
Sold at half price	 	5	do.	
Sold at quarter price	 	164	do.	
Issued free	 	4111	do.	

Total 18273 do.(20 ozs.)

Lactagol supplied

At cost	 	 87 lbs.
At half price	 	 649 lbs.
At quarter price	 	 220 lbs.
Supplied free	 	 464 lbs.

Total .. 1420 lbs.

WAR-TIME NURSERIES

In the year under review, 2 War-Time Nurseries have been established in the City, one at Burneytops, 5 West Parade, and the other in Hall Road, Lupset.

The Burneytops Nursery was opened on the 29th June, 1942 and provides accommodation for 47 children (22 toddlers and 25 babies). The accommodation at this Nursery enables the Matron and part of the staff to be resident and this allows day and night care to be provided. The average weekly attendance at this Nursery during 1942 was 121.

The Lupset Nursery which provides accommodation for 40 children was opened on the 28th September, 1942. This is a Day Nursery only at which only day-time care can be provided. The average weekly attendance at this Nursery during 1942 was 83.

The charge to parents of children attending the Nurseries is 1/- a day for day-time care only, and 1/6d. for day and night care. These charges are inclusive of meals, milk etc.

Distribution of Vitamin Preparations.

The distribution of cod liver oil and fruit juices to children under two years of age commenced on the 8th December, 1941. The distributive work was carried out at the Child Welfare Centres and at selected points in Alverthorpe Road and Denby Dale Road for the convenience of mothers who were not in the habit of bringing their children to the Centres. It is regrettable that insufficient use was made of the additional premises and that much congestion was caused at the Child Welfare Centres. The centre in Denby Dale Road had to be closed towards the end of the year because of the fact that the premises were needed for billeting purposes.

Our thanks are again due to the willing help given by the ladies of the Babies' Welcome, The Women's Voluntary Service and others who have given their time to this work.

The issues during 1942 were as follows:-

Cod Liver Oil	 	6,960	bottles
Orange Juice	 	13,203	bottles
Black Current Syrup	 	982	bottles
Black Current Puree	 	2,417	cans

Issue of Clothing Coupons to Expectant Mothers.

During the past year the Public Health Department has continued to issue additional clothing coupons to expectant mothers. Until the end of May, 1942, each expectant mother was granted 50 extra clothing coupons, but after that date the number of coupons issued was increased to 60.

In 1942, 903 expectant mothers were supplied with additional clothing coupons.

MENTAL DEFICIENCY

Ascertainment and Classification.

The arrangements for ascertainment, medical examination and further action were fully described in my report for 1930.

At the end of 1942 there were 152 mental defectives (77 males and 75 females) on the register. These were classified as follows:—

	Total	Males	Females
In Institutions	43	20	23
On licence from Institutions	3	1	2
Under statutory supervision	43	25	18
Under voluntary supervision	63	31	32
	- 1	-	_
	152	77	75
			-

In addition to the above, 53 children (31 boys and 22 girls) were on the register of the Education Authority as feeble-minded.

MEDICAL EXAMINATIONS

During 1942, the Medical Officers of the Department carried out 47 medical examinations in connection with the Local Government Superannuation Act, 1937.

TABLE I.

VITAL STATISTICS FOR THE LAST TEN YEARS.

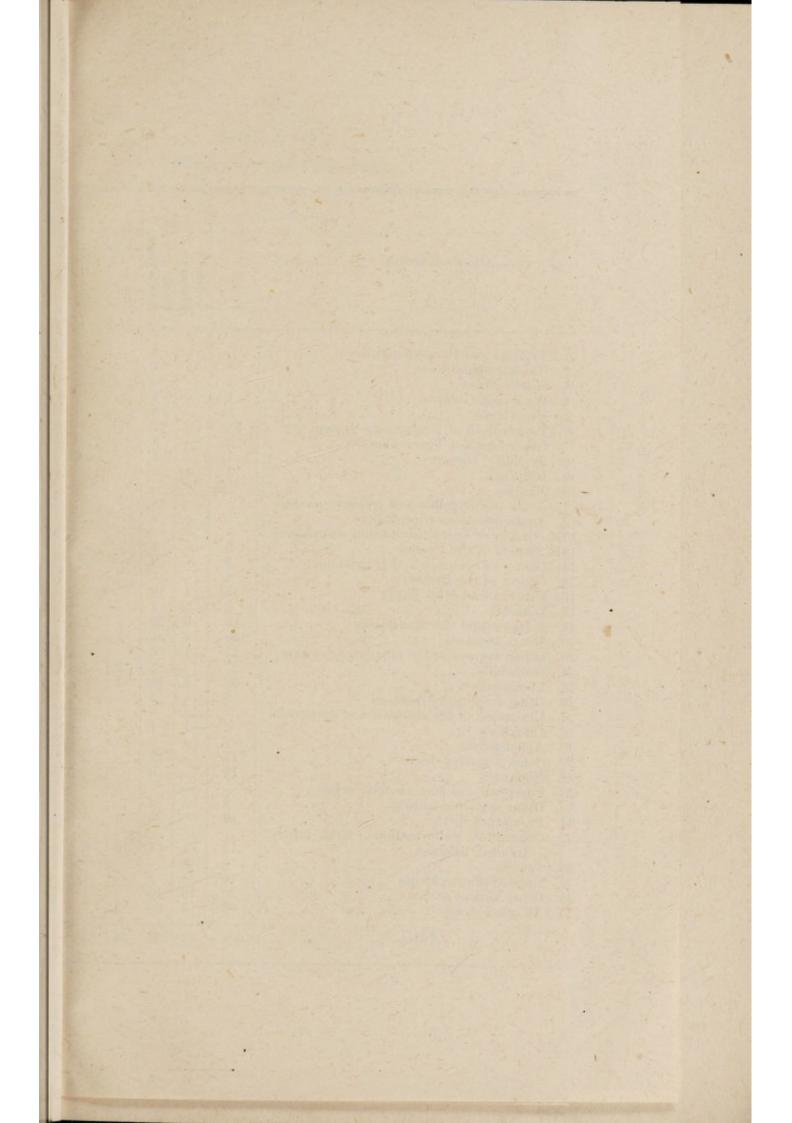
	Diphtheria	173	281	178	151	104	75	113	73			116	64
f Cases.	Searlet Fever	318	335	109	189	154	301	244	91			61	143
Number of Cases.	Enteric Fever	-	1	4	-	-	1	4	67			1	61
	Smallpox	1		1	1	1	1	1	1			i	- 1
Infant		74	54	64	62	55	09	58	09			99	53
Infant-	Deaths	67	49	62	02	. 45	54	45	49			44	45
Death	rate	13.8	12.4	14.4	15.2	13.3	13.4	13.8	14.4			11.9	10.9
Deaths	Name of the second	191	629	758	861	889	685	748	759			671	809
Disth	rate	15.8	16.0	17.0	15.6	14.7	16.3	13.2	14.5			13.7	15.7
Disthe	SILING	906	914	196	882	819	902	781	812			772	998
Donalis	tion	60,160	60,300	60,100	59,746	59,250	59,000	59,040	56,050	Civilian	only).	56,190	55,050
Vocas	Tear			1935								1941	1942

The Registrar-General's "comparability factor" has been used in calculating the death-rates for 1934 to 1940 inclusive.

TABLE II.

Birth-Rates, Civilian Death-Rates, Analysis of Mortality and Case Rates for Certain Infectious Diseases in the year 1942.

	-				
	England and Wales	County Boroughs and Great Towns including Lond on	Smaller Towns (resident populations 25,000—50,000 at 1931 Census)	London	Wakefield
	Rate	es per 1,00	0 Civilian	Populati	on.
Live Births	15.8 0.54	17.3 0.66	18.4 0.62	14.0 0.48	15.7 0.39
All Causes Typhoid and	11.6	13.3	12.1	13.9	10.9
Paratyphoid	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Whooping Cough Diphtheria	0.02	0.03	0.02 0.04	0.04	0.01
Influenza Smallpox	0.09	0.09	0.10	0.07	0.17
Measles	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.01	0.00
Typhoid Fever Paratyphoid Fever Cerebro-spinal Fever	0.01 0.01 0.14	0.01 0.01 0.17	$0.01 \\ 0.01 \\ 0.12$	$0.02 \\ 0.01 \\ 0.15$	0.03
Scarlet Fever	2.19	2.49 1.97	2.34 1.58	1.86 2.72	2.54 3.48
Diphtheria Erysipelas	1.05	1.35	0.91 0.26	0.76 0.43	1.08
Smallpox Measles	7.46	9.27	7.39	8.62	14.7
Pneumonia	1.07	1.30	0.94	0.94	1.44
	-		000 Live		
Deaths under 1 year of age Deaths from Diarrhoea and	49	59	46	60	53
Enteritis under 2 years of age		7.5	4.8	8.6'	6.0
	K	ates per l	e and Stil		
Maternal Mortality:— Puerperal Infection Others	$egin{pmatrix} .0.42 \\ 1.59 \\ 2.01 \end{pmatrix}$	Not a	vailable		$\begin{cases} -1 \\ 3.31 \\ 3.31 \end{cases}$
Notifications:— Puerperal Pyrexia	12.61	15.94	10.80	17.69	13.3



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TABLE III.
CAUSES OF DEATH, 1942

Causes of Death Causes of Death Causes of D							_						A	ge Di	istribu	tion																				
1. Typhoid and Paratyphoid Fever	Causes of Death	als	oner's	quirnes. blic titutions.	Un 1		1-	-2	2-	-5	5-	-15	15-	-25	25—	35	35-	15	45-55	50	565	65-	-75	75-		orpe	tgate	h	s,uqo	moor	bgate -	gate	Trose	er	e Vue	lal
2. Crebro-Spinal Fever		Tot	3			F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M. F.	M	f. F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Alre	Nor	Sout	St. J	East	Nort	Kirk	Prin	Cald	Bell	Sand
	2. Corebro-Spinal Fever 3. Searlet Fever 4. Whooping Cough 5. Diphtheria 6. Tuberculosis of Respiratory System 7. Other forms of Tuberculosis 8. Syphilitic Disease 9. Influenza 10. Measles 11. Acute poliomyelitis and polioencephalitis 13M. Cancer of buccal cavity and oesophagus 13F. Cancer of the Uterus 14. Cancer of the Stemach and Duodenum 15. Cancer of the Breast 16. Cancer of the Breast 17. Diabetes 18. Intra-crainal vascular lesions 19. Heart Disease 20. Other diseases of the circulatory system 21. Bronchitis 22. Pneumonia 23. Other respiratory diseases 24. Ulceration of the stomach and duodenum 25. Diarrhoes 26. Appendicitis 27. Other diseasive diseases 28. Nephritis 29. Puerperal and post-abortive sepsis 30. Other maternal causes 31. Premature Birth 32. Congenital Malformations, birth injury, Infantile Disease 34. Road traffic accidents 35. Other violent causes 36. All other causes 36. All other causes	8 8 1 2 2 2 6 6 6 1 1 1	1 1 3 3 4 4 1 1 1 1 4 8 8 16 6 3 3	18 1 23 35 6 3 19 5 - 1 - 12 6 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1 - - - 5 6 - - 2	5 6 - 1 -	4	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2	1	The section of the se	1 1 2	1			2 2	1 1 4 1 1 3 3 2 1 1 1 2 2 19	3	7779113366	1 1 1 1 4	1 5 4 2 3 4 1 - 3 7	4 5 2 1 1 2	3 5 1 1 2 1 2 2 2 12	10 36 3 3 1 1 2 2 20 78	1 - 4 - 1 - 1 - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 4 5 1 1 3 5 5	1111	1 2 1 7 7 13 1 5 7 7 - 1 1 1 1 1 5 5	1 - 1 1 1 2 10 - 4 11 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 1	2 2 3 4 - 7 6 1 1 1 1 5 35	1 5 4 -3 12 13 3 1 2 31	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 3		1 1 4 1 - 8 - 10 11 1 3 1 1 3 3 1 1 1 4 4 1 1 4 4 1 1 4 4
	1,5000		1	1					1			-			1	-			20	0.	104	-1		"	10	10	100	-	01	00	40	99	39	48	04	96

TABLE IV.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES NOTIFIED DURING THE YEAR 1942.

Kirkgate Primrose Hill Calder Belle Vue Sandal	80 36 40 80 36 40 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	96 82 127
Primrose Hill Calder	20 30 30 30	85
Primrose Hill Calder	20 30 30 30	1 9 1
THE R. P. LEWIS CO., LANSING, STR., LANSING, SHIPPING, S		0
Kirkgate	13 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	52
	00 0000 111 0	14
Northgate	9 1 1 8 1 1 6	83
Eastmoor	13 3 1 3 1 8 1 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	169
St. John's	4 84 1 1 1 1	37
Sth. Westgate	100 80-1111-111	116
Nth. Westgate	19 8 3 12 2 2 2 2 2 2	303
Alverthorpe	53 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13	262
Deaths		23
Cases sent to Hospital	1	276
dn pue sreaf 29		14
45—65 years	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	49
35—45 years	34 31-31 12 -81	26
20—35 years	mp m m m m m m m m	38
15—20 years	451-800 -	31
10—15 years		62
2-10 years	150 150 m	496
4—5 years		250 4
3-4 years	38	171
2—3 years	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	911
I—2 years	131 8 9	77
0—1 уеаг	11114611112	17
Total all ages	12 15 16 16 17 17 17 17 17 17	1401
		-
Disease	nallpox arlet Fever phtheria nteric Fever easles neumonia rebro-spinal Fever sute Poliomyelitis olio-encephalitis lephargic ysentery repreral Pyrexia ysipelas alaria hooping Cough	Totals
	Total all ages 1—2 years 2—3 years 3—4 years 3—4 years 15—20 years 15—20 years 35—45 years 20—35 years 45—65 years Ab—65 years	gh

TABLE V.

MUNICIPAL HOSPITAL FOR INFECTIOUS DISEASES

Statistics for period 1st January, 1942, to 31st December, 1942.

The second secon	-				-			
Disease for which admitted	No. of cases in Hospital, 1. 1. 42.	No. of cases admitted 1942	No. of cases under treat- ment, 1942.	No. of cases discharged 1942	No. of deaths 1942	Case mortality per cent (excluding cases where the diagnosis was revised.)	No. of Diagnoses revised	No. of cases in Hospital, 31.12.42.
Scarlet Fever	5	129	134	107		_	_	27
Diphtheria	16	68	84	73	2	2.9	8	9
Tuberculosis	14	23	37	13	14	56.0	2	10
Pneumonia	3	61	64	51	9	24.3	23	4
Puerperal								
Pyrexia	-	6	6	6	_		-	-
Mastitis	_	4	4	4			_	_
Meningitis	1	12	13	10	3	3.3	3	_
Erysipelas	-	3	3	3	-		3 1	-
Ophthalmia								
Neonatorum	-	2	2	2		-		-
Dysentry	-	2	_	-	-	_	-	1
Tonsillitis			7	7	-		-	-
Rubella	-	1	1	7	_		_	
Varicella	-	7 1 2	7 1 2	1	-	-	_	1
Rheumatism	-	1	1	1	-	-	_	
Gastritis		1	1	1	-	_	-	-
Anterior								
Poliomyelitis	_	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
Enteric Fever	-							1
Morbilli	_	3 2 2	3 2 2	2			_	-
Bronchitis	_	2	2	2 2 2		_		-
Babies with							200	
Mothers		6	6	6	-	_	-	
Mumps	1	-	1	1		_		months.
Mastoiditis								
following	000							
Scarlet Fever	-	1	1	1	192		_	
Whooping							2 - 17	
Cough	_	1	1		1	100.	_	-
Paronychia		1	1	1	-	-	-	_
Catarrh	Page 1	1	1	1		_	-	11-2
Enteritis	-	-1	1	1	-	-		-1
Food Poisoning	-	1	1	1	-		-	-
Cold	1	1	1	1	-		_	-
Without	Correction						3	
diagnosis	-	3	3	3	-	-	-	Aprel
TOTALS	40	345	385	303	29		37	53

The mortality rate and all percentages are based on completed cases and exclude revised diagnoses,

ACTIVE IMMUNISATION AGAINST DIPHTHERIA.

As in previous years, the Clinic was held in the Principal Child Welfare Centre, Margaret Street, on Mondays at 2 p.m. In addition, the Clinic was held on Wednesdays at 2 p.m. from and including the 12th August to the end of the year, with the exception of two weeks when only the Monday Clinic was held.

The persons attending for Immunisation were 2797, as compared with 1418 in 1941.

TABLE VI.

IMMUNISATION, 1942.

IIIII ONIDATIO	.,			
Category.	Total	0-5	5—14	Adults
Attendances	6434	2314	3868	252
Persons attending for the first time in 1942	2707	1213	1390	104
Persons attending having attended before 1942	90	37	52	1
Totals	2797	1250	1442	105
Preliminary Schick Test—Positive	627 217	3	596 184	28 33
Totals	844.	3	780	61
Preliminary Schick Test, failed to attend for reading	47	1	44	- 2
Persons who completed Immunisation in 1942	1159	665	465	29
Persons attending in 1942 in whom immunisation was not complete at end of year	126	46	79	1
Schick Test after Injections—Positive Schick Test after Injections—Negative	47 697	13 391	33 287	1 19
Totals	744	404	320	20
Failed to attend for reading of test	49	33	13	3
No. of doses of Alum Precipitated Toxoid No. of doses of Toxin-anti-toxin mixture No. of doses of Toxoid-anti-toxin floccules	1452 1342 388	1452 — 24	1339 282	- 3 82
Total number of doses	3182	1476	1621	85
Preliminary Schick Test after previous Scarlet Fever—Positive	68 20	4	61 16	3 4
Diphtheria—Positive	22 29	_2	19 25	1 4

