Contributors

Tynemouth (England). County Borough Council.

Publication/Creation

1934

Persistent URL

https://wellcomecollection.org/works/agcc5ggs

License and attribution

You have permission to make copies of this work under a Creative Commons, Attribution license.

This licence permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited. See the Legal Code for further information.

Image source should be attributed as specified in the full catalogue record. If no source is given the image should be attributed to Wellcome Collection.



Wellcome Collection 183 Euston Road London NW1 2BE UK T +44 (0)20 7611 8722 E library@wellcomecollection.org https://wellcomecollection.org



3

r (4472)

County Borough of Tynemouth

FIFTY-FOURTH

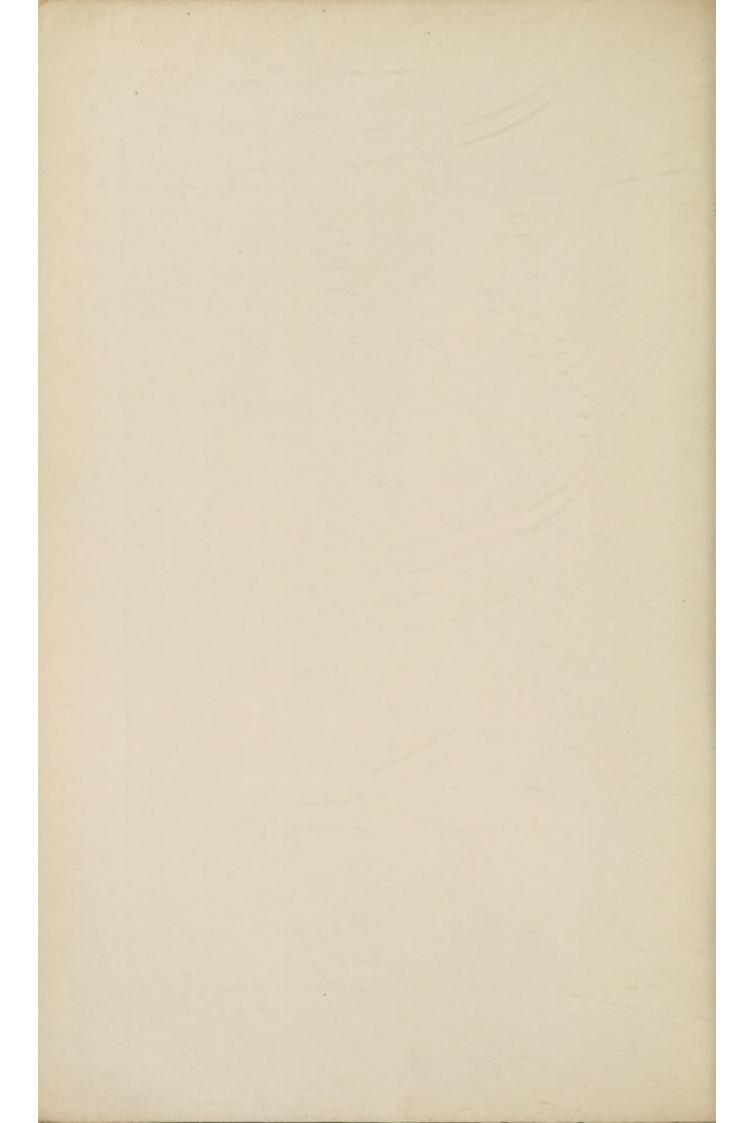
ANNUAL REPORT

of the

Medical Officer of Health.

1934.

Rorth Shields : Printed by J. RUTHERFORD & Co., 19 & 20, Stephenson Street.





County Borough of Tynemouth.

FIFTY-FOURTH ANNUAL REPORT

of the

Medical Officer of Health.

1934.

Jorth Shields : Printed by J. RUTHERFORD & Co., 19 & 20, Stephenson Street, Digitized by the Internet Archive in 2018 with funding from Wellcome Library

https://archive.org/details/b30198872

Index.

I. INTRODUCTORY LETTER vi

II. MEMBERS OF HEALTH COMMITTEE AND STAFF ... 1-3

III. STATISTICS AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA :

Table of statistics; population; births; deaths; principal certifiable causes of death; infantile mortality; child mortality; Neo-natal mortality; marriages, chief occupation of inhabitants; unemployment

IV. GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES IN THE AREA :

Medical practitioners; national health insurance; public medical service; nursing in the home; midwives-supervision of midwives; poor law medical out-relief; laboratory facilities; Hospitals; tables showing hospitals and hospital beds in Tynemouth and surrounding districts; Preston hospital; Jubilee Infirmary; Frater home; Balkwell hospital; Moor Park hospital; tuber-culosis; observations on usage and adequacy of hospitals in area; institutional provision for unmarried mothers; homeless children, etc; and for mental defectives; clinics and treatment centres in the county borough of Tynemouth; ambulance facilities; local government Act, 1929; health education; blind persons, etc.; maternal mortality; registration of nursing homes; legislation in force; extension of public health medical services during the year; special reports

8-24

V. SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA:

Water: drainage and sewerage; cleansing; river pollution; 24-28 schools

VI PREVALENCE OF AND CONTROL OVER INFECTIOUS DISEASES :

Artificial methods of immunisation; routine vaccination; Schick and Dick test; notifications and other particulars of infectious diseases; smallpox; cholera and plague; scarlet fever; diphtheria; enteric fever; encephalitis lethargica; cerebro-spinal fever; acute poliomyelitis; pneumonia; puerperal pyrexia and puerperal fever; ophthalmia neonatorum; measles; whooping cough; diarrhoea and enteritis; food poisoning; diseases contri-buting largely to the death rate or of special interest; influenza; respiratory diseases; cancer and malignant diseases; diseases of circulatory system; infectious diseases diagnostic service; school intimations of disease; eathelesical and hacteriological examination; disinfection pathological and bacteriological examination; disinfection; incidence of infectious disease in relation to the size of 29-38 the house

PAGE.

4-8

VII. TUBERCULOSIS :

Statistical information, etc.; notification and deaths; pulmonary and non-pulmonary tuberculosis; public health regulations, 1925; public health Act, 1925; notification register; dispensary and institutional treatment; work of dispensary during 1934 (table); pulmonary tuberculosis; condition of patients at end of 1934 (table); non-pulmonary tuberculosis; condition of patients at end of 1934; (table); X-ray examination; ultra-violet light therapy; extra nourishment; care committee; rehousing tuber-culous families; institutional treatment 39-46

VIII. VENEREAL DISEASES :

Treatment centre; persons treated; bacteriological examina-... 46-47 tions; deaths

IX. MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE DEPARTMENT :

Work of midwives; municipal midwives; medical aid; care of expectant mothers; general practitioners ante-natal clinic; health visiting; infant hygiene, etc.; still-births; Frater maternity home; necessitous and complicated cases of pregnancy; medical services provided for maternity patients; puerperal pyrexia and puerperal fever; milk (mothers and children) order; infant life protection; infectious diseases ... 48-54 infectious diseases

X. REPORT ON CLINICAL WORK :

(Report by DR. B. M. GRINLING, M. & C.W. Officer).

Infant consultations-numbers, attendances, ages, proportion of new cases to births, nutrition; ultra-violet light therapy-number of patients, number of attendances, diseases treated; ante-natal clinic; voluntary section-... 54-55 maternity bags, financial grants

XI. SANITARY INSPECTION OF THE BOROUGH : (Report by JAMES STANLEY, Senior Sanitary Inspector).

Introductory letter; factories, workshops and workplacesinspections, defects found, outworkers, list of workshops; inspection and supervision of food-meat, other foods, food condemned; milk supplies—cowkeepers, cows, amount of milk sold, retail purveyors; graded milk— (a) licenses; (b) samples for bacteriological examination; cows, (c) prices; (d) action with infected milk; (Tynemouth (c) prices; (d) action with infected milk; (Tynemouth Corporation Acts, 1916-1934); merchandise marks Act, 1926; food and drugs—milk and cream regulations, 1927, artificial cream Act, 1929, condensed milk regulations, 1923—1927, dried milk regulations, 1923—1927, preserv-atives in food regulations, 1925—1927, chemical analyses, sale of food and drug Acts, bacteriological analyses, bakehouses; rag flock Acts, 1911 and 1928; slaughter houses; smoke abatement Act, 1926; seamen's and common lodging houses; offensive trades; theatres, music halls and public buildings: inspection and testing of halls and public buildings; inspection and testing of drains; sanitary conveniences; rats and mice (destruction) Act, 1919; schools

PAGE.

PAGE.

XII. HOUSING AND HOUSING CONDITIONS :

Houses erected during 1934, shown in wards; new houses erected under State assistance and otherwise; inspection of dwelling houses, 1934; remedy of defects during 1934; action under statutory powers; nuisances and defects ... 67-70

v

A]	\mathbf{p}	PI		N	D	т	x	
n.			in a	7.4	11		1.2	-

	Table	I. Vital statistics of whole district during 1934 and previous years 7	1
	Table	II. Cause of and age at death during the year 1934.	2
	Table		3
	Table	III. Infantile mortality during the year 1934. (Age	~
	raore	groups under 1 year) 7	4
	Table	IIIa. Infantile mortality during the year 1934. (In	5
	Table	IV. Registrar General's list of causes of death at different periods of life in the County Borough of Tynemouth during 1934. (Males) 76	6
	Table	IVa. Registrar General's list of causes of death at different periods of life in the County Borough of Tynemouth during 1934. (Females 7	7
	PRESTO	n Hospital-	
	Table	V. Statistics relating to the Period January 1st to December 31st, 1934. (In-patients) 78	8
	Table	Va. Classification of the accommodation for sick, maternity and mental cases, and the number of beds occupied on 31st December, 1934 79	9
	Table	Vb. Classification of in-patients who were discharged from, or who died in, the institution during the period, 1st January, to 31st December, 1934. (Disease groups) 80	,
-	Table	Vc. Number of beds available for the treatment of tuberculosis on 31st December, 1934, in poor law institution belonging to the Council 80)
	Table	Vd. Return showing the extent of residential treat- ment for tuberculosis provided during the year 1934, in Preston Hospital for persons chargeable to Tynemouth County Borough and Northumberland County Council 81	
	Table	VI. Cases of infectious diseases notified during the year 1934. (Age groups, wards, hospital admissions) 82	
	Fable	VIa. Cases of notifiable disease other than tuberculosis during 1934, in accordance with instructions issued from Ministry. (Age groups, hospital	
		admissions) 83	
I	List of	voluntary organisations in the County Borough of Tynemouth 84-85	
50	Summan	ry of meteorological records, 1934 86	

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT, TYNEMOUTH,

MAY, 1935.

To The Mayor, Aldermen and Councillors of the County Borough of Tynemouth.

YOUR WORSHIP, LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I have the honour to present my Annual Report for the year 1934.

While full particulars of the social conditions of the Borough and the state of the health of the inhabitants are dealt with later in the report, there are some matters to which I should particularly like to draw your attention.

1. HOUSING OF THE WORKING CLASSES (1930 Act).

Activity under the above Act is proceeding and a steady rate of progress has been maintained in regard to the representation of Slum Areas, clearance of areas condemned and the rehousing of the tenants in houses on the Corporation Estates. The 5 year programme, initiated in 1933, at least in regard to areas represented for clearance, is well in advance of schedule, and of the rehousing programme.

The areas dealt with up to the end of 1934 are as follows :---

N	Area.		Date of Official Inquiry.	Official	Number of Tenants.	Number of Persons.
No. 1.	Liddell Street		7/2/33	Compulsory Purchase Ord Confirmed	er 109	399
2.	Clive Street		7/2/33	do.	124	375
3.	Duke Street		18/7/33	do.	72	221
5.	Collingwood Stree	t	18/7/33	Order not Confirmed	1	7
6.	Church Street		18/7/33	Clearance Ord Order confirm		50
7.	Reed Street		18/7/33	Closing Orde made on dwe ing houses		41
9.	Bell Street		18/7/33	Compulsory Purchase ord Confirmed		129

10.	Middle Street		18/7/33	Clearance Order Order confirmed	40	166
12.	Queen Street		16/1/34	Clearance Order Confirmed	214	846
13.	Bedford Lane		3/5/34	do.	102	394
14.	Cross Camden Lan	e	25/6/34	do.	14	63
15.	Robson's Row		25/6/34	do.	17	67
16.			25/6/34	do.	5	11
17.	Coble Dene		25/6/34	do.	8	37
18.	Camden Lane		30/7/34	do.	149	556
19.	Churchway No.1		29/8/34	do.	12	41
20.	Churchway No.2		29/8/34	do.	11	34
21.	Churchway No.3		29/8/34	do.	4	14
22.	Churchway No.4		29/8/34	do.	20	74
23.	Front St., Chirton	1.	16/10/34	do.	15	67
24.	Billy Mill Lane			do.	12	39
25.	Front St., Chirton			do.	2	10

The residue of the inhabitants residing in the areas Nod. 1 to 10 as reported in the Annual Report, for 1933, and as included in this year's report, continued to be rehoused during 1934.

Official representations were also made on 12 dwellings (55 persons) under Part (ii) of the Housing Act, 1930 and Closing or Demolition Orders were made.

Dwelling Houses were erected for rehousing the persons displaced as follows :---

	BEDROOMS		
	2	3	4
3, Church Street	 1	2	
4, Lovaine Terrace	 -	1	-
50, Back Churchway	 -	_	1
40, Front Street, Chirton	 1	_	
I, Churchway	 1	2	_
161-47, Front Street, Chirton	 1	1	_

During the year two large building contracts were entered into in order to erect sufficient houses for the purposes of the Act; one of 216 houses to complete the rehousing programme prior to the adoption of the 5 year programme and also a contract of 306 houses being the first instalment of the proposed building programme of 1,200. These two contracts are due for completion during the year 1935.

Overcrowded families and families living in derelict property were rehoused during the year in the 96 houses built under the Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1924. Deinfestation has been carried out upon furniture removed from old insanitary dwellings and has, I think, proved its value in the new Corporation Housing Estates.

The method of deinfestation is the same as has been previously employed by this Department, namely—subjection of all articles to the action of Sulphur Dioxide under pressure in air-tight huts, the furniture being left in the gas for a period of 6 hours. This method is not dangerous to the community after the articles have been removed from the huts and has been definitely proved to destroy all vermin and their larvæ.

SUMMARY,

HOUSING ACT, 1930.

PART (i).

	Clearance Areas.	No. of persons in Area
(1)	Areas dealt with during 1934 and Orders confirmed :	2253
(2)	Subject to Official Representations : Nos. 26 to 29 (inclusive)	411
(3)	Areas dealt with up to December, 1934 and Orders confirmed, 1933; Areas Nos. 1, 2, 3, 6, 9, 10; 1934, 12 to 25 (inclusive) a	3634
(4)	Areas yet to be dealt with to complete the 5 years programme (1933-1938)	3126 ⁶⁷⁶⁰

INDIVIDUAL HOUSES.

PART (ii).

	Buildings.	Persons.	Tenants.
(1) Dealt with during 1934	6	55	12
(2) Dealt with up to December, 1934 (includes 1933)	14	108	24

REHOUSING.

		2 Bed- roomed.	3 Bed- roomed.	4 Bed- roomed.	Total.
(1)	Houses erected (1933-1934)	138	139	24	(301)
(2)	Houses at present in course of erection	32	160	24	(216)
(1)	and (2) Total houses erected of to 5 year	programn	be erected ne-517.	under scheme	e prior
(3)	Houses at present in course of erection under 5 year programme	238	20	48	(306)

(4) Houses necessary to be constructed to complete proposed number required for 5 year programme (1,200 houses)-894 houses. This short summary of Corporation activities under the Housing Act, 1930 deals not only with the actual progress of work during the year 1934 but indicates in addition the extent of the 5 year intensive programme of Slum Clearance and rehousing.

2. HOSPITALS.

The question of the unification of hospital services between this Borough and surrounding communities is still one of considerable importance and some urgency. While the Preston Hospital, administered by the Public Assistance Committee have an agreement with the County Council of Northumberland to admit cases from that authority and so can work and be used almost to its full capacity of beds, the infectious diseases hospitals of the Borough are not utilized except in times of epidemics to anything like their true economic value. As has been previously pointed out, each authority in this S.E. portion of Northumberland maintains both its own Infectious Diseases Hospital and in some cases, its own Smallpox Hospital.

I am fully convinced that amalgamation of these districts for the purposes of hospital treatment should take place and that it would result in both increased efficiency and increased economy.

During the year 1934 commencement has been made at Moor Park Hospital for the erection of a modern administration Block and Nurses' Home. This new building together with the recently completed Cubicle Isolation Block, will I hope, form the nucleus for a new hospital in its entirety which will accommodate not only Infectious Diseases from the County Borough of Tynemouth but from surrounding areas. I am firmly convinced that the maintenance of a small hospital by each authority is most unwise and uneconomic.

3. MORTALITY AND SICKNESS.

General:—The deaths from all causes show a decrease from 13:27 per 1,000 in 1933 to 12:73 per 1,000 in 1934. The infantile mortality rate also shows a decrease from 84 per 1,000 births to 77 per 1,000 births. These death rates for the past 10 years are shown in Table (1) of the appendix.

Cancer:—The death rate from Cancer this year is the highest total recorded, the total deaths occurring being 108 as against 89 for 1933, giving the highest mortality rate per 1,000 of 1.637.

Tuberculosis:—The situation in regard to tuberculosis is given fully, later in the report. It will be again noticed that the general decline in the death rate from tuberculosis, which has been evidenced of late years throughout the country, has continued during the past year when a Pulmonary death rate of 0.71 is the lowest recorded in the Borough, while the non-Pulmonary forms record a death rate of 0.18 which is the second lowest figure recorded.

The factors responsible for this steady decline of recent years are many and of these, better housing conditions, more active treatment and care of the infected persons; careful examination of contacts with a view to prevention, and provision of extra nourishment in deserving cases, undoubtedly play an important part, though the question of the slow but active immunisation of the population of the country as a whole may be a very important though incalculable factor.

Infecticus Diseases:—Scarlet Fever reached mild epidemic proportions during the year, the type of disease was rather more severe than has been experienced in this borough for many years. Subsequent to the decline of the Scarlet Fever epidemic, Diphtheria became much more prevalent and at one time was fairly widespread in the borough.

4. SOCIAL CIRCUMSTANCES.

A further high increase in the amount of money expended in out-relief in the borough is registered for the year. There appears to be no definite signs of the return to a more healthy state in the labour market. In assessing the health of the borough the amount of unemployed must of necessity be of the greatest significance.

The assistance which can be rendered to the families of the unemployed, while in itself very valuable, and the provision of better surroundings for such people dwelling in slum areas, cannot in my opinion, equal the beneficial effects which would be derived by the same people if they were employed in full time remunerative employment.

5. MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE.

The work of the Ante-natal Clinic has proceeded satisfactorily during the year and an increasing number of patients have attended for examination. The honorary Medical Officers and the Midwives have co-operated with considerable success during the year. The amount of Dried Milk supplied at less than cost price has increased. The number of applicants and other particulars for the year is shown on page 53. In 1933, 10,360 lbs. of Dried Milk were distributed and in 1934 11,171 lbs.

There have been many changes in the personel of the Department during the year, but every officer and member of the Staff has worked well under very difficult circumstances. Dr. J. O. Murray left the services of the Health Department to take up his appointment as Medical Officer of Health of Rochester. His loss has been very keenly felt by his colleagues and the staff of the Health Department.

The many branches of Health Services of the Borough have co-operated exceedingly well during the year and my thanks are due to my colleagues in other departments who have assisted me with information and data for inclusion in this report.

To the Chairman and members of the Health Committee and to the members of the Council I would like to tender my thanks for their support and consideration, and to tender my thanks for their support and consideration, and also their keen interest in the work of the Department during the year.

I have the honour to remain,

Your obedient servant,

T. L. J. COXON,

(Medical Officer of Health).



County Borough of Tynemouth PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEE.

Chairman-COUNCILLOR R. COQPER.

Vice-Chairman—COUNCILLOR A. SMITH. THE MAYOR—COUNCILLOR STANLEY HOLMES.

ALDERMAN	FITZHUGH, J.P.	COUNCILLOR	JACKSON.
,,	HARRISON, J.P.	,,	LITTLE.
,,	PORTER, J.P.	,,	LONIE.
COUNCILLOR	MRS. BRODIE.	,,	MIDDLEMISS, J.P.
,,	COOPER.		PARK.
,,	DAME BURNETT, J.P.	,,	A. SMITH.
,,	CAPSTICK (Died 9/1/34)	,,	SPENCE.
	MRS. FRATER, J.P.		WALTON (Appointed
	HUNTER.		21/2/34).

STAFF.

PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

Medical Officer of Health, Administrative Tuberculosis Officer, Chief Medical Officer to the Education Authority, and Chief Medical Adviser to the Local Authority, Medical Superintendent Infectious Diseases and Smallpox Hospitals.

J. O. MURRAY, M.D., Ch. B. (Edin. Univ.), D.P.H. (Liverpool Univ.) (Resigned 6/6/34).

T. L. J. COXON, M.D., B.Hy, D.P.H. (Durham). (Appointed 25/7/34).

Assistant Medical Officer of Health and Assistant Tuberculosis Officer.

WM. ALCOCK, M.B., Ch.B. (Temporary.)

Senior Sanitary Inspector, Inspector under the Housing Acts, Food and Drugs Acts, Etc.

JAMES STANLEY, A.R.S.I., Cert. Meat Inspection.

Sanitary Inspectors.

ED. E. MILBURN, Cert. R.S.I. S. G. EDWARDS, A.R.S.I. J. E. HALL, Cert. R.S.I., Cert. Meat Inspection.

Disinfector.

HENRY HODGSON.

Tuberculosis Nurses.Health Visitors and
Inspectors under the Midwives Acts.Miss Millst. Miss IRVING†§*.Misses Minto§†*, Shaw§*, FRAZER§†*‡
and MARSHALL§‡*†‡Holds Health Visitor's Certificate.\$Holds S.C.M, †Trained Nurse.
*State Registered Nurse,

Clerks.

ALBERT R. FORSYTH, Chief Clerk; WM. R. MILLER, Clerk, FRED RUMSEY, Clerk; MISS M. GOTT, Typist. BASIL O. BLAGBURN, Junior Clerk.

Matron of Moor Park Infectious Diseases Hospital and Balkwell Smallpox Hospital.

Miss K. ROBINSON, S.R.N.

MATERNITY AND CHILD WELFARE DEPARTMENT.

Medical Officer, Maternity and Child Welfare Centre.

AMY ROBINSON, M. D. (Edin.), (Part-time). (Resigned 12/5/34).
 B. M. GRINLING, M.B., B.S. (Appointed 14/5/34).

Matron, Frater Maternity Home. Miss M. MATTHEWSON, A.R.R.C., S.C.M. (Part-time).

Pupil Midwife Teachers.

Miss M. A. MATTHEWSON, A.R.R.C., S.C.M. Miss L. M. JONES, S.R.N., S.C.M. Mrs. M. H. KANE, S.C.M.

Consultants under the Puerperal Fever and Puerperal Pyrexia Regulations.

PROF. RANKEN LYLE, M.D. (Dublin), B.Ch., B.A.O., B.A., M.D. (Durham), L.R.C.P.

HARVEY EVERS, M.S. (Durham), B.S., F.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.

E. FARQUHAR MURRAY, M.D. (St. And.), Ch.B., F.R.C.S.

F. STABLER, M.D. (Durham), B.S., F.R.C.S.

W. HUNTER, M.B., B.S., (Durham).

HONORARY MEDICAL OFFICERS—ANTE-NATAL CLINIC.

H. ADAMS, M.A., M.B., Ch.B.
E. BOLT, M.B., B.S.
E. GOFTON, M.B., B.S., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.
W. GRAHAM, M.B., B.S.
B. H. GREENSILL, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. J. K. HUNTER, L.R.C.P. & S., L.R.F.P.S.
D. MARTIN, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H., D.T.M. and Hy.
W. C. MURRAY, M.B., B.S.
T. J. PHILLIPS, M.B., B.S.
R. J. WEIDNER, M.B., B.S.

SCHOOL MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

School Medical Officer.

J. MCCONNELL, M.B., M.R.C.S., D.P.H. Assistant School Medical Officer-S. C. STONIER, M.B., B.S. (part-time).

School Dentist.

T. E. COULSON, L.D.S.

School Nurses.

Misses Kyles, March*§+, Myers*§+. *S.R.N. § S.C.M. +Trained Nurse.

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE DEPARTMENT.

(MEDICAL STAFF).

Medical Officer—Preston Road Institution. J. B. WILLIAMSON, M.B., B.S. (Durham).

Assistant Medical Officer—Preston Road Institution. Mary E. MINIHAM, M.B., C.L.B.

Visiting Surgeon.

E. GOFTON, M.B., B.S., L.R.C.P. (London), M.R.C.S. (Eng.).

Dentist.

S. GRANT MACKAY, L.D.S.

District Medical Officers.

Tynemouth District-P. HOLGATE, M.B., B.Sc. (Durham). North Shields District-W. YEATES. L.R.C.P. & S. (Edin.).

Superintendent Nurse.

L. M. JONES, S.R.N., S.C.M.

Assistant Superintendent Nurse. C. M. STRATTON, S.R., S.C.M.

FOOD AND DRUGS.

Public Analysts.

J. T. DUNN, D.Sc., F.I.C. H. C. L. BLOXAM, F.I.C.

Veterinary Surgeon.

T. HARPER, M.R.C.V.S.

Public Vacinnators.

Tynemouth District—P. HOLGATE, M.B., B.S. (Durham). North Shields District—R. J. WEIDNER, M.B., B.S. (Durham). Preston Hospital—J. B. WILLIAMSON, M.B., B.S. (Durham).

Vaccination Officers.

C. A. SMITH. JOHN SNAITH.

Infant Life Protection Visitor. Mrs. Agnes THIRKLE.

Statistics and Social Conditions of the Area.

STATISTICAL AND SOCIAL CONDITIONS OF THE AREA.

Area (in acres) 4,284. (Exclusive of 83 acres covered by inland water).

Population (Census 1931) 64,922; and estimated, 1934, 65,950. Total dwellings occupied and vacant: 13,635 (1931 Census). Number of Private Families therein: 16,079 (1931 Census). Number of families or separate occupiers: 17,195. Average Number of Persons per family: 3.86 (1931 Census). Rateable value: £336,769. Sum represented by a penny rate: £1,309.

EXTRACTS FROM VITAL STATISTICS OF THE YEAR.

Number of Marriages during 1934: 624.

Total M. F.

Live births-						
Legitimate Illegitimate		$\left[\begin{array}{c} 130 \\ 42 \end{array} \right] 627$	545	Birth rate		17.77
	49 (R.		23	Rate per live birth		42
Deaths	\$	840 464	376			10 -0
Percentage of	deaths	in Public	Instituti	ons		39.3
Natural Increa	ise in po	pulation (e	excess of	births over o	deaths)	332
Number of wo or childbirth		ing in, or	in consec	quence of pr	egnand	y
From From	Sepsis other ca	auses			$\begin{array}{c} 0\\ 6\end{array}$	
Death rate of	Infants	under one	year per	1,000 live b	irths	77
Legitimate: 7	5. Illeg	itimate: 1	.66.			
Deaths from	Measles	(all ages)				14
Deaths from	Whoopin	g Cough (all ages)			2
Deaths from	Diarrhoe	a (under \$	2 years)			5
Amount exper	nded in a	out-relief,	1934 : £8	33,501 12s. 2	2d.	
Average Dail	y Numb	per in the	e Poor	Law Institu	ution	
(excluding l	Hospital))	'			382
Average Daily	/ Numbe	er in Childr	en's Hor	nes		77

POPULATION.

The Census was taken on the 27th April, 1931, and the population of the Borough on that date was 64,922.

The mid-year 1934 population, as estimated by the Registrar General, was 65,950.

	WAI	RD,			Census Population 1931.	Area in Acres. Census 1931.	Persons to the Acre. Census 1931.
Central					4737	40	118.4
Collingwoo	bd				10869	2370	4.6
Dockwray					7000	83	84.3
Linskill					9258	-309	30.0
Milbourn					5224	120	43.5
Percy					8041	752	10.7
Preston					7928	570	13.9
Rudverd					5122	42	122.0
Trinity					6743	81	83-2
County Bo	orough	of T	ynemo	uth	64922	4367	14.9

DISTRIBUTION AND DENSITY OF POPULATION.-CENSUS 1931.

The distribution and density of population are shown in the following table.

DISTRIBUTION AND DENSITY OF POPULATION, 1934.

	WAR	D.			Population estimated to 30th June, 1934.	Area in Acres.	Persons to the Acre.
Central					4812	40	120.3
Collingwoo	d				11041	2289	4.8
Dockwray					7111	83	85.7
Linskill					9405	309	30.4
Milbourn					5307	120	44.2
Percy					8168	750	10.9
Preston					8053	570	14.1
Rudyerd					5203	42	123.9
Trinity					6850	81	84.5
County Bo	rough	of	Tynem	outh	65950	*4284	15.4

*Exclusive of 2 acres in Percy Ward and 81 in Collingwood Ward, which are covered by water.

BIRTHS.

The nett total births assignable to Tynemouth were 1,172, giving an annual birth rate of 17.77 per 1,000 of the population and shows a slight increase on that of last year.

The birth rate for England and Wales for 1934 was 14.8 per 1,000 of the population.

The transfera		were :-	_	Inward	Outward
Total Births.				Transfers	Transfers
Males				13	39
Females				20	38
Illegitimate (Included in	above	totals)		
Males				1	4
Females				0	8

Ward.	BIRTHS.	Birth rate per 1,000 of Population	illegitimate	Percentage of illegitimate births to total births.
Central Collingwood	0.10	$22.0 \\ 21.7$	4 6	3·8 2·5
Dockwray Linskill	158	22·2 9·6	7	4·4 1·1
Milbourn	90 99	18.6	3	3.0
Percy	100	12.2	4 3	4.0
Preston Rudyerd	154 81	19·1 15·7	8	1.9 7.4
Trinity	111	16.2	7	6.3
Inward Transfers	33	-	1	
County Borough of Tynemouth	1172	17.77	42	3.6
Mean of Ten Years- 1924-1933	1909	19.75	51	3 ·96

BIRTHS AND BIRTH RATES IN WARDS.

DEATHS.

The total number of deaths recorded in the Borough was 1,022, but 229 of these were non-resident. 47 deaths of residents also occurred outside the Borough. The **nett deaths** were, therefor 840, which is equal to a **death rate** of 12.73 per 1,000 of the population. The rates for England and Wales and the Great Towns were 11.8 and 11.8 respectively.

The number of deaths of persons belonging to Tynemouth which occurred in Public Institutions during the year, was:— Tynemouth Poor Law Institution, 217; Tynemouth Victoria Jubilee Infirmary, 66; Moor Park Isolation Hospital, 13; Frater Maternity Home, 1; Royal Victoria Infirmary, Newcastle, 17; other Institutions outside the Borough (including 7 deaths in Morpeth Asylum) 16. This makes a total of 330, which is 39.3 per cent. of all deaths of residents during the year.

W	ARD.		Total Deaths.	Death rate per 1,000 of population.
Central			 69	14.3
Collingwood	1 -		 140	12.7
Dockwray			 97	13.6
Linskill			 95	10.1
Milbourn			 65	12.2
Percv			 106	12.9
Preston			 103	12.8
Rudyerd			 81	15.6
Trinity			 84	12.3
County Bor Tynemout		of 	 840	12.73
Mean of 10 1924-1933	year	s <u> </u>	 834	12.64

DEATHS AND DEATH RATES IN WARDS.

The Comparability Factor for adjusting the local death rates of 1931 and subsequent years is 1'10; by which figure the crude death rate for the Borough should be multiplied in order to make it comparable from a mortality point of view, with the crude death rate of the country as a whole, or with any other local area, the crude death rate of which should be similarly modified with its own factor for the purpose.

The deaths occurring in each quarter during the last five years were as follows : ---

Period	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934	Death rate per
First Quarter	 217	246	223	279	238	1,000 during 1934. 14.44
Second Quarter	 206	208	190	199	228	13.83
Third Quarter	 161	157	145	182	187	11.34
Fourth Quarter	 203	203	190	213	187	11.34

PRINCIPAL CERTIFIABLE CAUSES OF DEATH.

TABLE TO SHOW PRINCIPAL CERTIFIABLE CAUSES OF DEATH IN THE AREA DURING THE YEAR 1934.

Disease of Circulatory System_	No. of Deaths. –	Proportion of Deaths per 1,000 Deaths from all causes.
Diseases of the heart	153	182.1
Cerebral Haemorrhage, etc.	64	76.2
Other Circulatory Diseases	26	30.9
Respiratory Diseases—		
Pneumonia	58	69.0
Influenzal Pneumonia	15	17.8
Bronchitis	45	53.6
Other Respiratory Diseases	3	1.2
Tuberculosis—		
Tuberculosis (all forms)	59	70.2
Cancer and Malignant Diseases-	_	
Cancer and Malignant disease	s 108	128.6
Deaths from all causes	840	

INFANTILE MORTALITY,

There were 85 deaths of children under one year of age, which gives an Infantile Mortality Rate of 77 to every 1,000 children born.

During 1934 there were 14 deaths from Measles and Respiratory diseases among infants, in 1933 there were 22, and in 1932, 37.

The infantile mortality rates for England and Wales and for the Great Towns were 59 and 63 respectively.

CHILD MORTALITY.

There were 45 deaths of children between the ages of 1 to 5 years. The principal causes of death were as follows : —Bronchitis, Pneumonia and Measles.

NEO-NATAL MORTALITY.

The neo-natal mortality, i.e., the death rate under **1 month** of age per 1,000 births, was 34.0 compared with 34.5 in 1933; 25.0 in 1932; 31.3 in 1931; 25.0 in 1930; 32.8 in 1929.

MARRIAGES.

I am indebted to the interim, Superintendent Registrar, (Allan J. Little) for the following particulars :--

The number of marriages which took place within the County Borough of Tynemouth, during the year ended 31st December, 1934 was 624, made up as follows:—

0	 	 	336
Roman Catholic Church		 	56
	 	 	163
Non-Conformist .	 	 	69
			624

CHIEF OCCUPATIONS OF INHABITANTS (1931 Census Return)

formere in ridnoport and Comm	IN COLLEGE CALVER		
Metal Workers (including fitters	and engineer	s)	. 3,009
Commercial Finance, Insurance			. 3,752
Institution, Personal Service (in	cluding dom	estics)	. 3,358
Undefined Workers (General labo			3,584
Mining and Quarrying			. 964
Clerks, Draughtsmen, etc.			. 1,849
Fishermen			
Workers in wood and furniture .			925
Bricklayers, Builders, etc.		:.	. 961
Professional (doctors, ministers	s, lawyers,	teachers.	
etc.)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total occupied, 14 years and over			
Total unoccupied and retired, 14 ye			

UNEMPLOYMENT.

The following tables, for which I am indebted to Mr. A. A. Sharing, Manager of North Shields Labour Exchange, to Mr. S. Oldroyd, Secretary Juvenile Employment Bureau, and to Mr. G. Brown, Public Assistance Officer, Tynemouth, shows to some extent the amount of unemployment in the area during the past 5 years.

INFORMATION WITH REGARD TO PERSONS IN RECEIPT OF RELIEF.

N 1 6	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934
Number of persons receiving out-relief Average weekly number of	977	747	1,302	1,749	2,450
persons receiving in-door relief Total number of persons	425	413	442	425	397
receiving in-door relief	993	1,004	1,493	1,635	1,585

The amount expended in out-door relief in the County Borough of Tynemouth, during 1934 was £33,501 12s. 2d.

Statement showing the Number of Persons Registered as Unemployed at the North Shields Employment Exchange on the Last Monday in March, in each year.

	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934
Total Live Register	3,647	5,167	6,593	6,654	5,811
Temporary Stoppage Claims					
included in Total	113	1,452	1,984	1,597	1,203

Average Monthly Figures of Unemployed Juveniles between the ages of 14—18 years, during the years commencing August, 1928, to July, 1933, inclusive.

1929 - 1930	1930 - 1931	1931 - 1932	1932 - 1933	1933 - 1934
258	339	382	379	378

General Provision of Health Services.

MEDICAL PRACTITIONERS.

There are 22 doctors resident in the County Borough of Tynemouth who are engaged in private practice.

NATIONAL HEALTH INSURANCE.

I am indebted to Mr. Elias Lamble, Clerk to the Tynemouth Insurance Committee, for the following particulars:-

Average number of insured persons in the County

Borough of Tynemouth during the year 1934 ... 23,826 Total number of prescriptions dispensed from Decem-

ber 1st, 1933, to Nov	ember 30th,	1934	 97,557
Average cost per presc	ription		 7.8 pence
Average cost per insure	ed person		 33.1 pence

PUBLIC MEDICAL SERVICE.

A contributory scheme is in operation in the Borough for the provision of medical services for persons uninsured under the National Health Insurance Scheme. The total number of subscribers is 3,872 persons, living in 1,650 families.

NURSING IN THE HOME.

Full particulars of this Service which remains unaltered were included in my Report for 1930. During the year 1934, 415 visits were made by the nurses engaged in this work.

MIDWIVES.

There were 24 midwives practising in the Borough at the end of the year.

The following is the revised list of persons certified as midwives resident or practising within the Borough.

			No	o. of
	NAME.	ADDRESS.		ficate.
1.	Laidler, Violet M.	66, Stephenson St., North Shields		18873
2.	Warren, Isabella. (Dec	d.) 11, Linskill Street, North Shields		14146
	Kane, Mary H	11, Hylton Terrace, North Shields		59933
	Hall, Margaret	17, Chirton Avenue, North Shields		57867
	Wight, Elizabeth.	3, Waterford Crescent, Whitley Bay		63300
	Hyslop, Mary	Frater Maternity Home, North Shie	elds	69598
	Simpson, Priscilla.	79, Whitley Road, Whitley Bay		67025
	Smiles, Georgina.	39, Burdon Street, Percy Main		67998
	Carter, Henrietta.	24, Queen Alexandra Road West,		
		North Shields		49124
10.	Matthewson, M. A.	Tynemouth Victoria Jubilee		
		Infirmary, North Shields		46551
11.	Jackson, Mary	78, Prudhoe Street, North Shields		60926
12.	Robertson, Ivy M.	Maternity Hospital, Willington Q	uay	42233
13.	Fanthorpe, Ethel	2, Wallsend Road, North Shields		45664
14.	Luke, May L	58, Belford Terrace, North Shields		66397
	Mooney, Emily	8, Hylton Street, North Shields		79036
16.	McLeod, Ethel	Training Centre, Willington Quay		78385
	Bartle, Annie W	36, Stanley Street, Willington Quay		59071
	Young, Ellen	28, Percy Street, Tynemouth		31031
19.	Corney, Catherine.	Tynemouth Victoria Jubilee Infirm	ary,	
		North Shields		52258
20.	Wake, Justina A	29, Lansdowne Terrace West, No	orth	1
		Shields		68633
	Lawson, M. E	97, The Avenue, Wallsend		56938
	Baird, Margaret	9, Frater Terrace, East Howdon		70363
	Carr, Eleanor			45975
24.	Fairclough, Hilda A.	Fernholme, Sparty Lea, Allenheads	***	80204

There are no new arrangements for the employment of or for subsidising midwives, but Pupil Midwife teaching is undertaken by the Local Authority as described in my Annual Report for 1930. The number of patients attended by pupil midwives under supervision, during 1934 was 303. Hospitals in the County Borough of Tynemouth.

Remarks.	 Provides certain services by authority; such as Ear, Nose and Throat treatment of complicated Maternity cases, Pueperal Frever and Pueperal Pyreria; fortho- predic Surgery for Child- rent. X-ray examination of children. Future structural & service extensions are possible, when the financial position permits. 	Medical Superin- tendent and the formation of the local Asst. Medical Officer I give rear appropriated under the local Asst. Medical Officer I Sister Tutor I Sister Tutor I Sister Tutor I Consultant Surgeont I Dental Officer I Dental Officer I Dental Officer Superviser 10 Dental Officer Superviser 10 Dent	 The buildings which consist of old temporary buildings, erected in 1902, during a been partially modernised. A new Administration Block is now in course of erection. 	Opened, 1924.	1 Opened, 1920. Administered in co-operation with the Tynemout Victoria Jubilee Infirmary. One Matron acting for both Institutions
Nursing Staff.	as Matron 1 8 Sisters and 28 at 1 1 1 1 2 2	Supt. Nurse 1 Hone Sister 1 Sister 1 Sister 1 Sister 1 Sister 1 Probationer Nurses 45 Total 67	of Matron 1 Health Sisters 2 n Nurses 1	of Engaged as 0 Health and when required. Mat- ron of Moor Park Hospital 's also Matron of Balkwell Hospital.	Matron† Sister Nurses
Medical Staff.	Honorary Physicians Hon. Surgeon* 8 Hon. Surgeon to Ear, Nore & Throat Department* 1 Hon. Radiologist* 1 Hon. Pathologist* 1 Hon. Dentist* 2 House Surgeons 2	Medical Superin- medical Officer 1 Asst. Medical Officer 1 Asst. Medical Officer 1 Asst. Medical Officer 1 Sustern * Dental Officer * Officer shared with Health Department).	Medical Officer of Health Asst	Medical Officer of Health Asst	General Practitioners Matron+ attend their own Sister patients in the Home. Nurses
Manage- ment.	Voluntary Committee	Public Assistance Committee Tyne- mouth Corpora- tion.			Borough, Committee Tyne- mouth fron-
Beds avail. Tyremouth and able. Proportion of Tyremouth and imhabitants of imhabitants of other districts.	Tynemouth 71% Voluntary Wallsend 6% Committee Whitley Bay 16% Others 7%	A "mixed" "Hospital" Northumberland Public Institution, Beds, 498 (County Council, Assistance ad under "House" Beds, 508 (County Council, Committee Beds, 508 ately. Tynemouth Tyne, Law Act, Beds, 508 ately. Tynemouth Tyne, approximately, "Corporation, 55% mouth diseases, and a pproximately, tion, and for and seases, sick are additioned ately atel	Tynemouth Health County Borough, Committee 100% Corpora- corpora- tion.	Tynemouth County Borough, Committee 100% Dough, Committee Tyne- mouth Corpora- tion.	Tynemouth County Borough, 100%
Beds avail- able.	8	"Hospital" Beds, 438. "Houze" Beds, 503.	8	50	6 (and two labour beds).
Purpose.	General & Medical & Surgical cases, cases, cases, cases, cases, Nose, & Thore, & Thore, patients patients patients patients ic.	A "mixed" Institution, administer- the Poor the Poor Law Act, Hospital beds avail general diseases, ruber- cutosis diseases, inseases, i	Isolation and treat- ment of Scarlet fever, Typhoid fever, and tever, and cases.	leolation & treatment of Small- pox cases.	Uncompli- cated Maternity cases.
Situation.	Hawkey's Lans, North Shields,	Preston Road, Shields,	Billy Mill, North Shields,	Balkwell, North Shields,	Hawkey*s Lane, North Shields.
Name.	Tynemouth Victoria Unfirmary Infirmary	Preston Hospital	Moor Park Hospital	Balkwell Hospital	Frater Home

*Part Time. †Also Matron of Tynemouth Victoria Jubilee Infirmary.



Remarks.	Medical Reds. Les Surgers and Surgers and	Medical Beda - 60 Medical Beda - 60 Maternay Beda - 18 Maternay Beda - 18 Maternay Beda - 18 Maternay Beda - 10 Maternay Beda - 10 Choncel Sciel Beda 10 Maternay Sciel Beda 10 Maternay Sciel Beda 10 Maternay Sciel Maternay	ogreal Departments. logical Beds 6 1 Surgical Beds 6 1 Surgical Beds 6 1 No rpecial depart- ments. Modified Surg- gical service.	1 Denast Ophishine, Sain, Masarg, Ear, Nore, and Throat, Pathological. Complete Surgeral For extension, under con- otheration.	Extension under con- sideration. Total In-patients, 1334 3,000.		Medical, Sargical, Or- thopsedic, Neurologic thopsedic, Neurologic and Ear, Deshil, Xroat and Ear, Deshil, Xroat and Manual training provided.	A strain of the second	1 Heuse Surgeon,	New patients treated during year, 631; Total entring, 2, 101. Electro- Therapeulic depart- ment in use.	 Population served: Envolut) Joint Hospital Envolut) Joint Hospital Envolution To Comfingeton, extension Detaval, Serve Mill, Longbenom, Ears- nom, Tonit Population, 002065. 	Population served : Earston Joint Roopital District, 60,565	1 Population served : 2 Wallsend Borough, 44,340.	As and when Fugalation served : required. Walliend Borough, 41,340.	1 Matron - I Population wered : Ass. Matron I Newson-Tyme, Mark Staters 11 260,000 Ass. Vances 42 Probes 42 Probes 42	
Nursing Staff.	Average Nurving Staff, 1804 243	154	Matron I Sister I Staff Nurse Proba- tioners	Matron Matron Matron Matron Matron Matron Matron Matron Matron Masseure Masaeure Masseure Masseure Mas	Matron 1 Sosters 8 Staff 6 Nutres 0 Proba-	8	81	Matron	12	-	Matron 1 Sieter 1 Staff Nurse 1 Proba- tioners 4	No resident Staff Resident Care- taker and his Wife.	Matreen 1 Sister 2 Proba-	As and who required.	Matron Ass. Matron Ward Sisters Ass. Nurses Proba- tioners	I Supplied from City Hoopital a and when required.
Medical Staff.	Consulting Physicians	thathin Mathematical Superiordom 1 Normalic Regeneration and 2 Normalic Regeneration and 2 Superior Tate Superior and 2 Superior and 3 Superior and 3 Supe	Constituents and Local Mattern 130 Constituents and Local Mattern 130 Autom 130 Section 130 Constituents Autom 130 Constituents Autom 130 Autom 130 Autom 130 Autom 140 Autom 140	Consultant Physicians - 1 Consulting Surgeons - 9 Consultants in Special Departments - 10 House Surgeons - 2 House Surgeons - 2	ani i	Hon. Surgeon 1 lion. Physician 1 Hon. Obstetrician 1	Medical Officer Consultants Orthogaedic Surgeon Other Surgeons	Hon Consultants from Surgeons Hon Physician Hon Physician Hon Dental Surgeons Hon Neurologist	Consultant Surgeons	liysicians, Honorary 2 but, Physicians, Hon 1	, part-time Medical Supt.		Medical Officer of Health	Medical Officer of Health	Medical Supt. (M.O.H.) Deputy Med. Supt. (Ass. M.O.H.) Resident M.O's.	supplied from City Host is and when required.
Manage- nent.	Volumitie	Health Committee Newcastle- gron-Tyne Corpeta- tion.	Committee	per cent. Voluntary	Committee	Voluntary Committee	Volaniary Committee	Voluntary Committee	Volumtary Committee	Committee	Earsdon Joint Hoopital Board	Farsdom Ioint Board	Wallsend Corpora-	Wallsend Corpora- tion	Health Committee Newcastle Corpora- tion	Realth Committee Newcastle Corpora-
Propertion of beds used by inhabitants fynemouth	offs and Offs and B pay-beds 1 per cent. Committee	NIL	NI	per cent.	1 per cent. Committee	cot	Varied	ot known	Nil.	Nill. Number of out-patients attend from	No fixed propartion. Morad arrange ment.	18 d	IN		.fin	'BN
Beds available.	645 and pay-beds	99 11	000	E		и	131	3	8	ø	1:	29	12	8	SE .	113
	Medical Surgical Surgical - Coldren, - Specials, Etc.	General & Medical & Surgical, Diomic Sick, etc.	Medical. Surgical. Maternity.	Children.	Maternity.	Maternity.	Ortho- paedic. Hospital. School.	Kye Diseases,	Diveases of Throat, Nove and	Diseases of the Skin.	scarlet Fever, Diphtheria,	Serallpox.	Infectious Diseases.	Smallpox.	Infectious Diseases & Fuber- sulosis,	Smallpox.
Situation		Neucostle noon-Tyste,	Walhend-on- Dyne,	Newcastle- upou-Tyne,	Newcastle- upon-Tyne.			st. Mary's Place, Newcastle- apon-Tyne,	Sye Hill, Newcastle- upon-Tyne,	Weigate Hall Diseases of Grange, Newcastle, upon-Tyne, 4	Sairemoor.	Earsdon, Noethumber- land.	Wallsend-on- Tyne.	Vallsend-on- Tyne.		Fown Moot, Newcastle- spon-Tyne,
Name	total Vanois Accounts Internary, upor Trac	Concerta General Hospital	Vallsend General Hospital,	Teming Memorial Memorial for Sick Children,	1	Maternity Hospital.	The Contents W. J. Sand Verenative Were and Verenative reading they pital School for Children	ye Hospita.	Throat, Nose and Ear Hospital,	forpital for Diseases of the Skin,	nfectious Discases Hospital	Grange Grange Hospital,	nfectious Diseases Hospital.	malipox Hospital.	ity Houpital.	Teolation I Houghtal



SUPERVISION OF MIDWIVES.

Routine visits of inspection are carried out by the four Inspectors of Midwives (H.V.'s) employed by the Local Authority. During the year 11 visits were made by Health Visitors to homes of midwives and 18 visits were paid by midwives to M. & C.W. Centre. Total: 29 visits.

POOR LAW MEDICAL OUT-RELIEF.

Districts.	Wards.			Persons receiving Out-relief durin	
Tynemouth— Central Dockwr Linskill Percy	ay 	····}	29,036	531	0
North Shields- Colling Milbour Preston Rudyer Trinity	wood m d	···· }	35,886	434	
1	Fotal		64,922	965	

This service is now carried out on lines similar to National Health Insurance.

LABORATORY FACILITIES.

During the year there has been no change in the provision of laboratory facilities which were described in the Annual Report for 1930. The following table shows the number, nature and results of examination of the specimens examined in the Tynemouth Laboratory since 1930.

YEAR.	Dipł	theria,	eria, Phthisis. Typhoid Fever.			epto- cus.	Miscellan- cous	Totals		
	+		+	-	+		+	-		
1980	269	1576	45	197	7	48		-	175	2312
1931 1932	125 52	1048 563	40 56	169 196	3 1	16	25	800	377 39	1248
1933 1934	55 121	396 816	45 38	227 185	1	8	14 11	802 428	45 28	1098 1621

The bacteriological examination of milk and water and other specimens is carried out by arrangement at the Durham College of Medicine laboratory, Newcastle, The following specimens were examined during the year 1934 : ---

Samples of Milk for tubercle bacilli		 80
Samples of Milk for B.coli and count		 13
Samples of Water for bacteriological exa	mination	 23
Agglutination tests '		 11
Other specimens		 23

Chemical analyses are performed for the Local Authority by the Public Analysts for the Borough, in their laboratory in Newcastle.

Four samples of water were examined during the year.

In the County Borough Hospital and in the Tynemouth Victoria Jubilee Infirmary, certain examinations and analyses of clinical material are performed by the staff of each hospital.

Such examinations include Blood Counts, Blood Sugar examinations, Urine analyses, Slide and Smear preparations, etc.

HOSPITALS AND INSTITUTIONS.

The Hospital services in the area and in the adjoining districts were described and discussed in the Annual Report for 1930. This year only additions or alterations in each hospital service are mentioned. Hospital Beds in the County Borough of Tynemouth.

-			-			-	-				-		-	
	Total.		307		86	10	III	68	26	4		:	:	612
Balkwell	Smallpox Hospital. (Council)	4 wards	::			:		20	:	:		:		20
Moor Park	Infectious Diseases, (Council)	5 wards plus side wards, shelters, and cubicle isolation	::		:		20	48					:	68
Frater	Maternity Home. (Council)	2 wards plus labour wards	: :	:	:	:		:	9	:	:			9
	toria ary.	Total.	45	2 wards				:	8		:		:	80
	Tynemouth Victoria Jubilee Infirmary. Voluntary	ule Female rds 8 wards an d side wards.	4	:	:	:		:	80	:	::			34
	Tynen Jubil	Male F 3 wards 3 ap d side wa	28	:	:		:	:	:	:		:		38
icil).		'l'otal.	165	70	86	10	*16	:	13	4		:	:	438*
Preston Hospital (Council).	Beds.	Female	81	:	28	4	26	:	12	67	:	:		153
on Hospi		Male	84	:	58	9	60	:	:	77	:		:	190
Prest	No. of Wards	~ 14			00	01	9	:	1	c1		:		24
	Classification of Wards.		Medical		Chronie Sick	Venereal	Tuberculosis	Isolation	Maternity	Mental-(a) Short stay	(b) Long stay	-	Other	Total

All Beds-612.

No beds are specifically reserved for Orthopaedic; Ear Nose and Throat; Puerperal Fever and Pyrexia, or Ophthalmia Neonatorum cases, but beds for these diseases are available at both Preston Road Institution and the Victoria Jubilee Infirmary. *Includes 25 beds for Children.

13

FACILITIES AVAILABLE AT HOSPITALS IN THE BOROUGH OF TYNEMOUTH.

Preston Hospital,

During 1933 an agreement as to joint usage of this hospital with Northumberland County Council, was extended to a period of 20 years, namely until 1950.

The following table is inserted to show the number of patients treated and the nature of diseases dealt with in Preston Hospital during the year 1934. The figures relate to all patients admitted, from the County Borough of Tynemouth and the County Council of Northumberland.

Number of beds available-438.

Classification	ı of	beds.		Prov	ided.	Occupied on a	31/12/34.
Medical and	Sui	gical			165	Med. 85, 3	Surg. 39.
						Total,	124
Children					70		61
Chronic Sick					86		70
Tuberculosis	(25	for chi	ldren)		91		81*
Maternity					12		6
Others					14		11
					438		353

*Includes 34 cases of tuberculosis.

Number of patients admitted during the year	1805
Number of patients discharged during the year	1840
Number of deaths during the year	413
Average number of beds occupied	377
(Highest 409, on 24/1/34; Lowest 340, on 14/9/34)	
Number of patients seen at Venereal Diseases Clinic	489
Number of Surgical operations under General Anaes	33
Number of Children, including children suffering from Tuberculosis, admitted from 1/1/34 to 31/12/34	518
Number of Maternity patients admitted from 1/1/34 to 31/12/34	85
Number of X-Ray Examinations (patients from Preston Hospital)	228

Tynemouth Victoria Jubilee Infirmary.

A description of this hospital was included in the Annual Report for 1930.

The following table summarises the work of the hospital during the year 1934.

PATIENTS TREATED—In-patients, 1,638; Out-patients, 4,325; Total—5,963.

OPERATIONS under general anaesthesia-1,912.

PATIENTS TREATED IN MASSAGE AND ELECTRICITY DEPARTMENT-317.

EXAMINATIONS IN X-RAY DEPARTMENT-1,515.

SPECIMENS EXAMINED IN LABORATORY-2,828.

0

IN-PATIENTS TREATED DURING 1934, ACCORDING TO INJURY OR DISEASE-

								Total.
	Accidents							122
	Surgical—(Alin Gynaecologi Miscellaneou	cal, 3 18, 163	(7; D) (3)	isease:	s of th 	e Bone,	, 50; 	698
	Medical—(Puli ary, 79; Ne	rvous,	2; G	enito-	urinary,	12; Mi		
	aneous, 36)			• •				149
	Children's Dis	eases						520
	Maternity-No	ormal,	81; c	complie	cated, 6	8		149
	Total			• •				1,638
)PI	ERATIONS UNDER	R ANAI	ESTHES	SIA,				
	during :				1931	· 1932	1933	1934
	Abdominal				528	564	398	335
	Ear, Nose and	l Thro	at		280	289	307	224
	Orthopeadic				124	190	215	202
	Dental				46	116	188	142
	Radium and L	Diather	my		7	12	10	58
	Others				285	314	716	951
	Total				1,270	1,485	1,834	1,912
								and and and and and the

FRATER MATERNITY HOME.

Particulars of this Home are included in the Annual Report, 1931, and previous years. As routine, swabs are taken from all patients admitted and the staff are also submitted periodically to bacteriological examination. The following table shows the bacteriological findings of such examinations:—

	Patients.	Staff.
Number of examinations	323	64
Number of swabs showing streptococci	6	2

K.L.B. was discovered in 7 cases (6 patients and 1 staff).

The number of patients admitted during the year was 112.

The nett cost per patient during the year 1933—1934, was £3.5s. 11.9d. per patient per week.

BALKWELL SMALLPOX HOSPITAL.

No cases of smallpox were admitted during the year but the chambers erected during 1933 and 1934, for purposes of deinfestation of furniture of tenants from Clearance Areas, under the Housing Act, 1930, were used as during 1933. The wards, when necessary, were utilised for the accomodation of the families of such tenants whose furniture was unable to be removed before nightfall. These families received board and lodging over night. Apart from this the hospital was used for no other purpose during the year.

I strongly advise that some scheme to utilise more fully the accommodation provided by this well appointed little hospital, should be devised and an arrangement, if possible, entered into with surrounding authorities to come into operation should smallpox ever occur.

MOOR PARK HOSPITAL.

Particulars of this Hospital are given in the Annual Reports for 1930 and 1931.

The new Administration Block and Nurse's Home was commenced in the latter part of the year and it is expected that it will be ready for occupation in June or July, 1935.

Disease.	Patients in hospital on 1st January, 1934.	Admitted	Discharged	Died	Remaining in hospital on 31st Dec., 1934.
Diphtheria	8	47	41	4	5 28
Scarlet Fever	15	295	276	6	28
Enteric Fever	_	4	4	-	-
Tuberculosis	15	27	38	4	
Pneumonia	_	1	1		-
Erysipelas	-	5	4		1
Measies and G.					
Measles		11	11		
Other *	-	13	18	-	-
Totals	88	403	388	14	84

Admissions, Discharges, and Deaths during 1934.

*11 Suspicious cases (5 Scarlet Fever, 4 Diphtheria, 1 Cerebro-Spinal Fever, 1 Erysipelas), 1 Diphtheria carrier and 1 Diphtheria case from outside borough.

The total number of days spent in hospital by patients during the year was 14,494, or an average of 35.9 days per patient.

The use of specific sera for the treatment of infectious disease has been considerably extended during the year. It will be noted that the average stay of patients in hospital has been reduced by approximately 8 days.

TUBERCULOSIS.

The provision of beds under the Public Health Acts for Tuberculosis patients was outlined in the Annual Report for 1930. 91 beds are provided in Preston Hospital, which is administered under the Poor Law Acts, and there are 20 beds at Moor Park for tuberculous persons.

LOCAL COVERNMENT ACT, 1929.

No consultation has been held by the Voluntary Hospital as required by Section 13 of the Local Government Act, 1929.

Institutional Provision for Unmarried Mothers and Illegitimate Infants, Homeless Children, and other children.

There has been no change in the above provision, which was detailed in my Report for 1930. The following notes show the extent of the work accomplished during the year by the various organisations.

TYNEMOUTH RESCUE AND PREVENTIVE ASSOCIATION (voluntary, but subsidised by Council)—

Cases	investigated	 	 97
	placed in homes		 23
Visits	paid and received	 	 1,363

PUBLIC ASSISTANCE COMMITTEE, TYNEMOUTH COUNTY BOROUGH.

Admitted to Homes—Orphans, 2; Deserted children, 10; Illegitimate children, 14; Others, 19.

Admitted to Institution—Unmarried mothers, 11; Illegitimate children, 23; Homeless children, Nil.

St. Aidan's Home, Tynemouth.

See Annual Report for 1930, page 29.

St. Oswald's Home, Cullercoats.

See Annual Report for 1930, page 29.

The Leslie Holiday Home, Seaton Sluice.

There has been no change in the administration of this Home, which was reported upon in my Annual Report for 1930.

During the year there were 116 admissions, comprising 44 adults, 31 boys, and 41 girls.

INSTITUTIONAL PROVISION FOR THE CARE OF MENTAL DEFECTIVES.

Full particulars on this subject were included in the Annual Report for 1930, page 29. The following table shows the Institutions used by the Local Authority and the number of patients under treatment at the end of 1934.

	Prudhoe Hall Colony, Northumb'land N.E. Co. Boro. Joint Board.		Harton* Poor Law Institution, South Shields C,B,	Howbeck* House Poor Law Institution W, Hartlepool C,B.	Durran Hill House, Carlisle R.C. Certified Institution,	Rampton State Inst, Notts. Board of Control for violent cases.	
Feeble	Μ.	27	4	2	-	2	
minded	F.	18	-	2	-	1	
Imbec-	Μ.	3	1	1	_	-	
iles	F.	1	-		1	-	
	-	3 1	1	1		Ξ	

*Part of premises a certified institution.

Mental Defectives are also admitted from time to time to Preston Road Institution, North Shields, "as a place of safety" pending removal to an approved Institution.

Males (including	 3 on	leave	of abse	nce or	n liceno	33 :e)
Females						41

One case (female) is on leave of absence on licence in the care of a Guardian under the supervision of the Central Association for Mental Welfare.

CLINICS AND TREATMENT CENTRES IN THE COUNTY BOROUGH OF TYNEMOUTH.

The following list gives a brief description of the Clinics and Treatment Centres which are available in the County Borough of Tynemouth.

Name and Situation.	Nature of Accom- modation.	By whom Provided.	Remarks.
Maternity and Child Welfare Centre, Health Dept., Preston Road, North Shields.	Accommodation for consultations weighing, etc. Ultra Violet light clinic, lectures and de- monstrations.		Adjoins Pres- ton Hospital.
Ante-natal Clinic, Vic- toria Jubilee Infirmary, North Shields.	Two consulting rooms and dressing rooms. One waiting room and side room.	Do.	Situated in the Vol. Hospit- al : premises are rented from Vol. Hospital Committee. Staffed by General Practitioners
School Clinic, South Preston Villa, North Shields.	Waiting rooms, con- sulting rooms, ophthal- moscopic room, offices, etc.	Do.	Remainder of building occupied by staff of Education Offices.
Tuberculosis Dispens- ary. Health Dept., No. Shields.	Waiting rooms, dress- ing rooms, Nurses' weighing room, labora- tory, Ultra-Violet light room.	Do.	In same premises as Health Office and adjoining Preston Hos- pital.
Ultra-Violet light : Health Dept., North Shields.	Dressing rooms, light room, two carbon arcs, 30 amp. one lamp for local treatment. Also used as diagnostic centre for Ringworm. (Woods Glass)	Do.	Also utilised by M. & C. W. Centre, Preston Hospital & Education Department.
Venereal Diseases Clin- ic, Preston Hospital, North Shields.		Do.	An auxiliary Centre run in conjunc- tion with Skin Clinic, R. V. Inf., Newcastle,

X-Ray Dept. : Preston Hospital, North Shields.	Waiting and Dressing Rooms, Developing Room, etc. Separate Screens and Table Apparatus.		Situated near T.B. Dis- pensary and Preston Hospital and used by both Departments Officially opened 9th March, 1932
North Shields Dispen- sary, Church Street, North Shields.	Consulting room and dispensary.	Voluntary Association	-
Out-patient Departm't, Jubilee Infirmary, No. Shields.	Waiting room, dressing rooms, consulting rooms, Minor opera- tions room. Laboratory. Massage. Operating Theatre.		
Dental Clinic, Jubilee Infirmary, No. Shields.	In out-patient depart- ment of same Instit- ution.	Do.	-
Ear, Nose and Throat Clinic, Jubilee Infirm- ary, North Shields.	Waiting room, consult- ing room and examina- tion room.	Do.	-

AMBULANCE FACILITIES.

The following Ambulance facilities are available in the Borough and are provided by the Corporation :---

- Motor ambulance for infectious diseases at North Shields. (Purchased 1931).
- (2) Horse-drawn ambulance for smallpox cases at North Shields.
- (3) Motor ambulance for non-infectious cases at the North Shields Fire Station.
- (4) Motor saloon for convalescent cases at Preston Hospital.

Two disinfecting vans and a car for the use of the Medical Officers are also provided by the Council. One of the vans was renewed during the year.

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1929.

In accordance with instructions in Circular 1119, issued by the Minister of Health, an account of the transferred institution and other institutions available for the sick inhabitants of the area, was given in the Annual Report for 1930. Alterations in the Hospital Services during the years 1931, 1932 and 1933, have been mentioned in the paragraphs dealing with the individual hospitals,

20

It still remains impossible to appropriate for purposes of the Special Acts (Sec. 5 (1)), any part of Preston Hospital, which is a transferred institution containing 438 hospital beds. It is uneconomic to develop hospital services for a small County Borough and improvement in the available general hospital service transferred to the Tynemouth Council will only be practicable when there is a defined area of sufficient size to utilise the hospital to its fullest capacity.

The agreement with the Northumberland County Council as to joint usage extends until 1950. This period is much too short to enable a satisfactory policy of development to be decided upon. The primary question to be answered is, What combination of areas is to be agreed upon for the joint usage of this hospital, and until this question is answered, any suggestion as to development can only be of a tentative character.

HEALTH EDUCATION.

Health Education continues on similar lines to those indicated in the Annual Report for 1930, and includes Lectures on Social Hygiene, Press Propoganda, Continuous instruction emanating from schools and clinics on hygiene and physical welfare, Dental Lectures, School Talks on Nutrition, etc.

The magazine "Better Health" continues to be issued and distributed throughout the town by the Health Department. The contract for the supply will cease in September, 1935.

BLIND PERSONS.

Details of the care of the blind in the area are contained on page 35 of the Annual Report for 1930.

The following is an analysis of the Blind Persons in the Borough on the Register of Blind Persons : ---

At School	2	Between 60 & 70	22
Under 20 years	1	,, 70 & 80	12
Between 20 & 30	8 '	,, 80 & 90	3
,, 30 & 40	9	Over 90	1
,, 40 & 50	10	Age not known	3
,, 50 & 60	11		
	Total	82	

Under Sec. 66 of the Public Health Amendment Act, 1925, for the prevention of Blindness and for the treatment of eye disease or injury, no cases were dealt with during the year. During the year 1933 the agreement by means of which the care of the blind in the district was carried out by the Tynemouth Blind Welfare Society, was terminated and the administration was transferred to the Tynemouth Council.

The workshops remain closed, although a small section is still kept open for trainees.

MATERNAL MORTALITY PROVISIONS.

The arrangements for the investigation of maternal deaths and cases of Puerperal Fever, Puerperal Pyrexia and their treatment are shown on pages 36 and 37 of the Annual Report, 1930 During the year six maternal deaths were investigated, the reports being forwarded to the Ministry of Health. Bacteriological examinations are made of the staff and every patient admitted to the Maternity Home.

Of the six fatal cases two cases had accepted ante-natal care.

REGISTRATION OF NURSING HOMES.

There are no Homes in the Borough registered under the Nursing Homes Registration Act, 1927.

No applications have been received by the local Supervising Authority during the year for registration under the Nursing Homes Registration Act, 1927.

Under Section 6 of the Act, power is given to exempt certain hospitals from the operation of the Act, and under this Section, exemption has been granted to the Tynemouth Victoria Jubilee Infirmary (voluntary general hospital, with a maternity ward).

LEGLISLATION IN FORCE.

The Legislation in force in the area is administered through the departments of the Town Clerk and the Medical Officer of Health.

The following table shows the Legislation in force in the Borough.

Adopted Acts-

Infectious Diseases (Notification) Act, 1889 Infectious Diseases (Prevention) Act, 1890

Date of Adoption. ... 23rd October, 1889. ... 11th September, 1891

Public Health	Acts Amend	lment A	ct, 18	90—		
Part II.						23rd March, 1892
Part III.						9th February, 1891
Part IV.						21st April, 1896
Part V. (te	o come into o	peration	1st J	an. 192	21).	24th November, 1920
Part III., Part IV., Parts V., (Certain a Governm 25, 27, 3	Sections 15 to Sections 34 VI., and X. daptations whent Board w 5, 38, 59, 75	e 27 and to 47 and to 65 an ere mad vith reg- and 92)	29 to d 49 t d 67, e by t ard to	33 to 51 68 the Lo Sectio	ons	28th August, 1909
Part VIII. Part VIII. Part IX.	, Sections 78	8 to 90				} 1st February, 1909
						1st May, 1912
Public Library	Act					13th July, 1869
Cran Measures	Act, 1908					2nd March, 1914
Health Resort:	s and Wateri	ng Plac	es Act	t, 1921		1st March, 1926
Local Govern annuation A						16th July, 1929
Public Health	Act, 1925, Pa	arts II.,	III., I	IV., V.		25th July, 1934

Local Acts-

Tynemouth Improvement Act, 1866. Tynemouth Corporation Act, 1916. Tynemouth Corporation Act, 1919. Tynemouth Corporation Act, 1924. Tynemouth Corporation Act, 1934.

Bye Laws-

33

Bye Laws re Seamen's Lodging Houses.

- , Good Rule and Government of Borough. , Disorderly Houses. , Street Cleansing, etc. ...
- 3.3
- ...
- ...
- 3.9
- Street Cleansing, etc.
 Slaughter Houses.
 Offensive Trades.
 New Streets and Buildings.
- Maternity Homes. 35 ...
- Houses divided into Separate Tenements. ... ,,

EXTENSION OF PUBLIC HEALTH MEDICAL SERVICES **DURING 1934.**

Building of New Administration Block and Nurses' Home at 1. Moor Park Isolation Hospital.

1. Report to Health Committee on Rehousing under 1930 Housing Act.

24

 Report to Health Committee on the Distribution of Dried Milk.

Sanitary Circumstances of the Area.

WATER.

SPECIAL REPORTS,

The Water Undertaking of the County Borough of Tynemouth is a large one, as an asset it is valued at £878,880.

The supply is on the constant system, and is a mixture of water from three sources, viz.:--

- From the area of a watershed at Fontburn, near Rothbury. Area of watershed—11¹/₂ square miles; upland moorland. Capacity of Reservoir—721¹/₂ million gallons.
- (2) From the Tosson Springs on the North East side of Simonside Hills, near Rothbury.
- (3) From Springs at Cartington, which is on the North West side of Rothbury.

The following areas are supplied with water from the above water supply of the Tynemouth Corporation :---

Tynemouth C.B.; Ashington U.D.C.; Whitley and Monkseaton U.D.C.; Seaton Delaval U.D.C.; Cramlington U.D.C.; Newbiggin U.D.C.; and Bedlington U.D.C.

and part of Morpeth Rural District.

There are 4 Reservoirs in the Borough, viz.:--Ridges, Billy Mill, Moor Houses, and Brock Farm.

The following is the chemical analysis of a sample of water drawn from a bib cock in the yard of Mariners' Homes, Tynemouth, 2nd May, 1934.

Public Analyst's Laboratory,

10, Dean Street,

Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

7th May, 1934.

We hereby certify that we have analysed the undermentioned sample of Water, and that we find the following results:-

Sample marked: "Sample from Town Supply taken from bib cock in the yard of Mariners' Homes, Tynemouth, 2nd May, 1934.

		arts per 100,000
Total solid matter in solution dried at 100° C.		9.800
Chlorine existing as chlorides		0 994
Ammonia		None
Albuminoid ammonia		0.004
Nitrogen existing as nitrates		0.002
Oxygen absorbed in 15 minutes at 25° C		0.354
Oxygen absorbed in 4 hours at 25° C		0.220
Lead and other poisonous metals		None
Hardness before boiling Dr. Clark's scale		7.1.
Hardness after boiling 1 hour Dr. Clark's scale		6 · 5 °
Appearance in two-foot tube-Dark brownish, ye and clear.	llow	

Smell when warmed-None.

Microscopical examination of sediment-Satisfactory.

Lead solvency ... 0.04.

This sample is similar to the original Front supply, containing even a lower amount of dissolved mineral matter than was usual in that supply and being correspondingly softer. It is practically free from nitrogenous organic matter, but contains a larger amount than usual of the peaty matter (absorbing oxygen from permanganate) which gives it a deep colour. The lead solvency figure is satisfactory. The sample is clear and free from smell and is in our opinion a good water for drinking and general domestic use and suitable for a town supply.

(Signed) J. & H. S. PATTINSON.

Tynemouth Corporation.

DRAINAGE AND SEWERAGE.

The following sewer work, etc., has been executed during the year (information supplied by the Borough Surveyor).

New sewerage laid	by p	rivate	enterprise	 1,253 l. yds.
Balkwell Estate				
Ridges Estate				 2,900 l. yds.

The sewers on the Ridges Estate have been laid on the separate system, i.e., the foul water is entirely separate from the surface water sewer and although both occupy the same trench the surface water is, in nearly every case, at a slightly higher level.

During the year there have been no further conversions to the water carriage system, as the only properties unconverted are a small number which are placed too low to enter the sewer.

CLEANSING AND TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT,

Report by the Director of Public Cleansing (Mr. Clegg).

The cost of refuse collection, refuse disposal, and street sweeping for the Borough during the past three years was as follows:—

YEAR ENDED.							
31st March, 1932.	31st March, 1933.	31st March, 1934.					
£19,664.	£20,155.	£19,483.					

Including Capital and Debt Charges.

Excluding Capital and Debt Charges.

Year Ended.						
31st March, 1932.	31st March, 1933.	31st March, 1934.				
£16,344.	£16,044.	£15,909.				

NOTE :- The figures given in previous reports up to 1932 refer to the "collection of refuse" only. In 1932 there was an increase of £430 in the Conversion Scheme debt charges and an increase in the street sweeping costs of £482 by reason of the commencement of the mechanical cleansing of gullies, a total of £912, but gross expenditure increased only £372.

In 1933 there was a further increase of Conversion Scheme debt charges of ± 273 , but gross expenditure increased by ± 492 , the difference being more than accounted for by the completion of cheap refuse disposal tips, and reversion to Billy Mill tip.

It will be noted that the operating costs were considerably less in 1934 than in 1932, despite the addition of 1,058 houses in the period.

Almost the whole of the refuse storage in the Borough is by means of galvanised ashbins of standard size, type and materials. There remain only a few privy pails in certain isolated blocks of premises in the town area, which are scheduled for demolition, and a small number of dry and privy ash pits in outlying districts, where it is not practicable to convert to the water carriage system.

The number of privy pail closets in the Borough is 43, and they are situated principally on the riverside.

The number of privy ashpits is 98, situated in the Docks, on the riverside, West Allotments and on farm properties. There are no cess-pools in the area.

During the year, 505 standard ashbins were provided to eliminate defective ashbins and unsuitable receptacles, and for new houses.

Dry house refuse is collected once weekly throughout the Borough, with the exception of the before-mentioned isolated cases. The collection is carried out entirely during the day.

The collection vehicles are the S.D. Freighter, Low Loading type, including one 10 cubic yard dustless cove type and two horse vehicles on pneumatic tyres.

The contents of the privy pails, privy ashpits and dry ashpits are collected by one horse and cart during the night, and disposed of to farmers.

Refuse is disposed of by the controlled tipping method at the Chirton Hill Estate, with the exception of small quantities of trade refuse, which are incinerated by a Heenan and Froude single-cell Incinerator with electric fan for forced draught at Chirton Hill Estate. The total mileage of streets to be cleansed in the Borough is 73; 16 miles of streets are cleansed daily, 2 miles twice weekly and 55 miles once weekly.

Street cleansing is carried out by the "Orderly System," and by one "Karrier Sweeper-Collector."

Street cleansing was re-organised by the employment of bin trucks. Orderlies carry out the complete sweeping operations and one motor vehicle calls periodically on the beats when the sweepings are emptied from the detachable bins direct into the vehicles. The system is more hygienic than the previous one; sweepings are immediately lifted from the road when swept together, thus preventing their being re-dispersed by the wind. There is less dust nuisance than when heaps were thrown by shovels from the channels to the vehicles. Considerable economy of transport has been effected.

There was no snowfall during the year.

Road Gritting on account of short period frosts was extensive.

The amount of street watering was particularly small, for although the weather was bright and warm during the Summer there was an absence of high winds.

Gully cleansing was carried out by a "Yorkshire" Steam Gully Cleanser.

RIVER POLLUTION.

I have no additional remarks to make on River pollution to those contained in my report for the year 1932.

SCHOOLS.

A brief note is made in this Report on the sanitary condition and water supply of schools, on page 66 of the Chief Sanitary Inspector's Report.

A full report on the health of the scholars and the control of infectious disease and other matters has been published as the Report of the School Medical Officer for the year 1934.

Prevalence of and Control over Infectious and other Diseases.

ARTIFICIAL METHODS OF IMMUNIZATION AGAINST DISEASE.

VACCINATION.

The administration of this service, described in the Annual Report for 1930, was transferred to the Health Department on 1st February, 1935. The following Table gives the figures relative to the vaccination of Infants in the Borough, for the year 1933, under the Vaccination Acts.

Births	Vaccin- ated Success- fully.	Insus- ceptible.	Died unvacc- inated.	tious	Postponed by Medical Certificate,	Re- moved.	Unac- counted.	Percentage not vaccinated including Columns 5, 6, 7 & 8.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1187	238	2	68	781	8	80	20	73 3

In addition, the following number of vaccinations were carried out during the year ended 30th September, 1934.

		of successfu ations of pe		Number of Successful Re-vaccinations, i.e. Successful vaccina-
	Under one year of Age	One year and upwards	Total	tions of persons who had been Successfully vaccinated at some previous time.
By the Public Vaccinator, under the Vaccination Acts	174	21	195	8
Health (Smallpox) Regulations, 1917	0	0	0	0

IMMUNISATION AGAINST SCARLET FEVER, DIPHTHERIA, AND TYPHOID FEVER.

The following Table shows the number of persons immunized during 1934, against the diseases indicated : —

			Scarlet Fever.	Diphtheria.	Typhoid Fever.
No. of persons submitted susceptibility	to test	of 	8	16	-
No. of persons inoculated					

29

NOTIFICATIONS, CASE MORTALITY, AND ADMISSIONS TO HOSPITAL OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES, DURING 1934.

Number of Cases	Number of	Case Mortality.	Infectious	admitted to Infectious		of	Days	from	of Days from Onset.		of Stay
Notified.	Deaths.	54	Diseases Hospital.	Diseases Hospital. Ž	-	61	00	4	-0	6 7 & over	HG.
398	9	1.5	295	74.1	22	85	16	28	13	6 18	28-98
58	9	10.8	74	0-18	Ξ	16	63	-00	00	8 8	27.33
00	:	1	* 2	9-99	:	-	-	:	:	:	38.5
12	:	:	80 ++	9-99	63	1	:	:	:	:	30-6
44	61	4.5	. 5	11-4	:	:	1	64	-		13-6
1	:	:	+ 1	100-0	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
26	:	:	\$ 4	15-4	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
10	15	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
74	58	:	1	1-3	1	:	:	;	:	:	0-2
4	§§ 1	:	4	100.0	;	:	:	:	:	4	96.0
2	:	:		:	:	:	:	::	:		

30

SMALLPOX.

There were no cases notified during the year.

One contact was kept under observation from an infected port.

CHOLERA AND PLAGUE.

There were no contacts kept under observation during the year and no cases were notified.

SCARLET FEVER. (See tables on pages 82 and 83).

During the year 398 cases were notified, as compared with 247 in 1933. 295 of the notified cases were admitted to Moor Park Hospital. There were 6 deaths from this disease.

The average duration of treatment in Hospital was 28.98 days.

There were 12 return cases. For particulars of the Dick Test and Immunisation, see page 29.

DIPHTHERIA. (See tables on pages 82 and 83).

During the year 58 cases were notified as compared with 18 during the year 1933. 47 cases were admitted to Moor Park Hospital.

Six cases died (4 in Moor Park Hospital).

The average duration of treatment in hospital was 27.3 days.

937 swabs were examined in the laboratory for the presence of diphtheria bacilli (see page 11).

The distribution of anti-toxin to general practitioners was continued as in previous years. During 1934, 144,000 units of anti-toxin were distributed in 64 phials.

Particulars of the number of cases immunised against diphtheria is shown on page 29.

ENTERIC FEVER. (See tables on pages 82 and 83).

Four cases of enteric fever were notified in the months of March, September and October, all cases were admitted to Moor Park and discharged cured.

ENCEPHALITIS LETHARGICA.

No cases were notified during the year. The arrangement for the treatment of the acute and chronic stages of patients suffering from this disease are outlined in the Annual Report for 1930. On the 1st January, 1935, there were 3 patients from Tynemouth County Borough receiving treatment, also 3 cases from Northumberland County Area, in Preston Hospital on account of mental or physical disabilities consequent upon an attack of Encephalitis Lethargica.

CEREBRO SPINAL FEVER. (See tables on pages 82 and 83).

One case was notified during the year 1934, 6 having been notified in 1933; there were no deaths.

The patient was admitted to Preston Hospital.

Treatment carried out was by lumbar puncture and serum, on similar lines to those indicated in my Report for 1931.

The diagnosis was confirmed by bacteriological examination.

Particulars of the results of serum treatment are forwarded in each case to the Ministry of Health.

ACUTE POLIOMYELITIS.

Two cases were notified during the year; both were treated at home.

PNEUMONIA. (See Annual Report for 1930).

There were 58 deaths from Pneumonia (excluding Influenzal Pneumonia) during the year, as compared with 79 deaths in 1933 and 63 in 1932. The greatest number of notifications were received in the first quarter of the year. The average number of deaths during the past 35 years has been 68 per annum. More over, there has been little or no reduction in the mortality rate during the period.

The relation of the size of the house to the incidence of infection is shown in the appropriate table on page 38.

PUERPERAL PYREXIA AND PUERPERAL FEVER. Puerperal Pyrexia.

Of 12 notified cases, 8 were admitted to hospital under the Puerperal Pyrexia Regulations. The services of a consultant was not required. The eventual diagnosis of the 12 notified cases was as follows:—

Puerperal Sepsis					 3
Sapraemia					 2
Disease of Respir				uenza	 1
Disturbance of M	amma	ry Gla	nd		 1
Other Causes					 3
Tuberculosis				*	 1
Eclampsia					 1

Puerperal Fever.

3 Cases were notified during the year. There were no deaths.

A consultant was called in for one case.

OPTHTHALMIA NEONATORUM.

Twenty-one of the cases occured in the practice of midwives, and 5 occurred in cases attended by medical men. The Local Authority have an arrangement with the District Nursing Association, whereby their nurses attend and treat all cases, if the medical man who has been called in desires nursing assistance. Twelve of the cases were attended by the staff of the Nursing Association, 266 visits being made.

In addition to visits paid to cases of Ophthalmia Neonatorum, 135 visits were made to eight cases of Discharging Eyes.

	CASES.		Vision un-	Vision	Total	
	TREA	TED.	impaired.	impaired.	Blindness.	Deaths.
Notified.	At Home.	In Hospital				
26	22	4	26	-	_	_

MEASLES AND WHOOPING COUGH.

The following Table shows the number of deaths from Measles (including German Measles) and Whooping Cough, from 1923 to 1934:—

	an angan bern	1928	1924	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1932	1933	193
Whooping Cough	School Notifications	280	28	267	130	26	218	68	216	117	149	206	164
	Deaths at all ages	30	1	14	10	1	7	2	11	2	6	5	2
Measles (includes German	School Notifications	904	210	781	40	681	44	454	818	595	179	501	997
Measles).	Deaths at all ages	46	1	34	1	5	4	17	_	18	3	7	14

Eleven cases of Measles were treated in Moor Park Hospital.

Fourteen visits were paid by the District Nurse to one home case of Measles.

DIARRHOEA AND ENTERITIS.

Deaths under two year, 5, mortality rate, 4.3 per 1,000 births. The mortality rates for England and Wales and the Great Towns, were 5.5 and 7.4 respectively.

Deaths (all ages) 10; Mortality Rate per 1,000 of the population, 0.15.

The Health Visitors make enquiries at the homes of cases where deaths are observed in the weekly mortality returns, and in such cases as may come to their knowledge during the course of ordinary routine visitation.

FOOD POISONING. (Dysentery and Salmonella group of Organisms).

Three cases of suspected food poisoning were notified during the year; there were no deaths; in no case were we able to obtain any bacteriological proof of infection by food poisoning organisms.

DISEASES CONTRIBUTING LARGELY TO THE DEATH RATE, OR OF SPECIAL INTEREST. (See appendix Table II.).

INFLUENZA.

There were 15 deaths from Influenza in 1934 (2 of which were due to Influenzal Pneumonia), as compared with 31 deaths from this cause in 1933.

As Influenza is not a notifiable disease, actual incidence of the disease amongst the population is difficult to estimate. The severity of an epidemic also varies greatly from time to time, but there can be no doubt that by reason of its debilitating influence and the depression of its after-effects, Influenza ranks high among the fatal diseases, many deaths, though occuring not actually from Influenza, being due to other diseases contracted in a period of convalescence.

The disease this year was most prevalent in the months of March and May.

RESPIRATORY DISEASES. (See appendix Table II.). Annual Reports for 1930 and 1931.

Pneumonia, Bronchitis and other Resiratory diseases :--

Deaths, 106, Mortality rate per 1,000 living, 1.61.

CANCER.

17 M 1	1900 -04	1905 -09	1910 -14	1915 -19	1920 -24	1925 -29	1930	1931	1932	1933	1934
Deaths	157	185	244	287	819	815	70	61	75	89	108
Death Rate per 1,000 living	0 596	0.672	0.823	1.001	0.996	0-950	1.06	0 942	1.143	1 858	1.637
Proportion of deaths per 1,000 deaths from all causes	81	87	51	56	72	74	89	75	100	102	128

DEATHS AND DEATH RATE FROM CANCER.

Deaths, 1934-108. Mortality rate per 1,000-1.637.

There are ample facilities for early diagnosis and treatment in the Borough at the Tynemouth Victoria Jubilee Infirmary, where there is a complete unit including the services of an honorary consultant radiologist, and honorary consultant surgeon. During the year there were 45 patients admitted suffering from cancer or malignant disease, and the majority of these patients were operated upon. Radium treatment is also available locally, and during the year 3 patients received this form of treatment.

Palliative Hospital treatment is also available, and in Preston Hospital 48 patients from the County Borough of Tynemouth suffering from inoperable Cancer were discharged from, or died in, that Institution during 1934.

The localisation, age and sex distribution of the disease are shown in the following Table for the year 1934.

35

									65	yrs.		
	5-	15	15	-25	25	-45	45-	65	ar	nd		
	у	rs.	yrs	s.	yrs	s.	yrs		upwa	rds.	Tota	als
	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	М	. F.	М	. F.	М.	F.
Buccal Cavity -							2		10	1	12	1
Stomach, liver, etc							10	6	11	6	21	12
Peritoneum, intestin and rectum -	es •				3		4	5	12	3	19	8
Female genital organ	ns					1		8				9
Breast -						1		2		4		7
Skin -							1		2		3	
Unclassified -							5	3	6	2	11	5
Totals –					3	2	22	24	41	16	66	42

Enquiries in accordance with Circ. 1136 show very clearly that there is frequently a fatal delay before medical advice is sought.

DISEASES OF THE CIRCULATORY SYSTEM.

Under this heading are included Cerebral Haemorrhage, Heart Disease and Arterio Sclerosis.

		All Ages	0-	1-	2-	5-	15-	25-	45-	65-	75
Heart Disease-	Male	83					1	3	30	20	29
	Female	e 63				2		4	17	19	21
Cerebral Haem-	Male	32							6	- 22	4
	Female	e 29							4	16	9
Other Circulatory											
Diseases-	Male	14							1	6	7
	Female	e 11						•••	2	4	5
Total		232				2	1	7	60	87	75

DEATHS IN AGE AND SEX GROUPS DURING 1934.

INFECTIOUS DISEASES DIAGNOSTIC SERVICES.

. .

Laboratory facilities and the services of the Medical Officers in the Health Department are available for the diagnosis of doubtful or unusual cases of infectious disease,

36

During the year the Medical Officers of the Department dealt with 12 cases in this connection.

SCHOOL INTIMATIONS OF DISEASE.

Each week a return is received from the Education Department giving the numbers and the causes of absences from each school. This return is of particular value in dealing with the control of non-notifiable diseases, and is also a guide as to the amount of sickness in the area. When epidemics are prevalent, infected schools are visited by the Medical Staff and the children examined, with a view to excluding possible latent sources of infection in the scholars. In addition, the homes of children absent on account of sickness are visited by the School Nurses and Health Visitors, and appropriate advice is given on the prevention of diseases and their complications.

Children discharged from the Municipal Hospitals are notified to the Health Department, and kept under observation by the appropriate Health Visitor.

PATHOLOGICAL AND BACTERIOLOGICAL EXAMINATIONS. (See page 11).

DISINFECTION OF PREMISES AND ARTICLES OF CLOTHING.

The following Table shows the number of rooms disinfected and the number of articles of clothing removed and disinfected at Moor Park Hospital Disinfecting Station, during 1934.

Disease.					Rooms.	Articles of Clothing.
Scarlet Fever					453	2,814
Diphtheria					79	341
Enteric Fever	•••				3	42
Tuberculosis Vermin					125 76	179
Cancer					12	13 72
Cerebro-Spinal	Menin	gitis			4	24
Puerperal Pyre						7
Erysipelas					6	37
Other Diseases	*				29	127
			Total		787	3,656
			ere	-		

*Measles, Chicken Pox, etc.

Four Bundles of clothing from Slum Clearance Areas were disinfected during the period 24th February to the end of the year.

The Council have three disinfectors, one at Moor Park Hospital, one at Balkwell Hospital, and one at Preston Hospital. The disinfection of articles removed from infected homes is undertaken at the station at Moor Park Hospital.

There are two Ford Motor vans for the transport of infected and sterilised clothing and bedding. These vans made 877 journeys during the year. The number of days on which the disinfector was in use at Moor Park Hospital, amounted to 254.

One of the Ford motor vans was replaced in June, 1934.

DEINFESTATION.

During the year deinfestation of the furniture and effects of persons rehoused from Clearance Areas was carried out at Balkwell Hospital. The process used was 6 hours concentrated fumigation with Sulpher Dioxide (2.8% S.O.²); the gas was kept circulating by means of fans. The inspection of the new houses three to four months after the process had been carried out did not reveal the presence of any vermin.

Subsequent inspection of the houses was carried out by the recently appointed Housing Supervisor, and no cases of vermin occurring among families where deinfestation was carried out have been reported.

Between the 25th February and 31st December, 1934, there were 69 batches of furniture deinfested belonging to tenants removed into new houses.

INCIDENCE OF CHIEF INFECTIOUS DISEASES IN RELATION TO THE SIZE OF THE HOUSE.

NOTIFICATIONS.	l room.	2 rooms.	8 rooms.	4 rooms.	5 rooms and over	Institu- tions,
Scarlet Fever	58	84	106	87	65	3
Incidence rates*	9.61	6.08	7.78	6-96	8.90	1.02
Diptheria	0	15	10	23	9	1
Incidence rates*	0.0	1.08	0.78	1.84	0.54	0.84
Pneumonia	6	20	16	18	24	0
Incidence rates*	1.08	1.44	1.17	1.44	1.44	0.0
Erysipelas	8	11	8	8	13	1
Incidence rates* Tuberculosis	0.54	0.79	0•58	0.64	0.78	0.34
(Pulmonary)	8	21	23	22	13	4
Incidence rates* Tuberculosis	1.45	1.52	1.68	1.76	0.78	1.36
(Non-Pulmonary)	5	9	15	5	5	2
Incidence rates*	0.90	0.65	1.10	0•40	0.30	0.68
Population†	5518	13808	13622	12476	16639	2864

RELATION OF SIZE OF HOUSE TO INFECTION DURING 1934.

*The incidence rate per 1,000 is calculated on the persons living in every house of each class in the Borough. +Population 1931 Census.

Tuberculosis.

The total number of notifications received was 330, relating to 132 new cases; 12 of the total number were notified more than once.

PRIMARY NOTIFICATIONS.

	Males.	Females.	Totals
Pulmonary	 51	40	91
Non-Pulmonary	 25	16	41
Totals	 76	56	132

In addition, 96 notifications on Form I. and 70 on Form II. were received. Ten cases were transferred from other areas, and 10 cases not notified were entered in the Register from the Death Returns.

 Pulmonary Tuberculosis.—Deaths, 47; mortality rate per 1,000, 0.71. The distribution of the deaths with the mortality rate in each ward are as follows:—

	Popula-	Notifica-			Mort	tality I	late	
WARD.	tion.	tions.	Deaths.	1984	1983	1932	1931	1930
Central	4812	11	8	0.62	0.28	0.84	0.42	0.94
Collingwood	11041	17	12	1.08	0.45	0.78	1.11	1.76
Dockwray	7111	9	2	0.28	0.56	1.55	1.86	1.83
Linskill	9405	18	4	0.42	9.64	0.54	1.73	0.32
Milbourn	5307	10	ð	0.94	1.13	0.95	2.88	2.12
Percy	8168	7	2	0.24	0.87	0.62	0.37	0.26
Preston	8053	10	8	0.99	0.87	0.75	0.38	0.87
Rudyerd	5203	5	4	0.77	1.52	1.93	2.35	1.68
Trinity	6850	, 9	7	1.02	9.78	1.17	1.84	1.17
Whole Borough	65950	91	47	0.71	0.82	0.94	1.19	1.12

(2) Non-Pulmonary Tuberculosis.—Deaths, 12, mortality rate per 1,000, 0.18.

PULMONARY AND NON-PULMONARY TUBERCULOSIS.

MORTALITY RATES.

5 Yearly Averages (1911-1930).

Yearly Rate (1931-1934).

Year.	Pulmonary.	Non-Pulmonary.
1911-1915	1.28	0.56
1916-1920	1.43	0.56
1921 - 1925	1.16	0.34
1926-1930	1.05	0.36
1931	1.19	0.35
1932	0.94	0.49
1933	0.82	0.16
1934	0.71	0.18

It can be seen from the above table that the 1934 Tuberculosis Death Rate is the lowest recorded and the decrease in the deaths from the Non-Pulmonary form of this disease is very gratifying.

			NEW (CASES.			DEA	THS.	
Age Periods.	-	Pulmo	mary.	No Pulmo		Pulmo	onary	No Pulmo	
		М,	F.	М.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.
Under 1									
1- 5		1	1	7	5	1	1	1	3
5-10		3	5	7	4			1	2
15-15		3	2	5	5	1			2
10-20		9	5	2	1	3	1	1	1
20 - 25		4	6	1	1	1	6		
25		10	11	2		7	4		
35-45		6	5	1		4	4	1	
45 - 55		8	1			1	1		
55-65		6	8			8	1		
65 and over		1	1			3			
Totals		51	40	25	16	29	18	4	8

New Cases and Mortality from Pulmonary and Non-Pulmonary Forms of Tuberculosis during 1934.

At the end of each week the Death Returns from the Registrar are carefully examined, and all deaths from Tuberculosis noted, to ascertain whether they have been duly notified. In 10 instances, however, it was found that during the year no notification had been received, although the death had been registered as Tuberculosis. In each instance the medical practitioner was written to, drawing his attention to the fact. In addition, where sputa has been examined at the Public Health Department Laboratory, and found to contain Tubercle Bacilli, steps are taken to secure the immediate notification of such cases from the general practitioner.

PUBLIC HEALTH REGULATIONS, 1925.

No action was taken during the year under Section 62 of the Public Health Act, 1925.

NOTIFICATION REGISTER.

The number of cases of Tuberculosis on the register of notifications, on 31st December, 1934, was : ---

	Pulmonary.		Non-P	ulmonary	. Total	Cases.
Males.	Females.	Total.	Males. I	Females.	Total.	
216	203	419	133	106	239	658

REPORT UPON DISPENSARY AND INSTITUTIONAL TREATMENT BY DR. WM. ALCOCK.

RETURN FOR THE YEAR 1934. (A) Return Showing Work of the Dispensary (or Dispensaries.)

			onary	1.			lmon				tal.	arre	
Diagnosis.	Ad	ults	Chil	dren	Ad	ults	Chil	dren	Ad	ults	Chil	dren	Grand Total
In the party of	М.	F.	М.	F.	м.	F,	М.	F.	М.	F.	M.	F.	~
A-NEW CASES EXAM- INED DURING YEAR (EX- CLUDING CONTACTS)- (a) Definitely tuberculous (b) Doubtfully tuberculous (c) Non-tuberculous	85 	80 	6 	6 : :	8	2	16 	6 	38 8 18	82 12 29	$22 \\ 15 \\ 15 \\ 15$	12 9 19	104 44 81
B-CONTACTS EXAM- INED DURING YEAR- (a) Definitely tuberculous (b) Diagnosis not completed (c) Non-tuberculous				:::					 4	 17	 66	 68	 155
CCASES WRITTEN OFF DISPENSARY REGISTER AS (a) Recovered (b) Non-tuberculous (including any such cases	2	3	3	2	1	2	6	5	8	5	9	7	24
previously diagnosed and entered on the Dispensary Register as tuberculous)									23	48	87	92	250
NUMBER OF PERSONS ON DISPENSARY REG- ISTER ON 31ST DECEM- BER, 1934		89 	41	46	24	10 	58 	82 	134 8	9 9 12	94 15	78 9	405 44
 Number of cases on Number of cases tradischarge Number of cases tradischarge Number of cases tradischarge Cases written off d Number of attendat Number of Insured Number of consulta 	ansfe unde ansfe und uring nces a Pers	red fr r He red to er th the at the	om o ad 8 o othe e sch year a : Disp nder	ther a in pre- r area neme, as dea oensai Domi	ireas evious is, ca and id (al ry (in iciliar	and o syear cases l cau cludi ry Tr	ases i s lost de lost ses) ng co catmo	siring sight	ned al furt of s)	fter her	1 2	94	
 (a) Personal (b) Other 8. Number of visits by consultati 9. Number of visits by 	y Tub ons)	ercul	osis (Office	rs to		es (inc	ludin		sona	i	129 Nil. 7	
purposes 10. Number of (a) Specimens of S (b) X-ray examina	putu	m ete	c., ex	 amine	ed			•			2	510 223 611	
 Number "Recove included Number of "T.B. 	in A(cases a) an	resto d A()	red to b) ab	o Dis ove	pens:	ıry Ŕ	egiste	er, an	d		2 92	

CONDITION OF DISPENSARY PATIENTS AT END OF 1934.

	(a) PULMON	AAA	1	TUB	LER	COL	0513					_					_	_		_		_	_						_	_		_	_		_		-		_	-	-	-	-			-
		P	revie	HEF 1	0 19	26.			1926.				1	927.		_		19	28.		1		1929.		1		1930.				193	11.		_		1932.		-		193			-		934.	
	CONTRACTOR OF STREET, S	1981	Cla	ss Ti	B p	lus.	101.	Cla	IS T.	B, pl	us.,	181	Class	ТВ	, plus	6	10	Ilass	т.в.	plus,	us.	Clas	s T.I	, plus	1	Cla	as T.	B. pl	us.	1	lass.	Т.В.	plus,	1	Clas	5 T.I	B plu	19.	in C	Inte T	B.p	olus,	mts.	Class	T.F	3. plus
record	tions at the time of the last d made during the year to which the return relates.	Class T.B. mi	Group 1	Group 2.	Group 3.	Total (Class T.R. plus).	Class T.B. min	Group 1.	Group 2.	Group, 3,	Tetal (Class T. B. plus).	Class T.B. min	Group 1.	Group 2.	Group 3. Lotal (Class	T.B. plus).	Conn 1	Course a	Group a.	Total (Class T B day	Class T.B. min	Group 1.	Group 2,	Groud 3. Tetal (Class	T.B. plus'. Class T.B. min	Group 1.	Group 2.	Group 3.	T.B. plus)	Class 1.B. mm	Group 2.	Group 3,	Total (Class T.B. plus).	Class T.B min	Group 1	Group 2.	Group 3 Total (Chas	T.B. plus]	Group 1. B. min	Group 2.	Group 3.	Total (Class T.B. plus.)	Chass T.B. mi	Group 1.	Group 2.	Group 3. Total (Class
ispensory eventher.	Diseas. Arrested – Adults M. F. Children	2 14		111		··· ••• 1	 1 3		1		1						1 .				314		1 40 1		1 2 2 2 2		1 1	111	1	1 .	-	1	1	415				1					111			
n 315t D	Disease not Arrested—Adults M. F. Children	1		421	1	431		1	···· ··· 1		 1 1			2			1 .				12		1 10 10				2	 1 	3	8 .		2 *5 1 1 1	4 2 1	22.493	 1 	21	4	6 2 1	1 2	841	31	13 5 1	23 14 10	1	4	3 8 3 10 1 1
emain ister o	Condition not ascertained during the year			1		1					-	1									2					1	1		2	2				3					2	1		1				
Reg Reg	Total on Dispensary Register at 31st December	9	1	8	1	10	4	1	2		3	2		2		2	10				13		7	1	8 16	1	5	1	7 3	19		5 2	8	22	1	4	5	10 3	12 2	14	4	20	47	2	15	7 21
	Discharged as Adults M. Recovered F. Children			1		1																		1				11:						***				-								
	Lost sight of, or otherwise removed from Dispensary Register						1										1													5 .		1	1	5		1		1	3	1		1	1	2		
t now on ster and noval the	Dead- Adults M. F. Children	111					 1							***											1				-			2		131		4 1	1	31	2		11	1 4	4			
b) No Regi	Fotal written off Dispensary Register			1		1	3					3					3				2		2	1	3 1					5 .		4	4	9		6	1	7	5	4	2	6	6		-	
Gr	RAND TOTALS	9	1	9	1	11	7	1	2		3	5		2		2	13 .				15	-	9	2 1	1 18	1	5	1	7	44 .		9 2	12	31	1	10	6	17 3	17 3	18	6	26	53	2	15	7 2

Includes 1 case transferred from Pulmonary-193

+ Includes I case transferred from Non-Pulmonary (Other Organs), Previous to 1926.

CONDITION OF DISPENSARY PATIENTS AT END OF 1934.

(b) NON-PULMONARY TUBERCULOSIS

		1	Previ	ous be	1925			19	126,		1		1927.		1		11	128.		1		1929,		1		1933		1		1983	12	1		193	2.		1	-	1933		1		190	4.	
Cores	mdition at the time of the last cord made during the year to which the return relates.	Piones and Joints,	Abdominal.	Other Organs,	Peripheral Glands.	Total.	Bones and Joints.	Abdominol,	Other Orgins, Perinheral Clauda	Total	Bones and Joints.	Abdominal.	Other Organs.	Petipheral Glands	Total.	Bowes and Joints.	Abdominal.	Other Organs,	Total.	Bones and Joints.	Abdomisal.	Other Organs.	Peripheral Glands.	LOUNT,	Abdominal.	Other Organs,	Peripheral Glands,	Total.	Abdomical	Other Organs.	Peripheral Glands,	Tetal.	Bones and Joints. Abdeminal.	Other Organs,	Peripheral Glands,	Teni.	Bones and Joints.	Abdominal	Other Organs.	Peripheral Glands.	Total.	Bores and Joints.	Adominal, Other Oreans,	Peripheral Glands.	Fotal.
éspensary comber.	Disease Arrested — Adults M. F. Children	0.00						1															13	13	1 1	i	1	1 27	2		114	2	1 1	1	1	244			11		-		-		
ing on D a 31st D	Disease not Arrested-Adults M F. Children							1		1							1.	1 .	11	1		2		213	1	1		2 .	1	. 1		2	1			1	1		2		5 12	2 3 3	1	1 10	2 m m
emain ster of	Condition not ascertained during				1	1																		-		. 1		100				-		1										-	-
Regi	Total on Dispensary Register at 31st December			3	1	4		2	1	. 3					1								100	-		-			-		-	-				-	-	-				5 11			
	Transferred to Polmonary	14		1		1					1																					776				_	-	-	-			0 1	1 -	- 9	-47
ADAMTY Ins for	Discharged as Adults M, Recovered F. Children	• ••••	11	1		1				a an o an o an		111 111 113	1	1 2 49	12					and .					 1		1	1 .	1							1							-		
n Disp reaso	Lost sight of, or otherwise removed from Dispensary Register	1									1				1					1			1	2	1 2			3		. 1		1	1 2		-	-					-				
of now of pister and oval ther	Dead Adults M. F. Children			+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	11			···· ···											· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				···· · · ·		 1										11 1	111				3	-				*** ***
(b) N Reg	Total written off Dispensary Register	1		1		2 .					1		1	2	4				1 1	1			2	3	3 2	1	4	9	1	. 1	1	3	1 2		2	5				3	-				
	GRAND TOTALS of (a) and (b) (excluding those transferred to Pulmonary)	1	-	4	1	6		2	1	. 3	1		2	3	6	3	1	3 3	2 9	2	1	3	7 1	3 1	1 3	3 3	8	23	9 3	2 3	5	19	6 10	1	3	22	2	4			-	5 1	1 1	1 9	27

NON

- (B) Number of Dispensaries for the Treatment of Tuberculosis (Excluding centres used only for special forms of treatment). Provided by the Council ... 1 Provided by voluntary bodies ... Nil.
- (C) Number of beds available for the treatment of Tuberculosis on the 31st December in Institutions belonging to the Council.

Name of Institution.		ilmonary ases.		Pulmonary ases.	Total.
Name of Institution.	Adults.	Children under 15.	Adults.	Children under 15	Total,
Moor Park Hospital *includes 2 observation beds	20*				20^{+}_{+}
†Stannington Sanatorium		4		2	6
+Barrasford Sanatorium	2				- 2
†Horn Hall Sanatorium, Stanbope	6				6
∯Wolsingham Sanatorium	3				8
Poor Law Institution. Preston Hospital	66	25			91‡

Used for either Pulmonary or Non-Pulmonary cases.

+ Patients sent from Tynemouth to these sanatoria by arrangement. The beds do not belong to the Tynemouth Corporation. §§ Temporary Beds for Women (Pulmonary cases).

(D) Return showing the extent of Residential Treatment and Observation during the year in Institutions (other than Poor Law Institutions) approved for the treatment of Tuberculosis.

	In Institutions on Jan. 1st. (1)	Admitted during the year. (2)	Discharged during the year. (8)	Died in the Institutions. . (4)	In Institutions on Dec 31st (5)
Number of doubtfully tuberculous cases ad-	Nil				
mitted for observation. Total	Nil				
Number of (Adult males		26	32	1	7
definitely tuberculous Adult females Children	11 6	17 8	22 7	2 1	4 6
mitted for treatment. Total	81	51	61	4	17
GRAND TOTAL	31	51	61	4	17

(G). Return showing the immediate results of treatment of definitely tuberculous patients discharged during the year from Institutions approved for the treatment of Tuberculosis.

			I	Dura	ation	of	Res	sident	tial	Tre	eatme	nt i	in tl	ne In	stit	utio	ns.	
	Classifi- cation on admission to the	Condition at time of discharge.		Und 3			3- iont			6		tl	Mo nan	12	T	l'ota	ls.	Grand Totals.
osis	Institution.		М	F	Ch.	М	F	Ch.	М	F	Ch.	М	F	Ch.	М	F	Ch.	
Tuberculosis	Class T.B. minus.	Quiescent Not Quiescent . Died in Institution	1 2 	 1 	1 	1 5 	.4	4	2 3 	 3 	···· ···				4 10 		5 	9 18
	Class T.B plus Group I.	Quiescent Not Quiescent Died in Institution			 	1					···· ···			 	1		 	1
Pulmonary	Class T. B. plus Croup II.	Quiescent Not Quiescent Died in Institution	1	 8 		1 2 	1 1 	···· ····	 2	2	 	 1 1	 2 		2 5 1	36	 	5 11 1
	Class T.B. plus Group III.	Quiescent Not Quiescent Died in Institution	1 2 	 1 	 									 	1 4 	 1 		1 5
	TOT	ALS (pulmonary)	7	5	1	12	6	4	7	5		2	2		28	18	5	51
Tuberculosis	Bones and Joints.	Quiescent Not Quiescent Died in Institution												1 1 			1 1 	1 1
	Abdominal	Quiescent Not Quiescent Died in Institution						···· ····										
Non-Pulmonary	Other Organs.	Quiescent Not Quiescent Died in Institution		 			1				 					1 1 		1 1
uln-Puln	Peripheral Glands.	Quiescent Not Quiescent Died in Institution	 1												 1 			 1
N	TOTALS	5 (non-pulmonary)	1	1			1							2	1	2	2	5

X-RAY EXAMINATIONS.

Radiography of contacts, suspected cases and all notified cases was carried out during the year, subsequent examinations when necessary were made as part of the routine Dispensary supervision.

332 Radiographs and 279 Screen examinations were made during the year.

ULTRA-VIOLET LIGHT THERAPY.

A separate report deals with the clinical conditions of all patients admitted to treatment during 1934 and sub-divides them into appropriate groups, so as the better to estimate the efficiency of treatment.

The total number of patients treated from 1926—1934 has been 740, of which, 501 were children and 239 adults. Of these, 292 have been definitely discharged as healed; 291 as improved; while 157 have shown little or no improvement.

The figures pertaining to the year 1934 are as follows:—No. of cases, 102, made up of 30 adults and 72 children. Of these 38 were discharged as healed; 47 improved; and 17 showed no improvement.

EXTRA NOURISHMENT.

This was granted in 20 cases during the year, and consisted of orders on Farmers in the Borough to supply certain specified quantities of Eggs and Milk to proved cases of Tuberculosis.

CARE AND AFTER-CARE COMMITTEE,

The Committee, which consists of representatives of practically all voluntary associations in the Borough, and from a number of business firms, etc., continued its activities during the year. During 1934, the number of cases dealt with was 24.

A Flag Day was held during the year and a sum of approximately £30 was collected. A greater collection was expected but the day was marred by inclement weather,

REHOUSING OF TUBERCULOUS FAMILIES.

Under a scheme inaugurated by the Health Committee on the 22nd February, 1933, 6 houses were allotted for the purposes of rehousing families containing one or more cases of pulmonary Tuberculosis of definitely infective nature.

Six families were removed into these houses and are at present occupying them. Each family is given a certain amount of financial assistance to enable them to meet the demand for rents, and to maintain a satisfactory standard of nutrition.

The minimum rent payable by families rehoused under this scheme has been fixed by the Committee at 5/- per week, and after this a sliding scale is operative to determine the total amount of rent payable.

During 1934, one new family was removed to take the place of a tenant who gave up his tenancy voluntarily. Two patients, who were removed during 1933, unfortunately died, but their relatives lived on in the houses for a period of 6 months, in accordance with the tenancy agreement, which allows them 6 month's grace in the event of a patient dying. This 6 month's grace expired in 1935.

The houses are subject periodically to inspection by the Tuberculosis Medical Officer and all families appear to have derived definite benefit to date.

INSTITUTIONAL TREATMENT.

See appendix Tables.

See pages 78 and 81.

Venereal Diseases

5 deaths were registered during the year from syphilis or "specific" disease.

The Centres available for the treatment of veneral diseases are the Clinic of the Royal Victoria Infirmary, Newcastle, and the Auxiliary Centre at Preston Hospital, Tynemouth. The Council propose in the near future to establish a new Clinic for the treatment of females.

		Treat	tment Centr	e.
Disease.	Newcastle.	South Shields.	Tyne- mouth.	Other Centres.
Syphilis Soft Chancre Gonorrhoea Conditions other than venereal	18 10 6	3 1 3 5	64 4 63 61	1 5
Total new cases from Tynemouth	34	12	192	6
Attendances In-patient days Doses of Salvarsan Substitutes—	755	150 —	6680 227	49 132
Out-patients and In-patients }	220	57	665	19

The number of persons from Tynemouth treated at the various clinics in the district is given in the following table :----

The attendance at the Preston Hospital Clinic, Tynemouth (including those made by foreigners and non-residents, not included in the above table), are:—

Manager and an other	Preston	HOSPITAL	CLINIC, TY	NEMOUTH
and an and the second second	Residents.	Non- Residents.	Foreigners	Total.
New cases Attendances (all cases)	192 6680	$\begin{array}{c} 61\\1148\end{array}$	50 648	$\begin{array}{c} 303\\8476\end{array}$

The sources from which specimens were sent during 1934, are indicated in the following table:---

Nature of Test.	New- castle V.D. clinic.		Tyne- mouth V.D. clinic.	Tyne- mouth Infirm- ary.	Other Centres	Private Practit- ioners.	R.V. Infirmary, Newcastle.	New- castle Eye In- firmary.
Wasserman Reaction	66	24	206	13	3	56	9	8
Microscopical	-	-	8	-	-	13		-
Cerebro- Spinal fluid	-	-	-	-	1	-	1	-
Gonoc Infection	-	-	-	-	-	2	-	-
Totals	66	24	214	13	4	71	10	8

Maternity and Child Welfare Department.

Year.	Midwives.	Cases delivered by Mid-wives.	Medical aid summoned.	Stillborn.	Miscarriages
1930	22	950	338	22	1 13
1931	19	907	322	38	10
1982	24	908	379	25	6
1933	26	827	447	28	4
1934	24	835	859	22	14

WORK OF MIDWIVES.

The midwives practising in the area attended 955 cases. In 120 of these cases the midwife was acting as a maternity nurse.

There are no Municipal midwives.

MEDICAL AID.

Medical Aid, in accordance with the rules of the Central Midwives' Board, was summoned during 1934 for the following reasons:—Illness of mother, 274; illness of child, 85.

The following is a summary of the principal reasons for emergency calls:---

Laceration or rigidity of perineum. Delayed labour and Uterine inertia. Haemorrhage. Discharging Eyes. Rise of temperature. Debility and other illnesses of child. Obstructed Labour and Malpresentation.

THE CARE OF EXPECTANT MOTHERS.

(With special reference to Circular 1,167 and Memo. 156, M.C.W.).

Full details of the Scheme for Expectant Mothers were given in my Annual Report for 1931.

		×	ς.	
2	Ŀ	s.	a	
	τ	π.	Ρ.	

The abnormalities found were :---

Varicosities		 	 61
Albuminuria		 	 13
Vaginal discharge		 	 7
Malpresentation		 	 3
Malformation of pe	lvis	 	 11
Heart disease		 	 12
Lung disease		 	 3
Anaemia		 	 11
Constipation		 	 35
Teeth		 	 21
Other conditions		 	 14
			191

Twenty-three patients showed two or more conditions.

That the co-operation of general practitioners, and midwives, at maternity centres, together with a free choice of doctor by the patient, leads to a great increase in ante-natal medical care is very evident. This year there were 572 patients, 38 less than 1933. The following table indicates the amount of ante-natal medical care undertaken during the year 1934:—

PATIENTS ATTENDING ANTE-NATAL CLINIC, 1934.

In- sured. ured. and not stated. 1934 Cases	Unin-		EW CASES THE CLINIC BY-	No. of patients	Total patients	Total Visits
	Mid- wives	Doctors, Health Visitors, Frater Home, Jubilee Infirmary or At- tended independ- ently.	patients patients showing (1934) abnor- mal or patho- logical con ditions,		1 10110	
199	378	395	177	191	572	1106

Average number of visits per patient $\dots = 1.9$ Total visits paid to Ante-natal clinic by patients = 1106

I have again to thank the honorary medical officers at the Clinic for their assistance and close co-operation without which the work would be considerably handicapped.

HEALTH VISITING, INFANT HYGIENE, AND CO-ORDINATION OF WORK WITH SCHOOL MEDICAL SERVICES.

The total number of births notified during the year was 1,262, including 44 still-births, and 38 outward transfers. Of the total births, 123 were notified by medical men, 1;049 by midwives, and 90 by parents and others. 24 births were found not to have been notified, but these were duly intimated after the requirements of the Notification of Births Act were brought to the notice of the persons concerned.

The number of first visits by the Health Visitors was 988, and of these 203 births occurred in houses of one apartment, 359 in houses of two apartments, 211 in houses of three apartments, 134 in houses of four apartments, and 81 in houses of five apartments and over.

10,012 re-visits were made to infants under one year, and 6,828 to children from one to five years of age.

Particulars of health visitation and other relevant matter are contained in my Annual Reports for the years 1930, 31 and 32.

The following Table shows the numbers of children on the register and the number of re-visits made during the year 1934, in each age group. (Nett births in the area in 1934 numbered 1,172).

		Number of re-visits made during 1934.		ances for Medical
0—1 year	988	10012 1788	890	5084
1-2 ,, 2-3 ,, 3-4 ,, 4-5 ,,	\$ 744	1907 1911 1222	\$ 744	1740

The School Medical Service and the Child Welfare Service are co-ordinated under the administrative supervision of the Medical Officer of Health. As soon as a child reaches the age of 5 years, the medical record which has been obtained as a result of the Health Visitors' activities, is forwarded to the School Medical Officer, in order that he may have a knowledge of the ailments or defects of the child during its pre-school life.

Still-births.

The number of still-births registered in the Borough, as given by the Registrar General, was 49, included in these numbers were 2 illegitimate still-births.

Frater Maternity Home.

During the year 112 cases were admitted, 104 confinements (3 sets of twins, 107 births). Of these births, 4 were still-births. The births included 55 males and 52 females. The average duration of residence was 12.5 days. Medical aid was requisitioned in 38 instances.

One notification of Puerperal Pyrexia was received from the Maternity Home; a doctor's case, the patient was removed to Jubilee Infirmary.

There was on infantile death during the year; the cause being certified as Infantile Marasmus.

Staff and patients are subjected to routine bacteriological examination. (See page 16).

Necessitous and Complicated Cases of Pregnancy and Labour.

The following Medical Services, provided by the Local Authority, are available for complicated maternity patients.

- (1) Consultant Service.
- (2) Ante-natal Medical Service and Hospital and Surgical treatment.
 - (a) Preston Hospital-Ante-natal beds, and Consultant Service, Operative facilities.
 - (b) Tynemouth Victoria Jubilee Infirmary-
 - (1) Ante-natal Clinic.
 - (2) Ante-natal Medical Practitioners' Service.
 - (3) Ante-natal Consultant Service.
 - (4) Hospital Beds for Complicated Pregnancy.(5) Hospital Beds for Complicated Labour.

 - (6) Hospital Beds for Complicated Puerperium.
 - (7) Operative Facilities.
- (3) Laboratory Service for bacteriological examination.
- (4) Supply of prophylactic and therapeutic sera.
- (5) Medical Aid under Midwives' Act, 1918,

Services Provided,	Number of occasions on which Medical Services were provided under the various Schemes and Acts.							
	Mid- wives' Act, 1918.	Ante- Natal Clinic.	Local Scheme	Puerperal Fever Regula- tions.	Total			
DURING PREGNANCY.								
Medical Services	64	1106			1170			
Consultant Services			2		2			
Hospital or Opera-								
tive treatment			24		24			
Bacteriological examination			110	12. 11	112			
examination			112		112			
DURING LABOUR.				and the second second	1.			
Medical Services	102				102			
Consultant Services			5		5			
Hospital or Opera-					- 131			
tive treatment			19		19			
Bacteriological								
examination								
Serum Therapy								
DURING PUERPERIUM.*								
Medical Services	108			3	111			
Consultant Services			1	1	2			
Hospital or Opera-								
tive treatment			8	2	10			
Bacteriological			1000		1			
examination			211		211			
Serum Therapy				1	1			
		1100	000		1.000			
Totals	274	1106	382	7	1769			

MATERNITY MEDICAL SERVICES PROVIDED DURING THE YEAR 1934.

*Includes cases of Puerperal Fever and Puerperal Pyrexia.

112 patients were admitted to the Frater Maternity Home during the year 1934.

85 babies received medical treatment under the Midwives' Acts.

The total births registered as belonging to the Borough during 1934 numbered 1,172 (which includes 33 inward transfers).

Part of the cost of these services is recovered from the patients, in accordance with a scale of charges based on the family income.

PUERPERAL PYREXIA AND PUERPERAL FEVER REGULA-TIONS.

For particulars of the arrangements made in connection with these regulations, see Annual Report, 1930, pages 36 and 37.

For notifications during 1934 see pages 82 and 83.

MILK (MOTHERS AND CHILDREN) ORDER.

Dried milk has been supplied free, or at less than cost price, in 580 cases, and the Committee are greatly indebted to Mrs. A. E. Hill and her co-workers, for carrying on this work, which has been of enormous benefit since the end of the Great War, and especially during the period of depression in trade during the last ten years or so. The following are the details of the milk supplied:—

No. of persons receiving milk at less than cost	price	567
*No. of persons receiving milk free		13
No. of lbs. distributed at less than cost price		11,017
No. of lbs. distributed free		

*3 of this number ultimately paid for milk at less than cost price.

Under the voluntary section of the work, the workers meet two afternoons each week to supply Dried Milk and other forms of nourishment to those who are unable to pay the full retail prices, and to those who may be sent by the Medical Officer of the Maternity and Child Welfare Centre. The expenditure on Dried Milk during the year amounted to $\pounds 697$ 9s. 10d.

INFANT LIFE PROTECTION.

The administration of the Children's Acts, 1908 as amended by Part V of the Children and Young Persons Act 1932.

The Infant Life Protection Visitor, who is a transferred officer, works in close co-operation with the Health Visitors and School Nurses of the Local Authority. During the year 62 visits were paid by the visitor.

The following notices were received during the year :--

Reception of Nurse Child	 	2
Change of address	 	3
Return to parent	 	None
Removed to another area	 	do.
Adoption	 	do.
Reached the age of 9 years	 	2

At the end of the year there were 7 children on the register,

INFECTIOUS DISEASES.

Disease.	Number of cases notified during the year.	officers of	Number of cases for whom home nursing was provided by the Council	cases removed to hospitals.
(1) Ophthalmia Neonatorum	26	23	18	4
(2) Pemphigus Neonatorum	-	-	-	-
(3) Puerperal Fever	3	3	-	2
(4) Puerperal Pyrexia	12	11	-	8
(5) Measles and German Measles (in children under 5 years of age)	_	_	1	†11
(6) Whooping Cough (do.)	-	-	-	- 1
(7) Epidemic Diarrhoea (do)	-	*5	_	- 1
(8) Poliomyelitis (do.)	2	2	-	-

* Visited after death.

† Admitted to Moor Park Hospital,

Particulars of infectious diseases affecting mothers and children, will be found on page 33.

REPORT ON CLINICAL WORK.

DR. B. M. GRINLING.

INFANT CONSULTATIONS.

The Child Welfare Clinics have continued as usual during the year 1934, there being three Clinics held weekly for weighing the children, consultations about health and feeding of the children and general instruction to Mothers.

There were 890 children under 1 year who made 5,084 attendances, 744 over 1 year who made 1,740 attendances, totalling 1,634 children making 6,824 attendances. The average weekly attendance was 131.23 children.

1,139 living children were born in the Borough and 62.4% of these have attended the clinic.

The general health of the children was on the whole good, though quite a marked anaemia has been noted in many during the winter months. This was partly dealt with by means of feeding, help with extra body-building foods being given in some cases and by means of Ultra Violet Ray Therapy.

During the past year 38 children attended the Ultra Violet Ray Clinic, making 406 attendances. Of these 5 made only one or two attendances, but the remaining children, with the exception of two, showed great improvement. Of the two, one was a case of tubercular peritonitis and rickets and was admitted to hospital and ultimately died. The other proved to be definitely tubercular and was accordingly transferred to the Tuberculosis Clinic.

The conditions treated were as follows :---

20
3
4
7
2
1
1

The milk distributing centre has continued its activities and whereas breast-feeding has been encouraged as much as possible, the milk has been needed in a large proportion of cases either for the child or the nursing mother. Food accessories have been provided also at cost prices.

A fairly large proportion of children over one year have had trouble with teeth, and have needed treatment for conditions of nose, throat and ear and defective vision. These have been dealt with for us very effectively by the Tynemouth Victoria Jubilee Infirmary and the School Medical Officer.

The Voluntary Committee has carried on the care of Maternity bags, of which 16 were lent to lying-in mothers.

The Ante-Natal Clinic has been continued at the Tynemouth Victoria Jubilee Infirmary. It has been conducted by the practitioners of the Town, working in conjunction with the midwives

The Invalid Children's Aid Society has very kindly given us a grant every month for the past winter, to supply free Numol, Virol, etc., to children over one year when the parents have not been able to afford to supply it.

Sanitary Inspection of the Borough.

By JAMES STANLEY, Senior Sanitary Inspector.

Public Health Department, Tynemouth.

To the MAYOR, ALDERMEN, AND COUNCILLORS,

Your Worship, Ladies and Gentlemen,

I beg to submit my Annual Report on the work of the Sanitary Inspectors during the year 1934. There has been a greater increase in the work during the year under review than in any previous year, and close supervision and constant attention has been required continually.

There has been an increase in the number of consultations with builders and others, to whom advice has been given, relating to the construction of drains, and the installation of sanitary conveniences and appliances; these consultations have been valuable in securing not only efficiency, but economy also.

Those persons who have been advised, have, in many cases, expressed appreciation of the results achieved.

As in previous years endeavours have been constantly made to secure the abatement of nuisances without having served notices of any kind. These endeavours have prevented, in some instances, unnecessary delay in the abatement of nuisances, have saved expenses, and have been productive of much good.

During the year 1934 the number of nuisances dealt with in this manner was 329, whilst in the previous year they numbered 392.

The various districts are regularly inspected for the detection of nuisances and in some cases informal notices are served on those persons responsible, and Statutory notices are sent if abatement has not been made of the nuisance in a specified time. When a complaint of the existence of a nuisance is received, an inspection is made as soon as possible, and generally abatement follows almost immediately.

The work involved through the operation of the Housing Acts has occupied a large amount of time. The preparation of schemes for Slum Clearance Areas, the removal of tenants to their new houses, the deinfestation of furniture and other articles and finally the closing and securing of vacated premises has, as a consequence, acted against that attention to the ordinary sanitary administration of the Borough, which is usually given. Although it is obvious that with the limited staff, concentration on the routine work could not be given, it must appear from a study of the tables prepared and by the observations made that excellent work has been performed by your Inspectors.

It may be advisable to say at this time that since the introduction of the water carriage system and the dry dust bin, there has been marked improvement in the habits of the users, not only to their advantage, but to that of those who are responsible for the sanitation of the Borough.

As in previous years it has to be reported that in isolated parts of the Borough there are still a few ashpits and privy pails in use, but as the Housing Programme is carried through many of these will disappear as the houses are condemned and the sites cleared.

I have the honour to remain,

Your obedient Servant,

JAMES STANLEY,

Senior Sanitary Inspector.

FACTORIES, WORKSHOPS AND WORKPLACES.

A number of inspections were made of factories, workshops and workplaces, and when necessary, notification of defects were served upon owners or occupiers.

Inspection of Factories, Workshops and Workplaces.

(Including Inspections made by Sanitary Inspectors).

Premises.	Inspec- tions.	Number of Written Notices.	Occupiers prosecuted.
Factories	14	2	Nil.
Workshops	34	Nil.	Nil.
Workplaces (Other than outworkers' premises)	11	2	Nil.
Total	59	4	Nil.

The table following shows the matters dealt with after receipt of notices from H.M. Inspector of factories and remedied under the Public Health Acts,

	Num	No. of offences in		
Particulars.	Found.	Remedied.	Referred to H.M. Inspector of Factories.	respect of which Pro- secutions were instituted.
 Nuisances under the Public Health Acts. Want of cleanliness Want of ventilation Overcrowding Want of drainage of floors Other nuisances Sanitary— Accommodation— Insufficient Unsuitable or Defective Not separate for Sexes Offences under the Factory 		 1 2 2	Nil. Nil. Nil. Nil. Nil. Nil. Nil. Nil.	Nil. Nil. Nil. Nil. Nil. Nil. Nil.
and Workshops Acts. Illegal occupation of under- ground Bakehouses (S. 101) Other offences, relating to out- work and offences under the Sections mentioned in the Schedule to the Ministry of Health (F. and W. Transfer	-	-	Nil.	Nil.
of Powers) Order, 1921 Total	5	5	Nil. Nil.	Nil. Nil.

Defects found in Factories, Workshops and Workplaces.

There are on the register, 72 Factories, and 139 workshops and workplaces, Total 211.

Outworkers,

During the year four notices under Section 107 of the Factory and Workshops' Act, 1901, were received. The premises where the work was done were inspected, and found to be in a satisfactory condition.

List of Workshops on the Register at the end of the Year.

Basket Maker	 1 .	Fish Curers 29	Pickle Manufacturers 1
Bakers	 36	Gas Manufacturer 1	Printers 6
Boiler Makers	 1	Glazier 1	Rag Sorter 1
Builders	 3	Hosier 1	Rope Maker 1
Blacksmiths	 4	Ice Manufacturers 2	Saddler 1
Cabinet Makers	 2	Ice Cream	Salt Packers 3
Cartwright	 1	Manufacturers 3	Scale Maker 1
Coffee Grinder	 1	Jeweller 1	Sculptor: 1
Coach Builder	 1	Joiners 15	Shoe Makers 5
Coach Painter	 1	Laundries 4	Sheet Iron Worker 1
Coppersmith	 1	Lead Manufacturer 1	Skin Cleaner 1
Compass Adjust		Metal Founders 3	Sugar Boilers z
Confectioner	 1	Milliners 3	Tripe Preparers 2
Dress Makers	 6	Mineral Water	Tailors 12
100 C	 1	Manufacturer 1	Timber Merchants 8
Dver	1	Motor Engineers 5	Tinsmiths 4
Engineers	 7	Net Makers 3	Upholsterers 4
Farrier	1	Oil and Guano	
Firewood Manu-		Manufacturers 2	Total 211
facturers	 2	Photographers 3	
Funeral Furnishe	1	Plumbers 6	THE REAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS

INSPECTION AND SUPERVISION OF FOOD.

Meat.

The amount of meat found to be unfit for food weighed 16 cwts., 17 lbs. ;There is not any system of meat marking under the Public Health (Meat) Regulations, 1924, and for many years no stores or stalls have been used. There are, however, a few vehicles from which meat is purveyed, and these vehicles come into the district from other places.

Other Foods.

The amount of food condemned this year has been less than in 1933, and this may be taken as an indication of the high standard of the foods sold in the borough.

All unsound or condemned food stuffs are removed to a factory and there utilized in the manufacture of manure, fertilizers, etc.

There have not been any prosecutions, as in all cases the food condemned has been voluntarily surrendered and destroyed by Order of a Justice of Peace. Large quantities of fish have been dealt with at the Corporation Fish Quay, which is the market at which vessels discharge their catches, but the amount unfit for food was comparitively small, the weight being 16 cwts., 3 qrs., 25 lbs. Fish is imported from both British and Foreign ports.

The quality of the fish is well maintained, as the deep water vessels are well provided with facilities for dealing with and preserving fish, and as inshore vessels land fish almost daily the standard is maintained at a satisfactory level. During the season a large number of boats are engaged in herring fishing, and the catches are usually landed and dealt with each day.

Mr. Tom McKenzie, Fish Quay Master has kindly placed at my disposal, figures showing the volume and value of the trade done during the years 1933-1934.

White Fish	1933	364,826 cwts.	£352,628
do	1934	348,838 ,,	£392,693
Herrings	1933	33,638 crans*	£46,608
do	1934	36,230 ,,	£37,981
Salmon and Trout	1933	160,974 lbs.	$\pm 15,603$
do	1934	199,443 ,,	£16,073

*1 cran = $3\frac{3}{4}$ cwts.

FOOD CONDEMNED.

			Tons	Cwts.	Qrs.	Lbs.
Ham		 	_			14
Pork		 		4	-	$\frac{5}{17}$
Beef		 		16		17
Fish		 		16	3	25 7
Prawns		 			1	
Shrimps		 		1		14
Poultry		 		-	3	26
Mussels		 	-	1	3	-
	Total	 	2	1	1	24

Milk Supplies.

At the end of the end of the year there were 12 cowkeepers who used 25 cowsheds, in which 215 cows were housed. The number of cows is 6 less than in the previous year.

The dairy farms were inspected twice during the year, and the premises, sheds, measures, cans, vehicles and other appliances were found to be in a satisfactory condition. Mr. T. Harper, Veterinary Inspector examined the animals and on each occasion reported them to be in good health.

All premises in the borough which are registered for the sale of milk, or where milk is stored, have been frequently inspected, and no cause for complaint was found, the Regulations having been complied with.

A very large quantity of milk came into the Borough from other areas by road and rail, and the arrival of such consignments and the return of empty cans has been under supervision. It is worthy of notice that there is an increasing demand for "Designated" Milk, and that the amount sold in the Borough daily must be not less than 250 gallons.

Retail Purveyors of Milk.

Applications for registra								8
Applications for registra								8
Number of milk dealers		and the second						197
Dairy premises registere								Nil
Producers and cowkeepe	ers, 1	wholesa	le de:	alers 1	register	red du	ring	
1934								1
Applications withdrawn								Nil
Producers relinquishing	regi	stration						Nil

Graded Milk-Licenses Granted.

Dealers' licenses for Certified Milk	1
Supplementary licenses for Certified Milk	1
Dealers' licenses for Grade "A" Tuberculin Tested	4
Supplementary licenses for Grade "A" Tuberculin Tested	3
Dealers' licenses for Grade "A" (Producers)	3
Supplementary licenses for Grade "A" Milk	1
Dealers' licenses for Grade "A" Milk	6
Dealers' licenses for Pasteurised Milk	1
Dealers' licenses to bottle Grade "A" Tuberculin Tested	2
,, ,, Grade "A" Milk	2
", ", Certified Milk	1
Supplementary licenses to bottle Grade "A" Tuberculin Tes	sted 1

Samples Taken.

There were 13 samples taken for examination at the Bacteriological Department of the Durham College of Medicine as provided for by the Milk (Special Designations) Order, 1922. The results are below.

		Bacteria per Cubic Centimeter-						
	under 1,000	1,000 to 5,000	5,000 to 30,000	80,000 to 100,000	100,000 to 200,000	over 200,000		
Certified Milk.	None	None	Noue	None	None	None		
Grade "A." Tuberculin tested.	None	None	None	None	None	None		
Grade "A." Milk.	2	6	4	None	None	1		
Pasteurised Milk.	None	None	None	None	None	None		
Pasteurised Grade "A."	None	None	None	None	None	None		

The maximum number of bacteria permissable in each grade under the Order is as follows : —

Certified Milk	 30,000 per cubic cent	imetre.
Grade "A" Tuberculin Tested	 200,000 ,,	,,
Grade "A" Milk	 200,000 ,,	,,
Pasteurised Grade "A" Milk	 30,000 ,,	13
Pastentised Milk	 100,000 ,,	+7

The prices for the various grades are :---

Certified M			····	 	 	41d. p	er pint.
Grade "A"		ulin	Tested	 	 	31d.	
Grade "A"				 	 	31d.	,,
Pasteurised	Milk		•••	 	 	3d.	,,

MILK. EXAMINATIONS FOR TUBERCLE BACILLI.

Eighty samples of milk were taken for examination; 38 being from sources within the Borough and 42 from outside sources.

The results of the examination by animal inoculation was that 6 disclosed the presence of tubercle bacilli, this figure being 7.5% of the total. Three of the positive samples were from farms outside and three from farms inside the Borough.

The Medical Officer of Health for the district in which the farms were situated and from which the positive milk samples were sent were notified in accordance with the Milk and Dairies Consolidated Act, 1915, Sec. 4 (1). Assurances were subsequently received stating that appropriate action had been taken. The animals on the local farms were examined by the Veterinary Inspector and he had the affected animals removed from the herds and slaughtered. The carcases were condemned as being unfit for human food.

TYNEMOUTH CORPORATION ACTS, 1916-1934.

Regulations made under the Acts are in force with respect to premises in which human food is prepared or stored and no premises are permitted to be used as such unless they are registered by the Local Authority. In the Borough there are 54 persons registered as occupiers of premises in which Ice Cream is manufactured and 71 persons are registered as owners or occupiers of premises in which Preserved Meat, or Fish or other Food, is prepared. The figures given do not include the premises used for the business of fish and potato frying.

Number of inspections made of premises used for :--

Manufacture of Ice Cream	 	43
Manufacture of Other Foods	 	92
Storage of Food	 	11

MERCHANDISE MARKS ACT, 1926.

There 381 shops and other places which come within the scope of this Act. Information has been given to interested persons on the operations of the Act and premises have been visited as required. It has not been necessary to take any actions for contraventions during the year.

FOOD AND DRUGS.

Milk and Cream Regulations, 1912--1927.

	(a) Number of samples examined for the presence of a preservative.	(b) Number in which a preservative was reported to be present.
MILK CREAM	10	Nil Nil

(1) MILK AND CREAM NOT SOLD AS PRESERVED CREAM.

Nature of preservative in each case in column (b) and action taken under the Regulations in regard thereto Nil

(2) THICKENING SUBSTANCES.

Any evidence of the addition to cream. Action taken when found ... Nil

Artificial Gream Act, 1929.

No samples were taken under this Act.

Public Health (Condensed Milk) Regulations, 1923-1927.

18 samples were taken under these Regulations.

Public Health (Dried Milk) Regulations, 1923-1927.

No samples were taken under these Regulations.

Public Health (Preservatives in Food) Regulations, 1925-1927.

174 samples were taken under these Regulations.

Four samples of jam were found to contain 10, 20, 30, and 10 parts of sulphur-dioxide per million. Two of the 4 samples also contained traces of copper compounds but not to such an extent as to be harmful. The attention of the manufacturers of these samples of jam was called to the statement of the Public Analyst.

Chemical Analyses.

This work is carried out by Messrs. J. T. Dunn, D.Sc., F.I.C., and H. C. L. Bloxam, F.I.C., Dean Street, Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

ARTICLES ANALY	SED.	No. of samples analysed.	No. found genuine.	No. found not genuine.
FORMAL SAMPLES-				
New Milk		 106	96	10
INFORMAL SAMPLES-	_			
Condensed Milk		 18	18	-
Cream		 12	12	
Glycerine		 3	3	-
Ice Cream		 2	2	-
Liquorice Powder		 3 2 3 7	3 2 3 7	-
Zinc Ointment			7	-
Sulpher Ointment		 6 6	6	-
		 6	6	-
Margarine		 ~	6	-
		 12	12	-
Lard		 12	$ \begin{array}{c} 12 \\ 12 \\ 3 \end{array} $	-
Olive Oil		 3	3	-
Jam		 6 7	67	-
Gregory Powder	:	 '	1	_
TOTALS		 209	199	10

SALE OF FOODS AND DRUGS (ADULTERATION) ACT, 1928.

The following 10 samples were found not to be genuine or adulterated milk : ---

Milk.

(1)	Deficient in Non-fatty solid	Is 3.5%	
	Deficient in Milk Fat	6.6% Cautioned by Town Cl	
(2)	Deficient in Milk Fat	5.0% Cautioned by Town Cl	lerk.
(3)	Deficient in Non-fatty solid:	s 5.80% Cautioned by Health (committee.
(4)	Deficient in Milk Fat	10.0% Cautioned by Town Cl	lerk.
(5)	Deficient in Milk Fat	10.0% Cautioned by Town C	lerk.
(6)	Deficient in Milk Fat	10.0% Cautioned by Health (ommittee.
(7)	Deficient in Milk Fat	6.60% Cautioned by Health C	Committee.
(8)	Deficient in Non-fatty solid	Is 2.0% Cautioned by Town C	lerk.
(9)	Deficient in Milk Fat	3.30% Cautioned by Town C	lerk.
(10)	Deficient in Non-fatty solids	s 7.60% Cautioned by Health C	Committee.

Bakehouses.

These have been inspected and have been found in good order and have been regularly limewashed. There are 36 in the Borough.

RAG FLOCK ACTS, 1911 and 1928.

No samples were obtained. This material seems to have fallen into disuse.

SLAUGHTER HOUSES.

There are 4 registered and 20 licenced slaughter houses in the Borough, all of which are privately owned.

No irregularity was found nor any cause for complaint during the hours of slaughter. In March, the Health Sub-Committee visited these premises and found the conditions to be satisfactory.

PUBLIC HEALTH (SMOKE ABATEMENT) ACT, 1926.

A few observations were made during the year and only one complaint was received, but the nuisance was soon abated, as it resulted from careless stoking.

Electricity is supercedeing steam as power in the few factories. The new powers and definitions in the Smoke Abatement Act have had effect in reducing the nuisance caused by the emissions of smoke.

Open fires are in a great measure responsible for any atmospheric pollution and this method of heating and cooking is general in a borough such as this. In the year 1929 it was estimated that there were 15,536 families or separate occupiers in the Borough using open fires, therefore any smoke nuisances may be attributed to this fact, and not to emissions from other chimneys.

SEAMEN'S AND COMMON LODGING HOUSES.

All these houses have been regularly inspected and have at all times been found in a satisfactory condition.

The Chief Constable has also had inspections made and has apparently found no cause for complaint. At the end of the year there were 8 Seamens' and 5 Common Lodging Houses on the Register.

The Tyne Sailors' Home was opened 78 years ago as a temporary residence for Seamen and is controlled by an Honorary Board of Directors. The Home continues its good work and the results were favourably commented upon at the annual meeting of the Directorate. During the year a large number of men were lodged at the Home for varying periods, but there was a decrease in the previous year's total. This reduction may be accounted for by the fact that the majority of seamen are not leaving their ships, whilst the unfortunate ones who are ashore have their period of idleness prolonged by the depressed state of the shipping industry. It should be noted that the number of men staying in all the licenced houses shows a decided decrease as through improved facilities the men move from port to port with comparitive ease, further, as the new Regulations governing the employment of seamen imposes on the shipowner the responsibility of sending discharged men from the port of discharge back to the port at which they were engaged. This procedure has affected most acutely keepers of lodging houses by deriving them of business.

OFFENSIVE TRADES.

The premises at which Offensive Trades are carried on have been frequently visited and inspected and the Regulations have always been complied with. The following is a list of the trades registered in the Borough: —Tallow Melting, 1; Tripe Boiling, 3; Fish liver Boiling, 1; Fish Manure Manufacturing, 1; Fish Meal Manufacturing, 1; Dealers in Rags and Bone, Animals' skins, etc., 2; Gut Scraping, 1; Fish and Potato Frying, 33.

THEATRES, MUSIC HALLS, AND PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

The Inspector of Public Buildings has regularly visited all places of amusement and no complaint of defects or irregularities have been made in connection with the Ventilation, Sanitation or Cleanliness of any of these buildings.

INSPECTION AND TESTING OF DRAINS.

Questions relating to the remodelling of old systems and the installing of new systems have been discussed with owners and builders with advantage to all persons interested, as both efficiency and economy has been secured. When old systems are tested, smoke is used, unless the drain is uncovered, when the drains, both old and new, are tested with water. The drains and sanitary conveniences of new buildings are dealt with by the Borough Surveyor's staff.

The number of drains tested and certified as efficient by the Sanitary Department was 24.

SANITARY CONVENIENCES (PUBLIC).

All Public Conveniences are under the control of the Director of Public Cleansing and have always been kept in a satisfactory condition.

RATS AND MICE (DESTRUCTION) ACT, 1919.

As required by the Ministry, special efforts were made during the special Rat Week to secure concerted action in the destruction of rats and mice. Much preparatory work was undertaken during the weeks preceding the appointed time to secure success.

The ascertained results were that 289 rats and 196 mice were destroyed.

Rat traps are available and it is possible that large numbers of rats and mice are caught on farms, warehouses, wharfs and docks, but no reliable information can be obtained on this matter. Special instructions were given to school caretakers and these buildings may be considered free from rodents.

SCHOOLS.

There have been no complaints of inadequate water supplies, ventilation, sanitation or drainage at any of the schools. There are 22 schools under the Tynemouth Education Authority and the structures are under the supervision of Mr. J. H. Forsyth, the Clerk of Works.

Housing.

HOUSES ERECTED DURING 1934.

By the courtesy of the Borough Surveyor, I am enabled to give the number of new houses erected during the year, as shown in the following Table:—

WA	RD.	NUMBER OF ROOMS.							
		1	2	3	.4	5	6	7 & over	
Collingw		 	1	113	145	121	2		
Linskill Percy	•••	 				97	60	1 6	
Preston	• •	 			2	33	23		
Totals		 	1	113	147	251	85	7	

Of the above, 48 three-roomed dwellings, and 48 four-roomed dwellings in Collingwood Ward were provided under the Corporation Housing Scheme.

NEW HOUSES ERECTED DURING 1934.

(A.) Total Number of Houses Erected-604.	
(1) By the Local Authority (2) By other Local Authorities (3) By other Bodies and Persons	96 0 508
(B.) Houses erected with State Assistance under the Housing Acts. (Included in A).	
(1) By the Local Authority—	
 (a) For the purpose of Part II. of the Act of 1925 (b) For the purpose of Part III. of the Act of 1925 (c) For other purposes 	
(d) Housing Act, 1930	Nil.
I.—Inspection of dwelling houses during the year.	
nousing detecto (undet 1 unite treated of fronting treat,	1101
(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	1512
(2) (a) Number of dwelling houses (included under sub- head (1) above) which were inspected and recorded under the Housing Consolidated Regulations, 1925	0
(b) Number of inspections made for the purpose	0
(3) Number of dwelling houses found to be in a state so dangerous or injurious to health as to be unfit for human habitation	206*
(4) Number of dwelling houses (exclusive of those referred to under the preceding sub-head) found not to be in all respects reasonably fit for human habitation	303
* Scheduled under Housing Act 1930.	
II.—Remedy of Defects during the year without Service of Formal No	tice.
Number of defective dwelling houses rendered fit in con-	
sequence of informal action by the Local Authority, or their Officers	543
III.—Action under Statutory Powers during the year.	
(A) Proceedings under Sections 17, 18, and 23 of the Housing Act, 1930.	
(1) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which notices were served requiring repairs	290
(2) Number of dwelling houses which were rendered fit after service of formal notices :	
(a) By owners	347

(b) By Local Authority in default of owners 0

(B)	Proceed	ings und	ler Pul	blic I	Health	Acts.
-----	---------	----------	---------	--------	--------	-------

	 Number of dwelling houses in respect of which notices were served requiring defects to be remedied 	13
	(2) Number of dwelling houses in which defects were remedied after service of formal notices :	
	(a) By owners(b) By Local Authority in default of owners	12 0
(C)	Proceedings under Sections 19 and 21 of the Housing Act, 1930.	
	(1) Number of dwelling houses in respect of which Demolition Orders were made	3
	(2) Number of dwelling houses demolished in pursuance of Demolition Orders	1
(D)	Proceedings under Section 20 of the Housing Act, 1930.	
	(1) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were made	15
	(2) Number of separate tenements or underground rooms in respect of which Closing Orders were determined, the tenement or room having been rendered fit	0

NUISANCES AND DEFECTS.

The following table shows the nature of nuisances and defects dealt with :---

	NOTICES SERVED.						
NUISANCE OR DEFECT.	Inspected Public He	d Under alth Acts.	Inspected Under Housing Acts.				
	Informal.	Statutory.	Informal.	Statutory.			
Obstructed and defective drains, W.C.'s and gullies	112	4		30			
Defective privies, outhouses and ashpits	10	2		54			
Defective W.C. basins, cis- terns, pipes, etc Defective spouting, eaves, etc	23 41	1		5 64			
Defective walls, floors, and ceilings of rooms, gables, etc.	37	4		207			
Defective and dirty surfaces of yards	13	1		27			
Dirty and defective wash- houses Accumulations of refuse of	5	1		57			
manure or water Defective and obstructed	8						
scullery sinks Defective chimneys, fire	12			3			
places and cooking range. Defective roofs of buildings Defective doors	$23 \\ 54 \\ 21$	3 6 1		111 119 77			
Defective windows and sky- lights	21	2		60			
Defective and dirty staircases and passages	13	1		38			
Provide additional W.C.'s Damp walls and floors	13 6	1		$ \begin{array}{c} 2 \\ 10 \\ 13 \end{array} $			
Insufficient ventilation Defective yard walls No washhouse for tenements	8						
Premises infested with rats Premises overcrowded	$2 \\ 15$						
Smoke nuisances Insufficient sanitary accom	11	1		6			
modation Defective set-pots	4 8	2					
Nuisance caused by offensive smell Nuisance from ditch or water-	5						
verminous premises	$\frac{2}{2}$						
Totals	471	34	Nil.	980			
Number of defects, etc., remedied as a result of notices served during 1934	362	30	Nil.	676			

TABLE I.

Vital Statistics of Whole District during 1934 and previous Years.

	_			_	_	_	_	_	_	_			
G T0		Ages.	Rate.	13.61	11.51	12.86	12.62	13.08	11.94	12.57	11.4	13-27	10.72
NETT DEATHS BELONGING TO THE DISTRICT		At all Ages.	Number.	106	766	863	833	862	787	814	748	878	840
THE DISTRICT		ge.	96	74	11	86	96	63	80	69	84	11	
N ETH		Under I Year of Age.	Number.	189	100	104	108	115	80	102	86	96	85
LRANSFERABLE DEATHS.		of Resi-	dents not registered in the District.	40	89	55	48	48	35	37	87	48	47
TRANSF		of Non-	residents register'd in the District.	144	132	184	211	215	179	178	179	238	000
TOTAL DEATHS REGISTERED IN	STRICT.		Rate.	15-1	12.9	14-5	15-1	15.6	14-1	147	13-6	16-1	15.6
TOTAL DEATHS REGISTERED IN	THE DISTRICT.		Number.	1005	859	992	966	1029	931	950	890	1063	1099
	tt.		Rate.	21-94	20-14	19-98	18.90	18-26	19-41	12-61	18.86	17.25	17-77
BIRTHS.	Nett.		Number.	1452	1341	1337	1262	1208	1280	1276	1238	1135	1172
		Un-	correct'd Number. R.G.	1457	1356	1350	1251	1266	1217	1324	1266	1187	1233
	Popula-	tion estimated	to middle correct' of each Numbe Year. R.G.	66180	66560	67080	66030	65880	65880	64720	65630	65770	65950
			YEAR.	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930	1931	1982	1988	1984

Area of District in acres (exclusive of area covered by water), 4,284.

Total population at all ages, 64,922. Population in private families, 62,058. Number of private families, 16,079. Average number of persons per family, 3.86 Number of dwelling-houses, 13,635. Number of inhabited dwelling-houses, 13,338

At Census of 1931.

Appendix.

TABLE II.

Causes of, and Age at Death during the Year 1934.

		Net "Re	sident	aths a ts" w witho	hethe	r occ	urrin		s, of hin or		Total Deaths whether of "Residents"
Causes of Death.	ALL AGES	Under 1 year	I and under 2 years,	2 and under 5 years.	5 and under 15 years.	15 and under 25 years.	25 and under 45 years.	45 and under 65 years.	65 and under 75 years.	22	or "Non- Residents" in Institutions in the District.
All Causes { Certified Uncertified	800 40	81 4	16 	28 1	87 1	28 1	76 4	217 13	174 6	148 10	546 8
1 Typhoid and Paratyphoid							-				
Fever	1					1					1
2 Measles	14	1	5	7	1						4
8 Scarlet Fever	6			2	3		1			• • •	4
4 Whooping cough 5 Diphtheria	26	1		1		···;					
6 Influenza	15				2	2	4		4		6
7 Encephalitis lethargica	3							3			6
8 Cerebro spinal fever											ĩ
9 Tuberculosis of respiratory											
system	47			2	1	11	19	11	3		45
10 Other Tuberculous diseases 11 Syphilis	12	5	2	2	5	2	1				11
12 General Paralysis of the	8	0					2	1			8
insane tabes dorsalis	5						1	4			5
13 Cancer, malignant disease	108						5	46	44	13	81
14 Diabetes	11				1		2		7	1	5
15 Cerebral hæmorrhage, &c	64	1						81	20	12	52
16 Heart disease	158				6	1	7	49	41	49	107
17 Aneurysm 18 Other circulatory diseases	1 26							1		in	1
19 Bronchitis	45	12	2					10	12	10	11 8
20 Pneumonia (all forms)	58	9	ĩ	6	6	1	8	n	7	8	88
21 Other respiratory diseases	8				1			i	1		1
22 Peptic ulcer	4						1	8			8
23 Diarrhœa, &c., (under 2 yrs.)	5	4	1								5
24 Appendicitis 25 Cirrhosis of liver	10			1	1		3	4	1		9
26 Other diseases of liver, &c.								1			
27 Other digestive diseases	••••									••	
28 Acute and chronic nephritis	81				 1						20
29 Puerperal sepsis											2
30 Other puerperal causes	6					1	5				4
31 Congenital debility, prema-	07	0.0		12							
ture birth, malformation, &c. 32 Senility	87 45	86		1			••••				16
38 Suicide	40						···· 2	2	10	35	20
84 Other Deaths, from violence	18	2		1	2	 1	5	5	2	••••	18
35 Other defined diseases	68	n	1		5	i	5	28	9	8	60
36 Causes ill-defined or unknown	23	3		8	1	2	4	2	4	4	6
TOTALS	840	85	16	29	88	24	80	280	180	158	549
Sub-Entries (included in above figures) :											
20a Pneumonia (lobar)	24			3	4	2	4	7	2	2	- 13
85a Rheumatic fever	1							i			
35a Erysipelas	2	1						1			2
					1					-	

TABLE IIA.

Causes of Death during the Year 1934. Allocated to the Wards in which they occurred.

				W	ARL	DS.				
Causes of Death.	All Ages.	Central.	Collingwood	Dockwray.	I.inskill.	Milbourn.	Percy	Preston.	Rudyerd,	Trinity.
All Causes (TT	800 40	$\frac{67}{2}$	131 9	95 2	91 4	59 6	101 5	98 5	79 2	80 4
 Measles Scarlet fever Scarlet fever Whooping cough Diphtheria Diphtheria Influenza Encephalitis lethargica Cerebro spinal fever Tuberculosis of respiratory system Other tuberculous diseases Syphilis General paralysis of the insat tabes dorsalis Cancer, malignant disease Diabetes Cerebral hæmorrhage, &c. Heart disease Cerebral hæmorrhage, &c. Heart disease Other circulatory diseases Bronchitis Other respiratory diseases Diarrhœa, &c. (under 2 year Appendicitis Cirrhosis of liver Other diseases of liver, &c. Other diseases of liver, &c. Other diseases of liver, &c. Other diseases of liver, &c. Other diseases of liver, &c. Other puerperal causes Congenital debility, prematu 	5 108 1108 11 64 153 153 153 26 45 58 8 5 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	$\begin{array}{c} & & & & & \\ & & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & & \\ & & & & &$	$\begin{array}{c} \vdots \\ 1 \\ \vdots \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ \vdots \\ 12 \\ 2 \\ \vdots \\ 11 \\ 1 \\ 6 \\ 25 \\ \vdots \\ 5 \\ 7 \\ 11 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ \vdots \\ 7 \\ \vdots \\ 7 \\ \vdots \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ \vdots \\ 12 \\ 2 \\ \vdots \\ 11 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ $	$\begin{array}{c} \vdots \\ 5 \\ 2 \\ \vdots \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	54 8 8 17 2 5 4	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} \cdots \\ 1 \\ \cdots \\ 8 \\ \cdots \\ 8 \\ 1 \\ \cdots \\ 13 \\ 6 \\ 7 \\ 15 \\ \cdots \\ 5 \\ 8 \\ 5 \\ 1 \\ \cdots \\ 1 \\ \cdots \\ 2 \\ \cdots \\ 1 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots & 1 & \vdots & \vdots & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 113 & 18 & 18 & \vdots & 3 & 6 \\ 8 & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ 13 & 18 & 18 & \vdots & 3 & 6 \\ 8 & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ 13 & 18 & \vdots & 3 & 6 \\ 13 & 18 & 18 & 18 \\ 13 & 18 & 18 & 18 \\ 13 & $	$\begin{array}{c} \cdots \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ \cdots \\ 7 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ \cdots \\ 7 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ \cdots \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ \cdots \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ \cdots \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ \cdots \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1$
32 Senility	37 45 4 18 68 1 23	4 2 27 8	$ \begin{array}{c} 13 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 6 \\ 11 \\ 2 \end{array} $	6 7 1 6 2	1 8 3 4 2	2 6 3	2 × : :93	47.475		4 5 2 15 3
Total Sub-Entries (included in above figures:	840	69	14 -	97	9 .	65	106	103	81	84
20a Pneumonia (lobar) 35a Rheumatic fever	24 1 2	 	6 	2	2 1	3	5 1 	3 1	2	1

TABLE III.

Infantile Mortality during the Year 1934.

Nett Deaths from stated Causes at various Ages under One Year of Age.

CAUSES OF DEATH.		Under 1 Weck.	1-2 Weeks.	2-3 Weeks.	3-4 Weeks.	'Total under 4 Weeks.	4 Weeks and under 3 Months.	3 Months and under 6 Months.	6 Months and under 9 Months	9 Months and under 12 Months.	Total Deaths under I Year.
All Causes { Certified Uncertified		18 2	8	5	7	38 2	13 	10 1	10 1	10	81 4
Smallpox Chickenpox Measles Scarlet fever Whooping Cough Diphtheria and croup Erysipelas Tuberculous meningitis Abdominal tuberculosis Other tuberculous diseases									···· ··· ··· ··· ··· ···	···· ··· ··· ···	 1 1
Meningitis (not tuberculous Convulsions Laryngitis Bronchitis Pneumonia (all forms))	 1 		 1	 1	$\frac{1}{2}$	 2 5 	 4	 1 2	 1 2 8	 6 1 11 10
SDiarrhea Enteritis Gastritis								 1 	 	 2 	··· 4
Syphilis Rickets Suffocation, overlying Injury at birth Atelectasis		 2 	 2 1	··· ···	2	2 4 1	1	2 1 	··· ··· ···	··· ·· ··	5 4 1
Congenital malformation Premature birth Atrophy, debility, and marasmus		2 11 2	 2 2	1 8	 2	3 18 4	2 1 1	1 	ï		$\frac{6}{20}$
Other causes Influenza					2 	3	1	2	2		8
Totals	5	20	8	5	7	40	13	11	11	10	85

Nett Births in the year :- Legitimate, 1,130 ; Illegitimate, 42. Nett Deaths in the year, of { Legitimate infants, 78. Illegitimate do. 7.

TABLE IIIA.

Infantile Mortality During the Year 1934.

Allocated to the Wards in which they occurred.

						W	ARI	DS.			
Causes of Death.		Total Deaths under 1 Year,	. Central.	Collingwood.	Dockwary.	- Linskill.	. Milbourn.	o Percy.	r Preston.	Rudyerd.	Trinity.
				2	3	4	5		7	8	9
All Causes :Certified Uncertified		81 4	6 	20 2	17	4	4	7	10	7	6 1
(Smallpox											
Chickenpox											
Measles Scarlet fever		1								1	
1 (17)						 1					
Diphtheria and croup											
Erysipelas		1							1		
(Tuberculous meningitis											
Abdominal tuberculosis											
(Other tuberculous diseases											
Meningitis (not tuberculous Convulsions Laryngitis Bronchitis Pneumonia (all forms)	s)	 6 1 11 10	 1	 8 1 2 1	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	··· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ··	··· 1 	 1	 2 1	 1 2	 2 1
{Diarrhœa Enteritis		 4	 1		 2				₁		
Gastritis											
Syphilis		5			1			3		1	
Rickets											
Suffocation, overlying		1				1					
Injury at birth	•••	4		2	1						1
Atelectasis		1			1		•••				
Congenital malformation Premature birth		$\begin{array}{c} 6\\ 20\end{array}$	· 8	$\frac{1}{8}$		1	 1	2 1	$\frac{1}{2}$	1 1	₁
Atrophy, debility and marasmus		5	in second	2	1						2
Other causes	**	8	1	2	2		1		2		
Influenza											
The set Day the			6	22	17		4	7	10	- 7	7
			-								
Births		*1172	106	240	158	91	99	100	154	81	111
Infantile Mortality Rate		77	57	92	107	55	40	70	65	86	68

* Includes 33 Inward transfers.

*

TABLE IV

Registrar General's List of Causes of Death at different periods of life in the County Borough of Tynemcuth during 1934.

714	rΔ	т.	-	e	
100		L	-	2	

		_	_	_	_	_			-		-	
	TOTAL											
CAUSES OF DEATH.	All											
	Ages	0-	I -	2-	5-	15-	25-	35-	45-	55-	65-	75-
										-		
All Causes	468	49	9	14	15	12	19	28	45	89	108	85
in church in in											_	
1 Typhoid and Paratyphoid												
Vanan		and the										and the
								•••				
0 Constant frames			1.24	4				••••				
0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000				2	1		1			•		
4 Whooping cough		1		1								
5 Diphtheria				1	1	1						
6 Influenza	6					1	1	1	2		1	
7 Encephalitislethargica	2									2		
8 Cerebro spinal fever												
9 Tuberculosis of respira-												
tory system	28				1	5	6	5	1	8	2	
10 Other tuberculous diseases	6		1	1	1	1	1	1				
11 Syphilis	6	3						2	1			
12 General Paralysis of the			10000									1999
insane, tabes dorsalis	5							1	2	2		
13 Cancer, malignant disease	67	1000000				0.0002		3	9	14	30	11
14 Diabetes	8				1		2			1	3	1
				***						12	10.75	4
	00				•••				6		10	
16 Heart disease						1	1	2	6	24	20	29
17 Aneurysm	1											1
18 Other circulatory diseases									1	2	4	7
19 Bronchitis	28	7							2	2	6	6
20 Pneumonia (all forms)	33	4	3	2	7	1	3	1	4	3	4	1
21 Other respiratory diseases	6	1			1				2	1	1	
22 Peptic ulcer								1		1		
23 Diarrhœa, etc		4	1									
24 Appendicitis	6						1	1		8	1	
25 Cirrhosis of liver												
26 Other diseases of liver, etc.											1	
27 Other digestive diseases	5			1		1		1		1		1
28 Acute and chronic nephritis							1		2	5	4	4
29 Puerperal sepsis												
30 Other puerperal causes												
31 Congenital debility, pre-			1.1.1									
mature birth, malform-												
	05	05										
ation, etc		25							***			111
32 Senility											3	11
33 Suicide								1	1	2		1.1
34 Other deaths from violence				1	1	1	1	2	2		2	1
35 Other defined diseases	35	4	1	1	1				4	6	12	7
36 Causes ill defined or												
unknown	8				***		1	1		1	4	1
					-	_						-

Deaths under one year of age .-- Legitimate children, 44 ; Illegitimate children, 5.

TABLE IVA,

Registrar General's List of Causes of Death at different periods of life in the County Borough of Tynemouth during 1934.

TOTAL LAUSES OF DEATH. All Ages 0-1-2-5-15-25-35-45-55-65-75-877 87 7 All Causes 14 23 74 12 16 21 42 57 74 ... 1 Typhoid and Paratyphoid Fever 1 ... ----... 2 1 9 Measles 9 2 Scarlet fever 4 Whooping cough 5 Diphtheria 3 1 1 1 6 Influenza 1 1 1 1 3 Encephalitis lethargica 1 1 ... Cerebro spinal fever 8 9 Tuberculosis of respiratory system ... 19 1 1 7 4 1 4 1 10 Other tuberculous diseases 8 1 2 4 1 11 Syphilis 2 8 • • • 1 12 General paralysis of the insane, tabes dorsalis 13 Cancer, malignant disease 43 12 14 1 18 2 1 14 Diabetes 8 2 1 5 • • • 15 Cerebral hæmorrhage, &c. :9 4 ... 9 9 16 Heart disease ... 63 2 3 1 8 9 19 21 17 Aneurysm 18 Other circulatory diseases 11 2 8 5 2 19 Bronchitis 4 25 1 7 11 20 Pneumonia (all forms) 3 2 22 5 4 1 1 1 2 1 2 21 Other respiratory diseases 2 1 1 ----2 2 22 Peptic ulcer 23 Diarrhœa, etc \overline{b} 1 1 1 1 1 8 24 Appendicitis 1 1 1 1 25 Cirrhosis of liver 1 2 26 Other diseases of liver, etc. 4 1 1 27 Other digestive diseases ... 6 1 3 1 1 28 Acute and chronic nephritis 10 2 1 1 2 4 29 Puerperal sepsis 1 2 2 30 Other puerperal causes ... 5 31 Congenital debility, premature birth, malformation, etc. 14 14 32 Senility 20 16 4 33 Suicide 2 34 Other deaths from violence 7 1 1 1 1 4 ... 2 7 8 2 35 Other defined diseases 44 1 7 2 4 11

FEMALES.

Deaths under one year of age :- Legitimate children, 35; Illegitimate children, 2.

...

...

...

...

1

1

....

...

...

...

 $\mathbf{2}$

...

36 Causes ill-defined or

. . .

unknown

TABLE V.

PRESTON HOSPITAL.

Statistics relating to the Period from the 1st January to the 31st December, 1934.

IN-PATIENTS.

From Tynemouth County Borough and Northumberland County Council.

			County Borough.	County Council.
1. Total Number of Admissions			1131	674
2. Number of women confined in hosp	ital		40	35
3. Number of live births			37	33 .
 Number of still births Number of deaths among newly-box 			3	2
(i.e., under four weeks of age)			3	1
6. Total number of deaths among ch		nder		
one year			26	3
7. Number of Maternal deaths				-
8. Total number of deaths			224	189
9. Number of patients discharged			934	493
 Average duration of stay of patient 8 and 9 above : 	s include	d in		
(a) Four weeks or less			570	316
(b) Exceeding four weeks but u	inder this	teen		
weeks			408	233
(c) Exceeding thirteen weeks			180	133
11. Number of beds occupied :				
 (a) average during the period (b) highest 409 on 24/1/34 (c) loggest 240 on 14/0/24 			33	77
(c) lowest 340 on $14/9/34$	nder ger	oral		
2. Number of surgical operations un anaesthetic (excluding dental op	erations)		17	16
13. Number of abdominal sections			3	7

TABLE VA.

PRESTON HOSPITAL.

Table showing the classification of the accommodation for SICK, MATERNITY, and MENTAL CASES, and the Number of Beds occupied on the 31st December, 1934.

$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$						enad				
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Classification of Wards.	Number of Wards.	IW	EN.	0 M	MEN.	CHIL (under of a	DREN 16 years ge).	Ť	Total.
$ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \dots & \dots & \\ 1 & \dots & \dots & \dots & \\ 1 & \dots & \dots & \dots & \\ 1 & \dots & \dots & \dots & \\ 1 & \dots & \dots & \dots & \\ 1 & \dots & \dots & \dots & \\ 1 & \dots & \dots & \dots & \\ 1 & \dots & \dots & \dots & \\ 1 & \dots & \dots & \dots & \\ 1 & \dots & \dots & \\ 1 & \dots & \dots & \dots & \\ 1 & \dots & \dots & \dots & \\ 1 & \dots & \dots & \dots & \\ 1 & \dots & \dots & \dots & \\ 1 & \dots & \dots & \dots & \\ 1 & \dots & \dots & \dots & \\ 1 & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \\ 1 & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \\ 1 & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \\ 1 & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \\ 1 & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \\ 1 & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \\ 1 & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \\ 1 & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \\ 1 & \dots &$	(1)	(3)	Pro- vided. (3)	Occu- pied. (4)	Pro- vided (5)	Occu- pied. (6)	Pro- vided. (7)	Occu- pied. (8)	Pro- vided. (9)	Occu- pied. (10)
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			84			1000000	20		235	89 60. 94 60.
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	sick		58						86	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	(IN 1-2)		.9		:4		: :		:2	2
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			40		26		32		16	47 8
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	y		::		12		::		12.	- C1
) Long stay	acy Act, 1890. Short stay		5		61		:	:	4	:
Voluntary .	(ii) Long stay Mental Treatment Act, 198		:		:		:		:	:
1 emporary 1 2 1 2 1 2 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>:</td> <td></td>					:				:	
TOTAL 24 190 72 63 153 52 68 95 74 24	defectives		::		::		: :		: :	
24 190 72 63 153 52 68 95 74 24			:		:				:	
			190		-	1000	99		438	198 155

TABLE VB.

PRESTON HOSPITAL.

Classification of In-Patients from Tynemouth County Borough and Northumberland County Council, who were discharged from, or who died, in the Institution during the Period 1st January to 31st December, 1934.

Disease Groups.		n under of age).	Men and	Women.
	C.B.	C.C.	C.B.	C.C.
A. Acute infectious disease	22	6	6	4
B Influenza			5	1
C. Tuberculosis-Pulmonary		9	40	50
Non-pulmonary	15	5	5	7
D. Malignant disease			48	28
E. Rheumatism-				
(1) Acute rheumatism (rheumatic			1 al	
fever) together with sub-acute				
rheumatism and chorea	6	4	12	2
(2) Non-articular manifestations of				
so-called "Rheumatism" (mus-			1.5	
cular rheumatism, fibrositis,			1.1.1.1	
lumbago and sciatica)		1	9	8
(3) Chronic arthritis			4	5
F, Venereal disease	9	3	29	10
G. Puerperal pyrexia				
H. Puerperal fever				2
I. Other diseases and accidents con-				
nected with child bearing			3	
J. Mental diseases	2	3	78	68
K. Senile decay			16	19
L. Violence	7	2	30	15
In respect of cases not included above- M. Disease of the Nervous System and				
Sense Organs		6	85	78
N. Disease of the Respiratory System		17	80	34
O. Circulatory System		4	89	85
P. Digestive System		6	56	41
Q. Genito-urinary System	12	1	46	35
R. Skin		10	35	10
S. Other diseases	53	9	63	33
т f Mothers	1	1	54	32
¹ (Infants		28		
U. Others	7		1	
Totals	364	115	794	567

TABLE Vc.

Number of Beds available for the Treatment of Tuberculosis, on the 31st December, 1934, in Poor Law Institutions belonging to the Council.

Name of Institution.	For Puln Non-Pulm	nonary and onary Cases.	Total.		
Name of Institution.	Adults,	Children under 15.	Total.		
Preston Hospital	66	25	91		

TABLE VD. Tuberculosis,

Return showing the Extent of Residential Treatment provided during the year in Preston Hospital for persons chargeable to the Tynemouth Council and to Northumberland County Council.

			million	_						
	Died in the In Institutions Institution. 31st, 1934.	County 6	10	23	3	3	5	11	34	81
	In In on D 31s	Boro. 13	9 8	27	8	1	14	20	47	
uncu.	Died in the Institution.	County Boro. 11 13	G 69	23	1	2	1	3	26	48
any co	Died	Boro. 9	4 4	17	-	۱	4	5	22	
	Discharged during the year.	County Boro.	25 6	36	4	1	4	9	45	95
Inmo	Disc duri y	Boro.	8 8	35	e	1	11	15	50	
	Admitted during the year.	County Boro. 16 9	32	60	5	3	3	80	68	146
and a	Adr duri ye	Boro.	20 15	22	4	1	17	21	78	
A Jacuardia Council and to Moltinumberiand Council.	Institutions January 1st 1934	County Boro.	4	22	5	60	7	15	37	78
	In Ins on Jar	Boro.	ос ис	22	9	1	12	19	41	
		Males	Adult Females Children	Total	Adult Males	Adult Females	Children	Total	TOTALS	GRAND TOTALS
2.000 G.mma		mber of patients Adult fering from pul-	d for treatment.		of nationts	- E	admitted for treatment. Children		Casse of	
		, bo	monary t admitted for		Number of	suffering	admitted for			

TABLE VI.

Cases of Infectious Disease notified during the Year 1934.

	-18U1	Wolsingham Sa (sb9d 2)	1:1:1:1:1:1:00	60
Ped	'18U	Stannington Sal		1
Hospitals & SANATORIA where cases were treated	.101	Barrasford Sans (2 Beds)	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 00 1	66
SAN	u, 10	Stanbope Sanat (6 Beds)		11
ALS &	nà	Jubilee Infirms	³⁴	5
Hospitals & where cases v	IB	Preston Hospit (Wal Toor Law)	13 59 6	82
Ho wh		Ealkwell Hospit (20 Beda)	11111111111111	;
		Woor Park Hos	447 47 233 233 233 233 233 233 233 233 233 23	819
HIIV	HR.	TOTAL CASES I POLICIAN TO HOSPI UNDER PUELIC	1106 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	490
	6	Trinity.	6 9 1133	67
IED	20	Rudyerd.	- 0	39 68
NOTIFIED /ARD.	-	Preston.		100
	9	Percy.	- :	69
H V	5	Milbourn.	1 10 11 14 13 18 19	47
ACIA	4	Linskill.	······································	92
NE	3	Поскигау.	1 14400-00 1-0 00	122
TOTAL CASES IN EACH V	61	Collingwood.	1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	163
	-	Central.		65
		of and by and by and	1 1 1 1 10 10 1 10	11
FIED	8.	59 of Sp	:::::=::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	39
Noti	Years	st or sz	100 140 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	93
ASES NOTIFIED.	ges-	52 of S1	0103 : 1014 00 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	84
0	At Ag	\$1 01 S	21 12 22 252 21 133 255 355 11 11 22 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 1	373
BER (V	s of 1	12 5 10 5 88 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	126
NUMBER OF		Under 1	11180 1010 1111	32
		At all Ages.	100 100 <td> 764</td>	764
		, Notifiable Disease.	Acute Poliomyelitis Enteric fever Puerperal fever Ophthalmia neonatorum Scarlet fever Erysipelas Pneumonia Influenzal pneumonia Cerebro spinal fever Puerperal pyrexia Puenonary tuberculosis Non-Pulmonary tuberculosis	Totals

TABLE VIA.

	-	-													Cases		1-
DISFASE	,					Tor.	AL C.	TOTAL CASES NOTIFIED	NoT	TELED					Admitted to Inf.	Total	
	-	under	1	1	3	+	5-	10	15-	20-	35-	45-	65 & 0Ver	Total	Diseases Hospital.	Deaths.	
Smallpox	1	:	:	1	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	_
Scarlet Fever	:	61	1	23	31	25	190	89	10	18	61	1	:	398	295	9	_
Diphtheria	:	:	00	00	00	4	21	14	00	2	\$3	:	:	58	47	9	
Enteric Fever	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1	61	:	-	:	:	4	4	‡ 1	
Puerperal Fever	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	63	1		:	00	* 2		_
Puerperal Pyrexia	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	00	80	1	:	:	12	×		-
Pneumonia	:	01	0	-	:	4	12	4	9	14	80	11	1	74	1	58	-
Iufluenzal Pneumonia	:	:	:	-	:	:	1	-	:	4	-	:	61	10	:	15	_
Other Diseases Generally Notifiable— Ophthalmia Neonatorum Erysipelas Cerebro Spinal Fever Acute Polionyelitis	1111	8 ei i i	:-::	1111		:-::	::	1411	: °° ; –	1.0 i.	:	10 I I	:º : :	26 1 2 2	* *	101 1 1	
Totals	:	32	16	28	34	34	226	118	28	61	24	21	15	682	367	88	
	• ++	Admitted to other than Infectious Diseases Hospital. Inward transfer	tran	other	that	a Inf	ectio	us D	iscase	B Ho	spita						4

LIST OF VOLUNTARY ORGANISATIONS in the County Borough of Tynemouth.

- Tynemouth Council of Social Service, Y.M.C.A., Bedford Street, North Shields.
- Tynemouth Victoria Jubilee Infirmary, Hawkey's Lane, North Shields.
- North Shields and Tynemouth Dispensary, Church Street, North Shields.

Borough of Tynemouth County Nursing Association.

Borough of Tynemouth Ladies' Benevolent Dorcas and Nursing Society, 1, Upper Norfolk Street, North Shields.

Tynemouth Blind Welfare Society, Howard Street, North Shields.

Maternity and Child Welfare, V.E.M. Committee Health Department, North Shields.

Mothers and Babies Guild, Health Department, North Shields.

Rescue and Preventive Association, 78, Tyne Street, North Shields.

Police Court Mission, North Shields.

Borough of Tynemouth Indigent Sick Society.

- Borough of Tynemouth Invalids' Kitchen, East Stephenson Street, North Shields.
- The Convalescent Society for Northumberland and Durham, Prudhoe Convalescent Home, Whitley Bay.
- Borough of Tynemouth Holiday Agency-Leslie Home Seaton Sluice.

St. Oswald's Home for Girls, Cullercoats.

St. Aidan's Home for Boys, Tynemouth.

Invalid Children's Aid Association, County Borough of Tynemouth.

National Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, 7, Belle Vue Terrace, North Shields.

Borough of Tynemouth Poor Children's Boot and Shoe Fund.

United Services Club, 10, Lovaine Place, North Shields.

Y.M.C.A., Bedford Street, North Shields.

Toc. H., North Shields Group, Fishermen's Institute, Fish Quay, North Shields.

Juvenile Organisations Council, 6, Church Street, North Shields.

British Legion, 6, Stephenson Street, North Shields.

St. John Ambulance Brigade, Preston Road, North Shields.

North Shields Town Mission, Rudyerd Street, North Shields.

- North Shields Adult School, 14, Stephenson Street, North Shields.
- Royal Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, 14, Denham Street, Jesmond, Newcastle-upon-Tyne.
- Tyne Mariners Benevolent Institution, 78, Howard Street, North Shields.
- Royal National Mission to Deep Sea Fishermen, Union Quay, North Shields.

Mayoress' Committee, Town Hall, North Shields.

Shipwrecked Fishermen and Mariners' Royal Benevolent Society, 78, Howard Street, North Shields.

Tynemouth Volunteer Life Brigade, Brigade House, Tynemouth.

Tynemouth Infirmary Gentlemen's Sports Committee.

Tynemouth Infirmary Ladies' Sports Committee.

Tuberculosis After-Care Committee, Town Hall, North Shields.

North Shields Rotary Club.

Meteorology

SUMMARY OF RECORDS OF TEMPERATURE, RAINFALL, AND OF WEATHER OBSERVATIONS, YEAR 1934.

TYNEMOUTH.-(Extracted from the Summary of the Meteorological Office.)

Temperature	Air Temp. in Degrees Fahrenheit.	grees Fa	hrenheit.	Ab	Absolute Maximum & Minimum with dates. Day temp.	Minimum with dat	es. Day	temp.
	Ma		Means of A. & B.		16/6/34.		25/1/34.	/34.
	A. 45. 45.	в. 45.5°F.	49.4°F.		80°F.		34°F.	(*)
Rainfall.	Total Fall in Inches.	in Inch	es.		Most in a c	Most in a day, 30/10/34.		1
	28	28.79			39 m.m.	1.m.		-
Weather			Nu	Number of Days.	f Days.			
	Precipitation.	Snow.	Snow Lying.	Hail.	Hail. Thunderstorms. Fog. Ground Frost, Gale.	Fog. Ground F	rost.	Gale.
	183	00	0	2	9	13 30		1



